

Washington, Saturday, January 26, 1952

TITLE 3-THE PRESIDENT **EXECUTIVE ORDER 10321**

INSPECTION OF INCOME, EXCESS-PROFITS, DECLARED VALUE EXCESS-PROFITS, CAPI-TAL STOCK, ESTATE, AND GIFT TAX RE-TURNS BY THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ADMINISTRATION

By virtue of the authority vested in me by sections 55 (a), 508, 603, 729 (a), and 1204 of the Internal Revenue Code (53 Stat. 29, 111, 171; 54 Stat. 989, 1008; 55 Stat. 722; 26 U. S. C. 55 (a), 508, 603, 729 (a), and 1204), it is hereby ordered that any income, excess-profits, declared value excess-profits, capital stock, estate, or gift tax return for any period to and including 1950 shall, during the Eightysecond Congress, be open to inspection by the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration or any duly authorized subcommittee thereof in connection with its studies of matters relating to the election of Members of Congress, corrupt practices, contested elections, credentials and qualifications, and Federal elections generally, subject to the conditions stated in the Treasury decision 1 relating to the inspection of such returns by that committee, approved by me this date.

This Executive order shall be effective upon its filing for publication in the PEDERAL REGISTER.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE. January 24, 1952.

F. R. Doc. 52-1137; Filed, Jan. 24, 1952; 4:59 p. m.1

TITLE 7-AGRICULTURE

Chapter IX-Production and Marketing Administration (Marketing Agreements and Orders), Department of Agriculture

[Grapefruit Reg. 154]

PART 933-ORANGES, GRAPEFRUIT, AND TANGERINES GROWN IN FLORIDA LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 933.558 Grapefruit Regulation 154-(a) Findings. (1) Pursuant to the

1 See Title 26, Chapter I, Part 458, infra.

marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 33, as amended (7 CFR Part 933), regulating the handling of oranges, grapefruit, and tangerines grown in the State of Florida, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, and upon the basis of the recommendations of the committees established under the aforesaid amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of shipments of grapefruit, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure,

section until 30 days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient; a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective not later than January 28, 1952. Shipments of grapefruit grown in the State of Florida, have been subject to regulation by grades and sizes, pursuant to the amended marketing agreement and order, since September 17, 1951, and will

and postpone the effective date of this

quent to January 27 was promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Growers Administrative Committee on January 22; such meeting was held to consider recommendations for regulation, after giving due notice of such meeting, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the

so continue until January 28, 1952; the

recommendation and supporting infor-

mation for continued regulation subse-

provisions of this section, including the effective time thereof, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning

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such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such grapefruit; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter set forth so as to provide for the continued regulation of the handling of grapefruit; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time hereof.

(b) Order. (1) During the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., e. s. t., January 28, 1952, and ending at 12:01 a.m., e. s. t., February 11, 1952, no handler shall ship:

 Any grapefruit of any variety, except white seeded grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, which do not grade at least U. S. No. 2 Russet;

(ii) Any white seeded grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, which do not grade at least H. S. No. 2:

not grade at least U. S. No. 2;
(iii) Any seeded grapefruit, other than pink grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, which are of a size smaller than a size that will pack 70 grapefruit, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a standard nailed box:

(iv) Any seedless grapefruit, other than pink grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, which are of a size smaller than a size that will pack 96 grapefruit, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a standard nailed box;

(v) Any pink seeded grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, which are of a size smaller than a size that will pack 80 grapefruit, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a standard nailed box; or

(vi) Any pink seedless grapefruit, grown in the State of Florida, which are of a size smaller than a size that will pack 112 grapefruit, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a standard nailed box.

(2) As used in this section "handler," "variety," and "ship," shall have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order; and "U. S. No. 2," "U. S. No. 2 Russet," "standard pack," and "standard nailed box" shall have the same meaning as when used in the revised United States Standards for Grapefruit (7 CFR 51.191).

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 24th day of January 1952.

[SEAL] S. R. SMITH,
Director, Fruit and Vegetable
Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

[P. R. Doc. 52-1095; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:51 a. m.]

[Orange Reg. 210]

PART 933—ORANGES, GRAPEFRUIT, AND TANGERINES GROWN IN FLORIDA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 933.559 Orange Regulation 210-(a) Findings. (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement as amended, and Order No. 33, as amended (7 CFR Part 933), regulating the handling of oranges, grapefruit, and tangerines grown in the State of Florida, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, and upon the basis of the recommendations of the committees established under the aforesaid amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of shipments of oranges, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the Federal Register (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient; a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective not later than January 28, 1952. Shipments of oranges, grown in the State of Florida, have been subject to regulation by grades and sizes, pursuant to the amended marketing agreement and order, since September 15, 1951, and will so continue until January 28, 1952; the recommendation and supporting information for continued regulation subsequent to January 27 was promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Growers Administrative Committee on January 22; such meeting was held to consider recommendations for regulation, after giving due notice of such meeting, and inter-

ested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section, including the effective time hereof, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such oranges; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter set forth so as to provide for the continued regulation of the handling of oranges; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time hereof.

(b) Order. (1) During the period beginning at 12:01 a.m., e. s. t., January 28, 1952, and ending at 12:01 å.m., e. s. t., February 11, 1952, no handler shall ship:

(i) Any oranges, except Temple oranges and Valencia, Lue Gim Gong, and similar late-maturing oranges of the Valencia type, grown in Regulation Area I which grade U. S. No. 2 Bright, U. S. No. 2, U. S. No. 2 Russet, U. S. No. 3, or lower than U. S. No. 3 grade;

(ii) Any oranges, except Temple oranges and Valencia, Lue Gim Gong, and similar late-maturing oranges of the Valencia type, grown in Regulation Area II which grade U. S. No. 2 Russet, U. S. No. 3, or lower than U. S. No. 3 grade;

(iii) Any oranges, except Temple oranges and Valencia, Lue Gim Gong, and similar late-maturing oranges of the Valencia type, grown in Regulation Area II which grade U. S. No. 2 or U. S. No. 2 Bright unless such oranges (α) are in the same container with oranges which grade at least U. S. No. 1 Russet and (b) are not in excess of 50 percent, by count, of the number of all oranges in such container;

(iv) Any oranges, except Temple oranges and Valencia, Lue Gim Gong, and similar late-maturing oranges of the Valencia type, grown in Regulation Area I or Regulation Area II which are of a size smaller than 21% inches in diameter. measured midway at a right angle to a straight line running from the stem to the blossom end of the fruit, except that a tolerance of 10 percent, by count, of oranges smaller than such minimum size shall be permitted, which tolerance shall be applied in accordance with the provisions for the application of tolerances. specified in the revised United States Standards for Oranges (7 CFR 51.192): Provided, That in determining the per-centage of oranges in any lot which are smaller than 21910 inches in diameter. such percentage shall be based only on those oranges in such lot which are of a size 3 inches in diameter and smaller;

(v) Any Valencia, Lue Gim Gong, and similar late-maturing oranges of the Valencia type, grown in Regulation Area I or Regulation Area II which (α) grade U. S. No. 2 Bright, U. S. No. 2, U. S. No. 2 Russet, U. S. No. 3, or lower than U. S. No. 3 grade or (b) are of a size larger than a size that will pack 216 oranges, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a standard nailed box; or

(vi) Any Temple oranges, grown in Regulation Area I or Regulation Area II, which grade U. S. No. 2 Russet, U. S. No. 3, or lower than U. S. No. 3 grade.

(2) As used in this section, the term "handler," "ship," "Regulation Area I," "Valencia, Lue Gim Gong, and similar late-maturing oranges of the Valencia type" and "Growers Administrative Committee" shall each have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order; and the terms "U. S. No. 1 Russet," "U. S. No. 2 Bright," "U. S. No. 2," "U. S. No. 2 Russet," "U. S. No. 3," "container" and "standard nailed box" shall each have the same meaning as when used in the revised United States Standards for Oranges (7 CFR 51.192).

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 24th day of January 1952,

ISEAL S. R. SMITH,

Director, Fruit and Vegetable

Branch, Production and Mar
keting Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1096; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:51 a. m.]

[Tangerine Reg. 120]

PART 933—ORANGES, GRAPEFRUIT, AND TANGERINES GROWN IN FLORIDA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 933.560 Tangerine Regulation 120-(a) Findings. (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 33, as amended (7 CFR Part 933), regulating the handling of oranges, grapefruit, and tangerines grown in the State of Florida, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, and upon the basis of the recommendations of the committees established under the aforesaid amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of shipments of tangerines, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient; a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time, and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective not later than January 28, 1952. Shipments of tangerines, grown in the State of Florida, have been subject to regulation by grades and sizes, pursuant to the amended marketing agreement and order, since October

15, 1951, and will so continue until January 28, 1952; the recommendation and supporting information for continued regulation subsequent to January 27 was promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Growers Administrative Committee on January 22; such meeting was held to consider recommendations for resulation, after giving due notice of such meeting, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section, including the effective time thereof, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such tangerines; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter set forth so as to provide for the continued regulation of the handling of tangerines; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be

completed by the effective time hereof.
(b) Order. (1) During the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., January 28, 1952, and ending at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., February 11, 1952, no handler shall ship:

 Any tangerines, grown in the State of Florida, that do not grade at least U. S. No. 2;

(ii) Any tangerines, grown in the State of Florida, which grade U. S. Fancy, U. S. No. 1 or U. S. No. 1 Bronze, that are of a size larger than the size that will pack 120 tangerines, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a half-standard box (inside dimensions 9½ x 9½ x 19½ inches; capacity 1.726 cubic inches);

(iii) Any tangerines grown in the State of Florida, which grade U. S. No. 2, that are of a size larger than the size that will pack 150 tangerines, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a half-standard box (inside dimensions 9½ x 9½ x 19½ inches; canadity 1.726 cubic inches), or

inches; capacity 1,726 cubic inches); or (iv) Any tangerines, grown in the State of Florida, that are of a size smaller than a size that will pack a 210 pack of tangerines, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a half-standard box (inside dimensions 91/2 x 91/2 x 191/8 inches; capacity 1,726 cubic inches) except that the minimum size of such tangerines shall be 25/16 inches with a total tolerance for variations incident to proper sizing of 20 percent, by count, of tangerines that are smaller than 25/16 inches in diameter of which not more than one-half, or a total of 10 percent by count of the tangerines, are smaller than 21/16 inches.

(2) As used in this section, "handler,"
"ship," and "Growers Administrative
Committee" shall have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and order; and "U. S.
Fancy," "U. S. No. 1," "U. S. No. 1
Bronze," "U. S. No. 2," "210 pack" and
"standard pack" shall have the same
meaning as when used in the United
States Standards for Tangerines (7

CFR 51.416).

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 24th day of January 1952.

S. R. SMITH,
Director, Fruit and Vegetable
Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1097; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:51 a. m.]

[Lemon Reg. 419]

PART 953—LEMONS GROWN IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 953.526 Lemon Regulation 419-(a) Findings. (1) Pursuant to the marketing agreement, as amended, and Order No. 53, as amended (7 CFR Part 953; 14 F. R. 3612), regulating the handling of lemons grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S. C. 601 et seq.), and upon the basis of the recommendation and information submitted by the Lemon Administrative Committee, established under the said amended marketing agreement and order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of the quantity of such lemons which may be handled, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the Feberal Register (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. ments of lemons, grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, are currently subject to regulation pursuant to said amended marketing agreement and order; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein was promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Lemon Administrative Committee on January 23, 1952; such meeting was held, after giving due notice thereof to consider recommendations for regulation, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such lemons; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time thereof.

(b) Order. (1) The quantity of lemons grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona which may be handled during the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., January 27, 1952, and ending at 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., February 3, 1952, is hereby fixed as follows:

(i) District 1: 26 carloads;(ii) District 2: 224 carloads;

(iii) District 3: Unlimited movement.
(2) The prorate base of each handler who has made application therefor, as provided in the said amended marketing agreement and order, is hereby fixed in accordance with the prorate base schedule which is attached hereto and made a part hereof by this reference.

(3) As used in this section, "handled," "handler," "carloads," "prorate base," "District 1," "District 2" and "District 3," shall have the same meaning as when used in the said amended marketing agreement and order.

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup., 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 24th day of January 1952.

[SEAL] S. R. SMITH,
Director, Fruit and Vegetable
Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

PROPATE BASE SCHEDULE

DISTRICT NO. 1

[Storage date: Jan. 20, 1952] [12:01 a. m. Jan. 27, 1952, to 12:01 a. m. Feb. 10, 1952]

Handler

Klink Citrus Association

Total....

Lemon Cove Association

Porterville Citrus Association.....

Prorate base

__ 100,000

1.001

.465

1,589

(percent)

Tulare County Lemon & Grapefruit	
Association	29, 319
California Citrus Groves, Inc., Ltd.	. 171
Harding & Leggett	8.645
Zaninovich Bros., Inc.,	.000
DISTRICT NO. 2	
Total	100,000
	TO SECURE
American Fruit Growers, Inc., Co-	
rona.	. 533
American Fruit Growers, Inc., Ful-	
lerton	.516
American Fruit Growers, Inc., Up-	
land	- 653
Eadington Fruit Co	. 440
Hazeltine Packing Co	1.376
Ventura Coastal Lemon Co	2, 171
Ventura Pacific Co	1, 291
Glendora Lemon Growers Associa-	- Constant
tion	2.648
La Verne Lemon Association	1.037
La Habra Citrus Association	.596
Yorba Linda Citrus Association,	
The	.399
El Cajon Valley Citrus Association	. 127
Escondido Lemon Association	2.945
Alta Loma Heights Citrus Associa-	2.010
	1, 445
tion	4, 440

Etiwanda Citrus Fruit Association __

Mountain View Fruit Association ...

Old Baldy Citrus Association _____

San Dimas Lemon Association

PROBATE BASE SCHEDULE—Continued pistrict No. 2—continued

	te base
Handler (per	
Upland Lemon Growers Association.	11,773
Central Lemon Association	.387
Tevine Citeus Association	.474
Placentia Mutual Orange Associa-	
Placentia Mutual Orange Associa-	1.211
Corona Citrus Association	- 568
Corona Foothill Lemon Co	3, 562
Jameson Co	1.112
Arlington Heights Citrus Co	1.308
College Heights Orange & Lemon As-	21.000
conteston	5, 953
sociation	0.000
The	. 546
Escondido Cooperative Citrus Asso-	+040
Escondido Cooperative Citrus Asso-	. 271
ciation	
Fallbrook Citrus Association	1.862
Lemon Grove Citrus Association	. 139
Carpinteria Lemon Association Carpinteria Mutual Citrus Associa-	3, 373
Carpinteria Mutual Citrus Associa-	Carrier III
Goleta Lemon Association	3, 118
Goleta Lemon Association	4.588
Johnston Fruit Co North Whittier Heights Citrus Asso-	4.050
North Whittier Heights Citrus Asso-	
ciation	.498
San Fernando Heights Lemon Asso-	
ciationSierra Madre-Lamanda Citrus Asso- ciation	3.888
Sierra Madre-Lamanda Citrus Asso-	
ciation	1.537
Briggs Lemon Association	. 680
Culbertson Lemon Association	.999
Fillmore Lemon Association	. 843
Oxnard Citrus Association	3.142
Rancho Sespe	.331
Santa Clara Lemon Association	3,358
Santa Paula Citrus Fruit Associa-	-
tion	1.201
Saticoy Lemon Association	2, 316
Seaboard Lemon Association	2.354
Somis Lemon Association	2.302
Ventura Citrus Association	. 802
Ventura Citrus Association Ventura County Citrus Association	.389
Limoneira Co	1.463
Limoneira Co Teague-McKevett Association	. 305
East Whittier Citrus Association	.105
Leffingwell Rancho Lemon Associa-	. 100
tion	. 220
Murphy Ranch Co	The state of the s
Chule Thete Material Lancous	.325
Chuia Vista Mutual Lemon Associa-	2400
tion	.482
Index Mutual Association	.171
La Verne Cooperative Citrus Associa-	
tion	
Orange Belt Fruit Distributors	1.068
Ventura County Orange & Lemon	2 6
Association	2.039
Association	
Association	.011
Evans Brothers Packing Co	.001
Huarte, Joseph D	.087
Huarte, Joseph DLatimer, Harold	.057
Paramount Citrus Association, Inc.	.267
[F. R. Doc. 52-1139; Filed, Jan. 25	, 1952;

8:47 a. m.]

[Orange Reg. 408]

PART 966—ORANGES GROWN IN CALIFORNIA OR IN ARIZONA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 966.554 Orange Regulation 408—
(a) Findings. (1) Pursuant to the provisions of Order No. 66, as amended (7 CFR Part 966; 14 F. R. 3614), regulating the handling of oranges grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and upon the basis of the recommendation and information submitted by the Grange Administra-

tive Committee, established under the said amended order, and upon other available information, it is hereby found that the limitation of the quantity of such oranges which may be handled, as hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) It is hereby further found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule-making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication thereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) because the time intervening between the date when information upon which this section is based became available and the time when this section must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient. and a reasonable time is permitted, under the circumstances, for preparation for such effective time; and good cause exists for making the provisions hereof effective as hereinafter set forth. Shipments of oranges, grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona, are currently subject to regulation pursuant to said amended order; the recommendation and supporting information for regulation during the period specified herein was promptly submitted to the Department after an open meeting of the Orange Administrative Committee on January 24, 1952; such meeting was held, after giving due notice thereof to consider recommendations for regulation, and interested persons were afforded an opportunity to submit their views at this meeting; the provisions of this section, including its effective time, are identical with the aforesaid recommendation of the committee, and information concerning such provisions and effective time has been disseminated among handlers of such oranges; it is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to make this section effective during the period hereinafter specified; and compliance with this section will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by the effective time thereof.

(b) Order. (1) Subject to the size requirements in Orange Regulation 406 (7 CFR 966.552; 17 F. R. 385), the quantity of oranges grown in the State of California or in the State of Arizona which may be handled during the period beginning 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., January 27, 1952, and ending at 12:01 a.m., P. s. t., February 3, 1952, is hereby fixed as follows

(i) Valencia oranges. (a) Prorate District No. 1: No movement:

(b) Prorate District No. 2: Unlimited movement;

(c) Prorate District No. 3: No move-

ment: (d) Prorate District No. 4: No move-

ment (ii) Oranges other than Valencia oranges. (a) Prorate District No. 1: Unlimited movement;

(b) Prorate District No. 2: 650 car loads;

(c) Prorate District No. 3: Unlimited movement;

(d) Prorate District No. 4: Unlimited movement,

(2) The prorate base of each handler who has made application therefor, as provided in the said amended order, is hereby fixed in accordance with the prorate base schedule which is attached hereto and made a part hereof by this reference.

(3) As used in this section "handled," "handler," "varieties," "carloads," and "prorate base" shall have the same meaning as when used in the said amended order; and the terms "Prorate District No. 1," "Prorate District No. 2," "Prorate District No. 3," and "Prorate District No. 4" shall each have the same meaning as given to the respective terms in § 966.107, as amended (15 F. R. 8712), of the current rules and regulations (7 CFR 966.103 et seq.), as amended (15 F. R.

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 25th day of January 1952.

Director, Fruit and Vegetable [SEAL] Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

PRORATE BASE SCHEDITTE

[12:01 a. m., P. s. t., Jan. 27, 1952, to 12:01 a. m., P. s. t., Feb. 3, 1952]

ALL ORANGES OTHER THAN VALENCIA	ORANGES
Prorate District No. 2	
Handler (1	orate base percent) 100,0000
A. F. G. Alta Loma	0.2117
A. F. G. Corona	2257
A. F. G. Fullerton	. 0291
A. F. G. Orange	.0418
A. F. G. Riverside	4491
A. F. G. Santa Paula	.0451
Endington Fruit Co., Inc	.7293
Hazeltine Packing Co	.0788
Placentia Cooperative Orange As-	2010
sociationSignal Fruit Association	. 6046
Azusa Citrus Association	1. 0123
Covina Citrus Association	1.8124
Covina Orange Growers Associa-	A. OLGE
tion	. 5093
Damerel-Allison Association	1.0882
Glendora Citrus Association	1.2753
Glendora Mutual Orange Associa-	
tion	. 5853
Valencia Heights Orchard Associa-	
tion	.3300
Gold Buckle Association La Verne Orange Association	2.9076
Anaheim Valencia Orange Associa-	4. 1448
tion	.0154
Fullerton Mutual Orange Associa-	. Ulba
tion	. 4370
La Habra Citrus Association	.1714
Yorba Linda Citrus Association.	0.000
The	.0620
El Cajon Valley Citrus Associa-	
tion	.2173
Escondido Orange Association	.5608
Alta Loma Heights Citrus Associa-	
tion	.4195
Citrus Fruit Growers	.8045
Etiwanda Citrus Pruit Association.	. 1433
Mountain View Fruit Association	.1193
Old Baldy Citrus Association	.4073
Rialto Heights Orange Growers	.3295
Upland Citrus Association Upland Heights Orange Associa-	2.4526
tion	1.2709
Consolidated Orange Growers	. 0269

PRORATE BASE SCHEDULE-Continued ALL GRANGES OTHER THAN VALENCIA GRANGEScontinued

Prorate District No. 2-Continued

	rate base
Handler (pe Garden Grove Citrus Association	o occo
Goldenwest Citrus Association,	
The	.1877
Olive Heights Citrus Association	.0463
Santa Ana-Tustin Mutual Citrus Association	.0000
Santiago Orange Growers Associa-	. 0000
• tion	
Tustin Hills Citrus Association	.0000
The	. 0369
The Bradford Brothers, Inc Placentia Mutual Orange Associa-	. 2247
tlon	. 2074
Placentia Orange Growers Associa-	
tion	. 2089
Yorba Orange Growers Association_ Corona Citrus Association	1.0286
Jameson Co	. 5724
Jameson Co Orange Heights Orange Associa-	100000
Crafton Orange Growers Associa-	3, 2524
tion	1.1087
East Highlands Citrus Association.	.4018
Redlands Heights Groves Redlands Orangedale Association_	, 7390 1, 0796
Rislto-Fontana Citrus Association.	. 4952
Break & Son, Allen Bryn Mawr Fruit Growers Associa-	. 2871
Bryn Mawr Fruit Growers Associa-	* ****
Mission Citrus Association	1. 1150 1. 1355
Redlands Cooperative Fruit Asso-	***************************************
elation Redlands Orange Growers Associa-	1.5684
tion	.9794
Redlands Select Groves	.5289
Rialto Orange Co.	. 5344
Southern Citrus Association United Citrus Growers	.9182 .7753
Zilen Citrus Co	
Arlington Heights Citrus Co	. 4493 1. 2319
Brown Estate, L. V. W	1.9188 2.1314
Highgrove Fruit Association	. 5164
Highgrove Fruit Association Krinard Packing Co	1,9782
McDermont Fruit Co	1.7202
Notional Orange Co	1,3127
Riverside Citrus Association	, 1584
Riverside Heights Orange Growers Association	1. 1253
Sierra Vista Packing Association.	.7676
Victoria Ave Citrus Association	3.5285
Claremont Citrus Association College Heights Orange & Lemon	.8576
Association	1.6306
Indian Hill Citrus Association	1. 2877
Pomona Fruit Growers Exchange. Walnut Fruit Growers Association.	1,7500
West Ontario Citrus Association	1.0787
Escondido Cooperative Citrus As-	
sociation San Dimas Orange Growers Asso-	.0477
ciation	1,0755
Canoga Citrus Association	.0975
North Whittier Heights Citrus As-	.1659
sociation	* 1000
sociation	.4942
Sierra Madre-Lamanda Citrus As-	
sociation	.1348
Fillmore Citrus Association	.9459
Ojal Orange Association	. 7475
Piru Citrus Association	1.1315
Rancho Sespe Santa Paula Orange Association	.1001
Tapo Citrus Association	.0100
Ventura County Citrus Associa-	0.407
East Whittier Citrus Association	.0487
Murphy Ranch Co	.0618
Bryn Mawr Mutual Orange Associa-	SELE.
tion	. 5516

PROBATE BASE SCHEDULE—Continued

ALL ORANGES OTHER THAN VALENCIA ORANGES—
continued

Prorate District No. 2-Continued

	Prorate base
Handler	(percent)
Chula Vista Mutual Lemon Ass	80-
alastan	U. USON
Euclid Ave. Orange Association	2. 6885
Footbill Citrus Union, Inc.	'4100
Golden Orange Groves, Inc	1758
Today Mutual Association	.0000
La Verne Cooperative Citrus Ass	80=
ciation	3,9509
Mentone Heights Association	. 0000
Olive Hillside Groves	0085
Radiands Foothill Groves	2.4612
Redlands Mutual Orange Assoc	in-
Hon	1.1721
Vantura County Orange & Lem	ion
Association	0103
Whittier Mutual Orange & Lem	IOI
Association	.0185
Allee Bros	.0030
Babijuice Corp. of California Banks, L. M	.3634
Banks, L. M.	.0085
Basker Samual Eugena	.0100
Book, Maynard C	+0003
Dordon Fruit Co	* 0000
Charokee Citrus Co. Inc.	.9391
Chess Co., Meyer W	9398
Dunning Ranch	. 2030
Evans Bros. Packing Co.	7071
Gold Runner Association	1.6819
Granada Packing House	2149
Higherove Citrus Co	1184
Hill Packing House, Fred A	.8076
Holland, M. J.	.0157
Knapp Packing Co., John C	.0656
Lima & Son, Joe	1,7269
Orange Belt Fruit Distributors_	. 2019
Orange Hill Groves	.0656
Panno Fruit Co., Carlo.	.1019
Paramount Citrus Association	.0803
Placentia Orchard Co	.0003
Placentia Pioneer Valencia Grow	0497
Association	.0437
Prescott, John A	.0409
Ronald, P. W.	
San Antonio Orchards Co	2076
Stephens & Cain	2, 0382
Wall, E. T., Grower-Shipper Western Fruit Growers, Inc	
western Fruit Growers, Inc.	0, 6113

[F. R. Doc. 52-1161; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 11:19 a. m.]

[992,306 Amdt. 1]

PART 992—HANDLING OF IRISH POTATOES GROWN IN WASHINGTON

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

Findings. 1. Pursuant to Marketing Agreement No. 113 and Order No. 92 (7 CFR Part 992) regulating the handling of Irish potatoes in the State of Washington, effective under the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and upon the basis of the recommendations and information submitted by the State of Washington Potato Committee, established under said marketing agreement and order, and other available information, it is hereby found that such limitation of shipments as hereinafter provided will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

It is hereby found and determined that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to give preliminary notice, engage in public rule making procedure, and postpone the effective date of this section until 30 days after publication in the Federal Register (5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.) in that (1) the time intervening between the date when information upon which this regulation is based became available and the time when this regulation must become effective in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act is insufficient, and (ii) this amendment relieves restriction on the handling of Irish potatoes grown in the aforesaid production area.

Order, as amended. The provisions of subparagraphs (1) and (3) of paragraph (b) of § 992.306 (16 F. R. 5743) are hereby amended to read as follows:

(b) Order. (1) During the period January 28, 1952 to May 31, 1952, both dates inclusive, no handler shall ship potatoes of any variety grown in the State of Washington which do not meet the following grade and size requirements: (i) U. S. No. 1 or better grade, 1% inches minimum, or larger, diameter; (ii) U. S. No. 1 grade, Size B; (iii) U. S. No. 2 grade, 11/2 inches minimum, or larger, diameter; or (iv) potatoes which are unclassified as to grade but which contain not more than 5 percent soft rot or wet breakdown, not more than 25 percent serious damage from internal discoloration, not more than 10 percent serious damage from sunburn, and no potatoes smaller than 11/2 inches in diameter (with usual tolerances for undersize as provided in U.S. Standards for Potatoes (7 CFR 51.366)): Provided, That pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of § 992.5, the aforesaid limitations shall not be applicable to (i) shipments of potatoes for export, (ii) shipments of potatoes for distribution by the Federal Government, for distribution by relief agencies, or for consumption by charitable institutions; (iii) shipments of potatoes for manufacturing or conversion into starch, flour, alcohol, and dehydrated products; (iv) shipments of potatoes for livestock feed; and (v) shipments of officially certified seed potatoes: Pro-vided further, That pursuant to § 992.5 (c), each handler making shipments for the aforesaid purposes shall (i) except as to shipments for distribution by the Federal Government, file an application with the committee for permission to make such shipments, (ii) pay assessments on such shipments (except shipment of cull potatoes for livestock feed), and (iii) shall have such shipments (except shipments of officially certified seed potatoes) inspected: Provided further, That pursuant to § 992.4 (d) each handler may make one shipment of not in excess of five hundredweight of potatoes per week without regard to the aforesaid limitations.

(3) The terms used in this section shall have the same meaning as when used in Marketing Agreement No. 113 and Order No. 92 and the aforementioned grades and sizes shall have the same meanings assigned those terms in the U.S. Standards for Potatoes (7 CFR 51.366), including the tolerances set forth therein.

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup. 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 23d day of January 1952, to become effective January 28, 1952.

[SEAL] S. R. SMITH,
Director, Fruit and Vegetable
Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1008; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 15—COMMERCE AND FOREIGN TRADE

Chapter III—Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce

Subchapter C-Office of International Trade [5th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs., Amdt. 911]

PART 372—PROVISIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL AND OTHER VALIDATED LICENSES

PART 373—LICENSING POLICIES AND RE-LATED SPECIAL PROVISIONS

PART 384—GENERAL ORDERS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. Section 372.1 Applicability and general provisions, paragraph (e) Representations in license applications; orders and evidence thereof; and record-keeping requirements, is amended in the following particulars:

The note following subparagraph (5) is amended to read as follows:

Nors: Change in intermediate consignee must be reported on shipper's export declaration, and in certain cases an amendment to the export license is required. (See item 5 of the Interpretive Statement following § 372.2.)

Changes in facts relating to ECA authorization should be reported if such authorization was indicated in application; otherwise such disclosure should be made in the fourth copy of the shipper's export declaration, if required by terms of the license. (See § 379.1 (c) of this subchapter.)

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of January 17, 1952.

 Section 372.3 How to file an application for export license is amended in the following particulars:

a. Paragraph (c) Information required is amended to read as follows:

(c) Information required. The following general provisions shall govern all applications for export licenses submitted on Form IT-419 (whether the applicant uses Form IT-419 (revised August 1949 and August 1950), or the Form IT-419 (revised September 10, 1951)):

The applicant must state, among other things, for each item listed, (1) the quantity to be shipped, (2) a description in sufficient detail to permit accurate identification, including its Schedule B number and (3) the total selling price of the item and its price per unit.

¹This amendment was published in Current Export Bulletin No. 654, dated January 17, 1952. The amendment to the note following subparagraph (5), paragraph (e) of § 372.1 was published in the reprint pages of the Comprehensive Export Schedule, dated January 17, 1952.

²Filed as part of the original document.

b. Note 2, Preparation of Form IT-419 following paragraph (c) is amended in the following particulars:

The title and the first sentence of Note 2 are amended to read as follows:

- Preparation of Form IT-419 (revised August 1949 and August 1950). The fol-lowing instructions apply to the prepara-tion of applications, Form IT-419 (revised August 1949 and August 1950), for all types of validated export licenses issued by the Department of Commerce, except as modi-fied by special licensing procedures and provisions contained in Parts 372 through 375 of this subchapter.
- c. Note 3, Preparation of Form IT-116 following paragraph (c) is renumbered Note 4, Preparation of Form IT-116, and a new Note 3, Preparation of Form IT-419 (revised September 10, 1951) is added to read as follows:
- 3. Preparation of Form IT-419 (revised September 10, 1951). The following in-structions apply to the preparation of applications on Form IT-419 (Revised September 10, 1951) for all types of validated export licenses issued by the Department of Commerce, except as modified by special licensing procedures and provisions contained in Parts 372 through 375 of this subchapter. Note 2 above.)

Item 1. The name and address of the applicant must be entered in Item 1. (See § 372.2

(a), Who may apply.)

Item 2. The address of the collector of customs through whom shipment is to be made must be entered in this space. Give name of port; if unknown, state "Unknown."

If export is to be by mail, so state.

Item 3. The person named as purchaser should be the person abroad who has en-tered into the export transaction with the applicant. If such person is the same as the ultimate consignee, applicant should state "Same."

The name and address of the applicant or person authorized by the applicant to receive the license, if issued, should

be entered in this space.

Item 5. The country of final (ultimate) destination is to be entered, not a country through which the exportation may travel in transit to its final destination. shipment or diversion of commodities from country of final (ultimate) destination are violations and punishable by imprisonment or fine, unless authorized by OIT.

Item 6. Enter the import permit number or MSA authorization number, if required by specific regulations. If application is related to the European Recovery Program, the identification number and symbol of the procure-ment authorization or loan authorization under which the foreign customer is entitled to import should be inserted, if known; if

unknown or not yet assigned, so indicate, Item 7. The person named as ultimate consignee should be the person abroad who actually to receive the material for the designated end use. A bank, freight forwarder, forwarding agent or other intermedi-ary is not acceptable as an ultimate consignee, but should be disclosed as the intermediate consignee. A statement of ulti-mate destination and prohibition against diversion must be placed on shipper's export declaration, bills of lading and commercial invoices for various export shipments as provided by § 381.4 of the Comprehensive Export Schedule.

Item 8. The intermediate consignee may be a bank, forwarding agent, or other intermediary in a foreign country who participates as an agent for the exporter or for the purchazer or ultimate consignee for the purpose of effecting delivery of the exportation to the purchaser or ultimate consignee. If no intermediary is to be used, state "None;" if unknown at time of application, state "Unknown." In all cases the actual intermediate consignee (name and address) must be ascertained and disclosed on shipper's export declaration filed before exportation. In certain cases amendment of the license also is required.

Item 9 (a). Give the quantity to be shipped, using units specified in Schedule B, Statistical Classification of Domestic and Foreign Commodities Exported from United States (unless otherwise specified in the Comprehensive Export Schedule) and also in trade units, where different.

Item 9 (b). Commodities must be described in terms which correspond with the commodity descriptions in Schedule B. Additional details must be furnished to the extent necessary for identification of the specific items so classified. (Include basic ingredients, composition, type, size, gage, grade, horsepower, etc., where applicable. Show brand or trade names, catalog numbers, or other trade characteristics which will aid in exact identification of commodities.)

Item 9 (c). The Schedule B number, processing code, and related commodity group number, if any, must be shown in this column. (Unless the processing code is followed by a related commodity group number, a separate application must be filed for each entry on the Positive List of Commodities.)

Item 9 (d). Unit price should be shown except where a large variety of products within a single Schedule B classification makes such a breakdown extremely difficult. In such cases only total price need be shown. The applicant must show total price in the customary form of quotation such as f. o. h. (factory), f. a. s. (named port), c. i. f., or other form. The particular form of price quotation must be specified. If accepted order is involved, the price stated must be th; export contract price, and point of delivery must be clearly indicated. Where the normal trade practice in a given commodity makes it impracticable to establish a firm contract price, the precise terms upon which the price is to be ascertained and from which the contract price may be objectively de-termined must be stated on the application. A mere statement by the exporter of "market price, at the time of delivery of shipment" or other such general statement of price, will not be acceptable.

Item 10. If the applicant is exporting for other than his own account, the name and address of the foreign principal must be shown and an explanation of the transaction given in full. (See Interpretative Statement Regarding Applicants, Licensees, and Parties

following paragraph (a) of § 372.2.)

Item 11. This item relates to the availability to the applicant of the material to be exported. If not the producer, applicant must show status of delivery by answering (b) or (c).

Item 12. End use of commodities covered by this application will be an important factor in determining issuance of license. Statement by ultimate consignee (and purchaser, if not same) as to ultimate destination and end use must be submitted for certain exportations as required by the regu-lations. Applicant should indicate clearly the end use for which material is to be exported, e. g.:

For purchaser's own personal use: For resale in country of ultimate destination and consumption in that country;

For a service to be rendered, indicating how the item(s) described herein will be used in this service:

For new construction or expansion;

For maintenance, repair, or operation of existing facilities;

To enable the purchaser to produce the following needed materials or products for export to (insert country);

For sale by Superintendent of Documents, United States Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

To be reexported and, if so, to what coun-

try;
To fill a specific need endorsed as of high country, stating the need and the nature of the endorsement;

However, end-use statements consisting of brief outlines (such as above) are not con-sidered sufficient in themselves. A complete and detailed description of end use is required.

Item 13. The date of the application must be shown.

Item 14. The applicant's reference num-

ber may be used for applicant's convenience.

Item 15. If a previous application covering this same transaction has been submitted. the OIT case number must be entered in this (To be answered only when the application covers the same transaction for which a previous application was returned without action, or rejected, by OIT. Exporters must not submit a duplicate application to cover any transaction for which an application for export license is still pending before OIT.)

Item 16. Application must be signed by applicant, or by an officer or duly authorized agent of the applicant. (If signed by agent of the applicant, title and firm name of agent must be shown.) The name of the applicant and the name and title of person who signs the application must also be typed or printed legibly in the space provided. Sign the original copy,

d. Note 4, Assembly and submission of application, Note 5, Inquiries and correspondence, and Note 6. Clearance by teletype, following paragraph (c) are respectively renumbered Note 5, Assembly and submission of applications, Note 6, Inquiries and correspondence, and Note 7, Clearance by teletype.

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of January 24, 1952.

- 3. Note 2, Validation of IT-628 following paragraph (b) Unit-process licenses of § 372.11 Issuance and use of export licenses is amended to read as follows:
- 2. Validation of IT-628. Except for project licenses for foreign projects and pro-grams, when an application for export license is approved the license will be issued in the following manner:
- (a) Form IT-628 will be prepared, validated, and issued by the Department of Commerce upon approval of a license application for the exportation of commodities to any destination. Each license will be notched with a half-circle at the top margin of the form, for customs purposes. The license will be validated and identified by a license number in the upper right corner of the document. The license number is composed of a letter and a series of nu-merals following the validating symbol; for example, A0-2-8-04051, or B01031-33031. The digits immediately following the letter indicate the year, month, and day of valida-tion; the last half of the number is the validating sequence. (A0-2-8 signifies validating action in the year 1950 (0), in the month of February (2), on the eighth day of the month (8). B01031 signifies a validating action in the year 1950, in the month of October, on the last day of the month.)

(b) The license number of an export li-cense issued on Form IT-419 is the number appearing in the upper right corner, the case number originally assigned, as explained in paragraph (1), which becomes

the license number when the Form IT-419 is validated and issued as a license.

(c) The perforation stamp previously used for validating export licenses will continue to be used for validating attachments to licenses, such as lists of consignees, donors, donees, etc.

4. Section 373.7 Special provisions for machinery and parts is amended by adding thereto a new paragraph (e) to read as follows:

(e) Metalworking machines. In addition to the information required by paragraph (a) of this section, applications for licenses to export the metalworking machines (including machine tools) classified under the Schedule B numbers listed in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph must be filed in accordance with the provisions set forth in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph.
(1) Commodities. The provisions of

this paragraph are applicable to metalworking machines (including machine tools) classified under Schedule B Nos. 740005 through 744319 inclusive; 744410 through 745298; 745509, and 745990.

(2) Additional application require-

ments. In addition to the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section and other applicable requirements, applications for licenses to export the metalworking machines (including machine tools) listed by Schedule B numbers in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph must be accompanied by one of the following:

(i) A statement that a DO rating has been assigned as set forth in § 398.4 of

this subchapter.

(ii) Form IT-835 (Request for Special Supply Assistance), executed in accordance with the provisions of § 398.4 (c) of this subchapter; or, where the exporta-tion is to be made to a country for which the Mutual Security Agency (formerly the Economic Cooperation Administration) is claimant agency (listed in § 398.1 (c) of this subchapter), a statement that the request for supply assistance has been submitted through the Washington mission of the country of destination to the Mutual Security Agency, Washington 25, D. C.

(iii) Evidence of availability as required by § 373.16, where the machine will be available from a source other

than a producer.

Nove: Commodities covered in this section are defined in detail in NPA Order M-41, Exhibit A. Copies of this order may be obtained from any field office of the Department of Commerce and from the Distribution Office. National Production Authority, Department of Commerce, New GAO Building, Fourth and G Streets NW., Washington 25,

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of February 1, 1952.

5. Section 373.16 Special provisions for certain commodities: evidence of availability, paragraph (b) Commodities is amended by adding thereto the following entry:

(Under the conditions set forth in § 373.7 (e) (2)) Metalworking machines (including machine tools): Schedule B Nos. 740005 through 744319; 744410 through 745298; 745509, and 745990.

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of February 1, 1952.

6. Section 373.51 Supplement 1: Time schedules for submission of applications for licenses to export certain Positive List commodities is amended in the following particulars:

For the Fourth Quarter 1951 and the First Quarter 1952 the entries and submission dates for Controlled Materials are amended to read as follows:

FEDERAL REGISTER

	Submission dates							
Commodity	Fourth quarter 1951	First quarter 1952						
Controlled materials: 12 Commodities with processing code STEE: Stainless and other alloy steel. All other. Commodities with processing code TNPL: Specification production plate. Secondary timplate products. Commodities with processing code NONF		Sept. 17-Sept. 28, 1951. ³ Oct. 1-Oct. 15, 1951. ³ Do. Dec. 15, 1951-Feb. 1, 1952. Oct. 1-Oct. 15, 1951.						

For the Second and Third Quarters, 1952; the Time schedules are amended to read as follows:

SECOND AND THIRD QUARTERS, 1952

Dept. of Commerce		Submission	dates
Schedule B No.	Commodity	Second quarter 1952	Third quarter 1952
645000 651517 664514	Plumbers' brass goods. Controlled materials: 2* Commodities with processing code STEE. Commodities with processing code TNPL: Specification production plate. Secondary the plate products. Commodities with processing code NONF. Commodities with processing code NONF. Commodities other Than Controlled Materials: All commodities with processing code NONF under the following headings: Aluminum and manufactures. Copper and manufactures. Brass and bronze manufactures. Lead, nickel, tin, zine and manufactures. Babbitt metal. Cadmium metal, alloys, dross, flue dust, residues, and strap (including metallic shapes).	Mar. 1, 1952-Mar. 18, 1952. Dec. 1, 1951-Dec. 18, 1951. Dec. 6, 1951-Dec. 20, 1951. Mar. 16, 1952-May 1, 1952. Dec. 15, 1951-Dec. 31, 1951. Feb. 1, 1952-Feb. 15, 1952.	

¹ The submission dates for these commodities are also applicable to project license applications (see \$\frac{14}{2}\$ 374.2 (f) and 74.3 (d)), but are not applicable to petroleum project licenses (see \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 388.5 (d) of this subchapter).

2 See \$\frac{3}{2}\$ 385.5 (d) of this subchapter for exception to these dates under certain conditions.

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of January 17, 1952.

7. Section 384.8 Orders modifying validity of certain export licenses is amended by adding thereto a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

(c) Coal. The validity period of export licenses issued during December 1951 and valid through January 5, 1952, covering anthracite and bituminous coal (Schedule B Nos. 500100 and 500200) for export through Norfolk and Portsmouth, Virginia, and assigned to vessels which were in port and ready to load at piers of the Norfolk & Western Railway Company and the Virginian Railway Company in Norfolk and Portsmouth, Virginia, prior to January 5, 1952, are extended to 12:01 a. m., January 11, 1952.

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of January 4, 1952. (Sec. 3, 63 Stat. 7; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2023. E. O. 9630, Sept. 27, 1945, 10 F. R. 12245; 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.; E. O. 9919, Jan. 3, 1948, 13 F. R. 59; 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

> LORING K. MACY, Director. Office of International Trade.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1076; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

*The Collector of Customs at Norfolk was notified of this action on January 4, 1952.

TITLE 25-INDIANS

Chapter I-Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior

Appendix-Extension of the Trust or Restricted Status of Certain Indian Affairs

EXTENSION OF TRUST PERIODS ON INDIAN LANDS EXPIRING DURING CALENDAR YEAR

By virtue of and pursuant to the authority delegated by Executive Order No. 10250 of June 5, 1951, and pursuant to section 5 of the act of February 8, 1887. 24 Stat. 388, 389, by the act of June 21, 1906, 34 Stat. 325, 326, and by the act of March 2, 1917, 39 Stat. 969, 976, and other applicable provisions of law: It is here-by ordered, That the periods of trust or other restrictions against alienation contained in any patent applying to Indian lands, whether of a tribal or individual status, which, unless extended, will expire during the calendar year 1952, be, and the same are hereby, extended for a further period of one year from the date on which any such trust would otherwise expire.

This order is not intended to apply to any case in which Congress has specifically reserved to itself authority to extend the period of trust on tribal or individual Indian lands,

R. D. SEARLES. Acting Secretary of the Interior. DECEMBER 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 52-991; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

¹ See § 398.5 (c) of this subchapter for list of controlled materials.
2 See § 398.5 (d) of this subchapter for exception to these dates under certain conditions.
3 See § 398.5 (b) (6) of this subchapter for exception to these dates as to certain commodities.

TITLE 8—ALIENS AND NATIONALITY

Chapter II—Office of Alien Property, Department of Justice

PART 511-BLOCKED ASSETS

In Part 511, §§ 511.1 to 511.4 are redesignated §§ 511.01 to 511.04. Sections 511.101 to 511.199 are redesignated §§ 511.1 to 511.199 and a new § 511.100 General License No. 100 is added. In Subparts C, D, and E of Part 511, references to §§ 511.1 to 511.4 are to be read as references to §§ 511.01 to 511.04, and references to §§ 511.101 to 511.199 are to be read as references to §§ 511.1 to 511.99. Subpart B is republished as set forth below.

SUBPART B-GENERAL LICENSES

Sec.	
511.1	General License No. 1.
511.2	General License No. 2.
511.4	General License No. 4.
511.5	General License No. 5.
	General License No. 11.
	General License No. 13A.
511.25	
511.26	
511.27	
511.28	General License No. 28.
511.29	General License No. 29.
511.30	
511.30a	
511.32	
511.33	General License No. 33.
	General License No. 37.
511.42	
511.44	
511.51	General License No. 51.
511.53	General License No. 53.
511.53a	General License No. 53A.
511.72a	
511.74	
511.85	
511.86	General License No. 86.
511.87	General License No. 87.
511.89	
511.94	
511.97	
511.98	General License No. 98.
511.99	General License No. 99.
b11.100	General License No. 100.

AUTHORITY: \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 511.1 to \(511.100 \) issued under sec. 5, 40 Stat. 415, as amended; 50 U. S. C., App. 5, E. O. 8389, Apr. 10, 1940, 5 E. R. 1400, as amended by E. O. 8785, June 14, 1941, 6 F. R. 2897, E. O. 8332, July 26, 1941, 6 F. R. 8715, E. O. 8963, Dec. 9, 1941, 6 F. R. 6348, E. O. 8098, Dec. 26, 1941, 6 F. R. 6785, E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 7 F. R. 5205; 3 CFR 1943 Cum. Supp.; E. O. 9989, Aug. 20, 1948, 13 F. R. 4891; 3 CFR 1948 Supp.

§ 511.1 General License No. 1. A general license is hereby granted authorizing any payment or transfer of credit to a blocked account in a domestic bank in the name of any blocked country or national thereof providing the following terms and conditions are complied with:

(a) Such payment or transfer shall not be made;

(1) From any blocked account in a domestic bank; or

(2) From any other blocked account if such payment or transfer represents, directly or indirectly, a transfer of the interest of a blocked country or national thereof to any other country or person.

(b) This general license shall not be deemed to authorize: (1) Any payment or transfer to any blocked account held in a name other than that of the blocked country or national thereof who is the ultimate beneficiary of such payment or transfer; or

(2) Any foreign exchange transaction including, but not by way of limitation, any transfer of credit, or payment of an obligation, expressed in terms of the currency of any foreign country.

This general license should not be employed to make any payment or transfer of credit comprising an integral part of a transaction which cannot be effected without the subsequent issuance of a further license.

CROSS REFERENCES: For additional material relating to § 511.1, see §§ 511.302 and 511.321. For general ruling with respect to payments or transfers between blocked accounts, see § 511.220.

§ 511.2 General License No. 2. (a) A general license is hereby granted;

(1) Authorizing any banking institution within the United States to debit any blocked account with such banking institution (or with another office within the United States of such banking institution) in payment or reimbursement for normal service charges owed to such banking institution by the owner of such blocked account;

(2) Authorizing any banking institution within the United States to make book entries against any foreign currency account maintained by it with a banking institution in any blocked country for the purpose of responding to debits to such account for normal service charges in connection therewith.

(b) Any banking institution within the United States which during any quarterly period enters any single item in excess of \$500 to any account under the authority of this general license shall file with the appropriate Federal Reserve bank at the end of such quarterly period a report showing the name of such account and the nature and amount of each item in

excess of \$500 entered to such account under the authority of this general license during such quarterly period. (c) As used in this general license, the

(c) As used in this general license, the term "normal service charges" shall include charges in payment or reimbursement for interest due; cable, telegraph, or telephone charges; postage costs; custody fees; small adjustment charges to correct bookkeeping errors; and, but not by way of limitation, minimum balance charges, account carrying charges, notary and protest fees, and charges for reference books, photostats, credit reports, transcripts of statements, registered mail insurance, stationery and supplies, check books, and other similar items.

Note: Section 511.2 was made applicable to accounts referred to under \$511.206 (General Ruling No. 6) by \$511.29. For general rulings see \$\$511.201 to 511.220.

§ 511.4 General License No. 4. (a) A general license is hereby granted authorizing the bona fide sale of securities on a national securities exchange by banking institutions within the United States for the account, and pursuant to the authorization, of nationals of any of the foreign countries designated in Executive Order No. 8389 of April 10, 1940

(3 CFR, 1943 Cum. Supp.), as amended, and the making and receipt of payments, transfers of credit, and transfers of such securities which are necessary incidents of any such sale: Provided, That:

(1) The proceeds of the sale are credited to an account in the name of the national for whose account the sale was made and in the banking institution within the United States which held the securities for such national; and

(2) This general license shall not be deemed to authorize the sale of any security registered or inscribed in the name of any of the foreign countries designated in Executive Order No. 8389 of April 10, 1940, as amended, or any national thereof, irrespective of the fact that at any time (whether prior to, on, or subsequent to April 10, 1940) the registered or inscribed owner thereof may have, or appears to have, assigned, transferred or otherwise disposed of the security.

(b) Each banking institution making any sales herein authorized is required to file promptly with the appropriate Federal Reserve bank weekly reports showing the details of the transactions, including a description of the securities sold, the dates of sales, the persons for whose account the sales were made, and

the prices obtained.

(c) This amendment of General License No. 4 of June 3, 1940 shall not be deemed to prevent the completion on or prior to June 6, 1950 of purchases and sales, which were made prior to June 4, 1940 pursuant to General License No. 4 of securities other than securities registered or inscribed in the name of any of the foreign countries designated in Executive Order No. 8389 of April 10, 1940, as amended, or any national thereof.

(d) Securities issued or guaranteed by the Government of the United States or any state, territory, district, county, municipality or other political subdivision thereof (including agencies and instrumentalities of the foregoing) need not be sold on a national securities exchange: Provided, That such securities are sold at market value and pursuant to all other terms and conditions prescribed in this general license.

Note: Section 511.4 was made applicable to accounts referred to under \$511.206 (General Ruling No. 6) by \$511.29. For general rulings see \$\$511.201 to 511.220. For additional material relating to \$511.4 see \$511.221.

§ 511.5 General License No. 5. A general license is hereby granted authorizing the payment from any blocked account to the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof or to any state, territory, district, county, municipality or political subdivision in the United States, of customs duties, taxes, and fees payable thereto by the owner of such blocked account.

Note: Section 511.5 was made applicable to accounts referred to under § 511.206 (General Ruling No. 6) by § 511.29. For general rulings see §§ 511.201 to 511.220.

§ 511.11 General License No. 11—(a) Certain payments for living expenses from certain blocked accounts authorized. A general license is hereby granted authorizing payments and transfers of credit in the United States from blocked accounts in domestic banking institutions held in the name of an individual within the United States to or upon the order of such individual, Provided, That:

(1) Such payments and transfers of credit are made for the living, traveling, and similar personal expenses in the United States of such individual or his

family; and

(2) The total of all such payments and transfers of credit made under this general license from the accounts of such individual does not exceed \$250 in any one calendar month.

(b) Duty of banking institutions acting under this license. Banking institutions effecting any such payment or transfer of credit shall satisfy themselves that the terms of this license are com-

plied with.

- (c) Restrictions of General Ruling No. 11A (§ 511.211a). Attention is directed to the special restrictions contained in General Ruling No. 11A (§ 511.211a) pertaining to dealings in certain property in which there is any interest of Germany or Japan or certain nationals thereof.
- § 511.13 General License No. 13. general license is hereby granted licensing as generally licensed nationals:

(a) The Bombay and Calcutta offices of the Nederlandsche Indische Handels-

bank:

(b) The Djeddah, Calcutta, Bombay and Paramaribo offices of the Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappli; (c) The Willemstad (Curacao) offices

- (1) The Curacaosche Bank
- The Maduro & Curiel's Bank,
 The Edwards Henriquez & Co.;
- (d) The Oranjestad (Aruba) office of the Aruba Bank:
- (e) The Buenos Aires, Caracas and Maracaibo offices of Banco Holandes
- (f) The Rio de Janeiro, Santos and Sao Paulo offices of Banco Hollandez
- Unido; (g) The Willemstad and Oranjestad offices of Hollandsche Bank-Unie;
- (h) The Haifa and Istanbul offices of Holland Bank Union;
- (i) The Netherlands Trading Society East, Ltd., London;
- (j) The London office of the Banque Belge pour l'Etranger (Overseas), Limited:
- (k) The offices within the generally licensed trade area, as defined in § 511.53 (General License No. 53), of the Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation.
- § 511.13a General License No. 13A. A general license is hereby granted licensing as generally licensed nationals: (a) The New York offices of:
- (1) The French American Banking Corporation,
- (2) The Banque Belge pour l'Etranger (Overseas), Limited,
- (3) The Hellenic Bank Trust Company, (4) The Bank of Athens Trust Company.
- (5) The Bank of Athens Safe Deposit Company of New York,
- (6) The Bank of China, (7) The Philippine National Bank, (8) The Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij:

- (b) The New York agencies of:
- (1) Credit Suisse,
- (2) Swiss Bank Corporation;
- (c) Netherlands Trading Society East, Inc., Delaware;
- (d) Swiss American Corporation, New (e) China Defense Supplies, Inc., 1601
- V Street NW., Washington, D. C.; (f) Universal Trading Corporation, 630 Fifth Avenue, New York, New York;
- (g) The offices in the territory of Hawaii of:
 - (1) The American Security Bank,
 - (2) The Honolulu Trust Company,
 - (3) The Liberty Bank of Honolulu;
- (h) The San Francisco office of the Bank of Canton;
- (i) The offices within the United States of the Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation.
- § 511.25 General License No. 25. A general license is hereby granted exempting all transactions from the provisions of section 2A (1) of the order.
- § 511.26 General License No. 26. A general license is hereby granted under section 2A (2) of Executive Order No. 8389, of April 10, 1940, as amended, authorizing the acquisition by, or transfer to, any person within the United States of any interest in any American Depositary Receipt or American Share physically situated within the United States representing any security or evidence thereof not physically situated within the United States which Receipt or Share was admitted to dealings on a national securities exchange on and prior to July 25, 1940: Provided, however, That this general license shall not be deemed to authorize the issuance of American Depositary Receipts or American Shares against the deposit after July 25, 1940 of any security or evidence thereof not physically situated within the United States: And, provided, That this general license shall not be deemed to authorize any transaction prohibited by reason of any provision (or ruling or regulation thereunder) of such order other than section 2A (2).
- § 511.27 General License No. 27. A general license is hereby granted authorizing:
- (a) The payment to, and receipt by, a banking institution within the United States of funds or other property representing dividends or interest on securities held by such banking institution in a blocked account: Provided, That the funds or other property are credited to or deposited in a blocked account in the name of the national for whose account the securities were held, and in the banking institution within the United States which held such securities; and
- (b) The payment to, and receipt by, a banking institution within the United States of funds payable in respect of securities (including coupons) presented by such banking institution to the proper paying agents within the United States for redemption or collection for the account and pursuant to the authorization of nationals of any blocked country, Provided, That:

- (1) The proceeds of the redemption or collection are credited to a blocked account in the name of the national for whose account the redemption or collection was made and in the banking institution within the United States which held the securities for such national;
- (2) This general license shall not be deemed to authorize the presentment for redemption of any security registered or inscribed in the name of any blocked country, or any national thereof, irrespective of the fact that at any time (whether prior to, on, or subsequent to April 10, 1940) the registered or inscribed owner thereof may have, or appears to have, assigned, transferred or otherwise disposed of the security; and

(c) The performance of such other acts, and the effecting of such other transactions, as may be necessarily incident to any of the foregoing.

This general license shall not be deemed to authorize any payment, transfer or withdrawal from a blocked account in which the issuer of, or other obligor with respect to, a security has an interest if such issuer or obligor is a blocked country or national thereof.

Nore: Section 511.27 was made applicable to accounts referred to under \$511.206 (General Ruling No. 6) by \$511.29. For general rulings see \$\$511.201 to 511.220. For additional material relating to \$511.27, see-\$ 511,321

§ 511.28 General License No. 28. (a) A general license is hereby granted licensing as a generally licensed national any individual who is:

(1) A citizen of the United States and residing only in the United States; and

(2) A national of any foreign country solely by reason of having been domiciled or resident therein on or since the effective date of the order;

Provided, however, That this license shall not be deemed to license as a generally licensed national any individual citizen of the United States who is a national of a foreign country by reason of any fact other than that such individual has been domiciled or resident in such foreign country on or since such effective date.

(b) Reports on Form TFR-300 are not required to be filed with respect to the property interests of any individuals licensed by this section as generally licensed nationals.

(c) This general license shall not be deemed to affect securities or evidences thereof delivered, or required to be delivered, to a Federal Reserve bank under the provisions of General Ruling No. 5, as supplemented, or to authorize any transaction with respect to any such securities or evidences thereof or the proceeds thereof.

'Nore: For General Ruling No. 18 affecting the status of the Philippines, see § 511.218.

§ 511.29 General License No. 29. The provisions of the following sections are hereby made applicable to General Ruling No. 6 (§ 511.206) accounts:

(a) Section 511.2 only with respect to the payment or reimbursement for normal service charges (as therein defined) other than interest due;

(b) Section 511.4;

(c) Section 511.5 only with respect to the payment of withholding taxes on income derived from securities in General Ruling No. 6 accounts; and

(d) Section 511.27:

Provided, however, That this section shall not be deemed to authorize the removal of any coupons for collection or otherwise from any General Ruling No. 6 (§ 511.206) account unless the bonds to which such coupons relate are in such General Ruling No. 6 account.

§ 511.30 General License No. 30. A general license is hereby granted authorizing any bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of the United States or of any State, Territory or District of the United States, or any private bank subject to supervision and examination under the banking laws of any state of the United States, acting as trustee of any trust administered in the United States or as legal representative of any estate administered in the United States, in which trust or estate one or more persons who are nationals of one of the foreign countries designated in Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, have an interest, beneficial or otherwise, or are co-trustees or co-representatives, to engage in the following transactions:

(a) Payments of distributive shares of principal or income to all persons legally entitled thereto who are not nationals of any of the foreign countries designated in such Executive order, as amended;

and

(b) Other transactions arising in the administration of such trust or estate which might be engaged in if no national of any of the foreign countries designated in such Executive order, as amended, were a beneficiary, co-trustee or co-representative of such trust or estate;

Provided, however, That this section shall not be deemed to authorize such trustee or legal representative to engage in any transaction at the request, or upon the instructions, of any beneficiary, co-trustee or co-representative of such trust or estate or other person who is a national of any of the foreign countries designated in such Executive order, as amended.

Nore: For additional material relating to § 511.30, see § 511.320.

§ 511.30a General License No. 30A. (a) A general license is hereby granted authorizing all transactions incident to the administration of the assets situated within the United States of any blocked estate in which any one of the following conditions is present:

(1) The decedent was not a national of a blocked country at the time of his

- death;
 (2) The decedent was a citizen of the United States and a national of a blocked country at the time of his death solely by reason of his presence in a blocked country as a result of his employment by or service with the United States Government: or
- (3) The gross value of the assets within the United States does not exceed \$5,000;

Provided, however, That any property paid or distributed to a national of a

blocked country pursuant to this general license shall be subject to all the provisions of the order: And provided further, That any payment or distribution of any funds, securities or other choses in action to a national of a blocked country shall be made by deposit in a blocked account in a domestic bank or with a public officer, agency, or instrumentality designated by a court having jurisdiction of the estate (i) in the name of the national who is the ultimate beneficiary thereof; (ii) in the name of a person who is not a national of a blocked country in trust for the national who is the ultimate beneficiary; or (iii) under any other designation which clearly shows the interest therein of such na-

(b) This general license also authorizes all transactions incident to the following limited acts of administration of the assets situated within the United States of any other blocked estate:

(1) The appointment and qualification of a personal representative:

(2) The collection and preservation of such assets by such personal representative and the payment of all costs, fees and charges in connection therewith:

(3) The payment by such personal representative of funeral expenses and expenses of the last illness.

(c) This general license shall not be

deemed to authorize:

(1) Any national of a blocked country to act as personal representative or corepresentative of any estate;

(2) Any national of a blocked country to represent, directly or indirectly, any person who has an interest in an estate;

(3) Any transaction directly or indirectly at the request or upon the instructions of any national of a blocked coun-

(4) Any transaction which could not be effected if no national of a blocked country had any interest in such estate.

(d) As used in this general license, the term "blocked estate" shall mean any decedent's estate in which a national of a blocked country has an interest. A person shall be deemed to have an interest in a decedent's estate if he (1) was the decedent; (2) is a personal representative; or (3) is a creditor, heir, legatee, devisee, distributee, or beneficiary.

(e) This general license authorizes all transactions incident to the collection, conservation, administration, liquidation, and distribution of any blocked estate engaged in since the effective date of the order, provided such transactions comply with the terms and conditions of this

general license. (f) Any transfer or other dealing in any property authorized under this general license shall not be deemed to limit

or restrict the exercise of any power or authority under section 5 (b) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended.

(g) Attention is directed to the provisions of § 511.320 (Public Circular No.

§ 511.32 General License No. 32-(a) Certain remittances for living expenses authorized. A general license is hereby granted authorizing remittances by any person to any individual who is within any foreign country, provided the following terms and conditions are complied with:

(1) Such remittances are made only for the necessary living expenses of the payee and his household and do not exceed \$250 in any one calendar month

to any one household;

(2) Such remittances are not made from a blocked account other than from an account in a banking institution within the United States in the name of, or in which the beneficial interest is held by, the payee or members of his household:

(3) Notwithstanding § 511.94 (b) (General License No. 94), if the payee (3) Notwithstanding is within Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, or Sweden, the remittance may be effected only by the payment of the dollar amount of the remittance to a domestic bank for credit to an account in the name of a bank within such country;

(4) If the payee is within Portugal, such remittances must be made through a domestic bank and any domestic bank is authorized to effect such remittances which, however, may be effected only:

(i) By the payment of the dollar amount of the remittance to a domestic bank for credit to a blocked account in the name of a banking institution within Portgual; or

(ii) By the acquisition of foreign exchange from a person in the United States having a license specifically authorizing the sale of such exchange.

(5) If the payee is within any foreign country other than a foreign country specified in subparagraphs (3) and (4) of this paragraph, the remittances may be effected in any manner.

(b) Duty of persons and domestic banks acting under this license. All persons making such remittances and all domestic banks effecting such remittances shall satisfy themselves that the foregoing terms and conditions are complied with.

(c) Definition. As used in this section the term "household" shall mean:

(1) Those individuals sharing a common dwelling as a family; or

(2) Any individual not sharing a common dwelling with others as a family.

(d) Restrictions of § 511.211a (General Ruling No. 11A). Attention is directed to the special restrictions contained in § 511.211a pertaining to dealings in certain property in which there is any interest of Germany or Japan or certain nationals thereof.

(e) Restrictions of § 511.325 (Public Circular No. 25). Attention is directed to § 511.325 (d) providing that this section shall not be deemed to authorize any remittance to any citizen or subject of Germany, Japan, Bulgaria, Hungary or Rumania who is within any such country or to any citizen or subject of Germany or Japan within Italy.

Note: Section 511.325 (Public Circular No. 25) provides in part: "The provisions of \$5 511.32 and 511.33 (General Licenses Nos. 32 and 33) shall not be deemed to authorize any remittances to any person within the territory of Italy, Bulgaria, Hungary, or

Section 511.325 (Public Circular No. 25) provides in part as follows:

The provisions of § 511.32 (General License No. 32) shall not be deemed to authorize any remittance to any citizen or subject of any country against which the United States has declared war (Germany, Italy, Japan, Bulgaria, Hungary, and Rumania) who is within any such country.

§ 511.33 General License No. 33—(a) Certain remittances to United States citizens in foreign countries authorized. A general license is hereby granted authorizing remittances by any person through any domestic bank to any individual who is a citizen of the United States within any foreign country and any domestic bank is authorized to effect such remittances, provided the following terms and conditions are complied with:

(1) Such remittances do not exceed \$1,000 in any one calendar month to any payee and his household and are made only for the necessary living and traveling expenses of the payee and his household, except that an additional sum not exceeding \$1,000 may be remitted once to such payee if such sum will be used for the purpose of enabling the payee or his household to return to the United States;

(2) Such remittances are not made from a blocked account other than from an account in a banking institution within the United States in the name of, or in which the beneficial interest is held by, the payee or members of his household.

(b) Methods of effecting remittances. Remittances herein authorized shall be effected pursuant to the terms and conditions of § 511.32 (a) (3) or (4), as the case may be. If remittances cannot be effected pursuant to § 511.32 (a) (3), domestic banks are authorized to effect such remittances in any of the following three ways:

(1) By establishing or maintaining

free dollar accounts;

(2) By payment of the dollar amount of the remittance to a domestic bank for credit to a blocked account in the name of a banking institution within any blocked country; or

(3) By payment of the dollar amount of the remittance to a domestic bank for credit to the dollar account of a banking institution which is not a na-

tional of any blocked country.

(c) Duty of persons and domestic banks acting under this section. All persons making such remittances and all domestic banks effecting such remittances shall satisfy themselves that the foregoing terms and conditions are complied with.

(d) Reports by domestic banks effecting remittances. With respect to each remittance made pursuant to this section, reports shall be executed and filed in the manner and form and under the conditions prescribed in § 511.32.

(e) Definition. As used in this section the term "household" shall be deemed to have the meaning prescribed

in § 511.32.

Note: Section 511.325 (Public Circular No. 25) provides in part: "The provisions of \$11.513.2 and \$11.33 shall not be deemed to authorize any remittances to any person within the territory of Italy, Bulgaria, Hungary, or Rumania."

§ 511.37 General License No. 37. A general license is hereby granted authorizing banking institutions within the United States to make all payments, transfers and withdrawals from accounts in the name of citizens of the United States while such citizens are within any foreign country in the course of their employment by the Government of the United States.

§ 511.42 General License No. 42—(a) Persons licensed. A general license is hereby granted licensing as a generally licensed national

(1) Any individual in the United States, except an individual who on October 5, 1945, was in a blocked country other than a member of the generally licensed trade area, and

(2) Any partnership, association, corporation, or other organization which is a national of a blocked country solely by reason of the interest of persons li-

censed hereby.

(b) Definition. The term "blocked country" shall be deemed to include all countries licensed by § 511.94 (General License No. 94) except a country licensed by General License No. 96.

Note: For General Ruling No. 18, changing the status of the Philippines, see § 511 218. Section 511.329 (Public Circular 29), provides in part as follows:

The accounts of internees blocked pursuant to specific directions from the Treasury Department are not unblocked by virtue of § 511.42, as amended.

General License No. 96, formerly codified as § 131.96 of Title 31, has been revoked (12 F. R. 97).

§ 511.44 General License No. 44. The Roman Curia (or Curia Romana) of the Vatican City State is hereby licensed as a generally licensed national and all persons to the extent that they are acting for and on behalf of the Vatican City State are hereby licensed as generally licensed nationals.

§ 511.51 General License No. 51. (a) A general license is hereby granted licensing the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics as a generally licensed country.

(b) As used in this general license: Any foreign country licensed as a "generally licensed country", and nationals thereof, shall be regarded for all purposes as if such foreign country were not a foreign country designated in Executive Order 8389.

§ 511.53 General License No. 53. (a) A general license is hereby granted licensing all transactions ordinarily incident to the importing and exporting of goods, wares and merchandise between the United States and any of the members of the generally licensed trade area or between the members of the generally licensed trade area if (1) such transaction is by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction of any national of a blocked country within the generally licensed trade area, or (2) such transaction involves property in which any such national has at any time on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389 had any interest: Provided, The following terms and conditions are complied with:

(i) Such transaction is not by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction

of (a) any person whose name appears on "The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals," or (b) any blocked country or national thereof not within the generally licensed trade area;

(ii) Such transaction does not involve property in which (a) any person whose name appears on "The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals," or (b) any blocked country or national thereof not within the generally licensed trade area, has at any time on or since the effective date of the order had any in-

terest; and

(iii) Any banking institution within the United States, prior to issuing, confirming or advising letters of credit, or accepting or paying drafts drawn, or reimbursing themselves for payments made, under letters of credit, or making any other payment or transfer of credit, in connection with any importation or exportation pursuant to this general license, or engaging in any other transaction authorized in this section, shall satisfy itself (from the shipping documents or otherwise) that; (a) any such transaction is incident to a bona fide importation or exportation and is customary in the normal course of business, and that the value of such importation or exportation reasonably corresponds with the sums of money involved in financing such transaction; and (b) such importation or exportation is or will be made pursuant to all the terms and conditions of this license.

(b) Subject to all other terms and conditions of this general license any national of a blocked country doing business within the United States pursuant to a license is also hereby authorized, while so licensed to engage in any transaction referred to in paragraph (a) of this section to the same extent that such national is licensed to engage in such transaction involving persons within the generally licensed trade area who are not nationals of a blocked country.

(c) This general license shall also authorize any transaction engaged in by a bank within the generally licensed trade area pursuant to the order of or for the account of any national of a blocked country within the generally licensed trade area to the same extent, and under the same circumstances, as though such transaction were solely for the account of such bank: Provided, however, That this paragraph shall not be deemed to permit any payment, transfer or withdrawal from any blocked account: And provided further, That the following terms and conditions are complied with:

 Such transaction is not by, or on behalf of, or pursuant to the direction of
 any person whose name appears on "The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals", or (ii) any blocked country or national thereof not within the generally licensed trade area;

(2) Such transaction does not involve property in which (i) any person whose name appears on "The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals", or (ii) any blocked country or national thereof not within the generally licensed trade area, has at any time on or since the effective date of the order had any interest.

(d) As used in this section:
(1) The term "generally licensed trade area" shall include all foreign countries except the following:

(i) Germany and Japan;

(ii) Bulgaria, Hungary, Roumania, and Italy;

(iii) Sweden, Switzerland, and Liech-

tenstein:

(iv) France (including Monaco), Belgium, Norway, The Netherlands, Czechoslovakia, Luxembourg, Denmark, Greece, Poland, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, and Austria, but not including any colony or other non-European territory subject to the jurisdiction of any such country except French West Africa, Algeria, Tunisia, and French Morocco.

(2) The term "member" of the generally licensed trade area shall mean any of the foreign countries or political subdivisions comprising the generally li-

censed trade area.

(3) The term "The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals" shall mean "The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals" as amended and supplemented promulgated pursuant to the Proclamation of July 17, 1941, 3 CFR 1943 Cum.

Note: The Philippine Commonwealth is included in the "generally licensed trade area" defined in § 511.53. See § 511.218 (General Ruling No. 18).

§ 511.53a General License No. 53A-(a) Members of generally licensed trade area licensed. Notwithstanding the proviso of § 511.94 (a) (General License No. 94), members of the generally licensed trade area are hereby licensed to be regarded for all purposes as not blocked.

(b) Persons licensed. This section also licenses as a generally licensed na-

tional:

(1) Any individual in the generally licensed trade area, except an individual who on October 5, 1945 was in a blocked country other than a member of the generally licensed trade area, and

(2) Any partnership, association, corporation, or other organization which is a national of a blocked country solely by

reason of the interest of persons licensed hereby;

Provided, That this section shall not apply with respect to any person whose name appears on The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals.

(c) Definitions. As used in this sec-

(1) The terms "member" and "generally licensed trade area" shall have the meaning prescribed in § 511.53 (General License No. 53); and

(2) The term "blocked country" shall be deemed to include countries licensed by § 511.94 (General License No. 94) except a country licensed by General License No. 96.

Note: General License No. 96, formerly codified as § 131.96 of Title 31, has been revoked (12 F. R. 97).

§ 511.72a General License No. 72A-(a) Certain transactions with respect to any blocked foreign patent, trade-mark, or copyright authorized. A general license is hereby granted authorizing the following transactions by any person who is not a national of any blocked country:

(1) The filing and prosecution of any application for a blocked foreign patent, trade-mark, or copyright, or for the renewal thereof:

(2) The receipt of any blocked foreign patent, trade-mark, or copyright;

(3) The filing and prosecution of opposition or infringement proceedings with respect to any blocked foreign patent, trade-mark, or copyright, and the prosecution of a defense to any such proceedings:

(4) The payment of fees currently due to the government of any foreign country, either directly or through an attorney or representative, in connection with any of the transactions authorized by subparagraphs (1), (2), or (3) of this paragraph or for the maintenance of any blocked foreign patent, trade-mark, or copyright; and

(5) The payment of reasonable and customary fees currently due to attorneys or representatives in any foreign country incurred in connection with any of the transactions authorized by subparagraphs (1), (2), (3), or (4) of this

paragraph.

(b) Terms and conditions to which payments are subject. Payments effected pursuant to the terms of paragraph (a) (4) and (5) of this section may not be made from any blocked account. Such payments shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

(1) Payments to the government of any country referred to in § 511.325 or to any attorney or representative within any such country shall be made in the manner specified in any general license, now outstanding or hereafter issued, which authorizes remittances to such country:

(2) Payments to any other government, attorney or representative shall be made in the manner and under the con-

ditions specified in § 511.33 (b).

(c) Reports by domestic banks effect-ing remittances. With respect to payments authorized by paragraph (a) (4) and (5) of this section, reports shall be executed and filed in the manner and form and under the conditions prescribed in § 511.32, Provided, however, That in cases where Form TFR-132 is required to be executed item No. 6 hereof shall be left blank.

(d) Definition. As used in this section the term "blocked foreign patent, trade-mark, or copyright" shall mean any patent, petty patent, design patent, trade-mark, or copyright issued by any foreign country, in which a blocked country or national thereof has an interest, including any patent, petty patent, design patent, trade-mark, or copyright issued by a blocked country, Provided, That the term "blocked foreign patent, trademark, or copyright" shall not be deemed to include any patent, petty patent, design patent, trade-mark, or copyright in which an enemy national, other than the government of a country referred to in § 511.325 or a person within such country, has an interest.

§ 511.74 General License No. 74-(a) Certain United States citizens licensed as generally licensed nationals. A general license is hereby granted licensing as a generally licensed national any citizen of the United States who is within

any foreign country and who is a national of a blocked country solely by reason of having established residence in a blocked country subsequent to June 6, 1944.

(b) Limited payments from accounts of other United States citizens authorized. This section also authorizes payments and transfers of credit from blocked accounts in the United States for expenditures within the United States or the generally licensed trade area, as defined in § 511.53 (General License No. 53), of any citizen of the United States who is within any foreign country and who is not entitled to the benefits of paragraph (a) of this section: Provided, That the following terms and conditions are complied with:

(1) Such payments and transfers are made only from blocked accounts in the name of, or in which the beneficial interest is held by, such citizen or his

family:

(2) The total of all such payments and transfers made under this section does not exceed \$1,000 in any one calendar month for any such citizen or his

family.

(c) Certain transactions not author-ized. This section shall not be deemed to authorize any remittance to any blocked country or, except as expressly authorized above, any other payment, transfer, or withdrawal which could not be effected without a license by a person within the United States who is not a national of any blocked country.

§ 511.85 General License No. 85. (a) A general license is hereby granted authorizing the following transactions with respect to Mexican securities of the classes specified in the decree of August 4, 1942, of the United States of Mexico and which are held in blocked or General Ruling No. 6 accounts (§ 511.206) in banking institutions within the United States, notwithstanding the fact that Form TFEL-2 may not have been previously attached to such securities:

(1) The presentation of such securities to an appropriate registry agent within the United States pursuant to the

terms of such decree:

(2) The receipt and registration of such securities by such registry agent pursuant to the terms of such decree; and

(3) The performance of such other acts as are necessarily incident to such registration:

Provided, however, That any registry agent receiving any such security pursuant to this general license shall hold such security within the United States and subject to the provisions of section 5 (b) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, and the order; and shall, within a reasonable period of time after such security has been received, return it to the banking institution previously holding such security, and such banking institution shall return such security to the account in which it was previously

(b) This general license shall also authorize the transactions, above described, with respect to securities of the type referred to in section 2A (1) of the order when such securities have been in the

custody or possession of the same banking institution within the United States, continuously since July 25, 1940, notwithstanding the fact that Treasury Department Form TFEL-2 may not have been previously attached to such se-

§ 511.86 General License No. 86. (a) A general license is hereby granted authorizing the following transactions:

(1) The payment of premiums and interest on policy loans with respect to any

blocked life insurance policy;

(2) The issuance, servicing or transfer of any blocked life insurance policy in which the only blocked interest is that of one or more of the following:

(i) A member of the armed forces of the United States or a person accompanying such forces (including personnel of the American Red Cross, United Service Organizations and similar organizations);

(ii) An officer or employee of the

United States; or

(iii) A citizen of the United States resident in a blocked country not within

enemy territory; and

(3) The issuance, servicing or trans-fer of any blocked life insurance policy in which the only blocked interest (other than that of a person specified in sub-paragraph (2) of this paragraph) is that of a beneficiary:

Provided, however, That this paragraph does not authorize (i) any payment to the insurer from any blocked account in which an enemy national (other than a person specified in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph) has an interest, or from any other blocked account except a blocked account of the insured or beneficiary, or (ii) any payment by the insurer to a national of a blocked country unless payment is made by deposit in a blocked account in a domestic bank in the name of the national who is the ultimate beneficiary thereof.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of

§ 511.211 (General Ruling No. 11), the transactions authorized by paragraph (a) (2) of this section may be effected even though they involve a communication from a person specified in paragraph (a) (2) (i) or (ii) of this section while such person is within enemy

(c) This general license further authorizes the application, in accordance with the provisions of the policy or the established practice of the insurer, of the dividends, cash surrender value, or loan value, of any blocked life insurance policy for the purpose of:

(1) Paying premiums;

(2) Paying policy loans and interest thereon;

(3) Establishing paid-up insurance;

(4) Accumulating such dividends or values to the credit of the policy on the books of the insurer.

(d) As used in this general license:

(1) The term "blocked life insurance policy" shall mean any life insurance policy or annuity contract, or contract supplementary thereto, in which there is a blocked interest.

(2) Any interest of a national of a blocked country shall be deemed to be a "blocked interest"

(3) The term "servicing" shall mean the following transactions with respect to any blocked life insurance policy:

(i) The payment of premiums, the payment of loan interest, and the repayment of policy loans;

(ii) The effecting by a life insurance company or other insurer of loans to an

insured:

(iii) The effecting on behalf of an insured of surrenders, conversions, modifications, and reinstatements; and

(iv) The exercise or election by an insured of nonforfeiture options, optional modes of settlement, optional disposition of dividends, and other policy options and privileges not involving payment by

(4) The term "transfer" shall mean the change of beneficiary, or the assignment or pledge of the interest of an insured in any blocked life insurance policy subsequent to the issuance thereof.

(e) This section shall not be deemed to authorize any transaction with respect to any blocked life insurance policy issued by a life insurance company or other insurer which is a national of a blocked country or which is not doing business or effecting insurance in the United States.

§ 511.87 General License No. 87. A general license is hereby granted exempting all transactions from the provisions of section 2A (2) of the order, except transactions with respect to foreign scheduled securities as defined in § 511.205 (General Ruling No. 5) and domestic scheduled securities as defined in § 511.205b (General Ruling No. 5B).

Note: For interpretation of \$ 511.87, see

§ 511.89 General License No. 89-(a) Exportation of powers of attorney or instructions relating to certain types of transactions authorized. A general license is hereby granted authorizing the exportation to any foreign country of powers of attorney or other instruments executed or issued by any person within the United States who is not a national of a blocked country which are limited to authorizations or instructions to effect transactions incident to the following:

(1) The representation of the interest of such person in a decedent's estate which is being administered in any blocked country and the collection of the distributive share of such person in

such estate:

(2) The maintenance, preservation, supervision or management of any real estate or tangible personal property located in any blocked country in which such person has an interest; and

(3) The conveyance, transfer, release, sale or other disposition of any property specified in subparagraphs (1) or (2) of this paragraph: Provided, That if such property is located within any country not included in the United Nations, the value thereof does not exceed the sum of \$5,000 or its equivalent in foreign

(b) Conditions. This section shall be subject to the following conditions:

(1) No instrument may be exported under this section unless it contains an express stipulation that the person authorized to act thereunder is not empowered to engage in any transactions which involve, directly or indirectly, any trade or communication with an enemy nationaFas defined in § 511.211 (General Ruling No. 11), other than transactions which are exempted from the provisions of such general ruling; and

(2) No instrument which authorizes the conveyance, transfer, release, sale or other disposition of any property lo-cated within a country not included in the United Nations may be exported under this section unless it contains an express stipulation that such authority may not be exercised if the value of such property exceeds the sum of \$5,000 or the equivalent thereof in foreign

currency.

(c) Definition. As used in this section, the term "tangible personal property" shall not include cash, bullion, deposits, credits, securities, patents, or copyrights.

§ 511.94 General License No. 94, as amended-(a) Blocked countries generally licensed subject to certain conditions. A general license is hereby granted licensing all blocked countries and nationals thereof to be regarded as if such countries were not foreign countries designated in the order: Provided, That

(1) Any property in which on the effective date hereof any of the following had an interest: (i) any blocked country (including countries licensed hereby) or person therein; or (ii) any other partnership, association, corporation, or other organization, which was a national of a blocked country (including countries licensed hereby) by reason of the interest of any such country or person therein; or

(2) Any income from such property accruing on or after the dates specified in paragraph (e) of this section

shall continue to be regarded as property in which a blocked country or national thereof has an interest and no payment, transfer, or withdrawal or other dealing with respect to such property shall be effected under, or be deemed to be au-

thorized by, this paragraph. (b) Transactions under other licenses authorized without regard to certain restrictions. With respect to property subject to the proviso of paragraph (a) of this section, any transaction which is authorized under any license (other than \$\$ 511.1, 511.4, 511.27 and 511.30a, General Licenses Nos. 1, 4, 27, and 30A or any other license to the extent that it merely authorizes transfers between blocked accounts of the same person or changes in the form of property held in a blocked account) may be effected without regard to any terms of such license relating to the method of effecting such transaction: Provided, however, That remittances to payees in Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, or Sweden, shall continue to be effected in the manner set forth in § 511.32 (a) (3), General License No. 32, as amended May 29, 1948.

(c) Certain other transactions authorized. This license also authorizes any transaction which can be effected under § 511.53, General License No. 53, if the countries licensed hereby were members of the generally licensed trade area, provided that this paragraph shall not be deemed to authorize any payment, transfer, or withdrawal, or other dealing with respect to any property which is subject to the proviso of paragraph (a) (1) of this section.

(d) Section 511.217, General Ruling No. 17 not waived with regard to certain countries. This license shall not be deemed to waive the requirements of § 511.217, General Ruling No. 17, with respect to blocked property held in any account maintained in the name of any bank or other financial institution located in Switzerland, Liechtenstein, or Sweden unless such property has been certified under § 511.95 (a) (1), General License No. 95.

Note: General License No. 95, formerly codified as § 511,195 of this chapter, has been revoked.

- (e) Effective date. The effective date of this section shall be December 7, 1945, except that it shall be October 5, 1945 as to France, November 20, 1945 as to Belgium, November 30, 1946 as to Switzerland and Liechtenstein, December 31, 1946 as to Germany and Japan, and March 28, 1947 as to Sweden.
- (f) Restrictions of § 511.211a, General Ruling No. 11A. Attention is directed to the special restrictions contained in § 511.211a, General Ruling No. 11A, pertaining to dealings in certain property in which there is any interest of Germany or Japan or certain nationals thereof.

(Sec. 5, 40 Stat. 415, as amended; 50 U. S. C., App., 5. E. O. 8389, Apr. 10, 1940, 5 F. R. 1400. App., 5. E. O. 8389, Apr. 10, 1940, 5 F. R. 1400, as amended by E. O. 8785, June 14, 1941, 6 F. R. 2897, E. O. 8832, July 26, 1941, 6 F. R. 3715, E. O. 8963, Dec. 9, 1941, 6 F. R. 6348, E. O. 8998, Dec. 26, 1941, 6 F. R. 6785, E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 7 F. R. 5205; 3 CFR 1943 Cum. Supp.; E. O. 9989, Aug. 20, 1948, 13 F. R. 4891; 3 CFR 1948 Supp.)

§ 511.97 General License No. 97-(a) Property licensed. A general license is hereby granted licensing, subject to the exceptions of paragraph (b) of this section, the following property to be regarded as property in which no blocked country or national thereof has or has had any interest: Property in any account on February 1, 1948, and any in-come subsequently accruing from such property, where the total value of the property in the account on such date was not more than \$5,000.

(b) Exceptions. This license shall not apply to any property of any person resident or organized in Germany, Japan, Hungary, Rumania, or Bulgaria, regardless of the citizenship of such person.

- (c) Restrictions of § 511.211a (General Ruling No. 11A). Attention is directed to the special restrictions contained in § 511.211a pertaining to dealings in certain property in which there is any interest of Germany or Japan or certain nationals thereof.
- § 511.98 General License No. 98-(a) Certain transactions with respect to coupons appertaining to foreign or domestic scheduled securities authorized. Notwithstanding the provisions of

§ 511.205 (General Ruling No. 5) and § 511.205b (General Ruling No. 5B), the following transactions with respect to any coupon which is a foreign scheduled security or a domestic scheduled security. as defined in said sections (any such coupon is hereinafter referred to as a "scheduled coupon" for the purposes of this section) are licensed subject to subparagraph (5) (i) and (ii) of this paragraph if effected within the United

(1) Delivery by any person in the United States of any scheduled coupon for collection to any person who in the ordinary course of his business forwards for payment coupons appertaining to securities;

(2) Receipt from any person in the United States for collection and forwarding for collection of any scheduled coupon by any person who in the ordinary course of his business forwards for payment coupons appertaining to securities:

(3) Presentation of any scheduled coupon to the issuer or its paying agent for payment thereof;

(4) Payment of any scheduled coupon by the issuer or its paying agent upon condition that within thirty days after presentation for payment the issuer or its paying agent shall return the coupon to the person who presented it for pay-

(5) Transfer of cash or credit for a scheduled coupon to any party to any transaction licensed by this section; Provided, That:

(i). No transaction referred to in subparagraphs (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) of this paragraph is licensed except upon the condition that the party delivering, forwarding, or presenting any such scheduled coupon, upon return to him of such coupon, reimburse the person returning it to him in the amount paid or credited to him by that person.

(ii) No transaction licensed by this section shall operate to transfer title to or to discharge the obligation evidenced by any scheduled coupon unless authorized by a license from the Director, Office of Alien Property, expressly referring to General Ruling No. 5 or General Ruling No. 5B.

(b) Reports and notices required. The provisions of §§ 511.205 (e) (5) and 511.205b (e) (5) apply to any person making a return of any scheduled cou-

§ 511.99 General License No. 99. Notwithstanding § 511.211a, General Ruling No. 11A, a general license is hereby granted licensing the following property to be regarded as property in which no blocked country or national thereof has, or has had, any interest: All securities registered in the names set forth below together with all accruals thereon.

(a) Algemeen Kantoor van Administratie

te Amsterdam N. V. (b) Tweede Kantoor van het Administratiekantoor Hubrecht, van Harencarspel en

Vas Visser N. V.

(c) N. V. Het Administratiekantoor van Gebroeders Boissevain en Gebroeders Teixeira de Mattos, gevestigd te Amsterdam.

(d) N. V. Nederlandsch Administratie-en Trustkantoor.

(e) Maatschappij tot Beheer van het Administratiekantoor opgericht door Hubrecht, van Harencarspel en Vas Visser N. V. (f) N. V. Maatschappij tot Beheer van het

Administratiekantoor van Amerikaansche Fondsen, opgerigt door Broes & Gosman, ten Have en van Essen en Jarman & Zoonen te Amsterdam.

(g) N. V. Administratiekantoor voor Han-

(g) N. V. Administratiekantoor voor Han-del en Nijverheid. (h) N. V. Amsterdamsch Administratie-kantoor van Amerikaansche Waarden. (i) Administratiekantoor "Interland" N. V.

(j) Nieuw Amsterdamsch Administratie-kantoor N. V.

(k) Administratiekantoor van vijf per-cents cum, pref. aandeelen Serie B in de American Smelters Securities Cy.

(1) N. V. Algemeen Hollandsch Trustkan-

(m) Administratiekantoor van aandeelen der American Telephone & Telegraph Com-

pany N. V.
(n) N. V. Het Administratiekantoor van Gebroeders Bolssevain en Kerkhoven en Com-pagnie, gevestigd te Amsterdam.

(o) Broekmans Administratiekantoor N.

(p) Vereeniging van Eigenaren van pre-ferente aandeelen in The Atchison, Topeka &

Santa Fe Railway Co.

(q) Maatschappij tot Beheer van het Administratiekantoor van Amerikaansche Spoorwekwaarden opgericht door Wertheim Amerikaansche & Gompertz, Westerndorp & Co. en F. W. Oewel N. V.

(r) Hollandsch Administratiekantoor N. V. (s) Administratiekantoor van Binnen- en Bultenlandsche Fondsen N. V.

(t) Administratiekantoor van Aandeelen Vennootschappen en in Binnen- en Bui-

tenlandsche Leeningen N. V. (u) N. V. Administratiekantoor van het Amsterdamsch Trustee's Kantoor.

(v) Vereenigd Kantoor voor Administratie

(w) N. V. Algemeene Trust Maatschappij
 (x) Trust- en Administratie Maatschappij
 "Interland" N. V.

(y) N. V. Kantoor tot Uitgifte van Cer-tificaten "Cebuwa". (z) N. V. Administratiekantoor opgericht door Heldring & Pierson en Broekmans Effectenkantoor.

(aa) N. V. Centrale Trust Compagnie. (bb) Amsterdamsch Trustee's N. V.

(cc) N. V. Kantoor van Bewaring en Ad-

(dd) Gebroeders Bolssevain en Gebroeders Teixeira de Mattos, voor het Administratie-kantoor van Amerikaansche Spoorwegaandeelen, gevestigd te Amsterdam

(ee) N. V. Administratie en Trustkantoor voor Handel en Industrie. (ff) Nederlandsche Vereeniging ter Be-hartiging van de Rechten van Belangheb-benden bij de Missouri Kansas & Texas Rail-

(gg) Administratiekantoor van vijf percents preferente aandeelen in de Missouri Pacific Railroad Company N. V.

(hh) Administratiekantoor van de Twentsche Trustmaatschappij N. V.

(ii) N. V. Administratiekantoor van "Ver-meer & Co." en van de "N. V. Bankierskantoor van Mendes Gans & Co."

(jj) Administratiekantoor van aandeelen Wabash Railway Co. N. V.

§ 511.100 General License No. 109. Notwithstanding the provisions § 511.211a of this chapter (General Ruling No. 11A), a general license is hereby granted licensing the following property to be regarded as property in which no blocked country or national thereof has, or has had, any interest: Any debt expressed in German currency owed by a person in the United States to a person in Germany which is secured by a mortgage or mortgages on real property located in Germany.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 23, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

HAROLD I. BAYNTON, [SEAL] Assistant Attorney General, Director, Office of Alien Property.

F. R. Doc. 52-1077; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

TITLE 26-INTERNAL REVENUE

Chapter I-Bureau of Internal Revenue, Department of the Treasury

Subchapter E-Administrative Provisions Common to Various Taxes

[T. D. 5878]

PART 458-INSPECTION OF RETURNS

INSPECTION OF INCOME, EXCESS-PROFITS, DECLARED VALUE EXCESS-PROFITS, CAPITAL STOCK, ESTATE, AND GIFT TAX RETURNS BY SENATE COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ADMINISTRATION

§ 458.310 Inspection of returns by Senate Committee on Rules and Administration. (a) Pursuant to the provisions of sections 55 (a), 508, 603, 729 (a) and 1204 of the Internal Revenue Code (53 Stat. 29, 111, 171; 54 Stat. 989, 1008; 55 Stat. 722; 26 U.S. C. 55 (a), 508, 603, 729 (a), and 1204), and of the Executive order issued thereunder, any income, excess-profits, declared value excessprofits, capital stock, estate, or gift tax return for any period to and including 1950 shall, during the Eighty-second Congress, be open to inspection by the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration or any duly authorized subcommittee thereof in connection with its studies of matters relating to the election of Members of Congress, corrupt practices, contested elections, credentials and qualifications, and Federal elections generally.

The inspection of returns herein authorized may be made by the committee or a duly authorized subcommittee thereof, acting directly as a committee or as a subcommittee, or by or through such examiners or agents as the committee or subcommittee may designate or appoint in its written request hereinafter mentioned. Upon written request by the chairman of the committee or of the authorized subcommittee to the Secretary of the Treasury, giving the names and addresses of the taxpayers whose returns it is necessary to inspect and the taxable periods covered by the returns, the Secretary and any officer or employee of the Treasury Department shall furnish such committee or subcommittee with any data relating to or contained in any such return, or shall make such return available for inspection by the committee or subcommittee or by such examiners or agents as the committee or subcommittee may designate or appoint, in the office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Any information thus obtained by the committee or subcommittee thereof shall be held confidential; Provided, however, That any portion or portions thereof relevant or pertinent to the purpose of the investigation may be submitted by the committee to the United States Senate.

(b) Because of the immediate need of the said Senate Committee on Rules and Administration to inspect the tax returns herein mentioned, it is found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to issue this Treasury decision with notice and public procedure thereon under section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act, approved June 11, 1946, or subject to the effective date limitation of section 4 (c) of said

(c) This Treasury decision shall be effective upon its filing for publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[SEAL] JOHN W. SNYDER. Secretary of the Treasury.

Approved: January 24, 1952.

HARRY S. TRUMAN. The White House.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1138; Filed, Jan. 24, 1952; 4:59 p. m.]

TITLE 32A-NATIONAL DEFENSE, APPENDIX

Chapter III-Office of Price Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

Ceiling Price Regulation 94, Admt. 2]

CPR 94-Sales OF USED PASSENGER AUTOMOBILES

> CORRECTIONS AND ADDITIONS TO APPENDIX "A"

Pursuant to the Defense Production act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Amendment to Celling Price Regulation 94 is hereby is-

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This Amendment to CPR 94 corrects a number of typographical and other er-rors appearing in Appendix "A", and adds the ceiling prices of several models and makes of cars inadvertently omitted from the original listing in Appendix "A". Appendix "A" as corrected by this Amendment supersedes the original Appendix "A". All provisions of CPR 94 are applicable thereto, including the requirement that a reduction of 2 percent in the celling price appearing in Appendix "A", be put into effect on January 1, 1952.

Due to the nature of this Amendment, it was not believed to be necessary to consult with the various persons affected thereby.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Appendix "A" of CPR 94 is amended to read as set forth below.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective January 30, 1952.

> MICHAEL V. DISALLE, Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 25, 1952,

APPENDIX A-CHILING PRICES ESTABLISHED BY CPR 94

(1) List of Abbreviations:

Auto Trans... Automatic Transmission. Auto Ovdr ... Automatic Overdrive. Brom Brougham.

Bus_____ Business. Cabr Cabriolet. Cata____ Catalina.

Conv.... Convertible. DeV DeVille. Door. D..... Dly . De Luxe.

Dri-Mas Drive Master.

Dynaflow Tr. Dynaflow Transmission. Electro Cl___ Electromatic Clutch.

Est Car____ Estate Car. Est Wgn____ Estate Wagon. Fluid Dr___ Fluid Drive. Format Fordomatic. Fml..... Formal.

Flumat Trans..... Fluid Matic Transmission.

Flu Tor____ Fluid Torque. Holi____ Holiday. Hyd Top____ Hydraulic Top.

Hydr Trans... Hydraulic Transmission. Hydra

Trans..... Hydramatic Transmission. Limousine. Limo_. Liqua Dr___ Liqua Drive. Man Top Manual Top. Met_____ Metal.

O D Overdrive. Ovdr Tr.... Overdrive Transmission. Powerglide

Trans Powerglide Transmission. Prestomat ... Prestomatic Transmission. Phae..... Phaeton. Rdstr____ Roadster.

Riv_____ Riviera. Std Equip___ Standard Equipment.

Sta Wgn___ Station Wagon.

Stl..... Steel. Sed____Sta ... Sedan.

Wgn____ Sierra Station Wagon. Simpl...... Simplamatic Transmission.

Spt..... Sport. Sub---- Suburban. Su Mat____. Super Matic. Synchro

Trans..... Synchromesh Transmission. Tiptoe Tr Tiptoe Hydraulic Shift Transmission.

Town. Tn Twn and

Country ... Town and Country Wagon.

Tr Touring. Trav____ Traveler. Trunk, Ultra Dr Ultramatic Drive. Vacamat____ Vacamatic Transmission. Vacu Dr..... Vacumatic Drive. Vacu Trans.. Vacumatic Transmission.

Vic_____ Victoria. Wd____ Wood.

(2) Regions for which base prices are listed:

Region A: Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Illinois (except Madison, St. Clair and Rock Island Counties—Region B), Indiana, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massa-chusetts, Michigan, New Hampahire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Jersey, New York, Onio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Tennessee (Sullivan County only), Vermont, Virginia, West Virginia, Wisconsin (except Douglas County—Region B). Region B: Alabama, Arkansas, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Illinois (Madison, St. Clair, and Rock Island Counties), Iowa, Kansas,

Louisiana, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Caro-lina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Caro-lina, South Dakota, Tennessee (except Sullivan County-Region A), Texas, Wisconsin

(Douglas County), Wyoming. Region C: Arizona, California, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington.

¹ See Title 3, Executive Order 10321, supra. No. 19-3

			_	1							
Ceiling price in Region—		of the second of	Ceiling price in Region—			TO BELLEVILLE TO BE	Cel	lling pric	oo fn		
	A	В	0		A	В	0		A	В	10
AMERICAN BANTAM	-		1	BUICK-continued	100			The second second		-	-
1940-4 Super (all body styles)	\$60	800	\$60	1946—50 Super:	100	116		BUICK-continued			18/2
19E-4 65 (all body styles)	103	\$60 125	125	Sed 4D 6	\$1,030	\$1,080	\$1, 100	1951—70 Roadmaster—Continued Cne Riv 6	42 S.S.	\$2, 930	00.040
AUSTIN (ENGLISH)		1		Sedet 2D 6 Ope Con 6	1,020	1,070	1, 100 1, 220	Cpe Riv 6	2, 920	3,000	\$2, 940 3, 130
1948-4 A-40:	13		1.35	Est Wgn 6. 1946—70 Roadmaster:	1,090	1, 135	1, 215	Dyn Dr Std	3, 020	3, 095	3, 180
Dev Sed 4D	660	715	780	Sed 4D 6	1 045	1, 100	1,070	CADILLAC			1577.7.
Dor Sed 2D	650	689	750	Bedet 2D 6	1 1,030	1, 085	1,070	1946-60 Special-V8 (all body		1 -	
Dev Sed 4D	830 810	865 825	950	Cpe Con 6	1 100	STREET, STREET	PAGE	styles)	450	535	535
Der Sed 2D. Ctrymn Sta Wgn	845	900	985	Sed 4D 6. Sedet 6.	1, 120	1, 190 1, 180	1,170	1940—62—V8 (all body styles) 1940—72 Fleetwood—V8 (all body	425	485	465
Con (Man Top)	1,245	1,275	1,735 1,755	1947—50 Super: Sed 4D 6	9 ((0))	1, 250	1,300	styles) 1940—75 Fleetwood—V8 (all body	370	430	420
Con (Hyd Top). 1949—6 A-125 Sheerline, Sed 4D	2,380	1, 450 2, 405	1,755	Sedet 6. Cpe Con 6.	1, 175	1, 335	1,300	styles) 1940-90 Fleetwood-V16 (all	355	405	420
1950-4 A-40: Sed 4D Mk 2	120 150 521	990	1030000	Est Wgn 6	1, 240	1, 305	1, 435	DOUT STANSS	290	340	340
Sed ary richard	110	1,040	1,120 1,135 1,235	Sed 4D 6	1.720	1, 290	1, 275	1941-V8-61: Sed Tr 4D 5	1 0 P 16	680	500
Sta Wgn 1950—4 A-90 Atlantic:	10 THE	1,005		Sedet 6. Cpe Con 6. Est Wgn 6.	1, 210	1, 275	1, 275	Ope 0	600	670	730 680
Con (Man Top)	1,485	1,560	1,885	Est Wgn 6	1, 275	1, 345	1, 415	Sed Tr 4D 5	640	705	705
1951-4 A-40:	1	1,610	1, 995	1948—40 Special; Sed 4D 6	1, 320	1, 380	1,345	Cpe 5. Add Hydra Trans.	625	600	705 40
Sta Wgn	1.460	1,470	1,638 2,030	Sedet 6. 1948—50 Super:	1,310	1, 365	1,345	Life1 - V South Z		300	Hetto.
Spt Con. 1951—4 A-90 Atlantie:	1,710	1,770	2,030 1,930	Sed 4D 6	1,420	1,480	1, 465	Sed Tr 4D 5	640 625	710 695	760 760
Con (Man Top)	1,880	1,925	2,635	Sedet 6. Cpe Con 6.	1, 510	1,470 1,540	1,465	De luxe: Sed Tr 4D 5		735	100
Con (Hyd Top)	1,010	1,970	2,680	Est Wgn 6 1948—70 Roadmaster:	1, 510	1, 540	1,605	Cpe 2-4. Bed Con 5.	GAR.	735 725 760	785 785 865
BUICK		- 3	101	Sed 4D 6	1,475	1,540	1,455	Ope Con 2-4 Add Hydra Trans		700	865
1940—40 Special (all body styles) 1940—50 Super (all body styles)	350 370	420	405 430	Cpe Con 6.	1,500	1,625	1, 615	1 1941 - V S-FGS		.40.	40
1949—60 Century (all body styles). 1949—70 Roadmaster (all body	360	415	395	Sedet 6. Cpe Con 6. Est Wgn 6. Add for Dyn Dr	110	1,625	1,595	Sed Tr 4D 5	640	710 40	755
styles) 1946—80 Limited (all body styles).	375	420	405	Sed 4D 6.	1.535	1,505	1, 585			810	840
1940-90 Limited (all body styles).	320	375 350	390	Sedet 6. 194950 Super;	1, 515	1, 575	1, 585	Sed Tr 4D 5 Sed Tr Div 5	740	810	840
1941—40A Special: Sed Tr 4D 6	460	505	540	Sed-4D 6	1, 795	1,860	1,845	1941—V8—67:	-40	40	40
Cpe Spt 6	445 400	490	540	Sedet 6. Ope Con 6.	1 9 9 10	1,840	1,845 2,035	Sed Tr 4D 5		685 685	705
Cpe Bus 3	470	445 520	500 555	Add for Dyn Dr	1, 910	1,080	2,025	Sed Tr 7	620	680 680	680 725
Cpe Con 6. 1941—40B Special: Sed Tr 4D 6. Sed Tr 4D 6 SE	470	520	550	1949-70 Koadmaster:	4 050	2,015	1,990	Sed Tr 7 Sed Tr Imp 7 Add Hydra Trans. 1941—Vs—75 Fleetwood: Sed Tr ID 5.	40	40	40
Sed Tr 4D 6 SE	450 455	510 500	590 545	Sedat 6 Cpe Riv 6 Cpe Con 6 Est Wgn 6 Dyn Dr Std	1,935	2,000 2,125 2,125 2,120	1,900	Sed Tr 4D 5.	600	660	800
Sedet 6 Sedet 6 SE Cpe Bus 3	450 410	490 455	550	Cpe Con 6	2,000	2, 125	2, 155 2, 175			660 665	680 675
Est Wgn 6	490	535	500 565	Dyn Dr Std.	2,000	2, 120	2, 180	Sed Tr 7	610	655 660	650
1041—50 Super: Sed Tr 4D 6	470	510	570	1950—40 Special: Sed 4D 6	1, 775	1,850	1, 835	Deg Fill (610	660	675
Cpe Bus 3	455	495 445	870 515	Sed 4D 6 Sed Tr 4D 6	1,795	1,875 1,825	1,885	Sed Bus 9 Sed Bus Imp.	605	655	650 675
Cpe Con 6 Phae Con 4D 6	465 465	525 525	600 590	Sedet 6. Ope Bus 3	1,710	1,890	1, 835	Add Hydra Trans	40	40	40
1941—60 Century: 8ed Tr 4D 6	445		1000	Sed 4D 6	1,810	1,885	1,890	Sed Tr 4D 5 Ope Clb 5	710 695	775	815 815
Sedet 6	430	485 475	540 540	Sed 4D 6 Sed Tr 4D 6 Sedet 6 Add for Dyn Dr	1,835	1,905 1,870	1, 960 1, 885	Cpe Clb 5 Add Hydra Trans 1942—V8—62:	40	40	40
Ope Bus 3. 1941—70 Roadmaster:	385	430	510	Add for Dyn Dr	140	140	150	Sed Tr 4D 5	740	805	885
Sed Tr 4D 6	435	485 480	545 545	Sed Tr 4D 6	1, 975	2,050	2, 140	Cpe Clb 5 De Luxe:		785	905
Cpe Spt 6 Cpe Con 6	470	510	580	Cpe Riv 2D 6	2, 125	2, 195	2,360	Sed Tr 4D 5	765 745	835 815	945 945
Phae Con 6	465	510	575	Cpe Con 6 Est Wgn 6	2, 230	2, 210 2, 285	2,395	Cpe Con 5	700	\$70 40	985
Sed Tr 4D 6	390	430	£30 £30	Est Wgn 6 Sed Riv 4D 6 Add for Dyn Dr	2,065	2,150	2, 335 150	1912-V8-03:	=		
Sed Fml 4D 6	380	420 420	500	1950—70 Roadmaster: Sed Tr 4D 6	T2 100 000	2, 285	2, 405	Add Hydra Trans	740	810 40	875 45
1942—40A Special: Sed Tr 4D 6	510	555	590	Sedet 6. Cpe Riv 2D 6.	2,170	2, 250	2, 390	1942—V8-60 Special: Sed Tr 4D5. Sed Div 4D5.	825	905	975
Sedet Fam 6	480	530	585	Cpe Con o	2-395	2, 420 2, 450	2, 590 2, 650	Add Hydra Trans	825	905	975
Cpe Utility 3	460 460	510 490	560 530	Est Wgn Sed Riv 4D 6	2, 290	2, 530	2,710	1942—VS—67: Sed Tr 4D5	715	780	830
Cpe Con 6	525	575	605	Cpe Riv 2D 6	2.405	2, 485	2,675	Sed Tr Div 5	715	780	825
Sed Tr 4D 6.	510 505	570 555	600	Est Wgn Sed Riv 4D 6	2,395	2, 470 2, 355	2,820	Sed Tr 7Sed Imp 7	715 715	785	860 860
Sedet Fam 6 SE	485	535	600	1011 to Consists	******	4,000	2,020	Add Hydra Trans	40	40	45
Sedet Bds 3	490	535	605 560	Sed 4D 6	2, 200	2, 270	2, 260	Sed Dr 4D5.	700 695	765 765	820 815
1942—50 Super:	525	580	620	Sed 2D 6.	2, 170	2, 240	2, 260 2, 260 2, 410 2, 260 2, 175	Cod Lun beressessessessessessessessessessessesses	705	778	810
Sedet 6.	500	565 555	620 620	Cpe Spt 6	2,170	2, 405 2, 235 2, 170	2, 260	Sed Tr 7	700	760	810
1942—60 Centure	230	585	660	Sed 4D 6 Sed 2D 6 Sed Riv 6 Cpe Spt 6 Cpe Bus 3 Cpe Con 6 Deluxe	2, 415	2, 170	2, 530	Sed Fml 7	700	760 755	815 805
Sed Tr 4D 6	500	545	590	Sed 4D 6	2, 230	2, 305	2, 285	Sed Bus Imp 9. - Add Hydra Trans	695	770	815
1942—70 Rondmaster:	480	535	590	Sed 4D 6 Sed 2D 6 Add for Dyn Dr	2, 200	2, 275 155	2, 275	1940V8	2-33	-1000	1, 495
Sedet 6.	500 480	545	595 595				1000	Sed 4D5. Ope Clb 5.	1,395	1,480	1,475
1942—90 Limited:	515	560	620	Sedet 6.	2,360	2, 480	2,530	1946-V8-62:	60	60	80
Sed Te 4D 6	450	500	575	Cpe Con 6.	2, 585	2, 438 2, 610 2, 665	2, 615		1,455		1,550 1,550
Sed Tr AS 4D 8 Sed Fml 4D 6	440	490 470	575 540	Sed 4D 6. Sedet 5. Sed Riv 2D 6. Cpe Con 6. Est Wgn 6. Sed Riv 4D 6. Add for Dyn Dr.	2, 688	2,740 2,560	2, 615 2, 775 2, 830 2, 640	Cpe Con 5	1, 500	1,645	1, 690
1946—40 Special:	420	470	540	195170 Roadmaster:	-	100	110	Add Hydra Trans	60	60	80
Sed 4D 6. Sedet 6.			1,030	Sed Riv 4D 6. Cpe Riv (76 MR) 6.	2, 750	2,815	2,910	Sed 4D5			1,665
	- September	100000	atomic fi	- he mit (10 mill) frames	a, 010.1	4 120	4,800 1	Add Hydra Trans	60 [60 [80

		ing pric				ng price	in			ling prio	
	Λ	В	0		A	В	0		A	В	0
CADILLAC—continued				CHEVROLET	170			CHEVROLET—continued	1		
1945—V8-75 Fleetwood: Sed 4D5	\$1,400	21 485	\$1.410	1940-KH Master DeLuxe (all body styles)	\$350	\$395	\$41.5	1950—6 HJ Special: Styleline Special:			TOTAL STREET
Sed Imp 7	1,400	1,510	1,480	1940-KB Master (MI body	340	280	425	Sed Spt 4D 6 Sed Tn 2D 6	1,535	\$1,625	\$1,675
Sed Bus 9. Sed Bus Imp 9.	1,460 1,415	1,545	1,500	styles) 1949—KA Special DeLuxe (all body styles) 1941—6 AG Master DeLuxe:	365	400	440	Cpe Spt 6	1,540	1,610	1,675
Add Hydra Trans	60	60	80	Bed Spt 4D 5	420	465	545	Sed 4D 5	1,585	1,655	1,675
Sed 4D5	1,530	1,630 1,630 65	1,605 1,605 100	Sed Tn 2D 5 Cpe 8pt 5	405 405 355	450 450 410	510 545 495	Sed 2D 5. 1950—6 HK Deluxe: Styleline Deluxe:	1,565	1, 635	1, 675
1947—V8-02: Sed 4D5	V-105-50	1,740	1,725	Cpe Bus 1941—6 AH Special DeLuxe: Sed Spt 4D 5	435	485	560	Sed Spt 4D 6	1,595	1,653	1,725 1,720
Cne Clb 5.	1,630	1,740	1,725	Sed Tn 2D 5	420 425	460 465	530 555	Cpe Spt 6	1,580	1,655	1,725
Cpe Con 5. Add Hydra Trans. 1947—V8-60 Special:		65	100	Cabr 5	280 455	420 495	505 600	Sta Wgn 8	1,765	1,835 1,850	1,970 1,965
Sed 4D5 Add Hydra Trans 1947—V8-75 Fleetwood:	1, 760	1,855	1,860	Sta Wgn 8 Flootline: Sed 4D 1942—6 BG Master DeLuxe Style-	455 455	495 500	500	Fleeting deluxe: Sed 4D 5.	1,625	1,700 1,680	1,725
Sed 4D5Sed 4D7	1, 575	1,675	1,580	master: Sed Spt 4D 5	475	500	580	Sed 2D 5. Add Prgld Trans. 1951—6 JJ special:	135	140	1,725
Sed Imp 7	1, 575	1,675	1,885 1,705	Cpe Spt 5	450 455	475 485	545 570	Styleline Special: Sed 4D 6.	1,815	1,895	1,900
Add Hydra Trans	1,605	1,715	1,665	Cpe Bus 2 1942—6 BH Special Deluxe:	405	435	525	Sed 2D 6. Cpe Spt 6	1,760	1,845 1,850	1,890 1,900
1948-V8-61: Sed 4D 5	2,135	2, 220	2,175	Fleetmaster: Sed Spt 4D 5 Sed Tn 2D 5	490 470	525 505	605 570	Cpe Bus 3 Fleetline Special:	1,685	1,790	1,800
Sed 4D 5. Ope Cth 5. Add Hydra Trans.	100	2, 220 100	2,175 120	Cpe Spt 5 Cpe Bus 2	480 430	810 460	595 550	Sed 4D 6	1,830	1,935	1,940
Sed 4D 5. Cpe Clh 5	2,240	2,325 2,325	2, 275 2, 275 2, 465	Cabr 5	500 500	330 330	640 640	Styleline Deluxe: Sed 4D 6	1,900	1,980	1,975
Cpe Con 5. Add Hydra Trans.	2,375	2,460 100	2,465	Fleetline: Sed Spt 4D 5 Sed Aero 2D 5	520	850	640	Sed 2D 6. Cpe Spt 6. Cpe Bel Air 6.	1 9.00	1,960	1,965
1948—V8—60 Special: Sed 4D 5 Add Hydra Trans	-112 214	2,475	2,470	Sed Aero 2D 5 1946—6DJ Stylemaster: Sed Spt 4D 5	\$25 \$15	860	955	Cpe Bel Air 6	2,125	2,205	2, 200 2, 200 2, 205
1948V875 Fleetwood:	- 10 -0.41	100	120	Sed Tn 2D 5	790 800	840 850	940 955	Fleetline Deluxe; Sed 4D 6.	95019-909	1,940	1, 975
Sed 4D 5	2,265	2,315 2,340 2,330	2,175	Cpe Bus 2	750	795	910	Sed 2D 6. Add Prgld Trans	1.850	1,930	1,965
Sed Bus 9	2,340	2,390	2,000 2,175 2,245 2,115 2,200	Sed Spt 4D 6	845 825	895 875	985 975	CHRYSLER	1		1
Add Hydra Trans 1949—VS—61:	100	-100	3.00	Cabr 5	835 890	940 940	1,065	1940-6C-25 Royal (all body		***	100
Sed 4D 5 Cpe Clb 5	2,575	2,690	2,770	Sta Wgn 8 Fleetline:	890	940	1,060	styles) 1940—6C—25 Royal Windsor (all body styles)	335	385 405	425
Add Hydra Trans		125	2 910	Sed Spt 4D 6	800	945	1,060	1940-8C-26 Traveler (all body	335	380	400
Sed 4D 5. Cpc Clib 5. Cpc DeV Cpc Con 5. Add Hydra Trans.	2,700 2,895	3,000	2,910 2,910 3,205	Sed Spt 4D 5 Sed Tn 2D 5	950 935	1,010 983	1,060 1,075	styles) 1940-8C-26 New Yorker (all body styles)	355	400	415
Cpe Con 5. Add Hydra Trans.	2,895 125	3,000	3, 205 140	Cpe Spt 5	940 895	995 950	1,080 1,025	1940-SC-26 Saratoga (all body styles)	370	420	415
1949—VS—60 Special: Sed 4D 5. Add Hydra Trans. 1949—VS—75 Fleetwood:	2,910	3,015	3, 100	Sed Spt 4D 6 Sed Tn 2D 6	990 970	1,055	1, 125	1940—8C—27 Crown Imperial (all body styles) 1941—6C—28 Royal:	320	375	410
1949—VS—75 Fleetwood:	2 740	125 2,845	2,675	Cpe Spt 5.	980	1,045	1, 125	Sed 4D 6	41.5 420	470 475	525 525
Sed 4D 5. Sed 4D 7. Sed Imp 7. Sed Bus 9. Sed Bus Imp 9. Add Hydra Trans.	2,780	2,890	2,790 2,855 2,710	Sta Wgn 8 Fleetline:	1,040	1, 110	1, 200	Brom 6.	405	455	500 825
Sed Bus Imp 9	2,810 2,780	2,865 2,880	2,750	Sed Spt 4D 6	1,030	1,090	1,175	Cpe 3 Tn & Ctry Wgn 6 Tn & Ctry Wgn 9	355 455	405 515	470 825
THE PARTY OF THE P	The same of the sa	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	140	1948—6 FJ Stylemaster: Sed Spt 4D 5 Sed Tu 2D 5		I, 120 I, 105	1, 185 1, 175	500 S	460 415 415	520 475 475	520 490 490
Sed 4D 5 Cpe Clb 5 Add Hydra Trans	2,875	3,045 3,045 155	3,560 3,560 165	Cpe Spt 5	1,050	1,110	1, 185 1, 130	Sed Limo 8 Add for Vacu Trans & Fl Dr 1941—6C—28 Windsor;	25	25	25
1950—V8—62: Sed 4D 5	3, 205	3,350	3,815	1948—6 FK Fleetmaster: Sed Spt 4D 6	1,110	1, 170	1, 245	Sed 4D 6	450 455	500	535 535
Cpe Cib 5.	3, 205	3,356	3, 815	Sed Tn 2D 6 Ope Spt 5	1, 100	1,150	1, 220	Cpe Clb 6	435	470 485	505
Hydra Trans 8td	3,500	3,650	4, 300	Cabr 5	1, 180	1, 245 1, 245	1,365 1,355	Cpe 3 Cpe Clb Con 6 Sed 8	385 485 450	530 505	570 550
1960—V8—60 Special Fleetwood; Sed 4D 6. Hydra Trans Std.	3, 480	3, 650	4, 275	Clad Cat ITV ft	1, 165	1, 225 1, 235	1, 290 1, 320	Sed Limo 8. Add for Vacu Truns & Fl Dr 1941—8C—30 Saratoga:	450 25	505 25	535 25
1V50V875 Flortwood:		3,705	4, 425	Sed Aero 2D 6	10000		3772	1941—8C—30 Saratoga: Sed 4D 6 Sed Tn 4D 6	450	500	230
Sed 4D 7. Sed Imp 7. Add Hydra Trans.	3,640	3,800 155	4,590	Sed Spt 4D 6	1,320	1, 400 1, 380 1, 385	1, 455 1, 450 1, 455	Brom 6. Cpe Clb 6.	455 430	510 490	530 485
1/51-V8-61: Sed 4D 5	3, 475	3, 655	3,810	Cpe Spt 6	1, 265	1, 325	1, 390	Cpe 3	435 385 25	495 445 25	530 480 25
Cpe 5 Add Hydra Trans 1951—V8—62:	170	3, 655 170	3,705	Sed 4D 5	1 1,365	1, 435	1, 455 1, 455	Cpe 3. Add for Vacu Trans & Fi Dr 1941—SC—30 NEW YORKER: Sed 4D 6.	I I I	535	835
Sed 4D 5	3,770	3,980	4,000	Sed 2D 5. 1949—6 GK Deluxe: Styleline Deluxe:		100		Sed 4D 6 Sed Tn 4D 6 Brom 8 Cpe Clb 6	480 455	540 505	833 810
Cpe 5. Cpe DeV 5. Cpe Con 5.	3, 680 4, 050 4, 130	4, 220	4, 400	Sed Spt 4D 6 Sed Tn 2D 6 Ope Spt 6	1,380	1,440	1, 525	Cpe Clb #	460 420	510 470	535 485
Cpe Con 5. Hydra Trans Std. 1951—VS—00 Special Fleetwood:				Cpe Con 5	1,490	1,430	1, 525 1, 680	Add for Vacu Trans & Fl Dr	470 25	530 25	580 25
Sed 4D 5	4,080	4, 255	4, 590	Sta Wgn Wd 8 Sta Wgn Stl 8		1,555	1, 675	1941 -6C-33 Crown Imperial: Sed Tn Spec 6		500	530
DOG 413 K	1 - 4.5430	1 4, 500	4, 635 4, 735	Fleetline Deluxe: Sed 4D 5	The second	1, 475	1, 525	Sed 4D 6		510 510	530 510
8ed Imp 8	1 170	170	170	Sed 2D 5			1,520	Sed Limo 8		510	\$10

	Ceiling price in Region—		in		Ceiling price in Region—				Ceff	ing price teplon-	in
	A	В	0		A	В	О		A	В	C
CHRYSLER—continued				CHRYSLER—continued				CHRYSLER-continued			
1942—6C—34 Royal: Sed 4D 6	\$480	\$535	\$385	1947—6C—38 Town and Country: Sed 4D 6. Add for Hydr Trans	\$1, 250	\$1,320	\$1,345	1949—SC—40 Crown Imperial: Sed 4D 8	\$1,700	\$1,770	\$1,785
Brom 6	480 450 460	535 500 510	595 550 585	Add for Hydr Trans	30 15	30 15	35	Add for Hydr Trans	1,700	1,770	1,785
Cpe 3	415	465 535	530 565	Sed 4D 6	1, 275	1,320	1, 295 1, 240	Second Series—1949— 1949—6C—45 Royal: Sed 4D 6.	1 505	1,660	1,735
Sed S. Sed Lime 8. Add for Vucu Trans & Fl Dr	478 25	535 25	550 25	Che Clb 6	1, 200	1, 305	1, 295 1, 220	Ope Cib 6	1,720	1,640	1,785
1942—6C—34 Windsor; Sed 4D 6: Sed Tn 4D 6	200	555	605	Cpe 3		30	40	Add for Presto Trans	1,630	1,695	1,760
Brom 6	510 475 480	560 535 535	610 575 665	Sed 4D 6	1, 275	1,350 1,330 1,335	1, 330 1, 285 1, 330	Add for F1 Dr. 1949—6C—45 Windsor: Sed 4D 6.		1,790	1,830
Cpe Can 6	430 540	490 590	550 635	Cpe 3	1, 240	1, 290	1, 255	Cpe 6	1,710	1,775	1,830
Sed 8Sed Lime 8Tn & Ctry Wgn 6	510 510	560	580 580	Cpe Con 6. Add for Hydr Trans. 1947—8C—39 Town and Country:	the second	30	40	Sed 4D 8	1,755 1,755	1,830 1,830	1,855
Th & Ctry Wgn 9. Add for Vacu Trans & Fl Dr	495 500 25	545 550 25	635 635 25	Cpe Con 6. Add for Hydr Trans.	1, 335	1, 390	1,465	1949—SC—46 Saratoga: Sed 4D 6. Ope Clb 6.	1000000	1,860 1,860	1,990 1,990
1942—8C—36 Saratoga: Sed 4D 6	50.5	500	585	1947—8C—40 Crown Imperial: Sed 4D 8. Sed Limo 8.	1,345	1,400	1, 380 1, 380	1949—8C—46 New Yorker: Sed 4D 6	772330631	1,910	2,635
Brom 6	510 485	565	500 550	Sed 4D 6	1,380	1,450	1, 415	Cpe Clb 6. Cpe Con 6. 1949—8C—46 Twn and Country:	1,010	1,910 2,000	2, 035 2, 295
Cpe Clb 6	485 450 25	540 495 25	585 535 25	Brott 6. Cpe Clb 6.		1,430	1, 370 1, 415 1, 330	Ope Con 6.	2,005 2,030	2,085 2,115	2,250 2,205
1942—8U—36 New Yorker: Sed 4D 6.	53.5	590	600	Sed 4D 8	1,415	1,380 1,485 1,485	1, 395	Cpe Con 6. 1949—8C—46: Imperial: Sed 4D 6. 1949—8C—47 Crown Imperial: Sed 4D 8.	2,035	2,125	2,290
Sed Tn 4D 6 Brom 6. Cpe Clb 6		590 565	605	Cpe 3 Sed 4D 8. Sed Limo 8 Add for Hydr Trans. Add for FI Dr 1948-6C-38 Windsor;	40 30	40 30	60 40	Ilmo 8 1950—6C—48 Royal: Sed 4D 6.	2,045	2, 125	2,300
Cpe 3	510 470 525	570 525 575	600 545 630	1948-6C-38 Windsor: 8ed 4D 6. Sed Tray 6.	1,420	1,490	1,470			1,980	2,083
Cpe Con 6 Add for Vacu Trans & Fl Dr 1942—8C—37 Crown Imperial:	25	25	25	Brom 6	1,400	1, 500 1, 465 1, 465	1,495 1,410 1,470	Sta Wgn 6 Twn and Country Sed 4D 8	2,115	2,280 2,195 2,090	2,420 2,545 2,195
Sed 4D 6	525 525	580	583 555	Cpe Clb 6	1 1, 490	1,425	1,380	Add for F1 Dr.	1 10	} 95	9.5
Add for Vacu Trans & Fl Dr 1946—6C—38 Royal:	525	30	570 30	Sed 4D 8 Sed Limo 8 Add for Hydr Trans Add for FI Dr	1,445	1,515	1,440			2,120	2,170
Sed 4D 6	990	1,075	1,080 1,035	Add for Fi Dr	30	30	60 40	Cpe Clb 6	2,040	2, 170 2, 120 2, 285	2,170
Cpe Clb 6	995	1,055	1,090	Sed 4D 6. Add for Hydr Trans	1, 480	1, 555	1,510 60	Cpe Con 6	2, 200 2, 145	2,315 2,230	2, 440 2, 230
Sed 4D 8. Sed Limo 8. Add for Hydr Trans	1,010	1,070	1,075 1,075 35	Add for Fi Dr. 1948—8C—39 Saratoga:	38	30	40	10(a) -6C-48 Windsor: 8ed 4D 5. Sel Tray 4D 6. Cpe Clb 6. Nawport 5. Cpe Con 6. Sed 4D 8. Lime 8. 1050-8C-49 Saratoga:	2,155	2, 230	2, 355
Sed Limo 8 Add for Hydr Trans Add for Fl Dr. 1946-6C-38 Windsor;	15	30	20	Sed 4D 6	1, 440	1, 535 1, 505 1, 515	1,505 1,450 1,505	Sed 4D 6. Cpe Clb 6. 1950—8C—49 New Yorker:		2, 250 2, 250	2,335
Sed 4D 6	1.095	1,100	1,125	Cpe Clb 6. Cpe 3. Add for Hydr Trans	1, 400	1,465	1, 420	Sed 4D 6.	1 2 225	2,315 2,315	2, 440 2, 440 2, 765
Cpe Con 6	1.085	1, 085, 1, 030 1, 150	1, 125 1, 040 1, 245	1948-8C-39 New Yorker: Sed 4D 6	1, 495	1,575	1,545	Cpe Con 6. 1950—8C—49 Town and Country	2,395	2, 470 2, 515	2,765
Sed 4D 8	1,040	1, 100	1,110	Brom 6. Cpe Clb 6	1, 475	1,545 1,555 1,505	1,490 1,545 1,460	Newport 1950—8C—49 Imperial; Sed 4D 6	2, 405 2, 350	2,500 2,440	2, 925 2, 925
Add for Hydr Trans	30 15	30 15	35 20	Cpe Con 6	1,580	1,655	1,700	DeLare— Sed 4D 6. 1950—8C—50 Crown Imperial:	W. J. C. V. J. C. V. S. C. V.	2, 495	2,970
Sed 4D 6	1,070	1, 130	1,145	Cpe Con 6.	1, 470	1,645	1,710	Sed 41) 8,	4,000	2,670	2,855 2,875
Add for F1 Dr. 1946—8C—99 Saratoga;	15	35	20	Add for Hydr Trans 1948—8C—40 Crown Imperial; Sed 4D 8	1 690	1,685	1,010	1951—6 Windsor:	2,400	2, 670	STATE OF THE PARTY
Sed 4D 6	1,045	1, 125	1,000	Sed Limo 8 First Series—1949—	1,620	1,685	1,610	Cpe Clb 6	2,390 2,760	2,490	2,440
Cpe Clb 6. Cpe 3. Add for Hydr Trans. 1946—8C—39 New Yorker:	1,050	1, 110 1, 060 30	1,115 1,040 35	Sed 4D 6	1, 475	1, 545	1, 575	Sed 4D 8. Add for Fluid-Matie Trans	2,830	2, 905 105	2,745 130
Sed 4D 6	1, 100	1, 160	1,160	Brom 6. Cpe Clb 6. Cpe 3.	L. 450	1,520 1,520 1,485	1,545 1,575 1,470	19k1—6 Windsor Deluxe: Sed 4D 6. Sed Tray 4D 6.	2,550	2,650 2,710	2,673
Sed 2D 6 Cpe Clb 6	1.075	1, 140 1, 145 1, 095	1,100 1,160 1,085	Sed 4D 8. Sed Lime 8. Add for Hydr Trans	1,515	1,590	1, 575	Sed Thy AD S. Cpe Cib 6. Newport 6. Cpe Con 6. Sed 4D 8. Linn 8. Fluid-Matic Tr Std.	2, 545 2, 735	2,640 2,830	2,675
Cpe 3 Cpe Con 6 Add for Hydr Trans	1, 140	1, 200	1, 250	Add for Hydr Trans Add for FI Dr. 1949-6C-38 Windsor:	40 20	40 20	40 20	Sed 4D 8	2,785	2,875 2,950 3,010	3, 025 2, 925 3, 040
Sed 4D 6	1.100	1, 195	1,180	1949-6C-38 Windsor: 8ed 4D 6. Sed Tray 6.	1,515	1,590	1,635 1,630	Finid-Matic Tr Std	2,930		0,000
Cpe Con 6	1, 165	1, 230	1, 265	Brom 6.	1, 495	1, 555	1, 635	Sed 4D 6	2,710 2,645	2,790 2,770 3,150 3,305	3,080
Limo 8 1947—6C—38 Royal:	1, 165	1, 230	1, 230	Cpe Con 6	1, 450	1,520	1,530 1,745 1,615	Cpe Clb 6. Tn & Ctry 6. Sed 4D 8.	3,065	3,150	3, 435
		1, 250	1, 245 1, 200	Sed 4D 8. Sed Limo 8. Add for Hydr Trans. Add for FI Dr	1,540	1, 595 1, 595 40	1,615 1,615 40	Limo 8 Finid-Matic Tr Std Add for Fluid Torque Dr Add for Hydraguide	135	135	3,750
Cpe Clb 6. Cpe 3	1,175	1, 230 1, 230 1, 230 1, 185 1, 270 1, 270	1, 265	Add for FI Dr. 1949—8C—39 Saratoga;	20	20	20	Add for Hydraguide 1951—V8 New Yorker:	165	165	185
Sed 3D fb. Sed 2D fb. Cpe 3Cb 5. Cpe 3. Sed 4D 8. Sed Limo 8. Add for Hydr Trans. Add for FI Dr.	1, 215	I, 270 I, 270	1, 220	Sed 4D 6	1, 525	1,620	1,665 1,620	Sed 4D 6. Ope Clb 6: Newport 6.	2,920	3,015	3,275
Add for FI Dr. 1967—6C—38 Windsor:	15	30 15	50 35	Cent Cills 8	有一角一点体区	1,595 1,510 40	1, 665 1, 575 40	Cpe Con 6	3, 180	3, 233 3, 285 3, 340	3,710 3,775 3,865
Sed 4D 6. Sed Trav 6 Sed 2D 6. Cpe Clb 6 Cpe Clb 6. Cpe Con 6. Sed 4D 8. S	1,230	1, 290 1, 305	1,280	Cpc 3 Add for Hydr Trans. 1919—8C—39 New Yorker: Sed 4D Brotn 6 Cpc Clb 6 Crc 3	1,500	1,655	E 710	Cpe Con 6. Th & Ctry Wgn Add Fl Torque Dr Add Hydn-Guide. Fluid-Matie Tr Std.	145 170	145 120	148
Sed 2D 6	1, 205	1, 260 1, 270 1, 225 1, 330 1, 300	1, 240 1, 280 1, 205	Prom 6. Cpe Clb 6.	1,500	1, 635 1, 635	1,665 1,710 1,620	Fluid-Matie Tr Std 1961—V8 Imperial:	2	3,160	w 505
Cpe Con 6	1, 165	1,330	1, 205 1, 405 1, 250	Cpe Con 6.	1, 525	1, 595 1, 700 40	1, 620 1, 845 50	Cpe Clb 6	3,060	3,160 3,355	3,340
Sed Limo 8	1, 245	1,300	1, 250	Cpc Clo 6 Cpc Con 6 Add for Hydr Trans 1949—8C—39 Twn and Country: Cpc Con 6 Add for Hydr Trans	1,650	1,735	1,800	Find-Matic Tr Std. 1961 VS Imperial: Sed 4D 6. Cpc Clb 6. Newport 6. Cpc Con 6. Add F1 Torque Dr Add Hydra-Guide.	3,345	3, 430 145	145
Add for Ff Dr	30	15	85	Add for Hydr Trans	40	40	50	Add Hydra-Guide	145	170	195

		ing pric			Ceiling price in Region—		Tell Barrier		ing price Region—		
	A	В	0		A	В	0		A	В	0
cmaysaga—continued				DE SOTO-continued				DE SOTO-continued	Some		
1951—V8 Imperial—Continued Fluid-Matic Tr Std.				19466 S11: Deluxe:	*001	81 000	er oro	1951—6 S15—Continued Custom—Continued	e4 500	40.010	
Sed 4D 8.	\$4,580	\$4,655	85,090	Sed 4D 6. Sed 2D 6. Cpe Clb 6.	945 955	\$1,030 1,005 1,015	1,005 1,050	Sportsman 6	2,610	2,710	\$2,650 2,685 2,800
Lime 8. Fluid-Torque Dr Std				Custom:	900	960	955	Sta Wgn 6. Sub 9. Sed 4D 6. Tiptoe Trans Std	2,920 2,760	2.995	3,075 2,840
CROSLEY				Sed 4D 6. Sed 2D 6. Cpe Clb 6.	985 990	1,060 1,035 1,045	1,085 1,050 1,085	PODGE	*******		******
1940-2 A (all body styles) 1941-2 CB:	100	80	80	Cpe Con 5. Sed 4D 7. Sed IAmo 7.	1,050 1,030 1,030	1,115 1,095 1,095	1,215 1,090 1,080	1940—6 D17, D14 (all body styles). 1941—6 D19:	350	400	300
Sed Con 4 Sed Con Dix 4 Ope Con 2	80	95 185 95	115 125 110	Add for Fl Dr with Tiptoe-	1,000	1,125	1,160	Deluxe: Sed 4D 6	395	450	490
Sta Wgn 4 Sta Wgn 2 1942—2 CB:	90	110	125 120	Trans	40	40	55	Sed 2D 6. Cpe 2. Custom:	385 365	430 385	430 430
Sed D1x 4	110 105	130 130	155 100	Sed 4D 6	T: 098	1,170	1,180 1,135 1,180	Sed 4D 6	415 425	475 480	51.5 520
Ope Con 2 Sta Wgn 4 Add for Cast Iron Block	105	125 145 50	155 165 50	Cpe Clb 6	1,040	1,105	1,100	Cpe Clb 8	400 405 435	450 450 500	675 510 550
1946-4 CO: 8ed 2D 4	240	295	300	Sed 4D 6. Sed 2D 6 Ope Clb 6. Ope Con 5.	1,145	1,200	1,235 1,205 1,235	Sed 7 Sed Limo 7 Add for F1 Dr	420 420	475 480	480 480
Add for Cast Iron Block 1947—4 CC; Sed 2D 4	275	00 #25	325	Cpe Con 5	1,200	1,190 1,260 1,220	1,275	Deluxe:	1	20	20
Add for Cast Iron Block	290 60	345 60	340 60	Sed Limo 7	1,165	1,220 1,255	1,235	Sed 4D 6. Sed 2D 6. Ope Clb 6.	425	495 475 480	540 510 540
1948—4 CC: Sed 2D 4. Sed Con 2D 4.	340	390 415	380 -400	Trans 1948-6 S11:	55	55	7.5	Cpe 2.	385	435	495
Sta Wgn 4. Spt Util 2. Add for Cast Iron Block	385 320	440 375	420 385	Deluxe: Sed 4D 6 Sed 2D 6	1,305	1,370 1,350	1,365	Sed 4D 6. Sed Tn 6. Brom 6.	470 475 450	525 510	570 570 505
Add for Cast Iron Block 1949—4 CD: Sed Dlx 2D 4	505	560	500	Cpe Clb 6	1,300	1,355	1,365 1,280	Cpe Clb 6	455	510 550	560
Sta Wgn 4.	535 550	890 603	625 640	Custom: Sed 4D 6		1,405	1,410	Sed 7 Sed Limo 7 Add for FI Dr	470 470 20	520 520 20	525 525 25
Add for Cast Iron Block 1949—4 VO: Roadster 2	100	100	630	Cpe Con 5	1, 830	1,395	1,410	19466 D24: Deluxe:	350	1000	10000
Add for Cast Iron Block	100	100	100	Sed 4D 7 Sed Limo 7 Sub 9	1,370 1,370 1,410	1,430 1,430 1,470	1,410 1,410 1,535	Sed 4D 6	878 - 855 805	935 910 865	950 910 870
Sed 2D 4 Sed Con 2D 4 Sta Wgn 4	710 730 740	750 770 785	790 815 830	Sub 9 Add for F1 Dr with Tiptee Trans. 1st Series—1949—6 S11:	60	60	80	Custom: Sed 4D 6	900	960 963	900
Super: Sed 2D 4 Sed Con 2D 4	00000	800	860	Sed 4D 6	1,395	1,400	1,478	Sed Tn 6. Cpe Clb 6. Cpe Con 5.	1. 1000	950 1,010	1,000 990 1,090
Sta Wgn 4. 1950—4 VC: Roadster 2.	760 770 700	800 810 750	865 855 830	Sed 2D 6	1,375	1,445 1,445 1,395	1,435 1,475 1,390	Sed 4D 7. Add for Fl Dr	930 20	985	1,000 25
Super: Readster Spt 2	725	775	835	Sed 4D 6	1, 450	1,505	1, 520	Deluxe: Sed 4D 6	1,030	1,100	1,090
Ope Bus 2 Sta Wgn 4 Super:	1,010	1,015	985 1, 035	Brom 6. Cpe Clb 6. Cpe Con 5.	1, 420	1,480 1,480 1,555	1,475 1,520 1,670	Sed 2D 6 Cpe 3 Custom:	1,010	1,080	1,045
Sed Con A	3 PORT	1, 085 1, 085	1, 075 1, 120 1, 145	Sed 4D 7	1, 465	1, 525	1,520	Sed 4D6	1,070	1, 125	1, 130
Sta Wgn 4. 1901—4 VC: Roadster 2. Super: Roadster Spt 2	970 1,025	1, 110 1, 035 1, 085	1,045	Sub 9 Add for Fi Dr with Tiptoe Trans	1, 495	1, 550	1, 645	Cpe Clb 6. Cpe Con 5. Sed 4D 7.	1, 120	1, 110 1, 180 1, 150	1, 130 1, 250 1, 140
DE SOTO		1	1	2d Series - 1949 - 6 S13: Deluxe: Sed 4D 6.	1, 555	1,620	1, 685	F1 Dr Std	-	-	
1940—6 S7 (all body styles) 1941—6 S8:	340	380	380	Cpe Clb 6	1, 545	1,605 1,680	1,685	Sed 4D 6	1,150	1, 225	1, 265 1, 215
Deluxe: Sed 4D 5 Sed 2D 5	383 365	430 415	495 465	Sta Wgn 9 Add for Tiptoe Trans Custom:	1, 780	1,835 85	1,945	Custom; Sed 4D 6	1, 255	1, 155	1, 150
Cpe 5. Cpe Bizs 2 Sed 7.	375 325 385	420 370	495 450 460	Sed 4d 6	1,665	1,740	1,760 1,760	Sed Tn 6 Cpe Clb 6 Cpe Con 6	1, 270 1, 195	1, 275	1,330
Sed 4D 5.	415	460	510	Cpe Con 6 Sed 4D 8 Sub 9	1,725	1,865 1,700 1,940	1,775 2,030	Sed 4D 7. FI Dr 8td. 1st Series—1949—	1, 280	1, 330 1, 200	1, 425 1, 325
Sed Tn 5. Brom 5. Cpe Clb 5.	410	460 445 450	510 475 510	Sub 9. Tiptoe Trans Std				1st Series—1949— 1949—6 D24: Deluxe:		4	
Ope 2. Ope Con 5	360 430	400 480	465 550	Sed 4D 6. Ope Clb 6 Sed Cur-All 6.	1,810 1,810	1,885	1,980 1,980	Sed 4D 6	1, 250 1, 230	1, 315	1,350
Sed 7. Limo 7. Add for F1 Dr with Simpli	415 415	460 460	510 510	Sed Cur-All 6	1, 875 1, 960 100	1, 955 2, 020 100	2, 120 2, 065 100	Custom: Sed 4D 6.	1, 185	1, 250	1, 215
1942-6 810;	30	30	30	Custom:		0.005	2,095	Sed Tn 6. Cpc Clb 6.	1,290	1,360	1,350
Deluxe: Sed 4D 5. Sed Tn 5.	440 445	500 505	550 550	Cpc Cib 6. Sportsman 6. Cpc Con 6 Sta Wgn 6. Sta Wgn (St) Sed 8. Sub 9 Tiptoe Trans Std.	2, 120 2, 135	2,025 2,195 2,205	2,095 2,335 2,370	Sed 4D 7	1,340	1,410	1, 445
Cpe 6	425 430	485 485	515 550 500	Sta Wgn 6	2, 180 2, 135	2, 250 2, 225	2,370 2,370 2,370 2,100	FI Dr Std	1000	1.40	b
Cpe Bus 2. Sed 7. Custom:	380 450	435 510	575	Sub 9	2, 165	2, 140 2, 240	2, 345	Sed 2D 6. Cpe Bus 3. Rdst 3	1,320	1,445 1,400 1,445	1,565 1,490 1,535
Sed 4D 5. Sed Tn 5. Brom 5.	460 465 440	525 530 510	885 555	1951—6 S15: Deluxe: Sed 4D 6		2, 310	100000	1949-6 D 30: Meadowbrook: Sed 4D 6 Coropet:	E TOWN	1, 525	1,630
Ope 2	445 400	515 465	580 535	Cpe Clb 6	2, 220	2,310	2, 220 2, 225 2, 430	Sed 4D 6 Sed Tn 6	1,515	1, 585	1,705 1,735
Sed 7	475 455 455	560 530 530	.630 550 550	Add for Tiptoe Trans	2,680	2,735	2,700 120	Cpe Clb 6. Cpe Cen 6. Sta Wgn 9.	1,500	1, 570 1, 720 1, 740	1,705 1,910 1,915
Limo 7. Add for Fl Dr with Simpli Trans	35	25	35	Sed 4D 6. Cpe Clb 6	2,385 2,385	2, 470 2, 470	2, 400 2, 465	Sed 4D 8. Add for Gyro Trans	1,500	1, 635	1,750

	Cel	ling pric	oe in		Celling price in Region—		ce in		Ce	Ceiling price in Region—	
	A	В	a		A	В	0		A	В	0
DODGE-continued		B		FORD-continued			100	FORD—continued	HE	1	-
1950—6 D33 Wayfarer; Sed 2D 6	81 615	61 TOO	PR 999	1942-V8 21A-Continued				1950—8 OHA—Continued		1	
Althera and a second and a second	1,550	1,645	\$1,770 1,695	Super Deluxe—Continued Cpe Clb Con 5.	8490	\$530	\$605	Deluxe—Continued Sed 2D 6.	e1 att	61 700	81 64
ANDU-O 1754 MICHIOWDOOK! Sed	100000	1,700	1,745	Sta Wgn 8 1946—6 6GA:	490			Ope Bus 3	1, 405	1, 485	\$1,565 1,485
Coroneti	P - 0.200	1,785	1,880	Deluxe: Sed 4 D 6.	705	mor	000	Custom: Sed 4D 6	1,510	1,585	1,625
Sed 4D 6	1,750	1,835	1,950	200 21/ 0	2 210		785	Cna Cib 6	1,495	1 1,565	1,620
Cpe Clb 6	1,735	1,820	1,950	Ope 3. Super Deluxe;	665	13	37	Ctry Sq 8. Add for O. D.	1,675		1,810
Ope Con 6.	1,945	2,055	2, 115	Sed 4D 6	765 740	820 800		1950—V8 OBA: Deluxe:	700	19	75
Sed Tn 6 Sed Tn 6 Ope Cib 6 Diplin 6 Ope Con 6 Sta Wgn 6 Sierra 6 Sed 8	1,950	2,095	2, 170 2, 325	Cpe Sed 6	750 695		885 795	Sed 4D 6	1, 545	1,615	
Add for Gyro Trans	1,890	1,965	2,035	Sta Wgn 8 1946—V8 69A:	810		935	Sed 2D 6. Cpe Bus 3	1,530	1,600	
Sed 2D 6	2,035	2,120	2,010	Deluxe: Sed 4D 6	790	0.11	1 200	Fed 4D 6	1 808		100
Upe 3	1.1.960	2,050 2,120	1,935 2,010	Sed 217 B	1 : 770	845 820	845 845	Sed Crest 6	1,635	1,700	1,998
Add for Gyro Trans. 1951—6 D42 Meadowbrook;	90	90	105	Super Deluye:	720	775	820	Cpe Clb 6.	1,085	1,050	1,710
Sed 4D 6. Add for Gyro Trans	2, 110	2, 200	2, 150	Sed 4D 6		870 850	925 905	City og 8	-1.1,770	1,825 1,840	
Coronet:	- 190	90	105	1 Ope sed b.	26015	855 805	950 870	Sta Wgn 8	1,770	1,780	1,875
Cpe Clb 6.	2, 180	2,275	2,260	Cpe Clb Con 6. Cpe Clb Con Spt 6.	865 865	920	1,020	1951—6 IHA: Deluxe:	100	103	65%
Ope Con 6	2,410	2,450	2, 200 2, 485 2, 535 2, 595 2, 715	Sta Wgn 8 1947—67GA-7HA:	865	925 925	1,020	Sed 4D 6	1,830		1,765
Sierra 6	2,500	2,610 2,665	2, 595	Deluxe:	1000	200	253.65	Custom:	1,725	1,810	1,755
Sed 4 D 6. Cpe Clb 6. Diplin 6. Cpe Con 6. Sierra 6. Sed 4 D 8. Add for Gyro Trans.	90	90	105	Sed 4D 6	850 825	905 890	910 870	Sed 4D 6	1,875		1,820
FORD			135	Super Deluxe:	785	845	840	Sed 2D 6. Cpe Clb 6		1,930	1,810
1940-V8 Series 022A (all body	200	1000		Sed 4D 6	880 860	940 920	955. 915	Ctry Sq 8	2, 150	2, 210	2, 165
styles) 1940-V8 Series 01A (all body	340	360	350	Cpc sed b	870	930	980	Deluxe:		1000	-
styles)	355	390	875	Cpe 3 Sta Wgn 8	815 925	880 985	1,040	Sed 4D 6	1,900	1,970 1,950	1,840
Special: Forder 5	340	390	440	Deluxe:	- (1)		200	Sed 2D 6	1,805	1,885	1,830
Tudor 5 Cpe 2	330 285	375	400	Sed 4D 6	900 875	960	995	Sed 4D 6	1,945	2, 025	1,910
Deluxer	1000	330	300	Super Deluver	830	900	905	Sed 2D 6	1,930	2,005	1,900
Fordor 5. Tudor 5. Cpe AS 2-4.	355	405 390	460	Sed 4D 6 Sed 2D 8	930 910	995 975	1,020	Cpe Clb 6	2,015	2,000	1,985
CDR 2	310 295	365	445 390	Cne 3	920 865	985	1,045	Ctry So 8	2,185	2, 245 2, 255 2, 280	2, 260
Sta Wgn 8 Super Deluxe:	380	430	465		980	1,045	1, 130	Ctry Sq 8	85	85 155	2, 275
Forder 5	385	435 415	470 445	Cpe Con Spt 6	980	1,650 1,045	1, 120		400	100	170
Cne AS 2-4	370 345	420	480	Deluxe:	I CONTROL	THURSDA	Parameter.	FORD (ENGLISH)	100	300	
Cpe 3 Cpe Clb Con Sta Wgn 8	320	400 375	470 420	Sed 4D 6	935	990 975	1,010	1948—4 E-03AF/A, E-03AF/A; Anglia: Sed 2D	500	560	545
Sta Wgn 8 1941—V8 11A;	400	455	525 510	Super deluxe:	875	930	930	1040-4	550	610	605
. Special:				Sed 4D 6	975 955	1,030	1,055 1,010	Anglia: Sed 2D Prefect: Sed 4D	670 720	720 770	650 730
Tudor 5	360	430	405	Cpe Sed 6	960	1,020	1,030	Angline God or	200	850	775
Deluxe:	315	365	405	Sta Wgn 8 1948—V8 89A:	1,030	1,095	080 1, 170	1951-4	845	905	895
Forder 5Tudor 5	380	445 430	475 440 -	Daluvas	1	N. 35		Anglia: Sed 2D Prefect: Sed 4D	940	940	860
Cpe AS 2-4	355 335	400	490	Sed 4D 6	990 975	1,030	1,065	The country of the co	1, 020	1,020	900
Sta Wgn 8 Buper Deluxe:	410	380 465	420 495	Super Deluxa:	930	985	1,000	FRAZER			
Forder A	430	480	485	Sed 4D 6 Sed 2D 6 Cpe Sed 6	1,030	1,095	1, 115	1947—6 F47; Sed 4D 6.	940	1,005	960
Tudor 5. Cpe Sed 6.	405	465	460	Cpe Sed 8	1,020	1,085	1, 135	Sed 4D 8	40	40	45
Cpe as 2-4	365	440	480 435	Cpe Clb Con 6. Cpe Con Spt 6.	1, 095	1, 155	1,045	Sed 4D 6. Add for O. D.	1,045	1, 105	1,040
Sta Wgn 8.	455 455	495	530 520	Sta Wgn 8 1949-6 98HA;	1, 105	1, 160	1, 230	11/48-6 F485:		40	45
Special:	-	****	020	Deluxe:			-	Sed 4D 6. Add for O, D.	1, 165	1, 215	1, 145
Forder 6.** Tuder 6.**	385	420	485	Sed 4D 6 Sed 2D 6		1, 280 1, 265 1, 270	1,330 1,325	1948-6 F486 Manhattan: Sed 4D 6	1, 260	1, 325	1,240
Ope 3 Deluxe:	380	365	455	Cpe Bus 3	1, 200 1	1, 270	1,340	Add for O, D	55	66	55
Forder 6	410	440	500	Sed 4D 6	1 200	1, 320	1,375	Sed 4D 6. Add for O. D.	1,515	1,575	1,510
Tudor 6. Ope Sed 5.	396	415	480 510	Cpe Clh 5	1, 240	1,305	1,370	APRIL D PASS SINDISTING	70	70	70
Ope 3. Super Deluxe:	350	380	450			I, 410	1, 385 1, 585	Sed Con 4D 6	1,630 1,760	1,700 1,820	1,640 1,705
Fordor 6	435 415	465	515 490	8ta Wgn 8	60	1,410	1, 585	Add for O. D	70	70.	70
Cpe sed 6.	420 370	455 405	525	Delimes	100	- 0	2/10		1,720	1,800	1,760
Cpe Clb Con 5	455	-490	465 560	Sed 4D 6	1, 285	1,345 1,325 1,335	1,400 1,385	1950-6 F 506 Manhattan	75	75	75
1942—V8 21A: Deluxe:	455	490	555	Cpe Bus 3	1, 270	1,335 1,275	1,410	Sed 4D 6	1,840	1,925 2,070	1,000 1,920
Fordor 6	440	485	540	Sed 4D 6	995			Add for O. D	75	75	75
Cpe Sed 6	430	470 475	495 550	Sed 2D 6 Cpe Clb 5	2210	1,375	1,445	Sed 4D 6	2,060	2, 125	2, 125
Super Deluxe:	380	425	490	Cps Con o	415	1, 485	1, 450 1, 650	Sed Vag 6	2,095	2, 175	2, 200
Fordor 6. Tudor 6.	475 455	515 490	870 525	Add for O. D.	60	1, 485	1,640	1901-6 F516 Manhattan	155	155	155
Cpe Sed 6 Cpe 3	400 405	500	580	Deluxe:		-70	- 100	Sed 4D 6	2,335	2, 425	2, 375
7	100	445 [520	Sed 4D 6 1	475 1	1, 545	1,570	Sed Con 4D 6. Hydra Trans Std	4, 4,00	4,010	*****

							200				
	Ceill	ing price	in	Ceiling price in Region—		TO THE REAL PROPERTY.		ng price	In		
	A	В	0		A	В	0		A	В	0
OBAHAM		3		HUDSON-continued				HUDSON-continued			
1940-6 108 Special (all body	9155	\$200	\$245	1942—6 21 Super: Sed 4D 6	\$350	8425	\$435	1949—8 494 Commodore Eight; Sed Tr 4D 6	\$1,660	\$1,735	\$1,785
styles)	\$155	220	270	Sed 2D 6.	360 370	400 410	405 435	Cpe Clb 6	1,650 1,800	1,720	1,785
styles) 1940-6 109 Hollywood Super-	190	235	280	Cpe 3 Sed Con 6	325	365 440	395 450	On all 1949 Hudsons;	25	25	25 55
charger (all body styles)	195	235	295	8ta Wgn 1942—6 22 Commodore:	395	435	455	Add for O. D.	60	55	55 60
Sedan 4D 5	220	255	310	Sed 4D 6	410 375	450	400 440	1950—6 500 Pacemaker; Sed 4D 6. Brom 2D 6.	1,720	1,810	1,820
HENRY J			2	Cpe Clb 4	400 350	435	480	Cro Clb 6	1.710	1,705	1,790
1951—4 513:		1000		Sed Con 6 1942—8 24 Commodore:	430	465	675	Cpe Bus 3	1,660	1,750	1,705 1,985
Sedan 2D 5	1, 430	1, 495 85	1, 535	Sed 4D 6	430 410	470 455	430	1950—6-50A Pacemaker Deluxe: Sed-4D 6.	1,750	1,840 1,840	1,865 1,840
1951—6 514 Deluxe: Sedan 2D5	1,505	1, 875	1,655	Cpe Clb 4	415 365	480	455 415	Sed-4D 6. Brom 2D 6. Cpe Clb 6. Brom Con 6. 1950—6 501 Super Six:	1,755	1,845 2,020	1,865
Add for O. D	85	85	95	Sed Con 6. 1942—8 25 Commodore Custom:	445	490	470	1950—6 501 Super Six:	1,000	1,930	1,950
HILLMAN MINX (ENGLISH)				Cpe Clb 4	435	475	470 485	Brom 2D 6.	1.840	1,935	1,920
1948-4: Sed 4D	720	765 810	745	Sed 4D 6 On all 1942 Hudsons:	15	485 15	15	Cpe Clb 6. Brom Con 6. 1950—6 502 Commodere Six:	2,010	2, 105	2,075
ConEst Wgn	795 785	835	835 830	Add for Vacu Dr	20 25	20 25	20 25	Sed 4D 6	1,890	1,985	2,065
1949—4: Sed 4D	970	1, 025 1, 130	925 1,035	Add for O. D	770	820	835	Cpe Clb 6. Brom Con 6. 1950—8 503 Super Eight:	2,050	2, 155	2, 230
Con Est Wgn	1, 075	1, 145	1,000	Sed 4D 6	740 755	800 810	785 835	Sed 4D 6. Brom 6.	1,910	2,000	2,005
1950—4: Sed 4D	1, 165	1,200 1,380	1,350	Cpe 3 Brom Con 6. 1946—6 52 Commodore Six:	700 810	780 860	770 895	Cpe Clb 6	1,900	1,990	2,005
Est Wgn	1, 260	1,330	1,500	1946—6 52 Commodore Six: Sed 4D 6	800	855	870	Sed 4D 6.	1,975	2,060	2,115
Sed 4D	1, 290	1,355	1,455 1,590	Ope Clb 6. 1946—8 83 Super Eight:	790	840	870	On all 1960 Hudsons:	2,140	2, 235	2,300
Est Wgn	1, 495	1, 555	1, 800	Sed 4D 6	825 815	875 860	850 850	Add for O. D	60	70 60	70 60
HODSON				Cpe Clb 6. 1946—8 54 Commodore Custom Eight:				Add Supermat Dr	145	145	150
1940-6 Cyl. Series 40T, 41, 43, 48 (all body styles)	280	300	275	Sed 4D 6 Ope Clb 6	850 835	905	890 890	Sed 4D 6. Brom 6. Cpe Clb 6.	2,175	2, 275	2,210
1940-8 Cyl. Series 44, 45, 47 (all	260	295	305	On all 1945 Budsons:	890	965	960	Cpe Clb 6	2,166	24 110	2,210
body styles)	300	345	330	Add for Vacu Dr	20 35	20 35	20 35	Cpe 3 Brom Con 6 1951—6 5A Super Six Custom:	2,395	2,455	2, 425
Sed Tr 2D 6	280	325 330	310	Add for O. D	35	35	35	Brom 6	2, 275	2,385 2,365 9,375	2, 290 2, 265 2, 290
Cpe 3 1941—6 19C Utility:	200	305	300	Brom 6	880 850	940 920 925	930 800 930	Cpe Clb 6	2, 285 2, 425 2, 505	2,505	2,590
Coach 6. Cps 3. 1941—6 10 P Deluxo:	210	320	315 315	Cpe Clb 6	865 815 925	880 985	870 1,000	Brom Con 6. 1951—6 6A Commodore Six Cus-	2,000	2,000	7,010
Sed Tr 4D 6	310	360	250 230	Cpe 3 Brom Con 6. 1947—6 172 Commodore Six	910	970	980	Sed 4D 6	2,360	2, 445 2, 430	2, 400 2, 390 2, 650
Sed Tr 2D 6 Cpe Clb 4	300	340 345 310	350 320	Sed 4D 6. Ope Cib 6. 1947—8 173 Super Eight:	900	955	970	Cpe Clb 6	2, 495	2,575	2,680
Sed Con 6	270 300	370	365	Sed 4D 6	925 915	990 975	945 940	Brom Con 6	2 445	2, 545	The water
1941—6 11 Super Six: Sed 'Tr 4D 6	225 205	370 350	365 340	Cpe Clb 6. 1947—8 174 Commodore Eight; Sed 4D 6.	1 光光	1,025	990	Sed 4D 6. Ope Clb 6. Hollywood 6.	2, 430	2, 535 2, 665	2,575
Sed Tr 2D 6 Cpe Clb 6	315	355 315	365	Cpe Clb 6	1,010	1,010	1,075	Brom Con 6. 1951—8 8A Commodore Eight	2, 650	2,740	2,825
Sed Con 6	345	385	385 395	On all 1947 Hudsons: Add for Vacu Dr.	25	25 35	25	Custom:		2,560	2,450
Sta Wgn 6. 1941—6 12 Commodore: Sed Tr 4D 6	1	400	390	Add for Dri-mas		85 40	35 40	Sed 4D 6. Cpe Clb 6. Hollywood.	2, 445	2, 545 2, 670	2, 480 2, 725
Sed Tr 2D 6 Cpe Clb 4	350	390	370 400	1948—6 481 Super Str: Sed Tr 4D 6	1,370	1, 440	1,460	On all 1951 Hudsons:	2,010	2,770	2,705
Cpe 3. Sed Con 6.	340	340 415	350 405	Brom 2D 5	1,300	1, 415	1,460	Add for O. D	- 85 155	155	155
1941—6 18 Big Boy: Sed 7	1 422	345	350	Brom Con 6.	1,300	1,360	1,370	Add for Hydra Trans	155		
Car-AB 1941—8 14 Commodore:	300	100	350	1948—6 482 Commodore Six: Sed Tr 4D 6		1, 475	1,515	JAGUAR (ENGLINED	- 01	100	1
Sed Tr 4D 6	350	405	390 370	Prom Con 6	1, 395	1, 470		1948—6: Salon 4D 5	1,835	1,910	1,870
Cpe Clb 4	360	365	390 345	Sed Tr 4D 6	1,430	1, 990		1948—6: Cpe Con 5	- 7 500		
Sta Wgn 1941—8 15 Commodore Custom:	400		410 425	1948—8 484 Commodore Eight: Sed Tr 4D 6.	- CADA	To Same	THE LOS	Salon 4D 5 Cpe Con 5	2, 155	2,050	
Cpe Clb 4	300	445	405	Cpe Clb 6	1, 450	1, 520	1,040				2,625
Cpe 3 1941—8 17 Commodore Custom:	345		365	On all 1948 Hudsons: Add for Vseu Dr	25	25	25	Salon 4D 5 Cpe Con 5 1950 XK: Spt Rdst 2	2, 745	2,700	2,860
Sed 4D 7. Sed Tr 4D 6.	385		410 410	Add for O. D.	40	40		1951 Mark V: Salon 4D 5	3, 23	3, 330	3,395
On all 1941 Hudsons: Add for Vacu Dr	15		15	Sed Tr 4D 6	1,500	1,000	1,635	Cpe Con 5	3, 540	3, 640	
Add for O. D 1942—6 20T Traveler:	20	3 300	100	Brom 2D 6	1, 535	1,615	1,635	KAISER	1	1	
Sed 4D 6	- 390	370	375	Cpe 3. Brom Con 6.	1,480	1,060	1,550	1947-6 K100:	54	908	800
Cpe Clb 4	340			1949—6 492 Commodere Six: Sed Tr 4D 6	1,608	1,680	1,705	Sed 4D 6	4		200
Sed 4D 6	360			Brom Con 6.	1, 500			Sed 4D 6	- 90		
Sed 2D 6. Cpe Clb 4	341	395	415	Sed Tr 4D 6	1 830	1,690	1,725	1948-6 K481:	Control of		
Cpe 3. Sed Con 6.	320			Brom 2D 6. Cpe Clb 6.	1,616	1,68	1,725	Sed 4D 6	" 8		8 45

		ling pric Region			Celling price in Region—		e fin		Ceiling price in Region—		Ín
	A	В	0		A	В	0		A	В	0
KAISER—continued		-		LINCOLN—continued				MERCURY-continued		(45)	
1948-6 K482 Custom: Sed 4D 6	81, 115	\$1, 105	\$1, 145	1947—V12 76H: Sed 4D 6.	\$1,055	\$1, 115		1946-V8 69M-Continued Cpe Clb Con 6	8935	\$985	SE-045
Sed 4D 6. Add for O. D. 1949—6 K491 Special: Sed 4D 6.	1, 370	1, 435	1,405	Cpe Clb 6	1,160	1,115	1, 140 1, 270	Ope Con Spt 6	945 935	995 995	1,045
Sed 4D 6. Sed 4D 6 TravAdd for O. D	1, 420	1, 470	1, 440 75	Sed 4D 6. Cpe Cib 6. Add for O, D. 1947—V12 76H Continental:	3 330	1, 170	1, 175	Sed Tn 4D 6	088	1,050	1,070
1949—6 K492 Deluxe; Sed 4D 6. Sed Con 4D 6.	In LATER	1, 520 1, 615	1,500	Caur 9	1, 555	1,610	1,760	Cpe Sed 6	1,000	1,040 1,110	1, 175
Sed 4D 6 Virg	1, 600	1, 580	1, 565	Add for O. D	1,520	1, 585	1, 725 55	Sta Wgn 8	-	1, 110	1, 160
Add for O. D	75	75 1,635	1, 620	1948—V12 876H: Sed 4D 6 Ope Cib 6	1, 280 1, 310	1,340 1,370	1,310 1,320	Print 213 ft	1. 1. 1025	1, 165 1, 180	1, 165 1, 235
Sed 4D 6 Sed 4D 6 Trav Add for O. D	1, 620	1,690	1, 675	Custom Interior:	1, 425	1,475	1,465	Cpe Sed 6. Cpe Clb Con 6. Sta Wgn 8. 1949—V8 9CM;	1, 200	1,260	1,330
1050-6 K 509 Theirres		1,740 1,795	1,755	Sed 4D 6. Cpe Clb 6. Add for 0. D. 1948—V12 876H Continental:	1,325 1,325 60	1,385 1,385 60	1,350 1,360 65	Sed Spt 4D 6 Cpe Clb 6	1,565	1,650 1,635	1, 685 1, 685
Sed 4D 6. Sed 4D 6 Vag. Sed 4D 6 Virg. Sed 4D 6 Virg.		1,880	1, 800 1, 945 2, 060	Cabr 6	1,870	1, 925	2,035	Cpe Clb Con 6	1,710 1,720 70	1,780 1,790 - 70	1,900 1,895 70
Add for O. D	75	75	75	Ope 3	1,875	1, 900	2,005	1950—V8 OCM: Sed Spt 4D 6	1,950	2,045	2,060
1014	2, 105	2, 133 2, 190 2, 105	2, 130 2, 230 2, 080	Sed Spt 4D 6. Cpe Clb 6. Cpe Clb Con 6.	1,810 1,810	1,900	1,875	Sed Mont 6	1, 945	2, 120 2, 040 1, 980	2,155
Sed Trav 2D 6 Cpe Bus 3	2,070 1,945	2, 160 2, 635	2, 225 2, 005	Add for O. D. Add for Hydra Trans	1, 950 75 100	2,025 80 100	2,065 80 115	Ope Cib Con 6. Sta Wgn 8. Add for O. D.	2.140	2, 230 2, 240	1,995 2,305 2,310
Add for Hydra Trans 1951—6 K512 Deluxe:	150	150	85 150	Sed Tn 4D 6	2,010	2,090	2,095	1951-V8 51M;	100	80	87
Sed 4D 6. Sed Tray 4D 6.	2.110 2.165	2, 210 2, 260	2, 220 2, 305	Sed Spt 4D 6	2,010	2,090	2,100	Sed Spt 4D	2, 450	2, 455 2, 545 2, 445	2,345 2,485 2,855
Sed 2D 6. Sed Tray 2D 6.	2,080	2, 189 2, 225 2, 185	2, 180 2, 265 2, 265	Cpe Clb Con 6. Add for O. D. Add for Hydra Trans. 1950—V8 OEL Lincoln:	75 100	2, 215 80 100	2, 275 80 115	Con 6	2,295	2,395 2,725	2,305 2,645
Sed 4D 6. Sed Trav 4D 6. Sed Trav 2D 6. Sed Trav 2D 6. Cpe Clb 6. Add for O. D. Add for Hydra Trans.	85 155	85 155	85 155	Sad Socalla	0.175	2, 265	2, 500 2, 650	Add for O. D	2, 620 90 150	2,740 90 150	2,685 95 165
I.A SALLE	1		-	Cpe Clb 6Add for O. D.	2, 205 2, 180 80	2,320 2,265 80	2, 650 2, 500 90	MORRIS (ENGLISE)		100	200
1940—V8 40-50 (all body styles) 1940—V8 40-52 (all body styles)	340 380	345 395	380 410	Cpe Lido 6. Cpe Clb 6. Add for O. D. Add for Hydra Trans 1950—V8 OEH Cosmopolitan:	120	120	140	1949—4 Minor; Sed 2D 4	765	825	700
LINCOLN 1940-V12 06H Zephyr (all body			Land	Sed Spt 4D 6. Cpe Capri 6		2, 520 2, 540 2, 520	2,790 2,975 2,790 3,040	1949-4 Oxford: Sed 4D 4	820 875	875 940	780 700
styles)	295	855	825	Add for O. D.	2, 610	2, 695	90.	1950—4 Minor: Sed 2D 4. Con 2D 4.	920	965 1,080	890 935
1941—V12 16H Zephyr;	51.5	565	605	1951—V8 1E L Lincoln:	120	120	140	1951—4 Minor; Sed 2D 4	1, 165	1,165	1, 130
Sed 4D 6. Cpe Clb 5. Cpe AS 5	365 365 355	415 415 405	435 435 410	Sed Spt 4D 6	2,795	2,810 2,890 2,790	2,855 3,000 2,830	Con 2D 4	1, 275 1, 410	1, 275	1, 230 1, 365
Cpe Con 6	300	350 445	365 450	Cpe 6. Add for O, D. Add for Hydra Trans. 1951—V8 1EH Cosmopolitan:	85 150	85 150	110 175	NASH		100	4000
Custom Interior: Sed 4D 6	395 395	445 445	450 450	Sed Spt 4D 6		3, 170 3, 255	3, 105 3, 255	1940—6 4010: 4020 (all body styles). 1940—8 4080 (all body styles)	300 275	345 325	350 330
Cpe 3	315 20	370 25	415 30	CDO O	45, 1108.0	3,145	3,085	1940—8 4080 (all body styles) 1941—6 4140 "000" Special: Sed SS 4D 6 Bed SS 2D 6	335 315	380 365	400 380
1941—V12 16H Continental: Cabr	610	655 660	730 745	Cpe Con 6. Add for O. D. Add for Hydra Trans	85 150	85 150	110 175	Deluxe:	270	315	360
Ope 3	20	25	30	M. G. (ENGLISH) 1948—4;				Sed SS 4D 6	365 365 345	405 410 390	430 430 395
Sed 4D 8. Limo 8. Add for Liqua Dr	380 380 20	440 440 25	405 415 30	Series TC: Roadster	1,085	1, 145 1, 245	1,170 1,170	CD0 Brom 6	345	390 345	415 380
1942—V12 26H Zephyr; Sed 4D 6. Cpe Clb 6. A.	420	480	510	1949—4: Sed 4D Y. Touree 2D YTC	1003.750	1,325	1, 265	Cpe Bus 3. Add for O. D. 1941—6 4160 Ambassador—Spe- cial:	20	20	25
Cpe Clb 6	420 355 455	480 420 515	510 465 580	1950-4 TD;	1, 205	1,385 1,265	1, 450 1, 335	Sed SS 4D 6	390 370	430 415	450 425
Sed 4D 6	450	515	535	Sed 4D	1,485	1,530	1,720	Cpe Bus 3 Deluxe: Sed SS 4D 6	325 415	370 455	410
Ope Clb 6	450 385	515 450	535 505	1951—4 Mark II: Roadster	1,850	1,730	1,775	Sed Tr 4D 6 Cpe Brotn 6	420 400	465 440	475
Add for O. D. 1942—V12 26H Continental:	30	30	35	MERCURY 1940—V8 09A (all body styles)	370	415	430	Cpe Con AT 5	385 430	405 480	\$05 25
Cabe AT 6. Cpe 6. Add for Liqua Dr.	685 670	745 735	860 845	1941—V8 19A: Sed Tn 4D 6 Sed 2D 6	445	495	540	Add for O. D	405	450	430
1942—V12 268H Custom:	30	30	30	Coa AS 5	430 435 410	475 480 450	510 540 520	Sed SS Dix 4D 6	410 415	450	440 450
Sed 8. Limo 8. Add for Liqua Dr.	450 450	510 510	485 495	Cpe Con 8	385 475	430	480 880	Brom 2D 6. Cpe Con AT 5. Add for O. D. 1942—6 4240 "600":	385 425 20	425 460 20	415 465 25
1946—V12 66H:	30	30	30 35	Add for O D	475	530	575 20	Sed SS 4D 6	425	465	475 485
Sed 4D 6	925 925	970 970	1,000	Sed Tn 4D 6	495 480	545 530	585 560	Sed Tk 4D 6	430 410 410	470 455 455	435 .
Custom Interior; Sed 4D 6.	985	1,035	1, 135	Cpe 3	485 435 515	535 485 570	585 545 630	Cpe Bus 3 Add for O. D. 1942—6 4260 Ambassador:	360	405 20	425 30
Cpe Clb 6	- 970 - 40	1,015	1,055	Sta Wgn 8	515	570 30	630	Sed SS 4D 6.	475 480	820 825	835 545
Color One a service and a service and a service a	- E CORP E	1, 430 1, 420	1,585 1,550	1940—V8 69M: Sed Tn 4D 6 Sed 2D 6	900 885	950 965	970 930	Sed SS 2D 6 Brom 2D 6	455 450	505 495	510 520 480
Cpe 3. Add for O. D.	40 1	40 1	50	Ope Sed 6.	895	945	990	Cpe Bus 3Add for O. D	410 20	455	30

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	A	В	0		A	В	O	SECTION AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF THE	* A	Bo	O
NASH-continued			1	NASH-continued	-			OLDSMORILE—continued		2	
1942—8 4280 Ambassador: Sed SS 4D 6	\$470	\$515 520	\$505 510	1950—6 Ambassador—Continued Custom—Continued	\$1.540	81 905	82.045	1942-8 68: Sed Tn 4D 5	\$450 480	\$540 540	\$550
Sed Tk 4D 6 Sed SS 2D 4 Brom 2D 6	475 450 440	500 490	475	Cpe Clb 5	80 120	85 130	85 160	Sed 4D 5. Sed Clb 2D 5. Sed 2D 5.	400	525	515
Cpe Bus 3	405	450	450 30	1951—Rambler: Super: Sub 2D 5 Custom:		1,900	1,870	Cpe Clb 2 Cpe Bus 2 Cpe Con 2	450 420 505	515 485 570	545 500 585
Sed 4D 6	780 785	830 835	845 865	Sed Ctry Clb	1,860	1,835	1,915	Sta Wgn 8 Add for Hydra Trans 1942—8 78:	\$05 40	570 40	585 40
Brom 2D 6	735 40	805 40	835	Sta Wgn 5		1,945	1,975	Sed 4D 5	505 495	570 555	580 580
Sed 4D 6. Sed Tk 4D 6. Brom 2D 6.	855 860 833	900 905 880	930 940 915	DeLaxe: Cpe Bus 3 Super: Sed 4d 6	100	1,910	1,885	Sed 4D 5 Sed Clb 2D 5 Add for Hydra Trans	525 510	585 575	570 570
Sub 6. Add for O D. 1967—6 4740 "600":	915 40	965 40	1,000	Sed 2D 6	1,875	1,965	1,960	Add for Hydra Trans 1942—8 98: Custom:	40	40	90
Sed 4D 6	895 900	965 965	940 955	Custom: Sed 4D 6 Sed 2D 6	1,400	2,040	2,065 2,045	Sed 4D 5	530 515	595 585	590
Brom 6	870 40	\$30 40	50	Cpe Clb 5	1,935 85 150	2,025 85 150	2,070 95 160	Cpe Con 2 Add for Hydra Trans 1946—6 66:	855 40	625	40
Sed 4D 6	985 995	1,060	1,045	1951—6 Ambassador: Super:		53	2, 225	Sed 4D 5	950 925 925	1,000 990 990	995 990 900
Brom 6. 8ub 6. Add for O D. 1948—6 4840 "600":	1,060 40	1,030 1,130 40	1,030 1,155 50	Sed 4D 6	2,085	2, 185 2, 170 2, 175	2, 230 2, 250	Cpe Clb 5. Cpe Con 5. Sta Wgn. Add for Hydra Trans.	985	1,045	1,110
Deluxe: Ope Bus 3	980	1, 055	1,050	Custom:	2,150	2, 240 2, 220	2, 305 2, 330	1946—6.76: Sed 4D 5	900	1,025	1,000
Sed 88 4D 6 Sed Tk 4D 6	1,4760	1,115	1, 125	Sed 2D 6 Cpe Clb 5 Add for O. D	2, 135 .85 150	2, 225 85 150	2,340 95 160	Sed Clb 5 Deluxe: Sed 4D 5	945	1,010	1,000
Brom 2D 6 Custom: Sed SS 4D 6	1,085	1,000	1,120	Add for Hydra Trans	-	400	200	8ed Clb 5		1,000	1,045
Sed Tk 4D 6	1,060	1,100 1,130 60	1, 185 1, 165 60	1940—6 60 (all body styles) 1940—6 70 (all body styles)	335 355	390 410	390 400	1946—8 78: Sed 4D 5 Sed Clb 5	975 970	1, 040 1, 030	1,035 1,035
1948-6 4860 Ambassadori Super:			1,260	1940—8 90 (all body styles) 1941—6 86: Sed 4D 5	335 430	385 475	405	Bed 4D 5	1,010	1, 100 1, 055	1,050 1,050
Sed 88 4D 6. Sed Tk 4D 6. Brom 2D 6. Sub 4D 6.	1,160	1, 230 1, 235 1, 205	1, 275 1, 255	Sed Th 4D 5	430 415 415	475 460	490 460 480	Sed Clb 5. Add for Hydra Trans. 1945–8 98: Sed 4D 5.	FIGHTSUSSE	65	1,095
Custom: Sed SS 4D 6	1,200	1,270	1,365	Cpe Clb 2 Cpe Bus 2 Cpe Con 2	365 450	455 405 485	435 820	Sed Clb 5	1,035	1, 100	1,005
Sed Tk 4D 6 Brom 2D 6	1, 205	1, 275 1, 240 1, 280	1,330 1,350 1,405	Sta Wgn 8	450	485	\$29 40	Sed 4D 5	1,085	1,155	1,115
Cabr 6. Add for O. D. 1949—6 "600";	60	60	60	Sed 4D 5. Sed Clb 2D 5 Cpe Bus 2	.440 440 385	485 480 430	505 505 400	Cpe Cib 5	1,075	1,145 1,145 1,215	1, 115 1, 115 1, 245
Super: Eed 4D 6	-1.290	1,385 1,360	1, 420 1, 410	Deluxe. Sed 4D 5. Sed Clb 2D 5.		200	520 520	Sta Wgn 8. Add for Hydra Trans	1,145	1, 215	1, 230
Brom 2D 5. 1949—6 "600": Super Special:	- and	1, 355	1, 420	Cpe Bus 3. Add for Hydra Trans	395 40	490 440 40		Sed 4D 5	1,105	1,175 1,160	1,155 1,155
Sed 4D 6 Sed 2D 6 Brom 2D 5	1,345 1,320 1,395	1,420 1,390 1,400	1,465 1,450 1,465	1941—6 96: Sed 4D 5. Ope Cib 2	450	490 450	525 525	Sed 4D 5	1,135	1, 200 1, 190	1,175
Sed 4D 6.	HS19211095	1, 465	1,400	Add for Hydra Trans	480	530 40		Sed Clb 5	1000000	75	93
Brom 2D 5	1,365	1, 445	1, 440 1, 505 75	1941—8 68: Sed 4D 5 Sed Tn 5	445	485 485		Sed 4D 5 Sed Cib 5 Cpc Cib 5	1,120	1,190	1,100
1949—6 Ambassador: Super: Sed 4D 6	P. B	1,520	1, 570	Sed 2D 5 Cpe Clb 2 Cpe Bus 2	430	475 475 420	460 480 435	Ope Con 5	1, 205	1, 265 1, 265 75	1, 270 1, 260 95
Sed 2D 6. Brom 2D 5.	1, 420 1, 420	1, 495 1, 495	1,565	Cpe Con 2 Sta Wgn 8 Add for Hydra Trans	455	500 500 40	520	1947—8 78: Sed 4D 5 Sed Clb 5	\$6000000000000000000000000000000000000	1, 210 1, 195	1, 185 1, 185
Super Special: Sed 4D 0	1, 475 1, 455 1, 455	1, 555 1, 525	1,615	1941—8 78: Sod 4D 5. Sed Clb 2D 5.	130	810	610	Sed 4D 5	1,165	1,230	1, 210
Brom 2D S Custom; Sed 4D 6	1, 520	1,530	1,605	Deluxe:	405	445	460	Sed Clb 5		1, 215	95
Sed 2D 6 Brom 2D 5 Add for O. D Sed 2D 6 Sed	1, 495	1, 555 1, 575 75	1,685 1,680 75	Sed Tn 4D 5. Sed Clb 2D 5. Cpe Bus 3.	465	520	825	Sed 4D 5 Sed Clb 5 Ope Con 5 Add for Hydra Trans	1, 215 1, 210 1, 255	1, 290 1, 275 1, 360	1, 255 1, 255 1, 400
Custom:				Cpe Bus 3		100		1955-0-000		1,375	1, 295
Con Lan 5	1, 625 1, 625 75	1,695 1,695 75	1,780	Sed 4D 5Cpe Clb 2Cpe Cen 2	. 030	570	550	Sed 4D 5	1, 295 1, 310 1, 390	1,355 1,355 1,450	1,290
1050—6 Statesman: Deluxe: Ope Bus 3 Super:	W/158/30	1, 625	1,650	Phae Con 5 Add for Hydra Trans 1942—6 66:	100	40	40	Cpe Con 5	1,300	1, 450	1, 435
Sed 4D 6	1,605	1,700 1,680 1,680	1,725	Sed Tn 4D 5	460	805	540	Sed 4D 5 Sed Clb 5 Cpe Clb 5	1,325	1,400 1,390 1,390	1,315 1,315 1,200
Sed 4D 6	1,675	1, 745	1,790	Sed 2D 5	440	505	535	Sta Wgn 8	1,450	1,485	1, 410
Sed 2D 6. Ope Clb 5. Add for O. D.	1,660 1,665 75	1,780 1,785 75	1,780 1,790 80	Cpe Bus 2 Cpe Con 2 Sta Wgn 8 Add for Hydra Trans	485	550	570	Sed 4D 5	1,345 1,335	1,410 1,390	1, 330 1, 330
1950—6 Ambassador: Super: Sod 4D 6.		1,855	1, 985	Add for Hydra Trans	225	540	565	Deluxe: Sed 4D 5. Sed Clb 5. Add for Hydra Trans	1,385	1,440 1,430	1, 350 1, 350
Sed 2D 6. Cpe Clb 5 Custom:	1,775	1,845	1,975	Sed 4D 5	500		MARIA	1948 8 685	TANK DESCRIPTION	1,450	120
Sed 4D 6	1,845	1,913		Sed Cib 2D 5		556	280	Sed 4D 5. Sed Clb 5. Ope Clb 5.	1,370	1,435	1, 325
No. 19—4											

		ing pric			Ceiling price in Region—				Ceiling price in Region—		in
	A	В	a		A	В	0		A	В	0
OLDSMONILE—continued		TV-		OLDSMOBILE—continued	1			PACKARD-continued			
1945—8 68—Continued Cpe Con 5	\$1, 475	\$1, 535	\$1, 485	1961—V8 88: Sed 4D 6				1942—6 Clipper—Continued Series 2020—Continued			
Sta Wgn 8 Deluxe: Sed 4D 5	1, 415	1, 535	1, 480	Sed 2D 5 Deluxe; Sed 4D 6	2,405	2,420	2, 350	Add for Electro Cl	\$15 15	\$15 15	20
Sed Clb 5	1, 400	1,460	1,360	Sed 2D 6. Add for Hydra Trans	2, 380	2, 470 155	2, 485 170	Series 2001 Special:	51.5	580	585
Sta Wgn 8 Add for Hydra Trans 1948—8 78:	100	1, 565 100	1,430	1951—V8 Super 88: Sed 4D 6 Sed 2D 6	2, 490 2, 465	2,500	2,400	Sed Clb 6. Cpe Bus 3. Series 2011 Custom:	495 450	560 515	570 530
Sed 4D 5 Sed Clb 5 Deluxe:	1, 410 1, 395	1, 510	1,375 1,375	Sed 4D 6 Sed 2D 6 Cpe Clb 5 Cpe Holl 5 Cpe Con 5 Add for Hydra Trans	2, 460 2, 680	2,500	2, 455 2, 655	Sed Tr 6.	540 525	610 595	620 610
Sed 4D 5	1,370	1, 490 1, 480	1,380 1,380	Add for Hydra Trans	2,695 2,685	2,790 155 2,755	2,735 170 2,735	Series 2021: Cpe Cen 5	555 15	625 15	625 20
Sed Clb 5. Add for Hydra Trans 1948—8 08:	lu mal	1,515	120	Deluxe: Sed Holl 4D 6	2, 605	2, 699	2,880	Add for O. D. 1942—8 Super One Sixty:	15	15	30
Sed 4D 5 Sed Clb 5 Deluxe:	1, 430	1, 495	1, 445	Cpe Holi 5	2, 485 2, 845 155	2,865 2,920 155	3, 080 3, 130 170	Series 2003 Clipper: Sed Tr 6.	565 545	620 600	895 585
Sed 4D 5 Sed Clb 5	1,460	1,545 1,530 1,620	1,490	PACKARD	200	1	.3333	Sed Clb 6. Series 2023: Cpe Con 5. Series 2004: Sed Tr 6.	560	645 620	620 600
Cpe Con 5 Add for Hydra Trans 1949—6 76:	1.76.39	100	1,635	1940-6 1800 One Ten (all body styles)	360	405	340	Series 2005: Sed Tr 7 Limo Tr 7	555 555	615 620	570 585
Sed Tn 4D 5 Sed 4D 5 Bed Clb 5	1,670	1,740 1,740 1,715	1, 635 1, 640 1, 625	styles) 1940—8 1801 One Twenty (all body styles) 1940—8 1803, 1804, 1805 One Sixty	865	415	350	Stering 199551	555	620	585
Cpe Con 5	1,655	1,715	1, 615	1940—8 1806, 1807, 1808 One Eighty	360	425	330	Sed Bus 7. Limo Bus 7. Add for Electro Cl. Add for O. D.	560 15 15	620 15 15	20 30
Delixa: Sed Tn 4D 5 Sed 4D 5 Sed Clb 5	AC 0000 VO	1,785	1, 685 1, 680	(all body styles) 1941—6 1906 One Ten: Sed Tr 4D 5	345 425	480	335 465	1942—8 Super One Eighty: Series 2006 Clipper:	3 160	100	
Cpe Clb 5	1.890	1,760	1,665	Sed Tr 2D 5 Cpe Clb 2-4	400 400	460 460	445 455	Sed Tr 6	575	610	605
Sta Wgn 6	1,835	1,905	1,880 120	Cpe Bus 2 Ope Con 2-4 Sta Wgn 8	355 455 455	510 510	405 510	Dar 5. Series 2007:	635	695	710
Sed Tn 4D 5	1,795	1,875 1,875	1,835 1,840	Deluxe: Sed Tr 4D 5	440	495	505	Sed Tr 6. Sed Fmi 6. Cabr AW Rol.	575 580 625	635 640 690	625 630 675
Sed Clb 5 Cpe Clb 5 Cpe Con 5	1,785	1,850 1,850 1,983	1, 820 1, 810 2, 025	Sed Tr 2D 5	425 430 475	475 480 520	475 495 555	Series Sees.	1000	630	: 610
Sed Tn 4D 5	1,840	1,915	1,880	Sta Wgn 8. Add for Electro Cl	475 15	520	535 20	Sed Tr 7. Limo Tr 7. Sed Tr LeB Limo Tr LeB	570 600 600	635 670 670	655 620 655
Sed 4D 5	1,820	1, 915 1, 895 1, 895	1,885 1,870 1,880	Add for O. D	465	515	450	Add for Electro Cl	15	670 15	650
Sta Wgn 6	1, 975	2,045	2,065	Sed Tr 2D 5 Cpe Clb 2-4	440 445	495 495	440 455	1946—6 2100 Clipper: Sed Tr 6	1,000	1,060	1,035
1949—8 98; Sed 4D 5 Sed Clb 5	1,885	1,900	2,060 2,060	Sed Con 5	400 485 486	450 540 540	420 520 525	Add for Electro Ci	1,005	1,075 15 35	1, 020 30 45
Sed 4D 5	1, 935	2,005	100000	Sta Wgn 8. Sta Wgn Dlx 8. Add for Electro C1.	455 800	545 555	525 525 545	Add for O. D	30	1,095	1,055
Sed Clb 5	2,000	1,990 2,130 2,140	2,115 2,115 2,285 2,325	Add for C. D	15 15	15 15	20 30	Series 2111 Deluxe: Sed Tr 6	1,050	1, 115	1,085 1,080
Cpe Con 5	400000		******	Series 1903: Sed Tr 4D 5	400	550	490	Sed Clb 6. Add for Electro Cl. Add for O. D.	1, 040 15 35	1,100 15 35	30
Sed 4D 5	T (01/V)	2,015 2,000 2,005	1,910 1,900 1,910	Cpe Clb 2-4	480 430 520	530 500 570	450 440 545	Series 2103:			1, 145
Sed Clb 5 Cpe Holi 5 Cpe Clb 5 Cpe Con 5	2,020	2,005 2,170 2,000 2,195	1,910 2,100 1,890	Sed Con 5. Cpe Con 2-4. Deluxe:	520	570	550	Sed Tr 4D 6 Sed Clb 6 Series 2106 Custom:	1,065	1, 135	1, 185
Sta Wgn 6 Deluxe:	2,135	2, 210	2,135 2,280	Sed Con 5	530 530 485	580 580 545	545 550 500	Series 2106 Custom: Sed Tr 6 Sed Clb 6	1, 105 1, 085	1, 170 -1, 150	1,165 1,150
Sed 4D 5	1,978	2,065 2,045 2,050	1,955 1,940 1,955	Sed Tr 4D 7	490	545	485	Series 2126 Custom: Sed 8.	1, 120	1, 180 1, 170	1,170
Sed 2D 5. Sed 2D 5. Sed Clb 5. Cpe Holi 5. Cpe Clb 5. Sta Wgn 6.	2,055	2, 205 2, 205 2, 045	2, 150 1, 930	Lime Tr 7 Add for Electro C1 Add for O. D. 1941—8 One Eighty:	450 15 15	545 15 15	485 20 30	Add for Electro Cl	15 35	15 35	40 45
Sta Wgn 6. Add for Hydra Trans 1950—8 88:	2,170 125	2, 245 125	2,195 140	1941—8 One Eighty: Series 1906: Vie Con Dar 5 Series 1907:	570	620	625	1947—6 2100 Clipper: Sed Tr 6 - Sed Clb 6	1, 120 1, 125	1,170 1,180	1, 105 1, 100
2 d (D)	2,045 2,020	2, 125 2, 110	2,100 2,095	Sed Tr 4D 3	515 520	565 570	505 515	- Sed Clb 6	20 40	20 40	40 45
Sed 4D 5. Sed Clb 5. Cpe Holl 5. Cpe Clb 5. Cpe Clb 5. Cpe Con 5. Sta Wga 6. Delute.	2,030	2, 115 2, 295 2, 110	2,005 2,100 2,255 2,080	Brom Spt 5	565 570 545	625 625 600	550 645 565	Sed Tr 6	1, 160 1, 140	1, 205 1, 195	1, 180 1, 175
Cpe Con 5 Sta Wgn 6	2, 225 2, 220	2,310 2,310	2,335 2,350	Series 100x	310	565	495	Sed Clb 6	20 40	20 40	40 55
Sed 4D 5	2.063	2, 170 2, 145	2, 155 2, 145	Sed Tr 7. Limo Tr 7. Sed Tr LeB 7. Lime Tr LeB 7.	510 545 545	565 605 605	490 540 550	1947—8 Super Clipper: Series 2103: Sed Tr 6	1, 210	1, 250	1, 205
Sed 2D 5. Sed Clb 5. Cpe Holi 5.	2, 080 2, 250	2, 155 2, 270	2.145	Add for Electro Cl	545 15	605	550 20	Sed Clb 6	1, 180	1, 235	1, 205
Sta Wga 6	2, 070	2, 145 2, 355 125	2,310 2,145 2,370 140	1941—8 1951 Olipper:	15 540	600	875	Sed Tr 6	1, 210	1, 200	1, 280
1960-8 981	10000	2.200	2,310	Sed Tr 4D 5	15 15	15 15	20 30	Bed 7. Limo 7. Add for Electro Cl	1, 240		1,300 1,355 40
Sed Tn 5	2, 150 2, 255 2, 150	2, 245 2, 395 2, 245	2,310 2,300 2,440	1942—6 Clipper; Series 2000 Special; Sed 'Tr 6	495	560	550	Add for Electro Cl	20 40	20 40	55
Deluxe: Sed Tn 8	2, 220	2, 310	THE RESERVE	Sed Cib 6	485 430	540 490	500 500	Sarias 9904	1, 455	1,540 1,535	1, 410 1, 395
Sed Tn 8. Sed 4D 5 Sed Clb 5 Cpe Holi 5 Cpe Con 5 Add for Hydra Trans Sed Clb Tr	2, 215 2, 390	2,310 2,300 2,465	2,385 2,385 2,375 2,555 2,580	Series 2010 Custom: Sed Tr 6 Sed Cib 6 Series 2000	535 515	590 875	875 865	Sed Tr 6	1, 605	1,680	1,635
Ope Con 5 Add for Hydra Trans	2,350 125	2, 395 125	2,580	Series 2020: Cpe Con 8	545	610	590	Sed Tr 6	1,530	1,580	1, 490

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PACKARD—continued				PACKARD—continued		No.		PLYMOUTH-continued	Engl		
1948—8 2201, 2211—Continued Series 2211 Deluxe—Continued		Killi		1950—8 Super: Series 2302-5:	20.00		1000	1947—6 P15 Special Deluxe—Con. Cpe 3	\$855	\$055	\$1180
Add for Electro Cl	\$38	\$ 30	845 70	Sed Tr 6 Sed Clb 6		\$7, 255 2, 235	\$2,250 2,270	Sta Wgn 8	1,005	1,070	1, 125
Series 2202: Sed Tr 6	1,505	1,600	1,575	Sed Tr 6 Sed Clb 6 Series 2332-5: Cpe Vic Con 6	2, 245 2, 230	2,315	2,345	8ed 4D 6	1,025	1,110 1,085	1,130
Sed Cib 6 Series 2222 Cpe Vic Con 6 Series 2222:	1, 580	1,765	1, 685	- 25/M-15-8 - 20/CES+0C		2, 520	2,555	Cpe Clb 6	1,035	1,000	1,140
Limo 7.	1,760	1,820	1,635 1,720	Sed Tr 7 Limo 7 Add for Electro Cl	2, 435 25 80	2, 530 25 80	2,710 25 80	Sed 4D 6	1,085	1, 150 1, 130	1, 180 1, 145
Delnye: Sed Tr 7	1,810 1,815	1,870 1,885	1,710 1,760	Add for O. D	130	130	170	Cpe Clb 6	1,039	1,140 1,085 1,215	1,100 1,110 1,270
Limo 7 Add for Electro Cl	20 50	20 50	20 70	Series 2006-5: Sed Tr 6 Series 2003-5: Ope Vie Con 6		2, 660	2,735	Cpe Con 5. Sta Wen 8. 1st Series—1949— 1949—6 P15 Debuxe:	1,150	1, 215	1, 270
Series 2006:	1,710	1,765	1,800	Ultra Dr Std				Saf-ATYR	1, 125 1, 105	1,175 1,155	1, 220
Sed Tr 6 Sed Clb 6 Series 2233: Cpe Vic Con 6 Series 2236:	1, 690	1,740	1,835	Series 2401: Sed Tr 4D 6 Sed Clb 4D 6 Cpe Bus 3	2,610	2,700 2,700	2,780 2,740	Sed 2D 6. Cpe Clb 6. Cpe 3. 1949—6 P16 Special Deluxe:	1,105	1, 155	1, 230
Series 2235: Cpe Vie Con 6 Series 2226: Sed Tr 7. Lipno 7. Add for Electro Cl Add for O. D.	1,865 1,865	1,935 1,935	1,900 2,000			2,610	2,560	Sed 4D 6.	1, 155	1, 215 1, 200	1, 270 1, 235
Add for Electro Cl	20 50	20 80	70	Sed Tr 4D 6	2,700	2,790 2,765 85	2,875 2,835 95	Cpe Clb 6.	1,135	1,200	1, 280
1949—8 2201, 2211: Sorios 2201.	2000	100	21500	1951-8 250:	155	155	185	1949—6 P16 Special Delixe: Sed 4D 6 Sed 2D 6 Cpc Clb 6. Cpc C con 5. Sta Wgn 8 2d Series—1949— 1949—6 P17 Delivra:	1,215	1, 270	1,360 1,355
Sed Tr 6	1,590	1,645 1,635 1,780	1,500 1,485 1,725	Series 2401: Cpe Mayfair 6	3,000	3, 175 3, 290	3, 550 3, 775	1949—6 P17 Deluxe: Sed 2D Cps 3 Sub	1, 230	1,305 1,240	1,335
Sea with Deluxe: Sed Tr 6 Sed Cib 6 Add for Electro Cl Add for O, D	1,590	1, 685	1,580	Cpe Mayfair 6	88 150	80 150	95 185	1949-6 P.18 Deluxe:	(A) (C) (19)	1,405	1, 450
Add for Electro Cl.	1, 570	1,635 20 50	1, 535 20 70	10018 300: Sories 2402:	32.52	3, 090	3, 180	Sed 4D 6 Cpo Clb 6 1949—6 P18 Special Deluxe:	1, 285	1,365	1,400
Series 2202:				Sed Tr 4D 6	85 155	85 155	95 185	Sed 4D 6. Cpc Clb 6. Cpc Clb Con 6. Sta Wgn 8.	1,325 1,320	1,405	1, 455 1, 460
Sed Tr 6 Sed Clb 6. Series 2232: Ope Vie Con 6	1,635	1,710 1,090 1,805	1,685 1,635 1,775	19518 400: Series 2400:	3. 455	3, 540	3, 875			1, 510	1,635
Series 2222: Sed Tr 7 Limo 7		1,840	1,725	Sed 4D 6				Sed 2D 6. Cpc 3. Sub 5, Sub Spec 5.	1,470	1,550	1,560 1,515
Delime		1,840	1,810	1940-6 P9 Road King (all body	ST			Sub 5,	1,595	1,675	1,655
Sed Tr 7. Limo 7. Add for Electro Cl. Add for O, D	1, 825	1,890	1,850	styles)	320	345	375	1950—6 P20 Deluxe: Sed 4D 6. Cpe Cfb 6. 1950—6 P20 Special Deluxe:	1, 535 1, 515	1,615	1,630 1,630
Add for Q, D	80	50	70	styles) 19416 P11: Standard;	340	370	400	Cne Clb 6	1, 555	1,650 1,635	1,690 1,680
Sed Tr 6. Sed Clb 6 Series 2213: Cpe Vic Con 6	1,730	1,795	1, 950	Sed 4D 5	355 340	395	445 425	Cpe Clb Con 6. Sta Wgn 8. 1961—6 P22 Concord:	1,555 1,725 1,795	1, 805 1, 875	1,860
Series 22%	COLUMN TO SERVICE	1, 840	2, 110	Cps 2 Deluxe: Sed 4D 5	300	345	410	Sed 2D 6	1,780	1,860 1,785	1,805 1,755
Sed Tr 7 Limo 7 Add for Electro Cl	1,870	1,905	2, 090 45	Sed 2D 5	365	400 355	450 425	8nh 5	2,640	2, 135 2, 185	2,075 2,000
Add for O. D	-	50	70	Cpe 2 1941—6 P12 Special Deluxe: Sed 4D 5 Sed 2D 5	300	445 425	485 465	Savoy 5 1951—6 P23 Cambridge: Sed 4D 6 Cpe Clb 6	1,835	1,933	1,855
Sed Tr 6. Sed Clb 6. Sed Sta 6.	1,660	1,740	1,700	Cpe 2-4	380	415 380 455	450 440 520	Cpe Clb 6. 1951—6 P23 Cranbrook: Sed 4D 6.	1,885	1,965	1,005
Sed Tr 6	1.720	1, 805	1,790	Sta Wgn 8	425 405	455 430	51.5 480	Cpe Clb 6. Belvedere 6. Cpe Clb Con 6.	2,045	1, 945 2, 125 2, 180	2, 150 2, 140
Add for Electro CL	1,710	1,785 40 65	1, 755	1942-6 P14-8 Deluxo: Sed 4D 6	420 405	460 445	530 510	PONTIAC			2011
Add for O. D		40	75	Cpe Clb 6	410	450 400	540 480	1940—6 25HA Special (all body styles)	340	380	370
Sed Tr 6	1,815	1,890 1,870	1, 935	Util 2D 2. 1942-6 P14-C Special Deluxe: Sed Tn 6	455	405	565	1946-6 26HB Deluxe (all body styles)	355	400	400
Sed Tr 6. Sed Clb 6. Series 2332 Super Deluxe Cpe	1,900 1,875	1,960 1,965	2,010	Sed 4D 6	450 435	490 475	555 333	styles) 1949—8 29HB Torpedo (all body	330	875	375
Series 2332 Super Deluxe Cpe Vic Con 6. Series 2322;	2,040	2, 115	2,510	Cpe Clb 6	440 390 465	480 430 510	575 510 600	styles) 1941—6 25JA Deluxe Torpedo; Sed 4D 5.	345 410	370 460	400
Sed Tr 7. Limo 7. Add for Electro Cl.	2,075 2,095	2,150 2,165	2,325	Sta Wgn 8	465	510	585	Sed 2D 5	410 395	400 445	485 475
Add for Electro Cl. Add for Ultra Dr. Add for O. D.	1 110	110 65	75 140 75	Sed 4D 6	785	835 835 840	890 860 900	Cpe Sed 5	395 355 445	445 400 495	495 450 555
Series 2306: Sed Tr 6	DVX145759	2, 225	2,350	Cpe 3 1946—6 P15 Special Deluxe:	735	785	840	Torpedo:	1000	- Introdu	2000
Cpe Vie Con 6. Add for Electro Cl.	THE RESERVE	2, 335 40	2,475	Sed 4D 6	835	885 870 875	930 -900 940	Sed 4D 5 Cpe Sed 5 Super:	425 420	475 485	520 520
Add for Ultra Dr	60	60 110	75 75 140	Cpe Con 5	765 885	820 930	1,020	Sed 4D 5 Cpe Sed 1941—6 24JC Custom Torpedo:	445 425	495 475	535 525
1950—8 2301–5; Bed Tr 6. Eed Clb 6.	1,000	2,020	1,960 1,940	Sta Wgn 8. 1947—6 P15 Deluxe: Sed 4D 6.	885 920	930	1,015	Ene Sed 5	460 445	505 490	530 530
Ned Sta 6	2,215	2, 290	2, 350	Cpe Clb 6.	900	965 970	1,010	Sta Wgn Dly S.	475 480	525 530	565 875
Sed Tr. Sed Clh 6. Add for Electro Cl.	2,015	2,005 2,085 25	2,000 2,635 30	Cpe 3 1947—6 P15 Special Deluxe: Sed 4D 6	950	1,020	1,040	Sed 4D 5	430 430	480	490 485
Add for O. D. Add for Uttra Dr	80	80	80 170	Sed 2D 6	940	1,005		Sed 2D 5	420 420	470 470	470 490

		ling pric			Celling price in Region—		e in		Ceiling price i		e in
The last state of	A	В	0		Α	В	0		A	В	0
PONTIAC—continued				PONTIAC—continued		1000		FONTIAC—continued			
1941—0 27JA Deluxe Torpedo— Continued				1948-625PA Torpedo—Continued Deluxe:				1950—6 25—Continued Chieftain—Continued	133		
Cpe Sed Con 5. 1941—8 28J B Streamliner:	\$380 465	5425 510	\$445 535	Sed 4D 5	\$1,300	\$1,355 1,340	\$1,345 1,340	Super Deluxe: Cpe Cata 5	89 005	89 145	00 000
Torpedo:	- STEEL		PERM	Cpe Sed 5	1, 280 1, 380	1, 335 1, 430	1,340	Add for Hydra Trans	120	135	145
Sed 4D 5 Cpe Sed 5	450 435	495 480	515 505	Cpe Sed Con 5	99	90	115	Streamliner: Sed 4D 5	1,870	1,965	1,965
Super: Sed 4D 5.	470	515	530	Cpe Sed 5	1, 260	1,355	1,355	Cpe Sed 5 Deluxe:	1,835	1, 945	1,955
1941-8 20JC Custom Torpedo;	450	495	620	Deluxe:	1,385	1,445	1,475	Sed 4D 5	1,900	2,015 1,990	2,040
Sed 4D 5. Cpe Sed 5.	485 470	525 518	525 520	Sed 4D 5	9 916	1,390	1,400	Add for Hydra Trans Chieftain:	120	135	145
Sta Wgn 8 Sta Wgn Dix 8 1942—6 25KA Torpedo;	490 500	545 550	855 570	Sta Wgn 6 Add for Hydra Trans. 1948—8 27PA Torpedo: Sed 4D 5	1, 415	1,470	1,525	Sed 4D 5	1.875	1,990	2,010
Sed 4D 5. Sed Metro 4D 5.	# 450 # 450	510 510	555 550	Sed 4D 5	1,335	1,385	1,315	Cpe Sed 5	1,875	1, 970 1, 910	2, 005 1, 910
Sed 2D 5 Cpe Sed 5	930	495 490	530	Sed 2D 5. Cpe Sed 5. Cpe Spt 5. Cpe Bus 3.	1,325	1,365	1,205	Deluxe:	2,075	2, 155	2, 160
Che Spt 5	430	490 440	545	Cpe Bus 3 Deluxe:	1, 270	1,365	1,310	Sed 4D 5	1,930	2,040	2,065
Ope Bus 3 Ope Sed Odn 5 1942—6 26KB Streamliner:	475	535	600	Sed 4D 5 Cpe Sed 5	1,370	1,420 1,400	1,350	Sed 2D 5 Cpe Sed 5 Cpe Cata 5 Cpe Con 5 Sta Wgn 6	2,095	2,025 2,185 2,185 2,170	2,060
Cpe Sed 5	465 - 450	530 510	565 565	Cpe Spt 5 Cpe Sed Con 5 Add for Hydra Trans	1,345	1,395	1,335	Sta Wgn 6 Super Deluxe:	2, 115	2 170	2,309 2,235
Streamliner Chieftain:	485	540	605	Add for Hydra Trans 1948-8 28PB:	90	90	115	Cpe Cata 5. Add for Hydra Trans	2, 120	2, 215 135	2,270
Cpe Sed 5	495 475	550	580 575	Streamliner: Sed 4D 5	1, 375	1, 425	1,300	1951-6 25: Streamliner: Cpe Sed 5	10000000	2, 275	165
1942—8 27 K A Tornedo:	515	575	615	Cpe Sed 5 Sta Wgn 8	1, 350 1, 450	1, 405 1, 505	1,345	Deluxe:	100	2, 330	2, 190
Sed 4D 5	470 470	525 525	550 545	Sed 4D 5	1,400	1, 455	1,400	Cpe Sed 5	100 CO.	155	170
Cpe Sed 5	450 450	505 505	535 545	Cpe Sed 5	1.390	1, 445	1,385	Sed 4D 5	2,210	2, 385	2, 250 2, 240
Cpe Spt 5	450 395	505 450	550 495	1949-0 20:	90	90	115	8ed 2D 5 Ope Sed 5 Ope Bus 3	2,190	2, 280 2, 190 2, 575	2, 245 2, 160
Cpe Sed Con 5	490	550	585	Streamliner: Sed 4D 5	1,630	1,715	1,670	Cpe Bus 3		2,575	2, 500
Sed 4D 5 Cpe Sed 5	490 475	545 535	565 565 590	Cpe Sed 5 Sta Wgn Wd 8	1,615	1,685	1,660 1,870	Sed 4D 5	2, 270	2,365 2,340	2,310 2,310
Sta Wgn 8 Streamliner Chieftain:	505	570 565	580	Sta Wgn Met 8 Deluxe:	THE PARTY OF THE P	1, 850	1,870	Sed 4D 5. Sed 2D 5. Cpe Sed 5. Cpe Cata 5. Sta Wgn 6. Cpe Con 5. Strown Deluve.	2, 245	2, 340 2, 540 2, 625 2, 585	2,300
Sed 4D 5	490 530	550 590	580	Sed 4D 5 Cpe Sed 5 Sta Wgn Wd 6	1,655	1,745	1,725	Sta Wgn 6 Cpe Con 5	2, 530	2, 625 2, 585	2,570 2,575
Sta Wgn 8	920	976	1,010	Sta Wgn Mef 6	L. 810-	1,885	1,915	Super Deluxe: Cpe Cata 5. Add for Hydra Trans		2,590	2,603
Sed 2D 5. Cpe Sed 5.	900 905	955 960	995	Chieftain: Sed 4D 6.		125	1,705	1951-8 27:	1000	155	170
Upe SOL 3	900 850	955 900	1,005	Sed 2D 6. Ope Sed 6.	1 620	1,730 1,710 1,710	1,685	Streamliner: Cpe Sed 5 Deluxe:	TA COOL	2,345	2, 220
Cpe Bus 3 Cpe Sed Con 5. 1946—6 26LB Streamliner:	965	1,025	1,115	Deluxe:	1,580	1,650	1,615	Cpe Sed 5	2,305 155	2,395 155	2, 295 170
Sed 4D 5	955 940	1,000	1,035 1,030	Sed 4D 6	1 670	1,765	1,805 1,740	Sed 4D 5	2, 280	2,370	2, 285
Cpc Sed 5 Sta Wgn Std 8 Sta Wgn Dlx 6	955 995	1,050	1,115	Cpe Con 5	1,670	1,745	1,745	Sed 2D 5. Cpe Sed 5. Cpe Bus 3. Sta Wgn 8.	2, 255	2,350 2,350	2,270
Sed 4D 5	915	995	1,015	Add for Hydra Trans 1949—8 27:	110	125	140	Sta Wgn 8 Deluxe:	2 545	2, 265 2, 640	2, 210 2, 540
Cpe Sed 5	930	980	1,005	Streamliner; Sed 4D 5	1,685	1,760	1,690	Sed 4D 5	2,325	2, 430	2,340 2,330
Cpe Spt 5. Cpe Bus 3. Cpe Sed Con 5.	930 875	92.5	1,055	Sta Wgn Wd 8	1,665	1,735	1,680	Cpe Sed 5	2,305	2,405	2,330
1946-8 28LB Streaminer;	1254	1,050	1,115	Deluxe:	1, 835	1, 900	1,905	Sta Wgn 6 Cpe Con 5	2, 580	2,610 2,690 2,655	2,610
Sed 4D 5 Cpe Sed 5 Sta Wgn Std 8	980 970	1,025	1,025	Sed 4D 5	1,725 1,710	1,805 1,780	1,755	Super Deluxe:	E 1000	2, 660	2,635
Sta Wgn Dix 6	1,010	1,080	1,125	Cpe Sed 5 Sta Wgn Wd 6 Sta Wgn Met 6 Add for Hydra Trans	1,875	1, 945 1, 945	1,960	Ope Cata 5	155	155	170
1947—6 25MA Torpedo: Sed 4D 5	1,055	1, 115	1,140	Custiant	711-12992	125	140	RENAULT (FRENCH)		E-	
Sed 2D 5	1,045	1,095	1,135	Sed 4D 6	1,710	1,775	1,730	1949—4 4-CV: Standard: Sed 4D	400	450	515
Cpe Spt 5	985	1,095	1,135	Sed 2D 6. Cpe Sed 6. Cpe Bus 3. Deluxe:	1,685	1,755 1,755 1,700	1,720 1,650	Deluxe: Sed 4D 1950—4 Grand Luxe: Sed 4D	435 575	480 025	575 720
Cpe Sed Con 5 Cpe Sed Con—Dix 5	1, 140	1, 180	1, 255 1, 275	Sed 4D 6	1,750	1,815	1,770	RITEY CENOLISID		-	
1947—6 26MB Streamliner: Sed 4D 5	1,000	1,145	1, 185	Sed 2D 6 Ope Sed 6	1,725	1,805	1,760	1950-234 Litre:	Jan.		
Cpe Sed 5 Sta Wgn Std 8	1, 145	1,130	1, 180 1, 275 1, 290	Cpe Con 6	110	1, 925	1,945	Sed 4D 5. Cpe Con 2D 5	1,995 2,135	2, 085	2, 650
1947—8 27MA Torpedo:	1,150	1, 205	Sandy .	Streamliner:	1.910	1,895	1, 925	SIMCA (PRENCH FIAT)			
Sed 4D 5	T 1965	1,140	I, 135 I, 130	Sed 4D 5 Cpe Sed 5		1,880	1, 920	1948-4 "S": Con 5	275	300	345
Cpe Sed 5		1,125	1,130	Sed 4D 5	1,800	1, 950 1, 955	2,000 I,985	BINGER (ENGLISH)			
Cpe Sed Con 5 Cpe Sed Con-Dix 5	1,160	1,070	1, 075 1, 255 1, 265	Cpe Sed 5		135	145	1948-1949—4 Series 9: Rondster 1950—4 Series 4A: Rondster	870 1,015	920 1,073	900 1, 115
1947-8 28M B Streamliner:	1000000	1, 220	(S)(S)	Sed 4D 5	1, 815	1,930	1, 970 1, 960	1950—4 SM 1500 Scd 4D	1, 205	1, 265	1, 305
Sed 4D 5. Ope Sed 5. Sta Wgn Std 8. Sta Wgn Dix 6.	1,005	1,170	1, 175	Cpe Sed 5	1.815	1, 910	1, 970 1, 885 2, 150	SUNBEAM-TALBOT (ENGLISH) 1949-4-90:	100	-	
Sta Wgn Dix 6	1, 135	1, 235	1, 270 1, 290				BUUR	Sed 4D. Convertible	1,845	1,845	1,790 1,990
Sed 4D 5	1, 270	1,325	1,300	Sed 4D 5	1,880	1, 975 1, 955	2,040	1950—4-90: Sed 4D Convertible	PERSONAL PROPERTY.	CONTRACTOR	2,055
Cpe Sed 5	10.500.5	1,305 1,310 1,305	1, 290 1, 295 1, 295	Cpe Cata 5	2, 035	2, 130	2, 245	1301-1-03		45.00	2, 265
Cpe Bus 3	1, 205		1, 240	Sed 2D 5 Cpe Sed 5 Cpe Cata 5 Cpe Con 5 Sta Wgn 6.	2,065	2, 135	2, 235	Sed 4D Convertible	2, 415 2, 635	2,415	2,610

Cruis Sed 6	B \$1,635 1,615 1,625 1,560 1,725	C St. 620
1949—Four; Salon—Sed 4D	1,615 1,625 1,560	st 600
1940	1,615 1,625 1,560	st. 620
Units out Occasionated and the state of the	1,625	1,590
Delaustyle: Cpe 3	1, 725	1, 650 1, 545
1949—4-V: Sed 4D 5	1, 675	1,770
VOLESWAGEN (GREMAN) Skyway: 480 530 565 1986-6 9G Champion: 75	75	75
Deluxe: Sed Cpe 6. 445 495 545 Sed 4D 6. 1,555	1,630	1,640 L 615
Sed'S S Top	1, 630	1, 675
Clb Sed 5	1,655	1,680
1940-6 2G Champion (all body Add for O. D. 40 40 Cpe 5	1,655	1,715
1940-6 10A Commander (all body styles)	1,705	1,720 1,690
1940—8 6C President (all body styles) 270 310 315 Cpe 5. 990 1,055 1,065 Sed 2D 6. 1,460 styles) Cpe 5. 1,460 1,00	1,685 1,705 1,630	1,755
Custom: Sed Cruis 5 230 275 425 Sed 4D 6 1,040 1,105 1,125 Add for O, D 75	1,865	1,925
Cpe D D 5. 340 380 425 Cpe Clb 5. 1,000 1,005 1,100 1950-617A Commander:	145	165
Cpe Opera 5. 235 280 495 Cpe Bus 3. 980 1,040 1,060 Deluxe: Cpe 3. 270 320 395 Cpe Clb Con 5. 1,110 1,173 1,265 Sed 4D 6. 1,765 Custom Deluxe: 55 55 55 55 55 Sed 2D 6. 1,785	1,830	1,845 1,825
Sed Cruis 5	1,830	1,870
Cpc D D 5. 305 355 425 8ed 4D 6. 1,135 1,130 1,180 8ed 4D 6. 1,805 6 1,135 1,130 1,180 8ed 4D 6. 1,805	1,880 1,865 1,880	1,905 1,870 1,925
Delixa Tone: 260 410 455 Cope Bas 3 1,000 L,115 1,130 Con 5 1,970 Land Conject	2,045	2,115
Sed Clb 3 345 395 330 Sed 4D 6 1,170 1,235 1,225 Sed 4D 6 1,885 Coa D D 5 330 380 455 Sed 2D 6 1,150 1,215 1,190 Add for O.D. 75	1,955	1,990
Cpe Opera 5. 330 380 440 Cpe Clb 5. 1, 160 1, 225 1, 340 Add for Auto Trans. 130 Cpe 3. 300 350 425 Cpe Bus 3. 1, 105 1, 165 1, 185 1, 165	145	165
1941—0 11.4 Commander: Land Order: Land Commander: Land Comm	1,945	1,870
Land Cruis 6	1,945	1,790
Cpe Sed 6. 355 405 400 Deluxe: Deluxe Tone: 1, 205 1, 250 1, 240 Sed 4D 6. 1, 895	1,970	1,900
Cruis Sed 6. 380 430 480 Cpc 5. 1, 195 1, 260 1, 265 Cpc 3. 1, 195 1, 275 Cpc 3. 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 1, 195 1, 19	1,965 1,905	1,955 1,830
Land Cruis 6. 410 470 515 Regal Delux: 1 240 1 250 1 280 Sed 4D 6. 1,940	2,020	1,945
Cpe Sed 6 300 445 485 Sed 2D 6 1,225 1,275 1,285 8ed 2D 6 1,925 Add for O, D 20 20 20 Cpe 5 1,235 1,235 1,235 1,306 Cpe 5 1,935 101-8 7 C President: Cpe 3 1,189 1,215	2,620	1,915 2,000 1,875
	2,265 85	2,200
Deluya Tener	165	195
Cruis Sed 6. 335 405 465 Sed 2D 6. 1, 305 1, 335 1, 330 Sed 4D 6. 2, 070 Shaware 1, 305 1, 305 1, 305 1, 305 Sed 2D 6. 2, 050	2,145 2,120	2,055
Land Cruis 6. 306 455 510 Crps 7 450 Land Cruis 6. 275 450 490 Regal deluxe: State:	2,145	300000
Cpc Sed 6. 1, 370 1, 416 1, 300 Sed 2D 6. 2, 885 2D 6. 2,	2,200 2,175 2,200	2, 120 2, 085 2, 155
Castom: 1, 305 1, 350 1, 350 1, 300 Lond Criticor 2, 335	2, 420	2, 340
Cib Sed 5. 295 430 470 Land Cruiser: Coe DD 5. 295 430 450 5. 294 470 Land Cruiser:	2, 270	2, 210 95 195
Deliustyle: 40x 40x 1949-6 8G Champion: WILLY-OVERLAND	165	100
Ctb Sed 5	205	235
Cpc 3. 380 425 465 Sed 2D 6. 1, 345 1, 410 1, 385 1941—4 441 Americar: Cpc 3. 380 425 465 Cpc 5. 1, 355 1, 415 1, 460 Speedway: 1942—6 12A Commander: 20 20 25 Cpc 5. 1, 355 1,	220	978
Custom: 150 405 505 Sad 4D 6 1.405 1.470 1.465 Deluve:	180	275
Cruis Sed 6. 430 480 510 Sed 2D 6. 1, 295 1, 455 1, 435 Sed 4D 5. 215 Sed Cpc 6. 415 465 505 Cpc 5. 1, 405 1, 465 1, 405 Cpc 2. 170	250	285 255 315
Land Cruis 6 475 525 550 Con 5 1,500 1,600 1,635 Plaintman:	255	295
Sirvage Add for G. D	220	270
Land Cruis 6	280	200
Sed Cpe 6. 463 515 545 Cpe 8. 1,520 1,520 1,610 Sed 4D 5. 245 Add for O. D. 20 20 25 Cpe 3. 1,450 1,520 1,495 Cpe 2. 205		

	Cell	ing pric	e in
	A	В	0
			-
WILLYS-OVERLAND-continued		19 33	
1942-4 442 Americar—Continued Deluxe:	1	1	1 400
Sed 4D 5	\$275 225	\$300 200	\$305 285
Ope 2 Sta Wgn Plainsman:	280	310	330
Red ATYX	290 255	315 280	320
Add for O. D	20	20	25
Sta Wgn	005	670	840
O, D, Std	******		
Sta Wgn O. D. Std 1948–4 63;	780	845	930
1948—4 63; Sta Wgn	870	943	995
O. D. Std	910	540	100
1948—4 VJ-2: Jeepster O. D. Std	875	950	1,010
1948-6 63;	*******		
Sta Sed	950	1,025	1,025
1949-4 63: Sta Wgn 6	1, 105	1, 215	7 100
O. D. Std	*****	******	1, 180
Jeepster 6	1,105	1, 170	1, 190
1949-44 x 4 63: Sta Wgn 6	1, 210	1, 215	1, 430
1949-6 63:	1, 200	1, 200	1,300
Sta Sed	1, 180	1, 230	1,300
O. D. Std	4 170	1.000	* 050
Add for O. D.	1,170	1, 230	1, 250
Jeepster 5	1, 325	1,390	1,580
1950—4 4 x 463-SW: Sta Wgn 6	1, 425	1, 485	1, 590
O D Std		1, 900	1, 000
1950-4 VJ-3: Jeepster 5	1,320	1, 410	1, 545
Add for O. D	60	60	60
1950—6 663; Sta Wgn 6	1, 405	1,470	1,575
O. D. Std	******	******	*,010
Joepster 5	1,395	1, 440	1, 520
Joepster 5	60	60	60
1950—4 473-SW: Sta Wgn 6.	1, 375	1,440	1,610
Add for O. D. 1950—4 4 x 473-SW: Sta Wgn 6	60	60.	60
1950-4 473-VJ:	1, 475	1,535	1,630
Jeepster 5	1, 375	1, 425	1, 590
1950—6 673-SW; Sta Wgn 6	1,395	1,400	1, 600
8ta Wgn 6	60	60	60
1950—6 673–VJ: Jeepster 5. Add for O. D.	1,440	1,480	1, 565
1951-4 473-8W:		1000	60
Sta Wgn 6. Add for O. D.	1,800	1,905	1, 915
1951-44 x 473-SW: Sta Wgn 6	1,970	2,065	2, 270

[F. R. Doc. 52-1171; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 4:00 p. m.]

1,750

1,840

1,845

1,930

1,705

1,975

Jeepster 5. Add for O. D. 1931-6 673-8W; Sta Wgn 6. Add for O. D. 1951-6 673-VJ;

Add for O. D....

[Ceiling Price Regulation 34, Supplementary Regulation 11] CPR 34-Services

SR 11-PROFESSIONAL BASEBALL

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Supplementary Regulation 11 to Ceiling Price Regulation 34 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This Supplementary Regulation 11 to Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended, establishes the dollars and cents ceiling prices which may be charged for admission to the baseball parks in which the major league baseball club teams play their home games. It also establishes a method, within the framework of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, whereby other professional baseball clubs may compute ceiling prices for admission.

Admission charges for baseball games ordinarily are established at the end of one season for the next following season and tickets are printed accordingly. Admission charges for major league baseball games generally have not been increased since 1948. Increased costs, including player salary increases approved by the Salary Stabilization Board, traveling expenses while on the road, and maintenance expense for baseball parks have all contributed to the necessity of permitting certain increased admission prices for baseball games.

Under Ceiling Price Regulation 34 charges for certain seasonal services may be increased for the 1951 season by a percentage over the charges made during the same season in which the service was delivered in 1950. The policy underlying ceiling prices established by this regulation for seasonal services would normally permit professional baseball clubs to increase the ceiling price on admission charges by 8 percent over 1950 admission charges which is the maximum permitted under Ceiling Price Regulation 34.

In the case of the major league base-

ball clubs the dollars and cents ceiling prices established in this supplementary regulation represent an over-all average increase well within the permissible 8 percent increase over the 1950 admission charges. However, the greater part of such increase will benefit those major league baseball clubs which have not increased their admission charges for many years and have prices below the levels heretofore charged by other clubs.

In keeping with traditional industry practice this regulation also permits all baseball clubs to charge their customary price differentials for such special events as an All-Star game, a post-season cham-

pionship series, and the like,

It has been impracticable to consult formally with industry advisory committees. However, representatives of organized professional baseball clubs have been consulted and consideration has been given to their recommendations. In the judgment of the Director of Price Stabilization, the prices established by this supplementary regulation are generally fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950. as amended.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

1. What this regulation does.

2. Applicability of Ceiling Price Regulation

3. Ceiling prices in general.

4. Ceiling prices for special events.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 4 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat, 816, as amended; 50 U.S.C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply Title IV, 64 Stat. 803, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2101-2110. E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.

Section 1. What this regulation does. This regulation establishes the ceiling prices which may be charged at the home parks of professional baseball clubs as set forth in section 3 and Appendix I of this supplementary regulation.

Sec. 2. Applicability of Ceiling Price Regulation 34. All provisions of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended, except as changed by the pricing provisions of this supplementary regulation shall remain in effect. However, the filing requirements of section 18 (c) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34 do not apply to major league baseball clubs.

Sec. 3. Ceiling prices in general—(a) Major leagues. (1) The ceiling prices for admission to baseball games played on the home fields of major league baseball clubs are set forth in Appendix I of this supplementary regulation. Admission prices for all classes of seats or accommodations not specifically listed in Appendix I shall remain the same as prices charged for those classes of seats or accommodations during the 1951 season.

(2) The ceiling prices for admission to pre-season or other exhibition games not at a major league club's home baseball park shall be the admission price charged in 1950 for similar games, exclusive of Federal, State and local taxes on admissions, increased by eight (8%) percent and adjusted to the nearest nickel.

(b) Other professional baseball clubs. (1) The ceiling prices for admission to baseball games played by all other professional baseball clubs shall be the admission charge made during the 1950 baseball season, exclusive of Federal, State and local taxes on admissions, increased by eight (8%) percent and ad-

justed to the nearest nickel.

(2) Instead of increasing admission charges for all types of seats by the permitted 8 percent, a non-major league baseball club may determine this increase on the basis of a day's total admission revenues less admission taxes during the 1950 season computed for its capacity attendance and then multiply by 8 percent. It may then increase the dollars and cents price for one or more class of seats, as it sees fit, provided that the total increase in admission revenues, less admission taxes, based upon capacity attendance remains within the permissible 8 percent authorized increase.

SEC. 4. Ceiling prices for special events. Ceiling prices for admission to special games (World Series, All-Star Games, and the like) played by all professional baseball clubs, not specifically covered by this supplementary regulation, shall be computed in accordance with ceiling prices established by this supplementary regulation on the basis of the customary differential, if any, charged for these special games in 1951.

Effective date. This Supplementary Regulation 11 to Ceiling Price Regulation 34 shall be effective on January 29, 1952.

> MICHAEL V. DISALLE, Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 24, 1953.

APPENDIX I

MAJOR LEAGUES

[All ceiling prices include Federal, State, and local admission taxes]

local admission taxes]	
American League C	eiling
Boston:	prices
Box seats \$3.60	
Reserved seats General admission	1.80
Bleacher	. 60
Chicago:	
Box seats	2,50
Reserved seats	2.00
General admissionBleacher	. 60
Cleveland:	
Box seats	2, 23
Reserved seats	1.65
General admission	1,25
Detroit:	
Box seats	2.50
Reserved seats	1.75
General admission	1.20
BleacherNew York:	.00
Box seats	3,00
Reserved seats	2.00
General admission	1, 25
BleacherPhiladelphia:	. 60
Box seats	2, 75
Reserved seats	2.00
General admission	1.30
BleacherSt. Louis:	. 78
Box sents	2.25
Reserved sents	1.85
General admission	1.35
Bleacher	.75
Washington; Box seats	2.50
Reserved sents	1.75
General admission	1.25
Bleacher	.60
Boston:	
Box seats 3.60 Reserved seats	1, 80
General admission	1.20
Bleacher	. 60
Brooklyn:	10.00
Box seats3.00	
Reserved seats	
Bleacher	. 60
Chicago:	
Box seats	2.50
Reserved seats	2.00
Blencher	.60
Cincinnati:	
	-2.00
Reserved seats 2,00 General admission	1. 25
Bleacher	. 65
New York:	
Box seats	3.00
Reserved seats	2.00 1.25
Bleacher	.60
Pittsburgh:	
Box seats	2.75
Reserved seats	2.20
Bleacher	1.40
Philadelphia:	1.00
Box seats	2.75
Reserved seats	2.00
General admission	1,30
Bleacher	.75
St. Louis:	1
Box sents	2, 25
Reserved seats	1.85
Bleacher	1.00
[F. R. Doc. 52-1112; Filed, Jan. 24,	
3:54 p. m.]	1952;

[General Ceiling Price Regulation, Supplementary Regulation 45, Revision 1]

GCPB, SR 45—ADJUSTMENT OF CEILING PRICES FOR ICE

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended (Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong., Pub. Law 96, 82d Cong.), Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105) and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this revised Supplementary Regulation 45 to the General Ceiling Price Regulation (16 F. R. 808) is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This revision of Supplementary Regulation 45 (SR 45) to the General Ceiling Price Regulation provides for adjustment of ceiling prices of ice distributors in the same manner as SR 45 now provides for adjustment of ceiling prices of ice manufacturers and harvesters. In addition this revision provides for adjustment in the ceiling prices of ice distributors to reflect certain increases in the cost to them of the ice which they resell.

The statements of considerations accompanying SR 45 and Amendment 1 thereto are incorporated herein by reference. This statement of considerations will discuss only those changes in SR 45 made by this revision.

Since the issuance of SR 45, it has become clear that the special circumstances of the ice industry and the precarious financial condition of ice distributors make it necessary to provide ceiling price adjustments for ice distributors identical to that which SR 45 has afforded ice manufacturers and harvesters.

In many communities there is danger of a shortage of ice due to the possible cessation of business by distributors unable to continue to distribute ice at a profit because of decreasing margins. Many distributors, faced with a constantly declining volume and increasing costs, have little or no margin to cover their costs.

In many smaller communities there is only one ice distributor, and no manufacturer or harvester. If the level of ceiling prices of such a distributor is so low that it is impossible for him to do business at a profit, the possibility of a shortage of ice in that area is just as great as it would be if the only manufacturer or harvester of ice in that area had celling prices that did not yield a profit. Thus, in many cases the need for relief to a distributor of this vital commodity is just as great as it is for relief to a manufacturer or harvester. Since the consequences of an unprofitable level of ceiling prices, and possible resulting failure of supply, are as serious for an ice distributor as they are for a manu-facturer or harvester, this revision allows adjustment of ceiling prices of distributors on the same basis as is provided for manufacturers and harvesters.

The ice distributor often has an additional cost due to the increased price of the ice he resells. Since distributors are unable to absorb this increased cost, section 6 of this revision permits a distributor to adjust his ceiling prices to reflect

higher ice costs under specified conditions. Any adjustment in ceiling prices permitted under section 6 will be separate and distinct from the general adjustment provided for under section 3 of this revision in the event of financial hardship or probable failure of supply. However, the former adjustment will, of course, be considered in determining the need for any adjustment under section 3.

In the judgment of the Director of Price Stabilization the ceiling prices established by this revised supplementary regulation are generally fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

So far as practicable the Director of Price Stabilization gave due consideration to the national effort to achieve maximum production in the furtherance of the objectives of the Defense Production act of 1950, as amended; to minimum requirements of the law including prices prevailing during the period from May 24, 1950, to June 24, 1950, inclusive; and to relevant factors of general applicability.

To the extent practicable, persons representing important segments of the industry have been consulted in the preparation of this revision and their recommendations have been fully considered.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Sec.

1. What this revised regulation does.

2. Who may apply for an adjustment.
3. How to apply for an adjustment.

4. When an adjustment will be granted.

5. Who may disapprove an adjustment.

 Adjustment for distributors for increased cost of ice.

 Alternative adjustment for manufacturers, harvesters or distributors who have customarily had seasonal prices.

 Continued applicability of General Celling Price Regulation.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 8 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup., 2154. Interpret or apply Title IV. 64 Stat. 803. as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2101-2110, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.

Section 1. What this revised regulation does. This revised regulation establishes a procedure for and standards under which ice manufacturers', harvesters', and distributors' ceiling prices may be adjusted.

Sec. 2. Who may apply for an adjustment. You may apply for an adjustment under this revised regulation if you are a manufacturer, harvester or distributor of ice.

Sec. 3. How to apply for an adjust-(a) Despite the provisions of Article III of Price Procedural Regulation 1, Revised, you must, in order to apply for an adjustment under this revised regulation, write to the Director of the District Office of Price Stabilization for the district in which your ice business is located. If, however, your ice business cuts across more than one district, you will have to write to the appropriate Regional Director. Moreover, in any case in which that business cuts across more than one region, you will have to write to the Director of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

(b) If you are a manufacturer or harvester of ice, you shall apply separately for each plant for which you are seeking an adjustment. If you are a distributor of ice with more than one selling unit (other than units within the same marketing area making sales at uniform ceiling prices), you shall apply separately for each selling unit for which you are seeking an adjustment, You may apply on OPS Public Form 69, Revised, which may be obtained from any OPS District Office. Whether or not you use the form, you must, in addition to requesting an adjustment, give the following information:

(1) The prices at which you were sell-

ing ice on June 24, 1950;

(2) Your ceiling prices under the Gen-

eral Ceiling Price Regulation;

(3) A profit and loss statement in relation to your ice business for your most recent fiscal year, but (i) if you have no profit and loss statement, then a statement of your expenditures and income in relation to such business as reported and reflected in your most recent federal income tax return, or (ii) if you have no separate accounts for ice, a statement of expenditures and income for your over-all operations and an estimate of the expenditures and income attributable to your ice business;

(4) The dates and amounts of any price changes you have made since the beginning of your most recent fiscal

year:

(5) The dates and amounts of any wage or salary increases you have granted since the beginning of your most recent fiscal year;

(6) The tonnage of ice you sold during your most recent fiscal year, and an estimate of your sales to each class of pur-

chaser; and

(7) A statement of your customary seasonal price changes during your most

recent fiscal year.

(c) If you are a manufacturer or harvester of ice with more than one plant, the information required by subparagraphs (1) through (7) must be sub-mitted for each plant for which you are seeking an adjustment to the extent that the information varies from plant to plant. If you are a distributor of ice with more than one selling unit (other than units within the same marketing area making sales at uniform celling prices), the information required by subparagraphs (1) through (7) must be submitted for each unit for which you are seeking an adjustment to the extent the information varies from unit to unit.

Sec. 4. When an adjustment will be granted. (a) An adjustment in your ceiling prices will be granted whenever the Director or his authorized representative finds, on the basis of the information you have supplied and such other information as may become available to him, that:

(1) You are currently suffering a loss on your net sales of ice or that the level of your earnings on such sales is such that if you should have to continue for a substantial period to sell ice at the prices established by the General Ceiling Price Regulation, a threat will arise that you will not be able to continue to supply ice in the area involved;

(2) The financial position in which you find yourself is not substantially attributable to temporary, non-recurring factors or to some factor other than your ceiling prices; and

(3) The granting of the adjustment will not be inconsistent with the purposes of the Defense Production Act of

1950, as amended.

(b) If it is found that your ceiling prices should be adjusted, the amount of adjustment will be such as the Director or his authorized representative determines to be necessary in order to enable you to continue to supply ice in the area of your operation. However, in determining the amount of adjustment, the Director or his authorized representative will consider prevailing prices for ice in your area and the amounts by which ice prices were increased generally between the outbreak of the Korean war and the issuance of the General Ceiling Price Regulation.

SEC. 5. Who may disapprove an adjustment. The Director of Price Stabilization or his designee may disapprove an adjustment made by one of his authorized representatives whenever he finds that the adjustment was not a proper one under this regulation. However, if he finds that an adjustment is nevertheless warranted under this revised regulation. he may order a new superseding adjust-

SEC. 6. Adjustment for distributors based on increased cost of ice-(a) Adjustment. If you are an ice distributor and your cost of ice has increased because your supplier has been granted an adjustment under this revised supplementary regulation, or if your supplier has discontinued the sale of ice and you are thus forced to buy from a different supplier, your ceiling prices for ice are increased by the dollars-and-cents amount by which your current net invoice cost of ice exceeds your highest net invoice cost of ice during the period December 19, 1950, through January 25, 1951. The amount of increases permitted must be allocated proportionately to each of your units of sale.

Example. Your cost of ice has been increased from \$6.50 to \$7.30 per ton. Your unadjusted ceiling price for cash sales at station is 80¢ per cwt. for sales of less than 100 lbs., or 20¢ for 25 lbs. The \$0.80 per ton increase in cost to you is 4¢ per cwt. Your adjusted ceiling price for cash sales at station is 84¢ per cwt. for sales of less than 100 lbs., or 21¢ for 25 lbs.

(b) Records. If your ceiling prices are adjusted under the provisions of paragraph (a), above, you must preserve until two years after the expiration of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, the following:

(1) A billing to you which shows your highest net invoice cost during the period December 19, 1950, through Janu-

ary 25, 1951;
(2) The first billing to you which reflects an adjustment of your supplier's ceiling prices under this revised regula-

(3) The last billing to you of your former supplier and the first billing to you of your new supplier, if your former supplier has discontinued the sale of ice and

you have thus been forced to buy from the new supplier.

SEC. 7. Alternative adjustment for manufacturers, harvesters and districttors who have customarily had seasonal prices. (a) (1) This section applies to you if (i) you are a manufacturer, a harvester, or a distributor of ice and (ii) as to your sales to any given class of purchaser, the highest price you received for a customary sale in December 1950, was lower than the highest price you received for a customary sale in July

(2) In that case, you may, during each month of 1951 and every subsequent year, without filing an application under the provisions of this revised supplementary regulation, adjust your ceiling price otherwise determined under the General Ceiling Price Regulation for sales to a class of purchaser up to the highest price you received for a customary sale to the same class of purchaser in the corresponding month of 1950. If you use this section to increase, during any month, a ceiling price established under the General Ceiling Price Regulation, you may not, during any month of the same calendar year, charge more than your highest price during the same month of 1950, except as adjusted by other sections of this supplementary regulation.

Example. The highest price you received during December, 1950, for ice, domestic trade delivered, in sales of less than 100 lbs., was 70¢ per cwt. or 35¢ per 50 lbs. This be-came your celling price under the General Celling Price Regulation. The highest price you received during July, 1950, for the same type of sale was 80¢ per cwt. or 40¢ for 50 lbs. Your seasonally adjusted price, apart from adjustment under any other section of this regulation, for July in any year is 80¢ per cwt. or 40¢ per 50 lbs. Your ceiling price for this type of sale in December of any year is 70¢ per cwt. or 35¢ for 50 lbs.

(b) You may not adjust your ceiling prices under this section unless you first conspicuously post on each of the premises where you sell ice the monthly prices and the dates in 1950 on which you established such monthly prices on which you rely as demonstrating that you have a seasonal pricing pattern.

SEC. 8. Continued applicability of General Ceiling Price Regulation. All provisions of the General Ceiling Price Regulation, except as modified by this revised supplementary regulation, continue to apply to you even though you may be authorized under this revised regulation to adjust your ceiling prices.

Effective date. This revised supplementary regulation is effective January 30, 1952,

Note: The record-keeping and reporting requirements of this revised supplementary regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942,

EDWARD F. PHELPS, Jr., Acting Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 25, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1172; Filed, Jan. 25; 1952; 4:00 p. m.]

[Celling Price Regulation 73, Amendment 2] CPR 73—FOOD PRODUCTS SOLD IN THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

CEILING PRICES FOR LIVE HOGS AND FORK
AT RETAIL

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended (Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong., Pub. Law 96, 82nd Cong.), Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Amendment 2 to Ceiling Price Regulation 73 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

Ceiling Price Regulation 73 was designed for establishing ceiling prices for the sale of food products in the Virgin Islands.

This Amendment 2 to Ceiling Price Regulation 73 adds live hogs and locallyproduced uninspected pork to the list of livestock and meat products respectively on which dollar and cent ceiling prices have been established. Pork is a very important item in the diet of the

people of the Virgin Islands.

The Amendment corrects certain inequities between the price of live hogs and retail pork which exist under the General Ceiling Price Regulation. Section 14 (s) (6) of the General Ceiling Price Regulation exempts live animals from price control. However, retail sellers of pork are frozen by the GCPR at the level of prices they received in the period December 19, 1950, to January 25, 1951. An increase in the price of hogs, therefore, would severely squeeze the

gross margin of retail butchers.

The ceiling price for live hogs sold in the Municipality of St. Croix is established at 19 cents per pound, two cents per pound above the ceiling price of 17 cents established for sales in the Municipality of St. Thomas and St. John. This differential is justified by the fact that hogs sold in the Municipality of St. Croix are partly grain fed; whereas most of the hogs sold in St. Thomas and St. John are raised on the British island of Tortola and are not grain fed.

The ceiling prices established for fresh pork not inspected by U. S. Government inspectors are the same as the General Ceiling Price Regulation ceiling prices. Ceiling prices of fresh pork in the Municipality of St. Croix reflect the historical trade practice of retailing all cuts and classes, except head and feet, at one price. Retail butchers in the Municipality of St. Thomas and St. John sell pork according to cuts, and prices vary accordingly.

In formulating this amendment, the Director of Price Stabilization has consulted with representatives of the industry, and has given full consideration to their recommendations. In the opinion of the Director, the provisions of this amendment are generally fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purposes of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Ceiling Price Regulation 73 is amended in the following respects: 1. A new section following Sec. 2.2, Sec. 2.3, is added as follows:

SEC. 2.3 Hogs. Ceiling prices for the sale of live hogs are established as follows:

	Celling price	delivered in
	Municipality of St. Croix	Municipality of St. Thomas and St. John
Hogs, per pound	\$0, 19	\$0.17

2. A new section following Sec. 3.2, Sec. 3.3, is added as follows:

Sec. 3.3 Pork. (a) Definition, "Pork" means meat derived from the carcasses of hogs.

(b) Ceiling Prices. Ceiling prices for the sale at retail and at wholesale of pork, not inspected by U. S. Government inspectors and produced in the Virgin Islands of the United States, are established as follows:

(1) Sales in the Municipality of St. Croix:

Description	Unit	Cell- ing price
Head, feet	Per pounddodo	\$0, 20 ,45

(2) Sales in the Municipality of St. Thomas and St. John:

Description	Unit	Ceil- ing price
Cuts; Leg Chops Loin Shoulder Brisket Belly Head and Jowls Feet	dodododododododododododo	\$0. 45 . 45 . 40 . 35 . 35 . 30

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U.S. C. App. Sup., 2154)

Effective date. This Amendment 2 to Ceiling Price Regulation 73 shall become effective January 30, 1952.

EDWARD F. PHELPS, Jr., Acting Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 25, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1173; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 4:00 p. m.]

Chapter IV—Salary and Wage Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

Subchapter B Wage Stabilization Board [General Wage Regulation 15, Interpretations]

INTERPRETATIONS OF GENERAL WAGE REGULATION 15

 Q—All of our employees are currently being paid on an hourly basis. In order to increase productivity we would like to install an incentive system for all jobs that can be placed on incentive, by using well established engineering techniques. May we institute the incentive system under GWR 15 without prior approval of the WSB?

A—No. You must file a petition for prior approval by the WSB of this new incentive system with the local offices of the Wage and Hour Division, U. S. Dept. of Labor. Form WS-100 must be used

for this purpose.

2. Q—We have two plants, one located in New York State, the other in Tennessee. The New York plant has been on an incentive system for several years. We would like to extend this system to the Tennessee plant, using the identical techniques and principles as are in effect in New York. May this extension be put into effect without prior WSB approval?

A-No.

3. Q—Early in 1950 our company started installing incentive systems in the various departments of our plant, governing direct production employees. By January 25, 1951, the system was in operation in three of the departments. Studies have now been completed with respect to the three remaining departments. May the system be put into effect with respect to such employees in the three remaining departments under GWR 15 without prior approval of the WSB?

A—Yes. An existing incentive system may be extended to cover new employees and new jobs in the plant provided that a substantial number of the employees and jobs are covered by the existing incentive system.

4. Q—We have a plant in which there has been an incentive system for the direct production employees for several years. It is now proposed to institute incentives for the indirect production employees in these same departments, Some of the indirect production jobs are capable of direct measurement, and for such jobs we intend to make studies in the same manner, and establish standards using the same principles as for the direct production employees.

Employees on jobs which are not capable of direct measurement are to be combined into groups, one group for each department. We have developed a standard ratio of direct hours to indirect labor hours for each group based upon past records and studies. Each employee in the department will receive a percentage of his weekly earnings based upon the percentage by which this established standard ratio exceeds the actual ratio in future payroll periods. May these new incentives be instituted under GWR 15 without prior WSB approval?

A—Upon these facts you may institute incentives for those indirect production jobs which are capable of direct measurement under GWR 15, without prior WSB approval, provided that the same ratesetting or engineering principles and allowances in effect for existing jobs are followed with respect to these indirect jobs.

The installation of the indirect-direct hours worked ratio incentive system for the remainder of the employees may not be put into effect under GWR 15, but requires prior WSB approval.

5. Q-In several departments of our plant we have paid our foremen 1 under an incentive plan which resulted in bonus payments based upon the average production bonus earned by all of the employees under their direct supervision. Thus, if the ten employees within the group earn an average bonus for the particular week of 20 percent, the foreman receives 20 percent. It is now proposed to extend this plan to all foremen in all departments where incentives are in effect.

(1) May this be done within the limitations of GWR 15 without prior WSB

approval?

(2) Could such a plan be adopted for foremen if no such plan were in effect

in the plant?

A-(1) If the same incentive plan for foremen is in effect in the plant, it may be extended to cover all those foremen whose employees are paid on an incentive basis without prior WSB approval, within the limitations of GWR 15.

(2) If the relating of the earnings of foremen to that of direct production emplovees under their direct supervision has not previously been in effect in the plant the institution of an incentive plan based upon such a relationship would

require prior WSB approval.

6. Q-We have a standard hour incentive system in effect for operations in our production departments, and now want to install a plan for our shipping department. It will be a group incentive, based upon the ratio of labor costs to dollar value of goods shipped. This ratio has been developed from production records of the past six months, and negotiations with the union. May we institute the proposed incentive method of wage payment in the shipping department in this manner without prior WSB approval under GWR 15?

A-No. The described incentive plan for the shipping department requires prior Board approval inasmuch as it involves rate-setting principles not heretofore applied, and depends upon a ratio not heretofore in operation in the plant.

7. Q-We are in the process of modernizing our plant, and at the same time have reached agreement with the union to transform our historically developed system of piece rates into a standard hour type incentive plan. May this modification of our plan, to take effect as the modernization of each department is completed, be put into effect without prior WSB approval?

A-No. Such a substitution of one type of incentive plan for another re-

quires prior WSB approval.

8. Q-Because of shortages we are now unable to purchase the same types of materials for our products, with the resuit that it takes longer for our machine operators to perform the operations required. May we adjust the allowed time for producing these items so as to reflect this change without prior WSB approval?

A-Yes. Section 1 (a) (2) permits such adjustments to be made provided that they conform to the criteria for

"It should be noted, however, that many foremen may be within the jurisdiction of the SSB and not the WSB.

establishing standards and rates as set forth in section 2.

9. Q-New machines were installed several months ago, and new standards were set for operations on them at that time. The operators on these machines have not been able to exceed the standards set by more than 10 percent, even though they earned an average bonus over base rates of 25 percent on the old machines. In accordance with our established practice of reviewing new rates, we have re-studied the jobs and find that the production standards are too tight. May we put into effect the results of our new studies without prior WSB approval?

A-Yes. Section 1 (a) (2) of GWR 15 permits the adjustment of newly installed or changed incentive or piece rates within a reasonable period of time after the rate is installed where it has been the practice to institute such rates on a "tentative" basis, subject to revision, if necessary, before the rate is deemed "permanent".

10. Q-During the past several years we have made it a practice to negotiate a cost of living bonus with the union, and to grant the amount as a fixed hourly payment which is added to the earnings of the incentive employees at the end of each week. While the guaranteed hourly rate has been changed to reflect these cost of living increases, the base rates on which incentive bonus is calculated have remained unchanged, with the result that the base rates are substantially below the guarantee. This has, in turn, resulted in the incentive earnings which are only slightly in excess of the guarantee, and has created dissatisfaction among the employees because of the low incentive earnings. May we adjust these rates without prior WSB approval?

A-Yes. Section 1 (a) (3) of GWR 15 permits you to raise your base rates by an amount which will yield earnings which will bear the same relationship to the guarantee as when the incentive was originally adopted. In determining the probable yield in earnings that will result from such an adjustment, you should choose a long enough period so that the level of productivity is representative.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U.S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

> NATHAN P. FEINSINGER, Chairman.

(F. R. Doc. 52-1143; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 9:02 a. m.]

Seneral Wage Regulation No. 191 OWR 19-HEALTH AND WELFARE PLANS

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 (64 Stat. 816, as amended by Pub. Law 96, 82d Cong.); Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), Executive Order 10233 (16 F. R. 3503), and General Order No. 3, Economic Stabilization Administrator (16 F. R. 739), this General Wage Regulation No. 19 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

Pursuant to a directive from the Economic Stabilization Administrator dated February 27, 1951, and after having considered the reports of a special tripartite committee of outside experts established by the Wage Stabilization Board on August 3, 1951, the Board has adopted a policy to govern the establishment of new plans and the amendment of existing plans providing for certain health and welfare benefits. These benefits include temporary disability; hospital ex-pense; surgical expense; in-hospital, medical expense; and death benefits on a group term basis, including accidental death and dismemberment benefits. This policy, and the procedures which will be used in carrying it out, are set forth in this regulation and in Board Resolution No. 78.

This policy on health and welfare defines the benefits covered and also contains a set of standards, called "Review Criteria," for the information of employers, or employers and unions, as the case may be, in establishing or improving health and welfare plans. If a plan conforms to the definitions and does not contain a feature listed among the Review Criteria, all that the party (parties) need do is file a report, on a prescribed form, with the Board. The Board will acknowledge receipt of the report, and unless the filing party (parties) is notified to the contrary within 30 days from the date on which the acknowledgment letter was postmarked, the plan may be thereupon immediately put into effect. The definitions are set forth in this Regulation; the Review Criteria are set. forth in Resolution No. 78, which must be read in conjunction with this regulation. The Review Criteria have been listed in a resolution, rather than in this regulation, because such criteria may, from time to time, be changed as experience warrants.

If, however, a plan, or a portion thereof, varies from the definitions or contains a feature listed among the Review Criteria, the party (parties) must so indicate on the prescribed report form. Such form shall, thereupon, automatically constitute a petition for Board approval of such plan or portion. Such a plan or portion thereof cannot be put into effect unless and until the party (parties) receives notification from the Board that such plan or portion has been approved. Any such plan or portion will be reviewed by the tripartite Health and Welfare Committee established by sec-

tion 8 of this regulation.

This regulation contains special provisions relating to coverage for dependents of employees (section 3); extension of existing plans to smaller employment units within the same plant or establishment, and from a group of employees in one geographical unit of a multi-plant employer to a similar group of employees in another geographical unit (section 4): establishment of new or amended health and welfare plans required by Federal or State law (section 5); the relationship of benefits covered hereunder to other Board regulations and resolutions (section 9); and health and welfare plans in existence prior to January 26, 1951, or thereafter approved by the Wage Stabilization Board (section 11). The accompanying resolution contains a spincial provision relating to plans in which

employees pay a portion of the cost thereof (paragraph 4)

The Board has under active consideration the related problems of new and amended pension plans, and it is expected that a regulation or resolution covering such plans will be issued shortly.

In the formulation of the policy incorporated into this regulation and Resolution 78, the Board has given due consideration to the standards and procedures set forth in Title IV and Title VII of the Defense Production Act, as amended, and has obtained the approval of the Economic Stabilization Administrator.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Note: The asterisks are keyed to footnotes which indicate how the Board voted on those portions of this regulation which were not adopted unanimously. Portions not marked by an asterisk received unanimous Board approval.

- 1. Temporary disability, hospital expense surgical expense, in-hospital medical expense benefits.
- 2. Group life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment benefits.
- 3. Coverage for dependents of employees. Extension of existing plans.
- 5. Plans required under Federal or state
- law.
- 6. Procedure for establishing new or modifying existing health and welfare plans which conform to the definitions and do not contain any feature listed among the Review Criteria.
- 7. Procedure for establishing new, or modifying existing, health and welfare plans which do not conform to the definitions or which contain any feature listed among the Review Cri-
- 8. Tripartite Health and Welfare Commit-
- 9. Relationship to other regulations and resolutions. 10. Definition of "plan".
- 11. Plans in effect on or before January 25, 1951, or thereafter approved by the
- 12. Rescission of Board Resolution No. 67.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 through 12 issued Authorit: Sections I through I2 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, Pub. Law 96, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply Title IV, 64 Stat. 803, Pub. Law 96, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2101-2110. E. O. 10161, 15 F. R. 6105, 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.; E. O. 10233, 16 F. R. 3503.

Section 1. Temporary disability, hospital expense, surgical expense, and inhospital medical expense benefits. An employer, or an employer and union, as the case may be, may put into effect a new plan, or modify an existing plan, to provide one or more of the following health and welfare benefits, in whole or in part, subject to the reporting and review provisions of section 6 below, and subject also to the definitions given below.

(a) Temporary disability.* A cash benefit which indemnifies an employee for wage loss while disabled by any injury or illness not compensable under any statute providing compensation for occupational injury or illness. The benefit may be paid whether or not the employee is hospitalized, and may continue during the period of disability up

to a specific maximum duration. In addition, a cash benefit may be paid for injuries or illnesses which are compensable under a statute providing compensation for such injuries or illnesses which will supplement the amount payable under such statute in an amount sufficient to bring the total payment to the employee up to the level provided in the employer's temporary disability plan. The rate of indemnity may be stated either as a flat amount per employee per time period or the amount may be graduated according to the employee's earnings. Paid sick leave, for purposes of this regulation, is not to be considered as a temporary disability benefit.

(b) Hospital expense. Partial or complete payment for any injury or illness not compensable under any statute providing compensation for occupational injury or illness, for (1) hospital room and board charges, for other than private accommodations, and (2) for other hospital costs, typically called "extras" or "miscellaneous charges", e. g., laboratory and X-ray examinations, drugs, and medicines, use of operating rooms. The plan may partially or fully indemnify the patient for costs actually incurred, with payment either to the patient or to the hospital facility rendering the service.

(c) Surgical expense. Partial or complete payment for surgical expenses for any injury or illness, including surgical care in obstetrical cases, not compensable under any statute proving compensation for occupational injury or illness. The plan may partially or fully indemnify the patient for costs actually incurred, with payment either to the person or organization rendering the surgical service, or to the patient himself.

(d) In-hospital medical expense. Partial or complete payment of medical charges for any hospitalized injury or illness, other than those charges covered by surgical or hospital expense benefits, not compensable under any statute providing compensation for occupational injury or illness. The plan may partially or fully indemnify the patient for costs actually incurred, with payment either to the person or organization rendering the medical service, or to the patient himself.

SEC. 2. Group life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment benefits. (a) An employer, or an employer and union, as the case may be, may put into effect a new plan or modify an existing plan, to provide death benefits for death of an employee from any cause, subject to the reporting and review provisions of section 6, below. Any such plan may also include permanent and total disability benefits.

(b) An employer, or an employer and union, as the case may be, may put into effect a new plan or modify an existing plan to provide accidental death and dismemberment benefits, i. e., benefits for accidental loss of life, sight or limbs, subject to the reporting and review provisions of section 6 below.

(c) Benefits provided under para-graph (b) above, may be in addition to any death benefits provided under subsection (a) of this section.

SEC. 3. Coverage for dependents of employees. An employer, or an employer and union, as the case may be, may put into effect a new plan or modify an existing plan to provide hospitalization, surgical, or in-hospital medical expense benefits for employees' dependents, subject to the reporting and review provisions of section 6 below, and provided that the benefits are otherwise consistent with the definitions contained in section 1 above.

Sec. 4. Extension of existing plans. An employer, or an employer and union, as the case may be, may, subject to the reporting and review provisions of section 6, below, extend an existing health and welfare plan, without modification,

(a) To smaller employment units within the same plant or establishment, or

(b) From a group of employees in one geographical unit of a multi-plant employer to a similar group of employees in another geographical unit of the same employer.

Such extension may be made even though the plan does not conform to the definitions contained in sections 1, 2, and 3, above, and although it may contain any feature listed among the Review Criteria set forth in Resolution No. 78.

SEC. 5. Plans required under Federal or State law. An employer, or an employer and union, as the case may be, may put into effect without prior Board approval, and without regard to the reporting and review provisions of section 6, below a new or amended health and welfare plan required by Federal or State

SEC. 6. Procedure for establishing new, or modifying existing, health and welfare plans which conform to the definitions and do not contain any feature listed among the Review Criteria.* (a) If a plan conforms to the definitions set forth in this regulation and does not contain any feature listed among the Review Criteria set forth in Resolution 78, the party (parties) wishing to put such plan into effect shall, prior thereto, file a report on a prescribed form with the Wage Stabilization Board, Washington 25, D. C. The party (parties) shall indicate in the appropriate place on such form that the plan does conform to the definitions and does not contain any feature listed among the Review Criteria. It should be noted that this report, in contrast to other Board forms, is to be filed directly with the National Office of the Board and not with the appropriate Wage-Hour Office of the United States Department of Labor. The forms, however, will be available at Wage-Hour Offices.

(b) The filing party (parties) will be notified by appropriate communication that the report has been received.

(c) If the filing party (parties) receives no further communication pertaining to such plan from the Board within 30 days from the date on which the acknowledgment of the receipt was postmarked, the filing party (parties) may consider that the plan is permissible under this regulation and may, there-

^{*}One or more Industry members dissenting.

(d) In reviewing the plan, the Board's staff will be guided by the definitions stated in this regulation and by the Review Criteria listed in Resolution 78. If the staff should find, contrary to the filing party's statement in the report, that any portion of the plan does not conform to a definition or contains a feature listed among the Review Criteria, the staff shall refer, for review, such portion, or where necessary, the entire plan, to the tripartite Health and Welfare Committee, hereinafter established. In such event, the filing party (parties) will be notified of such referral.

(e) The Committee is authorized to act on such referred plans by majority vote, with any dissenting member having the right to require consideration of the case by the Wage Stabilization Board, It is to be noted that, although a plan may fail to conform to a definition or contain a feature listed among the Review Criteria, the plan may, nonetheless, be approved by the Committee or by the Board. The definitions and Review Criteria are solely for the purpose of determining whether a plan requires re-

view by the Committee.

(f) The Review Criteria set forth in Resolution 78, as well as the definitions stated in this regulation, may from time to time, be revised as experience warrants.

SEC. 7. Procedure for establishing new, or modifying existing, health and welfare plans which do not conform to the definitions or which contain any feature listed among the Review Criteria. (a) If a plan, or any portion thereof, does not conform to the definitions set forth in this regulation or contains any feature listed among the Review Criteria set forth in Resolution 78, the party (par-ties) shall, prior to putting the plan into effect, file the report form prescribed in section 6 with the Wage Stabilization Board, Washington 25, D. C. The party (parties) shall indicate in the appropriate place on such form which portions of the plan do not conform to the definitions or do contain a feature listed among the Review Criteria. Such form shall, thereupon automatically constitute a petition for Board approval of such plan or portion thereof. The filing party (parties) will be notified by appropriate communication that the report has been received.

(b) No benefit which fails to conform to the definitions, or which contains a feature listed among the Review Criteria, may be put into effect unless and until the party (parties) receives notification from the Board that such benefit has received Board approval. Any benefit contained in the plan which does conform to the definitions and does not contain any feature listed among the Review Criteria, may be put into effect in accordance with the provisions of section 6 (c).

(c) Any benefit which does not conform to the definitions, or which contains a feature listed among the Review Criteria, or, where necessary, the entire plan, shall be referred to the Health and Welfare Committee for action. If the entire plan is referred to the Committee,

the party (parties) shall be notified accordingly. The Committee is authorized to act by majority vote, with any dissenting member having the right to require consideration of the case by the Wage Stabilization Board.

SEC. 8. Tripartite Health and Welfare Committee. There is hereby established a tripartite committee; to be called the Health and Welfare Committee. Committee shall perform the functions delegated it under sections 6 and 7, above, and such other functions as the Board may, from time to time, determine. The Committee shall report to the Wage Stabilization Board its actions and recommendations by March 30, 1952, and semi-annually thereafter.

SEC. 9. Relationship to other regulations and resolutions. (a) Health and welfare benefits, as defined in this regulation, may be established or modified only in accordance with the standards and procedures set forth herein; such benefits may not be put into effect through an unexpended balance available under the self-administering provisions of GWR 6 or under any other Board regulation or resolution.

(b) Benefits hereafter approved by the Board under this Regulation will not be offset against increases permissible under any other Board regulation or reso-

(c) Employers who have established or modified any benefit covered by this regulation, under the provisions of GWR 6, subsequent to January 25, 1951, and before the date of this Regulation, may petition the Board for the elimination of cost of such benefit from the amount chargeable against the permissible general wage increase under GWR 6, to the extent that such benefit was so charged.

SEC. 10. Definition of "plan". The word "plan", as used in this regulation, shall include, but shall not be limited to, a health and welfare benefit provided by means of any of the following: A benefit insured through a stock, mutual, or cooperative insurance company; a benefit provided through a prepayment organization; a self-insured plan administered by the employer, the employees, their representatives, a third party, or any combination thereof; any combination of such plans.

SEC. 11. Plan in effect on or before January 25, 1951, or thereafter, approved by the Board. Nothing in this regulation shall be construed to prevent the continuance or renewal of a health and welfare plan which was in effect on or before January 25, 1951, or thereafter approved by the Wage Stabilization

SEC. 12. Rescission of Board Resolution No. 67. Board Resolution No. 67, "Interim Health and Welfare Policy" is hereby rescinded.

Note: The reporting requirements of this Regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

> NATHAN P. FEINSINGER, Chairman, Wage Stabilization Board.

[Resolution 78]

RES. 78-REVIEW CRITERIA TO BE USED BY THE STAFF IN PROCESSING REPORTS ON HEALTH AND WELFARE PLANS

The following resolution is issued:

Note: The asterisks are keyed to footnotes which indicate how the Board voted on those portions of this resolution which were not adopted unanimously. Portions not marked by an asterisk received unanimous Board approval.

1. This resolution establishes review criteria to be used by the staff of the Wage Stabilization Board in determining whether a report of a proposed new or modified health and welfare plan must be referred by the staff to the Health and Welfare Committee. This resolution must be read in conjunction with GWR 19, "Health and Wel-

fare Plans."

2. When any portion of a health and wel-fare plan contains one or more of the following features, hereinafter referred to as Review Criteria, such portion of such plan, or the entire plan, where necessary, shall be referred to the Health and Welfare Committee for action in accordance with section 6 of GWR 19.

3. The Review Criteria are as follows: (a) Temporary disability.
 (1) The existence of any provision for paid sick leave.
 (2) Continuation of benefits for a maxi-

mum duration in excess of 26 weeks.

(3) In the case of illness payments, a waiting period of less than 7 days.

(4) Compensation for wage loss, which, for the group of insured employees as a whole, averages more than 60 percent of the average weekly wages, salaries, and other compensation of the insured employees.

(b) Hospital expense. Any unusual type of benefit, e. g., special nursing; full payment for private room; blood plasma; treatment of tuberculosis, nervous or mental cases for a period in excess of thirty (30) days for each confinement; rest cures.

(c) Surgical expense. (1) Any fee schedule with a maximum allowance in excess of the appropriate Veterans' Administration prepayment surgical plan, or standard \$200 commercial insurance fee schedule.

(2) Any fee schedule in which there are any unusual allowances for specific procedures, e. g., a fee for tonsillectomies which exceeds by a significant amount the corresponding fee in an appropriate Veterans' Administration, prepayment surgical plan, or standard \$200 commercial insurance fee schedule.

(3) Any unusual type of benefit, e. g., dental; plastic surgery for cosmetic or beautifying purposes; major surgery at

home or office.

(d) In-hospital medical expense. (1) Payments in excess of \$5.00 per day, or, if benefits are graduated after the first visit or the first few visits, payments thereafter in excess of \$4.00 per day.

(2) Reimbursement for more than 70 days during which there were visits.

(e) Group life insurance. (1) For all employees except retired employees:

(i) A death benefit provided on any basis other than a group term or equivalent basis, or which provides any cash surrender, paid-up or nonforfeitable loan value.

(ii) An average death benefit per insured employee, including benefits under an existing plan to which the employer contributes. in excess of a total of (a) 85° percent of the average annual wages, salaries, and other

^{*}One or more Industry members dissenting.

compensation of the insured employees, or (b) \$1500.** whichever is the greater, Rounding of the face value of the policy to the next highest multiple of \$250 shall, however, be permissible.

(iii) A permanent and total disability benefit in excess of the face value of the

policy.

(2) For retired employees. (i) A death benefit provided on any basis other than a group term or equivalent basis, or which provides any cash surrender, paid-up or nonforfeitable loan value.

(ii) An average death benefit in excess of (a) 40** percent of the group life in-surance coverage which was provided such employees by the employer prior to retire-ment, or (b) \$1000,** whichever is the greater.

Rounding of the face value of the policy to the next highest multpile of \$250 shall,

however, be permissible.

(iii) A permanent and total disability benefit in any amount.

(f) Accidental death and dismemberment benefits. (1) For all employees except retired employees:

(i) A benefit on any other basis than a

group term or equivalent basis.

- (ii) An average face value per insured em-ployee, including benefits under an existing plan to which the employer contributes, in plan to which the employer contributes, in excess of (a) 85** percent of the average annual wages, salaries and other compensation of the insured employees, or (b) \$1500,** whichever is the greater. Rounding of the face value of the policy to the next highest multiple of \$250 shall, however, be permissible. sible.
- (2) For retired employees: Accidental death and dismemberment benefits in any amount
- (g) Benefits to dependents of employees: Any benefits provided to employees' dependents except in cases where. (1) The employee contributes at least 40 percent of the gross cost of such benefits and

(2) Dependent coverage is limited to an employee's spouse and children under 19 years

of age and
(3) The benefit meets the requirements of section 3 of GWR 19 and does not contain any feature listed among the Review Criteria set forth in this resolution.

Any benefit not satisfying these three requirements shall be referred to the Com-

- (h) Benefits to retired employees. Any benefit provided to retired employees, except those permissible under paragraph (e) (2).
- (i) Benefits provided under statutory plans. Any plan under which the employer supplements, directly or indirectly, statutory temporary disability, hospital, sur-gical, or in-hospital medical expense benefit in an amount which will cause the total of (1) the benefit under the statutory plan and (2) the benefit under the employer's plan to exceed the definitions in GWR 19 or to contain any feature listed among the Review Criteria set forth in this resolution.

 Any other unusual provision.
 Plans in which employees contribute. (a) **In plans under which the employee pays at least 40 percent of the gross cost. of any health and welfare benefit, such benefit shall not be referred to the Committee, even though the benefit may vary from the definitions in GWR 19 or contain a feature listed among the Review Criteria set forth in this resolution. This provision, however, is limited to benefits for employees and does not include benefits for employee dependents. All cases involving benefits for employee dependents are governed by the provisions of section 3 of GWR 19 and paragraph 3 (g) of this resolution.

(b) *This provision does not preclude the Committee or the Board, as the case may be, from approving a benefit where (1) the percentage of employee contribution is less than 40 percent or (2) the employee bears none of the cost. Approval of benefits in such cases will be granted where the plan is found to be not unstabilizing.

NATHAN P. FEINSINGER,

[F. R. Doc. 52-1142; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 9:01 a. m.]

Chapter VI-National Production Authority, Department of Commerce

NPA Order M-88, Amdt. 1 of January 25, 1952]

M-88-ALUMINUM DISTRIBUTORS

This amendment to NPA Order M-88 is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the authority granted by the Defense Production Act of 1950 as amended. In the formulation of this amendment there has been consultation with industry representatives, including trade association representatives, and consideration has been given to their recommendations. However, consultation with representatives of all trades and industries affected in advance of the issuance of this amendment has been rendered impracticable due to the necessity for immediate action and because the amendment affects a large number of different trades and industries.

NPA Order M-88 is amended in the

following respects:

1. The list of aluminum forms and shapes in section 2 (b) is amended to read as follows:

Rolled bar, rod, wire (including drawn wire), structural shapes.

Aluminum cable steel reinforced (ACSR) and bare aluminum cable.

Insulated or covered wire or cable,

Extruded bar, rod, shapes, tubing (including drawn or welded tubing).

Sheet, strip, plate, foil.
Powder (atomized or flake, including paste). Pig or ingot, granular or shot,

2. Section 4 is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following sentence: "Once an election is made, it may not thereafter be changed without written authorization of NPA."

3. Paragraph (c) of section 5 is redesignated as paragraph (d), and a new paragraph (c) is inserted to read as follows:

(c) A distributor is hereby authorized to place purchase orders for aluminum controlled materials with a consumer of such materials who has received delivery thereof, but cannot use them for a purpose permitted by section 17 (b) of CMP Regulation No. 1. Such orders must bear the distributor's AM number and the certification required by section 9 of this order.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, Pub. Law 96, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

This amendment shall take effect January 25, 1952.

> NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY. By JOHN B. OLVERSON. Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1160; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 10:56 a. m.)

Chapter XXI-Office of Rent Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

[Rent Regulation 1, Amdt. 17 to Schedule A] [Rept Regulation 2, Amdt. 15 to Schedule A]

RR 1-Housing

RR 2-ROOMS IN ROOMING HOUSES AND OTHER ESTABLISHMENTS

SCHEDULE A-DEFENSE RENTAL AREA

NEVADA

These amendments are issued as a result of joint certification pertaining to critical defense housing areas by the Secretary of Defense and the Director of Defense Mobilization under section 204 (1) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947. as amended, and a determination as to the relaxation of real estate construction credit controls under section 204 (m) of said act.

Effective January 28, 1952, Rent Regulation 1 and Rent Regulation 2 are amended so that the item of Schedule A set forth below reads as follows:

State and name of defense-rental area	Class	County or counties in defense-rental areas under regulation	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation
Necoda (184a) Hawthorne	A	In Mineral County, Hawthorne Township	Aug. 1, 1950	Jan. 28, 1952

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894)

Issued this 23d day of January 1952.

TIGHE E. WOODS, Director of Rent Stabilization.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1042; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

[Rent Regulation 3, Amdt. 35 to Schedule A] RR 3-HOTEL REGULATION

SCHEDULE A-DEFENSE RENTAL AREA

This amendment is issued as a result of a joint certification pertaining to critical defense housing areas by the Secretary of Defense and the Director of Defense

^{*}One or more Industry members dissent-

ing.
**One or more Labor members dissenting.

Mobilization under section 204 (1) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended, and a determination as to the relaxation of real estate construction credit controls under section 204 (m) of said act.

Effective January 28, 1952, Rent Regulation 3 is amended so that the item of Schedule A set forth below reads as follows:

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental areas under regulation		Effective date of regulation
(184a) Hawthorne	Nevada	In Mineral County, Hawthorne Township.	Aug. 1, 1950	Jan. 28, 1952

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894)

Issued this 23d day of January 1952.

TIGHE E. Woods, Director of Rent Stabilization,

[F. R. Doc. 52-1041; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Production and Marketing Administration

17 CFR Part 949 1

HANDLING OF MILK IN SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, MARKETING AREA

NOTICE OF RECOMMENDED DECISION AND OP-PORTUNITY TO FILE WRITTEN EXCEPTIONS WITH RESPECT TO PROPOSED MARKETING AGREEMENT AND ORDER

Pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 691 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure, as amended, governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), notice is hereby given of the filing with the Hearing Clerk of the recommended decision of the Assistant Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, with respect to a proposed marketing agreement and order regulating the handling of milk in the San Antonio, Texas, marketing area. Interested parties may file written exceptions to this decision with the Hearing Clerk, United States Department of Agriculture. Washington 25, D. C., not later than the close of business the 20th day after publication of this decision in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Exceptions should be filed in quadruplicate.

Preliminary statement. The hearing, on the record of which the tentative marketing agreement and the proposed order were formulated, was conducted at San Antonio, Texas, on August 14-17, 1951, inclusive, pursuant to notice thereof which was issued on July 18, 1951 (16 F. R. 7160).

The material issues of record related to:

- 1. The character of commerce:
- 2. The need for regulation;
- 3. The extent of the marketing area;
- The proper scope of regulation;
 The classification and allocation of milk;
- 6. The determination and level of class prices;
 - 7. Payments to producers; and
 - 8. Administrative provisions.

Findings and conclusions. Upon the evidence adduced at the hearing and the record thereof, it is hereby found and concluded that:

Character of commerce. The handling of milk in the San Antonio marketing area is in the current of interstate commerce and directly burdens, obstructs, or affects interstate commerce in milk and its products.

Substantial quantities of milk produced in states other than Texas are regularly imported to supply the needs of handlers in the San Antonio marketing area. Records of the health authorities indicate that for the first six months of 1951, 8,376,714 pounds of milk from other points were shipped into San Antonio. Much of the imported milk comes from Missouri, Kansas, and Wisconsin. From January 1946 the records show that there have been only seven months that local production of milk equaled consumption. Records of imports available since August 1949 show there were shipments each month, ranging from 248,395 pounds to 1,838,793 pounds per month.

Need for an order. Marketing conditions in the San Antonio marketing area justify the issuance of a marketing agreement and order.

Producers do not participate in the establishment of milk prices in San Antonio. Handlers deal with producers through individual contracts under which payments to producers are for "base" milk and "surplus" milk at the generally prevailing cash prices for such milk in San Antonio. Handlers determine these prices. The rules concerning the establishment of bases and the declaration of surpluses are determined by the handler purchasing the milk.

All handlers in the market appear to pay the same base and surplus prices, Base plans, however, differ between handlers so that producers' returns may differ. While producers as individuals may occasionally verify the weights and tests upon which they are paid for their milk, handlers have not permitted a cooperative association of producers to make systematic checks for the benefit of its members.

Handlers imported supplemental milk from other areas during each month of 1950. Despite this situation, producers received surplus prices for considerable quantities of milk during each month from February through July 1950. In May 1950 all handlers paid surplus prices \$2.00 per hundredweight less than the then current base price for from 11 to 16 percent of their receipts, while they imported 397,805 pounds of Grade A milk that month. Handlers had reduced their price for base milk by 85 cents per hundredweight (from \$5.85 to \$5.00) in March 1950. The total reduction per hundredweight in returns due to the price change and the surplus payments was thus from \$1.08 to \$1.17 during a period when local production was less than the needs of the market.

There is no systematic marketing plan whereby farmers in the San Antonio market are assured of payment for their milk in accordance with its use. Neither is there a procedure whereby producers may participate in the price determinations necessary for the marketing of their milk which because of its perishability must be delivered to the market daily as it is produced. Handlers have not cooperated with the efforts of a cooperative association representing a majority of the producers of the market to negotiate a marketing plan which would provide for producer representation in determining the prices and terms under which farmers market their milk. They claim that any such arrangement would be in violation of state law.

The adoption of a classified price plan based on the audited utilization of handlers and market-wide pooling of returns among producers will provide respectively equal costs to handlers and a fair division among all producers of the returns from the Class I sales of the market. The public hearing procedures required by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act will provide opportunity for representation of producers, handlers and the public in the determination of prices and marketing conditions for milk in the area.

3. Extent of the marketing area. The San Antonio, Texas, marketing area should be defined to include all territory within the boundaries of Bexar County, Texas. All municipal corporations, Federal military reservations, facilities and installations located in the county should be included.

The city of San Antonio and its contiguous suburbs represent the principal urban center of population in Bexar County. There are in addition five Federal military reservations physically located within the county boundaries, some within and some beyond the San Antonio metropolitan area. Ninety-eight percent of all milk sold by handlers whose receiving and bottling plants are located in Bexar County is sold within the county limits.

In addition to that distributed by these handlers, milk is sold in Bexar County by a handler subject to the North Texas order who operates routes in San Antonio, by a handler in an adjoining county who rather regularly serves one military base and by handlers from other markets who occasionally serve military bases.

The evidence indicates that all milk sold for fluid consumption in the county is Grade A milk. The city of San Antonio requires Grade A milk, and any milk sold in the county areas is required by the State of Texas to meet identical requirements if labeled Grade A. While these municipal and state requirements do not apply to the milk purchased under contract for use of military personnel on Federal bases, such milk is purchased on specifications for Grade A milk as defined in the U.S. Public Health Service Standard Milk Ordinance from which the state and city regulations were modeled.

All evidence offered at the hearing supported the use of Bexar County boundaries as the definition of the marketing area.

4. Scope of regulation. The minimum class prices of the order should apply only to that milk eligible for distribution as Grade A milk in the marketing area, or fluid consumption in the Federal bases of the marketing area, which is received directly from the farm on which it is produced at a milk plant at which such milk is packaged in consumer packages and from which it is disposed of in fluid form in the marketing area on wholesale or retail routes, through plant stores, or to a Federal institution or base.

Milk sold in the marketing area is almost exclusively Grade A milk. The health authorities of the City of San Antonio inspect the farms and issue permits to those producers meeting the requirements of the city ordinance whose milk is delivered directly from the farm to bottling plants located in San Antonio or nearby which distribute milk in the city. In addition, however, the farm and plant inspections of other health authorities enforcing similar standards and requirements are recognized for both regular distribution and supplementary supplies. A handler whose receiving and bottling plant is located in Dallas distributes milk inspected and certified as Grade A by the Dallas health officer which is accepted as Grade A milk by the San Antonio authorities. Supplementary supplies needed by local plants are accepted upon the certification of health authorities in the areas from which they originate.

In order to designate clearly what milk is to be subject to the pricing provisions of the order, which processors and dis-tributors are to be subject to regulation and which dairy farmers will participate in the market pool, it is necessary to include in the order definitions of "approved plant", "handler", "producer", and "other source milk." "Approved plant" should be defined as a milk plant approved by the appropriate health authority of the marketing area for the processing of Grade A milk, from which Class I milk (fluid items specifically named elsewhere in the order) is delivered (including delivery by vendors or sale at plant stores) in the marketing area other than to any milk processing plant, or a milk plant supplying Class I milk to a Federal institution or base in the marketing area. This definition will thus include all plants from which Grade A milk is distributed in the marketing area or from which milk is supplied to Federal bases, but will not include plants which may furnish supplementary supplies to the plants from which route sales in the marketing area are made. To include those plants which merely furnish supplementary supplies would involve pricing milk produced in distant areas that is not primarily associated with the San Antonio market. Plants from which route disposition is made in San Antonio are, on the other hand, definitely associated with that market, and it appears from the record that all such plants should be subject to regula-While there is now one such plant that has more extensive distribution in other markets, this plant is subject to regulation of the North Texas order, and would be partially exempt from the San Antonio order under provisions discussed

elsewhere in this decision.

"Handler", to whom the regulatory provisions of the order are applicable, should be defined as the operator of an approved plant in his capacity as such. The handler is the person who receives milk from producers and who is responsible for reporting receipts and utilization of milk and for paying producers

minimum prices.

"Producer" should be defined as any person, other than a producer-handler who produces "approved" milk which is received at an approved plant. The definition should specify "approved" milk as that produced under a permit or rating for the production of milk to be disposed of for consumption as Grade A milk which permit or rating is issued by the appropriate health authority of the marketing area or by another health authority whose certification is accepted by the local health authority. "Approved" milk should also include milk acceptable to Federal agencies for fluid consumption in its institutions on bases located in the marketing area. Provision should be made that any person whose milk is received by a handler subject to another Federal order will not be defined as a producer, since this would result in such person's milk being included in two

The order does not propose to pool the Class I sales of a producer-handler, who is a person operating an approved plant who produces milk but receives no milk from other producers. Any milk they sell to handlers is normally surplus to their own operations; to pool such milk without also pooling the Class I sales producer-handlers make directly would result in a preferential market for producer-handlers as compared with regular producers. Producer-handlers should therefore be excluded from the definition of producers, and the milk they deliver to buying handlers be treated as other source milk. There is, however, one producer-handler in the San Antonio market a part of whose milk is regularly distributed by handlers. Such milk is bottled at the producer-handler's approved plant and distributed under his label without further processing or packaging by the handlers. Class I sales of such milk are not pooled since it is evident that such sales are a normal part of the producer-handler's operation.

One handler bottles milk on a custom basis for a producer who distributes such milk himself. It is concluded that treatment of such receipts as producer milk and the return disposition to the producer as Class I milk is appropriate, Problems arising from discrepancies between the volumes received and returned will be avoided and the parties can arrange the equivalent of a custom bottling fee in the amount of the charge for the packaged milk as compared to payments to the producer. No special provisions of the order are necessary to bring this about, as the producer does not operate an approved plant, and thus does not qualify as a producer-handler.

5. Classification of milk. Milk should be classified in two classes. Class I milk should include all skim milk and butterfat disposed of as Grade A milk or milk products and unaccounted for milk, except for an allowance for plant loss or shrinkage. Class II milk should include all skim milk and butterfat used to produce products not required to be from Grade A milk, disposed of for livestock feed, allowable shrinkage, and inventory variations (plus or minus) of Class I products. The provisions adopted specify as Class I milk those products which the record shows are currently required

to be from Grade A milk.

Unaccounted for producer milk in excess of a reasonable allowance for plant loss should be Class I milk in order to require full accounting by handlers for the use of their receipts. Two percent is considered a reasonable maximum allowance for this purpose. No limit need be placed on shrinkage of other source milk as Class II milk since such milk is deducted from the lowest use class under the allocation provisions. Since it is not feasible to segregate shrinkage of producer milk from that of other source milk in the same plant, total shrinkage is prorated on the basis of the volume of receipts.

To prevent other source milk, which is unpriced, from displacing from Class I the producer milk which is the regular supply of the market, other source milk should be allocated to the lowest use in a handler's plant. A handler proposal that "emergency milk" be defined as approved other source milk imported during temporary periods of sudden changes in demand and allocated pro rata with producer milk should not be adopted. The record indicates that such proposal was made on the erroneous assumption that the provision herein adopted would apply market-wide instead of to individual handlers.

In establishing the classification of milk, the responsibility should be placed upon the handler who first receives milk from producers to account for all milk and milk products received and to prove to the market administrator his claim that such receipts should be classified other than as Class I. The han-dler who first receives milk from producers is the person who is in a position to satisfy this primary need of a class price plan. Such a handler must be held responsible for reporting the proper utilization of such milk and making full payment for it. He must, therefore, maintain records to establish unquestionable proof of the utilization of all milk he receives.

Provision should be made to cover the classification of milk, skim milk and cream transferred to other milk plants, Transfers between approved plants may be at classification agreed upon between the handlers, provided the transferee plant has use in the agreed class, and the prior claim of producer milk over other source milk on Class I utilization is maintained. Transfers to a producerhandler should be Class I milk, since producer-handlers normally purchase from handlers only for fluid uses, Transfers from approved plants to other milk plants should be Class I milk unless it can be shown that the receiving plant did not have Class I use in excess of its receipts from the dairy farmers constituting its regular source of supply.

6. The determination and level of class prices. The Class I milk price should be based upon an economic formula index. This index should be permitted to vary the price only within certain limits. These limits should be determined on the basis of prices paid by the 18 midwestern condenseries specified in the Chicago milk marketing order, plus

certain differentials,

Prices determined under this formula should be modified in accordance with changes in the relationship between the supply of producer milk and the demand for milk in the marketing area.

The index contained in this recommended Class I price formula reflects conditions which affect the local San Antonio milk market. The bulky and perishable nature of fluid milk makes transportation of this product rather costly. For this reason local producers have some price advantage in supplying market needs. Supplemental supplies from outside areas may be called upon under unusual circumstances and when local production in the required volumes becomes too costly to compete with regular supplies from outside sources.

The San Antonio milkshed is located in an area naturally unfavorable to little manufacturing dairying. Very milk is produced in the area and facilities for receiving ungraded milk from producers are almost non-existent. Because of unfavorable production conditions milk prices must be somewhat higher than average in order to encourage farmers to meet the added expenses of dairying. It is considered possible however for San Antonio producers to supply milk in approximately adequate quantities without fixing prices as high as the average cost of developing and transporting regular supplies of milk from areas better adapted to dairying.

It is desirable therefore that the Class I price in the San Antonio market be established at levels which will encourage balance between supply of and demand for milk in the local market so long as that price does not exceed costs of obtaining dependable supplies elsewhere.

The composite index herein provided for setting Class I prices is based on three factors selected to measure important conditions affecting the San Antonio milk market. This index is hereinafter referred to as the "formula index." Each factor is given equal weight. The first of these is the index of wholesale prices published by the U.S. Department of Labor. This index reflects well the general level of prices and its use in the index will aid in maintaining milk prices in line with all other prices in the economy. The wholesale price index is based on a large number of commodities and markets and has widespread recognition.

The second item to be included is a composite index of the cost of mixed dairy feed and labor wage rates on farms in Texas. Dairy farming in the San Antonio milkshed is carried on under a comparatively commercialized basis. Cash expenses, and particularly those for dairy ration, are important on farms of this type. Production of milk tends to be more sensitive to current expenses on such farms than on smaller family farms. Farmers will be able to plan their production with more confidence, and the supply situation will thereby be stabilized if the milk price responds to changes in direct costs of production. Grain and labor are the two most important items of cash expense. Grain is given a weighting of 0.7 because San Antonio producers are unusually dependent upon purchased feeds, Labor is weighted 0.3.

Price reports of the Department of Agriculture are considered to be the best available measures of labor wage rates and dairy ration costs in the milkshed. The average price paid by Texas farmers for all mixed dairy feed (under 29 percent protein) as reported monthly in the publication "Agricultural Prices" and the farm wage rate per day without board or room for Texas as reported quarterly in the publication "Farm Labor" are considered to be the best quo-

tations to use.

In addition to the general price level and cost of producing milk, it is desirable that the formula index reflect changes in consumer demand for milk. What consumer demand will be depends upon level of income, number of consumers, educational programs, price and availability of alternative food items and other factors. It is not possible to reflect all these factors in a formula. Several indices are available which are reasonably well correlated with consumer demand for milk. Of these the index of retail sales of non-durable goods in Texas as prepared by the Bureau of Business Research, University of Texas, appears to be best suited for use in the Class I pricing formula. The coverage of this index appears to be better adapted than that of the department store sales index for the 11th Federal Reserve district since it is confined to the State of Texas. Also it includes a substantially larger sample of the retail sales in the area

The retail sales index as quoted in the Texas Business Review is subdivided into durable and non-durable goods. Of these the non-durable goods index was chosen because the items reflected therein tend to be the staple items of the family budget for which regular expenditures are made. Use of this index will avoid to considerable extent the effects of scare and cyclical buying sometimes experienced in durable goods and will avoid most of the unstabilizing effects of rapid expansion and contraction in the use of consumer credit. Demand for milk is fairly constant. Consumer purchases are more or less regular. Sales of non-durable goods should better reflect changes experienced in demand for milk than would other available indexes, A three months moving average of this index should be used to iron out the effects of accidental factors which would otherwise be reflected in the formula.

It is recommended that the formula index have as a base period the years 1948 through 1950. These years encompass the postwar period when prices, production and consumption for most items were most nearly in equilibrium. Milk production in the San Antonio area was more nearly adequate during each of these three years than any other

for which data are available.

A prewar base is undesirable for San Antonio. The market has undergone far reaching change since that period. Demand for milk as well as supply conditions have altered materially. Class I milk prices are not available for most of the prewar period. In the absence of these data, it is not possible to judge the adequacy of these years for use as a base period. There is no reason however to think that a prewar period would give a better base.

It was proposed by San Antonio handlers that the Class I price be based on manufacturing milk values. No showing was made by proponents that either prices paid for ungraded milk in the North Central States, or butter-powder prices are closely related to local sup-

ply or demand conditions.

Substantial quantities of supplemental milk have been imported by San Antonio handlers at times in the past. It is not evident that the cost of this milk bears a constant relationship to manufacturing milk prices and hence there is no reason to think that the Class I price formula (based on manufacturing milk prices) proposed by handlers would result in a close relation between the price of local milk and the cost of distant supplemental supplies. Except for seasonal surpluses obtained in nearby areas, supplemental milk usually costs handlers more than does Class I milk purchased from producers. Moreover it was not shown to be necessary that Class I prices and the cost of outside supplies be closely related. In any case, the recommended order herein provided does not price milk from outside sources, nor would it limit the movement of such milk when a hanler's receipts from producers were inadequate to supply his Class I needs.

While indexes which reflect local conditions are the best factors on which to base a Class I pricing formula in this market, it is nevertheless desirable to place limits upon the fluctuations in price which this formula may provide. It would not be advisable for the formula to provide prices which would exceed the cost of obtaining suitable milk on a regular basis from the northern dairy

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areas. Neither would it be advisable to allow local prices to fall to a disproportionately low relationship with milk prices in other areas.

Limits should be placed upon the range within which the "formula index" can determine Class I price relative to the cost of obtaining suitable milk from producers in the northern dairy areas. It appears that the best available means to accomplish this is to provide that the formula index may not cause the Class I price to be higher than the average price paid per hundredweight for milk received during the preceding month from farmers at 18 milk manufacturing plants used for determining Class I prices in the Chicago order plus \$3.00 nor lower than such paying price plus \$2.00.

The price arrived at under the foregoing formula should be subject to further modification when milk sales or production indicates this is necessary. None of the factors available for inclusion in a pricing formula reflects all of the conditions important to supply and demand in the San Antonio market. Neither would all of the available indices or prices in combination accomplish this

objective.

Changes in supply or demand conditions not reflected in the formula herein recommended may be expected to cause some disturbance in the balance between milk receipts from producers and sales to consumers. It would be appropriate therefore to make an adjustment in price if milk supplies either fall short of or exceed specified relationships to consumer demand. Whether or not supplies are short of or exceed demand can be measured by the percentage that receipts of milk are of Class I sales,

It is recommended that 3 cents be added to the Class I price for each percentage point by which producer milk falls below 100 percent of Class I sales during the first and second preceding months. Likewise 3 cents should be subtracted from the price for each percentage point which producer milk is above 110 percent of Class I sales for the same period. Class I sales of handlers partially exempted under § 949.61 should be excluded from this calculation since they would have no producer milk under the order herein provided. A limit of 60 cents should be placed on the amount of adjustment, either increase or decrease which this factor may bring about. If supply and demand conditions vary more than enough to bring about a 60-cent adjustment it may be better to deal with such unusual conditions through a hearing or by other means.

If handlers receive less milk from producers than they require for Class I sales it would appear appropriate that some incentive for production be offered but not beyond the point where the cost of supplemental supplies is exceeded. Even though producer milk were equal to Class sales it would no doubt be necessary to import some outside milk in order to cover day to day fluctuations in demand or supply. Production in the San Antonio milkshed has not exceeded Class I sales by more than a few percentage points during recent years and it is doubtful whether the supply-demand provision should operate to provide additional encouragement for milk production at a higher level than 100 percent of Class I sales.

If producer milk equals 110 percent of Class I sales it can be concluded that the market is adequately supplied to provide for such sales and also allow for daily fluctuation in sales and receipts, The supply-demand adjustment should operate therefore to reduce the Class I price whenever supplies exceed 110 percent of Class I sales. If producer milk amounts to more than 110 percent of Class I sales it is probable that handlers would have more milk than required to assure adequate reserves for all Class I sales, and prices should be decreased in order to avoid unnecessary production of milk which must be sold at prices well below those provided by the formula.

A two months base period is recommended for determining the relationship between supplies and Class I sales. The most recent base period should be used so that the price adjustments may be kept as nearly as possible in line with current supply and demand conditions. Use of a two months period will make the utilization percentage more responsive to current conditions. Milk producers require some time to make substantial changes in production. impossible however to forecast accurately what supplies will be necessary for the future, and what prices will being forth these supplies. The best method for keeping production in line with needs is to adjust price in accordance with latest trends in marketing conditions. It appears likely that needs for the near future will be more similar to those of the present than of an earlier period.

No seasonal change is provided in this utilization factor. Production in the San Antonio milkshed has been rather evenly distributed throughout the year. particularly in the most recent period for which data are available. The record indicates that the daily rate of production varied from average by no more than 4 percent during any month of Variations which did occur were somewhat irregular. If production continues to be even no variation in percentage would be needed. Should production begin to fall short of or to exceed needs at any season, the automatic adjustment would provide incentive to correct such a tendency toward disparity between supplies and requirements. This device would be especially desirable to help maintain even production in the absence of other incentive for maintain-

ing level production.

The price which the recommended formula would have provided between 1935 and 1950 is quite closely correlated on an annual basis with the base prices received by farmers as shown in the hearing record.

Based on quotations available November 28, 1951 (of which official notice is hereby taken) the formula price as herein provided would have been \$6.57 for December. Indications at the time of the hearing were that milk production would be below average for several months to come, and consumption would be high. In view of this it is likely that the utilization adjustment would have raised the price somewhat above \$6.57.

Since data for the announcement of a supply-demand adjustment will not be available on the day of the month when the Class I formula price is calculated it will be necessary to postpone the announcement of price until the market administrator has had time to receive and tabulate handler reports.

The supply-demand provision herein recommended cannot become operative until data representing receipts of producer milk and Class I sales for two months are available on which to calculate a utilization percentage. This provision cannot be used therefore until the second month after the reporting provisions of the order become effective.

The Class II price should be based on 92-score butter prices in Chicago, and spray process nonfat dry milk solids prices f. o. b. Chicago area plants. Ice cream and cottage cheese are the primary uses made of Class II milk solids by San Antonio milk dealers. Health authorities in the area permit use of ungraded milk in the manufacture of these products. The aforementioned quotations appear to provide the best available estimates of cost to handlers of obtaining suitable alternaive butterfat and nonfat solids for use in ice cream and cottage Three cents should be subcheese. tracted from the butter quotation and 5 cents from the nonfat solids quotation as a reflection of the manufacturing and marketing margin. Yields of 1.2 and 8.16 should be applied respectively. An over-run of at least twenty percent is commonly experienced in churning butter. Also a yield of 8.5 pounds or more of powder can be expected from 100 pounds of skim milk in a reasonably efficient plant. Since 100 pounds of whole milk testing 4.0 percent contain 96 pounds of skim a yield of 8.16 per 100 pounds of whole milk is provided.

The recommended Class II pricing formula is the same as that proposed by producers except for the allowance for manufacture and marketing on nonfat solids which is slightly higher. Han-dlers opposed the Class II price formula proposed by producers on the grounds that solids from alternative sources were available at lower cost. The recommended allowance has been increased somewhat in recognition of this. This allowance is considered sufficient, since the quality of milk delivered by San Antonio producers is better than that contained in the ungraded products on which the formula is based. Small quantities of Class II milk have considerable value to handlers as reserves to insure adequate milk for Class I needs. It is not likely that very large quantities of Class II milk will be produced under the conditions prevailing in this area.

The yield factors are in line with general market experience, and are closely comparable with those used in many other federally regulated markets.

The Secretary should be given authority to determine alternative or equivalent prices or indexes if any of the prices or indexes on which the operation of the order depends are altered or become unavailable. Unforeseeable circumstances may cause temporary or permanent suspension or alteration of these quotations. It would be better to allow the Secretary to select alternatives or equivalent factors until the quotations are resumed, or until the factors can be reconsidered in a hearing rather than jeopardize the operation of the order.

In this connection one of the indexes herein recommended as a constituent of the formula index will be revised shortly. The U. S. Department of Labor announced November 14, 1951, that beginning with January 1952 the wholesale price index will be placed on a 1947-49 basis, and increased coverage and revised weightings will be instituted. Official notice is hereby taken of this

announcement. It is recommended that the factor of 1.605 herein provided for converting the wholesale price index from its present 1926 base to a 1948-50 base be revised in any decision issued by the Secretary in order to provide for conversion from the new 1947-49 base to a 1948-50 base. Such action will affect the formula index only to the extent that the change from the period 1948-50 to the present differs for the revised wholesale index as compared to the index now published. In any case the change reflected by the revised index would be more appropriate since it will present an improved measurement of the changes in the general price level since the base period of

The minimum prices which handlers are required to pay are for milk testing 4.0 percent butterfat. These should be adjusted upward or downward in accordance with variations from 4 percent in the butterfat content of the milk. The rate of adjustment for each class should be aligned with the respective class prices in order properly to apportion the value of butterfat and nonfat solids in these classes. This adjustment does not affect the class prices for milk of standard test.

It is recommended that extra butterfat above 4.0 percent in Class II milk be priced at 1.20 times the Chicago 92-score butter price. These figures should be converted and payment made on the basis of tenths of a pound. Deductions should be made at the same rate for milk testing less than 4.0 percent butterfat.

Use of the factor 1.20 causes the fat to be priced at a somewhat lower rate than the fat in 92-score butter at Chicago. This lower price should be granted in recognition of the costs and losses of handling and processing the fat in milk received from producers.

The Class I price should also be adjusted in accordance with butterfat content of the milk, but at a slightly higher rate. Butterfat used in Class I must come from approved sources. The quality and cost of producing such butterfat are higher than that from unapproved sources. It is recommended therefore that the butterfat above or below 4.0 percent be charged or credited at a rate determined by multiplying the Chicago 92-score butter price by 1.25. This rate is only slightly higher than that used for Class II milk even though there is a considerable difference in the class prices. As a result a large portion

of the difference between the Class I price and the Class II price is assigned to the skim portion of the milk. This is considered appropriate because of the greater shortage of skim than fat in the San Antonio market. Also the fluid skim is the more bulky and perishable component of the milk, and therefore most expensive to acquire and handle. Class I fluid cream for example might be obtained from distant sources at a favorable rate compared to the cost of acquiring approved fluid skim from such sources.

7. Payments to producers. The market-wide type of pool should be included in the order to distribute to producers the returns from the sale of their milk, Under this plan all producers receive the same uniform price for their milk without regard to the use made of such milk by individual handlers. The alternative to the market-wide pool is the individual handler pool under which producers delivering to each handler receive a uniform price based on such handler's use of milk, and consequently producers delivering to different handlers receive prices which differ as such handlers use different proportions of this milk as Class I and Class II. Under current supply conditions in the San Antonio market there would be little difference in results of the two plans. The market-wide pool. with its uniform prices to producers. should be more satisfactory when supplies are adequate for the Class I demands of the market. There was no opposition to the producer proposal for a market-wide pool.

Provision should be made to include in the value of producer milk the value of milk classified in excess of reported receipts from producers, other handlers, and other sources. This is necessary to account for the differences between reported and actual weights and tests of milk received from producers.

The butterfat differential used in making payments to producers should be fixed at one-tenth of the price of Grade A (92-score) butter at Chicago multiplied by 1.2. This is the same as the butterfat differential for Class II milk. It in no way affects handlers' costs of milk, but merely prorates returns among producers whose milk differs in butterfat test. Such a differential appears appropriate in view of the fact that the average test of producer receipts exceeds that of Class I sales. There was no opposition to the proposal for this differential by a cooperative association representing a majority of producers.

Producers and handlers both supported a proposal that returns from the sale of milk should be distributed to producers on the basis of their marketings of milk during a representative period. They attribute the comparatively level production pattern of the market to the baserating features of present buying plans, The proposal provided that each producer establish a base by his average daily deliveries during the months of October through January each year, and that for other months total deliveries within base quantities be given prior claim to Class I sales of the market, so that deliveries in excess of base would be paid for at a lower uniform price whenever producer milk was used as Class II milk.

With year-round deficits of supply it is evident that under this plan the uniform price for excess milk would be practically the same as that for base milk. The influence of a base-rating plan on the seasonal pattern of production depends upon the effect of lower prices for excess milk in discouraging deliveries in months of surplus production and the value of a large base in encouraging production in months of short production. Since these influences can operate only when seasonal surpluses are present, it is concluded that the proposal should not be adopted until there are indications of such seasonal surpluses in the market, Producers were paid base prices for all their deliveries in 1951 and it would not now be feasible to make the proposal effective for any payments in 1952. The proposal involves considerable administrative detail which should not be incurred unless there is indication that supply conditions are such as to permit it to influence the seasonal pattern of production.

Provision is made for an advance payment to producers for milk delivered during the first 15 days of each month, at not less than the Class II milk price of the previous month. This will continue the practice of the market for payments at intervals of less than a month without requiring additional pool computations. Final payment for milk received each month should be made on or before the 15th day of the following month.

The dates which have been provided for these various payments are so spaced that ample time is provided the handlers and the market administrator for the filing of reports, the computation of the various prices and the writing and mailing of checks.

 Certain other provisions should be adopted to enable proper and efficient administration of the order.

(a) Administrative assessment. Each handler should be required to pay to the market administrator, as his pro rata share of the cost of administration of the order, 4 cents per hundredweight, or such lesser sum as the Secretary may from time to time prescribe, on all receipts at his approved plant within the delivery period of (1) milk from producers (including such handler's own production) and (2) other source milk which is classified as Class I.

The market administrator must have sufficient funds to enable him to administer properly the terms of the order and the act provides that the administration of the order be financed through assessment against handlers. In view of the anticipated volume of milk on which the rate would apply it is concluded that a maximum rate of 4 cents per hundredweight is necessary at this time to guarantee sufficient administrative funds. In the event at a later date a lesser amount proves to be sufficient for proper administration provision is made to enable the Secretary to reduce the assessment accordingly.

(b) Deductions for marketing services. Provision should be made for the dissemination of market information to producers and for the verification of

weights and for the sampling and testing of milk received from producers for whom such services are not being rendered by a qualified cooperative asso-ciation. This provision, including the assessing of producers in payment thereof, is specifically authorized by the act. Six cents per hundredweight or such lesser rate as the Secretary may determine should be deducted by handlers from the payment to producers and turned over to the market administrator to finance such services. There was no opposition to the proposal for this maximum rate by producer groups. In the event any qualified cooperative association is determined to be performing such services for any producer, handlers should pay to the cooperative association such deductions as are authorized by such producer in lieu of the payment to the market administrator.

(c) Other administrative provisions. The other provisions of the order are of a general administrative nature, are incidental to the other provisions of the order, and are necessary for the proper and efficient administration of the order. They provide for the selection of the market administrator, define his powers and duties, prescribe the information to be reported by handlers each month and the length of time that records must be retained. A plan for liquidation of the order in the event of its suspension or termination should be provided.

Producer-handlers should be exempt from the regulatory provisions of the order except that they should be required to file reports as requested by the market administrator. Since a producer-handler may change his status from time to time it is necessary that the market administrator have authority to require such reports as will enable him to verify the current status of a producer-handler and to supplement other market information.

The operator of an approved plant which is subject to the regulatory provisions of another milk marketing agreement or order issued pursuant to the act and which the Secretary determines disposes of a greater volume of its Class I milk in such other marketing area than in this marketing area should be partially exempt from the provisions of this order. It would be impractical to attempt to regulate a handler under two separate orders with respect to the same milk. It appears reasonable that the effective regulation should be that of the area in which such a handler makes the greater portion of his sales. In order to insure equity between handlers, such a handler should not be permitted to purchase milk for sale as Class I in either area at less than the price paid by regulated handlers of that area. Therefore, it should be provided that if the price such handler is required to pay for Class I milk under the other order to which he is subject is less than the price provided in the proposed order, he should pay to the producer-settlement fund an amount equal to the difference between the two prices on all Class I milk disposed of within the area.

A Dallas handler subject to Order No. 43 regularly sells on routes in San Antonio milk which is received at his plant in Dallas, 275 road miles from San Antonio. While no general scheme of adjustments to handlers based upon the location at which milk is received is necessary in view of current marketing conditions in San Antonio, nor does the record furnish a basis upon which such could be devised, it is appropriate that the location of approved plants subject to other orders be considered in the determination of payments to the pro-ducer-settlement fund. Tank truck movement of milk from Dallas to San Antonio costs about 60 cents per hundredweight. An appropriate Class I price for a fully regulated plant subject to the San Antonio order receiving milk in Dallas would appear to be the San Antonio price less approximately 60 cents. Accordingly an adjustment of this amount is provided for in the computation of payments to the producer settlement fund of the San Antonio order by any handler subject to another Federal order whose approved plant is located in the marketing area defined in Order No. 43. A handler partially exempt under these provisions should alse be required to report to the market administrator regularly so that he may ascertain the amount of milk disposed of by such persons within the area.

The order should provide limitations on the period of time handlers shall retain books and records which are required to be made available to the market administrator, and on the period of time in which obligations under the order shall terminate. The provision made in this regard is identical in principle with the general amendment made to all orders in operation on July 30, 1947, effective February 22, 1949, and the Secretary's decision of January 26, 1949 (14 F. R. 444), covering the retention of records and limitation of claims is equally applicable in this situation and is adopted as a part of this decision.

General findings. (a) The proposed marketing agreement and the order, and all of the terms and conditions thereof will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act;

(b) The parity prices of milk as determined pursuant to section 2 of the act are not reasonable in view of the price of feeds, available supplies of feeds and other economic conditions which affect market supply of and demand for milk, in the marketing area and the minimum prices specified in the proposed marketing agreement and the order are such prices as will reflect the aforesaid factors, insure a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome milk, and be in the public interest; and

(c) The proposed order will regulate the handling of milk in the same manner as, and will be applicable only to persons in the respective classes of industrial and commercial activity specified in a marketing agreement upon which a hearing has been held,

Rulings on proposed findings and conclusions. Briefs were filed on behalf of the Producers Association of San Antonio, the milk handlers of San Antonio, and Tennessee Dairies, Inc.

The briefs contained statements of fact, proposed findings and conclusions, and arguments with respect to the provisions of the proposed marketing agreement and order. Every point covered in the briefs was carefully considered along with the evidence in the record in making the findings and reaching the conclusions hereinbefore set forth. To the extent that the findings and conclusions proposed in the briefs are inconsistent with the findings and conclusions contained herein, the request to make such findings or to reach such conclusions is denied on the basis of the facts found and stated in connection with the conclusions in this recommended decision.

Recommended marketing agreement and order. The following order is rec-ommended as the detailed and appropriate means by which the foregoing conclusions may be carried out. The recommended marketing agreement is not included in this decision because the regulatory provisions thereof would be identical with those contained in the order.

DEFINITIONS

§ 949.1 Act. "Act" means Public Act No. 10, 73d Congress, as amended, and as reenacted and amended, by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.).

§ 949.2 Secretary. "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States or any other officer or employee of the United States authorized to exercise the powers and to perform the duties of the said Secretary of Agriculture.

§ 949.3 Person. "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, or any other business unit.

§ 949.4 Cooperative association, "Cooperative association" means any cooperative marketing association of producers which the Secretary determines after application by the association (a) to have its entire activities under the control of its members, (b) to have full authority in the sale of milk of its members, and (c) to be qualified under the provisions of the Act of Congress of February 18, 1922, as amended, known as the "Cap-per-Volstead Act."

§ 949.5 San Antonio, Texas, marketing area. "San Antonio, Texas, marketing area" hereinafter called the "marketing area" means all the territory including all municipal corporations and all Federal military reservations, facilities and installations located within the boundaries of Bexar County, Texas.

§ 949.6 Approved plant." "Approved plant" means any milk plant (a) which is approved by the appropriate health authority of the marketing area for the processing of Grade A milk and from which Class I milk is delivered (including delivery by a vendor, or sale from a plant or plant store) in the marketing area other than to any milk processing plant, or (b) which is supplying Class I milk to a federal institution or base in the marketing area.

§ 949.7 Handler. "Handler" means a person in his capacity as an operator of an approved plant.

§ 949.8 Producer. "Producer" means any person, other than a producer-handlor, who produces milk received directly from the farm at an approved plant, which milk is (a) produced under a per-mit or rating for the production of milk to be disposed of for consumption as Grade A milk issued by the appropriate health authority having jurisdiction in the marketing area, or by another health authority whose certification is accepted by such health authority, or (b) is ac-ceptable to an agency of the Federal Government for fluid consumption in its institutions or bases. This definition shall not include any such person with respect to milk received by a handler partially exempt from this subpart pursuant to § 949.61.

§ 949.9 Producer milk. "Producer milk" means any skim milk or butterfat contained in milk received directly by a handler from producers.

§ 949.10 Other source milk. "Other source milk" means all skim milk or butterfat other than that contained in producer milk, or in receipts from other handlers, except producer-handlers.

Producer-handler. "Pro-§ 949.11 ducer-handler" means any person who produces milk and operates an approved plant, but who receives no milk from producers.

MARKET ADMINISTRATOR

§ 949.20 Designation. The agency for the administration of this subpart shall be a market administrator who shall be a person selected by the Secretary. Such person shall be entitled to such compensation as may be determined by, and shall be subject to removal at the discretion of, the Secretary.

§ 949.21 Powers. The market admin-istrator shall have the following powers with respect to this subpart:

(a) To administer its terms and pro-

- (b) To receive, investigate and report to the Secretary complaints of viola-(c) To make rules and regulations to
- effectuate its terms and provisions; and
- (d) To recommend amendments to the Secretary.

§ 949.22 Duties. The market administrator shall:

(a) Within 30 days following the date upon which he enters upon his duties, execute and deliver to the Secretary a bond, conditioned upon the faithful performance of his duties, in an amount and with surety thereon satisfactory to the Secretary;

(b) Employ and fix the compensation of such persons as may be necessary to enable him to administer its terms and

provisions:

(c) Obtain a bond in reasonable amount and with reasonable surety thereon covering each employee who handles funds entrusted to the market administrator;

(d) Pay out of funds provided by § 949.87 the cost of his bond and of the bonds of his employees, his own compensation, and all other expenses (except those incurred under § 949.86) neces-sarily incurred by him in the maintenance and functioning of his office and in the performance of his duties;

(e) Keep such books and records as will clearly reflect the transactions provided for in this subpart and, upon request by the Secretary, surrender the same to such other person as the Secretary may designate;

(f) Submit his books and records to examination by the Secretary and furnish such information and reports as the

Secretary may request;

(g) Audit all reports and payments by each handler by inspection of such handler's records and of the records of any other handler or person upon whose utilization the classification of skim milk or butterfat for such handler depends;

(h) Publicly announce, at his discre-tion, by posting in a conspicuous place in his office and by such other means as he deems appropriate, the name of any person who, within 10 days after the day upon which he is required to perform such acts has not:

(1) Made reports pursuant to §§ 949.30 to 949.32, inclusive, or

(2) Made payments pursuant to

§§ 949.80 to 949.87, inclusive.

(i) On or before the twelfth day after the end of each month, report to each cooperative association which so requests the amount and class utilization of milk received by each handler from producers who are members of such cooperative association. For the purpose of this report the milk so received shall be assigned to each class in the proportion that the total milk in each class is of the total receipts of milk from producers by such handler.

(j) Notify handlers and make announcement by such other means as he deems appropriate of prices as follows:

(1) On or before the tenth day of each month the Class I price for such month computed pursuant to § 949.51 and the Class I butterfat differential computed pursuant to \$949.54;

(2) On or before the fifth day of each month the Class II price for the preceding month computing pursuant to \$ 949.53 and the Class II butterfat differential computed pursuant to § 949.54; and

(3) On or before the twelfth day of each month for the preceding month the uniform price computed pursuant to § 949.71, and the butterfat differential to producers computed pursuant to § 949.81.

(k) Prepare and publish such statistics and information as he deems advisable and as do not reveal confidential information.

REPORTS, RECORDS AND FACILITIES

§ 949.30 Reports of receipts and utilization. On or before the 7th day after the end of each month, each handler, except a producer-handler, shall report to the market administrator in the detail and on forms prescribed by the market administrator as follows:

(a) The quantities of skim milk and butterfat contained in receipts of pro-

ducer milk;

(b) The quantities of skim milk and butterfat contained in (or represented by) receipts from other handlers;

(c) The quantities of skim milk and butterfat contained in receipts of other source milk (except Class II products disposed of in the form in which received

without further processing or packaging by the handler)

(d) The utilization of all skim milk and butterfat required to be reported by this section; and

(e) Such other information with respect to receipts and utilization as the market administrator may prescribe.

§ 949.31 Reports of payments to producers. On or before the 20th day after the end of each month, each handler who received milk from producers shall submit to the market administrator his producer payroll for the month, which shall show for each producer:

(a) His total deliveries of milk.

(b) The average butterfat content of

such milk, and

(c) The net amount of such handler's payments to such producer with the prices, deductions and charges involved.

§ 949.32 Reports of producer-handlers. Producer-handlers shall report to the market administrator at such time and in such manner as the market administrator may request.

§ 949.33 Records and facilities. Each handler shall maintain and make available to the market administrator or to his representative during the usual hours of business such accounts and records of his operations and such facilities as are necessary for the market administrator to verify or establish the correct data with hespect to:

(a) The receipts and utilization of all skim milk and butterfat received from producers, other handlers and other

sources:

(b) The weights and tests for butterfat and other content of all milk, skim milk, cream and milk products handled;

(c) Payments to producers and co-

operative associations; and

(d) The pounds of skim milk and butterfat contained in or represented by all milk, skim milk, cream and milk products on hand at the beginning and end of each month.

§ 949.34 Retention of records. All books and records required under this order to be made available to the market administrator shall be retained by the handler for a period of three years to begin at the end of the month to which such books and records pertain: Provided, That if, within such three-year period, the market administrator notifies the handler in writing that the retention of such books and records, or of specified books and records, is necessary in connection with a proceeding under section 8c (15) (A) of the act or a court action specified in such notice, the handler shall retain such books and records, or specified books and records, until further written notification from the market administrator. In either case, the market administrator shall give further written notification to the handler promptly, upon the termination of the litigation or when the records are no longer necessary in connection therewith.

CLASSIFICATION

§ 949.40 Skim milk and butterfat to be classified. All skim milk and butterfat received within the month by a handler and which is required to be reported

pursuant to § 949.30 shall be classified by the market administrator pursuant to the provisions of §§ 949.41 to 949.46, inclusive.

§ 949.41 Classes of utilization. Subject to the conditions set forth in \$\$ 949.43 and 949.44, the classes of utilization shall be as follows:

(a) Class I milk shall be all skim milk (including reconstituted skim milk) and butterfat (1) disposed of in the form of milk, skim milk, buttermilk, flavored milk, flavored milk drinks, cream, cultured sour cream, any mixture (except eggnog and bulk ice cream and frozen dairy product mixes) of cream and milk or skim milk, and (2) all other skim milk and butterfat not specifically accounted for as Class II milk:

(b) Class II milk shall be all skim

milk and butterfat:

(1) Used to produce any product other than those specified in paragraph (a) of this section:

(2) Disposed of for livestock feed;

(3) In shrinkage up to 2 percent of receipts from producers:

(4) In shrinkage of other source milk; and

(5) In inventory variations of milk, skim milk, cream, or any product specified in paragraph (a) of this section.

§ 949.42 Shrinkage. The market ad-ministrator shall allocate shrinkage over a handler's receipts as follows:

(a) Compute the total shrinkage of skim milk and butterfat for each han-

dler; and

- (b) Prorate the resulting amounts between the receipts of skim milk and butterfat in receipts from producers and of other source milk.
- § 949.43 Responsibility of handlers and reclassification of milk. (a) All skim milk and butterfat shall be Class I milk unless the handler who first receives such skim milk or butterfat can prove to the market administrator that such skim milk or butterfat should be classified otherwise.

(b) Any skim milk or butterfat classified as Class II milk shall be reclassified if such skim milk or butterfat is later disposed of (whether in original or other

form) as Class I milk.

*§ 949.44 Transfers. Skim milk or butterfat transferred from an approved plant in the form of bulk milk, skim milk, or cream shall be classified:

(a) As Class I milk, if transferred to the approved plant of another handler (except a producer-handler), except as:

(1) Utilization as Class II milk is mutually reported in writing to the market administrator by both handlers on or before the 7th day after the end of the month within which such transfer occurred;

(2) The amount of skim milk or butterfat so transferred does not exceed Class II utilization of skim milk or butterfat, respectively, in the plant of the transferee handler; and

(3) Classification as Class II milk permits allocation pursuant to § 949.46 to result in maximum total assignment of Class I utilization to producer milk.

(b) As Class I milk, if transferred to a

producer-handler:

(c) As Class I milk, if transferred to any plant other than an approved plant, except as:

(1) The handler claims utilization as

Class II milk:

(2) The operator of the unapproved plant maintains books and records showing the receipts and utilization of all skim milk and butterfat at such plant which are made available if requested by the market administrator for the purpose of verification, and

(3) Class I utilization of skim milk and butterfat at such plant does not exceed receipts at such plant of skim milk and butterfat, respectively, in milk from dairy farmers who the market administrator determines constitute the regular source of supply for fluid usage of such unapproved plant in the markets supplied by it.

§ 949.45 Computation of the skim milk and butterfat in each class. For each month, the market administrator shall correct for mathematical and for other obvious errors the report submitted by each handler and shall compute the pounds of skim milk and butterfat in Class I milk and Class II milk for such handler.

§ 949.46 Allocation of skim milk and butterfat classified. After making the computations pursuant to § 949.45, the market administrator shall determine the classification of milk received from producers as follows:

(a) Skim milk shall be allocated as

follows

(1) Subtract from the total pounds of skim milk in Class II the pounds of skim milk determined pursuant to § 949.41 (b) (3):

(2) Subtract from the total pounds of skim milk in Class I the pounds of skim milk in other source milk received as bottled or packaged milk from a producer-handler and disposed of as Class I milk under the label of such producerhandler without further processing or packaging;

(3) Subtract from the remaining pounds of skim milk in series beginning from Class II the remaining pounds of skim milk in other source milk;

(4) Subtract from the remaining pounds of skim milk in each class the skim milk received from other handlers according to its classification determined pursuant to § 949.44 (a);

(5) Add to the remaining pounds of skim milk in Class II the pounds of skim milk subtracted pursuant to subparagraph (1) of this paragraph; and

(6) If the remaining pounds of skim milk in both classes exceed the pounds of skim milk received from producers, subtract such excess from the remaining pounds of skim milk in series beginning with Class II milk. Any amount so subtracted shall be called "overage."

(b) Butterfat shall be allocated in accordance with the same procedure outlined for skim milk in paragraph (a) of this section.

(c) Determine the weighted average butterfat content in Class I and Class II milk computed pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.

MINIMUM PRICES

§ 949.50 Minimum prices. Subject to the appropriate butterfat differential computed pursuant to § 949.54 each handler shall pay in the manner set forth in §§ 949.70 through 949.85 for milk received at his plant from producers at no less than the prices per hundredweight set forth in §§ 949.51 and 949.53.

§ 949.51 Class I milk. The Class I price shall be an amount calculated as follows:

(a) Multiply the formula index computed pursuant to § 949.52 by \$5.99, and divide by 100.

(b) Adjust the price calculated pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section so that it does not exceed the price calculated pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section by less than \$2.00 or more than

(c) To the foregoing price add 3 cents for each percentage point which the utilization percentage calculated pursuant to paragraph (e) of this section is less than 100 or subtract 3 cents for each percentage point which such utilization percentage is more than 110 provided that in no case shall more than 60 cents be added to or subtracted from the price because of the provisions of this paragraph. The resulting amount rounded to the nearest full cent shall be the Class I price.

(d) The average of the basic or field prices per hundredweight reported to have been paid or to be paid for milk of 3.5 percent butterfat content received from farmers during the month at the following plants or places for which prices have been reported to the market administrator or to the Department, divided by 3.5 and multiplied by 4.0:

Present Operator and Location

Borden Co., Mount Pleasant, Mich. Carnation Co., Sparta, Mich. Pet Milk Co., Hudson, Mich. Pet Milk Co., Wayland, Mich. Pet Milk Co., Coopersville, Mich. Borden Co., Greenville, Wis. Borden Co., Black Creek, Wis. Borden Co., Orfordville, Wis. Borden Co., New London, Wis. Carnation Co., Chilton, Wis. Carnation Co., Berlin, Wis. Carnation Co., Richland Center, Wis. Carnation Co., Oconomowoc, Wis. Carnation Co., Jefferson, Wis. Pet Milk Co., New Giarus, Wis. Pet Milk Co., Belleville, Wis. White House Milk Co., Manitowoc, Wis. White House Milk Co., West Bend, Wis.

(e) The percentage calculated as follows shall be known as the utilization percentage:

Divide the total pounds of Class I milk during the first and second preceding months for all handlers except those partially exempted from the provisions of this subpart pursuant to § 949.61 by the total pounds of producer milk for the same period. Round the result to the nearest whole percentage point.

§ 949.52 Formula index. Based on the latest data available on the 28th day of each month, or the first business day thereafter if the 28th is not a business day the market administrator shall calculate a formula index as follows:

(a) Divide by 1.605 the monthly wholesale price index for all commodities (base year=1926) as announced by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor.

(b) Divide by 3.586 the average of the three latest monthly indexes of retail sales of non-durable goods as announced by the Department of Business of the University of Texas, Austin, Texas.

(c) Compute a labor-feed index as

follows

 Divide by 0.0485 the daily farm wage rate without board or room for the State of Texas as reported by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and multiply by 0.3;

(2) Divide by 0.03971 the average price paid per hundredweight for all mixed dairy feed in the State of Texas as reported by the U. S. Department of Agriculture and multiply by 0.7;

(3) Add together the amounts determined pursuant to subparagraphs (1)

and (2) of this paragraph.

(d) Add the amounts determined pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of this section, divide by 3 and round to the nearest one tenth.

§ 949.53 Class II milk. The price for Class II milk shall be determined according to the following computations:

(a) From the simple average as computed by the market administrator of the daily wholesale selling prices (using the midpoint of any price range as one price) of Grade A (92-score) bulk creamery butter per pound at Chicago as reported by the U. S. Department of Agriculture during the month, subtract 3 cents, add 20 percent thereof and multiply by 4.0;

(b) From the average of the carlot prices per pound of nonfat dry milk solids for human consumption, spray process, f. o. b. manufacturing plants in the Chicago area as reported by the U. S. Department of Agriculture for the period from the 26th day of the preceding month through the 25th day of the current month, subtract 5 cents, multiply by 8.16: and

(c) Add together the amounts computed pursuant to paragraphs (a) and

(b) of this section.

§ 949.54 Butterfat differentials to handlers. If the average butterfat content of the milk of any handler allocated to any class pursuant to § 949.46 is more or less than 4.0 percent, there shall be added to the respective class price, computed pursuant to §§ 949.51 and 949.53 for each one-tenth of 1 percent that the average butterfat content of such milk is above 4.0 percent, or subtracted for each one-tenth of 1 percent that such average butterfat content is below 4.0 percent, an amount equal to the butterfat differential computed by multiplyingthe simple average, as computed by the market administrator, of the daily wholesale prices per pound (using the midpoint of any price range as one price) of Grade A (92-score) bulk creamery butter at Chicago as reported by the Department during the appropriate month by the applicable factor listed below:

(a) Class I milk. Multiply such price for the preceding month by .125;

(b) Class II milk. Multiply such price for the current month by .120.

§ 949.55 Use of equivalent factors in formulas. If for any reason a price, index, or wage rate, specified in this subpart for use in computing class prices and for other purposes is not reported or published in the manner described in this subpart, the market administrator shall use a price, index, or wage rate, determined by the Secretary to be equivalent to or comparable with the factor specified.

APPLICATION OF PROVISIONS

§ 949.60 Producer-handlers. Sections 949.40 through 949.46, 949.50 through 949.55, 949.70 through 949.73 and 949.80 through 949.88 shall not apply to a producer-handler.

§ 949.61 Handlers subject to other orders. In the case of any handler who the Secretary determines disposes of a greater portion of his milk as Class I milk in another marketing area regulated by milk marketing agreement or order issued pursuant to the act, the provisions of this subpart shall not apply except as follows:

(a) The handler shall, with respect to the total receipts of skim milk and butterfat, make reports to the market administrator at such time and in such manner as the market administrator may require and allow verification of such reports by the market administrator.

(b) The handler shall pay to the market administrator for deposit into the producer-settlement fund (with respect to all skim milk and butterfat disposed of as Class I milk within the marketing area) any amount by which the value of such skim milk or butterfat as computed pursuant to this subpart (subject to a deduction of 60 cents per hundred-weight if the approved plant of such handler is located in the marketing area defined in Federal Order No. 43 as the North Texas marketing area) exceeds its value as determined pursuant to the other order to which he is subject.

DETERMINATION OF UNIFORM PRICES

§ 949.70 Computation of value of milk. The value of milk received from producers during each month by each handler shall be a sum of money computed by the market administrator by multiplying the pounds of such milk in each class by the applicable class price, adding together the resulting amounts and adding the amounts computed by multiplying the pounds of overage deducted from each class by the applicable class price.

§ 949.71 Computation of uniform price for all milk. For each month the market administrator shall compute the uniform price for all milk received from producers as follows:

(a) Combine into one total the amounts computed pursuant to § 949.70 for all handlers who made the reports prescribed in § 949.30 and who made the payments required pursuant to §§ 949.80 and 949.83 for the preceding delivery period:

(b) Add an amount representing not less than one-half of the unobligated cash balance in the producer-settlement fund;

(c) Subtract if the average butterfat content of all milk included in these computations is greater than 4.0 percent or add if such average butterfat content is less than 4.0 percent an amount computed by multiplying the amount by which such average butterfat content varies from 4.0 percent by the butterfat differential computed pursuant to § 949.81 and multiply the resulting amount by the hundredweight of such milk;

(d) Divide by the total hundredweight of milk included in these computations;

and

(e) Subtract not less than 4 cents nor more than 5 cents. The resulting figure shall be the uniform price per hundredweight for all milk of 4.0 percent butterfat content received from producers.

PAYMENT FOR MILK

§ 949.80 Time and method of payment. Each handler shall make payment as follows:

(a) On or before the last day of each month to each producer for milk received during the first 15 days of such month at not less than the price per hundredweight for Class II milk for the

preceding month.

(b) On or before the 15th day after the end of the month during which the milk was received, to each producer at not less than the uniform price per hundredweight computed for such month pursuant to § 949.71 subject to the butterfat differential pursuant to \$ 949.81 and less payment made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section: Provided, That if by such date such handler has not received full payment pursuant to § 949.83, he may reduce his total payment to all producers uniformly by not more than the amount of reduction in payments from the market administrator; he shall, however, complete such payments pursuant to this paragraph not later than the date for making such payments next following receipt of the balance from the market administrator.

(c) In making the payments to producers pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section each handler shall furnish each producer with a supporting statement, in such form that it may be retained by the producer, which shall show:

The delivery period and the identity of the handler and of the producer;

(2) The total pounds and average butterfat test of milk received from such producer:

(3) The minimum rate or rates at which payment to such producer is required:

(4) The rate which is used in making the payment, if such rate is other than the applicable minimum rate;

(5) The amount or the rate per hundredweight of each deduction claimed by the handler, together with a description of the respective deductions; and

(6) The net amount of payment to such producer.

§ 949.81 Producer butterfat differential. In making payments pursuant to § 949.80 there shall be added to the uniform price for each one-tenth of 1 per-

cent that the average butterfat content of such milk is above 4.0 percent not less than, or there may be deducted from the uniform price for each one-tenth of 1 percent that the average butterfat content of such milk is below 4.0 percent not more than, an amount computed as follows: Multiply by 1.2 the simple average computed by the market administrator of the daily wholesale selling prices (using the midpoint of any price range as one price) of Grade A (92-score) bulk creamery butter per pound at Chicago as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture during the month, divide the result by 10 and round to the nearest one-tenth of a cent.

§ 949.82 Producer-settlement fund. The market administrator shall establish and maintain a separate fund known as the "producer-settlement fund" into which he shall deposit all payments made by handlers pursuant to §§ 949.61, 949.83 and 949.85, and out of which he shall make all payments pursuant to §§ 949.84 and 949.85.

§ 949.83 Payments to the producersettlement fund. On or before the 13th day after the end of the month during which the milk was received, each handler, including a cooperative association which is a handler, shall pay to the market administrator the amount, if any, by which the value of the milk received by such handler from producers as determined pursuant to § 949.70 is greater than the amount required to be paid producers by such handler pursuant to § 949.80.

§ 949.84 Payments out of the producer-settlement fund. On or before the 14th day after the end of the month during which the milk was received, the market administrator shall pay to each handler, including a cooperative association which is a handler, the amount, if any, by which the value of the milk received by such handler from producers during the month as determined pursuant to § 949.70 is less than the amount required to be paid producers by such handler pursuant to § 949.80.

§ 949.85 Adjustment of accounts. Whenever audit by the market administrator of any handler's reports, books, records, or accounts discloses errors resulting in money due:

(a) The market administrator from such handler;

(b) Such handler from the market administrator; or

(c) Any producer or cooperative association from such handler, the market administrator shall promptly notify such handler of any amount so due and payment thereof shall be made on or before the next date for making payment set forth in the provisions under which such error occurred.

§ 949.86 Marketing services—(a) Marketing service deduction. Except as set forth in paragraph (b) of this section each handler, in making payments to producers (other than himself) shall make a deduction of six cents per hundredweight of milk or such lesser deduction as the Secretary from time to time may prescribe. Such deductions shall be paid by the handler to the mar-

ket administrator on or before the 15th day after the end of the month. Such moneys shall be expended by the market administrator for verification of weights and tests of milk received from such producers and in providing market information to such producers.

(b) Marketing service deduction with respect to producers who are members of or are marketing through a cooperative association. In the case of each producer who is a member of, or who has given written authorization for the rendering of marketing services and the taking of a deduction therefor to a cooperative association, which the Secretary has determined is performing the services described in paragraph (a) of this section, such handler, in lieu of the deduction specified under paragraph (a) of this section, shall deduct from the payments to such producer the amount per hundredweight specified by such association which is not in excess of the rate authorized by such producer and shall pay such deduction to the cooperative association entitled to receive it on or before the 15th day after the end of the month during which such milk was received.

§ 949.87 Payment of administration expense. As his pro rata share of the expense of administration of this subpart each handler shall pay to the market administrator on or before the 15th day after the end of the month 4 cents per hundredweight, or such lesser amount as the Secretary may from time to time prescribe, with respect to all receipts within the month of (a) milk from producers and (b) other source milk classified as Class I milk.

§ 949.88 Termination of obligation. The provisions of this section shall apply to any obligation under this subpart for the payment of money.

(a) The obligation of any handler to pay money required to be paid under the terms of this subpart shall, except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, terminate two years after the last day of the calendar month during which the market administrator receives the handler's utilization report on the milk involved in such obligation, unless within such two-year period the market administrator notifies the handler in writing that such money is due and payable. Service of such notice shall be complete upon mailing to the handler's last known address, and it shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following information:

The amount of the obligation;
 The delivery period during which the milk, with respect to which the obligation exists, was received or handled;

and

(3) If the obligation is payable to one or more producers or to an association of producers, the name of such producer(s) or association of producers, or if the obligation is payable to the market administrator, the account for which it is to be paid.

(b) If a handler fails or refuses, with respect to any obligation under this subpart, to make available to the market administrator or his representatives all books and records required by this subpart to be made available, the market administrator may, within the two-year period provided for in paragraph (a) of this section, notify the handler in writing of such failure or refusal. If the market administrator so notifies a handler, the said two-year period with respect to such obligation shall not begin to run until the first day of the calendar month following the month during which all such books and records pertaining to such obligation are made available to the market administrator or his representatives.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, a handler's obligation under this subpart to pay money shall not be terminated with respect to any transaction involving fraud or willful concealment of a fact, material to the obligation, on the part of the handler against whom the obligation is sought to be imposed.

(d) Any obligation on the part of the market administrator to pay a handler any money which such handler claims to be due him under the terms of this subpart shall terminate two years after the end of the calendar month during which the milk involved in the claim was received if an underpayment is claimed, or two years after the end of the calendar month during which the payment (including deduction or set-off by the market administrator) was made by the handler if a refund on such payment is claimed, unless such handler, within the applicable period of time, files, pursuant to section 8c (15) (A) of the act, a petition claiming such money.

EFFECTIVE TIME, SUSPENSION OR TERMI-NATION

§ 949.90 Effective time. The provisions of this subpart or any amendment to this subpart shall become effective at such time as the Secretary may declare and shall continue in force until suspended or terminated pursuant to § 949.91.

§ 949.91 Suspension or termination. The Secretary may suspend or terminate this subpart or any provision of this subpart whenever he finds this subpart or any provision of this subpart obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act. This subpart shall terminate in any event whenever the provisions of the act authorizing it cease to be in effect.

§ 949.92 Continuing obligations. If, upon the suspension or termination of any or all provisions of this subpart there are any obligations thereunder the final accrual or ascertainment of which requires further acts by any person (including the market administrator), such further acts shall be performed notwithstanding such suspension or termination.

§ 949.93 Liquidation. Upon the suspension or termination of the provisions of this subpart, except this section, the market administrator, or such other liquidating agent as the Secretary may designate, shall if so directed by the Secretary, liquidate the business of the market administrator's office, dispose of all property in his possession or control, including accounts receivable, and execute and deliver all assignments or other instruments necessary or appropriate to

effectuate any such disposition. If a liquidating agent is so designated, all assets, books and records of the market administrator shall be transferred promptly to such liquidating agent. If, upon such liquidation, the funds on hand exceed the amounts required to pay outstanding obligations of the office of the market administrator and to pay necessary expenses of liquidation and distribution, such excess shall be distributed to contributing handlers and producers in an equitable manner.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

§ 949.100 Agents. The Secretary may, by designation in writing, name any officer or employee of the United States to act as his agent or representative in connection with any of the provisions of this subpart.

§ 949.101 Separability of provisions. If any provisions of this subpart, or its application to any person or circumstances, is held invalid, the applications of such provisions and the remaining provisions of this subpart to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 22d day of January 1952.

[SEAL] ROY W. LENNARTSON,
Assistant Administrator,

[F. R. Doc. 52-1078; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[47 CFR Parts 11, 16]

[Docket No. 10108]

INDUSTRIAL AND LAND TRANSPORTATION RADIO SERVICES

USE OF MOBILE SERVICE FREQUENCIES BY

In the matter of amendment of Parts ' 11 and 16, rules governing Industrial and Land Transportation Radio Services, respectively, for the use of mobile service frequencies by fixed stations operating outside the continental limits of the United States.

 Notice is hereby given of proposed rule making in the above entitled matter.

2. The policy presently in effect governing the assignment of frequencies in the Industrial and Land Transportation Radio Services draws no distinction between operations in the Continental United States and those in the territories and possessions. Inasmuch as conditions in the territories are quite dissimilar from those in the continental limits, it appears that some differences in assignment policy should be permitted.

3. The Commission, therefore, proposes to amend Part 11, Rules Governing Industrial Radio Services, and Part 16, Rules Governing Land Transportation Radio Services, to provide that mobile service frequencies may be used by fixed stations operating outside the continental limits of the United States by adding a new paragraph (g) to §§ 11.57 and 16.57, as follows:

a. Add paragraph (g) to § 11.57 as follows:

(g) Outside the continental limits of the United States and waters adjacent thereto, frequencies above 152 Mc, listed elsewhere in this part as available for assignment to Base Stations or Mobile Stations in particular Services also are available for assignment to Operational Fixed Stations in the same Service on condition that no harmful interference be caused to mobile service operations.

b. Add paragraph (g) to § 16.57 as follows:

(g) Outside the continental limits of the United States and waters adjacent thereto, frequencies above 152 Mc, listed elsewhere in this part as available for assignment to Base Stations or Mobile Stations in particular Services also are available for assignment to Operational Fixed Stations in the same Service on condition that no harmful interference be caused to mobile service operations.

4. In the absence of unusual circumstances, it is contemplated that Operational Fixed Stations authorized under provisions of the proposed amendment will be restricted to intermittent operation (as distinguished from radiation of a continuous carrier), and to an authorized transmission bandwith no greater than that occupied by a conventional mobile service radio system; i. e., a maximum of 40 kc.

5. The proposed amendments are issued under the authority contained in section 4 (1), 303 (b), (c), (d), (f) and (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

6. Any interested person who is of the opinion that the proposed amendments should not be adopted, or should not be adopted in the form set forth, may file with the Commission on or before February 21, 1952, a written statement or brief setting forth his comments. At the same time any person who favors the amendments as set forth may file a statement in support thereof. Comments or briefs in reply to the original comments or briefs may be filed within fifteen days from the last day for filing the said original comments or briefs. The Commission will consider all such comments, briefs, and statements before taking final action. Comments will not be considered which propose an extension of the rules to the Continental United

Adopted: January 16, 1952. Released: January 17, 1952.

> Federal Communications Commission,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1029; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE Office of Alien Property

GERTRUD ARCHDEACON ZIMMER

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Gertrud Archdeacon Zimmer, Hamburg, Germany; Claim No. 38646; \$46,829.19 in the Treasury of the United States. All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Gertrud A. Zimmer in and to the Estate of Emma G. Archdeacon, deceased.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 21, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

ISEAL HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-986; Filed, Jan. 24, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

KAREL LIPOVSEK AND JULIANA KIKKERT-LIPOVSEK

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to

return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Karel Lipovsek and Juliana Kikkert-Lipovsek, Bleyerheide, Kerkrade, The Netherlands; Claims Nos. 36646 and 36647; \$1,634.02 in the Treasury of the United States, onehalf to each claimant.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 21, 1952.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 52-984; Filed, Jan. 24, 1952; 8:50 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

ALASKA

SMALL TRACT CLASSIFICATION NO. 50

JANUARY 18, 1952.

Pursuant to the authority delegated to me under section 2.21 of Order No. 1, Bureau of Land Management, Region VII, approved by the Acting Secretary of the Interior August 20, 1951 (16 F. R. 8625), I hereby classify as hereinafter indicated under the Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938 (52 Stat. 609, 43 U. S. C. Sec. 682a), as amended, the following described public lands in the Fairbanks, Alaska Land District:

FATEBANKS AREA

CHENA RIVER UNIT NO. 1

For lease and sale

For home sites-Fairbanks Meridian:

T. 1 S., R. 2 E.,

9: E%SW%NE%. W%SE%NE%. SE%SE%NE%.

For cabin sites-Fairbanks Meridian:

T. 1 S., R. 2 E., Sec. 9: Lots 3, 9, 10, and Lot 11, that portion which would be, if described in of a normal subdivision N%SE%SE%.

The above described lands aggregate 127,23 acres.

This order shall not effective to permit the initiation of any rights or any disposition under the public land laws until it is so provided by an order to be issued by the Chief, Division of Land Planning, Bureau of Land Management, Region VII, Anchorage, Alaska, opening the lands to application under the Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938 (52 Stat. 609, 43 U. S. C. sec. 682a), as amended, with a 91 day preference right period for filing such applications by veterans of World War II and other qualified persons entitled to preference under the act of September 27, 1944 (58 Stat. 747, 43 U.S. C. sec. 279), as amended,

> HAROLD T. JORGENSON, Chief, Division of Land Planning.

(F. R. Doc. 52-992; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket No. 4493 et al.]

BRISTOL BAY AREA TRUNK LINE CASE

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of applications under section 401 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, for certificates and amendment of certificates of public convenience and necessity authorizing scheduled air transportation of persons, property, and mail.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 205, 401, and 1001 of the said act, that a hearing in the above-entitled proceeding is assigned to be held on February 18, 1952, at 10:00 a. m., e. s. t., in Room E-210, Temporary Building No. 5, Constitution Avenue and Sixteenth Street NW.

Washington, D. C., before Examiner F. Merritt Ruhlen

Without limiting the scope of the issues presented by said applications, particular attention will be directed to the following matters and questions:

1. Are the applicants citizens of the United States, and are they fit, willing, and able to perform the service for which they are applying?

Do the public convenience and necessity require the routes applied for?

3. If the public convenience and necessity require any of the routes proposed by any applicant, but do not require service by all, which applicant can best perform such service?

Notice is further given that any person other than parties of record desiring to be heard in this proceeding must file with the Board, on or before February 18, 1952, a statement setting forth the issues of fact or law which he desires to controvert.

For further details concerning the authorizations requested, interested parties are referred to the applications filed with the Civil Aeronautics Board.

Dated at Washington, D. C., January 23, 1952.

[SEAL]

FRANCIS W. BROWN, Chief Examiner.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1043; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:50 a. m.)

[Docket Nos. 4758, 4896]

BRANIFF AIRWAYS, INC., AND OZARK AIR-LINES, INC.; SERVICE TO CLINTON, IOWA

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of the applications by the city of Clinton, Iowa and Clinton Airport Commission for amendment of the certificates of public convenience and necessity of Braniff Airways, Inc., and Ozark Airlines, Inc. pursuant to section 401 (h) of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 401 (h) and 1001 of the said act, the above-entitled proceeding is assigned for hearing on February 18, 1952 at 10:00 a.m. (local time) in the Council Chambers, City Hall, Clinton, Iowa, before Examiner Barron Fredricks.

Without limiting the scope of the issues presented by the applications, par-ticular attention will be directed to whether the public convenience and necessity require the amendment of the certificates of public convenience and necessity of Braniff Airways, Inc., and Ozark Airlines, Inc., or of either of said certificates, so as to provide air trans-portation to Clinton, Iowa.

For further details of the issues involved in the proceeding, interested persons are referred to the applications, the prehearing conference report, and the order of consolidation, all of which are on file with the Civil Aeronautics Board.

Notice is further given that any person, other than a party of record, desiring to be heard in opposition to the applications must file with the Board on or before February 18, 1952, a written statement setting forth such relevant propositions of fact or la was he desires

Dated at Washington, D. C., January 22, 1952.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

FRANCIS W. BROWN. Chief Examiner.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1007; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. 9741, 9943]

LOGAN BROADCASTING CORP. (WVOW) AND JENNINGS BROADCASTING CO., INC. (KJEF)

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re applications of Logan Broadcasting Corporation (WVOW), Logan, West Virginia, Docket No. 9741, File No. BMP-5144; Jennings Broadcasting Company, Inc. (KJEF), Jennings, Louisiana, Docket No. 9943, File No. BMP-5313; for modification of construction permits,

The Commission having under consideration the motion of Jennings Broadcasting Company, Inc., filed January 15, 1952, that the hearing on the aboveentitled applications, which is presently scheduled for January 29, 1952, be continued for a reasonable period after the Commission takes action upon the moving party's pending proposal for severance:

It appearing, that the moving party herein has pending before the Commission a petition, filed August 21, 1951, and an amended petition, filed November 13, 1951, which request that his application be severed from this consolidation;

It appearing further, that Logan Broadcasting Corporation joins in the instant motion, and that, in the absence of objection by any of the remaining interested parties herein, it would be appropriate to continue the hearing in this matter without date;

It appearing further, that the motion states good cause, and that the granting thereof would be in the public interest;

It is ordered, This 21st day of January 1952, that the motion under consideration is granted; and that the hearing on the above-entitled applications is continued to a time and place to be specified by subsequent order.

> FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS, COMMISSION, T. J. SLOWIE,

[SEAL] Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1030; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 9984, 9985]

BLUE RIDGE BROADCASTING CO. (WGGA) AND LAMAR LIFE INSURANCE CO.

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In reapplications of Blue Ridge Broadcasting Company (WGGA), Gainesville, Georgia, Docket No. 9984, File No. BP-

No. 19-7

7661; Lamar Life Insurance Company (WJDX), Jackson, Mississippi, Docket No. 9985, File No. BP-7909; for construc-

tion permits.

The Commission having under consideration a petition filed January 9, 1952, by the Lamar Life Insurance Company requesting a continuance to March 17. 1952, of the hearing presently scheduled for February 12, and requesting that the taking of depositions authorized by Commission Orders of September 18 and November 1, 1951, be continued from January 17 to February 21, 1952, with respect to those depositions authorized for Starkville, Mississippi, from January 19 to February 23, 1952, with respect to those depositions authorized for Raymond, Mississippi, and from January 21 to February 25, 1952, with respect to those depositions authorized for Jackson, Mississippi; and

It appearing that the continuance requested is desired to afford the petitioner an opportunity to review or change its engineering proposal and simplify the pending proceeding; and

It further appearing that no opposition to this petition has been filed;

It is ordered, This 16th day of January 1952, that the petition be and it is hereby granted, the hearing is continued to March 17, 1952, in Washington, D. C., and the taking of depositions is continued to February 21, 1952, for the depositions authorized for Starkville, Mississippi, to February 23, 1952, for the depositions authorized for Raymond, Mississippi, and to February 25, 1952, for the depositions authorized for Jackson, Mississippi, and to February 25, 1952, for the depositions authorized for Jackson, Mississippi.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS
COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1031; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 10031-34, 10046, 10047, 10110]

PARAMOUNT PICTURES, INC., ET AL.

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATION FOR CON-SOLIDATED HEARING ON STATED ISSUES

In the matter of applications of Paramount Pictures, Inc., et al., for renewal of licenses, licenses, modification of construction permits and transfer of control, Docket Nos. 10031–10034; American Broadcasting Company et al., for consent to assignment of licenses and transfer of control, Docket Nos. 10046, 10047; WSMB, Inc., for renewal of licenses of Stations WSMB and WSMB-FM, New Orleans, Louisiana, Docket No. 10110, File No. BR-448 and BRH-546.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 16th day of

January 1952:

The Commission having under consideration the above-entitled applications filed by WSMB, Inc. for renewal of licenses of Stations WSMB and WSMB-FM, New Orleans, Louisiana; and having also under consideration its orders of August 8 and August 27, 1951, in the above-entitled proceedings in Dockets Nos. 10031-10034 and 10046, 10047, designation of the commission of the com

nating for consolidated hearing the applications described in said orders for renewal of licenses, license to cover construction permits, modifications of construction permits, and for consent to various transfers of control upon certain stated issues set forth in said orders; and

It appearing, that Stations WSMB and WSMB-FM have been operating on temporary extensions of license granted by the Commission pending final determination upon the applications filed by Paramount Pictures, Inc., and E. V. Richards, Jr., transferors, and United Paramount Theatres, Inc., transferees, for consent to transfer of control of WSMB, Inc., licensee of WSMB and WSMB-FM, which applications have been designated for consolidated hearing in the aforementioned docketed proceedings upon issues relating, inter alia, to the participation by the applicants, their officers, directors, stockholders, employees or agents in any violations of either Federal or State anti-trust laws, and to the possible illegal transfer of control of Stations WSMB and WSMB-FM in violation of section 310 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended; and

It appearing, on the basis of information available to the Commission, that Paramount Pictures, Inc., has in the past, engaged in violations of the Federal Anti-Trust Laws and has either been finally adjudicated gullty of such violations by courts of competent jurisdiction or has entered into consent decrees relating to such violations; and

It appearing, that Paramount Pictures, Inc., and E. V. Richards, Jr., each own 50 percent of Paramount-Richards Theatres, Inc., which, in turn, owns 50

percent of WSMB, Inc.; and

It further appearing, that, the Commission, on March 29, 1951, released its report (Docket 9572) establishing Commission policy to be followed in the licensing of broadcast stations in connection with violations by applicants of laws of the United States, other than the Communications Act of 1934; and that, further, in the light of the principles enunciated in that Report, and in the light of the foregoing, the Commission cannot at this time, find that a grant of the above-entitled applications by WSMB, Inc., for renewal of licenses is in the public interest, convenience and necessity;

It is ordered, Pursuant to section 309 (a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, that the above-entitled applications of WSMB, Inc., for renewal of licenses are designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding with the above described applications in Dockets 10031–10034, 10046, 10047, commencing on January 15, 1952, at 10:00 a.m., in Washington, D. C., the aforesaid applications for renewal of licenses to be heard upon

the following issues:

1. To obtain full information with respect to the participation of any of the applicants, their officers, directors, stockholders, employees, or agents, in any violations of either Federal or State antitrust laws, the extent and character of such participation, and the results of any litigation flowing from such participation and more specifically to secure information as to:

 a. Whether the violations committed were willful or inadvertent.

b. Whether the violations were committed over a long period of time or, in terms of time, were isolated events.

c. Whether the violations were recent.
d. Whether the violations also constituted violations of sections 311 and 313 of the Communications Act.

To obtain full information concerning the individual or individuals responsible for the formulation of the applicants' present business policies and to determine whether those policies as formulated, and as executed, are violative of Federal or State anti-trust laws.

3. To obtain full information with respect to the restrictions, if any, imposed by the applicants, or by persons or corporations controlling the applicants, on broadcast stations in the use, interalia, of motion picture films or stories produced, distributed, exhibited or controlled by the applicants, or by persons or corporations controlling the applicants, or restrictions imposed on broadcast stations in the use of talent under contract to or employed by the applicants, or by persons or corporations controlling the applicants.

 To obtain full information with respect to the plans of the applicants for the staffing and programming of their

broadcast stations.

5. To determine in the light of the evidence adduced under the above issues, whether the applicants, their officers, stockholders and directors, are qualified from the standpoint of character and conduct to be licensees, and whether grant of the above applications would be in the public interest, convenience and necessity.

Released: January 17, 1952.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS
COMMISSION,

[SEAL]

T. J. SLOWIE, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1033; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 10031-34, 10046, 10047]

PARAMOUNT PICTURES, INC., ET AL.

ORDER AMENDING ISSUES

In re applications of 'Paramount Pictures, Inc., et al., for renewal of licenses, licenses, modification of construction permits and transfer of control, Docket Nos. 10031-10034: American Broadcasting Company, Inc., et al., for consent to assignment of licenses and transfer of control, Docket Nos. 10046, 10047.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 18th day of

January 1952;

The Commission having under consideration a petition, filed on January

³ Since the filing of the petition of the Chief of the Commission's Broadcast Bureau, the Commission by its order of January 16, 1952, designated the applications of WSMB. Inc. (Docket No. 10110), for consolidated hearing in this proceeding.

14, 1952, by the Chief of its Broadcast Bureau, for amendment and clarification of the issues in the above described proceedings;

It appearing, that a draft of the substance of the aforesaid petition was circulated on January 7, 1952, to counsel for the parties in the proceedings and to the Examiner; that the proposed amendments were agreed to by all parties; and that the amendments and clarification proposed in the said petition are proper;

It is ordered, That insofar as the order of August 8, 1951, in Docket Nos. 10031-34 is concerned, (1) Issue 3, page 4, is amended to read as follows:

3. To obtain full information with respect to the restrictions, if any, imposed by the applicants, or by persons or corporations controlling the applicants, on broadcast stations in the use, inter alia, of motion picture films or stories produced, distributed, exhibited or controlled by the applicants, or by persons or corporations controlling the applicants, or restrictions imposed on broadcast stations in the use of talent under contract to or employed by the applicants, or by persons or corporations controlling the applicants, or by persons or corporations controlling the applicants.

(2) Issue 5, page 5, is amended to read as follows;

5. To determine whether, since January 1, 1950, the broadcast facilities authorized to Paramount Television Productions, Inc., Allen B. DuMont Laboratories, Inc., Balaban and Katz Corporation, and WSMB, Inc., have been owned, operated or controlled by individuals or corporations without authorization of this Commission and in violation of section 301 of the Communications Act.

(3) A new Issue No. 8a, page 6, is added, to read as follows;

8a. To obtain full information on the policies of applicants with respect to the use by broadcast stations of motion picture films produced, distributed, exhibited or controlled by the transferors and transferees, and the use of stories or talent controlled by, or under contract to, the transferors and transferees; and with respect to the restrictions, if any, to be imposed upon the use thereof.

It is further ordered, That insofar as the order of August 27, 1951, in Docket Nos. 10046, 10047 is concerned, Issue 6, page 3, is amended, to read as follows:

6. To obtain full information on the policies of American Broadcasting-Paramount Theatres, Inc., with respect to the use by broadcast stations of motion picture films produced, distributed, exhibited, or controlled by American Broadcasting-Paramount Theatres, Inc., and the use of stories or talent controlled by, or under contract to, the American Broadcasting-Paramount Theatres, Inc.; and with respect to the restrictions, if any, to be imposed by American Broadcasting-Paramount Theatres, Inc., on the use thereof.

It is further ordered, That the issues as amended and clarified herein shall be

considered in force from the commencement of the hearing in these proceedings.

Released: January 18, 1952.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS
COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,

Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1034; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 10080, 10081]

SPRINGHILL BROADCASTING Co., INC., AND RESORT BROADCASTING Co., INC.

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re applications of Springhill Broadcasting Co., Inc., Springhill, Louisiana, Docket No. 10080, File No. BP-8160; Resort Broadcasting Co., Inc., Hot Springs, -Arkansas, Docket No. 10081, File No. BP-8246; for construction permits.

The Commission has under consideration a motion filed January 15, 1952, by counsel for the Chief of the Broadcast Bureau requesting that the hearing which was scheduled to be commenced at 10:00 a. m., on January 16, 1952, be continued for a period of thirty days or to a convenient date thereafter, which motion was opposed by counsel for Resort Broadcasting Co., Inc., in an informal argument heard on this date prior to the convening of the scheduled hearing; and

It appearing, from the pending motion, from the docket records and from the statements of counsel for the Chief of the Broadcast Bureau and for the applicant Resort Broadcasting Company, Inc. (the applicant Springhill Broadcasting Company, Inc., not having appeared by counsel or otherwise at the designated time and place for hearing), that notwithstanding its duly filed statement of intention to appear and present testimony, Springhill Broadcasting Company, Inc., through its attorney and president, orally advised counsel for the Chief of the Broadcast Bureau about ten days ago that Springhill did not intend to participate in the scheduled hearing; that counsel for Resort Broadcasting Company, Inc., was forthwith so advised by Commission counsel; and that on the basis of this information subsequent discussions between Commission's counsel and Resort's counsel indicated their mutual recognition that preparations for the scheduled hearing should be abated pending ascertainment of the firm and formal intentions of the Springhill applicant; and

It further appearing, that in the afternoon of January 15 the Commission received a petition for leave to amend, filed on behalf of Springhill Broadcasting Co., Inc., together with an accompanying engineering amendment, seeking to change the pending application request from 590 kc with 500 watts power, daytime only, to 1300 kc with 1000 watts, daytime only, which petition and amendment indicate formally the intention of the Springhill applicant not to pursue its application for 590 kc which is in conflict with the Resort application for the 590 kc frequency; and

It further appearing, that a principal objective of the motion for continuance is to provide time before hearing within which adequate consideration may be given to the Springhill proposal to amend its application to another frequency, and that the objections to a continuance, advanced by Resort Broadcasting Co., Inc., on the grounds that its application should be afforded an immediate hearing (for which Resort is ready only in part), do not present sufficient legal or equitable reasons for proceeding now with a hearing which may be found to be unnecessary and undesirable after disposition of the Springhill proposed amendment, and that a partial grant of the motion for continuance as hereinafter ordered will serve the ends of justice and conduce to the orderly dispatch of the Commission's business; and

It further appearing, that consideration of, and action upon, the Springhill Broadcasting Company, Inc., petition for leave to amend can best be accorded to it after ascertaining the merit and sufficiency thereof in relation to the requirements of the governing rules, and that the facts and circumstances can appropriately be ascertained upon oral argument upon the petition for leave to amend at the motion hour as hereinafter ordered:

Now, therefore, it is ordered, This 16th day of January 1952, that the motion for continuance here under consideration be, and it is hereby, granted in part, and the hearing upon the general issues designated in this proceeding which was scheduled to have been commenced at 10:00 a. m., on this day, is continued and, unless otherwise ordered, shall be commenced at 10:00 a. m., on January 30, 1952, at the offices of the Commission in Washington, D. C.; and

It is further ordered, Pursuant to \$\\$\ 1.744 (c) and 1.747, that this proceeding is designated specially upon the pending petition for leave to amend for informal oral argument before the undersigned Hearing Examiner in Room 1083, Tempo T Building, Fourteenth and Constitution Avenue, Washington, D. C., at 9:30 a. m., on Friday, January 25, 1952, at which time and place petitioner and the parties herein may present arguments and reasons in support of or in opposition to such actions as may be taken thereon.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS
COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1082; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. E-6399]

PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT CO.

NOTICE OF SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER AUTHORIZ-ING ISSUANCE OF SECURITIES

JANUARY 22, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that, on January 22, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order, entered January 21, 1952,

supplementing order authorizing issuance of securities in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary,

[F. R. Doc. 52-996; Filed, Jan. 25, 1982; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. E-6399]

PACIFIC POWER & LIGHT CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER AUTHORIZING ISSUANCE OF SECURITIES

JANUARY 22, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that, on January 18, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered January 18, 1952, authorizing issuance of securities in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary,

[F. R. Doc. 52-998; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. E-6403]

COMMUNITY PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

JANUARY 22, 1952.

Take notice that on January 21, 1952, an application was filed with the Federal Power Commission, pursuant to section 204 of the Federal Power Act, by Community Public Service Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, and doing business in the States of New Mexico and Texas, with its principal business office at Fort Worth, Texas, seeking an order authorizing the issuance of \$975,000 in principal amount of First Mortgage Bonds, Series C, 3% percent due 1982. The proposed bonds will be dated as of January 1, 1952, will be due on January 1, 1982, and will bear interest at the rate of 3% percent per annum. The proposed bonds are to be sold to the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company in the amount of \$500,000 and the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company in the amount of \$475,000; all as more fully appears in the application on file with the Commission.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should, on or before the 11th day of February 1952, file a petition or protest in accordance with the Commission's rules of practice and procedure. The application is on file with the Commission and available for public inspection.

tion.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52 1028; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:49 a. m.] [Docket Nos. G-1741, G-1764] TENNESSEE GAS TRANSMISSION Co.

NOTICE OF INTERIM ORDER APPROVING INCREASED RATES

JANUARY 22, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that, on January 21, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its interim order, entered January 18, 1952, in the above-entitled matters, approving increased rates to be effective December 17, 1951.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-997; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. G-1803, G-1819]

SOUTHERN NATURAL GAS CO. AND TRANS-CONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE CORP.

NOTICE OF FINDINGS AND ORDER ISSUING CERTIFICATES OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY

JANUARY 22, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that, on January 21, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order, entered January 18, 1952, issuing certificates of public convenience and necessity in the above-entitled matters.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-999; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1811]

TEXAS EASTERN TRANSMISSION CORP. AND SOUTHERN NATURAL GAS CO.

ORDER FIXING DATE FOR HEARING

On October 10, 1951, Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation (Texas Eastern), a Delaware corporation having its principal place of business at Shreveport, Louisiana, and Southern Natural Gas Company (Southern), a Delaware cor-poration having its principal place of business at Birmingham, Alabama, filed a joint application, pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the exchange of gas near the town of Lucky, Bienville Parish, Louisiana, during temporary periods of emergency on the system of either, and further authorizing Southern to own and maintain, either in place or in stand-by condition, and to operate for such purpose, approximately 50 feet of 6-inch pipeline, together with metering equip-

The Commission finds: This proceeding is a proper one for disposition under the provisions of § 1.32 (b) (18 CFR 1.32 (b)) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, Applicants having requested that their application be heard under the shortened procedure provided by the aforesaid rule for noncontested proceedings, and no request to be heard,

protest, or petition having been filed subsequent to the giving of due notice of the filing of the application, including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on October 25, 1951 (16 F. R. 10866).

The Commission orders:

(A) Pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, and the Commission's rules of practice and proced-ure, a hearing be held on February 7, 1952, at 9:30 a. m., in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., concerning the matters involved and the issues presented by the application: Provided, however, That the Commission may, after a noncontested hearing, forthwith dispose of the proceeding pursuant to the provisions of § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

(B) Interested State commissions may participate as provided by §§ 1.8 and 1.37 (f) (18 CFR 1.8 and 1.37 (f)) of the said rules of practice and procedure.

Date of issuance: January 22, 1952.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEC

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-994; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1822]

INTERSTATE NATURAL GAS CO., INC., AND HOPE PRODUCING CO.

NOTICE OF AMENDED APPLICATION

JANUARY 22, 1952.

Take notice that on January 9, 1952, Interstate Natural Gas Company, Incorporated (Interstate) and Hope Producing Company (Hope), both Delaware corporations with their principal places of business at Monroe, Louisiana, filed an amendment to their joint application filed in Docket No. G-1822. In said original joint application, Applicants requested an order of the Commission, pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, permitting and approving the abandonment of certain facilities used for rendering service to Mississippi River Fuel Corporation (Mississippi) and the abandonment of the sale of natural gas to Mississippi.

Said amendment asks that the original application filed in the above docket be amended so that Interstate and Hope shall supply to Mississippi until September 1, 1952, such quantities of gas as they shall have available under the applicable provisions of their FPC gas tariffs and prays for an order that from and after September 1, 1952, the abandoment of facilities used for rendering service to Mississippi and the abandonment of sale of natural gas to Mississippi shall be permitted and approved pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before the 10th day of February 1952. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-993; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

> [Docket No. G-1838] SOUTHERN NATURAL GAS CO. ORDER FIXING DATE OF HEARING JANUARY 22, 1952.

On November 14, 1951, Southern Natural Gas Company, (Applicant), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at Birmingham, Alabama, filed an application pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act for a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and operation of a line tap and appurtenant facilities for the sale of gas on an interruptible basis to a chemical plant of The Borden Company near Applicant's 18-inch South Line near Demopolis, Marengo County, Alabama, as described in the application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection,

The Commission finds: This proceeding is a proper one for disposition under the provisions of § 1.32 (b) (18 CFR 1.32 (b)) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, Applicant having requested that its application be heard under the shortened procedure provided by the aforesaid rule for noncontested proceedings, and no request to be heard, protest or petition having been filed subsequent to the giving of due notice of the filing of the application, including publication in the FEDERAL REG-ISTER on December 4, 1951 (16 F. R.

12235).

The Commission orders:

Pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing be held on February 6, 1952, at 9:45 a. m., in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., concerning the matters involved and the issues presented by such application: Provided, however, That the Commission may, after a noncontested hearing, forthwith dispose of the proceeding pursuant to the provisions of § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

(B) Interested State commissions may participate as provided by §§ 1.8 and 1.37 (f) (18 CFR 1.8 and 1.37 (f)) of the said rules of practice and procedure.

Date of issuance: January 22, 1952. By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-995; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:45 a. m.]

[Docket No. IT-5519] BONNEVILLE PROJECT, COLUMBIA RIVER, OREGON-WASHINGTON

NOTICE OF REQUEST FOR CONFIRMATION AND APPROVAL OF AMENDMENT TO RATE SCHEDULE

JANUARY 22, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that the Administrator of the Bonneville Project has filed with the Federal Power Commission for confirmation and approval, pursuant to the provisions of the Bonneville Act (50 Stat. 731) as amended, proposed changes in its Rate Schedule E-4.

In addition to minor changes for purpose of clarification, the proposed amendments to Rate Schedule E-4 may

be summarized as follows:

(a) Extend the 3-year 3.5-mill per kwh developmental rate, applicable to public bodies and cooperatives, to five years, and eliminate the special fiveyear postwar developmental period as

having now expired.

(b) Change the manner of determining the monthly billing demand to permit such demand to drop to 70 percent of the highest demand established during the preceding eleven months, in place of the 80 percent contained in the existing rate schedule (demand ratchet provisions), and to eliminate the months of May through September from such eleven months for demand ratchet purposes.

(c) Include a contract demand, at

Bonneville's option.

(d) Revise the special minimum annual charge applicable to irrigation and drainage pumping based on load factor to make it specifically equal to the "an-nual costs on special facilities, if any, required to be installed by the Administrator to supply such service."

(e) Make the billing demands for irrigation and drainage pumping subject to the 70 percent demand ratchet pro-

vision.

Any person desiring to comment or to make representations with respect to the foregoing should submit the same on or before February 7, 1952, to the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1027; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:49 a. m.]

[Project No. 636]

WEST PENN POWER CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER ACCEPTING SURRENDER OF LICENSE

JANUARY 22, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that, on January 17, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order, entered January 15, 1952, accepting surrender of license (Transmission Line) in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1000; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

[Project No. 1927]

CALIFORNIA OREGON POWER CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER EXTENDING TIME FOR COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION

JANUARY 22, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that, on January 18, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order, entered January 15, 1952, extending time for completion of construction in the above-entitled matter.

ISEAL I

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1001; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File Nos. 31-584, 70-2769, 70-2778]

NEW ENGLAND ELECTRIC SYSTEM ET AL.

NOTICE OF FILING REGARDING SALE OF SECURI-TIES AND ASSETS AND ACQUISITION OF SUCH SECURITIES, AND REQUEST FOR AN EXEMP-TION; ORDER CONSOLIDATING PROCEEDINGS AND FOR HEARING

JANUARY 22, 1952.

In the matter of New England Electric System, Beverly Gas and Electric Company, Lawrence Gas and Electric Company, Northern Berkshire Gas Company, Suburban Gas and Electric Company, File No. 70-2769; Lehman Brothers, Bear, Stearns & Company, Alleghany Corporation, The Pennroad Corporation, C. I. T. Financial Corporation, Jemkap. Inc., The Lehman Corporation, Charles Stewart Mott Foundation, Dempsey & Company, Goldman, Sachs & Company, Merkin & Company, Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated, Commonwealth Natural Gas System, File Nos. 31-584, 70-2778

Notice is hereby given that New England Electric System ("NEES"), a registered holding company, and four of its subsidiary companies, Beverly Gas and Electric Company ("Beverly"), Lawrence Gas and Electric Company ("Lawrence"), Northern Berkshire Gas Company ("Northern Berkshire"), and Suburban Gas and Electric Company ("Suburban"), have filed an applicationdeclaration pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 regarding the sale by them of the system's interests in all of its gas properties located in the State of Massachusetts ("Massachusetts Gas Properties"), for a base price of \$22,-780,000, and regarding certain other transactions incidental thereto. To accomplish this, NEES proposes to sell all of its investments in 10 gas utility subsidiary companies ("Gas Companies") and the other four applicants-declarants. which are electric utility companies as well as gas utility companies ("Combination Companies"), propose to sell all of their gas utility assets. The applicantsdeclarants have designated sections 6, 7 9, 10, and 12 of said act and Rules U-40 (a) (6), U-42 (b) (2), U-44, U-46 (a), U-45 and U-50 as applicable to the transactions proposed in said applicationdeclaration.

Notice is further given that Lehman Brothers; Bear, Stearns & Co.; Alleghany Corporation; The Pennroad Corporation; C. I. T. Financial Corp.; Jemkap, Inc.; The Lehman Corporation; Charles Stewart Mott Foundation: Dempsey & Company; Goldman, Sachs & Co.; Merkin & Co.; and Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Inc., sometimes hereinafter referred to as the "Purchasing Group", have filed an application pursuant to section 9 (a) (2) of the act to acquire all of the common shares of a common law trust which they are organizing under the laws of Massachusetts to be known as Commonwealth Natural Gas System ("Commonwealth Natu-ral") and an application on behalf of Commonwealth Natural pursuant to section 9 (a) (2) of the act with respect to the acquisition by it of NEES' investments in the Gas Companies and of all the common stocks of four corporations to be formed to acquire the gas utility assets of the Combination Companies.

Notice is further given that the Purchasing Group has filed an application pursuant to section 3 (a) (4) of the act for an exemption, for a limited period and subject to certain conditions, from all of the provisions of the act applicable to registered holding companies other than section 9 (a) (2).

All interested persons are referred to said applications and declaration, which are on file at the offices of the Commission, for a statement of the transactions therein proposed, which are summarized as follows:

The sale of the Massachusetts gas properties is proposed as a step in effectuating compliance by NEES with the integration provisions of section 11 (b) (1) of the act.

Pursuant to the terms of an agreement, dated October 5, 1951 ("Purchase Agreement"), NEES proposes to sell all of its investments in the Gas Companies, named below, consisting of indebtedness and the following percentages of their outstanding common stocks:

Name: Pe	rcentage
Arlington Gas Light Co	
Athol Gas Co	
Blackstone Gas Co	100.000
Central Massachusetts Gas Co	100.000
Gloucester Gas Light Co	100.000
Malden & Melrose Gas Light Co	97.443
Northampton Gas Light Co	100,000
Norwood Gas Co	- 98. 398
Salem Gas Light Co	93.829
Wachusett Gas Co	100.000

Pursuant to the terms of such Purchase Agreement, the Combination Companies whose common stocks are owned by NEES in the percentages shown below, propose to sell all of their gas utility assets:

	Percent
Beverly	63.461
Lawrence	90. 426
Northern Berkshire	100,000
Suburban	07 078

NEES states that it will use the proceeds which it receives from the sale to invest in its retained subsidiaries in order to finance, in part, their construction programs, and that such investments will be the subject of future filings with the Commission. Beverly will use the proceeds of the sale of its gas utility assets to reduce its debt to NEES

and to effect a cash distribution on its common stock which will be accompanied by a reduction of the par value thereof. The other three Combination Companies will use the proceeds from the sale of their gas utility assets and borrowings from NEES to pay off their bank debt and to effect cash distributions on their common stocks which will also be accompanied by reductions of the par values thereof. NEES and its four subsidiaries request that any order of the Commission approving their proposals become effective upon issuance.

The Purchasing Group proposes that Commonwealth Natural pay for the Massachusetts Gas Properties a base price as of December 31, 1950, aggregating \$22,780,000, subject to certain adjustments, among others, to reflect changes in NEES' investments in the Gas Companies and changes in gas plant and inventories of the Combination Companies. The adjusted base price as of October 31, 1951, is stated to aggregate \$23,921,228.

NEES heretofore filed an application with the Commission for an exemption from the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50 with respect to the sale of its holdings of any securities representing interests in the Massachusetts Gas Properties. On June 5, 1951, the Commission issued its order granting the requested exemption (Holding Company Act Release No. 10598). Thereafter, NEES invited proposals for the purchase of the Massachusetts Gas Properties. Pursuant to such invitation, various proposals were received including that of the Purchasing Group and subsequently, the Purchase Agreement referred to hereinabove was executed.

The Purchasing Group contemplates that Commonwealth Natural's capital structure will consist initially of 1,050,000 common shares with a par value of \$10 a share, \$21,000,000 principal amount of collateral trust debentures, payable in not less than 20 years and bearing interest at a rate of between 3% and 4% percent per annum, and that Commonwealth Natural will also borrow about \$3,700,000 for a period not to exceed 10 years to finance the cost of conversion to natural gas. In addition, the Purchase Agreement and the related documents provide that Commonwealth Natural, including its subsidiaries, may incur indebtedness not to exceed \$5,000,000 at any one time outstanding in order to repay debts and to complete conversion to natural gas.

Pursuant to the terms of the Purchase Agreement, the obligations of the Purchasing Group may be terminated if, prior to the closing, among other things, Commonwealth Natural shall not have succeeded in selling privately, for not less than principal amount and accrued interest, the \$21,000,000 principal amount of bonds referred to above, or shall not have been able to arrange terms satisfactory to the Purchasing Group for the \$3,700,000 of loans.

The respective percentages of the common shares of Commonwealth Natural proposed to be acquired by each member of the Purchasing Group are as follows:

Name:	Percentage
Lehman Bros	12.144
Bear, Stearnes & Co	12.144
Alleghany Corp	11.904
The Pennroad Corp	19.043
C. I. T. Financial Corp.	- 9.524
Jemkap, Inc	- 9.524
The Lehman Corp	9.524
Charles Stewart Mott Foundation	n 4.762
Dempsey & Co	4.762
Goldman, Sachs & Co	2,380
Merkin & Co	2.380
Stifel, Nicolaus & Co., Inc	1.604
	-

100,000

The Purchasing Group states that it intends to sell all of its holdings of the common shares of Commonwealth Natural as soon as practicable after the subsidiaries of Commonwealth Natural have become a coordinated operating organization, and that it is entitled to the exemption pursuant to the provisions of section 3(a)(4) on the ground that the acquisition of the common shares of Commonwealth Natural is a temporary one in connection with a bona fide arrangement for the distribution of such common shares. Accordingly, the Purchasing Group requests an exemption under section 3(a)(4) of the act for a period of at least two years subject to certain conditions and to the right to apply for an extension of time,

The Purchasing Group proposes that Commonwealth Natural make an offer to purchase those shares of the common stocks of the Gas Companies which are

publicly held.

It appearing to the Commission that it is appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that a hearing be held with respect to said matters and that said applications and declaration should not be granted or permitted to become effective except pursuant to further order of this Commission; and

It further appearing to the Commission that the foregoing matters are related and involve common questions of law and fact; that evidence offered in respect of each of said matters may have a bearing on the other; that substantial savings in time, effort and expense will result if the hearings on said matters are consolidated so that they may be heard as one matter, and so that evidence adduced with respect to each of said matters may stand as evidence in respect of all said matters for all purposes;

It is ordered, That the hearings in these matters be consolidated; the Commission reserving the right, if at any time it may appear conducive to an orderly and economical disposition of said matters, to order a separate hearing concerning any one or more of such matters, to close the record with respect to any one or more of such matters, or to take separate action on any one or more of such matters prior to the closing of the record on any other matter.

It is further ordered. That a hearing on such matters under the applicable provisions of said act and rules and regulations of the Commission thereunder be held on February 5, 1952, at 10:00 a.m., e. s. t., at the offices of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C.

On such day the hearing room clerk in Room 193 will advise as to the room where such hearing will be held. Any person desiring to be heard or otherwise wishing to participate in these proceedings shall file with the Secretary of the Commission, on or before February 1. 1952, a request relative thereto as provided in Rule XVII of the Commission's rules of practice. No further notice of any amendments to the applications or declaration as may be filed with the Commission will be giren by the Commission, except to those persons who file a written request therefor with the Secretary of the Commission, or upon further order of the Commission.

It is further ordered, That William W. Swift, or any other officer or officers of this Commission designated by it for that purpose shall preside at such hearing. The officer or officers so designated to preside at such hearing are hereby authorized to exercise all powers granted to the Commission under section 18 (c) of the act and to a Hearing Officer under the Commission's rules of practice.

The Division of Public Utilities having advised the Commission that it has made a preliminary examination of the applications and declaration and that upon the basis thereof the following matters and questions are presented for consideration, without prejudice to its specifying additional matters and questions upon further examination:

(1) Whether the proposed sale by NEES, directly or indirectly, of securities and assets meets the requirements of section 12 (d) of the act and the requirements of any other applicable provision of the act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

(2) Whether the transactions proposed by the Combination companies with respect to the issuance of new securities, the alteration of presently outstanding securities and the declaration and payment of cash distributions to their stockholders meet the applicable provisions of the act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

(3) Whether the transactions proposed by NEES with respect to the acquisition of securities of the Combination companies and the making of loans thereto meet the applicable provisions of the act and the rules and regulations thereunder.

(4) Whether the proposed acquisitions of securities by the Purchasing Group and by Commonwealth Natural meet the applicable provisions of the act and whether the Commission should condition its approval of the proposed acquisitions upon such a fair offer by Commonwealth Natural to purchase those shares of the common stocks of the Gas Companies which are publicly held as the Commission may find necessary or appropriate.

(5) Whether the application by the Purchasing Group for an exemption from all of the provisions of the act (except section 9 (a) (2)) should be granted, and if granted, subject to what conditions, if any.

(6) Whether the accounting treatment of the proposed transactions is in accordance with sound accounting principles. (7) Whether the fees and expenses to be paid by NEES or its subsidiaries in connection with the proposed transactions are reasonable.

(8) Generally, whether the proposed transactions comply with all the applicable provisions and requirements of the act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder and whether it is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors or consumers and to prevent the circumvention of the provisions of the act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder to impose any conditions in connection with any of the proposed transactions.

It is further ordered. That attention shall be directed at said hearing to the foregoing matters and questions specified above.

It is further ordered, That the Secretary of the Commission shall serve by registered mail a copy of this order on the applicants and declarants and on the Department of Public Utilities of Massachusetts; and that notice to all other persons shall be given by publication of this notice and order in the FEDERAL REGISTER and by general release of the Commission distributed to the Press and malled to the names on the Commission's malling list for releases issued under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DuBois, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1002; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

[File No. 54-192]

INTERNATIONAL HYDRO-ELECTRIC SYSTEM ORDER AUTHORIZING QUARTERLY INTERIM PAYMENTS TO PREFERRED STOCKHOLDERS

JANUARY 21, 1952.

Batholomew A. Brickley, Trustee of International Hydro - Electric System ("IHES"), a registered holding company, having filed pursuant to section 11 (d) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 an application requesting authorization, subject to approval of the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts, to make quarterly payments to the preferred stockholders of IHES at the rate of 871/2 cents per share pending determination of the issues joined between the preferred and Class A stockholders concerning allocation and distribution of the holding company's residual estate; such payments to be made on the regular dividend dates to the holders of record as of the date to be fixed by the Trustee, not more than thirty days prior to the date of any such payment, and only from funds available after complying with the terms of the loan agreement of IHES with The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, after providing for all current operating expenses and taxes, and after setting aside such reserves as the Trustee may deem advisable; and such payments to continue subject to the further orders of the Commission and the Court; and

A public hearing having been held, after appropriate notice, on said application, and briefs having been filed and oral argument heard; and

The Commission having considered the record, and having made and filed its findings and opinion herein:

It is ordered, That said application be, and the same hereby is approved: Provided, however, That this order shall not be operative to authorize the consummation of the proposed payments unless and until said District Court, upon application thereto, shall enter an order approving and authorizing such payments.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBois, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1005; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[File Nos. 54-201, 59-6]

UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT CO. ET AL.

NOTICE OF FILING AND ORDER FOR HEARING ON PLAN AND ORDER CONSOLIDATING PROCEEDING

JANUARY 22, 1952.

In the matter of The United Gas Improvement Company, File No. 54-201; and The United Gas Improvement Company and Subsidiary Companies, respondents, File No. 59-6.

Notice is hereby given that The United Gas Improvement Company ("UGI"), a registered holding company, has filed an application for approval of a Plan under section 11 (e) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act"), proposing action described as being for the purpose of completing compliance by UGI and its system companies with the provisions of section 11 of the act.

UGI is a Pennsylvania Corporation and owns all or a majority of the common stock, in the respective percentages shown below, of the following subsidiaries, each of which is incorporated in and performs the following type of business within, the State of Pennsylvania:

Name	Percentage of common stock owned by UGI	Type of business
Allentown-Bethlehem Gas Co. Consumers Gas Co. (Reading, Pa.). Harrisburg Gas Co., The. Lancaster County Gas Co. Lachanon Valley Gas Co. Luzerne County Gas & Electric Corp. Philadelphia Gas Works Co., The 1. Ugite Sales Corp. Utilities Realty Co., The.	70, 54 100, 00 100, 00 100, 00 100, 00 100, 00	Gas utility. Do. Do. Do. Do. Electric and gas utility. Gas utility. Inactive. Real estate.

⁴ Pursuant to an agreement between the city of Philadelphis and The Philadelphia Gas Works Co., the latter manages and operates the municipally-owned gas works in the city of Philadelphia.

In addition to its interests in its subsidiaries, UGI owns minority interests in certain companies which are not subsidiaries. These companies, together with the type of security, number of shares or dollar amount of each, and the percentage of voting power represented by securities held by UGI, are as follows:

Percent of voting	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
Shares or amount	25,250 25
Security	Common stock do Class A stock Common stock Common stock Common stock Note.
Name of company	Central Illinois Light Co. Consumers Power Co. Consumers Power Co. Natura Mohawit Power Corp. Philiodelphia Flactric Co. Public Servine Electric & Gas Co. Delaware Coach Co.

Under the provisions of our order en-tered June 15, 1951 (Holding Company Act Release No. 10624), UGI was directed to dispose of its holdings of these securities pursuant to the provisons of section 11(b) of the act,

All interested persons are referred to the Plan of UGI, which is on file in the statement of the transactions therein offices of the Commission, for a full proposed, which may be summarized as foliows:

THE PLAN

Plan is divided into four parts which, in substance, provide respectively

(1) The conversion of UGI into a The merger into UGI of all its Pennsylvania public utility company;

by exchanges of securities so that all present security holders of UGI and its subsidiaries will become the owners of continuing corporation conducting as one public utility operating company the vania, such merger being accompanied public utility subsidiaries and the diswith UGI remaining as the surviving and utility operations now conducted by UGI and its various subsidiaries in Pennsylsolution of UGI's non-utility subsidiaries securities of the surviving UGI;

curities in non-subsidiary companies (except Delaware Coach Company); (3) The disposition of UGI of its se-

(4) The securing of an order pursuant to section 5 (d) of the act declaring that UGI has ceased to be a holding company and that its registration under the act shall cease to be in effect.

vania, and will thereby become subject to the provisions of the Pennsylvania Part 1. In order to permit the merger ity company under the laws of Pennsylof UGI and its public utility subsidiaries, UGI will convert itself into a public util-

Company properties which are presently being operated by The Philadelphia Gas Works Company under an agreement ties Gas Company. The Plan states that the consummation of this step would thereupon qualify UGI and its public Corporation Law of 1874 and to jurisdiction of the Pennsylvania operation of the Northern Liberties Gas dated May 14, 1937, pursuant to which The Philadelphia Gas Works Company erate such properties. Upon the termi-nation of the 1937 agreement, there would be restored in effect an agreement dated July 2, 1900, between UGI and which UGI would resume the operation utility subsidiaries to merge under the Pennsylvania Merger and Consolidation Northern Liberties Gas Company, under of the gas properties of Northern Liberwas substituted for UGI as agent to oppurpose, UGI proposes to resume Public Utility Commission. Act of 1909, as amended.

the Capital Stock of UGI, to merge into town-Bethlehem Gas Company, Con-sumers Gas Company, The Harrisburg pany, Luzerne County Gas and Electric Corporation, and The Philadelphia Gas priate corporate proceedings under the Pennsylvania Merger and Consolidation Act of 1909, as amended, including the affirmative vote of the holders of at least a majority of the outstanding shares of UGI its public utility subsidiaries, Allen-Gas Company, Lancaster County Gas Company, Lebanon Valley Gas Com-Works Company. UGI proposes to vote its holdings in each of its subsidiary der the terms of the merger, all assets and franchises of the constituent companies will vest in the continuing UGI Part 2. UGI proposes, upon consummation of Part I, and subject to approcompanies in favor of such merger. Un-

become each of liabilities of UGI, except that intercompany indebtedness between UGI and its Company, and the liabilities of the constituent companies will subsidiaries would be eliminated.

25,000 shares of 41/2 percent cumulative UGI will have an authorized Capital Stock of 2,464,759 shares, consisting of shares of Preferred Stock, par per share, and 2,414,759 Common Stock, par value \$13.50 per share. Upon consummation of the merger, UGI will have outstanding \$100 of shares 50,000 value

1.344,202 shares of Common Stock (excluding 9,219 shares held by the Company). The Preferred Stock will have a dividends, and will be redeemable at the liquidation or dissolution preference of \$100 per share plus accrued or unpsid option of the Company at \$110 per share plus accrued and unpaid dividends. Preferred Stock, par value

Subsidiary companies of UGI now have outstanding First Mortgage Bonds aggregating \$15,758,000, in the following respective amounts and series:

pal Series '	2, 219, 000 34k pervent (now 3 percent) series due 1964. 1, 479, 000 34k percent series due 1978. 1, 500, 000 34k percent series due 1978. 2, 004, 000 25k percent series due 1971. 1, 000, 000 31k percent series due 1971. 1, 000, 000 31k percent series due 1974. 6, 562, 000 33k percent series due 1978.	
Principal amount	\$11.15 \$20,000	
Company	Allentown-Bethlebem Gas Co. Do. The Harrisburg Gas Co. Do. Do. Lunerne County Gas & Electric Corp.	

presently outstanding First Mortgage Bonds of the subsidiaries are required to the merger becomes effective, in return for which such holders shall receive in exchange new UGI First Mortgage Bonds old bonds up to that date. The various indentures of mortgage and supplements UGI proposes to issue seven series of new First Mortgage Bonds. Each of the fund and tax provisions as the various series of subsidiary bonds set forth Plan represents that the mortgage will contain provisions complying with the tofore found appropriate. Under the terms of the Plan, the holders of the surrender them for cancellation when celled and discharged as of the effective above. The Plan states that the pro-posed form of the new First Mortgage cipal amounts. The new bonds will be dated as of the effective date of the merger, and interest will be paid on the respective series will have the same interest rates, interest payment dates, ma-Trust Indenture Act of 1939 and the proof the corresponding series in like printhereto securing the presently outstanding bonds of the subsidiaries will be canturity dates, redemption prices, sinking visions which this Commission has herewill be supplied by amendment. date of the merger. series of

standing 4,838 shares of 4½ percent Pre-ferred Stock, par value \$100, and Luzerne outstanding 25,000 shares of 4¼ percent Preferred Stock, par value \$100. Under County Gas and Electric Corporation has The Harrisburg Gas Company has out-

cent Preferred Stock on the basis of one Electric Corporation 4½ percent Pre-ferred Stock. Holders of Luzerne Coun-ty Gas and Electric Corporation Preterms of the Plan, the 41/2 percent Preferred Stock of The Harrisburg Gas ing any accrued and unpaid dividends up to the effective date of the merger, ferred Stock will commence to accrue on Company will be redeemed, on or about the effective date of the merger, at the redemption price of \$110 per share plus render their shares for cancellation when the merger becomes effective, and shall receive in exchange new UGI 41/4 pershare of such new UGI 41/4 percent Preferred Stock for each share of presently outstanding Luzerne County Gas and ferred Stock will receive cash representand the dividends on the new UGI Preaccrued and unpaid dividends thereon. The holders of the 41/4 percent Preferred Stock of Luzerne County Gas and Electric Corporation shall be required to surthat date.

Capital Stock will receive in exchange Holders of presently outstanding UGI for such shares new certificates representing a like number of shares of new Common Stock of UGL.

ity subsidiary companies will be canceled. and no securities of UGI issued in place All shares which UGI owns of its utilthereof.

Common stockholders of Consumers celve, in exchange for each share of Capital Stock of Consumers Gas Com-Gas Company, other than UGI, will repany, %10 of a share of new UGI Common Common stockholders of The Harrisburg Gas Company, other than UGI, will receive, in exchange for each share of Common Stock of The Harrisburg Gas Company four shares of new

UGI Common Stock.

In lieu of distribution of fractional shares of new UGI Common Stock, holders otherwise entitled thereto will receive a cash equivalent computed on the basis of the average of the daily closing prices of UGI Common Stock (or the bid price, if no sales are made) on the New York Stock Exchange for the period of one calendar week immediately following the effective date of the merger.

Upon the effective date of the merger, all rights of the holders of the present securities of UGI and its subsidiaries, other than the right to receive new securities as provided in the Plan, will cease, Five years after the effective date of the merger, any stock, bonds or cash not exchanged as provided for in the Plan (other than the new UGI Common Stock) will become the property of UGI. UGI may, in its discretion, appoint an agent or agents in connection with the distribution of new securities.

Ugite Sales Corporation and The Utilities Realty Company will be dis-solved under the respective provisions of the Delaware and Pennsylvania Corporation Laws, and the property and assets of such companies will be transferred to UGI and any liabilities assumed by UGI, except that inter-company indebtedness between such companies and UGI will

be eliminated.

Part 3. UGI proposes, in accordance with the Commission's Order dated June 15, 1951, to dispose of its direct and indirect ownership, control and holdings of securities issued by Central Illinois Light Company, Consumers Power Com-pany, Delaware Power & Light Company, Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation, Philadelphia Electric Company, and Public Service Electric and Gas Company. UGI proposes to dispose of these securities within one year from the effective date of such merger, and proposes to follow the procedure provided by Rule U-44 (c) of the rules and regulations under the act.

UGI represents that the Note of Delaware Coach Company, now outstanding in the amount of \$916,666.67, is a selfliquidating security not readily disposable except at a financial sacrifice on the part of UGI, and states that this security was acquired by UGI in a transaction for the purpose of complying with the provisions of section 11 of the act. UGI therefore proposes that the Commission amend its Order of June 15, 1951, to permit retention by UGI of this Note, subject to the liquidation thereof over a period of years in accordance with the terms of the Note.

Part 4. Upon the completion of the transactions proposed in Parts 1 to 3 of the Plan, UGI will have become a public utility operating company, incorporated under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania and doing business solely within that State, and subject to the jurisdiction of the Pennsylvania Public

Utility Commission. At such time, UGI will not have any subsidiaries,

UGI proposes that it receive at that time an order from the Commission under section 5 (d) of the act, declaring that it has ceased to be a holding company and that its registration under the act has ceased to be in effect.

Other provisions. The Plan provides that UGI will pay such fees, expenses and remunerations in connection with the Plan and any amendments thereto as the Commission shall duly approve, determine, award, allow or allocate.

The consummation of the Plan is subject to certain conditions and reservations as set forth therein, including the requirement that the Commission find the Plan fair and equitable to the per-sons affected thereby and necessary to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the act, and that the Commission enter an order containing findings and recitations conforming to the pertinent provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, including Supplement R of Chapter I and section 1808 (f) of Chapter II thereof. The Plan also contains the condition that the Commission apply to a Court, in accordance with the provisions of section 18 (f) of the act to enforce and carry out the terms and provisions of Parts 1 and 2 of the Plan, and that the Court, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall have entered a decree approving and enforcing Parts 1 and 2 of the Plan, and that such decree or order is no longer subject to judicial review.

The Commission being required by the provisions of section 11 (e) of the act, before approving any plan submitted thereunder, to find after notice and opportunity for hearing, that such plan, as submitted or as modified, is necessary to effectuate the provisions of subsection (b) of section 11, and is fair and equitable to the persons affected by such plan; and it appearing appropriate in the public interest and in the interests of investors and consumers that notice be given and a hearing be held with respect

to said plan;

It further appearing to the Commission that the Plan contains the request for a modification of the Commission's order dated June 15, 1951, entered pursuant to section 11 (b) (1) of the act in proceedings under File No. 59-6, insofar as such Order required the disposition of the holdings of UGI in Delaware Coach Company, and it also appearing that certain evidence contained in said proceeding under File No. 59-6 is or may be relevant to the isues proposed by the said Plan, and that accordingly, in order to permit consideration of such request for modification of the section 11 (b) (1) Order and to permit the consideration and to facilitate the determination in the same proceeding of any question of law or fact which may be presented, it is appropriate that the proceedings under section 11 (b) (1) under File No. 59-6 be consolidated herewith:

It is ordered, That the proceeding on the Plan of UGI (File No. 54-201) and the proceeding under section 11 (b) (1) relating to UGI and its subsidiary companies (File No. 59-6) be and the same are hereby consolidated without prejudice, however, to the Commission's right, upon its own motion or the motion of any interested party, to sever such proceedings for determination or to strike such portions of the record of the prior proceedings as may be deemed irrelevant to the issues raised with respect to the pending plan.

It is further ordered, That a hearing upon the Plan, including the request to modify the Commission's order dated June 15, 1951, and a reconvened hearing in the section 11 (b) (1) proceedings, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the act and the rules thereunder, shall be held at 10:00 a, m., e. s. t., on the 27th day of February 1952, in the offices of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C., in such room as may be designated on that day by the hearing room clerk in Room 193.

It is further ordered, That any person desiring to be heard or otherwise wishing to participate in these proceedings shall notify the Commission on or before the 25th day of February 1952 in the manner provided by Rule XVII of the Commission's rules of practice.

The Division of Public Utilities of the Commission having advised the Commission that it has made a preliminary examination of the proposed plan and of the other matters consolidated therewith, and that on the basis thereof the following matters and questions are presented for consideration by the Commission, without prejudice to the presentation of additional matters and questions upon further examination:
(1) Whether the proposed Plan, as

submitted or as modified, is necessary to effectuate the provisions of section 11

(b) of the act;

(2) Whether the proposed plan, as submitted or as modified, is fair and equitable to the persons affected thereby;

(3) Whether the transactions proposed in said Plan, including the proposed accounting entries, comply with all the requirements of the applicable provisions of the act and the rules promulgated thereunder;

(4) Whether the provision in the pro-posed Plan making the Plan subject to a vote of the UGI stockholders is consistent with the standards of section 11 (e) of the act and is in the public interest or the interests of investors or consumers.

(5) Whether the proposed provisions of the indenture securing the new First Mortgage Bonds and the charter and bylaws of the surviving company are consistent with the standards of the act and are in the public interest and the interests of investors and consumers.

(6) Whether the Commission should, in accordance with the request of UGI. modify the Order dated June 15, 1951, to permit the retention by UGI of the Note owned by UGI of Delaware Coach Company, subject to the liquidation of such Note in accordance with the terms

(7) Whether any further action should be taken by UGI, prior to or in connection with the consummation of the proposed Plan, in accordance with the provisions of section 11 (b) of the act, or whether approval of the Plan

should be conditioned upon the taking of any such action.

(8) Whether the acquisition by the proposed merged company of the assets of the present subsidiaries of UGI, including specifically the acquisition of the electric utility assets now owned by Luzerne County Gas and Electric Corporation, is in accord with the standards of sections 10 and 11 (b) (1) of the act.

(9) Whether the application made to the Commission as part of the Plan, requesting that the Commission, upon consummation of the Plan, issue an order, pursuant to section 5 (d) of the act, declaring that UGI shall have ceased to be a holding company, should be granted, and if so, whether the Commission should impose terms and conditions with respect to such order as necessary for the protection of investors.

(10) What fees and expenses should be paid pursuant to or in connection with said Plan, and what person or corporation should pay such fees and expenses.

(11) Whether, and to what extent, the proposed Plan should be modified or terms and conditions imposed in any other respects to ensure adequate protection of the public interest and the interests of investors and consumers and compliance with all applicable provisions of the act.

It is further ordered, That particular attention be directed at said hearing to the foregoing matters and questions.

It is further ordered, That Richard Townsend or any other officer or officers of the Commission designated by it for that purpose shall preside at the hearings in such matter. The officer so designated to preside at such hearing is hereby authorized to exercise all the powers granted to the Commission under section 18 (e) of said act and to a hearing officer under the Commission's rules of practice.

It is further ordered, That jurisdiction be reserved to separate, either for hearing, in whole or in part, or for disposition, in whole or in part, any of the issues, questions or matters herein set forth or which may arise in these proceedings, or to consolidate with these proceedings other filings or matters pertaining to the subject matter of these proceedings and to take such other action as may appear conducive to an orderly, prompt and economical disposition of the matters involved.

It is further ordered. That notice of said hearing be given by mailing a copy of this notice and order by registered mail to UGI and to the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission and to the mayors of Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Allentown, Bethlehem, Easton, Reading, Lancaster, Lebanon, Hazleton, and Nanticoke, all in Pennsylvania, and that notice be given to the press and mailed to the mailing list for releases under the act, and by publication of this notice and order in the Federal Register.

It is further ordered, That UGI shall give appropriate notice of said hearing, the form thereof to be submitted to the Commission prior to mailing, to all of the holders of its own capital stock; to the holders of capital stock of Consumers Gas Company and of The Harrisburg Gas Company, to the holders of the Pre-

ferred Stock of Luzerne County Gas and Electric Corporation; to the Trustees under the respective indentures securing outstanding First Mortgage Bonds of Allentown-Bethlehem Gas Company, The Harrisburg Gas Company, and Luzerne County Gas and Electric Corporation; and to each of the holders of said First Mortgage Bonds (in so far as the identity of such holders is known or available to UGI), such notice to be given at least 14 days prior to the date hereinbefore fixed for such hearing.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1003; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:46 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2770]

WEST PENN ELECTRIC CO.

ORDER GRANTING AUTHORITY TO ISSUE AND SELL SHARES OF ADDITIONAL COMMON STOCK

JANUARY 22, 1952.

The West Penn Electric Company ("West Penn Electric"), a registered holding company, having filed an application-declaration, with amendments thereto, pursuant to the provisions of sections 6, 7, 9, 10 and 12 (c) of the act and Rules U-42 and U-50 promulgated thereunder, with respect to the following proposed transactions:

West Penn Electric proposes to issue 440,000 additional shares of its common stock, without par value. The shares of common stock are to be offered to the holders of the presently outstanding common stock of the company for subscription in the ratio of 1 share of additional common stock for each 8 shares of common stock now held. The rights to subscribe are to be evidenced by transferable subscription warrants to be issued on the basis of one right for each share of common stock owned. No fractional shares are to be issued in ex-change for warrants, The warrants provide that persons subscribing for stock may direct the subscription agent to purchase additional warrants evidencing rights required to complete a full share subscription or to sell warrants evidencing rights in excess of those required for full share subscriptions. In each case, the purchase or sale may not exceed 7 rights for any single stock-

The above described offering is to be underwritten and the company proposes to select the purchasers of any unsubscribed stock at competitive bidding pursuant to Rule U-50. The company requests that the period of ten days required by Rule U-50 to elapse between the time of inviting bids and the entering into of an agreement with respect to the issuance and sale of the new common stock be shortened to six days. At least 42 hours prior to the time for the submission and opening of bids, West Penn Electric will advise the prospective bidders of the subscription price per share for the shares of new common stock, which will also be the price per share at which unsubscribed shares will be sold to the successful bidder. Prospective bidders are to be required to specify an aggregate amount of compensation to be paid by the company for their commitments.

The company proposes, if considered necessary or desirable, to stabilize the price of the common stock of the company for the purpose of facilitating the offering and distribution of the new common stock. It states that the stabilization activities, if any, will not be commenced prior to January 28, 1952, and will not extend beyond the time for the acceptance of a bid on January 30, 1952. In connection therewith, the company may purchase shares of its common stock, but not in excess of 44,000 shares, on the New York Stock Exchange or otherwise. Such purchases are to be made through brokers with the payment of regular stock exchange commissions. The prospective bidders will be asked to bid not only for the purchase of the unsubscribed stock but also for the purchase of any shares within the above limitation acquired by the company through such stabilizing transactions.

According to the filing, it is the present intention of West Penn Electric to use the net proceeds from the sale of the new common stock, plus other funds to the extent necessary, to invest approximately \$7,600,000 in additional common stock of its subsidiary, West Penn Power Company, \$2,500,095 in additional common stock of its subsidiary, Monongahela Power Company, and \$2,500,000 in additional common stock of The Potomac Edison Company, another subsidiary. Further filings are contemplated in respect of the purchases and the issuance of the subsidiaries' common stocks.

The filing requests that the order of the Commission herein granting the application and permitting effectiveness to the declaration become effective forthwith upon the issuance thereof.

Notice of said filing having been duly given in the form and manner prescribed by Rule U-23 promulgated pursuant to the act, and the Commission not having received a request for hearing with respect to said application-declaration, as amended, within the period specified in said notice, or otherwise, and not having ordered a hearing thereon; and

The Commission finding with respect to said application-declaration as amended, that the requirements of the applicable provisions of the act and rules thereunder are satisfied, and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that the said application-declaration, as amended, be granted and permitted to become effective and that the request to shorten the bidding period be granted:

It is ordered, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of the act, that the said application-declaration, as amended, be, and hereby is, granted and permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24 and to the further condition that the proposed issuance and sale of the 440,000 shares of the new common stock by West Penn Electric

shall not be consummated until the results of competitive bidding, pursuant to Rule U-50, have been made a matter of record in this proceeding and a further order shall have been entered, with respect thereto, which order shall contain such further terms and conditions as may then be deemed appropriate, for which purpose jurisdiction be, and the same hereby is, reserved.

It is further ordered, That the 10 day bidding period prescribed by Rule U-50 be, and the same hereby is, shortened to

a period of 6 days.

It is further ordered, That jurisdiction be, and the same hereby is, reserved over all fees and expenses to be incurred in connection with the proposed transactions.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DUBOIS, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1004; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[File No. 7-1382]

NATIONAL PHOENIX INDUSTRIES, INC.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR UNLISTED TRADING PRIVILEGES, AND OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 22d day of January A. D. 1952.

The Boston Stock Exchange, pursuant to section 12 (f) (2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-12F-1 thereunder, has made application for unlisted trading privileges in the Common Stock, 10e Par Value, of National Phoenix Industries, Inc., a security listed and registered on the New York Curb Exchange.

Rule X-12F-1 provides that the applicant shall furnish a copy of the application to the issuer and to every exchange on which the security is listed or already admitted to unlisted trading privileges. The application is available for public inspection at the Commission's principal

office in Washington, D. C. Notice is hereby given that, upon request of any interested person received prior to February 6, 1952, the Commission will set this matter down for hearing. In addition, any interested person may submit his views or any additional facts bearing on this application by means of a letter addressed to the Secretary of the Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D. C. If no one requests a hearing on this matter, this application will be determined by order of the Commission on the basis of the facts stated in the application, and other information contained in the official file of the Commission pertaining to this matter.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBois, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1006; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

ECONOMIC STABILIZATION AGENCY

Office of Price Stabilization

[Celling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 339, Amdt. 1]

TELECHRON, INC.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Correction

In F. R. Doc. 51-14645, appearing at page 12519 of the issue for Wednesday, December 12, 1951, the following change should be made:

In the list at the top of the last column of page 12519, the first figure under "Ceiling prices at retail," "\$7.75" should read "\$7.95."

[Region I, Redelegation of Authority 14, Revised]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION I

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCESS REPORTS OF PROPOSED PRICE-DETERMIN-ING METHODS PURSUANT TO SECTION 5 OF CPR 67

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. 1, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 22, Revised (17 F. R. 219) this revision of Redelegation of Authority No. 14 (16 F. R. 10618) is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization in Region I to approve, pursuant to section 5, CPR 67, a price-determining method för sales at wholesale or retail proposed by a reseller under CPR 67, disapprove such a proposed price-determining method, establish a different price-determining method by order, or request further information concerning such a price-determining method.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 12, 1952.

JOSEPH M. McDonough, Director, Regional Office No. I.

JANUARY 23, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1062; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:35 p. m.]

[Region II, Redelegation of Authority 9, Amdt. 1]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION II

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ADJUST CEILING PRICES UNDER CPR 34

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. 2, pursuant to delegation of authority No. 28, Amendment 1 (17 F. R. 330), this Amendment 1 to Redelegation of Authority No. 9 is hereby issued.

Redelegation of Authority No. 9 is amended by adding a new paragraph 6 to read as follows: 6. Authority under section 20 (a) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended, Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the New York City, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, and Albany, New York, and the Newark and Trenton, New Jersey, Offices of Price Stabilization to adjust ceiling prices under the provisions of section 20 (a) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended.

This redelegation of authority is effective January 24, 1952.

CARL P. MALMSTROM, Acting Director of Regional Office No. II.

JANUARY 23, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1063; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:36 p. m.]

[Region II, Redelegation of Authority 17, Corr.]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION II

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT ON AP-PLACATIONS FOR ADJUSTED CEILING PRICES UNDER GOR 21

Due to a clerical error, section 1 (a) of Redelegation of Authority 17 refers to "section 5 (d) of GOR 21." This should read instead "section 5 (e) of GOR 21." Accordingly, section 1 (a) of Redelegation of Authority 17 is corrected to read as follows:

(a) To direct applicants to broaden the scope of their applications as provided in section 5 (e) of GOR 21,

> CARL P. MALMSTROM, Acting Director, Regional Office No. II.

JANUARY 23, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1064; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:37 p. m.]

[Region II, Redelegation of Authority 23] DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION II

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ISSUE ORDERS ESTABLISHING CEILING PRICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 2 (h) OF CPR 94

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. 2, pursuant to delegation of authority No. 46 (17 F. R. 362), this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the New York City, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse and Albany, New York, and the Newark and Trenton, New Jersey, Offices of Price Stabilization to issue orders establishing ceiling prices under the provisions of section 2 (h) of Ceiling Price Regulation 94.

This redelegation of authority is effective January 24, 1952.

> CARL P. MALMSTROM, Acting Director of Regional Office No. II.

JANUARY 23, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1065; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:37 p. m.] [Region VI, Redelegation of Authority 8, Amdt. 1]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION VI

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ADJUST CEILING PRICES UNDER CPR 34

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Deputy Director of the Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization, No. VI, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 28, Amendment 1 (17 F. R. 330) this Amendment 1 to Redelegation of Authority No. 8 (16 F. R. 12744) is hereby issued.

Redelegation of Authority No. 8 is amended by adding a new paragraph 6 to read as follows:

6. Authority under section 20 (a) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended. Authority is hereby redelegated to the District Directors of the Cincinnati, Ohio; Cleveland, Ohio; Columbus, Ohio; Detroit, Michigan; Grand Rapids, Michigan; Louisville, Kentucky; and Toledo, Ohio, District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization to adjust ceiling prices under the provisions of section 20 (a) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34,

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 22, 1952.

A. H. Anderson, Deputy Director of Regional Office No. VI.

JANUARY 23, 1952.

as amended.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1066; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:37 p. m.]

[Region VI, Redelegation of Authority 23]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION VI

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ISSUE ORDERS ESTABLISHING CEILING PRICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 2 (h) OF

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Deputy Director of the Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization, No. VI, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 46 (17 F. R. 362), this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Cincinnati, Ohio; Cleveland, Ohio; Columbus, Ohio; Detroit, Michigan; Grand Rapids, Michigan; Louisville, Kentucky, and Toledo, Ohio, District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization to issue orders establishing ceiling prices under the provisions of section 2 (h) of Ceiling Price Regulation 94.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 22, 1952.

A. H. Anderson, Deputy Director of Regional Office VI.

JANUARY 23, 1952.

[P. R. Doc. 52-1067; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:37 p. m.] [Region VII, Redelegation of Authority 17]
DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES,
REGION VII

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCESS REPORTS OF PROPOSED CEILING PRICES FOR SALES OF FARM EQUIPMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 5 OF CPR 100

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization, Region VII, pursuant to the provisions of Delegation of Authority No. 37, dated December 4, 1951 (16 F. R. 12299), this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to each of the District Directors of the Office of Price Stabilization in Region VII to approve, pursuant to section 5 of CPR 100, ceiling prices for sales of farm equipment proposed by a seller under CPR 100, disapprove such a proposed ceiling price, establish a different ceiling price by order, or request further information concerning such a ceiling price.

This redelegation of authority is effective January 24, 1952.

MICHAEL J. HOWLETT,
Director of Regional Office No. VII.

JANUARY 23, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1068; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:37 p. m.]

[Region VIII, Redelegation of Authority 16, Corr.]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION VIII

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT ON APPLICATIONS FOR ADJUSTED CEILING PRICES UNDER GOR 21

Due to a clerical error section 1 (a) of Redelegation of Authority 16 refers to "section 5 (d) of GOR 21." This should read instead, "section 5 (e) of GOR 21." Accordingly, section 1 (a) of Redelegation of Authority 16 is corrected to read as follows:

(a) To direct applicants to broaden the scope of their applications as provided in section 5 (e) of GOR 21,

> PHILIP NEVILLE, Regional Director, Region VIII.

JANUARY 23, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1069; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:37 p. m.]

[Region VIII, Redelegation of Authority 23]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION VIII

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ISSUE OR-DERS ESTABLISHING CEILING PRICES IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 2 (h) OF CPR 94

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, Region VIII, pursuant to Delegation of Authority 46, dated January 10, 1952 (17 F. R. 362), this redelegation of authority is hereby

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the District Directors, Office of Price Stabilization, Eighth Region, to issue orders establishing ceiling prices under the provisions of section 2 (h) of Ceiling Price Regulation 94.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 11, 1952.

PHILIP NEVILLE,
Regional Director, Region VIII.

JANUARY 23, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1070; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:08 p. m.]

[Region X, Redelegation of Authority 7, Amdt. 1]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION X

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT ON PRICING AND REPORTS AND TO ADJUST CEILING PRICES UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 20 (8) OF CPE 34, AS AMENDED

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. X, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 28, Amendment 1 (17 F. R. 330), this Amendment 1 to Region X Redelegation of Authority No. 7 is hereby issued.

Region X Redelegation of Authority No. 7 is amended by adding a new paragraph 6 to read as follows:

6. Authority under section 20 (a) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Little Rock, Arkansas; Tulsa, Oklahoma; Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Shreveport, Louisiana; New Orleans, Louisiana; Lubbock, Texas; Fort Worth, Texas; Dallas, Texas; Houston, Texas; and San Antonio, Texas, District Offices of Price Stabilization to adjust ceiling prices under the provisions of section 20 (a) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect on January 25, 1952.

ALFRED L. SEELYE, Director of Regional Office No. X. JANUARY 23, 1952.

[P. R. Doc. 52-1071; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:38 p. m.]

[Region X, Redelegation of Authority 17, Corr.]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION X
REDELEGATION OF AUTHORILY TO ACT ON APPLICATIONS FOR ADJUSTED CEILING PRICES
ENDER GOR 21

Because of a clerical error, section 1 (a) of Redelegation of Authority 17 refers to "section 5 (d) of GOR 21." This should read instead, "section 5 (e) of GOR 21." Accordingly, section 1 (a) of Redelegation of Authority 17 is corrected to read as follows:

(a) To direct applicants to broaden the scope of their applications as provided in section 5 (e) of GOR 21.

This corrected redelegation of authority shall take effect on January 25, 1952.

ALFRED L. SEELYE, Director of Regional Office No. X JANUARY 23, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1072; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:38 p. m.]

[Region X, Redelegation of Authority 19] DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION X

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCESS APPLICATIONS FOR ADJUSTMENT FILED BY MANUFACTURERS HAVING YEARLY SALES VOLUME OF \$250,000 OR LESS, UNDER GOR 10

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. X, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 43 (16 F. R. 12747), this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority to act under GOR 10. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Little Rock, Arkansas; Tulsa, Oklahoma; Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Shreveport, Louisiana; New Orleans, Louisiana; Lubbock, Texas; Fort Worth, Texas; Dallas, Texas; Houston, Texas; and San Antonio, Texas, District Offices of Price Stabilization to process and act on applications for adjustments, filed by manufacturers having a yearly sales volume of \$250,000 or less, under GOR 10.

2. Authority to act under GOR 10. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Little Rock, Arkansas; Tulsa, Oklahoma; Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Shreveport, Louisiana; New Orleans, Louisiana; Lubbock, Texas; Fort Worth, Texas; Dallas, Texas; Houston, Texas; and San Antonio, Texas, District Offices of Price Stabilization to process and act on all applications for adjustments filed under GOR 10 by manufacturers having a yearly sales volume exceeding \$250,000, where the applications have been referred to the Regional Office by the National Office.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect on January 25, 1952.

ALFRED L. SEELYE. Director of Regional Office No. X. JANUARY 23, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1073; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952 4:38 p. m.]

[Region XI, Redelegation of Authority 20 Revised]

DIRECTORS OF ALL DISTRICT OFFICES,

REGION XI

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCESS REPORTS OF PROPOSED PRICE-DETERMINING METHODS PURSUANT TO SECTION 5 OF CPR 67, RESELLERS' CEILING PRICES FOR MA-CHINERY AND RELATED MANUFACTURED COODS

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, Region XI, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 22 Revised (17 F. R. 219), this revised redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to each of the directors of the District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization in Region XI to approve, pursuant to section 5, CPR 67, a price-determining method for sales at wholesale or retail proposed by a reseller under CPR 67, disapprove such a proposed price-determining method, establish a different pricedetermining method by order, or request further information concerning such a price-determining method.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect as of January 15, 1952.

> GEORGE F. ROCK, Regional Director.

JANUARY 23, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1074; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:38 p. m.j

[Region XIV, Redelegation of Authority No. 101

TERRITORIAL DIRECTORS, REGION XIV REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT UNDER **CPR 120**

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Acting Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. XIV, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 7, Revised (16 F. R. 10752), this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Office of Price Stabilization Territorial Directors for Alaska, Guam, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands, respectively, to act under section 12 of Ceiling Price Regulation 120, Ceiling Prices for Territorial Restaurants and Eating and Drinking Establishments.

This redelegation of authority shall take effect on January 28, 1952.

> EDWARD J. FRIEDLANDER. Acting Regional Director.

JANUARY 23, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1075; Filed, Jan. 23, 1952; 4:38 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 34, Section 20 (c) Special Order 5]

PRICES FOR RICE BROKERAGE SERVICES REN-DERED TO LOUISIANA STATE RICE MILLING COMPANY, INC., ABBEVILLE, LOUISIANA

Statement of considerations. The ceiling price for rice brokerage services supplied to Louisiana State Rice Milling Company, Inc., P. O. Drawer 269, Abbeville, Louisiana, by its representatives is adjusted by this Special Order pursuant to section 20 (e) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended. This section authorizes the Director of Price Stabilization to adjust ceiling prices paid by a purchaser of non-retail services: if his sellers are too numerous to make recourse to section 20 (b) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34 practicable; they are threatening to discontinue supplying him with such services; he agrees to absorb his sellers' price increase above the ceiling; and he will pay for those services no more than he would be required to pay other suppliers for the same service.

It appears from information submitted in the application of Louisiana State Rice Milling Company that the sellers of this service are too numerous to make recourse to paragraph 20 (b) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34 practicable. It further appears that the sellers of this service will be forced to discontinue supplying this company with these services if their rates are not increased. The application indicates that Louisiana State Rice Milling Company agrees to absorb the increased charges of its such sellers; that the charges established herein do not exceed the amount which it would be required to pay other suppliers for the same service; and that such increased charges will not be inconsistent with the purposes of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

Special provisions. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to section 20 (c) of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended, this Special Order is hereby issued.

1. On and after the effective date of this order, the ceiling prices for rice brokerage services supplied to Louisiana State Rice Milling Company, Abbeville, Louisiana, by the following brokers shall be: 15 cents per whole case of 60 pounds for consumer packages in sizes from 12 ounces to 10 pounds:

Ormand-Bradford Brokerage Co., Birmingham, Ala.

Clements Brokerage Co., Decatur, Ala. Ayres Brokerage Co., Dothan, Ala. H. D. Childers, Co., Mobile, Ala. Allen N. Smith & Co., Montgomery, Ala. Alabama Brokerage Co., Tuscaloosa, Ala. Coe Sales Co., Inc., Phoenix, Ariz. Coe Sales Co., Inc., Tucson, Ariz. J. P. Garison Co., El Dorado, Ark. Dick Allis & Co., Fort Smith, Ark. R. E. Johnson, Helena, Ark. Jim S. Porter Co., Little Rock, Ark. Leslie Brokerage Co., Pine Bluff, Ark. Nevada Brokerage Co.; Prescott, Ark. Ramage Brokerage & Commission Co., Texarkana, Ark.

W. M. Henry Co., Los Angeles, Calif. W. M. Henry Co., San Diego, Calif. Allen Harnett Co., San Francisco, Calif. Hurd Brokerage Co., Denver, Colo. Hurd Brokerage Co., Pueblo, Colo. Nelson Sales Co., Washington, D. C. Labry & Co., Jacksonville, Fia. A. Earle Clark & Son, Miami, Fla. Oscar E. Maura Co., Pensacola, Fla. Roman & Robinson, Tallahassee, Fla Central Florida Sales Co., Tampa, Fla. H. T. Spence & Co., Albany, Ga. Wm. B. Steedman, Athens, Ga. J. A. Campbell Co., Atlanta, Ga. Fred Yarbrough Co., Augusta, Ga C. Watkins & Co., Columbus, Ga. Whaley & Rylas, Inc., Macon, Ga. J. A. Campbell Co., Savannah, Ga. The Callerman Co., Chicago, Ill. W. R. Orr & Co., Danville, Ill. Glatz Bros. Peoria, Ill. Northern Brokerage Co., Rockford, Ill. Glatz Bros., Springfield, Ill. A. J. Weiss Co., Evansville, Ind. H. P. Thomas & Co., Fort Wayne, Ind. Ralph P. Nicholas Co., Indianapolis, Ind. Jordan-Gerdes Co., Burlington, Iowa. McEiroy & Prewitt Co., Davenport, Iowa. Stone-Stearns Co., Des Moines, Iowa. McManus-Heryer Brokerage Co. Wichita,

H. F. Adkins Co., Lexington, Ky.
The J. M. Cobb Brokerage Co., Monroe, La.
Zack Bigner, Shreveport, La.
Henry C. Schwab Co., Inc., Baltimore, Md. F. Lee Fresh, Cumberland, Md.

J. W. Tarbell Co., Boston, Mass. Kinney & Wilson, Bay City, Mich.
M. A. Ringland, Detroit, Mich.
Ringland-Davies Co., Grand Rapids, Mich. Don H. Wallace Food Brokers, Inc., Lansing, Mich

Draper, Gordon & Walker, Duluth, Minn. Kuehn-Pearson Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Charles W. Kittleman & Co., Greenville, Miss

Joe McCarty Co., Jackson, Miss. Quimby Brokerage Co., Laurel, Miss. Joseph E. Berman, Lexington, Miss Robinson Brokerage Co., Meridian, Miss.
Thos. A. McKenna & Co., Natchez, Miss.
R. Well & Son, Vicksburg, Miss.
C. W. Pond & Son, Food Brokers, Joplin, Mo

McManus-Heryer Brokerage Co., Kansas

City, Mo.

Paskal-Morris Co., St. Louis, Mo. Carr-O'Neill Brokerage Co., Billings, Mont. Carr-O'Neill Brokerage Co., Butte, Mont. Kohn Brothers Brokerage Co., Omaha,

P. M. Lancaster Brokerage Co., Albuquerque, N. Mex.
Peter F. Harrington, Buffalo, N. Y.

Trident Brokerage Co., New York, N. Y.
W. L. Norris Sales Co., Rochester, N. Y.
A. J. Campbell Co., Charlotte, N. C.
Henry R. Panell Company, Raleigh, N. C.
Boyd Parker, Wilmington, N. C. John H. Pritchett Co., Inc., Winston-Salem, N. C.

Rufer Co., Fargo, N. Dak. Brady L. Hawk & Son, Canton, Ohio. Edward T. Klum & Son, Cincinnati, Ohio. Paul L. Gordon Co., Cleveland, Ohio. J. H. Long & Co., Columbus, Ohio. Easton & Co., Dayton, Ohio. Stewart Brokerage Co., Portamouth, Ohio. Ewing Bros., Steubenville, Ohlo.
Harry S. Coon Co., Toledo, Ohlo.
Carl G. Klingler, Youngstown, Ohlo.
McManus-Heryer Brokerage Co., Oklahoma

City, Okla. Winner-Misner Co., Portland, Oreg. Clarke & Young, Harrisburg, Pa. Wasley Food Sales Co., Kingston, Pa. Arkens & Roach, Philadelphia, Pa. Tenser & Phipps, Pittsburgh, Pa. C. F. Ricketts Co., Providence, R. I. Young & Roberts, Charleston, S. C. Young & Roberts, Columbia, S. C. Young & Roberts, Florence, S. C. Young & Roberts, Greenville, S. C. Sandoe & Co., Bristol, Tenn. Robert C. Jones & Son, Chattanooga, Tenn. Harry S. Jones Co., Knoxville, Tenn. Draughon Brokerage Co., Memphis, Tenn, Henry S. Sawrie Co., Nashville, Tenn, Gabbert Brokerage Co., Dallas, Tex. The Gouley Burchan Co., El Paso, Tex. W. R. Shackelford Brokerage Co., Houston,

Tex Smith Brothers Brokerage Co., Tyler, Tex. A. J. Elggren & Sons Co., Salt Lake City, Utah:

W. M. Marshall Co., Norfolk, Va. A. D. Jackson & Sons, Richmond, Va. Horton & Snyder, Roanoke, Va. B. B. Head Co., Seattle, Wash. Vern A. Johnson Co., Spokane, Wash. Elliott Brokerage Co., Bluefield, W. Va. Dan Williams Brokerage Co., Charleston,

W. Va. C. A. Sayler & Son, Clarksburg, W. Va. The Duling Bros. Co., Huntington, W. Va. Host Brokerage Co., LaCrosse, Wis. Jay Brokerage Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

2. All provisions of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended (including the filing requirements of section 18 (c)), except as changed by the pricing provisions of this Special Order shall remain in effect.

3. This Special Order or any provision thereof may be revoked, suspended or amended, by the Director of Price Stabilization at any time.

4. Louisiana State Rice Milling Company, Inc., shall deliver a copy of this Special Order to each broker listed in paragraph numbered 1 above, such delivery to be made in each case with or prior to the rendering of the service by each such broker after the effective date of this Special Order.

Effective date. This order shall become effective January 22, 1952.

> MICHAEL V. DISALLE, Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 21, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-944; Filed, Jan. 21, 1952; 4:51 p. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 26720]

LIQUEFIED CHLORINE GAS FROM MEMPHIS, TENN., TO CHILLICOTHE, OHIO

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 23, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spanin-

ger's tariff I. C. C. No. 1172.
Commodities involved: Liquefied chlorine gas, in tank-car loads.

From: Memphis, Tenn. To: Chillicothe, Ohio.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes and operation through higher-rated ter-

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period; a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1010; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26721]

LOGS FROM ORA, S. C., TO LOUISVILLE, KY.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 23, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for the Central of Georgia Railway Company and other carriers.

Commodities involved: Logs, native wood, Canadian wood or Mexican wood, carloads.

From: Ora, S. C. To: Louisville, Ky.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes. Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C.

No. 728, Supp. 236.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emer-gency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] Secretary.

(F. R. Doc. 52-1011; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26722]

FOREIGN WOODS AND VENEER FROM JUNC-TION CITY, KY., TO TRUNK-LINE AND NEW ENGLAND TERRITORIES

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 23, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered applica-tion for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 1214.

Commodities involved: Lumber, logs or flitches of mahogany and Philippine woods, built-up woods and veneer, car-

From: Junction City, Ky.

To: Points in trunk-line and New England territories.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes, competition with rail carriers, and to maintain grouping.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 1214, Supp. 33.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose

their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1012; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:47 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26727]

COKE FROM BIRMINGHAM, ALA., GROUP AND CHATTANOOGA, TENN., TO COLORADO, KANSAS, AND NEBRASKA

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 23, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 1150.

Commodities involved: Coke, coke breeze, coke dust, and coke screenings, carloads.

From: Birmingham, Ala., and points grouped therewith, and Chattanooga, Tenn.

To: Colorado Springs, Denver, Minnequa, and Pueblo, Colo., and intermediate points in Colorado, Kansas, and Nebraska.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers and circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No.

1150, Supp. 37.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1017; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26723]

ASPHALT FROM KANSAS AND MISSOURI TO KENTUCKY

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 23, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No.

3725.

Commodities involved: Asphalt, carloads.

From: Kansas City, Mo.-Kans., Sugar Creek, Mo., and specified points in Kansas.

To: Points in Kentucky.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes. Schedules filed containing proposed rates: F. C. Kratzmeir's tariff I. C. C. No. 3725. Supp. 53.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Com-mission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1013; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26724]

SULPHURIC ACID FROM BARTLESVILLE, OKLA, TO ST. LOUIS, MO., AND EAST ST. LOUIS, ILL.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 23, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No.

Commodities involved: Sulphuric acid, in tank-car loads.

From: Bartlesville, Okla.

To: St. Louis, Mo., and East St. Louis,

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers and circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: F. C. Kratzmeir's tariff I, C. C. No. 3919, Supp. 81,

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As pro-vided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. Bartel, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1014; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26725]

VARIOUS COMMODITIES FROM AND TO POINTS IN SOUTHERN AND OFFICIAL TERRITORY

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 23, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to tariffs listed in exhibit A of the application, pursuant to fourth-section order No. 9800.

Commodities involved: Various commodities.

Between points in southern territory, and between points in that territory and official territory.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers and circuitous routes.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1015; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:48 a. m.] [4th Sec. Application 26726]

IRON AND STEEL ARTICLES FROM VARIOUS TERRITORIES TO ALMEDA, TEX.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 23, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No. 3899.

Commodities involved: Iron and steel articles, carloads.

From: Points in central, western, southwestern, and trunk-line territories, To: Almeda, Tex.

Grounds for relief: Circuity, rail and water competition, grouping, and inclusion of Almeda in Houston, Tex., group,

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: F, C. Kratzmeir's tariff I. C. C. No. 3899, Supp. 80.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect

to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1016; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26728]

MIXED CARLOADS OF MERCHANDISE FROM CINCINNATI, OHIO, TO JACKSONVILLE, FLA., AND MOODY FIELD, GA.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 23, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 1073

er's tariff I. C. C. No. 1073.
Commodities involved: Merchandise,
in mixed carloads,

From: Cincinnati, Ohio.

To: Jacksonville, Fla., and Moody Field, Ga.

Grounds for relief: Competition with motor carriers.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 1073, Supp. 72,

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 52-1018; Filed, Jan. 25, 1952; 8:48 a. m.]