

TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1971 WASHINGTON, D.C.

Volume 36 Number 101

Pages 9387-9488



9444

9423

9446

HIGHLIGHTS OF THIS ISSUE

This listing does not affect the legal status of any document published in this issue. Detailed table of contents appears inside.

BREEDING CATTLE—USDA regulations governing financing of commercial export sales (3 documents) 9437–9442

BRUCELLOSIS—USDA designation of modified certified brucellosis areas; effective 5-25-71 9442

FOOD LABELING—FDA regulation concerning misleading representation regarding origin of food or ingredient

NEW ANIMAL DRUGS—FDA notices of approval and withdrawals of approval of applications (4 documents) 9476, 9477

INCOME TAX—IRS amendments to individual rates and related provisions 9393

ARMY ACCOUNTS—Army Dept. policies and principles governing nonappropriated fund system

ANTIBIOTIC SUSCEPTIBILITY DISCS—FDA extension of comment time to 6–9–71 on proposed amendments

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS—DOT proposed amendments to shipper requirements for transportation of hazardous materials in aircraft; comments by 8-31-71 (2 documents).

(Continued inside)

Latest Edition

Guide to Record Retention Requirements

[Revised as of January 1, 1971]

This useful reference tool is designed to keep businessmen and the general public informed concerning the many published requirements in Federal laws and regulations relating to record retention.

The 90-page "Guide" contains over 1,000 digests which tell the user (1) what type records must be kept, (2) who must keep them, and (3) how long

they must be kept. Each digest carries a reference to the full text of the basic law or regulation providing for such retention.

The booklet's index, numbering over 2,200 items, lists for ready reference the categories of persons, companies, and products affected by Federal record retention requirements.

Price: \$1.00

Compiled by Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration

Order from Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, D.C. 20402



Published daily, Tuesday through Saturday (no publication on Sundays, Mondays, or on the day after an official Federal holiday), by the Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration, Washington, D.C. 2040s, pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 ander regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register, ap-

(49 Stat. 500, as amended; 44 U.S.C., Ch. 15), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register, approved by the President (1 CFR Ch. I). Distribution is made only by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

The Federal Register will be furnished by mail to subscribers, free of postage, for \$2.50 per month or \$25 per year, payable in advance. The charge for individual copies is 20 cents for each issue, or 20 cents for each group of pages as actually bound. Remit check or money order, made payable to the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

The regulatory material appearing herein is keyed to the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published, under 50 titles, pursuant to section 11 of the Federal Register Act, as amended (44 U.S.C. 1510). The Code of Federal Regulations is sold by the Superintendent of Documents. Prices of new books are listed in the first Federal Register issue of each month.

There are no restrictions on the republication of material appearing in the Federal Register or the Code of Federal Regulations.

HIGHLIGHTS—Continued

BARIUM 133—AEC proposal to add be to schedule of exempt quantities and general license	garding proptime; prehear 6–28–71 AIR PASSENG ing conference from 10–1–6 7–29–71 RADIATION Pance for Fed	HEESE—FDA notice of hearing re- osal to reduce minimum curing ing conference 6–21–71, hearing 947 ER FARES—CAB notice of prehear- ce on domestic fares for period 9 through 10–14–70; conference 947 ROTECTION—EPA notice of guid- eral agencies regarding uranium 948	79
AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE Rules and Regulations Brucellosis; modified certified area 9442 Overtime services relating to imports and exports; commuted travel time allowances 9437 AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT See also Agricultural Research Service; Commodity Credit Corporation. Notices Hiawatha National Forest; transfer of certain lands 9478 ARMY DEPARTMENT	China Airlines Passenger fares charged by domestic trunkline and local service carriers Priority and nonpriority domestic service mail rates investigation CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION Rules and Regulations Excepted service; Export-Import Bank of the United	Proposed Rule Making Barnegat Bay, N.J.; drawbridge operation	75
Rules and Regulations Nonappropriated funds and related activities 9423 ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION Proposed Rule Making Licensing of byproduct material; exempt quantity of barium 133 9468 Notices Mitsubishi International Corp.; application for and proposed issuance of facility export license 9478 Wisconsin Electric Power Co. and Wisconsin Michigan Power Co.; availability of detailed statement on environmental considerations 9478	Political activity of State or local officers or employees; authority; correction	9393 Rules and Regulations Air and water pollution control; discontinuance of regulations	80

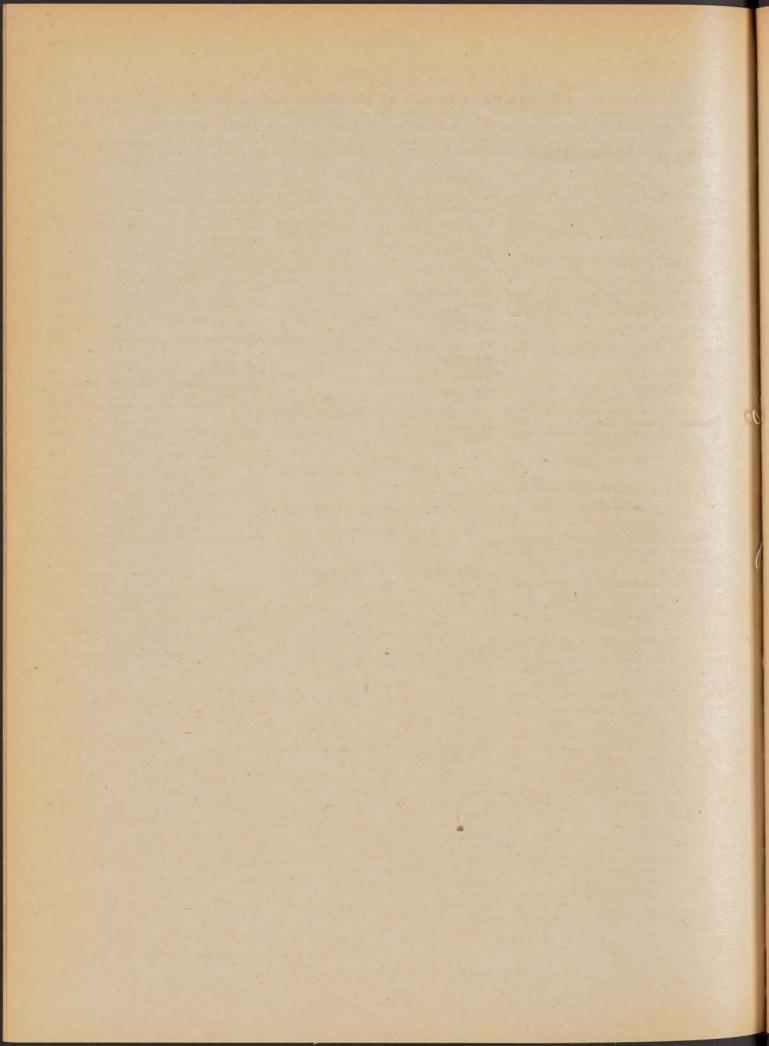
Notices		Proposed Rule Making		LABOR DEPARTMENT	
Radiation protection guidance for		Antibiotic susceptibility discs;	0440	See also Labor Standards Bureau.	
Federal agencies; underground mining of uranium ore	9480	extension of time	9446	Notices	
mining of dramam ore	3100	Notices -		Idaho; availability of extended	
FEDERAL AVIATION		Absorbable dusting powder; drugs		unemployment compensation	9483
ADMINISTRATION		for human use; drug efficacy		Maine Shoe Corp. and Kramer	
		study implementation	9475	Shoe Co., Inc.; certification of eligibility of workers to apply	
Rules and Regulations	0111	Parmesan cheese (reggiano		for adjustment assistance	9483
Control zone; alteration Transition areas:	9444	cheese) identity standard; hear- ing	9477		-
Alterations (3 documents) _ 9443,	9444	Withdrawal of approval of new	0211	LABOR STANDARDS BUREA	U
Designations (3 documents) _9443,		animal drug applications:		Rules and Regulations	
Proposed Rule Making		Dr. Mayfield Laboratories et al.		Safety and health regulations for	
Control zones and transition		(2 documents)	9476	construction; correction	9423
areas; alterations (2 docu-		E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co.,	0.455	NIATIONIAL BARK CERVICE	
ments) 9447,	, 9448	Paul's Products Co. et al	9477	NATIONAL PARK SERVICE	
Transition areas; alterations (2	0449	Paul's Products Co. et al	9411	Proposed Rule Making	
documents) 9447, Transportation of hazardous ma-	, 3110	HAZARDOUS MATERIALS		Grand Teton National Park, Wyo.;	
terials; classification and label-		REGULATIONS BOARD		fishing, stock trailing, winter touring, etc.	9446
ing	9448			Notices	0110
FEDERAL POWER COMMISS	ION	Proposed Rule Making			
		Transportation of hazardous ma-		Everglades National Park; inten- tion to negotiate concession con-	
Notices		terials; classification and label-	ranous ar	tract	9475
National Gas Survey Executive Advisory Committee and Tech-		ing	9449		
nical Advisory Committees; des-		HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND		PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE	
ignation of additional members;	Service Co.	WELFARE DEPARTMENT		Notices	
correction	9470			Health Services and Mental	
Hearings, etc.: Austral Oil Co., Inc., et al	9470	See Food and Drug Administra-		Health Administration; delega-	
Central Telephone & Utilities		tion; Public Health Service.		tions of authority regarding implementation of Emergency	
Corp	9470	INTERIOR DEPARTMENT		Health Personnel Act	
Great Lakes Gas Transmission	9471				
Co Illinois Municipal Utilities Asso-	3411	See National Park Service.		SMALL BUSINESS	
ciation et al	9472	INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE	F	ADMINISTRATION	
Northern Natural Gas Co	9474		- 500	Notices	
Schimmel Oil Co. et al United Gas Pipe Line Co	9473 9474	Rules and Regulations	10000	Manager, Disaster Branch Office,	
	DITT	Income tax; revision of rates	9393	Shawnee, Okla.; delegation of	
FOOD AND DRUG		INTERCEMENT COMMERCE		authority	9482
ADMINISTRATION		INTERSTATE COMMERCE		TRANSPORTATION DEPARTA	AFNIT
Rules and Regulations		COMMISSION			Thirt
Labeling of food; misleading rep-		Notices		See Coast Guard; Federal Aviation Administration; Hazardous	
resentation regarding origin of		Motor carriers:		Materials Regulations Board.	
food or ingredient	9444	Temporary authority applica-			
New animal drugs for implanta- tion or injection; gelatin solu-		tions	9483	TREASURY DEPARTMENT	
tion tion	9445	Transfer proceedings	9485	See Internal Revenue Service.	

List of CFR Parts Affected

The following numerical guide is a list of the parts of each title of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in today's issue. A cumulative list of parts affected, covering the current month to date, appears following the Notices section of each issue beginning with the second issue of the month.

A cumulative guide is published separately at the end of each month. The guide lists the parts and sections affected by documents published since January 1, 1971, and specifies how they are affected.

5 CFR		14 CFR		33 CFR	181
151	9393	71 (7 documents) 9443,	9444	PROPOSED RULES:	
213	9393	PROPOSED RULES:		117	9447
550	9393	71 (4 documents) 9447,			
PROPOSED RULES:		103	9448	36 CFR	
900	9469	21 CFR		PROPOSED RULES:	
		1	9444		
7 CFR		135b	9445	7	9446
354	9437	PROPOSED RULES:		AE CED	
1488 (3 documents) 9437-	-9442	147	9446	45 CFR	
		26 CFR		PROPOSED RULES:	
9 CFR		1	9393	1201	9469
78	9442				
10 000		29 CFR		49 CFR	
10 CFR		1518	9423	PROPOSED RULES:	
Proposed Rules:		32 CFR		THE STATE OF THE S	0440
20	9468	242	9423	171	
30	9468	243	9423	172	9449
31	9468	538	9423	173	9449



Rules and Regulations

Title 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter I—Civil Service Commission
PART 151—POLITICAL ACTIVITY OF
STATE OR LOCAL OFFICERS OR
EMPLOYEES

Authority Citation; Correction

In the Federal Register of April 21, 1971 (F.R. Doc. 71-5489), the authority statements of Part 151 and Part 733 were amended, but the correction in this issue should have applied only to Part 733. The authority for Part 151 should not have been corrected and should read as follows:

AUTHORITY: The provisions of this Part 151 issued under 5 U.S.C. secs. 1302, 1501-1508.

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] JAMES C. SPRY,
Executive Assistant to
the Commissioners.

[FR Doc.71-7246 Filed 5-24-71;8:49 am]

PART 213-EXCEPTED SERVICE

Export-Import Bank of the United States

Section 213.3242 is amended to reflect the exception under Schedule B of an additional 14 positions of Loan Specialist when occupied by persons selected jointly by commercial banks and the agency for participation in the Eximbank-Commercial Bank Orientation Program. It is also amended to cover positions in grades GS-7, 9, and 14 as well as the GS-11 through 13 positions now covered. Appointments under this authority may not exceed 15 months.

Effective on publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5-25-71), paragraph (a) of § 213.3242 is amended as set out below.

§ 213.3242 Export-Import Bank of the United States.

(a) Not to exceed 24 positions of Loan Specialist GS-7 through 14 when occupied by persons selected jointly by commercial banks and the agency for participation in the Eximbank-Commercial Bank Orientation Program. Appointments under this authority may not exceed 15 months.

(5 U.S.C. 3301, 3302, E.O. 10577; 3 CFR 1954-58 Comp., p. 218)

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERV-ICE COMMISSION [SEAL] JAMES C. SPRY, Fronting Assistant to

Executive Assistant to the Commissioners.

[FR Doc.71-7245 Filed 5-24-71;8:48 am]

PART 550—PAY ADMINISTRATION (GENERAL)

Part-Time Employment of Certain Bartenders

Section 550.505 is amended to except part-time bartenders at the Tooele Army Depot, Tooele, Utah, from the dual-compensation limitation of 5 U.S.C. 5533(a).

Effective on publication in the Federal Register (5-25-71), paragraph (v) is added to \$550.505 as set out below:

§ 550.505 Specific exceptions.

When appropriate authority in the department or agency concerned, or in the government of the District of Columbia, determines that personal services otherwise cannot be readily obtained, section 5533(a) of title 5, United States Code, does not apply to:

(v) Pay for part-time employment of bartenders at the Tooele Army Depot, Tooele, Utah.

(5 U.S.C. sec. 5533)

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] JAMES C. SPRY,
Executive Assistant to
Commissioners.

[FR Doc.71-7247 Filed 5-24-71;8:49 am]

Title 26—INTERNAL REVENUE

Chapter I—Internal Revenue Service, Department of the Treasury

SUBCHAPTER A—INCOME TAX
[T.D. 7117]

PART 1—INCOME TAX; TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1953

Revision of Rates

On January 5, 1971, notice of proposed rule making with respect to the amendments of the Income Tax Regulations (26 CFR Part 1) to conform the regulations to changes made by section 111 of the Revenue Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 19) and to section 803 (a)—(d) of the Tax Reform Act of 1969 (83 Stat. 487) was published in the Federal Register (36 F.R. 70). After consideration of all such relevant matter as was presented by interested persons regarding the rules proposed, the amendments of the regulations as proposed are hereby adopted, subject to the changes set forth below:

Paragraph 1. In § 1.3, as set forth in paragraph 8 of the notice of proposed rule making, the following changes are made in the tables thereunder:

- 1. In Table I—Returns Claiming 1 Exemption, the rates for incomes of "at least \$8,100 but less than \$8,150" should appear only once.
- 2. In Table II—Returns Claiming 2 Exemptions:
- a. In the rates for incomes of "at least \$4,250 but less than 4,300", the entry in the third column now reading "425" should read "424".
- b. In the rates for incomes of "at least \$6,100 but less than 6,150", the entry in the last column should read "773".
- 3. In Table III—Returns Claiming 3 Exemptions:
- a. In the rates for incomes of "at least \$2,350 but less than 2,375", the entry in the last column should read "35".
- b. The second set of entries for incomes of "at least \$2,950" should be deleted.
- c. In the rates for incomes of "at least \$7,400 but less than 7,450", the entry in the last column now reading "821" should read "921".
- 4. In Table IV—Returns Claiming 4 Exemptions:
- a. In the rates for incomes of "at least \$5,400", the entry in the second column now reading "4,450" should read "5,450".
- b. In the rates for incomes of "at least \$6,100", the entry in the second column now reading "5,150" should read "6,150".
- c. In the rates for incomes of "at least \$6,750 but less than 6,800", the entry in the sixth column now reading "547" should read "647".
- 5. In Table V—Returns Claiming 5 Exemptions, in the rates for incomes of "at least \$9,350 but less than 9,400", the entry in the last column should read "1,075".
- 6. In Table VI—Returns Claiming 6 Exemptions, in the rates for incomes of "at least \$7,050 but less than 7,100", the entry in the last column now reading "567" should read "467".
- 7. In Table VIII—Returns Claiming 8 Exemptions, in the rates for incomes of "at least \$9,200 but less than 9,250", the entry in the fifth column now reading "588" should read "488".
- 8. In Table XI—Returns Claiming 11 Exemptions, in the rates for incomes of "at least \$9,800 but less than 9,850", the entry in the last column now reading "296" should read "396".
- 9. In Table XVIII—Returns Claiming 3 Exemptions, in the rates for incomes of "at least \$6,800 but less than 6,850", the entry in the sixth column now reading "759" should read "795".
- 10. In Table XXIII—Returns Claiming 8 Exemptions, following the set of entries for incomes of "at least \$8,500 but less than 8,450", the next set of entries should be designated "at least \$8,450 but less than 8,500".

\$135,840, plus 77% of excess over \$200,000.

\$59,340, plus 76.5% of excess over \$100,000.

The tax is:

11. In Table XXVIII—Returns Claiming 13 Exemptions: a. In the rates for incomes of "at least the last column now reading "22" should \$9,350 but less than 9,400", the entry in

b. In the rates for incomes of "at least \$9,400 but less than 9,450", the entry in the last column now reading "35" should read "32",

graph 9 of the notice of proposed rule making, the following changes are made: 1. In Example (1) of subdivision (2) of PAR. 2. In § 1.3-1, as set forth in para-

paragraph (a), the date "1954" should read "1970".

regulations thereunder, with respect to sentence of paragraph (b) should read: "See section 2, and the the qualifications of a taxpayer as surviving spouse." 2

3. In subdivision (5) of paragraph (c), under" are inserted after the words the words "or the regulations there-"section 3".

of 1954 Sec. 7805, Internal Revenue Code 68A Stat. 917; 26 U.S.C. 7805))

Commissioner of Internal Revenue. RANDOLPH W. THROWER, Approved: May 17, 1971. [SEAL]

of the Treasury. § 1.1 Statutory provisions; tax imposed.

Acting Assistant Secretary

JOHN S. NOLAN,

> than a head of a household to whom subsection (b) applies) a tax determined in accordance Section 1. Tax imposed—(a) Rates of tax on individuals—(1) Taxable years beginning in 1964. In the case of a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1964, and before January 1, 1965, there is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every individual (other with the following table:

If the taxable income is: Not over \$500_

The tax is:

16% of the taxable income.	\$80, plus 16.5% of excess over \$500.	\$152.50, plus 17.5% of excess over \$1,000. \$250, plus 18% of excess over \$1,500.	\$340, plus 20% of excess over \$2,000.	\$740, plus 23.5% of excess over \$4,000.	\$1,210, plus 27% of excess over \$6,000.	\$1,750, plus 30.5% of excess over \$8,000.	\$2,360, plus 34% of excess over \$10,000.	\$3,040, plus 37.5% of excess over \$12,000.	\$3,790, plus 41% of excess over \$14,000.	\$4,610, plus 44.5% of excess over \$16,000.	plus 47.5%	\$6,450, plus 50.5% of excess over \$20,000.	\$7,460, plus 53.5% of excess over \$22,000.	\$9,600, plus 56% of excess over \$26,000.	\$12,960, plus 58.5% of excess over \$32,000.	\$16,470, plus 61% of excess over \$38,000.	\$20,130, plus 63.5% of excess over \$44,000.	\$23,940, plus 66% of excess over \$50,000.	\$30,540, plus 68.5% of excess over \$60,000.	\$37,390, plus 71% of excess over \$70,000.	\$44,490, plus 73.5% of excess over \$80,000.	\$51,840, plus 75% of excess over \$90,000.
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1												1111111111							1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

Over \$18,000 but not over \$20,000_ Over \$16,000 but not over \$18,000. Over \$20,000 but not over \$22,000_ Over \$22,000 but not over \$26,000_ Over \$32,000 but not over \$38,000_ Over \$44,000 but not over \$50,000_ Over \$60,000 but not over \$70,000. Over \$70,000 but not over \$80,000_

Over \$26,000 but not over \$32,000. Over \$38,000 but not over \$44,000

Over \$10,000 but not over \$12,000. Over \$12,000 but not over \$14,000. Over \$14,000 but not over \$16,000.

Over \$8,000 but not over \$10,000.

Over \$2,000 but not over \$4,000_ Over \$4,000 but not over \$6,000_ Over \$6,000 but not over \$8,000_

\$1,000 but not over \$1,500_ Over \$1,500 but not over \$2,000_ Over \$500 but not over \$1,000.

Over \$90,000 but not over \$100,000.

	1	
	- 1	
	- 3	
	- 8	-
	- 1	
	1	-
	- 1	-
	. 1	
	1	
	- 1	
	-	
		-
	0	
	0	=
	0	
	_	
	0	
	0	
	CA	
	GA.	
		- 1
	24	- 43
	0	9
	5	- 9
	0	
	0	-
*	CL	
Q	0	-
•	2	-
3	- 124	
-1	100	
4	42	- 6
8	2	-
ζ.	0	-
2	-	-
-	0	9
-i	~	0
	\approx	0
-		-
5	0	2
5	~	9
3	=	0
9	-	66
3	55	
2	2.	
12	715	(E)
12	7	9
3	-	100
2	Over \$100,000 but not over \$200,000	Over \$200,000
It one cavable medille is	-	-
3		
3		
	-	

ning after December 31, 1964, there is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every Taxable years beginning after December 31, 1964. In the case of a taxable year beginindividual (other than a head of a household to whom subsection (b) applies) a tax determined in accordance with the following table:

The tax is:	- 14% of the taxable income.		- \$145, plus 16% of excess over \$1,000.	\$225, plus 17% of excess over \$1,500.	-	- \$690, plus 22% of excess over \$4,000.	\$1,130, plus 25% of excess over \$6,000.		\$2,190, plus 32% of excess over \$10,000.					\$6,070, plus 48% of excess over \$20,000.				\$15,510, plus 58% of excess over \$38,000.	\$18,990, plus	\$22,590, plus	\$28,790, plus	\$35,190, plus	\$41,790, plus	\$48,590, plus 69%	\$55,490, plus 70% of excess over \$100,000.
If the taxable income is:	Not over \$500	\$500 but not over \$1,000	Over \$1,000 but not over \$1,500	Over \$1,500 but not over \$2,000	Over \$2,000 but not over \$4,000	Over \$4,000 but not over \$6,000	Over \$6,000 but not over \$8,000	Over \$8,000 but not over \$10,000	Over \$10,000 but not over \$12,000	Over \$12,000 but not over \$14,000	Over \$14,000 but not over \$16,000	Over \$16,000 but not over \$18,000	Over \$18,000 but not over \$20,000	Over \$20,000 but not over \$22,000	Over \$22,000 but not over \$26,000	Over \$26,000 but not over \$32,000	Over \$32,000 but not over \$38,000	Over \$38,000 but not over \$44,000	Over \$44,000 but not over \$50,000	Over \$50,000 but not over \$60,000	Over \$60,000 but not over \$70,000	Over \$70,000 but not over \$80,000	Over \$80,000 but not over \$90,000	\$90,000 but not over	Over \$100,000

in 1964. In the case of a taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1965, and before January 1, 1965, there is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every individual who is the head of a household a tax determined in accordance with the following table: (b) Rates of tax on heads of households—(1) Rates of tax—(A) Taxable years beginning The tax is: If the taxable income is:

16% of the taxe	008160, plus 17.5%	008335, plus 19% o		00 \$1,155, plus 23 %		
Not over \$1,000	Over \$1,000 but not over \$2,000.	Over \$2,000 but not over \$4,000.	Over \$4,000 but not over \$6,000	Over \$6,000 but not over \$8,000.	Over \$8,000 but not over \$10,000	Over \$10,000 but not over \$12,000

of excess over \$1,000.

able income.

of excess over \$6,000. of excess over \$10,000.

of excess over \$8,000. of excess over \$4,000. f excess over \$2,000.

\$4,055, plus 37.5% of excess over \$16,000. plus 43.5% of excess over \$22,000. plus 45.5% of excess over \$24,000. \$5,585, plus 42.5% of excess over \$20,000. \$2,735, plus 32% of excess over \$12,000, \$3,375, plus 34% of excess over \$14,000. \$8,215, plus 47% of excess over \$26,000. \$4,805, plus 39% of excess over \$18,000. \$6,435, \$7,305, Over \$12,000 but not over \$14,000. Over \$14,000 but not over \$16,000. Over \$16,000 but not over \$18,000_ Over \$18,000 but not over \$20,000_ Over \$20,000 but not over \$22,000_ Over \$22,000 but not over \$24,000_ Over \$24,000 but not over \$26,000 Over \$26,000 but not over \$28,000_

If the taxable income is:	The tax is:	, SECTION 1. TAZ
Over \$28,000 but not over \$32,000	89,155, plus 48.5% of excess over \$28,000.	(a) MARRIED
Over \$32,000 but not over \$36,000	\$11,095, plus 51.5% of excess over \$32,000.	imposed on the
Over \$36,000 but not over \$38,000	\$13,155, plus 53% of excess over \$36,000.	(1) Every m
Over \$38,000 but not over \$40,000	\$14,215, plus 54% of excess over \$38,000.	jointly with his
Over \$40,000 but not over \$44,000	\$15,295, plus 56% of excess over \$40,000.	(2) Every sun
Over \$44,000 but not over \$50,000	\$17,535, plus 58.5% of excess over \$44,000.	A tax determine
Over \$50,000 but not over \$52,000	\$21,045, plus 59.5% of excess over \$50,000.	If the taxable
Over \$52,000 but not over \$60,000	*22,235, plus 61% of excess over \$52,000.	Not over \$10
Over \$60,000 but not over \$64,000	\$27,115, plus 62% of excess over \$60,000.	Over \$1 000 h
Over \$64,000 but not over \$70,000	\$29,595, plus 63.5% of excess over \$64,000.	Over \$2 000 h
Over \$70,000 but not over \$76,000	\$33,405, plus 65% of excess over \$70,000.	Over \$3 000 h
Over \$76,000 but not over \$80,000	\$37,305, plus 66% of excess over \$76,000.	Over \$4,000 b
Over \$80,000 but not over \$88,000	\$39,945, plus 67% of excess over \$80,000.	Over \$8,000 h
Over \$88,000 but not over \$90,000	*45,305, plus 69% of excess over \$88,000.	Over \$19,000
Over \$90,000 but not over \$100,000	\$46,685, plus 69.5% of excess over \$90,000.	Over \$16,000
Over \$100,000 but not over \$120,000	\$53,635, plus 71% of excess over \$100,000.	Over \$20,000
Over \$120,000 but not over \$140,000	\$67,835, plus 72.5% of excess over \$120,000.	Over \$24,000
Over \$140,000 but not over \$160,000	\$82,335, plus 74% of excess over \$140,000.	Over \$28,000
Over \$160,000 but not over \$180,000	\$97,135, plus 75% of excess over \$160,000.	Over \$32,000
Over \$180,000 but not over \$200,000	\$112,135, plus 75.5% of excess over \$180,000.	Over \$36,000
Over \$200.000	\$127.235, plus 77% of excess over \$200,000	Over 450,000

X IMPOSED.

INDIVIDUALS FILING JOINT RETURNS AND SURVIVING SPOUSES.—There is hereby a taxable income of—

(B) Taxable years beginning after December 31, 1964. In the case of a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1964, there is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every individual who is the head of a household a tax in accordance with the following table:

	_		_		_			_		_	-			4.77	4.6	11.7			-											100		111
The tax is: 14% of the taxable income.	\$140, plus 16% of excess over \$1,000.	\$300, plus 18% of excess over \$2,000.	\$660, plus 20% of excess over \$4,000.	blus	plus 25%	plus 27% of excess over	\$2,540, plus 31% of excess over \$12,000.	\$3,160, plus 32% of excess over \$14,000.	\$3,800, plus 35% of excess over \$16,000.		plus 40% of excess over	\$6,020, plus 41% of excess over \$22,000.	\$6,840, plus 43% of excess over \$24,000.	\$7,700, plus 45% of excess over \$26,000.	\$8,600, plus 46% of excess over \$28,000.	\$10,440, plus 48% of excess over \$32,000.	\$12,360, plus 50% of excess over \$36,000.	\$13,360, plus 52% of excess over \$38,000.	\$14,400, plus 53% of excess over \$40,000.	\$16,520, plus 55% of excess over \$44,000.	\$19,820, plus 56% of excess over \$50,000.	\$20,940, plus 58% of excess over \$52,000.	\$27,900, plus 59% of excess over \$64,000.	plus 61% of excess over	\$35,100, plus 62% of excess over \$76,000.	\$37,580, plus 63% of excess over \$80,000.	\$42,620, plus 64% of excess over \$88,000.	%99 snld	67% of excess over	\$76,900, plus 68% of excess over \$140,000.	\$90,500, plus 69% of excess over \$160,000.	\$104,300, plus 70% of excess over \$180,000.
If the taxable income is:	Over \$1,000 but not over \$2,000	\$2,000 but not over	\$4,000 but not over		\$8,000 but not over \$	but not over	Over \$12,000 but not over \$14,000	Over \$14,000 but not over \$16,000	Over \$16,000 but not over \$18,000	Over \$18,000 but not over \$20,000	but not over	Over \$22,000 but not over \$24,000	Over \$24,000 but not over \$26,000	\$26,000 but not over	Over \$28,000 but not over \$32,000	but not over	but not over	Over \$38,000 but not over \$40,000	but not over	Over \$44,000 but not over \$50,000	Over \$50,000 but not over \$52,000	\$52,000 but not over	Over \$64,000 but not over \$70,000	Over \$70,000 but not over \$76,000	Over \$76,000 but not over \$80,000	Over \$80,000 but not over \$88,000	Over \$88,000 but not over \$100,000		Over \$120,000 but not over \$140,000	Over \$140,000 but not over \$160,000		Over \$180,000

).	Imposed on the taxable income of—	
	(1) Every married individual (as defined in section 143) who makes a single return	ion 143) who makes a single return
	(2) Every surviving spouse (as defined in section 2(a)).	0).
	A tax determined in accordance with the following table	9:
0.	If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
		14% of the taxable income.
	- 1	\$140, plus 15% of excess over \$1,000.
7.		\$290, plus 16% of excess over \$2,000.
	-	\$450, plus 17% of excess over \$3,000.
	Over \$4,000 but not over \$8,000 \$620	\$620, plus 19% of excess over \$4,000.
		\$1,380, plus 22% of excess over \$8,000.
,	Over \$12,000 but not over \$16,000 \$2,26	\$2,260, plus 25% of excess over \$12,000.
		\$3,260, plus 28% of excess over \$16,000.
	Over \$20,000 but not over \$24,000 \$4,36	\$4,380, plus 32% of excess over \$20,000.
		\$5,660, plus 36% of excess over \$24,000.
	\$32,000	\$7,100, plus 39% of excess over \$28,000.
		\$8,660, plus 42% of excess over \$32,000.
	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	\$10,340, plus 45% of excess over \$36,000.
		\$12,140, plus 48% of excess over \$40,000.
4	Over \$44,000 but not over \$52,000	\$14,060, plus 50% of excess over \$44,000.
A	Over \$52,000 but not over \$64,000	\$18,060, plus 53% of excess over \$52,000.
	Over \$64,000 but not over \$76,000	\$24,420, plus 55% of excess over \$64,000.
	11111111111	\$31,020, plus 58% of excess over \$76,000.
7		,980, plus 60% of excess over \$88,000.
		\$45,180, plus 62% of excess over \$100,000.
	\$120,000 but not over \$140,000	\$57,580, plus 64% of excess over \$120,000.
		\$70,380, plus 66% of excess over \$140,000.
		\$83,580, plus 68% of excess over \$160,000.
*	Over \$180,000 but not over \$200,000 \$97,	\$97,180, plus 69% of excess over \$180,000.
		\$110.980, plus 70% of excess over \$200.000.

(b) Heads of Households.—There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every individual who is the head of a household (as defined in section 2(b)) a tax determined in accordance with the following table:

The tax is:		- \$300, plus 18% of excess over		\$1,040, plus 22% of excess over \$6,000		\$1,940, plus 25% of excess	\$2,440,	\$2,980,	\$3,540, plus 31%	\$4,160, plus 32%	\$4,800, plus 35%	\$5,500, plus 36%	\$6,220, plus 38%	\$6,980, plus 41%	\$7,800, plus			*12,240, plus 51% of excess over \$38,000	plus	*15,340, plus 55% of excess over \$44,000	\$18,640, plus 56% of excess over \$50,000	\$19,760, plus 58% of excess over \$52,000	\$26 720 nling 59% of excess over \$64 000
f the taxable income is: Not over \$1,000	Over \$1,000 but not over \$2,000	not over \$4,000	Over \$4,000 but not over \$6,000	Over \$6,000 but not over \$8,000	Over \$8,000 but not over \$10,000	over \$12,000	Over \$12,000 but not over \$14,000	\$14,000 but not over \$16,000	but not over \$18,000	but not over \$20,000	Over \$20,000 but not over \$22,000	\$22,000 but not over \$24,000	\$24,000 but not over \$26,000	\$26,000 but not over \$28,000	\$28,000 but not over \$32,000	\$32,000 but not over \$36,000	\$36,000 but not over \$38,000	Over \$38,000 but not over \$40,000	Over \$40,000 but not over \$44,000	Over \$44,000 but not over \$50,000	Over \$50,000 but not over \$52,000	Over \$52,000 but not over \$64,000	Over \$64.000 but not over \$70.000

[Sec. 1 as amended by sec. 111, Rev. Act 1964 (78 Stat. 19)]

-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	_
The tax is:	\$30,260, plus 61% of excess over \$70,000.	\$33,920, plus 62% of excess over \$76,000.	\$36,400, plus 63% of excess over \$80,000.	\$41,440, plus 64% of excess over \$88,000.	\$49,120, plus 66% of excess over \$100,000.	\$62,320, plus 67% of excess over \$120,000.	\$75,720, plus 68% of excess over \$140,000.	\$89,320, plus 69% of excess over \$160,000.	\$103,120, plus 70% of excess over \$180,000.
If the taxable income is:	Over \$70,000 but not over \$76,000	Over \$76,000 but not over \$80,000	Over \$80,000 but not over \$88,000	Over \$88,000 but not over \$100,000	Over \$100,000 but not over \$120,000	Over \$120,000 but not over \$140,000	Over \$140,000 but not over \$160,000	Over \$160,000 but not over \$180,000	Over \$180,000

(c) UNMARRIED INDIVIDUALS (OTHER THAN SURVINING SPOUSES AND HEADS OF HOUSEHOLDS).—
There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every individual (other than a surviving spouse as defined in section 2(a) or the head of a household as defined in section 2(b)) who is not a married individual (as defined in section 143) a tax determined in accordance with the following table:

\$53,090, plus 70% of excess over \$100,000 of excess over \$10,000 plus 29% of excess over \$12,000 of excess over \$14,000 of excess over \$16,000 \$4,510, plus 36% of excess over \$18,000. of excess over \$20,000. of excess over \$22,000. of excess over \$26,000. \$10,290, plus 50% of excess over \$32,000. \$13.290, plus 55% of excess over \$38,000, \$16,590, plus 60% of excess over \$44,000. \$20,190, plus 62% of excess over \$50,000. \$26,390, plus 64% of excess over \$60,000. \$32,790, plus 66% of excess over \$70,000. \$39,390, plus 68% of excess over \$80,000. \$46,190, plus 69% of excess over \$90,000. \$1,590, plus 25% of excess over \$8,000 \$1,110, plus 24% of excess over \$6,000 \$145, plus 16% of excess over \$1,000. \$225, plus 17% of excess over \$1,500. \$310, plus 19% of excess over \$2,000. \$690, plus 21% of excess over \$4,000 14% of the taxable income. \$70, plus 15% of excess over \$500. \$3,830, plus 34% \$2,090, plus 27% \$3,210, plus 31% \$5,230, plus 38% \$5,990, plus 40% \$7,590, plus 45% The tax is: \$2.630, Over \$90,000 but not over \$100,000. Over \$50,000 but not over \$60,000_ Over \$44,000 but not over \$50,000_ Over \$60,000 but not over \$70,000 Over \$70,000 but not over \$80,000. Over \$10.000 but not over \$12.000 Over \$12,000 but not over \$14,000. Over \$14,000 but not over \$16,000 Over \$16,000 but not over \$18,000. not over \$20,000. not over \$22,000. not over \$26,000. not over \$32,000. not over \$38,000 not over \$44,000. Over \$80,000 but not over \$90,000. Over \$4,000 but not over \$6,000__ Over \$8,000 but not over \$10,000 Over \$1,000 but not over \$1,500_ Over \$1,500 but not over \$2,000_ Over \$2,000 but not over \$4,000_ Over \$6,000 but not over \$8,000_ Over \$500 but not over \$1,000_ If the taxable income is: Over \$18,000 but \$20,000 but \$22,000 but \$26,000 but \$32,000 but Over \$38,000 but Not over \$500_ Over \$100,000_ Over 8 Over : Over 8 Over

(d) MARRIED INDIVIDUALS FILING SEPARATE RETURNS; ESTATES AND TRUSTS.—There is hereby imposed on the taxable income of every married individual (as defined in section 143) who does not make a single return jointly with his spouse under section 6013, and of every estate and trust taxable under this subsection, a tax determined in accordance with the following table:

The tax is: 14% of the taxable income.	\$70, plus 15% of excess over \$500. \$145, plus 16% of excess over \$1,000.	\$225, plus 17% of excess over \$1,500.		\$1,630, plus 28% of excess over \$8,000, \$2,190, plus 32% of excess over \$10,000	
If the taxable income is:	Over \$500 but not over \$1,000Over \$1,000 but not over \$1,500	Over \$1,500 but not over \$2,000Over \$2,000 but not over \$4,000	Over \$4,000 but not over \$6,000 Over \$6,000 but not over \$8,000	Over \$8,000 but not over \$10,000Over \$10,000 but not over \$12,000	Over \$12,000 but not over \$14,000Over \$14,000 but not over \$16,000

The tax is:	\$4,330, plus 42% of excess over \$16,000.	\$5,170, plus 45% of excess over \$18,000.	\$6,070, plus 48% of excess over \$20,000.	\$7,030, plus 50% of excess over \$22,000.	\$9,030, plus 53% of excess over \$26,000.	\$12,210, plus 55% of excess over \$32,000.	\$15,510, plus 58% of excess over \$38,000.	\$18,990, plus 60% of excess over \$44,000.	32% of excess	34% of excess over	\$35,190, plus 66% of excess over \$70,000.	38% of excess	\$48,590, plus 69% of excess over \$90,000.	\$55,490, plus 70% of excess over \$100,000.	1 700 000 000
If the taxable income is:	\$16,000 but not over	\$18,000 but	\$20,000 but	Over \$22,000 but not over \$26,000	Over \$26,000 but not over \$32,000	Over \$32,000 but not over \$38,000	Over \$38,000 but not over \$44,000	Over \$44,000 but not over \$50,000	Over \$50,000 but not over \$60,000	Over \$60,000 but not over \$70,000	Over \$70,000 but not over \$80,000	Over \$80,000 but not over \$90,000	Over \$90,000 but not over \$100,000	Over \$100,000	They take and about the same and the man and the same and

[Sec. 1 as amended by sec. 803(a), Tax Reform Act 1969 (83 Stat. 487)]

PAR. 2. Paragraph (a) of § 1.1-1 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1.1-1 Income tax on individuals.

(a) General rule. (1) Section 1 of the table for taxable years beginning on or Code imposes an income tax on every individual, resident or nonresident, other or section 877. For optional tax in the come of less than \$5,000 (less than \$10,000 1969) see section 3. The tax imposed is taxable income (determined by subtracting the allowable deductions from gross income). The tax is deterfor reference guides to the appropriate after January 1, 1964, and before January 1, 1965, taxable years beginning after December 31, 1964, and before January 1, 1971, and taxable years beginning after December 31, 1970. In certain cases credthan a nonresident alien individual subject to the tax imposed by section 871(a) case of taxpayers with adjusted gross infor taxable years beginning after Dec. 31. mined in accordance with the table contained in section 1. See subparagraph (2) its are allowed against the amount of the tax. See part IV (section 31 and following), subchapter A, chapter 1 of the Code noan

In general, the tax is payable upon the basis of returns rendered by persons iable therefor (subchapter A (sections 6001 and following), chapter 61 of the of an additional tax for the calender years 1968, 1969, and 1970, see section Code) or at the source of the income by withholding. For the computation of tax in the case of a joint return of a husband and wife, or a return of a surviving spouse, for taxable years beginning becomputation of tax in such a case for ber 31, 1970, is determined in accordance uals, see section 5(a). For the imposition taxable years beginning after Decemas amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969. For other rates of tax on individwith the table contained in section 1(a) fore January 1, 1971, see section 2. 51(a).

after January 1, 1964, the tax imposed upon a single individual, a head of a household, a married individual filing a separate return, and estates and trusts is the tax imposed by section 1 determined in accordance with the appropriate table contained in the following subsection of section 1:

	Taxable years beginning in 1964	Taxable years beginning after 1964 but before 1971	Taxable years beginning after Dec. 31, 1970 (references in this column are to the Code as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969)
tle individual	Sec. 1(a) (1) Sec. 1(b) (1) Sec. 1(a) (1) Sec. 1(a) (1)	Sec. 1(a) (2) Sec. 1(b) (2) Sec. 1(a) (3) Sec. 1(a) (2)	Sec. 1(c). Sec. 1(b). Sec. 1(d). Sec. 1(d).

Singl Head Marr

- (3) The income tax imposed by section 1 upon any amount of taxable income is computed by adding to the income tax for the bracket in which that amount falls in the appropriate table in section 1 the income tax upon the excess of that amount over the bottom of the bracket at the rate indicated in such table.
- (4) The provisions of section 1 of the Code, as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969, and of this paragraph may be illustrated by the following examples:

Example (1). A. an unmarried individual. had taxable income for the calendar year 1964 of \$15,750. Accordingly, the tax upon such taxable income would be \$4,507.50, computed as follows from the table in section 1(a)(1):

Tax on \$14,000 (from table)..... Tax on \$1,750 (at 41 percent as determined from the table)....

Total tax on \$15.750 4. 507. 50

Example (2). Assume the same facts as in example (1), except the figures are for the calendar year 1965. The tax upon such taxable income would be \$4,232.50, computed as follows from the table in section 1(a) (2):

Tax on \$14,000 (from table) ____ \$3,550.00 Tax on \$1,750 (at 39 percent as determined from the table)____

682, 50

Total tax on \$15,750 _____ 4, 232. 50

Example (3). Assume the same facts as in example (1), except the figures are for the calendar year 1971. The tax upon such taxable income would be \$3,752.50, computed as follows from the table in section 1(c), as amended:

Tax on \$14,000 (from table) ____ Tax on \$1,750 (at 31 percent as determined from the table) ____ . \$3, 210.00 542, 50

Total tax on \$15,750_____ 3, 752, 50

PAR. 3. Section 1.1-2 is deleted and § 1.1-3 is amended and redesignated § 1.1-2 as follows:

§ 1.1-2 Limitation on tax.

(a) Taxable years ending before January 1, 1971. For taxable years ending before January 1, 1971 the tax imposed by section 1 (whether by subsection (a) or subsection (b) thereof) shall not exceed 87 percent of the taxable income for the taxable year. For purposes of determining this limitation the tax under section 1 (a) or (b) and the tax at the 87-percent rate shall each be computed before the allowance of any credits against the tax. Where the alternative tax on capital gains is imposed under section 1201(b), the 87-percent limitation shall apply only to the partial tax computed on the taxable income reduced by 50 percent of the excess of net long-term capital gains over net shortterm capital losses. Where, for purposes of computations under the income averaging provisions, section 1201(b) is treated as imposing the alternative tax on capital gains computed under section 1304(e)(2), the 87-percent limitation shall apply only to the tax equal to the tax imposed by section 1, reduced by the amount of the tax imposed by section 1 which is attributable to capital gain net income for the computation year.

(b) Taxable years beginning after December 31, 1970. If, for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1970, an individual has earned taxable income which exceeds his taxable income as defined by section 1348, the tax imposed by section 1, as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969, shall not exceed the sum computed under the provisions of section 1348. For imposition of minimum tax for tax preferences see sections 56 through 58.

Par. 4. Section 1.1-4 is deleted and § 1.1-5 is redesignated as § 1.1-3:

§ 1.1-3 Change in rates applicable to taxable year.

PAR. 5. Section 1.2 is amended by inserting sections 1(b) (2), (3), and (4) before section 2, by revising section 2 to reflect the changes made by section 803(b) of the Tax Reform Act 1969, by revising the historical note, by adding thereafter section 2 as amended by section 803(b) of the Tax Reform Act of 1969 and by adding a historical note. These amended and added provisions read as follows:

§ 1.2 Statutory provisions.

SECTION 1. Tax imposed. * * *

(b) Rates of tax on heads of households-(2) DEFINITION OF HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD.—For purposes of this subtitle, an individual shall be considered a head of a household if, and only if, such individual is not married at the close of his taxable year, is not a surviving spouse (as defined in section 2(b)), and

- (A) Maintains as his home a house-hold which constitutes for such taxable year the principal place of abode, as a member of such household, of-
- (i) A son, stepson, daughter, or stepdaughter of the taxpayer, or a descendant of a son or daughter of the taxpayer, but if such son, stepson, daughter, stepdaughter, or decendant is married at the close of the taxpayer's taxable year, only if the taxpayer is entitled to a deduction for the taxable year for such person under section 151, or
- (ii) Any other person who is a dependent of the taxpayer, if the taxpayer is entitled to a deduction for the taxable year for such person under section 151, or
- (B) Maintains a household which constitutes for such taxable year the principal place of abode of the father or mother of the taxpayer, if the taxpayer is entitled to a deduction for the taxable year for such father or mother under section 151.

For purposes of this paragraph and of section 2(b) (1) (B), an individual shall be con-sidered as maintaining a household only if over half of the cost of maintaining household during the taxable year is furnished by such individual.

- (3) DETERMINATION OF STATUS. For purposes of this subsection-
- (A) A legally adopted child of a person shall be considered a child of such person by blood:
- (B) An individual who is legally separated from his spouse under a decree of divorce or of separate maintenance shall not be considered as married:
- (C) A taxpayer shall be considered as not married at the close of his taxable year if

at any time during the taxable year his spouse is a nonresident alien; and

- (D) A taxpayer shall be considered as married at the close of his taxable year if his spouse (other than a spouse described in subparagraph (C) died during the taxable
- (4) LIMITATIONS.-Notwithstanding paragraph (2), for purposes of this subtitle a tax-payer shall not be considered to be a head of a household-
- (A) If at any time during the taxable year
- he is a nonresident alien; or

 (B) By reason of an individual who would not be a dependent for the taxable year but
 - (i) Paragraph (9) of section 152(a),
 - (ii) Paragraph (10) of section 152(a), or
 - (iii) Subsection (c) of section 152.

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.

[Sec. 2(a)]

(a) DEFINITION OF SURVIVING SPOUSE .-

(1) In general.—For purposes of section the term "surviving spouse" means a taxpaver-

(A) Whose spouse died during either of his 2 taxable years immediately preceding

the taxable year, and

(B) Who maintains as his home a household which constitutes for the taxable year the principal place of abode (as a member of such household) of a dependent (i) who (within the meaning of section 152) is a son, stepson, daughter, or stepdaughter of the taxpayer, and (ii) with respect to whom the taxpayer is entitled to a deduction for the taxable year under section 151.

For purposes of this paragraph, an individual shall be considered as maintaining a household only if over half of the cost of maintaining the household during the taxable year is furnished by such individual.

(2) LIMITATIONS.-Notwithstanding paragraph (1), for purposes of section 1 a taxpayer shall not be considered to be a surviving spouse-

(A) If the taxpayer has remarried at any time before the close of the taxable year, or

(B) Unless, for the taxpayer's taxable year during which his spouse died, a joint return could have been made under the provisions of section 6013 (without regard to subsection (a) (3) thereof).

[Sec. 2(b)]

(b) DEFINITION OF HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD .-

(1) In general.—For purposes of this sub-title, an individual shall be considered a head of a household if, and only if, such individual is not married at the close of his taxable year. is not a surviving spouse (as defined in subsection (a)), and either-

(A) Maintains as his home a household which constitutes for such taxable year the principal place of abode, as a member of such

household, of-

(1) A son, stepson, daughter, or stepdaughter of the taxpayer, or a descendant of a son or daughter of the taxpayer, but if such son, stepson, daughter, stepdaughter, or descendant is married at the close of the taxpayer's taxable year, only if the taxpayer is entitled to a deduction for the taxable year for such person under section 151, or

(ii) Any other person who is a dependent of the taxpayer, if the taxpayer is entitled to a deduction for the taxable year for such

person under section 151, or

(B) Maintains a household which constitutes for such taxable year the principal place of abode of the father or mother of the taxpayer, if the taxpayer is entitled to a deduction for the taxable year for such father or mother under section 151.

For purposes of this paragraph, an individual shall be considered as maintaining a house-hold only if over half of the cost of maintaining the household during the taxable year is furnished by such individual.

(2) DETERMINATION OF STATUS.—For pur-

poses of this subsection-

- (A) A legally adopted child of a person shall be considered a child of such person by blood;
- An individual who is legally separated from his spouse under a decree of divorce or of separate maintenance shall not be considered as married:
- (C) A taxpayer shall be considered as not married at the close of his taxable year if at any time during the taxable year his spouse
- is a nonresident alien; and
 (D) A taxpayer shall be considered as married at the close of his taxable year if his spouse (other than a spouse described in subparagraph (C)) died during the taxable year.
- LIMITATIONS.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), for purposes of this subtitle a tax-payer shall not be considered to be a head of a household-

(A) If at any time during the taxable year

is a nonresident alien; or

- (B) By reason of an individual who would not be a dependent for the taxable year but for-
 - (i) Paragraph (9) of section 152(a) (ii) Paragraph (10) of section 152(a), or
 - (iii) Subsection (c) of section 152.

[Sec. 2(c)]

(c) CERTAIN MARRIED INDIVIDUALS LIVING APART.—For purposes of this part, an indi-vidual who, under section 143(b), is not to be considered as married shall not be considered as married.

[Sec. 2(d)]

(d) Nonresident Aliens .- In the case of a nonresident allen individual, the tax im-posed by section 1 shall apply only as provided by section 871 or 877.

[Sec. 2(c)]

(c) Cross Reference.-

For definition of taxable income, see sec-

[Sec. 2 as amended by sec. 803(b) Tax Reform Act 19691

- Par. 6. Section 1.2-1 is amended to read as follows:
- Tax in case of joint return of husband and wife or the return of a surviving spouse.
- (a) Taxable year ending before January 1, 1971. (1) For taxable years ending before January 1, 1971, in the case of a joint return of husband and wife, or the return of a surviving spouse as defined in section 2(b), the tax imposed by section 1 shall be twice the tax that would be imposed if the taxable income were reduced by one-half. For rules relating to the filing of joint returns of husband and wife, see section 6013 and the regulations thereunder.
- (2) The method of computing, under section 2(a), the tax of husband and wife in the case of a joint return, or the tax of a surviving spouse, is as follows:
- (i) First, the taxable income is reduced by one-half. Second, the tax is determined as provided by section 1 by using the taxable income so reduced. Third,

the tax so determined, which is the tax that would be determined if the taxable income were reduced by one-half, is then multiplied by two to produce the tax imposed in the case of the joint return or the return of a surviving spouse, subject, however, to the allowance of any credits against the tax under the provisions of sections 31 through 38 and the regulations thereunder.

- (ii) The limitation under section 1(c) of the tax to an amount not in excess of a specified percent of the taxable income for the taxable year is to be applied before the third step above, that is, the limitation to be applied upon the tax is determined as the applicable specified percent of one-half of the taxable income for the taxable year (such one-half of the taxable income being the actual aggregate taxable income of the spouses, or the total taxable income of the surviving spouse, as the case may be, reduced by one-half). For the percent applicable in determining the limitation of the tax under section 1(c), see § 1.1-2 (a). After such limitation is applied, then the tax so limited is multiplied by two as provided in section 2(a) (the third step above).
- (iii) The following computation illustrates the method of application of section 2(a) in the determination of the tax of a husband and wife filing a joint return for the calendar year 1965. If the combined gross income is \$8,200, and the only deductions are the two exemptions of the taxpayers under section 151 (b) and the standard deduction under section 141, the tax on the joint return for 1965, without regard to any credits against the tax, is \$1,034.20 determined as follows:

1. Gross income	\$8,200.00
2. Less:	
Standard deduction, section 141 \$82	
Deduction for per- sonal exemption.	
section 151 1, 20	2,020,00
3. Taxable income	
4. Taxable income reduced by one-half	
5. Tax computed by the tax table provided under section 1(a) (2) (\$310 plus 19 percent of	
excess over \$2,000)	
A PER LA	

1,034,20

6. Twice the tax in item 5_____

- (b) Taxable years beginning after December 31, 1970. (1) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1970. in the case of a joint return of husband and wife, or the return of a surviving spouse as defined in section 2(a) of the Code as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969, the tax shall be determined in accordance with the table contained in section 1(a) of the Code as so amended. For rules relating to the filing of joint returns of husband and wife see section 6013 as amended and the regulations thereunder.
- (2) The following computation illustrates the method of computing the tax

of a husband and wife filing a joint return for calendar year 1971. If the combined gross income is \$8,200, and the only deductions are the two exemptions of the taxpayers under section 151(b), as amended, and the standard deduction under section 141, as amended, the tax on the joint return for 1971, without regard to any credits against the tax, is \$968.46, determined as follows:

1. Gross income		\$8, 200, 00
2. Less:		The Control of the Control
Standard deduc-		
tion, section		
141	\$1,066.00	
Deduction for		
personal ex-		
emption, sec-		
tion 151	1,300.00	2, 366.00
3. Taxable income		5 834 00

4. Tax computed by the tax table provided under section 1(a) (\$620 plus 19 percent of excess over \$4,000) _____

968.46

(3) The limitation under section 1348 with respect to the maximum rate of tax on earned income shall apply to a married individual only if such individual and his spouse file a joint return for the taxable year.

- (c) Death of a spouse. If a joint return of a husband and wife is filed under the provisions of section 6013 and if the husband and wife have different taxable years solely because of the death of either spouse, the taxable year of the deceased spouse covered by the joint return shall, for the purpose of the computation of the tax in respect of such joint return, be deemed to have ended on the date of the closing of the surviving spouse's taxable year.
- (d) Computation of optional tax. For computation of optional tax in the case of a joint return or the return of a surviving spouse, see section 3 and the regulations thereunder.
- (e) Change in rates. For treatment of taxable years during which a change in the tax rates occurs see section 21 and the regulations thereunder.

PAR. 7. Section 1.2-2 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1.2-2 Definitions and special rules.

- (a) Surviving spouse. (1) If a taxpayer is eligible to file a joint return under the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 without regard to section 6013(a)(3) thereof for the taxable year in which his spouse dies, his return for each of the next 2 taxable years following the year of the death of the spouse shall be treated as a joint return for all purposes if all three of the following requirements are satisfied:
- (i) He has not remarried before the close of the taxable year the return for which is sought to be treated as a joint return, and
- (ii) He maintains as his home a household which constitutes for the taxable year the principal place of abode as a member of such household of a person who is (whether by blood or adoption)

a son, stepson, daughter, or stepdaughter of the taxpayer, and

(iii) He is entitled for the taxable year to a deduction under section 151 (relating to deductions for dependents) with respect to such son, stepson, daughter, or stepdaughter.

(2) See paragraphs (c) (1) and (d) of this section for rules for the determination of when the taxpayer maintains as his home a household which constitutes for the taxable year the principal place of abode, as a member of such household, of another person.

(3) If the taxpayer does not qualify as a surviving spouse he may nevertheless qualify as a head of a household if he meets the requirements of § 1.2-2(b).

(4) The following example illustrates the provisions relating to a surviving spouse:

Example: Assume that the taxpayer meets the requirements of this paragraph for the years 1967 through 1971, and that the taxpayer, whose wife died during 1966 while married to him, remarried in 1968. In 1969, the taxpayer's second wife died while married to him, and he remained single thereafter. For 1967 the taxpayer will qualify as a surviving spouse, provided that neither the taxpayer nor the first wife was a nonresident alien at any time during 1966 and that she (immediately prior to her death) did not have a taxable year different from that of the taxpayer. For 1968 the taxpayer does not qualify as a surviving spouse because he remarried before the close of the taxable year. The taxpayer will qualify as a surviving spouse for 1970 and 1971, provided that neither the taxpayer nor the second wife was a nonresident alien at any time during 1969 that she (immediately prior to death) did not have a taxable year different from that of the taxpayer. On the other hand, if the taxpayer, in 1969, was divorced or legally separated from his second wife, the taxpayer will not qualify as a surviving spouse for 1970 or 1971, since he could not have filed a joint return for 1969 (the year in which his second wife died).

(b) Head of household. (1) A taxpayer shall be considered the head of a household if, and only if, he is not married at the close of his taxable year, is not a surviving spouse (as defined in paragraph (a) of this section, and (i) maintains as his home a household which constitutes for such taxable year the principal place of abode, as a member of such household, of at least one of the individuals described in subparagraph (3), or (ii) maintains (whether or not as his home) a household which constitutes for such taxable year the principal place of abode of one of the individuals described in subparagraph (4).

(2) Under no circumstances shall the same person be used to qualify more than one taxpayer as the head of a household for the same taxable year.

(3) Any of the following persons may qualify the taxpayer as a head of a household:

(i) A son, stepson, daughter, or stepdaughter of the taxpayer, or a descendant of a son or daughter of the taxpayer. For the purpose of determining whether any of the stated relationships exist, a legally adopted child of a person is considered a child of such person by blood. If any such person is not married at the close of the taxable year of the taxpayer, the taxpayer may qualify as the head of a household by reason of such person even though the taxpayer may not claim a deduction for such person under section 151, for example, because the taxpayer does not furnish more than half of the support of such person. However, if any such person is married at the close of the taxable year of the taxpayer, the taxpayer may qualify as the head of a household by reason of such person only if the taxpayer is entitled to a deduction for such person under section 151 and the regulations thereunder. In applying the preceding sentence there shall be disregarded any such person for whom a deduction is allowed under section 151 only by reason of section 152(c) (relating to persons covered by a multiple support agreement).

(ii) Any other person who is a dependent of the taxpayer, if the taxpayer is entitled to a deduction for the taxable year for such person under section 151 and paragraphs (3) through (8) of section 152(a) and the regulations thereunder. Under section 151 the taxpayer may be entitled to a deduction for any of the

following persons:

(a) His brother, sister, stepbrother, or stepsister:

- (b) His father or mother, or an ancestor of either:
 - (c) His stepfather or stepmother;
- (d) A son or a daughter of his brother or sister;
- (e) A brother or sister of his father or mother; or
- (f) His son-in-law, daughter-in-law, father-in-law, mother-in-law, brotherin-law, or sister-in-law;

if such person has a gross income of less than the amount determined pursuant to § 1.151-2 applicable to the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, if the taxpayer supplies more than one-half of the support of such person for such calendar year and if such person does not make a joint return with his spouse for the taxable year beginning in such calendar year. The taxpayer may not be considered to be a head of a household by reason of any person for whom a deduction is allowed under section 151 only by reason of sections 152(a) (9), 152(a) (10), or 152(c) (relating to persons not related to the taxpayer, persons receiving institutional care, and persons covered by multiple support agreements).

(4) The father or mother of the taxpayer may qualify the taxpayer as a head of a household, but only if the taxpayer is entitled to a deduction for the taxable year for such father or mother under section 151 (determined without regard to section 152(c)). For example, an unmarried taxpayer who maintains a home for his widowed mother may not qualify as the head of a household by reason of his maintenance of a home for

his mother if his mother has gross income equal to or in excess of the amount determined pursuant to § 1.151-2 applicable to the calendar year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, or if he does not furnish more than onehalf of the support of his mother for such calendar year. For this purpose, a person who legally adopted the taxpayer is considered the father or mother of the taxpaver.

- (5) For the purpose of this paragraph, the status of the taxpayer shall be determined as of the close of the taxpayer's taxable year. A taxpayer shall be considered as not married if at the close of his taxable year he is legally separated from his spouse under a decree of divorce or separate maintenance, or if at any time during the taxable year the spouse to whom the taxpayer is married at the close of his taxable year was a nonresident alien. A taxpayer shall be considered married at the close of his taxable year if his spouse (other than a spouse who is a nonresident alien) dies during such year.
- (6) If the taxpayer is a nonresident alien during any part of the taxable year he may not qualify as a head of a household even though he may comply with the other provisions of this paragraph. See the regulations prescribed under section 871 for a definition of nonresident alien.
- (c) Household. (1) In order for a taxpayer to be considered as maintaining a household by reason of any individual described in paragraph (a) (1) or (b) (3) of this section, the household must actually constitute the home of the taxpayer for his taxable year. A physical change in the location of such home will not prevent a taxpayer from qualifying as a head of a household. Such home must also constitute the principal place of abode of at least one of the persons specified in such paragraph (a) (1) or (b) (3) of this section. It is not sufficient that the taxpayer maintain the household without being its occupant. The taxpayer and such other person must occupy the household for the entire taxable year of the taxpayer. However, the fact that such other person is born or dies within the taxable year will not prevent the taxpaver from qualifying as a head of household if the household constitutes the principal place of abode of such other person for the remaining or preceding part of such taxable year. The taxpayer and such other person will be considered as occupying the household for such entire taxable year notwithstanding temporary absences from the household due to special circumstances. A nonpermanent failure to occupy the common abode by reason of illness, education, business, vacation, military service, or a custody agreement under which a child or stepchild is absent for less than 6 months in the taxable year of the taxpayer, shall be considered temporary absence due to special circumstances. Such absence will not

prevent the taxpayer from being considered as maintaining a household if (i) it principa is reasonable to assume that the taxpayer pants for such other person will return to the maintain household, and (ii) the taxpayer conclude extinues to maintain such household or a expense substantially equivalent household in antent, utility return.

the nousehold must actually constitute the the taxpayer also to reside in such place payer from qualifying as a head of a household. The father or mother of the household for the entire taxable year of the taxpayer. They will be considered as sences from the household due to special sidered as maintaining a household by reason of any individual described in principal place of abode of the taxpayer's dependent father or mother, or both of them. It is not, however, necessary for the purposes of such subparagraph for of abode. A physical change in the location of such home will not prevent a taxoccupying the household for such entire year notwithstanding temporary abcircumstances. For example, a nonpermanent failure to occupy the household by reason of illness or vacation shall be considered temporary absence due to special circumstances. Such absence will not prevent the taxpayer from qualifying as the head of a household if (i) it is reasonable to assume that such person will return to the household, and (ii) the taxpayer continues to maintain such household or a substantially equivalent houseof the taxpayer dies within the year will not prevent the taxpayer from qualifying as a head of a household if the household constitutes the principal place of abode of the father or mother for the (2) In order for a taxpayer to be conhold in anticipation of such return. However, the fact that the father or mother preceding part of such taxable year. however, must occupy (b) (4) of this section. paragraph

preceding part of such taxable year.

(d) Cost of maintaining a household. A taxpayer shall be considered as maintaining a household only if he pays more than one-half the cost thereof for his taxable year. The cost of maintaining a household shall be the expenses incurred for the mutual benefit of the occupants

thereof by reason of its operation as the principal place of abode of such occupants for such taxable year. The cost of clude expenses otherwise incurred. The in the household by the taxpayer or by a person qualifying the taxpayer as a head maintaining a household shall not inexpenses of maintaining a household inon the premises. Such expenses do not medical treatment, vacations, life insurresents the value of services rendered of a household or as a surviving spouse. clude property taxes, mortgage interest rent, utility charges, upkeep and repairs property insurance, and food consumed include the cost of clothing, education ance, and transportation. In addition the cost of maintaining a household shall not include any amount which rep-

(e) Certain married individuals living apart. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1969, an individual who is considered as not married under section 143(b) shall be considered as not married for purposes of determining whether he or she qualifies as a single individual, a married individual, a head of household or a surviving spouse under sections 1 and 2 of the Code.

Par. 8. Section 1.3 is amended to insert

tons I and 2 of the Code.

PAR. 8. Section 1.3 is amended to insert after section 3, applicable to taxable years ending before January 1, 1970, new section 3 applicable to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1969 and by adding a historical note. These amended and added provisions read as follows:

§ 1.3 Statutory provisions; optional tax tables for individuals.

SEC. 3. Optional tax tables for individuals. In lieu of the tax imposed by section 1, there is hereby imposed for each taxable year beginning after December 31, 1969, on the taxable income of every individual whose adjusted gross income for such year is less than \$10,000, and who has elected for such year to pay the tax imposed by this section, a tax determined under tables, applicable to such taxable year, which shall be prescribed by the Secretary or his delegate. In the tables so prescribed, the amounts of tax shall be computed on the basis of the taxable income and on the basis of the rates prescribed by section 1.

TABLE I.—SINGLE PERSON—NOT HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD
Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1964, and Ending Before January 1, 1970

number of exemptions is—	7 or more		
	9		
	10.	The tax is—	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
	7		88888888888888888888888888888888888888
	60		\$8 88888888888888888888888888888888888
And the	61	,	28.28.28.29.29.29.28.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.29.
A	1		888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 88
adjusted gross income is—	But less than		\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
If adjuste income	At		\$\\\^{\pi}\\\^{\pi}\\^{\pi}\\^{\pi}\\^{\pi}\\^{\pi}\\^{\pi}\\^{\pi}\\^{\pi}\\^{\pi}\\^{\pi}\\^{\pi}\\^{\pi}\\^
jo.	4 or more		000000000000000000000000000000000000000
And the number exemptions is—	00	ax is—	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
d the r	63	The tax is-	.00000000000000000000000000000000000000
Anc	1		22222222222222222222222222222222222222
adjusted gross income is—	But less	than	######################################
If adjust incom	At	least	######################################
-			

FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 36, NO. 101-TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1971

TABLE II—HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1964, and Ending Before January 1, 1970

Table III—Married Persons Fung John Returns
Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1984, and Ending Before January 1, 1970

7 or more

	1				
	ions is-	9		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	f exemptions	20-	-Si x	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	And the number of	4	The tax is-	88 22 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2	
		00		\$8888888888888888888888888888888888888	
	A	63		## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##	
ted gross	adjusted gross income is—	But less than		\$\text{\texict{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\tex{\texict{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\text{\text{\ter	
	If adjust incom	At least		\$\tilde{C}\t	
	And the number of exemptions is—	4 or more	is—	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	the nu	60	The tax is-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	And	63		08-0-018-288888-344-648888888888888888888888888888	
	adjusted gross income is—	But less than		#	
	If adjus incor	At least		#1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	
1	1	more	1		000000000
-si suc		9		***************************************	822688888888888888888888888888888888888
And the number of exemptions is-		0			116 133 133 134 144 152 168 176 184
o Jo rac		The tax is	-	888888888888888888888888888888888888888	232 240 240 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 25
e numl	0	0	000	\$	350 350 350 350 368 395 404 413 422 422
And th	c	4	-	23.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.	
	-		100	24	
adjusted gross	16 IS—	But less than		ౘఄఀఀ౸ౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢౢ	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
If adjus	ıncon	At least	047	ୖୣ୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୰୴୴୴୴୴୴୴୴୴୴୴୴୴୴	444444444444
Jo.		4 or more	1		000000000
And the number of	exemptions is—	The tay is—		•••••••••••	00000% 200000
d the	xempt	The t			88888888888888888888888888888888888888
AI		-		- KATTERENT FERNING REPORT FERNING REPORT FOR THE FERNING REPORT FOR FERNING REPORT FOR THE FERNING FOR THE FERNING REPORT FOR THE FERNING REPORT FOR FERNING REPORT FOR FERNING FOR FERNING FOR FERNING FOR FERNING FOR FERNING FOR	198 198 198 202 202 210 210 222 222 222 222 222 222
If adjusted gross	16 IS—	But less than	0004	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	2444444444444 24822888884444
If adjust	incon	At	-		46464444444444444444444444444444444444

TABLE V-MARRIED PERSONS FILING SEPARATE REFURNS MINIMUM STANDARD DEDUCTION

8 or more 8888881# 8888888

FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 36, NO. 101-TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1971

Table IV—Married Persons Filing Separate Returns 10-Percent Standard Deduction
Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1964, and Ending Before January 1, 1970

	00		_	
1970	ptions	9		00000000000000000000000000000000000000
-i	пехе ј	10	-Si xi	222255 22225 2225 225 2225 2225 2225 2225 2225 2225 2225 2225 2225 2225 2225 2225 225 225 225 2
Janus	And the number of exemptions	4	The tax	2.7.5.2.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8.8
Before		60		88888888888888888888888888888888888888
and Ending Before January	And	63		8 F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F
and E		-		22
r 31, 1964,	adjusted s income is—		than	ੑੑਫ਼ੑੑੑੑੑੑੑਜ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਗ਼ਫ਼ਫ਼ਫ਼ਫ਼ਫ਼ਫ਼ਫ਼ਫ਼ਫ਼ਫ਼ਫ਼ਫ਼ਫ਼
After Dece	If adj gross inc	At	least	ౖ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼ ਜ਼
	of	4 or more		
inning	umber ons is—	60	-Si X	occoorded the state of the stat
Years Beginning	And the number exemptions is—	63	The tax	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
ole Yes	An	-		030001111111111111111111111111111111111
Taxable	isted me is—	But less than		\$3888838883812212121212121228888833288888888
	If adjusted gross income is		least	44444444444444444444444444444444444444
		8 or more		
-Si		1-		00000000000000000000000000000000000000
exemptions		9		00000000000000000000000000000000000000
of exen		4 5		00000000000000000000000000000000000000
number		4	The t	88888888888888888888888888888888888888
the		00		28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28
And		es .		23.23.23.23.23.23.23.23.23.23.23.23.23.2
ed ed		-		258 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28
usted	come is—	But		$\frac{6}{16}$ $\frac{1}{16}$
If adjusted	gross inc	At		$\frac{1}{16}$
jo		4 or more		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
And the number of	-si suo	00	-si x	000000000000000000000000000000000000
d the r	xempti	61	The tax is-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
An	69	1		0.000 0.000
usted	ome is—	But	пап	\$28228286228688888888888888888888888888
Ifadi	gross income is	At		44444444444444444444444444444444444444

	-5
	100 464
	2.7
	(73
	-
	and a
	12
	- 5
	- 73
	- 53
	(7)
	- 23
	000
	43
	100
	-
	7
	100
	-(1)
	000
19	H
F-1	
0	- 50
H	ल
E4:	100
Di.	Print
Seed.	11.00
B	
国	100
- But	100
n	Carinal
(2)	.0
1400	- 0
744	63
	369, and
C	
12	03
6	0
- 53	00
100	Print.
1	
* 5	-
- 5	5.3
5	53
CI	er 3
IS CI	ber 3
NS CI	ber 3
RNS CI	mber 3
TRNS CI	ember 3
URNS CI	sember 3
TURNS CI	scember 3
ETURNS CI	ecember 3
RETURNS CI	December 3
RETURNS CI	December 3
-RETURNS CI	r December 3
-RETURNS CI	er December 3
I-RETURNS CI	ter December 3
I-RETURNS CI	fter December 3
E I-RETURNS CI	After December 3
E I-RETURNS CI	After December 3
REI-RETURNS CI	z After December 3
BLE I-RETURNS CI	ng After December 3
ABLE I-RETURNS CI	ing After December 3
CABLE I-RETURNS CI	ing After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	ning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	nning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	inning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	ginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	eginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	s Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	rs Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	ars Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	ears Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	Fears Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	e Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	de Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I—RETURNS CI	ble Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS CI	able Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I—RETURNS CI	rable Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS OF	axable Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS OF	axable Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS OF	Taxable Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I-RETURNS OF	Taxable Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I—RETURNS OF	Taxable Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I—RETURNS OI	Taxable Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I—RETURNS OF	Taxable Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I—RETURNS OI	Taxable Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I—RETURNS OI	Taxable Years Beginning After December 3
TABLE I—RETURNS OF	Taxable Years Beginning After December 3

u are— Married filing a separate return claiming— Low stand- allow ard allow deduc- ance tax is—	### 17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
And you are- And you are- Ma Ma Head retur of Loo house- hold inco- allo and Your tax is	\$4444444444444444444444444444444444444
Before Single, not head of house-hold	\$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}\frac{1}{2}\f
Ending sted ss is— But less than	######################################
Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January Justed And you are— Single, Head return daiming— hot house— But house— hold house— hold house— hold house— hold house— hold house— than Your tax is— Ti adjusted And you gross Married filing gross hold house— But house— hold hold hold hold hold hold hold hold	
filing rate timing—stand—stand—tion	\$55 \$55 \$55 \$55 \$55 \$55 \$55 \$55 \$55 \$55
nd you are— Married filing a separate as return claiming of Low stand- and lincome and allow- allow- ance tion Your tax is—	\$55 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5 \$5
And you are— And you are— Mar B B Coff Head Fetur Coff House— Low Allow allow ance Tour tax is-	\$58.55 \$59.55 \$5
Single, not head of house-hold	\$65 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 5
sted ss o is— But less than	\$\frac{4}{4}44444444444444444444444444444444
Taxab If adjusted gross income is— At less than that	$ \frac{4}{4} 4444444444444444444444444444444$
filing rate inning—stand—and deduction	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
rrried sepa	28 29 21 21 21 21 21 22 22 22 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
And you are And you are Ma Ma And you are And you are a b of house hold inco alloi an an Your tax is	26-28-28-28-28-28-28-28-28-28-28-28-28-28-
fore ingle not of of old old	\$\$\$01101212888467888788888488888888888888888888888
Ending issted oss e is— But less than	\$\\\^{\alpha}\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Be And you are— If adjusted Ringle, Birgle, It adjusted Roome is— Single, It adjusted Roome is— Soparate It adjusted gross income is— Soparate It have Soparate It have It in income It in	ঀ ৾য়ঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀঀ
filing nate alming—stand—ard deduction	28888888888888888888888888888888888888
u are— Married filing a separate return claiming Low stand income and allow- deduc allow- tin	000000%-0222222222222222222222222222222
And you are— Marr Marr Marr B 8 8 Head return of Low house- income hold income allow	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Single, not head of house-hold	00000000000000000000000000000000000000

If adjusted gross fincome is— Bu At least that	######################################

Married filing a separate return claiming—

And you are-

If adjusted gross income is—

Married filing a separate return claiming—

And you are-

If adjusted gross facome is—

And you are-

If adjusted gross income is—

Married filing a separate return claiming—

And you are-

If adjusted gross Income is—

Married filing a separate return claiming—

Low

Low stand-fucome ard allow- deduc-

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971 TABLE II-RETURNS CLAIMING 2 EXEMPTIONS-Continued Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971 TABLE II-RETURNS CLAIMING 2 EXEMPTIONS

stand- ard deduc- tion	1	1	20022322222222222222222222222222222222	
Low sincome allow-	1		######################################	
	H t		\$ 888 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2000
house se- hold			### ##################################	
of house-	-		10-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	THE PERSON
But less than			######################################	
At least			44, 500 55, 500 58,43 \$521 459 \$581 \$57, 500 \$7, 500 </td <td></td>	
stand- ard deduc- tion	1		\$54.8 \$55.2 \$55.2 \$56.2 \$57.1 \$56.2 \$57.1 \$57.2	
Low income allow- ance	-si x		\$581 \$600	
	Your tax is-		488 488 504 504 504 505 505 505 505 505	
se- hold		1	2521 2521 2522 2523 2523 2524 2524 2525 2525 2525	
of house hold	1		\$543 \$560 \$560 \$560 \$560 \$560 \$560 \$560 \$560	
But less than		200	######################################	
At least		-	######################################	
Stand- ard	tion		25	-
Low sincome	ance		155 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157 157	
filing - joint return 1		Your tax is-	\$25.5	
house- hold.	1	X OI	25.5 × 25	
of house-			2117	
But	than		$ \frac{3}{6} u_3 u_1 u_2 u_3 u_3 u_3 u_3 u_3 u_3 u_2 u_2 u_2 u_2 u_2 u_2 u_2 u_2 u_2 u_3 u_4 u_4 u_4 u_4 u_4 u_4 u_4 u_4 u_4 u_4$	
At			$ \frac{3}{6} v_0 v_1 v_2 v_1 v_2 v_2 v_3 v_3 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4$	
Stand- ard deduc-	tion		0.800.213121242222222222222222222222222222222	
Low S income allow- d	ance		0000000%00115114888888864474488158814888888888888888888888888888	
filing — joint joint in		Your tax is—	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	
house- fi hold j		Xon	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	
of ho house-h			00000000000000000000000000000000000000	
But h	than		#	
At least			#4444444444444444444444444444444444444	
		1		

FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 36, NO. 101-TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1971

FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 36, NO. 101-TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1971

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971 TABLE III-RETURNS CLAIMING 3 EXEMPTIONS-Continued Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971 TABLE III-RETURNS CLAIMING 3 EXEMPTIONS

					RULES AND REGULATIONS	
	-	filing ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		71-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	
	ľ	Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low Sincome allow- dance		######################################	
And you are-	Mar-	filing - joint return j	Your tax is-	\$850 \$875		
	And	Head	house-	You	\$908 99123 99124 9927 9927 9927 9927 9927 9927 9927 99	-
		Single, not	of longe-		\$6957 9867 9867 9867 9867 9867 9867 9867 986	To work for
	etod		But less than		Po 990 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	- A-
	Tradineted	gross Income is-	At least		8, 50 (2) 8, 7, 80 (3) 8, 7, 80 (3) 8, 7, 90 (3) 8, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3) 9, 90 (3)	THO III ON
		lling ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		\$557 557 557 557 556 663 663 663 663 663 664 663 663 663 66	11 0 01
	1	Married filing a separate return	Low St income allow- de ance		\$576 586 586 586 586 586 662 662 662 662 662 662 662 6	Calls II also
	And you are-	Mar-		Your tax is-	\$407 457 457 457 457 457 457 457 45	The same
	And	Head	6_	You	\$522 538 530 530 545 554 554 565 565 660 660 660 660 660 660 661 661 661 661	No more
		Single, not			\$55.85 55.85 55.87 55.87 55.87 55.87 66.90 66.90 66.90 66.90 66.90 66.90 77.99	Hay then
	4.4		But less than		######################################	Ottomar
	Tonditonted	gross income is-	At		######################################	T TING
-	-	ling	Stand- ard deduc- tion		\$111 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178	-
		Married filing a separate return	Low St income allow de ance t		### 11877 1186 11877 118	
	And you are-	Mar-		Your tax is-	\$\$ 55555555555555555555555555555555555	
	And	Head	house-	You	\$\$ 2111188888888888888888888888888888888	
			of of poly		\$8 11188 1188 1188 1188 11888 11888 11888 11888 11888 11888 11888 11888	
-	,		But less than		૿૽ૡ૿૽ૡૢૡૢૡૢૡૢૡૢૡૢૡૢૡૢૡૢૡૣૡૣૡૣૡૣૡૣૡૣૡૣૡૣૡૣૡૣૡ	
	1	If adjusted gross income is—	At		\$\frac{1}{2}\$\$\fra	
		ling	Stand- ard deduc- tion	1	○ 14 - 15559888844887228888844842288888888888888888	
	-	Married filing a separate return	Low St income allow- de ance t		0000000% confidence 24447248666 6685444455888888888888888888888888	
	And you are-	1	filing — joint return in	Your tax is-	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	And	1.	house- f hold j	You	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
1		Single, I			00000000000000000000000000000000000000	
			But by less than		# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	
		If adjusted gross facome is—	At		・ できるは、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、は、	*

you are-

ur tax is-

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971

TABLE IV-RETURNS CLAIMING 4 EXEMPTIONS-Continued

\$575.8 8.871.8 8.817.8

Table IV—Returns Claiming 4 Exemptions

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971

	And y	MI	THE LE	Your	ппппппппппппппппппппппппппппппппппппппп
	Aı	Head	hold	Y	885 887 887 887 887 888 887 888 888 888
		Single, not	of lonse-		\$8.99 8.89 8.89 9.88 9.98 9.98 9.98 9.98
	+ 24	is—	But less than		\$\$\tilde{\text{\$\tilde{\tilde{\text{\$\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\text{\$\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\text{\$\tilde{\text{\$\tilde{\text{\$\tilde{\tilde{\tilde{\text{\$\tilde{\
	Tfodinotod	gross fincome is—	At		\$\text{\$\text{\$\pi\$} \text{\$\pi\$} \$\pi
		filing ate n	Stand- ard deduc- tion		\$5.50 5.51 5.51 5.51 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.00 6.0
		Married filing a separate return	Low Sincome allow- dance		\$50 550 550 550 550 550 550 550 550 550
	And you are-		filing — joint in return in a	tax is-	\$483 4490 4490 450 450 450 450 450 450 450 450 450 45
-	And y		hold je	Your tax	25.55 25.55
			of louse-		\$537 5547 5547 5547 5547 5547 5547 5547 5
	tod	is— is	But less than		\$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$
1	If odinetod	gross income is—	At		88 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 8
-		ling te	Stand- ard deduc- tion		25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.2
		Married filing a separate return	Low St income allow- de ance	1	\$\$ \$25,55,55,55,55,55,55,55,55,55,55,55,55,5
-	And you are-		filing — joint irreturn ir	Your tax is-	\$176 18776 1
	And :		hold j	Your	25
			l jo house-		\$188 198 198 198 198 198 198 198
	1	s sied	But less than		$ \frac{4}{4} 4_4 4_4 4_4 4_4 4_4 4_4 4_6 v_0 v_0 v_0 v_0 v_0 v_0 v_0 v_0 v_0 v_0$
	Tfodimeter	gross income is-	At least		$\frac{4}{3}$ 4444444444400000000000000000000000000
		filing ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2
	1	Married filing a separate return	Low S income allow- d ance		00000000000000000000000000000000000000
	And you are-	Mar-	**** E	Your tax is-	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
	And 1	Head 1	-0-1	Your	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
		Single, not			00000000000000000000000000000000000000
		- 1	But less than		ૡ૿ૺૺઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌૣૡ૱૱૱૱૱ FF 8 88 88 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 8
		II adjusted gross income is—	At least		$ \frac{\alpha}{6} (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4)$
-					

*This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

* This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 36, NO. 101-TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1971

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971 TABLE V-RETURNS CLAIMING 5 EXEMPTIONS-Continued Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971 TABLE V-RETURNS CLAIMING 5 EXEMPTIONS

	filling ate n	Stand- ard deduc- tion		\$866 8878 8888 8888 8898 8995 9954 9954 9954 995
	Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low S income allow- d ance		\$86 8877 888 889 899 995 995 995 995 995 995 995
And you are-		filing — joint return in	Your tax is-	\$707 7215 7215 7215 7217 7217 7217 7217 721
And :	Head 1		You	\$752 7710 7710 7710 7710 7710 885 885 885 887 887 889 887 889 887 889 887 889 887 889 887 889 878 889 878 878
	Single, not head			\$791 820 820 820 820 820 820 820 820 820 820
tod.	02	But less than		\$\tilde{\pi}\$ \tilde{\pi}\$ \til
Tendinotod	gross income is—	At least		\$\text{\$\text{\$\pi\$}\alpha\tex
	illing ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		\$5.50 \$5.50
1	Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low Sincome allow diance		\$528 538 537 537 537 537 538 633 633 633 633 633 633 633 633 633 6
And you are	Mar-	filing joint return i	Your tax is-	\$45.0 445.0 445.0 491.0 491.0 491.0 491.0 491.0 560.0
And		house-	You	\$4.77 4880 4889 4889 4889 5070 516 521 522 528 528 528 528 528 528 528 528 528
		of longe-		\$491 500 510 510 5110 5110 5110 5110 5110
	sred s is— s	But less than		\$\pi_\alpha_\alp
	in adjusted gross income is—	At		\$\pi\$\pi\$\pi\$\pi\$\pi\$\pi\$\pi\$\pi\$\pi\$\pi
	ing	Stand- ard deduc- tion		\$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25 \$25
	Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low Stancome a allow- dec ance ti		25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2
And you are—	1	filing L joint L return inc all	Your tax is-	\$18.5 \$12.5 \$25.5
And y		hold jo	Your	\$188 1918 1918 1918 1918 1918 1918 1918
		of house hold		\$133 201 201 201 201 202 202 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203
	1	But h less than		6.00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	If adjusted gross income is—	At least		######################################
1	ing	Stand- ard deduc- tion	1	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200
	Married filing a separate return	Low Staincome a allow- dec		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
And you are		filing L joint L return inc all	tax is-	2 112 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
And y		house-fill hold jo	Your tax	1156 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	1	of ho house h		\$111.00 110.00 1
		But hc less than		\$\foragge\congression\congress
	If adjusted gross income is—	At I least 1		\$\tilde{
1		le		Benediction of the state of the

Married filing a separate return claiming—

> But less than

But less than

And you are-

If adjusted gross income is—

And you are-

TABLE VI-RETURNS CLAIMING 6 EXEMPTIONS
Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971

In adj	At		######################################						
l filing srate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		4.76 4.76 4.76 4.76 4.76 4.76 4.76 4.76						
Man	Low Staincome a allow- dec ance ti	ls—	4466 4766 4766 4766 4766 4766 4766 4766						
	Mar- ried* filing joint return		2.5.2 2.5.2						
	of house-	Yourtax	28.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44.44						
Single,	not head of house- hold		44444444444444444444444444444444444444						
If adjusted gross income is—	But less than		######################################						
If adjuste gross income is-	At		**************************************						
filing	Stand- ard deduc- tion		**************************************						
Aa a	return claiming- Low Sta income an allow- ded ance til	Your tax is-	Your tax is-	Your tax is-	Your tax is-	Your tax is-	-8	r tax is—	2000
are not not are	Mar- ried* filing joint return						00000000000000000000000000000000000000		
1	Head of house-						Xo	You	Non
Single,	not head of house- hold		000000000000000 %3%2%2% 26123444427551282%3%2%2%2%2%2%2%2%2%2%2%2%2%2%2%2%2%2%						
usted sss e is—	But less than	1	$\frac{4}{4}4_44_44_44_44_44_44_44_44_44_44_44_44_$						
If adjusted gross income is—	At		######################################						

*This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

TABLE VII—RETURNS CLAIMING 7 EXEMPTIONS
TARBLE Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971

\$415	Qt =	4	**	7	V	P	A	H	2 70	21	01	Q	5	20	2	5	5	2	5	9	200	8	0 0	0 0	0 9	9	260	200	9	10	7	7	1	7	7	7	7	7.	00	00	00	20	00	200	000	200	200	000	20	8	6	Coll III
\$415	474	404	452	469	479	481	401	KOO	510	010	610	673	538	548	222	292	576	586	595	605	614	694	170	000	650	689	671	681	690	701	712	723	. 734	745	756	767	778	789	800	811	822	833	844	855	860	118	200	669	BIO	921	937	Contract of the last
\$314	522	990	976	254	369	370	278	900	200	100	402	410	418	426	434	442	450	459	467	476	484	402	200	200	610	510	535	544	559	561	569	577	585	592	009	809	615	623	632	640	648	658	999	675	683	289	7007	607	111	726	734	No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other Persons and Street, or other P
\$327	950	254	262	279	381	300	200	400	417	111	420	435	444	453	462	471	480	489	498	507	518	505	020	009	620	561	570	670	588	507	808	615	623	631	633	647	655	664	673	682	169	700	209	718	727	736	754	100	100	77.7	781	The state of the s
\$339	046	267	277	386	306	405	415	AOA	424	101	6440	453	462	472	481	491	200	510	519	529	538	546	657	507	100	586	505	605	614	694	633	642	651	629	899	929	685	694	704	714	724	753	743	753	763	773	100	600	200	813	873	The state of the s
27, 450	7, 500	7, 600	7,650	7, 700	7, 750	7,800	7,850	2,000	7,000	0000	0,000	8, 050	8, 100	8, 150	8, 200	8, 250	8,300	8,350	8,400	8,450	8,500	8,550	0,000	0,000	0,000	8,750	8,800	8,850	8,900	8,950	0000	9,050	9,100	9, 150	9,200	9,250	9,300	9,350	9,400	9,450	9, 500	9, 550	9,600	9,650	9, 700	9, 750	9,800	8,800	9, 900	9,950	10,000	
57,400	7, 500	7, 550	7, 600	7,650	7, 700	7, 750	7,800	7, 950	2,000	2,000	0000	8,000	8,050	8, 100	8,150	8,200	8, 250	8,300	8,350	8,400	8 450	8,500	0,000	0,000	0,000	8,000	8,750	8,800	8,850	8 900	8,950	9,000	9,050	9,100	9,150	9,200	9,250	9,300	9,350	9,400	9,420	9,500	9,550	9,600	9,650	9,700	9, 100	9,800	9,800	9,900	9,950	THE REAL PROPERTY.
0 00	70	14	16	986	32.0	42	40	22	63	30	0,1	18	85	93	100	108	115	123	130	138	145	152	100	101	103	198	103	106	500	217	225	234	242	251	259	268	276	285	293	302	310	320	329	339	348	358	201	110	990	386	405	The same of
00	04	14	91	86	35	42	40	200	63	35	201	20	85	93	100	108	115	123	130	138	145	152	121	101	100	198	103	106	500	917	295	234	242	251	259	268	276	285	293	302	310	320	329	339	348	358	301	110	200	396	405	State of the last
00	00	00	00	0	0	0	0	0		00	00	0	0	\$11	21	32	42	53	63	74	84	01	00	100	110	110	196	133	140	148	155	163	170	178	185	193	200	208	215	223	230	238	245	253	260	268	27.0	280	067	298	306	The state of
00	00		00	0	0	0	0		00	00	0	0	0	\$11	21	. 32	42	53	63	74	84	01	700	100	110	110	198	133	140	148	156	164	172	180	188	961	204	212	220	228	236	244	252	260	268	276	500	767	200	308	318	
00	00	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	00	00	0	0	\$11	21	32	42	53	63	74	100	03	100	100	116	193	130	138	145	153	191	169	177	185	193	201	500	217	225	234	242	251	259	268	276	285	293	505	010	320	329	
4,800	4, 900	5,000	5,050	5,100	5, 150	5,200	5 250	200	5,350	2,000	2, 400	0,400	5, 500	5, 550	5,600	5,650	5, 700	5,750	5,800	5,850	5,900	6,050	2,000	0,000	0,000	6,150	6, 200	6,200	6,300	6,350	6,400	6, 450	6,500	6,550	6,600	6,650	6,700	6,750	6,800	6,850	6,900	6,950	7,000	7,050	7,100	7, 150	7,200	7, 200	7, 300	7,350	7,400	
DA SEO	4 000	4 950	5,000	5,050	5, 100	5, 150	5.200	5, 950	5,300	E 950	2,000	5, 400	5,450	5, 500	5, 550	5,600	5,650	5, 700	5,750	5,800	5,850	5,000	E, 050	0, 300	6,000	6,000	6,150	6, 200	6,250	6,300	6,350	6, 400	6, 450	6,500	6,550	6,600	6,650	6, 700	6,750	6,800	6,850	6,900	6,950	7,000	7,050	7, 100	000 %	7,200	7, 200	7,300	7,350	

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971 TABLE IX-RETURNS CLAIMING 9 EXEMPTIONS

		1.		00000000000004400000000000000000000000
	I filing trate rn	Stand- ard deduc- tion		23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2
	Married filing a separate return	Low income allow- ance	1	\$3000000000000000000000000000000000000
And you are-	Mar-		Your tax is-	\$208 215 215 228 228 228 228 228 228 228 228 228 22
And	Head		You	\$222 228 228 228 228 228 228 228 228 228
	Single, not	10		\$217 224 225 226 226 226 226 226 226 226 227 226 227 227
-	a	But less than		\$\tilde{\mathbb{R}} \tilde{\mathbb{R}} \math
1	II adjusted gross income is—	At		6, 150, 6, 200, 0 0 0 0 114 14 8, 150 0 8, 150 225 220 226 6, 200 6, 200 0 0 0 114 14 14 8, 150 0 8, 150 225 220 226 6, 200 6, 200 0 0 0 0 114 14 14 8, 200 8, 200 8, 200 222 226 300 6, 200 0 0 0 0 114 14 14 8, 200 8, 200 8, 200 222 226 300 6, 200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	1	1		07-4-1885898680868086808681675848168868
	Married filing a separate return	Stand- ard deduc- tion		dows or v
100	Marrie a sep ret	Liles	1	\$50 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
And you are-	Mar-	filing joint return	Your tax is-	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
And	Head	house-	Yo	204 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
	Single, not	of house-		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	- 1	But less than		### ### ### ### ### ### #### #### ######
7.6 - 31	gross income is—	At least		\$ \$450 \$ \$200 \$
10	ling	Stand- ard deduc- tion		\$38 872 872 872 872 872 873 874 875 875 875 875 875 875 875 875 875 875
	Married filing a separate return	Low St income allow- de ance t		28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2
ou are—	Mar-	I in I	Your tax is-	226 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
And you are-	Head M		Your	2.282 2.282 2.282 2.282 2.282 2.282 2.292
	-	of house ho		\$\frac{2}{2} \frac{2}{2} \frac
		But hor less than		## C. P. P. W.
/	II adjusted gross income is—			\$\begin{align*} \begin{align*} \begi
1	1 1	At		್ಟೈ ಲಿಲಿಟ್ಲಿಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆಯೆ
	filing ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		3.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5
	Married filing a separate return	Low Stand- income ard allow- deduc- ance tion	1	85.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.5
And you are-	18 -	filing – joint irreturn ir	Your tax is-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
And	Head		You	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Single, not			000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	0 1	But hess than		1777777777777777777777777777777788888888
	gross income is—	At least		\$\figures_paragraphy and paragraphy and parag

"This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

Low Standincome ard allow- deducance tion

> But less than

At

-b-1-0-1

Your tax is-

Married filing a separate return claiming—

> Single, not head of household

And you are-

If adjusted gross income is—

18

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971

TABLE XI-RETURNS CLAIMING 11 EXEMPTIONS

\$\tilde{\pi}\$ \tilde{\pi}\$ \til

Table X-Returns Claiming 10 Exemptions

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971

	d filing arate urn ing—	Stand ard deduc tion		widow	
	Married filin a separate return claiming—	Low income allow- ance		\$28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2	
And you are-	Mar- ried*	filling - joint return	Your tax is-	sed by	
And	Head	hold	You	so be u	
	Single, not head	of louse-hold		0 \$7,400 0 0 0 \$7 500 7,500 0 0 0 \$7 500 7,500 0 0 0 14 500 7,500 0 0 0 14 600 7,500 0 0 0 14 600 7,500 0 0 0 14 600 7,500 0 0 0 14 600 7,500 0 0 0 0 14 600 7,500 0 0 0 0 14 600 8,000 115 600 8,000 115	
Poto	is-	But less than		### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##	
Todinoto	gross fncome is—	At least		### ### ##############################	
	Married filing a separate return claiming—	Stand- ard deduc- tion		\$ 55 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 52	
1	Married filin a separate return claiming—	Low income allow- ance	- S	\$25,52,52,52,52,52,52,52,52,52,52,52,52,5	
And you are	Mar- ried*	filing joint return	Your tax is-	\$156 1.66 1.66 1.66 1.66 1.66 1.66 1.66 1	The state of the s
And	Head	house- hold	X	\$168 1.168 1	
	Single, not head	house- hold		\$16.55 17.55	
ot and	ss s is—	But less than		\$\tilde{\	-
Tf nd!motod	gross fncome is-	At least		\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
	filing ate n	Stand- ard deduc- tion		28.22.23.25.54.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.	
	Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low S fncome allow- d ance		222 222 222 223 223 223 223 223 223 223	
And you are-		filing – joint return h	Your tax is-	00000000000%1182888888888888888888888888	
And	Head		You	0000000000%1188888888888888888888888888	
	Single, not head			0000000000%1188888888888888888888888888	
7	0 1	But less than		\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-
14.4	gross income is—	At least	-	\$\$\text{\$\pi\$}\$\te	-
1					The same of the sa

"This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

olumn may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates;

Table XII—Returns Claiming 12 Exemptions
Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971

TABLE XIV-RETURNS CLAIMING 14 EXEMPTIONS

If adjusted And yo	gross theome is— single, Head Mi rie head of rie	plod	Yourt	\$9, 260 9, 500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
And you are—		e- nung 1 joint Low Stand- return income ard allow- deduc- ance tion	Your tax is—	\$74 \$74 \$149 \$149 \$149 \$149 \$149 \$149 \$149 \$14
Tradinetad	gross income is— not not Head head of		,	\$5,000 \$9,000 \$7.1 \$7.1 \$7.1 \$7.1 \$7.1 \$7.1 \$7.1 \$7.1
And you are—	Married filing a separate return of ried* claiming—	house-filing Low Stand-hold joint Low Stand-return income ard allow-deducance tion	Your tax is-	25
	If adjusted gross income is— Single, not head	At But house-least less than		\$\frac{3\pi}{2}\alpha\al

*This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

TABLE XIII—RETURNS CLAIMING 13 EXEMPTIONS
Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971

	\$9,900 9,950			
And you are—	Head	of house filing Low Stand-hold joint Low Stand-ard and allow-deducance ince	Your tax is—	\$55 \$28 \$100 \$100 35 35 35 35 100 \$100 40 40 40 103 115 56 56 56 56 56 115 70 70 70 145 115 85 84 84 161 161 100 99 91 110 110 100 110 110 110 201
Técolineted	gross incomets— n	At But hor less than		\$2 80 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
And you are—	100 00	house filling Low Stand- hold joint Low Stand- return income ard allow- deduc- ance tion	Your tax is—	21
1000	gross single, not	At But house-least less than		\$\\ \text{8.6} \\ \text{9.6} \

This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates;

	filing srate urn ing—	Stanc ard deduction tion		**	- 00 00	10	
1	Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low income allow- ance	1	\$53 60 67	89 89	104	
And you are-	Mar-	filing joint return	Your tax is-	000	* 18	32.52	
And	Head	house-	Yo	000	% 118	32.25	7.5
	Single, not head	of house- hold		000	24.11.82	32.55	
2000	ss e is—	But less than		\$9,650 9,700 9,750			
Tendin	gross fncome is—	At least		\$9, 600 9, 650 9, 700			
	lling ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		04811	32 25	39	
1	Married filin a separate return	Low Sincome allow- dance		0 2%1	325.25	39	
And you are—	Mar-	filing joint return 1	Your tax is-	000	000	00	
And	Head	house-	You	000	000	00	
	Single, not	house-		000	000	000	
	ss s is—	But less than		\$9,250 9,300	9,400	9, 550	
1	If adjusted gross income is—	At least			9,350		
	La	Tr.	1	1 60 15 15	2 P = 2	25.73	27

14-9-1 | 800 54 1 1 80 9 80 1

mm may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates:

Table XV—Returns Claiming 15 Exemptions

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1969, and Ending Before January 1, 1971

-	Treasurers And you are—	Head Mar-	At But hold return income and allow- deduction	Your tax is—	\$9,950 \$10,000 0 0 \$14 \$14
	And you are—	Mar-	house filing Low Stand- hold joint Low Stand- return income and allow- deduc- ance tion	Your tax is—	0 0 0

But less than

At

*This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

00

TABLE XVI-RETURNS CLAIMING 1 EXEMPTION-Continued

FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 36, NO. 101-TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1971

TABLE XVI-RETURNS CLAIMING 1 EXEMPTION

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1970, and Ending Before January 1, 1972

				KOLES AND REGULATIONS
1	filing rate ming—	Stand- ard deduc- tion		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
1 are-	Married filing a separate return claiming-	Low income allow- ance	tax is—	######################################
And you are-		Head of house-hold	Your ta	\$65.500.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.0
	Single,	head of house-hold		24444444444444444444444444444444444444
adjusted gross	e is—	But less than		######################################
If adjust	incom	At least		**************************************
	filing ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		88888888888888888888888888888888888888
1 are—	Married filing a separate return claiming-	Low Sincome allow- cance	tax is—	\$2.50 \$2.50
And you are	re	Head i of house-house-hold	Your ta	### ### ### ### #### #################
	Single,	not head I of house-hold		4, 45, 45, 45, 45, 45, 45, 45, 45, 45, 4
ed gross	e is-	But less than		$ \frac{4}{4} \frac{4} \frac$
If adjusted gross	incom	At		ᢤᢆᡧᡧᠲᠲᠲᠲᠲᠲᠲᠲᠲᠲᠲᠲᠲᠲᠲᡇᡈᡇᡇᡇᡇᡡᡡᡡᡡᡙᡊᡊᡊᡊᡊᡊᡊᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳᠳ
	filing rate ming—	Stand- ard deduc- tion		### 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
you are—	Married filling a separate return claiming-	Low income allow- ance	ax is—	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##
And you		Head of house-hold	Your tax is-	4 5 6 8 8 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
9	Single,	not head of house-		\$21 = \$2
If adjusted gross	16 is—	But less than		\$\\\ \text{discrete} \text{discrete} \\ discr
If adjus	incon	At		૽૿ૺઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌૡૡૡૡૡૡ
	filing ate ming—	Stand- ard deduc- tion		0%~~1418888884444448888888888888888888888
1 are—	Married filing a separate return claiming-	Low income allow- ance	-si xı	CERSS14114
And you are-		Head of house-hold	Your tax is-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Total Total	Single,	not head of house- hold		00000000000000000000000000000000000000
ed gross	income is—	But less than		######################################
If adjust	incon	At least		26.000000000000000000000000000000000000

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1970 and Ending Before January 1, 1972 TABLE XVII-RETURNS CLAIMING 2 EXEMPTIONS

TABLE XVII-RETURNS CLAIMING 2 EXEMPTIONS-Continued

	filing ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		20.000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Married filing a separate return	Low S income allow- d ance		######################################
And you are		filing — joint return f	Your tax is-	88.28.88.88.88.88.88.88.88.88.88.88.88.8
And		house-	You	\$90.5 9.9.3 9.3
		of louse-		\$365.950.950.950.950.950.950.950.950.950.95
+03		But less than		7. 1000 988 988 988 988 988 988 988 988 988
Tfodingtod	gross income is—	At least		5, 100 \$5, 200 6, 200 5, 200 6, 200
	illing ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		\$880 \$800 \$800
1	Married filing a separate return	Low St fincome allow- de ance		\$\$600 6199 6199 6199 6199 6199 6199 6199 6
And you are	Mar-	filing – joint return i	Your tax is-	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
And	Head	house- hold	You	\$473 4822 4822 4822 5920 5920 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 540 54
	1	of l house- hold		2,922 2,922
to to	ss s is—	But less than		高
16.001	gross gross income is—	At least		\$\$ \$\$\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\ext{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\tex
	lling te ning—	Stand- ard deduc- tion	1	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
re-	Married filing a separate return claiming-	0,	12	18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-18-1
d you are	A retu			6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50 6.50
And	, e,	H AT	H	\$ 55.5 \$ 5.5
70	Singl	head of house-hold		\$6885578886885885851515188488588888888888888888
If adjusted gross	income is—	But less than		15 15 <td< td=""></td<>
If adjus	Incon	At least		\$\\\^{\text{discounterpolary}}\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
	filing rate n	Stand- ard deduc- tion		0% - 14128428888844454788888344558888331283128312888883
1	Married filing a separate return	Low income allow- c ance	1	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
And you are-	Mar-	filing – joint return i	Your tax is-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
And	P	house- hold	no. X	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Single, not			000000000000000000000000000000000000000
		But less than		#4444444444444444444444444444444444444
	If adjusted gross fncome is—	At least		#1444444444444444444444444444444444444

FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 36, NO. 101-TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1971

TABLE XVIII-RETURNS CLAIMING 3 EXEMPTIONS-Continued

0.057 0.057 0.058 0.

FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 36, NO. 101-TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1971

Table XVIII—Returns Claiming 3 Exemptions
Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1970, and Ending Before January 1, 1972.

	-0	Ma a cl	Lo	1	सू निर्नर्नर्नर्नर्नर्नर्नर्नर्नर्नर्नर्नर्नर
	And you are-	Mar-	filing joint return	Your tax is-	888 883 884 884 885 887 887 887 887 887 887 887 887 887
	And	Head	house-	Yo	888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 88
		Single, not head	of house- hold	,	888 9999999999999999999999999999999999
	potod	-SI -SI	But less than		## \@\@\@\@\@\@\@\@\@\@\@\@\@\@\@\@\@\@\
	Tfodimeted	gross income fs-	Atleast		######################################
		gui e	nd-		2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.
		Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low Stand- income ard allow- deduc- ance tion		588 588 588 588 588 588 588 588
	u are—		filing Lo joint from from allo and an	ax is—	### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ##
	And you are-		-	Your tax is-	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
			se-hold d		25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.2
		Single not	-		88888888888888888888888888888888888888
	Tfodinetod	gross income is—	But less than		2477777777777777777779000000000000000000
	Tfod	fincor	At least		######################################
1		Bu	- pag-		88888888888888888888888888888888888888
	No.	Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low Stand- income ard allow- deduc- ance tion		118
	u are—		filling Lo joint Lo return Inco	ax is—	\$5.2 \$5.2 \$5.2 \$5.2 \$5.2 \$5.2 \$5.2 \$5.2
-	And you are-			Your tax	\$58 11108 111123
-		gle, Head	_		\$\$\$ 1111111111111111111111111111111111
		Single, not head			665 665 665 665 665 665 665 665
-	If adinstod	gross come is—	But less than		ည့်တို့လိုလ်လိုလ်တိုက် ရာရာရာရာရာရာရာရာရာရာရာရာရာရာရာရာရာရာရာ
-	If ad	grosi	At		\$\frac{1}{16}\$\pi\qq\qq\qq\qq\qq\qq\qq\qq\qq\qq\qq\qq\qq
-		illing ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		0 \$2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
		Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low S income allow- d ance		000008298888888888888888888888888888888
	And you are-			Your tax is-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	And	Head		You	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
-		Single, Inot Inead			000000000000000000000000000000000000000
-	70	1	But h less than		ૡ૿ૺૡઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌૡૡૡૡૡૡૡૡ
-	Tf adineted	gross fncome is-			256888888888888888888888888888888888888
-	Tfa	fnoc	At		ರೈನೆನೆನನನೆನೆನೆನೆನನನನನನನನನನನನನನನನನನನನೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚುಗಳ ಹೆಗೆ ಹೆಚ್ಚುಗಳ ಹೆಚ್ಚು

*This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

TABLE XIX—RETURNS CLAIMING 4 EXEMPTIONS
Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1970, and Ending Before January 1, 1972

TABLE XIX-RETURNS CLAIMING 4 EXEMPTIONS-Continued

-	l filing trate true ng— Stand-ard deduction		28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2
1	Married filing a separate return claiming— Low Stand income ard allow- deduc ance tion	1	\$ 88.500000000000000000000000000000000000
And you are-	Mar- ried* filling joint return i	Your tax is-	\$742 756 775 775 775 775 775 775 880 881 881 881 881 881 881 881 881 881
And	Head of house-hold	You	\$782 7782 8815 8822 8822 8832 8832 8840 8840 8840 8840 8840 8840 8840 884
	Single, not head of hourse- hold		\$8.88888888888888888888888888888888888
etod	SS e is- But less than		\$\tilde{\alpha}\
If adineted	At B least th		\$\tilde{k} \tilde{k} \tild
	I filling trate transming— Standard deduction		\$5,500 5,500 5,500 6,600 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000 6,000
	Married filing a separate return claiming— Low Standincome ard allow- deducance tion	1	\$59 600 600 600 601 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647 647
And you are-	Mar- ried* filing joint return	Your tax is-	\$4,40 47.8
And	Head of house-hold	Yo	\$50.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.0
	Single, not head of house- hold		\$5.53 55.53 55.54 55.55
otor	Ss e is— But less than		\$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$
If adinated	At Bu least that		\$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$
	1 filling strate sure strate sure strand-ard deduction		25.24.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.
	Married filling a separate return claiming— Low Standmoome and allow- deduc ance tion		\$25, 222 288 288 288 288 288 288 288 288 28
And you are-	Mar- ried* filling — joint return ir	Your tax is-	1178 1178 1178 1178 1178 1178 1178 1178
And	Head of house-hold r	You	181 182 183 183 184 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185
	Single, not head of l house- hold		\$177 186 186 187 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188
stod	t su		4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Ifadinetad	from income is— income is— At Bu least lest the		$\frac{4}{4} + \frac{4}{4} + \frac{4}$
	Lfiling trate min ng— Stand- ard deduction		22222222222222222222222222222222222222
1	Married filing a separate return claiming— Low Stand: income and income and		200 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
And you are-	Mar- ried* filing — joint joint ir	Your tax is-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
And	Head of house- hold r	You	888 272 888 271 888 875 11 88 875 11 88 875 11 88 875 11 88 875 11 88 875 11 88 875 11 88 875 11 875
	Single, not head of house- hold		00000000000000000000000000000000000000
ptod	an an		ଊ૿ૺઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌૣૡ૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱૱
Tradinetad	gross income is-		\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\

*This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

TABLE XXI-RETURNS CLAIMING 6 EXEMPTIONS

Low Stand-income ard allow- deduc-ance tion

Married filing a separate return claiming—

4410 4410 4410 4440

24.57 4.45.77 4.75.74 4.75.74 4.75.74 4.75.74 6.60 6.

•This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

and Ending Before January 1, 1972 TABLE XX-RETURNS CLAIMING 5 EXEMPTIONS

63	10	Mg 8 8	line all ar	ls-	H-f-i-i-i	
y 1, 1972	And you are	Mar-	filling joint return	Your tax is	\$3.85	
Januar	And		THE SE	You	\$386 3365 3365 3365 3366 440 440 440 440 440 440 440 4	
Before		1 06	of l house- hold		\$33.3 39.3 39.3 39.3 40.0	
1 Endin			But less than		######################################	
31, 1970 and Ending Before January 1,		If adjusted gross income is—	At least		\$7, 150, \$7, 250, \$375, \$382, \$389, \$35, \$389, \$399,	
ember 3:		Uling ite	Stand- ard deduc- tion		2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Taxable Years Beginning After December	-1	Married filing a separate return	Low St Income allow- de ance		4, 400 4, 450 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
ABLE X	And you are-	Mar-	filling – joint hreturn h	Your tax is-	00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
r ears Beg	And	Head	house- hold	You	250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250	
rable Y			of house- hold		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
F		ss e fs—	But less than		\$\frac{4}{4}_44_44_44_44_44_44_44_44_44_44_44_44_4	
		If adjusted gross income is—	At least		######################################	
		filling rate rn ng—	Stand- ard deduc- tion		488	
2	1	Married filling a separate return claiming—	Low income allow- ance	1	\$52.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.5	
ry 1, 1972	And you are	Mar-	filing joint return	Your tax is	24444444444444444444444444444444444444	The state of
e Janua	And	Head	plod hold	Yc	444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 44	
EXEMPTIONS Ending Before January 1,	18	Single, not head	house-		4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	
1 g	poton	-si er	But less than		######################################	
Table XX—Returns Claiming Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1970, an	Trodie	gro fincomi	At least		######################################	
TURNS C		filing ate n	tand- ard educ- tion		0.24-1128282383838383838383838383838383838383	
XX-RET	1	Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low Stand- income ard allow- deduc- ance tion		2.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5.5	
LABLE A	And you are-	Mar-		ls—	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	
ears Beg	And			Your tax is-	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	
axable Y		Single, not head	of house- hold		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
F		usted oss te is—	But less than		$\frac{2}{3}$ \frac	
		Il adjusted gross fncome is—	At		$\frac{6}{6} \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}$	265
	1					

1971 101-TUESDAY, MAY 25, NO. 36, VOL. FEDERAL REGISTER, FEDERAL REGISTER, VOL. 36, NO. 101-TUESDAY, MAY 25, 1971

	63
	10
	OB
	-
	170
	-
	7
	1
	2
	8.4
	199
	20
	12
	ct
	72
	44
	7
	400
	90
12:	M
7	.0
20	47
0	9
	20
	2
PH:	bo
-	- CORL
13	me
(2)	THES.
724	70
	ent.
-3	-
7	0
-	7774
	\simeq
18	12
7	ಡ
fre .	
7	-
2	-
	1-
	000
54	THE REAL PROPERTY.
4	
	- *
-	STATE OF
	. 31
7)	2.5
100	200
7	36
2	panel.
	crit
8	BI
2	ser
101	seer
KET	ecer
-KET	Decer
-KET	Decer
-KET	r Decer
I-KET	er Decer
H-KET	ter Decer
XII—KET	fter Decer
AH-RET	After Decer
ANH-RET	After Decer
AAH-KET	After Decer
AAH-RET	ig After Decer
E AMILLET	ng After Decer
E AMI-KET	ing After Decer
LE AMH-RET	ning After Decer
BLE ANH-RET	ming After Decer
ABLE ANII-KET	inning After Decer
ABLE AAH-KET	rinning After Decer
TABLE ANH-KET	ginning After Decer
TABLE ANH-RET	eginning After Decer
TABLE AAH-KET	Beginning After Decer
TABLE AAH-KET	Beginning After Decer
TABLE ANH-KET	s Beginning After Decer
TABLE ANH-KET	rs Beginning After Decer
TABLE AAH-KET	ars Beginning After Decer
TABLE AAH-KET	ears Beginning After Decer
TABLE AAH-KET	ears Beginning After Decer
TABLE AAH-KET	Years Beginning After Decer
TABLE AAH-KET	Years Beginning After Decer
TABLE AALI-KET	Years Beginning After Decer
TABLE AAH-KET	le Years Beginning After Decer
TABLE AALI-KET	ole Years Beginning After Decer
TABLE AAH-KET	ble Years Beginning After Decer
TABLE AAH-KET	able Years Beginning After Decer
TABLE AAH-KET	xable Years Beginning After Decer

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1970 and Ending Before January 1, 1972

TABLE XXIII-RETURNS CLAIMING 8 EXEMPTIONS

Low Standincome ard allow- deducance tion

Married filing a separate return claiming—

And you are-	Mar-	filing — joint ji return in a	Your tax is-	12
And	Head		You	25.44.2 25.8 25.8 25.8 25.8 25.8 25.8 25.8 25
	Single,	of house- hold		25.21.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.25.
	ss e is—	But less than		### Company of the co
	If adjusted gross income is—	At least		65,700 65,700 7, 890 87, 890 87, 890 87, 890 82, 890 8
	filing rate n	Stand- ard deduc- tion	1	Ws or W
100	Married filing a separate return	Low Sincome allow- dance		tain wid.
And you are	Mar-	-	Your tax is-	d by cer
An	Head	house-hold	Yc	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Single, not	of house- hold		may alg
To to to	gross gross ncome is—	But less than		######################################
150	gross income is-	At least		\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
	Married filing a separate return	Stand- ard deduc- tion		888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 88
-0.	Married filin a separate return	Low income allow- ance	1	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
And you are-	Mar-	filing joint return	Your tax is-	\$2000000000000000000000000000000000000
An	Head	house-hold	X(28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2
	Single, not	of house- hold		\$3 88.83.83.83.83.83.83.83.84.44.44.44.44.44.44.83.83.83.83.83.83.83.83.83.83.83.83.83.
If admetad	oss ne is—	But less than		### ##################################
Tfodi	gross income is-	At least		\$\frac{1}{2}\clim{\chi} \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi
	filing rate rn	Stand- ard deduc- tion		0000083383838382823535555555555555555555
	Married filing a separate return	Low income allow- cance		28.7388888888888888888888888888888888888
And you are-	Mar-		Your tax is-	8831283438888888888888888888888888888888
And	Head	house-	You	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Single, not			000000000004116888444886158888116884881888818888888888
letod	-Si e	But less than		######################################
Tradinoted	gross income is—	At		######################################

*This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates,

Low Stand-income ard allow- deduc-ance tion

Your tax is-

Married filing a separate return claiming—

And you are-

Tarable Years Beginning After December 31, 1970, and Ending Before January 1, 1972

TABLE XXV-RETURNS CLAIMING 10 EXEMPTIONS

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1970 and Ending Before January 1, 1972 TABLE XXIV-RETURNS CLAIMING 9 EXEMPTIONS

Ifadineta	gross income is-	them		ක් දින්නේ සහ
Ifa	inec	At least		\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
1	illing ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
-	Married filing a separate return claiming—	a separate return claiming— Low Stan income ard allow- dedu ance tior		255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255
and you are		filing — joint I return in al	Your tax is-	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
THE .	Head 7		Your	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2
	Single, Inot Inead			0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
stad -		But less than		\$2.000
Tadinstad	gross Income is—	At		**************************************
-	illing ate	Stand- ard deduc tion		\$238 246 246 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257
	Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low St income allow- de ance	Your tax is-	\$280 \$280 \$280 \$280 \$315 \$315 \$324 \$334 \$344 \$345
2000		filing — joint return is		\$179 186 196 196 196 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197
THE PARTY OF THE P	Head of house-hold		You	\$189 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 20
	Single, not head	of house- hold		\$18.4 \$18.5
rotod	ss e is—	But less than		\$\tilde{\text{m}} \tilde{\text{m}} \tild
Tradinotad	gross income is—	At least		\$\tilde{\text{k}} \tilde{\text{k}} \tild
The state of the s	illing ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	Married filing a separate return	Low S income allow- d ance		28888888888888888888888888888888888888
wild you are		filing – joint return i	Your tax is-	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
And	11300	of in house. If hold is		00000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Single, not	of house- hold		000000001\$18888888888888888888888888888
nto de	ss is—	But less than		\$\\\^{\alpha}\\^{\alph
Thodisonhod	gross income is-	At least		\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\

qualify for special tax rates.

Table Year Beginning After December 31, 1970, and Ending Before January 1, 1972

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1970, and Ending Before January 1, 1972 TABLE XXVII-RETURNS CLAIMING 12 EXEMPTIONS

1		illing ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		2007 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
-	-	Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low St Income allow- d ance		134 134 134 141 141 141 141 141 141 141
1	And you are-		filing — joint return fr	Your tax is-	\$26 \$28 \$32 \$32 \$32 \$32 \$32 \$32 \$32 \$32 \$32 \$32
-			house- fill hold jo	Your	8, 300 8, 300 0 0 0 814 0 9, 200 8, 250 8, 2
1			of ho house h		\$26 33 33 33 33 33 33 56 56 66 66 66 66 67 67 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 11
1		1		1	000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00
1	Todinotod	gross gross Income is—	But less than		\$9,200 \$9,2500 \$9,2500 \$9,400 \$9,400 \$9,600
1	Thor	Incol	At least		dowers v
-		ling te	Stand- ard deduc- tion		8 or w
		Married filing a separate return	0.		\$10 111 111 118 118 118 118 118 118 119 110 110 110 110 110 111 111 111 111
1	аге-		1 48	r is-	\$1 193777
-	And you are-		filing joint return	Your tax is-	a pho
1	A	Head	house	Y	\$113
-		Single, not	plod hold		\$11 13 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 1
-	storie .	IS-	But less than		\$\text{\$\text{\$\pi_{\text{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\text{\$\pi_{\pi_{\pi_{\pi_{\}}}}}\pi_{\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\text{\pi_{\pi_{\text{\$\pi_{\pi_{\pi_{\pii}}}\pi_{\pii}}\pi_{\pi_{\pi_{\pi_{\pii}}\pi_{\pi_{\
-	Tradingtod	gross Income is-	At		\$\times_{\tilde{
1	30				
1	1	1 filing arate irn ing—	Stand- ard deduc- tion		25.2 25.2 25.2 25.2 25.2 25.2 25.2 25.2
	1	Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low income allow- ance		181 181 197 197 197 197 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203
-	And you are-		filing Joint Freturn is	Your tax is-	86 86 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 1110 110 10
-	And	Head		You	\$6.00
	1	Single, B			2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200
-	-	1	But by less than		\$\text{3} \text{3} \t
-	diuste	gross Income is—			8880 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8890 8900 8000 8000 8000 8000 8000 8000 8000 8000 8000 8000 8000
-	II	fne	At		ಹೈ ಇನ್ನು ಇತ್ತು ಇತ್ವ ಇತ್ತು ಇತ್ತಿ ಇತ್ತು ಇತ್ತಿ ಇತ್ತು ಇತ್
	1	filing ate	Stand- ard deduc- tion		
-		Married filing a separate return claiming—	Low S income allow- d ance		0 \$41188888888888888888888888888888888888
1	u are-		filing I joint Interturn in all	Your tax is-	\$311737171717171717171717171717171717171
	And you are-			Your	62555555555555555555555555555555555555
		e, Head			6886889833333344 68868888883333344
	-	Single, not head	of hous		
	usted	oss ie is—	But less than		######################################
1	Ifadiusted	gross Income is—	At		\$5.7.7.7.7.7.5 \$9.8000000000000000000000000000000000000
1					

"This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

TABLE XXVIII-RETURNS CLAIMING 13 EXEMPTIONS

If adjusted gross income is—			An	d you as	16		77. 31.			And you are-			
		Single, not head	Head of	Mar- ried* filing			If adjugred Incom	SS	Single, not head of	Head of	Mar- ried*	a sep	d filing arate urn dng-
At	But less than	house- hold			Low income allow-ance	Stand- ard deduc- tion	At	But less than		house- hold	filing Joint return	Low income allow- ance	Stand- ard deduc- tion
			Ye	our tax i	s—				1 19	Y	our tax i	s	
\$8,950 9,000	\$8,950 9,000 9,050	0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 \$4 11	0 0 0	\$9, 450 9, 500 9, 550	\$9,500 9,550 9,600	0 0	0 0	0 0	\$74 81 89	\$31 41 53
9,050 9,100 9,150	9, 100 9, 150 9, 200	0 0	~ 0	0 0	18 25 32	0 0	9,600 9,650 9,700	9, 650 9, 700 9, 750	0 0 \$2	0 0 \$2	0 0 \$2	96 104 111	6 6 7
9, 200 9, 250 9, 300 9, 350	9, 250 9, 300 9, 350 9, 400	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	39 46 53 60	\$4 11 18 25	9,750 9,800 9,850 9,900	9,800 9,850 9,900 9,950	8 14 20 26	8 14 20 26	8 14 20 26	119 126 134 141	8 9 10
9, 400	9, 450	0	0	0	67	32	9, 950	10,000	32	32	32	149	11

^{*}This column may also be used by certainwidows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

TABLE XXIX—RETURNS CLAIMING 14 EXEMPTIONS
Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1970, and Ending Before January 1, 1972

Trodie	hotod		An	d you a	re-		If adj		And you are—					
If adjusted gross income is—		Single, not head	Head of	Mar- ried*	a sep	d filing earate urn ding—	fneom	088	Single, not head of	Head of	Mar- ried*	a sep	d filing arate urn dng—	
At	But less than	house- hold			filing joint Low return income allow-ance		Stand- ard At deduc- tion least		house- hold	house- hold	filing joint return	Low income allow- ance	Stand- ard deduc- tion	
			Y	our tax i	s-					Y	our tax i	is—		
9, 650 9, 650 9, 700 9, 750	\$9,600 9,650 9,700 9,750 9,800	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0	0 \$4 11 18 25	0 0 0	\$9,800 9,850 9,900 9,950	\$9,850 9,900 9,950 10,000	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	\$32 39 46 53	\$- 1 1:	

^{*}This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

Table XXX—RETURNS CLAIMING 15 EXEMPTIONS

Taxable Years Beginning After December 31, 1970 and
Ending Before January 1, 1972

70.00	net at	And you are-									
If adj gre incom	OSS	Single, not head	Head of	Mar- ried*		arate					
At lenst	But less than	of house- hold	house- hold	filing joint return	Low income allow-ance	Stand- ard deduc- tion					
			Ye	our tax i	s-						
0	\$10, 250	0	0	0	0						

^{*}This column may also be used by certain widows or widowers who qualify for special tax rates.

§ 1.3-1 Application of optional tax.

(a) General rules. (1) For taxable years ending before January 1, 1970, an individual whose adjusted gross income is less than \$5,000 (or a husband and wife filing a joint return whose combined adjusted gross income is less than \$5,000) may elect to pay the tax imposed by section 3 in place of the tax imposed by section 1 (a) or (b). For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1969

and before January 1, 1971 an individual whose adjusted gross income is less than \$10,000 (or a husband and wife filing a joint return whose combined adjusted gross income is less than \$10,000) may elect to pay the tax imposed by section 3 as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969 in place of the tax imposed by section 1 (a) or (b). For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1970 an individual whose adjusted gross income is less than \$10,000 (or a husband and wife filing a joint return whose combined adjusted gross income is less than \$10,000) may elect to pay the tax imposed by section 3 as amended in place of the tax imposed by section 1 as amended. See § 1.4-2 for the manner of making such election. A taxpayer may make such election regardless of the sources from which his income is derived and regardless of whether his income is computed by the cash method or the accrual method. See section 62 and the regulations thereunder for the determination of adjusted gross income. For the purpose of determining whether a taxpayer may elect to pay the tax under section 3. the amount of the adjusted gross income is controlling, without reference to the number of exemptions to which the taxpayer may be entitled. See section 4 and

the regulations thereunder for additional rules applicable to section 3.

(2) The following examples illustrate the rule that section 3 applies only if the adjusted gross income is less than \$10,000 (\$5,000 for taxable years ending before January 1, 1970).

Example (1). A is employed at a salary of \$9,200 for the calendar year 1970. In the course of such employment, he incurred travel expenses of \$1,500 for which he was reimbursed during the year. Such items constitute his sole income for 1970. In such case the gross income is \$10,700 but the amount of \$1,500 is deducted from gross income in the determination of adjusted gross income and thus A's adjusted gross income for 1970 is \$9,200. Hence, the adjusted gross income being less than \$10,000, he may elect to pay his tax for 1970 under section 3. Similarly in the case of an individual engaged in trade or business (excluding from the term "engaged in trade or business" the performance of personal services as an employee), there may be deducted from gross income in ascertaining adjusted gross income those expenses directly relating to the carrying on of such trade or business.

Example (2). If B has, as his only income for 1970, a salary of \$11,600 and his spouse has no gross income, then B's adjusted gross income is \$11,600 (not \$11,600 reduced by exemptions of \$1,250) and he is not for such year, entitled to pay his tax under section 3. If, however, B has for 1970 a salary of \$13,000 and incident to his employment he incurs expenses in the amount of \$3,400 for travel, meals, and lodging while away from home, for which he is not reimbursed, the adjusted gross income is \$13,000 minus \$3,400 or \$9,600. In such case his adjusted gross income being less than \$10,000, B may elect to pay the tax under section 3. However, if B's wife has adjusted gross income of \$400, the total adjusted gross income is \$10,000. In such case, if B and his wife file a joint return, they may not elect to pay the optional tax since the combined adjusted gross income is not less than \$10,000. B may nevertheless elect to pay the optional tax, but if he makes this election he must file a separate return and, since his wife has gross income, he may not claim an exemption for her in computing the optional tax.

- (b) Surviving spouse. The return of a surviving spouse is treated as a joint return for purposes of section 3. See section 2, and the regulations thereunder, with respect to the qualifications of a taxpayer as a surviving spouse. Accordingly, if the taxpayer qualifies as a surviving spouse and elects to pay the optional tax, he shall use the column in the tax table, appropriate to his number of exemptions, provided for cases in which a joint return is filed.
- (c) Use of tax table. (1) To determine the amount of the tax, the individual ascertains the amount of his adjusted gross income, refers to the appropriate table set forth in section 3 or the regulations thereunder, ascertains the income bracket into which such income falls, and, using the number of exemptions applicable to his case, finds the tax in the vertical column having at the top thereof a number corresponding to the number of exemptions to which the taxpayer is entitled.
- (2) Section 3(b) (relating to taxable years beginning after Dec. 31, 1964 and ending before Jan. 1, 1970) contains 5 tables for use in computing the tax.

Par. 9. Section 1.3-1 is amended to read as follows:

Table I is to be used by a single person who is not a head of household. Table II is to be used by a head of household. Table III is to be used by married persons filing joint returns and by a surviving spouse. Table IV is to be used by married persons filing separate returns using the 10 percent standard deduction. Table V is to be used by married persons filing separate returns using the minimum standard deduction. For an explanation of the standard deduction see section 141 and the regulations thereunder.

- (3) 30 tables are provided for use in computing the tax under the Tax Reform Act of 1969. Tables I through XV apply for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1969 and ending before January 1, 1971. Tables XVI through XXX apply for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1970. The standard deduction for Tables I through XV, applicable to taxable years beginning in 1970, is 10 percent. The standard deduction for Tables XVI through XXX, applicable to taxable years beginning in 1971, is 13 percent. For an explanation of the standard deduction and the low income allowance see section 141 as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969.
- (4) In the case of married persons filing separate returns who qualify to use the optional tax imposed by section 3, such persons shall use the tax imposed by the table for the applicable year in accordance with the rules prescribed by sections 4(c) and 141 and the regulations thereunder governing the use and application of the standard deduction and the low income allowance.
- (5) The tax shown in the tax tables set forth in section 3 or the regulations thereunder reflects full income splitting in the case of a joint return (including the return of a surviving spouse) and lesser income splitting in the case of a head of household. Therefore, it is possible for the tax shown in the tables relating to joint returns, or relating to a return of a head of a household, to be lower than that shown in the table for separate returns even though the amounts of adjusted gross income and the number of exemptions are the same.

Par. 10. Section 1.511 is amended by revising subsection (b) (1) of section 511 to reflect the change made by section 803(d) (2) of the Tax Reform Act of 1969 and by revising the historical note. The amended provision and note read as follows:

§ 1.511 Statutory provisions; imposition of tax on unrelated business income of charitable, etc., organizations.

SEC. 511. Imposition of tax on unrelated business income of charitable organizations * * *

(b) Tax on Charitable, etc., trusts .-

(1) Imposition of tax.—There is hereby imposed for each taxable year on the unrelated business taxable income of every trust described in paragraph (2) a tax computed as provided in section 1(d). In making such computation for purposes of this section, the term "taxable income" as used in section 1 shall be read as "unrelated business taxable income" as defined in section 512.

[Sec. 511 as amended by sec. 3, Act of July 14, 1960 (74 Stat. 535); sec. 803(d) (2) Tax Reform Act 1969 (83 Stat. 487, 684)]

Par. 11. Section 1.511-1 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1.511-1 Imposition and rates of tax.

Section 511(a) imposes a tax upon the unrelated business taxable income of certain organizations otherwise exempt from Federal income tax. Under section 511(a)(1), organizations described in section 511(a)(2)(A) and in paragraph (a) of § 1.511-2 and organizations described in section 511(a) (2) (B) are subject to normal tax and surtax at the corporate rates provided by section 11. Under section 511(b)(1), trusts described in section 511(b)(2) are subject to tax at the individual rates prescribed in section 1(d) of the Code as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969 (section 1 for taxable years ending before Jan. 1, 1971). The deduction for personal exemption provided in section 642(b) in the case of a trust taxable under sub-chapter J, chapter 1 of the Code, is not allowed in computing unrelated business taxable income.

Par. 12. Section 1.641 is amended by revising subsection (a) of section 641 to reflect the change made by section 803 (d) (3) of the Tax Reform Act of 1969 and by adding a historical note thereafter. The amended provision and note read as follows:

§ 1.641(a). Statutory provisions; estates and trusts; imposition of tax; application of tax.

Sec. 641. Imposition of tax—(a) Application of Tax.—The tax imposed by section 1 (d) shall apply to the taxable income of estates or of any kind of property held in trust, including—

[Sec. 641(a) as amended by sec. 803(d)(3) Tax Reform Act of 1969 (83 Stat. 487, 684)]

Par. 13. Section 1.641(a)-1 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1.641(a)-1 Imposition of tax; application of tax.

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1970, section 641 prescribes that the taxes imposed by section 1(d), as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969, shall apply to the income of estates or of any kind of property held in trust. For taxable years ending before January 1, 1971, section 641 prescribes that the taxes imposed upon individuals by chapter 1 of the Code apply to the income of estates or of any kind of property held in trust. The rates of tax, the statutory provisions respecting gross income, and, with certain exceptions, the deductions and credits allowed to individuals apply also to estates and trust.

Par. 14. Section 1.632 is amended by revising section 632 to reflect the changes made by section 803(d)(4) of the Tax Reform Act of 1969 and by adding a historical note thereafter. The amended provision and historical note read as follows:

§ 1.632 Statutory provisions; sale of oil or gas properties.

SEC. 632. Sale of oil or gas properties. In the case of a bona fide sale of any oil or gas

property, or any interest therein, where the principal value of the property has been demonstrated by prospecting or exploration or discovery work done by the taxpayer, the portion of the tax imposed by section 1 attributable to such sale shall not exceed 33 percent of the selling price of such property or interest.

[Sec. 632 as amended by sec. 803(d) (4), Tax Reform Act 1969 (83 Stat. 487, 684)]

Par. 15. Paragraph (a) of § 1.632-1 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1.632-1 Tax on sale of oil or gas properties.

(a) If the taxpayer, by prospecting and locating claims or by exploring or discovering undeveloped claims, has demonstrated the principal value of oil or gas property, which prior to his efforts had a relatively minor value, the portion of the tax (or, in the case of taxable years beginning before Jan. 1, 1971, the surtax) imposed by section 1 attributable to a sale of such property, or of any interest of the taxpayer therein, shall not exceed 33 percent (or, in the case of taxable years beginning before Jan. 1, 1971, 30 percent) of the selling price of such property or such interest. Shares of stock in a corporation owning oil or gas property do not constitute an interest in such property. To determine the application of section 632 to a particular case, the taxpayer should first compute the tax (or surtax) imposed by section 1 upon his entire taxable income, including the taxable income from any sale of such property or interest therein, without regard to section 632. The proportion of the tax (or surtax) so computed, indicated by the ratio which the taxpayer's taxable income from the sale of the property or interest therein, computed as prescribed in this section, bears to his total taxable income is the portion of the tax attributable to such sale and, if it exceeds 33 percent (or 30 percent) of the selling price of such property or interest, such portion of the tax (or surtax) shall be reduced to that amount.

Par. 16. Section 1.1347 is amended by revising section 1347 to reflect the changes made by section 803(d)(5) of the Tax Reform Act of 1969 and by revising the historical note thereafter. The amended provision and note read as follows:

§ 1.1347 Statutory provisions; claims against the United States involving acquisition of property.

Sec. 1347. Claims against the United States involving acquisition of property. In the case of amounts (other than interest) received by a taxpayer from the United States with respect to a claim against the United States involving the acquisition of property and remaining unpaid for more than 15 years, the tax imposed by section 1 attributable to such receipt shall not exceed 33 percent of the amount (other than interest) so received. This section shall apply only if claim was filed with the United States before January 1, 1958.

[Sec. 1347 as amended by sec. 61 Technical Amendments Act 1958 (72 Stat. 1648); sec. 803(d)(5), Tax Reform Act 1969 (83 Stat. 487, 684)]

Par. 17. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of § 1.1347-1 are amended to read as follows:

§ 1.1347-1 Tax on certain amounts received from the United States.

(a) In the case of an amount (other than interest) received from the United States by an individual under a claim involving acquisition of property and remaining unpaid for more than 15 years, the tax (or, in the case of taxable years beginning before Jan. 1, 1971, the surtax) imposed by section 1 attributable to such amount shall not exceed 33 percent of the amount (other than interest) so received (30 percent for taxable years beginning before Jan. 1, 1971). For the purpose of section 1347 and this section, such amount shall not include any amount received from the United States which constitutes interest, whether such interest was included in the claim or in any judgment thereon or has accrued on such judgment. Section 1347 and this section shall only apply with respect to amounts received under a claim filed with the United States before January 1, 1958

(b) To determine the application of section 1347 and this section to a particular amount, the taxpayer shall first compute the tax (or, in the case of taxable years beginning before Jan. 1, 1971, the surtax) imposed by section 1 upon his entire taxable income, including the amount specified in paragraph (a) of this section, without regard to the limitation on tax provided in section 1347. The proportion of the tax (or surtax) so computed, indicated by the ratio which the taxpayer's taxable income attributable to the amount specified in paragraph (a) of this section, computed as prescribed in paragraph (c) of this section (bears to his total taxable income, is the portion of the tax (or surtax) attributable to such amount. If this portion of the tax (or surtax) exceeds 33 percent (30 percent for taxable years beginning before Jan. 1, 1971) of the amount specified in paragraph (a) of this section, that portion of the tax (or surtax) shall be reduced to 33 percent (or 30 percent) of such amount.

Par. 18. Section 1.5 is amended by revising subsection (b) of section 5 to reflect the changes made by section 803 (d) (6) of the Tax Reform Act of 1969 and by revising the historical note. The amended provision and note read as follows:

§ 1.5 Statutory provisions; cross reference relating to tax on individuals.

Sec. 5. Cross references relating to tax on individuals. * *

(b) Special limitations on tax.—
(1) For limitation on tax attributable to sales of oil or gas properties, see section 632. (2) For limitation on tax in case of in-

come of members of Armed Forces on death, see section 692.

(3) For limitation on tax where an in-dividual chooses the benefits of income averaging, see section 1301. For computation of tax where tax-

payer restores substantial amount held under claim of right, see section 1341.

(5) For limitation on tax attributable to claims against the United States involving acquisition of property, see section 1347.

[Sec. 5 as amended by sec. 232(b)(2), Rev. Act 1964 (78 Stat. 111); sec. 803(d)(6) Tax Reform Act 1969 (83 Stat. 487, 684).]

PAR. 19. Section 1.6015 is amended by revising subsection (a)(1) of section 6015 to reflect the changes made by section 803(d)(7) of the Tax Reform Act of 1969 and by revising the historical note. The amended provision and note read as follows:

§ 1.6015 Statutory provisions; declaration of estimated income tax by individuals; requirement of declaration.

SEC. 6015. Declaration of estimated income tax by individuals-

(a) Requirement of declaration. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (i), every individual shall make a declaration of his estimated tax for the taxable year if-

(1) The gross income for the taxable year can reasonably be expected to exceed-

(A) \$5,000, in the case of-

(i) A single individual other than a head of a household (as defined in section 2(b) or a surviving spouse (as defined in section

(ii) A married individual not entitled under subsection (b) to file a joint declara-

tion with his spouse; or

(iii) A married individual entitled under subsection (b) to file a joint declaration with his spouse, but only if the aggregate gross income of such individual and his spouse for the taxable year can reasonably be expected to exceed \$10,000; or

(B) \$10,000, in the case of-

(i) A head of a household (as defined in

section 2(b)); or
(ii) A surviving spouse (as defined in section 2(a)); or

[Sec. 6015(a) as amended by sec. 5, Act of Sept. 14, 1960 (74 Stat. 1000); sec. 103(j) (1) Foreign Investors Tax Act 1966 (74 Stat. 1000); sec. 803(d)(7) Tax Reform Act 1969 (83 Stat. 487, 684)]

20. Section 1.6015(a)-1 is PAR. amended by revising paragraph (a) to read as follows:

§ 1.6015(a)-1 Declaration of estimated income tax by individuals.

(a) Requirement—(1) Taxable years beginning after December 31, 1966. With respect to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1966, a declaration of estimated income tax by an individual is not required if the estimated tax (as defined in section 6015(c)) can reasonably be expected to be less than \$40. In all other cases a declaration of estimated income tax shall be made by every individual if the following conditions are met and if such individual is not a nonresident alien individual who is excepted under section 6015(i) and § 1.6015(i)-1 from the requirement of making a declaration:

(i) The gross income for the taxable year can reasonably be expected to exceed-

(a) \$5,000, in the case of-

(1) A single individual other than a head of a household (as defined in section 1(b)(2) for taxable years ending before Jan. 1, 1971, or as defined in section 2(b) of the Code as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969 for taxable years beginning after Dec. 31, 1970) or a

surviving spouse (as defined in section 2(b) for taxable years ending before Jan. 1, 1971, or as defined in section 2(a) of the Code as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969 for taxable years beginning after Dec. 31, 1970);

(2) A married individual not entitled under section 6015(b) to file a joint dec-

laration with his spouse: or

(3) A married individual entitled under section 6015(b) to file a joint declaration with his spouse, but only if the aggregate gross income of such individual and his spouse for the taxable year can reasonably be expected to exceed

(b) \$10,000, in the case of-

(1) A head of household (as defined in section 1(b) (2) for taxable years ending before Jan. 1, 1971, or as defined in section 2(b) of the Code as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969 for taxable years beginning after Dec. 31, 1970); or

(2) A surviving spouse (as defined in section 2(b) for taxable years ending before Jan. 1, 1971, or as defined in section 2(a) of the Code as amended by the Tax Reform Act of 1969 for taxable years beginning after Dec. 31, 1970); or

(ii) The gross income can reasonably be expected to include more than \$200 from sources other than wages (as de-

fined in section 3401(a)).

- (2) Taxable years beginning before January 1, 1967. With respect to taxable years beginning before January 1, 1967. and after December 31, 1960, a declaration of estimated income tax by an individual is not required if the estimated tax (as defined in section 6015(c)) can reasonably be expected to be less than \$40. In all other cases a declaration shall be made by every citizen of the United States, whether residing at home or abroad, every individual residing in the United States though not a citizen thereof, every nonresident alien who is a resident of Canada, Mexico, or Puerto Rico and who has wages subject to withholding at the source under section 3402, and every nonresident alien who has been, or expects to be, a resident of Puerto Rico during the entire taxable year, if-
- (i) The gross income for the taxable year can reasonably be expected to exceed-
 - (a) \$5,000, in the case of—
- (1) A single individual other than a head of a household (as defined in section 1(b)(2)); or
- (2) A married individual not entitled under section 6015(b) to file a joint declaration with his spouse; or
- (3) A married individual entitled under section 6015(b) to file a joint declaration with his spouse, but only if the aggregate gross income of such individual and his spouse for the taxable year can reasonably be expected to exceed \$10,000; or
 - (b) \$10,000, in the case of-
- (1) A head of a household (as defined in section 1(b)(2); or

section 2(b)); or

(ii) The gross income can reasonably be expected to include more than \$200 from sources other than wages (as defined in section 3401(a)).

Par. 21. Section 1.1304 is amended by revising subsection (a) (1) to reflect the change made by section 803(d)(8) of the Tax Reform Act of 1969 and by revising the historical note. The amended provision and note read as follows:

§ 1.1304 Statutory provisions; special rules.

SEC. 1304. Special rules. * * *
(b) Certain provisions inapplicable.—If he taxpayer chooses the benefits of this part for the taxable year, the following pro-

visions shall not apply to him for such year:

(1) Section 3 (relating to optional tax),

(2) Section 72(n) (2) (relating to limitation of tax in case of total distribution),

(3) Section 911 (relating to earned infrom sources without the United States),

(4) Subpart D of part III of subchapter N (sec. 931 and following, relating to income from sources within possessions of the United States)

(5) Section 1201(b) (relating to alternative capital gains tax), and

(6) Section 1348 (relating to 50 percent maximum rate on earned income).

[Sec. 1304 as amended by sec. 292(a), Rev. Act 1964 (78 Stat. 105); sec. 803(d) (8) Tax Reform Act 1969 (83 Stat. 487, 684)]

PAR. 22. Paragraph (a) (1) of § 1.1304-2 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1.1304-2 Provisions inapplicable if income averaging is chosen.

- (a) Provisions inapplicable. If a taxpayer chooses the benefits of income averaging for any taxable year, pursuant to section 1304(a) and § 1.1304-1, the following sections of the Code will not apply for such year:
- (1) Section 3 (relating to optional tax). A taxpayer may not, therefore, make use of the tax table contained in section 3 for any taxable year for which he chooses the benefits of income averaging. For availability of standard deduction, see section 144(d) and the regulations thereunder.

[FR Doc.71-7048 Filed 5-24-71;8:46 am]

Title 29—LABOR

Chapter XIII-Bureau of Labor Standards, Department of Labor

PART 1518—SAFETY AND HEALTH REGULATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION

Correction

In F.R. Doc. 71-5317 appearing at page 7340 in the issue for Saturday, April 17, 1971, the following changes should be

- 1. In § 1518.200(i) the reference to "Z35.3-1968" in the next to last line should read "Z35,2-1968".
- 2. In Subpart J the section numbers and headings are in incorrect order. They

(2) A surviving spouse (as defined in should read, consecutively, as follows: § 1518.350 Gas welding and cutting, § 1518.351 Arc welding and cutting, § 1518.352 Fire prevention, § 1518.353 Ventilation and protection in welding, cutting, and heating, § 1518.354 Welding, cutting, and heating in way of preservative coatings. The texts of the sections, however, appear in correct order.

3. Section 1518.451(h)(1) should read as follows: "(1) The scaffold shall be capable of sustaining a working load of 50 pounds per square foot and shall not be loaded in excess of that figure."

4. The reference to "SAE J74a-1964" in § 1518.550(a)(18) should read "SAE J743a-1964"

5. The words "and which" should be inserted between the words "operator," and "meets" in § 1518.603(a) (3).
6. The word "conclude" in § 1518.800

(h)(3)(v) should read "occlude"

7. Section 1518.907 was omitted and should be inserted immediately after § 1518.906. It reads as follows:

§ 1518.907 Use of safety fuse.

(a) Safety fuse shall only be used where sources of extraneous electricity make the use of electric blasting caps dangerous. The use of a fuse that has been hammered or injured in any way shall be forbidden.

(b) The hanging of fuse on nails or other projections which will cause a sharp bend to be formed in the fuse is prohibited.

(c) Before capping safety fuse, a short length shall be cut from the end of the supply reel so as to assure a fresh cut end in each blasting cap.

(d) Only a cap crimper of approved design shall be used for attaching blasting caps to safety fuse. Crimpers shall be kept in good repair and accessible for

(e) No unused cap or short capped fuse shall be placed in any hole to be blasted; such unused detonators shall be removed from the working place and destroyed.

(f) No fuse shall be capped, or primers made up, in any magazine or near any possible source of ignition.

(g) No one shall be permitted to carry detonators or primers of any kind on his person.

(h) The minimum length of safety fuse to be used in blasting shall be as required by State law, but shall not be less than 30 inches.

(i) At least two men shall be present when multiple cap and fuse blasting is done by hand lighting methods.

(j) Not more than 12 fuses shall be lighted by each blaster when hand lighting devices are used. However, when two or more safety fuses in a group are lighted as one by means of igniter cord, or other similar fuse-lighting devices, they may be considered as one fuse.

(k) The so-called "drop fuse" method of dropping or pushing a primer or any explosive with a lighted fuse attached is forbidden.

(1) Cap and fuse shall not be used for firing mudcap charges unless charges are separated sufficiently to prevent one charge from dislodging other shots in the blast.

(m) When blasting with safety fuses, consideration shall be given to the length and burning rate of the fuse. Sufficient time, with a margin of safety, shall always be provided for the blaster to reach a place of safety.

8. A table should be inserted at the end of § 1518.909 to appear as follows:

TABLE U-1

WARNING SIGNAL-A 1-minute series of long blasts 5 minutes prior to blast signal. BLAST SIGNAL-A series of short blasts 1 minute prior to the shot.

ALL CLEAR SIGNAL-A prolonged blast following the inspection of blast area.

Title 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter I-Office of the Secretary of Defense

SUBCHAPTER M-MISCELLANEOUS

PART 242—AIR POLLUTION CONTROL PART 243—WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

Discontinuance of Parts

Codification of Parts 242 and 243 is discontinued.

> MAURICE W. ROCHE, Director, Correspondence and Directives Division, OASD (Administration).

[FR Doc.71-7243 Filed 5-24-71;8:48 am]

Chapter V—Department of the Army SUBCHAPTER B-CLAIMS AND ACCOUNTS PART 538—NONAPPROPRIATED

FUNDS AND RELATED ACTIVITIES Title 32 CFR, Chapter V, Subchapter B, is amended by adding a new Part 538,

GENERAL POLICIES

as follows:

538.1 General.

538.2 Revenue-producing funds.

538.3 Welfare funds.

538 4 Sundry funds.

538.5 Vocational training funds.

538.6 Personnel.

Travel and transportation. 538.7

Sales of State tax-free beer; tobacco products, and soft drinks by nonappropriated fund activities.

PROTECTING, INSURING, AND INVESTING ASSETS; TORT AND CONTRACT CLAIMS

538.10-538.16 [Reserved]

NONAPPROPRIATED MILITARY WELFARE FUNDS

538.17 General.

538.18 Funds authorized.

CONTRACT CLAUSES

538.19 Appendix A-Equal Employment Opportunity.

Appendix B-Service Contract Act 538.20 of 1965.

538.21 Appendix C-Davis-Bacon Act.

AUTHORITY: The provisions of this Part 538 issued under secs. 3012, 4831, 70A Stat. 157, 272; 10 U.S.C. 3012, 4831.

GENERAL POLICIES

§ 538.1 General.

(a) Purpose. This part sets forth basic policies and principles governing the nonappropriated fund system within the Army establishment.

(b) Scope. (1) The policies and principles prescribed by this part are applicable to all nonappropriated funds on a worldwide basis, Major commanders may publish implementing directives not in conflict with this part

(2) The following funds are not subject to the provisions of this part but will be administered in accordance with other departmental regulations and directives specifically pertaining thereto:

(i) Funds of Army Emergency Relief.

(ii) Central Hospital Fund. (iii) Prisoner of War Funds. (iv) Patients' Trust Funds.

(v) Prisoners' Personal Deposit Funds.

(vi) Donor Deposit Funds. (vii) Funds established for civilian employees at civil works activities of the Corps of Engineers, Department of the

(viii) Funds established for contractors' employees at contractor-operated installations.

(ix) Funds of labor union locals, posts veterans' organizations, or credit unions. Responsibilities of commanders with respect to employee organizations and employee groups, for employee relations purposes, are contained in CPR 700, chapter 711. Provisions governing the establishment and operation of credit unions are contained in AR 210-24. Also see subparagraph (3) of this paragraph.

(3) Funds of private associations, defined in paragraph (c) (6) of this section are not subject to the policies and principles applicable to nonappropriated funds as prescribed in this part. Such associations and funds thereof, except as otherwise provided by law or regulations, may exist on a military installation only with the written consent of the installation commander. Such consent shall be contingent upon the following requirements and conditions as may be appropriate.

(i) That programs and activities conducted do not prejudice or discredit the military services or other agencies of the U.S. Government.

(ii) That activities will not be conducted in the name of an installation or organization of the Army establishment.

(iii) That neither the Army nor a nonappropriated fund as defined in this part shall assert claim to the assets of any such association; nor shall the Army or any nonappropriated fund incur any obligation on behalf of or assume any of the obligations of such an association.

(iv) That such associations will not engage in activities which are in conflict with provisions for proper disposition of priated funds defined in this part.

(v) That the nature and authorized function of such associations, together with provisions for proper deposition of residual assets and liabilities upon dissolution, will be established in their constitution and bylaws, charter, or articles of agreement.

(vi) That such associations are selfsustaining and receive no support assistance or facilities from the Army or from nonappropriated funds defined in this part except as provided in AR 210-55 and AR 420-80

(vii) That the installation commander has authority to enforce compliance by such associations with the conditions enumerated herein, to inquire into their activities, and to withdraw his consent for their existence on the installation if deemed necessary in the interest of the Government.

(viii) That private associations will not be established to provide morale, welfare, and recreational services essential to the operation of the Army.

(c) Explanation of terms. For the purpose of this part, the following defini-

tions apply:

- (1) Nonappropriated fund. A fiscal entity established by authority of the Secretary of the Army, or jointly by the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the Air Force, for the purpose of administering moneys not appropriated by the Congress, but derived primarily from the patronage of Armed Forces personnel; and which moneys are held in trust and used for the collective benefit of military personnel and their dependents or civilian employees of the Army and other Armed Services tenanted at Army installations. Nonappropriated fund entitles and their related activities are not incorporated under the laws of any State or the District of Columbia. but are instrumentalities of the United States established to conduct activities essential to the operation of the Army.
- (2) Revenue-producing fund. A nonappropriated fund established primarily to administer the sale of merchandise and services to military personnel and their dependents, and to civilian employees at Army installations and, secondarily, to generate a net financial return to be used for the collective benefit of personnel served. Revenueproducing funds make monetary distributions to welfare funds only.
- (3) Welfare fund. A nonappropriated fund established to receive and disburse moneys derived primarily from revenueproducing funds, and from other authorized sources, the use of which is to supplement, but not supplant, moneys appropriated by the Congress for the support of morale, welfare, and recreational programs collectively benefiting Armed Forces personnel or civilian employees.
- (4) Sundry fund. A nonappropriated fund established to perform a combination of the functions of revenue-producing and welfare funds, benefiting limited groups of military personnel their dependents, eligible civilian employees, or a combination of such personnel associated in voluntary membership; or to conduct specialized activities benefiting designated categories of Armed Forces personnel not associated in membership. Sundry funds neither receive nor con-

tribute monetary distributions from or to revenue-producing and welfare funds.

(5) Vocational training fund. A nonappropriated fund established at U.S. disciplinary barracks for the purpose of administering prisoner vocational and rehabilitative training activities, and which neither receives nor contributes monetary distributions from or to any other category of nonappropriated funds.

(6) Private association. A financially self-sustaining, nongovernmental organization or association, incorporated or not, and constituted, established, and operated by individuals acting exclusively outside the scope of any official capacity as officers, employees, or agents of the Government, Such associations are not established nor operated pursuant to authority vested in the Army or any official thereof (see paragraph (b)(3) of this section).

(7) Donor deposit fund. Funds donated by individuals for specific charitable, humanitarian, or similar purposes to enhance the socio-economic environment and to promote community relations. These funds may be received and administered as prescribed by installation and organizational commanders subject to approval of the major commander, and may be expended or used only for the donated purposes. Donor deposit funds are not to be identified as nor commingled with nonappropriated funds defined in subparagraphs (2), (4), and (5) of this paragraph.

(8) Installation. An installation is land and the improvements thereon, under the control of the Department of the Army, which has been established by order of the Department of the Army, and at which functions of the department are administered. Installations include arsenals, posts, camps, stations, hospitals, depots, airfields, ports, forts, laboratories, procurement organizations, or similar establishments at which military activities are conducted under the control of the Department of the Army.

- (9) Major command. For the-purposes of this part, the terms major command and major commanders mean the continental United States numbered Armies; the Military District of Washington; Department of the Army Staff Agencies having command jurisdiction over installations and major class II activities; Army Security Agency; Army Air Defense Command; Army Materiel Command; Army Strategic Communications Command: Military Traffic Management and Terminal Services, and oversea commands directly under the Department of the Army and the commanding generals, heads, chiefs, and commanders in chief thereof.
- (d) Basic concept of nonappropriated fund system. (1) It is the policy of the Department of the Army to provide a well-rounded morale, welfare, and recreational program to insure the mental and physical well-being of its personnel. Adequate free-time facilities should be provided, operated, and maintained through financial support from funds appropriated by the Congress of the United States. Nonappropriated funds will be

used to supplement the cost of programs using these facilities as prescribed in this part and other applicable regulations

(see AR 210-55).

(2) Nonappropriated funds established primarily for civilian employees of the Army are intended to provide food and other services where required, and to offer certain employment oriented recreational activities as inducement to recruitment and retention of the civilian work force.

(3) Necessary command supervision of nonappropriated fund activities will be provided without cost to nonappropriated funds. Housing, grounds, maintenance and repairs, supplies, equipment, and utilities services will be furnished to nonappropriated fund activities as pre-

scribed in AR 210-55.

- (4) Nonappropriated funds authorized by this part are instrumentalities of the Federal Government and as such are entitled to all the immunities and privileges which are available to the departments and agencies of the Federal Government under the Federal Constitution and statutes. Among the additional characteristics peculiar to nonappropriated funds established by this part are the following:
- (i) Such funds are established and supervised as a command function by officers or employees of the Government acting within the scope of their official capacity.
- (ii) Individuals, installations, organizations, and units have no proprietary interest in these nonappropriated funds, and profits, if any, generated by such funds do not accrue to any individual.
- (iii) Accumulations of nonappropriated funds which are in excess to the requirements of an installation, organization, or unit may be redistributed to other activities, installations, organizations, or units in accordance with procedures established by the Department of the Army

§ 538.2 Revenue-producing funds.

- (a) General. Revenue-producing funds are authorized to administer the sale of merchandise and services to military personnel and their dependents and civilian employees at Army installations and, secondarily, to generate funds as a primary source of income to nonappropriated welfare funds. Dividends derived from the net profits of revenue-producing funds operated primarily for military personnel will be devoted to welfare programs of military personnel: similarly, dividends from the net profits of revenue-producing funds operated primarily for the benefit of civilian personnel will be devoted to welfare programs of civilian personnel.
- (b) Exchanges. (1) Exchanges on Army installations are fiscally integrated with, and technically supervised by, the Army and Air Force Exchange Service. The Chief, AAFES, is responsible for administering the Executive Management Program (EMP), to include the authority to assign and transfer employees occupying EMP designated posi-

tions and authority to assign, transfer, and separate EMP employees after consultation with the commander concerned (AR 60-10/AFR 147-7). Funds of exchanges are administered and controlled within the provisions of the AR 60/AFR 147-series.

(2) The Army and Air Force Exchange Service is established primarily to administer the sale of merchandise and services to military personnel and other authorized customers and, secondarily, to generate funds as a primary source of income to nonappropriated military welfare funds.

(c) Theaters and funds. (1) Enter-tainment motion picture theaters on Army installations are fiscally integrated with, and technically supervised by, the Army and Air Force Motion Picture Service. Funds of theaters are administered and controlled under the provisions of AR 28-62/AFR 34-32 and related regulations

(2) The Army and Air Force Motion Picture Service is operated primarily for the purpose of furnishing recreation through the medium of entertainment motion pictures for military personnel, and secondarily to generate funds as a source of income to nonappropriated

military welfare funds.

- (d) Book departments and junds. Book departments may be established at authorized service schools for the primary purpose of providing students and faculty members with supplies and training materials, at reasonable prices, necessary in the furtherance of military education and for the secondary purpose of furnishing the school commandant with a source of nonappropriated funds to meet operating requirements not provided for from appropriated funds. These funds will be administered in accordance with AR 230-43.
- (e) Post restaurants and funds. The term "post restaurant" is used to designate the medium through which the installation commander provides necessary facilities and services for civilian employees at Army installations. The administration of these funds will be as prescribed by AR 230-81/AFR 176-5.
- (f) Armed Services newspaper funds. Nonappropriated funds may be established for the purpose of publication and circulation of oversea Armed Services newspapers. These funds also may be used for publication and circulation of other informational materials for internal service use when funding is authorized from nonappropriated funds. The administration and operation of these funds will be prescribed by the major oversea commander, except that editorial policy will be controlled by the appropriate oversea unified commander. Stars and Stripes, Europe, and Stars and Stripes, Pacific (AR 360-81), are examples of Armed Services newspapers.

§ 538.3 Welfare funds.

(a) General. (1) Welfare funds for military personnel are established at the departmental, major command, installation, and unit level for the purpose of administering nonappropriated welfare moneys. Welfare funds for civilian per-

- sonnel are established at departmental and installation level. Military nonappropriated welfare funds will be administered in accordance with §§ 538.17 and 538.18. Civilian nonappropriated welfare funds will be administered in accordance with the provisions of AR 230-81/AFR 176-5.
- (2) Programs supported by nonappropriated military or civilian welfare funds normally will be conducted without expense to individual military personnel or civilian employees, respectively; however, when the cost of conducting welfare programs exceeds the availability of appropriated funds and authorized resources of welfare funds, installation commanders may permit the collection of nominal service charges from participants and patrons of services activities to assist in the maintenance of such programs, unless specifically prohibited by the operating regulations.
- (3) Recurring dividend distributions to welfare funds provide a continuing income to finance operations of welfare programs and provide for the procurement and maintenance of property. Hoarding or dissipation of such dividends at their sources to the detriment of welfare programs will not be permitted. The major commander is authorized to transfer or redistribute assets of active installation and organizational military welfare funds which are in excess of requirements by making transfers to the major command welfare fund, redistributions locally, or by reporting the excess assets to the Department of the Army for transfer to the Army Central Welfare Fund.
- (4) Welfare fund councils will not incur obligations when the aggregate amount thereof exceeds net worth without written approval of the next higher
- (5) Within the continental United States, expenditures from military welfare funds authorized by this section will be for the primary benefit of military personnel and incidental benefit of their dependents.
- (6) Within oversea areas, military welfare funds authorized by this section will be for the primary benefit of military personnel and incidental benefit of dependents of military personnel, and civilian employees of the Department of the Army and their dependents.
- (7) Commanders exercising control over nonappropriated welfare funds should be guided by the principle that such funds are held in trust to be used for morale, welfare, and recreational activities of direct collective benefit to military personnel, and to civilian employees where applicable.
- (b) Army Central Welfare Fund. The Army Central Welfare Fund is established as a central depository from which redistributions are made to assist commanders in the maintenance of wellbalanced welfare programs for military personnel. The Army Central Welfare Fund will be administered by The Adjutant General under the general staff supervision of the Deputy Chief of Staff

for Personnel in accordance with policies established by the Department of the Army. The Army Central Welfare Fund is designated the successor in interest to the residual assets and liabilities of dissolved Army military welfare funds within the continental United States, of dissolved Army major command welfare funds in oversea areas, and of such other nonappropriated funds as the Secretary of the Army may determine,

(e) Major command welfare funds. Major command welfare funds are established to finance morale, welfare, and recreational activities primarily benefiting military personnel within the

command.

(1) Within the continental United States, major command welfare funds will be established at the headquarters of each major command of the Army.

(2) In oversea areas, major command and subordinate command central welfare funds may be established by the following echelons of command:

(i) Major commanders.

(ii) Major subordinate commanders.

(d) Central post funds. (1) Central post funds supplement appropriated funds in providing welfare equipment, supplies, and services for military personnel morale, welfare, and recreational activities of an installation.

- (2) A central post fund may be established at each installation occupied by two or more units, each of which is maintaining a unit fund authorized by this section. There will be only one central post fund at an installation. Where two or more installations are geographically adjacent, the central post fund of the installation reporting the greatest military strength may be authorized to serve the welfare requirements of the other installation or installations.
- (e) Unit funds. (1) Unit funds provide money for the procurement of articles or services which are not available from appropriated funds and which are for the welfare of military personnel of the unit to which the fund pertains.
- (2) Unit funds may be established by commanders of organizations smaller than battalions, such as companies, troops, batteries, bands, and detachments, except, that battalion unit funds may be established when the battalion is organized as the lowest echelon administrative unit within Army tables of organization. Unit funds are not authorized for organizations composed entirely of officer personnel.
- (3) Inmates' welfare funds at U.S. disciplinary barracks are comparable to unit funds and will be administered in accordance with AR 230-21 and AR 210-170. Monthly dividends will be paid to such funds by central post funds at U.S. disciplinary barracks. Expenditures of inmates' welfare funds for the benefit of all prisoners at U.S. disciplinary barracks are authorized regardless of the executed or unexecuted status of their discharges.
- (f) Installation stockade welfare funds. Installation stockade welfare funds may be established by installation

commanders for military prisoners undergoing training in correctional training facilities and prisoners confined in installation confinement facilities to assist in their confinement treatment. One such fund may be established at a military installation authorized a stockade under provisions of AR 190-2, and one such fund may be established at an installation which has a correctional training facility under the provisions of AR 190-19. Field stockade welfare funds are not authorized.

(g) Commandants' welfare funds. (1) Commandants' welfare funds are authorized to be established in conjunction with book departments at service schools within the continental United States for the purpose of-

(i) Development or improvement of training materials.

(ii) Payment of expenses incident to the engagement of civilian speakers or lecturers.

(iii) Payment of expenses incident to the official entertainment of distinguished guests when it is determined that appropriated funds cannot be made available and the appropriate commandant so certifies.

(2) Commandants' welfare funds are

governed by AR 230-43.

(h) Civilian welfare funds (1) Civilian welfare funds authorized by this regulation are established to provide financial support for recreational and welfare activities for all civilian employees at an Army installation, except civilian employees of engineer-operated civil works and civilian employees of contractoroperated installations.

(2) The Army and Air Force Civilian Welfare Fund is established to serve as a central depository at departmental level from which redistribution of funds may be made to assist installation commanders in the establishment and maintenance of adequate facilities and services patronized primarily by civilian employees at installations located within the continental United States.

§ 538.4 Sundry funds.

(a) General. (1) General characteristics of nonappropriated sundry funds are enumerated in § 538.1(c)(4). In addition, sundry funds must possess the following specific characteristics:

(i) They are established by written orders of competent military authority describing the purpose and designating the governing bodies and custodians.

(ii) They do not declare or pay dividends in any form and do not receive grants from revenue-producing or welfare funds.

(iii) Individuals derive benefits therefrom exclusively through participation in, or patronage of, the programs for which the funds are established.

(iv) Any profits generated by their programs and related activities will be retained and utilized to finance the specific programs for which the funds are established.

(2) The disposition of residual assets of dissolved sundry funds will be in accordance with the provisions of AR 230-60.

(3) Within CONUS, assets of sundry funds which are in excess to requirements will be transferred or redistributed upon approval of the Department of the Army, Requests for approval will be addressed to The Adjutant General, Attention: AGMF, Department of the Army, Washington, D.C. 20315.

(4) Sundry funds will not incur financial obligations when the aggregate amount thereof exceeds net current assets without written approval of the

next higher command.

(b) The Army Central Mess Fund. The Army Central Mess Fund is the central depository in the Department of the Army authorized to receive residual assets of dissolved open messes, including supplemental field ration mess funds within the continental United States, and dissolved oversea open messes, when the major command is inactivated. Redistribution of available funds may be made through grants or loans to open messes. Separate accounts will be maintained for accountability of funds derived from officers open messes, and from noncommissioned officers open messes. Custodial services will be provided by The Adjutant General who will administer these funds under the general staff supervision of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel.

(c) Oversea central mess funds. Central mess funds may be established for the purpose of providing financial assistance to open messes for the command concerned, and to serve as the central depository for dissolved open mess funds with the jurisdiction of the

oversea major command.

(d) Open mess funds. Open messes may be established at installations with the approval of the installation commander for the purpose of providing services essential to messing, morale, welfare and recreation of commissioned officers, warrant officers, honcommissioned officers, other enlisted personnel, and their dependents. Within the continental United States, funds of open messes will be established, administered, and dissolved in accordance with AR 230-60. Enlisted men's open messes may be established in oversea areas utilizing space criteria authorized for NCO Open Messes, and in CONUS utilizing space allowances authorized enlisted men's service clubs.

(e) Supplemental field ration mess funds. Supplemental field ration mess funds may be established to administer the collection and expenditure of service charges collected from persons subsisting in a field ration mess (see AR 30-41). Service charges will not exceed the minimum required to meet expenditures for which the charge is imposed. When the balance of cash and other liquid assets at the end of any fiscal month exceeds the combined amounts of accounts payable at the end of the same date and operating expenses anticipated for the next fiscal month, service charges will be reduced as required. Expenditures

the field ration and to provide equipment, supplies, and services not available from appropriated funds. Supplemental field ration mess funds will not engage in the sale of subsistence, beverages, merchandise, or other services. Supplemental service charges collected will not be commingled with collections from the sale of the field ration, or surcharges. The supplemental field ration mess fund may be administered as a separate sundry fund or as an activity of an open mess fund. Accounting procedures will be as prescribed by AR 230-65. Funds will be administered in accordance with operational principles prescribed by AR

(f) Department of the Army Chaplain Fund and other chaplain funds. The Department of the Army Chaplain Fund serves as a central depository to receive contributions and donations designated for the support and promotion of moral, spiritual, and social activities related to the religious program of the Army, to redistribute funds to chaplain funds at unit, organizational, or installation level, and to receive residual assets of dissolved chaplain funds. Installation, organizational, or unit chaplain funds may be established at an installation with the approval of the installation or organization commander. The receipts of such funds may be segregated according to religious denominations. Chaplain funds will be administered in accordance with AR 230-36.

(g) Army flying club funds. Army flying clubs are established to encourage and further the interest of military personnel in the field of aviation and to provide off-duty recreational activities for such personnel. Nonappropriated sundry funds established to administer Army flying club activities will be controlled by this section and the provisions of AR 28-95.

(h) Other sundry funds. Other military sundry funds (e.g., Overseas Transient Billeting Fund, AR 230-18; Bachelor Officer Quarters Fund, AR 210-14; Central Accounting Office Fund, AR 230-25; Guest House Fund; and Army Community Service Funds (AR 608-1)). may be established by an installation commander for purposes essential to the command mission, subject to compliance with this section and provisions of AR 230-60. The establishment of new sundry funds will be held to a minimum consistent with command mission. Where the establishment of a new program is contemplated, consideration will be given to the feasibility of incorporating such program, if appropriate, as an adjunct of an existing installation central post or open mess, prior to establishing a new sundry fund. This policy is also applicable to existing sundry fund activities. The establishment of civilian sundry funds within CONUS is not authorized. Income from service charges or other authorized sources will not exceed that required to finance activities for which the fund is established, and income will be expended only for the purposes for

may be authorized only to supplement which the fund is established. Accounting procedures will be as prescribed by AR 230-65.

§ 538.5 Vocational training funds.

Vocational training funds are established at U.S. disciplinary barracks for the purpose of furthering prisoner vocational and rehabilitative training. The administration of these funds will be as prescribed in AR 210-170.

§ 538.6 Personnel.

(a) Utilization of military personnel. (1) Military personnel staffing of nonappropriated fund activities will be in accordance with AR 1-45.

(2) Enlisted military personnel assigned to a nonappropriate fund activity as a primary duty will be limited as to the number of hours, over and above regular duty hours, for which they may be compensated from nonappropriated funds. Such personnel may not be paid for more than 24 hours per week from nonappropriated funds.

(3) Payments from nonappropriated funds may be made to enlisted personnel for authorized voluntary services rendered during off-duty hours under the following conditions:

(i) Employment does not impair or diminish efficiency in the performance of assigned military duties.

(ii) Such compensation shall be computed at an hourly rate for work per-formed while in an "off-duty" status except in the payment of sports officials when appropriate per game payments may be established based on the level of competition and local officiating rates.

(iii) Hourly rates of pay shall not exceed those in effect for civilian employees performing similar services in the mili-

tary community.
(4) Payments from nonappropriated funds may be made to commissioned or warrant officers for authorized voluntary services rendered during off-duty hours under the following conditions:

- (i) Services shall be limited to those to be performed on an intermittent fee basis, without direct supervision and control of official superiors, such as officiating at sports events and conducting educational, religious, recreational, or entertainment activities, so that no relationship of employer and employee is created
- (ii) Engagement for such services shall be in accordance with policies, established by the major commander.
- (b) Employment of retired members of the uniformed services. (1) As used in this section, the term "retired member" includes also those members of the uniformed services who are in a retainer pay status. Members of the uniformed services who are either retired from such service (or are in a retainer pay status) may be considered as eligible for regular full-time, part-time, temporary, or intermittent employment by a nonappropriated fund activity authorized and established pursuant to authority contained in this regulation. Action will be taken, however, to assure that such employment

is on an equitable basis, in strict compliance with the principles of merit and open competition, and avoids the practice and appearance of preferential treatment. The following principles will be strictly observed before employing such member in any position for which compensation for services performed is paid from nonappropriated funds.

- (i) Full consideration will be given to all eligible and qualified employees of the recruiting activity, in accordance with inservice placement and promotion procedures, before resorting to employment of retired members of the uniformed services.
- (ii) Before selecting a retired member of the uniformed services for employment, recruitment for the position will be conducted in a way designed to assure that reasonable efforts are made to obtain applicants from all possible sources in a manner which will avoid any suspicion of attempts to unduly limit competition to a particular individual.
- (iii) A vacancy must be well publicized and recruitment conducted over a period of time sufficient to give all interested candidates an opportunity to apply.
- (iv) Qualification requirements for a position may not be established in a manner designed to give advantage to a particular individual.
- (v) Every reasonable effort will be made to locate and recruit qualified candidates before appointing a retired member of the uniformed services to a position, and when selecting such retired member it must be clearly established that he is better qualified than any inservice candidate for the position.
- (vi) Positions will not be held open pending the retirement of a member of the uniformed services in order to provide that person with a preferential opportunity to apply for or be appointed to the position. Active recruitment will be initiated not later than the time the position becomes vacant unless suspension of recruitment may be fully justified for management reasons unrelated to the impending retirement of a member of the uniformed services.
- (vii) If the position was last occupied by the proposed appointee or any other military incumbent it must be clearly demonstrated that the proposed change to civilian incumbency is to meet a bona fide management need and not for the purpose of affording civilian employment to the proposed appointee.
- (2) Appointment of transfer of retired members of the uniformed services by Army or joint Army and Air Force nonappropriated fund activities, located on Army installations, during the 180 days immediately following the member's retirement requires the prior approval of the Secretary of the Army or an official designated by him for this purpose. The Secretary's authority in these matters has been redelegated as follows:
- (i) CONUS and oversea major commanders as defined in § 538.1(c) are authorized to approve appointment or transfers of retired enlisted members to

a position at activities within their command jurisdiction for which the annual salary does not exceed the entrance rate for a grade GS-7 position. Appointments or transfers of retired enlisted members to positions for which the annual salary exceeds the entrance rate for a grade GS-7 position, and appointments of all retired officers (regardless of the annual salary rate) require approval at the department level. Requests for approval must be routed through channels as follows:

Through: The Adjutant General, Attention: AGMF, Department of the Army, Washington, D.C. 20315

To: The Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel, Department of the Army, Washington, D.C. 20310.

- (ii) The Chief AAFES and the Chief AAFMPS, respectively, are authorized to approve appointments of retired enlisted members to a position for which the annual salary rate does not exceed the entrance rate for a grade GS-7 position, in an AAFES CONUS Area Support Center or an AAFMPS Regional Office or subordinate field office. Appointment of retired enlisted members to positions for which the annual salary exceeds the entrance rate for a grade GS-7 position and appointments of all retired officers (regardless of the annual salary rate) to a position in an AAFES CONUS Area Support Center or an AAFMPS Regional Office or a subordinate field office are subject to the approval of the Chairman of the Board, AAFEMPS, Such requests will be submitted through the Chief, AAFES or Chief, AAFMPS, as appropriate, to: The Chairman of the Board of Directors, Army and Air Force Exchange and Motion Picture Services, Washington, D.C. 20310.
- (iii) Designees may not approve appointments or transfers to a position in their own headquarters. Such action will be obtained from the next higher authority.
- (iv) Records will be maintained by the requesting installation or activity and the approving authority to support each request and permit meaningful inspection by the proper authority.
- (v) Requests for employment of retired members of the uniformed services will be submitted in writing and will be accompanied by a statement of the actions taken to comply with each of the policies prescribed in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph; the name, pay grade, social security number, duty station at retirement, and date of retirement of the prospective applicant; and the location, name of employing nonappropriated fund activity, date of proposed employment, job title and position, grade or simulated grade of position and the beginning rate of pay.
- (3) All Army and joint Army and Air Force nonappropriated fund activities employing retired officers of the regular components of the uniformed services, or having so employed such officers on or after December 1, 1964, by initial appointment, reinstatement, or reemployment of such retired officers, will prepare

and submit a report to the finance center of the uniformed services in which the officer holds retired status,

Addresses:

Commanding General, Finance Center, U.S. Army, Attention: Chief, Retired Pay Division, Indianapolis, IN 46429.

Retired Pay Department, U.S. Navy Finance Center, Cleveland, OH 44114.

Director of Allotments and Retired Pay (MR), Air Force Accounting and Finance Center, 3800 York Street, Denver, CO 80205. Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps, Code: CDH, Washington, D.C. 20380.

U.S. Coast Guard, Fiscal Procedure Branch, Station 616, Washington, DC 20226.

- (4) A one-time report is required upon initial employment and upon separation from employment. In the case of a regular officer employed on a part-time or intermittent basis, a monthly report is required. The written report will contain the following:
- (i) Title: Dual Compensation Status, Retired Officer of the Regular Service, Employed by Nonappropriated Fund Activities, RCS OSD-1218.

(ii) Name and address of employing nonappropriated fund agency.

(iii) Name, social security number of retired regular officer.

(iv) Effective date of initial employ-

ment, or date of separation from employment (separate reports required).

(v) Type of employment (identify one): Permanent, full-time; temporary, full-time; intermittent; permanent, part-time; or temporary, part-time (if intermittent or part-time, report must be submitted monthly as of the end of each calendar month, giving employment from-to date of months and years).

(vi) Signature, rank or grade, and title of nonappropriated fund or other official who is duly authorized to authenticate or approve agency payrolls.

(vii) Date of report.

(c) Utilization of civilian personnel.

(1) Civilian employees paid from non-appropriated funds will ordinarily be utilized in the operation of nonappropriated funds and related programs. Under the provisions of the Act of June 19, 1952, 66 Stat. 138, 5 U.S.C. 2105(c), civilian employees of nonappropriated funds will not be considered employees of the United States for the purpose of any law administered by the Civil Service Commission or the provisions of the Federal Employees Compensation Act.

(2) Civilian employees of nonappropriated funds are considered essential to the operation of the military establishment and their standing as employees will not differ materially from the standing enjoyed by other civilian employees of the Department of the Army.

(3) The pay, allowances, or other emoluments for nonappropriated fund employees will not exceed the maximum annual or hourly rates authorized in the locality of employment for a GS-15 in the classified Federal Service unless specifically approved by the Department of the Army; the Board of Directors, Army and Air Force Exchange and Motion Picture Services; or the Board of Directors, Army and Air Force Civilian Welfare Fund, as appropriate.

- (4) The employment of civilian personnel within the Army, compensated from nonappropriated funds authorized by this section will be without discrimination as to race, color, creed, or national origin. This policy applies to applicants for employment by such nonappropriated fund activities as well as to employees thereof.
- (5) The provisions of 5 U.S.C. 5531(2) and 5531(a) preclude a full-time Federal employee from being employed concurrently as a nonappropriated fund employee. However, a Federal hourly employee having less than full-time employment could receive nonappropriated fund compensation for performing other than his Federal job so long as his total employment would not exceed 40 hours per week. A nonappropriated fund employee may be employed in more than one nonappropriated job so long as his total number of hours of employment does not exceed 40 per week.
- (6) U.S. nationals employed by nonappropriated fund activities, wherever located, and foreign nationals employed by nonappropriated fund activities within the United States, its territories, possessions, and other areas subject to its jurisdiction, are forbidden by law to strike against the Government or any instrumentality thereof, to assert the right to strike against such body, or to be a member of an organization of Government employees which asserts the right to strike against the United States, knowing that such organization asserts such right (act of August 9, 1955, 69 Stat. 624, 5 U.S.C. 118p et seq.).
- (7) The use of official time of civilian employees paid from appropriated funds in the operation of revenue-producing and sundry funds is prohibited. However, the official time of civilian employees paid from appropriated funds may be utilized for the—
- (i) Performance of command responsibilities in the administration (including supervision, technical advice, audit, and inspection) of nonappropriated funds.
- (ii) Administration or operation of military welfare programs and facilities supported partially from appropriated and nonappropriated funds, provided such employment is within the purview of the purpose for which the money was appropriated. See also AR 230-81.
- (8) All civilian personnel paid from nonappropriated funds occupying other than temporary positions have reemployment rights after military service. The provisions of CPR R6 will apply to such personnel except for the right of appeal to the Civil Service Commission. In lieu of appeal to the Civil Service Commission in cases of denial to reemployment after active military service, the provisions of CPR E2 will apply to such employees, including the right of review by higher echelons up to and including the Secretary of the Army, where the regulations so provide.
- (9) Any person employed and compensated from funds collected from the sale of licenses and permits to hunt and fish

at a military installation (see AR 420–74) must be considered as an appropriated fund employee subject to Civil Service Commission rules and regulations and manpower authorization documents.

(10) Employment of civilian personnel by nonappropriated fund activities authorized by this section will comply with applicable Federal Labor Laws and will conform to the labor laws of the State or U.S. Territory in which the employing activity is located, when applicable, and will conform to the provisions of international agreements between the United States and foreign countries.

(11) Nonappropriated fund employees are entitled to benefits under the Federal Unemployment Compensation Program as set forth in AR 230-117.

- (12) Executive Order 10988 (DA Bul. 3, 1962), Employee-Management Corporation in the Federal Service, is not directly applicable to Army relationships with organizations composed of employees of nonappropriated fund activities gov-erned by this regulation. However, commanders responsible for the operation of nonappropriated fund activities at Army installations, including Army and Air Force Exchange and Motion Picture Services activities, will utilize the general provisions of CPR 700 as an administrative guide in conducting relations with nonappropriated fund activity employee organizations. Employee management relationships involving nonappropriated fund activity employees normally will be administered locally by the appropriate installation commander. Matters requiring action at departmental level pursuant to CPR 700 involving the conduct of relations with employee organizations composed of employees of nonappropriated fund activities at Army installations will be forwarded through command channels to the Deputy Chief of Staff for Personnel, Department of the Army, Washington, DC 20310. Such activities involving exchange or motion picture theater employees will be forwarded as prescribed above, but through the Chief, AAFES or the Chief, AAFMPS as appropriate. The Chief, AAFES and the Chief. AAFMPS are responsible for the resolution of employee relation matters as they may involve employees assigned to the joint Army and Air Force headquarters and subordinate service centers and elements thereof.
- (13) Nonappropriated fund employees may not engage in political activities which are in violation of the Hatch Act (sec. 9, Act of Aug. 2, 1939, ch. 410, as amended, 5 U.S.C. 118i et seq.). In this connection custodians, installation and major commanders will utilize as a guide, information contained in U.S. Civil Service Commission Pamphlet No. 20 "Political Activity of Federal Officers and Employees."
- (d) Minimum wages, (1) The Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) amendments of 1966, Public Law 89-601 enacted September 23, 1966 (29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) applies the minimum wage and overtime pay provisions of the act to nonappropriated fund employees of the Armed Forces including military person-

nel employed during off-duty hours, effective February 1, 1967.

(2) Section 306 of the Fair Labor Standards Act provides that employees referred to in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph will be paid not less than \$1.40 per hour effective February 1, 1967, and \$1.60 per hour effective February 1, 1968, for services performed in a work place located within a State of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, the outer Continental Shelf Lands (as defined in the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (ch. 345, 67 Stat. 462)), American Samoa, Guam, Wake Island, Eniwetok Atoll, Kwajalein Atoll, and Johnston Island, section 306 of the act also provides that nonappropriated fund employees in the Canal Zone shall receive basic compensation effective February 1, 1967, and thereafter of not less than the following rates:

- (i) \$1.00 an hour during the first year.(ii) \$1.15 an hour during the second year.
- (iii) \$1.30 an hour during the third year.
- (iv) \$1.45 an hour during the fourth year.

(v) \$1.60 an hour thereafter.

(3) The minimum rate to be paid to a covered nonappropriated fund employee shall not be less than either the current minimum wage or the applicable State or municipal minimum wage rate, whichever is higher.

(4) An employee who works more than 40 hours during a given workweek shall receive not less than one and onehalf times his regular basic rate of pay for all time worked in excess of 40 hours,

(i) One who is "employed in a bona fide executive, administrative, or professional capacity," as provided in section 13(a) (1) of the FLSA, and

(ii) Pursuant to section 7(f) of the FLSA, the 40-hour basic workweek will not apply if an employee's maximum workweek exceeds 40 hours because his duties necessitate irregular hours of work, provided an individual contract or agreement for employment (a) specifies a regular rate of pay of not less than the applicable minimum hourly rate and compensation is paid not less than one and one-half times such regular rate for all hours worked in excess of such maximum workweek, and (b) the employment contract or agreement provides a weekly guaranty of pay for not more than 60 hours based on the rates so specified.

(5) In determining the wage of a "tipped" employee, the amount paid such employee by his employer shall be deemed to be increased on account of tips by an amount determined by the employer, but in no event shall such increase be in excess of 50 percent of the applicable minimum wage rate. A "tipped" employee is defined as an employee engaged in an occupation in which he customarily and regularly receives more than \$20 a month in tips.

(6) The employing nonappropriated fund activity will, where applicable, de-

duct both Federal income taxes and FICA taxes from a "tipped" employee's wages, Such wages for this purpose include those paid directly by the employer and the value of the employers tips classified as wages in accordance with subparagraph (5) of this paragraph. The employer, however, will make a FICA contribution matching only those wages paid directly to the employee, exclusive of the value of tips considered as wages for purposes of compliance with the FLSA.

- (e) Cost-of-living allowances. Pursuant to Executive Order 11137. January 7, 1964, civilians employed overseas who are compensated by Army nonappropriated fund instumentalities of the United States (5 U.S.C. 2105(c)) who are citizens of the United States will receive certain base pay for allowances as prescribed herein. The Chief, Army and Air Force Exchange Service and the Chief, Army and Air Force Motion Picture Service will establish rates for employees of their respective activities. Major oversea commanders will be responsible for establishing rates applicable to employees of other nonappropriated fund activities. Payments will be subject to the following limitations:
- (i) Such allowances and differentials will not exceed those established under Executive Order 10903, January 9, 1961 (CPR T7) for employees in foreign areas; and Executive Order 10000, September 16, 1948, as amended (CPR T6), for employees in nonforeign areas.
- (ii) Allowances and differentials paid to nonappropriated fund employees in foreign areas and nonforeign areas shall be limited to those authorized to be paid appropriated fund employees of the Department of Defense in the same locality, except that an educational allowance may be paid as authorized in Department of State Regulations (Government Civilians, Foreign Areas).
- (iii) Maximum rates applicable to foreign areas are set out in the Standardized Regulations of the Department of State, and those applicable to nonforeign areas are set out in regulations of the Civil Service Commission as published in the Federal Personnel Manual.
- (2) Nonappropriated fund custodians will assure that payrolls include appropriate breakdown of allowances and differentials not subject to Federal income tax, and that these are excluded from the base pay reported on U.S. Treasury Department, Internal Revenue Service, Form W-2, "Withholding Tax Statement." Cost of living allowances are not subject to Federal income or FICA taxes.

§ 538.7 Travel and transportation.

- (a) Travel. (1) Reimbursement for personnel travel expenses from nonappropriated funds will not exceed the rates authorized by Joint Travel Regulations.
- (2) Air transportation accommodations for nonappropriated fund personnel travel will be limited to accommodations provided from appropriated funds for like travel (AR 59-41).

(3) Nonappropriated funds will not be used to defray expenses incident to official travel of military personnel and civilian employees paid from appropriated funds when such travel is conducted incidental to their duty assignments.

(b) Transportation—(1) Personnel.
(i) The transportation of nonappropriated fund employees and their dependents, and the movement of household goods and privately owned motor vehicles, may be authorized on the same basis as similar service provided appropriated fund employees under the provisions of volume 2, JTR. Such transportation and shipments, however, will be provided on a reimbursable basis from the employing nonappropriated fund, or by the employee from allowances authorized for such purpose.

(ii) AR 59-12 establishes eligibility of U.S. citizen nonappropriated fund employees for travel on MAC industrially funded aircraft. Such transportation for PCS or TDY purposes will be furnished on a space-required basis with reimbursement from the employing nonappropriated fund. A U.S. citizen nonappropriated fund employee stationed overseas, when travel to the oversea area was at nonappropriated fund expense, may be authorized space available emergency leave travel when traveling on competent orders to the CONUS APOE and return in connection with the serious illness, death, or impending death of a member of his immediate family.

(iii) Although AR 55-107 does not specifically identify nonappropriated fund employees as being authorized travel via MSTS facilities, space-required travel for U.S. citizen nonappropriated fund employees is authorized when traveling on competent PCS and TDY orders. Space-available transportation is authorized for the same personnel when travel is on emergency leave orders.

(2) Cargo. (i) Oversea commanders will determine what nonappropriated fund items may be carried on aircraft under their organizational control on a nonreimbursable basis. These items must be determined as basically essential to the morale and welfare program after considering factors such as geographical location, climatic conditions, other sources of supply, and availability of items. Once the determination is made, these items, including all property and merchandise of the Army and Air Force Exchange Service, may be transported on space-available nonreimbursable airlift, provided air transportation is required and can be furnished from available resources. The movement document will be annotated to indicate "Nonrevenue traffic." Items not so qualifying will be transported only on a reimbursable basis at the cost tariff rate and the movement document will be annotated "Revenue Traffic.'

(ii) AR 59-12 provides for the use of MAC industrially funded aircraft for transporting authorized nonappropriated fund traffic.

(iii) AR 55-167 provides for the use of MSTS for transporting authorized nonappropriated fund cargo.

(iv) DOD Regulation 4500.32-R, Military Standard Transportation and Movement Procedures (MILSTAMP) and DA Pam 55-10 provide documentation procedures for authorized nonappropriated fund shipments utilizing the military transportation system.

§ 538.8 Taxes.

(a) Federal taxes. Reporting and remittance of Federal taxes will be as prescribed by the appropriate Director of Internal Revenue.

(1) Federal income tax. Federal income tax will be withheld from compensation of civilian and off-duty military personnel employees of nonappropriated fund activities in conformance with the Internal Revenue Code as follows:

(i) Within continental United States, Alaska, and Hawaii—from compensation

of all employees.

(ii) Within the possessions of the United States, including the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico—from compensation of citizens of the United States or residents of such possessions, except that withholding is not required from compensation of permanent residents of the Virgin Islands, whether or not citizens of the United States.

(iii) Within foreign countries, including the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands—from compensation of citizens of the United States, and of citizens and residents of such countries as may be provided by treaty, convention, or executive agreement.

(2) Federal employment taxes. The FICA tax on wages, imposed by section 3101 of the Internal Revenue Code, will be deducted from the wages of civilian employees; and the excise tax on employers, imposed by section 3111, will be paid on such wages as follows:

(i) Within CONUS, Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands—on wages of all civilian employees irrespective of their citizenship.

(ii) Within other areas—on wages of civilian employees who are citizens of the United States.

(iii) No deduction will be made from the wages of military personnel employed

during off-duty hours.

(iv) The value of meals furnished by an employer to his employees is considered taxable wages for Federal employment tax purposes, notwithstanding the fact that such wages are excludable from the employees' gross income under section 119 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(3) Federal occupational taxes. Nonappropriated fund activities located in the continental United States, Alaska, and Hawaii are subject to the following occupational taxes imposed by the internal Revenue Code:

(i) The tax on a wholesale dealer in beer, imposed by section 5111(b). For the purpose of this tax, a military reservation constitutes a single premise so that only one tax is due irrespective of the number of locations that a nonappropriated fund activity operates on the

(ii) The tax on a retail dealer in liquor imposed by section 5121(a). For the

purpose of this tax, a military reservation constitutes a single premise so that only one tax is due irrespective of the number of locations that a nonappropriated fund activity operates on the reservation.

(iii) The tax on a retail dealer in beer, imposed by section 5121(b). For the purpose of this tax, a military reservation constitutes a single premise so that only one tax is due irrespective of the number of locations that a nonappropriated fund activity operates on a reservation.

(b) State, territorial, and local taxes.

(1) As instrumentalities of the United States, nonappropriated fund activities of the Army are entitled to the same immunity from the taxes of States, the District of Columbia, territories and possessions of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and political subdivisions thereof, as is the United States.

(2) Income taxes of States and territories will be withheld from the compensation of all civilian employees whose regular place of employment is within the State or territory, when an agreement exists between the Secretary of the Treasury and the State or Territory made pursuant to the Act of July 17, 1952 (66 Stat. 765, 5 U.S.C. 84b, 84c (1952 ed.)), and Executive Order No. 10407, November 7, 1952 (17 F.R. 10132), Upon the request by, and authorization of, a civilian employee not otherwise subject to withholding of pay under these agreements, voluntary withholding of income tax may be made in favor of the State of residence if that State has entered into such a withholding agreement.

(3) Taxes of a State, the District of Columbia, or a territory of the United States upon, or measured by sales, purchases, storage, or use of gasoline or other motor fuels will be collected and paid according to the provisions of 4

U.S.C. S104.

(c) Foreign taxes. Nonappropriated fund activities located in foreign countries, including occupied areas and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, will not pay to, nor collect for, any foreign country or political subdivision any tax unless the United States has consented to such levy collection by treaty, convention, or executive agreement.

(d) Procedures. Except as consistent with paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, all matters involving the attempt to impose taxes upon, or require collection by nonappropriated fund activities by the Federal Government, a State, the District of Columbia, a territory or possession of the United States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, a foreign nation, or any political subdivision thereof, will be reported in detail prior to payment or collection to The Judge Advocate General, Department of the Army. through appropriate channels. Negotiations with taxing authorities will not be conducted by any nonappropriated fund activity without the express authorization of The Judge Advocate General. The Judge Advocate General may designate any individual to negotiate with taxing authorities. For matters involving

ice operations, also see AR 60-20.

- § 538.9 Sales of State tax-free beer, tobacco products, and soft drinks by nonappropriated fund activities.
- (a) Purpose and scope. This section governs the sale of State tax-free beer. tobacco products, and soft drinks, in bulk and for consumption on the premises at Army installations. These provisions apply to all Army installations, organizations, activities, and personnel within the United States and its territories.

(b) Explanation of terms—(1) Soft drinks. The term "soft drinks" means any and all nonalcoholic beverages, whether carbonated or not, such as soda water: ginger ale: the various cola drinks: fruit juices when any plain or carbonated water, flavoring, or syrup is added; carbonated water; orangeade; lemonade; rootbeer: or any and all preparations commonly referred to as soft drinks.

(2) Sale in bulk. The term "sale in bulk," as applied to State tax-free beer, tobacco products, or soft drinks, means any sale of beer or soft drinks by the case or cigarettes by the carton, and also includes the sale of such articles in any lesser quantity if intended for consumption off the premises, or if in an amount which cannot be reasonably consumed on the premises by the individual purchaser.

(c) Sales. (1) The sale of State taxfree beer to authorized patrons in bulk or for consumption on premises is subject to the provisions of AR 210-65.

- (2) The sale of State tax-free tobacco products and soft drinks in bulk or for consumption on premises is an authorized Army exchange function (see AR 60-10). Open messes are authorized to sell State tax-free tobacco products and soft drinks in less than carton and case quantities.
- (3) The sale of State tax-free tobacco products through vending machines is prohibited.

PROTECTING, INSURING, AND INVESTING ASSETS; TORT AND CONTRACT CLAIMS

§§ 538.10-538.16 [Reserved]

NONAPPROPRIATED MILITARY WELFARE FUNDS

§ 538.17 General.

- (a) Purpose and scope. This section prescribes the use of nonappropriated military welfare funds, exclusive of commandants' welfare funds, to supplement appropriated funds in contributing to the morale, welfare, and recreational programs for military personnel of the Army, and establishes procedures governing the administration of these funds. (AR 230-43 is applicable to commandants' welfare funds.) The basic policies relative to the organization of nonappropriated military welfare funds are contained in AR 230-5.
- (b) Application. This section is directly applicable on a worldwide basis except where application outside the continental United States is specifically waived or modified. Army National Guard organizations having unit funds derived from Federal sources are subject

imposition of taxes on Exchange serv- to this section and to National Guard regulations. Commanders of major commands and the Chief, National Guard Bureau may publish appropriate procedural regulations not in conflict with this

> (c) Explanation of terms—(1) Major command. For the purpose of this section, the terms major command and major commanders mean the CONUS armies, the Military District of Washington, the U.S. Army Air Defense Command, Department of the Army Staff agencies and other commands directly under the Department of the Army having command jurisdiction over installations, and oversea commands directly under the Department of the Army; and the commanding generals, heads, chief, and commanders in chief thereof.

> (2) Installation. Installations include arsenals, posts, camps, stations, hospitals, depots, airfields, ports, forts, laboratories, procurement organizations, and other such establishments at which military activities are conducted under the control of the Department of the Army.

> (3) Minor revenue-producing activities. Authorized athletic, recreational and personal service activities from which income is incidentally derived, such as bowling centers, golf courses, crafts shops, swimming pools, and recreational area activities.

> (4) Reserve component units. Organizations of the Army Reserve, the Army National Guard, and the Army Reserve

Officers' Training Corps.

- (d) Establishment and financial support. (1) Nonappropriated military welfare funds are established at departmental, major command, installation, and unit level for the purpose of administering nonappropriated military welfare moneys to supplement the costs of benefits and services provided from appropriated funds for morale, welfare, and recreation of military personnel and incidental benefit of their dependents. Moneys may be expended from central post and major command welfare funds for support of the following activities benefiting dependents of military personnel. These expenditures are subject to determination of installation and major commanders that the use of such funds for these purposes will not adversely affect the support of morale, welfare, and recreational activities operated primarily for the benefit of military personnel.
- (i) Educational assistance program as authorized in AR 350-290.
- (ii) Procurement of recreational type articles and services as authorized in AR 230-5.
- (iii) Army community service program as authorized in AR 608-1.
 - (iv) Army guest house operations. (v) Army dependent youth activities
- program as authorized in AR 28-17.
- (2) Income of nonappropriated military welfare funds is derived as follows:
- (i) The Army portion of profits from operation of the Army and Air Force Exchange Service and the Army and Air Force Motion Picture Service, distributed as dividends to all military welfare funds

of the Army. The amount and method of distribution are announced annually by the Department of the Army in appro-

- priate directives.

 (ii) Collection of nominal charges when authorized by the installation commander to assist in the support of welfare programs in accordance with AR 230-5. Such collections will be made only when the cost of conducting the program exceeds the availability of appropriated and nonappropriated fund support and only for those programs where regulations do not prohibit these collections.
- (iii) Other authorized sources of income are as follows:
- (a) Contributions and donations in accordance with AR 230-5.
- (b) Grants from other welfare funds authorized to provide financial assist-
- (c) Income from investments in accordance with AR 230-8.
- (d) Proceeds from sale of fund-owned property.
- (iv) Within oversea areas, other sources of income may include net profit derived from authorized revenue producing funds, other than those cited in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph.
- (e) Council—(1) Appointment. The commander responsible for the establishment of a welfare fund will appoint a council for the proper administration and supervision of the fund. Council membership should be limited, but will include at least three individuals. The council president will be designated by the appointing authority. Civilian personnel will not serve as voting members on the council but may serve as the recorder or as advisors to the council.
- (i) Command welfare funds. Councils for command welfare funds will be composed of commissioned officers of the commander's staff who are concerned with personnel, logistics, and operations, and may be augmented by officers primarily concerned with troop morale, welspiritual, and fare. recreational programs.
- (ii) Central post funds. Councils for central post funds will be composed of commissioned officers and/or warrant officers of the commander's staff and major troop elements at the installation who are concerned with morale, welfare, spiritual and recreational programs; and at the discretion of the installation commander, the council may include senior noncommissioned officers of major troop elements of the installation. The council should be limited to the minimum number of members consistent with representation of installation staff and major troop elements.
- (iii) Unit funds. Councils for unit funds will be composed of at least one commissioned officer, and two noncommissioned officers and/or specialist E-4 and above. The commissioned officer will be the unit commander or one of his staff. The enlisted representatives will be members of the unit.
- (iv) Installation stockade Councils for installation stockade welfare funds will be composed of at least

two commissioned officers and one noncommissioned officer, or specialist E-4 or above.

(2) Procedures. (i) The council will meet at least once a quarter, or more frequently when necessary, at the call of the president. Reserve component units which have had no unit fund financial transactions during the quarter are exempt from this procedure.

(ii) Proceedings of the council meet-

ing will be recorded and will-

(a) Show members present and absent.

(b) Show actions taken.

(c) Include copies of financial statements of the fund, signed by the custodian, not previously entered in the record,

(d) Be signed by the president and the

recorder

(e) Be forwarded for approval to the commander who appoints the council.

(iii) The duties of a council are to—
(a) Ascertain that the fund is being properly administered and safeguarded. For command welfare funds and central post funds the council will direct the installation of a system of internal controls as prescribed in paragraph 2-1,

(b) Approve budgets required by AR 230-12. Development of these program budgets is the responsibility of the special services officer and other users of the fund in coordination with the fund custodian as to format and fiscal analysis. Approval of these budgets, which are based on projected income, does not constitute expenditure authorization. Councils of unit funds are not subject to this budgetary requirement; however, councils of unit funds which are administered as isolated units (receiving augmented dividends) should prepare an annual budget for more effective use of their increased income.

(c) Determine that all income has been received in full and recorded in the books of accounts and reflected in the financial

statements.

(d) Approve the amounts and purposes of all expenditures of the fund. Such approvals, usually for expenditures for the following quarter, may be of a general nature (such as total expenditures authorized for running a contest, fund administration, or recurring type program expenses), or may be of a specific nature (such as expenditures fo ra particular procurement of supplies, equipment, or rewards).

(e) Review the fund financial statements and other fund records as required to insure that all expenditures are made in accordance with approved council actions and within the purpose for

which the fund was established.

(f) Assure the accountability of all fund-owned property, the conduct of physical inventories of such property at least annually, and recommend disposition of property surplus to requirements.

(g) Assure that audits are scheduled and conducted as prescribed, and review reports of audits and inspections and take appropriate action thereon.

(3) Recorder. A member of the fund council will be appointed as recorder who will maintain and sign the minutes of the meeting. The custodian of a unit fund may be the recorder for a unit fund council where only one commissioned officer is assigned to the unit. Where the recorder of a major command welfare fund or a central post fund is not the fund custodian his duties as recorder will not conflict with those of the fund custodian. The recorder is responsible for securing agenda items from the users of the fund and the custodian, preparation and distribution of the agenda prior to a scheduled meeting, and distribution of excerpts from the approved minutes to the users of the fund and the custodian.

(f) Administration—(1) Custodian-(i) Appointment, The commander of a major command or installation establishing a military welfare fund (major command welfare fund or central post fund) will designate a commissioned or warrant officer as custodian. Subject to prior approval of the appropriate major commander and where qualified military personnel are not available, a civilian employee compensated from appropriated funds may be designated as custodian. A unit commander, having established a unit fund, will appoint himself or other commissioned officer of his staff as custodian of the unit fund. Except for unit funds, the custodian will be a nonvoting member of the council.

(ii) Duties. The custodian is responsible to the council for fund administration, establishing internal control procedures, and the performance of duty by assistants and employees, and will, as

applicable:

(a) Receive, safeguard, disburse, and account for funds and property in accordance with this chapter and other applicable regulations, and the policies and procedures prescribed by the council.

(b) Be financially liable for losses of funds and property only when dishonesty, fraud, or culpable negligence on his

part is established.

(c) Assure that the accounting system is in conformity with the applicable accounting regulation.

(d) Cause the financial statements and operating reports of the preceding accounting period to be prepared, and attest to their accuracy.

(e) Be responsible for all fund records, including all accounts and records of minor income-producing activities

of the fund.

(f) Employ, discharge, and supervise personnel assisting fund administration.

(g) Be responsible for maintaining adequate insurance in conformity with this part and AR 230-8.

(h) Advise the special services officer and other users of the fund in the development and preparation of their non-appropriated military welfare fund program budgets in accordance with AR 230–12. Prepare for and present to the Council budgetary analysis, and comments concerning regulatory requirements and limitations as they affect programed expenditures. Consolidate the budget for submission to the next higher headquarters.

(i) Serve, if designated, as the recorder for the fund council, without vote.

As the recorder, be responsible for securing agenda items, and preparation and distribution of the agenda prior to a scheduled meeting. In addition, maintain and sign the minutes of the meeting, and prepare and distribute excerpts from the approved minutes to the special services officer and other users of the fund as appropriate.

(i) Serve as the fund purchasing and

contracting officer.

(iii) Relief. When a custodian is relieved and successor custodian designated, transfer of accountability of a military welfare fund will be accomplished as follows:

(a) The outgoing custodian will prepare and sign the following financial

statements:

(1) Statement of assets and liabilities.
 (2) Statement of operations or of receipts and disbursements since the end

ceipts and disbursements since the end of the period covered by the last statement of operations and net worth. (3) Statement of the bank balance as

(3) Statement of the bank balance as of the date of transfer and reconciliation with that balance indicating unrecorded deposits and outstanding checks.

(b) The successor custodian will receipt for the fund and property pertaining thereto after satisfying himself of the accuracy of the statements and property records. When extensive audit is required, acceptance may be conditioned

upon audit and verification.

(2) Assistant custodian. Military personnel or civilian personnel in supervisory positions may be designated as assistant custodians of nonappropriated welfare funds by which they are employed or with which they are assigned duties. The duties and responsibilities of the assistant custodian will be those enumerated in subparagraph (1) (ii) of this paragraph during the temporary absence from duty of the custodian.

(3) Acting custodian. An acting custodian will be designated when a custodian is to be absent from duty for a period of 5 to 30 days unless an assistant custodian has been appointed under the provisions of subparagraph (2) of this paragraph. A new custodian will be designated when the custodian is absent from duty longer than 30 days. Responsibility for safe-guarding assets of the fund will be transferred by duplicate receipt showing assets stated in fund records, subject to confirmation within 30 days; the originals will be retained with the records of the fund.

(d) Interim custodian. An interim custodian will be designated when an organization goes into combat, or simulated combat, to preclude loss of assets. The interim custodian is not authorized

to make disbursements.

§ 538.18 Funds authorized.

(a) General. Command level determines the types of nonappropriated military welfare funds authorized, specific sources of income, and purposes for which these funds may be disbursed.

(b) Army Central Welfare Fund, The Army Central Welfare Fund is established by the Secretary of the Army as a central depository of nonappropriated funds from which redistributions are made to supplement appropriated funds in maintaining a well balanced welfare program for military personnel of the Army.

(1) There will be paid into the Army Central Welfare Fund—

(i) Exchange and Motion Picture Services dividends.

- (ii) Residual assets including cash, securities, and proceeds from the sale of property remaining in a command welfare fund, central post fund, unit fund, book department fund, or commandant's welfare fund when the fund is dissolved except as otherwise provided for in AR 230-1.
- (iii) Contributions or donations for the welfare of military personnel when a specific recipient is not designated by the donor.
- (iv) Moneys or other liquid assets determined to be in excess of the needs of military welfare and revenue-producing funds.
- (v) Moneys or other assets of nonmembership sundry funds (see AR 230-60) upon dissolution or when such assets are determined to be excess to the needs of such funds, but only in cases where the disposition of such assets is not otherwise specifically provided for.

(vi) All cash, securities, and proceeds from the sale of property pertaining to the Army remaining in the central welfare fund of an oversea command upon inactivation of the command.

(vii) Moneys or other liquid assets to be held in trust for other nonappropriated funds.

(viii) Interest on securities and bank accounts.

(ix) Collections in connection with the administration of centralized programs, such as the nonappropriated fund employee group health and life insurance and retirement programs.

(x) Collections for services rendered other nonappropriated funds and activities

(2) Disbursements other than payment of dividends may be made from the Army Central Welfare Fund for—

(i) Expenses incurred in the operation of the fund.

(ii) Grants and loans in support of Department of the Army sponsored programs and projects.

(iii) Book Department grants as authorized by AR 230-43.

- (iv) Indebtedness of dissolved military welfare funds, and sundry funds for which the Army Central Welfare Fund is the successor fund (subparagraph (1) (v) of this paragraph).
- (v) Grants to major command welfare funds only when an additional dividend is declared by the Board of Directors, Army, Air Force Exchange, and Motion Picture Services. Annual dividends are distributed on a per capita basis.
- (vi) Premiums and other costs incurred in connection with the administration of centralized programs such as the nonappropriated fund employee group life and health insurance and retirement programs.

- (c) Command welfare funds. Command welfare funds are established by major commanders to administer funds provided from sources cited in § 538.17 (d). Command welfare funds will be used to assist in financing equitable morale and welfare programs and related activities for the benefit of military personnel included in the strengths used to compute income to the command welfare fund concerned. Disbursements are authorized for—
 - (1) Cost of operation of the fund.
- (2) Grants to installation or organization military welfare funds within the command.
- (3) Procurement of articles or services and payment of awards considered necessary for morale, welfare, and recreational programs, and related activities benefiting military personnel of the command when not available from appropriated fund sources. However, cash or property of equivalent value awarded as prizes or trophies from nonappropriated military welfare funds will be made in accordance with AR 230-5 and will not exceed a value of \$25 for individual awards and \$100 for team awards unless a greater value is specifically approved by the appropriate major commander.

(4) Official mission activities other than those related directly to morale, welfare, and recreation of personnel, provided—

- (i) Expenditures do not exceed 1 percent of dividend income received from the Army Central Welfare Fund, within any two consecutive fiscal quarters (i.e., expenditures in a given quarter may exceed by 50 percent the 1 percent allowance for that quarter, or expenditures up to 50 percent of the allowance for a given quarter may be deferred to the next succeeding quarter, provided that total expenditures within any biquarterly period do not exceed 1 percent of dividend income in that period).
- (ii) Appropriated funds are not available for support of such activities.
- (iii) Expenditures are not made for the purpose of providing additional nonappropriated fund support to military personnel whose strength is reported by another command. The purpose for which these moneys may be expended, other than indicated above, shall be a matter for determination by the major commander exercising control over the command welfare fund concerned. Major commanders may suballocate to subordinate command or installation central post funds portions of the 1 percent command allowance for support of such official mission activities. Establishment of a separate fund to account for official mission activities expenditures is not authorized.
- (d) Central post funds. Central post funds may be established by commanders of installations where two or more units are located for the purpose of providing welfare benefits for military personnel as a whole at that installation when the benefits are not available from appropriated fund sources. Welfare funds may be established at USARADCOM region,

brigade, or group headquarters for the purpose of providing financial support of welfare activities normally provided by a central post fund. Disbursements are authorized for expenses related to sports, recreational, educational, religious, and welfare programs and activities including—

(1) Operating costs of the fund.
(2) Cost of equipment, supplies, and services procured for such programs and activities, and costs incident to the maintenance and repair of property so

procured.

(3) Salaries and employees' benefits of civilian personnel required for such programs and activities and at rates comparable to those paid appropriated fund employees performing similar duties. Such personnel may include but are not limited to service club directors, librarians, craft directors, entertainment directors, sports directors, and nonprofessional personnel required for special service programs, provided that manpower authorizations or budgetary considerations do not permit employment of such personnel compensated from appropriated funds. See AR 230-5.

(4) Cost of providing on an installation-wide scale, those facilities, supplies, and services for which expenditures from unit funds are authorized subject to the restriction imposed by paragraph (c) (3) of this section on monetary value

of awards.

(5) Payments, when necessary, to supplement appropriated funds for the establishment and operation of schools for military personnel in the fundamentals of learning.

(6) Dividends to unit funds, Income received by the central post fund for the payment of dividends will not be ex-

pended for other purposes.

(7) Official mission activities, other than those related directly to morale, welfare, and recreation of personnel, provided that funds therefore are made available by the major commander as authorized by paragraph (c) (4) of this section.

(e) Unit funds. (1) Unit funds authorized by AR 230-5 may be administered as single entities or by one of the

following methods:

- (i) Unit funds of two or more units of a battalion or comparable organization may be combined into a single consolidated unit fund account, the custodian to be designated by the battalion commander. A separate fund council will not be formed to control consolidated unit fund operations. The consolidated unit fund custodian shall be responsible only for receipt, disbursement, and accountability of funds and property pertaining to the unit funds as directed by the respective unit fund councils. The equities and identities of the individual unit funds will be segregated within the consolidated unit fund account.
- (ii) Where two or more units of company size are quartered or administered so as to utilize common recreational facilities supported by unit funds, consideration may be given to designating the

unit fund of a single unit to receive dividends based upon the average strength of all units involved and to support recreational needs thereof.

(iii) Reserve component unit funds will be established at levels of command where the most economical use of funds may be made to benefit all personnel.

(2) Disbursements are authorized for the following purposes, but only when equitable benefits accrue to the military personnel of the unit as a whole.

(i) Purchase of supplies, equipment, or services which contribute to the entertainment, recreation, comfort, or education of the personnel of the unit, garnishment of the unit mess, except that purchase of alcoholic beverages with an alcoholic content in excess of 3.2 percent by weight is prohibited. See AR 210.65.

(ii) Purchase of supplies, materials, or services required for the maintenance of property for which the unit fund is accountable or responsible and for emergency maintenance of Governmentowned welfare and recreational property issued to the organization.

(iii) Purchase of laborsaving devices and articles not available through mili-

tary supply services.

- (iv) Awards of property, cash, or the equivalent thereof, as individual prizes for proficiency in military pursuits, such as Soldier of the Month, and for recreational and educational contests conducted by a fund which all members of the organization to which the fund pertains are given equal opportunity to participate. The restriction imposed by paragraph (c) (3) of this section on monetary value of awards is applicable in this instance.
- (v) Purchase of authorized distinctive insignia or uniform trimmings (battalion and school insigna, etc.) for use, without reimbursement, by all eligible personnel of the unit.
- (vi) Purchase of unit histories and related materials for presentation to all members of the unit, and to new members at the time of joining the unit.

(vii) Payment of expenses necessary to safeguard assets of the fund.

(3) Transfer of assets of a unit fund is authorized to—

(i) Fund of new unit when unit is redesignated.

(ii) Fund of new unit when entire organization is transferred to that unit.

- (iii) New units on a pro rata basis when entire organization is reconstituted into one or more units located at the same installation, or in the case of National Guard units located in the same State.
- (f) Stockade funds. (1) Installation stockade welfare funds may be established by installation commanders for the purpose of providing recreational benefits for military prisoners confined in installation stockades and hospital prisoner wards and to assist in their rehabilitation.
- (2) Income to the fund will include regular monthly dividends distributed by the installation central post fund at per capita rates announced annually by the department of the Army, and authorized contributions.

(3) Such funds will be administered in accordance with the principles prescribed for unit funds, and will not be commingled with prisoners' personal deposit funds.

(4) Disbursements are authorized for the same items and purposes as are authorized in this chapter from central post funds and unit funds, subject to such limitations as the installation commander may impose, and provided further that stockade funds are for the exclusive benefit of military prisoners.

(g) Inmates' welfare funds. (1) Inmates' welfare funds may be established by installation commanders at installations having a U.S. disciplinary barracks for the purpose of providing recreational benefits for military prisoners confined in U.S. disciplinary barracks and to assist in their rehabilitation.

(2) Income to the fund will include regular monthly devidends distributed by the installation central post fund at per capita rates announced annually by the Department of the Army and by authorized contributions.

(3) Such funds will be administered in accordance with the principles prescribed for unit funds.

(h) Isolated units. (1) The term "isolated unit" applies to an Army organization, except USAR ADCOM units, authorized to establish a unit fund when—

 (i) It is the only such organization present at a separate military installation not authorized a central post fund; or

(ii) It is located on a military installation authorized to establish a central post fund, but the geographical location of the unit or the duties of the members of the unit are such as to preclude normal use of welfare and recreational facilities financially supported by the installation central post fund.

(2) Dividends will be paid directly to isolated unit funds by a central post fund designated by the appropriate major commander for that purpose. Such dividends shall include the regularly authorized unit fund dividend, plus that dividend which is normally paid to a central post fund based on the unit average monthly strength.

(3) United States Army Air Defense Command unit funds will not be considered "isolated" units as defined in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, and will be paid only the prescribed unit fund dividend. Dividends normally paid to a central post fund based on unit average strength will be paid to, and retained for expenditure by, the USARAD COM region, brigade, or group welfare fund established in lieu of a central post fund.

- (4) Isolated units may be provided grants from the command welfare fund of the major command which exercises jurisdiction over the installation responsible for distribution of unit fund dividends to the units. USARADCOM units other than tenant units defined in paragraph (i) of this section will be provided grants from the USARADCOM welfare fund.
- (5) Where members of isolated units are able to participate in some recrea-

tion and welfare activities of a nearby installation, agreement may be made between isolated unit and installation commanders whereby isolated unit funds will reimburse the central post fund for such participation.

(i) Tenant units, (1) The term "tenant unit" applies to the following:

 A military organization physically located at an installation where the organization is of a different service.

(ii) An organization physically located at an installation of the same service when the organization is under the command jurisdiction of a major commander other than the one who exercises command jurisdiction over the installation.

(2) A tenant unit which is physically located at an installation so that facilities and services provided by the installation central post fund are not readily accessible to personnel of the unit will be administered as an "isolated unit" under provisions of paragraph (h) of this section

(3) Installation commanders are responsible for provision of welfare benefits to tenant units of other services (AR 210-53). Major commanders are responsible for insuring that each tenant unit at installations under their jurisdiction is provided welfare benefits in the same manner and to the same extent as comparable organizations of their commands.

(j) Reserve components—(1) Ordered to annual active duty for training (AN ACDUTRA). Reserve component organizations or units ordered to annual active duty for training will be provided nonappropriated military welfare benefits. Dividend distributions to such Reserve component organizations authorized to provide funds for off-duty recreational purposes during the period the organization is on annual active duty for training. Retroactive distribution of such dividends, which would have the effect of accumulating additional funds for use by the organization when not on active duty, is not authorized.

(2) Ordered to active military service. Reserve component organizations or units ordered to active military service will be provided nonappropriated military welfare benefits in accordance with procedures established for regular Army organizations and units. Disposition of assets and property upon inactivation of the organization or unit is provided for in AR 230-1.

(3) Not on active duty. (i) Unit funds may be established and administered at U.S. Army Reserve training centers, as prescribed for units of the Active Army in paragraph (e) of this section for the benefit of Army Reserve personnel assigned to TOE and Troop Program TD organizations not on active duty. Army Reserve unit funds will be subject to other provisions of Army regulations governing unit funds except as indicated in this subdivision and subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph.

(ii) Army Reserve unit funds authorized in subdivision (i) of this subparagraph may engage in the operation of

vending machines to dispense food, tobacco products, and nonalcoholic beverages in Reserve training centers not located on active class I and II Army installations as provided by AR 60-10. AR 230-5, and other portions of this chapter. All items sold through vending machines will be tax paid in accordance with the laws of the State or territory of the United States within which the Reserve training center is located. The vending machines may be owned and operated directly by Army Reserve unit funds or operated under agreements with concessionaires. Income derived from the operation of such vending machines will be paid to the Army Reserve unit funds and used for the benefit of members of the units to which the funds pertain.

(iii) Where two or more unit funds are established at a single Reserve training center, a consolidated unit fund custodian may be designated pursuant to paragraph (e) (1) (i) of this section of contracting with vending machine concessionaires and to distribute the income derived therefrom to unit funds of various participating units on a per capita basis. Concessionaire contracts entered into between fund custodians and concessionaires will be in a written form prescribed by the respective commanders and will be awarded competitively.

CONTRACT CLAUSES

§ 538.19 Appendix A—Equal Employment Opportunity.

1. The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, sex, or national origin. The contractor will take affirmative action to insure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, color, sex, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to, the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post, in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided by the contracting officer setting for the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

2. The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, religion, color, sex, or national origin.

3. The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which he has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice, to be provided by the contracting officer, advising the labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under section 202 of Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, as amended, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

4. The contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, as amended, and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Sec-

retary of Labor.

5. The contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, as amended, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to his books, records, and accounts by the contracting officer and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.

6. In the event of the contractor's non-compliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of such rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, as amended, and other sanctions may be imposed and remedies involved as provided in Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, as amended, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.

7. The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs 1 through 6 in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor Issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, as amended, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the contracting officer may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance: Provided, however, That in the event the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the contracting officer, the contractor may request the contracting officer to assist in the enforcement of this clause.

§ 538.20 Appendix B—Service Contract Act of 1965.

(a) General. The Service Contract Act of 1965 (Public Law 89-286: 79 Stat. 1035), as amended, applies to contracts entered into by the United States including contracts of nonappropriated fund activities, the principal purpose of which is to furnish services in the United States through the use of service employees as defined in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) Explanation of terms. (1) "Secretary" means Secretary of Labor.

(2) The term "service employee" means guards, watchmen, and any person engaged in a recognized trade or craft, or other skilled mechanical craft, or in unskilled, semiskilled, or skilled manual labor occupations; and any other employee including a foreman or supervisor in a position having trade, craft, or laboring experience as the paramount requirements: and shall include all such persons regardless of any contractual relationship that may be alleged to exist between a contractor or subcontractor and such persons.

(3) The term "United States" when used in a geographical sense shall include any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Outer Continental Shelf lands as defined in the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Acts, American Samoa, Guam, Wake Island, Enlwetok Atoll, Kwajalein Atoll, Johnston Island, but shall not include any other territory under the jurisdiction of the United States or any United States base or possession within a foreign country.

(c) Contract clauses. The following clauses shall be included in each invitation to bid, request for quotation, and any contract entered into with an Army nonappropriated fund activity, if such contract is in excess of \$2,500 and the contracting officer determines that it is a contract the principal pur-

pose of which is to obtain services in the United States through the use of service employees and that is not otherwise exempted by this part.

(1) Each service employee employed in the performance of this contract by the contractor or any subcontractor shall be paid the minimum monetary wage and shall be furnished fringe benefits in accordance with the wages and fringe benefits determined by the Secretary of Labor or his authorized representative, as specified in any attachment to this contract. If there is such an attachment, any class of service employee which is not listed therein but which is to be employed under this contract, shall be classified or reclassified and paid wages conformably to the Secretary's determination as specified in such attachment, by agreement between the interested parties, and contracting officer shall report the action to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions of the Department of Labor. If the interested parties do not agree on a classification or reclassification which is, in fact, conformable, the contracting officer shall submit the question together with his recommendation, to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions of the Department of Labor or his authorized representative for final determination. In addition, nonservice employees shall be paid not less than the minimum wage specified under section 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (\$1.60 per hour as of February 1, 1968).

(2) The contractor or subcontractor may discharge the obligation to furnish fringe benefits specified in the attachment by furnishing any equivalent combinations of fringe benefits, or by making equivalent or differential payments in cash, pursuant to applicable rules of the Administrator of the Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions of the Department of Labor.

sions of the Department of Labor.

(3) In the absence of a minimum wage attachment for this contract, neither the contractor nor any subcontractor under this contract shall pay any of his employees performing work under the contract (regardless of whether they are service employees) less than the minimum wage specified by section 6(a) (1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (\$1.60 per hour as of February 1, 1968). Nothing in this provision shall relieve the contractor or any subcontractor of any other obligation under law or contract for the payment of a higher wage to any employee.

(4) The contractor shall notify each service employee commencing work on this contract of the minimum monetary wage and any fringe benefits required to be paid pursuant to this contract, or shall post a notice of such wages and benefits in a prominent and accessible place at the worksite, using such poster as may be provided by the Department of Labor.

(5) The contractor shall not permit any part of the services called fer by this contract to be performed in buildings or surroundings or under working conditions provided by or under the control or supervision of the contractor which are unsanitary or hazardous or dangerous to the health or safety of service employees engaged to furnish these services.

(6) Each contractor or subcontractor performing work subject to the Act shall make and maintain for 3 years from the completion of the work the records identified below for each service employee performing work under the contract, and shall make them available for inspection and transcription by authorized representatives of the Administrator of the Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions of the United States Department of Labor.

(a) His name and address.

(b) His work classification or classifications, rate or rates of monetary wages and fringe benefits provided, rate or rates of fringe benefit payments in lieu thereof, and total daily and weekly compensation.

The Contractor and any subcontractor hereunder shall pay all of their employees engaged in performing work on the contract not less than the minimum wage specified under section 6(a) (1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (\$1.60 per hour as of February 1, 1968), and are subject to the regulations of the Secretary of Labor

thereunder (29 CFR Part 4).

- (e) Wage determinations and fringe benefits. Minimum monetary wages and fringe benefits required under this Act will be determined by the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Public Contracts Divisions of the Department of Labor. As such determina-tions are issued, appropriate distribution to procurement offices will be made. Nonappropriated fund custodians should contact the installation purchasing and contracting officer for information concerning these issuances. In the absence of advice to the contrary, purchasing offices shall use the minimum wage indicated in the notice of intention submitted pursuant to paragraph (f) of this section. If no determination has been issued, the contractor is required by paragraph (c) (3) of this section of the contract clause to pay not less than the mini-mum wage of \$1.60 specified in section 6(a) (1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended.
- (c) His daily and weekly hours so worked.
 (d) Any deductions, rebates, or refunds from his total daily or weekly compensation.
 (7) The contracting officer may withhold
- (7) The contracting officer may withhold or cause to be withheld from the Government Prime Contractor under this or any other Government contract such sums as are necessary to pay underpaid employees. Additionally, any failure to comply with the requirements of these clauses relating to the Service Contract Act of 1965 may be grounds for termination of his right to proceed with the contract work. In such event, the Government may enter into other contracts or arrangements for completion of the work, charging the contractor with any additional cost.
- (8) The contractor agrees to insert these clauses relating to the Service Contract Act of 1965 in all subcontracts. The term "contractor" as used in these clauses in any subcontract, shall be deemed to refer to the subcontractor, except in the term "Government Prime Contractor."
- (9) As used in these clauses relating to the Service Contract Act of 1965, the term "service employee" means guards, watchmen, and any person engaged in a recognized trade or craft, or other skilled mechanical craft, or in unskilled, semiskilled, or skilled manual labor occupations; and any other employee including a foreman or supervisor in a position having trade, craft, or laboring experience as the paramount requirement; and shall include all such persons regardless of any contractual relationship that may be alleged to exist between a contractor or subcontractor and such persons.
- (d) Special clause. The following clause shall be included in each invitation to bid, request for quotation, and any contract entered into with an Army nonappropriated fund activity, if such contract is for \$2,500 or less, and the contracting officer determines that it is a contract the principal purpose of which is to obtain services in the United States through the use of service employees and that it is not otherwise exempted by the provisions herein:

(f) Notice of intention. Prior to issuing invitation for bids or commencing negotiations for any contract containing the clause set forth in paragraph (c) of this section, the issuing office shall submit a "Notice of Intention to Make a Service Contract and Response Notice" (Standard Form 98) to the Administrator, Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions of the Department of Labor. Such notice shall ordinarily be submitted 30 days or more prior to the issuance of the solicitation. Where circumstances prevent submission of the notice by that time, it shall be submitted as soon thereafter as practicable. Standard Form 98 may be obtained from the General Service Administration Regional Supply Depots. The back of the form contains instructions for its completion (notwithstanding the instructions on the form, only the original and three copies shall be forwarded). Whenever detailed information which is requested is not readily available, such pertinent general information as is available should be provided. For example, if meaningful estimates of the number of service employees in various classes to be used on the contract cannot be made estimates of the total number of employees or of the numbers falling within the categories

enumerated in paragraph (b) of this section should be supplied if practical. (g) Exemptions, These requirements shall

not apply to-

 Any contract of the United States or District of Columbia for construction, alteration and/or repair, including painting and decorating of public buildings or public works;

(2) Any work required to be done in accordance with the provisions of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act (49 Stat. 2036);

- (3) Any contract for the carriage of freight or personnel by vessel, airplane, bus, truck, express, railway line, or oil, or gas pipeline where published tariff rates are in effect;
- (4) Any contract for the furnishing of services by radio, telephone, telegraph, or cable companies subject to the Communications Act of 1934;
- (5) Any contract for public utility services, including electric light and power, water, steam, and gas;
- (6) Any employment contract providing for direct services to a Federal agency by an individual or individuals;
- (7) Any contract with the Post Office Department, the principal purpose of which is the operation of postal contract stations;
- (8) Any contract exempted by the Secretary of Labor from the application of the Service Contract Act of 1965.

§ 538.21 Appendix C-Davis-Bacon Act.

(a) The Davis-Bacon Act (Act of March 3, 1931, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) provides that certain contracts over \$2,000 entered into by any Department for the construction. alteration, or repair (including painting and decorating) of public buildings or public works within the United States shall contain a provision to the effect that no laborer or mechanic employed directly upon the site of the work contemplated by the contract shall receive less than the prevailing wage, including basic hourly rates and fringe benefits payments, as determined by the Secretary of Labor. The provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act are applicable to contracts covering construction, alteration, and repair financed in whole or in part by nonappropriated funds, except work financed entirely by voluntary contributions or donations made to nonappropriated funds specifically to accomplish such work.

- (b) Every nonappropriated fund construction contract subject to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act shall include the following clauses;
- (1) All mechanics and laborers employed or working directly upon the worksite shall be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are otherwise authorized), the full amounts due at time of payment computed at wage rates not less than the aggregate of the basic hourly rates and rates of payments, contributions, or costs for any fringe benefits contained in the wage determination decision of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor or subcontractor and such laborers and mechanics. A copy of such wage determination decision shall be kept posted by the contractor at the site of the work in a prominent place where it can be easily seen by the workers.
- (2) The contractor may discharge his obligation under this clause to workers in any classification for which the wage determination decision contains—
- Only a basic hourly rate of pay, by making payment at not less than such basic hourly rate, except as otherwise authorized.
- (ii) Both a basic hourly rate of pay and fringe benefits payments, by making payment in cash, by irrevocably making contributions pursuant to a fund, plan, or program for, and/or by assuming an enforce-able commitment to bear the cost of bona fide fringe benefits contemplated by the Davis-Bacon Act, or by any combination thereof. Contributions made, or costs assumed, on other than a weekly basis shall be considered as having been construc-tively made or assumed, during a weekly period to the extent that they apply to such period. Where a fringe benefit is expressed in a wage determination in any manner other than as an hourly rate and the contractor pays a cash equivalent or provides an alternative fringe benefit, he shall furnish information with his payrolls showing how he determined that the cost incurred to make the cash payment or to provide the alternative fringe benefit is equal to the cost of the wage determination fringe benefit. In any case where the contractor provides a fringe benefit different from any contained in the wage determination, he shall similarly show how he arrived at the hourly rate shown therefor. In the event of disagreement between or among the interested parties as to an equivalent of any fringe benefit, the custodian shall submit the question, together with his recommendation, to the Secretary of Labor for final determination.
- (3) The assumption of an enforceable commitment to bear the cost of fringe benefits, or the provision of any fringe benefits not expressly listed in section 2b of the Davis-Bacon Act or in the wage determination decision forming a part of the contract, may be considered as payment of wages only with the approval of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to a written request by the contractor. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside assets, in a separate account, to meet his obligations under any unfunded plan or program.
- (4) The custodian shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics which is not listed in the wage determination decision and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified or reclassified conformably to the wage determination decision, and shall report the action taken to the Secretary

of Labor, If the interested parties cannot agree on the proper classification or re-classification of a particular class of laborers or mechanics to be used, the custodian shall submit the question, together with his recommendation, to the Secretary of Labor for

final determination.

(5) In the event it is found by the custodian that any laborer or mechanic employed by the contractor or any subcontracdirectly on the site of the work covered by this contract has been or is being paid at a rate of wages less than the rate of wages required by this clause, the custodian may (i) by written notice to the Government Prime Contractor terminate his right to proceed with the work, or such part of the work as to which there has been a fall-ure to pay said required wages, and (ii) prosecute the work to completion by contract or otherwise, whereupon such contractor and his sureties shall be liable to the Government for any excess costs occasioned

the Government thereby.

(6) Subparagraphs (1) through (5) of the clause shall apply to this contract to the extent that it is (i) a prime contract with the Government subject to the Davis-Bacon Act or (ii) a subcontract also subject to the Davis-Bacon Act under such prime contract.

(c) The provisions of this section are applicable to all contracts negotiated after December 5, 1968.

For the Adjutant General.

R. B. BELNAP. Special Advisor to TAG.

[FR Doc.71-7208 Filed 5-24-71;8:45 am]

Title 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter III-Agricultural Research Service, Department of Agriculture

PART 354-OVERTIME SERVICES RE-LATING TO IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

Commuted Traveltime Allowances

Pursuant to the authority conferred upon the Director of the Agricultural Quarantine Inspection Division by § 354.1 of the regulations concerning overtime services relating to imports and exports (7 CFR 354.1), effective May 1, 1971 (36 F.R. 8235), administrative instructions (7 CFR 354.2), effective May 19, 1970, as amended October 28, 1970, January 19, 1971, and April 7, 1971 (35 F.R. 7689, 16678, 36 F.R. 823, 6559), prescribing the commuted traveltime that shall be included in 'each period of overtime or holiday duty, are hereby amended by adding to and deleting from the "lists" therein as follows:

§ 354.2 Administrative instructions prescribing commuted traveltime.

WITHIN METROPOLITAN AREA

ONE HOUR

Add: Portland, Maine. Add: Providence, R.I. Add: Wilmington, Del.

> OUTSIDE METROPOLITAN AREA ONE HOUR

Delete: Olympia, Wash. (served from Mc-Chord AFB, Wash.).

TWO HOURS

Add: Mayaguez, P.R. (served from Ramey AFB, P.R.).

Add: Olympia, Wash. (served from Mc-Chord AFB, Wash.).

THREE HOURS

Mayaguez, P.R. (served from Delete: Ramey AFB, P.R.)

Delete: Any undesignated Washington port served from Astoria or Portland, Oreg., or from Seattle, Wash.

Add: Any undesignated Washington port served from Astoria or Portland, Oreg., or from McChord AFB, or Seattle, Wash.

FOUR HOURS

Add: Grays Harbor, Wash. (served from McChord AFB, Wash.).

Add: Willapa Bay, Wash. (served from McChord AFB, Wash.).

SIX HOURS

Delete: Port Angeles, Wash. (served from Seattle, Wash.).
Add: Port Angeles, Wash. (served from

McChord AFB, or Seattle, Wash.).

1960

These commuted traveltime periods have been established as nearly as may be practicable to cover the time necessarily spent in reporting to and returning from the place at which the employee performs such overtime or holiday duty when such travel is performed solely on account of such overtime or holiday duty. Such establishment de-pends upon facts within the knowledge of the Agricultural Quarantine Inspection Division. It is to the benefit of the public that this amendment be made effective at the earliest practicable date. Accordingly, pursuant to the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553, it is found upon good cause that notice and public procedure on this amendment are impracticable, unnecessary, and contrary to the public interest, and good cause is found for making this amendment effective less than 30 days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(64 Stat. 561; 7 U.S.C. 2260)

This amendment shall become effective upon publication in the Federal Register (5-25-71)

Done at Hyattsville, Md., this 20th day of May 1971.

T. G. DARLING, Acting Director, Agricultural Quarantine Inspection Division.

[FR Doc.71-7267 Filed 5-24-71;8:50 am]

Chapter XIV-Commodity Credit Corporation, Department of Agriculture

SUBCHAPTER C-EXPORT PROGRAMS

PART 1488—FINANCING OF SALES OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

Subpart A—Financing of Export Sales of Agricultural Commodities From Private Stocks Under CCC Export Credit Sales Program (GSM-4), Revision II)

BEEF BREEDING CATTLE

The regulations contained in Subpart A, Part 1488, Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, governing the CCC Export Credit Sales Program, are amended to include a revised Supplement I which incorporates minor changes in specifications and certain other clarifying changes with respect to the export financing of beef breeding cattle, as follows:

SUPPLEMENT I-BEEF BREEDING CATTLE

A. Additional definitions.

B. Submission of applications for financing. Additional documents required after delivery.

D. Miscellaneous,

E. Dual purpose breeds.

Exhibit I—Females. Exhibit II—Bulls.

Appendix I-Performance Testing Appendix II-Specifications for Official U.S. Standards for Grades.

AUTHORITY: The provisions of this Supplement I issued under sec. 5(1), 62 Stat. 1072, 15 U.S.C. 714c; sec. 407, 63 Stat. 1055, as amended, 7 U.S.C. 1427; sec. 4, 80 Stat. 1538, 7 U.S.C. 1707a.

A. Additional definitions, 1. "Port value" means the net amount of the exporter's sales price for beef breeding cattle to be exported under the financing agreement, basis f.a.s. or f.o.b. export carrier at U.S. ports, at U.S. border points of exit, or at U.S. airports if shipped by air. The point of exportation for animals shall be designated by the Agricultural Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture. The port value shall not include the ocean freight for a c. & f. sale or ocean freight and marine and war risk insurance for a c.i.f. sale, and shall also not include any animal care or servicing cost incurred after such animals are loaded aboard the export carrier. The net amount of the exporter's sales price means the contract price for the animals less any payments made by the importer and less any discounts, credits, or allowances to the importer. Such net amount shall not exceed (a) for registered bulls, \$1,200 each or, with prior approval of the Assistant Sales Manager for Export Credit, \$2,500 if performance has been superior to the performance records specified in Exhibit II to this supplement; (b) for registered females, \$600 each or, with prior approval of the Assistant Sales Manager for Export Credit, \$1,000 if performance has been superior to the performance records specified in Exhibit I to this supplement. ment; (c) for nonregistered females, average, for the sale, of \$450 each or, with prior approval of the Assistant Sales Manager for Export Credit, \$650 if performance has been superior to the performance records specified in said Exhibit I. The difference, if any, between the maximum net amount specified in (a), (b), or (c) of this paragraph A.1 and the contract price for the individual animal, if registered, or the average contract price for the individual animal, if nonregistered, shall not be included as part of the port value.

2. "Producer" means the person holding legal title to the animal at time of birth and who has had continuous ownership of such animal until sold for export under an approved financing agreement.

3. "Bred female" means either a bred heifer or bred cow as set forth in Exhibit I, Option B, which has been certified to as pregnant at the time of inspection.

4. "Breeder" means the person holding legal title to the female animal at the time she was served to qualify such animal hereunder as a bred female.

5. "Eligible animal" means an animal which meets all the following requirements:

- (a) The animal must be the progeny of a nationally recognized beef cattle breed (Exhibits I and II)
- (b) The animal must have been owned by person who had continuous title to such animal for a period of at least 90 days immediately before acquisition by the exporter, unless the exporter is the producer of the
- (c) The animal must, at the time of export, be individually identified by an eartag, a legible ear tattoo symbol, or a firebrand and ranch holding brand symbol acceptable to USDA testing authority as an authentic identification symbol for such animal. The term "identification number(s)" as used herein shall also include ear tattoo symbol and firebrand and ranch holding symbol.

(d) The animal must qualify under the specifications of Exhibit I for females and Exhibit II for bulls.

6. "Registered animal" means an eligible animal which the appropriate national breed association has officially registered or otherwise classified as a purebred animal of that breed. Such animal must be marked with a legible tattoo or brand which corresponds with the number shown in the certificate of registration or other official document issued by the appropriate national breed association.
7. "Nonregistered animal" means an eligible

animal, whether or not purebred, which is predominantly of the color characteristics and body conformation of the beef breed stated in the contract between the exporter and the importer. (See Exhibits I and II.)

B. Submission of applications for financing. 1. In addition to the information required by § 1488.3(c) (2) through (10), applications for financing export credit sales of beef breeding cattle shall include the following:

(a) A general description by breed of the animals to be exported, separately describing the animals under the following classes:

(1) Registered bulls;

(2) Registered bred females;

(3) Registered unbred females:

(4) Nonregistered bred females; and (5) Nonregistered unbred females.

(b) A statement that such animals will conform to the general specification requirements set forth in Exhibits I or II, as applicable to the class of animals to be exported.

2. In addition to the justifications specified in § 1488.3(d), a financing period in excess of 12 months but not in excess of 36 months for beef breeding cattle may be justified when it will result in the use by the importer, or by purchasers from the importer, of the animals in the destination country under conditions which will promote expanded demand for additional breeding animals or feed stuffs from the United States.

C. Additional documents required after delivery. In addition to the documents specified in § 1488.9(a) (1), (2), (3, (4), (6), and (7), the exporter shall submit the following documents to the Treasurer, Commodity Credit Corporation:

1. Separate animal identification lists for registered animals and for nonregistered animals, containing the following informa-

(a) Identifiction number;

(b) For each registered animal, shown separately opposite the identification number. the sales price as specified in the sales

(c) For nonregistered animals, shown for each lot group by identification number, the average sales price per animal based on the sales invoice for such nonregistered animals.

2. Performance records for animals for which a higher maximum port value has been approved by the Assistant Sales Manager for Export Credit as provided in paragraph A.1.

3. A certification by the exporter that animals of the description in the exporter's sales contract have been delivered, and that the exporter knows of no defenses to the account receivable assigned to CCC.

4. A certification by the exporter that the documents specified in paragraph D of this supplement have been furnished to the

importer.

D. Miscellaneous. The following documents certifications, as applicable, shall be furnished to the importer by the exporter:

1. The certificates issued by an agent of the Consumer and Marketing Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, as to official registration of the animal(s) and listing the identification number(s) and correspond-ing registration certificate number(s) for each registered animal showing that such numbers have been verified as legible and accurate for such animal, and that the person holding legal title to the animal at the time of export sale has appropriately exe-cuted such certificate for transfer to the party designated by the importer. (See Exhibit I or II.)

2. A certification by the breeder of females sold as "bred females" showing the identification numbers and stating that the service bull was a registered bull of the same beef cattle breed as the female to which bred. (See

Exhibit I.)

3. The certificate issued or endorsed by the Animal Health Division, Agricultural Research Service, listing the identification number(s) and showing that such animal has been inspected for compliance with "Health" requirements. (See Exhibit I or II.)

4. The certificates issued by the Consumer and Marketing Service listing the identification number(s) for each animal showing for such animal compliance with breed, age, weight, and conformation grade, for the class, as shown in Exhibit I or II, as applicable.

5. Certificates issued by a veterinarian accredited by the Agricultural Research Service, showing that bred females, sold as such, were examined and found to be with calf at time of inspection.

6. A semen certification by a veterinarian accredited by the Agricultural Research Service, for bulls over 1 year of age, except that for Santa Gertrudis and Brahman cattle the certification shall be for bulls over 18 months of age.

E. Dual purpose breeds. When dual purpose breeds 1 are eligible for financing under the provisions of both Supplement Supplement II to GSM-4, as revised, the exporter has the option of qualifying such animals under the provisions of either supplement. Such option must be stated in the application filed pursuant to § 1488.3. In the event such dual purpose breeds are approved for export hereunder, the provisions of this supplement shall apply.

EXHIBIT I TO SUPPLEMENT I

USDA APPROVED BEEF BREEDING CATTLE EXPORT SPECIFICATIONS—FEMALES

Option A (to be specified by purchaser). 1. Registered.

Angus.

b. Hereford.

Polled Hereford.

Charolais.

Santa Gertrudis, e. Shorthorn.

Polled Shorthorn

h. Brahman.

¹ Milking Shorthorn and Red Poll.

² Animals must be officially registered with the appropriate National Breed Association and be so certified by C&MS agent.

i. Milking Shorthorn,2

i. Red Poll.ª

Other beef cattle breeds described in Farmers' Bulletin No. 228 entitled "Beef Cattle Breeds", issued January 1968.

2. Nonregistered.3

Predominant Breed

(Specify from breed above.) Option B (to be specified by purchaser).

Calf-(7 to 12 months)

- Yearly open-(12 to 18 months). Heifer open-(18 to 24 months).
- Bred heifer—(18 to 36 months).
- 5.
- Bred cow—(24 to 48 months).

 Mature cow—(24 to 48 months).
- General requirements:

A. Health!

. Tested negative for tuberculosis within 30 days of loading aboard export carrier.

2. Tested negative for brucellosis within 30 days of loading aboard export carrier, or is an official vaccinate under 30 months of age. 3. Certified that the United States is a

country where foot-and-mouth disease has not existed since 1929, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia has not existed since 1892. and rinderpest has never occurred.

4. Animals come from farms that have not been under State of Federal quarantine for any communicable disease during the past

5. Animals have been inspected, and found sound (including freedom from blindness, structural defects, etc.), free of evidence of communicable disease and exposure thereto, and free of mites, ticks and ringworm or freed from the same.

B. Minimum Weight?

Calf-(7 to 12 months) 400 pounds.

2. Yearling Open-(12 to 18 months) 500 pounds

3. Heifer open-(18 to 24 months) 600 pounds

4. Bred heifer-(18 to 24 months) 700 pounds (24 to 36 months) 800 pounds. 5. Bred cow—(24 to 36 months)

pounds (36 to 48 months) 950 pounds.

6. Mature cow—(24 to 36 months) 800

pounds (36 to 48 months) 950 pounds. C. Minimum Conformation. Choice.

All nonregistered females must be dehorned or naturally polled unless otherwise specified in the application. Horn stubs in excess of 1 inch will not be acceptable on dehorned cattle.

D. Performance Records. (Optional, unless specified.) (See attached Appendix I to Exhibits I and II.)

1. Minimum adjusted daily gain to weaning 1.6 pounds per day.

2. Minimum adjusted daily gain to weaning of offspring 1.6 pounds per day (if appropriate).

E. Statement of Service or Other Require-

1. Bred females must have been bred to a registered bull of the same breed and the

² Dual Purpose Breeds (see paragraph E, Supplement I or II).

Nonregistered animals will be certified for breed by the C&MS agent.
 Certification by C&MS agent.

5 See E3 of the Exhibit I.

6 Certification or endorsement furnished by Animal Health Division, Agricultural Research Service, USDA.

Certification furnished by Livestock Division, C&MS, USDA. Conformation grade to be based on the muscling requirements of the official USDA Feeder Cattle Standards.

(See Appendix II attached.)

*Official State records or National Breed Association records, or Performance Registry

International records.

calf from a registered female must be eligible for registration."

- 2. Bred females must be at least 2 months but no more than 6 months pregnant at time of inspection when being shipped by vessel. If shipped by air, bred females must be at least 2 months pregnant but may be up to 8 months pregnant with veterinarian approval.10
- 3. Mature cows not qualifying as "bred cows", to be eligible for financing hereunder, must be lactating and have their offspring not in excess of approximately 5 months of age at side at time of inspection by C&MS. Such calves, though not eligible for financing, may be supplied along with the parent cow if facilities for their care and safe transportation to destination point are adequate.

EXHIBIT II TO SUPPLEMENT I

USDA APPROVED BEEF BREEDING CATTLE EXPORT SPECIFICATIONS—BULLS

Option A (to be specified by purchase).

Breed 1

- 1. Angus.
- 2. Hereford.
- 3. Polled Hereford.
- 4. Charolais.
- 5. Santa Gertrudis.
- 6. Shorthorn.
- 7. Polled Shorthorn.
- 8. Brahman.
- 9. Milking Shorthorn.2
- 10. Red Poll."
- 11. Other beef cattle breeds described in Farmers' Bulletin No. 2228 entitled "Beef Cattle Breeds", issued January 1968.

Option B (to be specified by purchaser).

Age 3

- 1. Bull calf-(7 to 12 months).
- 2. Yearling bull-(12 to 18 months).
- 3. Bull-(18 to 24 months).
- 4. Mature bull-(24 to 48 months).

General Requirements:

A. Health.

- 1. Tested negative for tuberculosis within 30 days of loading aboard export carrier.
- 2. Tested negative for brucellosis within 30 days of loading aboard export carrier.
- 3. Certified that the United States is a country where foot-and-mouth disease has not existed since 1929, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia has not existed since 1892, and rinderpest has never occurred.
- 4. Animals come from farms that have not been under State or Federal quarantine for any communicable disease during the past year.
- 5. Animals have been inspected, and found sound (including freedom from blindness, structural defects, etc.), free of evidence of communicable disease and exposure thereto, and free of mites, ticks and ringworm or freed from the same.
 - B. Minimum Weight.
 - 1. 7 to 12 months, 470 pounds.
- Must be certified to by the breeder of the female at time of sale to exporter.
- Certification of pregnancy shall be is-
- sued by an accredited veterinarian.

 All animals for delivery under these specifications must be officially registered with the appropriate National Breed Associations. tion and be so certified by C&MS agent.

Dual Purpose Breeds (see paragraph E, Supplement I or II).

Certification by C&MS agent.

Certification or endorsement furnished by Animal Health Division, Agriculture Research Service, USDA.

- 2. 12 to 18 months 790 pounds.
- 3. 18 to 24 months 1,100 pounds.
- 4. Over 24 months 1,350 pounds.
- C. Minimum Conformation. Prime.5
- D. Performance Records. (Optional, unless specified). (See attached Appendix I to Exhibits I and II.)
- 1. Minimum adjusted daily gain to weaning 1.9 pounds per day.
- E. A semen check indicating at least 60 percent sperm motility must be supplied for bulls over 1 year of age," except that for Santa Gertrudis and Brahman cattle the certification shall be for bulls over 18 months

APPENDIX I TO EXHIBITS I AND II

PERFORMANCE TESTING

Performance testing is known by several names in the United States, but practically all organizations evaluate similar characteristics in beef cattle. The principal factors used in evaluating performance are growth rate and conformation, but not necessarily both. Animals which are tested are weighed at birth and again at weaning. The weaning weight is adjusted to an equivalent of 205 days of age and is also adjusted depending on the age of the dam. This is done to make weights of calves from first-calf heifers comparable to weights of calves from older cows.

The adjusted daily gain from birth to weaning is indicative not only of inherited gaining ability but also of the milking ability of the dam.

APPENDIX II TO EXHIBITS I AND II

SPECIFICATIONS FOR OFFICIAL UNITED STATES STANDARDS FOR GRADES OF CATTLE (STEERS, HEIFERS, AND COWS)1

Prime

Cattle which possess typical minimum qualifications for the Prime grade are very thickly muscled throughout. They are wide through the chest with well sprung ribs and are moderately wide and thick through the crops, back and loin. The rounds tend to be thick and the twist is moderately deep. They have large, rugged frames with moderately large but refined bone.

Choice

Cattle which possess typical minimum qualifications for the Choice grade are thickly muscled throughout. They are moderately wide through the chest with a moderate spring of ribs and are slightly wide and thick through the crops, back and loin. The rounds are slightly thick and the twist is slightly deep. They have moderately large, rugged frames, and the bone usually is mod-erately large, but may be slightly fine or slightly large and course.

Effective date. This Supplement I to Regulations GSM-4, as revised, shall be effective upon filing with the Office of the Federal Register.

⁶ Certification furnished by Livestock Division, C&MS, USDA, Conformation grade based on the muscling requirements of the official USDA Feeder Cattle Standards. (See Appendix II attached.)

Official State records or National Breed Association records, of Performance Registry International records.

Certification must be Issued by an accredited veterinarian.

Adapted from Service and Regulatory Announcement C&MS 183, issued March 1965. A copy of this publication and charts picturing the grades of feeder cattle may be obtained upon request from the Livestock Division, C&MS, USDA, Washington, D.C.

Signed at Washington, D.C., on May 19, 1971.

> CLIFFORD G. PULVERMACHER, Vice President, Commodity Cred-it Corporation, and General Sales Manager, Export Marketing Service.

[FR Doc.71-7164 Filed 5-19-71;2:08 pm]

PART 1488—FINANCING OF SALES OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

Subpart A-Financing of Export Sales of Agricultural Commodities From Private Stocks Under CCC Export Credit Sales Program (GSM-4), Revision II)

DAIRY BREEDING CATTLE

The regulations contained in Subpart A, Part 1488, Title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, governing the CCC Export Credit Sales Program, are amended to include a revised Supplement II which incorporates minor changes in specifications and certain other clarifying changes with respect to the export financing of dairy breeding cattle, as

SUPPLEMENT II-DAIRY BREEDING CATTLE

- A. Additional definitions.
- B. Submission of applications for financing.
- C. Additional documents required after delivery.

 D. Miscellaneous.
- E. Dual purpose breeds.

Exhibit I-Females. Appendix to Exhibit I. Exhibit II—Bulls. Appendix to Exhibit II.

AUTHORITY: The provisions of this Supplement II issued under sec. 5(f), 62 Stat. 1072, 15 U.S.C. 714c; sec. 407, 63 Stat. 1055, as amended, 7 U.S.C. 1427; sec. 4, 80 Stat. 1538, 7 U.S.C. 1707a.

A. Additional definitions. 1. "Port value" means the net amount of the exporter's sales price for dairy breeding cattle to be exported under the financing agreement, basis f.a.s. or f.o.b. export carrier at U.S. ports, at U.S. border points of exit, or at U.S. airports if shipped by air. The point of exportation for animals shall be designated by the Agricultural Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture. The port value shall not include the ocean freight for a c. & f. risk insurance for a c.i.f. sale, and shall also not include any animal care or servicing cost incurred after such animals are loaded aboard the export carrier. The net amount of the exporter's sales price means the con-tract price for the animals less any payments made by the importer and less any discounts, credits, or allowances to the importer. Such net amount shall not exceed (a) \$1,320 each for registered bulls which have an Acceptable performance index as set out in paragraph D.1. Exhibit II to this supplement, or, with prior approval of the Assistant Sales Manager for Export Credit, \$2,750 if such animal has a Superior performance index as set out in paragraph D.2 of Exhibit II; (b) \$825 each for registered females which have an Acceptable performance index as set out in paragraph D.1, Exhibit I to this supplement, or with prior approval of the Assistant Sales Manager for Export Credit, \$1,320 if such animal has a Superior performance index as set out in paragraph D.2 of Exhibit I; (c) with prior approval of the Assistant Sales

Manager for Export Credit, \$1,320 each for registered mature cows which have a Superior performance index as set out in paragraph D.3, of Exhibit I; (d) with prior approval of the Assistant Sales Manager for Export Credit, \$825 each for nonregistered mature cows which have a Superior performance index as set out in paragraph D.3, of Exhibit I; or (e) \$660 average for the sale of nonregistered females, other than mature cows with a Superior performance index, if each such animal has an Acceptable performance index as set out in paragraph D.1 of Exhibit I. The difference, if any, between the maximum net amount specified in (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this paragraph A.1 and the contract price for individual registered animals or nonregistered mature cows with a Superior performance index, or the average contract price for nonregistered females, other than mature cows with a Superior performance index, shall

not be included as a part of the port value.

2. "Producer" means the person holding legal title to the animal at time of birth and who has had continuous ownership of such animal until sold for export under an

approved financing agreement.

3. "Bred female" means either a bred heifer or bred cow as set forth in Exhibit I, Option B, which has been certified to as pregnant at the time of inspection.

4, "Breeder" means the person holding legal title to the female animal at the time she was served to qualify such animal here-under as a bred female.

5. "Eligible animal" means an animal which meets all the following requirements:

The animal must be the progency of nationally recognized dairy cattle breed (Exhibits I and II);

- (b) The animal must have been owned by a person who had continuous title to such animal for a period of at least 90 days immediately before acquisition by the exporter, unless the exporter is the producer of the
- (c) The animal must, at the time of ex-port, be individually identified by an eartag, a legible ear tattoo symbol, or a firebrand and ranch holding brand symbol acceptable to USDA testing authority as an authentic identification symbol for such animal. The term "identification number(s)" as used herein shall also include ear tattoo symbol and firebrand and ranch holding brand symbol.

(d) The animal must qualify under the specifications of Exhibit I for females and

Exhibit II for bulls.

6. "Registered animal" means an eligible animal which the appropriate national breed association has officially registered or otherwise classified as a purebred animal of that breed. Such animal must be marked with a legible tattoo or brand which corresponds with the number shown in the certificate of registration or other official document issued by the appropriate national breed association.

7. "Nonregistered animal" means an eligible animal, whether or not purebred, which is predominantly of the color characteristics and body conformation of the dairy breed stated in the contract between the exporter and the importer. (See Exhibits I and II.)

- B. Submission of applications for financing. 1. In addition to the information required by § 1488.3(c) (2) through (10), applications for financing export credit sales of dairy breeding cattle shall include the following:
- (a) A general description by breed of the animals to be exported, separately describing the animals under the following classes:

(1) Registered bulls;

- (2) Registered bred females; (3) Registered unbred females;(4) Nonregistered bred females; and

(5) Nonregistered unbred females.

(b) A statement that such animals will conform to the general specification requirements set forth in Exhibits I or II, as applicable to the class of animals to be exported.

2. In addition to the justifications specified in § 1488.3(d), a financing period in excess of 12 months but not in excess of 36 months for dairy breeding cattle may be justified when it will result in the use by the importer, or by purchasers from the importer, of the animals in the destination country under conditions which will promote expanded demand for additional breeding animals or feed stuffs from the United States

C. Additional documents required after delivery. In addition to the documents specified in § 1488.9(a) (1), (2), (3), (4), (6), and (7), the exporter shall submit the following documents to the Treasurer, Commodity

Credit Corporation:

1. Separate identification lists for each group of animals described in paragraphs A.1 (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this supplement, containing the following information:

(a) Identification number;

For each registered animal or nonregistered mature cow with a Superior-performance index, shown separately opposite the identification number, the sales prices as specified in the sales invoice;

(c) For nonregistered females other than mature cows with a Superior performance index, shown for each lot group by identification list, the average sales price per animal based on the sales invoice for such nonregistered animals.

2. Production Performance Index records

(a) For registered bulls the applicable Acceptable or Superior performance index records of Sire and Dam as described in paragraph D.1 or D.2 of Exhibit II;

(b) For registered females if applicable the Superior performance index records of Sire and Dam as described in paragraph D.2

of Exhibit I;

(c) For registered or nonregistered mature cows if applicable, the Superior performance index records of Sire and Dam as described in paragraph D.3 of Exhibit I.

3. A certification by the exporter that animals of the description in the exporter's sales contract have been delivered, and that the exporter knows of no defenses to the account receivable assignd to CCC.

4. A certification by the exporter that the documents specified in paragraph D of this supplement have been furnished to the

importer.

D. Miscellaneous. The following documents or certifications, as applicable, shall be furpished to the importer by the exporter.

- 1. The certificates issued by an agent of the Consumer and Marketing Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, as to official registration of the animal(s) and listing the identification number(s) and corresponding registration certificate number(s) for each registered animal showing that such numbers have been verified as legible and accurate for such animal, and that the person holding legal title to the animal at the time of export sale has approximately executed such certificate for transfer to the party designated by the importer. (See Exhibit I
- 2. A certification by the breeder of females sold as "bred females" showing the identification numbers and stating that the service bull was a registered bull of the same dairy cattle breed as the female to which bred. (See Exhibit I.)
- 3. The certificates issued or endorsed by the Animal Health Division, Agricultural Research Service, listing the identification number(s) and showing that such animal

has been inspected for compliance with 'Health" requirements. (See Exhibit I or II.)

4. The certificates issued by the Consumer and Marketing Service listing the identification number(s) for each animal showing for such animal compliance with breed, age, weight, and conformation specifications, for the class, as shown in Exhibit I or II. as applicable

5. Certificates issued by a veterinarian accredited by the Agricultural Research Service, showing that bred females, sold as such, were examined and found to be with calf at time of inspection.

6. A semen certification by a veterinarian accredited by the Agricultural Research Serv-

ice, for bulls over 1 year of age.

E. Dual purpose breeds. When dual purpose breeds are eligible for financing under the provisions of both Supplement Supplement II to GSM-4, as revised, the exporter has the option of qualifying such animals under the provisions of either sup-plement. Such option must be stated in the application filed pursuant to § 1488.3. In the event such dual purpose breeds are approved for export hereunder, the provisions of this supplement shall apply with the ex-ception that the Assistant Sales Manager for Export Credit is authorized, at the request of the applicant, to establish a minimum weight schedule and DHIR Milk Production Breed Average.

EXHIBIT I TO SUPPLEMENT II

USDA APPROVED DAIRY CATTLE EXPORT SPECIFICATIONS—FEMALES

Option A (to be specified by purchaser). 1. Registered.1

Breed

a. Avrshire.

b. Brown Swiss.

c. Guernsey. d. Holstein.

e. Jersey.

f. Milking Shorthorn,3

g. Red Poll.2

2. Nonregistered.s

Predominant Breed

(Specify from breed above.) Option B (to be specified by purchaser).

1. Calf-(6 to 12 months).

2. Yearling open-(12 to 18 months).

3. Heifer open—(18 to 30 months).
4. Bred heifer—(18 to 30 months).
5. Mature cow—(24 to 48 months).

General requirements:

A. Health.

- 1. Tested negative for tuberculosis within 30 days of loading aboard export carrier.
- 2. Tested negative for brucellosis within 30 days of loading aboard export carrier, or is an official vaccinate under 30 months of age.
- 3. Certified that the United States is a country where foot-and-mouth disease has not existed since 1929, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia has not existed since 1892, and rinder-pest has never occurred.

8 Milking Shorthorn and Red Poll.

Animals must be officially registered with the appropriate National Breed Association and be so certified by C&MS agent.

*Dual purpose breeds (see paragraph E, Supplement I or II).

Nonregistered animals will be certified for

breed by C&MS agent.
Certification by C&MS agent.
Certification or endorsement furnished by Animal Health Division, Agricultural Research Service.

- 4. Animals come from farms that have not been under State or Federal quarantine for any communicable disease during the past
- 5. Animals have been inspected and found sound (including freedom from blindness, structural defects, etc.), free of evidence of communicable disease and exposure thereto, and free of mites, ticks, and ringworm or freed from the same.
- 6. Mature cows must be physically examined at time of inspection for the presence of mastitis by manipulating and stripping the udder and found not to have evidence of such infection. The exporter, at his option, may require the person from whom he purchases a mature cow to supply additional evidence of non-mastitis infection as he sees fit.
 - B. Minimum Weight."
 - 1. Registered Animals.

Age 1	Holstein and Brown Swiss	Guernsey and Ayr- shire	Jersey
a. 6 months	360	295	260
b. 8 months	470	385	340
e. 10 months	565	455	410
d. 12 months	640	525	470
e. 14 months	710	585	520
f. 16 months	775	635	555
g. 18 months	835	685	600
h. 20 months	900	745	645
I. 22 months	970	790	695
I. 24 months	1,015 -	845	735
k. 26 months	1,045	870	760
1. 28 months	1,070	895	780
m. 30 monthsn. 36 months and	1,090	910	790
over	1, 180	990	865

- ¹ Minimum weights for ages between the ages shown shall be determined proportionately.
 - 2. Nonregistered animals.

Holstein and Brown Swiss		Jersey
360	295	260
		470
		600
		600
1,015	845	735
	and Brown Swiss	and Brown and Ayr- Swiss and Ayr- shire 295 640 525 835 685 835 685

C. Minimum Conformation.

All animals must meet the minimum body conformation specifications as described in Appendix to this Exhibit I.

- D. Production Performance Index.?
- 1. Acceptable. An Acceptable performance Index for Registered or Nonregistered Females will be considered to exist if such animals meet the minimum conformation of Item C above.
- "Certification or endorsement furnished by Livestock Division, C&MS, USDA. Conformation specifications to be based on standards as set out in Appendix to Exhibit I attached. Weights may be determined by weighing or by estimates using a girth measurement tape.
- DHI or DHIR milk production records mature equivalent based on 305-day, two times day milking.

- 2. Superior. A Superior performance index for a Registered Female will be considered to exist if:
- (a) Sire has a Plus (+) USDA Predicted Difference sequal to 2 percent of DHIR breed average as shown in item E below, or in the event the Sire does not have a summary, his Sire has a predicted difference (+500 pounds) * and
- (b) Dam has a DHI or DHIR record equal to 10 percent above the DHI breed average as shown in item E below.
- 3. Superior. A Superior performance index for a Registered or Nonregistered Mature Cow will be considered to exist if such animal has a DHI production record 9 15 percent above the DHIR breed average as shown In item E below.
- E. DHIR Milk Production Breed Averages (Mature Equivalent).

The following breed averages are applicable to these specifications:

Breed	Breed average	2 per- cent of breed average	10 per- cent of breed average	15 per- cent of breed average
		Pou	nds	
Ayrshire	11, 112	222	1,111	1,666
Brown Swiss	12, 203	244	1,220	1,830
Guernsey	9,632	192	963	1,444
Holstein	13,943	278	1,394	2,091
Jersey	8,853	177	885	1,328

- F. Statement of Service.
- 1. Bred females must have been bred to a registered bull of the same breed.10
- 2. Bred females must be at least 2 months pregnant but no more than 6 months pregnant at time of inspection when being shipped by vessel. If shipped by air, bred females must be at least 2 months pregnant but may be up to 8 months pregnant with veterinarian approval."

APPENDIX TO EXHIBIT I

MINIMUM BODY CONFORMATION SPECIFICATION FOR FEMALES

In addition to meeting the minimum weight for the breed as specified in Exhibit I, the animal shall possess femininity, normal breed conformation, quality, and body capac-ity. She shall have the general appearance of thrift and vitality with eyes bright and ears alert. The feet and legs shall be well formed with the legs straight, strong, and well set. The mammary system, if sufficiently developed, shall be strongly attached, well balanced and of fine texture. The teats shall be of acceptable size. There shall be no evidence of lameness or other serious body defects. She shall possess normal dairy character by showing a lack of obvious excess fatty condition for the age class. Females officially classified by the respective breed association as "Good Plus" (or equivalent) or higher shall be acceptable if found at time of inspection not to have developed a physical defect in conflict with the abovestated conditions.

* Source: USDA-DHI Sire Summary Records-Agricultural Research Service.

9 Source: Breed Association, or Dairy Records Processing Center serving the DHI Association where tested.

10 Must be certified to by the breeder of the female at time of sale to exporter.

11 The certification of pregnancy shall be by an accredited veterinarian.

EXHIBIT II TO SUPPLEMENT II

USDA APPROVED DAIRY CATTLE EXPORT SPECIFICA-TIONS-BULLS

Option A (to be specified by purchaser).

Breed. 1

- a. Avrshire.
- b. Brown Swiss.
- c. Guernsey. d. Holstein.
- e. Jersev.
- Milking Shorthorn.2
- g. Red Poll.3

Option B (to be specified by purchaser).

Age 3

- a. Calf-(6 to 12 months).

- b. Yearling—(12 to 18 months), c. Young bull—(18 to 24 months) d. Mature bull—(24 to 48 months),

General requirements:

A. Health.

- 1. Tested negative for tuberculosis and brucellosis within 30 days of loading aboard export carrier.
- 2. Animals come from farms that have not been under quarantine for any communicable disease during the past year.
- 3. Certified that the United States is a country where foot-and-mouth disease has not existed since 1929, contagious bovine pleuropneumonia has not existed since 1892, and rinderpest has never occurred.
- 4. Animals have been inspected and found sound (including freedom from blindness, structural defects, etc.), free of evidence of communicable disease and exposure thereto and free of mites, ticks and ringworm or freed from the same.
 - B. Minimum Weight."

Age	Holstein and Brown Swiss	Guernsey and Ayrshire	Jersey
a. 6 months	450	370	315
b. 8 months		480	410
e. 10 months		555	490
d. 12 months		655	565
e. 14 months		755	645
f. 16 months	1,040	840	745
g. 18 months	1,155	920	815
h. 21 months	1,320	1,065	950
i. 24 months	1,455	1,210	1,050
j. 27 months	1,570	1,310	1, 140
k. 30 months	1,670	1,395	1, 215
1. 36 months and over	1,840	1,545	1,350

¹ Minimum weights for ages between the ages shown shall be determined proportionately,

C. Minimum Conformation.5

- ¹All animals for delivery under these specifications must be officially registered with the appropriate National Breed Association and be so certified by C&MS agent.
- ² Dual purpose breeds (see paragraph E, Supplement I or II)
 - ³ Certified by C&MS agent.
- 4 Certification or endorsement furnished by Animal Health Division, Agricultural Research Service, USDA.
- Certification or endorsement furnished by Livestock Division, C&MS, USDA. Conformation specifications to be based on standards as set out in Appendix to Exhibit II attached. Weights may be determined by weighing or by estimates using a girth measurement tape.

All animals must meet the minimum body conformation as described in Appendix to Exhibit II.

D. Production Performance Index.º

 Acceptable. An Acceptable performance index for a Registered Bull will be considered to exist if:

(a) Sire has a Plus (+) USDA Predicted Difference,7 and

(b) Dam has a DHI or DHIR record * 10 percent above the DHIR breed average as shown in item E below.

2. Superior. A Superior performance index for a Registered Bull will be considered to exist if:

(a) Sire has a Plus (+) USDA Predicted Difference equal to 2 percent of DHIR breed average as shown in item E below, and

(b) Dam has a DHI or DHIR record ⁸ 20 percent above the DHIR breed average as shown in item E below.

E. DHIR Milk Production Breed Averages (Mature Equivalent).

The following breed averages are applicable to these specifications:

to these specifications:

Breed	Breed average	percent of breed average	percent of breed average	percent of breed average
		·Pe	nunds	
Ayrshire	12,556 13,187 10,483 15,204 9,465	251 264 210 304 189	1, 255 1, 318 1, 048 1, 520 946	2,511 2,637 2,096 3,040 1,893

F. A semen check indicating at least 60 percent sperm motility must be supplied for bulls over 1 year of age.

APPENDIX TO EXHIBIT II

MINIMUM BODY CONFORMATION SPECIFICATIONS
FOR BULLS

In addition to meeting the minimum weight for the breed as specified in Exhibit II, the animal shall possess masculinity, normal breed conformation, quality, and body capacity. He shall have the general appearance of thrift and vitality with eyes bright and ears alert. The feet and legs shall be well formed with legs straight, strong, and well set. There shall be no evidence of lameness or other serious body defects. He shall possess normal dairy character by showing a lack of obvious excess fatty condition for the age class. Bulls officially classified by the respective breed association as "Good Flus" (or equivalent) or higher shall be acceptable if found at time of inspection not to have developed a physical defect in conflict with the above-stated conditions.

Effective date. This Supplement II to Regulations GSM-4, as revised, shall be effective upon filing with the Office of the Federal Register.

Signed at Washington, D.C., on May 19, 1971.

CLIFFORD G. PULVERMACHER, Vice President, Commodity Credit Corporation, and General Sales Manager, Export Marketing Service.

[FR Doc.71-7163 Filed 5-19-71;2:08 pm]

*DHI or DHIR milk production records. Mature equivalent based on 305-day, two times day milking.

Source: USDA-DHI Sire Summary Records, Agricultural Research Service.

Source: Breed Association or Dairy Records Processing Center serving the DHI Association where tested.

"Certification must be issued by an accredited veterinarian,

PART 1488—FINANCING OF SALES OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

Subpart A—Financing of Export Sales of Agricultural Commodities From Private Stocks Under CCC Export Credit Sales Program (GSM-4, Revision II)

BEEF AND DAIRY BREEDING CATTLE

The regulations governing the CCC Export Credit Sales Program, as revised and published in the Federal Register on April 22, 1971 (36 F.R. 7597–7602), and amended May 19, 1971, and published in the Federal Register on May 25, 1971 (36 F.R. 9437–9442), are further amended to provide that wherever "Assistant Sales Manager for Export Credit" and "Director, CCC Credit Sales Division, EMS" are used, there shall be substituted "Assistant Sales Manager for Commercial Credit and Barter."

(Sec. 5(f), 62 Stat. 1072; 15 U.S.C. 714c; sec. 407, 63 Stat. 1055, as amended, 7 U.S.C. 1427; sec. 4, 80 Stat. 1538, 7 U.S.C. 1707a)

Effective date. This amendment shall be effective upon filing with the Office of the Federal Register.

Signed at Washington, D.C., on May 20, 1971.

CLIFFORD G. PULVERMACHER, Vice President, Commodity Credit Corporation, and General Sales Manager, Export Marketing Service.

[FR Doc.71-7262 Filed 5-20-71;3:59 pm]

Title 9—ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS

Chapter I—Agricultural Research Service, Department of Agriculture

SUBCHAPTER C—INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION OF ANIMALS AND POULTRY

PART 78-BRUCELLOSIS

Subpart D—Designation of Modified Certified Brucellosis Areas, Public Stockyards, Specifically Approved Stockyards, and Slaughtering Establishments

MODIFIED CERTIFIED BRUCELLOSIS AREAS

Pursuant to § 78.16 of the regulations in Part 78, as amended, Title 9, Code of Federal Regulations, containing restrictions on the interstate movement of animals because of brucellosis, under sections 4, 5, and 13 of the Act of May 29, 1884, as amended; sections 1 and 2 of the Act of February 2, 1903, as amended; and section 3 of the Act of March 3, 1905, as amended (21 U.S.C. 111-113, 114a-1, 120, 121, 125), § 78.13 of said regulations designating Modified Certified Brucellosis Areas is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 78.13 Modified Certified Brucellosis Areas.

The following States, or specified portions thereof, are hereby designated as Modified Certified Brucellosis Areas:

Alabama. The entire State; Alaska. The entire State: Arizona. The entire State; Arkansas. The entire State; California. The entire State; Colorado. The entire State; Connecticut. The entire State; Delaware. The entire State: Florida. The entire State; Georgia. The entire State; Hawaii. The entire State; Idaho. The entire State; Illinois. The entire State; Indiana. The entire State: Iowa. The entire State; Kansas. The entire State; Kentucky. The entire State; Louisiana. The entire State; Maine. The entire State; Maryland. The entire State: Massachusetts. The entire State; Michigan. The entire State; Minnesota. The entire State; Mississippi. The entire State; Missouri. The entire State; Montana. The entire State; Nebraska. The entire State; Nevada. The entire State; New Hampshire. The entire State; New Jersey. The entire State; New Mexico. The entire State; New York. The entire State; North Carolina. The entire State; North Dakota. The entire State; Ohio. The entire State; Oklahoma. The entire State; Oregon. The entire State; Pennsylvania. The entire State; Rhode Island. The entire State; South Carolina. The entire State;

South Carolina. The entire State;
South Dakota. Aurora, Beadle, Bennett,
Bon Homme, Brockings, Brown, Brule, Buffalo, Butte, Campbell, Charles Mix, Clark,
Clay, Codington, Corson, Custer, Davison,
Day, Deuel, Dewey, Douglas, Edmunds, Fall
River, Faulk, Grant, Gregory, Haakon, Hamlin, Hand, Hanson, Harding, Hyde, Jackson,
Jerauld, Jones, Kingsbury, Lake, Lawrence,
Lincoln, Lyman, McCook, McPherson, Marshall, Meade, Mellette, Miner, Minnehaha,
Moody, Pennington, Perkins, Potter, Roberts,
Sanborn, Shannon, Spink, Stanley, Todd,
Tripp, Turner, Union, Walworth, Washabaugh, Yankton, and Ziebach Counties; and
Crow Creek Indian Reservation;

Tennessee. The entire State;

Texas. Anderson, Andrews, Aransas, Archer, Armstrong, Atascosa, Austin, Bailey, Bandera, Bastrop, Baylor, Bee, Bell, Bexar, Blanco, Borden, Bosque, Bowie, Brazos, Brewster, Briscoe, Brooks, Brown, Burleson, Burnet, Caldwell, Calhoun, Callahan, Camp, Carson, Cass, Castro, Chambers, Cherokee, Childress, Clay, Cochran, Coke, Coleman, Collin, Collingsworth, Colorado, Comal, Commanche, Concho, Cooke, Coryell, Cottle, Crane, Crockett, Crosby, Culberson, Dallam, Dallas, Dawson, Deaf Smith, Delta, Denton, De Witt, Dickens, Dimmit, Donley, Duval, Eastland, Ector, Edwards, Ellis, El Paso, Erath, Falls, Fannin, Fayette, Fisher, Floyd, Foard, Franklin, Freestone, Frio, Gaines, Galveston, Garza, Gillespie, Glasscock, Goliad, Gray, Grayson, Gregg, Grimes, Guadalupe, Hale, Hall, Hamilton, Hansford, Hardeman, Hardin, Harrison, Hartley, Haskel, Hays, Hemphill, Henderson, Hidalgo, Hill, Hockley, Hood, Hopkins, Houston, Howard, Hudspeth, Hunt, Hutchinson, Irion, Jack, Jackson, Jasper, Jeff Davis, Jefferson, Jim Hogg, Jim Wells, Johnson, Jones, Karnes, Kaufman, Kendall, Kent, Kerr, Kimble, King, Kinney, Knox, Lamar, Lamb, Lampasas, Lee, Leon, Liberty, Limestone, Lipscomb, Live Oak, Llano, Loving, Lubbock, Lynn, McCullouch, McLennan, McMullen, Madison, Marion, Martin, Mason, Maverick, Medina, Menard, Midland, Millam, Mills, Mitchell, Montague, Montgomery, Moore, Morris, Motiey, Nacogdoches, Navarro, Newton, Nolan, Ochiliree, Oldham, Orange, Palo Pinto, Panola, Parker, Parmer, Pecos, Polk, Potter, Presidio, Rains, Randall, Reagan, Real, Red River, Reeves, Rufugio, Roberts, Robertson, Rockwell, Runnels, Rusk, Sabine, San Augustine, San Jacinto, San Saba, Schleicher, Scurry, Shackeiford, Shelby, Sherman, Smith, Somervell, Starr, Stephens, Sterling, Stonewall, Sutton, Swisher, Tarrant, Taylor, Terrell, Terry, Throckmorton, Titus, Tom Green, Travis, Trinity, Tyler, Upshur, Upton, Uvalde, Val Verde, Van Zandt, Walker, Ward, Washington, Webb, Wheeler, Wichita, Williamson, Wilson, Winkler, Wise, Wood, Yoakum, Young, Zapata, and Zavala Counties; Utah. The entire State;

Utah. The entire State;
Vermont. The entire State;
Virginia. The entire State;
Washington. The entire State;
Washington. The entire State;
Wisconsin. The entire State;
Wyoming. The entire State;
Wyoming. The entire State;
Puerto Rico. The entire area; and
Virgin Islands of the United States. The
Nile area.

(Secs. 4, 5, 23 Stat. 32, as amended; secs. 1, 2, 32 Stat. 791–792, as amended; sec. 3, 33 Stat. 1265, as amended; sec. 2, 65 Stat. 693; 21 U.S.C. 111–113, 114a–1, 120, 121, 125; 29 F.R. 16210, as amended, 9 CFR 78.16)

Effective date. The foregoing amendment shall become effective upon publication in the Federal Register (5-25-71).

The amendment adds the following additional areas to the list of areas designated as Modified Certified Brucellosis Areas because it has been determined that such areas come within the definition of § 78.1(i): De Witt, Grimes, Hopkins, Liberty, and Titus Counties in Texas.

The amendment deletes the following area from the list of areas designated as Modified Certified Brucellosis Areas because it has been determined that such area no longer comes within the definition of § 78.1(i): Cameron County in Texas.

The amendment imposes certain restrictions necessary to prevent the spread of brucellosis in cattle and relieves certain restrictions presently imposed. It should be made effective promptly in order to accomplish its purpose in the public interest and to be of maximum benefit to persons subject to the restrictions which are relieved. Accordingly, under the administrative procedures provisions of 5 U.S.C. 553, it is found upon good cause that notice and other public procedures with respect to the amendment are impracticable, unnecessary, contrary to the public interest, and good cause is found for making the amendment effective less than 30 days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 19th day of May 1971.

R. E. OMOHUNDRO, Acting Director, Animal Health Division, Agricultural Research Service.

[FR Doc.71-7265 Filed 5-24-71;8:50 am]

Title 14—AERONAUTICS AND SPACE

Chapter I—Federal Aviation Administration, Department of Transportation

[Airspace Docket No. 71-SO-16]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND RE-PORTING POINTS

Alteration of Transition Area

On April 17, 1971, F.R. Doc. 71-5362 was published in the Federal Register (36 F.R. 7303), amending Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations by designating the Baxley, Ga., transition area.

In the amendment, an extension is predicated on the Alma VORTAC 028° radial. Subsequent to publication of the rule, Flight Standards Service refined the final approach radial to 030°. It is necessary to amend the Federal Recister document to reflect this change. Since this amendment is minor in nature, notice and public procedure hereon are unnecessary.

In consideration of the foregoing, effective immediately, F.R. Doc. 71–5362 is amended as follows: In line 5 of the Baxley, Ga., transition area description "* * * 028° * * *" is deleted and "* * * 030° * * *" is substituted therefor.

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958, 49 U.S.C. 1348(a); sec. 6(c), Department of Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. 1655(c))

Issued in East Point, Ga., on May 11,

GORDON A. WILLIAMS, Jr., Acting Director, Southern Region.

[FR Doc.71-7226 Filed 5-24-71;8:47 am]

[Airspace Docket No. 71-SO-31]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND RE-PORTING POINTS

Designation of Transition Area

On April 3, 1971, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the Federal Register (36 F.R. 6434), stating that the Federal Aviation Administration was considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that would designate the Corinth, Miss., transition area.

Interested persons were afforded an opportunity to participate in the rule making through the submission of comments. All comments received were favorable.

Subsequent to publication of the notice, it was determined that the Corinth RBN latitude was cited as 34°59'39" in lieu of 34°54'39". It is necessary to amend the description to correct this dis-

crepancy. Since this amendment is editorial in nature, notice and public procedure hereon are unnecessary.

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is amended, effective 0901 G.m.t., July 22, 1971, as hereinafter set forth.

In § 71.181 (36 F.R. 2140), the following transition area is added:

CORINTH, MISS.

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 7-mile radius of Roscoe Turner Airport (lat. 34°54′30″ N., long. 88°36′00″ W.); within 3 miles each side of the 185° and 346° bearings from Corinth RBN (lat. 34°54′39″ N., long. 88°36′04″ W.), extending from the 7-mile-radius area to 8.5 miles south and north of the RBN.

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958; 49 U.S.C. 1348(a); sec. 6(c), Department of Transportation Act; 49 U.S.C. 1655(c))

Issued in East Point, Ga., on May 11, 1971.

GORDON A. WILLIAMS, Jr., Acting Director, Southern Region. [FR Doc.71-7227 Filed 5-24-71;8:47 am]

[Airspace Docket No. 71-SO-36]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND RE-PORTING POINTS

Designation of Transition Area

On April 4, 1971, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (36 F.R. 6761), stating that the Federal Aviation Administration was considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that would designate the Sanford, Fla., transition area.

Interested persons were afforded an opportunity to participate in the rule making through the submission of comments. All comments received were favorable.

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is amended, effective 0901 G.m.t., July 22, 1971, as hereinafter set forth.

In § 71.181 (36 F.R. 2140), the following transition area is added:

SANFORD, FLA.

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 6.5-mile radius of Sanford Airport (lat. 28°46′30″ N., long. 81°14′25′ W.); within 3 miles each side of the 260° bearing from Sanford RBN (lat. 28°37′05″ N., long. 81°14′36′ W.); extending from the 6.5-mile-radius area to 8.5 miles west of the RBN.

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958, 49 U.S.C. 1348(a); sec. 6(c), Department of Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. 1655(c))

Issued in East Point, Ga., on May 12, 1971.

James G. Rogers, Director, Southern Region.

[FR Doc.71-7228 Filed 5-24-71;8:47 am]

[Airspace Docket No. 71-SO-38]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND RE-PORTING POINTS

Alteration of Transition Area

On April 3, 1971, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the Federal Register (36 F.R. 6434), stating that the Federal Aviation Administration was considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that would alter the Macon, Ga., transition area.

Interested persons were afforded an opportunity to participate in the rule making through the submission of comments. All comments received were favorable.

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is amended, effective 0901 G.m.t., July 22, 1971, as hereinafter set forth.

In § 71.181 (36 F.R. 2140), the Macon, Ga., transition area is amended as follows: "* * extending from the 14-mile-radius area to 8.5 miles southwest of the LOM * * *" is deleted and "* * extending from the 14-mile-radius area to 8.5 miles southwest of the LOM; within a 5.5-mile-radius of Perry-Fort Valley Airport (lat. 32°30′33′′ N., long. 83°45′50′′ W.); within 5 miles each side of Vienna VORTAC 323° radial, extending from the 5.5-mile-radius area to 16 miles northwest of the VORTAC * * *" is substituted therefor.

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958, 49 U.S.C. 1348(a); sec. 6(c), Department of Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. 1655(c))

Issued in East Point, Ga., on May 11, 1971.

GORDON A. WILLIAMS, JR., Acting Director, Southern Region.

[FR Doc.71-7229 Filed 5-24-71;8:47 am]

[Airspace Docket No. 71-SO-39]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND RE-PORTING POINTS

Designation of Transition Area

On April 3, 1971, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the Federal Register (36 F.R. 6434), stating that the Federal Aviation Administration was considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that would designate the Rockwood, Tenn., transition area.

Interested persons were afforded an opportunity to participate in the rule making through the submission of comments. All comments received were favorable.

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is amended, effective 0901 G.m.t., July 22, 1971, as hereinafter set forth.

In § 71.181 (36 F.R. 2140), the following transition area is added:

ROCKWOOD, TENN.

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 9.5-mile radius of Rockwood Municipal Airport (lat. 35°55'20" N., long. 84°41'23" W.); excluding the portion within Crossville, Tenn., transition area.

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958, 49 U.S.C. 1348(a); sec. 6(c), Department of Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. 1655(c))

Issued in East Point, Ga., on May 11, 1971.

GORDON A. WILLIAMS, JR., Acting Director, Southern Region.

[FR Doc.71-7230 Filed 5-24-71;8:47 am]

[Airspace Docket No. 71-SO-93]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND RE-PORTING POINTS

Alteration of Control Zone

The purpose of this amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is to alter the Pensacola, Fla. (NAS Saufley Field), control zone.

The Pensacola (NAS Saufley Field) control zone is described in § 71.171 (36 F.R. 2055). In the description, reference is made to a proviso to exclude the portions within the Pensacola, Fla. (Municipal Airport and NAS Pensacola-Forrest Sherman Field), control zones. In an effort to standardize the named designations, the Pensacola, Fla. (Municipal Airport and NAS Pensacola-Forrest Sherman Field), control zones have been redesignated as Pensacola, Fla., and Pensacola NAS, Fla., control zones, respectively. It is necessary to alter the descriptions to reflect these changes. Since this amendment is editorial in nature. notice and public procedure hereon are unnecessary

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is amended, effective immediately, as hereinafter set forth.

In § 71.171 (36 F.R. 2055), the Pensacola, Fla. (NAS Saufley Field), control zone is amended as follows: "*** Pensacola, Fla. (Municipal Airport and NAS Pensacola-Forrest Sherman Field), control zones ***" is deleted and "*** Pensacola, Fla., and Pensacola NAS, Fla., control zones ***" is substituted therefor.

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958, 49 U.S.C. 1348(a); sec. 6(c), Department of Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. 1655(c))

Issued in East Point, Ga., on May 12, 1971.

GORDON A. WILLIAMS, Jr., Acting Director, Southern Region. [FR Doc.71-7231 Filed 5-24-71;8:47 am] [Airspace Docket No. 71-WE-24]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, AREA LOW ROUTES, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND RE-PORTING POINTS

Alteration of Transition Area

On April 8, 1971, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the Federal Register (36 F.R. 6760) stating that the Federal Aviation Administration was considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that would alter the description of the Phoenix, Ariz., transition area.

Interested persons were given 30 days in which to submit written comments, suggestions, or objections. No objections have been received and the proposed amendment is hereby adopted without change.

Effective date. This amendment shall be effective 0901 G.m.t., July 22, 1971.

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended, 49 U.S.C. 1348(a); sec. 6(c), Department of Transportation Act, 49 U.S.C. 1655(c))

Issued in Los Angeles, Calif., on May 13, 1971.

ARVIN O. BASNIGHT, Director, Western Region.

In § 71.181 (36 F.R. 2140) the description of the Phoenix, Ariz., transition area is amended by adding the following:

That airspace extending upward from 9,500 feet MSL bounded on the north by the south edge of V-12, on the east by the west edge of V-327, on the south and southeast by the north and northwest boundary of the 1,200-foot portion of the transition area, and on the southwest by a line extending from lattude 34°05′00′ N., longitude 112°37′00′ W., to point of intersection of longitude 113°-10′00′ W., and the south edge of V-12.

[FR Doc.71-7232 Filed 5-24-71;8:48 am]

Title 21—FOOD AND DRUGS

Chapter I—Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare

SUBCHAPTER A-GENERAL

PART 1—REGULATIONS FOR THE EN-FORCEMENT OF THE FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT AND THE FAIR PACKAGING AND LABELING ACT

Labeling of Food; Misleading Representation Regarding Origin of Food or Ingredient

In the Federal Register of June 12, 1970 (35 F.R. 9214), the Commissioner of Food and Drugs proposed a regulation (§ 1.15(c)) concerning misleading representation in food labeling regarding origin of food or ingredient. The notice provided for comments to be filed within

30 days, and this was extended to September 10, 1970, by a notice published July 16, 1970 (35 F.R. 11407).

In response, numerous comments were received from manufacturers and trade associations, consumers, Congressmen, and State and foreign governments. About 90 percent of the comments supported the proposal (many of these suggested changes also) and about 10 percent opposed it.

Having considered the comments and other relevant information, the Commissioner concludes that the proposed amendment, with changes, should be

adopted as set forth below.

Therefore, pursuant to provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (secs. 403(a), 701(a), 52 Stat. 1047, 1055; 21 U.S.C. 343(a), 371(a)) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner (21 CFR 2.120), a new paragraph is added to § 1.15, as follows:

§ 1.15 Food; labeling; misbranding.

(c) Among representations in the labeling of a food which render such food misbranded is any representation that expresses or implies a geographical origin of the food or any ingredient of the food except when such representation is either:

(1) A truthful representation of geo-

graphical origin.

- (2) A trademark or trade name provided that as applied to the article in question its use is not deceptively misdescriptive. A trademark or trade name comprised in whole or in part of geographical words shall not be considered deceptively misdescriptive if it:
- (i) Has been so long and exclusively used by a manufacturer or distributor that it is generally understood by the consumer to mean the product of a particular manufacturer or distributor; or

(ii) Is so arbitrary or fanciful that it is not generally understood by the consumer to suggest geographic origin.

(3) A part of the name required by applicable Federal law or regulation.

(4) A name whose market significance is generally understood by the consumer to connote a particular class, kind, type, or style of food rather than to indicate geographical origin.

Effective date. This order shall become effective 30 days after its date of Federal Register publication.

(Secs. 403(a), 701(a), 52 Stat. 1047, 1055; 21 U.S.C. 343(a), 371(a))

Dated: May 18, 1971.

CHARLES C. EDWARDS, Commissioner of Food and Drugs. [FR Doc.71-7252 Filed 5-24-71;8:49 am]

SUBCHAPTER C-DRUGS

PART 135b—NEW ANIMAL DRUGS FOR IMPLANTATION OR INJECTION

Gelatin Solution

The Commissioner of Food and Drugs has evaluated a supplemental new animal drug application (6-281V) filed by Fort Dodge Laboratories proposing the safe and effective intravenous administration of a sterile solution of gelatin to animals for the purposes set forth below. The application is approved.

Therefore, pursuant to provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 512(i), 82 Stat., 347; 21 U.S.C. 360b(1)) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner (21 CFR 2.120), Part 135b is amended by adding the following new section:

§ 135b.34 Gelatin solution.

(a) Specifications. It is sterile and each 100 cubic centimeters contains 8 grams of gelatin in an 0.85 percent sodium chloride solution.

- (b) Sponsor. Fort Dodge Laboratories, Fort Dodge. Iowa 50501.
- (c) Conditions of use. (1) It is used to restore circulatory volume and maintain blood pressure in animals being treated for shock.
- (2) The exact dosage to be administered must be determined after evaluating the animal's condition and will vary according to the size of the animal and the degree of shock. A suggested dosage range for small animals such as dogs is 4 to 8 cubic centimeters per pound body weight. The suggested dosage range for large animals such as sheep, calves, cows, or horses is 2 to 4 cubic centimeters per pound of body weight. It is administered intravenously at a rate of 10 cubic centimeters per minute in small animals and 20 to 30 cubic centimeters per minute in large animals. The solution is administered aseptically and must be between 50° to 70° F. when injected.
- (3) A few animals will exhibit signs of allergic reaction. This solution can cause transient reversible nephrosis. This product is not intended to replace whole blood in cases of anemia and should not be used in the presence of renal dysfunction. Unused portions remaining in bottles should be discarded.
- (4) For use only by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

Effective date. This order shall be effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5-25-71).

(Sec. 512(1), 82 Stat. 347; 21 U.S.C. 360b(1))

Dated: May 6, 1971.

C. D. VAN HOUWELING, Director, Bureau of Veterinary Medicine. [FR Doc.71-7217 Filed 5-24-71;8:46 am]

Proposed Rule Making

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service I 36 CFR Part 7 1

GRAND TETON NATIONAL PARK, WYO.

Fishing, Stock Trailing, Camping, Mountain Climbing, Winter Touring and Elk Management; Snowmobile Operation

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the authority contained in section 3 of the act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 3), the act of September 14, 1950 (64 Stat. 849; 16 U.S.C. 406d-1), 245 DM1 (27 F.R. 6395), as amended, National Park Service Order No. 21 (27 F.R. 7903), it is proposed to amend § 7.22 of Title 36 of the Code of Federal Regulations as set forth below.

The purpose of these changes is to eliminate sections which are now covered in the General Regulations; to include Sawmill Ponds among the waters closed to fishing; to provide additional authority to regulate stock driving over Park lands; to prevent overuse of campsites through limiting the use thereof and requiring registration at Jenny Lake Campground; to revoke regulations that prohibit solo climbing and winter touring; and to apply sound controls to the operation of snowmobiles in the park.

It is the policy of the Department of Interior, whenever practicable, to afford the public an opportunity to participate in the rulemaking process. Accordingly, interested persons may submit written comments, suggestions, or objections to the Superintendent, Grand Teton National Park, Box 67, Moose, WY 83012, within 30 days of publication of this notice is the Federal Register.

Section 7.22 is amended as follows:

§ 7.22 Grand Teton National Park.

(b) Fishing, (1) The following waters are closed to fishing: The Snake River for a distance of 150 feet below the downstream face of Jackson Lake Dam; Swan Lake; Sawmill Ponds; Hedrick's Pond; Christian Ponds; and Cottonwood Creek from the outlet of Jenny Lake downstream to the Saddle Horse Concession Bridge.

(2) During any period of emergency, or to prevent overuse by fishermen, or to protect the habitat or meeting areas of waterfowl, the Superintendent may close to fishing all or any open waters for such periods of time as may be necessary by the posting of appropriate signs.

(3) Fishing from any bridge or boat dock is prohibited.

(4) Bait: The use or possession of fish eggs or fish for bait is prohibited, except it shall be permissible to possess or use the following dead, nongame fish for bait on or along the shores of Jackson Lake: Redside shiner, speckled dace. longnose dace, piute sculpin, mottled sculpin, Utah chub, Utah sucker, bluehead sucker, and mountain sucker. Authorized marine bait dealers at Jackson Lake may retain live bait fish in containers: Provided, That such fish have been taken from Jackson Lake or waters draining into Jackson Lake: And provided further, That such bait fish are dead when sold.

(c) Stock grazing. * * *

(2) Where no reasonable ingress or egress is available to permittees or non-permittees who must cross Park lands to reach grazing allotments on non-Federal lands within the exterior boundary of the Park or adjacent thereto, the Superintendent will grant, upon request a temporary nonfee annual permit to here stock on a designated driveway which shall specify the time to be consumed in each single drive. The breach of any of the terms or conditions of the permit shall be grounds for termination, suspension, or reduction of these privileges.

(d) Camping. (1) No person, party or organization shall be permitted to camp more than 30 days in a calendar year in designated sites within the Park.

(2) Except in group campsites and backcountry sites, camping is limited to six persons to a site.

(3) Registration is required for camping at the Jenny Lake Campground; camping in this campground shall not exceed 10 days in any calendar year.

(e) Vessels. (1) Motorboats are prohibited except on Jackson, Jenny, and Phelps Lakes. On Jenny Lake, motorboats are restricted to motors not in excess of 7½ horsepower. Additionally, on Jenny Lake, an authorized boating concessioner may operate motorboats under conditions specified by the Superintendent.

(2) Hand-propelled vessels may be used on Jackson, Jenny, Phelps, Emma Matilda, Two Ocean, Taggart, Bradley, Bearpaw, Leigh, and String Lakes, and on the Snake River, except within 1,000 feet of the downstream face of Jackson Lake Dam. All other waters are closed to boating.

(3) Sailboats may be used only on Jackson Lake.

(4) No person except an authorized concessioner shall moor or beach a vessel on the shore of a designated harbor area, except in an emergency.

(f) Climbing and hiking. Registration with the Superintendent is required prior to any climbing or hiking off designated trails in the Teton Range above the 7.000-

foot level. The registrant is required to sign in immediately upon return from the climb or hike. Designated trails are shown on a map in the Superintendent's office.

(g) Winter travel. The superintendent may, by posting or notice, establish on the basis of weather and snow conditions, a winter travel season. During this season, registration with the Superintendent is required prior to any winter travel by foot, skis, snowshoes, or sleds, away from plowed roads. The registrant is required to sign in immediately upon return from a trip.

(h) Management of elk. The laws and regulations of the State of Wyoming shall govern elk management as associated with formal reduction programs. Such Wyoming laws and regulations which are now or will hereafter be in effect are hereby incorporated by reference as a part of the regulations in this

part

(i) Snowmobiles. The operation of a snowmobile which makes excessive noise is prohibited. Snowplanes are excepted whose owner had operated and registered the vehicle in the Park for the 1970-71 season. Excessive noise is defined as a level of total snowmobile noise that exceeds 86 decibels measured on the "A" weighting scale in intensity of a sound level meter, measured at a distance of not less than 50 feet, when the snowmobile is being operated at or below full throttle.

EDWARD A. HUMMEL, Assistant Director, National Park Service.

[FR Doc.71-7203 Filed 5-24-71;8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Food and Drug Administration
[21 CFR Part 147]

[DESI 902351

ANTIBIOTIC SUSCEPTIBILITY DISCS

Extension of Time for Filing Comments

The notice published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of April 10, 1971 (36 F.R. 6899), proposing amendments to 21 CFR Part 147 regarding antibiotic susceptibility discs, provided for comments to be filed within 30 days of that date.

The Commissioner of Food and Drugs has received a request to extend such time and, good reason therefor appearing, the time for filing comments on said proposal is extended to June 9, 1971.

This action is taken pursuant to provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (secs. 502, 507, 52 Stat. 1050-51, as amended, 59 Stat. 463, as

amended; 21 U.S.C. 352, 357) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner (21 CFR 2.120).

Dated: May 10, 1971.

SAM D. FINE,
Associate Commissioner
for Compliance.

[FR Doc.71-7253 Filed 5-24-71;8:49 am]

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Coast Guard
[33 CFR Part 117]

[CGFR 71-31]

BARNEGAT BAY, N.J. Drawbridge Operation

The Coast Guard is considering changing the regulations applicable to the Route 37 bridge across Barnegat Bay in Dover Township, N.J. to allow the draw to open only on the hour from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m. on weekends and holidays from May 1 to September 30. The draw is presently required to open on signal. The purpose of this proposal is to relieve the traffic congestion caused by the frequent openings of the draw during these periods.

Interested persons may participate in this proposed rule making by submitting written data, views, or arguments to the Commander, Third Coast Guard District, Governor's Island, New York, N.Y. 10004. Each person submitting comments should include his name and address, identify the bridge, and give reasons for any recommended change in the proposal. Copies of all written communications received will be available for examination by interested persons at the office of the Commander, Third Coast Guard District.

The Commander, Third Coast Guard District, will forward any comments received before June 21, 1971, with his recommendations to the Chief, Office of Operations, who will take final action on this proposal. The proposed regulations may be changed in the light of comments received.

In consideration of the foregoing, it is proposed that § 117.215(j) be amended by adding subparagraph (4) to read as follows:

§ 117.215 Navigable streams flowing into Raritan Bay (except Raritan River and Arthur Kill), the Shrewsbury River and its tributaries, and all inlets on the Atlantic Ocean including their tributaries and canals between Sandy Hook and Bay Head, N.J. bridges.

(j) * * *

(4) Barnegat Bay, New Jersey Route 37 Highway bridge between Bay Shore and Seaside Heights. The draw shall open on signal except that from May 1 through September 30 on Saturdays, Sundays,

Memorial Day, July Fourth, and Labor Day from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m., the draw need open only on the hour.

(Sec. 5, 28 Stat. 362, as amended, sec. 6(g) (1), 80 Stat. 937; 33 U.S.C. 499, 49 U.S.C. 1655(g) (2); 49 CFR 1.46(c) (5) (35 F.R. 4959), 33 CFR 1.05-1(c) (4) (35 F.R. 15922))

Dated: May 12, 1971.

R. E. HAMMOND, Rear Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Chief, Office of Operations.

[FR Doc.71-7255 Filed 5-24-71;8:49 am]

Federal Aviation Administration [14 CFR Part 71]

[Airspace Docket No. 71-CE-24]

CONTROL ZONE AND TRANSITION AREA

Proposed Alteration

The Federal Aviation Administration is considering amending Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations so as to alter the control zone and transition area at Grand Island, Nebr.

Interested persons may participate in the proposed rule making by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in triplicate to the Director, Central Region, Attention: Chief, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Building, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, MO All communications received within 45 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER will be considered before action is taken on the proposed amendments. No public hearing is contemplated at this time, but arrangements for informal conferences with Federal Aviation Administration officials may be made by contacting the Regional Air Traffic Division Chief. Any data, views, or arguments presented during such conferences must also be submitted in writing in accordance with this notice in order to become part of the record for consideration. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in the light of comments received.

A public docket will be available for examination by interested persons in the Office of the Regional Counsel, Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Building, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, MO 64106.

Since designation of controlled air-space for the Grand Island, Nebr., County Airport, the instrument approach procedures have been altered and two new procedures have been developed. Accordingly, it is necessary to alter the Grand Island, Nebr., control zone and transition area to adequately protect aircraft executing the new and altered approach procedures.

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations as hereinafter set

forth:

(1) In § 71.171 (36 F.R. 2055), the following control zone is amended to read:

GRAND ISLAND, NEBR.

Within a 5-mile radius of Grand Island County Airport (latitude 40°58′03′′ N., longitude 98°18′30′′ W.); within 3 miles each side of the Grand Island VORTAC 303° radial, extending from the 5-mile-radius zone to 8½ miles northwest of the VORTAC; and within 3 miles each side of the Grand Island VORTAC 360° radial, extending from the 5-mile-radius zone to 8½ miles north of the VORTAC.

(2) In § 71.181 (36 F.R. 2140), the following transition area is amended to read:

GRAND ISLAND, NEBR.

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 10-mile radius of Grand Island County Airport (latitude 40°58'03" N., longitude 98°18'30" W.); within 4½ miles northeast and 9½ miles southwest of the Grand Island VORTAC 303° radial, extending from the 10-mile-radius area to 181/2 miles northwest of the VORTAC; and within 4½ miles east and 9½ miles west of the Grand Island VORTAC 360° radial, extending from the 10-mile-radius area to 181/2 miles north of the VORTAC; and that airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface within a 17-mile radius of Grand Island VORTAC, extending from the Grand Island VORTAC 273° radial clockwise to the Grand Island VORTAC 084° radial; within a 27-mile radius of Grand Island VORTAC, extending from the Grand Island VORTAC 084° radial clockwise to the Grand Island VOR-TAC 273° radial and within 5 miles east and 8 miles west of the Grand Island VORTAC 360° radial, extending from the 17-mileradius area to V-172, excluding the portion which overlies the Hastings, Nebr., transition

These amendments are proposed under the authority of section 307(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1348), and of section 6(c) of the Department of Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1655(c)).

Issued in Kansas City, Mo., on May 4,

DANIEL E. BARROW, Acting Director, Central Region.

[FR Doc.71-7233 Filed 5-24-71;8:48 am]

[14 CFR Part 71]

[Airspace Docket No. 71-CE-32]

TRANSITION AREA Proposed Alteration

The Federal Aviation Administration is considering amending Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations so as to alter the transition area at Seymour,

Interested persons may participate in proposed rule making by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in triplicate to the Director, Central Region, Attention: Chief, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Building, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, MO 64106. All communications received within 45 days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register will be considered before action is taken on the proposed amendment. No public hearing is contemplated at this time, but arrangements

for informal conferences with Federal Aviation Administration officials may be made by contacting the Regional Air Traffic Division Chief. Any data, views, or arguments presented during such conferences must also be submitted in writing in accordance with this notice in order to become part of the record for consideration. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in the light of comments received.

A public docket will be available for examination by interested persons in the Office of the Regional Counsel, Federal Aviation Administration, Federal Building, 601 East 12th Street, Kansas City, MO 64106.

A new public use instrument approach procedure has been developed for Freeman Field, Seymour, Ind. Accordingly, it is necessary to alter the Seymour, Ind., transition area to adequately protect the aircraft executing the new approach procedure.

In consideration of the foregoing, the Federal Aviation Administration proposes to amend Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations as hereinafter set forth:

In § 71.181 (36 F.R. 2140), the following transition area is amended to read:

SEYMOUR, IND.

That airspace extending from 700 feet above the surface within a 7-mile radius of Freeman Field (latitude 38°55'36" N., longitude 85°54'20" W.); within 3 miles each side of the 061° bearing from Freeman Field, extending from the 7-mile radius area to 7½ miles northeast of the airport; and within 3 miles each side of the 161° bearing from Freeman Field extending from the 7-mile-radius area to 7½ miles south of the airport.

This amendment is proposed under the authority of section 307(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1348), and of section 6(c) of the Department of Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1655(c)).

Issued in Kansas City, Mo., on May 4, 1971.

DANIEL E. BARROW, Acting Director, Central Region. [FR Doc.71-7234 Filed 5-24-71;8:48 am]

[14 CFR Part 71]

[Airspace Docket No. 71-SO-89]

CONTROL ZONE AND TRANSITION AREA

Proposed Alteration

The Federal Aviation Administration is considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that would alter the St. Petersburg, Fla., control zone and Tampa, Fla., transition area.

Interested persons may submit such written data, views or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration, Southern Region, Air Traffic Division, Post Office Box 20636, Atlanta, GA 30320. All communications received within 30 days after publication of this notice in the Federal Recister will be considered before action

is taken on the proposed amendment. No hearing is contemplated at this time, but arrangements for informal conferences with Federal Aviation Administration officials may be made by contacting the Chief, Airspace and Procedures Branch. Any data, views, or arguments presented during such conferences must also be submitted in writing in accordance with this notice in order to become part of the record for consideration. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in light of comments received.

The official docket will be available for examination by interested persons at the Federal Aviation Administration, Southern Region, Room 724, 3400 Whipple Street, East Point, GA.

The St. Petersburg control zone described in § 71.171 (36 F.R. 2055) would be redesignated as:

Within a 5-mile radius of St. Petersburg Clearwater International Airport (lat. 27.54'33" N., long. 82.41'19" W.); within 2.5 miles each side of St. Petersburg VORTAC. 343° radial, extending from the 5-mile-radius zone to 6 miles northwest of the VORTAC.

The Tampa transition area described in § 71.181 (36 F.R. 2140) would be redesignated as:

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within an 8.5-mile radius of Tampa International Airport (lat. 27°56'29" N., long. 82°81'38" W.); within an 8.5-mile radius of St. Petersburg Clearwater International Airport (lat. 27°54'33" N., long. 82°41'19" W.); within 3 miles each side of St. Petersburg VORTAC 343° radial, extending from the 8.5-mile-radius area to 8 miles north of the VORTAC; within an 8.5-mile radius of MacDill AFB (lat. 27°50'57" N., long. 82°31'18" W.); within 3 miles each side of MacDill AFB ILS localizer northeast course, extending from the 8.5-mile-radius area to 8.5 miles northeast of the OM; within a 5-mile radius of Peter O. Knight Airport (lat. 27°54'55" N., long. 82°27'05" W.) and Albert-Whitted Airport (lat. 27°45'53" N., long. 82°37'39" W.).

The proposed alterations are required to provide controlled airspace protection for IFR operations in the Tampa terminal complex in conformance with Terminal Instrument Procedures (TERPs) and current airspace criteria.

This amendment is proposed under the authority of section 307(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1348(a)) and of section 6(c) of the Department of Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1655(c)).

Issued in East Point, Ga., on May 11, 1971.

Gordon A. Williams, Jr., Acting Director, Southern Region. [FR Doc.71-7235 Filed 5-24-71;8:48 am]

[14 CFR Part 71]

[Airspace Docket No. 71-SO-97].

TRANSITION AREA

Proposed Alteration

The Federal Aviation Administration is considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that would alter the Auburn, Ala., transition

Interested persons may submit such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration, Southern Region, Air Traffic Division, Post Office Box 20636, Atlanta, GA 30320. All communications received within 30 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER will be considered before action is taken on the proposed amendment. No hearing is contemplated at this time, but arrangements for informal conferences with Federal Aviation Administration officials may be made by contacting the Chief, Airspace and Procedures Branch. Any data, views, or arguments presented during such conferences must also be submitted in writing in accordance with this notice in order to become part of the record for consideration. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in light of comments received.

The official docket will be available for examination by interested persons at the Federal Aviation Administration, Southern Region, Room 724, 3400 Whipple Street, East Point, GA.

The Auburn transition area described in § 71.181 (36 F.R. 2140) would be redesignated as:

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 5-mile radius of Auburn-Opelika Airport (lat. 32°37′00′′ N., long. 85°26′00′′ W.); within 2 miles each side of the extended centerline of Runway 18/36, extending from the 5-mile-radius area to 6 miles north of the runway end; within 2.5 miles each side of Columbus, Ga., VOR. 270° radial, extending from the 5-mile-radius area to 17.5 miles west of the VOR.

The proposed alteration is required to provide controlled airspace protection for an RNAV instrument approach procedure to Auburn-Opelika Airport, utilizing Tuskegee, Ala., VOR.

This amendment is proposed under the authority of section 307(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1348(a)) and of section 6(c) of the Department of Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1655(c)).

Issued in East Point, Ga., on May 13,

GORDON A. WILLIAMS, Jr., Acting Director, Southern Region.

[FR Doc.71-7236 Filed 5-24-71;8:48 am]

I 14 CFR Part 103 1

[Docket No. 10437; Notice 71-16]

TRANSPORTATION OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Classification and Labeling of Hazardous Materials

On July 22, 1970, the Hazardous Materials Regulations Board published Docket No. HM-8; Notice No. 70-13 (35 F.R. 11742) relating to the classification and labeling of hazardous materials. One objective of the document was to incorporate certain shipper requirements

for transportation of hazardous materials aboard aircraft.

Comments received on this aspect of the proposal indicated that a more detailed incorporation of transportationby-air requirements in Title 49 would be necessary to effectively accomplish the objective. The Board agrees with this comment on page 9449 of this issue of the FEDERAL REGISTER is publishing Supplemental Notice in Docket No. HM-8 to facilitate the regulatory transfer of shipper requirements for shipment by air from 14 CFR Part 103 to 49 CFR Parts 170-189 (Docket No. HM-8; Notice No. 71-13).

In conjunction with the proposed transfer, this document proposes to cancel those sections of 14 CFR Part 103 which would subsequently appear in 49 CFR Parts 170-189.

In consideration of the foregoing, it is proposed to amend 14 CFR Part 103 as follows:

(A) Section 103.7 would be amended to read as follows:

§ 103.7 Passenger-carrying aircraft.

- (a) Except as authorized by 49 CFR Parts 171-173, no person may carry any dangerous article in a passenger-carry-
- (B) Section 103.9 would be amended to read as follows:

§ 103.9 Cargo-only aircraft.

- (a) Except as authorized by 49 CFR Parts 171-173, no person may carry any dangerous article in a cargo-only aircraft.
- (b) For the purposes of this part, a cargo-only aircraft is any aircraft that is not a passenger aircraft.

§§ 103.11, 103.13, 103.15, 103.17 [Canceled].

- (C) Section 103.11 would be canceled.
- (D) Section 103.13 would be canceled.
- (E) Section 103.15 would be canceled.
- (F) Section 103.17 would be canceled. (G) In Section 103.19, paragraph (d)
- would be added to read as follows:

§ 103.19 Quantity limitations.

- (d) No person may offer for shipment by air and no person may carry on an aircraft any hazardous material if the maximum quantity in one outside package is greater than that authorized in 49 CFR 172.5 or 49 CFR Part 173 for passenger-carrying and cargo-only aircraft
- (H) Section 103.29 would be amended to read as follows:

§ 103.29 Magnetized materials; packing, and marking requirements.

(a) No person may offer a magnetized material (which might cause an erroneous aircraft magnetic compass reading) for shipment by air unless it is packaged, marked, and labeled in accordance with 49 CFR Part 173.

Interested persons are invited to give their views on this proposal. Communications should identify the docket number and be submitted in duplicate to the Secretary, Hazardous Materials Regulations Board, Department of Transportation, 400 Sixth Street SW., Washington, DC 20590. Communications received on or before August 31, 1971, will be considered before final action is taken on the proposal. All comments received will be available for examination by interested persons at the Office of the Secretary, Hazardous Materials Regulations Board, both before and after the closing date for comments.

This proposal is made under the authority of title VI and section 902(h) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1421-1430, 1472(h)).

Issued in Washington, D.C., on May 14.

SAM SCHNEIDER, Board Member, for the Federal Aviation Administration. [FR Doc.71-6994 Filed 5-24-71;8:45 am]

Hazardous Materials Regulations Board

[49 CFR Parts 171, 172, 173]

[Docket No. HM-8; Notice 71-13]

TRANSPORTATION OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Classification and Labeling of Hazardous Materials

On July 22, 1970, the Hazardous Materials Regulations Board published Docket No. HM-8; Notice No. 70-13 (35 F.R. 11742) relating to the classification and labeling of hazardous materials. One objective of the document was to incorporate certain shipper requirements for transportation of hazardous materials aboard aircraft.

Comments received on this aspect of the proposal indicated that a more detailed incorporation of transportationby-air requirements in Title 49 would be necessary to effectively accomplish the objective. The Board agrees with this comment and is publishing this supplemental notice in Docket No. HM-8 to facilitate the regulatory transfer of shipper requirements for shipment by air from 14 CFR Part 103 to 49 CFR Parts 170 to 189.

The quantity limitations specified throughout are intended generally to reflect limits already contained in 14 CFR 103.7, 103.9, and 103.19 of the Federal Aviation Regulations.

Several items have been changed from the flammable solid class to the spontaneously combustible material class. Also, some other small changes are being proposed in response to public comments related to the commodity list. This supplemental notice is not a response to all comments received on the commodity list. All comments received on the original notice and on this supplemental notice will be addressed in the preparation of the final rule.

To facilitate review, the symbol % has been placed before each entry in the commodity list that has been changed from the way it appeared in Docket No. HM-8; Notice No. 70-13 (35 F.R. 11742).

In consideration of the foregoing, it is proposed to amend 49 CFR Parts 171, 172, 173 as follows:

- I. Part 171-General Information and Regulations:
- (A) In Part 171, Table of Contents, §§ 171.2, 171.3, 171.11 would be amended to read as follows:

171.2

Acts of Congress. Changes in the regulations, shippers 171.3 by rail, highway, air, and water, and carriers by rail and highway. Transportation by carriers by air and

171.11 water.

(B) The authority cited immediately following the table of contents, would be amended to read as follows:

AUTHORITY: The provisions of this Part 171 issued under 62 Stat. 738, 74 Stat. 808, and 72 Stat. 778; 18 U.S.C. 834 and 49 U.S.C. 1421-1430, unless otherwise noted.

(C) In § 171.1, paragraph (a) would be amended to read as follows:

§ 171.1 Plan of the regulations in Parts 170-189 of this chapter.

- (a) Regulations in Parts 170-189 of this chapter cover preparation of hazardous materials for transportation by civil aircraft and by common carriers by rail freight, rail express, rail baggage, high-way or water, construction of containers, packaging, weight, marking, labeling when required, billing, and shipper's certificate of compliance with these regulations; also cars, loading, storage, billing, placarding, and movement thereof by carriers by rail.
- (D) In § 171.2, the heading would be amended; paragraph (b) would be added to read as follows:

§ 171.2 Acts of Congress.

* (b) Section 1472(h) (1), title 49 of the United States Code, provides that "Any person who knowingly delivers or causes to be delivered to an air carrier or to the operator of any civil aircraft for transportation in air commerce, or who causes the transportation in air commerce of, any shipment, baggage, or property, the transportation of which would be prohibited by any rule, regulation, or requirement prescribed by the (Federal Aviation) Administrator under title VI of this Act, relating to the transportation, packing, marking, or description of explosives or other dangerous articles," shall be fined or imprisoned, as provided in the Act.

(E) In § 171.3, the heading and paragraph (b) would be amended to read as follows:

§ 171.3 Changes in the regulations, shippers by rail, highway, air, and water, and carriers by rail and highway.

(b) Section 1472(h) (2), title 49 of the United States Code, provides that "In

the exercise of his authority under title VI of this Act, the (Federal Aviation) Administrator may provide by regula-tion for the application in whole or in part of the rules or regulations of the Department of Transportation (including future amendments and additions thereto) relating to the transportation. packing, marking, or description of explosives or other dangerous articles for surface transportation, to the shipment and carriage by air of such articles." While so made applicable, any such rule or regulation, or part thereof, shall for the purposes of the Act be deemed to be a regulation of the Administrator prescribed under 49 U.S.C. 1421-1430.

(F) In § 171.8, paragraphs (g) and (m) would be amended to read as follows:

§ 171.8 Definitions.

(g) The term "portable tank" means any tank designed primarily to be temporarily attached to an aircraft, a motor vehicle, other vehicle, railroad car other than tank car, or vessel, and equipped with skids, mountings, or accessories to facilitate handling of the tank by mechanical means. The term "portable tank" shall not be construed to include any cargo tank, any tank car tank, or any tank of the DOT 106A or 110A (§§ 179.301, 179.302 of this chapter) type.

(m) "Hazardous materials" means "explosives and other dangerous articles" as used in title 18, United States Code, section 831–835, and title 49, United

States Code, section 1472(h).

(G) Section 171.11 would be amended to read as follows:

§ 171.11 Transportation by carriers by air and water.

When the transportation of a shipment involves movement by a carrier by air or water, the applicable provisions of Parts 170–189 of this chapter must be observed by the shipper.

II. Part 172:

In § 172.5 paragraph (a) Commodity List, proposed amendments marked "%" are changes from the proposed amendments as they appeared in Docket No. HM-8; Notice No. 70-13 (35 F.R. 11742), as follows:

§ 172.5 List of hazardous materials.

(a) * * *

			, 0111001			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	a letter of the	(5)	R. Phys.
				Maximur	n quantity in one	package
Article	Classed as—	Exemptions and packaging (see section)	Label required (if not exempt)	(a)	(b)	(c)
				Rail express	Passenger carrying aircraft	Cargo only aircraft
%Accumulator, pressurized (pneumatic or hydraulic),						
containing nonflammable gas. Acetaldehyde (ethyl aldehyde) Acetone Acetone cyanohydrin. *Acetone oils Acetonitrile Acetyl benzoyl peroxide, solid, or solution containing	F.L	173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons	1 quart	. 10 gallons
Acetone cyanohydrin	Pols. B	173.345, 173.346	Poison B	55 gallons	do	55 gallons
*Acetone oils	F.L	173.118, 173.119	Red	. 10 gallons	do	10 gallons.
Acetonitrile	F.L.	173.118, 173.119	do	do	do	. Do.
more than 40-percent peroxide. Acetyl benzoyl peroxide, solution containing 40 percent						
Acetylene.	F.G	173.306, 173.303	Red Gas	300 pounds	Not accepted	300 pounds
or less peroxide. Acetyl chloride. Acetylene. Acetyl peroxide, solid or solution containing more than 25-percent peroxide.						
Acetyl peroxide, solution containing 25 percent or less	The state of the s			The state of the s	The state of the s	Children of the Control of the Contr
Acids, liquid, n.o.s	Cor. L	173.244, 173.245	Corrosive Liquid_	5 pints	1 quart	5 pints.
*Acid, sludge	Cor. L	No exemption, 173.248	do	1 quart	Not accepted	1 quart.
Aerylonitrile	F.L.	173 118 173 119	do	10 gallons	1 quart	10 callons.
Acids, liquid, n.o.s. *Acid, sludge. Acrolein, inhibited Acrylonitrile Actuating cartridges, explosive fire extinguisher or valve *Adhesives, n.o.s. See Cement, liquid, n.o.s. Aeroplane flares. See Fireworks, special. Acrosol products. See Compressed gases, n.o.s.	Expl. C	173.114	Orange C	150 pounds	50 pounds	150 pounds.
Air, compressed	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.302	Green	300 pounds	150 pounds	300 pounds.
Aircraft rocket engines (commercial)	F.S.	No exemption, 173.238	Red striped	550 pounds	Not accepted	550 pounds.
*Alcohol, n.o.s.	F.L.	173.118. 173.125	Red	10 gallons	1 quart	10 gallons.
Aldrin	Pois. B	173.364, 173.376	Poison B	200 pounds	50 pounds	200 pounds.
Aeroplane flares. See Fireworks, special. Aerosol products. See Compressed gases, n.o.s. Air, compressed. Aircraft rocket engines (commercial). Aircraft rocket engine igniters (commercial). "Alcohol, n.o.s. Aldrin. Aldrin mixtures, dry, with more than 65 percent aldrin. Aldrin mixtures, liquid, with more than 60 percent aldrin.	Pois. B	173.364, 173.376	do	55 gallons	1 quart	55 gallons.
%*Alkaline caustic liquids, n.o.s.	Cor. L	173.244, 173.249	Corrosive liquid	10 gallons	do	10 gallons.
%Alkaline corrosive battery fluid	Cor. L	173.244, 173.249, 173.257	do	do	do	Do.
Alkaline corrosive battery fluid with storage battery	Cor. L	No exemption, 173.258	do	400 pounds	Not accepted	5 pints.
adurn. *Alkaline corrosive battery fluid Alkaline corrosive battery fluid Alkaline corrosive battery fluid with storage battery *Alkaline corrosive liquids, n.o.s. *Alkaline corrosive liquids, n.o.s. *Alkaline corrosive liquids, n.o.s. *Alkaline corrosive liquids of the corrosive liquids of solids.	Cor. L.	170.299, 170.299	do	10 gallons	1 quart	10 ganous.
Allyl alcohol	Pois. B	173.345, 173.346	Polson B	55 gallons	do	55 gallons.
Allyl bromide	Cor T	173.118, 173.119	Compoint Light	10 gallons	Not perpeted	10 gallons.
Allyl trichlorosilane	Cor. L	No exemption 173.288	dodo	10 gallons	do	10 gallons.
Allyl alcohol Allyl alcohol Allyl bromide Allyl thromide Allyl trichlorosilane Aluminum allyls, See Spontaneously combustible liquids, n.o.s.						
%Aluminum dross, wet or hot.		173.173				
Aluminum nitrate	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.182	Yellow	100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pounds.
Ammonium arsenate, solid	Pols. B	173.364, 173.365	Poison B	200 pounds	50 pounds	200 pounds.
Ammonium bichromate (ammonium dichromate)	F.S	173.153, 173.154, 173.235	Red Striped	100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pounds.
Ammonium nitrate—carbonate mixtures	Oxy. M.	173.103, 173.182	Yellow	do	0 do	Do.
Ammonia, anhydrous Ammonium arsenate, solid Ammonium blehromate (ammonium dichromate) Ammonium nitrate Ammonium nitrate—earbonate mixtures Ammonium nitrate fertilizer, containing 90 percent or more ammonium nitrate with no organic coating. Ammonium nitrate—fuel oil. See Nitro carbo nitrate. *Ammonium nitrate mixed fertilizer Ammonium nitrate (organic coating). *Ammonium nitrate—bhosphate Ammonium pernanganate Ammonium piernae. See High explosives.	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.182	do	do	do	Do.
Ammonium nitrate—fuel oil. See Nitro carbo nitrate.	Own M	129 159 129 100	131		1 92	Do
Ammonium nitrate (organic coating)	Oxy. M	173 153 173 182	do	do	do	Do.
*Ammonium nitrate—phosphate	Oxy. M.	173.153, 173.182	do	do	do	Do.
Ammonium perchlorate	Oxy. M.	173.153, 173.154, 173.239a	do	do	do	Do.
Ammonium picrate, See High avplactors	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.154	do	do	Not accepted	Not Becelved.
Ammonium picrate, See High explosives. %Ammonium picrate, wet (not to exceed 16 ounces)	F.S	173.192	None	i pound	1 pound	1 pound.

(1)		(3)	(4)	Maximu	(5) Maximum quantity in one package			
Article	Classed as-	Exemptions and packaging (see section)	Label required (if not exempt)	(a)	(b)	(c)		
				Rail express	Passenger carrying aircraft	Cargo only aircraft		
immunition, chemical (containing class A poisons, liquids, or gases.) See Chemical ammunition.								
mmunition, chemical (containing class B poisons, liquids, or gases). See Chemical ammunition. mmunition, chemical (containing class C poisons, liquids,								
or solids). See Chemical ammunition. mmunition, chemical explosive (with fuzes or bursting charges).	Expl. A	. 173:59	Orange A	Not accepted	. Not accepted	. Not accepte		
charges). mmunition, nonexplosive mmunition for cannon with empty projectiles mmunition for cannon with explosive projectiles. mmunition for cannon with gas projectiles. mmunition for cannon with illuminating projectiles mmunition for cannon with inendiary projectiles. mmunition for cannon with inert loaded projectiles mmunition for cannon with smoke projectiles. mmunition for cannon with smoke projectiles. mmunition for cannon with solid projectiles. mmunition for cannon with solid projectiles. mmunition for cannon without projectiles.	Expl. B	173.55. No exemption, 173.89.	Orange B	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accepte		
mmunition for cannon with gas projectiles.	Expl. A	do	do	do	do	Do.		
mmunition for cannon with incendiary projecties	Expl. A	do	do	do	do	Do.		
minunition for cannon with inert loaded projectiles	Expl. B	No exemption, 173.54	Orange A	do	do	Do.		
mmunition for cannon with solid projectiles	Expl. B	No exemption, 173.89	Orange Bdo	do	do	Do.		
manufaction amount arms Cas Conell arms amountailian								
	Expl. A	No exemption, 173.58	Orange A	do	do	. Do.		
*Amyl acetate	F.L.	173.118, 173.119.	Red	10 gallons	. I quart	10 gallons.		
myl chloride	F.L.	No exemption, 173.141	do	do	. Not accepted	Do. Do.		
mmunition for small-arms with explosive projectiles. "Amyl acetate myl chloride myl mercaptan myl nitrite myl trichlorosilane myl trichlorosilane	F.L.	173.118, 173.119.	Corrosive Liquid	do	Not accepted	Do.		
nhydrous hydrazine. See Hydrazine, anhydrous.								
niline oil, liquid	Pols. B	No exemption, 173.347	Poison B	55 gallons	do	55 gallons.		
nhydrous hydrofluoric acid. See Hydogen fluoride. niline oil, liquid. nisoyl chloride. 'Antifreeze compounds, liquid. 'Antifreeze preparations proprietary, liquid. ntimony pentachloride. ntimony pentachloride, solution. ntimony pentalluoride. Aqua ammonia solution containing anhydrous	F.L.	173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons	do	10 gallons.		
*Antifreeze preparations proprietary, liquidntimony pentachloride	Cor. L	173.118, 173.119	Corrosive Liquid	1 quart	do	1 quart.		
ntimony pentachloride, solution	Cor. L.	173,244, 173.245	do do	5 pints.	Not accepted	5 pints. 25 pounds.		
Aqua ammonia solution containing anhydrous	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314, 173.315.	Green	300 pounds	do	. 300 pounds.		
rgon	Nonf G	173 306 173 302 173 314	do	do	150 pounds	Do.		
rgon, liquefied	Pois, B	No exemption, 173.304	Poison B	55 gallons	Not accepted	Do. 55 gallons.		
rsenic acid, solid	Pols. B	173.364, 173.366	do	200 pounds	50 pounds	200 pounds.		
rsenic bromide, solid rsenic chloride (<i>arsenous</i>) liquid rsenic iodide, solid	Pois. B	173.345, 173.346	do	55 gallons	1 quart	55 gallons. 200 pounds.		
rsenic pentoxide, solid	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365	do	do		. Do.		
rsenie solid	Pois, B	173,364, 173,366	do	do	do	Do.		
rsenic sulfide, solid rsenic trichloride, liquid rsenic trioxide, solid (arsenic, while, solid, arsenous	Pois. B	173.345, 173.346. 173.364, 173.366, 173.368.	do	55 gallons 200 pounds	. 1 quart 50 pounds	55 gallons. 200 pounds.		
acid, solid). rsenic, white solid	Pols. B		do	do	do	Do		
rsenical compounds or mixtures, n.o.s., liquid	Pois. B	173.345, 173.346	do	55 gallons	1 quart	55 gallons.		
arsenical compounds or mixtures, n.o.s., solidarsenical dip, liquid (sheep dip)	Pois B	173.345, 173.346	do	55 gallons	1 quart	55 gallons.		
rsenical flue dust	Pois. B	173.364, 173.368	do	200 pounds	_ 50 pounds	200 pounds.		
rsenous acid. solid	Pols. B	173.364, 173.365	dodo	55 gallons	l quart	Do.		
Asphalt, cut-back	F.L.	173.118, 173.131	Red	10 gallons	do	10 gallons.		
utomobiles, motorcycles, tractors, or other self-propelled vehicles.					***************************************			
automobiles, motorcycles, tractors, or other self-propelled vehicles, engines or other mechanical apparatus, with charged electric storage batteries, wet. Aziridinyl phosphine oxide (tris). Sec Tris-(1-aziri-		Sec 173.250,						
	r.s	No exemption 173 155(a)	Red Striped	25 pounds	. Not accepted	25 pounds		
dmyr) phosphine oxide, ags, sodium nitrate, empty and unwashed arium azide—50 percent or more water, wet arium chlorate.	F.S.	No exemption, 173.239	do	1 pound	25 pounds	1 pound.		
arium ehlorate, arium ehlorate, wet arium eyanide, solid	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.163(a) (6)	dodo	200 pounds	do	200 pounds,		
and read and detailed and the	Own M	172 152 172 192	Vallow	100 mounds	rio.	TOO DODDA'S		
arium perchlorate arium permanganate arlum peroxide (binoxide, diaxide)	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.154 173.153, 173.154	do	do	do	Do. Do.		
arium peroxide (binoxide, dioxide)	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.156	do	do	do	Do.		
Satteries, dry	Cor. L	Not regulated. 173.258, 173.260 173.250, 173.260	Corrosive Liquid.	600 pounds	Not accepted	No limit.		
attery fluid. See Electrolyte (acid or Alkaline corrosive	Cor. L	173.259	do	. 5 gallons	Not accepted	5 pints.		
	F.L	173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons	. 1 quart	10 gallons.		
Benzene phosphorus dichloride	Cor. L	173.244, 173.250a	Corrosive Liquid	5 pints	do	5 pints.		
denzine	F.L.	173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons.	do	10 gallons.		
battery fluid. elenzene (benzol) (Benzene phosphorus dichloride. (Benzene phosphorus thiodichloride elenzine elenzoy chloride Genzoyl peroxide.	Oxy. M	No exemption, 173.157,	Peroxide.	25 pounds	Not accepted	25 pounds.		
Day and Assess Chic Physics at Alexandra at a bank of	Con T	No accountion 172 221	Correction Thousand	Kenleyte	do	5 minte		
senzyl chorde. senzyl chlorde. senzyl chloroformate (Chlorocarbonate) Berylltum compounds, n.o.s.	Cor. L	173.244, 173.295	do	1 quart.	Not accorded	1 quart.		
THE VICENCE OF THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF T	Cor. M.	TAG CAUMPERNI, 110,400		. o pariso	- zvot acceptou	COO .		

720	-		100	-	1000	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	Madama	(5)	na de un
		Exemptions and packaging	Label required	(a)	quantity in one ; (b)	раскаде (с)
Article	Classed as—	(see section)	(if not exempt)	Rail express	Passenger carrying aircraft	Cargo only aircraft
Black powder igniters with empty cartridge bags	Expl. C	No exemption, 173.106	Orange C	150 pounds	50 pounds	150 pounds.
Blasting caps—1,000 or less Blasting caps—more than 1,000.	Expl. A	No exemption, 173.103 No exemption, 173.66	Orange A	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accepted.
Blasting caps—more than 1,000. Blasting caps—electric, 1,000 or less Blasting caps—electric, more than 1,000. Blasting caps with metal clad mild detonating fuse—	Expl. C	No exemption, 173.103 No exemption, 173.66	Orange A	Not accepted	do	Do. Do.
1,000 01 1688.						
Blasting caps with metal clad mild detonating fuse— more than 1,000.	Expl. A	No exemption, 173.66(e), 173.67,	Orange A	do	do	Do.
Blasting caps with safety fuse—1,000 or less Blasting caps with safety fuse—more than 1,000	Expl. C Expl. A	No exemption, 173.103 No exemption, 173.66(c),	Orange C	See 173.86 Not accepted	do	Do. Do.
Blasting gelatin. See High explosives.		173.67.				
*Boller compound, liquid	. Cor. L	173.244, 173.249	Corrosive liquid.	10 gallons	1 quart.	10 gallons.
Bombs, explosive. See Explosive bomb. Bombs, explosive, with gas, smoke, or incendiary material.						No Bitmonto
See Explosive bomb. Bombs, fireworks. See Fireworks, special.						
Bombs, gas, smoke or incendiary, nonexplosive. See Chemical ammunition.						
Bombs, incendiary, or smoke without bursting charges. See						
Fireworks, special. Bombs, practice, with electric primers or electric squibs	**************	See 173.55	************		**********	
Bombs, practice, with electric primers or electric squibs (nonexplosive). Bombs, sand-loaded or empty (nonexplosive) Boosters (explosive) Bordeaux arsenites, liquid. Bordeaux arsenites, solid. Boron trifluoride. "% *Box toe gum. Bromine		do	*			
Boosters (explosive) Bordeaux arsenites, liquid	Expl. A	No exemption, 173.69 173.345, 173.346	Orange A	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accepted.
Boron trichloride	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365 No exemption, 173.251	Corrosive Liquid	200 pounds	50 pounds	200 pounds.
Boron trifluoride	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.302 173.118 173.110	Green	300 pounds	do	300 pounds.
% *Box toe gum. Bromine. Bromine pentafluoride. Bromine pentafluoride.	Cor. L	No exemption, 173,252	Corrosive Liquid.	1 quart	Not accepted	1 quart.
Bromine triffuoride Bromoacetone, liquid	Cor. L	No exemption, 173,283	do	dodo	do	Do.
Bromobenzyl cyanide, liquid Bromotoluene, alpha. See Benzyl bromide.	Irr.	No exemption, 173,329(a) No exemption, 173,382	Irritant	20 pounds	do	20 pounds.
Brucine, solid (dimethoxy strychnine)	Pols. B	173.364, 173.365	Poison B	200 pounds	50 pounds	200 pounds.
%Burnt cotton (not repicked)	SCM	No exemption, 173.159 No exemption, 173.169	Red Bottomdo	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accepted.
Bruchie, solid (dimethoxy strychnine). Bruchie, solid (dimethoxy strychnine). Burnt eotton (not repicked). Burnt fiber Bursters (explosive). Butadiene, inhibited.	Expl. A	No exemption, 173.69. 173.306, 173.304, 173.314.	Orange A	300 pounds	do	Do. 300 pounds.
%Butane. See Liquefied petroleum gas.		173.315.				AND STREET STREET
*Butyl acetate						
Butyl aiconol. See Alconol, n.o.s. Butyl mercaptan Butyl trichlorosilane Butyraldehyde Cacodylic acid, solid (dimethyl-arsenie) Calcium arsenate, solid Calcium arsenate, solid	F.L.	No exemption, 173.141	Corrective Liquid	do	Not accepted	Do.
Butyraldehyde Coordelia add colid (disastral contact	F.L.	173.118, 173.119	Red	do	1 quart	Do.
Calcium arsenate, solid	Pois, B	173.364, 173.367, 173.368.	do	dodo	do	Do.
Calcium chlorate	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.168	Yellow	100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pounds.
Calcium arsenite, solid Calcium arsenite, solid Calcium chlorate Calcium chlorite %Calcium cyanide (or calcium cyanide mixture, solid). %Calcium hypochlorite mixtures (dry, containing more tham 20% carallable schloring)	Pois. B	No exemption, 173.160 173.370 (c) and (d)	Polson B	200 pounds	Not accepted 25 pounds	200 pounds.
Calcium, metallic, crystalline Calcium nitrite	WRM	173.153, 173.154 No exemption, 173.231	Blue	25 pounds	25 pounds Not accepted	Do. 25 pounds.
Calcium nitrite	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.182	Yellow	100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pounds.
Calcium peroxide	Oxy. M WRM	173.153, 173.156 No exemption 173.161	Rive	25 pounds	Not accepted	Do. 25 pounds.
%Calcium resinate	SCM SCM	No exemption, 173.166	Red Bottom	125 pounds	do	125 pounds.
Calcium nitrite Calcium permanganate Calcium permanganate Calcium phosphide %Calcium resinate %Calcium resinate, fused Cannon primers Cannon primers Caps, blasting. See Blasting caps Caps, toy. See Toy caps Capryly peroxide solution Carbolic acid, (phenol), liquid, (liquid tar acid containing over 50 percent heave-ophenol).	Expl. C	No exemption, 173.107	Orange C	150 pounds	50 pounds	150 pounds.
Caps, toy. See Toy caps.	Own M	172 182/5.) 172 001	Describe	1 amount	1 amount	1 anart
Carbolic acid, (phenol), liquid, (liquid tar acid containing	Pois, B	173.345, 173.349	Poison B	55 gallons	do	55 gallons.
Carbon caca, (pheno), hquia, (iquia tar acia containing over 60 percent henzo-phenol). Carbolic acid (phenol) solid. Carbon bisulfide (disulfide). Carbon dioxide gas, liquefied ("mining device"). Carbon dioxide, liquefied.	Pois. B	173.369	do	250 pounds	50 pounds	250 pounds.
Carbon dioxide gas, liquefied ("mining device")	Nonf. G	No exemption, 173.121 173.304(a)(2) Table Note 4	Green	6 pounds	Not accepted	6 pounds.
Carbon dioxide, liquefied	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314,	do	300 pounds	150 pounds	300 pounds.
Carbon dioxide, hitrous oxide mixture	Nonf. (†	173.306, 173.304	do	do	do	120.
Carbon dioxide-oxygen mixture. Carbon monoxide. *Carbon remover, liquid.	F.G	173.306, 173.304 173.118, 173.119	Red gas	150 pounds	Not accepted	150 pounds. 10 gallons.
Carbon I chloride. See Phosgene Cartridge bags, empty, with black powder igniters Cartridge cases, empty, primed. Cartridges, practice ammunition. Case oil. See Gasoline or *Naphtha Casinghead gasoline. See Gasoline.	Expl. C	No exemption, 173,106	Orange C	150 pounds	50 pounds	150 pounds.
Cartridge cases, empty, primed	Expl. C	No exemption, 173.107	do	do	do	Do. Do.
Case oil. See Gasoline or *Naphtha.	aapn Oaraan	To exemplify a parameter.				
Caustic potash, liquid. See Potassium hydroxide solu- tions.						
Caustic soda, liquid. See Sodium hydroxide solutions.						
*Cement, adhesive, n.o.s. See Cement, liquid, n.o.s. *Cement, leather	F.L	173.118, 173.119	Red	12 gallons	1 quart	12 gallons.
	F.L.	173.118, 173.132 173.118, 173.132	do	15 gallonsdo	do	Do.
*Cement, roofing, liquid	F.L.	173.118, 173.132 173.118, 173.119	do	12 gallons	do	12 gallons.
Cement, iquid, n.o.s. Cement, pyroxylin Cement, roofing, liquid Cement, rubber Charcoal, activated Charcoal briquettes Charcoal shall	F.LF.S	173.118, 173.132 173.162	Red Striped	200 pounds	25 pounds	15 gallons. 200 pounds.
Charcoal briquettes Charcoal, shell	F.S	173.162 173.162	do	do	50 pounds	
Charcoal, shell Charcoal, wood, ground, crushed, granulated or pulverized.	F.S	173.162	do	do	do	Do.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	Maximu	(5) m quantity in one	package
		Exemptions and packaging	Label required	(a)	(b)	(0)
Article	Classed as-	(see section)	(if not exempt)	Rall express	Passenger carrying aircraft	Cargo onl aircraft
harcoal, wood, lump	F.S	173.162 173.162	do	100 pounds 200 pounds	50 pounds	50 pounds. 200 pounds.
harcoal wood screenings other than "pinon" wood	F.S	No exemption, 173.162	do	Not accepted	. Not accepted	Not accept
parcoal screenings, wet	SCM	Forbidden				
acreenings. harcoal screenings, wet harcoal, wet harged oil well jet perforating guns (total explosive con-	Expl. A	No exemption, 173.53(u),	Orange A	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accept
caused oil well let perforating guns (total explosive contents in guns not exceeding 20 pounds per motor splicits).	Expl. C	No exemption, 173.53(u), 173.110.	Orange C	do	do	Do.
hemicals, n.o.s. See *Drugs, chemicals, medicines or cosmetics, n.o.s.		AV	Belean Casar	do	do	Do
cosmeties, n.o.s. emical ammunition (containing class A polsons, gazes, or liquids). emical ammunition (containing class B poisons, liquids emical ammunition (containing class B poisons, liquids	Pois. A.	No exemption, 170,000	Poison A.	es collows	do	55 millions
emical ammunition (containing class B poisons, liquids	Pols, B	173.345, 173.350	Poison B	85 galions		no gamuns.
or solids). emical ammunition (containing class C poisons, liquids	Irr	No exemption, 173,383	Irritant	20 pounds	00	20 pounds.
or solids). nemical ammunition, explosive	Expl. A	173.59	Orange A. Corrosive Liquid	Not accepted	do	Not accept
Chemical Kits. Chlorate and borate mixtures.	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.229	Yellow	100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pounds
hlorate and magnesium chloride mixtures	Oxy. M.	173.153, 173.163	do	do	do	Do.
iemical ammunition (containing class C poisons, tiquials or solids). Chemical kits. Chemical kits. Thorate and borate mixtures. Thorates and magnesium chloride mixtures. Iderates, n.o.s. Iderates, n.o.s., wet. Iderate explosives, dry. See High explosives. Iderate of potash. See Potassium chlorate. Iderate of soda. See Sodium chlorate. Iderate powders. See High explosives. Iderate of ords. See High explosives.	Oxy, M.	_ 173.153, 173.163(a)(b)	do			1707
lloride of phosphorus. See I masphorus stational loride of sulfur. See Sulfur chloride.	Nont O	173 304 173 304 173 314	Green	150 pounds	Not accepted	150 pounds
morme	Don M	173.315.				
alorine dioxide hydrate, frozen alorine triftuoride aloroacetophenone, gas, liquid or solid aloroacety chloride alorobenzoyl peroxide (para)	Cor. L	No exemption, 173.285	Yellow Corrosive Liquid Irritant Corrosive Liquid	100 pounds	do	. 100 pounds
lloroacetophenone, gas, liquid or solid	Cor. L.	No exemption, 173.253	Irritant Corrosive Liquid. Peroxide	1 quart	do	1 quart.
llorobenzoyl peroxide (para)	Oxy. M	No exemption, 173.157, 173, 158.	Peroxide	25 pounds	do	zo pounds.
				Not accepted.	do	Not accep
doropicrin and methyl chloride mixtures	Pois, B	No exemption, 173,357	Poison B	24 pounds	do	Do.
lorodinitrobenzoyl. See Dinitrochlorobenzol, solid. doropierin and methyl chloride mixtures doropierin, fiquid. doropierin, absorbed. doropierin mixtures (containing no compressed gas or	Pois. B	do	do	do	do	Do.
ogisonous tiquiu, ciuss 21).	Dele A	No exemption 173 399(e)	Poison Gas	Not accepted	do	Do.
pressed gas mixtures.	Cor L	173 944 173 954	Corresive Liquid	1 quart	_ 1 quart	. 1 quart.
Horosulfonic acid-sulfur trioxide mixtures	Cor. L	173,244, 173,254	Poison B	do	Not accepted	Do.
-Chloro-o-tolutdine hydrochloride	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.164	Yellow	100 pounds	25 pounds	. 100 pound
loropierm and nonflammable, nonfiquence com- ressed gas mixtures. lorosulfonic acidlorosulfonic acidsulfur trioxide mixturesChloro-o-toluidine hydrochloride romic acid mixtures, dry romic acid, solid	Cor. L	173,244, 173,245, 173,287	Corrosive Liquid.	1 gallon	_ 1 quart	1 gallon.
aromic anhydride. See Chromic acid, solid.					Same a transmission	40.0
romyl chloride	Cor, L	No exemption, 173,247.	do	do	Not accepted	. 100.
par and cigarette lighter fluid. See Lighter fluid. ligarette lighters charged with fuel. ligarette loads. leaning fluid or liquid.	F.S	173.21(d)	Red Striped	173.21(d)	50 pounds	173, 21(d). 150 pound
Digarette loads	F.L	173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons	1 quart	10 gallons.
leaning fluid or liquid oud gas cylinders. See Chemical ammunition. al briquettes, hot	SCM					
al gas. See Hydrocarbon gas, nonliquefied.	SCM	173.165 173.118, 173.119	Red Bottom	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not necep
oal tar distillate	F.L	173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons	1 quart	Do.
oal tar light oil.	F.L.	173.118, 173.119	do	do	do	Do.
oal tar oil	FL	173.118, 173.132	do	15 gallons	Not aggented	15 gallons
Cobalt resinate, precipitated	Pois. B	No exemption, 173,166	Poison B	200 pounds	50 pounds	200 pound
ke, hot	SCM	Forbidden	Red	10 gallons	1 quart	10 gallons.
Modion cotton, wet. See Nitrocellulose, wet.	P.T	173 118 173 119	Red	10 gallons	1 quart	10 gallons.
dumbian spirits (alcohol)	F.L.	173.118, 173.119	Orango C	do	50 pounds	Do.
and gas cylinders. See Chemical ammunion. al briquettes, hot. al gas. See Hydrocarbon gas, nonliquefied. Coal, ground bituminous, sea coal, coal facings, etc onl tar distillate onl tar light oil onl tar naphthm oal tar oil oating solution. Cobalt resinate, precipitated coculus, solid (fish herry). ke, hot dlodion cotton, wet. See Nitrocellulose, wet. llodion cotton, wet. See Nitrocellulose, wet. llogne spirits (alcohoi). llumbination fuzes umbination fuzes umbination primers ummercial shaped charges. See High explosives. ummon fireworks. See Fireworks, common.	Expl. C	No exemption, 173.107	do	do	do	. Do.
mmercial shaped charges. See High explosives.		See 173.65(h)				#1944F114
ompounds, cleaning, liquid	Cor. L	173.244, 173.245 173.118, 173.119	Corrosive Liquid	10 gallons	do	10 gallons.
mmercial shaped charges. See High explosives. mmon fireworks. See Fireworks, common. ompounds, cleaning, liquid. ompounds, cleaning, liquid. Compounds, cleaning, liquid.	Cor. L.	173.244, 173.263	Corrosive Liquid.	_10 pints	do	_ 10 pints.
(muriatic) acid). Compounds, cleaning, liquid (containing hydrofluoric	Cor. L	. 173.244, 173.256	do	do	do	. Do.
(muriate) acta). Compounds, cleaning, liquid (containing hydrofluoric acid). mpounds, enamel compounds, iron or steel rust preventing or removing, compounds, lacquer, paint or varnish, etc., removing, reducing or thinning, liquid.	F.L	. 173.118, 173.128	Red	55 gailons	do	- 55 gallons.
ompounds, iron or steel rust preventing or removing	Cor. L.	_ 173.244, 173,245 _ 173.118, 173.128	Red	55 gallons.	do,	55 gallons.
ompounds, lacquer, paint of varnish, etc., temoving, reducing or thinning, liquid. ompounds, lacquer, paint or varnish removing fiquid ompounds, polishing, liquid. ompounds, tree or weed killing, liquid. ompounds, tree or weed killing, liquid. ompounds, tree or weed killing, solid. ompounds, tree or weed killing, solid. ompounds, type-cleaning, liquid. ompounds, vulcanizing, liquid. ompounds, vulcanizing, liquid. ompressed gases, flammable, n.o.s.	Cor I	173 244 173 245	Corrosive Liquid	1 gallon	do	_ 1 gallon.
ompounds, lacquer, paint or variish removing liquid compounds, polishing, liquid	F.L.	173.118, 173.120	Red	. 55 gailons	do	55 gallons
ompounds, tree or weed killing, liquid	Pois. B.	. 173.345, 173.346	Poison B	55 gallons	do	55 gallons
ompounds, tree or weed killing, solid	Oxy. M	. 173.153, 173.154, 173.229 173.118, 173.119	Red	100 pounds	25 pounds 1 quart	10 gallons
ompounds, type-cleaning, liquid.	Cor. L	173.244, 173.245	Corrosive Liquid.	1 quart	do	10 gallons.
Compounds, vulcanizing, liquidompressed gases, flammable, n.o.s	F.G	173.306, 173.305, 173.304,	Red Gas	. 300 pounds	Not accepted	. 300 pound
ompressed gases, nonflammable, n.o.s.	1200112-104	173.302.	Green	do	150 pounds	Do.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	Maximur	(5) n quantity in one	package
		Exemptions and packaging	Label required	(a)	(b)	(c)
Article	Classed as—	(see section)	(if not exempt)	Rail express	Passenger carrying aircraft	Cargo onl aircraft
ontainers, reused or empty	D. L. D.	See 173.28 or 173.29.	1			
opper acetoarsentie, solid (emerata green, imperial green, Kings green, moss green, meadow green, milis green, parrol green, Vienna green).	Pols, B	173.304, 173.307	Poison B	200 pounds	. 50 pounds	200 pounds
anner arsenite solid (Scheele's green currie green	Pois, B	173.364, 173.365	do	do	do	Do.
copper orthogramite, Swedish green). opper cyanide. ordeau detonant fuse orrasive battery finid. See Electrolyte (acid) or	Pois. B Expl. C	173.370 No exemption, 173.104	Poison B Orange C	No limit	25 pounds 50 pounds	No limit.
orrosive battery fluid. See Electrolyte (acid), or Alkaline corrosive battery fluid. orrosive liquid, n.o.s. ofton, burnt. See Burnt cotton.	Cor I	173 944 173 945	Corresive liquid	5 ninte	Langet	Lauart
ofton, burnt. See Burnt cotton. Cotton, waste, oily with more than 5 percent of animal	SCM	No exemption, 173,167	Red Bottom	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accep
or reactable oil						
otonaldehyde rude nitrogen fertilizer solution rude oil, petroleum. Cumene hydroperoxide (not exceeding 96 percent in	Nonf. G.	173.306, 173.304, 173.314 173.118, 173.119	Red	300 pounds	150 pounds	300 pound 10 gallons.
nonvolatile solvent).	Oxy. M	173.153(b), 173.224	Peroxide	I quart	1 pint	1 quart.
apric cyanide. See Copper cyanide. apriethylene-diamine solution	Cor. L	173.244, 173.249	Corrosive liquid	1 gallon	1 quart	1 gallon.
yanides or cyanide mixtures, dryyanogen bromide	Pois. B.	173.364, 173.370 No exemption, 173.379	Poison Bdo.	200 pounds	Not accepted	200 pounds 25 pounds
ranogen chloride containing less than 0.9 percent water	Pois, A	No exemption, 173.328	Poison Gas	Not accepted	do	Not accep
upric cyaniae. See Copper cyanide. upricitylene-diamine solution. yanides or cyanide mixtures, dry. yanogen bromide. yanogen chloride containing less than 0.9 percent water_ yanogen gas. yclohexane. yclohexane peroxide, over 50 percent concentration but not exceeding 85 percent concentration.	F.L. Oxy, M.	173.118, 173.119 No exemption, 173.157	Red Peroxide	10 gallons	Not accepted	10 gallous.
but not exceeding 85 percent concentration. Cyclohexanone peroxide, not over 50 percent concentra-	Oxy, M	173.158. 173.153, 173.154	do	do	1 pound	Do.
ion.	Cor. L	No exemption, 173,280	Corrosive Liquid.	10 gallons	Not accepted	10 gallons.
velohexyl trichlorosilane	Cor. L.	do	Rod Rod	do	do	Do.
velopentane, methyl	F.L.	173.118, 173.119.	do	do	do	Do.
ion. relohexenyl trichlorosilane relohexyl trichlorosilane. relopentane relopentane, methyl. relopropane clotrimethyllenetrinitramine, desensitized. See High xylosives.	F . M	170.000, 170.004	red cras	oo pourus	. Not accepted	soa borna
clotrimethylenetrinitramine, wet with not less than 10						
percent of water. See High explosives. caborane day electric igniters	F.S. and WRM.	No exemption, 173.236	Red Striped and Blue.	25 pounds	do	25 pounds
matured alcohol. See Alcohol. n.o.s.						
pth bombs. See Explosive bomb. Detonating fuzes, class A explosives, with or without radioactive compo-	Expl. A	No exemption, 173.69	Orange A	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accep
tents. tonating fuzes, class C explosives. tonating primers. azodinitrophenol. See Initiating explosive.	Expl. C	No exemption, 173,113.	Orange C	150 pounds	. 50 pounds	Not accen
azodinitrophenol. See Initiating explosive.	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314,	Green	300 pounds	150 pounds	300 pound
	Nonf. G	173.315. 173.306, 173.304, 173.314,	do	do	do	Do.
mixture. Dichlorodifluoromethane-monochlorodifluoromethane mixture.	Nonf. G	173.315. 173.306, 173.304, 173.314	do	do	do	Do.
Dichlorodifluoromethane-trichloromonofluoromethane- monochlorodifluoromethane mixture.	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314	do	do	do	Do.
Dichlorodifluoromethane-trichlorotrifluoromethane mixture.	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314	do	do	do	Do.
Dichlorodifiuoromethane-monofiuorotrichloroethane mixture.		173.306, 173.314, 173.315				
ichlorodifluoromethane and difluoroethane mixture (constant boiling mixture).		173.306, 173.304, 173.314, 173.315.				
chloroethylene chloroisocyanuric acid, dry (containing more than 59	Oxy. M	173.118, 173.119 173.153, 173.217	Yellow	10 gallons	50 pounds	100 gallons 100 pound
percent available chlorine). Dicumyl peroxide, solid. Dicumyl peroxide, not exceeding 50 percent solution Diethylamine iethyl dichlorosilane. lethylene glycol dinitrate. ifluoroethane.	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.154	Peroxide	25 pounds	1 pound	25 pounds
Dicumyl peroxide, not exceeding 50 percent solution Diethylamine	F.L.	173.153(b), 173.224 173.118, 173.119	Red	1 quart	1 quart	10 gallons.
ethyl dichlorosilane	Cor. L Expl. A	No exemption, 173.280 173.51(d)	Corrosive Liquid	Not accepted	Not accepted	Do. Not accep
fluoroethane	F.G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314, 173.315,	Red Gas	300 pounds	do	300 pound
ifluoromonochloroethaneifluorophosphorie acid, anhydrous	F.G. Cor. L.	173.306, 173.304, 173.314 No exemption, 173.275	Corrosive Liquid.	do	do	I gallon.
fluoromonochloroethane fluorophosphoric acid, anlydrous Diso octyl acid phosphate Disopropylbenzene hydroperoxide, not exceeding 60	Cor. L Oxy. M	173.244, 173.296 173.153(b), 173.224	do Peroxide	1 quartdo	1 quart	1 quart. Do.
percent solution.	77 (7)	180 000 180 004 180 014	D 1 C	000	37.1	200 wound
methylamine, annydrous methylamine, aqueous solution methylateliorosilane methylhexane dihydroperoxide, dry methylhexane dihydroperoxide, wet methylhydrazine, unsymmetrical (UDMH) Dimethyl ether	F.L	173.315. 173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons	1 quart	10 gallons
imethylatchlorostlane imethylhexane dihydroperoxide, dry	Oxy. M.	Forbidden	Red	00	Not accepted	10.
methylhexane dihydroperoxide, wet methylhydrazine, unsymmetrical (UDMH)	Oxy, M F.L.	No exemption, 173,157 No exemption, 173,145	Peroxide	5 pints	Not accepted	5 pints.
Dimethyl ether	F.G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314, 173.315.	Red Gas	300 pounds	do	1 annual
imethy] sulfate	F.L	No exemption, 173.255	Red	10 gallons	. 1 quart	10 gallons
initrobenzene, solid (dinitrobenzol)	Pois. B	173.364, 173.371 173.345, 173.346	Poison B	200 pounds 55 gallons	50 pounds	200 pound 55 gallons
initrobenzene, solution initrochlorobenzene, solid (dinitrochlorobenzol, chloro-						
dinitrohenzol)	THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING, MICH.	179 945 179 9890	do	65 pounds	I quart	65 pounds
dinitrobenzol). initrophenol solutions	Pois. B	No exemption, 173, 382	Irritant	75 pounds	Not accepted	to pounds
dinitrobenzol) introphenol solutions iphenylaminechloroarsine iphenylchloroarsine, solid iphenyl dichlorosilane	IrrIrr	No exemption, 173.382do	Irritantdo	75 pounds 20 pounds	Not accepted dodo	20 pounds.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	Maximu	(5) n quantity in one p	package
Article	Classed as-	Exemptions and packaging (see section)	Label required (If not exempt)	(a) Rail express	(b) Passenger carrying aircraft	(c) Cargo onl aircraft
stillate lecyltrichlorosilane essing, leather					1 quart Not accepted	
lers. See *Paint driers, liquid. Il cartridges ugs, chemicals, medicines or cosmetics, n.o.s.	F.L. F.S.	See 173,55 173,118, 173,119 173,153, 173,154	Red. Red striped	10 gallons	1 quart	Do. 100 pounds.
ngs, chemicals, medicines or cosmetics, n.o.s. ugs, chemicals, medicines or cosmetics, n.o.s. ugs, chemicals, medicines or cosmetics, n.o.s.	Cor. L	173.153, 173.154 173.244, 173.245 173.118, 173.119, 173.153, 173.154.	Corrosive Liquid Red Bottom	1 quart or 5 pounds.	I quart. Not accepted	Do. 1 quart. Not accepte
ugs, chemicals, medicines or cosmetics, n.o.sugs, chemicals, medicines or cosmetics, n.o.s						
Orugs, chemicals, medicines or cosmetics, n.o.s., solid. sts, by-product, poisonous. See arsenical dust.	Pols. B	173.364, 173.365	do	200 pounds	50 pounds	200 pounds
etric squios etric storage batteries, wet. See Batteries, electric stor- ce, wet.						
ctrolyte (acid), battery fluid lectrolyte (acid), or alkaline corrosive battery fluid acked with storage batteries.						
ctrolyte (acid) or alkaline corrosive battery fluid acked with battery charger, radio current supply device, electronic equipment and actuating devices.						
pty cartridge bags with black powder igniters pty cartridge cases, primed amel. See *Paint, enamel, lacquer, stain, shellac, arnish, etc.						
ine starting fluid ngines, internal combustion adjectors, paint or grease, Rouid	F.G	No exemption, 173.304 See 173.120	Red Gus	60 pounds	Not accepted	60 pounds.
arnish, etc. jine starting fluid jinghes, internal combustion adicators, paint or grease, liquid hing acid liquid, n.o.s jane. jer jul acceled See Alcohol, n.o.s	Cor. L F.G. F.L F.L	No exemption, 173.299	Corrosive Liquid Red Gas Reddo	10 pounds 300 pounds 10 gallons	Not accepted do 1 quart do	10 pounds 300 pounds 10 gallons. Do.
yl aldehyde. See Acetaldehyde. iyl chloride	F.L.	No exemption, 173.123	do	300 pounds in cylinders 15 pounds in other	Not accepted	300 pounds
yl chloroformate (chlorocarbonate) yl dichloroarsine yl dichlorosilane thylene ylene dichloride ylene finine, inhibited	Cor. L Pois. A F.L.	No exemption, 173.288 No exemption, 173.328 No exemption, 173.135	Corrosive Liquid Poison A Red	5 pints Not accepted 10 gallons 300 pounds	dododododo	5 pints. Not accep 10 gallons.
ylene dichloride ylene imine, inhibited ylene oxide	F.L. F.L. F.L.	173.118, 173.119 No exemption, 173.139 No exemption, 173.124	do	10 gallons	I quart	10 gallons. 5 pints. 300 pounds
yl ether. See Ether. yl formate	F.L.	173.118, 173.119	do		1 quart	10 gallons, Do.
yl ether. See Ether. yl formate yl mercaptan yl methyl ether yl methyl ketone yl nitrate (nitric ether) yl nitrite (nitrious ether) yl phenyl dichlorosilane yl trichlorosilane	F.L F.L F.L	173.118, 173.119 173.118, 173.119 173.118, 173.119 173.118, 173.119	dodododo	do do do	1 quartdodododo	Do. Do. Do. Do.
yl phenyl dichlorosilane yl trichlorosilane dlogic agents, n.o.s. llosive auto alarms	Cor. L	No exemption, 173.280	Corrosive Liquid Red Etiologic Orange C	do	Not accepteddodo	Do. Do. 1 gallon. 150 pounds
losive bomb losive cable cutters losives, class A losives, class B	Expl. A Expl. C Expl. A Expl. B.	No exemption, 173.56	Orange A Orange A Orange B	Not accepted 150 pounds	Not accepted 50 pounds	Not accept 150 pounds
losives, class C. losive mine hosive power device, class B.	Expl. G Expl. A Expl. B	See 173.100	Orange A Orange B	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accept
losive projectile. Josive release device. Josive rivets.	Expl. A Expl. C Expl. C	No exemption, 173.56 No exemption, 173.102. No exemption, 173.100(q)	Orange A Orange Cdo	Not accepted 150 poundsdo	Not accepted 50 poundsdo	Not accept 150 pounds Do.
yl nitrite (nitrous ether) yl phenyl dichlorosllane yl trichlorosllane yl trichlorosllane yl trichlorosllane llogic agents, n.o.s. hosive ato alarms. hosive bomb llosive bomb llosive cable cutters llosives, class A llosives, class B llosives, class B llosives, class C losive power device, class B llosive proper device, class C llosive rivets. zyplosives, samples for laboratory examination llosive torpedo tracts, liquid, flavoring rics with animal or vegetable oil. See Fibers of fabrics lith animal or vegetable oil.	Expl. A. F.L.	No exemption, 173.56	Orange A	Not accepted	Not accepteddo1 quart	Do. 10 gallons.
t waste, wes. see waste wood, wes- ric arsenate, solid- rous arsenate (fron arsenate), solid- rtilizer ammoniating solution containing free ammonia-	Pois. B Pois. B	173.364, 173.365 173.364, 173.365 173.364, 173.365	Poison Bdododo	200 poundsdodo	50 poundsdodo	200 pounds Do. Do.
tilizer ammoniating solution containing free ammonia. tilizer, tankage. See Garbage, tankage. Tiber, burnt.	SCM	No exemption, 173.169	Red Bottom	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accept
tilizer, tankage. See Garbage, tankage. iiber, burnt. iiber or fabrics, with animal or vegetable oil iim (nitrocellulose). Film (slow-burning) m scrap (nitrocellulose), samples. m scrap (nitrocellulose), other than samples. ilm scrap (slow-burning). llm, toy (nitrocellulose). Film, toy (slow-burning)	F.S	No exemption, 173.177, 173.178, 173.180. 173.181(a)(1)	Red Striped	200 pounds	50 pounds	200 pounds
n scrap (nitrocellulose), samples.	F.8	No exemption, 173.196	do	25 pounds		Not seemed

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	-	
The Principle of the Land		THE PARTY OF		Maximum quantity in one package			
Article	Classed as—	Exemptions and packaging (see section)	Label required (if not exempt)	(a)	(b)	(e)	
4	Charles III	(300 3000014)	(it not exemply	Rail express	Passenger carrying aircraft	Cargo on aircraft	
Film, toy pieces (aitrocellulose) irecrackers. See Fireworks, common or special.	F.S	173,181(a)(3)	do	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accept	
recracker salutes. See Common fireworks or Special							
ire extinguisher charges	Cor. L Expl. B	173.261	Corrosive Liquid	1 gallon No limit	. 1 quart 50 pounds	1 gallon. No limit.	
grains of propellant explosives per unit. ire extinguishers. Fireworks, common.							
Treworks, exhibition display pieces. See Fireworks,	Expir C.	173.108	Orange C.	200 pounds	. Ivor accepted	200 pounds	
special. ireworks, special.	Expl. B	No exemption, 173.88(d),	Orange B	do	do	Do.	
ish meal or fish scrap containing less than 6 percent or more than 12 percent moisture.	SCM	No exemption, 173.171	Red Bottom	Not accepted	do	Not accepted	
Fissile radioactive materials See Radioactive materials,							
Flame retardant compound, liquid lammable liquids, n.o.s. lammable solids, n.o.s.	Cor. L.	173.244, 173.291 173.118, 173.119	Corrosive Liquid	10 gallonsdo	_ 1 quart	10 gallons. Do.	
lammable solids, n.o.s. Pares. See Fireworks, common_ Pares, aeroplane. See Fireworks, special.	F.S	173.153, 173.154	Red Striped	. 25 pounds	25 pounds	25 pounds.	
Clash cartridges. See Fireworks, special or low explosives. Clash crackers. See Fireworks, common or special. Clash powder. See Fireworks, special or low explosives.							
lash sheets. See Fireworks, special or low explosives. Flexible linear shaped charges, metal clad	Expl. C	No exemption, 173.104	Orange C	. 300 pounds	50 pounds	300 pounds	
luorine	F.G.	173.306, 173.302 No exemption 173.274	Red Gas	6 pounds	Not accepted	Not accept	
ormic acid ormic acid solution	Cor. L	173.244, 173.245, 173.289 173.244, 173.245, 173.289	do .	5 gallons	1 quart	5 gallons.	
lash sheets. See Fireworks, special or low explosives. J. Flexible linear shaped charges, metal clad lue dust, poisonous luorine luosulfonic acid ormic acid ormic acid. ormic acid. ormic acid. ulminate of mercury, dry ulminate of mercury, wet. See Initiating explosive.	Expl. A	Forbidden				2 ****	
ulminate of mercury, wet. See Initiating explosive. Fumigants use igniters of Fuse, Instantaneous use lighters use, mild detonating, metal clad fuse, Safety fuse, Safety fuses (railway and highway) uzes, combination uzes, detonating, class A explosives uzes, detonating, class A explosives uzes, detonating, class C explosives uzes, explosives uzes, percussion, nondetonating uzes, time, nondetonating uzes, time, nondetonating uzes, tracer, nondetonating uzes, tracer, nondetonating uzes, tracer, and the service of moisture as cylinders, empty	Expl. C	See 173.152(a), Note 1 No exemption, 173.106	Orange C	. 150 pounds	_ 50 pounds	150 pounds	
use lighters	Expl. C	173,100(m) No exemption, 173,106	do	do	do	Do.	
use, mild detonating, metal clad.	Expl. C	No exemption, 173,104	do	300 pounds	do	200 pounds	
uzes, combination	Expl. C	No exemption, 173,108 No exemption, 173,105	do	. 200 pounds	do	200 pounds	
uzes, detonating, class A explosives uzes, detonating, class A explosives, radioactive	Expl. A	No exemption, 173.69do	Orange Ado	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accept Do.	
uzes, detonating, class C explosives	Expl. C	No exemption, 173,113 No exemption, 173,105	Orange C	. 150 pounds	. 50 pounds	. 150 pounds	
uzes, time, nondetonating	Expl. C	dodo	do	do	do	. Do.	
larbage tankage containing less than 8 percent of moisture.	SCM	No exemption, 173,209 See 173.29	. Red Bottom	Not accepted	Not accepted	. Not accep	
las cylinders, empty Gas drips, hydrocarbon las identification sets	F.L. Pois. A or Irr.	173.118, 173.119 No exemption, 173.331	Red Poison A or Irritant.	10 gallons See 173,331	. 1 quart	_ 10 gallons.	
las mine. See Explosive mine. classoline (including casing head and natural) clastine dynamite. See High explosives. irenades, empty, primed renades, hand or rifie, explosive (with or without gas, smoke or incendiary material).	F.L	173.118, 173.119		. 10 gallons	. 1 quart	. Do.	
renades, empty, primed	Expl. C	No exemption, 173.107	Orange C	. 150 pounds	. 50 pounds	. 150 pounds	
irenades, hand or fine, explosive (with or without gas, smoke or incendiary material). frenades, without bursting charges:	Expl. A	No exemption, 173.56	Orange A	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accept	
renades, winous oursing charges: With mendiary material. % With smoke charges. With poison gas charges. % With taxic gas charges. Trenades, police.	Expl. B	See 173.91	Orange B	50 pounds	do	. 50 pounds. 200 pounds	
With poison gas charges	Pois. A	See 173.330	Poison B	Not accepted	Not accepted	. Not accept	
renades, police	Pois. A	No exemption, 173.335	Poison Gas	Not accepted	do	Do.	
irenades, tear gas. Idanidhe nitrate. Idanyl nitrosamino guanylidene hydrazine. See Initiating.	Oxy. M.	173.153, 173.182	Yellow	100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pounds	
explosive. nanyl nitrosamino guanyl tetrazine. See Initiating							
explosive. wided missiles, with warheads. See Rocket ammunition with explosive, illuminating, gas, incendiary, or smoke projectile.							
wided missites without warheads. See Rocket motors, class A explosives or rocket motors, class B explosives, function. See High explosives. Infinium metal, dry, mechanically produced, finer than	FS	No exemption 179 014	Pad Styland	75 moneths	Not assented	75 pounds	
270 mesh particle size. lamium metal, dry, chemically produced, finer than 20							
mesh particle size. Infnium metal, wet, mechanically produced, finer than							
270 mesh particle size. lainium metal, wet, chemically produced, finer than 20 mesh particle size.							
lair wet	SCM	No exemption, 173.172 No exemption, 173.108	Red Bottom	Not accepted	do	Not accept	
land signal devices. 6 Heaters for refrigerator cars, liquid fuel type Jelium	F.L.	173.146	Red	No limit	do	No limit.	
lelium-oxygen mixture	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.302	dodo	do do	_ 150 pounds	Do.	
lelium-oxygen mixture leptane lexadecyltrichlorosilane Iexaethyl tetraphosphate and compressed gas mixture	Cor. L	No exemption, 173.280	Corrosive Liquid	. 10 gallons	Not accepted	Do.	
lexaethyl tetraphosphate and compressed gas mixture.	Pois, A	No exemption, 173.334 No exemption, 173.358	Poison Gas	Not accepted	do	Not accept	
Askaethyl tetraphosphate, liquid. 6 Hexaethyl tetraphosphate mixture, dry, (containing more than 2 percent hexaethyl tetraphosphate). 6 Hexaethyl tetraphosphate mixture, dry, (containing mot more than 2 necessary hexaethyl tetraphosphate).	Pois. B	. 173.337	do	. 200 pounds	do	200 pounds	
Hoverbyl tatesphernhote mixture dry (containing	Pols R	173 37777	do	342	THE STREET STREET	Do.	

(1)	(2)	(3) Exemptions and packaging	(4) Label required	(5) Maximum quantity in one package		
Article	*			(a) (b) (c)		
	Classed as—	(see section)	(if not exempt)	Rail express	Passenger carrying aircraft	Cargo onl
Hexaethyl tetraphosphate mixture, liquid, (con- nining more than 25 percent hexaethyl tetraphos-	Pols. B	173.359	do	1 quart	. Not accepted	1 quart.
hate). Hexaethyl tetraphosphate mixture, liquid, (con- nining not more than 25 percent hexaethyl tetra-	Pois. B	173.359(c)	do	do	½ pint	Do.
hosphate). cafluorophosphoric acidcafluoropropylene	Cor. L Nonf. G	No exemption 173.275	Corrosive Liquid Green	1 gallon 300 pounds	Not accepted	1 gallon. 300 pounds
samethylene diamine solution	Cor. L.	173.315. 173.244, 173.249, 173.292	Corrosive Liquid.	10 gallons	1 quart	10 gallons.
samethylene diamine solution tane. tyl trichlorosilane th explosives.	Cor. L	No exemption 173.280	Corrosive Liquid.	do	Not accepted	Do. Not accept
th explosives, liquid	Expl. A	173.87 inclusive. No exemption 173.62	do	Not accepted.	do	Do.
in wines. See Alcohol, II.o.S.	200700	1				
draulic accumulators. See Accumulator, pressurized. drazine, anhydrous Hydrazine solution (containing 50 percent or less of	Cor. L	No exemption 173.276	Corrosive Liquid	5 pints	do	5 pints.
Hydrazine solution (containing 50 percent or less of ater).	Cor. L	do	do	do	do	Do.
Hydrazine solition (communing of percent or tess of ater), drolle acid. drobromic acid, solution, drobromic acid, anhydrous, See Hydrogen bromide, drocarbon reas, limefied.	Cor. L.	173.244, 173.262 173.244, 173.262	do	1 gallondo	do	Do.
drobromie acid, anhydrous. See Hydrogen bromide. drocarbon gas, liquefied. drocarbon gas, nonliquefied. drochlorie (muriatic) acid. drochlorie acid, anhydrous. See Hydrogen chloride.	F.G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314	Red Gas	300 pounds	Not accepted	300 pounds
drocardon gas, nonnquened drochloric (muriatic) acid	Cor. L.	173.244, 173.263	Corrosive Liquid	.10 pints	1 quart	10 pints.
drochloric acid, annydrous. See Hydrogen chloride, drochloric acid mixtures drochloric acid solution, inhibited drocyanic acid, liquefied	Cor. L	173.244, 173.263	do	do	do	Do.
drocyanic acid, liquefied	Pois, A and	No exemption, 173.332	Poison A and Red.	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accept
drocyanic acid (prussic), liquid	Pois. A and	do	do	do	do	Do.
drocyanic acid (prussic), unstabilizeddrocyanic acid solution not more than 5 percentdrofluoric acid solution.	Pois A	Forbidden	Poison B	25 pounds	Not accepted	25 pounds.
drofluoric acid solution drofluoric acid, anhydrous, See Hydrogen fluoride.	Cor. L					
drofluorie and sulfuric acids, mixtures	Cor. L	No exemption, 173.290	do	do	Not accepted	Do.
droffuoric and sulfuric acids, mixtures	F.G.	173.306, 173.302, 173.314	Red Gas	300 pounds	Not accepted	300 pound
drogen chloride	Nonf. G	173, 306, 173, 304 No exemption, 173, 264(b)	doCorrosive Liquid	do	do	Do.
drogen, liquefied. drogen peroxide (hydrogen dioxide) solution in water	F.G.	No exemption, 173, 316	Red Gas	Not accepted 1 gallon	do	Not accept
antaining ones 2 mercent hadronen nerovide ha ancight						
drogen sulfide pochlorite solutions containing more than 7 percent vailable chlorine by weight.	Cor. L	173, 277	Corresive Liquid.	4 gallons	_ 1 quart	4 gallons.
vallable chlorine by weight. iter cord iter fuse—metal clad iters, jet thrust (jato), class A explosives iters, jet thrust (jato), class B explosives iters, rocket motor, class A explosives iters, rocket motor, class A explosives iters, rocket motor, class A explosives	Expl. C	No exemption, 173, 100(s) No exemption, 173, 106,	Orange C	150 pounds.	50 pounds	150 pound Do.
iters_ iters, let thrust (jato), class A explosives	Expl. C	No exemption, 173, 70	Orange A	Not accepted	Not accepted	Do. Not accep
iters, jet thrust (jato), class B explosives	Expl. B.	No exemption, 173, 92 No exemption, 173, 79	Orange B	550 poundsdo	do	Not accep
iters, rocket motor, class B explosives minating projectiles. See Fireworks, special.	Expl. B	No exemption, 173.92	Orange B	do	do	550 pound:
tiating explosive			Orange A	CENTRAL MISS STREET		TOTAL STREET
piazodinitrophenol ulminate of mercury Guanyl nitrosamino guanylidene hydrazine		No exemption, 173.70 No exemption, 173.71				
uanyl nitrosamino guanylidene hydrazine		No exemption, 173.72 No exemption, 173.73				
ead mononitroresorcinate		No exemption, 173.70 No exemption, 173.74				
nanyi nitrosamino quanyidene hydrazineead azide, dextrinated type only .ead mononitroresorcinateead styphnate (lead trinitroresorcinate)itro mannitevitrosoquanidine.		No exemption, 173.75 No exemption, 173.76			*****************	2 6 3 3
Pentaerythrite tetranitrate Vetrazene (guanyl nitrosamino guanyl tetrazene)		No exemption, 173.77 No exemption, 173.78				and the same of th
vitrosoguanidine. Petrazene (guanyi nitrosamino guanyi tetrazene) k seeticide, dry n.o.s. seeticide, liquid, n.o.s. eeticide, liquefied gas, containing no poison (class A	F.L. Pois, B.	173.118, 173.144 173.364, 173.365	Red	10 gallons 200 pounds	1 quart 50 pounds	10 gallons. 200 pound
secticide, liquid, n.o.s. ecticide, liquided gas, containing no poison (class A	Pois. B Nonf. G	. 173.345, 173.346 . 173.306, 173.304	Green	55 gallons	. 1 quart	55 gallons. 300 pound:
ecticide, liquefied gas, containing poison (class A or B)	Pois. A	173.329, 173.334	Poison Gas	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accept
naterial, sacticide, liquid (vermin exterminator) line monochloride n mass or sponge, spent n mass or sponge, not properly oxidized rritating agents, n.o.s.	SCM.	No exemption, 173.174	Red Bottom	Not accepted	dodo	Not accep
rritating agents, n.o.s.	Irr	No exemption, 173.382	Irritant	. 75 pounds	do	75 pounds
butylene. See Liquefied petroleum gas.	PI	172 110 172 110	p.a	10 college	1 omast	10 millione
octaneoctene	F.L.	173.118, 173.119	do	dodo	do	Do.
prene.	F.L.	173.118, 173.119 173.118, 173.119	dodo	do	do	Do.
propyl acetate	F.L.	173.118, 173.119 No exemption 173.141	do	do	Not accepted	Do.
propyl percarbonate, stabilized.	Cor. L	No exemption, 173,282	Corrosive Liquid.	Not accepted	do	Not accept
octane octene pentane prene prene opropanol propyl acetate propyl percarbonate, stabilized propyl percarbonate, unstabilized thrust igniters. See Igniters, jet thrust, thrust unit (jato), class A explosives thrust unit (jato, class B explosives acquer. See *Paint, enamel, Lacquer, stain, shellae, arnish, etc.	Evol A	No exemption 173 79	Orange A	do	do	Do.
thrust unit (jato), class B explosives	Expl. B	No exemption, 173.92.	Orange B	550 pounds	do	550 pounds
rarnish, etc.						

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) Label required	(5) Maximum quantity in one package		
Article		Exemptions and packaging		(a)	(b)	package (c)
	Classed as—	(see section)	(if not exempt)	Rail express	Passenger carrying aircraft	Cargo on aircraft
acquer base or lacquer chips, dryacquer base or lacquer chips, plastic (wet with alcohol	F.S	173.153, 173.175 173.118, 173.127	Red Striped	100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pounds
or solvent). acquer removing, reducing and thinning compounds. See *Compounds, lacquer, paint, or varnish removing,						
reducing, or thinning liquids. Lauroyl peroxide. and arsenite, solid and artists	Oxy. M Pois, B Pois, B	173.153(b), 173.157, 173.158 173.364, 173.367 173.364, 173.365	Peroxide Polson B	200 pounds	1 pound 50 pounds,	Do. 200 pound
ad azide. See Initiating explosive. Lead cyanide	Pois. B.	173.370	do	No limit	. 25 pounds	No limit,
ead styphnate (lead trinitroresorcinate). See Initiating	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.182	Yellow	. 100 pounds	do	. 100 pound
explosivecather bleach .cather dressing ewisite ighter fluid quefied hydrocarbon gas .Liquefied nonflammable gases charged with nitrogen,	F.L	173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons	. 1 quart	. 10 gallons.
ewisite	Pois, A	No exemption, 173.328	Poison A	Not accepted	Not accepted.	Not accept
quefied hydrocarbon gas	F.G.	173.306, 173.304, 173.314.	Red Gas	300 pounds	Not accepted	300 pounds
. Liquened nonhammable gases charged with nurrogen, carbon dioxide or air. Liquielled petroleum gas.	F.G.	173.306, 173.304, 173.314,	Red Gas			
iquids other than those classified as flammable, corrosive, or poisonous charged with nitrogen, carbon dioxide or air.		173.315.				
See Compressed gases, n.o.s. Ithium aluminum hydride	WRM	No exemption, 173,206	Blue	. 25 pounds	do	. 25 pounds
See Compressed gases, n.o.s. Ithium aluminum hydride Ithium aluminum hydride, ethereal Ithium amide, powdered Ithium ferro silicon Ithium hydride Ithium hydride in solid forms Ithium hydride in solid forms Ithium hypochlorite compounds, dry (containing more Ithium System anglighte collegions)	WRM	173.153, 173.168	Blue	100 pounds	25 pounds	. 100 pound
ithium ferro siliconithium hydride	WRM	No exemption, 173.206	do	25 pounds	Not accepted	25 pounds Do.
ithium hydride in solid forms	WRM.	do	Vollow	100 pounds	do	100 pound
than 39 percent available chlorine).	Wrong.	270.100, 110.211	7000W	0= 0-	oo pounds	Dr
than 89 percent available chlorine), ithium metal, in cartridges, ithium peroxide, ithium silicon ondon purple, solid, ow explosives	WRM	See 173.206	do	_ 25 pounds	_ 1 pound	Do.
ithlum peroxideithlum silicon.	Oxy. M WRM	173.153(a), 173.154 No exemption, 173.206	Yellow	25 pounds	_ 25 pounds Not accepted	25 pounds
ondon purple, solid	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365 No exemption, 173.60	Poison B	200 pounds	Not accepted	Not accen
ow blasting explosives. See Low explosives. lagnesium arsenate, solid. lagnesium dross, wet or hot. Magnesium, metallic (powdered, pellets, turnings or	Dale D	179 904 179 907	Deleas D	200 nounde	50 normale	900 nonnd
lagnesium arsenate, solid lagnesium dross, wet or hot	SCM.	Forbidden, 173.173	Poison D	200 pounds	50 pounds	_ 200 pound
formactum mitenta	Oxy. M.	173.153, 173.182	Yellow	do	do	Do.
lagnesium perchlorate lagnesium peroxide, solid lagnesium scrap (borings, clippings, shavings, sheets,	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.154	do	do	Not against d	Do.
furnings or scalnings)						
Magnetized materials. latches, block. See Matches, strike anywhere.	The state of the same	See: § 173.6(d)				
tatches, block. See Matches, strike anywhere. atches Book, card, or strike-on-box atches, strike anywhere. Medicines, n.o.s. See *Drugs, chemicals, medicines, or	F.S.	173.176(g) No exemption 173.176	Red Striped	No limit	Not accepted	Not accep
Medicines, n.o.s. See *Drugs, chemicals, medicines, or cosmetics, n.o.s.	-					
emtetratan mixtures, aliphatic	Cor. L	No exemption, 173.298	Corrosive Liquid.	_ 1 quart	do	1 quart.
Mercurial liquid, n.o.s.	Pois. B	. 173.345, 173.346	Poison B	_ 55 gallons	_ I quart	_ 55 gauons.
fercuric acetate	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365	do	200 pounds	50 pounds	200 pound
loverreig honygota solid	Poic R	173.364, 173.365 173.364, 173.365	do	do	do	110.
creuric cyanide, solid ercuric iodide, solid ercuric iodide, solid ercuric olidide, solution ercuric oleate, solid ferenric oxide, solid fereuric oxyeyanide, solid fercuric-potassium cyanide, solid fercuric-potassium cyanide, solid fercuric salicylate, solid fercuric salicylate, solid fercuric sulfate, solid fercuric function oxide solid fercuric sulfate, solid	Pois. B	173.370 173.364, 173.365	do	do	do	Do.
fercuric iodide, solution	Pois. B	173.345, 173.346	do	55 gallons 200 pounds	50 pounds	200 pound
fercuric oxide, solid	Pois, B	173.364, 173.365	do	do	do do	Do.
ercuric-potassium cyanide, solid	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365, 173.370	do	do	dodo	Do.
fercuric-potassium iodide, solid	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365 173.364, 173.365	do	do	50 pounds	Do.
lercuric subsulfate, solid	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365	do	do	do	Do.
lercuric sulfo cyanate, solid (mercuric thiocyanate)	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365	do	do	do	. Do.
fercuron (mercury nucleate), sond	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365	do	do	do	Do.
lercurous bromide, solid	Pois. B	. 173.364, 173.365 173.364, 173.365	do	do	do	Do.
forcurous iodide, solid	Pois. B.	173.364, 173.365	do	do	do	Do. Do.
fercurous nitraté, solid fercurous oxide, black, solid	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365	do	do	do	Do.
lercurous oxide, mack, solid lercury compounds, n.o.s. (solid)	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365 173.364, 173.365	do	do	do	Do.
fercury fulminate. See Initiating explosive, fethanol. See Methyl alcohol.						HELLIN.
tethanol. See Methyl alcohol. fethane. fethyl acetate fethyl acetane fethyl acetane fethyl acetane fethylacetylene—15 percent to 20 percent propadione,	F.G	173,306, 173,304	Red Gas	. 300 pounds	Not accepted	- 300 pound
fethyl acetone	F.L	173.118, 173.119	dodo	do	dodo	Do.
fethylacetylene-15 percent to 20 percent propadiene, mixture.	F.G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314	Red Gas	_ 300 pounds	_ Not accepted	- and pound
mixture. fethyl alcohol (methanol) fethyl bromide and chloropierin mixture, liquid lethyl bromide and ethylene dibromide mixture, liquid fethyl bromide and nonflammable, nonliquified com-	F.L.	173.118, 173.125	Red Poison B	10 gallons	Not accepted	. 10 gallons.
lethyl bromide and ethylene dibromide mixture, liquid	Pois, B	do	do	dodo	do	Do.
				THE PROPERTY OF		

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	
				Maximu	m quantity in one	package
		Exemptions and packaging	Label required	(a)	(b)	(e)
Article	Classed as—	(see section)	(if not exempt)		Passenger	Cargo only
				Rail express	carrying aircraft	aircraft
Methyl chloride	F.G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314,	Red Gas	300 pounds	do	300 pounds.
Methyl chloride. Methyl chloride-methylene chloride mixture. Methyl chloroformate. Methylchloromethyl ether, anhydrous. Methyldichloroarsine. Methyl dichlorosilane. Methyl tyl ketone. Methyl formate. Methyl liydrate. See Alcohol, n.o.s. Methyldrazine.	F.G	173.315. 173.306, 173.304, 173.314	do	do	do	Do.
Methyl chloroformate	Cor. L	No exemption, 173,288	Corrosive Liquid	5 pints	do	5 pints.
Methyldichloroarsine	Pois. A	No exemption, 173.328	Poison A	do	do	Do.
Methyl dichlorosilane	F.L	173.118, 173.119	do	do	1 quart	Do.
Methyl formate Methyl fydrate See Alcohol n.o.s.	F.L	173.118, 173.119	do	do	do	Do.
Methylhydrazine	F.L.	No exemption, 173.145	do	5 pints	Not accepted	5 pints.
Methyl hydrate. See Aiconoi, n.o.s. Methyl hydrazine. Methyl iso-propenyl ketone, inhibited. Methyl magnesium bromide in ethyl ether in concentra-	F.L	No exemption, 173.149	do	6 quarts	Not accepted	2 ounces.
tions not over 40 percent. Methyl mercaptan		173.306, 173.304, 173.314,	Red Gas			
Methyl methacrylate monomer	F.L	173.315. 173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons	1 quart	10 gallons.
Methyl methacrylate monomer. Methyl parathion, liquid %Methyl parathion mixture, dry (containing more than-	Pois. B	No exemption, 173.358	Poison B	1 figurt	Not accepted	1 quart.
Methyl parathion mixture, dry (containing not more than 2 percent methyl parathion).						
%Methyl parathion mixture, liquid (containing more						
%Methyl parathion mixture, liquid (containing not more						
than 25 percent methyl parathion), Methyl pentane %Methyltrichlorosilane Methyl vinyl ketone, inhibited	F.L	173.118, 173.119	. Red	. 10 gallons	1 quart	10 gallons.
%Methyltrichloroshafe	F.L	173.147	do	do	4 ounces	Do.
Mine rescue equipment. Mines, empty. Mines, explosive, with gas material. See Explosive mine. Mixed acid. See Nitrating (mixed) acid.	***********	See 173.55		*****	***********	
Mixtures of hydrofluoric and sulfuric acid. See Hydro- fluoric and sulfuric acids, mixtures.				100 E		Harry Stran
Monobromotrifluoromethane	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314 173.244, 173.294	Green	1 quart	150 pounds	300 pounds.
Monochloroacetone, stabilized.	Irr	No exemption, 173.384	Irritant	5 gallons	Not accepted	5 gallons.
Monobromotrifluoromethane. Monochloroacetic acid, solution. Monochloroacetone, stabilized. Monochloroacetone, unstabilized. Monochlorodifluoromethane.	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314,	Green	300 pounds	_ 150 pounds	300 pounds.
		1/0.010.				
Monochloroethylene. See Vinyl chloride. Monochloropentafluoroethane. Monochlorotietrafluoroethane. Monochlorotifluoromethane. Monochlylamine. Monofluorophosphoric acid, anhydrous. Monomethylamine, anhydrous.	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.304	do	do	do	Do.
Monochlorotrifluoromethane.	Nonf. G.	173.306, 173.304	do	do	do	Do.
Monofluorophosphoric acid, anhydrous	Cor. L	No exemption, 173.275	Corrosive Liquid	1 gallon	Not accepted	1 gallon.
Monomethylamine, anhydrous	F.G	173.306, 173.304, 173.314, 173.315.	Red Gas	300 pounds	00	300 pounds.
Monomethylamine, aqueous solution "Mortar stain, liquid. Motion picture film. See Film.	F.L.	173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons	. 1 quart	10 gallons. 55 gallons.
Motion picture film. See Film.		173 190				
Motorcycles Motor fuel antiknock compound *Motor fuel, n.o.s.	Pois. B	No exemption, 173.354	Poison B	55 gallons	Not accepted	Do.
*Motors fuel, n.o.s	F.L	173.118, 173.119, 173.120	Red	10 ganons	- 1 quart	10 ganons.
Muriatic acid. See Hydrochloric acid. Mustard vas (dichlorodiethul sulfide)	Pois, A	No exemption, 173,328	Poison A	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accepted.
Muriatic acid. See Hydrochloric acid. Mustard gas (dichlorodicthyl sulfide) *Naphtha. *Naphtha, distillate.	F.L	173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons.	1 quart	10 gallons.
Naphtha, petroleum. See "Petroleum naphtha. "Naphtha, solvent	# ·M	110.110, 110.110	*-	4-	4.	D
Natural pasoline. See Gasoline.						
Neohexane Neon Neon New explosives or explosive devices Nickel carbonyl. Nickel catalyst, finely divided, activated or spent Nickel cannide, solid. Nicotine hydrochloride	F.L. Nonf. G	173.118, 173.119	do	300 pounds	150 pounds	Do. 300 pounds.
New explosives or explosive devices	F.L.	See 173.51(q), 173.86	Red	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accepted.
% Nickel catalyst, finely divided, activated or spent	SCM	No exemption, 173.233	Red Bottom	100 pounds	do	100 pounds.
Nickel cyanide, solid. Nicotine hydrochloride	Pois. B	173.345, 173.346	dodo	55 gallons	1 quart	55 gallons.
Nicotine, liquid	Pois, B	173.345, 173.346 173.364, 173.365	dodo	200 pounds	50 pounds	Do. 200 pounds.
Nicotine sulfate, liquid	Pois, B	173.365, 173.346	do	55 gallons	- 1 quart	55 gallons.
Nicotine hydrochloride Nicotine, liquid Nicotine salicylate Nicotine sulfate, liquid Nicotine sulfate, solid Nicotine tartrate Nitrate of ammonia explosive. See High explosives. Nitrates news.	Pois, B	173.364, 173.365	do	do	do	Do.
Nitrates, n.o.s	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.182	Yellow	100 pounds	. 25 pounds	100 pounds.
Nitrate of ammonia explosive. See High explosives. Nitrates, n.o.s. Nitrating (mixed) acid. Nitrating (mixed) acid, spent. Nitric acid.	Cor. L	No exemption, 173.267	Corrosive Liquid_	2 pints 1 quart	Not accepted	1 quart. Do.
Nitric acid Nitric ether, See Ethyl nitrate.	Cor. L	No exemption, 173.268	do	5 pints	do	5 pints.
Nutric ether. See Ethyl nitrate. Nitric oxide. Nitrobenzel, liquid (oil of mirbane, nitrobenzene) Nitro carbo nitrate. Nitrocellulose, colloided, granular or flake, wet with	Pois. A	No exemption, 173.337	Poison Gas	Not accepted	do	Not accepted.
Nitro carbo nitrate	Oxy. M.	173.153, 173.182	Yellow	100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pounds.
not less than 20 percent alcohol or solvent, or block-	F.L	. 173.118, 173.127	. Red	26 pounds	- 1 quart	za pounds.
wet with not less than 25 percent alcohol. Nitrocellulose, colloided, granular or flake, wet with not	FS	173 153 173 184	Red Striped	100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pounds.
less than 20 percent water.						
Nitrocellulose, dry. See High explosives. Nitrocellulose, wet with not less than 20 percent water Nitrocellulose, wet with not less than 30 percent alcohol	F.S	. 173.153, 173.184	do	do	do	Do.
Nitrocellulose flakes, wet with not less than 20 percent						
alcohol or solvents Nitroehlorobenzene, ortho, liquid Nitroehlorobenzene, meta or para solid Nitrogen	Pois. B	173.345, 173.346	Poison B	55 gallons	- 50 pounds	55 gallons.
Nitrogen	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.302, 173.314	Green	300 pounds	. 150 pounds	300 pounds.

				and the same of th		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	
				Maximum	quantity in one p	ackage
Article	Classed as-	Exemptions and packaging (see section)	Label required (if not exempt)	(a) Rail express	(b) Passenger carrying	(c) Cargo on aircraft
		N			aircraft	
itrogen dioxide, liquid	There ha	No exemption, 173.336	and Valley	The state of the s	Not accepted	
*Nitrogen fertilizer solution Nitrogen, liquefied	Nonf. G.	173.306, 173.304, 173.314 No exemption, 173.304 No exemption, 173.336	Green	300 pounds	Not accepted	300 pound
itrogen peroxide, liquid	Pois. A and Oxy. M. Pois. A and	No exemption, 173.336do	Poison A and Yellow.	Not accepteddo	do	Not accepte Do.
litrogen tetroxide-nitrie oxide mixtures containing up to	Oxy. M. Pois. A and	No exemption, 173.338	do	do	do	Do.
33.2 percent weight nitrie oxide. Nitroglycerin, liquid, undesensitized. itroglycerin liquid, desensitized. See High explosive,	Oxy. M. Expl. A	173.51(d)				
House						
litroglycerin, spirits of. See Spirits of nitroglycerin. (itrohydrochloric acid. (itrohydrochloric acid, diluted. (itro mannite. See Initiating explosive.	Cor. L	No exemption, 173.278do	Corrosive Liquiddo	5 pints	do	5 pints. Do.
itroguanidine, dry. See High explosives. Itroguanidine, wet with not less than 20 percent water. itrosoguanidine. See Initiating explosive.	F.S	173.153, 173.184	Red Striped	. 100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pound
itrostarch, dry. See High explosives. Strostarch, wet with not less than 30 percent alcohol	F.L	173.118, 173.127	Red	. 25 pounds	1 quart	25 pounds
or solvent. ittrostarch, wet with not less than 20 percent water itrosyl chloride	F.S	173,153, 173,184	Red Striped	. 100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pound
Itrosyl chloride	Nonf. G	173.306, 173. 304, 173.314	Green	. 300 pounds	No accepted	300 pound
htroures. See High explosives. htrous oxide htroxylol fonliquefied gases. See Compressed gases, n.o.s.	Nonf. G Pols. B	173.306, 173.304, 173.315 173.345, 173.346	Poison B	do	150 pounds	Do.
Conliquefied gases. See Compressed gases, n.o.s.	FG	173 306 173 302	Red Goo	300 nounds	Not seconted	300 porm
onyl trichlorosilane	Cor. L	No exemption, 173,280	Corrosive Liquid	10 gallons	do	10 gallons
onliquefied gases. See Compressed gases, fl.o.s. onliquefied hydrocarbon gas onyl trichlorosilane ctadecyltrichlorosilane ctyl trichlorosilane Oil, described as oil, oil, n.o.s., petroleum oil, or petro-	Cor. L	do	do	do	do	Do.
2 of mishage Car Mitmahamad Banda						
il well cartridges.	Expl. C	No exemption, 173.112	Orange C.	150 pounds	50 pounds	150 pound
il of miroline. See Entriobection, inquid. Il of vitriol. See Sulfuric acid. Il well cartridges. leum (sulfuric acid, fuming). Organic phosphate compound, liquid, n.o.s. Organic phosphate compound mixture, dry, n.o.s. (containing more than 2 percent organic phosphate).	Pois. B	No exemption, 173.358	Poison Bdo	1 quart 200 pounds	do.	1 quart. 200 pound
*Organic phosphate compound mixture, dry, n.o.s.	Pois. B	173.377(f)	do	do	50 pounds	Do.
*Organic phosphate compound mixture, liquid, n.o.s. (containing more than 25 percent organic phosphate).					100 50	1
Organie phosphate compound mixture liquid, n.o.s. (containing not more than 25 percent organic phosphate). Organie phosphates, n.o.s. mixed with compressed gas the onlive and the compressed gas the onlive state of the compressed gas the containing material, n.o.s. cidizing materials with other articles—fumigants xygen. Oxygen, liquefied aint driers, liquid and lacquer stain, enamel, lacquer, stain, sheliac, varnish, aluminum, brouge, gold wood, filler, liquid, and lacquer num, brouge, gold wood, filler, liquid, and lacquer	Pois. B	173.359(c)	Delan Con	Not seemted	Not see to	Do.
rigane phosphaess, n.y.s. made with compressed gas.	Pois, B	173.364, 173.373	Poison B	200 pounds	50 pounds	200 pound
xide, spent xidizing material, n.o.s	Oxy. M.	173.153, 173.154	Yellow Yellow	25 pounds	25 pounds	25 pound
xygen xygen	Nonf. G	173.306, 173.302, 173.314	Green	300 pounds	150 pounds	300 pound
Oxygen, liquefied Paint driers, liquid	Nonf. G	No exemption, 173.304	Red	. 55 gallons	Not accepted	55 gallons
Paint, enamel, lacquer, stain, shellac, varnish, alumi- num, bronze, gold, wood, filler, liquid, and lacquer base liquid. Paint, reducing or thinning compounds. See *Compounds, lacquer paint or varnish, reducing or thinning liquid.	F.L	173.118, 173.128	d ₀	do	do	Do.
etc.	SCM	No exemption, 173 185	Red Bottom	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not acces
aper stock, wet_ aper waste, wet. See Waste paper, wet. ara chlorobenzoyl peroxide. See Chlorobenzoyl peroxide (para).						
(para). Paramenthane hydroperoxide aranitraniline (paranitroaniline) solid arathion and compressed gas mixture arathion, liquid arathion mixture, dry, containing more than 2 percent parathion.	Oxy. M Pois. B	173.153(b), 173.224	Peroxide Poison B	200 pounds	1 pint	1 quart.
arathion and compressed gas mixture	Pois. A	No exemption, 173.334	Poison Gas	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accept
arathion mixture, dry, containing more than 2 percent parathion. Parathion mixture, dry containing not more than 2	Pois. B	173.377	do	. 200 pounds	do	200 poun Do.
percent parathion. Parathion mixture, liquid, containing more than 25						
percent parathion. Parathion mixture, liquid, containing not more than 25						
percent parathion. aris green, solid	Pois. B	173.364, 173.367	do	_ 200 pounds	50 pounds	200 poun
natis green, solid. entaborane entaerythrite tetranitrate. See Initiating explosive.	F.L	No exemption, 173.138	Red Bottom	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not acce 10 gallons
entaerythrite tetronitrate. See Initiating explosive. Peracetic acid. Percent. Percent	Oxy. M	173.223 173.153, 173.154	Peroxide Yellow	5 pints	1 pint 25 pounds	5 pints. 100 poun
erchloric acid, in excess of 72 percent	Oxy, M	Forbidden	Corresive Liquid	5 pints	Not accented	5 pints.
erchloro-methyl-mercaptan	Pois. B.	173.345, 173.360	Poison B	10 pounds	do	10 pound
ercussion fuzes	Expl. C	No exemption, 173.107	Orange U	do	dodo	Do.
	Own M	173 153 173 154	Yellow	_ 100 pounds	. 25 pounds	100 poun
ermanganates, n.o.s.	DAY. M.			WALL TO STATE OF THE STATE OF T	Mot accounted	1 quart.
Peroxide, organic, liquid or solution, n.o.s.	Oxy. M.	173,221.	3-	07	Ymmend	95 nonnd
crmanganate of potasts. See Potassium permanganate. ermanganates, n.o.s. Peroxide, organic, liquid or solution, n.o.s. Peroxide, organic, solid, n.o.s. (including mixtures) etroleum, crude. See Crude oil. Petroleum distillate. etroleum gas, liquified. See Liquified petroleum gas. Petroleum naphtha.	Oxy. M.	173,221.	3-	07	Ymmend	os nonnd

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	
				Maximu	m quantity in one	package
Article	Classed as-	Exemptions and packaging (see section)	(if not exempt)	(a)	(b)	(e)
				Rail express	Passenger carrying alreraft	Cargo only aircraft
Phenol. See Carbolic acid.						
Phenylcarbylamine chloride Phenyldichloroarsine, liquid Phenyl trichlorosilane Phenyl a (diphenyl)	Pois. B	No exemption, 173.328 No exemption, 173.355	Poison B	Not accepted 30 gallons	Not accepted.	Not accepted.
Phenyl trichlorosilane. Phosgene (diphosgene)	Pois. A.	No exemption, 173.280 No exemption, 173.333	Corrosive Liquid.	Not accepted	do	Not accepted.
Phosphoric anhydride (phosphorus pentoxide)	WRM	No exemption, 173,188	Blue	100 pounds	do	. 100 pounds.
Phenyl trichiorosilane Phosphoric (diphospane) Phosphoric anhydride (phosphorus pentoxide) Phosphorus amorphious, red Phosphorus oxybromide Phosphorus oxychloride Phosphorus pentachloride Phosphorus pentachloride Phosphorus tribromide Phosphorus tribromide Phosphorus tribromide Phosphorus tribromide	Cor. L	No exemption, 173,271	Corrosive Liquid.	1 quart	do	1 quart.
Phosphorus pentachloride.	WRM	No exemption, 173,191	Blue	5 pounds	do	5 pounds.
Phosphorus tribromide.	Cor. L	No exemption, 173,225	Corrosive Liquid.	1 quart	do	. 11 pounds. . 1 quart.
% Phosphorus trichloride Phosphorus, white or yellow, dry. Phosphorus, white or yellow, in water	SCM	No exemption, 173.271 No exemption, 173.190	Red Bottom	Not accepted	do	. Not accepted.
	. SCM	No exemption, 173,190, 173,232.	do,	25 pounds	do	25 pounds.
Photographic film. See Film. Photographic films, See Film. Photographic films powder. See Fireworks, special or Low explosives. Picrates, dry. See High explosives. Picrates of ammonia. See High explosives. Picric acid, dry. See High explosives. Picric acid, vet, not exceeding 16 ounces. Picric acid, vet, with not less than 10 percent water, over 25		See 173.192				
Picric acid, wet, with not less than 10 percent water, over 25 pounds. See High explosives.						
pounds. See High explosives. Picric acid, wet, with not less than 10 percent water, in excess of 16 ounces but not exceeding 25 pounds. Pinwheels. See Fireworks, common.						
Polson gas, n.o.s. Poison gas, flammable, n.o.s.	Pois. A	No exemption, 173.328	Poison Gas	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accepted.
Poison gas, flammable, n.o.s.	F.G.	do	Polson Gas and Red Gas.	do	do	Do.
Poisonous liquids, n.o.s. Poisonous liquids, n.o.s. Poisonous solids, n.o.s.	Pois. A	173.345, 173.346	Poison B	55 gallons	do	Do.
*Polishes, metal stove, furniture and wood, liquid. *Polymerizable materials. Potassium arsenate, solid. Potassium bromate. Potassium chlorate (potash chlorate). Potassium cyanide, solid. Potassium cyanide, solid. Potassium cyanide, solid. Potassium cyanide, solid. Potassium dichloroisocyanurate, dry (containing more than 39 percent available chlorine). Potassium, metallic. Potassium, metallic liquid alloy. Potassium nitrate. Potassium nitrate. Potassium nitrate mixed (Insed) with sodium nitrite	F.L	173.118, 173.129	Red	55 gallons	. I quart	. 55 gallens.
Potassium arsenate, solid.	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365	Poison B	200 pounds	50 pounds	200 pounds.
Potassium bromate.	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.154	Yellow	100 pounds	. 25 pounds	Do. 100 pounds.
Potassium chlorate (polash chlorate)	Oxy. M Pois. B	173.153, 173.163 173.370	Poison B	200 pounds	do	Do. 200 pounds.
Potassium cyanide, solutions. Potassium dichloroisocyanurate, dry (containing more	Pois. B	173.345, 173.352	do	55 gallons	. 1 quart	55 gallons.
than 39 percent available chlorine).	Cor T.	172 244 172 240	Yellow	100 pounds	50 pounds	100 pounds.
Potassium, metallic	WRM	No exemption, 173,206	Blue	25 pounds	Not accepted	25 pounds.
Potassium nitrate	Oxy. M.	173.153, 173.182	Yellow	100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pounds.
Potassium nitrite Potassium nitrite	Oxy. M	173,153, 173,183	do	do	do	Do. Do.
Potassium perchiorate Potassium permanganate Potassium peroxide Potassium sulfide	Oxy. M	173,153, 173,219 173,153, 173,154, 173,194	do	do	do	Do. Do.
Potassium peroxide Potassium sulfide	Oxy. M	No exemption, 173,154 173,153 173,207	Red Striped	300 pounds	Not accepted	Do.
Pressurized products. See Compressed gases, n.o.s. Primers. See Cannon primers, combination primers, or small-arm primers. Primers, detonating. See Detonating primers.			area orașea	ooo poundo	so pounts	ous pounds.
Primers, defonating. See Detonating primers. Projectiles, explosive. See Explosive projectile. Projectiles, gas, nonexplosive. See Chemical ammunition, class A, B or C.						
Projectiles, gas, smoke, or incendiary, with burster or booster with or without detonating fuze. See Explosive projectile.						
Projectiles, illuminating, incendiary or smoke with expelling						
charge but without bursting charge. See Fireworks, special. Projectiles, sand-loaded, empty, or solid		Sec 173.55				
% Propane. See Liquefied petroleum gas. Propellant explosives, class A	Expl. A	No exemption, 173.64(d)	Orange A	See 173.86	Not accepted	Not accepted.
% Propane. See Liquesled petroleum gas. Propellant explosives, class A. Propellant explosives (liquid), class B. Propellant explosives (solid), class B. Propellant explosives (solid), class B, and small-arms	Expl. B	No exemption, 173.93do	Orange Bdo	10 poundsdo	do	10 pounds. Do.
Propellant explosives in water (smokeless powder)	Expl. B	do	do	Not accepted	do	Not accepted.
deteriorated (smokeless powder).						
Propylene imine, inhibited	F.L	No exemption, 173.139	Red	5 pints	do	5 pints.
% Propyl mercaptan.	F.L	No exemption, 173.141	do	dodo	Not accepted	Do.
Propylene. See Liquefled petroleum gas.	Cor. 1/	No exemption, 173:280	Corrosive Liquid	00	do	Do.
Propyl ateohol. See Alcohol, n.o.s. Propylene lmine, inhibited Propylene oxide % Propyl mercaptan. % Propyl trichlorosiliane. Propylene. See Liquefied petroleum gas. Prussic acid. See Hydrocyanic acid. Pyridine	F.L	173. 118, 173. 119	Red	do	1 quart	Do.
tible liquids or solids. Pyro sulfuryl chloride. Pyroxylin plastic scrap.	Cor. L	173, 244, 173, 247 No exemption, 173, 195,	Corrosive Liquid. Red Striped.	1 quart	Not accented	1 quart.
Pyroxylin plastics, rods, sheets, rolle, tubes	F.S.	173, 196, 173, 197	do	350 pounde	50 nonnda	350 nounde
Pyroxylin plastics, rods, sheets, rolls, tubes Pyroxylin solution Pyroxylin solvent, n.o.s Radioactive devices Radioactive materials, low specific activity (LSA) Radioactive materials, normal form Radioactive materials, small quantities Radioactive materials, special form	F.L	173. 118, 173. 119	Red	10 gallons	1 quart	10 gallons.
% Radioactive devices	RAM	173. 391(b)	None			100.
% Radioactive materials, low specific activity (LSA) % Radioactive materials, normal form	RAM	173, 393, 173, 395	Radioactivedo	**************		
% Radioactive materials, small quantities	RAM	173, 391(a) 173, 393, 173, 394	NoneRadioactive			
	COMPANDED TO THE PARTY OF THE P					

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	Movimum	(5) quantity in one p	nackaza
		Exemptions and packaging	Label required	(3)	(b)	(c)
Article	Classed as—	(see section)	(if not exempt)	Rail express	Passenger carrying aircraft	Cargo only aircraft
Rags, oily	SCM	No exemption, 173, 199 No exemption, 173, 200	Red Bottom	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accepted
Callony fusces. See Fusces. Reducing compounds, paint, varnish, lacquer, etc. See *Compounds, lacquer, paint, or varnish, etc., removing, reducing or thinning, liquid. Refriserant ons.		See 173.314(c) Table Note				
Refrigerating machines	Nonf. G	13; 173.315(a) Table Note 9. 173.306(e)	Green	No limit	50 pounds	No limit.
tefrigerating machines. Removing compounds, paint, varnish, lacquer, etc. See *Compounds, lacquer, paint, or varnish, etc., remov-	F.G	173.306(e) 173.130, 173.306(e)	Red Gas	No limit	15 pounds	Do.
ing, reducing or thinning, liquid. Resin solution (resin compound, liquid) lifle grengdes. See Grenades. lifle powder. See Fropellant explosives, class A, Propellant explosives, class B, or Black powder.						THE REAL PROPERTY.
tifle powder. See Propellant explosives, class A, Propellant explosives, class B, or Black powder. Socket firevorks. See Fireworks, common. Socket ammunition with empty projectiles. Socket ammunition with explosive projectiles. Socket ammunition with illuminating projectiles. Socket ammunition with illuminating projectiles. Socket ammunition with ineedidary projectiles. Socket ammunition with inert loaded projectiles. Socket ammunition with smoke projectiles. Socket ammunition with solid projectiles. Socket ammunition with solid projectiles. Socket bodies, with electric primers or electric squibs. Socket engines (liquid), class B explosives. Socket heads. See Explosive projectiles.	Expl. B	No exemption, 173.90 No exemption, 173.57	Orange B	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accepted
locket ammunition with fluminating projectiles	Expl. A	do	do	do	do	Do.
ocket ammunition with incendiary projectilesocket ammunition with inert loaded projectiles	Expl. A	No exemption, 173,90	Orange B	do	do	Do. Do.
ocket ammunition with smoke projectiles	Expl. A	No exemption, 173.57	Orange A	do	do	Do.
ocket bodies, with electric primers or electric squibs	Evol B	See 173.55	Orange B	Not accepted	Not againsted	Do
ocket heads. See Explosive projectiles.	Tapi. D.	At	Orange D	1 True accepted	. Ivos accepteu	Do.
ocket motors, class A explosives ocket motors, class B explosives	Expl. B	No exemption, 173.79 No exemption, 173.92	Orange B	. 550 pounds	do	550 pounds.
oman candles. See Fireworks, common. Gough ammoniste tankages. ubber scrap or rubber buffings. Rubber shoddy, regenerated rubber, or reclaimed	SCMSCM	No exemption, 173.210 173.153, 173.201 173.153, 173.201	Red Bottomdo	Not accepted 10 pounds	do 10 pounds	Not accepted 10 pounds. Do.
rubber. tum, denatured	F.L	173,118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons	1 quart	10 gallons.
lety fuse. See Fuse, safety. lety squibs						
imples of explosives If-lighting cigarettes If-propelled vehicles	F.S	Sec 173.86 173,21(d) Sec. 173.120, 173.257, 173.306,	Red Striped	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accepte
haped charges, commercial. See High explosives. Shellac. See Paint, enamel, lacquer, stain, shellac, varnish, etc. hells, fireworks. See Fireworks, common or special, hitp, distress signals. See Fireworks, special.		See 173.65(h)				
gnal flares licon chloride (tetrachloride)	Expl. C	No exemption, 173,108 173,244, 173,247	Orange C Corrosive liquid.	200 pounds I gallon	50 pounds 1 quart	200 pounds. 1 gallon.
llicon tetrafluoride llver cyanide lluer mitrate Sudge acid. See Acid, sludge.	Nonf. G Pois. B Oxy. M	173,306, 173,302 173,370 173,153, 173,182	Poison BYellow	No limit 100 pounds	Not accepted 25 pounds	300 pounds. No limit. 100 pounds.
Studge acid. See Acid, studge. Small-arms ammunition. mall-arms ammunition, irritating (tear gas) cartridges mall-arms primers. moke generators. See Chemical ammunition Class B or C.	Expl. C	173,101 No exemption, 173,101	Orange C	150 pounds	50 pounds Not accepted	150 pounds. Do.
noke generators. See Chemical ammunition Class B or C. noke candles	жы. С	No exemption, 175.107	Orange C	200 1-	oo pounds	D0+
noke grenades, mokeless powder for cannon or small arms. See Propellant	Expl. C	do	do	do	do	Do.
moke jess powder for small arms (100 pounds or less) moke pots moke pots moke projectiles with bursting charges. See Explosive projectile.	F.S. Expl. C	173.88(f), 173.197a No exemption, 173.108	Red Striped Orange C	8 pounds 200 pounds	Not accepted 50 pounds	Not accepted 200 pounds.
moke projectiles with expelling charge but without bursting charge. See Fireworks, special, make storals	Expl. C	do	đo	do	do	Do.
oda amatol. See High explosives. dium aluminate solutions. dium aluminum hydride.	Cor. L WRM	173.244, 173.249 No exemption, 173.206	Corrosive Liquid	10 gallons 25 pounds	1 quart Not accepted	10 gallons. 25 pounds.
odium amide	WRM	173 364 173 365 173 368	Poison B	200 pounds	50 pounds	Do.
odium arsenite (solution), liquid	Pois. B	173.345, 173.346	do	55 gallons	1 quart	55 gallons.
odium bromate	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.154	Yellow	dodo	25 pounds	Do.
oda amatol. See High explosives. odium aluminate sojutions. odium aluminum hydride. odium amide. Sodium arsenite (solution), liquid. odium arsenite (solution), liquid. odium aride. odium hydride. odium cacodylate, solid (sodium dimethyl arsenate). odium chlorate (sodium chlorate). odium chlorite. odium chlorite solution (not exceeding 42 percent sodium chlorite).	Oxy. M Oxy. M Cor. L	173.364, 173.365 173.153, 173.163 No exemption, 173.160 173.244, 173.263	Yellowdo	200 pounds 100 pounds do4 gallons	25 pounds Not accepted	100 pounds. Do. 4 gallons.
sodium chlorite). odium cyanide, solid odium dehloroisocyanurate, dry (containing more than 39 percent available chlorine).	Pois. B	173.370 173.345, 173.352	Poison B	200 pounds 55 gallons	25 pounds	200 pounds. 55 gallons.
39 percent available chlorine). odium hydride	WRM	No exemption, 173.198	Blue	25 pounds	Not accepted	25 pounds.
odium hydroxide solution.	Cor. L	173.153, 173.204 173.244, 173.249	Corrosive Liquid	100 pounds	1 quart	5 gallons.
odium hydride odium hydrosilite (sodium dithionite) odium hydrosilite (sodium dithionite) odium mydroside solution odium, metallic odium, metallic, dispersion in organic solvent odium, metallic liquid alloy odium methylate, dry Sodium methylate, alcohol mixture	WRM	No exemption, 173.206 No exemption, 173.230	Bluedo	25 pounds	Not accepted	10 pounds.
odium, metaliic liquid alloy	WRM	No exemption, 173,202 173,153, 173,154	do	1 pound.	25 pounds	1 pound. 100 pounds.
Sodium methylate, alcohol mixture	F.L	173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallons	1 quart	10 gallons.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	Maximum	(5) n quantity in one	neakees
		Exemptions and packaging	Label required	(a)	(b)	(e)
Article	Classed as—	(see section)	(if not exempt)	Rall express	Passenger earrying aircraft	Cargo onl
dium nitrate	Oxy, M	173.153, 173,182	Yellow	. 100 pounds	. 25 pounds	. 100 pounds
dium nitrite dium nitrite mixed (fused) with potassium nitrate dium nitrite mixtures (sodium nitrate, sodium nitrite,	Oxy. M Oxy. M	173.153, 173.154, 173.234 173.153, 173.183 173.153, 173.234	do	dodo	do	Do. Do. Do.
and potassium nitrate), dium permanganatedium peroxide	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.154 No exemption, 173.187	do	do	do	. Do.
and potassium nitrate). dium permanganate. dium peroxide. dium picramate, wet with at least 20 percent of water dium potassium alloys. odium sulfide, anhydrous. ovents, n.o.s.	F.S. F.L	No exemption, 173.205	Red Striped Red Striped	25 pounds do	do do 25 pounds	. 25 pounds. Do. 300 pounds
nent iron mass. See Iron mass, spent. nent iron sponge, See Iron sponge, spent. pent mixed acid. See Nitrating acid. nent oxide. See Oxide, spent.						
pent sulfuric acid. See Sulfuric acid, spent. drits of nitroglycerin, 1 to 10 percent. drits of nitroglycerin, not exceeding 1 percent nitro-	F.L	No exemption, 173.133	do	6 quartsdo	Not accepted	6 quarts
elycerin by weight. contaneously combustible liquids, n.o.s. contaneously combustible solids, n.o.s. corting powder. See Black powder or Propellant ex- closive, class B explosives. consisting fluid. See Engine starting fluid. reader cartridges. See Fireworks, special. wibs, electric or safety. See Electric squibs or Safety	SCM	No exemption, 173.134 No exemption, 173.154	Red Bottomdo	70 poundsdo	Not accepteddo	Not accept Do.
tain. See *Paint enamel lacquer stein shellac						
varnish, etc. arter cartridges, jet engine, class B explosives arter cartridges, jet engine, class C explosives orage batteries, wet. See Batteries, electric storage, wet. continum granuts solid	Expl. B Expl. C	No exemption, 173.92 No exemption, 173.102	Orange B	200 pounds 150 pounds	do	200 pounds 150 pounds
Strontium chlorate	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.163	Yellow	100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pounds
ontium chlorate, wet- ontium nitrate ontium peroxide ychnine and salts thereof, solid ophnate of lead. See Initiating explosive.	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.182 173.153 (a), 173.154	do	100 pounds	dodo	100 pounds Do.
cychnine and salts thereof, solid. yphnate of lead. See Initiating explosive. coinic acid peroxide.	Pois. B	173.364, 173.365	Poison B	25 pounds	2 pounds	25 pounds
ecinic acid peroxide Ifur chloride (mono and di) ullur dioxide:	Cor. L Nonf. G	No exemption, 173,247	Corrosive Liquid.	1 gallon 300 pounds	Not accepteddo	1 gallon. 300 pounds
lfur bexafluoride. Sulfur trioxide, stabilized. Ifuric acid (oil of vitriol). Ifuric acid, spent. Ifuryl chloride. Ifuryl fluoride. pplementary charges (explosive). ukaca. See Garbaga tankaca.	Nonf. G Cor. L	173.306, 173.304 173.244, 173.273 173.244, 173.272	Corrosive Liquid.	do	Not accepted	Do. 1 gallon.
lfuric acid, spent	Cor. L	No exemption, 173.248	dodo.	1 quartdo	Not accepted	1 quart.
pplementary charges (explosive)	Expl. A	No exemption, 173.69	Orange A	Not accepted	Not accepted	Not accept
nkage. See Garbage tankage. Tankage fertilizers ankages, rough ammoniate ink car, containing residual phosphorus and filled with	SCM	No exemption, 173,209 No exemption, 173,210 See 173,232	Red Bottom	do	do	Do. Do.
vater or inert gas. nk cars, empty (last contents polsons, class A) nk cars, gas (must not contain gases that combine hemically).	*************	See 174.562 (d) and (e) See 173.301(a)				
nk truck, emptyar, liquid	F.L	See 173.29	Red	10 gallons	1 quart	10 gallons.
ar gas cartridges. See Small arms ammunition tear gas	Irr	No exemption, 173,385	Irritant	. 75 pounds	Not accepted	. 75 pounds.
ar gas grenades. See Grenades, tear gas, ar gas material, liquid or solid, n.o.s. rtiary alcohol. See Alcohol, n.o.s.						
Pertiary butylisopropyl benzene hydroperoxidetracthyl dithio pyrophosphate and compressed gas						
traethyl dithio pyrophosphate, liquid. Cetraethyl dithio pyrophosphate mixture, dry, (conaining more than 2 percent tetraethyl dithio pyrophos-	Pols. B	No Exemption, 173.385	Poison Bdo	1 quart 200 pounds	do	1 quart. 200 pounds
shate). Tetraethyl dithio pyrophosphate mixture, dry, (con- aining not more than 2 percent tetraethyl dithio pyrophos- shate).						
Petraethyl dithlo pyrophosphate mixture, liquid, containing more than 25 percent tetraethyl dithio pyro-						
Cetraethyl dithio pyrophosphate mixture, liquid, containing not more than 25 percent tetraethyl dithio pyro- phosphate.						
traethyl lead, llquid traethyl pyrophosphate, llquid Tetraethyl pyrophosphate miyture dev (containing		No exemption 173,354 No exemption 173,358 173,377	do	1 quart	do	1 quart.
Tetraethyl pyrophosphate mixture, dry, (containing	Pols, B	173.377(f)	đo	do	. 50 pounds	Do.
Tetraethyl pyrophosphate mixture, liquid, (contain-	Pois. B	173.359	do	1 quart	Not accepted	1 quart.
Tetraethyl pyrophosphate mixture, liquid, (contain- ng not more than 25 percent tetraethyl pyrophosphate). traethyl pyrophosphate and compressed gas mixture	Pois. A	175.359(c)	Polson Gas	Not accepted	Not accented	. Do.
ing non-more than to percent terrating pyrophosphate). It methyl pyrophosphate and compressed gas mixture-trafluoroethylene, inhibited transitromethane. It may be a support the support of the support o	F.G	173.306, 173.304	Red Gas	300 pounds	do	300 pounds.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	Maximum	(5) a quantity in one p	nekaga
		Exemptions and packaging	Label required	(a)	(b)	(c)
Article	Classed as—	(see section)	(if not exempt)	Rail express	Passenger carrying aircraft	Cargo on aircraft
extile waste, wet. Thallium saits, solid, n.o.s. nallium sulfate, solid. inning compounds, paint, varnish, lacquer, etc. See	SCM Pois, B Pois, B	No exemption, 173,211	Red Bottom Poison Bdo	Not accepted 200 poundsdo	do 50 pounds	Do. 200 pounds Do.
*Paint, enamel, lacquer stain, shellac, varnish, etc. locarbonyl-chloride. See Thiophosgene. nionyl chloride.	Cor. L	No exemption, 173,247	Corrosive Liquid	1 gallon	Not accepted	1 gallon.
ilogaroonge-cuorue. See 1 mophosgene. ilopyl chioride. ilophosgene (thiocarbonyl-chloride) ilophosphoryl chloride. iorium metal, powdered iorium nitrate, solid	Cor. L F.S RAM and Oxy. M.	No exemption, 173.271	Corrosive Liquid Red Striped Radioactive and yellow.	1 quart 25 pounds 100 pounds	do	1 quart. 25 pounds 100 pound
me fuzes. See Fuzes, time. n tetrachloride, ashydrous. tanium metal powder, dry tanium metal powder, wet with not less than 20 percent	SCM	No exemption, 173.208	Red Bottom	75 pounds	Not accepted	75 pounds
pater	SCM	do	do	150 pounds	do	150 pound
percent sulfuric acid	Cor. L	173.244, 173.247 173.118, 173.119	Red	10 gallonsdo	do	10 gallons. Do.
rpedoes, explosive. See Explosive torpedoes. rpedoes, railway	Expl. B Expl. C	No exemption, 173.91 No exemption, 173.100(p), 173.100.	Orange B	200 pounds 150 pounds	Not accepted 50 pounds	200 pound 150 pound
y propellant devices. y smoke devices. y torpedoes. See Fireworks, special.	Expl. C	No exemption, 173.111do	do	do	do	Do. Do.
acors acors acor fuzes actors actors actors actors alter or truck body with refrigerating or heating equipment	Expl. C	No exemption, 173.105do. See 173.120 See 173.120(c), 173.306	do	do	dodo	Do. Do.
Trichloroisocyanuric acid, dry (containing more than	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.217	Yellow	100 pounds	_ 50 pounds	100 pound
Frichlorosilane. Prick matches	F.LExpl. C	No exemption, 173.136 No exemption, 173.111	RedOrange C	10 gallons 150 pounds	Not accepted do	10 gallons Not accep
spercent available chorme). Frick matches. Frick moise makers, explosive. ifluorochloroethylene. imethylamine, anhydrous.						
imethylamine, aqueous solution	F.L	173.118, 173.119 No exemption, 173.135	Reddo	10 gallonsdo	Not accepted	10 gallons. Do.
Prinitrobenzene, Wet containing at least 10-percent water.	F.S	173.212	Red Striped	16 ounces	_ 16 ounces	16 ounces.
introbenzoic acid, dry. See High explosives. introbenzoic acid, wet with not less than 10-percent water. introbenzoic acid wet with not less than 10-percent water, wer 25 pounds. See High explosives. initroresorcinol. See High explosives. introtoluene, dry. See High explosives.	F.S	No exemption, 173.192, 173.193.	do	25 pounds	. 1 pound	25 pounds
Prinitrotoluene, wet with not less than 10-percent water.						
is-(1-aziridinyl) phosphine oxide urpentine substitutes ranyl nitrate, solid	F.LRAM and Oxv. M.	173.118, 173.119 173.392, 173.396	Red	10 gallons 100 pounds 100 pounds	. 1 quartdo	10 gallons 100 pound
rea nitrate dry. See High explosives rea nitrate wet with not less than 10 percent of water rea nitrate wet with not less than 10 percent of water, over	F.S	No exemption, 173.192, 173.193.	Red Striped	25 pounds	_ 1 pound	25 pounds
25 pounds. See High explosives. * Urea peroxide unadium oxytrichloride unadium tetrachloride urnish. See *Paint, enamel, lacquer, stain, shellac, var-	Oxy. M Cor. L Cor. L	173.153(b), 173.227 173.244, 173.247a 173.244, 173.247a	Peroxide	do do	Not accepteddo	Do. 1 quart. Do.
sish, etc. irnish driers. See *Paint driers, liquid. irnish remover or reducer. See *Compounds, lacquer, paint or varnish removing, reducing, or thinning, liquid. irnish thinning compounds. See *Compounds, lacquer, paint, or varnish removing, reducing, or thinning,						
liquid. ry signal cartridges	F.L.	173.118, 173.119 173.306, 173.304, 173.314,	Red	10 gallons	_ 1 quart	10 gallons
Vinyl fluoride, inhibited	F.G	173,315. 173,306, 173,304, 173,314,	do			
nylidene chloride, inhibited. nyl methyl ether, inhibited. nyl trichlorosilane. ar heads. See Explosive projectiles.		173.118, 173.119 173.306, 173.304, 173.314 No exemption, 173.135				
aste paper, wet	SCM	No exemption 173.211	do	do	do.	130.
aste wool, wet_ ater reactive solids, n.o.s. 'fater treatment compound, liquid et hair. See Hair, wet.	WRMCor. L	No exemption 173.213 173.153, 173.154 173.244, 173.249	Blue Corrosive Liquid	25 pounds 10 gallons	do 1 quart	25 pounds 10 gallons.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)	
				Maximur	n quantity in one	package
		Exemptions and packaging	Label required	(a)	(b)	(0)
Article	Classed as—	(see section)	(if not exempt)	Rail express	Passenger earrying aircraft	Cargo only aircraft
X-ray film. See Film.	THE REAL PROPERTY.		A CAMPINE	and the Control		100
C/. X vlene (rule)	F.L	173.118, 173.119	Red	do	do	Do.
Xylyl bromide. Zinc ammonium nitrite.	Irr.	No exemption, 173.382	Irritant	- 75 pounds	Not accepted	75 pounds.
Zinc ammonium nitrite	Oxy. M	No exemption, 173.228	Yellow	100 pounds	25 pounds	200 pounds.
Zine animondum meries.	Pols. B	172 264 172 265	Poison D	do	do	Do.
Zine arsenite, solid	Ovy M	173 153 173 163 173 370	Yellow	100 pounds	25 pounds	100 pounds.
Zinc chiorate	Pois, B		Poison B.	No limit.	do	No limit.
Zinc ethyl. See Spontaneously combustible liquids, n.o.s.	A. Calor. Horaster					
Time williage Cas Mitmatag n a 9						2221 27
Zinc permanganate	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.154	Yellow	_ 100 pounds	do	100 pounds.
Zinc peroxide. Zirconiu a metal, dry, mechanically produced, finer than	Oxy. M	173.153, 173.154	D 4 D	do	do	Do.
Zirconiu a metal, dry, mechanically produced, finer than	SCM	No exemption, 173.214	Red Bottom	- 15 pounds	- Not accepted	to pounds.
270 mesh particle size. Zirconjum metal, dry, chemically produced, finer than 20	SOM	do	do	do	do	Do.
month monthale aine						
Zirconium metal, wet, mechanically produced, finer than	F.S.	do	Red Striped	_ 150 pounds	do	150 pounds.
970 mach martials size						
Zirconium metal, wet, chemically produced, finer than 20	F.S	do	do	do	do	Do.
menh navticle vize						
Zirconium metallic, liquid, suspensions	F.L.	No exemption, 173,140	Vallem	o pounds	do	95 pounds
Zirconium picramate, wet with at least 20 percent of water Zirconium scrap (borings, clippings, shavings, sheets or	TO S	172 182 172 226	Red Stelnad	100 nounds	do	Not accepted.
Zirconium scrap (borings, cuppings, snavings, sneets or turnings).	# 19	110,100, 110,220	ased Surped	. 100 puditus		Tige decepted.

III. Part 173:

(A) In Part 173, Table of Contents. §§ 173.5, 173.6, and 173.27 would be amended to read as follows:

Shipments by rail express and bag-173.5 gage by rail. 173.6

Shipments by air. Rail express and aircraft limitations. 173.27

(B) In § 173.5, the heading would be amended; paragraph (b) would be added to read as follows:

§ 173.5 Shipments by rail express and baggage by rail.

- (b) For shipments of explosives and other dangerous articles acceptable as baggage by rail carriers see Part 176 of the chapter, Regulations Applying to Rail Carriers in Baggage Service.
- (C) Section 173.6 would be amended to read as follows:

§ 173.6 Shipments by air.

- (a) General shipping requirements. When the regulations prohibit a hazardous material from shipment via cargo-only aircraft, such a material is prohibited from shipment via any passenger-carrying aircraft.
- (b) General packaging requirements. (1) In addition to the requirements of this part and Part 178, each packaging must be designed and constructed to prevent leakage that may be caused by changes in altitude and temperature during air transportation.
- (2) Inner receptacles which are breakable (such as earthenware, glass, or plastic), or any receptacles containing less than 1 quart of liquid material, must be packaged with adequate cushioning and absorbent material to prevent breakage and leakage under conditions normally incident to transportation (which include a 4-foot drop of the completed packaging in the position most likely to cause damage). Cushioning and absorbent materials must not be capable of reacting dangerously with the contents. Where plastic packagings are specified

in this part, plastic bags or pouches are not permitted unless specifically authorized

(3) Sufficient outage (ullage) to prevent leakage of contents or distortion of packagings from any expansion of the contents by any increase in temperature up to 130° F. must be provided for any packaging containing liquid. The primary packaging (which may include composite packaging), for which retention of the liquid is the basic function, must be capable of withstanding an internal gage pressure of at least 15 p.s.i. without leaking. In addition, for liquids having an absolute vapor pressure exceeding 16 p.s.i. at 100° F., the primary packaging must be capable of withstanding the inside vapor pressure produced at 130° F., without any leakage.

(4) Stoppers, corks, or other such friction-type closures must be held securely and effectively in place with wire, tape, or other positive means.

(5) Bags permitted by the regulations as outside packaging for transportation aboard aircraft must be water resistant.

- (6) Packaging incorporating valves, and containing any compressed gas, must be provided with sufficient protection to prevent operation and damage to such valves during transportation, by one of the following methods:
- (i) By equipping each packaging with securely attached caps, or
- (ii) By boxing or crating of the compressed gas packaging.
- (c) Special labeling requirements. See § 173,402(b).
- (d) Special requirements for magnetized materials. Each shipper offering magnetized materials for shipment shall:
- (1) Package magnets or magnetized devices such as magnetrons and light meters so that the polarities of each unit oppose one another.
- (2) Install keeper bars on permanent magnets, shield them, or arrange for special stowage to prevent the magnetic field from causing compass deviation.
- (3) Label each package with the label described in § 173.414.

(D) In § 173.27, the heading and paragraphs (a) and (b) would be amended to read as follows:

§ 173.27 Rail express and aircraft limitations.

- (a) Hazardous materials, except those not accepted for transportation, and except where special packaging is pre-scribed in this part for rail express or aircraft shipments, must, when offered for shipment by rail express or aircraft, be packaged, marked, and labeled in compliance with this part.
- (b) The maximum quantity of any hazardous material that may be offered for transportation in one outside container by rail express, cargo-only aircraft, or passenger-carrying aircraft must not exceed that shown in § 172.5 of this chapter.
- (E) In § 173.30 paragraph (a) would be amended; subparagraph (a) (3) would be added to read as follows:

§ 173.30 Loading and unloading of transport vehicles.

- (a) Any person who loads or unloads shipments of hazardous materials into or from transport vehicles shall comply with the applicable loading and unloading provisions of Parts 174 and 177 of this chapter and Part 103 of Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, as follows:
- (1) Rail: Section 174.525 through 174.567 of this chapter.
- (2) Highway: Section 177.834 through 177.848 of this chapter
- (3) Air: Title 14 CFR 103.1 through 103.35.
- (F) In § 173.52, the introductory text of paragraph (a) would be amended to read as follows:

§ 173.52 Acceptable explosives.

(a) For the purposes of Parts 170-189 of this chapter, acceptable explosives are divided into three classes as defined in this section, viz. (see § 172.5 of this chapter for restrictions for shipments by rail express and aircraft).

(G) In § 173.80, paragraph (f) would be amended to read as follows:

§ 173.80 Charged oil well jet perforating guns.

(f) Charged oil well jet perforating guns must not be offered for transportation or be transported by carriers by rail freight, rail express, rail baggage, water, aircraft, or by common or con-

tract carriers by public highway.

(H) In § 173.110, paragraph (b) would

be amended to read as follows:

*

§ 173.110 Charged oil well jet perforating guns, total explosive content in guns not exceeding 20 pounds per motor vehicle.

(b) Charged oil well jet perforating guns must not be offered for transportation or transported by carriers by rail freight, rail express, rail baggage, water, aircraft, or by common or contract carriers by public highway.

(I) In § 173.128, the introductory text of paragraph (c), would be amended to

read as follows:

§ 173.128 Paints and related materials.

(c) Paint, enamel, lacquer, satin, shellac, varnish, aluminum, bronze, gold, wood filler, liquid, and lacquer base liquid, and thinning, reducing and removing compounds therefor, and driers, liquid, therefor, in glass or earthenware containers not over 1 quart capacity each or metal containers not over 5 gallons capacity each, packed in strong outside containers are exempt from specification packaging, marking, and labeling requirements when offered for transportation by rail freight, highway, or water, except when offered for transportation by carrier by water, name of contents must be marked on outside container. Shipments for transportation by highway carriers are exempt also from Part 177 of this chapter, except § 177.817. When offered for transportation by rail express and cargo-only aircraft, shipments are exempt from specification packaging, marking, and labeling requirements, except that for shipments by air the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter must be affixed on the outside container; however, for shipments by cargo-only aircraft or rail express of packages having inside containers over 1 quart capacity, each outside packaging must be marked with the name of contents and bear the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter. When a fiberboard box is used for shipments by rail freight, rail express, motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft, the gross weight must not exceed 65 pounds.

(J) In § 173.132, paragraph (b) would be amended to read as follows:

*

§ 173.132 Cement, liquid, n.o.s., container cement, linoleum cement, pyroxylin cement, rubber cement, tile cement, wallboard cement, and coating solution.

(b) Cements, except cements containing carbon bisulfide, in glass or earthen-

ware containers not over 1 quart capacity each, or metal containers not over 5 gallons capacity each, packed in strong outside containers are exempt from specification packaging, marking, and labeling requirements when offered for transportation by rail freight, highway, or water, except when offered for transportation by carrier by water, name of contents must be marked on outside container. Shipments for transportation by highway carriers are exempt also from Part 177 of this chapter, except § 177.817. When offered for transportation by rail express and cargo-only aircraft, shipments are exempt from specification packaging, marking, and labeling requirements, except that for shipments by air the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter must be affixed on the outside container however, for shipments by cargo-only aircraft or rail express of packages having inside containers over 1 quart capacity, each outside packaging must be marked with the name of contents and bear the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter. When a fiberboard box is used for shipments by rail freight, rail express, motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft, the gross weight must not exceed 65 pounds.

(K) In § 173.144, paragraph (b) would be amended to read as follows:

§ 173.144 Inks.

.

(b) Ink in glass or earthenware containers not over 1 quart capacity each, or metal containers not over 5 gallons capacity each, packed in strong outside containers are exempt from specification packaging, marking, and labeling requirements when offered for transportation by rail freight, highway, or water, except when offered for transportation by carrier by water, name of contents must be marked on outside container. Shipments for transportation by highway carriers are also exempt from Part 177 of this chapter, except § 177.817. When offered for transportation by rail express and cargo-only aircraft, shipments are exempt from specification packaging, marking, and labeling requirements, except that for shipments by air the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter must be affixed on the outside container; however, for shipments by cargo-only aircraft or rail express of packages having inside containers over 1 quart capacity, each outside packaging must be marked with the name of contents and bear the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter. When a fiberboard box is used for shipments by rail freight, rail express, motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft, the gross weight must not exceed 65 pounds.

(L) In § 173.162, paragraph (a) (9) would be amended to read as follows:

§ 173.162 Charcoal.

(a) * * *

(9) When offered for transportation by rail express and cargo-only aircraft, charcoal must be packaged in barrels, bags, or boxes. Charcoal briquettes shipped by rail express are not subject to this restriction and are not required to be labeled.

(M) In § 173.176, Note 1 following paragraph (e) (2) would be canceled as follows:

§ 173.176 Matches.

.

* * * (e) * * * (2) * * *

Note: 1. [Canceled].

. .

(N) In § 173.180, the introductory text of paragraph (a) would be amended to read as follows:

§ 173.180 Motion-picture film, and X-ray film, unexposed.

(a) Motion-picture film, and X-ray film, unexposed (nitrocellulose base), when offered for transportation by rail express, aircraft, or vessel must bear the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter and must be packaged in specification packaging as follows:

(O) In § 173.197, the introductory text of paragraph (a) would be amended to read as follows:

180

§ 173.197 Pyroxylin plastics, in sheets, rolls, rods, or tubes.

(a) Pyroxylin plastics, in sheets, rolls, rods, or tubes containing nitrocellulose is not subject to Parts 170–189 of this chapter when offered for transportation by carriers by rail freight or highway. When offered for transportation by carriers by rail express, aircraft, or vessel, these materials must be packaged in specification packaging as follows and must bear the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter.

(P) In § 173.217, paragraph (b) would be amended to read as follows:

*

§ 173.217 Calcium hypochlorite compounds, dry, lithium hypochlorite compounds, dry, dichloroisocyanuric acid, dry, potassium dichloroisocyanurate, dry, sodium dichloroisocyanurate, dry, and trichloroisocyanuric acid, dry.

(b) Strong outside wooden or fiberboard packages with inside glass containers not over 5 pounds capacity each, or with metal containers or plastic bottles not over 10 pounds capacity each. are exempt from specification packaging, marking, and labeling when offered for transportation by rail freight, rail express, cargo-only aircraft, or motor vehicle, except that for shipments by air the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter must be affixed on the outside container. When for transportation by water, strong wooden or fiberboard containers with inside glass containers not over 5 pounds capacity each, or with metal containers or plastic bottles not over 10 pounds capacity each, are exempt from specification packaging only. Shipments for transportation by highway carriers are exempt also from Part 177 of this chapter, except § 177.817.

be amended to read as follows:

§ 173.223 Peracetic acid.

(b) Peracetic acid solutions not exceeding 40 percent concentration packaged in strong wooden or fiberboard boxes, with not more than one inside glass container not exceeding 1 pint or 1 pound capacity, cushioned with sterile absorbent cotton or other cushioning material which will not react with the contents to generate heat, and with such cushioning material in sufficient quantity to completely absorb the contents of the bottle, are exempt from specification packaging, marking other than name of contents, and labeling requirements except that for shipments by air the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter must be affixed on the outside container. Shipments for transportation by highway carriers are exempt also from Part 177 of this chapter, except § 177.817.

(R) In § 173.241 the introductory text of paragraph (a) would be amended to

read as follows:

§ 173.241 Outage.

- (a) Outage for containers of corrosive liquids for transportation by carriers by rail freight, rail express, air (see § 173.6 (b)(3)), highway, or water, must be as follows:
- (S) In § 173.244, paragraph (b) would be amended to read as follows:
- § 173.244 Exemptions for acids and other corrosive liquids. . *
- (b) Other exemptions from specification packaging, marking, and labeling requirements for rail freight, rail express, and highway transportation, and exemptions from specification packaging, marking other than name of contents, and labeling requirements for transportation by carrier by water, and exemptions from specification packaging and marking requirements for transportation by carrier by air, are shown with the packaging requirements for the particular commodity.

(T) In § 173.286, the introductory text of paragraph (b) would be amended to

read as follows:

§ 173.286 Chemical kits.

(b) Chemical kits containing corrosives in inside containers not exceeding 6 fluid ounces capacity each and complying with all of the following require-ments, are exempt from specification packaging, marking, other than name of contents, and labeling requirements, except that for shipment by air the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter must be affixed on the outside container. Shipments for transportation by highway carriers are exempt also from Part 177 of this chapter, except § 177.817.

(U) In § 173.344, the introductory text of paragraph (b) would be amended to read as follows:

(Q) In § 173,223, paragraph (b) would § 173,344 Packing for class B poisons, liquid.

> (b) Outage. Outage for containers of liquid poison for transportation by carriers by rail freight, rail express, air (see § 173.6(b)(3)) highway, or water must be as follows:

> (V) In § 173.371, paragraph (a) (2) would be amended to read as follows:

§ 173.371 Dinitrobenzol.

*

(a) * * *

(2) Spec. 11A (§ 178.160 of this chapter). Wooden barrels, gross weight 300 pounds; must be shipped in carload or truckload shipments only and must not be offered for transportation by rail ex-

press, aircraft, or vessel.
(W) § 173.373, paragraph (a)(2)
would be amended to read as follows:

§ 173.373 Ortho-nitroaniline and paranitroaniline.

(a) * * *

.

*

(2) Spec. 11A (§ 178.160 of this chapter). Wooden barrels, gross weight 385 pounds: must be shipped in carload or truckload shipments only and must not be offered for transportation by rail express, aircraft, or vessel.

(X) In § 173.402, the introductory text of paragraph (a) (14) (appearing in Docket No. HM-8; Notice No. 70-13, 35 F.R. 11742) would be amended to read as follows:

§ 173.402 Labeling of hazardous materials.

(a) * * *

(14) For shipment by air, the shipper shall label each packaging with the appropriate label described in § 172.5 of this chapter, although the commodity otherwise may be exempted from those labeling requirements by this Part 173. In addition, when appropriate, the following labels must be used:

(Y) In Part 173, the phrases "rail freight, rail express, motor vehicle, or water"; "rail freight, rail express, highway, or water"; "rail freight, rail express, highway, or carriers by water" would be deleted and the following inserted in place thereof in the following sections: "rail freight, rail express, (rail baggage, if in present text) motor vehicle, vessel, or aircraft":

Sec 173.65(d) 173.1 (a), (b) 173.9(a) 173.116(a) 173.21(a) 173.182(b) 173.238(a) 173.26(b) 173.331 (a), (b), (c) 173.51(a)

(Z) In Part 173, the phrase "except that marking name of contents on outside container is required for shipments via carrier by water" would be deleted and the following inserted in place thereof in the following sections: "except that for shipments by water, the name of contents described in § 172.5 of this chapter

must be marked on the outside container and for shipments by air the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter must be affixed on the outside container."

Sec.	Sec.
173.118(a)	173.263(b)(2)
173.129(b)	173.272(b)
173.130(a)	173.277 (d), (d) (1)
173.147(b)	173.279(b)
173.153 (a), (b)	173.306 (a), (b), (c),
173.181(a)	(d) (2), (e) (1), (e)
173,220(b)(1)	(2)
173.226(b)	173.345(a)
173.244(a)	173.364(a)
173.261(b)	173.369(b)

(AA) In Part 173, where the phrase "rail express" appears by itself (without reference to other modes of transportation) the words "or cargo-only aircraft" would be added to that phrase, in the following sections:

Sec.	Sec.
173.119(a)(3)	173.185(b)
173.120(a)	173.186(b)
173.121(b)	173.190 (c), (e)
173.122(b)	173.196 Heading, (a)
173.126(b)	173.199(b)
173.135(a) (5)	173.200(b)
173.136 (a) (3), (a)	173.209(b)
(4)	173.210(b)
173.138(b)	173.211(b)
173.143(b)	173.213 (b)
173.159(b)	173.249(b)
173.167(b)	173.268 (i), (j)
173.169(b)	173.280(a)(5)
173.170(b)	173.306(d)(2)
173.171(b)	173.326(b)
173.172(b)	173.330(b)
173.174 (b), (d)	173.357(c)

(BB) In Part 173, after the words "and labeling requirements" insert "except for shipment by air the label described in § 172.5 of this chapter must be affixed on the outside container," in the following sections:

```
Sec
173.359(c)
                        173.377(f)
173.370 (b), (d)
```

Interested persons are invited to give their views on this proposal. Communications should identify the docket number and be submitted in duplicate to the Secretary, Hazardous Materials Regulations Board, Department of Transportation, 400 Sixth Street SW., Washington, DC 20590. Communications received on or before August 31, 1971, will be considered before final action is taken on the proposal. All comments received will be available for examination by interested persons at the Office of the Secretary, Hazardous Materials Regulations Board. both before and after the closing date for comments.

This proposal is made under the authority of sections 831-835 of title 18, United States Code, section 9 of the Department of Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1657), and title VI and section 902(h) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1421–1430 and 1472(h)).

Issued in Washington, D.C., on May 14, 1971.

W. J. BURNS. Chairman, Hazardous Materials Regulations Board. [FR Doc.71-6993 Filed 5-24-71;8:45 am]

ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

I 10 CFR Parts 20, 30, 31 1 LICENSING OF BYPRODUCT MATERIAL

Exempt Quantity of Barium 133

Set forth in this notice are proposed amendments to the Atomic Energy Commission's regulations which would, in response to a petition from Nuclear-Chicago Corp.; (1) add a listing of 10 microcuries for barium-133 to the schedule of exempt quantities of byproduct material, § 30.71, Schedule B, 10 CFR Part 30; (2) add a similar listing to Appendix C, 10 CFR Part 20; (3) revoke § 31.4 which sets forth the existing general license for small quantities of byproduct material that was extended to accommodate the petition from Nuclear-Chicago Corp.; and (4) amend § 30.18 (b), 10 CFR Part 30, to reference the new date or revocation of that general license.

On April 22, 1970, the Atomic Energy Commission published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (35 F.R. 6425) amendments to 10 CFR Parts 20, 30, 31, 32, and 35 of its regulations. The amendments, among other changes, revised Part 31 to revoke the general license in § 31.4 for certain small quantities of byproduct material, effective October 22, 1970. The notice of rule making stated, however, that if a petition for rule making for exemption of a product containing byproduct material presently being transferred as a generally licensed quantity under § 31.4 were filed prior to revocation of the general license, the Director of Regulation would consider extending the general license until such time as the petition is finally determined.

By letter dated October 15, 1970, Nuclear-Chicago Corp. petitioned the Commission to amend Part 30 to exempt the

following items:

a. Barium-133 as a sealed source containing approximately 9.5 microcuries of activity, contained within a Liquid Scintillation Counting System for the purpose of internal calibration and standardization.

b. A unit identified as a "Thyroid Phantom" containing 9.5 microcuries of barium-133 and 0.5 microcurie of cesium-137, used to educate medical students and practitioners in the identification of

thyroid maladies; and

c. An educational kit containing a 9-microcurie cesium-134 source for use in teaching the properties of radiation, principles of Geiger Muller counter operation, and interpretation of nuclear measurements. By letter dated March 19, 1971, Nuclear-Chicago Corp. withdrew this source from the petition.

Notice of filing of the petition for rule making and the extension of the general license in § 31.4 until the petition is finally determined, was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (35 F.R. 16554) on October 23, 1970.

The proposed amendment to § 30.71, Schedule B, 10 CFR Part 30, which follows, would add a listing of 10 microcuries for barium-133. Section 30.15(a) (9), 10 CFR Part 30, currently exempts from licensing controls:

Ionizing radiation measuring instruments containing, for purposes of internal calibration or standardization, a source of byproduct material not exceeding the applicable quantity set forth in § 30.71, Schedule B.

While a liquid scintillation counter is an ionizing radiation measuring instrument, barium-133 is not presently listed in § 30.71, Schedule B. Following addition of barium-133 to § 30.71, Schedule B, existing § 30.15(a) (9), 10 CFR Part 30, will provide an exemption from licensing requirements for such sources in liquid scintillation counters.

Section 32.18(c), 10 CFR Part 32, "Specific Licenses to Manufacture, Distribute, or Import Exempted and Generally Licensed Items Containing Byproduct Material," in establishing the criteria for licensing commercial suppliers of exempt

quantities, specifies that:

(C) The byproduct material is in the form of processed chemical elements, compounds, or mixtures, tissue samples, bioassay samples, counting standards, plated or encapsulated sources, or similar substances, identified as radioactive and to be used for its radioactive properties, but is not incorporated into any manufactured or assembled commodity, product, or device intended for commercial distribution; and

The Commission considers the "Thyroid Phantom" marketed by Nuclear-Chicago Corp. to be an encapsulated source which, with the inclusion of barium-133 in § 30.71, Schedule B, falls within the specification of items which may be transferred in accordance with a license issued under § 32.18, 10 CFR Part 32, to persons exempt pursuant to § 30.18, 10 CFR Part 30.

The listing of 10 microcuries for barium-133 would also be added to Appendix C, 10 CFR Part 20. The byproduct material listings in Appendix C conform to the listings in § 30.71, Schedule B, 10 CFR Part 30, and are referred to in providing exceptions from label requirements pursuant to § 20.203, 10 CFR Part 20, and in specifying quantities that may be disposed of by release into sanitary sewer systems or by burial in soil pursuant to § \$ 20.303 and 20.304, 10 CFR Part

20, respectively.

Since these actions would, when made effective, constitute determination of the petition from Nuclear-Chicago Corp., the general license for certain small quantities of byproduct material, \$31.4 and related sections, 10 CFR Part 31, would be revoked and \$30.18(b), 10 CFR Part 30, which provides exemption from licensing requirements for byproduct material received or acquired under the general license, would be amended to reference the new date of revocation of the general license.

Under the proposed amendments and the provisions of § 150.15(a) (6), 10 CFR Part 150, "Exemptions and Continued Regulatory Authority in Agreement States Under Section 274," a producer, packager, repackager, or importer who intends to distribute, on a commercial basis, quantities of byproduct material for use under the exemption, even if licensed to manufacture, process, or produce such quantities by an Agreement State, would be required to obtain a specific license from the Commission authorizing the import or commercial distribution of such quantities. To obtain a license, the applicant must meet the criteria of § 32.18, 10 CFR Part 32. Likewise, a person who intends to incorporate byproduct material into ionizing radiation measuring instruments or to import for sale or distribution such products containing byproduct material, woud be required to obtain a specific license from the Commission pursuant to § 32.14, 10 CFR Part 32

Pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and section 553 of title 5 of the United States Code, notice is hereby given that adoption of the following amendments to 10 CFR Parts 20, 30, and 31 is contemplated. All interested persons who desire to submit written comments or suggestions for consideration in connection with the proposed amendments should send them to the Secretary of the Commission, U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Washington, D.C. 20545, Attention: Chief, Public Proceedings Branch, within thirty (30) days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Comments received after that period will be considered if it is practical to do so, but assurance of consideration cannot be given except as to comments filed within the period specified. Copies of the comments on the proposed amendments may be examined at the Commission's Public Document Room at 1717 H Street NW., Washington,

PART 20—STANDARDS FOR PROTECTION AGAINST RADIATION

1. Appendix C of 10 CFR Part 20 is amended by adding a value of 10 microcuries for barium-133, to be inserted between the listings for barium-131 and barium-140 as follows:

PART 30—RULES OF GENERAL AP-PLICABILITY TO LICENSING OF BY-PRODUCT MATERIAL

2. Section 30.18(b) is amended to read as follows:

§ 30.18 Exempt quantities.

(b) Any person who possesses byproduct material received or acquired prior to (date) ³ under the general license then provided in § 31.4 of this chapter is exempt from the requirements for a license set forth in section 81 of the Act and from the regulations in Parts 30–34 of this chapter to the extent that such per-

¹ Effective revocation date of § 31.4, 10

3. Section 30.71, Schedule B, 1s amended by adding a value of 10 microcuries for barium-133, to be inserted between the current listings for barium-131 and barium-140, to read as follows:

§ 30.71 Schedule B.

.

Byproduct material Microcuries Barium-133 (Ba 133) ______ 10

PART 31-GENERAL LICENSES FOR BYPRODUCT MATERIAL

4. Sections 31.2(b), 31.4, and 31.100 of 10 CFR Part 31 are revoked.

(Sec. 81, 68 Stat. 935; 42 U.S.C. 2111; sec. 161, 68 Stat. 948; 42 U.S.C. 2201)

Dated at Germantown, Md., this 14th day of May 1971.

F. T. Hobbs,

Acting Secretary of the Commission.

[FR Doc.71-7206 Filed 5-24-71;8:45 am]

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

[5 CFR Part 900]

INTERGOVERNMENTAL PERSONNEL ACT GRANT PROGRAMS GUIDELINES

Notice of Proposed Rule Making

Notice is hereby given that under sections 202(b), 203(b), 303(b), 304(a), 305(b), and 503(c)(1) of the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970 (IPA), Public Law 91-648, 84 Stat. 1909, the Civil Service Commission proposes to issue "Guidelines for IPA Grant Programs" and a "Guide for IPA Grant Administration" containing related forms. The proposed guidelines would provide necessary information, instructions, and guidelines related to eligibility for, purposes of, application for, and administration of a financal grant under the Intergovernmental Personnel Act. Interested persons may obtain copies of the proposed Guidelines and Guide from the Bureau of Intergovernmental Personnel Programs, U.S. Civil Service Commission,

son possesses, uses, transfers, or owns such byproduct material.

Room 3A03, 1900 E. Street NW., Washington, DC 20415 (Tel. 202–632–6275), and may submit to the Bureau of Intergovernmental Personnel Programs written comments, objections, or suggestions within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGIS-TER. Written comments, objections, and suggestions submitted will be available for public inspection at the address given in this notice during the Commission's regular business hours (8:15 a.m. to 5:45 p.m., Monday through Friday).

[SEAL]

JAMES C. SPRY. Executive Assistant to the Commissioners.

[FR Doc.71-7248 Filed 5-21-71;8:50 am]

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

[45 CFR Part 1201]

For the Atomic Energy Commission. , 1976 EMISSION STANDARD FOR **OXIDES OF NITROGEN APPLICABLE** TO LIGHT DUTY VEHICLES

Notice of Proposed Rule Making

Section 202(b) of the Clean Air Act, as amended December 31, 1971 (Public Law 91-604), directs the administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to establish emission standards which require, with respect to 1975 and later model year light duty vehicles, at least a 90 percent reduction in emissions of carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons from those allowable under applicable 1970 standards and, with respect to 1976 and later model year light duty vehicles at least 90 percent reduction in emissions of oxides of nitrogen from those actually measured from 1971 model year light duty vehicles which are not subject to any Federal or State emission standard for oxides of nitrogen. The act further provides that emission standards to accomplish this reduction and the measurement techniques on which such standards are based, if such techniques were not promulgated prior to December 31, 1970, be prescribed within 180 days after such date, i.e., on or before June 29, 1971.

On February 26, 1971, the Agency proposed to amend the regulations relating to the control of air pollution from new motor vehicles and engines (45 CFR Part 1201) by setting hydrocarbon and carbon monoxide emission standards for 1975 model year light duty motor vehicles. It is now proposed to establish an oxides of nitrogen exhaust emission standard of 0.40 gram per vehicle mile for 1976 and later model year light duty vehicles and engines in accordance with

The proposed standard is based on tests of 1971 model year light duty vehicles which were not designed to meet any Federal or State emission standard for oxides of nitrogen, and represents a 90 percent reduction in emissions from an average NOx emission level of 4.0 grams per vehicle mile from such vehicles.

The test procedure proposed is the procedure in Subpart H of the regulations applicable to 1972 and later model year vehicles (35 F.R. 17288), as it would be amended by the proposed oxides of nitrogen measurement procedure (36 F.R. 3825) which utilizes the chemiluminescence method for the determination of oxides of nitrogen emissions.

45 CFR Part 1201 as amended by the proposed standards would be effective on republication and would be applicable to 1976 and subsequent model year vehicles.

Interested persons may submit written data, views, or arguments (in quadruplicate) in regard to the proposed regulations to the Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency, Attention: Air Pollution Control Office, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, MD 20852. All relevant material received not later than 21 days after the publication of this notice will be considered. The Agency finds that good cause exists for allowing public comment for a period of 21 days on the proposal, because the statutory deadline of June 29, 1971, mentioned above, makes a more extended time for comment impracticable.

This notice of proposed rule making is issued under the authority of section 202 of the Clear Air Act, as amended by section 6, Public Law 91-604; 84 Stat. 1690.

Dated: May 21, 1971.

WILLIAM D. RUCKELSHAUS, Administrator.

[FR Doc.71-7297 Filed 5-24-71;8:51 am]

Notices

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

NATIONAL GAS SURVEY EXECUTIVE ADVISORY COMMITTEE AND THE TECHNICAL ADVISORY COMMIT-TEES

> Order Designating Additional Members; Correction

> > MAY 5, 1971.

In the order designating additional members of the national gas survey executive advisory committee and the technical advisory committees, issued April 30, 1971 and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER May 8, 1971 (36 F.R. 8617), under the heading "Technical Advisory Committee—Distribution," change the position title and company name of Mr. Ralbern H. Murray to read as follows:

Deputy Vice Chairman—Ralbern H. Murray, Director Marketing, Consolidated Natural Gas Service Co., Inc.

> KENNETH F. PLUMB, Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc.71-7215 Filed 5-24-71;8:46 am]

[Docket No. RI71-836 etc.]

AUSTRAL OIL CO., INC., ET AL.

Order Providing for Hearing on and Suspension of Proposed Changes in Rates, and Allowing Rate Changes To Become Effective Subject to Refund; Correction

MAY 13, 1971.

Austral Oil Co., Inc., Agent for Oil Participations, Inc., et al., Docket No. RI71-836 et al:; Jerome P. McHugh et al., Docket No. RI69-627; Aztec Oil & Gas Co., Docket No. RI69-379.

In the order providing for hearing on and suspension of proposed changes in rates, and allowing rate changes to become effective subject to refund, issued March 19, 1971 and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER March 30, 1971 (36 F.R. 5874), appendix A, under column headed "Effective Date Unless Suspended", opposite Dockets Nos. RI69–627 and RI69–379 change "3–25–71" to "4–28–71" and "3–28–71", respectively.

KENNETH F. PLUMB, Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc.71-7216 Filed 5-24-71:8:46 am]

[Docket No. E-7602]

CENTRAL TELEPHONE & UTILITIES CORP.

Order Providing for Hearing Suspending in Part and Rejecting in Part Proposed Rate Schedule Changes, Initiating Proceedings, and Allowing Intervention

MAY 19, 1971.

On January 29, 1971, Central Telephone & Utilities Corp., Western Power Division (Central) submitted for filing, proposed rate schedule changes with the Commission, affecting 10 rural electric cooperatives and 13 municipal wholesale customers operating in Kansas. Central submitted supplemental materials to complete its filing on April 19, 1971.

The filing proposes to increase the rates charged for electric service and to change the neutral zone of the fuel adjustment clause from 17-19 cents to 24-26 cents per million B.t.u.

According to Central, based upon a test year ending June 30, 1970, the effect of the rate change would increase revenues by \$1,160,622 from the cooperatives and \$173,389 from the municipalities. The average charge per kw.-hr. would be increased from 0.89 cents kw.-hr. to 1.53 cents per kw.-hr. for cooperatives and from 1.33 cents per kw.-hr. to 1.93 cents per kw.-hr. to 1.93 cents per kw.-hr. for the municipalities.

Two petitions for intervention were filed, one by the cooperatives and one by the municipals. Notice of intervention has been filed by the State Corporation Commission of Kansas.

In addition to seeking intervention, the petition of the cooperatives also requests that Central's filing be rejected because it is an attempt to unilaterally increase rates which are fixed by contract, citing, inter alia, Sierra Pacific Power Co. v. Federal Power Commission, 223 F. 2d 605 (C.A.D.C., 1955), aff'd. sub nom. Federal Power Commission v. Sierra-Pacific Power Co., 350 U.S. 348 (1956); Mobile Gas Service Corp. v. Federal Power Commission, 215 F. 2d 883 (C.A. 3, 1954) aff'd. sub nom. United Gas Pipe Line Co. v. Mobile Gas Service Corp., 350 U.S. 332 (1956).

The cooperatives point to article III of their contracts with Central in support of their contention that the contracts do not permit unilateral rate schedule changes and, therefore, fall with the Sierra-Mobile doctrine, Article III reads as follows:

Article III. The rate to be paid by the cooperative shall be the Company's Rate Schedule 68-CWH-2, a copy of which is attached hereto and made a part thereof.

Neither the contract nor Central's Rate Schedule 68-CWH-2 make mention of methods for changing rates.

In its letter to the Commission dated March 17, 1971, Central addressed itself to this issue stating: "the rate of return being earned by the Company on its sales to its Cooperative customers is so low, both on an absolute basis and in relation to the Company's other operations, as to bring this filing within the exceptions to what would otherwise be the rule that a contract cannot be changed unilaterally, as set forth by the United States Supreme Court in Sierra Pacific Power Co., 350 U.S. 348, that is, that it so low that—

"It might impair the financial ability of the public utility to continue its service, cast upon other customers an excessive burden or be unduly discriminatory. (350 U.S. at 355)"

Central then argues that the Commission has jurisdiction to proceed under section 205 of the Federal Power Act but if it rules otherwise, the Commission should treat Central's application as a complaint and proceed under section 206 of the Act.

The Municipals also urge rejection of filing upon the grounds that Central's "individual contracts with its customers preclude it from seeking a unilateral rate increase", citing the Sierra case. However, unlike the Cooperatives, all the Municipal contracts contain the paragraph:

The rate schedule above referred to constitutes the present legal rate of company for the class of service contracted for and is subject to change by order of the legally contsituted ratemaking body having jurisdiction over the Company's rates.

By way of comparison, in United Gas Pipeline Co. v. Memphis Light, Gas and Water Division, 358 U.S. 103 (1958), the Supreme Court was called upon to decide whether the following contractual provision allowed unilateral rate increase filings:

All gas delivered hereunder shall be paid for by buyer under seller's rate schedule * *, or any effective superseding rate schedules, on file with the Federal Power Commission. This agreement in all respects shall be subject to the applicable provisions of such rate schedules and to the general terms and conditions attached thereto and filed with the Federal Power Commission which are by reference made a part hereof. 358 U.S. at 105.

Although Memphis had claimed that the Mobile case prevented United from unilaterally changing the terms of its service agreements, the Court distinguished Mobile on the ground that the aforementioned language reserved United's right to file rate changes in accordance with procedures specified in section 4(d) of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. sec. 717c(d)).

The question presented, then, is whether the language authorizing unilateral rate change in the Memphis contract is sufficiently similar to the language in the municipal contracts in this case to justify findings based on legal precedent that unilateral rate changes are authorized.

Analysis of the pertinent language in the Municipal contracts would lead to the conclusion that unilateral rate filings are permitted. The contract clearly states that "It]he rate schedule * * * is subject to change." The only limitation

¹Valley Electric Cooperative Association, Inc.; The C.M.S. Electric Cooperative Association, Inc.; The C&W Rural Electric Cooperative Association, Inc.; Jewell-Mitchell Cooperative Electric Co. Inc.; N.C.K. Electric Cooperative, Inc.; Ninnescah Rural Electric Cooperative Assn., Inc.; Norton-Decatur Cooperative Electric Co., Inc.; The Smoky Hill Electric Cooperative Assn., Inc.; Sumner-Crowley Electric Cooperative, Inc.; and Victory Electric Cooperative Assn., Inc.

²The citles of Cawker, Cimarron, Coats, Glasco, Glen Elder, Holyrood, Isabel, Jamestown, Lucas, Luray, Mankato, Montezuma, and Tipton, Kans, to such change is that it must be "by order of the legally constituted ratemaking body having jurisdiction over the Company's rates." Since the Commission is "the legally constituted ratemaking body having jurisdiction over the Company's rates" and can change rates "by order", (sec. 205 Federal Power Act; 49 Stat. 851; 16 U.S.C. 824d), the limitation on the words "filhe rate schedule * * * is subject to change" does not apply in the instant case. Therefore, the municipal contracts do allow unilateral rate changes. We believe the language in the two contracts is sufficiently similar to warrant answering the question in the affirmative.

Conversely, we reject the filing as it pertains to the intervening cooperatives for the purposes of initiating a proceeding under section 205 of the Act because the cooperative contracts and their accompanying rate schedules do not contain language from which it might reasonably be inferred that the parties contemplated rate changes on a unilateral basis. However, that portion of the proposed rate increase filing applicable to the cooperatives will be treated as a complaint under section 206 of the Act, and Central will be permitted to present such evidence as it deems necessary to support its claim that the Sierra doctrine should be applied with respect to its rates and charges to the cooperatives.

Review of the rate filing proposing to increase rates and charges to the municipal customers indicates that issues are raised which require development in evidentiary proceedings. Those issues include, but are not limited to, the claimed rate of return of 8.76 percent, rate base and the adjustments thereto by Central, the proposed adjustment for wages, fuel cost, and property taxes.

The Commission further finds:

(1) Participation by the petitioners for intervention in this proceeding may

be in the public interest.

- (2) Central's filing should be accepted as validly initiating a proceeding under section 205 of the Federal Power Act, but only with regard to the municipal customers mentioned in Central's filing.
- (3) The proposed increased rates and charges as it pertains to municipal customers referred to in Central's filing may be unjust, unreasonable, unduly discriminatory, or preferential, or otherwise unlawful under the Federal Power Act.
- (4) Central's filing should be rejected as initiating a proceeding under section 205 of the Federal Power Act with respect to Central's cooperative customers because the contracts between Central and the cooperatives do not contain language from which it might be reasonably inferred that the parties contemplated rate changes on a unilateral basis.
- (5) Central should be permitted to present its evidence under section 206 of the Federal Power Act, to support its claim, the Sierra doctrine should be applied with respect to its rates and charges to the cooperatives.

The Commission orders:

- (A) The petitioners for intervention are hereby permitted to intervene in this proceeding subject to the rules and regulations of the Commission: Provided, however, That participation of the intervener shall be limited to the matters affecting asserted rights and interests specifically set forth in the petition to intervene: And provided, further, That admission of the intervener shall not be construed as recognition by the Commission that intervener may be aggrieved by any order entered in this proceeding.
- (B) Central's filing is accepted as validly initiating a proceeding under section 205 of the Federal Power Act, but only to the extent that such filing affects the municipal customers mentioned therein. Pending a hearing and decision thereon, this portion of the filing is hereby suspended and the use thereof deferred until October 19, 1971. Increased rates and charges found by the Commission in this proceeding to be unjustifled shall be refunded and shall bear interest at the rate of 51/2 per annum from the date of payment to Central until refunded. Central shall bear all costs of refunding; shall keep accurate accounts in detail of all amounts received by reason of the increased rates and charges effective at the termination of the suspension period; and shall file with the Commission a monthly written report for each billing period in duplicate and under oath such report shall set forth: (1) The billing determinants of electric power and energy sold and delivered to the municipal customers during the billing period; (2) the revenues resulting from such sale and delivery computed under Central's present rate schedule and under its proposed rate schedule and shall show the differences in the revenues so computed.
- (C) Central's proposed changes in rates and charges under section 205 of the Federal Power Act to the 10 cooperative customers referred to above hereby are rejected.
- (D) In addition to the requirements of section 205 of the Act, Central shall also have the burden of proving that its present rates, charges, or classifications under its contracts with the cooperatives are so low that it might impair the financial ability of the public utility to continue its service, cast upon other customers an excessive burden, or be unduly discriminatory.
- (E) Central shall file its case in chief with the Commission no later than June 1, 1971. Staff will serve its direct case no later than September 1, 1971. Intervenors will serve their direct cases no later than September 15, 1971. Central's rebuttal evidence shall be served no later than October 1, 1971. A hearing shall be held at the offices of the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C., for the purposes of cross examination of all evidence on October 19, 1971. A prehearing conference shall be held on August 15, 1971. Modification of the schedule set forth in this paragraph may only be granted upon good cause shown to the Presiding Examiner.

(F) A Presiding Examiner to be designated by the Chief Examiner (see Delegation of Authority 18 CFR 3.5(d)), shall preside at the hearing in this proceeding; shall prescribe relevant procedural matters not herein provided, and shall control this proceeding in accordance with the policies expressed in § 2.59 of the Commission's rules.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

KENNETH F. PLUMB, Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc.71-7211 Filed 5-24-71;8:46 am]

[Docket No. RP71-102]

GREAT LAKES GAS TRANSMISSION CO.

Order Providing for Hearing, Suspending Proposed Revised Tariff Sheets, Providing Hearing Procedures, and Permitting Interventions

MAY 19, 1971.

Great Lakes Gas Transmission Co. (Great Lakes) on April 16, 1971, tendered for filing in Docket No. RP71-102 22 revised tariff sheets proposing changes in its FPC Gas Tariff, Original Volumes Nos. 1 and 2 all to become effective on June 1, 1971. The revised tariff sheets provide for an increase in annual jurisdictional revenues of \$9,647,370 based upon sales volumes for the 12month period ended December 31, 1970. as adjusted. The proposed tariff changes would be applicable to Great Lakes' Rate Schedules CQ-1, CQ-2, CQ-3, AOS-1 and G-3 in Volume No. 1, and T-4 in Volume No. 2; and Great Lakes present rate structure would be changed by the addition of third rate zone.

Great Lakes claims that its present rates, approved in Docket No. RP70-31, are not fully compensatory and do not provide the interest coverage necessary for long-term financing. Great Lakes states that the proposed rates will permit it to recoup its total cost of service, including a minimum reasonable rate of return.

The proposed rates are designed to produce a rate of return of 9.92 percent and an equity allowance of 15 percent, and are expected to generate revenues sufficient to enable the company to refinance its present short-term debt financing with long-term debt.

Great Lakes requests that the Commission waive the requirements of § 154.63(b)(3) of its regulations to permit the filing of Statement P material

¹ The proposed revised tariff sheets are as follows: 4th Revised Sheet No. 1, 2d Revised Sheet No. 3, 3d Revised Sheet No. 4, 1st Revised Sheets No. 6-A and No. 6-B, Original Sheets No. 6-D, No. 6-E, and No. 6-F; 3d Revised Sheet No. 7, 2d Revised Sheet No. 8, 1st Revised Sheets No. 8-F, No. 8-G, No. 8-H, and No. 8-I; 2d Revised Sheet No. 21, 1st Revised Sheets No. 26-G and No. 26-I, and 4th Revised Sheet No. 27 of Original Volume No. 1; and 4th Revised Sheet No. 3 and 3, and 4th Revised Sheets Nos. 3 and 53, and 4th Revised Sheet No. 69 of Original Volume No. 2.

by May 14, 1971, 15 days prior to the proposed effective date of the tariff sheets.

Review of the rate filings indicates that issues are raised which require development in evidentiary proceedings. The proposed increased rates and charges have not been shown to be justified and may be unjust, unreasonable, unduly discriminatory, or preferential, or otherwise unlawful.

Petitions to intervene were timely filed by Consumers Gas Co., the United States through the Administrator of General Services, Michigan Consolidated Gas Co., Michigan Wisconsin Pipe Line Co., Natural Gas Pipeline Co., Northern and Central Gas Corp., Ltd., St. Lawrence Gas Co., Trans-Canada Pipe Lines Ltd., and Union Gas Company of Canada, Ltd. Notices of intervention were also filed by the Michigan Public Service Commission and the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin.

The Commission finds:

(1) It is necessary and proper in the public interest and to aid in the enforcement of the provisions of the Natural Gas Act that the Commission enter upon a hearing concerning the lawfulness of the rates and charges contained in Great Lakes' FPC gas tariff, as proposed to be amended herein, and that the proposed tariff sheets listed in footnote 1 above be suspended, and the use thereof be deferred as herein provided.

(2) It is necessary and proper in the public interest and to aid in the enforcement of the provisions of the Natural Gas Act that the disposition of this proceeding be expedited in accordance with the procedures set forth below.

(3) The participation of the above named petitioners may be in the public interest.

The Commission orders:

(A) Pursuant to the authority of the Natural Gas Act, particularly sections 4 and 5 thereof, the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR Ch. I) a public hearing shall be held, commencing with a prehearing conference on June 22, 1971, at 10 a.m., e.d.s.t., as provided herein, reconvening for hearing on October 5, 1971, at 10 a.m., e.d.s.t., in a hearing room of the Federal Power Commission, 441 G Street, Washington, D.C. 20426, concerning the lawfulness of the rates, charges, classifications, and services contained in Great Lakes' FPC Gas tariff as proposed to be revised herein.

(B) Pending such hearing and decision thereon, Great Lakes' revised tariff sheets listed in footnote 1 above, are suspended, and the use thereof deferred until November 1, 1971, and until such further time as they are made effective in the manner prescribed by the Natural Gas Act.

(C) Section 154.63(b) (3) of the Commission's regulations under the Natural Gas Act is hereby waived to that extent necessary to permit Great Lakes to file Statement P on or before May 14, 1971.

(D) At the prehearing conference on June 22, 1971, Great Lakes' prepared testimony (Statement P), together with its entire rate filing as submitted and served on April 16, 1971, shall be admitted to the record as Great Lakes' complete case-in-chief as provided by § 154.63(e)(1) of the Commission's regulations under the Natural Gas Act, and Order No. 254, 28 FPC 495, subject to appropriate motions, if any, by parties to the proceeding. All parties will be expected to come to the conference fully prepared to effectuate the provisions of §§ 1.18 and 2.59 of the Commission's rules of practice and procedures, including a useful disscussion of all problems involved in the proceeding, both procedural and substantive, and fully authorized to make commitments with respect thereto.

(E) On or before August 16, 1971, the Commission Staff shall serve its prepared testimony and exhibits. The prepared testimony and exhibits of any and all intervenors shall be served on or before August 26, 1971. Any rebuttal evidence by Great Lakes shall be served on or before September 15, 1971. Hearing will commence with a prehearing conference on June 22, 1971, reconvening on October 5, 1971, for hearing, as provided above. The Presiding Examiner, upon a showing of good cause, may grant such extensions of time as he deems appropriate.

(F) A Presiding Examiner to be designated by the Chief Examiner for that purpose (see Delegation of Authority, 18 CFR 3.5(d)), shall preside at the hearing in this proceeding; shall prescribe relevant procedural matters not herein provided, and shall control this proceeding in accordance with the policies expressed in § 2.59 of the Commission's rules of

practice and procedure.

(G) The above-named petitioners are hereby permitted to intervene in this proceeding, subject to the rules and regulations of the Commission: Provided, however, That the participation of such intervenors shall be limited to matters affecting the rights and interests specifically set forth in the respective petitions to intervene: And provided, further, That the admission of such intervenors shall not be construed as recognition that they or any of them might be aggrieved because of any order or orders issued by the Commission in this proceeding.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

KENNETH F. PLUMB, Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc.71-7212 Filed 5-24-71;8:46 am]

[Dockets Nos. E-7512, E-7514]

ASSOCIATION ET AL.

Order Denying Motions To Dismiss, Prescribing Hearing, Consolidating Proceedings, and Requiring Amendment of Complaints

MAY 19, 1971.

Illinois Municipal Utilities Association v, Illinois Power Co., Central Illinois Public Service Co., and Union Electric Co., Docket No. E-7512; Municipalities of Peru, et al. v. Illinois Power Co., Central Illinois Public Service Co., and Union Electric Co., Docket No. E-7514.

On November 19, 1969, the Illinois Municipal Utilities Association (IMUA) ¹ filed a complaint with this Commission (Docket No. E-7512) requesting us to issue an order requiring either Central Illinois Public Service Co. (CIPS) and Illinois Public Service Co. (CIPS) and Illinois Power Co. (IP), or these companies and Union Electric Co. (Union), ² to sell and exchange electric power with certain Illinois municipalities on the same terms as set forth in an Interconnection Agreement of November 1, 1969, between the Pool members and the Tennessee Valley Authority.

In its complaint IMUA alleges that IP and CIPS intend to prevent the municipalities from sharing in any benefits flowing from the Pool-TVA contract, contrary to the policy of the Antitrust Laws and sections 10 and 11 of the Tennessee Valley Act (16 U.S.C. 831i, 831j). Accordingly, IMUA petitions the Commission to order either IP and CIPS or the Pool members to sell and exchange power with the municipalities on the same terms as povided by the TVA-Pool contract.

Subsequently, on December 5, 1969, the municipalities 3 (Peru et al.) not yet connected with one of the respondent public utilities filed a complaint requesting an order directing either that the Pool members interconnect with them on the same terms as obtain within the pool, or that IP and CIPS interconnect with them on the same terms extended to other investor-owned systems, and that, pending determination of these requests, emergency interconnections be ordered for Freeburg, Highland, and Sullivan under section 202(c). This complaint (Docket No. E-7514) was directed against the Pool members, or in the alternative, against IP and CIPS separately.

In that complaint, Peru et al., allege that for reasons of system reliability, emergency and economy service, etc., it is necessary for interconnections to be established, which should be on the same terms as extended by the companies to other electric systems. Referring, inter alia, to section 10(h) of the Federal Power Act, the municipalities also assert that failure by IP and CIPS to make interconnections available on reasonable terms would violate the antitrust laws.

Together constituting the Illinois-Mis-

souri Pool (Pool).

³ Breese, Bushnell, Carlyle, Freeburg, Mascutah, Highland, Peru, Princeton, Red Bud, Sullivan, and Waterloo.

IMUA filed its complaint as representative of a group of municipal utilities directly or indirectly connected with IP or CIPS, or contemplating establishment of such interconnections. Those municipalities are Cairo, Casey, Flora, Metropolis, Newton, Mound City, Bethany, and Greenup (all connected with CIPS); Oglesby, Ogden, and Ladd (connected with IP); Springfield and Jackson-ville (indirectly connected with CIPS and IP through the facilities of Central Illinois Light Co.); and another group of cities intending to file with this Commission a joint application for interconnection.

As to each complaint, respondents filed answers and motions to dismiss. In their motions, respondents assert, among other things, that the Complainant's failure to include two required exhibits in their complaints necessitates their dismissal, Section 32.2 of the Commission's regulations calls for a statement of estimated annual cost of proposed interconnections and a map showing the service area of each utility involved, the location of the facilities concerned, and an indication of the point where interconnection may be most economically established. The complaints conform to the regulations in all other respects. Rather than dismissing them and awaiting the filing of amended pleadings, which will delay the resolution of these matters, we will require the Complainants to correct those two deficiencies prior to the date set for the prehearing conference. Other contentions advanced in the motions do not warrant dismissal at this time.

The Complainants subsequently respond to those pleadings.

We are advised that a number of conferences were held over a period of some months in an effort to resolve the parties' differences.* The question of emergency interconnections for Freeburg, Highland, and Sullivan was disposed of by agreement, but as to the other issues the conferences have apparently failed to produce agreement. We are therefore required to act upon the requests contained in the complaints.

A review of the complaints, answers, and responses reflect that numerous factual and legal issues have been raised which require an evidentiary hearing record to resolve. Accordingly, we will order a public hearing to be held on the issues raised in those pleadings and will deny respondent's motions to dismiss the complaints without prejudice to their right to renew those motions at the conclusion of the hearing. Further, the proceedings in Dockets Nos. E-7512 and E-7514 contain common questions of law and fact and, consequently, should be consolidated for purposes of hearing and decision

The Commission further finds: It is necessary and appropriate for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of the Federal Power Act, and particularly but not in limitation of the foregoing, sections 10, 202(b), 205, and 206, that a public hearing be held conserning the interconnection and/or exchange of power sought by Complainants, that the Motions to Dismiss filed by respondents be denied without prejudice to their renewal at the conclusion of the hearing, and that the proceedings in Dockets Nos. E-7512 and E-7514 be consolidated for purposes of hearing and decision.

The Commission orders:

(A) A public hearing shall be held concerning the proposed interconnection referred to in the finding above, and the issues raised by the above-mentioned pleadings in Dockets Nos. E-7512 and E-7514. This hearing shall be held in a hearing room of the Federal Power Commission, 441 G Street NW., Washington, DC, at a time to be specified by the Presiding Examiner following the prehearing conference herein-after directed.

(B) A prehearing conference shall be held before the Presiding Examiner commencing at 10 a.m., e.d.t., June 22, 1971, in a hearing room of the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. for purposes as specified in the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

(C) Complainants shall, before the date prescribed in ordering paragraph (B) for the prehearing conference, file with the Commission and serve upon all parties, as an attachment to their complaints, Exhibits A and B required by § 32.2 (18 CFR 32.2) of the Commission's regulations under the Federal Power Act.

(D) The respondents motions to dismiss are hereby denied without prejudice to their renewal at the conclusion of the hearing.

(E) The proceedings in Dockets Nos. E-7512 and E-7514 are hereby consolidated for purposes of hearing and decision.

(F) Notices of intervention or petitions to intervene in this proceeding may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, on or before June 18, 1971, in accordance with the Commission's rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.37).

By the Commission.

[SEAL] KENNETH F. PLUMB, Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc.71-7213 Filed 5-24-71;8:46 am]

[Docket No. CS71-302 etc.]

SCHIMMEL OIL CO. ET AL.

Notice of Applications for "Small Producer" Certificates 1

May 13, 1971.

Take notice that each of the applicants listed herein has filed an application pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act and § 157.40 of the regulations thereunder for a "small producer" certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the sale for resale and delivery of natural gas in interstate commerce, all as more fully set forth in the applications which are on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said applications should on or before June 10, 1971, file with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, petitions to intervene or protests in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered

by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Persons wishing to become parties to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file petitions to intervene in accordance with the Commission's rules.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on all applications in which no petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein if the Commission on its own review of the matter believes that a grant of the certificates is required for the public convenience and necessity. Where a petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or where the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicants to appear or be represented at the hearing.

KENNETH F. PLUMB, Acting Secretary.

Auto-		
	Date	
Docket No.	filed	Name of applicant
CO21 000		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE
CS71-302	4-15-71	Schimmel Oll Co., D-304
		Petroleum Center, San
CS71-303	4-16-71	Antonio, TX 78209.
CO11-000	4-10-11	N. H. Wheless (Operator) et al.,
		Shrayanart T & 71100
CS71-304	4-16-71	Post Office Box 1746, Shreveport, LA 71102. Bodcaw Co., 1300 Mercantile
State (assessed		Dallas Bldg., Dallas, TX
		75201.
CS71-305	4-15-71	Wheless Industries, Inc.,
		Post Office Box 1746.
Appendix to the same		Shrayanort T.A. 71102
CS71-306	4-15-71	Stewart R. Jenkins, Jr., Post Office Box 5086, Shreveport,
		Office Box 5086, Shreveport,
COM ACK		LA 71105.
CS71-307	4-16-71	LA 71105. Resler and Sheldon, 314
		Carper Bldg., Artesia, NM
CS71-308	4-16-71	88210.
US11-000	4-10-11	Charm Oil Co., 314 Carper
CS71-309	4-16-71	Bldg., Artesia, NM 88210. W. C. Pickens, 800 Preston
CANA OUNTALLE	A-AU-EL	Bank Bldg., Dallas, TX
		75225.
CS71-310	4-16-71	Pool & Hooper Oil Properties,
- Contract of the Contract of	2000000	Post Office Box 1476,
		Victoria, TX 77901.
CS71-311	4-13-71	Fred Roberts, 511 North
		Akard, Room 1200A, Dallas,
		Akard, Room 1200A, Dallas, TX 75201.
CS71-312	4-16-71	Ethyle Moorhead, Post Office
Telegraph Control	Target and	Box 296, Liberal, KS 67901. H. H. Phillips, Jr., 319 Milam
CS71-313	4-16-71	H. H. Phillips, Jr., 319 Milam
		Bldg., San Antonio, TX
CHONG OVE	4 40 74	78205.
CS71-314	4-16-71	The Gray Wolfe Co., 2004
		Bank of the Southwest
CS71-315	4-16-71	Bldg., Houston, TX 77002. Petroleum Reserve Corp.,
COLL OWNERS	2 40 14	Post Office Box 906, Still-
		mortoe CVE 7A07A
CS71-316	4-16-71	Milton F. Shaffer (Operator) et al., Post Office Box 1451,
	The state of the s	et al., Post Office Box 1451.
		Amarillo, TX 79105.
CS71-317	4-16-71	Amarillo, TX 79105. George H. Coates, 1610 Milam
		Bldg., San Antonio, TX
COME DIO	1	78205.
CS71-318	4-15-71	The Dow Chemical Co., Post
		Office Box 22468, Houston,
CS71-319	4-19-71	TX 77027
C911-910	4-19-71	Louisiana Ronk Blds
and the same		John D. Caruthers, Jr., 505 Louisiana Bank Bldg., Shreveport, LA 71161.
CS71-320	4-19-71	Fred Wilson Drilling Co., Inc.,
		Post Office Box 22 Shreve-
		port, LA 71102.
CS71-321	4-19-71	port, LA 71102. Triple S Oil Co., Post Office Box 1757, Shreveport, LA
		Box 1757, Shreveport, LA
		71102.
See footnot	a at and	of table
See mounor	e at citt	or tabic,

See footnote at end of table.

By letter of Apr. 21, 1971, Complainants advised that no further benefit could be expected from these conferences, and requested that the Commission act upon the complaints.

¹This notice does not provide for consolidation for hearing of the several matters covered herein.

NOTICES 9474

Docket No:	Date	Name of applicant	Docket No.	Date filed	Name of applicant
CS71-322	4-19-71	Cotton Petroleum Co., 2121 South Columbia, Tulsa,	CS71-356	4-20-71	946 Milam Bldg., San
CS71-323	4-19-71	OK 74114. Cal-Ray Petroleum Corp., Liberty Bank Bldg.,	C871-357	4-21-71	Antonio, TX 78205. Paul K. Lefforge and E. H. Klein, Post Office Box 2508,
CS71-324	4-19-71	Oklahoma City, OK 73102, W. H. Smith Construction Co., Box 219, Wilson, OK	C871-358	4-21-71	Amarillo, TX 79105. Consolidated Gas & Equipment Co. of America, 507
CS71-325	4-19-71	73463. R. C. Harris et al., 221 Hall Bldg Beeville, TX 78102.	C871-359	4-21-71	Amarillo Petroleum Bldg., Amarillo, TX 79101. Roberts & Whitson Petroleum,
CS71-326		Bidg., Beeville, TX 78102. Don R. Nichols, Box 1665, Midiand, TX 79701. H. D. Akin, Box 1271, Mid-	CS71-360	4-21-71	103, Houston, TX 77006.
CS71-328	4-19-71	H. D. Akin, Box 1271, Mid- land, TX 79701. R. E. Throckmorton, Jr., Post Office Box 1271, Mid-			Alamo Petroleum Co., 4411
CS71-329	4-19-71	Post Office Box 1271, Mid- land, TX 79701. T. A. McCarty, Post Office Box 1271, Midland, TX	CS71-362	4-21-71	First National Bank Bidg., Dallas, TX 75202. Robert P. Wilson et al.,
CS71-330		79701. E. H. Thalman, Post Office Box 1591, Midland, TX	CS71-363	4-21-71	National Bank of Tulsa Bldg., Tulsa, OK 74103. T. B. Wilson, 179 Bossier
C871-331		79701. McMoran Exploration Co., 1012 Pere Marquette Bldg.,	CS71-364	4-21-71	71010. Edwin M. Jones Oil Co., 304
C871-332	4-19-71	New Orleans, LA 70112. Robert B. Stallworth, Jr., d.b.a. Dominion Oil & Gas			Milam Bldg., San Antomo,
MO POR		Co. and/or Stallworth Oil & Gas, 407 West Missouri Ave.,	C871-365	4-21-71	TX 78206. Guy I. Warren, Post Office Drawer 2507, Corpus Christi, TX 78403. Morgan Petroleum Co., 1600 Liberty Bank Bldg., Olyshoma City, OK 73102.
CS71-333	4-19-71	Midland, TX 79701. Chandler-Simpson, Inc., et al., 1401 Denver Club Bidg.,		4 01 71	Logica and Patterson, 628
CS71-334	4-19-71	Denver, CO 80202. W. K. Byrom, Post Office Box 147, Hobbs, NM 88240.	CS71-367		Meadows Bldg., Dallas, TX 75206. Hines & Hobbs, Post Office
CS71-335	4-19-71	1306 V & J Tower, Midland, TX 79701.	CS71-368	3-22-71	Box 1698, Pampa, 1A
CS71-336		Dr. Robert Mack Caruthers, 430 Forest Circle, Ruston,	CS71-369	3-22-71	R. J. Bean, Post Office Box 1698, Pampa, TX 79065. F. N. Hills Production, Post
CS71-337	4-19-71	LA 71270. Veva O. Caruthers, 129 East Lister St.,			Office Box 1008, 1 ampai, 12
CS71-338	4-19-71	Inc. (Operator), et al.,	CS71-371	Service Land	Johnny E. Hines., Post et al Office Box 1698, Pampa, TX 79065. Johnny E. Hines, Post Office
CS71-339	4-14-71	505 Louisiana Bank Bldg., Shreveport, LA 71101. Floyd M. Hodge, 3404 Gilbert,	CS71-373	3-24-71	Archer & Smith, Post Office
CS71-340		Shreveport, LA 71104. Burlington Bank & Trust Co.	CS71-374		79065.
		Burlington, Iowa, Trustee Under the Will of H. E. Trovillo (Operator), 16th Floor, 125 North Market, Post Office Box 907,	C871-375		82, Midland, TX 79701. Helmly & Prather Oil Corp., 518 Petroleum Bidg.,
CS71-341	4-19-71	Wichita, KS 67201. Mills Bennett Estate, 2001	CS71-376		Amarillo, TX 79101. Triangle J Oil Co., 580 Mo-
CS71-342	4-19-71	Southern National Bank Bldg., Houston, TX 77002. Robert E. King, 935 Thora	CS71-377		al., 607 Hamilton Bldg.,
CS71-343	4-12-71	Blvd., Shreveport, LA 71106. Singer-Fleischaker Oll Co.	CS71-378,	4-22-71	J. S. Abercrombie Mineral Co., Inc., 818 18th St. NW., Suite 1020, Washington, DC
		et al., Post Office Box 663, 1501 North Classen, Okla- homa City, OK 73106. Southwestern Exploration	CS71-379	4-22-71	20006. Perry E. Larson, 1201 Mercan
CS71-344	4-19-71	Consultants, Inc., and Hanus J. Weinmann, 404	C871-380	4-22-71	TX 75201.
CS71-345	4-19-71	Local Federal Bldg., Okla- homa City, OK 73102. James D. Heldt, 1300 Mer-	CS71-381	4-22-71	Antonio, TX 18200.
CS71-346		cantile Dallas Bldg., Dallas, TX 75201.	CS71-382	4-22-71	C. O. Hardey, Operator, L. I
		1300 Mercantile Dallas Bldg., Dallas, TX 75201.	CS71-383	4-23-71	Shreveport, LA 71102.
		Evko Development Co., 742 35th Ave., San Francisco, CA 94121.			Houston, TX 77002.
CS71-349	4-20-71	L. B. Nichols, Jr., Post Office Box 671, Borger, TX 79007. GHK Corp., 1010 Kermac	CS71-384	4-23-71	L. Allbritton and Diane L.
CS71-350		Bldg., Oklahoma City, OK 73102.	CS71-385	4-23-71	Allbritton, Post Office Box 7425, Shreveport, LA 71107. Arroyo Resources, Inc., 1818
C871-351		et al., 1401 Denver Club Bldg., Denver, CO 80202. Voor Mac Trust, Post Office	CS71-386	4-23-71	Corpus Christi, TX 78401.
CS71-352		OK 73118.	CS71-387	4-23-71	St., Liberal, KS 67901. First National Oil, Inc., 23 East 11th St., Liberal, KS
		National Bidg., Wichita, KS 67202.	CS71-388	4-23-71	67901. George P. Caulkins, Jr., 315
CS71-353	4-13-71	Rutledge H. Deas, Jr., Post Office Box 52093, Lafayette, LA 70501.	CS71-389	4-23-71	Majestic Bldg., Denver, CC 80202. Beneficial Oil Co., 831 22d St.
CS71-354	4-20-71		C871-390		Ogden, UT 84401.
CS71-355	4-20-71	Oakland Corp., Post Office Box 5152, Shreveport, LA	C871-391	4-23-71	Falls, TX 76307. Jet Oil Co., 3343 John Han-
	te at en	71105, d of table,			cock Center, Chicago, IL 60611.

Docket No.	Date	Name of applicant
CS71-392	4-26-71	Lechner & Hubbard, 1303 Kirby Bldg., Dallas, TX 75201.
CS71-393	4-26-71	W. J. Coppinger, 925 Sutton Place, Wichita, KS 67202.
C871-394	4-26-71	Anchor Production Co., Atlas Life Bldg., Tulsa, OK 74128.
CS71-395	4-26-71	Robert M. Wynne, 301 Mid- land National Bank Bldg., Midland, TX 79701.
CS71-396	4-26-71	Horace M. (H. M.) Holder, 1300 Beck Bldg., Shreve- port, LA 71101.
C871-397	4-26-71	W. P. Carr, 6700 Forest Lane, Dallas, TX 75230.
CS71-398	4-26-71	E. R. Campbell, Post Office Box 1750, Shreveport, LA 71102.
CS71-399	4-26-71	Wilmar Oil, Inc., Post Office Box 474, Mattoon, IL 61938.

1 As amended Apr. 26, 1971.

[FR Doc. 71-7096 Filed 5-24-71;8:45 am]

[Docket No. RP71-107]

NORTHERN NATURAL GAS CO. Notice of Extension of Time

MAY 21, 1971.

On May 18, 1971, Erie Mining Co. and Eveleth Taconite Co. filed a request for an extention of time within which to file petitions to intervene in the abovedesignated proceeding.

Upon consideration, notice is hereby given that the time is extended to and including May 25, 1971, within which protests or petitions to intervene may be filed in the above-designated matter. The notice of application issued May 3, 1971, is amended accordingly.

KENNETH F. PLUMB, Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc.71-7320 Filed 5-24-71;8:51 am1

[Docket No. CP71-268]

UNITED GAS PIPE LINE CO. Notice of Application

MAY 19, 1971.

Take notice that on May 7, 1971, United Gas Pipe Line Co. (applicant), 1500 Southwest Tower, Houston, TX 77002, filed in Docket No. CP71-268 an application pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the operation of existing facili-ties and the exchange of natural gas with United Gas, Inc. (United), all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission

and open to public inspection.

Specifically, applicant proposes to exchange up to 3,500 Mcf of natural gas daily with United. Applicant states that it will deliver this quantity of natural gas to United at Diboll, Angelina County, Tex., and that United will deliver equivalent volumes of natural gas to appli-cant at Marshall, Harrison County, Tex. The application states that this exchange of natural gas will afford each company a high degree of flexibility in their re-

spective system operations.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should on or before June 7, 1971, file with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, a peNOTICES

tition to intervene or a protest in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (18 CFR 157.10). All protests filed with the Commission will be considered by it in determining the appropriate action to be taken but will not serve to make the protestants parties to the proceeding. Any person wishing to become a party to a proceeding or to participate as a party in any hearing therein must file a petition to intervene in accordance with the Commission's rules.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on this application if no petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required. further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

> KENNETH F. PLUMB, Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc.71-7214 Filed 5-24-71;8:46 am]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service
EVERGLADES NATIONAL PARK

Notice of Intention To Negotiate Concession Contract

Pursuant to the provisions of section 5, of the Act of October 9, 1965 (79 Stat. 969; 16 U.S.C. 20); public notice is hereby given that thirty (30) days after the date of publication of this notice, the Department of the Interior, through the Director of the National Park Service, proposes to negotiate a concession contract with Sammy Hamilton, Jr., authorizing him to provide sightseeing boat tours for the public at Everglades National Park, Fla., for a period of 10 years from January 1, 1972, through December 31, 1981.

The foregoing concessioner has performed his obligations under the expiring contract to the satisfaction of the National Park Service, and therefore, pursuant to the Act cited above, is entitled to be given preference in the renewal of the contract and in the negotiation of a new contract. However, under the Act cited above, the Secretary is also required to consider and evaluate all proposals received as a result of this notice. Any proposal to be considered and evaluate.

ated must be submitted within thirty (30) days after the publication date of this notice.

Interested parties should contact the Chief, Office of Concessions Management, National Park Service, Washington, D.C. 20240, for information as to the requirements of the proposed contract.

Dated: May 13, 1971.

EDWARD A. HUMMEL, Acting Director, National Park Service.

[FR Doc.71-7204 Filed 5-24-71;8:45 am]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Office of the Secretary
OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

Notice of Decision on Application for Duty-Free Entry of Scientific Article

The following is a decision on an application for duty-free entry of a scientific article pursuant to section 6(c) of the Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials Importation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-651, 80 Stat. 897) and the regulations issued thereunder as amended (34 F.R., 15787 et seq.).

A copy of the record pertaining to this decision is available for public review during ordinary business hours of the Department of Commerce, at the Office of Import Programs, Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C.

Docket No. 71-00320-33-46040. Applicant: The Ohio State University Department of Microbial and Cell Biology, 190 North Oval Drive, Columbus, OH 43210. Article: Electron microscope, Model EM 300, Manufacturer: Philips Electronic NVD. The Netherlands.

Intended use of article: The article will be used to study the ultrastructural relationships of microorganisms and the microenvironment. Research concerns the effects of certain chlorinated hydrocarbon pesticides on biochemically active cell fractions and on virus ultrastructure; and an investigation of the characteristics and distribution of colloidal microparticulates in Lake Erie.

Comments: No comments have been received with respect to this application.

Decision: Application approved. No instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value to the foreign article, for such purposes as this article is intended to be used, is being manufactured in the United States.

Reasons: The foreign article has a specified resolving capability of 3.5 angstroms. The most closely comparable domestic instrument is the Model EMU-4B electron microscope which was formerly manufactured by the Radio Corp. of America and which is presently being supplied by the Forgfio Corp. The Model EMU-4B has a specified resolving capability of 5 angstroms. (The lower the numerical rating in terms of angstrom units, the better the resolving capability.) We are advised by the De-

partment of Health, Education, and Welfare in its memorandum dated March 26, 1971, that the additional resolving capability of the foreign article is pertinent to the purposes for which the foreign article is intended to be used. We therefore find that the Model EMU-4B is not of equivalent scientific value to the foreign article for such purposes as article is intended to be used.

9475

The Department of Commerce knows of no other instrument or apparatus of equivalent scientific value to the foreign article, for such purposes as this article is intended to be used, which is being manufactured in the United States.

SETH M. BODNER, Director, Office of Import Programs. [FR Doc.71-7239 Filed 5-24-71;8:48 am]

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Food and Drug Administration

ABSORBABLE DUSTING POWDER

Drugs for Human Use; Drug Efficacy
Study Implementation

The Food and Drug Administration has evaluated a report received from the National Academy of Sciences-National Research Council, Drug Efficacy Study Group, on the following drug for use as a glove dusting powder:

Bio-Sorb; nonpeptizable homogeneous mixture of amylose and amylopectine derived from cornstarch with 2 percent magnesium oxide, marketed by Ethicon, Inc., Division of Johnson and Johnson, U.S. Highway 22, Somerville, New Jersey 08876 (NDA 6-264).

Such drugs and similar drugs are regarded as new drugs (21 U.S.C. 321(p)). Supplemental new drug applications are required to revise the labeling in and to update previously approved applications providing for such drugs. A new drug application is required from any person marketing such drug without approval.

- A. Effectiveness classification. The Food and Drug Administration has considered the Academy report, as well as other available evidence, and concludes that a nonpeptizable homogeneous mixture of amylose and amylopectine derived from cornstarch with 2 percent magnesium oxide is effective for use as a biologically absorbable glove powder.
- B. Conditions for approval and marketing. The Food and Drug Administration is prepared to approve abbreviated new drug applications and abbreviated supplements to previously approved new drug applications under conditions described herein.
- 1. Form of drug. The drug is in sterile powder form suitable for dusting of surgical gloves.
- 2. Labeling conditions. a. The label and other labeling bear the statements:

(1) "Caution: Powder should be removed from the gloves after donning by wiping gloves thoroughly with a sterile wet sponge, sterile wet towel, or other effective method."

(2) "Surgical gloves treated with this powder are required to be labeled with the statement: 'Caution: After donning, remove powder by wiping gloves thoroughly with a sterile wet sponge, sterile wet towel, or other effective method.'

b. The package labeling includes appropriate material which is recommended for display at the point of use and is designed to convey the above cautions to users of the drug or gloves

treated with the drug.

c. The drug is labeled to comply with all requirements of the Act and regulations. Its labeling bears adequate information for safe and effective use of the drug. The recommended use of the drug as stated on the label and in any other labeling is as follows:

A biologically absorbable glove powder.

3. Marketing status. Marketing of such drugs may be continued under the conditions described in the notice entitled "Conditions for Marketing New Drugs Evaluated in Drug Efficacy Study" published in the FEDERAL REGISTER July 14, 1970 (35 F.R. 11273), as follows: a. For holders of "deemed approved"

new drug applications (i.e., an application which became effective on the basis of safety prior to October 10, 1962), the submission of a supplement for revised labeling and an abbreviated supplement for updating information as described in paragraph (a)(1) (i) and (iii) of the notice of July 14, 1970.

b. For any person who does not hold an approved or effective new drug application, the submission of an abbreviated new drug application as described in paragraph (a) (3) (i) of that notice.

c. For any distributor of the drug, the use of labeling in accord with this announcement for any such drug shipped within the jurisdiction of the Act as described in paragraph (b) of that notice.

A copy of the NAS-NRC report has been furnished to the firm referred to above. Any other interested person may obtain a copy by request to the Food and Drug Administration, Press Relations Office (CE-200), 200 C Street SW., Washington, D.C. 20204.

Communications forwarded in response to this announcement should be identified with the reference number DESI 6264, directed to the attention of the appropriate office listed below and addressed to the Food and Drug Administration, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20852:

Supplements (identify with NDA number); Office of Scientific Evaluation (BD-100), Bureau of Drugs.

Original abbreviated new drug applications (identify as such): Drug Efficacy Study Implementation Project Office (BD-5), Bureau of Drugs.

All other communications regarding this announcement: Drug Efficacy Study Implementation Project Office (BD-5), (BD-5), Bureau of Drugs.

This notice is issued pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (secs. 502, 505, 52 Stat. 1050-53 as amended; 21 U.S.C. 352, 355) and under the authority delegated to the Commissioner of Food and Drugs (21 CFR 2.120).

Dated: May 10, 1971.

SAM D. FINE, Associate Commissioner for Compliance.

(FR Doc.71-7218 Filed 5-24-71:8:46 am)

[Docket No. FDC-D-156; NADA No. 9-528V]

DR. MAYFIELD LABORATORIES

Dr. Mayfield 3WC; Notice of Withdrawal of Approval of New Animal Drug Application

A notice of opportunity for a hearing was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of January 17, 1970 (35 F.R. 638), proposing to withdraw approval of NADA (new animal drug application) No. 9-528V for Dr. Mayfield 3WC (a drug containing diammonium arsenate) which is recommended for use in removing large roundworms from broiler chickens.

Dr. Mayfield Laboratories, 1209 South Main Street, Charles City, Iowa 50616, holder of NADA No. 9-528V for the drug Dr. Mayfield 3WC requested a hearing. However, a well-organized and fullfactual analysis of the clinical and other investigational data was not presented to support the request. Therefore, the Commissioner of Food and Drugs finds that there is no genuine and substantial issue of fact which precludes the withdrawal of approval of the application. The hearing request is therefore denied.

No other responses to the notice of opportunity for a hearing were received.

The Commissioner finds on the basis of new information before him with respect to said drug, evaluated together with the evidence available to him when the application was approved, that there is a lack of substantial evidence that the drug will have the effect it purports or is represented to have under the conditions of use prescribed, recommended, or suggested in its labeling.

Based on the grounds set forth, the Commissioner concludes that approval of said new animal drug application should be withdrawn. Therefore, pursuant to provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (sec. 512(e), 82 Stat. 345-47; 21 U.S.C. 360b(e)) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner (21 CFR 2.120), approval of NADA No. 9-528V including all amendments and supplements thereto, is hereby withdrawn effective on the date of signature of this document.

Dated: May 6, 1971.

SAM D. FINE, Associate Commissioner for Compliance.

[FR Doc.71-7222 Filed 5-24-71;8:47 am]

[Docket No. FDC-D-223; NADA No. 8-748V etc.]

DR. MAYFIELD LABORATORIES ET AL.

Hog Wormer; Notice of Withdrawal of Approval of New Animal Drug Applications

A notice of opportunity for a hearing was published in the Federal Register of September 9, 1970 (35 F.R. 14227). proposing to withdraw approval of new animal drug applications covering drugs containing copper aceto-arsenite, antimonyl potassium tartrate, and phenothiazine recommended for use in removing large roundworms (Ascaris) and nodular worms (Oesophagostomum) from swine.

Dr. Mayfield Laboratories, 1209 South Main Street, Charles City, Iowa 50616, holder of NADA (new animal drug application) No. 8-748V for the drug Dr. Mayfield Hog Wormer, requested a hearing. However, a well-organized and fullfactual analysis of the clinical and other investigational data was not presented to support the request. Therefore, the Commissioner of Food and Drugs finds that there is no genuine and substantial issue of fact which precludes the withdrawal of approval of the application. The hearing requested is therefore denied.

King Castle, Inc., Post Office Box 189. Marion, Iowa 52302 (formerly The Corn King Co.), holder of NADA No. 9-040V for the drug Hog Wormer, advised the Commissioner of Food and Drugs that they do not wish to avail themselves of the opportunity for a hearing. No other response to the notice of opportunity for a hearing was received.

The Commissioner finds on the basis of new information before him with respect to said drugs, evaluated together with the evidence available to him when the applications were approved, that there is a lack of substantial evidence that the drugs will have the effect they purport or are represented to have under the conditions of use prescribed, recommended, or suggested in their labeling.

Based on the grounds set forth, the Commissioner concludes that approval of said new animal drug applications should be withdrawn. Therefore, pursuant to provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 512(e), 82 Stat. 345-47; 21 U.S.C. 360b(e)) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner (21 CFR 2.120), approval of NADA No. 8-748V and NADA No. 9-040V, including all amendments and supplements thereto, is hereby withdrawn effective on the date of signature of this document.

Dated: May 6, 1971.

SAM D. FINE, Associate Commissioner for Compliance.

[FR Doc.71-7221 Filed 5-24-71;8:46 am]

[Docket No. FDC-D-166; NADA No. 8-839V etc.]

E. I. DU PONT DE NEMOURS & CO., INC., ET AL.

Sodium Propionate; Notice of Withdrawal of Approval of New Animal Drug Applications

A notice of opportunity for a hearing proposing to withdraw approval of the following NADA's (new animal drug applications) for drugs containing sodium propionate as the designated active ingredient was published in the Federal Register of February 18, 1971 (36 F.R. 3147):

1. Impedex; NADA No. 8-839V; E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Inc., Wilmington, Del. 19898;

2. Keenate; NADA No. 9-114V; Anchor Serum Co., Division of Philips Roxane, Inc., 2621 North Belt Highway, St. Joseph, Mo. 64502; and

3. Whit Pro; NADA No. 9-117V; Whitmoyer Laboratories, Inc., Myerstown, Pa. 17067.

The holders of the above new animal drug applications did not file a written appearance of election to avail themselves of the opportunity for a hearing. The failure of such persons to file a written appearance of election within 30 days following the date of publication of said notice is construed as an election not to avail themselves of an opportunity for a hearing.

On the basis of the grounds set forth in said notice and the response to said notice, the Commissioner of Food and Drugs concludes that approval of the listed new animal drug applications should be withdrawn.

Therefore, pursuant to provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 512, 82 Stat. 343-51; 21 U.S.C. 360b) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner (21 CFR 2.120), approval of NADA No. 8-839V, NADA No. 9-114V, and NADA No. 9-117V and all amendments and supplements thereto is hereby withdrawn effective on the date of signature of this document.

Dated: May 5, 1971.

SAM D. FINE, Associate Commissioner for Compliance,

[FR Doc. 71-7220 Filed 5-24-71;8:46 am]

[Docket No. FDC-D-152; NADA 6-601V etc.]

PAUL'S PRODUCTS CO. ET AL.

Sulfamerazine; Notice of Withdrawal of Approval of New Animal Drug Applications

A notice of opportunity for a hearing proposing to withdraw approval of new animal drug application No. 6-601V for the drug Sulfamarex was published in the Federal Register of January 17, 1970 (35 F.R. 639).

Paul's Products Co., Post Office Box 546, Mankato, Minn. 56001, holder of new animal drug application (NADA No. 6-601V) covering the drug Sulfamarex

did not file a written appearance of election regarding whether they wished to avail themselves of the opportunity for a hearing within the 30-day period provided for in said notice, nor did any other interested person. This is construed as an election by Paul's Products Co., and any other possibly interested person, not to avail themselves of the opportunity for a hearing.

The new animal drugs listed below are similar in composition and labeling to the above-cited drug product. The holders of the new animal drug applications for these drugs did not furnish data for review by the Academy as requested in a notice published in the Federal Register of July 9, 1966 (31 F.R. 9426). Therefore, the findings of the Academy and of the Administration with regard to the drug Sulfamarex apply equally to the following drugs:

1. Dr. Hess Poultry Sulfa; NADA No. 6-478V; contains sulfamerazine 25 percent; by Hess & Clark, Inc., Seventh and Orange Streets, Ashland, Ohio 44805.

2. Lee's Sulfamerazine; NADA No. 6-450V; contains sodium sulfamerazine 13 percent; by George H. Lee Co., 115 Harney Street, Omaha, Nebr. 68102.

3. Soluble Veta-Merazine; sodium sulfamerazine U.S.P.; NADA No. 6-324V; by American Cyanamid Co., Post Office Box 400, Princeton, N.J. 08540.

4. Sodium Sulfa Merazine and Sulfa Merazine; contains sodium sulfamerazine and sulfamerazine; NADA No. 5-875V; by Merck Sharp & Dohme Research Laboratories, Division of Merck & Co., Inc., Rahway, N.J. 07065.

Based on the grounds set forth in said notice of opportunity for hearing and the response to said notice, the Commissioner of Food and Drugs concludes that approval of said new animal drug applications should be withdrawn. Therefore, pursuant to provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 512(e), 82 Stat. 345–47; 21 U.S.C. 360b(e)) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner (21 CFR 2.120), approval of NADA No. 6–601V, NADA No. 6–324V, NADA No. 5–875V, including all amendments and supplements thereto is hereby withdrawn effective on the date of signature of this document.

Dated: May 7, 1971.

SAM D. FINE, Associate Commissioner, for Compliance.

[FR Doc.71-7223 Filed 5-24-71;8:47 am]

[Docket No. FDC-80]

PARMESAN CHEESE (REGGIANO CHEESE) IDENTITY STANDARD

Notice of Hearing Regarding Reduction of Minimum Curing Time

In the matter of amending the standard of identity for parmesan cheese (§ 19.595) to reduce the minimum curing time required from 14 months to 10 months:

A notice of proposed rule making in the above-identified matter was published in the Federal Register of April 24, 1970 (35 F.R. 6595), based upon a petition filed by Tolibia Cheese, Inc., 919 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois 60611. An order rejecting the proposed amendment was published January 23, 1971 (36 F.R. 1153), to become effective in 60 days unless stayed by objection. Tolibia Cheese, Inc., an adversely affected person, filed an objection to this order and requested a public hearing upon the objection. Notice of this objection and the stay of the subject order was published April 21, 1971 (36 F.R. 7535).

Pursuant to provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Secs. 401, 701, 52 Stat. 1046, 1055, as amended 70 Stat. 919, 72 Stat. 948; 21 U.S.C. 341, 371) and under authority delegated to the Commissioner (21 CFR 2.120) notice is now given that a public hearing will be held for the purpose of receiving evidence relevant and material to the issue of whether reducing the minimum curing time required by the standard of identity for parmesan cheese (§ 19.595) from 14 months to 10 months is reasonable and will promote honesty and fair dealing in the interest of consumers.

The hearing will begin at 10 a.m. on June 28, 1971, in Room 4A-31, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland. Any interested person may attend the hearing and present evidence. A prehearing conference for the exchange of documentary evidence, scheduling of witnesses, and such other matters as may aid in disposition of the hearing will be held in Room 4A-31, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland, beginning at 10 a.m. on June 21, 1971. Under the provisions of 21 CFR 2.71, Mr. William E. Brennan is hereby designated as presiding officer to conduct the hearing in accordance with the provisions of 21 CFR 2.48-2.104. All those intending to participate in the hearing shall submit a written notice of appearance, according to 21 CFR 2.60, on or before June 9, 1971. Notices of appearance should be addressed to William E. Brennan, Hearing Examiner, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Room 5B-46, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Rockville, Maryland 20852.

Dated: May 14, 1971.

Sam D. Fine, Associate Commissioner for Compliance.

[FR Doc.71-7219 Filed 5-24-71;8:46 am]

Public Health Service

HEALTH SERVICES AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

Delegation of Authority Regarding Implementation of Emergency Health Personnel Act

The Emergency Health Personnel Act of 1970, Public Law 91-623, amends the Public Health Service Act to add a new section 329 to part C, title III, to provide for the assignment of commissioned offi-

cers and other health personnel of the Public Health Service to communities and other areas with critical health manpower shortages to provide health care and services for persons living in such areas.

The Act requires implementation by "an identifiable administrative unit of the Public Health Service."

On March 14, 1971, the Secretary delegated to the Assistant Secretary for Health and Scientific Affairs the authority to administer this law, and the Assistant Secretary on April 5, 1971, wrote a memorandum from which the following is excerpted:

The Secretary has delegated to the ASHSA authority for implementation of the EHPS. I am hereby delegating this authority to the Administrator, HSMHA

Following receipt of this delegation the HSMHA Administrator issued the following document:

HEALTH SERVICES AND MENTAL HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

I hereby delegate to the Director, Community Health Service the functions under section 329 of the Public Health Service Act, as amended by Public Law 91-623, the Emergency Health Personnel Act of 1970, relating to the authority to assign commissioned officers and other health personnel of the Public Health Service to communities and areas with critical health manpower shortages for the provision of health care and services and to make other necessary commitments.

VERNON E. WILSON, M.D., Administrator.

APRIL 27, 1971.

The HSMHA Administrator has approved the establishment of "an identifiable administrative unit" as part of the Community Health Service, as follows:

Health Service Corps (3P2106). (1) Establishes the guidelines for the utilization of Emergency Health Personnel Act assignees; (2) recruits and selects commissioned officers and other personnel for assignment to the areas designated; (3) determines, with advice from the Regional Offices, which communities or areas may receive assistance; (4) assigns health personnel to practice in areas designated as having a critical health manpower shortage; and (5) coordinates with Federal agencies, such as Department of Justice, Selective Service, and Treasury, with State and local governments, and with nongovernmental agencies and organizations, as necessary.

> VERNON E. WILSON, Administrator.

MAY 14, 1971.

[FR Doc.71-7273 Filed 5-24-71;8:50 am] -

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Office of the Secretary HIAWATHA NATIONAL FOREST

Transfer of Certain Lands

In compliance with section 8 of the Act of October 15, 1966, Public Law 89-668,

notice is hereby given that pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture, the following lands are hereby transferred from the administrative jurisdiction of the Forest Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, to the administrative jurisdiction of the National Park Service, U.S. Department of the Interior.

Those certain lands now administered as a part of the Hiawatha National Forest situated, lying, and being in Tps. 47 and 48 N., R. 18 W., of the Michigan Meridian, Alger County, Mich., and being more particularly described as follows:

T. 47 N., R. 18 W., ec. 2, NW1/4NE1/4, W1/2SE1/4SW1/4, SE1/4 NW1/4, and lot 2 except for 1 acre in its

southwest corner; Sec. 4, an 0.66-acre tract of public domain reserved by Proclamation No. 2318 of January 3, 1939;

Sec. 10, N½ NE½; Sec. 16, S½ NE½; Sec. 29, NW¼SW¼NW¼, NW¼NW¼. T. 48 N., R. 18 W.,

Sec. 36, lots 1 and 2, and SE1/4 NW 1/4.

The areas described aggregate 455.69

Effective date. This notice shall become effective on the date of its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5-25-71)

MAY 20, 1971.

CLIFFORD M. HARDIN, Secretary of Agriculture.

[FR Doc.71-7268 Filed 5-24-71;8:50 am]

ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50-385]

MITSUBISHI INTERNATIONAL CORP.

Notice of Application for and Proposed Issuance of Facility Export License

Please take notice that Mitsubishi International Corp., New York, N.Y., has submitted to the Atomic Energy Commission (Commission) an application dated January 25, 1971, as amended, for a license to authorize the export of a 2,440 megawatt thermal, pressurized water reactor to the Kansai Electric Power Co., Osaka, Japan.

Subject to confirmation that the proposed reactor export is within the scope of and consistent with the terms of the Agreement for Cooperation Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Japan, the Commission has found that:

(a) The application complies with the requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and the Commission's regulations set forth in Title 10, Chapter I, Code of Federal Regulations, and

(b) The reactor proposed to be exported is a utilization facility as defined in said Act and regulations.

In its review of applications solely to authorize the export of production or utilization facilities, the Commission does not evaluate the health and safety

characteristics of the facility to be exported.

Unless within 15 days after the publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REG-ISTER, a request for a hearing is filed with the Commission by the applicant, or a petition for leave to intervene is filed by any person whose interest may be affected by the proceeding, the Director of Regulation will upon such confirmation as noted above cause to be issued to the Mitsubishi International Corp., a facility export license and cause to be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER a notice of issuance of the license. If a request for a hearing or a petition for leave to intervene is filed within the time prescribed in the notice, the Commission will issue a notice of hearing or an appropriate order.

A copy of the application, dated January 25, 1971, as amended, is on file in the Commission's Public Document Room located at 1717 H Street NW., Washington,

Dated at Bethesda, Md., this 6th day of May 1971.

For the Atomic Energy Commission.

EBER R. PRICE. Director, Division of State and Licensee Relations.

[FR Doc.71-7237 Filed 5-24-71;8:48 am]

[Docket No. 50-301]

WISCONSIN ELECTRIC POWER CO. AND WISCONSIN MICHIGAN POWER CO.

Notice of Availability of Detailed Statement on Environmental Considerations

Pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and the Atomic Energy Commission's regulations in Appendix D to 10 CFR Part 50, notice is hereby given that a document entitled "Detailed Statement on the Environmental Considerations by the Division of Radiological and Environmental Protection, U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Related to the Proposed Issuance of an Operating License to the Wisconsin Electric Power Co. and the Wisconsin Michigan Power Co. for the Point Beach Nuclear Plant, Unit No. 2" is being placed in the following locations where it will be available for inspection by members of the public: The Commission's Public Document Room, 1717 H Street NW., Washington, DC; and at the Manitowoc Public Library, 808 Hamilton Street, Manitowoc, WI 54220, Mrs. Barbara F. Kelly, Librarian. Single copies of the statement may be obtained by writing the Director, Division of Reactor Licensing, U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Washington, D.C. 20545

Dated at Bethesda, Md., this 11th day of May 1971.

For the Atomic Energy Commission.

PETER A. MORRIS, Director, Division of Reactor Licensing. [FR Doc.71-7207 Filed 5-24-71;8:45 am]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket No. 22307]

AMERICAN FLYERS AIRLINE CORP.

Notice of Further Postponement of Hearing

American Flyers Airline Corp., Charter Consultants, Inc., Fred Meyrow, individually, Group Travel Associates, Inc., Howard J. McConnell, individually, enforcement proceeding.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended, that hearing in the above-entitled proceeding, now assigned to be held on May 20, 1971, at 10 a.m., e.d.s.t., in Room 503, Universal Building, 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, DC, before Examiner William F. Cusick, is postponed until June 8, 1971, at 10 a.m., in Room 503, Universal Building.

Dated at Washington, D.C., May 20, 1971.

[SEAL]

WILLIAM F. CUSICK, Hearing Examiner.

[FR Doc. 71-7257 Filed 5-24-71;8:49 am]

[Docket No. 23021]

CHINA AIRLINES

Notice of Prehearing Conference and Hearing Regarding Charter Service Application

Notice is hereby given that a prehearing conference in the above-entitled application is assigned to be held on June 2, 1971, at 10 a.m., e.d.s.t., in Room 205, Universal Building, 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, DC, before Examiner Robert M. Johnson.

Notice is also given that the hearing may be held immediately following conclusion of the prehearing conference unless a person objects or shows reason for postponement before May 28, 1971.

Dated at Washington, D.C., May 20, 1971.

[SEAL]

RALPH L. WISER, Associate Chief Examiner.

[FR Doc.71-7258 Filed 5-24-71;8:50 am]

[Docket No. 23140]

PASSENGER FARES CHARGED BY DOMESTIC TRUNKLINE AND LOCAL SERVICE CARRIERS

Notice of Prehearing Conference

Reasonableness of passenger fares charged by domestic trunkline and local service carriers from October 1, 1969, through October 14, 1970.

Notice is hereby given that a prehearing conference in the above-entitled matter is assigned to be held on July 29, 1971, at 10 a.m., e.d.s.t., in Room 1027, Universal Building, 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, DC, before Examiner Ross I. Newmann.

In order to facilitate the conduct of the conference parties are instructed to submit to the examiner and other parties (1) proposed statements of issues; (2) proposed stipulations; (3) requests for information; (4) statement of positions of parties; and (5) proposed procedural dates. The Bureau of Economics will circulate its material on or before July 8, 1971, and the other parties on or before July 19, 1971. The submissions of the other parties shall be limited to points on which they differ with the Bureau of Economics.

Dated at Washington, D.C., May 20, 1971.

[SEAL]

RALPH L. WISER, Associate Chief Examiner.

[FR Doc.71-7259 Filed 5-24-71;8:50 am]

[Docket No. 23080]

PRIORITY AND NONPRIORITY DO-MESTIC SERVICE MAIL RATES IN-VESTIGATION

Notice of Prehearing Conference

Notice is hereby given that a prehearing conference in the above-entitled matter is assigned to be held on July 1, 1971, at 10 a.m., e.d.s.t., in Room 726, Universal Building, 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, DC, before Examiner Harry H. Schneider.

In order to facilitate the conduct of the conference, parties are instructed to submit to the examiner and other parties (1) proposed statements of issues; (2) proposed stipulations; (3) requests for information; (4) statement of positions of parties; and (5) proposed procedural dates. The Bureau of Economics will circulate its material on or before June 15, 1971, and the other parties on or before June 22, 1971. The submissions of the other parties shall be limited to points on which they differ with the Bureau of Economics.

Dated at Washington, D.C., May 20, 1971.

[SEAL]

RALPH L. WISER, Associate Chief Examiner.

[FR Doc.71-7256 Filed 5-24-71;8:49 am]

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Notice of Grant of Authority To Make Noncareer Executive Assignment

Under authority of § 9.20 of Civil Service Rule IX (5 CFR 9.20), the Civil Service Commission authorizes the Environmental Protection Agency to fill by noncareer executive assignment in the excepted service the position of Associate General Counsel, Office of Standards, Enforcement and General Counsel.

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] JAMES C. SPRY,
Executive Assistant to
the Commissioners.

[FR Doc.71-7250 Filed 5-24-71;8:49 am]

MEDICAL RADIOLOGY TECHNICIAN SERIES, LOS ANGELES-LONG BEACH, CALIF.

Notice of Establishmet of Minimum Rates and Rate Ranges

Under the authority of 5 U.S.C. 5303 and Executive Order 11073, the Civil Service Commission has established special minimum salary rates as follows:

GS-647 MEDICAL RADIOLOGY TECHNICIAN SERIES

Geographic coverage: Los Angeles-Long Beach, Calif., Standard Metropolitan Stratistical Area (includes all of Los Angeles County).

Effective date: First day of the first pay period beginning on or after May 30, 1971.

PER ANNUM RATES

Grade	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
G8-4	7, 862 8, 243	\$7,858 8,093 8,501 9,154	\$8, 065 8, 324 8, 759 9, 440		8, 786 9, 275	9, 017 9, 533	9, 248 9, 791	9,479	9,710	\$9, 514 9, 941 10, 565 11, 442

All new employees in the specified occupational level will be hired at the new minimum rates.

As of the effective date, all agencies will process a pay adjustment to increase the pay of employees on the rolls in the affected occupational levels. An employee who immediately prior to the effective date was receiving basic compensation at one of the statutory rates shall receive basic compensation at the corresponding numbered rate authorized by this notice on or after such date. The pay adjustment will not be considered

an equivalent increase within the meaning of 5 U.S.C. 5335.

Under the provisions of section 3-2b, Chapter 571, FPM, agencies may pay the travel and transportation expenses to first post of duty under 5 U.S.C. 5723 of new appointees to positions cited.

UNITE STATES CIVIL SERV-ICE COMMISSION,

[SEAL]

JAMES C. SPRY, Executive Assistant to the Commissioners.

[FR Doc.71-7249 Filed 5-24-71;8:49 am]

DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

COMPREHENSIVE PLAN Notice of Public Hearing

Notice is hereby given that the Delaware River Basin Commission will hold a public hearing on Thursday, May 27, 1971. The hearing will take place in the South Auditorium of the ASTM Building, 1916 Race Street in Philadelphia, beginning at 2 p.m. The hearing will be on proposals to amend the Comprehensive Plan so as to include the following projects.

1. Dublin Water Co. A well water supply project to augment public supplies in the company's service area in Upper Dublin Township, Montgomery County, Pa. Designated as Well No. 4, the new facility is expected to yield 340,000 gal-

lons per day.

2. Bucks County Commissioners. countywide sewage plan for Bucks County, Pa. The plan includes collection systems and treatment plants, both existing and proposed, to serve municipalities.

3. Northampton-Bucks County Municipal Authority. A well water supply project to develop new public water supplies in Northampton Township, Bucks County, Pa. Designated as Wells No. 6A, and No. 6B, the new facilities are expected to yield a total of 410,000 gallons

4. Springfield Township. Abandonment of a portion of an existing sewer and force main, by the extension of an existing interceptor which serves Springfield and White Marsh Townships, Montgomery County, Pa. The 27-inch interceptor will extend along Wissahickon Creek and will convey sewage to the City of Philadelphia Southwest Treatment Plant.

5. Village of Hobart. A sewage treatment plant and improved collection system for the village of Hobart, Delaware County, N.Y. The treatment plant is designed to remove in excess of 95 percent of BOD, from an average flow of 75,000 gallons per day. Treated effluent will be discharged to the West Branch Delaware

River.

6. City of Vineland. A well water supply project to augment public water supplies in the city of Vineland, Cumberland County, N.J. Designated as Wells No. 11 and No. 12, the two new facilities will be limited to 1.4 and 2.4 million

gallons per day respectively.

7. Delaware Department of Highways. A dredging project sponsored by the Delaware Department of Highways to dredge 5 million cubic yards of borrow from the Delaware River between Penns Grove and Oldmans Point in New Castle County, Del., for use in construction of a portion of Interstate Route 495 across Cherry Island in Wilmington, Del.

8. Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. A project to reconstruct Chain Dam on the Lehigh River near the Borough of Glendon, Northampton County, Pa., sponsored by the Department of Environmental Resources. The concrete gravity dam will restore a 5-mile lake intended for recreational use.

9. Levy Court of Kent County. A sewage collection and treatment project by the Levy Court of Kent County, Del. Designated as Phase II of the Comprehensive Sewage Works Project, the new facility will provide in excess of 90 percent removal of BODs. The treatment plant will be located northeast of Frederica, and treated effluent will discharge to the Murderkill River.

10. Township of Mount Olive. A well water supply project to augment public water supplies in the township of Mount Olive, Morris County, N.J. Two new wells will be utilized and the total diversion from groundwaters will be limited to 250,000 gallons per day during any

Documents relating to the above items may be examined at the Commission's offices. All persons wishing to testify are requested to register in advance with the Secretary of the Commission (Telephone (609) 883-9500).

> W. BRINTON WHITALL, Secretary.

MAY 14, 1971.

[FR Doc.71-7254 Filed 5-24-71;8:49 am]

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

UNDERGROUND MINING OF URANIUM ORE

Radiation Protection Guidance for Federal Agencies

The President's Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1970 transferred to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) the functions of the former Federal Radiation Council (FRC) which was established under Executive Order 10831 and Public Law 86-373. These functions include recommending radiation protection guidance for Federal agencies.

In a memorandum to the President published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on December 18, 1970, the FRC recommended that annual exposure levels of miners to radon daughters in underground uranium mines should be no more than 4 WLM,1 effective as of July 1, 1971. This memorandum also recommended that the FRC consider additional information to determine whether or not to modify this recommendation. The additional information has been considered and the Administrator of EPA has concluded that this recommendation should not be modified.

Public comment on this matter is invited.

BACKGROUND

The FRC, noting an increase in the 1960s in lung cancer among underground uranium miners in the United States associated with the inhalation of radioactive materials, undertook a study of the problem, resulting in issuance of Report No. 8, "Guidance for the Control of Radiation Hazards in Uranium Mining", in September 1967.

The FRC submitted three memorandums to the President on this subject. and the recommendations contained in the memorandums were approved by the President. In the first memorandum, approved by the President and published in the Federal Register on August 1, 1967, 32 F.R. 1183, the FRC initially considered exposure guidance of 36, 12 and 4 WLM per year. It concluded that the best balance between risks to the miners and control capability was a limit of 12 WLM per year based on the information available at that time on epidemiological studies, animal experiments, miner exposure records, health considerations, mining practices and costs thereof, and applicable research and development results.

The second memorandum, approved by the President and published in the FED-ERAL REGISTER on January 15, 1969, 34 F.R. 576, includes, among others, the following five recommendations:

1. Occupational exposure to radon daughters in underground uranium mines be controlled so that no individual miner will receive an exposure of more than 6 WLM in any consecutive 3-month period and no more than 12 WLM in any consecutive 12-month period. Actual exposures should be kept as far below these values as practicable.

4. As a policy measure of prudence the agencies having responsibility for regulating the uranium mining industry be advised that the Federal Radiation Council recommends an annual exposure level of 4 WLM

as of January 1, 1971.

5. Prior to this date, the Council will consider all pertinent information including epidemiological data, miner exposure records, health considerations, mining practices and costs thereof, and applicable research and development results, to determine whether or not to modify this recommendation.

6. The uranium mining industry is urged to continue efforts to progressively lower exposure levels in the mines so that the anticipated 4 WLM standard can be attained by January 1, 1971.

7. To assist the Council in its periodic review of modifications.

review of radiation protection in uranium mines an interagency group will be estab-lished with representation from agencies of the Council. This group will keep all relevant information and developments under continuing surveillance and make reports to the Council in advance of its periodic

Pursuant to recommendation No. 7, an interagency group was established. This group was known as the Interagency Uranium Mining Radiation Review Group (IUMRRG) and consisted of representatives from the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, the Department of Agriculture, the Department of the Interior, the Department of Labor,

^{1 &}quot;WLM" is Working Level Months, a term commonly used to express a miner's calculated exposure to radon daughter products found in the mine air. This is derived from the Working Level (WL), a unit which is defined as any combinaton of short-lived radon daughters in one liter of air that will result in the ultimate emission of 1.3×10^5 MeV of potential alpha energy.

the Department of Commerce, the Department of Defense, and the Atomic Energy Commission. The Surgeon General, U.S. Public Health Service, was ap-

pointed Chairman.

The third memorandum, approved by the President and published on December 18, 1970, 35 F.R. 9218, stated that IUMRRG required additional time to complete its review and recommended that the effective date be postponed from January 1, 1971 to July 1, 1971.

CONCLUSIONS

Following a review and analysis of the information referenced below, the Administrator has reached the following conclusions:

a. The major areas of consideration in connection with determining radiation protection guidance for uranium miners are:

(1) Protection of the health of uranium miners.

(2) Technical feasibility of achieving various levels of exposure.

(3) Economic impact of achieving

various levels of exposure.

b. The primary objective of EPA guidance for underground uranium mining standards is to protect miners from radiation induced lung cancer. Although the magnitude of risk attributable to radiation exposures incident to uranium mining is still in dispute among the partipicants in the IUMRRG review, it is concluded that radiation exposure is the major identified factor causally related to an increased lung cancer risk. Thus, the major principle on which EPA guidance is based is the reduction of the radiation exposure to uranium miners to the lowest practicable level.

c. A standard of 4 WLM per year is

technically feasible.

d. A standard of 4 WLM per year would not have a severe impact on the underground uranium mining community, provided additional time is allowed for compliance in certain instances.

e. A standard greater than 4 WLM per year probably would result in dosages exceeding those permitted for other occupational radiation exposure situations.

f. The risk of lung cancer appears to be enhanced by cigarette smoking in combination with the inhalation of radioactive materials; therefore, smoking by underground uranium miners should continue to be discouraged.

DECISIONS

In light of the conclusions noted above, the Administrator does not find a basis for modifying the guidance approved by the President that an annual exposure level of 4 WLM be effective as of July 1, 1971.

The authority which EPA derived from the former FRC is limited to recommending guidance for Federal agencies. Other agencies are responsible for setting and enforcing standards. It is for these agencies to consider what provision it is appropriate to make, in enforcement of standards, for those cases where immediate enforcement of a 4 WLM per year standard would cause excessive financial loss which would compel the

closing of mines resulting in substantial loss of employment for miners. It is the Administrator's concern that, if variances are granted for specific mines by the appropriate regulatory agencies, such mines be brought into compliance with the 4 WLM per year guidance at the earliest possible time.

In this connection it should be noted that the recommendation of 4 WLM per year was approved by the President and published in the Federal Register on January 15, 1969, to be effective January 1, 1971. (The effective date was later extended to July 1, 1971.) Thus, industry has been aware of the impending 4 WLM per year limit for $2\frac{1}{2}$ years.

The Administrator strongly urges that epidemiological and related experimental studies and research on better radiation control procedures and methods continue to be actively and vigorously pursued by both the industry and Federal agencies.

AVAILABILITY OF REPORTS TO PUBLIC

The foregoing conclusions and decisions were based on information and reports prepared by the IUMRRG, subgroups of the IUMRRG, and a report of the National Academy of Sciences-National Research Council (NAS-NRC). These reports are available to the public at EPA Headquarters and the 10 EPA Regional Offices at the addresses noted at the end of this notice.

For the convenience of the public, the following reports and summaries are set

forth below:

(1) The IUMRRG report by the Chairman of the IUMRRG.

(2) Summaries of the subgroup

(3) The conclusions of the NAS-NRC report.

TUMREG REPORT

The final report of the IUMRRG was in the form of a letter dated April 26, 1971, from the Chairman of the IUMRRG, the Surgeon General, U.S. Public Health Service. This letter is set forth below:

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20201

SURGEON GENERAL OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Hon. William D. Ruckelshaus, Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.G. 20460.

April 26, 1971.

DEAR MR. RUCKELSHAUS: In accordance with the recent exchange of correspondence between you and Secretary Richardson concerning the efforts of the Interagency Uranium Mining Radiation Review Group which I chair, I am enclosing final reports summarizing the conclusions reached by the subgroups of our committee. I believe that these reports, as well as the full reports of the subgroups sent to you earlier, represent a workmanlike review of the assigned problems.

The methodology and content of the reports were discussed at length at a meeting of the Interagency Review Group held on April 1, 1971. While there were a number of differences of opinion on other matters, the Group did reach a consensus that there is

an increased risk of lung cancer associated with all ranges of radiation exposure examined, including the 120-359 cumulative working level month category. It seems clear to me then that the guidance concerning the allowable radiation level in uranium mines mut [sic] be as low as possible.

The courses of action available to you concern principally the schedule for achievement of the lower levels. The arguments for early adoption of low levels center around human health considerations—lower levels established soon will achieve lower total lifetime exposure to hazard. The arguments for more time to achieve the lower guidance center around economic considerations—possible damage to the domestic uranium mining industry may result from more stringent requirements. Comments from each Review Group member on both the appropriate level to be established and the schedule for reaching that goal are attached for your use in reaching a decision.

A discussion of the alternatives I outlined in an enclosure to my February 26 memorandum to the members of the Review Group

follows

1. That the guidance of 4 WLM per year go into effect on or before July 1, 1971.

Pro: Exposure of miners to radiation in the uranium mines would be decreased; total exposure in cumulative working level months would increase at a lower rate than at present.

Con: A significant number of mines would not be in compliance, having a possible adverse affect on the domestic uranium mining industry. Some miners might be

thrown out of work.

2. That the guidance of 8 WLM per year go into effect in 1 year and that the guidance of 4 WLM per year go into effect in 2 years. Pro: Industry would have time to comply

Pro: Industry would have time to comply with lower standards gradually thus diminishing possible economic damage and layoffs; total exposure in cumulative working level months would increase at a lower rate than at present.

Con: Total exposure of miners to radiation in the uranium mines would increase at a higher rate than under a 4 WLM per year

guidance.

3. That the guidance remain at 12 WLM.

Pro: Industry is, by and large, already complying with this exposure guidance; no increased cost would be necessary; there would be no adverse economic impact.

Con: Exposure of miners to radiation in the uranium mines would remain at the current level as would their cumulative total

exposure.

The member from the Atomic Energy Commission urges the continuation of the Review Group. With the submission of this letter to you, however, I believe that the work of the present Interagency Uranium Mining Radiation Review Group is concluded, and I shall convene no further sessions. I would, however, be happy to arrange for the participation of this Department in any interagency committee constituted to consider this subject.

Sincerely yours.

JESSE L. STEINFELD, M.D., Surgeon General, Chairman, Interagency Uranium Mining Radiation Review Group.

Enclosures:

Note: Enclosures are located at EPA Headquarters and the 10 EPA Regional offices at the addresses noted at the end of this notice.

NAS-NRC REPORT

The NAS-NRC prepared a report for the IUMRRG dated January 27, 1971, titled "Epidemiologic Studies of Uranium Miners." This report referenced an earlier NAS-NRC report dated August 1968 titled "Radiation Exposure of Uranium Miners." The conclusions of the January 1971 report are set forth below:

In its report of August, 1968, the NAS-NRC Advisory Committee to the Federal Radiation Council concluded as follows: 1

"(a) There appears to be a causal association between lung cancer and exposures of approximately 1,000 CWLM and higher.

"(b) There is a statistically significant increase in the lung cancer risk for miners with approximately 100 to 400 CWLM exposure that cannot be explained by any known artifact of the data.

"(c) The hypothesis is favored, pending more definitive data, that radiation exposure at least contributed to the excess lung cancer observed in miners in the 100 to 400 CWLM category."

The Analyses in the present PHS report strengthen the conclusions of the previous NAS-NRC Committee. Of particular significance are the following:

1. With further accumulation of data, an increased lung cancer risk continues to be seen for miners in the 120-359 CWLM

2. This increase is seen using a variety of analytic methods, based on different assumptions. In spite of intensive study, no likely source of error or bias that could account for the increase has been identified. In particular, cigarette smoking does not account for the excess. Certain biases that have been identified are in the direction to suggest that radiation exposure may have been overestimated and that therefore the effect observed may in fact be attributable to doses lower than those of the 120–359 CWLM category. There is no evidence that these bases affect differentially miners who have or have not developed lung cancer.

3. Up dating and improvement in the quality of the data on exposure levels has eliminated apparent irregularities in the dose-response relationship in the lower dose categories seen in previous analyses.

4. An independent review of the histologic characteristics of the lung tumors in miners and appropriate controls using a careful statistical design and conducted on behalf of the PHS interagency review group has confirmed the earlier finding of Saccomano and others that the particular form of lung cancer that occurs in excess in miners exposed to high doses is also in excess among cases occurring in miners exposed to the lowest categories of dose.

5. The Ad Hoc Committee reaffirms the statement of the 1968 National Academy of Sciences-National Research Council Committee quoted above. This conclusion is unanimous.

IUMRRG SUBGROUPS

The IUMRRG established subgroups to carry out various tasks. These tasks and a brief summary of the conclusions of the subgroups were:

I. Health effects. Subgroup IA: Task—Review and update the U.S. Public Health Service epidemiologic study of underground uranium miners in accordance with the advice and recommendations of an ad hoc committee of the National Academy of Sciences-National

Research Council (NAS-NRC), set up at the request of the FRC.

Conclusions: Unanimously agreed with the conclusions of the NAS-NRC report (set forth above).

Subgroup IB: Task—Review all appropriate experimental and epidemiological studies, including published and unpublished information on the induction of lung cancer by radiation, and review theoretical considerations related to the epidemiological exposure units of WLM to the radiation protection units of rads and rems to critical tissues.

Conclusions: The bronchial epithelium is a relatively sensitive tissue with respect to radiation induced cancer; radiation is the major identified carcinogenic agent associated with lung cancer in uranium miners and that a standard greater than 4 WLM per year probably would result in dosages to the critical tissues of lung exceeding dosages permitted for other occupational radiation exposure situations.

II. Monitoring, exposure and mining practice. Task—Analyze data on industry performance in controlling radon daughter concentrations in mine air using Department of Labor Inspection data, U.S. Bureau of Mines inspection data and State records.

Conclusions: Most of the industry is now meeting a 12 WLM per year standard and data indicate that it is feasible to reduce exposures to 4 WLM per year with current technology. However, it recommended that a sufficient time to achieve compliance be allowed, if an exposure standard of less than 12 WLM is adopted.

III. Economics. Task—Examine the economic impact of proposed annual exposure standards set at 12 WLM, 8 WLM, and 4 WLM. In carrying out this particular phase the FRC contracted with Arthur D. Little, Inc., for an evaluative report.

Conclusions: Technology is available by which the industry can achieve a 4 WLM per year standard and such a standard would not have a severe economic impact on the underground uranium mining industry provided adequate time was allowed for compliance. It concluded that a period of 1 year to achieve an 8-WLM-per-year standard and 2 years to achieve a 4-WLM-per-year standard may be reasonable. The report also stated that the effect of a 4-WLM-per-year standard on available uranium reserves would be a relatively minor reduction, i.e., less than 10 percent.

IV-A. Diagnosis and therapy of lung cancer. Task—Review information related to diagnosis and treatment of lung cancer, including pathological review for cancer cell-type and sputum cytology.

Conclusions: Present methods of treatment of lung cancer are unsatisfactory; sputum cytology and analysis can be useful in the early diagnosis of lung cancer. Earlier diagnoses might improve the prospect for cure. It also concluded that there is a demonstrable relationship between the cumulative exposure level and the frequency of small cell, anaplastic carcinomas that could not be attributed to age or cigarette smoking.

IV-B. Radiation concentration and exposure techniques and equipment. Task—Collect, analyze, and interpret measurement technology for determining radon and radon daughter concentrations in mine air and potential use of various types of radiation exposure monitoring devices.

Conclusions: Satisfactory instruments are available for radon and radon daughter concentration measurement but no personal monitoring devices are available at the present time.

PUBLIC COMMENT

All reports referred to above are to be found in EPA Headquarters located at 1626 K Street NW., Washington, DC, telephone (202) 632-7792 and the 10 Regional Offices located at:

Region	Address	Telephone No.
 I	John F. Kennedy Federal	617-223-6884
и	Bldg., Boston, MA 02203. 26 Federal Plaza, New York, NY 10007.	212-264-252
III	401 North Broad St., Phila- delphia, PA 19108.	215-597-915
IV	50 7th St. NE., Atlanta, GA.	404-526-521
V	Chicago, IL 60607.	312-353-526
VI	TX 75202.	214 - 749 - 282 816 - 374 - 303
VII	City, MO 64106.	303-297-445
VIII	Stout St., Denver, CO 80202.	415-556-430
IX	CA 94102.	206-442-053
X	98101.	200-112-000

All interested persons who desire to submit written comments for consideration in connection with this matter should send them to the Administrator, EPA, Washington, D.C. 20460, within 30 days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register, Comments received after that period will be considered if it is practicable to do so, but assurance of consideration cannot be given except as to comments filed within the period specified.

Dated: May 19, 1971.

WILLIAM D. RUCKELSHAUS, Administrator.

[FR Doc.71-7210 Filed 5-24-71;8:46 am]

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Delegation of Authority No. 4.4-2; Oklahoma City Disaster No. 790]

MANAGER, DISASTER BRANCH OFFICE, SHAWNEE, OKLA.

Delegation of Authority Regarding Financial Assistance Functions

I. Pursuant to the authority delegated to the District Director by Delegation of Authority No. 4.4–1 (Region VI), Revision 1 (36 F.R. 6927), the following authority is hereby redelegated to the position as indicated herein:

A report of an Advisory Committee from the Division of Medical Sciences: National Academy of Sciences-National Research Council-National Academy of Engineering. Federal Radiation Council, Washington, D.C., August 1968, p. 24, paragraphs 7, 8.

A. Manager, Shawnee Disaster Branch Office. 1. To approve or decline disaster direct and immediate participation loans up to the total SBA share of (a) \$50,000 per household for repairs or replacement of the home and/or not to exceed an additional \$10,000 allowable for household goods and personal items, but in no event may the money loaned exceed \$55,000 for a single disaster on home loans, except for funds to refinance prior liens or mortgages, which may be approved in addition to the foregoing limits for amounts up to \$50,000; and (b) \$350,000 on disaster business loans except to the extent of refinancing of a previous SBA disaster loan; to approve disaster guaranteed loans up to \$350,000, and to decline disaster guaranteed loans in any amount.

2. To execute loan authorizations for Central, regional and district office approved loans and disaster loans approved under delegated authority, said execution to read as follows:

By

(Name), Administrator,

Manager,
Disaster Branch Office

3. To cancel, reinstate, modify, and amend authorizations for disaster loans approved under delegated authority.

4. To disburse unsecured disaster loans.

To extend the disbursement period on disaster loan authorizations or undisbursed portions of disaster loans.

II. The authority delegated herein may not be redelegated.

III. All authority delegated herein to a specific position may be exercised by an SBA employee designated as acting in that position.

Effective date: January 11, 1971.

E. Bruce Cafky, District Director, Oklahoma City District Office.

[FR Doc.71-7224 Filed 5-24-71;8:47 am]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Office of the Secretary
IDAHO

Notice of Availability of Extended Unemployment Compensation

The Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970, Title II of Public Law 91–373, establishes a program of extended unemployment compensation payable when unemployment is high (according to indicators set forth in the law) to unemployed workers who have received all of the regular compensation to which they are entitled. Pursuant to section 203(b) (2) of the Act, notice is hereby given that Fred Garrett, Executive Director, Idaho Department of Employment, has determined that there was a State "on" indicator in Idaho for the week beginning January 17, 1971, and that an extended benefit period began in the State with the week beginning February 7, 1971.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 18th day of May 1971.

J. D. Hodgson, Secretary of Labor.

[FR Doc.71-7225 Filed 5-24-71;8:47 am]

MAINE SHOE CORP. AND KRAMER SHOE CO., INC.

Notice of Certification of Eligibility of Workers To Apply for Adjustment Assistance

Under date of February 8, 1971, the U.S. Tariff Commission made a report of the results of investigations (TEA-W-38 and TEA-W-49) under section 301(c)(2) of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (76 Stat. 884) in response to petitions for determination of eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance submitted on behalf of workers formerly employed by the Maine Shoe Corp., Brunswick, Maine, and Kramer Shoe Co., Inc., Haverhill, Mass. In this report, the Commission being equally divided, made no finding with respect to whether articles like or directly competitive with the women's and misses' footwear produced by Maine Shoe Corp. and Kramer Shoe Co., Inc., are, as a result in major part of concessions granted under trade agreements, being imported into the United States in such increased quantities as to cause, or threaten to cause, the unemployment or underemployment of a significant number or proportion of the workers at the plants concerned. The President subsequently decided, under the authority of section 330(d)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930 as amended to consider the findings of those Commissioners who found in the affirmative as the finding of the Commission.

Upon receipt of the President's authorization, the Department, through the Acting Director of the Office of Foreign Economic Policy, Bureau of International Labor Affairs, instituted investigations. Following this, the Director made recommendations to me relating to the matter of certifications (Notice of Delegation of Authority and Notice of Investigation, 34 F.R. 18342, 36 F.R. 7625; 29 CFR Part 90). In those recommendations he noted that significant lay offs caused by imports began to occur on March 7, 1969, at the Maine Shoe Corp. which ceased production on October 17, 1969; and that Kramer Shoe Co., Inc., ceased production on June 20, 1969. After due consideration, I make the following certifications:

All workers (hourly, piecework, and salaried), of the Maine Shoe Corp. plant located at Brunswick, Maine, who became unemployed or underemployed after March 7, 1969, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under title III, chapter 3, of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962.

All workers (hourly, salaried, and piecework) of the Kramer Shoe Co., Inc., plant located at Haverhill, Mass., who became unemployed or underemployed after June 19, 1969, are eligible to apply for adjustment assistance under title III, chapter 3, of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 18th day of May 1971.

HERBERT N. BLACKMAN,
Deputy Assistant Secretary for
Trade and Adjustment Policy.

[FR Doc.71-7240 Filed 5-24-71;8:48 am]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[Notice 298]

MOTOR CARRIER TEMPORARY AUTHORITY APPLICATIONS

MAY 19, 1971.

The following are notices of filing of applications for temporary authority under section 210a(a) of the Interstate Commerce Act provided for under the new rules of Ex Parte No. MC-67 (49 CFR Part 1131), published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, issue of April 27, 1965, effective July 1, 1965. These rules provide that protests to the granting of an application must be filed with the field official named in the FEDERAL REGISTER publication, within 15 calendar days after the date of notice of the filing of the application is published in the FEDERAL REG-ISTER. One copy of such protests must be served on the applicant, or its authorized representative, if any, and the protests must certify that such service has been made. The protests must be specific as to the service which such protestant can and will offer, and must consist of a signed original and six copies.

A copy of the application is on file, and can be examined at the Office of the Secretary, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D.C., and also in field office to which protests are to be

MOTOR CARRIERS OF PROPERTY

transmitted.

No. MC 730 (Sub-No. 328 TA), filed May 10, 1971. Applicant: PACIFIC INTERMOUNTAIN EXPRESS CO., 1417 Clay Street, Post Office Box 953, Oakland, CA 94612. Applicant's representative: R. N. Cooledge (Same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Chloral, in bulk, in tank vehicles, from Henderson Nev., to LeMoyne, Ala., for 150 days. Supporting shipper: Montrose Chemical Corp. of California, Post Office Box 147, Torrance, CA 90507. Send protests to: District Supervisor Wm. E. Murphy, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations, 450 Golden Gate Avenue, Box 36004, San Francisco, CA 94102.

No. MC 3252 (Sub-No. 75 TA), filed May 10, 1971. Applicant: MERRILL TRANSPORT CO., 1037 Forest Avenue, Portland, ME 04104. Applicant's representative: Francis E. Barrett, Jr., 536 Granite Street, Braintree, MA 02184. Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Sodium aluminate, in bulk, in tank vehicles, from Portland, Maine, to points in Maine north of a

line beginning at a point on the New Hampshire-Maine State line near Upton and extending through Upton and Livermore Falls to Rockport, for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Vinings Chemical Co., Vinings, Ga. 30080. Send protests to: District Supervisor Donald G. Weiler, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations, Room 307, 76 Pearl Street, Post Office Box 167, PSS, Portland ME 04112.

No. MC 51146 (Sub-No. 215 TA) (Correction), filed April 26, 1971, published Federal Register issue May 7, 1971, and republished in part as corrected this issue. Applicant: SCHNEIDER TRANSPORT & STORAGE, INC., 817 McDonald Street, Green Bay, WI 54303. Applicant's representative: D. J. Schneider (same address as above). Note: The purpose of this partial republication is to include the State of Virginia in the destination remains as previously published.

No. MC 52917 (Sub-No. 60 TA), filed May 10, 1971, Applicant: CHESAPEAKE MOTOR LINES, INC., R.F.D. 4, Box 231, Baltimore, MD 21227. Applicant's representative: Lynwood M. Robinson (same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Cheese and cheese products, in vehicles equipped with mechanical refrigeration, from Syosset, N.Y., to Baltimore, Md., and Washington, D.C., and com-mercial zones of each, for 120 days. Supporting shipper: Avram Dorman, N. Dorman & Co., Inc., 125 Michael Drive, Syosset, NY 11791. Send protest to: William L. Hughes, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations, 1125 Federal Building, Baltimore, MD 21201.

No. MC 52917 (Sub-No. 61 TA), filed May 10, 1971. Applicant: CHESAPEAKE MOTOR LINES, INC., R.F.D. 4, Box 231, Baltimore, MD 21227. Applicant's representative: Lynwood M. Robinson (same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Foodstuffs, prepared, canned, fresh and preserved, in vehicles equipped with mechanical refrigeration, from Lynbrook, Long Island, N.Y., to Baltimore, Md., and Washington, D.C., including commercial zones of each, for 120 days. Supporting shipper: Robert W. Koob, Plant Manager, Farm Fresh Cream Wip Corp., 639 Merrick Road, Lynbrook, Long Island, NY 11563. Send protests to: William L. Hughes, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations, 1125 Federal Building, Baltimore, MD 21201.

No. MC 87720 (Sub-No. 107 TA), filed May 11, 1971. Applicant: BASS TRANS-PORTATION CO., INC., Old Croton Road, Post Office Box 391, Star Route A, Flemington, NJ 08822. Applicant's representative: Bert Collins, 140 Cedar Street, New York, NY 10006. Authority sought to operate as a contract carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Paper and paper articles, together

with materials, supplies, and equipment, used in connection with the manufacture, distribution, or sale of the aforementioned articles, between Riegelwood, N.C., and Cape Fear Warehouse, Leland, N.C., on the one hand, and, on the other, points in Maryland, Delaware, Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, Vermont, New Hampshire, Maine, and the District of Columbia, for 180 days, Supporting shipper: Riegel Paper Corp., Paper Division, Post Office Box 170, Grand Central Station, New York, NY 10017. Send protests to: Raymond T. Jones, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations, 428 East State Street, Room 204, Trenton, NJ 08608.

No. MC 103993 (Sub-No. 633 TA), filed May 10, 1971. Applicant: MORGAN DRIVER-AWAY, INC., 2800 Lexington Avenue, Elkhart, IN 46514. Applicant's representative: Ralph H. Miller (same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: (1) Trailers, designed to be drawn by passenger automobiles in initial movements; and (2) motor homes, in initial movements, in truckaway service, from West Bend, Wis., to points in the United States (except Alaska and Hawaii), for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Mallard Coach Corp., Post Office Box 378, West Bend, WI 53095. Send protests to: District Supervisor J. H. Gray, Bureau of Operations, Interstate Commerce Commission, 345 West Wayne Street, Room 204, Fort Wayne, IN 46802.

No. MC 106644 (Sub-No. 117 TA), filed May 11, 1971. Applicant: SUPERIOR TRUCKING COMPANY, INC., Post Office Box 916, 30301, 2770 Peyton Road NW., Atlanta, GA 30321. Applicant's representative: Duane W. Acklie (same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Wire and plastic cloth, paper and pulp mill screens and core containers, between Mentor, Ohio, Cleveland, Ohio, and Florence, Miss., and their commercial zones on the one hand, and, on the other, points in Arizona, California, Montana, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington, for 180 days, Supporting shipper: Londsay Wire Weaving Co., 14001 Aspinwall Avenue, Cleveland, OH 44110. Send protests to: William L. Scroggs, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations, Room 309, 1252 West Peachtree Street NW., Atlanta, GA 30309.

No. MC 106688 (Sub-No. 17 TA), filed May 11, 1971. Applicant: EDWARD M. RUDE CARRIER CORP., R.F.D. No. 1, Falling Waters, WV 25419. Applicant's representative: Francis J. Ortman, 1700 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Suite 770, Mills Building, Washington, DC 20006. Authority sought to operate as a contract carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: High explosives, and nitro carbo nitrate, from Falling Waters, W. Va., to Columbia,

S.C., for 150 days. Supporting shipper: E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Wilmington, Del. 19898. Send protests to: Robert D. Caldwell, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations, 12th and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, DC 20423.

No. MC 109462 (Sub-No. 14 TA), filed May 10, 1971. Applicant: LUMBER TRANSPORT, INC., Post Office Box 6181, South Station, Highway 71S and I-540, Fort Smith, AR 72901. Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: (1) Composition board; (2) wood chips and wood waste from (1) Miami, Okla., to points in Arkansas, Alabama, Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Louisiana, Missouri, Mississippi, Nebraska, North Dakota, New Mexico, South Dakota, and Texas; and (2) from points in Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Missouri (except Belle and Ellis Spur), Kansas, Mississippi, Tennessee, and Kentucky to Miami, Okla., for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Crown Ltd., Post Office Box 1228, Miami, OK 74354. Send protests to: District Supervisor William H. Land, Jr., Bureau of Operations, Interstate Commerce Commission, 2519 Federal Office Building, 700 West Capitol, Little Rock, AR 72201.

No. MC 112595 (Sub-No. 45 TA), filed 11, 1971. Applicant: FORD BROTHERS, INC., Post Office Box 727, 510 Riverside Drive, Ironton, OH 45638. Applicant's representative: James Muldoon, 50 West Broad Street, Columbus, OH 43215. Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Plastic granules, in bulk, from the plantsite of United States Steel Corp. at or near Havehill (Scioto County), Ohio, to points in Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wisconsin, for 180 days. Supporting shipper: United States Steel Corp., 600 Grant Street, Pittsburgh, PA 15230 (Attention: Mr. H. M. Flenner, Assistant Manager). Send protests to: H. R. White, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations, Room No. 3108, Federal Office Building, 500 Quarrier Street, Charleston, WV 25301.

No. MC 114011 (Sub-No. 3 TA), filed May 11, 1971. Applicant: PETER SA-DOWSKI, doing business as PETE'S SERVICE AND TRUCK RENTAL, 640 South Century Avenue, St. Paul. MN 55119. Applicant's representative: Robert E. Swanson, 1211 South Sixth Street, Stillwater, MN 55082. Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Beer and malt beverages, from St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn., to Wis-

consin, north of Wisconsin Highway 29 and the Upper Peninsula of Michigan, for 180 days. Supporting shippers: Jacob Schmidt Brewing Co., St. Paul, Minn.; Grain Belt Breweries, Inc., Minneapolis, Minn. Send protests to: District Supervisor A. E. Rathert, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations, 448 Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse, 110 South Fourth Street, Minneapolis, MN 55401.

No. MC 114290 (Sub-No. 58 TA), filed May 10, 1971. Applicant: EXLEY EX-PRESS, INC., 2610 Southeast Eighth Avenue, Portland, OR 97202, Applicant's representative: James Johnson, 1610 IBM Building, 1200 Fifth Avenue, Seat-tle, WA 98101. Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Frozen foods, from points in Umatilla County, Oreg., and from points in Walla Walla, Grant, Benton, and Franklin Counties, Wash., to points in Oregon, Washington, and Washoe County, Nev., for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Lambweston Inc., Post Office Box 23507, 6600 Southwest Hampton Street, Portland. OR 97223. Send protests to: District Supervisor W. J. Huetig, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations, 450 Multnomah Building, 319 Southwest Pine Street, Portland, OR 97204

No. MC 114533 (Sub-No. 227 TA), filed May 10, 1971. Applicant: BANKERS DISPATCH CORPORATION, 4970 South Archer Avenue, Chicago, IL 60632. Applicant's representative: Stanley Komosa (same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Audit media and other business records, between Rockford, Ill., on the one hand, and on the other, points in Rock, Dane, Green, and Walworth Counties, Wis., for 180 days. Supporting shipper: North Central Data Processing Center, Inc., 1551 Sandy Hollow Road, Rockford, IL 61109. Send protest to: Robert G. Anderson, District Supervisor, Bureau of Operations, Interstate Commerce Commission, Everett McKinley Dirksen Building, 219 South Dearborn Street, Room 1086, Chicago, IL 60604.

No. MC 126276 (Sub-No. 48 TA), filed May 11, 1971. Applicant: FAST MOTOR SERVICE, INC., 12855 Ponderosa Drive, Palos Heights, IL 60463. Applicant's representative: Albert A. Andrin, 29 South La Salle Street, Chicago, IL 60603, Authority sought to operate as a contract carrier, by motor vehicle, over irreg-ular routes, transporting: Paper cups and plates, plastic lids, cups, knives, forks and spoons, from the plant and warehouse facilities of Continental Can Co. at Three Rivers, Mich., to Manville, N.J., Kansas City, Mo., and Kansas City, Kans., for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Norman Meyers, Central Regional Traffic Manager, Continental Can Co., 150 South Wacker Drive, Chicago, IL 60606. Send protests to: Robert G. Anderson, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations Everett McKinley Dirksen Building, Room 1086, 219 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, IL 60604.

No. MC 127042 (Sub-No. 84 TA), filed May 11, 1971. Applicant: HAGEN, INC. Post Office Box 98, Leeds Station, 4120 Floyd Boulevard, Sioux City, IA 51108. Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Meat, meat products and meat byproducts and articles distributed by meat packinghouses, as described in section A and C of appendix 1 to the report in Descriptions in Motor Carrier Certificates, 61 M.C.C. 209 and 766 except hides and commodities in bulk, from the plantsite and storage facilities of Illini Beef Packers, Inc., at or near Joslin, Ill., to points in Colorado, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah, Washington, Wisconsin, and Wyoming, for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Illini Beef Packers, Inc., Joslin, Ill. Send protests to: Carroll Russell, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations, 304 Post Office Building, Sioux City, IA 51101.

No. MC 128616 (Sub-No. 1 TA), filed May 10, 1971. Applicant: BANKERS DISPATCH CORPORATION, 4970 South Archer Avenue, Chicago, IL 60632, Applicants representative: Stanley Komosa (same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a contract carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Commercial papers, documents, and written instruments (except coins, currency, and negotiable securities) as are used in the conduct and operation of banks and banking institutions, between Springfield, Mo., on the one hand, and, on the other, points in the counties of Benton, Boone, Baxter, Carroll, Madison, Marion, and Washington, Ark., for 180 days. Supporting shipper: The Union National Bank, S.S. Station, Post Office Box 1157, Springfield, MO 65805. Send protests to: Robert G. Anderson, District Supervisor, Bureau of Operations, Interstate Commerce Commission, Everett McKinley Dirksen Building, 219 South Dearborn Street, Room 1086, Chicago, IL 60604.

No. MC 133240 (Sub-No. 17 TA), filed May 10, 1971. Applicant: WEST END TRUCKING CO., INC., 530 Duncan Avenue, Jersey City, NJ 07306. Applicant's representative: George A. Olsen, 69 Tonnele Avenue, Jersey City, NJ 07306. Authority sought to operate as a contract carrier, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: Such commodities as are dealt in or used by discount or department stores, between the facilities of Unishops, Inc., their division and subsidiaries located in Jersey City, N.J., on the one hand, and, on the other, points in Corpus Christi, Fort Worth, Houston, Midland, Waco, and Richardson, Tex., Towson, Bethesda, and Wheaton, Md., Elyria, Ohio, York, Connellsville, King of Prussia, Lancaster, Monroeville, Reading, Pittsburgh, Plymouth Meeting, Harrisburg, and Monaca, Pa., Evansville, Fort Wayne and Indianapolis, Ind., for 150 days. Supporting shipper: Unishops, Inc., 21 Caven Point Avenue, Jersey City, NJ 07305. Send protests to: District Supervisor Robert E. Johnston, Bureau of Operations, Interstate Commerce Commission, 970 Broad Street, Newark, NJ 07102.

No. MC 135470 (Sub-No. 1 TA), filed May 7, 1971. Applicant: WILLIAM VANN TRUCKING, INC., 3412 George Washington Highway, Portsmouth, VA 23704. Applicant's representative: William Vann (same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a common carrier, by motor vehicle, over regular routes, transporting: Sand, in bulk, in dump vehicles, from Como, N.C., to Portsmouth, Norfolk, and Suffolk, Va., from Como over U.S. Highway 258 to junction Virginia Highway 189, thence over Virginia Highway 189 to junction U.S. Highway 58, thence over U.S. Highway 58 to Suffolk, Portsmouth, and Norfolk, for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Portsmouth Paving Corp., Post Office Box 2217, Portsmouth, VA 23702. Send protests to: Robert W. Waldron, District Supervisor, Bureau of Operations, Interstate Commerce Commission, 10-502 Federal Building, Richmond, VA 23240.

By the Commission.

SEAL]

ROBERT L. OSWALD, Secretary.

[FR Doc.71-7261 Filed 5-24-71;8:50 am]

[Notice 694]

MOTOR CARRIER TRANSFER PROCEEDINGS

MAY 20, 1971.

Synopses of orders entered pursuant to section 212(b) of the Interstate Commerce Act, and rules and regulations prescribed thereunder (49 CFR Part 1132), appear below:

As provided in the Commission's special rules of practice any interested person may file a petition seeking reconsideration of the following numbered proceedings within 20 days from the date of publication of this notice. Pursuant to section 17(8) of the Interstate Commerce Act, the filing of such a petition will postpone the effective date of the order in that proceeding pending its disposition. The matters relied upon by petitioners must be specified in their petitions with particularity.

No. MC-FC-72731. By order of May 18, 1971, the Motor Carrier Board approved the transfer to M & M Coaches & Charter, Inc., Menominee, Mich., of the operating rights in certificate No. MC-134818 issued May 17, 1971, to William Smeester, doing business as Iron Mountain-Kingsford Coaches, Kingsford, Mich., authorizing the transportation of passengers and their baggage, and mail, express, and newspapers in the same vehicle with passengers, over a regular route between Menominee, Mich., and Marinette, Wis., serving all intermediate points, and passengers and their baggage, in charter

operations, beginning and ending at Menominee, Mich., and Marinette, Wis., and extending to points in Michigan and Wisconsin. Michael J. Anuta, 960 First Street, Menominee, MI 49858, attorney for applicants.

No. MC-FC-72820 (Corrected). By order of May 14, 1971, the Motor Carrier Board approved the transfer to P & C Trucking, Inc., Pinckneyville, Ill., of the operating rights in certificate No. MC-125534 (Sub-No. 1), issued May 4, 1964, to Felix Frassato, Inc., Mount Vernon, Ill., authorizing the transportation of lumber from specified counties in Indiana and Illinois to specified points

and areas in Indiana, Wisconsin, Iowa, and Missouri. Delmar O. Koebel, 107 West St. Louis Street, Lebanon, IL 62254, attorney for transferee. (Issued to show correct date of issuance and to delete the name of Internal Revenue Service-successor-in interest.)

No. MC-FC-72860. By order of May 18, 1971, the Motor Carrier Board approved the transfer to Black Transfer, Inc., Appalachia, Va., of the operating rights in permits Nos. MC-116269, MC-116279 (Sub-No. 1), and MC-116279 (Sub-No. 5) issued June 24, 1957, December 7, 1960, and March 9, 1970, respectively, to John H. Black, doing business as Black's

Transfer, Appalachia, Va., authorizing the transportation of bakery products, from Winston-Salem, N.C., to Bristol and Appalachia, Va., Pineville and Harlan, Ky., and Johnson City and Kingsport, Tenn., and toilet preparations, cosmetics, waxes, and polishes, brushes, and household specialty items, from Richmond, Va., to points in Sullivan County, Tenn. Carl E. McAfee, Professional Arts Building, Norton, Va. 24273, attorney for applicants.

[SEAL] ROBERT L. OSWALD, Secretary.

[FR Doc.71-7260 Filed 5-24-71;8:50 am]

CUMULATIVE LIST OF PARTS AFFECTED-MAY

The following numerical guide is a list of parts of each title of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published to date during May.

3 CFR	Page	7 CFR—Continued	Page	10 CFR Page
PROCLAMATIONS:	THE .	980	. 0201	50 8861
4049	8289	1015		PROPOSED RULES:
4050	COMPANY OF THE PARK OF THE PAR	1421	170 1716/2/2010	2 8379
4051		8362, 8559, 8930, 8997, 900	Contract Con	209468
4052		1430		309468
4053	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1488 943	37-9442	319468
4054		PROPOSED RULES:		140 8454
EXECUTIVE ORDERS:	12.000		9307	***************************************
	0007	55		12 CFR
2295 (revoked by PLO 5052)		717		
10480 (see EO 11594)		814	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	18723, 9065 201 8441
11592		911852		222 9292
11594		915		5458507, 8724
	0330	917		7038508
PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS OTHER		919		PROPOSED RULES:
THAN PROCLAMATIONS AND EX-		923		
ECUTIVE ORDERS:		929	The state of the s	545 9333
Memorandum of April 30,		953898		5559077
1971	8721	966 826		747 8591
		980 826		13 CFR
5 CFR		1030	_ 9025	
151	9393	1036 8524, 888	30, 8957	121 8660
213 8235, 8501, 8723, 9235,		1125	_ 8678	PROPOSED RULES:
307		1136	8376	121 9144
550	The state of the s	1207	8588	***************************************
771		O CED	Page	14 CFR
PROPOSED RULES:		8 CFR		0000
	9469	103	_ 9001	
900	9409	204		8306, 8307, 8509, 8862, 9005–9007,
7 CFR		214	_ 8660	9241 8661
19	8433	234	8294	498661
518502, 9061		238	8294	718209,
52	8557	248	_ 9001	8210, 8307, 8308, 8363-8365, 8509,
319	9061	299 8295, 850	05, 9002	8510, 8662, 8775, 8863, 8864, 9065-
354 8235,	9437	499	8505	9067, 9130, 9443, 9444
7248291	, 8503	PROPOSED RULES:		73 8210, 8510, 9067
751		211	9251	758210, 8308
811	8773	242		958308
845	9061	as south		97 9293
905	9129	9 CFR		105 8775
907		76 836	20 0262	249 8724
908 8361, 8441, 8774, 9129	, 9289	The second secon		287 8311
909 8671,		8507, 8659, 8660, 8861, 893	10, 8931,	302 8560
910 8236, 8291, 8558, 8925, 9061	The second second	9240		310 8562
911		78	9442	378 8725
916		97 823	38, 8861	378a 8728
917		331 90	02-9004	PROPOSED RULES:
918		PROPOSED RULES:		1 8383
928		CONTRACTOR	0101	
944		145		ZI
966	9290	147	9104	238383, 8398

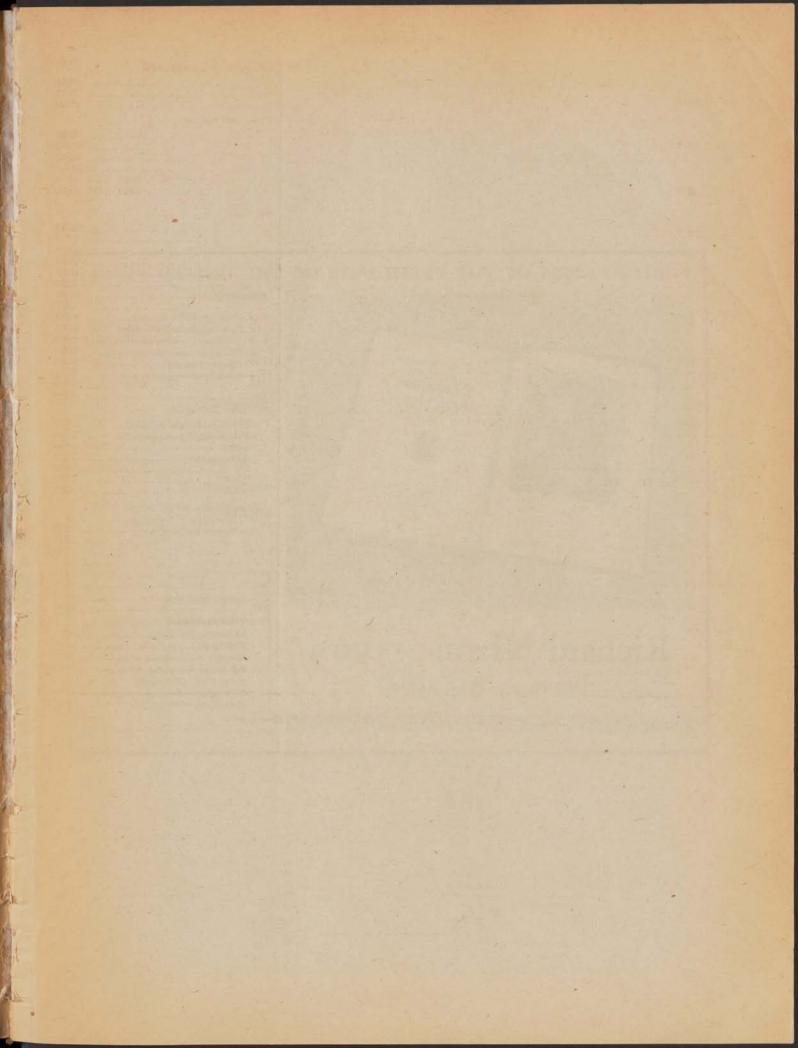
14 CFR—Continued	Page	19 CFR—Continued	Page	26 CFR	Page
PROPOSED RULES-Continued		PROPOSED RULES:		1 9010, 9018,	9393
25	8383	10	8312	13	9010
27	8383	22		31 9020,	
29			- 4	170	8668
33	8383	20 CFR		201	8568
39 8695, 8696,		1	8936	245 8798,	
8316-8319, 8405, 8524, 8525,	8263,	2		252	
8696, 8697, 8880, 8963, 9026,		404	8366	301	9020
9075, 9076, 9143, 9447, 9448	0021,	PROPOSED RULES:		PROPOSED RULES:	
73	9076	405	8960	1 8585, 8808, 9024, 9138, 9142	
75 8264, 8406, 9076,		602		13	9298
93	9029	Van Santa		29 CFR	
103		21 CFR		5	8949
121		1	9444	101	The second second
139		3		102	9132
241		25	9010	615	
288		132		697	9134
	17.000	135b		15188311	
15 CFR		135c		1601	
370	8367	135e		PROPOSED RULES:	0004
371 8367,	8932	135g 141a			0000
372	8368	146a		7278376, 8591,	8960
373	8369	148b			
374 8370, 8776,		149y		1904	8693
376 8370,		4208243,	8441	30 CFR	
3798371, 399		PROPOSED RULES:		77	9364
099	0110	Ch. I	8738	PROPOSED RULES:	9364
16 CFR		121		Control of the contro	SEW SESS
1	9293	147		75	8453
2	9008	420	8455	31 CFR	
3	9008	GO GER			
4	9009	22 CFR		10	8671
13 8292,		51	9068	500	8584
424	8777	OO CED		32 CFR	
PROPOSED RULES:		23 CFR			
240	9260	1	8243	190	9294
17 CFR		0.4 000		243	9423
		24 CFR		538	
201	8933			591	8943
231				592	8947
240		41		593	8947
241		213		594	8947
249	3239	220		597	
270		221		598	8948 8948
271 8729,	9130	231	8212	600	8948
PROPOSED RULES:		232	8212	602	8948
240	9260	234	8212	606	8948
249	9261	235	2 222	812	8258
2708319,		810		1001	8258
274 8319, 8525, 9134,	9261	1000		1007	8259
18 CFR		1100		1030	8259
Ch. I	0242	Ch. III		32A CFR	
101		1914 8233, 8565, 8877,	9246	Ch. VII:	
104		1915		T-2 (amended)	8672
141	8240	8366, 8566, 8878, 8942,		Ch. VIII9136,	
201		PROPOSED RULES:		PROPOSED RULES:	0201
204		1913	2453	Ch. VI 9072,	9073
260		1930		Ch. X	8587
601				33 CFD	
615	0003	1931		33 CFR	
Proposed Rules:	0000	1932		1	8732
640	8739	1933		3	
19 CFR		1934	9325	62	9135
	0000	25 CFR	100	62	
10	8666		9960	74	9021
12	8667		8366	207	8866
169009,	0300	PROPOSED RULES:	0500	PROPOSED RULES:	National Control
1749009,		161		110	8962
	0101	221	0077	117 8382, 9328–9330,	9447

FEDERAL REGISTER

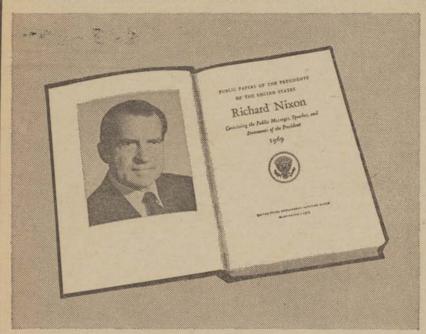
35 CFR	Page	43 CFR	Page	47 CFR—Contin	nued	Page
253	9021	PUBLIC LAND ORDERS:	F	73	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	8451
		2721 (revoked in part by PLO	100	74		8871
36 CFR	200	5050)	8450	89		9250
7	9248	5024 (corrected by PLO 5051)_		PROPOSED RULES:		
326	8442	5029 (corrected by PLO 5049)		1		8382
PROPOSED RULES:		5032 (corrected by PLO 5057)				8591
7 8585, 9251,	9446	5049		15		8963
50		5050	SECTION SECTION			
		5052			8591, 8699, 9259,	
37 CFR		5053	8949	74	8382, 8457,	8591
1	8732	5054	1505 F. F. F.	49 CFR		
202		5055				
38 CFR	Page	5056		1		8733
	0040	5057		7		8873
2		5058		25		
13		5059		173		9068
17		5060		195		William Control
21		5061PROPOSED RULES:	9136	230		
		1810	8956	391		
39 CFR		1010	6300	392		8452
3	8673	45 CFR		571	8296, 8298, 8734,	9069
5		7.100 Table	0000	1033		
124			8950	1047		9022
		140	8952 9249	1104		
Proposed Rules:	8879	142	9249	1124		9070
Ch. I	9919	PROPOSED RULES:	Tessella.	1202		
41 CFR		116				3010
	8953	132		PROPOSED RULES:		SERVICE STREET
5A-16		903				9449
5A-73	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	906	8525		0200	
5B-12	0.000	1201 8698	9469		8329,	8329
8-16		46 CFR			8599,	
14-1	9295	3333	veete			
14-51		309				8327
15-1		542	8259	The Chris		
101-20		PROPOSED RULES:		50 CFR		
101-26		251	9333	17		8675
101-38		252	9334	28		8734
101-45		278	9335	32		8942
		503		33		
115-1	0000	510		250		
PROPOSED RULES:	0014	5438460		266		
3-1		010111111111111111111111111111111111111	, 0200	277		
3-16	9253	47 CFR		280		8515
42 CFR		0 8450, 8733	8871	PROPOSED RULES:		2222
ATTACK TO A STATE OF THE PARTY	8869	31				8677
37	0009					
PROPOSED RULES:		33				9074
72	8815	64 8450	, 6133	200		0000

LIST OF FEDERAL REGISTER PAGES AND DATES-MAY

Pages	Date
8203-8281	May 1
8283-8354	4
8355-8426	ō
8427-8494	6
8495-8543	7
8545-8649	8
8651-8716	11
8717-8765	12
8767-8851	13
8853-8914	14
8915-8988	15
8989-9054	18
9055-9119	19
9121-9191	20
9193-9281	21
9283-9385	22
9387-9488	25



PUBLIC PAPERS OF THE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES



Richard Nixon — 1969

1183 Pages - Price: \$14.50

CONTENTS

- Messages to the Congress
- · Public speeches and letters
- The President's news conferences
- Radio and television reports to the American people
- · Remarks to informal groups

PUBLISHED BY

Office of the Federal Register National Archives and Records Service General Services Administration

ORDER FROM

Superintendent of Documents U.S. Government Printing Office Washington, D.C. 20402

PRIOR VOLUMES

Volumes covering the administrations of Presidents Truman, Eisenhower, Kennedy, and Johnson are available at varying prices from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.