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Title 14—AERONAUTICS AND SPACE

Chapter III—Federal Aviation Agency

SUBCHAPTER E—AIR NAVIGATION REGULATIONS

[Airspace Docket No. 62-SO-5]

PART 600—DESIGNATION OF FEDERAL AIRWAYS

Alteration

On May 17, 1962, a notice of proposed rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (27 F.R. 4701) stating that the Federal Aviation Agency proposed to alter VOR Federal airways Nos. 16 and 1538 between Crossville, Tenn., and Knoxville, Tenn., and to alter VOR Federal airway Nos. 115, 875 and 1548 between Chattanooga, Tenn., and Knoxville, Tenn.

No adverse comments were received regarding the proposed amendments.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of the rules herein adopted, and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

The substance of the proposed amendments having been published, therefore, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (25 F.R. 12582) and for the reasons stated in the notice, the following actions are taken:

1. In the text of § 600.6016 (14 CFR 600.6016, 27 F.R. 467, 4244, 4734, 5862) "Crossville, Tenn., VOR, including a south alternate, and also a north alternate via the INT of the Nashville VOR 079° T and the Crossville VOR 298° T radials; intersection of the Crossville omnirange 107° and the Knoxville omnirange 248° radials; Knoxville, Tenn., VOR;" is deleted and "Crossville, Tenn., VORTAC, including a S. alternate and also a N. alternate via the INT of the Nashville VOR 079° and the Crossville VORTAC 298° radials; Knoxville, Tenn.; VORTAC, including a S. alternate via the INT of the Crossville VORTAC 100° and the Knoxville VORTAC 247° radials;" is substituted therefor.

2. In the text of § 600.1538 (26 F.R. 1085, 5709) "INT of the Crossville VOR 107° and the Knoxville, Tenn., VOR 248° radials; thence a 10-mile wide airway to the Knoxville VOR;" is deleted and "thence 10-mile wide airway to the Knoxville, Tenn., VOR;" is substituted therefor.

3. In the text of § 600.6115 (14 CFR 600.6115) "Chattanooga, Tenn., VOR, including an E alternate via the INT of the Birmingham VOR 097° and the Gadsden, Ala., VOR 233° radials; the Gadsden VOR and the INT of the Gadsden VOR 042° and the Chattanooga VOR 214° radials; INT of the Chattanooga, VOR 032° and the Knoxville VOR 248° radials; Knoxville, Tenn., VOR;" is deleted and "Chattanooga, Tenn., VORTAC, including an E alternate via the INT of the Birmingham VOR 097° and the Gadsden, Ala., VOR 233° radials; the Gadsden VOR and the INT of the Gadsden VOR 042° and the Chattanooga VORTAC 214° radials; INT of the Chattanooga VORTAC 037° and the Knoxville, Tenn., VORTAC 247° radials; Knoxville VORTAC;" is substituted therefor.

4. In the text of § 600.6875 (14 CFR 600.6875, 27 F.R. 467, 4244, 4734) "INT of the Knoxville VORTAC 248° True and the Chattanooga, Tenn., VORTAC 032° True radials;" is deleted and "INT of the Knoxville VORTAC 247° and the Chattanooga, Tenn., VORTAC 037° radials;" is substituted therefor.

5. In the text of § 600.1548 (26 F.R. 1086, 4052, 27 F.R. 3193, 4244) "INT of the Chattanooga VORTAC 032° and the Knoxville, Tenn., VOR 248° radials;" is deleted and "INT of the Chattanooga VOR 037° and the Knoxville, Tenn., VOR 247° radials;" is substituted therefor.

These amendments shall become effective 0001 e.s.t. October 18, 1962.

(Sec. 307(a) 72 Stat. 749; 49 U.S.C. 1348)

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 7, 1962.

CLIFFORD P. BURTON,
Chief,
Airspace Utilization Division.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8025; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:45 a.m.]

[Airspace Docket No. 62-SO-43]

PART 601—DESIGNATION OF CONTROLLED AIRSPACE, REPORTING POINTS, POSITIVE CONTROL ROUTE SEGMENTS, AND POSITIVE CONTROL AREAS

Alteration of Control Zone, Control Area Extension and Reporting Points

The purpose of these amendments to Part 601 of the regulations of the Administrator is to alter the descriptions of the Jacksonville, Fla., control zone, control area extension and the Carp, Gateway and Trout Intersections.

The Federal Aviation Agency has decommissioned the Fort George Island, Fla., fan marker and will convert the Jacksonville radio range to a radio beacon on August 27, 1962. The actions taken herein reflect the changes to these facilities.

Since the changes effected by these amendments are editorial in nature and impose no additional burden on any person, notice and public procedure hereon are unnecessary and they may be made effective on August 27, 1962.

In consideration of the foregoing and pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (25 F.R. 12582), the following actions are taken:

1. The text of § 601.1153 (14 CFR 601.1153) is amended to read:

§ 601.1153 Jacksonville, Fla., control area extension.

That airspace within tangent lines drawn from the circumference of a 5-mile radius circle centered at the Jacksonville RBN to the circumference of an 18-mile radius circle centered at the INT of the 090° bearing from the Jacksonville RBN and the W boundary of the New York Oceanic Control Area, excluding the portion below 2,000 feet MSL which lies outside the United States.

2. Section 601.2149 (14 CFR 601.2149) is amended to read:

§ 601.2149 Jacksonville, Fla. (Imeson Airport), control zone.

Within a 5-mile radius of the Imeson Airport (latitude 30°25'17" N., longitude 81°38'15" W.), Jacksonville, Fla.; within 2 miles either side of the Jacksonville VORTAC 064° radial extending from the 5-mile radius zone to 10 miles NE; within 2 miles either side of the 090° bearing from the Jacksonville RBN extending from the 5-mile radius zone to 10.3 miles E of the RBN; within a 3-mile radius of NAS Mayport (latitude 30°23'45" N., longitude 81°25'16" W.); and within 2 miles either side of the 051° bearing from the NAS Mayport RBN extending from the 3-mile radius zone to 10 miles NE.

§ 601.4201 [Amendment]

3. In the text of § 601.4201 (27 F.R. 5765) "Jacksonville, Fla., RR" is deleted from the descriptions of the Carp, Gateway and Trout Intersections and "Jacksonville, Fla., RBN" is substituted therefor.

These amendments shall become effective 0001 e.s.t. August 27, 1962.

(Sec. 307(a), 72 Stat. 749; U.S.C. 1348)

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 7, 1962.

CLIFFORD P. BURTON,
Chief,
Airspace Utilization Division.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8024; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:45 a.m.]

[Reg. Docket No. 1304; Amdt. 282]

PART 609—STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURES

Miscellaneous Amendments

The amendments to standard instrument approach procedures contained herein are being adopted to become effective when indicated in order to promote safety. The revised procedures supersede the existing procedures of the same classification now in effect for the airports specified therein. For the convenience of the users, the revised procedures specify the complete procedure and indicate the changes to the existing procedures.

As a situation exists which demands immediate action in the interests of safety in air commerce, I find that compliance with the notice, procedure and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act would be contrary to the public interest and is therefore not required.

Pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator (24 F.R. 5662), Part 609 is amended as follows:

1. The low or medium frequency range procedures prescribed in § 609.100(a) are amended to read in part:

LFR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.

If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Saratoga Springs FM	AB–LFR	Direct	1800	T–dn	300–1	300–1	200–½
Round Lake FM (Final)	AB–LFR	Direct	1100	C–dn	500–1	600–1	600–1½
Delmar FM	AB–LFR	Direct	1800	S–dn–19	500–1	500–1	500–1
Coxsackie FM	AB–LFR	Direct	2200	A–dn	800–2	800–2	800–2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn W side N crs, 028° Outbnd, 208° Inbnd, 1800′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1100′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 195°—2.4 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 2.4 miles after passing AB LFR, climb to 1000′ on S crs. Make right climbing turn and proceed out W course climbing to 3000′.
CAUTION: 530′ terrain 1.5 miles NW of airport.
AIR CARRIER NOTE: 300–1 required for all takeoffs on Runways 10, 28, 15, and 33.
Other change: Deletes transition from Grafton FM and Schenectady FM.

City, Albany; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Albany-County; Elev., 288′; Fac. Class., SBRAZ; Ident., AB; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 5; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 4; Dated, 21 Apr. 56

Saratoga Springs FM	AB–LFR	Direct	1800	T–dn	300–1	300–1	200–½
Coxsackie FM	AB–LFR	Direct	2200	C–dn	500–1	600–1	600–1½
				S–dn–1	500–1	500–1	500–1
				A–dn	800–2	800–2	800–2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn E side S crs, 195° Outbnd, 015° Inbnd, 2200′ within 10 miles of Delmar FM.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1700′ (over Delmar FM).
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 015°—4.7 mi. (from Delmar FM).
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.7 miles after passing Delmar FM, climb to 3000′ on N crs within 20 miles.
AIR CARRIER NOTE: 300–1 required for all takeoffs on Runways 10, 28, 15, and 33.
Other change: Deletes transitions from Grafton FM and Schenectady FM.

City, Albany; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Albany-County; Elev., 288′; Fac. Class., SBRAZ; Ident., AB; Procedure No. 2, Amdt. 5; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 4; Dated, 21 Apr. 56

Windsor VOR	QG LFR	064–3.3	2000	T–dn	*500–1	*500–1	*500–1
				C–d	800–1	800–1	800–1½
				C–n	800–2	800–2	800–2
				A–dn	800–2	800–2	800–2
				Following minimums apply when aircraft equipped with LFR or ADF and VOR receivers and Peach Int$ received:			
				C–dn	700–1	700–1	700–1½

Procedure turn E side of crs, 142° Outbnd, 322° Inbnd, 2000′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1500′.
Crs and distance, QG LFR to airport, 327°—7.9 mi; Peach Int$ to airport, 327°—4.0 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 7.9 miles after passing LFR, climb to 2300′ on NW crs Windsor LFR to Warren Int or, when directed by ATC, climb to 2300′, proceed direct to DET RBn, hold NW, Inbnd 146°, left turns.
AIR CARRIER NOTE: Sliding scale not applicable.
*300–1 takeoff authorized on Runway 33 only.
$Peach Int: ADF brg 327° from QG LFR or NW crs QG LFR and QG R–014.

City, Detroit; State, Mich; Airport Name, Detroit City; Elev., 626′; Fac. Class., SBRAZ (Windsor LFR); Ident., QG; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 7; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 6; Dated, 30 July 60

PROCEDURE CANCELLED AUGUST 25, 1962, OR UPON DECOMMISSIONING OF FACILITY.

City, Philadelphia; State, Pa.; Airport Name, North Philadelphia; Elev., 120′; Fac. Class., MLWZ; Ident., PF; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 9; Eff. date, 12 Aug. 61; Sup. Amdt. No. 8; Dated, 1 Nov. 58

2. The automatic direction finding procedures prescribed in § 609.100(b) are amended to read in part:

ADF STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.
If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Saratoga Springs FM	LOM	Direct	1800	T-dn	300–1	300–1	200–½
Round Lake FM (Final)	LOM	Direct	1100	C-dn	500–1	600–1	600–1½
				S-dn-19	500–1	500–1	500–1
				A-dn	800–2	800–2	800–2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn W side of N crs, 011° Outbnd 191° Inbnd 1800′ within 10 NM.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1100′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 191°—3.8 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3.8 miles after passing LOM, climb to 1000′ on S crs. ILS, make a right climbing turn and proceed out W crs. Albany LFR at 3000′ within 20 miles.
AIR CARRIER NOTE: 300–1 required for all takeoffs on Runways 10, 28, 15, and 33.
Other changes: Deletes transitions from Albany LFR and Schenectady FM.

City, Albany; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Albany-County; Elev., 288′; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., AL; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 4; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 3 (ADF portion of Comb ILS–ADF); Dated, 22 Oct. 60

Bismarck LFR	LOM	Direct	3300	T-dn	300–1	300–1	*200–½
Bismarck VOR	LOM	Direct	3300	C-d	400–1	500–1	500–1½
Lincoln Int**	LOM	Direct	3300	C-n	400–1½	500–1½	500–1½
Bell Int***	LOM	Direct	3300	S-dn-30	400–1	400–1	400–1
				A-dn	800–2	800–2	800–2

Procedure turn E side SE crs, 126° Outbnd, 306° Inbnd, 3300′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over LOM inbnd final, 2700′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 306°—3.7 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3.7 miles after passing LOM, climb to 3800′ on W crs BK–LFR or to 3800′ on R–262 BIS–VOR within 20 miles or, when directed by ATC, make right climbing turn to 3800′ on R–336 BIS–VOR within 20 miles.
CAUTION: Radio towers—1756′ 0.5 mile S of airport, 2145′ 2.4 mi N, 1848′ 3.0 mi W, 2317′ 8.1 mi NW, 2413′ 9.2 mi NE, and 3121′ 11 mi SSE.
*300–1 required on Runways 2, 20, 35, and 17.
**Lincoln Int: W crs BK–LFR and 306° brg from LOM.
***Bell Int: BIS VOR R–117 and 072° brg from LOM.

City, Bismarck; State, N. Dak.; Airport Name, Municipal; Elev., 1653′; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., BI; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 12; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 11; Dated, 19 May 62

PROCEDURE CANCELLED, EFFECTIVE AUGUST 25, 1962, OR UPON DECOMMISSIONING OF THE "H" FACILITY.

City, Clarksburg; State, W. Va.; Airport Name, Benedum; Elev., 1209′; Fac. Class., HW; Ident., CKB; Procedure No. 1; Amdt. 6; Eff. Date, 31 Mar. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 5; Dated, 24 Feb. 62

CVG VOR	LOM	Direct	2000	T-dn	300–1	300–1	200–½
New Baltimore Int	LOM	Direct	2300	C-dn	400–1	500–1	500–1½
Cincinnati LFR	LOM	Direct	2700	S-dn-36	400–1	400–1	400–1
Dry Ridge Int	Union Int	Direct	2200	A-dn	800–2	800–2	800–2
Union Int	LOM (Final)	Direct	1500				

Radar transitions and vectoring authorized in accordance with approved radar patterns.
Procedure turn E side of crs, 180° Outbnd, 360° Inbnd, 2000′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1500′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 360°—3.4 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3.4 miles after passing LOM, climb to 2300′ on bearing 360° from LOM to New Baltimore Int. Hold North 1-minute right turns, 186° Inbnd, 006° Outbnd.
Other change: Deletes transition from Grant Lick Int.

City, Covington; State, Ky.; Airport Name, Greater Cincinnati; Elev., 890′; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., CV; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 16; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 15; Dated, 7 July 62

QG LFR	DET RBn	Direct	2700	T-dn*	500–1	500–1	500–1
QG VOR	DET RBn	Direct	2700	C-dn	700–1	700–1	700–1½
PTK VOR	DET RBn	Direct	2700	S-dn-15	700–1	700–1	700–1
SVM VOR	DET RBn	Direct	2700	A-dn	800–2	800–2	800–2
Allen Int#	Auburn Int$	Via QG R–339 or 159° brng to DET RBn.	2700				
Auburn Int$	DET RBn	Via QG R–339 or 159° brng to DET RBn (Final).	2000				
Rochester Int$$	DET RBn	Direct	2700				

Procedure turn E side of crs, 326° Outbnd, 146° Inbnd, 2700′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2000′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 146°—5.8 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 5.8 miles after passing DET RBn, make left climbing turn to 2300′, proceed to DET RBn. Hold NW on inbound brng 146° to DET RBn, left turns or, when directed by ATC, climb to 2000′, proceed direct to QG LFR. (2) climb to 2300′, proceed direct to QG VOR.
AIR CARRIER NOTE: Sliding scale not authorized.
*300–1 takeoff authorized on Runway 33 only.
#Allen Int: Int FNT VOR R–125 and PTK VOR R–084.
$Auburn Int: Int PTK VOR R–105 and QG VOR R–339 or 159° brng to DET RBn.
$$Rochester Int: Int FNT VOR R–125 and QG VOR R–347.

City, Detroit; State, Mich.; Airport Name, Detroit-City; Elev., 626′; Fac. Class., MHW; Ident., DET; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 17 Feb. 62

ADF STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Riverhead VOR	LMM	Direct	1700	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	500-1	600-1	600-1½
				S-dn-6	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn S side of crs, 237° Outbnd, 057° Inbnd, 1700′ within 10 mi of OM.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 800′.*
Crs. and distance, facility to airport, 057°—0.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.6 mile after passing LMM, make right climbing turn as soon as practicable to 1700′, returning to LMM and hold SW, 1-minute right turns, inbound crs 057°.
NOTE: Runway 10–28 closed nights.
*Descent to airport minimums authorized after passing OM; if OM not received, maintain 800′ until passing LMM and circling minimums apply.

City, Islip; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, MacArthur Field; Elev., 98′; Fac. Class., LMM; Ident., SL; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 6; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 5, ADF portion Comb. ADF and ILS; Dated, 19 Oct. 57

Mobile VOR	LOM	Direct	1500	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
Brookley RBn	LOM	Direct	1500	C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-14	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn W side NW crs, 320° Outbnd, 140° Inbnd, 1500′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1500′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 139°—4.5 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.5 miles after passing LOM, make right turn, climb to 1600′ on 180° crs from LOM within 20 mi or, when directed by ATC, make right turn, proceed direct to MOB VOR climbing to 1400′ and enter VOR holding pattern.

City, Mobile; State, Ala.; Airport Name, Bates Field; Elev., 217′; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., MO; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 11; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 10; Dated, 21 May 60

				T-dn*	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-24	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn N side of crs, 060° Outbnd, 240° Inbnd, 1600′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 600′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 240°—4.5 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.5 miles after passing LOM, make left climbing turn to 1600′ and return to AC LOM. Hold NE of AC LOM 240° inbnd, right turns, 1-minute.
Other change: Deletes transition from ACK-VOR.
*CAUTION: 342′ tower 2.6 miles W of airport; 652′ Loran antenna 3 miles ESE of airport.

City, Nantucket; State, Mass.; Airport Name, Memorial; Elev., 48′; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., AC; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 24 June 61

Surry Int*:	LOM	Direct	1500	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
Norfolk VOR	LOM	Direct	1500	C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1½
Franklin VOR	LOM	Direct	1500	S-dn-6	400-1	400-1	400-1
Hopewell VOR	LOM	Direct	1500	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
Cape Charles VOR#	LOM	Direct	1500				

Radar transitions and vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn W side of crs, 244° Outbnd, 064° Inbnd, 1100′ within 10 miles of LOM.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 800′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 064°—2.7 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 2.7 miles after passing LOM, climb to 1500′ on crs 320°, then proceed to LOM.
Major change: Deletes transition from Bacons Castle MHW.
*Surry Int: Int ORF-VOR R-303 and FKN-VOR R-033.
#ATC approval required before using Cape Charles transition.

City, Newport News; State, Va.; Airport Name, Patrick Henry; Elev., 41′; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., PH; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 10; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 9; Dated, 11 Nov. 61

Whitman, Mass., VOR	CTS RBn	Direct	1600	T-dn	300-1	300-1	
				C-dn	600-1	600-1	
				A-dn	NA	NA	

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved radar patterns.
Procedure turn W side of crs, 176° Outbnd, 356° Inbnd, 1600′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 900′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 356—1.1 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 1.1 miles after passing CTS RBn, make left climbing turn and return to the Canton RBn at 1800′. Hold southeast 1-minute pattern, right turns, 356° Inbound.
NOTES: Voice communications on 122.8 available sunrise to sunset. Contact Boston approach control for air traffic clearance. No weather reporting. Night lighting Runway 17–35 only.
Facility owned and operated by the State of Massachusetts.
Aircraft required to monitor Boston approach control until landing assured.

City, Norwood; State, Mass.; Airport Name, Norwood Memorial; Elev., 50′; Fac. Class., MHW; Ident., CTS; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 2; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 16 Mar. 58

				T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	600-1	600-1	600-1½
				S-dn-11	500-1	500-1	500-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn Side of crs, 292° Outbnd, 112° Inbnd, 2000′ within 10 mi of LOM.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1700′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 112°—5.4 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 5.4 mi after passing Portland LOM, climb to 1000′ on 112° crs within 10 miles of LOM, then make a climbing right turn to 2000′ and return to LOM. Hold W of LOM 112° inbnd right turns, 1 minute.
Other change: Deletes transitions from Portland LFR and Kennebunk VOR.

City, Portland; State, Maine; Airport Name, Municipal; Elev., 66′; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., PW; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 2; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 19 Aug. 61

ADF STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Round Lake FM	AL-LOM	Direct	2500	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
Albany VOR	AL-LOM	Direct	2500	C-dn	600-1½	600-1½	600-1½
				S-dn-28, 33	600-1	600-1	600-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar vectoring by Albany Radar authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn N side of crs, 124° Outbnd, 304° Inbnd, 2500′ within 10 miles. NA beyond 10 miles.
Facility on airport.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2000′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 304°—5.4 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 5.4 miles after passing LOM, make a climbing right turn to Albany LOM at 2500′.
CAUTION: Terrain rises rapidly 3 miles W of airport. 758′ tank 3.5 miles SE of airport.

City, Schenectady; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Schenectady-County; Elev., 378′; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., AL; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 2; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 3 Dec. 54

				T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-d	700-1	700-1	700-1½
				C-n	700-1	700-2	700-2
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar vectoring by Albany Radar authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn E side of crs, 040° Outbnd, 220° Inbnd, 2000′ msl within 10 mi.
Facility on airport.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1100′.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile, climb to 1800′ msl on 220° brng within 8 mi, then right climbing turn to 2000′, proceed to GVI RBn, hold NE on 040° brng, 1-minute left turns, 2000′ 220° Inbnd.
CAUTION: This facility must be monitored aurally throughout approach. 990′ antenna tower 5.5 mi SW of GVI RBn.

City, Schenectady; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Schenectady-County; Elev., 378′; Fac. Class., MH; Ident., GVI; Procedure No. 2, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 12 May 62

FD-LFR	LOM	Direct	2700	T-dn*	300-1	300-1	200-½
FSD-VOR	LOM	Direct	2700	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
17 mi DME fix and 206° brng from LOM	LOM (Final)	Direct	2200	S-dn-3	500-1	500-1	500-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
				If aircraft is equipped with ADF and VOR or ADF and LFR receivers and SW crs LFR or R-168 FSD VOR received, following minimums apply:			
				S-dn-3	400-1	400-1	400-1

Procedure turn S side of crs, 206° Outbnd, 026° Inbnd, 2700′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 2200′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 026°—3.8 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3.8 miles after passing LOM, climb to 2800′ on crs 026′ from LOM within 20 mi.
CAUTION: Tower 1640′ msl 1.5 mi NE of LOM.
NOTE: When authorized by ATC, FSD DME may be used to position aircraft on final approach course at 3400′ between radials 145° clockwise to 300° via 17 mile DME arc with the elimination of procedure turn.
*300-1 required for takeoff Runway 15.

City, Sioux Falls; State, S. Dak.; Airport Name, Foss Field; Elev., 1426′; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., FS; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 4; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 3; Dated, 13 Dec. 58

Goshen LFR	Elkhart Int@	Direct	2200	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
Goshen VOR	Elkhart Int@	Direct	2500	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
South Bend VOR	LOM	Direct	2200	S-dn-27	500-1	500-1	500-1
Bristol Int#	Elkhart Int@	Direct	2200	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
Goshen LFR	LOM	Direct	2900				
Elkhart Int@	LOM (Final)	Direct	1900				
North Liberty Int	LOM	Direct	3000				

Procedure turn N side of crs, 089° Outbnd, 269° Inbnd, 2200′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1900′.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3.8 miles after passing LOM, make climbing right turn and proceed direct to SBN VOR or, when directed by ATC turn to 2200 and proceed direct to SBN LOM.
CAUTION: 1917′ MSL tower 5.6 mi south of LOM.
Other Changes: Deletes transitions from Lakeville Int, Adamsville Int., and South Bend LFR.
#Bristol Int: Int 089° brng from SBN LOM and R-148 ELX-VOR.
@Elkhart Int: Int 089° brng from SBN LOM and R-360 GSH-VOR or 144° brng to GH-LFR.

City, South Bend; State, Ind.; Airport Name, St. Joseph County; Elev., 778′; Fac. Class., LOM; Ident., SB; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 14; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 13; Dated, 15 July 61

				T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn*	600-1	600-1	600-1½
				S-dn*-33	600-1	600-1	600-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar vectoring and transitions by Griffiss RAPCON authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
*Minimums for this procedure are premised on use of both Utica MHW and LMM. If LMM is not used, following minimums are applicable for all aircraft: S-d 600-1, S-n 600-2, C-d 600-1½, C-n 600-2.
Procedure turn E side of crs 149° Outbnd, 329° Inbnd, 3000′ within 10 miles of UTI MHW.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 3000′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport 329°—7.3 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 7.3 miles after passing Utica MHW, make a left climbing turn, return to facility at 3000′. Hold southeast of Utica RBn 1-minute right turns, 329° Inbnd.

City, Utica; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Oneida County; Elev., 742′; Fac. Class., MHW, LMM; Ident., UTI, CA; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 7 June 56

3. The very high frequency omnirange (VOR) procedures prescribed in § 609.100(c) are amended to read in part:

VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet, MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.

If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
New Baltimore Int	CVG–VOR	Direct	2300	T–dn	300–1	300–1	200–½
Cincinnati LFR	CVG–VOR	Direct	2700	C–dn	400–1	500–1	500–1½
Grants Lick Int	CVG–VOR	Direct	2300	S–dn–4	400–1	400–1	400–1
Union Int	CVG–VOR	Direct	2000	A–dn	800–2	800–2	800–2

Radar transitions and vectoring authorized in accordance with approved radar patterns.
Procedure turn E side of crs, 223° Outbnd, 043° Inbnd, 2000′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1500′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 043°—2.3 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 2.3 miles after passing CVG–VOR, climb to 2700′ on R–043 within 10 miles or, when directed by ATC, make a left climbing turn and return direct to Cincinnati VOR.
NOTE: Radar may be used to position aircraft to final approach course inbound within 5 miles SW of the station with elimination of procedure turn. No radar monitoring during approach from radar fix (5 mi) to airport.
Major change: Deletes transition from Dry Ridge Int.

City, Covington; State, Ky.; Airport Name, Greater Cincinnati; Elev., 890′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., CVG; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 6; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 5; Dated, 7 July 62

Windsor LFR	Windsor VOR	Direct	2300	T–dn@	500–1	500–1	500–1
				C–d	900–1	900–1	900–1½
				C–n	900–2	900–2	900–2
				A–dn#	900–2	900–2	900–2
				Following minimums apply when aircraft equipped with dual VOR and ADF receivers and Island Int* received:			
				C–dn	700–1	700–1	700–1½

Procedure turn E side of crs, 170° Outbnd, 350° Inbnd, 2000′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over QG VOR on final approach, 2000′.
Course and distance, QG VOR to airport, 350°—8.2 mi; Island Int* to Airport, 350°—5.0 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 8.2 miles after passing VOR, climb to 2300′ and proceed to Dyke Int$ via QG R–347 or, when directed by ATC, climb to 2300′ and proceed direct to DET RBn. Hold NW, crs inbound 146°, left turns.
AIR CARRIER NOTE: Sliding scale not authorized.
@300–1 take-off authorized Runway 33 only.
*Island Int: Int R–350 QG and R–081 YIP or brng 255° to LFR.
$Dyke Int: Int QG R–347 and SVM R–082.

City, Detroit; State, Mich.; Airport Name, Detroit City; Elev., 626′; Fac. Class., BVOR; Ident., QG; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 2; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 17 Aug. 57

El Paso LFR	ELP–VOR	Direct	5200	T–dn	300–1	300–1	200–½
Rio RBn	ELP–VOR (Final)*	Direct	5200	C–dn	400–1	500–1	500–1½
Newman VOR	ELP–VOR	Direct	6000	S–dn–26	400–1	400–1	400–1
				A–dn	800–2	800–2	800–2

Radar terminal area maneuvering altitudes measured clockwise around radar antenna site: 335°–205°, 0–15 mi, 5000′; 15–20 mi, 7000′.
Radar control must provide 3 mi or 1000′ vertical separation; or 3- to 5-mi and 500′ vertical separation from stacks 4148′ 4 mi S; hill 5067′ 13 mi NE; hill 4651′ 9.5 mi E, and hill 6717′ 22 mi NE.
Procedure turn S side of crs, 077° Outbnd, 257° Inbnd, 6500′ within 10 mi. Beyond 10 mi NA. (Nonstandard due to terrain north.)
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 5200′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 257°—3.8 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.6 miles, turn left to 125 mag, climb to 5200′, intercept and proceed on R–151 within 20 mi or, when directed by ATC, turn left to 125° mag, climb to 6200′, intercept and proceed on R–151 within 20 mi.
*Maintain 7000′ until 5 mi W of Rio RBn. If Rio RBn not received maintain 8000′ until over ELP–VOR.

City, El Paso; State, Tex.; Airport Name, International; Elev., 3936′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., ELP; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 13; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 12; Dated, 14 Apr. 62

Fort Smith Rbn	FSM–VOR	Direct	2200	T–dn	300–1	300–1	200–½
				C–d	600–1	600–1	600–1½
				C–n	600–2	600–2	600–2
				S–d	600–1	600–1	600–1
				S–n–25	600–2	600–2	600–2
				A–dn	800–2	800–2	800–2

Procedure turn N side of crs, 045° Outbnd, 225° Inbnd, 1900′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1500′.
Course and distance, facility to airport, 225°—5.2 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 5.3 miles after passing FSM–VOR, climb to 1800′ on R–235 within 20 mi. or, when directed by ATC, climb to 2200′ direct to Fort Smith RBn.
CAUTION: 620 MSL unlight Hill 1.5 mi ESE of airport.
AIR CARRIER NOTE: 300–1 required for takeoff Runways 1–19. No reduction in landing minima authorized by application of sliding scale, or for local weather conditions. No reduction in T.O. or landing minima authorized for Cargo or Ferry flights.

City, Fort Smith; State, Ark.; Airport Name, Municipal; Elev., 468′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., FSM; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 6; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 5; Dated, 1 Oct. 60

VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
GTF RBn	VOR	Direct	5500	T-dn	300-1	300-1	*200-½
Belt FM	VOR	Direct	5500	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
Ulm Int**	VOR (Final)	Direct	4200	S-dn-3	500-1	500-1	500-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar transitions and vectoring utilizing Great Falls Radar authorized in accordance with approved radar patterns.
Procedure turn S side of crs, 203° Outbnd, 023° Inbnd, 5500′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 4200′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 026°—1.9 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 1.9 miles after passing GTF VOR, climb to 5500′ on R-018 within 20 mi or when directed by ATC, make climbing left turn and climb to 5500′ on R-312 within 20 mi.
CAUTION: 3843′ MSL tower 0.9 mi SW of airport.
*300-1 required on Runways 11-29.
**Ulm Int: Int GTF-VOR R-203 and 087° brng to GT LOM.

City, Great Falls; State, Mont.; Airport Name, Great Falls International; Elev., 3671′; Fac. Class., BVOR; Ident., GTF; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 5; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 4; Dated, 2 June 62

				T-dn*	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-24	400-1	400-1	800-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn N side of crs, 060° Outbnd, 240° Inbnd, 1700′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 600′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 240°—1.9 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 1.9 miles after passing ACK-VOR, climb to 1700′ on R-240 within 10 miles of Nantucket VOR, return to ACK-VOR. Hold NE on R-060, Right turns, 1 minute.
*CAUTION: 652′ Loran antenna 3 miles ESE of airport; 342′ tower 2.6 miles west of airport.

City, Nantucket; State, Mass.; Airport Name, Nantucket-Memorial; Elev., 48′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., ACK; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 3; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 2; Dated, 21 Apr. 62

Goshen LFR	SBN-VOR	Direct	3000	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
N Liberty Int	SBN-VOR	Direct	2000	C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn E side of crs, 001° Outbnd, 181° Inbnd, 2000′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1900′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 181°—3.5 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 3.5 miles after passing SBN-VOR, make right turn climbing to 2000 and return to SBN VOR or when directed by ATC: (1) climb to 2000′ on R-181 within 20 miles.
CAUTION: 1917′ MSL Tower 5.6 mi south of LOM.
Other changes: Deletes transitions utilizing South Bend LFR.

City, South Bend; State, Ind.; Airport Name, St. Joseph County; Elev., 778′; Fac. Class., M-BVORTAC; Ident., SBN; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 10; Eff. Date, 5 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 9; Dated, 4 Feb. 61

				T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-6	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn N side of crs, 226° Outbnd, 046° Inbnd, 1800′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1100′.
Crs and distance, facility to airport, 046°—2.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 2.6 miles after passing VOR, make left climbing turn to 2000′ and return to ART VOR. Hold S of ART VOR on R-199, right turns, 1 minute.
Other change: Deletes all transitions.

City, Watertown; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Municipal; Elev., 325′; Fac. Class., VOR; Ident., ART; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 4; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 3; Dated, 28 Jan. 56

4. The terminal very high frequency omnirange (TerVOR) procedures prescribed in § 609.200 are amended to read in part:

TERMINAL VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.
If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Saratoga Springs FM	ALB-VOR	Direct	1800	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
Round Lake FM	ALB-VOR (Final)	Direct	1100	C-dn*	500-1	600-1	600-1½
Albany LFR	ALB-VOR (Final)	Direct	*700	S-dn-19*	500-1	500-1	500-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn W side of crs, 010° Outbnd, 190° Inbnd, 1800′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 700.*
Crs and distance, breakoff point to app end Runway 19, 191°—3.0 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile, climb to 1000′ on crs of 190, then make a climbing right turn, climb to 3000′ on R-297 within 20 mi of VOR.
CAUTION: 530′ terrain 1.5 NM NW of airport.
AIR CARRIER NOTE: 300-1 required for all takeoffs on Runways 10, 28, 15, and 33.
Other change: Deletes transition from Grafton FM.
*Do not descend below 1100′ MSL unless Albany LFR positively identified.

City, Albany; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Albany-County; Elev., 288′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., ALB; Procedure No. TerVOR-19, Amdt. 4; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 3; Dated, 21 Apr. 56

TERMINAL VOR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Int R-209 RBS VOR & R-325 CMI VOR	CMI VOR	Direct	2200	T-dn C-dn S-dn-4 A-dn	300–1 500–1 500–1 800–2	300–1 500–1 500–1 800–2	200–½ 500–1½ 500–1 800–2

Procedure turn S side of crs, 230° Outbnd, 050° Inbnd, 1800′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1300′.
Crs and distance, breakoff point to Runway 4, 038°—0.75 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile of CMI VOR, make right turn, climb to 1800′ on R-120 CMI VOR within 10 miles, or when directed by ATC, make climbing left turn to 2700′ and proceed to Mansfield Int* via CMI R-325.
CAUTION: Tower 1703′ MSL 9 mi NW of airport. Tower 1146′ MSL 2.1 mi NNE of airport.
*Mansfield Int. CMI R-325 and RBS R-209.

City, Champaign; State, Ill.; Airport Name, University of Illinois; Elev., 753′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., CMI; Procedure No. TerVOR-4, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 6 Aug. 60

Int R-209 RBS-VOR and R-325 CMI VOR	CMI VOR	Direct	2200	T-dn C-dn S-dn-31 A-dn	300–1 500–1 500–1 800–2	300–1 500–1 500–1 800–2	200–½ 500–1½ 500–1 800–2

Procedure turn S side of crs, 120° Outbnd, 300° Inbnd, 1800′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1300′.
Crs and distance, breakoff point to Runway 31, 313°—0.5 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums of if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile of CMI VOR, make left turn, climb to 1800′ on R-120 CMI VOR within 10 miles, or when directed by ATC, climb to 2700′ and proceed to Mansfield Int* via CMI R-325.
CAUTION: Tower 1703′ MSL 9 mi NW of airport. Tower 1146′ MSL 2.1 mi NNE of airport.
*Mansfield Int-CMI R-325 and RBS R-209.

City, Champaign; State Ill.; Airport Name, University of Illinois; Elev., 753′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., CMI; Procedure No. TerVOR-31, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug, 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 28 May 60

CSG VOR	LSF VOR	Direct	2000	T-dn C-dn S-dn-2 A-dn	300–1 600–1 500–1 800–2	300–1 600–1 500–1 800–2	200–½ 600–1½ 500–1 800–2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn E side of crs 204° Outbnd, 024° Inbnd, 1600′ within 10 miles of CG LFR.
Minimum altitude over CG LFR on final approach crs 1100′.
Course and distance, CG LFR to Runway 2, 024°—2.9 mi.
Course and distance, breakoff point to Runway 2, 022°—1.0 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile of LSF VOR, turn left, climb to 1600′ on R-204 LSF VOR within 15 miles.
NOTES: (1) Authorized for military use only except by prior arrangement. (2) This procedure to be utilized only by aircraft having operating VOR and LFR or ADF receivers.
CAUTION: Tower 1049′ MSL 8 miles N of airport. Jump towers 580′ MSL 1½ miles NE, R-3002 E and SE of Lawson AAF.

City, Columbus; State, Ga.; Airport Name, Lawson AAF; Elev., 232′; Fac. Class., VOR; Ident., LSF; Procedure No. TerVOR-2, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62

CSG VOR	LSF VOR	Direct	2100	T-dn C-dn S-dn-14 A-dn	300–1 800–1 800–1 800–2	300–1 800–1 800–1 800–2	200–½ 800–1½ 800–1 800–2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn W side of crs, 339° Outbnd, 159° Inbnd, 2100′ within 10 miles of CSG LOM.
Course and distance, CSG LOM to Runway 14; 159°—6.9 mi.
Course and distance, breakoff point to Runway 14; 143°—0.7 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile of LSF VOR, turn right, climb to 1600′ on R-205 LSF VOR within 15 miles.
NOTES: (1) Authorized for military use only except by prior arrangement. (2) This procedure to be utilized only by aircraft having operating VOR and ADF receivers.
CAUTION: Tower 1049′ MSL 8 miles N of airport. Jump towers 580′ MSL 1½ miles NE, R-3002 E and SE of Lawson AAF.

City, Columbus; State, Ga.; Airport Name, Lawson AAF; Elev., 232′; Fac. Class., VOR; Ident., LSF; Procedure No. TerVOR-14, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62

CSG VOR	Willett Int*	Direct	2000	T-dn C-dn S-dn-20 A-dn	300–1 600–1½ 600–1 800–2	300–1 600–1½ 600–1 800–2	200–½ 600–1½ 600–1½ 800–2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn W side of crs, 019° Outbnd, 199° Inbnd, 2000′ within 10 miles of Willett Int.*
Minimum altitude over Willett Int* on final approach crs, 1800′.
Course and distance, Willett Int* to Runway 20, 199°—6.0 mi.
Course and distance, breakoff point to Runway 20, 202°—0.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile of LSF VOR, climb to 1600′ on R-205 LSF VOR within 15 miles.
NOTES: (1) Authorized for military use only except by prior arrangement. (2) This procedure to be utilized only by aircraft having two operating VOR receivers.
CAUTION: Tower 1049′ MSL 8 miles N of airport. Jump towers 580′ MSL 1½ miles NE, R-3002 E and SE of Lawson AAF.
*Willett Int: Int R-019 LSF and R-159 CSG.

City, Columbus; State, Ga.; Airport Name, Lawson AAF; Elev., 232′; Fac. Class., VOR; Ident., LSF; Procedure No. TerVOR-20, Amdt. Orig.; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62

ADF STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Covert Int*----------	ITH-VOR (Final)----------	Direct----------	1600	T-dn#----------	300-1	300-1	NA
				C-dn----------	500-1	500-1	NA
				S-dn-14----------	500-1	500-1	NA
				A-dn##----------	NA	NA	NA

Procedure turn W side of crs, 315° Outbnd, 135° Inbnd, 2500′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1600′.
VOR on airport. Breakoff point to approach end of runway, 142°—1.0 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile after passing Ithaca VOR, make an immediate right climbing turn, climb to 3500′ on Ithaca VOR R-315 within 10 miles. Then return to Ithaca VOR at 3500′, hold NW 1-minute right turns, inbnd crs 135°.
CAUTION: High terrain and radio tower 2112′ MSL 3 miles SE of airport.
NOTE: No tower communications at airport. Contact Elmira, N.Y., approach control for clearance. Weather available through Elmira approach control 0600-2100 EST Monday through Saturday, 0900-2300 Sunday.
*Int Ithaca VOR R-315 and Watkins Glen VOR R-039.
#Make a right turn after takeoff on Runway 14, climb on Ithaca VOR R-236 until reaching MEA.
##Alternate weather minimums of 800-2 authorized for those having an approved arrangement for weather service at the airport.

City, Ithaca; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Tompkins County; Elev., 1094′; Fac. Class., BVOR; Ident., ITH; Procedure No. TerVOR-14, Amdt. 2; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 23 June 62

Case Int#----------	OLM-VOR (Final)----------	Direct----------	2000	T-d----------	300-1	300-1	200-½
Bayside Int----------	OLM-VOR----------	Direct----------	2000	C-dn----------	900-1	900-1	900-1½
				S-dn----------	NA	NA	NA
				A-dn----------	900-2	900-2	900-2
				If aircraft equipped with VOR and ADF receivers, and Budd Int% identified, the following minimums* apply:			
				C-dn----------	700-1	700-1	700-1½
				S-dn-17*----------	600-1	600-1	600-1
				A-dn----------	800-2	800-2	800-2

Procedure turn W side of crs, 345° Outbnd, 165° Inbnd, 2000′ within 10 miles.
Minimum altitude over Budd Int% on final approach crs, 1100′; over OLM VOR 800′.
Crs and distance, Budd Int% to airport 165°—6.0 mi, OLM VOR on airport.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile, climb to 2000′ on R-172 within 10 miles; or when directed by ATC, turn left, climb to 2000′ on R-345 within 10 miles.
CAUTION: Restricted area 4.7 mi E of airport.
Other change: Deletes transition from Rosedale Int.
*Descent below 1100′ MSL NA until passed Budd Int.%
%Budd Int: Int R-345 OLM VOR and 076° M brng to TM LFR.
#Case Int: Int R-345 OLM VOR and R-225 SEA VOR.

City, Olympia; State, Wash.; Airport Name, Olympia Municipal; Elev., 205′; Fac. Class., L-BVOR-DME; Ident., OLM; Procedure No. TerVOR-17, Amdt. 3; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 2; Dated, 28 Oct. 61

5. The very high frequency omnirange-distance measuring equipment (VOR/DME) procedures prescribed in § 609.300 are amended to read in part:

VOR-DME STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.
If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
25 mi fix R-112----------	20 mi fix R-112----------	Direct----------	4000	T-dn----------	300-1	300-1	*200-½
20 mi fix R-112----------	10 mi fix R-112----------	Direct----------	3000	C-dn----------	600-1	600-1	600-1½
10 mi fix R-112----------	5 mi fix R-112----------	Direct----------	2000	A-dn----------	800-2	800-2	800-2
5 mi fix R-112----------	Albany VOR R-112 (Final)----------	Direct----------	900				

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
No procedure turn—final approach crs 292° Inbnd.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 900′.
Facility on airport.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile, climb to 2000′ on R 297 within 10 mi; 3000′ within 15 mi.
*300-1 required on Runways 10, 28, 15, and 33.

City, Albany; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Albany-County; Elev., 288′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., ALB; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 28 Jan. 56

18 mi fix R-136----------	10 mi fix R136----------	Direct----------	3000	T-dn----------	300-1	300-1	*200-½
10 mi fix R-136----------	5 mi fix R136----------	Direct----------	1500	c-dn----------	600-1	600-1	600-1½
5 mi fix R-136----------	Albany VOR R136 (Final)----------	Direct----------	900	A-dn----------	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
No procedure turn—final approach crs, 316° Inbnd.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs 316° Inbnd.
Facility on airport.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile, turn right, climb to 3000′ on R 015 within 15 mi.
*300-1 required on Runways 15, 33, 10, and 28.

City, Albany; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Albany-County; Elev., 288′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., ALB; Procedure No. 2, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 28 Jan. 56

VOR–DME STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
20 mi fix R–265	10 mi fix R–265	Direct	3000	T–dn	300–1	300–1	*200–½
10 mi fix R–265	6 mi fix R–265	Direct	2000	C–dn	700–1	700–1	700–1½
6 mi fix R–265	Albany VOR R–265 (Final)	Direct	1000	A–dn	800–2	800–2	800–2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
No procedure turn—final approach crs 085° Inbnd.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1000′.
Facility on airport.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile turn left, climb to 3000′ on R015 within 15 mi.
CAUTION: 700′ radio towers on final 2½ miles SW of airport.
*300–1 required on Runways 10, 28, 15, and 33.

City, Albany; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Albany-County; Elev., 288′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., ALB; Procedure No. 3, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 28 Jan. 56

12 mi fix R–297	7 mi fix R–297	Direct	2000	T–dn	300–1	300–1	*200–½
7 mi fix R–297	Albany VOR R–297 (Final)	Direct	1000	C–dn	700–1	700–1	700–1½
				A–dn	800–2	800–2	800–2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
No procedure turn. Final approach crs 117° Inbnd.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 1000′.
Facility on airport.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile, make a right climbing turn climb to 2000′ on R 297 within 10 mi, 3000′ within 15 mi.
CAUTION: 700′ radio towers to right of crs on final 2½ mi SW of airport.
*300–1 required for Runways 10, 28, 15, and 33.

City, Albany; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Albany-County; Elev., 288′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., ALB; Procedure No. 4, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 28 Jan. 56

				T–d	300–1	300–1	200–½
				C–d*	400–1	500–1	500–1½
				S–d–4*	400–1	400–1	400–1
				A–d	800–2	800–2	800–2

Procedure turn S side of crs, 225° Outbnd, 045° Inbnd, 1300′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 600′,#
Crs and distance, breakoff point to approach end of Runway 4, 040°—0.7 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile, turn left and climb to 1400′ on R–035 AMG-VOR within 20 miles.
NOTE: Air Carrier use NA.
#700′ msl and *500′ ceiling minimums if 4-mile DME fix not received on final.

City, Alma; State, Ga.; Airport Name, Alma; Elev., 200′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., AMG; Procedure No. VOR/DME–1, Amdt. 2; Eff. Date, 25 Aug 62; Sup. Amdt. No. TerVOR–4, Amdt. 1; Dated, 16 June 62

				T–d	300–1	300–1	200–½
				C–d*	400–1	500–1	500–1½
				S–d–22*	400–1	400–1	400–1
				A–d	800–2	800–2	800–2

Procedure turn W side of crs, 036° Outbnd, 216° Inbnd, 1400′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude over facility on final approach crs, 600′,#
Crs and distance, breakoff point to approach end of Runway 22, 220°—0.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 0.0 mile, climb to 1300′ on R–216 within 20 mi.
NOTE: Air Carrier use NA.
#800′ msl and *600′ ceiling minimums if 4-mile DME fix not received on final.

City, Alma; State, Ga.; Airport Name, Alma; Elev., 200′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., AMG; Procedure No. VOR/DME–2, Amdt. 2; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. TerVOR–22, Amdt. 1; Dated, 16 June 62

20-mile DME Fix R–078	16-mile DME Fix R–078	Direct	7000	T–dn*	300–1	300–1	200–½
16-mile DME Fix R–078	10-mile DME Fix R–078	Direct	5300	C–dn	400–1	500–1	500–1½
10-mile DME Fix R–078	4.6-mile DME Fix R–078	Direct	4000	S–dn–27	400–1	400–1	400–1
				A–dn	800–2	800–2	800–2

Procedure turn N side of crs, 078° Outbnd, 258° Inbnd, 5300′ between 6 miles and 16 miles.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished at 4.6-mile DME fix R–078, climb to 5300′ on R–250 within 10 miles.
NOTE: When authorized by ATC, DME may be used within 20 miles at 7000′ to position aircraft for straight-in approach with the elimination of procedure turn.
*Takeoff below 300–1 prohibited on all runways except 9–27.

City, Billings; State, Mont.; Airport Name, Logan Field; Elev., 3606′; Fac. Class., BVORTAC; Ident., BIL; Procedure No. VOR/DME–2, Amdt. 2; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 11 Aug. 62

6. The instrument landing system procedures prescribed in § 609.400 are amended to read in part:

ILS STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet, MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.

If an instrument approach procedure of the above type is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument approach procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitudes shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
Albany VOR	LOM	Direct	1800	T-dn	300–1	300–1	200–½
Round Lake	LOM (Final)	Direct	1600	C-dn	500–1	600–1	600–1½
Saratoga Springs FM	LOM	Direct	1800	S-dn-19*	300–¾	300–¾	300–¾
				A-dn	600–2	600–2	600–2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn W side N crs, 011° Outbnd, 191° Inbnd, 1800′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude at glide slope int, inbnd: 1600′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM—1536′—3.8 mi; at MM—492′—0.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, climb to 3000′ on S crs ILS and proceed to the Greenbush Int or, when directed by ATC, climb to 1000′ on S crs ILS, make a right climbing turn and proceed out W crs Albany LFR at 3000′.
AIR CARRIER NOTE: 300–1 required for all takeoffs on Runways 10, 28, 15, and 33.
Other changes: Deletes transitions from Albany LFR and Schenectady FM.
*400–¾ required when glide slope is inoperative.

City, Albany; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Albany-County; Elev., 288′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I–ALB; Procedure No. ILS–19, Amdt. 5; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 4; Dated, 10 Mar. 62

Bismarck LFR	LOM	Direct	3300	T-dn	300–1	300–1	*200–½
Bismarck VOR	LOM	Direct	3300	C-d	400–1	500–1	500–1½
Lincoln INT**	LOM	Direct	3300	C-n	400–1½	500–1½	500–1½
Bell Int***	LOM	Direct	3300	S-dn-30	200–½	200–½	200–½
				A-dn	600–2	600–2	600–2

Procedure turn E side SE crs, 126° Outbnd, 306° Inbnd, 3300′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude at glide slope int inbnd, 2800′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM 2770′—3.7 mi, at MM 1868′—0.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, climb to 3800′ on W crs BK–LFR or to 3800′ on R–262 BIS–VOR within 20 miles or, when directed by ATC, make right climbing turn to 3800′ on R–336 BIS–VOR within 20 miles.
CAUTION: Radio towers: 1756′ 0.5 mi S of airport, 2145′ 2.4 mi N, 1848′ 3.0 mi W, 2317′ 8.1 mi NW, 2413′ 9.2 mi NE, and 3121′ 11 mi SSE.
*300–1 required on Runways 2, 20, 35, and 17.
**Lincoln Int: W crs BK–LFR and SE crs ILS.
***Bell Int: BIS VOR R–117 and 072° brng from LOM.

City, Bismarck; State, N. Dak.; Airport Name, Municipal; Elev., 1653′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I–BIS; Procedure No. ILS–30, Amdt. 12; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 11; Dated, 19 May 62

Cold Bay LFR	CDB–LOM	Direct	1600	T-dn	300–1	300–1	200–½
				C-dn-26, 32*	500–1	500–1½	500–1½
				C-d-8	800–2	800–2	800–2
				C-n-8	NA	NA	NA
				S-dn-14*	300–¾	300–¾	300–¾
				A-dn-14, 26, 32	600–2	600–2	600–2
				A-d-8	1000–2	1000–2	1000–2

Procedure turn E side of crs, 322° Outbnd, 142° Inbnd, 1600′ within 10 mi. Nonstandard due to terrain 1700′ W of crs.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 1548′—5.4 mi; at MM, 284′—0.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, turn left, climb to 2700′ on N crs of ILS within 20 miles or, when directed by ATC, turn left, climb to 2700′ on N crs 321° Cold Bay LFR.
CAUTION: Circling to Runways 26 and 32 will be accomplished east of airport. Mount Simon 960′ msl 2.4 mi west of airport.
NOTE: Approach lights unsatisfactory as ILS component due to light lane terminating 3000′ from approach end of runway.
#Nonstandard turn due to high terrain 1700′ MSL, located W of course.
*Circling to Runways 26 and 32 to be accomplished east of airport. High terrain 960′, MSL, 2.4 mi W.
**If glide slope inoperative, minimums become 300–1. Descent below 500′ on final approach NA until past CO LFR, if CO LFR not received descent below 500′ not authorized.

City, Cold Bay; State, Alaska; Airport Name, Cold Bay; Elev., 94′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I–CDB; Procedure No. ILS–14, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 9 July 60

Cincinnati VOR	LOM	Direct	2000	T-dn	300–1	300–1	200–½
New Baltimore Int	LOM	Direct	2300	C-dn	400–1	500–1	500–1½
Cincinnati LFR	LOM	Direct	2700	S-dn-36#*	200–½	200–½	200–½
Dry Ridge Int	Union Int	Direct	2200	A-dn	600–2	600–2	600–2
Union Int	LOM	Direct	2000				

Radar transitions and vectoring authorized in accordance with approved radar patterns.
Procedure turn E side of crs, 180° Outbnd, 360° Inbnd, 2000′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude at glide slope int inbnd, 2000′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 1831′—3.4 mi; at MM 1069′—0.5 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, climb to 2300′ on crs 360° to the New Baltimore Int. Hold North 1-minute right turns, 186° Inbnd, 006° Outbnd.
CAUTION: #Glide slope point of touchdown approximately 1750′ in from approach end of runway.
Major change: Deletes transition from Grants Lick Int.
*400–¾ required with glide slope inoperative.

City, Covington; State, Ky.; Airport Name, Greater Cincinnati; Elev., 890′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I–CVG; Procedure No. ILS–36, Amdt. 16; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 15; Dated, 7 July 62

ILS STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
DEN VOR	LOM	Direct	7000	T-dn##	300-1	300-1	200-½
Westminister Int	LOM	Direct	7000	C-dn	#400-1	500-1	500-1¼
Aurora "H"	LOM	Direct	7000	S-dn-26L%*	200-½	200-½	200-½
Strasburg Int	LOM	Direct	7000	A-dn	600-2	600-2	600-2
Kiowa VOR	Watkins Int	Direct	7500				
Watkins Int	LOM (Final)	Direct	7000				
Bennett Int	LOM	Direct	7000				
Titan Int	LOM	Direct	7000				
Parker Int	LOM	Direct	7700				

Radar transitions and vectoring using Denver Radar authorized in accordance with approved radar patterns.
Procedure turn N side E crs, 7000′ within 10 miles, 076° Outbnd, 256° Inbnd.
Minimum altitude at glide slope int inbnd, 7000′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 6974′—5.5 mi; at MM, 5551′—0.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, turn right, climbing to 6500′ direct to DEN-VOR or, when directed by ATC, turn right and climb to 7000′ on N crs DN-LFR within 20 miles.
NOTE: Aircraft executing missed approach may be radar controlled after being reidentified.
CAUTION: 5570′ msl tank 0.8 mi SE of MM, 5521′ tower 1.5 mi S of airport.
NOTE: Narrow localizer course—4°.
#500-1 required for circling south of airport due to 5579′ MSL tank 0.8 mi SE of MM, 5521′ tower 1.5 mi south of airport.
*400-1 required when glide slope not used.
%Runway Visual Range 2600′ also authorized for landing on Runway 26L; provided that all components of the ILS, high intensity runway lights, approach lights, condenser-discharge flashers, middle and outer compass locators and all related airborne equipment are operating satisfactorily. Descent below 5531′ msl shall not be made unless visual contact with the approach lights has been established or the aircraft is clear of clouds.
##Runway Visual Range 2600′ also authorized for takeoff on Runway 26L in lieu of 200-½ when 200-½ is authorized; provided that high intensity runway lights are operational.

City, Denver; State, Colo; Airport Name, Stapleton Airfield; Elev., 5331′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-DEN; Procedure No. ILS-26L, Amdt. 27; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 26; Dated, 16 June 62

Riverhead VOR	LMM	Direct	1700	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	500-1	600-1	600-1¼
				S-dn-6	200-½	200-½	200-½
				A-dn	600-2	600-2	600-2

Procedure turn S side SW crs, 237° Outbnd, 057° Inbnd, 1700′ within 10 mi of OM.
Minimum altitude at glide slope int inbnd, 1700′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM 1655′—5.3 mi; at MM 310′—0.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, make right climbing turn as soon as practical to 1700′ returning to ILS LMM, and hold SW, 1-minute right turns, inbnd 057°.
NOTE: Runway 10-28 closed nights.

City, Islip; State, N.Y.: Airport Name, MacArthur Field; Elev., 98′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-ISL; Procedure No. ILS-6, Amdt. 6; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 5, ILS portion Comb. ADF and ILS; Dated, 19 Oct. 57

LAN VOR	Grand Ledge Int#	Direct	2000	T-dn	300-1	300-1	200-½
LAN LFR	Grand Ledge Int#	Direct	2200	C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1¼
Int W crs LAN ILS and LAN R-297	Grand Ledge Int# (Final)	Direct	2100	S-dn-9	400-1	400-1	400-1
LAN LOM	Grand Ledge Int#	Direct	2400	A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2
St. Johns Int	Grand Ledge Int#	LAN R-031 and W crs ILS.	2100				
Eagle Int*	Grand Ledge Int# (Final)	Direct	2100				

Procedure turn S side W crs, 273° Outbnd, 093° Inbnd, 2100′ within 10 miles.
No glide slope, altitude over Grand Ledge Int,# 2100′.
No Outer Marker; no Middle Marker, crs and distance to approach end of runway, 093°—4.3 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished within 4.3 miles after passing Grand Ledge Int, climb to 2400′ on E crs ILS, proceed to LOM or, when directed by ATC, make left turn climbing to 2200′ and proceed to St. Johns Int via LAN VOR R-031.
NOTE: Procedure NA unless aircraft equipped to receive ILS and VOR simultaneously.
*Eagle Int: Int W crs LAN ILS and LAN VOR R-321.
#Grand Ledge Int: Int W crs LAN ILS and R-360 LAN.

City, Lansing; State, Mich.; Airport Name, Capital City; Elev., 858′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-LAN; Procedure No. ILS-9, Amdt. 3; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 2; Dated, 7 Dec. 57

Montgomery VOR	LOM	Direct	1500	T-dn##	300-1	300-1	200-½
Catoma Int	LOM	Direct	1700	C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1¼
Benton Int	LOM (Final)	Direct	1700	S-dn-9#*	200-½	200-½	200-½
Calhoun Int	LOM	Direct	1500	A-dn	600-2	600-2	600-2
Swift Creek Int	LOM	Direct	1500				
Sellers Int	LOM	Direct	2500				

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn S side W crs, 273° Outbnd, 093° Inbnd, 1700′ within 10 mi. Beyond 10 mi NA.
Minimum altitude at glide slope int inbnd, 1700′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 1700′—5.1 mi; at MM, 435′—0.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished turn right, climb to 1800′ on R-127 MGM-VOR within 20 mi or, when directed by ATC, climb to 2000′ on E crs ILS within 20 miles.
CAUTION: Tower 987′ MSL, 8 mi E.
*400-¾ required when glide slope not used.
#Runway visual range 2600′ also authorized for landing on Runway 9; provided, that all components of the ILS, high intensity runway lights, approach lights, condenser discharge flashers, middle and out compass locators and all related airborne equipment are in satisfactory operating condition. Descent below 421′ shall not be made unless visual contact with the approach lights has been established or the aircraft is clear of clouds.
##Runway visual range 2600′ also authorized for takeoff on Runway 9 in lieu of 200-½ when 200-½ authorized providing high-intensity runway lights are operational.

City, Montgomery; State, Ala.; Airport Name, Dannelly Field; Elev., 221′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I-MGM; Procedure No. ILS-9, Amdt. 9; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 8; Dated, 7 Jan. 61

ILS STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
ORL-VOR	LOM	Direct	1700	T-dn	300–1	300–1	200–½
				C-dn	#400–1	500–1	500–1½
				S-dn–7*	200–½	200–½	200–½
				A-dn	600–2	600–2	600–2

Radar vectoring authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn S side of crs, 246° Outbnd, 066° Inbnd, 1900′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude at glide slope interception inbnd, 1900′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 1825′—5.4 mi; at MM, 326′—0.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, turn right, climb to 1300′ on R–098 ORL–VOR within 20 miles.
*500–¾ required with glide slope inoperative.
#500–1 required with glide slope inoperative.

City, Orlando; State, Fla.; Airport Name, Orlando Municipal (Herndon); Elev., 113′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I–ORL; Procedure No. ILS–7, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.: Dated, 19 May 2

Sioux Falls LFR	LOM	Direct	2700	T-dn*	300–1	300–1	200–½
Sioux Falls VOR	LOM	Direct	2700	C-dn	500–1	500–1	500–1½
Int NE crs FD–LFR and NE crs ILS	LOM	Direct	2700	S-dn–3#	200–½	200–½	200–½
Int SE crs FD–LFR and SW crs ILS	LOM	Direct	2700	A-dn	600–2	600–2	600–2
Int LOM 295° brng and FSD–VOR R–160	LOM	Direct	2700				
Int LOM 087° brng and FSD–VOR R–222	LOM	Direct	2700				
17 mi DME fix on SW crs of the localizer	LOM (Final)	Direct	2600				

Procedure turn S side SW crs 206° Outbnd, 026° Inbnd, 2700′ within 10 mi.
Minimum altitude at glide slope int inbnd, 2600′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at OM, 2540′—3.8 mi; at MM, 1626′—0.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, climb to 2800′ on NE crs of ILS within 20 mi.
CAUTION: Tower 1640′ MSL 1.5 mi NE LOM.
NOTE: When authorized by ATC, FSD DME may be used to position aircraft on localizer course at 3400′ between radial 145° clockwise to 300° via 17-mile DME arc with the elimination of procedure turn.
*300–1 required for takeoff Runway 15.
#500–1 with glide slope inoperative. 400–¾ authorized if the 168° radial of the FSD VOR** or the SE crs of FD–LFR identified on final.
**Aircraft must be equipped to receive ILS and VOR simultaneously.

City, Sioux Falls; State, S. Dak.; Airport Name, Foss Field; Elev., 1426′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., IFSD; Procedure No. ILS–3, Amdt. 5; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 4; Dated, 28 Jan. 61

				T-dn	300–1	300–1	200–½
				C-dn	400–1	500–1	500–1½
				S-dn–33*	200–½	200–½	200–½
				A-dn	600–2	600–2	600–2

Radar vectoring and transitions by Griffiss RAPCON authorized in accordance with approved patterns.
Procedure turn E side SE crs, 149° Outbnd, 329° Inbnd, 3000′ within 10 mi of Utica RBn.
Minimum altitude at glide slope int inbnd 3000′.
Altitude of glide slope and distance to approach end of runway at Utica RBn 3000′—7.3 mi; OM 1925′—3.8 mi; MM 935′**—0.6 mi.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished, make left climbing turn returning to Utica RBn at 3000′. Hold SE Utica RBn, 1-minute right turns, 329° Inbnd.
NOTE: Approaches may be conducted with Utica RBn inoperative provided OM is identified prior to executing procedure turn and glide slope is utilized.
*400–¾ with glide slope inoperative. Minimum altitude over OM with glide slope inoperative, 1340′ msl.

City, Utica; State, N.Y.; Airport Name, Oneida County; Elev., 742′; Fac. Class., ILS; Ident., I–UCA; Procedure No. ILS–33, Amdt. 4; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 3; Dated, 7 Apr. 62

7. The radar procedures prescribed in § 609.500 are amended to read in part:

RADAR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE

Bearings, headings, courses and radials are magnetic. Elevations and altitudes are in feet, MSL. Ceilings are in feet above airport elevation. Distances are in nautical miles unless otherwise indicated, except visibilities which are in statute miles.
If a radar instrument approach is conducted at the below named airport, it shall be in accordance with the following instrument procedure, unless an approach is conducted in accordance with a different procedure for such airport authorized by the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Agency. Initial approaches shall be made over specified routes. Minimum altitude(s) shall correspond with those established for en route operation in the particular area or as set forth below. Positive identification must be established with the radar controller. From initial contact with radar to final authorized landing minimums, the instructions of the radar controller are mandatory except when (A) visual contact is established on final approach at or before descent to the authorized landing minimums, or (B) at pilot's discretion if it appears desirable to discontinue the approach, except when the radar controller may direct otherwise prior to final approach, a missed approach shall be executed as provided below when (A) communication on final approach is lost for more than 5 seconds during a precision approach, or for more than 30 seconds during a surveillance approach; (B) directed by radar controller; (C) visual contact is not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums; or (D) if landing is not accomplished.

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
050°	030°	Within:		Surveillance approach			
All sectors		20 mi	1500				
		10 mi	1500	T-dn*	300–1	300–1	200–½
				C-dn*	400–1	500–1	500–1½
				S-dn*	400–1	400–1	400–1
				A-dn*	800–2	800–2	800–2
				Precision approach			
				S-dn–13	200–½	200–½	200–½
				S-dn–4, 31	300–¾	300–¾	300–¾
				A-dn–13,4,31	600–2	600–2	600–2

Radar terminal area transition altitudes—all bearings from the radar site with sector azimuths progressing clockwise.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished—
Runways 4 and 13: Make a left climbing turn to 1500′ on CYN VOR R–213 to Nesco Int, hold East, 1-minute left turns, inbnd crs 284°. Runways 31 and 22: Make right climbing turn to 1500′ on CYN VOR R–213 to Nesco Int, hold East, 1-minute left turns, inbnd crs 284°.
CAUTION: Radar tower 226′ msl 0.7 mi SW Runway 4.
*Runways 13, 4, 31, and 22.

City, Atlantic City; State, N.J.; Airport Name, National Aviation Facilities Experimental Center; Elev., 76′; Fac. Class. and Ident., Atlantic City Radar; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 2; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 1; Dated, 17 Feb. 62

RADAR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
		Within:		Surveillance approach			
000°	175°	40 mi	9000				
175°	360°	40 mi	16500	T-dn-A11	300-1	300-1	200-½
175°	360°	20 mi	10500	C-dn-8R, 35, 26L, 30	*500-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-8R, 35, 26L, 30	*500-1	500-1	500-1
				A-dn-A11	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar transitions and vectoring utilizing Denver Radar authorized in accordance with approved radar patterns.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished—
Runway 17, 12: (right turn Runway 12) climb to 8000′ on S crs DN LFR within 20 mi or, when directed by ATC, (1) climb to 7000′ direct to LOM within 10 miles, (2) climb to 8000′ on R-169 DEN VOR within 20 mi. Runways 30, 35, 8R: (left turn Runway 8R) climb to 6600′ on N Crs DN LFR within 20 mi or, when directed by ATC (1) climb to 6600′ on E crs DN LFR within 20 mi,, (2) climb to 6500′, proceed direct to DEN VOR. Runway 26L: turn right, climb to 6600′ on N Crs DN LFR within 20 mi or,, when directed by ATC, (1) turn right, climb to 6600′ on E crs DN LFR within 20 mi, (2) turn right, proceed direct to DEN VOR, climbing to 6500′.
CAUTION: 5570′ MSL tank 8 mi SE of MM; 5521′ MSL S of field.
*400-1 for Runways 12 and 17. 500-1 required for circling south of airport due to 5579′ MSL tank 0.8 mi SE of MM, 5521′ tower 1.5 mi S of airport.

City, Denver; State, Colo.; Airport Name, Stapleton Airfield; Elev., 5331′; Fac. Class. and Ident., Denver Radar; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 21 Apr. 56

247°	113°	0-20 mi	*2200	Surveillance approach			
113°	147°	0-20 mi	2100				
147°	247°	0-20 mi	**2000	T-dn-A11	300-1	300-1	200-½
All bearings are from radar site with sector azimuths progressing clockwise.				C-dn-22#	500-1	500-1	500-1½
				C-dn-4, 13, 9, 27, 31	400-1	500-1	500-1½
				S-dn-22#	500-1	500-1	500-1
				S-dn-4, 13, 9, 27, 31	400-1	400-1	400-1
				A-dn-4, 13, 9, 27, 31, 22	800-2	800-2	800-2

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished climb straight ahead to 2600′ and proceed via the FWA-VOR R-091 to Monroe Int or, when directed by ATC, climb straight ahead to 2600′ and proceed via the FWA-VOR R-218 to Rock Creek Int.
NOTE: Aircraft executing missed approach may, after being reidentified, be radar controlled.
#CAUTION: Do not descend below 1500′ MSL until radar advises passing Radar fix 3.0 mi from end of Runway 22 due to 1155′ tower 3.8 mi NE.
*2600′ within 3 mi of 1649′ MSL tower 6.6 mi N.
**2100′ within 3 mi of 1067′ MSL tower 22 mi SW.

City, Fort Wayne; State, Ind.; Airport Name, Baer Field; Elev., 801′; Fac. Class. and Indent., Fort Wayne Radar; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 8 Apr. 61

Radar terminal area maneuvering sectors and altitudes														Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From	To	Dist.	Alt.	Dist.	Alt.	Dist.	Alt.	Dist.	Alt.	Dist.	Alt.	Dist.	Alt.	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
															65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
														Surveillance approach			
340	045	30 mi	9000														
045	100	30 mi	7000														
100	280	30 mi	3500											T-dn*	300-1	300-1	200-½
280	340	30 mi	6000											C-dn	500-1	600-1	600-2
														S-dn#	500-1	500-1	500-1
														A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar transitions and vectoring utilizing Long Beach Radar authorized in accordance with approved radar patterns and sector altitudes.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished climb to 800′ msl, then proceed to San Pedro Int continuing climb to minimum of 2500′.
CAUTION: Circling minimums do not provide clearance over 500′ hill 1 mile south of airport. All circling and maneuvering shall be accomplished north of field.
*300-1 required for takeoff Runways 16L, 25L, and 34R; 600-1½ required for takeoff Runway 16R.
#Runways 7L, 25R, 16R, 30, and 12.

City, Long Beach; State, Calif.; Airport Name, Long Beach; Elev., 58′; Fac. Class. and Ident., Long Beach Radar; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 3; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 2; Dated, 24 June 61

Transition				Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From—	To—	Course and distance	Minimum altitude (feet)	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
					65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
		Within:		Surveillance approach			
000°	200°	30 mi	5000				
200°	360°	30 mi	4000	T-dn*	300-1	300-1	200-½
				C-dn	500-1	600-1	600-1½
				S-dn-29	400-1	400-1	400-1
				S-dn-27R/9L	500-1	500-1	500-1
				A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

Radar Transitions and vectoring utilizing Oakland Radar authorized in accordance with approved radar patterns and sector altitudes.
If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished—
Runway 27R/9L climb to 2000′ in a 1-minute holding pattern on R-300 OAK VOR (120° inbnd, 300° outbnd), all turns W of crs; Runway 29 climb to 1000′ on Mag heading 293°, then proceed direct to OAK VOR climbing to 2000′ in a 1-minute holding pattern on R-300 (120° Inbnd, 300° Outbnd).
*300-1 required Runway 33.

City, Oakland; State, Calif.; Airport Name, International; Elev., 5′; Fac. Class., OAK; Ident., Radar; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 5; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. 4; Dated, 18 Nov. 61

RADAR STANDARD INSTRUMENT APPROACH PROCEDURE—Continued

Radar terminal area maneuvering sectors and altitudes														Ceiling and visibility minimums			
From	To	Dist.	Alt.	Dist.	Alt.	Dist.	Alt.	Dist.	Alt.	Dist.	Alt.	Dist.	Alt.	Condition	2-engine or less		More than 2-engine, more than 65 knots
															65 knots or less	More than 65 knots	
360	015	30 mi	2000												Surveillance approach		
015	035	30 mi	2100														
*035	200	30 mi	2000											T-dn	300-1	300-1	#200-1½
**200	360	30 mi	2300											C-dn	400-1	500-1	500-1½
														S-dn-26	500-1	500-1	500-1
														S-dn 17L and 35R	400-1	400-1	400-1
														A-dn	800-2	800-2	800-2

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished—
Runway 26: Turn right and climb to 2400′ on R-288 TUL-VOR within 10 mi or, when directed by ATC, turn left and climb to 2400′ on R-236 TUL-VOR.
Runway 35R: Climb to 1900′ on heading 354° (TUL ILS) within 10 mi or, when directed by ATC, turn right and climb to 2000′ on R-035 TUL-VOR within 10 mi.
Runway 17L: Climb to 2200′ on heading 174° (TUL ILS) within 10 mi or, when directed by ATC, climb to 2200′ on R-113 TUL-VOR within 10 mi.
#300-1 required on Runway 3L, 17R, 35L.
*Radar control will provide 1000′ vertical clearance within a 3-mile radius or 500′ vertical clearance within 3- to 5-mile (inclusive) radius of TV/radio towers 19.5 mi SSE 1710′ MSL, and 5 mi SE 1218′ MSL (KVOO).
**Radar control will provide 1000′ vertical clearance within a 3-mile radius or 500′ vertical clearance within 3- to 5-mile (inclusive) radius of TV/radio towers 9.9 mi W 2147′ MSL and 8 mi SW 1440′ MSL.

City, Tulsa; State, Okla.; Airport Name, Tulsa Municipal; Elev., 674′; Fac. Class. and Ident., Tulsa Radar; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 1 July 61

070	210	20 mi	7600	15 mi	7100												
210	350	20 mi	4100	15 mi	3600										Surveillance approach		
350	070	20 mi	5100	15 mi	4600												
All quadrants						10 mi	*3500							T-dn#	600-1	600-1	600-1
														C-d-4, 10, 22	1000-1½	1000-1½	1000-2
														C-n-All	1300-2	1300-2	1300-2
														S-dn-4	1000-1½	1000-1½	1000-2
														S-dn-10	900-1½	900-1½	900-1½
														S-dn-22	800-1	800-1½	800-1½
														A-d-All	1200-2	1200-2	1200-2
														A-n-All	1600-3	1600-3	1600-3

If visual contact not established upon descent to authorized landing minimums or if landing not accomplished make an immediate right climbing turn (Runway 22), or left climbing turn (Runway 10) so as to intercept a course of 043° from the LMM. Climb to 3500′ on crs 043°, then make right turn, proceed direct to Wilkes-Barre VOR. Maintain 4000′. Hold East 1-minute right turns inbound course, 268°.
NOTE: High terrain to E, SE, and S of airport within 2.5 miles.
Major change: Deletes ASR approach to Runway 16.
#Takeoff minimums for Runways 10 and 16, 600-2 Day, 800-2 Night.
*Radar control will provide 1000′ vertical clearance within a 3-mile radius or 500′ vertical clearance within a 3- to 5-mile (inclusive) radius of tower approximately 2900′ msl 5.6 miles North of radar site.

City, Wilkes-Barre; State, Pa.; Airport Name, Wilkes-Barre-Scranton; Elev., 956′; Fac. Class. and Ident., Wilkes-Barre Radar; Procedure No. 1, Amdt. 1; Eff. Date, 25 Aug. 62; Sup. Amdt. No. Orig.; Dated, 14 July 62

These procedures shall become effective on the dates specified therein.

(Secs. 313(a), 307(c), 72 Stat. 752, 749; 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1348(c))

Issued in Washington, D.C., on July 19, 1962.

G. S. MOORE,
Acting Director, Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 62-7229; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:45 a.m.]

Title 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter I—Civil Service Commission

PART 6—EXCEPTIONS FROM THE COMPETITIVE SERVICE

Department of Agriculture

Effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER, subparagraph (4) of paragraph (e) of § 6.311 is revoked and subparagraph (8) is added to paragraph (e) as set out below.

§ 6.311 Department of Agriculture.

* * * * * * *

(e) *Foreign Agricultural Service.* * * *

(8) The Associate Administrator.

(R.S. 1753, sec. 2, 22 Stat. 403, as amended; 5 U.S.C. 631, 633)

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] MARY V. WENZEL,
Executive Assistant to the Commissioners.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8057; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:51 a.m.]

Title 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter IV—Commodity Credit Corporation, Department of Agriculture

SUBCHAPTER B—LOANS, PURCHASES, AND OTHER OPERATIONS

[1962 C.C.C. Grain Price Support Bulletin 1, Supp. 1, Grain Sorghums]

PART 421—GRAINS AND RELATED COMMODITIES

Subpart—1962-Crop Grain Sorghums Loan and Purchase Agreement Program

SUPPORT RATES; CORRECTION

In F.R. Doc. 62-6748 appearing at page 6463 of the issue for Tuesday, July 10, 1962, the following change is made:

In § 421.1412 (d)(1)(ii) the discount of 3 cents per hundredweight for "smutty" should be changed to 5 cents per hundredweight.

(Sec. 4, 62 Stat. 1070 as amended; 15 U.S.C. 714b. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 62 Stat. 1072, secs. 105, 401, 63 Stat. 1051, as amended; 15 U.S.C. 714c, 7 U.S.C. 1421, 1441)

Effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Signed at Washington, D.C., on August 8, 1962.

H. D. GODFREY,
Executive Vice President, Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8062; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:53 a.m.]

Title 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter III—Agricultural Research Service, Department of Agriculture

PART 354—OVERTIME SERVICES RELATING TO IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

Commuted Travel Time Allowances

Pursuant to the authority conferred upon the Director of the Plant Quarantine Division by § 354.1 of the regulations concerning overtime services relating to imports and exports, effective July 10, 1960 (7 CFR 354.1), administrative instructions (7 CFR 354.2) effective

April 29, 1961, as amended effective August 1, 1961, February 2, 1962, March 9, 1962, April 27, 1962 and June 21, 1962 (26 F.R. 3671, 6833, 27 F.R. 964, 2267, 4011, 5849), prescribing the commuted travel time that shall be included in each period of overtime duty are hereby amended by adding "Paine Field and Snohomish County Airport, Wash. (served from Seattle, Wash.)" to the "Two Hour" list therein.

These commuted travel time periods have been established as nearly as may be practicable to cover the time necessarily spent in reporting to and returning from the place at which the employee performs such overtime duty when such travel is performed solely on account of such overtime duty. Such establishment depends upon facts within the knowledge of the Plant Quarantine Division. It is to the benefit of the public that these instructions be made effective at the earliest practicable date. Accordingly, pursuant to the provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 1003), it is found upon good cause that notice and public procedure on these instructions are impracticable, unnecessary, and contrary to the public interest, and good cause is found for making these instructions effective less than thirty days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(64 Stat. 561; 5 U.S.C. 576)

This amendment shall become effective August 11, 1962.

[SEAL] G. F. CALLAGHAN,
Acting Director,
Plant Quarantine Division.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8060; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:52 a.m.]

Chapter VIII—Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service (Sugar), Department of Agriculture

SUBCHAPTER E—DETERMINATION OF SUGAR COMMERCIALLY RECOVERABLE

[Sugar Determination 831.4, Amdt. 4]

PART 831—BEET SUGAR AREA

1962 and Subsequent Crops

Correction

In F.R. Doc. 62-7887, appearing at page 7819 of the issue for Wednesday, August 8, 1962, in the amendment under item 2, the opening words of § 831.4(b) (3) should read as follows: "(3) In the case of sugarbeets of the 1962 and subsequent crops * * *".

Chapter IX—Agricultural Marketing Service (Marketing Agreements and Orders), Department of Agriculture

[Valencia Orange Reg. 25]

PART 908—VALENCIA ORANGES GROWN IN ARIZONA AND DESIGNATED PART OF CALIFORNIA

Limitation of Handling

§ 908.325 Valencia Orange Regulation 25.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement and Order No. 908, as amended (7 CFR Part 908), regulating the handling of Valencia oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674), and upon the basis of the recommendations and information submitted by the Valencia Orange Administrative Committee, established under the said marketing agreement and order, as amended, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of such Valencia oranges as hereinafter provided will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001-1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. The committee held an open meeting during the current week, after giving due notice thereof, to consider supply and market conditions for Valencia oranges and the need for regulation; interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit information and views at this meeting; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after such meeting was held; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such Valencia oranges; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period herein specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject hereto which cannot be completed on or before the effective date hereof. Such committee meeting was held on August 9, 1962.

(b) *Order.* (1) The respective quantities of Valencia oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., August 12, 1962, and ending at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., August 19, 1962, are hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: Unlimited movement;

(ii) District 2: 400,000 cartons;

(iii) District 3: Unlimited movement.

(2) As used in this section, "handled," "handler," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," and "carton" have the same meaning as when used in said marketing agreement and order, as amended.

(Secs. 1-19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601-674)

Dated: August 9, 1962.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8139; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 11:19 a.m.]

[Lemon Reg. 34]

PART 910—LEMONS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA

Limitation of Handling

§ 910.334 Lemon Regulation 34.

(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 910, as amended (7 CFR Part 910), regulating the handling of lemons grown in California and Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601-674), and upon the basis of the recommendation and information submitted by the Lemon Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of such lemons as hereinafter provided will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1001-1011) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. The committee held an open meeting during the current week, after giving due notice thereof, to consider supply and market conditions for lemons and the need for regulation; interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit information and views at this meeting; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after such meeting was held; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such lemons; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period herein specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject hereto which cannot be completed on or before the effective date

hereof. Such committee meeting was held on August 7, 1962.

(b) *Order.* (1) The respective quantities of lemons grown in California and Arizona which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., August 12, 1962, and ending at 12:01 a.m., P.s.t., August 19, 1962, are hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: Unlimited movement;

(ii) District 2: 325,500 cartons;

(iii) District 3: Unlimited movement.

(2) As used in this section, "handled," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," and "carton" have the same meaning as when used in the said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674)

Dated: August 8, 1962.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 62–8097; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:53 a.m.]

PART 949—IRISH POTATOES GROWN IN THE RED RIVER VALLEY OF NORTH DAKOTA AND MINNESOTA

Limitation of Shipments

Notice of rule making with respect to a proposed limitation of shipments regulation to be made effective under Marketing Agreement No. 135 and Order No. 949 (7 CFR Part 949), regulating the handling of Irish potatoes grown in the production area defined therein, was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER July 31, 1962 (27 F.R. 7501). This program is effective under the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 601–674).

The notice afforded interested persons an opportunity to file data, views, or arguments pertaining thereto within five days after publication. None was filed.

After consideration of all relevant matters, including the proposal set forth in the aforesaid notice, it is hereby found that the limitation of shipments regulation, as hereinafter set forth, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

It is hereby further found that good cause exists for not postponing the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER (5 U.S.C. 1003) in that (1) shipments of Irish potatoes grown in the production area are expected to begin on or about the effective date of this section, (2) more orderly marketing in the public interest than would otherwise prevail will be promoted by regulating the handling of potatoes in the manner set forth in this section, (3) compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of handlers which cannot be completed by the effective date, (4) reasonable time is permitted under the circumstances for such preparation, and (5) notice has been given of the proposed Limitation of Shipments set forth in this section through publicity in the production area and by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

§ 949.304 Limitation of shipments.

During the period of August 13, 1962, through June 30, 1963, no person shall handle any lot of potatoes unless such potatoes meet the requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section or unless such potatoes are handled in accordance with paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this section.

(a) *Minimum grade and size requirements*—(1) *Round varieties.* U.S. No. 2 or better grade, 2 inches minimum diameter.

(2) *Long varieties.* U.S. No. 2 or better grade, 2 inches minimum diameter, or 4 ounces minimum weight.

(3) *All varieties.* Size B, if U.S. No. 1, or better, grade.

(b) *Minimum maturity requirements.* All varieties: "Moderately skinned"—until November 1, 1962, when this requirement shall terminate.

(c) *Special purpose shipments; chipping.* (1) U.S. No. 2, or better grade, 2 inches minimum diameter; or if handled in compliance with the safeguard requirements of paragraph (e) of this section, U.S. No. 2, or better, grade, 1½ inches minimum diameter.

(2) Prior to September 22, 1962, shipments of round white varieties (Cobblers, Kennebecs, Cherokees, and similar types) and Early Ohios for potato chips failing to meet the maturity requirements of paragraph (b) of this section may be handled without regard to such maturity requirements.

(3) On and after September 22, 1962, with respect to round white varieties, and after the effective date hereof with respect to all other varieties, shipments for potato chips failing to meet the maturity requirements of paragraph (b) of this section may be handled without regard to such requirements if handlers thereof comply with the safeguard requirements of paragraph (e) of this section (*Safeguards*).

(d) *Exempted shipments.* The minimum grade, size, and maturity requirements set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section shall not be applicable to shipments of potatoes for any of the following purposes.

(1) Certified seed, if a copy of the applicable seed inspection certificate is furnished the committee.

(2) Canning or freezing, subject to compliance with the applicable provisions of paragraph (e) of this section (*Safeguards*).

(e) *Safeguards.* (1) Each handler making special purpose shipments authorized by paragraph (c) of this section requiring compliance with the provisions of this paragraph, and

(2) Each handler making special purpose shipments, other than seed, shall comply with the following safeguards:

(i) Prior to making shipment, apply for and obtain from the committee an approved Certificate of Privilege, pursuant to § 949.120;

(ii) Obtain inspection and pay assessments on such shipments, except shipments for canning or freezing;

(iii) Furnish the committee such reports and documents as requested, including certification by the buyer or receiver as to the use of such potatoes; and

(iv) Bill each shipment directly to the applicable processor or receiver.

(3) Compliance with the requirements of this section shall not excuse failure to comply with State laws or regulations requiring inspection of potatoes handled for canning or freezing and the payment of State assessments thereon.

(f) *Minimum quantities.* Pursuant to § 949.53, each handler may handle up to, but not to exceed, 30 hundredweight of tablestock potatoes, in the aggregate, per shipment free from requirements effective pursuant to § 949.42 (*Assessments*) and § 949.60 (*Inspection*). This exemption shall not apply to any portion of a shipment of over 30 hundredweight of such potatoes.

(g) *Inspection.* (1) No handler shall ship any potatoes for which inspection is required unless an appropriate inspection certificate has been issued with respect thereto and the certificate is valid at the time of shipment. For purposes of operation under this part it is hereby determined pursuant to paragraph (d) of § 949.60, that each inspection certificate for tablestock potatoes shall be valid for a period not to exceed 5 days, except that inspection certificates issued to registered handlers of potatoes for chipping (§ 949.140) on potatoes for special use as potato chips shall be valid for a period not to exceed 75 days. The valid period begins at the end of the day (midnight) on which inspection is completed as shown in the certificate.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (f) of this section (*minimum quantities*) of this section, no handler shall transport or cause the transportation of any shipment of tablestock potatoes by motor vehicle, unless such shipment is accompanied by a copy of the inspection certificate applicable thereto.

(h) *Definitions.* The terms "moderately skinned," "U.S. No. 1," "U.S. No. 2," and "Size B" shall have the same meaning as when used in the United States Standards for Potatoes (§§ 51.1540–51.1556 of this title), including the tolerances set forth therein. Other terms in this section shall have the same meaning as when used in Marketing Agreement No. 135 and this part.

(i) *Applicability to imports.* Pursuant to section 608e of the Act and § 980.1 of this chapter, "Import regulations", red skinned round type Irish potatoes, except certified seed potatoes, imported into the United States during the period October 1, 1962, through June 30, 1963, shall meet the grade, size, quality and maturity requirements specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section for such varieties.

(Secs. 1–19, 48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 601–674)

Effective date. Dated August 8, 1962, to become effective August 13, 1962.

PAUL A. NICHOLSON,
Deputy Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F.R. Doc. 62–8058; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:51 a.m.]

Title 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[Docket C–125]

PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

Art Craft Leather Goods

Subpart—Advertising falsely or misleadingly: § 13.30 *Composition of goods;* § 13.70 *Fictitious or misleading guarantees.* Subpart—Furnishing means and instrumentalities of misrepresentation or deception: § 13.1055 *Furnishing means and instrumentalities of misrepresentation or deception.* Subpart—Misbranding or mislabeling: § 13.1185 *Composition.*

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; 15 U.S.C. 45) [Cease and desist order, Max Kandler trading as Art Craft Leather Goods, New York, N.Y., Docket C–125, Apr. 26, 1962]

In the Matter of Max Kandler, an Individual Trading as Art Craft Leather Goods

Consent order requiring a New York City manufacturer of leather goods to cease misrepresenting his wallets and billfolds by describing them in promotional literature as "Genuine Top Grain Leather", "Hand Boarded English Morocco", and "Top Grain Cowhide" and stamping such legends on them when in fact the interior sections were made of non-leather materials or of other leather than that claimed; and to cease giving with such wallets a misleading statement of warranty.

The order to cease and desist, including order requiring report of compliance therewith, is as follows:

It is ordered, That respondent, Max Kandler, an individual trading and doing business as Art Craft Leather Goods, or under any other name or names, and respondent's representatives, agents, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale or distribution of wallets, leather goods, or any other articles of merchandise, in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Using the terms "Genuine Top Grain Leather", "Hand Boarded English Morocco", "Top Grain Cowhide", or any other words or terms of similar import or meaning to describe any of said products which are not made wholly of the kind of leather so stated and which contain non-leather parts having the appearance of leather or parts of leather other than the kind so stated without identifying such parts and revealing that such parts are not leather or are of a different kind of leather from that so stated. Said disclosure shall be clearly and conspicuously made in advertising and on or in immediate connection with such goods so as to remain affixed thereto until said products reach the ultimate purchaser.

2. Representing, directly or indirectly, that said products are guaranteed unless the nature and extent of the guarantee, the manner in which the guarantor will perform thereunder and the name and address of the guarantor are clearly and conspicuously disclosed and respondent does in fact fulfill all of his requirements under the terms of said guarantee.

3. Furnishing or otherwise placing in the hands of retailers or dealers in said products the means and instrumentalities by and through which they may mislead or deceive the public in the manner or as to the things hereinabove prohibited.

It is further ordered, That the respondent herein shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon him of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which he has complied with this order.

Issued: April 26, 1962.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 62–8042; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket C–124]

PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

Harry Aslan Co. et al.

Subpart—Combining or conspiring: § 13.430 *To enhance, maintain or unify prices.*

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interprets or applies sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; 15 U.S.C. 45) [Cease and desist order, Harry J. Aslan doing business as Harry Aslan Co. (Kingburg, Calif.) et al., Docket C–124, Apr. 25, 1962]

In the Matter of Harry J. Aslan, Individually and Doing Business as Harry Aslan Co.; L. W. Crosby, Individually and Doing Business as Del Rey Fruit Distributors; Giannini Fruit Sales, Inc., a Corporation; Chris Sorensen Packing Co., a Corporation; Edwin L. Barr, Sr., Edwin L. Barr, Jr., Merle Barr and Caroline Barr, Individually and as Co-Partners Doing Business as Barr Packing Company, a Partnership; Tennis H. Erickson, Individually and Doing Business as Erickson Packing Company; William P. Condry, H. Y. Hamilton and Samuel B. Randall, Individually and as Co-Partners Doing Business as Hall Packing Company, a Partnership; John B. Jorgensen, Sr., Individually and Doing Business as Jorgensen Farms; Jack Young, Individually and Doing Business as Youngstown Grape Distributors; Ballantine Produce Co., Inc., a Corporation; Bianco Packing Co., Inc., a Corporation; Mike Fierro and Vaughn Girazian, Individually and as Co-Partners Doing Business as G & F Fruit Distributors, a Partnership; and Floyd J. Harkness, Inc., a Corporation Doing Business as United Packing Co.

Consent order requiring 13 California shippers of white muscat juice grapes, used primarily for wine-making, in the Fresno area—their shipments and sales of which during the 1961 season represented more than half of all interstate carlot shipments made from California—to cease conspiring to fix and adhere to minimum prices for juice grapes, as they did at a series of meetings held beginning about mid-September of 1961, slightly prior to the shipping season, and continuing to early October.

The order to cease and desist, including order requiring report of compliance therewith, is as follows:

It is ordered, That respondents Harry J. Aslan, individually and doing business as Harry Aslan Co., L. W. Crosby, individually and doing business as Del Rey Fruit Distributors, Giannini Fruit Sales, Inc., its officers and directors, Chris Sorensen Packing Co., its officers and directors, Edwin L. Barr, Sr., Edwin L. Barr, Jr., Merle Barr and Caroline Barr, individually and as co-partners doing business as Barr Packing Company, Tennis H. Erickson, individually and doing business as Erickson Packing Company, William P. Condry, H. Y. Hamilton and Samuel B. Randall, individually and as co-partners doing business as Hall Packing Company, John B. Jorgensen, Sr., individually and doing business as Jorgensen Farms, Jack Young, individually and doing business as Youngstown Grape Distributors, Ballantine Produce Co., Inc., its officers and directors, Bianco Packing Co., Inc., its officers and directors, Mike Fierro and Vaughn Girazian, individually and as co-partners doing business as G & F Fruit Distributors, and Floyd J. Harkness, Inc., doing business as United Packing Co., its officers and directors, their respective successors and assigns, agents, representatives and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale or distribution in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, of juice grapes, do forthwith cease and desist from entering into or continuing, cooperating in or carrying out any planned and concerted course of action, understanding or agreement between any two or more of said respondents, or between any one or more of said respondents and others not parties hereto, to do or perform any of the following acts or things:

To establish, fix, or maintain the prices or level of prices, or the terms or conditions of shipment, sale or distribution of juice grapes.

It is further ordered, That the respondents herein shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

Issued: April 25, 1962.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 62–8043; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:48 a.m.]

[Docket 8418 c.o.]

PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

Dernburg-Singer Fur Co.

Subpart—Advertising falsely or misleadingly: § 13.15 *Business status, advantages, or connections:* § 13.15–275 *Stock, product or service;* § 13.30 *Composition of goods:* § 13.30–30 *Fur Products Labeling Act.* Subpart—Invoicing products falsely: § 13.1108 *Invoicing products falsely:* § 13.1108–45 *Fur Products Labeling Act.* Subpart—Neglecting, unfairly or deceptively, to make material disclosure: § 13.1845 *Composition:* § 13.1845–30 *Fur Products Labeling Act;* § 13.1865 *Manufacture or preparation:* § 13.1865–40 *Fur Products Labeling Act;* § 13.1900 *Source or origin:* § 13.1900–40 *Fur Products Labeling Act:* § 13.1900–40(b) *Place.*

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 6, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; sec. 8, 65 Stat. 179; 15 U.S.C. 45, 69f) [Cease and desist order, Irving Singer trading as Dernburg-Singer Fur Company, Chicago, Ill., Docket 8418, Apr. 26, 1962]

In the Matter of Irving Singer, an Individual Trading as Dernburg-Singer Fur Company

Consent order requiring a Chicago furrier to cease violating the Fur Products Labeling Act by invoicing and advertising which did not show the true animal name of the fur in a fur product and contained the names of other animals than those producing furs; by failing to show on invoices the country of origin of imported furs and to comply in other respects with invoicing requirements; and by failing to disclose in advertising when furs were dyed, and representing falsely that his stock was "Tremendous, every style, size and color on hand—ready for you" when he customarily filled orders by purchasing fur products from other wholesalers.

The order to cease and desist, including further order requiring report of compliance therewith, is as follows:

It is ordered, That Irving Singer, an individual trading as Dernburg-Singer Fur Company, or under any other trade name or names, and respondent's representatives, agents and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the introduction into commerce, or the sale, advertising or offering for sale, in commerce, or the transportation or distribution in commerce, of any fur product; or in connection with the sale, advertising, offering for sale, transportation or distribution of any fur product which is made in whole or in part of fur which has been shipped and received in commerce, as "commerce", "fur" and "fur product" are defined in the Fur Products Labeling Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Falsely or deceptively invoicing fur products by:

A. Failing to furnish invoices to purchasers of fur products showing in words and figures plainly legible all the information required to be disclosed by each of the subsections of section 5(b)(1) of the Fur Products Labeling Act.

B. Setting forth on invoices pertaining to fur products the name or names of any animal or animals other than the name of the animal or animals producing the fur contained in the fur products as specified in the Fur Products Name Guide and as prescribed under the rules and regulations.

C. Failing to set forth on invoices the item number or mark assigned to each fur product.

2. Falsely or deceptively advertising fur products through the use of any advertisement, representation, public announcement or notice which is intended to aid, promote or assist, directly or indirectly, in the sale or offering for sale of fur products, and which:

A. Fails to disclose the name or names of the animal or animals producing the fur or furs contained in the fur product, as set forth in the Fur Products Name Guide, and as prescribed under the rules and regulations.

B. Fails to disclose that the fur product contains or is composed of bleached, dyed, or otherwise artificially colored fur, when such is the fact.

C. Sets forth the name or names of any animal or animals other than the name or names of the animal or animals producing the fur contained in the fur product as specified in the Fur Products Name Guide, and as prescribed under the rules and regulations.

D. Represents, directly or by implication, the quantity of his regular inventory of new and used fur products, by use of terms which are not accurate as to the quantity of such inventory and that the fur products being offered for sale are from respondent's regular inventory or stocks, when such is contrary to the fact.

It is further ordered, That the respondent herein shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon him of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which he has complied with this order.

Issued: April 26, 1962.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 62–8044; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:49 a.m.]

[Docket C–127]

PART 13—PROHIBITED TRADE PRACTICES

O.E.M. Products Co. et al.

Subpart—Discriminating in price under section 2, Clayton Act—Payment or Acceptance of Commission, Brokerage or Other Compensation Under 2(c): § 13.800 *Buyers' agents;* § 13.820 *Direct buyers.*

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U.S.C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 2, 49 Stat. 1527; 15 U.S.C. 13) [Cease and desist order, O.E.M. Products Co. et al., Chicago, Ill., Docket C–127, Apr. 26, 1962]

In the Matter of O.E.M. Products Company, a Corporation, and Robert C. Sanderson, Individually and as an Officer of Said Corporation, and Also Doing Business as Robert C. Sanderson Company, a Sole Proprietorship

Consent order requiring a Chicago distributor of automotive parts, supplies, and related products to cease violating section 2(c) of the Clayton Act by accepting brokerage on substantial purchases for its own account for resale from supliers—utilizing the services of its vice president and main stockholder who operated a sole proprietorship at the same address and functioned as a manufacturer's representative or selling agent—such as, for example, compensation of five percent on purchases of hose from the Acme-Hamilton Manufacturing Corporation of Trenton, N.J.

The order to cease and desist, including order requiring report of compliance therewith, is as follows:

It is ordered, That respondents O.E.M. Products Company, a corporation, and Robert C. Sanderson, individually and as an officer of said corporation, and also doing business as Robert C. Sanderson Company, a sole proprietorship, and respondents' agents, representatives and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the purchase of automotive parts, supplies and related products in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Clayton Act, do forthwith cease and desist from: Receiving or accepting, directly or indirectly, from any seller, anything of value as a commission, brokerage, or other compensation, or any allowance or discount in lieu thereof, upon or in connection with any purchase of automotive parts, supplies and related products for respondents' own account, or where any of said respondents are the agent, representative, or other intermediary acting for or in behalf, or is subject to the direct or indirect control, of the buyer.

It is further ordered, That the respondents herein shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

Issued: April 26, 1962.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] JOSEPH W. SHEA, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 62–8045; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:49 a.m.]

Title 18—CONSERVATION OF POWER

Chapter I—Federal Power Commission

SUBCHAPTER B—REGULATIONS UNDER THE FEDERAL POWER ACT

[Docket No. R-215; Order 253]

PART 11—ANNUAL CHANGES

Payment of Charges for Licenses; Penalty for Delinquency

AUGUST 7, 1962.

The Commission has under consideration in this proceeding the implementation of section 17(b) of the Federal Power Act by amending § 11.27 of the Commission's regulations under the Federal Power Act to provide that unless annual charges imposed under Part I of the Act are paid within the periods specified in § 11.27, the specific penalties permitted by section 17(b) of the Federal Power Act shall, without further Commission action, be added to such charges.

General public notice of the proposed rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on May 15, 1962 (27 F.R. 4597). In response to the notice, written comments and views were received from several interested licensees under the Federal Power Act. The most often expressed view was to the effect that penalties for deliquency in payment should not automatically be imposed, as proposed in the notice, in instances where a delay in the payment is unavoidable, excusable, or the matter of payment is in dispute between a licensee and the Commission. Other comments suggested that provision should be made to permit waiver of the penalties for good cause shown.

While we believe that the automatic attachment feature of the proposed amendment should be retained as presently set forth in the notice, we also believe that where good cause is shown we should be in a position to waive the penalty after attachment thereof. We are modifying the proposed amendment accordingly.

Upon consideration of the entire record in this proceeding, the Commission finds: The amendment herein adopted is necessary and appropriate in order to carry out the provisions of the Federal Power Act.

Acting pursuant to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act and the authority granted by the Federal Power Act, particularly sections 17(b) and 309 thereof (41 Stat. 1072, 49 Stat. 845; 16 U.S.C. 810(b), 825h); the Commission orders:

(A) Section 11.27 of Part 11 of the Commission's regulations under the Federal Power Act is amended by designating the paragraph now thereunder as paragraph (a) and by adding thereto the following new paragraph (b) to read as follows:

(b) In case of failure on the part of any licensee to pay annual charges within the periods specified in paragraph (a) of this section, a penalty of 5 percent of the total amount so delinquent is assessed and added to the total charges which shall apply for the first month or part of month so delinquent with an additional penalty of 3 percent for each full month thereafter until the total of the charges and penalties are paid or until the license is canceled and the charges and penalties satisfied in accordance with law: *Provided, however,* That for good cause shown, the Commission may, by order, waive any penalty imposed by this paragraph.

(Sec. 17(b), 41 Stat. 1072; sec. 309, 49 Stat. 845; 16 U.S.C. 810 (b), 825h)

(B) The amendment herein prescribed is effective on and after January 1, 1963.

By the Commission.

GORDON M. GRANT,
Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8041; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:48 a.m.]

SUBCHAPTER D—APPROVED FORMS, FEDERAL POWER ACT

[Docket No. R-212; Order 252]

PART 141—STATEMENTS AND REPORTS (SCHEDULES)

Annual Report Form for Licensees of Privately Owned Major Projects (Utility and Industrial)

AUGUST 7, 1962.

This Commission has under consideration in this proceeding the promulgation of a new Annual Report Form, F.P.C. Form No. 9, to be prescribed for Licensees of privately owned projects under Commission license (major) whether utility or industrial, and an amended section of its regulations under the Federal Power Act[1] prescribing that Form, § 141.13, Part 141, Subchapter D—Approved Forms, Federal Power Act, Chapter I, Title 18, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). The new Annual Report is prescribed hereinafter, effective for use in reporting for the calendar year beginning January 1, 1961 and years thereafter. As set forth in annexed Appendix A,[2] portions of the Annual Report appear in typed and handscript form. The new Annual Report will be prepared hereafter in printed format and copies will be supplied to respondents. Licensees will have until November 1, 1962 to complete and file the new Annual Report for the calendar year 1961.

The notice of proposed rule making initiating this proceeding was served upon interested parties including State and Federal regulatory agencies, and by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on April 11, 1962 (27 F.R. 3470). Initially, they were given until April 27, 1962 to file their comments. Thereafter, after the discovery of a clerical error which resulted in the omission of one Schedule Page from the matter initially served and filed with the FEDERAL REGISTER, the period for comment was extended to May 18, 1962 (May 9, 1962; 27 F.R. 4432) and the omitted Schedule Page was served and filed with the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Comments and suggestions were filed with the Commission by the following classes of respondents:

Public Utility Licensees	3
Industrial Licensee	1
Total	4

Some comments, criticisms or suggestions were addressed to the format of certain schedule pages and some of these have been adopted. General Instruction No. 8 has been added to permit all dollar figures to be stated in even dollar amounts. It was suggested that the schedule for Licensed Project Plant be revised so as to provide an additional column for reporting project plant transfers. As a result, a new column "(f)" has been added to the plant account schedule. General Instruction No. 2 has been revised so as to permit filing of the Annual Report not later than April 30, instead of March 31. A new instruction has been added to the schedule for Depreciation Expense for Licensed Project Plant. In substance the new instruction provides that where more than one development is included in a license (major), and different rates of depreciation are applied to the same class of project plant for two or more component developments under the license, the Licensee must segregate the depreciation expense for each development stating the rates of depreciation applied.

The Annual Report has been modified in certain other minor respects and those modifications are as indicated by the schedule pages annexed hereto as Appendix A.[2]

In view of the period of time required to complete the printed format of the Annual Report and distribution of copies thereof to all reporting parties the period afforded for the preparation and filing of the report by Licensees for the year 1961 will terminate November 1, 1962.

The Commission further finds:

(1) The notice and opportunity to comment in this rule making proceeding with respect to the matters presently before the Commission through the submission, in writing, of data, views, comments and suggestions in the manner as described above are consistent and in accordance with all procedural requirements therefor as prescribed in section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act.

(2) In view of the foregoing, and upon consideration of all relevant matters presented, it is necessary and appropriate for the purposes of the Federal Power Act that:

(a) The Annual Report Form as set forth in annexed Appendix A[2] be

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[1] F.P.C. Form No. 9 as prescribed herein supersedes the reporting requirements previously contained in the Licensed Project Section of F.P.C. Form No. 1, in F.P.C. Form No. 8, in F.P.C. Form No. 1D and in F.P.C. Form No. 1E. This order amends § 141.13 and repeals §§ 141.5 and 141.6. Commission Order No. 238 (26 F.R. 11897, December 13, 1961) eliminated the Licensed Project Section of F.P.C. Form No. 1.

[2] Appendix filed as part of original document.

adopted and promulgated as this Commission's F.P.C. Form No. 9 effective for use in reporting for the calendar year beginning January 1, 1961 and years thereafter; all as hereinafter provided.

(b) Part 141, Subchapter D—Approved Forms, Federal Power Act, Chapter I, Title 18, Code of Federal Regulations be amended by repealing §§ 141.5 and 141.6 and by amending § 141.13 to read as hereinafter provided.

(3) Good cause exists for adoption and promulgation of the matters referred to above immediately upon issuance of this order; all as hereinafter provided.

The Commission acting pursuant to the Federal Power Act, as amended, particularly sections 3(13), 4 (a), (b), (c), 301(a), 302, 304, 309 and 311 thereof (49 Stat. 838, 839, 854, 855, 855, 858, 859; 16 U.S.C. 796(13), 797 (a), (b), (c), 825 (a), 825a, 825c, 825h, and 825j) orders:

(A) The Annual Report as set forth in annexed Appendix A [2] is hereby adopted and promulgated as this Commission's F.P.C. Form No. 9 effective for use in reporting for the calendar year beginning January 1, 1961 and years thereafter.

(B) Part 141, Subchapter D—Approved Forms, Federal Power Act, Chapter I, Title 18, Code of Federal Regulations is amended by revising § 141.13 to read as follows:

§ 141.13 Form No. 9, Annual Report Form for Licensees of Privately Owned Major Projects (Utility and Industrial)

(a) The form of Annual Report for licensees of privately owned projects under Commission license (major) whether utility or industrial hereby designated as F.P.C. Form No. 9 is prescribed for the calendar year 1961 and thereafter.

(b) Each licensee of a privately owned project under Commission license (major) whether utility or industrial shall prepare and file with the Commission for the years beginning January 1, 1961, and for each year thereafter, on or before the last day of the fourth month following the close of the calendar year (except that such report for the calendar year 1961 may be filed on or before November 1, 1962), unless otherwise authorized or directed by the Commission, an original and two conformed copies, all properly filled out and verified. One copy of said report should be retained by the correspondent in its files.

(c) This annual report contains the following schedules:

Identification.
General Instructions.
Information Concerning Licenses and Location of Records.
Licensed Project Plant.
Additions—Licensed Project Plant.
Retirements—Licensed Project Plant.
Adjustments—Licensed Project Plant.
Accumulated Provisions for Depreciation of Licensed Project Plant.
Accumulated Provisions for Amortization of Licensed Project Plant.
Depreciation Expense for Licensed Project.
Amortization Expense for Licensed Project.
Amortization Reserve—Federal.
Information Concerning Operation of Licensed Projects and the Sale or Use of Energy Produced.
Energy Generated and Energy Delivered by Licensed Projects.
Verification.

(Secs. 3(13), 4 (a), (b), and (c), (41 Stat. 1063 as amended), secs. 301(a), 302, 304, 309, 311 (49 Stat. 838, 839, 854, 855, 855, 858, 859); 16 U.S.C. 796(13), 797(a), (b), (c), 825(a), 825a, 825c, 825h, and 825j)

(C) Part 141, Subchapter D—Approved Forms, Federal Power Act, Chapter I, Title 18 Code of Federal Regulations is amended by repealing §§ 141.5 and 141.6.

(D) This order shall be effective upon the date of issuance thereof.

(E) The Secretary of the Commission shall cause prompt publication of this order to be made in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GORDON M. GRANT,
Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8040; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:47 a.m.]

[2] Appendix filed as part of original document.

Title 19—CUSTOMS DUTIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Customs, Department of the Treasury

[T.D. 55681]

PART 10—ARTICLES CONDITIONALLY FREE, SUBJECT TO A REDUCED RATE, ETC.

Purebred Animals Imported Specially for Breeding Purposes

The regulations of the Agricultural Research Service, Department of Agriculture, were amended to eliminate the use of the Forms A. H. or I. & Q. 105 and 283, as mentioned in § 10.70(b) of the Customs Regulations; to substitute for those Forms AIQ Form 338 Application/Certification Purebred Animals Imported for Breeding; and to redefine "port of entry."

1. Accordingly, § 10.70(b) of the Customs Regulations is hereby amended to read as follows:

(b) No claim for free entry shall be allowed in liquidation of the entry until the collector of customs has received from the Department of Agriculture a certificate that the animal is purebred of a recognized breed and duly registered in a book of record recognized by the Secretary of Agriculture for that breed. Importers are required by regulation of the Department of Agriculture to make application for a certificate of pure breeding to the Animal Inspection and Quarantine Division, Department of Agriculture, on AIQ Form 338 before the animal will be examined as required by 9 CFR 151.7. Application for the certificate must be executed by the owner, agent, or importer and filed at a port of entry designated in the regulations of the Department of Agriculture for the importation of animals (9 CFR 92.3). However, applications for certificates for dogs (other than dogs for handling livestock regulated under 9 CFR 92.18) and cats may be filed either at a designated port of entry or at any other port where customs entry is made. The regulations of the Department of Agriculture prescribing the requirements for the issuance of certificates of pure breeding provide that all animals imported under such regulations must be accompanied to the port at which examination is to be made by certificates of pedigree and transfers of ownership in order that identification may be accomplished, and that, if such animals are moved from such port prior to the presentation of such certificates and transfers, such action shall constitute a waiver of any further claim to certification under such regulations.

2. Section 10.70(c) is amended by deleting the first sentence.

(R.S. 161, as amended, 251 secs. 201 (par. 1606), 624, 46 Stat. 672, 759; 5 U.S.C. 22, 19 U.S.C. 66, 1201 (par. 1606), 1624)

[SEAL] D. B. STRUBINGER,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: August 2, 1962.

JAMES A. REED,
Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8038; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:47 a.m.]

Title 22—FOREIGN RELATIONS

Chapter I—Department of State

[Dept. Reg. 108.483]

PART 41—VISAS: DOCUMENTATION OF NONIMMIGRANTS UNDER THE IMMIGRATION AND NATIONALITY ACT, AS AMENDED

Personal Appearance

Part 41, Chapter I, Title 22 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended by revising § 41.114 to provide that personal appearance may be waived in connection with applications for B, H-1, I, and J-1 visas under certain prescribed conditions. The amended section reads as follows:

§ 41.114 Personal appearance.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, every alien who makes application for a nonimmigrant visa shall be required to appear in person before a consular officer. The requirement of personal appearance may be waived in the discretion of the consular officer in the case of any alien who is:

(a) A child under ten years of age,

(b) Within a class of nonimmigrants classifiable under the visa symbols A-1, A-2, A-3, C-2, C-3, G-1, G-2, G-3, G-4, G-5, NATO-1 NATO-2, NATO-3, NATO-4, NATO-5, NATO-6, or NATO-7.

(c) An applicant for a diplomatic or official visa,

(d) An applicant for a nonimmigrant visa under the provisions of section 101 (a)(15)(B) of the Act if (1) within the preceding 24 months he was issued a nonimmigrant visa of a classification requiring the alien's personal appearance, or (2) he is well and favorably known at

the foreign service establishment at which he is applying, and is a resident of the consular district in which the foreign service establishment is located, or (3) the principal officer, or, at a diplomatic mission, the Deputy Chief of Mission, the Counselor for Consular Affairs, or the Supervising Consul General, determines that a waiver of personal appearance is justified in the national interest or because of unusual circumstances, including hardship to the individual visa applicant,

(e) Within a class of nonimmigrants classifiable under the visa symbols H–1 or I, or

(f) Within a class of nonimmigrants classifiable under the visa symbol J–1 and who qualifies as a leader in a field of specialized knowledge or skill and is not required to be medically examined under the provisions of 22 CFR 41.113(a)(1), and the spouse and children of such an alien who qualify for J–2 classification.

(Sec. 222, 66 Stat. 193; 8 U.S.C. 1202)

Effective date. The amendments to the regulations contained in this order shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

The provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 238; 5 U.S.C. 1003) relative to notice of proposed rule making are inapplicable to this order because the regulations contained herein involve foreign affairs functions of the United States.

MICHEL CIEPLINSKI,
Acting Administrator, Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs.

AUGUST 7, 1962.

[F.R. Doc. 62–8111; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:53 a.m.]

Title 29—LABOR

Chapter V—Wage and Hour Division, Department of Labor

SUBCHAPTER B—STATEMENTS OF GENERAL POLICY OR INTERPRETATION NOT DIRECTLY RELATED TO REGULATIONS

PART 788—FORESTRY OR LOGGING OPERATIONS IN WHICH NOT MORE THAN TWELVE EMPLOYEES ARE EMPLOYED

Revision

Pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 201–219), Reorganization Plan No. 6 of 1950 (3 CFR 1949–53 Comp., p. 1004), and General Order No. 45–A (15 F.R. 3290) of the Secretary of Labor, Part 788 of Title 29, Code of Federal Regulations, is hereby revised in the manner indicated below.

The revision takes into consideration the Fair Labor Standards Amendments of 1961 (75 Stat. 65–75), and changes the structure of Part 788 by dividing the subject matter thereof into an increased number of sections in order to make it readily identifiable.

The revision shall become effective immediately upon its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER since it is interpretative and neither public procedure nor delay in effective date are therefore required under section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act.

The revised 29 CFR Part 788 reads as follows:

Sec.
788.1 Statutory provisions.
788.2 Matters not discussed in this part.
788.3 Purpose of this part.
788.4 Significance of official interpretations.
788.5 Reliance on official interpretations.
788.6 Scope of the section 13(a)(15) exemption.
788.7 "Planting or tending trees."
788.8 "Cruising, surveying, or felling timber."
788.9 "Preparing * * * logs."
788.10 "Preparing * * * other forestry products."
788.11 "Transporting [such] products to the mill, processing plant, railroad, or other transportation terminal."
788.12 Limitation of exemption to specific operations in which "number of employees * * * does not exceed twelve."
788.13 Counting the twelve employees.
788.14 Number employed in other than specified operations.
788.15 Multiple crews.
788.16 Employment relationship.
788.17 Employees employed in both exempt and nonexempt work.

AUTHORITY: §§ 788.1 to 788.17 issued under secs. 1–19, 52 Stat. 1060, as amended; 75 Stat. 65; U.S.C. 201–219.

§ 788.1 Statutory provisions.

Section 13(a)(15) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 provides an exemption from the minimum wage and overtime requirements of the Act, as follows:

> The provisions of sections 6 and 7 shall not apply with respect to * * * any employee employed in planting or tending trees, cruising, surveying, or felling timber, or in preparing or transporting logs or other forestry products to the mill, processing plant, railroad, or other transportation terminal, if the number of employees employed by his employer in such forestry or lumbering operations does not exceed twelve.

§ 788.2 Matters not discussed in this part.

The exemption in section 13(a)(15) of the Act need not be considered unless the employee is "engaged in commerce or the production of goods for commerce" or is employed in an "enterprise engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce," as those words are defined in the act, so as to come within the general scope of sections 6 and 7. The principles of coverage are discussed in Part 776 of this chapter and the discussion will not be repeated in this part. Neither does this part discuss the exemption provided in section 13(a)(6) and in section 3(f) which includes forestry or lumbering operations incident to or in conjunction with certain farming operations (see §§ 780.160 to 780.164 of this chapter).

§ 788.3 Purpose of this part.

The purpose of this part is to make available in one place the views of the Department of Labor with respect to the application and meaning of the provisions of section 13(a)(15) of the Act which will provide "a practical guide to employers and employees as to how the office representing the public interest in enforcement of the law will seek to apply it" (Skidmore v. Swift & Co., 324 U.S. 134).

§ 788.4 Significance of official interpretations.

The interpretations contained in this part indicate, with respect to section 13(a)(15) of the Act which refers to small forestry or lumbering operations, the construction of the law which the Secretary of Labor and the Administrator believe to be correct and which will guide them in the performance of their duties under the Act unless and until they are otherwise directed by authoritative decisions of the courts or conclude, upon reexamination of an interpretation, that it is incorrect.

§ 788.5 Reliance on official interpretations.

Under section 10 of the Portal-to-Portal Act of 1947 (29 U.S.C. 259), official interpretations issued under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 may, under certain circumstances, be controlling in determining the rights and liabilities of employers and employees. The interpretations of the law contained in this part are official interpretations on which reliance may be placed as provided in section 10 of the Portal-to-Portal Act, so long is they remain effective and are not modified, rescinded, or determined by judicial authority to be incorrect. However, the omission to discuss a particular problem in this part or in the interpretations supplementing it should not be taken to indicate the adoption of any position by the Secretary of Labor or the Administrator with respect to such problem or to constitute an administrative interpretation or practice or enforcement policy.

§ 788.6 Scope of the section 13(a)(15) exemption.

By its terms, the section 13(a)(15) exemption is limited to those employed in the named operations. These are terms of ordinary speech and mean what they mean in ordinary intercourse in this context. These operations include the incidental activities normally performed by persons employed in them but do not include mill operations.

§ 788.7 "Planting or tending trees."

Employees employed in "planting or tending trees" include those engaged in seeding, planting seedlings, pruning, weeding, preparing firebreaks, removing rot or rusts, spraying, and similar operations when the object is to bring about, protect, or foster the growth of trees." "Tending trees" would also include watching the timberland to guard against thefts and fire (Gatlin Lumber Co. v. Mitchell, 287 F. (2d) 76, cert. den. 366 U.S. 963).

§ 788.8 "Cruising, surveying, or felling timber."

Employees engaged in "cruising * * * timber" include all those members of a field crew whose purpose is to estimate and report on the volume of marketable timber. Employees engaged in "surveying * * * timber" include the custom-

ary members of a crew accomplishing that function such as the chainmen, the transit men, the rodmen, and the axmen who clear the ground of brush or trees in order that the transit men may obtain a clear sight. Similarly, the usual members of a crew which goes to the woods for the purpose of felling timber and preparing and transporting logs are engaged in operations described in the exemption. Typically included, when members of such a crew, are fellers, limbers, skidders, buckers, loaders, swampers, scalers, and log truck drivers.

§ 788.9 "Preparing * * * logs."

Preparing logs includes, where appropriate, removing the limbs and top, cutting them into lengths, removing the bark, and splitting or facing them when done at the felling site, but does not include such operations when done at a mill. Employees engaged in sawmill, tie mill, and other operations in connection with the processing of logs, such as the production of lumber, are not exempt.

§ 788.10 "Preparing * * * other forestry products."

As used in the exemption, "other forestry products" means plants of the forest and the natural properties or substances of such plants and trees. Included among these are decorative greens such as holly, ferns, and Christmas trees, roots, stems, leaves, Spanish moss, wild fruit, and brush. Gathering and preparing such forestry products as well as transporting them to the mill, processing plant, railroad, or other transportation terminal are among the described operations. Preparing such forestry products does not include operations which change the natural physical or chemical condition of the products or which amount to extracting as distinguished from gathering, such as shelling nuts, or mashing berries to obtain juices.

§ 788.11 "Transporting [such] products to the mill, processing plant, railroad, or other transportation terminal."

The transportation or movement of logs or other forestry products to a "mill, processing plant, railroad, or other transportation terminal" is among the described operations. Loading and unloading, when performed by employees employed in the named operations, are included as exempt operations. Loading logs or other forestry products onto railroad cars or other transportation facilities for further shipment if performed as part of the exempt transportation will be considered a step in the exempt transportation (Woods Lumber Co. v. Tobin, 199 F (2d) 455 (C.A. 5)). However, any other loading, transportation, or other activities performed in connection with the logs or other forestry products after they have been unloaded at one of the described destinations is not exempt. "Other transportation terminal" refers to any place where there are established facilities or equipment for the shipment or transportation of logs or other forestry products. Motor carrier yards, docks, wharves, or similar facilities are examples of other transportation terminals, but the place where logs are picked up by contract motor carriers or haulers at the site of the woods operations for transportation to the mill, processing plant, or railroad is not such a terminal.

§ 788.12 Limitation of exemption to specific operations in which "number of employees * * * does not exceed twelve."

Regardless of his duties, no employee is exempt under section 13(a)(15) unless, "the number of employees employed by his employer in such forestry or lumbering operations does not exceed twelve."

§ 788.13 Counting the twelve employees.

The determination of the number of employees employed in the named operations is to be made on an occupational and a workweek basis. Thus the exemption will be available in one workweek when twelve or less employees are employed in the exempt operations and not in another workweek when more than that number are so employed. For a discussion of the term "workweek" see Part 778 of this chapter. The exemption will not be defeated, however, if one or more of the twelve employees so engaged is replaced during the workweek, for example, by reason of illness. But if additional employees are employed during the workweek in the named operations, even if they work on a different shift, the exemption would no longer be available if the total number exceeds twelve. Similarly, all of an employer's employees employed in any workweek in the named operations must be counted in the twelve regardless of where the work is performed or how it is divided. Thus if an employer employs six employees in felling timber and preparing logs at one location and seven at another location in those operations, the exemption would not be available. Similarly, if he employs ten employees in such operations and three other employees in transportation work as discussed in § 788.11, the exemption could not apply. Under such circumstances he would be employing more than twelve employees in the named operations. The fact that some of these employees may not be engaged in commerce or the production of goods for commerce or may be engaged in other exempt operations will not affect these conclusions (Woods Lumber Co. v. Tobin, 199 F (2d) 455 (C.A. 5)). Except for replacements, therefore, all of an employer's employees employed in the named operations in a workweek must be counted, regardless of where they perform their work or in which of the named operations or combinations of such operations they are employed. The length of time an employee is employed in the named operations during a workweek is also immaterial for the purpose of applying the numerical limitation. Thus, even if an employee would not himself be exempt because he is engaged substantially in nonexempt work (see § 788.17), nevertheless, if, as a regular part of his duties, he is also engaged in the operations named in the exemption he must be counted in determining whether the twelve employee limitation is satisfied.

§ 788.14 Number employed in other than specified operations.

The exemption is available to an employer, however, even if he has a total of thirteen or more employees, if only twelve of them or less are employed in the named operations. Thus if such an employer employs only twelve employees in the named operations and others in operations not named in the exemption, such as sawmill operations, the exemption is not defeated because of the fact that he employs more than twelve employees altogether. It will not apply, however, to those engaged in the operations not named in the exemption.

§ 788.15 Multiple crews.

In many cases an employer who operates a sawmill or concentration yard will be supplied with logs or other forestry products by several crews of persons who are engaged in the named operations. Frequently some or all of such crews, separately considered, do not employ more than twelve persons, but the total number of such employees is in excess of twelve. Whether the exemption will apply to the members of the individual crews which do not exceed twelve, will depend on whether they are employees of the sawmill or concentration yard to which the logs or other forestry products are delivered or whether each such crew is a truly independently owned and operated business. If the number of employees in such a truly and independently owned and operated business does not exceed twelve, the exemption will apply. On the other hand, the Secretary and the Administrator will assume that the courts will be reluctant to approve as bona fide a plan by which an employer of a large number of woods employees splits his employees into several allegedly "independent businesses" in order to take advantage of the exemption.

§ 788.16 Employment relationship.

(a) The Supreme Court has made it clear that there is no single rule or test for determining whether an individual is an employee or an independent contractor, but that the "total situation controls" (see Rutherford Food Corp. v. McComb, 331 U.S. 722; United States v. Silk, 331 U.S. 704; Harrison v. Greyvan Lines, 331, U.S. 704; Bartels v. Birmingham, 332 U.S. 126). In general an employee, as distinguished from a person who is engaged in a business of his own, is one who "follows the usual path of an employee" and is dependent on the business which he serves. As an aid in assessing the total situation the Court mentioned some of the characteristics of the two classifications which should be considered. Among these are: The extent to which the services rendered are an integral part of the principal's business, the permanency of the relationship, the opportunities for profit or loss, the initiative, judgment or foresight exercised by the one who performs the services, the amount of investment, and the degree of control which the principal has in the situation. The Court specifically rejected the degree of control retained

by the principal as the sole criterion to be applied.

(b) At least in one situation it is possible to be specified: (1) Where the sawmill or concentration yard to which the products are delivered owns the land or the appropriation rights to the timber or other forestry products, (2) the crew boss has no very substantial investment in tools or machinery used; and (3) the crew does not transfer its relationship as a unit from one sawmill or concentration yard to another, the crew boss and the employees working under him will be considered employees of the sawmill or concentration yard. Other situations, where one or more of these three factors is not present, will be considered as they arise on the basis of the criteria mentioned in paragraph (a) of this section. Where all of these three criteria are present, however, it will make no difference if the crew boss receives the entire compensation for the production from the sawmill or concentration yard and distributes it in any way he chooses to the crew members. Similarly, it will make no difference if the hiring, firing and supervising of the crew members is left in the hands of the crew boss.

§ 788.17 Employees employed in both exempt and nonexempt work.

The exemption for an employee employed in exempt work will be defeated in any workweek in which he performs a substantial amount of nonexempt work. For enforcement purposes nonexempt work will be considered substantial in amount if more than 20 percent of the time worked by the employee in a given workweek is devoted to such work. Where the two types of work cannot be segregated, however, so as to permit separate measurement of the time spent in each, the employee will not be exempt.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 6th day of August 1962.

CLARENCE T. LUNDQUIST,
Administrator.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8050; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:50 a.m.]

Title 43—PUBLIC LANDS: INTERIOR

Chapter I—Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior

APPENDIX—PUBLIC LAND ORDERS

[Public Land Order 2741]

ALASKA

Revoking in Whole or in Part Certain Withdrawals for Indian School Purposes; Withdrawing Lands at Egegik for Indian School Purposes

By virtue of the authority vested in the President, and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, and by virtue of the authority contained in the act of May 31, 1938 (52 Stat. 593; 48 U.S.C. 353a), it is ordered as follows:

1. Subject to valid existing rights, the following described public lands are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, including the mining laws, and reserved under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs for school purposes:

[Anchorage 055292]

Egegik

Beginning at Corner 4, U.S. Survey 485, thence:

West, 400 feet;
South, 375 feet;
East, 50 feet;
South, 175 feet;
East, 350 feet to a point on line 3–4 of U.S. Survey 485;
North, 550 feet along line 3–4 of U.S. Survey 485 to the point of beginning.

Containing approximately 4.85 acres.

2. Executive Order No. 5289 of March 4, 1930, the departmental order of January 24, 1938, and Public Land Order No. 2391 of May 18, 1961, which withdrew lands for Indian school purposes, are hereby revoked so far as they affect the following described lands, as indicated:

a. Executive Order No. 5289:

[Anchorage 055022]

Kanatak

U.S. Survey 2029

Containing 0.83 acre.

b. Order of January 24, 1938:

[Anchorage 055021]

Nondalton Area

A tract of land not exceeding 40 acres located at approximately 154°50′ West Longitude and 60°00′ North Latitude.

Newhalen Area

A tract of land not exceeding 40 acres located at approximately 155°02′ West Longitude and 59°45′ North Latitude.

c. Public Land Order No. 2391:

[Anchorage 055292]

Egegik

Beginning at Corner 4, U.S. Survey 485; thence

West, 475 feet;
South, 550 feet;
East, 475 feet to a point on line 3–4, U.S. Survey 485;
North, 550 feet along line 3–4, U.S. Survey 485 to the point of beginning.

Containing 6 acres.

3. Subject to any existing valid rights, and the requirements of applicable law, the lands described in paragraph 2a of this order are hereby opened to settlement, and to filing of applications, selections, and locations in accordance with the following:

a. Applications and selections under the nonmineral public land laws and applicable regulations may be presented to the Manager mentioned below beginning on the date of this order. Applications by persons having prior existing valid settlement rights, preference rights conferred by existing law, or equitable claims subject to allowance and confirmation will be adjudicated on the facts presented in support thereof. All other applications will be subject to the applications and claims mentioned in this paragraph.

b. All valid applications and selections under the nonmineral public land laws, other than those coming under paragraph (a) above, and applications and offers under the mineral leasing laws, presented prior to 10:00 a.m. on September 12, 1962, will be considered as simultaneously filed at that hour. Rights under such applications and selections filed after that hour will be governed by the time of filing.

4. The lands will be open to settlement under the homestead and Alaska homesite laws, and to location under the U.S. mining laws beginning at 10:00 a.m. on September 12, 1962.

5. The State of Alaska has waived its preference rights granted under the act of July 28, 1956 (70 Stat. 709; 48 U.S.C. 46–3b) and section 6(g) of the Alaska Statehood Act of July 7, 1958 (72 Stat. 339).

Inquiries concerning the lands should be addressed to the Manager, Land Office, Bureau of Land Management, Anchorage, Alaska.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 7, 1962.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8028; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 2742]

[88115]

UTAH

Vacation of Power Withdrawal; Opening Lands Under Section 24 of Federal Power Act

1. In an order issued August 21, 1961, docketed as DA–145–Utah, the Federal Power Commission (a) vacated the withdrawal created pursuant to the filing of the application for a preliminary permit for proposed Project No. 290, for the following described lands;

SALT LAKE MERIDIAN

T. 16 S., R. 7 E.,
Sec. 26, SW¼NW¼ and E½SW¼.

(b) determined that the value of the following described lands would not be injured or destroyed for purposes of power development by location, entry, or selection under the public land laws, subject to the provisions of section 24 of the Federal Power Act of June 10, 1920 (41 Stat. 1075; 16 U.S.C. 818), as amended;

SALT LAKE MERIDIAN

T. 16 S., R. 7 E.,
Sec. 26, SW¼NW¼ and E½SW¼.

and (c) that the value of the following described lands would not be injured or destroyed for purposes of power development by location, entry or selection under the public land laws, subject to the provisions of section 24 of the Federal Power Act, supra, and subject to the condition that in the event the said lands are required for power purposes, any improvements or structures placed thereon which shall be found to interfere with such development shall be removed or relocated as may be necessary to eliminate intereference with power development at no cost to the United States, its permittees or licensees:

SALT LAKE MERIDIAN

T. 40 S., R. 22 E.,
Sec. 19, lot 4 and SE¼SW¼.
T. 23 S., R. 26 E.,
Sec. 32, S½S½;
Sec. 33, lot 4 and SW¼SW¼.
T. 24 S., R. 26 E.,
Sec. 5, lots 1 to 4, incl., and SW¼NW¼;
Sec. 6, lot 1 and SE¼NE¼.

The areas described total in the aggregate approximately 738 acres of public and nonpublic lands.

2. Until 10:00 a.m. on February 6, 1963, the State of Utah shall have (1) a perferred right of application to select the public lands described, in accordance with subsection (c) of section 2 of the act of August 27, 1958 (72 Stat. 928; 43 U.S.C. 851, 852), and (2) a preferred right to apply for the reservation to it or to any of its political subdivisions under any statute or regulation applicable thereto, of any of the lands required for a right-of-way for a public highway or as a source of materials for the construction and maintenance of such highways, in accordance with the provisions of section 24 of the Federal Power Act.

3. This order shall not otherwise be effective to change the status of the lands until 10:00 a.m. on February 6, 1963. At that time the said lands shall be open to the operation of the public land laws generally, subject to valid existing rights and equitable claims, the requirements of applicable law, rules and regulations, and the provisions of any existing withdrawals.

4. The lands have been open to applications and offers under the mineral leasing laws, and to location under the United States mining laws subject to the provisions of the act of August 11, 1955 (69 Stat. 682; 30 U.S.C. 621).

5. Any disposals of the lands described in subparagraphs 1(b) and 1(c) of this order shall be subject to the provisions of section 24 of the Federal Power Act, supra, and as to the lands described in subparagraph 1(c) further to the condition specified by the Federal Power Commission in its determination.

Inquiries concerning the lands should be addressed to the Manager, Land Office, Bureau of Land Management, Salt Lake City, Utah.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 7, 1962.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8029; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 2743]

[Idaho 012617]

IDAHO

Vacation of Power Withdrawals; Project No. 492

1. In DA-551-Idaho, the Federal Power Commission vacated the withdrawals created pursuant to the filing of the applications for a preliminary permit and for a license for a proposed Project No. 492 affecting the following-described lands:

BOISE MERIDIAN

a. Project lands:

T. 9 N., R. 17 E.,
Sec. 9, S½SE¼;
Sec. 10, S½SW¼ and SW¼SE¼;
Sec. 15, lot 2.

Containing 240.25 acres.

b. Transmission line right of way: All portions of the following-described tracts lying within 50 feet of the center line of the transmision line location shown on a map designated "Exhibit J" and entitled: "General Map of J. E. Walker Power Project, Mackay, Idaho, on Big Boulder Creek, Custer County, Idaho." and filed in the Office of the Federal Power Commission on January 29, 1925:

T. 9 N., R. 16 E. (unsurveyed),
Sec. 1, S½S½;
Sec. 2, N½S½ and SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 3, N½S½;
Sec. 4, NE¼SW¼ and N½SE¼.
T. 9 N., R. 17 E.,
Sec. 6, SW¼SW¼;
Sec. 7, NW¼NE¼, S½NE¼, NE¼NW¼, and lot 1;
Sec. 8, SW¼NW¼, N½S½, and SE¼SE¼;
Sec. 9, NW¼SW¼, S½SW¼, and SE¼;
Sec. 10, S½SW¼;
Sec. 15, lots 2 and 3.

Containing approximately 88 acres.

The total area described aggregates approximately 328 acres, most of which are national forest lands in the Challis National Forest.

2. At 10 a.m. on September 12, 1962, the national forest lands shall be open to such forms of disposition as may by law be made of national forest lands.

3. Until 10 a.m. on February 6, 1963, the State of Idaho shall have a preferred right of application to select the public lands in accordance with subsection (c) of section 2 of the Act of August 27, 1958 (72 Stat. 928; 43 U.S.C. 851, 852).

4. This order shall not otherwise be effective to change the status of the non-forest lands until 10 a.m. on February 6, 1963. At that time the lands shall be open to the operation of the public land laws generally, subject to valid existing rights and equitable claims, the requirements of applicable law, rules and regulations, and the provisions of any existing withdrawals.

5. The lands have been open to applications and offers under the mineral leasing laws, and to location under the United States mining laws subject to the provisions of the act of August 11, 1955 (69 Stat. 682; 30 U.S.C. 621), those described solely in Paragraph 1b hereof, having been open subject to the general determination of the Federal Power Commission issued April 17, 1922, respecting withdrawals for transmission line purposes.

6. The State of Idaho has waived the preference right provided by section 24 of the Federal Power Act of June 10, 1920 (41 Stat. 1075; 16 U.S.C. 818), as amended.

Inquiries concerning the lands should be addressed to the Manager, Land Office, Bureau of Land Management, Boise, Idaho.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 7, 1962.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8030; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:46 a.m.]

[Public Land Order 2744]

[Arizona 030950]

ARIZONA

Withdrawing Minerals for Protection of an Air Force Seismological Observatory

By virtue of the authority vested in the President, and pursuant to Executive Order No. 10355 of May 26, 1952, it is ordered as follows:

1. Subject to valid existing rights, the minerals in the following described lands in the Tonto National Forest in Arizona are hereby withdrawn from prospecting, location, entry and purchase under the U.S. mining laws, for the protection of Air Force seismological installations on the lands:

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN

T. 11 N., R. 10 E. (Unsurveyed),
Secs. 1, 2, 11 to 14, incl., 23 to 26, incl., 35, and 36.
T. 11 N., R. 11 E. (Unsurveyed),
Secs. 3 to 10, incl., 15 to 22, incl., and 27 to 34, incl.

The areas described aggregate 23,026.52 acres, of which 21,951 are forest lands, and 1,075 are private lands.

2. This withdrawal shall attach to any Federal mineral interest in the nonpublic lands, now existing or hereafter acquired.

JOHN A. CARVER, Jr.,
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

AUGUST 7, 1962.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8031; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:46 a.m.]

Title 50—WILDLIFE AND FISHERIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife, Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior

PART 33—SPORT FISHING

Crab Orchard National Wildlife Refuge, Illinois; Correction

The following special regulation is issued and is effective on date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

§ 33.5 Special regulations; sport fishing; for individual wildlife refuge areas.

ILLINOIS

CRAB ORCHARD NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

In the special regulations published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, Volume 26, Issue Number 239, page 11910, on December 13, 1961, paragraph (d), subparagraph (6) should read as follows:

(6) The use of boats is permitted, except no boat with motor larger than six (6) horsepower is permitted on Little Grassy Lake and on Devils Kitchen Lake.

W. P. SCHAEFER,
Acting Regional Director, Bureau of Sport Fisheries and Wildlife.

AUGUST 6, 1962.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8026; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:46 a.m.]

Proposed Rule Making

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Marketing Service

[7 CFR Part 52]

UNITED STATES STANDARDS FOR GRADES OF CANNED CLINGSTONE PEACHES [1]

Notice of Proposed Rule Making

Notice is hereby given that the United States Department of Agriculture is considering several amendments to the United States Standards for Grades of Canned Clingstone Peaches (7 CFR 52.2561–52.2577) pursuant to the authority contained in the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (secs. 202–208, 60 Stat. 1087, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 1621–1627). The amendments as hereinafter set forth concern proposed revisions and additions to certain styles of canned clingstone peaches with respect to recommended "fill-weight" values and "drained weight" criteria.

An increase in the recommended minimum drained weights for all container sizes is proposed for quarters, mixed pieces of irregular sizes and shapes, and diced styles. Fill-weight values, which are not included in the current standards in this subpart, are proposed for various container sizes for quarters, mixed pieces of irregular sizes and shapes, and diced style. Fill-weight and drained-weight values are also proposed for sliced style in 6-ounce containers.

Statement of consideration leading to these proposed amendments. The United States Standards for Grades of Canned Clingstone Peaches were revised in 1961 to include, among other provisions, recommendations for amount of fruit ingredient for respective container sizes. These recommendations with respect to the amount of fruit in a container are intended to conform with good commercial practice and represent proper fill. Compliance with the Department's recommendations may be ascertained by (1) measuring the amount of fruit filled into the container at time of processing; or (2) determining the weight of fruit after the product has been sealed in the container, processed, and allowed to equalize with the packing media. The first approach is commonly known as "fill-weight" procedure, whereas the alternate approach of finished product examination is termed as "drained-weight" procedure. Many canners have found it advantageous to utilize the fill-weight program because it affords control over the product during packing operations. Furthermore, since the fill-weight procedure does not require destructive sampling, a large number of measurements may be made thereby increasing the accuracy of lot estimate.

With the cooperation of fruit canners in California and the Pacific Northwest, the Department initiated a fill-weight study in 1958 on several canned fruits, including Clingstone Peaches. The purpose of this study was to collect data during the packing operations in order to establish limits for each product in accordance with good commercial practices. As a result of this study, the program was introduced to the industry on an experimental basis during the 1959 and 1960 packing season.

On the basis of these studies and checks made during actual production, the Department revised the standards for Canned Clingstone Peaches in 1961. This revision included fill-weight values for sliced and halved styles in addition to the customary drained-weight criteria for these and other styles. This revision permitted the packer an option of using either in-going fill weights or end product drained weights to determine compliance with proper fill of container.

Studies made by the Department during the 1961 canning season indicate drained weights for the styles of quarters, mixed pieces, and diced peaches should be increased and that fill-weight values for these styles should be incorporated in the standards, including the fill-weight and drained weight values for sliced style in 6-ounce cans. These proposed amendments are being published now to give processors and other interested parties an opportunity to assess the applicability of the proposals during the 1962 canning season.

All persons who desire to submit written data, views, or arguments for consideration in connection with the proposed amendments should file the same with the Chief, Processed Products Standardization and Inspection Branch, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D.C., not later than December 1, 1962.

The following amendments are proposed to Table I and Table II of this subpart:

1. In Table I, Recommended Minimum Drained Weights for Canned Clingstone Peaches, change the right portion with respect to "Quarters; and mixed pieces of irregular sizes and shapes" for the respective container sizes as follows:

	Quarters; and mixed pieces of irregular sizes and shapes					
	In extra heavy sirup		In heavy sirup		In any other liquid medium	
	Individual [1]	Average [2]	Individual [1]	Average [2]	Individual [1]	Average [2]
	Ounces	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*
8 Z tall	4.4	5.1	4.6	5.3	4.7	5.4
No. 300	8.4	9.2	8.6	9.4	8.8	9.6
No. 303	9.4	10.3	9.6	10.5	9.8	10.7
No. 303 glass	9.4	10.3	9.6	10.5	9.8	10.7
No. 2	11.2	12.3	11.5	12.6	11.8	12.9
No. 2½ glass	16.0	17.4	16.4	17.8	16.8	18.2
No. 2½	16.5	17.9	16.9	18.3	17.3	18.7
No. 10	64.0	66.5	66.0	68.5	68.0	70.5

2. In Table I, Recommended Minimum Drained Weights for Canned Clingstone Peaches, change the left and right portions with respect to "Diced in any liquid medium" for the respective container sizes as follows:

	Diced in any liquid medium	
	Individual [1]	Average [2]
	Ounces	*Ounces*
6 oz. (300 x 200)	3.5	3.9
8 Z tall	5.1	5.6
No. 300	9.2	9.8
No. 303	10.2	10.9
No. 303 glass	10.2	10.9
No. 2	12.5	13.3
No. 2½	18.3	19.3
No. 2½ glass	17.8	18.8
No. 10	69.2	71.0

[1] Compliance with the provisions of these standards shall not excuse failure to comply with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or with applicable state laws and regulations.

3. In Table II, Recommended Fill Weight Values for Canned Clingstone Peaches, add the following:

Container designation (metal, unless otherwise stated)	Diced—Fill weight values						
	$\bar{X}'_{min}$	$LWL_{\bar{X}}$	$LRL_{\bar{X}}$	LWL	LRL	$\bar{R}'$	R_{max}
	Ounces	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*
6 oz. (300 x 200)	4.3	4.1	3.9	3.8	3.5	0.6	1.2
8 Z tall	6.1	5.9	5.7	5.6	5.3	0.6	1.2
No. 300	10.6	10.2	10.0	9.8	9.4	0.9	2.0
No. 303 glass	11.7	11.3	11.1	10.8	10.3	1.1	2.2
No. 303	11.7	11.3	11.1	10.8	10.3	1.1	2.2
No. 2	14.3	13.8	13.6	13.3	12.8	1.2	2.5
No. 2½ glass	20.2	19.7	19.4	19.1	18.5	1.3	2.7
No. 2½	20.7	20.2	19.9	19.6	19.0	1.3	2.7
No. 10	77.0	75.9	75.4	74.6	73.4	2.8	5.9

4. In Table II, Recommended Fill Weight Values for Canned Clingstone Peaches, add the following in addition to item 3:

	Quarters						
	$\bar{X}'_{min}$	$LWL_{\bar{X}}$	$LRL_{\bar{X}}$	LWL	LRL	$\bar{R}'$	R_{max}
	Ounces	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*
8 Z tall	5.5	5.1	4.9	4.6	4.1	1.1	2.2
No. 300	9.9	9.4	9.1	8.7	8.1	1.4	3.0
No. 303 glass	11.0	10.4	10.1	9.7	9.0	1.5	3.2
No. 303	11.0	10.4	10.1	9.7	9.0	1.5	3.2
No. 2	13.3	12.6	12.3	11.8	11.0	1.7	3.7
No. 2½ glass	18.8	18.0	17.6	17.0	16.1	2.1	4.4
No. 2½	19.3	18.5	18.1	17.5	16.6	2.1	4.4
No. 10	74.0	72.6	71.8	70.8	69.2	3.7	7.9

5. In Table II, Recommended Fill Weight Values for Canned Clingstone Peaches, add the following in addition to items 3 and 4:

	Mixed pieces of irregular sizes and shapes (other than for "Heavy pack" or "Solid pack")—Fill weight values						
	$\bar{X}'_{min}$	$LWL_{\bar{X}}$	$LRL_{\bar{X}}$	LWL	LRL	$\bar{R}'$	R_{max}
	Ounces	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*
No. 2½	19.3	18.5	18.1	17.5	16.6	2.1	4.4
No. 10	74.0	72.6	71.8	70.8	69.2	3.7	7.9
	Mixed pieces of irregular sizes and shapes, "Heavy pack"—Fill weight values						
No. 10	86.0	84.8	84.2	83.4	82.1	3.0	6.4

6. In Table I, Recommended Minimum Drained Weights for Canned Clingstone Peaches, add the following immediately preceding the line for 8 Z tall containers, under the caption of "Sliced," to read:

	Sliced					
	In extra heavy sirup		In heavy sirup		In any other liquid medium	
	Individual [1]	Average [1]	Individual [1]	Average [2]	Individual [1]	Average [2]
	Ounces	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*
6 oz. (300 x 200)	3.1	3.6	3.2	3.7	3.3	3.8

7. In Table II, Recommended Fill Weight Values for Canned Clingstone Peaches, add the following immediately preceding the line for 8 Z tall containers, under the caption of "Sliced—Fill weight values," to read:

	Sliced—Fill weight values						
	$\bar{X}'_{min}$	$LWL_{\bar{X}}$	$LRL_{\bar{X}}$	LWL	LRL	$\bar{R}'$	R_{max}
	Ounces	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*	*Ounces*
6 oz. (300 x 200)	4.0	3.6	3.4	3.2	2.8	0.9	2.0

(Sec. 202–203, 60 Stat. 1087, as amended; 7 U.S.C. 1621–1627)

Dated: August 7, 1962.

G. R. GRANGE,
Deputy Administrator,
Marketing Services.

[F.R. Doc. 62–8019; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:45 a.m.]

Agricultural Research Service

[9 CFR Parts 101, 112, 117, 118, 119, 120]

VIRUSES, SERUMS, TOXINS, AND ANALOGOUS PRODUCTS; ORGANISMS AND VECTORS

Notice of Proposed Rule Making

Notice is hereby given in accordance with section 4(a) of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 1003(a)) that it is proposed to amend certain of the regulations relating to viruses, serums, toxins, and analogous products; organisms and vectors (9 CFR Parts 101, 112, 117, 118, 119, and to add a new Part 120) issued pursuant to the provisions of the Virus-Serum-Toxin Act of March 4, 1913 (21 U.S.C. 151–158).

The proposed amendments add a definition of "approved feed lots", specifies procedures for movement of serum production animals to and from licensed establishments and approved feed lots, provides a different dosage schedule for labels of anti-hog-cholera serum, sets forth procedures for sending samples of biological products to the National Animal Disease Laboratory, and adds a new Part 120 covering approval of feed lots and procedures for handling animals thereon.

The proposed amendments are designed to bring these activities into accord with developments in the Hog Cholera Eradication Program.

All persons who desire to submit written data, views, or arguments in connection with these amendments should file the same, in triplicate, with the Director of Animal Inspection and Quarantine Division, Agricultural Research Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D.C., within sixty (60) days after date of publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

The proposed amendments are as follows:

§ 101.1 [Amendment]

1. Add a new paragraph (ii) to § 101.1 to read as follows:

(ii) *Approved feed lot.* A feed lot approved by the Director for the raising of immune hogs for anti-hog-cholera serum production by a person who, under an agreement or contract, furnishes such hogs to a plant producing anti-hog-cholera serum.

2. Delete § 112.26 and substitute therefor the following:

§ 112.26 Collection, marking and handling of samples.

(a) Samples of each batch of anti-hog-cholera serum, hog-cholera vaccine, and hog-cholera virus shall be selected and collected only by an authorized officer, agent, or employee of the Department.

(b) Samples of any biological product may be purchased in the open market, and the marks, brands, or tags upon the package or wrapper thereof shall be noted. The collector shall note the names of the vendor and agent of the vendor who made the sale, together with

the date of purchase. The collector shall select representative samples.

(c) All samples or parts of samples shall be sealed by the collector and marked for identification and future reference.

3. Delete § 112.27 and substitute therefor the following:

§ 112.27 Selection for laboratory testing.

(a) Representative samples of each batch of a biological product and the quantity and number, as specified by the Director, shall be forwarded to the National Animal Disease Laboratory. Such samples shall be selected at random from packages finished for marketing. Except as provided in § 112.26 samples may be selected by designated laboratory employees of a Division employee.

(b) The licensee may retain at least as many duplicate samples of the product as required under the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section. Such duplicate samples should be retained by the licensee for a period of not less than 6 months after the expiration date stated on the label of the product.

§ 117.5 [Amendment]

4. Amend paragraph (c) of § 117.5 to read as follows:

(c) Removal of contact calves from contact pens shall be so accomplished that the animals furnished for the purpose shall have been used for the maximum time permitted by the preceding paragraphs of this section. A contact calf shall not be used as such more than once, but may be used for testing simultaneous virus after release as a contact animal. Contact calves shall be segregated from incoming animals for 14 days immediately before removal from the premises, and shall be released only for immedate slaughter.

§ 117.7 [Amendment]

5. Delete paragraphs (c) and (d) of § 117.7 and substitute therefor the following:

(c) All tags or other methods used for the identification of animals shall be applied in such a manner that permanent identification may be maintained. The tags shall be of a distinctive design or color so as to differentiate them from tags used for official vaccinates under the Hog-Cholera Eradication Program.

(d) All methods of identification shall be provided and applied by the licensee, and when tags or other devices for identification are not in use shall be held under Division lock.

§ 117.10 [Amendment]

6. Amend paragraphs (a), (b), (d), and (e) of § 117.10 to read as follows:

(a) Thirty or more days after receiving hog-cholera virus, hyperimmunes that are not in a healthy condition as determined by veterinary inspection, except when affected with a communicable disease, may be removed from licensed establishments for immediate slaughter in an abattoir operated under Federal inspection pursuant to the Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. and Sup. 71 et seq.) if they are transported thereto by truck, wagon, or similar means, and not by rail: *Provided,* They are properly marked for identification and the inspector in charge of meat inspection is given due notice in advance. If such an abattoir is not accessible, the slaughter of said animals may be conducted in any convenient non-federally inspected establishment provided the licensee signifies willingness in writing to dispose of the carcasses in compliance with the Meat Inspection Act and under the provisions of the meat inspection regulations (Subchapter A of this chapter) and veterinary inspection as directed by the inspector in charge. Other animals shall not be removed from licensed establishments unless they are in a healthy condition as determined by a veterinary inspection.

(b) Swine that are in a healthy condition as determined by veterinary inspection may be removed from licensed establishments only to an approved feed lot or for immediate slaughter provided they are not transported by rail or driven over public highways which are traversed by animals from the stockyards or similar places. When swine are removed to approved feed lots, the licensee shall furnish the Division with a certificate from the consignee of the animals showing their receipt.

* * * * *

(d) Pigs which survive inoculation and exposure to hog-cholera virus for the production of hog-cholera virus, surviving control pigs in tests of anti-hog-cholera serum or hog-cholera vaccine, and other surviving pigs from tests of anti-hog-cholera serum, hog-cholera virus, or hog-cholera vaccine may be removed from licensed establishments only to approved feed lots not earlier than 14 days subsequent to the time of inoculation and exposure aforesaid, provided they are healthy, as determined by veterinary inspection.

(e) Hyperimmune hogs if healthy as determined by veterinary inspection may be removed from licensed establishments for immediate slaughter not earlier than 11 days subsequent to the time of hyperimmunization, and need not be disinfected.

7. Add a new paragraph (f) to § 117.10 to read as follows:

(f) All animals on the premises shall be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of these regulations and where specific provision is not made therefor shall be disposed of as required by the Director.

8. Amend § 117.11 to read as follows:

§ 117.11 Swine; treatment prior to removal.

All swine which require treatment or vaccination against hog cholera shall be treated with either serum alone or by the simultaneous-inoculation method as follows:

(a) When serum alone is used it shall have been prepared and released for marketing at an establishment holding a license from the Secretary.

(b) When the simultaneous-inoculation method is used both the serum and virus used shall have been prepared and released for marketing at an establishment holding a license from the Secretary. After receiving virus they shall be held on the premises under the supervision of an inspector for a period of not less than 14 days.

9. Amend § 117.12 to read as follows:

§ 117.12 Disinfection of animals and trucks.

All animals and trucks which require disinfection shall be treated as follows:

(a) The feet, legs, and soiled portions of the body of calves to be removed from the licensed establishments shall be cleaned and disinfected with a 2 percent aqueous solution of cresol compound, U.S.P., or a substitute therefor approved by the Director, and the animals shall then be held in noninfectious pens on the premises of the establishment until they are dry before being loaded for transportation.

(b) Hogs shall be disinfected in a 2 percent aqueous solution of cresol compound, U.S.P., or a substitute therefor approved by the Director, and shall be held in noninfectious pens on the premises before being loaded for transportation, and after disinfection they shall not be exposed to infectious pens, chutes, and the like. Hogs transported in trucks, wagons, or by similar means may be removed as soon after disinfection as they are observed by the inspector to be dry.

(c) (1) All trucks carrying live animals to a licensed establishment or an approved feed lot shall be cleaned and disinfected with a permitted cresylic disinfectant in the proportion of 4 fluid ounces to 1 gallon of water before further use as provided in §§ 76.31(e) and 76.33 (c) of this chapter.

(2) When more than one consecutive trip is required, such disinfection shall be made when the last load of hogs has been delivered and before the truck leaves the licensed premises or approved feed lot.

(3) When leaving the premises of a licensed establishment or an approved feed lot, the tires of trucks shall be sprayed with a permitted disinfectant.

§ 118.3 [Amendment]

10. Amend paragraph (a) of § 118.3 to read as follows:

(a) Pigs for the production of inoculating virus at a licensed establishment shall weigh not less than 40 pounds nor more than 125 pounds each and shall be inoculated only with highly virulent hog-cholera virus. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, no hog-cholera virus shall be used for inoculating pigs for the production of inoculating virus, hyperimmunizing virus, or simultaneous virus, or for inoculating pigs in serum or vaccine tests, unless it has been produced, processed, tested and held in the frozen state by a licensee in accordance with an outline acceptable to the Director.

11. Add a new paragraph (d) to § 118.3 to read as follows:

(d) Hog-cholera virus shall be held under Division lock at a licensed establishment and shall not be released except

for use on the premises of a licensed establishment or an approved feed lot, or for export, or for experimental purposes. The Director shall issue the permit for the release of such virus for experimental purposes. The inspector in charge shall issue the permit for the release of such virus for use on the premises of a licensed establishment or an approved feed lot, or for export.

12. Delete § 118.35 and substitute therefore the following:

§ 118.35 Disinfection of carcasses.

Virus pig carcasses before removal shall be slashed in such a manner that muscles of all primal cuts are exposed. Crude carbolic acid or kerosene shall be applied by a brush into the cut muscles so exposed.

13. Amend § 119.3 to read as follows:

§ 119.3 Required period of immunity.

Anti-hog-cholera serum shall be derived at licensed establishments only from hyperimmune hogs which have been immune to hog cholera for at least 60 days prior to hyperimmunization.

14. Amend § 119.63 to read as follows:

§ 119.63 Minimum dosage.

Anti-hog-cholera serum may be marketed if, upon testing, as provided in Parts 101 to 122 of this subchapter, it is found "satisfactory for potency" and "satisfactory for purity", provided the label on the true container thereof contains recommendation of minimum dosage for use as specified in this section:

(a) For use in preventive vaccination, the minimum dose shall be 15 cc or more when used with hog-cholera vaccine.

(b) Export labels only may contain recommendations for use with simultaneous virus in doses not less than those appearing in the following table:

Weight	*Minimum dose (cc)*
Suckling pigs	20
Pigs 20 to 40 pounds	30
Pigs 40 to 90 pounds	35
Pigs 90 to 120 pounds	45
Hogs 120 to 150 pounds	55
Hogs 150 to 180 pounds	65
Hogs 180 pounds and over	75

15. Add a new Part 120 to read as follows:

PART 120—APPROVED FEED LOTS

Sec.

120.1 Approval required.
120.2 Application for approval.
120.3 Feed lots approval.
120.4 Listing of approved feed lots.
120.5 Deletion from list of approved feed lots.
120.6 Admitting pigs to premises.
120.7 Method of identification.
120.8 Vaccination in approved feed lots.
120.9 Records of vaccination and disposition.
120.10 Removal of animals.
120.11 Dead animals, removal.

§ 120.1 Approval required.

In order to be designated as an approved feed lot, a feed lot shall meet the requirements set forth in this part and be approved by the Director, Animal Inspection and Quarantine Division. Prior to final determination, the Director shall obtain the recommendations of the responsible State official in which such feed lot is located. Any person desiring to have his feed lot designated as an approved feed lot shall make written application for such designation to the Director in accordance with the provisions of § 120.2.

§ 120.2 Application for approval.

The application for approval of a feed lot shall contain the following information: The name of the owner of the feed lot, the name of the person responsible for its operations, the location of the premises, the types of operations on the premises and adjoining premises, the approximate number of animals to be maintained on the premises, whether animals are fed grain, or cooked garbage, the percentage of animals sold to anti-hog-cholera serum producers with names of such producers, the disposition of of hogs not sold to such producers, and a justification or reasons why such feed lot operations will not endanger other swine or impair the Hog-Cholera Eradication Program.

§ 120.3 Feed lots approval.

Before a feed lot is approved by the Director, an inspection shall be made to determine whether such lot meets the requirements of this part. A feed lot shall not be approved unless, in the opinion of the Director, its location and method of operation will not endanger other swine or impair the Hog-Cholera Eradication Program. The volume of swine handled for anti-hog-cholera serum producers must be sufficient to warrant approval.

§ 120.4 Listing of approved feed lots.

The Director shall compile a list of approved feed lots, copies of which will be available to all licensed establishments, operators of approved feed lots, and interested State officials in which such approved feed lots are located.

§ 120.5 Deletion from list of approved feed lots.

(a) An approved feed lot will be deleted from the list of approved feed lots upon a request from the operator thereof.

(b) The Director shall delete an approved feed lot from such list when he finds that the handling of swine in the lot is no longer adequate to effectuate the purposes of these regulations, or the lot's location or method of operation endangers other swine or impairs the Hog-Cholera Eradication Program or is not operated in accordance with the provisions of this part. In the event of the deletion of a feed lot, all animals remaining in the lot shall be disposed of in accordance with §§ 120.9 and 120.10, and incoming animals shall not be vaccinated as provided in § 120.8.

§ 120.6 Admitting pigs to premises.

Pigs for feeding purposes may be purchased vaccinated or unvaccinated from any source. Upon receipt, such pigs shall be vaccinated or revaccinated and permanently identified. If pigs are received from a licensed establishment they need not be revaccinated.

§ 120.7 Method of identification.

All tags or other method used for identification of animals shall be applied in such a manner that permanent identification may be maintained. The tags, or other method of identification, shall be of a distinctive design or color so as to differentiate them from identification used for official vaccinates under the Hog-Cholera Eradication Program.

§ 120.8 Vaccination in approved feed lots.

All vaccination in approved feed lots, when virulent hog-cholera virus is used, shall be performed by a competent and responsible agent or employee of a licensee. Virulent virus to be used in such vaccination will be released to the licensee by permit issued by an inspector in charge on written application therefor. All such virus shall be accounted for by the licensee or its authorized agent or employee.

§ 120.9 Records of vaccination and disposition.

(a) Records of vaccination and disposition of all animals shall be maintained by each licensee and each operator of an approved feed lot on forms approved by the Department and made available to such operators. A copy of such records shall be furnished to the inspector.

(b) An inventory of animals showing the daily admission to and removal from the premises of all animals shall be maintained by the operator of an approved feed lot.

§ 120.10 Removal of animals.

(a) Swine shall not be removed from an approved feed lot without a permit issued by the inspector in charge in response to a written application therefor. Removal of animals will be permitted by the inspector in charge under the following conditions provided such removal is accomplished in a manner as to preclude the dissemination of disease:

(1) Swine are in a healthy condition as determined by veterinary inspection.

(2) Swine are transported directly to an abattoir for immediate slaughter or to an establishment producing anti-hog-cholera serum. Such transportation shall be by truck, wagon, or similar means and not by rail.

(3) Swine are removed not earlier than 60 days after vaccination with virulent hog-cholera virus.

(b) A certificate of receipt from the consignee of such animals shall be furnished to the inspector in charge by the operator of the feed lot.

§ 120.11 Dead animals, removal.

Dead animals shall be removed from an approved feed lot only to a rendering plant. Trucks used for this purpose shall have water tight bodies and be covered by tarpaulin to prevent flies from reaching the carcasses. Identification tags shall be removed from all dead animals before removal and turned over to an inspector.

16. Make such other changes as may be necessary to conform other provisions

of the regulations with any amendment that may result from the foregoing proposed amendments.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 8th day of August 1962.

M. R. CLARKSON,
Acting Administrator,
Agricultural Research Service.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8059; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:52 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

Food and Drug Administration

[21 CFR Part 141a]

ANTIBIOTIC AND ANTIBIOTIC-CONTAINING DRUGS

Sterility Testing; Proposed Changes in Procedures and Certification Requirements

Correction

In F.R. Doc. 62-7112, appearing at page 6880 of the issue for Friday, July 20, 1962, the following changes are made:

1. In the amendatory language of item "21.", the section reference should read "§ 141a.54(b)" instead of "§ 141a.52 (b)".

2. In the fourth line of the codified material appearing under item "22.", the fifth word should read "medium" instead of "meidum".

FEDERAL AVIATION AGENCY

[14 CFR Part 507]

[Reg. Docket No. 1338]

LOCKHEED MODEL 1649A AIRCRAFT

Proposed Airworthiness Directive

Pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, (14 CFR Part 405), notice is hereby given that the Federal Aviation Agency has under consideration a proposal to amend Part 507 of the regulations of the Administrator to include an airworthiness directive requiring inspection of the wing lower milled skin for cracks at wing Station 590 on Lockheed Model 1649A aircraft.

Interested persons may participate in the making of the proposed rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in duplicate to the Docket Section of the Federal Aviation Agency, Room A-103, 1711 New York Avenue NW., Washington 25, D.C. All communications received on or before September 10, 1962, will be considered by the Administrator before taking action on the proposed rule. The proposals contained in this notice may be changed in light of comments received. All comments submitted will be available in the Docket Section for examination by interested persons at any time. This proposal will not be given further distribution as a draft release.

This amendment is proposed under the authority of sections 313(a), 601 and 603 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (72 Stat. 752, 775, 776; 49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1421, 1423.)

In consideration of the foregoing, it is proposed to amend § 507.10(a) of Part 507 (14 CFR Part 507), by adding the following airworthiness directive:

LOCKHEED. Applies to all Model 1649A aircraft.

Compliance required as indicated.

As a result of chordwise cracks on the wing lower milled skin at wing Station 590, the following shall be accomplished:

(a) Within the next 400 hours' time in service after the effective date of this AD, unless already accomplished within the past 600 hours' time in service, and at periods thereafter not exceeding 1,000 hours' time in service following that initial inspection, inspect from wing Station 580 through wing Station 600, the external lower surface of the aft skin panels, P/N 472066, for any evidence of cracks emanating from the aft edge of the panel through the rear beam attachment holes. Inspection shall be by close visual or dye penetrant means.

(b) Any cracks shall be repaired prior to further flight in accordance with Lockheed 1649 Service Bulletin No. 73, Section 1, "Modification Data", and Lockheed Drawing SED 61-9004, or an equivalent method approved by the Chief, Engineering and Manufacturing Branch, FAA Western Region.

(c) The periodic inspections may be discontinued following repair per (b) or when an uncracked skin panel has been reinforced in accordance with Lockheed 1649 Service Bulletin No. 73.

(d) Upon request of the operator, an FAA maintenance inspector, subject to prior approval of the Chief, Engineering and Manufacturing Branch, FAA Western Region, may adjust the repetitive inspection intervals specified in this Airworthiness Directive to permit compliance at an established inspection period of the operator if the request contains substantiating data to justify the increase for such operator.

(Lockheed Field Service Letter FS/240893L, dated April 14, 1960, and Lockheed 1649 Service Bulletin No. 73 cover this same subject.)

Issued in Washington, D.C., on August 6, 1962.

G. S. MOORE,
Acting Director,
Flight Standards Service.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8023; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:45 a.m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

ALASKA

Notice of Proposed Withdrawal and Reservation of Lands

AUGUST 6, 1962.

The Federal Aviation Agency has filed an application, Serial Number A. 057654 for the withdrawal of the lands described below, from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, mining and mineral leasing laws, except for disposal of materials under the Materials Act. The applicant desires the land for adequate protection and support for existing and future Air Navigation facilities.

For a period of 30 days from the date of publication of this notice, all persons who wish to submit comments, suggestions, or objections in connection with the proposed withdrawal may present their views in writing to the undersigned officer of the Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior, Cordova Building, 555 Cordova Street, Anchorage, Alaska.

If circumstances warrant it, a public hearing will be held at a convenient time and place, which will be announced.

The determination of the Secretary on the application will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER. A separate notice will be sent to each interested party of record.

The lands involved in the application are:

WOODY ISLAND—KODIAK AREA

Beginning at Corner No. 1 of U.S. Survey No. 484, thence:

S. 34°57′ E., 2.77 chains to Corner No. 2, U.S. Survey No. 484,
S. 54°54′ W., 2.17 chains to Corner No. 3, U.S. Survey No. 484,
S. 41°41′ E., 5.34 chains to Corner No. 4, U.S. Survey No. 484,
N. 88°10′ E., 2.79 chains to Corner No. 5, U.S. Survey No. 484,
S. 55°25′ W., 4.77 chains to Corner No. 1, U.S. Survey No. 603, Tract B.
S. 76°45′ W., 2.21 chains to Corner No. 4, U.S. Survey No. 603, Tract "B", thence meandering around the shore line of St. Paul Harbor as follows:
S. 76°45′ W., 4.14 chains,
N. 46°40′ W., 2.60 chains,
N. 1°16′ W., 4.00 chains,
N. 26°43′ E., 3.80 chains,
N. 60°24′ E., 4.86 chains to point of beginning Corner No. 1, U.S. Survey No. 484, containing 7.33 acres, more or less.

ROBERT J. COFFMAN,
Chief, Division of Lands and Minerals Management.

[F.R. Doc. 62–8053; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:50 a.m.]

ALASKA

Notice of Termination of Proposed Withdrawal and Reservation of Lands

AUGUST 6, 1962.

Notice of an application ,Serial Number A. 048872, for withdrawal and reservation of lands was published as Federal Register Document No. 143 on page 5921–5922 of the issue for July 23, 1959. The applicant agency has canceled its application insofar as it involved the lands described below. Therefore, pursuant to the regulations contained in 43 CFR Part 295, such lands will be at 10:00 a.m. on September 6, 1962 relieved of the segregative effect of the above-mentioned application.

The lands involved in this notice of termination are:

WOODY ISLAND

Beginning at Corner No. 1 of U.S.S. 484, thence:

S. 34°57′ E., 2.77 chains to Corner No. 2, U.S. Survey No. 484,
S. 54°54′ W., 2.17 chains to Corner No. 3, U.S. Survey No. 484,
S. 41°41′ E., 5.34 chains to Corner No. 4, U.S. Survey No. 484,
N. 88°10′ E., 2.79 chains to Corner No. 5, U.S. Survey No. 484,
S. 55°25′ W., 4.77 chains to Corner No. 1, U.S. Survey No. 603 Tract B.
S. 76°45′ W., 2.21 chains to Corner No. 4, U.S. Survey No. 603,
S. 76°45′ W., 4.14 chains,
N. 46°40′ W., 2.60 chains,
N. 1°16′ W., 4.00 chains,
N. 26°43′ E., 3.80 chains,
N. 60°24′ E., 4.86 chains to point of beginning.

Containing 7.33 acres.

ROBERT J. COFFMAN,
Chief, Division of Lands and Minerals Management.

[F.R. Doc. 62–8054; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:51 a.m.]

ALASKA

Small Tract Classification No. 116; Cancellation

AUGUST 3, 1962.

1. Pursuant to the authority redelegated to me from Bureau Order No. 684, dated August 28, 1961 (26 F.R. 6215) as amended, by the Alaska State Director in section 2(c) of a memorandum dated December 1, 1961, and effective immediately, Federal Register Document 61–3815 is hereby cancelled in its entirety as it concerns the following described lands:

KENAI AREA

T. 5 N., R. 11 W., S.M.,
Section 6: Lots 41–60 inc., 62–126 inc., 133–151 inc., 159–166 inc.
T. 5 N., R. 12 W., S.M.,
Section 1: Lots 2–6 inc.

Containing approximately 172.57 acres.

2. Since all of the lands have been patented to the State of Alaska under patent No. 1225003 dated January 22, 1962, this action will not open any lands to application.

ROBERT J. COFFMAN,
Chief, Division of Lands and Minerals Management.

[F.R. Doc. 62–8052; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:50 a.m.]

WYOMING

Notice of Filing of Wyoming Protraction Diagrams (Unsurveyed Land)

AUGUST 6, 1962.

Notice is hereby given that effective September 10, 1962, the following protraction diagram is officially filed of record in the Wyoming Land Office, 2002 Capitol Avenue, Cheyenne, Wyoming. In accordance with Title 43, Code of Federal Regulations, this protraction will become the basic record for describing the land for all authorized purposes at and after 10:00 a.m. of the above effective date. Until this date and time, the diagram has been placed in the open files and is available to the public for information only. Copies will be for sale at one dollar ($1.00) per sheet by the Division of Engineering, State Office, Bureau of Land Management, 2002 Capitol Avenue, P.O. Box 929, Cheyenne, Wyoming.

SIXTH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

Approved January 31, 1962

Diagram No.	*Townships*
2	T. 53, N., R. 104 W.
	T. 54 N.
	T. 56 N.
	T. 53 N., R. 105 W.
	T. 54 N.
	T. 55 N.
	T. 56 N.
	T. 53 N., R. 106 W.
	T. 54 N.
	T. 55 N.
	T. 56 N.
	T. 53 N., R. 107 W.
	T. 54 N.
	T. 55 N.
	T. 56 N.
	T. 53 N., R. 108 W.
	T. 54 N.
	T. 55 N.
	T. 56 N.
	T. 53 N., R. 109 W.
	T. 54 N.
	T. 56 N.
	T. 53 N., R. 110 W.
18	T. 31 N., R. 103 W.
	T. 32 N.
	T. 32 N., R. 104 W.
	T. 32 N., R. 105 W.
	T. 32 N., R. 106 W.

Approved May 31, 1962

9	T. 44 N., R. 105 W.
	T. 44 N., R. 106 W.
	T. 43 N., R. 107 W.
	T. 44 N.
	T. 44 N., R. 108 W.
	T. 43 N., R. 109 W.
	T. 44 N.
5	T. 45 N., R. 110 W.
	T. 46 N.
	T. 47 N.
	T. 48 N.
	T. 45 N., R. 111 W.
	T. 46 N.
	T. 47 N.
	T. 48 N.
	T. 46 N., R. 112 W.
	T. 47 N.
	T. 48 N.
	T. 46 N., R. 113 W.
	T. 47 N.
	T. 48 N.
6	T. 46 N., R. 114 W.
	T. 47 N.
	T. 48 N.
	T. 46 N., R. 115 W.
	T. 47 N.
	T. 48 N.
	T. 45 N., R. 116 W.
	T. 46 N.
	T. 47 N.
	T. 45 N., R. 117 W.
	T. 46 N.

THOMAS H. FLOYD, Jr.,
Land Office Manager.

Approved: August 6, 1962.

ED PIERSON,
Wyoming State Director.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8049; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:49 a.m.]

WYOMING

Redelegation of Authority in Connection With Lands and Resources

Pursuant to authority contained in § 1.1(a) of Bureau Order 684 (26 F.R. 8216, August 31, 1961), I hereby authorize the following employees to perform the functions listed below which are delegated to the State Director.

The District Managers in the State of Wyoming may perform the functions listed in § 1.5(a), "Classification of Land," and are hereby authorized to classify public lands under section 7 of the Taylor Grazing Act of June 28, 1934 as amended (43 U.S.C. 315f) or pursuant to other laws.

Notwithstanding this delegation, the Chief, Division of Lands and Minerals Management is hereby authorized to perform the functions listed above. The above delegation shall become effective September 3, 1962.

ED PIERSON,
State Director.

Approved: August 6, 1962.

H. R. HOCHMUTH,
Acting Director,
Bureau of Land Management.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8027; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:46 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Bureau of Customs

[T.D. 55682]

COTTON TEXTILES AND COTTON TEXTILE PRODUCTS PRODUCED OR MANUFACTURED IN POLAND

Restrictions on Entry or Withdrawal From Warehouse

AUGUST 8, 1962.

To Collectors of Customs and others concerned:

There is published below a letter of July 30, 1962, from the Interagency Textile Administrative Committee, recommending and requesting the taking of specified action relating to certain cotton textiles and cotton textile products produced or manufactured in Poland.

Accordingly, it is hereby ordered that cotton textiles and cotton textile products produced or manufactured in Poland included in Categories 26, 28, 34, and in Schedule A No. 3084 400 only within Category 64, shall not be permitted to be entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, at any port of entry in the United States (including the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico) between August 6, 1962, and September 30, 1962, inclusive, except that release of the quantities mentioned in the letter published below will be authorized.

With respect to such quantities of cotton textiles and cotton textile products as are mentioned in the published letter entries for consumption or warehouse withdrawals for consumption of the specified quantities will not be accepted before noon, e.s.t., or its equivalent in other time zones, on August 8, 1962, and such merchandise will thereafter be released when specific authorization from the Bureau of Customs is granted.

The categories involved are described in detail in the "Schedule A and U.S.I.D.A. Components of Selected International Cotton Textile Arrangement Categories," attached to the aforesaid letter. This order is not applicable to samples which would otherwise be eligible for duty-free importation pursuant to title 19, United States Code, section 1201, paragraph 1821(b). The procedures of §§ 12.70–12.73 of the Customs Regulations, governing importations of restricted textiles, are applicable to importations of merchandise affected by this order.

[SEAL] JAMES POMEROY HENDRICK,
Acting Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF COMMERCE
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

THE INTERAGENCY TEXTILE ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE

JULY 30, 1962.

The Honorable C. DOUGLAS DILLON,
The Secretary of the Treasury,
Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. SECRETARY: In accordance with the letter of June 21, 1962, to you from the President of the United States delegating authority under certain parts of section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956 as amended by P.L. 87-488 and in accordance with the authority granted to the Interagency Textile Administrative Committee in that letter, the Interagency Textile Administrative Committee recommends and requests, in accordance with Articles IA and ID of the Arrangements Regarding International Trade in Cotton Textiles done at Geneva July 21, 1961, that you take the actions listed below to prevent disruption or threatened disruption of the markets in listed textile products in the United States and to prevent circumvention or frustration of the said Arrangements by non-participants. These Arrangements were concluded under authority of section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956 on a multilateral basis by countries accounting for a significant part of the world trade in cotton textiles and cotton textile products.

Actions Recommended and Requested

Cotton textiles and cotton textile products, included in Categories 26, 28, 34, and in Schedule A No. 3084400 only within Category 64, produced or manufactured in Poland and exported therefrom shall be refused entry into the United States for consumption when offered during the period August 6, 1962 through September 30, 1962, for entry in excess of the following amounts:

Category 26	60,000 square yards.
Category 28	5,000 units.
Category 34	5,000 units.
Category 64 (Schedule A No. 3084400).	5,000 units.

The products included in the above listed categories are described in detail in the attached "Schedule A and U.S.I.D.A. Components of Selected International Cotton Textile Arrangement Categories". The foregoing restraint should not be made applicable to samples otherwise eligible for duty-free importation pursuant to paragraph 1821 of Section 1201 of Title 19 of the United States Code. Furthermore, in carrying out the above-described recommendations, entry into the United States for consumption shall be construed to include entry for consumption into the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

This recommendation was arrived at on the 23rd day of July, 1962, by unanimous vote of the Interagency Textile Administrative Committee.

Sincerely yours,

HICKMAN PRICE, Jr.,
Chairman.

Schedule A and U.S.I.D.A. Components of Selected International Cotton Textile Arrangement Categories

Category	*Schedule A number*	*U.S.I.D.A. number*
26. Fabrics, n.e.s. carded yarn.	3048 900	0904 192*
	3058 900	492*
	3068 900	792*
	3075 010	292*
	3078 010	592*
	3080 210	892*
	3081 350	392*
	3081 410	692*
	3968 010	992*
		0905 192*
		492*
		792*
		292*
		592*
		892*
		392*
		692*
		992*
		0906 1000
		0908 4520
		0909 4520
		5020
		0520
		2020
		2520
		3020
		1122 1000

Schedule A and U.S.I.D.A. Components of Selected International Cotton Textile Arrangement Categories—Continued

Category	Schedule A number	U.S.I.D.A. number
28. Pillow cases, plain carded yarn.	3086 010	0911 6000
34. Sheets, carded yarn.	3086 030	0911 7000
64. All other cotton textile items (Blankets and blanket cloth, napped or unnapped, not jacquard figured).	3084 400	0907 2000

*The last digit represents average yarn number groups (e.g., *0* represents average yarn numbers 10 or lower; *3* represents average yarn numbers 21 through 25; *9* represents average yarn numbers over 60, etc.).

[F.R. Doc. 62–8068; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:53 a.m.]

[T.D. 55683]

COTTON TEXTILES AND COTTON TEXTILE PRODUCTS PRODUCED OR MANUFACTURED IN MEXICO

Restrictions on Entry or Withdrawal From Warehouse

AUGUST 8, 1962.

There is published below a letter of July 31, 1962, from the Interagency Textile Administrative Committee, recommending and requesting the taking of specified action relating to certain cotton textiles and cotton textile products produced or manufactured in Mexico which were exported from Mexico on or after certain dates.

Accordingly, it is hereby ordered that cotton textiles and cotton textile products produced or manufactured in Mexico included in Category 1 and exported from Mexico on or after August 10, 1962, shall not be permitted to be entered for consumption, or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption, at any port of entry in the United States (including the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico). The category involved is described in detail in the attached "Schedule A and U.S.I.D.A. Components of Selected International Cotton Textile Arrangement Categories," attached to the aforesaid letter. This order is not applicable to samples which would otherwise be eligible for duty-free importation pursuant to title 19, United States Code, section 1201, paragraph 1821(b). The procedures set forth in §§ 12.70–12.73 of the Customs Regulations, governing importations of restricted textiles, are applicable to importations of merchandise affected by this decision.

[SEAL] JAMES POMEROY HENDRICK,
Acting Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF COMMERCE
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

THE INTERAGENCY TEXTILE ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE

JULY 31, 1962.

The Honorable C. DOUGLAS DILLON,
The Secretary of the Treasury,
Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. SECRETARY: In accordance with the letter of June 21, 1962, to you from the President of the United States delegating authority under certain parts of section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956 as amended by Public Law 87–488 and in accordance with the authority granted to the Interagency Textile Administrative Committee in that letter, the Interagency Textile Administrative Committee recommends and requests, in accordance with Articles IA and ID of the Arrangements Regarding International Trade in Cotton Textiles done at Geneva July 21, 1961, that you take the actions listed below to prevent disruption or threatened disruption of the markets in listed textile products in the United States and to prevent circumvention or frustration of the said Arrangements by non-participants. These Arrangements were concluded under authority of section 204 of the Agricultural Act of 1956 on a multilateral basis by countries accounting for a significant part of the world trade in cotton textiles and cotton textile products.

Actions Recommended and Requested

Cotton textiles and cotton textile products, included in Category 1, produced or manufactured in Mexico and exported therefrom on or after August 10, 1962, shall be refused entry into the United States for consumption.

The products included in Category 1 are described in detail in the attached "Schedule A and U.S.I.D.A. Components of Selected International Cotton Textile Arrangement Categories." The foregoing restraint should not be made applicable to samples otherwise eligible for duty-free importation pursuant to paragraph 1821 of Section 1201 of Title 19 of the United States Code. Furthermore, in carrying out the above-described recommendations, entry into the United States for consumption shall be construed to include entry for consumption into the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

This recommendation was arrived at on the 27th day of July, 1962, by unanimous vote of the Interagency Textile Administrative Committee.

Sincerely yours,

HICKMAN PRICE, JR.,
Chairman.

Enclosure:

Schedule A and U.S.I.D.A. Components of Selected International Cotton Textile Arrangement Categories

Category	Schedule A number	U.S.I.D.A. number
1. Cotton yarn, carded, singles, not ornamented, etc.:	3011 000 3021 100	0901 11** 0901 21**

** The last two digits represent yarn number groups (e.g., 05 represents yarn numbers 1 through 5; 30 represents yarn numbers 26 through 30; 90 represents yarn numbers from 81 through 90, etc.).

[F.R. Doc. 62–8069; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:53 a.m.]

Coast Guard

[CGFR 62–21]

EQUIPMENT, INSTALLATIONS, OR MATERIALS

Approval and Termination of Approval Notice

1. Various items of lifesaving, firefighting, and miscellaneous equipment, installations, and materials used on merchant vessels subject to Coast Guard inspection or on certain motorboats and other pleasure craft are required by law and various regulations in 46 CFR Chapter I to be of types approved by the Commandant, United States Coast Guard. The procedures governing the granting of approvals, and the cancellation, termination or withdrawal of approvals are set forth in 46 CFR 2.75–1 to 2.75–50, inclusive. For certain types of equipment, installations, and materials, specific specifications have been prescribed by the Commandant and are published in 46 CFR Parts 160 to 164, inclusive (Subchapter Q—Specifications), and detailed procedures for obtaining approvals are also described therein.

2. The Commandant's approval of a specific item is intended to provide a control over its quality. Therefore, such approval applies only to the item constructed or installed in accordance with the applicable requirements and the details described in the specific approval. If a specific item when manufactured does not comply with the details in the approval, then such item is not considered to have the Commandant's approval, and the certificate of approval issued to the manufacturer does not apply to such modified item. For example, if an item is manufactured with changes in design or material not previously approved, the approval does not apply to such modified item.

3. After a manufacturer has submitted satisfactory evidence that a particular item complies with the applicable laws and regulations, a Certificate of Approval (Form CGHQ–10030) will be issued to the manufacturer certifying that the item specified complies with the applicable laws and regulations and approval is given, which will be in effect for a period of 5 years from the date given unless sooner canceled or suspended by proper authority.

4. The purpose of this document is to notify all concerned that certain approvals were granted and terminations of approvals were made, as described in this document, during the period from May 31 to June 14, 1962. These actions were taken in accordance with procedures set forth in 46 CFR 2.75–1 to 2.75–50, inclusive.

5. The delegations of authority for the Coast Guard's actions with respect to approvals may be found in Treasury Department Orders 120, dated July 31, 1950 (15 F.R. 6521), 167–14, dated November 26, 1954 (19 F.R. 8026), 167–15, dated January 3, 1955 (20 F.R. 840), 167–20, dated June 18, 1956 (21 F.R. 4894), CGFR 56–28, dated July 24, 1956 (21 F.R. 5659), or 167–38, dated October 26, 1959 (24 F.R. 8857), and the statutory authority may be found in R.S. 4405, as amended, 4462, as amended, 4488, as amended, 4491, as amended, secs. 1, 2, 49 Stat. 1544, as amended, sec. 17, 54 Stat. 166, as amended, sec. 3, 54 Stat. 346, as amended, sec. 3, 70 Stat. 152 (46 U.S.C. 375, 416, 481, 489, 367, 526p, 1333, 390b), sec. 4(e), 67 Stat. 462 (43 U.S.C. 1333 (e)), or sec. 3(c), 68 Stat. 675 (50 U.S.C. 198), and implementing regulations in 46 CFR Chapter I or 33 CFR Chapter I.

6. In Part I of this document are listed the approvals granted which shall be in effect for a period of 5 years from the dates granted, unless sooner canceled or suspended by proper authority.

7. In Part II of this document are listed the approvals which have been terminated. Notwithstanding this termination of approvals of the items of equipment as listed in Part II such

equipment may be used so long as such equipment is in good and serviceable condition.

PART I—APPROVALS OF EQUIPMENT, INSTALLATIONS, OR MATERIALS

BUOYANT APPARATUS

Approval No. 160.010/17/1, 5.0′ x 2.5′ (7½″ x 9″ body section) elliptical, solid balsa wood buoyant apparatus, 5-person capacity, dwg. No. 31052 and specifications, dated March 10, 1952, manufactured by Atlantic-Pacific Manufacturing Corp., 124 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn 1, New York, effective June 14, 1962. (It is an extension of Approval No. 160.-010/17/1 date June 14, 1957, published in FEDERAL REGISTER August 3, 1957.)

DAVITS

Approval No. 160.032/127/0, mechanical davit, straight boom sheath screw, size A–5–6, approved for maximum working load of 5,000 lbs. per set (2,500 lbs. per arm) using 2-part falls, identified by general arrangement dwg. No. G–458, revised March 27, 1952, manufactured by C. C. Galbraith & Son, Inc., 99 Park Place, New York 7, New York, effective June 14, 1962. (It is an extension of Approval No. 160.032/127/0 dated June 14, 1957, published in FEDERAL REGISTER August 3, 1957.)

FLASHLIGHTS, ELECTRIC, HAND

Approval No. 161.008/9/0, Model F–91X, watertight and explosion-proof flashlight, Types I and II, size No. 3 (3-cell), identified by assembly dwg. No. C–1108 dated April 11, 1952, manufactured by Stewart R. Browne Mfg. Co., Inc., 258 Broadway, New York 7, New York, effective June 14, 1962. (It is an extension of Approval No. 161.008/9/0 dated June 14, 1957, published in FEDERAL REGISTER August 3, 1957.)

Approval No. 161.008/10/0, Model F–81X, watertight and explosion-proof flashlight, Types I and II, size No. 2 (2-cell), identified by assembly dwg. No. C–1108 dated April 11, 1952, manufactured by Stewart R. Browne Mfg. Co., Inc., 258 Broadway, New York 7, New York, effective June 14, 1962. (It is an extension of Approval No. 161.008/10/0 dated June 14, 1957 and published in FEDERAL REGISTER August 3, 1957.)

DECK COVERINGS

Approval No. 164.006/28/0, "LORA-LITE", Magnesite type deck covering identical to that described in National Bureau of Standards Test Report No. TG10210–1826:FPS3121 dated April 1, 1952, approved for use without other insulating material to meet Class A–60 requirements in a 1½-inch thickness, manfactured by Lorentzen Co., 1155 Fifth Street, Oakland, California, effective June 14, 1962. (It is an extension of Approval No. 164.006/28/0 dated June 14, 1957, published in FEDERAL REGISTER August 3, 1957.)

STRUCTURAL INSULATIONS

Approval No. 164.007/6/1, "BX Spintex," mineral wool type structural insulation identical to that described in National Bureau of Standards Test Report No. TG–3619–36; FR–1404 dated May 17, 1939, bats and blankets approved for use without other insulating material to meet Class A–60 requirements in a 3-inch thickness at 8 pounds per cubic foot density, and a 4-inch thickness at 6 pounds per cubic foot density, manufactured by Johns-Manville Sales Corp., 22 East 40th Street, New York 16, New York, effective June 14, 1962. (It is an extension of Approval No. 164.007/6/1 dated June 14, 1957, published in FEDERAL REGISTER August 3, 1957.)

Approval No. 164.077/7/1, "#450 Cement," mineral wool cement type structural insulation identical to that described in National Bureau of Standards Test Report No. TG–3619B; FR–1466B dated July 7, 1939, approved for use without other insulating material to meet Class A–60 requirements in a 3½-inch thickness and 30 pounds per cubic foot density, formerly J–M #450 Cement, manufactured by Johns-Manville Sales Corp., 22 East 40th Street, New York 16, New York, effective June 14, 1962. (It is an extension of Approval No. 164.-007/7/1 dated June 14, 1957, published in FEDERAL REGISTER August 3, 1957.)

Approval No. 164.007/9/1, "Banroc 202AA," mineral wool type structural insulation identical to that described in National Bureau of Standards Test Report No. TG–3619–36; FR–1404 dated May 17, 1939, blankets with asbestos paper facings approved for use without other insulating materials to meet Class A–60 requirements in a 3-inch thickness and 16 pounds per cubic foot density, formerly J–M 202AA, manufactured by Johns-Manville Sales Corp., 22 East 40th Street, New York 16, New York, effective June 14, 1962. (It is an extension of Approval No. 164.007/9/1 dated June 14, 1957, published in FEDERAL REGISTER August 3, 1957.)

BULKHEAD PANELS

Approval No. 164.008/50/0, "Marinite 32" asbestos cement board type bulkhead panel, identical to that described in National Bureau of Standards Test Report No. 7509, Project No. 1002–30–10627, dated May 18, 1962, approved as meeting Class B–15 requirements in a ⅞-inch thickness, manufactured by Marinite Ltd., 25 and 27 North Row, London W. 1., England (Plant: Germiston, Glasgow), effective May 31, 1962.

Approval No. 164.008/51/0, "Marinite 36" asbestos cement board type bulkhead panel, identical to that described in National Bureau of Standards Test Report No. 7509, Project No. 1002–30–10627, dated May 18, 1962, approved as meeting Class B–15 requirements in a ⅞-inch thickness, manufactured by Marinite Ltd., 25 and 27 North Row, London W. 1., England (Plant: Germiston, Glasgow), effective May 31, 1962.

PART II—TERMINATIONS OF APPROVAL OF EQUIPMENT, INSTALLATIONS, OR MATERIALS

APPLIANCES, LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS CONSUMING

Termination of Approval No. 162.020/105/0, Model No. R080 range for liquefied petroleum gas service, approved by the American Gas Association, Inc., under Certificate No. P–1–36A2.001, manufactured by Wedgewood Division, Rheem Manufacturing Co., 1355 Market Street, San Francisco, California, effective June 3, 1962. (Termination of Approval No. 162.020/105/0 dated June 3, 1958 because manufacturer is no longer in business.)

Termination of Approval No. 162.020/106/0, Model No. R180 range for liquefied petroleum gas service, approved by the American Gas Association, Inc., under Certificate No. P–1–36C2.001, manufactured by Wedgewood Division, Rheem Manufacturing Co., 1355 Market Street, San Francisco, California, effective June 3, 1962. (Termination of Approval No. 162.020/106/0 dated June 3, 1958 because manufacturer is no longer in business.)

Termination of Approval No. 162.020/107/0, Model R280 range for liquefied petroleum gas service, approved by the American Gas Association, Inc., under Certificate No. P–1–36C2.001, manufactured by Wedgewood Division, Rheem Manufacturing Co., 1355 Market Street, San Francisco, California, effective June 3, 1962. (Termination of Approval No. 162.020/107/0 dated June 3, 1958 because manufacturer is no longer in business.)

Termination of Approval No. 162.020/108/0, Model No. R281 range for liquefied petroleum gas service, approved by the American Gas Association, Inc., under Certificate No. P–1–36C2.001, manufactured by Wedgewood Division, Rheem Manufacturing Co., 1355 Market Street, San Francisco, California, effective June 3, 1962. (Termination of Approval No. 162.020/108/0 dated June 3, 1958 because manufacturer is no longer in business.)

Termination of Approval No. 162.020/109/0, Model No. M302 range for liquefied petroleum gas service, approved by the American Gas Association, Inc., under Certificate No. P–1–36A2.001, manufactured by Wedgewood Division, Rheem Manufacturing Co., 1355 Market Street, San Francisco, California, effective June 3, 1962. (Termination of Approval No. 162.020/109/0 dated June 3, 1958, because manufacturer is no longer in business.)

Dated: August 7, 1962.

[SEAL] E. J. ROLAND,
Admiral, U.S. Coast Guard,
Commandant.

[F.R. Doc. 62–8067; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:53 a.m.]

Comptroller of the Currency

EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY AND STATE BANK OF LAUREL

Notice of Report on Competitive Factors Involved in Merger Application

On July 2, 1962, the Board of Directors of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1828(c), requested that the Comptroller of the Currency report on the competitive factors involved in the proposed merger of The Equitable Trust Company, Baltimore, Maryland, with the State Bank of Laurel, Maryland.

On August 7, 1962, the Comptroller of the Currency reported that the proposed merger would provide complete and diversified banking services to Laurel without adversely affecting competition.

Copies of this report are available on request to the Comptroller of the Currency, Washington 25, D.C.

Dated: August 7, 1962.

[SEAL] A. J. FAULSTICH,
Administrative Assistant to the Comptroller of the Currency.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8037; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:47 a.m.]

Fiscal Service

BUREAU OF ACCOUNTS

Order of Succession of Officials Authorized to Act as Commissioner of Accounts

By virtue of the authority vested in me by Treasury Department Order No. 129, Revision No. 2, dated April 22, 1955 (20 F.R. 2875), it is hereby ordered that the following officials of the Bureau of Accounts, in the order of succession enumerated herein, shall have the authority to act as Commissioner of Accounts and to perform all the functions of that office, during the absence or disability of the Commissioner of Accounts or when there is a vacancy in such office:

1. Assistant Commissioner of Accounts.
2. Chief Disbursing Officer.
3. Chief Auditor.
4. Deputy Commissioner for Systems.
5. Assistant Chief Disbursing Officer (Senior).
6. Assistant Chief Disbursing Officer.
7. Deputy Commissioner for Deposits and Investments.
8. Assistant Commissioner for Administration.
9. Deputy Commissioner for Central Accounts.
10. Regional Disbursing Officer, Philadelphia, Pa.
11. Regional Disbursing Officer, Chicago, Ill.
12. Regional Disbursing Officer, Kansas City, Mo.

This Order of Succession supersedes the previous Order of this Bureau, dated January 27, 1961 (26 F.R. 1069).

Dated: August 8, 1962.

[SEAL] H. R. GEARHART,
Commissioner of Accounts.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8070; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:53 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Research Service

CERTAIN HUMANELY SLAUGHTERED LIVESTOCK

Identification of Carcasses

Pursuant to section 4 of the Act of August 27, 1958 (7 U.S.C. 1904) and the statement of policy thereunder in 9 CFR Part 181 the following table lists the establishments operated under Federal inspection under the Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 71 et seq.) which were officially reported on July 1, 1962, as humanely slaughtering and handling on that date the species of livestock respectively designated for such establishments in the table. Establishments reported after July 1, as using humane methods on July 1 or a later date in July, will be listed in a supplemental list. Previously published lists represented establishments reported in June or July 1962 as humanely slaughtering and handling the designated species of livestock on June 1 or some later date in June 1962 (27 F.R. 6637 and 6945 and 7804). The establishment number given with the name of the establishment is branded on each carcass of livestock inspected at that establishment. The table should not be understood to indicate that all species of livestock slaughtered at a listed establishment are slaughtered and handled by humane methods unless all species are listed for that establishment in the table. Nor should the table be understood to indicate that the affiliates of any listed establishment use only human methods:

Name of establishment	Establishment No.	Cattle	Calves	Sheep	Goats	Swine	Horses
Armour and Co	2AD	(*)	(*)				
Do	2AG	(*)					
Do	2AT	(*)		(*)		(*)	
Do	2AU	(*)		(*)			
Do	2C	(*)		(*)		(*)	
Do	2E	(*)		(*)		(*)	
Do	2F	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)		
Do	2H	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Do	2HT	(*)	(*)				
Do	2LT	(*)					
Do	2SD	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	
Do	2WN	(*)	(*)				
Swift and Co	3AC	(*)				(*)	
Do	3AE	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Do	3AN	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Do	3AW	(*)				(*)	
Do	3B	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Do	3C	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Do	3CC	(*)		(*)			
Do	3D	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Do	3E	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Do	3F	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	
Do	3FF	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Do	3H	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Do	3K	(*)	(*)				
Do	3L	(*)				(*)	
Do	3NN	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Do	3R	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Do	3T	(*)	(*)				
Do	3UU	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Do	3W	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Do	3Z	(*)	(*)				
Lykes Bros., Inc	8	(*)				(*)	
Do	8B	(*)					
Pauly Packing Co., Inc	10	(*)	(*)				
Hygrade Food Products Corp	12A	(*)				(*)	
Do	12C	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Do	12D	(*)					
Do	12G	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Do	12P	(*)					
Mickelberrys Food Products Co	16					(*)	
John Morrell and Co	17	(*)				(*)	
Do	17A	(*)				(*)	
Do	17D	(*)		(*)		(*)	
The Cudahy Packing Co	19	(*)				(*)	
The Cudahy Packing Co. of Nebraska	19E	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Wilson and Co., Inc	20N	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Do	20Q	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Do	20Y	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Swift and Co	23	(*)		(*)			
Brander Meat Co	25	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
The Sperry and Barnes Co	27C					(*)	
Patrick Cudahy, Inc	28	(*)				(*)	
Kreinberg and Krasny, Inc	30	(*)					
Valleydale Packers, Inc	34	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Kenton Packing Co	36	(*)				(*)	
Pocomoke Provision Co	39	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Armour and Co	40	(*)				(*)	
Sunnyland Packing Co	43	(*)				(*)	
Idaho Meat Packers	46	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Consolidated Dressed Beef Co., Inc	47	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Lackawanna Beef and Provision Co	49	(*)					
Midwestern Beef, Inc	53	(*)					
Sunnyland Packing Co. of Alabama	56	(*)				(*)	
Glover Packing Co. of Amarillo	60	(*)					
Glover Packing Co	60A	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)		
Welland Packing Co., Inc	61					(*)	
The Quaker Oats Co	67E						(*)
Minchs Wholesale Meats, Inc	72	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Brown Thompson & Son	73					(*)	
Eastern Packing Co	74E						(*)
Armour and Co	75	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)		
The Braun Brothers Packing Co	79	(*)				(*)	
City Packing Co	80	(*)	(*)			(*)	
The Cudahy Packing Co	81	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Edgar Packing Co	84		(*)				
Excel Packing Co., Inc	86	(*)					
Utica Veal Co., Inc	88	(*)					
The E. Kahns Sons Co	89	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Hygrade Food Products Corp	90	(*)					
Sugardale Provision Co	92	(*)				(*)	
Shonyo Packing Co	93	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)		
The Val Decker Packing Co	95	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
John Engelhorn and Sons	97					(*)	
A. Kochs Sons	98	(*)	(*)				
Armour and Co	100	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Liberty Packing Co	101	(*)	(*)				
H. Graver & Co	103	(*)	(*)	(*)			
J. Lynn Cornwell, Inc	107					(*)	
Wilson and Co., Inc	111	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Hoffman Packing Co., Inc	112	(*)					
Morris Packing Co	113	(*)					

Name of establishment	Establishment No.	Cattle	Calves	Sheep	Goats	Swine	Horses
The Merchants Co	116	(*)	(*)			(*)	
West Coast Meat Co., Inc	117	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Wilson and Co., Inc	119	(*)	(*)	(*)			
E. J. Archie and Sons, Inc	122	(*)					
City Dressed Beef	125	(*)					
Peyton Packing Co., Inc	126	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	
John Roth and Son, Inc	130	(*)					
Tobin Packing Co., Inc	133					(*)	
Armour and Co	139	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Edward J. Kluener, Inc	142	(*)	(*)				
Cornland Dressed Beef, Inc	157	(*)					
Armour and Co	158	(*)					
Carr Packing Co., Inc	160	(*)					
Joel E. Harrell and Son, Inc	162	(*)				(*)	
New York State College of Agriculture	165	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Swift and Co	166A	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	
Armour and Co	177	(*)	(*)				
Peerless Packing Co	180					(*)	
Montrose Beef Co	181	(*)					
The Rath Packing Co	186C	(*)	(*)				
The Rath Packing Co	186F					(*)	
Krey Packing Co	192	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
John Morrell and Co	196					(*)	
Hynes Packing Co	197	(*)	(*)				
United Fryer and Stillman, Inc	198	(*)					
George A. Hormel and Co	199	(*)				(*)	
Do	199D					(*)	
Do	199I					(*)	
Do	199N					(*)	
Cudahy Packing Co	202	(*)					
Heinzs Riverside Abattoir, Inc	210	(*)					
S. Adams Packing Co	211	(*)	(*)				
Penn Packing Co	212					(*)	
Elburn Packing Co	213	(*)					
Kneip Packing Co	213C		(*)				
Fred Dold and Sons Packing Co	214	(*)					
Lincoln Meat Co	217	(*)					
York Packing Co., Inc	220					(*)	
Gwaltney, Inc	221A					(*)	
Armour and Co	222	(*)				(*)	
De Jong Packing Co	223	(*)	(*)				
Hygrade Food Products Corp	224	(*)				(*)	
Do	224B	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Gold Merit Packing Co., Inc	232	(*)					
Walti Schilling and Co., Inc	235	(*)		(*)			
Raskin Packing Co	237	(*)					
Armour and Co	238			(*)		(*)	
P. D. and J. Meats	240	(*)	(*)				
Greenwood Packing Plant	242	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
I. Klayman & Co	243					(*)	
Iowa Beef Packers, Inc	245	(*)					
John Morrell and Co	246	(*)				(*)	
Harget Realty Corp	247	(*)				(*)	
Frosty Morn Meats	250	(*)				(*)	
Seilers, Inc	257					(*)	
Balentine Packing Co	258	(*)	(*)			(*)	
The Jones Dairy Farm	263					(*)	
Pacific Meat Co., Inc	267	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Houston Packing Co	271	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Tog Packing Co., Inc	273	(*)					
Elliott Packing Co	274	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Wilson and Co., Inc	275	(*)					
American Stores Co	279	(*)		(*)			
Agar Packing Co., Inc	282					(*)	
Figge and Hutwelker Co	283					(*)	
Solano Meat Co	285	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Arbogast and Bastian Co	289	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
The H. H. Meyer Packing Co	290					(*)	
San Jose Meat Co	291	(*)	(*)				
Sioux City Dressed Pork, Inc	292					(*)	
Gus Juengling and Son, Inc	298	(*)	(*)				
Waldock Packing Co	299					(*)	
Great Falls Meat Co	301	(*)				(*)	
Commercial Packing Co., Inc	302	(*)					
Union Packing Co	305	(*)					
Star Packing Co	306	(*)					
Survall Packing Co	307	(*)					
Ideal Packing Co., Inc	312	(*)					
Rudys Farm Co	315					(*)	
Webb Packing Co	316	(*)					
Greater New York Packing Co., Inc	317A					(*)	

Name of establishment	Establishment No.	Cattle	Calves	Sheep	Goats	Swine	Horses
Estes Packing Co	319	(*)	(*)				
Turlock Meat Co	325	(*)	(*)				
Frisco Packing Co	327	(*)					
C. and M. Meat Packing Corp	329	(*)	(*)				
Royal Packing Co	331	(*)					
Sokolik Packing Co	331A	(*)					
Shapiro Packing Co., Inc	332	(*)	(*)				
Great Western Packing Co., Inc	334	(*)					
Nobles Independent Meat Co	335	(*)	(*)				
Chino Valley Meat Packing Co., Inc	336	(*)	(*)				
Sam Kane Packing Co	337	(*)	(*)				
Peters Packing Co., Inc	341	(*)	(*)			(*)	
State Packing Co., Inc	344	(*)					
Anza Packing Co	345	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Union Packing Co	351	(*)					
Samuels E. Tex Packing Co	353	(*)					
Fresno Meat Packing Co	354	(*)	(*)				
Heil Packing Co	357					(*)	
Marks Meat Co	362	(*)	(*)				
Meyers Packing Co	363	(*)					
Montebello Meat Packing Co	364	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	
James Allan and Sons	365	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Bowling Provision Co., Inc	372					(*)	
Fischer Packing Co	374	(*)	(*)				
Cross Bros. Meat Packers, Inc	376	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Smithfield Packing Co., Inc	382					(*)	
American Stores Co	384	(*)					
Liebmann Packing Co	388	(*)	(*)				
Dugdale Packing Co	390	(*)					
Roth Packing Co	394	(*)					
Robert L. Runtz, Inc	395	(*)	(*)				
Dubuque Packing Co	396	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Logan Packing Co	397	(*)					
Watsonville Dressed Beef, Inc	398	(*)	(*)				
Superior Packing Co	399	(*)					
Los Banos Abattoir	400	(*)	(*)				
Neuhoff Bros	406	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Endlich Packing Co., Inc	410	(*)					
Alpine Packing Co	412	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
The Lundy Packing Co	413	(*)				(*)	
Frosty Morn Meats	414	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Philadelphia Boneless Beef Co	418	(*)					
Murray Packing Co., Inc	421	(*)					
The Collins Packing Co	423	(*)				(*)	
Hebron Packing Co., Inc	425	(*)					
Lone Star Packing Co	433	(*)	(*)				
Queen Packing Corp	436	(*)					
Schneider Packing Co	439	(*)	(*)				
Omaha Dressed Beef Co., Inc	441	(*)					
Del Curto Meat Co	445	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Peerless Packing Co., Inc	448	(*)					
Dewitt Packing Corp	456	(*)	(*)				
Swift and Co	459					(*)	
Morris Rifkin and Sons, Inc	460	(*)					
Lancaster Packing Co	462	(*)					
Litvak Packing Co	465	(*)					
Becwar Packing Co	467	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Corn Husker Packing Co	468	(*)					
Eckert Packing Co	471	(*)				(*)	
Armour and Co	477	(*)		(*)			
Middletown Beef Co., Inc	483	(*)					
St. Cloud Meat Packing Co	485	(*)					
East Tennessee Packing Co	487	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Nebraska Beef Co	489	(*)					
Goldring Packing Co., Inc	490	(*)		(*)			
Mid State Packers, Inc	494	(*)	(*)				
Greenlee Pack. Co	501	(*)					
Swift and Co	505	(*)					
B. Rothschild and Co	506	(*)					
Gruensfelder Packing Co	508	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Armour and Co	509	(*)				(*)	
The Hull and Dillon Packing Co	510	(*)				(*)	
Shen Valley Meat Packers, Inc	511	(*)				(*)	
Capitol Packing Co	513	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Charles Miller and Co	517	(*)				(*)	
Illinois Packing Co	521	(*)					
Pearl Packing Co., Inc	524	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	
Armour and Co	528	(*)	(*)				
Smallwood Packing Co., Inc	529	(*)					
Omaha Packing Co	532	(*)					
Rosenthal Packing Co., Inc	535	(*)		(*)	(*)		

Name of establishment	Establishment No.	Cattle	Calves	Sheep	Goats	Swine	Horses
Pepper Packing Co	536	(*)				(*)	
Oscar Mayer and Co., Inc	537A	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Do	537C					(*)	
Midwest Packing Co	538	(*)					
United Dressed Meats, Inc	546	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Swift and Co	548	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Pride Packing Co., Inc	549	(*)	(*)				
Piute Packing Co	550	(*)	(*)				
Salter Packing Co	551	(*)					
Black Hills Packing Co	554	(*)				(*)	
Springfield Rendering Co	555D	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)		
The Cudahy Packing Co	559	(*)	(*)			(*)	
D. and W. Packing Co	560	(*)					
Emery Land Co	561	(*)					
Packerland Packing Co., Inc	562	(*)	(*)				
John Morrell and Co	564					(*)	
Texas Meat Packers, Inc	565	(*)	(*)				
Elmer Binder & Son, Inc	569		(*)	(*)			
Perretta Packing Co., Inc	571	(*)					
Frosty Morn Meats, Inc	576	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Kingsford Packing Co., Inc	581	(*)					
Empire Packing Co., Inc	586	(*)					
Swift and Co	591	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Harman Packing Co	596	(*)	(*)				
San Antonio Packing Co	602			(*)	(*)		
Central Packing Co	606	(*)	(*)				
Swift and Co	608	(*)					
Eastern Oregon Meat Co., Inc	611	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
National Tea Co	613	(*)				(*)	
Donner Packing Co	614	(*)					
Kummer Packing Co	617	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Acme Meat Co., Inc	618	(*)					
Hill Packing Co	623E						(*)
Big Foot Packing Co., Inc	627	(*)	(*)				
H. H. Keim Co	630	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
General Meat Co	632	(*)					
Ebner Bros. Packers	633	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Auburn Packing Co., Inc	636	(*)					
R. and C. Packing Co	645	(*)					
Bird Provision Co	647					(*)	
Spencer Packing Co	648	(*)					
Wm. Schluderberg-T. J. Kurdle Co	649	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
John Morrell and Co	650					(*)	
Nagle Packing Co	653	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Wilson and Co., Inc	655			(*)			
Baums Bologna, Inc	657	(*)					
St. Louis Dressed Beef Co	659	(*)					
McCook Packing Co	660	(*)					
Quality Meat Packing Co	661	(*)	(*)				
Globe Packing Co	663	(*)					
Crown Packing Co	666					(*)	
Scottsbluff Packing Co	667	(*)		(*)			
San Joaquin Packing Co	671	(*)					
Union Packing Co	673	(*)					
Jacob Bauers Sons, Inc	678	(*)					
Colville Meats, Inc	679	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Armour and Co	680	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Haas Davis Packing Co., Inc	682	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Nations Brothers Packing Co	684	(*)	(*)			(*)	
The William Fockes Sons Co	685	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	
The Sucher Packing Co	689	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Marco Packing Co	692	(*)	(*)				
Bryan Meat Co	693	(*)	(*)				
Kramer Beef Co	695	(*)					
Carter Packing Co	698	(*)	(*)				
Central Nebraska Packing Co	713E						(*)
Davenport Packing Co., Inc	716	(*)					
Farmbest, Inc	717					(*)	
The Joseph N. Rice Co	719	(*)	(*)				
Swift and Co	726	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Decker and Son	727					(*)	
Vogt Packing Co	730	(*)					
The Jacob Schlachter's Son & Co	739	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Mid State Meat Co	741	(*)	(*)				
Pioneer Provision Co	742	(*)				(*)	
Howard Pancero and Co	747	(*)	(*)				
Ruchti Bros	749	(*)	(*)				
Luck Brothers Cooperative Packing Co	753	(*)					
Monroe Packing Co Inc	755	(*)					
Seitz Packing Co., Inc	756A	(*)				(*)	
Philadelphia Dressed Beef Co	758	(*)					
The American Meat Packing Corp	760					(*)	
Schaake Packing Co., Inc	761	(*)					
Karler Packing Co	767	(*)	(*)				
Sheridan Meat Co., Inc	768	(*)				(*)	
Earl C. Gibbs, Inc	770	(*)					
Modern Meat Packing Co	774	(*)		(*)			
Atlas Packing Co	775	(*)					
The Cudahy Packing Co	779	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Diamond Meat Co., Inc	783	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Aurora Packing Co., Inc	788	(*)					
Wimp Packing Co	791	(*)					
Baums Meat Packing	792	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Max Bauer Meat Packer	800	(*)	(*)				
The G. Erhardt Sons, Inc	810	(*)	(*)				
William N. H. Peters	813	(*)					
Rochester Independent Packer, Inc	817	(*)					
J. H. Ruth Packing Co	818					(*)	
Henry Meyers Sons, Inc	822	(*)	(*)				
Hibbs Packing Co	825	(*)		(*)			
Penford Packing Co	827	(*)	(*)				
Bristol Packing Co	828	(*)	(*)				
Norman Peters Packing Co	834	(*)					
White Packing Co., Inc	835	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Frederick County Products, Inc	838	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Herman Kempers Sons	839	(*)	(*)				
Reelfoot Packing Co	840	(*)	(*)			(*)	
G. Bartusch Packing Co	843	(*)					
Arena Dressed Beef Co	853	(*)					
Sioux City Dressed Beef, Inc	857	(*)					
Siouxland Dressed Beef Co., Division of	857F	(*)		(*)			
Jordan Meat & Livestock Co	858	(*)	(*)	(*)		(*)	
Sam McDaniel and Sons, Inc	859	(*)					
Wells and Davies, Inc	860	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Sierra Meat Co	862	(*)					
Gunsberg Beef Co	867	(*)					
Genesee Packing Co	868	(*)					
Samuels & Co., Inc	878	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)		
Pahler Packing Corp	880	(*)					
Vermont Dressed Beef Co., Inc	883	(*)					
Walden Packing Co., Inc	886	(*)					
William Davies Co., Inc	888A	(*)				(*)	
O'Neill Packing Co	889	(*)					
City Packing Co	891	(*)	(*)				
Tobin Packing Co., Inc	893					(*)	
Vernon Calhoun Packing Co	897	(*)					
Meats, Inc	899	(*)	(*)				
Sigman Meat Co., Inc	901	(*)	(*)				
Party Packing Corp	902	(*)					
Chiapetti Packing Co	916			(*)			
National Meat Packers, Inc	917	(*)	(*)			(*)	
Valleydale Packers Inc., of Bristol	922	(*)	(*)			(*)	
South Philadelphia Willowbrook, Inc	923	(*)	(*)				
Wisconsin Packing Co	924	(*)					
Peoples Packing Co	925	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	
Kerber Packing Co	929	(*)				(*)	
Tarpoff Packing Co	931	(*)					
McKenney Meat Co	932	(*)	(*)				
E. B. Manning and Son	934	(*)					
Volz Packing Co	938	(*)					
Cappellino Abattoir, Inc	939	(*)					
Gentner Packing Co., Inc	941	(*)					
Whitehall Packing Co	946	(*)					
M. Brizer & Co	948	(*)					
Joe Doctorman and Son Packing Co., Inc	949	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Armour and Co	956	(*)				(*)	
Reliable Packing Co., Inc	959					(*)	
Greater Omaha Packing Co., Inc	960	(*)					
Earl Flick Wholesale Meats, Inc	965	(*)	(*)				
T. L. Lay Packing Co	967	(*)				(*)	
Monfort Packing Co	969	(*)		(*)			
Hawaii Meat Co., Ltd	970	(*)	(*)				
National Food Stores, Inc	981	(*)					
Hospers Packing Co	985	(*)					
Eagle Packing Co	987	(*)					
Everett C. Horlein and Son, Inc	988	(*)					
The Klarer Co	995	(*)	(*)				
Do	995A					(*)	
Do	995C	(*)				(*)	
Valley Meat Co	1009	(*)	(*)	(*)			
Armour and Co	1085	(*)	(*)				
Landy Packing Co	1171	(*)					

Name of establishment	Establishment No.	Cattle	Calves	Sheep	Goats	Swine	Horses
Nebraska Meat Packers, Inc.	1307	(*)					
A. F. Moyer and Sons, Inc.	1311	(*)	(*)	(*)			
McCabe Packing Plant	1312	(*)					
P. & H. Packing Co., Inc.	1313	(*)					
H. and H. Packing Co.	1315	(*)				(*)	
Nebraska Iowa Dressed Beef Co.	1318	(*)					

422 establishments reported.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 3d day of August 1962.

C. H. PALS,
Director, Meat Inspection Division,
Agricultural Research Service.

[F.R. Doc. 62-7995; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:45 a.m.]

Commodity Credit Corporation

SALES OF CERTAIN COMMODITIES

August 1962 Monthly Sales List

Notice to buyers. Pursuant to the policy of Commodity Credit Corporation issued October 12, 1954 (19 F.R. 6669), and subject to the conditions stated therein as well as herein, the commodities listed below are available for sale and, where noted, for redemption of payment-in-kind certificates on the price basis set forth.

Those prices at which Commodity Credit Corporation commodity holdings are available for sale during August 1962 were announced today by the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The following commodities are available: Butter, cheddar cheese, nonfat dry milk, cotton (upland and extra long staple), wheat, corn, oats, barley, rye, grain sorghums, soybeans, dry edible beans, rice (rough), and gum turpentine.

Principal changes in the list for August are the introduction of a new cotton export sales program under which CCC cotton stocks will be offered on a restricted competitive bid basis (as announced earlier in press releases USDA 2334-62 and USDA 2685-62); the resumption of competitive bid export payments on oats under the payment-in-kind export program; and the offering of limited quantities of rough rice (as available). Peanuts have been dropped from the list for August because all CCC stocks have been sold or committed.

The CCC Monthly Sales List, which varies from month to month as additional commodities become available or commodities formerly available are dropped, is designed to aid in moving CCC's inventories into domestic or export use through regular commercial channels.

If it becomes necessary during the month to amend this list in any material way—such as by the removal or addition of a commodity in which there is general interest or by a significant change in price or method of sale—an announcement of the change will be sent to all persons currently receiving the list by mail from Washington. To be put on this mailing list, address: Director, Price Division, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D.C.

All commodities currently offered for sale by CCC, plus tobacco from CCC loan stocks, are eligible for special export sale under the CCC Export Credit Sales Program. The following commodities are currently eligible for barter: Nonfat dry milk, butter, cotton, tobacco, wheat, corn, rye, barley, grain sorghums, and pea and pinto beans. This list is subject to change from time to time.

Interest rates per annum under the CCC Export Credit Sales Program for August 1962 are 3½ percent for periods up to 12 months, and 4 percent for periods from over 12 months up to a maximum of 36 months. (As announced May 4—press release USDA 1664-62—the interest rate periods have been revised to provide only two rather than the former three periods.)

The CCC will entertain offers from responsible buyers for the purchase of any commodity on the current list. Offers accepted by CCC will be subject to the terms and conditions prescribed by the Corporation. These terms include payment by cash or irrevocable letter of credit before delivery of the commodity, and the conditions require removal of the commodity from CCC storage within a reasonable period of time. Where conditions of sale for export differ from those for domestic sale, proof of exportation is also required, and the buyer is responsible for obtaining any required U.S. Government export permit or license. Purchases from CCC shall not constitute any assurance that any such permit or license will be granted by the issuing authority.

Applicable announcements containing all terms and conditions of sale will be furnished upon request. For easy reference a number of these announcements are identified by code number in the following list. Interested persons are invited to communicate with the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service, USDA, Washington 25, D.C., with respect to all commodities or—for specified commodities—with the designated ASCS Commodity Office.

Commodity Credit Corporation reserves the right to amend, from time to time, any of its announcements. Such amendments shall be applicable to and be made a part of the sale contracts thereafter entered into.

CCC reserves the right to reject any or all offers placed with it for the purchase of commodities pursuant to such announcements.

If CCC does not have adequate information as to the financial responsibility of a prospective buyer to meet all contract obligations that might arise by acceptance of an offer or if CCC deems such buyer's financial responsibility to be inadequate CCC reserves the right (i) to refuse to consider the offer, (ii) to accept the offer only after submission by the buyer of a certified or cashier's check, bond, letter of credit or other security acceptable to CCC assuring that the buyer will discharge the responsibility under the contract, or (iii) to accept the offer upon condition that the buyer promptly submit to CCC such of the aforementioned security as CCC may direct. If a prospective buyer is in doubt as to whether CCC is acquainted with his financial responsibility he should communicate with the ASCS Office at which the offer is to be placed to determine whether a financial statement or advance financial arrangement will be necessary in his case.

Disposals and other handling of inventory items often result in small quantities at given locations or in qualities not up to specifications. These lots are offered by the appropriate ASCS Office promptly upon appearance and therefore, generally, they do not appear in the Monthly Sales List.

On sales for which the buyer is required to submit proof to CCC of exportation the buyer shall be regularly engaged in the business of buying or selling commodities and for this purpose shall maintain a bona fide business office in the United States, its territories or possessions, and have a person, principal, or resident agent upon whom service of judicial process may be had.

Prospective buyers for export should note that generally, sales to United States Government agencies, with only minor exceptions, will constitute a domestic unrestricted use of the commodity.

Commodity Credit Corporation reserves the right, before making any sales, to define or limit export areas.

Notice to exporters. The Department of Commerce, Bureau of International Programs (the Bureau of Foreign Commerce until Aug. 9, 1961), pursuant to regulations under the Export Control Act of 1949, prohibits the exportation or re-exportation by anyone of any commodities (except absorbent cotton and sterilized gauze and bandages with respect to Cuba only) under this program to Cuba, the Soviet Bloc, or Communist-controlled area of the Far East including Communist China, North Korea, and the Communist-controlled area of Vietnam, except under validated license issued by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of International Programs.

These regulations generally require that exporters, in or in connection with their contracts with foreign purchasers, where the contract involves $10,000 or more and exportation is to be made to a Group R country, obtain from the foreign purchaser a written acknowledgment of his understanding of (1) U.S. Commerce Department prohibitions (Comprehensive Export Schedule, 15 CFR 371.4 and 371.8) against sales or resale for re-export of said commodities, or any part thereof, without express Commerce Department authori-

zation, to the Soviet Bloc, Communist China, North Korea or the Communist-controlled area of Vietnam or to Cuba, and (2) the sanction of denial of future U.S. export privileges that may be imposed for violation of the Commerce Department regulations. Exporters who have a continuing and regular relationship with a foreign purchaser may obtain a blanket acknowledgment from such purchaser covering all transactions involving surplus agricultural commodities and manufactures thereof purchased from CCC or subsidized for export by the Secretary of Agriculture or CCC. Where commodities are to be exported by a party other than the original purchaser of the commodities from the CCC the original purchaser should inform the exporter in writing of the requirements for obtaining the signed acknowledgment from the foreign purchaser.

For all exportations, one of the destination control statements specified in Commerce Department Regulations (Comprehensive Export Schedule, 15 CFR 379.10(c)) is required to be placed on all copies of the shipper's export declaration, all copies of the bill of lading, and all copies of the commercial invoices. For additional information as to which destination control statement to use, the exporter should communicate with the Bureau of International Programs or one of the field offices of the Department of Commerce.

Exporters should consult the applicable Commerce Department regulations for more detailed information if desired and for any changes that may be made therein.

Commodity	Sales price or method of sale
Dairy products	Sales are in carlots only in store at storage location of products. Submission of offers: For products in Arizona, California, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Washington, submit offers to the Portland ASCS Commodity Office. For products in other States and the District of Columbia, submit offers to the Cincinnati ASCS Commodity Office.
Butter	Domestic, unrestricted use: Announced prices, under LD-29 as amended: 65.75 cents per pound—New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New England, and other States bordering the Atlantic Ocean and Gulf of Mexico. 65.0 cents per pound—Washington, Oregon, and California. All other States 64.75 cents per pound. Export: Competitive bid under LD-33, as amended, pursuant to invitations to bid to be issued by Cincinnati ASCS Commodity Office. Announced prices under LD-35: When sales are made under LD-33, as amended, above any butter offered but not sold under the invitation to bid will be offered for sale through the following Wednesday at prices announced in Washington each Thursday.
Nonfat dry milk	Domestic, unrestricted use: Announced prices, under LD-29, as amended; Spray process, U.S. extra grade, 17.40 cents per pound. Roller process, U.S. extra grade, 15.40 cents per pound. Export: Competitive bid under LD-33, as amended, pursuant to invitations to bid to be issued by Cincinnati and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices. Announced prices under LD-35: When sales are made under LD-33, as amended above, any nonfat dry milk offered but not sold under the invitation to bid will be offered for sale through the following Monday at prices announced in Washington each Tuesday. Under both LD-33, as amended, and LD-35, CCC will offer nonfat dry milk in redemption of payment-in-kind certificates earned under SM-7.
Cheddar cheese (standard moisture basis).	Domestic, unrestricted use: Announced prices under LD-29, as amended: 39.75 cents per pound—New York, Pennsylvania, New England, New Jersey, and other States bordering the Atlantic Ocean and Pacific Ocean and the Gulf of Mexico. All other States 38.75 cents per pound. Export: Competitive bid under LD-33, as amended, pursuant to invitations to bid to be issued by Cincinnati ASCS Commodity Office. Announced prices under LD-35: When sales are made under LD-33, as amended above, any cheese offered but not sold under the invitation to bid will be offered for sale through the following Wednesday at prices announced in Washington each Thursday.
Cotton, upland	Domestic, unrestricted use: Competitive bid under the terms and conditions of Announcement NO-C-16 (sale of Upland Cotton for Unrestricted Use). Under this Announcement, upland cotton acquired under price support programs will be sold at the highest price offered but in no event at less than the higher of (a) 115 percent of the current support price for such cotton plus reasonable carrying charges or (b) the market price for such cotton, as determined by CCC. Export, CCC Credit Sales: Competitive bid under the terms and conditions of Announcements CN-EX-14 (acquisition of Cotton for export under Credit Sales Program) and NO-C-17 (sale of upland cotton (for Credit sales)). Cotton to be sold at the highest price offered but in no event at less than the higher of (a) 105 percent of the current support price for such cotton plus reasonable carrying charges, or (b) the market price for such cotton, as determined by CCC, less in either case an amount equal to the payment-in-kind cotton export payment rate in effect on the date of the acceptance of an offer.
Cotton upland (continued)	Export, CCC Export Sales: Competitive bid under the terms and conditions of Announcements CN-EX-16 (1962-63 Cotton Export Program—Sales) and NO-C-19 (sale of Upland Cotton, Cotton Export Program—1962-63 Marketing Year).
Cotton, extra long staple	Domestic or export, unrestricted use: Competitive bid under the terms and conditions of Announcement NO-C-6 (revised July 22, 1960), as amended and NO-C-10, as amended. Under these announcements extra long staple cotton will be sold at the highest price offered but in no event at less than the higher of (a) 115 percent of the current support price for such cotton plus reasonable carrying charges, or (b) the domestic market price for such cotton as determined by CCC.
Catalogs	Catalogs for upland cotton and extra long staple cotton showing quantities, qualities, and locations may be obtained for a nominal fee from the New Orleans ASCS Commodity Office.
Wheat, bulk	Domestic, unrestricted use: Market price basis in store,[1] but not less than 105 percent of the applicable 1962 support price [2] for the class, grade and quality of the wheat plus the amount shown below applicable to the type of carrier involved. If delivery is outside the area of production applicable freight will be added.

Unit	Received by—		Examples of minimum prices (exrail or barge)		
	Truck	Rail or barge	Terminal	Class and grade	Price
	Cents	*Cents*			
Bushel	7	1	Chicago	No. 1 RW	$2.41
			Minneapolis	No. 1 DWS	2.48
			Kansas City	No. 1 HW	2.41
			Portland	No. 1 SW	2.30

Available: At bin sites through ASCS County Offices. At other locations through the Evanston, Dallas, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices.
Export:
(1) Under Announcement GR-345 (revised June 30, 1960), as amended, for redemption of certificates under export payment-in-kind program, (2) under Announcement GR-212 (revision 2, Jan. 9, 1961), for specified offerings as announced and (3) as wheat under Announcement GR-261 (revision 2, Jan. 9, 1961), or as flour under Announcement GR-262 (revision 2, Jan. 9, 1961), for application under arrangements for barter which permits exportation of wheat as flour and approved credit sales only at prices determined daily.
Available: Evanston, Dallas, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices. (At Portland ASCS Commodity Office hard red winter wheat is not available for barter or Title I, P.L. 480 transactions.)

Rye, bulk — Domestic, unrestricted use:
Storable: Market price basis in store,[1] but not less than 105 percent of the applicable 1962 support price,[3] for the class, grade, and quality of the grain plus the respective amount shown below applicable to the type of carrier involved. If delivery is outside the area of production applicable freight will be added to the above.

Unit	Received by—		Examples of minimum prices (exrail or barge)		
	Truck	Rail or barge	Terminal	Class and grade	Price
	Cents	*Cents*			
Bushel	7	1	Minneapolis	No. 2 or better (or No. 3 on TW only).	$1.30

Available: At bin sites through ASCS County Offices. At other locations through the Evanston, Dallas, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices.
Nonstorable (as available): At not less than market price as determined by CCC through the ASCS Grain offices listed on page 20.

See footnote at end of table.

Commodity	Sales price or method of sale
Rye, bulk—(continued)	Export: Under Announcement GR-368 (revised Aug. 31, 1959) as amended, for feed grain export payment-in-kind program, and under Announcement GR-212 (revision 2, Jan. 9, 1961), for application to arrangements for barter, approved credit and emergency sales. Available: Evanston, Dallas, Kansas City, and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices, also Minneapolis ASCS Commodity Office as available in terminal location in Minneapolis area.
Barley, bulk	Domestic and export: Storable: A. Redemption of Feed Grain Program Certificates: [4] Such CCC dispositions of storable barley as may be designated by CCC, will be in redemption of certificates or rights represented by pooled certificates under a Feed Grain Program. Redemptions will be made at applicable market prices at point of delivery, as determined by CCC. CCC reserves the right to determine the time of delivery, and the class, grade, quality, and quantity of barley that will be made available for redemption. CCC also reserves the right to restrict the availability of barley at any location whenever such action is deemed necessary. For information on the availability of such barley from bin sites, contact the ASCS State or county offices. For information on the availability of such barley from other locations, contact the Evanston, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices. B. General Sales: [4] Market price in store,[1] but not less than 105 percent of the applicable 1962 support price [5] for the class, grade, and quality of the barley plus the amount shown below applicable to the type of carrier involved. If delivery is outside the area of production, applicable freight will be added to the above.

Unit	Received by—		Examples of minimum prices (exrail or barge)		
	Truck	Rail or barge	Terminal	Class and grade	Price
Barley	Bushel	*Cents* 6	*Cents* 1	Minneapolis	No. 2 or better	$1.19

Available: For information on the availability of such grain from bin sites, contact ASCS State or county offices. For information on the availability of such grain from other locations, contact the Evanston, Dallas, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices.
Nonstorable (as available): At not less than market price as determined by CCC. At bin sites through ASCS county offices. At other locations through the grain ASCS commodity offices listed on page 20.
Export announcement sales:
Under Announcement GR-368 (revised Aug. 31, 1959), as amended, for feed grain export payment-in-kind program, and under Announcement GR-212 (revision 2, Jan. 9, 1961), for application to arrangements for barter, approved credit and emergency sales. CCC reserves the right to determine the class, grade, quality, and quantity to be made available for the sales under these announcements. The statutory minimum price referred to in the price adjustment provisions of these export sales announcenents is the adjusted support price referred to in subparagraph B on the preceding page.
Available: Evanston, Dallas, and Kansas City ASCS Commodity Offices. Stocks at seaboard in the Portland ASCS Commodity Office area and at Duluth and Minneapolis in the Minneapolis ASCS Commodity Office area are also available.

Commodity	Sales price or method of sale
Corn, bulk	Domestic and export: Storable: A. Redemption of Feed Grain Program Certificates: [4] Such CCC dispositions of storable corn as may be designated by CCC, will be in redemption of certificates or rights represented by pooled certificates under a Feed Grain Program. Redemptions will be made at applicable market price at point of delivery, as determined by CCC. CCC reserves the right to determine the time of delivery, and the class, grade, and quality and quantity of corn that will be made available for redemption. CCC also reserves theright to restrict the availability of corn at any location whenever such action is deemed necessary For information on the availability of such grain from bin sites, contact ASCS State or county offices. For information on the availability of such grain from other locations, contact the Evanston, Dallas, Kansas City, Minneapolis, or Portland ASCS Commodity Offices.

See footnote at end of table.

Commodity	Sales price or method of sale
Corn, bulk—(continued)	Domestic and export—Continued B. General sales: [6] Market price basis in store,[1] but not less than 105 percent of the applicable 1961 support price,[5] for the class, grade, and quality of the corn plus the amount shown below applicable to the storage point involved. For corn in store at other than the point of production the freight from point of production to the present point of storage will also be added.

Unit	In store at—		Examples of minimum prices (exrail or barge)		
	Point of production	Other point	Terminal	Class and grade	Price
Corn	Bushel	*Cents* 13	*Cents* 16	Chicago [7]	No. 2YC (13% moisture 2% foreign material).	$1.62¾

For information on the availability of such corn from bin sites, contact ASCS State or county offices. For information on the availability of such corn from other locations, contact the Evanston, Dallas, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices.
Nonstorable—(as available): At not less than market price as determined by CCC. At bin sites through ASCS county offices. At other locations through the grain ASCS commodity offices listed on page 20.
Export announcement sales:
Under Announcement GR-368 (revised Aug. 31, 1959), as amended, for feed grain export payment-in-kind program, and under Announcement GR-212 (revision 2, Jan. 9, 1961) for application to arrangements for barter, approved credit and emergency sales. CCC reserves the right to determine the class, grade, quality, and quantity to be made available for sale under these announcements. CCC stocks of corn in Portland ASCS Commodity Office area available for sale under these export announcements, except such corn shall not be eligible for application to Title I, P.L. 480 purchase authorizations or for barter. The statutory minimum price referred to in the price adjustment provisions of these export sales announcements is the adjusted support price referred to in subparagraph B above.
Available: Evanston, Dallas, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices.

Commodity	Sales price or method of sale
Oats, bulk	Domestic and export: Storable: A. Redemption of Feed Grain Program Certificates: [8] Such CCC dispositions of storable oats as may be designated by CCC, will be in redemption of certificates or rights represented by pooled certificates under a Feed Grain Program. Redemptions will be made at applicable market price at point of delivery, as determined by CCC. CCC reserves the right to determine the time of delivery, and the class, grade, quality and quantity of oats that will be made available for redemption. CCC also reserves the right to restrict the availability of oats at any location whenever such action is deemed necessary. For information on the availability of such oats from bin sites, contact ASCS State or county offices. For information on the availability of such oats from other locations, contact the Evanston, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices. B. General sales: [8] Market price basis in store,[1] but not less than 105 percen of the applicable 1962 support price [5] for the class, grade, and quality of the oats plus the amount shown below applicable to the storage point involved. For oats in store at other than the point of production the freight from point of production to the present point of storage will also be added.

Unit	In store at—		Examples of minimum prices (exrail or barge)		
	Point of production	Other point	Terminal	Class and grade	Price
Oats	Bushel	*Cents* 1	*Cents* 4	Chicago [7]	No 2 or better Extra heavy.	$0.82½

For information on the availability of such oats from bin sites, contact ASCS State or county offices. For information on the availability of such oats from other locations, contact the Evanston, Dallas, Kansas City, Minneapolis, or Portland ASCS Commodity Offices.

Commodity	Sales price or method of sale
Oats, bulk (continued)	Domestic and export—Continued Nonstorable (as available): At not less than market price as determined by CCC. At bin sites through ASCS county offices. At other locations through the ASCS Commodity Offices listed on page 20. Expert announcement sales: Under Announcement GR–368 (revised Aug. 31, 1959), as amended, for feed grain export payment-in-kind programs, and under Announcement GR–212 (revision 2, Jan. 9, 1961) for application to approved credit and emergency sales. Oats will not be sold for application to Title I, P.L. 480 purchase authorizations or for barter. The statutory minimum price referred to in the price adjustment provisions of these export sales announcements is the adjusted support price referred to in subparagraph B above.
Grain sorghums, bulk	Domestic and export: Storable: A. Redemption of Feed Grain Program Certificates: Such CCC dispositions of storable sorghums as may be designated by CCC, will be in redemption of certificates or rights represented by pooled certificates under a Feed Grain Program. Redemptions will be made at applicable market price at point of delivery, as determined by CCC. CCC reserves the right to determine the time of delivery, and the class, grade, quality, and quantity of grain sorghums that will be made available for redemption. CCC also reserves the right to restrict the availability of grain sorghums at any location whenever such action is deemed necessary. For information on the availability of such grain sorghums from bin sites, contact ASCS State or county offices. For information on the availability of such grain sorghums from other locations, contact the Evanston, Dallas, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices. B. General sales: [9] Market prices in store,[1] but not less than 105 percent of the applicable 1962 support price [3] for the class, grade, and quality of the grain sorghums plus the amount shown below applicable to the type of carrier involved. If delivery is outside the area of production, applicable freight will be added to the above.

Unit	Received by—		Examples of minimum prices (exrail or barge)		
	Truck	Rail or barge	Terminal	Class and grade	Price
	Cents	*Cents*			
Grain sorghums, Hundredweight	13	2	Kansas City	No. 2 or better	$2.42

	For information on the availability of such grain sorghums from bin sites, contact ASCS State or county offices. For information on the availability of such grain sorghums from other locations, contact the Evanston, Dallas, Kansas City, Minneapolis and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices. Nonstorable (as available): At not less than market price as determined by CCC. At bin sites through ASCS county offices. At other locations through the grain ASCS Commodity. Offices listed on Page 20. Export announcement sales: Under Announcement GR–368 (revised Aug. 31, 1959) as amended for feed grain export payment-in-kind program, and under Announcement GR–212 (revision 2, Jan. 9, 1961), for application to arrangements for barter, approved credit and emergency sales. CCC stocks of grain sorghums held in California export terminals are the only grain sorghums stored in California available for sale under these export announcements, except that such sorghums shall not be eligible for application to Title I, P.L. 480 purchase authorizations or for barter. CCC reserves the right to determine the class, grade, quality, and quantity to be made available for sale under the announcements. The statutory minimum price referred to in the price adjustment provisions of these export sales announcements is the adjusted support price referred to in subparagraph B above. Available: Evanston, Dallas, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices.
Soybeans, bulk (as available)	Domestic or export: Market price basis in-store but not less than the 1961 basic loan rate for No. 2 basis in-store point of storage, plus 16½ cents per bushel, plus the value of billing, if any, as determined by the ASCS Commodity Office. Market discounts for quality factors will be applied to the basic price to determine the actual sales price. Available: Evanston, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Dallas ASCS Commodity Offices.

See footnote at end of table.

Commodity	Sales price or method of sale
Dry edible beans, bagged (as available).	Domestic: Domestic market price but not less than the following minimum price per hundredweight for U.S. No. 1 f.o.b. indicated points of production, amount of paid-in-freight to be added as applicable. For other grades, adjust by market differentials. In other areas, adjust by the 1961 price support differential.

Class	Price per hundredweight	Area of production
Red Kidney	$9.22	Michigan. New York.
Great Northern	7.52	Nebraska.
Small Red	7.70	Washington.
Pinto	6.88	Eastern Colorado.
Pea	7.66	Michigan.

Export: Under Announcement GR-409 the following price per hundredweight for U.S. No. 1 f.o.b. indicated points of production, amount of paid-in-freight to be added as applicable.[10] In other areas, adjust by the 1961 price support differential.

Class	Price per hundredweight	Area of production
Red Kidney	$8.52	Michigan. New York.
Great Northern	6.99	Nebraska.
Small Red	7.15	Washington.
Pinto	6.37	Eastern Colorado.
Pea	7.03	Michigan.

	Available: Great Northern beans available at Kansas City and Portland ASCS Commodity Offices. Pinto beans available at Kansas City, Dallas, Portland, and Minneapolis ASCS Commodity Offices. Pea beans and Red Kidney available at Evanston ASCS Commodity Office. Small red beans available at Portland ASCS Co. Office.
Rice, rough (as available)	Domestic, unrestricted use: Market price but not less than 105 percent of the applicable 1962 support price, plus 13 cents per hundredweight, basis in store. Export: As milled or brown under Announcement GR-369 (revision 1, Feb. 1, 1961) Rice Export Program—payment-in-kind, and under GR-376 (revision 1 May 1, 1961) for approved credit sales. Prices, quantities, and varieties of rough rice available from Dallas ASCS Commodity Office.
Gum turpentine	Domestic, unrestricted use: Competitive offers for unrestricted use, bulk in storage tanks, subject to Announcement TB–21–61 and supplements thereto. Available through Naval Stores Branch, Tobacco Division, ASCS, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

[1] On bin site sales such delivery basis shall be f.o.b. buyers conveyance at the bin site.
[2] To compute, multiply applicable support price by 1.05, round product up to nearest whole cent and add amount shown above and any applicable freight for grain stored outside the area of production. Such support price shall include the loan bulletin premium for applicable sedimentation value, if the wheat is sold on a sedimentation basis. If it is not sold on a sedimentation basis such support price shall be increased by market premiums for applicable protein content.
[3] To compute, multiply applicable support price by 1.05, round product up to nearest whole cent and add amount shown above and any applicable freight for grain stored outside the area of production.
[4] Such dispositions shall be for domestic unrestricted use or for export, except that certain sales of barley from bin sites under A on preceding page shall be for use only for feeding the buyer's livestock and poultry.
[5] To compute, multiply applicable support prices by 1.05, round product up to nearest whole cent and add amount shown above and any applicable freight.
[6] Such dispositions shall be for domestic unrestricted use or for export.
[7] Woodford County, Illinois, origin.
[8] Such dispositions shall be for domestic unrestricted use or for export, except that certain sales of oats from bin sites under A above shall be for use only for feeding the buyer's livestock and poultry.
[9] Such dispositions shall be for domestic unrestricted use or for export, except that certain sales of bin site grain sorghums, under A above in the Kansas City ASCS Commodity Office area, shall be for use only for feeding the buyer's livestock and poultry.
[10] Except that small Red beans will be available on a competitive bid basis but not less than the listed price.

(Sec. 4, 62 Stat. 1070, as amended; 15 U.S.C. 714b. Interpret or apply sec. 407, 63 Stat. 1055; 7 U.S.C. 1427)

Signed at Washington, D.C., on August 8, 1962.

H. D. GODFREY,
Executive Vice President,
Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8061; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:52 a.m.]

Office of the Secretary

NEW JERSEY

Designation of Areas for Emergency Loans

For the purpose of making emergency loans pursuant to section 321(a) of Public Law 87-128 (7 U.S.C. 1961) it has been determined that in the hereinafter named counties in the State of New Jersey a natural disaster has caused a need for agricultural credit not readily available from commercial banks, cooperative lending agencies, or other responsible sources.

NEW JERSEY

Mercer. Middlesex.

Pursuant to the authority set forth above, emergency loans will not be made in the above-named counties after June 30, 1963, except to applicants who previously received emergency or special livestock loan assistance and who can qualify under established policies and procedures.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 1st day of August 1962.

ORVILLE L. FREEMAN,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8064; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:53 a.m.]

PENNSYLVANIA

Designation of Area for Emergency Loans

For the purpose of making emergency loans pursuant to section 321(a) of Public Law 87-128 (7 U.S.C. 1961) it has been determined that in Adams County, Pennsylvania, a natural disaster has caused a need for agricultural credit not readily available from commercial banks, cooperative lending agencies, or other responsible sources.

Pursuant to the authority set forth above, emergency loans will not be made in the above-named county after June 30, 1963, except to applicants who previously received emergency or special livestock loan assistance and who can qualify under established policies and procedures.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 8th day of August, 1962.

ORVILLE L. FREEMAN,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8063; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:53 a.m.]

SOUTH CAROLINA

Designation of Areas for Emergency Loans

For the purpose of making emergency loans pursuant to section 321(a) of Public Law 87-128 (7 U.S.C. 1961) it has been determined that in Darlington County, South Carolina, natural disasters have caused a need for agricultural credit not readily available from commercial banks, cooperative lending agencies, or other responsible sources.

Pursuant to the authority set forth above, emergency loans will not be made in the above-named county after June 30, 1963, except to applicants who previously received emergency or special livestock loan assistance and who can qualify under established policies and procedures.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 8th day of August 1962.

ORVILLE L. FREEMAN,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8065; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:53 a.m.]

WISCONSIN

Designation of Area for Emergency Loans

For the purpose of making emergency loans pursuant to section 321(a) of Public Law 87-128 (7 U.S.C. 1961) it has been determined that in Grant County, Wisconsin, a natural disaster has caused a need for agricultural credit not readily available from commercial banks, cooperative lending agencies, or other responsible sources.

Pursuant to the authority set forth above, emergency loans will not be made in the above-named county after June 30, 1963, except to applicants who previously received emergency or special livestock loan assistance and who can qualify under established policies and procedures.

Done at Washington, D.C., this 8th day of August, 1962.

ORVILLE L. FREEMAN,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8066; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:53 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Defense Air Transportation Administration

[Order 19]

AIRCRAFT ALLOCATION

Pursuant to authority under the National Security Act of 1947, the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, enabling Executive Orders 10219 and 10999, and Department of Commerce Orders 128 (Revised), dated January 19, 1962, and 137 (Amended), dated April 19, 1955, I hereby allocate to the Department of Defense the aircraft identified herein by FAA registration number for the Civil Reserve Air Fleet Program of the Department of Defense for the fiscal years 1963-64.

INTERNATIONAL FLEET

DC-4

45346	88908	90423	90434
79999	88912	90427	90436
88393	90407	90428	90444
88907			

DC-6A

401US	6576C	37592	90771
402US	6579C	37593	90776
571	7822C	37594	90777
630NA	11565	37595	90780
640NA	34955	37596	90781
650NA	34956	45500	90782
6260C	34957	45501	90783
6541C	37590	45502	90784
6574C	37591	45507	90785
6575C			

L-1049H

101R	5402V	6917C	6935C
468C	5403V	6918C	6936C
469C	5404V	6919C	6937C
1006C	6501C	6922C	7121C
1007C	6502C	6923C	7131C
1008C	6504C	6924C	7132C
1009C	6912C	6925C	7133C
1010C	6913C	6931C	7134C
1927H	6914C	6932C	9752C
1880	6915C	6933C	45516
5401V	6916C		

L-1649AF

7311C	7317C	7323C	8082H
7315C	7319C	7324C	8083H
7316C	7322C	8081H	8084H

RC-7BF

341	6336C	6342C	6348C
342	6341C	6344C	6346C

DC-7CF

284	296	737PA	755PA
285	301G	739PA	4059K
288	731PA	741PA	8215H
289	733PA	742PA	8216H
290	734PA	746PA	8217H
294	735PA	752PA	8218H
295	736PA	754PA	8219H

CL-44

123SW	228SW	449T	454T
124SW	229SW	450T	455T
125SW	446T	451T	602SA
126SW	447T	452T	603SA
127SW	448T	453T	

B-707(100)

707PA	737TW	7505	7518
708PA	738TW	7507	7519
709PA	739TW	7508	7520
710PA	740TW	7509	7521
711PA	741TW	7510	7522
712PA	742TW	7511	7523
731TW	743TW	7512	7524
732TW	744TW	7513	7525
733TW	745TW	7515	70773
734TW	7501	7516	70774
735TW	7503	7517	74612
736TW	7504		

B-707(200)

7072	7073	7074	7075

B–707 (300)

701PA	718PA	729PA	764TW
702PA	719PA	730PA	765TW
703PA	720PA	757PA	766TW
704PA	721PA	758PA	767TW
705PA	722PA	759PA	768TW
706PA	724PA	762PA	769TW
714PA	725PA	761TW	770TW
715PA	726PA	762TW	771TW
716PA	727PA	763TW	772TW
717PA	728PA		

DC–8

801E	814PA	8007U	8034U
802E	815PA	8008U	8035U
803E	816PA	8009U	8036U
804E	817PA	8010U	8601
805E	818PA	8011U	8602
806E	801US	8012U	8603
800PA	802US	8018U	8604
801PA	803US	8021U	8605
802PA	804US	8022U	8606
803PA	805US	8023U	8607
804PA	6571C	8024U	8608
805PA	6572C	8025U	8609
806PA	6573C	8026U	8610
807PA	8008D	8027U	8612
808PA	8001U	8028U	8613
809PA	8002U	8029U	8614
810PA	8003U	8030U	8615
811PA	8004U	8031U	8617
812PA	8005U	8032U	8780R
813PA	8006U	8033U	8781R

C880 (22M)

84778

DOMESTIC FLEET

C–46

606Z	1309V	7923C	66326
607Z	1312V	9890Z	67980
608Z	1442V	9891Z	68964
609Z	1807M	9892Z	68966
610Z	1846M	9893Z	68968
611Z	1913M	9901F	69343
612Z	3944C	9902F	69346
613Z	4719N	9903F	74172
614Z	4870V	9905F	74177
615Z	5076N	9906F	74178
616Z	5130B	10416	74179
617Z	5131B	53594	75335
618Z	5132B	62030	75388
619Z	5133B	65343	75396
1243N	5134B		

AW–650

6502R	6507R	6503R	6504R
6506R			

DC–4

88819	88891	88894	88939
90420			

DC–6A

91307	91306	91308	91309
93112			

In the event any aircraft specified herein:

1. Is destroyed or suffers major damage, the owner and/or operator shall give immediate notice thereof to DATA.

2. Is sold, leased or otherwise transferred, the transferor and/or owner shall give immediate notice thereof to DATA together with full information concerning the identity of the transferee, the date and place of transfer, and the terms and conditions of the transfer.

This allocation order supersedes Aircraft Allocation Order No. 17, dated May 4, 1962, 27 F.R. 4894–4895 of May 24, 1962.

Dated: August 1, 1962.

THEODORE HARDEEN, Jr.,
Administrator, Defense Air Transportation Administration.

[F.R. Doc. 62–8046; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:49 a.m.]

Office of the Secretary

[Dept. Order 179]

OFFICE OF TECHNICAL SERVICES

Organization and Functions

The following order was issued by the Secretary of Commerce on July 23, 1962:

SECTION 1. *Purpose.* The purpose of this order is to designate the Office of Technical Services as a constituent unit of the Office of the Secretary and to describe its organization and functions.

SEC. 2. *Establishment.* Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Commerce by Reorganization Plan No. 5 of 1950, the Office of Technical Services is hereby designated as a constituent unit of the Office of the Secretary. The Office of Technical Services shall be headed by a Director who shall report and be responsible to the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Science and Technology. The Director shall be assisted by such staff as he may require to carry out the functions and discharge the responsibilities set forth herein.

SEC. 3. *Delegation of authority.* Subject to such policies and limitations as the Secretary of Commerce may prescribe, the Director, Office of Technical Services, shall perform the functions and exercise the authority vested in the Secretary of Commerce by the Act of September 9, 1950 (64 Stat. 823; 15 U.S.C. 1151) authorizing the collection and dissemination of scientific, technical and engineering information and Part VI of Reorganization Plan No. 3 of 1946 (5 U.S.C. 1334–16) as it relates to standardization and simplification functions of the Secretary of Commerce.

SEC. 4. *General functions and objectives.* The general functions and objectives of the Office of Technical Services are related to the encouragement of innovation through the application of science and technology. To this end the Office shall carry out the following programs of a scientific and technical nature:

1. Collecting, organizing, disseminating, and interpreting scientific, technical and engineering information, including information obtained from abroad. Such information shall be made available to other Government agencies; to industry and business; and to scientists; engineers and the general public.

2. Providing an international technical information service in support of technical assistance programs sponsored by the Department and other federal agencies.

3. Assisting industry, business and consumers in the development and acceptance of commercial standards and simplified trade practice recommendations.

4. Conducting programs, in cooperation with United States business groups and standards organizations, to assist other nations in developing standards of practice.

5. Providing information and assistance to innovators with ideas of potential value to the Federal Government. Working with other Government agencies and state and local bodies to devise programs of assistance to innovators in their efforts to introduce new products and processes.

6. Undertaking research directed to improving the effectiveness of the programs carried out by this Office.

SEC. 5. *Organization and assignment of functions.* The organization structure and assignment of functions within the Office of Technical Services shall be issued in an Organization and Function Supplement to this order and shall be signed by the Director and approved by the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Administration.

SEC. 6. *Transfer of personnel, funds, records and property.* .01 The personnel, funds, records, and property of the Office of Technical Services, Business and Defense Services Administration are hereby transferred to the Office of Technical Services, Office of the Secretary.

.02 The Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Administration, acting through the appropriate offices of the Department, shall determine and arrange for the transfer of personnel, funds, records and property of the Office of Technical Services as provided herein.

Effective date: July 23, 1962.

HERBERT W. KLOTZ,
Assistant Secretary for Administration.

[F.R. Doc. 62–8047; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:49 a.m.]

ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION

[Docket No. 50–16]

POWER REACTOR DEVELOPMENT CO.

Notice of Extension of Completion Date

Please take notice that the Atomic Energy Commission has issued an order extending to May 1, 1963, the latest completion date specified in Construction Permit No. CPPR–4 for construction of the fast breeder reactor being constructed near Monroe, Michigan.

Copies of the order and of the application by Power Reactor Development Company are available for public inspection at the Commission's Public Document Room, 1717 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

Dated at Germantown, Md., this 6th day of August 1962.

For the Atomic Energy Commission.

EBER R. PRICE,
Acting Director, Division of Licensing and Regulation.

[F.R. Doc. 62–8039; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:47 a.m.]

STATE OF NEW YORK

Proposed Agreement for Assumption of Certain AEC Regulatory Authority

Notice is hereby given that the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission is publishing for public comment, prior to action thereon, a proposed agreement received from the Governor of the State of New York for the assumption of certain of the Commission's regulatory authority

pursuant to section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.

A resume, prepared by the State of New York and summarizing the State's proposed program, was also submitted to the Commission and is set forth below as Appendix "A" to this notice. A copy of the complete text of the New York program, including proposed New York regulations, is available for public inspection in the Commission's Public Document Room, 1717 H Street NW., Washington, D.C., or may be obtained by writing to the Director, Office of Radiation Standards, United States Atomic Energy Commission, Washington 25, D.C. All interested persons desiring to submit comments and suggestions for the consideration of the Commission in connection with the proposed agreement should send them in triplicate to the Secretary, U.S. Atomic Energy Commission, Washington 25, D.C., within 30 days after initial publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Exemptions from the Commission's regulatory authority which would implement this proposed agreement, as well as other agreements which may be entered into under section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act, as amended, were published as Part 150 of the Commission's regulations in FEDERAL REGISTER issuance of February 14, 1962; 27 F.R. 1351. In reviewing this proposed agreement, interested persons should also consider the aforementioned exemptions.

Dated at Germantown, Md., this 9th day of August 1962.

For the Atomic Energy Commission.

HAROLD D. ANAMOSA,
Acting Secretary
to the Commission.

Agreement Proposed by the State of New York Pursuant to Section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as Amended, for the Assumption of Certain of the Atomic Energy Commission's Regulatory Authority

Whereas the United States Atomic Energy Commission (hereinafter referred to as the Commission) is authorized under section 274 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (hereinafter referred to as the Act) to enter into agreements with the Governor of any State providing for discontinuance of the regulatory authority of the Commission within the State under Chapters 6, 7, and 8, and section 161 of the Act with respect to byproduct materials, source materials, and special nuclear materials in quantities not sufficient to form a critical mass; and

Whereas the Governor of the State of New York is authorized under section 462 of the New York State Atomic Energy Law to enter into this Agreement with the Commission; and

Whereas the Governor of the State of New York certified on July 20, 1962, that the State of New York (hereinafter referred to as the State) has a program for the control of radiation hazards adequate to protect the public health and safety with respect to the materials within the State covered by this Agreement, and that the State desires to assume regulatory responsibility for such materials; and

Whereas the Commission found on _____, 1962, that the program of the State for the regulation of the materials covered by this Agreement is compatible with the Commission's program for the regulation of such materials and is adequate to protect the public health and safety; and

Whereas the State and the Commission recognize the desirability and importance of cooperation between the Commission and the State in the formulation of standards for protection against hazards of radiation and in assuring that State and Commission programs for protection against hazards of radiation will be coordinated and compatible; and

Whereas, the Commission and the State recognize the desirability of reciprocal recognition of licenses and exemption from licensing of those materials subject to this Agreement;

Now, therefore, it is hereby agreed between the Commission and the Governor of the State, acting in behalf of the State, as follows:

Article I. Subject to the exceptions provided in Articles II, III, and IV, the Commission shall discontinue, as of the effective date of this Agreement, the regulatory authority of the Commission in the State under Chapters 6, 7, and 8, and section 161 of the Act with respect to the following materials:

A. Byproduct materials;

B. Source materials; and

C. Special nuclear materials in quantities not sufficient to form a critical mass.

Article II. This Agreement does not provide for discontinuance of any authority and the Commission shall retain authority and responsibility with respect to regulation of:

A. The construction and operation of any production or utilization facility;

B. The export from or import into the United States of byproduct source, or special nuclear material, or of any production or utilization facility;

C. The disposal into the ocean or sea of byproduct, source, or special nuclear waste materials as defined in regulations or orders of the Commission;

D. The disposal of such other byproduct, source, or special nuclear material as the Commission from time to time determines by regulation or order should, because of the hazards or potential hazards thereof, not be so disposed of without a license from the Commission.

Article III. Notwithstanding this Agreement, the Commission may from time to time by rule, regulation, or order, require that the manufacturer, processor, or producer of any equipment, device, commodity, or other product containing source, byproduct, or special nuclear material shall not transfer possession or control of such product except pursuant to a license or an exemption from licensing issued by the Commission.

Article IV. This Agreement shall not affect the authority of the Commission under subsection 161 b or i of the Act to issue rules, regulations, or orders to protect the common defense and security, to protect restricted data or to guard against the loss or diversion of special nuclear material.

Article V. The Commission will use its best efforts to cooperate with the State and other agreement States in the formulation of standards and regulatory programs of the State and the Commision for protection against hazards of radiation and to assure that State and Commission programs for protection against hazards of radiation will be coordinated and compatible. The State will use its best efforts to cooperate with the Commission and other agreement States in the formulation of standards and regulatory programs of the State and the Commission for protection against hazards of radiation and to assure that the State's program will continue to be compatible with the program of the Commission for the regulation of like materials. The State and the Commission will use their best efforts to keep each other informed of proposed changes in their respective rules and regulations and licensing, inspection and enforcement policies and criteria, and to obtain the comments and assistance of the other party thereon.

Article VI. The Commission and the State agree that it is desirable to provide for reciprocal recognition of licenses for the materials listed in Article I licensed by the other party or by any agreement State. Accordingly, the Commission and the State agree to use their best efforts to develop appropriate rules, regulations, and procedures by which such reciprocity will be accorded.

Article VII. The Commission, upon its own initiative after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to the State, or upon request of the Governor of the State, may terminate or suspend this Agreement and reassert the licensing and regulatory authority vested in it under the Act if the Commission finds that such termination or suspension is required to protect the public health and safety.

Article VIII. This Agreement shall become effective on October 15, 1962, and shall remain in effect unless, and until such time as it is terminated pursuant to Article VII.

APPENDIX "A"

RADIATION CONTROL IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK

I. *Introduction.* The State of New York has had a comprehensive program for the control of the possession and use of radiation sources since 1955. The program described herein constitutes a continuation of this previously existing program as modified to accommodate responsibilities which the State will assume and the United States Atomic Energy Commission will discontinue under a contemplated agreement between the Commission and the State.

Background. There are three agencies within the State with primary regulatory responsibility regarding the health and safety of the possession and use of radiation sources. Each has its own jurisdiction and each has promulgated its own regulatory code. The State Department of Health is responsible for public and medical health throughout the State, except for New York City in which the New York City Department of Health is so responsible. The State Department of Labor is responsible for industrial health and safety throughout the entire State, including New York City. Collectively, the authority of these three agencies reaches all radiation sources subject to the State's jurisdiction.

In 1955, the State Department of Health was statutorily authorized to "supervise and regulate the public health aspects of the use of ionizing radiation and the handling and disposal of radioactive wastes" and, in 1960, to "license atomic energy activities within the State affecting or likely to affect public health and relating to byproduct materials, source materials, and special nuclear materials in quantities not sufficient to form a critical mass". Within the State Department of Health there is the State Public Health Council, which is statutorily authorized to establish, subject to the approval of the State Commissioner of Health, the State Sanitary Code. The Code "may deal with any matters affecting the security of life or health or the preservation and improvement of public health in the State of New York, and with any matters as to which jurisdiction is conferred upon the public health council". A 1960 amendment to the State Public Health Law expressly provides that the State Sanitary Code may "require that application be made for a license to possess or use atomic energy byproduct materials, source materials and special nuclear materials in quantities not sufficient to form a critical mass and prescribe the use to which any such materials may be put". Pursuant to the original statutory authority Chapter XVI (entitled

"Ionizing Radiation") of the State Sanitary Code was made effective in 1955.

Within the State Department of Labor there is the State Board of Standards and Appeals with statutory power to make rules for proper sanitation and for guarding against and minimizing fire hazards, personal injuries and diseases in industrial facilities. The State Labor Law provides further that "Whenever the board finds that any industry, trade, occupation or process involves such elements of danger to the lives, health or safety of persons employed therein as to require special regulation for the protection of such persons, the board may make special rules to guard against such elements of danger by * * * requiring licenses to be applied for and issued by the Department as a condition of carrying on any such industry, trade, occupation or process * * *". Pursuant to this statutory authority, Rule No. 38 (entitled "Radiation Protection") of the State Industrial Code was made effective in 1955.

The New York City Department of Health has authority to regulate all matters affecting health over which the City has jurisdiction under its "Home Rule" charter from the State. Within the City Department of Health there is the City Board of Health, which is given the authority to promulgate the City Health Code embracing "all matters and subjects to which the power and authority of the Department extends * * *" and to "grant, suspend or revoke permits for businesses or other matters in respect to any subject regulated by the Department". Pursuant to this authority, Article 6 (entitled "Control of Radiological Hazards") of the City Sanitary Code, was made effective in 1958. This Article was superseded in 1959 by Article 175 (entitled "Radiological Hazards") of the City Health Code.

Coordination of the regulation of atomic energy activities within the state was begun by executive action in 1955, through the establishment of the Council on the Use of Nuclear Materials, whose functions included "to coordinate safety activities related to atomic energy in New York State * * * (and) to coordinate liaison relationships with the Atomic Energy Commission". In 1956, also by executive action, the Atomic Energy Advisory Committee was created to "assist the Governor and his Council on the Uses of Nuclear Materials in expanding industrial applications of atomic energy and maintaining the health and safety of workers in plants using nuclear materials", and also to produce "specific recommendations for * * * necessary legislation".

The enactment of the State Atomic Energy Law on March 9, 1959, placed the coordination of regulatory atomic energy activities within the state on a statutory basis. This law established the Office of Atomic Development, headed by a director responsible to the Governor. With respect to regulatory matters, the functions, powers and duties of the Office include advising and assisting the Governor and the Legislature on atomic energy matters; coordinating the atomic energy activities of the agencies of the state and its political subdivisions; and correlating the atomic energy activities of the state and its political subdivisions with similar activities of the federal government and the governments of other states.

In order to assist the Office to fulfill its coordinating function, the State Atomic Energy Law requires that all agencies of the state and its political subdivisions keep the Office fully and currently informed as to their activities relating to atomic energy or ionizing radiation; and that no rule or regulation or amendment thereto, primarily and directly related to atomic energy, take effect until 90 days after submittal to the Office, unless such waiting period is waived by the Governor or the director. In addition, the legislation established a State Atomic Energy Coordinating Council, consisting of the director as chairman and such other persons, including representatives of agencies of the State and its political subdivisions, as the Governor may appoint, to advise, assist and make recommendations to the director with respect to the coordination of atomic energy activities of agencies of the state and its political subdivisions. The present membership of the Council includes the New York City Commissioner of Health, the State Industrial Commissioner, the State Commissioners of Health, Education and Commerce, and the Chairman of the State Public Service Commission.

During the summer of 1959, at hearings of the Joint Congressional Committee on Atomic Energy on "Federal-State relationships in the Atomic Energy Field", representatives of the State testified in favor of the amendments to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 which authorize the Atomic Energy Commission to discontinue certain of its regulatory activities within individual states upon execution of an agreement with such states. After enactment of such federal legislation (Public Law 86-373), the New York State Legislature, in early 1960, adopted an amendment to the State Atomic Energy Law expressly authorizing the Governor to enter into an agreement with the Commission relating to byproduct materials, source materials, and special nuclear materials in quantities not sufficient to form a critical mass.

Development of modified program. The principal elements of the program for radiation control in the State are the State Sanitary Code, State Industrial Code and New York City Health Code, and, so far as coordination is concerned, the applicable provisions of the State Atomic Energy Law.

The regulatory codes have been modified by the three regulatory agencies, in cooperation with the Office of Atomic Development, in order to achieve:

1. An integrated program of radiation control covering not only activities over which authority will be discontinued by the Atomic Energy Commission (use of byproduct material, source material, and special nuclear materials in quantities not sufficient to form a critical mass), but also activities over which State agencies have exercised exclusive jurisdiction (use of naturally-occurring and accelerator-produced radioisotopes and radiation-producing equipment, e.g., X-ray equipment).

2. Uniformity, insofar as practicable, among the three codes, taking into consideration, however, necessary distinctions arising from the differing subject matters and conditions with which each agency is concerned and the previously existing code structure of each agency.

3. Compatibility between the State's radiation-control program and the Atomic Energy Commission's program for the regulation of like radioactive materials, as required by Section 274.d(2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.

In developing the modified State program to achieve the foregoing objectives, the agencies concerned agreed that the substantive content of the program, i.e., the radiation protection standards, should be predicated both now and in the future upon the guides of the Federal Radiation Council as approved by the President and, where the Federal Radiation Council has been silent, pertinent recommendations of the National Committee on Radiation Protection and Measurements.[1]

[1] In response to a request by the Commission for clarification of this paragraph, the Director of the New York Office of Atomic Development submitted the following reply:

Copy

AUGUST 7, 1962.

"DR. CLIFFORD K. BECK,
Acting Director of Regulation,
U.S. Atomic Energy Commission,
Washington 25, D.C.

"DEAR DR. BECK: During the course of our telephone conversation of August 6, 1962, you expressed concern that the following paragraph on page 4 of the introduction to the narrative material entitled 'Radiation Control in the State of New York,' submitted to the Commission by Governor Rockefeller on July 20, may be misinterpreted as inconsistent with the continuation of compatibility between the programs of the State and the Commisison for the regulation of like materials:

" 'In developing the modified State program to achieve the foregoing objectives, the agencies concerned agreed that the substantive content of the program, i.e., the radiation protection standards, should be predicated both now and in the future upon the guides of the Federal Radiation Council as approved by the President and where the Federal Radiation Council has been silent, pertinent recommendations of the National Committee on Radiation Protection and Measurements.'

"I would like to assure you that the pertinent regulations of the Commission, as well as the recommendations of the Federal Radiation Council and the National Committee on Radiation Protection and Measurements, will be utilized in achieving the desired objective of continuing compatibility.

"Sincerely yours,

OLIVER. TOWNSEND,
Director."

Copy

With respect to other substantive matters, such as precautionary procedures, e.g., surveys, posting, labeling, existing Commission regulations were used as models. Accordingly, regulations on these subjects within the State program are substantially similar to Commission regulations, although some details were either condensed or eliminated, and several additional requirements were specified. Similarly, the Commission's regulations pertaining to licensing procedures were used as models, with some condensation and modification.

In general, modification of the previous regulatory codes has resulted in a State program which is compatible with the Commission's program but which differs from the Commission's program in several respects, primarily because of the applicability of the State's integrated program to all radiation sources, including those whose possession and use is subject to registration rather than licensing.

Public hearings on the proposed modifications of Industrial Code Rule No. 38, as required by law, were held by the State Board of Standards and Appeals in Syracuse on March 14, 1962, and in New York City on March 16, 1962. The New York City and State Departments of Health solicited comments and received advice from various interested groups and individuals within the City and State in accorance with their customary practices. Modifications of the Regulatory code of each department are scheduled to go into effect on October 15, 1962.

II. *Program description*—A. *Radiation protection standards.* The regulations specifying radiation protection standards which are contained in each of the regulatory codes are briefly described below. Except in certain limited respects, these radiation protection standards are identical in substance to existing provisions in Part 20 of the Commission regulations. It is the present intent

of each of the three departments that the regulations specifying the radiation protection standards and the provisions pertaining to additional requirements and the granting of exemptions or variations will be administered in accordance with existing Commission practice. However, details pertaining to such administration found in Commission regulations have not been included in the codes because of the limited number of persons within the State to whom they would be applicable. It is important to note that these radiation protection standards will, except in certain specified respects, be uniformly applicable to regulated users of all radiation sources within the State, including all radioactive materials and radiation-producing equipment.

1. *Permissible doses, levels, and concentrations.* The three codes contain uniform provisions with respect to permissible occupational doses from external exposure and from concentration of airborne radioactive material and permissible doses in uncontrolled areas from external exposure and from concentration of airborne radioactive material.

The limits contained in the codes closely follow the radiation protection guides of the Federal Radiation Council and the recommendations of the National Committee on Radiation Protection and Measurements. Accordingly, permissible occupational doses are specified for periods of any 13 consecutive weeks and utilize the values specified for such 13 week periods by the Council. The values contained in the regulations of the Atomic Energy Commission, which are based upon the concept of fixed calendar quarters, were not adopted.

Among other excluded details, the codes do not specify under what conditions exposures in excess of permitted concentrations or radiation levels will be authorized. Such details have been excluded as unnecessary, but the regulatory departments intend to be guided by the Commission practice which is reflected in existing Commission regulations.

2. *Precautionary procedures.* The codes contain requirements with respect to surveys, checks and tests; personnel monitoring, caution signs, labels, signals, and control devices; instruction of personnel; posting of notices to employees; and securing of radioactive materials. These requirements are substantially uniform and identical in substance to present Commission requirements. Some differences have arisen since the State program covers radiation sources in addition to byproduct, source and special nuclear material. For example, each code requires the designation of a radiation safety officer and specifies his qualification and responsibilities. This requirement is particularly necessary in view of the fact that procedures for use of certain radiation sources will not necessarily be preevaluated, since such sources will be subject to registration rather than licensing. Similarly, requirements with respect to such items as surveys, checks and tests are more explicit in the State program. Some or all of the codes also contain additional provisions with respect to such items as vacated premises; exposure of food to ionizing radiation; protection against fire hazards, etc. On the other hand, the codes specifically exclude some radiation sources, outside of the purview of Commission responsibility, from certain requirements, e.g., X-ray equipment used for medical and dental purposes need not be labeled and installations containing only such equipment need not be posted.

3. *Waste disposal.* All three codes permit disposal of radioactive material by transfer to an authorized recipient and by release to uncontrolled areas in concentrations which do not exceed those specified in the applicable regulations. The three codes forbid disposal by incineration. The State Sanitary Code and City Health Code permit disposal of specified concentrations into sanitary sewer systems. The State Santiary Code permits burial of limited quantities under specified conditions, as do Commission regulations, but imposes the additional requirement of prior notification before a burial ground is established. The City Health Code does not permit burial of radioactive material within New York City. The Industrial Code permits release to sanitary sewer systems or burial in soil in accordance with applicable provisions of the City Health Code and State Sanitary Code. None of these codes specifies the requirements for additional methods of disposal, but permission for such methods could be requested as an exemption or variation from specific regulatory requirements, and in acting upon requests, current Commission practices will be considered.

4. *Transportation.* The State Sanitary Code and State Industrial Code permit intrastate shipment of radioactive materials if the shipment complies with such regulations of relevant federal agencies as would be applicable if it were in interstate commerce or if the shipment is specifically approved by the appropriate department. The New York City Health Code retains a provision with respect to shipments of radioactive materials which was adopted in 1960, after consultation with the Atomic Energy Commission, and requires prior notification and approval of route of shipments of radiation sources which may involve a high degree of hazard, as listed in a declaration published by the New York City Health Commissioner in the City Record.

It may also be noted that the State Public Service Commission requires that the regulations of the Interstate Commerce Commission relating to the transportation of explosives and other dangerous articles be followed by motor carriers within its jurisdiction. This requirement was first imposed in an order of the Public Service Commission of May 15, 1955 (Case MT–7482) and is now included in Part 821 of its regulations.*

5. *Records and reports.* The three codes require that accurate and complete written records be kept of results of required surveys, checks and tests; transfer, receipt and disposal of radioactive materials; occupational doses of monitored personnel; results of medical evaluation services; and doses required to be reported. The codes specify that personnel exposure records must be kept for five years after either termination of the individual's employment or the date of recording, whichever is later, and can be disposed of only by transfer to the regulatory department. Other records need be preserved only for a period of three years commencing on the date of occurrence of the subject of the record.

The codes require immediate notification to the appropriate department of any theft or loss of a radiation source, of any incident which caused or threatened to cause any individual to receive a does in excess of permitted limits, and of any level of radiation from or release of concentrations of, radioactive materials in excess of permitted limits. Follow-up action is required and a subsequent written report may be required by the appropriate department.

The codes require that previous employees be supplied reports of doses and exposures upon request. Annual reports to employees are also required upon request. If any report of possible exposures is required to be submitted to the regulatory department, such report must be automatically provided to the employee under the State Sanitary Code and the State Industrial Code and the providing of such report to the employee may be ordered by the New York City Health Department under the City Health Code.

6. *Professional practitioners and related provisions.* The State Sanitary Code and New York City Health Code, which govern the intentional internal or external administration of radiation or radioactive materials to any individual, specify that such administration is permitted only by a person licensed or otherwise authorized to practice medicine, dentistry, podiatry or osteopathy under the State Education Law, or by a person under the supervision of such professional practitioner. With respect to such use of radioactive materials required to be licensed by the Health Departments, an application form similar to that presently used by the Atomic Energy Commission will be supplied.

The State Sanitary Code and New York City Health Code also contain provisions requiring reports by professional practitioners treating or diagnosing radiation illness, injury or certain exposures and specifying procedures to be followed with respect to cadavers containing radioactive materials.

The State Industrial Code does not apply to human use of a radiation source which is licensed or authorized by the State or City Departments of Health. The State Department of Labor may perform inspection for these departments of medical users located within industrial installations.

The State Sanitary Code contains extensive provisions with respect to the use of radiation equipment in the diagnosis or therapy of individuals. These provisions are based on the recommendations of the National Committee on Radiation Protection and Measurements. The New York City Health Code requires that these same recommendations, contained in NCRP Handbook 76, or equivalent safeguards, be observed.

B. *Program Administration*—1. *Licensing.* Each code specifies that no person shall transfer, receive, possess or use any byproduct material, source material or special nuclear material in quantities not sufficient to form a critical mass without a license (or permit, as termed in the New York City Health Code) from the appropriate department. The New York City Health Code additionally requires a permit for all other radioactive materials, except as specified.

Exemptions from the licensing requirement are provided in all three codes for certain quantities of byproduct and source material and for certain devices which, however, are subject to the radiation protection standards within each code and to specified conditions. The use and possession of these items are thus regulated in a similar manner as generally licensed items under Commission regulations, although the term "general license" is not used in the codes.

Also exempt from the licensing requirements are certain luminous devices, concentrations of radioactive material, natural ore containing source material, items containing less than 0.05 percent source material, certain products, certain radioactive materials of specified radioactivity, and certain radiation equipment. These items, as they are under Commission regulations, are completely exempt from the requirements of

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*Part 821—Transportation of Explosives and other Dangerous Articles, Section 821.1. The rules and regulations prescribed now or to be prescribed in the future by the Interstate Commerce Commission relating to the transportation of explosives and other dangerous articles by motor carriers are adopted and prescribed for all motor carriers of property.

Section 821.2. All carriers transporting or holding themselves out to transport articles named in the said rules and regulations shall, on or before April 1, 1956, establish such rules by participation in the Motor Carriers' Explosives and Dangerous Articles Tariff No. 8 P.S.C.–N.Y.–MT–No. 4 as supplemented, and in any successive issues thereof as published by the American Trucking Associations, Inc., agent.

other provisions of the codes but, in some cases, are subject to specified conditions.

Exemptions are also provided for radioactive materials to the extent that such materials are subject to regulation as provided for by law by the State Public Service Commission, Interstate Commerce Commission, the Coast Guard, the Civil Aeronautics Board and the Post Office Department, although such materials will still be subject to the transportation provision of the New York City Health Code.

A single license application form, applicable to all radioactive materials subject to licensing, will be used by all three departments. In addition, applicants for licenses covering human use will be required to submit an appendix to the application, generally similar to AEC Form 313a. Instructional documents specifying additional information required will be provided to applicants for licenses covering multiple quantities or types of unsealed radioactive materials, manufacturing of devices, or industrial radiography. The information required from such applicants is similar to that required by present Commission regulations. Other application forms and instructional documents will be developed as the need arises.

A license applicant will be required to demonstrate that his proposed use, equipment, facilities, procedures and personnel are adequate to protect public health and safety and to minimize danger to life and property from radiation hazards prior to the issuance of a license. Pre-licensing evaluation of applications will include inspections, as warranted in appropriate cases.

The codes incorporate certain conditions into each license and additional conditions may be set forth or incorporated by reference in each license at any time. The codes specify the manner in which licenses may be renewed, amended, suspended or revoked.

Upon the effective date of each amended code, the holder of a specific license heretofore issued by the Atomic Energy Commission will be deemed to hold an identical license pursuant to the appropriate code, which license shall expire upon the expiration date specified in the license or ninety days after receipt of a notice of expiration from the appropriate department. Each such licensee is required to comply with the conditions of his license and of the appropriate code.

Each code permits certain holders of licenses issued by the Atomic Energy Commission or any state which has entered into an effective agreement with the Commission to use the licensed radioactive materials within the jurisdiction of each department for a limited period of time without obtaining an additional license. Such users will be required to file certain information, including a copy of the license, with the appropriate department prior to use, although oral notification may be acceptable at the discretion of the department. Such users will be subject to the regulations of the appropriate department.

No fees will be charged under the State Sanitary Code or Industrial Code. Under the New York City Health Code a fee of $15 will be charged for each initial permit and of $10 for each renewal. No person will be required to pay a plurality of fees for a single installation. Accordingly, if a permit applicant currently holds a valid permit for activities at the same installation, or has registered such installation, no additional fee will be payable.

2. *Registration.* Radiation-producing equipment within the state will continue to be subject to registration provisions except as may be specified in each code. Radioactive materials other than agreement materials will continue to be subject to registration provisions under the State Sanitary Code and State Industrial Code except as may be specified. With certain limited exceptions, radioactive materials are not subject to registration under the New York City Health Code, which requires licensing of all materials.

Registrants will be required to notify the appropriate department of changes in registered information. Registrations will be valid indefinitely under the State Sanitary Code and State Industrial Code but will be subject to renewal every two years under the New York City Health Code.

3. *Enforcement.* In addition to inspections conducted for the purpose of evaluating the program proposed in a license application, inspections will also be conducted of all licensed and registered installations on a periodic basis. The frequency of inspections will depend on the relative hazards associated with the source of radiation and how it is to be used. When warranted immediate inspections will be conducted of especially significant registered installations. An evaluation will be made of all reported radiation incidents and an inspection will be conducted of all incidents that are considered to present significant radiation hazards.

While inspections may vary in scope, they will be sufficiently comprehensive to determine whether the licensee or registrant is complying with the appropriate regulatory requirements. An inspection will usually entail a comprehensive review of the licensee's or registrant's facilities, equipment, training and qualifications of personnel, and operating procedures, including handling, storage and disposal of radiation sources, survey and monitoring practices, labeling of sources, posting and control of areas, etc. In addition to observing operations, personnel will be interviewed and pertinent records examined. When appropriate, an inspection may include independent measurements and evaluations of radiation levels and concentrations of radioactive materials.

4. *Administrative procedures.* The State Board of Standards and Appeals is by law required to hold public hearings prior to modifying the State Industrial Code. Neither the State nor New York City Departments of Health is required by law to hold public hearings with respect to any modifications of its regulations, but each may do so at its discretion, although customary practice would be to obtain the advice and comments of interested groups and persons.

The State Sanitary Code provides for a public hearing upon timely request by an applicant if his license application is disapproved. Except in any case of wilfulness or in which the public health or safety requires otherwise, licenses may not be amended, suspended or revoked, nor may additional requirements be imposed nor radioactive material required to be surrendered without either obtaining the consent of the person involved or notifying such person of the contemplated action, giving him a reasonable opportunity to demonstrate or achieve compliance with all lawful requirements, and granting a public hearing upon request.

Actions taken by the State Industrial Commissioner are subject to review by the State Board of Standards and Appeals under the State Labor Law. In addition, the Industrial Code requires that, except where action is needed to secure safety, the Commissioner shall not suspend, revoke or restrictively amend a license without first giving the licensee reasonable notice and an opportunity to be heard.

Under section 5.19 of the New York City Health Code, whenever the City Commissioner of Health suspends, revokes, or refuses to issue or renew a permit, the aggrieved party may appeal such action to the Board of Health of the Department of Health of the City of New York. Under section 3.03 of the Code, except where the public health requires immediate action, the Department may not seize, embargo, condemn, destroy, render harmless or otherwise dispose of any material until the owner or person in control is notified and is given an opportunity to be heard by such personnel of the Department as the Commissioner may designate. A similar notice and opportunity to be heard must be granted under section 175.11(e) of the Code prior to the issuance of any order requiring a person to take additional precautions and procedures to protect public health and safety, except where immediate action is required.

Article 78 of the State Civil Practice Act provides a method of review in the courts, under certain circumstances, of the actions of each of the three regulatory departments.

5. *Coordination.* Coordination of the State program for the control of radiation hazards is facilitated through the direct functions of the State Office of Atomic Development. All agencies and political subdivisions of the State are required to keep the Director of the Office fully and currently informed as to their activities relating to atomic energy or ionizing radiation. The State Atomic Energy Law also provides that no rule, regulation or ordinance or amendment thereto or repeal thereof, primarily and directly relating to atomic energy, shall become effective until ninety days after it has been submitted to the Director of the Office, unless either the Governor or the Director waives such waiting period.

The State Atomic Energy Law also established the State Coordinating Council on Atomic Energy. The Coordinating Council has been functioning since 1959, and its recommendations have been instrumental in developing the present program.

To effect maximum coordination of the licensing of radioactive materials within the State, the Coordinating Council has established a Committee on Licensing to be advisory to the regulatory departments. The Committee will receive and forward to the appropriate department for processing all applications for licenses. In questionable cases, the Committee can be called on to resolve jurisdictional questions and to submit to the appropriate department a recommendation on the merits of issuing a license. The voting membership of the Committee consists of the Director of the Office of Radiation Control, New York City Department of Health; the Special Assistant for Radiological Health, State Department of Health; and the Director of the Division of Industrial Hygiene, State Department of Labor. The Nuclear Health Physicist of the Office of Atomic Development acts as secretary of the Committee.

III. *Organization and personnel*—A. *State Department of Health.* The Special Assistant to the Commissioner on Radiological Health under the State Department of Health has been assigned the responsibility for coordinating the control of public health and safety aspects of the use of all radiation sources in medical, dental, veterinarian, educational, diagnostic, and similar institutions outside New York City.

1. *Licensing.* Preevaluation of license applications with respect to training and experience of applicants, dosage, route of administration, metabolic fate, and new or unusual human use will be performed by the Special Assistant on Radiological Health. Medical experts will be utilized for advice on new or unusual human applications.

Preevaluation of license applications with respect to proposed instrumentation, storage facilities, shielding methods, personnel monitoring, waste disposal techniques and other technical procedures will be performed in the Bureau of Radiological Health Services by an Associate Sanitary Engineer and a Senior Sanitary Engineer.

Both the Office of the Special Assistant on Radiological Health and the Bureau of Radiological Health Services may call on the scientific specialists available in the Division of Laboratories and Research and may obtain assistance from legal, public relations, training and other disciplines within the State Department of Health.

2. *Inspections.* Inspections of licensed users of radiation sources will be performed in the Bureau of Radiological Health Services by an Associate Sanitary Engineer, one Senior Sanitary Engineer and one Assistant Sanitary Engineer.

Scientific specialists in the Division of Laboratories and Research and in other divisions of the Department will be available for technical support. One other Assistant Sanitary Engineer assigned to Radiological Health Services primarily in the field of X-ray protection will also be available for inspection assistance. Inspections of registered sources are routinely handled by local health officers.

B. *State Department of Labor.* The Director of the Division of Industrial Hygiene under the State Department of Labor has been assigned the responsibility for controlling the health and safety aspects of the use of radiation sources in industrial installations throughout the State.

1. *Licensing.* Prior evaluation of license applications will be performed in the Radiological Health Unit by an Associate Industrial Hygiene Physician and a Principal Radiophysicist.

2. *Inspections.* Inspections of licensed users of radiation sources will be performed in the Radiological Health Unit by three Senior Radiation Physicists and an Industrial Engineer (Radiophysics specialist). Four Industrial Hygiene Engineers with training in radiation protection will conduct inspections of registered installations and will be available for assistance with respect to licensed installations.

C. *New York City Department of Health.* The Director of the Office of Radiation Control in the New York City Department of Health has been assigned responsibility for the control of the public health and safety aspects of the release of radioactivity to the environment from all sources, and of the health and safety aspects of the use of radiation in medical, dental, veterinarian, educational, diagonstic, and similar institutions within the City of New York.

1. *Licensing.* Prior evaluation of license applications will be performed in the Office of Radiation Control by the Assistant Director of the Office, a Senior Public Health Sanitarian, and a Public Health Sanitarian. Medical experts will be utilized for advice on new and unusual human applications.

2. *Inspections.* Inspections of licensed and registered radiation sources will be performed in the Office of Radiation Control by the Senior Public Health Sanitarian, assisted by a Public Health Sanitarian. Fourteen other Public Health Sanitarians will be available for assistance.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8108; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:53 a.m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket 9093]

SERVICE TO SPOKANE

Notice of Postponement of Prehearing Conference

Pursuant to the request of Western Air Lines, Inc., and without objection of any interested persons, the prehearing conference in the above-entitled proceeding, now assigned for August 16, 1962, is hereby postponed to August 20, 1962, 10:00 a.m., e.d.s.t., in Room 911, Universal Building, Connecticut and Florida Avenues NW., Washington, D.C.

Dated at Washington, D.C., August 8, 1962.

[SEAL] THOMAS L. WRENN,
Associate Chief Examiner.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8048; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:49 a.m.]

[Docket 11879; Order No. E-18675]

INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION

Agreement Relating to Specific Commodity Rates

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D.C., on the 7th day of August 1962.

There has been filed with the Board, pursuant to section 412(a) of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 (the Act) and Part 261 of the Board's Economic Regulations, an agreement between various air carriers, foreign air carriers, and other carriers embodied in the resolutions of Traffic Conference 1 of the International Air Transport Association (IATA), and adopted pursuant to the provisions of Resolution 590 — Commodity Rates Board.

The agreement, adopted pursuant to unprotested notices to the carriers, names additional specific commodity rates as set forth in the attachment hereto.[1]

The Board, acting pursuant to sections 102, 204(a), and 412 of the Act, does not find the above-described agreement to be adverse to the public interest or in violation of the Act, provided that approval thereof is conditioned as hereinafter ordered: *Accordingly, it is ordered:*

1. That Agreement C.A.B. 14827, R-101 through R-104, is approved, provided that such approval shall not constitute approval of the specific commodity descriptions contained therein for purposes of tariff publication.

2. That any air carrier party to the agreement, or any interested person, may, within 15 days from the date of service of this order, submit statements in writing containing reasons deemed appropriate, together with supporting data, in support of or in opposition to the Board's action herein. An original and nineteen copies of the statements should be filed with the Board's Docket Section. The Board may, upon consideration of any such statements filed, modify or rescind its action herein by subsequent order.

This order will be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] MABEL MCCART,
Acting Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8033; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:47 a.m.]

[1] Filed as part of original document.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 24D-2527]

COLORADO-CHEROKEE, INC.

Order Permanently Suspending Exemption

AUGUST 7, 1962.

Colorado-Cherokee, Inc., 1507 Denver U.S. National Center, Denver, Colorado, a Colorado corporation, filed with the Commission on August 14, 1961 a notification and offering circular for the purpose of obtaining an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, pursuant to the provisions of section 3(b) thereof and Regulation A thereunder, with respect to a proposed offering of 2,799,850 shares of its $0.10 par common stock.

The Commission by order dated February 7, 1962 temporarily suspended the aforesaid exemption, pursuant to Rule 261 of Regulation A, on the ground that there was reasonable cause to believe that the offering circular contained untrue and misleading statements of material facts with respect to, among other things, the company's recoverable oil reserves and the circumstances and background of the company's proposal to issue shares in exchange for stock of Cherokee Uranium Mining Corporation.

At the issuer's request, the Commission ordered a hearing to determine whether to vacate the order of temporary suspension or to enter an order permanently suspending the exemption. The issuer appeared by counsel at the opening of said hearing and withdrew its request for a hearing and consented that the suspension of the exemption be made permanent.

Accordingly, it is ordered, Pursuant to Rule 261 of Regulation A under the Securities Act of 1933, that the exemption from registration with respect to said offering of securities by Colorado-Cherokee, Inc. be, and it hereby is, permanently suspended.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8055; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962, 8:51 a.m.]

[File No. 1-4583]

PRECISION MICROWAVE CORP.

Order and Notice of Hearing

AUGUST 6, 1962.

I. Precision Microwave Corporation (hereinafter referred to as "the registrant"), a company organized and incorporated under the laws of the State of Massachusetts, filed an application on Form 10 for the registration of its common stock, par value $1, with the American Stock Exchange ("the Exchange") on December 21, 1961 pursuant to section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") and the rules and regulations adopted by the Commis-

sion thereunder, and filed a duplicate original Form 10 with the Commission. The duplicate original Form 10 filed with the Commission incorporated by reference a registration statement (File No. 2-18720), including financial statements and exhibits, and amendments thereto, filed by registrant on Form S-1 with the Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (hereinafter referred to as "the 1933 Act registration statement"), which registration statement was declared effective on November 8, 1961. The registration of the securities on the Exchange became effective on January 15, 1962. Pursuant to an undertaking required by section 15(d) of the Exchange Act, said undertaking being contained in the 1933 Act registration statement, registrant was required to file certain annual, semiannual, current and other reports and documents with the Commission.

II. The Commission has reason to believe that the registrant has failed to comply with the provisions of sections 12, 13 and 15(d) of the Exchange Act and rules and regulations adopted by the Commission thereunder in the following respects:

1. The duplicate original Form 10 filed with the Commission on December 21, 1961 is inadequate and inaccurate in that:

(a) The Summary of Earnings contained therein is false and misleading with respect to:

(i) Cost of products and services sold; selling, general and administrative expenses; and earnings, for the year ended May 31, 1961, and

(ii) The results of operations for the four month periods ended September 30, 1960 and 1961 contained in Note 7, and the explanation thereto.

(b) The financial statements contained therein are false and misleading with respect to the Current Assets, Current Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity as at May 31, 1961.

(c) The Report of the Independent Certified Public Accountant dated July 27, 1961, contained therein, is inadequate and inaccurate with respect to the statements relating to the auditing procedures applied to determine the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements.

2. Registrant filed with the Commission on January 12, 1962 a semiannual report on Form 9-K for the six-month periods ended November 30, 1960 and 1961. Said report is inadequate and inaccurate in that the Sales and Net Income figures contained therein are false and misleading.

III. *It is ordered*, That a public hearing pursuant to section 19(a)(2) of the Exchange Act be held at 10 a.m., e.d.s.t., August 20, 1962 at the offices of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D.C., to determine whether it is necessary or appropriate for the protection of investors to suspend for a period not exceeding twelve months, or to withdraw, the registration of the common stock of registrant on the American Stock Exchange for failure to comply with sections 12, 13 and 15(d) of the Act and the rules and regulations adopted thereunder, as set forth in paragraph II above; and that proceedings in such matter are hereby joined for hearing with a proceeding under section 8(d) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, In the Matter of The Registration Statement of Precision Microwave Corporation (File No. 2-18720) ordered by the Commission this date, both such proceedings hereby being consolidated.

It is further ordered, That an officer to be designated and assigned as Hearing Officer in this proceeding is authorized to exercise the powers and perform the duties specified in the rules of practice of the Commission and any other duties which he may be authorized to perform in accordance with law.

Notice of such Hearing is hereby given to registrant, the American Stock Exchange and to any other person or persons whose participation in such proceeding may be necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors. Any such further persons desiring to be heard in such proceedings should file with the Hearing Officer or the Secretary of the Commission on or before August 15, 1962 his application therefor as provided by the rules of practice of the Commission, setting forth therein any of the above matters or issues of fact or law upon which he desires to be heard and any additional issues he deems raised by the aforesaid order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 62-8056; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:51 a.m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[Notice 676]

MOTOR CARRIER TRANSFER PROCEEDINGS

AUGUST 8, 1962.

Synopses of orders entered pursuant to section 212(b) of the Interstate Commerce Act, and rules and regulations prescribed thereunder (49 CFR Part 179), appear below:

As provided in the Commission's special rules of practice any interested person may file a petition seeking reconsideration of the following numbered proceedings within 20 days from the date of publication of this notice. Pursuant to section 17(8) of the Interstate Commerce Act, the filing of such a petition will postpone the effective date of the order in that proceeding pending its disposition. The matters relied upon by petitioners must be specified in their petitions with particularity.

No. MC-FC 64774. By order of August 2, 1962, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Robinson Freight Line, Inc., Middleton, Mass., of Permit No. MC 16961, issued December 6, 1951, to J. F. Robinson, Jr., authorizing the transportation of: Canned goods, from specified points in Maine to Somerville and Boston, Mass., apples, in containers, from points in New Hampshire to points in Maine, to Somerville and Boston, Mass., such merchandise as is dealt in by wholesale, retail, and chain grocery and food business houses, from Somerville, Boston, and Everett, Mass., to points in Vermont, New Hampshire, and Maine; empty containers, salvage, returned or rejected merchandise, order forms, company records, and advertising matter, from points in Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont to Boston, Cambridge and Somerville, Mass., sweeping compounds, from Winchester, N.H., to Somerville, Mass. Mary E. Kelley, 10 Tremont Street, Boston 8, Mass., attorney for applicants.

No. MC-FC 65066. By order of August 2, 1962, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Miller's Motor Transportation, Inc., Chelsea, Mass., of Certificate No. MC 20123 issued June 23, 1941, to William Miller, doing business as Miller's Motor Transportation, Chelsea, Mass., authorizing the transportation of burlap bags, rags, and such commodities as are handled by waste material dealers, over irregular routes, between Chelsea, Mass., on the one hand, and, on the other, New Haven, Waterbury, and New Britain, Conn., and Providence and Woonsocket, R.I. Melvin R. Taymore, 375 Broadway, Chelsea 50, Mass., attorney for applicants.

No. MC-FC 65133. By order of August 2, 1962, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to B.O.W. Express, Inc., P.O. Box 205, Ottawa, Kansas, of Certificate No. MC 29452, issued October 3, 1955, in the name of Densil Cox, Wellsville, Kansas, authorizing the transportation, over regular routes, of livestock, automobile motors, and farm products, except grain, from Baldwin, Kans., to Kansas City, Mo., and general commodities, except Class A and B explosives, inflammables (not including oils and greases in containers) and fresh fruits and vegetables, from Kansas City, Mo., to Baldwin, Kans., general commodities, excluding household goods and other specified commodities, between Kansas City, Mo., and Ottawa, Kans., between Kansas City, Mo., and Osage City, Kans., and over irregular routes, of general commodities, excluding household goods, commodities in bulk, and other specified commodities, from Kansas City, Mo., and Kansas City, Kans., to Baldwin, Kans., and points within 8 miles thereof, hardware, windmills, twine, washing machines, radios, stoves, and paints, between Kansas City, Mo., and Wellsville, Kans., from Kansas City, Mo., to Princeton, Kans., automobile parts, building materials, farm machinery and parts, feed, groceries, petroleum products in containers and store fixtures, from Kansas City, Mo., and Kansas City, Kans., to Pleasant Grove, Kans., and points within 10 miles of Pleasant Grove, Kans., feed stock remedies, poultry supplies, motor oil in containers, farm hardware, twine, and fencing, from Kansas City, Mo., to Garnett, Lawrence and Paola, Kans., agricultural implements and parts, from Kansas City, Mo., to Wellsville, Kans., from Kansas City,

Mo., and Kansas City, Kans., to Pleasant Grove, Kans., and points within 10 miles of Pleasant Grove, Kans., agricultural implements, from Wellsville, Kans., to Kansas City, Mo., from Kansas City, Mo., to Princeton, Kans., livestock, from points in a described portion of Kansas, to Kansas City, Kans., and Kansas City, Mo., from Kansas City, Kans., and Kansas City, Mo., to Pleasant Grove, Kans., and points within 10 miles of Pleasant Grove, Kans., and between Baldwin, Kans., and points within 8 miles thereof, on the one hand, and, on the other, Kansas City, Mo., and Kansas City, Kans.

No. MC–FC 65139. By order of August 2, 1962, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Alaska Aggregate Corporation, doing business as Pacific Western Lines, Anchorage, Alaska, of the "grandfather" operating rights claimed to have been performed by Leonard C. Bibler and William L. Bibler, doing business as B & M Transport Service, Anchorage, Alaska, for which an application for permanent authority has been filed under the July 12, 1960 amendment of the Act, assigned Docket No. MC 119660 Sub 1, for authority to transport general commodities, excluding household goods and Class A & B explosives, between points in Alaska. George R. LaBissoniere, 333 Central Building, Seattle 4, Wash., attorney for applicants.

No. MC–FC 65151. By order of July 31, 1962, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to British Columbia Hydre and Power Authority, a Crown Corporation, doing business as Pacific Stage Lines and Royal Blue Line Motor Tours, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, of Certificates No. MC 67225 Sub-7, and No. MC 67225 Sub-10, issued August 24, 1956, and September 27, 1957, respectively, to British Columbia Electric Company, Limited, a corporation, doing business as Pacific Stage Lines, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, authorizing the transportation of: Passengers and their baggage, between the boundary of the United States and Canada at Blaine, Sumas, and Lynden, Wash., on the one hand, and, on the other, points in Whatcom, Skagit, and Island Counties, Wash., and between the port of entry at or near Blaine, Wash., on the one hand, and, on the other, Portland, Oreg., and points in Washington. W. H. Q. Cameron, 970 Burrard Street, Vancouver 1, British Columbia, applicants' representative.

No. MC–FC 65198. By order of August 2, 1962, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to H. Edward Narbe and Arthur H. Maul, a partnership, doing business as East Aurora & Buffalo Delivery, Orchard Park, N.Y., of Certificate No. MC 2134, issued May 1, 1941, to Cornelius C. Meyer, doing business as East Aurora & Buffalo Delivery, East Aurora, N.Y., authorizing the transportation of: General commodities, excluding household goods, commodities in bulk, and other specified commodities, between Buffalo, N.Y., and East Aurora, N.Y., over New York Highway 16, serving all intermediate points. Floyd B. Piper, Crosby Building, Buffalo 2, N.Y., practitioner.

[SEAL] HAROLD D. McCOY, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 62–8035; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:47 a.m.]

[Notice 676–A]

MOTOR CARRIER TRANSFER PROCEEDINGS

AUGUST 8, 1962.

Synopses of orders entered pursuant to section 212(b) of the Interstate Commerce Act, and rules and regulations prescribed thereunder (49 CFR Part 179), appear below:

As provided in the Commission's special rules of practice any interested person may file a petition seeking reconsideration of the following numbered proceedings within 20 days from the date of publication of this notice. Pursuant to section 17(8) of the Interstate Commerce Act, the filing of such a petition will postpone the effective date of the order in that proceeding pending its disposition. The matters relied upon by petitioners must be specified in their petitions with particularity.

No. MC–FC 65199. By order of August 8, 1962, the Transfer Board approved the transfer to Warners Motor Express, Inc., Red Lion, Pa., of a portion of Certificate No. MC 78763, issued August 18, 1961, to George P. Cooper (Leona E. Cooper, Executrix) and Howard M. Mesharer, a partnership, doing business as State Transfer Company, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., acquired by Jetway, Inc., Landsdale, Pa., pursuant to MC–FC 64736, authorizing the transportation over irregular routes of household goods, as defined by the Commission, between Wilkes-Barre, Pa., and points within 25 miles of Wilkes-Barre, on the one hand, and, on the other, points in Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, and the District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Florida, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Michigan; and new and used furniture, between Wilkes-Barre, Pa., on the one hand, and, on the other, Washington, D.C., and points in Massachusetts, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, North Carolina, and Florida. John W. Frame, Box 626, Camp Hill, Pa., representative for applicants.

[SEAL] HAROLD D. McCOY, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 62–8036; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:47 a.m.]

FOURTH SECTION APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

AUGUST 8, 1962.

Protests to the granting of an application must be prepared in accordance with Rule 40 of the general rules of practice (49 CFR 1.40) and filed within 15 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

LONG-AND-SHORT HAUL

FSA No. 37870: *Sugar cane bagasse boards or sheets from Armant, La.* Filed by Southwestern Freight Bureau, Agent (No. B–8243), for interested rail carriers. Rates on boards or sheets made from sugar cane bagasse, in carloads, as described in the application, from Armant, La., to points in Arkansas, Illinois, Kansas, Louisiana, Missouri, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas, also Memphis, Tenn., and Natchez and Vicksburg, Miss.

Grounds for relief: Carrier competition.

Tariffs: Supplements 26 and 29 to Southwestern Freight Bureau tariffs I.C.C. 4454 and 4456, respectively.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] HAROLD D. McCOY, *Secretary.*

[F.R. Doc. 62–8034; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:47 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

CERTIFICATES AUTHORIZING EMPLOYMENT OF LEARNERS AT SPECIAL MINIMUM RATES

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 1060, as amended, 29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.), the regulations on employment of learners (29 CFR Part 522), and Administrative Order No. 561 (27 F.R. 4001) the firms listed in this notice have been issued special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates otherwise applicable under section 6 of the Act. The effective and expiration dates, occupations, wage rates, number or proportion of learners, learning periods, and the principal product manufactured by the employer for certificates issued under general learner regulations (§§ 522.1 to 522.9) are as indicated below. Conditions provided in certificates issued under special industry regulations are as established in these regulations.

Apparel Industry Learner Regulations (20 CFR 522.1 to 522.9, as amended, and 29 CFR 522.20 to 522.25, as amended).

The following learner certificates were issued authorizing the employment of 10 percent of the total number of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes. The effective and expiration dates are indicated.

Bastian Manufacturing Corp., Bastian, Va.; effective 8–2–62 to 8–1–63 (men's, boys', ladies', and girls' knit shirts).

Benton Industries, Benton, Pa.; effective 7–30–62 to 7–29–63 (men's and boys' sport shirts).

Clayburne Manufacturing Co., Inc., Clayton, Ga.; effective 8–5–62 to 8–4–63 (men's sport shirts).

The Hercules Trouser Co., Wellston, Ohio; effective 7–30–62 to 7–29–63 (men's and boys' single pants).

Laurens Shirt Corp., Hillcrest Drive, Laurens, S.C.; effective 7–27–62 to 7–26–63 (men's dress and sport shirts).

Linden Manufacturing Co., Birdsboro, Pa.; effective 8–7–62 to 8–6–63 (ladies' and girls' blouses).

Linden Manufacturing Co., 24 High Street, Womelsdorf, Pa.; effective 8–7–62 to 8–6–63 (ladies' and girls' blouses).

McMinnville Garment Co., McMinnville, Tenn.; effective 7–24–62 to 7–23–63 (men's and boys' cotton pants).

Roydon Wear, Inc., Oak Street, McRae, Ga.; effective 8–8–62 to 8–7–63 (men's and boys' trousers).

Salant & Salant Inc., Marked Tree, Ark.; effective 8–5–62 to 8–4–63 (men's cotton sport shirts).

Henry I. Siegel Co., Inc., Dickson, Tenn.; effective 8–1–62 to 7–31–63 (men's and boys' single pants).

Henry I. Siegel Co., Inc., Hohenwald, Tenn.; effective 8–3–62 to 8–2–63 (men's and boys' single pants).

Top Notch Manufacturing Co., Inc., 2101 Cypress Street, El Paso, Tex.; effective 7–27–62 to 7–26–63 (men's and boys' denim overalls).

Williamson - Dickie Manufacturing Co., Bainbridge, Ga.; effective 7–26–62 to 7–25–63 (men's and boys' cotton pants).

Wood Garment Manufacturing Co., Inc., Crane, Mo.; effective 8–4–62 to 8–3–63 (men's dress trousers, men's, boys' ivy league and cotton pants and dungarees).

Wood Garment Manufacturing Co., Inc., Republic, Mo.; effective 7–26–62 to 7–25–63 (men's dress trousers).

The following learner certificates were issued for normal labor turnover purposes. The effective and expiration dates and the number of learners authorized are indicated.

Baroness, Inc., 24 High Street, Womelsdorf, Pa.; effective 8–7–62 to 8–6–63; eight learners (ladies' and girls' blouses).

Dutch Miss, Inc., Fifth and Canal Streets, Lebanon, Pa.; effective 7–26–62 to 7–25–63; six learners (ladies' blouses).

Edinburg Manufacturing Co., Wardensville, W. Va.; effective 7–26–62 to 7–25–63; 10 learners (infants wear).

Giles Manufacturing Corp., Narrows, Va.; effective 7–24–62 to 7–23–63; 10 learners (children's knit shirts, boys' sateen jackets, women's knit blouses, shorts).

Jeansco, Inc., 123 Pine Street, Petersburg, Va.; effective 7–29–62 to 7–28–63; 10 learners (blue jeans).

Lillian Russell, Inc., 126 West Cedar Street, Seminole County, Wewoka, Okla.; effective 7–27–62 to 7–26–63; 10 learners (ladies' dresses).

Linden Manufacturing Co., Newmanstown, Pa.; effective 8–7–62 to 8–6–63; five learners (ladies' and girls' blouses).

Linden Manufacturing Co., 843 North Ninth Street, Reading, Pa.; effective 8–7–62 to 8–6–63; six learners (ladies' and girls' blouses).

Normandy Dress Co., 700 South Madison, Bay City, Mich.; effective 7–30–62 to 7–29–63; 10 learners (ladies' cotton house dresses).

Patrician Frock Co., 30 Susquehanna Street, Jim Thorpe, Pa.; effective 7–30–62 to 7–29–63; five learners (blouses).

Patty Sportswear, Inc., 210 North Main Avenue, Scranton, Pa.; effective 7–30–62 to 7–29–63; 10 learners (ladies' dresses).

Sprite Manufacturing Co., Inc., 50 West Rowe Street, Tamaqua, Pa.; effective 7–30–62 to 7–29–63; 10 learners (ladies' blouses).

Toby Lane, Inc., 1111 Washington Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.; effective 7–27–62 to 7–26–63; 10 learners (women's dresses).

Vasil Manufacturing Co., Inc., 119 East Mary Street, Bucyrus, Ohio; effective 7–31–62 to 7–30–63; 10 learners (ladies' dresses).

The following learner certificates were issued for plant expansion purposes. The effective and expiration dates and the number of learners authorized are indicated.

Manchester Industries, Inc., Manchester, Tenn.; effective 7–25–62 to 1–24–63; 100 learners (men's and boys' sport shirts).

Walter J. Munro, Inc., Salisbury Road, Statesville, N.C.; effective 7–30–62 to 1–29–63; 10 learners (buntings, layette group, diaper sets).

Peerless Sportswear Manufacturing Co., 324 South Main Street, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; effective 7–30–62 to 1–29–63; five learners (girls' cotton and rayon slacks).

Henry I. Siegel Co., Inc., Dickson, Tenn.; effective 7–25–62 to 1–24–63; 90 learners (men's and boys' single pants).

Sorbeau Juvenile Manufacturing Co., 821 Central Avenue, Dubuque, Iowa; effective 7–30–62 to 1–29–63; 10 learners (infants layette).

Glove Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.1 to 522.9, as amended, and 29 CFR 522.60 to 522.65, as amended).

Indianapolis Glove Co., Inc., Houlka, Miss.; effective 7–30–62 to 7–29–63; 10 percent of the total number of machine stitchers for normal labor turnover purposes (Canton flannel work gloves).

Indianapolis Glove Co., Inc., Coshocton, Ohio; effective 8–3–62 to 8–2–63; 10 percent of the total number of machine stitchers for normal labor turnover purposes (Canton flannel work gloves).

Hosiery Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.1 to 522.9, as amended, and 29 CFR 522.40 to 522.43, as amended).

Elizabeth City Hosiery Mills, Elizabeth, N.C.; effective 7–26–62 to 1–25–63; 30 learners for plant expansion purposes (fullfashioned).

Granite Hosiery Corp., 838 South Main Street, Mount Airy, N.C.; effective 8–3–62 to 8–2–63; 5 percent of the total number of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes (men's and boys' seamless hosiery).

James Knitting Co., Inc., West Irish Street, Greeneville, Tenn.; effective 7–30–62 to 7–29–63; five learners for normal labor turnover purposes (seamless).

James Knitting Co., Inc., West Irish Street, Greeneville, Tenn.; effective 7–30–62 to 7–29–63; 10 learners for plant expansion purposes (seamless).

Mayo Knitting Mill, Inc., Tarboro, N.C.; effective 7–26–62 to 1–25–63; five learners for plant expansion purposes (seamless).

Knitted Wear Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.1 to 522.9, as amended, and 29 CFR 522.30 to 522.35, as amended).

Cherrybell Manufacturing Corp., 1720 South Cherrybell Stravenue, Tucson, Ariz.; effective 7–24–62 to 1–23–63; 35 learners for plant expansion purposes (ladies' undergarments, panties, and half-slips).

Hazlehurst Manufacturing Co., Vidalia Division, Vidalia, Ga.; effective 7–26–62 to 1–25–63; five learners for plant expansion purposes (ladies' woven and knit underwear).

Lambert Mills, Inc., Lambert, Miss.; effective 7–27–62 to 7–26–63; 5 percent of the total number of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes (men's and boys' banlon knit shirts).

Movie Star of Purvis, Purvis, Miss.; effective 7–31–62 to 7–30–63; 5 percent of the total number of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes (ladies' slips, petticoats, panties, etc.).

Norwich Mills, Inc., Wendell, N.C.; effective 7–30–62 to 1–29–63; 50 learners for plant expansion purposes (boys' cotton knit sweatshirts).

Regulations Applicable to the Employment of Learners (29 CFR 522.1 to 522.9, as amended).

Barry Belt, Inc., 123 Pine Street, Pittston, Pa.; effective 7–30–62 to 1–29–63; five learners for normal labor turnover purposes, in the occupation of sewing machine operator for a learning period of 320 hours at the rate of at least $1.00 an hour for the first 160 hours, and not less than $1.05 an hour for the remaining 160 hours (belts).

The following learner certificates were issued in Puerto Rico to the companies hereinafter named. The effective and expiration dates, learner rates, occupations, learning periods, and the number or proportion of learners authorized to be employed, are as indicated.

Caguas Tobacco and Processing Corp., Caguas, P.R.: effective 6–24–62 to 10–1–62; 26 learners for normal labor turnover purposes, in the occupations of: (1) Machine stripper for a learning period of 160 hours at the rate of 80 cents an hour and (2) sorter (selecting half leaves) for a learning period of 160 hours at the rate of 70 cents an hour (machine stripping process and selection of half leaves of wrappers) replacement certificate).

Colon & Co., Inc., Jose I. Quinton Street, Coamo, P.R.; effective 7–2–62 to 7–1–63; 10 learners for normal labor turnover purposes, in the occupations of: (1) Sewing machine operator for a learning period of 480 hours at the rates of 65 cents an hour for the first 240 hours and 76 cents an hour for the remaining 240 hours; (2) final inspection of fully assembled garments for a learning period of 160 hours at the rate of 65 cents an hour (ladies' underwear).

Colon & Co., Inc., Jose I. Quinton Street, Coamo, P.R.; effective 7–2–62 to 1–1–63; 10 learners for plant expansion purposes, in the occupations of: (1) Sewing machine operator for a learning period of 480 hours at the rates of 65 cents an hour for the first 240 hours and 76 cents an hour for the remaining 240 hours; (2) final inspection of fully assembled garments for a learning period of 160 hours at the rate of 65 cents an hour (ladies' underwear).

Cranbar Corp., Barrio El Tuque, Ponce West Indies Dev., Ponce, P.R.; effective 7–11–62 to 1–10–63; 70 learners for plant expansion purposes, in any productive factory occupation (with certain exceptions), each for a learning period of 480 hours at the rates of 72 cents an hour for the first 240 hours and 84 cents an hour for the remaining 240 hours (rubber and canvas shoes).

Glamourette Fashion Mills, Inc., Km. 0.5 Road No. 113, Quebradillas, P.R.; effective 7–14–62 to 7–13–63; 23 learners for normal labor turnover purposes, in the occupations of: (1) Knitter; topper; looper, each for a learning period of 480 hours at the rates of 78 cents an hour for the first 240 hours and 92 cents an hour for the remaining 240 hours; (2) machine stitcher; presser; hand sewer; finisher operations involving hand sewer, each for a learning period of 320 hours at the rates of 78 cents an hour for the first 160 hours and 92 cents an hour for the remaining 160 hours; (3) winder for a learning period of 240 hours at the rate of 78 cents an hour (full-fashioned sweaters).

Trio Knitting Corp., Coamo-Juana Diaz Road, Coamo, Puerto Rico; effective 7–16–62 to 1–15–63; 20 learners for plant expansion purposes, in the occupations of: (1) Looper

for a learning period of 480 hours at the rates of 78 cents an hour for the first 240 hours and 92 cents an hour for the remaining 240 hours; (2) mender for a learning period of 320 hours at the rates of 78 cents an hour for the first 160 hours and 92 cents an hour for the remaining 160 hours (knitted sweaters).

Each learner certificate has been issued upon the representations of the employer which, among other things, were that employment of learners at special minimum rates is necessary in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, and that experienced workers for the learner occupations are not available. The certificates may be annulled or withdrawn, as indicated therein, in the manner provided in Part 528 of Title 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER pursuant to the provisions of 29 CFR 522.9.

Signed at Washington, D.C., this 2d day of August 1962.

ROBERT G. GRONEWALD,
Authorized Representative of the Administrator.

[F.R. Doc. 62-8051; Filed, Aug. 10, 1962; 8:50 a.m.]

FEDERAL REGISTER

Telephone WOrth 3-3261

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