FEDERAL REGISTER

VOLUME 31 • NUMBER 220

Friday, November 11, 1966 • Washington, D.C.

Pages 14487–14538

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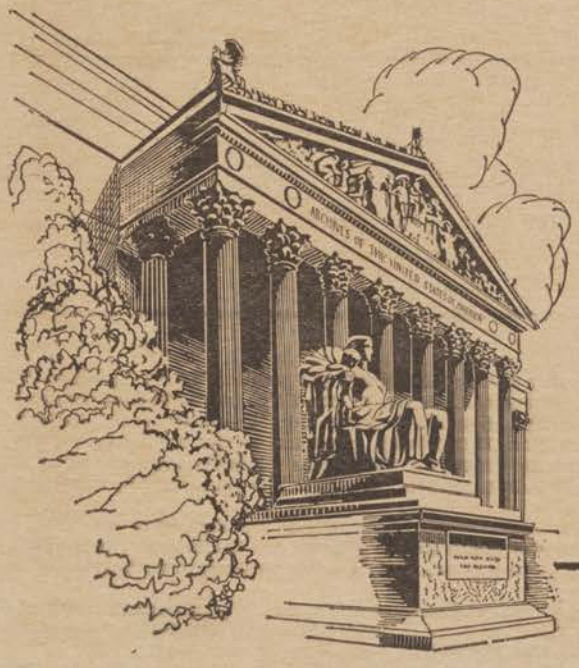

FEDERAL REGISTER

Area Code 202 Phone 963-3261

Published daily, Tuesday through Saturday (no publication on Sundays, Mondays, or on the day after an official Federal holiday), by the Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration (mail address National Archives Building, Washington, D.C. 20408), pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. 500, as amended; 44 U.S.C., Ch. 8B), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register, approved by the President (1 CFR Ch. I). Distribution is made only by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

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[Amdt. 89]

PART 401—FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE

Subpart—Regulations for the 1961 and Succeeding Crop Years

DRY BEANS

Pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended, the above-identified regulations are amended effective beginning with the 1967 crop year for dry beans in the following respects:

1. Section 2 of the dry bean endorsement shown in § 401.18 of this chapter is amended effective beginning with the 1967 crop year to read as follows:

2. *Insured crop.* The insured crop shall be dry beans and shall consist of (a) dry edible beans of a class shown as insurable on the county actuarial table planted for harvest as dry beans, as determined by the Corporation, or (b) bush varieties of garden beans planted for harvest as seed and grown under a contract with a seed company executed by the time the acreage to be insured is reported. Where such contract provides that the grower's compensation is to be computed solely on the basis of a rate per unit of production, the grower, and not the seed company, shall be considered to have the insurable interest notwithstanding that the legal title to the crop may be in the seed company. Insurance shall not be considered to have attached on any acreage of such bush varieties of garden seed beans which are not under such a contract or any acreage excluded from such contract for the crop year pursuant to the terms thereof. Any acreage of the insured crop which is destroyed and replanted to either dry edible beans referred to in item (a) or bush varieties of garden seed beans referred to in item (b) shall, if otherwise insurable hereunder, be regarded as insured acreage and not as acreage put to another use.

2. Section 5(a) of the dry bean endorsement shown in § 401.18 of this chapter is amended effective beginning with the 1967 crop year to read as follows:

5. *Claims for loss.* (a) In lieu of subsections 11(a) and 11(c) of the policy, the following shall apply: Losses shall be determined separately for each insurance unit (hereinafter called "unit"). Any claim for loss on any unit shall be submitted to the Corporation, on a form prescribed by the Corporation, within 30 days after the amount of loss has been determined by the Corporation. The amount of loss with respect to any unit shall be determined by (1) multiplying the insured acreage of beans on the unit by the applicable pound guarantee per acre, which product shall be the pound guarantee for the unit, (2) subtracting therefrom the total production to be counted for the unit, (3) multiplying the remainder by the insured interest, and (4) multiplying this result by the applicable price per pound for computing indemnities: *Provided*, That if for the unit the insured fails to report all of his interest or insurable acreage the amount of loss shall be determined with respect to all of his interest and insurable acreage, but in such cases or otherwise, if the premium computed on the basis of the insurable acreage and interest exceeds the premium on the reported acreage and interest, or the acreage and interest when determined by the Corporation under section 2 of the policy, the amount of loss shall be reduced proportionately.

The total production to be counted for a unit shall be determined by the Corporation and, subject to the provisions hereinafter, shall include all threshed production and any appraisals made by the Corporation for unthreshed, or potential production, poor farming practices, uninsured causes of loss, or for acreage abandoned or put to another use without the consent of the Corporation: *Provided*, That on any acreage from which less than 100 pounds per acre are threshed, the total production to be counted under the provision of this section shall be that amount in excess of 100 pounds per acre, except that the production to be counted for any acreage of beans which is abandoned or put to another use without the consent of the Corporation shall be the pound guarantee provided on the county actuarial table.

(Secs. 506, 516, 52 Stat. 73, as amended, 77, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 1506, 1516)

Adopted by the Board of Directors on October 31, 1966.

[SEAL] EARLL H. NIKKEL,
Secretary, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.

Approved: November 7, 1966.

JOHN A. SCHNITTKER,
Under Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12271; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

[Amdt. 90]

PART 401—FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE

Subpart—Regulations for the 1961 and Succeeding Crop Years

COMBINED CROP

Pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended, the above-identified regulations are amended effective beginning with the 1967 crop year in the following respect:

That portion of the first sentence preceding the colon in section 4 of the combined crop endorsement shown in § 401.19 of this chapter is amended effective beginning with the 1967 crop year to read as follows:

4. *Claims for loss.* In lieu of subsection 11(c) of the policy and those portions which precede the second colon in subsection 5(a) of the individual crop endorsements for barley, flax, oats, rye and soybeans, in subsection 6(a) of the individual crop endorsement for wheat, and in subsection 6(a) of the individual corn endorsement or subsection 5(a) of the individual corn grainsilage endorsement whichever is applicable in the county for corn crop insurance, the following shall apply:

(Secs. 506, 516, 52 Stat. 73, as amended, 77, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 1506, 1516)

Adopted by the Board of Directors on October 31, 1966.

[SEAL] EARLL H. NIKKEL,
Secretary, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.

Approved: November 7, 1966.

JOHN A. SCHNITTKER,
Under Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12272; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

PART 410—FLORIDA CITRUS CROP INSURANCE

Subpart—Regulations for the 1967 and Succeeding Crop Years

Pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended, the Florida Citrus Crop Insurance Regulations for the 1966 and Succeeding Crop Years, as amended, which shall remain in full force and effect for the 1966 crop year, are hereby superseded for the 1967 and succeeding crop years by the regulations set forth below. With the publication of these regulations all Florida citrus crop insurance contracts in force during the 1966 crop year are hereby cancelled effective beginning with the 1967 crop year. The provisions of this subpart shall apply, until amended or superseded to all continuous Florida citrus crop insurance contracts as they relate to the 1967 and succeeding crop years: *Provided, however*, That these regulations shall not apply to any insured with a contract of insurance in force in 1966 unless such insured files an application for insurance effective beginning with the 1967 crop year.

Sec.
410.20 Availability of Florida citrus crop insurance.
410.21 Premium rates and amounts of insurance.
410.22 Application for insurance.
410.23 Public notice of indemnities paid.
410.24 Creditors.
410.25 The application and the policy.

AUTHORITY: The provisions of this subpart issued under Secs. 506, 516, 52 Stat. 73, as amended, 77, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 1506, 1516.

§ 410.20 Availability of Florida citrus crop insurance.

Citrus crop insurance shall be offered for the 1967 and succeeding crop years under the provisions of this § 410.20 through § 410.25 in counties in Florida within limits prescribed by and in ac-

cordance with the provision of the Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended. The counties shall be designated by the Manager of the Corporation from a list of counties approved by the Board of Directors of the Corporation for citrus crop insurance. The counties designated by the Manager shall be published by appendix to this section.

§ 410.21 Premium rates and amounts of insurance.

(a) The Manager shall establish premium rates and the amounts of insurance per acre which shall be shown on the county actuarial table on file in the office for the county. Such premium rates and amounts of insurance may be changed from year to year.

(b) Any premium reduction earned under the provision of section 7 of the Application and Policy set forth in § 410.25 shall upon death of the insured inure to the benefit of his estate or surviving spouse and, upon approval of the Corporation, shall inure to any person operating the same farm or farms as the deceased insured who the Corporation determines has been actively participating in the farming operations by assisting in the management or by furnishing labor for compensation. If the insured is a partnership (which for the purpose of this section shall be deemed to include any other joint enterprise), the premium reduction earned by such insured shall, upon dissolution of the partnership, inure to the benefit of each member who has a contract of insurance in force in the year immediately following the dissolution covering only a part or all of the land involved in the partnership operation. If the insured is a partnership each of whose members had a contract of insurance in force in the year immediately preceding the formation of the partnership covering a part of the land included in the partnership operation, the smallest premium reduction earned by any member, or none if any member has earned none, shall inure to the benefit of the insured. If the insured is a partnership only one of whose members had a contract of insurance in force in the year immediately preceding the formation of the partnership, the premium reduction earned by such member shall inure to the benefit of the insured only if the insured operates the same farm or farms formerly operated by such member and if the Corporation finds that the other member or members have been actively participating in the farming operations by assisting in the management or by furnishing labor for compensation. If the insured is a corporation operating only a farm or farms previously operated by one or more stockholders, each of whom had a contract of insurance in force in the year immediately preceding the formation of the corporation, the smallest premium reduction earned by any such stockholder, or none if any such stockholder has earned none, shall inure to the benefit of the insured. If the insured was a stockholder of a dissolved corporation, which had a contract of insurance in force in the year immediately preceding its dissolution covering only the same farm or farms being operated by the insured, the premium reduction earned by the corporation shall inure to the benefit of the insured.

§ 410.22 Application for insurance.

Application for insurance may be submitted, as provided in § 410.25 at the office for the county for the Corporation. The Corporation reserves the right to discontinue the taking of applications in any county upon its determination that the insurance risk involved is excessive or limit the amount of insurance prior to the closing date for the filing of applications. Such closing date shall be August 15 of the crop year. The Corporation further reserves the right to reject any application or to exclude any definitely identified acreage for any crop year of the contract if upon inspection it deems the risk on such acreage is excessive. If any such acreage is to be excluded, the insured shall be notified of such exclusion before insurance attaches for the crop year for which the acreage is to be excluded.

§ 410.23 Public notice of indemnities paid.

The Corporation shall provide for posting annually in each county at the county courthouse a listing of the indemnities paid in the county.

§ 410.24 Creditors.

An interest of a person other than the insured in an insured crop existing by virtue of a lien, mortgage, garnishment, levy, execution, bankruptcy, or any involuntary transfer shall not entitle the holder of the interest to any benefit under the contract other than as provided in the application and policy set forth in § 410.25.

§ 410.25 The application and the policy.

The provisions of the Application and Policy for Florida Citrus Crop Insurance for the 1967 and Succeeding Crop Years are as follows:

Application and Policy

Form FCI–812–Florida Citrus

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Federal Crop Insurance Corporation

APPLICATION AND POLICY FOR FLORIDA CITRUS CROP INSURANCE

(For 196__ and Succeeding Crop Years)

(Name of insured)

(Policy number)

(Address of insured) (Zip Code)

(County)

1. The undersigned applicant (herein also called the "insured"), subject to the applicable provisions of the regulations of the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation (herein called the "Corporation"), hereby applies to the Corporation for insurance on his interest in citrus crops of the insurable types designated below (hereinafter called "the insured crop") located in the above-identified county (hereinafter called "the county"). The applicant applies for the amount of insurance for the applicable type shown below which shall be an amount shown on the county actuarial table (hereinafter called the "actuarial table"). The amounts of insurance available each crop year and prescribed premium rates for each crop year are shown by types on the actuarial table from year to year. The insured may with the consent of the Corporation change the amount of insurance which was in effect for a prior crop year and elect a new amount of insurance per acre by notifying the office for the county in writing prior to the date insurance attaches for the crop year for which the change is to become effective. The amount of insurance per acre in effect for a crop year shall be the amount of insurance most recently elected by the insured and shown on a form prescribed for such purpose but the amount of insurance shall not exceed the maximum dollar amount per acre shown on the actuarial table for such crop year. The insured hereby elects the respective amounts of insurance entered below for the type of citrus on which insurance is applied for:

Type	Crop(s)	Amount per acre
		Dollars
I	Early and midseason oranges	----------
II	Late oranges	----------
III	Grapefruit	----------
IV	Murcott honey oranges, navel and temple oranges, tangelos and tangerines.	----------

This application, when executed by a person as an individual, shall not cover his interest in a crop produced by a partnership or other entity.

2. *Causes of loss insured against.* The insurance provided is against unavoidable loss resulting from freeze, hail, hurricane, or tornado occurring within the insurance period. No insurance is provided against loss or damage to blossoms.

3. *Insured crop.* (a) Application for insurance may be made with respect to all types of citrus or with respect to any one or more types of citrus, as defined in section 22, hereof, produced by the insured on trees that have reached at least the sixth growing season, except that the insured may, subject to approval of the Corporation, elect to insure or exclude from insurance for any crop year any insurable acreage having a potential of less than 100 standard field boxes per acre. Acreage so excluded with approval of the Corporation shall be disregarded for all purposes of this contract for the crop year involved. The potential to be used to determine the percent of damage under section 14 shall never be less than 100 standard field boxes per acre. The insured acreage for each crop year shall be all that acreage in the county of the type(s) of citrus for which the insured has applied for insurance, which is shown as insurable acreage on the actuarial table and not excluded otherwise because of risk, and in which the insured has an interest on the date insurance attaches.

(b) Insurance for each crop year of the contract shall cover only citrus fruit which can be expected to mature in the normal maturity period for the variety for such crop year.

4. *Responsibility of the insured to report acreage and interest.* The insured at the time of filing his application shall also file on a form prescribed by the Corporation a report of all the acreage of the insured crop in the county in which he has an interest and show his interest therein. Such report shall include a designation of all the acreage of citrus which is uninsurable or any acreage not insured under the provisions of the preceding section. This report shall be revised for any crop year before insurance attaches if the acreage to be insured, or interest

therein, has changed and the latest report filed shall be considered as the basis for continuation of insurance from year to year, subject to revision as provided herein. The Corporation reserves the right to determine the insured acreage and the insured's interest therein. The acreage and interest insured shall be the acreage and interest reported by the insured or as determined by the Corporation.

5. *The contract.* Upon acceptance of this application by the Corporation, the contract shall be in effect for the crop year specified above and shall continue for each succeeding crop year until canceled or terminated in accordance with the applicable provisions of the contract. This application and policy, and amendments thereto, if any, and the actuarial table for each crop year shall constitute the contract for citrus insurance. Any changes made in the contract shall not affect the continuity from year to year.

6. *Insurance period.* For each crop year insurance attaches on the first April 1 of the crop year, unless the application is accepted by the Corporation after that date in which event insurance shall attach in the first crop year on the date of acceptance, but in no event earlier than the 10th day after the date the application is submitted to the office for the county, and as to any portion of the citrus crop shall cease upon harvest but in no event shall the insurance remain in effect later than June 30 (January 1 for tangerines, and navel oranges) of the calendar year following the calendar year in which the insurance period begins.

7. *Annual premium.* (a) The annual premium shall be considered as earned on the date insurance attaches and shall be determined by multiplying the applicable amount of insurance for the insured acreage on the insurance unit (hereinafter called "unit") by the applicable premium rate and multiplying the product thereof by the insured's interest at the time insurance attaches and, where applicable, applying the discount herein provided.

(b) The total annual premium for the insured crop on all units shall be reduced as follows for consecutive years of insurance, without a loss for which an indemnity was paid on any unit, immediately preceding the crop year for which the reduction is applicable (eliminating any year in which a premium was not earned):

Percent premium reduction	*Consecutive years with no loss*
5 percent after	1 year.
5 percent after	2 years.
10 percent after	3 years.
10 percent after	4 years.
15 percent after	5 years.
20 percent after	6 years.
25 percent after	7 years or more.

If any insured has a loss on a crop for which an indemnity is paid, the number of such consecutive years of insurance on such crop without a loss for which an indemnity was paid shall be reduced by 3 years, except, that, where the insured has 7 or more such years, a reduction to 4 shall be made and where the insured has 3 or less such years, a reduction to zero shall be made.

8. *Premium note.* In consideration hereof, the insured promises to pay to the order of the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation each crop year of the contract the annual premium and further agrees that as to any amount thereof not paid by the March 31 of the crop year in which earned, it shall be increased by 10 percent. It is further agreed that any amount due the Corporation by the insured may be deducted from any indemnity payable to the insured and when not prohibited by law, from any loan or payment otherwise due the insured under any program administered by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

---------- ----------, 19--
(Signature of applicant) (Date)

(Witness to signature)

9. Recommended for acceptance by:

---------- ----------, 19--
(Grove inspector) (Date)

(Corporation representative)

(Address of office for county)

10. Accepted for the Corporation by:

---------- ----------, 19--
(State director) (Date)

11. *Life of contract.* The contract is noncancelable for the first crop year and shall continue in effect for each succeeding crop year until either the insured or Corporation cancels the contract by giving written notice to the other by March 31 immediately preceding the beginning of the crop year for which the cancellation is to become effective. If, however, the Corporation limits the amount of insurance, or any acreage is excluded from insurance under the contract by the Corporation because of the risk involved, after the March 15 immediately preceding the beginning of the crop year for which such limitation or exclusion is to become effective, the insured shall have the right to cancel the contract within 15 days after notice thereof is mailed to the insured by the Corporation. If the premium is not paid by the March 31 of the crop year in which the premium was earned, the contract shall terminate for nonpayment of premium effective beginning with the next crop year.

12. *Contract changes.* After the first crop year the Corporation reserves the right to amend or change the terms of this contract from year to year. Any such amendment or change shall be mailed to the insured or made available at the office for the county by the March 15 immediately preceding the beginning of the crop year for which such amendment or change is to become effective. Acceptance of such amendment or change will be conclusive in the absence of any notice from the insured to cancel the contract as provided in section 11 hereof.

13. *Notice of damage or loss.* (a) It shall be a condition precedent to payment of any indemnity on any unit hereunder that the insured report in writing each damage to the insured crop from an insured cause to the office for the county immediately after such damage becomes apparent, giving the date of such damage. If not so reported within 7 days, the Corporation reserves the right to reject any claim arising out of such damage on the unit if it determines that it has been prejudiced by such failure to report or by failure to give notice as required in subsection (b) of this section.

(b) If damage occurs within the 7-day period before the beginning of harvest, or during harvest, and a loss is to be claimed, written notice shall be given immediately to the office for the county.

14. *Amount of loss and proof of loss.* (a) Any claim for loss on any unit shall be submitted to the Corporation on a form prescribed by the Corporation within 30 days after the amount of loss has been determined by the Corporation.

(b) Losses shall be adjusted separately for each unit. The amount of loss with respect to any unit shall be determined by (1) multiplying the insured acreage of citrus on the unit by the applicable amount of insurance per acre, (2) multiplying the result thus obtained by the average percent of damage (determined in accordance with subsection (c), (d), and (e) of this section) in excess of 10 percent, and (3) multiplying the result by the insured interest.

(c) Subject to the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, the average percent of damage to the insured crop on any unit shall be the ratio of the number of standard field boxes of the crop lost from an insured cause to the total number of standard field boxes which would have been produced (herein called the "potential"). The potential shall not be less than 100 standard field boxes per acre, and shall include citrus which (1) was picked before the insured damage occurred, (2) remained on the trees after the damage occurred, (3) was lost from an insured cause, and (4) any other citrus covered by insurance not included in items (1) through (3), including citrus lost from causes not insured against other than normal dropping but not including citrus lost before insurance attached.

As determined by the Corporation, citrus lost from an insured cause shall include any citrus which is unmarketable either as fresh fruit or for juice due to an insured cause, and any citrus which is partially damaged by freeze as provided in the following subsections (d) and (e). For the purposes hereof, pink and red grapefruit of the citrus of type (III) shall be deemed to be unmarketable if it is unmarketable as fresh fruit due to insured causes and citrus of type (IV) shall be deemed to have a minimum of 70 percent ground as a result of an insured cause which due to insured causes. Any fruit on the grounds as a result of an insured cause which is not marketed shall be deemed to be totally lost.

If any portion of the insured crop on any unit is seriously damaged by freeze as determined under the applicable provisions of the Florida Citrus Code and could not be marketed as fresh fruit within the prescribed tolerance for freeze damage (including adulteration) such portion of the crop shall be deemed to be unmarketable as fresh fruit.

If any portion of the insured crop on any unit is damaged by any insured cause to the extent that it could not be marketed either as fresh fruit or for juice because it is immature, unwholesome, decomposed, adulterated, or otherwise unfit for human consumption, that portion of the crop shall be deemed to be unmarketable as fresh fruit, or for juice.

(d) If any portion of the insured crop is unmarketable as fresh fruit due to freeze but may be processed by the canning or concentrating plants, it shall be considered as marketable for juice and the extent of damage whether partial or total shall be determined as provided in the succeeding subsection.

Citrus shall be considered as having been partially damaged from an insured cause only if the cause of such damage is freeze, and then only if the citrus is not harvested within 7 days after the partial damage, and if before harvest the citrus has reached the stage it can be established that damage has occurred under the provisions of the succeeding subsection.

If any portion of the insured crop is harvested prior to inspection by the Corporation such harvested portion shall be considered as fruit not damaged.

(e) Partial damage by freeze shall be determined by the Corporation by sampling representative individual fruits by a cut method or any other method which establishes the percentage of juice lost from such cause. If the Corporation determines that there is less than 16 percent juice loss in a fruit, the fruit shall be considered undamaged. If the Corporation determines that as much as 16 percent, but less than 50 percent of the juice in an individual fruit has been lost due to freeze, it shall be determined that the fruit is 50 percent damaged. If the Cor-

poration determines that 50 percent but less than 75 percent of the juice in an individual fruit has been lost due to freeze, it shall be determined that the fruit is 85 percent damaged. If the Corporation determines that 75 percent or more of the juice in an individual fruit has been lost due to freeze, it shall be considered that the fruit is totally lost: *Provided, however,* That any portion of the insured crop which has a sufficient number of freeze damaged fruits therein to make it unmarketable as fresh fruit under provisions of the Florida Citrus Code shall, if marketed for juice within 30 days after such freeze, be deemed to be damaged not more than 30 percent except that any citrus harvested within 7 days after such damage will not be considered as having been damaged. In the event there are successive freezes the 30-day period shall be considered to have its beginning from the date of the freeze that results in the citrus becoming unmarketable as fresh fruit, as determined by the Corporation.

(f) In the event that any claim for indemnity under the provisions of the contract is denied by the Corporation, an action on such claim may be brought against the Corporation under the provisions of 7 U.S.C. 1508(c): *Provided,* That the same is brought within 1 year after the date notice of denial of the claim is mailed to and received by the insured.

15. *Payment of indemnity.* (a) Any indemnity will be payable within 30 days after a claim for loss is approved by the Corporation: *Provided,* That in no event shall the Corporation be liable for interest or damages in connection with any claim for indemnity.

(b) If the insured is an entity other than an individual and is dissolved or is an individual who dies or is judicially declared incompetent before insurance attaches in any crop year, the contract shall terminate as of the date of dissolution, death, or judicial declaration, but if such an event occurs after insurance attaches in any crop year the contract shall terminate at the end of such crop year and any indemnity payable shall be paid to the person(s) the Corporation determines to be beneficially entitled thereto.

(c) For the purposes of subsection (b) hereof, death of a partner in a partnership shall dissolve the partnership unless the partnership agreement provides otherwise. If two or more persons having a joint interest are insured jointly, death of one of the parties shall terminate the contract.

16. *Insured interest.* For the purpose of determining the amount of indemnity, the interest insured shall not exceed the interest of the insured at the time of damage, as determined by the Corporation.

17. *Abandonment of crop.* There shall be no abandonment of the insured crop or portion thereof to the Corporation.

18. *Misrepresentation and fraud.* The Corporation may void the contract without affecting the insured's liability for premiums or waiving any right or remedy including the right to collect any unpaid premiums if at any time, either before or after any loss, the insured has concealed or misrepresented any material fact or committed any fraud relating to the contract, and such viodance shall be effective as of the beginning of the crop year with respect to which any such act or omission occurred.

19. *Collateral assignment—Transfer of interest.* The right to an indemnity in any crop year may be assigned by the insured only as security upon prior approval of the Corporation. If the insured transfers his interest in the insured crop in any crop year he may, upon prior approval of the Corporation, transfer his right to an indemnity for such crop year with respect to the transferred interest in the insured crop. Any assignment or transfer shall be made on assignment or transfer forms prescribed by the Corporation and shall be subject to all the terms set forth thereon and to the terms hereof..

20. *Subrogation.* The insured (including his assignee or transferee) assigns to the Corporation all rights of recovery against any person for loss or damage to the extent that payment hereunder is made and shall execute all papers required and take appropriate action to secure such rights.

21. *Forms.* Copies of forms referred to in the contract are available at the office for the county.

22. *Meaning of terms.* For purposes of insurance on citrus the terms:

(a) "County actuarial table" means the actuarial forms and related material (including the crop insurance maps where applicable) which are approved by the Corporation, which are on file for public inspection in the office for the county, and which show the applicable amounts of insurance, premium rates, and related information with respect to citrus crop insurance for the crop year in the county.

(b) "Office for the county" means the Corporation's office serving the county shown in this application and policy, or such office as may be designated by the Corporation from time to time, and may serve more than one county.

(c) "County" means the area shown on the actuarial table which may include insurable acreage located in a local producing area bordering on the county.

(d) "Crop year" means the period beginning April 1 and extending through June 30 of the following calendar year and shall be designated by reference to the calendar year in which the insurance period begins.

(e) "Harvest" means any severance of citrus fruit from the tree either by pulling or picking, or picking the marketable fruit from the ground.

(f) "Insurance unit" means all insurable acreage in the county of any one of the four citrus types (see (g) below) (1) in which type of citrus the insured has 100 percent interest on the date insurance attaches for the crop year and which is located on contiguous land under the same ownership, or (2) in which type of citrus two or more persons have 100 percent interest on the date insurance attaches for the crop year and which type is located on contiguous land under the same ownership, excluding any other acreage of such type of citrus in which such persons do not have 100 percent interest in such citrus on such date. Land rented for cash or for a fixed commodity payment shall be considered as owned by the lessee. Contiguous land shall include only land that is touching at any point except that land that is separated only by a public or private way shall be considered contiguous.

(g) "Types of citrus" means any of the four types as follows: Type (I), Early and midseason oranges; type (II), Late oranges; type (III), Grapefruit; and type (IV), Murcott honey oranges, navel and temple oranges, tangelos, and tangerines. Oranges commonly known as "sour oranges" and "clementines" shall not be deemed to be included in any of the insurable types of citrus.

(h) "Standard field box" means a standard citrus field box as prescribed in the Florida Citrus Code.

NOTE: The reporting requirements contained herein have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Adopted by the Board of Directors on October 31, 1966.

[SEAL] EARLL H. NIKKEL,
Secretary, Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.

Approved: November 7, 1966.
JOHN A. SCHNITTKER,
Under Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12273; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

Chapter IX—Consumer and Marketing Service (Marketing Agreements and Orders; Fruits, Vegetables, Nuts), Department of Agriculture

[Navel Orange Reg. 112]

PART 907—NAVEL ORANGES GROWN IN ARIZONA AND DESIGNATED PART OF CALIFORNIA

Limitation of Handling

§ 907.412 Navel Orange Regulation 112.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 907, as amended (7 CFR Part 907), regulating the handling of Navel oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674), and upon the basis of the recommendations and information submitted by the Navel Orange Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of such Navel oranges, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001–1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effectice as hereinafter set forth. The committee held an open meeting during the current week, after giving due notice thereof, to consider supply and market conditions for Navel oranges and the need for regulation; interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit information and views at this meeting; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after such meeting was held; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such Navel oranges; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period herein specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject hereto which cannot be completed on or before the effective date hereof. Such committee meeting was held on November 9, 1966.

(b) *Order.* (1) The respective quantities of Navel oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., November 13, 1966, and ending at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., November 20, 1966, are hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: 545,412 cartons;

(ii) District 2: Unlimited movement;

(iii) District 3: 37,008 cartons;

(iv) District 4: 80,000 cartons.

(2) As used in this section, "handled," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," "District 4," and "carton" have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674)

Dated: November 10, 1966.

FLOYD F. HEDLUND,
Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Consumer and Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12375; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 11:26 a.m.]

[Lemon Reg. 241]

PART 910—LEMONS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA

Limitation of Handling

§ 910.541 Lemon Regulation 241.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 910, as amended (7 CFR Part 910), regulating the handling of lemons grown in California and Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674), and upon the basis of the recommendations and information submitted by the Lemon Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of such lemons, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001–1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. The committee held an open meeting during the current week, after giving due notice thereof, to consider supply and market conditions for lemons and the need for regulation; interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit information and views at this meeting; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after such meeting was held; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such lemons; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period herein specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject hereto which cannot be completed on or before the effective date hereof. Such committee meeting was held on November 8, 1966.

(b) *Order.* (1) The respective quantities of lemons grown in California and Arizona which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., November 13, 1966, and ending at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., November 20, 1966, are hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: 13,020 cartons;

(ii) District 2: 78,120 cartons;

(iii) District 3: 94,860 cartons.

(2) As used in this section, "handled," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," and "Carton" have the same meaning as when used in the said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674)

Dated: November 10, 1966.

FLOYD F. HEDLUND,
Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Consumer and Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12376; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 11:26 a.m.]

PART 912—GRAPEFRUIT GROWN IN INDIAN RIVER DISTRICT IN FLORIDA

Expenses and Rate of Assessment

On October 26, 1966, notice of rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (31 F.R. 13758) regarding proposed expenses and the related rate of assessment for the period beginning August 1, 1966, and ending July 31, 1967, pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 912, as amended (7 CFR Part 912), regulating the handling of grapefruit grown in the Indian River District in Florida. This regulatory program is effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674). After consideration of all relevant matters presented, including the proposals set forth in such notice which were submitted by the Indian River Grapefruit Committee (established pursuant to said marketing agreement and order), it is hereby found and determined that:

§ 912.206 Expenses and rate of assessment.

(a) *Expenses.* Expenses that are reasonable and likely to be incurred by the Indian River Grapefruit Committee during the period August 1, 1966, through July 31, 1967, will amount to $25,000.

(b) *Rate of assessment.* The rate of assessment for said period, payable by each handler in accordance with § 912.41, is fixed at $0.005 per standard packed box of grapefruit.

It is hereby further found that good cause exists for not postponing the effective date hereof until 30 days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001–1011) in that (1) the relevant provisions of said marketing agreement and this part require that the rate of assessment herein fixed shall be applicable to all assessable grapefruit handled during the aforesaid period, and (2) such period begun on August 1, 1966, and said rate of assessment will automatically apply to all such grapefruit beginning with such date.

(Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674)

Dated: November 7, 1966.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Consumer and Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12270; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

Chapter X—Consumer and Marketing Service (Marketing Agreements and Orders; Milk), Department of Agriculture

[Milk Order 6]

PART 1006—MILK IN UPPER FLORIDA MARKETING AREA

Order Regulating Handling of Milk

DEFINITIONS

AUTHORITY: The provisions of this Part 1006 issued under secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674.

§ 1006.0 Findings and determinations.

(a) *Findings upon the basis of the hearing record.* Pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure, governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), a public hearing was held upon a proposed marketing agreement and a proposed order regulating the handling of milk in the Upper Florida marketing area. Upon the basis of the evidence introduced at such hearing and the record thereof, it is found that:

(1) The said order, and all of the terms and conditions thereof, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the Act;

(2) The parity prices of milk as determined pursuant to section 2 of the Act are not reasonable in view of the price of feeds, available supplies of feeds, and other economic conditions which affect market supply and demand for milk in the said marketing area, and the minimum prices specified in the order are such prices as will reflect the aforesaid factors, insure a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome milk and be in the public interest;

(3) The said order regulates the handling of milk in the same manner as, and is applicable only to persons in the respective classes of industrial or commercial activity specified in, a marketing agreement upon which a hearing has been held;

(4) All milk and milk products handled by handlers, as defined in this order, are in the current of interstate commerce or directly burden, obstruct, or affect interstate commerce in milk or its products; and

(5) It is hereby found that the necessary expense of the market administrator for the maintenance and functioning of such agency will require the payment by each handler, as his pro rata share of such expense, 4 cents per hundredweight or such amount not to exceed 4 cents per hundredweight as the Secretary may prescribe, with respect to (i) producer milk (including such handler's own production); (ii) other source milk allocated to Class I pursuant to § 1006.45(a) (3) and (9) and the corresponding steps of § 1006.45(b); and (iii) Class I milk disposed of in the marketing area from a partially regulated distributing plant that exceeds the hundredweight of Class I milk received during the month at such plant from pool plants and other order plants.

(b) *Additional findings.* It is necessary in the public interest to make this order partially effective not later than December 1, 1966, and fully effective not later than January 1, 1967. Any delay beyond these dates would tend to disrupt the orderly marketing of milk in the marketing area.

The provisions of the said order are known to handlers. The recommended decision of the Deputy Administrator, Regulatory Programs, was issued August 25, 1966, and the decision of the Assistant Secretary containing all the provisions of this order was issued October 7, 1966. The provisions other than those relating to prices and payments must become effective prior to the effective date of the order to provide handlers the opportunity to adjust their operational and accounting procedures to conform to all provisions of the order.

In view of the foregoing, it is hereby found and determined that good cause exists for making this order partially effective December 1, 1966, and fully effective January 1, 1967, and that it would be contrary to the public interest to delay the effective date of this order for 30 days after its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER. (Sec. 4(c), Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 1001–1011)

(c) *Determinations.* It is hereby determined that:

(1) The refusal or failure of handlers (excluding cooperative associations specified in section 8c(9) of the Act) of more than 50 percent of the milk, which is marketed within the marketing area, to sign a proposed marketing agreement, tends to prevent the effectuation of the declared policy of the Act;

(2) The issuance of this order is the only practical means pursuant to the declared policy of the Act of advancing the interests of producers as defined in the order; and

(3) The issuance of this order is approved or favored by at least two-thirds of the producers who participated in a referendum and who during the determined representative period were engaged in the production of milk for sale in the marketing area.

Order relative to handling. It is therefore ordered, that on and after the effective date hereof, the handling of milk in the Upper Florida marketing area shall be in conformity to, and in compliance with, the following terms and conditions:

DEFINITIONS

§ 1006.1 Act.

"Act" means Public Act No. 10, 73d Congress, as amended, and as reenacted and amended by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.).

§ 1006.2 Secretary.

"Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture or any officer or employee of the United States authorized to exercise the powers and perform the duties of the Secretary of Agriculture.

§ 1006.3 Department.

"Department" means the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

§ 1006.4 Person.

"Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association or other business unit.

§ 1006.5 Cooperative association.

"Cooperative association" means any cooperative marketing association of producers which the Secretary determines after application by the association:

(a) To be qualified under the provisions of the Act of Congress of February 18, 1922, as amended, known as the "Capper-Volstead Act"; and

(b) To have full authority in the sale of milk of its members and be engaged in making collective sales of or marketing milk or milk products for its members.

§ 1006.6 Upper Florida marketing area.

The "Upper Florida marketing area", hereinafter called the "marketing area", means all the territory geographically within the boundaries of the following counties, all in the State of Florida, including all waterfront facilities connected therewith and all territory wholly or partly therein occupied by government (municipal, State, or Federal) reservations, installations, institutions, or other similar establishments.

Alachua.
Baker.
Bay.
Bradford.
Brevard.
Calhoun.
Citrus.
Clay.
Columbia.
Dixie.
Duval.
Flagler.
Franklin.
Gadsden.
Gilchrist.
Gulf.
Hamilton.
Holmes.

Jackson.	Osceola.
Jefferson.	Putnam.
Lafayette.	St. Johns.
Lake.	Seminole.
Leon.	Sumter.
Levy.	Suwannee.
Liberty.	Taylor.
Madison.	Union.
Marion.	Volusia.
Nassau.	Wakulla.
Orange.	Washington.

§ 1006.7 Fluid milk product.

"Fluid milk product" means milk (including frozen and concentrated milk), flavored milk or skim milk. "Fluid milk product" shall not include sterilized products in hermetically sealed containers.

§ 1006.8 Distributing plant.

"Distributing plant" means a plant that is approved by a duly constituted health authority for the processing or packaging of Grade A milk and from which any fluid milk product is disposed of during the month in the marketing area on routes.

§ 1006.9 Supply plant.

"Supply plant" means a plant from which a fluid milk product acceptable to a duly constituted health authority is shipped during the month to a pool plant.

§ 1006.10 Pool plant.

"Pool plant" means a plant specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of this section that is not an other order plant, a producer-handler plant, or an exempt distributing plant.

(a) A distributing plant from which not less than 50 percent of the total Grade A fluid milk products received at the plant during the month is disposed of on routes and not less than 10 percent of such receipts is disposed of in the marketing area on routes.

(b) A supply plant from which not less than 50 percent of the Grade A milk received from dairy farmers at such plant during the month is shipped as fluid milk products to pool plants pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 1006.11 Nonpool plant.

"Nonpool plant" means a plant (except a pool plant) which receives milk from dairy farmers or is a milk manufacturing, processing or bottling plant. The following categories of nonpool plants are further defined as follows:

(a) "Other order plant" means a plant that is fully subject to the pricing and pooling provisions of another order issued pursuant to the Act, unless such plant is qualified as a pool plant pursuant to § 1006.10 and a greater volume of fluid milk products is disposed of from such plant in this marketing area on routes and to pool plants qualified on the basis of route distribution in this marketing area than in the marketing area regulated pursuant to such other order.

(b) "Producer-handler plant" means a plant operated by a producer-handler as defined in any order (including this part) issued pursuant to the Act.

(c) "Exempt distributing plant" means a distributing plant operated by a governmental agency.

(d) "Partially regulated distributing plant" means a nonpool plant that is a distributing plant and is not an other order plant, a producer-handler plant or an exempt distributing plant.

(e) "Unregulated supply plant" means a nonpool plant that is a supply plant and is not an other order plant, a producer-handler plant or an exempt distributing plant.

§ 1006.12 Route.

"Route" means a delivery (except to a plant) either direct or through any distribution facility (including disposition from a plant store, vendor or vending machine) of a fluid milk product classified as Class I pursuant to § 1006.41(a)(1).

§ 1006.13 Handler.

"Handler" means:

(a) Any person in his capacity as the operator of one or more pool plants;

(b) Any person in his capacity as the operator of a partially regulated distributing plant;

(c) Any cooperative association with respect to producer milk which it causes to be diverted from a pool plant to a nonpool plant for the account of such cooperative association;

(d) A cooperative association with respect to milk of its producer-members which is delivered from the farm to the pool plant of another handler in a tank truck owned and operated by or under contract to such cooperative association. The milk for which a cooperative association is the handler pursuant to this paragraph shall be deemed to have been received at the location of the pool plant to which it was delivered;

(e) Any person in his capacity as the operator of an other order plant that is either a distributing plant or a supply plant; and

(f) A producer-handler.

§ 1006.14 Producer-handler.

"Producer-handler" means any person who:

(a) Operates a dairy farm and a distributing plant from which the Class I disposition (except that represented by nonfat solids used in the fortification of fluid milk products) is entirely from his own farm production;

(b) Receives no fluid milk products from sources other than his own farm production; and

(c) Provides proof satisfactory to the market administrator that the care and management of the dairy animals and other resources necessary to produce all fluid milk products handled and the operation of the processing and packaging business are his personal enterprise and risk.

§ 1006.15 Producer.

"Producer" means any person, except a producer-handler as defined in any order (including this part) issued pursuant to the Act or the operator of an exempt distributing plant, who produces milk in compliance with the inspection requirements of a duly constituted health authority, which milk is received at a pool plant or diverted pursuant to § 1006.16 from a pool plant to a nonpool plant.

§ 1006.16 Producer milk.

"Producer milk" means the skim milk and butterfat contained in milk:

(a) Received at a pool plant directly from a producer or a handler pursuant to § 1006.13(d): *Provided*, That if the milk received at a pool plant from a handler pursuant to § 1006.13(d) is purchased on a basis other than farm weights, the amount by which the total farm weights of such milk exceed the weights on which the pool plant's purchases are based shall be producer milk received by the handler pursuant to § 1006.13(d) at the location of the pool plant; or

(b) Diverted from a pool plant to a nonpool plant that is neither an other order plant nor a producer-handler plant for the account of the pool plant operator or a cooperative association in any month in which not less than 10 days' production of the producer whose milk is diverted is physically received at a pool plant, subject to the following:

(1) Milk so diverted for the account of a handler operating a pool plant shall be deemed to have been received by the handler at the plant to which diverted and if diverted for the account of a cooperative association, shall be deemed to have been received by the cooperative association at the location of the plant to which diverted;

(2) If diverted from the pool plant of another handler for the account of a cooperative association, the aggregate quantity of milk of member producers of the cooperative association so diverted that exceeds 25 percent of the milk physically received from member-producers at pool plants during the month shall not be deemed to have been received at a pool plant and shall not be producer milk;

(3) If diverted by a handler operating a pool plant for his account, the aggregate quantity of producer milk so diverted that exceeds 25 percent of the aggregate quantity of milk physically received from producers at such plant during the month shall not be deemed to have been received at a pool plant and shall not be producer milk; and

(4) The diverting handler shall designate the dairy farmers whose milk is not producer milk pursuant to subparagraphs (2) and (3) of this paragraph. If the handler fails to make such designation, no milk diverted by him shall be producer milk.

§ 1006.17 Other source milk.

"Other source milk" means the skim milk and butterfat contained in or represented by:

(a) Fluid milk products and Class II products from any source except (1) producer milk, (2) fluid milk products and Class II products from pool plants, and (3) fluid milk products and Class II products in inventory at the beginning of the month;

(b) Products other than fluid milk products and Class II products from any source (including those produced at the

plant) which are reprocessed, converted into or combined with another product in the plant during the month; and

(c) Any disappearance of nonfluid products in a form in which they may be converted into a Class I product and which are not otherwise accounted for pursuant to § 1006.33.

§ 1006.18 Chicago butter price.

"Chicago butter price" means the simple average as computed by the market administrator of the daily wholesale selling prices (using the midpoint of any price range as one price) per pound of 92-score bulk creamery butter at Chicago as reported for the month by the Department.

§ 1006.19 Class II product.

"Class II product" means cream, sour cream, half and half, buttermilk, acidophilus milk and chocolate drink.

MARKET ADMINISTRATOR

§ 1006.20 Designation.

The agency for the administration of this order shall be a market administrator, selected by the Secretary, who shall be entitled to such compensation as may be determined by, and shall be subject to removal at the discretion of, the Secretary.

§ 1006.21 Powers.

The market administrator shall have the following powers with respect to this part:

(a) To administer its terms and provisions;

(b) To make rules and regulations to effectuate its terms and provisions;

(c) To receive, investigate, and report to the Secretary complaints of violations; and

(d) To recommend amendments to the Secretary.

§ 1006.22 Duties.

The market administrator shall perform all duties necessary to administer the terms and provisions of this part, including but not limited to the following:

(a) Within 30 days following the date on which he enters upon his duties, or such lesser period as may be prescribed by the Secretary, execute and deliver to the Secretary a bond, effective as of the date on which he enters upon his duties and conditioned upon the faithful performance of such duties, in an amount and with surety thereon satisfactory to the Secretary;

(b) Employ and fix the compensation of such persons as may be necessary to enable him to administer its terms and provisions;

(c) Obtain a bond in a reasonable amount, and with reasonable surety thereon, covering each employee who handles funds entrusted to the market administrator;

(d) Pay out of the funds received pursuant to § 1006.77 the cost of his bond and of the bonds of his employees, his own compensation, and all other expenses except those incurred under § 1006.76, necessarily incurred by him in the maintenance and functioning of his office and in the performance of his duties;

(e) Keep such books and records as will clearly reflect the transactions provided for in this part, and upon request by the Secretary, surrender the same to such other person as the Secretary may designate;

(f) Publicly announce at his discretion, unless otherwise directed by the Secretary, by posting in a conspicuous place in his office and by such other means as he deems appropriate, the name of any person who, after the date upon which he is required to perform such acts, has not made either reports pursuant to §§ 1006.30 through 1006.32 or payments pursuant to §§ 1006.70, 1006.74, 1006.76, 1006.77, and 1006.78;

(g) Submit his books and records to examination by the Secretary and furnish such information and reports as may be requested by the Secretary;

(h) Verify all reports and payments of each handler by audit of such handler's records and of the records of any other handler or person upon whose utilization the classification of skim milk and butterfat for such handler depends, and by such investigation as the market administrator deems necessary.

(i) Prepare and disseminate to the public such statistics and such information as he deems advisable and as do not reveal confidential information;

(j) Publicly announce on or before:

(1) The 5th day of each month the Class I price and Class I butterfat differential, both for the current month;

(2) The 5th day of each month the Class II and Class III prices and the corresponding butterfat differentials, all for the preceding month; and

(3) The 11th day of each month the uniform price and the producer butterfat differential, both for the preceding month;

(k) On or before the 12th day after the end of each month, report to each cooperative association, upon request by such association, the percentage of the milk caused to be delivered by the cooperative association for its members which was utilized in each class at each pool plant receiving such milk. For the purpose of this report, the milk so received shall be allocated to each class at each pool plant in the same ratio as all producer milk received at such plant during the month;

(l) Whenever required for purposes of allocating receipts from other order plants pursuant to § 1006.45(a)(10) and the corresponding step of § 1006.45(b), the market administrator shall estimate and publicly announce the utilization (to the nearest whole percentage) in each class during the month of skim milk and butterfat, respectively, in producer milk of all handlers. Such estimate shall be based upon the most current available data and shall be final for such purpose;

(m) Report to the market administrator of the other order, as soon as possible after the report of receipts and utilization for the month is received from a handler who has received skim milk and butterfat in the form of fluid milk products from an other order plant, the classification to which such receipts are allocated pursuant to § 1006.45 pursuant to such report, and thereafter any change in such allocation required to correct errors disclosed in verification of such reports; and

(n) Furnish to each handler operating a pool plant who has shipped fluid milk products to an other order plant, the classification to which such fluid milk products were allocated by the market administrator of the other order on the basis of the report of the receiving handler; and, as necessary, any changes in such classification arising in the verification of such report.

REPORTS, RECORDS, AND FACILITIES

§ 1006.30 Reports of receipts and utilization.

On or before the 7th day after the end of each month, each handler (except a handler pursuant to § 1006.13 (e) or (f)) shall report to the market administrator for such month with respect to each plant at which milk is received, reporting in detail and on forms prescribed by the market administrator;

(a) The quantities of skim milk and butterfat contained in or represented by:

(1) Producer milk (or, in the case of handlers pursuant to § 1006.13(b), Grade A milk received from dairy farmers);

(2) Fluid milk products and Class II products received from pool plants of other handlers;

(3) Other source milk;

(4) Milk diverted to nonpool plants pursuant to § 1006.16; and

(5) Inventories of fluid milk products and Class II products at the beginning and end of the month;

(b) The utilization of all skim milk and butterfat required to be reported pursuant to this section, including a separate statement showing the respective amounts of skim milk and butterfat disposed of as Class I milk in the marketing area on routes; and

(c) Such other information with respect to the receipts and utilization of skim milk and butterfat as the market administrator may prescribe.

§ 1006.31 Producer payroll reports.

(a) Each handler pursuant to § 1006.13 (a), (c), and (d) shall report to the market administrator in detail and on forms prescribed by the market administrator on or before the 20th day after the end of the month his producer payroll for such month which shall show for each producer:

(1) His identity;

(2) The quantity of milk received from such producer and the number of days, if less than the entire month, on which milk was received from such producer;

(3) The average butterfat content of such milk; and

(4) The net amount of such handler's payment, together with the price paid and the amount and nature of any deductions.

(b) Each handler operating a partially regulated distributing plant who does not elect to make payments pur-

suant to § 1006.62(b) shall report to the market administrator on or before the 20th day after the end of the month the same information required of handlers pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section. In such report, payments to dairy farmers delivering Grade A milk shall be reported in lieu of payments to producers.

§ 1006.32 Other reports.

(a) Each producer-handler shall make reports to the market administrator at such time and in such manner as the market administrator may prescribe.

(b) Each handler who operates an other order plant shall report total receipts and utilization or disposition of skim milk and butterfat at the plant at such time and in such manner as the market administrator may require and allow verification of such reports by the market administrator.

(c) Each handler pursuant to § 1006.13 (d) shall report to the market administrator, in detail and on forms prescribed by the market administrator on or before the 7th day after the end of the month the quantities of skim milk and butterfat in producer milk delivered to each pool plant in such month.

§ 1006.33 Records and facilities.

Each handler shall maintain and make available to the market administrator during the usual hours of business such accounts and records of his operations together with such facilities as are necessary for the market administrator to verify or establish the correct data for each month, with respect to:

(a) The receipt and utilization of all skim milk and butterfat handled in any form during the month;

(b) The weights and butterfat and other content of all milk and milk products handled during the month;

(c) The pounds of skim milk and butterfat contained in or represented by all milk products in inventory at the beginning and end of each month; and

(d) Payments to dairy farmers and cooperative associations, including the amount and nature of any deductions and the disbursement of money so deducted.

§ 1006.34 Retention of records.

All books and records required under this part to be made available to the market administrator shall be retained by the handler for a period of 3 years to begin at the end of the month to which such books and records pertain: *Provided*, That if, within such 3-year period, the market administrator notifies the handler in writing that the retention of such books and records, or of specified books and records, is necessary in connection with a proceeding under section 8c(15)(A) of the Act or a court action specified in such notice, the handler shall retain such books and records or specified books and records until further notification from the market administrator. In either case, the market administrator shall give further written notification to the handler promptly upon the termination of the litigation or when the records are no longer necessary in connection therewith.

CLASSIFICATION OF MILK

§ 1006.40 Skim milk and butterfat to be classified.

The skim milk and butterfat required to be reported pursuant to § 1006.30 shall be classified each month pursuant to the provisions of §§ 1006.41 through 1006.45: *Provided*, That such skim milk and butterfat shall be Class I milk unless the handler who first receives such skim milk or butterfat proves to the market administrator that such skim milk or butterfat should be classified otherwise.

§ 1006.41 Classes of utilization.

Subject to the conditions set forth in § 1006.43, the classes of utilization shall be as follows:

(a) *Class I milk.* Class I milk shall be all skim milk and butterfat:

(1) Disposed of in the form of a fluid milk product, except as provided in paragraphs (b)(2) and (c)(2), (3), and (4) of this section; and

(2) Not accounted for as Class II or Class III milk.

(b) *Class II milk.* Class II milk shall be all skim milk and butterfat:

(1) Disposed of in the form of a Class II product, except as provided in paragraph (c)(2), (3), and (4) of this section; and

(2) In inventory of fluid milk products and Class II products at the end of the month.

(c) *Class III milk.* Class III milk shall be:

(1) Skim milk and butterfat used to produce frozen desserts (e.g., ice cream, ice cream mix), eggnog, yogurt, aerated cream products, butter, cheese (including cottage cheese), evaporated and condensed milk (plain or sweetened), nonfat dry milk, dry whole milk, dry whey, condensed or dry buttermilk, and sterilized products in hermetically sealed containers;

(2) Skim milk and butterfat in fluid milk products and in Class II products disposed of by a handler for livestock feed;

(3) Skim milk and butterfat in fluid milk products and in Class II products dumped by a handler after notification to, and opportunity for verification by, the market administrator;

(4) Skim milk represented by the nonfat solids added to a fluid milk product or Class II product which is in excess of an equivalent volume of such product prior to the addition;

(5) Skim milk and butterfat, respectively, in shrinkage at each pool plant (except in milk diverted to a nonpool plant pursuant to § 1006.16) but not in excess of:

(i) 2 percent of producer milk (except that received from a handler pursuant to § 1006.13(d));

(ii) Plus 1.5 percent of producer milk received from a handler pursuant to § 1006.13(d): *Provided*, That if the handler receiving such milk files notice with the market administrator that he is purchasing such milk on the basis of farm weights, the applicable percentage pursuant to this subdivision shall be 2 percent;

(iii) Plus 1.5 percent of bulk fluid milk products received from other pool plants;

(iv) Plus 1.5 percent of bulk fluid milk products received from other order plants exclusive of the quantity for which Class II or Class III utilization was requested by the operators of both plants;

(v) Plus 1.5 percent of bulk fluid milk products from unregulated supply plants exclusive of the quantity for which Class II or Class III utilization was requested by the handler;

(vi) Less 1.5 percent of bulk fluid milk products transferred to other plants; and

(6) Skim milk and butterfat in shrinkage of other source milk allocated pursuant to § 1006.42(b)(2).

§ 1006.42 Shrinkage.

The market administrator shall allocate shrinkage over each pool plant's receipts as follows:

(a) Compute the total shrinkage of skim milk and butterfat, respectively, for each pool plant; and

(b) Prorate the resulting amounts between the receipts of skim milk and butterfat, respectively, in:

(1) The net quantity of producer milk and other fluid milk products specified in § 1006.41(c)(5); and

(2) Other source milk exclusive of that specified in § 1006.41(c)(5).

§ 1006.43 Transfers.

Skim milk or butterfat shall be classified:

(a) At the utilization indicated by the operators of both plants, otherwise as Class I milk, if transferred in the form of a fluid milk product or a Class II product from a pool plant to the pool plant of another handler, subject to the following conditions:

(1) The skim milk or butterfat so assigned to each class shall be limited to the amount thereof remaining in such class in the transferee plant after computations pursuant to § 1006.45(a)(10) and the corresponding step of § 1006.45(b);

(2) If the transferor plant received during the month other source milk to be allocated pursuant to § 1006.45(a)(3), the skim milk and butterfat so transferred shall be classified so as to allocate the least possible Class I utilization to such other source milk; and

(3) If the transferor handler received during the month other source milk to be allocated pursuant to § 1006.45(a)(9) or (10) and the corresponding steps of § 1006.45(b), the skim milk and butterfat so transferred up to the total of such receipts shall not be classified as Class I milk to a greater extent than would be applicable to a like quantity of such other source milk received at the transferee plant.

(b) As Class I milk, if transferred or diverted in the form of a fluid milk product or a Class II product to a nonpool plant that is not an other order plant, a producer-handler plant or an exempt distributing plant unless the requirements of subparagraphs (1) and (2) of

this paragraph are met, in which case the skim milk and butterfat so transferred or diverted shall be classified in accordance with the assignment resulting from subparagraph (3) of this paragraph:

(1) The transferring or diverting handler claims classification in Class II or Class III in his report submitted pursuant to § 1006.30;

(2) The operator of such nonpool plant maintains books and records showing the utilization of all skim milk and butterfat received at such plant which are made available if requested by the market administrator for the purpose of verification; and

(3) The skim milk and butterfat so transferred shall be classified on the basis of the following assignment of utilization at such nonpool plant in excess of receipts of packaged fluid milk products from all pool plants and other order plants:

(i) Any Class I utilization disposed of on routes in the marketing area shall be first assigned to the skim milk and butterfat in the fluid milk products so transferred or diverted from pool plants, next pro rata to such receipts from other order plants and thereafter to receipts from dairy farmers who the market administrator determines constitute the regular source of supply of Grade A milk for such nonpool plant;

(ii) Any Class I utilization disposed of on routes in the marketing area of another order issued pursuant to the Act shall be first assigned to the skim milk and butterfat in receipts of fluid milk products transferred or diverted from plants fully regulated by such order, next pro rata to such receipts from pool plants and other order plants not regulated by such order, and thereafter to receipts from dairy farmers who the market administrator determines constitute the regular source of supply for such nonpool plant;

(iii) Class I utilization in excess of that assigned pursuant to subdivisions (i) and (ii) of this subparagraph shall be assigned first to remaining receipts from dairy farmers who the market administrator determines constitute the regular source of supply for such nonpool plant and Class I utilization in excess of such receipts shall be assigned pro rata to unassigned receipts at such nonpool plant from all pool and other order plants;

(iv) To the extent that Class I utilization is not so assigned to it, the skim milk and butterfat in fluid milk products so transferred shall be classified as Class III milk to the extent available and the remainder as Class II milk; and

(v) To the extent that Class I or Class III utilization is not assigned to it, the skim milk and butterfat in Class II products so transferred shall be classified as Class II milk.

(c) As follows, if transferred in the form of a fluid milk product or Class II product to an other order plant in excess of receipts from such plant in the same category as described in subparagraph (1), (2), or (3) of this paragraph:

(1) If transferred in packaged form, classification shall be in the classes to which allocated under the other order;

(2) If transferred in bulk form, classification shall be in the classes to which allocated under the other order (including allocation under the conditions set forth in subparagraph (3) of this paragraph);

(3) If the operators of both the transferor and transferee plants so request in the reports of receipts and utilization filed with their respective market administrators, transfers in bulk form shall be classified as Class II or Class III to the extent of the Class II or Class III utilization (or comparable utilization under such other order) available for such assignment pursuant to the allocation provisions of the transferee order;

(4) If information concerning the classification to which allocated under the other order is not available to the market administrator for purposes of establishing classification pursuant to this paragraph, classification shall be as Class I subject to adjustment when such information is available;

(5) For purposes of this paragraph, if the transferee order provides for more than two classes of utilization, skim milk and butterfat allocated to a class consisting primarily of fluid milk products shall be classified as Class I, and allocations to other classes shall be classified in a comparable classification as Class II or Class III milk; and

(6) If the form in which any fluid milk product is transferred to an other order plant is not defined as a fluid milk product under such other order, classification shall be in accordance with the provisions of § 1006.41.

(d) As Class II (to the extent of such utilization in the transferee plant) if transferred to the plant of a producer-handler in the form of a Class II product, unless a Class III classification is requested by the operators of both plants and sufficient Class III utilization is available in the transferee plant.

(e) As Class I milk if transferred or diverted in the form of a fluid milk product, and as Class II milk if transferred in the form of a Class II product, from a pool plant to an exempt distributing plant.

§ 1006.44 Computation of skim milk and butterfat in each class.

For each month, the market administrator shall correct for mathematical and other obvious errors all reports submitted pursuant to § 1006.30 and from such reports, shall compute for each handler the total pounds of skim milk and butterfat in each class: *Provided*, That if any of the water contained in the milk from which a product is made is removed before the product is utilized or disposed of by a handler, the pounds of skim milk used or disposed of in such product shall be considered to be a quantity equivalent to the nonfat milk solids contained in such product plus all the water originally associated with such solids.

§ 1006.45 Allocation of skim milk and butterfat classified.

After making the computations pursuant to § 1006.44, the market administrator shall determine the classification of producer milk for each handler for each month as follows:

(a) Skim milk shall be allocated in the following manner:

(1) Subtract from the total pounds of skim milk in Class III the pounds of skim milk classified as Class III pursuant to § 1006.41(c)(5);

(2) Subtract from the remaining pounds of skim milk in each class the pounds of skim milk in fluid milk products received in packaged form from other order plants as follows:

(i) From Class III milk, the lesser of the pounds remaining or the quantity associated with such receipts and classified as Class III pursuant to § 1006.41(c)(4) plus 2 percent of the remainder of such receipts; and

(ii) From Class I milk, the remainder of such receipts;

(3) Subtract in the order specified below from the pounds of skim milk remaining in each class, in series beginning with Class III, the pounds of skim milk in each of the following:

(i) Other source milk in a form other than that of a fluid milk product or a Class II product;

(ii) Receipts of fluid milk products for which Grade A certification is not established, or which are from unidentified sources;

(iii) Receipts of fluid milk products from a producer-handler, as defined under this or any other Federal order; and

(iv) Receipts of fluid milk products from an exempt distributing plant;

(4) Subtract from the remaining pounds of skim milk in each class, in series beginning with Class III (and then Class II), the pounds of skim milk in Class II products received from nonpool plants for which the handler requests a Class III utilization;

(5) Subtract from the pounds of skim milk remaining in Class II and Class III, pro rata to such quantities, the pounds of skim milk in Class II products received from nonpool plants that were not subtracted pursuant to subparagraph (4) of this paragraph;

(6) Subtract, in the order specified below, from the pounds of skim milk remaining in Class III and/or Class II (beginning with Class III unless otherwise specified below) but not in excess of such quantity or quantities:

(i) Receipts of fluid milk products from unregulated supply plants:

(*a*) For which the handler requests such utilization; or

(*b*) Which are in excess of the pounds of skim milk determined by subtracting from 125 percent of the pounds of skim milk remaining in Class I milk, the sum of the pounds of skim milk in producer milk, in receipts of fluid milk products from pool plants of other handlers, and in receipts of fluid milk products in bulk from other order plants; and

(ii) Receipts of fluid milk products in bulk from an other order plant in excess of similar transfers to such plant, if Class III or Class II utilization was requested by the operator of such plant and the handler;

(7) Subtract from the remaining pounds of skim milk in each class, in series beginning with Class II milk (and then Class I), the pounds of skim milk in inventory of fluid milk products and Class II products at the beginning of the month;

(8) Add to the remaining pounds of skim milk in Class III milk the pounds of skim milk subtracted pursuant to subparagraph (1) of this paragraph;

(9) Subtract from the pounds of skim milk remaining in each class, pro rata to such quantities, the pounds of skim milk in receipts of fluid milk products from unregulated supply plants that were not subtracted pursuant to subparagraph (6)(i) of this paragraph;

(10) Subtract from the pounds of skim milk remaining in each class, in the following order, the pounds of skim milk in receipts of fluid milk products in bulk from other order plants, in excess in each case of similar transfers to the same plant, that were not subtracted pursuant to subparagraph (6)(ii) of this paragraph:

(i) In series beginning with Class III, and thereafter from Class II, the pounds determined by multiplying the pounds of such receipts by the larger of the percentage of estimated Class II and Class III utilization of skim milk announced for the month by the market administrator pursuant to § 1006.22(l) or the percentage that Class II and Class III utilization remaining is of the total remaining utilization of skim milk of the handler; and

(ii) From Class I, the remaining pounds of such receipts;

(11) Subtract from the remaining pounds of skim milk in each class the pounds of skim milk in fluid milk products and in Class II products received from pool plants of other handlers according to the classification of such products pursuant to § 1006.43(a); and

(12) If the pounds of skim milk remaining exceed the pounds of skim milk in producer milk, subtract such excess from the pounds of skim milk remaining in each class in series beginning with Class III. Any amount so subtracted shall be known as "overage";

(b) Butterfat shall be allocated in accordance with the procedure outlined for skim milk in paragraph (a) of this section;

(c) Determine the weighted average butterfat content of producer milk in each class as computed pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.

MINIMUM PRICES

§ 1006.50 Basic formula price.

The basic formula price shall be the average price per hundredweight for manufacturing grade milk, f.o.b. plants in Wisconsin and Minnesota, as reported by the Department for the month. Such price shall be adjusted to a 3.5 percent butterfat basis by a butterfat differential (rounded to the nearest one-tenth cent) at the rate of the Chicago butter price times 0.12 and rounded to the nearest cent.

§ 1006.51 Class prices.

Subject to the provisions of §§ 1006.52 and 1006.53, the class prices per hundredweight for the month shall be as follows:

(a) *Class I price.* For the first 18 months from the effective date of this section, the Class I price shall be the basic formula price for the preceding month plus $2.80.

(b) *Class II price.* The Class II price shall be the basic formula price for the month plus $1.

(c) *Class III price.* The Class III price shall be the basic formula price for the month plus 15 cents.

§ 1006.52 Butterfat differentials to handlers.

For milk containing more or less than 3.5 percent butterfat, the class prices pursuant to § 1006.51 shall be increased or decreased, respectively, for each one-tenth percent butterfat at the following rates:

(a) Class I price, 7.5 cents;

(b) Class II price, 7.5 cents; and

(c) Class III price, 0.115 times the Chicago butter price for the month.

§ 1006.53 Location differentials to handlers.

(a) The Class I price for producer milk and other source milk (for which a location adjustment is applicable) at a plant south of Dixie, Gilchrist, Alachua, Putnam or St. Johns Counties, Fla., shall be increased 10 cents and at a plant outside the State of Florida and 70 miles or more from the nearer of the City Halls in Jacksonville and Tallahassee, Fla., shall be reduced 10 cents and an additional 1.5 cents for each 10 miles or fraction thereof that such plant is more than 85 miles from the nearer of the Jacksonville and Tallahassee City Halls.

(b) For the purpose of calculating location differentials, receipts of fluid milk products from pool plants shall be assigned any remainder of Class I milk at the transferee plant that is in excess of the sum of producer milk receipts at such plant and that assigned as Class I to receipts from other order plants and unregulated supply plants. Such assignment shall be made in sequence according to the location differential applicable at each plant, beginning with the plant nearest the City Hall in Jacksonville, Orlando or Tallahassee, Fla.

§ 1006.54 Use of equivalent prices.

If for any reason a price quotation required by this part for computing class prices or for other purposes is not available in the manner described, the market administrator shall use a price determined by the Secretary to be equivalent to the price that is required.

APPLICATION OF PRICES

§ 1006.60 Computation of the net pool obligation of each handler.

The net pool obligation of each handler pursuant to § 1006.13 (a), (c), and (d) during each month shall be a sum of money computed by the market administrator as follows:

(a) Multiply the quantity of producer milk in each class as computed pursuant to § 1006.45(c) by the applicable class price;

(b) Add the amount obtained from multiplying the overage deducted from each class pursuant to § 1006.45(a)(12) and the corresponding step of § 1006.45 (b) by the applicable class prices;

(c) Add the amount obtained from multiplying the difference between the Class II price for the preceding month and the Class I price for the current month by the hundredweight of skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to § 1006.45(a)(7) and the corresponding step of § 1006.45(b);

(d) Add an amount equal to the difference between the Class I and Class III price values at the pool plant of the skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to § 1006.45(a)(3) and the corresponding step of § 1006.45(b);

(e) Add the value at the Class I price adjusted for location of the nearest nonpool plant(s) from which an equivalent volume was received, of the skim milk and butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to § 1006.45(a)(9) and the corresponding step of § 1006.45(b).

§ 1006.61 Computation of uniform price.

For each month, the market administrator shall compute a uniform price as follows:

(a) Combine into one total the values computed pursuant to § 1006.60 for all handlers who filed the reports pursuant to § 1006.30 for the month, except those in default of payments required pursuant to § 1006.74 for the preceding month;

(b) Add or subtract for each one-tenth percent that the average butterfat content of milk represented by the values specified in paragraph (a) of this section is less or more, respectively, than 3.5 percent, the amount obtained by multiplying such difference by the butterfat differential pursuant to § 1006.71 and multiply the result by the total hundredweight of such milk;

(c) Add an amount equal to the total value of the minus location differentials computed pursuant to § 1006.72(a);

(d) Subtract an amount equal to the total value of the plus location differentials computed pursuant to § 1006.72(a);

(e) Add an amount equal to one-half the unobligated balance in the producer-settlement fund;

(f) Divide the resulting amount by the sum of the following for all handlers included in these computations;

(1) The total hundredweight of producer milk; and

(2) The total hundredweight for which a value is computed pursuant to § 1006.60(e); and

(g) Subtract not less than 4 cents nor more than 5 cents per hundredweight.

§ 1006.62 Obligations of handler operating a partially regulated distributing plant.

Each handler who operates a partially regulated distributing plant shall pay to the market administrator for the producer-settlement fund on or before the 25th day after the end of the month either of the amounts (at the handler's election) calculated pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of this section. If the handler fails to report pursuant to §§ 1006.30 and 1006.31(b) the information necessary to compute the amount specified in paragraph (a) of this section, he shall pay the amount computed pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section:

(a) An amount computed as follows:

(1) The obligation that would have been computed pursuant to § 1006.60 at such plant shall be determined as though such plant were a pool plant. For purposes of such computation, receipts at such nonpool plant from a pool plant or an other order plant shall be assigned to the utilization at which classified at the pool plant or other order plant and transfers from such nonpool plant to a pool plant or an other order plant shall be classified as Class II or Class III milk if allocated to such class at the pool plant or other order plant and be valued at the uniform price of the respective order if so allocated to Class I milk. There shall be included in the obligation so computed a charge in the amount specified in § 1006.60(e) and a credit in the amount specified in § 1006.74(b)(2) with respect to receipts from an unregulated supply plant, unless an obligation with respect to such plant is computed as specified below in this subparagraph. If the operator of the partially regulated distributing plant so requests, and provides with his report pursuant to § 1006.30 a similar report for each nonpool plant which serves as a supply plant for such partially regulated distributing plant by shipments to such plant during the month equivalent to the requirements of § 1006.10(b), with agreement of the operator of such plant that the market administrator may examine the books and records of such plant for purposes of verification of such reports, there will be added the amount of the obligation computed at such nonpool supply plant in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as for the partially regulated distributing plant.

(2) From this obligation, deduct the sum of:

(i) The gross payments made by such handler for Grade A milk received during the month from dairy farmers at such plant and like payments made by the operator of a supply plant(s) included in the computations pursuant to subparagraph (1) of this paragraph; and

(ii) Payments to the producer-settlement fund of another order under which such plant is also a partially regulated distributing plant.

(b) An amount computed as follows:

(1) Determine the respective amounts of skim milk and butterfat disposed of as Class I milk in the marketing area on routes;

(2) Deduct (except that deducted under a similar provision of another order issued pursuant to the Act) the respective amounts of skim milk and butterfat received as Class I milk at the partially regulated distributing plant from pool plants and other order plants;

(3) Combine the amounts of skim milk and butterfat remaining into one total and determine the weighted average butterfat content; and

(4) From the value of such milk at the Class I price applicable at the location of the nonpool plant, subtract its value at the uniform price applicable at such location or at the Class III price, whichever is higher.

PAYMENTS

§ 1006.70 Time and method of payment.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, each handler shall make payment for producer milk as follows:

(1) On or before the 20th day of the month to each producer who had not discontinued shipping milk to such handler before the 15th day of the month, not less than 85 percent of the uniform price for the preceding month (not less than $5 for the first month this provision is in effect) per hundredweight of milk received during the first 15 days of the month, less proper deductions authorized in writing by such producer;

(2) On or before the 5th day of the following month to each producer who had not discontinued shipping milk to such handler before the last day of the month, not less than 85 percent of the uniform price for the preceding month (not less than $5 for the first month this provision is in effect) per hundredweight of milk received from the 16th through the last day of the month, less proper deductions authorized in writing by such producer; and

(3) On or before the 15th day of each month to each producer for milk received during the preceding month, not less than the uniform price per hundredweight, adjusted pursuant to §§ 1006.71, 1006.72, and 1006.76, subject to the following:

(i) Minus payments made pursuant to subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph;

(ii) Less proper deductions authorized in writing by such producer; and

(iii) If by such date such handler has not received full payment from the market administrator pursuant to § 1006.75 for such month, he may reduce pro rata his payments to producers by not more than the amount of such underpayment. Payment to producers shall be completed thereafter not later than the date for making payments pursuant to this paragraph next following after receipt of the balance due from the market administrator.

(b) In the case of a cooperative association which the market administrator determines is authorized by its members to collect payment for their milk and which has so requested any handler in writing, together with a written promise of such association to reimburse the handler the amount of any actual loss incurred by him because of any improper claim on the part of the association, such handler on or before the second day prior to the date on which payments are due individual producers, shall pay the cooperative association for milk received during the month from the producer-members of such association as determined by the market administrator an amount not less than the total due such producer-members pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, subject to the following:

(1) Payment pursuant to this paragraph shall be made for milk received from any producer beginning on the first day of the month following receipt from the cooperative association of its certification that such producer is a member, and continuing through the last day of the month next preceding receipt of notice from the cooperative association of a termination of membership or until the original request is rescinded in writing by the cooperative association; and

(2) Copies of the written request of the cooperative association to receive payments on behalf of its members, together with its promise to reimburse and its certified list of members shall be submitted simultaneously both to the handler and to the market administrator and shall be subject to verification by the market administrator at his discretion, through audit of the records of the cooperative association. Exceptions, if any, to the accuracy of such certification claimed by any producer or by a handler shall be made by written notice to the market administrator and shall be subject to his determination.

§ 1006.71 Butterfat differential to producers.

The uniform price shall be increased or decreased for each one-tenth percent that the butterfat content of such milk, is above or below 3.5 percent, respectively, at the rate (rounded to the nearest one-tenth cent) determined by multiplying the pounds of butterfat in producer milk allocated to each class pursuant to § 1006.45 by the respective butterfat differential for each class.

§ 1006.72 Location differentials to producers and on nonpool milk.

(a) The uniform price for producer milk received at a pool plant shall be reduced or increased according to the location of the pool plant at the rates set forth in § 1006.53; and

(b) For purposes of computations pursuant to §§ 1006.74 and 1006.75, the uniform price shall be adjusted at the rates set forth in § 1006.53 applicable at the location of the nonpool plant from which the milk was received.

§ 1006.73 Producer-settlement fund.

The market administrator shall maintain a separate fund known as the "producer-settlement fund" into which he shall deposit all payments into such fund

pursuant to §§ 1006.62 and 1006.74 and out of which he shall make all payments from such fund pursuant to § 1006.75: *Provided,* That the market administrator shall offset the payment due to a handler against payments due from such handler.

§ 1006.74 Payments to the producer-settlement fund.

On or before the 12th day after the end of the month, each handler shall pay to the market administrator the amount, if any, by which the total amounts specified in paragraph (a) of this section exceed the amounts specified in paragraph (b) of this section:

(a) The net pool obligation pursuant to § 1006.60 for such handler; and

(b) The sum of:

(1) The value of such handler's producer milk at the applicable uniform price; and

(2) The value at the uniform price applicable at the location of the plant(s) from which received (not to be less than the value at the Class III price) of other source milk for which a value is computed pursuant to § 1006.60(e).

§ 1006.75 Payments from the producer-settlement fund.

On or before the 13th day after the end of each month, the market administrator shall pay to each handler the amount, if any, by which the amount computed pursuant to § 1006.74(b) exceeds the amount computed pursuant to § 1006.74(a). If, at such time, the balance in the producer-settlement fund is insufficient to make all payments pursuant to this section, the market administrator shall reduce uniformly such payments and shall complete such payments as soon as the funds are available.

§ 1006.76 Marketing services.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, each handler in making payments for producer milk received during the month shall deduct 4 cents per hundredweight or such lesser amount as the Secretary may prescribe (except on such handler's own farm production) and shall pay such deductions to the market administrator not later than the 15th day after the end of the month. Such money shall be used by the market administrator to verify or establish weights, samples and tests of producer milk and to provide producers with market information. Such services shall be performed in whole or in part by the market administrator or by an agent engaged by and responsible to him.

(b) In the case of producers for whom a cooperative association is performing, as determined by the Secretary, the services set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, each handler shall make, in lieu of the deductions specified in paragraph (a) of this section, such deductions as are authorized by such producers and, on or before the 15th day after the end of each month, pay over such deductions to the association rendering such services.

§ 1006.77 Expense of administration.

As his pro rata share of the expense of administration of this part, each handler shall pay to the market administrator on or before the 15th day after the end of the month 4 cents per hundredweight or such lesser amount as the Secretary may prescribe with respect to:

(a) Producer milk (including such handler's own production);

(b) Other source milk allocated to Class I pursuant to § 1006.45(a) (3) and (9) and the corresponding steps of § 1006.45(b); and

(c) Class I milk disposed of in the marketing area from a partially regulated distributing plant that exceeds the hundredweight of Class I milk received during the month at such plant from pool plants and other order plants.

§ 1006.78 Adjustment of accounts.

When verification by the market administrator of reports or payments of a handler discloses errors resulting in monies due the market administrator from such handler, such handler from the market administrator, or a producer or cooperative association from such handler, the market administrator shall promptly notify such handler of any amount so due and payment thereof shall be made not later than the date for making payment next following such disclosure.

§ 1006.79 Interest payments.

The unpaid obligation of a handler pursuant to §§ 1006.74, 1006.76, 1006.77, and 1006.78 shall be increased one-half of 1 percent for each month or portion thereof that such obligation is overdue.

§ 1006.80 Termination of obligations.

The provisions of this section shall apply to any obligation under this part for the payment of money.

(a) The obligation of any handler to pay money required to be paid under the terms of this part shall, except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, terminate 2 years after the last day of the month during which the market administrator receives the handler's utilization report on the milk involved in such obligation, unless within such 2-year period, the market administrator notifies the handler in writing that such money is due and payable. Service of such notice shall be complete upon mailing to the handler's last known address, and it shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following information:

(1) The amount of the obligation;

(2) The month(s) during which the milk, with respect to which the obligation exists, was received or handled; and

(3) If the obligation is payable to one or more producers or to an association of producers, the name of such producer(s) or association of producers, or if the obligation is payable to the market administrator, the account for which it is to be paid;

(b) If a handler fails or refuses, with respect to any obligation under this part, to make available to the market administrator or his representative all books and records required by this part to be made available, the market administrator may, within the 2-year period provided for in paragraph (a) of this section, notify the handler in writing of such failure or refusal. If the market administrator so notifies a handler, the said 2-year period with respect to such obligation shall not begin to run until the first day of the month following the month during which all such books and records pertaining to such obligation are made available to the market administrator or his representative;

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, a handler's obligation under this part to pay money shall not be terminated with respect to any transaction involving fraud or willful concealment of a fact, material to the obligation, on the part of the handler against whom the obligation is sought to be imposed; and

(d) Any obligation on the part of the market administrator to pay a handler any money which such handler claims to be due him under the terms of this part shall terminate 2 years after the end of the month during which the milk involved in the claims was received if an underpayment is claimed, or 2 years after the end of the month during which the payment (including deduction or set-off by the market administrator) was made by the handler, if a refund on such payment is claimed, unless such handler, within the applicable period of time, files, pursuant to section 8c(15)(A) of the Act, a petition claiming such money.

EFFECTIVE TIME, SUSPENSION, OR TERMINATION

§ 1006.90 Effective time.

The provisions of this part or any amendment thereto shall become effective at such time as the Secretary may declare and shall continue in force until suspended or terminated.

§ 1006.91 Suspension or termination.

The Secretary shall suspend or terminate any or all provisions of this part whenever he finds that they obstruct or do not tend to effectuate the declared policy of the Act. This part shall, in any event, terminate whenever the provisions of the Act authorizing it cease to be in effect.

§ 1006.92 Continuing power and duty of the market administrator.

(a) If, upon the suspension or termination of any or all of the provisions of this part, there are any obligations arising hereunder, the final accrual or ascertainment of which requires further acts by any handler, by the market administrator, or by any other person, the power and duty to perform such further acts shall continue notwithstanding such suspension or termination: *Provided,* That any such acts required to be performed by the market administrator shall, if the Secretary so directs, be performed by such other person, persons or agency as the Secretary may designate.

(b) The market administrator or such other person as the Secretary may designate shall (1) continue in such capacity until discharged by the Secretary; (2) from time to time account for all receipts

and disbursements and deliver all funds or property on hand together with the books and records of the market administrator, or such person, to such person as the Secretary shall direct; and (3) if so directed by the Secretary, execute such assignment or other instruments necessary or appropriate to vest in such person full title to all funds, property and claims vested in the market administrator or such person pursuant thereto.

§ 1006.93 Liquidation after suspension or termination.

Upon the suspension or termination of any or all provisions of this part, the market administrator, or such person as the Secretary may designate shall, if so directed by the Secretary, liquidate the business of the market administrator's office and dispose of all funds and property then in his possession or under his control together with claims for any funds which are unpaid or owing at the time of such suspension or termination. Any funds collected pursuant to the provisions of this part, over and above the amounts necessary to meet outstanding obligations and the expenses necessarily incurred by the market administrator or such person in liquidating such funds, shall be distributed to the contributing handlers and producers in an equitable manner.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

§ 1006.100 Separability of provisions.

If any provision of this part, or its application to any person or circumstances, is held invalid, the application of such provision, and of the remaining provisions of this part, to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

§ 1006.101 Agents.

The Secretary may, by designation in writing, name any officer or employee of the United States to act as his agent or representative in connection with any of the provisions of this part.

Effective date. Sections 1006.0 through 1006.45 and 1006.90 through 1006.101 shall be effective on and after December 1, 1966, and all of the remaining provisions shall be effective on and after January 1, 1967.

Signed at Washington, D.C., on November 8, 1966.

GEORGE L. MEHREN,
Assistant Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12292; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

Chapter XIV—Commodity Credit Corporation, Department of Agriculture

SUBCHAPTER C—EXPORT PROGRAMS

[Rev. I, Amdt. 11]

PART 1483—WHEAT AND FLOUR

Subpart—Flour Export Program—Cash Payment (GR-346) Terms and Conditions

The Terms and Conditions of the Flour Export Program—Cash Payment (GR-346) (25 F.R. 5816) as amended (25 F.R. 9939, 25 F.R. 10758, 27 F.R. 1753, 27 F.R. 4863, 27 F.R. 10351, 29 F.R. 4667, 29 F.R. 12010, 30 F.R. 6771, 30 F.R. 15319, and 31 F.R. 7817) are further amended as follows:

1. A new § 1483.204 is added to read as follows:

§ 1483.204 Transactions eligible for registration.

CCC will consider for registration under the terms and conditions of this subpart commercial sales transactions between an exporter and a foreign buyer as follows: (a) Sales for dollars; (b) sales for foreign currencies and sales for dollars on credit pursuant to the regulations issued under PL-480 (83d Congress) as amended; (c) sales under the CCC Export Credit Sales Program regulations involving flour milled from private stocks of wheat as defined in such program regulations; (d) sales for exportation under The Barter Program Terms and Conditions involving flour milled from wheat acquired from private stocks as defined in such terms and conditions; (e) sales financed with funds authorized by the Agency for International Development; and (f) such other sales as may be determined by CCC to be in the interest of the program. CCC will determine from the information given by the exporter in his Notice of Sale made pursuant to § 1483.225 as to the category in which each sales transaction will be registered. After a Notice of Sale is transmitted to CCC and a Notice of Registration has been issued by a Contracting Officer pursuant to § 1483.226, a request by the exporter to change the category of the sale reported to CCC and registered under this subpart to another category will not be approved unless, because of special circumstances, it is determined by the Contracting Officer to be in the best interest of CCC.

§ 1483.205 [Amended]

2. Section 1483.205 "General conditions of eligibility" is amended by changing paragraph (d)(4) to read, "a CCC barter transaction under which wheat for export as wheat flour was acquired from CCC at competitive world prices."

§ 1483.221 [Amended]

3. Section 1483.221 "Determination of rates" paragraph (e) is amended by adding at the end of the paragraph the following: "If a sale is made pursuant to the provisions of Public Law 480, as amended, and the applicable purchase authorization provides that the sale is not eligible for financing until the purchaser has obtained an import license, the sale for the purpose of determining the applicable export payment rate, shall not be considered made until in addition to other factors the exporter has been informed of the import license number applicable to the flour.

4. Section 1483.225 "Notice of Sale" paragraph (b)(1) is amended by adding a new subdivision (x) to read as follows:

§ 1483.225 Notice of Sale.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(1) * * *

(x) If the sale involves the exportation of flour milled from private stocks pursuant to a CCC barter transaction or the CCC Export Credit Sales Program or if the sale is made subject to payment with funds authorized by the Agency for International Development, the CCC barter contract number, the CCC credit approval number or the AID approval number, whichever is applicable. If such number is not available at the time the Notice of Sale is given, the exporter must state the type of transaction pursuant to which the exportation is to be made and that the number will be furnished when available.

* * * * *

§ 1483.226 [Amended]

5. Section 1483.226 "Notice of registration" paragraph (b) is amended by changing the first sentence to read as follows: "In the telegram of registration the Contracting Officer may utilize the code letters 'REP' to indicate Registered as Eligible for Payment and will utilize (1) the word 'barter' if exportation is to be made pursuant to a CCC barter transaction or (2) the word 'credit' if the sale is made pursuant to the CCC Export Credit Sales Program or (3) the word 'aid' if payment for the flour exported is to be made with funds authorized by the Agency for International Development."

6. Section 1483.227 "Declaration of Sale and evidence of sale" is amended by adding a new paragraph (b)(1)(xiii) to read as follows:

§ 1483.227 Declaration of Sale and evidence of sale.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(1) * * *

(xiii) If the sale involves the exportation of flour milled from private stocks pursuant to a CCC barter transaction or the CCC Export Credit Sales Program or if the sale is made subject to payment with funds authorized by the Agency for International Development, state the CCC barter contract number, the CCC credit approval number or the AID approval number, whichever is applicable.

* * * * *

§ 1483.241 [Amended]

7. Section 1483.241 "Cancellation of sale or failure to export" is amended by adding in paragraph (a)(3) after the word "reentry" the words "in any form or product" and by changing paragraph (c) to read as follows: "(c) If any quantity of flour exported pursuant to the exporter's contract with CCC is reentered in any form or product into the United States including Alaska, Hawaii, or Puerto Rico, whether or not such reentry is caused by the exporter, or if any flour is transshipped or caused to be transshipped in any form or product by the exporter to any country excluded by § 1483.287, the exporter shall be in default, shall refund any payment received

from CCC with respect to such quantity of flour and shall comply with the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section. To the extent the exporter establishes that the reentry was not due to his fault or negligence, he shall not be in default but shall return to CCC any payment received on such reentered flour. If the flour exported is reentered in some other form or product, the exporter agrees that the flour equivalent of such reentered product shall be determined on such basis as may be specified by CCC. If such reentered flour is subsequently reexported, it shall be eligible for export payment to the extent it complies with the other provisions of these regulations or other regulations which may provide for an export payment on such exportation. To the extent the exporter establishes that such reentered flour was lost, damaged, or destroyed, the physical condition is such that its reentry into the United States will not impair CCC's price support program, and no person received any export payment with respect to any reexportation which may occur to the flour in any form or product, the exporter shall not be in default and shall not be required to return to CCC any payment received with respect to such flour."

§ 1483.246 [Amended]

8. Section 1483.246 "Documents required as evidence of export" paragraph (a)(1) is amended by changing the first sentence to read: "If export is by water or air, a nonnegotiable copy or photostat of the on-board bill of lading issued at point of export signed by an agent of the export carrier. The bill of lading must show (i) the identification of the export carrier, (ii) the date and place of issuance, (iii) the weight of the flour, (iv) the number of containers, (v) the weight of the containers (or a certification from the exporter as to the weight of the containers), (vi) that the flour is destined for the buyer and the country of destination identified on the Declaration of Sale, or to a different consignee or country determined pursuant to § 1483.206, and (vii) the Purchase Authorization number if exportation is pursuant to Public Law 480 (83d Congress) as amended, the CCC credit approval number if exportation is pursuant to the CCC credit sales program, the CCC barter contract number if exportation is made pursuant to a CCC barter transaction, or the AID Approval number authorized by the Agency for International Development."

9. Section 1483.246(a)(4) is amended by adding after the word "certification" in the second sentence the words "by the exporter."

10. Section 1483.263 "Payment terms and financial arrangements" is amended by the addition of new paragraphs (f) and (g) as follows:

§ 1483.263 Payment terms and financial arrangements.

* * * * *

(f) On sales contracts having a date of sale prior to the effective date of this amendment but on which delivery of the wheat is made later than 90 days prior to the effective date of this amendment, the purchaser may at his option make payment of the purchase price specified in the Confirmation of Sale in the manner provided in this paragraph in lieu of making payment in certificates. If the purchaser has obtained delivery of the wheat and made financial arrangements covering the purchase price as provided in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, he may make payment by applying the cash, certified check or cashier's check furnished CCC to the purchase price or if he has furnished an irrevocable letter of credit under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, he may make payment for the purchase price of the wheat (including interest as specified in such paragraph) in cash, certified check or cashier's check or request that CCC draw on the letter of credit for such amount. The upward adjustment in price referred to in § 1483.268 for failure to submit certificates within 90 days after delivery of the wheat shall not be applicable to such sales contracts and upon request CCC will refund any financial arrangements covering the upward adjustment in price provided under paragraph (c) of this section. A purchaser who wishes to pay for the wheat in cash shall advise the ASCS Commodity Office in writing of his election accompanied by an acceptable remittance or instructions as to the application of financial coverage submitted under paragraph (b) of this section. If neither certificates nor such instructions have been received by CCC within 90 days after delivery of the wheat to the purchaser, the purchaser shall have been deemed to have acquired the wheat for cash and the financial coverage submitted under paragraph (b) of this section shall be applied to the purchase price and interest, if any. If the purchaser has not obtained delivery of the wheat, he may make payment within the period specified in paragraph (d) of this section in cash, certified check or cashier's check for the wheat to be delivered or if delivery is to be made instore, he may request that CCC draw a sight draft on him through a named bank with warehouse receipts attached or request that CCC surrender the warehouse receipts to him in a simultaneous exchange for an acceptable remittance delivered at the ASCS Commodity Office.

(g) Paragraphs (b) through (f) of this section shall be inapplicable to sales contracts having a date of sale on or after the effective date of this amendment and in lieu thereof the following shall apply. Payment of the purchase price specified in the Confirmation of Sale for any wheat purchased from CCC hereunder shall be made by surrender to the ASCS Commodity Office of certificates sufficient to pay for the wheat (1) prior to delivery of the wheat by CCC on purchases which provide for delivery within 5 days following the date of the sale, and (2) on all other purchases, not less than 5 days prior to delivery of the wheat by CCC, but in no event later than 30 days following the date of sale, unless CCC consents in writing to a different period. If the purchaser fails to make such payment within such period, CCC shall have the right to deem the purchaser in default and may avail itself of any remedy available to an unpaid seller. The purchaser shall be liable to CCC for any loss or damages resulting from such default.

§ 1483.266 [Amended]

11. Section 1483.266(a) is amended to change the second sentence to read as follows: "The flour exported shall not be reentered in any form or product by anyone into the United States including Alaska, Hawaii, or Puerto Rico, nor shall the exporter cause the flour exported to be transshipped in any form or product to any country excluded by § 1483.287."

12. Section 1483.266(c) is amended by changing the figures "2.283" under column "B" to read "2.243".

§ 1483.268 [Amended]

13. Section 1483.268 "Adjusted contract price" is amended to change in paragraph (a) the first and second sentences prior to the colon with respect to sales contracts entered into on and after the effective date of this amendment and sales contracts entered into prior to the effective date of this amendment on which delivery of wheat is made later than 90 days prior to such effective date so that such sentences shall read as follows: "Wheat is made available under this announcement at prices below the statutory minimum required under section 407 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended, for sales for unrestricted use upon condition that the purchaser complies with all applicable provisions of §§ 1483.266 and 1483.267. If the flour is not exported as required by this announcement excluding, however, the requirement as to time of exportation, the contract price with respect to the quantity of wheat involved shall be adjusted upward by the amount that such contract price is exceeded by the price which is the highest of the following in effect on the date of sale:"

14. Section 1483.268 is further amended to change the second sentence of paragraph (b) to read as follows:

(b) * * * Any upward adjustment of the contract price will not be made if CCC determines:

(1) That the flour has been reentered in any form or product into the United States including Alaska, Hawaii, or Puerto Rico due to causes without the fault or negligence of the purchaser, that an equivalent quantity of flour was, pursuant to written approval of CCC, subsequently exported to any country not excluded by § 1483.287 within the period specified by CCC, and that the purchaser submitted evidence of such exportation in accordance with § 1483.267; or

(2) That the flour placed in transit to an export location for export under this announcement or reentered in any form or product into the United States including Alaska, Hawaii, or Puerto Rico was lost, damaged, destroyed, or deteriorated and the physical condition thereof was such that its entry into domestic market channels will not impair CCC's price

support operations. *Provided*, That if insurance proceeds or other recoveries such as from carriers, exceed the purchase price of the wheat content of the flour lost, damaged, or destroyed, plus other costs incurred by the purchaser in connection with such wheat prior to the time of its loss, the amount of such excess shall be paid to CCC.

(Secs. 4 and 5, Stat. 1070 and 1072, 15 U.S.C. 714 b and c)

NOTE: The recordkeeping and reporting requirements contained herein have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Effective date: This amendment shall become effective at 3:31 p.m., e.d.t., following the time the amendment is filed with the Director, Office of the Federal Register.

Signed at Washington, D.C., on November 8, 1966.

H. D. GODFREY,
Executive Vice President,
Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12326; Filed, Nov. 9, 1966; 1:15 p.m.]

Title 15—COMMERCE AND FOREIGN TRADE

Chapter III—Bureau of International Commerce, Department of Commerce

SUBCHAPTER B—EXPORT REGULATIONS

[10th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs., Amdt. 24]

RESCISSION OF EXPORT LICENSE REQUIREMENT FOR CERTAIN CATTLE HIDES AND LEATHER

A validated license is no longer required to export the commodities listed below to any destination except Southern Rhodesia and Country Group Z which includes Communist China, North Korea, the Communist-controlled area of Vietnam, and Cuba.

These commodities may now be exported under the provisions of General License G-DEST to Country Groups T, V (except Southern Rhodesia), W, X, and Y, without the need for submitting an application to, or obtaining a validated license from, the U.S. Department of Commerce.

Export Control Commodity No. and	*Commodity Description*
21110	Cattle hides, whole.
21110	Cattle hide croupons, crops, dossets, sides, butts, and butt bends.
21110	Other cattle hides, except whole (for example, bellies, splits, shanks, heads, tails, and shoulders).
21120	Calf skins and kip skins.
61150	Cattle hide and kip side upper leather, grain, other than patent and metalized; except leather scrap.
61150	Cattle hide and kip side sole, belting, and welting leather, grain; cattle hide and kip side rough, russet, and crust leather; and whole splits, side splits, and bend splits; except leather scrap.
61150	Other cattle hide and kip side sole, belting, and welting leather, offal; and other splits, except whole, side, or splits.
61150	Cattle hide and kip side leather, n.e.c., except leather scrap.
61150	Calf and whole kip upper leather, other than lining, patent and metalized; except leather scrap.
61150	Bovine leather scrap.
61150	Calf and whole kip leather, n.e.c., other than patent and metalized; except leather scrap.

(Sec. 3, 63 Stat. 7; 50 U.S.C. App. 2023; E.O. 10945, 26 F.R. 4487, 3 CFR 1959–1963 Comp.; E.O. 11038, 27 F.R. 7003, 3 CFR 1959–1963 Comp.)

Regulations reflecting this amendment will be published as soon as practicable.

Effective date: November 7, 1966, 12 noon e.s.t.

RAUER H. MEYER,
Director, Office of Export Control.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12287; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 31—MONEY AND FINANCE: TREASURY

Chapter V—Office of Foreign Assets Control, Department of the Treasury

PART 500—FOREIGN ASSETS CONTROL REGULATIONS

Importation of Hog Bristles

Section 500.204(a)(2)(ii) is being amended to except nondyed European hog bristles from the item "bristles, hog," in the list of commodities therein. As amended the item reads as follows:

Bristles, hog (except nondyed European hog bristles).

[SEAL] MARGARET W. SCHWARTZ,
Director,
Office of Foreign Assets Control.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12238; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

PART 500—FOREIGN ASSETS CONTROL REGULATIONS

Certain Transactions With Respect to Hog Bristles

It has been established that Nepalese hog bristles, as well as Indian hog bristles processed in Nepal, can be identified by physical examination. Accordingly, paragraph (b)(2) of § 500.539 is being amended to specify that Nepalese bristles, other than soft black bristles, are excepted along with Indian bristles from the item "Asiatic hog bristles" in the exclusion provision in paragraph (b).

As amended, § 500.539 reads as follows:

§ 500.539 Certain transactions with respect to hog bristles.

(a) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (c) of this section, the purchase outside the United States for importation into the United States of hog bristles, except hog bristles specified in paragraph (b) of this section, and the importation of such merchandise into the United States for warehouse entry is authorized.

(b) This section does not authorize any transaction with respect to hog bristles which, in whole or part, consist of:

(1) Dyed hog bristles, or

(2) Asiatic hog bristles (except Indian and Nepalese hog bristles, other than soft black hog bristles).

(c) This section does not authorize the release from bonded warehouse of any hog bristles. Merchandise purchased or imported pursuant to this section will be authorized for release from Customs custody for consumption in the United States only after the Foreign Assets Control is satisfied by physical inspection of such merchandise and such other measures as may be appropriate that the merchandise does not consist, in whole or in part, of merchandise specified in paragraph (b) of this section.

[SEAL] MARGARET W. SCHWARTZ,
Director,
Office of Foreign Assets Control.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12239; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

Title 50—WILDLIFE AND FISHERIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior

PART 32—HUNTING

De Soto National Wildlife Refuge, Nebr.

The following special regulation is issued and is effective on the date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

§ 32.32 Special regulations; big game; for individual wildlife refuge areas.

NEBRASKA

DE SOTO NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Public hunting of deer on the De Soto National Wildlife Refuge, Nebr., is permitted on December 17 and 18, 1966, but only on the area designated as open to hunting. These open areas, comprising 3,350 acres are delineated on a map available at refuge headquarters and from the Regional Director, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, 1006 West Lake Street, Minneapolis, Minn. 55408. Hunting shall be in accordance with all applicable State and Federal Regulations governing the hunting of deer. The taking of coyotes as legal game shall also be permitted.

The provisions of this special regulation supplement the regulations which govern hunting on wildlife refuge areas generally which are set forth in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 32, and are effective through December 18, 1966.

KERMIT D. DYBSETTER,
Refuge Manager.

NOVEMBER 3, 1966.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12289; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 14—AERONAUTICS AND SPACE

Chapter I—Federal Aviation Agency

SUBCHAPTER F—AIR TRAFFIC AND GENERAL OPERATING RULES

[Reg. Docket No. 7704; Amdt. 509]

PART 97—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES

Miscellaneous Amendments

The amendments to the standard instrument approach procedures contained herein are adopted to become effective when indicated in order to promote safety. The amended procedures supersede the existing procedures of the same classification now in effect for the airports specified therein. For the convenience of the users, the complete procedure is republished in this amendment indicating the changes to the existing procedures.

As a situation exists which demands immediate action in the interests of safety in air commerce, I find that compliance with the notice and procedure provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act is impracticable and that good cause exists for making this amendment effective within less than 30 days from publication.

In view of the foregoing and pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (24 F.R. 5662), Part 97 (14 CFR Part 97) is amended as follows:

1. By amending the following low or medium frequency range procedures prescribed in § 97.11(a) to read:

LFR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.

If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
				T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn	NA	NA	NA
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn S side of NW crs, 277° Outbnd, 097° Inbnd, 3700′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2400′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 109°—0.9 mile.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.9 mile after passing ORT LFR turn right, climb to 3700′ on NW crs within 15 miles.
MSA within 25 miles of the facility: NE, 5000′; SE, 4100′; SW, 7000′; NW, 5000′.

City, Northway; State, Alaska; Airport name, Northway; Elev., 1716′; Fac. Class., SBRAZ; Ident., ORT; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 11; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 10; Dated, 21 Mar. 64

2. By amending the following automatic direction finding procedures prescribed in § 97.11(b) to read:

ADF STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.

If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
ANB VOR	Munford Int	Direct	2700	T-d	300-1	300-1	300-1
				T-n	500-1½	500-1½	500-1½
				C-d	1000-1½	1000-1½	1000-1½
				C-n	1000-2	1000-2	1000-2
				S-d-5#	800-1½	800-1½	800-1½
				S-n-5#	800-2	800-2	800-2
				A-dn	1000-2	1000-2	1000-2

Procedure turn N side of crs, 233° Outbnd, 053° Inbnd, 2700′ within 5 miles of Munford Int.
Minimum altitude over Munford Int on final approach crs, 2000′.
Crs and distance, Munford Int to airport, 053°—4.8 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.8 miles after passing Munford Int, or 0 mile after passing ANB RBn, climb immediately to 4000′ on R 085° of ANB VOR within 20 miles.
CAUTION: Circling approaches, avoid area N, NW, and SE of airport due high terrain.
#Reduction not authorized.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°—3200′; 090°-180°—4000′; 180°-270°—3300′; 270°-360°—2800′.

City, Anniston; State, Ala.; Airport name, Anniston Municipal; Elev., 611′; Fac. Class., BMH; Ident., ANB; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 4; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 3; Dated, 4 June 66

ADF STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Sugar Int	South FM (final)	Direct	800	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
				If S Fan Marker received minimums are:*			
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-33	400-1	400-1	400-1

Procedure turn W side of crs, 153° Outbnd, 333° Inbnd, 2000' within 10 miles of S Fan Marker (3.2 miles from POE RBn).
Minimum altitude over S Fan Marker on final approach crs, *800'; 700' after passing S Fan Marker.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 333°—0.7 mile; from S Fan Marker to airport, 333°—3.9 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3.2 miles after passing S Fan Marker, or over the POE RBn, climb to 2000' on track 333°, within 20 miles.
NOTE: Authorized for military use only except by prior arrangement. Part-time control zone. When control zone not operative, procedure not entirely within controlled airspace.
CAUTION: Pilots using this approach must acquaint themselves with any activity in R-3803 and R-3804.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°—1400'; 090°-180°—1700'; 180°-270°—1600'; 270°-360°—1700'.

City, Fort Polk; State, La.; Airport name, Polk AAF; Elev., 330'; Fac. Class., MHW; Ident., POE; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 3; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 2; Dated, 10 July 65

PROCEDURE CANCELED, EFFECTIVE 3 DEC. 1966.

City, Jackson; State, Mich.; Airport name, Reynolds; Elev., 1000'; Fac. Class., MHW; Ident., JXN; Procedure No. 1; Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 30 July 66

JXN VOR	LOM	Direct	2600	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
Pinckney Int	LOM (final)	Direct	2600	C-dn	600-1	600-1	600-1½
				S-dn-23	600-1	600-1	600-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn N side of crs, 053° Outbnd, 233° Inbnd, 2600' within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2600'.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 233°—5 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 5 miles after passing JXN LOM, climb to 2600' on crs, 233° and return to JXN LOM.
NOTE: Sliding scale below ¾ mile not authorized.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°—2500'; 090°-180°—2500'; 180°-270°—2700'; 270°-360°—3000'.

City, Jackson; State, Mich.; Airport name, Reynolds Municipal; Elev., 1000'; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., JX; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66

Racine Int	LOM	Direct	2500	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
MKE VOR	LOM	Direct	2500	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
Cardinal Int	LOM	Direct	2700	S-dn-1	500-1	500-1	500-1
Wind Lake Int	LOM	Direct	2500	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
Horlick Int	LOM	Direct	2500				
Big Bend Int	LOM	Direct	2500				
Oakwood Int	LOM (final)	Direct	2500				

Radar available.
Procedure turn E side of crs, 186° Outbnd, 006° Inbnd, 2500' within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2500'.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 006°—5.5 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 5.5 miles after passing LOM, climb to 2700' on 006° bearing from LOM, proceed direct to Cardinal Int, or when directed by ATC, climb to 2600' and proceed to MKE VOR via MKE R 110°.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 090°-270°—2200'; 270°-090°—2800'.

City, Milwaukee; State, Wis.; Airport name, General Mitchell Field; Elev., 722'; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., MK; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 21; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 20; Dated, 12 June 65

MKE VOR	ILW RBn	Direct	2700	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
MWC VOR	ILW RBn	Direct	2700	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
Cardinal Int	ILW RBn (final)	Direct	2200	S-dn-19	500-1	500-1	500-1
MK LOM	ILW RBn	Direct	2700	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar available.
Procedure turn W side of crs, 006° Outbnd, 186° Inbnd, 2700' within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2400'; over Harbor Int or radar fix, 1900'.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 186°—6.1 miles.
Crs and distance, Harbor Int to Runway 19, 186°—4.1 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 6.1 miles of RBn or 4.1 miles of Harbor Int, climb to 2100' on bearing 186° from ILW RBn within 10 miles of MK LOM.
NOTE: ADF/VOR receivers or radar required.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°—2200'; 090°-180°—2200'; 180°-270°—2700'; 270°-360°—2800'.

City, Milwaukee; State, Wis.; Airport name, General Mitchell Field; Elev., 722'; Fac. Class., MHW; Ident., ILW; Procedure No. 3, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66

Minneapolis VOR	LOM	Direct	2600	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
Prior Int	LOM	Direct	2500	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
White Bear Int	LOM	Direct	2500	S-dn-29L	500-1	500-1	500-1
Farmington VOR	LOM	Direct	2500	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
Flying Cloud VOR	LOM	Direct	2500	Minimums with radar:			
				S-dn-29L*	400-1	400-1	400-1

Radar available.
Procedure turn E side of crs, 115° Outbnd, 295° Inbnd, 2500' within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2500'.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 295°—5.5 miles. Stack radar fix, 295°—3.7 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 5.5 miles after passing LOM, climb to 2500' on 295° bearing from LOM within 10 miles, or when directed by ATC, make left-climbing turn, climb to 2500' and return to LOM.
*These minimums authorized after controller advises passing the Stack radar fix.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-360°—2600'.

City, Minneapolis; State, Minn.; Airport name, Minneapolis-St. Paul International (Wold-Chamberlain); Elev., 840'; Fac. Class., H-SAB/LOM; Ident., MS; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 11; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 10; Dated, 17 Sept. 66

ADF STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
STJ VOR	LOM	Direct	2300	T-dn	300-1	300-1	*200-½
				C-dn	600-1	600-1	600-1½
				S-dn-35	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn W side of crs, 172° Outbnd, 352° Inbnd, 2300′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2300′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 352°—5.2 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 5.2 miles after passing LOM, climb to 2700′ on bearing 349° from LOM and proceed to STJ VOR. Hold N on R 347°, 167° Inbnd, right turns; or when directed by ATC, make left turn, climbing to 2300′ and return to LOM.
NOTE: Sliding scale not authorized.
CAUTION: 300′ bluffs, W, NW, and E of airport. 1792′ tower, 4.5 miles E of airport. Unlighted obstruction (trees) in final approach area 2200′ from threshold, Runway 35, to a height of 886′.
*300-1 required on Runway 31.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°–090°—2800′; 090°–360°—2500′.

City, St. Joseph; State, Mo.; Airport name, Rosecrans Memorial; Elev., 826′; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., ST; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 17; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 16; Dated, 6 Aug. 66

AUG VOR	AVI RBn	Direct	2000	T-dn	300-1	300-1	NA
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	NA
				S-dn			
				A-dn	NA	NA	NA

Procedure turn E side of crs, 228° Outbnd, 048° Inbnd, 2000′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1100′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 048°—1.6 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 1.6 miles after passing AVI RBn, climb on 048° magnetic bearing to 2000′, then left turn direct AVI RBn. Hold NE of AVI RBn, 228° Inbnd, 1-minute right turns.
NOTES: (1) State owned facility must be monitored aurally during approach. (2) Use Augusta altimeter setting. (3) Approach from a holding pattern not authorized. Procedure turn required.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°–270°—2500′; 270°–360°—3500′.

City, Waterville; State, Maine; Airport name, Robert LaFleur; Elev., 332′; Fac. Class., MHW; Ident., AVI; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 4; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 3; Dated, 24 Aug. 63

3. By amending the following very high frequency omnirange (VOR) procedures prescribed in § 97.11(c) to read:

VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.
If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
IRL VOR	EWC VOR	Direct	3000	T-dn	500-1	700-1	NA
				C-dn	700-1	700-1	NA
				C-n	700-2	700-2	NA
				S-d	700-1	700-1	NA
				S-n	700-2	700-2	NA
				A-dn	NA	NA	NA

Radar available.
Procedure turn N side of crs, 073° Outbnd, 253° Inbnd, 3000′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 3000′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 253°—8.4 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 8.4 miles after passing EWC VOR, make right-climbing turn to 3000′. Return to EWC VOR. Hold NE, 1-minute right turns, 253° Inbnd.
NOTE: No weather service.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 180°–270°—2600′; 270°–180°—3100′.

City, Beaver Falls; State, Pa.; Airport name, Beaver County; Elev., 1252′; Fac. Class., H-BVORTAC; Ident., EWC; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 2; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 16 Apr. 66

Lake Charles VORTAC	Sugar Int	LCH, R 353°	2000	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
Sugar Int	S. Fan Marker (final)	Direct	800	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-33	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn not authorized.
Minimum altitude over S. Fan Marker on final approach crs, 800′.
Crs and distance, S. Fan Marker to airport, 334′—3.9 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3.9 miles after passing S. Fan Marker, climb to 200′ direct to POE VOR and via POE, R 334° to Coco Int.
NOTES: (1) Authorized for military use only except by prior arrangement. Part-time control zone. When control zone not operative, procedure not entirely within controlled airspace. (2) Pilots using this approach must acquaint themselves with any activity in R-3803 and R-3804.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°–360°—1700′.

City, Fort Polk; State, La.; Airport name, Polk AAF; Elev., 330′; Fac. Class., L-VOR; Ident., POE; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66

VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Coco Int	POE VOR (final)	Direct	1200	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-15	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn W side of crs, 334° Outbnd, 154° Inbnd, 2000' within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1200'.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 154°—3.9 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3.9 miles of POE VOR, climb to 2000' on POE R 154° within 20 miles.
NOTES: (1) Authorized for military use only except by prior arrangement. Part-time control zone. When control zone not operative, procedure not entirely within controlled airspace. (2) Pilots using this approach must acquaint themselves with any activity in R-3803 and R-3804.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-360°—1700'.

City, Fort Polk; State, La.; Airport name, Polk AAF: Elev., 330'; Fac. Class., L-VOR; Ident., POE; Procedure No. 2, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66

ORT LFR	ORT VOR	Direct	3700	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn	NA	NA	NA
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn S side of crs, 275° Outbnd, 095° Inbnd, 3700' within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2200'.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 312°—0.9 mile.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0 mile of ORT VOR, turn right, climb to 3700' on R 275° within 15 miles.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°—5700'; 090°-180°—4700'; 180°-270°—7500'; 270°-360°—5600'.

City, Northway; State, Alaska; Airport name, Northway; Elev., 1716'; Fac. Class., H-BVOR; Ident., ORT; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 3 Dec 66

4. By amending the following terminal very high frequency omnirange (TerVOR) procedures prescribed in § 97.13 to read:

TERMINAL VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.
If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
New Gloucester RBn	Augusta VOR	Direct	2500	T-dn#	400-1	400-1	400-1
				C-dn	800-1½	800-1½	800-2
				S-dn			
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
				After passing "BOG" Int or 3.7-mile DME Fix:			
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-17*	500-1	500-1	500-1

Procedure turn W side of crs, 345° Outbnd, 165° Inbnd, 2300' within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over BOG Int or 3.7-mile DME Fix, 1200'.
Facility on airport. Breakoff point to runway, 171°—0.3 mile.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished when over AUG VOR, climb on R 165° to 2000', then left turn direct AUG VOR. Hold SE of AUG VOR on R 141°, 1-minute left turns, 321° Inbnd.
NOTE: Approach from a holding pattern not authorized, procedure turn required.
CAUTION: 597' antenna, 1.3 miles W of airport; 545' terrain and trees, 0.9 mile S of airport.
*Reduction not authorized.
#Runway 17 departures climb on magnetic heading, 150° to 1000' before proceeding southwestbound.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-180°—2000'; 180°-270°—2500'; 270°-360°—3000'.

City, Augusta; State, Maine; Airport name, Augusta-State; Elev., 357'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., AUG; Procedure No. TerVOR-17, Amdt. 5; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 4; Dated, 9 Jan. 65

PROCEDURE CANCELED, EFFECTIVE 3 DEC. 1966.

City, Augusta; State, Maine; Airport name, Augusta-State; Elev., 357'; Fac. Class., BVOR; Ident., AUG; Procedure No. Ter. VOR-26, Amdt. 3; Eff. date, 14 Sept. 63; Sup. Amdt. No. 2; Dated, 29 Sept. 62

PROCEDURE CANCELED, EFFECTIVE 3 DEC. 1966.

City, Augusta; State, Maine; Airport name, Augusta-State; Elev., 357'; Fac. Class., BVOR; Ident., AUG; Procedure No. Ter VOR-35, Amdt. 4; Eff. date, 14 Sept. 63; Sup. Amdt. No. 3; Dated, 29 Sept. 62

TERMINAL VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
RDR VOR	GFK VOR	Direct	2500	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
R 270°, GFK VOR clockwise	R 357°, GFK VOR	Via 10-mile DME Arc.	2500	C-dn	700-1	700-1	700-1½
				S-dn-17	700-1	700-1	700-1
R 095°, GFK VOR counterclockwise	R 347°, GFK VOR	Via 10-mile DME Arc.	2300	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
				Minimums with DME or dual VOR receivers:			
10-mile DME Fix, R 357°	2.5-mile DME Fix, R 357° (final) (Donna Int)	Direct	1542	C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1¼
				S-dn-17$	400-1	400-1	400-1

Radar available.
Procedure turn E side of crs, 357° Outbnd, 177° Inbnd, 2300′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over Donna Int or 2.5-mile DME Fix on final approach crs, 1542′.
Facility on airport.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0 mile of VOR, climb to 2400′ on R 164′ within 10 miles, return to VOR and hold S, 344° Inbnd, right turns.
$400-¾ authorized with operative HIRL except for 4-engine turbojets.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-360°—2400′.

City, Grand Forks; State, N. Dak.; Airport name, Grand Forks International; Elev., 842′; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., GFK; Procedure No. Ter VOR-17, Amdt. 1; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 14 Oct. 65

RDR VOR	GFK VOR	Direct	2500	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
R 071°, GFK VOR clockwise	R 164°, GFK VOR	Via 10-miles DME Arc.	2400	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-35	500-1	500-1	500-1
R 270°, GFK VOR counterclockwise	R 164°, GFK VOR	Via 10-miles DME Arc.	2500	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
				Minimums with DME on dual VOR receivers:			
10-mile DME Fix, R 164°	3.6-mile DME Fix, R 164° (final) (Polly Int).	Direct	1342	C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1¼
				S-dn-35$	400-1	400-1	400-1

Radar available.
Procedure turn E side of crs, 164° Outbnd, 344° Inbnd, 2400′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over Polly Int or 3.6-miles DME Fix on final approach crs, 1342′.
Facility on airport.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0 mile of VOR, climb to 2400′ on R 357° within 10 miles, return to VOR and hold S, 344° Inbnd, right turns.
$ 400-¾ authorized with operative HIRL or REIL except for 4-engine turbojets.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-360°—2400′.

City, Grand Forks; State, N. Dak.; Airport name, Grand Forks International; Elev., 842′; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., GFK; Procedure No. Ter VOR-35, Amdt. 1; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 14 Oct. 65

Flat Rock VOR	Biltmore Int	Direct	2000	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
Manakin RBn	RIC VOR	Direct	2000	C-dn	600-1	600-1	600-1½
				S-dn-15	600-1	600-1	600-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
				If Biltmore Int or 5-mile DME or Radar Fix received, the following minimums apply:			
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-15#	400-1	400-1	400-1

Radar available.
Procedure turn N side of crs, 347° Outbnd, 167° Inbnd, 1700′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over Biltmore Int 5-mile DME or Radar Fix on final approach crs, 767′.
Crs and distance, breakoff point to approach end of runway, 154°—0.6 mile.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing nor accomplished within 0 mile of RIC VOR, climb to 2000′ on R 167° RIC VOR within 10 miles, return to RIC VOR. Hold SW, 220° Outbnd, 040° Inbnd, 1-minute right turns.
#400-¾ authorized with operative high-intensity runway lights except for 4-engine turbojets.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-180°—1600′; 180°-360°—2100′.

City, Richmond; State, Va.; Airport name, Richard E. Byrd Flying Field; Elev., 167′; Fac. Class., H-BVORTAC; Ident., RIC; Procedure No. Ter VOR-15, Amdt. 16.; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 15; Dated, 15 Oct. 66

5. By amending the following very high frequency omnirange—distance measuring equipment (VOR/DME) procedures prescribed in § 97.15 to read:

VOR/DME STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.
If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
15-mile DME Fix, R 069°, AUG VORTAC.	5-mile DME Fix, R 069, AUG VORTAC (final).	Direct	2000	T-dn#	400-1	400-1	400-1
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn			
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn not authorized.
Minimum altitude over 5-mile DME Fix, R 069° on final approach crs, 2000′.
Facility on airport.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished when over AUG VOR, make left-climbing turn to 1500′ on AUG VOR R 170°, then left-climbing turn to 2000′ direct, AUG VOR. Hold SE of AUG VOR, 1-minute, left turns, 321° Inbnd.
CAUTION: 597′ antenna, 1.3 miles W of airport; 545′ terrain and trees, 0.9 mile S of airport.
#Runway 17 departures climb on magnetic heading 150° to 1000′ before proceeding southwestbound.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-180°—2000′; 180°-270°—2500′; 270°-360°—3000′.

City, Augusta; State, Maine; Airport name, Augusta-State; Elev., 357′; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., AUG; Procedure No. VOR/DME-1, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66

VOR/DME STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
11-mile DME Fix, R 232°, AUG VORTAC	5-mile DME Fix, R 232°, AUG VORTAC (final).	Direct	2000	T-dn#	400-1	400-1	400-1
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn			
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn not authorized.
Minimum altitude over 5-mile DME Fix, R 232° on final approach crs, 2000'.
Facility on airport.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished when over AUG VOR, make right-climbing turn to 1500' on AUG VOR R 170°, then left-climbing turn to 2000' direct, AUG VOR. Hold SE of AUG VOR, 1-minute left turns, 321° Inbnd.
CAUTION: 597' antenna, 1.3 miles W of airport; 545' terrain and trees, 0.9 mile S of airport.
#Runway 17 departures climb on magnetic heading, 150° to 1000' before proceeding southwestbound.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°–180°—2000'; 180°–270°—2500'; 270°–360°—3000'.

City, Augusta; State, Maine; Airport name, Augusta-State; Elev., 357'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., AUG; Procedure No. VOR/DME-2, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66

New Gloucester RBn	11-mile DME Fix, R 247°, AUG VORTAC.	Direct	2300	T-dn#	400-1	400-1	400-1
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
11-mile DME Fix, R 247°, AUG VORTAC	5-mile DME Fix, R 247°, AUG VORTAC.	Direct	2000	S-dn			
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn not authorized.
Minimum altitude over 5-mile DME Fix, R 247° on final approach crs, 2000'.
Facility on airport.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished when over AUG VOR, make right-climbing turn to 1500' on AUG VOR R 170°, then left-climbing turn to 2000' direct, AUG VOR. Hold SE of AUG VOR, 1-minute left turns, 321° Inbnd.
CAUTION: 597' antenna, 1.3 miles W of airport; 545' terrain and trees, 0.9 mile S of airport.
#Runway 17 departures climb on magnetic heading, 150° to 1000' before proceeding southwestbound.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°–180°—2000'; 180°–270°—2500'; 270°–360°—3000'.

City, Augusta; State, Maine; Airport name, Augusta-State; Elev., 357'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., AUG; Procedure No. VOR/DME-3, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66

R 196°, DCA VOR clockwise	R 326°, DCA VOR	Via radar	2500	LDIN via River	1100-2	1100-2	1100-2
R 022°, DCA VOR counterclockwise	R 326°, DCA VOR	Via radar	2500				
R 326°, 10-mile DME Fix	R 326°, 7-mile DME Fix	Via R 326°	2000				

Radar available.
Procedure turn not authorized. Final approach crs, 146° Inbnd, from 7-mile DME Fix.
Minimum altitude over 7-mile DME Fix, 2000'; 5-mile DME Fix, 1400'; 4-mile DME Fix, 1100'.
Crs and distance, facility to airport not authorized. Breakoff point to runway not authorized.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished at 4-mile DME Fix, climb direct to DCA VORTAC, make right turn, and proceed direct to DC RBn at 1800'. Hold S on 181° Outbnd, 001° Inbnd, 1-minute left turns.
NOTE: When visual contact established aircraft will visually follow the Potomac River to the airport.

City, Washington; State, D.C.; Airport name, Washington National; Elev., 15'; Fac. Class., L-VORTAC; Ident., DCA; Procedure No. VOR/DME-3, Amdt. 2; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 25 June 66

11-mile DME Fix, R 232°, Augusta VORTAC	Augusta VORTAC	Direct	2000	T-dn	300-1	300-1	NA
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	NA
Augusta VORTAC	8-mile DME Fix, R 040°, Augusta VORTAC (final).	Direct	2000	S-dn	500-1	500-1	NA
				A-dn	NA	NA	NA

Procedure turn E side of crs, 220° Outbnd, 040° Inbnd, 2000' within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2000'; over 8-mile DME Fix, R 040°, Augusta VORTAC (final) 2000'.
Crs and distance, 8-mile DME Fix to airport, 040°—5.6 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished when over Waterville DME or abeam AVI RBn, climb on R 040° to 2000', then left turn direct, Waterville DME. Hold NE of Waterville DME, 3-mile leg, right turns, 220° Inbnd.
NOTE: Use Augusta altimeter setting.
MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°–180°—2000'; 180°–270°—2500'; 270°–360°—3000'.

City, Waterville; State, Maine; Airport name, Robert LaFleur; Elev., 332'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., AUG; Procedure No. VOR/DME-1, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66

6. By amending the following instrument landing system procedures prescribed in § 97.17 to read:

ILS STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.

If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
JXN VOR	LOM	Direct	2600	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
Pinckney Int	LOM (final)	Direct	2600	C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1½
R 293°, JXN VOR clockwise	JXN VOR, R 053°	Via 11-mile DME Arc.	2900	S-dn-23*	400-1	400-1	400-1
R 173°, JXN VOR counterclockwise	JXN VOR, R 053°	Via 11-mile DME Arc.	2700	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
11-mile DME Fix, R 053°, JXN VOR	LOM (final)	Via NE crs ILS	2600				

Procedure turn N side of crs, 053° Outbnd, 233° Inbnd, 2600′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2600′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 233°—5 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 5 miles after passing JXN LOM, climb to 2600′ on crs 233° and return to JXN LOM.
NOTES: (1) No glide slope or approach lights. (2) Sliding scale below ¾ mile not authorized.
*Reduction not authorized for nonstandard REIL.

City, Jackson; State, Mich.; Airport name, Reynolds Municipal; Elev., 1000′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-JXN; Procedure No. ILS-23, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66

MKE VOR	LOM	Direct	2500	T-dn**	300-1	300-1	200-½
Big Bend Int	LOM	Direct	2500	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
Racine Int	LOM	Direct	2500	S-dn-1*$	200-½	200-½	200-½
Cardinal Int	LOM	Direct	2700	A-dn	600-2	600-2	600-2
Wind Lake Int	LOM	Direct	2500				
Horlick Int	LOM	Direct	2500				
Oakwood Int	LOM (final)	Direct	2500				

Radar available.
Procedure turn E side S crs, 186° Outbnd, 006° Inbnd, 2500′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude at glide slope interception Inbnd, 2500′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 2504′—5.5 miles; at MM, 929′—0.6 mile.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, climb to 2700′ on 006° bearing from LOM and proceed direct to the Cardinal Int, or when directed by ATC, climb to 2600′ and intercept R 110° MKE VOR and proceed to MKE VOR.
*RVR (2400′). Descent below 923′ not authorized unless approach lights are visible.
**RVR (2400′) authorized Runway (1).
$400-¾ required when glide slope not utilized and 400-½ authorized with operative ALS except for 4-engine turbojets.

City, Milwaukee; State, Wis.; Airport name, General Mitchell Field; Elev., 722′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-MKE; Procedure No. ILS-1, Amdt. 22; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 21; Dated, 12 June 65

MKE VOR	ILW RBn	Direct	2700	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
MK LOM	ILW RBn	Direct	2700	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
MWC VOR	ILW RBn	Direct	2700	S-dn-19¢	400-1	400-1	400-1
Cardinal Int	ILW RBn (final)	Direct	2400	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar available.
Procedure turn W side of crs, 006° Outbnd, 186° Inbnd, 2700′ within 10 miles of ILW RBn.
No glide slope, outer or middle marker, and no approach lights.
Minimum altitude over ILW RBn or radar fix on final approach crs, 2400′; over Harbor Int or radar fix, 1900′.
Crs and distance, ILW RBn to airport, 186°—6.1 miles; Harbor Int to airport, 186°—4.1 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.1 miles after passing Harbor Int, climb to 2100′ on S crs ILS within 10 miles of MK LOM.
NOTE: Dual VOR receivers and ADF or radar required.
¢400-¾ authorized with operative high-intensity runway lights except for 4-engine turbojets.

City, Milwaukee; State, Wis.; Airport name, General Mitchell Field; Elev., 722′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-MKE; Procedure No. ILS-19 (back crs), Amdt. 3; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 2; Dated, 12 June 65

ILS STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
FCM VOR	LOM	Direct	2600	T-dn¢	300-1	300-1	200-½
MSP VOR	LOM	Direct	2600	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
FGT VOR	LOM	Direct	2600	S-dn-29L$*	200-½	200-½	200-½
Prior Int	LOM	Direct	2600	A-dn	600-2	600-2	600-2
White Bear Int	LOM	Direct	2600				

Radar available.
Procedure turn E side of crs, 115° Outbnd, 295° Inbnd, 2600′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude at glide slope interception Inbnd, 2600′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 2511′—5.5 miles; at MM, 1033′—0.5 mile.
Crs and distance, 3.9-mile DME Fix and Stack Radar Fix to airport, 295°—3.7 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 5.5 miles after passing LOM, climb to 2500′ on NW crs, ILS within 10 miles, or when directed by ATC, make left-climbing turn, climb to 2600′ and return to LOM.
NOTE: DME should not be used to determine aircraft position over MM, runway threshold, or runway touchdown point.
¢RVR 2400′ authorized Runway 29L.
$RVR 2400′. Descent below 1040′ not authorized unless approach lights are visible.
*500-¾ required when glide slope not utilized, 500-½ authorized with operative ALS except for 4-engine turbojets. 400′ minimum authorized after passing the 3.9-mile DME Fix or the Stack Radar Fix.

City, Minneapolis; State, Minn.; Airport name, Minneapolis-St. Paul International (Wold-Chamberlain); Elev., 840′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-MSP; Procedure No. ILS-29L, Amdt. 23; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 22; Dated, 17 Sept. 66

Norfolk VORTAC	LOM	Direct	1600	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-4	200-½	200-½	200-½
				A-dn	600-2	600-2	600-2
				With glide slope inoperative:			
				S-dn-4	400-¾	400-¾	400-¾

Radar available.
Procedure turn S side SW crs, 225° Outbnd, 045° Inbnd, 1600′ within 10 miles of LOM.
Minimum altitude at glide slope interception Inbnd, 1500′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 1077′—3.6; at MM, 227′—0.5 mile.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, 3.6 miles from LOM, climb to 2000′ on ORF VOR R 041° direct to Bayside Int. Hold NE, 1-minute left turns.

City, Norfolk; State, Va.; Airport name, Norfolk Municipal; Elev., 27′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-ORF; Procedure No. ILS-4, Amdt. 11; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 10; Dated, 18 July 64

St. Joseph VOR	LOM	Direct	2300	T-dn	300-1	300-1	*200-½
				C-dn	600-1	600-1	600-1½
				S-dn-35#	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn	600-2	600-2	600-2

Procedure turn W side S crs, 172° Outbnd, 352° Inbnd, 2300′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude at glide slope interception Inbnd, 2300′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 2261′—5.2 miles; at MM, 1066′—0.8 mile.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 5.2 miles after passing ST LOM, climb to 2700′ on N crs, ILS and proceed to STJ VOR. Hold on R 347°, 167° Inbnd right turns.
CAUTION: 300′ bluffs, W, NW, and E of airport. 1792′ tower, 4.5 miles E of airport. Unlighted obstruction (trees) in final approach area 2200′ from threshold Runway 35 to a height of 886′.
*300-1 required on Runway 31.
#Reduction not authorized.

City, St. Joseph; State, Mo.; Airport name, Rosecrans Memorial; Elev., 826′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-STJ; Procedure No. ILS-35, Amdt. 18; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 17; Dated, 6 Aug. 66

7. By amending the following radar procedures prescribed in § 97.19 to read:

RADAR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet, MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.

If a radar instrument approach is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitude(s) shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below. Positive identification must be established with the radar controller. From initial contact with radar to final authorized landing minimums, the instructions of the radar controller are mandatory except when (A) visual contact is established on final approach at or before descent to the authorized landing minimums, or (B) at pilot's discretion if it appears desirable to discontinue the approach, except when the radar controller may direct otherwise prior to final approach, a missed approach shall be executed as provided below when (A) communication on final approach is lost for more than 5 seconds during a precision approach, or for more than 30 seconds during a surveillance approach; (B) directed by radar controller; (C) visual contact is not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums; or (D) if landing is not accomplished.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
All sectors	Radar site	0-20 miles	2500	Precision approach			
		20-30 miles	3000				
				T-dn%	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-29L*	200-½	200-½	200-½
				A-dn	600-2	600-2	600-2
				Surveillance approach			
				T-dn%	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn 11R and 29L	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				C-dn-22	600-1	600-1	600-1½
				S-dn-29L#@	400-1	400-1	400-1
				S-dn-11R¢	400-1	400-1	400-1
				S-dn-22$	600-1	600-1	600-1
				C-dn-4	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-4**	500-1	500-1	500-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished: Runway 29L—climb to 2500' on NW crs, MSP ILS to Loretto Int, or when directed by ATC, make left-climbing turn, climb to 2600' and return to MS LOM. Runway 11R—climb to 2600' on SE crs, MSP ILS within 10 miles of MS LOM. Runway 4—climb to 2500' on NE crs, APL ILS within 10 miles. Runway 22—climb to 2300' on SW crs, APL ILS within 10 miles of AP LOM.

CAUTION: On approach to Runway 11R do not descend below 1400' until radar controller has advised passing tower located 2.5 miles from approach end Runway 11R.

¢400-¾ authorized with operative high-intensity runway lights except for 4-engine turbojet aircraft. Reduction not authorized for nonstandard REIL.

%RVR 2400' authorized Runway 29L.

*RVR 2400'. Descent below 1040' not authorized unless approach lights are visible.

#400-¾ authorized with operative high-intensity runway lights, 400-½ authorized with operative ALS, except for 4-engine turbojets.

**500-¾ authorized with operative high-intensity runway lights, 500-½ authorized with operative ALS, except for 4-engine turbojets.

$600-¾ authorized with operative high-intensity runway lights except for 4-engine turbojets. Reduction below ¾ mile not authorized. Reduction not authorized for nonstandard REIL.

@Do not descend below 1400' until controller advises passing the Stack Radar Fix, 3.7 miles from approach end of Runway 29L.

City, Minneapolis; State, Minn.; Airport name, Minneapolis-St. Paul International (Wold-Chamberlain); Elev., 840'; Fac. Class. and Ident., Minneapolis Radar; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 18; Eff. date, 3 Dec. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 17; Dated, 17 Sept. 66

These procedures shall become effective on the dates specified therein.

(Secs. 307(c), 313(a), and 601 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958; 49 U.S.C. 1348(c), 1354(a), 1421; 72 Stat. 749, 752, 775)

Issued in Washington, D.C., on October 26, 1966.

W. E. ROGERS,
Acting Director, Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12006; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

Title 41—PUBLIC CONTRACTS AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

Chapter 11—Coast Guard, Department of the Treasury

[CGFR 66-54]

PART 11-1—GENERAL

Subpart 11-1.3—General Policies

INDUSTRIAL SECURITY

Pursuant to authority vested in me as Commandant, U.S. Coast Guard, by Treasury Department Order 167-17 (20 F.R. 4976) and Treasury Department Order 167-50 (28 F.R. 530):

1. Section 11-1.352 is added, reading as follows:

§ 11-1.352 Industrial security.

Pursuant to Executive Order 10865, an agreement between the Department of Defense and the Department of the Treasury was executed on April 21, 1965, which provides for inclusion of the Treasury Department as a "user agency" in the program. Treasury Department Order Number 209 dated August 12, 1966, designated the Commandant (OIN), U.S. Coast Guard, as Treasury Department Liaison for industrial security matters. The Defense Supply Agency will perform all cognizant security office functions prescribed by the regulations in behalf of all user agencies. Coast Guard contracting officers will perform the functions specified in, and will have the authority and responsibilities prescribed by Department of Defense Industrial Security Regulations (DOD 5220.22R) and Department of Defense Industrial Security Manual (DOD 5220.22M), except when the administrative contracting officer functions are delegated or assigned to the Defense Supply Agency.

Dated: October 12, 1966.

[SEAL] W. J. SMITH,
Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Commandant.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12294; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

Title 13—BUSINESS CREDIT AND ASSISTANCE

Chapter I—Small Business Administration

[Rev. 2; Amdt. 2]

PART 108—LOANS TO STATE AND LOCAL DEVELOPMENT COMPANIES

Interest Rate

The loans to State and Local Development Companies Regulation, Revision 2, Amendment 1 (31 F.R. 9270), is hereby further amended by revising paragraph (f) of § 108.501–1 to read as follows:

§ 108.501–1 Section 501 loans.

* * * * *

(f) *Interest rate.* The rate of interest on section 501 loans to State Development Companies shall be the same rate at which the State Development Company borrows funds from its members, but in no case shall this rate be less than the prime rate of interest, nor greater than 6½ percent per annum.

* * * * *

Effective date. This amendement shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Dated: November 4, 1966.

BERNARD L. BOUTIN,
Administrator.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12283; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

[Rev. 6; Amdt. 8]

PART 121—SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS

Definition of Small Business for Bidding on Government Procurements for Naval Architectural and Marine Engineering Services

On August 19, 1966, there was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (31 F.R. 11037) a notice of proposal to amend the definition of a small business for bidding on Government procurements for naval architectural and marine engineering services, by increasing the present size standard (average annual receipts for the preceding 3 fiscal years of $5 million or less) to average annual receipts for the preceding 3 fiscal years of $6 million or less.

Interested persons were given thirty (30) days in which to file with the Small Business Administration written statements of facts, opinions, or arguments concerning the proposed definition.

After consideration of all relevant matters concerning the proposal, the amendment set forth below is hereby adopted.

The Small Business Size Standards Regulation (Revision 6) (31 F.R. 9721), as amended (31 F.R. 10114, 11651, 11973, 12479, 12572, 12840, 14311, 14351) is hereby further amended by revising subparagraph (1) of § 121.3–8(e) and adding a new subparagraph (6) to read as follows:

§ 121.3–8 Definition of small business for Government procurement.

* * * * *

(e) *Services.* * * *

(1) Any concern bidding on a contract for engineering services other than marine engineering services is classified as small if its average annual sales or receipts for its preceding three (3) fiscal years do not exceed $5 million.

* * * * *

(6) Any concern bidding on a contract for naval architectural and marine engineering services is classified as small if its average annual sales or receipts for its preceding three (3) fiscal years do not exceed $6 million.

* * * * *

This amendment shall become effective thirty (30) days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER but shall apply only to procurements for which invitations for bids or requests for proposals are issued on or after such effective date.

Dated: November 2, 1966.

BERNARD L. BOUTIN,
Administrator.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12282; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[Docket No. C–1119]

PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

Artistic Leather Goods Manufacturing Corp., et al.

Subpart—Furnishing means and instrumentalities of misrepresentation or deception: § 13.1055 *Furnishing means and instrumentalities of misrepresentation or deception.* Subpart—Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods: § 13.1715 *Quality;* § 13.1745 *Source or origin:* 13.1745–70 Place: 13.1745–70(c) Imported product or parts as domestic. Subpart—Neglecting, unfairly or deceptively, to make material disclosure: § 13.1886 *Quality, grade or type;* § 13.1900 *Source or origin:* 13.1900–35 Foreign product as domestic.

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended, 15 U.S.C. 45) [Cease and desist order, Artistic Leather Goods Manufacturing Corp., et al., Brooklyn, N.Y., Docket C–1119, Oct. 3, 1966]

In the Matter of Artistic Leather Goods Manufacturing Corp., a Corporation, United Leather Goods Corp., a Corporation, and Steer Leather Goods Corp., a Corporation, and David Weisglass, Individually and as an Officer of Said Corporations

Consent order requiring one Puerto Rican and two Brooklyn, N.Y., manufacturers of leather and plastic accessories and assorted school items to cease misrepresenting the quality of leather in its products, failing to disclose that some of its products were composed of simulated leather, and failing to use foreign origin indicia on parts of its products which were imported.

The order to cease and desist, including further order requiring report of compliance therewith, is as follows:

I. *It is ordered,* That respondents Artistic Leather Goods Manufacturing Corp., a corporation, and Steer Leather Goods Corp., a corporation, and the officers of each of said corporations, and David Weisglass, individually and as an officer of each of said corporations, and respondents' agents, representatives and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale or distribution of wallets, billfolds or other products, in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Using the words "Top Grain," "Top Grain Cowhide," "Genuine Leather," or any other words of similar import, in connection with said products made of split leather; or misrepresenting, in any manner, the kind or quality of the materials of which their said products are composed.

2. Offering for sale, selling or distributing said products made in whole or in part of split leather without a clear and conspicuous disclosure in immediate connection therewith to purchasers making casual inspection thereof of the portion or portions thereof which are made of split leather.

3. Offering for sale, selling or distributing said products made in part of leather and in substantial part of material other than leather without a clear and conspicuous disclosure in immediate connection therewith to purchasers making casual inspection thereof of the portion or portions thereof which are not made of leather.

4. Offering for sale, selling or distributing said products made of nonleather materials having the appearance of leather without a disclosure which will clearly and conspicuously show to purchasers making casual inspection thereof that the portions of the product which simulate leather are not in fact leather.

5. Using the word "Twin-Hyde" or any other word or term suggestive of leather to designate or describe a product or part thereof not composed solely of leather without a clear and conspicuous disclosure in immediate connection therewith to purchasers making casual inspection thereof that the portion or portions of said product which simulate leather are not in fact leather.

6. Placing in the hands of distributors, retailers and others, the means and instrumentalities by and through which they may deceive and mislead the purchasing public concerning any merchandise in the respects set out above in paragraphs 1 to 5 inclusive hereof.

II. *It is further ordered,* That respondents United Leather Goods Corp., a corporation, and its officers, and David

Weisglass, individually and as an officer of said corporation, and respondents' agents, representatives, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale, or distribution of loose leaf note books, clip boards, school bags, or any other products, in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Offering for sale, selling or distributing any such products which are substantially, or which contain a substantial part or parts, of foreign origin or fabrication without affirmatively disclosing the country or place of foreign origin or fabrication thereof on the products themselves, by marking or stamping on an exposed surface, or on a label or tag affixed thereto, of such a degree of permanency as to remain thereon until consummation of consumer sale of the products, and of such conspicuousness as likely to be observed and read by purchasers and prospective purchasers making casual inspection of the product.

2. Offering for sale, selling or distributing any such product packaged, mounted in a container, or on a display card or other display device, without disclosing the country or place of foreign origin of the product, or substantial part or parts thereof, on the front or face of such packaging, container, display card or other display device, so positioned as to clearly have application to the product so packaged or mounted, and of such degree of permanency as to remain thereon until consummation of consumer sale of the product, and of such conspicuousness as likely to be read by purchasers making casual inspection of the product as so packaged or mounted.

3. Placing in the hands of distributors, retailers and others, means and instrumentalities by and through which they may deceive and mislead the purchasing public concerning any merchandise in the respects set out above in paragraph II, 1 and 2 hereof.

It is further ordered, That the respondents herein shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

Issued: October 3, 1966.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 66-12262; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket No. 8519 o.]

PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

Community Blood Bank of Kansas City Area, Inc., et al.

Subpart—Combining or conspiring: § 13.395 *To control marketing practices and conditions;* § 13.407 *To disparage competitors or their products.* Subpart—Cutting off access to customers or market: § 13.560 *Interfering with distributive outlets.* Subpart—Cutting off supplies or service: § 13.610 *Cutting off supplies or service.* Subpart—Interfering with competitors or their goods—Competitors: § 13.1085 *Harassing.*

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended, 15 U.S.C. 45) [Cease and desist order, Community Blood Bank of the Kansas City Area, Inc., et al., Kansas City, Mo., Docket 8519, Sept. 28, 1966]

In the Matter of Community Blood Bank of the Kansas City Area, Inc., a Corporation, and Its Officers and Members; Adolph R. Pearson, President, Walter V. Coburn, First Vice President, Hilliard Cohen, Second Vice President, Carroll P. Hungate, Secretary-Treasurer, Gilbert C. Murphy, Assistant Secretary-Treasurer; and Its Directors and Members: Walter V. Coburn, Robert A. Molgren, John Murphy, Adolph R. Pearson, Hilliard Cohen, Carroll P. Hungate, Marjorie S. Sirridge, Arch E. Spelman, Meyer L. Goldman, Gilbert C. Murphy, James T. Sparks, Robert F. Zimmer, Individually, as Officers and Directors Respectively, and Members, and as Representative of the Entire Membership of Community Blood Bank of the Kansas City Area, Inc.; Perry Morgan, Administrative Director, and W. W. Henderson, Business Manager, Individually and as Administrative Director and Business Manager, Respectively, of the Community Blood Bank of the Kansas City Area, Inc.; Kansas City Area Hospital Association, a Corporation, and Its Members: Baptist Memorial Hospital, a Corporation, Menorah Medical Center, a Corporation, Sisters of Charity of Leavenworth, a Corporation, Doing Business as Providence Hospital, Individually, and as Members of and as Representative of the Entire Membership of the Kansas City Area Hospital Association; and Its Officers: James D. Marshall, Chairman of the Board, Arch E. Spelman, President, Tom J. Daly, First Vice President, Thomas M. Johnson, Second Vice President, Russell H. Miller, Secretary, Nathan J. Stark, Assistant Treasurer; and Its Directors: Abraham Gelperin, Mack Herron, James R. Rich, Sister Michaellia Marie, William C. Mixson, E. B. Berkowitz, T. R. Butler, Maurice Johnson, Walter N. Johnson, Miller Bailey, Walter A. Reich, Ralph R. Coffey, Harry M. Walker, Individually, as Officers and Directors Respectively of the Kansas City Area Hospital Association, Susan Jenkins, Individually and as Executive Director of the Kansas City Area Hospital Association; O. Dale Smith, Individually and as Pathologist of Baptist Memorial Hospital; Hilliard Cohen, and Evelyn Peters, Individually and as Pathologists of Menorah Medical Center; D. A. Hoskins, and William J. Sekola, Individually and as Pathologists of Osteopathic Hospital; Victor B. Buhler, Individually and as Pathologist of Queen of the World Hospital; Frank A. Mantz, Individually and as Pathologist of St. Joseph's Hospital; Ferdinand C. Helwig, and David M. Gibson, Individually and as Pathologists of St. Luke's Hospital; Angelo Lapi, and L. R. Moriarty, Individually and as Pathologists of St. Mary's Hospital; Jack H. Hill, Individually and as Pathologist of Trinity Lutheran Hospital; G. M. Bridgens, Individually and as Pathologist of Independence Sanitarium and Hospital; William Mcfee, Individually and as Pathologist of North Kansas City Memorial Hospital; Ralph J. Rettenmaier, Individually and as Pathologist of Providence Hospital; Robert A. Molgren, Individually and as Executive Director of St. Luke's Hospital; and A. Neal Deaver, Individually and as Administrator of Independence Sanitarium and Hospital.

Order requiring a community blood bank, an area hospital association, its hospital members, and hospital pathologists, all in the Kansas City area, to cease restraining interstate commerce in human whole blood by restricting any commercial blood bank from supplying any hospital or other user, or preventing any such user from receiving such blood, or excluding any such blood bank from membership in any association, or hindering the carrying out of contracts for the supply of blood.

The order to cease and desist, including further order requiring report of compliance therewith, is as follows:

It is ordered, That respondents Community Blood Bank of the Kansas City Area, Inc., a corporation, and its officers, directors, and members; Perry Morgan, Administrative Director, and W. W. Henderson, Business Manager, individually and as administrative director and business manager, respectively, of Community Blood Bank of the Kansas City Area, Inc.; Walter V. Coburn, John Murphy, and Marjorie S. Sirridge, individually and as directors and members of Community Blood Bank of the Kansas City Area, Inc.; Kansas City Area Hospital Association, a corporation, and its officers and directors; Arch E. Spelman, President, and Susan Jenkins, Executive Director, individually and as President and Executive Director, respectively, of Kansas City Area Hospital Association; Baptist Memorial Hospital, a corporation; Menorah Medical Center, a corporation; Sisters of Charity of Leavenworth, a corporation, doing business as Providence Hospital; Bethany Hospital; Excelsior Springs Hospital; Independence Sanitarium and Hospital; Lakeside Hospital; North Kansas City Memorial Hospital; Olathe Community Hospital; Osteopathic Hospital; Queen of the World Hospital; Research Hospital; Pleasant View Health and Vocational Institute, Inc.; Community Hospital Association; St. Joseph Hospital; St. Joseph's Hospital; St. Luke's Hospital of Kansas City; St. Mary's Hospital (Sisters of St. Mary); Sweet Springs Community Hospital; St. Margaret Hospital; Trinity Lutheran Hospital; Wheatley-Provident Hospital; Warrensburg Medical Center, Inc.; Kansas City General Hospital and

Medical Center; O. Dale Smith, individually and as pathologist of Baptist Memorial Hospital; Hilliard Cohen and Evelyn Peters, individually and as pathologists of Menorah Medical Center; D. A. Hoskins, individually and as pathologist of Osteopathic Hospital; Victor B. Buhler, individually and as pathologist of Queen of the World Hospital and St. Joseph's Hospital; Frank A. Mantz, individually and as pathologist of St. Joseph's Hospital; Ferdinand C. Helwig and David M. Gibson, individually and as pathologists of St. Luke's Hospital; Angelo Lapi and Lauren R. Moriarity, individually and as pathologists of St. Mary's Hospital; Jack H. Hill, individually and as pathologist of Trinity Lutheran Hospital; James G. Bridgens, individually and as pathologist of Independence Sanitarium and Hospital; William McPhee, individually and as pathologist of North Kansas City Memorial Hospital; Ralph J. Rettenmaier, individually and as pathologist of Providence Hospital; Robert A. Molgren, individually and as Executive Director of St. Luke's Hospital; and A. Neal Deaver, individually and as Administrator of Independence Sanitarium and Hospital; their agents, representatives and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in, or in connection with, the procurement, use, offering for sale, sale, or distribution of whole blood (human), do forthwith cease and desist from entering into, cooperating in, carrying out or continuing any planned common course of action, understanding, agreement or combination between and among any two or more of said respondents, or between any one or more of said respondents and others not parties hereto, to do or perform any of the following acts and things:

1. To exclude, limit or restrict any blood bank operator licensed to engage in the sale and distribution of blood by the National Institutes of Health, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, from collecting or from selling or furnishing blood to any hospital, blood bank, or other user, distributor or purchaser of blood.

2. To foreclose or prevent any person, firm or corporation from using, or from purchasing, paying or contracting for, any blood furnished by or through any blood bank operator licensed to engage in the sale or distribution of blood by the National Institutes of Health, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

3. To exclude or limit the access of any blood bank licensed by the National Institutes of Health, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, from becoming members of the American Association of Blood Banks, the North Central District Blood Bank Clearing House or other clearinghouse sponsored by the American Association of Blood Banks, or from carrying on trade in blood through such clearinghouse system.

4. To hamper, hinder or prevent any blood bank operator licensed to engage in such business by the National Institutes of Health, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, from entering into, carrying out or enjoying the benefits of contracts for the furnishing of blood to any person entitled thereunder, either for use by the contracting patient directly or as replacement blood for blood already given to the patient, or that prevents, hampers, or hinders any person, firm or corporation from purchasing, obtaining or using blood supplied or furnished under such contracts.

It is further ordered, That each of the respondents forthwith cease and desist from rejecting or refusing to accept direct shipments or deliveries of whole blood (human), i.e., shipments or deliveries of whole blood (human) which have not been sent pursuant to clearinghouse rules or which have not been sent through the clearinghouse system, from any blood bank licensed by the National Institutes of Health, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, in discharge of any obligation to the said respondent, if the said respondent accepts or receives such direct shipments or deliveries from other blood banks licensed by the National Institutes of Health, U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, in discharge of any obligation to the said respondent.

Nothing contained in this order shall operate to prevent any respondent, either individually or in concert with each other or with others, from establishing or participating in the establishment of a blood bank or to prevent any respondent individually from expressing a professional scientific opinion as to the relative merits of various blood banks or from otherwise exercising individual medical judgment in determining whether whole blood (human) shall be utilized in the care of a patient, and, if so, the source from which such blood shall be obtained.

It is further ordered, That this proceeding be, and it hereby is, dismissed against David T. Beals and Russell W. Kerr, now deceased.

It is further ordered, That the proceeding be, and it hereby is, dismissed as to the following persons in their individual capacities:

Miller Bailey.	Sister Michaella Marie.
E. B. Berkowitz.	Russell H. Miller.
T. R. Butler.	Dr. William C. Mixson.
Dr. Ralph Coffey.	Gilbert C. Murphy.
Tom J. Daly.	Adolph R. Pearson.
Abraham Gelperin.	Walter A. Reich.
Meyer L. Goldman.	James R. Rich.
Mack Herron.	Dr. William J. Sekola.
Maurice Johnson.	James T. Sparks.
Thomas M. Johnson.	Nathan J. Stark.
Walter N. Johnson.	Harry M. Walker.
James D. Marshall.	Robert F. Zimmer.

It is further ordered, That the respondents herein shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report, in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

Issued: September 28, 1966.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 66-12291; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket No. 7751 o.]

PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

Crowell-Collier Publishing Co. et al.

Subpart—Advertising falsely or misleadingly: § 13.75 *Free goods or services;* § 13.155 *Prices:* 13.155–100 Usual as reduced, special, etc.; § 13.240 *Special or limited offers;* § 13.255 *Surveys.* Subpart—Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods: § 13.1625 *Free goods or services;* § 13.1747 *Special or limited offers;* § 13.1757 *Surveys;* Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Prices: § 13.1825 *Usual as reduced or to be increased.* Subpart—Neglecting, unfairly or deceptively, to make material disclosure: § 13.1855 *Identity.*

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended, 15 U.S.C. 45) [Cease and desist order, the Crowell-Collier Publishing Co. et al., New York, N.Y., Docket 7751, Sept. 30, 1966]

In the Matter of the Crowell-Collier Publishing Co., a Corporation, and P. F. Collier & Son Corp., a Corporation.

Order requiring a New York City publisher in its promotional literature and door-to-door solicitation, to cease misrepresenting that its encyclopedias were being offered free or at reduced prices, or that the prospective buyers were receiving a special introductory offer or were taking part in a market survey, and also to cease making deceptive saving claims, or using any ruse or deception to gain admission to buyers' homes, or using other deceptive tactics. Effective date of the order is suspended until further order of the Commission.

The order to cease and desist, including further order requiring report of compliance therewith, is as follows:

It is ordered, That respondent P. F. Collier & Son Corp. under this or any other name, its successor or assign and officers, agents, representatives, salesmen, and employees, directly or indirectly, through any corporate or other device, in connection with the publication and direct or door-to-door sale and distribution of encyclopedias, books, publications or other merchandise, in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Representing, directly or indirectly, that:

a. Respondent's representative making the call is conducting a survey of any kind, is engaged in a brand identification

program, is connected with respondent's advertising, promotion, publicity, education, or any department other than sales, is calling on a special list of people or is not selling anything;

b. Respondent is offering encyclopedias or other books or articles, alone or in combination, free of any cost or charge or at a reduced price (1) in return for a letter from the purchaser with his or her opinion about the encyclopedia and permission to use the purchaser's name or (2) on the condition of the purchase of the yearly supplement or any other book or article;

c. Respondent, under any circumstances, is offering encyclopedias, alone or in combination, free of any cost or without any charge or obligation;

d. The offer of respondent's encyclopedia is a "special introductory offer" or that any offer is limited in point of time or in any manner;

e. The offer of the encyclopedia or any other book or article (1) is being made to a specially selected group of people or (2) is not being offered to the public generally at the time of the call of the representative or (3) is made in advance of the general sales promotion of the item which will be conducted at a later date;

f. Respondent's annual supplement or year book usually and regularly sells for $10 or any amount in excess of the price usually and regularly charged for the book;

g. The encyclopedia offered to the prospective customer is nationally advertised for $389 or any sum of money which is in excess of the price at which respondent's encyclopedia of the same grade and quality as that shown to the prospect is regularly sold to the purchasing public at such time;

h. The cost of respondent's encyclopedia, book, publication, or other article of merchandise may be paid for over a 10-year period or other specified period of time when such time is in excess of the period of time within which respondent will accept deferred payments.

2. Misrepresenting:

a. The prices of or the savings available to members of the public or to purchasers of respondent's merchandise by means of comparative prices or in any other manner;

b. The employment status of respondent's salesmen or representatives; or

c. The nature of, or the conditions connected with, the offer of merchandise made to members of the public or to purchasers.

3. Failing to disclose at the time admission is sought into the home, office, or other establishment of the prospective purchaser or purchaser that the person making the call is respondent's salesman and is soliciting the sale of respondent's merchandise.

4. Using any plan, scheme, or ruse as a door-opener to gain admission into a prospect's home, office, or other establishment, which misrepresents the true status and mission of the person making the call.

It is further ordered, That this order shall not become effective until further order of the Commission.

It is further ordered, That P. F. Collier & Son Corp. or any successor or assign of the business thereof which may now be in existence, shall, within sixty (60) days after the effective date of this order, file with the Commission, a report, in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with the order to cease and desist.

Issued: September 30, 1966.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 66-12263; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket No. C-1117]

PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

J. & J. Rugs et al.

Subpart—Furnishing false guaranties: § 13.1053 *Furnishing false guaranties:* 13.1053-80 Textile Fiber Products Identification Act. Subpart—Misbranding or mislabeling: § 13.1185 *Composition:* 13.1185-80 Textile Fiber Products Identification Act; § 13.1212 *Formal regulatory and statutory requirements:* 13.1212-80 Textile Fiber Products Identification Act. Subpart—Neglecting, unfairly or deceptively, to make material disclosure: § 13.1852 *Formal regulatory and statutory requirements:* 13.1852-70 Textile Fiber Products Identification Act.

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; 72 Stat. 1717; 15 U.S.C. 45, 70) [Cease and desist order, J. & J. Rugs et al., Dalton, Ga., Docket C-1117, Oct. 3, 1966]

In the Matter of Dalton Cone Co., a Corporation, Doing Business as J. & J. Rugs, and Thomas R. Jones, Individually and as an Officer of Said Corporation

Consent order requiring a Dalton, Ga., carpet manufacturer to cease misbranding, furnishing false guaranties, and failing to keep required records on its textile fiber products in violation of the Textile Fiber Products Identification Act.

The order to cease and desist, including further order requiring report of compliance therewith, is as follows:

It is ordered, That respondents Dalton Cone Co., a corporation doing business as J. & J. Rugs or under any other name, and Thomas R. Jones, individually and as an officer of said corporation, and respondents' representatives, agents, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the introduction, delivery for introduction, manufacture for introduction, sale, advertising, or offering for sale, in commerce, or the transportation or causing to be transported in commerce, or the importation into the United States of textile fiber products; or in connection with the sale, offering for sale, advertising, delivery, transportation, or causing to be transported, of any textile fiber products, which have been advertised or offered for sale in commerce; or in connection with the sale, offering for sale, advertising, delivery, transportation, or causing to be transported, after shipment in commerce of any textile fiber products, whether they are in their original state or contained in other textile fiber products, as the terms "commerce" and "textile fiber product" are defined in the Textile Fiber Products Identification Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

A. Misbranding textile fiber products by:

1. Falsely or deceptively stamping, tagging, labeling, invoicing, advertising, or otherwise identifying such products as to the name or amount of constituent fibers contained therein.

2. Failing to affix labels to such textile fiber products showing in a clear, legible, and conspicuous manner each element of information required to be disclosed by section 4(b) of the Textile Fiber Products Identification Act.

B. Failing to maintain and preserve for at least 3 years proper records showing the fiber content of textile fiber products manufactured by them, as required by section 6(a) of the Textile Fiber Products Identification Act and Rule 39 of the regulations promulgated thereunder.

C. Furnishing false guaranties that textile fiber products are not misbranded or otherwise misrepresented under the provisions of the Textile Fiber Products Identification Act.

It is further ordered, That the respondents herein shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

Issued: October 3, 1966.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 66-12264; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. C-1118]

PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

Home Carpet Co., Inc., et al.

Subpart—Advertising falsely or misleadingly: § 13.155 *Prices:* 13.155-10 Bait. Subpart—Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Prices: § 13.1779 *Bait.*

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended, 15 U.S.C. 45) [Cease and desist order, Home Carpet Co., Inc., et al., Silver Spring, Md., Docket C-1118, Oct. 3, 1966.]

In the Matter of Home Carpet Co., Inc., a Corporation, and Henry Richter, Individually and as an Officer of Said Corporation

Consent order requiring a Silver Spring, Md., dealer in carpeting to cease using bait advertising in promoting the sale of its carpets.

The order to cease and desist, including further order requiring report of compliance therewith, is as follows:

It is ordered, That respondents Home Carpet Co., Inc., a corporation, and its officers, and Henry Richter, individually and as an officer of said corporation, and respondents' agents, representatives, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the advertising, offering for sale, sale or distribution of floor covering products, or any other products, in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Using, in any manner, a sales plan, scheme or device wherein false, misleading or deceptive statements or representations are made in order to obtain leads or prospects for the sale of merchandise or services.

2. Making representations purporting to offer merchandise for sale when the purpose of the representation is not to sell the offered merchandise but to obtain leads or prospects for the sale of other merchandise at higher prices.

3. Discouraging the purchase of, or disparaging, any merchandise or services which are advertised or offered for sale.

4. Representing, directly or by implication, that any merchandise or services are offered for sale when such offer is not a bona fide offer to sell said merchandise or services.

5. Representing, directly or by implication, that floor covering products are installed with separate padding included at a stated price: *Provided, however*, That it shall be a defense in any enforcement proceeding instituted hereunder for respondents to establish that where so represented separate padding is in fact installed at the stated price.

6. Misrepresenting, in any manner, the prices, terms or conditions under which respondents supply separate padding in connection with the sale of floor covering products.

It is further ordered, That the respondents herein shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

Issued: October 3, 1966.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 66-12265; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

PART 15—ADMINISTRATIVE OPINIONS AND RULINGS

Recipe Promotional Plan

§ 15.101 Recipe promotional plan.

(a) The Commission announced it had given conditional approval to the use of a tripartite recipe plan promoting the sale of food products.

(b) According to the terms of the proposed plan, the promoter will install a dispensing machine (approximately 18 inches square) in each retail grocery store containing a sufficient number of recipe cards to meet the demands of its customers. In addition to containing a recipe of the week, the card will also feature the specific brand name of one of the ingredients of the participating food suppliers.

(c) Each participating retailer will be paid $10 per month and furnished with posters and shelf markers publicizing the recipe cards and products of the participating manufacturers. Cost of the plan will be borne by the participating manufacturers. Notification of the plan will be by a printed promotional piece and/or letter to be mailed to all retailers in an area which was not defined with exact precision.

(d) In its opinion the Commission said that sections 2 (d) and (e) of the Robinson-Patman Act "require a supplier to treat all of his competing customers on a nondiscriminatory basis, which means that if the supplier furnishes promotional assistance to one customer he must make that assistance available on proportionally equal terms to all competing customers. The courts have also held that the supplier must comply with these provisions of the law irrespective of whether the promotional assistance is furnished to the retailer directly or through an intermediary."

(e) The three conditions which must be met before the Commission can give its approval to the plan are as follows:

(1) "First, the plan must be offered to all competing retailers within a given marketing area. Under the facts outlined in your letter, there appears to be an indication that the plan, as presently contemplated, may be offered only to those competing retailers within an arbitrarily drawn geographical area."

(2) "Second, the plan must be offered to all competing retailers within that marketing area. Competing retailers located on the periphery of said market areas are considered by the Commission to be included within the marketing area if in fact they do compete with those therein who are offered participation in the plan."

(3) "Third, the plan must be made available to all competing retailers irrespective of their functional classification. It appears that grocery stores will be the principal beneficiaries of the plan. However, if the items involved in the plan are also sold by nongrocery stores, they must be accorded the same opportunity to participate in any promotional assistance given by the suppliers to competing grocery outlets."

(38 Stat. 717, as amended; 15 U.S.C. 41-58; 49 Stat. 1526; 15 U.S.C. 13, as amended)

Issued: November 10, 1966.

By direction of the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 66-12233; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

PART 15—ADMINISTRATIVE OPINIONS AND RULINGS

Disapproval of Proposed Weight-Reducing Claims for Garments

§ 15.102 Disapproval of proposed weight-reducing claims for garments.

The Federal Trade Commission, basing its action on scientific information available to it and on its knowledge and experience, advised a manufacturer of plastic slimming garments that the Commission had reason to believe that proposed advertising and representation to the effect that these garments, through inducing perspiration, would effectively cause weight reduction, or spot weight reduction in preselected body areas or reducing generally, would be actionable under section 12 of the Federal Trade Commission Act.

(38 Stat. 717, as amended; 15 U.S.C. 41-58)

Issued: November 10, 1966.

By direction of the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 66-12234; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

Title 19—CUSTOMS DUTIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Customs, Department of the Treasury

[T.D. 66-251]

PART 54—CERTAIN IMPORTATIONS TEMPORARILY FREE OF DUTY

Gifts From Members of U.S. Armed Forces

Public Law 89-368, approved March 15, 1966, provides for the entry free of duty of certain gifts sent by members of the Armed Forces of the United States serving in a combat zone with the proviso that such articles were purchased in or through authorized agencies of the United States or in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

It is self-evident that the Department of Defense is best able to determine which servicemen are entitled to the exemption and which articles sent by eligible servicemen are entitled to duty-free entry under the law.

To aid the Bureau of Customs in its task of protecting the revenue, the Department of Defense has agreed to follow procedures which will identify such gifts and aid in establishing the right of the recipient to the benefit conferred by law.

In brief, the Department of Defense will permit only qualified service personnel to use Armed Forces mail facilities in mailing gifts marked in a manner that will identify them to customs officers as packages containing items to be imported with the benefit of the $50 gift provision. If servicemen wish to send parcels by means of transportation other than Armed Forces mail facilities and wish to have inscribed thereon evidence of the eligibility of the package to the $50 gift exemption, the Department of Defense

will require that they sign a suitable statement to be affixed to the package and obtain the countersignature of a duly designated officer who will, before affixing his signature, satisfy himself that the sender is a member of the Armed Forces of the United States entitled to the privilege.

Accordingly, § 54.3 is amended to read as follows:

§ 54.3 Bona fide gifts from a member of the Armed Forces of the United States serving in a combat zone.

(a) Under item 915.25,[1] Tariff Schedules of the United States, entry free of duty shall be afforded to bona fide gifts from members of the Armed Forces of the United States serving in a combat zone, provided that:

(1) Free entry shall be afforded only to the extent that articles in the shipment do not exceed $50 in aggregate retail value in the country of shipment. When the value of a shipment exceeds such $50 limitation, duty shall be assessed on the portion of the shipment which exceeds $50 in value;

(2) The articles constitute a bona fide gift from a member of the Armed Forces of the United States serving in a combat zone[2] (within the meaning of section 112(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954);

(3) The articles were purchased in or through authorized agencies of the Armed Forces of the United States or in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense; and

(4) The articles do not include non-tax-paid American cigarettes exported under the provisions of section 5704 of the Internal Revenue Code or alcoholic beverages.

(b) Satisfactory evidence as to the status of articles under item 915.25, Tariff Schedules of the United States, will have been filed in connection with the entry within the meaning of the statute if (1) a properly completed POD Form 2966 identifying the sender and the value of the contents is attached to the address side of the parcel and there is stamped or affixed to a shipment forwarded by Armed Forces mail facilities the following statement: "Bona fide gift—$50 exemption claimed under Public Law", or if (2) civilian mail facilities or other means of shipment are used, declarations by the donor and a duly designated officer of the Armed Forces are stamped or affixed in the following form:

This package contains a gift to the addressee from the undersigned member of the Armed Forces serving in a combat zone.

(Item) (Amount paid)

(Signature)

(Rank) (Serial No.)

I certify that the enclosed merchandise is being sent by a member of the Armed Forces serving in a combat zone and was purchased in or through an authorized agency of the Armed Forces or in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

(Date) (Signature)

(Rank) (Serial No.)

or if (3) such a declaration, adequately describing and identifying the articles, is subsequently filed at the customhouse, and the entry, if liquidated, can be reliquidated in accordance with section 514, Tariff Act of 1930, or section 520(c) of the tariff act, as amended, and § 16.14 of this chapter, or if (4) the district director of customs or the customs officer in charge of the port finds from the facts and circumstances that the articles are entitled to free entry under item 915.25, Tariff Schedules of the United States, and makes an appropriate notation of his findings on the entry.

(c) The declaration provided for in paragraph (b) (1) and (2) of this section shall be canceled to prevent its further use.

(d) The entry requirements prescribed in the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended, and the Customs Regulations are applicable to articles entitled to free entry under item 915.25, Tariff Schedules of the United States. When any shipment is granted exemption from duty under the provisions of item 915.25, Tariff Schedules of the United States, the declaration of the donor required by paragraph (b) of this section may be treated as an entry therefor, to be supported by proper evidence of the right to make entry. The inward foreign manifest covering a shipment passed free under this procedure shall be liquidated by noting thereon "Free on declaration, item 915.25, TSUS."

(e) Customs invoices, including the invoices provided for in § 9.1 of this chapter, shall not be required for shipments of bona fide gifts accorded free entry, in whole or in part, under item 915.25, Tariff Schedules of the United States, provided such shipments are made through regular or Armed Forces mail facilities. The certification and/or postal form as provided for in paragraph (b) (1) and (2) of this section, stating the information as to the purchase price of each article listed and stamped or affixed on the parcel, shall be accepted as a compliance with the other requirements of § 9.1 of this chapter.

(f) Free entry shall be accorded under item 915.25, Tariff Schedules of the United States, on and after March 16, 1966, and until the provisions of the said item 915.25 lapse and are no longer effective.

(77A Stat. 434, as amended, sec. 498, 46 Stat. 728, as amended; 19 U.S.C. 1202 (Item 915.25), 1498)

(77A Stat. 14, sec. 624, 46 Stat. 759; 19 U.S.C. 1202 (Gen. Hdnote 11), 1624)

[SEAL] LESTER D. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: November 4, 1966.

TRUE DAVIS,
Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12295; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

Title 22—FOREIGN RELATIONS

Chapter I—Department of State

SUBCHAPTER F—NATIONALITY AND PASSPORTS

PART 50—NATIONALITY PROCEDURES

PART 51—PASSPORTS

Correction

In Federal Register Document 66-11421, published at 31 F.R. 13537, §§ 50.1 (f), 50.11, 51.8(b), 51.21 (introductory text), 51.22, 51.27(c), 51.31(c), and 51.60 are corrected to read as follows:

§ 50.1 Definitions.

* * * * *

(f) "Passport Agent" means a person designated by the Department to accept passport applications.

§ 50.11 Certificate of identity for travel to the United States to apply for admission.

(a) A person applying abroad for a certificate of identity under section 360 (b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act shall complete the application form prescribed by the Department and submit evidence to support his claim to U.S. nationality.

(b) When a diplomatic or consular officer denies an application for a certificate of identity under this section, the applicant may submit a written appeal to the Secretary, stating the pertinent facts, the grounds upon which U.S. nationality is claimed and his reasons for considering that the denial was not justified.

§ 51.8 Cancellation of previously issued passport.

* * * * *

(b) If an applicant is unable to produce such a passport for cancellation, he shall submit a signed statement setting forth the circumstances surrounding the disposition of the passport and if it is claimed to have been lost, the efforts made to recover it. A determination will then be made whether to issue a new passport and whether such passport shall be limited as to place and periods of validity.

§ 51.21 Execution of passport application.

Upon execution of a passport application, the applicant shall swear to or affirm the truthfulness of the statements in the application before one of the following persons:

* * * * *

§ 51.22 Execution of passport form by person over 18 years of age to be included in passport.

A person over 18 years of age to be included in a passport shall swear to or affirm the facts pertaining to his identity and citizenship.

§ 51.27 Minors.

* * * * *

(c) *Execution of applications for minors by parent or guardian.* A parent, a legal guardian, or a person in loco parentis may execute a passport appli-

cation on behalf of a minor under 18 years of age if in the judgment of the person before whom the application is executed it is not desirable for the minor to execute his own application.

* * * * *

§ 51.31 Affidavit of identifying witness.

* * * * *

(c) The identifying witness shall subscribe to his statement before the same person who took the passport application.

§ 51.60 Form of remittance.

Passport fees in the United States shall be paid in U.S. currency or by draft, check, or money order payable to the Department of State or the Passport Office. Passport fees abroad shall be paid in U.S. currency, travelers checks, money order, or the equivalent value of the fees in local currency.

PART 51—PASSPORTS

Definitions; Correction

In F.R. Doc. 66–11421, appearing at page 13541 of the issue for Thursday, October 20, 1966, section 51.1(f) should read as follows:

§ 51.1 Definitions.

* * * * *

(f) "Passport Agent" means a person designated by the Department to accept passport applications.

* * * * *

PHILIP B. HEYMANN,
Acting Administrator, Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12290; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

Proposed Rule Making

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

[39 CFR Part 45]

CITY DELIVERY

Door Slot Specifications for Mail Receptacles

Notice is hereby given of proposed rule making consisting of a proposed amendment to Part 45 of Title 39, Code of Federal Regulations. The proposed amendment to § 45.4(b) would change the dimensional limitations on the hooded portion of door slots installed after July 1, 1967, to permit the depositing of thicker pieces of mail without tearing covers or forcing mail through the slot.

Although the procedures in 39 CFR Part 45 relate to a proprietary function of the Government, it is the desire of the Postmaster General voluntarily to observe the rule making requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 1003) in order that patrons of the postal service may have an opportunity to comment on the proposed amendment. Written data, views, and arguments may be filed with the Director, Delivery Services Branch, Bureau of Operations, Post Office Department, Washington, D.C. 20260, at any time prior to the 30th day following the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

The proposed amendment reads as follows:

§ 45.4 **Mail receptacles.**

* * * * *

(b) *Door slot specifications.* The clear rectangular opening in the outside slot plate must be at least 1½ inches wide and 7 inches long. The slot must have a flap, hinged at the top if placed horizontally, and hinged on the side away from the hinge side of the door if placed vertically. When a hooded plate is used inside to provide greater privacy, the bottom line of the hooded portion must not be more than three-quarter inch below the bottom line of the slot in the outside plate, if placed horizontally, or more than three-quarter inch beyond the side line of the slot in the outside plate nearest the hinge edge of the door, if placed vertically. The hood at its greatest projection must not be less than 2 1/16 inches beyond the inside face of the door. Door slots must be placed not less than 30 inches above the finished floor line. (The hooded portion must not be below the bottom line of the slot in the outside plate, if placed horizontally, or beyond the side line of the slot in the outside plate nearest the hinge edge of the door in any installations made after July 1, 1967.)

* * * * *

NOTE: The corresponding Postal Manual section is 155.42.

(5 U.S.C. 301, 39 U.S.C. 501)

TIMOTHY J. MAY,
General Counsel.

NOVEMBER 8, 1966.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12279; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Consumer and Marketing Service

[7 CFR Parts 1063, 1070, 1078, 1079]

[Docket Nos. AO 105-A24, AO 229-A15, AO 272-A10, AO 295-A12]

MILK IN QUAD CITIES-DUBUQUE, CEDAR RAPIDS-IOWA CITY, NORTH CENTRAL IOWA, AND DES MOINES, IOWA, MARKETING AREAS

Notice of Rescheduling of Hearing on Proposed Amendments to Tentative Marketing Agreements and Orders

Pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), notice was issued October 25, 1966 (31 F.R. 13864), giving notice of a public hearing to be held at the Roosevelt Hotel, 200 First Avenue NE., Cedar Rapids, Iowa, beginning at 10 a.m., local time, on November 15, 1966, with respect to proposed amendments to the tentative marketing agreements and to the orders, regulating the handling of milk in the Quad Cities-Dubuque, Cedar Rapids-Iowa City, North Central Iowa, and Des Moines, Iowa, marketing areas.

Notice is hereby given that the said public hearing is rescheduled and will be held December 8, 1966, beginning at 10 a.m., local time, at the Montrose Hotel and Motor Inn, 223 Third Avenue SE., Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Signed at Washington, D.C., on November 8, 1966.

CLARENCE H. GIRARD,
Deputy Administrator, Regulatory Programs.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12297; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

[7 CFR Part 1137]

MILK IN EASTERN COLORADO MARKETING AREA

Notice of Proposed Suspension of Certain Provision of Order

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), the suspension of certain provision of the order regulating the handling of milk in the Eastern Colorado marketing area is being considered for the month of December 1966.

The provision proposed to be suspended for December 1966 is "(1) an amount equal to 50 percent or more of the total receipts of", appearing in § 1137.7(a), and relates to the requirements for pool plant qualification of a distributing pool plant.

This proposed action would eliminate for the month of December 1966 the requirement that a distributing pool plant dispose of 50 percent or more of its receipts of Grade A milk (except receipts from distributing pool plants) as fluid milk products on routes. To qualify as a distributing pool plant for such month a plant would continue to be required to dispose of not less than 10 percent of Grade A receipts or 12,000 pounds per day, whichever is less, on routes in the marketing area.

The proposed suspension action would enable a handler to retain pool distributing plant status in December without meeting the requirement that 50 percent or more of his Grade A receipts be disposed of on routes. This action was requested by a handler pending review of the matter of qualifying standards for distributing pool plants at a public hearing.

Petitioner indicates that he has discontinued all of his retail routes in the market and now supplies packaged fluid milk products to other distributing pool

plants along with continuing his wholesale routes disposition. This handler states that since sales of packaged fluid milk products to other distributing pool plants are not considered route disposition under this order, the normal seasonal decline in December in his wholesale route disposition will reduce his route sales to less than the 50 percent requirement. This would result in loss of pool plant status. A loss of pool plant status would impair the operation of this handler and reduce returns to dairy farmers delivering milk to his plant.

All persons who desire to submit written data, views, or arguments in connection with the proposed suspension should file the same with the Hearing Clerk, Room 112–A, Administration Building, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington, D.C. 20250, not later than 3 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. All documents filed should be in quadruplicate.

All written submissions made pursuant to this notice will be made available for public inspection at the Office of the Hearing Clerk during regular business hours (7 CFR 1.27(b)).

Signed at Washington, D.C., on November 8, 1966.

CLARENCE H. GIRARD,
Deputy Administrator,
Regulatory Programs.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12293; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Office of the Secretary

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY OFFICER

Designation and Assignment of Functions; Delegation of Authority

1. *Equal Employment Opportunity Officer for the Department of Housing and Urban Development under regulations of the U.S. Civil Service Commission (5 CFR Part 713), designation and assignment of functions.* The Assistant Secretary for Administration is hereby designated the Equal Employment Opportunity Officer for the Department of Housing and Urban Development, pursuant to § 713.204(c) of the regulations of the U.S. Civil Service Commission (5 CFR 713.204(c)), and is assigned the functions prescribed to be carried out by such officer under § 713.204(d) of such regulations and the regulations of the Department (24 CFR Part 713).

2. *Delegation of authority.* The Equal Employment Opportunity Officer is hereby authorized to:

a. Designate such Deputy Equal Employment Opportunity Officers as may be necessary to assist the Equal Employment Opportunity Officer in carrying out his assigned functions.

b. Make changes in programs and procedures designed to eliminate discriminatory practices and improve the Department's program for equal employment opportunity.

c. Make final decisions for the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development on complaints of discrimination and order such corrective measures as he may consider necessary.

(E.O. 11246 of Sept. 24, 1965 (30 F.R. 12319, Sept. 28, 1965); regs. of U.S. Civil Service Commission under 5 CFR Part 713; sec. 7(d) of P.L. 89–174, 79 Stat. 670)

Effective date. This designation and assignment of functions and delegation of authority shall be effective as of April 3, 1966.

ROBERT C. WEAVER,
Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12296; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Bureau of Customs

[473.234]

WOOL SHORN FROM WASHED SHEEPSKINS

Proposed Tariff Classification

The Bureau is tentatively of the conclusion that shearing flock from washed sheepskins, which have been neither pickled nor tanned, is virgin wool and classifiable under the tariff schedules according to grade.

Pursuant to § 16.10a(d), Customs Regulations (19 CFR 16.10a(d)), notice is hereby given that there is under review in the Bureau of Customs the existing established and uniform practice of classifying shearing flock under the provision for Waste of Wool or hair * * * Other, in item 307.18, Tariff Schedules of the United States, dutiable at the rate of 9 cents per pound.

Consideration will be given to any relevant data, views, or arguments pertaining to the correct tariff classification of this merchandise which are submitted in writing to the Bureau of Customs, Washington, D.C. 20026. To assure consideration such communications must be received in the Bureau not later than 30 days from the date of publication of this notice. No hearing will be held.

[SEAL] LESTER D. JOHNSON,
Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: November 3, 1966.

TRUE DAVIS,
Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12276; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

Office of Foreign Assets Control

CUT JADE STONES

Importation Directly From Ecuador; Available Certifications

Notice is hereby given that certificates of origin issued by the Ministry of Industry and Trade of the Government of Ecuador under procedures agreed upon between that Government and the Office of Foreign Assets Control in connection with the Foreign Assets Control Regulations are now available with respect to the importation into the United States directly, or on a through bill of lading, from Ecuador of the following commodity:

Jade stones, cut but not set, suitable for use in jewelry.

[SEAL] MARGARET W. SCHWARTZ,
Director,
Office of Foreign Assets Control.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12240; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

PROCESSED HUMAN HAIR

Importation Directly From Canada; Available Certifications

Notice is hereby given that certificates of origin issued by the Department of Trade and Commerce of the Government of Canada under procedures agreed upon between that Government and the Office of Foreign Assets Control in connection with the Foreign Assets Control Regulations are now available with respect to the importation into the United States directly, or on a through bill of lading, from Canada of the following additional commodity:

Hair, human, processed (wigs, etc.).

[SEAL] MARGARET W. SCHWARTZ,
Director,
Office of Foreign Assets Control.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12241; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Delegation of Authority No. 30; Kansas City Regional Office Disaster I]

MANAGER OF DISASTER BRANCH OFFICE, TOPEKA, KANS.

Delegations Relating to Financial Assistance Functions; Rescission

Notice is hereby given that Delegation of Authority No. 30, Disaster I 31 F.R. 8844 as amended by 31 F.R. 9309, is hereby rescinded in its entirety.

Effective date: September 26, 1966.

C. I. MOYER,
Regional Director,
Kansas City, Mo.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12284; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:47 am.]

TARIFF COMMISSION

[APTA–W–4]

WORKERS' PETITION FOR DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY TO APPLY FOR ADJUSTMENT ASSISTANCE

Notice of Cancellation of Hearing

Notice is hereby given that the public hearing to have been held on November 15, 1966, by the Tariff Commission in connection with investigation APTA–W–4, pursuant to section 302(e) of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965, has been canceled. The group of workers of the Maremont Corp., Gabriel Division, Cleveland, Ohio, petitioning for a determination of eligibility to apply for adjustment assistance under the provisions of section 302 of the Act, has concluded that the hearing is unnecessary and has requested that it be canceled.

Issued November 8, 1966.

By order of the Commission.

[SEAL] DONN N. BENT,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12280; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. G-4547 etc.]

SINCLAIR OIL & GAS CO. ET AL.

Notice of Applications for Certificates, Abandonment of Service and Petitions To Amend Certificates [1]

NOVEMBER 2, 1966.

Take notice that each of the Applicants listed herein has filed an application or petition pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act for authorization to sell natural gas in interstate commerce or to abandon service heretofore authorized as described herein, all as more fully described in the respective applications and amendments which are on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before November 25, 1966.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on all applications in which no protest or petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein if the Commission on its own review of the matter believes that a grant of the certificates or the authorization for the proposed abandonment is required by the public convenience and necessity. Where a protest or petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or where the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given: *Provided, however,* That pursuant to § 2.56, Part 2, statement of general policy and interpretations, Chapter I of Title 18 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended, all permanent certificates of public convenience and necessity granting applications, filed after April 15, 1965, without further notice, will contain a condition precluding any filing of an increased rate at a price in excess of that designated for the particular area of production for the period prescribed therein unless at the time of filing such certificate application, or within the time fixed herein for the filing of protests or petitions to intervene the Applicant indicates in writing that it is unwilling to accept such a condition. In the event Applicant is unwilling to accept such condition the application will be set for formal hearing.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicants to appear or be represented at the hearing.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[1] This notice does not provide for consolidation for hearing of the several matters covered herein, nor should it be so construed.

Docket No. and date filed	Applicant	Purchaser, field, and location	Price per Mcf	Pressure base
G-4547 C 10-18-66	Sinclair Oil & Gas Co., Post Office Box 521, Tulsa, Okla. 74102.	El Paso Natural Gas Co., Blanco Mesa Verde Field, San Juan County, N. Mex.	[1] 13.25009	15.025
G-13166 E 9-26-66	Bachus Oil Co. (successor to Louis H. Martin, et al.), 721 East Central, Wichita, Kans. 67202.	Cities Service Gas Co., Hardtner Field, Barber County, Kans.	[2] 12.0	14.65
G-16139 D 10-26-66	Gulf Oil Corp., Post Office Box 1589, Tulsa, Okla. 74102.	Transwestern Pipeline Co., acreage in Ochiltree and Hansford Counties, Tex.	Uneconomical	------
CI61-638 D 4-11-66	Sohio Petroleum Co., 970 First National Office Bldg., Oklahoma City, Okla. 73102.	Texas Gas Transmission Corp., North Rousseau Area, Lafourche Parish, La.	[3]	------
CI61-709 D 8-15-66	George R. Brown, c/o J. L. Bianchi, attorney, 1201 San Jacinto Bldg., Houston, Tex. 77002.	----do----	[4]	------
CI62-251 E 10-13-66	The Flour Corp., Ltd. (Operator), et al. (successor to Jake L. Hamon (Operator), et al.), 615 Midland Tower Bldg., Midland, Tex. 79701.	Northern Natural Gas Co., Hooker-Northeast Field, Texas County, Okla.	16.0	14.65
CI63-20 D 10-24-66	Humble Oil & Refining Co., Post Office Box 2180, Houston, Tex. 77001.	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co., Arkoma Area, Haskell County, Okla.	Assigned	------
CI63-996 D 10-24-66	----do----	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co., North Cooper Field, Blaine County, Okla.	Assigned	------
CI63-1130 E 10-12-66	Robert E. King (Operator), et al. (successor to T. F. Hodge (Operator), et al.), 1704 Beck Bldg., Shreveport, La. 71101.	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co., Ada Field, Bienville Parish, La.	[5] 13.453	15.025
CI65-1159 C 10-19-66	Tenneco Oil Co., et al., Post Office Box 2511, Houston, Tex. 77001.	El Paso Natural Gas Co., San Juan Basin, San Juan and Rio Arriba Counties, N. Mex.	13.0	15.025
CI66-716 C 10-26-66	A. M. van Flick, agent for MacDonald Spidel, et al., 211 Water St., Weston, W. Va. 26452.	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Salt Lick District, Braxton County, W. Va.	25.0	15.325
CI67-173 A 8-15-66	Sinclair Oil & Gas Co.[6]	Northern Natural Gas Co., Ozona (Canyon) Field, Crockett County, Tex.	16.0	14.65
CI67-479 A 10-11-66	James V. Spankard, et al., 550 Grant St., Pittsburgh, Pa. 15219.	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Big Run Field, Jefferson County, Pa.	27.5	15.325
CI67-480 A 10-13-66	Priddie Oil & Gas Co., Post Office Box 505, Huntington, W. Va. 25701.	United Fuel Gas Co., Big Injun Field, Stonewall District, Wayne County, W. Va.	16.0	15.325
CI67-481 A 10-14-66	Forest Oil Corp. (Operator), et al.,[7] 1300 National Bank of Commerce Bldg., San Antonio, Tex. 78205.	Transwestern Pipeline Co., Rojo Caballo West Field, Pecos and Reeves Counties, Tex.	[5] 16.5	14.65
CI67-483 A 10-17-66	Roberts and Jenkins, c/o Margaret J. Wells, trustee, Post Office Box 869, Paintsville, Ky. 41240.	United Fuel Gas Co., Beaver Creek Field, Floyd County, Ky.	15.0	15.325
CI67-484 B 10-14-66	Edwin M. Jones Oil Co., et al., c/o John H. Dahlgren, attorney, Morrison, Dittmar, Dahlgren and Kaine, Milam Bldg., San Antonio, Tex. 78205.	United Gas Pipe Line Co., North Hondo Creek Field, Karnes County, Tex.	Depleted	------
CI67-486 B 10-19-66	Lone Star Producing Co., 301 South Harwood St., Dallas, Tex. 75201.	Valley Gas Transmission, Inc., South Oakville Field, Live Oak County, Tex.	Depleted	------
CI67-487 A 10-20-66	Edwin L. Cox, Operator, 3800 First National Bank Bldg., Dallas, Tex. 75202.	Michigan Wisconsin Pipe Line Co., Live Oak Field, Vermilion Parish, La.	20.625	15.025
CI67-488 B 10-19-66	Skelly Oil Co. (Operator), et al., Post Office Box 1650, Tulsa, Okla. 74102.	United Fuel Gas Co., Erath Field, Vermilion Parish, La.	Depleted	------
CI67-489 A 10-12-66	Kanran Gas Co., 703 Union Bldg., Charleston, W. Va. 25301.	United Fuel Gas Co., acreage in Kanawha County, W. Va.	16.0	15.325
CI67-490 A 10-12-66	ZOGG & ZOGG, Inc., 703 Union Bldg., Charleston, W. Va. 25301.	----do----	16.0	15.325
CI67-491 (CI64-457) F 10-13-66	Tartan Oil Co. (successor to Creek Oil Co., Inc.) c/o James E. Williams, Partner, 35 Adams Ave., Evansville, Ind. 47713.	Cumberland Natural Gas Co., Inc., White Plains Field, Hopkins County, Ky.	15.0	15.025
CI67-492 B 10-14-66	James Drilling Corp., 250 Newport Road, Blairsville, Pa. 15717.	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Boone Mountain Field, Clearfield County, Pa.	Depleted	------
CI67-493 A 10-20-66	Arkla Exploration Co., Post Office Box 1734, Shreveport, La. 71102.	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co., acreage in Leflore County, Okla.	15.0	14.65
CI67-494 B 10-14-66	Sun Oil Co., 1608 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. 19103.	Pan American Petroleum Corp. and Texaco Inc., Luby Field, Nueces County, Tex.	[8]	------
CI67-495 A 10-18-66	Jennings Petroleum Corp., 111 Kerr Avenue Bldg., Oklahoma City, Okla. 73102.	Michigan Wisconsin Pipe Line Co., Woodward Area, Woodward County, Okla.	[10] 19.5	14.65
CI67-496 A 10-18-66	Lee E. Minter, 9 Florence St., Bradford, Pa. 16701.	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Brady and Sandy Townships, Clearfield County, Pa. (Brooks School Unit Pool).	27.5	15.325

Filing code: A—Initial service.
B—Abandonment.
C—Amendment to add acreage.
D—Amendment to delete acreage.
E—Succession.
F—Partial succession.

See footnotes at end of table.

Docket No. and date filed	Applicant	Purchaser, field, and location	Price per Mcf	Pressure base
CI67-497 A 10-18-66	do	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Sandy Township, Clearfield County, Pa. (Clear Run Unit Pool).	27.5	15.325
CI67-498 A 10-18-66	do	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Shippen Township, Cameron County, Pa. (Colman Wells).	27.5	15.325
CI67-499 A 10-18-66	do	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Gibson Township, Cameron County, Pa. (Mix Run Meter).	27.5	15.325
CI67-500 A 10-18-66	do	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., DuBois City, Clearfield County, Pa. (DuBois Meter).	27.5	15.325
CI67-501 A 10-18-66	do	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Sandy Township, Clearfield County, Pa. (Fairview Unit Pool).	27.5	15.325
CI67-502 A 10-18-66	do	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Benezett Township, Elk County Pa. (Heidrick Wells).	27.5	15.325
CI67-503 A 10-18-66	do	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Sandy Township, Clearfield County, Pa. (Hopkins Unit Pool).	27.5	15.325
CI67-504 A 10-18-66	do	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Sandy Township, Clearfield County, Pa. (Robertson Unit Pool).	27.5	15.325
CI67-505 A 10-20-66	Texaco Inc., Post Office Box 52332, Houston, Tex. 77052.	Natural Gas Pipeline Co. of America, acreage in Vermilion Parish, La.	[11] 19.5 [12] 21.25	15.025 15.025
CI67-506 A 10-20-66	Leo G. Butler, d.b.a. B & G Oil Co., Post Office Box 912, Refugio, Tex. 78377.	United Gas Pipe Line Co., Poehler Field, Goliad County, Tex.	14.0	14.65
CI67-507 F 10-17-66	Ashland Oil & Refining Co. (successor to Gulf Oil Corp.), Post Office Box 18695, Oklahoma City, Okla. 73118.	Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co., Northwest Eva Field, Texas County, Okla.	[13] 16.0	14.65
CI67-508 A 10-12-66	Exploration & Development, Inc., 803 Salar Lane, Glenview, Ill. 60025.	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co., Southeast Bramen Field, Kay County, Okla.	12.0	14.65
CI67-509 A 10-18-66	Lee E. Minter	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Young Township, Jefferson County, Pa. (Starlite Unit Pool).	27.5	15.325
CI67-510 A 10-18-66	do	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Houston Township, Clearfield County, Pa. (State Tract 123).	27.5	15.325
CI67-511 A 10-18-66	do	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Brady and Sandy Townships, Clearfield County, Pa. (Times Square Unit Pool).	27.5	15.325
CI67-512 A 10-18-66	do	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Young Township, Jefferson County, Pa. (Kingman Well).	27.5	15.325
CI67-513 A 10-17-66	Petroleum, Inc., 300 West Douglas, Wichita, Kans. 67202.	Northern Natural Gas Co., Camrick Field, Texas County, Okla.	16.0	14.65
CI67-515 F 10-17-66	Cologne Production Co. (Operator), et al. (successor to Atlantic Richfield Co.), D-116 Petroleum Center 900 Northeast Loop Expressway, San Antonio, Tex. 78209.	Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co., a division of Tenneco Inc., Cologne Field, Victoria County, Tex.	[14] 14.6	14.65
CI67-516 A 10-21-66	Sun Oil Co. (Southwest Division), 1608 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa. 19103.	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co., Cheniere Creek Field, Ouachita Parish, La.	18.5	15.025
CI67-517 A 10-21-66	Humble Oil & Refining Co	Northern Natural Gas Co., Arnett Field, Ellis County, Okla.	[15] 17.0	14.65
CI67-518 A 10-21-66	Anadarko Production Co., Post Office Box 9317, Fort Worth, Tex. 76101.	Colorado Interstate Gas Co., Keyes Field, Cimarron County, Okla.	17.0	14.65
CI67-519 B 10-20-66	Rubein V. Johnson (Operator), et al.,[16] 1312 South Birmingham Ave., Tulsa, Okla. 74104.	Cities Service Gas Co., Yirsa Field, Nowata County, Okla.	[17]	----
CI67-520 A 10-21-66	Frying Pan Oil & Gas Co., c/o Bruce E. Lambert, attorney in fact, 3461 North Washington Blvd., Arlington, Va. 22201.	United Fuel Gas Co., Hamilton Creek Field, Lincoln County, W. Va.	23.0	15.325
CI67-521 A 10-21-66	J. Cleo Thompson, Sr., et al., 4500 Republic National Bank Tower, Dallas, Tex. 75201.	United Gas Pipe Line Co., Willmann Field, San Patricio County, Tex.	13.25	14.65
CI67-522 A 10-24-66	Cities Service Oil Co., Cities Service Bldg., Bartlesville, Okla. 74003.	United Gas Pipe Line Co., acreage in Jackson Parish, La.	18.75	15.025
CI67-523 A 10-24-66	Charles D. Hickman, et al., Box 207, Middlebourne, W. Va. 26149.	Carnegie Natural Gas Co., acreage in Doddridge County, W. Va.	20.0	15.325
CI67-524 A 10-24-66	Mingo-Martin Gas Corp., c/o Stanley E. Deutsch, agent, Post Office Box 487, Charleston, W. Va. 25301.	United Fuel Gas Co., Kermit District, Mingo County, W. Va.	16.0	15.325
CI67-526 A 10-24-66	Pan American Petroleum Corp., Post Office Box 591, Tulsa, Okla. 74102.	Natural Gas Pipeline Co. of America, Mobeetie Field, Wheeler County, Tex.	17.0	14.65
CI67-528 A 10-24-66	Tidewater Oil Co., Post Office Box 1404, Houston, Tex. 77001.	Texas Eastern Transmission Corp., Southwest Mercedes Field, Hidalgo County, Tex.	15.5	14.65
CI67-529 B 10-24-66	Dr. Jesse M. Brooks (Operator), et al., c/o Brooks Hospital and Clinic, Atlanta, Tex. 30304.	United Gas Pipe Line Co., Rodessa Field, Marion County, Tex.	Uneconomical	----
CI67-530 A 10-24-66	May Petroleum, Inc., et al., 1435 Republic National Bank Bldg., Dallas, Tex. 75201.	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co., North Drummond Area, Garfield and Major Counties, Okla.	15.0	14.65
CI67-531 A 10-25-66	McKinley Trent, et al., 1482 Central Ave., Barboursville, W. Va. 25504.	United Fuel Gas Co., Kermit Field, Mingo County, W. Va.	18.0	15.325
CI67-532 A 10-25-66	McKinley Trent, et al	do	15.0	15.325
CI67-533 A 10-25-66	do	do	15.0	15.325
CI67-534 A 10-25-66	do	do	16.0	15.325
CI67-535 A 10-25-66	Monsanto Co. (Operator), et al., 1300 Main St., Houston, Tex. 77002.	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co., Clay Field Area, Lincoln and Jackson Parishes, La.	[18] 18.3333	15.025
CI67-536 A 10-17-66	Jefferson Elk Oil & Gas Co., Brockport, Pa. 15823.	United Natural Gas Co., Rose Township, Jefferson County, Pa.	[19]	14.73
CI67-539 A 10-25-66	The Louisiana Land and Exploration Co., c/o H. H. Hillyer, Jr. and Marsden W. Miller, Jr., attorneys, 1122 Whitney Bldg., New Orleans, La. 70130.	United Gas Pipe Line Co., Southeast Bastian Bay Field, Plaquemines Parish, La.	21.25	15.025
CI67-540 A 10-26-66	C. B. Ames d.b.a. Ames Oil & Gas, 3801 Kirby, Houston, Tex. 77001.	Texas Gas Transmission Corp., Mortons Gap Field, Hopkins County, Ky.	15.0	15.025

[1] Rate in effect subject to refund in Docket No. RI64-483.
[2] Contract rate of 13 cents per Mcf suspended in Docket No. RI64-723.
[3] Petitioner proposes in Docket No. CI67-19 to sell gas to Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corp. from the subject acreage. No sales have been made to Texas Gas Transmission Corp.
[4] Petitioner proposes in Docket No. CI67-186 to sell gas to Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corp. from the subject acreage. No sales have been made to Texas Gas Transmission Corp.
[5] Includes 1.333-cent tax reimbursement.
[6] By letter filed Oct. 10, 1966, Applicant agreed to accept permanent certificate containing conditions similar to those imposed by Opinion No. 468, as modified by Opinion No. 468-A.
[7] By letter filed Oct. 20, 1966, Applicant agreed to accept permanent certificate containing conditions similar to those imposed by Opinion No. 468, as modified by Opinion No. 468-A.
[8] Less downward B.t.u. adjustment to 16.25 cents per Mcf.

[9] Applicant proposes to discontinue its "percentage-type" sale within the meaning of section 154.91(e) of the Regulations under the Natural Gas Act and to process and sell the gas from its own plant.
[10] Subject to upward B.t.u. adjustment.
[11] Production from reservoirs in the Federal Offshore Area.
[12] Production from reservoirs in the South Louisiana Area.
[13] Rate in effect subject to refund in Docket No. RI65-599.
[14] Less dehydration charge by purchaser.
[15] Subject to upward and downward B.t.u. adjustment.
[16] Formerly Campbell and Johnson.
[17] Wells ceased to produce.
[18] Subject to reduction for compression and/or treating costs if required.
[19] Under 25 Mcf per day, rate shall be 24.0 cents per Mcf; from 25 to 49 Mcf per day, rate shall be 25.0 cents per Mcf; from 50 to 99 Mcf per day, rate shall be 26.0 cents per Mcf; from 100 to 249 Mcf per day, rate shall be 27.0 cents per Mcf; from 250 to 499 Mcf per day, rate shall be 28.0 cents per Mcf; 500 Mcf and over, rate shall be 29.0 cents per Mcf.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12211; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP64-29]

ALGONQUIN GAS TRANSMISSION CO.

Notice of Petition To Amend

NOVEMBER 3, 1966.

Take notice that on October 28, 1966, Algonquin Gas Transmission Co. (Petitioner), 1283 Soldiers Field Road, Boston, Mass. 02135, filed in Docket No. CP64-29 a petition to amend the order issued in the said docket on December 19, 1963, by requesting authorization to extend the period of deliveries of natural gas to Public Service Electric & Gas Co. (Public Service), all as more fully set forth in the petition to amend which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

By the order issued in the instant docket Petitioner was authorized to transport and deliver volumes of natural gas to Public Service at Wanaque, N.J., for the account of Texas Eastern Transmission Corp. (Texas Eastern) in exchange for deliveries of equivalent volumes of natural gas by Texas Eastern to Petitioner near Hanover, N.J. The certificate of public convenience and necessity was to be effective for 2 years commencing November 1, 1964.

Texas Eastern has requested Petitioner to continue the above mentioned deliveries under Petitioner's Rate Schedule X-11 on a month-to-month basis by reason of unforeseen difficulties causing delay in Texas Eastern's construction of facilities authorized in Docket No. CP64-5. These facilities of Texas Eastern when constructed and operated will result in the termination of the gas deliveries now being made by Petitioner to Public Service in the instant proceeding.

Specifically, Petitioner requests that the order of December 19, 1963, in the instant proceeding be amended by authorizing the continued deliveries of natural gas to Public Service by Petitioner in exchange for equal volumes of gas from Texas Eastern on a month-to-month basis under the same terms and conditions as such service is presently being rendered with Petitioner, however, reserving the right to terminate such service on November 1, 1967, in the event that Texas Eastern's facilities are not completed and in operation by that time.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (157.10) on or before December 1, 1966.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12254; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket No. E-7318]

DETROIT EDISON CO.

Notice of Application

NOVEMBER 3, 1966.

Take notice that on October 31, 1966, the Detroit Edison Co. (Applicant) filed an application with the Federal Power Commission seeking authority pursuant to section 204 of the Federal Power Act to issue $100 million aggregate principal amount of general and refunding mortgage bonds.

Applicant is incorporated under the laws of the State of New York with its principal place of business office at Detroit, Mich., and is qualified to do business in the State of Michigan. Applicant is engaged primarily in the generation, purchase, transmission, distribution, and sale of electricity in a service area of approximately 7,600 square miles in southeastern Michigan.

According to the Applicant the new bonds will constitute an additional series of general and refunding mortgage bonds to be issued in the company's indenture dated as of October 1, 1924, as supplemented and to be supplemented by all indentures supplemental thereto, including a supplemental indenture to be dated as of December 1, 1966. The interest rate is to be determined by the successful bidder in the bid submitted by such bidder upon competitive bidding pursuant to the Commission's regulations under the Federal Power Act. Applicant represents that the new bonds will be issued on or about December 14, 1966, or as soon thereafter as possible and will mature on December 1, 1996, and will not have any voting privileges.

According to the application the net proceeds from the sale of the new bonds will be issued first, to provide for a refunding of short-term bank loans incurred and to be incurred prior to the issuance of the new bonds chiefly for construction purposes, which aggregated $23 million as of September 30, 1966, and second, to provide for further financing of the acquisition of new properties and the construction of permanent improvements, extensions and additions to the Company's property.

During 1966 and 1967 the company's construction and capital expansion program contemplates the expenditure of approximately $90,400,000 on a new steam-electric generating unit with an estimated capability of 519,000 kilowatts scheduled for service in late 1967 at the Trenton Channel powerplant and a 527,000 kilowatt generating unit scheduled for service in December 1968 at the St. Clair powerplant. In addition, the company expects to spend $16,700,000 on a new 120,000 kilowatt plant scheduled for service in 1968 at Harbor Beach, Mich.; to incur initial expenditures of $4 million in connection with the construction of a 750,000 kilowatt steam-electric generating plant near Monroe, Mich.; and an additional $17 million for oil-fueled combustion turbine-generator peaking units; some of which are presently in service with the remainder scheduled through the early months of 1967. The balance of expenditures in 1966 and 1967 are expected to include $44,700,000 for the construction of transmission and distribution lines; $24,300,000 for the construction of transmission and distribution stations and substations; $44 million on new business extensions and $69,600,000 or other property and equipment.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should on or before November 22, 1966, file with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, petitions or protests in accordance with the requirements of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10). The application is on file and available for public inspection.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12255; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP67-117]

KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATURAL GAS CO., INC.

Notice of Application

NOVEMBER 3, 1966.

Take notice that on October 31, 1966, Kansas-Nebraska Natural Gas Co., Inc. (Applicant), Hastings, Nebr. 68901, filed in Docket No. CP67-117 a "budget-type" application pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act and § 157.7(b) of the regulations under the Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction during the calendar year 1967 of certain gas-purchase facilities, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicant requests authorization to construct and operate any routine pipeline, measuring, and compressor facilities in the various natural gas supply areas adjacent to Applicant's gathering and transmission facilities in order to connect to Applicant's system such additional supplies of gas as may become available.

The total estimated cost of construction of the various facilities is $800,000 with no one project costing more than $200,000.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (157.10) on or before December 2, 1966.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on this application if no protest or petition is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a protest or petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12256; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP67-118]

KANSAS-NEBRASKA NATURAL GAS CO., INC.

Notice of Application

NOVEMBER 3, 1966.

Take notice that on October 31, 1966, Kansas-Nebraska Natural Gas Co., Inc. (Applicant), Hastings, Nebr. 68901, filed in Docket No. CP67-118 a "budget-type" application pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act and § 157.7(c) of the regulations under the Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction during the calendar year 1967 and the operation of gas-sales or transportation facilities, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Specifically, Applicant proposes to construct and operate facilities to be used for the transportation and sale of natural gas previously authorized under existing certificates to be made to existing distributors at rates on file with the Commission and for direct sales of natural gas to consumers located in areas outside the franchise area of any local distributor. Miscellaneous rearrangements not resulting in any change of service rendered by means of facilities involved when required by highway construction, dam construction, or other similar reasons are also contemplated by the proposals.

Deliveries to any one distributor or consumer will not exceed 100,000 Mcf annually and will not be used for boiler fuel purposes.

The total estimated cost of proposed facilities will not exceed $100,000 which will be financed from current working funds.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (157.10) on or before December 2, 1966.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on this application if no protest or petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a protest or petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12257; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket No. RP66-19]

OKLAHOMA NATURAL GAS GATHERING CORP.

Order Accepting Change in Rate Schedule for Filing and Terminating Proceedings

NOVEMBER 3, 1966.

Oklahoma Natural Gas Gathering Corp. (Oklahoma Gathering) on December 1, 1965, tendered for filing Supplement No. 1 to its FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 1, proposing an increase in the rate at which it sells gas to Cities Service Gas Co. (Cities), produced in the Ringwood Field, Major County, Okla. By order issued December 30, 1965, the Commission suspended the proposed rate until June 1, 1966, and provided for hearing thereon. Upon appropriate motion, the proposed rate became effective June 1, 1966, subject to refund in accordance with the agreement and undertaking filed with such motion. The proceeding has not been set for hearing. No objections to the proposed rate or petitions to intervene herein have been filed.

The proposed rate change amounts to approximately $142,000 annually and is designed to compensate only for an increase in the cost of purchased gas brought about by the filing of increased rates by Oklahoma Gathering's producer-suppliers.[1] Oklahoma Gathering filed a cost of service in support of its proposed rate in accordance with § 154.63 of the Commission's regulations under the Act. Our review and analysis of that cost of service indicates that the proposed rate is justified and should be allowed to become effective without obligation to refund, except as hereinafter provided.

Oklahoma Gathering has agreed to flow through to Cities Service any refunds received from its producer-suppliers and to reduce its rates to Cities Service to reflect its producer-suppliers' rate reductions.

The Commission finds:

(1) It is appropriate and in the public interest in carrying out the provisions of the Natural Gas Act that the proposed rate filed by Oklahoma Gathering for its sale to Cities Service be accepted for filing and allowed to become effective and that this proceeding be terminated, as hereinafter ordered.

(2) Oklahoma Gathering should be discharged from its Agreement and Undertaking in this proceeding.

The Commission orders:

(A) The proposed rate filed by Oklahoma Gathering for its sale to Cities Service, as contained in Supplement No. 1 to its FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 1, is accepted for filing and allowed to become effective June 1, 1966, without obligation to refund except as provided below, subject to the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth.

(B) Oklahoma Gathering is discharged from its Agreement and Undertaking in this proceeding.

(C) Oklahoma Gathering shall pass on to Cities Service the proportionate share of any refunds, including interest, received from its producer-suppliers within 15 days from receipt by Oklahoma Gathering of such refunds.

(D) Within 20 days of making a refund in accordance with paragraph (C) above, Oklahoma Gathering shall report to the Commission, in writing and under oath, the amount of the refund made to Cities Service and shall serve a copy of the report upon Cities Service and concurrently therewith shall file with the Commission a release from Cities Service showing receipt of the refund.

(E) Oklahoma Gathering shall file with the Commission supplements to its FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 1, providing reductions in its rate to Cities Service to reflect any reductions in rates of its producer-suppliers, within 30 days after such producer-suppliers' reduced rates become effective, such reduced rate by Oklahoma Gathering to be effective as of the same date that the producer-suppliers' reduced rates become effective.

(F) The proceeding in Docket No. RP66-19 is terminated subject to the

[1] Under the terms of its contract with Cities Service, Oklahoma Gathering during the first 5 years of service, may file for increased rates only to compensate for increased purchased gas costs or taxes.

provisions of paragraphs (C), (D), and (E) above.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GORDON M. GRANT,
Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12258; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP67-112]

TENNESSEE GAS PIPELINE CO.

Notice of Application

NOVEMBER 3, 1966.

Take notice that on October 27, 1966, Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co. (Applicant), a division of Tenneco, Inc., Post Office Box 2511, Houston, Tex. 77001, filed in Docket No. CP67-112 an application pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the sale for resale of natural gas to Midwestern Gas Transmission Co. (Midwestern), all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Specifically, Applicant requests authorization to increase its contractual commitment to Midwestern from 409,963 Mcf per day to 410,696 Mcf per day in order to allow Midwestern to meet increases in demand on its system which may result from the Commission's directing Midwestern to serve the two section 7(a) applicants in the proceedings at Docket Nos. CP67-22 and CP67-44.

The additional service is to be rendered from the unallocated capacity which is available on that portion of Applicant's facilities south of its compressor Station No. 87. No additional pipeline facilities are proposed.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (§ 157.10) on or before December 1, 1966.

Take further notice that, pursuant to authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on this application if no protest or petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a protest or petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12259; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP67-119]

TRUNKLINE GAS CO.

Notice of Application

NOVEMBER 4, 1966.

Take notice that on October 31, 1966, Trunkline Gas Co., (Applicant), Post Office Box 1642, Houston, Tex. 77001, filed in Docket No. CP67-119 a "budget-type" application pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act and § 157.7(b) of the regulations under the Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction during the calendar year 1967 and operation of certain gas-purchase facilities, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Specifically, Applicant proposes to construct and operate miscellaneous field facilities, including field compressors, dehydration units, meter and regulator equipment, and gathering lines to take natural gas into its certificated main pipeline system.

The total estimated cost of the proposed facilities will not exceed $2,500,000, with no single item to cost in excess of $500,000.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (§ 157.10) on or before December 2, 1966.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on this application if no protest or petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a protest or petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12260; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP65-198]

UNITED FUEL GAS CO.

Notice of Amendment to Application

NOVEMBER 3, 1966.

Take notice that on August 23, 1966, United Fuel Gas Co. (United Fuel), Post Office Box 1273, Charleston, W. Va. 25325, filed in Docket No. CP65-198 a second amendment to its application filed in said docket on December 31, 1964 (30 F.R. 557), requesting deletion of its request for authorization under section 7 (b) of the Natural Gas Act to retire approximately 33.2 miles of 20-inch transmission pipeline extending toward its Glenville compressor station from a point approximately 7.9 miles north of its Cobb compressor station.

In its original application United Fuel sought abandonment of the section of pipeline in question because of an impossibility of providing reliable service at high pressures through that line. United Fuel now proposes to use that section as an extension of its existing gathering system to obtain certain volumes of gas (estimated to reach between 3,000 and 5,000 Mcf/d within 1 or 2 years) now available from producers adjacent to the pipe in question.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before November 30, 1966.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12261; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 1-3421]

CONTINENTAL VENDING MACHINE CORP.

Order Suspending Trading

NOVEMBER 7, 1966.

It appearing to the Securities and Exchange Commission that the summary suspension of trading in the common stock, 10 cents par value of Continental Vending Machine Corp., and the 6 percent convertible subordinated debentures due September 1, 1976, otherwise than on a national securities exchange is required in the public interest and for the protection of investors;

It is ordered, Pursuant to section 15 (c)(5) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, that trading in such securities otherwise than on a national securities exchange be summarily suspended, this order to be effective for the period November 8, 1966, through November 17, 1966, both dates inclusive.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12268; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966, 8:46 a.m.]

[812-2021]

NORTHWESTERN TERRA COTTA CORP.

Notice of Filing of Application for Order Exempting Transaction

NOVEMBER 7, 1966.

Notice is hereby given that Northwestern Terra Cotta Corp. ("Terra

Cotta"), 812 West Van Buren Street, Chicago, Ill. 60607, an Illinois corporation registered as a closed-end, nondiversified, management investment company, and certain affiliated persons of Terra Cotta, have filed an application pursuant to Rule 17d–1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("Act") requesting an order of the Commission permitting a transaction in which Terra Cotta and said affiliated persons agree to effect certain securities transactions in order that Terra Cotta may acquire all the outstanding shares of Sponge-Cushion, Inc. ("Sponge-Cushion"), an Illinois corporation. All interested persons are referred to the application for a statement of Terra Cotta's representations which are summarized below.

Until 1960 Terra Cotta was engaged in the manufacture and sale of terra cotta building tile. Since that time its business activity has consisted of leasing its former plantsite in Denver, Colo., and investing its funds in securities. As of October 7, 1966, its investment portfolio had a market value of approximately $1,248,000 and its real property had a market value of approximately $570,000. Terra Cotta has 141,519 shares of common stock outstanding, of which 120,379 shares (or approximately 86 percent) are owned by 17 shareholders and the remaining 21,140 shares by 314 shareholders (as of April 4, 1966).

Sponge-Cushion was established in 1961 and is engaged in the manufacture and sale of sponge rubber padding for the carpet industry. As of June 30, 1966, it had plant, land, and equipment valued at $489,059, net current assets in the amount of $561,590, and retained earnings of $1,019,149. Its net income for the year ended June 30, 1966, was $516,841. Sponge-Cushion has 4,500 shares outstanding, all of which are owned by four persons. Terra Cotta represents that no shareholder of Sponge-Cushion owns any shares of Terra Cotta or is affiliated with Terra Cotta or any person affiliated with Terra Cotta.

The application states that Terra Cotta proposes to acquire all of the outstanding shares of Sponge-Cushion in exchange for 247,500 convertible voting preferred shares to be issued by Terra Cotta on the basis of 55 convertible voting preferred Terra Cotta shares for one Sponge-Cushion share.

It was agreed upon in arms length negotiations that the purchase price for Sponge-Cushion would be $3,350,000 based upon a price-earnings ratio of 6.5 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1966. The Terra Cotta common stock outstanding as of October 7, 1966, had a book value of approximately $13.50 per share. Since the preferred stock of Terra Cotta would be immediately convertible into common stock, the exchange ratio assumed a value of $13.50 for the preferred stock on a pro forma basis.

As part of the transaction between Terra Cotta and Sponge-Cushion, a group of 12 persons, 5 of whom are affiliated persons of Terra Cotta, will purchase from 3 of the present shareholders of Sponge-Cushion 83,600 of the 247,500 Terra Cotta preferred shares received in exchange for Sponge-Cushion stock. The purchase price will be $13.50 per share cash.

The preferred shares to be issued by Terra Cotta will be voting shares, will carry a $0.60 cumulative annual dividend, will be immediately convertable into common shares, and will be redeemable by Terra Cotta after November 31, 1971, at $17.00 per share. All recipients of the Terra Cotta preferred shares will warrant that they are acquired for investment purposes only with no present intention of converting them. In connection with the transaction, the four present Sponge-Cushion shareholders will pay to Douglas Securities, Inc. a brokerage fee of approximately $33,000. Thomas N. McGowen, a Terra Cotta director and shareholder and one of the group of 12 investors purchasing Terra Cotta preferred shares, is also an officer, director and shareholder of Douglas Securities, Inc.

After the exchange-purchase transaction has taken place, the four present shareholders of Sponge-Cushion will hold 42 percent of the total outstanding stock of Terra Cotta. The five persons affiliated with Terra Cotta who will purchase its voting preferred shares from three of the present four Sponge-Cushion shareholders to whom it is issued, will hold 24.6 percent of the total outstanding stock of Terra Cotta after such purchase. The application states that Sponge-Cushion will continue to be operated by its present management and it is anticipated that the two principal executive officers of Sponge-Cushion will become directors and one will become the principal executive officer of Terra Cotta.

Terra Cotta represents that the completion of the proposed transaction is subject to certain conditions, one of which is approval by its shareholders of a charter amendment creating the preferred shares to be issued and also of a proposal that the company change its business to cease to be an investment company.

The exchange of Terra Cotta preferred shares for Sponge-Cushion shares and the purchase by certain persons affiliated with Terra Cotta of approximately 34 percent of such Terra Cotta shares from the Sponge-Cushion shareholders receiving them are interdependent parts of a single transaction. Unless permitted by order, the transaction would be unlawful under section 17(d) of the Act. Section 17(d) and Rule 17d–1 thereunder prohibit any affiliated person of a registered investment company acting as principal to effect any transaction in connection with any joint arrangement in which such registered company is a participant unless an application regarding such joint arrangement has been granted by the Commission. Rule 17d–1 states that in passing upon such application, the Commission will consider whether the participation of such registered company in such joint enterprise on the basis proposed is consistent with the provisions, policies and purposes of the Act and the extent to which such participation is on a basis different from or less advantageous than that of other participants.

In support of the application Terra Cotta represents that the terms of the transaction are the result of completely arm's length negotiations. Terra Cotta further represents that the proposed acquisition of all the outstanding shares of Sponge-Cushion is pursuant to a determination by Terra Cotta to acquire an operating business; that the proposed transaction is consistent with the purposes of the Act in that it is in the best interests of Terra Cotta and its shareholders; and that the participation of affiliated persons is no more advantageous than the participation of Terra Cotta.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than November 25, 1966 at 5:30 p.m., submit to the Commission in writing a request for a hearing on the matter accompanied by a statement as to the nature of his interest, the reasons for such request, and the issues of fact or law proposed to be controverted or he may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. Any such communication should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D.C. 20549. A copy of such request shall be served personally or by mail (airmail if the person being served is located more than 500 miles from the point of mailing) upon applicants at each of the addresses stated above. Proof of such service (by affidavit or in case of an attorney at law by certificate) shall be filed contemporaneously with the request. At any time after said date, as provided by Rule 0–5 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the Act, an order disposing of the application herein may be issued by the Commission upon the basis of the information stated in said application, unless an order for hearing thereon shall be issued upon request or upon the Commission's own motion.

For the Commission (pursuant to delegated authority).

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12269; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

1967–1970 DOMESTIC URANIUM PROCUREMENT PROGRAM

Notice of Modification

1. Notice is hereby given by the Atomic Energy Commission of its modification of the Domestic Uranium Procurement Program established for the period January 1, 1967, through December 31, 1970. Notice of this program was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on November 20, 1962 (27 F.R. 11435).

2. Paragraph 11 of the November 20, 1962, announcement (27 F.R. 11435) pro-

vides for a market during 1967 and 1968 for production from small property units, which have had annual allocations of less than 20,000 pounds of U_3O_8 in ore and have produced and delivered ore to a mill during the period April 1, 1962, to December 31, 1966, through AEC-approved contracts with milling companies having concentrate sales contract modifications completed under the announcement (27 F.R. 11435). Paragraph 12 provides for a market during 1967 and 1968 for production from those property units whose contracts with the applicable milling companies have been modified with AEC approval to provide for a reduction in their 1963–1966 contract quantity to 20,000 pounds of U_3O_8 in ore annually.

3. Some eligible property units in isolated areas are not served by any mill having a contract modification in accordance with the terms of the announcement (27 F.R. 11435), and therefore are precluded from selling ore under this program. However, several milling companies which are not participating in the 1966–1970 AEC program pursuant to the announcement (27 F.R. 11435) now plan to operate milling facilities serving such isolated areas during 1967–1968, and, except for the restriction limiting purchases of U_3O_8 under paragraphs 11 and 12 of the announcement (27 F.R. 11435) to milling companies having contract modifications completed under the announcement (27 F.R. 11435), could accept ore from such eligible property units for production of uranium concentrates for sale to AEC. The exclusion of eligible small property units from the program was not intended by AEC if milling services were available.

4. On August 27, 1966, the Commission published in the FEDERAL REGISTER a request for public comment on its proposal to modify its 1967–1970 procurement program by making exceptions to the restrictions of paragraphs 11 and 12 in order to permit the treatment of ores from eligible small property units in mills other than those having contract modifications completed under the announcement (27 F.R. 11435). These exceptions would apply in those instances where the AEC shall have determined that the ore processing mill for which the exception is made serves an isolated area. Except as modified hereinabove, it was proposed that the purchase of uranium concentrate derived from ores from such property units would be governed by provisions of the announcement (27 F.R. 11435).

5. Interested persons were requested to direct their comments to the Secretary, U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Washington, D.C. 20545, within 45 days from the date of publication of the request for public comment in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

6. The Commission has now approved a modification of the 1967–1970 program, as described in paragraphs 11 and 12 of the announcement (27 F.R. 11435) effective immediately upon publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, to permit the treatment of ores from eligible small property units in certain mills other than those having contract modifications completed under the announcement (27 F.R. 11435). Exceptions to the restrictions of paragraphs 11 and 12 will now apply in those instances where the AEC shall have determined that the ore processing mill for which the exception is made serves an isolated area. Additionally, if the controller of a property unit eligible under paragraphs 11 or 12 advises the AEC that he is unable to market ore from such unit at either a mill having a contract modification completed under the announcement (27 F.R. 11435) or at a mill determined by AEC to serve an isolated area, the AEC will permit any other mill to purchase ore from such eligible property units, provided that the AEC has determined that such action is necessary to carry out the intent of this notice. Except as thus modified, the purchase of uranium concentrate derived from ores from such property units would be governed by the provisions of the announcement (27 F.R. 11435).

(Sec. 161, 68 Stat. 948, 42 U.S.C. 2201)

Dated at Washington, D.C., this 4th day of November 1966.

For the Atomic Energy Commission.

W. B. MCCOOL,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12252; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

FOURTH SECTION APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

NOVEMBER 8, 1966.

Protests to the granting of an application must be prepared in accordance with Rule 1.40 of the general rules of practice (49 CFR 1.40) and filed within 15 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL RESISTER.

LONG-AND-SHORT HAUL

FSA No. 40781—*Liquefied petroleum gas from Baker, Mont.* Filed by Trans-Continental Freight Bureau, agent (No. 438), for interested rail carriers. Rates on liquified petroleum gas, in tank carloads, from Baker, Mont., to points in southwestern and western trunkline territories.

Grounds for relief—Market competition.

Tariff—Supplement 12 to Trans-Continental Freight Bureau, agent, tariff ICC 1741.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] H. NEIL GARSON,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-12285; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

[Notice 284]

MOTOR CARRIER TEMPORARY AUTHORITY APPLICATIONS

NOVEMBER 8, 1966.

The following are notices of filing of applications for temporary authority under section 210a(a) of the Interstate Commerce Act provided for under the new rules in Ex Parte No. MC 67 (49 CFR Part 240), published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, issue of April 27, 1965, effective July 1, 1965. These rules provide that protests to the granting of an application must be filed with the field official named in the FEDERAL REGISTER publication, within 15 calendar days after the date notice of the filing of the application is published in the FEDERAL REGISTER. One copy of such protest must be served on the applicant, or its authorized representative, if any, and the protest must certify that such service has been made. The protest must be specific as to the service which such protestant can and will offer, and must consist of a signed original and six copies.

A copy of the application is on file, and can be examined, at the Office of the Secretary, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D.C., and also in the field office to which protests are to be transmitted.

MOTOR CARRIERS OF PROPERTY

No. MC 58813 (Sub-No. 84 TA), filed November 4, 1966. Applicant: Selman's Express, Inc., 460 West 35 Street, New York, N.Y. 10001. Applicant's representative: Solomon Granett, 1350 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y. 10019. Authority sought to operate a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *Wearing apparel*, on hangers only, and *materials and supplies* used in the manufacture thereof, between Hialeah, Fla., on the one hand, and, on the other, Greenville and Simpsonville, S.C., and Jacksonville, Fla., for 150 days. Supporting shipper: Georgia Griffin Fashions, Inc., 1051 East 32d Street, Hialeah, Fla. Send protests to: Paul W. Assenza, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, BOC, 346 Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10013.

No. MC 103993 (Sub-No. 265 TA), filed November 4, 1966. Applicant: Morgan Drive-Away, Inc., 2800 West Lexington Avenue, Elkhart, Ind. 46515. Applicant's representative: Bill R. Privitt (same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *Trailers*, designed to be drawn by passenger automobiles, and *campers* designed for installation on pickup trucks, and initial movements in truck-away service, from points in Mahoning County, Ohio, to points in Wisconsin, Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Delaware, New Jersey, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, Illinois, Tennessee, Mississippi, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Vermont, Maine, Ken-

tucky, Michigan, and Louisiana, for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Tag-a-Long Trailer Manufacturing, Inc., 240 High Street, Post Office Box 55, Washingtonville, Ohio 44490. Send protests to: District Supervisor Heber Dixon, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, Interstate Commerce Commission, 308 Federal Building, Fort Wayne, Ind. 46802.

No. MC 110941 (Sub-No. 6 TA), filed November 4, 1966. Applicant: VILLANI BROS. TRUCKING, INC., 107 South Wood Avenue, Linden, N.J. 07036. Applicant's representative: Charles J. Williams, 1060 Broad Street, Newark, N.J. 07102. Authority sought to operate as a *contract carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *Scrap iron and scrap steel*, for the account of Lipsett Steel Products, Inc., of Brooklyn, N.Y., from Brooklyn, N.Y., to Paterson, N.J., for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Lipsett Steel Products, Inc., 222–240 Morgan Avenue, Brooklyn, N.Y. 10037. Send protests to: District Supervisor Walter J. Grossmann, Interstate Commerce Commission, 1060 Broad Street, Room 363, Newark, N.J. 07102.

No. MC 111485 (Sub-No. 11 TA), filed November 4, 1966. Applicant: PASCHALL TRUCK LINES, INC., R.F.D. No. 4, Murray, Ky. Applicant's representative: R. Conner Wiggins, Jr., 909–100 North Main Building, Memphis, Tenn. 38103. Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *Corrugated fiberboard* and *corrugated fiberboard products*, from St. Louis, Mo., to Humboldt, Tenn., for 150 days. Supporting shipper: International Paper Co., 220 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y. (F. L. Spinnell, Traffic Manager). Send protests to: William W. Garland, District Supervisor, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, Interstate Commerce Commission, 390 Federal Office Building, Memphis, Tenn. 38103.

No. MC 115322 (Sub-No. 50 TA), filed November 4, 1966. Applicant: Blythe Motor Lines, Inc., Post Office Box 1698, 2939 Orlando Drive, Sanford, Fla. 32771. Applicant's representative: David E. Wells, Post Office Box 426, Tampa, Fla. 33601. Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *Frozen fruit juices, single strength and concentrated with essences*, from Dundee and Penn Yan, N.Y., to points in Virginia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Louisiana, and Mississippi, for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Seneca Grape Juice Corp., Dundee, N.Y. 14837. Send protests to: District Supervisor George H. Fauss, Jr., Bureau of Operations and Compliance, Interstate Commerce Commission, 428 Post Office Building, Post Office Box 4969, Jacksonville, Fla. 32201.

No. MC 126216 (Sub-No. 3 TA), filed November 4, 1966. Applicant: Glenn Pyles, doing business as Pyles Trucking Co., Deer Creek, Ill. 61733. Authority sought to operate as a *contract carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *Applicators, applicator frames, and trailer frames, tanks, wheels, fittings, and parts thereof*, from Goodfield and Gibson City, Ill., to Kentland, Peabody, Point Isabel, Rushville, Washington, Winamac, Wolcott, and Youngstown, Ind.; Armstrong, Fort Dodge, Jewell, Montezuma, Mount Vernon, Nichols, Odebolt, Osage, Reinbeck, Rock Rapids, Spencer, Van Meter, and West Chester, Iowa; Cassopolis, Mich.; La Monte, Langdon, Mexico, Ste. Genevieve, Stewartsville, and Sturgeon, Mo.; Franklin, Mankato, and Windom, Minn.; Alvordton, Celina, Marysville, Rising Sun, and Vaughnsville, Ohio; Janesville and Oregon, Wis., for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Tuloma Gas Products Co., Pan American Building, Post Office Box 566, Tulsa, Okla. 74102. Send protests to: District Supervisor Raymond E. Mauk, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, Room 1086, U.S. Courthouse and Federal Office Building, 219 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill. 60604.

No. MC 128675 TA, filed November 4, 1966. Applicant: Edward T. Walsh, doing business as Walsh Carriage, 4 Mygatt Street, Binghamton, N.Y. 13905. Applicant's representative: Donald C. Carmien, 300 Press Building, Binghamton, N.Y. Authority sought to operate as a *contract carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *Foodstuffs*, in cans (nonrefrigerated or frozen), from Johnson City, N.Y., to points in Pennsylvania, New York, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Connecticut, Virginia, Washington, D.C.; Delaware; Cambridge, Md., and Providence, R.I., for Specialty Foods Corp., Johnson City, N.Y., *Fresh, Processed, canned foodstuffs*, and *foods used in the manufacture of food products, cartons, labels*, and *empty cans* for account of Specialty Foods Corp., and food products for the account of Polar Food Service, Inc., from above-named places to Binghamton, N.Y., and Johnson City, N.Y., for 180 days. Supporting Shippers: Specialty Foods Corp., Johnson City, N.Y., and Polar Food Service, Inc., Binghamton, N.Y. Send protests to: Charles F. Jacobs, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, 215–217 Post Office Building, Binghamton, N.Y. 13902.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] H. NEIL GARSON, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 66-12286; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

[Notice 283]

MOTOR CARRIER TEMPORARY AUTHORITY APPLICATIONS

NOVEMBER 7, 1966.

The following are notices of filing of applications for temporary authority under section 210a(a) of the Interstate Commerce Act provided for under the new rules in Ex Parte No. MC 67 (49 CFR Part 240), published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, issue of April 27, 1965, effective July 1, 1965. These rules provide that protests to the granting of an application must be filed with the field official named in the FEDERAL REGISTER publication, within 15 calendar days after the date notice of the filing of the application is published in the FEDERAL REGISTER. One copy of such protest must be served on the applicant, or its authorized representative, if any, and the protest must certify that such service has been made. The protest must be specific as to the service which such protestant can and will offer, and must consist of a signed original and six copies.

A copy of the application is on file, and can be examined, at the Office of the Secretary, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D.C., and also in the field office to which protests are to be transmitted.

MOTOR CARRIERS OF PROPERTY

No. MC 3018 (Sub-No. 15 TA), filed November 3, 1966. Applicant: McKEOWN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY, 10448 South Western Avenue, Chicago, Ill. 60643. Authority sought to operate a *contract carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *Hydrogen gas*, in tube trailers, from Barberton, Ohio, to Fort Wayne, Kokomo, Indianapolis, Franklin, Bloomington, and East Chicago, Ind.; Holland and Coldwater, Mich., and from Wyandotte, Mich., to East Chicago and Kokomo, Ind., for 120 days. Supporting shipper: Union Carbide Corp., Linde Division, Indianapolis, Ind. Send protests to: District Supervisor Charles J. Kudelka, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, Room 1086, U.S. Courthouse and Federal Office Building, 219 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill. 60604.

No. MC 22179 (Sub-No. 12 TA), filed November 2, 1966. Applicant: FREEMAN TRUCK LINE, INC., 416 Jackson Avenue, Oxford, Miss. Applicant's representative: Dudley E. Freeman, Sr. (same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over regular routes, as follows: *General commodities* (except those of unusual value, classes A and B explosives, livestock, household goods as defined by the Commission, commodities in bulk, and those requiring special equipment), between Kosciusko, Miss., and Decatur, Miss., from Kosciusko over Mississippi Highway 19 to Philadelphia, Miss.; thence over Mississippi Highway 15 to Decatur, and return over the same route, serving the intermediate points of Union and Philadelphia, Miss. Between Kosciusko, Miss., and Philadelphia, Miss., from Kosciusko to Carthage, over Mississippi Highway 35; thence over Mississippi Highway 16 to Philadelphia, and return over the same route, serving the intermediate point of Carthage, Miss. It is proposed to tack the authority sought herein with applicant's present authority at Kosciusko, Miss., for the purpose of serving the points of Philadelphia, Union, Decatur, and Carthage, Miss., for 180 days. Supporting shippers: The application is supported by statements from nine shippers, which may be examined here at the Interstate Commerce Com-

mission in Washington, D.C. Send protests to: William W. Garland, District Supervisor, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, Interstate Commerce Commission, 390 Federal Office Building, Memphis, Tenn. 38103.

No. MC 35628 (Sub-No. 273 TA), filed November 3, 1966. Applicant: INTERSTATE MOTOR FREIGHT SYSTEM, 134 Grandville Avenue SW., Grand Rapids, Mich. 49502. Applicant's representative: Leonard D. Verdier, Jr., 1 Vandenberg Center, Grand Rapids, Mich. 49502. Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *General commodities*, from Binghamton, N.Y., to Carmichaels, Pa., for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Grumman Allied Industries, Inc., Marathon Division, Marathon, N.Y. 13803. Send protests to: District Supervisor Flemming, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, Interstate Commerce Commission, 221 Federal Building, 325 West Alligan Street, Lansing, Mich. 48933.

No. MC 41404 (Sub-No. 71 TA), filed November 2, 1966. Applicant: ARGO-COLLIER TRUCK LINES CORPORATION, Post Office Box 151, Fulton Highway, Martin, Tenn. 38237. Applicant's representative: Tom D. Copeland (same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *Oleomargarine, shortening, lard, tallow, salad oils, salad dressings, and table sauces*, from Jacksonville, Ill., to Indianapolis and New Albany, Ind., Des Moines, Davenport, Cedar Rapids, Charlton, and Sioux City, Iowa; Kansas City and Wichita, Kans.; Louisville, Ky.; Detroit, Grand Rapids, and Muskegon, Mich.; Kansas City and St. Louis, Mo.; Minneapolis and St. Paul, Minn.; Omaha, Lincoln, and Norfolk, Nebr.; Fargo and Bismark, N. Dak.; Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati, Reading, and Toledo, Ohio; and Sioux Falls, S. Dak., for 150 days. Supporting shipper: Anderson, Clayton & Co., Foods Division, Gibraltar Life Building, Post Office Box 35, Dallas, Tex. 75221 (J. C. Wheeler, traffic and distribution manager). Send protests to: William W. Garland, District Supervisor, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, Interstate Commerce Commission, 390 Federal Office Building, Memphis, Tenn. 38103.

No. MC 78786 (Sub-No. 267 TA), filed November 3, 1966. Applicant: Pacific Motor Trucking Company, 9 Main Street, San Francisco, Calif. 94105. Applicant's representative: Mr. R. K. Booth (same as above). Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over regular routes, as follows: *Classes A and B explosives*, between Phoenix, Ariz., and Litchfield, Ariz., over U.S. Highway 80, serving no intermediate points. Restriction: Service shall be limited to that which is auxiliary to or supplemental of rail service of Southern Pacific Co., and shall be restricted to the transportation of shipments, having, in addition to a movement by applicant, an immediately prior or subsequent movement by rail, for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Southern Pacific Co., 65 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif. 94105. Send protests to: District Supervisor Wm. R. Murdoch, Interstate Commerce Commission, 450 Golden Gate Avenue, Box 36004, San Francisco, Calif. 94102.

No. MC 102567 (Sub-No. 116 TA), filed November 3, 1966. Applicant: Earl Gibbon Transport, Inc., 235 Benton Road, Post Office Drawer 5357, Bossier City, La. 71010. Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *Liquid synthetic resin*, from Avondale, La., to Pine Bluff, Ark., and Bogalusa, La., for 180 days. Supporting shipper: American Cyanamid Co., Wayne, N.J. 07470, Mr. Theo. J. Oechsner, division traffic manager. Send protests to: W. R. Atkins, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, T-4009 Federal Office Building, 701 Loyola Avenue, New Orleans, La. 70113.

No. MC 113855 (Sub-No. 145 TA), filed October 31, 1966. Applicant: INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT, INC., South Highway 52, Rochester, Minn. 55901. Applicant's representative: Gene P. Johnson, 502 First National Bank Building, Fargo, N. Dak. 58102. Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: *Chemical fertilizer, chemical fertilizer ingredients, and urea*, from the ports of entry on the United States-Canada international boundary line located in Idaho, Montana, and North Dakota, to points in Montana, Idaho, North Dakota, Oregon, and Washington, for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Sherritt Gordon Mines, Ltd., Metal and Chemical Division, Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta, Canada. Send protests to: C. H. Bergquist, District Supervisor, 448 Federal Building and U.S. Courthouse, 110 South Fourth Street, Minneapolis, Minn. 55401.

No. MC 119566 (Sub-No. 4 TA), filed November 4, 1966. Applicant: A. B. & A. Trucking Lines, Inc., North Harney Street, Post Office Box 186, Camilla, Ga. 31730. Applicant's representative: William Addams, Room 620, 1776 Peachtree Street NW., Atlanta, Ga. 30309. Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *Poles and posts*, treated and untreated, from points in Georgia to points in West Virginia, for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Escambia Treating Co., Post Office Box 206, Camilla, Ga. 31730. Send protests to: District Supervisor George H. Fauss, Jr., Bureau of Operations and Compliance, Interstate Commerce Commission, Post Office Box 4969, Jacksonville, Fla. 32201.

No. MC 124978 (Sub-No. 2 TA), filed November 3, 1966. Applicant: Frank O. Yaste, 1111 Lincoln Street, Hoquiam, Wash. Applicant's representative: Wilbur J. Lawrence, 1700 Washington Building, Seattle, Wash. 98101. Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, as follows: *Shakes and shingles*, from Tyee Lake, Wash., to ports on Puget Sound, Wash., for 150 days. Supporting shipper: Hoh River Cedar Products, Inc., Beaver, Wash., Dean Hurn, President. Send protests to: E. J. Casey, District Supervisor, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, Interstate Commerce Commission, 6130 Arcade Building, Seattle, Wash. 98101.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] H. NEIL GARSON, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 66-12244; Filed, Nov. 9, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

OIL AND GAS LEASE SALE

Outer Continental Shelf Off California

Pursuant to section 8 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (67 Stat. 462; 43 U.S.C. Sec. 1331 et seq.) and the regulations issued thereunder (43 CFR Part 3380) sealed bids addressed to the Manager, Bureau of Land Management, 300 North Los Angeles Street, Room 7749, Los Angeles, Calif. 90012, will be received until 9:30 a.m., P.s.t., on December 15, 1966, for the lease of oil and gas in certain areas of the Outer Continental Shelf, adjacent to the State of California. Bids will be opened at 10 a.m., P.s.t., December 15, 1966, in Room 7063, 300 North Los Angeles Street, Los Angeles, Calif. On that day bids may be delivered in person to the Office of the Manager or to the room in which bids are to be opened between 8:30 a.m., P.s.t., and 9:30 a.m., P.s.t. No bids received by mail or in person after 9:30 a.m., P.s.t., will be accepted.

All bids must be submitted in accordance with applicable regulations, particularly 43 CFR 3382.1; 3382.3; 3382.4. Each bidder must submit the certification required by 41 CFR 60-1.6(b) and Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, on Form 1510-12, January 1966. Bids may not be modified or withdrawn unless written modifications or withdrawals are received prior to the end of the period fixed for the filing of bids. Bidders are warned against violation of section 1860 of Title 18 U.S.C. prohibiting unlawful combination or intimidation of bidders. Attention is directed to the nondiscrimination clauses in section 2(k) of the lease agreement (Form 3380-1, February 1966). Bidders must submit with each bid, one-fifth of the amount bid, in cash or by cashier's check, bank draft, certified check, or money order, payable to the order of the Bureau of Land Management. The leases will provide for a royalty rate of one-sixth, and a yearly rental or minimum royalty of $5 per acre or fraction thereof. The successful bidder will be required to pay the remainder of the bid and the first year's rental of $5 per acre or fraction thereof and furnish an acceptable surety bond as required in 43 CFR 3384.1 prior to the issuance of each lease.

Bids will be considered on the basis of the highest cash bonus offered for a tract but no total bid amounting to less than $25 per acre or fraction thereof will

be considered. The U.S. Government reserves the right to reject any and all bids even though the bid may exceed the minimum referred to previously. Oil payment, overriding royalty, logarithmic or sliding scale bids will not be considered. No bid for less than the full tract, as listed below, will be considered. The envelope containing the bid must be sealed. The envelope should be endorsed "Sealed bid for oil and gas lease California—Tract No. Cal. 298 not to be opened until 10 a.m., P.s.t., December 15, 1966."

The tract offered for bid is shown on official leasing map designated Map No. 6B, Channel Islands Area, approved August 8, 1966, and is described as:

Tract No. Cal. 298; all those portions of blocks 52N 63W and the N½ of block 51N 63 W lying seaward of a line 3 geographical miles distant from the coastline of California (as said coastline is defined in the Submerged Lands Act of 1953), containing 1995.48 acres more or less.

As stated on the official leasing map, the 3-mile line shown thereon is approximate only and does not necessarily delineate such a line in its true horizontal position. In the event of a conflict between the official leasing map and the written description, the written description shall prevail. The official leasing map No. 6B, Channel Islands Area, can be purchased for $1. The map, copies of the lease form (Form 3380–1, February 1966) as well as the Compliance Report Certification (Form 1510–12, January 1966) may be obtained from the above listed Manager or the Director, Bureau of Land Management, Washington, D.C. 20240.

Bidders are requested to submit their bids in the following form:

Manager, Bureau of Land Management,
Department of the Interior,
Room 7749,
300 North Los Angeles Street,
Los Angeles, Calif. 90012.

OIL AND GAS BID

The following bid is submitted for an oil and gas lease on land of the Outer Continental Shelf specified below:

Area---------- Official Leasing

Map No. ----------
Tract No.----------
Total amount bid----------
Amount per acre----------
Amount submitted with bid----------

(Signature)

(Address)

IMPORTANT

The bid must be accompanied by one-fifth of the total amount bid. This amount may be in cash, money order, cashier's check, certified check, or bank draft.

JOHN O. CROW,
Acting Director,
Bureau of Land Management.

Approved: November 10, 1966.

STEWART L. UDALL,
Secretary of the Interior.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12354; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 11:08 a.m.]

Fish and Wildlife Service

[Docket No. Sub–S–8]

ILDHUSO FISHERIES, INC.

Notice of Hearing

NOVEMBER 7, 1966.

Ilduhso Fisheries, Inc., 3603 Gilman Avenue West, Seattle, Wash. 98199, has applied for a fishing vessel construction differential subsidy to aid in the construction of an 85-foot length overall steel vessel to engage in the fishery for bottomfish, flounder, halibut, crab, herring, shrimp, sardine, scollops, octopus, sturgeon, turbot, hake, dogfish, and miscellaneous species for industrial use.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the provisions of the United States Fishing Fleet Improvement Act (P.L. 88–498) and Notice and Hearing on Subsidies (50 CFR Part 257) that a hearing in the above-entitled proceedings will be held on December 15, 1966, at 10 a.m., e.s.t., in Room 3356, Interior Building, 18th and C Streets NW., Washington, D.C. 20240. Any person desiring to intervene must file a petition of intervention with the Director, Bureau of Commercial Fisheries, as prescribed in 50 CFR Part 257 at least 10 days prior to the date set for the hearing. If such petition of intervention is granted, the place of the hearing may be changed to a field location. Telegraphic notice will be given to the parties in the event of such a change along with the new location.

HAROLD E. CROWTHER,
Acting Director,
Bureau of Commercial Fisheries.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12266; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

National Park Service

YOSEMITE NATIONAL PARK, ET AL.

Notice of Intention To Extend Concession Contracts; Correction

F.R. Doc. 66–11484 published at page 13609 in the issue dated October 21, 1966, is corrected by changing "Rocky Mountain Outfitters, Inc., Rocky Mountain National Park" to "Rocky Mountain Outfitters, Inc., Glacier National Park," in the listing of concession authorizations to be extended for the period January 1, 1967, through December 31, 1967.

HOWARD W. BAKER,
Acting Director,
National Park Service.

NOVEMBER 3, 1966.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12267; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Office of the Secretary

TEXAS

Designation of Areas for Emergency Loans

For the purpose of making emergency loans pursuant to section 321 of the Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961 (7 U.S.C. 1961), it has been determined that in the hereinafter-named counties in the State of Texas natural disasters have caused a need for agricultural credit not readily available from commercial banks, cooperative lending agencies, or other responsible sources.

TEXAS

Garza. Lynn.
Houston.

Pursuant to the authority set forth above, emergency loans will not be made in the above-named counties after June 30, 1967, except to applicants who previously received emergency or special livestock loan assistance and who can qualify under established policies and procedures.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 7th day of November 1966.

ORVILLE L. FREEMAN,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66–12274; Filed, Nov. 10, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 2—THE CONGRESS

ACTS APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT

EDITORIAL NOTE: After the adjournment of the Congress *sine die*, and until all public acts have received final Presidential consideration, a listing of public laws approved by the President will appear in the daily FEDERAL REGISTER under Title 2—The Congress. A consolidated listing of the new acts approved by the President will appear in the Daily Digest in the final issue of the Congressional Record covering the 89th Congress, Second Session.

Approved November 6, 1966

S. 1861---------- Public Law 89–769

Disaster Relief Act of 1966.

S. 2829---------- Public Law 89–770

An Act to amend section 301(a)(7) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.

S. 2979---------- Public Law 89–771

An Act to extend coverage of the State Technical Services Act of 1965 to the territory of Guam.

S. 3230---------- Public Law 89–772

An Act to authorize the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution to negotiate cooperative agreements granting concessions at the National Zoological Park to certain nonprofit organizations and to accept voluntary services of such organizations or of individuals, and for other purposes.

S. 3254---------- Public Law 89–773

An Act to amend sections 2072 and 2112 of title 28, United States Code, with respect to the scope of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and to repeal inconsistent legislation.

S. 3391---------- Public Law 89–778

An Act to amend the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended, to authorize exemption from the provisions of the Act.

S. 3466 ..... Public Law 89-784

An Act to change the name of the Rolla Jewel Bearing Plant at Rolla, N. Dak., to the William Langer Jewel Bearing Plant.

S. 3488 ..... Public Law 89-774

An Act to grant the consent of Congress for the States of Virginia and Maryland and the District of Columbia to amend the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Regulation Compact to establish an organization empowered to provide transit facilities in the National Capital Region and for other purposes and to enact said amendment for the District of Columbia.

S. 3675 ..... Public Law 89-780

An Act to amend title V of the International Claims Settlement Act of 1949 to provide for the determination of the amounts of claims of nationals of the United States against the Chinese Communist regime.

H.R. 6103 ..... Public Law 89-781

An Act for the relief of the city of Umatilla, Oreg.

H.R. 9985 ..... Public Law 89-776

An Act to provide for the mandatory reporting by physicians and hospitals or similar institutions in the District of Columbia of injuries caused by firearms or other dangerous weapons.

H.R. 10304 ..... Public Law 89-775

An Act to provide for the mandatory reporting by physicians and institutions in the District of Columbia of certain physical abuse of children.

H.R. 10327 ..... Public Law 89-777

An Act to require evidence of adequate financial responsibility to pay judgments for personal injury or death, or to repay fares in the event of nonperformance of voyages, to establish minimum standards for passenger vessels and to require disclosure of construction details on passenger vessels, and for other purposes.

H.R. 14615 ..... Public Law 89-782

An Act for the relief of certain members and former members of the Army on whose behalf erroneous payments were made for storage of household goods.

H.R. 17658 ..... Public Law 89-783

An Act to provide for the striking of medals in commemoration of the U.S. Naval Construction Battalions (Seabees) 25th anniversary and the U.S. Navy Civil Engineers Corps (CEC) 100th anniversary.

H.R. 18021 ..... Public Law 89-779

An Act to amend the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, and for other purposes.

Approved November 7, 1966

S. 2338 ..... Public Law 89-786

To authorize the erection of a memorial in the District of Columbia to General John J. Pershing.

S. 3389 ..... Public Law 89-788

An Act to provide for the establishment of the Joseph H. Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden, and for other purposes.

H.R. 11631 ..... Public Law 89-785

An Act to amend title 38 of the United States Code to clarify, improve, and add additional programs relating to the Department of Medicine and Surgery of the Veterans' Administration, and for other purposes.

H.R. 14604 ..... Public Law 89-790

An Act to authorize a study of facilities and services to be furnished visitors and students coming to the Nation's Capital.

H.R. 14745 ..... Public Law 89-787

An Act making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, and Health, Education, and Welfare, and related agencies, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1967, and for other purposes.

H.R. 16715 ..... Public Law 89-792

An Act to amend the Manpower Development and Training Act of 1962.

H.R. 16958 ..... Public Law 89-791

An Act to authorize the establishment in the District of Columbia of a public college of arts and sciences and a vocational and technical institute.

H.R. 18233 ..... Public Law 89-789

An Act authorizing the construction, repair, and preservation of certain public works on rivers and harbors for navigation, flood control, and for other purposes.

Approved November 8, 1966

S. 688 ..... Public Law 89-796

An Act to amend title III of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, to provide for additional means and measures for land conservation and land utilization, and for other purposes.

S. J. Res. 167 ..... Public Law 89-799

Joint Resolution to enable the United States to organize and hold an International Conference on Water for Peace in the United States in 1967 and authorize an appropriation therefor.

H.R. 9167 ..... Public Law 89-793

An Act to amend title of the United States Code to enable the courts to deal more effectively with the problem of narcotic addiction, and for other purposes.

H.R. 11555 ..... Public Law 89-795

An Act to provide a border highway along the U.S. bank of the Rio Grande in connection with the settlement of the Chamizal boundary dispute between the United States and Mexico.

H.R. 13551 ..... Public Law 89-798

An Act to amend the Law Enforcement Assistance Act of 1965, and for other purposes.

H.R. 15111 ..... Public Law 89-794

An Act to provide for continued progress in the Nation's war on poverty.

H.R. 15766 ..... Public Law 89-801

An Act to establish a National Commission on Reform of Federal Criminal Laws.

H.R. 17607 ..... Public Law 89-800

An Act to suspend the investment credit and the allowance of accelerated depreciation in the case of certain real property.

H.R. 18119 ..... Public Law 89-797

An Act making appropriations for the Departments of State, Justice, and Commerce, the Judiciary, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1967, and for other purposes.

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