

FEDERAL REGISTER

VOLUME 31 • NUMBER 200

Friday, October 14, 1966 • Washington, D.C.

Pages 13299-13376

Agencies in this issue—

Agricultural Stabilization and
Conservation Service
Agriculture Department
Atomic Energy Commission
Business and Defense Services
Administration
Census Bureau
Civil Aeronautics Board
Comptroller of the Currency
Consumer and Marketing Service
Defense Department
Engineers Corps
Federal Aviation Agency
Federal Maritime Commission
Federal Power Commission
Federal Trade Commission
Fish and Wildlife Service
Food and Drug Administration
General Services Administration
Interior Department
International Commerce Bureau
Interstate Commerce Commission
Justice Department
Securities and Exchange Commission
Small Business Administration

Detailed list of Contents appears inside.



Current White House Releases

WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS

The *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents* began with the issue dated Monday, August 2, 1965. It contains transcripts of the President's news conferences, messages to Congress, public speeches, remarks and statements, and other Presidential material released by the White House up to 5 p.m. of each Friday. This weekly service includes an Index of Contents preceding the text and a Cumulative Index to Prior

Issues at the end. Cumulation of this index terminates at the end of each quarter and begins anew with the following issue. Semiannual and annual indexes are published separately.

The *Weekly Compilation of Presidential Documents* is sold to the public on a subscription basis. The price of individual copies varies.

Subscription Price: \$6.00 per year

Compiled by Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration

Order from: Superintendent of Documents,
U.S. Government Printing Office,
Washington, D.C. 20402



Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. 500, as amended; 44 U.S.C., Ch. 8B), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register, approved by the President (1 CFR Ch. I). Distribution is made only by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

The FEDERAL REGISTER will be furnished by mail to subscribers, free of postage, for \$1.50 per month or \$15 per year, payable in advance. The charge for individual copies varies in proportion to the size of the issue (15 cents for the first 80 pages and 5 cents for each additional group of 40 pages, as actually bound). Remit check or money order, made payable to the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

The regulatory material appearing herein is keyed to the CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, which is published, under 50 titles, pursuant to section 11 of the Federal Register Act, as amended. The CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS is sold by the Superintendent of Documents. Prices of books and pocket supplements are listed in the first FEDERAL REGISTER issue of each month.

There are no restrictions on the republication of material appearing in the FEDERAL REGISTER or the CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Contents

AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION AND CONSERVATION SERVICE

Rules and Regulations

- Continental sugar requirements, 1966; correction..... 13313
Cotton, upland; 1967 crop acreage allotments and marketing quotas..... 13303

AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT

See also Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service; Consumer and Marketing Service.

Notices

- North Carolina and South Carolina; designation of areas for emergency loans..... 13356

ARMY DEPARTMENT

See Engineers Corps.

ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

Notices

- Southern California Edison Co., et al.; proposed issuance of provisional operating license..... 13365
State of Washington; proposed agreement for assumption of certain AEC regulatory authority..... 13360

BUSINESS AND DEFENSE SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Notices

- Assistant Secretary of Defense for Installations and Logistics; delegation of authority..... 13360

CENSUS BUREAU

Notices

- Annual surveys in manufacturing area; notice of consideration... 13356

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

Notices

- National Airlines, Inc., et al.; order denying petition..... 13367

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT

See Business and Defense Services Administration; Census Bureau; International Commerce Bureau.

COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

Notices

- Crocker-Anglo National Bank and Citizens National Bank; notice of hearing in connection with merger..... 13354

CONSUMER AND MARKETING SERVICE

Proposed Rule Making

- Filberts grown in Oregon and Washington; proposed expenses and rate of assessment..... 13346

DEFENSE DEPARTMENT

See also Engineers Corps.

Rules and Regulations

- Miscellaneous amendments to subchapter..... 13326

ENGINEERS CORPS

Rules and Regulations

- Certain reservoir areas; public use..... 13313

FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY

Rules and Regulations

- Aircraft registration; assignment of identification numbers..... 13313
Alterations:
Control zones and transition areas; corrections (2 documents)..... 13315
Federal airways (2 documents)..... 13314, 13315
Transition area..... 13315
Standard instrument approach procedures; miscellaneous amendments..... 13316

Proposed Rule Making

- Careless or reckless ground use of aircraft not incident to flight... 13352

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Notices

- Agreements filed for approval:
Gulf/United Kingdom Conference..... 13369
Nippon Yusen Kaisha and Yamashita-Shinnihon Steamship Co., Ltd..... 13369
Sea-Land Service, Inc., and Portnica Shipping Co., Inc... 13369

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

Notices

- Hearings, etc.:
Florida Gas Transmission Co... 13374
Johnson Oil & Gas Co., et al... 13371
Kuhn, Walter F., et al..... 13373
Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County, Washington... 13375

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Rules and Regulations

- Ship 'n Shore, Inc.; prohibited trade practices..... 13337

Proposed Rule Making

- Textile fiber content of special types of products..... 13353

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

Rules and Regulations

- Modoc National Wildlife Refuge, California; hunting; correction... 13342

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

Proposed Rule Making

- New drugs; applications and experience reporting..... 13347

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

Rules and Regulations

- Equal opportunity in employment... 13337

HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE DEPARTMENT

See Food and Drug Administration.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT

See also Fish and Wildlife Service.

Notices

- Statements of changes in financial interests:
Broadus, James S..... 13354
Chamberlain, Alexander S..... 13354
Hieronymus, John W..... 13354
Hrubesky, George F..... 13354
Hunt, Lowell E..... 13354
Innis, Joe T..... 13354
Kincannon, Layton E..... 13354
Livingood, Howard Lester..... 13355
McKnight, Maxwell S..... 13355
Millen, Charles K..... 13355
Millican, George E..... 13355
Porter, George A..... 13355
Remalia, William R..... 13355
Sewell, Kenneth L..... 13355
Timme, Elwyn Frank..... 13355
Welch, Edward W..... 13356

INTERNATIONAL COMMERCE BUREAU

Notices

- Scientific Supply Co., and C. J. Rawlins; order denying export privileges for an indefinite period..... 13357
Tokyo Seidensha Co., Ltd., and Takeo Sakamoto; order denying export privileges for an indefinite period..... 13358
Woodham Trading Ltd., and Glovet Traders, Ltd.; order further extending temporary denial of export privileges..... 13359

(Continued on next page)

**INTERSTATE COMMERCE
COMMISSION****Notices**

Fourth section applications for relief	13371
Lawrence, John V.; statement of changes in financial interests...	13369
Motor carrier:	
Temporary authority applications	13370
Transfer proceedings	13370

JUSTICE DEPARTMENT**Proposed Rule Making**

Administration and enforcement of the Foreign Agents Registration Act	13343
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE
COMMISSION****Notices**

Canadian International Growth Fund Ltd.; notice of application	13368
----------------------------------------------------------------------	-------

**SMALL BUSINESS
ADMINISTRATION****Proposed Rule Making**

Small business size standards; correction	13353
-------------------------------------------------	-------

Notices

Ohio; declaration of disaster area ..	13368
---------------------------------------	-------

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

See Comptroller of the Currency.

List of CFR Parts Affected

(Codification Guide)

The following numerical guide is a list of the parts of each title of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in today's issue. A cumulative list of parts affected, covering the current month to date appears at the end of each issue beginning with the second issue of the month.

A cumulative guide is published separately at the end of each month. The guide lists the parts and sections affected by documents published since January 1, 1966, and specifies how they are affected.

7 CFR

722	13303
811	13313

PROPOSED RULES:

982	13346
-----------	-------

13 CFR**PROPOSED RULES:**

121	13353
-----------	-------

14 CFR

47	13313
71 (5 documents)	13314, 13315
97	13316

PROPOSED RULES:

91	13352
----------	-------

16 CFR

13	13337
----------	-------

PROPOSED RULES:

303	13353
-----------	-------

21 CFR**PROPOSED RULES:**

130	13347
-----------	-------

28 CFR**PROPOSED RULES:**

5	13343
---------	-------

32 CFR

1	13326
2	13329
3	13329
4	13330
7	13331
8	13332
11	13332
13	13336
15	13336
18	13337

36 CFR

311	13313
-----------	-------

41 CFR

5-12	13337
------------	-------

50 CFR

32	13342
----------	-------

Rules and Regulations

Title 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter VII—Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service (Agricultural Adjustment), Department of Agriculture

SUBCHAPTER B—FARM MARKETING QUOTAS AND ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS

PART 722—COTTON

Subpart—1967 Crop of Upland Cotton; Acreage Allotments and Marketing Quotas

STATE RESERVE AND COUNTY ALLOTMENT

Basis and purpose. Section 722.469 is issued pursuant to the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 31, as amended, 7 U.S.C. 1281 et seq.) and in accordance with the Regulations for Acreage Allotments for 1966 and Succeeding Crops of Upland Cotton (31 F.R. 5300, as amended). This section establishes the State reserve and its allocation among uses for the 1967 crop of upland cotton. It also allocates the State's share of the national reserve among counties and establishes the county allotments. Such determinations were made initially by the respective State committees and are hereby approved and made effective by the Administrator pursuant to delegated authority (19 F.R. 74, 21 F.R. 1665, 25 F.R. 3925, 28 F.R. 4368).

Notice that the Secretary was preparing to establish State and county allotments was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on July 2, 1966 (31 F.R. 9138), in accordance with section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 238; 5 U.S.C. 1003). No written submissions were received in response to such notice.

Since the allocations under this section require immediate action by the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation State and county committees, it is essential that § 722.469 be made effective as soon as possible. Accordingly, it is hereby determined and found that compliance with the 30-day effective date requirement of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act is impracticable and contrary to the public interest and § 722.469 shall be effective upon filing this document with the Director, Office of the Federal Register.

§ 722.469 State reserve and county allotment for the 1967 crop of upland cotton.

(a) **State reserve.** Pursuant to the authority provided in § 722.408 of the Regulations for Acreage Allotments for 1966 and Succeeding Crops of Upland Cotton (31 F.R. 11011), the 1967 State acreage reserves for Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Oklahoma, South Carolina, and

Tennessee have been approved by the Deputy Administrator, State and County Operations, to be in excess of 2 percent of the State allotment available for distribution to counties in the State. The

State reserve for each State shall be established and allocated among uses as shown in the following table for the 1967 crop of upland cotton pursuant to § 722.408:

State	Total State reserve	Allocations from State reserve for:			
		Trends	Small farms	Inequity and hardship cases	New farms and set aside for errors
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Alabama.....	100				100
Arizona.....	10				10
Arkansas.....	78,000	78,000			
California.....	50				50
Florida.....	314				314
Georgia.....	500				500
Illinois.....	50			40	10
Kansas.....					
Kentucky.....	136				136
Louisiana.....	55,047	55,047			
Mississippi.....	152,440	152,386			54
Missouri.....	3,500			3,487	13
Nevada.....					
New Mexico.....	350			300	50
North Carolina.....	8,700			8,500	200
Oklahoma.....	111,251	110,251			1,000
South Carolina.....	66,104	46,273		19,631	200
Tennessee.....	53,000	52,860			140
Texas.....	12,008	11,008			1,000
Virginia.....	310		150	150	10
U.S. Total.....	541,870	505,825	150	32,108	3,787

(b) **Explanation of allocations of State reserve among uses—(1) State reserve for minimum farms.** It is hereby determined that the State's share of the national reserve will meet the requirements for additional acreage for establishing minimum farm allotments under section 344(f)(1) of the Act and accordingly, the State committee is not required to establish a State reserve for minimum farm allotments.

(2) **State reserve for abnormal conditions.** It is hereby determined that no State reserve for abnormal conditions is required.

(3) **State reserve for trends.** It is hereby determined that State reserves in substantial amounts are required for trend adjustments in applicable counties of Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Oklahoma, South Carolina, and Tennessee. Cotton producers in such counties generally plant the entire farm allotment each year and the size of available farm allotments is the limiting factor on the acreage planted to cotton in such counties. Cotton producers in other areas of these States fail to fully utilize farm allotments because of a trend away from cotton production. Relatively small amounts of State reserve are required for trend adjustments in applicable counties of Texas to support allotments transferred by sale in 1966 which did not have adequate history acreage for the 5 years base available for transfer along with the allotments. Trend adjustments in county allotments for the following States shall be made as follows:

(i) **Arkansas.** An average decimal ratio shall be computed for each county

by dividing the total preliminary county allotments for each of the 4 years, 1963, 1964, 1965, and 1966 by the preceding year's county allotment. Each county with a ratio of 0.984 or more shall be eligible for a trend adjustment from the State reserve. A trend base acreage for apportioning the State reserve for trend adjustments shall be determined for each eligible county by multiplying the 1961-65 average history acreage for each eligible county according to the following weights:

County average decimal ratio	Weight
0.984-0.989	1.00
0.990-0.995	1.30
0.996-0.997	1.40
0.998 and over	1.70

(ii) **Louisiana.** The State reserve for trends shall be allocated to those parishes which shared in the 1966 State reserve. The cotton producers in the parishes sharing in State reserve generally plant each year the farm allotments established for these farms. The size of available farm allotments is the limiting factor on the acreage planted to cotton in such parishes. In allocating the State reserve, adjustments shall be made for farm allotments transferred by sale and owner from other parishes into the parishes in this group.

(iii) **Mississippi.** Counties for which trend adjustments were made in 1966 shall receive allocation from the State reserve on the basis of maintaining trend adjustments in county allotments that have been made in 1966 in order to prevent reduction in cotton allotments in such counties.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

(iv) *Oklahoma.* Each county in which cotton acreage is determined not to be trending upward shall be allocated a portion of the State acreage reserve equal to an acreage determined by subtracting the sum of the 1967 computed allotment and the allocation from the national reserve from the 1966 allotment as adjusted for transfers by sales, owner, reconstitutions, and eminent domain. Each county determined to be trending upward shall be allocated a portion of the State acreage reserve as a trend adjustment which, together with the computed allotment and allocation from the national reserve, shall be a uniform percentage, not to exceed 100 percent, of the 1966 allotment as adjusted for transfers by sale, owner, reconstitution, eminent domain and for farms ineligible for a 1967 allotment.

(v) *South Carolina.* A decimal ratio for each county shall be computed by dividing the total 1967 preliminary farm base acreage by the total 1966 county allotment. Each county with a decimal ratio of 0.989900 or more shall be eligible for a trend adjustment from the State reserve. The State reserve for trends shall be apportioned to eligible counties on the basis of trend base acreages computed by multiplying the average county history acreages for the 3 years, 1963-65 by the following weights:

County decimal ratio	Weight
0.989900-0.997675	1.0
0.997676-0.998500	3.0
0.998501-1.000000	4.0

(vi) *Tennessee.* The State reserve for trends shall be apportioned to counties on the basis of the acreage obtained by subtracting the sum of the 1966 computed county allotment and the allocation to the county from the State's share of the national reserve from the county total of the 1967 preliminary farm allotment bases.

(4) *State reserve to correct inequities and prevent hardship.* It is hereby determined that State reserves are required to correct inequities in farm allotments and to prevent hardships in applicable counties of Illinois, Missouri, New Mexico, North Carolina, South Carolina, and Virginia as shown in paragraph (c) of this section. Cotton producers in such counties generally plant the entire farm allotment each year and the size of available farm allotments is the limiting factor on the acreage planted to cotton in such counties. Cotton producers in other areas of these States fail to fully utilize farm allotments. In addition, in certain areas of these States, the reduction of the number of farms eligible for allotments as old cotton farms has resulted in inequitable increases in allotments on the remaining old cotton farms in such areas. Allocation of State reserves for inequities and hardships so as to reduce excessive farm allotments in such areas will also tend to eliminate inequities in farm allotments between

areas of these States and between farms within the areas.

(5) *State reserve for new farms, missed and reconstituted farms and correction of errors.* It is hereby determined that a State reserve for new farms shall be established only for Kentucky and Oklahoma. Such reserve is included with the State reserve for missed and reconstituted farms and correction of errors.

(c) *County allotment.* The county allotment is established for the 1967 crop of upland cotton in accordance with § 722.409 of the Regulations for Acreage Allotments for 1966 and Succeeding

Crops of Upland Cotton (31 F.R. 5300). The county allotment consists of the computed county allotment, allocation from the State's share of the national reserve and allocation from the State reserve for trends. The following table sets forth the county allotment, allocations from the State's share of the national reserve and allocations from the State reserve. The table also sets forth the allotment in the State productivity pool which shall not be allocated to counties and farms as required under § 722.409(a) of the Regulations for Acreage Allotments for 1966 and Succeeding Crops of Upland Cotton (31 F.R. 11011).

ALABAMA

County	Computed county allotment (1)	Allocation from State's share of national reserve (2)	Adjustment from State reserve for trends (3)	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3) (4)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases (5)
	Acre	Acre	Acre	Acre	Acre
Autauga	8,606	237	0	8,843	0
Baldwin	2,709	87	0	2,796	0
Barbour	13,680	491	0	14,171	0
Bibb	3,747	83	0	3,830	0
Blount	16,550	297	0	16,847	0
Bullock	8,465	116	0	8,581	0
Butler	9,154	222	0	9,376	0
Calhoun	6,518	128	0	6,646	0
Chambers	8,883	219	0	9,102	0
Cherokee	20,924	954	0	21,878	0
Chilton	9,310	304	0	9,614	0
Choctaw	6,166	186	0	6,352	0
Clark	5,708	59	0	5,767	0
Clay	2,493	0	0	2,493	0
Cleburne	2,043	0	0	2,043	0
Coffee	17,510	419	0	17,929	0
Colbert	20,636	479	0	21,115	0
Conecuh	11,983	347	0	12,330	0
Coosa	1,296	0	0	1,296	0
Covington	15,296	459	0	15,755	0
Crenshaw	9,489	237	0	9,726	0
Cullman	31,648	986	0	32,634	0
Dale	7,978	207	0	8,185	0
Dallas	25,280	746	0	26,026	0
De Kalb	30,342	1,512	0	31,854	0
Elmore	14,134	346	0	14,480	0
Escambia	10,024	298	0	10,322	0
Etowah	11,485	476	0	11,961	0
Fayette	8,515	249	0	8,764	0
Franklin	12,729	270	0	12,999	0
Geneva	19,409	706	0	20,115	0
Greene	12,375	443	0	12,818	0
Hale	14,497	406	0	14,903	0
Henry	15,002	464	0	15,466	0
Houston	25,234	861	0	26,095	0
Jackson	23,308	974	0	24,282	0
Jefferson	3,503	0	0	3,503	0
Lamar	10,236	253	0	10,489	0
Lauderdale	26,438	608	0	27,046	0
Lawrence	37,266	1,632	0	38,898	0
Lee	8,959	171	0	9,130	0
Limestone	50,277	2,031	0	52,308	0
Lowndes	10,008	227	0	10,235	0
Macon	15,745	540	0	16,285	0
Madison	50,943	1,954	0	52,897	0
Marengo	15,505	288	0	15,793	0
Marion	12,470	314	0	12,784	0
Marshall	28,356	1,133	0	29,489	0
Mobile	3,161	116	0	3,277	0
Monroe	16,969	552	0	17,521	0
Montgomery	10,192	147	0	10,339	0
Morgan	26,947	820	0	27,767	0
Perry	10,461	200	0	10,661	0
Pickens	14,320	333	0	14,653	0
Pike	15,871	336	0	16,207	0
Randolph	6,489	315	0	6,804	0
Russell	9,620	249	0	9,869	0
St. Clair	4,436	0	0	4,436	0
Shelby	5,747	99	0	5,846	0
Sumter	13,326	289	0	13,615	0
Talladega	11,904	399	0	12,303	0
Tallapoosa	6,544	164	0	6,708	0
Tuscaloosa	15,545	323	0	15,868	0
Walker	6,769	0	0	6,769	0
Washington	2,338	95	0	2,433	0
Wilcox	10,987	237	0	11,224	0
Winston	6,905	194	0	7,099	0
Productivity pool	3,890	0	0	0	0

ARIZONA

County	(1) Acres	(2) Acres	(3) Acres	(4) Acres	(5) Acres
Cochise.....	13,728	94	0	13,822	0
Gila.....	38	0	0	38	0
Graham.....	8,810	31	0	8,841	0
Greenlee.....	1,744	36	0	1,780	0
Maricopa.....	122,569	263	0	122,832	0
Pima.....	24,176	2	0	24,178	0
Pinal.....	129,456	33	0	129,489	0
Santa Cruz.....	1,104	0	0	1,104	0
Yavapai.....	12	0	0	12	0
Yuma.....	30,250	98	0	30,348	0
Productivity pool.....	170	0	0	0	0

ARIZONA

Arkansas.....	9,167	58	396	9,621	0
Ashley.....	23,198	170	1,304	24,672	0
Baxter.....	18	0	0	18	0
Boone.....	4	0	0	4	0
Bradley.....	4,694	2	0	4,696	0
Calhoun.....	3,403	0	0	3,403	0
Chicot.....	27,927	50	2,053	30,030	0
Clay.....	3,699	0	0	3,699	0
Cleburne.....	36,523	9	2,685	39,217	0
Cleveland.....	1,519	0	0	1,519	0
Columbia.....	2,246	0	0	2,246	0
Conway.....	9,554	0	0	9,554	0
Craighead.....	5,675	0	0	5,675	0
Crawford.....	74,970	113	5,504	80,487	0
Crittenden.....	88,046	0	0	88,046	0
Dallas.....	34,332	390	6,538	41,260	0
Deshia.....	31,714	0	2,527	34,241	0
Drew.....	13,032	160	2,919	16,111	0
Franklin.....	9,938	81	564	10,583	0
Fulton.....	9,399	107	0	9,506	0
Garland.....	618	0	0	618	0
Grant.....	5	0	0	5	0
Greene.....	380	0	0	380	0
Hempstead.....	35,247	501	2,194	37,942	0
Hot Spring.....	4,977	0	0	4,977	0
Howard.....	1,917	0	0	1,917	0
Independence.....	5,238	2	0	5,240	0
Izard.....	1,156	49	0	1,205	0
Jackson.....	39,871	224	2,931	42,826	0
Johnson.....	63,281	213	4,632	67,913	0
Lafayette.....	13,119	34	0	13,153	0
Lawrence.....	18,400	76	567	18,967	0
Lee.....	53,604	140	3,940	57,544	0
Lincoln.....	30,954	462	1,874	32,828	0
Little River.....	4,717	107	0	4,824	0
Logan.....	1,296	10	0	1,306	0
Loneka.....	45,192	250	1,954	47,396	0
Marion.....	8,850	0	0	8,850	0
Miller.....	166,302	715	12,225	179,242	0
Mississippi.....	35,570	144	2,615	38,329	0
Montgomery.....	1,885	0	0	1,885	0
Nebraska.....	1,333	0	0	1,333	0
Newada.....	2,355	0	0	2,355	0
Onachita.....	74,448	415	5,473	80,336	0
Phillips.....	342	0	0	342	0
Pike.....	342	0	0	342	0

ARIZONA

County	(1) Acres	(2) Acres	(3) Acres	(4) Acres	(5) Acres
Polk.....	78,784	96	5,792	84,672	0
Polk.....	33	0	0	33	0
Pope.....	2,402	0	0	2,402	0
Prairie.....	8,825	0	0	8,825	0
Pulaski.....	16,335	164	862	17,361	0
Randolph.....	8,753	109	4,493	13,355	0
St. Francis.....	61,122	0	0	61,122	0
Saline.....	27	0	0	27	0
Scott.....	186	0	0	186	0
Searay.....	143	0	0	143	0
Sebastian.....	166	0	0	166	0
Sevier.....	341	0	0	341	0
Sharp.....	1,332	0	0	1,332	0
Stone.....	60	0	0	60	0
Union.....	1,077	0	0	1,077	0
Van Buren.....	310	0	0	310	0
Washington.....	2	2	0	4	0
White.....	17,898	195	0	18,093	0
Woodruff.....	34,995	0	2,500	37,495	0
Yell.....	3,640	0	0	3,640	0
Productivity pool.....	8,184	0	0	0	0

CALIFORNIA

Fresno.....	188,296	757	0	189,053	0
Imperial.....	46,833	123	0	47,056	0
Kern.....	175,698	119	0	175,817	0
Kings.....	95,276	193	0	95,469	0
Los Angeles.....	95,111	0	0	95,111	0
Madera.....	44,940	156	0	45,096	0
Merced.....	27,066	50	0	27,116	0
Riverside.....	19,371	78	0	19,449	0
San Benito.....	347	0	0	347	0
San Diego.....	211	0	0	211	0
Stanislaus.....	59	0	0	59	0
Tulare.....	138,410	552	0	138,962	0
Productivity pool.....	1,081	0	0	0	0

FLORIDA

Alachua.....	101	16.0	0	117.0	0
Baker.....	7	0	0	7.0	0
Bay.....	49	5.0	0	54.0	0
Calhoun.....	561	0	0	561.0	0
Clay.....	6	1.5	0	7.5	0
Columbia.....	307	57.8	0	364.8	0
Dade.....	13	37.5	0	50.5	0
DeSoto.....	1,360	69.6	0	1,429.6	0
Duval.....	180	30.0	0	210.0	0
Gilchrist.....	1	0	0	1.0	0
Hamilton.....	1,164	71.7	0	1,235.7	0
Holmes.....	4,483	504.7	0	4,987.7	0
Jackson.....	1,315	99.8	0	1,414.8	0
Jefferson.....	1,325	171.3	0	1,496.3	0
Lafayette.....	232	0	0	232.0	0
Levy.....	497	50.0	0	547.0	0
Liberty.....	6	6.0	0	12.0	0
Madison.....	15	3.6	0	18.6	0
Nassau.....	2,740	364.1	0	3,104.1	0
Okaloosa.....	1,307	35.9	0	1,342.9	0

FLORIDA—Continued

County	Computed county allotment (1)	Allocation from State's share of national reserve (2)	Adjustment from State reserve for trends (3)	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3) (4)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases (5)
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Santa Rosa.....	5,715	359.7	0	6,074.7	0
Suwannee.....	681	169.5	0	850.5	0
Taylor.....	25	14.0	0	39.0	0
Union.....	21	14.0	0	35.0	0
Walton.....	2,138	131.3	0	2,269.3	0
Washington.....	533	100.0	0	633.0	0
Productivity Pool.....	21	0	0	0	0
GEORGIA					
Appling.....	4,218	49.3	0	4,267.3	0
Atkinson.....	2,916	71.6	0	2,987.6	0
Bacon.....	2,075	73.6	0	2,148.6	0
Baker.....	2,950	98.5	0	3,048.5	0
Baldwin.....	2,645	0	0	2,645.0	0
Banks.....	2,148	107.9	0	2,255.9	0
Barrow.....	10,303	597.0	0	10,900.0	0
Bartholomew.....	4,959	113.9	0	5,072.9	0
Ben Hill.....	3,356	115.8	0	3,471.8	0
Bertie.....	8,952	0	0	8,952.0	0
Bibb.....	6,574	168.0	0	6,742.0	0
Bleckley.....	42	0	0	42.0	0
Bolton.....	8,561	852.0	0	9,413.0	0
Brooks.....	2,012	0	0	2,012.0	0
Bulloch.....	13,890	637.9	0	14,527.9	0
Butts.....	33,711	494.1	0	34,205.1	0
Butt.....	4,162	86.2	0	4,248.2	0
Calhoun.....	5,293	140.0	0	5,433.0	0
Candler.....	6,239	243.8	0	6,482.8	0
Carroll.....	7,382	0	0	7,382.0	0
Catoosa.....	7,496	0	0	7,496.0	0
Charlton.....	12	0	0	12.0	0
Chatham.....	45	0	0	45.0	0
Chatahoochee.....	99	0	0	99.0	0
Chattahoochee.....	4,299	85.7	0	4,384.7	0
Cherokee.....	4,425	0	0	4,425.0	0
Clarke.....	1,571	78.0	0	1,649.0	0
Clay.....	3,340	74.0	0	3,414.0	0
Clayton.....	579	0	0	579.0	0
Clinch.....	133	0	0	133.0	0
Cobb.....	6,779	673.0	0	7,452.0	0
Coffee.....	20,066	251.3	0	20,317.3	0
Colquitt.....	1,673	630.1	0	2,303.1	0
Columbia.....	3,763	166.3	0	3,929.3	0
Cook.....	5,959	73.0	0	6,032.0	0
Coweta.....	1,587	115.8	0	1,702.8	0
Crawford.....	9,834	419.2	0	10,253.2	0
Crisp.....	168	0	0	168.0	0
Dade.....	3,951	0	0	3,951.0	0
Dawson.....	238	0	0	238.0	0
De Kalb.....	12,571	334.5	0	12,905.5	0
Dodge.....	22,783	1,341.4	0	24,124.4	0
Dooly.....	1,987	0	0	1,987.0	0
Dougherty.....	602	0	0	602.0	0
Douglas.....	13,078	272.8	0	13,350.8	0
Early.....	46	0	0	46.0	0
Echols.....	1,474	64.5	0	1,538.5	0
Effingham.....	8,278	321.5	0	8,600.0	0
Elbert.....	15,906	405.0	0	16,311.0	0
Emanuel.....	2,486	106.2	0	2,592.2	0
Evan....	2,696	0	0	2,696.0	0
Fayette.....	7,081	631.7	0	7,712.7	0
Floyd.....	1,102	0	0	1,102.0	0
Forsyth.....	0	0	0	0	0

FLORIDA—Continued

County	Computed county allotment (1)	Allocation from State's share of national reserve (2)	Adjustment from State reserve for trends (3)	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3) (4)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases (5)
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Franklin.....	7,008	269.5	0	7,277.5	0
Fulton.....	1,115	0	0	1,115.0	0
Gilmer.....	1	0	0	1.0	0
Glasscock.....	4,650	123.7	0	4,773.7	0
Groves.....	9,228	387.4	0	9,615.4	0
Grady.....	3,538	108.9	0	3,646.9	0
Greene.....	2,450	76.0	0	2,526.0	0
Gwinnett.....	3,263	168.1	0	3,431.1	0
Halbert.....	281	0	0	281.0	0
Hall.....	1,588	0	0	1,588.0	0
Hancock.....	8,145	270.5	0	8,415.5	0
Harrison.....	1,630	0	0	1,630.0	0
Harris.....	1,405	43.6	0	1,448.6	0
Hart.....	10,862	421.5	0	11,283.5	0
Hartwell.....	1,614	0	0	1,614.0	0
Heard.....	8,525	342.6	0	8,867.6	0
Henry.....	5,210	195.9	0	5,405.9	0
Houston.....	6,626	178.5	0	6,804.5	0
Irwin.....	3,573	143.3	0	3,716.3	0
Jackson.....	2,188	81.0	0	2,269.0	0
Jeff Davis.....	18,432	665.8	0	19,097.8	0
Jefferson.....	11,269	212.1	0	11,481.1	0
Jenkins.....	15,026	301.3	0	15,327.3	0
Johnson.....	234	0	0	234.0	0
Jones.....	2,289	90.8	0	2,379.8	0
Lamar.....	2,894	26.3	0	2,920.3	0
Laurens.....	27,717	541.0	0	28,258.0	0
Lee.....	3,523	126.7	0	3,649.7	0
Liberty.....	1,755	0	0	1,755.0	0
Lincoln.....	1,494	0	0	1,494.0	0
Long.....	3,172	111.8	0	3,283.8	0
Lovins.....	54	0	0	54.0	0
Lumpkin.....	5,814	247.9	0	6,061.9	0
McDuffie.....	1	0	0	1.0	0
McIntosh.....	11,243	239.0	0	11,482.0	0
Macon.....	9,488	336.5	0	9,824.5	0
Madison.....	3,582	82.7	0	3,664.7	0
Marion.....	10,808	239.9	0	11,047.9	0
Meriwether.....	5,714	98.0	0	5,812.0	0
Miller.....	11,900	247.3	0	12,147.3	0
Monroe.....	926	0	0	926.0	0
Montgomery.....	3,740	139.5	0	3,879.5	0
Morgan.....	13,463	233.5	0	13,696.5	0
Murray.....	3,215	72.2	0	3,287.2	0
Muscogee.....	68	0	0	68.0	0
Newton.....	6,236	215.2	0	6,451.2	0
Oconee.....	7,303	274.0	0	7,577.0	0
Oglethorpe.....	6,819	384.6	0	7,203.6	0
Paulding.....	1,362	0	0	1,362.0	0
Peach.....	2,178	59.0	0	2,237.0	0
Pickens.....	197	0	0	197.0	0
Pike.....	2,744	108.5	0	2,852.5	0
Polk.....	5,755	157.2	0	5,912.2	0
Putnam.....	8,690	240.6	0	8,930.6	0
Quitman.....	1,390	0	0	1,390.0	0
Randolph.....	5,577	185.6	0	5,762.6	0
Richmond.....	2,232	78.6	0	2,310.6	0
Rockdale.....	2,149	0	0	2,149.0	0
Schley.....	3,680	74.6	0	3,754.6	0
Seconee.....	15,641	436.6	0	16,077.6	0
Seminole.....	4,529	83.8	0	4,612.8	0
Spalding.....	2,266	88.3	0	2,354.3	0
Stephens.....	2,698	0	0	2,698.0	0
Stewart.....	2,715	75.9	0	2,790.9	0

RULES AND REGULATIONS

LOUISIANA

Parish	Computed county allotment	Allocation from State's share of national reserve	Adjustment from State reserve for trends	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3)	Allocation from State reserve for inequities and hardship cases
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Acadia	9,423	152	953	10,528	0
Allen	527	0	0	527	0
Assumption	228	0	0	228	0
Avery	3	0	0	3	0
Averyelles	19,735	320	2,008	22,063	0
Beauregard	213	19	0	232	0
Bienvenue	2,440	0	0	2,440	0
Bossier	16,390	289	1,810	18,489	0
Caddo	23,441	528	3,313	33,282	0
Caldwell	7,820	156	975	8,451	0
Cameron	73	0	0	73	0
Catahoula	10,599	325	2,039	12,963	0
Clabornia	8,872	0	0	8,872	0
Concordia	243	0	1,562	1,805	0
De Sofo	5,311	51	0	5,362	0
East Baton Rouge	7,406	0	0	7,406	0
East Carroll	28,868	698	4,378	33,944	0
East Feliciana	1,244	0	0	1,244	0
Evangeline	13,419	211	1,322	14,952	0
Franklin	52,018	1,041	6,526	59,585	0
Grant	4,032	75	476	4,583	0
Iberia	1,185	0	0	1,185	0
Iberville	1,286	0	0	1,286	0
Jackson	610	0	0	610	0
Jackson Davis	248	0	0	248	0
Lafayette	11,033	0	0	11,033	0
La Salle	15	0	93	108	0
Lincoln	1,465	0	0	1,465	0
Livingston	167	0	0	167	0
Madison	19,543	425	2,665	22,633	0
Morehouse	81,824	694	4,355	86,873	0
Natchitoches	19,616	369	2,312	22,317	0
Ouachita	13,231	279	1,750	15,260	0
Pointe Coupee	7,710	170	0	7,880	0
Rapides	17,717	366	2,294	20,377	0
Red River	8,953	126	788	9,867	0
Richland	45,318	942	5,911	52,171	0
Sabine	820	0	0	820	0
St. Helena	1,640	49	0	1,689	0
St. Landry	29,202	578	3,630	33,410	0
St. Martin	6,397	18	0	6,415	0
St. Tammany	0	0	0	0	0
Tangipahoa	655	0	0	655	0
Tensas	18,910	417	2,578	21,905	0
Union	4,349	73	0	4,422	0
Vermilion	3,783	0	0	3,783	0
Vernon	683	0	0	683	0
Washington	4,404	0	0	4,404	0
Webster	2,491	0	0	2,491	0
West Baton Rouge	853	16	0	869	0
West Carroll	24,028	525	3,299	28,452	0
West Feliciana	1,112	0	0	1,112	0
Winn	806	0	0	806	0
Productivity pool	7,788	0	0	7,788	0

MISSISSIPPI

Adams	2,066	47	59	2,172	0
Alcorn	11,787	655	1,277	13,719	0
Amite	6,781	0	380	7,161	0
Attala	11,473	647	971	13,091	0
Benton	10,453	338	1,339	12,130	0

GEORGIA—Continued

County	Computed county allotment	Allocation from State's share of national reserve	Adjustment from State reserve for trends	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3)	Allocation from State reserve for inequities and hardship cases
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Sumter	10,170	214.4	0	10,384.4	0
Talbot	1,273	0	0	1,273.0	0
Talferro	1,184	0	0	1,184.0	0
Tatum	4,629	217.2	0	4,846.2	0
Taylor	6,868	172.2	0	7,040.2	0
Telfair	4,508	181.1	0	4,689.1	0
Terrill	12,210	406.2	0	12,616.2	0
Thomas	5,722	125.7	0	5,847.7	0
Tift	6,553	250.3	0	6,803.3	0
Tolmie	7,239	286.6	0	7,525.6	0
Trenton	1,696	96.1	0	1,792.1	0
Triner	7,988	73.0	0	8,061.0	0
Tufts	3,254	141.6	0	3,395.6	0
Twiggs	1,043	122.3	0	1,165.3	0
Walker	1,694	0	0	1,694.0	0
Walton	18,146	365.0	0	18,511.0	0
Ware	774	0	0	774.0	0
Washington	10,312	322.2	0	10,634.2	0
Wayne	16,943	312.7	0	17,255.7	0
Webster	2,134	42.3	0	2,176.3	0
Wheeler	1,958	133.8	0	2,091.8	0
White	3,448	0	0	3,448.0	0
Whitfield	1,917	0	0	1,917.0	0
Wilcox	10,657	240.5	0	10,897.5	0
Wilkes	3,323	105.9	0	3,428.9	0
Wilkinson	2,954	118.9	0	3,072.9	0
Worth	17,992	328.8	0	18,320.8	0
Productivity pool	7,816	0	0	7,816.0	0

ILLINOIS

Alexander	1,586	6	0	1,592	22
Massac	3	0	0	3	0
Pulaski	1,106	15	0	1,121	18
Productivity pool	45	0	0	45	0

KANSAS

Montgomery	13.0	2.0	0	15.0	0
Productivity pool	0	0	0	0	0

KENTUCKY

Ballard	7	2.3	0	9.3	0
Calloway	59	4.0	0	63.0	0
Carlisle	48	50.8	0	98.8	0
Fulton	553	233.6	0	786.6	0
Graves	150	0.0	0	150.0	0
Hickman	857	0.0	0	857.0	0
McCracken	10	4.2	0	14.2	0
Marshall	10	2.1	0	12.1	0
Productivity pool	26	0	0	26	0

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

County	(1) Computed county allotment Acres	(2) Allocation from State's national reserve Acres	(3) Adjustment from State reserves for trends Acres	(4) County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3) Acres	(5) Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases Acres
Bolivar	105,539	251	13,394	119,184	0
Calhoun	13,912	486	1,977	16,375	0
Carroll	12,962	410	1,649	15,021	0
Chickasaw	12,044	495	1,464	14,003	0
Choctaw	3,287	16	3,445	3,445	0
Chalmer	3,948	48	178	4,174	0
Clarke	3,752	0	182	3,934	0
Clay	6,617	407	7,795	8,748	0
Columbia	78,689	74	9,975	88,748	0
Copiah	6,774	53	7,294	7,121	0
Covington	7,504	39	7,896	7,896	0
De Soto	28,662	545	3,717	32,924	0
Forrest	712	0	712	712	0
Franklin	746	0	746	746	0
George	558	0	558	558	0
Greene	942	0	46	988	0
Grenada	10,178	185	1,293	11,656	0
Hancock	19	0	0	19	0
Harrison	3	0	0	3	0
Hinds	20,873	463	722	22,058	0
Holmes	30,546	614	3,937	35,097	0
Humphreys	41,923	90	5,400	47,413	0
Issaquena	9,160	56	1,207	10,423	0
Itawamba	9,048	659	1,000	10,707	0
Jackson	20	0	0	20	0
Jefferson	4,047	0	173	4,220	0
Jasper	5,385	0	303	5,738	0
Jefferson Davis	12,401	727	13,531	13,531	0
Jones	6,489	0	388	6,877	0
Kemper	8,360	545	9,207	9,207	0
Kent	14,305	489	1,600	16,394	0
Lafayette	1,878	0	1,878	1,878	0
Lamar	4,495	0	277	4,772	0
Lauderdale	5,868	48	318	6,234	0
Lawrence	13,819	829	426	15,074	0
Leake	22,821	581	2,650	25,952	0
Lee	64,779	120	8,217	73,116	0
Leflore	4,003	58	4,061	4,061	0
Lincoln	13,649	554	1,359	15,562	0
Lowndes	28,393	619	3,286	32,298	0
Madison	7,710	61	8,123	8,123	0
Marion	30,953	546	3,872	34,981	0
Marshall	25,664	833	2,668	29,165	0
Monroe	6,467	325	7,999	7,999	0
Montgomery	11,005	0	12,122	12,122	0
Neshoba	6,453	0	6,986	6,986	0
Newton	13,901	401	1,590	15,892	0
Noxubee	3,623	0	3,763	3,763	0
Oktibbeha	34,879	532	4,489	39,900	0
Panola	1,172	0	0	1,172	0
Pearl River	1,506	0	61	1,567	0
Perry	3,569	0	2,140	5,709	0
Pike	10,878	1,017	7,991	18,886	0
Pontotoc	14,515	111	6,739	21,365	0
Prentiss	53,032	120	7,846	60,998	0
Quitman	7,897	353	8,977	8,977	0
Rankin	8,624	56	27,668	36,348	0
Scott	24,497	0	10,219	34,716	0
Sharkey	9,710	62	378	10,150	0
Stamps	7,893	0	0	7,893	0
Smith	107,856	98	13,687	121,643	0
Stone	51,845	196	6,637	58,678	0
Sunflower	13,635	408	2,717	16,760	0
Tallahatchie	17,989	794	1,719	19,492	0
Tate	13,635	681	9,815	11,111	0
Tippah	42,360	45	5,381	47,786	0
Tishomingo	15,132	745	1,741	17,618	0
Tunica					
Union					

MISSOURI

Bollinger	141	3	0	144	0
Butler	18,170	566	0	18,736	112
Cape Girardeau	109	0	0	109	0
Cartersville	10	0	0	10	0
Dunklin	77,955	279	0	78,234	638
Howell	14	10	0	24	0
Mississippi	25,855	14	0	25,964	261
New Madrid	84,753	49	0	84,862	857
Oregon	57	0	0	57	0
Ozark	6	0	0	6	0
Pemiscot	89,464	137	0	89,606	1,122
Ripley	2,199	127	0	2,326	14
Scott	16,846	80	0	16,926	163
Stoddard	33,620	414	0	33,934	320
Vernon	7	0	0	7	0
Wayne	4	0	0	4	0
Productivity pool	183	0	0	183	0

NEVADA

Clark	75	26	0	101	0
Nye	2,447	974	0	3,421	0
Productivity pool	0	0	0	0	0

NEW MEXICO

Bernalillo	2	0	0	2	0
Chaves	30,556	17	0	30,573	77
Curry	1,480	3	0	1,483	11
De Baca	1,491	15	0	1,506	0
Doña Ana	38,183	332	0	38,515	0
Eddy	26,466	68	0	26,534	0
Grainger	111	0	0	111	1
Grant	10	0	0	10	0
Guadalupe	0	0	0	0	10
Harding	6,259	0	0	6,259	14
Hidalgo	26,557	11	0	26,568	14
Lea	13,257	6	0	13,263	34
Luna	2,181	6	0	2,187	9
Otero	2,774	4	0	2,778	0
Quay	18,674	36	0	18,710	20
Roosevelt	18,674	36	0	18,710	101
Santa Fe	2,506	20	0	2,526	23
Socorro	1,993	60	0	2,053	0
Valencia	8	0	0	8	0
Productivity pool	138	0	0	138	0

RULES AND REGULATIONS

NORTH CAROLINA—Continued

County	Computed county allotment (1)	Allocation from State's share of national reserve (2)	Adjustment from State reserve for trends (3)	County allotment, sum of columns (2), and (3) (4)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases (5)
Union	Acres 13,371	Acres 0	Acres 0	Acres 13,371	Acres 0
Yancey	4,461	658.3	0	5,119.3	244.3
Wake	4,786	0	0	4,786	0
Warren	7,731	331.7	0	8,062.7	123.1
Washington	7,585	0	0	7,585	0
Wayne	10,868	211.4	0	11,079.4	78.5
Wilkes	59	0	0	59	0
Wilson	8,469	258.3	0	8,727.3	95.8
Yadkin	32	0	0	32	0
Productivity pool	643	0	0	0	0

OKLAHOMA

Adair	32	0	5	37	0
Adoka	1,477	17	0	1,494	0
Beaver	39	0	11	50	0
Beckham	51,579	240	9,325	61,144	0
Blaine	10,384	418	1,799	12,601	0
Bryan	18,831	806	2,812	16,949	0
Caddo	39,427	1,556	6,815	47,798	0
Canadian	10,761	261	1,887	12,909	0
Cartter	1,266	24	1,274	2,564	0
Cherokee	12	0	0	12	0
Choctaw	1,627	4	66	1,697	0
Cimarron	44	0	21	65	0
Cleveland	1,282	36	213	1,531	0
Coal	2,739	35	528	3,302	0
Comanche	10,172	355	1,768	12,295	0
Cotton	15,356	329	2,086	18,371	0
Craig	54	0	12	66	0
Creek	17	17	80	1,807	0
Custer	19,884	493	2,701	23,078	0
Dewey	6,692	250	1,192	8,134	0
Ellis	6,604	29	1,118	8,051	0
Garfield	40	0	0	40	0
Garvin	4,593	151	896	5,710	0
Grady	14,311	706	2,667	17,684	0
Grant	34	0	12	46	0
Greer	33,924	175	6,196	40,295	0
Harmon	39,648	115	7,430	47,193	0
Harper	13	0	2	15	0
Haskell	1,866	0	24	1,890	0
Hughes	3,075	0	305	3,380	0
Jackson	47,325	198	8,903	56,426	0
Jefferson	14,702	219	2,350	17,271	0
Johnston	2,975	90	612	3,677	0
Kay	145	0	12	157	0
Kingfisher	1,030	0	0	1,030	0
Kiowa	46,262	653	8,232	55,147	0
Latimer	104	0	0	104	0
LeFlore	2,638	2	47	2,687	0
Lincoln	2,877	0	124	3,001	0
Logan	2,427	98	419	2,944	0
Love	6,799	40	1,590	8,429	0
McCain	7,734	261	1,624	9,619	0
McCurtain	5,389	51	1,122	6,562	0
McIntosh	7,635	65	857	8,557	0
Major	1,550	5	145	1,700	0
Marshall	3,763	108	653	4,524	0
Mayes	490	0	52	542	0
Murray	317	9	401	718	0
Muskogee	14,771	496	2,598	17,865	0
Noble	615	3	112	730	0
Nowata	510	5	133	648	0

NORTH CAROLINA

County	Computed county allotment (1)	Allocation from State's share of national reserve (2)	Adjustment from State reserve for trends (3)	County allotment, sum of columns (2), and (3) (4)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases (5)
Alamance	Acres 41	Acres 0	Acres 0	Acres 41	Acres 0
Alexander	500	0	0	500	0
Anson	12,008	0	0	12,008	0
Beaufort	1,091	0	0	1,091	0
Bertie	6,883	785.7	0	7,668.7	291.6
Bladen	3,343	33.5	0	3,376.5	12.4
Brunswick	259	0	0	259	0
Burke	53	0.1	0	53.1	0
Cabarrus	3,375	0	0	3,375	0
Caldwell	13	2.1	0	15.1	0.7
Camden	285	0	0	285	0
Carteret	46	0	0	46	0
Catawba	1,608	0	0	1,608	0
Chatham	2,369	0	0	2,369	0
Chowan	2,467	247.8	0	2,714.8	91.9
Cleveland	29,910	0	0	29,910	0
Columbus	2,389	425.6	0	2,814.6	153.0
Craven	401	0	0	401	0
Cumberland	11,686	738.2	0	12,424.2	273.9
Currituck	277	0	0	277	0
Davidson	750	0	0	750	0
Davie	1,425	0	0	1,425	0
Duplin	3,324	0	0	3,324	0
Durham	113	0	0	113	0
Edgecombe	13,167	917.1	0	14,084.1	340.3
Forsyth	101	0	0	101	0
Franklin	8,843	1,152.1	0	9,995.1	427.6
Gaston	2,523	106.4	0	2,629.4	39.5
Gates	2,111	48.1	0	2,159.1	17.9
Greenville	3,853	304.2	0	4,157.2	112.9
Guilford	64	0	0	64	0
Halifax	23,791	2,449.6	0	26,240.6	909.1
Hartnett	13,506	584.1	0	14,190.1	216.8
Hertford	4,894	797.7	0	5,691.7	236.0
Hoke	14,126	564.4	0	14,690.4	209.4
Hyde	189	0	0	189	0
Iredell	7,123	1,189.1	0	8,312.1	441.3
Johnston	19,329	0	0	19,329	0
Jones	251	0	0	251	0
Lee	1,010	0	0	1,010	0
Lenoir	2,986	0	0	2,986	0
Lincoln	6,883	0	0	6,883	0
Macon	2,183	303.6	0	2,486.6	112.7
Macon	3,877	444.2	0	4,321.2	164.8
Montgomery	2,597	92.7	0	2,690	34.3
Moore	14,204	1,411.0	0	15,615.0	524.0
New Hanover	21,608	2,550.8	0	24,158.8	946.8
Newport	284	0	0	284	0
Orange	68	0	0	68	0
Pamlico	184	0	0	184	0
Passapatan	208	0	0	208	0
Pender	287	0	0	287	0
Perquimans	1,123	0	0	1,123	0
Person	6,945	462.3	0	7,407.3	303
Pitt	1,405	0	0	1,405	0
Polk	6,039	60.4	0	6,099.4	23.4
Randolph	48,680	2,874.3	0	51,554.3	1,066.9
Richmond	4,875	0	0	4,875	0
Rowan	7,449	0	0	7,449	0
Rutherford	24,973	1,698.3	0	26,671.3	630.3
Sampson	16,775	1,198.7	0	17,973.7	444.9
Scotland	1,030	0	0	1,030	0
Stanly	1,227	0	0	1,227	0
Tyrrell	227	0	0	227	0

RULES AND REGULATIONS

SOUTH CAROLINA—Continued

County	Computed county allotment (1)	Allocation from State's share of national reserve (2)	Adjustment from State reserve for trends (3)	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3) (4)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases (5)
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Richland.....	6,907	431	0	7,338	13
Spartanburg.....	6,330	176	204	6,710	557
Sumter.....	16,007	0	508	16,515	159
Union.....	33,899	760	4,623	39,391	854
Williamsburg.....	4,040	0	2,177	4,137	9
York.....	28,894	1,875	2,873	33,642	1,680
Productivity pool.....	12,311	663	396	13,370	30
	1,702	0	0	0	0

TENNESSEE					
County	Computed county allotment (1)	Allocation from State's share of national reserve (2)	Adjustment from State reserve for trends (3)	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3) (4)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases (5)
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Bedford.....	942	7	25	974	0
Benton.....	2,072	22	75	2,169	0
Bradley.....	385	0	0	385	0
Cannon.....	21	0	2	23	0
Carroll.....	16,824	596	2,023	19,443	0
Chester.....	9,514	356	1,208	11,078	0
Conner.....	1,111	17	56	1,184	0
Crockett.....	28,047	1,064	3,710	32,821	0
Davidson.....	2	0	0	2	0
Decatur.....	2,797	20	68	2,885	0
De Kalb.....	3	0	0	3	0
Dyer.....	27,804	1,037	3,520	32,361	0
Fayette.....	36,929	1,378	4,677	42,984	0
Franklin.....	4,086	54	185	4,325	0
Gibson.....	39,097	1,554	5,274	45,925	0
Giles.....	6,665	68	230	6,963	0
Grundy.....	96	0	0	96	0
Hamilton.....	196	4	14	214	0
Hardeman.....	18,117	578	1,961	20,656	0
Hardin.....	7,294	131	446	7,871	0
Haywood.....	36,687	1,405	4,765	43,057	0
Henderson.....	14,802	395	1,340	16,537	0
Harris.....	4,006	62	211	4,279	0
Hickman.....	9	0	0	9	0
Humphreys.....	9	0	1	10	0
Lake.....	18,052	709	2,404	21,165	0
Laurens.....	30,643	1,157	4,026	35,826	0
Lawrence.....	16,022	344	1,168	17,534	0
Lewis.....	105	0	0	105	0
Lincoln.....	10,341	179	607	11,127	0
London.....	3	0	0	3	0
McMinn.....	207	0	0	207	0
McNairy.....	16,423	480	1,459	18,312	0
Madison.....	28,301	1,047	3,552	32,900	0
Marion.....	147	4	15	167	0
Marshall.....	270	4	15	289	0
Maury.....	115	1	5	121	0
Meigs.....	249	1	0	250	0
Monroe.....	78	0	0	78	0
Moore.....	53	1	5	59	0
Obion.....	8,351	238	807	9,396	0
Perry.....	132	2	5	139	0
Polk.....	474	10	38	522	0
Rhea.....	6	0	0	6	0
Robertson.....	1	0	0	1	0
Rutherford.....	3,432	55	186	3,673	0
Shelby.....	34,631	744	2,525	37,900	0
Smyth.....	40,067	1,527	5,181	46,775	0
Tipton.....	9	0	0	9	0
Van Buren.....	142	0	0	142	0
Warren.....	7	0	0	7	0
Wayne.....	2,349	20	65	2,434	0
Weakley.....	8,542	302	1,021	9,865	0
White.....	15	0	0	15	0

OKLAHOMA—Continued

County	Computed county allotment (1)	Allocation from State's share of national reserve (2)	Adjustment from State reserve for trends (3)	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3) (4)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases (5)
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Okfuskee.....	3,825	53	298	4,176	0
Oklahoma.....	364	1	102	467	0
Oklmulgee.....	7,765	205	1,338	9,308	0
Ossage.....	2,198	5	2,583	3,899	0
Pawnee.....	2,600	90	594	3,284	0
Payne.....	1,763	67	2,236	3,062	0
Pittsburg.....	3,032	0	0	3,032	0
Pontotoc.....	913	7	138	1,058	0
Pottawatomie.....	487	40	527	1,054	0
Pushmataha.....	284	0	0	284	0
Roger Mills.....	17,618	331	3,366	21,315	0
Rogers.....	602	0	51	653	0
Seminole.....	1,010	0	201	1,211	0
Sequoyah.....	1,167	26	200	1,393	0
Stephens.....	4,813	118	5,952	10,883	0
Texas.....	5	0	4	9	0
Tillman.....	58,125	275	10,568	68,968	0
Tulsa.....	1,140	2	219	1,361	0
Wagoner.....	6,643	133	972	7,748	0
Washington.....	2	0	0	2	0
Washington.....	61,610	712	11,068	73,410	0
Washita.....	647	11	609	1,267	0
Woodward.....	2,294	0	0	2,294	0
Productivity pool.....					

SOUTH CAROLINA					
County	Computed county allotment (1)	Allocation from State's share of national reserve (2)	Adjustment from State reserve for trends (3)	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3) (4)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases (5)
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Abbeville.....	6,223	562	0	6,785	31
Aiken.....	16,841	611	1,152	18,604	152
Allendale.....	8,477	258	1,154	9,889	178
Anderson.....	20,791	448	666	21,905	49
Bamberg.....	11,014	506	1,122	12,642	606
Barrow.....	12,312	427	1,670	14,409	50
Beaufort.....	424	0	0	424	0
Berkeley.....	7,015	0	0	7,015	0
Calhoun.....	13,371	391	1,361	15,123	805
Charleston.....	663	0	0	663	0
Cherokee.....	9,392	195	298	9,885	131
Chester.....	8,223	303	294	8,790	20
Chesterfield.....	25,873	865	847	27,585	501
Clarendon.....	29,599	943	4,072	34,614	1,205
Colleton.....	7,513	53	0	7,566	17
Darlington.....	26,420	762	2,702	29,884	1,479
Dillon.....	19,523	200	2,685	22,408	183
Dorchester.....	7,610	804	2,245	10,659	68
Edgefield.....	8,184	204	1,084	9,472	21
Fairfield.....	3,423	0	0	3,423	33
Florence.....	27,452	1,093	925	29,470	3,050
Georgetown.....	2,179	0	0	2,179	6
Greenville.....	10,375	0	0	10,375	373
Hampton.....	6,576	297	0	6,873	15
Horry.....	6,710	0	0	6,710	17
Jasper.....	2,021	0	0	2,021	0
Kershaw.....	15,376	1,199	492	17,067	38
Laurens.....	6,284	87	85	6,456	85
Lee.....	13,428	411	428	14,267	32
Lexington.....	31,068	1,088	4,276	36,422	1,368
Lexington.....	9,065	530	9,595	19,190	336
McCormick.....	2,750	57	0	2,807	7
Marion.....	10,185	529	346	11,070	872
Marlboro.....	34,061	523	4,651	39,235	1,615
Newberry.....	5,968	0	0	5,968	0
Oconee.....	5,263	0	0	5,263	189
Orangeburg.....	49,814	962	6,768	57,544	987
Pickens.....	3,395	0	0	3,395	163

TEXAS—Continued

County	Computed county allotment	Allocation from State's national reserve	Adjustment from State reserve for trends	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Dallas	33,451	170	0	33,621	0
Dawson	195,848	46	714	196,608	0
Deaf Smith	10,566	140	32	10,738	0
Delta	36,150	24	9	36,183	0
Denton	20,736	231	0	20,967	0
De Witt	16,224	100	0	16,324	0
Dickens	51,467	86	45	51,598	0
Dimmit	1,921	70	0	1,991	0
Donley	28,414	47	0	28,461	0
Duval	12,070	390	13	12,473	0
Earsland	4,326	320	0	4,646	0
Ector	0	0	0	0	0
El Paso	125,413	0	0	125,735	0
Eldorado	24,181	0	0	24,639	0
Erath	7,796	758	0	7,946	0
Falls	74,675	334	0	75,009	0
Fannin	90,433	470	0	90,903	0
Fayette	77,662	500	0	78,162	0
Fisher	73,970	102	0	74,072	0
Floyd	94,370	83	183	94,747	0
Foard	12,252	83	0	12,335	0
Fort Bend	62,552	976	475	64,001	0
Franklin	0	0	0	0	0
Freestone	1,467	0	0	1,467	0
Frio	4,721	16	0	4,737	0
Gaines	83,998	10	2,989	87,000	0
Galveston	10	0	0	10	0
Garza	38,520	18	0	38,538	0
Gillespie	11,213	0	0	11,213	0
Glasscock	11,445	3	518	11,966	0
Goliad	4,246	0	0	4,246	0
Gonzales	11,979	0	0	11,979	0
Gray	3,574	65	0	3,639	0
Gregg	32,875	240	0	33,115	0
Grayson	8,229	0	0	8,229	0
Grimes	14,325	120	0	14,445	0
Guadalupe	18,512	240	0	18,752	0
Hale	157,392	35	308	157,735	0
Hall	92,102	8	0	92,110	0
Hamilton	10,189	86	0	10,275	0
Hansford	745	400	3	1,148	0
Hardeman	32,090	8	0	32,098	0
Hardin	25	0	0	25	0
Harris	3,780	30	0	3,810	0
Harrison	5,561	0	0	5,561	0
Hartley	88	0	0	88	0
Haskell	115,253	70	12	115,265	0
Hays	7,455	15	0	7,470	0
Hemphill	1,583	46	0	1,629	0
Henderson	5,276	0	0	5,276	0
Hidalgo	182,482	4,284	0	186,766	0
Hill	114,042	449	0	114,491	0
Hockley	179,566	77	294	179,937	0
Hood	2,838	0	0	2,838	0
Hopkins	13,047	0	0	13,047	0
Houston	22,691	500	0	23,191	0
Howard	71,352	5	66	71,423	0
Hudspeth	18,709	250	0	18,959	0
Hunt	52,553	32	0	52,585	0
Hutchinson	59	0	0	59	0
Irion	118,510	16	380	119,296	0
Jack	4,968	270	0	5,238	0
Jackson	1,889	0	0	1,889	0
Jasper	17,469	168	14	17,651	0
Jasper	260	0	0	260	0

TENNESSEE—Continued

County	Computed county allotment	Allocation from State's national reserve	Adjustment from State reserve for trends	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Williamson	31	0	0	31	0
Wilson	54	0	2	56	0
Productivity pool	1,112	0	0	0	0
TEXAS					
Anderson	5,772	0	0	5,772	0
Andrews	4,183	4	134	4,321	0
Angelina	3,289	0	0	3,289	0
Aransas	1,131	0	0	1,131	0
Archer	1,953	5	0	1,958	0
Armstrong	2,099	52	0	2,151	0
Atascosa	9,289	470	14	9,769	0
Austin	18,478	624	113	19,116	0
Bailey	95,993	77	0	96,158	0
Bandera	1	0	0	1	0
Bastrop	11,008	370	0	11,378	0
Baylor	17,645	274	0	17,919	0
Bee	13,570	191	0	13,761	0
Bell	69,274	322	0	69,596	0
Bexar	3,113	30	0	3,143	0
Blanco	18	18	0	36	0
Borden	18,172	0	42	18,214	0
Bosque	10,610	40	0	10,650	0
Bowie	10,551	450	0	10,991	0
Brazoria	7,739	250	12	8,001	0
Brazos	18,014	140	30	18,194	0
Brewster	59	0	0	59	0
Briscoe	25,612	7	45	25,664	0
Brooks	3,183	10	0	3,193	0
Brown	5,453	1	0	5,454	0
Burleson	26,396	377	0	26,773	0
Burnet	4,509	130	0	4,639	0
Caldwell	19,780	1	0	19,781	0
Callahan	16,905	14	0	16,919	0
Calloway	7,598	275	0	7,873	0
Cameron	154,960	4,968	0	159,928	0
Camp	1,394	0	0	1,394	0
Carson	830	800	0	1,630	0
Cass	4,965	0	0	4,965	0
Castro	52,393	221	116	52,730	0
Chambers	85	0	0	85	0
Cherokee	6,141	0	0	6,141	0
Childress	52,411	26	0	52,437	0
Clay	9,665	47	0	9,712	0
Cochran	73,230	5	85	73,310	0
Coke	6,664	2	0	6,666	0
Coleman	30,691	6	0	30,697	0
Collinsworth	79,757	912	0	80,669	0
Colorado	63,248	0	0	63,248	0
Comal	9,590	200	0	9,790	0
Comanche	286	10	0	296	0
Concho	7,324	0	0	7,324	0
Cook	24,987	39	24	25,050	0
Cooke	6,855	30	0	6,885	0
Correll	18,459	250	0	18,709	0
Cottle	52,621	32	0	52,653	0
Crockett	59	0	0	59	0
Crosby	118,114	16	0	118,130	0
Culberson	4,698	270	0	4,968	0
Dallam	37	3	0	40	0

TEXAS—Continued

TEXAS—Continued

County	Computed county allotment	Allocation from State's national reserve	Adjustment from State reserve for trends	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres	Acres
Jeff Davis	340	0	0	340	0
Jefferson	16	0	0	16	0
Jim Hogg	826	0	0	826	0
Jim Wells	21,798	40	0	21,838	0
Johnson	34,181	149	0	34,330	0
Jones	104,846	114	0	104,960	0
Karnes	28,507	170	0	28,677	0
Kaufman	55,246	174	0	55,420	0
Kendall	28	0	0	28	0
Kent	19,361	24	0	19,385	0
Kerr	178	0	0	178	0
Kimble	9,757	4	0	9,761	0
King	260	0	0	260	0
Kinney	8,394	0	13	8,407	0
Kleberg	56,084	87	0	56,171	0
Knox	55,055	159	0	55,214	0
Lamar	186,829	1	104	186,934	0
Lamb	1,843	35	0	1,878	0
Lampasas	2,738	180	0	2,918	0
La Salle	33,893	180	0	34,073	0
Lavaca	9,517	40	0	9,557	0
Lee	10,284	100	0	10,384	0
Leon	2,627	0	0	2,627	0
Liberty	54,594	20	0	54,614	0
Limestone	18,136	128	0	18,264	0
Live Oak	219	0	0	219	0
Llano	217,588	334	320	218,242	0
Loving	176,084	180	901	177,165	0
Lubbock	178,927	108	0	179,035	0
Lynn	82,454	141	0	82,595	0
McClulloch	59,313	1	0	59,314	0
McLennan	4,005	0	0	4,005	0
McMullen	1,284	0	0	1,284	0
Madison	88,691	38	407	89,136	0
Marion	1,750	50	0	1,800	0
Martin	17,349	304	44	17,697	0
Mason	5,464	120	0	5,584	0
Matagorda	1,708	20	0	1,728	0
Maverick	1,905	10	0	1,915	0
Medina	25,979	2	68	26,049	0
Midland	49,863	111	0	49,974	0
Milam	2,610	70	0	2,680	0
Mitchell	67,056	73	43	67,172	0
Montague	3,898	68	0	3,966	0
Montgomery	549	0	0	549	0
Moore	301	130	0	431	0
Morris	929	0	0	929	0
Motley	33,017	43	5	33,065	0
Nacogdoches	2,705	0	0	2,705	0
Navarro	104,398	229	0	104,627	0
Newton	373	0	0	373	0
Nolan	41,784	0	0	41,784	0
Nueces	95,201	295	46	95,542	0
Ochiltree	408	70	0	478	0
Oldham	53	0	0	53	0
Palo Pinto	3,170	1	0	3,171	0
Panola	4,506	0	0	4,506	0
Parker	3,397	0	0	3,397	0
Parmer	43,401	441	179	44,021	0
Pecos	24,271	76	44	24,391	0
Polk	4,473	40	0	4,513	0
Potter	114	50	0	164	0
Presidio	3,081	31	0	3,112	0
Rains	7,997	0	0	7,997	0
Randall	1,309	1,300	32	2,641	0
Reagan	1,669	4	0	1,673	0
Real	8	0	0	8	0
Red River	26,145	63	0	26,208	0
Reeves	54,244	30	70	54,344	0
Retugio	12,487	7	45	12,539	0
Roberts	187	120	0	307	0
Robertson	25,200	13	0	25,213	0
Rockwall	19,260	0	0	19,260	0
Rockwall	19,260	0	0	19,260	0
Rusk	81,121	14	0	81,135	0
Rusk	10,439	0	0	10,439	0
Sabine	4,232	0	0	4,232	0
San Augustine	2,113	0	0	2,113	0
San Jacinto	77,035	278	19	77,332	0
San Patricio	5,517	2	0	5,519	0
San Saba	8,737	0	0	8,737	0
Schleicher	65,163	0	59	65,222	0
Shackelford	3,762	20	0	3,782	0
Shelby	5,990	0	0	5,990	0
Smith	3,530	0	0	3,530	0
Somervell	1,305	25	0	1,330	0
Start	24,600	0	0	24,600	0
Stephens	1,035	24	0	1,059	0
Sterling	1,416	0	0	1,416	0
Stonewall	25,840	11	0	25,851	0
Stonewall	16	0	0	16	0
Swisher	51,219	37	54	51,310	0
Tarrant	9,527	67	0	9,594	0
Taylor	33,218	17	0	33,235	0
Terry	142,308	80	209	142,597	0
Throckmorton	11,170	36	0	11,206	0
Titus	1,898	1	127	1,998	0
Tom Green	53,024	82	0	53,106	0
Travis	34,457	0	0	34,457	0
Trinity	2,123	0	0	2,123	0
Tyler	1,967	0	0	1,967	0
Upshur	1,208	0	0	1,208	0
Upton	1,151	17	96	1,319	0
Uvalde	1,130	10	13	1,153	0
Val Verde	0	0	0	0	0
Van Zandt	21,457	245	0	21,702	0
Victoria	23,914	158	8	24,080	0
Walker	3,541	0	0	3,541	0
Waller	4,924	90	0	5,014	0
Ward	3,667	0	0	3,667	0
Washington	27,242	360	0	27,602	0
Webb	1,731	12	0	1,743	0
Wharton	69,964	1,013	602	71,579	0
Wheeler	26,897	183	0	27,080	0
Wichita	5,915	44	0	5,959	0
Willbarger	48,713	133	0	48,846	0
Willacy	87,906	542	0	88,448	0
Williamson	104,476	23	0	104,499	0
Wilson	4,095	0	0	4,095	0
Winkler	12	24	0	36	0
Wise	2,365	50	0	2,415	0
Wood	2,651	0	0	2,651	0
Yoakum	33,927	41	756	35,724	0
Young	11,458	47	0	11,505	0

TEXAS—Continued

County	Computed county allotment	Allocation from State's share of national reserve	Adjustment from State reserve for trends	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Zapata	1,078	50	0	1,128	0
Zavala	8,528	24	0	8,552	0
Productivity pool	60,212	0	0	0	0

VIRGINIA

County	Computed county allotment	Allocation from State's share of national reserve	Adjustment from State reserve for trends	County allotment, sum of columns (1), (2), and (3)	Allocation from State reserve for inequity and hardship cases
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Brunswick	1,794	188.5	0	1,982.5	17.7
Charlotte	5	4.3	0	9.3	0
Chesapeake	11	0	0	11.0	0
Dinwiddie	213	29.2	0	242.2	2.1
Franklin	3	0	0	3.0	0
Greensville	4,040	358.0	0	4,398.0	40.0
Isle of Wight	236	43.7	0	279.7	2.4
Lunenburg	173	18.7	0	191.7	1.7
Mecklenburg	1,694	170.8	0	1,864.8	16.8
Nansemond	1,346	201.2	0	1,547.2	13.3
Prince Edward	4	1.6	0	5.6	0
Prince George	34	9.8	0	43.8	0.3
Southampton	4,153	386.6	0	4,539.6	41.2
Surry	5	1.4	0	6.4	0
Sussex	1,468	162.2	0	1,630.2	14.5
Productivity pool	10	0	0	0	0

(Secs. 344, 375, 63 Stat. 670, as amended, 52 Stat. 66, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 1344, 1375)

Effective date. Date of filing this document with the Director, Office of the Federal Register.

Signed at Washington, D.C., on October 5, 1966.

E. A. JAENKE,
Acting Administrator, Agricultural
Stabilization and Conservation Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11000; Filed, Oct. 10, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

Chapter VIII—Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service (Sugar), Department of Agriculture

SUBCHAPTER B—SUGAR REQUIREMENTS AND QUOTAS

[Sugar Reg. 811, Amdt. 9]

PART 811—CONTINENTAL SUGAR REQUIREMENTS AND AREA QUOTAS

Requirements, Quotas, and Quota Deficits for 1966

Correction

In F.R. Doc. 66-9757 appearing in the issue for Wednesday, September 7, 1966, at page 11711, the following changes should be made in the table for § 811.43 (c):

1. In column 4:
 - a. Opposite "Nicaragua" the figure should read "-31,040".
 - b. Opposite "Panama" the figure should read "-17,590".
2. In column 5:
 - a. Opposite "Nicaragua" the figure should read "-970".
 - b. Opposite "Panama" the figure should read "-595".

Title 36—PARKS, FORESTS, AND MEMORIALS

Chapter III—Corps of Engineers, Department of the Army

PART 311—PUBLIC USE OF CERTAIN RESERVOIR AREAS

Reservoirs Added to List

The Secretary of the Army having determined that the use of the following reservoir areas by the general public for boating, swimming, bathing, fishing, and other recreational purposes will not be contrary to the public interest and will not be inconsistent with the operation and maintenance of the reservoirs for their primary purposes, hereby prescribes rules and regulations for their public use, pursuant to the provisions of section 4 of the Flood Control Act of 1944 (76 Stat. 1195), adding six reservoirs to the list in § 311.1 and one reservoir to the list in § 311.6(b), as follows:

§ 311.1 Areas covered.

* * * * *

Kansas

Milford Reservoir Area, Republican River

New York

Almond Reservoir Area, Canacadea Creek

Ohio

Shenango River Reservoir Area, Shenango River

Pennsylvania

Curwensville Reservoir Area, West Branch Susquehanna River

Shenango River Reservoir Area, Shenango River

Texas

Pat Mayse Reservoir Area, Sanders Creek

§ 311.6 Hunting and fishing.

(b) * * *

Pennsylvania

Shenango River Reservoir Area, Shenango River

[Regs., Sept. 26, 1966, ENGCW-ON] (sec. 4, 58 Stat. 889, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 460d)

KENNETH G. WICKHAM,
Major General, U.S. Army,
The Adjutant General.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11181; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

Title 14—AERONAUTICS AND SPACE

Chapter I—Federal Aviation Agency

SUBCHAPTER C—AIRCRAFT

[Docket No. 7412; Amdt. 47-1]

PART 47—AIRCRAFT REGISTRATION
Assignment of Identification Numbers

The purpose of this amendment is to centralize the issuance of all U.S. aircraft registration numbers in the FAA Aircraft Registry at Oklahoma City in order to reduce costs and improve control of U.S. identification numbers. It was proposed by notice of proposed rule making 66-22 of June 2, 1966 (31 F.R. 8077). The proposed changes only affect those persons (other than aircraft manufacturers) who need to obtain U.S. registration numbers for aircraft not previously registered anywhere. These numbers are now obtained from the FAA District Offices. Under the amendment they will be obtained by mail from the FAA Registry.

All comments received on the notice have been fully considered. The only unfavorable comment stated that the new procedure would place an additional burden on amateur aircraft builders. However, FAA District Offices from which the registration number was formerly obtained are still available to the amateur builder for assistance, in any case in which it is needed, in obtaining registration numbers from the FAA Registry. In the ordinary case, the amateur builder will have ample time to attend to this matter during the building of his aircraft. Any additional burden on the amateur builder would therefore be so slight that, on balance, the public interest is furthered by adoption of this proposal.

A comment suggesting that the term "identification number" be changed is not germane to this project but will be given consideration in the future.

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 47 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR Part 47) is hereby amended, effective November 13, 1966, by amending § 47.15(a) to read as follows:

§ 47.15 Identification number.

(a) Number required: Except when he applies under § 47.37, an applicant for Aircraft Registration must place a U.S. identification number ("registration mark") on his Application for Aircraft Registration, FAA Form 8050-1, and on any evidence submitted with the application. There is no charge for the assignment of numbers provided in this paragraph. This paragraph does not apply to an aircraft manufacturer who applies for a group of U.S. identification numbers under paragraph (c) of this section, or to a person who applies for a special identification number under paragraphs (d) through (g) of this section.

(1) *Aircraft not previously registered anywhere.* The applicant must obtain the U.S. identification number from the FAA Registry by request in writing describing the aircraft by make, type, model, and serial number (or, if it is amateur-built, as provided in § 47.33(b)) and stating that the aircraft has not previously been registered anywhere. If the aircraft was brought into the United States from a foreign country, the applicant must submit evidence that the aircraft has never been registered in a foreign country.

(2) *Aircraft last previously registered in the United States.* Unless he applies for a different number under paragraphs (d) through (g) of this section, the applicant must place the U.S. identification number that is already assigned to the aircraft on his application and the supporting evidence.

(3) *Aircraft previously registered in a foreign country.* The applicant must comply with § 47.37. The identification number is issued with the Certificate of Aircraft Registration.

(Secs. 307(c), 313(a), 501, 503, 505, 1102, Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1348 (c), 1354(a), 1401, 1403, 1405, 1502); Convention on the International Recognition of Rights in Aircraft (4 U.S.T. 1830))

Issued in Washington, D.C., on October 7, 1966.

WILLIAM F. MCKEE,
Administrator.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11184; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

SUBCHAPTER E—AIRSPACE

[Airspace Docket No. 65-SO-92]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

Alteration of Federal Airways

On June 30, 1966, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (31 F.R. 9008), stating that the Federal Aviation Agency was considering amendments to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that would raise the floors of airway segments in the Miami, Fla., Air Route Traffic Control Center area.

Interested persons were afforded an opportunity to participate in the rule making through the submission of comments. Due consideration was given to all comments received. The Air Transport Association of America concurred with the proposal provided that where cardinal altitudes could be preserved, the minimum en route altitudes be established at no more than 1,500 feet above terrain. No other comments were received.

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is amended, effective 0001 e.s.t., December 8, 1966, as hereinafter set forth.

1. Section 71.109 (31 F.R. 2007, 5285) is amended as follows:

Blue 19 and Blue 48 are amended to read as follows:

a. Blue 19 From Key West, Fla., RBN 12 AGL INT Key West RBN 037° and Perrine, Fla., RBN 232° bearings; 12 AGL Perrine RBN.

b. Blue 48 From INT Bimini, Bahamas, RBN 216° and Miami, Fla., RBN 145° bearings; 12 AGL Miami RBN.

2. Section 71.123 (31 F.R. 2009, 3230, 3231, 5055, 5285, 6297, 6487, 6960, 7171, 7279, 7505, 7556, 7610, 8046, 8492, 8747, 10026, 10516) is amended as follows:

a. In V-3 all before "12 AGL INT Daytona Beach 344°" is deleted and "From Key West, Fla., 12 AGL INT Key West 086° and Miami, Fla., 205° radials; 12 AGL INT Miami 205° and Biscayne Bay, Fla., 262° radials; 12 AGL Biscayne Bay; 12 AGL Palm Beach, Fla., including a 12 AGL E alternate via INT Biscayne Bay 021° and Palm Beach 166° radials; 12 AGL Vero Beach, Fla., including a 12 AGL E alternate via INT Palm Beach 358° and Vero Beach 143° radials; 12 AGL Daytona Beach, Fla.," is substituted therefor.

b. In V-7 all before "12 AGL Lakeland, Fla.," is deleted and "From Miami, Fla., 12 AGL Fort Myers, Fla.," is substituted therefor.

c. In V-35 all before "12 AGL St. Petersburg, Fla.," is deleted and "From Key West, Fla., 12 AGL INT Key West 086° and Bimini, Bahamas, 215° radials; 12 AGL INT Bimini 215° and Miami, Fla., 147° radials; 12 AGL Miami; 12 AGL INT

Miami 269° and Fort Myers, Fla., 137° radials, including a 12 AGL W alternate from INT Miami 147° radial and Miami International Airport Runway 9 left ILS localizer W course to INT Miami 269° and Fort Myers 137° radials via INT Miami International Airport Runway 9 left ILS localizer W course and Fort Myers 137° radial; 12 AGL Fort Myers;" is substituted therefor.

d. In V-51 all before "12 AGL INT Daytona Beach 344°" is deleted and "From Key West, Fla., 12 AGL INT Miami, Fla., 222° and Biscayne Bay, Fla., 262° radials; 12 AGL Biscayne Bay; 12 AGL Miami; 12 AGL Pahokey, Fla.; 12 AGL INT Pahokey 009° and Vero Beach, Fla., 193° radials; 12 AGL Vero Beach, including a 12 AGL E alternate from Biscayne Bay to Vero Beach via INT Biscayne Bay 346° and Vero Beach 178° radials; 12 AGL Daytona Beach, Fla.," is substituted therefor.

e. In V-97 all before "12 AGL St. Petersburg, Fla.," is deleted and "From Miami, Fla., 12 AGL La Belle, Fla.," is substituted therefor.

f. V-152 is amended to read as follows:

V-152 From St. Petersburg, Fla., 12 AGL Orlando, Fla., including a 12 AGL N alternate via INT St. Petersburg 040° and Orlando 258° radials, and also a 12 AGL S alternate via Lakeland, Fla.; 12 AGL Daytona Beach, Fla., including a 12 AGL S alternate via INT Orlando 049° and Daytona Beach 161° radials.

g. In V-157 all before "12 AGL Gainesville, Fla.," is deleted and "From Key West, Fla., 12 AGL Miami, Fla.; 12 AGL La Belle, Fla., including a 12 AGL W alternate from INT Miami 222° and Fort Myers, Fla., 137° radials to La Belle via INT Fort Myers 137° and La Belle 162° radials; 12 AGL Lakeland, Fla.; 12 AGL Ocala, Fla.," is substituted therefor.

h. In V-159 all before "12 AGL Gainesville, Fla.," is deleted and "From Miami, Fla., 12 AGL INT Miami 346° and Palm Beach, Fla., 219° radials; 12 AGL Palm Beach, including a 12 AGL E alternate from Miami direct to Palm Beach; 12 AGL INT Palm Beach 314° and Vero Beach, Fla., 178° radials; 12 AGL Vero Beach; 12 AGL Orlando, Fla., including a 12 AGL E alternate via INT Vero Beach 341° and Orlando 123° radials; 12 AGL Ocala, Fla., including a 12 AGL W alternate via INT Orlando 283° and Ocala 156° radials;" is substituted therefor.

i. V-225 is amended to read as follows:

V-225 From Key West, Fla., 30 miles, 12 AGL, 72 miles, 17 AGL, 12 AGL, Fort Myers, Fla., including an E alternate from Key West, 30 miles 12 AGL, 77 miles 17 AGL 12 AGL to Fort Myers; 12 AGL La Belle, Fla.; 12 AGL Vero Beach, Fla. The portion of the E alternate outside the United States has no upper limit.

j. In V-267 all before "12 AGL INT Jacksonville 334°" is deleted and "From Biscayne Bay, Fla., 12 AGL Miami, Fla.; 12 AGL Pahokey, Fla., including a 12 AGL E alternate from Biscayne Bay to Pahokey via INT Biscayne Bay 346° and Pahokey 143° radials; 12 AGL Orlando, Fla.; 12 AGL Jacksonville, Fla., including a 12 AGL E alternate from Orlando to INT Daytona Beach, Fla., 308° and

Jacksonville 174° radials via Daytona Beach;" is substituted therefor.

k. V-295 is amended to read as follows:

V-295 From Biscayne Bay, Fla., 12 AGL INT Biscayne Bay 021° and Vero Beach, Fla., 143° radials; 12 AGL Vero Beach; 12 AGL INT Vero Beach, 296° and Orlando, Fla., 161° radials; 12 AGL Orlando, including a 12 AGL E alternation from Vero Beach to Orlando via INT Vero Beach 341° and Orlando 099° radials; 12 AGL INT Orlando 283° and Cross City, Fla., 150° radials; 12 AGL Cross City. The portion outside the United States has no upper limit.

l. V-441 is amended to read as follows:

V-441 From St. Petersburg, Fla., 12 AGL INT St. Petersburg 010° and Ocala, Fla., 213° radials; 12 AGL Ocala, including a 12 AGL E alternate via INT St. Petersburg 040° and Ocala 171° radials.

m. V-492 is amended to read as follows:

V-492 From St. Petersburg, Fla., 12 AGL La Belle, Fla.; 12 AGL Pahokee, Fla.; 12 AGL Palm Beach, Fla., including a 12 AGL S alternate from La Belle to Palm Beach via INT La Belle 112° and Palm Beach 252° radials, and also a 12 AGL N alternate from La Belle to Palm Beach via INT La Belle 043° and Palm Beach 314° radials.

(Secs. 307(a), 1110, Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1348, 1510); E.O. 10854 (24 F.R. 9565))

Issued in Washington, D.C., on October 7, 1966.

T. McCORMACK,
Acting Chief, Airspace and
Air Traffic Rules Division.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11185; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:45 a.m.]

[Airspace Docket No. 65-CE-124]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

Alteration of Federal Airway

On August 26, 1966, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (31 F.R. 11319) stating that the Federal Aviation Agency was considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that would designate a segment of V-430 from the relocated Minot, N. Dak., VOR to the Devils Lake, N. Dak., VOR. It was also stated that the airway would be reduced in width and would have a floor of 1,200 feet above the surface.

Interested persons were afforded an opportunity to participate in the rule making through the submission of comments. Due consideration was given to all comments received. The Air Transport Association of America endorsed the proposal. No other comments were received.

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is amended effective 0001 e.s.t., December 8, 1966, as hereinafter set forth.

Section 71.123 (31 F.R. 1009, 5823, 8117) is amended as follows: In V-430 all before "From Duluth, Minn.," is deleted and "From Williston, N. Dak., via Minot, N. Dak.; 35 miles, 7 miles wide (4 miles N and 3 miles S of center line) 12 AGL INT

Minot 097° and Devils Lake, N. Dak., 273° radials; 12 AGL Devils Lake; to Grand Forks, N. Dak." is substituted therefor.

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958; 49 U.S.C. 1348)

Issued in Washington, D.C., on October 7, 1966.

T. McCORMACK,
Acting Chief, Airspace and
Air Traffic Rules Division.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11186; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:45 a.m.]

[Airspace Docket No. 66-WE-33]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

Alteration of Transition Area

On August 5, 1966, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (31 F.R. 10538) stating that the Federal Aviation Agency was considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that would alter the transition area in the vicinity of Crescent City, Calif.

Interested persons were afforded an opportunity to participate in the proposed rule making through the submission of comments. All comments received were favorable.

In the consideration of the foregoing, Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is amended effective, 0001 e.s.t., December 8, 1966, as hereinafter set forth.

In § 71.181 (31 F.R. 2149) the Crescent City, Calif., transition area is amended to read:

CRESCENT CITY, CALIF.

That airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface within 10 miles E and 7 miles W of the Crescent City VOR 180° and 360° radials, extending from 8 miles N to 20 miles S of the VOR; within 5 miles each side of the Crescent City VOR 234° radial, extending from the VOR to 20 miles SW of the VOR; and within 5 miles NE and 8 miles SW of the Crescent City VOR 325° radial, extending from the VOR to 12 miles NW of the VOR.

(Secs. 307(a), 1110, Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1348, 1510); E.O. 10854 (24 F.R. 9565))

Issued in Washington, D.C., on October 7, 1966.

T. McCORMACK,
Acting Chief, Airspace and
Air Traffic Rules Division.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11187; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:45 a.m.]

[Airspace Docket No. 66-WE-49]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

Alteration of Control Zone and Transition Area; Correction

On September 22, 1966, F.R. Doc. 66-10400 was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (31 F.R. 12516). It contained

amendments to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that would alter controlled airspace in the Pasco, Wash., terminal area.

These amendments inadvertently showed the longitude of the Tri-Cities Airport as 109°06'55" W., instead of 119°06'55" W. Action is taken herein to reflect the correct geographical coordinate.

Since this amendment is editorial in nature and will impose no additional burden on any person, notice and public procedure herein are unnecessary, and the effective date of the final rule, as initially adopted, may be retained.

In consideration of the foregoing, effective immediately, F.R. Doc. 66-10400 (31 F.R. 12516) is amended by deleting " * * * longitude 109°06'55" W. * * * " where it appears in the text, and substituting " * * * longitude 119°06'55" W. * * * " therefor.

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended; 72 Stat. 749; 49 U.S.C. 1348)

Issued in Los Angeles, Calif., on October 6, 1966.

JOSEPH H. TIPPETS,
Director, Western Region.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11188; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:45 a.m.]

[Airspace Docket No. 66-SO-54]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

Alteration of Control Zone and Transition Area; Correction

On September 2, 1966, F.R. Doc. No. 66-9573 was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (31 F.R. 11595), amending the Myrtle Beach, S.C., transition area, and the Crescent Beach/Myrtle Beach, S.C., control zone. These actions will become effective November 10, 1966.

Subsequent to the publication of the document, it has been determined that the official name of the "Crescent Beach/Myrtle Beach, S.C., Airport" is "Myrtle Beach, S.C., Airport." Accordingly, corrective action is taken herein. Since this amendment is editorial in nature, the Administrator has determined that notice and public procedure thereon are unnecessary and it may be made effective immediately.

In consideration of the foregoing, F.R. Doc. No. 66-9573 (31 F.R. 11595) is amended, effective immediately as hereinafter set forth.

Delete "Crescent Beach/Myrtle Beach" and "Myrtle Beach/Crescent Beach" wherever they appear, and substitute therefor "Myrtle Beach".

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958; 49 U.S.C. 1348(a))

Issued in Washington, D.C., on October 7, 1966.

T. McCORMACK,
Acting Chief, Airspace and
Air Traffic Rules Division.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11189; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:45 a.m.]

SUBCHAPTER F—AIR TRAFFIC AND GENERAL OPERATING RULES

[Reg. Docket No. 7649; Amdt. 505]

PART 97—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES

Miscellaneous Amendments

The amendments to the standard instrument approach procedures contained herein are adopted to become effective when indicated in order to promote safety. The amended procedures supersede the existing procedures of the same classification now in effect for the airports specified therein. For the convenience of the users, the complete procedure is republished in this amendment indicating the changes to the existing procedures.

As a situation exists which demands immediate action in the interests of safety in air commerce, I find that compliance with the notice and procedure provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act is impracticable and that good cause exists for making this amendment effective within less than 30 days from publication.

In view of the foregoing and pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (24 F.R. 5662), Part 97 (14 CFR Part 97) is amended as follows:

1. By amending the following automatic direction finding procedures prescribed in § 97.11(b) to read:

ADF STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.

If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
BHM VORTAC	LOM	Direct	2800	T-dn	300-1	300-1	*200-1/2
Lewis Int.	LOM	Direct	2800	C-dn	800-1	900-1	900-1 1/2
Bessemer Int.	LOM (final)	Direct	2000	S-dn-5#	600-1	600-1	600-1
				A-dn	1000-2	1000-2	1000-2

Radar available.
 Procedure turn N side of crs. 232° Outbd, 052° Inbd, 2500' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2000'.
 Crs and distance, facility to airport, 052°—4.5 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.5 miles after passing LOM, climb to 3000' on crs of 052° within 15 miles, or when directed by ATC, turn left, climb to 3000' and proceed to BHM VORTAC.
 NOTE: VASI Runway 23.
 *Runways 5 and 23 only.
 #Reduction not authorized.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-360°—2900'.

City, Birmingham; State, Ala.; Airport name, Municipal; Elev., 643'; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., BH; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 18; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 17; Dated, 4 June 66

BHM VORTAC	ROE RBn	Direct	2800	T-dn	300-1	300-1	*200-1/2
Lewis Int.	ROE RBn	Direct	2800	C-dn	900-1	900-1	900-1 1/2
Helena Int.	ROE RBn	Direct	2800	S-dn-23#	900-1	900-1	900-1
Bessemer Int.	ROE RBn	Direct	2800	A-dn	1000-2	1000-2	1000-2
Trussville Int.	ROE RBn (final)	Direct	1900				

If aircraft is equipped with dual ADF and crs guidance is provided by receiving ROE RBn and LOM simultaneously, following minimums apply:
 S-dn-23# 700-1 700-1 700-1

Radar available.
 Procedure turn N side of crs. 052° Outbd, 232° Inbd, 2800' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1900'.
 Crs and distance, facility to airport, 232°—4.4 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.4 miles after passing ROE RBn, climb to 3000' on crs, 232° within 20 miles.
 NOTE: VASI Runway 23.
 CAUTION: Tower 1375', 1.6 miles S of final approach crs.
 *Runways 5 and 23 only.
 #Reduction not authorized.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-360°—2900'.

City, Birmingham; State, Ala.; Airport name, Municipal; Elev., 643'; Fac. Class., MHW; Ident., ROE; Procedure No. 2, Amdt. 5; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 4; Dated, 4 June 66

OMA VOR	LOM	Direct	2900	T-dn*	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
Neola VOR	LOM	Direct	2900	C-d	700-1	700-1	700-1 1/2
				C-n	700-1 1/2	700-1 1/2	700-1 1/2
				S-dn-14	500-1	500-1	500-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar available.
 Procedure turn E side of crs. 316° Outbd, 136° Inbd, 2900' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2200'.
 Crs and distance, facility to airport, 136°—4.1 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.1 miles after passing LOM, climb to 2800' on crs, 136° from LOM, proceed to OMA VOR, or when directed by ATC, climb to 2900' on crs, 136° from LOM, turn left and proceed direct to EOL VOR.
 NOTE: Final approach from holding pattern at LOM not authorized. Procedure turn required.
 CAUTION: Bluff 1339', 1.3 miles E; Towers: 1739', 4 miles WNW; 1746', 3 miles SW; and 2549', 6 miles W of airport.
 *Unless radar vectored after takeoff, climb to 2600' before proceeding in a westerly direction.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°—2700'; 090°-360°—3600'.

City, Omaha; State, Nebr.; Airport name, Eppley Airfield; Elev., 983'; Fac. Class., H-SAB; Ident., OM; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 16; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 15; Dated, 18 June 66

ADF STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
				T-d*	500-1	500-1	500-1
				C-d	1000-2	1000-2	1000-2
				A-d	1500-3	1500-3	1500-3

Procedure turn N side of crs, 074° Outbnd, 254° Inbnd, 9000' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 8300'.
 Crs and distance, facility to airport, 254°—5.2 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3 miles after passing SIR RBn, climb to 10,000' on crs of 248° from SIR RBn to CKW VOR.
 NOTES: (1) High unlighted terrain surrounding airport. (2) Final approach from holding pattern not authorized; procedure turn required.
 *IFR departures: Climb direct to SIR RBn, then climb on crs.
 MSA within 25 miles of the facility: 000°-180°—12,400'; 180°-270°—10,500'; 270°-360°—11,300'.
 City, Rawlins; State, Wyo.; Airport name, Rawlins Municipal; Elev., 6784'; Fac. Class., SBH; Ident., SIR; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 11 July 64

2. By amending the following very high frequency omnirange (VOR) procedures prescribed in § 97.11(c) to read:

VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.
 If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
AEX VOR	ESF VOR	Direct	1700	T-dn	300-1	300-1	300-1½
AEX RBn	ESF VOR	Direct	1700	C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1½
Boyce Int.	ESF VOR	Direct	1700	S-dn-32	400-1	400-1	400-1
Larto Int.	ESF VOR	Direct	2000	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
V-114	Marks Int.	AEX 119/ESF 148	1700				
Marks Int.	Salt Int.	Direct	1700				
Salt Int.	Cox Int (final)	Direct	1300				

Radar available.
 Procedure turn E side of crs, 148° Outbnd, 328° Inbnd, 1600' within 10 miles of Cox Int.
 Minimum altitude over Cox Int on final approach crs, 1300'.
 Crs and distance, Cox Int to airport, 328°—3.8 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3.8 miles after passing Cox Int, climb to 1700' and proceed to ESF VOR. Hold NW on ESF R 331°, left turns.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°—1600'; 090°-180°—1400'; 180°-270°—2800'; 270°-360°—1600'.
 City, Alexandria; State, La.; Airport name, Estler Field; Elev., 108'; Fac. Class., T-BVOR; Ident., ESF; Procedure No. 2, Amdt. 6; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 5; Dated, 9 Apr. 66

R 117°, EVV VOR clockwise	R 237°, EVV VOR	Via 8-mile arc	2400	T-dn*	300-1	300-1	200-1½
R 357°, EVV VOR counterclockwise	R 237°, EVV VOR	Via 8-mile arc	2100	C-d	1100-1	1100-1	1100-1½
8-mile DME Fix, R 237°	EVV VOR (final)	Direct	2100	C-n	1100-2	1100-2	1100-2
				A-dn	1500-2	1500-2	1500-2
				Minimums with DME:			
				C-d	600-1	600-1	600-1½
				C-n	600-2	600-2	600-2

Procedure turn S side of crs, 237° Outbnd, 057° Inbnd, 2100' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude over facility approach crs, 3600'; minimum altitude over Conrad Int, 3600'.
 Crs and distance, facility to airport, 045°—11.3 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 12.4 miles after passing EVV VOR, climb to 2100' on EVV VOR R 057°, make right turn and return to EVV VOR, or when directed by ATC, climb to 2000' and proceed to EV LOM.
 CAUTION: 938' tower in final approach area.
 *300-1 required on Runways 9-27.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°—2100'; 090°-180°—2500'; 180°-270°—1000'; 270°-360°—2700'.
 City, Evansville; State, Ind.; Airport name, Dress Memorial; Elev., 389'; Fac. Class., H-BVORTAC; Ident., EVV; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 1 June 63

				T-d	300-1	300-1	NA
				C-d	1200-1	1200-1	NA
				A-d	NA	NA	NA
				If Conrad Int is received the following minimums apply:			
				C-d	700-1	700-1	NA

Procedure turn S side of crs, 225° Outbnd, 045° Inbnd, 4000' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude over facility approach crs, 3600'; minimum altitude over Conrad Int, 3600'.
 Crs and distance, facility to airport, 045°—11.3 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 11.3 miles after passing Slate Run VOR or 5.1 miles after passing Conrad Int, make climbing left turn to 4000', return to Slate Run VOR, hold SW, 1-minute right turns, 045° Inbnd.
 NOTE: Communications with Bradford radio via Slate Run VOR. Use Bradford, Pa., altimeter setting.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 270°-090°—3800'; 090°-270°—3500'.
 City, Galeton; State, Pa.; Airport name, Cherry Springs; Elev., 2330'; Fac. Class., H-BVORTAC; Ident., SLT; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 5 Feb. 66

RULES AND REGULATIONS

VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
				T-dn.....	300-1	300-1	200-1½
				C-dn.....	700-1	700-1	700-1½
				S-dn-13*	600-1	600-1	600-1
				A-dn.....	800-2	800-2	800-2
				DME minimums—DME equipment required:			
				S-dn-13#	400-1	400-1	400-1

Procedure turn W side of crs, 320° Outbnd, 140° Inbnd, 1500' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 600' (400' if Lyman 4-mile DME Fix is identified).
 Facility on airport. Bearing and distance, breakoff point to Runway 13, 130°-0.3 mile.

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0 mile of GPT VORTAC, turn left, climb to 1500' on R 320° GPT VORTAC within 20 miles.

CAUTION: 420' tower, 1.1 miles SSW of airport.

NOTE: When authorized by ATC, DME may be used within 10 miles at 1800' to position aircraft for straight-in approach with the elimination of procedure turn.

*Reduction not authorized.

#400-¾ authorized with operative high-intensity runway lights, except for 4-engine turbojet aircraft.

MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°-2600'; 090°-180°-1500'; 180°-270°-1500'; 270°-360°-2600'.

City, Gulfport; State, Miss.; Airport name, Gulfport Municipal; Elev., 28'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., GPT; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 26 May 66

Evans Creek FM, V23	MFR VOR (final).....	Direct.....	4300	T-dn%.....	300-1	300-1	200-1½
Evans Creek FM, V23W	MFR VOR (final).....	Direct.....	4300	C-d*.....	1200-1	1200-1	1200-1½
				C-n*.....	1200-2	1200-2	1200-2
				A-dn.....	1200-2	1200-2	1200-2
				*If Table Int is positively identified, the following minimums apply:			
				C-dn.....	700-1	700-1	700-1½

Procedure turn E side of crs, 342° Outbnd, 162° Inbnd, 6300' within 10 miles of MFR VOR.

Minimum altitude over MFR VOR on final approach crs, 4300'.

Crs and distance, MFR VOR to airport, 146°-6.3 miles; Table Int to airport, 146°-4.5 miles.

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 6.3 miles after passing MFR VOR or 4.5 miles after passing Table Int, make immediate right turn, climb direct to MFR VOR, thence continue climb to 6300' in a 1-minute right turn, holding pattern S of MFR VOR on R 157°.

NOTE: When authorized by ATC, DME may be used between R 216° MFR VOR clockwise to R 342° MFR VOR within 14 miles at 6300', to position aircraft for straight-in approach with elimination of procedure turn.

CAUTION: High terrain in all quadrants.

*ADF equipment required to execute this procedure to the reduced minimums.

%All IFR departures must comply with published Medford SID's.

MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°-9900'; 090°-180°-8600'; 180°-270°-7400'; 270°-360°-6300'.

City, Medford; State, Oreg.; Airport name, Medford-Jackson County; Elev., 1330'; Fac. Class., II-BVORTAC; Ident., MFR; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 9; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 8; Dated, 4 June 66

5-mile DME Fix, R 036° or 5-mile Radar Fix	EWT VORTAC (final).....	Direct.....	2000	T-dn.....	300-1	300-1	NA
				C-d.....	1000-1	1000-1	NA
				C-n.....	1000-2	1000-2	NA
				A-dn.....	NA	NA	NA
				*If Kirkwood Int or 7-mile DME Fix received, the following minimums apply:			
				C-dn.....	500-1	500-1	NA

Radar available.

Procedure turn W side of crs, 036° Outbnd, 216° Inbnd, 2000' within 10 miles.

Minimum altitude over 5-mile Radar/DME Fix R 036° on final approach crs, 2000'; EWT VORTAC, 2000'; 7-mile DME Fix R 216°, 1065'.

Crs and distance, facility to airport, 216°-10.2 miles.

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 10.2 miles, make climbing left turn to 1600' direct to Wilmington LOM, hold S, 014° bearing Inbnd, 1-minute right turns.

NOTE: Procedure turn must be authorized by ATC.

*Aircraft must be equipped with Dual VOR, or VOR and DME receivers.

MSA within 25 miles of facility: 180°-270°-1600'; 270°-180°-2100'.

City, Middletown; State, Del.; Airport name, Summit Airpark; Elev., 71'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., EWT; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66

Tarzan Int	MAF VOR.....	Direct.....	4400	T-dn.....	300-1	300-1	*200-1½
17-mile DME Fix, R 001°	5-mile DME Fix, R 001°.....	Direct.....	4500	C-dn.....	400-1	500-1	500-1½
5-mile DME Fix, R 001°	MAF VOR (final).....	Direct.....	3900	S-dn-16R.....	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn.....	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn E side of crs, 001° Outbnd, 181° Inbnd, 4400' within 10 miles.

Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 3900'.

Crs and distance, facility to airport, 181°-3.4 miles.

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3.4 miles after passing MAF VOR, climb to 4500' on R 150° within 20 miles.

NOTE: When authorized by ATC, DME may be used to orbit at 17 miles at 4500' to position aircraft for final approach with elimination of procedure turn.

*300-1 required on Runways 16L and 34R.

MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-180°-4300'; 180°-360°-5100'.

City, Midland; State, Tex.; Airport name, Midland Air Terminal; Elev., 2870'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., MAF; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 14; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 13; Dated, 13 Nov. 65

VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
EOL VOR.....	OMA VOR.....	Direct.....	2900	T-dn*.....	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
				C-d.....	700-1	700-1	700-1 1/2
				C-n.....	700-1 1/2	700-1 1/2	700-1 1/2
				A-dn.....	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar available.
 Procedure turn E side of crs, 130° Outbnd, 310° Inbnd, 2800' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2800'; over Bluff Int, 2500'; over Dodge Int, 1900'; Bluff Int to Dodge Int, final.
 Crs and distance, facility to airport, 310°—10.2 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 10.2 miles after passing OMA VOR, or 3 miles after passing Dodge Int, climb to 2900' on OMA R 310° within 20 miles of OMA VOR, turn right, return to OMA VOR, or when directed by ATC, make right turn, climbing to 2900', proceed to EOL VOR.
 CAUTION: 1339' bluff, 1.3 miles E; Towers: 1739', 4 miles WNW; 1746', 3 miles SW; and 2549', 6 miles W of airport. Lighted airport 5 miles SE of Eppley Airfield.
 *Unless radar vectored after takeoff, climb to 2600' before proceeding in a westerly direction.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-270°—2700'; 270°-360°—3600'.
 City, Omaha; State, Nebr.; Airport name, Eppley Airfield; Elev., 983'; Fac. Class., H-BVORTAC; Ident., OMA; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 2; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 5 Feb. 66

R 072°, RAP VOR clockwise.....	R 142°, RAP VOR.....	Via 6-mile DME Arc.....	4600	T-dn.....	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
R 238°, RAP VOR counterclockwise.....	R 142°, RAP VOR.....	Via 6-mile DME Arc.....	5500	C-d.....	600-1	600-1	600-1 1/2
6-mile DME Fix, R 142°.....	RAP VOR (final).....	Direct.....	4300	S-dn-32°.....	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn.....	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar available.
 Procedure turn E side of crs, 142° Outbnd, 322° Inbnd, 4600' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 4300'.
 Crs and distance, facility to airport, 322°—4 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4 miles after passing RAP VOR, make a left-climbing turn to 4600' on R 142° within 10 miles of RAP VOR.
 CAUTION: Runways 1-19 unlighted.
 6400-3/4 authorized with operative HIRL, except for 4-engine turbojets. Reduction not authorized for nonstandard REIL.
 MSA within 25 miles of the facility: 000°-090°—4500'; 090°-180°—4500'; 180°-270°—8300'; 270°-360°—6600'.
 City, Rapid City; State, S. Dak.; Airport name, Rapid City Municipal; Elev., 3181'; Fac. Class., H-BVORTAC; Ident., RAP; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 12; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 11; Dated, 23 June 66

				T-dn.....	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
				C-d.....	600-1	600-1	600-1 1/2
				A-dn.....	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn S side of crs, 247° Outbnd, 067° Inbnd, 1800' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 679'.
 Crs and distance, facility to airport, 067°—0.5 mile; breakoff point to runway, 0 mile.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0 mile of EWT VOR, make left-climbing turn to 2000' on EWT R 270° and proceed to Elkton Int. Hold W EWT R 270°, 1-minute right turns.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 270°-180°—2100'; 180°-270°—1600'.
 City, Wilmington; State, Del.; Airport name, Greater Wilmington; Elev., 79'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., EWT; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 2; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 31 Mar. 62

3. By amending the following terminal very high frequency omnirange (TerVOR) procedures prescribed in § 97.13 to read:

TERMINAL VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.
 If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Bowie Int.....	BAL VOR.....	Direct.....	2000	T-dn.....	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
Bodkin Int.....	5-mile Radar Fix (final).....	Direct.....	1900	C-d.....	600-1	600-1	600-1 1/2
				S-dn-28°.....	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn.....	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar required.
 Procedure turn N side of crs, 096° Outbnd, 276° Inbnd, 1900' within 10 miles of BAL VOR.
 Minimum altitude over 5-mile Radar Fix on final approach crs, 1900'.
 Crs and distance, breakoff point to approach end of runway, 284°—0.9 mile.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0 mile after passing BAL VOR, climb to 2000', proceed direct to BA LOM. Hold W, 102° Inbnd, 1-minute right turns.
 CAUTION: Procedure turn not authorized when restricted area R-4001 in use.
 *400-3/4 authorized with operative high-intensity runway lights except for 4-engine turbojet aircraft.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°—2400'; 090°-360°—2100'.
 City, Baltimore; State, Md.; Airport name, Friendship International; Elev., 146'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., BAL; Procedure No. TerVOR-28, Amdt. 10; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 9; Dated, 30 Apr. 66

PROCEDURE CANCELED, EFFECTIVE 5 NOV. 1966.

City, Colorado Springs; State, Colo. Airport name, Peterson Field; Elev., 6172'; Fac. Class., L-VORW; Ident., PEF; Procedure No. TerVOR-30, Amdt. 3; Eff. date, 5 June 65; Sup. Amdt. No. 2; Dated, 13 Mar. 65

RULES AND REGULATIONS

TERMINAL VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Pinos Int.	Fountain Int.	Direct	7300	T-dn%	300-1	300-1	200-1½
Fountain Int.	CO LOM (final)	Direct	7100	C-dn	600-1	600-1	600-1½
Colorado Springs VORTAC	Peterson VOR	Direct	8200	S-dn-35#	500-1	500-1	500-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar available.
 Procedure turn E side of crs, 170° Outbnd, 350° Inbnd, 7300' within 10 miles.
 Procedure turn not authorized when R-2601 in use.
 Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 6672'.
 Facility on airport. Breakoff point to runway, 347°—0.6 mile.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished over PEF VOR, make right-climbing turn to 8000' on PEF R 075° within 20 miles.
 CAUTION: Sharply rising terrain W of airport.
 %Westbound (210° through 315°) IFR departures climb on PEF VOR R 075° and V19 to Peyton Int, then climb between Peyton Int and COS VORTAC to cross COS VORTAC westbound at or above 14,100'; or comply with radar vectors.
 #500-¾ authorized with operative high-intensity runway lights, except for 4-engine turbojets. 500-¾ authorized with operative ALS, except for 4-engine turbojets.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°-9200'; 090°-180°-8000'; 180°-270°-16,100'; 270°-360°-15,500'.
 City, Colorado Springs; State, Colo.; Airport name, Peterson Field; Elev., 6172'; Fac. Class., L-VORW; Ident., PEF; Procedure No. Ter VOR-35, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66

				T-dn%	2200-2	2200-2	2200-2
				C-dn	2700-2	2700-2	2700-2
				A-dn	3000-3	3000-3	3000-3

Procedure turn S side of crs, 286° Outbnd, 106° Inbnd, 10,200' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 9000'.
 Facility on airport.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0 mile after passing ELY VOR, right turn, climb to 11,000' on R 150° within 18 miles of ELY VOR.
 No turns authorized prior to reaching 10,500'.
 %Takeoff all runways: Climb clear of clouds over the ELY airport to 8500', continue climb on R 286° of ELY VOR within 10 miles to minimum altitude required for direction of flight. All turns S of crs.

Direction of flight	MCA
N, V269	9500
NW, V263	9500
SE, R 144°	10,000

MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°-13,100'; 090°-180°-14,100'; 180°-270°-11,900'; 270°-360°-11,300'.
 City, Ely; State, Nev.; Airport name, Ely (Yeland Field); Elev., 6255'; Fac. Class., L-BVOR; Ident., ELY; Procedure No. VOR R-286, Amdt. 2; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 19 June 65

4. By amending the following very high frequency omnirange—distance measuring equipment (VOR/DME) procedures prescribed in § 97.15 to read:

VOR/DME STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.
 If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
38-mile fix, R 105°	10-mile fix, R 105°	Direct	1900	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-1½
10-mile fix, R 090°	6-mile fix, R 090° (final)	Direct	1900	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-28°	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar available.
 Procedure turn N side of crs, 096° Outbnd, 276° Inbnd, 1900' to be accomplished between 6-mile DME Fix and 15-mile DME Fix. DME may be used within 10 miles from 270° clockwise to 030° at 2000'; 030° clockwise to 140° at 1900'; to position aircraft for a straight-in approach.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished upon passing 0.5-mile DME Fix, climb to 2000', proceed direct to BA LOM, hold W 102° Inbnd, 1-minute right turns.
 CAUTION: Procedure turn not authorized when restricted area R-4001 in use.
 *400-¾ authorized with operative high-intensity runway lights except for 4-engine turbojet aircraft.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°-2400'; 090°-360°-2100'.
 City, Baltimore; State, Md.; Airport name, Friendship International; Elev., 146'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., BAL; Procedure No. VOR/DME No. 1, Amdt. 3; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 2; Dated, 15 May 65

RULES AND REGULATIONS

13321

VOR/DME STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.

If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
10-mile DME Fix, R 343°	10-mile DME Fix, R 306° (final)	Via 10-mile CCW Arc.	1600	T-dn%	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
10-mile DME Fix, R 306°	4-mile DME Fix, R 306°	Direct	556	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1 1/2
				S-dn-11	500-1	500-1	500-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
				DME minimums—*DME equipment required:			
				S-dn-11	400-1	400-1	400-1

Procedure turn W side of crs, 306° Outbnd, 126° Inbnd, 1600' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude *4-mile DME Fix, 556'.
 Facility on airport. Breakoff point to runway, 113°—0.8 mile.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0 mile of CEC VOR, turn right, climb to 2000' on R 161° within 15 miles.
 CAUTION: High terrain E.
 %Takeoff all runways. Climb on the CEC VOR R 215° within 10 miles so as to cross the CEC VOR, at or above the following MCA's, N, V-27, 1500'; NE, V-122, 3000'; S, V-27, climb on crs satisfactory.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°—7500'; 090°-180°—6200'; 180°-270°—1300'; 270°-360°—5300'.

City, Crescent City; State, Calif.; Airport name, Jack McNamara; Elev., 56'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., CEC; Procedure No. VOR/DME No. 1, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 22 Oct. 66

PROCEDURE CANCELED, EFFECTIVE 5 NOV. 1966.

City, Evansville; State, Ind.; Airport name, Dress Memorial; Elev., 389'; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., EVV; Procedure No. VOR/DME No. 1, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 27 Apr. 63

15-mile DME Fix, R 333°	7.8-mile DME Fix, R 333°	Direct	6000	T-dn%	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
7.8-mile DME Fix, R 333°	3.5-mile DME Fix, R 333°	Direct	3900	C-dn	700-1	700-1	700-1 1/2
3.5-mile DME Fix, R 333°	0-mile DME Fix, R 333°	Direct	3300	S-dn-14#	500-1	500-1	500-1
10-mile DME Fix, R 138°	MFR VOR	Direct	6000	A-dn	1000-2	1000-2	1000-2
10-mile DME Fix, R 157°	MFR VOR	Direct	6000				

Procedure turn E side of crs, 333° Outbnd, 153° Inbnd, 5700' within 12 miles.
 Minimum altitude over 3.5-mile DME Fix, R 333° on final approach crs, 3900'; over MFR VOR, 3300'; over 2.4-mile DME Fix, R 146°, 2500'.
 Crs and distance, facility to airport, 146°—6.3 miles; 2.4-mile DME Fix, R 146° to airport, 146°—3.9 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 6.3 miles after passing MFR VOR or at the 6.3-mile DME Fix, R 146°, make immediate right turn, climb direct to MFR VOR, thence continue climb to 6000' in a 1-minute right turn, holding pattern S of MFR VOR on R 157°.

CAUTION: High terrain all quadrants.
 NOTE: When authorized by ATC, DME may be used between R 216° MFR VOR clockwise to R 333° MFR VOR within 14 miles at 6500' to position aircraft for straight-in approach with elimination of procedure turn.
 %All IFR departures must comply with published Medford SID's.
 #Sliding scale not authorized. Visibility reduction not authorized.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°—9900'; 090°-180°—8600'; 180°-270°—7400'; 270°-360°—6300'.

City, Medford; State, Oreg.; Airport name, Medford-Jackson County; Elev., 1330'; Fac. Class., H-BVORTAC; Ident., MFR; Procedure No. VOR/DME No. 1, Amdt. 4; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 3; Dated, 4 June 66

15-mile DME Fix, R 316°	8.7-mile DME Fix, R 316°	Direct	6000	T-dn%	300-1	300-1	200-
8.7-mile DME Fix, R 316°	3.5-mile DME Fix, R 316°	Direct	3900	C-dn	700-1	700-1	700-1 1/2
3.5-mile DME Fix, R 316°	0-mile DME Fix, R 316°	Direct	3300	S-dn-14#	500-1	500-1	500-1 1/2
				A-dn	1000-2	1000-2	1000-2

Procedure turn not authorized.
 Minimum altitude over 8.7-mile DME Fix, R 316° on final approach crs, 6000'; over 3.5-mile DME Fix, R 316°, 3900'; over MFR VORTAC, 3300'; over 2.4-mile DME Fix, R 146°, 2500'.
 Crs and distance, facility to airport, 146°—6.3 miles; 2.4-mile DME Fix, R 146° to airport, 146°—3.9 miles.

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 6.3 miles after passing MFR VOR or at the 6.3-mile DME Fix, R 146°, make immediate right turn, climb direct to MFR VOR, thence continue climb to 6000' in a 1-minute right turn, holding pattern S of MFR VOR on R 157°.
 NOTE: When authorized by ATC, DME may be used between R 216° MFR VOR clockwise to R 333° MFR VOR within 14 miles at 6500' to position aircraft for straight-in approach.
 CAUTION: High terrain all quadrants.
 %All IFR departures must comply with published Medford SID's.
 #Sliding scale not authorized. Visibility reduction not authorized.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°—9900'; 090°-180°—8600'; 180°-270°—7400'; 270°-360°—6300'.

City, Medford; State, Oreg.; Airport name, Medford-Jackson County; Elev., 1330'; Fac. Class., H-BVORTAC; Ident., MFR; Procedure No. VOR/DME No. 2, Amdt. 2; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 4 June 66

PROCEDURE CANCELED, EFFECTIVE 5 NOV. 1966.

City, Midland; State, Tex.; Airport name, Midland Air Terminal; Elev., 2870'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., MAF; Procedure No. VOR/DME No. 1, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 13 Nov. 65

RULES AND REGULATIONS

VOR/DME STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition		Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	Ceiling and visibility minimums		
From—	To—				2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
17-mile DME Fix, R 175°	Odle DME Fix (final)	Direct	4400	T-dn	300-1	300-1	*200-1/2
MAF VOR	Odle DME Fix	Direct	4400	C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1 1/2
				S-dn-34L	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn E side of crs, 175° Outbnd, 355° Inbnd, 4400' within 10 miles of Odle DME Fix.
 Minimum altitude over Odle DME Fix on R 175°, on final approach crs, 4400'.
 Crs and distance, Odle DME Fix to 4.7-mile DME Fix R 175°, 355°—5.3 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished at 4.7-mile DME Fix on R 175°, proceed direct to MAF VOR, climbing to 4500', continue on R 355° within 15 miles.
 NOTE: When authorized by ATC, DME may be used to orbit at 17 miles at 4500' to position aircraft for final approach with elimination of procedure turn.
 *300-1 required on Runways 16L and 34R.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-180°-4300'; 180°-360°-5100'.

City, Midland; State, Tex.; Airport name, Midland Air Terminal; Elev., 2870'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., MAF; Procedure No. VOR/DME No. 2, Amdt. 1; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 13 Nov. 65

20-mile DME Fix, R 003°	OTH VORTAC	Direct	3000	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
15-mile DME Fix, R 024°	OTH VORTAC	Direct	3000	C-dn	800-1	800-1	800-1 1/2
10-mile DME Fix, R 091°	OTH VORTAC	Direct	3000	A-dn	1000-2	1000-2	1000-2
20-mile DME Fix, R 162°	OTH VORTAC	Direct	3000				
20-mile DME Fix, R 344°	OTH VORTAC	Direct	3000				

Procedure turn S side of crs, 250° Outbnd, 070° Inbnd, 2000' within 13 miles.
 Minimum altitude over 3.5-mile DME Fix on final approach crs, 800'.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished at 3.5-mile DME Fix R 250 (Inbnd 070°) turn left, intercept and climb on R 250° to 2000' within 13 miles.
 NOTE: When authorized by ATC, DME may be used between OTH R 162° and R 003° clockwise within 10 miles at 2000' with elimination of procedure turn.
 %Takeoffs, Runways 4, 31, and 34 turn left; takeoffs, Runways 13, 16, and 22 turn right; intercept R 250° and climb westbound on R 250° to 500', thence return to VOR via R 250° climbing to cross VOR at or above 1000'.
 ADF Departure: Runways 31, 34, and 4 turn left; Runways 16, 22, and 13 turn right; intercept bearing 250° from OBN RBN and climb westbound on bearing 250° to 500', thence return to OBN, RBN via bearing 070° to OBN RBN at or above 1000'.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°-3400'; 090°-180°-4000'; 180°-270°-2600'; 270°-360°-2100'.

City, North Bend; State, Oreg.; Airport name, North Bend Municipal; Elev., 14'; Fac. Class., L-BVORTAC; Ident., OTH; Procedure No. VOR/DME No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 8 Oct. 66

EOL VOR	OMA VOR	Direct	2900	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
OMA VOR	5-mile DME Fix, R 310°	Direct	2500	C-d	700-9	700-1	700-1 1/2
5-mile DME Fix, R 310°	8.5-mile DME Fix, R 310°	Direct	1900	C-n	700-1 1/2	700-1 1/2	700-1 1/2
R 072°, OMA VOR clockwise	R 130° OMA VOR	Via 10-mile DME Arc	2900	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
10-mile DME Fix, R 130°	OMA VOR (final)	Direct	2800				

Radar available.
 Procedure turn E side of crs, 130° Outbnd, 310° Inbnd, 2800' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2800'; 5-mile DME Fix, 2500'; 8.5-mile DME Fix, 1900'.
 Crs and distance, facility to airport, 310°—10.2 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished at 10.2-mile DME Fix R 310°, climb to 2900' on OMA VOR R 310° within 20 miles of OMA VOR, turn right and return to OMA VOR, or when directed by ATC, make right turn, climbing to 2900', proceed to EOL VOR.
 CAUTION: 1339' bluff, 1.3 miles E; Towers: 1739', 4 miles WNW; 1746' 3 miles SW, and 2549' 6 miles W of airport. Lighted airport 5 miles SE of Eppley Airfield.
 *Unless radar vectored after takeoff, climb to 2600' before proceeding in a westerly direction. MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-270°-2700'; 270°-360°-3600'.

City, Omaha; State, Nebr.; Airport name, Eppley Air Field; Elev., 983'; Fac. Class., H-BVORTAC; Ident., OMA; Procedure No. VOR/DME No. 1, Amdt. 3; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 2; Dated, 5 Feb. 66

PROCEDURE CANCELED, EFFECTIVE 5 NOV. 1966.
 City, Pittsburgh; State, Pa.; Airport name, Greater Pittsburgh; Elev., 1203'; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., IRL; Procedure No. VOR/DME No. 1, Amdt. 2; Eff. date, 26 Dec. 64; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 16 Mar. 63

RAP VOR	10-mile DME Fix, R 321°	Direct	4900	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
R 275°, RAP VOR clockwise	R 300°, RAP VOR	Via 16-mile DME Arc	6600	C-dn	600-1	600-1	600-1 1/2
R 300°, RAP VOR clockwise	R 321°, RAP VOR	Via 16-mile DME Arc	5500	S-dn-14c	600-1	600-1	600-1
R 072°, RAP VOR counterclockwise	R 321°, RAP VOR	Via 16-mile DME Arc	4900	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
16-mile DME Fix, R 321°	10-mile DME Fix, R 321° (final)	Direct	4600				

Radar available.
 Procedure turn N side of crs, 321° Outbnd, 141° Inbnd, 4900' between 10- and 20-mile DME Fix, R 321°.
 Minimum altitude over 10-mile DME Fix R 321° on final approach crs, 4600'.
 Crs and distance, 10-mile DME Fix, R 311° to airport, 141°—5 miles.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished at 5-mile DME Fix, R 321°, climb to 4600' on R 142° within 10 miles of RAP VOR.
 CAUTION: Runways 1-19 unlighted.
 Reduction not authorized.
 MSA within 25 miles of facility: 000°-090°-4500'; 090°-180°-4500'; 180°-270°-8300'; 270°-360°-6600'.

City, Rapid City; State, S. Dak.; Airport name, Rapid City Municipal; Elev., 3181'; Fac. Class., H-BVORTAC; Ident., RAP; Procedure No. VOR/DME No. 1, Amdt. 3; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 2; Dated, 19 Feb. 66

5. By amending the following instrument landing system procedures prescribed in § 97.17 to read:

ILS STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.

If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition		Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	Ceiling and visibility minimums		
From—	To—				2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
BHM VORTAC	LOM	Direct	2800	T-dn%	300-1	300-1	*200-1/2
Lewis Int.	LOM	Direct	2800	C-dn	800-1	900-1	900-1 1/2
Bessemer Int.	LOM (final)	Direct	2000	S-dn-5#**	200-1/2	200-1/2	200-1/2
				A-dn	900-2	900-2	900-2

Radar available.
Procedure turn N side of SW crs, 232° Outbnd, 052° Inbnd, 2500' within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude at glide slope interception Inbnd, 2000'.

Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 2000'—4.5 miles; at MM, 815'—0.6 mile.

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.5 miles after passing LOM, climb to 3000' on crs of 052° via ROE RBN to Trussville Int. Hold NE, 1-minute right turns, or when directed by ATC, turn left, climb to 3000' and proceed to BHM VORTAC.

NOTES: (1) VASI Runway 23. (2) Back crs unusable.

%RVR 2400', authorized Runway 5.

#RVR 2400'. Descent below 843' not authorized unless approach lights are visible.

**400-1/2 (RVR 4000'), required when glide slope not utilized. 400-1/2 (RVR 2400'), authorized with operative ALS, except for 4-engine turbojets.

*Runways 5/23 only.

City, Birmingham; State, Ala.; Airport name, Municipal; Elev., 643'; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-BHM; Procedure No. ILS-5, Amdt. 21; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 20; Dated, 4 June 66

Wicottsville Int.	LOM (final)	Direct	2100	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
Buffalo VOR	LOM	Direct	2000	C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1 1/2
				S-dn-23	200-1/2	200-1/2	200-1/2
				A-dn	600-2	600-2	600-2
				With glide slope inoperative:			
				S-dn-23#	400-1	400-1	400-1

Radar available.

Procedure turn N side of crs, 052° Outbnd, 232° Inbnd, 2000' within 10 miles of LOM.

Minimum altitude at glide slope interception Inbnd, 2000'.

Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 1921'—4 miles; at MM, 923'—0.5 mile.

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4 miles after passing LOM, climb to 2500' on SW crs, ILS, intercept BUF VOR R 250°, proceed to Crystal Beach Int. Hold W, right turns, 1 minute, 070° Inbnd, or as directed by ATC, climb to 2000' on SW crs, ILS within 10 miles. Make left turn, proceed direct to BU LOM, hold NE BU LOM, right turns, 1 minute, 232° Inbnd.

CAUTION: 1349' TV tower, 5 miles WNW of airport.

#400-1/2 authorized with operative high-intensity runway lights except for 4-engine turbojets; 400-1/2 authorized with operative ALS, except for 4-engine turbojets.

City, Buffalo; State, N. Y.; Airport name, Greater Buffalo International; Elev., 722'; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-BUF; Procedure No. ILS-23, Amdt. 14; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 13; Dated, 13 Nov. 65

COS VORTAC, R 012°/7-mile DME Fix counterclockwise.	Localizer back crs	7-mile DME Arc	9000	T-dn%	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
Vincent Int.	Black Forest Int.	Direct	9000	C-dn	600-1	600-1	600-1 1/2
Black Forest Int.	Fannin Int. (final)	Direct	7500	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
COS VORTAC	Black Forest Int.	Direct	9000				
CO LOM	Black Forest Int.	Direct	9000				

Radar available.

Procedure turn E side of crs, 347° Outbnd, 167° Inbnd, 9000' within 10 miles of Black Forest Int. Nonstandard due to terrain.

Minimum altitude over Black Forest Int on final approach crs, 9000'; over Fannin Int on final approach crs, 7500'.

Crs and distance, Fannin Int to airport, 166°—2.6 miles.

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 2.6 miles after passing Fannin Int, make a left-climbing turn E to 8000' on R 075° of PEF VOR within 20 miles, or when directed by ATC, left-climbing turn to 8000' on COS VOR R 152° within 20 miles.

CAUTION: Sharply rising terrain W of airport; 7190' tower, 8 miles N of airport; 7923' tower, 14 miles N of airport.

%Westbound (210° through 315°) IFR departures climb on PEF VOR, R 075° and V-19 to Peyton Int, then climb between Peyton Int and COS VORTAC to cross COS VORTAC westbound at or above 14,100'; or comply with radar vectors.

City, Colorado Springs; State, Colo.; Airport name, Peterson Field; Elev., 6172'; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-COS; Procedure No. ILS-17 (back crs.) Amdt. 4; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 3; Dated, 13 Mar. 65

Black Forest Int.	LOM	Direct	8200	T-dn%	300-1	300-1	200-1/2
Hanover Int.	LOM	Direct	7300	C-dn	600-1	600-1	600-1 1/2
Security Int.	LOM (final)	Direct	7100	S-dn-35	200-1/2	200-1/2	200-1/2
Pinon Int.	Security Int.	Direct	7300	A-dn	600-2	600-2	600-2
COS VOR	LOM	Direct	8200				

Radar available.

Procedure turn E side S crs, 167° Outbnd, 347° Inbnd, 7300' within 10 miles.

Minimum altitude at glide slope interception Inbnd, 7100'.

Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 7061'—3.3 miles; at MM, 6272'—0.6 mile.

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, make a right-climbing turn to 8000' on R 075° of PEF VOR within 20 miles, or when directed by ATC, make right-climbing turn and climb to 8000' on COS VOR, R 152° within 20 miles of VOR.

Note: When authorized by ATC, DME may be used from 24 to 19 miles at 7300' from COS, R 140° clockwise to R 178° to position aircraft on localizer for straight-in approach.

CAUTION: 7190' tower, 8 miles N of airport; 7923' tower, 14 miles N of airport; sharply rising terrain W of airport.

Procedure turn not authorized when R-2601 in use.

%Westbound (210° through 315°) IFR departures climb on PEF VOR, R 075° and V-19 to Peyton Int, then climb between Peyton Int and COS VORTAC to cross COS VORTAC westbound at or above 14,100'; or comply with radar vectors.

City, Colorado Springs; State, Colo.; Airport name, Peterson Field; Elev., 6172'; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-COS; Procedure No. ILS-35, Amdt. 20; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 19; Dated, 3 Apr. 65

RULES AND REGULATIONS

ILS STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition		Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	Ceiling and visibility minimums		
From—	To—				2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Medford VOR.....	MF LOM.....	Direct.....	6500	T-dn%.....	300-1	300-1	200-1½
Gold Hill Int.....	MF LOM.....	Direct.....	6500	C-dn.....	700-1	700-1	700-1½
Klamath Junction Int.....	MF LOM.....	Direct.....	8000	S-dn-14.....	200-½	200-½	200-½
Talent Int.....	MF LOM.....	Direct.....	8000	A-dn.....	1000-2	1000-2	1000-2
15-mile DME Fix and N crs MFR localizer.....	Evans Creek FM (final).....	Direct.....	*6500				

Procedure turn E side N crs, 320° Outbnd, 140° Inbnd, 6500' within 10 miles of Evans Creek FM.
 Minimum altitude at glide slope interception Inbnd, 6000'.
 Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at Evans Creek, 6000'—14.6 miles; at OM, 2882'—4.7 miles; at MM, 1550'—0.6 mile.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.7 miles after passing MF OM, make immediate climbing right turn, climbing direct to MF OM thence continue climb to 6500' in a 1-minute right turn, holding pattern S of MF LOM on the localizer crs.
 NOTES: (1) Evans Creek FM and all components of the ILS and related airborne equipment must be fully operational and used when executing this approach. Evans Creek FM and procedure turn may be eliminated provided VFR on-top is maintained to MF LOM, and further, the aircraft must be able to arrive over MF LOM at 2882' on-top. (2) When authorized by ATC, DME may be used between R 216° MFR VOR clockwise to R 333° MFR VOR within 14 miles at 6500' to position aircraft for straight-in approach with elimination of procedure turn.
 CAUTION: High terrain all quadrants.
 *Descent on glide slope to cross Evans Creek FM at 6000' is authorized.
 %All IFR departures must comply with published Medford SID's.

City, Medford; State, Oreg.; Airport name, Medford-Jackson County; Elev., 1330'; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-MFR; Procedure No. ILS-14, Amdt. 10; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 9; Dated, 30 Oct. 65

Scarsdale Int.....	UR LOM (final).....	Direct.....	2000	T-dn.....	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn.....	700-1	700-2	700-2
				S-dn-22.....	200-½	200-½	200-½
				A-dn.....	800-2	800-2	800-2
				*Glide slope inoperative minimums become:			
				S-dn-22.....	500-1	500-1	500-1

Radar available.
 Procedure turn N side of crs, 043° Outbnd, 223° Inbnd, 2000' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude at glide slope interception Inbnd, 1922'.
 Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 1916'—5.7 miles; at MM, 233'—0.5 mile.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, climb to 2500' on crs of 223° to Prospect Int. Hold SW of Prospect Int, 1-minute left turns, Inbnd crs, 040'.
 NOTES: (1) Bridge Tower 383' 2.5 miles NE and tank 422', 1.7 miles N of airport. (2) Localizer back crs unusable for missed approach guidance.
 *Do not descend below 700' until passing Castle FM.

City, New York; State, N.Y.; Airport name, La Guardia; Elev., 21'; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-URD; Procedure No. ILS-22, Amdt. 4; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 3; Dated, 15 Oct. 66

OMA VOR.....	LOM.....	Direct.....	2900	T-dn*.....	300-1	300-1	200-½
Neola VOR.....	LOM.....	Direct.....	2900	C-d.....	700-1	700-1	700-1½
				C-n.....	700-1½	700-1½	700-1½
				S-dn-14@.....	200-½	200-½	200-½
				A-dn.....	700-2	700-1	700-2

Radar available.
 Procedure turn E side of crs, 316° Outbnd, 136° Inbnd, 2900' within 10 miles.
 Minimum altitude at glide slope interception Inbnd 2200'.
 Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 2156'—4.1 miles; at MM, 1180'—0.5 mile.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.1 miles after passing LOM, climb to 2800' on SE crs, ILS, proceed direct OMA VOR, or when directed by ATC, climb to 2900' on SE crs, ILS, turn left direct EOL VOR.
 NOTE: Final approach from holding pattern at LOM not authorized. Procedure turn required.
 CAUTION: Bluff 1339', 1.3 miles E; Towers: 1739', 4 miles WNW; 1746', 3 miles SW, and 2549', 6 miles W of airport.
 *Unless radar vectored after takeoff, climb to 2900' prior to proceeding in a westerly direction. 2400' RVR, authorized Runway 14.
 @2400' RVR. Descent below 1183' not authorized unless approach lights are visible. 500-½ required when glide slope not utilized and 500-½ authorized with operative ALS except for 4-engine turbojets.

City, Omaha; State, Nebr.; Airport name, Eppley Airfield; Elev., 983'; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-OMA; Procedure No. ILS-14, Amdt. 16; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 15; Dated, 18 June 66

Neola VOR.....	Keg Int.....	Direct.....	2900	T-dn*#.....	300-1	300-1	200-½
OM LOM.....	Keg Int.....	Direct.....	2800	C-d.....	700-1	700-1	700-1½
OMA VOR.....	Keg Int (final).....	Direct.....	2500	C-n.....	700-1½	700-1½	700-1½
Keg Int.....	Stack Int.....	Direct.....	1800	S-dn-32@.....	500-1	500-1	500-1
				A-dn.....	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar available.
 Procedure turn E side of crs, 136° Outbnd, 316° Inbnd, 2800' within 10 miles of Keg Int.
 Minimum altitude over Keg Int on final approach crs, 2500'; over Stack Int, 1800'.
 Crs and distance Keg Int to airport, 316°—5.5 miles; Stack Int to airport, 316°—3 miles.
 No glide slope.
 If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3 miles after passing Stack Int, climb to 2900' on crs of 316° to LOM, or when directed by ATC, make right turn, climbing to 2900' direct to EOL VOR.
 CAUTION: 1339' Bluff, 1.3 miles E; Towers: 1739', 4 miles WNW; 1746', 3 miles SW, and 2549', 6 miles W of airport. Lighted airport 5 miles SE of Eppley Airfield.
 *Unless radar vectored after takeoff, climb to 2900' prior to proceeding in a westerly direction.
 #RVR 2400', authorized Runway 14.
 @Reduction below 1 mile visibility not authorized. If SALS inoperative at night 500-1½ minimums apply.

City, Omaha; State, Nebr.; Airport name, Eppley Airfield; Elev., 983'; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-OMA; Procedure No. ILS-32 (back crs.), Amdt. 8; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 7; Dated, 5 Feb. 66

PROCEDURE CANCELED, EFFECTIVE 5 NOV. 1966.
 City, San Antonio; State, Tex.; Airport name, San Antonio International; Elev., 808'; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-SAT; Procedure No. IL-S3, Amdt. 23; Eff. date, 23 July 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 22; Dated, 4 Sept. 65

PROCEDURE CANCELED, EFFECTIVE 5 NOV. 1966.
 City, San Antonio; State, Tex.; Airport name, San Antonio International; Elev., 808'; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-SAT; Procedure No. ILS-21 (back crs.), Amdt. 16; Eff. date, 9 July 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 15; Dated, 5 Sept. 64

RULES AND REGULATIONS

13325

6. By amending the following radar procedures prescribed in § 97.19 to read:

RADAR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet, MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.

If a radar instrument approach is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitude(s) shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below. Positive identification must be established with the radar controller. From initial contact with radar to final authorized landing minimums, the instructions of the radar controller are mandatory except when (A) visual contact is established on final approach at or before descent to the authorized landing minimums, or (B) at pilot's discretion if it appears desirable to discontinue the approach, except when the radar controller may direct otherwise prior to final approach, a missed approach shall be executed as provided below when (A) communication on final approach is lost for more than 5 seconds during a precision approach, or for more than 30 seconds during a surveillance approach; (B) directed by radar controller; (C) visual contact is not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums; or (D) if landing is not accomplished.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
000°	360°	Within:	2400		Surveillance approach		
040°	125°	10 miles	2500	T-d	600-1½	NA	NA
125°	195°	20 miles	4000	C-d	1000-1½	NA	NA
125°	195°	15 miles	5600	S-d	NA	NA	NA
196°	040°	20 miles	3200	A-d	NA	NA	NA

Minimum altitude over 5-mile Radar Fix on final approach crs, 2400'.

Crs and distance, 5-mile Radar Fix to airport, 076°—5 miles.

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, make climbing right turn to 3000' proceed direct to HARB VORTAC. Hold W, R 281°, 1-minute right turns.

City, Hershey; State, Pa.; Airport name, Hershey Air Park; Elev., 415'; Fac. Class. and Ident., Harrisburg Radar; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66

				Precision approach			
				T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-11	200-½	200-½	200-½
				A-dn	600-2	600-2	600-2
				Surveillance approach			
				T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-18 and 36	500-1	500-1	500-1
				S-dn-11 and 29	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished: Runway 11—Climb to 2000' on R 111° AKN VORTAC within 15 miles. Runway 29—Turn left, climb to 2000' on R 111° AKN VORTAC within 15 miles. Runway 18—Turn left, climb to 2000' on R 111° AKN VORTAC within 15 miles. Runway 36—Turn right, climb to 2000' on R 111° AKN VORTAC within 15 miles.

CAUTION: Antennae: 262°, 0.5 mile NW; and 185°, 1.1 miles W of airport.

City, King Salmon; State, Alaska; Airport name, King Salmon; Elev., 57'; Fac. Class. and Ident., King Salmon Radar; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66

				Surveillance approach			
045°	230°	25 miles	*2000'	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
230°	045°	10 miles	2200'	C-dn#	400-1	500-1	500-1½
230°	045°	15 miles	2500'	S-dn**#	400-1	400-1	400-1
230°	045°	25 miles	3000'	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Bearings are from radar antenna site with sector azimuths progressing clockwise.

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished: Runways 12, 17, and 21—Climb to 3000' via SAT R 158° within 20 miles. Runways 3, 30, and 35—Climb to 3300' on R 353° SAT VOR within 20 miles.

* Radar control must provide 1000' vertical or 3-mile horizontal separation from the following obstructions. Towers: 2040', 19 miles SE; 1241', 5 miles SSE; 1190', 10 miles SE; 1107', 3.5 miles SE; and 1230', 7.5 miles S; and 1320', 6.8 miles WSW of airport.

**400-½ authorized for Runways 12 and 3 with operative ALS, except for 4-engine turbojet aircraft.

**400-¼ authorized for Runways 21 and 30 with operative high-intensity runway lights except for 4-engine turbojet aircraft.

#Radar control must restrict descent to 1400' until aircraft is past 1120' water tower located 2.1 miles W of approach end of Runway 12.

City, San Antonio; State, Tex.; Airport name, San Antonio International; Elev., 808'; Fac. Class. and Ident., San Antonio Radar; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 8; Eff. date, 5 Nov. 66; Sup. Amdt. No. 7; Dated, 1 Oct. 66

These procedures shall become effective on the dates specified therein.

(Secs. 307(c), 313(a), and 601 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958; 49 U.S.C. 1348(c), 1354(a), 1421; 72 Stat. 749, 752, 775)

Issued in Washington, D.C., on September 29, 1966.

W. E. ROGERS,
Acting Director, Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66-10766; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

Title 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter I—Office of the Secretary of Defense

SUBCHAPTER A—ARMED SERVICES PROCUREMENT REGULATIONS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO SUBCHAPTER

The following amendments to this subchapter are issued by direction of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Installations and Logistics) pursuant to authority contained in Department of Defense Directive No. 4105.30, dated March 11, 1959 (24 F.R. 2260) as amended, and 10 U.S.C. 2202.

PART 1—GENERAL PROVISIONS

1. Sections 1.201-14 and 1.307-1(b) are revised; a new § 1.307-3 is added; new paragraph (g) is added to § 1.314; and § 1.319(f) is revised, as follows:

§ 1.201-14 Procuring activity.

Procuring activity includes for the Army; U.S. Army Materiel Command and its subordinate commands; U.S. Continental Army Command and its subordinate commands consisting of Zone of Interior Armies and Military District of Washington, U.S. Army; U.S. Army, Alaska; U.S. Forces Southern Command; U.S. Army Communications Zone, Europe; U.S. Army, Hawaii; U.S. Army, Japan; National Guard Bureau; Office of the Chief of Engineers; Strategic Communications Command; Office of the Chief of Support Services; Office of the Surgeon General; U.S. Army Security Agency; and Military Traffic Management and Terminal Service; for the Navy: Each Bureau; the Naval Materiel Command; the Office of the Deputy Chief of Naval Materiel (Procurement); the Naval Air Systems Command; the Naval Electronic Systems Command; the Naval Facilities Engineering Command; the Naval Ordnance Systems Command; the Naval Ship Systems Command; the Naval Supply Systems Command; the Office of Naval Research; the Navy Aviation Supply Office; the Military Sea Transportation Service; and the U.S. Marine Corps; for the Air Force: The Air Force Logistics Command and the Air Force Systems Command; for the Defense Supply Agency: the Office of the Deputy Director for Contract Administration Services; the Office of the Executive Director, Procurement and Production; the Defense Supply Centers; and the Defense Personnel Support Center; for the Defense Communications Agency: The Headquarters, Defense Communications Agency, and the Defense Commercial Communications Office; for the Defense Atomic Support Agency: Headquarters, Defense Atomic Support Agency. It also includes any other procuring activity hereafter established. The number and designation of particular procuring activities of any Military Department may be changed by directive of the Secretary.

§ 1.307-1 General.

(b) *Operating responsibility.* In accordance with § 1.403, the Military Departments shall comply with the priorities and allocations program, including the Defense Materials System, as set forth in the Priorities and Allocations Manual and in the rules and regulations published by the Business and Defense Services Administration.

§ 1.307-3 Inadequate response to solicitations.

(a) In accordance with the policies and procedures of the Priorities and Allocations System rated contracts and purchase orders or Authorized Controlled Material Orders may be placed on selected suppliers when adequate response to a solicitation is not received. Therefore, when there are no bids or proposals received as a result of a solicitation or if the bids or proposals received do not cover the entire requirement, normal procurement procedures shall be followed in attempting to locate sources, to the extent exigencies of the procurement will permit. If such efforts are unsuccessful, and it is determined at this point in time that the procurement must be accomplished, then rated orders in the form of rated contracts, rated purchase orders or an Authorized Controlled Material Order shall be presented, to one or more (as appropriate) selected suppliers or manufacturers qualified to produce the item or material. This will be accomplished by a cover letter signed by the contracting officer, citing the requirements of the Defense Production Act and BDSA Regulation 2, and requesting timely acceptance thereof by the contractor. The letter shall also request that any reasons for rejection be promptly furnished in writing, as required by the BDSA Regulations. Rated orders will be placed pursuant to appropriate negotiation authority. Contracts and purchase orders shall contain, as a minimum, the following information in addition to normal contractual requirements to be a valid rated order:

- (1) DO or DX rating on contracts or purchase orders as appropriate.
- (2) DMS allotment number on Authorized Controlled Material Orders.
- (3) Certification "Certified for National Defense Use Under DMS Regulation 1 or BDSA Regulation 2 (as appropriate)."
- (4) Delivery schedule.
- (5) Signature.

(b) Rated orders or Authorized Controlled Material Orders which are rejected by suppliers shall be forwarded to BDSA, through established Departmental priorities assistance channels, for such action as BDSA considers appropriate.

§ 1.314 Disputes and appeals.

(g) Decisions of the Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals constitute decisions of the Head of the Department as

referenced in the Disputes clause standard in all Government contracts. It is expected that decisions favorable to the appellant in whole or in part will be promptly implemented by payment at the contracting officer level. In cases where the question of entitlement only has been decided by the Board and the matter of amount has been remanded to the parties for negotiation, if agreement is not reached, appellant will be afforded a prompt decision and opportunity to appeal on the matter of amount.

§ 1.319 Renegotiation performance reports.

(f) *Advanced-development, engineering-development, and operational-systems-development and production contracts.* Upon request of the Renegotiation Board, the Director of Contractor Performance Evaluation, Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Installations and Logistics) (see § 4.215) shall furnish Contractor Performance Evaluation Reports on advanced-development contracts, engineering-development contracts, and operational-systems-development contracts which follow or are concurrent with the development contracts that are evaluated.

2. Paragraph (a) of § 1.701-1 is revised, and new footnote added; and in § 1.701-4, the item 2026, Milk, fluid, is added to the list under Major Group 20, as follows:

§ 1.701-1 Small business concern.

(a) (1) *General definition.* A small business concern is a concern that is independently owned and operated, is not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and with its affiliates, can further qualify under the criteria set forth in subparagraphs (2) and (3) of this paragraph. "Concern" means any business entity organized for profit with a place of business in the United States, its possessions or Puerto Rico, including but not limited to an individual, partnership, corporation, joint venture, association, or cooperative. For the purpose of a procurement of a product classified into two or more industries with different size standards, the smallest of such size standards shall be used in determining a bidder's size status.

(2) *Industry small business size standards.* In addition to being independently owned and operated, and not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, a small business concern in order to qualify as such must meet the criteria established for the industries set forth below. Annual sales or annual receipts, as used throughout this subpart, means the annual sales or annual receipts, less returns and allowances, of a concern and its affiliates during its most recently completed fiscal year.

(1) *Construction industries.* For construction, alteration, or repair (including painting and decorating), of buildings,

bridges, roads, or other real property, the average annual receipts of the concern and its affiliates for its preceding 3 fiscal years must not exceed \$7,500,000, except that if the concern is located in Alaska, such receipts must not exceed \$9,375,000. For dredging, the average annual receipts of the concern and its affiliates for its preceding 3 fiscal years must not exceed \$5 million, except that if the concern is located in Alaska, such receipts must not exceed \$6,250,000.

(ii) *Manufacturing industries—(a) Food canning and preserving industry.* For food canning and preserving, the number of employees of the concern and its affiliates must not exceed 500 persons, exclusive of "agricultural labor" as defined in 26 U.S.C. 3306(k).

(b) *Petroleum industry.* For petroleum, other than lubricants and miscellaneous petroleum products, the number of employees of the concern and its affiliates must not exceed 1,000, and it must not have more than 30,000 barrels-per-day crude oil capacity from owned or leased facilities. ("Crude oil capacity" means the maximum daily average crude throughput of a refinery in complete operation with allowances for necessary shutdown time for routine maintenance, repairs, etc. It approximates the maximum daily average crude runs to stills that can be maintained for an extended period.) A small petroleum refining concern may furnish the refined petroleum product (excluding a lubricant or miscellaneous petroleum product) of a refinery not qualified as small business if such product is obtained pursuant to a bona fide exchange agreement, in effect on the date of the bid or offer, between the bidder or offeror and the refiner of the product to be delivered, provided that the exchange agreement requires exchanges in a stated ratio on a refined petroleum product for a refined petroleum product basis, and precludes any monetary settlement, and provided, further, that the products exchanged for the products offered and manufactured by the bidder or offeror.

(c) *Manufacturing industries listed in § 1.701-4.* For a product classified within an industry listed in § 1.701-4, the number of employees of the concern and its affiliates must not exceed the small business size standard established therein for that industry.

(d) *Manufacturing industries not listed in § 1.701-4.* For a product classified within an industry not set forth in this section or in § 1.701-4, the number of employees of the concern and its affiliates must not exceed 500 persons.

(iii) *Nonmanufacturing industries.* For a product not manufactured by the concern submitting a bid or proposal, other than for a construction or service contract, the number of employees of that concern must not exceed 500 persons, and in the case of a procurement set aside for small business (see § 1.706) or involving equal low bids (see § 2.407-6), or otherwise involving the preferential treatment of small business, it must agree to furnish in the performance of

the contract end items manufactured or produced in the United States, its possessions, or Puerto Rico, by small business concerns. However, if the goods to be furnished are wool, worsted, knitwear, duck, or webbing, nonmanufacturers (dealers and converters), shall furnish such products which have been manufactured or produced by a small weaver (small knitter for knitwear) and, if finishing is required, by a small finisher. If the product to be furnished is thread, nonmanufacturers (dealers and converters) shall furnish thread which has been finished by a small finisher. (Finishing of thread is defined as all "dyeing, bleaching, glazing, mildew proofing, coating, waxing, and other applications required by the pertinent specification, but excluding mercerizing, spinning, throwing, or twisting operations.")

(iv) *Service industries.* (a) For services not elsewhere defined in this part, the average annual sales or receipts of the concern and its affiliates for the preceding 3 fiscal years must not exceed \$1 million (\$1,250,000 if located in Alaska).

(b) Any concern bidding on a contract for engineering services, naval architectural services, motion picture production or motion picture services is classified as small if its average annual sales or receipts for its preceding 3 fiscal years do not exceed \$5 million (\$6,250,000 if located in Alaska).

(c) Any concern bidding on a contract for janitorial and custodial services is classified as small if its average annual sales or receipts for its preceding 3 fiscal years do not exceed \$3 million (\$3,750,000 if located in Alaska).

(d) Any concern bidding on a contract for¹ base maintenance is classified as small if its average annual sales or receipts for its preceding 3 fiscal years do not exceed \$5 million (\$6,250,000 if located in Alaska).

(v) *Transportation industries—(a) General.* Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subdivision, for passenger or freight transportation the number of employees of the concern and its affiliates must not exceed 500 persons.

(b) *Air transportation.* For air transportation, the number of employees of the concern and its affiliates must not exceed 1,000 persons.

(c) *Trucking (local and long distance), warehousing, packing and crating, and/or freight forwarding.* For trucking (local and long distance), warehousing, packing and crating, and/or

¹ Base maintenance is defined as janitorial and custodial services, protective guard services, commissary services, fire prevention services, refuse collection services, safety engineering services, messenger services, ground maintenance and landscaping services, and air conditioning and refrigeration maintenance: *Provided*, That whenever the contracting officer determines prior to the issuance of bids that the estimated value of one of the foregoing services constitutes more than 50 percent of the estimated value of the entire contract, the contract shall not be classified as base maintenance but in the industry in which such service is classified.

freight forwarding, the annual receipts of the concern and its affiliates must not exceed \$3 million except that if the concern is located in Alaska, such receipts must not exceed \$3,750,000. No such concern, however, will be denied small business status for the purpose of Government procurement solely because of its contractual relationship with a large interstate van line if (1) the concern's annual receipts have not exceeded \$3 million during its most recently completed fiscal year (\$3,750,000 if located in Alaska), and (2) not more than fifty percent (50%) of such annual receipts are directly attributable to the concern's relationship with an interstate van line.

(vi) *Research, development, or testing industries.* For research, development, or testing, which requires delivery of a manufactured product, a concern must (a) qualify as a small business manufacturer within the meaning of b above for the industry in which the product is classified, or (b) qualify as a small business nonmanufacturer within the meaning of subdivision (iii) of this subparagraph. For research, development, or testing, which does not require delivery of a manufactured product, the number of employees of the concern and its affiliates must not exceed 500 persons.

(3) *Small business subcontractors.* In connection with subcontracts of \$2,500 or less, any concern will be considered a small business concern if it, with its affiliates, employs not more than 500 employees. In connection with subcontracts exceeding \$2,500, any concern shall be considered a small business concern if it qualifies as such under subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph.

§ 1.701-4 Manufacturing industry employment size standards.

Classification Code	Industry	Employment size standard (number of employees) ¹
MAJOR GROUP 20—FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS		
2026	Milk, fluid	750

3. Sections 1.702(c), 1.703, and 1.903-1(c) and the introductory text of § 1.1103 are revised, as follows:

§ 1.702 General policy.

(c) The extent of small business participation in defense procurement shall be accurately measured, reported, and publicized. All solicitations shall require each prospective supplier to represent whether he is a small business concern for purposes of the specific procurement (see §§ 1.701 and 1.703). Records of the total value of contracts and subcontracts placed with small business concerns during each fiscal year shall be maintained by the use of DD Form 350 (Individual Procurement Action Report), DD Form 1057 (Monthly Procurement Summary by Purchasing Office) (see § 1.110), and DD Form 1140-1 (Defense Small Business Subcontracting Program Quarterly Report of Participating Large Company on Subcon-

tract Commitments to Small Business Concerns) (see § 1.707).

§ 1.703 Determination of status as small business concern.

(a) *General.* Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the contracting officer shall accept at face value for the particular procurement involved, a representation by the bidder or offeror that it is a small business concern (see § 7.701-1).

(b) *Representation by a bidder or offeror.* Representation by a bidder or offeror that it is a small business concern shall be effective, even though questioned in accordance with the terms of this paragraph, unless the SBA, in response to such question and pursuant to the procedures in subparagraph (3) of this paragraph, determines that the bidder or offeror in question is not a small business concern. The controlling point in time for a determination concerning the size status of a questioned bidder or offeror shall be the date of award, except that no bidder or offeror shall be eligible for award as a small business concern unless he has in good faith represented himself as small business prior to the opening of bids or closing date for submission of offers (but see § 2.405 with respect to minor irregularities in bids).

(1) *Protest of small business status.* Any bidder or offeror may, in connection with a contract involving small business set-aside or otherwise involving small business preferential consideration, question the small business status of any apparently successful bidder or offeror by sending a written protest to the contracting officer responsible for the particular procurement. The protest shall contain the basis for the protest together with specific detailed evidence supporting the protestant's claim that such bidder or offeror is not a small business. Such protest must be received by the contracting officer prior to the close of business on the fifth working day exclusive of Saturday, Sunday, and Federal Legal Holidays (hereinafter referred to as working day) after bid opening date or closing date for the receipt of proposals. A protest received after such time shall be considered timely, if in the case of a mailed protest, it is sent by registered or certified mail and the postmark thereon indicates that it would have been delivered within the time limit except for delays beyond the control of the protestant, or a telegraphic protest, the telegram date and time line indicates that it would have been delivered within the time limit except for delays beyond the control of the protestant. The following procedures shall apply:

(i) *Timely protest received prior to award.* When the contracting officer receives a timely protest prior to award, he shall forward the protest record to the Small Business Administration regional office serving the area in which the protested concern is located. The Small Business Administration will promptly notify the contracting officer of the date of its receipt of any such pro-

test and will advise the bidder or offeror in question that his small business status is under review;

(ii) *Untimely protests received prior to award.* A protest which is not timely, even though received before award, shall be forwarded to the Small Business Administration regional office serving the area in which the protested concern is located, with a notation thereon that the protest is not timely. The protestant shall be notified that his protest cannot be considered on the instant procurement but has been referred to SBA for its consideration in any future actions;

(iii) *Action on protests received after award.* A protest received after award of a contract shall be forwarded to the Small Business Administration regional office serving the area in which the protested concern is located with a notation thereon that award has been made. The protestant shall be notified that award has been made and that his protest has been forwarded to SBA for its consideration in future actions.

(2) *Questioning of status by contracting officer.* A contracting officer may, any time prior to award, question the small business status of the apparently successful bidder or offeror by sending a written notice to the SBA regional office of the region in which the bidder or offeror has his principal place of business. Such notice shall contain a statement of the basis for the question, together with available supporting facts. SBA will advise the bidder or offeror in question that his small business status is under review.

(3) *Determination by SBA Regional Director.* The SBA Regional Director will determine the small business status of the questioned bidder or offeror and notify the contracting officer and the bidder or offeror of his determination, and award may be made on the basis of that determination. This determination is final unless it is appealed in accordance with subparagraph (4) of this paragraph, and the contracting officer is notified of the appeal prior to award. If an award was made prior to the time the contracting officer received notice of the appeal, the contract shall be presumed to be valid. Action to be taken on SBA determinations shall be as follows:

(i) If the SBA Regional Director's determination is not received by the contracting officer 10 working days after SBA's initial receipt of a protest or notice questioning the Small Business status of a bidder or offeror, it shall be presumed that the questioned bidder or offeror is a small business concern. This presumption will not be used as a basis for making an award to the questioned bidder or offeror without first ascertaining when a size determination can be expected from SBA, and where practicable, waiting for such determination, unless further delay in award would be disadvantageous to the Government.

(ii) If an appeal from the SBA Regional Director's determination is made, pursuant to subparagraph (4) of this paragraph, to the Chairman, Size Appeals Board, Small Business Administra-

tion, Washington, D.C. 20416, and the contracting officer is notified prior to award, an additional 20 working days (i.e., 30 working days inclusive from the time of initial receipt of the case in the SBA Regional Office) shall be allowed for receipt of the SBA size determination.

(iii) If the determination of the Chairman, Size Appeals Board, Small Business Administration, on the appeal is not received by the contracting officer within the 30-working-day period, it shall be presumed that the SBA Regional Director's size determination has been sustained.

(iv) Until receipt of the SBA determination of the size status, or expiration of the 10-day period (30 days in case of an appeal to the Chairman, Size Appeals Board), whichever occurs first, procurement action shall be suspended; however, this suspension shall not apply to any urgent procurement action which the contracting officer determines in writing must be awarded without delay to protect the public interest. The contracting officer's determination shall be placed in the contract file.

(4) *Appeal from size determination.* An appeal from a size determination made by an SBA Regional Director may be taken before the close of business on the fifth working day after the receipt of such decision. Unless such written notice of appeal is received by the SBA Size Appeals Board, Washington, D.C., within this time and the contracting officer has been notified of such appeal prior to award, the appellant will be deemed to have waived its rights of appeal insofar as the pending procurement is concerned.

(c) *Product classification—(1) Determination by contracting officer.* The contracting officer shall determine the appropriate classification of a product establishing the small business definition to be used in a specific procurement. This classification and the applicable size standard, pursuant to § 1.701, shall be set forth in the schedule of the solicitation. The contracting officer's determination shall be final unless appealed in accordance with subparagraph (2) of this paragraph.

(2) *Appeal from classification.* An appeal from a product classification determination by a contracting officer must be taken:

(i) Not less than 10 working days before the bid opening date or the deadline for submitting proposals or quotations where this date or deadline is more than 30 days after the issuance of the invitation for bids or request for proposals or quotations; or

(ii) Not less than 5 working days before the bid opening date or the deadline for submitting proposals or quotations where this date or deadline is 30 or less days after the issuance of the invitation for bids or request for proposals or quotations.

Such appeals shall be directed to the Chairman, Size Appeals Board, Small Business Administration, Washington, D.C. 20416.

(3) *Action of Size Appeals Board.* The Size Appeals Board will promptly notify the contracting officer of the receipt of a valid appeal and, if possible, will inform the contracting officer prior to the date set for opening of the solicitation of its ruling on the appeal. The SBA decision, if received prior to the opening date, shall be considered final, and solicitations will be modified to reflect such decision, if necessary. Where appropriate, opening dates may be extended. SBA rulings received after the opening date shall not apply to the current procurement but shall apply in future procurements of the product.

§ 1.903-1 General standards.

(c) Have a satisfactory record of performance (contractors who are seriously deficient in current contract performance, when the number of contracts and the extent of deficiency of each are considered, shall, in the absence of evidence to the contrary or circumstances properly beyond the control of the contractor, be presumed to be unable to meet this requirement). Past unsatisfactory performance, due to failure to apply necessary tenacity or perseverance to do an acceptable job, shall be sufficient to justify a finding of nonresponsibility and in the case of small business concerns, shall not require submission of the case to the Small Business Administration; see §§ 1.705-4(c)(5) and 1.905-2;

§ 1.1103 Justification for inclusion of qualification requirements.

Subject to approval by: In case of the Army, the Directorate of Procurement and Production, AMC; in the Navy, the Chief of Naval Material; and in the Air Force, the Directorate of Procurement Policy (AFSPPE), Standardization Group, Headquarters, USAF; and in the Defense Supply Agency, the Executive Director, Procurement and Production; a qualification requirement may be included in a specification when one or more of the following conditions exist:

PART 2—PROCUREMENT BY FORMAL ADVERTISING

4. In § 2.201, a new subparagraph (40) is added to paragraph (a); and in § 2.502, paragraph (b)(4) is revised, as follows:

§ 2.201 Preparation of invitation for bids.

(40) Invitation for bid which will result in the placement of rated orders or Authorized Controlled Material Orders shall contain the following statement.

Contracts or purchase orders to be awarded as a result of this solicitation shall be assigned a (DX or DO as appropriate) rating or DMS allotment number (as appropriate) in accordance with the provisions of BDSA Regulation 2 and/or DMS Regulation 1.

§ 2.502 Conditions for use.

(b) A total small business set-aside is involved (see § 1.706-5(b) and § 1.706-2). A total small business set-aside would not be appropriate in a procurement of a highly technical and complex item where it is anticipated that, in order to obtain adequate competition (i) a significant number of acceptable technical proposals must be received from firms with prior testing, developmental, and production experience of the item, or major components thereof, and (ii) the restriction of such procurement to small business firms would seriously limit the number of qualified firms eligible to submit proposals.

PART 3—PROCUREMENT BY NEGOTIATION

5. In § 3.501, the introductory text of paragraph (b) is revised, and new subparagraphs (63) and (64) are added to the same paragraph, and a new paragraph (c) is added to the section, as follows:

§ 3.501 Preparation of request for proposals or request for quotations.

(b) Generally, requests for proposals or quotations shall be in writing. However, in appropriate cases as prescribed in paragraph (c) of this section, proposals or quotations may be solicited orally. Solicitations shall contain the information necessary to enable a prospective offeror to prepare a proposal or quotation properly. Written requests shall be as complete as possible and normally should contain the following information if applicable to the procurements involved:

(63) A request that prospective offerors state whether, to their knowledge, the procurement involves the acquisition of Government production and research property, the disposal of which may be restricted by patent or other rights (see § 13.307(b)); and

(64) Requests for Proposal which will result in the placement of rated orders or Authorized Controlled Material Orders shall contain the following statement.

Contracts or purchase orders to be awarded as a result of this solicitation shall be assigned a (DX or DO as appropriate) rating or DMS allotment number (as appropriate) in accordance with the provisions of BDSA Regulation 2 and/or DMS Regulation 1.

(c) Oral solicitations shall be in accordance with the following:

(1) Oral solicitations are authorized for small purchases (see Subpart F, Part 3 of this chapter) and for the procurement of perishable subsistence.

(2) Oral solicitations, other than those described in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, also are authorized in cases where the processing of a written solicitation would delay the furnishing of the supplies or services to the detriment of

the Government. Examples of such circumstances may include those listed in § 3.202-2. However, oral solicitation is not to be considered justified solely because a high Issue Priority Designator has been assigned to the requirement. In addition to other applicable documentation requirements (see § 1.308), the record of contract actions above shall include a resume of the circumstances which justified use of an oral solicitation, item description, quantity, deliveries required, sources solicited, prices quoted (including name of individual contacted), date and time contacted, and the solicitation number provided the prospective sources. Should the issuance of the resulting contractual instrument be unduly delayed, the contract file shall be documented to describe the reasons for the delay and justify award based upon the oral solicitation. The oral method of solicitation, pursuant to this subparagraph, shall not be used without prior approval at a level higher than the contracting officer.

(3) Use of oral solicitation does not relieve the contracting officer from complying with other applicable portions of this subchapter, e.g., the appropriate requirements of paragraph (b) of this section, post-award notice of offerors (see § 3.508-3), price negotiation policies and techniques (see Subpart H, Part 3 of this subchapter), and submission of same terms and conditions to all offerors.

6. Sections 3.605-5, 3.608-2(b)(1)(1), and 3.608-4 are revised; new paragraph (d) is added to § 3.608-6; in § 3.808-5(d), subparagraph (2) is revised; and in § 3.902-3(a), subparagraphs (4), (5), and (6) are revised, and new subparagraphs (7), (8), and (9) are added, as follows:

§ 3.605-5 Calls against blanket purchase agreements.

Calls against blanket purchase agreements generally will be made orally, except that informal correspondence may be used when ordering against agreements outside the local trade area. Written calls may be executed on DD Form 1155. Documentation of calls shall be limited to essential information. Forms may be developed for this purpose locally.

§ 3.608-2 Order for Supplies or Services (DD Forms 1155, 1155r, 1155r-1, 1155c, 1155c-1, and 1155s).

(b) *Conditions for use.* (1) * * *

(i) The procurement is unclassified, except that DD Form 1155 may be used for classified procurements if:

(a) The procuring contracting officer retains responsibility for complete administration of the contract, including compliance with the requirements of the Industrial Security Regulation (DOD 5220.22-R);

(b) The Military Security Requirements clause in § 7.104-12 is inserted in the schedule;

(c) DD Form 254 (Security Requirements Check List) (see § 16.811) is incorporated in the purchase order; and

(d) The contractor's acceptance of the purchase order is obtained by use of DD Form 1155s at the time of issuance of the order.

§ 3.608-4 Use of DD Form 1155s with DD Form 1155, DD Form 1155r, and DD Form 1155r-1.

(a) DD Form 1155s (Additional General Provisions, Modification and Acceptance) used with DD Form 1155 and 1155r in accordance with § 3.608-2(b)(1), or with DD Forms 1155 and 1155r-1 in accordance with § 3.608-2(b)(2) in negotiated procurement provides:

- (1) Additional general provisions;
- (2) A block for modifications;
- (3) A block for the contracting officer to mark if the contractor's written acceptance is requested; and
- (4) A space for the contractor's signature when a written acceptance is requested.

(b) DD Form 1155s is authorized for use in conjunction with DD Form 1155 when it is desired to:

(1) Consummate a binding contract between the parties before the contractor undertakes performance, in which case the contracting officer shall mark the block requiring acceptance by the contractor and shall attach the DD Form 1155s to the DD Form 1155;

(2) Modify the purchase order by action authorized under the Changes clause, in which case the contracting officer shall mark the block requiring acceptance by the contractor; that block need not be marked, however, if the contractor has previously executed such an acceptance on a DD Form 1155s issued under that purchase order;

(3) Modify the purchase order by making administrative changes such as the correction of typographical errors, changes in the paying office and changes in the accounting and appropriation data, in which case acceptance by the contractor is not required; or

(4) Otherwise modify the purchase order, in which case the contracting officer shall mark the block requiring acceptance by the contractor.

(c) DD Form 1155s shall be used in conjunction with DD Forms 1155 and 1155r-1 for all purchases in excess of \$2,500 which are made in accordance with § 3.608-2(b)(2).

(d) No additional clauses are authorized except as provided in § 3.608-2(b). A superseding DD Form 1155 shall not be used to issue a change to an outstanding purchase order.

§ 3.608-6 Use of DD Form 1155 as a delivery order.

(d) Within the monetary limitations of § 3.605-2, the DD Form 1155 may be used to order against a blanket purchase agreement.

§ 3.808-5 Assignment of values to specific factors.

(d) *Record of contract performance.*

(2) Contracting officers should insure that an adequate review is made of contractor's past performance in order that an objective evaluation of this performance may be accomplished. For assistance in determining fee or profit for an advanced-development, engineering-development, operational-systems-development or production contract in excess of \$1 million, the contracting officer shall obtain from the Defense Documentation Center, Attention: DDC-OSB, Cameron Station, Alexandria, Va. 22314 (see § 4.215), a transcript of the performance evaluation of the contractor with whom negotiations are being conducted or a statement that there is no record on file. This transcript or statement may be obtained for a procurement below \$1 million. This information shall be furnished within 3 working days from receipt of the request by the Defense Documentation Center. Reports of cost reduction monitors, small business, labor surplus, and other specialists involved in the evaluation of the various aspects of contractor performance should be obtained.

§ 3.902-3 Procedure.

(4) Identification to the maximum extent possible of components, subsystems, etc., which will be procured on a single or sole source basis, citing the reasons therefor and including plans for converting such items to competitive procurement (e.g., through synopsis pursuant to § 1.1003-6(b), etc.);

(5) The proposed subcontractors, if known;

(6) Designation of the plants and divisions in which the contractor proposes to make the item;

(7) Sufficient information to permit the contracting officer to evaluate the proposed program in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section;

(8) A statement that those items which are recommended as "buy" as identified in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph will be synopsisized in accordance with § 1.1003-6(b); and

(9) A statement that any additional Government production and research property as defined in § 13.101-9, required to produce "make" items prior to fabrication or acquisition, will be synopsisized in accordance with § 1.1003-6(b).

PART 4—SPECIAL TYPES AND METHODS OF PROCUREMENT

7. Sections 4.205-4(d) and 4.215 are revised; in § 4.303-10, items 20, 21, 28, and 29 are revised; and paragraph (c) of § 4.901-5 is revised, as follows:

§ 4.205-4 Evaluation for award.

(d) In evaluating proposals for contracts in excess of \$1 million for advanced-development, engineering-development, operational-systems-development, and follow-on or concurrent

production contracts, the Source Selection Advisory Council or any other person or group acting in a similar capacity shall obtain from the Defense Documentation Center, Attention: DDC-OSB, Cameron Station, Alexandria, Va. 22314 (see § 4.215), a transcript of the performance evaluations of all contractors submitting acceptable proposals, or a statement that there is no record on file. This transcript or statement may be obtained for a procurement below \$1 million. This information shall be furnished within 3 working days from receipt of the request by the Defense Documentation Center.

§ 4.215 Contractor Performance Evaluation Program.

The Contractor Performance Evaluation Program is a procedure for determining and recording the effectiveness of advanced-development (with measurable contractual commitments), engineering-development, and operational-systems-development and production contractors in meeting the performance, schedule, and cost provisions of their contracts. The program requires project managers within the Military Departments to submit periodic Contractor Performance Evaluation Reports (see DD Form 1446 series) for all such development contracts whose projected cost for a single year will exceed \$2 million or whose projected overall cost will exceed \$10 million and for all production contracts that follow or are concurrent with the development contracts evaluated (until firm specifications susceptible to price competition are in use), if the projected cost exceeds \$5 million for a single year or if the projected overall cost exceeds \$20 million. After review or certification by the appropriate Departmental Contractor Performance Evaluation Group (see DD Form 1447 series), the report is submitted to the contractor and then transmitted, with the contractor's comments, to the Director of Contractor Performance Evaluation, Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Installations and Logistics), for storage in a central data bank and use by Source Selection Advisory Councils or other persons or groups acting in similar capacity, contracting officers in determining fees or profits and the Renegotiation Board. The central data bank is maintained at the Defense Documentation Center of the Defense Supply Agency, Cameron Station, Alexandria, Va. 22314. Detailed procedures for this program are set forth in the Department of Defense Guide to Contractor Performance Evaluation (Development and Production).

§ 4.303-10 Schedule of items.

Item 20. *Drayage (when other services are performed)*. Service provided under this item shall include drayage as required beyond the zone(s) of performance included in the item specified in the order for service. Drayage shall be paid for at a rate per gross cwt. of shipment per mile of shipment over the shortest practicable route.

Zone ----- (provide for additional zones as appropriate).

- a. Unit price per gross cwt. per mile (dollars)-----
 - b. Estimated average gross cwt. per trip-----
 - c. Estimated total miles per trip-----
 - d. Estimated total number of trips-----
- Total amount (dollars)-----

(The total amount bid for this item will be computed on the basis of multiplying $a \times b \times c \times d$.)

Item 21. *Drayage (when other services not required)*. Service under this item shall include drayage as ordered, when other services are not required, at a rate per gross cwt. of shipment per mile of shipment over the shortest practicable route. Service under this item includes the loading and unloading of goods, and placing of same in line-haul carrier terminals or military transportation shipping offices or both. An inventory of individual articles will be prepared when requested by the Contracting Officer.

Zone ----- (provide for additional zones as appropriate).

- a. Unit price per gross cwt. per mile (dollars)-----
 - b. Estimated average gross cwt. per trip-----
 - c. Estimated total miles per trip-----
 - d. Estimated total number of trips-----
- Total amount (dollars)-----

(The total amount bid for this item will be computed on the basis of multiplying $a \times b \times c \times d$.)

Item 28. *Drayage (when other services are performed)*. Service under this item shall include drayage as required beyond the zone(s) of performance included in the item specified in the order for service. Drayage shall be paid for at a rate per gross cwt. of shipment per mile of shipment over the shortest practicable route.

Zone ----- (provide for additional zones as appropriate).

- a. Unit price per gross cwt. per mile (dollars)-----
 - b. Estimated average gross cwt. per trip-----
 - c. Estimated total miles per trip-----
 - d. Estimated total number of trips-----
- Total amount (dollars)-----

(The total amount bid for this item will be computed on the basis of multiplying $a \times b \times c \times d$.)

Item 29. *Drayage (when other services not required)*. Service under this item shall include drayage as ordered, when other services are not required, at a rate per gross cwt. of shipment per mile per shipment over the shortest practicable route. Service under this item includes loading and unloading of goods, and placing of same in owner's residence. An inventory of individual articles will be prepared when requested by the Contracting Officer.

Zone ----- (provide for additional zones as appropriate).

- a. Unit price per gross cwt. per mile (dollars)-----
 - b. Estimated average gross cwt. per trip-----
 - c. Estimated total miles per trip-----
 - d. Estimated total number of trips-----
- Total amount (dollars)-----

(The total amount bid for this item will be computed on the basis of multiplying $a \times b \times c \times d$.)

§ 4.901-5 Distribution of contracts.

(c) Headquarters, AFLC (MCAMM), Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio 45433.

PART 7—CONTRACT CLAUSES

8. New §§ 7.103-14 and 7.103-24 are added; § 7.105-8 is revoked; § 7.205-7 is revised; new § 7.302-27 is added; § 7.304-6 is revoked; § 7.404-5 is revised; and § 7.702-32 is revoked, as follows:

§ 7.103-14 Discounts.

DISCOUNTS (APR. 1963)

In connection with any discount offered, time will be computed from date of delivery of the supplies to carrier when delivery and acceptance are at the point of origin, or from date of delivery at destination or port of embarkation when delivery and acceptance are at either of these points, or from the date the correct invoice or voucher is received in the office specified by the Government, if the latter is later than date of delivery. Payment is deemed to be made for the purpose of earning the discount on the date of mailing of the Government check.

§ 7.103-24 Suspension of work.

(a) The primary purpose of the clause set forth in this section is to establish machinery for administrative settlement on a fair and speedy basis for certain delays and interruptions by the contracting officer in the contract work where other specific provision is not made in the contract for an equitable adjustment because of such delay or interruption (e.g., Government-furnished property, Changes, etc.).

(b) A secondary purpose of the clause is to provide expressly for an actually ordered suspension, delay, or interruption. This secondary use, however, is intended for infrequent use, under strict supervision and for as limited a period as practicable, particularly in the case of commercial type supplies. Inasmuch as an order to suspend work may result in incurred costs to the Government by reason of standby costs, such orders will be issued only with prior approval at a level above the contracting officer.

(c) Generally, use of an order to suspend work will be limited to those situations where it is advisable to suspend work pending a decision by the Government and a supplemental agreement providing for such suspension is not feasible. Although an order to suspend work may be used pending a decision to terminate for convenience, it will not be used pending a decision to terminate for default, nor will it be used in lieu of the issuance of a termination notice after a decision to terminate has been made. However, if a contractor is required to show cause why a contract should not be terminated for default, an order to suspend work may be included in the show cause notice if it has been determined that the contract will be terminated for

convenience if it is not terminated for default.

(d) An order to suspend work should include:

(1) A clear description of the work to be suspended.

(2) Instructions as to issuance of further orders by the contractor for material or services.

(3) Guidance as to action to be taken on subcontracts.

(4) Other suggestions to the contractor for minimizing costs.

(e) Promptly after issuance, the order to suspend work should be discussed with the contractor and should be modified, as necessary, in the light of such discussions. As soon as feasible after an order to suspend work is issued, the order will be canceled or the contract will be terminated for convenience.

(f) Where the contracting officer has notice of an unordered suspension, delay, or interruption, covered by paragraph (b) of the clause, he will act to end it as soon as practicable or terminate the contract for convenience.

(g) The contracting officer shall retain in the file a record of all negotiations leading to the adjustment made under the Suspension of Work clause, including financial and cost data.

(h) The prescribed clause may also be included by amendment in existing fixed-price supply contracts where a delay situation has not yet arisen.

(i) The clause:

SUSPENSION OF WORK (APRIL 1966)

(a) The Contracting Officer may order the Contractor in writing to suspend, delay, or interrupt all or any part of the work for such period of time as he may determine to be appropriate for the convenience of the Government.

(b) If the performance of all or any part of the work is, for an unreasonable period of time, suspended, delayed, or interrupted by an act of the Contracting Officer in the administration of this contract, or by his failure to act within the time specified in this contract (or if no time is specified within a reasonable time), and adjustment shall be made for any increase in the cost of performance of this contract (excluding profit) necessarily caused by such unreasonable suspension, delay, or interruption and the contract modified in writing accordingly. Adjustment shall also be made in the delivery or performance dates and any other contractual provision affected by such suspension, delay, or interruption. However, no adjustment shall be made for any suspension, delay, or interruption to the extent that performance would have been so suspended, delayed, or interrupted by any other cause including the fault or negligence of the Contractor. Also no adjustment shall be made under this clause for any suspension, delay, or interruption for which an equitable adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other provision of this contract.

(c) No claim under this clause shall be allowed (i) for any costs incurred more than 20 days before the Contractor shall have notified the Contracting Officer in writing of the act or failure to act involved (but this requirement shall not apply as to a claim resulting from a suspension order), and (ii) unless the claim, in an amount stated, is asserted in writing as soon as prac-

licable after the termination of such suspension, delay, or interruption, but not later than the date of final payment under the contract.

(d) If the parties fail to agree upon the existence or extent of a suspension, delay, or interruption, or on the amount of adjustment to be made, the dispute shall be determined as provided in the Disputes clause of this contract; but nothing in this clause shall excuse the Contractor from proceeding with the prosecution of the work in accordance with the contract to the extent possible or as otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer.

§ 7.105-8 Stop work orders. [Revoked]

§ 7.205-7 Stop work orders.

(a) *Use of clause.* The clause set forth in paragraph (c) of this section is authorized for use in cost-reimbursement type contracts under which work stoppage may be required for reasons such as advancements in the state of the art, production or engineering breakthroughs, or realignment of programs.

(b) *Use of orders.* (1) Inasmuch as stop work orders may result in increased costs to the Government by reason of standby costs, such orders will be issued only with prior approval at a level above the contracting officer. Generally, use of a stop work order will be limited to those situations where it is advisable to suspend work pending such a decision by the Government and a supplemental agreement providing for such suspension is not feasible. Although a stop work order may be used pending a decision to terminate for convenience, it will not be used pending a decision to terminate for default, nor will it be used in lieu of the issuance of a termination notice after a decision to terminate has been made.

(2) Stop work orders should include (i) a clear description of the work to be suspended, (ii) instructions as to the issuance of further orders by the contractor for material or services, (iii) guidance as to action to be taken on subcontracts, and (iv) other suggestions to the contractor for minimizing costs. Promptly after issuance, stop work orders should be discussed with the contractor and should be modified, if necessary, in the light of such discussions.

(3) As soon as feasible after a stop work order is issued, (i) the contract will be terminated; or (ii) the stop work order will either be canceled or—if necessary and if the contractor agrees—be extended beyond the period specified in the order. In any event, this must be done before the specified stop work period expires. When an extension of the stop work order is necessary, it shall be evidenced by a supplemental agreement. Any cancellation of a stop work order shall be subject to the same approvals as were required for the issuance of the order.

STOP WORK ORDER (APRIL 1966)

(a) The Contracting Officer may, at any time, by written order to the Contractor, require the Contractor to stop all, or any part, of the work called for by this contract for a period of ninety (90)* days after the order is delivered to the Contractor, and for any further period to which the parties may

agree. Any such order shall be specifically identified as a stop work order issued pursuant to this clause. Upon receipt of such an order, the Contractor shall forthwith comply with its terms and take all reasonable steps to minimize the incurrence of costs allocable to the work covered by the order during the period of work stoppage. Within a period of ninety (90)¹ days after a stop work order is delivered to the Contractor, or within any extension of that period to which the parties shall have agreed, the Contracting Officer shall either—

(i) Cancel the stop work order, or
(ii) Terminate the work covered by such order as provided in the "Termination" clause of this contract.

(b) If a stop work order issued under this clause is canceled or the period of the order or any extension thereof expires, the Contractor shall resume work. An equitable adjustment shall be made in the delivery schedule, the estimated cost, the fee, or a combination thereof, and in any other provisions of the contract that may be affected, and the contract shall be modified in writing accordingly, if—

(i) The stop work order results in an increase in the time required for, or in the Contractor's cost properly allocable to, the performance of any part of this contract, and

(ii) The Contractor asserts a claim for such adjustment within thirty (30) days after the end of the period of work stoppage: *Provided*, That, if the Contracting Officer decides the facts justify such action, he may receive and act upon any such claim asserted at any time prior to final payment under this contract.

Failure to agree to any adjustment shall be a dispute concerning a question of fact within the meaning of the "Disputes" clause of this contract.

(c) If a stop work order is not canceled and the work covered by such order is terminated for the convenience of the Government, the reasonable costs resulting from the stop work order shall be allowed in arriving at the termination settlement.

§ 7.302-27 Suspension of work.

In accordance with the instructions in § 7.103-24(a)-(h), insert the clause set forth in § 7.103-24(i).

§ 7.304-6 Stop work orders. [Revoked]

§ 7.404-5 Stop work orders.

The clause set forth in § 7.205-7 is authorized for use under the criteria and in accordance with the instructions in § 7.205-7.

§ 7.702-32 Patent or proprietary rights in facilities. [Revoked]

PART 8—TERMINATION OF CONTRACTS

9. Section 8.802-6 is revised to read as follows:

§ 8.802-6 DD Form 544—Inventory Schedule C—Work in Process and DD Form 544c—Inventory Schedule C—Continuation Sheet.

See F-200.544 and F-200.544c.

PART 11—FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL TAXES

10. Subparts A and B are revised; §§ 11.500(c), 11.501, and 11.501-3 are re-

¹This clause may provide for less than 90 days.

vised; and § 11.501-4 is revoked, as follows:

Subpart A—Federal Excise Taxes

Sec.	General.
11.100	Retailers excise taxes, special fuels.
11.101	Diesel fuel.
11.101-1	Special motor fuels.
11.101-2	Procedures.
11.101-3	Manufacturers excise taxes.
11.102	Motor vehicles.
11.102-1	Tires and tubes.
11.102-2	Gasoline.
11.102-3	Lubricating oils.
11.102-4	Fishing equipment.
11.102-5	Firearms, shells, and cartridges.
11.102-6	Excise taxes on facilities and services.
11.103	Excise taxes on facilities and services.
11.104	Use tax on highway motor vehicles.

AUTHORITY: The provisions of this Subpart A issued under sec. 2202, 70A Stat. 120; 10 U.S.C. 2202. Interpret or apply secs. 2301-2314, 70A Stat. 127-133; 10 U.S.C. 2301-2314.

§ 11.100 General.

This subpart deals with Federal taxes involved in the procurement of certain supplies and services. It is for the general information of Government personnel and does not purport to present the full scope of the applicable provisions of law and implementing regulations as they may be amended from time to time.

§ 11.101 Retailers excise taxes, special fuels.

§ 11.101-1 Diesel fuel.

A tax at the indicated rates is imposed upon any liquid, other than that taxable as gasoline under section 4081 of the Internal Revenue Code (see § 11.102-3), which is (a) sold by any person to an owner, lessee, or other operator of a diesel-powered highway vehicle, for use as a fuel in such vehicle, or (b) used by any person as a fuel in a diesel-powered highway vehicle unless there was a taxable sale of such liquid pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, as follows:

(1) At 4 cents per gallon, if sold for use or if used as fuel in a diesel-powered highway vehicle—

(i) Which, at the time of such sale or use, is registered, or is required to be registered, for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country; or
(ii) Which, if owned by the United States, is used on the highway; or

(2) At 2 cents per gallon, if sold for use or if used as fuel in a diesel-powered highway vehicle—

(i) Which, at the time of such sale or use, is not registered, and is not required to be registered, for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country; or

(ii) Which, if owned by the United States, is not used on the highway; and
(3) At an additional 2 cents per gallon, if fuel on which a tax of 2 cents was paid pursuant to subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, is used as fuel in a diesel-powered highway vehicle—

(i) Which, at the time of such use, is registered, or is required to be registered, for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country; or

(ii) Which, if owned by the United States, is used on the highway.

No tax is imposed on diesel fuel sold for use or used as fuel in a nonhighway vehicle, such as certain military vehicles, construction equipment, and equipment designed for use at mines, factories, railroad stations, and farms.

§ 11.101-2 Special motor fuels.

A tax at the rates indicated below is imposed upon benzol, benzene, naphtha, liquefied petroleum gas, casinghead and natural gasoline, or any other liquid (other than kerosene, gas oil, fuel oil, or a product taxable as diesel fuel under § 11.101-1, or as gasoline under section 4081 of the Internal Revenue Code (see § 11.102-3), which is (a) sold by any person to an owner, lessee, or other operator of a motor vehicle, motorboat, or airplane for use as a fuel for the propulsion thereof, or (b) used by any person as a fuel for the propulsion of a motor vehicle, motorboat, or airplane, unless there was a taxable sale of such liquid pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, as follows:

(1) At 4 cents per gallon, if such liquid is sold for use or is used as a fuel for a highway vehicle—

(i) Which, at the time of such sale or use, is registered, or is required to be registered, for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country; or

(ii) Which, if owned by the United States, is used on the highway, or

(2) At 2 cents per gallon, if such liquid is sold for use or is used as a fuel for the propulsion of a motorboat or airplane, or a motor vehicle—

(i) Which, at the time of such sale or use, is not registered, and is not required to be registered, for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country; or

(ii) Which, if owned by the United States, is not used on the highway; and

(3) At an additional 2 cents per gallon, if a liquid on which a tax of 2 cents was paid pursuant to subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, is used as fuel in a highway vehicle—

(i) Which, at the time of such use, is registered, or required to be registered, for highway use under the laws of any State or foreign country; or

(ii) Which, if owned by the United States is used on the highway.

§ 11.101-3 Procedures.

(a) *General.* The sale of diesel fuel to an owner, lessee, or other operator of a diesel-powered highway vehicle, or of special motor fuel to an owner, lessee, or other operator of a motor vehicle, motor boat, or airplane is considered as a taxable sale by the Internal Revenue Service only (1) if the liquid is delivered by the seller into the fuel supply tank of the vehicle, motor boat, or airplane, or (2) where not so delivered, the purchaser indicates in writing to the seller prior to or at the time of the sale that the entire quantity of the liquid covered by the sale is for use by him for a taxable purpose as a fuel in such a vehicle, motor boat, or airplane. If such a written statement is not furnished by the purchaser, he is liable for the tax at the applicable rate on that quantity of the

liquid which is used by him as fuel in such a vehicle, motor boat, or airplane, or which is sold by him in a taxable transaction.

(b) *Diesel fuel.* Within the Departments, diesel fuel is the only product which could be taxable under § 11.101-1. Diesel fuel shall be procured by the Departments at a price exclusive of the tax on diesel fuel unless the contract under which such fuel is to be furnished requires the contractor to deliver it into the fuel supply tank of a diesel-powered highway vehicle. The activity of any Department using diesel fuel in a diesel-powered highway vehicle, where the fuel had not been delivered by the contractor into the fuel supply tank of the vehicle and had therefore been procured tax free, shall be responsible for making payment of the tax, at the applicable rate, directly to the Internal Revenue Service. Such payment shall be made quarterly on TD Form 720 "Quarterly Federal Excise Tax Return." A Certificate of Export is not required to support a tax-free sale of diesel fuel exported to a foreign country or shipped to a possession of the United States or to Puerto Rico.

(c) *Special motor fuel (jet fuel).* The only product procured by the Departments to which the tax under § 11.101-2 could apply is jet fuel. Benzol, benzene, naphtha, liquefied petroleum gas, casinghead and natural gasoline, or any other liquid (other than kerosene, gas oil, fuel oil, or a product taxable as diesel fuel or as gasoline) is not used by the Departments as a fuel for the propulsion of motor vehicles, motor boats, or airplanes and, therefore, the procurement of these products by the Departments would not be subject to the tax on special motor fuel. Moreover, none of these products is subject to the manufacturers excise tax on gasoline. The procurement of jet fuel by the Departments, except on AF Form 15, shall be at a price exclusive of the tax on special motor fuels. The furnishing of a tax exemption certificate (vessel-of-war) is not required unless the contract under which such fuel is to be furnished requires the contractor to deliver it into the fuel supply tank of aircraft or unless such fuel meets the specification requirements of motor gasoline set forth in paragraph (A) of section 314.30 of Regulation 44 of the Internal Revenue Service. The contract price for jet fuel procured by any Department shall not include an amount for manufacturers excise tax on gasoline used in the production of such fuel. (If the manufacturers excise tax on gasoline has been paid on any material used in the production of jet fuel, the manufacturer of the gasoline is entitled to a refund or credit of such tax.) Jet fuel procured on AF Form 15 shall be at a price inclusive of the tax on special motor fuels.

§ 11.102 Manufacturers excise taxes.

§ 11.102-1 Motor vehicles.

(a) A tax at the rates indicated below is imposed upon the following articles (including parts and accessories sold

therewith) sold by a manufacturer, producer, or importer:

(1) Chassis and bodies of trucks, buses, truck and bus trailers, and semitrailers, and tractors of the kind chiefly used for highway transportation in combination with a trailer or semitrailer—10 percent; except that this tax does not apply to equipment designed for off-the-road use, such as certain military vehicles (including oxygen or bomb dollies), construction equipment, and equipment designed for use at mines, factories, railroad stations, and farms;

(2) Chassis and bodies of automobiles, and of trailers and semitrailers (other than house trailers) suitable for use with passenger automobiles—10 percent prior to June 22, 1965; 7 percent from June 22, 1965, through December 31, 1965; 6 percent from January 1, 1966, through March 15, 1966; 7 percent from March 16, 1966, through March 31, 1968; 2 percent from April 1, 1968, through December 31, 1968; 1 percent after December 31, 1968; and

(3) Parts or accessories for trucks and buses—when sold separately from a truck, bus, or other item taxable as indicated in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph 8 percent. Parts or accessories are defined to include any article—

(i) The primary use of which is to improve, repair, replace, or serve as a component part of a truck or bus;

(ii) Designed to be attached to or used in connection with a truck or bus or to add to its utility or ornamentation; or

(iii) The primary use of which is in connection with a truck or bus whether or not essential to its operation or use.

Spark plugs, storage batteries, leaf springs, coils, timers, and tire chains, which are suitable for use on or in connection with, or as component parts of, a taxable vehicle are treated as parts or accessories whether or not primarily adapted for such use. However, the term "parts or accessories" does not include tires or inner tubes. The tax on parts or accessories does not apply to any article sold for use (or for a single resale for use) as material in the manufacture of, or as a component part of any article whether or not such article is subject to a manufacturers excise tax. The contract price of supplies purchased by any Department shall not include an amount for the manufacturers excise tax on parts or accessories purchased for use in the manufacture of any article.

(b) Bodies are exempt from tax when sold by the manufacturer to a manufacturer of motor vehicles to be sold by the purchaser; however, a chassis manufacturer who purchases a body tax free is required to pay a tax on his sale of the completed vehicle as the manufacturer of both the chassis and the body. A manufacturer of motor vehicle chassis cannot sell such chassis tax free to manufacturers of motor vehicle bodies.

§ 11.102-2 Tires and tubes.

(a) A tax at the rates indicated below is imposed on the following supplies, made wholly or in part of rubber, including synthetic and substitute rubber,

sold by a manufacturer, producer, or importer:

(1) Tires of the type used on highway vehicles, which includes motor vehicles which are highway vehicles, and vehicles of the type used with motor vehicles which are highway vehicles—10 cents per pound;

(2) Other tires, which are designed to fit the wheel of any type of vehicle capable of transporting a person or burden (other than laminated tires which consist wholly of scrap rubber from used tire casings with an internal metal fastening agent)—5 cents per pound;

(3) Inner tubes, which include any type of air container for pneumatic tires—10 cents per pound on total weight, including air valves and stems;

(4) Laminated tires (not of the type used on highway vehicles) which consist wholly of scrap rubber from used tire casings with an internal metal fastening agent—1 cent per pound; and

(5) Tread rubber, which includes any material commonly or commercially known as tread rubber or camelback of a type used in retreading or recapping tires—5 cents per pound. An exemption exists for the sale of tread rubber or camelback by a manufacturer to a purchaser for use by that purchaser other than for recapping or retreading tires of the type used on highway vehicles. In addition, if tread rubber, upon which the tax has been paid, is sold for use or is used other than for recapping or retreading tires of the type used on highway vehicles, the manufacturer is entitled to a refund or credit of the tax: *Provided*, That the credit under paragraph (b) of this section is not available. The contract price for supplies purchased by any Department will not include an amount for the manufacturers excise tax on tread rubber to the extent that this exemption or refund or credit is available to the manufacturer. In determining weight of taxable tires under subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph, metal rims or rim bases are excluded, but any other material or fastening device that forms a part of the tire is included. The tax imposed under subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph, does not apply to tires which are not more than 20 inches in diameter and not more than 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ inches in cross section, if such tires are of all-rubber construction without fabric or metal reinforcement, nor does it apply to tires of extruded tiring with an internal wire fastening agent.

(b) The exemption for sales for further manufacture does not apply to taxable tires and tubes (see § 11.202). However, if tax-paid tires and tubes normally sold in connection with the sale by a manufacturer of a taxable motor vehicle are sold therewith, a credit against the tax on the motor vehicle is allowed to the extent of the motor vehicle tax rate applied to the manufacturers purchase price on the tires and tubes. The contract price for supplies purchased by any Department shall not include an amount for manufacturers excise tax on tires and tubes to the extent that this credit is available to the manufacturer.

§ 11.102-3 Gasoline.

(a) *General*. A tax of 4 cents per gallon is imposed on gasoline sold by a producer or importer. Gasoline means all products commonly or commercially known or sold as gasoline which are suitable for use as a motor fuel. The tax does not apply to the sale of gasoline to a producer, which is defined to include a refiner, compounder, blender, or dealer who sells gasoline exclusively to producers of gasoline.

(b) *Procedure*. Products procured by the Departments which are subject to the tax under paragraph (a) of this section include motor gasoline, clear unleaded gasoline, automotive combat gasoline, and aviation gasoline for reciprocating engines. The procurement of motor gasoline, clear unleaded gasoline and automotive combat gasoline shall be at a price inclusive of the tax unless the product is to be exported to a foreign country or shipped to a possession of the United States or to Puerto Rico, or is to be used as supplies for vessels, in which event the procedure in § 11.202 (b) or (d) shall be followed. The procurement of aviation gasoline for reciprocating engines, if to be used for the propulsion of military aircraft and if not made on AF Form 15, shall be at a price exclusive of the tax under paragraph (a) of this section, and a vessel-of-war tax exemption certificate shall be furnished in accordance with § 11.202(d). The procurement of aviation gasoline which is not to be used for the propulsion of military aircraft or which is made on AF Form 15 shall be at a price inclusive of the tax on gasoline.

(c) *Refunds*. The ultimate purchaser of gasoline is entitled to a refund of 2 cents per gallon for gasoline used otherwise than as fuel in a highway vehicle, and in certain circumstances to fuel used in such a vehicle. However, activities of the Department of Defense will not apply for such refunds.

§ 11.102-4 Lubricating oils.

(a) *General*. A tax of 6 cents per gallon is imposed on lubricating oil (other than cutting oils) sold by the manufacturer or producer unless sold to another manufacturer or producer of lubricating oils for resale. Lubricating oil means all oils which are either sold for use as a lubricant or are suitable for use as a lubricant. The tax applies unless—

(1) The sale is exempt from tax under § 11.202; or

(2) The oil has been determined by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to be "seldom used as a lubricant" and is sold for a nonlubricating use; or

(3) The oil is sold as cutting oil under the procedure described in paragraph (c) of this section.

(b) *"Seldom used as a lubricant."* The following oils have been determined by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to be "seldom used as a lubricant" and, thus, may be sold tax free: castor oil, petroleum white oil of certain specifications, crude neatsfoot oil, transformer or insulating oil, and a certain product

used as an additive to the fuel used in internal combustion engines.

(c) *Cutting oils*. Oil sold as cutting oil is not subject to the tax if the manufacturer or producer follows one of three procedures. First, lubricating oils may be sold tax free by the manufacturer or producer as cutting oil in any case where:

(1) The manufacturer or producer packages the oil in containers of 5 gallons or less furnished by him and labeled by him to indicate use of the oil only in cutting and machining operations on metals;

(2) Any advertising of the oil so packaged and labeled indicates that the oil is for use only in cutting and machining operations on metals; and

(3) The oil so packaged and labeled is sold by the manufacturer or producer to a purchaser for such use by him or for resale by him for such use.

Second, where the Commissioner of Internal Revenue has determined oil to be suitable for use as a lubricant only in cutting and machining operations on metals, the oil may be sold tax free by the manufacturer or producer as cutting oils, unless the manufacturer has definite knowledge, prior to or at the time of the sale, that the oil is not being purchased for use, or resale for use, in cutting and machining operations on metals. Oils as to which the Commissioner has made such a determination may be sold tax free whether in bulk or otherwise. However, the Commissioner may require that the oil be specifically represented to the purchaser, whether by labeling or otherwise, as being suitable for use only in cutting and machining operations on metals. Third, lubricating oils which are sold for use, or for resale for use in cutting and machining operations on metals, but which may not be sold tax free under one of the procedures described above, may be sold tax free, provided the manufacturer obtains from the purchaser a properly executed cutting oil certificate. The form set forth in § 11.501-3 shall be utilized for this purpose.

(d) *Refunds*. The ultimate purchaser of lubricating oil (other than cutting oils, imported lubricating oils, or re-refined oil) is entitled to a refund of 6 cents per gallon on oil purchased tax paid which is used otherwise than as a lubricant in a highway motor vehicle. However, activities of the Department of Defense will not apply for such refunds.

§ 11.102-5 Fishing equipment.

A tax of 10 percent is imposed upon fishing equipment (including parts or accessories sold therewith) sold by a manufacturer, producer, or importer.

§ 11.102-6 Firearms, shells, and cartridges.

(a) A tax is imposed at the rate of 10 percent upon pistols and revolvers; and at the rate of 11 percent on other firearms, shells, and cartridges sold by a manufacturer, producer, or importer. The tax does not attach when such articles are purchased with funds appropriated for the Military Departments.

(b) Chapter 53A of the Internal Revenue Code imposes a transfer tax and a tax on the manufacturer of machine guns and certain other firearms. Transfer to, or manufacture for, the United States is specifically exempted.

(c) Clearly identified orders or contracts of a Military Department, signed by an authorized officer of such Department, will be accepted in support of the exemption. In the absence of such orders or contracts, a statement signed by an authorized officer of a Military Department that the firearms, shells, or cartridges were purchased with funds appropriated for the Military Departments will be acceptable.

§ 11.103 Excise taxes on facilities and services.

Chapter 33 of the Internal Revenue Code imposes excise taxes on communications and certain transportation of persons by air. In general, the tax is based upon the amount paid for the service and is imposed upon the person paying for the service.

§ 11.104 Use tax on highway motor vehicles.

(a) A tax of \$3 a year for each 1,000 pounds of taxable gross weight, or fraction thereof, is imposed upon the use of any highway motor vehicle which, together with semitrailers and trailers customarily used in connection with a vehicle of this type, has a taxable gross weight in excess of 26,000 pounds. The full tax is due for any vehicle which is used on the public highways of the United States at any time during the month of July, irrespective whether the vehicle is later removed from highway use. If the first use of a taxable vehicle occurs after the end of July, the tax is computed proportionately from the first day of the month in which the vehicle is first used, through the end of the following June. For example, if a vehicle is placed in use during August, $\frac{1}{12}$ of the total tax is payable. No tax applies to vehicles, even though of a highway type, which are never used on the public highways during the taxable year.

(b) Taxable gross weight is the sum of—

(1) The actual unloaded weight of the vehicle and any semitrailers and trailers customarily used with such a vehicle, all units fully equipped for service; and

(2) The weight of the maximum load customarily carried by all units of a vehicle of this type.

(c) The tax is payable by the person in whose name the vehicle is, or is required to be, registered under the law of any State, or if owned by the United States, by the agency or instrumentality of the United States operating such vehicle. If a tax has been paid for a particular vehicle, no further liability can be incurred in the same taxable year, even though there is a change of ownership of the vehicle.

(d) The Secretary of the Treasury, however, has authorized an exemption for vehicles used by the United States

whether or not they are Government owned.

Subpart B—Exemptions From Federal Excise Taxes

Sec.	
11.200	Policy.
11.201	Retailers excise taxes.
11.202	Manufacturers excise taxes.
11.203	Supplies and services for the exclusive use of the United States.

AUTHORITY: The provisions of this Subpart B issued under sec. 2202, 70A Stat. 120; 10 U.S.C. 2202. Interpret or apply secs. 2301-2314, 70A Stat. 127-133; 10 U.S.C. 2301-2314.

§ 11.200 Policy.

It is the policy of the Department of Defense to take maximum advantage of all exemptions from Federal excise taxes available to the United States and its contractors and to claim all refunds and credits which may be available to the United States and its contractors, except as otherwise provided in this subpart and Subpart A of this part.

§ 11.201 Retailers excise taxes.

No retailers excise tax is imposed:

(a) On the sale of special fuels for the exclusive use of any State, any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or with respect to the use thereof by any of the foregoing;

(b) On the sale of special fuels for export or for shipment to a possession of the United States (which for the purpose of this exemption includes Puerto Rico), and in due course so exported or shipped—

(1) This exemption shall be utilized by purchasing on a tax-exclusive basis and furnishing the required proof of exportation or shipment to a possession if:

(i) The purchase is substantial, and
(ii) Exportation or shipment to a possession is intended to follow not more than 6 months after title passes to the Government.

(2) To qualify for the exemption of sales for export or for shipment to a possession:

(i) The supplies must be identified as having been sold by the manufacturer (if the tax is a manufacturers excise tax) or the retailer (if the tax is a retailers excise tax) for export or shipment to a possession. The words "for export or shipment to a possession" incorporated into or stamped on a contract or purchase order are acceptable to the Internal Revenue Service as evidence that the sale is for export or for shipment to a possession. In solicitations and contracts, the terms of which imply that the supplies will be either exported or shipped to a possession (e.g., delivery to a port of embarkation or special packing requirements for overseas shipment) where the purchase is not substantial and it is therefore desired to purchase on a Federal excise tax-inclusive basis, the solicitations and the contract should clearly state that proof of export certificates will not be issued.

(ii) The supplies must be exported or shipped to a possession in due course. Proof of export or shipment will be fur-

nished to the contractor in the form set forth in § 11.501.

(c) On the sale of special fuels to retailers for resale. (Sales by the United States, or any agency or instrumentality thereof, are not exempt unless specifically made exempt by statute.);

(d) On the sale of special motor fuels for use or used in the propulsion of vessels of war or military aircraft of the type enumerated in § 11.202(d);

(e) On the sale of special fuels to a nonprofit educational organization for its exclusive use, or, with respect to the use thereof by a nonprofit educational organization.

§ 11.202 Manufacturers excise taxes.

No manufacturers excise tax is imposed:

(a) On the sale of any article for use by the purchaser for further manufacture or for resale to a second purchaser for use by such second purchaser in further manufacture (An article shall be treated as sold for use in further manufacture if sold for use by the purchaser as material in the manufacture or production of, or as a component part of, another taxable article to be manufactured or produced. In the case of truck or bus parts and accessories, it is not necessary that the produced article be a taxable article. This exemption does not apply to tires or inner tubes.); or

(b) On the sale of any article for export, or for shipment to a possession of the United States which for the purpose of this exemption includes Puerto Rico. This exemption shall be obtained only when the purchase is substantial and exportation or shipment to a possession is intended to follow not more than 6 months after title passes. For proper utilization of this exemption, see § 11.201(b).

(c) On the sale of any article for resale to a second purchaser for export. If articles upon which a manufacturers excise tax has been paid are resold by a dealer for export, or for shipment to a possession, the manufacturer is entitled to a credit or refund of the tax paid. If it is economically advantageous to do so, this credit or refund shall be utilized by purchase from a dealer on a tax exclusive basis and execution of the required exemption certificate set forth in § 11.501-1.

(d) On sales of supplies for use as fuel supplies, ships' stores, sea stores, or legitimate equipment on vessels of war of the United States or of any foreign nation, including aircraft owned by the United States or by any foreign nation and constituting a part of the armed forces thereof, and guided missiles and pilotless aircraft owned or chartered by the United States. This exemption and the exemption from the retailers excise tax on special motor fuels (see § 11.201(d)) shall be utilized by purchasing on a tax-exclusive basis and furnishing the required exemption certificate (see § 11.501-2) only if:

(1) The purchase is substantial,
(2) The contracting officer determines at the time of the purchase that the sup-

plies are intended for use in vessels of war or military aircraft, and

(3) The administrative burden of insuring that the supplies are used for exempt purposes does not make use of the exemption uneconomical. Administrative difficulties normally will not exist if the particular supply is suited exclusively for use in vessels or aircraft.

If supplies upon which a manufacturer's excise tax has been paid are sold by a dealer for any of the exempt uses enumerated above, the manufacturer is entitled to a credit or refund of the tax paid. If it is economically advantageous to do so, this credit or refund shall be utilized by purchase from a dealer on a tax-exclusive basis and execution of the required exemption certificate set forth in § 11.501-2.

(e) On the sale of any article for the exclusive use of a State or local government; and

(f) On the sale of any article to a non-profit educational organization for its exclusive use.

§ 11.203 Supplies and services for the exclusive use of the United States.

By virtue of action taken by the Secretary of the Treasury, pursuant to section 4293 of the Internal Revenue Code, exemption is available, and shall be obtained, to the extent indicated, from the following Federal excise taxes:

(a) Tax on communication services and facilities furnished directly to the United States (as distinguished from being furnished to a Government contractor) and paid for directly by the Government (such exemption is obtained without any exemption certificate); and

(b) Tax on transportation of persons for transportation furnished the United States upon a Government transportation request (such exemption is obtainable by use of such transportation request).

§ 11.500 General.

(c) With respect to the forms set out in §§ 11.501-2 and 11.501-3, the Internal Revenue Service will accept one certificate covering all orders under a single contract for a specified period not exceeding four calendar quarters.

§ 11.501 Federal excise taxes.

The forms of certificates set forth in §§ 11.501-1 through 11.501-3 may be reproduced locally.

§ 11.501-3 Cutting oil certificate.

The following form of certificate shall be used by the purchaser of cutting oil, in accordance with § 11.102-4(c).

CUTTING OIL CERTIFICATE

(For use by purchaser of lubricating oil subject to tax under section 4091 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, for use by purchaser in cutting and machining operations on metals)

Contract:
Contract Period:
Contractor:
Product:
End Use:

The undersigned certifies that he is an authorized agent of the United States of America and that the oil covered by the contract identified above is purchased for the use indicated as a lubricant in cutting and machining operations on metals.

The undersigned understands that the purchaser must be prepared to establish by satisfactory evidence the actual use or disposition made of such oil, and that upon its use of the oil for a lubricating purpose other than in cutting and machining operations on metals, or upon its sale or other disposition of the oil, it is required to notify the manufacturer.

The fraudulent use of this certificate for the purpose of purchasing oil tax free, rather than subject to tax at the rate of 6 cents a gallon, will subject the guilty party to a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than five (5) years, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.

(Signature)

(Title)

(Address)

§ 11.501-4 Cutting oil certificate. [Revoked]

PART 13—GOVERNMENT PROPERTY

11. Sections 13.102-1, 13.102-2, and the introductory text of § 13.702(b) are revised to read as follows:

§ 13.102-1 Prime contractors.

It is the policy of the Department of Defense not to hold a contractor responsible for loss of or damage to Government property caused by certain perils when such Government property is provided under:

(a) A facilities contract;

(b) A negotiated, fixed-price-type procurement contract for which the price is not based on (1) adequate price competition, (2) established catalog or market prices of commercial items sold in substantial quantities to the general public (see § 3.807-1(b)), or (3) prices set by law or regulation; or

(c) A cost-type procurement contract.

§ 13.102-2 Subcontractors.

(a) If Government property is provided to a subcontractor directly by the Government, § 13.102-1 shall apply.

(b) If Government property is provided to a subcontractor by a prime contractor, the latter shall be required to hold the subcontractor liable for any loss of or damage to such property; *Provided, however,* That if the prime contract falls under either § 13.102-1 (b) or (c), the prime contractor may, with the prior approval of the contracting officer:

(1) Include in any cost-reimbursement type subcontract thereunder provisions similar to those contained in paragraph (g) of the clause in § 13.703; and

(2) Include in any fixed-price subcontract meeting the criteria set forth in § 13.102-1(b) a provision similar to that contained in § 13.702(b).

Contracting officers shall, prior to approving the inclusion of the provisions referred to above in any subcontract,

balance the need for the protection and care of Government property against the cost thereof. A prime contractor who provides Government property to a subcontractor shall not be relieved of any responsibility to the Government that he may have under the terms of his contract.

§ 13.702 Government property clause for fixed-price contracts.

(b) In negotiated fixed-price contracts for which the price is not based on (1) adequate price competition, (2) established catalog or market prices of commercial items sold in substantial quantities to the general public (see § 3.807-1(b)), or (3) prices set by law or regulation, substitute the following for paragraph (g) of the clause in paragraph (a) of this section:

PART 15—CONTRACT COST PRINCIPLES AND PROCEDURES

12. Paragraph (e) of § 15.205-22 is revised to read as follows:

§ 15.205-22 Material costs.

(e) Allowance for all materials, supplies, and services which are sold or transferred between any division, subsidiary, or affiliate of the contractor under a common control shall be on the basis of cost incurred in accordance with this subpart, except that when it is the established practice of the transferring organization to price interorganization transfers of materials, supplies, and services at other than cost for commercial work of the contractor or any division, subsidiary, or affiliate of the contractor under a common control, allowance may be at a price when:

(1) It is or is based on an "established catalog or market price of commercial items sold in substantial quantities to the general public" in accordance with § 3.807-1(b)(2); or

(2) It is the result of "adequate price competition" in accordance with § 3.807-1(b)(1)(i) and (ii) (a) and (b), and is the price at which an award was made to the affiliated organization after obtaining quotations on an equal basis from such organization and one or more outside sources which normally produce the item or its equivalent in significant quantity;

provided that in either case:

(i) The price is not in excess of the transferor's current sales price to his most favored customer (including any division, subsidiary, or affiliate of the contractor under a common control) for a like quantity under comparable conditions, and

(ii) The price is not determined to be unreasonable by the contracting officer; *Provided, however,* That if the price is determined unreasonable, such determi-

nation must be supported by an enumeration of facts on which it is based and approved at a level above the contracting officer.

The price determined in accordance with subparagraph (1) of this paragraph should be adjusted, when appropriate, to reflect the quantities being procured and may be adjusted upward or downward to reflect the actual cost of any modifications necessary because of contract requirements.

PART 18—PROCUREMENT OF CONSTRUCTION AND CONTRACTING FOR ARCHITECT-ENGINEER SERVICES

13. Sections 18.1001-1, 18.1001-2, 18.1001-3, and 18.1001-4 are revised to read as follows:

§ 18.1001-1 Special fuels.

See § 11.101.

§ 18.1001-2 Motor vehicles.

See § 11.102-1.

§ 18.1001-3 Tires and tubes.

See § 11.102-2.

§ 18.1001-4 Gasoline.

See § 11.102-3.

[Rev. 18, ASPR, Aug. 1, 1966] (Sec. 2202, 70A Stat. 120; 10 U.S.C. 2202. Interpret or apply secs. 2301-2314, 70A Stat. 127-133; 10 U.S.C. 2301-2314)

KENNETH G. WICKHAM,
Major General, U.S. Army,
The Adjutant General.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11182; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

Title 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[Docket No. 8161]

PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

Ship 'n Shore, Inc.

Subpart—Advertising falsely or misleadingly: § 13.95 *Identity of product*; § 13.235 *Source or origin*: 13.235-60 *Place*: 13.235-60(a) *Domestic products as imported*. Subpart—Furnishing means and instrumentalities of misrepresentation or deception: § 13.1055 *Furnishing means and instrumentalities of misrepresentation or deception*. Subpart—Misbranding or mislabeling: § 13.1230 *Identity*; § 13.1325 *Source or origin*: 13.1325-70 *Place*: 13.1325-70(a) *Domestic product as imported*.

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended, 15

U.S.C. 45) [Modified order to cease and desist, Ship 'n Shore, Inc. et al., Upland, Pa., Docket 8161, Sept. 19, 1966]

Order modifying an earlier consent order, 26 F.R. 6023, dated May 16, 1961, requiring a manufacturer of women's sportswear to cease using the term "madras" to describe a textile product not imported from India, but allowing the nondeceptive use of the term if the fabric has an actual resemblance to true madras fabric.

The modified order to cease and desist, including further order requiring report of compliance therewith, is as follows:

It is ordered, That this proceeding be, and it hereby is, reopened.

It is further ordered, That the order to cease and desist issued in this matter on May 16, 1961, be, and it hereby is, modified to read as follows:

It is ordered, That respondent Ship 'n Shore, Inc., a corporation, and its officers, agents, representatives, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale, or distribution of blouses, sportswear, or other textile products, in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Using the word "madras" or any simulations thereof, either alone or in connection with other words, to designate, describe, or refer to any fabric or other textile product which is not in fact made of fine cotton, handloomed and imported from India, and if the cloth is other than natural in color, has not been dyed with bleeding vegetable dyes: *Provided, however*, That if the fabric or textile product does in fact resemble or is similar to madras fabric, the term "madras" may be used in any phrase or statement to clearly and nondeceptively set forth the actual resemblance or similarity.

2. Placing in the hands of retailers the means and instrumentalities by and through which they may deceive the purchasing public concerning merchandise in the respects set out in paragraph 1, above.

It is further ordered, That the complaint against the individual respondent William Netzkzy be, and the same hereby is, dismissed.

It is further ordered, That respondent Ship 'n Shore, Inc., shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon it of this order, file with the Commission a report, in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which it has complied with the order to cease and desist set forth herein.

Issued: September 19, 1966.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11193; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

Title 41—PUBLIC CONTRACTS AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

Chapter 5—General Services Administration

PART 5-12—LABOR

Subpart 5-12.8—Equal Opportunity in Employment

This amendment revises Subpart 5-12.8 for the purpose of prescribing revised, expanded, and updated procedures for carrying out the GSA Equal Employment Opportunity Program. The amendment provides that the GSA Civil Rights Program Policy Staff is responsible for the overall administration of the GSA Equal Employment Opportunity Program, indicates the duties and responsibilities under the program of various officials and organizational units associated with the program, and prescribes more detailed instructions for the program's administration. In addition, the amendment reflects the requirements of Executive Order No. 11246 of September 24, 1965, the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR Part 60-1), and the directives issued by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance (EEO).

The table of contents for Part 5-12 is amended to provide revised entries for Subpart 5-12.8, as follows:

Subpart 5-12.8—Equal Opportunity in Employment

Sec.	
5-12.800	Scope of subpart.
5-12.803	Basic requirements.
5-12.803-2	Equal Opportunity clause.
5-12.803-6	Notice to bidders regarding preaward equal opportunity compliance reviews.
5-12.803-50	Equal opportunity representation.
5-12.804	Exemptions.
5-12.804-1	General.
5-12.804-2	Specific contracts.
5-12.804-3	Facilities not connected with contracts.
5-12.805	Administration.
5-12.805-1	Duties and responsibilities.
5-12.805-4	Compliance reports.
5-12.805-5	Compliance reviews.
5-12.805-6	Complaints.
5-12.805-50	Ability to comply with the Equal Opportunity clause.
5-12.805-51	Equal employment opportunity considerations.
5-12.805-52	[Reserved]
5-12.805-53	Identification of Predominant Interest Agency.
5-12.805-54	Awards.
5-12.805-55	Monthly listing of construction contractors.
5-12.807	Hearings.
5-12.812	Rulings and interpretations.

AUTHORITY: The provisions of this Subpart 5-12.8 issued under sec. 205(c), 63 Stat. 390; 40 U.S.C. 486(c).

Subpart 5-12.8, Equal Opportunity in Employment, is revised to read as follows:

RULES AND REGULATIONS

§ 5-12.800 Scope of subpart.

This subpart implements and supplements FPR 1-12.8 of this title and sets forth the GSA Equal Employment Opportunity Program procedures and requirements regarding Government contracts.

§ 5-12.803 Basic requirements.**§ 5-12.803-2 Equal Opportunity clause.**

(a) Executive Order No. 11246 dated September 24, 1965 (30 F.R. 12319), on Equal Employment Opportunity provides for the inclusion of an Equal Opportunity clause in every Government contract not exempted by the order. The clause which is prescribed for use is set forth in § 1-12.803-2 of this title, as amended. (See FPR amendments for changes in the clause required by Executive Order No. 11246.)

(b) The following Government contract forms contain the Equal Opportunity clause:

(1) Standard Form 2-A, General Provisions and Instructions, U.S. Government Lease for Real Property (February 1965 edition), as prescribed by § 1-16.601 (b) of this title.

(2) Standard Form 23-A, General Provisions (Construction Contract) (June 1964 edition), as prescribed by § 1-16.401 (h) of this title.

(3) Standard Form 32, General Provisions (Supply Contract) (June 1964 edition), as prescribed by § 1-16.101 (b) of this title.

(4) GSA Form 1714, Equal Opportunity Clause (August 1966 edition). This form (illustrated at § 5-16.950-1714 of this chapter) is a preprinting of the Equal Opportunity clause which may be incorporated by attachment or reference, if appropriate, in invitations for bids and requests for proposals where Standard Forms 23-A or 32 are not used.

(5) Government Bills of Lading. The rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor, 41 CFR Part 60-1 of this title (30 F.R. 13441), provide that inclusion of the Equal Opportunity clause in Government Bills of Lading may be by reference. Comptroller General Decision B-109776 dated March 7, 1966, provides that the incorporation of the Equal Opportunity clause by reference shall be by inclusion of a provision on the Government bill of lading form (see Condition 9 on the back of the form), as follows:

The nondiscrimination clause contained in section 202 of Executive Order 11246, as amended, relative to equal employment opportunity for all persons without regard to race, creed, color, or national origin, and the implementing rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Labor are incorporated herein.

Government bills of lading forms which contain a Condition 9 based on Executive Orders Nos. 10925, 10557, or 11114 may be used until exhausted without modification of the condition.

(6) Commercial Bills of Lading. The reference to the Equal Opportunity clause prescribed in subparagraph (5) of this paragraph for use in standard Government bills of lading shall also

be incorporated by attachment or reference in each of the following:

(i) Commercial bills of lading which are to be converted to Government bills of lading.

(ii) Commercial bills of lading (including GSA Form 1642, Straight Bill of Lading—Domestic) when they cover the transportation of property of the U.S. Government or when the transportation charges will be paid by the Government, either directly to the carrier or to the contractor when the transportation charges are listed separately on the invoice for the property.

§ 5-12.803-6 Notice to bidders regarding preaward equal opportunity compliance reviews.

A notice of preaward equal opportunity compliance review for inclusion in invitations for bids which may result in a bid of \$1 million or more is required by order of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor (31 F.R. 6881). A notice for uniform, Government-wide use is prescribed in FPR § 1-12.803-6 of this title.

§ 5-12.803-50 Equal opportunity representation.

A statement by the bidder or prospective contractor as to whether he has participated in any previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause (see FPR § 1-12.805-4(e) of this title) is included in Standard Form 19-B, Representations and Certifications (Construction Contract) (December 1965 edition) and in Standard Form 33, Invitation, Bid, and Award (Supply Contract) (December 1964 edition). Pending the publication of a new edition of Standard Form 33, the equal opportunity representation included as Provision 6 in the form shall be modified by inserting after the reference to "Executive Order 10925" the following: "or the clause contained in section 201 of Executive Order No. 11114."

§ 5-12.804 Exemptions.**§ 5-12.804-1 General.**

Contracts and subcontracts exempt from the requirements of the Equal Opportunity clause are covered in FPR § 1-12.804-1 of this title.

§ 5-12.804-2 Specific contracts.

Requests for exemption from use of the Equal Opportunity clause for specific contracts or categories of contracts shall be submitted with a complete justification to the Director, Civil Rights Program Policy Staff, for consideration and transmission to the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor.

§ 5-12.804-3 Facilities not connected with contracts.

Requests by GSA contractors and subcontractors for exemption from the Equal Opportunity clause of facilities not involved in the performance of Government contracts shall be submitted with a complete justification to the Director, Civil Rights Program Policy Staff, for

consideration and transmission to the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor.

§ 5-12.805 Administration.**§ 5-12.805-1 Duties and responsibilities.**

(a) *Director, Civil Rights Program Policy Staff, Office of General Counsel.* The Director is immediately responsible for the implementation of the GSA Equal Employment Opportunity Program. All communications regarding any phase of the Program which are received from or require transmittal to the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor, or the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, or the Department of Justice, shall be coordinated with or handled by the Director.

(b) *Civil Rights Program Policy Staff, Office of General Counsel.* The staff shall be responsible for (1) the overall administration of the GSA Equal Employment Opportunity Program, including contracts compliance; (2) directing and coordinating the GSA Equal Employment Opportunity Program; and (3) developing and recommending policies, guidelines, and procedures to the Administrator which are necessary for carrying out GSA's responsibilities under the Equal Employment Opportunity Program.

(c) *Office of Compliance, Civil Rights Division.* The office shall be responsible for the overall administration of the GSA Equal Employment Opportunity Compliance Review and Inspection Program in accordance with the provisions of this Subpart 5-12.8 and FPR Subpart 1-12.8 of this title, and the instructions of the Director, Civil Rights Program Policy Staff.

(d) *Other procurement officials and program managers.* The personnel assigned these duties shall be responsible for taking all steps and precautions which are appropriate and necessary to assure contractor compliance with the GSA Equal Employment Opportunity Program as set forth in this Subpart 5-12.8 and FPR Subpart 1-12.8 of this title, and the instructions of the Director, Civil Rights Program Policy Staff.

(e) *Contracts Compliance Officer.* The officer is the Director, Civil Rights Program Policy Staff, Office of General Counsel.

(f) *Deputy Contracts Compliance Officers.* The Deputy Contracts Compliance Officers are the Regional Counsels in the respective GSA regional offices. These officers shall be responsible for implementation of the GSA Equal Employment Opportunity Program in their offices in accordance with this Subpart 5-12.8 and FPR Subpart 1-12.8 of this title, and the instructions of the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff. In addition, these officers shall be responsible for providing assistance in their regions to the Regional Administrator, contracting officers, and field personnel of the Office of Compliance, Civil Rights Division, in the execution of their responsibilities.

(g) *Civil Rights Program Coordinators.* The coordinators, designated by the respective Services and Staff Offices, shall be the liaison between the Central Office contracting officers of their respective procuring activities and the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff and Office of Compliance regarding implementation of the GSA Equal Employment Opportunity Program and related procedures.

(h) *Contracting Officers.* The contracting officers in each GSA procuring activity shall be responsible for determining whether prospective contractors appear to be able to conform to the requirements of the Equal Opportunity clause. These officers also shall be responsible for directing to the attention of the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff, through either the Service or Staff Office Civil Rights Program Coordinators or the Deputy Contracts Compliance Officers, any deficiencies in a contractor's equal employment posture noted during contract performance. In addition, these officers are responsible for taking all other actions necessary to assure contractor compliance with the GSA Equal Employment Opportunity Program.

§ 5-12.805-4 Compliance reports.

(a) Each nonexempt contractor and subcontractor shall file or already have filed, prior to award, compliance reports in accordance with the rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor and the printed instructions (except as provided in paragraph (b) of this § 5-12.805-4) on Standard Form 100, Equal Employment Opportunity Employer Information Report EEO-1. In addition, such contractors and subcontractors may be required, prior to award, to furnish such other information regarding their equal employment policies and procedures as the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff, the Office of Compliance, the contracting officer, or the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor, may require.

(b) If a nonexempt prime contractor or subcontractor has not filed a Standard Form 100 as required, the contracting officer shall supply such contractors with copies of the forms for completion and immediate return to the contracting officer. Contractors shall be instructed to submit the Standard Form 100 directly to the contracting officer, in order to expedite the determinations of their ability to comply with the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause, and to ignore the instruction to file the report with the Joint Reporting Committee, 1800 G Street NW., Washington, D.C. 20506 which appears on the form.

(c) Upon receipt of the Standard Form 100, the contracting officer shall immediately have it hand-carried to the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff or the Deputy Contracts Compliance Officer, as appropriate, for their recommendations regarding the prospective contractor's ability to comply with the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause.

(d) The Civil Rights Program Policy Staff or the Deputy Contracts Compliance Officer, as the case may be, shall arrange for appropriate transmittal to

the Joint Reporting Committee of the Standard Form 100 furnished to the contracting officer.

(e) Procuring activities may request a contractor or subcontractor to furnish a copy of any equal employment opportunity compliance report previously filed by the contractor or subcontractor.

(f) Where preaward compliance reviews have been made pursuant to the requirements of § 5-12.805-5(d)(2), compliance reports shall be submitted by the contractor within 30 days after the award of the contract, and by each first-tier subcontractor subject to such reviews within 30 days after the award of each subcontract, if:

(1) A complete compliance report has not been submitted within 12 months preceding the date of the contract award (prime or sub); and

(2) The contractor and subcontractors concerned are employers within the definition of "employer" in section 2(e)(3) of the instructions to the compliance report, Standard Form 100.

§ 5-12.805-5 Compliance reviews.

(a) *Definitions.*—(1) *Routine compliance review.* This type of review is a general "on-site" review of employment practices (see § 5-12.805-51) to ascertain the compliance of a contractor or subcontractor.

(2) *Special compliance review.* This type of review consists of a comprehensive, detailed review of the employment practice (see § 5-12.805-51) to ascertain the compliance of a contractor or subcontractor. The review may be company-wide or involve only particular facilities of the contractor or subcontractor.

(3) *Preaward compliance reviews.* This type of review (see FPR § 1-12.803-6 of this title) is a comprehensive, detailed review of a contractor's employment policies and practices (see § 5-12.805-51) with special attention to those relating to recruitment, placement, promotion, and other areas of potential discrimination to ascertain his ability to comply with the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause.

(b) *Conduct of routine compliance reviews.*—(1) *Responsibilities.* Routine compliance reviews shall be conducted by the Office of Compliance. Advance arrangements shall be made with the contractor or subcontractor by the Office of Compliance to establish a definite date and time for visiting the facilities involved. GSA Form 1950B(FL) (see § 5-16.950-1950B(FL) of this chapter), addressed to the contractor, shall be utilized for this purpose. If time is of the essence, advance arrangements may be made by telephone.

(2) *Procedures.* (i) GSA Form 1953, Nondiscrimination Survey of Government Contractor (see § 5-16.950-1953 of this chapter), shall be completed by the Office of Compliance in conducting a routine compliance review. Copies of GSA Form 1953 shall be furnished to the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff, the contracting officer, and, if appropriate, the Deputy Contracts Compliance Officer. GSA Form 1953 shall not be fur-

nished to the contractor or subcontractor either in blank or otherwise.

(ii) The Office of Compliance may make recommendations to a contractor or subcontractor designed to correct deficiencies in equal employment policies and practices detected during the course of a routine compliance review. A specific time in which to correct deficiencies should be stipulated. Any such recommendations and the deficiencies noted shall be reported on GSA Form 1953 or as attachments thereto. Such recommendations may include, but are not limited to, elimination of segregated facilities, improvement of recruitment techniques, promulgation and dissemination of program policies, preparation of plans to merge functionally related but racially segregated lines of progression, etc. Any refusal on the part of a contractor or subcontractor to correct deficiencies shall be fully reported.

(iii) In no event shall a contractor or subcontractor be advised by GSA officials conducting a routine compliance review that he is in compliance nor shall representations be made that he will be in compliance if he adopts all of the recommendations of such officials.

(iv) Notification of a contractor or subcontractor of his compliance posture shall be made by the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff based upon the recommendations of the Office of Compliance after consideration of all data available including reports relating to all of the facilities of a contractor or subcontractor. A copy of such notification will be forwarded to the appropriate Service or Staff Office Civil Rights Program Coordinator.

(v) A multifacility contractor or subcontractor may have some facilities where equal employment opportunity is practiced and other facilities where it is not. When this situation prevails, the contractor or subcontractor shall not be deemed to be in compliance. Necessary coordination shall be obtained before a determination of compliance is communicated to a contractor or subcontractor.

(vi) The Office of Compliance and the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff may request additional information whenever it is determined to be necessary or appropriate.

(c) *Conduct of special compliance reviews.*—(1) *Responsibilities.* Special compliance reviews shall be conducted by the Office of Compliance as directed by the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff. Advance arrangements shall be made with the contractor or subcontractor by the Office of Compliance for the purpose of establishing definite dates and times for visiting the facilities involved.

(2) *Procedures.* (i) The Civil Rights Program Policy Staff shall advise the Civil Rights Program Coordinator of the Service or Staff Office concerned of any decision to conduct a special compliance review of a contractor or subcontractor and shall keep the Coordinator advised of the findings and determinations.

(ii) Special compliance reviews, in addition to a narrative report, shall include

a completed GSA Form 1953. The original and two copies of each special compliance review, including all attachments and exhibits, shall be submitted by the Office of Compliance to the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff which shall evaluate the special compliance review and related documents, taking into consideration the recommendations of the Office of Compliance.

(iii) If no deficiencies are disclosed by the special compliance review and the review was initiated at the request of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor, the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff shall so inform that office. The information shall be furnished by means of a memorandum enclosing a copy of the report of the special compliance review. Copies of the memorandum shall be furnished to the Office of Compliance and the appropriate Civil Rights Program Coordinator. Where special compliance reviews are made but the reviews were not initiated by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, determinations that no further action is deemed necessary will only be communicated to the Office of Compliance and the Civil Rights Program Coordinator concerned, except as otherwise deemed necessary or appropriate.

(iv) If deficiencies are disclosed, the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff or the Office of Compliance shall notify the contractor or subcontractor involved of the remedial steps that must be taken. Copies of such notices shall be furnished the Office of Compliance or Civil Rights Program Policy Staff, as appropriate, and the Civil Rights Program Coordinator concerned. In addition, if a special compliance review is requested by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor, a copy of the special compliance review report and a copy of the advice to the contractor or subcontractor shall be forwarded to that office.

(v) Failure of the contractor or subcontractor to remedy deficiencies in his equal opportunity policies and practices may be the basis for the imposition of sanctions in accordance with FPR § 1-12.805-8 of this title. The Civil Rights Program Policy Staff shall make recommendations regarding sanctions to the contracting officer through the appropriate Civil Rights Program Coordinator. Such recommendations shall be fully documented and accompanied by advice of the General Counsel that the recommended action is legally permissible.

(d) *Conduct of preaward compliance reviews* — (1) *Responsibilities.* Preaward compliance reviews shall be conducted by the appropriate Predominant Interest Agency (PIA) (as defined in par. 3g of Standard Form 100) or by the Office of Compliance as provided in this § 5-12.805-5(d).

(2) *Procedures.* (i) Before the award of any formally advertised supply contract of \$1 million or more, the contracting officer shall request the Predominant Interest Agency (PIA) to conduct preaward compliance reviews of the employment practices of the apparent low

bidder and those of his known first-tier subcontractors having subcontracts of \$1 million or more, unless the bidder and his subcontractors have been subject to full compliance reviews within 6 months of the award of the contract. If GSA is the PIA or if no PIA has been assigned for the bidder, the contracting officer shall request the Office of Compliance to conduct the reviews. In addition, the contracting officer shall request the PIA or the Office of Compliance, whichever is concerned, to submit a report of its findings, conclusions, and action to him within 30 days of the date of the request. A report of the findings, conclusions, and action shall be forwarded to the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor, within 30 days after the award. (See § 5-12.805-4(f) regarding required compliance reports.)

(ii) Before the award of any other contract, preaward compliance reviews shall be conducted by the Office of Compliance as directed by the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff. (See § 5-12.805-4(a) regarding required compliance reports.)

(3) *Awards.* Where preaward compliance reviews have been conducted as provided in subparagraph (2)(i) of this paragraph, the apparent low bidder and his first-tier subcontractors subject to the reviews must, unless they offer acceptable justifications, be found to be able to comply with the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause. Where such justifications are received, the contracting officer shall refer the justifications to the GSA Contracts Compliance Officer for determination of their acceptability. If a justification is determined to be acceptable, a copy of the justification together with a report of the preaward compliance review, shall be forwarded to the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor, within 30 days after the award.

(4) *Requests for exemptions.* Requests for exemptions from the requirements of subparagraph (2)(i) of this paragraph shall be made in writing, with supporting justification, to the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor, and shall be forwarded through and with the endorsement of the Administrator of General Services.

(5) *Contracts essential to the national security.* The procedures set forth in subparagraph (2)(i) of this paragraph shall not apply to any contract when it is determined in writing by the Administrator of General Services that such contract is essential to the national security and that its award without following such procedures is necessary to the national security. A signed copy of each such determination shall be furnished to the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor.

§ 5-12.805-6 Complaints.

(a) *Initiation.* Complaints received by GSA that pertain to the Equal Opportunity clause shall be referred to the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff. Such complaints shall be handled in accord-

ance with FPR §§ 1-12.805-6 and 1-12.805-7 of this title.

(b) *Investigation.* If GSA is the Predominant Interest Agency, the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff shall send a copy of the complaint to the Office of Compliance for investigation. The investigation shall include, where appropriate, a review of the pertinent personnel practices and policies of the contractor or subcontractor (see § 5-12.805-51), the circumstances under which the alleged discrimination occurred, and other relevant factors. Within 30 days after the complaint has been investigated, a full report shall be forwarded to the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff which will furnish a copy or summary to the Civil Rights Program Coordinator concerned. The report shall include the following:

- (1) Name and address of complainant.
- (2) Name and address of contractor involved.
- (3) A summary of the findings.
- (4) A statement regarding the suggested disposition of the case, including any action already taken and any recommended action.

(c) *Evaluation and further action.* The Civil Rights Program Policy Staff shall determine whether or not there has been any violation of the Equal Opportunity clause. If additional facts are required, further investigation shall be requested.

(1) If it is determined that no violation has occurred, one copy of the report and related recommendations shall be forwarded to the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor, for concurrence. If the Office of Federal Contract Compliance concurs, the persons concerned shall be notified of such findings by the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff and the case shall be closed. If the Office of Federal Contract Compliance does not concur in the GSA recommendations, it may request further investigation by GSA or it may undertake such investigation as it deems appropriate. If the Office of Federal Contract Compliance requests a further investigation by GSA, the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff will arrange with the Office of Compliance for appropriate investigative action.

(2) If it is determined that there has been an apparent violation of the Equal Opportunity clause, the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff shall either attempt to resolve the complaint by informal means or refer the matter to the Office of Compliance for resolution. Where the complaint cannot be resolved by informal means, the firm complained against may be given a hearing pursuant to FPR § 12.807 of this title. In any event, the appropriate Service or Staff Office Civil Rights Program Coordinator shall be kept advised by the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff.

§ 5-12.805-50 Ability to comply with the Equal Opportunity clause.

(a) Contracting officers are responsible for determining whether a bidder is able to comply with the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause (see § 5-

12.805-1(h)). Where equal employment opportunity compliance reviews or complaints have been processed pursuant to this Subpart 5-12.8 regarding any contractor or subcontractor, the contracting officer shall coordinate with the Contracts Compliance Officer or the Deputy Contracts Compliance Officer concerned, as appropriate, before making his determination regarding a prospective contractor's ability to comply with the Equal Opportunity clause.

(b) Where a prospective contractor appears on the review list of bidders, as set forth in paragraph (c)(2) of this section, contracting officers shall, prior to award, review the ability of the bidder to comply with the Equal Opportunity clause with the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff in the Central Office or with the Deputy Contracts Compliance Officer concerned, as appropriate. In emergency situations, such consultations may be handled by telephone.

(c) The Civil Rights Program Policy Staff shall develop and furnish procuring activities, through the respective Civil Rights Program Coordinator, with the following:

(1) A list of contractors previously determined to be in substantial compliance or who have submitted a program which is being implemented that will bring them into such compliance.

(2) A list of firms or individuals who, because of questionable ability to comply with the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause, require special consideration before contracts are awarded and, if awards are made, require special treatment with respect to contract administration. This list shall be administered by the Office of Compliance as part of the review list of bidders established pursuant to § 5-1.310-50 of this chapter.

(d) In order to supplement compliance reviews, regional Quality Control Divisions, FSS, will, during preaward plant facilities surveys or contract administration visits, review the progress made by the contractor in implementing affirmative action to correct previously reported deficiencies. As a result of plant visits, the quality control representatives will report pertinent information concerning the contractor's equal employment opportunity posture, such as:

(1) Changes observed in employment patterns or practices;

(2) Evidence of segregation of restrooms, drinking fountains, or eating facilities;

(3) Displays of equal employment opportunity notices and posters;

(4) Changes in subcontractors since award of the contract;

(5) Subcontractors meeting the criteria of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor who have not been advised by the contractor of the requirement for filing the Standard Form 100 compliance report with the Office of Federal Contract Compliance;

(6) Additional information requested by the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff; and

(7) Civil disturbances, strikes, and evidence of minority group dissatisfaction.

Information developed by Quality Control Divisions shall be forwarded to the contracting officer and the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff.

§ 5-12.805-51 Equal employment opportunity considerations.

(a) *General.* The procedures employed by a contractor in connection with recruitment, hiring, and work force placement are major considerations in the determination of the contractor's ability to comply with the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause.

(b) *Recruitment practices.* (1) All applicants for employment, regardless of race, color, creed, or national origin, should receive equal consideration for all available jobs in accordance with equal qualification standards.

(2) Contractor standards for minority applicants should be no more stringent than for others and minority group applicants should be considered for all types of jobs.

(3) Applications for employment should be objectively solicited from recruitment sources which reach all members of the community regardless of race, color, creed, or national origin, e.g., advertising as an equal opportunity employer through newspapers and other public news media (see § 1-12.810 of this title).

(4) Contractors should take all actions necessary to insure that there are no barriers to the employment of minority group members. Such action should include, where necessary, positive steps to convince minority groups in the community that the contractor does provide equal employment opportunity. In this connection, contacts with minority group organizations, Fair Employment Committees in the community, and schools and colleges attended by minority group members should be considered.

(5) Contractors should employ procedures for handling of applicants which are compatible with equal employment opportunity. In this regard, employee referrals or "walk-ins" require particular attention, since these recruitment procedures are most susceptible to discrimination. Employees tend to refer friends from their own racial and ethnic backgrounds and, therefore, if few minority group workers are already employed, few minority group workers are likely to be referred. With regard to "walk-ins," the entire recruitment program is strongly dependent upon the attitudes of guards and receptionists and can thus be easily frustrated.

(6) Contractors should not expect to achieve compliance through the use of quota systems and token hirings.

(c) *Hiring and initial placement.* The hiring process involves three distinct operations, namely, completion of formal applications, determination of applicants' qualifications, and determination as to whether or not to hire the applicant. Equal employment opportunity procedures should reflect the following:

(1) Absence of any qualifications based on race, color, creed, or national origin.

(2) Administration of qualification tests fairly and without regard to race, color, creed, or national origin.

(3) Absence of special tests for minority groups only, except for special tests designed to facilitate, rather than exclude, employment of members of minority groups.

(4) Objective qualification standards reasonably related to the skill and promotional requirements of the contractor.

(d) *Treatment during employment.*

(1) The terms of the Equal Opportunity clause require the contractor to take "affirmative action" to insure that employees are treated during employment without regard to race, color, creed, or national origin. Such action should include, but not be limited to, upgrading, demotion, transfer, layoff, termination, rates of pay, fringe benefits, selection for training, and use of facilities.

(2) Evaluations of contractor action to comply with the Equal Opportunity clause should include a review of the distribution of minority group employees, male and female, among the various occupations, as reported in Items 5 and 6 of Standard Form 100, for the purpose of ascertaining whether promotional, progression, or transfer opportunities are afforded minority group employees. For example, it is possible for an employer to have a high percentage of minority group employees in his total work force but have the greatest number of the group assigned to duties in lower skills. This situation may be the result of discriminatory promotion policies, segregated lines of progression in the facility, or collective bargaining arrangements (see Item 9 of Standard Form 100 with particular attention to any attachment indicating dual local unions, i.e., two local unions of the same international union listed as bargaining units). Very often where there are dual local unions they are racially segregated. Experience has demonstrated that where racially segregated local unions exist, segregated progression lines and a system of racially reserved positions also exist.

(3) A contractor shall not be deemed to be in compliance if he maintains facilities having racially segregated lines of progression, racially reserved positions, departments, or divisions, separate seniority lists, or racially segregated facilities such as lunch rooms and rest rooms (see Item 10 of Standard Form 100).

(4) Segregation by reason of collective bargaining agreements shall not be deemed to relieve a contractor of his equal employment opportunity obligations.

(5) Compliance requires that contractors undertake to eliminate racially segregated facilities, merge functionally related but racially segregated lines of progression, reconstitute seniority lists on a nondiscriminatory basis, provide equal promotion, progression, and transfer opportunities based on nondiscriminatory qualifications alone, even to the extent of renegotiating collective bargaining agreements.

(6) Reviews shall be made, as necessary, to determine whether contractors actually afford equal employment during employment and shall include consideration of the contractor's organizational structure, payrolls, wage rates, personnel instructions, procedures and guidelines, promotional lists and rules, job descriptions, and methods of job classification, seniority lists, recall lists, and collective bargaining agreements.

(7) Management controls are indicators of ability to comply. A contractor who has formulated and disseminated a firm policy on equal employment opportunity throughout his entire organization, designated a responsible official for implementation of the policy, and instituted a system of control and evaluation of the program usually can effect equal employment opportunity. On the other hand, in those instances where there is no such policy and program, no fixed responsibility and no feedback and evaluation, the possibility of coming into compliance is diminished.

(8) When dealing with prospective construction and repair contractors, contracting officers should be aware of local trades and crafts that historically have discriminated and maintained exclusionary policies. In this connection, consideration should be given to having contractors require their subcontractors to do more than obtain written assurances that their sources of recruitment hire on a nondiscriminatory basis. Contractors and subcontractors have found it necessary to locate qualified minority group individuals and refer them to their appropriate sources as apprentices or journeymen. Most construction craft collective bargaining agreements afford the contractor or subcontractor an opportunity to employ individuals for limited periods of time (7 days to 30 days) who are not members of the bargaining unit before offering such individual for membership. Contractors or subcontractors should be directed to exercise this right where necessary to assure an integrated work force on GSA construction and repair projects. In addition, the contractor's or subcontractor's equal opportunity programs should include encouragement of local labor organizations to demonstrate evidence of their equal employment policy as recited in written assurances.

§ 5-12.805-52 [Reserved]

§ 5-12.805-53 Identification of Pre-dominant Interest Agency.

The Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor, will furnish the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff with a list of contractors and subcontractors for which GSA is the Pre-dominant Interest Agency (see par. 3g

of Standard Form 100 for definition). The Civil Rights Program Policy Staff shall provide this information to the Services and Staff Offices concerned.

§ 5-12.805-54 Awards.

Contracting officers, when mailing documents to contractors that are subject to the Equal Opportunity clause, shall include appropriate information explaining the contract requirements concerning submission of compliance report forms, notices to labor unions or other organizations of workers, and use of nondiscrimination posters. For this purpose, form letters have been developed for use as follows:

(a) GSA Form 1949, Transmittal Letter, may be used with invitations for bids on Standard Form 20, Invitation for Bids (Construction Contract) or GSA Form 1467, Invitation, Bid, and Award (Contract for Building Services), when bids are estimated to exceed \$10,000. (See § 5-16.950-1949 of this chapter.)

(b) GSA Form 1950 (FL), Transmittal Letter, may be used to transmit construction contract awards that are subject to the Equal Opportunity clause. (See § 5-16.950-1950 (FL) of this chapter.)

(c) GSA Form 1950A (FL), Transmittal Letter, may be used to transmit contract awards for supplies and services other than construction that are subject to the Equal Opportunity clause. (See § 5-16.950-1950A (FL) of this chapter.)

§ 5-12.805-55 Monthly listing of construction contractors.

(a) A monthly report listing the prime construction contractors to whom awards have been made shall be submitted to the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor, by the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff. Information necessary for the preparation of the list shall be developed by each region at the end of each month, as follows:

- (1) Name and home office address of prime contractor;
- (2) Dollar amount of contract;
- (3) Contract number;
- (4) Name and location of project;
- (5) Estimated or actual starting date and completion date of prime contract, if practicable; and
- (6) Name and home office address of any subcontractors which have been reported by the prime contractor.

(b) The above information shall be submitted to the Civil Rights Program Coordinator, Public Buildings Service, General Services Administration, Washington, D.C. 20405, for consolidation and forwarding to the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff by the 10th of the month following the due date of the report.

§ 5-12.807 Hearings.

Hearings shall be conducted by the Civil Rights Program Policy Staff in accordance with the provisions of § 1-12.807 of this title.

§ 5-12.812 Rulings and interpretations.

The Civil Rights Program Policy Staff shall advise the Deputy Contracts Compliance Officers and the Civil Rights Program Coordinators regarding any rulings and interpretations of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance, Department of Labor, which involves GSA predominant interest contractors.

Effective date. These regulations are effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Dated: October 6, 1966.

LAWSON B. KNOTT, Jr.,
Administrator.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11211; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:47 a.m.]

Title 50—WILDLIFE AND FISHERIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior

PART 32—HUNTING

Modoc National Wildlife Refuge, Calif.; Correction

In F.R. Doc. 66-10605, appearing on page 12721 of the issue for Thursday, September 29, 1966, the first paragraph should read as follows:

The public hunting of ducks, geese, coots, and gallinules on the Modoc National Wildlife Refuge, Calif., is permitted from October 8, 1966, through January 5, 1967. A special hunt for snow geese will be permitted from January 9 through January 22, 1967; one Ross' goose will be allowed in the daily bag limit. All dates are inclusive. Hunting will be allowed only on the area designated by signs as open to hunting. This open area, comprising 1,440 acres, is delineated on a map available at refuge headquarters, Modoc National Wildlife Refuge, Alturas, Calif., and from the Regional Director, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, 730 Northeast Pacific, Portland, Oreg. 97208.

JOHN D. FINDLAY,
Acting Regional Director, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife.

OCTOBER 6, 1966.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11194; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:46 a.m.]

Proposed Rule Making

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of the Attorney General

[28 CFR Part 5]

ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT OF THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT OF 1938, AS AMENDED

Notice of Proposed Rule Making

Pursuant to section 553 of Title 5 of the United States Code, notice is hereby given of the proposed issuance of the following regulations pertaining to the administration and enforcement of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended.

In accordance with section 553(c) of Title 5 of the United States Code, interested persons may submit written data, views, or arguments relative to these proposed regulations to the Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security Division, Washington, D.C. 20530. Such representations may not be presented orally in any manner.

All pertinent material received within 30 days following the date of the publication of this notice will be considered.

Dated: October 11, 1966.

J. WALTER YEAGLEY,
Assistant Attorney General,
Internal Security Division.

§ 5.1 Administration and enforcement of the Act.

The administration and enforcement of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 611-621), is, subject to the general supervision and direction of the Attorney General, assigned to, and is conducted, handled, and supervised by, the Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Internal Security Division (§ 0.60(b) of this chapter). Copies of the Act, and of the rules, regulations, and forms prescribed pursuant to the Act, and information concerning the foregoing may be obtained upon request without charge from the Registration Section, Internal Security Division, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530.

§ 5.2 Inquiries concerning application of the Act.

Any inquiry concerning the application of the Act to any person should be addressed to the Registration Section and should be accompanied by a detailed statement containing the following information:

(a) The identity of the agent and the foreign principal involved;

(b) The nature of the agent's activities for or in the interest of the foreign principal;

(3) A copy of the existing or proposed written contract with the foreign principal, or a full description of the terms and conditions of each existing or proposed oral agreement.

§ 5.3 Filing of a registration statement.

(a) All statements, exhibits, amendments, and other documents and papers required to be filed under the Act or under this part shall be submitted in duplicate to the Registration Section. Filing of such documents may be made in person or by mail, and they shall be deemed to be filed upon their receipt by the Registration Section.

(b) The Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security Division, is authorized to prescribe such forms as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this part.

§ 5.4 Computation of time.

Sundays and holidays shall be counted in computing any period of time prescribed in the Act or in the rules and regulations in this part.

§ 5.100 Definition of terms.

(a) As used in this part:

(1) The term "Act" means the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 611-621).

(2) The term "Attorney General" means the Attorney General of the United States.

(3) The term "Secretary of State" means the Secretary of State of the United States.

(4) The term "Registration Section" means the Registration Section, Internal Security Division, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C. 20530.

(5) The term "rules and regulations" includes all rules and regulations prescribed by the Attorney General pursuant to the Act and all registrations forms, and instructions thereon which may be prescribed by the Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security Division.

(6) The term "registrant" means any person who has filed a registration statement with the Registration Section, pursuant to section 2(a) of the Act and § 5.3.

(7) Unless otherwise specified, the term "agent of a foreign principal" means an agent of a foreign principal required to register under the Act.

(8) The term "foreign principal" includes a person any of whose activities are directly or indirectly supervised, directed, controlled, financed, or subsidized in whole or in major part by a foreign principal as that term is defined in clauses 1 and 2 of section 1(b) of the Act.

(9) The term "initial statement" means the statement required to be filed with the Attorney General under section 2(a) of the Act.

(10) The term "supplemental statement" means the supplement required

to be filed with the Attorney General under section 2(b) of the Act at intervals of 6 months following the filing of the initial statement.

(11) The term "final statement" means the statement required to be filed with the Attorney General following the termination of the registrant's obligation to register.

(12) The term "short form registration statement" means the registration statement required to be filed by certain partners, officers, directors, associates, employees, or subagents of a registrant.

(b) As used in the Act, the term "control" or any of its variants, shall be deemed to include the possession or the exercise of the power, directly or indirectly, to determine the policies or the activities of a person, whether through the ownership of voting rights, by contract, or otherwise.

(c) The term "agency" as used in section 1(c), 1(o), 1(q), and 4(e) of the Act shall be deemed to refer to every unit in the executive and legislative branches of the Government of the United States, including committees of both Houses of Congress.

(d) The term "official" as used in section 1(c), 1(o), 1(q), and 4(e) of the Act shall be deemed to include Members and officers of both Houses of Congress as well as officials in the executive branch of the Government of the United States.

(e) The terms "formulating, adopting, or changing," as used in section 1(o) of the Act, shall be deemed to include any activity which seeks to maintain any existing domestic or foreign policy of the United States. They do not include making a routine inquiry of a Government official or employee concerning a current policy or seeking administrative action in a matter where such policy is not in question.

(f) The term "domestic or foreign policies of the United States," as used in sections 1(o) and (p) of the Act, shall be deemed to relate to existing and proposed legislation, or legislative action generally; treaties; executive agreements, proclamations, and orders; decisions relating to or affecting departmental policy, and the like.

§ 5.200 Registration.

(a) Registration under the Act is accomplished by the filing of an initial statement together with all the required exhibits and the filing of a supplemental statement at intervals of 6 months for the duration of the agency relationship requiring registration.

(b) The initial statement shall be filed on Form FA-1. Supplemental and final statements shall be filed on Form FA-2.

§ 5.201 Exhibits.

(a) The following described exhibits are required to be filed for each foreign

principal of the registrant and shall be attached to the initial statement:

(1) *Exhibit A.* This exhibit, which shall be filed on Form FA-3, sets forth the information required to be disclosed concerning each foreign principal.

(2) *Exhibit B.* This exhibit, which shall be filed on Form FA-4, sets forth the agreement or understanding between the registrant and each of his foreign principals as well as the nature and method of performance of such agreement or understanding and the existing or proposed activities engaged in or to be engaged in, including political activities, by the registrant for the foreign principal.

(3) *Exhibit C.* No printed form is provided for this exhibit. Whenever the registrant is an association, corporation, organization, or any other combination of individuals, the following documents shall be filed as the Exhibit C:

(i) A copy of its charter, articles of incorporation, association, constitution, and bylaws, and amendments thereto;

(ii) A copy of every other instrument or document and a statement of the terms and conditions of every oral agreement relating to its organization, powers, and purposes of the registrant.

(b) The requirement to file any of the documents described in subdivisions (i) and (ii) of paragraph (a)(3) of this section may be wholly or partially waived upon written application by the registrant to the Registration Section setting forth fully the reasons why such waiver should be granted.

(c) Any change in the information furnished in an exhibit shall be reported to the Registration Section within 10 days of such change. The filing of a new exhibit may then be required by the Registration Section.

(d) An Exhibit D, whenever applicable, is required to be filed by a registrant. No printed form is provided for this exhibit. Where a registrant, within the United States, receives or collects contributions, loans, money, or other things of value, as part of a fund-raising campaign, for or in the interests of his foreign principal, he shall file as an Exhibit D a statement so captioned setting forth the amount of money or the value of the thing received or collected, the names and address of the persons from whom such money or thing of value was received or collected, and the amount of money or a description of the thing of value transmitted to the foreign principal as well as the manner and time of such transmission.

§ 5.202 Short Form Registration Statement.

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of this section, each partner, officer, director, associate, employee, or subagent of a registrant is required to file a registration statement under the Act. Unless the Registration Section specifically directs otherwise, his obligation may be satisfied by the filing of a short form registration statement.

(b) A partner, officer, director, associate, employee, or subagent of a registrant who does not engage in activity in

furtherance of the interests of the foreign principal is not required to file a short form registration statement.

(c) An employee or subagent of a registrant whose services in furtherance of the interests of the foreign principal are rendered in a clerical, secretarial, or in a related or similar capacity, is not required to file a short form registration statement.

(d) Whenever the subagent of a registrant is a partnership, association, corporation, or other combination of individuals, only those partners, officers, directors, associates, and employees who engage in activity in furtherance of the interests of the registrant's foreign principal are required to file a short form registration statement.

(e) The short form registration statement shall be filed on Form FA-4. Any change affecting the information furnished with respect to the nature of the services rendered by the person filing the statement, or the compensation he receives, shall require the filing of a new short form registration statement within 10 days after the occurrence of such change. There is no requirement to file exhibits or supplemental statements to a short form registration statement.

§ 5.203 Supplemental statement.

(a) Supplemental statements shall be filed on Form FA-2.

(b) The obligation to file a supplemental statement at 6-month intervals during the agency relationship shall continue even though the registrant has not engaged during the period in any activity in the interests of his foreign principal.

(c) The time within which to file a supplemental statement may be extended for sufficient cause shown in a written application to the Registration Section.

§ 5.204 Amendments.

(a) An initial, supplemental, or final statement which is deemed deficient by the Registration Section, must be amended upon a request from that section. Such amendment shall be filed upon Form FA-5 and shall identify the item of the statement to be amended.

(b) A change in the information furnished in an initial or supplemental statement under clauses (3), (4), (6), and (9) of section 2(a) of the Act shall be by amendment, unless the notice which is required to be given of such change under section 2(b) is deemed sufficient by the Registration Section.

§ 5.205 Termination of registration.

(a) A registrant shall, within 30 days after the termination of his obligation to register, file a final statement with the Registration Section for the final period of the agency relationship not covered by any previous statement.

(b) Registration under the Act shall be terminated upon the filing of a final statement, if the registrant has fully discharged all his obligations under the Act.

(c) A registrant whose activities on behalf of each of his foreign principals become confined to those for which an exemption under section 3 of the Act is

available may file a final statement notwithstanding the continuance of the agency relationship with the foreign principals.

§ 5.206 Language and wording of registration statement.

(a) Except as provided in the next sentence, each statement, amendment, exhibit, or notice required to be filed under the Act shall be submitted in the English language. An exhibit may be filed even though it is in a foreign language if it is accompanied by an English translation certified under oath by the translator before a notary public, or other person authorized by law to administer oaths for general purposes, as a true and accurate translation.

(b) A statement, amendment, exhibit, or notice required to be filed under the Act should be typewritten, but will be accepted for filing if it is written legibly in ink.

(c) Copies of any document made by any of the duplicating processes may be filed pursuant to the Act if they are clear and legible.

(d) A response shall be made to every item on each pertinent form, unless a registrant is specifically instructed otherwise in the form. Whenever the item is inapplicable or the appropriate response to an item is "none," an express statement to that effect shall be made.

§ 5.207 Incorporation by reference.

(a) An initial, supplemental, or final statement shall be complete in and of itself. Incorporation of information by reference to statements previously filed is not permissible.

(b) Whenever insufficient space is provided for response to any item in a form, reference shall be made in such space to a full insert page or pages on which the item number and inquiry shall be restated and a complete answer given. Inserts and riders of less than full page size should not be used.

§ 5.208 Disclosure of foreign principals.

A registrant who represents more than one foreign principal is required to list in the statements he files under the Act only those foreign principals for whom he is not entitled to claim exemption under section 3 of the Act.

§ 5.209 Information relating to employees.

A registrant shall list in the statements he files under the Act only those employees whose duties require them to engage directly in activities in furtherance of the interests of the foreign principal.

§ 5.210 Amount of detail required in information relating to registrant's activities and expenditures.

A statement is "detailed" within the meaning of clauses 6 and 8 of section 2(a) of the Act when it has that degree of specificity necessary to permit meaningful public evaluation of each of the significant steps taken by a registrant to achieve the purposes of the agency relationship.

§ 5.211 Sixty-day period to be covered in initial statement.

The 60-day period referred to in clauses 5, 7, and 8 of section 2(a) of the Act shall be measured from the time that a registrant has incurred an obligation to register and not from the time that he files his initial statement.

§ 5.212 Exemption under section 2(f) of this Act.

The exemption from the requirement of filing a registration statement or of furnishing certain information, as provided in section 2(f) of the Act may be granted by the Registration Section only upon written application of, and for good cause shown by, the person requesting the exemption.

§ 5.300 Burden of establishing availability of exemption.

The burden of establishing the availability of an exemption from registration under this Act shall rest upon the person for whose benefit the exemption is claimed.

§ 5.301 Exemption under section 3(a).

(a) A consular officer of a foreign government shall be considered duly accredited under section 3(a) of the Act whenever he has received formal recognition as such, whether provisionally or by exequatur, from the Secretary of State.

(b) A person in the United States who is appointed honorary consul by a foreign government shall be exempt from registration as such consul under section 3(a) of the Act, if he has been duly notified to and accepted as such by the Secretary of State, and if he does not engage in political activities for or in the interests of such foreign government.

(c) The exemption provided by section 3(a) of the Act to a duly accredited diplomatic or consular officer is personal and does not include within its scope an office, bureau, or other entity.

§ 5.302 Exemptions under sections 3(b) and (c) of the Act.

The exemptions provided by sections 3(b) and (c) of the Act shall not be available to any person described therein unless he has filed with the Secretary of State a fully executed Notification of Status with a Foreign Government (Form D.S. 394).

§ 5.303 Exemption available to persons accredited to international organizations.

Persons designated by foreign governments as their representatives in or to an international organization, and the officers and employees of such organization, other than nationals of the United States, are exempt from registration under the Act in accordance with the provisions of the International Organizations Immunities Act, if they have been duly notified to and accepted by the Secretary of State as such representatives, officers, or employees, and if they engage exclusively in activities which are recognized as being within the scope of their official functions.

§ 5.304 Exemptions under sections 3(d) and (e) of the Act.

(a) As used in section 3(d), the term "trade or commerce" shall include the exchange, transfer, purchase, or sale of commodities, services, or property of any kind.

(b) For the purpose of section 3(d) of the Act, activities of an agent of a foreign principal as defined in section 1(c) of the Act, in furtherance of the bona fide trade or commerce of such foreign principal, shall be considered "private," even though the foreign principal is owned or controlled by a foreign government, so long as the activities do not directly promote the public or political interests of the foreign government.

(c) The exemption provided by section 3(e) of the Act shall not be available to any person described therein if he engages in political activities as defined in section 1(o) of the Act.

(d) For the purpose of section 3(d) of the Act, the disclosure of the identity of the foreign person that is required to be made to the agency or official of the United States under section 1(q) of the Act shall be in writing.

§ 5.305 Exemption under section 3(f) of this Act.

The exemption provided by section 3(f) of the Act shall not be available unless the President has, by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER, designated for the purpose of this section the country the defense of which he deems vital to the defense of the United States.

§ 5.306 Exemption under section 3(g).

For the purpose of section 3(g) of the Act:

(a) Attempts to influence or persuade agency personnel or officials other than in the course of established agency proceedings, whether formal or informal, shall include only such attempts to influence or persuade with reference to formulating, adopting, or changing the domestic or foreign policies of the United States or with reference to the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political power; and

(b) In the legal representation of a foreign principal before any agency or official of the U.S. Government, if disclosure of the identity of the foreign principal is not otherwise required as a matter of established agency procedure, such disclosure must, in conformity with this section, be made in writing to the personnel or officials concerned.

(c) The term "agency of the Government of the United States" means a department or agency of the executive branch of the Government.

§ 5.400 Filing of political propaganda.

(a) The two copies of each item of political propaganda required to be filed with the Attorney General under section 4(a) of the Act shall be filed with the Registration Section.

(b) Whenever two copies of an item of political propaganda have been filed pursuant to section 4(a) of the Act, an

agent of a foreign principal shall not be required, in the event of further transmittal of the same material, to forward additional copies thereof to the Registration Section.

(c) Unless specifically directed to do so by the Registration Section, a registrant is not required to file two copies of a motion picture containing political propaganda which he disseminates on behalf of his foreign principal, so long as he files monthly reports on its transmittal. In each such case this registrant shall submit to the Registration Section either a film strip showing the label required by section 4(b) of the Act or an affidavit certifying that the required label has been made a part of the film.

§ 5.401 Dissemination report.

(a) A Dissemination Report shall be filed with the Registration Section for each item of political propaganda that is transmitted, or caused to be transmitted, in the U.S. mails, or by any means of interstate or foreign commerce, by an agent of a foreign principal for or in the interests of any of his foreign principals.

(b) The Dissemination Report shall be filed on Form FA-6.

(c) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this section, a Dissemination Report shall be filed no later than 48 hours after the beginning of the transmittal of the political propaganda.

(d) Whenever transmittals of political propaganda are made over a period of time, a Dissemination Report may be filed monthly for as long as such transmittals continue.

(e) A Dissemination Report shall be complete in and of itself. Incorporation of information by reference to reports previously filed is not permissible.

§ 5.402 Labeling political propaganda.

(a) Within the meaning of this part, political propaganda shall be deemed labeled whenever it has been marked or stamped conspicuously at its beginning with a statement setting forth such information as is required under section 4(b) of the Act.

(b) An item of political propaganda which is required to be labeled under section 4(b) of the Act and which is in the form of prints shall be marked or stamped conspicuously at the beginning of such item with a statement in the language or languages used therein, setting forth such information as is required under section 4(b) of the Act.

(c) An item of political propaganda which is required to be labeled under section 4(b) of the Act but which is not in the form of prints shall be accompanied by a statement setting forth such information as is required under section 4(b) of the Act.

(d) Political propaganda as defined in section 1(j) of the Act which is televised or broadcast, or which is caused to be televised or broadcast, by an agent of a foreign principal, shall be introduced by a statement which is reasonably adapted to convey to the viewers or listeners thereof such information as is required under section 4(b) of the Act.

(e) An agent of a foreign principal who transmits or causes to be transmitted in the U.S. mails or by any means or instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce a still or motion picture film which contains political propaganda as defined in section 1(j) of the Act shall insert at the beginning of such film a statement which is reasonably adapted to convey to the viewers thereof such information as is required under section 4(b) of the Act.

(f) For the purpose of section 4(e) of the Act, the statement that must preface or accompany a request for information shall be in writing.

§ 5.403 Political propaganda transmitted by person other than agent of a foreign principal.

Whenever political propaganda is transmitted in the U.S. mails or by any means or instrumentality of interstate or foreign commerce by a person who is not directly or indirectly affiliated or associated with, or supervised, directed, controlled, financed, or subsidized in whole or in part by, an agent of a foreign principal or any of his foreign principals, the agent shall be deemed to have complied with the provisions of section 4 of the Act if, at the time the political propaganda is transmitted or caused to be transmitted by the agent—

(a) It is labeled; and

(b) Copies of it have been filed by the agent under section 4(a) of the Act.

§ 5.500 Maintenance of books and records.

(a) A registrant shall keep and preserve in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of the Act the following books and records:

(1) All correspondence, memoranda, cables, telegrams, teletype messages, and other written communications to and from all foreign principals and all other persons, relating to the registrant's activities on behalf of, or in the interest of, any of his foreign principals.

(2) All correspondence, memoranda, cables, telegrams, teletype messages, and other written communications to and from all persons, other than foreign principals, relating to the registrant's political activity, or relating to political activity on the part of any of the registrant's foreign principals.

(3) Original copies of all written contracts between the registrant and any of his foreign principals.

(4) Records containing the names and addresses of persons to whom political propaganda has been transmitted.

(5) All bookkeeping and other financial records relating to the registrant's activities on behalf of any of his foreign principals, including canceled checks, bank statements, and records of income and disbursements, showing names and addresses of all persons who paid moneys to, or received moneys from, the registrant, the specific amounts so paid or received, and the date on which each item was paid or received.

(6) If the registrant is a corporation, partnership, association, or other combination of individuals, all minute books.

(7) Such books or records as will disclose the names and addresses of all employees and agents of the registrant, including persons no longer acting as such employees or agents.

(8) Such other books, records, and documents as are necessary properly to reflect the activities for which registration is required.

(b) The books and records listed in paragraph (a) of this section shall be kept and preserved in such manner as to render them readily accessible for inspection pursuant to section 5 of the Act.

(c) A registrant shall keep and preserve the books and records listed in paragraph (a) of this section for a period of 3 years following the termination of his registration under § 5.205.

(d) Upon good and sufficient cause shown in writing to the Registration Section, a registrant may be permitted to destroy books and records in support of the information furnished in an initial or supplemental statement which he filed 5 or more years prior to the date of his application to destroy.

§ 5.501 Inspection of books and records.

Officials of the Internal Security Division and the Federal Bureau of Investigation are authorized under section 5 of the Act to inspect the books and records listed in paragraph (a) of § 5.500.

§ 5.600 Public examination of records.

(a) Registration statements, Dissemination Reports, and copies of political propaganda filed under section 4(a) of the Act, shall be available for public examination at the Registration Section on official business days, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

(b) Copies of political propaganda filed under section 4(a) of the Act shall be preserved by the Registration Section for a period of at least 2 years from the time they have been filed.

§ 5.601 Copies of records available.

(a) Copies of registration statements and Dissemination Reports may be obtained from the Registration Section upon payment of a fee at the rate of 10 cents per copy of each page of the material requested.

(b) Information as to the fee to be charged for copies of registration statements and Dissemination Reports and the time required for their preparation may be obtained upon request to the Registration Section.

(c) Payment of the fee shall accompany an order for copies, and shall be made in cash, by U.S. postal money order, or by certified bank check made payable to the Treasurer of the United States. Postage stamps will not be accepted.

§ 5.800 Ten-day filing requirement.

The 10-day filing requirement provided by section 8(g) of the Act shall be deemed satisfied if the amendment to the registration statement is deposited in the

United States Mails no later than the 10th day of the period.

§ 5.801 Activity beyond 10-day period.

A registrant who has within the 10-day period filed an amendment to his registration statement pursuant to a Notice of Deficiency given under section 8(g) of the Act may continue to act as an agent of a foreign principal beyond this period unless he receives a Notice of Non-Compliance from the Registration Section.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11233; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Consumer and Marketing Service

[7 CFR Part 982]

FILBERTS GROWN IN OREGON AND WASHINGTON

Expenses of Filbert Control Board and Rate of Assessment for 1966-67 Fiscal Year

Notice is hereby given of a proposal regarding expenses of the Filbert Control Board and rate of assessment for the 1966-67 fiscal year beginning August 1, 1966, pursuant to §§ 982.60 and 982.61 of the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 982, as amended (7 CFR Part 982), regulating the handling of filberts grown in Oregon and Washington, effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674).

The Board has recommended a budget of expenses in the total amount of \$25,320 and, based on the volume of filberts estimated to be subject to this regulatory program during the 1966-67 fiscal year, an assessment rate of 0.20 cent per pound of assessable filberts is expected to provide sufficient funds to meet the estimated expenses of the Board.

All persons who desire to submit written data, views, or arguments in connection with the aforesaid proposal should file the same in quadruplicate, with the Hearing Clerk, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Room 112, Administration Building, Washington, D.C. 20250, not later than the 8th day after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. All written submissions made pursuant to this notice will be made available for public inspection at the office of the Hearing Clerk during regular business hours (7 CFR 1.27(b)).

The proposal is as follows:

§ 982.311 Expenses of the Filbert Control Board and rate of assessment for the 1966-67 fiscal year.

(a) *Expenses.* The expenses in the amount of \$25,320 are reasonable and likely to be incurred by the Filbert Control Board during the fiscal year beginning August 1, 1966, for its maintenance and functioning and for such purposes as the Secretary may, pursuant to the provisions of this part, determine to be appropriate.

(b) *Rate of assessment.* The rate of assessment for said fiscal year, payable by each handler in accordance with § 982.61, is fixed at 0.20 cent per pound of fiberts.

Dated: October 11, 1966.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and
Vegetable Division, Consumer
and Marketing Service.

[F.D. Doc. 66-11226; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:49 a.m.]

**DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDU-
CATION, AND WELFARE**

Food and Drug Administration

[21 CFR Part 130]

NEW DRUGS

**Applications and Experience
Reporting**

The Commissioner of Food and Drugs proposes that the procedural new-drug regulations be amended as set forth below to prescribe additional requirements essential to the development of a well-organized new-drug application that can be expeditiously reviewed and evaluated and to include a reference to the form (FD-1639) for reporting adverse drug experiences.

Accordingly, pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (secs. 505, 701(a), 52 Stat. 1052, as amended, 1055; 21 U.S.C. 355, 371(a)) and under the authority delegated to the Commissioner by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare (21 CFR 2.120; 31 F.R. 3008), it is proposed that Part 130 be amended by revising §§ 130.4, 130.5 (a) and (b), 130.9 (e) and (f), and 130.13 (b) (2) (i); by redesignating subparagraphs (3) and (4) of § 130.13 (b) as subparagraphs (4) and (5), respectively, and adding a new subparagraph (3); and by adding a new § 130.13a, as follows:

§ 130.4 Applications.

(a) Applications to be filed under the provisions of section 505(b) of the act shall be submitted in the form described in paragraphs (c) and (e) of this section. If any part of the application is in a foreign language, an accurate and complete English translation shall be appended to such part. Translations of literature printed in a foreign language shall be accompanied by copies of the original publication. The application must be signed by the applicant or by an authorized attorney, agent, or official. If the applicant or such authorized representative does not reside or have a place of business within the United States, the application must also furnish the name and post office address of, and must be countersigned by, an authorized attorney, agent, or official residing or maintaining a place of business within the United States.

(b) Pertinent information may be incorporated in, and will be considered as part of, an application on the basis of specific reference to such information, including information submitted under the provisions of § 130.3, in the files of the Food and Drug Administration. However, any reference to information furnished by a person other than the applicant may not be considered unless use of such information is authorized in a written statement signed by the person who submitted it.

(c) Applications shall be assembled and submitted in the manner prescribed by paragraph (e) of this section and shall be submitted in the following form, except that applications for medicated feeds may be submitted instead on Form FD-1800, obtainable on request from the Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Washington, D.C. 20204:

FD 356—Rev. 1966.
Department of Health, Education,
and Welfare,
Food and Drug Administration,
Washington, D.C. 20204.

NEW DRUG APPLICATION (Title 21, Code of
Federal Regulations, § 130.4)

Name of applicant -----
Address -----
Date -----
Name of drug -----

- Original application (regulation § 130.4).
- Amendment to original, unapproved application (regulation § 130.7).
- Supplement to an approved application (regulation § 130.9).

The undersigned submits this application for a new drug pursuant to section 505(b) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. It is understood that when this application is approved, the labeling and advertising for the drug will prescribe, recommend, or suggest its use only under the conditions stated in the labeling which is part of this application; and if the article is a prescription drug, it is understood that any labeling which furnishes or purports to furnish information for use or which prescribes, recommends, or suggests a dosage for use of the drug will also contain substantially the same information for its use, including indications, effects, dosages, routes, methods, and frequency and duration of administration, any relevant hazards, contraindications, side effects, and precautions, contained in the labeling which is part of this application. It is understood that all representations in this application apply to the drug produced until an approved supplement to the application provides for a change or the applicant is notified in writing by the Food and Drug Administration that a supplemental application is not required for the change.

Attached hereto, submitted in the form described in § 130.4(e) of the new-drug regulations, and constituting a part of this application are the following:

1. *Table of contents.* Include all the numbered items below and the page and volume numbers in which the item is located.
2. *A summary showing that the application is a well-organized, adequately tabulated, coherent document that presents a sound basis, containing statistical analyses where appropriate, for the action requested and including the following information:* (In lieu of the outline described below and the evaluation described in Item 3, an expanded summary and evaluation as outlined in § 130.4(d) of

the new-drug regulations may be submitted to facilitate the review of this application.)

- a. *Chemistry.*
 - i. Chemical structural formula or description for any new-drug substance.
 - ii. Relationship to other known drugs and classes of drugs.
 - iii. Description of dosage form and quantitative composition.
- b. *Rationale and purpose the drug is to serve.*
- c. *Reference number of the investigational drug notice(s) under which this drug was investigated and of any notice, new-drug application, or master file intended to support this application.*
- d. *Preclinical studies.* (Present all findings including those which are interpreted as incidental or not drug-related. Refer to volume and page number of raw data.)
 - i. Pharmacology (pharmacodynamics, endocrinology, metabolism, etc.).
 - ii. Toxicology and pathology: Acute toxicity studies; subacute and chronic toxicity studies; reproduction and teratology studies; miscellaneous studies.
 - e. *Clinical studies.* (All material should be referenced to the investigator and to the volume and page number of the raw data.)
 - i. Special studies not described elsewhere.
 - ii. Dose-range studies.
 - iii. Controlled therapeutic studies.
 - iv. Other therapeutic reports (for example, uncontrolled or incompletely controlled studies).
 - v. Clinical laboratory studies related to effectiveness.
 - vi. Clinical laboratory studies related to safety.
 - vii. Literature summary.

3. *Evaluation of safety and effectiveness.*

- a. Summarize evidence, favorable and unfavorable for each separate claim in the package labeling. Include reference to volume and page number of raw data.
- b. Include tabulation of all side effects or adverse experience, by age and sex, whether or not considered to be significant, showing whether therapy was stopped and showing the investigator's name with a reference to the volume and page number of the raw data. Indicate those experiences considered to be drug-related.
4. *Copies of the label and all other labeling to be used for the drug* (a total of 8 copies if in final printed form, 4 copies if in draft form):

- a. Each label, or other labeling, should be clearly identified to show its position on, or the manner in which it accompanies, the market package.
- b. If the drug is to be offered over the counter, labeling on or within the retail package should include adequate directions for use by the layman under all the conditions for which the drug is intended for lay use or is to be prescribed, recommended, or suggested in any labeling or advertising sponsored by or on behalf of the applicant and directed to the layman. The application should also contain labeling that includes adequate information for all conditions for which the over-the-counter drug is intended or offered for use under the professional supervision of a practitioner licensed by law to administer it, including all the purposes for which it is to be advertised or represented for use by physicians.
- c. If the drug is limited in its labeling to use under the professional supervision of a practitioner licensed by law to administer it, its labeling should bear information for use under which such practitioners can use the drug for the purposes for which it is intended, including all the purposes for which it is to be advertised or represented, in accord with § 1.106 (b) or (c) (21 CFR 1.106 (b) or (c)). The application should in-

clude any labeling for the drug intended to be made available to the layman.

d. If no established name exists for a new-drug substance, the application shall propose a nonproprietary name for use as the established name for the substance.

e. Typewritten or other draft labeling copy may be submitted for preliminary consideration of an application. An application will not ordinarily be approved prior to the submission of the final printed label and labeling of the drug.

f. No application may be approved if the labeling is false or misleading in any particular.

(If the article is a prescription drug, copies of mailing pieces and advertising used to promote the drug are to be submitted when commercial distribution begins. Approval of a supplemental new-drug application is required prior to use of any promotional claims not covered by the approved application.)

5. A statement as to whether the drug is (or is not) limited in its labeling and by this application to use under the professional supervision of a practitioner licensed by law to administer it.

6. A full list of the articles used as components of the drug. This list should include all substances used in the synthesis, extraction, or other method of preparation of any new-drug substance, and in the preparation of the finished dosage form, regardless of whether they undergo chemical change or are removed in the process. Each substance should be identified by its established name, if any, or complete chemical name, using structural formulas when necessary for specific identification. If any proprietary preparation is used as a component, the proprietary name should be followed by a complete quantitative statement of composition. Reasonable alternatives for any listed substance may be specified.

7. A full statement of the composition of the drug. The statement shall set forth the name and amount of each ingredient, whether active or not, contained in a stated quantity of the drug in the form in which it is to be distributed (for example, amount per tablet or per milliliter) and a batch formula representative of that to be employed for the manufacture of the finished dosage form. All components should be included in the batch formula regardless of whether they appear in the finished product. Any calculated excess of an ingredient over the label declaration should be designated as such and percent excess shown. Reasonable variations may be specified.

8. A full description of the methods used in, and the facilities and controls used for, the manufacture, processing and packing of the drug. Included in this description should be full information with respect to any new-drug substance and to the new-drug dosage form, as follows, in sufficient detail to permit evaluation of the adequacy of the described methods of manufacture, processing, and packing and the described facilities and controls to determine and preserve the identity, strength, quality, and purity of the drug:

a. A description of the physical facilities including building and equipment used in manufacturing, processing, packaging, labeling, storage, and control operations.

b. A description of the qualifications, including educational background and experience, of the technical and professional personnel who are responsible for assuring that the drug has the safety, identity, strength, quality, and purity it purports or is represented to possess, and a statement of their responsibilities.

c. The methods used in the synthesis, extraction, isolation, or purification of any

new-drug substance. When the specifications and controls applied to such substance are inadequate in themselves to determine its identity, strength, quality, and purity, the methods should be described in sufficient detail, including quantities used, times, temperatures, pH, solvents, etc., to determine these characteristics. Alternative methods or variations in methods within reasonable limits that do not affect such characteristics of the substance may be specified.

d. Precautions to assure proper identity, strength, quality, and purity of the raw materials, whether active or not, including the specifications for acceptance and methods of testing for each lot of raw material.

e. Whether or not each lot of raw materials is given a serial number to identify it, and the use made of such numbers in subsequent plant operations.

f. If the applicant does not himself perform all the manufacturing, processing, packaging, labeling, and control operations for any new-drug substance or the new-drug dosage form, his statement identifying each person who will perform any part of such operations and designating the part; and a signed statement from each such person fully describing, directly or by reference, the methods, facilities, and controls in his part of the operation.

g. Method of preparation of the master formula records and individual batch records and manner in which these records are used.

h. The instructions used in the manufacturing, processing, packaging, and labeling of each dosage form of the new drug, including any special precautions observed in the operations.

i. Adequate information with respect to the characteristics of and the test methods employed for the container, closure, or other component parts of the drug package to assure their suitability for the intended use.

j. Number of individuals checking weight or volume of each individual ingredient entering into each batch of the drug.

k. Whether or not the total weight or volume of each batch is determined at any stage of the manufacturing process subsequent to making up a batch according to the formula card and, if so, at what stage and by whom it is done.

l. Precautions to check the actual package yield produced from a batch of the drug with the theoretical yield. This should include a description of the accounting for such items as discards, breakage, etc., and the criteria used in accepting or rejecting batches of drugs in the event of an unexplained discrepancy.

m. Precautions to assure that each lot of the drug is packaged with the proper label and labeling, including provisions for labeling, storage, and inventory control.

n. The analytical controls used during the various stages of the manufacturing, processing, packaging, and labeling of the drug, including a detailed description of the collection of samples and the analytical procedures to which they are subjected. The analytical procedures should be capable of determining the active components within a reasonable degree of accuracy and of assuring the identity of such components. If the article is one that is represented to be sterile, the same information with regard to the manufacturing, processing, packaging, and the collection of samples of the drug should be given for sterility controls. Include the standards used for acceptance of each lot of the finished drug.

o. An explanation of the exact significance of the batch control numbers used in the manufacturing, processing, packaging, and labeling of the drug, including the control numbers that appear on the label of the finished article. State whether these num-

bers enable determination of the complete manufacturing history of the product. Describe any methods used to permit determination of the distribution of any batch if its recall is required.

p. A complete description of, and data derived from, studies of the stability of the drug, including information showing the suitability of the analytical methods used. Describe any additional stability studies underway or contemplated. Stability data should be submitted for any new-drug substance, for the finished dosage form of the drug in the container including a multiple-dose container in which it is to be marketed, and if it is to be put into solution at the time of dispensing, for the solution prepared as directed. State the expiration date(s) that will be used on the label to preserve the identity, strength, quality, and purity of the drug until it is used. (If no expiration date is proposed, the applicant must justify its absence.)

q. Additional procedures employed which are designed to prevent contamination and otherwise assure proper control of the product.

(An application may be refused unless it includes adequate information showing that the methods used in, and the facilities and controls used for, the manufacturing, processing, and packaging of the drug are adequate to preserve its identity, strength, quality, and purity in conformity with good manufacturing practice and identifies each establishment, showing the location of the plant conducting these operations.)

9. Samples of the drug and articles used as components, as follows: a. The following samples shall be submitted with the application or as soon thereafter as they become available. Each sample shall consist of four identical, separately packaged subdivisions, each containing at least three times the amount required to perform the laboratory test procedures described in the application to determine compliance with its control specifications for identity and assays:

i. A representative sample or samples of the finished dosage form(s) proposed in the application and employed in the clinical investigations and a representative sample or samples of each new-drug substance, as defined in § 130.1(g), from the batch(es) employed in the production of such dosage form(s).

ii. A representative sample or samples of finished market packages of each dosage form of the drug prepared for initial marketing and, if any such sample is not from a commercial-scale production batch, such a sample from a representative commercial-scale production batch; and a representative sample or samples of each new-drug substance as defined in § 130.1(g), from the batch(es) employed in the production of such dosage form(s): *Provided, however,* That in the case of medicated feeds marketed in large packages the sample should contain only three times a sufficient quantity of the medicated feed to allow for performing the control tests for drug identity and assays.

iii. A sample or samples of any reference standard and blank used in the procedures described in the application for assaying each new-drug substance and other assayed components of the finished drug: *Provided, however,* That samples of reference standards recognized in the official U.S. Pharmacopoeia or The National Formulary need not be submitted unless requested.

b. Additional samples shall be submitted on request.

c. Each of the samples submitted shall be appropriately packaged and labeled to preserve its characteristics; to identify the material and the quantity in each subdivision of the sample, and to identify each subdivision with the name of the applicant and the new-drug application to which it relates.

d. There shall be included a full list of the samples submitted pursuant to Item 9a; a statement of the additional samples that will be submitted as soon as available; and, with respect to each sample submitted, full information with respect to its identity, the origin of any new-drug substance contained therein (including in the case of new-drug substances, a statement whether it was produced on a laboratory, pilot-plant, or full-production scale) and detailed results of all laboratory tests made to determine the identity, strength, quality, and purity of the batch represented by the sample, including assays. Include for any reference standard a complete description of its preparation and the results of all laboratory tests on it. If the test methods used differed from those described in the application, full details of the methods employed in obtaining the reported results shall be submitted.

e. The requirements of Item 9a may be waived in whole or in part on request of the applicant or otherwise when any such samples are not necessary.

10. *Full reports of preclinical investigations that have been made to show whether or not the drug is safe for use and effective in use.* a. An application may be refused unless it contains full reports of adequate preclinical tests by all methods reasonably applicable to a determination of the safety and effectiveness of the drug under the conditions of use suggested in the proposed labeling.

b. Detailed reports of the preclinical investigations, including studies made on laboratory animals, the methods used, and the results obtained, should be clearly set forth. Such information should include identification of the person who conducted each investigation, a statement of where the investigations were conducted, and where the underlying data are available for inspection. The animal studies may not be considered adequate unless they give proper attention to the conditions of use recommended in the proposed labeling for the drug such as, for example, whether the drug is for short- or long-term administration or whether it is to be used in infants, children, pregnant women, or premenopausal women.

c. Detailed reports of any pertinent microbiological and in vitro studies.

11. *List of investigators.* a. A complete list of all investigators supplied with the drug including the name and post office address of each investigator and, following each name, an indication whether reports have been submitted as part of this application or under the provisions of § 130.3. (If this information is included in the summary, a reference to the summary page number(s) will suffice.)

b. Explain any omission of reports from any investigator to whom the investigational drug has been made available. The unexplained omission of any reports of investigations made with the new drug by the applicant, or submitted to him by an investigator, or the unexplained omission of any pertinent reports of investigations or clinical experience received or otherwise obtained by the applicant from published literature or other sources, whether or not it would bias an evaluation of the safety of the drug or its effectiveness in use, may constitute grounds for the refusal or withdrawal of the approval of an application.

c. List volume and page references to each investigator's report or the explanation of its omission.

12. *Full reports of clinical investigations that have been made to show whether or not the drug is safe for use and effective in use.* a. An application may be refused unless it contains full reports of adequate tests by all methods reasonably applicable to show

whether or not the drug is safe and effective for use as suggested in the labeling.

b. An application may be refused unless it includes substantial evidence consisting of adequate and well-controlled investigations, including clinical investigations, by experts qualified by scientific training and experience to evaluate the effectiveness of the drug involved, on the basis of which it could fairly and responsibly be concluded by such experts that the drug will have the effect it purports or is represented to have under the conditions of use prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the proposed labeling.

c. Reports of all clinical tests sponsored by the applicant or received or otherwise obtained by the applicant should be attached. These reports should include adequate information concerning each subject treated with the drug or employed as a control, including age, sex, conditions treated, dosage, frequency of administration of the drug, results of all relevant clinical observations and laboratory examinations made, full information concerning any other treatment given previously or concurrently, and a full statement of adverse effects and useful results observed, together with an opinion as to whether such effects or results are attributable to the drug under investigation and a statement of where the underlying data are available for inspection. Ordinarily, the reports of clinical studies will not be regarded as adequate unless they include reports from more than one independent, competent investigator who maintains adequate case histories of an adequate number of subjects, designed to record observations and permit evaluation of any and all discernible effects attributable to the drug in each individual treated and comparable records on any individuals employed as controls. An application for a combination drug may be refused unless it contains substantial evidence that each ingredient designated as active makes a positive contribution to the total therapeutic effect claimed for the drug combination. Except when the disease for which the drug is being tested occurs with such infrequency in the United States as to make testing impractical, some of the investigations should be performed by competent investigators within the United States.

d. Attach as a separate section a completed Form FD-1639, Drug Experience Report (obtainable, with instructions, on request from the Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Washington, D.C. 20204), for each adverse experience described in Item 12c, whether or not full information is available. Form FD-1639 should be prepared by the applicant if the adverse experience was not reported in such form by the investigator. The Drug Experience Report should be cross referenced to any narrative description included in Item 12c.

e. All information pertinent to an evaluation of the safety and effectiveness of the drug received or otherwise obtained by the applicant from any source, including information derived from other investigations or commercial marketing (for example, outside the United States), or reports in the scientific literature, involving the drug that is the subject of the application or pertinent information about any relevantly related drug. An adequate summary may be acceptable in lieu of a reprint of a published article which only supports other data submitted. Include any evaluation of the safety or effectiveness of the drug that has been made by the applicant's medical department, expert committee, or consultants.

f. If the drug is a combination of previously investigated or marketed drugs, an adequate summary of preexisting informa-

tion from preclinical and clinical investigation and experience with its components, including all reports received or otherwise obtained by the applicant suggesting side effects, contraindications, and ineffectiveness in use of such components. Such summary should include an adequate bibliography of publications about the components and may incorporate by reference information concerning such components previously submitted by the applicant to the Food and Drug Administration.

g. The complete composition and/or method of manufacture of the new drug used in each submitted report of investigation should be shown to the extent necessary to establish its identity, strength, quality, and purity if it differs from the description in Item 6, 7, or 8 of the application in any way that would bias an evaluation of the report.

13. *If this is a supplemental application, full information on each proposed change concerning any statement made in the approved application.* (After an application is approved, a supplemental application may propose changes. A supplemental application may omit statements made in the approved application concerning which no change is proposed. Each supplemental application shall include up-to-date reports of any of the kinds of information required by § 130.13(a) that have not previously been submitted as part of the application, including such submission under the records and reports requirements of § 130.13 or § 130.35. A supplemental application should be submitted for any change beyond the variations provided for in the application (including changes in the scale of production such as from pilot plant to production batch) that may alter the conditions of use, the labeling, safety, effectiveness, identity, strength, quality, or purity of the drug or the adequacy of manufacturing methods, facilities, or controls to preserve them. Any mailing or promotional piece used after the drug is placed on the market is labeling requiring a supplemental application if it deviates in any significant respect from the approved labeling. A supplemental application shall specify a period of time within which the proposed change will be made. If a material change is made in the components, composition, manufacturing methods, facilities, or controls, or in the labeling or advertising from the representations in an approved application for a new drug, and the drug is marketed before a supplement is approved for such change, approval of the application may be suspended or withdrawn as provided in sec. 505(e) of the act.)

Changes of the following kinds proposed in supplemental new-drug applications should be placed into effect at the earliest possible time:

a. The addition to package labeling, promotional labeling, and prescription drug advertising of additional warning, contraindication, side-effect, and precaution information.

b. The deletion from package labeling, promotional labeling, and drug advertising of false, misleading, or unsupported indications for use or claims for effectiveness.

c. Changes in the methods, facilities, or controls used for the manufacture, processing, packing, or holding of the drug (other than utilization of establishments not covered by the approval that is in effect) that give increased assurance that the drug will have the characteristics of identity, strength, quality, and purity which it purports or is represented to possess.

Changes of the kinds described in a, b, and c of this Item 13 may be placed in effect by the applicant prior to his receipt of a written notice of approval of the supplemental new-drug application, provided that all the following conditions are met:

d. The supplemental new-drug application providing a full explanation of the basis for changes has been submitted, plainly marked on the mailing cover and on the supplement "Special new-drug application supplement—Changes being effected."

e. The applicant specifically informs the Food and Drug Administration of the date on which such changes are being effected, and submits to the Administration eight copies of any revised labeling to be placed in use, identified with the new-drug application number.

f. All promotional labeling and all drug advertising are promptly revised consistent with the changes made in the labeling on or within the drug package.

When a supplemental application proposes changes only of the kinds described in a, b, and c of this Item 13, and the applicant informs the Food and Drug Administration that the changes are being put into effect, such notification will be regarded as an agreement by the applicant to an extension of the time for formal action on the application.

(Applicant)

Per -----
(Responsible official or agent)

(Indicate authority)

(Warning: A willfully false statement is a criminal offense. U.S.C. Title 28, sec. 1001.)

Note: This application must be signed by the applicant or by an authorized attorney, agent, or official. If the applicant or such authorized representative does not reside or have a place of business within the United States, the application must also furnish the name and post office address of and must be countersigned by an authorized attorney, agent, or official residing or maintaining a place of business within the United States.

If samples of the drug are sent under separate cover, they should be addressed to the attention of the Bureau of Medicine or the Bureau of Veterinary Medicine, as appropriate, and identified on the outside of the shipping carton with the name of the applicant and the name of the drug as shown on the application.

(d) Optional expanded summary and evaluation: (1) A summary and evaluation prepared according to the guidelines described in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph may be substituted for items 2 and 3 of the new-drug application Form FD-356.

(2) The following summary outline covers the elements that are pertinent to an evaluation of the safety and effectiveness of most drugs, but it is recognized that it may not be applicable in detail to all drugs and situations. It is not intended that all items listed must be dealt with irrespective of their applicability. If it is appropriate for other criteria to be covered, they should be included. An explanation of the reason for omission of an item should be given, if not self-evident. An accurate, complete, and concise summary should contribute materially to facilitate the evaluation of the application. When a supplemental application is proposed that requires the submission of substantial preclinical or clinical data, a summary and evaluation of that data is also invited.

SUMMARY AND EVALUATION

I. Chemistry.

A. Chemical structural formula or description for any new-drug substance.

B. Relationship to other known drugs and classes of drugs.

C. Description of dosage form and quantitative composition.

II. Rationale and purpose the drug is to serve.

A. Purpose.

B. Highlights of preclinical studies. The reasons why certain types of studies were done or omitted as related to the proposed conditions of human use and to information already known about this class of compounds. Emphasize any unusual or particularly significant pharmacological effects or toxicological findings.

C. Highlights of clinical studies. The rationale of the clinical study plan showing why types of studies were done, amended, or omitted as related to preclinical studies and prior clinical experience.

D. Conclusions. A short statement of conclusions combining the major points of effectiveness and safety as they relate to the use of the drug.

III. Reference number of the investigational drug notice(s) under which this drug was investigated and of any notice, new-drug application, or master file intended to support the application.

IV. Preclinical studies. All findings should be presented including those which are interpreted as incidental or not drug-related. The summaries of the individual tests described hereafter should include a brief statement of methodology with results and interpretation of the test. Each test should be referenced to the proper page number(s) and volume number of the detailed report or to the table of contents preceding the basic scientific data. Include a table of contents referring to page number(s) of summary and page number(s) of raw data.

A. Pharmacology. Studies on pharmacodynamics, endocrinology, etc., as appropriate.

1. Studies of activities related to the primary therapeutic activity.

2. Studies of activities related to secondary therapeutic properties.

3. Studies of miscellaneous pharmacologic activities of the compound that may or may not be considered pertinent to the efficacy or safety of the drug.

4. Metabolism.

a. Absorption.

b. Tissue distribution.

c. Detoxication.

d. Excretion.

B. Toxicology and pathology.

1. Acute toxicity. Summarize by species and route of administration. Give levels and number of animals per dose level with weights, sex, and maturity. In some unusual circumstances, a brief description of the method may be needed. Give LD₅₀ values with standard deviation, signs of toxicity, times of deaths, and other pertinent information. It is desirable that species and/or sex differences be pointed out and that the ratio of the oral to parenteral LD₅₀'s be indicated.

2. Subacute and chronic toxicity studies (present by species).

a. Method. Give duration of study, route of administration, dose levels, and method of giving drug (diet, gavage). Include number of animals per dose level and range of weights at initiation. Indicate parameters studied, including pathology.

b. Results. List pertinent observations, including pathology, with statement that other parameters were not affected. If necessary, indicate which alterations were related to pharmacodynamic activity and which were related to toxicity.

3. Reproduction and teratology studies (present by species).

a. Method. Give dose levels employed and time of drug administration relative to stage of pregnancy. List parameters examined. State method of examination of young.

b. Results. Describe effect on mother and on the various parameters of pregnancy and the fetus. Discuss relationship of drug doses to the therapeutic and toxic doses.

4. Miscellaneous studies. Include studies designed to explore drug toxicity beyond the more routine acute, subacute, and chronic studies. Studies on tissue irritancy, ciliary motility, etc., and special tests of pharmaceutical formulations should be included.

5. Evaluation of effectiveness and safety. This section should be the final evaluation of effectiveness and safety based upon the known attributes of the new drug in animals.

V. Clinical studies. All material should be referenced to the investigator and to the volume and page number of the raw data. Include a table of contents referring to page number(s) of summary and page number(s) of raw data.

A. Special studies. Include all studies that do not clearly have applicability elsewhere. If anything is known about absorption, distribution, excretion, and fate of the drug, it should be included here. Correlations with similar animal data should be drawn. Drug studies on circulation, respiration, volunteer extraordinary safety studies, and overdosage effects are examples. Studies of dose findings are not to be included.

B. Dose-range studies (individual and collective analysis). Include for each study:

1. Investigator.

2. Plan.

3. Materials used.

4. Diagnosis.

5. Age and sex of patients and, if applicable:

a. Drug codes.

b. Control agents.

c. Statistical methods.

d. Results, adverse reactions and experience, and other side effects.

C. Controlled therapeutic studies. A brief description of each giving:

1. Investigator.

2. Detailed design of study: Crossover, double crossover, or matched groups, double-blind, single-blind, randomized, etc.

3. Control agents (placebo, reference compounds).

4. Drug codes.

5. Design for selection of control and drug groups.

6. Primary and secondary diagnosis, including severity and stage of disease, of patients in drug and control groups with numbers, sex, and age distribution.

7. Detailed criteria of effectiveness, objective and subjective.

8. Adverse reactions looked for by subject, by investigator, and by laboratory tests and timing of observations.

9. Control and drug periods and kind and number of observations made in each.

10. Adverse reactions and all adverse experience by system and organ, general and local.

11. Results, all positive and negative.

12. Statistical analysis, kind and applicability. The only studies that would be subject to analysis are those that are randomized and controlled with either objective or subjective measurement. Case reports, case studies, or uncontrolled studies would not be subjected to statistical analysis.

13. Conclusions. Overall conclusions of controlled therapeutic studies.

D. Other therapeutic reports. Depending on the nature of the investigation, this could be divided between incompletely controlled studies and reports of uncontrolled use. The presentation of the plan and method of

analysis could be governed by the criteria in "C. Controlled therapeutic studies" and by the situation.

E. Clinical laboratory studies related to effectiveness. A description and summary of results. If applicable, use pre- and post-treatment tables and graphs.

F. Clinical laboratory studies related to safety.

1. The general plan giving the number of studies, duration of therapy, controls, number of control determinations, etc.

2. A description and summary of the results for each study, including all variations irrespective of the significance, the investigator's name (with reference to volume and page number of the raw data), the results of laboratory determinations, the number of patients, the range of normal values for each laboratory and what standardization procedures each laboratory employs, and the number of normals for each determination. Discuss variations fully and make a judgment of the significance of variations with supporting reasons. Explanatory tables and graphs are very helpful.

G. Summary of clinical literature reviewed by applicant. All controlled studies that yield data pertinent to safety and effectiveness of the drug and all reports of adverse experience should be abstracted, utilizing the criteria in "C. Controlled therapeutic studies."

H. Overall results and conclusions. This category should combine findings from all categories in this division V and present composite, balanced conclusions.

1. Table of all investigators, academic affiliation, number of cases reported and nature of the study (special, controlled, double-blind, single-blind, randomized, or not, etc.). A statement should be made as to why the study was discontinued, if it was, or a statement that it is continuing, if such is the case. (If this information has been submitted elsewhere, it may be incorporated by reference.)

2. Table of age range for all studies giving totals in each age group and number of males and females in each age group.

3. Table of various dosage schedules by duration and number of patients.

4. Effectiveness.

a. Summarize evidence separately for each claim cited in the package circular. Give results by claim either by blending the results of equivalent types of studies done or by citing the results of the other well-done studies separately and then drawing a conclusion.

b. Include summary tables containing the primary and secondary diagnoses, the number of patients and controls, the dosage schedule, duration, and responses.

5. Safety.

a. Include tabulations listing all side effects or adverse experience, by age and sex, whether or not the applicant considers them to be significant, showing whether therapy was stopped and showing the investigator's name with a reference to the volume and page number of the raw data.

b. Include similar tabulations of adverse experiences limited to those regarded by the applicant as possibly drug-related.

c. Append the investigator's and the applicant's discussion of the basis for deciding whether or not the adverse experience is drug-related and the significance of possibly drug-related experiences.

6. Overall conclusions about safety and effectiveness.

a. Concisely compare kind and incidence of beneficial experience with kind and incidence of adverse experience found in clinical studies. Tabulate adverse reactions and experiences with percentage of incidence that were derived from prospective studies, if possible.

Concisely state effective and recommended clinical dosage range on a mg./kg. basis and mg./kg. dosage levels showing adverse effects in animals and adverse experience in clinical studies.

b. To the extent known, or from studies by the applicant, concisely compare therapeutic index (effective vs. toxic dosage) and incidence of beneficial and significant adverse effects with related drugs. Summarize findings with regard to habit-forming or addiction potential, when applicable.

I. Annotated package circular.

1. For each claim or indication, give references supporting it in the summary, or give statements that are in turn referenced to the summary.

2. For each side effect and adverse experience contained in the submitted summaries and raw data, and for each contraindication, warning, and precaution suggested by such data, give references to it in the summary and cite the disclosure contained in the package circular, or explain its omission. Similarly, cite or explain the omission of such additional disclosures based on experience with related drugs.

(e)(1) For drugs for human use, assemble and bind three copies of the original application as follows:

(i) Obtain from the Food and Drug Administration, Bureau of Medicine, Washington, D.C. 20204, sufficient folders for binding triplicate copies of the new-drug application. Approximately 2 inches of material may be bound in each folder.

(ii) Bind the original or ribbon copy of the application in a blue folder. This will be copy No. 1 and should be a complete copy.

(iii) Bind an identical copy in a red folder, copy No. 2, and an identical copy in a yellow folder, copy No. 3, except that the individual clinical case reports may be omitted from these copies.

(iv) Identify each front cover with the name of the applicant and the name of the drug.

(v) Use separate pages or sets of pages for each numbered heading, Items 1 through 12, of the new-drug application Form FD-356. Arrange the parts as described under subdivision (vii) of this subparagraph. Number the pages of the new-drug application and include a table of contents. Each copy should be numbered identically except for the omissions in copies No. 2 and No. 3 of the clinical case reports.

(vi) The labeling should be distributed in the three copies of the application as follows: If in draft form, two sets of labeling in copy No. 1, one set in copy No. 2, and one set in copy No. 3; if in printed form and submitted with the original submission, two sets in copy No. 1, one set in copy No. 2, one set in copy No. 3, and the remaining four sets submitted unbound.

(vii) (a) For multivolume applications, number each volume of each copy in the lower right-hand corner in numerical sequence starting with volume 1.1 and continuing as needed with 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, etc.

(b) Arrange the separate numbered items of the application described in the new-drug application Form FD-356 in the following sequence (each of the following should comprise one volume, or more if needed, of the application, except

that the material in (3), (4), and (6) of this subdivision may be combined in one volume if it does not exceed 2 inches):

(1) Cover letter, if any; signed Form FD-356; Items 1 through 7 of the Form FD-356.

(2) Manufacturing and sample information (Items 8 and 9).

(3) Animal, toxicological, microbiological, and in vitro data (Item 10).

(4) List of investigators and clinical information other than individual case reports (Items 11 and 12).

(5) Forms FD-1639, Drug Experience Report, to be included in a separate volume in copy No. 1 and copy No. 2 only; cover of volume to be marked "FD-1639" (Item 12d).

(6) Individual clinical case reports to be included in copy No. 1 only (Item 12).

(viii) Submit separate applications for each different dosage form of the drug proposed. It is not necessary to repeat in each application basic information pertinent to all dosage forms if reference is made to the application containing such information. Include in each application information applicable to the specific dosage form; such as labeling, composition, stability data, and method of manufacture.

(ix) Forward amendments, supplements, reports, and other correspondence submitted after the original application in these folders and this format if they contain sufficient material.

(x) If applicant employs automatic data processing techniques for summarization and analysis of clinical studies, printouts of the processed data and summarizations may be submitted, in addition to the underlying data required by Form FD-356. If tapes or punch cards are available on request, this should be indicated. Classification and coding schemes employed by the Bureau of Medicine in automatic data processing operations will be made available to applicants on request directed to the Food and Drug Administration, Bureau of Medicine, Washington, D.C. 20204. The use by applicants of similar coding schemes may facilitate the exchange of information in the form of punch cards and computer tapes.

(2) An incomplete application, or one that has not been submitted in triplicate, will be retained but not filed as an application provided for in section 505(b) of the act. The applicant will be notified in what respects his application is incomplete.

§ 130.5 Reasons for refusing to file applications.

(a) An application shall not be considered complete and will not be filed as a new-drug application within the meaning of section 505(b) of the act if one or more of the following is the case:

(1) It does not contain complete and accurate English translations of any pertinent part in a foreign language.

(2) Fewer than three copies are submitted.

(3) It is incomplete on its face in that it does not contain all the matter required by section 505(b) (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6) of the act or by the new-

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

drug application form set forth in § 130.4(c).

(4) On its face the information concerning required matter is so inadequate that the application is clearly not approvable.

(5) The drug is to be manufactured, prepared, propagated, compounded, or processed in whole or in part in any State in an establishment that has not been registered or exempted from registration under the provisions of section 510 of the act.

(6) The applicant does not reside or maintain a place of business within the United States and the application has not been countersigned by an attorney, agent, or other representative of the applicant, which representative resides in the United States and has been duly authorized to act on behalf of the applicant and to receive communications on all matters pertaining to the application.

(7) The new drug is a drug subject to licensing under the Public Health Service Act of July 1, 1944 (58 Stat. 682, as amended; 42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) or under the animal virus-serum-toxin law of March 4, 1913 (37 Stat. 832; 21 U.S.C. 151 et seq.).

(b) An application that is not considered complete and is not filed will not be accepted as a basis for amendments if a review of the required summary or other portion of the application shows that it is not a well-organized, coherent document and is so inadequate that it cannot be expeditiously reviewed on the basis of an amendment. In such circumstances, the applicant will be notified that he will be required to submit a new, complete new-drug application without reference to the previous submission.

§ 130.9 Supplemental applications.

(e) It will be the policy of the Food and Drug Administration to take no action against a drug or applicant solely because changes of the kinds described in paragraph (d) of this section are placed in effect by the applicant prior to his receipt of a written notice of approval of the supplemental new-drug application: *Provided*, That all the following conditions are met:

(1) The supplemental new-drug application providing a full explanation of the basis for changes has been submitted, plainly marked on the mailing cover and on the supplement "Special new-drug application supplement—Changes being effected."

(2) The applicant specifically informs the Food and Drug Administration of the date on which such changes are being effected, and submits to the Administration eight copies of any revised labeling to be placed in use, identified with the new-drug application number.

(3) All promotional labeling and all drug advertising are promptly revised consistent with the changes made in the labeling on or within the drug package.

(f) When a supplemental application proposes changes only of the kinds de-

scribed in paragraph (d) of this section, and the applicant informs the Food and Drug Administration that the changes are being put into effect, such notification will be regarded as an agreement by the applicant to an extension of the time for formal action on the application.

§ 130.13 Records and reports concerning experience on drugs for which an approval is in effect.

(b) * * *

(2) * * *

(i) Information concerning any unexpected side effect, injury, toxicity, or sensitivity reaction or any unexpected incidence or severity thereof associated with clinical uses, studies, investigations, or tests, whether or not determined to be attributable to the drug, except that this requirement shall not apply to the submission of information described in a written communication to the applicant from the Food and Drug Administration as types of information that may be submitted at other designated intervals. For drugs for human use, these reports shall be submitted in duplicate on Form FD-1639, Drug Experience Report, obtainable with instructions on request from the Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Washington, D.C. 20204. "Unexpected" as used in this subdivision refers to conditions or developments not previously submitted as part of the new-drug application or not encountered during clinical trials of the drug, or conditions or developments occurring at a rate higher than shown by information previously submitted as part of the new-drug application, or than encountered during such clinical trials.

(3) When mailing pieces and advertising copy are devised for promotion of the new drug, samples of such promotional material shall be submitted at the time of the initial mailing of any such mailing piece to the profession and at the time of the initial placement of any such advertisement for a prescription drug.

(4) All the kinds of information described in paragraph (a) of this section, other than that submitted under the provisions of subparagraphs (1), (2), and (3) of this paragraph, shall be submitted at the following intervals, unless otherwise ordered in a written communication from the Commissioner:

(i) If the drug is intended for administration to man, within intervals of 3 months beginning with the date of approval of the application during the first year following such date; within intervals of 6 months during the second year following such date; and at yearly intervals thereafter.

(ii) If the drug is intended solely for administration to animals, at intervals within 6 months beginning with the date of approval of the application during the first year following such date, and at yearly intervals thereafter: *Provided, however*, That such reports are not required from applicants to the extent that

the reporting obligation is based on their manufacture of complete medicated feed.

(iii) The submitted copies of records and reports shall include all the required information that was received or otherwise obtained by the applicant during the designated intervals.

(5) On written order of the Commissioner, within the time stated in such order or agreed to by the applicant and the Commissioner, any designated records or reports containing the kinds of information described in this section.

§ 130.13a Reporting of adverse drug experiences.

(a) Required reports of all adverse experiences with drugs for human use submitted as part of a new-drug application under § 130.4, a supplemental new-drug application under § 130.9, or as part of the reporting requirements concerning experiences with drugs for which an approval is in effect prescribed by § 130.13, shall be submitted on Form FD-1639, Drug Experience Report, obtainable with instructions from the Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Washington, D.C. 20204.

(b) For the purpose of such report, the terms "drug experience," "adverse drug experience," and "adverse reaction" mean any adverse experience associated with the use of the drug whether or not considered drug-related.

Any interested person may, within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, file with the Hearing Clerk, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Room 5440, 330 Independence Avenue SW., Washington D.C. 20201, written comments, preferably in quintuplicate, on this proposal. Comments may be accompanied by a memorandum or brief in support thereof.

Dated: October 6, 1966.

JAMES L. GODDARD,
Commissioner of Food and Drugs.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11178; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:45 a.m.]

FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY

[14 CFR Part 91]

[Docket No. 7664; Notice 66-36]

CARELESS OR RECKLESS GROUND USE OF AIRCRAFT NOT INCIDENT TO FLIGHT

Notice of Proposed Rule Making

The Federal Aviation Agency is considering amending Part 91 of the Federal Aviation Regulations to prohibit taxing or otherwise using aircraft, not incident to flight of the aircraft, on any part of an airport surface used for the operation of aircraft in air commerce, in a careless or reckless manner so as to endanger the life or property of another.

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data,

views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should identify the regulatory docket or notice number and be submitted in duplicate to the Federal Aviation Agency, Office of the General Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket, 800 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, D.C. 20553. All communications received on or before January 12, 1967, will be considered by the Administrator before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of the comments received. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons.

Prior to 1945, Part 60 of the Civil Air Regulations prohibited, among other things, starting, or running an aircraft engine unless a competent operator was in the aircraft attending the engine controls, and required placing blocks in front of wheels before starting engines unless the aircraft was provided with adequate parking brakes and these were fully on (§ 60.331). These specific standards were dropped from the regulations in 1945, because they were included in the general provisions of § 60.12 on careless or reckless operation of aircraft. The substance of this provision is now contained in § 91.9 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that prohibits the operation of an aircraft in a careless or reckless manner so as to endanger the life or property of another.

The term "operate" as used in § 91.9 is defined in § 1.1 of the Federal Aviation Regulations to mean the use of aircraft "for the purpose of air navigation", conformably with the definition of that term in section 101(26) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958. Accordingly, § 91.9 is inapplicable to some incidents involving the use of an aircraft, not incident to flight, on the surface of an airport in a careless or reckless manner so as to endanger the life or property of another. These incidents include leaving the aircraft unattended with propellers or rotors turning, and "hand propping" the aircraft with the controls unattended or without the use of parking brakes or wheel blocks. Moreover, these incidents may also endanger other aircraft being operated on the surface of an airport for the purpose of air navigation.

It appears that safety of aircraft operated in air commerce can be adequately protected while on airport surfaces only if all persons using aircraft there, are required to do so with equal care. It is not sufficient to place the standard of care contained in § 91.9 upon those who operate aircraft for the purpose of air navigation and at the same time to relieve other persons using aircraft on the same airport surface from the exercise of similar care merely because their use is not incident to flight.

The proposed amendment would extend the standard of care of § 91.9 to those persons taxiing or otherwise using aircraft, not incident to flight, on any part of an airport surface used for the operation of aircraft in air commerce. This amendment would be an appropriate exercise of the Administrator's authority to provide adequately for safety in air commerce, pursuant to section 601 of the Act, notwithstanding the additional prohibition would be directed against actions by persons who themselves are not engaged in air commerce.

In consideration of the foregoing, it is proposed to amend Part 91 of the Federal Aviation Regulations as follows:

§ 91.1 [Amended]

1. By adding the words "or use" after the word "operation" in paragraph (a) of § 91.1.

2. By inserting the following new section after § 91.9:

§ 91.10 Careless or reckless ground use.

No person may taxi or otherwise use an aircraft, not incident to flight, on any part of the surface of an airport used for the operation of aircraft in air commerce, in a careless or reckless manner so as to endanger the life or property of another.

These amendments are proposed under the authority of sections 313(a) and 601 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1354, 1421).

Issued in Washington, D.C., on October 7, 1966.

EDWARD C. HOBSON,
Acting Director,
Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11190; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

[16 CFR Part 303]

TEXTILE FIBER PRODUCTS

Fiber Content of Special Types of Products

On August 3, 1966, the Commission issued a notice of proposed rule making in connection with this matter which was subsequently published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (31 F.R. 10581). Such notice provided that a proposed amendment of § 303.10 (Rule 10) of the rules and regulations under the Textile Fiber Products Identification Act would be considered. The proposed rule was set forth therein and dealt with a proposed disclosure with respect to multiconstituent fibers which were blended or combined at or prior to the time of initial extrusion or fiber formation. Such notice further provided that interested parties might participate by submitting in writing to the Federal Trade Commission on or before September 13, 1966 views, arguments or other data.

Upon good cause being shown, such notice of proposed rule making is hereby suspended pending further orders of the Commission.

Issued: October 11, 1966.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

JOSEPH W. SHEA,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11205; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[13 CFR Part 121]

[Rev. 6]

SMALL BUSINESS SIZE STANDARDS

Definition of Small Business for Government Procurement

Correction

On page 12924 of the issue for Tuesday, October 4, 1966, a correction of F.R. Doc. 66-10695 carried a page reference of "12349" which should be corrected to read "12849".

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Comptroller of the Currency

CROCKER-ANGLO NATIONAL BANK AND CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK

Notice of Hearing in Connection With the Merger

Notice is hereby given that the Comptroller of the Currency will hold a hearing in connection with the merger of Crocker-Anglo National Bank and Citizens National Bank in San Francisco, Calif., on November 14, 1966, at a time and place to be announced at a later date for the purpose of receiving testimony and evidence in connection with said merger.

Interested parties are notified that if they desire to present any evidence or testimony in connection with the above merger, they are required to serve notice of their intention on the Comptroller by October 24, 1966. Your notification to the Comptroller of the Currency shall indicate in general terms the position you intend to take in connection with said merger.

For the Comptroller of the Currency,
Treasury Department.

Dated: October 11, 1966.

[SEAL] JAMES J. SAXON,
Comptroller of the Currency.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11248; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:49 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Office of the Secretary

JAMES S. BROADDUS

Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) None.
- (2) None.
- (3) None.
- (4) None.

This statement is made as of October 1, 1966.

Dated: October 1, 1966.

JAMES S. BROADDUS,

[F.R. Doc. 66-11195; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:46 a.m.]

ALEXANDER S. CHAMBERLAIN Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) None.
- (2) None.
- (3) None.
- (4) None.

This statement is made as of August 25, 1966.

Dated: August 25, 1966.

ALEX S. CHAMBERLAIN.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11212; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:48 a.m.]

JOHN W. HIERONYMUS Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) No change.
- (2) No change.
- (3) No change.
- (4) No change.

This statement is made as of October 3, 1966.

Dated: October 3, 1966.

JOHN W. HIERONYMUS.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11196; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:46 a.m.]

GEORGE F. HRUBESKY Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) Vice President—Power Generation and Engineering.
- (2) No change.
- (3) None.
- (4) None.

This statement is made as of October 5, 1966.

Dated: October 5, 1966.

G. F. HRUBESKY.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11197; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:46 a.m.]

LOWELL E. HUNT Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) None.
- (2) None.
- (3) None.
- (4) None.

This statement is made as of August 25, 1966.

Dated: August 25, 1966.

L. E. HUNT.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11213; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:48 a.m.]

JOE T. INNIS Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) None.
- (2) None.
- (3) None.
- (4) None.

This statement is made as of September 27, 1966.

Dated: September 27, 1966.

JOE T. INNIS.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11214; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:48 a.m.]

LAYTON E. KINCANNON Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken

place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) None.
- (2) Stocks sold: Dura Corp. Stocks purchased: California Liquid Gas Corp.; Kelly Services, Inc.; Mercantile Financial Corp.; Reliance Elect. & Engrg. Co.; Smith Industries International; Trans World Airlines; West-Point Pepperrell.
- (3) No change.
- (4) No change.

This statement is made as of August 25, 1966.

Dated: August 26, 1966.

L. E. KINCANNON.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11215; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

HOWARD LESTER LIVINGOOD

Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) No change.
- (2) No change.
- (3) No change.
- (4) No change.

This statement is made as of October 3, 1966.

Dated: October 3, 1966.

HOWARD LESTER LIVINGOOD.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11198; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

MAXWELL S. McKNIGHT

Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) None.
- (2) None.
- (3) None.
- (4) None.

This statement is made as of September 15, 1966.

Dated: September 15, 1966.

MAXWELL S. McKNIGHT.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11218; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

CHARLES K. MILLEN

Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken

place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) No change.
- (2) No change.
- (3) No change.
- (4) No change.

This statement is made as of October 3, 1966.

Dated: October 3, 1966.

CHARLES K. MILLEN.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11199; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

GEORGE EVERETT MILLICAN

Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

No change in my financial interest during the last 6 months other than I retired as Vice President of Gulf Oil Corp. on December 31 and my primary activity at the present time is that of Alderman, City of Atlanta, for a term ending December 31, 1969.

This statement is made as of September 21, 1966.

Dated: September 21, 1966.

G. E. MILLICAN.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11217; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

GEORGE A. PORTER

Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) No change.
- (2) Additions:

100 shares Union Carbide Corp. common stock—purchased July 8, 1966.
200 shares Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. common stock—purchased April 19, 1966.

Deletions:

100 shares Bucyrus Erie Co. common stock.
100 shares Cooper Tire & Rubber Co. common stock.
250 shares Federal-Mogul Corp. common stock.
50 shares General Motors Corp. common stock.
200 shares Pacific Gas & Electric Co., 6 percent 1st preferred shares—cumulative.
165 shares Radio Corp. of America common stock.
50 shares Reynolds Metals Co. common stock.
200 shares Southern California Edison Co., 4.32 percent cumulative preferred shares.
50 shares Standard Oil Co. N.J. common stock.
100 shares Union Carbide Corp. common stock—sold August 24, 1966.
250 shares Westinghouse Electric Corp. common stock.

200 shares Youngstown Sheet & Tube Co. common stock—sold August 24, 1966.
(3) No change.
(4) No change.

This statement is made as of October 3, 1966.

Dated: October 3, 1966.

G. A. PORTER.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11200; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

WILLIAM R. REMALIA

Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) None.
- (2) None.
- (3) None.
- (4) None.

This statement is made as of October 1, 1966.

Dated: October 4, 1966.

WILLIAM R. REMALIA.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11218; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

KENNETH I. SEWELL

Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) No change.
- (2) No change.
- (3) No change.
- (4) No change.

This statement is made as of October 3, 1966.

Dated: October 3, 1966.

K. I. SEWELL.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11201; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

ELWYN FRANK TIMME

Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

- (1) No change.
- (2) No change.
- (3) No change.
- (4) No change.

This statement is made as of October 5, 1966.

Dated: October 5, 1966.

E. F. TIMME.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11202; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

EDWARD W. WELCH

Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

In accordance with the requirements of section 710(b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests during the past 6 months:

Had \$10,000 in "K" bond that matured the 1st of August 1966 and reinvested said amount in "H" bonds (10 bonds of \$1,000 face value).

This statement is made as of October 3, 1966.

Dated: October 3, 1966.

E. W. WELCH.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11203; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Office of the Secretary NORTH CAROLINA AND SOUTH CAROLINA

Designation of Areas for Emergency Loans

For the purpose of making emergency loans pursuant to section 321 of the Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961 (7 U.S.C. 1961) it has been determined that in the hereinafter-named counties in the States of North Carolina and South Carolina natural disasters have caused a need for agricultural credit not readily available from commercial banks, cooperative lending agencies, or other responsible sources.

NORTH CAROLINA

Bladen. Sampson.
Lenoir.

SOUTH CAROLINA

Aiken. Lexington.
Chesterfield. Marion.
Clarendon. Marlboro.
Darlington. Newberry.
Dillon. Orangeburg.
Dorchester. Richland.
Hampton. Saluda.
Kershaw. Spartanburg.
Lancaster. Union.
Laurens. Williamsburg.
Lee. York.

Pursuant to the authority set forth above, emergency loans will not be made in the above-named counties after June 30, 1967, except to applicants who previously received emergency or special livestock loan assistance and who can qualify under established policies and procedures.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 11th day of October 1966.

ORVILLE L. FREEMAN,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11228; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of the Census

ANNUAL SURVEYS IN MANUFACTURING AREA

Notice of Consideration

Notice is hereby given that the Bureau of the Census is considering a proposal to continue or initiate the annual surveys listed below for the year 1966 and for each year thereafter, under the authority of Title 13, United States Code, sections 181, 224, and 225 approved August 31, 1954. These surveys, most of which have been conducted for many years, are significant in the manufacturing area and on the basis of information and recommendations received by the Bureau of the Census, the data have significant application to the needs of the public and industry and are not available from nongovernmental or other governmental sources.

The establishments covered by these surveys directly account for the bulk of all manufacturing employment. The information to be developed from these surveys is necessary to an adequate measurement of total industrial production. Government agencies need data on the output of these industries. Manufacturers in the industries involved, as well as their suppliers and customers and the general public, have all requested such data in the interest of business efficiency and stability.

Such surveys, if conducted, shall begin not earlier than 30 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Report forms in most instances furnishing data on shipments and/or production and in some instances on stocks, unfilled orders, orders booked, consumption, etc., will be required of all or a sample of establishments engaged in the production of the items covered by the following list of surveys. The surveys have been arranged under major group headings shown in the revised Standard Industrial Classification Manual (1957 edition) promulgated by the Bureau of the Budget for the use of Federal statistical agencies.

MAJOR GROUP 20—FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS
Prepared animal feeds.

MAJOR GROUP 22—TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS
Stocks of wool (as of Jan. 1, 1967).
Cotton and synthetic woven goods finished.
Narrow fabrics.
Knit cloth for sale.
Woolen and worsted machinery activity.
Yarn production.
Rugs, carpets, and carpeting.

MAJOR GROUP 23—APPAREL AND OTHER FINISHED PRODUCTS MADE FROM FABRICS AND SIMILAR MATERIALS

Gloves and mittens.
Apparel.
Brassieres, corsets, and allied garments.
Sheets, pillowcases, and towels.

MAJOR GROUP 24—LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE

Hardwood plywood.
Softwood plywood.
Lumber.

MAJOR GROUP 26—PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS
Pulp, and detailed grades of paper and board.

MAJOR GROUP 28—CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

Sulfuric acid.
Industrial gases.
Inorganic chemicals.
Pharmaceutical preparations, except biologicals.

MAJOR GROUP 30—RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS PRODUCTS

Plastics products.

MAJOR GROUP 31—LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS

Shoes and slippers (by method of construction).

MAJOR GROUP 32—STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS
Consumer, scientific, technical, and industrial glassware.
Fibrous glass.

MAJOR GROUP 33—PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES
Commercial steel forgings.
Steel mill products.
Insulated wire and cable.

MAJOR GROUP 34—FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS, EXCEPT ORDINANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

Steel power boilers.
Heating and cooking equipment.

MAJOR GROUP 35—MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL

Internal combustion engines.
Tractors.
Farm machines and equipment.
Mining machinery and equipment.
Air-conditioning and refrigeration equipment.
Office, computing, and accounting machines.
Pumps and compressors.

MAJOR GROUP 36—ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT, AND SUPPLIES

Radios, television, and phonographs.
Motors and generators.
Wiring devices and supplies.
Switchgear, switchboard apparatus, relays, and industrial controls.
Selected electronic and associated products.
Electric housewares and fans.
Electric lighting fixtures.

MAJOR GROUP 37—TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

Aircraft propellers.

MAJOR GROUP 38—PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC, AND CONTROLLING INSTRUMENTS; PHOTOGRAPHIC AND OPTICAL GOODS; WATCHES AND CLOCKS

Selected instruments and related products.
Atomic energy products and services.

The following list of surveys represents annual counterparts of monthly, quarterly, and semiannual surveys and will cover only those establishments which are not canvassed or do not report in the more frequent survey. Accordingly, there will be no duplication in reporting. The content of these annual reports will

be identical with that of the monthly, quarterly, and semiannual reports except for construction machinery which will additionally call for data on shipments of power cranes and shovels, concrete mixers, and attachments for contractors' off-highway type tractors. Also, reports on man-made fiber, silk, woolen, and worsted fabrics, on finishing plants, and on piece goods inventories listed below will call for information relating to the monthly fluctuations of stocks and unfilled orders for woven fabrics in addition to the annual production data.

MAJOR GROUP 20—FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS

Flour milling products.
Confectionery products.

MAJOR GROUP 22—TEXTILE MILL PRODUCTS

Man-made fiber, silk, woolen, and worsted fabrics.
Finishing plant report—broad woven fabrics.
Piece goods inventories and orders.
Broad woven goods (cotton, wool, silk, and synthetic).
Consumption of wool and other fibers, and production of tops and noils.

MAJOR GROUP 25—FURNITURE AND FIXTURES

Mattresses and bedsprings.

MAJOR GROUP 26—PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

Consumers of wood pulp.
Converted flexible packaging products.

MAJOR GROUP 28—CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

Superphosphates.
Paint, varnish, and lacquer.

MAJOR GROUP 29—PETROLEUM REFINING AND RELATED INDUSTRIES

Asphalt and tar roofing and siding products.

MAJOR GROUP 30—RUBBER AND MISCELLANEOUS PLASTICS PRODUCTS

Plastics bottles.
Rubber.

MAJOR GROUP 31—LEATHER AND LEATHER PRODUCTS

Shoes and slippers.

MAJOR GROUP 32—STONE, CLAY AND GLASS

Flat glass.
Glass containers.
Refractories.
Clay construction products.

MAJOR GROUP 33—PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES

Nonferrous castings.
Iron and steel foundries.
Magnesium mill products.

MAJOR GROUP 34—FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS, EXCEPT ORDNANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

Plumbing fixtures.
Steel shipping barrels, drums, and pails.
Closures for containers.
Metal cans.

MAJOR GROUP 35—MACHINERY, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL

Construction machinery.
Metalworking machinery.
Fans, blowers, and unit heaters.
Typewriters.

MAJOR GROUP 36—ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT, AND SUPPLIES

Electric lamps.
Fluorescent lamp ballasts.

MAJOR GROUP 37—TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

Aircraft engines.
Complete aircraft.
Backlog of orders for aircraft, space vehicles, missiles, engines, and selected parts.
Truck trailers.

Also, the Annual Survey of Manufacturers will be conducted and will call for general statistical data such as employment, payroll, manhours, capital expenditures, cost of materials consumed, gross book value of fixed assets, rental payments, supplemental labor costs, etc., in addition to information on value of products shipped and quantity data for selected classes of products. This survey, while conducted on a sample basis, will cover all manufacturing industries. Data on employment and payrolls for auxiliary establishments of manufacturing companies such as central administrative offices, warehouses, etc. will be included.

A survey of Research and Development costs will also be conducted. The data to be obtained will be limited to total research and development costs of work performed by the company, total cost of research and development work performed for the Federal Government, and, for comparative purposes, total net sales and receipts, and total employment of the company.

Additionally, a survey will be conducted requesting manufacturers to report each plants' volume of products manufactured which were exported. This survey was previously conducted for the year 1963. It is designed to provide important information on the relationship of the economy of States and other geographic areas to foreign trade.

Copies of the proposed forms are available on request to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Any suggestions or recommendations concerning the subject matter of these proposed surveys should be submitted in writing to the Director of the Census within 30 days after the date of this publication and will receive consideration.

Dated: October 4, 1966.

A. ROSS ECKLER,
Director.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11183; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:45 a.m.]

Bureau of International Commerce

[File No. 23(65)-53]

**SCIENTIFIC SUPPLY CO. AND
C. J. RAWLINS**

**Order Denying Export Privileges for
an Indefinite Period**

In the matter of Scientific Supply Co. and C. J. Rawlins, 187 Jalan Pudu, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia, respondents; File No. 23(65)-53.

The Director, Investigations Division, Office of Export Control, Bureau of International Commerce, U.S. Department of Commerce, has applied for an order denying to the above-named respondents

all export privileges for an indefinite period because said respondents, without good cause being shown, failed to furnish responsive answers to interrogatories and failed to furnish certain records and documents specifically requested. This application was made pursuant to § 382.15 of the Export Regulations (Title 15, Chapter III, Subchapter B, Code of Federal Regulations).

In accordance with the usual practice, the application for an indefinite denial order was referred to the Compliance Commissioner, Bureau of International Commerce, who after consideration of the evidence has recommended that the application be granted.

The report of the Compliance Commissioner and the evidence in support of the application have been considered. The evidence presented shows that the respondent, Scientific Supply Co., is a firm which deals in electronic equipment and has a place of business in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia; that the respondent, C. J. Rawlins is the manager and principal official of said firm; that the aforesaid Investigations Division is conducting an investigation into the disposition of certain strategic U.S.-origin items of electronic equipment which were ordered by said firm and which were exported from the United States consigned to said firm as ultimate consignee; that said investigation is to ascertain whether said equipment has been reexported in violation of the U.S. Export Regulations. It is impracticable to subpoena said respondents and relevant and material interrogatories which included requests to furnish certain specific documents relating to the respondents' dealings with respect to said commodities were served on them pursuant to § 382.15 of the Export Regulations. The respondents have failed to furnish answers to said interrogatories or to furnish the documents requested as required by said section, and they have not shown good cause for such failure. I find that an order denying export privileges to said respondents for an indefinite period is reasonably necessary to protect the public interest and to achieve effective enforcement of the Export Control Act of 1949, as amended.

Accordingly, it is hereby ordered:

I. All outstanding validated export licenses in which respondents appear or participate in any manner or capacity are hereby revoked and shall be returned forthwith to the Bureau of International Commerce for cancellation.

II. The respondents, their partners, representatives, agents, and employees hereby are denied all privileges of participating, directly or indirectly, in any manner or capacity, in any transaction involving commodities or technical data exported from the United States in whole or in part, or to be exported, or which are otherwise subject to the Export Regulations. Without limitation of the generality of the foregoing, participation prohibited in any such transaction, either in the United States or abroad, shall include participation, directly or indirectly, in any manner or capacity: (a)

As a party or as a representative of a party to any validated export license application; (b) in the preparation or filing of any export license application or reexportation authorization, or any document to be submitted therewith; (c) in the obtaining or using of any validated or general export license or other export control document; (d) in the carrying on of negotiations with respect to, or in the receiving, ordering, buying, selling, delivering, storing, using, or disposing of any commodities or technical data in whole or in part exported or to be exported from the United States; and (e) in the financing, forwarding, transporting, or other servicing of such commodities or technical data.

III. Such denial of export privileges shall extend not only to the respondents, but also to their agents and employees and to any successor and to any person, firm, corporation, or business organization with which they now or hereafter may be related by affiliation, ownership, control, position of responsibility, or other connection in the conduct of trade or services connected therewith.

IV. This order shall remain in effect until the respondents provide responsive answers, written information and documents in response to the interrogatories heretofore served upon them or give adequate reasons for failure to do so, except insofar as this order may be amended or modified hereafter in accordance with the Export Regulations.

V. No person, firm, corporation, partnership, or other business organization, whether in the United States or elsewhere, without prior disclosure to and specific authorization from the Bureau of International Commerce, shall do any of the following acts, directly or indirectly, or carry on negotiations with respect thereto, in any manner or capacity, on behalf of or in any association with the respondents or any related party, or whereby the respondents or related party may obtain any benefit therefrom or have any interest or participation therein, directly or indirectly: (a) Apply for, obtain, transfer, or use any license, Shipper's Export Declaration, bill of lading, or other export control document relating to any exportation, reexportation, transshipment, or diversion of any commodity or technical data exported or to be exported from the United States, by, to, or for any such respondent or related party denied export privileges; or (b) order, buy, receive, use, sell, deliver, store, dispose of, forward, transport, finance, or otherwise service or participate in any exportation, reexportation, transshipment, or diversion of any commodity or technical data exported or to be exported from the United States.

VI. A copy of this order shall be served upon the respondents.

VII. In accordance with the provisions of § 382.15 of the Export Regulations, the respondents may move at any time to vacate or modify this indefinite denial order by filing with the Compliance Commissioner, Bureau of International Commerce, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230, an ap-

propriate motion for relief, supported by substantial evidence, and may also request an oral hearing thereon, which, if requested shall be held before the Compliance Commissioner in Washington, D.C., at the earliest convenient date.

This order shall become effective forthwith.

Dated: October 6, 1966.

RAUER H. MEYER,
Director, Office of Export Control.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11208; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:47 a.m.]

[File No. 23(66)-17]

TOKYO SEIDENSHA CO., LTD., AND TAKEO SAKAMOTO

Order Denying Export Privileges for an Indefinite Period

In the matter of Tokyo Seidensha Co., Ltd., and Takeo Sakamoto; 564-7 Chome, Ebara-machi, Shinagawa-Ku, and 8-11 Koyama 6-Chome Shinagawa-Ku, and 1395 Hara-machi Meguro-Ku, all of Tokyo, Japan, respondents; File No. 23(66)-17.

The Director, Investigations Division, Office of Export Control, Bureau of International Commerce, U.S. Department of Commerce, has applied for an order denying to the above-named respondents all export privileges for an indefinite period because said respondents, without good cause being shown, failed to furnish responsive answers to interrogatories and failed to furnish certain records and documents specifically requested. This application was made pursuant to § 382.15 of the Export Regulations (Title 15, Chapter III, Subchapter B, Code of Federal Regulations). A temporary denial order has been in effect against the respondent Tokyo Seidensha Co., Ltd., since June 17, 1966 (31 F.R. 8837, 11111).

In accordance with the usual practice, the application for an indefinite denial order was referred to the Compliance Commissioner, Bureau of International Commerce, who after consideration of the evidence has recommended that the application be granted.

The report of the Compliance Commissioner and the evidence in support of the application have been considered. The evidence presented shows that the respondent, Tokyo Seidensha Co., Ltd., is a joint stock company with a place of business in Tokyo, Japan; the respondent, Takeo Sakamoto, is the principal official and president of the company; the company is engaged in importing telecommunication and microwave equipment, and also measuring and analyzing instruments and accessories; the aforesaid Investigations Division is conducting an investigation into the disposition by said company of certain U.S.-origin electronic commodities of a strategic nature known to have been received by it; the said investigation is to ascertain whether said commodities have been reexported or traded in violation of the U.S. Export Regulations. It is impracticable to subpoena the company and its

principal official and relevant and material interrogatories, which included requests to furnish certain specific documents relating to the company's dealings in said commodities, were served on respondents pursuant to § 382.15 of the Export Regulations. The respondents have failed to furnish answers to said interrogatories or to furnish the documents requested, as required by said section, and they have not shown good cause for such failure. I find that an order denying export privileges to said respondents for an indefinite period is reasonably necessary to protect the public interest and to achieve effective enforcement of the Export Control Act of 1949, as amended.

Accordingly, it is hereby ordered:

I. This order supersedes the Temporary Denial Order entered against Tokyo Seidensha Co., Ltd., on June 17, 1966 (31 F.R. 8837), and extended on August 15, 1966 (31 F.R. 11111).

II. The respondents, their partners, representatives, agents, and employees hereby are denied all privileges of participating, directly or indirectly, in any manner or capacity, in any transaction involving commodities or technical data exported from the United States in whole or in part, or to be exported, or which are otherwise subject to the Export Regulations. Without limitation of the generality of the foregoing, participation prohibited in any such transaction, either in the United States or abroad, shall include participation, directly or indirectly, in any manner or capacity: (a) As a party or as a representative of a party to any validated export license application; (b) in the preparation or filing of any export license application or reexportation authorization, or any document to be submitted therewith; (c) in the obtaining or using of any validated or general export license or other export control document; (d) in the carrying on of negotiations with respect to, or in the receiving, ordering, buying, selling, delivering, storing, using, or disposing of any commodities or technical data in whole or in part exported or to be exported from the United States; and (e) in the financing, forwarding, transporting, or other servicing of such commodities or technical data.

III. Such denial of export privileges shall extend not only to the respondents, but also to their agents and employees and to any successor and to any person, firm, corporation, or business organization with which they now or hereafter may be related by affiliation, ownership, control, position of responsibility, or other connection in the conduct of trade or services connected therewith.

IV. This order shall remain in effect until the respondents provide responsive answers, written information and documents in response to the interrogatories heretofore served upon them or give adequate reasons for failure to do so, except insofar as this order may be amended or modified hereafter in accordance with the Export Regulations.

V. No person, firm, corporation, partnership, or other business organization,

whether in the United States or elsewhere, without prior disclosure to and specific authorization from the Bureau of International Commerce, shall do any of the following acts, directly or indirectly, or carry on negotiations with respect thereto, in any manner or capacity, on behalf of or in any association with the respondents or any related party, or whereby the respondents or related party may obtain any benefit therefrom or have any interest or participation therein, directly or indirectly: (a) Apply for, obtain, transfer, or use any license, Shipper's Export Declaration, bill of lading, or other export control document relating to any exportation, reexportation, transshipment, or diversion of any commodity or technical data exported or to be exported from the United States, by, to or for any such respondent or related party denied export privileges; or (b) order, buy, receive, use, sell, deliver, store, dispose of, forward, transport, finance, or otherwise service or participate in any exportation, reexportation, transshipment, or diversion of any commodity or technical data exported or to be exported from the United States.

VI. A copy of this order shall be served upon the respondents.

VII. In accordance with the provisions of § 382.15 of the Export Regulations, the respondents may move at any time to vacate or modify this indefinite denial order by filing with the Compliance Commissioner, Bureau of International Commerce, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230, an appropriate motion for relief, supported by substantial evidence, and may also request an oral hearing thereon, which, if requested shall be held before the Compliance Commissioner in Washington, D.C., at the earliest convenient date.

This order shall become effective forthwith.

Dated: October 6, 1966.

RAUER H. MEYER,
Director, Office of Export Control.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11209; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:47 a.m.]

[File No. 23(66)-16]

**WOODHAM TRADING, LTD., AND
GLOVET TRADERS, LTD.**

**Order Further Extending Temporary
Denial of Export Privileges**

In the matter of Woodham Trading, Ltd. and Glovet Traders, Ltd., 13 Upper Berkeley Street, London W.1, England, respondents; File No. 23(66)-16.

An order temporarily denying export privileges for a period of 60 days was issued against the above respondents on June 10, 1966 (31 F.R. 8501) and was extended for 60 days on August 9, 1966 (31 F.R. 10902). Said order was issued in connection with an investigation instituted by the Investigations Division, Office of Export Control, Bureau of International Commerce. On the evidence presented there was reasonable basis to believe that respondent Woodham Trading, Ltd., purchased substantial quantities of automotive spare parts and equipment from the United States and reexported quantities of said parts and equipment from the United Kingdom to Cuba in violation of the U.S. Export Regulations. There was also reasonable basis to believe that respondent Glovet Traders, Ltd., in connection with an export control document and for the purpose of effecting an exportation from the United States, made false and misleading statements to the Office of Export Control. Further, on the evidence presented there was reasonable basis to believe that the respondents participated together in some phases of business transactions and that by reason of their close connection and affiliation and interlocking directorship the two firms are related to one another in a business sense.

The Director of said Investigations Division has applied under § 381.11 of the Export Regulations for a further extension of the temporary denial order for an additional 60 days. He has represented that since the temporary denial order was issued in this case on June 10, 1966, written interrogatories have been served on respondents and that said interrogatories have not yet been answered. The Director of the Investigations Division further represents that there have been discussions with respondents and their counsel with reference to above-mentioned alleged violations and also with reference to the respondents furnishing answers to the aforesaid interrogatories. In the light of said discussions the Director of the Investigations Division represents that it would be inappropriate to petition for an indefinite denial order for failure to answer interrogatories or to issue a charging letter. He further represents that extension of the temporary denial order is reasonably necessary for enforcement of the export control program.

The matter has been considered by the Compliance Commissioner and he has reported his recommendation to me that the present temporary denial order be further extended for an additional 60 days. He has found that such extension is reasonably necessary for the protection of the public interest and for effective enforcement of the law. I confirm these findings.

The determination made in the order of August 9, 1966, that Commodity Export, Ltd., London, England, is a related party to the respondent Glovet Traders, Ltd., is hereby affirmed. All of the prohibitions and restrictions of this order are applicable to said Commodity Export, Ltd., as though it was named as respondent herein.

Accordingly, it is hereby ordered:

I. The prohibitions and restrictions of the temporary denial order issued in this matter on June 10, 1966 (31 F.R. 8501) and extended on August 9, 1966 (31 F.R. 10902) are hereby continued in full force and effect.

II. The respondents, their successors, assigns, partners, representatives, agents, and employees hereby are denied all privileges of participating, directly or indirectly, in any manner or capacity, in

any transaction involving commodities or technical data exported from the United States in whole or in part, or to be exported, or which are otherwise subject to the Export Regulations. Without limitation of the generality of the foregoing, participation prohibited in any such transaction, either in the United States or abroad, shall include participation, directly or indirectly, in any manner or capacity: (a) As a party or as a representative of a party to any validated export license application; (b) in the preparation or filing of any export license application or reexportation authorization, or any document to be submitted therewith; (c) in the obtaining or using of any validated or general export license or other export control document; (d) in the carrying on of negotiations with respect to, or in the receiving, ordering, buying, selling, delivering, storing, using, or disposing of any commodities or technical data in whole or in part exported or to be exported from the United States; and (e) in the financing, forwarding, transporting, or other servicing of such commodities or technical data.

III. Such denial of export privileges shall extend not only to the respondents, but also to their agents and employees and to any successor and to any person, firm, corporation, or business organization with which they now or hereafter may be related by affiliation, ownership, control, position of responsibility, or other connection in the conduct of trade or services connected therewith.

IV. This order continues in full force and effect the temporary denial order which was entered on June 10, 1966, and extended on August 9, 1966, and shall remain in effect for a period of 60 days from the expiration of said extended temporary denial order, unless it is hereafter amended, modified, or vacated in accordance with the provisions of the U.S. Export Regulations.

V. No person, firm, corporation, partnership, or other business organization, whether in the United States or elsewhere, without prior disclosure to and specific authorization from the Bureau of International Commerce, shall do any of the following acts, directly, or indirectly, or carry on negotiations with respect thereto, in any manner or capacity, on behalf of or in any association with respondents or any related party, or whereby the respondents or related party may obtain any benefit therefrom or have any interest or participation therein, directly or indirectly: (a) Apply for, obtain, transfer, or use any license, Shipper's Export Declaration, bill of lading, or other export control document relating to any exportation, transshipment, reexportation, or diversion of any commodity or technical data exported or to be exported from the United States, by, to, or for any such respondent or related party denied export privileges; or (b) order, buy, receive, use, sell, deliver, store, dispose of, forward, transport, finance, or otherwise service or participate in any exportation, reexportation, transshipment, or diversion of any commodity or technical data exported or to be exported from the United States.

VI. A copy of this order shall be served upon the respondents.

VII. In accordance with the provisions of § 382.11(c) of the Export Regulations, the respondents or any related party may move at any time to vacate or modify this extended temporary denial order by filing an appropriate motion therefor, supported by evidence, with the Compliance Commissioner and may request an oral hearing thereon which, if requested, shall be held before the Compliance Commissioner in Washington, D.C., at the earliest convenient date.

Dated: October 6, 1966.

RAUER H. MEYER,
Director, Office of Export Control.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11210; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:47 a.m.]

Business and Defense Services Administration

[BDSA Reporting Delegation 2]

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR INSTALLATIONS AND LOGIS- TICS

Delegation of Authority To Collect Information Relating to Copper

OCTOBER 11, 1966.

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10480 (18 F.R. 4939) as amended, DMO 8400.1 (28 F.R. 12164), and Department of Commerce Order 152 (revised) (29 F.R. 5408), there is hereby delegated to the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Installations and Logistics the authority to collect on behalf of the Business and Defense Services Administration by plant visitation or otherwise certain information relating to the production, distribution and use of copper for defense programs. This information is required for national defense and is set out in form BDSAF-757. Data collected pursuant to this delegation will promptly be made available to the Business and Defense Services Administration.

This authority may be redelegated to persons within the Department of Defense.

BUSINESS AND DEFENSE SERVICES
ADMINISTRATION,
RODNEY L. BORUM,
Administrator.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11207; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:47 a.m.]

ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION STATE OF WASHINGTON

Proposed Agreement for Assumption of Certain AEC Regulatory Authority

Notice is hereby given that the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission is publishing for public comment, prior to action thereon, a proposed agreement received from the Governor of the State of Washington for the assumption of certain of

the Commission's regulatory authority pursuant to section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.

A resume, prepared by the State of Washington and summarizing the State's proposed program, was also submitted to the Commission. With the exception of referenced Charts 1-3 and advisory committee memberships, this resume is set forth below as an appendix to this notice. A copy of the program, including proposed Washington regulations, is available for public inspection in the Commission's Public Document Room, 1717 H Street NW., Washington, D.C., or may be obtained by writing to the Director, Division of State and Licensee Relations, U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Washington, D.C. 20545. All interested persons desiring to submit comments and suggestions for the consideration of the Commission in connection with the proposed agreement should send them, in triplicate, to the Secretary, U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Washington, D.C. 20545, within 30 days after initial publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Exemptions from the Commission's regulatory authority which would implement this proposed agreement, as well as other agreements which may be entered into under section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act, as amended, were published as Part 150 of the Commission's regulations in FEDERAL REGISTER issuances of February 14, 1962, 27 F.R. 1351; September 22, 1965, 30 F.R. 12069; and March 19, 1966, 31 F.R. 4668. In reviewing this proposed agreement, interested persons should also consider the aforementioned exemptions.

Dated at Washington, D.C., this 12th day of October 1966.

For the Atomic Energy Commission.

W. B. McCool,
Secretary.

PROPOSED AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AND THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR DISCONTINUANCE OF CERTAIN COMMISSION REGULATORY AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY WITHIN THE STATE PURSUANT TO SECTION 274 OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY ACT OF 1954, AS AMENDED

Whereas, the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission (hereinafter referred to as the Commission) is authorized under section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (hereinafter referred to as the Act) to enter into agreements with the Governor of any State providing for discontinuance of the regulatory authority of the Commission within the State under Chapters 6, 7, and 8 and section 161 of the Act with respect to byproduct materials, source materials, and special nuclear materials in quantities not sufficient to form a critical mass; and

Whereas, the Governor of the State of Washington is authorized under Revised Code of Washington 70.98.110 to enter into this Agreement with the Commission; and

Whereas, the Governor of the State of Washington certified on October 3, 1966, that the State of Washington (hereinafter referred to as the State) has a program for the control of radiation hazards adequate to protect the public health and safety with respect to the materials within the State covered by this Agreement, and that the State desires to assume regulatory responsibility for such materials; and

Whereas, the Commission found on ----- that the program of the State for the regulation of the materials covered by this Agreement is compatible with the Commission's program for the regulation of such materials and is adequate to protect the public health and safety; and

Whereas, the State and the Commission recognize the desirability and importance of cooperation between the Commission and the State in the formulation of standards for protection against hazards of radiation and in assuring that State and Commission programs for protection against hazards of radiation will be coordinated and compatible; and

Whereas, the Commission and the State recognize the desirability of reciprocal recognition of licenses and exemption from licensing of those materials subject to this Agreement; and

Whereas, this agreement is entered into pursuant to the provisions of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended;

Now, therefore, it is hereby agreed between the Commission and the Governor of the State, acting in behalf of the State, as follows:

ARTICLE I. Subject to the exceptions provided in Articles II, III, and IV, the Commission shall discontinue, as of the effective date of this Agreement, the regulatory authority of the Commission in the State under Chapters 6, 7, and 8, and section 161 of the Act with respect to the following materials:

- A. Byproduct materials;
- B. Source materials; and
- C. Special nuclear materials in quantities not sufficient to form a critical mass.

ART. II. This Agreement does not provide for discontinuance of any authority and the Commission shall retain authority and responsibility with respect to regulation of:

- A. The construction and operation of any production or utilization facility;
- B. The export from or import into the United States of byproduct, source, or special nuclear material, or of any production or utilization facility;
- C. The disposal into the ocean or sea of byproduct, source, or special nuclear waste materials as defined in regulations or orders of the Commission;

D. The disposal of such other byproduct, source, or special nuclear material as the Commission from time to time determines by regulation or order should, because of the hazards or potential hazards thereof, not be so disposed of without a license from the Commission.

ART. III. Notwithstanding this Agreement, the Commission may from time to time by rule, regulation, or order, require that the manufacturer, processor, or producer of any equipment, device, commodity, or other product containing source, byproduct, or special nuclear material shall not transfer possession or control of such product except pursuant to a license or an exemption from licensing issued by the Commission.

ART. IV. This Agreement shall not affect the authority of the Commission under subsection 161 b. or 1. of the Act to issue rules, regulations, or orders to protect the common defense and security, to protect restricted data or to guard against the loss or diversion of special nuclear material.

ART. V. The Commission will use its best efforts to cooperate with the State and other agreement States in the formulation of standards and regulatory programs of the State and the Commission for protection against hazards of radiation and to assure that State and Commission programs for protection against hazards of radiation will be coordinated and compatible. The State will use its best efforts to cooperate with the Commission and other agreement States in

BACKGROUND

the formulation of standards and regulatory programs of the State and the Commission for protection against hazards of radiation and to assure that the State's program will continue to be compatible with the program of the Commission for the regulation of like materials. The State and the Commission will use their best efforts to keep each other informed of proposed changes in their respective rules and regulations and licensing, inspection and enforcement policies and criteria, and to obtain the comments and assistance of the other party thereon.

ART. VI. The Commission and the State agree that it is desirable to provide for reciprocal recognition of licenses for the materials listed in Article I licensed by the other party or by any agreement State. Accordingly, the Commission and the State agree to use their best efforts to develop appropriate rules, regulations, and procedures by which such reciprocity will be accorded.

ART. VII. The Commission, upon its own initiative after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State, or upon request of the Governor of the State, may terminate or suspend this agreement and reassert the licensing and regulatory authority vested in it under the Act if the Commission finds that such termination or suspension is required to protect the public health and safety.

ART. VIII. This agreement shall become effective on December 31, 1966, and shall remain in effect unless, and until such time as it is terminated pursuant to Article VII.

Done at _____, in triplicate, this _____ Day of _____.

For the United States Atomic Energy Commission.

For the State of Washington.

DANIEL J. EVANS,
Governor.

FOREWORD

This document presents the current and proposed programs for managing the use of ionizing radiation in this State in a manner consistent with the paramount need in such use for the protection of the public and occupational health and safety. It includes supporting information on authority, regulation, organization, and resources available.

Washington, an early pioneer in the nuclear age, has worked closely with the Atomic Energy Commission and its contractors in assuring adequate protection through the long period of major nuclear activity in the State. As Washington progresses in the nuclear age, and invites beneficial nuclear development, it is fully aware of the responsibility to assure continuing protection in the use of both new and existing sources of ionizing radiation.

The Governor, on behalf of the State of Washington, is authorized to enter into agreements with the federal government providing for discontinuance of certain of the Federal Government's responsibilities with respect to sources of ionizing radiation and the assumption thereof by the State. This authority is found in the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 70.98.110 relating to development, regulation, and utilization of sources of ionizing radiation.

The Atomic Energy Commission is authorized to enter into an agreement with the governor of a State whereby the Commission may transfer to the State certain licensing and regulatory control of byproduct material, source material, and special nuclear material in quantities not sufficient to form a critical mass—this authority is found in section 274b of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.

PERTINENT EVENTS AND LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

1949—The Columbia River Advisory Group (CRAG) was organized at the request of the Atomic Energy Commission Operations Office in 1949 to advise on matters of reactor waste disposal and water used in the Columbia River. Its members were from Oregon (State Sanitary Authority), Washington (Department of Health and Pollution Control Commission), and the U.S. Public Health Service (Portland Office of the Water Supply and Pollution Control).

1956—An Interim Advisory Committee on Radiation Protection and Control was formed to advise the Department of Health on initiating activity in the control of hazards from ionizing radiation.

A program was formed to undertake activity in air pollution and radiation control in the "then" Division of Engineering and Sanitation.

1957—Chapter 43.39 RCW was passed by the legislature, calling for review by named State departments, including Health, of legislative and regulatory needs, establishing the position of Coordinator of Atomic Development Activities, and creating an Advisory Council on Atomic Energy.

The Air Sanitation and Radiation Control Section was formally created in the Division of Engineering and Sanitation of the Department of Health. Staff recruitment and training were initiated.

1961—Chapter 70.98 RCW was enacted. It repealed Chapter 43.39 RCW and established the Department of Health as the radiation control agency with authority to register sources of ionizing radiation and to regulate their use. It created the Technical Advisory Board on Radiation Control, established the Department of Commerce and Economic Development as the agency for promotion and development of nuclear energy, and created the Advisory Council on Nuclear Energy and Radiation. It authorized the governor to enter into agreements with the Federal Government for transfer of authority. It provided for administrative and legal proceedings, outlawed shoe fluoroscopes, and provided for exemptions.

1964—Rules and Regulations of the State Radiation Control Agency pertaining to the registration of reportable radiation sources were adopted. These required, in addition to registration, the reporting of changes including loss of control by theft, loss, or accident. Exemptions from registration and reporting were provided.

1965—Chapter 70.98 RCW was amended. The Department of Health was named as the sole agency responsible for administering the regulatory provisions for the protection of the public and occupational health and safety, and provided for licensing of byproduct, source, special nuclear materials and devices utilizing such materials, or other naturally-occurring or artificially-produced radioactive materials.

Chapter 43.31 RCW was amended establishing the office of Nuclear Energy Development in the Department of Commerce and Economic Development. It authorized the Department to acquire, develop, operate, lease, sublease, or sell land and facilities for nuclear development purposes and provided for perpetual maintenance and/or surveillance for radioactive material waste-management purposes.

1966—Regulations for licensing, registration, and standards for protection pertaining to the use of ionizing radiation were adopted.

From the time of the establishment of the Advisory Council on Atomic Energy, the Council and its successor, the Advisory Council on Nuclear Energy and Radiation,

have provided continuous leadership in developing and improving legislation which would enable Washington to become an agreement-state and to undertake the development of its nuclear potential. The Departments of Health and of Commerce and Economic Development have worked closely with the Councils in this endeavor.

The Department of Health was an active participant in the Columbia River Advisory Group. Through this mechanism, while no formal State programs had been established, it was able to continuously review appropriate information on Hanford waste disposal practices and to advise the Atomic Energy Commission and its contractors concerning discharges to the Columbia River and significant water uses.

PREVIOUS AND CURRENT ACTIVITIES

The initiation of Departmental programs directed at the problems associated with ionizing radiation resulted in a series of activities the most significant of which are described below.

Tuberculosis chest X-ray program. Beginning in 1957, more emphasis in this long-standing program was placed on radiation protection. The continuous effort to upgrade X-ray picture quality through improved technique resulted in reducing unnecessary exposure—in participating public agency, private physician, and hospital installations. X-ray installation and operations inspections and consultation were performed by an engineer who is now a senior member of the section radiation control staff.

Environmental surveillance. The Department has participated continuously since 1956 in the U.S. Public Health Service Radiation Surveillance Network for air and precipitation sampling and coordinated local health department's participation. All of the technical staff of the section have participated in this program. Arrangements were made for regular collection of milk by local health departments in the milksheds for Seattle since 1960 and Spokane since 1958 for the National Pasteurized Milk Network.

A raw milk network was established in 1962 to provide for early detection in producing areas of elevated levels of radioactivity from fallout. It continues to operate on a flexible schedule to meet the need.

A substantial program of monitoring of surface and ground water, shellfish, and water biota was initiated in 1961. Equipment resources and part of other costs were largely supported through a contract with the U.S. Public Health Service. The total State network program includes (as of July 1, 1966), 61 active stations of which 39 are for surface water, 10 for shellfish, 9 for raw milk, 2 for air precipitation, and 1 for salt water and sediment. Ground water is sampled at random locations. Sample collection is largely dependent upon cooperators from local health and water departments and the State Pollution Control Commission. Exclusive of air and precipitation, a total of 1,167 samples were collected and analyzed during the 24 months ending June 30, 1966. Four annual reports have been prepared covering this work. Since 1958 the environmental surveillance program has been under the supervision of the staff member now serving as assistant section head and technical director and is operated by a Sanitary Engineer II.

X-ray survey. In 1958, a study was conducted in 352 dental offices using film badges for operator personnel and site exposure determinations. After a period of 1 month, the badges were collected, developed and evaluated. Thirty-eight offices with the highest personnel film badge readings were revisited for the purpose of recommending measures to reduce exposure levels. Filters and/or collimators were added as needed and protec-

tive measures for operators were recommended. All others surveyed were notified of the results by letter. This survey was conducted through joint arrangement with the Washington State Dental Association and the U.S. Public Health Service.

In 1962, Sur-Pak kits were sent to all dentists in Washington listed with the Department of Professional Licenses. A total of 1,344 Sur-Paks were returned and evaluated. The dentists were notified of the evaluation of their equipment. Where indicated, the filter and collimator, as required, were mailed to the dentist with instructions for installing them on his particular machine. Those requiring more difficult procedures were revisited by survey teams who made the modifications for the dentist.

In 1962, physical surveys were started on dental X-ray machines using U.S. Public Health Service X-ray protection survey procedures. A written report was left with the dentist and, when indicated, recommendations for compliance with the standards of the American Academy of Oral Roentgenology were included. Filters and collimators, as required, were installed.

In 1963, radiation protection demonstration surveys were started on other diagnostic X-ray installations in the healing arts. In 1966, medical X-ray therapy equipment surveys were started. The demonstration surveys are conducted in the manner of combined inspections and consultations, but without the basis of formal regulations.

Surveys were based on N.C.R.P. recommended physical standards, as published in National Bureau of Standards Handbook No. 76. A written report with recommendations was left with the user after each survey. Where filters were needed, they were furnished and installed by the survey team.

The following table indicates the number of surveys in each category that have been completed and an estimate of the degree of compliance, including corrections made as a result of the survey. Approximately 50 percent of all dental X-ray machines, 90 percent of the diagnostic equipment used by physicians, and 10 percent of the X-ray therapy equipment have been physically surveyed. Of all the remaining categories, about 95 percent have had an initial survey visit.

X-RAY SURVEYS TO JULY 1, 1966

Category	Number of facilities surveyed	Number of X-ray units surveyed	Estimated percent in compliance after survey
Physicians (M.D.)	799	1,064	70
Osteopaths	68	81	70
Chiropractors	147	150	95
Chiropodists	33	33	95
Veterinary	173	183	85
Hospitals	104	441	90
Industrial	10	33	100
Dentists	837	1,063	95
Naturopaths	9	10	70
Schools	8	12	100
Health Departments	33	36	95
Nursing Homes	2	2	100
State Institutions	12	31	90
Others	15	16	90
Totals	2,260	3,163	

Registration. Registration of all sources of ionizing radiation, with the exception of certain minor exempt sources, in accordance with Department regulations was started late in 1964. The initial registration phase has been completed. A simple return post card registration form was used to enhance a more rapid and complete response. Department of Licenses professional listings, Atomic Energy Commission licensee records, and

professional and industrial society rosters were utilized to develop a mailing list. An informational program, directed through public and organizational channels, called attention to the registration requirement. Based upon registration data to July 1, 1966, the following table summarizes the radiation use picture in the state excluding uses under AEC licenses.

Category of user (Federal agencies not included)	Number of X-ray units	Number of locations with radium	Miscellaneous (other sources)
Human uses:			
Physicians (M.D.)	1,197	31	3
Other licensed Practitioners	396	1	
Industrial medicine	20		
Health programs	88		
Hospitals*	667	18	
Dentists	1,652		
Industrial** (Non-medical)	48	8	4
Universities, Colleges and Schools	76	3	36
Veterinary	245		
Totals	4,389	61	43

*Includes University of Washington Hospital.

**Includes commercial, Civil Defense, and miscellaneous.

Radioactive materials. With the exception of radium, essentially all radioactive material of significant quantity is under the jurisdiction of the Atomic Energy Commission. The Department section staff, starting in 1956, has regularly accompanied the AEC on licensee inspections. In the 2½-year period ending July 1, 1966, present staff members participated in 79 percent of all AEC inspections in the State. As of July 1, 1966, there were approximately 190 AEC licenses in effect in the State, including Federal installations.

ORGANIZATION AND RESPONSIBILITY

The State government organization for the purpose of development, utilization, and regulation of sources of ionizing radiation is illustrated in Chart 1.

The Advisory Council on Nuclear Energy and Radiation is appointed by the governor and advises and reports to him. It consists of seven appointed members providing representation from industry, labor, the healing arts, research, and education. In addition, the directors of the Departments of Health, Labor and Industries, Agriculture, and Commerce and Economic Development are ex-officio members. Its present membership is shown in the appendix. The Council's duties include:

1. Review and evaluation of State policies and programs.
2. Advice to the governor on matters pertaining to the development, utilization, and regulation of sources of ionizing radiation.

The Department of Health will regulate the use of all sources of ionizing radiation except those which it may exempt or are under the jurisdiction of the Federal Government. This function rests in the Air Quality and Radiation Control Section.

The Technical Advisory Board on Radiation Control is appointed by the Director of Health with the approval of the governor. It consists of nine appointed members including representatives of the healing arts, research, industrial, and other recognized users of ionizing radiation, or experts in the field of physiological effects of ionizing radiation. The Director of Health is ex-officio chairman. The head of the Air Quality and Radiation Control Section is radiation control officer and ex-officio secretary of the Board without vote. Its present member-

ship is shown in the appendix. The Board's duties are to:

1. Furnish technical advice to the Department.
2. Advise with reference to matters of policy affecting administration of the Act.
3. Approve rules and regulations prior to adoption by the Department. In practice the Board participates in the development of proposed rules and regulations and in the public hearing.

The Department of Commerce and Economic Development is responsible for the promotion and development of nuclear energy through its office of Nuclear Energy Development. Its functions, powers, and duties are to:

1. Advise the governor and the legislature regarding nuclear progress and State policy for research, development, and education.
2. Sponsor, support, or conduct appropriate studies and issue reports on nuclear progress.
3. Develop information on sites for nuclear industry and acquire land and facilities for nuclear development use.

DEPARTMENT AND STAFF ORGANIZATION

The Air Quality and Radiation Control Section is one of three sections in the Division of Environmental Health—the other sections being Sanitary Engineering and Environmental Sanitation. The Division of Environmental Health is one of eight in the Department—the others being Health Services, Health Facilities, Nursing, Epidemiology, Laboratories, Local Health Services, and Staff Services.

Legal services are provided by assistants to the Attorney General assigned to the Office of the Director. Statistical services are provided by the Division of Staff Services.

The current organization and functions of the section are illustrated in the attached charts, 2A and 2B. The Section Head has overall administrative responsibility for Section programs. The Assistant Section Head is responsible routinely for the performance of the Air Quality Control Services and the Air-Rad Laboratory Services, and acts fully in the absence of the Section Head. He also provides technical assistance to the Radiation Control Services in instrumentation, special problems and emergencies.

The Radiation Control Services programs are supervised by the Radiation Control Specialist III who reports directly to the Section Head. He will specifically have responsibility for directing the licensing, inspection, and registration activities.

The Licensing and Compliance Unit will be staffed with a Nuclear Energy Licensing Supervisor and a Radiation Control Specialist II. The licensing supervisor position is vacant as of October 1, 1966, but it is expected to be filled before the effective date of the agreement. The Radiation Control Specialist III will initiate the organizational activity for this function and, if necessary, can carry the operating responsibility until the vacancy is filled. This unit will provide the routine review of applications for licenses, amendments, and renewals. Findings will be reported to the Radiation Control Specialist III who will recommend action to the Section Head as to issuance, modification, or denial. The Section Head will make the final determination with the cognizance of or in consultation with the Division Chief and the Director of Health.

The Licensing and Compliance Unit will also maintain the necessary records by which appropriate reviews can be made to determine compatibility with programs of the AEC and other agreement States. It will review inspection reports in order to maintain knowledge on the status of licensee operations and provide information to the Radi-

tion Control Specialist III in determining required corrective measures.

The Inspection and Registration unit is staffed with a Radiation Control Specialist II and a Radiation Control Specialist I. It will carry out the inspection functions for both licensed and registered radiation sources. Inspectors will handle minor items of noncompliance and review all findings including items of noncompliance with management at the time of inspection as outlined under Regulatory Procedures and Policy. It will prepare written reports of all inspections. This unit will also have responsibility for maintaining the registration records with statistical assistance from Staff Services.

The current staff and experience records are shown under STAFF.

REGULATORY PROCEDURES AND POLICY

LICENSING AND REGISTRATION

Licensing procedures and criteria will be consistent with those of the Atomic Energy Commission as provided in Part III of the State Radiation Control Regulations.

General licenses are effective by regulation without the filing of applications with the Department or the issuance of licensing documents. General licenses are issued for specified materials under specified conditions when it is determined that the issuance of specific licenses is not necessary to protect the public and occupational health and safety. Specific licenses or amendments thereto are issued upon review and approval of an application. A specific licensing document will be issued to named persons and will incorporate appropriate conditions and expiration date.

The Department, when it determines such to be appropriate, will request the advice of the Technical Advisory Board on Radiation Control, or appropriate members thereof, with respect to any matter pertaining to a license application, or to criteria for reviewing application.

A Review Committee on Medical Use of Radiation has been appointed by the Director of Health. All applications for nonroutine medical uses of radiation will be referred to the Review Committee for advice and consultation. Appropriate research protocol will be required as part of an application. The Review Committee is composed of persons having training and experience in nonroutine medical uses of radiation. It will at all times contain an appropriate representation of disciplines including, but not limited to, radiology, internal medicine, and pathology. The Department will maintain knowledge of current developments, techniques, and procedures for medical uses applicable to the licensing program through continuing contact and information exchange with the Atomic Energy Commission and other agreement States.

Specific licenses and amendments, or renewals thereto, will be issued for a period of time appropriate to the conditions of use and will be issued over the signature or in the name of the Director of Health.

Typical processing of applications for specific licenses or amendments is shown in Chart 3.

The registration program will be a continuation of the current activity except that it will be applicable only to sources of ionizing radiation other than radioactive material covered by licensing or sources which are exempt by regulation.

INSPECTION

Inspections for the purpose of evaluating radiation safety and determining compliance with appropriate regulations, and provisions of licenses will be conducted as needed.

Inspection frequency will be based upon the extent of the hazard-potential and ex-

perience with the particular facility. It is expected that all specific licensees will be inspected at least once each 2-year period. The following frequency is anticipated:

Use of classification	Usual inspection frequency
Industrial radiography:	
Fixed installations.	Once each 12 months.
Mobile operations.	Once each 6 months.
Operations involving waste disposal.	Once each 6 months.
Broad licenses—industrial, medical, or academic.	Once each 6–12 months.
Other specific licenses—industrial, medical, or academic.	Once each 12–24 months.

Inspections will be made by prearrangement with the licensee or may be unannounced at reasonable times, as the Department, in its judgment, determines to be most constructive. Consultation visits will be made frequently in the early years of the licensing and compliance program in order to establish understanding and cooperation.

Inspections will include the observation of pertinent facilities and equipment; a review of use procedures and radiation safety practices; a review of records of radiation surveys, personnel exposure, and receipt and disposition of licensed materials; and, instrument surveys to assess radiation levels incident to the operation—all as appropriate to the scope and conditions of the license and applicable regulations.

At the start and conclusion of an inspection, personal contact will be at management level whenever possible. Following the inspections, results will be discussed with the licensee management, appropriate tentative recommendations will be made and questions answered.

Investigations will be made of all reported or alleged incidents to determine the conditions and exposures incident thereto and to determine the steps taken for correction, cleanup, and the prevention of similar incidents in the future.

Radiological assistance in the form of monitoring, liaison with appropriate authorities, and recommendations for area security and cleanup will be available from the Department.

Reports will be prepared covering each inspection or investigation. The reports will be reviewed by a senior staff member and submitted to the section head for approval.

COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT

The status of compliance with regulations, registration, or license conditions will be determined through inspections and evaluations of inspection reports.

Where there are items of noncompliance, the licensee shall be so informed at the time of inspection. When the items are minor and the licensee agrees at the time of inspection to correct them, written notice at the completion of the inspection will list the items of noncompliance, confirm corrections made at the time, and inform the person that a review of other corrective action will be made at the next inspection.

Where items of noncompliance of a more serious nature occur, the licensee will be informed by letter of the items of noncompliance and required to reply within a stated time as to the corrective action taken and the date completed. Assurance of corrective action will be determined by a followup inspection or at the time of the next regular inspection.

The terms and conditions of a license upon request by the licensee may be amended, consistent with Act or regulations, to meet changing conditions in operations or to rem-

edy technicalities of noncompliance of a minor nature. The Department may amend, suspend, or revoke a license in the event of continuing refusal of the licensee to comply with terms and conditions of the license, the Act, or regulations or failure to take adequate action concerning items of noncompliance. Prior to such action, the Department shall notify the licensee of its intent to amend, suspend, or revoke the license and provide the opportunity for a hearing.

The Department will use its best efforts to attain compliance through cooperation and education. Only in instances of repeated noncompliance, willful violation, or where serious potential hazards exist, will the full legal procedures normally be employed.

Whenever the Department finds that an emergency exists requiring immediate action to protect the public health, safety, or general welfare, it may, in accordance with the Administrative Procedures Act, without notice of hearing, issue a regulation or order reciting the existence of such emergency and require that such action be taken as is necessary to meet the emergency. The Department, in the event of an emergency, is empowered to impound or order the impounding of sources of ionizing radiation upon finding that the possessor is unable to observe or is not observing the provisions of the Act or regulations issued thereunder.

A court order directing a person to comply, or enjoining practices in violation of the Act or regulations, may be sought by the attorney general in the appropriate court upon request of the Department after notice to such person and ample opportunity to comply.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF LICENSE TRANSFER

Any person who, on the effective date of the agreement with the Atomic Energy Commission, possesses a license issued by the Federal Government shall be deemed to possess a like license issued under this chapter which shall expire either 90 days after the receipt from the Department of a notice of expiration of such license or, on the date of expiration specified in the Federal license, whichever is earlier.

ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES AND JUDICIAL REVIEW

The basic standards of procedure for administrative agencies in the State of Washington are set by the Administrative Procedures Act, Chapter 34.04 RCW. Briefly stated, this act provides for:

1. Due notice to interested persons and opportunity to present data or views either orally or in writing prior to the adoption, amendment, or repeal of any rule.
2. Adoption or amendment of rules in emergency situations without observance of the normal requirements of notice and hearing, upon a finding by the Department that immediate action is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare.
3. Petition to the Department requesting the promulgation, amendment, or repeal of any rule.
4. Declaratory judgment on the validity of any rule upon petition to the Superior Court of Thurston County, or declaratory ruling by the Department upon petition of any interested person with respect to the applicability of any rule or statute enforceable by the Department.
5. Right to hearing after reasonable notice in a case in which legal rights, duties, or privileges of specific parties are required by law or constitutional right to be determined.
6. Judicial review in the appropriate superior court by any person aggrieved by a final decision of the Department, and appeal to the state supreme court for review of and final judgment of the superior court.

COMPATIBILITY AND RECIPROCITY

In promulgating rules and regulations, the Department has, insofar as practicable, avoided requiring dual licensing and has provided for such recognition of other state and federal licenses.

RADIOLOGICAL EMERGENCY CAPABILITY

Currently, the Department is equipped with suitable instrumentation for monitoring in the event of an incident, or presumed incident, involving spread of contamination, undue exposure, or loss of a radiation source. Such situations have occurred and the staff has provided assistance. By mutual agreement with the Seattle-King County Health Department and Seattle Police Department, the Department staff is on call to provide assistance in that jurisdiction. Qualified persons from the University of Washington and a major industry are likewise on call. Contact communications for that area are established. This basic type of plan with refinements is anticipated throughout the State under Department coordination. In the meantime, the staff will respond in the event of any incident in the State requiring radiological assistance.

Liaison is maintained with the Richland Operations office of the AEC and reciprocal assistance is available. Emergency instrumentation from Richland Operations is maintained in the Department office for its use and is regularly taken to Richland Operations for maintenance.

Emergency communications and transportation are available through State and local authorities including police and Civil Defense. By mutual understanding with the Department of Civil Defense, reciprocal assistance and information is available. The Department is prepared to provide or assist in public information.

The Department has authority, in emergency situations, to issue necessary orders and to impound or order the impounding of radiation sources.

STAFF

EMIL C. JENSEN

CHIEF, DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

Education and Training:

B.S. Civil Engineering, University of Washington, 1936.

M.S. Engineering, Harvard, 1938.

U.S.P.H.S. Basic Radiologic Health, 1953.

Experience and Related Activities:

Washington State Department of Health: District Engineer, 1941-44.

Head, Sanitary Engineering Section, 1945.

Chief, Division of Environmental Health, 1946 to date.

Washington State representative on the Columbia River Advisory Group since its inception in 1949. This group was formed to advise the Hanford Operations Office on matters relating to the disposition of radioactivity from the production plants at Hanford.

Participated with AEC in inspections of authorized uses of radioactive materials in early and mid-1950's.

Other:

President, Water Pollution Control Federation, 1957.

Chairman, Conference of State Sanitary Engineers, 1962.

Diplomate, American Academy of Environmental Engineers.

Licensed Professional Engineer, Washington.

ROBERT L. STOCKMAN

HEAD, AIR QUALITY AND RADIATION CONTROL SECTION; SECRETARY, TECHNICAL ADVISORY BOARD ON RADIATION CONTROL; EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, STATE AIR POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD

Education and Training:

B.S. Civil Engineering, Sanitary option, Oregon State University, 1941.

U.S.P.H.S. Training Courses:

Radiological Health Training for Water Works Operators, 1952, Reed College.

Occupational Radiation Protection, 1956, University of Washington.

Basic Radiological Health, 1957, Taft Center.

Radiation Surveillance, 1959, Nevada Test Site.

Radionuclide Protection, 1959, Taft Center.

X-Ray Protection, 1959, Taft Center.

Numerous air pollution courses.

AEC Orientation Course in Practices and Procedures of Licensing and Regulation, 1964-65 (in two parts), Bethesda.

Experience and Related Activity:

Washington State Department of Health: Public Health Engineer, 1941-42 (10 months).

District Engineer, 1946-48, 1950-56.

Head, air pollution and radiation control program development, including direction of statewide air pollution study, 1956-58.

Head, Air Quality and Radiation Control Section, 1958 to date.

Final responsibility for developing, organizing, and administering the section air pollution and radiation control programs—including technical and regulatory programs, budget, and personnel.

Represent the Department in liaison with the legislature, Office of Nuclear Energy Development, federal, state and local agencies, and professional, trade and business organizations.

Serve for the Director, in his absence, on the Advisory Council on Nuclear Energy and Radiation.

Serve for the Division Chief, in his absence, on the Columbia River Advisory Group and serve on its technical committee.

Member Working Committee on Columbia River Studies which works with Richland Operations Office of AEC to coordinate all studies and data pertaining to radioactivity in the Columbia River environs.

Participated with AEC in inspections of licensee users of radioactive materials starting in 1957.

Other:

Commissioned Officer, U.S. Navy (R) Civil Engineer Corps—

Company Commander Seabee Battalion and Seabee Operations.

Officer Cinc Pac; to Lt.s.g., 1913-45.

Employed by Consulting Engineer in municipal utilities, 1949.

Diplomate, American Academy of Environmental Engineers.

Licensed Professional Engineer, Washington.

Currently, President-elect, Air Pollution Control Association.

PETER W. HILDEBRANDT

ASSISTANT HEAD AND TECHNICAL DIRECTOR, AIR QUALITY AND RADIATION CONTROL SECTION

Education and Training:

B.S. Civil Engineering, University of Washington, 1954.

M.S. Civil Engineering, University of Washington, 1964, with major work in air pollution and radiation.

Graduate program included Radiation Biology, 3 quarters, and Control of Radioactive Waste, 1 quarter.

U.S.P.H.S. Training Courses:

Basic Radiological Health, 1957, Portland, Ore.

Sanitary Engineering Aspect of Nuclear Energy, 1958, University of California, Individual Training in Use and Calibration of Radiation Counting Equipment for Surveillance Systems 1961, S.W. Radiological Health Lab.

Numerous air pollution courses.

Experience and Related Activity:

Washington State Department of Health: Public Health Engineer and Sr. Public Health Engineer, 1957-62.

Supervising Sanitary Engineer serving as Assistant Head and Technical Director, Air Quality and Radiation Control Section, 1962 to date.

Conducted a major part of the 1959 occupational exposure study in dental X-ray.

Responsible for the performance of technical programs in air pollution and environmental radiation surveillance. Designed and supervises the radiation surveillance systems, including counting facilities.

Assists the Section Head in overall planning, administration, and liaison functions. Acts fully as Section Head in his absence and represents him as requested.

Member, Working Committee on Columbia River Studies which works with Richland Operations Office of AEC to coordinate all studies and data pertaining to radioactivity in the Columbia River environs.

Participated with AEC in inspections of licensed users of radioactive material, 1957-60.

Other:

Consultant to U.S. Public Health Service, Southwest Radiological Health Laboratory, in development and performance of altitude and ground-level environmental radiation sampling techniques (4 months total), 1962-65.

U.S. Air Force Reserves, 1954-62.

Active Duty, Pilot and Flight Line Maintenance Officer, Armament and Electronics Training; to Captain, 1954-57.

U.S. Public Health Service Reserve, 1962 to date.

Licensed Professional Engineer, Washington.

ARNOLD J. MOEN

RADIATION CONTROL SPECIALIST III, SUPERVISOR, RADIATION CONTROL SERVICES

Education and Training:

B.S. Electrical Engineering, University of Idaho, 1935.

One Full Academic year, Radiological Health Major in Graduate School of Public Health, University of Michigan, 1961-62.

U.S.P.H.S. Training Courses:

Occupational Radiation Protection, University of Washington, 1956.

Radiation Protection Aspects of Tuberculosis Case Finding, Taft Center, 1958.

ARNOLD J. MOEN—continued.

Education and Training—continued.

Environmental Radiation Sampling and Analysis, Reed College, 1959.
 Management of Radiation Accidents, Las Vegas, 1965.
 AEC Orientation Course in Practices and Procedures of Licensing and Regulation Bethesda, 1964.
 Civil Defense Courses:
 Medical Aspects of the Atomic Bomb, 1950.
 Elements of Civil Defense and Defense Mobilization, 1959.
 Radiological Monitoring for Instructors, 1960.
 Radiological Defense Officers, 1960.
 Medical Self-Help, 1965.
 Experience and Related Activity:
 Washington State Department of Health: X-Ray Engineer, Tuberculosis Control Section, 1946-60.
 Radiation protection surveys and consultation on technique for all installations participating in chest X-ray program.
 Consultation and plan review service for radiation protection in hospital and clinic design.
 Radiation Safety Officer for Department—Civil Defense responsibility.
 Radiation Control Specialist III, Air Quality and Radiation Control Section, 1960 to date. Performance and supervision of radiation protection survey programs in healing arts and industry, dental X-ray Sur-Pak Program, radiation source registration program, and emergency service. Assists Section Head in program planning, development of regulations and represents him as requested in liaison and administrative functions.
 Provides instruction for local health personnel in Civil Defense radiological monitoring. Organizes and instructs in summer training program for graduate students in radiological health at the University of Washington. Reviews all plans for radiological facilities in hospital design under Department hospital licensing and Hill-Harris programs. Responsible for inspection of radiological facilities under Medicare certification program.
 Currently, primarily Section participant with AEC in inspection of licensed users of radioactive materials.
 Other:
 Washington Water Power Consulting and Research Division, 1943-44.
 Milwaukee Road high voltage transmission engineering, 1944-45.
 ARRT Firland Sanatorium, Seattle, following hospitalization, 1946.
 Past president local and State societies Northwest Conference of Radiological Technologists. Currently Vice-President NWCRT.

CLIFFORD G. LEWIS

RADIATION CONTROL SPECIALIST II, LICENSING AND COMPLIANCE UNIT

Education and Training:

B.S. Technology, The University of Manchester (England) 1931, 5-year curriculum including Mathematics and Physics equivalent for engineering degree and chemistry for American General Science degree.
 Experience and Related Activities:
 Christie Hospital and Holt Radium Institute, Manchester, England, 1933-48; Radium curator responsible for custody, care and manipulation of radium stocks, operation of radon plant, supervision of appropriate technical terms, and

maintenance of all records relevant to these operations in Britain's largest radiation therapy center.

M.D. Anderson Hospital and Tumor Institute, Houston, Texas, 1948-53:
 Radium curator and X-ray technician. Responsible for radium, procurement of isotopes, assisted in dosimetric problems, operated X-ray equipment and conducted superficial X-ray therapy.
 Tumor Institute of the Swedish Hospital, Seattle, 1953-66:
 Assistant and acting health physicist. Responsible for radium, isotope manipulations, calibration of X-ray machines, maintenance of records, dosimetry, safety surveys and direction of technicians.
 As acting health physicist served as Radiation Safety Officer for the Radioisotope Committee of the Swedish Hospital complex operating under AEC license.

Washington State Department of Health starting September 1966: AEC Orientation Course in Practices and Procedures of Licensing and Regulation, Bethesda, 1966.

GROVER E. NELSON

RADIATION CONTROL SPECIALIST II, INSPECTION AND REGISTRATION UNIT

Education and Training:

B.A. Economics and Business, University of Washington, 1941.
 B.S. Chemistry, Seattle University, 1952.
 Creighton School of Medicine, 1953-58.
 Basic Radiological Health Taft Center, 1961.

Experience and Related Activity:

Washington State Department of Health, 1964 to date:
 Conduct of radiation protection surveys in X-ray installations, including industrial, dental, medical and other healing arts. Participates in the radiation source registration program and summer instruction and field training for University of Washington graduate program in radiological health.
 Assists in inspection of radiological facilities for Medicare certification program.
 Participates with AEC in inspection of licensed users of radioactive materials.

Other:

The Boeing Co., Seattle, Wash.:
 Quality Control Chemist (1 year), 1952-53.
 Industrial Hygiene Chemist (2 years), 1958-60.
 Industrial Hygiene Radiation Control (2 years), 1962-63.
 Semiannual certification of multi-curie cobalt and iridium facilities and X-ray installation for shielding, warning and interlock systems, system controls, posting and film badge program. Regular survey and monitoring of laboratories, source fabrication facilities, field radiography, waste packaging and disposal, semiannual leak test of sealed sources. Survey instrument calibration. Inventory and monitor isotope receipt.

CHARLES E. MCJILTON

RADIATION CONTROL SPECIALIST I, INSPECTION AND REGISTRATION UNIT

Education and Training:

Wisconsin State College, 1948-50, 103 credit hours biology, chemistry.
 St. John's University, Minnesota, 1950-51, 40 credit hours chemistry, philosophy.
 B.A. Philosophy, Carroll College, Montana, 1956-58.

B.S. Physical Science and Mathematics, University of Minnesota, 1962.
 M.S. Environmental Health with Radiological Health major, University of Minnesota, 1965.

AEC Summer Fellowship in applied radiation protection. National Reactor Testing Station, Idaho Falls, 1965.

Experience and Related Activities:

Secondary Science Teacher, Dixon High School, Montana, 1962-64.
 Field representative, University of Idaho Extension Service, teaching radiological monitoring and radiological defense, 1 year, 1965-66.
 Washington State Department of Health: Radiation Control Specialist I, starting October 1966.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11254; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

[Docket No. 50-206]

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON CO., ET AL.

Notice of Proposed Issuance of Provisional Operating License

Please take notice that the Atomic Energy Commission (the Commission) is considering the issuance of Provisional Operating License No. DPR-13, set forth below, which would authorize Southern California Edison Co. (Edison), and San Diego Gas & Electric Co. (San Diego), with Edison acting for itself and as agent for San Diego, to possess, use and operate the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station Unit No. 1 pressurized water reactor located on the site of Edison and San Diego near the northern boundary of Camp Pendleton in San Diego County, Calif. The license would also authorize these two companies and Bechtel Corp. (Bechtel) and Westinghouse Electric Corp. (Westinghouse) to possess title to the facility as their interests appear. Technical Specifications would be incorporated in the provisional operating license for operation of the reactor at power levels not to exceed 1347 thermal megawatts.

Upon issuance of the provisional operating license, Edison will be required to execute an indemnity agreement as required by section 170 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and 10 CFR Part 140. In addition, prior to issuance of the provisional operating license, the facility will be inspected by representatives of the Commission to determine whether it has been constructed in accordance with the provisions of Construction Permit No. CPPR-13 issued March 2, 1964.

Within thirty (30) days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, the applicant may file a request for a hearing, and any person whose interest may be affected by this proceeding may file a petition for leave to intervene. Requests for a hearing and petitions to intervene shall be filed in accordance with the Commission's regulations (10 CFR 2). If a request for a hearing or a petition for leave to intervene is filed within the time prescribed in this notice, the Commission will issue a notice of hearing or an appropriate order.

For further details with respect to this proposed provisional operating license, see (1) the application for provisional operating license (Amendment Nos. 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13 to license application) dated November 12, 1965, February 10, 1966, March 23, 1966, May 20, 1966, June 21, 1966, and August 12, 1966, respectively, (2) the Report of the Advisory Committee on Reactor Safeguards dated October 8, 1966, (3) a related safety evaluation prepared by the Research and Power Reactor Safety Branch of the Division of Reactor Licensing, (4) the Technical Specifications which are incorporated in the proposed license and designated as Appendix A thereto, and (5) the Special Nuclear Material Transfer Schedule designated as Appendix B to the license, all of which are available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, 1717 H Street NW., Washington, D.C. Copies of Items (2) and (3) above may be obtained at the Commission's Public Document Room, or upon request addressed to the Atomic Energy Commission, Washington, D.C. 20545, Attention: Director, Division of Reactor Licensing.

Dated at Bethesda, Md., this 12th day of October 1966.

For the Atomic Energy Commission.

PETER A. MORRIS,
Director,
Division of Reactor Licensing.
[License No. DPR-13]

PROPOSED PROVISIONAL OPERATING LICENSE

The Atomic Energy Commission having found that:

a. The application for provisional operating license (Amendment Nos. 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13 to the license application, dated November 12, 1965, February 10, 1966, March 23, 1966, May 20, 1966, June 21, 1966, and August 12, 1966, respectively) complies with the requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and the Commission's regulations set forth in Title 10, Chapter 1, CFR;

b. The facility has been constructed in accordance with the provisions of Construction Permit No. CRR-13;

c. There are involved features, characteristics, and components as to which it is desirable to obtain actual operating experience before the issuance of an operating license for the full term requested in the application;

d. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the facility can be operated at power levels not in excess of 1347 megawatts thermal in accordance with this license without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the rules and regulations of the Commission;

e. The applicants are technically and financially qualified to engage in the activities authorized by this license, in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Commission;

f. Southern California Edison Co. has furnished proof of financial protection to satisfy the requirements of 10 CFR, Part 140;

g. The issuance of this license will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; Provisional Operating License No. DPR-13 is hereby issued to Southern California Edison

Co. (Edison), San Diego Gas & Electric Co. (San Diego), Bechtel Corp. (Bechtel), and Westinghouse Electric Corp. (Westinghouse) as follows:

1. This license applies to the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station Unit No. 1 (hereinafter, the "facility"), a pressurized light water reactor and associated steam generators and electric generating equipment. The facility is located on the site of Edison and San Diego near the northern boundary of Camp Pendleton in San Diego County, Calif., and is described in license application Amendment No. 8, "Final Engineering Report and Safety Analysis," Volumes I, II, and III, and in Supplements 1, 2, and 3 thereto (Amendment Nos. 10, 11, and 13 to the license application). Said "Final Engineering Report and Safety Analysis" in Amendment No. 8, as supplemented and amended, is hereinafter referred to as the hazards summary report.

2. Subject to the conditions and requirements incorporated herein, the Atomic Energy Commission (the Commission) hereby licenses:

A. Pursuant to section 104b of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (hereinafter, the "Act"), Edison, San Diego, Bechtel and Westinghouse to acquire and possess title to the facility as a utilization facility, and Edison and San Diego to acquire and possess sole title to the facility at such time as the legal title of Bechtel and Westinghouse shall pass to Edison and San Diego.

B. Edison and San Diego, with Edison acting for itself and as agent for San Diego:

(1) To possess, use and operate the facility as a utilization facility, pursuant to section 104b of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.

(2) To receive, possess and use at any one time 3,300 kilograms of contained uranium 235 as fuel for operation of the facility, pursuant to the Act and Title 10, CFR, Chapter 1, Part 70, "Special Nuclear Material."

(3) To receive, possess and use one thousand (1,000) curies of polonium encapsulated as Po-Be neutron start-up sources, pursuant to the Act and Title 10, CFR, Part 30, "Rules of General Applicability to Licensing of Byproduct Material."

(4) To possess, but not to separate, such byproduct and special nuclear material as may be produced by operation of the reactor, pursuant to the Act and Parts 30 and 70.

3. This license shall be deemed to contain and is subject to the conditions specified in the following Commission regulations (Title 10, CFR, Chapter 1): Part 20, §§ 50.54 and 50.59 of Part 50, § 70.32 of Part 70, § 40.41 of Part 40 and § 30.34 of Part 30; is subject to all applicable provisions of the Act and rules, regulations and orders of the Commission now or hereafter in effect; and is subject to the additional conditions specified below:

A. *Maximum power level.* Edison is authorized to operate the reactor at steady state power levels up to a maximum of 1,347 megawatts thermal.

B. *Technical specifications.* The Technical Specifications for operation at power levels not in excess of 1,347 megawatts thermal contained in Appendix A attached hereto are hereby incorporated in this license. Edison shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications and may make changes therein only when authorized by the Commission in accordance with the provisions of § 50.59 of the Commission's regulations, Title 10, CFR,

¹This item was not filed with the Office of the Federal Register but is available for inspection in the Public Document Room of the Atomic Energy Commission.

Chapter 1, Part 50, "Licensing of Production and Utilization Facilities."

C. *Reports.* In addition to reports otherwise required under this license and applicable regulations:

(1) Edison shall inform the Commission of any incident or condition relating to the operation of the facility which prevented or could have prevented the facility from performing its safety functions as described in the Technical Specifications. For each such occurrence, Edison shall promptly notify by telephone or telegraph the Commission's Division of Compliance and shall submit within ten (10) days a report in writing to the Director, Division of Reactor Licensing, with a copy to the Division of Compliance.

(2) Edison shall report to the Commission in writing within thirty (30) days of its observed occurrence any substantial variance disclosed by operation of the facility from performance specifications of the facility contained in the hazards summary report or the Technical Specifications.

(3) Edison shall report to the Commission in writing within thirty (30) days of its occurrence any significant change in transient or accident analysis, as described in the hazards summary report.

(4) As soon as possible after the completion of 6 months of operation of the facility (calculated from the date of initial criticality), and at the end of each 6-month period thereafter, Edison shall submit a report in writing to the Commission covering the following matters:

- Hours of use of the facility.
- The electric output of the plant.
- Shutdowns of the facility, with a brief explanation of the cause and duration of each shutdown.
- Levels of radioactivity measured at the site and at off-site monitoring stations.
- Levels of radioactivity in principal systems.
- Routine releases, discharges and shipments of radioactive materials.
- Principal maintenance performed and principal changes made in the facility with the reasons therefor.
- A description of significant tests performed during the 6-month period and the results of any test analyses completed during the period.

4. Pursuant to § 50.60, Title 10, CFR, Chapter 1, Part 50, the Commission has allocated to Edison for use in the operation of the reactor 19,219 kilograms of uranium 235 contained in uranium in the isotopic ratios specified in the application. Estimated schedules of special nuclear material transfers to Edison and returns to the Commission are contained in Appendix B which is attached hereto. Transfers by the Commission to Edison in accordance with column 2 in Appendix B will be conditioned upon Edison's return to the Commission of material substantially in accordance with column 3 (including the subcolumns headed "Recoverable Scrap" and "Spent Hot Fuel") of Appendix B.

5. This license is effective as of the date of issuance and shall expire eighteen (18) months from said date, unless extended for good cause shown, or upon the earlier issuance of a superseding operating license.

Date of issuance: -----

For the Atomic Energy Commission,

PETER A. MORRIS,
Director,
Division of Reactor Licensing.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11288; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 10:15 a.m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket Nos. 15796, 17427; Order E-24279]

NATIONAL AIRLINES, INC., ET AL.

Order Denying Petition Requesting Revocation of Overflight Authority and Temporarily Extending Pan American-Panagra Overflight Authority

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D.C., on the 7th day of October 1966.

Application of National Airlines, Inc., Pan American World Airways, Inc., and Pan American-Grace Airways, Inc.; Docket 15796, Agreements CAB 727, CAB 9205; for approval of agreements pursuant to section 412 and exemptions pursuant to section 416(b) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended.

Application of Pan American-Grace Airways, Inc., and Pan American World Airways, Inc.; Docket 17427; for approval of temporary agreements, for temporary exemption from section 401 of the Federal Aviation Act and for other relief as necessary.

By Order E-23267, February 17, 1966, and Order E-23732, May 24, 1966, the Board authorized Pan American World Airways, Inc. (Pan American), Pan American-Grace Airways, Inc. (Panagra) and National Airlines, Inc. (National), to conduct nonstop operations between New York and Lima, and New York and Balboa.¹

The intercarrier agreements approved by the Board governing such nonstop operations provide, inter alia, that only Panagra crews will operate the flights. In view of this and because the three carriers advised the Board that they had "agreed to resolve labor issues under existing collective bargaining and are confident that, as in the past, they can be resolved satisfactorily without delaying the implementation of the proposed services,"² the Board dismissed ALPA's petition which sought imposition of labor protective provisions. However, it did so without prejudice and with permission to "file a subsequent (petition) for relief if labor adjustments cannot be effected to the satisfaction of ALPA."³

On June 21, 1966, Pan American and Panagra represented to the Board that the nonstop operations could not be conducted because of the failure of National and its pilots to agree in respect to compensation; and that as a result flights held out to the public as nonstop flights were being forced to stop at Miami to

change crews.⁴ In these circumstances, Pan American and Panagra requested that the Board grant an emergency exemption and approve agreements to permit them to operate, without reference to National, two weekly round trips between New York and Lima, and one weekly round trip between New York and Balboa for 90 days or until National would be able to participate in the nonstop operations, i.e., until National had reached an accord with its pilots. Neither National nor ALPA interposed any objection to this request, but National suggested that the labor problem could be resolved if the intercarrier agreement were modified so as to permit National pilots to undertake some flying operations and not merely accept payment in lieu of flying, as provided in the intercarrier agreement. The Board granted the temporary authority requested by Panagra and Pan American on an emergency basis in Order E-23941, July 12, 1966. This authority expires on October 10, 1966.

On September 16, 1966, ALPA petitioned the Board to revoke the temporary nonstop authority granted to Pan American and Panagra, and the unimplemented nonstop authority granted to National, Pan American, and Panagra involving Lima and Balboa.

On September 26, 1966, Pan American and Panagra applied for a 60-day extension of the temporary authority. By letter filed with the Docket Section on September 28, 1966, ALPA requested that its petition seeking revocation be considered also as an answer in opposition to the extension application.

Pan American and Panagra jointly and National individually filed answers in opposition to ALPA's petition, and on October 3, 1966, National filed an answer to the Pan American-Panagra extension request which attaches an agreement executed by the three carriers providing that in principle the pilots of each may share in undertaking flying operations and which suggests that this agreement may solve the impasse.

ALPA alleges that it has bargained in good faith with National concerning the dispute. On the other hand, ALPA states that National has failed "to resolve relevant labor issues with its pilots in fairness and good faith," and that all such efforts including mediation by the National Mediation Board have failed. ALPA also contends that by permitting Pan American and Panagra to operate the nonstop services, the Board has removed any incentive on the part of National to reach accord with its pilots, or for Pan American and Panagra to encourage National to reach a satisfactory solution, and that, conversely, by revok-

ing the authority the three carriers will have an incentive to resolve all labor problems. Unless the dispute in respect to the nonstop operations is settled, ALPA asserts, "these unresolved labor issues may momentarily blossom into full-scale controversy * * *".

In answer, the three carriers each point out that since National does not participate in the nonstop operations conducted by Pan American and Panagra it derives no revenues therefrom and that consequently ALPA's contention that National lacks incentive to negotiate is without merit. Pan American and Panagra also allege that the nonstop operations are a valuable public service, and are required to maintain competitive balance in respect to other nonstop operations conducted under similar authority by Braniff and Eastern Air Lines, Inc.

In consideration of the matters presented, the Board finds that the Pan American-Panagra nonstop authority should be extended for 60 days or until National is able to participate, whichever shall first occur. The Board further finds that ALPA's petition should be denied without prejudice.

The Board has previously found after extensive analyses of the deficiencies inherent in the U.S.-flag certificated pattern which prevent single-carrier nonstop service, the requirements of the traveling public, the present and potential inroads of foreign flag carriers, and the problem of competitive balance between U.S.-flag carriers, that nonstop operations between New York and Lima, and New York and Balboa are required by the public interest. These analyses and findings concerning the desirability of and need for such service are set forth in Orders E-22211, May 24, 1965, and E-23267, February 17, 1966, and were expressly adopted in Order E-23941, July 12, 1966, in which the Board authorized Pan American and Panagra to undertake the operations without reference to National or National's route. The service thus authorized has been operating for 3 months and has been extensively advertised and promoted.

There is nothing to indicate that the public interest factors favoring the service are no longer present, or that the Board's previous findings in this regard are no longer viable. Accordingly, we incorporate those findings by reference herein.

Therefore, it appears clear that the public interest lies in extending the exemption authority unless the matters raised in ALPA's petition compel a different result. In our view, however, this is not the case. It appears from the pleadings that the dispute between ALPA and National centers around the amount of compensation to be paid National's pilots as a result of their not flying the nonstop service in question. According to National, it is willing to compensate its pilots for the hours actually flown by Panagra pilots between Miami and New York. However, it is unwilling to pay

¹ The authority granted in these orders expires 180 days after final decision in the Panagra Acquisition Case, Docket 16764, in which Braniff Airways, Inc. (Braniff) seeks approval to acquire and merge with Panagra. This case has been submitted to the Board for decision.

² Joint Pan American-National-Panagra answer to ALPA petition for leave to intervene, Apr. 9, 1965.

³ Order E-22211, May 24, 1965.

⁴ Such flights were therefore being operated pursuant to the longstanding interchange services offered by the three carriers conducted under authority approved by the Board. Under the interchange agreements, National pilots operate the aircraft between New York and Miami.

"duty rig," which it defines as inconvenience pay compensating a pilot for hours away from his home base other than flight hours.

In our judgment this is a dispute which properly should be left to the parties for resolution through collective bargaining pursuant to the Railway Labor Act, and one in which the Board should not intervene. Although ALPA alleges that National has not bargained in good faith, there are no factual allegations to support this charge, nor is there any showing that National may have otherwise violated the Railway Labor Act. Similarly, there is no showing that National's pilots will be subjected to major hazards such as dismissal, displacement, loss of seniority, or the like. Rather, the issues center upon the dollar amounts to be paid to National pilots for flights they do not actually conduct.⁵ The inability of National and its pilots to resolve this kind of dispute would not warrant a refusal to continue the authorizations which are otherwise in the public interest.

The Board, of course, has an interest in seeing the dispute settled by the parties, and hopes and expects that it will be resolved shortly. Our denial of the ALPA petition relates to the present circumstances as set forth in the pleadings before us and does not, of course, preclude any later petition by ALPA predicated upon a significant change in circumstances.

We conclude that the exemption authority in Order E-23941, July 12, 1966, should be continued as provided hereinafter because the enforcement of Title IV and the provisions of the certificates of Pan American and Panagra would be an undue burden on Panagra and Pan American by reason of unusual circumstances affecting their operations and would not be in the public interest.

Accordingly, it is ordered, That:

1. The termination date of the authority set forth in Order E-23941 be, and hereby is, extended for 60 days or until National is able to participate in the nonstop operations, whichever shall first occur;

2. The ALPA petition be, and hereby is, denied without prejudice; and

3. This order may be amended or revoked by the Board at any time at the discretion of the Board without hearing.

This order will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] HAROLD R. SANDERSON,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11225; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:49 a.m.]

⁵ The loss of flying time to National pilots resulting from the Pan American-Panagra nonstop operations is equivalent to six 1-way New York-Miami flights per week.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[811-731]

CANADIAN INTERNATIONAL GROWTH FUND, LTD.

Notice of Application for Order Declaring Company Has Ceased To Be an Investment Company

OCTOBER 10, 1966.

Notice is hereby given that Canadian International Growth Fund, Ltd. ("applicant"), 85 Broad Street, New York, N.Y., a Canadian corporation and a management open-end investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("Act"), has filed an application pursuant to section 8(f) of the Act for an order declaring that applicant has ceased to be an investment company as defined in the Act. All interested persons are referred to the application on file with the Commission for a statement of the representations stated therein.

Applicant's corporate existence has been terminated as a result of effecting a change of its domicile through its reorganization as International Growth Fund, Inc. ("International"), a new Maryland corporation. On May 15, 1964, pursuant to approval of its stockholders, applicant transferred all of its assets (less a reserve for liabilities) to International, a management open-end investment company, in exchange for a number of shares (526,012 shares) of International equal to the number of shares of applicant outstanding at the time of the transfer. Each share of applicant's stock outstanding at the time of the transfer was canceled and the certificates therefor were deemed to be shares of International without physically exchanging certificates.

Following the transfer of its assets to International, applicant discharged its remaining liabilities, transferred its remaining assets to International and surrendered its corporate charter. Such surrender has been accepted and the corporate existence of applicant has ceased.

Some dividend checks which have been sent to applicant's stockholders have not been cashed. As of August 2, 1966, First National City Bank of New York, formerly a dividend disbursing agent of applicant, held \$2,877.16 for distribution as dividends to the persons entitled thereto, and at June 30, 1966, Channing Service Corp. held \$4,484.33 for distribution as dividends to the persons entitled thereto. The application states that efforts to locate the persons entitled to these amounts are being and will continue to be made by Chanstat Services, Inc., International's dividend disbursing agent; that Channing Service Corp. will turn over the funds held by it to Chanstat Services, Inc., which will hold them in a separate account at the Michigan Na-

tional Bank, Battle Creek, Mich.; and that the latter will hold such sums for the persons entitled to them until it is required to turn them over to the State under the escheat laws.

Section 8(f) of the Act provides, in pertinent part, that when the Commission, upon application, finds that a registered investment company has ceased to be an investment company, it shall so declare by order and upon the taking effect of such order, the registration of such company shall cease to be in effect.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than October 21, 1966, at 5:30 p.m., submit to the Commission in writing a request for a hearing on the matter accompanied by a statement as to the nature of his interest, the reason for such request and the issues of fact or law proposed to be controverted, or he may request that he be notified if the Commission shall order a hearing thereon. Any such communication should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D.C. 20549. A copy of such request shall be served personally or by mail (airmail if the person being served is located more than 500 miles from the point of mailing) upon applicant at the address stated above. Proof of such service (by affidavit or in case of an attorney at law by certificate) shall be filed contemporaneously with the request. At any time after such date, as provided by Rule 0-5 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the Act, an order disposing of the application herein may be issued by the Commission upon the basis of the information stated in said application, unless an order for hearing upon said application shall be issued upon request or upon the Commission's own motion.

For the Commission (pursuant to delegated authority).

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11220; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:48 a.m.]

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

[Declaration of Disaster Area 592]

OHIO

Declaration of Disaster Area

Whereas, it has been reported that during the month of September 1966, because of the effects of certain disasters, damage resulted to residences and business property located in the County of Cuyahoga in the State of Ohio;

Whereas, the Small Business Administration has investigated and has received other reports of investigations of conditions in the area affected;

Whereas, after reading and evaluating reports of such conditions, I find that

the conditions in such area constitute a catastrophe within the purview of the Small Business Act, as amended.

Now, therefore, as Administrator of the Small Business Administration, I hereby determine that:

1. Applications for disaster loans under the provisions of section 7(b) (1) of the Small Business Act, as amended, may be received and considered by the Office below indicated from persons or firms whose property, situated in the aforesaid County and areas adjacent thereto, suffered damage or destruction resulting from tornado and accompanying conditions occurring on or about September 29, 1966.

OFFICE

Small Business Administration Regional Office, 1370 Ontario Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44113.

2. Applications for disaster loans under the authority of this Declaration will not be accepted subsequent to March 31, 1967.

BERNARD L. BOUTIN,
Administrator.

OCTOBER 3, 1966.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11206; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:47 a.m.]

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

GULF/UNITED KINGDOM CONFERENCE

Notice of Agreement Filed for Approval

Notice is hereby given that the following agreement has been filed with the Commission for approval pursuant to section 15 of the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended (39 Stat. 733, 75 Stat. 763, 46 U.S.C. 814).

Interested parties may inspect and obtain a copy of the agreement at the Washington office of the Federal Maritime Commission, 1321 H Street NW., Room 609; or may inspect agreements at the offices of the District Managers, New York, N.Y., New Orleans, La., and San Francisco, Calif. Comments with reference to an agreement including a request for hearing, if desired, may be submitted to the Secretary, Federal Maritime Commission, Washington, D.C. 20573, within 20 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. A copy of any such statement should also be forwarded to the party filing the agreement (as indicated hereinafter) and the comments should indicate that this has been done.

Notice of agreement filed for approval by:

Mr. John T. Crook, Chairman, Gulf Associated Freight Conferences, Suite 927 Whitney Building, New Orleans, La. 70130.

Agreement 161-23, between the member lines of the Gulf/United Kingdom Conference, amends the second sentence of Clause 9 of the basic agreement (161, as amended) by substituting the following provision in lieu thereof: "All col-

lect freight is to be converted at the sight or demand rate of exchange on London 5 days after vessel sails from final U.S. Gulf of Mexico loading port."

Dated: October 11, 1966.

By order of the Federal Maritime Commission.

THOMAS LISI,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11229; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:49 a.m.]

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA AND YAMASHITA-SHINNIHON STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

Notice of Agreement Filed for Approval

Notice is hereby given that the following agreement has been filed with the Commission for approval pursuant to section 15 of the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended (39 Stat. 733, 75 Stat. 763, 46 U.S.C. 814).

Interested parties may inspect and obtain a copy of the agreement at the Washington office of the Federal Maritime Commission, 1321 H Street N.W., Room 609; or may inspect agreements at the office of the District Managers, New York, N.Y., New Orleans, La., and San Francisco, Calif. Comments with reference to an agreement including a request for hearing, if desired, may be submitted to the Secretary, Federal Maritime Commission, Washington, D.C. 20573, within 20 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. A copy of any such statement should also be forwarded to the party filing the agreement (as indicated hereinafter) and the comments should indicate that this has been done.

Notice of agreement filed for approval by:

Mr. R. O. Flood, Vice President, Transmarine Navigation Corp., 311 California Street, San Francisco, Calif. 94104.

Agreement 9582, between Nippon Yusen Kaisha and Yamashita-Shininihon Steamship Co., Ltd., proposes to establish a through billing arrangement for the movement of general cargo from ports in East Africa to ports on the U.S. Pacific Coast with transshipment at Yokohama and/or Kobe, Japan, in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the agreement.

Dated: October 11, 1966.

By order of the Federal Maritime Commission.

THOMAS LISI,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11230; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:49 a.m.]

SEA-LAND SERVICE, INC., AND PORTNICA SHIPPING CO., INC.

Notice of Agreement Filed for Approval

Notice is hereby given that the following agreement has been filed with the

Commission for approval pursuant to section 15 of the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended (39 Stat. 733, 75 Stat. 763, 46 U.S.C. 814).

Interested parties may inspect and obtain a copy of the agreement at the Washington office of the Federal Maritime Commission, 1321 H Street NW., Room 609; or may inspect agreements at the office of the District Managers, New York, N.Y., New Orleans, La., and San Francisco, Calif. Comments with reference to an agreement including a request for hearing, if desired, may be submitted to the Secretary, Federal Maritime Commission, Washington, D.C. 20573, within 20 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. A copy of any such statement should also be forwarded to the party filing the agreement (as indicated hereinafter) and the comments should indicate that this has been done.

Notice of agreement filed for approval by:

Mr. J. Scot Provan, Commerce Attorney, Sea-Land Service, Inc., Terminal and Fleet Streets, Post Office Box 1050, Elizabeth, N.J. 07207.

Agreement 9507-2, between Sea-Land Service, Inc. and Portnica Shipping Co., Inc., proposes to modify the transshipment arrangement between the carriers by adding New Zealand as a point of origin in the movement of controlled temperature cargo and by specifying Sea-Land's portion of the through rate on Frozen Shrimp and on commodities other than Frozen Meat and Frozen Shrimp when transshipped at Balboa, Canal Zone, and its portion of the through rate on Beef Offal, Frozen, Edible, when transshipped at Puerto Rico.

Dated: October 11, 1966.

By order of the Federal Maritime Commission.

THOMAS LISI,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11231; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:49 a.m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

JOHN V. LAWRENCE

Statement of Changes in Financial Interests

Pursuant to subsection 302(e), Part III, Executive Order 10647 (20 F.R. 8769) "Providing for the Appointment of Certain Persons under the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended," I hereby furnish for filing with the Office of the Federal Register for publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER the following information showing any changes in my financial interests and business connections as heretofore reported and published (26 F.R. 8958, 27 F.R. 3829, 27 F.R. 9545, 28 F.R. 4117, 28 F.R. 10468, 29 F.R. 5579, 29 F.R. 14977, 30 F.R. 8982, 30 F.R.

12309, and 31 F.R. 4824) during the 6 months' period ended September 14, 1966.

No change.

Dated: October 7, 1966.

JOHN V. LAWRENCE.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11221; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:48 a.m.]

[Notice 1425]

MOTOR CARRIER TRANSFER PROCEEDINGS

OCTOBER 10, 1966.

Synopses of orders entered pursuant to section 212(b) of the Interstate Commerce Act, and rules and regulations prescribed thereunder (49 CFR Part 179), appear below:

As provided in the Commission's special rules of practice any interested person may file a petition seeking reconsideration of the following numbered proceedings within 20 days from the date of publication of this notice. Pursuant to section 17(8) of the Interstate Commerce Act, the filing of such a petition will postpone the effective date of the order in that proceeding pending its disposition. The matters relied upon by petitioners must be specified in their petitions with particularity.

No. MC-FC-69060. By order of September 30, 1966, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Central States Express, Inc., 2323 Delaware Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa 50317, of the operating rights of R. D. Simpson, doing business as Central States Express, 2323 Delaware Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa 50317, in certificate No. MC-119627, issued April 28, 1960, authorizing the transportation of agricultural implements and parts, over irregular routes, from Des Moines, Iowa, and points within 6 miles thereof, to points in Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, and Michigan.

No. MC-FC-69067. By order of September 30, 1966, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to H. A. Pierce and R. E. Schuster, a partnership, doing business as Pierce-Schuster Truck Lines, Freeborn, Minn., of the certificate in Nos. MC-114362, MC-114362 (Sub-No. 4), and MC-114362 (Sub-No. 8), issued April 6, 1956, June 19, 1957, and March 17, 1966, respectively, to H. A. Pierce, doing business as Pierce Truck Lines, Freeborn, Minn., authorizing the transportation of: Manufactured fertilizer, dry fertilizer, agricultural lime, and dry fertilizer materials, from Albert Lea, Minn., and Mason City, Iowa, as specified, to points as designated in Iowa, Minnesota, and Wisconsin. Jack F. C. Gillard, 216 East Main Street, Albert Lea, Minn. 56007, attorney for applicants.

No. MC-FC-69076. By order of September 30, 1966, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Ernest L. Seccomb and Ernest M. Kingsbury, doing business as Kitto's Transfer & Storage, 700 East Front Street, Butte, Mont., of the operating rights in certificate No. MC-70176, issued August 9, 1962, to T. James Kitto and Mary M. Kitto, doing business as

Kitto's Transfer & Storage, 700 East Front Street, Butte, Mont., authorizing the transportation of: General commodities, unrestricted and also subject to the usual exceptions, heavy machinery, and equipment used in control of forest fires, between points in Montana.

No. MC-FC-69077. By order of September 30, 1966, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Gleicher Trucking Corp., New York, N.Y., of the operating rights in certificate No. MC-100030 issued September 13, 1961, to Milton Gleicher and Rubin Gleicher, doing business as H. Gleicher & Sons, New York, N.Y., authorizing the transportation of: New furniture, between New York, N.Y., on the one hand, and, on the other, points in New York and New Jersey within a specified mileage radius of New York, N.Y. Bernard R. Fields, 401 Broadway, New York, N.Y., attorney for applicants.

No. MC-FC-69079. By order of September 30, 1966, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Terry P. Kiefer, Tionesta, Pa., of certificates in Nos. MC-125279, and MC-125279 (Sub-No. 1), issued December 9, 1963, and July 1, 1964, respectively, to A. C. Benninger, Newmansville, Pa., authorizing the transportation of: Coal, from points in Clarion County, Pa., to Buffalo, Niagara Falls, Medina, Westfield, and Jamestown, N.Y. H. Ray Pope, Jr., 10 Grant Street, Clarion, Pa. 16214, attorney for applicants.

No. MC-FC-69082. By order of September 30, 1966, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Dillard A. Toliver, doing business as Farmer Bus Line, Post Office Box 903, Wichita Falls, Tex. 76307, of certificate No. MC-99118 (Sub-No. 2), issued May 8, 1964, to Dillard A. Toliver and W. W. Farmer, a partnership, doing business as Farmer Bus Line, Post Office Box 903, Wichita Falls, Tex. 76307, authorizing the transportation of: Passengers and their baggage, express and newspapers, in the same vehicle, between Wichita Falls, Tex., and San Antonio, Tex., serving all intermediate points.

No. MC-FC-69088. By order of September 30, 1966, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Victoria Transfer & Storage Co. a corporation, 1211 North Laurent, Post Office Box 1807, Victoria, Tex. 77901, of the operating rights in certificate No. MC-109444, issued September 17, 1948, to A. W. Armstrong, doing business as Victoria Transfer & Storage Co., 1211 North Laurent, Post Office Box 1807, Victoria, Tex. 77901, authorizing the transportation of: Household goods as defined in Practices of Motor Common Carriers of Household Goods, 17 M.C.C. 467, over irregular routes, between points and places in Victoria, Lavaca, Jackson, Calhoun, Refugio, Goliad, De Witt, Jim Wells, Live Oak, Bee, and Aransas Counties, Tex., on the one hand, and, on the other, points and places in Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma, New Mexico, and Kansas.

No. MC-FC-69106. By order of September 30, 1966, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Singer Interstate

Carriers, Inc., Hawthorne, N.J., of certificate in No. MC-119788, issued September 16, 1960, to N. & J. Tubing & Reeling Co., Inc., doing business as Singer Interstate Carriers, Hawthorne, N.J., authorizing the transportation of: Cut piece goods and finished products thereof, made of silk, rayon, acetate, celanese, and mixtures thereof, between Haledon, N.J., and New York, N.Y. John M. Zachara, Post Office Box "Z", Paterson, N.J. 07509, representative for applicants.

[SEAL]

H. NEIL GARSON,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11222; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:48 a.m.]

[Notice 269]

MOTOR CARRIER TEMPORARY AUTHORITY APPLICATIONS

OCTOBER 11, 1966.

The following are notices of filing of applications for temporary authority under section 210a(a) of the Interstate Commerce Act provided for under the new rules in Ex Parte No. MC 67 (49 CFR Part 240) published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, issue of April 27, 1965, effective July 1, 1965. These rules provide that protests to the granting of an application must be filed with the field official named in the FEDERAL REGISTER publication, within 15 calendar days after the date notice of the filing of the application is published in the FEDERAL REGISTER. One copy of such protest must be served on the applicant, or its authorized representative, if any, and the protest must certify that such service has been made. The protest must be specific as to the service which such protestant can and will offer, and must consist of a signed original and six copies.

A copy of the application is on file, and can be examined, at the Office of the Secretary, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington, D.C., and also in the field office to which protests are to be transmitted.

MOTOR CARRIERS OF PROPERTY

No. MC 64994 (Sub-No. 84 TA), filed October 7, 1966. Applicant: HENNIS FREIGHT LINES, INC., Post Office Box 612, Winston-Salem, N.C. 27102. Applicant's representative: Frank C. Phillips (same address as applicant). Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: (1) *New Furniture*, from Danville, Ky., to points in Illinois, Wisconsin, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Tennessee, District of Columbia, and Florida. (2) *Materials and supplies*, used in the manufacture of furniture from points in (1) to Danville, Ky., for 150 days. Supporting shipper: Jackson Chair Co., Inc., Danville, Ky. Attention: Mr. James E. Jackson. Send protests to: Jack K. Huff, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of

Operations and Compliance, Room 206, 327 North Tryon Street, Charlotte, N.C. 28202.

No. MC 107496 (Sub-No. 503 TA), filed October 7, 1966. Applicant: RUAN TRANSPORT CORPORATION, Keosauqua Way at Third Street, Post Office Box 855, Des Moines, Iowa 50309. Applicant's representative: H. L. Fabritz, Ruan Transport Corp., Keosauqua Way at Third Street, Des Moines, Iowa 50309. Authority sought to operate as a *common carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: *Petroleum products*, in bulk, from Dubuque, Iowa, to Rockford, Ill., for 180 days. Supporting shippers: Hudson Oil Co. of Delaware, Inc., Post Office Box 1626, Kansas City, Mo. 64141, Apco Oil Corp., Liberty Bank Building, Oklahoma City, Okla. Send protests to: Ellis L. Annett, District Supervisor, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, Interstate Commerce Commission, 227 Federal Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa 50309.

No. MC 128513 (Sub-No. 1 TA), filed October 7, 1966. Applicant: DOMENICK A. ABRIOLO, doing business as ABRIOLO TRUCKING CO., Washington and Bem Streets, Riverside, N.J. Applicant's representative: V. Baker Smith, 2107 Fidelity-Philadelphia Trust Building, Philadelphia, Pa. 19109. Authority sought to operate as a *contract carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: (1) *Snow fence, stockade fence, fence posts, and fence rails*, from Burlington City, N.J., to points in Pennsylvania, New York, Connecticut, West Virginia, Maryland, and Delaware; and (2) *Coils of wire*, from Philadelphia, Pa., to Burlington City, N.J., for 180 days. Supporting shipper: Lincraft Inc., Burlington, N.J. 08016. Send protests to: Raymond T. Jones, District Supervisor, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, Interstate Commerce Commission, 410 Post Office Building, Trenton, N.J. 08608.

No. MC 128630 TA, filed October 7, 1966. Applicant: COMMODITY CARRIERS, INC., 700 Denargo Market, Denver, Colo. Applicant's representative: Euvell Oldham (same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a *contract carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: *Meat products and frozen foods*, from Denver and Colorado Springs, Colo., to points in New Mexico, Arizona, and California, for 150 days. Supporting shippers: Shurtenda Steaks, Inc., 2452 West Second Avenue, Denver, Colo. 80223, Johnson Food Co., 201 Lee Street, Colorado Springs, Colo. Send protests to: Herbert C. Ruoff, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, 2022 Federal Office Building, Denver, Colo. 80202.

No. MC 128630 (Sub-No. 1 TA), filed October 7, 1966. Applicant: COMMODITY CARRIERS, INC., 700 Denar-

go Market, Denver, Colo. Applicant's representative: Euvell Oldham (same address as above). Authority sought to operate as a *contract carrier*, by motor vehicle, over irregular routes, transporting: *Meat products and frozen foods*, from Denver and Colorado Springs, Colo., to points in Utah, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington, for 150 days. Supporting shippers: Shurtenda Steaks, Inc., 2452 West Second Avenue, Denver, Colo. 80223, Johnson Food Co., 201 Lee Street, Colorado Springs, Colo. Send protests to: Herbert C. Ruoff, District Supervisor, Interstate Commerce Commission, Bureau of Operations and Compliance, 2022 Federal Building, Denver, Colo. 80202.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] H. NEIL GARSON,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11223; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:49 a.m.]

FOURTH SECTION APPLICATIONS FOR RELIEF

OCTOBER 11, 1966.

Protests to the granting of an application must be prepared in accordance with Rule 1.40 of the general rules of practice (49 CFR 1.40) and filed within 15 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

LONG-AND-SHORT HAUL

FSA No. 40736—*Motor vehicles from Doraville, Ga.* Filed by O. W. South, Jr., agent (No. A4949), for interested rail carriers. Rates on motor vehicles, in bi-level and trilevel cars, in carloads, from Doraville, Ga., to Little Ferry, N.J.

Grounds for relief—Market competition.

Tariff—Supplement 60 to Southern Freight Association, agent, tariff ICC S-558.

FSA No. 40737—*Petroleum oil residuum from points in Montana.* Filed by Trans-Continental Freight Bureau, agent (No. 435), for interested rail carriers. Rates on petroleum oil residuum, for further manufacture, subject to minimum shipment of 10 tank carloads, from Billings, East Billings, Great Falls, and Laurel, Mont., to Minneapolis, Minnesota Transfer, and St. Paul, Minn.

Grounds for relief—Market competition.

Tariffs—Supplement 11 to Great Northern Railway Co. tariff ICC A-9207 and Supplement 4 to Northern Pacific Railway Co. tariff ICC 10062.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] H. NEIL GARSON,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11224; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966;
8:49 a.m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. G-5441, etc.]

JOHNSON OIL & GAS CO., ET AL.

Notice of Applications for Certificates, Abandonment of Service and Petitions To Amend Certificates, and Pending Certificate Application¹

OCTOBER 5, 1966.

Take notice that each of the Applicants listed herein has filed an application or petition pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act for authorization to sell natural gas in interstate commerce or to abandon service heretofore authorized as described herein, all as more fully described in the respective applications and amendments which are on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before October 28, 1966.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on all applications in which no protest or petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein if the Commission on its own review of the matter believes that a grant of the certificates or the authorization for the proposed abandonment is required by the public convenience and necessity. Where a protest or petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or where the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given: *Provided, however*, That pursuant to § 2.56, Part 2, Statement of General Policy and Interpretations, Chapter I of Title 18 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended, all permanent certificates of public convenience and necessity granting applications, filed after April 15, 1965, without further notice, will contain a condition precluding any filing of an increased rate at a price in excess of that designated for the particular area of production for the period prescribed therein unless at the time of filing such certificate application, or within the time fixed herein for the filing of protests or petitions to intervene the Applicant indicates in writing that it is unwilling to accept such a condition. In the event Applicant is unwilling to accept such

¹This notice does not provide for consolidation for hearing of the several matters covered herein, nor should it be so construed.

condition the application will be set for unnecessary for Applicants to appear or formal hearing. be represented at the hearing.

Under the procedure herein provided JOSEPH H. GUTRINE, Secretary.

for, unless otherwise advised, it will be

Docket No. and date filed	Applicant	Purchaser, field, and location	Price per Mcf	Pressure base
G-5441 E 9-21-66	Johnson Oil & Gas Co. (successor to Marian F. Johnson), c/o Glenn W. Johnson, agent, Route 1, Bristol, W. Va. 26332.	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Ten Mile District, Harrison County, W. Va.	20.0	15.325
G-5999 E 9-26-66	Wm. H. Chamberlain, d.b.a. Saturn Oil & Gas Co. (operator), et al. (successor to Saturn Oil & Gas Co., Inc.), Post Office Box 166, Cheyenne, Wyo. 82001.	Northern Natural Gas Co., Hugoton Field, Stevens County, Kans. Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co., Hugoton Field, Grant, Morton, and Stevens Counties, Kans.	11.0 12.0	14.65
G-12455 D 8-8-66	Texasaco Inc., Post Office Box 52382, Houston, Tex. 77052.	Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co., acreage Meade County, Kans. and Beaver County, Okla.	(7)	15.025
G-1771 E 9-23-66	Anadarko Production Co. (operator), et al. (successor to Petroleum Property Management Co. Inc., agent for Panhandle Oil Corp., et al.), Post Office Box 9307, Fort Worth, Tex. 76107.	Elton Field, Jefferson Davis Parish, La.	419.75	
G-1774 E 4-27-66	Bradley H. Keyes (successor to Clyde E. Akerman), Box 842, Aztec, N. Mex. 87410.	El Paso Natural Gas Co., Fulcher, Knutz-Pictured Cliffs Field, San Juan County, N. Mex.	12.0	15.025
G-16004 5-6-66	Force Co. (operator), et al. (formerly Force Drilling Co. (operator), et al.), 3700 First National Bank Bldg., Dallas, Tex. 75202.	Northern Natural Gas Co., acreage in Beaver County, Okla.	15.0	14.65
G-16465 D 7-15-66	Pan American Petroleum Corp., Post Office Box 991, Tulsa, Okla. 74102.	Texas Gas Transmission Corp., acreage in Ouachita Parish, La.	(7)	
C 9-9-66	Texas San Juan Oil Corp., 1126 Mercantile Securities Bldg., Dallas, Tex. 75201.	Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co., a division of Tenneco Inc., Miller and Fox Field, Jim Wells County, Tex.	15.0	14.65
C 161-1187 E 9-26-66	Wm. H. Chamberlain, d.b.a. Saturn Oil & Gas Co. (operator), et al. (successor to Saturn Oil & Gas Co., Inc.).	Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co., Hugoton Field, Seaward County, Kans.	16.0	14.65
C 161-1332 E 9-19-66	Cities Service Oil Co. (successor to Capitlan, Inc., et al.), Cities Service Bldg., Bartlesville, Okla. 74003.	Transwestern Pipeline Co., Blinnit Plant, Roosevelt County, N. Mex.	16.0	14.65
C 161-1726 5-9-66	Force Co. (formerly Force Drilling Co.).	Transwestern Pipeline Co., Northwest Doby Springs Field, Harper County, Okla.	17.0	14.65
C 162-28 E 9-26-66	Wm. H. Chamberlain, d.b.a. Saturn Oil & Gas Co. (operator), et al. (successor to Saturn Oil & Gas Co., Inc. (operator), et al.).	Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co., Hugoton Field, Grant and Stevens Counties, Kans.	14.0	14.65
C 164-423 C 9-16-66	Ashland Oil & Refining Co., Post Office Box 18986, Oklahoma City, Okla. 73118.	Transwestern Pipeline Co., acreage in Beaver County, Okla.	17.0	14.65
C 165-461 C 9-26-66	Singular Oil & Gas Co., Post Office Box 521, Tulsa, Okla. 74102.	El Paso Natural Gas Co., Basin Dakota Field, San Juan County, N. Mex.	13.0	15.025
C 165-561 E 9-19-66	Cities Service Oil Co. (successor to Capitlan, Inc., et al.).	Natural Gas Pipeline Co. of America, Blinnit Plant, Roosevelt County, N. Mex.	12.16.608	14.65

Filing code: A—Initial service.
B—Abandonment.
C—Amendment to add acreage.
D—Amendment to delete acreage.
E—Succession.
F—Partial succession.

See footnotes at end of table.

Docket No. and date filed	Applicant	Purchaser, field, and location	Price per Mcf	Pressure base
C 165-587 C 6-27-66	Sinclair Oil & Gas Co. ¹⁵	Northern Natural Gas Co., Hunt Baggett Field, Crockett County, Tex.	16.0	14.65
C 166-85 C 9-26-66	Abel & Bancroft, Post Office Box 1391, Midland, Tex. 79701.	United Gas Pipe Line Co., South Albrecht Field Area, Goliad County, Tex.	14.0	14.65
C 166-1029 (G-8663) C 8-29-66	Champion Petroleum Co., Post Office Box 6965, Forth Worth, Tex. 76102.	Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co., a division of Tenneco Inc., Bearline Field, Hidalgo County, Tex.	15.0	14.65
C 166-1287 C 9-14-66	Bradley H. Keyes, Box 842, Aztec, N. Mex. 87410.	El Paso Natural Gas Co., Fulcher-Knutz Pictured Cliffs Field, San Juan County, N. Mex.	12.0	15.025
C 167-274 A 9-4-66	Texasaco Inc. ¹⁶	El Paso Natural Gas Co., Gomez Field, Pecos County, Tex.	16.5	14.65
C 167-289 (C-12614) E 8-30-66	Hanley Co. (successor to Mobil Oil Corp.), 3777 First National Bank Bldg., Dallas, Tex. 75202.	El Paso Natural Gas Co., Spraberry Trend Area, Upton County, Tex.	17.2295	14.65
C 167-333 B 9-19-66	Union Producing Co., Post Office Box 1407, Shreveport, La. 71102.	United Gas Pipe Line Co., Rodessa Field, Caddo Parish, La. and Cass County, Tex.	Depleted	
C 167-339 (G-18389) F 9-22-66	Colorado Oil & Gas Corp. (successor to Zapata Off-Shore Co., et al.), Box 749, Denver, Colo. 80201.	Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Company, Block 80 Field, Offshore Vermilion Parish, La.	19.0	15.025
C 167-340 B 9-23-66	Southern Minerals Corp. (operator), et al., Post Office Box 716, Corpus Christi, Tex. 78403.	Lone Star Gathering Co., Smith Creek Field, DeWitt County, Tex.	Depleted	
C 167-341 A 9-23-66	Ashland Oil & Refining Co.	Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co., acreage in Ellis County, Okla.	17.0	14.65
C 167-342 A 9-26-66	Bradford Drilling, Inc., 1620 Wichita Plaza, Wichita, Kans. 67202.	Colorado Interstate Gas Co., Hugoton Field, Hamilton County, Kans.	13.5 16.0	14.65
C 167-343 A 9-26-66	Odessa Natural Gasoline Co., Post Office Box 3908, Odessa, Tex. 79760.	Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co., South Peak Field, Ellis County, Okla.	17.0	14.65
C 167-344 A 9-23-66	Cabot Corp. (SW), Post Office Box 1101, Pampa, Tex. 79065.	Natural Gas Pipeline Co. of America, acreage in Texas County, Okla.	17.0	14.65
C 167-345 A 9-26-66	El Paso Products Co., Post Office Box 3886, Odessa, Tex. 79760.	Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co., South Peak Field, Ellis County, Okla.	27.5	15.325
C 167-346 A 9-19-66	Mid-East Oil Co., Oliver Bldg., Pitsburgh, Pa. 15222.	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Gas-Kill Township, Jefferson County, Pa.	20.0	15.325
C 167-347 A 9-21-66	Ralph Mace, Sandridge, W. Va. 25274.	Consolidated Gas Supply Corp., Sherman District, Calhoun County, Walker County, Tex.	12.0	14.65
C 167-348 A 9-26-66	Sanford E. McCormick, 1603 First City National Bank Bldg., Houston, Tex. 77002.	United Gas Pipe Line Co., acreage in South Peak Area, Ellis County, Okla.	17.0	14.65
C 167-349 A 9-26-66	Bruce Anderson, 600 Southwest Tower, Houston, Tex. 77002.	Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co., South Peak Area, Ellis County, Okla.	17.0	14.65
C 167-350 A 9-26-66	Beard Oil Co., 2000 Classon Blvd., Suite 200, 2000 Classon Corner, Oklahoma City, Okla. 73106.	Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co., Northeast Wynoka Area, Woods County, Okla.	15.0	14.65
C 167-351 A 9-26-66	Amerada International Corp. (operator), et al., Post Office Box 2449, Tulsa, Okla. 74102.	El Paso Natural Gas Co., Blanco Mesa Verde Field, San Juan County, N. Mex.	13.0	15.025
C 167-352 A 9-26-66	Singular Oil & Gas Co.	Mess Verde Field, San Juan County, N. Mex.	20.0	15.025
C 167-353 A 9-26-66	Coastal States Gas Producing Co., Post Office Drawer 521, Corpus Christi, Tex. 78403.	Florida Gas Transmission Co., South Manchester Field, Calcasieu Parish, La.	25.0	15.325
C 167-354 A 9-27-66	Montclair Harris Well, Ltd., c/o Montclair Oil & Gas Development Co., Inc., Operator, 16310 North-east 19th Ave., North Miami Beach, Fla. 33101.	Equitable Gas Co., De Kalb District, Gilmer County, W. Va.	14.0	14.65
C 167-355 A 9-27-66	James W. Herstberger, 807 First National Bank Bldg., Wichita, Kans. 67202.	Cities Service Gas Co., acreage in Barber County, Kans.	14.0	14.65

Docket No. and date filed	Applicant	Purchaser, field, and location	Price per Mcf	Pressure base
CI67-356 A 3-18-66	Fred P. Fulton, et ux., c/o Dale M. Stucky, attorney, Fleeson, Goeling, Conlson & Kitch, Post Office Box 997, Wichita, Kans. 67201.	Colorado Interstate Gas Co., Hugoton Field, Kearny County, Kans.	12.0	14.65

- ¹ Effective rate under Predecessor's FPC GRS No. 2.
² Effective rate under Predecessor's FPC GRS No. 3. Rate in effect subject to refund in Docket No. RI65-559.
³ Deletes 2,480 acres on leases that have expired.
⁴ Rate in effect subject to refund in Docket No. RI65-242.
⁵ Amendment to certificate filed to reflect change in name.
⁶ Subject to upward and downward B.t.u. adjustment.
⁷ Uneconomical for Buyer to connect to well.
⁸ No permanent certificate issued. Temporary certificate granted to Presidio Operating Co. (Operator), et al Jan. 22, 1966 to continue service heretofore rendered by Eugene E. Nearburg and Tom L. Ingram d.b.a., Nearburg & Ingram, Operator.
⁹ Assignor's interests presently covered under Presidio Operating Co. (Operator), et al, FPC GRS No. 1.
¹⁰ Application previously noticed Sept. 29, 1966 in Docket Nos. G-6378, et al., at a total initial rate of 19.5 cents, subject to refund in Docket No. RI66-284. By letter filed Sept. 29, 1966, Applicant expressed its willingness to accept authorization to sell gas from the additional acreage at a rate of 17 cents per Mcf.
¹¹ Assignor's interests presently under Capitan Petroleum, Inc., FPC GRS No. 1.
¹² For 1,038 B.t.u. gas. Residue from casinghead gas priced in accordance with Opinion No. 468 and calculated and to be 14.4 cents per Mcf.
¹³ By letter filed Sept. 26, 1966, Applicant agreed to accept authorization for the additional acreage containing conditions similar to those imposed by Opinion No. 468, as modified by Opinion No. 468-A.
¹⁴ Adds acreage acquired from Sunray DX Oil Co., Docket No. G-8663.
¹⁵ Settlement rate as approved by Commission order issued Jan. 29, 1965 in Docket Nos. G-6882, et al.
¹⁶ Applicant states its willingness to accept permanent certificate containing conditions similar to those imposed by Opinion No. 468, as modified by Opinion No. 468-A.
¹⁷ Rate in effect subject to refund in Docket No. G-20407.
¹⁸ Predecessor's settlement rate.
¹⁹ Subject to upward and downward B.t.u. adjustment. If desulfurization is necessary to meet quality standards, Seller to pay cost up to 2.0 cents per Mcf.
²⁰ For all gas produced above base of Chase Series.
²¹ For all gas produced below base of Chase Series. Subject to upward and downward B.t.u. adjustment.
²² Less downward B.t.u. adjustment to 15.84 cents per Mcf.
²³ Applicant states its willingness to accept permanent certificate conditioned to 15.0 cents per Mcf at 14.65 p.s.i.a.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11125; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket Nos. RI67-76, etc.]

WALTER F. KUHN ET AL.

Order Providing for Hearings on and Suspension of Proposed Changes in Rates¹

OCTOBER 6, 1966.

The Respondents named herein have filed proposed increased rates and charges of currently effective rate schedules for sales of natural gas under Commission jurisdiction, as set forth in Appendix A hereof.

The proposed changed rates and charges may be unjust, unreasonable, unduly discriminatory, or preferential, or otherwise unlawful.

The Commission finds: It is in the public interest and consistent with the Natural Gas Act that the Commission enter upon hearings regarding the lawfulness of the proposed changes, and that the supplements herein be suspended and their use be deferred as ordered below.

The Commission orders:

(A) Under the Natural Gas Act, particularly sections 4 and 15, the regulations pertaining thereto (18 CFR Ch. I),

¹ Does not consolidate for hearing or dispose of the several matters herein.

and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, public hearings shall be held concerning the lawfulness of the proposed changes.

(B) Pending hearings and decisions thereon, the rate supplements herein are suspended and their use deferred until date shown in the "Date Suspended Until" column, and thereafter until made effective as prescribed by the Natural Gas Act.

(C) Until otherwise ordered by the Commission, neither the suspended supplements, nor the rate schedules sought to be altered, shall be changed until disposition of these proceedings or expiration of the suspension period.

(D) Notices of intervention or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 and 1.37(f)) on or before November 23, 1966.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

Docket No.	Respondent	Rate schedule No.	Supplement No.	Purchaser and producing area	Amount of annual increase	Date filing tendered	Effective date unless suspended	Date suspended until	Cents per Mcf		Rate in effect subject to refund in docket Nos.
									Rate in effect	Proposed increased rate	
RI67-70	Walter F. Kuhn, et al., 726 Union Center Bldg., Wichita, Kans. 67202.	44	1	Colorado Interstate Gas Co. (Hugoton Field, Haskell County, Kans.).	\$200	9-12-66	10-13-66	3-13-67	\$ 11.0	\$ 13.5	
RI67-77	Alice A. Nemmer, et al., c/o Walter Kuhn, 726 Union Center Bldg., Wichita, Kans. 67202.	8	3	do	200	9-12-66	10-13-66	3-13-67	\$ 11.0	\$ 13.5	
RI67-78	Tidewater Oil Co. (Operator), et al., Post Office Box 1404, Hous- ton, Tex. 77001.	114	2	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co. (South Marlow Field, Stephens County, Okla.) (Oklahoma "Other" Area).	354	9-12-66	10-13-66	3-13-67	\$ 15.0	\$ 16.0	
RI67-79	Sinclair Oil & Gas Co., Post Office Box 521, Tulsa, Okla. 74102.	243	3	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co. (North Carter Field, Beck- ham County, Okla.) (Okla- homa "Other" Area).	7,082	9-12-66	10-13-66	3-13-67	15.0	\$ 18.0	
RI67-80	A. A. Cameron, d.b.a. Cameron Oil Co., 1100 Petroleum Club Bldg., Oklahoma City, Okla.	3	5	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co. (West Marlow Field, Grady and Comanche Counties, Okla.) (Oklahoma "Other" Area).	12,000	9-13-66	10-14-66	3-14-67	\$ 15.0	\$ 16.0	
RI67-81	Sohio Petroleum Co., 970 First National Annex, Oklahoma City, Okla. 73102, Attn: Gas-Gasoline Division. Sohio Petroleum Co.	35	13	Texas Eastern Transmission Corp. (Greenwood-Waskom Field, Caddo Parish, La.) (North Louisiana).	26	9-19-66	11-1-66	4-1-67	\$ 17.2366	\$ 17.4417	RI66-276.
			11	Texas Eastern Transmission Corp. (Delhi Pool, Richland Parish, La.) (North Louisiana).	10	9-19-66	11-1-66	4-1-67	\$ 17.2366	\$ 17.4417	RI66-276.
RI67-82	Ashland Oil & Refining Co., Post Office Box 18695, Oklahoma City, Okla. 73118.	178	3	Colorado Interstate Gas Co. (Greenwood Field, Morton County, Kans.).	200	9-12-66	10-13-66	3-13-66	\$ 15.0	\$ 16.0	

¹ The stated effective date is the effective date requested by Respondent.
² Two-step periodic rate increase.

³ Pressure base is 14.65 p.s.i.a.
⁴ Subject to a downward B.t.u. adjustment.

⁵ Favored-nation rate increase.

⁶ Includes letter dated Aug. 29, 1966, from Buyer notifying Seller of 16.0 cents rate contracted for within the favored-nation area.

⁷ Increase is from conditioned permanent certificated rate to first contractual periodic increase (initial contract rate is 17.0 cents).

⁸ The stated effective date is the first day after expiration of the statutory notice.

⁹ Periodic rate increase.

¹⁰ Pressure base is 15.025 p.s.i.a.

¹¹ Includes 1.75 cents per Mcf tax reimbursement.

¹² Includes 1.35 cents per Mcf handling charge deducted by Buyer and 1.75 cents per Mcf tax reimbursement.

¹³ Redetermined rate increase.

¹⁴ Subject to upward and downward B.t.u. adjustment.

A. A. Cameron, doing business as Cameron Oil Co. (Cameron) requests waiver of the statutory notice to permit his proposed favored-nation increase to become effective as of August 1, 1966, the contractually provided effective date, or, in the alternative, August 29, 1966, the date of the buyer's letter notifying Cameron of its right to file for the proposed increase. Good cause has not been shown for waiving the 30-day notice requirement provided in section 4(d) of the Natural Gas Act to permit an earlier effective date for Cameron's rate filing and such request is denied.

All of the producers' proposed increased rates and charges exceed the applicable area price levels for increased rates as set forth in the Commission's statement of general policy No. 61-1, as amended (18 CFR Ch. I, Pt. 2, § 2.56).

[F.R. Doc. 66-11131; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP67-88]

FLORIDA GAS TRANSMISSION CO.

Notice of Application

OCTOBER 7, 1966.

Take notice that on October 3, 1966, Florida Gas Transmission Co. (Applicant), Post Office Box 44, Winter Park, Fla. 32790, filed in Docket No. CP67-88 an application pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act, for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and operation of certain facilities for the transportation of natural gas in interstate commerce, and the exchange of natural gas, all as more fully set forth in the applica-

tion which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Specifically, Applicant proposes to construct and operate 16 miles of 12-inch lateral supply pipeline and appurtenances and measuring facilities to enable it to transport to Applicant's main transmission pipeline system natural gas purchased in the South Manchester Field, Calcasieu Parish, La., from Pan American Petroleum Corp. (Pan Am) and Coastal States Gas Producing Co. (Coastal States) and natural gas received from Coastal States in exchange for gas to be delivered by Applicant to Coastal States in Texas.

Applicant states that it has entered into gas purchase contracts with Pan Am and Coastal States for the purchase of daily contract quantities of 9,000 Mcf and 17,500 Mcf of natural gas, respectively, to be delivered to Applicant at a single point in the South Manchester Field; and that it has entered into a gas exchange agreement with Coastal States for delivery to Applicant at the same point of natural gas in exchange for equivalent quantities to be delivered by Applicant to Coastal States in Jackson or Matagorda Counties, Tex. Applicant further states that the estimated gas reserves in the South Manchester Field, which are committed to Applicant under its gas purchase contract with Pan Am and Coastal States total one hundred and sixty-four billion two hundred and sixty million cubic feet, exclusive of approximately forty-one thousand and forty billion feet which Applicant ex-

pects to receive under its exchange agreement.

The total estimated cost of Applicant's proposed facilities is \$880,000, which cost will be financed from cash on hand.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (157.10) on or before November 7, 1966.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on this application if no protest or petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a protest or petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11191; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

[Project No. 2145]

**PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1,
CHELAN COUNTY, WASH.**

**Notice of Application for Further
Amendment of License To Install
Ultimate Kilowatt Capacity**

OCTOBER 7, 1966.

Public notice is hereby given that application for further amendment of license has been filed under the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 791a-825r) by Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County, Wash., for Project No. 2145,

known as the Rocky Reach Project, located on the Columbia River in the region north of the city of Wenatchee and near Chelan, Azwell, and Entiat in Chelan County and Orondo in Douglas County, Wash.

The application seeks authorization to extend the project powerhouse to install four additional generating units in the future-unit bays, structural provisions for which were made in the original project, thereby completing the ultimate scheme of the project as contemplated in the license. The project capacity would be increased from 711,550 kw to 1,140,950 kw. No changes or additions

are proposed for the existing dam and reservoir.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C. 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure of the Commission (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10). The last day upon which protests or petitions may be filed is November 28, 1966. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-11192; Filed, Oct. 13, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

CUMULATIVE LIST OF PARTS AFFECTED—OCTOBER

The following numerical guide is a list of the parts of each title of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published to date during October.

<p>3 CFR</p> <p>PROCLAMATIONS:</p> <p>3749-----12935</p> <p>3750-----12995</p> <p>3751-----13197</p> <p>EXECUTIVE ORDERS:</p> <p>Sept. 24, 1847 (revoked by PLO 4100)-----12950</p> <p>April 17, 1926 (revoked in part by PLO 4098)-----12950</p> <p>11122 (superseded by EO 11307)-----12917</p> <p>11215 (amended by EO 11309)-----13075</p> <p>11307-----12917</p> <p>11308-----12919</p> <p>11309-----13075</p> <p>11310-----13199</p> <p>5 CFR</p> <p>213-----12833, 12937, 13113</p> <p>1700-----13113</p> <p>7 CFR</p> <p>81-----13203</p> <p>110-----13203</p> <p>112-----13203</p> <p>113-----13203</p> <p>210-----13035</p> <p>319-----12834</p> <p>354-----13203</p> <p>701-----13035</p> <p>719-----13204</p> <p>722-----13035,</p> <p>13036, 13132, 13168, 13205, 13303</p> <p>728-----13036</p> <p>729-----12921, 12940</p> <p>811-----13133, 13313</p> <p>874-----12940</p> <p>905-----12835</p> <p>908-----12836, 13077</p> <p>909-----13134</p> <p>910-----12837, 13077</p> <p>915-----13135</p> <p>932-----13171</p> <p>947-----13171</p> <p>958-----12940</p> <p>993-----13037</p>	<p>7 CFR—Continued</p> <p>1038-----13037</p> <p>1421-----13078</p> <p>1443-----12837</p> <p>1446-----13207</p> <p>1490-----12997</p> <p>PROPOSED RULES:</p> <p>725-----13242</p> <p>730-----12952</p> <p>909-----13174</p> <p>929-----13136</p> <p>948-----12953</p> <p>982-----12954, 13346</p> <p>984-----13005</p> <p>989-----13244</p> <p>993-----13136</p> <p>994-----13090</p> <p>1005-----12845, 13090</p> <p>1006-----13272</p> <p>1038-----12954</p> <p>1041-----13136</p> <p>1069-----13091</p> <p>1126-----13005</p> <p>Ch. XI-----12956</p> <p>8 CFR</p> <p>212-----13114</p> <p>9 CFR</p> <p>97-----13114</p> <p>12 CFR</p> <p>329-----12837</p> <p>526-----13039</p> <p>545-----12838, 12839, 13000</p> <p>563-----13167</p> <p>PROPOSED RULES:</p> <p>222-----12965</p> <p>13 CFR</p> <p>121-----12840</p> <p>PROPOSED RULES:</p> <p>121-----12849, 12924, 13353</p>	<p>14 CFR</p> <p>37-----12941</p> <p>39-----12921, 13167</p> <p>47-----13313</p> <p>71-----12840, 12921, 12943, 13038, 13039, 13115, 13207, 13314, 13315.</p> <p>73-----12922, 12944, 13115</p> <p>95-----12944</p> <p>97-----13116, 13316</p> <p>121-----13078</p> <p>208-----12947</p> <p>295-----12948</p> <p>378-----12948</p> <p>PROPOSED RULES:</p> <p>39-----12924</p> <p>71-----12925</p> <p>73-----12925</p> <p>75-----13176</p> <p>91-----13352</p> <p>15 CFR</p> <p>230-----13167</p> <p>372-----13040</p> <p>373-----13040</p> <p>374-----13040</p> <p>379-----13040</p> <p>382-----13040</p> <p>385-----13040</p> <p>398-----13040</p> <p>399-----13040</p> <p>16 CFR</p> <p>13-----12937,</p> <p>12938, 13078-13080, 13208, 13209, 13337.</p> <p>15-----13210</p> <p>PROPOSED RULES:</p> <p>303-----13353</p> <p>18 CFR</p> <p>204-----12840</p> <p>19 CFR</p> <p>1-----12938, 13080</p> <p>PROPOSED RULES:</p> <p>12-----12964</p>
----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

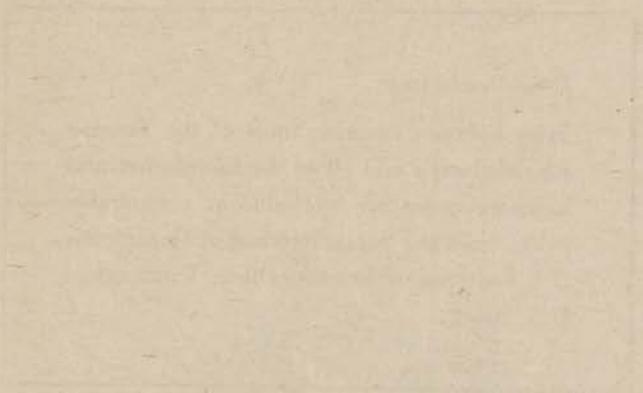
	Page		Page		Page
20 CFR		32 CFR		43 CFR	
404	13126	1	13326	PUBLIC LAND ORDERS:	
		2	13329	1195 (revoked in part by PLO	
21 CFR		3	13329	4099)	12950
8	12840	4	13330	PUBLIC LAND ORDERS—Continued	
17	12949	7	13331	3152 (revoked in part by PLO	
27	12949	8	13332	4104)	12951
51	12950	11	13332	3584 (revoked in part by PLO	
53	12840	13	13336	4104)	12951
120	13210	15	13336	4097	12950
121	12841, 13128	18	13337	4098	12950
146	12841	855	13081	4099	12950
PROPOSED RULES:		1001	13217	4100	12950
19	13005	1002	13217	4101	12951
121	12849	1003	13217	4102	12951
130	13347	1004	13217	4103	12951
191	13006	1007	13218	4104	12951
22 CFR		1010	13219		
41	13080	1013	13219	45 CFR	
42	13080	1017	13220	6	12842
23 CFR		1018	13220	7	12842
Ch. II	13128	1030	13220	8	12842
24 CFR		1053	13220	170	13220
5	13081	1054	13220		
203	13000	32A CFR		46 CFR	
220	13000	PROPOSED RULES:		PROPOSED RULES:	
221	13000	Ch. X	12924, 13050	2	12860
232	13000	33 CFR		24	12860
234	13000	202	13129	30	12860
1000	13000	204	13129	70	12860
25 CFR		36 CFR		90	12860
PROPOSED RULES:		311	13313	110	12860
221	13242	326	13172	175	12860
26 CFR		37 CFR		188	12860
PROPOSED RULES:		1	12922	189	12860
1	12843, 12845, 13091, 13242	38 CFR		190	12860
28 CFR		3	13088, 13172	191	12860
PROPOSED RULES:		36	13003	192	12860
5	13343	39 CFR		193	12860
29 CFR		822	13172	194	12860
462	13001	41 CFR		195	12860
512	13211	5-12	13337	196	12860
PROPOSED RULES:		9-1	13046	47 CFR	
40	13174	9-2	13046	1	13228
1207	13176	9-3	13046	2	13230
31 CFR		22-1	13001	73	13234, 13237
520	13001	42 CFR		91	13230
		22	12939	99	13230
				PROPOSED RULES:	
				31	13244
				33	13244
				73	12965, 13245, 13246
				50 CFR	
				32	12923,
				12939, 13003, 13004, 13048, 13049,	
				13088, 13130, 13240, 13241, 13342	
				33	12939

THE UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH PACIFIC



Richard A. Johnson
1963

Department of Biology
University of the South Pacific
Suva, Fiji



Department of Biology
University of the South Pacific
Suva, Fiji

Department of Biology
University of the South Pacific
Suva, Fiji

Department of Biology
University of the South Pacific
Suva, Fiji

PUBLIC PAPERS OF THE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES

Now available

Lyndon B. Johnson
1963-64

Book I (November 22, 1963 to June 30, 1964)
Price \$6.75

Book II (July 1, 1964 to December 31, 1964)
Price \$7.00

Contents

- Messages to the Congress
- Public speeches and letters
- The President's news conferences
- Radio and television reports to the American people
- Remarks to informal groups

Published by

Office of the Federal Register
National Archives and Records Service
General Services Administration

Order from

Superintendent of Documents
U.S. Government Printing Office
Washington, D.C. 20402



Prior volumes

Prior volumes covering most of the Truman administration and all of the Eisenhower and Kennedy years are available at comparable prices from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.