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Washington, Saturday, December 8, 1956

TITLE 3—THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10691

CREATING AN EMERGENCY BOARD TO INVESTIGATE A DISPUTE BETWEEN THE SPOKANE, PORTLAND & SEATTLE RAILWAY COMPANY AND CERTAIN OF ITS EMPLOYEES REPRESENTED BY THE BROTHERHOOD OF LOCOMOTIVE ENGINEERS

WHEREAS a dispute exists between the Spokane, Portland and Seattle Railway Company, a carrier, and certain of its employees represented by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, a labor organization; and

WHEREAS this dispute has not heretofore been adjusted under the provisions of the Railway Labor Act, as amended; and

WHEREAS this dispute, in the judgment of the National Mediation Board, threatens substantially to interrupt interstate commerce to a degree such as to deprive a section of the Country of essential transportation service;

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the authority vested in me by Section 10 of the Railway Labor Act, as amended (45 U. S. C. 160), I hereby create a board of three members, to be appointed by me, to investigate the said dispute. No member of the said Board shall be pecuniarily or otherwise interested in any organization of railway employees or any carrier.

The board shall report its findings to the President with respect to the said dispute within thirty days from the date of this order.

As provided by Section 10 of the Railway Labor Act, as amended, from this date and for thirty days after the board has made its report to the President, no change, except by agreement, shall be made by the Spokane, Portland and Seattle Railway Company, or by its employees, in the conditions out of which the said dispute arose.

DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER

THE WHITE HOUSE,
December 5, 1956.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10127; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 10:04 a. m.]

TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter III—Farmers Home Administration, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter B—Farm Ownership Loans

[FHA Instruction 428.1]

PART 311—BASIC REGULATIONS

SUBPART B—LOAN LIMITATIONS

AVERAGE VALUES OF FARMS; TEXAS

On November 1, 1956, for the purposes of Title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, average values of efficient family-type farm-management units for the counties identified below were determined to be as herein set forth. The average values heretofore established for said counties, which appear in the tabulations of average values under § 311.29, Chapter III, Title 6 of the Code of Federal Regulations, are hereby superseded by the average values set forth below for said counties.

TEXAS	*Average value*
County:	
Atascosa	$35,000
Austin	30,000
Bexar	40,000
Caldwell	40,000
Callahan	35,000
Cameron	40,000
Coke	40,000
Eastland	25,000
Foard	35,000
Frio	40,000
Garza	40,000
Hamilton	28,000
Hardeman	35,000
Haskell	25,000
Hays	30,000
Hidalgo	40,000
Hill	35,000
Jones	40,000
Karnes	40,000
La Salle	40,000
McMullen	40,000
Medina	40,000
Morris	25,000
Palo Pinto	40,000
Parker	40,000
Robertson	25,000
Shackelford	40,000
Taylor	40,000
Travis	80,000
Wilbarger	35,000
Willacy	40,000

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THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

FEDERAL REGISTER

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CONTENTS—Continued

CODIFICATION GUIDE

A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue. Proposed rules, as opposed to final actions, are identified as such.

TEXAS—Continued

County—Continued	*Average value*
Williamson	$30,000
Wilson	40,000

(Sec. 41 (1) 50 Stat. 529, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1015 (1))

Dated: December 4, 1956.

[SEAL] D. H. SMITH,
Acting Administrator,
Farmers Home Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10086; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:51 a. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter VII—Commodity Stabilization Service (Farm Marketing Quotas and Acreage Allotments), Department of Agriculture

PART 721—CORN

SUBPART—REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO FARM ACREAGE ALLOCATIONS FOR 1957 CROP

Sec.

AUTHORITY: §§ 721.810 to 721.825 issued under sec. 375, 52 Stat. 66, sec. 124, 70 Stat. 198; 7 U. S. C. 1375. Interpret or apply secs. 301, 329, 52 Stat. 38, 52; secs. 103, 308, 70 Stat. 189, 206; 7 U. S. C. 1301, 1329.

§ 721.810 *Basis and purpose.* The regulations contained in §§ 721.810 to 721.825 are issued pursuant to the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, and the Agricultural Act of 1956, and govern the establishment of 1957 farm acreage allocations for corn. The purpose of the regulations in §§ 721.810 to 721.825 is to provide the procedure for allocating the county corn acreage allocations among farms.

§ 721.811 *Definitions.* As used in the regulations in this part and in all instructions, forms, and documents in connection therewith, the words and phrases defined in this section shall have the meanings herein assigned to them.

(a) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States, or the officer of the Department acting in his stead pursuant to delegated authority.

(b) "Director" means the Director of the Grain Division, Commodity Stabilization Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture.

(c) Committees:

(1) "Community committee" means the persons elected within a community as the community committee pursuant to the regulations governing the selection and functions of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation county and community committees.

(2) "County committee" means the persons elected within a county as the county committee pursuant to the regulations governing the selection and functions of the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation county and community committees.

(3) "State committee" means the persons designated by the Secretary as the Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation State committee.

(d) "Farm" means all adjacent or nearby farm or range land under the same ownership which is operated by one person, including also:

(1) Any other adjacent or nearby farm or range land which the county committee determines is operated by the same person as part of the same unit in producing range livestock or with respect to the rotation of crops, and with workstock, farm machinery, and labor substantially separate from that for any other land; and

(2) Any field-rented tract (whether operated by the same or another person) which, together with any other land included in the farm, constitutes a unit with respect to the rotation of crops.

A farm shall be regarded as located in the county or administrative area in which the principal dwelling is situated, or if there is no dwelling thereon it shall be regarded as located in the county or administrative area in which the major portion of the farm is located.

(e) "Cropland" means farmland which in 1956 was tilled or was in regular crop rotation, including also land which was established in permanent vegetative cover, other than trees, since 1953, and which was classified as cropland at the time of seeding, but excluding: (1) Bearing orchards and vineyards (except the acreage of cropland therein), (2) plowable non-crop open pasture, and (3) any land which constitutes, or will constitute if tillage is continued, a wind erosion hazard to the community. Insofar as the acreage of cropland on the farm enters into the determination of the farm acreage allocations, the cropland acreage on the farm shall not be deemed to be decreased during the period of any contract entered into under the conservation reserve program by reason of the establishment and maintenance of vegetative cover or water storage facilities, or other soil-, water-, wildlife-, or forest-conserving uses under such contract.

(f) "Old county" means a county included within the commercial corn-producing area both in 1956 and 1957.

(g) "New county" means a county included within the commercial corn-producing area in 1957 but which was not included in the 1956 area.

(h) "Historical base period" means the years for which corn acreages are used in establishing 1957 corn acreage allocations.

(1) For old counties the historical base period is the years 1953 through 1956.

(2) For new counties the historical base period is the years 1954 through 1956.

(i) "Old farm" means a farm on which corn was planted in one or more of the three years 1954, 1955 and 1956, including also any farm on which all or any part of the 1956 Soil Bank corn base acreage was diverted from the production of corn under the 1956 acreage reserve or conservation reserve program even though there was no acreage actually planted to corn on the farm in 1956.

(j) "New farm" means a farm on which no corn was planted in 1954, 1955, or 1956, or was considered planted in 1956 because all or a part of the Soil Bank corn base acreage was diverted from the production of corn under the 1956 acreage reserve or conservation reserve program, but on which corn will be planted in 1957.

(k) "Acreage indicated by cropland" means the number of acres computed by multiplying the cropland for a farm by the ratio of historical corn acreage determined for a community or county pursuant to § 721.816 (a) to cropland for the community or county: *Provided*, That if the State committee finds that the historical corn acreage as determined was abnormally high or low due to abnormal weather or to the bringing into cultivation of land not previously so used, the community or county ratio shall be determined on the basis of the ratio of the average of the acreages for the years of the historical base period which the State committee determines is normal. County ratio determinations will be used subject to approval of the State committee.

(l) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate, trust, or other business enterprise or legal entity, and, wherever applicable, a State, political subdivision of a State, the Federal Government, or any agency thereof.

(m) "Operator" means the person who is in charge of the supervision and conduct of the farming operations on the entire farm.

(n) "Previous base acreage" means the 1956 base acreage in counties which were included within the 1956 commercial corn-producing area.

(o) "Corn acreage" for any year for which acreage allotments were not in effect in the county means the number of acres of land on which field corn was planted alone or interplanted with other crops including sweet corn which was produced for feed or silage. For any year in which acreage allotments were in effect in the county, corn acreage means the acreage planted to corn, as adjusted to comply with the acreage allotment or Soil Bank corn base. Acreage planted to corn shall include acreage diverted from the production of corn under the Soil Bank acreage reserve or conservation reserve program.

(p) Corn allocations:

(1) "County allocation" means the corn acreage allotment apportioned to the county as its share of the 1957 acreage allotment for the commercial corn-producing area or the Soil Bank corn base acreage apportioned to the county as its share of the 1957 Soil Bank base acreage for the commercial corn-producing area, as the case may be, as determined on the basis of the acreage planted to corn during the five calendar years, 1951–1955 (plus, in applicable years, the acreage diverted under agricultural adjustment and conservation programs), with adjustments for abnormal weather conditions and for trends in acreage during such period, and for the promotion of soil-conservation practices.

(2) "Farm acreage allocations" means the corn acreage allotment and Soil Bank corn base acreage for the farm.

(q) "Commercial corn-producing area" means the area designated by the Secretary pursuant to section 301 (b) (4) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, and includes all counties in which the average production of corn (excluding corn used for silage) during the ten calendar years, 1947–1956, after adjustment for abnormal weather conditions, is 450 bushels or more per farm and 4 bushels or more for each acre of farmland in the county, and also includes any county bordering on such commercial corn-producing area which the Secretary finds is likely to produce 450 bushels or more per farm and 4 bushels or more for each acre of farmland in 1957.

§ 721.812 *Extent of calculations and rule of fractions.* All acreage determinations other than the historical acreages shall be rounded to the nearest tenth acre. Fractional acres of fifty-one thousandths of an acre or more shall be rounded upward, and fractional acres of less than fifty-one thousandths of an acre shall be dropped.

§ 721.813 *Instructions and forms.* The Director shall cause to be prepared and issued such forms as are necessary and shall cause to be prepared such instructions with respect to internal management as are necessary for carrying out the regulations in this part. The forms and instructions shall be approved by, and the instructions shall be issued by, the Deputy Administrator, Production Adjustment, Commodity Stabilization Service.

§ 721.814 *Method of apportioning acreage allocations.* The county acreage allocations shall be apportioned to farms in the county on the basis of past acreage of corn (planted and diverted), tillable acres, crop-rotation practices, type of soil, and topography.

§ 721.815 *Report of data for old corn farms in new counties.* To the extent that the information is not available in the ASC county office, the owner, operator, or any other interested person shall furnish the following information regarding the farm in which he has an interest to the ASC county office of the county in which the farm is regarded as located if corn was planted on the farm in 1954, 1955 or 1956:

(a) The names and addresses of the owner and operator.

(b) The total acreage of all land.

(c) The acreage of cropland.

(d) The acreage of corn planted in the years 1954, 1955 and 1956.

(e) The acreage of other crops and land uses.

(f) Other pertinent information requested by the ASC county office relative to operations of the farm.

§ 721.816 *Determination of base acreages for old farms.* To reflect the factors of past acreage of corn, tillable acres, crop-rotation practices, type of soil, and topography, the county committee shall determine for each old farm a base acreage of corn. Each base acreage determined shall be fair and equitable when compared with the base acreages for all other farms in the county. In arriving at the base acreage, consideration shall be given to the corn acreage on the farm during the years 1953, 1954, 1955, and 1956 in old counties and the corn acreage on the farm during the years 1954, 1955, and 1956 in new counties, tillable acres, type of soil, topography, the producer's crop-rotation system for the farm, including the equipment and other facilities available for carrying out such system of crop-rotation, and the base acreages for other farms in the community which are similar with respect to past acreage of corn, tillable acres, type of soil, and topography, and which are similarly operated. Such base acreages shall be established as follows:

(a) *Previous base acreage.* With State committee approval, the previous base acreage may be used as the 1957 base acreage for the farm if it does not vary from the historical average acreage by more than ten percent or two acres, whichever is the larger, and the county committee determines that such use will result in a fair and equitable base acreage for 1957 which meets the requirements prescribed above. If the use of the previous base acreage for farms within the ten percent and two-acre limitation will not result in a fair and equitable base acreage for 1957, or if a previous base acreage has not been established for the farm, a fair and equitable base acreage shall be determined as follows:

(b) *Historical acreage.* The historical acreages for 1954, 1955 and 1956 shall be the corn acreages plus the acreages diverted under the respective corn acreage allotment programs or Soil Bank programs and shall be determined as follows: (1) If the 1954, 1955 or 1956 farm corn acreage allotment was knowingly exceeded, the historical acreage for 1954, 1955 or 1956, as the case may be, shall be the farm corn acreage allotment for the applicable year established under the regulations issued by the Secretary for determining such farm corn acreage allotments, plus the corn acreage in excess of the farm corn acreage allotment; (2) if the 1954, 1955 or 1956 farm corn acreage allotment established under the applicable regulations was not knowingly exceeded and the corn acreage was 90 per centum or more of such allotment, the historical acreage shall be the base acreage established for the farm under the applicable regulations; (3) if the 1954, 1955 or 1956 corn acreage was less than 90 per centum of the farm corn acreage allotment established under said regulations, the historical acreage shall be the smaller of the farm base acreage, or the acreage obtained by multiplying the corn acreage by a diversion credit factor. In such cases the diversion credit factor will be the reciprocal of a decimal fraction which is 90 per centum of the county proration factor as determined under the applicable regulations.

(c) *Historical average acreage.* The historical average corn acreage for any farm shall be the average of the historical acreages for 1953, 1954, 1955 and 1956 in old counties and the average of the historical acreages for 1954, 1955 and 1956 in new counties.

(d) *Adjusted average acreage.* The county committee shall adjust the historical average corn acreage for any farm by eliminating from the period of years used in determining the historical average acreage the corn acreage for any year or years which it definitely finds was not representative of the acreage which normally would have been planted under the established crop-rotation system on the farm because such acreage was:

(1) Abnormally low due to excessive wet weather or flood.

(2) Abnormally low due to drought.

(3) Abnormally high because of weather conditions which caused failure of crops other than corn or which prevented the planting of crops other than corn.

(4) No longer representative because of a change in operations which results in substantial change in the established crop-rotation system for the farm.

(5) Not representative for 1957 because of a definitely established crop-rotation system being carried out on the farm.

When one or more of the years are eliminated in accordance with the provisions of subparagraphs (1) through (5) of this paragraph, the average of the years not so eliminated shall be considered as the adjusted average acreage. If all years of the base period are eliminated, the adjusted average acreage shall be zero.

(e) *Further adjustments.* The historical average acreage or the adjusted average acreage, as the case may be, may be further adjusted so as to make such acreage comparable with those acreages for other farms which are similar with respect to the type of farming operation and to the factors of tillable acreage, topography, and type of soil within the following limitations:

(1) If such acreage is unduly low, the historical average acreage or the adjusted average acreage, as the case may be, may be adjusted upward by not more than 20 percent. However, if the adjusted acreage is zero, the 20 percent limitation will not apply and the acreage shall be adjusted upward, unless the committee determines that corn will not be planted in 1957 under the crop-rotation system for the farm. The acreage thus adjusted shall in no case exceed the acreage indicated by cropland, except as provided in subparagraph (3) of this paragraph.

(2) If such acreage is excessively high because of an increase in corn acreage as a result of diversion from other allotment crops, including sugar beets, the historical average acreage or the adjusted average acreage, as the case may be, may be adjusted downward by not more than 25 percent, but not below the acreage indicated by cropland, except as provided in subparagraph (3) of this paragraph.

(3) The acreage indicated by cropland limitations provided in subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph shall not apply in the establishment of the base acreage for a farm if the State committee finds that such acreage is not representative of similarly operated farms which are similar also with respect to

tillable acreage, type of soil, and topography because of extreme differences in the type of soil and topography within the different areas of the community or because of the small number of corn farms listed.

(f) *Base acreage.* The base acreage for an old farm shall be that acreage determined under paragraphs (a) through (d) of this section.

§ 721.817 *Determination of base acreages for new farms.* (a) The county committee shall determine a base acreage for use in establishing a corn acreage allocation for each eligible new farm for which a corn acreage allocation is requested for 1957 not later than January 31, 1957, or such earlier date established by the State committee as affording reasonable opportunity for requesting such an allocation. Each request for such an allocation shall include the following information:

(1) The acreage of all land and total cropland on the farm for which an allocation is requested.

(2) The acreage of cropland well suited to corn.

(3) The name and address of the farm owner and, if known, the name and address of the 1957 operator.

(4) Location and description of the farm.

(5) Identification and location of any other farm in which the operator will have an interest in 1957.

(6) Acreage of corn in which the operator had an interest in 1954, 1955 and 1956 and identification and location of land on which such corn was planted.

(7) Corn acreage which would be planted in 1957 under the rotation system planned for the farm.

(8) Reason for requesting a 1957 corn acreage allocation.

(9) Reason for not planting corn on the farm in 1954, 1955, and 1956.

(b) Eligibility for a new farm allocation shall be conditioned upon the following:

(1) The land for which an allotment is requested is well suited for the production of corn; and

(2) The operator is largely dependent for his livelihood on his farming operations; and

(3) The producer establishes to the satisfaction of the county committee that:

(i) The system of farming has changed or is changing to the extent that corn will be included in such system for 1957; or

(ii) The established crop-rotation system followed on the farm will include corn for 1957.

In determining the base acreage for a new farm, the county committee shall take into consideration tillable acres, type of soil, topography, the farming system to be followed by the operator, the extent to which the operator is dependent for his livelihood on his farming operations, the information required of the applicant in his request for an allotment, and the 1957 base acreage, if any, established on other land farmed by the operator: *Provided*, That the base acreage determined for a new farm shall not exceed (a) the indicated acreage which would be planted in 1957 under the rotation system planned for the farm, or (b) the acreage indicated by cropland, whichever is the smaller.

§ 721.818 *Determination of acreage allocations for old farms.* The 1957 county acreage allotment after deduction of an appropriate reserve for new farms and for appeals, correction of errors, and missed farms, as determined by the county committee, shall be apportioned pro rata among the old farms within the county by the county committee on the basis of the base acreages determined under § 721.816. The farm Soil Bank corn base shall be determined by multiplying such allotment by 1.3677.

§ 721.819 *Determination of acreage allocations for new farms.* The 1957 corn acreage allotments, or Soil Bank corn base acreages, as the case may be, for new farms shall be determined by applying the pro rata reduction factor approved for old farms to the base acreages determined under § 721.817 if there is sufficient reserve acreage. If the use of the reduction factor would result in the apportionment of acreage in excess of the available reserve, the allocations shall be determined by apportioning the available reserve acreage pro rata among the new farms within the county on the basis of the base acreages determined under § 721.817.

§ 721.820 *Supervision, review, and approval by the State committee.* The State committee shall be responsible for the work of the county committee in the apportionment of the county corn acreage allocations, the review of all allocations and reserves, and the correction of any improper determinations made under the regulations in this part. All allocations shall be approved by or on behalf of the State committee and no official notice of an acreage allocation shall be mailed until such allocation has been approved by or on behalf of the State committee.

§ 721.821 *Farms divided or combined.* (a) The 1957 corn acreage allocations determined for a farm shall, if there is a division, be apportioned to each part on the basis of the acreage of cropland on each part, except that, if the county committee determines that this method would result in allocations not representative of the farming operations normally carried out on each part, the allocations may be determined for each part in the same manner as would have been done if such part had been a completely separate farm: *Provided*, That the sum of the allocations thus determined for each part shall not exceed the allocations originally determined for the entire farm which is being divided.

(b) If two or more farms for which the 1957 corn allocations are determined will be combined and operated as a single farm in 1957, the 1957 acreage allocations shall be the sum of the allocations determined for each of the farms comprising the combination.

(c) If a farm, a part of which is owned by the Federal Government and under a restrictive lease to a producer, is to be divided for 1957, the corn acreage allocations attributed to or established for the government-owned tract shall become frozen and shall not be available for apportionment to any other farm.

§ 721.822 *Right to appeal.* (a) Any owner, operator, landlord, tenant, or sharecropper who believes that the acreage allocation for a farm in which he has an interest is not equitable, may file an appeal for reconsideration of the acreage allocation.

(b) The request for appeal of any acreage allocation and facts constituting the basis therefor must be submitted in writing and postmarked or delivered to the county committee within 15 days after the date of mailing the notice of allocation. If the applicant is dissatisfied with the decision of the county committee, he may appeal to the State committee within 15 days after the date of mailing of the notice of the decision of the county committee. If the applicant is dissatisfied with the decision of the State committee, he may, within 15 days after the date of mailing of the notice of the decision of the State committee, appeal to the Director, whose decision shall be final.

§ 721.823 *Applicability of acreage allocations.* If two-thirds or more of the producers voting in the corn referendum to be held on December 11, 1956, pursuant to section 308 of the Agricultural Act of 1956, vote in favor of the use of Soil Bank corn base acreages under that act in lieu of acreage allotments under the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, the Soil Bank corn base acreages shall be applicable for 1957 and acreage allotments shall not be in effect after the date of the referendum. If less than two-thirds of such producers vote in favor of Soil Bank corn base acreages, acreage allotments shall be applicable for 1957, and Soil Bank base acreages shall not be in effect after the date of the referendum.

§ 721.824 *Notices of farm allocations.* Notice of the 1957 farm acreage allotment and farm Soil Bank base acreage determined under § 721.818 for each old farm shall, to the extent practicable, be mailed by the county committee to the operator of the farm in time to be received prior to the corn referendum on December 11, 1956. Such notice shall state that the acreage allotment or the Soil Bank base acreage shall be applicable for 1957, depending upon the outcome of the referendum. The operator of each old farm shall also be notified of the result of the referendum. The operator of each new farm shall be notified by the county committee of the farm acreage allotment or farm Soil Bank base acreage, whichever is applicable as a result of the referendum.

§ 721.825 *Applicability of §§ 721.810 to 721.825.* Sections 721.810 to 721.825 shall govern the establishment of the farm allocations for the 1957 crop of corn for use in connection with Soil Bank and farm price support programs.

NOTE: The reporting requirements contained herein have been approved by, and subsequent reporting requirements will be

subject to the approval of, the Bureau of Budget in accordance with Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 5th day of December 1956. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] TRUE D. MORSE,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10052; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:48 a. m.]

Chapter IX—Agricultural Marketing Service (Marketing Agreements and Orders), Department of Agriculture

[Navel Orange Reg. 94, Amdt. 1]

PART 914—NAVEL ORANGES GROWN IN ARIZONA AND DESIGNATED PART OF CALIFORNIA

LIMITATION OF HANDLING

Findings. 1. Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, an Order No. 14, as amended (7 CFR Part 914; 21 F. R. 4707), regulating the handling of navel oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California, effective September 22, 1953, under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.; 68 Stat. 906, 1047), and upon the basis of the recommendation and information submitted by the Navel Orange Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of such navel oranges, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

2. It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this amendment until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this amendment is based became available and the time when this amendment must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and this amendment relieves restrictions on the handling of navel oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California.

Order, as amended. The provisions in paragraph (b) (1) (i) of § 914.394 (Navel Orange Regulation 94, 21 F. R. 9400) are hereby amended to read as follows:

(i) District 1: 1,108,800 cartons.

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 608c)

Dated: December 5, 1956.

[SEAL] FLOYD F. HEDLUND,
Acting Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10050; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:47 a. m.]

[Navel Orange Reg. 96]

PART 914—NAVEL ORANGES GROWN IN ARIZONA AND DESIGNATED PART OF CALIFORNIA

LIMITATION OF HANDLING

§ 914.396 *Navel Orange Regulation 96*—(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 14, as amended (7 CFR Part 914; 21 F. R. 4707), regulating the handling of navel oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California, effective September 22, 1953, under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.; 68 Stat. 906, 1047), and upon the basis of the recommendation and information submitted by the Navel Orange Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of such navel oranges, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. The Navel Orange Administrative Committee held an open meeting on December 6, 1956, after giving due notice thereof, to consider supply and market conditions for navel oranges and the need for regulation; interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit information and views at this meeting; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after such meeting was held; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such navel oranges; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period herein specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed on or before the effective date hereof.

(b) *Order.* (1) The quantity of navel oranges grown in Arizona and designated part of California which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., December 9, 1956, and ending at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., December 16, 1956, is hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: 646,800 cartons;
(ii) District 2: 23,350 cartons;
(iii) District 3: 92,400 cartons;
(iv) District 4: Unlimited movement.

(2) All navel oranges handled during the period specified in this section are subject also to all applicable size restrictions which are in effect pursuant to this part during such period.

(3) As used in this section, "handled," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," "District 4," and "carton" have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 608c)

Dated: December 7, 1956.

[SEAL] FLOYD F. HEDLUND,
Acting Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10129; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 11:20 a. m.]

[Lemon Reg. 671]

PART 953—LEMONS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 953.778 *Lemon Regulation 671*—(a) *Findings.* (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 53, as amended (7 CFR Part 953; 20 F. R. 8451; 21 F. R. 4393), regulating the handling of lemons grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.; 68 Stat. 906, 1047), and upon the basis of the recommendation and information submitted by the Lemon Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of the quantity of such lemons which may be handled, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. Shipments of lemons, grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, are currently subject to regulation pursuant to said amended marketing agreement and order; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein were promptly submitted to the Department after an

open meeting of the Lemon Administrative Committee on December 5, 1956, such meeting was held, after giving due notice thereof to consider recommendations for regulation, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such lemons; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time thereof.

(b) *Order.* (1) The quantity of lemons grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., December 9, 1956, and ending at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., December 16, 1956, is hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: 46,500 cartons;

(ii) District 2: 130,200 cartons;

(iii) District 3: Unlimited movement.

(2) As used in this section, "handled," "District 1," "District 2," "District 3," and "carton" have the same meaning as when used in the said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 608c)

Dated: December 6, 1956.

[SEAL] FLOYD F. HEDLUND,
Acting Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10120; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Lime Order 3, Amdt. 4]

PART 1001—LIMES GROWN IN FLORIDA

QUALITY AND SIZE REGULATION

Findings. (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement and Order No. 101 (7 CFR Part 1001) regulating the handling of limes grown in Florida, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.; 68 Stat. 906, 1047), and upon the basis of the recommendations of the Florida Lime Administrative Committee, established under the aforesaid marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of handling of limes, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable, unnecessary, and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this amendment until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.), in that, as hereinafter set forth, the time intervening between the date when information upon which this amendment is based became available and the time when this amendment must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient; and this regulation relieves restriction on the handling of limes.

Order, as amended. The provisions in subparagraph (2) (ii) of paragraph (b) of § 1001.303 (Lime Order 3, as amended; 21 F. R. 5033, 5821, 6159, 7021) are hereby further amended, for the period from 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., December 10, 1956, to 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., March 1, 1957, so as to permit the handling of large fruited or Persian limes (including Tahiti, Bearss, and similar varieties) which grade at least U. S. No. 2 Mixed Color and are of a size not smaller than 1⅝ inches in diameter: *Provided*, That, not to exceed 5 percent, by count, of the limes in any container may be smaller than 1⅝ inches in diameter. Otherwise, the provisions of the aforesaid subparagraph (2) (ii) of paragraph (b) of § 1001.303 shall remain in full force and effect.

As used herein, the term "U. S. No. 2 Mixed Color" shall have the same meaning as when used in the United States Standards for Persian (Tahiti) Limes (7 CFR 51.1001 et seq.; 18 F. R. 7107).

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 608c)

Dated: December 6, 1956.

[SEAL] FLOYD F. HEDLUND,
Acting Director, Fruit and Vegetable Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10121; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

TITLE 10—ATOMIC ENERGY

Chapter I—Atomic Energy Commission

PART 2—RULES OF PRACTICE

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

The following rules are designed to carry out the Commission's responsibility under Section 181 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 953) to provide "such parallel procedures as will effectively safeguard and prevent disclosure of Restricted Data * * * to unauthorized persons with minimum impairment of the procedural rights which would be available if Restricted Data * * * were not involved." Discharge of this responsibility requires the framing of novel procedures, and a delicate balancing of the need to provide adequate protection for Restricted Data with the importance of providing parties and the public with access to the records of administrative proceedings before the Commission and information relating thereto.

Because they may be needed in pending proceedings, the Atomic Energy Commission has found that good cause exists why the regulations in this part should be made effective soon after expiration of a 15-day period of notice of proposed rule making, without the customary 30-day period of notice. The Commission will, however, continue its study of the problems involved in the rules with a view to making such further changes as may from time to time appear to be desirable. Members of the bar and others are invited to subject these rules and the manner of their administration to extended study and to submit any further comments and suggestions they may have to the Commission.

Pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, Public Law 404, 79th Congress, 2d Session, the following rules are published as a document subject to codification, effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

1. The following paragraph is added to § 2.790:

(d) Matters of official record in any proceedings subject to this part, which are classified as Restricted Data and are within a category specified in Appendix "A", Part 25 of this chapter, will be made available for inspection by access permittees in accordance with the regulations in Parts 25 and 95 of this chapter.

2. The following subpart is added:

SUBPART H—SPECIAL PROCEDURES APPLICABLE TO ADJUDICATORY PROCEEDINGS INVOLVING RESTRICTED DATA

Sec.

AUTHORITY: §§ 2.800 to 2.814 issued under sec. 161, 68 Stat. 948; 42 U. S. C. 2201. Interpret or apply sec. 181, 68 Stat. 953; 42 U. S. C. 2231.

§ 2.800 *Purpose.* The regulations in this subpart are issued pursuant to section 181 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (68 Stat. 919) to provide such parallel procedures in adjudicatory proceedings subject to this part as will effectively safeguard and prevent disclosure of Restricted Data to persons not authorized to receive it, with minimum impairment of the procedural rights which would otherwise be available to the parties if such information were not involved.[1]

§ 2.801 *Scope.* The provisions of this subpart apply to all proceedings under this part involving adjudication as that term is used in the Administrative Procedure Act, except that §§ 2.807 to 2.814, inclusive, apply to such proceedings only upon the service of a notice of hearing pursuant to § 2.735.

[1] Parallel procedures applicable to classified information other than Restricted Data are under consideration.

§ 2.802 *Definitions.* As used in this subpart,

(a) "Government agency" means any executive department, commission, independent establishment, corporation, wholly or partly owned by the United States of America which is an instrumentality of the United States, or any board, bureau, division, service, office, officer, authority, administration, or other establishment in the executive branch of the Government;

(b) "Interested party" means a party having an interest in the issue or issues to which particular Restricted Data is relevant. Normally the interest of a party in an issue may be determined by examination of the notice of hearing, the answers and replies;

(c) The phrase "introduced into a proceeding" refers to the introduction or incorporation of testimony or documentary matter into any part of the official record of a proceeding subject to this subpart;

(d) "Person" means (1) any individual, corporation, partnership, firm, association, trust, estate, public or private institution, group, Government agency other than the Commission, any State or any political subdivision of, or any political entity within a State, or other entity; and (2) any legal successor, representative, agent, or agency of the foregoing;

(e) "Restricted Data" means all data concerning (1) design, manufacture, or utilization of atomic weapons; (2) the production of special nuclear material; or (3) the use of special nuclear material in the production of energy, but shall not include data declassified or removed from the Restricted Data category pursuant to section 142.

§ 2.803 *Protection of Restricted Data in proceedings under this subpart.* Nothing contained in this subpart shall relieve any person from safeguarding Restricted Data in accordance with all applicable provisions of laws of the United States and rules, regulations or orders of any Government agency.

§ 2.804 *Classification assistance.* Upon request of any party or of the presiding officer, AEC will designate a representative to advise and assist the presiding officer and the parties with respect to security classification of information and the safeguards to be observed.

§ 2.805 *Access to Restricted Data for parties—Security clearances*—(a) *Access to Restricted Data introduced into proceedings.* (1) Restricted Data which is within a category specified in Appendix "A", Part 25 of this chapter, and which is introduced into a proceeding subject to this subpart, will be made available to any party to the proceeding who has an appropriate security clearance, to appropriately cleared counsel for a party, and to such other appropriately cleared individuals (including employees of a party) as a party intends to use in connection with the preparation or presentation of his case.

(2) Other Restricted Data introduced into a proceeding subject to this subpart will be made available to any interested party having an appropriate security clearance; to appropriately cleared counsel for an interested party; and to such additional appropriately cleared persons (including employees of a party) as the AEC or the presiding officer determines are needed by such interested party for adequate preparation or presentation of his case. Where the interest of the party will not be prejudiced, action upon an application for access under this subparagraph may be postponed until after a notice of hearing, answers and replies have been served pursuant to §§ 2.735 to 2.737, inclusive.

(3) Any party desiring access to Restricted Data introduced into the record of a proceeding subject to this subpart should submit an application for order granting access pursuant to this section.

(b) *Access to Restricted Data not introduced into proceedings.* (1) Upon application showing that access to Restricted Data may be required for the preparation of a party's case, and except as provided in paragraph (h) of this section, the AEC (or the presiding officer if one has been appointed) will issue an order granting access to such Restricted Data to the party upon his obtaining an appropriate security clearance, to appropriately cleared counsel for the party and to such other appropriately cleared individuals as may be needed by the party for the preparation of his case.

(2) Where the interest of the party applying for access will not be prejudiced, the AEC or presiding officer may postpone action upon an application pursuant to this paragraph until after a notice of hearing, answers and replies have been served pursuant to §§ 2.735 to 2.737.

(c) The AEC will process requests for appropriate security clearances in reasonable numbers pursuant to this section. No charge will be made by the AEC for costs of security clearance pursuant to this section.

(d) The presiding officer may certify to the Commission for its consideration and determination any questions relating to access to Restricted Data arising under this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 2.748, any party affected by a determination or order of the AEC or the presiding officer under this section respecting access to or the safeguarding of Restricted Data, may appeal forthwith to the Commission from such determination or order. The filing by AEC of an appeal from an order of a presiding officer granting access to Restricted Data shall stay such order pending determination of such appeal by the Commission.

(e) Applications under this section for orders granting access to Restricted Data within a category specified in Appendix "A", Part 25 of this chapter, will normally be acted upon by the presiding officer, if one has been appointed, or by the General Manager. Applications for orders granting access to Restricted Data which is not within such a category will be acted upon by the Commission.

(f) To the extent practicable, each application for order granting access under this section shall describe the subjects of Restricted Data to which access is desired and the level of classification (e. g. Confidential, Secret) of such information; the reasons why access to such information is requested; the names of individuals for whom clearances are requested; and the reasons why security clearances will be requested for such individuals.

(g) Upon the conclusion of a proceeding, the AEC will terminate all orders issued in the proceeding for access to Restricted Data and all security clearances granted pursuant to such orders; and may issue such orders requiring the disposal of classified matter received pursuant to such access orders or requiring the observance of other procedures to safeguard such classified matter as it deems necessary to protect Restricted Data.

(h) There may be incorporated in any order issued pursuant to this section such requirements, conditions and limitations as are deemed necessary to protect Restricted Data.

(i) The Commission may refuse to grant access to Restricted Data which is not within a category specified in Appendix "A" to Part 25 of this chapter upon a determination that the granting of such access will be inimical to the common defense and security.

NOTE: Procedures for granting security clearances are not contained in this part. Criteria, procedures and methods for resolving questions concerning the eligibility of an individual for security clearance are contained in Part 4 of this chapter.

§ 2.806 *Obligation of parties to avoid introduction of Restricted Data.* It shall be the obligation of all parties in a proceeding subject to this subpart to avoid, insofar as is practicable, the introduction of Restricted Data into the proceeding. This obligation shall rest upon each party whether or not all other parties have appropriate security clearances.

§ 2.807 *Notice of intent to introduce Restricted Data.* (a) If, at the time of service of a notice of formal hearing pursuant to § 2.735, it appears to the AEC that it will be impracticable for the AEC to avoid the introduction of Restricted Data into the proceeding, the AEC will include in the notice of hearing a notice of intent to introduce Restricted Data.

(b) If, at the time of service of an answer pursuant to § 2.736, it appears to the party serving the answer that it will be impracticable for the party to avoid the introduction of Restricted Data into the proceeding, the party shall include in the answer a notice of intent to introduce Restricted Data into the proceeding.

(c) If, at any later stage of a proceeding subject to this subpart, it appears to any party that it will be impracticable for the party to avoid the introduction of Restricted Data into the proceeding, the party shall give prompt notice of intent to introduce Restricted Data into the proceeding.

(d) Restricted Data shall not be introduced into a proceeding after the service of a notice of hearing unless a notice of intent has been served and filed in accordance with § 2.808 except that in the discretion of the presiding officer Restricted Data may be introduced without the service and filing of such notice

where it is clear that no party will be prejudiced by such introduction.

§ 2.808 *Contents of notice of intent to introduce Restricted Data.* (a) A notice of intent to introduce Restricted Data shall be filed with the AEC and copies served upon all parties to the proceeding. Such notice shall be unclassified and, to the extent consistent with classification requirements, shall contain the following information:

(1) The subject matter of the Restricted Data which it is anticipated will be involved;

(2) The level of classification of such information (e. g., Confidential, Secret);

(3) The stage of the proceeding at which he anticipates a need to introduce such information; and

(4) The relevance and materiality of such information.

(b) In the discretion of the presiding officer, such notice, when required by § 2.807 (c), may be given orally.

§ 2.809 *Rearrangement or suspension of proceedings.* In any proceeding where a party gives notice of intent to introduce Restricted Data, and the presiding officer determines that any other interested party does not have appropriate security clearances, the presiding officer may in his discretion:

(a) Rearrange the normal order of the proceeding in such a manner as to give such interested parties opportunity to obtain appropriate security clearances with minimum delay in completion of the proceeding; or

(b) Suspend the proceeding or any portion thereof until all interested parties have had opportunity to obtain appropriate security clearances: *Provided*, That no proceeding shall be suspended for such reason for more than 100 days except with the consent of all parties or upon a determination by the presiding officer that further suspension of the proceeding would not be contrary to the public interest; or

(c) Take such other action as he determines to be appropriate.

§ 2.810 *Unclassified statements required.* (a) Whenever Restricted Data is offered in evidence at a formal hearing, the party offering such information shall submit to the presiding officer and to all parties to the proceeding an unclassified statement setting forth the information contained in the classified matter as accurately and completely as possible.

(b) In accordance with such procedures as may be agreed upon between the parties or prescribed by the presiding officer, and after notice to all parties and opportunity to be heard thereon, the presiding officer shall determine whether the unclassified statement or any portion thereof, together with any appropriate modifications suggested by any party, may be substituted for the classified matter or any portion thereof without prejudice to the interest of any party or to the public interest.

(c) If the presiding officer determines that the unclassified statement, together with such unclassified modifications as he finds are necessary or appropriate to protect the interest of other parties and the public interest, adequately sets forth the relevant and material information contained in the classified matter, he shall direct that the classified matter be excluded from the record of the proceeding and such determination will be considered by the Commission as a part of the decision in the case where appropriate exceptions are filed to the presiding officer's determination.

(d) If the presiding officer determines that an unclassified statement does not adequately present the relevant and material information contained in the classified matter, he shall include his reasons therefor in his determination. Said determination shall be included as a part of the record and will be considered by the Commission in reviewing the case.

(e) The presiding officer may in his discretion postpone all or part of the procedures established in this section until the reception of evidence has been completed: *Provided*, That service of the statement required in paragraph (a) of this section shall not be postponed where any party does not have access to the Restricted Data.

§ 2.811 *Admissibility of Restricted Data.* Presiding officers shall not receive any Restricted Data in evidence unless:

(a) The relevance, materiality and competence of such information is clearly established; and

(b) The exclusion of such information would prejudice the interests of a party or the public interest.

§ 2.812 *Weight to be attached to classified evidence.* In considering the weight and effect of any Restricted Data received in evidence to which an interested party has not had opportunity to receive access, the presiding officer and the Commission shall give to such evidence such weight as, under the circumstances, is appropriate, taking into consideration any lack of opportunity for such parties to rebut or impeach the evidence.

§ 2.813 *Review of Restricted Data received in evidence.* At the close of the reception of evidence, the presiding officer shall review the record and shall direct that any Restricted Data therein be expunged from the record where such expunction would not prejudice the interests of a party or the public interest. Such directions by the presiding officer will be considered by the Commission in reviewing the case where appropriate exceptions are filed to the directions.

§ 2.814 *Access under Part 25 of this chapter not affected.* Nothing contained in this subpart or any order issued pursuant hereto shall be deemed to abridge access to Restricted Data to which any person may be entitled under the regulations in Part 25 of this chapter.

Dated at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of December 1956.

K. E. FIELDS,
General Manager.

[P. R. Doc. 56-10095; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:53 a. m.]

PART 9—PUBLIC RECORDS

Notice is hereby given that the Atomic Energy Commission has adopted the following rules. Because these rules may be needed in pending proceedings, the Atomic Energy Commission has found that good cause exists that the rules should be made effective upon publication without the customary 30-day period provided by section 4 (c) of the Administrative Procedure Act, Public Law 404, 79th Congress, 2d Session.

Sec.
9.1 Scope.
9.2 Definitions.
9.3 Inclusion.
9.4 Exceptions.
9.5 Location.
9.6 Copies.
9.7 Production or disclosure.

AUTHORITY: §§ 9.1 to 9.7 issued under sec. 161, 68 Stat. 948; 42 U. S. C. 2201. Interpret or apply sec. 3, 60 Stat. 238, 5 U. S. C. 1002.

§ 9.1 *Scope.* This part prescribes the rules governing the Atomic Energy Commission's public records which relate to any proceeding subject to Part 2 and Part 25 of this chapter.

§ 9.2 *Definitions.* As used in this part:

(a) "Public records" means those documents in the custody of the AEC which are available for public inspection.

(b) "Filings" means:

(1) Applications or other documents seeking Commission action, notices, orders, motions, answers, replies, objections, stipulations, exceptions, proofs of service, briefs, transcripts of hearings, exhibits received in evidence, decisions, licenses, permits, rules, and regulations.

(2) Exhibits, attachments and appendices to, amendments and corrections of, supplements to, and transmittals and withdrawals of any of the foregoing.

(c) "Government agency" means any executive department, commission, independent establishment, corporation, wholly or partly owned by the United States of America which is an instrumentality of the United States, or any board, bureau, division, service, office, officer, authority, administration or other establishment in the executive branch of the Government.

(d) "Commission" means the commission of five members or a quorum thereof sitting as a body, as provided by section 21 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954.

(e) "AEC" means the agency established by the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, comprising the members of the Commission and all officers, employees, and representatives authorized to act in the case or matter whether clothed with final authority or not.

(f) "AEC personnel" means employee, consultants, and members of advisory boards of the AEC.

§ 9.3 *Inclusions.* Except as excluded by § 2.403 of this chapter, the following matters are included in the public records:

(a) All filings in proceedings.

(b) All correspondence or portions of correspondence to and from AEC regarding the issuance, amendment, trans-

fer, renewal, modification, suspension, or revocation of a license or permit or regarding a rule-making proceeding subject to Part 2 of this chapter.

(c) All correspondence or portions of correspondence to and from AEC as to the interpretation or applicability of any statute, rule, regulation, order, license, or permit; and letters of opinion as to such matters signed by the General Counsel.

(d) All filings in court proceedings to which the AEC is a party and all correspondence with the courts of clerks of the court.

§ 9.4 *Exceptions.* The following are not included in the public records:

(a) Documents withheld in accordance with the provisions of § 2.790 (b) and (c) of this chapter.

(b) Documents relating to personnel matters and medical and other personal information, which, under general governmental personnel practices, are not normally made public.

(c) Intra-agency and inter-agency communications, including memoranda, reports, correspondence, and staff papers prepared by members of the Commission, AEC personnel, or by any other Government agency for use within the AEC or within the executive branch of the Government.

(d) Transcript or other records of Commission meetings except those Commission meetings which constitute public hearings.

(e) Correspondence between the AEC and any foreign government.

(f) Records and reports of investigations.

(g) Documents classified as Restricted Data under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 or classified under Executive Order No. 10501, except that documents classified as Restricted Data which would otherwise be public records defined in § 9.3 and not excepted by this part will be made available in accordance with Part 25 of this chapter or will be made available to members of Congress upon authorization by the Commission.

(h) Correspondence received in confidence by the AEC relating to an alleged or possible violation of any statute, rule, regulation, order, license or permit.

(i) Correspondence with members of Congress or congressional committees, unless and until such correspondence is released by the member of Congress or congressional committee concerned.

(j) Any other document involving matters of internal agency management.

§ 9.5 *Location.* Public records normally will be made available for inspection in the Public Document Room located at 1717 H Street NW., Washington, D. C.

§ 9.6 *Copies.* Copies of public records, not available elsewhere, will be made available upon request and payment of any charges for reproduction.

§ 9.7 *Production or disclosure.* (a) AEC personnel shall not produce or disclose the contents of any material that falls within the scope of § 9.4, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) AEC personnel served with the subpoena requiring the production or disclosure of any material that falls within the scope of § 9.4 shall appear in response thereto and shall respectfully decline to produce or disclose the material called for, basing refusal upon this section: *Provided, however,* That the Commission or the General Manager may authorize the production or disclosure of any material that falls within the scope of § 9.4 if it is deemed that such disclosure is not contrary to the public interest. Any person who is served with such a subpoena shall promptly advise the AEC thereof and of any relevant facts and the Commission or the General Manager will give such instructions as it is deemed advisable.

Dated at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of December 1956.

K. E. FIELDS,
General Manager.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10096; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[Docket 6540]

PART 13—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

BENJAMIN BRIAR PIPE CO., INC., ET AL.

Subpart—*Advertising falsely or misleadingly:* § 13.155 *Prices:* Exaggerated as regular and customary; forced or sacrifice sales; Usual as reduced, special, etc. Subpart—*Furnishing means and instrumentalities of misrepresentation or deception:* § 13.1055 *Furnishing means and instrumentalities of misrepresentation or deception.* Subpart—*Misbranding or mislabeling:* § 13.1185 *Composition;* § 13.1280 *Price;* § 13.1325 *Source or origin:* Place: *Domestic product as imported.* Subpart—*Using misleading name*—Goods: § 13.2280 *Composition;* § 13.2345 *Source or origin:* Place: *Domestic product as imported.*

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U. S. C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; 15 U. S. C. 45) [Cease and desist order, Benjamin Briar Pipe Co., Inc., et al., Brooklyn, N. Y., Docket 6540, November 20, 1956]

In the Matter of Benjamin Briar Pipe Company, Inc., a Corporation, and Leo Benjamin, Sarah Benjamin and Nat Friedland, Individually and as Officers of Said Corporation

This proceeding was heard by a hearing examiner on the complaint of the Commission, charging a corporate manufacturer of tobacco smoking pipes in Brooklyn, N. Y., with representing falsely by imprints on boxes and containers that certain pipes were "Imported Algerian Briar"; by imprints on their artificially grained Hickok pipes that the pipes were "Straight Grain"; by the statement on display cards that their McAndrews White Bowl pipe "Formerly Sold for $2.50" and was being sold for 59¢ as a "Manufacturer's Closeout"; and on stickers on certain of their Bretton Hall and McAndrews White Bowl pipes that they were "Value $2.50 Value", or "$5.00" or "$7.50 Value".

Following entry of an agreement between the parties for a consent order, the hearing examiner made his initial decision and order to cease and desist which, with modification as to named respondents as below indicated, became, on November 20, the decision of the Commission.

The order to cease and desist, as modified by the Commission, is as follows:

It is ordered, That respondent Benjamin Briar Pipe Company, Inc., a corporation, and its officers, and respondent Leo Benjamin, individually and as an officer of said corporation and respondent Nat Friedland, an individual, and said respondents' representatives, agents and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale or distribution of tobacco smoking pipes or any other merchandise in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Misrepresenting, directly or by implication, the place of origin of their products or any of the components thereof.

2. Representing, directly or by implication, contrary to the fact, that any of their products are made of briar, or misrepresenting in any manner the species of wood of which their products, or parts thereof, are manufactured.

3. Representing, directly or by implication, that any of their products are "straight grain," unless such is the fact, or misrepresenting in any manner the characteristics of their products.

4. Representing, directly or by implication, that the usual and customary price of any merchandise is in excess of the price at which their merchandise is regularly and customarily sold in the normal course of business.

5. Representing, directly or by implication, that a specified amount is the value of merchandise being offered for sale when such amount is in excess of the price at which said merchandise is regularly and customarily sold in the normal course of business, in the same trade territory.

6. Placing in the hands of others means or instrumentalities which may be used to misrepresent the regular and usual retail prices of merchandise.

7. Representing, directly or by implication, through the use of the words "Manufacturers' closeouts" or any other words of the same import or meaning, that they are closing out any line of merchandise, unless such is the fact.

It is further ordered, That the complaint herein be dismissed as to respondent Sarah Benjamin.

It is further ordered, That, as so modified, the initial decision of the hearing examiner shall, on the 20th day of November 1956, become the decision of the Commission.

By "Decision of the Commission", etc., report of compliance was required as follows:

It is further ordered, That the respondents Benjamin Briar Pipe Company, Inc., a corporation, and Leo Benjamin and Nat Friedland, shall, within sixty (60)

days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with the order to cease and desist as modified hereby.

Issued: November 20, 1956.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ROBERT M. PARRISH, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 56-10036; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 24—HOUSING AND HOUSING CREDIT

Chapter II—Federal Housing Administration, Housing and Home Finance Agency

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS TO CHAPTER

Chapter II of Title 24 is amended in the following respects:

Subchapter B—Property Improvement Loans

PART 201—CLASS 1 AND CLASS 2 PROPERTY IMPROVEMENT LOANS

1. Section 201.10 is amended to read as follows:

§ 201.10 *Report of loans.* Loans shall be reported on the prescribed form to the Federal Housing Administration at Washington, D. C., within 31 days from the date of the note or date upon which it was purchased. Any loan refinanced as provided in § 201.9 shall likewise be reported on the prescribed form within 31 days from date of refinancing. Any loan transferred as provided in § 201.12 (e) shall be reported on the prescribed form within 31 days from the date of such transfer. In any case, the Commissioner may, in his discretion, accept a late report.

2. In § 201.13, paragraph (b) is amended to read as follows:

§ 201.13 *Insurance charge.* * * *

(b) *When payable.* Such insurance charge for the entire term of the loan shall be paid within 25 days after the date the Commissioner acknowledges receipt to the insured institution of the report of loan: *Provided*, That on loans having a maturity in excess of five years and 32 days, such charge may be paid in installments, the first of which shall be equal to the charge for 3 years and be paid within said 25 days, and the second and succeeding installments, each equal to the charge for one year, shall be paid on the first and each succeeding anniversary of the first day of the month following the date of the note.

(Sec. 2, 48 Stat. 1246, as amended; 12 U. S. C. 1703)

Subchapter C—Mutual Mortgage Insurance and Servicemen's Mortgage Insurance

PART 221—MUTUAL MORTGAGE INSURANCE; ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS OF MORTGAGE COVERING ONE- TO FOUR-FAMILY DWELLINGS

1. In § 221.28, paragraph (a) is amended to read as follows:

§ 221.28 *Eligible mortgages in Alaska, Guam, or Hawaii.* (a) The Commissioner may, if he finds that because of higher costs prevailing in the Territory of Alaska or in Guam or in Hawaii, it is not feasible to construct dwellings on property located in Alaska or in Guam or in Hawaii without sacrifice of sound standards of construction, design, and livability, within the limitations as to maximum mortgage amounts, prescribe by regulation or otherwise, with respect to dollar amount, a higher maximum for the principal obligation of mortgages covering property located in Alaska or in Guam or in Hawaii, in such amounts as he shall find necessary to compensate for such higher costs but not to exceed, in any event, the maximum otherwise applicable by more than one-half thereof.

2. In § 221.42, the introductory text of paragraph (b) is amended to read as follows:

§ 221.42 *Eligibility of miscellaneous type mortgages.* * * *

(b) A mortgage may be in an amount not exceeding 90 percent of the appraised value of the mortgaged property as of the date the mortgage is accepted for insurance if:

* * * * * *

(Sec. 211, 52 Stat. 23; 12 U. S. C. 1715b)

Subchapter D—Multifamily and Group Housing Insurance

PART 232—MULTIFAMILY HOUSING INSURANCE; ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS OF MORTGAGE COVERING MULTIFAMILY HOUSING

1. In § 232.4, paragraph (f) (2) and (3) is amended to read as follows:

§ 232.4 *Maximum mortgage amounts.* * * *

(f) *Adjusted mortgage amount—rehabilitation projects.* * * *

(2) *Property subject to existing mortgage.* If the mortgagor owns the project subject to an outstanding indebtedness, which is to be refinanced with part of the insured mortgage, the maximum mortgage amount shall not exceed: (i) The Commissioner's estimate of the cost of the repair or rehabilitation; plus (ii) such portion of the outstanding indebtedness as does not exceed 90 percent of the Commissioner's estimate of the fair market value of such land and improvements prior to the repair or rehabilitation; or

(3) *Property to be acquired.* If the project is to be acquired by the mortgagor and the purchase price is to be financed with a part of the insured mortgage, the maximum mortgage amount shall not exceed 90 percent of: (i) The Commissioner's estimate of the cost of the repair or rehabilitation and (ii) the actual purchase price of the land and improvements, but not in excess of the Commissioner's estimate of the fair market value of such land and improvements prior to the repair or rehabilitation.

2. Section 232.19 is amended by adding a new paragraph (h) as follows:

§ 232.19 *Required supervision of private mortgagors.* * * *

(h) *Advance amortization requirements.* In the event the mortgagor receives income as a result of the rental of the mortgaged property, or a portion thereof, prior to the beginning of amortization, an appropriate amount of advance amortization shall be required in accordance with procedures established by the Commissioner and in effect on the date of the issuance of the commitment.

(Sec. 211, 52 Stat. 23; 12 U. S. C. 1715b. Interpret or apply sec. 207, 52 Stat. 16, as amended; 12 U. S. C. 1713)

PART 241—COOPERATIVE HOUSING INSURANCE; ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR PROJECT MORTGAGE

1. In § 241.7, paragraph (g) (2) and (3) is amended to read as follows:

§ 241.7 *Maximum mortgage amounts.* * * *

(g) *Adjusted mortgage amount—rehabilitation projects.* * * *

(2) *Property subject to existing mortgage.* If the mortgagor owns the project subject to an outstanding indebtedness, which is to be refinanced with part of the insured mortgage, the maximum mortgage amount shall not exceed: (i) The Commissioner's estimate of the cost of the repair or rehabilitation; plus (ii) such portion of the outstanding indebtedness as does not exceed the approved percentage of the Commissioner's estimate of the fair market value of such land and improvements prior to the repair or rehabilitation; or

(3) *Property to be acquired.* If the project is to be acquired by the mortgagor and the purchase price is to be financed with a part of the insured mortgage, the maximum mortgage amount shall not exceed the approved percentage of: (i) The Commissioner's estimate of the cost of the repair or rehabilitation and (ii) the actual purchase price of the land and improvements, but not in excess of the Commissioner's estimate of the fair market value of such land and improvements prior to the repair or rehabilitation.

2. In § 241.37, paragraph (b) is amended to read as follows:

§ 241.37 *Rehabilitation projects.* * * *

(b) *Property subject to existing mortgage.* If the insured mortgage is to include the cost of refinancing an existing mortgage acceptable to the Commissioner, the amount of the existing mortgage or the approved percentage of the Commissioner's estimate of the fair market value, of land and existing improvements prior to repair or rehabilitation, whichever is the lesser, shall be added to the actual cost of the repair or rehabilitation. If the principal obligation of the insured mortgage exceeds the total amount thus obtained, the mortgage shall be reduced by the amount of such excess, prior to final endorsement for insurance.

(Sec. 211, 52 Stat. 23; 12 U. S. C. 1715b. Interpret or apply sec. 213, 64 Stat. 54, as amended; 12 U. S. C. 1715e)

Subchapter F—Rehabilitation and Neighborhood Conservation Housing Insurance

PART 263—MULTIFAMILY REHABILITATION INSURANCE; ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS OF MORTGAGE

In § 263.6 paragraphs (c), (d) (2) and (3) are amended to read as follows:

§ 263.6 *Maximum mortgage amounts.* * * *

(c) *Increased mortgage amount—high cost areas.* The Commissioner may, in any geographical area where he finds cost levels so require, increase the maximum dollar amount limitations set out in this section by not to exceed $1,000 per room or per family unit. As to projects located in the Territory of Alaska, Guam, or Hawaii, if the Commissioner finds that because of high costs it is not feasible to construct dwellings without the sacrifice of sound standards of construction, design, and livability within the limitations of maximum mortgage amounts provided in this section, he may increase the maximum for the principal obligation of mortgages otherwise meeting the requirements of this section in such amounts as he shall find necessary to compensate for such high costs, but not to exceed, in any event, the maximum otherwise applicable by more than one-half thereof.

(d) *Adjusted mortgage amount—rehabilitation projects.* * * *

(2) *Property subject to existing mortgage.* If the mortgagor owns the project subject to an outstanding indebtedness, which is to be refinanced with part of the insured mortgage, the maximum mortgage amount shall not exceed: (i) The Commissioner's estimate of the cost of the repair or rehabilitation; and (ii) such portion of the outstanding indebtedness as does not exceed 90 percent of the Commissioner's estimate of the fair market value of such land and improvements prior to the repair or rehabilitation; or

(3) *Property to be acquired.* If the project is to be acquired by the mortgagor and the purchase price is to be financed with a part of the insured mortgage, the maximum mortgage amount shall not exceed 90 percent of: (i) The Commissioner's estimate of the cost of the repair or rehabilitation and (ii) the actual purchase price of the land and improvements, but not in excess of the Commissioner's estimate of the fair market value of such land and improvements prior to the repair or rehabilitation.

(Sec. 211, 52 Stat. 23; 12 U. S. C. 1715b. Interpret or apply sec. 220, 68 Stat. 596, as amended; 12 U. S. C. 1715k)

Subchapter M—Military and Armed Services Housing Mortgage Insurance

PART 292a—ARMED SERVICES HOUSING INSURANCE; ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS OF MORTGAGE

Section 292a.22 is amended to read as follows:

§ 292a.22 *Mortgage covenant regarding racial restrictions.* The mortgage shall contain a covenant by the mortgagor that until the mortgage has been paid in full, or the contract of insurance otherwise terminated, he will not execute or file for record any instrument which imposes a restriction upon the sale or occupancy of the mortgaged property on the basis of race, color or creed. Such covenant shall be binding upon the mortgagor and his assigns and shall provide that upon violation thereof, the mortgagee may, at its option, declare the unpaid balance of the mortgage immediately due and payable.

(Sec. 807, 69 Stat. 651; 12 U. S. C. 1748f)

Issued at Washington, D. C., December 5, 1956.

[SEAL] NORMAN P. MASON,
Federal Housing Commissioner.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10040; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 26—INTERNAL REVENUE, 1954

Chapter I—Internal Revenue Service, Department of the Treasury

[T. D. 6216]

PART 301—PROCEDURE AND ADMINISTRATION

Correction

In F. R. Document 56-9982, appearing in the issue for Thursday, December 6, 1956, at page 9644, make the following change:

In column 2, page 9651, paragraph (B) should read as follows:

(B) By adding at the end thereof the following historical note:

[Sec. 6302 as amended by sec. 206 (b), Highway Revenue Act 1956]

TITLE 47—TELECOMMUNICATION

Chapter I—Federal Communications Commission

[FCC 56-1194]

[Rules Amdt. 21-5]

PART 21—DOMESTIC PUBLIC RADIO SERVICES (OTHER THAN MARITIME MOBILE)

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Correction

In FEDERAL REGISTER Document 56-9909, appearing at page 9568, issue of Tuesday, December 4, 1956, the following change should be made: In the frequencies listed under § 21.501 (g) "903.3" was inadvertently omitted.

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Bureau of Customs

[19 CFR Parts 8, 24]

LIABILITY FOR DUTIES; ENTRY OF IMPORTED MERCHANDISE; CUSTOMS FINANCIAL AND ACCOUNTING PROCEDURE

REIMBURSEMENT OF COMPENSATION

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to authority contained in sections 161 and 251 of the Revised Statutes, sections 524 and 624 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (5 U. S. C. 22, 19 U. S. C. 66, 1524, 1624), it is proposed to amend §§ 8.5 and 24.17, Customs Regulations (19 CFR 8.5 and 24.17), relating to examination of merchandise prior to entry and reimbursable customs services.

Notice of a proposal to amend these sections of the Customs Regulations was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on July 24, 1956 (21 F. R. 5536), pursuant to section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1003). The previous notice related to applications by consignees or their agents in this country for permission to examine, sample, weigh, or perform other operations on merchandise in transit through the United States in bond.

For the reasons given in the previous notice, the proposed amendments provided that such applications might be granted provided the costs to the Government, including the salary and expenses of customs officers or employees assigned to supervise the operation, were paid by the applicant, in accord with the sense of the Congress as expressed in section 501 of the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1952 (5 U. S. C. 140).

Upon further consideration of the matter, it is believed that the provisions of the proposed amendment should be extended to include any merchandise covered or to be covered by any kind of entry or withdrawal for transportation in bond to another port or place in the United States or for exportation. Therefore, it is now proposed to amend the regulations as tentatively set forth below:

1. Section 8.5 is amended as follows:

a. Paragraph (a) is amended by inserting ", or unless permitted in accordance with paragraph (b)" after "United States" and by changing the comma after the word "made" to a period and deleting the remainder of the sentence.

b. Paragraph (b) is amended to read:

(b) Merchandise covered or to be covered by any kind of entry or withdrawal for transportation in bond to another port or place in the United States or for exportation may, upon written application by the consignee, his agent, or carrier be permitted by the collector to be examined, sampled, weighed, or transshipped when transshipment is re-

quired to be under customs supervision, or to be subjected to some other operation not constituting a manufacture, under the following conditions when the operation is not required for any Government purpose:

(1) The application is supported by a legitimate business reason for the request;

(2) If the merchandise is in possession of a carrier, the concurrence of the carrier is obtained; and

(3) The Government is reimbursed for the compensation, computed in accordance with § 19.5 (b) of this chapter, and other expenses of the customs officer or employee supervising the action permitted.

c. Footnote 4 to § 8.5 (a) is amended by inserting "of perishable merchandise" after the word "inspection" where it first appears.

2. Section 24.17 (a) is amended by adding a new subparagraph designated (10) reading as follows:

(10) When a customs officer or employee is assigned to supervise the examining, sampling, weighing, transshipment, or other operation on merchandise covered or to be covered by any kind of entry or withdrawal for transportation in bond to another port or place in the United States or for exportation in accordance with § 8.5 (b) of this chapter, the compensation and expenses of such officer or employee shall be reimbursed to the Government by the party in interest except when a warehouse proprietor is liable therefor.

This notice is published pursuant to section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1003). Prior to the issuance of the proposed amendment, consideration will be given to any relevant data, views, or arguments pertaining thereto which are submitted in writing to the Commissioner of Customs, Bureau of Customs, Washington 25, D. C., and received not later than 30 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. No hearing will be held.

[SEAL] D. B. STRUBINGER,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: November 30, 1956.

DAVID W. KENDALL,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10049; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:47 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

IRENE CALENDA BERAUD

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Irene Calenda Beraud, Sig ra Cigheri, Viale di Mille, 55, Firenze, Italy; Claim No. 40321; Vesting Order No. 1918; $858.59 in the Treasury of the United States.

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Irene Calenda Beraud in and to the Trust Estate created under the Last will and Testament of Elizabeth W. Garrett, deceased, such property being in the process of administration by Provident Trust Company of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, acting under the judicial supervision of the Orphans' Court of Philadelphia County, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 30, 1956.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10043; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:46 a. m.]

IGNAZ BERGENTHAL

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Ignaz Bergenthal, Amsterdam, The Netherlands; Vesting Order No. 14367; Claim No. 59819; $369.96 in the Treasury of the United States, and $3,000.00—National Railroad of Mexico Prior Lien Gold Bonds, due 10/1/26, extended to 1/1/75 at 4½ percent reduced as per agreement, Issue 17, Series 23, Schedule 2 (stamped) with coupons 7/1/56 and subsequent coupons attached, evidenced by Bond Nos.: M1649 at $1,000.00, M1780 at $1,000.00, D19906 at $500.00, D19907 at $500.00, and presently located in the Safekeeping Department of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 30, 1956.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10044; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:46 a. m.]

MATE AND VLADIMIR GASPAROVIC

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Mate Gasparovic, Hrvatska, Yugoslavia; Claim No. 62392; Voluntary turnover; $61.17 in the Treasury of the United States.

Vladimir Gasparovic, Hrvatska, Yugoslavia; Claim No. 62393; Voluntary turnover; $61.17 in the Treasury of the United States.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 30, 1956.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10045; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:46 a. m.]

SOCIETE HOLDING GENERALE DE BREVETS (SOBRE)

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property located in Washington, D. C., including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., and Property

Societe Holding Generale de Brevets (SOBRE), Mersch-Lez-Luxembourg; Claim No. 37632; Vesting Order No. 296; property described in Vesting Order No. 296 (7 F. R. 9842, November 26, 1942) relating to Patent Application Serial No. 286,279 now United States Letters Patent No. 2,359,814.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 30, 1956.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10046; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:47 a. m.]

MARIA TEODORA CERICOLA ET AL.

AMENDED NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Whereas a notice of intention to return vested property was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on May 21, 1955 (20 F. R. 3578) with respect to the return to Filomina Pignatello of the sum of $578.87 in the Treasury of the United States;

Whereas information was subsequently received to the effect that Filomina Pignatello died in Italy on July 3, 1955, leaving surviving her five children namely, Maria Teodora Cericola, Donato Cericola, Giuseppina Cericola, Michele Cericola, and Leonardo Cericola and her husband Rocco Cericola;

Whereas the aforesaid individuals have been substituted as claimants in this matter;

Now, therefore, pursuant to section 32 of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, the said Notice of Intention to Return Vested Property is hereby amended by deleting under "Claimant" the name of Filomina Pignatello and substituting therefor the following:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Maria Teodora Cericola, Donato Cericola, Giuseppina Cericola, Michele Cericola, Leonardo Cericola, Rocco Cericola, Orsara di Puglia, Foggia, Italy; Claim No. 59638; Vesting Order No. 1542; $578.87 in the Treasury of the United States.

All other provisions of said Notice of Intention to Return Vested Property and all actions taken by or on behalf of the Attorney General of the United States in reliance thereon, pursuant thereto, and under the authority thereof, are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 30, 1956.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10047; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:47 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[Order 615, Amdt. 3]

HEARING EXAMINERS

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ISSUE PURCHASE ORDERS AND TO ENTER INTO CONTRACTS FOR SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT

DECEMBER 3, 1956.

Section 1 of Bureau Order No. 615, dated June 12, 1956, is amended to add subsection (e) to read:

(e) Hearing Examiners appointed to conduct hearings in accordance with the Department's rules of practice (43 CFR Part 221) are authorized to issue purchase orders for reporter's services under any existing Department contract for stenographic reporting not to exceed $2500 in cost for any one order. Hearing Examiners are also authorized to enter into contracts for supplies and equipment when the amount in any such contract does not exceed $500 and the supplies and equipment purchased are noncapitalized in nature.

EDWARD WOOZLEY,
Director.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10034; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:45 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

LEARNER EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATES

ISSUANCE TO VARIOUS INDUSTRIES

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (52 Stat. 1060, as amended; 29 U. S. C. 201 et seq.), and Part 522 of the regulations issued thereunder (29 CFR Part 522), special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates applicable under section 6 of the act have been issued to the firms listed below. The employment of learners under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and is subject to the provisions of Part 522. The effective and expiration dates, occupations, wage rates, number or proportion of learners and learning periods for certificates issued under general learner regulations (§§ 522.1 to 522.12) are as indicated below; conditions provided in certificates issued under special industry regulations are as established in these regulations. Special certificates authorizing the employment of student-workers as learners in school-operated industries, as provided in Part 527 (29 CFR Part 527), have been issued to the educational institutions listed hereinbelow; the effective and expiration dates, occupations, wage rates, number or proportion of learners and learning periods are indicated.

Apparel Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.20 to 522.24, as amended March 1, 1956, 21 F. R. 1349).

The following learner certificates were issued for normal labor turnover purposes and, except as otherwise indicated below, not more than 10 percent of the total number of factory production workers were authorized for employment.

A. C. M. Corp., Winder, Ga.; effective 11-23-56 to 11-22-57 (men's and boys' dress pants).

Blue Anchor, Inc., Olive Hill, Ky.; effective 11-21-56 to 11-20-57 (utility trousers, shirts, etc.).

Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc., Bremen, Ga.; effective 11-27-56 to 11-26-57 (men's dress shirts).

Empire Manufacturing Co., Winder, Ga.; effective 11-23-56 to 11-22-57 (work pants, shirts).

Finesilver Manufacturing Co., 816 Camaron Street, San Antonio, Tex.; effective 11-27-56 to 11-26-57 (men's and boys' denim dungarees, work shirts, etc.).

Florence Manufacturing Co., Inc., Florence, S. C.; effective 11-29-56 to 11-28-57 (ladies' cotton house dresses).

The H. D. Lee Co., Inc., 409 East Madison, South Bend, Ind.; effective 11-28-56 to 11-27-57 (men's work clothing).

Linden Apparel Corp., Linden, Tenn.; effective 11-23-56 to 11-22-57 (men's and boys' dungarees).

Oberman Manufacturing Co., Fayetteville, Ark.; effective 11-30-56 to 11-29-57 (men's and boys' pants and shirts).

Putnam Manufacturing Co., Inc., Sparta Highway, Cookeville, Tenn.; effective 11-26-56 to 11-25-57 (men's cotton work pants).

Regina Manufacturing Co., 44 Carey Avenue, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.; effective 12-1-56 to 11-30-57 (women's apparel).

Reliance Manufacturing Co., Magnolia Factory, Laurel, Miss.; effective 12-1-56 to 11-30-57 (men's and boys' sport shirts).

Rice-Stix Factory No. 3, Blytheville, Ark.; effective 11-21-56 to 11-20-57 (sport shirts).

Sandye Shirt Corp., Portland, Tenn.; effective 11-20-56 to 11-19-57 (men's and boys' sport shirts).

Wentworth Manufacturing Co., 148 Darlington St., Florence, S. C.; effective 11-26-56 to 11-25-57 (women's cotton house dresses).

Woods Manufacturing Co., 202 Garrison Avenue, Fort Smith, Ark.; effective 11-23-56 to 11-22-57 (trousers, men's and boys') (10 learners).

The following learner certificates were issued for plant expansion purposes. The number of learners authorized is indicated.

David Manufacturing Co., Hazle and Rose Streets, Beaver Meadows, Pa.; effective 11-23-56 to 5-22-57; 15 learners (children's bathrobes).

Hickerson & Co., Brainerd, Minn.; effective 11-19-56 to 5-18-57; 30 learners (men's and boys' jackets and coats).

Park Avenue Foundations, Inc., Turrell, Ark.; effective 11-19-56 to 5-18-57; 20 learners (brassieres).

Rice-Stix Factory No. 26, Thayer, Mo.; effective 11-23-56 to 5-22-57; 20 learners (ladies' cotton and rayon dresses).

Levi Strauss & Co., Warsaw, Va.; effective 11-23-56 to 5-22-57; 40 learners (men's cotton work trousers).

Glove Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.60 to 522.65, as amended March 1, 1956, 21 F. R. 581).

The Boss Manufacturing Co., 3012 South Adams Street, Peoria, Ill.; effective 11-26-56 to 11-25-57; 10 percent of the total number of machine stitchers for normal labor turnover purposes (work gloves).

The Boss Manufacturing Co., Oneida, Tenn.; effective 11-23-56 to 5-22-57; 50 learners for expansion purposes (work gloves).

Hosiery Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.40 to 522.43, as amended March 1, 1956, 21 F. R. 629).

Childers Hosiery Mill, Inc., Hildebran, N. C.; effective 11-26-56 to 11-25-57; 5 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (seamless).

Crest Hosiery Mill, 245 12th Avenue NE., Hickory, N. C.; effective 11-26-56 to 11-25-57; 5 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (seamless).

J. W. Landenberger & Co., Elkton, Md.; effective 11-23-56 to 11-22-57; 5 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (seamless).

J. W. Landenberger & Co., Elkton, Md., effective 11-23-56 to 5-22-57; 10 learners for expansion purposes (seamless).

Magnet Mills, Inc., 308 Cullom Street, Clinton, Tenn.; effective 11-29-56 to 11-28-57; 5 percent of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes (full-fashioned and seamless).

Knitted Wear Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.30 to 522.35, as amended March 1, 1956, 21 F. R. 581).

Adelphi Undergarment Co., Blain, Pa.; effective 11-21-56 to 11-20-57; 5 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (ladies' and children's pajamas).

Carolina Corp., Jefferson, S. C.; effective 11-26-56 to 11-25-57; 5 percent of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes (knitted cloth).

Junior Form Lingerie Corp., 428 Morris Avenue, Boswell, Pa.; effective 11-26-56 to 11-25-57; 5 percent of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes (ladies' underwear).

Junior Form Lingerie Corp., Atkinson Way, Boswell, Pa.; effective 11-26-56 to 11-25-57; 5 percent of factory production workers for normal labor turnover purposes (ladies' underwear, slips).

Shoe Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.50 to 522.55, as amended March 1, 1956, 21 F. R. 1195).

The Infantex Co., 715 Isard Street, Little Rock, Ark.; effective 11-26-56 to 11-25-57; 8 learners for normal labor turnover purposes.

Regulations Applicable to the Employment of Learners (29 CFR 522.1 to 522.12, as amended February 28, 1955, 20 F. R. 645).

The following learner certificates were issued to the companies listed below manufacturing miscellaneous products. The effective and expiration dates, learner rates, occupations, learning periods, and the number or proportion of learners authorized to be employed, are as indicated:

The Graham Co., 3720 Gorman, Waco, Tex.; effective 11-26-56 to 5-25-57; not less than 85 cents per hour for the first 160 hours and 90 cents per hour for the remaining 160 hours of the 320-hour learning period, for the occupation of embroidery machine operator; authorizing the employment of 5 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (embroidery and chenille sport letters, monograms, pennants, banners, etc.)

Pullman Wholesale Tailors, Inc., 130-32 S. W. Temple, Salt Lake City, Utah; effective 11-26-56 to 5-25-57; not less than 85 cents per hour for the first 280 hours and 90 cents per hour for the remaining 200 hours of the 480-hour learning period, for the occupations of sewing machine operating, final pressing, hand sewing, finishing operations involving hand sewing; authorizing the employment of 5 learners for normal labor turnover purposes in the manufacture of men's and boys' clothing only (men's suits, topcoats, etc.)

D. L. Rug Co., Inc., 452 North Eight Street, Scranton, Pa.; effective 11-26-56 to 5-25-57; not less than 85 cents per hour for a maximum of 240 hours, for the occupations of sewing machine operator and chenille sewing machine operator; authorizing the employment of 4 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (chenille rugs, loop rugs).

See-Cal Manufacturing Co., 220 Franklin Street, Johnstown, Pa.; effective 11-23-56 to 5-22-57; not less than 87 cents per hour for the first 160 hours and 90 cents per hour for the remaining 160 hours of the 320-hour learning period, for the occupation of sewing machine operator; authorizing the employment of 3 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (ladies' belts).

Bernard A. Helder & Son, 801 South Webster Avenue, Scranton, Pa.; effective 11-23-56 to 5-22-57; not less than 85 cents per hour for a maximum of 320 hours, for the occupation of sewing machine operator; authorizing the employment of 1 learner for normal labor turnover purposes (bias binding).

The following special learner certificates were issued in Puerto Rico to the companies hereinafter named. The effective and expiration dates, learner rates, occupations, learning periods, and the number or proportion of learners authorized to be employed are as indicated:

Catherine Needlecraft, Inc., 60 Comercio Street, Mayaguez, P. R.; effective 10-29-56 to 4-28-57; not less than 55 cents per hour for the first 320 hours and 63 cents per hour for the remaining 160 hours of the 480-hour learning period, for the occupation of sewing machine operator; authorizing the employment of 52 learners for expansion purposes (brassieres).

Fairfield Manufacturing Co., Inc., Carpenter Road and Carolina Streets, Hato Rey, P. R.; effective 10-29-56 to 3-14-57; not less than 50 cents per hour for the first 240 hours and 57 cents per hour for the remaining 240 hours of the 480-hour learning period, for the occupations of assemblers, welders, platers, rackers, dippers, and power press operators; not less than 50 cents per hour for a maximum of 240 hours, for the occupations of box making and packing; authorizing the employment of 156 learners for expansion purposes (drapery pleater hooks) (replacement certificate).

Hartman Tobacco Co. of P. R., Inc., Juncos, P. R.; effective 11-12-56 to 5-11-57; not less than 40 cents per hour for a maximum of 160 hours, for the occupation of sorting; authorizing the employment of 100 learners for expansion purposes (tobacco).

Magnistor Corp., Km. 38.7 Rd. No. 3, Luquillo, P. R.; effective 10-31-56 to 4-30-57; not less than 55 cents per hour for a maximum of 240 hours, for the occupations of grinding, coil winding, mounting and final assembly; authorizing the employment of 32 learners for expansion purposes (magnistors).

St. Regis Paper & Bag Corp. of P. R., 17 Comercio Street, Playa Ponce, P. R.; effective 11-5-56 to 5-4-57; not less than 56 cents per hour for a maximum of 240 hours for the occupation of bag sewer; not less than 56 cents per hour for a maximum of 160 hours, for the occupations of valving and sleeving; authorizing the employment of 10 learners for normal labor turnover purposes (paper bags).

Regulations Applicable to the Employment of Student-Workers (29 CFR 527.1 to 527.9, October 14, 1955, 20 F. R. 7737).

Oklahoma Baptist University, Shawnee, Okla.; effective 11-19-56 to 8-31-57; Printing and publishing; (1) not less than 80 cents per hour for the first 250 hours and 85 cents per hour for the remaining 250 hours of the 500-hour learning period, for the occupation of cylinder press feeder; authorizing the employment of 2 student-workers; (2) not less than 80 cents per hour for the first 300 hours and 85 cents per hour for the remaining 300 hours of the 600-hour learning period, for the occupation of linotype operator; authorizing the employment of 1 student-worker; (3) not less than 80 cents per hour for the first 160 hours and 85 cents per hour for the remaining 160 hours of the 320-hour learning period, for the occupation of proofreader; authorizing the employment of 1 student-worker; (4) not less than 80 cents per hour for the first 250 hours and 85 cents per hour for the remaining 250 hours of the 500-hour learning period, for the occupation of offset pressman; authorizing the employment of 1 student-worker.

Each learner certificate has been issued upon the employer's representation that employment of learners at subminimum rates is necessary in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, and that experienced workers for the learner occupations are not available. The certificates may be annulled or withdrawn in the manner provided in regulations, Part 528 and as indicated in the certificates. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER pursuant to the provisions of Part 522.

Each student-worker certificate has been issued upon the employer's representation that the employment of the student-workers at subminimum rates is necessary to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of November 1956.

VERL E. ROBERTS,
Authorized Representative of the Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10035; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:45 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Bureau of Foreign Commerce

GEORGE MUSSMAN ET AL.

ORDER EXTENDING TEMPORARY ORDER DENYING EXPORT PRIVILEGES

In the matter of George Mussman and Automotive Equipment Supply Corporation of 8-10 Bridge Street, New York, New York and 86 rue du President Wilson, Levallois-Perret (Seine), France, Imex-Auto, S. A. R. L., 86 rue du President Wilson, Levallois-Perret (Seine) France, Jacques Bensa, doing business as Americauto, 44 rue Brunel, Paris, France, A. C. I., S. A., also known as Automobile Commerciale Internationale, 1 rue de Rive, Geneva, Switzerland, Respondents.

An order having heretofore been made temporarily denying export privileges to the respondents above named (21 F. R. 7703), and said order by its own terms being about to expire, the Investigation Staff has applied for an order extending the same. This application was considered by the Compliance Commissioner, who has recommended that the application be granted to the extent hereinafter provided.

Now, after reading the recommendation of the Compliance Commissioner and considering the entire record herein, and sufficient cause appearing therefor: *It is hereby ordered:*

That the order of October 4, 1956, denying license privileges to the respondents herein named be, and the same hereby is, extended to and including the twenty-eighth day of January, 1957.

Dated: December 4, 1956.

JOHN C. BORTON,
Director,
Office of Export Supply.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10048; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:47 a. m.]

Office of the Secretary

L. KEVILLE LARSON

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL INTERESTS

In accordance with the requirements of section 710 (b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28,

1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests as reported in the FEDERAL REGISTER of July 13, 1956, 21 F. R. 5240.

A. Deletions: None.
B. Additions: None.

This statement is made as of November 30, 1956.

L. KEVILLE LARSON.

NOVEMBER 30, 1956.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10041; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:46 a. m.]

JOHN V. BURLEY

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL INTERESTS

In accordance with the requirements of section 710 (b) (6) of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and Executive Order 10647 of November 28, 1955, the following changes have taken place in my financial interests as reported in the FEDERAL REGISTER of June 19, 1956, 21 F. R. 4298 and December 9, 1955, 20 F. R. 9165.

A. Deletions: No change.
B. Additions: No change.

This statement is made as of November 30, 1956.

JOHN V. BURLEY.

NOVEMBER 30, 1956.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10042; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:46 a. m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Docket No. 11821; FCC 56M-1111]

GOOD MUSIC STATION, INC., AND RKO TELERADIO PICTURES, INC.

ORDER CONTINUING PREHEARING CONFERENCE

In the matter of The Good Music Station, Inc. (Assignor), and RKO Teleradio Pictures, Inc. (Assignee), Docket No. 11821, File Nos. BAPL-114, BALM-236; for assignment of license and construction permit of Station WGMS, Bethesda, Maryland, and license of Station WGMS-FM, Washington, D. C.

It is ordered, This 4th day of December 1956, that a prehearing conference is scheduled for Wednesday, December 12, 1956, at 10:00 a. m., in the offices of the Commission, Washington, D. C.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] MARY JANE MORRIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10087; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:51 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 11875, 11876; FCC 56M-1108]

CHARLES W. DOWDY AND THOMAS D. PICKARD

ORDER SCHEDULING HEARING

In re applications of Charles W. Dowdy, Tifton, Georgia, Docket No. 11875, File No. BP-10550; Thomas D. Pickard, Ashburn, Georgia, Docket No. 11876, File No. BP-10785; for construction permits.

It is ordered, this 30th day of November 1956, that H. Gifford Irion will preside at the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding which is hereby scheduled to commence on February 14, 1957, in Washington, D. C.

Released: December 3, 1956.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] MARY JANE MORRIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10088; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:51 a. m.]

[Docket No. 11806; FCC 56M-1109]

INDIAN CITY BROADCASTING CO.

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re application of Odis L. Echols, Sr. and Odis L. Echols, Jr., d/b as Indian City Broadcasting Company, Anadarko, Oklahoma, Docket No. 11806, File No. BP-10413; for construction permit.

Counsel for the applicant having informed the Hearing Examiner that he will shortly file a request for dismissal of the application: *It is ordered*, This 3d day of December 1956, that the hearing now scheduled for December 6, 1956, is continued indefinitely.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] MARY JANE MORRIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10089; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:51 a. m.]

[Docket No. 11821; FCC 56M-1107]

GOOD MUSIC STATION, INC., AND RKO TELERADIO PICTURES, INC.

ORDER SCHEDULING HEARING

In the matter of the Good Music Station, Inc. (Assignor) and RKO Teleradio Picture, Inc. (Assignee), Docket No. 11821, File Nos. BAPL-114, BALH-236; for assignment of license and construction permit of Station WGMS, Bethesda, Maryland and license of Station WGMS-FM, Washington, D. C.

It is ordered, This 30th day of November 1956, that Herbert Sharfman will preside at the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding which is hereby scheduled to commence on January 11, 1957, in Washington, D. C.

Released: December 3, 1956.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] MARY JANE MORRIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10090; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:51 a. m.]

[Docket No. 11878; FCC 56M-1106]

MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS

ORDER SCHEDULING HEARING

In the matter of the application of J. B. Wathen, III, d/b as Mobile Communications, Docket No. 11878, File No. 2184-C2-P-56; for a construction permit to establish a new station for two-way communications in the Domestic Public Land Mobile Radio Service at Louisville, Kentucky.

It is ordered, This 30th day of November 1956, that Thomas H. Donahue will preside at the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding which is hereby scheduled to commence on January 14, 1957, in Washington, D. C.

Released: December 3, 1956.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] MARY JANE MORRIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10091; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:51 a. m.]

[FCC 56-1201]

CONELRAD MANUAL OR GUIDE FOR LAND TRANSPORTATION RADIO SERVICES

NOVEMBER 28, 1956.

This document is issued to explain methods whereby the CONELRAD Radio Alert and CONELRAD Radio All Clear may be received, by radio stations in the Land Transportation Radio Services and to describe operating procedures during a CONELRAD Radio Alert.

General. All radio stations in the Land Transportation Radio Services are required to make provisions to receive the CONELRAD Radio Alert.

All radio stations in these services are required to either remain silent or operate under specified conditions and for authorized purposes during the period of a CONELRAD Radio Alert and until the CONELRAD Radio All Clear is issued.

How the CONELRAD Radio Alert may be received. The following basic methods may be used to receive the CONELRAD Radio Alert.

(1) The Alert may be received by monitoring any standard, FM or TV broadcast station.

NOTE: Every standard, FM and TV broadcast station will be notified of the CONELRAD Radio Alert by telephone calls or by radio broadcasts. Immediately upon receipt of the Radio Alert each standard, FM and TV broadcast station will proceed as follows on its normally assigned frequency:

(a) Discontinue normal program.
(b) Cut the transmitter carrier for approximately five seconds. (Sound carrier only for TV stations.)
(c) Return carrier to the air for approximately five seconds.
(d) Cut the transmitter carrier for approximately five seconds.
(e) Return carrier to the air.
(f) Broadcast 1000 cycle (approximately) steady state tone for fifteen seconds.
(g) Broadcast the CONELRAD Radio Alert Message as follows: "We interrupt our normal program to cooperate in security and Civil Defense measures as requested by the United States Government. This is a CONELRAD Radio Alert. Normal broadcasting will now be discontinued for an indefinite period. Civil Defense information will be broadcast in most areas at 640 and 1240 on your regular radio receiver".
(h) The CONELRAD Radio Alert Message will then be repeated.

(a) through (f) above is for the purpose of attracting the listeners' attention, or, if desired, to operate an automatic alert receiver or warning device. (Caution: (a) through (f) is a warning that a CONELRAD Radio Alert may follow; the actual CONELRAD Radio Alert signal is the spoken word in the form of the CONELRAD Radio Alert Message).

The CONELRAD Radio Alert Message, as set forth in (g) above, is worded in a manner suitable for reception by the public; however, the message is also THE CONELRAD Radio Alert. When this CONELRAD Radio Alert Message is received, all licensees must immediately comply with the CONELRAD operating procedure. The precise CONELRAD Radio Alert Message, above, will be broadcast only in the event of an actual Alert. In the event of a CONELRAD test or drill, broadcast stations will make an announcement that a test or drill is taking place.

Equipment is available commercially to automatically receive the CONELRAD Radio Alert from broadcast stations. Such apparatus normally operates in a muted condition. When the CONELRAD Radio Alert is transmitted the device is activated to produce an audible or visual warning by turning on the speaker, ringing a bell, or flashing a light, etc.

(2) The Alert may be received from an Air Defense Warning Network or extension thereof; such as the Civil Air Defense Warning Net if applicable to your situation.

Many establishments owned by state or local governments and some commercial installations are either directly tied to an Air Defense Warning Network (such as the Civil Air Defense Warning Network) or an extension of that Network.

Radio stations receiving the Alert by this means must operate in accordance with the CONELRAD regulations when the CONELRAD Radio Alert is transmitted.

NOTE: If the CONELRAD Radio Alert is not received, radio stations must comply with CONELRAD requirements upon receipt of Warning Yellow; if neither the CONELRAD Radio Alert or the Warning Yellow is received, radio stations must comply with CONELRAD requirements upon receipt of Warning Red.

(3) The CONELRAD Radio Alert may be received from a point that receives the Alert from 1 or 2 above.

NOTE: It is acceptable for a radio station to make arrangements to have the Alert expeditiously relayed from a point that receives the Alert as in (1) or (2) above. For instance a firm agreement with a broadcast station or other radio station that receives the Alert as in (1) or (2) above to relay the Alert to your radio station by telephone or other means will be considered as complying with the requirements. Caution: Arrangements must be made to receive the Alert at all times when your radio station is open for operation.

(4) Radio station licensees operating radio systems consisting of several mobile units, portable, and/or fixed location stations may elect to receive the CONELRAD Radio Alert at only one point if desired; under such conditions the licensee will be responsible for disseminating the Alert to the other units in the system.

NOTE: Transmission of the CONELRAD Radio Alert is considered as an emergency transmission and may be carried on under the CONELRAD operating requirements.

(5) If it is impracticable or undesirable to receive the CONELRAD Alert by any of the methods specified above, the licensee of a radio station or group of stations may request authority to be alerted by other means.

Such request should be addressed to the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, Washington 25, D. C. and should indicate why the alerting methods specified above are unsuitable. The desired method for receiving the Alert should be described in detail.

NOTE: Radio stations need not make arrangements to receive the Alert during periods that the station is not open for operation.

Caution should be used upon opening the station for operation to insure that a CONELRAD Radio Alert is not in progress.

Normal broadcast station operation or normal channel traffic will indicate that no Alert is in progress.

How radio stations must operate during a CONELRAD Radio Alert. When the CONELRAD Radio Alert is issued, radio stations to which this document applies must comply with the following:

(1) No radio transmissions shall be made unless they are of an emergency nature affecting the national safety or the safety of people and property.

The following types of messages are considered as permissible under (1) above:

(a) Relaying of the CONELRAD Radio Alert.

(b) Transmissions involving the safety, security or protection of equipment and materials.

(c) Transmissions involving the safety of people.

NOTE: Necessary transmissions involving the military or Civil Defense as it concerns the Land Transportation Radio Services may be made during a CONELRAD Radio Alert. Transmissions involving the safety of passengers, freight or materials being carried, vehicles, rolling stock etc., are transmissions involving the national safety or the safety of people and property and may be made during the CONELRAD Radio Alert.

Transmissions involving stopping, diverting, or rerouting of rolling stock, vehicles, etc. as necessitated by air attack conditions or impending air attack conditions may be made during the CONELRAD Radio Alert.

Microwave relay systems may continue to operate for the transmission of messages and intelligence when necessary for the national defense and/or the protection of people and property.

Transmissions for telemetering or control purposes may be made during the CONELRAD Radio Alert if such is necessary to the national defense or the protection of people and property.

Transmissions not immediately necessary shall be withheld until the CONELRAD Radio All Clear is issued.

The cooperation and judgment of the licensee must be relied upon in interpreting which transmissions are essential.

(2) All transmissions must be as short as possible and the radio frequency carrier shall be removed from the air during periods of no message or intelligence transmissions.

(3) No station identification shall be given, at any time after the Alert is received, either by announcement of regularly assigned call signals or by announcement of geographical location.

This does not prevent the use of identifiers if such is necessary to carry on the service.

(4) Licensees of radio stations or radio systems may request a modification of (1), (2) or (3) above in the event compliance is NOT feasible. The requests must be directed to: The Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, Washington 25, D. C.

The reason why compliance is not feasible must be explained along with the licensees' recommended mode of station or system operation, taking into account due regard for the minimization of navigational aid in accordance with the Executive Order 10312.

How the CONELRAD Radio All Clear may be received. Through the same channels as the CONELRAD Radio Alert is received.

When the CONELRAD Radio All Clear is issued each standard, FM and TV broadcast station will transmit 15 seconds of 1000 cycle tone beeps then transmit the following CONELRAD Radio All Clear Message:

"CONELRAD Radio All Clear
Resume Normal Operation
"I repeat
CONELRAD Radio All Clear
Resume Normal Operation"

Observations showing that broadcast stations are operating in a normal manner will indicate that a CONELRAD Radio All Clear is in effect.

General information. Radio stations operating in the Land Transportation Radio Services are well suited for use as navigational aids to an enemy force.

Direction finder navigation is not the only electronic means to navigate aircraft; however, countermeasures are available to prevent the use of all normally used systems of electronic navigation.

CONELRAD is a countermeasure against direction finder navigaiton.

When the CONELRAD Radio All Clear is issued radio stations may return to normal operation unless otherwise restricted by order of the Federal Communications Commission. It is not contemplated at this time that any restrictions will be placed on the return of radio stations to the air after a CONELRAD Radio Alert.

Adopted: November 28, 1956.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] MARY JANE MORRIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10092; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:52 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

FOURTH-SECTION APPLICATIONS FOR RELIEF

DECEMBER 5, 1956.

Protests to the granting of an application must be prepared in accordance with Rule 40 of the general rules of practice (49 CFR 1.40) and filed within 15 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

LONG-AND-SHORT HAUL

FSA No. 33012: *Canned goods from Virginia and West Virginia to southern territory.* Filed by O. W. South, Jr., Agent, for interested rail carriers. Rates on canned or preserved foodstuffs and related articles, carloads from points in Virginia and West Virginia to points in southern territory.

Grounds for relief: Short-line distance formula, grouping and circuity.

Tariff: Suplement 31 to Agent Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. 1525.

FSA No. 33013: *Latex from North Bergen, N. J., to Gastonia, N. C.* Filed by O. E. Schultz, Agent, for interested rail carriers. Rates on latex (liquid crude rubber), natural or synthetic, in carloads and tank-car loads from North Bergen, N. J., to Gastonia, N. C.

Grounds for relief: Short-line distance formula and circuitous route.

Tariff: Supplement 30 to Agent C. W. Boin's tariff I. C. C. A–1079.

FSA No. 33014: *All-freight—Miami, Fla., to Chicago, Ill., Brooklyn and New York, N. Y.* Filed by O. W. South, Jr., Agent, for interested rail carriers. Rates on merchandise, mixed carloads from Miami, Fla., to Chicago, Ill., Brooklyn and New York, N. Y.

Grounds for relief: Truck competition and circuitous routes.

Tariff: Supplement 58 to Agent Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. 1458.

FSA No. 33015: *Superphosphate from southern territory to Michigan.* Filed by O. W. South, Jr., Agent, for interested rail carriers. Rates on superphosphate (acid phosphate), other than ammoniated or defluorinated, in bags, carloads from points in southern territory to points in Michigan.

Grounds for relief: Short-line distance formula and circuitous route.

Tariff: Supplement 24 to Agent Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. 1522.

FSA No. 33016: *Crude rubber—Louisiana and Texas to Lake Zurich, Ill.* Filed by F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for interested rail carriers. Rates on rubber, crude, namely, artificial, synthetic or neoprene, carloads from Lake Charles and West Lake Charles, La., Baytown, Borger, Houston and Port Neches, Tex., to Lake Zurich, Ill.

Grounds for relief: Short-line distance formula and circuitous routes.

Tariffs: Supplement 188 to Agent Kratzmeir's I. C. C. No. 4087; Supplement 273 to Agent Kratzmeir's I. C. C. No. 4139.

FSA No. 33017: *Old tin cans from southern territory to points in official territory.* Filed by O. W. South, Jr., Agent, for interested rail carriers. Rates on cans, tin, old or used, having value for detinning purposes only, carloads from points in southern territory to points in official territory.

Grounds for relief: Rail carrier competition and circuitous routes.

Tariff: Supplement 128 to Agent Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. 1329.

FSA No. 33018: *Waste or scrap paper between the south and points in Illinois, Indiana, and Missouri.* Filed by O. W. South, Jr., Agent, for interested rail carriers. Rates on paper stock, namely, paper waste or scrap, carloads between St. Louis, Mo., East St. Louis, Ill., and other points in Illinois, Indiana, and Missouri, on the one hand, and points in southern territory, on the other.

Grounds for relief: Short-line distance formula, grouping and circuity.

Tariff: Supplement 6 to Agent R. G. Raasch's tariff I. C. C. 871.

FSA No. 33019: *Scrap iron from Tallahassee, Fla., to Calera, Ala.* Filed by O. W. South, Jr., Agent, for interested rail carriers. Rates on scrap iron or steel, carloads from Tallahassee, Fla., to Calera, Ala.

Grounds for relief: Circuity.

Tariff: Supplement 128 to Agent Spaninger's I. C. C. 1329.

FSA No. 33020: *Scrap iron from Hattiesburg, Miss., to New Orleans, La.* Filed by O. W. South, Jr., Agent, for interested rail carriers. Rates on scrap iron or steel, carloads from Hattiesburg, Miss., to New Orleans, La.

Grounds for relief: Circuity.

Tariff: Supplement 128 to Agent Spaninger's I. C. C. 1329.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] HAROLD D. MCCOY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 56–10039; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:46 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Marketing Service

SOUTH SECOND LIVESTOCK AUCTION

POSTING OF STOCKYARD

The Secretary of Agriculture has information that the livestock market known as the South Second Livestock Auction, Albuquerque, New Mexico, is a stockyard as defined in section 302 of the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921, as amended (7 U. S. C. 202), and should be made subject to the provisions of the act. Notice is hereby given, therefore, that the Secretary of Agriculture proposes to issue a rule designating the stockyard named above as a posted stockyard subject to the provisions of the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921, as amended (7 U. S. C. 181 et seq.), as is provided in section 302 of that act.

Any person who wishes to submit written data, views, or arguments concerning the proposed rule may do so by filing them with the Director, Livestock Division, Agricultural Marketing Service, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., within 15 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 4th day of December 1956.

[SEAL] H. E. REED, *Director, Livestock Division, Agricultural Marketing Service.*

[F. R. Doc. 56–10037; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:45 a. m.]

Rural Electrification Administration

[Administrative Order 5574]

ARIZONA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 2, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Arizona 23E Greenlee	$52,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG, *Acting Administrator.*

[F. R. Doc. 56–10053; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:48 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5575]

SOUTH DAKOTA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 2, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
South Dakota 23F Sanborn	$800,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG, *Acting Administrator.*

[F. R. Doc. 56–10054; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:48 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5576]

TENNESSEE

AMENDMENT OF LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 2, 1956.

I hereby amend: (a) Administrative Order No. 1556, dated July 1, 1948, by reducing the allocation of $480,000 therein made for "Tennessee 27F Carroll Public" by $210,000 so that the reduced allocation shall be $270,000.

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG, *Acting Administrator.*

[F. R. Doc. 56–10055; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:48 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5577]

OKLAHOMA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 5, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Oklahoma 18W Beckham	$50,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10056; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5578]

IOWA

AMENDMENT OF LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 6, 1956.

I hereby amend: (a) Administrative Order No. 4830, dated December 21, 1954, by rescinding the loan of $15,000 therein made for "Iowa 82G Monroe".

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10057; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5579]

NEVADA

AMENDMENT OF LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 6, 1956.

I hereby amend: (a) Administrative Order No. 3525, dated November 14, 1951, by reducing the loan of $38,000 therein made for "Nevada 4F Overton District Public" by $836.23 so that the reduced loan shall be $37,163.77.

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10058; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5580]

VIRGINIA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 6, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Virginia 29AA Nelson	$530,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10059; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administration Order 5581]

SOUTH DAKOTA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 6, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
South Dakota 16M Grant	$200,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10060; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5582]

WYOMING

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 7, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Wyoming 6P Goshen	$522,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10061; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5583]

KENTUCKY

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 7, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Kentucky 58S Floyd	$405,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10062; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5584]

OKLAHOMA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 9, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Oklahoma 6AD Caddo	$900,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10063; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5585]

SOUTH CAROLINA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 14, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
South Carolina 27Y Marlboro	$150,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10064; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5586]

NORTH CAROLINA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 14, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
North Carolina 63G Hyde	$68,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10065; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5587]

KANSAS

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 15, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Kansas 33R Pratt	$345,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10066; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5588]

IDAHO

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 15, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Idaho 4AE Bonner	$150,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10067; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5589]

WASHINGTON

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 16, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Washington 47L Douglas District Public	$1,425,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10068; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:49 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5590]

SOUTH DAKOTA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 16, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
South Dakota 40L Perkins	$360,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10069; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5591]

ILLINOIS

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 20, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Illinois 30L Adams	$455,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10070; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5592]

OKLAHOMA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 20, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Oklahoma 23Y Okmulgee	$210,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10071; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5593]

IDAHO

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 20, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Idaho 11N Kootenai	$50,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10072; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5594]

WYOMING

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 20, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Wyoming 16K Hot Springs	$330,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10073; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5595]

TEXAS

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 20, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
Texas 56S Lubbock	$1,685,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10074; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5596]

SOUTH DAKOTA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 20, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
South Dakota 19K Turner	$645,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10075; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5597]

NORTH DAKOTA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 20, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	*Amount*
North Dakota 36F Mountrail	$455,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10076; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5598]

NORTH DAKOTA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 20, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	Amount
North Dakota 19AC Grand Forks	$986,000

[SEAL] FRED H. STRONG,
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10077; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5599]

GEORGIA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 27, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	Amount
Georgia 45P Sumter	$710,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10078; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5600]

SOUTH CAROLINA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 27, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	Amount
South Carolina 19V Laurens	$470,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10079; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5601]

TENNESSEE

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 28, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	Amount
Tennessee 35H Marion	$670,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10080; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5602]

KANSAS

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 28, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	Amount
Kansas 7W Jewell	$1,035,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10081; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5603]

ARIZONA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 28, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	Amount
Arizona 20M Pima	$347,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10082; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5604]

NORTH CAROLINA

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 28, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	Amount
North Carolina 36Y Randolph	$50,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10083; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5605]

WYOMING

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 29, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	Amount
Wyoming 3R Fremont	$535,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10084; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 5606]

COLORADO

LOAN ANNOUNCEMENT

NOVEMBER 30, 1956.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, a loan contract bearing the following designation has been signed on behalf of the Government acting through the Administrator of the Rural Electrification Administration:

Loan designation:	Amount
Colorado 18M Gunnison	$15,000

[SEAL] DAVID A. HAMIL,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 56-10085; Filed, Dec. 7, 1956; 8:50 a. m.]