FEDERAL REGISTER

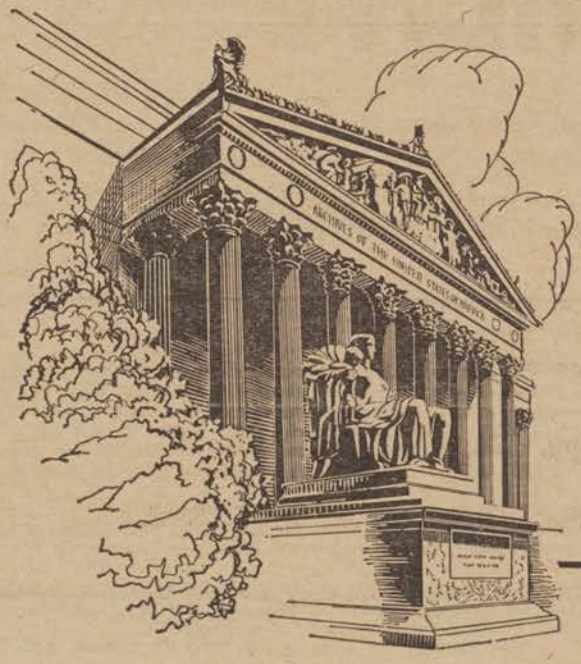
VOLUME 31 • NUMBER 89

Saturday, May 7, 1966 • Washington, D.C.

Pages 6813–6849

Agencies in this issue—

Detailed list of Contents appears inside.



Just Released

LIST OF CFR SECTIONS AFFECTED

January–March 1966

(Codification Guide)

The List of CFR Sections Affected is published monthly on a cumulative basis. It lists by number the titles, parts, and sections of the Code of Federal Regulations amended or otherwise affected by documents published in the FEDERAL REGISTER during 1966. Entries indicate the exact nature of all changes effected. This cumulative list of CFR sections affected is supplemented by the current lists of CFR parts affected which are carried in each daily FEDERAL REGISTER.

Individually priced: 15 cents a copy

Compiled by Office of the Federal Register,
National Archives and Records Service,
General Services Administration

**Order from Superintendent of Documents,
United States Government Printing Office,
Washington, D.C. 20402**

Note to subscribers: The January–March 1966 List of CFR Sections Affected was mailed free of charge to FR subscribers on April 29, 1966.

FEDERAL REGISTER
Area Code 202 Phone 963–3261

Published daily, Tuesday through Saturday (no publication on Sundays, Mondays, or on the day after an official Federal holiday), by the Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration (mail address National Archives Building, Washington, D.C. 20408), pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. 500, as amended; 44 U.S.C., ch. 8B), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register, approved by the President (1 CFR Ch. I). Distribution is made only by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

The FEDERAL REGISTER will be furnished by mail to subscribers, free of postage, for $1.50 per month or $15.00 per year, payable in advance. The charge for individual copies varies in proportion to the size of the issue (15 cents for the first 80 pages and 5 cents for each additional group of 40 pages, as actually bound). Remit check or money order, made payable to the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

The regulatory material appearing herein is keyed to the CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, which is published, under 50 titles, pursuant to section 11 of the Federal Register Act, as amended. The CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS is sold by the Superintendent of Documents. Prices of books and pocket supplements are listed in the first FEDERAL REGISTER issue of each month.

Contents

(Continued on next page)

List of CFR Parts Affected

(Codification Guide)

The following numerical guide is a list of the parts of each title of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in today's issue. A cumulative list of parts affected, covering the current month to date appears at the end of each issue beginning with the second issue of the month.

A cumulative guide is published separately at the end of each month. The guide lists the parts and sections affected by documents published since January 1, 1966, and specifies how they are affected.

3 CFR

PROCLAMATION:
3721 6817

7 CFR

724 6819
813 6819
908 6825
909 6825
910 6826

12 CFR

1 6826

14 CFR

71 (4 documents) 6826, 6827
97 6828
PROPOSED RULES:
71 (3 documents) 6837, 6838

15 CFR

399 6829

21 CFR

121 (2 documents) 6830
146c 6830

31 CFR

316 6831
332 6831

32 CFR

300 6831

35 CFR

255 6831

41 CFR

101–45 6831

43 CFR

PROPOSED RULES:
3130 6834
3160 6836

46 CFR

PROPOSED RULES:
512 6838
513 6838

47 CFR

0 6831
1 6831
PROPOSED RULES:
73 6838

49 CFR

95 6832

50 CFR

33 6832
60 6833

Presidential Documents

Title 3—THE PRESIDENT

Proclamation 3721

DAY OF RECOGNITION FOR FIREFIGHTERS

By the President of the United States of America

A Proclamation

The firefighter has been a part of the American scene since earliest Colonial days.

From the bucket brigades of Colonial America we have progressed to the modern fire departments and modern firefighting equipment of today.

But fire hazards have more than kept pace with our advanced technology and social progress. The American fireman today must meet the challenge of fires caused by numerous new chemicals, explosives, combustible fibers, and other dangerous materials. He must be prepared to fight fires in crowded cities and giant buildings, as well as in remote rural communities. Those duties are often performed at great personal risk and sacrifice.

Furthermore, the services of firemen are among the first to be sought in other emergency situations. Whether to rescue a stranded child, or to give aid and comfort to victims of a flood, hurricane, or other disaster, the American fireman stands ready to serve his community night and day.

To afford the people of this Nation a special opportunity to express their heartfelt gratitude for the incalculable contributions which our firemen so generously bestow upon us, the Congress by a joint resolution approved May 4, 1966, has requested the President to issue a proclamation designating May 4, 1966, as a Day of Recognition of the personal sacrifices and devotion to duty of firefighters in the United States of America.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, LYNDON B. JOHNSON, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Wednesday, May 4, 1966, as a Day of Recognition for Firefighters.

I invite State and local governments, patriotic, civic, and educational organizations, and the people of the United States generally, to observe that day with appropriate ceremonies in honor of our firemen—both career and volunteer—who, by faithful and dedicated service to their communities, are safeguarding the lives and property of their fellow Americans.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this fourth day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and sixty-six, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and ninetieth.

LYNDON B. JOHNSON

By the President:

DEAN RUSK,
Secretary of State.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5090; Filed, May 6, 1966; 10:38 a.m.]

Rules and Regulations

Title 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter VII—Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service (Agricultural Adjustment), Department of Agriculture

SUBCHAPTER B—FARM MARKETING QUOTAS AND ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS

PART 724—BURLEY, FLUE-CURED, FIRE-CURED, DARK AIR-CURED, VIRGINIA SUN-CURED, CIGAR-BINDER (TYPES 51 AND 52), CIGAR-FILLER AND BINDER (TYPES 42, 43, 44, 53, 54, AND 55), AND MARYLAND TOBACCO

Proclamation of Results of Special Marketing Quota Referendum for Burley Tobacco on an Acreage-Poundage Basis

Basis and purpose. The purpose of this document is to add § 724.35y proclaiming the results of the special acreage-poundage quota referendum for burley tobacco held on March 10, 1966, pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of section 317 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (hereinafter referred to as the "Act"). The special referendum was conducted pursuant to the regulations for the holding of referenda on marketing quotas (7 CFR, Part 717). Since a wide variation in the vote by the counties was noted, a spot review of 20 representative counties was made after the referendum. It was found that in some areas there was organized opposition to the acreage-poundage program and such opposition was expressed through the medium of the press, TV, and radio and at public meetings. On the other hand, the farmers were furnished an explanation of the program by the Department, and educational meetings open to all interested persons were held to explain the program. No evidence was found that the voters did not vote their own convictions or that they were intimidated or coerced in any way. Some errors in tabulations were discovered which have been corrected and some minor irregularities may have occurred. However, in accordance with the regulations to insure a secret ballot, the ballots involved in these minor irregularities cannot be identified. In addition, 1,254 ballots were challenged and not counted because they were found to have been cast by ineligible voters by the appropriate county committees. I find that the referendum was fairly conducted and that the referendum met the statutory requirement upon which to base the determination required by section 317(c) of the Act. In the referendum 285,211 votes were cast and counted. Of these, 162,584 or 57 per centum, favored acreage-poundage quotas, and 122,627 or 43 per centum disapproved acreage-poundage quotas. Therefore, it is my determination that the farmers did not approve acreage-poundage quotas by more than 66⅔ per centum of the farmers voting in the special referendum on acreage-poundage quotas for burley tobacco for the 3 marketing years beginning October 1, 1966, October 1, 1967, and October 1, 1968.

Since the only purpose of this document is to announce the results of the special referendum, it is hereby found and determined that compliance with the notice, public procedure and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 1003) is unnecessary and this determination shall become effective upon filing with the Director, Office of the Federal Register.

§ 724.35y Proclamation of results of special referendum on burley tobacco marketing quotas on an acreage-poundage basis for 3 marketing years beginning October 1, 1966, October 1, 1967, and October 1, 1968.

With respect to the special referendum of farmers engaged in the production of burley tobacco of the 1965 crop held on March 10, 1966, to determine whether they favored or opposed the establishment of marketing quotas for burley tobacco on an acreage-poundage basis for the marketing years beginning October 1, 1966, October 1, 1967, and October 1, 1968, 285,211 votes were cast and counted; 162,584 or 57 per centum approved acreage-poundage quotas, and 122,627 or 43 per centum disapproved such quotas. It is hereby determined that the farmers did not approve such quotas by more than 66⅔ per centum of the farmers voting in the special referendum, and under the applicable provisions of law, the national marketing quota of 625.0 million pounds proclaimed for burley tobacco on January 27, 1966 (31 F.R. 1233–1236), for the 1966–67 marketing year on an acreage-poundage basis will not be in effect for such year, and acreage-poundage quotas for the 2 succeeding marketing years beginning October 1, 1967, and October 1, 1968, respectively, will not be in effect unless a special referendum is held on acreage-poundage quotas for burley tobacco for the 1967–68, 1968–69, and 1969–70 marketings years and it is determined that more than 66⅔ per centum of the farmers voting therein approve acreage-poundage quotas for such marketing years. The quota of 500.2 million pounds announced for burley tobacco on January 27, 1966 (31 F.R. 1233–1236), for the 1966–67 marketing year will continue in effect on an acreage basis, and a quota on an acreage basis for the 1967–68 marketing year will be in effect unless a special referendum is held on acreage-poundage quotas for the 1967–68, 1968–69, and 1969–70 marketing years and it is determined that more than 66⅔ per centum of the growers voting therein approve acreage-poundage quotas for such marketing years.

(Secs. 317, 375, 79 Stat. 66, 52 Stat. 38, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 1314c, 1375)

Effective date. Upon filing this document with the Director, Office of the Federal Register.

Signed at Washington, D.C., on May 3, 1966.

ORVILLE L. FREEMAN,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5036; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

Chapter VIII—Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service (Sugar), Department of Agriculture

SUBCHAPTER B—SUGAR REQUIREMENTS AND QUOTAS

[Sugar Reg. 813.5, Amdt. 1]

PART 813—ALLOTMENT OF SUGAR QUOTAS, DOMESTIC BEET SUGAR AREA

1966

Basis and purpose. This allotment order is issued under section 205(a) of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended (61 Stat. 926 as amended), hereinafter called the Act, for the purpose of allotting the 1966 sugar quota for the Domestic Beet Sugar Area among persons who process sugar from sugarbeets and market such sugar for consumption in the continental United States.

Section 205(a) of the Act requires the Secretary to allot a quota whenever he finds that the allotment is necessary, among other things (1) to prevent disorderly marketing of sugar or liquid sugar and (2) to afford all interested persons an equitable opportunity to market sugar or liquid sugar. Section 205 (a) also requires that such allotment be made after such hearing and upon such notice as the Secretary may prescribe.

Pursuant to the applicable rules of practice and procedure a preliminary finding was made that allotment of the quota is necessary and a notice was published on February 17, 1966 (31 F.R. 2835), of a public hearing to be held in Washington, D.C., Room 5219, South Building, U.S. Department of Agriculture, on March 1, 1966, beginning at 10 a.m., e.s.t., for the purpose of receiving evidence to enable the Secretary (1) to affirm or revoke the preliminary finding of necessity for allotments, (2) to establish a fair, efficient, and equitable allotment of the 1966 quota for the Domestic Beet Sugar Area, (3) to revise or amend the allotment of the quota for the purposes of (a) allotting any increase or decrease

in the quota, (b) prorating any deficit in the allotment for any allottee when written notification of release by an allottee of any part of an allotment becomes a part of the official records of the Department, and (c) substituting revised estimates or final actual data for estimates of such data when such data become a part of the official records of the Department, and (4) to provide how certain marketings shall apply to allotments.

The hearing was held at the time and place specified in the notice and testimony was given with respect to all of the issues referred to in the hearing notice.

In arriving at the findings, conclusions and regulatory provisions of this order, all proposed findings and conclusions were carefully and fully considered in conjunction with the record evidence pertaining thereto. To the extent that findings and conclusions proposed by the interested persons are inconsistent with the findings and conclusions, the specific or implied request to make such findings and reach such conclusions are denied on the basis of the facts found and stated and the conclusions reached as set forth herein.

Omission of a recommended decision and effective date. The record of the hearing shows that the prospective supply of sugar available for marketing will be substantially in excess of the quota of 3,025,000 tons and that 1966 marketings of beet sugar, unless restricted, would substantially exceed the 1966 quota for the Domestic Beet Sugar Area. The proceeding to which this order relates was instituted for the purpose of allotting the quota for the Domestic Beet Sugar Area to prevent disorderly marketing and to afford each interested person an equitable opportunity to market sugar within the quota for the area. In view of the need for allotments, it is imperative that processors know as soon as possible the approximate quantity of sugar each may market within the quota during the balance of the year in order to plan marketings and prevent disorderly marketing that could occur if the effective date of the allotment order is unduly delayed. Accordingly, in order to fully effectuate the purposes of section 205(a) of the Act it is hereby found that due and timely execution of the functions imposed upon the Secretary under the Act imperatively and unavoidably requires the omission of a recommended decision in this proceeding. It is also hereby further found and determined for the reasons given above for the omission of a recommended decision that compliance with the 30-day effective date requirement of the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237) is impractical and contrary to the public interest; consequently, this order shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Basis for findings and conclusions. Section 205(a) of the Act reads in pertinent part as follows:

> * * * Allotments shall be made in such manner and in such amounts as to provide a fair, efficient, and equitable distribution of such quota or proration thereof, by taking into consideration the processings of sugar or liquid sugar from sugarbeets or sugarcane, limited in any year when proportionate shares were in effect to processings to which proportionate shares, determined pursuant to the provisions of subsection (b) of section 302, pertained; the past marketings or importations of each such person; and the ability of such person to market or import that portion of such quota or proration thereof allotted to him. The Secretary is also authorized in making such allotments, whenever there is involved any allotment that pertains to a new sugarbeet processing plant or factory serving a locality having a substantial sugarbeet acreage for the first time or that pertains to an existing sugarbeet processing plant or factory with substantially expanded facilities added to serve farms having a substantial sugarbeet acreage for the first time, to take into consideration in lieu of or in addition to the foregoing factors of processing, past marketings, and ability to market, the need of establishing an allotment which will permit such marketing of sugar as is necessary for reasonably efficient operation of any such new processing plant or factory or expanded facilities during each of the first 2 years of its operation. The Secretary is also authorized in making such allotments of a quota for any calendar year to take into consideration in lieu of or in addition to the foregoing factors of processing, past marketings, and ability to market, the need for establishing an allotment which will permit such marketing of sugar as is necessary for the reasonably efficient operation of any nonaffiliated single plant processor of sugarbeets or any processor of sugarcane and as may be necessary to avoid unreasonable carryover of sugar in relation to other processors in the area: *Provided*, That the marketing allotment of any such processor of sugarbeets shall not be increased under this provision above an allotment of 25,000 short tons, raw value, * * *: *Provided further*, That the total increases in marketing allotments made pursuant to this sentence to processors in the domestic beet sugar area shall be limited to 25,000 short tons of sugar, raw value, for each calendar year * * *. In making such allotments, the Secretary may also take into consideration and make due allowance for the adverse effect of drought, storm, flood, freeze, disease, insects, or other similar abnormal and uncontrollable conditions seriously and broadly affecting any general area served by the factory or factories of such person. * * *

The record of the hearing indicates that the prospective supply of domestic beet sugar available for marketing in 1966 exceeds the quota for that area to an extent that allotment of the quota is necessary to prevent disorderly marketing and to provide all processors of beet sugar equitable marketing opportunities within the limitations of the quota (R. 8).

The allotment method set forth in this order follows the proposal made by the government witness and is essentially the same as the allotment method recommended by the Beet Sugar Industry Task Force in their letter of February 21, 1966, to the Director of the Sugar Policy Staff, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, U.S.D.A., which was accepted in evidence at the hearing as Exhibit 7 (R. 14). Such method of allotting the quota provides for consideration of all of the factors cited in section 205(a) of the Act.

The substantive features of the allotment method are the calculation of "base allotments" by weighing the "processings" factor by 75 percent and the "past marketings" factor by 25 percent and the adjustment of base allotments when appropriate for inventory imbalances. Except as otherwise provided for, "processings" are measured by using 1965 crop processings and "past marketings" are measured by using average annual quota marketings for the years 1961 through 1965 (R. 16).

Provision is made for an alternative measure of 1965 crop processings and January 1, 1966 "effective inventories", to give consideration for adverse crop conditions (R. 17 and Ex. 8). Applying the basic allotment method by using modified measures of processings, marketings, and inventories for those processors granted allocations from the national sugarbeet acreage reserve for new and expanded processing facilities as shown in Finding (3) gives consideration in establishing allotments to permit reasonably efficient operation of new and expanded processing facilities (R. 20, 21). The allotment otherwise established for one allottee is increased to give consideration to establishing allotments as necessary for the reasonably efficient operation of nonaffiliated single plant processors. (R. 23, 24).

Production of sugar from 1965-crop sugarbeets is the most up-to-date measure of the processings factor available to represent the operations for a year for each processor. A weighting of 75 percent to the processings factor in determining base allotments appears consistent with the importance of this factor considering that sugar produced from the 1965 crop will represent over 75 percent of the sugar to be marketed within the 1966 quota (R. 19 and Ex. 5). Processing of the 1965 crop continues well into the 1966 calendar year. However, processings from the 1965 crop after August 31, 1966, will be relatively insignificant. In order to permit adequate time for processors to plan for orderly marketing within their respective allotment during the last quarter of the year, it is necessary to establish August 31, 1966, as the final termination date through which 1965-crop processings may be used in determining 1966 allotments (R. 17).

The factor "past marketings" when measured by the 1961–65 average annual marketings within allotments and weighted 25 percent in determining base allotments and when considered in conjunction with other provisions of the allotment method herein adopted, which are applicable to 1966, contributes to an orderly rate of change in marketings of each processor relative to the marketings of others (R. 19). The base period is long enough to incorporate a variety of experiences representative of the sharing of marketings during the immediate past.

The ability to market factor is reflected in the above measures of the other two factors (R. 19). When appropriate, additional consideration is given this factor by providing for adjusting base allotments for January 1, 1966, inventory imbalances as set forth in detail in Finding (3).

The basic allotment method adopted herein is similar to the allotment method set forth in the 1965 order in the

manner in which the alternative measure of processings is determined and also in the manner in which the alternative effective inventory is determined for use in adjusting base allotments. The steps in determining such alternative measures are set forth in Finding (3).

In giving consideration to the new provision added to section 205(a) of the Act for establishing allotments as is necessary for the reasonably efficient operation of nonaffiliated single plant processors, the allotment otherwise established for The National Sugar Manufacturing Co. is increased to 12,038 short tons, raw value, and such increase is deducted pro rata from the allotments of all other processors except Buckeye Sugars, Inc. The Beet Allotment Task Force recommendation that the increased allotment of The National Sugar Manufacturing Co. be reduced to the extent their estimated 1966 crop production is less than 9,898 short tons, raw value, has not been adopted. Estimated 1966 crop production will not be available until late in the year, thus, any allotment reduction that is necessary can be handled more efficiently as an allotment deficit (R. 16).

The witness for Empire State Sugar Co., Inc., with concurrence of the representative of Maine Sugar Industries, Inc., stated that the proposed allotments for these two processors did not adhere to the intent of the 1962 and 1965 amendments to the Sugar Act pertaining to new processors, although he did not believe that the proposed method was inadequate (R. 33–49). The adopted allotment method would permit these two processors to market all of the sugar processed from the 1965 crop and to market in 1966 a greater percentage of their 1966 crop than other processors as a group (R. 23).

The record of the hearing contains only a single proposal or recommendation on each of the matters with respect to which a finding or conclusion is made in this order, and each such proposal or recommendation was concurred in by all interested persons, with two exceptions noted above, and no alternative proposal was made at the hearing.

Findings and conclusions. On the basis of the record of the hearing, I hereby find and conclude that:

(1) For the calendar year 1966 Domestic Beet Sugar processors will have available for marketing from 1965-crop sugarbeets about 2,575,000 short tons, raw value, of sugar. This quantity of sugar, together with production of sugar from 1966-crop beets, will result in a supply of sugar available for marketing in 1966 sufficiently in excess of the anticipated 1966 quota for the Domestic Beet Sugar Area to cause disorderly marketing and prevent some interested person from having equitable opportunities to market sugar.

(2) The allotment of the 1966 Domestic Beet Sugar Area quota for consumption within the continental United States is necessary to prevent disorderly marketing and to afford all interested persons equitable opportunities to market sugar processed from sugarbeets in that area.

(3) For purposes of determining allotments of the 1966 quota for the Domestic Beet Sugar Area and giving consideration to the factors specified in section 205(a) of the Act, tentative allotments of the 1966 quota shall first be determined by applying the basic allotment method set forth in Part I below giving separate consideration to modifications set forth in (a) of Part II and to modifications set forth in (b) of Part II as follows:

PART I. BASIC ALLOTMENT METHOD

(a) Base allotments shall first be determined by giving consideration to the processing and past marketing factors as follows:

(i) The factor processings from proportionate shares shall be measured by each processor's actual processings of sugar from 1965-crop sugar beets through August 31, 1966, or the alternative measure of processings provided for herein, expressed as a percentage of the total of such actual or alternative processings for all processors, and weighted by 75 percent: To give consideration to the provision in section 205(a) of the Act for making allowance for abnormal and uncontrollable conditions, the alternative measure of processings derived as follows shall be used for any processor when the quantity so derived exceeds such processor's actual 1965-crop-year processings: (Processor's average crop-year processings for 1963 and 1964 crops) times (Industry total 1965-crop-year processings divided by Industry average crop year processings for 1963 and 1964 crops) times 85 percent, except that such alternative measure shall not exceed 125 percent of such processor's actual 1965-crop processings.

(ii) The factor past marketings shall be measured by each processor's average annual quota marketings for the years 1961 through 1965, expressed as a percentage of the total of the measure for all processors, and weighted by 25 percent.

(iii) The total of the percentage resulting from (i) and (ii), above, for each processor shall be multiplied by the Domestic Beet Sugar Area quota in short tons, raw value, to determine his base allotment in short tons, raw value.

(b) The factor "ability to market" shall be given consideration, in addition to that which is inherent in the consideration given to the other factors, by adjusting the base allotments, as determined in (a)(iii), above, for January 1, 1966, inventory imbalances to the extent as determined below: *Provided, however,* That in such determination the January 1, 1966, effective inventory to be used for individual processors shall include: (1) The January 1, 1966, physical inventory of sugar, (2) the sugar processed in 1966 prior to August 31, 1966, from 1965-crop beets and (3) for any processor which the alternative measure of processings is used in (a)(i) above, the quantity by which such alternative measure of processings exceeds his actual 1965-crop year processings:

(i) Compute the "plus" or "minus" January 1, 1966, inventory imbalance for each processor, by algebraically subtracting from his January 1, 1966, effective inventory his January 1, 1961–65, average effective inventory adjusted proportionately so that the total of such adjusted average inventories of all processors is equal to the total January 1, 1966, effective inventories of all processors.

(ii) The "plus" adjustment applicable to the base allotment for each processor having a "plus" inventory imbalance, as determined in (b)(i), shall be the quantity that such imbalance exceeds 10 percent of his adjusted January 1, 1961–65, average effective inventory and such excess multiplied by 25 percent. Such adjustment for any processor shall not exceed 10 percent of his base allotment.

(iii) The "minus" adjustments applicable to the base allotments for processors having "minus" inventory imbalances shall be computed by prorating the total of the "plus" adjustments, as determined in (ii), among such processors on the basis of their "minus" inventory imbalances. Such adjustment for any processor shall not exceed 10 percent of his base allotment, and, if, as a result of this limitation, the sum of the "minus" adjustments is less than the sum of the "plus" adjustments, as determined in (ii) such "plus" adjustments shall be reduced proportionately to a total equal to the total "minus" adjustments.

(iv) The adjustments determined pursuant to (ii) and (iii), representing hundredweight of refined sugar shall be multiplied by the factor 0.0535 to express such adjustments in short tons, raw value.

(c) Allotments for individual processors, in short tons, raw value, shall be the base allotment quantity as determined in (a)(iii) adjusted upward or downward, respectively, on the basis of "plus" or "minus" adjustments as determined in (b)(iv). Such quantities when divided by 0.0535 express allotments in the equivalent hundredweight of refined sugar.

PART II. MODIFICATIONS TO THE BASIC ALLOTMENT METHOD

For the purpose of giving consideration to the provisions of section 205(a) of the Act, relating to establishing allotments to permit reasonably efficient operations of new and expanded processing facilities, the modifications set forth as (a) and (b) of this part and demonstrated in Tables 1 and 2 respectively shall be considered separately in applying the basic allotment method set forth in Part I. Allottees granted allocations from the National Acreage Reserve pursuant to section 302(b)(3) of the Act, the reserve acreage allotted and planted and the quantity of sugar applicable to such acreages are set forth in the following table by years:

Processor	Crop year	Reserve acreage		Quantity of sugar related to reserve acreage		
				Allotted	Planted [1]	
		Allotted	Planted [1]	Short tons, raw value	Short tons, raw value	Cwt. refined equivalent
Reserve allocated and processing started in 1964:						
Buckeye Sugars, Inc.	1964	2,415	1,867	4,430	3,425	64,019
	1965	2,415	2,415	4,430	4,430	82,804
	1966	2,415	2,415	4,430	4,430	82,804
Holly Sugar Corp.	1964	24,730	20,002	50,000	40,441	755,907
	1965	24,730	24,730	50,000	50,000	934,580
	1966	24,730	24,730	50,000	50,000	934,480
Michigan Sugar Co.	1964	4,030	3,079	6,850	5,234	97,832
	1965	4,030	3,055	6,850	5,193	97,065
	1966	4,030	4,030	6,850	6,850	128,037
Utah-Idaho Sugar Co.	1964	8,140	4,060	18,020	8,988	168,000
	1965	8,140	7,383	18,020	16,344	305,495
	1966	8,140	8,140	18,020	18,020	336,822
Reserve allocated and processing started in 1965:						
American Crystal Sugar Co.	1965	31,000	31,000	50,000	50,000	934,580
	1966	31,000	31,000	50,000	50,000	934,580
Empire State Sugar Co.	1965	29,500	20,372	50,000	8,025	150,000
	1966	29,500	29,500	50,000	50,000	934,580
Reserve allocated and processing to start in 1966:						
Maine Sugar Industries, Inc.	1966	33,000	33,000	50,000	50,000	934,580

[1] 1965 data subject to revision; only reserve allotted acreage applicable for 1966.

(a) *Modifications to give credit for production, marketing and inventory history.* (i) For each processor whose reserve allocation began with the 1964 crop: Average marketings 1961–65, shall be the actual average of such marketings, plus 56.25 percent of the sugar applicable to the reserve acreage allocation; from the January 1, 1966, effective inventory shall be deducted 75 percent of the sugar applicable to the 1965 crop reserve acreage planted; and from the January 1, 1961–65, average effective inventory shall be deducted 15 percent of the sugar applicable to the 1964 crop reserve acreage planted.

(ii) For those processors whose reserve allocations began with the 1965 crop: Average marketings 1961–65, for the American Crystal Sugar Co. shall be the actual average of such marketings plus 95 percent of the sugar applicable to their reserve acreage allocation, average marketings 1961–65, for the Empire State Sugar Co. shall be the sugar applicable to their reserve acreage allocation; from the January 1, 1966, effective inventory of American Crystal Sugar Co. shall be deducted 75 percent of the quantity of sugar applicable to the 1965 crop reserve acreage planted, and the January 1, 1966, effective inventory of Empire State Sugar Co. shall be reduced by the sugar applicable to the 1965 crop reserve acreage planted.

(iii) For the processor whose reserve allocation will begin with the 1966 crop and processing from such allocation will start in 1966: Processing from the 1965 crop and 1961–65 average marketings shall be imputed to be 25 percent of the sugar applicable to the reserve acreage allocation.

(b) *Modifications applicable to reserving a special allotment for processors having allocations for new and expanded facilities.* (i) For those processors whose reserve allocations began with the 1964 crop: Processings from the 1965 crop shall be such processings less 75 percent of the sugar applicable to the 1965 reserve acreage planted; average marketings 1961–65, shall be the actual average of such marketings less a quantity equivalent to 15 percent of the sum of (1) the quantity of sugar applicable to 1964 crop reserve acreage planted and (2) 25 percent of the quantity of sugar applicable to 1965 crop reserve acreage planted; from the January 1, 1966 effective inventory shall be deducted 75 percent of the quantity of sugar applicable to 1965 crop reserve acreage planted; from the January 1, 1961–65 average effective inventory shall be deducted 15 percent of the sugar applicable to the 1964 crop reserve acreage planted; and a special allotment equal to 75 percent of the sugar applicable to 1965 crop reserve acreage planted shall be added to the computed base allotment.

(ii) For those processors whose reserve allocations began with the 1965 crop: Processing from the 1965 crop shall be the actual of such processings less the sugar applicable to the 1965 crop reserve acreage planted; average marketings 1961–65, for American Crystal Sugar Co., shall be the actual of such marketings less 5 percent of the sugar applicable to the 1965 crop reserve acreage planted; from the January 1, 1966 effective inventory of American Crystal Sugar Co. shall be deducted 75 percent of the sugar applicable to 1965 crop reserve acreage planted and the January 1, 1966 effective inventory of Empire State Sugar Co. shall be reduced by the sugar applicable to the 1965 crop reserve acreage planted; to the base allotment of American Crystal Sugar Co. shall be added a special allotment equal to 100 percent of the sugar applicable to their reserve acreage allocation and a special allotment shall be established for Empire State Sugar Co. equal to the sum of (1) their January 1, 1966, effective inventory and (2) 25 percent of their full reserve allocation.

(iii) For the processor whose reserve allocation will begin with the 1966 crop and processing from such allocation will begin in 1966: A special allotment shall be established equal to 25 percent of their full reserve allocation.

(4) The determination of tentative allotments in finding (3) above are set forth below with modifications pursuant to Part II(a) in Table 1 and with modifications pursuant to Part II(b) in Table 2. Such tentative allotments are based on data as provided for in the hearing record, including estimates of 1965-crop processings, 1965 marketings and January 1, 1966, inventories which shall be used pending the availability and substitution of revised estimates or final data for such estimates, and as applied to the Domestic Beet Sugar Area quota of 3,025,000 short tons, raw value. The allotments of the 1966 quota shall be determined by adjusting the simple average of the tentative allotments for individual processors as set forth in Table 1 and Table 2 of this finding by increasing the average tentative allotment of The National Sugar Manufacturing Co. to 12,038 short tons, raw value, and by deducting such increase pro rata from the average tentative allotments of all other processors except Buckeye Sugars, Inc., as demonstrated in Table 3 below:

TABLE 1

Processors	Estimated processings of sugar from 1965-crop beets		Average marketings within the quota 1961–65		Base allotments		Jan. 1, effective inventories hundredweights, refined [2]			Adjustments to base allotments [4]		Tentative allotments
	Hundred weight refined [1]	Percent of total	Hundred weight refined [3]	Percent of total	Percent of total (col. 2× 0.75+col. 4×0.25)	Short tons, raw value (col. 5× quota)	1966 estimated	1961–65 adjusted average to col. 7 total	Inventory imbalances col. 7– col. 8	Hundred weight refined	Short tons, raw value	Short tons, raw value (col 6 + or – col. 11)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Amalgamated Sugar Co., the	7,690,844	14.2097	6,891,985	12.7433	13.8431	418,754	7,083,195	6,482,174	+601,021	0	0	418,754
American Crystal Sugar Co	6,309,453	11.6575	6,948,955	12.8487	11 9553	361,648	4,624,884	5,435,224	−810,340	−80,079	−4,284	357,364
Buckeye Sugar Co	461,224	.8522	372,977	.6896	.8116	24,551	164,493	158,158	+6,335	0	0	24,551
Empire State Sugar Co	82,042	.1516	934,580	1.7280	.5457	16,507	0	0	0	0	0	16,507
Great Western Sugar Co.[5]	11,372,268	21.0116	13,122,188	24.2630	21.8244	660,188	10,837,839	12,876,122	−2,038,283	−201,426	−10,777	649,411
Holly Sugar Corp	9,164,408	16.9323	8,144,657	15.0595	16.4641	498,039	8,280,611	7,226,051	+1,054,560	+82,989	+4,440	502,479
Layton Sugar Co	356,150	.6580	285,390	.5277	.6254	18,918	345,427	283,921	+61,506	+8,278	+443	19,361
Maine Sugar Industries, Inc	233,645	.4317	233,645	.4320	.4318	13,062	0	0	0	0	0	13,062
Michigan Sugar Co	1,459,383	2.6964	1,715,231	3.1715	2.8152	85,169	1,243,404	1,525,293	−281,889	−27,856	−1,490	83,670
Monitor Sugar Co	801,836	1.4815	828,172	1.5313	1.4939	45,191	754,486	796,541	−43,055	−4,255	−228	44,963
National Sugar Manufacturing Co	151,990	.2808	205,151	.3793	.3054	9,238	39,003	139,193	−100,110	−9,893	−529	8,709
Spreckels Sugar Co	7,653,344	14.1405	6,432,617	11.8940	13.5789	410,762	5,987,474	4,574,088	+1,413,818	+239,102	+12,792	423,554
Union Sugar Division, Consolidated Foods [6]	2,275,471	4.2042	2,350,132	4.3454	4.2395	128,245	2,078,474	2,147,889	−69,415	−6,860	−367	127,878
Utah-Idaho Sugar Co	6,111,627	11.2920	5,617,444	10.3867	11.0657	334,737	5,349,373	5,143,521	+205,852	0	0	334,737
Total	54,123,685	100.0000	54,083,124	100.0000	100.0000	3,025,000	46,788,175	46,788,175	±3,343,092	±330,369	±17,675	3,025,000

[1] Includes 25 percent of the quantity pursuant to the reserve allocation for Maine Sugar Industries, Inc., equal to 233,645 cwts.

[2] The following quantities pursuant to reserve allocations have been added to average marketings: 887,851 cwts. for American Crystal; 46,577 cwts. for Buckeye; 934,580 cwts. for Empire State Sugar Co.; 525,701 cwts. for Holly; 233,645 cwts. for Maine Sugar Ind., Inc.; 72,021 cwts. for Michigan; and 189,462 cwts. for Utah-Idaho.

[3] All production attributed to reserve acreage has been deducted from inventories as follows: Jan. 1, 1966, effective inventories were reduced 700,935 for American Crystal; 62,103 cwts. for Buckeye; 82,042 cwts. for Empire; 700,935 cwts. for Holly; 72,799 cwts. for Michigan; and 229,121 cwts. for Utah-Idaho. The 1961–65 average Jan. 1 effective inventories were reduced 9,603 cwts. for Buckeye; 113,386 cwts. for Holly; 14,675 cwts. for Michigan; and 25,200 cwts. for Utah-Idaho.

[4] Plus (+) adjustments in col. 10=(Extent (+) quantity in col. 9 exceeds 10 percent of col. 8)×(25 percent); (−) adjustments in col. 10=the total of (+) adjustments in col. 10, prorated to processors on the basis of minus (−) quantities in col. 9 plus (+) and minus (−) adjustments in col. 11=(col. 10 adjustments)×(0.0535).

[5] Prior to the application of the hardship provision, 1965-crop processings were 11,280,633 cwts. for Great Western and 2,198,558 cwts. for Union and Jan. 1, 1966, effective inventories were 10,746,204 cwts. for Great Western and 2,001,561 cwts. for Union.

TABLE 2

Processors	Estimated processings of sugar from 1965-crop beets		Average marketings within the quota 1961–65		Percent of total (col. 2× 0.75+col. 4×0.25)	Base allotments short tons, raw value [2]	Jan. 1, effective inventories hundredweight, refined [4]			Adjustments to base allotments [3]		Tentative allotments
	Hundredweight refined [1]	Percent of total	Hundredweight refined [2]	Percent of total			1966 estimated	1961–1965 average adjusted to col. 7 total	Inventory imbalances col. 7– col. 8	Hundredweight refined	Short tons, raw value	Short tons, raw value (col. 6± col. 11)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
Amalgamated Sugar Co., the	7,690,844	14.8447	6,891,985	13.5321	14.5166	419,331	7,083,195	6,482,174	+601,021	0	0	419,331
American Crystal Sugar Co	5,374,873	10.3745	6,014,375	11.8089	10.7331	360,040	4,624,884	5,435,224	−810,340	−80,079	−4,284	355,756
Buckeye Sugars, Inc	399,121	.7704	313,692	.6159	.7318	24,462	164,493	158,158	+6,335	0	0	24,462
Empire State Sugar Co	0	0	0	0	0	16,889	0	0	0	0	0	16,889
Great Western Sugar Co.[5]	11,372,268	21.9506	13,122,188	25.7648	22.9041	661,616	10,837,839	12,876,122	−2,038,283	−201,426	−10,777	650,839
Holly Sugar Corp	8,463,473	16.3361	7,470,823	14.6686	15.9192	497,348	8,280,611	7,226,051	+1,054,560	+82,989	+4,440	501,788
Layton Sugar Co	356,150	.6874	285,390	.5603	.6556	18,938	345,427	283,921	+61,506	+8,278	+443	19,381
Maine Sugar Industries, Inc	0	0	0	0	0	12,500	0	0	0	0	0	12,500
Michigan Sugar Co	1,386,584	2.6764	1,624,895	3.1904	2.8049	84,918	1,243,404	1,525,293	−281,889	−27,856	−1,490	83,428
Monitor Sugar Co	801,836	1.5477	828,172	1.6261	1.5673	45,274	753,486	796,541	−43,055	−4,255	−228	45,046
National Sugar Manufacturing Co	151,990	.2934	205,151	.4028	.3208	9,267	39,083	139,193	−100,110	−9,893	−529	8,738
Spreckels Sugar Co	7,653,344	14.7724	6,432,617	12.6301	14.2368	411,249	5,987,906	4,574,088	+1,413,818	+239,102	+12,792	424,041
Union Sugar Division, Consolidated Foods Corp.[6]	2,275,471	4.3921	2,350,132	4.6144	4.4477	128,478	2,078,474	2,147,889	−69,415	−6,860	−367	128,111
Utah-Idaho Sugar Co	5,882,506	11.3543	5,391,326	10.5856	11.1621	334,690	5,349,373	5,143,521	+205,852	0	0	334,690
Total	51,808,460	100.0000	50,930,746	100.0000	100.0000	3,025,000	46,788,175	46,788,175	±3,343,092	±330,369	±17,675	3,025,000

[1] The following quantities pursuant to reserve allocations were deducted from 1965 crop processings: 934,580 cwts. for American Crystal; 62,103 cwts. for Buckeye; 82,042 cwts. for Empire; 700,935 cwts. for Holly; 72,799 cwts. for Michigan; and 229,121 cwts. for Utah-Idaho.

[2] The following quantities pursuant to reserve allocations were deducted from 1961–65 average marketings: 46,729 cwts. for American Crystal; 12,708 cwts. for Buckeye; 148,433 cwts. for Holly; 18,315 cwts. for Michigan; and 36,656 cwts. for Utah-Idaho.

[3] Column (5)×(quota less total reserve allocation of 136,365 tons) plus individual reserve allocations of 50,000 tons for American Crystal; 3,323 tons for Buckeye; 16,889 tons for Empire; 37,500 tons for Holly; 12,500 tons for Maine Sugar Ind., Inc.; 3,895 tons for Michigan; and 12,258 tons for Utah-Idaho.

[4] All production attributed to reserve acreage has been deducted from inventories as follows: Jan. 1, 1966, effective inventories were reduced 700,935 cwts. for American Crystal; 62,103 cwts. for Buckeye; 82,042 cwts. for Empire; 700,935 cwts. for Holly; 72,799 cwts. for Michigan; and 229,121 cwts. for Utah-Idaho. The 1961–65 average Jan. 1 effective inventories were reduced 9,603 cwts. for Buckeye; 113,386 cwts. for Holly; 14,675 cwts. for Michigan; and 25,200 cwts. for Utah-Idaho.

[5] Plus (+) adjustments in col. 10=(Extent (+) quantity in col. 9 exceeds 10 percent of col. 8)×(25 percent). Minus adjustments in col. 10=the total of (+) adjustments in col. 10 prorated to processors on the basis of minus (−) quantities in col. 9. Plus (+) and minus (−) adjustments in col. 11=(col. 10 adjustments) (0.0535).

[6] Prior to the application of the "hardship" provision, 1965-crop processings were 11,280,633 cwts. for Great Western and 2,198,558 cwts. for Union and Jan. 1, 1966, effective inventories were 10,746,204 cwts. for Great Western and 2,001,561 cwts. for Union.

Processor	Tentative allotments Part IIa, Table 1 (1)	Tentative allotments Part IIb, Table 2 (short tons, raw value) (2)	Average tentative allotments col. (1)×0.5 +col. (2) ×0.5 (3)	Adjustments to tentative allotments [1] (4)	Allotments col. (3)± col. (4) (5)
Amalgamated Sugar Co., the	418,754	419,331	419,042	−464	418,578
American Crystal Sugar Co	357,364	355,756	356,560	−395	356,165
Buckeye Sugars, Inc	24,551	24,462	24,506	0	24,506
Empire State Sugar Co., Inc	16,507	16,889	16,698	−19	16,679
Great Western Sugar Co., Inc	649,411	650,839	650,125	−720	649,405
Holly Sugar Corp	502,479	501,788	502,134	−556	501,578
Layton Sugar Co	19,361	19,381	19,371	−21	19,350
Maine Sugar Industries, Inc	13,062	12,500	12,781	−14	12,767
Michigan Sugar Co	83,670	83,428	83,549	−93	83,456
Monitor Sugar Division, Robert Gage Coal Co	44,963	45,046	45,004	−50	44,954
National Sugar Manufacturing Co., the	8,709	8,738	8,724	+3,314	12,038
Spreckels Sugar Co	423,554	424,041	423,798	−469	423,329
Union Sugar Division, Consolidated Foods Corp	127,878	128,111	127,994	−142	127,852
Utah-Idaho Sugar Co	334,737	334,690	334,714	−371	334,343
Total	3,025,000	3,025,000	3,025,000	±3,314	3,025,000

[1] Adjustments necessary to increase the allotment of National Sugar Manufacturing Co. to 12,038 tons.

(5) The National Sugar Manufacturing Co. and Buckeye Sugars, Inc., are nonaffiliated single plant processors of sugarbeets, and the average tentative allotment computed for each company as set forth in finding (4) is 8,724 and 24,506 short tons, raw value, respectively based on final 1965 crop data. There is a need for establishing allotments for such companies which will permit such marketing of sugar as is necessary for the reasonably efficient operation of their plants, and therefore the allotment of The National Sugar Manufacturing Co. is increased to 12,038 short tons, raw value, which will permit the marketing of the estimated quantity of sugar it will have available for marketing in 1966, consisting of approximately 2,100 tons of 1965 crop sugar, and approximately 9,900 tons of 1966 crop sugar; and the tentative allotment of Buckeye Sugars, Inc., is not subjected to the pro-rata reduction applied to the tentative allotments of allottees other than The National Sugar Manufacturing Co., equal in total to the increase of 3,314 tons in the allotment of The National Sugar Manufacturing Co., as set forth in finding (4).

(6) The order shall be revised without further notice or hearing for the purpose of (a) substituting revised estimates or final data for estimated data on 1965-crop processings, 1965 marketings and January 1, 1966, inventories used in measuring the factors when such data become part of the official records of the Department, (b) allotting any quantity of an allotment which may be released by an allottee to other allottees able to utilize additional allotment in proportion to the established allotments of such allottees when the written notification to the Director of the Policy and Program Appraisal Division of such release becomes a part of the official records of the Department, and (c) revising allotments to give effect to any change in the quota for the area made by the Secretary pursuant to the provisions of the Act. In making revisions to give effect to a change in the quota for the area, allotments shall be made by the full application of the allotment procedure adopted herein.

(7) Official notice will be taken of (a) final or revised estimated data for 1965-crop processings, 1965 marketings and January 1, 1966, inventories submitted by processors on Form SU–70 or other written form when such data become a part of the official records of the Department, (b) any written notice to the Department by an allottee that he is unable to fill part of his allotment when the notification becomes a part of the official records of the Department, and (c) any regulation issued by the Secretary which changes the 1966 Domestic Beet Sugar Area quota.

(8) To assure that the marketing of sugar or liquid sugar is charged against the proper allotment, it is necessary that the order provide for charges to allotments of processors who sell sugarbeets, or molasses derived from sugarbeets, but retain and process such sugarbeets or molasses into sugar or liquid sugar for delivery to or for the account of the buyer.

(9) Allotments established in the foregoing manner and in the quantities set forth in the order provide a fair, efficient and equitable distribution of any 1966 Domestic Beet Sugar Area quota that may be established and meet the requirements of section 205(a) of the Act.

(10) To assure that an allottee will not market a quantity of sugar in excess of his final 1966 allotment to be established later on the basis of final data, allotments established by this order should be limited to 95 percent of the Domestic Beet Sugar Area quota pending the allotment of the quota based upon final data.

Order. Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture by section 205(a) of the Act, and in accordance with the findings and conclusions heretofore made, it is hereby ordered:

§ 813.5 Allotment of the 1966 sugar quota for the Domestic Beet Sugar Area.

(a) *Allotments.* For the period January 1, 1966, until the date allotments of the entire 1966 calendar year sugar quota for the Domestic Beet Sugar Area are prescribed, 95 percent of the 1966 quota for the Domestic Beet Sugar Area is hereby allotted to the following processors in the quantities which appear opposite their respective names:

Processor	Short tons, raw value	Equivalent in hundredweight refined beet sugar
Amalgamated Sugar Co., The	397,649	7,432,692
American Crystal Sugar Co	338,357	6,324,430
Buckeye Sugars, Inc	23,281	435,159
Empire State Sugar Co	15,845	296,168
Great Western Sugar Co., The	616,935	11,531,495
Holly Sugar Corp	476,499	8,906,523
Layton Sugar Co	18,382	343,589
Maine Sugar Industries, Inc	12,129	226,710
Michigan Sugar Co	79,283	1,481,925
Monitor Sugar Division, Robert Gage Coal Co	42,706	798,243
National Sugar Manufacturing Co., The	11,436	213,757
Spreckels Sugar Co., division of American Sugar Co	402,163	7,517,065
Union Sugar Division, Consolidated Foods Corp	121,459	2,270,262
Utah-Idaho Sugar Co	317,626	5,936,935
Subtotal	2,873,750	53,714,953
Unallotted	151,250	2,827,103
Total	3,025,000	56,542,056

(b) *Marketing of sugarbeets and molasses.* If sugarbeets or molasses derived from sugarbeets are sold by a processor but retained and processed by such processor and the sugar or liquid sugar processed therefrom is delivered to or for the account of the buyer of the sugarbeets or molasses, such delivery at the time it occurs shall constitute a marketing which shall be effective for filling the allotment of the processor who sold and processed such sugarbeets or molasses.

(c) *Marketing limitations.* Marketings shall be limited to allotments as established herein subject to the prohibitions and provisions of §§ 816.1 to 816.9 of this chapter (Sugar Regulation 816, Rev. 1; 23 F.R. 1943; 27 F.R. 1450).

(d) *Transfer of allotments.* The Administrator, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service of the Department, may permit marketings to be made by one allottee, or other person, within the allotment established for another allottee upon relinquishments by such allottee of a commensurate quantity of its allotment and upon receipt of evidence satisfactory to the Administrator that (1) a merger, consolidation, transfer of sugar-processing facilities, or other action of similar effect upon the allottees or persons involved has occurred, or (2) the allottee receiving such permission will process 1966-crop sugarbeets which the allottee relinquishing allotment has become unable to process.

(e) *Delegation.* The Administrator, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, is hereby authorized to revise the allotments established under this order without further notice or hearing in accordance with the findings and conclusions set forth under (6) accompanying this order, to give effect to (1) the substitution of revised estimates or final data for estimates, (2) the reallocation of any quantity of an allotment released

by an allottee and (3) any change in the Domestic Beet Sugar Area quota.

(Sec. 403, 61 Stat. 932; 7 U.S.C. 1153; secs. 205, 209; 61 Stat. 926; as amended, 928 as amended; 7 U.S.C. 1115, 1119)

Effective date. This order will become effective when published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 2d of May 1966.

ORVILLE L. FREEMAN,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-4980; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

Chapter IX—Consumer and Marketing Service (Marketing Agreements and Orders; Fruits, Vegetables, Nuts), Department of Agriculture

[Valencia Orange Reg. 160]

PART 908—VALENCIA ORANGES GROWN IN ARIZONA AND DESIGNATED PART OF CALIFORNIA

Limitation of Handling

§ 908.460 Valencia Orange Regulation 160.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 908, as amended (7 CFR Part 908), regulating the handling of Valencia oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674), and upon the basis of the recommendations and information submitted by the Valencia Orange Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of such Valencia oranges, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001–1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. The committee held an open meeting during the current week, after giving due notice thereof, to consider supply and market conditions for Valencia oranges and the need for regulation; interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit information and views at this meeting; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after such meeting was held; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such Valencia oranges; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period herein specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject hereto which cannot be completed on or before the effective date hereof. Such committee meeting was held on May 5, 1966.

(b) *Order.* (1) The respective quantities of Valencia oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., May 8, 1966, and ending at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., May 15, 1966, are hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: 700,000 cartons;

(ii) District 2: 206,727 cartons;

(iii) District 3: 175,000 cartons.

(2) As used in this section, "handled," "handler," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," and "carton" have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674)

Dated: May 6, 1966.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Consumer and Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5112; Filed, May 6, 1966; 11:31 a.m.]

[Grapefruit Reg. 32]

PART 909—GRAPEFRUIT GROWN IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA; IN IMPERIAL COUNTY, CALIF.; AND IN THAT PART OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIF., SITUATED SOUTH AND EAST OF WHITE WATER, CALIF.

Limitation of Shipments

§ 909.332 Grapefruit Regulation 32.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 909, as amended (7 CFR Part 909), regulating the handling of grapefruit grown in the State of Arizona; in Imperial County, Calif.; and in that part of Riverside County, Calif., situated south and east of White Water, Calif., effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674), and upon the basis of the recommendations of the Administrative Committee (established under the aforesaid amended marketing agreement and order), and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of shipments of grapefruit, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this regulation until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001–1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this regulation is based became available and the time when this regulation must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient; and this regulation relieves restrictions on the handling of grapefruit.

(b) *Order.* (1) Grapefruit Regulation 31 (31 F.R. 524) is hereby terminated at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., May 8, 1966.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (3) of this paragraph, during the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., May 8, 1966, and ending at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., August 1, 1966, no handler shall handle from the State of California or the State of Arizona to any point outside thereof:

(i) Any grapefruit which do not meet the requirements of the U.S. No. 2 grade which for purposes of this regulation shall include the requirement that the grapefruit be free from peel that is more than one inch in thickness at the stem end (measured from the flesh to the highest point of the peel): *Provided,* That grapefruit having any amount of light or fairly light colored scarring may be handled if they otherwise grade at least U.S. No. 2: *Provided further,* That the tolerances prescribed for the U.S. No. 2 grade shall be the tolerances applicable to the requirements of this subparagraph except that not more than 5 percent shall be allowed for grapefruit having peel more than one inch in thickness at the stem end; or

(ii) Any grapefruit which measure less than 3$^{6}/_{16}$ inches in diameter, except that a tolerance of 5 percent, by count, for grapefruit smaller than 3$^{6}/_{16}$ inches shall be permitted, which tolerance shall be applied in accordance with the provisions for the application of tolerances specified in the revised U.S. Standards for Grapefruit (California and Arizona), 7 CFR 51.925–51.955: *Provided,* That in determining the percentage of grapefruit in any lot which are smaller than 3$^{6}/_{16}$ inches in diameter, such percentage shall be based only on the grapefruit in such lot which are of a size 3$^{13}/_{16}$ inches in diameter and smaller.

(3) Subject to the requirements of subparagraph (2) (i) of this paragraph, any handler may, but only as the initial handler thereof, handle grapefruit smaller than 3$^{6}/_{16}$ inches in diameter directly to a destination in Zone 4 or Zone 3.

(4) As used herein, "handler," "variety," "grapefruit," "handle," "Zone 3," and "Zone 4" shall have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order; terms relating to grade have the same meaning as when used in the aforesaid revised U.S. Standards for Grapefruit; and "diameter" shall mean the greatest dimension measured at right angles to a

line from the stem to blossom end of the fruit.

(Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674)

Dated: May 5, 1966.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Consumer and Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66–5062; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

[Lemon Reg. 213]

PART 910—LEMONS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA

Limitation of Handling

§ 910.513 Lemon Regulation 213.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 910, as amended (7 CFR Part 910), regulating the handling of lemons grown in California and Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674), and upon the basis of the recommendations and information submitted by the Lemon Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of such lemons, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001–1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. The committee held an open meeting during the current week, after giving due notice thereof, to consider supply and market conditions for lemons and the need for regulation; interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit information and views at this meeting; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after such meeting was held; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such lemons; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period herein specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject hereto which cannot be completed on or before the effective date hereof. Such committee meeting was held on May 3, 1966.

(b) *Order.* (1) The respective quantities of lemons grown in California and Arizona which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., May 8, 1966, and ending at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., May 15, 1966, are hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: 4,650 cartons;

(ii) District 2: 292,950 cartons;

(iii) District 3: Unlimited movement.

(2) As used in this section, "handled," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," and "carton" have the same meaning as when used in the said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674)

Dated: May 5, 1966.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Consumer and Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66–5077; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

Title 12—BANKS AND BANKING

Chapter I—Bureau of the Comptroller of the Currency, Department of the Treasury

PART 1—INVESTMENT SECURITIES REGULATION

Santa Monica Parking Authority Bonds

§ 1.170 City of Santa Monica Parking Authority bonds.

(a) *Request.* The Comptroller of the Currency has been requested to rule that the $7,500,000 Parking Revenue Bonds, 1966, of the Parking Authority of the City of Santa Monica are eligible for purchase, dealing in, underwriting, and unlimited holding by National Banks pursuant to paragraph Seventh of 12 U.S.C. 24.

(b) *Opinion.* (1) The Parking Authority of the City of Santa Monica is a public body, corporate and politic, created under and exercising its power pursuant to the laws of the State of California. The governing body of the Authority is the Santa Monica City Council acting as the Parking Authority. Under the laws of California and pursuant to a proposition adopted by the Santa Monica to electorate, the Authority has the power to issue bonds for the purposes of financing public parking facilities and improvements thereon and refunding any revenue bonds previously issued. The Authority presently owns, and is operating, surface public parking facilities.

(2) The bonds and the interest thereon will be payable solely from revenues to be derived by the Authority from a lease of parking structures to the city of Santa Monica. The city is obligated, under the lease, to make rental payments in an amount which the Authority estimates to be sufficient to meet the Authority's semiannual bond interest and principal payments. The lease recites that the city agrees to take such actions as may be necessary to include and maintain in its budget for each fiscal year all rentals payable by the city during such fiscal year, to make the necessary appropriations for all such rentals and to provide the funds necessary to meet such appropriations.

(3) The lease rental obligation is a general obligation of the city of Santa Monica. While the city intends to meet its lease rental obligation from the proceeds of special business taxes and on-street parking meter revenues, the city's obligation is not limited to funds derived from such sources. The city's projections indicate that an increase in the general purpose tax within the limits permitted by the city charter, based on present assessed valuation, would yield enough income to equal the maximum annual debt service requirement of the bonds.

Thus, it appears that the city of Santa Monica, a political subdivision of the State of California, which possesses sufficient resources to justify full faith and credit, has pledged its full faith and credit to make payments to the Authority of amounts which will be sufficient to provide for all required payments in connection with the subject bonds.

(c) *Ruling.* It is our conclusion that the $7,500,000 Parking Revenue Bonds, 1966, of the Parking Authority of the city of Santa Monica are public securities as defined in § 1.3 (c), (d), and (e) of the Investment Securities Regulation (12 CFR 1.3 (c), (d), and (e)), issued pursuant to paragraph 7 of 12 U.S.C. 24 and are, therefore, eligible for purchase, dealing in, underwriting, and unlimited holding by National Banks.

Dated: May 4, 1966.

[SEAL] JAMES J. SAXON,
Comptroller of the Currency.

[F.R. Doc. 66–5018; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 14—AERONAUTICS AND SPACE

Chapter I—Federal Aviation Agency

SUBCHAPTER E—AIRSPACE

[Airspace Docket No. 65–CE–153]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

Transition Area; Correction

On April 19, 1966, F.R. Doc. 66–4186 was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (31 F.R. 5950) amending § 71.181 of the Federal Aviation Regulations. Therein, the coordinates of Marshfield Municipal Airport, Marshfield, Wis., were cited as "latitude 44°37'55" N., longitude 90°10' 50" W." The correct citation is "lati-

tude 44°38'10" N., longitude 90°11'20" W." Action is taken herein to correct this discrepancy.

Since this amendment is editorial in nature, and imposes no additional burden on any person, notice and public procedure hereon are unnecessary, and the effective date of the final rule, as initially adopted, may be retained.

In consideration of the foregoing, effective immediately, the description of the Marshfield, Wis., transition area contained in F.R. Doc. 66-4186 is amended to read as follows:

MARSHFIELD, WIS.

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 5-mile radius of Marshfield Municipal Airport (latitude 44°38'10" N., longitude 90°11'20" W.), and within 2 miles each side of the 216° bearing from Marshfield Municipal Airport extending from the 5-mile radius area to 8 miles SW of the airport; and that airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface within 5 miles NW and 8 miles SE of the 216° bearing from Marshfield Municipal Airport extending from the airport to 12 miles SW of the airport.

(Sec. 307(a), Federal Aviation Act of 1958; 49 U.S.C. 1348)

Issued in Kansas City, Mo., on April 27, 1966.

EDWARD C. MARSH,
Director, Central Region.

[F.R. Doc. 66-4991; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Airspace Docket No. 65-WE-76]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

Designation of Control Zone and Transition Area; Alteration of Federal Airways

On August 7, 1965, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (30 F.R. 9884) stating that the Federal Aviation Agency was considering amendments to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations which would provide controlled airspace for instrument flight operations at Pullman, Wash., based on a new VOR and would also realign V-253 and V-536 via the new facility.

Interested persons were afforded an opportunity to participate in the rule making through submission of comments. All comments received were favorable.

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is amended, effective 0001 e.s.t., August 18, 1966, as hereinafter set forth:

In § 71.171 (31 F.R. 2065) the following control zone is added:

PULLMAN, WASH.

Within a 5-mile radius of Pullman-Moscow Regional Airport (latitude 46°44'40" N., longitude 117°06'30" W.) and within 2 miles each side of the Pullman VOR (latitude 46°40'25" N., longitude 117°13'30" W.) 046° and 226° radials, extending from the 5-mile radius zone to 8 miles SW of the VOR. This control zone will be effective during the times established in advance by a Notice to Airmen and continuously published in the Airman's Information Manual.

In § 71.181 (31 F.R. 2149) the following transition area is added:

PULLMAN, WASH.

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within a 5-mile radius of Pullman-Moscow Regional Airport (latitude 46°44'40" N., longitude 117°06'30" W.) and within 2 miles each side of the Pullman VOR (latitude 46°40'25" N., longitude 117°13'30" W.) 046° and 226° radials, extending from the 5-mile radius area to 8 miles SW of the VOR; that airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface within 8 miles NW and 7 miles SE of the Pullman VOR 046° and 226° radials, extending from 12 miles SW to 15 miles NE of the VOR.

Section 71.123 (31 F.R. 2035, 2044) is amended as follows:

a. V-253 is amended in part as follows: Delete "to Spokane, Wash." and substitute therefor "12 AGL Pullman, Wash.; 12 AGL Spokane, Wash."

b. V-536 is redesignated as follows: From Walla Walla, Wash., 12 AGL Pullman, Wash.; 27 mi. 12 AGL, 85 MSL Mullan Pass, Idaho; Kalispell, Mont.; to Great Falls, Mont.

(Sec. 307(a) Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended; 72 Stat. 749; 49 U.S.C. 1348)

Issued in Los Angeles, Calif., on April 29, 1966.

LEE E. WARREN,
Acting Director, Western Region.

[F.R. Doc. 66-4992; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Airspace Docket No. 65-WE-99]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

Transition Area Designation; Correction

On January 19, 1966, F.R. Doc. 66-593 was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (31 F.R. 693). It contained an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations which designated a transition area at Weld County Airport, Greeley, Colo. Subsequent to the publication of the document it was determined that the geographical coordinates of the Weld County Airport were incorrect and should be "latitude 40°25'35" N., longitude 104°37'45" W."

Since this correction imposes no additional burden on any person, notice and public procedure hereon are unnecessary and the effective date of the Final Rule, as initially adopted, may be retained.

In consideration of the foregoing this correction to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

In § 71.181 (31 F.R. 693) the Greeley, Colo., transition area is amended in part by deleting "(latitude 40°25'00" N., longitude 104°38'00" W.)" and substituting therefor "(latitude 40°25'35" N., longitude 104°37'45" W.)."

(Sec. 307(a) Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended; 72 Stat. 749; 49 U.S.C. 1348)

Issued in Los Angeles, Calif., on April 29, 1966.

LEE E. WARREN,
Acting Director, Western Region.

[F.R. Doc. 66-4993; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Airspace Docket No. 66-SO-20]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS

Alteration of Transition Area

On March 23, 1966, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (31 F.R. 4844) stating that the Federal Aviation Agency was considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations that would alter the Macon, Ga., transition area.

Interested persons were afforded an opportunity to participate in the rule making through the submission of comments. All comments received were favorable.

Subsequent to the publication of the notice, the geographic coordinate for the Smart Airport was verified by Coast and Geodetic Survey as latitude 32°49'20" N., longitude 83°33'50" W. It was also determined that the proposed extension on the Macon, Ga., VORTAC 027° radial was not required because this airspace is currently within the Macon, Ga., control zone. Since these amendments are either editorial or less restrictive in nature and impose no additional burden on the public, they are incorporated in this rule.

In consideration of the foregoing, Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations is amended, effective 0001 e.s.t., July 21, 1966, as hereinafter set forth.

In § 71.181 (31 F.R. 2149) the Macon, Ga., 700-foot transition area is amended to read:

MACON, GA.

That airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within an 8-mile radius of the Robins AFB; within 8 miles SE and 5 miles NW of the Macon ILS localizer SW course extending from the Macon Municipal Airport (latitude 32°41'35" N., longitude 83°38'50" W.) to 12 miles SW of the ILS OM; within a 6-mile radius of the Smart Airport (latitude 32°49'20" N., longitude 83°33'50" W.).

(Sec. 307(a) Federal Aviation Act of 1958; 49 U.S.C. 1348(a))

Issued in East Point, Ga., on April 29, 1966.

WILLIAM M. FLENER,
Acting Director, Southern Region.

[F.R. Doc. 66-4994; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

SUBCHAPTER F—AIR TRAFFIC AND GENERAL OPERATING RULES

[Reg. Docket No. 7344; Amdt. 483]

PART 97—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES

Miscellaneous Amendments

The amendments to the standard instrument approach procedures contained herein are adopted to become effective when indicated in order to promote safety. The amended procedures supersede the existing procedures of the same classification now in effect for the airports specified therein. For the convenience of the users, the complete procedure is republished in this amendment indicating the changes to the existing procedures.

As a situation exists which demands immediate action in the interests of safety in air commerce, I find that compliance with the notice and procedure provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act is impracticable and that good cause exists for making this amendment effective within less than 30 days from publication.

In view of the foregoing and pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (24 F.R. 5662), Part 97 (14 CFR Part 97) is amended as follows:

1. By amending the following very high frequency omnirange—distance measuring equipment (VOR/DME) procedures prescribed in § 97.15 to read:

VOR/DME STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.
If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
R 196° DCA VOR, clockwise	R 326° DCA VOR	via RADAR	2500	LDIN	1100-2	1100-2	1100-2
R 022° DCA VOR, counterclockwise	R 326° DCA VOR	via RADAR	2500	Via river			
R 326° 10-mile DME Fix	R 326° 7-mile DME	via R 326°	2000				

Radar available.
Procedure turn not authorized. Final approach crs, 146° Inbnd, from 7 NM DME Fix.
Minimum altitude over 7-mile DME Fix, 2000'; 5 NM DME Fix, 1400'; 4 NM DME Fix, 1100'.
Crs and distance, facility to airport not authorized. Breakoff point to runway not authorized.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, climb to 2500' direct to DCA VORTAC, thence direct to DCA RBn, hold S of Washington RBn on bearing 181° Outbnd, 001° Inbnd, 1-minute left turns.
NOTE: When ceiling and visibility are at least 1100-2, arrival aircraft will visually follow the Potomac River when visual contact established.

City, Washington, D.C.; Airport name, Washington National; Elev., 15'; Fac. Class., VORTAC; Ident., DCA; Procedure No. VOR/DME No. 3, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 20 May 66

2. By amending the following radar procedures prescribed in § 97.19 to read:

RADAR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet, MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.
If a radar instrument approach is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitude(s) shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below. Positive identification must be established with the radar controller. From initial contact with radar to final authorized landing minimums, the instructions of the radar controller are mandatory except when (A) visual contact is established on final approach at or before descent to the authorized landing minimums, or (B) at pilot's discretion if it appears desirable to discontinue the approach, except when the radar controller may direct otherwise prior to final approach, a missed approach shall be executed as provided below when (A) communication on final approach is lost for more than 5 seconds during a precision approach, or for more than 30 seconds during a surveillance approach; (B) directed by radar controller; (C) visual contact is not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums; or (D) if landing is not accomplished.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
RADAR VECTORS				LDIN*	2500-3	2500-3	2500-3
000°	360°	Within:		Via river			
000°	225°	25 miles	2500				
225°	360°	40 miles	#2500				
		40 miles	2800				

Procedure turn not authorized. Radar required to final approach crs (Potomac River).
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, not authorized.
Crs and distance, facility to airport via reference Potomac River. Breakoff point to runway not authorized.
Minimum altitude at glide slope interception Inbnd, not authorized.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, not authorized.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, climb to 2500' direct to DCA VORTAC, thence direct to DCA RBn, hold S of Washington RBn on bearing 181° Outbnd, 001° Inbnd, 1-minute left turns.
NOTE: River approach—Radar vectors will be provided to the Potomac River whenever the ceiling is at least 2500' and visibility is at least 3 miles. Aircraft will visually follow the Potomac River to the airport when cleared for a river approach.
MAINTAIN: 1700'—5-miles. DME Fix/Chain Bridge/abeam GTN RBn, 900'—3-miles DME Fix/Key Bridge.
*3-mile flight visibility required throughout approach.
#Exclusive of danger and prohibited areas.
**Radar vectors to river only.

City, Washington, D.C.; Airport name, Washington National; Elev., 15'; Fac. Class. and Ident., Washington RADAR; Procedure No. 2 (River approach), Amdt. Orig.; Eff. date, 20 May 66

These procedures shall become effective on the dates specified therein.

(Secs. 307(c), 313(a), and 601, Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (49 U.S.C. 1348(c), 1354(a), 1421; 72 Stat. 749, 752, 775))

Issued in Washington, D.C., on May 4, 1966.

C. W. WALKER,
Director, Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5042; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

Title 15—COMMERCE AND FOREIGN TRADE

Chapter III—Bureau of International Commerce, Department of Commerce

SUBCHAPTER B—EXPORT REGULATIONS

[10th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs., Amdt. CCL–4]

PART 399—COMMODITY CONTROL LIST AND RELATED MATTERS

The following notes are added to § 399.1:

1. *Establishment of export quotas.* The following quotas for export to all countries except Canada are established for calendar year 1966:

(a) Cattle hides, whole (Export Control Commodity No. 21110), 9,920,000 hides.

(b) Cattle hides, except whole (Export Control Commodity No. 21110), 810,000 pieces.

(c) Calf skins and kip skins (Export Control Commodity No. 21120), 2,140,000 skins.

(d) Cattle hide and kip side upper leather, grain, except patent and metalized; and cattle hide and kip side leather, n.e.c. (Export Control Commodity No. 61150), 10,800,000 sq. feet.

(e) Cattle hide and kip side sole, belting, welting, grain, offal, rough, russet, and crust leather (Export Control Commodity No. 61150), 1,700,000 pounds.

(f) Calf and whole kip upper leather, except patent and metalized; and calf and whole kip leather, n.e.c., except patent and metalized (Export Control Commodity No. 61150), 1,900,000 sq. feet.

The total amounts to be licensed under these quotas for the remainder of calendar year 1966 will be determined by subtracting from the above export quotas the quantities exported since January 1, 1966, under General License G–DEST, including those quantities exported under the Saving Clause provision set forth in Current Export Bulletin No. 929 (See 31 F.R. 3498, March 8, 1966).

Licensing will be conducted during two separate licensing periods: (1) a period ending June 30, 1966, and (2) a period of July 1, 1966, through December 31, 1966. In determining the quantities to be licensed in each of the licensing periods, the Office of Export Control will take into consideration exports since January 1, 1966, under General License G–DEST, including the amounts shipped under the Saving Clause provision of Current Export Bulletin No. 929. The quantities to be made available for licensing during the period ending June 30, 1966, will be announced.

In order to avoid disruptions in the normal foreign markets for U.S. cattle hides, the Office of Export Control will divide the quotas for cattle hides (whole) and for cattle hides (except whole) into country allocations and will distribute the exporters' entitlements on a country basis.

2. *Certain exports licensed Ex Quota.* An application for a license to export any of the commodities described in the paragraph numbered (1) will be considered for licensing without a charge against the export quota, provided that the commodities: (a) Were not produced or manufactured in the United States, (b) were imported into the United States under a warehouse entry and stored in a bonded warehouse, and (c) were not and will not be entered under a U.S. Customs Consumption Entry. Such an application shall be accompanied by the following signed certification:

"I(We) certify that the commodities described on this application for export license: (1) Were not produced or manufactured in the United States; (2) were imported into the United States under a warehouse entry and stored in a bonded warehouse; and (3) were not and will not be entered under a U.S. Customs Consumption Entry."

3. *Licensing to be based on past participation.* Each of the export quotas established by the paragraph numbered 1 will be licensed in accordance with the Past Participation in Exports licensing method.

The use of the Past Participation in Exports licensing method aids in accomplishing two of the underlying considerations in licensing; namely, maintenance of a normal pattern of export trade during periods of short supply, and assuring an equitable distribution among exporters of the available export quota. Under this method of license issuance, the bulk of each of the export quotas will be reserved for those firms which have participated in exports of the commodities during the base period of calendar years 1964 and 1965. However, licensing under the Past Participation in Exports licensing method does not completely preclude participation by exporters who do not have a record of past participation in exports during this base period, since a small portion of the quota will also be reserved for exporters within this category.

A single firm will be entitled to only one participation in each of the export quotas. The claiming of an additional participation through any device whatsoever, including the transfer or assignment of an export order, may result in the denial of all export privileges to all persons concerned. In no instance may an additional participation in an export quota be claimed by the device of transferring an export order to another person or firm for the purpose of filing a license application covering a commodity subject to the Past Participation in Exports licensing method.

4. *Submission of statement of past participation.* Each exporter who has exported any of the commodities described in the paragraph numbered 1 above during the base period of calendar years 1964 and 1965, and who wishes to claim a share of the quota, is required to submit a separate statement of past participation in exports for each quota in which he wishes to participate. This statement shall be submitted, in duplicate, to the U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Export Control, Washington, D.C., 20230, and shall bear a postmark, or be submitted in person, no later than April 4, 1966. After evaluating the statements of past participation received from exporters, the Office of Export Control will inform each exporter of his share of each of the export quotas for which he submitted a statement of past participation in exports. Shares in each of the export quotas will be allotted in accordance with the percentage relationship of each exporter's shipments to the total exports from the United States during the base period of January 1, 1964 through December 31, 1965. Nevertheless, in establishing the exporter's share of the quota, the Office of Export Control will take into consideration the amounts exported by him since January 1, 1966, under General License G–DEST, including those exported under the Saving Clause provision set forth in Current Export Bulletin No. 929. (See 31 F.R. 3498, March 8, 1966.)

The statement of past participation in exports shall include the following information:

(a) *Quantities exported in 1964 and 1965.* The commodity description, the country of destination, and for each such commodity description and country of destination, the quantity in units specified on the Commodity Control List exported by the exporter during the base period of January 1, 1964, through December 31, 1965, and the value thereof shall be shown on the statement, except that such exports shall *not* include any of the following types of shipments:

(1) Exports to dependencies and other possessions of the United States;

(2) Intransit shipments exported under the provisions of General License GIT;

(3) Exports to Canada; and

(4) Exports of foreign-origin hides, skins, or leather which were not imported into the United States under a Consumption Entry.

(b) *Quantities exported during 1966.* The exporter shall show on a separate sheet of paper the quantities and the value thereof exported and to be exported by him during the period of January 1, 1966, through April 7, 1966, under General License G–DEST, including exports under the Saving Clause provision set forth in Current Export Bulletin No. 929. These quantities shall be shown in the unit specified on the Commodity Control List, by country of destination for each commodity description included on the statement of past participation in exports. In addition, the types of shipments described in paragraphs 4(a) (1) (2), (3), and (4) of this chapter shall be excluded from the quantities reported by the exporter.

(c) *Separate quantities for calf and kip skins.* Each statement of past participation in exports filed in connection with the single quota established for calf skins and kip skins (Export Control Commodity No. 21120) shall show the information required by paragraphs (a) and (b) of this chapter separately for calf skins and for kip skins.

(d) *Information on related firms.* The name of each exporter, dealer, manufacturer, or other business organization engaged in the export of the specified commodity(ies) which is directly or indirectly owned or controlled by the firm submitting the statement of past participation, or which directly or indirectly owns or controls the operations of the firm submitting the statement of past participation, shall be included in the exporter's statement.

(e) *Successors in interest.* A successor firm which has acquired the business interests of a predecessor may include its predecessor's record of past participation in exports for the purpose of establishing the successor firm's position as an historical exporter, providing that the predecessor is not entitled to claim the same past participation in exports. The successor firm shall submit a statement of past participation in exports for consideration by the Office of Export Control and shall set forth a full explanation of the association between the entities concerned, including the following signed statement:

"The terms of acquisition of the business interests of (name of predecessor firm) preclude the predecessor firm from claiming past participation in exports for the purpose of obtaining export licenses under the historical pattern of export licensing."

5. *Submission of applications for licenses—*(a) *Time for submission.* Applications for export licenses for the licensing period ending June 30, 1966, shall be submitted to the Office of Export Control between the period of April 18 and May 31, 1966. Nevertheless, if an emergency makes it necessary for an exporter to obtain an export license prior to April 18, the exporter may submit his license application prior to this date. Such a license application shall include the details of the emergency and, if approved, the quantity will be charged against the exporter's share of the export quota.

(b) *Completion of license application.* The application for export license shall be completed in accordance with the instructions shown on the reverse side of the application form, except for the following modifications:

(1) If the application covers cattle hides, the application shall specify whether the hides are "whole hides" or "pieces of whole hides" and, if pieces, the type of pieces, e.g., croupons, splits, etc.

(2) If the application covers calf skins and/or kip skins, the application shall specify the type of skins, i.e., calf or kip, and the quantity of each.

6. *Amendments of export licenses.* Field offices will not take any action on requests to amend or otherwise extend the validity period of any validated license covering the exportation of a commodity listed in the paragraph numbered 1 above. These requests must be submitted to the U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Export Control, Washington, D.C., 20230.

7. *Restrictions on Time Limit, Periodic Requirements, and Project Licenses.* Separate applications for export licenses must be submitted for each export order received by the exporter. Applications for Time Limit, Periodic Requirements, or Project Licenses will not be considered in connection with the export licensing of any commodities listed in the paragraph numbered 1 above.

(Sec. 3, 63 Stat. 7; 50 U.S.C. App. 2023; E.O. 10945, 26 F.R. 4487; E.O. 11038, 27 F.R. 7003)

Effective date of action: March 11, 1966.

RAUER H. MEYER,
Director, Office of Export Control.

[F.R. Doc. 66-4901; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

Title 21—FOOD AND DRUGS

Chapter I—Food and Drug Administration, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare

SUBCHAPTER B—FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

PART 121—FOOD ADDITIVES

Subpart F—Food Additives Resulting From Contact With Containers or Equipment and Food Additives Otherwise Affecting Food

OLEFIN POLYMERS

An order was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of February 19, 1966 (31 F.R. 2960), amending certain food additive regulations for olefin polymers used as articles or components of articles for food-contact use. Objections have been received to the order with respect to the omission under revised § 121.2501(a)(3) of certain olefin copolymers regulated previously under § 121.2508 (the order revoked § 121.2508).

The Commissioner of Food and Drugs has evaluated the objections, and other relevant information, and concluded that the regulation should be amended as set forth below to provide for the safe use of additional olefin copolymers and to effect an editorial change.

Accordingly, pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 409, 72 Stat. 1785 et seq.; 21 U.S.C. 348), and under the authority delegated to the Commissioner by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare (21 CFR 2.120; 31 F.R. 3008), § 121.2501 *Olefin polymers* is amended as follows:

1. Paragraph (a)(3) is revised to read:

(3) Olefin basic copolymers consist of basic copolymers manufactured by the catalytic copolymerization of two or more of the 1-alkenes having 2 to 8 carbon atoms. Such olefin basic copolymers contain not less than 96 weight-percent of polymer units derived from ethylene and/or propylene, except that olefin basic copolymers manufactured by the catalytic copolymerization of two or more of the monomers ethylene, propylene, butene-1, 2-methylpropene-1, and 2,4,4-trimethylpentene-1 shall contain not less than 85 weight-percent of polymer units derived from ethylene and/or propylene.

2. The table in paragraph (c) is amended by changing the portion of item 1.2 in the first column reading "maximum extractable fraction specifications" to read "maximum extractable fraction and maximum soluble fraction specifications".

Any person who will be adversely affected by the foregoing order may at any time within 30 days from the date of its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER file with the Hearing Clerk, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Room 5440, 330 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, D.C., 20201, written objections thereto, preferably in quintuplicate. Objections shall show wherein the person filing will be adversely affected by the order and specify with particularity the provisions of the order deemed objectionable and the grounds for the objections. If a hearing is requested, the objections must state the issues for the hearing. A hearing will be granted if the objections are supported by grounds legally sufficient to justify the relief sought. Objections may be accompanied by a memorandum or brief in support thereof.

Effective date. This order shall become effective on the date of its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Sec. 409, 72 Stat. 1785 et seq.; 21 U.S.C. 348)

Dated: May 2, 1966.

J. K. KIRK,
Assistant Commissioner for Operations.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5021; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

PART 121—FOOD ADDITIVES

Subpart C—Food Additives Permitted in Feed and Drinking Water of Animals or for the Treatment of Food-Producing Animals

SUBCHAPTER C—DRUGS

PART 146c—CERTIFICATION OF CHLORTETRACYCLINE (OR TETRACYCLINE) AND CHLORTETRACYCLINE- (OR TETRACYCLINE-) CONTAINING DRUGS

Chlortetracycline

1. Based on a petition (FAP 5C1744) filed by American Cyanamid Co., Post Office Box 400, Princeton, N.J., 08540, an amendment to § 121.208 of the food additive regulations was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of October 20, 1965 (30 F.R. 13314), providing for the use of chlortetracycline in cattle feed as an aid in eliminating the carrier state of anaplasmosis, and specifying that such feeds may be administered to beef cattle and nonlactating dairy cows for 60 days.

Following publication, evidence was received indicating that under certain circumstances dairy cows may freshen in less than the 60-day period required for administration of the medicated feed. Since there are no data to assure, under these circumstances, the absence of residues of chlortetracycline in milk for human consumption taken from such treated cows, the Commissioner of Food and Drugs has concluded that the subject regulation should be amended to delete the provision relating to nonlactating dairy cows.

Therefore, pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 409(c), 72 Stat. 1786; 21 U.S.C. 348(c)), and under the authority delegated to the Commissioner by the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare (21 CFR 2.120; 31 F.R. 3008), § 121.208 *Chlortetracycline* is amended by deleting from paragraph (d), table 6, item 9, under "Limitations," the words "and nonlactating dairy cows".

2. Since the exemption from certification of the subject product is covered by § 144.26(b)(25), a reference to an exemption in § 146c.219 is unnecessary. Therefore, under the authority vested in the Secretary by the act (sec. 507, 59 Stat. 463, as amended; 21 U.S.C. 357), and delegated as cited above, § 146c.219 *Crude chlortetracycline oral veterinary* is amended by deleting subdivision (viii) from paragraph (f)(4).

Any person who will be adversely affected by the foregoing order may at any time within 30 days from the date of its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER file with the Hearing Clerk, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Room 5440, 330 Independence Avenue SW., Washington, D.C., 20201, written objections thereto, preferably in quintuplicate. Objections shall show wherein the person filing will be adversely affected by the order and specify with particularity the provisions of the order deemed objectionable and the grounds for the objections. If a hearing is requested, the objections must state the issues for the hearing. A hearing will be granted if the objections are supported by grounds legally sufficient to justify the relief sought. Objections may be accompanied by a memorandum or brief in support thereof.

Effective date. This order shall become effective on the date of its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Secs. 409(c), 507, 59 Stat. 463, as amended; 72 Stat. 1786; 21 U.S.C. 348(c), 357)

Dated: May 2, 1966.

J. K. KIRK,
Assistant Commissioner for Operations.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5020; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 31—MONEY AND FINANCE: TREASURY

Chapter II—Fiscal Service, Department of the Treasury

SUBCHAPTER B—BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT

PART 316—OFFERING OF UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS, SERIES E

PART 332—OFFERING OF UNITED STATES SAVINGS BONDS, SERIES H

Limitations on Holdings

The regulations set forth in Treasury Department Circulars No. 653, Seventh Revision (31 CFR Part 316), dated March 18, 1966, and No. 905, Fourth Revision (31 CFR Part 332), dated April 7, 1966, are hereby revised and amended in the form shown below. These amendments and revisions of the regulations are issued under authority of the Revised Statutes, section 161 (5 U.S.C. 22), and the Second Liberty Bond Act (31 U.S.C. 757c, 757c–1), both as amended.

The revisions and amendments, which increase the annual limitations on holdings of Series E and Series H savings bonds, are matters involving fiscal policy of the United States and public procedures thereon are unnecessary. The regulations, as revised and amended, were adopted on May 3, 1966.

Dated: May 3, 1966.

[SEAL] JOHN K. CARLOCK,
Fiscal Assistant Secretary.

1. Department Circular No. 653, Seventh Revision (31 CFR Part 316), dated March 18, 1966, is hereby revised and amended as follows:

§ 316.5 Limitation on holdings.

* * * * *

(a) *General limitation.* $20,000 (face value) for the calendar year 1966 and each calendar year thereafter.

* * * * *

2. Department Circular No. 905, Fourth Revision (31 CFR Part 332), dated April 7, 1966, is hereby revised and amended as follows:

§ 332.5 Limitations on holdings.

* * * * *

(a) *General limitation.* $30,000 (face value) for the calendar year 1966 and each calendar year thereafter.

* * * * *

(d) *Special limitation for gifts to exempt organizations under 26 CFR 1.501 (c)(3)–1.* $200,000 (face value) for the calendar year 1966 and each calendar year thereafter for bonds received as gifts by an organization which at the time of purchase was an exempt organization under the terms of 26 CFR 1.501(c)(3)–1.

[F.R. Doc. 66–5019; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter I—Office of the Secretary of Defense

SUBCHAPTER Q—CIVIL RIGHTS

PART 300—NONDISCRIMINATION IN FEDERALLY-ASSISTED PROGRAMS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE—EFFECTUATION OF TITLE VI OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964

Appendix A—Programs to Which This Part Applies

New Items 15. through 25. have been added to Appendix A to this Part 300, as follows:

APPENDIX A

PROGRAMS TO WHICH THIS PART APPLIES

* * * * *

15. Research grants made under the authority of Public Law 85–934 (42 United States Code 1892).

16. Contracts with nonprofit institutions of higher education or with nonprofit organizations whose primary purpose is the conduct of scientific research, wherein title to equipment purchased with funds under such contracts may be vested in such institutions or organizations under the authority of Public Law 85–934 (42 United States Code 1891).

17. Army Corps of Engineers participation in cooperative investigations and studies concerning erosion of shores of coastal and lake waters (33 United States Code 426).

18. Army Corps of Engineers assistance in the construction of works for the restoration and protection of shores and beaches (33 United States Code 426e–h).

19. Public park and recreational facilities at water resource development projects under the administrative jurisdiction of the Department of the Army (16 United States Code 460d and Federal Water Project Recreation Act, Public Law 89–72, 79 Stat. 218, July 9, 1965).

20. Payment to States of proceeds of lands acquired by the United States for flood control, navigation, and allied purposes (33 United States Code 701–c–3).

21. Grants of easements without consideration, or at a nominal or reduced consideration, on lands under the control of the Department of the Army at water resource development projects (33 United States Code 558c and 702d–1; 10 United States Code 2668 and 2669); 43 United States Code 961; 40 United States Code 319).

22. Army Corps of Engineers assistance in the construction of small boat harbor projects (33 United States Code 540 and 577, and 47 Stat. 42, Feb. 10, 1932).

23. Emergency bank protection works constructed by the Army Corps of Engineers for protection of highways, bridge approaches, and public works (33 United States Code 701r).

24. Assistance to States and local interests in the development of water supplies for municipal and industrial purposes in connection with Army Corps of Engineers reservoir projects (Water Supply Act of 1958, 43 United States Code 390b).

25. Army Corps of Engineers contracts for remedial works under authority of section 111 of Act of July 3, 1958 (33 United States Code 633).

(Pub. Law 88–352, Civil Rights Act of 1964; 78 Stat. 241, July 2, 1964)

MAURICE W. ROCHE,
Director, Correspondence and Directives Division, Office of Assistant Secretary of Defense (Administration).

MAY 3, 1966.

[F.R. Doc. 66–4990; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

Title 35—PANAMA CANAL

Chapter I—Canal Zone Regulations

PART 255—EMPLOYEE RESPONSIBILITIES AND CONDUCT

Authority To Issue Supplemental Instructions

NOTE: The amendment published as F.R. Document 66–4704 (31 F.R. 6491) was approved by the Civil Service Commission on April 6, 1966.

Title 41—PUBLIC CONTRACTS AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT

Chapter 101—Federal Property Management Regulations

SUBCHAPTER II—UTILIZATION AND DISPOSAL

PART 101–45—SALE, ABANDONMENT, OR DESTRUCTION OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

Equal Opportunity Clause in Contracts

Correction

In F.R. Doc. 66–4723, published at 31 F.R. 6491, the sixth line of paragraph (a) of the clause in § 101–45.4925 is corrected by changing the word "employer" to read "employed".

Title 47—TELECOMMUNICATION

Chapter I—Federal Communications Commission

[FCC 66–405]

PART 0—COMMISSION ORGANIZATION

PART 1—PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE

Reorganization of Safety and Special Radio Services Bureau

Order. At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D.C., on the 4th day of May 1966;

The Commission having under consideration its reorganization of the Safety and Special Radio Services Bureau; and

It appearing, that several of the Divisions in the Bureau have been consolidated and renamed and that the rules in Part 0 and 1 should be amended to reflect those changes and to describe the functions of the Bureau more accurately;

It further appearing, that the amendments adopted herein relate to agency organization and, hence, that the prior notice, procedure, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act are not applicable. Authority for the amendments adopted herein is contained in sections 4(i) and 5(d) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

It is ordered, That, effective May 9, 1966, Parts 0 and 1 of the Commission's rules are amended as set forth below.

Released: May 4, 1966.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,[1]

[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE, *Secretary.*

1. Section 0.131 is amended to read:

SAFETY AND SPECIAL RADIO SERVICES BUREAU

§ 0.131 Functions of the Bureau.

The Safety and Special Radio Services Bureau develops, recommends, and administers policies and programs for the development and regulation of the Safety and Special Radio Services. These services include nationwide and international uses of radio by persons, businesses, State, and local governments, and other organizations licensed to operate their own communication systems for their own use as an adjunct of their primary business or other activity. This program includes, among others, (1) the compulsory use of radio for safety at sea purposes, and (2) the regulation, jointly with the Common Carrier Bureau, of certain classes of radio stations which render communication service for hire. The Bureau performs the following functions:

(a) Advises and makes recommendations to the Commission and acts for the Commission in matters pertaining to the regulation and development of the Safety and Special Radio Services. These matters include: Rule making, waivers of rules, action on applications for authorizations, adjudicative hearings, enforcement activities, legislation, and defense matters.

(b) Participates in treaty activities and all phases of international conferences concerning the Safety and Special Radio Services.

(c) Conducts studies of frequency requirements in the Safety and Special Radio Services; recommends allocations of frequencies and drafts frequency assignment plans for these services.

(d) Studies technical requirements for equipment for the Safety and Special Radio Services in accordance with standards established by the Chief Engineer.

(e) Collaborates and coordinates with Federal and State Government agencies in matters involving the Safety and Special Radio Services.

(f) Advises and assists members of industry and user groups interested in the Safety and Special Radio Services.

2. Section 0.132 is amended to read:

§ 0.132 Units in the Bureau.

The detailed operations of the Bureau are performed within five major units, as follows:

(a) Legal, Advisory, and Enforcement Division;

(b) Industrial and Public Safety Rules Division;

(c) Industrial and Public Safety Facilities Division;

(d) Aviation and Marine Division; and

(e) Amateur and Citizens Division.

§§ 0.133–0.139 [Deleted]

3. Sections 0.133, 0.134, 0.135, 0.136, 0.137, 0.138, and 0.139 are deleted in their entirety.

4. Section 1.951 is amended to read:

§ 1.951 How applications are distributed.

(a) Amateur and Citizens Division: Amateur, Disaster, RACES, and Citizens.

(b) Aviation and Marine Division:

(1) Aviation Radio Services applications: Air Carrier Aircraft, Private Aircraft, Airdrome Control, Aeronautical En Route, Aeronautical Fixed, Operational Fixed (Aviation), Aeronautical Utility Mobile, Radionavigation (Aviation), Flight Test, Flying School, Aeronautical Public Service, Civil Air Patrol, Aeronautical Advisory, Aeronautical Metropolitan, Aeronautical Search and Rescue Mobile, and Aeronautical Multicom.

(2) Marine Radio Services applications: Public Coast Stations, Limited Coast Stations, Stations on Land in the Maritime Radiodetermination Service, Fixed Stations associated with the Maritime Mobile Service, Stations operated in the Land Mobile Service for maritime purposes, Stations on Shipboard in the Maritime Services, and Public Fixed Stations in Alaska.

(c) Industrial and Public Safety Facilities Division:

(1) Industrial Radio Services applications: Business, Forest Products, Industrial Radiolocation, Manufacturers, Motion Picture, Petroleum, Power, Relay Press, Special Industrial, and Telephone Maintenance.

(2) Land Transportation Radio Services applications: Motor Carrier, Railroad, Taxicab, and Automobile Emergency.

(3) Public Safety Radio Services applications: Fire, Forestry-Conservation, Highway Maintenance, Local Government, Police, Special Emergency, and State Guard.

(Secs. 4, 5, 48 Stat. 1066, 1068, as amended; 47 U.S.C. 154, 155)

[F.R. Doc. 66-5026; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

[1] Commissioner Bartley dissenting; Commissioners Loevinger and Wadsworth absent.

Title 49—TRANSPORTATION

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

SUBCHAPTER A—GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

[3d Rev. S.O. 977-A, Corrected]

PART 95—CAR SERVICE

Distribution of Boxcars

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, held in Washington, D.C., on the 4th day of May A.D. 1966.

Upon further consideration of Corrected Third Revised Service Order No. 977 (31 F.R. 6059) and good cause appearing therefor:

It is ordered, That § 95.977, *Service Order No. 977* relating to the distribution of boxcars, be and it is ordered vacated and set aside.

(Secs. 1, 12, 15, 24 Stat. 379, 383, 384, as amended; 49 U.S.C. 1, 12, 15, 17(2). Interprets or applies secs. 1(10–17), 15(4), 40 Stat. 101, as amended 54 Stat. 911; 49 U.S.C. 1(10–17), 15(4), 17(2))

It is further ordered, That this order shall become effective at 12:01 a.m., May 5, 1966; that copies of this order and direction shall be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of the order shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D.C., and by filing it with the Director, Office of the Federal Register.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] H. NEIL GARSON, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 66-5039; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

Title 50—WILDLIFE AND FISHERIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior

SUBCHAPTER C—THE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE SYSTEM

PART 33—SPORT FISHING

Necedah National Wildlife Refuge, Wis.

The following special regulation is effective on date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

§ 33.5 Special regulations; sport fishing; for individual wildlife refuge areas.

WISCONSIN

NECEDAH NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Sport fishing on the Necedah National Wildlife Refuge, Wis., is permitted only on the areas designated by signs as open

to fishing. The open area comprising 500 acres is delineated on a map available at the refuge headquarters and from the office of the Regional Director, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, 1006 West Lake Street, Minneapolis, Minn., 55408. Sport fishing shall be in accordance with all applicable State regulations subject to the following conditions:

(1) Open season: Daylight hours June 1, 1966, through September 30, 1966.

(2) The use of boats without motors is permitted.

The provisions of this special regulation supplement the regulations which govern fishing on wildlife areas generally, which are set forth in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 33, and are effective through September 30, 1966.

EDWARD J. COLLINS,
Refuge Manager,
Necedah National Wildlife Refuge.

APRIL 27, 1966.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5012; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

SUBCHAPTER D—MANAGEMENT OF WILDLIFE RESEARCH AREAS

PART 60—PATUXENT WILDLIFE RESEARCH CENTER

Hunting and Sport Fishing

The following special regulation is issued and is effective on date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

§ 60.11 Special regulations; hunting and sport fishing.

Sport fishing will be permitted on the Patuxent Wildlife Research Center, Md. The open area is confined to Snowden Pond, comprising 7 acres as delineated on a map available at the Center headquarters and from the office of the Director, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, Washington, D.C., 20240. Sport fishing is subject to the following conditions:

(a) Species permitted to be taken: Black bass and sunfish.

(b) Open season: June 1, 1966, through September 30, 1966; official sunrise to official sunset only.

(c) Daily creel limits: Black bass, 5; sunfish, no limit.

(d) Methods of fishing:

(1) Hook and line tackle and baits permitted by Maryland law, except that no live minnows or other fish may be used for bait.

(2) The use of boats, canoes, and similar floating devices, without motors, is permitted. Launching of boats is permitted only in the area designated by signs.

(e) Other provisions:

(1) The provisions of this special regulation supplement the regulations which govern fishing on the Patuxent Wildlife Research Center which are set forth in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 60.

(2) A Federal permit is required to fish. Anyone requesting a Federal permit must show evidence of having a Maryland State fishing license. A total of 200 permits will be issued in order of receipt of requests. Application should be made to the Director, Patuxent Wildlife Research Center, Laurel, Md., 20810. Each permit shall authorize the holder and members of his immediate family to fish.

(3) Each permittee is required to complete a fishing report form for each day fished, which will show the name of permittee, date of fishing, hours fished, type of bait used, and fish taken by species and size.

(4) The provisions of this special regulation are effective to October 1, 1966.

EUGENE H. DUSTMAN,
Director.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5013; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

Proposed Rule Making

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[43 CFR Part 3130]

COAL LEASES, PERMITS, AND LICENSES

Notice of Proposed Rule Making

Basis and purpose. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 (41 Stat. 437; 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.), as amended, the act of August 31, 1964 (Public Law 88–526; 78 Stat. 710), and section 2478 of the Revised Statutes (43 U.S.C. 1201), it is proposed to amend 43 CFR Part 3130, as set forth below.

A purpose of the amendments is to conform the existing regulations on acreage limitations to the new limits and to provide for development contracts for coal as provided by the act of August 31, 1964, supra. The regulations seek to encourage the exploration and development of coal deposits on the public domain in accordance with the stated purpose of the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920.

In recognition of the policy announced by Congress that the public lands of the United States shall be retained and managed or disposed of, in such a manner as to provide the maximum benefit for the general public and consistent with the President's message on natural beauty of our country, the Classification and Multiple Use (43 U.S.C. 1411–18) and Public Sales Acts (43 U.S.C. 1421–1427); the Land and Water Conservation Act (78 Stat. 897); the Appalachia Regional Development Act (79 Stat. 5); the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 466), and in accordance with the policy of the Department to enhance and preserve the natural aesthetic values of the land, to minimize damages thereto and to other resource values, a new section has been added to govern surface use of coal lessees and permittees, and thus, to provide a means for protection of the surface from unnecessary and irreparable damage, and to protect our lakes and streams from pollution and waste.

Perfecting amendments have been made as follows:

(a) The sections relating to permit and compliance bonds have been amended to be consistent with the bond requirements for mineral leases and permits.

(b) To permit the leasing of unsurveyed lands and to make the leasing section consistent with the application section, an amendment has been made to permit leases to be described by protracted surveys and by metes and bounds.

(c) The requirements of a statement as to whether applicant is native-born or naturalized citizen has been deleted, it being sufficient to secure a statement that he is a citizen.

(d) The requirement for the submission of a statement showing the full consideration in the transfer of a permit or lease if the transfer instrument fails to show the true consideration has been eliminated. This requirement serves no useful purpose and its elimination has no adverse effect.

It is the policy of the Department of the Interior whenever practicable, to afford the public an opportunity to participate in the rule making process. Accordingly, interested persons may submit written comments, suggestions, or objections with respect to the proposed amendments to the Bureau of Land Management, Washington, D.C., within 30 days of the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

1. Section 3131.1 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

§ 3131.1 Acreage limitations.

(a) Except where the rule of approximation applies, a permit may not exceed 5,120 acres. The rule of approximation applies to applications for prospecting permits only where elimination of the smallest legal subdivision involved would result in a deficiency of area under 5,120 acres greater than the excess over 5,120 acres resulting from the inclusion of such subdivision. A permit shall include contiguous tracts, or tracts in reasonably compact form.

(b) The act of August 31, 1964 (78 Stat. 710), has eliminated the limitation on the acreage that may be included in any one leasing tract. However, the authorized officer, after consultation with the mining supervisor of Geological Survey, in determining the amount of acreage to be included in one leasing tract shall take into consideration the area required for plant facilities, and such other data as may be pertinent. A lease shall include contiguous tracts, except in cases where noncontiguous tracts can be efficiently worked as a single mine or unit.

(c) Except as hereinafter stated, no person, association or corporation may hold at one time coal leases or permits exceeding 46,080 acres in any one State, whether directly through the ownership of such leases and permits, or interest therein, and applications therefor, or indirectly as a member of an association or as a stockholder of a corporation holding such leases and permits, or interest therein, and applications therefor. In computing acreage holdings or control, the accountable acreage of a party owning an undivided interest in a lease or permit shall be such party's proportionate part of the total lease and permit acreage. Likewise, the accountable acreage of a party owning an interest in a corporation or association shall be such party's proportionate part of the corporation's or association's accountable acreage except that no person shall be charged with his pro rata share of any acreage holdings of any association or corporation, unless he is the beneficial owner of more than 10 percent of the stock or other instruments of ownership or control of such association or corporation.

(d) A person, association, or corporation may file with the Manager of the appropriate land office an application or applications for coal leases or permits for acreage in addition to the 46,080 acres, which application or applications shall be in multiples of 40 acres, not exceeding a total of 5,120 additional acres in any one State, and shall contain a statement showing that the granting of a lease or permit for such additional lands is necessary to carry on business economically and is in the public interest.

(e) Upon the filing of an application for additional lands as specified in paragraph (d) of this section, the coal deposits in the lands covered thereby shall be temporarily set aside and withdrawn from all forms of disposal under the Act.

(f) Notice of all applications filed for additional lands as specified in paragraph (d) of this section shall be posted in the appropriate land office, and the authorized officer shall conduct public hearings thereon. However, the authorized officer in determining the amount of additional acreage to be granted under this section shall take into consideration the area required for plant facilities and such other data as may be pertinent. Thereafter and to the extent necessary for the applicant to carry on business economically, the authorized officer may issue coal leases or permits to the applicant for additional acreage of not more than 5,120 acres, subject to such terms and conditions as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior. Such terms and conditions may require the payment either of cash bonus per acre or fraction thereof or a rental and royalty rate different from that required by the original leases or permits, or both.

2. Paragraph (b) of § 3131.2 is amended to read as follows:

§ 3131.2 Qualifications of applicant.

* * * * *

(b) Every applicant for coal permit or lease must show that, with the area applied for, his or its interest or interests in such permits, leases and applications therefor, directly or indirectly, do not exceed in the aggregate of 46,080 acres in any one State.

* * * * *

3. A new section is added to Subpart 3131 to read as follows:

§ 3131.5 Cooperative conservation provisions.

§ 3131.5–1 General.

Objectives. For the purpose of more properly conserving the natural resources of any coal field or prospective coal area, or any part or zone thereof and to permit an orderly, efficient, and economic development of such coal fields, the act operative agreements among lessees or permittees and their representatives if such agreements or contracts are certified by the Secretary of the Interior to be necessary or advisable in the public interest. It also permits him to enter into a development contract with a single lessee and to consolidate the leases or permits of one or more lessees or permittees.

§ 3131.5–2 Types of contracts.

In order to carry out the objectives of the act as set forth in § 3131.5–1, the Secretary may:

(a) Approve collective contracts of lessees and permittees and their representatives, for prospecting, development, or operation of coal fields or prospective coal areas, or any part or zone thereof.

(b) Enter, for the same purposes, into a development contract with a single lessee or permittee embracing his leases or permits.

(c) Consolidate separate Federal permits or leases of one or more lessees or permittees into a lesser number of permits or leases, or into a single permit or lease.

§ 3131.5–3 Special provisions of contracts.

(a) A contract approved hereunder shall not provide for an apportionment of production or royalties among the separate tracts comprising the contract area, but may provide for the commingling of production with appropriate allocation to the tracts from which produced. In connection with any contract approved or executed or with any consolidation accomplished under this subpart, the authorized officer may, with the consent of the party or parties involved, establish, alter, change, or revoke mining, producing, rental, minimum royalty, and royalty requirements of such leases or permits or contracts.

(b) In the case of any contract between lessees or their representatives, or between them and others for collective development or operation of any coal field or coal area, or any part or zone thereof, such arrangement as the working interest owners may enter into for the sharing or division of production among them shall not be deemed to be an apportionment of production or royalties among the separate tracts comprising the contract area.

§ 3131.5–4 Approval of contracts and exemption from acreage limitations.

Coal leases and permits operated under a contract approved or executed by the Secretary pursuant to the provisions of this subpart may be excepted from acreage limitations or maximum holdings or control imposed by the Act, if it be determined that such exception is required to permit economic development of the coal resources and is otherwise consistent with the public interest.

§ 3131.5–5 Application for approval.

A contract submitted for approval under this subpart should be filed with the appropriate land office, together with enough copies to permit retention of five copies after approval. It should be accompanied by a statement showing all the interests held by the contractor in the area or field and the proposed or agreed plan of operation or development of the field. All the contracts held by the same contractor in the area or field should be submitted for approval at the same time, and full disclosure of the project made. Complete details must be furnished in order that the Secretary may have facts upon which to make a definite determination in accordance with the provisions of the act, and to prescribe the conditions on which approval of the contracts is made.

§ 3131.5–6 Common carrier railroads.

Any company or corporation operating a common-carrier railroad which may be a party to a cooperative agreement or development contract with a Federal lessee under this subpart, to develop its own lands in connection with or in cooperation with a Federal lessee or lessees shall not be deemed to be given or hold a lease by virtue of any such arrangement between the working interest owners.

4. A new section is added to Subpart 3131 to read as follows:

§ 3131.6 Surface use.

§ 3131.6–1 General.

(a) *Objectives.* It is the policy of the Department to encourage the exploration of and development of the coal deposits of the public lands and at the same time to minimize damages to other resources and values, both on site and off site, of the lands containing such deposits and all adjacent lands. In furtherance of this policy, each lessee and permittee will be required to follow sound, multiple-use conservation practices in exploration for and the mining of coal.

§ 3131.6–2 Conditions of leases and permits; surface use.

All leases and permits issued under this part will contain terms and conditions sufficient to carry out the objectives and provisions of the regulations in this part, including but not limited to the control of the location and specifications for roads, trails, drill and other holes, and shots; the adoption of safety precautions, including location of shot holes and abandonment of shot holes, use and care of explosives as it may affect surface resources and uses, and rates of travel; control of cross county movement of vehicles; specifications of land, resources and improvements, repair and rehabilitation measures, including revegetation of disturbed areas; protection of livestock, improvements, and special resource values; and use of water, and prevention of its waste or pollution.

§ 3131.6–3 Protection of the surface, natural resources and improvements.

The authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management will reduce to writing the general practices which are deemed necessary to carry out the objectives in § 3131.6–1. These practices may include, but need not be limited to, the activities to be undertaken or to be avoided in order to prevent operations from unnecessarily: (a) Causing or contributing to soil erosion or damaging any forage and timber growth thereon; (b) polluting the waters of springs, streams, wells or reservoirs; (c) damaging crops, including forage, timber, or improvements of a surface owner; or (d) damaging range improvements whether owned by the United States or by its grazing permittees or lessees. The permittee or lessee will thereafter conduct his operations consistent with these prescribed practices. Upon a partial or total relinquishment or the cancellation or expiration of a lease, or at any time prior thereto when deemed necessary, the lessee will be required to fill any sump holes, ditches, and other excavations, to remove or cover all debris, and, so far as reasonably possible, restore the surface of the leased land to its former condition, including the revegetation of disturbed areas and the removal of structures as and if required.

5. Paragraph (c) of § 3132.1–1 is amended to read as follows:

§ 3132.1–1 Leasing units.

* * * * *

(c) Leasing units may include, in whole or in part, unsurveyed land. If unsurveyed, protracted surveys may be used when the protracted surveys have been approved and the effective date thereof published in the FEDERAL REGISTER. If the lands have neither been surveyed on the ground nor shown on the records as protracted surveys, the lease may describe the lands by metes and bounds.

6. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of § 3132.1–2 are amended to read as follows:

§ 3132.1–2 Leasing of additional coal deposits.

(a) Under section 3 of the Act (30 U.S.C. 203), a lessee may obtain a modification of his lease to include coal lands or coal deposits contiguous to those embraced in his lease if the authorized officer determines that it will be to the advantage of the lessee and the United States. The lessee shall file his application for modification in duplicate in the proper land office, describing the additional lands desired, the needs and reasons for and the advantage to the lessee of such modification. Upon determination by the authorized officer that the modification is justified and that the interest of the United States is protected, the lease will be modified without competitive bidding to include such part of the land or deposits as he shall prescribe. If however, it is determined that the additional lands or deposits can be developed as part of an independent operation or that there is a competitive interest in them, they may be offered as provided in § 3132.4–2.

(b) Under section 4 of the Act (30 U.S.C. 204) upon satisfactory showing by the lessee that all of the workable deposits of coal within a tract covered by the lease will be exhausted, worked out or removed within three years thereafter, an additional tract of land or coal deposit may be leased. Application shall be filed in duplicate in the proper land office and shall contain a description of the lands requested, estimated recoverable reserves, future plan of operation for such reserves and for any lands requested and the proposed method of entry into such lands. If the lands or coal deposits or any part thereof are found to constitute an acceptable leasing unit, they will be offered for leasing as provided in § 3132.4–2. If the applicant be the successful bidder and the additional lands can be practicably operated with the applicant's leasehold as a single mine or unit, the additional lands may be included in a modified lease.

* * * * *

7. Subparagraphs (2), (3), and (5) of § 3132.2(a) are amended to read as follows:

§ 3132.2 Application for lease.

(a) * * *

(2) Proof of citizenship: If applicant is an individual, a statement as to his citizenship; if an association (including a partnership), it must submit a certified copy of the articles of association and a statement by its members as to their citizenship and holdings. If the applicant is a corporation, it must submit statements showing (i) the State in which it is incorporated; (ii) that it is authorized to hold leases and permits for coal deposits, and the names of the officers authorized to act in such matters in behalf of the corporation; (iii) the percentage of the corporate voting stock and of all the stock owned by aliens or those having addresses outside of the United States; and (iv) the name, address, citizenship, and acreage holdings of any stockholder owning or controlling 20 percent or more of the corporate stock of any class. If more than 10 percent of the stock is owned or controlled by or on behalf of aliens, or persons who have addresses outside of the United States, the corporation must give their names and addresses, the amount and class of stock held by each, and to the extent known to the corporation or which can be reasonably ascertained by it, the facts as to the citizenship of each. A municipality must submit evidence of: (*a*) The manner in which it is organized; (*b*) that it is authorized to hold a permit or lease; and (*c*) that the action proposed has been duly authorized by its governing body. Where such material has previously been filed a reference by serial number to the record in which it has been filed, together with a statement as to any amendments will be accepted.

(3) A statement of interests, direct or indirect, in other coal leases, permits, or applications thereof on Federal and non-Federal lands in the State in which the lease is desired, and the estimated reserve of coal that applicant has from any source, identifying the Federal leases by serial numbers, and whether such Federal interests, when added to the acreage covered by the application, exceed the aggregate of 46,080 acres in the State. A railroad company or corporation operating a common carrier must state that its interests, together with the acreage covered by the application, do not exceed in the aggregate 10,240 acres.

* * * * *

(5) The showing specified in § 3131.2 (c).

* * * * *

8. Section 3132.3–1 is amended to read as follows:

§ 3132.3–1 Compliance bond.

A compliance bond in an amount to be determined by the authorized officer but not less than $1,000 will be required prior to the issuance of a lease. The right is reserved at any time before or after issuance of a lease to require an increase in the amount of the bond whether a corporate, personal, or individual surety bond, in any case where the Bureau of Land Management deems it proper to do so.

9. Paragraph (b) of § 3132.7 is amended to read as follows:

§ 3132.7 Cancellation of lease.

* * * * *

(b) A lease or permit issued pursuant to § 3131.1(f) may be canceled by the authorized officer, if the cancellation is in the public interest or the coal deposits in the lands covered thereby are no longer necessary for the lessee or permittee to carry on business economically or if the lessee or permittee has divested himself of all or any part of the original 46,080 acres or no longer has facilities for the exploitation of the deposits under lease or permit. However, such lessee or permittee will be given notice of the proposed cancellation and afforded an opportunity of submitting evidence showing why the lease or permit should not be canceled.

10. Paragarph (a) of § 3133.4 is amended to read as follows:

§ 3133.4 Permit bond.

(a) The applicant must furnish a corporate surety bond or a personal bond on a form prescribed by the Director conditioned upon compliance with all the terms of the prospecting permit. The bond shall be in an amount to be determined by the authorized officer, but not less than $1,000.

* * * * *

11. Paragraph (a) of § 3134.1 is amended to read as follows:

§ 3134.1 Transfers, including subleases.

(a) Permits and leases may be transferred, in whole or in part to any person, association, or corporation qualified to hold such leases and permits. The approval of a transfer of only part of the lands described in a permit or lease will create a new permit or lease which will be given a current serial number but a discovery on lands under one permit will not inure to the benefit of the other. The approval of such a transfer will not extend the life of the permit or the readjustment periods of the lease. Transfers of permits and leases, whether by direct assignments, working agreements, transfer of royalty interests, subleases or otherwise, must be filed for approval within 90 days from final execution and must contain evidence of the qualifications of the assignee or transferee, consisting of the same showing required of a lease or permit applicant by § 3132.2. If a bond is necessary it must be furnished. Transfers of record title interest must be filed in triplicate. A single executed copy of all other instruments of transfer is sufficient. A transfer will take effect the first day of the month following its final approval by the Bureau of Land Management, or if the transferee requests, the first day of the month of the approval.

* * * * *

STEWART L. UDALL,
Secretary of the Interior.

MAY 2, 1966.

[F.R. Doc. 66–5014; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

[43 CFR Part 3160]

PHOSPHATE LEASES AND PERMITS

Notice of Proposed Rule Making

Basis and purpose. Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 (41 Stat. 437; 30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.), as amended, the act of August 31, 1964 (Public Law 88–548; 78 Stat. 754), and section 2478 of the Revised Statutes (43 U.S.C. 1201), it is proposed to amend 43 CFR Part 3160 as set forth below.

A purpose of the amendments is to conform the existing regulations on acreage limitations to the new limits as established by the act of August 31, 1964, supra.

In recognition of the policy announced by Congress that the public lands of the United States shall be retained and managed or disposed of, in such a manner as to provide the maximum benefit for the general public and consistent with the President's Message on Natural Beauty of our Country, the Classification and Multiple Use Act (43 U.S.C. 1411–18), the Public Sales Act (43 U.S.C. 1421–27), the Land and Water Conservation Act (78 Stat. 897), the Appalachia Regional Development Act (79 Stat. 5), the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 466), and in accordance with the policy of the Department to encourage and preserve the natural aesthetic values of the land, to minimize damages thereto and to other resource values, a new section has been added to govern surface use by phosphate lessees and permittees, and thus, to provide a means for protection of the surface from unnecessary and irreparable damage, and to protect our lakes and streams from pollution and waste.

The sections relating to permit and compliance bonds have been amended to be consistent with the bond requirements for other leases and permits and the requirement for a statement as to whether applicant is native-born or naturalized citizen has been deleted, it being sufficient to secure a statement that he is a citizen.

It is the policy of the Department of the Interior whenever practicable, to afford the public an opportunity to participate in the rule making process. Accordingly, interested persons may submit written comments, suggestions, or objections with respect to the proposed amendments to the Bureau of Land Management, Washington, D.C., within 30 days of the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

1. Subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a) of § 3161.1 is amended to read as follows:

§ 3161.1 Area; limitations on holding; term.

(a) * * *

(1) No person, association, or corporation, may hold at any one time more than 20,480 acres in the United States, whether directly through the ownership of phosphate leases, permits, and applications therefor or interests in them, or indirectly through association membership or stock ownership. In computing acreage holdings or control, the accountable acreage of a party owning an undivided interest in a lease or permit shall be such party's proportionate part of the total lease and permit acreage. Likewise the accountable acreage of a party owning an interest in a corporation or association shall be his proportionate part of the corporation's or association's acreage except that no person shall be charged with his pro rata share of any accountable acreage except that no person shall be charged with his pro rata share of any acreage holdings of any association or corporation unless he is the beneficial owner of more than 10 per centum of the stock or other instruments of ownership or control of such association or corporation.

* * * * *

2. Subparagraph (1) of paragraph (b) of § 3161.2 is amended to read as follows:

§ 3161.2 Qualifications of applicant.

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(1) If an individual, a statement as to citizenship.

* * * * *

3. Section 3161.3–4 is amended to read as follows:

§ 3161.3–4 Permit bond.

Prior to the issuance of the permit the applicant must furnish a bond in an amount to be determined by the authorized officer, but not less than $1,000.

4. A new section is added to Subpart 3161 to read as follows:

§ 3161.4 Surface use.

§ 3161.4–1 General.

Objectives. It is the policy of the Department to encourage the exploration of and development of the phosphate deposits of the public lands and at the same time to minimize damages to other resources and values, both on site and off site, of the lands containing such deposits and all adjacent lands. In furtherance of this policy, each lessee and permittee will be required to follow sound, multiple-use conservation practices in exploration for and the mining of phosphate.

§ 3161.4–2 Conditions of leases and permits; surface use.

All leases and permits issued under this part will contain terms and conditions sufficient to carry out the objectives and provisions of the regulations in this part, including but not limited to the control of the location and specifications for roads, trails, drill, and other holes, and shots; the adoption of safety precautions, including location of shot holes and abandonment of shot holes, use and care of explosives as it may affect surface resources and uses, and rates of travel; control of cross country movement of vehicles; specifications of land, resources and improvements repair and rehabilitation measures, including revegetation of disturbed areas; protection of livestock, improvements, and special resource values; and use of water, and prevention of its waste or pollution.

§ 3161.4–3 Protection of the surface, natural resources and improvements.

The authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management will reduce to writing the general practices which are deemed necessary to carry out the objectives in § 3161.4–1. These practices may include, but need not be limited to, the activities to be undertaken or to be avoided in order to prevent operations from unnecessarily: (a) Causing or contributing to soil erosion or damaging any forage and timber growth thereon; (b) polluting the waters of springs, streams, wells, or reservoirs; (c) damaging crops, including forage, timber, or improvements of a surface owner; or (d) damaging range improvements whether owned by the United States or by its grazing permittees or lessees. The permittee or lessee will thereafter conduct his operations consistent with these prescribed practices. Upon a partial or total relinquishment or the cancellation or expiration of a lease, or at any time prior thereto when deemed necessary, the lessee will be required to fill any sump holes, ditches and other excavations, to remove or cover all debris, and, so far as reasonably possible, restore the surface of the leased land to its former condition, including the revegetation of disturbed areas and the removal of structures as and if required.

5. Section 3162.2 is amended to read as follows:

§ 3162.2 Lease bond.

A compliance bond in an amount to be determined by the authorized officer but not less than $1,000 will be required prior to the issuance of a lease. The right is reserved at any time before or after issuance of the lease to require an increase of the amount of the bond, whether a corporate or personal bond, in any case where the Bureau of Land Management deems it proper to do so.

STEWART L. UDALL,
Secretary of the Interior.

MAY 2, 1966.

[F.R. Doc. 66–5015; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY

[14 CFR Part 71]

[Airspace Docket No. 66–WE–29]

TRANSITION AREA

Proposed Designation

The Federal Aviation Agency is considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations and proposes the following airspace action in the Prosser, Wash., area:

Designate the Prosser, Wash., transition area as that airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the ground within 7 miles NE and 5 miles SW of the Pendleton, Oreg., VORTAC 311° radial extending from 40 miles to 60 miles NW of the VORTAC.

The proposed transition area is required to provide protection for en route aircraft holding SE of the Prosser, Wash., INT (Pendleton, Oreg., VORTAC 311° radial and Pasco, Wash., VOR 262° radial).

Interested persons may participate in the proposed rule making by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in triplicate to the Director, Western Region, Attention: Chief, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Agency, 5651 West Manchester Avenue, Post Office Box 90007, Airport Station, Los Angeles, Calif., 90009. All communications received within 45 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER will be considered before action is taken on the proposed amendment. No public hearing is contemplated at this time, but arrangements for informal conferences with Federal Aviation Agency officials may be made by contacting the Regional Air Traffic Division Chief. Any data, views, or arguments presented during such conferences must also be submitted in writing in accordance with this notice in order to become part of the record for consideration. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in the light of comments received.

A Public Docket will be available for examination by interested persons in the Office of the Regional Counsel, Federal Aviation Agency, 5651 West Manchester Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif., 90045.

This amendment is proposed under the authority of sec. 307(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended (72 Stat. 749; 49 U.S.C. 1348).

Issued in Los Angeles, Calif., on April 29, 1966.

LEE E. WARREN,
Acting Director, Western Region.

[F.R. Doc. 66–4995; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[14 CFR Part 71]

[Airspace Docket No. 66-WE-30]

TRANSITION AREA

Proposed Designation

The Federal Aviation Agency is considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations which would designate a transition area in the Mullan Pass, Idaho, area as follows:

That airspace extending upward from 8,500 feet MSL within 6 miles N and 9 miles S of the Mullan Pass VORTAC 095° and 275° radials, extending from 8 miles E to 15 miles W of the VORTAC.

The proposed transition area is required to provide controlled airspace for aircraft executing prescribed holding procedures at the Mullan Pass, Idaho, VORTAC.

Interested persons may participate in the proposed rule making by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in triplicate to the Director, Western Region, Attention: Chief, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Agency, 5651 West Manchester Avenue, Post Office Box 90007, Airport Station, Los Angeles, Calif., 90009. All communications received within 45 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER will be considered before action is taken on the proposed amendment. No public hearing is contemplated at this time, but arrangements for informal conferences with Federal Aviation Agency officials may be made by contacting the Regional Air Traffic Division Chief. Any data, views, or arguments presented during such conferences must also be submitted in writing in accordance with this notice in order to become part of the record for consideration. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in the light of comments received.

A Public Docket will be available for examination by interested persons in the Office of the Regional Counsel, Federal Aviation Agency, 5651 West Manchester Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif., 90045.

This amendment is proposed under the authority of section 307(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended (72 Stat. 749; 49 U.S.C. 1348).

Issued in Los Angeles, Calif., on April 29, 1966.

LEE E. WARREN,
Acting Director, Western Region.

[F.R. Doc. 66-4996; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[14 CFR Part 71]

[Airspace Docket No. 66-WE-31]

TRANSITION AREA

Proposed Designation

The Federal Aviation Agency is considering an amendment to Part 71 of the Federal Aviation Regulations which would accomplish the following airspace action:

Designate the Beverly, Wash., transition area as that airspace extending upward from 5,500 feet MSL within 7 miles NW and 11 miles SE of the Ephrata VOR 221° radial, extending from 32 miles to 62 miles SW of the VOR.

This transition area is required to provide controlled airspace for aircraft executing prescribed holding procedures SW of Beverly INT (Ephrata, Wash., VOR 221° and Ellensburg, Wash., VORTAC 106° radials).

Interested persons may participate in the proposed rule making by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in triplicate to the Director, Western Region, Attention: Chief, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Agency, 5651 West Manchester Avenue, Post Office Box 90007, Airport Station, Los Angeles, Calif., 90009. All communications received within 45 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER will be considered before action is taken on the proposed amendment. No public hearing is contemplated at this time, but arrangements for informal conferences with Federal Aviation Agency officials may be made by contacting the Regional Air Traffic Division Chief. Any data, views, or arguments presented during such conferences must also be submitted in writing in accordance with this notice in order to become part of the record for consideration. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in the light of comments received.

A Public docket will be available for examination by interested persons in the Office of the Regional Counsel, Federal Aviation Agency, 5651 West Manchester Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif., 90045.

This amendment is proposed under the authority of sec. 307(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended (72 Stat. 749; 49 U.S.C. 1348).

Issued in Los Angeles, Calif., on April 29, 1966.

LEE E. WARREN,
Acting Director, Western Region.

[F.R. Doc. 66-4997; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[47 CFR Part 73]

[Docket No. 16574]

PROCEDURES IN EVENT OF PERSONAL ATTACK OR WHERE STATION EDITORIALIZES AS TO POLITICAL CANDIDATES

Order Extending Time for Filing Comments

1. A notice of proposed rule making was released in this proceeding on April 8, 1966. Comments were to be filed by May 16, 1966, with reply comments due on May 31, 1966. The National Association of Broadcasters, in a petition filed on April 25, 1966, requests a 35-day extension of time. In support of its request, the NAB asserts that more time is needed to evaluate the proposed rules because of the extreme importance of the Commission's "fairness" doctrine to the broadcasting industry.

2. An extension of the period for filing comments and reply comments appears warranted. *Accordingly, it is ordered,* Pursuant to authority contained in sections 4(i) and 5(d)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and § 0.251(b) of the rules of practice and procedure, this 4th day of May 1966, that the time for filing comments in this proceeding is extended from May 16, 1966, to June 20, 1966, and the time for filing reply comments is extended from May 31, 1966, to July 5, 1966.

Released: May 4, 1966.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5027; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

[46 CFR Part 512]

[Docket No. 66-20]

REPORTS OF RATE BASE AND INCOME ACCOUNT BY VESSEL OPERATING COMMON CARRIERS IN DOMESTIC OFFSHORE TRADES

Enlargement of Time for Filing Comments

At the request of Alcoa Steamship Co., and good cause appearing, time within which written statements, data, views, or comments may be submitted in this proceeding is enlarged to and including May 23, 1966, for all interested persons.

By the Commission:

[SEAL] THOMAS LISI,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-4999; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[46 CFR Part 513]

[Docket No. 66-19]

AUDITS AND AUDITING PROCEDURES

Enlargement of Time for Filing Comments

At the request of Alcoa Steamship Co., and good cause appearing, time within which written statements, data, views, or comments may be submitted in this proceeding is enlarged to and including May 23, 1966, for all interested persons.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] THOMAS LISI,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5000; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[Utah 069117]

UTAH

Notice of Termination of Proposed Withdrawal and Reservation of Lands

APRIL 29, 1966.

Notice of an application Serial No. Utah 069117, for withdrawal and reservation of lands was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER for February 1, 1962. The applicant agency has canceled its application insofar as it involved the lands described below. Therefore, pursuant to the regulations contained in 43 CFR, Subpart 2311, such lands will be relieved of the segregative effect of the above identified application at 10 a.m., m.s.t., on Friday, May 6, 1966.

The lands involved in this notice of termination are:

SALT LAKE MERIDIAN, UTAH

T. 42 S., R. 16 W.,
Sec. 15, W½W½SW¼SE¼SW¼.

The area described contains 2½ acres.

R. D. NIELSON,
State Director.

[F.R. Doc. 66-4950; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:45 a.m.]

[Order 701, Amdt. 2]

DISTRICT MANAGERS

Redelegation of Authority Regarding Lands and Resources

NOTE: Federal Register Document 66-4978 (dated Apr. 15, 1966), published at 31 F.R. 6794, was superseded by Federal Register Document 66-4775 (dated Apr. 26, 1966), published at 31 F.R. 6594.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Office of the Secretary

OREGON

Designation of Area for Emergency Loans

For the purpose of making emergency loans pursuant to section 321 of the Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961 (7 U.S.C. 1961), it has been determined that in the hereinafter-named county in the State of Oregon a natural disaster has caused a need for agricultural credit not readily available from commercial banks, cooperative lending agencies, or other responsible sources.

OREGON

Umatilla.

Pursuant to the authority set forth above, emergency loans will not be made in the above-named county after June 30, 1967, except to applicants who previously received emergency or special livestock loan assistance and who can qualify under established policies and procedures.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 3d day of May 1966.

ORVILLE L. FREEMAN,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5037; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

UTAH

Extension of Designation of Areas for Emergency Loans

For the purpose of making emergency loans pursuant to section 321 of the Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961 (7 U.S.C. 1961), it has been determined that in the hereinafter-named counties in the State of Utah a natural disaster has caused a continuing need for agricultural credit not readily available from commercial banks, cooperative lending agencies, or other responsible sources.

Utah	*Present designation*
Box Elder	30 F.R. 6927
Davis	30 F.R. 6927
Salt Lake	30 F.R. 6927
Utah	30 F.R. 6927
Weber	30 F.R. 6927

Pursuant to the authority set forth above, emergency loans will not be made in the above-named counties after June 30, 1967, except to applicants who previously received emergency or special livestock loan assistance and who can qualify under established policies and procedures.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 3d day of May 1966.

ORVILLE L. FREEMAN,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5038; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Food and Drug Administration

HAZLETON LABORATORIES, INC.

Notice of Filing of Petition for Food Additive Diethyl Pyrocarbonate

Pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 409(b)(5), 72 Stat. 1786; 21 U.S.C. 348 (b)(5)), notice is given that a petition (FAP 6H2011) has been filed by Hazleton Laboratories, Inc., Post Office Box 30, Falls Church, Va., 22046, proposing an amendment to § 121.1117 *Diethyl pyrocarbonate* to provide for the safe use of diethyl pyrocarbonate in amounts not exceeding 150 parts per million to inhibit microbiological spoilage of fermented malt beverages. The petition also would limit to not more than 0.5 part per million the amount of diethyl pyrocarbonate and not more than 5 parts per million the amount of diethyl carbonate in the treated fermented malt beverage when tested 24 hours after the time of packaging.

Dated: April 29, 1966.

J. K. KIRK,
Assistant Commissioner for Operations.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5022; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

S. C. JOHNSON & SON, INC.

Notice of Filing of Petitions for Food Additives

Pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (sec. 409(b)(5), 72 Stat. 1786; 21 U.S.C. 348 (b)(5)), notice is given that petitions (FAPs 5B1710, 5B1711, 5B1712) have been filed by S. C. Johnson & Son, Inc., 1525 Howe Street, Racine, Wis., 53403, proposing an amendment to §§ 121.2507 *Cellophane*, 121.2514 *Resinous and polymeric coatings*, and 121.2569 *Resinous and polymeric coatings for polyolefin films* to provide for the safe use of 4,4-bis (4-hydroxyphenyl) pentanoic acid-modified polyamide resins in coatings for food-contact use.

Dated: May 2, 1966.

J. K. KIRK,
Assistant Commissioner for Operations.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5023; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

Office of the Secretary

ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR MORTGAGE CREDIT AND FEDERAL HOUSING COMMISSIONER

Delegation of Authority With Respect to Community Disposition Activities

The Assistant Secretary for Mortgage Credit and Federal Housing Commissioner, Department of Housing and Urban Development (herein called the

Assistant Secretary), is hereby authorized to exercise the following authority, transferred to the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development (herein called the Secretary) under section 5(a) of the Department of Housing and Urban Development Act (5 U.S.C. 624c), with respect to the activities listed below:

I. *Disposition of certain Government-owned property at AEC Communities of Oak Ridge, Tenn.; Richland, Wash.; and Los Alamos, N. Mex.* To execute the functions, powers, and duties authorized under Executive Order 10657 of February 14, 1956 (21 F.R. 1063, Feb. 16, 1956), as amended by Executive Order 10734 of October 17, 1957 (22 F.R. 8275, Oct. 22, 1957), and Executive Order 11105 of April 18, 1963 (28 F.R. 3909, Apr. 20, 1963), with respect to the disposition of certain Government-owned property at the Atomic Energy Commission communities of Oak Ridge, Tenn., Richland, Wash., and Los Alamos, N. Mex., pursuant to the Atomic Energy Community Act of 1955, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2301), except the Secretary's power to make the finding required under section 51 of the Act (42 U.S.C. 2341).

II. *Disposition of Greentown Projects and subsistence homesteads.* To execute the functions, powers, and duties authorized under the Act of June 29, 1936, 49 Stat. 2035; the Act of May 19, 1949, 63 Stat. 68; and section 4(b) of Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1947, 61 Stat. 955 (5 U.S.C. 133y—133y–16 note).

III. *Disposition of emergency housing properties.* To execute the functions, powers, and duties authorized under Public Law 781, 76th Cong. (54 Stat. 883); Public Law 849, 76th Cong., as amended (Lanham Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 1521), and Reorganization Plan No. 17 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1269); Public Laws 9, 73, and 353, 77th Cong., as amended (55 Stat. 14, 198, and 818, as amended); and Title II of Public Law 266, 81st Cong. (63 Stat. 659).

IV. *Authority to endorse checks.* To endorse any checks or drafts in payment of insurance losses on which the United States of America, acting by and through the Housing and Home Finance Administrator or the Secretary, or the successors or assigns of either of them, is a payee (joint or otherwise) in connection with the disposition of the Government's interest in property at such communities or lease of such property.

V. *Authority to redelegate.* To redelegate any of the authority herein delegated to one or more employees under his jurisdiction.

VI. *Conclusive evidence of authority.* Any instrument or document executed in the name of the Secretary by an employee of the Department of Housing and Urban Development under the authority of this delegation purporting to relinquish or transfer any right, title, or interest in or to real or personal property shall be conclusive evidence of the authority of such employee to act for the Secretary in executing such instrument or document.

VII. *Revocation.* The delegations of authority to the Director, Community Disposition Program or Community Disposition Staff, with respect to the activities described above, effective May 11, 1963 (28 F.R. 4777, May 11, 1963), September 23, 1964 (29 F.R. 13226, Sept. 23, 1964), and March 29, 1960, as amended (25 F.R. 2654, as amended at 25 F.R. 4521), are hereby revoked.

(79 Stat. 670, 5 U.S.C. 624d(d); sec. 4 of E.O. 10657, 21 F.R. 1063 (Feb. 16, 1956))

Effective as of the 5th day of June 1966.

ROBERT C. WEAVER,
Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.

[F.R. Doc. 66–5025; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket No. 15353; Order E–23617]

INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION

Order Relating to Fares

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D.C., on the 29th day of April 1966.

An agreement [1] has been filed with the Board, pursuant to section 412(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (the Act) and Part 261 of the Board's economic regulations, between various air carriers, foreign air carriers, and other carriers, embodied in the resolutions of Traffic Conference 1 of the International Air Transport Association (IATA). The agreement, which was adopted at the Panama Conference in January–February 1966, has been assigned the above-designated CAB agreement number and is intended to be effective through March 31, 1967.

In general, the agreement accomplishes the following: (1) Amendments in resolutions relating to rates of exchange and rounding-off passenger fares and cargo units to reflect changes in the Bahamian currency from sterling to the decimal system, (2) readoption of IATA baggage rules for free allowance and excess charges previously approved by the Board for application within the Western Hemisphere and via the Atlantic, and (3) tighter rules governing sales of tickets under installment plans in South American countries. With respect to credit rules, a basic change extends application of the provisions to all situations whether or not a member undertakes a credit risk in whole or in part, directly or indirectly. While these rules affect air transportation, their application to U.S. citizens will be limited. Assumedly, most U.S. passengers using an installment plan would make arrangements for credit within the United States. Therefore, the rules are of primary interest to the governments of South American countries involved.

The Board, acting pursuant to sections 102, 204(a), and 412 of the Act, does not find the following resolutions, incorporated in agreement CAB 18760, to be adverse to the public interest or in violation of the Act provided that resolutions readopted or revalidated shall be subject to the same conditions as previously approved by the Board.

CAB No. 18760	IATA No.	Subject
R–2	002	Standard revalidation resolution.
R–3	003	Standard rescission resolution.
R–7	021b	Rates of exchange.
R–8	023a	Rounding-off passenger fares.
R–9	023b	Rounding-off cargo rates.
R–21	281	Sale of tickets under installment plans—South America.
R–22	281a	Sale of tickets under installment plans—Argentina.
R–23	281b	Sale of tickets under installment plans—Brazil.
R–24	281c	Sale of tickets under installment plans—Chile.
R–25	281d	Sale of tickets under installment plans—Paraguay.
R–26	281f	Sale of tickets under installment plans—Uruguay.
R–27	304	Carriage of baggage at cargo rates.
R–28	311	Baggage excess weight charges.
R–29	311e	Charges for bulky baggage.

Accordingly, it is ordered, That: Agreement CAB 18760, R–2, R–3, R–7, R–8, R–9, and R–21 through R–29, is approved, provided that resolutions readopted or revalidated shall be subject to the same conditions as previously approved by the Board.

Any air carrier party to the agreement, or any interested person, may, within 15 days from the date of service of this order, submit statements in writing containing reasons deemed appropriate, together with supporting data, in support of or in opposition to the Board's action herein. An original and 19 copies of the statements should be filed with the Board's Docket Section. The Board may, upon consideration of any such statements filed, modify or rescind its action herein by subsequent order.

This order will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] HAROLD R. SANDERSON,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66–5032; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket No. 16236; Order E–23618]

INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION

Order Relating to Specific Commodity Rates

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D.C., on the 29th day of April 1966.

An agreement has been filed with the Board, pursuant to section 412(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (the Act) and Part 261 of the Board's economic regulations between various air carriers, foreign air carriers, and other carriers, embodied in the resolutions of Joint Conferences 1–2, 3–1, and 1–2–3 of the International Air Transport Association (IATA), and adopted pursuant to the provisions of Resolution 590 dealing with specific commodity rates.

The agreement, adopted pursuant to unprotested notices to the carriers and

[1] Agreement CAB 18760, R–2, R–3, R–7, R–8, R–9, and R–21 through R–29.

promulgated in IATA letters dated March 25, and April 8, 1966,[1] as set forth in the attachment hereto,[2] (1) names a rate under a new commodity description, (2) names additional rates under existing commodity descriptions, and (3) cancels an existing commodity rate. The new rates under the new and existing commodity descriptions reflect reductions ranging from 28.2 to 70.8 percent and are consistent with the present level of specific commodity rates within the applicable areas.

The Board, acting pursuant to sections 102, 204(a), and 412 of the Act, does not find the subject agreement to be adverse to the public interest or in violation of the Act, provided that approval thereof is conditioned as hereinafter ordered.

Accordingly, it is ordered: That agreement CAB 18703, R–11 through R–14, be approved, provided that such approval shall not constitute approval of the specific commodity descriptions contained therein for purposes of tariff publication.

Any air carrier party to the agreement, or any interested person, may, within 15 days from the date of service of this order, submit statements in writing containing reasons deemed appropriate, together with supporting data, in support of or in opposition to the Board's action herein. An original and 19 copies of the statements should be filed with the Board's Docket Section. The Board may, upon consideration of any such statements filed, modify or rescind its action herein by subsequent order.

The order will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] HAROLD R. SANDERSON,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66–5033; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

[Docket No. 15353; Order E–23630]

INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION

Order Relating to Fares and Rates

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D.C., on the 3d day of May 1966.

Agreements have been filed with the Board, pursuant to section 412(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (the Act) and Part 261 of the Board's economic regulations, between various air carriers, foreign air carriers, and other carriers, embodied in the resolutions of Traffic Conferences 2 and 3 and Joint Conference 1–2 of the International Air Transport Association (IATA), and adopted by mail votes. The agreements have been assigned the above designated CAB agreement numbers.

The agreements (1) specify fares and rates for new services to and from Fukuoka and Nagoya, (2) amend the provisions of the North Atlantic excursion fares by providing that travel originating westbound destined to Gander be completed by midnight of the 22d day after the date of departure from the point of origin as opposed to the present 21st day, (3) amend the applicability of "B" fares between Tunis and Paris/Marseilles so as to provide for travel in DC–4 aircraft and in the upper deck of combined cargo/passenger Breguet 763 aircraft, and (4) amend the applicability of family fares between Ireland and the United Kingdom by permitting travel Tuesday through Thursday from June 16 to October 4.

The Board, acting pursuant to sections 102, 204(a), and 412 of the Act, makes the following findings:

1. The Board does not find the following resolutions, contained in agreement CAB 18813, to be adverse to the public interest or in violation of the Act.

300(Mail 210)053	300(Mail 210)080
300(Mail 210)063	300(Mail 210)553

2. The Board finds that on the basis of all facts presently known, the following resolutions do not affect air transportation within the meaning of the Act.

CAB agreement No.	*IATA Resolution*
18814	JT12(Mail 443)080d
18861	200(Mail 644)072
18883	200(Mail 643)091g

Accordingly, it is ordered:

1. That agreement CAB 18813, is approved; and

2. That jurisdiction is disclaimed with respect to agreements CAB 18814, 18861, and 18883.

Any air carrier party to the agreements, or any interested person, may, within 15 days from the date of service of this order, submit statements in writing containing reasons deemed appropriate, together with supporting data, in support of or in opposition to the Board's action herein. An original and 19 copies of the statements should be filed with the Board's Docket Section. The Board may, upon consideration of any such statements filed, modify or rescind its action herein by subsequent order.

This order will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] HAROLD R. SANDERSON,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66–5034; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

[Order E–23639]

HOUSEHOLD GOODS SERVICES FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE BY INDIRECT AIR CARRIERS

Order Granting Temporary Relief

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D.C., on the 4th day of May 1966.

At the request of the Department of Defense (DOD), the Board on March 9, 1965, granted temporary relief from certain provisions of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 to a number of persons who had been operating without Board authorization as indirect air carriers of used household goods pursuant to DOD contracts (DOD carriers).[1] The relief, which allowed these carriers an opportunity to apply for operating authorizations to engage in indirect air transportation as air freight forwarders of used household goods,[2] was granted upon the condition that such carriers file applications in accordance with the provisions of Part 296 and/or Part 297 of the Board's economic regulations on or before April 15, 1965. Subsequently, the Board granted the same relief to other DOD carriers.[3] The relief granted each applicant originally was to terminate on August 16, 1965, or upon the date its application was granted, denied, or dismissed, whichever occurred first.

By subsequent orders the Board has extended the temporary relief granted in Orders E–21883, E–22079, and E–22269 until May 16, 1966.[4] The Board noted that many of the applications filed by DOD carriers posed policy issues awaiting final resolution by the Board and that DOD had advised the Board that it needed the services of the carriers relieved by the foregoing orders until a final decision is reached with respect to the policy issues raised by their applications.[5]

It now appears that processing of some of the applications filed by DOD carriers cannot be completed prior to the expiration date of the temporary relief. Furthermore, the Board has not yet resolved the policy issues raised by some of the applications filed by DOD carriers. Accordingly, we find it in the public interest to extend the relief for these DOD carriers for the reasons given in our previous extension orders.[6]

Accordingly, it is ordered:

1. Pursuant to sections 101(3) and 204 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended, the air freight forwarder ap-

---

[1] Received in the Board, Mar. 29, and Apr. 14, 1966, respectively.

[2] Attachment filed as part of original document.

[1] Order E–21883.

[2] The term "used household goods" means personal effects (including unaccompanied baggage) and property used or to be used in a dwelling, when a part of the equipment or supply of such dwelling, but specifically excludes (1) furniture, fixtures, equipment, and the property of stores, offices, museums, institutions, hospitals, or other establishments, when a part of the stock, equipment, or supply of such stores, offices, museums, institutions, hospitals, or other establishments, and (2) objects of art (other than personal effects), displays, and exhibits.

[3] See Orders E–22079, Apr. 26, 1965 and E–22269, June 4, 1965.

[4] See Orders E–22544 and E–23210, dated Aug. 13, 1965, and Feb. 9, 1966, respectively.

[5] See Orders E–22185, May 20, 1965, E–22447, July 16, 1965, and E–22496, Aug. 2, 1965.

[6] Nothing in this order should be construed as a determination of the final disposition to be made of the applications for air freight forwarder authority filed by the carriers relieved by this order. Furthermore, nothing in this order should be construed as an approval of control and interlocking relationships or agreements by the carriers relieved by this order, or their affiliates.

plicants listed in Appendix A [1] are hereby relieved from the provisions of Title IV and section 610(a)(4) of the Act from May 16, 1966, through November 15, 1966, or until the date the application for operating authorization is granted, denied, or dismissed, whichever occurs first, to the extent necessary to transport by air used household goods of personnel of the Department of Defense upon tender by the Department;

2. The relief granted in ordering paragraph 1 will not be renewed or extended beyond the termination date of November 15, 1966, for any applicant who has not been granted operating authorization by that date; *Provided:* That the Board may extend such relief in cases in which applicant has been granted additional time to respond to requests for supplemental information necessary to process his application;

3. The transportation services performed pursuant to the authority granted herein do not constitute an activity of a continuing nature within the meaning of section 9(b) of the Administrative Procedure Act, 5 U.S.C. 1008(b);

4. This order may be amended or revoked at any time in the discretion of the Board, without hearing; and

5. Copies of this order shall be served on the Military Traffic Management and Terminal Service, U.S. Army, and all persons listed in Appendix A.

This order shall be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] HAROLD R. SANDERSON,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5035; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Docket No. 16612; FCC 66-395]

STAR STATIONS OF INDIANA, INC.

Order Designating Applications for Hearing on Stated Issues

In re applications of Star Stations of Indiana, Inc., Docket No. 16612, File No. BR-1144, BRH-1276; for renewal of licenses of Stations WIFE AM-FM, Indianapolis, Ind.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D.C., on the 28th day of April 1966;

1. The Commission has before it for consideration (1) the above-captioned applications for renewal of licenses of Stations WIFE AM-FM, Indianapolis, Ind.; and (2) the Commission's field inquiry with respect to the operations of Stations WIFE AM-FM.

2. The Commission's inquiry into the operations of Stations WIFE AM-FM raises a number of serious questions bearing upon whether Star Stations of Indiana, Inc., possesses the qualifications to remain the licensee of WIFE AM-FM.

3. In view of these questions the Commission is unable to find that a grant of the above-captioned applications for renewal of licenses would serve the public interest, convenience, and necessity and must, therefore, designate these applications for a hearing.

4. *Accordingly, it is ordered,* That pursuant to section 309(e) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the above-captioned applications are designated for a hearing to be held at Indianapolis, Ind., at a time and place to be specified in a subsequent order, upon the following issues:

(1) To determine the facts as to the "Eaton Water Filter" contest carried by the applicant in October 1964.

(2) To determine the facts as to the "Mystery Santa Claus" contest carried by the applicant in December 1964.

(3) To determine whether from on or before October 1964, until at least May 1965, the applicant furnished numerous affidavits of performance or invoices to various advertisers or advertising agencies containing false or misleading information with respect to times and dates of advertising broadcast on WIFE;

(4) To determine on the basis of the facts adduced in responses to issues one through three whether the applicant misled or defrauded the public, advertisers or their agencies.

(5) To determine whether, in light of the findings and conclusions made under the foregoing issues and the fact that short-term renewals for WIFE AM-FM were granted by Commission action on October 28, 1964 (see 3 R.R. 2d 745, FCC 64-998), a grant of the above-captioned applications would serve the public interest, convenience and necessity.[1]

5. *It is further ordered,* That the Chief, Broadcast Bureau shall furnish a Bill of Particulars to the applicant herein setting forth the basis for the above issues. See Dispatch, Inc., 10 R.R. 1190.

6. *It is further ordered,* That to avail itself of the opportunity to be heard, the applicant herein, pursuant to § 1.221 of the Commission's rules in person or by attorney, shall within twenty (20) days of the mailing of this order, file with the Commission in triplicate a written appearance stating an intention to appear on the date fixed for the hearing and to present evidence on the issues specified in this order.

7. *It is further ordered,* That the applicant herein shall, pursuant to section 311(a)(2) of the Communications Act and § 1.594 of the Commission's rules, give notice of the hearing within the time and in the manner prescribed in such rule and shall advise the Commission thereof as required by § 1.594 of the Commission's rules.

Released: May 4, 1966.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,[2]
[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5028; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket No. 16612; FCC 66M-615]

STAR STATIONS OF INDIANA, INC.

Order Scheduling Hearing

In re applications of Star Stations of Indiana, Inc., Docket No. 11612, File No. BR-1144, BRH-1276; for renewal of licenses of Stations WIFE AM-FM, Indianapolis, Ind.

It is ordered, This 29th day of April 1966, that Thomas H. Donahue will preside at the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding which is hereby scheduled to commence at 10 a.m., on July 12, 1966, in Indianapolis, Ind.: *And it is further ordered,* That a prehearing conference in the proceeding will be convened by the Presiding Officer at 9 a.m., on May 25, 1966, in Washington, D.C.

Released: May 4, 1966.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5029; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket No. 16366; FCC 66M-623]

ITT WORLD COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

Order Continuing Hearing

In the matter of ITT World Communications Inc., Docket No. 16366; proposed revisions to its Tariff FCC No. 7 establishing rates and regulations for Timetran service.

Pursuant to agreement among the parties; *It is ordered,* This 3d day of May 1966, on the Hearing Examiner's own motion, that the hearing in the above-entitled matter now scheduled for May 17, 1966 is hereby rescheduled to commence at 10 a.m., May 25, 1966, in the Commission's offices in Washington, D.C.

Released: May 3, 1966.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5030; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket No. 16576; FCC 66M-624]

CONNECTICUT RADIO FOUNDATION, INC., AND CONNECTICUT TELEVISION, INC.

Order Regarding Procedural Dates

In re application of Connecticut Radio Foundation, Inc. (Assignor) and Con-

[1] Appendix A filed as part of original document.

[1] With respect to issue 5 above, it is pertinent to note that the final paragraph of the Commission's letter granting the short term renewals for WIFE AM-FM states that the decision to renew the licenses for 1 year "* * * thus affords the Commission an early opportunity to reexamine your operations and determine the degree of responsibility which you have exhibited during the year."

[2] Commissioner Hyde dissenting and stating, "I would favor a prehearing letter"; Lee dissenting; Loevinger absent.

necticut Television, Inc. (Assignee), Docket No. 16576, File No. BAPCT-370; for assignment of the construction permit of Television Station WTVU (TV) Channel 59, New Haven, Conn.

A prehearing conference having been held on May 2, 1966, at which certain agreements were reached and certain rulings were made;

It is ordered, This 3d day of May 1966, that:

(1) The direct affirmative case in support of the application shall be presented primarily in the form of sworn written exhibits, but may be supplemented by oral testimony;

(2) On or before July 12, 1966, there shall be a preliminary exchange of those exhibits constituting the engineering phase of the case in support of the application;

(3) On or before August 15, 1966, there shall be, with respect to the affirmative case in support of the application, a final exchange of engineering exhibits; an exchange of nonengineering exhibits; and identification of the witnesses to be presented orally; and a brief outline of the scope of the testimony of each witness to be presented orally;

(4) On or before August 29, 1966, any party desiring the production for cross-examination of any individual sponsoring any exchanged exhibit shall give notice thereof to the party offering the exhibit; and,

It is further ordered, That hearing shall commence at 10 a.m., on September 6, 1966, in the offices of the Commission at Washington, D.C.

Released: May 3, 1966.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5031; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

[Docket No. 66-12]

ATLANTIC PASSENGER STEAMSHIP CONFERENCE

Notice of Postponement of Dates

Respondent Atlantic Passenger Steamship Conference has requested a postponement of the date for filing affidavits of fact and memoranda of law specified in the Order To Show Cause, served March 10, 1966, in this proceeding. Good cause appearing, the following revisions to that order and the amendment thereto, served March 31, 1966, are made:

(1) Respondents shall file affidavits of fact and memoranda of law no later than close of business May 11, 1966.

(2) Hearing Counsel and intervenors, if any, shall file replies to respondent's affidavits of fact and memoranda of law no later than close of business May 25, 1966.

(3) Oral argument will be heard on June 1, 1966, beginning at 9:30 a.m., in Room 114, 1321 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] THOMAS LISI,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5024; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:48 a.m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. RI64-58]

AMERADA PETROLEUM CORP. AND SENTINEL PETROLEUM CORP.

Order Redesignating Proceeding in Part, Making Party Co-respondent and Accepting for Filing Co-respondent's Agreement and Undertaking

MAY 2, 1966.

On July 30, 1965, Sentinel Petroleum Corp. (Sentinel)[1] filed a motion requesting that it be joined as a party respondent in the above-captioned rate suspension proceeding insofar as it pertains to Amerada Petroleum Corp.'s (Amerada) FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 50. In support of its motion, Sentinel states that effective February 27, 1964, Sentinel acquired certain of the producing properties of Amerada covered by the latter's FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 50, and proposes to continue the sale of gas now authorized thereunder. Sentinel's agreement and undertaking accompanied its aforementioned motion to be made a party respondent.

The Commission by order issued August 2, 1963, suspended, among other rate schedules,[2] Amerada's FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 50 for 1 day until August 16, 1963, in Docket No. RI64-58, and permitted such rate schedule to become effective subject to refund upon the filing by Amerada of its agreement and undertaking. A satisfactory agreement and undertaking was filed by Amerada on April 21, 1963.

Amerada's FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 50 involves a sale of natural gas from the San Juan Field, Rio Arriba County, N. Mex. (San Juan Basin Area) to El Paso Natural Gas Co. The Commission by its order issued on December 1, 1965, in Docket No. CI66-112, amended the certificate authorization heretofore granted Amerada in Docket No. G-10006 to permit Sentinel to continue in part the sale of gas authorized to be made pursuant to Amerada's FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 50. The contract comprising Sentinel's rate schedule was accepted for filing and designated as Sentinel's FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 1.

Since Amerada has collected amounts subject to refund, it is necessary that Amerada continue as co-respondent under the rate schedule involved, and that its agreement and undertaking remain in full force and effect. Amerada will be responsible for any monies collected subject to refund under the rate schedule prior to the transfer of Amerada's interest to Sentinel.

The Commission finds: It is necessary and proper in carrying out the provisions of the Natural Gas Act and the regulations thereunder, that Sentinel be made co-respondent with Amerada in the proceeding in Docket No. RI64-58, insofar as it pertains to Amerada's FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 50; that Sentinel's agreement and undertaking be accepted for filing as hereinafter ordered; that the agreement and undertaking filed by Amerada remain in full force and effect, and the proceeding in Docket No. RI64-58 insofar as it pertains to Amerada's FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 50 be redesignated as "Amerada Petroleum Corp. and Sentinel Petroleum Corp".

The Commission orders:

(A) Sentinel is hereby joined as co-respondent with Amerada in the proceeding in Docket No. RI64-58, and the proceeding is redesignated as "Amerada Petroleum Corp. and Sentinel Petroleum Corp." insofar as it pertains to Amerada's FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 50.

(B) The agreement and undertaking submitted by Sentinel on July 30, 1965, in this proceeding is accepted for filing. The agreement and undertaking of Amerada shall assure refund of any excess charges which might be determined in this proceeding to be applicable to sales prior to the acquisition by Sentinel. The agreements and undertakings filed by Amerada and Sentinel in Docket No. RI64-58 shall remain in full force and effect until discharged by the Commission.

(C) Sentinel shall comply with the refunding and reporting procedure required by the Natural Gas Act and § 154.102 of the regulations thereunder.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5001; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP66-334]

CENTRAL ILLINOIS PUBLIC SERVICE CO. AND NATURAL GAS PIPELINE CO. OF AMERICA

Notice of Application

MAY 2, 1966.

Take notice that on April 25, 1966, Central Illinois Public Service Co. (Applicant), Illinois Building, Springfield, Ill., filed in Docket No. CP66-334 an application pursuant to section 7(a) of the Natural Gas Act for an order of the Commission directing Natural Gas Pipeline Co. of America (Respondent) to establish physical connection of its transportation facilities with the facilities proposed to be constructed by Applicant and to sell and deliver to Applicant volumes of natural gas for resale and distribution in the village of Edgewood and the town

[1] Formerly Amerada Petroleum Corp. Redesignated as "Amerada Petroleum Corp. and Sentinel Petroleum Corp." insofar as it pertains to Amerada's FPC Gas Rate Schedule No. 50.

[2] Amerada's FPC Gas Rate Schedule Nos. 51, 2, 49, and 76 were also suspended in said docket.

of Mason, Effingham County, Ill., and their environs, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicant states that the village of Edgewood and the town of Mason are located in the southern part of Effingham County, Ill., approximately 8 and 9½ miles, respectively, east of the gas transmission main of Respondent. Applicant further states that the physical connection sought by it will require Respondent to construct, own, and operate a line tap and a metering and regulating station on its transmission line at a point approximately 8 miles west of Edgewood, Ill.

Specifically, Applicant proposes to construct, operate, and maintain the following facilities:

(a) Approximately 8 miles of 2-inch gas transmission pipeline extending from the proposed metering and regulating station of Respondent to a point near the west corporate limits of Edgewood,

(b) Approximately 2½ miles of 2-inch pipeline extending from a point near the west corporate limits of Edgewood along and near Illinois Route 37 to a point near the west corporate limits of Mason, and

(c) Gas distribution systems in said village of Edgewood and the town of Mason and their environs.

The total estimated volumes of natural gas necessary to meet Applicant's annual and peak day requirements for the initial 3-year period of proposed operations are stated to be:

	First year	Second year	Third year
Edgewood:			
Annual (Mcf)	22,688	31,206	34,377
Peak day (Mcf)	199	281	319
Mason:			
Annual (Mcf)	13,387	19,626	23,233
Peak day (Mcf)	129	190	226

The total estimated cost of Applicant's proposed transmission and distribution facilities is $200,212, which cost will be financed from internal funds.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C., 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before May 31, 1966.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5002; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP66-337]

ARKANSAS LOUISIANA GAS CO.

Notice of Application

MAY 2, 1966.

Take notice that on April 25, 1966, Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co. (Applicant), Slattery Building, Shreveport, La., filed in Docket No. CP66-337 an application pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and operation of certain natural gas facilities, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Specifically, Applicant seeks authorization to construct and operate a market lateral pipeline from its existing transmission facilities to a new plant constructed by a new industrial customer, consisting of approximately 4,000 feet of 3-inch pipeline extending to the new plant facility of Arkla Chemical Corp. (Arkla), near Gurdon, Clark County, Ark.

Applicant states that Arkla's annual and peak day natural gas requirements will be approximately 765,000 Mcf and 3,900 Mcf, respectively. Applicant further states that the delivery of these volumes to Arkla through the proposed facilities will not increase the capacity of Applicant's main transmission system or modify the total volumes handled by such system on a maximum day. Pursuant to an agreement between the parties dated April 6, 1966, deliveries of natural gas to Arkla by Applicant will be made on an interruptible basis.

The total estimated cost of Applicant's proposed construction is $21,290, which will be financed from cash on hand.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C., 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (157.10) on or before May 31, 1966.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on this application if no protest or petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a protest or petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5003; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP66-335]

TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE CORP. AND TRUNKLINE GAS CO.

Notice of Application

MAY 2, 1966.

Take notice that on April 25, 1966, Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corp. (Transco), Post Office Box 1396, Houston, Tex., 77001, and Trunkline Gas Co. (Trunkline), Post Office Box 1642, Houston, Tex., 77001, collectively referred to as Applicants, filed in Docket No. CP66-335 an application pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and operation of the facilities necessary to establish an emergency interconnection between their respective pipeline systems at an existing exchange point in Beauregard Parish, La., all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Pursuant to the terms of an agreement dated April 13, 1966, Applicants propose that Trunkline construct, own and maintain a metering station and approximately 75 feet of 8-inch O.D. interconnecting pipeline extending from the existing tap and side valve assembly on its 20-inch Lakeside Lateral pipeline to said metering station and that Transco construct, own and maintain approximately 350 feet of 8-inch interconnecting pipeline extending from the valve assembly on its 30-inch pipeline to the metering station. Applicants state that the proposed facility will be located where their respective pipelines cross in township 7 South, Range 8 West, Section 14, Beauregard Parish, La.

The application states that the proposed facilities will be utilized when either of the Applicants is confronted with an emergency which can be alleviated by the deliveries of natural gas from the other when such deliveries can be made without impairment of service obligations to others.

The total estimated cost of Applicant's proposed facilities is $24,553, of which Transco's share is estimated to be $6,000, and Trunkline's share $18,553. The cost of the proposed facilities will be financed by the respective companies from funds on hand.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C., 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (157.10) on or before May 31, 1966.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on this application if no protest or petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a protest or petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be

unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5004; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP66-336]

ALABAMA-TENNESSEE NATURAL GAS CO.

Notice of Application

MAY 2, 1966.

Take notice that on April 25, 1966, Alabama-Tennessee Natural Gas Co. (Applicant), Post Office Box 918, Florence, Ala., 35630, filed in Docket No. CP66-336 an application pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and operation of the natural gas facilities required to increase its lateral pipeline capacity in order to render additional natural gas service to the city of Corinth, Miss. (Corinth), an existing customer of Applicant upon a condition proposed to be set forth in the certificate requiring Corinth to enter into certain contractual arrangements, all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicant states that in each year, commencing with the winter of 1962-63, Corinth has taken without contractual authority volumes of gas in excess of the presently effective service agreement dated December 1, 1956, which provides for a maximum daily quantity of 3,850 Mcf. Applicant states that by reason of the above situation the certificate sought by the instant application is being requested on the condition that Corinth enter into a service agreement providing for the presently effective maximum daily quantity for the period expiring February 1, 1970, and for an additional maximum daily quantity of 850 Mcf for the period expiring November 1, 1985.

Subject to the condition set forth above, Applicant seeks authorization for the construction and operation of 2.5 miles of 3½-inch O.D. lateral pipeline extending from its existing 10-inch main pipeline to the Corinth resale meter and regulator station located in Alcorn County, Miss. Applicant states that this proposed lateral pipeline will parallel the existing 3½-inch Corinth lateral pipeline and that said proposed new lateral pipeline will increase Applicant's ability to deliver gas to Corinth under maximum daily flow conditions from 5,725 Mcf to approximately 11,500 Mcf.

The total estimated cost of Applicant's proposed facilities is $44,000, which will be financed from cash on hand or through short term bank loans.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C., 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (157.10) on or before May 27, 1966.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on this application if no protest or petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a protest or petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5005; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP66-226, etc.]

CITIES SERVICE GAS CO., ET AL.

Notice Setting Date for Hearing

APRIL 29, 1966.

Take notice that the hearing in the above-designated consolidated proceedings is hereby set to commence at 10 a.m., e.d.s.t., on May 23, 1966, in a hearing room of the Federal Power Commission, 441 G Street, NW., Washington, D.C.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5006; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. RI66-348]

EARLSBORO OIL & GAS CO., ET AL.

Order Providing for Hearing on and Suspension of Proposed Change in Rate, and Allowing Rate Change To Become Effective Subject to Refund

APRIL 29, 1966.

Respondent named herein has filed a proposed change in rate and charge of a currently effective rate schedule for the sale of natural gas under Commission jurisdiction, as set forth in Appendix A below.

The proposed changed rate and charge may be unjust, unreasonable, unduly discriminatory, or preferential, or otherwise unlawful.

The Commission finds: It is in the public interest and consistent with the Natural Gas Act that the Commission enter upon a hearing regarding the lawfulness of the proposed change, and that the supplement herein be suspended and its use be deferred as ordered below.

The Commission orders:

(A) Under the Natural Gas Act, particularly sections 4 and 15, the regulations pertaining thereto (18 CFR ch. I), and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a public hearing shall be held concerning the lawfulness of the proposed change.

(B) Pending hearing and decision thereon, the rate supplement herein is suspended and its use deferred until date shown in the "Date Suspended Until" column, and thereafter until made effective as prescribed by the Natural Gas Act: *Provided, however,* That the supplement to the rate schedule filed by Respondent shall become effective subject to refund on the date and in the manner herein prescribed if within 20 days from the date of the issuance of this order Respondent shall execute and file under its above-designated docket number with the Secretary of the Commission its agreement and undertaking to comply with the refunding and reporting procedure required by the Natural Gas Act and § 154.102 of the regulations thereunder, accompanied by a certificate showing service of a copy thereof upon the purchaser under the rate schedule involved. Unless Respondent is advised to the contrary within 15 days after the filing of its agreement and undertaking, such agreement and undertaking shall be deemed to have been accepted.

(C) Until otherwise ordered by the Commission, neither the suspended supplement, nor the rate schedule sought to be altered, shall be changed until disposition of this proceeding or expiration of the suspension period.

(D) Notices of intervention or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C., 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 and 1.37(f)) on or before June 15, 1966.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

APPENDIX A

Docket No.	Respondent	Rate schedule No.	Supplement No.	Purchaser and producing area	Amount of annual increase	Date filing tendered	Effective date unless suspended	Date suspended until—	Cents per Mcf		Rate in effect subject to refund in docket Nos.
									Rate in effect	Proposed increased rate	
RI66-348...	Earlsboro Oil & Gas Co. (partnership), et al., 2803 First National Bldg., Oklahoma City, Okla., 73102.	[1] 1	1	Cities Service Gas Co. (Wakita Field, Grant County, Okla.) (Oklahoma "Other" Area).	$3,650	4-1-66	[2] 5-2-66	[3] 5-3-66	[6] 13.0	[4] [5] 14.0	

[1] Contract dated after Sept. 28, 1960, the date of issuance of General Policy Statement No. 61-1.
[2] The stated effective date is the first day after expiration of the statutory notice.
[3] The suspension period is limited to 1 day.
[4] Periodic rate increase.
[5] Pressure base is 14.65 p.s.i.a.
[6] Subject to a downward B.t.u. adjustment.

Earlsboro Oil & Gas Co. (Partnership), et al. (Earlsboro), request a retroactive effective date of January 1, 1965, for their proposed rate increase. Good cause has not been shown for waiving the 30-day notice requirement provided in section 4(d) of the Natural Gas Act to permit an earlier effective date for Earlsboro's rate filing and such request is denied.

The contract related to the rate filing proposed by Earlsboro was executed subsequent to September 28, 1960, the date of issuance of the Commission's Statement of General Policy No. 61-1, as amended, and the proposed increased rate is above the applicable area ceiling for increased rates but below the initial service ceiling for the area involved. We believe, in this situation, Earlsboro's rate filing should be suspended for one day from May 2, 1966, the date of expiration of the statutory notice.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5007; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP64-99]

EL PASO NATURAL GAS CO.

Notice of Petition To Amend

MAY 2, 1966.

Take notice that on April 20, 1966, El Paso Natural Gas Co. (Petitioner), Post Office Box 1492, El Paso, Tex., 79999, filed in Docket No. CP64-99 a petition to amend the order of the Commission issued in said docket on February 18, 1964, and amended on August 7, 1964, October 21, 1964, December 15, 1964, and June 2, 1965, which order, as amended, authorized Petitioner to construct and operate certain facilities, to sell and deliver natural gas to Washington Natural Gas Co. (Washington Natural) and The Washington Water Power Co. (Water Power) and, as to Petitioner's one-third interest, to construct and operate certain other facilities, all for the purpose of testing underground natural gas storage in the Jackson Prairie area of Lewis County, Wash. (Storage Unit), at an estimated cost of $3,579,000. By the instant filing, Petitioner seeks authorization to modify its existing Storage Unit Meter Station, to extend the testing period, to increase its one-third commitment and to increase the volumetric limitation on the inventory of gas in the Storage Unit, all as more fully set forth in the petition to amend which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

According to the terms of the order issued in the instant docket, as amended, the inventory of gas in the Storage Unit is limited to 2,000,000 Mcf, the testing activities are to cease on June 30, 1966, or upon divestiture of Petitioner's Northwest Division System, whichever first occurs, and Petitioner's one-third commitment in the testing activities is limited to $1,200,000.

Specifically, by the instant filing, Petitioner seeks authorization to modify its existing Storage Unit Meter Station, at an estimated cost of $47,900, through replacement of its existing 4½-inch O.D. standard orifice type, two-way meter run with six 8⅝-inch O.D. standard orifice-type, two-way meter runs, and necessary appurtenances, and as to its one-third interest to replace two 1,068 horsepower portable-type compressor units. Petitioner states that the Storage Unit Compressor Station will have a total of 2,736 installed horsepower after replacement of the aforementioned compressor units. Petitioner also seeks an extension of time to June 30, 1967, or until divestiture of its Northwest Division System, whichever first occurs, an increase in its one-third commitment from $1,200,000 to $2,000,000 and an increase in the volumetric limitation on the inventory of gas in the Storage Unit from 2,000,000 Mcf to 3,000,000 Mcf.

Petitioner states that gas withdrawn from the Storage Unit during periods of test withdrawal operations will be received into its mainline and utilized by the parties in such quantities as are from time to time delivered to the Storage Unit for their respective accounts.

The total estimated cost of the proposed extended testing program, inclusive of the amount of $3,374,200 jointly expended through December 31, 1965, but exclusive of the amount of $47,900 for Petitioner's metering facilities, is $5,889,000, which cost will be borne equally by Petitioner, Washington Natural and Water Power.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C., 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (157.10) on or before May 26, 1966.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5008; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. RI66-334]

MIDHURST OIL CORP.

Order Providing for Hearing; Correction

APRIL 27, 1966.

In the order providing for hearing on and suspension of proposed changes in rates, and allowing rate changes to become effective subject to refund, issued April 8, 1966, and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER April 16, 1966 (F.R. Doc. 66-4077, 31 F.R. 5916), change "Supplement No. 13" to read "Supplement No. 14" in the chart, the findings and in ordering paragraphs (A) and (B).

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5009; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. CP66-339]

UNITED FUEL GAS CO.

Notice of Application

MAY 2, 1966.

Take notice that on April 26, 1966, United Fuel Gas Co. (Applicant), Post Office Box 1273, Charleston, W. Va., 25325, filed in Docket No. CP66-339 an application pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and operation of certain measuring and regulating facilities on its 10-inch pipeline in Boyd County, Ky., in order to provide a new delivery point for the sale of natural gas to Columbia Gas of Kentucky, Inc. (Columbia of Kentucky), an existing customer of Applicant, for resale to Ashland Asphalt Paving Co. (Ashland), all as more fully set forth in the application which is on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

The application states that Columbia of Kentucky has advised Applicant that it has concluded negotiations with Ashland for retail sale of gas for industrial use and that in order to supply natural gas necessary for that purpose Columbia of Kentucky has requested Applicant to provide an additional point of delivery from Applicant's 10-inch gas transmission pipeline in Boyd County, Ky. The application further states that Columbia of Kentucky has advised Applicant that the estimated annual and peak day na-

tural gas requirements for Ashland are 84,000 Mcf and 420 Mcf, respectively.

Applicant states that the additional requirements of Ashland will not necessitate an increase in Applicant's currently effective Contract Demand with Columbia of Kentucky.

The total estimated cost of Applicant's proposed construction is $4,900, which will be financed from cash on hand.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D.C., 20426, in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) and the regulations under the Natural Gas Act (157.10) on or before May 31, 1966.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on this application if no protest or petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein, if the Commission on its own review of the matter finds that a grant of the certificate is required by the public convenience and necessity. If a protest or petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or if the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicant to appear or be represented at the hearing.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5010; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 70-4376]

METROPOLITAN EDISON CO.

Notice of Proposed Issue and Sale of Short-Term Notes to Banks

MAY 3, 1966.

Notice is hereby given that Metropolitan Edison Co. ("Met-Ed"), 2800 Pottsville Pike, Berks County, Pa., an electric utility subsidiary company of General Public Utilities Corp., a registered holding company, has filed an application with this Commission pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("Act") designating section 6(b) thereof as applicable to the proposed transactions. All interested persons are referred to the application, which is summarized below, for a complete statement of the proposed transactions.

Met-Ed proposes to issue and sell, from time to time prior to May 31, 1967, to the banks named below its promissory notes, each of which will mature not later than 9 months from the date of issue, will be prepayable without penalty, and will bear interest at the prime rate in effect in New York City (currently 5½ percent) on the date of issue.

Met-Ed expects to issue the notes to the following banks in the maximum amount outstanding at any one time, as follows:

First National City Bank, New York, N.Y.	$3,000,000
Marine Midland Grace Trust Co. of New York, N.Y.	4,000,000
Morgan Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, N.Y.	3,000,000
Fidelity-Philadelphia Trust Co., Philadelphia, Pa.	3,800,000
The First Pennsylvania Banking & Trust Co., Philadelphia, Pa.	3,000,000
American Bank & Trust Co. of Pennsylvania, Reading, Pa.	1,900,000
Peoples Trust City Bank, Reading, Pa.	500,000
Reading Trust Co., Reading, Pa.	800,000
National Bank & Trust Co. of Central Pennsylvania, York, Pa.	1,600,000
The York Bank & Trust Co., York, Pa.	1,000,000
	22,600,000

Met-Ed will use the proceeds from the sale of the notes for construction expenditures and/or to pay other short-term notes, the proceeds of which have been so applied. The contemplated construction program for 1966 is estimated at approximately $26,500,000.

The application states that the net proceeds from any permanent debt financing effected prior to the maturity of any of the proposed notes will be used to pay part or all of the notes then outstanding, and the maximum amount of indebtedness which may be incurred by Met-Ed under this application will be reduced by an amount equal to the net proceeds of the permanent debt financing.

The fees and expenses to be paid by Met-Ed in connection with the issue and sale of the notes are estimated at $3,300, including counsel fees of $3,000. No State commission and no Federal commission, other than this Commission, has jurisdiction over the proposed transactions.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than May 25, 1966, request in writing that a hearing be held on such matter, stating the nature of his interest, the reasons for such request, and the issues of fact or law raised by said application which he desires to controvert; or he may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. Any such request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D.C., 20549. A copy of such request should be served personally or by mail (airmail if the person being served is located more than 500 miles from the point of mailing) upon the applicant at the above-stated address, and proof of service (by affidavit or, in case of an attorney at law, by certificate) should be filed contemporaneously with the request. At any time after said date, the application, as filed or as it may be amended, may be granted as provided in Rule 23 of the general rules and regulations promulgated under the Act, or the Commission may grant exemption from such rules as provided in Rules 20(a) and 100 thereof or take such other action as it may deem appropriate.

For the Commission (pursuant to delegated authority).

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66-5016; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:47 a.m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[Notice 1342]

MOTOR CARRIER TRANSFER PROCEEDINGS

MAY 4, 1966.

Synopses of orders entered pursuant to section 212(b) of the Interstate Commerce Act, and rules and regulations prescribed thereunder (49 CFR Part 179), appear below:

As provided in the Commission's special rules of practice any interested person may file a petition seeking reconsideration of the following numbered proceedings within 20 days from the date of publication of this notice. Pursuant to section 17(8) of the Interstate Commerce Act, the filing of such a petition will postpone the effective date of the order in that proceeding pending its disposition. The matters relied upon by petitioners must be specified in their petitions with particularity.

No. MC-FC-68525. By order of April 29, 1966, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Stanley L. Shiflet, doing business as Shiflet's Transfer, Richwood, W. Va., of certificate in No. MC-30157, issued February 16, 1953, to E. L. Moore, Gassaway, W. Va., authorizing the transportation of: Household goods, between points in Braxton and Nicholas Counties, W. Va., on the one hand, and, on the other, points in Ohio, Virginia, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, and West Virginia; and, such merchandise as is dealt in by wholesale, retail, and chain grocery and food business houses, and, in connection therewith, equipment, materials, and supplies used in the conduct of such business, between points in Gassaway and Richwood, W. Va. Dan O. Callaghan, Post Office Box 432, Richwood, W. Va., 26261, attorney for applicants.

No. MC-FC-68526. By order of April 29, 1966, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Suter, Inc., Chagrin Falls, Ohio, of certificate No. MC-61117 and the certificate of registration in No. MC-61117 (Sub-No. 3), issued February 8, 1951, and June 9, 1965, respectively, to George L. Suter and Merinus D. Suter, a partnership, doing business as L. Suter & Sons, Chagrin Falls, Ohio, authorizing the transportation of: General commodities, with the usual exceptions including household goods and commodities in bulk, between Chagrin Falls, Ohio and Cleveland, Ohio; and property from and to Chagrin Falls, Ohio. Paul F. Beery,

100 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio, 43215, attorney for applicants.

No. MC–FC–68646. By order of April 29, 1966, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Equity Cartage Distributing, Inc., Brooklyn, N.Y., of certificate No. MC–76888 (Sub-No. 3), issued January 12, 1961, to Equity Express, Inc., New York, N.Y., authorizing the transportation of: Aluminum articles, consisting of housewares, kitchenware, cooking utensils, electric housewares, toys, giftwares, and boats, from piers located in the New York, N.Y., commercial zone, as defined by the Commission, to points in Nassau and Westchester Counties, N.Y. Morris Honig, 150 Broadway, New York, N.Y., 10038, attorney for applicants.

No. MC–FC–68695. By order of April 29, 1966, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Hunting Park Moving & Storage, Inc., Philadelphia, Pa., of certificate in No. MC–103131, issued June 26, 1962, to Frank Snyder, Philadelphia, Pa., authorizing the transportation of: Household goods as defined by the Commission, between Philadelphia, Pa., on the one hand, and, on the other, points in New York, New Jersey, Delaware, and Maryland; and new furniture, uncrated, finished or unfinished, from Philadelphia, Pa., to points in New York, New Jersey, Delaware, and Maryland. James L. Price, Steinberg, Richman, Price & Steinbrook, 1339 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., attorney for applicants.

[SEAL] H. NEIL GARSON,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 66–5040; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

[3d Rev. S.O. 562; Pfahler's ICC Order 206, Amdt. 1]

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD CO., ET AL.

Diverting or Rerouting of Traffic; Expiration Date

Upon further consideration of Pfahler's ICC Order No. 206 and good cause appearing therefor:

It is ordered, That Pfahler's ICC Order No. 206 be, and it is hereby amended by substituting the following paragraph (g) for paragraph (g) thereof:

(g) Expiration date: This order shall expire at 11:59 p.m., May 6, 1966, unless otherwise modified, changed, or suspended.

It is further ordered, That this amendment shall become effective at 11:59 p.m., May 3, 1966, and that this order shall be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of all railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement, and by filing it with the Director, Office of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D.C., May 3, 1966.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] R. D. PFAHLER,
Agent.

[F.R. Doc. 66–5041; Filed, May 6, 1966; 8:49 a.m.]

CUMULATIVE LIST OF PARTS AFFECTED—MAY

The following numerical guide is a list of the parts of each title of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published to date during May.

3 CFR

	Page
PROCLAMATION:	
3718	6567
3719	6607
3720	6679
3721	6817
EXECUTIVE ORDER:	
11277	6609
11278	6681
11017 (Superseded by EO 11278)	6681
11069 (Superseded by EO 11278)	6681
11218 (Superseded by EO 11278)	6681

5 CFR

	Page
213	6769
772	6569

7 CFR

	Page
7	6569
50	6570
68	6629
722	6573, 6580
724	6819
729	6581
813	6819
908	6825
909	6825
910	6826
980	6629
1098	6581
1434	6582
PROPOSED RULES:	
58	6715
965	6592
1032	6631
1050	6631
1126	6631

8 CFR

	Page
214	6611

12 CFR

	Page
1	6826

14 CFR

	Page
39	6582, 6685, 6790
71	6582, 6584, 6791, 6826, 6827
97	6612, 6685, 6828
137	6685
151	6686
208	6620
223	6584
320	6585
378	6621
PROPOSED RULES:	
71	6716, 6717, 6837, 6838
121	6592

15 CFR

	Page
30	6587
373	6707
374	6707
377	6707
379	6709
382	6707, 6709
384	6709
385	6709
399	6707, 6709, 6829

17 CFR

	Page
200	6588
240	6705, 6706

19 CFR

	Page
1	6611
10	6769

20 CFR

	Page
404	6611

21 CFR

	Page
121	6830
131	6705
146c	6830
191	6622
PROPOSED RULES:	
51	6792

26 CFR

	Page
1	6589
31	6589

29 CFR

	Page
548	6769
800	6770

31 CFR

	Page
202	6590
316	6831
332	6686, 6831

32 CFR

	Page
300	6831

32A CFR

	Page
BDSA (Ch. VI):	
BDSA Reg. 2	6590

33 CFR

	Page
207	6590, 6622
208	6707

35 CFR

	Page
255	6831

38 CFR

	Page
2	6770
21	6771

39 CFR

	Page
PROPOSED RULES:	
21	6715
24	6715