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Codification Guide

The following numerical guide is a list of the parts of each title of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in today's issue. A cumulative list of parts affected, covering the current month to date, appears at the end of each issue beginning with the second issue of the month.

Monthly, quarterly, and annual cumulative guides, published separately from the daily issues, include the section numbers as well as the part numbers affected.

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Title 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

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PART 24—FORMAL EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS FOR APPOINTMENT TO CERTAIN SCIENTIFIC, TECHNICAL, AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS

Miscellaneous Amendments

Sections 24.157 and 24.158 are added as set out below.

§ 24.157 Medical Intern (Rotating), St. Elizabeths Hospital, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

(a) *Educational requirement.* Applicants must meet one of the following requirements:

(1) Graduation with degree of Doctor of Medicine from a United States or Canadian medical school listed as approved by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals, American Medical Association, in the list published for the year of the applicant's graduation.

(2) Graduation with degree of Doctor of Medicine or equivalent degree from a medical school other than one covered by subparagraph (1) of this paragraph (including foreign schools): *Provided,* That his medical education and the medical knowledge he acquired therefrom are substantially comparable and equivalent to that of graduates of approved medical schools as described in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph. Such comparability may be evidenced in one of the following ways:

(i) Permanent and full or unrestricted license to practice medicine and surgery in a State, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or a territory of the United States;

(ii) At least one year as an active duty commissioned medical officer in the Medical Corps of the United States Military Service or the United States Public Health Service, involving performance of unrestricted duties including the treatment of patients;

(iii) Certification in a specialty by an American Specialty Board approved by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association;

(iv) (*a*) Permanent or temporary certification by the Educational Council for Foreign Medical Graduates in its American Medical Qualifying Examination (NOTE: Temporary certifications must be valid for the duration of the internship at the time of appointment); or

(*b*) Having passed the full examination of the National Board of Medical Examiners.

(b) *Duties.* Interns are employees in a training status. They have 1 year of rotating service including medicine, surgery, pediatrics (by affiliation), obstetrics (by affiliation), and specialties. They receive training integrated with clinical work with patients under the guidance and supervision of staff and consulting physicians. Duties include admitting patients, taking case histories, making physical examinations, and recording findings on charts, prescribing for ailments, treating acute emergency cases, performing minor surgical operations and doing surgical dressings, assisting in major surgical operations, administering anesthesia under supervision, assisting in outpatient clinics, and performing other related work. Interns have considerable responsibility, under guidance and supervision, in performing their activities. There are regularly scheduled teaching rounds with the medical, the surgical, and the neurological services. Staff conferences, lectures, by consulting specialists, clinical-pathological conferences, and other activities are included in the training activities.

(c) *Knowledge and training requisite for performance of duties.* The performance of the duties of these positions requires a thorough knowledge of medicine and its supporting sciences. Medical Interns must have a thorough knowledge of the anatomy, physiology, and functioning of the human body and its reactions to drugs and biologics. They must have a fundamental knowledge of bacteriology and chemistry. They must have the ability to apply, under guidance and supervision, scientific knowledges in order to detect, analyze, evaluate, and interpret symptoms and signs of disease and the causes of disease, and to give therapeutic, corrective, or preventive services, and to carry out other medical work.

(d) *Methods of obtaining basic knowledge and training.* The only method by which the knowledge and training can be acquired is by graduation from a formal course of study in medicine in a medical school.

§ 24.158 Medical Resident (Psychiatry), First Year Resident, Second Year Resident, Third Year Resident, St. Elizabeths Hospital, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

(a) *Educational requirement*—(1) *For first year medical resident (psychiatry).* Applicants must meet the requirements of subdivision (i) or (ii) of this subparagraph, and, in addition, must meet the requirements of subparagraph (iii) of this subparagraph:

(i) Graduation with degree of Doctor of Medicine from a United States or Canadian medical school listed as approved by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals, American Medical Association, in the list published for the year of the applicant's graduation;

(ii) Graduation with degree of Doctor of Medicine or equivalent degree from a medical school other than one covered by subdivision (i) of this subparagraph (including foreign schools): *Provided,* That his medical education and the medical knowledge he acquired therefrom are substantially comparable and equivalent to that of graduates of approved medical schools as described in subdivision (i) of this subparagraph. Such comparability may be evidenced in one of the following ways:

(*a*) Permanent and full or unrestricted license to practice medicine and surgery in a State, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or a territory of the United States;

(*b*) At least one year as an active duty commissioned medical officer in the Medical Corps of the United States Military Service or the United States Public Health Service, involving performance of unrestricted duties including the treatment of patients;

(*c*) Certification in a specialty by an American Specialty Board approved by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association;

(*d*) (*1*) Permanent certification by the Educational Council for Foreign Medical Graduates in its American Medical Qualifying Examination; or

(*2*) Having passed the full examination of the National Board of Medical Examiners.

(iii) Successful completion of a year's straight, rotating, or mixed medical internship approved by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association.

(2) *For second year medical resident (psychiatry).* Applicants must meet the requirements specified above for first year resident, and in addition, must have successfully completed first year residency training in psychiatry in a program approved by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association.

(3) *For third year medical resident (psychiatry).* Applicants must meet the requirements specified above for first year resident, and in addition, must have successfully completed first and second year residency training in psychiatry in a program approved by the Council on Medical Education and Hospitals of the American Medical Association.

(b) *Duties.* All medical resident (psychiatry) employees are in a training status. They receive progressive training of a didactic nature integrated with clinical work with patients under the direction of physicians who are Diplomates of the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology. The didactic programs carried on through each year of residency training consists of lectures, seminars, and conferences covering basic, theoretical, and clinical aspects of psychiatry. The clinical duties are progressively responsible and include interviews with patients and relatives, examinations, case study reports, progress reports,

physiologic treatments, psychotherapy and general care of patients. Residents may also perform research and work with special problems. They also give lectures to student nurses and student occupational therapists on aspects of psychiatry as related to the training of such students.

(c) *Knowledge and training requisite for performance of duties.* The performance of the duties of these positions requires a thorough knowledge of medicine and its supporting sciences. Medical residents must have a thorough knowledge of the anatomy, physiology, and functioning of the human body and its reaction to drugs and biologics. They must have a fundamental knowledge of bacteriology and chemistry. They must have the ability to apply, under guidance and supervision, scientific knowledges in order to detect, analyze, evaluate, and interpret symptoms and signs of disease and the causes of disease, and to give therapeutic, corrective, or preventive services, and to carry out other medical work. Residents must also acquire and apply during each year of residency training a progessively more intensive knowledge of the basic, theoretical and clinical aspects of psychiatry.

(d) *Methods of obtaining knowledge and training.* The only method by which the knowledge and training can be acquired is by graduation from a formal course of study in medicine in a medical school, successful completion of an approved medical internship; and for second and third year medical residents, successful completion of approved residency training in psychiatry as specified above.

(Sec. 11, 58 Stat. 390; 5 U.S.C. 860)

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] MARY V. WENZEL,
Executive Assistant to the Commissioners.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9603; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter IX—Agricultural Marketing Service (Marketing Agreements and Orders; Fruits, Vegetables, Tree Nuts), Department of Agriculture

[Grapefruit Reg. 26]

PART 905—ORANGES, GRAPEFRUIT, TANGERINES, AND TANGELOS GROWN IN FLORIDA

Limitation of Shipments

§ 905.376 Grapefruit Regulation 26.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 905, as amended (7 CFR Part 905), regulating the handling of oranges, grapefruit, tangerines, and tangelos grown in Florida, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674), and upon the basis of the recommendations of the committees established under the aforesaid amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of shipments of grapefruit, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001-1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient; a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. Shipments of all grapefruit, grown in the production area, are presently subject to regulation by grades and sizes, pursuant to the amended marketing agreement and order; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Growers Administrative Committee on September 3, 1963, such meeting was held to consider recommendations for regulation, after giving due notice of such meeting, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section, including the effective time hereof, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such grapefruit; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter set forth so as to provide for the continued regulation of the handling of grapefruit, and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of the persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time hereof.

(b) *Order.* (1) Terms used in the amended marketing agreement and order shall, when used herein, have the same meaning as is given to the respective term in said amended marketing agreement and order; and terms relating to grade, diameter, standard pack, and standard box, as used herein, shall have the same meaning as is given to the respective term in the United States Standards for Florida Grapefruit (7 CFR 51.750-51.783 of this title).

(2) Grapefruit Regulation 25 (§ 905.375; 28 F.R. 4493) is hereby terminated at 12:01 a.m., e.s.t., September 9, 1963.

(3) During the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., e.s.t., September 9, 1963, and ending at 12:01 a.m., e.s.t., September 23, 1963, no handler shall ship between the production area and any point outside thereof in the continental United States, Canada, or Mexico:

(i) Any grapefruit, grown in the production area, which do not grade at least U.S. No. 1 Russet;

(ii) Any seeded grapefruit, grown in the production area, which are smaller than $3\frac{15}{16}$ inches in diameter, except that a tolerance of 10 percent, by count, of seeded grapefruit smaller than such minimum size shall be permitted, which tolerance shall be applied in accordance with the provisions for the application of tolerances, specified in said United States Standards for Florida Grapefruit; or

(iii) Any seedless grapefruit, grown in the production area, which are smaller than $3\frac{9}{16}$ inches in diameter, except that a tolerance of 10 percent, by count, of seedless grapefruit smaller than such minimum size shall be permitted, which tolerance shall be applied in accordance with the provisions for the application of tolerances, specified in said United States Standards for Florida Grapefruit.

(Secs. 1-19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601-674)

Dated: September 5, 1963.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9654; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:49 a.m.]

[Export Reg. 7]

PART 905—ORANGES, GRAPEFRUIT, TANGERINES, AND TANGELOS GROWN IN FLORIDA

Limitation of Export Shipments

§ 905.378 Export Regulation 7.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 905, as amended (7 CFR Part 905), regulating the handling of oranges, grapefruit, tangerines, and tangelos grown in Florida, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674), and upon the basis of the recommendations of the committees established under the aforesaid amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of exports of grapefruit, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001-1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient; a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as herein-

after set forth. Shipments of grapefruit, grown in the production area, are subject to grade and size limitations on shipments from the production area to any point outside thereof in the continental United States, Canada, and Mexico; the recommendation and supporting information for the grade and size limitation hereinafter prescribed for exports of grapefruit, other than to Canada and Mexico, were promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Growers Administrative Committee on September 3, 1963; such meeting was held to consider recommendations for regulations on exports, after giving due notice of such meeting, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section, including the effective time hereof, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such grapefruit; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter set forth; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time hereof.

(b) *Order.* (1) Terms used in the amended marketing agreement and order shall, when used herein, have the same meaning as is given to the respective term in said amended marketing agreement and order; and terms relating to grade, diameter, and standard pack, as used herein, shall have the same meaning as is given to the respective term in the revised United States Standards for Florida Grapefruit (7 CFR 51.750–51.783, 26 F.R. 163).

(2) During the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., e.s.t., September 9, 1963, and ending at 12:01 a.m., e.s.t., September 23, 1963, no handler shall ship to any destination outside the continental United States, other than to Canada and Mexico:

(i) Any grapefruit, grown in the production area, which do not grade at least U.S. No. 2 Russet; or

(ii) Any grapefruit, grown in the production area, which are of a size smaller than $3\frac{5}{16}$ inches in diameter, except that a tolerance of 10 percent, by count, of grapefruit smaller than such minimum diameter shall be permitted, which tolerance shall be applied in accordance with the provisions for the application of tolerances, specified in said revised United States Standards for Florida Grapefruit.

(Sec. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674)

Dated: September 5, 1963.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9655; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:49 a.m.]

[Valencia Orange Reg. 63]

PART 908—VALENCIA ORANGES GROWN IN ARIZONA AND DESIGNATED PART OF CALIFORNIA

Limitation of Handling

§ 908.363 Valencia Orange Regulation 63.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 908, as amended (7 CFR Part 908; 27 F.R. 10089), regulating the handling of Valencia oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674), and upon the basis of the recommendations and information submitted by the Valencia Orange Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of such Valencia oranges as hereinafter provided will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001–1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. The committee held an open meeting during the current week, after giving due notice thereof, to consider supply and market conditions for Valencia oranges and the need for regulation; interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit information and views at this meeting; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after such meeting was held; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such Valencia oranges; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period herein specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject hereto which cannot be completed on or before the effective date hereof. Such committee meeting was held on September 5, 1963.

(b) *Order.* (1) The respective quantities of Valencia oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., September 8, 1963, and ending at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., September 15, 1963, are hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: Unlimited movement;

(ii) District 2: 650,000 cartons;

(iii) District 3: Unlimited movement.

(2) As used in this section, "handled," "handler," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," and "carton" have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674)

Dated: September 6, 1963.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9682; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 11:17 a.m.]

[Lemon Reg. 79]

PART 910—LEMONS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA

Limitation of Handling

§ 910.379 Lemon Regulation 79.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 910, as amended (7 CFR Part 910), regulating the handling of lemons grown in California and Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674), and upon the basis of the recommendation and information submitted by the Lemon Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of such lemons, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act by tending to establish and maintain such orderly marketing conditions for such lemons as will provide, in the interests of producers and consumers, an orderly flow of the supply thereof to market throughout the normal marketing season to avoid unreasonable fluctuations in supplies and prices, and is not for the purpose of maintaining prices to farmers above the level which it is declared to be the policy of Congress to establish under the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001–1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the pro-

visions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. The committee held an open meeting during the current week, after giving due notice thereof, to consider supply and market conditions for lemons and the need for regulation; interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit information and views at this meeting; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after such meeting was held, the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such lemons; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period herein specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject hereto which cannot be completed on or before the effective date hereof. Such committee meeting was held on September 4, 1963.

(b) *Order.* (1) The respective quantities of lemons grown in California and Arizona which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., September 8, 1963, and ending at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., September 15, 1963, are hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: Unlimited movement;

(ii) District 2: 153,450 cartons;

(iii) District 3: 9,790 cartons.

(2) As used in this section, "handled," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," and "carton" have the same meaning as when used in the said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674)

Dated: September 5, 1963.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9681; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 11:17 a.m.]

[Orange Reg. No. 5]

PART 944—FRUIT; IMPORT REGULATIONS

Oranges

§ 944.304 Orange Regulation No. 5.

(a) On and after 12:01 a.m., e.s.t., September 16, 1963, the importation into the United States of any oranges is prohibited unless such oranges are inspected and grade at least U.S. No. 3, and are of a size not smaller than 2 3/16 inches in diameter, except that not more than 10 percent, by count, of such oranges in any lot of containers, and not more than 15 percent, by count, of such oranges in individual containers in such lot, may be of a size smaller than 2 3/16 inches in diameter.

(b) The Federal or Federal-State Inspection Service, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service, United States Department of Agriculture, is hereby designated as the governmental inspection service for the purpose of certifying the grade, size, quality, and maturity of oranges that are imported into the United States under the provisions of section 8e of the act. Inspection by the Federal or Federal-State Inspection Service with appropriate evidence thereof in the form of an official inspection certificate, issued by the respective service, applicable to the particular shipment of oranges, is required on all imports of oranges. Such inspection and certification services will be available upon application in accordance with the rules and regulations governing inspection and certification of fresh fruits, vegetables, and other products (7 CFR Part 51) but, since inspectors are not located in the immediate vicinity of some of the small ports of entry, such as those in southern California, importers of oranges should make arrangements for inspection, through the applicable one of the following offices, at least the specified number of days prior to the time when the oranges will be imported:

Ports	Office	Advance notice
All Texas points.	W. T. McNabb, 222 McClendon Bldg., 305 E. Jackson, Harlingen, Tex. (Telephone: Garfield 3-5644),	1 day.
	or	
	Norman E. Taylor, Room 204, U.S. Courthouse, El Paso, Tex. (Telephone: Keystone 3-9351, Ext. 340).	Do.
All New York points.	Edward J. Beller, 346 Broadway, Room 306, York 13, N.Y. (Telephone: Rector 2-8000, Ext. 807).	Do.
All Arizona points.	R. H. Bartelson, 136 Grande Ave., Nogales, Ariz. (Telephone: Atwater 7-2902).	Do.
All Florida points.	Lloyd W. Boney, 1200 NW. 21 Terrace, Room 5, Miami, Fla. (Telephone: Newton 5-7967),	Do.
	or	
	Hubert S. Flynt, 775 Warner St., Orlando, Fla. (Telephone: Garden 2-2447).	Do.
All California points.	Carley D. Williams, 784 S. Central Ave., Room 294, Los Angeles 21, Calif. (Telephone: Madison 2-8756).	3 days.
All other points.	E. E. Conklin, Fruit and Vegetable Division, AMS, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D.C. (Telephone: Dudley 8-5870).	Do.

(c) Inspection certificates shall cover only the quantity of oranges that is being imported at a particular port of entry by a particular importer.

(d) The inspection performed, and certificates issued, by the Federal or Federal-State Inspection Service shall be in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Department governing the inspection and certification of fresh fruits, vegetables, and other products (7 CFR Part 51). The cost of any inspection and certification shall be borne by the applicant therefor.

(e) Each inspection certificate issued with respect to any oranges to be imported into the United States shall set forth, among other things:

(1) The date and place of inspection;

(2) The name of the shipper, or applicant;

(3) The commodity inspected;

(4) The quantity of the commodity covered by the certificate;

(5) The principal identifying marks on the container;

(6) The railroad car initials and number, the truck and the trailer license number, the name of the vessel, or other identification of the shipment; and

(7) The following statement, if the facts warrant: Meets U.S. import requirements under section 8e of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, any importation of oranges which, in the aggregate, does not exceed five 1 1/5 bushel boxes, or equivalent quantity, may be imported without regard to the restrictions specified herein.

(g) Nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to preclude any importer from reconditioning prior to importation any shipment of oranges for the purpose of making it eligible for importation under the act.

(h) It is hereby determined that imports of oranges, during the effective time of this section, are in most direct competition with oranges grown in the State of Texas. The requirements set forth in this section are the same as those in effect for oranges grown in Texas (Minimum standards; § 906.308, 28 F.R. 9417).

(i) No provisions of this section shall supersede the restrictions or prohibitions on oranges under the Plant Quarantine Act of 1912.

(j) The terms "U.S. No. 3" and "diameter" shall have the same meaning as when used in the United States Standards for Oranges (Texas and States other than Florida, California, and Arizona) (7 CFR 51.680–51.712). "Importation" means release from custody of the United States Bureau of Customs.

It is hereby found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective time of this regulation beyond that hereinafter specified (5 U.S.C. 1001–1011) in that (a) the requirements of this import regulation are imposed pursuant to section 8e of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674; 75 Stat. 305), which makes such regulation mandatory; (b) the grade and size requirements of this import regulation are the same as those in effect on domestic shipments of oranges grown in Texas (Minimum standards; § 906.308, 28 F.R. 9417); (c) compliance with this import regulation will not require any special preparation which cannot be completed by the effective time; (d) notice hereof in excess of three days, the minimum that is prescribed by said section 8e, is given with respect to this import regulation; and (e) such notice is hereby determined, under the circumstances, to be reasonable.

(Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674)

Dated, September 3, 1963, to become effective at 12:01 a.m., September 16, 1963.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9591; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

Chapter XIV—Commodity Credit Corporation, Department of Agriculture

SUBCHAPTER B—LOANS, PURCHASES AND OTHER OPERATIONS

[C.C.C. Grain Price Support Regs., 1963-Crop Barley Supp., Amdt. 2]

PART 1421—GRAINS AND RELATED COMMODITIES

Subpart—1963 Crop Barley Loan and Purchase Agreement Program

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

The regulations issued by the Commodity Credit Corporation (28 F.R. 6258 and 8273) with respect to barley produced in 1963 which contain specific requirements for the 1963-crop of barley are hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 1421.2204(a)(1) is amended to make barley grading No. 5 eligible for price support. The amended subparagraph reads as follows:

§ 1421.2204 **Eligible barley.**

* * * * *

(a) * * *

(1) The barley must be of any class grading No. 5 or better, except that Western Barley shall have a test weight of not less than 36 pounds per bushel. In addition, barley may have the following special grade designations: (i) Garlicky and (ii) in the State of Alaska only, "Tough." The provisions of subparagraph (3) of this paragraph pertaining to barley grading "Tough" are not applicable to barley produced in Alaska.

2. Section 1421.2206(c) is amended to extend the table of test weight adjustment factors to include barley with test weight as low as 36 pounds per bushel. The amended paragraph reads as follows:

§ 1421.2206 **Determination of quantity.**

* * * * *

(c) *Adjustment for test weight.* When the quantity is determined by measurement, a bushel shall be 1.25 cubic feet of barley testing 48 pounds per bushel. The quantity determined for barley of a different test weight shall be adjusted by the applicable percentage in the following table.

Test weight (pounds per bushel):	Percent
50 or over	104
49 or over, but less than 50	102
48 or over, but less than 49	100
47 or over, but less than 48	98
46 or over, but less than 47	96
45 or over, but less than 46	94
44 or over, but less than 45	92
43 or over, but less than 44	90
42 or over, but less than 43	88
41 or over, but less than 42	85
40 or over, but less than 41	83
39 or over, but less than 40	81
Test weight (pounds per bushel)—Continued	Percent
38 or over, but less than 39	79
37 or over, but less than 38	77
36 or over, but less than 37	75

3. Section 1421.2210(d) is amended to provide a discount of 15 cents per bushel for barley grading No. 5. The amended paragraph reads as follows:

§ 1421.2210 **Support rates.**

* * * * *

(d) *Discounts.* The applicable basic support rate shall be adjusted by discounts as follows:

Reason:	Discount (cents per bushel)
Class—Mixed Barley	2
Grade:	
No. 3	3
No. 4	6
No. 5	15
Other—Garlicky	10
Weed control laws (see § 1421.27)	10

NOTE: Discounts are cumulative except only one grade discount shall be applied. For the purpose of applying discounts, factors which cause barley of the subclass Malting Barley or Blue Malting Barley to have a lower numerical grade than if the barley were graded under a different subclass shall be disregarded.

(Sec. 4, 62 Stat. 1070, as amended; 15 U.S.C. 714b. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 62 Stat. 1072 secs. 105, 401, 63 Stat. 1051, as amended; 15 U.S.C. 714c, 7 U.S.C. 1421, 1441)

Effective date: Upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Signed at Washington, D.C., on September 4, 1963.

H. D. GODFREY,
Executive Vice President, Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9602; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 14—AERONAUTICS AND SPACE

Chapter I—Federal Aviation Agency

SUBCHAPTER E—AIRSPACE [NEW]

[Airspace Docket No. 63-WE-1]

PART 71—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS, CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, AND REPORTING POINTS [NEW]

Alteration of Federal Airways and Associated Control Areas; Modification

On August 13, 1963, there were published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (28 F.R. 8282) amendments to the Federal Aviation Regulations which realigned VOR Federal airways Nos. 23 west alternate and 230 from the Los Banos, Calif., VOR to the relocated Fresno, Calif., VORTAC. These amendments were to become effective October 17, 1963.

Because of a delay in commissioning of the Fresno VORTAC until November 13, 1963, action is taken herein to alter Airspace Docket No. 63-WE-1 by postponing the effective date until November 14, 1963, the first aeronautical charting date after the relocated facility is commissioned. In addition, it has been determined that in VOR Federal airway No. 283, which is designated from Fresno to the intersection of Fresno 002° and Friant, Calif., 318° True radials, the Friant radial should be designated as the Friant 319° True radial.

Since the alteration of Victor 283 is editorial in nature, and since more than thirty days will elapse from the time of publication of the amendments as originally adopted to the new effective date, these changes are in compliance with section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act.

In consideration of the foregoing, effective immediately, the following actions are taken:

1. Airspace Docket No. 63-WE-1 is amended as follows: "effective 0001, e.s.t., October 17, 1963," is deleted and "effective 0001, e.s.t., November 14, 1963," is substituted therefor.

2. Section 71.123 (27 F.R. 220-6, November 10, 1963) is amended as follows: In V-283 "Friant, Calif., 318° radials." is deleted and "Friant, Calif., 319° radials." is substituted therefor.

(Sec. 307(a), 72 Stat. 749; 49 U.S.C. 1348)

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 30, 1963.

MICHAEL J. BURNS,
Acting Chief, Airspace Utilization Division.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9569; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:45 a.m.]

Chapter III—Federal Aviation Agency

SUBCHAPTER C—AIRCRAFT REGULATIONS

[Reg. Docket No. 1931; Amdt. 611]

PART 507—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVE

De Havilland Model DH 104 Dove Aircraft

Amendment 1, 22 F.R. 2417 (AD 56-15-5), as amended by Amendment 2, 22 F.R. 6047, requires inspection for cracks in the aileron, rudder and elevator hinge links and hinge brackets, as well as the tail upper attachment fitting on de Havilland Model DH 104 Dove aircraft. Since the issuance of AD 56-15-5, no cracks have been detected on the tail inspection and it is considered unnecessary to continue the special inspections of the tail attachment fittings. In addition, investigation substantiates increasing the inspection intervals for the modified control brackets. Accordingly, AD 56-15-5 is being superseded by a new directive to omit the inspection of the tail upper attachment fitting and to increase the inspection intervals for the control brackets, which have been modified.

Since this amendment relaxes a requirement and imposes no additional burden on any person, notice and public procedure hereon are unnecessary and the amendment may be made effective on the date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

In consideration of the foregoing, and pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (25 F.R. 6489), § 507.10(a) of Part 507 (14 CFR Part 507), is amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

DE HAVILLAND. Applies to all Model DH 104 Dove aircraft.

Compliance required as indicated.

As a result of cracks in the aileron, rudder, elevator and flap hinge links and hinge brackets, accomplish the following:

(a) Hinge links and brackets not incorporating Modifications 841, 842 or 843 shall be inspected for cracks at intervals not exceeding 600 hours' time in service, or each 12 months, whichever occurs first. Remove the paint from the components before inspection, and reapply protective coating after inspection.

(b) Hinge links and brackets incorporating Modification 841, 842 or 843 shall be inspected for cracks at intervals not exceeding 1,800 hours' time in service.

(c) Replace cracked parts before further flight.

(De Havilland Service Technical News Sheet CT (104) No. 123, Issue 5 dated March 19, 1962, covers this subject.)

This supersedes Amendment 1, 22 F.R. 2417 (AD 56–15–5), as amended by Amendment 2, 22 F.R. 6047.

(Secs. 313(a), 601, 603; 72 Stat. 752, 775, 776; 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1421, 1423)

This amendment shall become effective September 7, 1963.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 30, 1963.

W. LLOYD LANE,
Acting Director,
Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9566; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:45 a.m.]

[Reg. Docket No. 1933; Amdt. 612]

PART 507—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

Hiller Model UH–12E Helicopter

There have been failures of the tail rotor pinion gear on Hiller Model UH–12E helicopters. Failure of this pinion results in loss of power to the tail rotor and consequent loss of antitorque and directional control. Investigation has revealed that the failures have been confined to two particular heat treat lots. Accordingly, an airworthiness directive is being issued to require replacement of pinion gears with these heat treat lot numbers.

As a situation exists which demands immediate action in the interest of safety, it is found that notice and public procedure hereon are impracticable and good cause exists for making this amendment effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

In consideration of the foregoing, and pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (25 F.R. 6489), § 507.10(a) of Part 507 (14 CFR Part 507), is hereby amended by adding the following new airworthiness directive:

HILLER. Applies to all Model UH–12E helicopters.

Compliance required as indicated.

A number of failures of the tail rotor pinion gear have been experienced. These failures have been confined to two particular gear heat treat lots and have occurred predominantly in helicopters incorporating rotor brakes. To preclude additional failures, accomplish the following:

(a) Within 50 hours' time in service after the effective date of this AD, visually inspect the tail rotor pinion gear, P/N 23522, in the main transmission for the heat treat lot number. The heat treat lot number is prefaced by the designation "VHI" and is etched on the gear. Remove any tail rotor pinion gear marked with heat treat lot number 325 or 342 and replace with gear of same P/N 23522 marked with VHI lot numbers other than 325 or 342, or replace with gear of P/N 23634 or 23634–3. Tail rotor pinion gears identified as P/N 23634–3 are satisfactory for unlimited service life on UH–12E helicopters with or without rotor brake installed.

(b) Tail rotor pinion gears, P/N 23522 with heat treat lot numbers other than 325 or 342, or pinion gears of P/N 23634 are satisfactory for an unlimited service life provided these gears have no history of operation on helicopters with a rotor brake installed. Any of these tail rotor pinion gears with any history of operation with a rotor brake installed shall be retired within 500 hours' total time in service on the pinion gear or within 50 hours' time in service after the effective date of this AD.

(Hiller Service Information Letter 3036A dated August 12, 1963, covers this same subject.)

(Secs. 313(a), 601, 603; 72 Stat. 752, 775, 776; 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1421, 1423)

This amendment shall become effective September 7, 1963.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 30, 1963.

W. LLOYD LANE,
Acting Director,
Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9567; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:45 a.m.]

[Reg. Docket No. 1935; Amdt. 613]

PART 507—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVE

Lockheed Model 1329 Aircraft

Amendment 600, 28 F.R. 8285 (AD 63–17–4), imposes a restriction on the use of speed brakes during flight except in an emergency for all Lockheed Model 1329 aircraft. Subsequent to the issuance of the AD, the manufacturer has substantiated the structure for the use of speed brakes at speeds below 250 knots and at altitudes below 30,000 feet. Accordingly, Amendment 600 is being amended to incorporate the new limitation.

Since this amendment relaxes a requirement and imposes no additional burden on any persons, notice and public procedure hereon are unnecessary, and the amendment may be made effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

In consideration of the foregoing, and pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (25 F.R. 6489), § 507.10(a) of Part 507 (14 CFR Part 507), is amended as follows:

Amendment 600, 28 F.R. 8285, AD 63–17–4, Lockheed Model 1329 aircraft, is amended by changing (a)(2) to read:

(a)(2) "Do not extend speed brake during flight at speeds above 250 knots EAS or at altitudes above 30,000 feet except in an emergency."

This amendment shall become effective September 7, 1963.

(Secs. 313(a), 601, 603; 72 Stat. 752, 775, 776; 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1421, 1423)

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 30, 1963.

W. LLOYD LANE,
Acting Director,
Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9568; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:45 a.m.]

[Reg. Docket No. 725; Amdt. 68]

PART 514—TECHNICAL STANDARD ORDERS FOR AIRCRAFT MATERIALS, PARTS AND APPLIANCES

Individual Flotation Devices—TSO–C72

This rule establishes the minimum performance standards for individual flotation devices for use on civil aircraft of the U.S. Section 4b.647 of the Civil Air Regulations requires an approved flotation means for each occupant if the airplane is not equipped with life preservers. The substance of this amendment was set forth in a notice of proposed rule making published in 27 F.R. 10854, and circulated as Regulations of the Administrator Draft Release No. 62–46 dated October 29, 1962.

Interested persons have participated in the making of the amendment by submitting comments in response to the draft release. A complete record of the disposition of comments is available in the docket of this TSO on file with the Federal Aviation Agency, Washington, D.C. Pertinent recommendations, none of which increased the severity of the tests or procedures set forth in the draft release, have been incorporated into the performance standards. Among the most significant are: paragraph 2.2, Instruction for Use, rewritten to indicate that instructions when required, shall be provided; also the term "dim cabin lighting" changed to "emergency lighting" since the Agency is establishing intensity limits under their emergency evacuation program; paragraph 3, Definitions, revised to include the definition for corrosion resistant; paragraph 4.1.2, Miscellaneous Design Features, changed by deleting the requirement that the device not be capable of upsetting or supporting the wearer in a face down position as this requirement may add unnecessarily to the complexity of some types of flotation devices; and paragraph 5.0.2, Time to Render Functional, changed by deleting the specific time limit and adding a more objective requirement. Other minor changes were made for clarity and consistency. The recommended revisions which were not incorporated are discussed herein.

It was recommended that two gas tight chambers be required for inflatable devices either of which would provide the buoyancy required by the standard. Dual buoyancy chambers are not necessary for devices of the inflatable type. Individual flotation devices are not intended to be the equivalent of TSO–C13c life preservers but only to provide the minimum of buoyancy when rescue is close at hand.

The need for paragraph 4.0.2, Fungus Protection, was questioned. It was suggested instead that an inspection proce-

dure be substituted to detect possible fungus growth. Inspections, even repetitive inspections, do not provide the continuing safeguards which result from the use of materials which do not support fungus growth, or prevent such growth. In addition, an inspection requirement, if desirable, is properly the subject of an operating rule, not a technical standard order.

It was suggested that paragraph 4.0.3, Corrosion Protection, be revised to indicate that only metallic parts which may be exposed to sea water need be corrosion resistant. Metal parts which are exposed to the atmosphere are also subject to corrosion and, therefore, adequate protection against corrosion must be considered if the part is exposed to the atmosphere regardless of whether it will be subjected to sea water when used. Therefore, no change has been made in that paragarph.

There was an objection to the 14 pounds of buoyancy requirement specified in paragraph 5.0.1, Buoyancy, stating that such a requirement could not be met unless inflatable devices were used. The Agency considers 14 pounds of buoyancy the absolute minimum from the standpoint of safety and has conducted tests which show that 10 inch by 14½ inch typical airline pillows will provide from 12 to 15 pounds of buoyancy if enclosed in a waterproof cover and a seat cushion provided 14 pounds of buoyancy for a period of over 90 hours. Open cell materials which would lose buoyancy when compressed would have to be covered with waterproof covers.

In consideration of the foregoing, and pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (25 F.R. 6489), Part 514 of the regulations of the Administrator (14 CFR Part 514) is hereby amended by adding § 514.78 as follows:

§ 514.78 Individual flotation devices—TSO–C72.

(a) *Applicability.* Minimum performance standards are hereby established for individual flotation devices for use on civil aircraft of the United States. New models of individual flotation devices manufactured on or after the effective date of this section shall meet the standards specified in the Federal Aviation Agency Standard, "Individual Flotation Devices",[1] dated July 15, 1963.

(b) *Marking.* The markings specified in § 514.3(d) shall be shown except that the weight need not be included.

(c) *Data requirements.* In addition to the data specified in § 514.2, the manufacturer shall furnish to the Chief, Engineering and Manufacturing Branch, Flight Standards Division, Federal Aviation Agency, in the region in which the manufacturer is located, the following technical data:

(1) Six copies of the descriptive information on the device;

(2) Six copies of the manufacturers' equipment operating instructions and limitations;

(3) Six copies of the applicable installation instructions indicating any restrictions or other conditions pertinent to installation;

(4) One copy of the manufacturers' test report; and

(5) One copy of the manufacturers' special cleaning and maintenance instructions.

(Secs. 313(a), 601, 72 Stat. 752, 775; 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1421)

Effective date. December 9, 1963.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 30, 1963.

W. LLOYD LANE,
Acting Director,
Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9570; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:45 a.m.]

[1] Copies may be obtained upon request addressed to Publishing and Graphics Branch, Inquiry Section, HQ–440, Federal Aviation Agency, Washington, D.C.

Title 19—CUSTOMS DUTIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Customs, Department of the Treasury

[T.D. 55985]

PART 10—ARTICLES CONDITIONALLY FREE, SUBJECT TO A REDUCED RATE, ETC.

Unaccompanied Articles

The issuance of customs Form 6059, 6063, or 6063–B, used in permitting a returning resident to declare unaccompanied articles, does not afford any substantial assistance in the administration of the law since it is a repetition of information already obtained in the letter of request. The letter of request, therefore, may be used in lieu of customs Form 6059, 6063, or 6063–B.

Section 10.17(k) is accordingly amended to read as follows:

(k) *Unaccompanied articles.* It is not necessary that articles accompany a resident at the time of his return to the United States to be within such exemptions as are applicable. See § 10.20(b). However, customs officers shall apply the exemptions only to articles before them for examination, and the application of an exemption to unaccompanied articles shall be finally determined only after they have been imported and the importer has performed the acts required of him for their customs clearance. If any allowance of the exemptions is to be claimed in respect of any articles not cleared at the time of a resident's return, whether such articles have already arrived, will arrive later, or are being shipped in bond to another port, they must be declared in writing to a customs officer. Such declaration of articles accompanying the resident shall be made at the time of the resident's return to the United States. A declaration for articles not accompanying the resident on his return should be made by him in writing at the time and place of his return, but if satisfactory reasons are given to the collector for failure to so declare such articles, a written declaration may be accepted, either at the port of clearance of the articles or at the port of the resident's return, for such articles within one year after the return. An application to make such supplemental declaration either by letter or on customs Form 6059, 6063 or 6063–B, appropriately modified, shall be accompanied by any invoices, receipts, and any other available pertinent data to aid the collector in determining whether the articles were acquired abroad by the claimant as an incident of a journey made by him and are for his personal or household use.

(Sec. 624, 46 Stat. 759; 19 U.S.C. 1624)

[SEAL] PHILIP NICHOLS, JR.,
Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: August 29, 1963.

JAMES POMEROY HENDRICK,
Acting Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9599; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 38—PENSIONS, BONUSES, AND VETERANS' RELIEF

Chapter I—Veterans Administration

PART 3—ADJUDICATION

Subpart A—Pension, Compensation, and Dependency and Indemnity Compensation

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. In § 3.3, paragraphs (b)(2)(ii), (c)(2) and (d)(2)(ii) are amended to read as follows:

§ 3.3 Pension.

* * * * *

(b) *Service pension; Indian and Spanish-American Wars.* * * *

(2) *Spanish-American War.* Basic entitlement exists if the veteran:

* * * * *

(ii) Was discharged or released from such service for a disability service connected without benefit of presumptive provisions of law, or at the time of discharge had such a service-connected disability, shown by official service records, which in medical judgment would have justified a discharge for disability. (38 U.S.C. 512)

(c) *Disability pension; World War I and later wars.* Basic entitlement exists if the veteran:

* * * * *

(2) Was discharged or released from such service for a disability service connected without benefit of presumptive provisions of law, or at the time of discharge had such a service-connected disability, shown by official service records, which in medical judgment would have justified a discharge for disability; and

* * * * *

(d) *Death pension.* * * *

(2) *Spanish-American War.* Basic entitlement exists for the widow or child of a deceased veteran if the veteran:

* * * * *

(ii) Was discharged or released from such service for a disability service connected without benefit of presumptive

provisions of law, or at the time of discharge had such a service-connected disability, shown by official service records, which in medical judgment would have justified a discharge for disability. (38 U.S.C. 536, 537)

* * * * *

2. In § 3.314(a), subparagraphs (1)(i) and (2)(i) are amended and subparagraph (2)(iv) is revoked; in paragraph (b), subparagraph (4) is amended and subparagraph (5) is added so that the added and amended portions read as follows:

§ 3.314 Basic pension and eligibility determinations.

(a) *Pension*—(1) *Prior to World War I.* * * *

(i) Claims based on service of less than 90 days in the Spanish-American War require a rating determination as to whether the veteran was discharged or released from service for a service-connected disability or had at the time of separation from service a service-connected disability, shown by official service records, which in medical judgment would have warranted a discharge for disability. Eligibility in such cases requires a finding that the disability was incurred in or aggravated by service in line of duty without benefit of presumptive provisions of law or Veterans Administration Regulation. (38 U.S.C. 512)

* * * * *

(2) *World War I and subsequent wars.* * * *

(i) Claims based on service of less than 90 days may require a determination as to whether the veteran was discharged or released from service for a service-connected disability or had at the time of separation from service a service-connected disability, shown by official service records, which in medical judgment would have warranted a discharge for disability. Eligibility in such cases requires a finding that the disability was incurred in or aggravated by service in line of duty without benefit of presumptive provisions of law or Veterans Administration Regulations (38 U.S.C. 521(f)(2)) unless, in the case of death pension, the veteran was, at the time of his death, receiving (or entitled to receive) compensation or retirement pay based upon a wartime service-connected disability. (38 U.S.C. 541(a) and 542(a))

* * * * *

(iv) [Revoked]

(b) *Eligibility—widower, dependent husband; "child" over 18, educational benefits and loans.* * * *

(4) *Educational benefits.* Where there was less than 90 days' service, eligibility of veterans of the Korean conflict for educational benefits under chapter 33, Title 38, United States Code, requires a rating determination that the veteran was discharged or released because of a service-connected disability or that the official service department records show that he had at the time of separation from service a service-connected disability which in medical judgment would have warranted a discharge for disability. The disability must have been actually incurred in or aggravated by service, without resort to any presumptions of incurrence or aggravation.

(5) *Loans.* Where there was less than 90 days' service, eligibility of veterans of World War II or the Korean conflict for home, farm and business loans under chapter 37, Title 38, United States Code requires a determination that the veteran was discharged or released because of a service-connected disability or that the official service department records show that he had at the time of separation from service a service-connected disability which in medical judgment would have warranted a discharge for disability. These determinations are subject to the presumptions of incurrence or aggravation under §§ 3.304(b) and 3.306(b). The provisions of this subparagraph are also applicable, regardless of length of service, in determining eligibility to the maximum period of entitlement based on discharge or release for a service-connected disability.

(72 Stat. 1114; 38 U.S.C. 210)

These Veterans Administration Regulations are effective the date of approval.

Approved: September 4, 1963.

By direction of the Administrator.

[SEAL] W. J. DRIVER,
Deputy Administrator.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9596; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 41—PUBLIC CONTRACTS

Chapter 50—Division of Public Contracts, Department of Labor

PART 50-204—SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS FOR FEDERAL SUPPLY CONTRACTS

Radiation; Postponement of Effective Date

On August 9, 1963, a document was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER establishing radiation safety and health standards for application to Federal supply contracts (28 F.R. 8208). This document provides that these regulations are to become effective September 8, 1963. Upon further consideration, I have decided to, and do hereby, postpone this effective date to January 6, 1964, for the purpose of giving consideration to requests for changes that have been received.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 5th day of September 1963.

W. WILLARD WIRTZ,
Secretary of Labor.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9632; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:48 a.m.]

Chapter 60—The President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity

PART 60-1—OBLIGATIONS OF CONTRACTORS AND SUBCONTRACTORS

Part 60-1 was originally issued by the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity for the purpose of implementing Executive Order 10925 (26 F.R. 1977) which provides for the promotion and insurance of equal employment opportunity on Government contracts for all qualified persons without regard to race, creed, color or national origin. The Committee now hereby revises this part in order to implement, in addition, Executive Order 11114 (28 F.R. 6485) which provides certain amendments to Executive Order 10925 and extends its requirements to certain contracts for construction financed with assistance from the Federal Government. This revision also incorporates amendments previously made to this part, and effects other miscellaneous changes. As revised, Part 60-1 reads as follows:

Subpart A—Preliminary Matters; Equal Opportunity Clause; Exemptions; Compliance Reports

Subpart B—General Enforcement; Complaint Procedure

Subpart C—Certificates of Merit

Subpart D—Ancillary Matters

AUTHORITY: §§ 60-1.1 to 60-1.64 issued pursuant to sec. 306, E.O. 10925 (26 F.R. 1977) and sec. 105, E.O. 11114 (28 F.R. 6485).

Subpart A—Preliminary Matters; Equal Opportunity Clause; Exemptions; Compliance Reports

§ 60-1.1 Purpose and application.

The purpose of the regulations in this part is to achieve the aims of Part III of Executive Order 10925 and Executive Order 11114 for the promotion and insuring of equal opportunity for all qualified persons, without regard to race,

color, creed or national origin, employed or seeking employment with Government contractors or with contractors performing under federally assisted construction contracts. These regulations apply to all contracting agencies of the Federal Government and to contractors and subcontractors who perform under Government contracts, to the extent set forth in this part. These regulations also apply to all agencies of the Federal Government administering programs involving Federal financial assistance which may involve a construction contract, and, to the extent set forth in this part, to all contractors and subcontractors performing under construction contracts which are related to any such programs. The rights and remedies of the Government hereunder are not exclusive and do not affect rights and remedies provided elsewhere by law, regulation, or contract; neither do the regulations limit the exercise by the Committee or by any other Government agencies of powers not herein specifically set forth, but granted to them by Executive Orders 10925 and 11114.

§ 60–1.2 Definitions.

(a) "Committee" means the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity.

(b) "Chairman" means the Chairman of the Committee.

(c) "Vice Chairman" means the Vice Chairman of the Committee.

(d) "Executive Vice Chairman" means the Executive Vice Chairman of the Committee.

(e) "Order" means Executive Order 10925 of March 6, 1961 (26 F.R. 1977), as amended by Parts II and III of Executive Order 11114 of June 22, 1963 (28 F.R. 6485).

(f) "Orders" means those parts of Executive Order 10925 of March 6, 1961 relating to Government contracts and Executive Order 11114 of June 22, 1963.

(g) "Contract" means any Government contract or any federally assisted construction contract.

(h) "Government contract" means any binding legal agreement or modification thereof between the Government and a contractor for supplies or services, including construction, or for the use of Government property, in which the parties, respectively, do not stand in the relationship of employer and employee.

(i) "Federally assisted construction contract" means any binding legal agreement or modification thereof between an applicant and a contractor for construction work which is paid for in whole or in part with funds obtained from the Federal Government or borrowed on the credit of the Federal Government pursuant to any Federal program involving a grant, contract, loan, insurance or guarantee, or undertaken pursuant to any Federal program involving such grant, contract, loan, insurance or guarantee; or any approved application or modification thereof for a grant, contract, loan, insurance or guarantee under which the applicant itself performs construction work other than through the permanent work force directly employed by an agency of government.

(j) "Modification" means any written alteration in the terms and conditions of a contract accomplished by bilateral action of the parties to the contract, including supplemental agreements and amendments.

(k) "Subcontract" means any agreement made or purchase order executed by a prime contractor where a material part of the supplies or services covered by such agreement or purchase order is being obtained for use in the performance of a contract.

(l) "Prime contractor" means any person holding a contract.

(m) "Subcontractor" means any person holding a subcontract. "First-tier subcontractor" refers to a subcontractor holding a subcontract with a prime contractor. "Second-tier subcontractor" refers to a subcontractor holding a subcontract with a first-tier subcontractor.

(n) "Agency" means any contracting or any administering agency.

(o) "Contracting agency" means any department (including the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force), agency and establishment in the Executive Branch of the Government, including any wholly owned Government corporation, which enters into contracts.

(p) "Administering agency" means any department (including the Departments of the Army, Navy and Air Force), agency and establishment in the Executive Branch of the Government, including any wholly owned Government corporation, which administers a program involving federally assisted construction contracts.

(q) "Applicant" means an applicant for Federal assistance or, as determined by regulation of an administering agency, other program participant, with respect to whom an application for any grant, contract, loan, insurance or guarantee, or change therein, is not finally acted upon prior to July 22, 1963, and it includes such an applicant after becoming a recipient of such Federal assistance.

(r) "Equal opportunity clause" means the contract provisions of section 301 of the Order.

(s) "Rules, regulations and relevant orders" of the Committee as used in paragraph 4 of the equal opportunity clause mean rules, regulations and relevant orders issued pursuant to the Orders and in effect at the time the particular contract subject to the Orders was entered into.

(t) "United States" as used herein shall include the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Panama Canal Zone and the possessions of the United States.

(u) "Standard commercial supplies" means an article:

(1) Which in the normal course of business is customarily maintained in stock by the manufacturer or any dealer, distributor, or other commercial dealer for the marketing of such article; or

(2) Which is manufactured and sold by two or more persons for general commercial or industrial use or which is identical in every material respect with an article so manufactured and sold.

(v) "Construction work" means the construction, rehabilitation, alteration, conversion, extension, demolition or repair of buildings, highways, or other changes or improvements to real property, including facilities providing utility services.

(w) "Site of construction" means the physical location of any building, highway or other change or improvement to real property which is undergoing construction, rehabilitation, alteration, conversion, extension, demolition, or repair and any temporary location or facility established by a contractor or subcontractor specifically to meet the demands of his contract or subcontract.

§ 60–1.3 Equal opportunity clause.

(a) *Government contracts.* Each contracting agency shall include the equal opportunity clause in each of its Government contracts (including modifications thereof) which is not exempt from the requirements of the clause. Government bills of lading may incorporate by reference the equal opportunity clause.

(b) *Federally assisted construction contracts.* (1) Each administering agency shall require the inclusion of the following language as a condition of any grant, contract, loan, insurance or guarantee involving a federally assisted construction contract which is not exempt from the requirements of the equal opportunity clause:

The applicant hereby agrees that it will incorporate or cause to be incorporated into any contract for construction work, or modification thereof, as defined in the rules and regulations of the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity, which is paid for in whole or in part with funds obtained from the Federal Government or borrowed on the credit of the Federal Government pursuant to a grant, contract, loan, insurance or guarantee, or undertaken pursuant to any Federal program involving such grant, contract, loan, insurance or guarantee, the following equal opportunity clause:

During the performance of this contract, the contractor agrees as follows:

(1) The contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, creed, color or national origin. The contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, creed, color or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

(2) The contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, creed, color or national origin.

(3) The contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which he has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided advising the said labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

(4) The contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order No. 10925 of March 6, 1961, as amended by Executive Order 11114 of June 22, 1963, and of the rules, regulations and relevant orders of the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity created thereby.

(5) The contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 10925 of March 6, 1961, as amended by Executive Order 11114 of June 22, 1963, and by the rules, regulations and orders of the said Committee, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to his books, records and accounts by the administering agency and the Committee for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations and orders.

(6) In the event of the contractor's noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of the said rules, regulations or orders, this contract may be cancelled, terminated or suspended in whole or in part and the contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts or federally assisted construction contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order No. 10925 of March 6, 1961, as amended by Executive Order 11114 of June 22, 1963, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in the said Executive Order or by rule, regulation or order of the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity, or as otherwise provided by law.

(7) The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (7) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations or orders of the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity issued pursuant to section 303 of Executive Order 10925 of March 6, 1961, as amended by Executive Order 11114 of June 22, 1963, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the administering agency may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance: *Provided, however,* That in the event a contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the agency, the contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

The applicant further agrees that it will be bound by the above equal opportunity clause in any federally assisted construction work which it performs itself other than through the permanent work force directly employed by an agency of government.

The applicant agrees that it will cooperate actively with the administering agency and the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity in obtaining the compliance of contractors and subcontractors with the equal opportunity clause and the rules, regulations and relevant orders of the Committee, that it will furnish the administering agency and the Committee such information as they may require for the supervision of such compliance, and that it will otherwise assist the administering agency in the discharge of the agency's primary responsibility for securing compliance. The applicant further agrees that it will refrain from entering into any contract or contract modification subject to Executive Order 11114 with a contractor debarred from, or who has not demonstrated eligibility for, Government contracts and federally assisted construction contracts pursuant to Part III, Subpart D of Executive Order 10925 and will carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of the equal opportunity clause as may be imposed upon contractors and subcontractors by the administering agency or the Committee pursuant to Part III, Subpart D of Executive Order 10925. In addition, the applicant agrees that if it fails or refuses to comply with these undertakings the administering agency may cancel, terminate or suspend in whole or in part this grant [contract, loan, insurance, guarantee], may refrain from extending any further assistance under any of its programs subject to Executive Order 11114 until satisfactory assurance of future compliance has been received from such applicant, or may refer the case to the Department of Justice for appropriate legal proceedings.

(2) In any case in which the administering agency makes a determination that inclusion of the language prescribed in § 60–1.3(b)(1) for applicants would be inconsistent with law, the agency shall notify the Executive Vice Chairman of the determination and the reasons therefor. The Executive Vice Chairman shall request a ruling from the Attorney General regarding such determination and shall report thereon to the Committee.

(c) *Prime contractors and subcontractors.* Each nonexempt prime contractor and subcontractor shall include the equal opportunity clause in each of their nonexempt subcontracts, provided that except upon special order of the contracting agency or the Executive Vice Chairman, and except in the case of subcontracts for the performance of construction work at the site of construction, the clause shall not be required to be inserted in subcontracts below the second tier. Subcontracts may incorporate by reference the equal opportunity clause.

(d) *Adaptation of language.* Such necessary changes in language may be made in the equal opportunity clause, and in the clause prescribed by paragraph (b)(1) of this section, as shalll be appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.

§ 60–1.4 Exemptions.

(a) *General*—(1) *Transactions of $10,000 or under.* Contracts and subcontracts not exceeding $10,000, other than Government bills of lading, are exempt from the requirements of the equal opportunity clause. In determining the applicability of this exemption to any federally assisted construction contract, or subcontract thereunder, the amount of such contract or subcontract rather than the amount of the Federal financial assistance shall govern.

(2) *Standard commercial supplies and raw materials.* Contracts and subcontracts not exceeding $100,000 for standard commercial supplies or raw materials are exempt from the requirements of the equal opportunity clause, except that the Executive Vice Chairman may, whenever he finds it necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of the Orders, withdraw such exemption in whole or in part with regard to any specified articles or raw materials. No agency, contractor or subcontractor shall procure supplies or materials in less than usual quantities to avoid applicability of the equal opportunity clause.

(3) *Contracts outside the United States.* Contracts and subcontracts under which work is to be or has been performed outside the United States and where no recruitment of workers within the United States is involved are exempt from the requirements of the equal opportunity clause. To the extent that work pursuant to such contracts is done within the United States the equal opportunity clause shall be applicable.

(4) *Sales contracts.* Contracts providing for the sale of Government real and personal property where no appreciable amount of work is involved are exempt from the requirements of the equal opportunity clause.

(5) *Contracts and subcontracts for an indefinite quantity.* Contracts and subcontracts for an indefinite quantity (including, without limitation, open-end contracts, requirement-type contracts, Federal Supply Schedule contracts, "call-type" contracts, and purchase notice agreements) which are not to extend for more than one year are exempt from the requirements of the equal opportunity clause if the purchaser determines that the amounts to be ordered under any such contract or subcontract are not reasonably expected to exceed $100,000 in the case of contracts or subcontracts for standard commercial supplies and raw materials, or $10,000 in the case of all other contracts and subcontracts. When not so determined to be exempt from the requirements of the equal opportunity clause, such contracts or subcontracts shall be subject to those requirements even though the amounts actually ordered do not exceed the appropriate dollar limitation. With respect to contracts or subcontracts for an indefinite quantity which are to extend for more than one year or continue indefinitely, the equal opportunity clause shall be included unless the purchaser knows in advance that the amounts to be ordered in any year under such contract or subcontract will not exceed the appropriate dollar limitation. When so included in any contract the applicability of the equal opportunity clause shall be determined by the purchaser at the time of award for the first year, and at the end of each year for the succeeding year, based upon the amounts that are reasonably expected to be ordered during such year, and the purchaser shall notify the contractor or subcontractor in writing when the equal opportunity clause is so determined to be applicable. Once the equal opportunity clause is determined to be applicable, the contract or subcontract shall continue for its duration to be subject to such clause, regardless of the amounts ordered, or reasonably expected to be ordered, in any succeeding year. Whenever it has been determined in accordance with the provisions of this subparagraph (5) that a contract or subcontract for an indefinite quantity is exempt from the requirements of the clause, or that such requirements are not to be applicable in any one year, such determination shall be controlling even though the amounts actually ordered exceed the appropriate dollar limitation.

(b) *Specific contracts and facilities*—(1) *Specific contracts.* The Executive Vice Chairman may, with the approval of the Vice Chairman, exempt an agency from requiring the inclusion of any or all

of the equal opportunity clause in any specific contract, or subcontract, when he deems that special circumstances in the national interest so require. The Executive Vice Chairman may also, with the approval of the Vice Chairman, exempt groups or categories of contracts of the same type where he finds it impracticable to act upon each request individually or where group exemptions will contribute to convenience in the administration of the Orders.

(2) *Facilities not connected with contracts.* The Executive Vice Chairman may, with the approval of the Vice Chairman, exempt from the requirements of the equal opportunity clause any of a contractor's or subcontractor's facilities which he finds to be in all respects separate and distinct from activities of the contractor or subcontractor related to the performance of the contract or subcontract: *Provided,* That he also finds that such an exemption will not interfere with or impede the effectuation of the Orders.

(3) *Review of exemptions.* The Executive Vice Chairman shall report periodically to the Committee for its review any exemptions granted under subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph.

(c) *Effect of exemption.* Notwithstanding the inclusion in any contract or subcontract of the equal opportunity clause, the contractor or subcontractor shall be exempt from compliance therewith if the contract or subcontract containing such clause is exempt.

(d) *Withdrawal of exemption.* When any contract or subcontract is of a class exempted under this section, the Executive Vice Chairman may withdraw the exemption for a specific contract or subcontract or group of contracts or subcontracts when in his judgment such action is necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of the Orders. Such withdrawal shall not apply to any contracts or subcontracts entered into prior to the effective date of the withdrawal.

§ 60–1.5 Duties of agencies.

(a) *General responsibility.* The head of each agency shall be primarily responsible for obtaining compliance with the equal opportunity clause, the Orders, the regulations in this part, and any relevant orders of the Committee. Each agency shall furnish the Committee such information and assistance as it may require in the performance of its functions under the Orders.

(b) *Contracts Compliance Officers and Deputy Contracts Compliance Officers; designations; duties.* The head of each agency shall appoint from among its personnel a Contracts Compliance Officer, who shall be subject to the immediate supervision of the head of the agency for carrying out the responsibilities of the agency under this part. The head of the agency or the Contracts Compliance Officer may also designate, when appropriate, Deputy Contracts Compliance Officers to assist the Contracts Compliance Officer in the performance of his duties. The name of each Contracts Compliance Officer and any Deputy Contracts Compliance Officers, their addresses, telephone numbers, and any changes made in their designation shall be furnished to the Executive Vice Chairman.

(c) *Regulations.* (1) The head of each agency may prescribe, subject to the prior approval of the Executive Vice Chairman, regulations not inconsistent with those in this part for the administration of the provisions of the Orders.

(2) Each administering agency shall prescribe, subject to the prior approval of the Executive Vice Chairman, regulations or other appropriate instructions requiring that applicants for Federal assistance shall undertake and agree to the clause set forth in § 60–1.3(b)(1), and indicating that the agency shall be primarily responsible for compliance.

(3) Prior to the receipt of the approval of the Executive Vice Chairman, current agency regulations, and proposed regulations or instructions relating to applicants, may be enforced to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the regulations in this part and with the Orders.

§ 60–1.6 Compliance reports.

(a) *Requirements for contractors and subcontractors.* (1) Each agency shall require each nonexempt contractor to file, and each nonexempt contractor and subcontractor shall cause their nonexempt subcontractors to file timely, complete and accurate compliance reports in accordance with, and to the extent required by, the instructions attached to the official compliance report forms, as well as to furnish such other pertinent information as may be requested by the agency, the applicant, or the Executive Vice Chairman.

(2) Compliance reports shall be filed at the times specified by the instructions attached to such forms or at such other times as may be required by the agency or the Executive Vice Chairman. The agency, with the approval of the Executive Vice Chairman, may, in appropriate cases, extend the time for the filing of compliance reports.

(3) Compliance report forms may be obtained from the agency, the applicant or from the prime contractor. Among other things, the forms shall provide that whenever the contractor or subcontractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding with a labor union or other representative of employees, information shall be furnished as to the labor union or other workers' representative's practices and policies affecting compliance, and in connection therewith, the contractor or subcontractor shall request the union or workers' representative for any necessary data within its possession. Where such information is within the exclusive possession of a labor union or other workers' representative and the labor union or other workers' representative shall fail or refuse to furnish such information, the contractor or subcontractor shall so certify in his report and shall set forth what efforts he has made to obtain such information. When such failure or refusal is certified to an agency, it shall immediately advise the Executive Vice Chairman.

(4) Failure to file timely, complete and accurate compliance reports as required constitutes noncompliance with the contractor's obligations under the equal opportunity clause and is ground for the imposition by the agency or the Committee of any of the sanctions available under the Orders.

(b) *Requirements of bidders or prospective contractors*—(1) *Compliance reports.* Each agency shall require any bidder or prospective contractor, or any of their proposed subcontractors, to state as an initial part of the bid or negotiations of the contract whether it has participated in any previous contract or subcontract subject to the equal opportunity clause; and, if so, whether it has filed with the Committee or agency all compliance reports due under applicable instructions. In any case in which a bidder or prospective contractor or proposed subcontractor which has participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the equal opportunity clause has not filed a compliance report due under applicable instructions, such bidder, prospective contractor or proposed subcontractor shall be required by the agency to submit a compliance report prior to the award of the proposed contract or subcontract. In all other cases, the agency may, or upon the direction of the Executive Vice Chairman, shall, require the submission of a compliance report by a bidder or prospective contractor, or proposed subcontractor, prior to the award of the contract or subcontract. When a determination has been made to award a contract to a specific contractor, such contractor may be required, prior to award, to furnish such other pertinent information regarding its own employment policies and practices as well as of its proposed subcontractors as the agency, the applicant, or the Executive Vice Chairman may require.

(2) *Union statement.* Each agency may as a part of the bid or negotiation of the contract, or upon the direction of the Executive Vice Chairman, shall, direct any bidder or prospective contractor, or any of their proposed subcontractors, to file a statement in writing (signed by an authorized officer or agent of any labor union or other workers' representative with which the bidder or prospective contractor or subcontractor, deals or has reason to believe he will deal in connection with performance of the proposed contract), together with supporting information, to the effect that the said labor union's or other workers' representative's practices and policies do not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, creed, or national origin, and that the labor union or other workers' representative either will affirmatively cooperate, within the limits of its legal and contractual authority, in the implementation of the policy and provisions of the Orders or that it consents and agrees that recruitment, employment and the terms and conditions of employment under the proposed contract shall be in accordance with the purposes and provisions of the Orders. In the event the union or other workers' representative fails or refuses to execute

such a statement, the bidder or prospective contractor shall so certify, and state what efforts have been made to secure such a statement. When such failure or refusal has been certified, the agency shall immediately advise the Executive Vice Chairman.

§ 60–1.7 Compliance by labor unions.

(a) The Executive Vice Chairman shall use his best efforts, directly and through agencies, contractors, subcontractors, applicants, State and local officials, public and private agencies, and all other available instrumentalities, to cause any labor union, recruiting agency or other representative of workers who are or may be engaged in work under contracts to cooperate with, and to comply in the implementation of, the purposes of the Orders.

(b) In order to effectuate the purposes of paragraph (a) of this section, the Executive Vice Chairman may hold hearings, public or private, with respect to the practices and policies of any such labor organization.

(c) The Executive Vice Chairman may also notify any Federal, State, or local agency of his conclusions and recommendations with respect to any such labor organization which in his judgment has failed to cooperate with the Committee, agencies, contractors, subcontractors, or applicants in carrying out the purposes of the Orders.

§ 60–1.8 Use of compliance reports.

The agency and the Committee shall use compliance reports only in connection with the administration of the Orders or the furtherance of their purposes.

Subpart B—General Enforcement; Complaint Procedure

§ 60–1.20 Compliance review by the agency.

(a) *General.* The purpose of compliance reviews shall be to ascertain the extent to which the Orders are being implemented by the creation of equal employment opportunity for all qualified persons in accordance with the national policy. They are not intended to interfere with the responsibilities of employers to determine the competence and qualifications of employees and applicants for employment. Both routine and special reviews shall be conducted by agencies to ascertain the extent to which contractors and subcontractors are complying with the Orders, and to furnish information that may be useful to agencies and the Committee in carrying out their functions under the Orders. If a contractor or subcontractor has contracts or subcontracts involving more than one agency, the agency having the predominant interest shall normally conduct compliance reviews. The agency under which the contractor or subcontractor holds the largest aggregate dollar value of contracts or subcontracts at the time of filing of the most recent compliance report shall be deemed to have the predominant interest in any proceeding under this part, unless otherwise provided by the Executive Vice Chairman.

(b) *Routine compliance review.* A routine compliance review consists of a general review of the practices of the contractor or subcontractor to ascertain compliance with the requirements of the Order. A routine compliance review shall be considered a normal part of contract administration.

(c) *Special compliance review.* A special compliance review consists of a comprehensive review of the employment practices of the contractor or subcontractor with respect to the requirements of the Order. Special compliance reviews shall be conducted by the Executive Vice Chairman; or the agency (1) from time to time, (2) when special circumstances, including complaints which are processed under § 60–1.24, warrant, or (3) when requested by the Executive Vice Chairman. The agency shall report the results of any special compliance review conducted by it to the Executive Vice Chairman.

§ 60–1.21 Who may file complaints.

Any employee of any contractor or subcontractor or applicant for employment with such contractor or subcontractor who believes himself to be aggrieved under the equal opportunity clause, may, by himself or by an authorized representative, file in writing a complaint of alleged discrimination. Such complaint must be filed not later than 90 days from the date of the alleged discrimination, unless the time for filing is extended by the agency or the Executive Vice Chairman upon good cause shown.

§ 60–1.22 Where to file.

Complaints may be filed with the agency or with the Committee. Those filed with the Committee may be referred to the agency for processing, or they may be processed in accordance with § 60–1.26. Where complaints are filed with the agency, the Contracts Compliance Officer shall transmit a copy of the complaint to the Executive Vice Chairman within ten days after the receipt thereof and shall proceed with a prompt investigation of the complaint. When a complaint is filed against a contractor or subcontractor who has contracts involving more than one agency, the agency having the predominant interest in such contracts shall normally conduct the investigation and make such findings and determinations as shall be appropriate for the administration of the Orders.

§ 60–1.23 Contents of complaint.

(a) The complaint should include the following information: The name and address (including telephone number) of the complainant; the name and address of the contractor or subcontractor committing the alleged discrimination; a description of the acts considered to be discriminatory; and any other pertinent information which will assist in the investigation and resolution of the complaint. The complaint shall be signed by the complainant or his authorized representative.

(b) Where a complaint contains incomplete information, the agency or the Executive Vice Chairman (when acting pursuant to § 60–1.26), shall seek promptly the needed information from the complainant. In the event such information is not furnished to the agency or the Executive Vice Chairman within 60 days of the date of such request, the case may be closed.

§ 60–1.24 Processing of matters by agencies.

(a) *Investigations.* (1) The agency shall institute a prompt investigation of each complaint filed with it or referred to it, and shall be responsible for developing a complete case record. The investigation should include, where appropriate, a review of the pertinent personnel practices and policies of the contractor or subcontractor, the circumstances under which the alleged discrimination occurred, and other factors relevant to a determination as to whether the contractor or subcontractor has complied with the equal opportunity clause.

(2) Whenever a compliance review, report or other procedure indicates the possible violation of the equal opportunity clause, the agency shall institute such investigation as shall be necessary and shall be responsible for developing a complete case record.

(b) *Resolution of matters.* (1) If the investigation by the agency pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section shows no violation of the equal opportunity clause, the agency shall so inform the Committee. The Executive Vice Chairman shall review the findings and upon concurrence therewith he shall so advise the agency, which shall in turn notify the applicant, if any, the appropriate contractors and subcontractors, and the complainant, if any, and the case shall be closed. If upon review, the Executive Vice Chairman does not concur with the findings of the agency, he may request further investigation by the agency or may undertake such investigation by the Committee as he may deem appropriate.

(2) If any investigation under paragraph (a) of this section indicates the existence of an apparent violation of the equal opportunity clause, the matter should be resolved by informal means whenever possible.

(3) If a matter in which the investigation has shown apparent discrimination is not resolved by informal means, the agency may afford the contractor or subcontractor an opportunity for a hearing before reporting its findings and recommendations to the Executive Vice Chairman, as provided in paragraph (c) of this section. If the agency's decision is that a violation of the equal opportunity clause has taken place, the agency may make recommendations to the Executive Vice Chairman, may cause the cancellation, termination, or suspension of the contract or subcontract pursuant to section 312 of the Order, or may with the approval of the Executive Vice Chairman impose such other sanctions as seem necessary and appropriate to carry out the purposes of the Orders. No case shall be referred to the Department of Justice under section 312(b) of the Order and no contract or subcontract shall be cancelled or terminated in whole or in part under section 312(d) of the

Order without compliance with § 60–1.28. Whenever debarment from contracts under section 312(e) of the Order may be proposed by the agency, it shall afford the contractor or subcontractor an opportunity for a hearing before the head of the agency or his authorized representative in accordance with § 60–1.27. When a contractor or subcontractor, without a hearing, shall have complied with the recommendations or orders of an agency or the Executive Vice Chairman and believes such recommendations or orders to be erroneous, he shall upon filing a request therefor within 10 days of such compliance be afforded an opportunity for a hearing and review of the alleged erroneous action by the agency or the Executive Vice Chairman as the case may be.

(c) *Report to the Executive Vice Chairman.* (1) Within 60 days from receipt of a complaint by the agency, or within such additional time as may be allowed by the Executive Vice Chairman for good cause shown, the agency shall process the complaint and submit to the Executive Vice Chairman the case record and a summary report containing the following information:

(i) Name and address of the complainant;

(ii) Brief summary of findings, including a statement as to the agency's conclusions regarding the contractor's compliance or noncompliance with the requirements of the Order;

(iii) A statement of the disposition of the case, including any corrective action taken and any sanctions or penalties imposed or, whenever appropriate, the recommended corrective action and sanctions or penalties.

(2) As to any other matter processed by the agency involving an apparent violation of the Orders, the agency shall submit to the Executive Vice Chairman a report containing a brief summary of the findings, including a statement as to the agency's conclusions regarding the contractor's compliance or noncompliance with the requirements of the Order, and a statement of the disposition of the case, including any corrective action taken and any sanctions or penalties imposed or, whenever appropriate, the recommended corrective action and sanctions or penalties.

§ 60–1.25 Assumption of jurisdiction by the Executive Vice Chairman over matters before an agency.

The Executive Vice Chairman may inquire into the status of any matter pending before an agency, including complaints and matters arising out of reports, reviews, and other investigations, and where he considers it necessary or appropriate to the achievement of the purposes of the Orders he may assume jurisdiction over the matter and proceed as provided in § 60–1.26.

§ 60–1.26 Processing of matters by the Executive Vice Chairman.

(a) The Executive Vice Chairman may process matters over which he assumes jurisdiction under § 60–1.25 or other matters, including complaints and matters arising out of special compliance reviews conducted or ordered by the Executive Vice Chairman. Whenever the Executive Vice Chairman processes any matter he may conduct, or have conducted, such investigations, hold such hearings, make such findings, issue such recommendations and directives and order such sanctions and penalties as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of the Orders.

(b) No case shall be referred to the Department of Justice under section 312 of the Order and no contract shall be cancelled or terminated in whole or in part under section 312(d) of the Order without compliance with § 60–1.28. Whenever debarment from contracts under section 312(e) of the Order may be proposed, the Executive Vice Chairman shall afford the contractor an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with § 60–1.27.

(c) The Executive Vice Chairman shall promptly notify the agency of any corrective action to be taken or any sanctions to be imposed by the agency. The agency shall take such action, and report the results thereof to the Executive Vice Chairman within the time specified in individual cases.

§ 60–1.27 Hearings.

(a) *General hearing procedure*—(1) *Notice.* Whenever a hearing is to be held pursuant to Subpart B of this part reasonable notice of such hearing shall be given by registered mail, return receipt requested, to the contractor or subcontractor complained against. Such notice shall include (i) a convenient time and place of hearing, (ii) a statement of the provisions of the Order and regulations pursuant to which the hearing is to be held, and (iii) a concise statement of the matters pursuant to which the action forming the basis of the hearing has been taken or is proposed to be taken.

(2) *Hearings.* The Executive Vice Chairman, the head of the agency, or such other official or officials designated as hearing officers shall regulate the course of the hearing. Hearings shall be informally conducted. Every party shall have the right to counsel, and a fair opportunity to present his case or defense including such cross-examination as may be appropriate in the circumstances. Hearing officers shall make their proposed findings and recommended conclusions upon the basis of the record before them.

(b) *Contract ineligibility cases.* When hearings are held pursuant to section 310(b) of the Order to declare a contractor or subcontractor ineligible for further contracts, the procedure provided in paragraph (a) of this section shall be followed except as hereinafter set forth.

(1) *Notice of proposed ineligibility.* Before any determination is made to declare any contractor or subcontractor ineligible for further contracts or subcontracts under sections 301 and 312 of the Order, a notice of proposed determination in writing and signed by the Executive Vice Chairman or head of the agency, or his authorized representative, as the case may be, shall be sent to the last known address of the contractor or subcontractor, return receipt requested.

(2) *Hearing request.* Whenever a contractor or subcontractor has been notified by an agency of a proposed determination of contract ineligibility under the Orders, such contractor or subcontractor shall be entitled to request an opportunity to be heard by the agency. When such notice is received from the Executive Vice Chairman, a request for an opportunity to be heard may be made to the Committee. The letter to the Executive Vice Chairman or the head of the agency, or his authorized representative, as the case may be, may include a request for a written statement specifying charges in reasonable detail. The request for an opportunity to be heard shall be made within ten days from the date of receipt of notice of the proposed determination. If at the end of such ten day period, no request has been received, the Executive Vice Chairman or the head of the agency, or his authorized representative, may assume that an opportunity to be heard is not desired, and the Executive Vice Chairman may enter an order declaring such contractor or subcontractor ineligible for further contracts, or extensions or other modifications of existing contracts, until such contractor or subcontractor shall have satisfied the Committee that he has established and will carry out personnel and employment policies in compliance with the provisions of the Orders.

(3) *Hearing, time and place.* Upon receipt of a request for an opportunity to be heard, the Executive Vice Chairman or the head of the agency, or his authorized representative, shall arrange a timely hearing. The hearing shall be conducted by the head of the agency or his authorized representative or by a panel of the Committee consisting of not less than three members thereof appointed by the Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Committee. When the hearing is conducted by an agency, no decision by the head of the agency, or his authorized representative, shall be final without the prior approval of a panel of the Committee.

§ 60–1.28 Opportunity to achieve compliance before referrals to the Department of Justice or contract termination.

No case shall be referred to the Department of Justice under section 312(b) of the Order and no contract shall be terminated in whole or in part under section 312(d) of the Order until the expiration of at least ten days from the mailing of notice of such proposed referral or contract termination to the contractor or subcontractor involved, affording him an opportunity to comply with the provisions of the Orders. Reasonable efforts to persuade the contractor or subcontractor to comply with the provisions of the Orders and to take such corrective action as may be appropriate shall be made during this period.

§ 60–1.29 Contract ineligibility list.

The Executive Vice Chairman shall distribute periodically a list to all executive departments and agencies giving the names of contractors and subcontractors who have been declared

ineligible under these regulations and the Orders. The Executive Vice Chairman may also publish such a list together with a list of those contractors for subcontractors who may have reestablished their eligibility in such form and in such places as he may deem appropriate.

§ 60–1.30 Notification of Comptroller General in cases of contract ineligibility or contract termination.

Whenever a contract or subcontract is terminated or whenever a contractor or subcontractor is declared ineligible from receiving further contracts or subcontracts because of noncompliance with the equal opportunity clause, the Executive Vice Chairman shall notify the Comptroller General of the United States.

§ 60–1.31 Reinstatement of ineligible contractors and subcontractors.

Any contractor or subcontractor declared ineligible for further contracts or subcontracts under the Orders may request reinstatement in a letter directed to the Executive Vice Chairman. In connection with the reinstatement proceeding, the contractor or subcontractor shall be required to show that it has now complied with the Orders or that it has a program of compliance acceptable to the Executive Vice Chairman.

Subpart C—Certificates of Merit

§ 60–1.40 By the Committee on its own initiative.

The Committee acting through the Chairman or Vice Chairman may award United States Government Certificates of Merit to employers or employee organizations which are or may hereafter be engaged in work under contracts, if the Committee is satisfied that the personnel and employment practices of the employer, or that the personnel, training, apprenticeship, membership, grievance and representation, upgrading, and other practices and policies of the employee organization conform to the purposes and provisions of the Order.

§ 60–1.41 By the Executive Vice Chairman upon agency recommendation.

The Committee, acting through the Executive Vice Chairman, may award a United States Government Certificate of Merit upon the recommendation of an agency. The recommendation should include a statement in sufficient detail to inform the Executive Vice Chairman of the basis for the proposed award.

§ 60–1.42 [Deleted]

§ 60–1.43 Suspension or revocation.

The Committee acting through the Chairman or Vice Chairman may at any time review the continued entitlement of any employer or employee organization to a United States Government Certificate of Merit, and may suspend or revoke in the public interest the Certificate if the holder thereof, in the judgment of the Executive Vice Chairman, is no longer in compliance with the provisions of the regulations and those of the Order. The Executive Vice Chairman shall notify all agencies of such suspension or revocation of the Certificate of Merit.

Subpart D—Ancillary Matters

§ 60–1.60 Solicitations or advertisements for employees.

In solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of a contractor or subcontractor, the requirements of paragraph (2) of the equal opportunity clause shall be satisfied whenever the contractor or subcontractor complies with any of the following:

(a) States expressly in the solicitations or advertising that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, creed, color, or national origin;

(b) Uses display or other advertising, and the advertising includes an appropriate insignia prescribed by the Committee. The use of the insignia is considered subject to the provisions of 18 U.S.C. 701;

(c) Uses a single advertisement, and the advertisement is grouped with other advertisements under a caption which clearly states that all employers in the group assure all qualified applicants equal consideration for employment without regard to race, creed, color, or national origin;

(d) Uses single advertisement in which appears in clearly distinguishable type the phrase "an equal opportunity employer."

§ 60–1.61 Access to records of employment.

Each contractor and subcontractor shall permit access during normal business hours to his books, records, and accounts pertinent to compliance with the Orders, and all rules and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, by the agency, the Committee, the Executive Vice Chairman, and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with the Orders and the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Committee. Information obtained in this manner shall be used only in connection with the administration of the Orders.

§ 60–1.62 Rulings and interpretations.

The Executive Vice Chairman shall have authority to issue rulings and interpretations regarding the contracts portion of the Orders and the regulations contained in this part. The rulings and interpretations of the Executive Vice Chairman, unless and until modified or revoked, shall be authoritative.

§ 60–1.63 Reports to the Committee.

The Executive Vice Chairman shall make periodic reports to the Committee and such other reports as may be requested by the Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Committee.

§ 60–1.64 Existing contracts and subcontracts.

All Government contracts and subcontracts in effect prior to April 5, 1961, which are not subsequently modified shall be administered in accordance with the nondiscrimination provisions of any prior applicable Executive Orders. Any Government contract or subcontract modified on or after April 5, 1961, but before June 22, 1963, shall be subject to Executive Order 10925. Any Government contract or subcontract modified on or after June 22, 1963, shall be subject to the Order, and shall include as part of such modification the equal opportunity clause contained in Part II of Executive Order 11114. All federally assisted construction contracts in effect prior to July 22, 1963, which are not subsequently modified shall be administered in accordance with the provisions of any prior applicable agency regulations or instructions. Any federally assisted construction contract or subcontract modified on or after July 22, 1963, shall be subject to Executive Order 11114. Complaints received by, and violations coming to the attention of agencies regarding contracts and subcontracts not subject to either Executive Order 10925 or 11114 shall be reported to the Executive Vice Chairman. The agency shall, upon its own initiative or upon the request of the Executive Vice Chairman, investigate such complaints or alleged violations and take such other action as may be appropriate.

Effective date. Because the requirements of this chapter concern matters excepted from the provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act and because of the desirability of prompt implementation of the provisions of Executive Orders 10925 and 11114, this revision of Part 60–1 shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 30th day of August 1963.

HOBART TAYLOR, Jr.,
Executive Vice Chairman.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9598; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 43—PUBLIC LANDS: INTERIOR

Chapter I—Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior

APPENDIX—PUBLIC LAND ORDERS

[Public Land Order 3206]

[Wyoming 059320]

WYOMING

Partial Revocation of Public Land Order No. 2278 of February 27, 1961

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to the Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, it is ordered as follows:

1. Public Land Order No. 2278 of February 27, 1961, which withdrew national forest lands in Wyoming for use of the Forest Service as administrative sites is hereby revoked so far as it affects the following-described lands:

SIXTH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

MEDICINE BOW NATIONAL FOREST

Shingle Mill Administrative Site

T. 15 N., R. 85 W.,
Sec. 28, SW¼SW¼, and W½SE¼SW¼;
Sec. 33, N½NW¼NE¼NW¼, and N½N½NW¼NW¼.

Rambler Administrative Site

T. 14 N., R. 86 W.,
Sec. 26, SE¼NW¼SW¼, E½SW¼SW¼, and SW¼SE¼SW¼.

Trail Administrative Site

T. 13 N., R. 88 W.,
Sec. 17, N½NE¼.

Deep Creek Administrative Site

T. 14 N., R. 88 W.,
Sec. 12, N½NW¼.

The areas described aggregate 275 acres.

2. At 10:00 a.m. on October 5, 1963, the lands shall be open to such forms of disposition as may by law be made of national forest lands.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9578; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3207]

[Nevada 054561]

NEVADA

Partial Revocation of Reclamation Withdrawal, Washoe Lake Reservoir Site

By virtue of the authority contained in section 3 of the Act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 338; 43 U.S.C. 416), it is ordered as follows:

1. The Departmental Order of July 18, 1940, which withdrew lands for reclamation purposes under the Act of June 17, 1902, supra, is hereby revoked so far as it affects the following-described lands:

MOUNT DIABLO MERIDIAN

T. 16 N., R. 19 E.,
Sec. 26, NE¼SW¼.
T. 17 N., R. 19 E.,
Sec. 34, W½NE¼, N½NW¼ and SE¼NW¼.
T. 16 N., R. 20 E.,
Sec. 20, E½, SW¼SW¼, E½SW¼;
Sec. 27, S½;
Sec. 33, W½SW¼.

The areas described aggregate 960 acres of public land, and 120 acres of national forest land in the Toiyabe National Forest.

2. The lands are located north of Carson City, Nevada. Topography is generally rough, with rocky, sandy, and sandy loam soils.

3. At 10:00 a.m. on October 5, 1963, the national forest lands shall be open to such forms of disposition as may by law be made of national forest lands.

4. Subject to any valid existing rights and equitable claims, the requirements of applicable law, and the provisions of any existing withdrawals, the public lands are hereby opened to filing of applications and selections. All valid applications and selections under the nonmineral public land laws presented at or prior to 10:00 a.m. on October 5, 1963, will be considered as simultaneously filed at that hour. Rights under such applications and selections filed after that hour will be governed by the time of filing.

5. The lands have been open to applications and offers under the mineral leasing laws. They will be opened to location under the United States mining laws at 10:00 a.m. on October 5, 1963.

6. Persons claiming preference rights based upon valid settlement, statutory preference, or equitable claims, must enclose properly corroborated statements in support of their applications, setting forth all facts relevant to their claims.

Inquiries concerning the lands should be addressed to the Manager, Land Office, Bureau of Land Management, Reno, Nevada.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9579; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3208]

[1966031]

ALASKA

Partial Revocation of Public Land Order No. 537 of December 15, 1948

By virtue of the authority contained in section 1 of the Act of June 25, 1910 (36 Stat. 847; 43 U.S.C. 141) and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, it is ordered as follows:

1. Public Land Order No. 537 of December 15, 1948, so far as it reserved for public purposes, lot 1, U.S. Survey No. 2707, Paxsons Lake, latitude 62°55' N., longitude 145°30' W., containing 4 acres, is hereby revoked.

2. Until 10:00 a.m. on November 30, 1963, the State of Alaska shall have a preferred right to select the land in accordance with the act of July 28, 1956 (70 Stat. 709; 48 U.S.C. 46-3b), and section 6(g) of the Alaska Statehood Act of July 7, 1958 (72 Stat. 339), and the regulations in 43 CFR Part 76.

3. This order shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of the land until 10:00 a.m. on November 30, 1963. At that time the land shall be open to the operation of the public land laws generally, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, and the requirements of applicable law. All valid applications except preference right applications from the State received at or prior to 10:00 a.m. on October 5, 1963, shall be considered as simultaneously filed at that time.

4. The land has been open to applications and offers under the mineral leasing laws and to location for metalliferous minerals. It will be open to location for nonmetalliferous minerals under the United States mining laws at 10:00 a.m. on November 30, 1963.

5. Inquiries concerning the land should be addressed to the Manager, Land Office, Bureau of Land Management, Anchorage, Alaska.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9580; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3209]

[Riverside 03011]

CALIFORNIA

Partial Revocation of Public Land Order No. 431 of December 19, 1947

By virtue of the authority vested in the President, and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, it is ordered as follows:

1. Public Land Order No. 431 of December 19, 1947, which withdrew certain lands in California for the use of the Navy Department as a Naval Ordnance Testing Center and proving range, is hereby revoked so far as it affects the following-described lands:

MOUNT DIABLO MERIDIAN

T. 25 S., R. 38 E.,
Sec. 2, W½ of lots 1 and 2 of NE¼, and the SE¼.
T. 26 S., R. 39 E.,
Sec. 6, SW¼NE¼SE¼.

The areas described aggregate approximately 251 acres, of which about 170 acres are patented. The W½ lots 1 and 2 is public land.

2. Subject to any valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, and the requirements of applicable law, the public lands are hereby opened to filing of applications, selections and locations in accordance with the following:

a. Until 10:00 a.m. on March 1, 1964, the State of California shall have a preferred right of application to select the lands as provided by subsection (c) of section 2 of the Act of August 27, 1958 (72 Stat. 928; 43 U.S.C. 852).

b. All other valid applications and selections under the nonmineral public land laws, and applications and offers under the mineral leasing laws presented at or prior to 10:00 a.m. on October 5, 1963, will be considered as simultaneously filed at that hour. Rights under such applications, and selections filed after that hour will be governed by the time of filing.

c. The lands will be open to location under the United States mining laws beginning at 10:00 a.m. on March 1, 1964.

Inquiries concerning the lands should be addressed to the Manager, Land Office, Bureau of Land Management, Riverside, California.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9581; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3210]

[Los Angeles 0143391]

CALIFORNIA

Partial Revocation of Public Water Reserve No. 56

By virtue of the authority vested in the President by section 1 of the Act of June 25, 1910 (36 Stat. 847; 43 U.S.C. 141), and pursuant to Executive Order

No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, it is ordered as follows:

1. The Executive Order of October 16, 1918, creating Public Water Reserve No. 56, California No. 7, so far as it affects the following-described land, is hereby revoked.

SAN BERNARDINO MERIDIAN

T. 3 S., R. 4 E.,
Sec. 30, NE¼.

Containing 160 acres.

2. Until 10:00 a.m. on March 1, 1964, the State of California shall have a preferred right of application to select the lands as provided by subsection (c) of section 2 of the Act of August 27, 1958 (72 Stat. 928; 43 U.S.C. 852). On and after that date and hour the lands shall become subject to application, petition, location, and selection generally, subject to valid existing rights, the provisions of existing withdrawals, and the requirements of applicable law. All valid applications except preference right applications from the State, received at or prior to 10:00 a.m. on October 5, 1963, will be considered as simultaneously filed at that time.

3. The lands have been open to applications and offers under the mineral leasing laws, and to location for metalliferous minerals. They will be open to location for nonmetalliferous minerals beginning at 10:00 a.m. on March 1, 1964.

Inquiries concerning the lands should be addressed to the Manager, Land Office, Bureau of Land Management, Riverside, California.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9582; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3211]

[Los Angeles 0134245]

CALIFORNIA

Withdrawal of National Forest Lands for Use of Forest Service; Correction

The land description for the Oak Creek Camp and Picnic Grounds appearing in Public Land Order No. 3074 of May 7, 1963, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER of May 11, 1963, at page 4757, so far as it refers to "T. 12 S., R. 34 E.," is corrected to read "T. 13 S., R. 34 E.,".

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9600; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3212]

[Oregon 012508]

OREGON

Withdrawal for Forest Service Administrative Sites

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, it is ordered as follows:

Subject to valid existing rights, the minerals in the following-described national forest lands in the Umatilla National Forest, are hereby withdrawn from prospecting, location, entry, and purchase under the mining laws of the United States in aid of programs of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture for utilization of the surface as administrative sites as indicated:

WILLAMETTE MERIDIAN

GOODMAN RIDGE LOOKOUT ADMINISTRATIVE SITE

T. 1 N., R. 37 E.,
Sec. 5, W½SW¼SE¼.

HIGH RIDGE LOOKOUT ADMINISTRATIVE SITE

T. 2 N., R. 38 E.,
Sec. 6, W½SE¼NE¼.

TUPPER BUTTE ADMINISTRATIVE SITE

T. 6 S., R. 27 E.,
Sec. 4, N½, and N½SE¼.

SUMMIT GUARD STATION ADMINISTRATIVE SITE

T. 1 S., R. 37 E.,
Sec. 17, SW¼NE¼, NE¼SW¼, and NW¼SE¼.

The areas described aggregate approximately 506 acres.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9583; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3213]

[Wyoming 085048 (Nebr.)]

NEBRASKA

Withdrawal of Lands for Reclamation Purposes, Merritt Dam and Reservoir Project

By virtue of the authority contained in section 3 of the Act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388; 43 U.S.C. 416), it is ordered as follows:

Subject to valid existing rights the following-described national forest lands in the Nebraska National Forest are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, including the mining laws, and reserved for use of the Bureau of Reclamation, Department of the Interior, for construction, operation and maintenance of the Merritt Dam and Reservoir, Ainsworth Unit, Missouri River Basin Project:

SIXTH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

T. 31 N., R. 31 W.,
Sec. 25, S½ and S½NW¼;
Sec. 26, NE¼, S½NW¼, N½SW¼, and SE¼.

Containing approximately 880 acres.

The lands will continue to be administered by the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture, until such time as they are needed for project purposes.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9584; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3214]

[Sacramento 048180]

CALIFORNIA

Withdrawal for Forest Service Roadside Zones

By virtue of the authority vested in the President, and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, it is ordered as follows:

Subject to valid existing rights, the following-described lands in the Stanislaus National Forest, California, are hereby withdrawn from prospecting, location, entry, and purchase under the mining laws of the United States, in aid of programs of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture, for protection of existing roads and highways and adjacent roadside zones:

MOUNT DIABLO MERIDIAN

A strip of land 200 feet on either side of the center line as surveyed on the ground of the Big Oak Flat Forest Highway Route No. 39 (State of California Route No. 120) through the following sections:

T. 1 S., R. 18 E.,
Secs. 25 to 29, incl.;
Sec. 36.
T. 1 S., R. 19 E.,
Secs. 27 to 31, incl.;
Secs. 34 and 35.

The area described contains approximately 375 acres.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9585; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3215]

[Montana 056834–056836]

MONTANA

Addition of Lands to Gallatin, Flathead, and Lewis and Clark National Forests

By virtue of the authority vested in the President by section 1 of the Act of July 20, 1939 (53 Stat. 1071; 16 U.S.C. 471b) and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952 (17 F.R. 4831), and the Act of July 9, 1962 (76 Stat. 140; 43 U.S.C. 315g–1), it is ordered as follows:

1. The following-described lands are hereby added to and made a part of the national forests indicated, subject to existing valid rights, and hereafter shall be subject to all laws and regulations applicable to such national forest:

PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

(a) (Montana 056834.)

GALLATIN NATIONAL FOREST

T. 4 S., R. 2 E.,
Secs. 29, 31, and 33.

The areas described total 1,917.32 acres.

(b) (Montana 056835.)

FLATHEAD NATIONAL FOREST

T. 27 N., R. 23 W.,
Sec. 6, lots 7, 8 and S½NE¼.
T. 27 N., R. 24 W.,
Sec. 2, lots 1 to 4 incl.

The areas described total 282.52 acres.

(c) (Montana 056836.)

LEWIS AND CLARK NATIONAL FOREST

T. 11 N., R. 19 E.,
Sec. 34, NW¼NW¼.

Containing 40 acres.

2. The boundaries of the Lewis and Clark National Forest are hereby extended to the extent necessary to include the lands described in paragraph 1(c) hereof.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9586; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3216]

[1935558]

[Fairbanks 031363]

ALASKA

Partial Revocation of Air Navigation Site Withdrawal No. 162

By virtue of the authority contained in section 4 of the act of May 24, 1928 (45 Stat. 729; 49 U.S.C. 214), it is ordered as follows:

1. The departmental order of June 25, 1941 creating Air Navigation Site Withdrawal No. 162, as enlarged by departmental order of October 16, 1953, is hereby revoked so far as it affects public lands in Alaska identified as U.S. Survey No. 2626, containing 3984 acres.

2. The lands are withdrawn by Public Land Order No. 255 for use of the Department of the Army for military purposes.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9587; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3217]

[Los Angeles 0164678]

CALIFORNIA

Partial Revocation of Reclamation Withdrawal, Yuma Project

By virtue of the authority contained in section 3 of the Act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388; 43 U.S.C. 416), it is ordered as follows:

The departmental order of April 2, 1909, which withdrew lands for reclamation purposes in connection with the Yuma Project, is hereby revoked so far as it affects the following-described lands:

SAN BERNARDINO MERIDIAN

T. 9 S., R. 12 E.,
Sec. 2, N½N½NE¼, SW¼NE¼NE¼, SE¼NW¼NE¼ and NE¼NE¼NW¼ (portion of lot 2 in NE¼ and portion of lot 2 in NW¼).

Containing approximately 70 acres.

The lands have been patented to the County of Imperial, California, under the provisions of the Act of June 14, 1926 (44 Stat. 741; 43 U.S.C. 869—869-3), as amended, with a reservation to the United States of an easement for seepage and overflow.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9588; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3218]

[Utah 049508]

UTAH

Withdrawal of National Forest Lands for Use of Forest Service

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, it is ordered as follows:

Subject to valid existing rights, the minerals in the following-described national forest lands in the Ashley and Manti-LaSal National Forests, Utah, are hereby withdrawn from prospecting, location, entry, and purchase under the mining laws of the United States in aid of programs of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture, for utilization of the surface as campgrounds, summer home areas, an administrative site, and a recreation area as indicated:

UINTA SPECIAL MERIDIAN

ASHLEY NATIONAL FOREST

Uinta River Recreation Area

T. 3 N., R. 2 W.,
Sec. 19, lot 4, W½SE¼SW¼, SE¼ of lot 3, SW¼NE¼SW¼;
Sec. 29, SW¼SW¼, and SW¼SE¼SW¼;
Sec. 30, W½NE¼NW¼, E½ of lot 1, NE¼ of lot 2, SE¼NE¼NW¼, SE¼NW¼, W½SW¼NE¼, SE¼SW¼NE¼, SW¼SE¼NE¼, N½NE¼SW¼, NW¼SE¼, NE¼NE¼SE¼, NW¼SW¼SE¼, E½SW¼SE¼, W½SE¼SE¼, S½NE¼SE¼SE¼, and SE¼SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 31, N½NE¼NE¼;
Sec. 32, N½NW¼NW¼, SE¼NW¼NW¼, NE¼NW¼, SE¼NW¼, NW¼SW¼NE¼, S½SW¼NE¼, N½NE¼SW¼, SE¼NE¼SW¼, NW¼SE¼, W½NE¼SE¼, N½SW¼SE¼, SE¼SW¼SE¼, W½SE¼SE¼, and SE¼SE¼SE¼.

Uinta River Summer Home Area

T. 2 N., R. 2 W.,
Sec. 4, E½NW¼SW¼, E½W½NW¼SW¼, and NE¼SW¼SW¼.

Uinta Park Administrative Site

T. 3 N., R. 2 W.,
Sec. 30, W½NE¼SE¼, SE¼NE¼SE¼, and N½NE¼SE¼SE¼.

Paradise Park Camp and Picnic Ground

T. 3 N., R. 1 E.,
Sec. 7, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 8, lot 4, and SW¼SW¼.

Pole Creek Lake Camp and Picnic Ground

T. 3 N., R. 2 W.,
Sec. 12, NW¼NE¼, and NE¼NW¼.

SALT LAKE MERIDIAN

MANTI-LASAL NATIONAL FOREST

Warner Lake Summer Home Area

T. 26 S., R. 24 E.,
Sec. 28, SW¼NE¼.

Lake Oowah Campground

T. 26 S., R. 24 E.,
Sec. 33, E½NW¼NE¼, W½NE¼NE¼, NE¼SW¼NE¼, and NW¼SE¼NE¼.

The areas described aggregate 1,079.28 acres.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9595; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 3219]

[88574]

MONTANA

Modification of Grazing Districts

By virtue of the authority contained in the Act of June 28, 1934 (48 Stat. 1269; 43 U.S.C. 315), as amended, it is ordered as follows:

The following-described lands included in Montana Grazing District No. 2 by Departmental Order of July 11, 1935, are hereby deleted from that district and added to and made a part of Montana Grazing District No. 6, established by Departmental Order of October 4, 1939:

MONTANA PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

T. 13 N., R. 30 E.,
Sec. 12, N½;
Sec. 14, N½N½, SW¼NW¼, SW¼SW¼, S½SE¼;
Sec. 24, E½;
Sec. 26, N½, SE¼.
T. 13 N., R. 31 E.,
Sec. 4, Lots 2, 3, and 4, SW¼NE¼, S½NW¼, SW¼, W½SE¼;
Sec. 6, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, S½NE¼, SE¼NW¼, E½SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 30, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, SE¼NW¼, E½SW¼, W½SE¼, SE¼SE¼.
T. 13 N., R. 32 E.,
Sec. 4, Lot 4, SE¼NE¼, SW¼NW¼, S½SW¼, S½SE¼, NE¼SE¼;
Sec. 6, Lots 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, SE¼NW¼, E½SW¼;
Sec. 8, S½;
Sec. 12, W½.
T. 13 N., R. 33 E.,
Sec. 2, Lots 1 and 2, S½NE¼, SE¼;
Sec. 10, NE¼, N½NW¼, N½SE¼;
Sec. 12, S½NE¼, NW¼, S½;
Secs. 14, 20, 24, All;
Sec. 26, E½.
T. 14 N., R. 30 E.,
Sec. 2, Lot 3, SE¼NW¼;
Sec. 12, S½;
Sec. 14, NW¼SW¼;
Sec. 24, All;
Sec. 34, SW¼.
T. 14 N., R. 31 E.,
Sec. 4, Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, S½N½, that portion south of the highway, S½, that portion south of highway.
T. 14 N., R. 31 E.,
Sec. 8, NE¼, NW¼ that portion south of the highway;
Sec. 10, NW¼, S½;
Sec. 18, Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, NE¼, E½NW¼, E½SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 20, W½W½.
T. 14 N., R. 31 E.,
Sec. 22, S½;
Sec. 24, N½NE¼, SE¼NE¼, NW¼SW¼, S½S½;
Sec. 26, All;
Sec. 28, All;
Sec. 32, All;
Sec. 34, All.
T. 14 N., R. 32 E.,
Sec. 4, Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, SW¼SW¼;
Sec. 28, W½;
Sec. 30, Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, E½W½.
T. 14 N., R. 33 E.,
Sec. 2, SE¼NE¼, SW¼SW¼, E½SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 10, S½SW¼;
Sec. 12, N½;

Sec. 14, N½NE¼, NW¼, S½SE¼;
Sec. 28, E½NE¼, W½NW¼, W½SW¼, SE¼SW¼, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 32, W½NW¼, SW¼SW¼.
T. 14 N., R. 30 E.,
Sec. 2, Lot 3, SE¼NW¼.
T. 14 N., R. 31 E.,
Sec. 4, Lots 1, 2, 3, and 4, S½N½ that portion north of the highway, NW¼ SW¼, that portion north of the highway;
Sec. 6, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, S½NE¼, SE¼NW¼, E½SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 8, NW¼ that portion north of the highway.
T. 15 N., R. 30 E.,
Sec. 1, Lots 5, 7, and 8, S½NW¼, N½SW¼, SW¼SE¼;
Sec. 2, Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, SW¼NE¼, S½ NW¼, SW¼, W½SE¼;
Sec. 3, Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, S½N½, S½;
Sec. 4, Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, S½NE¼, SW¼ NW¼ that portion east of the Musselshell River, SE¼NW¼, W½SW¼ that portion east of the Musselshell River, E½ SW¼, SE¼.
T. 15 N., R. 30 E.,
Sec. 9, N½NE¼ that portion north of the Musselshell River, NE¼NW¼, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 10, N½, NE¼SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 11, All;
Sec. 12, S½NE¼, SW¼NW¼, N½SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 13, W½SW¼;
Sec. 14, All;
Sec. 15, All;
Sec. 22, N½NE¼, SE¼NE¼, NW¼NW¼, NE¼SW¼, S½SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 23, N½, NW¼SW¼, SE¼;
Sec. 26, NE¼, S½NW¼, S½;
Sec. 34, S½SW¼, that portion south of tract No. 41.
T. 15 N., R. 31 E.,
Sec. 4, Lot 5;
Sec. 5, SE¼NW¼, NE¼SE¼, S½SE¼;
Sec. 6, Lot H (Tract 41).
T. 15 N., R. 31 E.,
Sec. 7, Lots D, E, 7, 8, 9, and 10, S½SE¼;
Sec. 8, SE¼NW¼;
Sec. 9, NW¼NE¼, S½NW¼, N½SW¼, SE¼SW¼, W½SE¼;
Sec. 10, NE¼NW¼;
Sec. 18, Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12;
Sec. 20, SE¼SW¼;
Sec. 24, Lots 1 and 2, SW¼NE¼, NW¼ SE¼;
Sec. 30, Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8;
Sec. 32, Lot 2;
Sec. 34, N½N½, SE¼NW¼.
T. 16 N., R. 30 E.,
Sec. 3, Lot 5, NE¼SE¼;
Sec. 4, Lot 6;
Sec. 5, Lots 7, 8, N½SW¼, SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 6, Lots 7, 8, 11, and 12;
Sec. 7, W½E½, E½W½;
Sec. 8, NW¼NW¼;
Sec. 9, NE¼NE¼, S½NE¼, S½NW¼, S½, that portion south of east of the Musselshell River;
Sec. 10, S½NE¼, NE¼NW¼, S½NW¼, S½;
Sec. 11, NW¼SW¼, S½SW¼;
Sec. 13, W½NW¼, SW¼, SW¼SE¼;
Sec. 14, All;
Sec. 15, All;
Sec. 20, Lots 1, 11, and 12 that portion east of the Musselshell River, SE¼SE¼.
T. 16 N., R. 30 E.,
Sec. 21, All;
Sec. 22, All;
Sec. 23, All;
Sec. 24, NW¼NE¼, NW¼, SW¼SW¼;
Sec. 26, N½NE¼, NW¼, W½SW¼;
Sec. 27, All;
Sec. 28, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, and 18;
Sec. 32, Lot 7, NE¼SE¼;
Sec. 33, NE¼, E½NE¼, NW¼NW¼ and that portion south and east of the Musselshell River, S½NW¼, S½;
Sec. 34, All;
Sec. 35, W½NW¼, SW¼, S½SE¼.
T. 16 N., R. 31 E.,
Sec. 29, NW¼SW¼, S½SW¼;
Sec. 30, Lots 5, 10, and 13, N½SE¼, SE¼ SE¼;
Sec. 31, Lots 5, 6, 7, and 8, E½E½;
Sec. 32, N½NW¼, SW¼SW¼.
T. 17 N., R. 30 E.,
Sec. 31, SE¼SE¼.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 30, 1963.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9589; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

Title 46—SHIPPING

Chapter I—Coast Guard, Department of the Treasury

SUBCHAPTER S—NUMBERING OF UNDOCUMENTED VESSELS, STATISTICS ON NUMBERING, AND "BOATING ACCIDENT REPORTS" AND ACCIDENT STATISTICS

[CGFR 63-55]

PART 171—STANDARDS FOR NUMBERING

Subpart 171.10—Application for Number

COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO

The Act of August 30, 1961 (Public Law 87-171), amended the Federal Boating Act of 1958 (46 U.S.C. 527-527h) so that its provisions apply in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. The Federal Boating Act requires the numbering of undocumented vessels propelled by machinery of more than 10 horsepower. The appropriate changes making the regulations in 46 CFR Part 171 applicable in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico were published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on April 24, 1962 (27 F.R. 3886-3889). At that time the undocumented vessels in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico were temporarily exempted from the numbering requirements and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico was approached concerning whether or not it desired to assume the numbering functions as authorized under the Federal Boating Act. Since the Puerto Rican Legislature failed to enact a numbering law, the temporary exemption granted April 24, 1962, is canceled effective January 1, 1964.

The United States Coast Guard will issue the numbers for the undocumented vessels subject to the Federal Boating Act which are principally used in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico. The amendments in this document provide that a special decentralized numbering system will be used in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, such as that established for Guam. The forms presently used in the administration of the Federal Numbering Program will be used. The application fee ($3.00) and the duplicate certificate fee ($1.00) will be the same as that presently charged to applicants in those States where numbering is performed by the Coast Guard. The applications for numbers together with appropriate fees for undocumented vessels propelled by machinery of more than 10 horsepower and principally used in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico shall be submitted to the United States Coast Guard, Marine Inspection Office, Federal Building, San Juan, Puerto Rico (P.O. Box 3666).

Because these changes to the regulations provide the procedures for handling the numbering function in the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, it is hereby found that compliance with the Administrative Procedure Act (respecting notice of proposed rulemaking and public rulemaking procedures thereon) is unnecessary or exempted by the specific provisions in section 4 of that Act (5 U.S.C. 1003).

By virtue of the authority transferred to me as Commandant, United States Coast Guard, by Treasury Department Order 167-32 dated September 23, 1958 (23 F.R. 7605), I hereby promulgate the following amendments pursuant to section 7 of the Federal Boating Act of 1958 and these amended regulations shall be in effect on and after January 1, 1964:

1. In § 171.10-1 *To whom made*, paragraph (a) (2) is amended by adding after the name "Guam" in the list of States the name "Commonwealth of Puerto Rico."

(Sec. 7, 72 Stat. 1757; 46 U.S.C. 527d)

2. In § 171.10-3 *Procedures for making application to the Coast Guard directly*, paragraph (a) is amended by adding after the name "Guam" in the list of States the following: "Commonwealth of Puerto Rico: United States Coast Guard, Marine Inspection Office, San Juan."

(Sec. 7, 72 Stat. 1757; 46 U.S.C. 527d)

Dated: September 3, 1963.

[SEAL] E. J. ROLAND,
Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard, Commandant.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9522; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:45 a.m.]

Title 50—WILDLIFE AND FISHERIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior

PART 32—HUNTING

Blackbeard Island National Wildlife Refuge, Georgia

The following special regulation is issued and is effective on date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

§ 32.22 **Special regulations; upland game; for individual wildlife refuge areas.**

GEORGIA

BLACKBEARD ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Public hunting of raccoon and turkey gobblers on the Blackbeard Island National Wildlife Refuge, Georgia, is permitted only on the area designated by signs as open to hunting. This open area, comprising 4,585 acres or 82 percent of the total area of the refuge, is delineated on a map available at the refuge headquarters and from the Regional Director, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, 809 Peachtree,

Seventh Building, Atlanta 23, Georgia. Hunting shall be subject to the following conditions:

(a) Species permitted to be taken: Raccoons and turkey gobblers. The taking of other upland game species as may be otherwise authorized by Georgia State Regulations is prohibited.

(b) Open season: November 25 through November 30, 1963, and December 30, 1963 through January 4, 1964. Daylight to 9:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. to sunset daily (standard time). Total season kill for turkeys limited to twenty (20) gobblers.

(c) Daily bag limits: Turkey gobblers—two per season. Raccoons—no limit.

(d) Methods of hunting:

(1) Weapons: Bows of not less than forty (40) pounds pull and arrows.

(2) Prohibited methods: Firearms, crossbows, and mechanical bows.

(3) Dogs: No dogs permitted.

(4) Hunting permitted from daylight to 9:30 a.m. (standard time) and from 3:30 p.m. (standard time) to sunset each day.

(e) Other provisions:

(1) The provisions of this special regulation supplement the regulations which govern hunting on wildlife refuge areas generally which are set forth in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 32.

(2) Preseason scouting prohibited. Hunters will be restricted to the camping area until the morning of the first day of the hunt.

(3) Participants must arrange their own transportation to the island; may not enter the refuge more than three days in advance of each opening date.

(4) Camping permitted at designated camping area only. Fires must be confined to this area.

(5) A Federal permit is required to enter the public hunting area. Permit applications will be received by the Refuge Manager, Savannah National Wildlife Refuge, Route 1, Hardeeville, South Carolina, until November 15, 1963.

(6) The provisions of this special regulation are effective to January 5, 1964.

W. L. TOWNS,
Acting Regional Director, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9575; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

PART 32—HUNTING

Wildlife Refuges in Georgia

The following special regulation is issued and is effective on date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

§ 32.32 Special regulations; big game; for individual wildlife refuge areas.

GEORGIA

PIEDMONT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Public hunting of big game on the Piedmont National Wildlife Refuge, Georgia is permitted only on the area designated by signs as open to hunting. This open area, comprising 31,358 acres or 98 percent of the total area of the refuge, is delineated on a map available at the refuge headquarters and from the office of the Regional Director, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, 809 Peachtree, Seventh Building, Atlanta 23, Georgia. Hunting shall be subject to the following conditions:

(a) Species permitted to be taken: Deer of either sex. The hunting of big game species as may be otherwise authorized by Georgia State regulations is prohibited.

(b) Open season: November 4 through November 9, 1963.

(c) Daily bag limits: Deer—1.

(d) Methods of hunting:

(1) Weapons: Bows of not less than forty (40) pounds pull and arrows ⅞ inch in width or wider.

(2) Firearms, crossbows, and mechanical bows prohibited.

(3) Dogs: Dogs on leash may be used to track wounded game only. No other use permitted.

(e) Other provisions:

(1) The provisions of this special regulation supplement the regulations which govern hunting on wildlife refuge areas generally which are set forth in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 32.

(2) Pre-season scouting prohibited.

(3) Hunters must remain on their stands between sunrise and 9:30 a.m. (standard time).

(4) Camping and fires are restricted to designated camping area.

(5) Deer killed must be checked out at refuge headquarters before leaving the refuge area.

(6) A Federal permit is not required to enter the public hunting area.

(7) The provisions of this special regulation are effective to November 10, 1963.

PIEDMONT NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Public hunting of big game on the Piedmont National Wildlife Refuge, Georgia, is permitted only on the area designated by signs as open to hunting. This open area, comprising 31,358 acres or 98 percent of the total area of the refuge, is delineated on a map available at the refuge headquarters and from the office of the Regional Director, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, 809 Peachtree, Seventh Building, Atlanta 23, Georgia. Hunting shall be subject to the following conditions:

(a) Species permitted to be taken: Deer. The hunting of big game species as may be otherwise authorized by Georgia State regulations is prohibited.

(b) Open season: November 11, 1963 through November 15, 1963.

(c) Daily bag limits: Deer—1.

(d) Methods of hunting:

(1) Guns for hunting deer are limited to shotguns, 20 gauge or larger loaded with slugs, or to rifles using center fire cartridges .22 caliber or above, with the following exceptions: .25–.20; .32–.20; .30 Army Carbine; .22 Hornet or .218 Bee.

(2) Dogs are prohibited.

(e) Other provisions:

(1) The provisions of this special regulation supplement the regulations which govern hunting on wildlife refuge areas generally which are set forth in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 32.

(2) Pre-season scouting prohibited.

(3) Camping and fires prohibited.

(4) Deer killed must be checked out at refuge headquarters before leaving the refuge area.

(5) A Federal permit is not required to enter the public hunting area.

(6) The provisions of this special regulation are effective to November 16, 1963.

BLACKBEARD ISLAND NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Public hunting of big game on the Blackbeard Island National Wildlife Refuge, Georgia is permitted only on the area designated by signs as open to hunting. This open area, comprising 4,585 acres or 82 percent of the total area of the refuge, is delineated on a map available at the refuge headquarters and from the office of the Regional Director, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, 809 Peachtree, Seventh Building, Atlanta 23, Georgia. Hunting shall be subject to the following conditions:

(a) Species permitted to be taken: Deer, either sex. The hunting of big game species as may be otherwise authorized by Georgia State Regulations is prohibited.

(b) Open season: November 25 through November 30, 1963, and December 30, 1963 through January 4, 1964. Daylight to 9:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. to sunset daily (standard time). Total season kill limited to 150 animals.

(c) Daily bag limits: Two of either sex per hunter for the season.

(d) Methods of hunting:

(1) Bow and arrows only. Bows of not less than forty (40) pounds pull. Arrowheads must be ⅞ inch wide or wider. Crossbows and mechanical bows prohibited.

(2) Dogs prohibited.

(e) Other provisions:

(1) The provisions of this special regulation supplement the regulations which govern hunting on wildlife refuge areas generally which are set forth in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 32.

(2) All camping will be done at designated camping areas only. Fires must be confined to this area.

(3) Participants must arrange their own transportation to the Island and may not enter the refuge more than three days in advance of each opening date.

(4) Hunters will be restricted to the camping area until the morning of the first day of the hunt.

(5) A Federal permit is required to enter the public hunting area. Permit applications will be received by the Refuge Manager, Savannah National Wildlife Refuge, Route 1, Hardeeville, South Carolina until November 15, 1963.

(6) The provisions of this special regulation are effective to January 5, 1964.

W. L. TOWNS,
Acting Regional Director, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9576; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

Proposed Rule Making

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service

[7 CFR Part 719]

RECONSTITUTION OF FARMS, FARM ALLOTMENTS, AND FARM HISTORY AND SOIL BANK BASE ACREAGES

Land Removed From Agricultural Production (Not Acquired Under Right of Eminent Domain); Notice of Proposed Rule Making

Pursuant to the authority contained in section 375(b) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1375(b)), section 124 of the Soil Bank Act (7 U.S.C. 1812), and the Agricultural Act of 1961 (Public Law 87–128, approved August 8, 1961), it is proposed to amend the regulations governing the reconstitution of farms, farm allotments, and farm history and soil bank base acreages as follows:

§ 719.9 Reconstitution of farm allotments, history acreages, and farm bases.

* * * * *

(h) *Land removed from agricultural production (not acquired under right of eminent domain).* In applying the provisions of this subsection, if a parent farm is composed of tracts under separate ownership, each separately owned tract being transferred in whole or in part shall be considered as a separate farm.

(1) *Conditions under which the farm will not be reconstituted.* The farm shall not be reconstituted and the allotments, history acreages and farm bases shall remain with the parent farm if all of the following conditions prevail: (i) The ownership of a tract of land is transferred from a parent farm; (ii) the tract transferred is to be used for nonagricultural purposes; (iii) the tract was not or could not have been acquired under right of eminent domain; (iv) the cropland on the tract transferred does not exceed the larger of 5 acres or 25 percent of the cropland on the farm from which the tract was transferred; (v) the county committee determines that the tract transferred will be changed to nonagricultural uses; and (vi) an agreement signed by all persons interested in the transfer is obtained stating that the land is in fact to be changed to non-agricultural uses. In these cases, the farmland and cropland data shall be corrected on all appropriate records for the parent farm.

(2) *Conditions under which the farm will be reconstituted.* The farm shall be reconstituted on the basis of conditions existing at the time of transfer of ownership and the farm allotment(s), history acreages and farm bases shall be apportioned among the tracts in accordance with applicable regulations when any of the following conditions prevail: (i) An entire ownership tract in a multiple ownership farm is transferred for non-agricultural uses; (ii) all of the conditions prescribed in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph are not present; (iii) the land is not in fact changed to non-agricultural uses but is continued in agricultural use; (iv) the county committee, State committee or the Deputy Administrator determines that the land transferred was continued in agricultural use or was returned to agricultural uses within a period of years equal to the longest base period used in establishing eligibility for an old farm allotment for any commodity involved in the transfer.

Prior to the issuance of the amendment referred to herein, any data, views, or recommendations pertaining thereto which are submitted in writing to the Director, Farmer Programs Division, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D.C., will be given consideration, provided such submissions are postmarked not later than 15 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Signed at Washington, D.C., on September 4, 1963.

H. D. GODFREY,
Administrator, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9601; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Indian Affairs

[25 CFR Part 221]

CERTAIN INDIAN IRRIGATION PROJECTS IN ARIZONA, NEVADA, AND OREGON

Proposed Operation and Maintenance Charges

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior by the Acts of April 4, 1910 (36 Stat. 270); August 1, 1914 (38 Stat. 583); and March 7, 1928 (45 Stat. 210); and pursuant to section 4(a) of the Administrative Procedures Act of June 11, 1946 (60 Stat. 238), it is proposed to modify § 221.105 Charges, Title 25, Code of Federal Regulation, dealing with the operation and maintenance assessments against the irrigable lands of Miscellaneous Indian Irrigation Projects in Arizona, Nevada, and Oregon, by raising the annual per acre assessment rate for non-Indian owned lands and for Indian owned lands leased to non-Indians at Duck Valley and Pyramid Lake Indian Irrigation Projects, Nevada.

It is the policy of the Department of the Interior, whenever practicable, to afford the public an opportunity to participate in the rule making process. Accordingly, interested persons may submit written comments, suggestions, or objections with respect to the proposed amendments, to the Area Director, Phoenix Area Office, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Phoenix, Arizona, within thirty days of the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

The revised section will read as follows:

§ 221.105 Charges.

Pursuant to the Acts of August 1, 1914, and March 7, 1928 (38 Stat. 583, 45 Stat. 210; 25 U.S.C. 385, 387), the annual basic charges against the lands to which water can be delivered under the respective irrigation systems of the projects listed in this section are hereby fixed in the following amounts for non-Indian owned lands, Indian owned lands leased to non-Indians, and Indian owned and operated lands, for the calendar year 1963 and for each succeeding calendar year thereafter until further notice:

ANNUAL PER ACRE ASSESSMENT

Project	Non-Indian owned land	Indian owned land leased to non-Indians	Indian owned and operated land
Duck Valley:			
Subjugated lands	$3.40	$3.40	$3.40
Native hay lands	3.40	3.40	1.00
Pyramid Lake	8.50	8.50	.50
San Carlos Reservation	16.00	16.00	5.50
Warm Springs	2.00	2.00	0

HARRY L. STEVENS,
Acting Area Director.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9577; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[14 CFR Parts 207, 208, 212, 249, 292]

[Docket No. 14736]

CHARTER TRIPS AND SPECIAL SERVICES

Contents and Retention of Passenger Manifests; Notice of Proposed Rule Making

SEPTEMBER 4, 1963.

Notice is hereby given that the Civil Aeronautics Board has under consideration proposed new regulations which would require that the names and addresses of all passengers on charter trips and special services shall appear legibly on the flight manifests and that these are to be retained for one year by the carriers.

The principal features of the proposed regulations are explained in the attached Explanatory Statement. It is proposed under authority of sections 204(a) and 407 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 743, 766; 49 U.S.C. sections 1324, 1377).

Interested persons may participate in the proposed rule making through submission of ten (10) copies of their views in writing addressed to the Docket Section, Civil Aeronautics Board, Washington, D.C., 20428. All relevant matter in communications received by October 7, 1963, will be considered by the Board before taking final action on the proposed rule. Copies of such communications will be available for examination by interested persons in the Docket Section of the Board, Room 711, Universal Building, 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] HAROLD R. SANDERSON, *Secretary.*

Explanatory Statement. Interviewing passengers who have traveled on particular flights is an important source of information for the Bureau of Enforcement in aid of its responsibility to insure that charter flights and special services meet the regulatory requirements of such operations. This task is simplified, with resulting economy of time and money, if the flight manifests for such operations contain the names and addresses of the passengers and if these manifests are required to be retained by the carriers for a reasonable time. It is the Board's purpose in these regulations to make provision for the availability of this source of information.

Part 207 contains the Board's regulations pertaining to charter trips and special services by certificated air carriers other than Alaskan and supplemental carriers. Part 208 contains the terms, conditions and limitations of certificates to engage in supplemental air transportation, Part 212 relates to off-route charter trips by foreign air carriers and Part 292 relates to Alaskan Air Carrier operations. It is proposed to provide in each of these parts for names and addresses to be placed on flight manifests, except in cases of charter trips performed for the military.

It is not necessary to amend Part 295—Transatlantic Charter Trips, since a comparable provision now exists in §§ 295.6 and 295.35.

Part 249—Preservation of Air Carrier Accounts, Records and Memoranda, will be amended to require retention of these passenger manifests for a period of one year.

Contemporaneously the Board is issuing an order to reexamine its approval of Agreement CAB 16847, R–7, Docket 13777, Order E–19426, March 28, 1963 to determine whether condition (c) thereto should be changed to require retention of the same information in regard to charter operations to or from the United States conducted pursuant to the agreement.

Proposed rules. 1. Amend Part 207 (14 CFR Part 207) by adding a new § 207.14 which reads as follows:

§ 207.14 Passenger names and addresses on manifests.

(a) The name and address of each person transported on any charter trip or special service shall appear legibly upon all copies of a flight manifest relating to that trip or service, and no person shall be transported unless his name and address does so appear.

(b) Paragraph (a) of this section shall not apply to charter trips or special services performed pursuant to contracts with any department of the Military Establishment.

2. Amend Part 208 (14 CFR Part 208) by adding a new § 208.4 which reads as follows:

§ 208.4 Passenger names and addresses on manifests.

(a) The name and address of each person transported on any charter trip shall appear legibly upon all copies of a flight manifest relating to that trip, and no person shall be transported unless his name and address does so appear.

(b) Paragraph (a) of this section shall not apply to charter trips performed pursuant to contracts with any department of the Military Establishment.

3. Amend Part 212 (14 CFR Part 212) by changing the heading of § 212.7, changing paragraph (a) to (c), and adding new lettered paragraphs (a) and (b) so that § 212.7 shall read as follows:

§ 212.7 Passenger manifests and other records.

(a) The name and address of each person transported on any charter trip originating or terminating in the United States shall appear legibly upon all copies of a flight manifest relating to that trip, and no person shall be transported unless his name and address does so appear.

(b) Paragraph (a) of this section shall not apply to charter trips performed pursuant to contracts with any department of the United States Military Establishment.

(c) Each foreign air carrier receiving an authorization under this part shall make available true copies of all manifests, air waybills, invoices and other traffic documents covering flights originating or terminating in the United States, at a place in the United States where such documents may be inspected upon request by an authorized representative of the Board or the Federal Aviation Agency.

4. Amend Part 249 (14 CFR Part 249) by adding a new category of records in § 249.8 to read as follows:

12. Passenger manifests for charter flights. 1 year.

5. Amend Part 249 (14 CFR Part 249) by changing the 4th and 5th category of records in § 249.10 to read as follows:

4. All passenger manifests including those filed by charterers. 1 year.

5. Proof of the commission paid to any travel agent by the carrier. 2 years.

6. Amend Part 249 (14 CFR Part 249) by adding paragraph (c) to § 249.12 to read as follows:

(c) Each foreign air carrier engaged in operations pursuant to Part 212 of this chapter shall maintain for a period of one year all manifests, air waybills, invoices and other traffic documents covering flights originating or terminating in the United States.

7. Amend Part 249 (14 CFR Part 249) by adding a new category of records to the Schedule of Records in § 249.13(f) to read as follows:

OPERATING STATISTICS

* * * * *

302. Reservations, reports and records:

* * * * *

(c) Passenger manifests for charter flights and special services. 1 year.

8. Amend Part 292 (14 CFR Part 292) by redesignating the present § 292.8 as § 292.8(a) and adding new paragraphs (b) and (c) to that section so as to read as follows:

§ 292.8 Charter trips and special services of certificated Alaskan air carriers.

(a) An Alaskan air carrier which holds a certificate of public convenience and necessity issued by the Board may make charter trips and render other special services between points on routes which it is authorized by its certificate to serve. Charter trips and other special services may also be rendered to or from any other point within or without Alaska: *Provided, however,* That such trips originate at or are destined to a point in Alaska which is named in the carrier's certificate or which is located within 25 miles of the airline course over the carrier's regular route and is actually being served by the carrier as an intermediate point pursuant to a schedule on file with the Board under section 405(b) of the Act: *And, provided further,* That all such trips to or from points outside of Alaska are casual, occasional, or infrequent, and are not made in such manner as to result in establishing a regular or scheduled service.

(b) The name and address of each person transported on any charter trip or special service shall appear legibly upon all copies of a flight manifest relating to that trip or service, and no person shall be transported unless his name and address does so appear.

(c) Paragraph (b) of this section shall not apply to charter trips or special services performed pursuant to contracts with any department of the Military Establishment.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9609; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:48 a.m.]

FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY

[14 CFR Part 71 [New]]

[Airspace Docket No. 63–SO–10]

CONTROL ZONE AND TRANSITION AREAS

Proposed Designation and Alteration

Notice is hereby given that the Federal Aviation Agency is considering amendments to Part 71 [New] of the Federal

Aviation Regulations, the substance of which is stated below.

The following controlled airspace is designated in the Gainesville, Fla., terminal area:

1. The Jacksonville, Fla., control area extension is designated as that airspace within 5 miles each side of the Jacksonville VORTAC 064° True radial, extending from the VORTAC to 20 miles northeast, and the airspace southwest of Jacksonville bounded on the north by Victor 22, on the east by Victor 267, on the south by latitude 29°00'00'' N., on the southwest by Victor 159 and on the west by Victor 157. The portions of this control area extension within Restricted Areas R–2903A, R–2903B, R–2903C, R–2903D, R–2906, R–2907 and R–2910 shall be used only after obtaining prior approval from appropriate authority.

2. The Taylor, Fla., transition area is designated as that airspace southwest of Taylor extending upward from 2,500 feet MSL bounded on the north by Victor 22, on the east by Victor 157, and on the southwest by Victor 159.

The FAA, having completed a comprehensive review of the terminal airspace structure requirements in the Gainesville area, including studies attendant to the implementation of the provisions of CAR Amendments 60–21/60–29, has under consideration the following airspace actions:

1. Designate the Gainesville control zone as that airspace within a 5-mile radius of the Gainesville Airport (latitude 29°41'20'' N., longitude 82°16'30'' W.) and within 2 miles each side of the Gainesville VOR 032° True radial, extending from the 5-mile radius zone to the VOR. This would provide protection for aircraft executing prescribed instrument approach and departure procedures at the Gainesville Airport. Communications and weather services for the proposed control zone would be provided by the Gainesville FAA Flight Service Station.

2. Designate the Gainesville transition area as that airspace extending upward from 700 feet above the surface within 2 miles each side of the 221° True bearing from latitude 29°40'03'' N., longitude 82°18'07'' W., extending from latitude 29°40'03'' N., longitude 82°18'07'' W. to 8 miles southwest; and that airspace extending upward from 1,200 feet above the surface bounded by a line beginning at latitude 29°56'20'' N., longitude 82°15'25'' W.; to latitude 29°48'40'' N., longitude 82°01'10'' W.; to latitude 29°21'40'' N., longitude 82°21'30'' W.; to latitude 29°28'50'' N., longitude 82°34'50'' W.; to point of beginning. This would provide protection for aircraft executing prescribed instrument holding, approach and departure procedures within the Gainesville terminal area.

The proposed Gainesville transition area would raise the floor of controlled airspace, beyond the proposed 700-foot area and the portion within the Taylor transition area, from 700 to 1,200 feet above the surface and, as a result, would make such airspace available for other uses, yet sufficient controlled airspace would be retained to provide adequate protection for aircraft executing prescribed holding, arrival and departure procedures within the Gainesville terminal area.

The floors of the airways which traverse the transition area proposed herein and the floor of a portion of the Jacksonville control area extension which coincides with the proposed transition area would automatically assume a floor coincident with the floor of the transition area. The revocation of the Jacksonville control area extension will be accomplished at a later date as a part of the CAR Amendments 60–21/60–29 program proposed for the terminal areas which adjoin the Gainesville terminal area. An editorial change would be made in the description of the Taylor transition area to exclude the portion which would coincide with the Gainesville transition area.

Certain minor revisions to prescribed instrument procedures would be effected in conjunction with the actions proposed herein, but operational complexities would not be increased nor would aircraft performance characteristics or present landing minimums be adversely affected.

Specific details of the changes to procedures and minimum instrument flight rules altitudes that would be required may be examined by contacting the Chief, Airspace Utilization Branch, Air Traffic Division, Southern Region, Federal Aviation Agency, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Ga., 30320.

Interested persons may submit such written data, views or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in triplicate to the Director, Southern Region, Attn: Chief, Air Traffic Division, Federal Aviation Agency, P.O. Box 20636, Atlanta, Ga., 30320. All communications received within forty-five days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER will be considered before action is taken on the proposed amendment. No public hearing is contemplated at this time, but arrangements for informal conferences with Federal Aviation Agency officials may be made by contacting the Regional Air Traffic Division Chief, or the Chief, Airspace Utilization Division, Federal Aviation Agency, Washington, D.C., 20553. Any data, views or arguments presented during such conferences must also be submitted in writing in accordance with this notice in order to become part of the record for consideration. The proposal contained in this notice may be changed in the light of comments received.

The official Docket will be available for examination by interested persons at the Docket Section, Federal Aviation Agency, Room A–103, 1711 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C., 20553. An informal docket will also be available for examination at the office of the Regional Air Traffic Division Chief.

This amendment is proposed under section 307(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 749; 49 U.S.C. 1348).

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 30, 1963.

MICHAEL J. BURNS,
Acting Chief,
Airspace Utilization Division.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9565; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:45 a.m.]

[14 CFR Part 507]

[Reg. Docket No. 1936]

GRUMMAN MODEL G–21 SERIES AIRCRAFT

Proposed Airworthiness Directive

The Federal Aviation Agency has under consideration a proposal to amend Part 507 of the regulations of the Administrator to include an airworthiness directive for Grumman Model G–21 Series aircraft. There have been several instances of failure of the rod end fitting located at the aft end of the rudder control push rod assembly. Failure of either the forward or aft rod end fittings can result in loss of rudder control. To correct this unsafe condition, this proposed AD requires inspection of the rod end fittings and replacement of any found cracked.

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should identify the regulatory docket number and be submitted in duplicate to the Federal Aviation Agency, Office of the General Counsel: Attention Rules Docket, Room A–103, 1711 New York Avenue NW., Washington 25, D.C. All communications received on or before October 8, 1963, will be considered by the Administrator before taking action upon the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in the light of comments received. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons.

This amendment is proposed under the authority of sections 313(a), 601 and 603 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 752, 775, 776; 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1421, 1423).

In consideration of the foregoing, it is proposed to amend § 507.10(a) of Part 507 (14 CFR Part 507), by adding the following airworthiness directive:

GRUMMAN. Applies to all Model G–21 Series aircraft.

Compliance required as indicated.

As a result of cracks found on the rod end fitting, P/N 12727–7, located at the aft

end of the rudder control push rod assembly, P/N 12727–1, accomplish the following within 100 hours' time in service after the effective date of this AD, and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 100 hours' time in service from the last inspection.

(a) Remove the rudder control push rod assembly, P/N 12727–1. This assembly consists of a tube with a fitting, P/N 12727–7, attached at each end. The length of the assembly is 20½ inches from fitting center to fitting center. The rod assembly, used in conjunction with the left rudder pedals, is located below the pilot's compartment floor, the forward end approximately 2½ inches below, and the aft end approximately 12 inches below. Laterally, the rod assembly is located approximately 9½ inches to the right of the aircraft's centerline.

(b) Clean both rod end fittings, removing all grease and dirt.

(c) Inspect both rod end fittings for cracks using a dye penetrant in conjunction with at least a 10-power magnifying glass, or an FAA approved equivalent inspection.

(d) If a crack is found, that part shall be replaced in accordance with Grumman Drawing No. 12727 with a new part having the same part number, or an FAA approved equivalent before further flight.

(e) Upon request of the operator, an FAA maintenance inspector, subject to prior approval of the Chief, Engineering and Manufacturing Branch, FAA Eastern Region, may adjust the repetitive inspection intervals specified in this AD to permit compliance at an established inspection period of the operator if the request contains substantiating data to justify the increase for such operator.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 30, 1963.

W. LLOYD LANE,
Acting Director,
Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9562; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:45 a.m.]

[14 CFR Part 507]

[Reg. Docket No. 1934]

MARVEL-SCHEBLER MA4–5 CARBURETORS

Proposed Airworthiness Directive

The Federal Aviation Agency has under consideration a proposal to amend Part 507 of the regulations of the Administrator to include an airworthiness directive for Marvel-Schebler MA4–5 carburetors. Several cases of engine malfunctions have occurred in certain airframe installations as a result of the primary venturi in Marvel-Schebler carburetors becoming dislodged. The carburetor manufacturer has developed a one-piece combination primary-main venturi to correct this unsafe condition. This AD requires incorporation of the new design venturi.

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should identify the regulatory docket number and be submitted in duplicate to the Federal Aviation Agency, Office of the General Counsel: Attn: Rules Docket, Room A–103, 1711 New York Avenue NW., Washington 25, D.C. All communications received on or before October 8, 1963, will be considered by the Administrator before taking action upon the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in the light of comments received. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons.

This amendment is proposed under the authority of sections 313(a), 601 and 603 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 752, 775, 776; 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1421, 1423).

In consideration of the foregoing, it is proposed to amend § 507.10(a) of Part 507 (14 CFR Part 507), by adding the following airworthiness directive:

MARVEL-SCHEBLER. Applies to all MA4–5 carburetors not having the one-piece combination primary and main venturi and used on the following: Continental O–470 Series engines installed in Cessna 180 and 182 Series aircraft; Continental GO–300 Series engines installed in Cessna 175 and 172 Series aircraft; Lycoming O–540 Series engines installed in Aero Commander 500 Series aircraft, Piper PA–23–250 Series aircraft and Piper PA–24 Series aircraft; Lycoming O–360 Series engines installed in Piper PA–24 Series aircraft, Beech 95 Series aircraft, and Mooney Mark 20 or 21 Series aircraft; and Franklin 6A4–165 Series engines installed in Stinson 108 Series aircraft.

Compliance required at next carburetor removal or overhaul of either the carburetor or engine, whichever occurs first after the effective date of this AD, on all carburetors not having the one-piece combination primary and main venturi installed. Carburetors having the one-piece combination primary and main venturi installed are identified by the letter "V" stamped on the nameplate.

The primary venturi may become loose resulting in wear of the primary venturi support legs on the ends contacting the carburetor body and at the retaining clip area. As a result, the retaining clips may become dislodged or dislocated and wear may progress to the point the venturi becomes dislodged or dislocated. This can cause erratic engine operation or complete engine stoppage. To preclude this, accomplish the following:

Replace the existing primary and main venturi with a one-piece combination primary and main venturi of the correct part number for the carburetor involved. When accomplished, stamp the letter "V" on the carburetor nameplate below the serial number.

(Marvel-Schebler Service Bulletin No. A4–63, Lycoming Service Bulletin No. 297, and Continental Motors Service Bulletin No. M63–18 cover this same subject.)

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 30, 1963.

W. LLOYD LANE,
Acting Director,
Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9563; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:45 a.m.]

[14 CFR Part 507]

[Reg. Docket No. 1932]

PIAGGIO MODEL P.166 AIRCRAFT

Proposed Airworthiness Directive

The Federal Aviation Agency has under consideration a proposal to amend Part 507 of the regulations of the Administrator to include an airworthiness directive for Piaggio Model P.166 aircraft. Failures of the main landing gear shock absorber have occurred in service. To correct this unsafe condition, it is proposed to require modification of the main landing gear shock absorbers.

Interested persons are invited to participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views or arguments as they may desire. Communications should identify the regulatory docket number and be submitted in duplicate to the Federal Aviation Agency, Office of the General Counsel: Attention Rules Docket, Room A–103, 1711 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C., 20553. All communications received on or before October 8, 1963, will be considered by the Administrator before taking action upon the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in the light of comments received. All comments submitted will be available, both before and after the closing date for comments, in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons.

This amendment is proposed under the authority of section 313(a), 601 and 603 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 752, 775, 776; 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1421, 1423).

In consideration of the foregoing, it is proposed to amend § 507.10(a) of Part 507 (14 CFR Part 507), by adding the following airworthiness directive:

PIAGGIO. Applies to all Model P.166 aircraft.

Compliance required within 50 hours' time in service after the effective date of this AD.

As a result of failures of the main landing gear shock absorber the following modifications must be accomplished in the manner specified in Piaggio Service Bulletin 166–25A.

(a) Install Teflon sealing gasket P/N 4/22015.52 on inner ring nut of shock absorber casing.

(b) Replace light alloy piston bottom with steel P/N 4/22015.55.

(c) Replace the present ring nut with P/N 4/22015.56.

(d) Shock absorbers modified as specified herein shall have a letter "D" placed on the nameplate.

(e) Shock absorbers modified as specified herein shall be overhauled every 1,200 hours' time in service or every 2 years, whichever occurs first.

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 30, 1963.

W. LLOYD LANE,
Acting Director,
Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9564; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:45 a.m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Office of Education

FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE IN CONSTRUCTION OF NONCOMMERCIAL EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION BROADCAST FACILITIES

Applications Accepted for Filing

Notice is hereby given that effective with this publication the following described applications for Federal financial assistance in the construction of noncommercial educational television broadcast facilities are accepted for filing in accordance with 45 CFR 60.7:

Des Moines Independent Community School District, 1800 Grand Avenue, Des Moines 14, Iowa, File No. 25, to improve the operation of the noncommercial educational television broadcasting station KDPS–TV operating on channel 11, Des Moines, Iowa.

Santa Barbara Educational Television, c/o John M. Sink, 831 State Street, Suite 32, Santa Barbara, California, File No. 26, for the establishment of a new noncommercial educational television broadcasting station operating on channel 20, Santa Barbara, California.

Saint Louis Educational Television Commission, 6996 Millbrook Boulevard, St. Louis, Missouri, 63130, File No. 27, to improve the operation of the noncommercial educational television broadcasting station KTEC operating on channel 9, St. Louis, Missouri.

Any interested person may, pursuant to 45 CFR 60.8, within 30 calendar days from the date of this publication, file comments regarding the above applications with the Director, Educational Television Facilities Program, U.S. Office of Education, Washington 25, D.C.

(76 Stat. 64, 47 U.S.C. 390)

CHARLES N. ZELLERS,
Acting Director, Educational Television Facilities Program, U.S. Office of Education.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9597; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket No. 13777; Order No. E–19983]

INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION

Agreement of Traffic Conference Relating to Charters

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D.C., on the 4th day of September 1963.

By Order E–19426, March 28, 1963, the Board approved Resolution R–7 filed as part of Agreement CAB 16847, subject to conditions stated in an Appendix. Condition (c) required that for passenger charter flights, a true copy of each charter application and agreement, manifest, invoice, or any other document pertaining to the flight shall be made available by the carrier for inspection by an authorized representative of the Board at a place in the United States upon reasonable notice and request.

By notice of proposed rule making, EDR–59, issued simultaneously herewith the Board has given notice that it has under consideration proposed amendments to Parts 207, 208, 212, 249, and 292 of the Economic Regulations to require that the names and addresses of persons transported on charter trips (or special services in some instances) shall appear legibly upon all copies of a flight manifest relating to that trip, and that the carrier shall retain the manifest for a period of one year. If the Board adopts the amendments the requirement will apply to charter operations of the United States route carriers on-route and off-route, supplemental air carriers, Alaskan air carriers, and off-route charter by foreign air carriers originating or terminating in the United States. It would not apply to on-route charter operations of foreign air carriers to or from the United States.

In the Explanatory Statement of the proposed rule the Board pointed out that interviewing passengers who have travelled on a particular flight is an important source of information for its Bureau of Enforcement in aid of its responsibility of insuring that charter flights meet the requirements of such operations, and that the purpose of the amendments is to preserve access to this information for a reasonable time.

Therefore, in order to fulfill the same purpose in cases of on-route charter operations of foreign air carriers originating or terminating in the United States, the Board will reexamine its approval of the IATA agreement relating to charter operations (Agreement CAB 16847, R–7) with a view to amending condition (c) thereto to require passenger manifests to contain the name and address of each passenger and that the manifest be retained for a period of one year. Persons interested in such reexamination are invited to present their comments in writing for inclusion in Docket 13777. Such comments should be submitted in triplicate to the Docket Section, Civil Aeronautics Board, Washington, D.C., 20428, by October 7, 1963.

Accordingly, pursuant to sections 204 (a) and 412 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958: *It is ordered*, That:

1. The approval of Agreement CAB 16847, R–7 heretofore granted in Order E–19426, March 28, 1963 be reexamined to determine whether changes should be made in condition (c) thereto to conform with the final action of the Board on the notice of proposed rule making, EDR–59, issued simultaneously herewith.

2. Interested persons may file comments and suggestions pertinent to the reexamination of Board approval of Agreement CAB 16847, R–7, by October 7, 1963.

3. This order will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] HAROLD R. SANDERSON,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc 63–9610; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket No. 14347]

NATIONAL POST-PAK SYSTEM ET AL.

Notice of Postponement of Hearing

National Post-Pak System v. Western Transportation Company, Coast Air Post and W.T.C. Air Freight Enforcement:

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended, that the public hearing in the above-entitled proceeding now assigned to be held on September 10, 1963, is indefinitely postponed.

Dated at Washington, D.C., September 4, 1963.

[SEAL] ROBERT L. PARK,
Hearing Examiner.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9642; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:48 a.m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Docket No. 15159]

BETTY J. BOOTH

Order To Show Cause

In the matter of Betty J. Booth, Anaheim, California, order to show cause why there should not be revoked the license for Citizens Radio Station KEJ–4555.

The Commission, by the Chief, Safety and Special Radio Services Bureau, under delegated authority, having under consideration the matter of an alleged violation of section 303(n) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and of § 19.73 of the Commission's rules by the captioned licensee, and of the use being made of Citizens Radio Station KEJ–4555;

It appearing, that, on or about January 11, 1963, an authorized representative of the Commission requested that the licensee's representative, C. T. Booth, make the facilities of Citizens Radio Station KEJ–4555 available for inspection, but that such inspection was not permitted; and

It further appearing, that, C. T. Booth, the husband of the licensee, under the call signs KEJ–0893, KEJ–4542 and

11Q3420, violated §§ 19.12, 19.33, 19.61 (a), 19.62 and 19.83 of the Commission's rules at various times between April 17 and September 12, 1962; and

If further appearing, that, C. T. Booth was notified of these violations of the Commission's rules by Official Notices of Violation mailed on April 23, May 1, May 28, July 17, and October 9, 1962; and

It further appearing, that, after the cancellation of the licenses of C. T. Booth for Citizens Radio Stations KEJ–0893 and KEJ–4542, he has been permitted to operate Citizens Radio Station KEJ–4555, licensed to Betty J. Booth, his wife, and that he has continued to operate in violation of the Commission's rules and regulations; and

It further appearing, that, at various times between October 6, 1962, and January 11, 1963, inclusive, Citizens Radio Station KEJ–4555 has been operated in violation of §§ 19.61(a), 19.61(e), 19.61 (f), 19.61(g) and 19.62 of the Commission's rules; and

It further appearing, that the licensee was notified of rule violations by Official Notices of Violation dated October 17 and October 19, 1962; and

It further appearing, that, in view of the foregoing, the licensee has willfully violated section 303(n) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and § 19.73 of the Commission's rules, and has operated, or permitted to be operated, radio station KEJ–4555 in violation of various other sections of the Commission's rules as described above; and

It further appearing, that, in view of the foregoing, the public interest, convenience and necessity would not be served by the retention of Betty J. Booth as a licensee in the Citizens Radio Service; and

It further appearing, that, had the Commission, at the time of the issuance of the license for Citizens Radio Station KEJ–4555, been aware of the conditions under which such station would be operated, it would have been warranted in refusing the grant of the license for Citizens Radio Station KEJ–4555 and would have refused to grant such license;

It is ordered, This 30th day of August 1963, pursuant to section 312 (a) (2) and (4) and (c) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and § 0.291(b)(8) of the Commission's rules, that the licensee show cause why the license for the captioned radio station should not be revoked and appear and give evidence with respect thereto at a hearing to be held at a time and place to be specified by subsequent order; and

It is further ordered, That the Secretary send a copy of this Order by Certified Mail—Return Receipt Requested (Air Mail) to the licensee at her last known address of 412 South Broder, Anaheim, California.

Released: September 3, 1963.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9604; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket Nos. 14973–14975; FCC 63M–943]

CALHIO BROADCASTERS ET AL.

Order Continuing Hearing

In re applications of Thomas B. Friedman tr/as Calhio Broadcasters, Seven Hills, Ohio, Docket No. 14973, File No. BP–13946; Salem Broadcasting Company, Salem, Ohio, Docket No. 14974, File No. BP–13950; Tele-Sonics, Inc., Parma, Ohio, Docket No. 14975, File No. BP–14992; for construction permits.

The Hearing Examiner having under consideration joint motion filed August 23, 1963 on behalf of Thomas B. Friedman tr/as Calhio Broadcasters, Salem Broadcasting Company, and Tele-Sonics, Inc., requesting that certain procedural dates heretofore determined in an order released July 3, 1963 (FCC 63M–785) be postponed for a period of 60 days;

It appearing, that an agreement has been consummated, subject to the approval of the Commission or its Review Board, by the Salem Broadcasting Company on the one hand and Friedman and Tele-Sonics on the other, under which Salem will dismiss its application and Friedman and Tele-Sonics will pay Salem certain expenses incurred in the preparation and prosecution of its application;

It further appearing, that as of this date a joint request for approval of a merger agreement between Friedman and Tele-Sonics was filed with the Commission;

It further appearing, that if said agreements referred to above are approved by the Commission or its Review Board, that a substantial part of the issues now designated for hearing will be eliminated;

It further appearing, that if approval of said agreements is granted, it would result in substantial saving of time and expense to the parties;

It further appearing, that there is no objection to said joint motion and good cause exists why it should be granted;

Accordingly, it is ordered, This 29th day of August 1963, that the joint motion herein is granted, and that the exchange of exhibits shall be accomplished on or before November 4, 1963 in lieu of September 3, 1963;

It is further ordered, That the hearing herein now scheduled for September 23, 1963, be and the same is hereby rescheduled for November 25, 1963, 10:00 a.m., in the Commission's Offices, Washington, D.C.

Released: August 30, 1963.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9605; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket Nos. 12865, 12866; FCC 63M–945]

CHRONICLE PUBLISHING CO. (KRON–TV) AND AMERICAN BROADCASTING-PARAMOUNT THEATRES, INC. (KGO–TV)

Order Continuing Hearing

In re applications of Chronicle Publishing Company (KRON–TV), San Francisco, California, Docket No. 12865, File No. BPCT–2168; American Broadcasting-Paramount Theatres, Inc. (KGO–TV), San Francisco, California, Docket No. 12866, File No. BPCT–2401; for construction permits.

It is ordered, this 29th day of August 1963, that the prehearing conference herein, now scheduled for September 9, 1963, be and the same is hereby rescheduled for September 16, 1963, 9:00 a.m. in the Commission's Offices, Washington, D.C.

Released: August 30, 1963.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9606; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket No. 14627; FCC 63M–944]

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION ASSOCIATION, INC.

Order Continuing Hearing

In re application of Northern California Educational Television Association, Inc., Redding, California, Docket No. 14627, File No. BPCT–2890; for a construction permit for a new noncommercial educational television broadcast station.

It is ordered, This 29th day of August 1963, that the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding now scheduled for September 11, 1963, be and the same is hereby rescheduled for September 17, 1963, 10:00 a.m., in the Commission's Offices, Washington, D.C.

Released: August 30, 1963.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 63–9607; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket No. 15006 etc.; FCC 63M–948]

TELEVISION CO. OF AMERICA, INC., ET AL.

Order Regarding Place of Hearing

In re applications of Harry Wallerstein, Receiver, Television Company of America, Inc., Docket No. 15006, File No. BRCT–397, for renewal of license of Station KSHO–TV, Las Vegas, Nevada; Harry Wallerstein, Receiver, Television Company of America, Inc. (Assignor) and Television Company of America, Inc. (Assignee), Docket No. 15007, File No. BALCT–181, for assignment of license of Station KSHO–TV, Las Vegas, Nevada; Reed R. Maxfield, Robert W. Hughes, Carl A. Hulbert and Alex Gold (Transferors) and Arthur Powell Williams (Transferee), Docket No. 15008, File No. BTC–3965, for transfer of control of Nevada Broadcasters' Fund, Inc., holding company of Television Company of America, Inc., licensee of Station KSHO–TV, Las Vegas, Nevada.

The Chief Hearing Examiner having under consideration a petition in behalf of the Commission's Broadcast Bureau, filed August 13, 1963, requesting that the place of hearing in the above-entitled proceeding be changed from Washington, D.C., to Las Vegas, Nevada, and opposition to this pleading by certain of the parties;

It appearing, that a hearing conference in the proceeding is scheduled to be held September 30, 1963, and the formal hearing on October 15, 1963, both in Washington, D.C.;

It appearing further, that in this renewal, assignment and transfer proceeding, which involves issues of possible unauthorized transfers of control, misrepresentations, and failure to file various reports and documents required under the Commission's rules, petitioner anticipates that the testimony of some twelve witnesses will be necessary to develop a full record, all of whom reside in the western part of the United States, viz., Las Vegas, Nevada, Salt Lake City, Utah, and Los Angeles, California; and that the records of pertinent court proceedings, escrow arrangements, and filings with other governmental agencies, which, for the most part, are located in the cities of Las Vegas and Salt Lake City, contain matter which is relevant and material to the issues herein;

It appearing further, that a field hearing in this instance is clearly indicated, and would be in keeping with Commission policy to hold hearings in broadcast renewal and revocation proceedings in the communities in which the stations involved are located;

It appearing further, that the comments of the parties regarding the instant petition have no effect upon the foregoing determinations;

It is ordered, This 30th day of August 1963, that the petition is granted and the place of hearing in the above-entitled proceeding is hereby changed from Washington, D.C., to Las Vegas, Nevada.

Released: August 30, 1963.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] BEN F. WAPLE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9608; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:48 a.m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. G-12484 etc.]

ATLANTIC REFINING CO., ET AL.

Notice of Applications for Certificates, Abandonment of Service and Petitions To Amend Certificates [1]

SEPTEMBER 3, 1963.

The Atlantic Refining Company, Docket No. G-12484; Texaco Inc., Docket No. G-12710; Socony Mobil Oil Company, Inc., Docket No. CI62-362; James C. Sherrill, et al., Docket No. CI62-660; Tenneco Oil Company, Docket No. CI63-195; Consolidated Oil & Gas, Inc., Docket No. CI63-1061; Marian F. Johnson, Docket No. CI64-235; Apache Corporation, Docket No. CI64-236; Coastal States Gas Producing Company, Docket No. CI64-237; Consolidated Oil & Gas, Inc. (Operator), et al., Docket No. CI64-238; W. H. Appell (Operator), et al., Docket No. CI64-239; J. D. Hedley (Operator), et al., Docket No. CI64-240; Slade Oil and Gas, Inc., et al., Docket No. CI64-241; Arnold Well Service, Inc. (Operator), et al., Docket No. CI64-242; Chas. Daubert, et al., Docket No. CI64-243; J. P. Petkas, et al., Docket No. CI64-244; Texam Oil Corporation, Docket No. CI64-245; Texam Oil Corporation (Operator), et al., Docket No. CI64-246; John L. Welsh, Jr., et al., Docket No. CI64-247; W. B. Cleary, Inc. (Operator), et al., Docket No. CI64-248; Lenore N. Bailey, et al., Docket No. CI64-249; Bridwell Oil Company, Docket No. CI64-250; The Atlantic Refining Company, Docket No. CI64-251; Skelly Oil Company, Docket No. CI64-252; Pratt-Hewitt Oil Corporation, et al., Docket No. CI64-253; Wynn D. Miller, et al., Docket No. CI64-254; Parker Petroleum Co., Inc., Docket No. CI64-255; Skinner Corporation (Operator), et al., Docket No. CI64-256; Cosden Petroleum Corporation, et al., Docket No. CI64-257; H. B. Lively (Operator), et al., Docket No. CI64-258; H. B. Lively (Operator), et al., Docket No. CI64-259; Jake L. Hamon, Docket No. CI64-260; Sunray DX Oil Company, Docket No. CI64-261; J. C. McCullough Farm Gas Co., Docket No. CI64-262; B.D.K. Production Company (Operator), et al., Docket No. CI64-263; Continental Oil Company, Docket No. CI64-264; Tidewater Oil Company, Docket No. CI64-265; N. C. Ginther, et al., Docket No. CI64-266; Frank B. Waters, d/b/a Frank Waters Oil Company (Operator), Docket No. CI64-267; Texaco Inc., Docket No. CI64-268; Coastal States Gas Producing Company, Docket No. CI64-269; Compass Exploration, Inc., Docket No. CI64-270; Compass Exploration, Inc., Docket No. CI64-271; Skelly Oil Company, Docket No. CI64-272; The Superior Oil Company, Docket No. CI64-273.

Take notice that each of the above Applicants has filed an application or petition pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act for authorization to sell natural gas in interstate commerce or to abandon service heretofore authorized as described herein, all as more fully described in the respective applications and amendments which are on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Docket No. and date filed	Purchaser	Field and location	Price per Mcf	Pressure base
G-12484 C 8-23-63	United Gas Pipe Line Co.	Cadeville Field, Ouachita Parish, La.	13.5	15.025
G-12710 C 8-26-63	Colorado Interstate Gas Co.	Adams Ranch Area, Meade County, Kans.	16.0	14.65
CI62-362 D 8-27-63	Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co.	Acreage in Seward County, Kans.	Assigned	
CI62-660 C 8-26-63	Colorado Interstate Gas Co.	Acreage in Potter County, Tex.	12.0	14.65
CI63-195 C 8-23-63	El Paso Natural Gas Co.	Basin Dakota Field, San Juan County, N. Mex.	12.0495	15.025
CI63-1061 C 8-23-63	do	Various fields, Rio Arriba County, N. Mex.	13.0	15.025
CI64-235 B 8-22-63	Hope Natural Gas Co.	Sardis District, Harrison County, W. Va.	Uneconomical	
CI64-236 A 8-21-63	Natural Gas Pipeline Co. of America.	Acreage in Zapata County, Tex.	15.0	14.65
CI64-237 B 8-21-63	Trunkline Gas Co.	Acreage in Bee County, Tex.	(1)	
CI64-238 A 8-22-63	El Paso Natural Gas Co.	Blanco Mesaverde and Basin Dakota Fields, San Juan County, N. Mex.	13.0	15.025
CI64-239 B 8-21-63	Coastal States Gas Producing Co.	Acreage in Bee County, Tex.	(1)	
CI64-240 B 8-21-63	do	do	(1)	
CI64-241 B 8-21-63	do	do	(1)	
CI64-242 B 8-21-63	do	do	(1)	
CI64-243 B 8-21-63	do	Acreage in San Patricio County, Tex.	(1)	
CI64-244 B 8-21-63	do	do	(1)	
CI64-245 B 8-21-63	do	do	(1)	
CI64-246 B 8-21-63	do	do	(1)	
CI64-247 B 8-21-63	do	do	(1)	
CI64-248 B 8-21-63	do	Acreage in Bee County, Tex.	(1)	
CI64-249 B 8-21-63	do	do	(1)	
CI64-250 B 8-21-63	do	do	(1)	
CI64-251 B 8-21-63	do	do	(1)	
CI64-252 B 8-21-63	do	do	(1)	
CI64-253 B 8-21-63	do	do	(1)	

Filing code: A—Initial service.
B—Abandonment.
C—Amendment to add acreage.
D—Amendment to delete acreage.
E—Change in name.

See footnotes at end of table.

[1] This notice does not provide for consolidation for hearing of the several matters covered herein, nor should it be so construed.

Docket No. and date filed	Purchaser	Field and location	Price per Mcf	Pressure base
CI64-254 B 8-21-63	Coastal States Gas Producing Co.	Acreage in Bee County, Tex.	(2)	
CI64-255 B 8-21-63	do	do	(2)	
CI64-256 B 8-21-63	do	do	(2)	
CI64-257 B 8-21-63	do	do	(2)	
CI64-258 B 8-21-63	do	do	(2)	
CI64-259 B 8-21-63	do	do	(2)	
CI64-260 B 8-21-63	do	do	(2)	
CI64-261 A 8-23-63	Arkansas Louisiana Gas Co.	North Cooper Field, Blaine County, Okla.	16.8	14.65
CI64-262 B 8-23-63	Hope Natural Gas Co.	Lafayette District, Pleasants County, W. Va.	Uneconomical	
CI64-263 B 8-23-63	Coastal States Gas Producing Co.	North Mathis Area, San Patricio County, Tex.	(3)	
CI64-264 A 8-26-63	Cities Service Gas Co.	South Burlington Field, Alfalfa County, Okla.	13.0	14.65
CI64-265 B 8-26-63	United Gas Pipe Line Co.	Corpus Channel Field, San Patricio Nueces Counties, Tex.	Depleted	
CI64-266 B 8-26-63	Coastal States Gas Producing Co.	Acreage in San Patricio County, Tex.	(2)	
CI64-267 A 8-27-63	Hydrocarbon Transmission Co.	North A.S.O.G. Field, Jim Wells County, Tex.	11.0	14.65
CI64-268 A 8-27-63	Northern Natural Gas Co.	Banner Block Area, Hugoton Field, Stevens County, Kans.	[4] 14.0 [4] 16.0	14.65
CI64-269 B 8-21-63	Trunkline Gas Co.	Acreage in San Patricio County, Tex.	(2)	
CI64-270 A 8-28-63	Southern Union Gathering Co.	Basin-Dakota Field, San Juan County, N. Mex.	13.0	15.025
CI64-271 A 8-28-63	do	do	13.0	15.025
CI64-272 A 8-28-63	Northern Natural Gas Co.	Banner Block, Hugoton Field, Stevens County, Kans.	16.0	14.65
CI64-273 A 8-28-63	Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line Co.	Acreage in Cimarron County, Okla.	17.0	14.65

Filing code: A—Initial service.
B—Abandonment.
C—Amendment to add acreage.
D—Amendment to delete acreage.
E—Change in name.

[1] Declined in pressure.
[2] Supra.
[3] Production no longer economically feasible under present contract.
[4] Price is 14.0 cents from base of the Wolf Camp formation to the top of the Morrowan Series; 16.0 cents from formations below the top of the Morrowan Series.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D.C., in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before September 23, 1963.

Take further notice that, pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act, and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing will be held without further notice before the Commission on all applications in which no protest or petition to intervene is filed within the time required herein. Where a protest or petition for leave to intervene is timely filed, or where the Commission on its own motion believes that a formal hearing is required, further notice of such hearing will be duly given.

Under the procedure herein provided for, unless otherwise advised, it will be unnecessary for Applicants to appear or be represented at the hearing.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9572; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. E-7104]

POTOMAC EDISON CO.

Order Amending Order Instituting Investigation and Providing for Hearing

AUGUST 30, 1963.

On June 7, 1963, an order was issued in this docket instituting formal investigation concerning the lawfulness of Electric Rate Schedule Tariff "WS" filed with the Commission by Potomac Edison Company (Potomac Edison), and providing for hearing. That order, in paragraph (B), directed Potomac Edison to file, on or before September 9, 1963, cost and revenue data showing its costs of rendering service to each wholesale for resale customer served under the Rate Schedule Tariff "WS" utilizing as the test period the calendar year 1962.

On August 19, 1963, Potomac Edison filed with the Commission a request for an extension of time to December 9, 1963, in which to file the required cost and revenue data. Potomac Edison stated that additional time is necessary to properly prepare the data in the detail and scope required.

The extension of time to December 9, 1963, will result in data for the calendar year 1962 being out of date by the time the hearing is held on this matter. Consequently, a test year beginning July 1, 1962, and ending June 30, 1963, would be more appropriate.

The Commission finds: It is appropriate for the purposes of the Federal Power Act, particularly sections 205, 206, 304, 307, 308 and 309 thereof, that paragraph (B) of the Commission's order issued June 7, 1963, in this docket be amended: (1) To change the date by which cost and revenue data must be submitted from September 9, 1963, to December 9, 1963, and (2) to change the test period which shall be utilized from the calendar year 1962 to a period beginning July 1, 1962, and ending June 30, 1963.

The Commission orders: Paragraph (B) of Commission Order issued June 7, 1963, in this docket is hereby amended to read as follows:

(B) Potomac Edison shall file, on or before December 9, 1963, cost and revenue data showing Potomac Edison's cost of rendering service to each wholesale for resale customer served under the Rate Schedule Tariff "WS" referred to in paragraph (A) above, calculated in accordance with applicable Commission rulings and utilizing, among other things, as the test period a period beginning July 1, 1962 and ending June 30, 1963, showing both historical revenues and pro forma adjustments thereto, a prudent net investment rate base, and a fair rate of return thereon.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9573; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

[Docket No. G-2067]

TEXAS GAS TRANSMISSION CORP.

Notice of Application To Amend Order

AUGUST 30, 1963.

Take notice that on July 25, 1963, Texas Gas Transmission Corporation (Applicant), Owensboro, Kentucky, filed in Docket No. G-2067 an application to amend the Commission's order effective May 1, 1953,[1] by extending the period of the certificate authorization for an additional 15 years commencing October 7, 1963, and ending October 6, 1978, all as more fully set forth in the application to amend on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

The subject order authorized Applicant to construct and operate certain fa-

[1] By notice of May 4, 1953, the Presiding Examiner's decision in Docket No. G-2067 was adopted by the Commission as its final decision and order to be effective May 1, 1953.

cilities and to transport and deliver, on an interruptible basis, maximum daily and annual volumes of natural gas of 30,000 Mcf and 6,959,000 Mcf, respectively, to Mississippi Power & Light Company (Mississippi Power) for use by the latter in its Delta Steam Electric Generating Plant near Cleveland, Mississippi. Such authorization was for a period of ten years from the date of first delivery to Mississippi Power (October 7, 1953) unless such period shall have subsequently been extended by order of the Commission.

The application shows that Mississippi Power and Applicant have entered into an amendatory agreement dated June 12, 1963, providing for the proposed extended term and for a price of 26.2 cents per Mcf for natural gas sold during said extended term.

Protests, petitions to intervene or requests for hearing in this proceeding may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D.C., in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before September 25, 1963.

JOSEPH H. GUTRIDE,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9574; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:46 a.m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 1-3421]

CONTINENTAL VENDING MACHINE CORP.

Order Summarily Suspending Trading

SEPTEMBER 3, 1963.

The common stock, 10 cents par value, of Continental Vending Machine Corp., being listed and registered on the American Stock Exchange and having unlisted trading privileges on the Philadelphia-Baltimore-Washington Stock Exchange, and the 6 percent convertible subordinated debentures due September 1, 1976, being listed and registered on the American Stock Exchange; and

The Commission being of the opinion that the public interest requires the summary suspension of trading in such securities on such Exchanges and that such action is necessary and appropriate for the protection of investors; and

The Commission being of the opinion further that such suspension is necessary in order to prevent fraudulent, deceptive or manipulative acts or practices, with the result that it will be unlawful under section 15(c)(2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Commission's Rule 15c2-2 thereunder for any broker or dealer to make use of the mails or of any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce to effect any transaction in, or to induce or attempt to induce the purchase or sale of any such security, otherwise than on a national securities exchange;

It is ordered, Pursuant to section 19(a)(4) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, that trading in such securities on the American Stock Exchange and the Philadelphia-Baltimore-Washington Stock Exchange be summarily suspended in order to prevent fraudulent, deceptive or manipulative acts or practices, this order to be effective for the period September 4, 1963, through September 13, 1963, both dates inclusive.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9590; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

FOURTH SECTION APPLICATIONS FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 4, 1963.

Protests to the granting of an application must be prepared in accordance with Rule 1.40 of the general rules of practice (49 CFR 1.40) and filed within 15 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

LONG-AND-SHORT HAUL

FSA No. 38513: *Substituted service—Sea-Land Service, Inc., for Allied Van Lines, Inc., et al.* Filed by Household Goods Carriers' Bureau, Agent (No. 63), for interested carriers. Rates on property loaded in highway trailers, between Port of New York, N.Y., viz: Elizabeth Port Authority Pier, N.J., and Port Newark, N.J., on the one hand, and Portland, Oreg., on the other, on traffic originating at or destined to such points or points beyond as described in the application.

Grounds for relief: Motor-truck competition.

Tariffs: Household Goods Carriers' Bureau, Agent, tariffs MF-I.C.C. 113 and 114.

FSA No. 38514: *Substituted service—MP & T&P for North American Van Lines, Inc.* Filed by Household Goods Carriers' Bureau, Agent (No. 64), for interested carriers. Rates on property loaded in highway trailers, between Little Rock, Ark., Kansas City and St. Louis, Mo., Omaha, Nebr., Memphis, Tenn., and Fort Worth and Houston, Tex., on the one hand, and interchange points in Arkansas, Colorado, Kansas, Louisiana, Missouri, Tennessee, and Texas, on the other.

Grounds for relief: Motor-truck competition.

Tariff: Household Goods Carriers' Bureau, Agent, tariff MF-I.C.C. 113.

FSA No. 38515: *Substituted service—MP & T&P for Allied Van Lines, Inc.* Filed by Household Goods Carriers' Bureau, Agent (No. 65), for interested carriers. Rates on property loaded in highway trailers, between Little Rock, Ark., Kansas City and St. Louis, Mo., Omaha, Nebr., Memphis, Tenn., Fort Worth and Houston, Tex., on the one hand, and interchange points in Arkansas, Colorado, Kansas, Louisiana, Missouri, Tennessee, and Texas, on the other.

Grounds for relief: Motor-truck competition.

Tariff: Household Goods Carriers' Bureau, Agent, tariff MF-I.C.C. 114.

FSA No. 38516: *Canned Goods to and from Points in Colorado and Wyoming.* Filed by Southwestern Freight Bureau, Agent (No. B-8437), for interested rail carriers. Rates on canned goods, in carloads, between points in southwestern territory, on the one hand, and points in Colorado and Wyoming, on the other.

Grounds for relief: Modified short-line distance formula and grouping.

Tariff: Supplement 45 to Southwestern Freight Bureau, Agent, tariff I.C.C. 4506.

FSA No. 38517: *Petroleum and Petroleum Products to Southern Territory.* Filed by Southwestern Freight Bureau, Agent (No. B-8441), for interested carriers. Rates on petroleum and petroleum products, in carloads and tank-car loads, from points in southwestern territory, also Kansas and northern Missouri, to points in southern territory, also southern-official territory border points.

Grounds for relief: Restore origin rate relationships.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] HAROLD D. McCOY,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 63-9592; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

[Notice No. 861]

MOTOR CARRIER TRANSFER PROCEEDINGS

SEPTEMBER 4, 1963.

Synopses of orders entered pursuant to section 212(b) of the Interstate Commerce Act, and rules and regulations prescribed thereunder (49 CFR Part 179), appear below:

As provided in the Commission's special rules of practice any interested person may file a petition seeking reconsideration of the following numbered proceedings within 20 days from the date of publication of this notice. Pursuant to section 17(8) of the Interstate Commerce Act, the filing of such a petition will postpone the effective date of the order in that proceeding pending its disposition. The matters relied upon by petitioners must be specified in their petitions with particularity.

No. MC-FC 65883. By order of August 29, 1963, The Transfer Board approved the transfer to William D. Smith, doing business as K.G. & C. Truck Line, 925 Quincy Drive, Hamilton, Ohio, of Certificate in No. MC 123176, issued February 21, 1961, to Norbert L. Thomas, doing business as C. H. & M. Truck Line, 204 South Vine Street, Greencastle, Ind., authorizing the transportation of: malt beverages, from Milwaukee, Wis., to Hamilton and Cincinnati, Ohio.

No. MC–FC 65895. By order of August 29, 1963, The Transfer Board approved the transfer to Bush Van Lines, Inc., Akron, Ohio, of the "grandfather" operating rights claimed in No. MC 120659 (Sub-No. 1), by J. William Bush, doing business as Bush Van Lines, Akron, Ohio, covering interstate operating rights in the State of Ohio.

No. MC–FC 66042. By order of August 30, 1963, The Transfer Board approved the transfer to Skinner Motor Express, Inc., 6341 West Minnesota Street, Indianapolis, Ind., of Certificates in Nos. MC 116159 and MC 116159 (Sub-No. 2), issued October 31, 1958 and June 23, 1959, respectively, to Ernest Hines, Inc., 2600 East 52d Street, Indianapolis, Ind., authorizing the transportation over irregular routes, of road building materials and construction materials (except liquid bulk materials in tank vehicles), in bulk, between points in Boone, Kenton, and Campbell Counties, Ky., on the one hand, and, on the other, points in Hamilton and Clermont Counties, Ohio, road building materials and construction materials, in bulk, between points in Indiana (except Speed), Ohio, and that part of Kentucky within 50 miles of Milton, Ky., including Milton, restricted against the transportation of cement from Limedale, Ind., dry bulk commodities (not including cement), in bulk, in dump trucks, or other similar type self-unloading equipment, from river terminals, located at Madison and Aurora, Ind., to points in a described portion of Indiana and a described portion of Kentucky.

No. MC–FC 66048. By order of August 29, 1963, The Transfer Board approved the transfer to Matth Kanthak and LeRoy Kanthak, Nassau, Minn., of Certificate in No. MC 82082, issued December 23, 1941, to Matth Kanthak, Nassau, Minn., authorizing the transportation of: Feed, livestock, agricultural commodities, lumber, household goods, emigrant movables, twine, and farm machinery and parts thereof, over regular routes, between Nassau, Minn., and points in Minnesota within 35 miles thereof on the one hand, and, on the other, points in Roberts, Grant, Deuel, and Codington Counties, S. Dak., and between points in South Dakota within 35 miles of Nassau, on the one hand, and, on the other, Minneapolis, St. Paul, South St. Paul, and Newport, Minn. A. R. Fowler, 2288 University Avenue, St. Paul 14, Minn., representative for applicants.

No. MC–FC 66061. By order of August 29, 1963, The Transfer Board approved the transfer to Bronx Bus Corporation, Yonkers, N.Y., of Certificate in No. MC 100737 (Sub-No. 1), issued February 15, 1962, to Cambridge Charter Coach Corp., Yonkers, N.Y., authorizing the transportation, over irregular routes, of passengers and their baggage, restricted to traffic originating and terminating in the territory indicated, in round-trip charter operations, from points in Bronx County, N.Y., to points in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Massachusetts, and the District of Columbia and return. Adolf F. Grossman, 20 South Broadway, Yonkers, N.Y., attorney for applicants.

No. MC–FC 66159. By order of August 27, 1963, The Transfer Board approved the transfer to Frank A. Guerero, doing business as Frank A. Guerero Trucking, 2224 Iroquois Avenue, Long Beach, Calif., of Certificate in No. MC 89910, issued May 12, 1949, to Fern Trucking Company, a corporation, 1200 Mines, Montebello, Calif., authorizing the transportation, over irregular routes, of lumber, serving points within the Harbor and Commercial Zones of Long Beach and Los Angeles, Calif.

[SEAL] HAROLD D. McCOY, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 63–9593; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

[Rev. S.O. 562; Taylor's I.C.C. Order No. 160, Amdt. 1]

FORT DODGE, DES MOINES & SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Rerouting of Traffic

Upon further consideration of Taylor's I.C.C. Order No. 160 (Fort Dodge, Des Moines & Southern Railway) and good cause appearing therefor:

It is ordered, That Taylor's I.C.C. Order No. 160 be, and it is hereby, amended by substituting the following paragraph (g) for paragraph (g) thereof:

(g) *Expiration date:* This order shall expire at 11:59 p.m., October 31, 1963, unless otherwise modified, changed, suspended or annulled.

It is further ordered, That this amendment shall become effective at 11:59 p.m., August 31, 1963, and that this order shall be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of all railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement, and by filing it with the Director, Office of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D.C., August 30, 1963.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] CHARLES W. TAYLOR, *Agent.*

[F.R. Doc. 63–9594; Filed, Sept. 6, 1963; 8:47 a.m.]

CUMULATIVE CODIFICATION GUIDE—SEPTEMBER

The following numerical guide is a list of the parts of each title of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published to date during September.