FEDERAL REGISTER

VOLUME 16 NUMBER 174

Washington, Friday, September 7, 1951

TITLE 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter I—Civil Service Commission

PART 30—ANNUAL AND SICK LEAVE REGULATIONS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. Paragraphs (a), (b) and (d) of § 30.201 are amended to read as follows:

§ 30.201 *Accrual of annual leave.* Beginning July 1, 1951, annual leave shall accrue and be credited to employees as follows:

(a) *Full-time employees.* (1) Permanent full-time employees shall earn annual leave of twenty days a calendar year, which shall accrue at the rate of three-fourths of one day per bi-weekly pay period, with an additional one-half day for the last full bi-weekly pay period in the calendar year: *Provided,* That for the calendar year 1951 the additional accrual for the last bi-weekly pay period shall be one-fourth day. The total credit of twenty days may be given at the beginning of the calendar year, or the appropriate accrual may be credited each pay period until the total of not more than twenty days in the calendar year is reached.

In computing annual leave accruals for less than a complete bi-weekly pay period, the table given below will govern in determining leave accruals for basic eight-hour work days in five-day work weeks. Fractions of work days shall be disregarded.

Basic work days:	*Hours credit*
1	1
2	1
3	2
4	2
5	3

(2) Temporary full-time employees shall earn and be credited with annual leave of one and two-third days for each full continuous month of service.

(b) *Part-time employees.* (1) Permanent part-time employees for whom there has been established a regular tour of duty covering not less than five days in any administrative work week shall earn and be credited with one hour of annual leave for each thirteen hours in a pay status, any hours in excess of forty in any administrative work week to be disregarded.

(2) Temporary part-time employees for whom there has been established a regular tour of duty covering not less than five days in any administrative work week shall earn and be credited with one hour of annual leave for each thirteen hours in a pay status during each full continuous month of service. Any hours in excess of forty in any administrative work week shall be disregarded.

* * * * *

(d) The minimum accrual and credit for annual leave shall be one hour, and additional accruals and credits shall be in multiples thereof, except as a fractional hour's accrual is required at the end of the month of service for a full-time temporary employee.

* * * * *

2. Section 30.403 is amended to read as follows:

§ 30.403 *Nonpay status.* Effective July 1, 1951, whenever a permanent full-time employee's absence in a nonpay status within a calendar year totals the equivalent of the base-pay hours in one-biweekly pay period, the credits for annual leave shall be reduced three-fourths of one day and for sick leave five-eighths of one day for each such period. The total deductions in sick leave credits on account of nonpay status in any one calendar year shall not exceed fifteen days: *Provided,* That any employee who is in nonpay status for a full calendar year shall receive no annual or sick leave accrual for such calendar year.

(Sec. 7, 49 Stat. 1162; 5 U. S. C. 30e, E. O. 9414, Jan. 13, 1944, 9 F. R. 623; 3 CFR, 1944 Supp.)

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] ROBERT RAMSPECK,
Chairman.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10765; Filed, Sept 6, 1951; 8:51 a. m.]

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FEDERAL REGISTER

Published daily, except Sundays, Mondays, and days following official Federal holidays, by the Federal Register Division, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration, pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. 500, as amended; 44 U. S. C., ch. 8B), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register, approved by the President. Distribution is made only by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

The regulatory material appearing herein is keyed to the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published, under 50 titles, pursuant to section 11 of the Federal Register Act, as amended June 19, 1937.

The FEDERAL REGISTER will be furnished by mail to subscribers, free of postage, for $1.50 per month or $15.00 per year, payable in advance. The charge for individual copies (minimum 15¢) varies in proportion to the size of the issue. Remit check or money order, made payable to the Superintendent of Documents, directly to the Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

There are no restrictions on the republication of material appearing in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

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Chapter III—Foreign and Territorial Compensation

Subchapter B—The Secretary of State

[Dept. Reg. 108.135]

PART 325—ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION IN FOREIGN AREAS

DESIGNATION OF DIFFERENTIAL POSTS

AUGUST 21, 1951.

Section 325.11, *Designation of differential posts*, is amended as follows, effective on the date indicated:

1. Effective as of the beginning of the first pay period following July 21, 1951, paragraph (a) is amended by the addition of the following post:

Sebaco, Nicaragua.

(Sec. 102, Part I, E. O. 10000, Sept. 16, 1948, 13 F. R. 5453; 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

For the Secretary of State:

W. K. SCOTT,
Deputy Assistant Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10769; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:52 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter I—Civil Aeronautics Board

Subchapter A—Civil Air Regulations

[Regs., Serial No. SR–371]

PART 20—PILOT CERTIFICATES

PART 21—AIRLINE TRANSPORT PILOT RATING

PART 24—MECHANIC CERTIFICATES

PART 27—AIRCRAFT DISPATCHER CERTIFICATES

PART 33—FLIGHT RADIO OPERATOR CERTIFICATES

PART 34—FLIGHT NAVIGATOR CERTIFICATES

PART 35—FLIGHT ENGINEER CERTIFICATES

EXTENSION OF DATE FOR COMPLIANCE WITH AIRMAN IDENTIFICATION CARD REQUIREMENTS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 31st day of August 1951.

Amendments 20–13, 21–9, 24–5, 27–4, 33–5, 34–4, and 35–4 of the Civil Air Regulations, adopted July 11, 1951, established requirements for the issuance of airman identification cards. As adopted, these requirements were to be effective September 1, 1951. The Board has been advised that due to insufficient notice a large number of airmen, among whom are students in training under the G. I. Bill, will be unable to secure these identification cards prior to September 1, 1951, and therefore their training will be interrupted.

Since this regulation will avoid the suspension of training for these and other individuals and since this regulation does not impose any additional burden on any person, notice and public procedure hereon are unnecessary, and this regulation may be made effective without prior notice.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby makes and promulgates a Special Civil Air Regulation effective August 31, 1951, to read as follows:

Contrary provisions of the Civil Air Regulations notwithstanding, airman identification cards shall not be required until after October 1, 1951.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10815; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:03 a. m.]

[Supp. 7, Amdt. 83]

PART 60—AIR TRAFFIC RULES

DANGER AREA ALTERATIONS

The danger area alterations appearing hereinafter have been coordinated with the civil operators involved, the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force, through the Air Coordinating Committee, Airspace Subcommittee, and are adopted when indicated in order to promote safety of the flying public. Compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of Section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act would be impracticable and contrary to the public interest, and therefore is not required. Title 14, § 60.13–1 is amended as follows:

1. A Presque Isle, Maine, area is added to read:

Name and location (chart)	Description by geographical coordinates	Designated altitudes	Time of designation	Using agency
PRESQUE ISLE (Aroostook Chart).	Beginning at lat. 47°00′00″ N, long. 68°25′00″ W; SSW to lat. 46°30′00″ N, long. 68°35′00″ W; WNW to lat. 46°45′00″ N, long. 69°45′00″ W; NNE to lat. 47°20′00″ N, long. 69°15′00″ W; SE to lat. 47°00′00″ N, long. 68°25′00″ W, point of beginning.	5,000 feet to unlimited.	Continuous.	Presque, Isle AFB, Maine.

2. The Great Bay, New Jersey, area published on July 16, 1949, in 14 F. R. 4293, is deleted.

3. The Oceanville, New Jersey, area published on July 16, 1949, in 14 F. R. 4293, is deleted.

4. A Brigantine, New Jersey, area is added to read:

Name and location (chart)	Description by geographical coordinates	Designated altitudes	Time of designation	Using agency
BRIGANTINE (Washington Chart).	Beginning at lat. 39°29′01″ N, long. 74°13′25″ W; SW to lat. 39°22′30″ N, long. 74°19′40″ W; NW to lat. 39°26′02″ N, long. 74°25 55 W; NE to lat. 39°32′31″ N, long. 74°19′53″ W; SE to lat. 39°29′01″ N, long. 74°13′25″ W, point of beginning.	Surface to 20,000 feet.	Daylight hours, 7 days a week, VFR weather conditions only.	Atlantic City Naval Air Station.

5. The Lake Ontario (Wilson), New York, area published on May 17, 1951, in 16 F. R. 4609, is amended by changing the "Time of Designation" column to read: "Daylight hours only."

6. The Waco, Texas, areas are added to read:

Name and location (chart)	Description by geographical coordinates	Designated altitudes	Time of designation	Using agency
WACO (Austin)...	1. E boundary: long. 98°13′00″ W; W boundary: long. 98°15′00″ W; N boundary: lat. 31°21′50″ N; S boundary: lat. 31°20′10″ N. 2. E boundary: long. 98°32′30″ W; W boundary: long. 98°34′30″ W; N boundary: lat. 31°16′50″ N; S boundary: lat. 31°15′10″ N. 3. E boundary: long. 98°24′00″ W; W boundary: long. 98°20′00″ W; N boundary: lat. 31°03′20″ N; S boundary: lat. 31°01′40″ N.	Surface to 12,000 feet.	Daily, sunrise to sunset.	Connally AFB, Waco, Tex.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interprets or applies sec. 601, 52 Stat. 1007, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 551)

This amendment shall become effective on September 7, 1951.

[SEAL] C. F. HORNE,
Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10743; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 22—FOREIGN RELATIONS

Chapter I—Department of State

[Dept. Reg. 108.136]

PART 65—PAYMENTS TO AND ON BEHALF OF PARTICIPANTS IN THE CULTURAL COOPERATION PROGRAM

APPLICABILITY OF THESE REGULATIONS UNDER SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES

AUGUST 29, 1951.

Under the authority contained in R. S. 161 (5 U. S. C. 22); Pub. Law 73, 81st Congress; and the United States Information and Educational Exchange Act of 1948 (Pub. Law 402, 80th Cong.) and Title IV of the Foreign Economic Assistance Act of 1950 (Pub. Law 535, 81st Cong.), the provisions of Part 65, Title 22 of the Code of Federal Regulations, which govern payments to and on behalf of participants in the technical and cultural cooperation programs carried on by the Department of State by authority of the acts cited in such regulations (22 CFR, 1949 Supp., 65.1–65.12), are hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 65.2 *Applicability of this part under special circumstances*—(a) *Funds administered by another department or agency.* The regulations in this part shall apply to payments made to or on behalf of participants from funds appropriated or allocated to the Department of State and transferred by the Department to some other department, agency, or independent establishment of the Government unless the terms of the transfer provide that such regulations shall not apply in whole or in part or with such modifications as may be prescribed in each case to meet the exigencies of the particular situation.

(R. S. 161, sec. 1, 53 Stat. 1290, 62 Stat. 6; 5 U. S. C. 22, 22 U. S. C. 501)

This regulation shall become effective immediately upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

CARLISLE H. HUMELSINE,
Deputy Under Secretary for Adminstration.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10770; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 24—HOUSING AND HOUSING CREDIT

Chapter III — Public Housing Administration, Housing and Home Finance Agency

PART 340—WAR HOUSING PROGRAM: POLICY

RENTAL AND OCCUPANCY

Section 340.3, *Rental and occupancy*, is amended as follows:

Paragraph (d) is added as follows:

(d) The regulations contained in this paragraph govern all occupants of dwelling units in war housing projects under the jurisdiction of the Administrator of HHFA, and operated through PHA, which were constructed, maintained, and are presently being administered pursuant to the provisions of Public Law 849, 76th Congress (except Title V housing and the Homes Conversion Program). These regulations are applicable to projects directly operated by the PHA or by local public bodies under lease or agency agreements and are, by reference, made a part of all leases or contracts governing such tenancy where the project is directly operated by the PHA, and shall, by appropriate agreement, be made a part of all tenancy leases or arrangements made by local public bodies which manage and operate war housing projects for or on behalf of the PHA.

(1) All agreements in regard to tenancy shall be in writing and may be in the form of either a registration certificate or a lease. Every tenancy shall be for a term no longer than one (1) month and shall permit the PHA (or its lessee or agent where the property is being operated by an agency other than the PHA) to terminate the tenancy by a thirty (30) days' notice. An occupant may terminate his tenancy by written notice given not less than fifteen (15) days in advance where the tenancy is on a monthly basis, and not less than five (5) days in advance where the tenancy is by the week.

(2) The Administrator of HHFA, the Commissioner of PHA, or some other officials authorized by either of them, may designate any project, or any part of any project, as being necessary for occupancy and use in connection with national defense or other governmental purpose, and upon such designation any or all vacancies in said project, or said part of a project, shall be immediately held for occupancy solely by servicemen or persons engaged in such national defense activities or other governmental purposes as the Administrator of HHFA, or the Commissioner of PHA shall designate. Upon such designation, the Administrator, Commissioner, or other authorized official, of either agency may require any tenant to vacate the premises which he occupies for the purpose of making it available for servicemen or persons engaged in national defense activities or for use for other governmental purposes.

(3) In order to determine the continued eligibility of a tenant for occupancy in projects deemed essential for national defense or other governmental purposes, any occupant placed therein because of his occupation shall within five (5) days after any change in his occupation report the change to the management of the project. All occupants, irrespective of priority status, shall submit to the management annually, signed statements setting forth the pertinent facts concerning the occupant's household composition, employment status, family income, and shall report immediatley to the management whenever changes occur in family composition or employment status.

(Sec. 8, 50 Stat. 891; 42 U. S. C. and Sup. 1408. Interprets or applies secs. 201-205, 54 Stat. 681, as amended; 42 U. S. C. and Sup. 1501-1505)

Date approved: August 28, 1951.

[SEAL] JOHN TAYLOR EGAN,
Commissioner.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10746; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

Chapter VIII—Office of Rent Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

[Controlled Housing Rent Reg., Amdt. 397]

[Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments Rent Reg., Amdt. 391]

PART 825—RENT REGULATIONS UNDER THE HOUSING AND RENT ACT OF 1947, AS AMENDED

CALIFORNIA, ILLINOIS, MICHIGAN, MONTANA, AND TENNESSEE

Amendment 397 to the Controlled Housing Rent Regulation (§§ 825.1 to 825.12) and Amendment 391 to the Rent Regulation for Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments (§§ 825.81 to 825.92). Said regulations are amended in the following respects:

1. Schedule A, Item 26a, is amended to describe the counties in the Defense-Rental Area as follows:

Alameda County, except the Cities of Albany, Berkeley, Hayward, Livermore, Piedmont and San Leandro, and the Town of Pleasanton.

This decontrols the City of Albany in Alameda County, California, a portion of the Alameda County, California, Defense-Rental Area.

2. Schedule A, Item 83, is amended to describe the counties in the Defense-Rental Area as follows:

Cook County, except the Cities of Blue Island, Calumet City, Chicago Heights, Des Plaines, Harvey, Park Ridge, and that portion of the City of Elgin located therein, and the Villages of Arlington Heights, Brookfield, Burnham, Flossmoor, Glenview, Homewood, Kenilworth, La Grange, Lansing, Mt. Prospect, Oak Forest, Palatine, Riverdale, River Forest, South Holland, Westchester, Wheeling, Wilmette, Winnetka, and those portions of the Villages of Barrington and Steger located therein; Du Page County, except the Cities of West Chicago and Wheaton, and the Villages of Bensenville, Glen Ellyn and Roselle; Kane County, except that portion of the City of Elgin located therein; and Lake County, except the City of Lake Forest, the Village of Deerfield, and that portion of the Village of Barrington located therein.

This decontrols the City of Harvey in Cook County, Illinois, and the Village of Bensenville and Roselle in Du Page County, Illinois, portions of the Chicago, Illinois, Defense-Rental Area.

3. Schedule A, Item 149 is amended to describe the counties in the Defense-Rental Area as follows:

Oakland County, except (i) the Townships of Addison, Avon, Bloomfield, Brandon, Commerce, Groveland, Highland, Holly, Independence, Milford, Novi, Oakland, Orion, Oxford, Pontiac, Rose, Springfield, Troy, Waterford and West Bloomfield, (ii) the Villages of Clarkston, Holly, Lake Orion, Leonard, Milford, Ortonville, Oxford, Rochester and that portion of Northville located in Oakland County, and (iii) the Cities of Berkley, Birmingham, Bloomfield Hills, Farmington, Ferndale, Hazel Park, Pleasant Ridge, Pontiac, Royal Oak, South Lyon and Sylvan Lake; Wayne County, except (i) the Cities of Belleville, Grosse Pointe, Grosse Pointe Farms, Grosse Pointe Park, Grosse Pointe Woods, Lincoln Park and Plymouth, (ii) the Villages of Grosse Pointe Shores, Trenton and Wayne, (iii) that portion of the Village of Northville located in Wayne County, and (iv) the Townships of Canton, Grosse Ile and Taylor; and Macomb County, except the City of Mount Clemens, the Village of Fraser, and the Townships of Armada, Bruce, Lenox, Macomb, Ray, Richmond, Shelby, Sterling and Washington.

This decontrols the Township of Taylor in Wayne County, Michigan, a portion of the Detroit, Michigan, Defense-Rental Area.

4. Schedule A, Item 150, is amended to describe the counties in the Defense-Rental Area as follows:

Muskegon County, except the Cities of Muskegon, Roosevelt Park and Whitehall, the Village of Ravenna, and the Township of Ravenna.

This decontrols the Village of Ravenna and the Township of Ravenna in Muskegon County, Michigan, a portion of the Grand Rapids-Muskegon, Michigan, Defense-Rental Area.

5. Schedule A, Item 175j, is amended to read as follows:

(175j) [Revoked and decontrolled.]

This decontrols (1) the City of Miles City in Custer County, Montana, a portion of the Miles City, Montana, Defense-Rental Area, and all unincorporated localities in said Defense-Rental Area, based on a resolution submitted in accordance with section 204 (j) (3) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended, said City of Miles City being the major portion of said Defense-Rental Area, and (2) the remainder of said Defense-Rental Area, on the initiative of the director of Rent Stabilization in accordance with section 204 (c) of said act.

6. Schedule A, Item 295, is amended to describe the counties in the Defense-Rental Area as follows:

Rutherford County; and Davidson County, except the Cities of Belle Meade and Berry Hill.

This decontrols the City of Berry Hill in Davidson County, Tennessee, a portion of the Nashville, Tennessee, Defense-Rental Area.

All decontrols effected by this amendment, except those in Item 5 thereof, are based entirely on resolutions submitted in accordance with section 204 (j) (3) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended.

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894)

This amendment shall be effective September 7, 1951.

Issued this 4th day of September, 1951.

ED DUPREE,
Acting Director of Rent Stabilization.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10766; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:51 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter V—Department of the Army

Subchapter D—Military Reservations and National Cemeteries

PART 557—SERVICE CLUBS AND LIBRARIES

ARMY LIBRARY SERVICE

In § 557.12, paragraph (c), *Qualifications*, and paragraph (c) *Exceptions*, are rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

§ 557.12 *Personnel.* * * *

(c) *Qualifications*—(1) *Staff librarian.* (i) United States citizenship.

(ii) Graduate of a library school accredited by the American Library Association.

(iii) Four years of professional library experience, 2 years of which should be in an administrative position in Army Library Service.

(iv) Above experience to include 2 years in library administrative work; demonstrated ability in the organization and supervision of library; knowledge of the operation of Army installation libraries under appropriate Army Regulations, directives, and procedures.

(v) Extensive professional experience in readers' advisory work and a knowledge of reference and bibliographical sources, plus ability to administer library service as an instrument of adult education.

(vi) Ability to develop new programs and to adapt existing programs to changing situations and conditions.

(vii) Ability to administer and direct a large and diversified library program, involving knowledge of personnel administration and fiscal procedures.

(viii) Age at selection:

(*a*) Minimum—30 years.

(*b*) Maximum—45 years.

(2) *Assistant staff librarian.* (i) United States citizenship.

(ii) Graduate of a library school accredited by the American Library Association.

(iii) Three years professional library experience, including 1 year of administrative experience in Army Library Service.

(iv) Age at selection:

(*a*) Minimum—28 years.

(*b*) Maximum—40 years.

(3) *Chief librarian; installations.* (i) United States citizenship.

(ii) Graduate of a library school accredited by the American Library Association.

(iii) Professional knowledge of library organization and administration, reference and bibliography, book selection, and reader's advisory service.

(iv) Personnel characteristics including a sympathetic understanding of people as well as books; adaptability in adjusting library operations and services to meet the frequent military organizational, operational, and personnel changes.

(v) One year of administrative library experience is required when the library system includes a branch and/or specialized deposit collection.

(vi) Age at selection:

(*a*) Minimum—23 years.

(*b*) Maximum—40 years.

(4) *Librarian in charge of a branch library, station hospital type library, field library, bookmobile, or specialized department within a library system.* (i) United States citizenship.

(ii) Graduate of a library school accredited by the American Library Association.

(iii) Qualifications as outlined in subparagraphs (3) (iii) and (iv) of this paragraph.

(iv) Age at selection:

(*a*) Minimum—21 years.

(*b*) Maximum—40 years.

(5) *Library assistant.* (i) United States citizenship.

(ii) Three years of college education. One year of paid library experience may be accepted in lieu of each year of college education.

(6) *Exceptions.* Within the continental United States exceptions may be made to any of the above qualifications other than citizenship and education. In oversea commands exceptions may be made to all qualifications other than education. Such exceptions as specified will be made only when individuals possessing all other desired qualifications are not available, and the interest of the service will best be served by the appointment or continued employment of an individual who can satisfactorily perform the duties involved. Responsibility for approving such exceptions will not be delegated to the installation commander, but will be that of the major commander concerned.

(7) *Alternate.* An individual who holds a degree in Library Science from a school which is accredited by one of the regional accrediting associations of colleges and universities and which requires not less than 30 semester hours or the equivalent thereof in Library Science will be considered as meeting the qualifications as prescribed in subparagraphs (1) (ii), (2) (ii), and (4) (ii) of this paragraph.

[C1, AR 680-50, Aug. 23, 1951] (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22)

[SEAL] WM. E. BERGIN,
Major General, U. S. Army, The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10775; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:54 a. m.]

Subchapter E—Organized Reserves

PART 561—OFFICERS' RESERVE CORPS

APPOINTMENT IN CHAPLAINS SECTION

In § 561.16, a new subdivision (iii) is added to paragraph (c) (2) as follows:

§ 561.16 *Appointment in Chaplains section.* * * *

(c) *Limitations on appointments in Active Reserve.* * * *

(2) Appointments in the Volunteer Reserve will be limited to:

* * * * *

(iii) Individuals appointed in the grade of first lieutenant under a continuing program and within quotas to be announced periodically by the Department of the Army.

* * * * *

[C2, SR 140-105-4, Aug. 23, 1951] (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22. Interpret or apply sec. 37, 39 Stat. 189, as amended; 10 U. S. C. 351-353)

[SEAL] WM. E. BERGIN,
Major General, U. S. Army, The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10774; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:54 a. m.]

Subchapter F—Personnel

PART 578—DECORATIONS, MEDALS, RIBBONS, AND SIMILAR DEVICES

DECORATIONS FOR INDIVIDUALS

In § 578.21, subparagraph (1) of paragraph (b) is rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

§ 578.21 *Purple Heart.* * * *

(b) *Standards.* (1) For the purpose of considering an award of this decoration, a "wound" is defined as an injury to any part of the body from an outside force or agent sustained while in action in the face of the armed enemy or as a result of a hostile act of such enemy. A physical lesion is not required, provided the concussion or other form of injury received was directly due to enemy action and required treatment by a medical officer. Awards will not be made by reason of injuries due to frostbite or trenchfoot. Not more than one award of this decoration will be made for more than one wound or injury received at the same instant or from the same missile, force, explosion, or agent.

* * * * *

[C4, AR 600-45, Aug. 23, 1951] (R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22)

[SEAL] WM. E. BERGIN,
Major General, U. S. Army, The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10773; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

Chapter VII—Department of the Air Force

Subchapter F—Reserve Forces

PART 861—OFFICERS' RESERVE

FLYING TRAINING IN GRADE

Sections 861.1201 to 861.1204 (14 F. R. 7354; 32 CFR, 1950 Supp., 861.1201-04) are hereby rescinded and the following substituted therefor:

FLYING TRAINING IN GRADE

Sec.

AUTHORITY: §§ 861.1201 to 861.1210 issued under R. S. 161, sec. 202, 61 Stat. 500, as amended; 5 U. S. C. 22, 171a. Interpret or apply 55a, 41 Stat. 760, as amended; 10 U. S. C. 422.

DERIVATION: AFR 51-6.

FLYING TRAINING IN GRADE

§ 861.1201 *General.* Pilot and navigator training is conducted by the Air Training Command. Pilot training is generally one year's duration with classes commencing every six weeks. Navigator training is generally of 30 weeks' duration with classes commencing every three weeks.

§ 861.1202 *Qualification requirements.* (a) Personnel in the following categories may apply:

(1) Nonrated Air Force Reserve officers who have completed 60 semester hours or 90 quarter hours leading to a degree at an accredited college or university.

(2) Rated Air Force Reserve officers.

(3) Air Force ROTC students who are scheduled to receive a Regular or Reserve commission in the Air Force within 270 days after date of application.

(4) Air National Guard of the United States (ANGUS) officers (pilot training only).

(5) Those officers previously eliminated from a pilot or navigator training course of one of the Armed Forces for reasons of physical disqualification, or failure in academic studies may apply for flying training in grade. Such officers will forward their applications, through channels, containing detailed information relative to previous elimination, to Director of Training, Headquarters United States Air Force, Attention: Aviation Cadet Branch, Washington 25, D. C., for consideration.

(b) An applicant must:

(1) Accomplish physical examination for flying training in accordance with standards prescribed in current directives.

(2) Accomplish AF PRT 3 and 3A, "Aviation Cadet Qualifying Test," if nonrated, and such other tests as may be required by the Chief of Staff, United States Air Force.

(3) Be enrolled in the training course prior to reaching his twenty-seventh birthday.

§ 861.1203 *Applicants ineligible for consideration.* (a) For pilot training in grade-A person:

(1) Who holds or has held the aeronautical rating of pilot in any of the Armed Forces of the United States.

(2) Eliminated from a pilot training course conducted by one of the Armed Forces of the United States because of flying deficiency.

(b) For navigator training in grade-A person:

(1) Who holds or has held the aeronautical rating of aircraft observer (navigator) in any of the Armed Forces of the United States.

(2) Eliminated from a navigator training course conducted by one of the Armed Forces of the United States because of failure to meet navigation proficiency standards in flight.

(3) Eliminated from a pilot training course conducted by one of the Armed Forces of the United States, unless recommended by the faculty board for other air crew flying training.

(4) Who holds or has held the aeronautical rating of pilot, except an Air Force pilot who may be cross-trained as a navigator in accordance with separate instructions and quotas furnished major air commands.

(c) For both training courses—A person:

(1) Who as a general rule has served less than one year in a Specification Serial Number newly acquired through attendance at a school or course of training.

(2) Who has been eliminated from a pilot or navigator training program conducted by one of the Armed Forces for reasons of military deficiency, or who has voluntarily resigned from such training for other than severe personal hardship.

§ 861.1204 *Physical examination.* An officer will present his application to the nearest flight surgeon or aviation medical examiner for a complete physical examination for flying training. The flight surgeon will furnish each officer with two copies of completed Standard Form 88, "Report of Medical Examination." If physically disqualified, applicant will be notified, and one copy of Standard Form 88, indicating disqualifying defects, will be forwarded to The Surgeon General, Headquarters United States Air Force, Washington 25, D. C. The purpose of this physical examination will be indicated as "pilot training" or "navigator training." A complete copy of Standard Form 89, "Report of Medical History," will be attached to the original of Standard Form 88.

§ 861.1205 *Applications.* Applications from all officers, except ANGUS officers, will be submitted in duplicate on Air Force Form 131, "Application for Flying Training in Officer Grade (Pilot-Navigator)."

(a) *Reserve officers.* (1) A rated applicant who is physically qualified will submit this application, including Air Force Form 125, "Application for Extended Active Duty with the U. S. Air Force," to the numbered Air Force headquarters having administrative jurisdiction over the officer concerned.

(2) A nonrated applicant will forward his application, with completed physical examination forms, to the president of the nearest aviation cadet and officer candidate examining board, who will request his appearance before such board in order to accomplish AF PRT 3 and 3A. The examining board will return the application to the applicant by appropriate indorsement, indicating that the applicant is qualified or that he is not qualified and is ineligible to reapply for the training until one year from date of disqualification. A qualified applicant will forward completed application file, including Air Force Form 125, and documentary evidence of the 60 semester hours or 90 quarter hours leading to a degree at an accredited college or university, to the numbered Air Force having administrative jurisdiction over the officer concerned.

(3) An officer will indicate in item 19 of Air Force Form 125, whether or not he desires immediate active duty in the event he cannot be entered into flying training immediately or in the event he is disqualified for such training.

(4) The numbered Air Force headquarters will determine whether or not an applicant is qualified for active military service before forwarding the application to the Continental Air Command for final consideration. Only an application from an officer who is qualified will be forwarded for consideration.

(5) The Continental Air Command will return Air Force Form 125 of an officer selected for training to the appropriate number Air Force headquarters, with active military service and class assignment instructions.

(6) The Commanding General, Continental Air Command, may at his discretion, delegate to the numbered Air Forces under his command final reviewing and selection authority.

(b) *Air Force ROTC students.* (1) An applicant will submit his applications for flying training and active duty to his Professor of Air Science and Tactics (PAS&T). PAS&T's will administer AF PRT 3 and 3A and make arrangements with the nearest flight surgeon or aviation medical examiner for an applicant to accomplish a physical examination for flying. A physical examination for flying may be accomplished while a student is attending Air Force ROTC summer camp.

(2) PAS&T's will forward the completed application of a qualified applicant to the Continental Air Command through the numbered Air Force headquarters having administrative jurisdiction over his unit. The Continental Air Command will make final review of all applications and select qualified applicants for training.

(3) A student may forward his application a maximum of 270 days prior to the date he will receive his Reserve commission.

(4) The Continental Air Command will notify each Air Force ROTC student of his selection. Air Force Forms 125 of students selected for training will be

returned to the appropriate numbered Air Force headquarters with class assignment instructions.

(5) The numbered Air Force headquarters may forward active duty and class assignment orders to the appropriate PAS&T with instructions that the orders will be held in abeyance pending the applicant's receipt of commission. In the event orders are received by the PAS&T subsequent to the applicant's departure from school, the orders will be forwarded to the applicant's forwarding address.

(c) *ANGUS officers.* (1) An officer will submit his application on NGB Form 131, "Application for Pilot Training in Officer Grade."

(2) A rated applicant who is found to be physicaly qualified will submit application, with completed physical examination forms, to Chief, National Guard Bureau, through National Guard channels.

(3) A nonrated applicant will forward his application, with completed physical examination forms, to the president of the nearest aviation cadet and officer candidate examining board who will request his appearance before such board in order to accomplish AF PRT 3 and 3A. The examining board will return the application to the applicant, by appropriate indorsement, indicating that the applicant is qualified or that he is disqualified and is ineligible to reapply for the training until one year from date of disqualification. The applicant will then forward the application with allied papers to the Chief, National Guard Bureau, through National Guard channels.

(4) The Chief, National Guard Bureau, will exercise final reviewing and selecting authority. He will, on the basis of quotas received from the Director of Training, Headquarters United States Air Force, furnish the State adjutant general with necessary assignment instructions.

§ 861.1206 *Disapproval of application.* An application will be disapproved only by Headquarters, United States Air Force, except:

(a) Where the applicant fails to meet the minimum standards of the regulations contained in §§ 861.1201 to 861.1210.

(b) Where the applicant is an ANGUS officer.

§ 861.1207 *Waivers.* Waivers to the provisions of §§ 861.1201 to 861.1210 will not be granted unless there are unusual circumstances. Requests that merit consideration will be forwarded to the Director of Training, Headquarters United States Air Force, Washington 25, D. C.

§ 861.1208 *Disposition upon graduation*—(a) *Graduation.* A graduate will be awarded the aeronautical rating of pilot or aircraft observer (navigator) and assigned to appropriate flying duties.

(b) *Period of service.* A Reserve officer will be required to serve in the active military service for a period of three years from date of graduation unless sooner relieved by competent authority.

(c) *ANGUS officers.* An ANGUS officer will return to the Air National Guard unit to which he was assigned prior to entrance into flying training.

§ 861.1209 *Elimination.* (a) A student officer who does not meet the prescribed standards of training will be eliminated. In each case the report of board proceedings will contain a statement to the effect that the person concerned is or is not recommended for other type training at a later date. After final action has been completed, one copy of the report of board proceedings will be forwarded to the Air Adjutant General, Headquarters United States Air Force, Washington 25, D. C., for inclusion in subject officer's master personnel record. An officer, except an ANGUS officer, eliminated from pilot training may request and be assigned to navigator training provided he is recommended for further flying training by the faculty board.

(b) Disposition of Reserve officers and Air Force ROTC graduates called to active military service for flying training will be as required by Air Force directives in effect at the time of elimination. If an officer remains in active military service, he will be reported to Headquarters United States Air Force for reassignment.

(c) An ANGUS officer will be relieved from training duty and returned to the Air National Guard unit to which he was assigned prior to entrance into training.

§ 861.1210 *Forms.* An applicant for flying training in grade (pilot-navigator) may obtain the required forms from the nearest aviation cadet and officer candidate examining board. NGB Form 131 may be obtained from all State adjutants general.

[SEAL] K. E. THIEBAUD,
Colonel, U. S. Air Force,
Air Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10742; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE, APPENDIX

Chapter III—Office of Price Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

[Ceiling Price Regulation 22, Amdt. 24]

CPR 22—MANUFACTURERS' GENERAL CEILING PRICE REGULATION

TRANSFERRED MATERIALS

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Amendment 24 to Ceiling Price Regulation 22 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

Section 23 of CPR 22 tells how to calculate the change in net cost of a manufacturing material which is produced in one unit of a business and transferred to another unit of that business. Paragraph (c) of this section, in certain situations, requires the difference in cost to be measured by the difference in price between the manufacturer's base period price and his present ceiling price for the transferred material, if it is one which he sells to other persons as well as uses himself. Base period price is defined, under section 6, as the highest price charged during the base period. The integrated producer uses as his base period cost, the highest base period price he charged, while the non-integrated producer buying that same manufacturing material may in some cases use his average base period cost of acquisition. It has been brought to the attention of OPS that this may in some instances result in different treatment of integrated producers as against non-integrated producers. This can be illustrated by taking a material which is still subject to the General Ceiling Price Regulation, and which is under Appendix B of CPR 22. For a non-integrated producer, the cut-off date for figuring the change in cost of that material would be March 15, 1951. The integrated producer under section 23 (c) (2) would use his GCPR ceiling price for figuring the change in cost. It might well be that the cost as of March 15, 1951, to the non-integrated producer and the GCPR ceiling price of the integrated producer would be the same. Under these circumstances the non-integrated producer who is permitted to use a lower base period cost than that of the integrated producer would be able to compute a larger cost change for that manufacturing material than the integrated producer.

This amendment is intended to provide a means of equalizing this sort of situation, and also to take care of the situation where a manufacturer cannot use the present provisions of section 23 or where their use would in some other way result in an inappropriate or inconsistent cost change. By a new paragraph (e) added to section 23, manufacturers in these situations may file applications with OPS for approval of appropriate cost increases, in the same way as applications are filed under section 18 (i) for non-transferred manufacturing materials.

This amendment also makes a minor change in section 23 (c) (2) which clarifies the intent that the ceiling price under the applicable ceiling price regulation be used in the computations for materials not subject to CPR 22.

Prior to the issuance of this amendment, the Director consulted with representative integrated producers and has given consideration to their recommendations.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Ceiling Price Regulation 22 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 23 (c) (2) is amended to read as follows:

(2) Find its ceiling price under this regulation to your largest buying class of purchaser, or if it is not subject to this regulation, its ceiling price under the applicable ceiling price regulation.

2. Section 23 is amended by adding a new paragraph (e) to read as follows:

(e) If you cannot calculate the change in cost of the transferred material under the preceding paragraphs of this section, or if the use of such paragraphs would

not result in an appropriate change in cost, you may apply to the Director of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., for an appropriate change in the cost of the transferred material for use in your calculations. If you make such an application, you must refer specifically to this paragraph; you must describe the commodity being priced and the transferred material; you must propose the amount of increase per unit of the transferred material you consider appropriate; you must set forth in detail supporting reasons and why this paragraph is applicable. You must file this application before using the increase you propose. Although you need not await a reply from the Director of Price Stabilization, he may at any time disapprove the increase you propose, stipulate the amount of increase which he will approve or request additional information.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective September 11, 1951.

NOTE: The reporting requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director,
Office of Price Stabilization.

SEPTEMBER 6, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10890; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 11:39 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 23, Amdt. 2]

CPR 23—LIVE CATTLE

MODIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS, CHANGE IN FREIGHT FORGIVENESS, AND MISCELLANEOUS CHANGES

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order 2 (16 F. R. 738) this Amendment 2 to Ceiling Price Regulation 23 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This amendment makes several changes in the provisions of Ceiling Price Regulation 23.

1. Since the abolition of quotas a number of slaughterers, particularly in the Middle West, have experienced difficulty obtaining normal supplies of cattle in compliance with the ceiling price provisions of CPR 23. This amendment is designed to enable such slaughterers to operate at more nearly normal volume. It will (a) exempt from compliance requirements, slaughterers whose volume is less than 50 percent of what it was a year ago, (b) allow a tolerance of one percent for compliance purposes to slaughterers whose volume is between 50 and 75 percent of what it was a year ago. These provisions do not apply to a multiple plant company unless its total volume is less than 80 percent of last year.

The modifications of compliance requirements made by this amendment will be effective only for accounting periods commencing on or after July 29 and ending prior to October 1.

The volume provisions are stated in terms of quota bases formerly determined under Distribution Regulation 1 because the quota base automatically makes provision for cases where 1950 volume was abnormally low. A slaughterer's quota base for a particular accounting period is simply the live weight of cattle he slaughtered in the corresponding accounting period of 1950 with such adjustments, if any, as may have been made by OPS for abnormal situations. Where a slaughterer did not kill cattle in the corresponding accounting period of 1950 and has been assigned no adjusted quota base, the provisions of Item 1 of this amendment are not applicable to him.

The modifications in compliance requirements made by this amendment are purely temporary and are designed to deal with a situation which it is expected will improve substantially with an increase in cattle marketings in October.

It should be emphasized that this regulation places no limit on the quantity of livestock which may be slaughtered by any registered slaughterer. It merely provides that packers whose volume is less than 50 percent of normal are exempt from the compliance ceilings for a brief period, and that other packers whose volume is between 50 percent and 75 percent of normal are alowed a tolerance of 1 percent for ceiling price purposes.

The effect of this is to put back into the livestock market, slaughterers who, in the absence of quotas, are presently compelled to withdraw therefrom by reason of the fact that prices have been bid up above compliance ceilings. In other words, this amendment is intended to prevent honest slaughterers from being forced out of the cattle market and out of the beef business.

It should be emphasized that even though compliance requirements have been suspended or modified, all slaughterers must continue to file the compliance reports required by section 8.

2. Section 6 (a) of CPR 23 exempts from compliance requirements so-called "club" cattle, that is, cattle purchased from members of 4-H clubs, Future Farmers of America or other recognized farm youth organizations. However, the exemption is inapplicable unless the cattle are purchased at a fair, show or exhibition. This limitation appears unduly restrictive in view of the fact that there are only a few buyers at many fairs, shows or exhibitions and that as a result the 4-H Club or Future Farmers of America member has no adequate opportunity to sell "club" cattle at the price which such cattle would command elsewhere. This amendment, therefore, broadens the exemption granted in section 6 (a) to cover purchases of "club" cattle in public stockyards, provided that certain specified conditions are met. Among these conditions is a requirement that the animal in question be first exhibited at a fair, show or exhibition.

3. Some slaughterers have advised the agency that the requirement that compliance reports be filed within five days of the close of the accounting period does not allow sufficient time for the preparation of such reports. This amendment, therefore, modifies the provisions of section 8 (a) to permit the filing of such reports within ten days of the close of the accounting period.

Section 8 (a) is also amended to make clear the manner in which the recent changes in freight rates should be handled for compliance purposes. The amount which a slaughterer outside the base zone may pay for cattle is determined in part by his maximum calculated prices for each grade of cattle and these prices in turn are based on the freight rates from Omaha or Denver to the slaughterer's plant. The maximum calculated prices in effect before the change in freight rates govern the price which may be paid for cattle slaughtered prior to the change in freight rates and the maximum calculated prices in effect after the change in freight rates govern the prices which may be paid for cattle slaughtered on and after the effective date of the change. This will necessitate in most cases the filing of two compliance reports for the accounting period in which the change in freight rates occurred unless the slaughterer is in compliance on the basis of his old maximum calculated prices in which case he need file only one report computing his maximum permissible cost on the basis of the old prices.

It should be emphasized that there is only one compliance period even when two reports are filed and a slaughterer's compliance will be determined by the results of the whole accounting period rather than any part thereof.

4. In view of the provisions of the Butler-Hope amendment to section 101 of the Defense Production Act prohibiting the imposition of quotas on the slaughter of livestock by any processor, the quota adjustment clause of CPR 23 is deleted by this amendment. This clause has been inoperative since the amendment of Distribution Regulation 1 canceling livestock quotas.

5. This amendment revises the provisions relating to cattle purchased in public and auction markets under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture in two respects.

(a) With respect to cattle purchased in public markets other than the major ones, an addition of 10 cents per live cwt. is required to be made to the slaughterer's cost of such cattle. Formerly no addition was required.

(b) On the other hand the addition required to be made to the cost of cattle purchased at auction markets under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture has been reduced from 20 cents to 10 cents per live cwt.

Requiring that an addition of 10 cents be made at the smaller public markets and at auction markets treats those two classes of markets more equitably as between themselves. The additional expense incurred by a seller of cattle is ordinarily less at a smaller public market than at one of the major ones listed in Item 19 (d), as amended, and is usually comparable to that incurred at an auction market under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture.

If a market is not under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture the

20 cent addition continues to be applicable.

It is anticipated that the revised schedule of additions will preserve the normal pattern of livestock movement through traditional marketing channels.

6. The amendment also makes a change in the amount of the so-called "freight forgiveness" allowed to slaughterers outside the major cattle surplus areas. "Freight forgiveness" is an adjustment made for compliance purposes to permit slaughterers who must transport cattle substantial distances to their slaughtering plant and whose cattle suffer tissue shrink in transit to bid for cattle in competition with slaughterers located in cattle surplus areas. The amount of freight forgiveness permitted under Ceiling Price Regulation 23 has been proved by experience to be excessive. It more than compensates for the tissue shrink actually sustained in transit. As a result slaughterers outside the Middle West have been able to enter the markets in that area and outbid local slaughterers. The Middle Western slaughterers have been deprived of cattle. At the same time some of the Eastern slaughterers have bid themselves into a squeeze since, although "freight forgiveness" reduces a slaughterer's cost for compliance purposes, it does not affect his out-of-pocket expense.

Accordingly, this amendment reduces the amount of freight forgiveness to 75 per cent of the actual cost of freight or 80 cents per live cwt., whichever is lower, for Eastern slaughterers and to 40 per cent of the actual cost of freight or 50 cents per live cwt., whichever is lower, for Western slaughterers.

In formulating this amendment the Director of Price Stabilization has consulted with industry representatives and has given full consideration to their recommendations. In his judgment, the provisions of this amendment are generally fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950.

So far as practicable the Director of Price Stabilization gave due consideration to the national effort to achieve maximum production in furtherance of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, to prices prevailing during the period from May 24, 1950, to June 24, 1950, inclusive, and to relevant factors of general applicability.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Ceiling Price Regulation 23 is amended as follows:

1. A new paragraph (d) is added at the end of section 4 to read as follows:

(d) The following provisions shall be applicable during accounting periods commencing on or after July 29, 1951, and ending prior to October 1, 1951.

(1) The provisions of paragraph (a) of this section shall not apply to cattle slaughtered in any establishment during any such accounting period if the total live weight of cattle slaughtered in that establishment during that accounting period does not exceed 50 percent of the cattle quota base of that establishment for that accounting period heretofore determined under the provisions of Distribution Regulation 1.

(2) If during any such accounting period, the total live weight of cattle slaughtered in any establishment exceeds 50 percent but does not exceed 75 percent of the cattle quota base of that establishment for that accounting period heretofore determined under the provisions of Distribution Regulation 1, then the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section shall be applicable except that the slaughterer's adjusted cost for each classification of cattle may exceed his maximum permissible cost for such cattle by not more than one percent of such maximum permissible cost.

(3) If two or more slaughtering establishments are operated by the same person or by two or more persons affiliated with each other, the provisions of subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph shall not be applicable to cattle slaughtered in any such establishment unless the total live weight of cattle slaughtered during such accounting period in all the establishments operated by the same person or by the persons affiliated with each other, is less than 80 percent of the combined cattle quota bases of all such establishments during such accounting period.

2. Paragraph (a) of section 6 is deleted and the following paragraph (a) is substituted:

(a) Purchases of live cattle from members of 4–H Clubs, Future Farmers of America, or other recognized farm youth organizations, if the purchases are duly approved in writing prior to the date of purchase by the director of the appropriate district office of the Office of Price Stabilization. Such purchases shall be approved (1) only upon written application by a county agent, county club agent, vocational agricultural instructor or the chief administrator of the State Department of Agriculture, and (2) only if made at the place and time of a fair, show or exhibition, or at a public stockyard under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921, as amended. Approval of a purchase at a public stockyard will be limited to one head of cattle for each club member per year, and will not be granted unless (1) the county agent, county club agent, vocational agricultural instructor or the chief administrator of the State Department of Agriculture requesting approval has certified in writing that the "club" animal covered by the certification has been entered and officially accepted for exhibition and actually exhibited at a fair, show or exhibition, stating the time and place of such fair, show or exhibition, and (2) the seller has certified in writing that he has not sold any cattle on an exempt basis pursuant to this section 6 during the preceding 12 months.

3. Section 8 (a) is amended by deleting the words "5th day" in the last sentence and substituting the words "10th day," and by adding the following sentences: "If a change in a slaughterer's maximum calculated prices for a given establishment becomes effective during an accounting period, the slaughterer shall file an OPS Public Form 13 for the portion of the accounting period prior to the effective date of the change, computing his maximum permissible cost for cattle slaughtered prior to such effective date on the basis of the maximum calculated prices in effect prior to such effective date and an additional OPS Public Form 13 computing his maximum permissible cost for cattle slaughtered on or after such effective date on the basis of the maximum calculated prices in effect on and after such effective date. However, if an increase in a slaughterer's maximum calculated prices becomes effective during an accounting period, a slaughterer may file an OPS Public Form 13 based on his maximum calculated prices prior to the increase covering all cattle slaughtered during the accounting period."

4. Section 10 is deleted.

5. Item 19 (d) of Appendix A is deleted and a new Item 19 (d) is substituted to read as follows:

Item 19 (d). An addition of 20 cents per live cwt. based on the purchase weight shall be entered in Item 19 (d) for all cattle you did not purchase in a public stockyard or in an auction market under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921, as amended. An addition of 10 cents per live cwt. based on the purchase weight shall be entered in Item 19 (d) for all cattle purchased in a public stockyard or auction market under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921, as amended. However, you need not enter any addition for cattle purchased at a public stockyard under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to the Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921, as amended, located at one of the following cities: Baltimore; Chicago; Denver; Fort Worth; Indianapolis; Kansas City, Missouri; Lancaster; Oklahoma City; Omaha; South St. Joseph, Missouri; St. Louis National Stockyards, Illinois; San Antonio; Sioux City, Iowa; Sioux Falls, South Dakota; South St. Paul. Entries shall be made separately for each classification of cattle.

6. The second paragraph of Item 19 (f) of Appendix A is deleted and the following paragraph is substituted:

If your establishment is located east of a line following the eastern side of Lake Michigan, the eastern boundary of Indiana and the Ohio and Mississippi rivers to the Gulf of Mexico, it shall not exceed (i) 75 percent of the actual cost of freight, exclusive of charges for feed and bedding, paid on such cattle, or (ii) 80 cents per live cwt., whichever is lower, the deduction to be calculated on the railroad weight if shipped by rail and on the purchase weight if shipped by truck. If your establishment is located west of such a line, it shall not exceed (i) 40 percent of the actual cost of freight, exclusive of charges for feed and bedding, paid on such cattle, or (ii) 50 cents per live cwt., whichever is lower, the deduction to be calculated on the railroad weight if shipped by rail and on the purchase weight if shipped by truck.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C., App. Sup. 2154)

Effective date. The provisions of Items 1, 2 and 4 of this amendment shall become effective on September 5, 1951. The provisions of Item 3 shall be effective with respect to each accounting period commencing on or after July 29, 1951. The provisions of Items 5 and 6 shall be effective with respect to all cattle purchased after September 15, 1951.

NOTE: The record-keeping and reporting requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

SEPTEMBER 5, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10859; Filed, Sept. 5, 1951; 2:53 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 30, Amdt. 12]

CPR 30—MACHINERY AND RELATED MANUFACTURED GOODS

TRANSFERRED MATERIALS

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Amendment 12 to Ceiling Price Regulation 30 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

Section 26 of CPR 30, which tells how to calculate the change in net cost of a manufacturing material which is produced in one unit of a business and transferred to another unit of that business, is identical to section 23 of CPR 22. Accordingly, the Statement of Considerations involved in the issuance of Amendment 24 to CPR 22 which provides certain means of equalizing cost of manufacturing materials between integrated and non-integrated producers is equally applicable to this amendment.

Prior to the issuance of this amendment, the Director consulted with representative integrated producers and has given consideration to their recommendations.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Ceiling Price Regulation 30 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 26 (c) (2) is amended to read as follows:

(2) Find its ceiling price under this regulation to your largest buying class of purchaser, or if it is not subject to this regulation, its ceiling price under the applicable ceiling price regulation.

2. Section 26 is amended by adding a new paragraph (e) to read as follows:

(e) If you cannot calculate the change in cost of the transferred material under the preceding paragraphs of this section, or if the use of such paragraphs would not result in an appropriate change in cost, you may apply to the Industrial Materials and Manufactured Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., for an appropriate change in the cost of the transferred material for use in your calculations. If you make such an application, you must refer specifically to this paragraph; you must describe the commodity being priced and the transferred material; you must propose the amount of increase per unit of the transferred material you consider appropriate; you must set forth in detail supporting reasons and why this paragraph is applicable. You must file this application before using the increase you propose. Although you need not await a reply from the Director of Price Stabilization, he may at any time disapprove the increase you propose, stipulate the amount of increase which he will approve or request additional information.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective September 11, 1951.

NOTE: The reporting requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director,
Office of Price Stabilization.

SEPTEMBER 6, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10891; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 11:39 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 31, Amdt. 8]

CPR 31—IMPORTS

INCLUSION OF FLUORSPAR AND MERCURY

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Amendment to Ceiling Price Regulation 31 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This amendment brings metallurgical and ceramic grade fluorspar and mercury within the coverage of Ceiling Price Regulation 31. This action supplements Amendment 4 to General Overriding Regulation 9, issued August 10, 1951, which exempts acid grade fluorspar and domestic mercury from any ceiling price controls imposed by the Office of Price Stabilization, and assures that the flow of imports of these strategic commodities will not be impeded.

Formal consultation with representatives of industry has not been practicable although many individual views expressed informally to this Office requested action in the nature of this amendment.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Appendix A of Ceiling Price Regulation 31 is amended by deleting the following commodities from paragraph 1 thereof:

Fluorspar	207
Mercury (including compound mixtures and salts thereof)	386

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective September 11, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

SEPTEMBER 6, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10892; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 11:39 a. m.]

[General Ceiling Price Regulation, Supplementary Regulation 56]

GCPR, SR 56—FILM SCRAP OF CELLULOSE TRIACETATE BASE

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Supplementary Regulation 56 to the General Ceiling Price Regulation is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This supplementary regulation establishes a ceiling price of 9 cents per pound, delivered, for sales of unwashed motion picture film scrap of cellulose triacetate base, provided it is in lengths of at least 100 feet, is segregated by color and is not mixed with any other type of film scrap.

The ceiling prices established by the General Ceiling Price Regulation for cellulose triacetate base film scrap were abnormally low during the base period because cellulose triacetate base film scrap during that period was of little value to film washers, who could then recover only silver from such scrap. However, as a result of recent research, it is now possible to recover from the cellulose triacetate base film scrap not only silver, but cellulose triacetate, residual solvents and residual plasticizers. These can be recovered from colored as well as from black and white film scrap. The reclaimed materials may be used for the production of new safety motion picture film and in the production of cellulose triacetate sheeting.

These recent technological advances, together with shortages of many of the raw materials used in the manufacture of film base, especially silver, wood pulp, ethyl alcohol, acetic acid, acetic anhydride, chemical solvents and plasticizers, make it desirable from the standpoint of economy as well as the conservation of materials to recover as much triacetate motion picture film scrap as possible. The National Production Authority has endorsed the conservation of these essential materials by the use of motion picture film scrap.

However, because freight charges from the West Coast, where most of the film scrap is, to the East Coast, where it will be processed, run as high as 6 cents per pound, the old ceiling prices were not high enough to justify the shipment of this film scrap to the East. Moreover, Western film washers are not in a position to make use of cellulose triacetate motion picture film scrap, with the result that this material would be wasted unless the ceiling price is adjusted to make it profitable to make shipments of the scrap to a point where it will be used. The ceiling prices established by this regulation will thus make it possible to recover and conserve the valuable materials contained in the triacetate motion picture film scrap.

In the judgment of the Director of Price Stabilization the ceiling prices established by this supplementary regulation are generally fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

So far as practicable, the Director of Price Stabilization gave due consideration to the national effort to achieve maximum production in furtherance of the objectives of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended; to prices prevailing during the period from May 24, 1950, to June 24, 1950, inclusive; and to relevant factors of general applicability.

In formulating this supplementary regulation, the Director has consulted with representatives of industry to the extent practicable under the circumstances and has given consideration to their recommendations.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Sec.
1. What this regulation does.
2. Ceiling price.
3. Definition.
4. Applicability of the General Ceiling Price Regulation.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 4 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply Title IV, 64 Stat. 803, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2101–2110, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105, 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.

SECTION 1. *What this regulation does.* This supplementary regulation establishes a new ceiling price for sales of segregated unwashed motion picture film scrap of cellulose triacetate base when sold under certain specified conditions. This ceiling price supersedes the ceiling prices for this commodity established under the General Ceiling Price Regulation.

SEC. 2. *Ceiling price.* The ceiling price for the sale of unwashed motion picture film scrap of cellulose triacetate base shall be 9 cents per pound delivered, when all of the following conditions are met:

(a) It is in lengths of at least 100 feet,

(b) It has been segregated into either non-colored (black and white) film scrap or colored film scrap of cellulose triacetate base, and

(c) It is not mixed with any other type of film scrap or other commodity.

SEC. 3. *Definition.* When used in this supplementary regulation the term "unwashed motion picture film scrap of cellulose triacetate base" means colored or non-colored motion picture film of cellulose triacetate base, 16 mm., 32 mm. or 35 mm. in width, which has been exposed or otherwise made unfit for photographic use before removal of photographic emulsion. Such film may be cut at the edges in order to make it unfit for projection purposes.

SEC. 4. *Applicability of the General Ceiling Price Regulation.* Except to the extent modified by this supplementary regulation, the provisions of the General Ceiling Price Regulation remain applicable to sales of unwashed motion picture film scrap of cellulose triacetate base.

Effective date. This supplementary regulation to the General Ceiling Price Regulation shall become effective on September 11, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

SEPTEMBER 6, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10895; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 11:40 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 57, Amdt. 2]

CPR 57—CEILING PRICES FOR ANTI-FREEZE

EXTENSION OF TIME FOR LABELING CONTAINERS

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Amendment 2 to Ceiling Price Regulation 57 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This amendment to Ceiling Price Regulation 57 postpones the effective date of the labeling requirements of the anti-freeze regulation applicable to packagers of anti-freeze from September 6, 1951, to October 1, 1951. On and after October 1, 1951, packagers of anti-freeze in containers must mark or label the containers with information as to the type of anti-freeze, its strength and its OPS retail ceiling price.

The original effective date of September 6 was based on information received from anti-freeze packagers that that date was reasonable and would enable them to consume their present inventory of already-labeled cans prior to that effective date. Some packagers have since advised the Office of Price Stabilization that September 6, 1951, will find them with a supply of cans labeled prior to the effective date of the anti-freeze regulation, and that relabeling the cans will result in a hardship on them. They have, therefore, requested a postponement of the effective date of the labeling requirement to October 1, 1951, and it is the Director's opinion that the request is reasonable and is, therefore, being granted by this amendment.

In view of the nature of this amendment, the Director has not found it practicable or necessary to consult formally with industry representatives, but consultations have been held with individual sellers and this amendment in general follows their recommendations.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

The first sentence of section 12 (a) of Ceiling Price Regulation 57 is amended to read as follows:

(a) On and after October 1, 1951, you may not package anti-freeze in containers unless the following information is marked on the containers or on labels securely affixed thereto:

(1) The type of anti-freeze contained therein.

(2) The strength of the anti-freeze contained therein.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective September 6, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

SEPTEMBER 5, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10860; Filed, Sept. 5, 1951; 2:53 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 57, Supplementary Regulation 1]

CPR 57—CEILING PRICES FOR ANTI-FREEZE

SR 1—CEILING PRICES FOR STANDARD TYPE N ANTI-FREEZE

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Supplementary Regulation 1 to Ceiling Price Regulation 57 is issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This supplementary regulation establishes dollars and cents ceiling prices for standard type N anti-freeze and thereby obviates the need, on the part of individual sellers, for applying to the Director of Price Stabilization for the establishment of such prices by individual order. Standard type N anti-freeze is an anti-freeze containing fermentation ethyl alcohol as its principal freezing point depressant. At the time of the issuance of Ceiling Price Regulation 57 the Office of Price Stabilization did not have sufficient data to establish dollars and cents ceiling prices for type N anti-freeze. Ceiling Price Regulation 57 therefore provided that manufacturers of this type of anti-freeze were to apply individually for the establishment of prices. Since the issuance of CPR 57 consultation was had with the major producers of type N anti-freeze and the prices established in this supplementary regulation are generally in accord with the prices recommended by these producers. Historically, the markups on type S and N anti-freeze have been substantially the same. All of the producers of type N anti-freeze with whom conferences have been held are in agreement that this relationship should be maintained. The ceiling prices established by this regulation maintain this relationship.

This supplementary regulation should be read in conjunction with Ceiling Price Regulation 57, because all of the provisions of CPR 57, except to the extent modified by this supplementary regulation, apply also to sales of type N anti-freeze. For example, sellers of type N anti-freeze must comply with such provisions of CPR 57 as require the maintenance of customary price differentials, discounts, delivery terms and services; the keeping of records; the giving of receipts to purchasers; the placing of required information on containers; and the marking and posting of ceiling prices.

In the opinion of the Director of Price Stabilization the prices established in this supplementary regulation are generally fair and equitable and conform to the standards prescribed by the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Sec.
1. What this supplementary regulation does.
2. Ceiling prices for standard type N anti-freeze.
3. Relation to Ceiling Price Regulation 57.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 3 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply Title IV,

64 Stat. 803, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2101–2110, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.

SECTION 1. *What this supplementary regulation does.* This regulation supplements Ceiling Price Regulation 57 by establishing ceiling prices on sales of standard type N anti-freeze. It thereby obviates the need, on the part of individual sellers of this type of anti-freeze, for applying to the Director of Price Stabilization for the establishment of such prices by individual order, as now provided by CPR 57. "Type N anti-freeze" is an anti-freeze commonly regarded as a "volatile" or "non-permanent" anti-freeze containing fermentation ethanol as its principal freezing point depressant.

SEC. 2. *Ceiling prices for standard type N anti-freeze*—(a) *Retail ceiling prices.* The ceiling prices for sales at retail of standard type N anti-freeze are:

Quantity	*Ceiling price*
1 gallon or more, per gallon	$1.95
Less than 1 gallon, per quart	.50

(b) *Private brands.* If you sell standard type N anti-freeze at retail under your own brand name, and if you are not a manufacturer, your ceiling prices for sales at retail are determined as follows:

(1) Find the highest price at which you sold your private brand standard type N anti-freeze during the period October 1, 1950, to December 1, 1950.

(2) Determine the difference in dollar and cents between that price and the price for the same quantity listed in the following schedule:

Quantity	*Price*
1 gallon or more, per gallon	$1.25
Less than 1 gallon, per quart	.35

(3) Subtract that difference from the retail ceiling prices set forth in paragraph (a) of this section for a sale of the same quantity of standard type N anti-freeze. If the resulting price is a figure which is not a multiple of five, you may adjust that price to the next highest five-cent figure. The resulting price is your ceiling price, but in no event shall the price be higher than the ceiling price established by paragraph (a) of this section for a like sale.

(c) *Ceiling prices for sales to retail dealers, jobbers and wholesalers.* The ceiling prices for sales of standard type N anti-freeze to retail dealers, jobbers and wholesalers are:

Container size	Ceiling price per gallon for sales to—	
	Retail dealer	Jobber or wholesaler
(1) 50–55-gallon drums	$1.32	$1.095
(2) 1-gallon cans, case lots and 5-gallon cans	1.39	1.155
(3) 1-quart cans, case lots	1.45	1.19

The term "jobber" or "wholesaler" means a person other than a retail dealer, as defined in Ceiling Price Regulation 57, who buys type N anti-freeze principally for resale.

SEC. 3. *Relation to Ceiling Price Regulation 57.* Since this regulation is supplementary only, it should be read in connection with CPR 57. The provisions of CPR 57 apply to all sales of type N anti-freeze except to the extent modified by this supplementary regulation.

Effective date. This supplementary regulation shall become effective on September 11, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director,
Office of Price Stabilization.

SEPTEMBER 6, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10893; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 11:39 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 60, Amdt. 1]

CPR 60—CASTINGS

EXTENSION OF EFFECTIVE DATE

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Amendment 1 to Ceiling Price Regulation 60 (16 F. R. 7592) is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This amendment extends the effective date of Ceiling Price Regulation 60 until October 1, 1951.

As originally issued, Ceiling Price Regulation 60 provided that it would become effective September 1, 1951, or such earlier date between August 1, and September 1, 1951, as a producer might elect to put it into effect. In order to compute their ceiling prices in accordance with the formula method prescribed in the regulation, producers must in effect reconstruct their base date formulas and this involves preparation of accounting data and recalculation of the pricing factors set forth in such formulas. A substantial number of producers advised the Office of Price Stabilization that they would be unable to complete the necessary work before September 1, 1951, and requested an extension of the compulsory effective date. Furthermore, producers of aluminum castings until August 13, 1951, were receiving deliveries of secondary aluminum ingot at prices well above the ceiling prices established for such material by Ceiling Price Regulation 54 and now have substantial quantities of this material on hand. Since Ceiling Price Regulation 60 establishes ceiling prices for castings on the basis of metal costs calculated at no more than the ceiling prices established in the applicable OPS regulation, the producers of aluminum castings would be subject to considerable hardship unless they were given additional time to work out their high cost inventories before being required to roll back their ceiling prices.

Any producer of castings who elects to put CPR 60 into effect on a date earlier than October 1, 1951, may elect to do so, but in such event he must put it into effect for all of his castings.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Ceiling Price Regulation 60 is amended by amending the last paragraph of the regulation to read as follows:

Effective date. The effective date of this regulation is October 1, 1951 or such earlier date between August 1, 1951, and October 1, 1951, as you may select. If you select such an earlier date, this regulation becomes effective as to you on that date for all of your deliveries of castings covered by this regulation.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

SEPTEMBER 5, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10861; Filed, Sept. 5, 1951; 2:53 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 69]

CPR 69—HAWAIIAN WHOLESALE GROCERY REGULATION

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 (Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.), as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Ceiling Price Regulation 69 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

Since the Territories of the United States were excluded from the coverage of CPR–14, sales of groceries at wholesale in Hawaii have continued subject to CPR–9 except in the case of locally produced, manufactured, or processed items which are covered by the GCPR.

The economy of Hawaii in the food line, except for sugar, pineapples, tuna fish and tropical fruits, is a distributive one. Practically everything in the grocery line has to be brought to the Islands by steamer. CPR–9, establishing ceiling prices based on net cost plus the base period dollar-and-cent markup of the individual seller, has proved a fairly satisfactory interim regulation, but, like all freeze techniques, it presents many administrative problems affecting both the seller and the Office of Price Stabilization. The desirability of issuing a regulation spelling out what factors may be included in landed cost, and providing specific categories of foods and an appropriate uniform margin for each has been clear. To that end the District Office of Office of Price Stabilization, has made surveys and conducted conferences with island wholesalers over a period of several weeks.

As a result of such studies, it has been decided that a regulation modeled on, and providing substantially the same margins as, the Office of Price Administration regulation covering Hawaiian food wholesalers, will best reflect local conditions and customs and will provide ceiling prices conforming to law and the operating standards of the Stabilization Program.

The margins provided by the accompanying regulation are, with certain minor exceptions hereinafter discussed, identical with the Office of Price Administration margins (See RMPR 373 Sec. 40). In this respect, the Island regulation follows the precedent set by CPR–14, wherein the Office of Price Administration margins were generally

adopted pending the completion of comprehensive studies of margin and earnings figures of mainland food wholesalers. Such material as has been compiled by Office of Price Stabilization in the Hawaiian Islands indicates that the percentage margins used in establishing ceiling prices under this regulation are on the average no less than the customary percentage margins received by wholesale grocers in Hawaii during the period May 24 to June 24, 1950.

Rice and frozen foods are the only commodities in the accompanying regulation provided with margins different from those prevailing under Office of Price Administration regulations. Frozen foods have been given a division factor of .75, whereas under Office of Price Administration it was .80, because it has been satisfactorily demonstrated to this Office that frozen foods cannot be profitably handled at wholesale in Hawaii for any lower margin than that provided in Table A. Spoilage and deterioration attributable to tropical climate and distance from sources of supply are factors, along with high storage and delivery costs. During Office of Price Administration days, frozen foods were comparatively new in Hawaii and the margin used was largely experimental. Experience has shown that level to be inadequate and the margin adopted in this regulation reflects the level generally used since 1946. Rice also is provided with the margin currently being used. While it is the principal item in the diet of Oriental peoples, who constitute a majority of the population of Hawaii, and is customarily sold in 100-pound bags, it cannot be handled as economically as it was during World War II when practically all the rice used in the Territory of Hawaii was supplied by Federal Surplus Commodity Corporation which absorbed much of the storage and handling cost.

Categories covering imported and Oriental food items, which entail risks and outlays not involved in handling domestic products and were not separately identified under the Office of Price Administration regulations, have been provided with markups commensurate with the prevailing levels of most sellers of these items.

In a regulation of this type, it is necessary to spell out exactly what transportation and related charges may be added to invoice costs to arrive at the "direct cost" to which the margins in question are applied. This results in uniformity and in the exclusion of unwarranted items such as purchasing commissions and overhead of mainland offices which are not customarily included in the costs to which margins are applied. Since there has been no substantial change in relevant conditions affecting, and methods of doing business in, the Hawaiian wholesale grocery trade, the accompanying regulation includes in "direct costs" substantially the same items as were allowed in that connection under Office of Price Administration. Unavoidable delays caused by strikes and unavailability of shipping space frequently occur, but in the absence of such circumstances there is no occasion or inducement for a Hawaiian wholesaler to incur mainland terminal, demurrage, storage, or cartage charges. However, if conditions change and if he is, in fact, obliged to incur such charges, he may include them in his direct costs. Such items (like other allowable elements of direct cost) represent investments of capital by him on which a return is realized according to trade custom and practices in the Hawaiian Islands over a period of many years antedating price control. This feature of the Hawaiian economy was carefully reviewed and recognized by Office of Price Administration officials, and no reason is apparent why a change is required under the controlling statute or standards of the Office of Price Stabilization.

Unlike CPR–14, which requires the mainland wholesaler to refigure his ceiling prices every Monday, this regulation does not require recomputation of ceiling prices unless and until the seller receives additional units of the same commodity at a different direct cost. In this event the seller must either continue to use his lowest invoice cost as the basis for computing ceiling prices for such commodities or sell the entire inventory of such commodities on the basis of the first-in first-out method of disposition as defined in the regulation.

This regulation allows prices to be increased in specified amounts for packaging and delivery beyond wholesalers' customary free delivery zones. This regulation also makes clear that a manufacturer or processor who wholesales his own products is excluded from the provisions of this regulation as to such products, but is included as to other products he sells at wholesale. A differential is permitted on sales to institutional, commercial, and industrial users, which follows the local practice reflected in Office of Price Administration regulations and is likewise identical with the differential allowed institutional wholesalers on the mainland.

This action has been taken after full consultation with representative wholesale grocers of Hawaii and generally has been approved by persons representing substantial segments of the industry affected.

In the judgment of the Director, the celing prices established by this regulation are generally fair and equitable and necessary to effectuate the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

ARTICLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec.

ARTICLE II—SPECIAL PRICING PROVISIONS

ARTICLE III—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

ARTICLE IV—TABLE AND COMMODITY DEFINITIONS

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 37 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply Title IV, 64 Stat. 803, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2101–2110, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR 1950 Supp.

ARTICLE I—GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1. *What this regulation does.* This regulation fixes ceiling prices for the items listed in Table A when sold at wholesale in the Territory of Hawaii. Such ceiling prices apply on and after the effective date of this regulation instead of the ceiling prices figured under Ceiling Price Regulation 9 or any other price regulation or order heretofore issued by the Office of Price Stabilization, and regardless of any contract.

SEC. 2. *How you figure ceiling prices.* (a) General rule: Your ceiling price for each item (that is, for each kind, brand, grade, variety, container type and container size) listed in Table A shall be the result of the direct cost of that commodity (as hereinafter defined, and subject to the rules in section 3) divided by the division factor given you for it in Table A.

(b) Your ceiling prices when determined shall reflect your customary price differentials including discounts, allowances, premiums, and extras, based upon differences in class or location of purchasers, or in terms and conditions of sale or delivery, including customary discounts for dockside delivery and drop shipments.

(c) Direct cost will be figured as follows:

(1) For items brought directly from the continental United States, include the following amounts:

(i) An amount equal to your mainland supplier's selling price, less all discounts and allowances except the discount for prompt payment up to 2% and the customary swell and label (allowances) as received; and promotional allowances to the extent received in the calendar year 1951.

(ii) An amount equal to transportation charges, if any, actually incurred by you for transportation from the mainland point at which you received delivery to the mainland port of shipment, including Federal transportation tax, terminal charges, demurrage, and extra charges for shipment in less than carload lots.

(iii) An amount equal to mainland storage charges and insurance in connection therewith actually incurred by you.

(iv) An amount equal to cartage charges actually incurred by you for cartage from warehouse to dock in port of shipment.

(v) An amount equal to charges for ocean freight, war risk and marine insurance actually incurred by you. Territorial tolls as shown in the bill of lading may be included in this amount.

(vi) An amount equal to cartage charges actually incurred by you in the port of entry in the Territory of Hawaii, from dock to your warehouse but not in excess of local commercial trucking-ceiling rates for such delivery as established by the Office of Price Stabilization for such services.

(2) On inter-island transshipments you may add amounts for freight, insurance, and other charges listed above where actually incurred by you in shipping to another island.

(3) On locally manufactured items, your direct cost shall be the price at which your supplier sells the commodity to you plus any charges incurred by you for cartage to your warehouse from manufacturer's warehouse or for inter-island shipment of such items in the customary manner.

(4) Your direct cost must be figured on purchases of a customary quantity from a customary type of supplier delivered to your usual receiving point by a customary means of delivery. Of course, you must never figure your direct cost on a purchase made at a price higher than your supplier's ceiling price.

(5) Figure the direct cost of the unit in which you receive delivery (i. e. per dozen, per case, per bag, etc.) to the nearest cent.

(d) Institutional sales: On sales to a commercial, industrial, or institutional user (or other buyer purchasing for consumption or use other than for sale in the same form) you may subtract .0476 from the applicable division factor provided for such commodity by Table A.

(e) Fractions: All calculations of ceiling prices resulting in a fraction of a cent shall be reduced to the nearest lower cent if the fraction is less than one-half cent, and shall be increased to the nearest higher cent if the fraction is one-half cent or more.

If you sell an amount less than the unit in which you receive delivery, you must reduce your ceiling price proportionately, rounding any fractions to the nearest cent.

(f) Invoices: You must write your direct cost per unit of the purchase on which you have figured your ceiling price either on your invoice or other record of the price you paid for the item or on a separate slip of paper attached to that invoice or other record. You must keep separate, or mark or tag plainly, all invoices or records showing the direct cost of the unit in which you received delivery and which you used in figuring your ceiling prices. The invoices and records you used in figuring your ceiling prices are your means of proving that your ceiling prices are correct.

SEC. 3. *Different cost inventories.* Where you have purchased a commodity under separate invoices at different prices and have in your inventory the same commodity at different costs, your ceiling price must be determined by either of the following methods:

(a) Your ceiling price for the entire inventory of the commodity may be computed on the basis of the lowest direct cost.

(b) Your ceiling price for the entire inventory of the commodity may be computed on the basis of a first-in first-out method of disposition, namely, you shall compute the ceiling price for the unsold number of units of such a commodity listed in the first invoice received on the basis of that invoice cost and then you shall compute the ceiling price for the number of units of such commodity corresponding to the number of units received under the next succeeding invoice on the basis of that invoice cost, and so on for each succeeding invoice in chronological order.

ARTICLE II—SPECIAL PRICING PROVISIONS

SEC. 10. *Additions to direct cost for packaging.* If you buy in bulk any item covered by this regulation except spices, tea, and gelatin, and then package and sell it in cardboard containers, cotton bags, transparent bags, interlined coffee bags, or kraft bags or similar type bags on which the name, weight, and ingredients of the commodity are stamped or printed and which are packed and sealed at a place and time other than the point and time of sale, you may add to your direct cost whichever of the following allowances applies:

(a) Two cents for every such bag or container smaller than a two-pound bag or container.

(b) Two and one-half cents for every such bag or container of a two-pound size or larger but less than five pounds.

(c) Five cents for a five-pound bag or larger.

SEC. 11. *Gift and holiday packages assembled by you.* If you assemble into gift or holiday packages, any food items covered by this regulation, with or without any items not covered by this regulation, your ceiling price for each package will be the sum of the following multiplied by 1.05.

(a) Your ceiling price for each item (or article) being packed, figured under this regulation or any other applicable ceiling price regulation.

(b) Your direct cost of the packing materials used for the package, including the container.

SEC. 12. *Sales to other wholesalers.* The ceiling price for any wholesaler other than the primary wholesaler, of any grocery items covered by this regulation shall be the ceiling price of the primary wholesaler in the Territory of Hawaii. A primary wholesaler shall furnish any wholesaler purchasing from him a written statement of the direct cost, and of his ceiling wholesale price determined in accordance with this regulation, and each subsequent purchaser making further sales to other wholesalers, shall furnish to the buyer a statement of the primary wholesaler's ceiling price.

SEC. 13. *Imports.* This regulation applies to wholesalers who purchase goods directly from a foreign seller or his agent for importation into the Territory of Hawaii. Your ceiling price for such importation shall be your direct cost as defined in this section divided by the division factor shown in Table A for category 51. In addition to the amounts allowed in direct cost shown in Section 2, there may be added the following amounts when they are actually incurred by the importing wholesaler: customs duties or import taxes; other commodity taxes; dock charges; clearance; insurance; letter of credit expenses; and any customary buying commission to a purchasing agent outside the United States.

SEC. 14. *Delivery charges.* No extra charges may be added by the wholesaler for delivery to the purchaser except as follows:

(a) *Customary delivery charges.* In cases where it was the custom of the seller to make an extra charge for delivery during the calendar year 1950, the seller may file with the Director of Price Stabilization, Honolulu, T. H., a request for permission to add to his ceiling price an amount not in excess of local commercial trucking rates for such delivery, but may not add such charge until he receives written approval of his application from the Director of Price Stabilization or his delegatee.

ARTICLE III—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 20. *Transfer of business and stock in trade.* (a) If, after the effective date of this regulation you acquire in any way, the business, assets or stock in trade of any wholesaler covered by this regulation and you carry on the business, or continue to deal in the same type of food and other listed products in the same establishment, and you render the same service and sell to the same class of purchaser, your ceiling prices shall be computed in the same manner as those of the former owner as if no transfer had taken place. You must keep all the records needed to verify your ceiling prices.

(b) The former owner must either preserve and make available or turn over to you all the records of transactions prior to the transfer which are necessary to enable you to comply with the record provisions of this regulation.

SEC. 21. *Taxes.* You may collect, in addition to your ceiling price, any tax upon or incident to a sale at wholesale of food covered by this regulation, if you state the tax separately, and if the tax statute or ordinance does not prohibit sellers from stating and collecting the tax separately from the price.

SEC. 22. *Export Sales.* You may not determine ceiling prices for export sales under this regulation. Such ceiling prices shall be determined by the Export Regulation, CPR–61, or by other applicable regulations.

SEC. 23. *Evasion.* Any practice which results in obtaining indirectly a higher price than is permitted by this regulation is a violation of this regulation. Such practices include, but are not limited to, devices making use of commissions, services, cross sales, transportation arrangements, premiums, discounts, special privileges, tie-in agreements, and trade understandings. You must not, as a condition of selling any particular food item, require a customer to buy anything else.

SEC. 24. *Invoices and receipts.* You must give each of your customers an invoice, receipt or other evidence of purchase in connection with every sale, retaining a copy for your files. Each such record you prepare and give your cus-

tomer must show the date of sale, the name and address of your customer, your name and address, each food or other item sold, and the price you charged for it. Be sure that your description of each item shows the kind, brand, variety, container-size and container-type.

SEC. 25. *Records.* After the effective date of this regulation, you must keep for a period of two years, all your invoices, freight bills, and other records showing the price you paid for each item and the date you received delivery of each item covered by this regulation. You are required to show all your invoices and records on request of any Office of Price Stabilization representative. In addition, you are required, on request of any Office of Price Stabilization representative, to furnish a written record of your ceiling price for any or all of the items covered by this regulation.

SEC. 26. *Prohibitions.* On and after the effective date of this regulation, if you sell or deliver or offer to sell or deliver at a price higher than your ceiling price fixed by this regulation or any order issued pursuant to it, or if you otherwise violate any provision of this regulation, or any order issued pursuant to it, you are subject to the criminal penalties, civil enforcement sections, and suits for treble damages provided for by the Defense Production Act of 1950. Also, any person who, in the course of trade or business, buys from you at a price higher than your ceiling price is subject to the criminal penalties and civil enforcement actions provided for by that Act.

SEC. 27. *Definitions.* This Ceiling Price Regulation and the terms which appear in it shall be construed in the following manner unless otherwise clearly required by the context.

(a) *Sale at wholesale and wholesaler.* Sale at wholesale means a sale by a person who buys a commodity and sells it, without substantially changing its form, to an industrial or commercial user, or to any person other than the ultimate consumer. Wholesaler means any person who makes a sale at wholesale.

(b) *Seller.* As used in this regulation the term "seller" means the wholesaler as defined above.

(c) *You.* The pronoun you as used in this regulation indicates the person subject to the regulation.

(d) *Person.* This term includes any individual, corporation, partnership, association or any other organized group of persons, or legal successors or representatives of the foregoing, and the United States or any other Government or their political subdivisions or agencies.

(e) *Export.* Export means the sale of any commodity and shipping to a point outside the United States, its territories and possessions.

(f) *Commodity.* This term includes commodities, materials, articles, products, supplies, components, processes and contracts to buy, sell or deliver any of the foregoing.

ARTICLE IV—TABLE AND COMMODITY DEFINITIONS

SEC. 37. *Table of Margin figures (Table A)*—(a) *Instructions.* Table A (printed below) lists the commodities and the division factors for wholesalers covered by this regulation. For a detailed list of the items included in each category of commodities, see "Commodity definitions", printed below. This regulation must not be used to determine ceiling prices for commodities other than those listed in paragraph (b) of this section.

The commodities covered by this regulation are listed in the column at the left of Table A and the margins in the right hand column. Divide these margins into your "direct cost" to determine your ceiling prices. Drop any fraction of a cent which is less than one-half cent; take the next higher cent if the fraction is one-half cent or more.

For example, you want to figure your ceiling price for a case of twenty-four 9-ounce packages of X Brand Spaghetti:

The amount you paid your customary type of supplier for your purchase of a customary quantity of this item was $2.11 per case after deducting all discounts except the discount for prompt payment and swell and label allowances and promotional allowances to the extent received in the calendar year 1951. In addition, you paid extra charges included under the term "direct costs", amounting to 12 cents per case. Your "direct cost" is therefore $2.23 per case. Now refer to Table A. Check the list of commodities and you will find "Paste Products". This category includes the item you are pricing. Directly opposite, you will find the figure ".86". Divide your "direct cost" by this margin; the resulting amount is 2.592. By rounding down the fraction of a cent which is less than one-half cent, you will get your ceiling price of $2.59 per case.

(b) *Commodity definitions.* (1) "Baby foods" means all foods especially designed for the nourishment of infants and juniors, such as strained or diced vegetables, and baby cereals, such as Pablum and Pabena, packed in containers of glass, tin, or other material.

(2) "Bakers' and confectioners' supplies" means grocery items sold primarily to bakers and confectioners and similar establishments for use in the preparation of bakers' and confectioners' products and also shelf sizes of certain items sold in grocery stores which are used primarily for home baking. In the case of sales to bakers, confectioners and similar establishments, this classification includes, but is not limited to, baking powder, baking soda, coloring matter, mince meat and yeast. It does not include rice, bakers' and family flour, sugar, evaporated milk, shortening and lard or any other item specifically covered by another section of this paragraph (b). In the case of sales to grocery stores of shelf size home baking products, this classification includes, and is limited to, baking powder, baking soda and any other shelf size grocery item used primarily for home baking which is not specifically covered by any other classification contained in this paragraph (b).

(3) "Dried edible beans and peas", means all bulk or packaged, threshed and dried field or garden beans, peas, and lentils, used for human consumption.

(4) "Beverage bases and concentrates" means Kool-Aid, Ovaltine, Hires Root Beer Extract and similar products.

(5) "Candy" means any confection, packaged or in bulk.

(6) "Breakfast cereals" means bulk or packaged processed cereal grains used as breakfast foods, both uncooked and ready to eat types. This classification includes puffed rice and puffed wheat, but does not include buckwheat flour, corn meal, pancake flour, pearled barley, and rice.

(7) "Charcoal" means any charred wood.

(8) "Cleaners and home laundry supplies" includes Clorox, Old Dutch Cleanser, laundry starch, Drano, bluing, powder and cake cleansers other than soaps and detergents, and other home laundry supplies. This classification does not include brass, metal and silver polish, upholstery, floor, rug, wall and dry cleaners.

(9) "Cocoa and chocolate" include, but are not limited to, powdered, cake, and cooking chocolate. This classification does not include chocolate-coated candy or any other chocolate candy.

(10) "Coffee" means roasted coffee either whole or ground; decaffeinated coffee; coffee concentrates; chicory; coffee compounds consisting of a blend of coffee and any other product; cereals, beans, peas, and other products and concentrates thereof designated as or intended for use as coffee substitutes or coffee extenders.

(11) "Condiments and sauces" means any food garnishes in metal, glass, or any other containers, including but not limited to catsup, chili sauce, chutney, meat sauces, mustard, soya, tabasco sauce, tomato sauce, vinegar, Worcestershire sauce, cocktail sauce, bagoon and miso sauce.

(12) "Cooking starch" means corn starch used for cooking.

(13) "Crackers, cookies and specified cakes" means crackers, cookies, biscuits, fruit cakes, rum cakes and plum puddings.

(14) "Dessert powders" means all concentrates of fruits or vegetables containing gelatin or rennin, used in the preparation of gelatinous desserts.

(15) "Flour" means bulk or packaged (in any size) flour milled from wheat, seminola, farina, buckwheat, corn, rice, and potatoes, including, but not limited to, all-purpose family flour, cake flour, enriched flour, but excluding all flour mixes.

(16) "Flour and corn meal mixes:" Flour and corn meal mixes means any packaged prepared flour or corn meal mix, including, but not limited to cake mixes, corn muffin mixes, pie crust mixes, pancake mixes, waffle mixes.

(17) "Fountain supplies" means grocery items customarily sold to soda fountains. This classification includes, but is not limited to, crushed strawber-

ries, fruit syrups in bottles, chocolate sauce, vanilla, syrup, maraschino cherries and other similar articles used for preparation of food and drink for sales on the premises. It does not include rice, bakers' and family flour, sugar, evaporated milk, shortening and lard.

(18) "Canned citrus fruit" means oranges, grapefruit and other citrus fruits preserved in metal, glass or any other containers and not requiring refrigeration.

(19) "Dried fruits" means fruits or parts thereof from which the major portion of moisture has been removed by natural or artificial drying, and includes, but is not limited to, apples, apricots, currants, dates, figs, grapes, nectarines, peaches, pears, and prunes.

(20) "Canned fruits and berries" means fruits and berries packed in metal, glass or any other containers and not requiring refrigeration, and includes, but is not limited to, the following: apples, applesauce, apricots, cherries, figs, fruit cocktails, fruits for salads, peaches, pears, pineapples, plums, blackberries, blue berries, boysenberries, cranberries, gooseberries, huckleberries, loganberries, raspberries, strawberries, and youngberries.

(21) Quick-frozen fruits, vegetables and meats". Quick-frozen fruits means all fruits, berries, fruit or berry juices, and mixtures which have been quick-frozen. Quick-frozen vegetables means all vegetables, vegetable juices, and mixtures which have been subjected to a quick-freezing process. Quick-frozen meats means all meats and products containing meat which have been subjected to a quick-freezing process, including, but not limited to, frozen horse meat, hamburgers, chicken and fish.

(22) "Canned juices" means berry juices, citrus fruit juices, fruit juices and nectar, and vegetable juices packed in metal, glass, or any other container and not requiring refrigeration.

(23) "Mayonnaise, salad dressing and sandwich spreads" means all sandwich spreads with a mayonnaise or cheese base and prepared dressings for salads except cooking and salad oils.

(24) "Evaporated milk" means unsweetened liquid evaporated milk packed in metal, glass or any other containers.

(25) "Other milk products" means any food commodity which is processed or manufactured from cow's milk and shall include Klim, Avoset, condensed milk, and malted milk. This classification does not include butter, cheese, powdered skim milk, fresh milk, or cream.

(26) "Canned meats" means meats and meats in combination with other foods, packed in metal, glass, or any other containers, such as luncheon meats, spreads, sausages and sausage meats, frankfurters, hamburger, loaf goods, brains, tongue, bacon, corned beef, dried beef, sliced dried beef, hash, potted and deviled meats, spaghetti and meat balls, spaghetti sauce with meat, noodles and meat, vegetables and meat, stews, chili con carne, prepared hot tamales, chicken, turkey and other poultry, and similar items, whether in shelf sizes or not, and whether or not customarily stored under refrigeration, but does not include frozen meat.

(27) "Bulk nuts" means all nuts which are not customarily sold by the retailer in the original package.

(28) "Packaged nuts" means all nuts, shelled or unshelled, roasted or unprocessed, which are packed in metal, glass, cartons, or any other containers and are sold in shelf sizes, and include almonds, brazil nuts, macadamia nuts, peanuts, and all other nuts.

(29) "Oleomargarine" means any product labeled "oleomargarine".

(30) "Paste products" means all canned, packaged, and bulk macaroni, shells, noodles, spaghetti, vermicelli, and similar products.

(31) "Peanut butter" means all spreads of ground peanuts, irrespective of the size of the granules or pieces of peanuts contained therein. This classification includes chunk peanut butter.

(32) "Pet foods and supplies" means all kinds of pet foods, packages, bulk, canned or dry, and such pet supplies as cuttlebone and gravel. It does not include frozen pet foods such as frozen horse meat. Pet foods and supplies sold by a specializing pet food and supply wholesaler are exempted from this section. "A specializing pet food and supply wholesaler" means any wholesaler over 70% of whose business has, in the last quarter year before any sale, consisted of sales of pet foods and pet supplies.

(33) "Pickles, olives and certain spiced fruits and vegetables" means all kinds of pickles and olives, whether green, ripe, stuffed, oiled, brined, and includes pickles and olives packed in vinegar and mustard, and fruits or vegetables packed in vinegar or liquors, such as spiced tomatoes, but does not include other fruits and vegetables packed in brine or heavy syrup, either spiced or unspiced.

(34) "Popcorn, potato chips and shoestring potatoes". Popcorn means corn intended for the purpose of making popcorn and corn already popped, packed in bags, metal cans, or any other containers. Potato chips and shoestring potatoes means sliced, fried potatoes packed in cartons, bags, or any other containers.

(35) "Preserves, jams, and jellies" means all preserves, jams, jellies, and marmalade, packed in metal, glass, or any other containers. This classification does not include bakers' jams and jellies.

(36) "Rice" means all grades of white and brown milled and unmilled rice sold in all types of containers.

(37) "Cooking and salad oils" means all vegetable, fruit and leaf plant oils, whether pure or mixed. This classification includes, but is not limited to, olive, peanut, cottonseed, and corn oils. It does not include prepared dressings, nor does it include mineral and olive oil sold by drug stores or department stores.

(38) "Salt" means all table and cooking salt, and salt used for industrial or commercial purposes.

(39) "Canned seafood" means all processed fish and seafood packed in metal, glass, or any other containers, and includes, but is not limited to, abalone, crab meat, lobster, salmon, sardines, shrimp, canned clam juice and broth, but shall not include fresh, dried, salted, smoked, or frozen fish and seafood.

(40) "Dried and shredded seafood" means seafood such as codfish and shrimp in a dried condition.

(41) "Shortening and lard" means any vegetable or animal fats used for cooking, sold in bulk or in packaged shelf sizes, but does not include butter or oleomargarine.

(42) "Laundry soap" means bar and packaged laundry soap and detergents. This classification includes laundry soap and detergents in bars, cakes, chips, powder, plain, granulated or liquid form.

(43) "Toilet soap" means bar and packaged toilet soap. This classification includes toilet soap in bars, cakes, chips, powder, plain, granulated or liquid form.

(44) "Canned and dehydrated soup." Canned soups means any soups or broths in metal, glass, or any other containers and includes condensed soups, broths and chowders. Dehydrated soup means any dry commodity intended for the making of soup by the addition of liquid and shall include noodle-soup mixes.

(45) "Spices and extracts" means all kinds of spices and extracts, and includes, but is not limited to monosodium glutamate, mapleline, and extracts in shelf sizes, such as cinnamon, pepper, vanilla, and bouillon cubes.

(46) "Syrup and honey". Syrup means all edible molasses, sorghum, cane, maple, and corn syrup and blends thereof. Honey means extracted honey and includes combinations of extracted comb honey.

(47) "Tea" means all kinds of tea, green and black, packaged and in bulk.

(48) "Canned vegetables" means vegetables not requiring refrigeration, packed in metal, glass, or any other containers, and include, but are not limited to, beans, carrots, corn, okra, peas, pumpkins, puree of chopped vegetables, rhubarb, sauerkraut, spinach and tomatoes.

(49) "Dehydrated vegetables" means vegetables or mixed vegetables which are prepared for consumption by the addition of liquid to restore the product to its original condition.

(50) "Specified wooden products" is limited specifically to the following: Brooms and broom parts, matches (including book matches), clothes pins, and tooth picks.

(51) "Imported Foods" means any food item imported directly into Hawaii from a country other than the United States, its Territories and Possessions.

When any grocery item covered by this section is composed of two or more commodities defined under two or more of the above commodity classifications contained in this paragraph (b), such item shall be classified under that commodity classification in which the largest single ingredient (measured by weight) is defined.

TABLE A

(Division factors to be used by wholesalers in figuring prices for items covered by this regulation, by commodities.)

Food commodities	Division factors
1. Baby foods:	
a. Diced and strained fruits and vegetables	0.89
b. Others	.87
2. Bakers' and confectioners' supplies:	
a. Baking powder and soda, shelf sizes	.88
b. Others	.84
3. Beans and peas, dried edible:	
a. Packaged, or in bag lots	.87
b. In less than bag lots	.85
4. Beverage bases and concentrates	.83
5. Candy	.85
6. Cereals:	
a. Ready-to-eat	.90
b. Cooking	.87
7. Charcoal	.85
8. Cleansers and home laundry supplies	.87
9. Cocoa and chocolate	.89
10. Coffee	.92
11. Condiments and sauces:	
a. Tomato, tomato hot sauce and soya	.88
b. Catsup, mustard and vinegar	.86
c. Others	.82
12. Cooking starch	.89
13. Crackers, cookies, specified cakes:	
a. Crackers	.89
b. Cookies	.87
c. Rum and fruit cakes, plum pudding	.85
14. Dessert powders	.88
15. Flour	.91
16. Flour and corn meal mixes:	
a. Without shortening	.90
b. Containing shortening	.85
17. Fountain supplies	.83
18. Fruits, canned citrus	.87
19. Fruits, dried	.85
20. Fruits and berries, canned:	
a. Peaches, pears, pineaples, fruit cocktail	.88
b. All others	.88
21. Fruits, vegetables, and meats, quick frozen	.75
22. Juices, canned:	
a. Pineapple and tomato	.89
b. Others	.87
23. Mayonnaise, salad dressing and sandwich spread	.84
24. Milk, evaporated	.93
25. Milk products other than evaporated milk	.86
26. Meats, canned:	
a. Cans of 2½ pounds and over	.90
b. Vienna sausage, deviled meat	.89
c. Chicken, turkey, poultry	.87
d. Others	.88
27. Nuts, bulk:	
a. In bag lots	.86
b. In less than bag lots	.84
28. Nuts, packaged:	
a. Peanuts	.88
b. Others	.86
29. Oleomargarine	.83
30. Paste products	.86
31. Peanut butter	.88
32. Pet foods and supplies	.88
33. Pickles and olives, specified fruits and vegetables	.85
34. Popcorn, potato chips and shoestring potatoes	.85
35. Preserves, jams and jellies	.88
36. Rice	.93
37. Salad oils:	
a. Olive oil	.85
b. Others	.90
38. Salt:	
a. Packaged	.90
b. In bulk	.85

TABLE A—Continued

Food commodities	Division factors
39. Seafood, canned:	
a. Oysters, codfish cakes, flakes, barracuda, squid and mackerel	0.86
b. Others	.84
40. Seafood, dried and shredded:	
a. Fish	.80
b. Shrimp	.85
41. Shortening and lard	.92
42. Soap, bar and package laundry	.88
43. Soap, toilet	.88
44. Soups:	
a. Canned soups	.90
b. Dehydrated soups	.88
45. Spices and extracts:	
a. Black pepper	.83
b. Vanilla extract	.80
c. Others	.78
46. Syrup and honey	.88
47. Tea	.85
48. Vegetables, canned:	
a. Peas, corn, tomatoes, beans	.88
b. All others	.88
49. Vegetables, dehydrated	.86
50. Wooden products, specified	.80
51. Imported foods:	
a. Foreign foods imported from abroad	.84
b. Dried or pickled seafood and vegetables imported from the Orient	.77

Effective date: This regulation shall become effective September 11, 1951.

NOTE: The record keeping and reporting requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

SEPTEMBER 6, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10894; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 11:39 a. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 72]

CPR 72—MIXED FERTILIZER AND FERTILIZER MATERIALS SOLD IN PUERTO RICO BY MIXERS AND PACKAGERS

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Ceiling Price Regulation 72 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This regulation establishes ceiling prices for sales of mixed fertilizer and fertilizer materials by "mixers" and "packagers" in Puerto Rico. Prices for these commodities are presently established in the Territory under the General Ceiling Price Regulation. These ceiling prices established on the basis of costs of the materials in and before the base period no longer reflect the normal cost-price relationship in this industry and have reduced the profit margin of mixers and packagers to a point where they can no longer continue to operate profitably.

This regulation alleviates the squeeze on margins by authorizing periodic adjustments to be made in the ceiling prices established under the General Ceiling Price Regulation, which will reflect increases in material costs occurring subsequent to the General Ceiling Price Regulation base period, namely, the period from December 19, 1950 to January 25, 1951. The first adjustment is to be made by the manufacturer on or before September 10, 1951, to reflect the change between the base period average cost and the average cost in the period from July 1, 1951 to August 15, 1951. The ceiling prices adjusted are effective until September 30, 1951. On October 1, 1951, ceiling prices are readjusted to reflect the average cost for the months of July, August, and September, 1951, as compared with the base period average cost.

These readjusted ceiling prices are effective until December 31, 1951. Thereafter, ceiling prices are readjusted quarter-annually by reflecting the difference between average cost during the preceding three month period and the base period. Ceiling prices as determined by this regulation may fluctuate upward or downward from quarter to quarter, but in no event may they go below the base period prices.

The regulation provides that ceiling prices for grades of mixed fertilizer and fertilizer materials not sold or offered for sale by the manufacturer under the General Ceiling Price Regulation and ceiling prices for sales of mixed fertilizer and fertilizer materials offered for sale by new firms shall be established by the Director of Price Stabilization, or his delegate. There is also a provision that if ceiling prices determined in accordance with this regulation are inequitable, the Director of Price Stabilization may adjust ceiling prices.

Sellers are required to continue the same methods and conditions of delivery, freight allowances, terms of payment, discounts, and any other provisions relating to sales of the commodities being priced which were in effect during the base period.

As the pricing formula established in the regulation is self-executing, the regulation requires persons subject to this regulation to file with the Territorial Office of Price Stabilization for Puerto Rico, reports of the "base prices", "base cost", and current ceiling prices. This reporting requirement will materially assist in the enforcement of the regulation. This regulation authorizes any fertilizer manufacturer to elect to use his "base prices" as his ceiling prices for any quarter.

In formulating this regulation the Director of Price Stabilization has consulted extensively with industry representatives and has given full consideration to their recommendations. In his judgment, the provisions of this regulation are generally fair and equitable and are necessary to effectuate the purposes of Title IV of the Defense Production Act, as amended.

So far as practicable, the Director of Price Stabilization gave due consideration to the national effort to achieve maximum production in furtherance of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and to relevant factors of general applicability.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Sec.
1. What this regulation does.
2. Geographical applicability.
3. Compliance with this regulation required.
4. Definitions and explanations.
5. Manufacturers' "base prices".
6. Manufacturers' ceiling prices for mixed fertilizer.
7. Manufacturers' ceiling prices for fertilizer materials.
8. Prices for new sellers or for grades not sold during the base period and for special cases.
9. Price differentials.
10. Trade terms and practices.
11. Records and reports.
12. Evasion.
13. Enforcement.
14. Petitions for amendment.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 14 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply Title IV, 64 Stat. 803, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2101–2110, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.

SECTION 1. *What this regulation does.* This regulation establishes formulae for the determination of ceiling prices for the sale of mixed fertilizer and fertilizer materials by manufacturers. This regulation supersedes the General Ceiling Price Regulation for all such sales.

SEC. 2. *Geographical applicability.* The provisions of this regulation shall apply in Puerto Rico.

SEC. 3. *Compliance with this regulation required.* (a) On and after the effective date of this regulation, regardless of any contract, agreement, or other obligation, no manufacturer shall sell or deliver, and no person shall buy or receive from such manufacturer in the course of trade or business, any mixed fertilizer or fertilizer materials in Puerto Rico at a price higher than the ceiling prices established by this regulation, and no person shall offer, solicit or attempt to do any of the foregoing.

(b) Prices lower than the ceiling prices may be charged, demanded, paid or offered.

(c) You may elect to use your "base prices" as your ceiling prices for any quarter.

SEC. 4. *Definitions and explanations.* The terms used in this ceiling price regulation shall be construed in the following manner, unless otherwise clearly required by the context.

(a) *Manufacturer and sale by a manufacturer.* A manufacturer is a person who mixes or packages fertilizer and fertilizer materials. A sale by a manufacturer of mixed fertilizer or fertilizer materials, whether or not produced by him, shall be considered a "sale by a manufacturer" for the purposes of this regulation.

(b) *Fertilizer materials.* This term means any substance containing, in chemical combination, one or more of the essential plant nutrients such as nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and water soluble potash, when marketed or sold as an aid to the growth of crops or plants.

(c) *Mixed fertilizer.* This term means any mixture of fertilizer materials containing two or more of the essential plant nutrients in the proportion specified by the Department of Agriculture and Commerce of Puerto Rico.

(d) *Grade.* This term means the minimum guaranteed content of nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and water soluble potash expressed respectively in terms of percent of weight, as for example: 12–6–10, 6–8–10, 0–14–10.

(e) *Person.* As used in this regulation, the term "person" includes any individual, corporation, partnership, association or any other organized group of persons, or legal successors or representatives of the foregoing, and the United States or any other government, or political subdivisions or agencies of any government.

(f) *Records.* This term includes books of accounts, sales lists, sales slips, orders, vouchers, contracts, receipts, invoices, bills of lading, and other papers and documents.

(g) *You.* The pronoun "you" as used in this regulation indicates the person subject to the regulation.

SEC. 5. *Manufacturers' "base prices".* Your "base prices" for sales of mixed fertilizer and fertilizer materials shall be your General Ceiling Price Regulation ceiling prices which were in effect the day before the effective date of this regulation.

SEC. 6. *Manufacturers' ceiling prices for mixed fertilizer.* (a) To determine your ceiling price for mixed fertilizer, proceed as follows:

(1) Determine the average delivered-to-plant cost per unit of nitrogen, available phosphoric acid and water soluble potash, used or received by you during the period from December 19, 1950 to January 25, 1951. Using this cost determine, by your own formula, the total cost of the amounts of fertilizer materials entering into a ton of each mixed fertilizer you are pricing. To this add the average cost, during the above period, of the containers you have customarily used to contain one ton of the mixed fertilizer being priced. This figure is hereafter referred to as "base cost" of mixed fertilizer.

(2) On or before September 10, 1951, following the procedure outlined in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, compute the comparable average cost for the period July 1 to August 15, 1951, and on October 1, and on the first day of each quarter-annual period thereafter similarly determine this figure for the three month period immediately preceding the date of such computation. This figure is hereafter referred to as your "current cost" of mixed fertilizer.

(3) If your "current cost" is less than "base cost", your ceiling price for the ensuing period is your "base price". If your "current cost" is more than "base cost", add the difference between the two to your "base price" to determine your ceiling price for the ensuing period.

SEC. 7. *Manufacturers' ceiling prices for fertilizer materials.* (a) To determine your ceiling price for fertilizer materials, proceed as follows:

(1) Determine the average delivered-to-plant cost per ton for each of the fertilizer materials used or received by you during the period December 19, 1950 to January 25, 1951. To this cost add the average cost, during the same period, of the containers you have customarily used to contain one ton of the fertilizer material being priced. This figure is hereafter referred to as "base cost" of fertilizer materials.

(2) On or before September 10, 1951, following the procedure outlined in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, compute the comparable average cost for the period July 1 to August 15, 1951, and on October 1, and on the first day of each quarter-annual period thereafter, similarly determine this figure for the three month period immediately preceding the date of such computation. This figure is hereafter referred to as your "current cost" of fertilizer materials.

(3) If your "current cost" is less than "base cost", your ceiling price for the ensuing period is your "base price". If your "current cost" is more than "base cost", add the difference between the two to your "base price" to determine your ceiling price for the ensuing period.

SEC. 8. *Prices for new sellers or for grades not sold during the base period and for special cases.* If you wish to sell a grade of mixed fertilizer and fertilizer materials for which you had no General Ceiling Price Regulation ceiling price on the day before the effective date of this regulation, or if the calculation as indicated above results in inequitable ceiling prices, you may file with the Territorial Director of Price Stabilization an application for ceiling prices which are in line with the ceiling prices otherwise established by this regulation. You may not sell such mixed fertilizer or fertilizer materials until notified in writing by the Director of Price Stabilization, or his delegatee, of the approval of such ceiling prices.

SEC. 9. *Price differentials.* Your ceiling prices on less than ton quantities of mixed fertilizer and fertilizer materials shall preserve the same relationship to the per ton ceiling prices as the less than ton prices bore to the per ton price on the day before the effective date of this regulation.

SEC. 10. *Trade terms and practices.* You shall continue the same methods and conditions of delivery, freight allowances, terms of payment, discounts, and any other provisions relating to sales of the commodities being priced which were in effect during the period December 19, 1950 to January 25, 1951.

SEC. 11. *Records and reports.*—(a) *Record keeping requirements:* (1) You shall prepare and preserve for the life of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and for two years thereafter, all records necessary to determine whether you have computed your ceiling prices correctly, including (but not limited to) records showing your base period prices and records showing costs, price schedules and sales for other applicable periods and dates referred to in the regulation. The records to be preserved under this paragraph must include appropriate work sheets. The work sheets to be preserved may be in any convenient form so long as they include all data and

calculations required to determine your ceiling prices.

(2) You shall preserve for a period of two years all records of current sales showing the prices at which sales of mixed fertilizer and fertilizer materials have been made.

(3) You must also prepare and preserve a statement of your customary price differentials for terms and conditions of sale, and classes of purchasers, which you had in effect on the day before the effective date of this regulation.

(b) *Reports.* You must file with the Territorial Office of Price Stabilization for Puerto Rico, within the time indicated, the following data:

(1) Base period prices must be filed by September 30, 1951.

(2) Base cost must be filed by September 30, 1951.

(3) Current ceiling prices must be filed within five days from each computation date.

SEC. 12. *Evasion.* The ceiling prices established by this regulation shall not be evaded in any manner, either by direct or indirect methods in connection with the purchase, sale, delivery or transfer of mixed fertilizer or fertilizer materials or in conjunction with any other commodity, or by way of any commission, service, transportation or any other charge or discount, premium, or other privilege, or by tie-in agreement or other trade understanding, or by a change in the quality of the product, except when such change in quality takes place in compliance with a regulation issued by an agency of the United States or the Government of Puerto Rico.

SEC. 13. *Enforcement.* Any person who violates any provision of this regulation is subject to the criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions, and suits for damages provided by the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

SEC. 14. *Petitions for amendment.* If you wish to have this regulation amended you may file a petition for amendment in accordance with the provisions of Price Procedural Regulation 1.

Effective date. This regulation shall become effective September 5, 1951.

NOTE: The record keeping and reporting requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

SEPTEMBER 5, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10862; Filed, Sept. 5, 1951; 2:54 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 30, Amdt. 11]

CPR 30—MACHINERY AND RELATED MANUFACTURED GOODS

DELETION OF VIALS AND AMPULES

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738) this Amendment 11 to Ceiling Price Regulation 30 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This amendment removes the manufacture of glass vials and ampules from coverage under Ceiling Price Regulation 30. The ceiling prices for these commodities will be established under the General Ceiling Price Regulation until such time as a special regulation covering the glass container industry, of which they are a component part, is issued.

The manufacture of glass containers is specifically excepted from CPR 22. It comes under the provisions of the General Ceiling Price Regulation. Glass vials and ampules are special types of containers made by manufacturers who usually make other glass container products as well. This amendment will end the confusion now existing in the industry resulting from the dual coverage under the GCPR and CPR 30 and will remove pricing distortions created thereby.

In view of the limited impact of this amendment, the Director of Price Stabilization found it unnecessary to meet formally with representatives of the industry to consider this matter. However, consideration was given to the views of affected persons who were consulted informally.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Ceiling Price Regulation 30 is amended in the following respects:

Appendix A is amended to delete therefrom the words "Vials and ampules" from the list of "Laboratory and pharmaceutical glassware" classified under "Glass products, industrial, scientific and technical . . ."

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

This amendment is effective September 10, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

SEPTEMBER 5, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10863; Filed, Sept. 5, 1951; 4:19 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 67, Amdt. 1]

CPR 67—RESELLERS' CEILING PRICES FOR MACHINERY AND RELATED MANUFACTURED GOODS

BRASS MILL PRODUCTS

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), and Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), this Amendment 1 to Ceiling Price Regulation 67 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This amendment places brass mill products under the coverage of the regulation. This action has been taken because the pricing practices of resellers of brass mill products are similar to those of resellers of the products already covered by the regulation. Because of the similarity of these pricing practices, the Statement of Considerations involved in the issuance of the regulation is equally applicable to this amendment.

The necessity for immediately providing resellers of brass mill products with a pricing method which will enable them to reflect the adjustments in ceiling prices of brass mill products provided for in Ceiling Price Regulation 63—Producers of Brass Mill Products, has rendered impracticable consultation with industry representatives, including trade association representatives.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Ceiling Price Regulation 67 is amended by adding the following item to Appendix A:

Brass mill products (This term includes any new plate, sheet, strip, rod, bar, tube, pipe, extrusion, and anode or other shape made from copper or copper base alloy. It also includes any non-electrical wire made from copper base alloy and copper or copper base alloy welding rod. It does not include any fabricated product made from any of the foregoing products or any copper or copper base alloy product produced by a copper refiner or smelter.)

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

This amendment shall become effective September 10, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

SEPTEMBER 5, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10864; Filed, Sept. 5, 1951; 4:19 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 56, Amdt. 4, Correction]

CPR 56—CEILING PRICES FOR CERTAIN PROCESSED FRUITS AND BERRIES OF THE 1951 PACK

Correction

Due to clerical error, amendment 4 to CPR 56 issued August 23, 1951 (16 F. R. 8587), contains a misprint in the amended section 2 (d) (2). Accordingly, subparagraph (iii) of section 2 (d) (2) is corrected to read as follows:

(iii) Multiply the average raw material cost adjustment per ton (or other unit of purchase) as determined under section 2 (d) (1) by the total number of tons (or other unit of purchase) used in 1948.

Chapter VI—National Production Authority, Department of Commerce

[NPA Order M-1, Direction 3, as amended September 5, 1951]

M-1—IRON AND STEEL

DIR. 3—ORDER ACCEPTANCE; SET-ASIDE CANCELLATION

This direction, as amended, to NPA Order M-1 is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the authority granted by section 101 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 as amended. In the formulation of this direction as amended there has been consultation with industry representatives and con-

sideration has been given to their recommendations.

This amendment affects Dir. 3 to NPA Order M–1 by deleting references to the allotment symbol "D" in section 2. As so amended, Dir. 3 to NPA Order M–1 reads as follows:

Sec.
1. What this direction does.
2. Acceptance of orders.
3. Set-aside cancellation.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 3 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply sec. 101, 64 Stat. 799, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2071, sec. 101, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.; sec. 2, E. O. 10200, Jan. 3, 1951, 16 F. R. 61.

SECTION 1. *What this direction does.* This direction preserves the established flow of steel products and minimizes customer relationship disruptions by permitting steel producers, until 15 days prior to the expiration of lead times, to accept orders, within certain limitations, without regard to the date of receipt of such orders.

SEC. 2. *Acceptance of orders.* Until 15 days prior to the expiration of lead time, a steel producer shall have the option of determining which authorized controlled material orders or portions thereof he will accept and schedule without regard to dates of receipt of such orders: *Provided,* That the total of the orders accepted does not exceed 90 percent of the percentages set forth in columns (1), (2), and (3) in part C of Table I of NPA Order M–1 as amended, applicable to the product involved for that month: *And provided further,* That there shall be included in such 90 percent, (a) all orders bearing allotment symbols A, B, C, or E which have been offered to him, (b) all NPA directives received by him, (c) proposed shipments to distributors under NPA Order M–6 as amended, and (d) proposed shipments to producer converters under NPA Order M–1 as amended. Orders which are not accepted shall be returned immediately so that the purchasers may place such orders with other suppliers. Within the 15-day period immediately preceding the expiration of lead times, a steel producer shall accept and schedule for production all authorized controlled material orders offered to him, up to the maximum total of his required order acceptance. Such orders shall be scheduled for production with precedence given to the order received first.

SEC. 3. *Set-aside cancellation.* Effective September 17, 1951, all percentages applying to steel mill products as set forth in columns (1), (2), and (3) in part C of Table I of NPA Order M–1 as amended, are cancelled and each steel producer shall accept orders only to fulfill NPA directives, distributor orders under section 4 of NPA Order M–6 as amended, producer converter orders under section 8 of NPA Order M–1 as amended, and authorized controlled material orders. Commencing September 17, 1951, the 90 percent referred to in section 2 of this direction shall be applicable to a producer's total authorized production of the product involved.

This direction as amended shall take effect on September 5, 1951.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
By JOHN B. OLVERSON,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10873; Filed, Sept. 5, 1951; 4:36 p. m.]

[NPA Order M–5, Direction 1, as amended September 5, 1951]

M–5—RATED ORDERS FOR ALUMINUM

DIR. 1—ORDER ACCEPTANCE

This direction, as amended, under NPA Order M–5 is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 as amended. In the formulation of this direction as amended there has been consultation with industry representatives and consideration has been given to their recommendations.

This amendment affects Dir. 1 to NPA Order M–5 by deleting the reference to the allotment symbol "D" in section 2. As so amended, NPA Order M–5, Direction 1, reads as follows:

Sec.
1. What this direction does.
2. Acceptance of orders.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 and 2 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Supp. 2154. Interpret or apply sec. 101, 64 Stat. 799, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Supp. 2071, sec. 101, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.; sec. 2, E. O. 10200, Jan. 3, 1951, 16 F. R. 61.

SECTION 1. *What this direction does.* This direction preserves the established flow of aluminum controlled materials and minimizes customer relationship disruptions by permitting aluminum controlled material producers, until 15 days prior to the expiration of lead times, to accept orders, within certain limitations, without regard to the date of receipt of such orders.

SEC. 2. *Acceptance of orders.* Until 60 days prior to the first day of the month in which delivery is requested, an aluminum controlled material producer shall have the option of determining which authorized controlled material orders or portions thereof he will accept and schedule without regard to dates of receipt of such orders: *Provided,* That the total of the orders accepted does not exceed 85 percent of his production directive covering the product involved for that month, or his proposed production thereof if no production directive has been issued: *And provided further,* That there shall be included in such 85 percent, (a) all orders bearing allotment symbols A, B, C, or E which have been offered to him, and (b) all NPA directives received by him, including shipments to distributors, independent fabricators and smelters pursuant to such directives. Orders which are not accepted shall be immediately rejected and returned, so that the purchasers may place such orders with other suppliers. Within the period from 45 to 60 days prior to the first day of the month in which delivery is requested, an aluminum controlled material producer shall accept and schedule for production all authorized controlled material orders offered to him, up to the maximum total of his production directive or his proposed production if no directive has been issued. Such orders shall be scheduled for production with precedence given to the orders received first.

This direction as amended shall take effect on September 5, 1951.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
By JOHN B. OLVERSON,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10875; Filed, Sept. 5, 1951; 4:36 p. m.]

[NPA Order M–11, Direction 2, as amended September 5, 1951]

M–11—COPPER AND COPPER-BASE ALLOYS

DIR. 2—ORDER ACCEPTANCE

This direction, as amended, under NPA Order M–11 is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950 as amended. In the formulation of this direction as amended there has been consultation with industry representatives and consideration has been given to their recommendations.

This amendment affects Dir. 2 to NPA Order M–11 by deleting references to the allotment symbol "D" in section 2. As so amended, Dir. 2 to NPA Order M–11 reads as follows:

Sec.
1. What this direction does.
2. Acceptance of order.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 and 2 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply sec. 101, 64 Stat. 799, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2071, sec. 101, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.; sec. 2, E. O. 10200, Jan. 3, 1951, 16 F. R. 61.

SECTION 1. *What this direction does.* This direction preserves the established flow of copper controlled materials and minimizes customer relationship disruptions by permitting copper controlled material producers, until 15 days prior to the expiration of lead times, to accept orders, within certain limitations, without regard to the date of receipt of such orders.

SEC. 2. *Acceptance of orders.* Until 15 days prior to the expiration of lead time, as set forth in Schedule 3 of CMP Regulation No. 1, a copper controlled material producer shall have the option of determining which authorized controlled material orders or portions thereof he will accept and schedule without regard to dates of receipt of such orders: *Provided,* That the total of the orders accepted does not exceed 85 percent of his authorized production of the product involved for that month: *And provided further,* That there shall be included in such 85 percent, (a) all orders bearing allotment symbols A, B, C, or E which have been offered to him, (b) all NPA directives received by him, (c) proposed shipments to distributors

under Direction 1 to NPA Order M–11 or future amendments thereto, or any applicable distributors order, and (d) all proposed shipments of intermediate shapes to other copper controlled material producers as directed by NPA. Orders which are not accepted shall be immediately rejected and returned, so that the purchasers may place such orders with other suppliers. Within the 15 day period immediately preceding the expiration of lead times, a copper controlled material producer shall accept and schedule for production all authorized controlled material orders offered to him, up to the maximum total of his authorized production. Such orders shall be scheduled for production with precedence given to the orders received first.

This direction as amended shall take effect on September 5, 1951.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
By JOHN B. OLVERSON,
Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10874; Filed, Sept. 5, 1951; 4:36 p. m.]

[NPA Order M–46A as amended September 5, 1951]

M–46A—PRIORITY ASSISTANCE FOR FOREIGN PETROLEUM OPERATIONS

This order as amended is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the authority granted by section 101 of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended. Consultation with industry representatives in advance of the issuance of this order as amended has been rendered impracticable due to the fact that it applies to all branches of the foreign petroleum industry.

This amendment affects NPA Order M–46A, as issued August 15, 1951, by changing section 3, paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) to conform to the revised list of allotment numbers and symbols issued by DPA, and by making changes in Schedule II. The reference given in item (a) of paragraph E of Schedule II to "items on List A of NPA Reg. 1" is corrected to read "items on List A of NPA Reg. 2". As so amended, NPA Order M–46A reads as follows:

Sec.
1. What this order does.
2. Definitions.
3. Assignment of symbols.
4. Large construction operations.
5. All operations other than large construction operations.
6. Limitations on priority assistance.
7. Emergency or interim assistance.
8. Certification.
9. Effect of revocation or denial of export authority.
10. Records, reports, and forms.
11. Violations.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 11 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply sec. 101, 64 Stat. 799, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2071, sec. 101, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Sup.; sec. 2 E. O. 10200, Jan. 3, 1951, 16 F. R. 61.

SECTION 1. *What this order does.* This order explains how priority assistance is made available to petroleum operators to obtain material for use in all countries except the United States and Canada. The order establishes two procedures to be followed in obtaining and using priority assistance. The first procedure relates to use of material for large construction operations. A large construction operation is any one complete construction operation with a total material cost over $10,000. The second procedure relates to material obtained for any use other than use in a large construction operation. This second procedure includes material for use in production, small construction operations, maintenance, repair, operating supplies, and laboratory equipment.

SEC. 2. *Definitions.* (a) "Operator" means any person to the extent that he is engaged in the petroleum industry outside of the United States, its territories or possessions, or the Dominion of Canada.

(b) "Applicant" means any operator or his agent who, under the Office of International Trade export control regulations, is authorized to apply for an export license.

(c) "Petroleum" means crude oil and associated hydrocarbons, and the products thereof, including but not limited to natural gas.

(d) "Petroleum industry" includes any of the following activities and any operations directly incident to these activities as they pertain to petroleum:

(1) The discovery, development, or depletion of petroleum (production);

(2) The extraction or recovery of natural gasoline or associated hydrocarbons (natural gasoline recovery);

(3) The movement, loading, or unloading of petroleum (transportation);

(4) The processing, reprocessing, or alteration of petroleum, including but not limited to compounding or blending (refining);

(5) The distribution or dispensing of petroleum, or the products thereof, and the storage incident thereto (distribution); and shall include for each of the above listed branches of the industry, to the extent applicable, the control of, or the investigation into, more effective methods of conducting petroleum operations by means of research, technical, or control laboratories.

(e) "Construction operation" means any use of material for construction, expansion, improvement, or reconstruction, incident to any branch of the petroleum industry other than production.

(f) "Program letter" means a letter from the Petroleum Administration for Defense to an applicant approving an operating program to be carried out by the applicant.

(g) "Controlled material" means steel, copper, and aluminum, in the forms and shapes indicated in Schedule I of CMP Regulation No. 1.

SEC. 3. *Assignment of symbols.* (a) Symbols are used to identify programs, uses of material, and countries in which materials obtained with the symbols are to be used. An appropriate symbol, together with a quarterly designation, constitutes an allotment number, which the applicant may use, where authorized, to obtain controlled material. The allotment number is used to identify quantities of controlled material which the applicant is authorized to obtain. An appropriate symbol, preceded by the letters "DO," constitutes a rating which the applicant may apply, where authorized, to obtain material other than controlled material.

(b) The following are the CMP allotment and DO rating symbols to be used by an applicant to procure material for use in the petroleum industry in countries other than the United States or Canada:

Type of material to be procured	ECA countries	Other countries
Controlled material	W–4	W–2.
Other than controlled material.	DO–W–4	DO–W–2.

(c) Schedule I of this order identifies the ECA countries. The CMP allotment and/or rating symbol W–4 must be used for materials which are to be used in all programs in ECA countries. The symbol W–2 must be used for materials which are to be used in all programs in all other countries, except the United States and Canada.

(d) Whenever any symbol is used to obtain controlled material, it must be followed by an appropriate quarterly designation. This quarterly designation represents the calendar quarter of the year during which the operator is permitted to take delivery in the United States of authorized quantities of controlled material. Thus, if the applicant were authorized to use controlled material in a large construction operation in France and the authorization were for delivery in the United States of that material in the first quarter of 1952, he would use the symbol W–4 followed by the abbreviation 1Q52. The complete symbol would be, therefore, W–4–1Q52.

SEC. 4. *Large construction operations.* Form PAD–26A, filed in accordance with the instructions printed thereon, must be used in connection with the priority assistance made available in this order for materials to be used in a large construction operation. A large construction operation is any one complete construction operation with a total material cost over $10,000. Form PAD–26A is filed to obtain priority assistance for all materials going into the construction operation which it covers. After the form has been returned to the applicant indicating approval and the extent to which he may use priority assistance, the applicant may, to that extent, place delivery orders bearing the appropriate identification set forth in section 3 (b) of this order.

SEC. 5. *All operations other than large construction operations.* (a) Form IT–824, filed quarterly in accordance with the instructions printed thereon, must be used in connection with the priority assistance made available in this order for any material to be used in the industry other than material used in a large construction operation.

(b) If a program letter has been issued to an applicant, he may, without

securing prior approval of his Form IT–824, use the appropriate symbol set forth in section 3 (b) of this order to obtain items, other than those listed in Schedule II of this order necessary for the operations covered by his program letter. To obtain items listed in Schedule II, an applicant may not use a symbol until his Form IT–824, filed as required, has been returned to him indicating approval and the extent to which he may use priority assistance. Even if an applicant has a program letter and no Schedule II items are involved, he must file for an export license on Form IT–824, which form, when approved, is an export license for the materials approved thereon.

(c) If a program letter has not been issued to an applicant, he may not use the appropriate symbol required for priority assistance until a Form IT–824, filed as required, has been returned to him, indicating approval and the extent to which he may use the priority assistance.

(d) Schedule II of this order may be amended from time to time by the addition or deletion of items. To facilitate the filing of Form IT–824, the Petroleum Administration for Defense may, in advance of a published amendment of Schedule II, give notice by letter of such prospective amendment to all applicants to whom a program letter has been issued. No applicant receiving such notice shall, after the effective date specified in the notice, use the priority assistance of section 3 (b) of this order for items which have been added, unless as to these items specific approval has been obtained through the filing of Form IT–824.

SEC. 6. *Limitations on priority assistance.* Directives may be issued from time to time with respect to the priority assistance obtainable through the use of either Form IT–824 or PAD–26A. Except as modified by such directives, the provisions of this order shall remain applicable. An operator who is entitled to use the priority assistance of this order shall not use any form of priority assistance otherwise made available to the extent that such assistance is available through this order. This provision, however, shall not prevent the rerating of any delivery pursuant to applicable regulations or procedures or the use of priority assistance otherwise granted where specific directions to this effect have been issued.

SEC. 7. *Emergency or interim assistance.* (a) Form IT–824 may be used in requesting priority assistance where, because of an emergency or for other reasons of necessity, the operator requires material not included on his current Form IT–824 or requires material in greater quantities or on earlier dates than requested in his current Form IT–824. In filing Form IT–824 for emergency or interim assistance, the operator need itemize only those items in those quantities on which assistance is being requested due to the necessity for emergency or interim assistance.

(b) Form PAD–26A may be used as an amendment form to effect changes in delivery dates or quantities of material required for use in the project covered by the original form. Where the form is used as an amendment, reference must be made to the original authorized document and requested adjustments must be specifically set forth. In that circumstance, he may not use the appropriate symbol until such time as the amended form has been returned to him indicating approval and the extent to which he may use the priority assistance.

SEC. 8. *Certification.* In order to use any symbol authorized pursuant to this order, the applicant must endorse on or attach to each delivery order the appropriate symbol as well as a certification in the following form:

Certified under NPA Order M–46A

SEC. 9. *Effect of revocation or denial of export authority.* If an export license, statement of export clearance, or statement of authority to export any material is revoked or if an export license is denied, any symbol authorized pursuant to this order for material covered by such export license, clearance, or authority shall thereby be revoked as regards delivery of such material to the applicant. The applicant must then notify his supplier or suppliers of the cancellation and may take no delivery of material ordered by use of such symbol. The applicant must also promptly notify the Petroleum Administration for Defense of the cancellation of any orders for any affected Schedule II item or any item designated as a Schedule II item.

SEC. 10. *Records, reports, and forms.* (a) Each person participating in any transaction covered by this order shall make and retain in his files for at least 2 years, records of receipts, deliveries, inventories, and use, in sufficient detail to permit an audit that determines for each transaction that the provisions of this order have been met. This does not specify any particular accounting method, nor does it require alteration of the system of records customarily maintained, provided the system provides an adequate basis of audit. Records may be retained in the form of microfilm or other photographic copies instead of the originals.

(b) All records required by this order shall be made available at the usual place of business where maintained for inspection and audit by duly authorized representatives of NPA.

(c) Persons subject to this order shall make such records and submit such reports to NPA as it shall require, subject to the terms of the Federal Reports Act of 1942 (5 U. S. C. 139–139F).

SEC. 11. *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order or any other order or regulation of the National Production Authority, or who wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information in the course of operation under this order is guilty of a crime and, upon conviction, may be punished by fine or imprisonment or both. In addition, administrative action may be taken against such person to suspend his privileges of making or receiving further deliveries of materials or using facilities under priority or allocation control and to deprive him of further priority assistance.

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

This order as amended shall take effect on September 5, 1951.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
By JOHN B. OLVERSON,
Recording Secretary.

SCHEDULE I

The following are ECA countries:

A. European countries:
- Austria.
- Belgian-Luxemburg Economic Union.
- Denmark.
- Germany (Federal Republic).
- France (including the Saar).
- Greece.
- Iceland.
- Ireland.
- Italy.
- Netherlands.
- Norway.
- Portugal.
- Sweden.
- Switzerland.
- Trieste, Free Territory of.
- Turkey.
- United Kingdom (including the Channel Islands).
- Yugoslavia.

B. Overseas territories:
- Belgian overseas territories:
  - Belgian Congo.
  - Ruanda-Urundi.
- British overseas territories:
  - Gibraltar.
  - Malta and Gozo.
  - Cyprus.
  - British West Africa:
    - Nigeria.
    - Gold Coast and Territories.
    - Gambia, Togoland, British Cameroons, Sierra Leone.
  - Northern Rhodesia.
  - Southern Rhodesia.
  - British East Africa:
    - Kenya.
    - Uganda.
    - Tanganyika, Nyasaland.
    - Zanzibar and Pemba.
    - Somaliland.
  - Basutoland, Bechuanaland, Swaziland.
  - St. Helena, Ascension Island.
  - Mauritius and Dependencies.
  - Seychelles.
  - Aden (Colony and Protectorate).
  - Bahrein, Kuwait, Qatar and Trucial Oman.
  - British Malaya.
  - Borneo (British) and Sarawak.
  - Hong Kong.
  - Fiji Islands.
  - Other British Islands of the Pacific.
  - Bermuda.
  - Bahamas.
  - Jamaica and Dependencies.
  - Windward Islands (including Dominica).
  - Leeward Islands.
  - Barbados.
  - Trinidad and Tobago.
  - British Honduras.
  - British Guiana.
  - Falkland Islands and Dependencies.
- French overseas territories:
  - Tunisia.
  - Algeria.
  - Morocco.
  - Somaliland.
  - French West Africa.
  - Togoland.
  - French Equatorial Africa.
  - The Cameroons.

SCHEDULE I—Continued

B. Overseas territories.—Continued
French overseas territories—Con.
Madagascar and Comoro.
Saint Pierre and Miquelon.
New Caledonia and Dependencies.
French Oceania.
French East Indian Possessions.
Reunion Island.
Guadeloupe.
Martinique.
French Guiana.
Italian overseas territories:
Somaliland.
Netherlands overseas territories:
Surinam.
Curacao (including Aruba).
Portuguese overseas territories:
Angola (Portuguese West Africa).
Mozambique (Portuguese East Africa).
Cape Verde Islands and Portuguese Guinea.
Sao Tome and Principe.
Timor.
Macao.
Portuguese East India.
C. Far East countries:
Burma.
China (Taiwan).
Korea (Republic of).
Indo-China.
Indonesia (United States of).
Thailand.
Philippines.

SCHEDULE II

A. Controlled material:
1. Carbon steel:
(a) Bars.
Reinforcing.
Other.
(b) Sheet and strip.
(c) Plate.
(d) Structural shapes (heavy), piling (includes fabricated structural members, including joists).
(e) Pipe and tubing (excluding oil country tubular goods).
(f) (1) Pipe (all sizes).
(2) Pressure tubing.
(g) Wire and wire products.
(h) Other mill forms and shapes, including rails, joint bars, track spikes, tie plates.
(i) Castings (steel only).
(j) Tin plate and terneplate.
2. Alloy steel:
(a) Pipe and tubing (excluding oil country tubular goods).
(b) Other mill forms and shapes.
3. Oil country tubular goods:
(a) Casing.
(b) Tubing.
(c) Drill pipe.
4. Stainless steel:
(a) Seamless tubing.
(b) Other mill forms and shapes.
5. Copper and copper-base alloys and mill products:
(a) Copper unalloyed:
(1) Bars, rod, shapes, wire (except electrical).
(2) Sheet, strip, plate.
(3) Pipe, tubing.
(b) Copper alloyed:
(1) Bars, rod, shapes, wire (except electrical).
(2) Sheet, strip, plates, and rolls.
(3) Pipe, tubing.
(c) Wire mill products, wire and cable for electrical conduction only (report only copper content).
(d) Foundry copper and copper-base alloy products.
(e) Powder, alloyed and unalloyed.
6. Aluminum:
(a) Rolled rod, and bar (excluding wire and rolled structural shape stock but including forging stock).

SCHEDULE II—Continued

A. Controlled material—Continued
6. Aluminum—Continued
(b) Wire.
(c) Rolled structural shapes.
(d) Extruded shapes (including forging stock but excluding tube stock).
(e) Sheet and plate (including stock for impact extrusions, but excluding foil stock).
(f) Tubing.
(g) Powder atomized or flake including paste. (Show aluminum content of paste.)
(h) Pig or ingot, granular or shot (including ingot for casting).
(i) Foil (0.005 inch and thinner).
B. Other metals and alloying elements, including ferro alloys of the following:
(a) Babbitt metal.
(b) Bismuth metal and alloys, matte, slimes, residue, and base bullion.
(c) Boron.
(d) Cadmium metal and alloys, dross, flue dust, residues, and scrap.
(e) Cerium metal (including misch metal in primary form except in fabricated lighter flints and abrasives).
(f) Chromium.
(g) Cobalt.
(h) Columbium.
(i) Lead and manufactures.
(j) Manganese.
(k) Magnesium.
(l) Molybdenum.
(m) Nickel and manufactures.
(n) Tin and manufactures.
(o) Titanium.
(p) Tungsten.
(q) Vanadium.
(r) Zinc and manufactures.
(s) Zirconium.
C. Raw materials:
(a) Asbestos.
(b) Carbon black, furnace.
(c) Chemicals.
All basic, organic, or inorganic chemicals, their intermediates and derivatives other than compound end-products not customarily sold as chemicals.
(d) Coke, metallurgical and foundry.
(e) Cotton, unmanufactured and semimanufactured.
(f) Feathers.
(g) Graphite and graphite products.
(h) Hair, unmanufactured.
(i) Hides and skins.
(j) Hog bristles.
(k) Industrial diamonds, including diamond powder or dust.
(l) Rare earths.
(m) Selenium.
(n) Sulphur, crude and refined.
(o) Vegetable oils:
(1) Castor oil, commercial.
(2) Tung oil.
(p) Wool, semimanufactured.
D. Fabricated items:
(a) Lighter flints.
(b) Items appearing on List A or List B of NPA Order M-47A, as amended, from time to time.
(c) Manila rope.
(d) Nylon fibers and yarns.
(e) Packaging materials and containers.
(f) Paint, lacquer, and varnish.
(g) Paper and paper products.
(h) Printed matter.
(i) Photographic film.
(j) Paperboard and paperboard products.
(k) Rubber tires and tubes.
(l) Tools incorporating diamonds.
(m) Steel drums and containers.
(n) Steel tanks, unlined.
E. General:
(a) Items on List A of NPA Reg. 2, as amended, from time to time.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10876; Filed, Sept. 5, 1951; 4:37 p. m.]

TITLE 33—NAVIGATION AND NAVIGABLE WATERS

Chapter I—Coast Guard, Department of the Treasury

PART 19—WAIVERS OF NAVIGATION AND VESSEL INSPECTION LAWS AND REGULATIONS

NATIONALITY OF CREWS OF NON-SUBSIDIZED MERCHANT VESSELS

CROSS REFERENCE: For amendment of § 19.11, also codified as 46 CFR 154.11, see F. R. Doc. 51-10777, Title 46, Chapter I, Part 154, *infra*.

TITLE 38—PENSIONS, BONUSES, AND VETERANS' RELIEF

Chapter I—Veterans' Administration

PART 3—VETERANS CLAIMS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. In § 3.0, the title is amended and a new paragraph (c) is added as follows:

§ 3.0 *World Wars I and II and service on or after June 27, 1950, and prior to the delimiting date contained in Public Law 28, 82d Congress.* * * *

(c) Under the provision of Public Law 28, 82d Congress, active service on or after June 27, 1950, and prior to the delimiting date as provided therein, entitles to compensation and pension on a parity with World War II service. Accordingly, all provisions of Veterans' Administration Regulations applicable to World War II veterans for such benefits are equally applicable to veterans who served within the above identified delimiting dates. However, no payment under this act may be made prior to May 11, 1951.

2. In § 3.80, paragraph (b) is amended to read as follows:

§ 3.80 *Service-connection for chronic or tropical diseases.* * * *

(b) Evidence which may be considered in rebuttal of service incurrence of a chronic or tropical disease will be any evidence of a nature usually accepted as competent to indicate the time of existence or inception of disease, and medical judgment will be exercised in making determinations relative to the effect of intercurrent injury or disease. However, healed primary type tuberculosis shown by X-ray evidence in the form of calcification of nodules and glands as existing at the time of entrance into active service will not be taken as evidence to rebut direct or presumptive service-connection for active reinfection type pulmonary tuberculosis, if otherwise in order. The existence of extrapulmonary tuberculosis more than 1 year from date of separation from service or July 25, 1947, whichever is the earlier, will not be considered as affirmative evidence to rebut service-connection for active pulmonary tuberculosis arising within the statutory period, as extended by Public Law 573, 81st Congress. The expression "affirmative evidence to the contrary," appearing in paragraph I (c), Part I, Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended, or the ex-

pression "clear and unmistakable evidence," appearing in paragraph 1 (d) Part II, Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended, will not be taken to require a conclusive showing, but such showing as would in sound medical reasoning and in the consideration of all evidence of record support a conclusion that the disease in question was not incurred in service within the meaning of Part I or II, Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended. As to tropical diseases incurred in either wartime or peacetime service, the fact that the veteran had no service in the tropics or in a locality having a high incidence of the disease may be considered as evidence to rebut the presumption. The record must be negative as to inception prior or subsequent to service, and residence during the year following this service must not have been in the tropics or in a region where the particular disease is endemic. The known incubation period for such diseases should be used as a factor in the rebuttal of presumptive service-connection, that is, to show inception prior or subsequent to active service. (For list of chronic and tropical diseases, see § 3.86.) Existing procedure whereby service connection may be granted for malaria without diagnosis on Veterans' Administration examination remains unchanged.

* * * * *

3. In § 3.86, new paragraphs (d) and (e) are added, and former paragraphs (d) through (h) redesignated (f) through (j) respectively.

§ 3.86 *Chronic and tropical diseases under Public No. 2, 73d Congress, as amended.* * * *

(d) (1) Pleurisy with effusion, without other obvious cause if followed by active pulmonary tuberculosis diagnosed by approved methods including physical examination, will, in the absence of satisfactory evidence to the contrary, be taken as evidencing active pulmonary tuberculosis of minimal advancement and, if the pleurisy occurred within the presumptive period (paragraph (c) of this section for minimal cases), will establish service-connection for the tuberculosis.

(2) Tuberculous pleurisy initially manifest within 18 months after discharge or the date prior to which a disability must have been incurred as provided in Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended, will be considered as having been incurred in service when the conditions specified in paragraph 1 (c), Part I, Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended, are met. If, after activity has subsided, pulmonary lesions have not been demonstrated, graduated ratings for arrested pulmonary tuberculosis do not apply.

(e) Unstable lesions on comparative study of X-ray films within the presumptive period for the degree of advancement (paragraph (c) of this section) will be taken as establishing service-connection for active pulmonary tuberculosis subsequently diagnosed by approved methods, including physical examination: *Provided*, That no percentage evaluation will be assigned prior to the date of such subsequent diagnosis or other evidence of clinical activity: *Provided further*, That as to active pulmonary tuberculoses service connected under this paragraph, the evaluation will not be prior to February 26, 1951. The pertinent provisions of paragraph (h) of this section are applicable to these cases.

* * * * *

4. Section 3.96 is amended to read as follows:

§ 3.96 *Service-connection for tuberculous diseases*—(a) *Direct service-connection for inactive pulmonary tuberculosis shown by X-ray evidence during active service.* Where the veteran was examined at time of entrance into active service but X-ray was not made or, if made, is not available and there was no notation or other evidence of active or inactive reinfection type pulmonary tuberculosis existing prior to such entrance, direct service-connection will be in order for inactive pulmonary tuberculosis shown by X-ray evidence during active service, provided minimal lesions are first shown after at least 6 months such service, moderately advanced lesions after 9 months such service, or far advanced lesions after 12 months such service. The effective dates of evaluations under this paragraph will not be prior to February 26, 1951.

(b) *Presumptive service-connection for active tuberculosis.* Where an active tuberculous disease of 10 percent degree or more in accordance with the Schedule for Rating Disabilities, 1945 edition, is shown to have developed prior to January 1, 1925, such active tuberculous disease will be considered as incident to service in accordance with the second proviso of section 200 of the World War Veterans' Act, 1924, as amended, as reenacted under Title III, Public No. 141, 73d Congress: *Provided*, That the claimant had active military or naval service between April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918, inclusive, or prior to April 2, 1920, with the United States military forces in Russia. (See § 3.89.)

5. Section 3.157 is canceled.

§ 3.157 *Separate combined ratings, direct and presumptive.* [Canceled]

6. In § 3.167, a new paragraph (c) is added as follows:

§ 3.167 *Permanent total disability ratings generally.* * * *

(c) In claims under Part III, Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended (38 U. S. C. ch. 12 note), the permanence of total disability and effective dates for authorizing benefits will be established as of the earliest date consistent with the evidence in the case. Active pulmonary tuberculosis, not otherwise established as permanently and totally disabling, is by a provision of the 1945 Schedule presumed to be permanent and total disability after 6 months hospitalization without improvement. The same principle may be applied with other types of disabilities requiring hospitalization for indefinite periods, and the need for hospitalization over a longer period than 6 months may be a proper basis for determining permanence. In such cases, the effective date will be 6 months following the beginning date of the hospitalization. In other cases the effective date will be the date of the Veterans' Administration examination or the date of receipt of the evidence which establishes permanence.

7. In § 3.212, a new paragraph (f) is added as follows:

§ 3.212 *Effective dates of awards of disability compensation.* * * *

(f) No award of compensation for active or inactive pulmonary tuberculosis will be in order for any period prior to date of diagnosis of the active disease by approved methods, including physical examination of the veteran.

8. In § 3.216, paragraph (b) is amended to read as follows:

§ 3.216 *Application for increase based upon changed physical condition.* * * *

(b) *Statements by private physicians or laymen.* A statement by a private physician or by a layman, testifying to facts within the competence of the lay person, showing increased disability, submitted by or on behalf of a veteran for the purpose of obtaining increased benefits, may be accepted as an informal claim, and payments awarded from the date of receipt of the evidence by the Veterans' Administration, if otherwise in order: *Provided*, That the findings contained therein are subsequently verified by an official Veterans' Administration examination.

* * * * *

9. Section 3.225 is canceled.

§ 3.225 *Computation of awards predicated upon ratings involving both direct and statutory presumptive service-connection.* [Canceled.]

10. In § 3.232, paragraph (a) is deleted so that § 3.232 reads as follows:

§ 3.232 *Section 202 (15), World War Veterans' Act, 1924, as amended, reenacted by Public No. 141, 73d Congress.* (See § 3.155 (d).) Section 3.155 (d) will not be construed as denying the veteran the greater benefit to which he may be entitled by reason of disabilities not connected with service.

11. In § 3.235, paragraph (e) is deleted.

§ 3.235 *Statutory awards, section 202, World War Veterans' Act, 1924, as amended, as reenacted by Public No. 141, 73d Congress.* * * *

(e) [Deleted.]

12. In § 3.276, paragraph (d) is amended to read as follows:

§ 3.276 *Institutional awards.* * * *

(d) In any of these circumstances, in accordance with the provisions of section 1 (B) of Public Law 662, 79th Congress, there may be paid to the chief officer in behalf of the disabled person up to but not in excess of $30 per month, depending upon the disability ratings: *Provided*, That in awards made on and after September 1, 1950, there will be paid to the manager of a Veterans' Administration hospital or center all sums otherwise payable in excess of apportionments or awards to fiduciaries: *And provided further*, That in awards made on and after May 1, 1951 to the medical officer in charge of a non-Veterans' Administration hospital all sums otherwise payable in excess of the institutional award (which may not exceed $30), apportion-

ments or awards to fiduciaries, will be deposited in Personal Funds of Patients. In the event the veteran has dependents or more is payable under his disability rating or there are funds to his credit in "Funds Due Incompetent Beneficiaries," such additional amount as may be needed will be allowed, on the basis of a certification by the chief officer of the hospital or institution with respect to the need and the amount required. A certification by the chief attorney concerned as to the neglect or refusal of a fiduciary to supply necessary funds is required. Accordingly, in such cases there may be awarded to the chief officer of the hospital or institution (for definition of chief officer, see § 3.277), as provided in this paragraph any amount necessary for the disabled person's comforts and desires not included in the regular support, care, treatment, and maintenance of the disabled person provided by the hospital or institution. Any benefits payable on account of the disabled person not paid to the chief officer of the hospital or institution or to a fiduciary or not apportioned to a dependent or dependents will be paid into the Personal Funds of Patients. Any excess funds in the hands of the chief officer of a hospital or institution other than a Veterans' Administration hospital or center at the end of each accounting period, which he may deem unnecessary for expenditure for the benefit of a disabled person, will be returned to the Veterans' Administration or to a fiduciary, if one is serving.

* * * * *

13. In § 3.312, a new paragraph (i) is added as follows:

§ 3.312 *Apportionment not authorized.* No apportionment will be authorized. * * *

(i) For the purported wife of the veteran if it has been determined that she is living with another man in the reputed relationship of husband and wife. In such case payment of the monetary benefit will be made to the veteran as though he had no wife.

14. Section 3.359 is amended to read as follows:

§ 3.359 *Statutory allowance not payable.* Retired reserve officers and enlisted reservists and retired enlisted men and officers of the regular service are not entitled to statutory awards of disability compensation from the Veterans' Administration in addition to their retirement pay. However, they may, when eligible to waive under Public Law 314, 78th Congress, waive an amount equal to the basic disability compensation and any statutory award or awards otherwise payable by the Veterans' Administration.

15. In the Provisional Regulations of Part 3, § 3.1510 is canceled.

§ 3.1510 *Effective dates of evaluation and awards for presumption of service-connection for active pulmonary tuberculosis under Public Law 573, 81st Congress.* [Canceled.]

(Sec. 5, 43 Stat. 608, as amended, sec. 2, 46 Stat. 1016, sec. 7, 48 Stat. 9; 38 U. S. C 11a, 426, 707)

This regulation effective September 7, 1951.

[SEAL] O. W. CLARK,
Deputy Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10516; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

PART 4—DEPENDENTS AND BENEFICIARIES CLAIMS

PROVISIONAL REGULATIONS

A new § 4.455 is added as follows:

§ 4.455 *Death pension based on service in Spanish American War, Boxer Rebellion, and Philippine Insurrection—*(a) *Provisions of the act.* Sections 1, 3, 4, 5, and 6 of Public Law 108, 82d Congress, approved August 4, 1951, provide as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in determining eligibility to service pension for veterans of the war with Spain, the Philippine Insurrection, or the Boxer Rebellion, and dependents of such veterans, which are payable under the laws reenacted by the act of August 13, 1935 (49 Stat. 614; 38 U. S. C. 368, 369), or under acts amendatory or supplemental to such laws, the following additional rules shall obtain:

(a) The delimiting dates of the war with Spain, the Philippine Insurrection, or the Boxer Rebellion shall be from April 21, 1898, to July 4, 1902, inclusive: *Provided,* That if the person was serving with the United States military forces engaged in the hostilities in the Moro Province the period herein stated shall extend to July 15, 1903.

(b) In computing active service there shall be counted continuous active service which commenced prior to and extended into the applicable period specified in (a) hereof or which commenced within such applicable period.

(c) A discharge or release from active service under conditions other than dishonorable shall be a prerequisite to entitlement to service pension.

SEC. 2. * * *

SEC. 3. Except as provided in section 4 hereof, where eligibility for pension or increase of pension is established by virtue of this act, pension shall be paid from date of receipt of application therefor in the Veterans' Administration, but in no event prior to the first day of the second calendar month following the enactment of this act: *Provided,* That payment of death pension may be made from date of death of a veteran where claim therefor is filed within one year after date of death of the veteran, but no payment shall cover a period prior to the first day of the second calendar month following the enactment of this act.

SEC 4. All persons receiving pensions on the day prior to the effective date of this act under the laws referred to in sections 1 and 5 of this act shall, effective the first day of the second calendar month following the enactment of this act, receive the benefits of this act without the necessity of filing a claim therefor.

SEC. 5. Subparagraphs I (g), I (h), and III (a) of part III, Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (a), as amended (38 U. S. C., ch. 12), are hereby repealed: *Provided,* That in the event any person receiving pension on the day prior to the effective date of this act under the provisions of any of the laws mentioned in this section is not entitled to receive a higher rate of pension by reason of the enactment of this act, pension shall continue to be paid to such person under such laws.

SEC. 6. The provisions of this act shall be effective the first day of the second calendar month following its enactment.

(b) *Liberalizations effected.* Under the quoted act, for the purpose of the payment of death pension for any period on or after October 1, 1951, under the act of May 1, 1926, as reenacted by the act of August 13, 1935, and as amended, new provisions are applicable as follows:

(1) If the serviceman was serving with the United States military forces engaged in hostilities in the Moro Province, the ending date of the Philippine Insurrection is extended to July 15, 1903.

(2) Active service includes periods of continuous active service which commenced prior to and extend into the period beginning April 21, 1898.

(3) Active service includes periods of continuous active service which commenced prior to or on July 4, 1902 (or prior to or on July 15, 1903, if service was in the Moro Province), and extended thereafter.

(4) Discharge under conditions other than dishonorable is required.

(c) *Current actions.* The provisions of this act will be applied in cases which are adjudicated on or after August 4, 1951.

(d) *Effective dates and claim requirements.* (1) As to persons who are not receiving pension on September 30, 1951, pension which is authorized solely by virtue of this act shall be payable from the day following the date of the veteran's death, provided claim is filed within 1 year from that date, otherwise from the date of filing claim, but in no event prior to October 1, 1951.

(2) As to persons who are receiving pension under the provisions of Public No. 2, 73d Congress Part III Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended on September 30, 1951, increased pension which is authorized solely by virtue of this act shall be payable effective October 1, 1951, without the necessity of filing a claim therefor.

(3) For the purposes of section 4 of this act, the words "receiving pensions on the day prior to the effective date of this act * * *" includes payees who are, subsequent to August 4, 1951, awarded pension under Public No. 2, 73d Congress, Part III, Veterans Regulation 1 (a), as amended, from a date prior to and including September 30, 1951.

(4) As to cases which are not reviewed pursuant to this section, e. g., cases where payments are currently being made under a law other than Public No. 2, 73d Congress, Part III, Veterans Regulation 1 (a), and which are subject to the provisions of § 4.52 (b), entitled "Change of award from one law to another," pension which is otherwise payable under this act will be payable from the date of filing claim (formal or informal). (Instruction No. 2, Public Law 108 82d Congress.)

(Sec. 5, 43 Stat. 608, as amended, sec. 2, 46 Stat. 1016, sec. 7, 48 Stat. 9; 38 U. S. C. 11a, 426, 707)

This regulation effective October 1, 1951.

[SEAL] O. W. CLARK,
Deputy Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10514; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

PART 8—NATIONAL SERVICE LIFE INSURANCE

BENEFICIARY DESIGNATIONS AND CLASS AND ORDER OF PAYMENT TO OTHER THAN DESIGNATED BENEFICIARY

1. Section 8.46 is amended to read as follows:

§ 8.46 *Beneficiary designations.* (a) The insured shall have the right to designate as beneficiary any person or persons, firm, corporation or other legal entity (including the estate of the insured), individually or as trustee, for insurance maturing on or after the date of enactment of Public Law 589, 79th Congress, approved August 1, 1946: *Provided,* That as to any insurance which matured prior to August 1, 1946, designated beneficiaries shall be restricted to persons within the permitted class of designated beneficiaries as follows: Wife (husband), child (including an adopted child, stepchild, illegitimate child), parent (including parent through adoption, stepparent, and persons who stood in loco parentis to the insured for a period of not less than 1 year prior to entry into active service), brother or sister (including those of the half blood and through adoption) of the insured.

(b) A beneficiary designation shall be made by notice in writing to the Veterans' Administration, signed by the insured. A beneficiary designation, but not a change of beneficiary, may be made by last will and testament duly probated. A stepparent, stepchild, or illegitimate child cannot be paid insurance which matured prior to August 1, 1946, unless specifically designated as a beneficiary by the insured. A designation of beneficiary need not be made in the application for insurance but may be made at a later date.

2. In § 8.48, paragraph (d) is amended to read as follows:

§ 8.48 *Class and order of payment to other than designated beneficiary.* If no beneficiary was designated by the insured for insurance which matured prior to the enactment of Public Law 589, 79th Congress, approved August 1, 1946, or if the designated beneficiary of such insurance did not survive the insured or dies or has died prior to completion of payment of the installments certain payable under the provisions of the act and the terms of the policy, the installments of insurance remaining unpaid shall be paid to persons in the permitted class of beneficiaries and in the order named: * * *

(d) Brothers and sisters of the insured (including those of the half blood and through adoption), in equal shares.

(Sec. 608, 54 Stat. 1012, as amended; 38 U. S. C. 808. Interpret or apply sec. 602, 54 Stat. 1009, as amended; 38 U. S. C. 802)

This regulation effective September 7, 1951.

[SEAL] O. W. CLARK,
Deputy Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10515; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 44—PUBLIC PROPERTY AND WORKS

Chapter I—General Services Administration

Subchapter A—Archives and Records Management

PART 3—PRESERVATION AND USE OF HISTORICAL MATERIAL IN THE FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT LIBRARY

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Part 3 under the subheading of Museum is hereby amended by—

(1) Inserting after the word "business" in paragraph (e) of § 3.20 the following language: "and uniformed members of the armed forces of the United States", and

(2) Adding at the end thereof a new section to read as follows:

§ 3.22 *Checking of certain personal property.* Visitors to the museum rooms of the Franklin D. Roosevelt Library must check all parcels, luggage, and such other personal property as may be determined by the Director at a place designated by the Director.

(Sec. 205, 63 Stat. 389; 41 U. S. C. Sup. 235. Interpret or apply sec. 207, 53 Stat. 1065)

These amendments shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Dated: August 30, 1951.

JESS LARSON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10814; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:02 a. m.]

TITLE 46—SHIPPING

Chapter I—Coast Guard, Department of the Treasury

Subchapter O—Regulations Applicable to Certain Vessels During Emergency

[CGFR 51-41]

PART 154—WAIVERS OF NAVIGATION AND VESSEL INSPECTION LAWS AND REGULATIONS [1]

NATIONALITY OF CREWS OF NON-SUBSIDIZED MERCHANT VESSELS

The purpose for the following amendment to 46 CFR 154.11 is to reinstate the general waiver order regarding nationality of crews of non-subsidized merchant vessels as it applies to able seamen, which expires September 1, 1951, and to extend its application to qualified members of the engine department. This waiver order modifies certain statutory requirements regarding nationality of crews as set forth in section 5 of the Act of June 25, 1936, as amended (46 U. S. C. 672a), to the extent that the percentage of citizens required in the crew of non-subsidized merchant vessels is reduced in the amount necessary to permit one-half the number of able seamen and one-half the number of qualified members of the engine department required on such vessels to be alien seamen who hold currently valid United States certification as able seamen and qualified members of the engine department. This waiver is also published in 33 CFR 19.11 and the change made in 46 CFR 154.11 shall likewise be made in 33 CFR 19.11. Because of the urgency of providing general waiver authority in the interest of national defense, it is hereby found that compliance with the notice of proposed rule making, public rule making procedure thereon, and effective date requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act is impracticable and contrary to the public interest.

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Commandant, United States Coast Guard, by an order of the Acting Secretary of the Treasury, dated January 23, 1951, identified as CGFR 51-1, and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER dated January 26, 1951 (16 F. R. 731), the following waiver order is promulgated and § 154.11 is amended to read as follows, which shall become effective on and after September 1, 1951:

§ 154.11 *Nationality of crews of non-subsidized merchant vessels*—(a) *Waiver.* I hereby waive compliance with the provisions of section 5 of the act of June 25, 1936, as amended (sec. 5, 49 Stat. 1935, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 672a) to the extent that the percentage of citizens required in the crew of non-subsidized merchant vessels is reduced in the amount necessary to permit one-half the number of able seamen and one-half the number of qualified members of the engine department required on such vessels to be alien seamen who hold currently valid United States certification as able seamen and qualified members of the engine department. I hereby find that the waiving of the provisions of section 5 of the act of June 25, 1936, as amended (sec. 5, 49 Stat. 1935, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 672a) is necessary in the interest of national defense.

(b) *Terms and conditions.* The number of properly certificated able seamen and qualified members of the engine department, respectively, who are aliens and who are employed under this waiver shall not exceed one-half the total number of able seamen and one-half the total number of qualified members of the engine department required on a non-subsidized vessel. The employment of properly certificated able seamen and qualified members of the engine department shall be permitted only to the extent of the nonavailability of properly certificated able seamen and qualified members of the engine department who are citizens of the United States as determined after reasonable efforts made by the master, owner, and others concerned to obtain properly certificated able seamen and qualified members of the engine department. The alien able seamen and qualified members of the

[1] This is also codified in 33 CFR Part 19.

engine department shall be able to speak and understand the English language to the extent required by their shipboard duties including emergency duties.

(c) *Penalties.* The failure of the master of any vessel sailing with a deficiency in the required complement of able seamen and qualified members of the engine department to comply with the conditions required by this waiver shall be considered misconduct within the meaning of R. S. 4450, as amended (46 U. S. C. 239), and shall constitute grounds for suspension or revocation of the license of such master; and shall subject him and the owners to all other penalties provided by law. No penalty shall be imposed as a consequence of any waiver made effective pursuant hereto.

Effective date. This order shall be in effect on and after September 1, 1951.

Termination date. The terms of this waiver shall be in effect indefinitely.

(Pub. Law 891, 81st Cong.)

Dated: August 31, 1951.

[SEAL] A. C. RICHMOND,
Rear Admiral, U. S. Coast Guard,
Acting Commandant.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10777; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:55 a. m.]

TITLE 47—TELECOMMUNICATION

Chapter I—Federal Communications Commission

PART 2—FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS AND RADIO TREATY MATTERS; GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

LIST OF TREATIES

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 1st day of August 1951;

The Commission having under consideration Appendix A to Part 2 of its rules and regulations; and

It appearing, that the proposed change is not substantive and does not in any way affect the requirements of any of the Commission's rules and regulations; and

It further appearing that because of the informational nature of the proposed changes, notice and public procedure thereon as prescribed by section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary, and that this order may be made effective immediately for the same reasons.

It is ordered, That, effective immediately, Appendix A to Part 2 of the Commission's rules and regulations is amended as set forth in the attached appendix.

(Sec. 4, 48 Stat. 1066, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 154)

Released: August 2, 1951.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

APPENDIX TO ANNEX

1. Amend the first sentence of paragraph 1 of Appendix A to Part 2, Frequency Allocation and Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations, Federal Communications Commission, so that the date "June 30, 1951" is substituted for the date "February 28, 1951".

2. Add the following entry chronologically to the tabulation in paragraph 1 of Appendix A:

1949 TIAS 2175: Telegraph Regulations Paris Revision, 1949) annexed to the International Telecommunication Convention (Atlantic City, 1947) and Final Protocol to the Telegraph Regulations. Signed at Paris, August 5, 1949. Effective July 1, 1950. Instrument of ratification of the United States deposited with the International Telecommunication Union September 26, 1950. (Not available as of June 30, 1951, but to be published by Government Printing Office. Available through the International Telecommunication Union, Geneva, Switzerland.)

3. Delete from paragraph 3 of Appendix A the entry relating to Telegraph Regulations (Paris Revision, 1949).

4. Add to paragraph 4 of Appendix A the following entry:

1951 ICAO Communication Division, Fourth Session, Montreal.

5. Add "TIAS 2223" in the Series column for the last entry in paragraph 1 of Appendix A (Radio Communications between Amateur Stations on behalf of 3d parties. Agreement between U. S. A. and Liberia.

6. Add to paragraph 3 of Appendix A the following entry:

1950 North American Regional Broadcasting Agreement between the United States of America, Canada, Cuba, Dominican Republic, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland for the Territories in the North American Region (Bahama Islands and Jamaica). Signed at Washington, D. C., November 15, 1950. Agreement will enter into force subsequent to ratification of at least three of these four countries, in accordance with Part III, paragraph I, of the Agreement: Canada, Cuba, Mexico and the United States of America, subject to ratification procedure in the United States. (Not available from Government Printing Office. Available through the International Telecommunication Union, Geneva, Switzerland.)

[F. R. Doc. 51-10772; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Production and Marketing Administration

[7 CFR Part 930]

[Docket No. AO-72-A16]

HANDLING OF MILK IN THE TOLEDO, OHIO, MARKETING AREA

NOTICE OF RECOMMENDED DECISION AND OPPORTUNITY TO FILE WRITTEN EXCEPTIONS WITH RESPECT TO PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO TENTATIVE MARKETING AGREEMENT AND TO THE ORDER, AS AMENDED

Pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure, as amended, governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), notice is hereby given of the filing with the Hearing Clerk of the recommended decision of the Assistant Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, with respect to a proposed amendment to the tentative marketing agreement and to the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Toledo, Ohio, marketing area. Interested parties may file written exceptions to this decision with the Hearing Clerk, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., not later than the close of business the 5th day after publication of this decision in the FEDERAL REGISTER. Exceptions should be filed in quadruplicate.

Preliminary statement. The hearing, on the record of which the proposed amendment to the tentative marketing agreement and to the order, as amended, was formulated, was conducted at Toledo, Ohio, on June 19, 1951, pursuant to notice thereof which was issued on June 12, 1951 (16 F. R. 5704).

The material issues of record related to:

(1) An increase in the Class I price differential in certain months.

(2) Adoption of a provision whereby Class I and Class II prices are increased or decreased as the ratio of producer milk receipts to Class I utilization indicates a shortage or oversupply of milk.

(3) Classification of concentrated milk for fluid consumption as Class I.

Findings and conclusions. The following findings and conclusions on the material issues decided herein are hereby made on the basis of the record of the hearing:

(1) The Class I price differential should not be increased.

It was proposed that the Class I price differential be increased from $1.20 to $1.30 in the months of September, October, November, December, January and February. Such an increase is needed, proponents claimed, to encourage production of more milk in the short supply months and to promote more even seasonal production.

A proposal to increase the Class I price differentials was considered at a hearing held on June 1, 1950. It was concluded that for the months of September

through February the differential should be increased 15 cents and for certain other months 5 cents, and that the differentials so adjusted were appropriate to reflect market conditions and to insure an adequate supply of milk. The order was so amended effective March 1, 1951, and the higher Class I prices for the September–February period have not yet become effective. Record information does not permit the conclusion that such prices are not high enough to insure an adequate supply of milk. Another proposal (discussed below as issue (2)) would provide for a Class I price increase if the supply of producer milk is inadequate. Since a higher Class I price already has been provided for the September–February period and in view of the action proposed in connection with issue (2) it is concluded that the Class I price differentials should not be changed.

(2) A supply-demand provision should be adopted to increase or decrease the Class I and Class II prices in the event of a shortage or oversupply of producer milk.

Although the present provisions for establishing Class I and Class II prices have usually resulted in appropriate prices, conditions have arisen in the past which necessitated hearings to amend such provisions in order to keep supply in proper alignment with demand. Such a procedure is time consuming and it is expected that the proposed amendment will tend toward the need for fewer hearings because of more prompt and timely automatic adjustments in these prices.

It is difficult to predict with accuracy whether the market will be adequately supplied with milk in the forthcoming fall and winter. If the market is adequately supplied, the proposed amendment will have little or no effect on Class I and Class II prices, but if the supply is short the proposed amendment will increase Class I and Class II prices and be an incentive for a larger supply. Assurance to producers that prices will be changed promptly in response to any change in the relationship between market supply and demand for milk should encourage them to continue to supply milk to the market.

It is concluded that the measure of the current relationship between market supply and market demand should be based on the ratio of gross Class I and Class II utilization to total receipts from producers in a two-month period comprising the second and third months preceding the month for which a price is being computed. Many factors affect market supply and demand, but gross Class I and Class II utilization and total receipts from producers reflect the net effect of all these factors. Extension of recent changes appears to be the most accurate means of estimating current and prospective supply and demand conditions. Class I and Class II volumes should be used as a measure of market demand because pursuant to local health regulations, all products contained in those classes must be made from milk produced in compliance with such regulations.

Use of a two month period is desirable in order to reflect quickly any change in supply or demand. However, an adjustment based on a short period of this kind may to some extent reflect random changes in utilization which are not indicative of actual trends. It is necessary, therefore, to provide for some method of stabilizing this adjustment and of limiting it as to total magnitude. This has been accomplished by grouping the utilization percentages and setting limits on the amount of the adjustment. The percentage groups are in such intervals that no utilization adjustment occurs until utilization is 3 or 4 percentage points above or below the base period utilization. The next percentage group applies to utilization differences of 6 or 7 percent. In the case of any utilization difference falling between groups, the adjustment amount is determined by the adjacent group which is the same as or nearest to the percentage group used in the previous month. For example, a utilization difference of 5 percent from the base would call for use of the group which includes 3 or 4 percent if the adjustment during the previous month had been determined by that group or a lower one. On the other hand, a 5 percent utilization difference would call for an adjustment based on 6 or 7 percent if the adjustment during the previous month had been determined by the 6 and 7 percent group or a higher one. The maximum adjustments provided for are 25 cents, 38 cents and 50 cents per hundredweight.

Use of the second and third preceding months will permit announcement each month of the effect on Class I and Class II prices of these provisions prior to the beginning of the month. Thus handlers will know in advance how much prices will be changed each month by these provisions.

The provisions for adjusting Class I and Class II prices should be constructed in such a manner that no price adjustment results when market supply and demand are in proper balance—that is, when the market is adequately supplied. Review of market statistics indicates that market supply in relation to demand was constantly improving in the period following World War II and prior to the Korean crisis. However, the wartime shortages apparently were not rectified as rapidly in Toledo as in most other Ohio markets regulated by orders. The 12 months preceding the Korean crisis, June 1949 through May 1950, was a period when market supply and demand were in reasonably close adjustment. During each of these 12 months some milk from sources other than producers was classified in Class I, but in October 1949, the month in which other source milk was classified in Class I to the greatest extent, less than five percent of the gross Class I volume was milk from other sources. In that month, and in every other month of the 12-month period, the volume of producer milk classified in Class III was much larger than the volume of other source milk classified in Class I. The provisions of the order concerning allocation of skim milk and butterfat permit other source milk under certain conditions to be allocated to Class I even though producer milk may actually have been available for such uses. It is therefore concluded that the relationship between market supply and demand which existed during this 12-month period should be used as a standard of proper balance between market supply and demand.

The ratio of gross Class I and Class II utilization to total receipts from producers during each two month period of the June 1949 through May 1950 period is as follows:

2-month periods of the June 1949 through May 1950 period	Ratio (percent)	Month during which such ratio would be used in computing prices
January and February	83	April.
February and March	83	May.
March and April	81	June.
April and May	78	July.
May and June	76	August.
June and July	80	September.
July and August	86	October.
August and September	90	November.
September and October	93	December.
October and November	95	January.
November and December	92	February.
December and January	86	March.

If the comparable ratio in the second and third months preceding the month for which prices are being computed varies from those shown above, the price should be adjusted in the same direction—upward if the current ratio exceeds the one shown above, and downward if the reverse is true. For each percentage point of variation, the Class I and Class II prices should change as follows: 2 cents upward and 4 cents downward during each of the months of April through July; 3 cents during each of the months of August, September, January, February and March; and 4 cents upward and 2 cents downward during each of the months of October through December. Analysis of Class I and II prices and the ratio of gross Class I utilization to total receipts from producers shows that in recent years the proposed adjustment would have resulted in reasonable prices. It should continue to do so. Seasonally varying adjustments should give additional incentive toward reducing the seasonal variation in receipts from producers. In order to prevent the occurrence of a "counter-seasonal" variation in the adjusted Class I differential it should be provided that the adjusted Class I differential for the month of July and August shall not be more than the adjusted differential for the immediately preceding month of June plus 25 cents, and the adjusted Class I differential for the month of September shall not be more than the adjusted differential for the immediately preceding month of June plus 45 cents; and the adjusted Class I differential for each of the months of December, January and February shall not be less than the adjusted differential for the immediately preceding month of November.

Producers proposed that the ratio of producer milk receipts to Class I sales be computed each month and the average of these ratios for the 2 preceding months be compared with the average of standard ratios for the corresponding

two months. The standard ratio would be 120 percent for the month of shortest supply (November) and this ratio would be adjusted upward for each of the other 11 months by a percentage equal to the average increase in producer receipts in each of such months over November. As long as the 2 month ratio of producer receipts to Class I utilization were not less than the equivalent of 115 percent for the month of November, or more than 125 percent, the price would not be affected. For the first full 5 percentage points outside this range the Class I and Class II prices for the current month would be increased or decreased 15 cents, and for each additional 5 percentage points an additional 25 cents. It was testified that in a month when producer receipts for the market are less than 115 percent of Class I utilization, many handlers will not have enough producer milk for Class II uses and some will not have enough for Class I uses. On the other hand, if producer milk receipts in the month of shortest supply exceed 125 percent of Class I utilization, the market has an excess supply of milk. The producers' proposal would cause prices to change in much larger amounts for a given change in the relationship between market supply and demand than the adjustment proposed herein, and might cause price fluctuations large enough to disturb market stability. The proposal of producers contemplates a larger supply in relation to demand (and would thus result in a higher level of prices) than is herein concluded to be appropriate.

It was testified that one of the four local plants whose pay prices are used in computing the basic formula price has permanently closed. The name of this plant should therefore be deleted from the formula.

(3) Concentrated milk disposed of for fluid consumption should be classified as Class I.

Producers proposed that concentrated milk, a product not now marketed in Toledo, be named as a Class I product. The health department is expected to require the use of Grade A milk in the manufacture of such a product, and it is expected that such a product would be marketed in the same type of containers and through the same retail and wholesale outlets as fluid milk and be used by consumers as a substitute for fluid milk. Under present order provisions such a product if considered to be a cream product in fluid form would be in Class II, if not so considered it would be in Class III. Such a product, required to be made from Grade A milk, should be classified as Class I and the classification provisions of the order should so specify.

General findings. (a) The proposed marketing agreement and the order, as amended, and as hereby proposed to be further amended, and all of the terms and conditions thereof will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act;

(b) The parity prices of milk as determined pursuant to section 2 of the act are not reasonable in view of the price of feeds, available supplies of feeds and other economic conditions which affect market supply and demand for milk in the marketing area and the minimum prices specified in the proposed marketing agreement and the order, as amended, and as hereby proposed to be further amended, are such prices as will reflect the aforesaid factors, insure a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome milk, and be in the public interest; and

(c) The proposed order, as amended, and as hereby proposed to be further amended, will regulate the handling of milk in the same manner as, and will be applicable only to persons in the respective classes of industrial and commercial activity specified in a marketing agreement upon which a hearing has been held.

Rulings on proposed findings and conclusions. Briefs were filed on behalf of producers and handlers. The briefs contained statements of fact, proposed findings and conclusions and arguments with respect to the provisions of the proposed amendment. Every point covered in the briefs was carefully considered along with the evidence in the record in making the findings and reaching the conclusions hereinbefore set forth. To the extent that the findings and conclusions proposed in the briefs are inconsistent with the findings and conclusions contained herein, the request to make such findings or to reach such conclusions is denied on the basis of the facts found and stated in connection with the conclusions in this recommended decision.

RECOMMENDED MARKETING AGREEMENT AND AMENDMENT TO THE ORDER

The following amendment to the order, as amended, is recommended as the detailed and appropriate means by which the foregoing conclusions may be carried out. The recommended marketing agreement is not included in this decision because the regulatory provisions thereof would be identical with those contained in the order, as amended, and as hereby proposed to be further amended.

1. Delete § 930.41 (a) and substitute therefor the following:

(a) Class I milk shall be all skim milk and butterfat (1) disposed of in fluid form as milk, skim milk or buttermilk, except for livestock feed; or flavored milk or flavored milk drinks; (2) used to produce concentrated milk disposed of for fluid consumption; and (3) not accounted for as Class II milk or Class III milk.

2. Delete § 930.50 (a) (2) and substitute therefor the following:

(2) The price for Class I milk shall be the amount computed pursuant to subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, plus or minus a "supply-demand adjustment" computed as follows:

(i) Divide the total gross volume of Class I and Class II milk (less interhandler transfers) in the second and third months preceding by total receipts of producer milk for the same months, multiply the result by 100, and round to the nearest whole number. The result shall be known as the "utilization percentage".

(ii) Compute a "net utilization percentage" by subtracting the utilization percentage as computed in subdivision (i) of this subparagraph from the "standard utilization percentage" shown below:

Month for which the price is being computed:	*Standard utilization percentage*
January	95
February	92
March	86
April	83
May	83
June	81
July	78
August	76
September	80
October	86
November	90
December	93

(iii) Determine the amount of the supply-demand adjustment as follows:

If net utilization percentage is—	Supply-demand adjustment for specified months is—		
	Jan., Feb., Mar., Aug., and Sept.	Apr., May, June, and July	Oct., Nov., and Dec.
	Cents	*Cents*	*Cents*
+12 or over	+38	+25	+50
+9 or +10	+28	+19	+38
+6 or +7	+20	+13	+26
+3 or +4	+10	+7	+14
+1 or −1	0	0	0
−3 or −4	−10	−14	−7
−6 or −7	−20	−26	−13
−9 or −10	−28	−38	−19
−12 or −13	−38	−50	−25
−15 or −16	−38	−50	−31
−18 or −19	−38	−50	−37
−21 or −22	−38	−50	−43
−24 or under	−38	−50	−50

When the net utilization percentage does not fall within the tabulated brackets the adjustment shall be determined by the adjacent bracket which is the same as or nearest to the bracket used in the previous month: *Provided,* That the Class I differential adjusted pursuant to this subparagraph for each of the months of July and August shall not be more than such adjusted differential for the immediately preceding month of June plus 25 cents; and for the month of September the Class I differential adjusted pursuant to this subparagraph shall not be more than such adjusted differential for the immediately preceding month of June plus 45 cents; and the Class I differential adjusted pursuant to this subparagraph for each of the months of December, January and February shall not be less than the adjusted differential for the immediately preceding month of November.

3. Delete the schedule in § 930.30 (c) and substitute therefor the following:

Company and Location

Pet Milk Co., Delta, Ohio.
Defiance Milk Products Co., Defiance, Ohio.
Pet Milk Co., Hudson, Mich.

Filed at Washington, D. C., this 31st day of August 1951.

[SEAL] GEORGE A. DICE,
Deputy Assistant Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10816; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:03 a. m.]

[7 CFR Part 946]

[Docket No. AO 123 A13]

HANDLING OF MILK IN LOUISVILLE, KY., MARKETING AREA

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO TENTATIVE MARKETING AGREEMENT AND TO THE ORDER, AS AMENDED

Pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), notice is hereby given of a public hearing to be held in the Kentucky Hotel, Louisville, Kentucky, beginning at 10:00 a. m., c. d. t. September 12, 1951, for the purpose of receiving evidence with respect to emergency and other economic conditions which relate to the handling of milk in the Louisville, Kentucky, marketing area and to the proposed amendments hereinafter set forth, or appropriate modifications thereof, to the tentative marketing agreement heretofore approved by the Secretary of Agriculture and to the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Louisville, Kentucky, marketing area. These proposed amendments have not received the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture.

Amendments to the order (No. 46), as amended, for the Louisville, Kentucky, marketing area have been proposed as follows:

By the Falls Cities Cooperative Milk Producers' Association, Incorporated:

1. "* * * that the price for Class I milk be increased 44 cents per hundredweight for the period of September 1951 through February 1952. It is further proposed that any other changes in the pricing provisions of the order may be considered for the purpose of fixing prices at a level which will reflect the economic and emergency conditions existing in the market."

By the Dairy Branch, Production and Marketing Administration:

2. Make such other changes as may be required to make the entire marketing agreement and the order conform with any amendments thereto which may result from this hearing.

Copies of this notice of hearing and of the tentative marketing agreement, and the order now in effect, may be procured from the market administrator, 565 Starks Building, Louisville 2, Kentucky, or from the Hearing Clerk, United States Department of Agriculture, Room 1353, South Building, Washington 25, D. C., or may be there inspected.

Dated: September 4, 1951.

ROY W. LENNARTSON,
Assistant Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10818; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:03 a. m.]

[7 CFR Part 965]

[Docket No. AO 166 A 15]

HANDLING OF MILK IN CINCINNATI, OHIO, MILK MARKETING AREA

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO TENTATIVE MARKETING AGREEMENT AND TO ORDER, AS AMENDED

Pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), notice is hereby given of a public hearing to be held at the Sinton Hotel, Cincinnati, Ohio, beginning at 9:30 a. m., e. s. t., September 11, 1951, for the purpose of receiving evidence with respect to emergency and other economic conditions which relate to the handling of milk in the Cincinnati, Ohio, marketing area and to the proposed amendments hereinafter set forth, or appropriate modifications thereof, to the tentative marketing agreement heretofore approved by the Secretary of Agriculture and to the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Cincinnati, Ohio, marketing area. These proposed amendments have not received the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture.

Amendments to the Order (No. 65), as amended, for the Cincinnati, Ohio, milk marketing area have been proposed as follows:

By producers' cooperative marketing associations supplying the Cincinnati markeing area:

1. "* * * an emergency price increase of 35 cents per hundredweight for Class I and Class II for the months of September and October 1951, and subsequent winter months unless the supply-demand factor reaches or exceeds 35 cents per hundredweight on Class I and Class II, as an emergency measure."

By the Dairy Branch, Production and Marketing Administration:

2. Make such other changes, amendments or deletions as may be required to make the entire marketing agreement and order conform with any provisions of amendments that may result from the hearing.

Copies of this notice of hearing and of the order, as amended, now in effect, may be procured from the Market Administrator, 152 East 4th Street, Cincinnati, Ohio, or from the Hearing Clerk, Room 1353, South Building, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C. or may be there inspected.

Dated: September 4, 1951.

ROY W. LENNARTSON,
Assistant Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10854; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:03 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[14 CFR Part 60]

AIR TRAFFIC RULES

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

Pursuant to authority delegated by the Civil Aeronautics Board to the Bureau of Safety Regulation, notice is hereby given that the Bureau will propose to the Board amendments of Part 60 of the Civil Air Regulations in substance as hereinafter set forth.

Interested persons may participate in the making of the proposed rules by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted in duplicate to the Civil Aeronautics Board, attention Bureau of Safety Regulation, Washington 25, D. C. All communications received by October 15, 1951, will be considered by the Board before taking further action on the proposed rules. Copies of such communications will be available after October 18, 1951, for examination by interested persons at the Docket Section of the Board, Room 5412, Commerce Building, Washington, D. C.

Part 60 provides for the regulation of air traffic and contains the general rules of the air governing the navigation of aircraft in the interest of safety. In view of experience gained in U. S. domestic operation and because of recent regulatory developments in the field of international air navigation, certain revisions of these rules are required in the public interest. Some of the proposed amendments, arising from the obligations of the United States under the Convention on International Civil Aviation, relate to international air navigation. The others relate to acrobatic flight in control areas and control zones and to air races and exhibitions, minimum altitude, and operations in the vicinity of airports.

It is proposed to amend § 60.1 (b) to broaden the authority of the Administrator over special flight operations. In the interest of clarity the present Note following § 60.1 (b) is amended, and a new § 60.24 is added to provide that the Administrator shall issue the necessary authorization for all special operations, including air races, air meets, and exhibitions.

Section 60.2 revises § 60.1a to set forth in a more complete manner the international obligations of the United States in matters affecting aircraft of U. S. registry engaged in international air navigation.

Section 60.16 (b) is being amended to authorize the Administrator to designate in his discretion portions of controlled areas for use in acrobatic flight training. This proposal is intended to afford interested persons, particularly those residing in large metropolitan areas having little off-airway space available, opportunity for local acrobatic flight training, and is intended, in the interest of safety, to eliminate the system of individual

waivers which now prevails. It should be noted that this regulation would afford the public adequate notice of all acrobatic flight training in the controlled areas.

It is proposed to amend § 60.17 to establish a general minimum flight altitude of 500 feet, by eliminating the present exception to such a rule which now permits flight below 500 feet over water and sparsely populated areas. It does not appear that the present exception is essential for normal flight operations, and the Administrator has evidence that such exception is not conducive to the safety of flight or to the safety of persons on the surface. Therefore, in the interest of safety of flight and to persons and property on the surface, it is considered desirable to establish an over-all minimum altitude of 500 feet. In this connection, provisions are included in § 60.1 for the issuance of waivers and authorizations for special flight operations such as seeding and pest control which must be conducted at less than 500 feet above the surface.

It is proposed to amend § 60.18, relating to operations on and in the vicinity of an airport, to conform with the revised concept of traffic patterns as proposed in § 60.87 and in accordance with current practices. This revision would provide instructions for entering a traffic pattern, require that the pilot look out for other traffic in his vicinity, and that he take off and land into the wind unless he determines that to do otherwise will not jeopardize or disrupt local traffic.

A new § 60.24 is proposed in order to provide a separate section for the authorization of air races and other exhibition type of flight activities and thus to set forth more clearly the requirement for prior authorization in the interest of safety to persons and property. It is also intended to require that prior authorization be obtained for exhibition parachute jumps, in order to insure that the conditions under which the jump is to be made will not be detrimental to the safety of persons and property.

A revision is proposed in the visual flight rules (VFR) to establish a minimum ceiling and visibility value governing VFR operation of all aircraft other than helicopters. Although current instrument flight rules (IFR) provide for the establishment of instrument approach procedures by the Administrator which include ceiling and visibility minimums, there are no minimum limitations for VFR flight, and consequently a pilot can request from Airway Traffic Control and obtain a clearance for VFR flight in a control zone when the ceiling and visibility are less than IFR minimums. Similarly, there is no ceiling minimum governing the take-off or landing of VFR flights in uncontrolled areas. This situation is conducive to unsafe practices, and therefore it is proposed to amend §§ 60.30 and 60.31 to provide that no VFR take-off or landing shall be made or VFR flight conducted when the ceiling is less than 500 feet or the visibility is less than 1 mile.

A substantive change is proposed in § 60.87 in regard to the concept of traffic pattern. Presently, traffic patterns are generally established by local authorities and thus may have no standard configuration. In the interest of safety, efficiency, and uniformity a standard rectangular traffic pattern orientated on the runway in use is proposed, except where special conditions require a different configuration.

Specifically, it is proposed to amend Part 60 as follows:

1. By amending § 60.1 (b) to read as follows:

§ 60.1 *Scope.* * * *

(b) Aircraft engaged in special flight operations which are conducted in accordance with the terms of a written authorization issued by the Administrator.

2. By amending the note following § 60.1 (b) to read as follows:

NOTE: Authorization for specific operations which cannot be conducted within the provisions of the regulations of this part, such as certain pest control or seeding operations, may be obtained from the nearest office of the CAA.

3. By rescinding § 60.1a and the note thereunder.

4. By renumbering § 60.2, *Authority of the pilot*, to read § 60.3.

5. By adding a new § 60.2 to read as follows:

§ 60.2 *Air navigation over foreign countries and the high seas.* Aircraft of United States registry operated in air commerce while over the high seas shall be operated in accordance with the provisions of Annex 2 to the Convention on International Civil Aviation (Rules of the Air) and the applicable Supplementary Procedures of the ICAO regions through which the flight will pass. Also while over any foreign country they shall be operated in accordance with the air traffic rules of the foreign government, except where any rule prescribed herein is more restrictive and may be followed without violating the laws or rules of such country.

NOTE: An airman who complies fully with Part 60 will also be in compliance with Annex 2 (Rules of the Air). It may be expected that the provisions of Annex 2 will be generally applicable to flights over the territory of Contracting States to the International Civil Aviation Organization; however, airmen must familiarize themselves with such national regulations of the countries to be flown over as may differ from Annex 2.

6. By amending § 60.16 (b) to read as follows:

§ 60.16 *Acrobatic flight.* * * *

(b) Within any control area or control zone, except in portions thereof designated by the Administrator for acrobatic flight training, or

7. By amending § 60.17 (c) to read as follows:

§ 60.17 *Minimum safe altitudes.* * * *

(c) *Over other than congested areas.* An altitude of 500 feet above the surface. Helicopters may be flown at less than the minimums prescribed herein, if such operations are conducted without hazard to persons or property on the surface and in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section.

8. By rescinding the note following § 60.17 (c).

9. By amending § 60.18 to read as follows:

§ 60.18 *Operation on and in the vicinity of an airport.* The pilot in command of an aircraft operating on or in the vicinity of an airport shall comply with the following:

(a) He shall look out for other traffic;

(b) If an airport traffic control tower is in operation at the airport, he shall maintain contact with the tower either visually or by radio to receive any traffic control instructions which may be issued;

(c) Unless otherwise authorized by airport traffic control, he shall

(1) Comply with the traffic pattern,

(2) Take off and land into the wind,

(3) When approaching to land, enter the traffic pattern from the outside on the down-wind leg at an angle of approximately 45°;

(d) He shall comply with the light signals prescribed by the Administrator for the control of traffic; and

(e) At airports not served by an airport traffic control tower, he may take off or land in a different direction than the one into the wind, if he determines that the operation can be completed with safety and without disrupting traffic.

10. By adding a new § 60.24 to read as follows:

§ 60.24 *Air races, air meets, and air exhibitions.* No air race, air meet, or exhibition parachute jump shall be conducted except in accordance with the terms of a written authorization issued by the Administrator.

11. By amending § 60.30 to read as follows:

§ 60.30 *Ceiling and distance from clouds.* No aircraft, except a helicopter, shall take off, or land, or enter the traffic pattern of an airport when the ceiling is less than 500 feet at that airport. All aircraft shall be flown in compliance with the following requirements:

(a) *Within control zones.* Unless authorized by air traffic control, aircraft shall not be flown when the ceiling is less than 1,000 feet, or closer than 500 feet vertically and 2,000 feet horizontally to any cloud formation.

(b) *Elsewhere.* When at an altitude of more than 700 feet above the surface aircraft shall not be flown closer than 500 feet vertically and 2,000 feet horizontally to any cloud formation. When at an altitude of 700 feet or less aircraft shall not be flown unless clear of clouds.

12. By amending § 60.31 to read as follows:

§ 60.31 *Visibility*—(a) *Within control zones*—(1) *Ground visibility.* No person shall take off or land an aircraft, other than a helicopter, at an airport in a control zone, or enter the traffic pattern of such an airport, when the ground visibility is less than one mile. Furthermore, when the ground visibility is less than 3 miles, no person shall take off or land any aircraft, or enter the traffic pattern of an airport in a control zone, unless

an air traffic clearance is obtained from air traffic control.

(2) *Flight visibility.* No person shall operate an aircraft in flight in a control zone when the flight visibility is less than 1 mile. Furthermore, when the flight visibility is less than 3 miles, no person shall operate an aircraft in flight in a control zone unless an air traffic clearance is obtained from air traffic control.

(b) *Within control areas.* When the flight visibility is less than 3 miles, no person shall operate an aircraft within a control area.

(c) *Elsewhere.* When outside of control zones and control areas, no person shall operate an aircraft in flight when the flight visibility is less than 1 mile, nor shall any person take off or land an aircraft at an airport if the ground visibility is less than 1 mile, except that a helicopter may be flown at or below 700 feet above the surface when the flight or ground visibility is less than 1 mile if operated at a reduced speed which will give the pilot of such helicopter adequate opportunity to avoid hazard of collision.

NOTE: When traffic conditions permit, air traffic control will issue an air traffic clearance for flights within, entering, or departing control zones when ground visibility or the flight visibility is less than 3 miles. The operator of any airport within a control zone, other than the airport upon which the control zone is centered, may secure continuing permission from air traffic control to conduct operations when the visibility is less than 3 miles but not less than 1 mile: *Provided*, That such operations, at all times, remain 2,000 feet horizontally and 500 feet vertically from clouds, and traffic patterns are established and observed which avoid conflict with other operations.

13. By amending § 60.87 to read as follows:

§ 60.87 *Traffic pattern.* (a) A rectangular configuration for the flow of air traffic about an airport, the downwind leg of which is parallel to the runway in use, and within which all turns are made to the left unless an approved standard visual airport marker indicates that turns are to be made to the right; or

(b) A specific configuration for the flow of air traffic prescribed by the Administrator for a particular airport.

These amendments are proposed under the authority of Title VI of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended. The proposed amendments may be changed in view of comments received in response to this notice of proposed rule making.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply sec. 601, 52 Stat. 1007, as amended, secs. 602–610, 52 Stat. 1008–1012; 49 U. S. C. 551, 552–560)

Dated August 31, 1951, at Washington, D. C.

By the Bureau of Safety Regulation.

[SEAL] JOHN M. CHAMBERLAIN, *Director.*

[F. R. Doc. 51–10778; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:55 a. m.]

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

[16 CFR Part 123]

[File No. 21–322]

RAYON AND ACETATE TEXTILE INDUSTRY

NOTICE OF HEARING AND OF OPPORTUNITY TO PRESENT VIEWS, SUGGESTIONS, OR OBJECTIONS

Notice is hereby given that a public hearing will be held at 10 a. m. (d. s. t.), September 21, 1951, in the Hotel Biltmore, Madison Avenue at 43d Street, New York City, for the purpose of considering proposed trade practice rules for the Rayon and Acetate Textile Industry. Such rules constitute a proposed revision and extension of the trade practice rules for the Rayon Industry as promulgated October 26, 1937.

The hearing is being held to afford persons, firms, corporations, or other parties, including farm, labor, and consumer groups, affected by or having an interest in the above-mentioned proposed rules, an opportunity to be heard in the premises at said hearing and to present their views, including such pertinent information, suggestions, or objections as they may desire to submit. For this purpose, copies of the proposed revised rules may be obtained upon request to the Commission.

In addition to, or in lieu of, oral presentation at the hearing, such views, suggestions, or objections, or other pertinent information, may be submitted in writing, pursuant to this notice, by memorandum, letter, or other communication, which shall be filed with the Commission not later than September 21, 1951.

After due consideration of all matters presented in writing or orally, the Commission will proceed to final action on the proposed rules.

The industry for which such rules are proposed is comprised of the persons, firms, corporations and organizations engaged in commerce in the production, sale, distribution or marketing of fibers, yarns, threads, fabrics, or other textile products, composed in whole or in part of regenerated cellulose or cellulose acetate.

Issued: September 5, 1951.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] WM. P. GLENDENING, Jr., *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51–10851; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Delegation of Authority 42 [1]]

CHIEF, EXCHANGES STAFF, OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR GERMANY

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO MAKE, AMEND OR TERMINATE GRANTS WITH RESPECT TO THE EXCHANGE OF PERSONS PROGRAM

AUGUST 23, 1951.

Pursuant to authority contained in section 4 of Pub. Law 73, 81st Congress, it is hereby ordered that the Chief, Exchanges Staff, Office of the United States High Commissioner for Germany, is authorized to make, amend or terminate grants: (a) To German students, trainees, teachers, guest instructors, professors and leaders in fields of specialized knowledge or skill, (b) to teachers, guest instructors, professors and leaders in fields of specialized knowledge and skill from other European countries, and (c) to German private or Governmental agencies or institutions, for the purpose of carrying out exchange of persons programs between Germany and other European countries administered or serviced by the Office of the United States High Commissioner for Germany under authority vested in the Department of State.

This delegation shall be effective as of June 1, 1951.

For the Secretary of State:
W. K. SCOTT,
Deputy Assistant Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10771; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

[1] Supersedes Delegation of Authority No. 21, dated May 22, 1950, published as Public Notice No. 47 in the FEDERAL REGISTER for May 30, 1950 (15 F. R. 3400).

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Fiscal Service, Bureau of the Public Debt

[1951 Dept. Circ. 892]

1⅞ PERCENT TREASURY CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS OF SERIES C–1952

OFFERING OF CERTIFICATES

SEPTEMBER 4, 1951.

I. *Offering of certificates.* 1. The Secretary of the Treasury, pursuant to the authority of the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, invites subscriptions, at par, from the people of the United States for certificates of indebtedness of the United States, designated 1⅞ percent Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness of Series C–1952, in exchange for 3 percent Treasury Bonds of 1951–55, dated September 15, 1931, due September 15, 1955, called for redemption September 15, 1951.

II. *Description of certificates.* 1. The certificates will be dated September 15, 1951, and will bear interest from that date at the rate of 1⅞ percent per an-

num, payable with the principal at maturity on August 15, 1952. They will not be subject to call for redemption prior to maturity.

2. The income derived from the certificates shall be subject to all taxes, now or hereafter imposed under the Internal Revenue Code, or laws amendatory or supplementary thereto. The certificates shall be subject to estate, inheritance, gift or other excise taxes, whether Federal or State, but shall be exempt from all taxation now or hereafter imposed on the principal or interest thereof by any State, or any of the possessions of the United States, or by any local taxing authority.

3. The certificates will be acceptable to secure deposits of public moneys. They will not be acceptable in payment of taxes.

4. Bearer certificates will be issued in denominations of $1,000, $5,000, $10,000, $100,000, and $1,000,000. The certificates will not be issued in registered form.

5. The certificates will be subject to the general regulations of the Treasury Department, now or hereafter prescribed, governing United States certificates.

III. *Subscription and allotment.* 1. Subscriptions will be received at the Federal Reserve Banks and Branches and at the Treasury Department, Washington. Banking institutions generally may submit subscriptions for account of customers, but only the Federal Reserve Banks and the Treasury Department are authorized to act as official agencies.

2. The Secretary of the Treasury reserves the right to reject any subscription, in whole or in part, to allot less than the amount of certificates applied for, and to close the books as to any or all subscriptions at any time without notice; and any action he may take in these respects shall be final. Subject to these reservations, all subscriptions will be allotted in full. Allotment notices will be sent out promptly upon allotment.

IV. *Payment.* 1. Payment at par for certificates allotted hereunder must be made on or before September 15, 1951, or on later allotment, and may be made only in Treasury Bonds of 1951–55, called for redemption September 15, 1951, which will be accepted at par, and should accompany the subscription. Final interest due September 15 on the called bonds surrendered will be paid, in the case of coupon bonds, by payment of the September 15, 1951 coupons, which should be detached by holders before presentation of the bonds, and in the case of registered bonds, by checks drawn in accordance with the assignments on the bonds surrendered.

V. *Assignment of registered bonds.* 1. Treasury Bonds of 1951–55 in registered form tendered in payment for certificates offered hereunder should be assigned by the registered payees or assignees thereof to "The Secretary of the Treasury for exchange for Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness of Series C–1952 to be delivered to _____," in accordance with the general regulations of the Treasury Department governing assignments for transfer or exchange, and thereafter should be presented and surrendered with the subscription to a Federal Reserve Bank or Branch or to the Treasury Department, Division of Loans and Currency, Washington, D. C. The bonds must be delivered at the expense and risk of the holders.

VI. *General provisions.* 1. As fiscal agents of the United States, Federal Reserve Banks are authorized and requested to receive subscriptions, to make allotments on the basis and up to the amounts indicated by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Federal Reserve Banks of the respective Districts, to issue allotment notices, to receive payment for certificates allotted, to make delivery of certificates on full-paid subscriptions allotted, and they may issue interim receipts pending delivery of the definitive certificates.

2. The Secretary of the Treasury may at any time, or from time to time, prescribe supplemental or amendatory rules and regulations governing the offering, which will be communicated promptly to the Federal Reserve Banks.

[SEAL] JOHN W. SNYDER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10776; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:54 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. G–1744]

TRANSCONTINENTAL GAS PIPE LINE CORP.

ORDER FIXING DATE OF HEARING

AUGUST 30, 1951.

On July 13, 1951, Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation (Applicant), a Delaware corporation having its principal place of business at Houston, Texas, filed an application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act authorizing the construction and operation of certain natural-gas facilities, all as more fully described in said application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

The Commission finds: This proceeding is a proper one for disposition under the provisions of § 1.32 (b) (18 CFR 1.32 (b)) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, Applicant having requested that its application be heard under the shortened procedure provided by the aforesaid rule for noncontested proceedings, and no request to be heard, protest or petition having been filed subsequent to the giving of due notice of the filing of the application, including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on July 27, 1951 (16 F. R. 7368).

The Commission orders:

(A) Pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, a hearing be held on September 21, 1951, at 9:45 a. m., in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., concerning the matters involved and the issues presented by such application: *Provided, however,* That the Commission may, after a noncontested hearing, forthwith dispose of the proceeding pursuant to the provisions of § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

(B) Interested State commissions may participate as provided by §§ 1.8 and 1.37 (f) (18 CFR 1.8 and 1.37 (f)) of the said rules of practice and procedure.

Date of issuance: August 31, 1951.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10745; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. G–1755]

MISSISSIPPI RIVER FUEL CORP.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

AUGUST 30, 1951.

Take notice that Mississippi River Fuel Corporation (Applicant), a Delaware Corporation, 407 North Eighth Street, St. Louis, Missouri, filed on July 31, 1951, an application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, authorizing the construction and operation of a 12-inch diameter natural gas transmission pipeline, approximately 13 miles in length, extending from a point on Applicant's California Company-Woodlawn pipeline, near Bellevue, Louisiana, southwardly to the Barksdale Gunnery and Bombing Range, Sligo Field, Bossier Parish, Louisiana.

The estimated cost of the proposed pipeline, together with the measuring, regulating and other appurtenant equipment, is $451,694, which is to be financed out of cash on hand. Applicant plans to construct the proposed line during the month of November 1951.

The purpose of the proposed lateral pipeline facilities is to augment Applicant's natural-gas supply by enabling Applicant to draw on a new source of supply, namely, the Sligo Field, in accordance with a precedent letter gas-purchase agreement with W. R. Stephens and Applicant's wholly owned subsidiary, Natural Gas and Oil Corporation. Applicant states that the quantity of gas available under the contract with Stephens and Natural Gas and Oil is expected to be not less than 10,000 Mcf per day. Applicant filed with the application a gas-reserve study indicating that the estimated gas-reserves dedicated to it in the Sligo Field is approximately 156,505,032 Mcf (at 14.9 p. s. i. a.).

Applicant requests that its application be considered under the Commission's shortened procedure rule (18 CFR 1.32 (b)), and accordingly, waives all rights to intermediate decision and hearing.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., in accordance with the Commission's rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 and 1.10) on or before the 19th day of September 1951. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10744; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

ECONOMIC STABILIZATION AGENCY

Office of Price Stabilization

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Appendix to Special Order 80]

LINDER BROS., INC.

MANUFACTURER'S SELLING PRICES AND CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

The following appendix to Special Order 80 under section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7, effective June 23, 1951, issued to Linder Bros., Inc., 1043 Capouse Avenue, Scranton, Pennsylvania, covering misses' and women's fur trimmed and untrimmed coats having the brand name(s) "Shagmoor" lists the manufacturer's selling prices and ceiling prices at retail established by the special order.

Appendix. The manufacturer's selling prices are subject to the following terms: 8–10 E. O. M.—7/30 6/60—Net 5 days after last due date.

Manufacturer's selling price (per unit)	*Ceiling prices at retail (per unit)*
$36.50	$59.95
$42.50	69.95
$59.75	98.95
$75.00	125.00
$81.50	135.00
$89.75	149.95

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10542; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:12 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Appendix to Special Order 82]

ROSEDALE KNITTING CO.

MANUFACTURER'S SELLING PRICE AND CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

The following appendix to Special Order 82 under section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7, effective June 26, 1951, issued to Rosedale Knitting Company, Reading, Pennsylvania, covering women's hosiery having the brand name(s) "Rosedale" lists the manufacturer's selling prices and ceiling prices at retail established by the special order.

Appendix. The manufacturer's selling prices are subject to the following terms: Net 30 days f. o. b. Reading, Pennsylvania, except to West Coast retailers, where it is net 60 days f. o. b. Reading, Pennsylvania.

Manufacturer's selling price (per dozen)	*Ceiling prices at retail (per unit)*
$10.80	$1.50
$11.75	1.65
$12.50	1.75
$14.00	1.95

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10543; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:12 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43 Appendix to Special Order 83]

CHIPMAN KNITTING MILLS

MANUFACTURER'S SELLING PRICES AND CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

The following appendix to Special Order 83 under section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7, effective June 26, 1951, issued to Chipman Knitting Mills, Easton, Pennsylvania, covering women's hosiery having the brand name(s) "Roman Stripe Hosiery" lists the manufacturer's selling prices and ceiling prices at retail established by the special order.

Appendix. The manufacturer's selling prices are subject to the following terms: Net 30 days, F. O. B., Easton, Pennsylvania.

Manufacturer's selling price (per dozen)	*Ceiling Prices at retail (per unit)*
$10.80	$1.50
$11.75 through $11.85	1.65
$14.00	1.95
$16.00	2.25

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10544; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:12 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43 Appendix to Special Order 85]

TRU BALANCE CORSETS, INC.

MANUFACTURER'S SELLING PRICES AND CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

The following appendix to Special Order 85 under section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7, effective June 26, 1951, issued to Tru Balance Corsets, Inc., 38 East 32nd Street, New York 16, New York, covering women's girdles and panty girdles having the brand name(s) "Tru Balance" and "Miss Tru Balance" lists the manufacturer's selling prices and ceiling prices at retail established by the special order.

Appendix. The manufacturer's selling prices are subject to the following terms: 8/10 E. O. M.

Manufacturer's selling price (per dozen)	*Ceiling prices at retail (per unit)*
$84.00	$12.50
$90.00	13.50
$108.00	16.50
$120.00	18.50
$138.00	22.50
$150.00	25.00
$186.00	29.50

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10545; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:12 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43 Appendix to Special Order 92]

ANNIS SPORTSWEAR, INC.

MANUFACTURER'S SELLING PRICES AND CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

The following appendix to Special Order 92 under section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7, effective June 26, 1951, issued to Annis Sportswear, Inc., 1384 Broadway, New York 18, New York, covering swim suits having the brand name(s) "Sea Glamour" lists the manufacturer's selling prices and ceiling prices at retail established by the special order.

Appendix. The manufacturer's selling prices are subject to the following terms: 8/10 E. O. M.

Manufacturer's selling price (per unit)	*Ceiling prices at retail (per unit)*
$2.00	$3.50
$2.75	4.50
$3.25	5.95
$3.75	6.50
$4.00	6.95
$4.50 through $4.75	7.95
$5.75	9.95
$6.75	10.95
$7.75	12.95
$8.75	14.95
$9.75	16.95
$10.75	17.95

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10546; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:12 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43 Appendix to Special Order 94]

OLYMPIC KNITWEAR, INC.

MANUFACTURER'S SELLING PRICES AND CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

The following appendix to Special Order 94 under section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7, effective June 26, 1951, issued to Olympic Knitwear, Inc., 1372 Broadway, New York 18, New York, covering sweaters having the brand name(s) "Tish-U-Knit" lists the manufacturer's selling prices and ceiling prices at retail established by the special order.

Appendix. The manufacturer's selling prices are subject to the following terms: 8/10 E. O. M.

Manufacturer's selling price (per dozen)	*Ceiling prices at retail (per unit)*
$45.00	$5.95
$63.00	8.25

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10547; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:12 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Appendix to Special Order 98]

ATLANTIC PRODUCTS CORP.

MANUFACTURER'S SELLING PRICES AND CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

The following appendix to Special Order under section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7, effective June 26, 1951, issued to Atlantic Products Corporation, Trenton 5, New Jersey, covering wardrobe luggage having the brand name(s) "Val-A-Pak" and "Lady Val-A-Pak" lists the manufacturer's selling prices and ceiling prices at retail established by the special order.

Appendix. The manufacturer's selling prices are subject to the following terms: 2% 10th E. O. M., Net thereafter F. O. B. Trenton, New Jersey.

Manufacturer's selling price (per unit)	*Ceiling prices at retail (per unit)*
$12.00	$20.00
$15.00	$25.00
$21.00	$35.00
$24.00	$40.00

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10548; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:13 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43 Appendix to Special Order 103]

THE DORA MILES CO.

MANUFACTURER'S SELLING PRICES AND CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

The following appendix to Special Order 103 under section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7, effective June 28, 1951, issued to The Dora Miles Company, Branford, Connecticut, covering corsets and bras having the brand name(s) "Dora Miles" lists the manufacturer's selling prices and ceiling prices at retail established by the special order.

Appendix. The manufacturer's selling prices are subject to the following terms: 10 percent—10 days (No anticipation), not thereafter, F. O. B. Branford, Conn.

Manufacturer's selling price (per unit)	*Ceiling prices at retail (per unit)*
$3.025	$5.50
$3.9875	7.25
$4.40	8.00
$5.50	11.00
$6.75	13.50
$7.50	15.00
$8.25	16.50
$8.50	17.00
$9.00	18.00
$9.25	18.50
$10.25	20.50
$10.75	21.50
$11.00	22.00
$12.00	24.00
$12.50	25.00

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10549; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:13 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Appendix to Special Order 175]

EPSTEIN GARMENT CO., INC.

MANUFACTURER'S SELLING PRICES AND CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

The following appendix to Special Order 175 under section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7, effective July 18, 1951, issued to Epstein Garment Company, Inc., 1375 Broadway, New York, New York, covering Teen-age and junior dresses having the brand name(s) "Teena Paige" lists the manufacturer's selling prices and ceiling prices at retail established by the special order.

Appendix. The manufacturer's selling prices are subject to the following terms: 8% discount E. O. M., F. O. B. New York.

Manufacturer's selling price (per unit)	*Ceiling prices at retail (per unit)*
$5.75	$8.95
$6.375	9.95
$6.75	10.95
$7.75	12.95
$8.75	14.95
$9.75	15.95
$10.75	17.95
$12.75	19.95

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10553; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:14 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Appendix to Special Order 158]

DULANE, INC.

MANUFACTURER'S SELLING PRICES AND CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

The following appendix to Special Order 158 under section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7, effective July 17, 1951, issued to Dulane Inc., 8550 West Grand Avenue, River Grove, Illinois, covering electric deep fryers having the brand name(s) "Fryryte" lists the manufacturer's selling prices and ceiling prices at retail established by the special order.

Appendix. The manufacturer's selling prices are subject to the following terms: 2 percent 10 days—Net 30 days.

Manufacturer's selling prices:	*Ceiling prices at retail (per unit)*
$18.82 each in quantities of 1 to 3	$28.95
$17.37 each in quantities of 3 or more	28.95

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10551; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:13 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Appendix to Special Order 168]

KING BEDDING CO.

MANUFACTURER'S SELLING PRICES AND CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

The following appendix to Special Order 168 under section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7, effective July 18, 1951, issued to King Bedding Co., 2119 W. Toronto St., Philadelphia 32, Pennsylvania, covering mattresses and box springs having the brand name(s) "Restonic Custom Triple Cushion" and "Restonic Super Triple Cushion" lists the manufacturer's selling prices and ceiling prices at retail established by the special order.

Appendix. The manufacturer's selling prices are subject to the following terms: 2 percent ten days E. O. M.

Manufacturer's selling price (per unit)	*Ceiling prices at retail (per unit)*
$30.00	$59.50
$38.75	$69.50

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10552; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:14 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 124, Amdt. 1]

BOSTON ROYAL PETTICOAT CO.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This amendment to Special Order 124, issued under section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, to Boston Royal Petticoat Co., extends the date by which the applicant was required to mark, tag or ticket the articles covered by the special order. The extension is granted on applicant's demonstration of its inability to preticket by the date specified in the special order because the applicant has on hand a large number of items covered by the special order which are already individually packaged. To require applicant to remove these items from these packages for preticketing would work an undue hardship.

Amendatory provisions. Special Order 124 under Ceiling Price Regulation 7, section 43, is amended in the following respects:

1. In paragraph 3 of the special order delete the date "August 15, 1951", and substitute therefore the date "October 15, 1951".

2. In paragraph 3 of the special order delete the date "September 14, 1951", wherever it appears, and substitute the date "November 15, 1951".

Effective date. This amendment shall become effective on August 29, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10550; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:13 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 588]

HAMILTON BEACH CO., DIVISION OF SCOVILL MFG. CO.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. In accordance with section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, the applicant named in the accompanying special order, Hamilton Beach Company, Division of Scovill Manufacturing Company, Racine, Wisconsin has applied to the Office of Price Stabilization for maximum resale prices for retail sales of certain of its articles. Applicant has submitted the information

required under this section and has produced evidence which in the judgment of the Director indicates that the applicant has complied with other stated requirements.

The Director has determined on the basis of information available to him, including the data and certified conclusions of fact submitted by the applicant, that the retail ceiling prices requested and which are established by this special order are no higher than the level of ceiling prices under Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

The special order contains provisions requiring each article to be marked by the applicant with the retail ceiling price established by the accompanying special order. The applicant and intermediate distributors are required to send purchasers of the article a copy of this special order, a notice listing retail ceiling prices for each cost line and, in specified cases, of subsequent amendments of this special order.

The special order also requires applicant to file with the Distribution Branch regular reports setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which applicant has delivered during the reporting period. This requirement conforms with the provisions of section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

Special provisions. For the reasons set forth in the statement of considerations and pursuant to section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, this special order is hereby issued.

1. *Ceiling prices.* The ceiling prices for sales at retail of electrical food mixers, hair dryers, and hand vacuum cleaners sold through wholesalers and retailers and having the brand name(s) "Hamilton Beach" shall be the proposed retail ceiling prices listed by Hamilton Beach Company, Division of Scovill Manufacturing Company, Racine, Wisconsin hereinafter referred to as the "applicant" in its application dated May 17, 1951, and filed with the Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

A list of such ceiling prices will be filed by the Office of Price Stabilization with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. On and after the date of receipt of a copy of this special order, with notice of prices annexed, but in no event later than October 29, 1951, no seller at retail may offer or sell any article covered by this special order at a price higher than the ceiling price established by this special order. Sales may be made, of course, at less than the ceiling prices.

2. *Marking and tagging.* On and after October 29, 1951, Hamilton Beach Company, Division of Scovill Manufacturing Company, must mark each article for which a ceiling price has been established in paragraph 1 of this special order with the retail ceiling price under this special order or attach to the article a label, tag, or ticket stating the retail ceiling price. This mark or statement must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $--------

On and after November 27, 1951, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is marked or tagged in the form stated above. Prior to November 27, 1951, unless the article is marked or tagged in this form, the retailer shall comply with the marking, tagging and posting provisions of the regulation which would apply in the absence of this special order.

Upon issuance of any amendment to this special order which either adds an article to those already listed in the application or changes the retail ceiling price of a listed article, the applicant named in this special order must comply as to each such article with the pre-ticketing requirements of this paragraph within 30 days after the effective date of the amendment. After 60 days from the effective date, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is ticketed in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph. Prior to the expiration of the 60 day period, unless the article is so ticketed, the retailer must comply with the marking, tagging, and posting provisions of the regulation which would apply in the absence of this special order.

3. *Notification to resellers*—(a) *Notices to be given by applicant.* (1) After receipt of this special order, a copy of this special order and the notice described below shall be sent by the applicant to each purchaser for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered in paragraph 1 of this special order.

(2) Within fifteen days after the effective date of this special order, the applicant shall send a copy of this special order and the notice described below to each purchaser for resale to whom within two months immediately prior to the receipt of this special order the applicant had delivered any article covered by paragraph 1 of this special order.

(3) The applicant must notify each purchaser for resale of any amendment to this special order in the same manner, annexing to the amendment an appropriate notice as described below.

(4) The applicant shall annex to this special order or amendment a notice listing the style or lot number, name, or other description of each item covered by this special order or amendment and its corresponding retail ceiling price. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1)	(Column 2)
Item (style or lot number or other description)	Retailer's ceiling price for articles listed in column 1
----------	$----------

(5) Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order or any amendment thereto, two copies of the ceiling price notice above described must be filed by the applicant with the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

(6) The applicant must supply each purchaser for resale other than a retailer with sufficient copies of this special order, amendment and notices to permit such purchasers for resale to comply with the notification requirements of this special order.

(b) *Notices to be given by purchasers for resale (other than retailers).* (1) A copy of this special order, together with the annexed notice of ceiling prices described in subparagraph (a) (4) of this section, shall be sent by each purchaser for resale (other than retailers) to each of his purchasers on or before the date of the first delivery after receipt of a copy of this special order.

(2) Within 15 days of receipt of this special order and the annexed notice, each purchaser for resale (other than retailers) shall send a copy of the order and notice to each of his purchasers to whom, within two months prior to receipt of this special order, his records indicate he had delivered any article covered by paragraph 1 of this special order.

(3) Each purchaser for resale (other than retailers) must notify each purchaser of any amendment to this special order in the same manner, annexing to the amendment an appropriate notice as described above.

4. *Reports.* Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6 months period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6 months period, the applicant shall file with the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which he has delivered in that 6 months period.

5. *Other regulations affected.* The provisions of this special order establish the ceiling price for sales at retail of the articles covered by it, regardless of whether the retailer is otherwise subject to Ceiling Price Regulation 7 or any other regulation.

6. *Revocation.* This special order or any provisions thereof may be revoked, suspended, or amended by the Director of Price Stabilization at any time.

7. *Applicability.* The provisions of this special order are applicable in the United States and the District of Columbia.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective August 29, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 28, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10490; Filed, Aug. 28, 1951; 4:04 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 589]

FEE AND STEMWEDEL, INC.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. In accordance with section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, the applicant named in the accompanying special order, Fee and Stemwedel, Inc., 2210 West Wabansia Avenue, Chicago 47, Illinois, has applied to the Office of Price Stabilization for maximum resale prices for retail sales of certain of its articles. Applicant has submitted the information required under this section and has produced evi-

dence which in the judgment of the Director indicates that the applicant has complied with other stated requirements.

The Director has determined on the basis of information available to him, including the data and certified conclusions of fact submitted by the applicant, that the retail ceiling prices requested and which are established by this special order are no higher than the level of ceiling prices under Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

The special order contains provisions requiring each article to be marked by the applicant with the retail ceiling price established by the accompanying special order. The applicant and intermediate distributors are required to send purchasers of the article a copy of this special order, a notice listing retail ceiling prices for each cost line and, in specified cases, of subsequent amendments of this special order.

The special order also requires applicant to file with the Distribution Branch regular reports setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which applicant has delivered during the reporting period. This requirement conforms with the provisions of section 43, Ceiling Price Regulation 7.

Special provisions. For the reasons set forth in the statement of considerations and pursuant to section 43 of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, this special order is hereby issued.

1. *Ceiling prices.* The ceiling prices for sales at retail of household thermometers sold through wholesalers and retailers and having the brand name(s) "Airguide" shall be the proposed retail ceiling prices listed by Fee and Stemwedel, Inc., 2210 West Wabansia Avenue, Chicago 47, Illinois hereinafter referred to as the "applicant" in its application dated May 2, 1951, and filed with the Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C. (and supplemented and amended in the manufacturer's application dated July 31, 1951).

A list of such ceiling prices will be filed by the Office of Price Stabilization with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. On and after the date of receipt of a copy of this special order, with notice of prices annexed, but in no event later than October 29, 1951, no seller at retail may offer or sell any article covered by this special order at a price higher than the ceiling price established by this special order. Sales may be made, of course, at less than the ceiling prices.

2. *Marking and tagging.* On and after October 29, 1951, Fee and Stemwedel, Inc. must mark each article for which a ceiling price has been established in paragraph 1 of this special order with the retail ceiling price under this specal order or attach to the article a label, tag, or ticket stating the retail ceiling price. This mark or statement must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $--------

On and after November 27, 1951, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is marked or tagged in the form stated above. Prior to November 27, 1951, unless the article is marked or tagged in this form, the retailer shall comply with the marking, tagging and posting provisions of the regulation which would apply in the absence of this special order.

Upon issuance of any amendment to this special order which either adds an article to those already listed in the application or changes the retail ceiling price of a listed article, the applicant named in this special order must comply as to each such article with the preticketing requirements of this paragraph within 30 days after the effective date of the amendment. After 60 days from the effective date, no retailer may offer or sell the article unless it is ticketed in accordance with the requirements of this paragraph. Prior to the expiration of the 60 day period, unless the article is so ticketed, the retailer must comply with the marking, tagging, and posting provisions of the regulation which would apply in the absence of this special order.

3. *Notification to resellers.*—(a) *Notices to be given by applicant.* (1) After receipt of this special order, a copy of this special order and the notice described below shall be sent by the applicant to each purchaser for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered in paragraph 1 of this special order.

(2) Within fifteen days after the effective date of this special order, the applicant shall send a copy of this special order and the notice described below to each purchaser for resale to whom within two months immediately prior to the receipt of this special order the applicant had delivered any article covered by paragraph 1 of this special order.

(3) The applicant must notify each purchaser for resale of any amendment to this special order in the same manner, annexing to the amendment an appropriate notice as described below.

(4) The applicant shall annex to this special order or amendment a notice listing the style or lot number, name, or other description of each item covered by this special order or amendment and its corresponding retail ceiling price. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1)	(Column 2)
Item (style or lot number or other description)	Retailer's ceiling price for articles listed in column 1
----------	$----------

(5) Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order or any amendment thereto, two copies of the ceiling price notice above described must be filed by the applicant with the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

(6) The applicant must supply each purchaser for resale other than a retailer with sufficient copies of this special order, amendment and notices to permit such purchasers for resale to comply with the notification requirements of this special order.

(b) *Notices to be given by purchasers for resale (other than retailers).* (1) A copy of this special order, together with the annexed notice of ceiling prices described in subparagraph (a) (4) of this section, shall be sent by each purchaser for resale (other than retailers) to each of his purchasers on or before the date of the first delivery after receipt of a copy of this special order.

(2) Within 15 days of receipt of this special order and the annexed notice, each purchaser for resale (other than retailers) shall send a copy of the order and notice to each of his purchasers to whom, within two months prior to receipt of this special order, his records indicate he had delivered any article covered by paragraph 1 of this special order.

(3) Each purchaser for resale (other than retailers) must notify each purchaser of any amendment to this special order in the same manner, annexing to the amendment an appropriate notice as described above.

4. *Reports.* Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6 months period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6 months period, the applicant shall file with the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which he has delivered in that 6 months period.

5. *Other regulations affected.* The provisions of this special order establish the ceiling price for sales at retail of the articles covered by it, regardless of whether the retailer is otherwise subject to Ceiling Price Regulation 7 or any other regulation.

6. *Revocation.* This special order or any provisions thereof may be revoked, suspended, or amended by the Director of Price Stabilization at any time.

7. *Applicability.* The provisions of this special order are applicable in the United States and the District of Columbia.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective August 29, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 28, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10491; Filed, Aug. 28, 1951; 4:04 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 590]

WONDER-REST CORP.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This is an order establishing uniform retail prices issued upon the basis of an application filed by a supplier under section 43 of CPR 7. This section gives a manufacturer or wholesaler the right to apply for uniform retail ceiling prices for certain of his branded articles. This section requires that the articles must customarily have been sold at substantially uniform prices, and the ceiling prices applied for must not raise the general level of prices under CPR 7. The order

may, of course, be amended or revoked if further review shows that the requirements of the regulation have not been fully met.

This special order requires each article to be tagged or marked with the retail ceiling price. The supplier must send to each retailer a copy of this special order, as well as a list of ceiling prices for each article or cost line and notice of all amendments. The order requires the supplier to file certain sales reports with OPS.

Retailers will be concerned with sections 1 through 6 of this special order which contain provisions applying to them. The rest of the order is of interest primarily to the applicant.

Order. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to section 43 of CPR 7, it is ordered that the following provisions be in effect:

Provisions for retailers. 1. *What this order does.* Sections 1 through 6 apply to you and establish uniform ceiling prices if you sell at retail the articles identified below:

Name and address of applicant: Wonder-Rest Corporation, 701 East Vienna Avenue, Milwaukee 12, Wisconsin.

Brand names: "Restonic Emblem Flexoform", "Restonic Royal Flexoform", "Restonic Deluxe Flexoform", "Restonic Custom Triple Cushion", "Restonic Super Triple Cushion", "Restonic Topperform", "Restonic Luxury Triple Cushion", "Restonic Firmflex", "Restonic Wonderfoam", "White Shield", and "Dr. Fuller".

Articles: Mattresses and box springs.

2. *Retail ceiling prices for listed articles.* Your ceiling prices for sales at retail of the articles identified above are the retail prices listed in your supplier's application filed with OPS. These prices will be included in a list which will be annexed to the copy of this order which you will receive from your supplier. The list of ceiling prices will be filed with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. These ceiling prices are effective 10 days after you receive this order and the ceiling price list but in no event later than 60 days after the date this order is issued. You shall not sell above these ceiling prices. You may, of course, sell below these prices.

3. *Retail ceiling prices for unlisted items.* Some or all of the retail ceiling prices in this order are fixed in terms of the cost of the article to you. Whenever you receive one of applicant's branded articles which is in the same category and which has the same net cost as one covered by the list, the ceiling price for such article shall be the same as the ceiling price for the article having that same net cost.

4. *Retail ceiling prices affected by amendment to this order.* This order may be amended from time to time or it may be revoked. If so, the applicant is required to send you a copy of the revocation or amendment, together with any list of changes or additions in retail ceiling prices. The ceiling prices contained in any such amendment become your ceiling prices.

5. *Marking and tagging.* This order requires your supplier to pre-ticket his articles by an early date. The label, tag or ticket must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

After 60 days from the effective date of this order, unless you receive articles marked or tagged in this form, you must so mark or tag them yourself. Before that date you must mark, tag, or post your prices in the manner required by the regulation which applies in the absence of this special order.

With respect to articles the ceiling prices of which are affected by any amendent to this order, the same rules apply except that you must mark or tag such articles as stated above not later than 60 days after the effective date of the amendment.

6. *Applicability.* This special order establishes your ceiling prices for the articles covered by it regardless of whether you would otherwise price the articles under CPR 7 or any other regulation. It applies to sales in the 48 states and the District of Columbia.

*Provisions for the applicant—*7. *Notification to retailers.* As the manufacturer or wholesaler to whom this special order is issued, you shall do the following:

(a) *Sending order and list to old customers.* Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, you shall send a copy of this order, together with a copy of the list referred to in Section 8 below to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, you had delivered any article covered by this order.

(b) *Notification to new customers.* A copy of this special order and the list shall be sent to all other purchasers for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered by this order.

(c) *Notification with respect to amendments.* Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to this order, you shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, you had delivered any article included in such amendment. Within 15 days after any amendment, the amendment shall also be included with the notification to new customers.

(d) *Notification to OPS.* Within 15 days of the effective date of this order, you shall send a copy of the list of prices referred to in Section 8 below to the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

8. *Ceiling price list.* The ceiling price list must be annexed to a copy of the order and shall contain the cost and discount terms to retailers for each article covered by this special order and the corresponding retail ceiling prices fixed by the order. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1) Price to retailers	(Column 2) Retailer's ceilings for articles of cost listed in column 1
$_____ per_____{unit. dozen. etc.}	Terms{net. percent EOM. etc.} $_____

9. *Pre-ticketing requirements.* As the applicant to whom this special order is issued, you must, within 60 days after the effective date of this order (or in the case of an amendment within 60 days after the effective date of that amendment), mark each article covered by this order with a statement in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

Instead of marking the article you may attach a label, tag or ticket containing the same information.

10. *Sales volume reports.* Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6-month period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6-month period, you shall file with the Distribution Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which you have delivered in that 6-month period.

This special order may be amended or revoked at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective on the 30th of August 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10554; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:14 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 591]

C. F. RUMPP & SONS

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This is an order establishing uniform retail prices issued upon the basis of an application filed by a supplier under section 43 of CPR 7. This section gives a manufacturer or wholesaler the right to apply for uniform retail ceiling prices for certain of his branded articles. This section requires that the articles must customarily have been sold at substantially uniform prices, and the ceiling prices applied for must not raise the general level of prices under CPR 7. The order may, of course, be amended or revoked if further review shows that the requirements of the regulation have not been fully met.

This special order requires each article to be tagged or marked with the retail ceiling price. The supplier must send to each retailer a copy of this special order, as well as a list of ceiling prices for each article or cost line and notice of all amendments. The order requires the

supplier to file certain sales reports with OPS.

Retailers will be concerned with Sections 1 through 6 of this special order which contain provisions applying to them. The rest of the order is of interest primarily to the applicant.

Order. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to section 43 of CPR 7, it is ordered that the following provisions be in effect:

Provisions for retailers. 1. *What this order does.* Sections 1 through 6 apply to you and establish uniform ceiling prices if you sell at retail the articles identified below:

Name and address of applicant: C. F. Rumpp & Sons, Fifth and Cherry Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Brand names: "Rumpp."

Articles: Bill folds, letter cases, key cases and combinations.

2. *Retail ceiling prices for listed articles.* Your ceiling prices for sales at retail of the articles identified above are the retail prices listed in your supplier's application filed with OPS. These prices will be included in a list which will be annexed to the copy of this order which you will receive from your supplier. The list of ceiling prices will be filed with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. These ceiling prices are effective 10 days after you receive this order and the ceiling price list but in no event later than 60 days after the date this order is issued. You shall not sell above these ceiling prices. You may, of course, sell below these prices.

3. *Retail ceiling prices for unlisted items.* Some or all of the retail ceiling prices in this order are fixed in terms of the cost of the article to you. Whenever you receive one of applicant's branded articles which is in the same category and which has the same net cost as one covered by the list, the ceiling price for such article shall be the same as the ceiling price for the article having that same net cost.

4. *Retail ceiling prices affected by amendment to this order.* This order may be amended from time to time or it may be revoked. If so, the applicant is required to send you a copy of the revocation or amendment, together with any list of changes or additions in retail ceiling prices. The ceiling prices contained in any such amendment become your ceiling prices.

5. *Marking and tagging.* This order requires your supplier to pre-ticket his articles by an early date. The label, tag or ticket must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $--------

After 60 days from the effective date of this order, unless you receive articles marked or tagged in this form, you must so mark or tag them yourself. Before that date you must mark, tag or post your prices in the manner required by the regulation which applies in the absence of this special order.

With respect to articles the ceiling prices of which are affected by any amendment to this order, the same rules apply except that you must mark or tag such articles as stated above not later than 60 days after the effective date of the amendment.

6. *Applicability.* This special order establishes your ceiling prices for the articles covered by it regardless of whether you would otherwise price the articles under CPR 7 or any other regulation. It applies to sales in the 48 States and the District of Columbia.

Provisions for the applicant. 7. *Notification to retailers.* As the manufacturer or wholesaler to whom this special order is issued, you shall do the following:

(a) *Sending order and list to old customers.* Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, you shall send a copy of this order, together with a copy of the list referred to in section 8 below to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, you had delivered any article covered by this order.

(b) *Notification to new customers.* A copy of this special order and the list shall be sent to all other purchasers for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered by this order.

(c) *Notification with respect to amendments.* Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to this order, you shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within 2 months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, you had delivered any article included in such amendment. Within 15 days after any amendment, the amendment shall also be included with the notification to new customers.

(d) *Notification to OPS.* Within 15 days of the effective date of this order, you shall send a copy of the list of prices referred to in section 8 below to the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

8. *Ceiling price list.* The ceiling price list must be annexed to a copy of the order and shall contain the cost and discount terms to retailers for each article covered by this special order and the corresponding retail ceiling prices fixed by the order. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1)	(Column 2)
Price to retailers	Retailer's ceilings for articles of cost listed in column 1
$------ per------{unit. / dozen. / etc.	Terms {net. / percent EOM. / etc. $------

9. *Preticketing requirements.* As the applicant to whom this special order is issued, you must, within 60 days after the effective date of this order (or in the case of an amendment within 60 days after the effective date of that amendment), mark each article covered by this order with a statement in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $--------

Instead of marking the article you may attach a label, tag or ticket containing the same information.

10. *Sales volume reports.* Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6-month period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6-month period, you shall file with the Distribution Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which you have delivered in that 6-month period.

This special order may be amended or revoked at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective on the 30th of August 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 29, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10555; Filed, Aug. 29, 1951; 4:14 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 592]

MARTIN BROTHERS CO.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This is an order establishing uniform retail prices issued upon the basis of an application filed by a supplier under section 43 of CPR 7. This section gives a manufacturer or wholesaler the right to apply for uniform retail ceiling prices for certain of his branded articles. This section requires that the articles must customarily have been sold at substantially uniform prices, and the ceiling prices applied for must not raise the general level of prices under CPR 7. The order may, of course, be amended or revoked if further review shows that the requirements of the regulation have not been fully met.

This special order requires each article to be tagged or marked with the retail ceiling price. The supplier must send to each retailer a copy of this special order, as well as a list of ceiling prices for each article or cost line and notice of all amendments. The order requires the supplier to file certain sales reports with OPA.

Retailers will be concerned with sections 1 through 6 of this special order which contain provisions applying to them. The rest of the order is of interest primarily to the applicant.

Order. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to section 43 of CPR 7, it is ordered that the following provisions be in effect:

Provisions for retailers. 1. *What this order does.* Sections 1 through 6 apply to you and establish uniform ceiling prices if you sell at retail the articles identified below:

Name and address of applicant: Martin Brothers Company, 243 First Avenue North, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Brand names: "Klad-ezee Tweener" and "Klad-ezee Baby Tweener".

Articles: Children's outerwear.

2. *Retail ceiling prices for listed articles.* Your ceiling prices for sales at

retail of the articles identified above are the retail prices listed in your supplier's application filed with OPS. These prices will be included in a list which will be annexed to the copy of this order which you will receive from your supplier. The list of ceiling prices will be filed with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. These ceiling prices are effective 10 days after you receive this order and the ceiling price list but in no event later than 60 days after the date this order is issued. You shall not sell above these ceiling prices. You may, of course, sell below these prices.

3. *Retail ceiling prices for unlisted items.* Some or all of the retail ceiling prices in this order are fixed in terms of the cost of the article to you. Whenever you receive one of applicant's branded articles which is in the same category and which has the same net cost as one covered by the list, the ceiling price for such article shall be the same as the ceiling price for the article having that same net cost.

4. *Retail ceiling prices affected by amendment to this order.* This order may be amended from time to time or it may be revoked. If so, the applicant is required to send you a copy of the revocation or amendment, together with any list of changes or additions in retail ceiling prices. The ceiling prices contained in any such amendment become your ceiling prices.

5. *Marking and tagging.* This order requires your supplier to pre-ticket his articles by an early date. The label, tag or ticket must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $--------

After 60 days from the effective date of this order, unless you receive articles marked or tagged in this form, you must so mark or tag them yourself. Before that date you must mark, tag or post your prices in the manner required by the regulation which applies in the absence of this special order.

With respect to articles the ceiling prices of which are affected by any amendment to this order, the same rules apply except that you must mark or tag such articles as stated above not later than 60 days after the effective date of the amendment.

6. *Applicability.* This special order establishes your ceiling prices for the articles covered by it regardless of whether you would otherwise price the articles under CPR 7 or any other regulation. It applies to sales in the 48 States and the District of Columbia.

Provisions for the applicant. 7. *Notification to retailers.* As the manufacturer or wholesaler to whom this special order is issued, you shall do the following:

(a) *Sending order and list to old customers.* Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, you shall send a copy of this order, together with a copy of the list referred to in section 8 below to each purchaser for resale to whom, within 2 months immediately prior to the effective date, you had delivered any article covered by this order.

(b) *Notification to new customers.* A copy of this special order and the list shall be sent to all other purchasers for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered by this order.

(c) *Notification with respect to amendments.* Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to this order, you shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within 2 months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, you had delivered any article included in such amendment. Within 15 days after any amendment, the amendment shall also be included with the notification to new customers.

(d) *Notification to OPS.* Within 15 days of the effective date of this order, you shall send a copy of the list of prices referred to in section 8 below to the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

8. *Ceiling price list.* The ceiling price list must be annexed to a copy of the order and shall contain the cost and discount terms to retailers for each article covered by this special order and the corresponding retail ceiling prices fixed by the order. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1)	(Column 2)
Price to retailers	Retailer's ceilings for articles of cost listed in column 1

$------ per------{unit. / dozen. / etc.} Terms {net. / percent EOM. / etc.}
$--------

9. *Preticketing requirements.* As the applicant to whom this special order is issued, you must, within 60 days after the effective date of this order (or in the case of an amendment within 60 days after the effective date of that amendment), mark each article covered by this order with a statement in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $--------

Instead of marking the article you may attach a label, tag or ticket containing the same information.

10. *Sales volume reports.* Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6-month period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6-month period, you shall file with the Distribution Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which you have delivered in that 6-month period.

This special order may be amended or revoked at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective on the 31st day of August 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 30, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10626; Filed, Aug. 30, 1951; 3:05 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 593]

GOLD STAR MATTRESS, INC.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This is an order establishing uniform retail prices issued upon the basis of an application filed by a supplier under section 43 of CPR 7. This section gives a manufacturer or wholesaler the right to apply for uniform retail ceiling prices for certain of his branded articles. This section requires that the articles must customarily have been sold at substantially uniform prices, and the ceiling prices applied for must not raise the general level of prices under CPR 7. The order may, of course, be amended or revoked if further review shows that the requirements of the regulation have not been fully met.

This special order requires each article to be tagged or marked with the retail ceiling price. The supplier must send to each retailer a copy of this special order, as well as a list of ceiling prices for each article or cost line and notice of all amendments. The order requires the supplier to file certain sales reports with OPS.

Retailers will be concerned with Sections 1 through 6 of this special order which contain provisions applying to them. The rest of the order is of interest primarily to the applicant.

Order. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to section 43 of CPR 7, it is ordered that the following provisions be in effect:

Provisions for Retailers—1. *What this order does.* Sections 1 through 6 apply to you and establish uniform ceiling prices if you sell at retail the articles identified below:

Name and address of applicant: Gold Star Mattress, Inc., 9 Federal Street, Providence 3, R. I.

Brand names: "Spring Air #10", "Spring Air #20", "Spring Air #30", "Spring Air #40", "Spring Air #50", "Spring Air #60", "Spring Air #70", "Spring Air Spinal Aid", and "Spring Air Back-Supporter".

Articles: Mattresses and box springs.

2. *Retail ceiling prices for listed articles.* Your ceiling prices for sales at retail of the articles identified above are the retail prices listed in your supplier's application filed with OPS. These prices will be included in a list which will be annexed to the copy of this order which you will receive from your supplier. The list of ceiling prices will be filed with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. These ceiling prices are effective 10 days after you receive this order and the ceiling price list but in no event later than 60 days after the date this order is issued. You shall not sell above these ceiling prices. You may, of course, sell below these prices.

3. *Retail ceiling prices for unlisted items.* Some or all of the retail ceiling prices in this order are fixed in terms of the cost of the article to you. Whenever you receive one of applicant's branded articles which is in the same category and which has the same net cost as one

covered by the list, the ceiling price for such article shall be the same as the ceiling price for the article having that same net cost.

4. *Retail ceiling prices affected by amendment to this order.* This order may be amended from time to time or it may be revoked. If so, the applicant is required to send you a copy of the revocation or amendment, together with any list of changes or additions in retail ceiling prices. The ceiling prices contained in any such amendment become your ceiling prices.

5. *Marking and tagging.* This order requires your supplier to pre-ticket his articles by an early date. The label, tag or ticket must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $--------

After 60 days from the effective date of this order, unless you receive articles marked or tagged in this form, you must so mark or tag them yourself. Before that date you must mark, tag or post your prices in the manner required by the regulation which applies in the absence of this special order.

With respect to articles the ceiling prices of which are affected by any amendment to this order, the same rules apply except that you must mark or tag such articles as stated above not later than 60 days after the effective date of the amendment.

6. *Applicability.* This special order establishes your ceiling prices for the articles covered by it regardless of whether you would otherwise price the articles under CPR 7 or any other regulation. It applies to sales in the 48 States and the District of Columbia.

Provisions for the applicant—7. *Notification to retailers.* As the manufacturer or wholesaler to whom this special order is issued, you shall do the following:

(a) *Sending order and list to old customers.* Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, you shall send a copy of this order, together with a copy of the list referred to in section 8 below to each purchaser for resale to whom, within 2 months immediately prior to the effective date, you had delivered any article covered by this order.

(b) *Notification to new customers.* A copy of this special order and the list shall be sent to all other purchasers for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered by this order.

(c) *Notification with respect to amendments.* Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to this order, you shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within 2 months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, you had delivered any article included in such amendment. Within 15 days after any amendment, the amendment shall also be included with the notification to new customers.

(d) *Notification to OPS.* Within 15 days of the effective date of this order, you shall send a copy of the list of prices referred to in section 8 below to the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

8. *Ceiling price list.* The ceiling price list must be annexed to a copy of the order and shall contain the cost and discount terms to retailers for each article covered by this special order and the corresponding retail ceiling prices fixed by the order. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1) Price to retailers	(Column 2) Retailer's ceilings for articles of cost listed in column 1
$_____ per_____{unit. dozen. etc.	Terms{net. percent EOM. etc. $_____

9. *Preticketing requirements.* As the applicant to whom this special order is issued, you must, within 60 days after the effective date of this order (or in the case of an amendment within 60 days after the effective date of that amendment), mark each article covered by this order with a statement in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $--------

Instead of marking the article you may attach a label, tag or ticket containing the same information.

10. *Sales volume reports.* Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6-month period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6-month period, you shall file with the Distribution Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which you have delivered in that 6-month period.

This special order may be amended or revoked at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective on the 31st of August 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 30, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10627; Filed, Aug. 30, 1951; 3:06 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 594]

DIXIE BEDDING CO.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This is an order establishing uniform retail prices issued upon the basis of an application filed by a supplier under section 43 of CPR 7. This section gives a manufacturer or wholesaler the right to apply for uniform retail ceiling prices for certain of his branded articles. This section requires that the articles must customarily have been sold at substantially uniform prices, and the ceiling prices applied for must not raise the general level of prices under CPR 7. The order may, of course, be amended or revoked if further review shows that the requirements of the regulation have not been fully met.

This special order requires each article to be tagged or marked with the retail ceiling price. The supplier must send to each retailer a copy of this special order, as well as a list of ceiling prices for each article or cost line and notice of all amendments. The order requires the supplier to file certain sales reports with OPS.

Retailers will be concerned with Sections 1 through 6 of this special order which contain provisions applying to them. The rest of the order is of interest primarily to the applicant.

Order. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to Section 43 of CPR 7, it is ordered that the following provisions be in effect:

Provisions for retailers—1. *What this order does.* Sections 1 through 6 apply to you and establish uniform ceiling prices if you sell at retail the articles identified below:

Name and address of applicant: Dixie Bedding Company, P. O. Box 5098, Tate Street Station, Greensboro, North Carolina.

Brand names: "Serta Theralator Orthopedic", "Serta Sertafoam Sleep Set", "Serta Perfect Sleeper Imperial", "Serta Perfect Sleeper Deluxe", "Serta Perfect Sleeper Orthopedic", "Serta Perfect Sleeper", "Serta Sertarest Deluxe", "Serta Sertarest", "Serta Sertaflex", "Serta Tiny Perfect Sleeper", "O'Henry-down", "O'Henryrest X-Trafirm", "O'Henryrest", "Hospital and Hotel", "Venus", and "Mayflower".

Articles: Mattresses and box springs.

2. *Retail ceiling prices for listed articles.* Your ceiling prices for sales at retail of the articles identified above are the retail prices listed in your supplier's application filed with OPS. These prices will be included in a list which will be annexed to the copy of this order which you will receive from your supplier. The list of ceiling prices will be filed with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. These ceiling prices are effective 10 days after you receive this order and the ceiling price list but in no event later than 60 days after the date this order is issued. You shall not sell above these ceiling prices. You may, of course, sell below these prices.

3. *Retail ceiling prices for unlisted items.* Some or all of the retail ceiling prices in this order are fixed in terms of the cost of the article to you. Whenever you receive one of applicant's branded articles which is in the same category and which has the same net cost as one covered by the list, the ceiling price for such article shall be the same as the ceiling price for the article having that same net cost.

4. *Retail ceiling prices affected by amendment to this order.* This order may be amended from time to time or it may be revoked. If so, the applicant is required to send you a copy of the revocation or amendment, together with any list of changes or additions in retail ceil-

ing prices. The ceiling prices contained in any such amendment become your ceiling prices.

5. *Marking and tagging.* This order requires your supplier to pre-ticket his articles by an early date. The label, tag or ticket must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

After 60 days from the effective date of this order, unless you receive articles marked or tagged in this form, you must so mark or tag them yourself. Before that date you must mark, tag or post your prices in the manner required by the regulation which applies in the absence of this special order.

With respect to articles the ceiling prices of which are affected by any amendment to this order, the same rules apply except that you must mark or tag such articles as stated above not later than 60 days after the effective date of the amendment.

6. *Applicability.* This special order establishes your ceiling prices for the articles covered by it regardless of whether you would otherwise price the articles under CPR 7 or any other regulation. It applies to sales in the 48 states and the District of Columbia.

Provisions for the applicant. 7. *Notification to retailers.* As the manufacturer or wholesaler to whom this special order is issued, you shall do the following:

(a) *Sending order and list to old customers.* Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, you shall send a copy of this order, together with a copy of the list referred to in Section 8 below to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, you had delivered any article covered by this order.

(b) *Notification to new customers.* A copy of this special order and the list shall be sent to all other purchasers for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered by this order.

(c) *Notification with respect to amendments.* Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to this order, you shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, you had delivered any article included in such amendment. Within 15 days after any amendment, the amendment shall also be included with the notification to new customers.

(d) *Notification to OPS.* Within 15 days of the effective date of this order, you shall send a copy of the list of prices referred to in section 8 below to the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

8. *Ceiling price list.* The ceiling price list must be annexed to a copy of the order and shall contain the cost and discount terms to retailers for each article covered by this special order and the corresponding retail ceiling prices fixed by the order. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1)	(Column 2)
Price to retailers	Retailer's ceilings for articles of cost listed in column 1
$_____ per_____{unit. dozen. etc.	Terms{net. percent EOM. etc. $_____

9. *Pre-ticketing requirements.* As the applicant to whom this special order is issued, you must, within 60 days after the effective date of this order (or in the case of an amendment within 60 days after the effective date of that amendment) mark each article covered by this order with a statement in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

Instead of marking the article you may attach a label, tag or ticket containing the same information.

10. *Sales volume reports.* Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6-month period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6-month period, you shall file with the Distribution Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which you have delivered in that 6-month period.

This special order may be amended or revoked at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective on the 31st of August, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 30, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10628; Filed, Aug. 30, 1951; 3:06 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 595]

JAMISON BEDDING, INC.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This is an order establishing uniform retail prices issued upon the basis of an application filed by a supplier under section 43 of CPR 7. This section gives a manufacturer or wholesaler the right to apply for uniform retail ceiling prices for certain of his branded articles. This section requires that the articles must customarily have been sold at substantially uniform prices, and the ceiling prices applied for must not raise the general level of prices under CPR 7. The order may, of course, be amended or revoked if further review shows that the requirements of the regulation have not been fully met.

This special order requires each article to be tagged or marked with the retail ceiling price. The supplier must send to each retailer a copy of this special order, as well as a list of ceiling prices for each article or cost line and notice of all amendments. The order requires the supplier to file certain sales reports with OPS.

Retailers will be concerned with sections 1 through 6 of this special order which contain provisions applying to them. The rest of the order is of interest primarily to the applicant.

Order. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to section 43 of CPR 7, it is ordered that the following provisions be in effect:

Provisions for retailers—1. *What this order does.* Sections 1 through 6 apply to you and establish uniform ceiling prices if you sell at retail the articles identified below:

Name and address of applicant: Jamison Bedding, Inc., Nashville, Tennessee.

Brand names: "Serta Serta-foam", "Serta Perfect Sleeper", "Serta Perfect Sleeper Deluxe", "Serta Restal Knight", "Serta Perfect Sleeper Theralator", "Serta Tiny Perfect Sleeper", "Sweet Slumber", "Sweet Slumber Supreme", "Sweet Slumber Deluxe", "Bed O'Rest", "Gold Seal", "Superior", "Sweet Sleep", "Haven O'Rest", "Iris", "Queens Quality", "Sleep Deluxe", "Cumberland", "Hotel and Hospital", "King Kumfort", "Paramount", "Embassy", "Imperial Leader".

Articles: Mattresses and box springs.

2. *Retail ceiling prices for listed articles.* Your ceiling prices for sales at retail of the articles identified above are the retail prices listed in your supplier's application filed with OPS. These prices will be included in a list which will be annexed to the copy of this order which you will receive from your supplier. The list of ceiling prices will be filed with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. These ceiling prices are effective 10 days after you receive this order and the ceiling price list but in no event later than 60 days after the date this order is issued. You shall not sell above these ceiling prices. You may, of course, sell below these prices.

3. *Retail ceiling prices for unlisted items.* Some or all of the retail ceiling prices in this order are fixed in terms of the cost of the article to you. Whenever you receive one of applicant's branded articles which is in the same category and which has the same net cost as one covered by the list, the ceiling price for such article shall be the same as the ceiling price for the article having that same net cost.

4. *Retail ceiling prices affected by amendment to this order.* This order may be amended from time to time or it may be revoked. If so, the applicant is required to send you a copy of the revocation or amendment, together with any list of changes or additions in retail ceiling prices. The ceiling prices contained in any such amendment become your ceiling prices.

5. *Marking and tagging.* This order requires your supplier to pre-ticket his articles by an early date. The label, tag or ticket must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

After 60 days from the effective date of this order, unless you receive articles marked or tagged in this form, you must so mark or tag them yourself. Before

that date you must mark, tag or post your prices in the manner required by the regulation which applies in the absence of this special order.

With respect to articles the ceiling prices of which are affected by any amendment to this order, the same rules apply except that you must mark or tag such articles as stated above not later than 60 days after the effective date of the amendment.

6. *Applicability.* This special order establishes your ceiling prices for the articles covered by it regardless of whether you would otherwise price the articles under CPR 7 or any other regulation. It applies to sales in the 48 states and the District of Columbia.

Provisions for the applicant. 7. *Notification to retailers.* As the manufacturer or wholesaler to whom this special order is issued, you shall do the following:

(a) *Sending order and list to old customers.* Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, you shall send a copy of this order, together with a copy of the list referred to in section 8 below to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, you had delivered any article covered by this order.

(b) *Notification to new customers.* A copy of this special order and the list shall be sent to all other purchasers for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered by this order.

(c) *Notification with respect to amendments.* Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to this order, you shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within 2 months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, you had delivered any article included in such amendment. Within 15 days after any amendment, the amendment shall also be included with the notification to new customers.

(d) *Notification to OPS.* Within 15 days of the effective date of this order, you shall send a copy of the list of prices referred to in section 8 below to the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

8. *Ceiling price list.* The ceiling price list must be annexed to a copy of the order and shall contain the cost and discount terms to retailers for each article covered by this special order and the corresponding retail ceiling prices fixed by the order. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1)	(Column 2)
Price to retailers	Retailer's ceilings for articles of cost listed in column 1
$_____ per_____{unit. / dozen. / etc.} Terms {net. / percent EOM. / etc.}	$_____;

9. *Preticketing requirements.* As the applicant to whom this special order is issued, you must, within 60 days after the effective date of this order (or in the case of an amendment within 60 days after the effective date of that amendment), mark each article covered by this order with a statement in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

Instead of marking the article you may attach a label, tag or ticket containing the same information.

10. *Sales volume reports.* Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6-month period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6-month period, you shall file with the Distribution Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which you have delivered in that 6-month period.

This special order may be amended or revoked at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective on the 31st of August 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 30, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10629; Filed, Aug. 30, 1951; 3:06 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 596]

IDEAL BEDDING CO.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This is an order establishing uniform retail prices issued upon the basis of an application filed by a supplier under section 43 of CPR 7. This section gives a manufacturer or wholesaler the right to apply for uniform retail ceiling prices for certain of his branded articles. This section requires that the articles must customarily have been sold at substantially uniform prices, and the ceiling prices applied for must not raise the general level of prices under CPR 7. The order may, of course, be amended or revoked if further review shows that the requirements of the regulation have not been fully met.

This special order requires each article to be tagged or marked with the retail ceiling price. The supplier must send to each retailer a copy of this special order, as well as a list of ceiling prices for each article or cost line and notice of all amendments. The order requires the supplier to file certain sales reports with OPS.

Retailers will be concerned with sections 1 through 6 of this special order which contain provisions applying to them. The rest of the order is of interest primarily to the applicant.

Order. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to section 43 of CPR 7, it is ordered that the following provisions be in effect:

Provisions for retailers—1. *What this order does.* Sections 1 through 6 apply to you and establish uniform ceiling prices if you sell at retail the articles identified below:

Name and address of applicant: Ideal Bedding Company, 108 Pulliam Street, Richmond 20, Va.

Brand names: "Ideal Perfectrest", "Ideal Everest", "Ideal Majestic", "Ideal Virginian", "Ideal Superb", and "Ideal Plymouth".

Articles: Mattresses and box springs.

2. *Retail ceiling prices for listed articles.* Your ceiling prices for sales at retail of the articles identified above are the retail prices listed in your supplier's application filed with OPS. These prices will be included in a list which will be annexed to the copy of this order which you will receive from your supplier. The list of ceiling prices will be filed with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. These ceiling prices are effective 10 days after you receive this order and the ceiling price list but in no event later than 60 days after the date this order is issued. You shall not sell above these ceiling prices. You may, of course, sell below these prices.

3. *Retail ceiling prices for unlisted items.* Some or all of the retail ceiling prices in this order are fixed in terms of the cost of the article to you. Whenever you receive one of applicant's branded articles which is in the same category and which has the same net cost as one covered by the list, the ceiling price for such article shall be the same as the ceiling price for the article having that same net cost.

4. *Retail ceiling prices affected by amendment to this order.* This order may be amended from time to time or it may be revoked. If so, the applicant is required to send you a copy of the revocation or amendment, together with any list of changes or additions in retail ceiling prices. The ceiling prices contained in any such amendment become your ceiling prices.

5. *Marking and tagging.* This order requires your supplier to pre-ticket his articles by an early date. The label, tag or ticket must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

After 60 days from the effective date of this order, unless you receive articles marked or tagged in this form, you must so mark or tag them yourself. Before that date you must mark, tag or post your prices in the manner required by the regulation which applies in the absence of this special order.

With respect to articles the ceiling prices of which are affected by any amendment to this order, the same rules apply except that you must mark or tag such articles as stated above not later than 60 days after the effective date of the amendment.

6. *Applicability.* This special order establishes your ceiling prices for the articles covered by it regardless of whether you would otherwise price the articles under CPR 7 or any other regulation. It applies to sales in the 48 States and the District of Columbia.

Provisions for the Applicant—7. *Notification to retailers.* As the manufacturer or wholesaler to whom this special order is issued, you shall do the following:

(a) *Sending order and list to old customers.* Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, you shall send a copy of this order, together with a copy of the list referred to in Section 8 below to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, you had delivered any article covered by this order.

(b) *Notification to new customers.* A copy of this special order and the list shall be sent to all other purchasers for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered by this order.

(c) *Notification with respect to amendments.* Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to this order, you shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, you had delivered any article included in such amendment. Within 15 days after any amendment, the amendment shall also be included with the notification to new customers.

(d) *Notification to OPS.* Within 15 days of the effective date of this order, you shall send a copy of the list of prices referred to in section 8 below to the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

8. *Ceiling price list.* The ceiling price list must be annexed to a copy of the order and shall contain the cost and discount terms to retailers for each article covered by this special order and the corresponding retail ceiling prices fixed by the order. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1)	(Column 2)
Price to retailers	Retailer's ceilings for articles of cost listed in column 1
$_____ per_____{unit. / dozen. / etc.} Terms {net. / percent EOM. / etc.}	$_____

9. *Preticketing requirements.* As the applicant to whom this special order is issued, you must, within 60 days after the effective date of this order (or in the case of an amendment within 60 days after the effective date of that amendment), mark each article covered by this order with a statement in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

Instead of marking the article you may attach a label, tag or ticket containing the same information.

10. *Sales volume reports.* Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6-month period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6-month period, you shall file with the Distribution Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which you have delivered in that 6-month period.

This special order may be amended or revoked at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective on the 31st of August 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 30, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10630; Filed, Aug. 30, 1951; 3:06 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 597]

C. O. HASSELBARTH, INC.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This is an order establishing uniform retail prices issued upon the basis of an application filed by a supplier under section 43 of CPR 7. This section gives a manufacturer or wholesaler the right to apply for uniform retail ceiling prices for certain of his branded articles. This section requires that the articles must customarily have been sold at substantially uniform prices, and the ceiling prices applied for must not raise the general level of prices under CPR 7. The order may, of course, be amended or revoked if further review shows that the requirements of the regulation have not been fully met.

This special order requires each article to be tagged or marked with the retail ceiling price. The supplier must send to each retailer a copy of this special order, as well as a list of ceiling prices for each article or cost line and notice of all amendments. The order requires the supplier to file certain sales reports with OPS.

Retailers will be concerned with sections 1 through 6 of this special order which contain provisions applying to them. The rest of the order is of interest primarily to the applicant.

Order. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to section 43 of CPR 7, it is ordered that the following provisions be in effect:

Provisions for retailers. 1. *What this order does.* Sections 1 through 6 apply to you and establish uniform ceiling prices if you sell at retail the articles identified below:

Name and address of applicant: C. O. Hasselbarth, Inc., Albany 7, New York.

Brand names: "Dream Nest", "Starlite", "The Kempress", "Redi-Sleep", "Tempret Relaxor", "Super Dream Nest", "Hotel Special", "Spring Air #50", "Spring Air #70", "Spring Air #30", "Spring Air #10", "Spring Air Sleep Cushion", "Spring Air Rubber Topper", "Spring Air Extra Firm", and "Spring Air Extra Long".

Articles: Mattresses and box springs.

2. *Retail ceiling prices for listed articles.* Your ceiling prices for sales at retail of the articles identified above are the retail prices listed in your supplier's application filed with OPS. These prices will be included in a list which will be annexed to the copy of this order which you will receive from your supplier. The list of ceiling prices will be filed with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. These ceiling prices are effective 10 days after you receive this order and the ceiling price list but in no event later than 60 days after the date this order is issued. You shall not sell above these ceiling prices. You may, of course, sell below these prices.

3. *Retail ceiling prices for unlisted items.* Some or all of the retail ceiling prices in this order are fixed in terms of the cost of the article to you. Whenever you receive one of applicant's branded articles which is in the same category and which has the same net cost as one covered by the list, the ceiling price for such article shall be the same as the ceiling price for the article having that same net cost.

4. *Retail ceiling prices affected by amendment to this order.* This order may be amended from time to time or it may be revoked. If so, the applicant is required to send you a copy of the revocation or amendment, together with any list of changes or additions in retail ceiling prices. The ceiling prices contained in any such amendment become your ceiling prices.

5. *Marking and tagging.* This order requires your supplier to pre-ticket his articles by an early date. The label, tag or ticket must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

After 60 days from the effective date of this order, unless you receive articles marked or tagged in this form, you must so mark or tag them yourself. Before that date you must mark, tag or post your prices in the manner required by the regulation which applies in the absence of this special order.

With respect to articles the ceiling prices of which are affected by any amendment to this order, the same rules apply except that you must mark or tag such articles as stated above not later than 60 days after the effective date of the amendment.

6. *Applicability.* This special order establishes your ceiling prices for the articles covered by it regardless of whether you would otherwise price the articles under CPR 7 or any other regulation. It applies to sales in the 48 States and the District of Columbia.

Provisions for the applicant—7. *Notification to retailers.* As the manufacturer or wholesaler to whom this special order is issued, you shall do the following:

(a) *Sending order and list to old customers.* Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, you shall send a copy of this order, together with a copy of the list referred to in section 8 below to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, you had delivered any article covered by this order.

(b) *Notification to new customers.* A copy of this special order and the list shall be sent to all other purchasers for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered by this order.

(c) *Notification with respect to amendments.* Within 15 days after the

effective date of any subsequent amendment to this order, you shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, you had delivered any article included in such amendment. Within 15 days after any amendment, the amendment shall also be included with the notification to new customers.

(d) *Notification to OPS.* Within 15 days of the effective date of this order, you shall send a copy of the list of prices referred to in section 8 below to the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

8. *Ceiling price list.* The ceiling price list must be annexed to a copy of the order and shall contain the cost and discount terms to retailers for each article covered by this special order and the corresponding retail ceiling prices fixed by the order. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1)	(Column 2)
Price to retailers	Retailer's ceilings for articles of cost listed in column 1

$_____ per _____ {unit. dozen. etc.} Terms {net. percent EOM. etc.}

$_____

9. *Pre-ticketing requirements.* As the applicant to whom this special order is issued, you must, within 60 days after the effective date of this order (or in the case of an amendment within 60 days after the effective date of that amendment), mark each article covered by this order with a statement in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

Instead of marking the article you may attach a label, tag or ticket containing the same information.

10. *Sales volume reports.* Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6-month period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6-month period, you shall file with the Distribution Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which you have delivered in that 6-month period.

This special order may be amended or revoked at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective on the 31st of August 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 30, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10631; Filed, Aug. 30, 1951; 3:07 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 598]

KLIK PROMOTIONS, INC.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This is an order establishing uniform retail prices issued upon the basis of an application filed by a supplier under section 43 of CPR 7. This section gives a manufacturer or wholesaler the right to apply for uniform retail ceiling prices for certain of his branded articles. This section requires that the articles must customarily have been sold at substantially uniform prices, and the ceiling prices applied for must not raise the general level of prices under CPR 7. The order may, of course, be amended or revoked if further review shows that the requirements of the regulation have not been fully met.

This special order requires each article to be tagged or marked with the retail ceiling price. The supplier must send to each retailer a copy of this special order, as well as a list of ceiling prices for each article or cost line and notice of all amendments. The order requires the supplier to file certain sales reports with OPS.

Retailers will be concerned with sections 1 through 6 of this special order which contain provisions applying to them. The rest of the order is of interest primarily to the applicant.

Order. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to section 43 of CPR 7, it is ordered that the following provisions be in effect:

Provisions for retailers—1. What this order does. Sections 1 through 6 apply to you and establish uniform ceiling prices if you sell at retail the articles identified below:

Name and address of applicant: Klik Promotions, Inc., 303 Fifth Avenue, New York 16, N. Y.

Brand names: "Glove Lock".

Articles: women's glove holders.

2. *Retail ceiling prices for listed articles.* Your ceiling prices for sales at retail of the articles identified above are the retail prices listed in your supplier's application filed with OPS. These prices will be included in a list which will be annexed to the copy of this order which you will receive from your supplier. The list of ceiling prices will be filed with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. These ceiling prices are effective 10 days after you receive this order and the ceiling price list but in no event later than 60 days after the date this order is issued. You shall not sell above these ceiling prices. You may, of course, sell below these prices.

3. *Retail ceiling prices for unlisted items.* Some or all of the retail ceiling prices in this order are fixed in terms of the cost of the article to you. Whenever you receive one of applicant's branded articles which is in the same category and which has the same net cost as one covered by the list, the ceiling price for such article shall be the same as the ceiling price for the article having that same net cost.

4. *Retail ceiling prices affected by amendment to this order.* This order may be amended from time to time or it may be revoked. If so, the applicant is required to send you a copy of the revocation or amendment, together with any list of changes or additions in retail ceiling prices. The ceiling prices contained in any such amendment become your ceiling prices.

5. *Marking and tagging.* This order requires your supplier to preticket his articles by an early date. The label, tag or ticket must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $ _____

After 60 days from the effective date of this order, unless you receive articles marked or tagged in this form, you must so mark or tag them yourself. Before that date you must mark, tag or post your prices in the manner required by the regulation which applies in the absence of this special order.

With respect to articles the ceiling prices of which are affected by any amendment to this order, the same rules apply except that you must mark or tag such articles as stated above not later than 60 days after the effective date of the amendment.

6. *Applicability.* This special order establishes your ceiling prices for the articles covered by it regardless of whether you would otherwise price the articles under CPR 7 or any other regulation. It applies to sales in the 48 States and the District of Columbia.

Provisions for the applicant—7. Notification to retailers. As the manufacturer or wholesaler to whom this special order is issued, you shall do the following:

(a) *Sending order and list to old customers.* Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, you shall send a copy of this order, together with a copy of the list referred to in section 8 below to each purchaser for resale to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date, you had delivered any article covered by this order.

(b) *Notification to new customers.* A copy of this special order and the list shall be sent to all other purchasers for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered by this order.

(c) *Notification with respect to amendments.* Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to this order, you shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within two months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, you had delivered any article included in such amendment. Within 15 days after any amendment, the amendment shall also be included with the notification to new customers.

(d) *Notification to OPS.* Within 15 days of the effective date of this order, you shall send a copy of the list of prices referred to in section 8 below to the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

8. *Ceiling price list.* The ceiling price list must be annexed to a copy of the order and shall contain the cost and discount terms to retailers for each article covered by this special order and the corresponding retail ceiling prices fixed by the order. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1) Price to retailers	(Column 2) Retailer's ceilings for articles of cost listed in column 1
$_____ per_____{unit. dozen. etc.}	Terms{net. percent EOM. etc.} $_____

9. *Preticketing requirements.* As the applicant to whom this special order is issued, you must, within 60 days after the effective date of this order (or in the case of an amendment within 60 days after the effective date of that amendment), mark each article covered by this order with a statement in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

Instead of marking the article you may attach a label, tag or ticket containing the same information.

10. *Sales volume reports.* Within 45 days of the expiration of the first 6-month period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6-month period, you shall file with the Distribution Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which you have delivered in that 6-month period.

This special order may be amended or revoked at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective on the 31st of August 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 30, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10632; Filed, Aug. 30, 1951; 8:07 p. m.]

[Ceiling Price Regulation 7, Section 43, Special Order 599]

HELBROS WATCH COMPANY, INC.

CEILING PRICES AT RETAIL

Statement of considerations. This is an order establishing uniform retail prices issued upon the basis of an application filed by a supplier under section 43 of CPR 7. This section gives a manufacturer or wholesaler the right to apply for uniform retail ceiling prices for certain of his branded articles. This section requires that the articles must customarily have been sold at substantially uniform prices, and the ceiling prices applied for must not raise the general level of prices under CPR 7. The order may, of course, be amended or revoked if further review shows that the requirements of the regulation have not been fully met.

This special order requires each article to be tagged or marked with the retail ceiling price. The supplier must send to each retailer a copy of this special order, as well as a list of ceiling prices for each article or cost line and notice of all amendments. The order requires the supplier to file certain sales reports with OPS.

Retailers will be concerned with sections 1 through 6 of this special order which contain provisions applying to them. The rest of the order is of interest primarily to the applicant.

Order. For the reasons set forth in the Statement of Considerations and pursuant to section 43 of CPR 7, it is ordered that the following provisions be in effect:

Provisions for retailers—1. *What this order does.* Sections 1 through 6 apply to you and establish uniform ceiling prices if you sell at retail the articles identified below:

Name and address of applicant: Helbros Watch Company, Inc., 6 West Forty-eighth Street, New York, N. Y.

Brand names: "Helbros".

Articles: Men's and women's wrist watches, pocket watches, watch bracelets, and watch ensemble sets.

2. *Retail ceiling prices for listed articles.* Your ceiling prices for sales at retail of the articles identified above are the retail prices listed in your supplier's application filed with OPS. These prices will be included in a list which will be annexed to the copy of this order which you will receive from your supplier. The list of ceiling prices will be filed with the Federal Register as an appendix to this special order as soon as practicable. These ceiling prices are effective 10 days after you receive this order and the ceiling price list but in no event later than 60 days after the date this order is issued. You shall not sell above these ceiling prices. You may, of course, sell below these prices.

3. *Retail ceiling prices for unlisted items.* Some or all of the retail ceiling prices in this order are fixed in terms of the cost of the article to you. Whenever you receive one of applicant's branded articles which is in the same category and which has the same net cost as one covered by the list, the ceiling price for such article shall be the same as the ceiling price for the article having that same net cost.

4. *Retail ceiling prices affected by amendment to this order.* This order may be amended from time to time or it may be revoked. If so, the applicant is required to send you a copy of the revocation or amendment, together with any list of changes or additions in retail ceiling prices. The ceiling prices contained in any such amendment become your ceiling prices.

5. *Marking and tagging.* This order requires your supplier to preticket his articles by an early date. The label, tag or ticket must be in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

After 60 days from the effective date of this order, unless you receive articles marked or tagged in this form, you must so mark or tag them yourself. Before that date you must mark, tag or post your prices in the manner required by the regulation which applies in the absence of this special order.

With respect to articles the ceiling prices of which are affected by any amendment to this order, the same rules apply except that you must mark or tag such articles as stated above not later than 60 days after the effective date of the amendment.

6. *Applicability.* This special order establishes your ceiling prices for the articles covered by it regardless of whether you would otherwise price the articles under CPR 7 or any other regulation. It applies to sales in the 48 states and the District of Columbia.

Provisions for the applicant—7. *Notification to retailers.* As the manufacturer or wholesaler to whom this special order is issued, you shall do the following:

(a) *Sending order and list to old customers.* Within 15 days after the effective date of this special order, you shall send a copy of this order, together with a copy of the list referred to in Section 8 below to each purchaser for resale to whom, within 2 months immediately prior to the effective date, you had delivered any article covered by this order.

(b) *Notification to new customers.* A copy of this special order and the list shall be sent to all other purchasers for resale on or before the date of the first delivery of any article covered by this order.

(c) *Notification with respect to amendments.* Within 15 days after the effective date of any subsequent amendment to this order, you shall send a copy of the amendment to each purchaser to whom, within 2 months immediately prior to the effective date of such amendment, you had delivered any article included in such amendment. Within 15 days after any amendment, the amendment shall also be included with the notification to new customers.

(d) *Notification to OPS.* Within 15 days of the effective date of this order, you shall send a copy of the list of prices referred to in section 8 below to the Distribution Branch, Consumer Soft Goods Division, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C.

8. *Ceiling price list.* The ceiling price list must be annexed to a copy of the order and shall contain the cost and discount terms to retailers for each article covered by this special order and the corresponding retail ceiling prices fixed by the order. The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

(Column 1) Price to retailers	(Column 2) Retailer's ceilings for articles of cost listed in column 1
$_____ per_____{unit. dozen. etc.}	Terms{net. percent EOM. etc.} $_____

9. *Preticketing requirements.* As the applicant to whom this special order is issued, you must, within 60 days after the effective date of this order (or in the case of an amendment within 60 days after the effective date of that amendment), mark each article covered by this order with a statement in the following form:

OPS—Sec. 43—CPR 7
Price $_____

Instead of marking the article you may attach a label, tag or ticket containing the same information.

10. *Sales volume reports.* Within 45 days of the expiration of the first

6-month period following the effective date of this special order and within 45 days of the expiration of each successive 6-month period, you shall file with the Distribution Branch, Office of Price Stabilization, Washington 25, D. C., a report setting forth the number of units of each article covered by this special order which you have delivered in that 6-month period.

This special order may be amended or revoked at any time.

Effective date. This special order shall become effective on the 31st of August, 1951.

MICHAEL V. DISALLE,
Director of Price Stabilization.

AUGUST 30, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10633; Filed, Aug. 30, 1951; 3:07 p. m.]

[Region 5 Redelegation of Authority 1]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION 5

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO AUTHORIZE MARK-UPS IN EXCESS OF APPENDIX "E" OF CPR 7 AND TO PERMIT PRICING METHODS FOR SETS (GROUPS OF ARTICLES) TO WHICH SERVICES HAVE BEEN ADDED AND FOR REPAIRED OR RECONDITIONED ARTICLES

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization, No. 5, pursuant to delegation of authority No. 5 (16 F. R. 3672) this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Atlanta, Georgia; Birmingham, Alabama; Columbia, South Carolina; Jackson, Mississippi; Jacksonville, Florida; Memphis, Tennessee; Miami, Florida; Montgomery, Alabama; Nashville, Tennessee, and Savannah, Georgia District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization to authorize by order in accordance with provisions of section 39 (b) (3) of CPR 7, mark-ups higher than those listed in Appendix "E" of that regulation.

2. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Atlanta, Georgia; Birmingham, Alabama; Columbia, South Carolina; Jackson, Mississippi; Jacksonville, Florida; Memphis, Tennessee; Miami, Florida; Montgomery, Alabama; Nashville, Tennessee and Savannah, Georgia District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization, Region 5, to permit by Order in accordance with section 39 (c) (2) of CPR 7, sellers to add to the total net costs of the constituent articles of assembled sets (groups of articles) to which services have been added, the costs of the services provided and a mark-up in line with the level of prices established by that regulation.

3. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Atlanta, Georgia; Birmingham, Alabama; Columbia, South Carolina; Jackson, Mississippi; Jacksonville, Florida; Memphis, Tennessee; Miami, Florida; Montgomery, Alabama; Nashville, Tennessee and Savannah, Georgia District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization to permit by Order, in accordance with section 39 (d) of CPR 7, sellers to add to the ceiling price established under that regulation the actual net cost of reconditioning or repairing the articles to be sold.

This redelegation of authority is effective as of July 15, 1951.

GEORGE D. PATTERSON, JR.,
Director of Regional Office No. 5.

SEPTEMBER 4, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10758; Filed, Sept. 4, 1951; 11:40 a. m.]

[Region 5, Redelegation of Authority 2]

DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES, REGION 5

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT ON APPLICATIONS PERTAINING TO CERTAIN FOOD AND RESTAURANT COMMODITIES

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Director of the Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization, No. 5, pursuant to delegation of authority No. 8, Amendment 1 (16 F. R. 6640) this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Atlanta, Georgia; Birmingham, Alabama; Columbia, South Carolina; Jackson, Mississippi; Jacksonville, Florida; Memphis, Tennessee; Miami, Florida; Montgomery, Alabama; Nashville, Tennessee and Savannah, Georgia District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization to act on all applications, price actions and adjustments under the provisions of section 21a of CPR 15.

This redelegation of authority is effective as of July 15, 1951.

GEORGE D. PATTERSON, Jr.,
Director of Regional Office No. 5.

SEPTEMBER 4, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10759; Filed, Sept. 4, 1951; 11:40 a. m.]

[Region VI, Redelegation of Authority 1, Supp. 1]

DIRECTOR OF CLEVELAND DISTRICT OFFICE, REGION VI

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT ON APPLICATIONS PERTAINING TO CERTAIN FOOD AND RETAURANT COMMODITIES

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Deputy Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. VI, pursuant to delegation of authority No. 8 16 F. R. 5659) and pursuant to delegation of authority No. 8, Amendment 1 (16 F. R. 6640) this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Director of the Cleveland, Ohio District Office of the Office of Price Stabilization to act under sections 15 (c), 26a, 28a, and 28b of CPR 14, sections 21a, 26, 26a, 27, and 30 (b) of CPR 15, and section 22 (b), 24, 24a, and 26 (b) of CPR 16. Authority is hereby delegated to the Director of the Cleveland District Office of the Office of Price Stabilization to action on all applications for price action and adjustment under the provisions of sections 15 (c), 26a, 28a, and 28b of CPR 14, sections 21a, 26, 26a, 27 and 30 (b) of CPR 15, and sections 22 (b), 24, 24a, and 26 (b) of CPR 16.

This redelegation of authority is effective as of August 30, 1951.

A. H. ANDERSON,
Deputy Director of Regional Office No. VI.

SEPTEMBER 4, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10760; Filed, Sept. 4, 1951; 11:40 a. m.]

[Region VI, Redelegation of Authority 2, Supp. 1]

DIRECTOR OF CLEVELAND DISTRICT OFFICE, REGION VI

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO AUTHORIZE MARKUPS IN EXCESS OF APPENDIX E OF CPR 7, AND TO PERMIT PRICING METHODS FOR SETS (GROUPS OF ARTICLES) TO WHICH SERVICES HAVE BEEN ADDED AND FOR REPAIRED OR RECONDITIONED ARTICLES

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Deputy Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. VI, pursuant to delegation of authority No. 5 (16 F. R. 3672) this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Director of the Cleveland, Ohio District Office of the Office of Price Stabilization, Region VI, to authorize, by order, in accordance with section 39 (b) of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, markups higher than those listed in Appendix E of that regulation.

2. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Director of the Cleveland, Ohio District Office of the Office of Price Stabilization to permit, by order, in accordance with section 39 (c) (2) of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, sellers to add to the total net costs of the constituent articles of assembled sets (groups of articles) to which services have been added, the cost of the services provided and a markup in line with the level of prices established by that regulation.

3. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Director of the Cleveland, Ohio District Office of the Office of Price Stabilization to permit, by order, in accordance with section 39 (d) of Ceiling Price Regulation 7, sellers to add to the ceiling price established under that regulation the actual net cost of reconditioning or repairing the articles to be sold.

This redelegation of authority is effective as of August 30, 1951.

A. H. ANDERSON,
Deputy Director of Regional Office No. VI.

SEPTEMBER 4, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10761; Filed, Sept. 4, 1951; 11:40 a. m.]

[Region VI, Redelegation of Authority 3, Supp. 1]

DIRECTOR OF CLEVELAND DISTRICT OFFICE, REGION VI

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT ON APPLICATIONS PERTAINING TO CERTAIN FOOD AND RESTAURANT COMMODITIES

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Deputy Director of the Regional

Office of Price Stabilization, No. VI, pursuant to delegation of authority No. 13 (16 F. R. 6806) this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority to act under section 13 of CPR 11, as amended. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Director of the Cleveland, Ohio District Office of the Office of Price Stabilization to act on all applications for price action and adjustment under the provisions of section 13 of CPR 11, as amended.

This redelegation of authority is effective as of August 30, 1951.

A. H. ANDERSON,
Deputy Director of Regional Office No. VI.

SEPTEMBER 4, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10762; Filed, Sept. 4, 1951; 11:40 a. m.]

[Region VI, Redelegation of Authority 4, Supp. 1]

DIRECTOR OF CLEVELAND DISTRICT OFFICE, REGION VI

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO ACT ON APPLICATIONS FOR ADJUSTMENT OF PRICES RELATING TO ICE

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Deputy Director of the Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. VI, pursuant to delegation of authority No. 14 (16 F. R. 7431) this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Director of the Cleveland, Ohio District Office of the Office of Price Stabilization to act on all applications for adjustment under the provisions of section 1-6 inclusive of GCPR, G. R. 45 as amended.

This redelegation of authority is effective as of August 30, 1951.

A. H. ANDERSON,
Deputy Director of Regional Office No. VI.

SEPTEMBER 4, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10763; Filed, Sept. 4, 1951; 11:41 a. m.]

[Region VI, Redelegation of Authority 5]

REGION VI
DIRECTORS OF DISTRICT OFFICES

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROCESS INITIAL REPORTS FILED BY CERTAIN RESTAURANT OPERATORS UNDER CPR 11

By virtue of the authority vested in me as Deputy Director of Regional Office of Price Stabilization, No. VI, pursuant to Delegation of Authority No. 17 (16 F. R. 8158) this redelegation of authority is hereby issued.

1. Authority is hereby redelegated to the Directors of the Cincinnati, Ohio; Cleveland, Ohio; Columbus, Ohio; Detroit, Michigan; Grand Rapids, Michigan; Louisville, Kentucky; and Toledo, Ohio District Offices of the Office of Price Stabilization to process the initial reports filed under Section 6 of CPR 11 and to revise food cost per dollar of sale ratio referred to in Section 4 thereof.

This redelegation of authority is effective as of August 31, 1951.

A. H. ANDERSON,
Deputy Director of Regional Office No. VI.

SEPTEMBER 4, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10764; Filed, Sept. 4, 1951; 11:41 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 26372]

CHLORINATED CAMPHENE AND OTHER COMMODITIES BETWEEN SOUTHERN AND OFFICIAL TERRITORIES

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 4, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. W. Boin and I. N. Doe, Agents, for carriers parties to Agent C. W. Boin's tariff I. C. C. No. A-726.

Commodities involved: Chlorinated camphene, benzine hexachloride and D. D. T. (dichloro-diphenyltrichloroethane), carloads.

Between: Trunk-line (including Buffalo-Pittsburgh territory) and New England territories, on the one hand, and points in southern territory, on the other, over all-rail and rail-water-rail routes.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail and water-rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to maintain grouping.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. W. Boin's tariff I. C. C. No. A-726, Supp. 237.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10754; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26373]

CANDY AND CONFECTIONERY BETWEEN BORDER TERRITORY AND THE EAST

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 4, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. W. Boin and I. N. Doe, Agents, for carriers parties to Agent C. W. Boin's tariff I. C. C. No. A-726.

Commodities involved: Candy, confectionery, and related articles, carloads.

Between: Points in trunk-line (including Buffalo-Pittsburgh territory) and New England territories, on the one hand, and points in North Carolina, southern Virginia, Kentucky, and northeastern Tennessee, on the other.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to maintain grouping.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. W. Boin's tariff I. C. C. No. A-726, Supp. 237.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10755; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26374]

TALL OIL FROM SOUTHWEST TO HOPEWELL, VA.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 4, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: D. Q. Marsh, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariffs I. C. C. Nos. 3906, 3908, and 3967.

Commodities involved: Tall oil, crude, carloads.

From: Specified points in the Southwest.

To: Hopewell, Va.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers and to apply over short tariff routes rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: D. Q. Marsh's tariff I. C. C. No. 3906, Supp. 69; D. Q. Marsh's tariff I. C. C. No. 3908, Supp. 68; D. Q. Marsh's tariff I. C. C. No. 3967, Supp. 29.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commis-

sion in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10756; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26375]

UNMANUFACTURED TOBACCO FROM NORTH CAROLINA TO CHARLESTON, S. C.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 4, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for the Atlantic and East Carolina Railway Company and other carriers.

Commodities involved: Tobacco, unmanufactured, leaf or scrap, including cuttings, carloads.

From: Goldsboro, Kinston, and New Bern, N. C.

To: Charleston, S. C.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 1184, Supp. 23.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10757; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:51 a. m.]

[Rev. S. O. 562, King's I. C. C. Order 52, Amdt. 3]

RAILROADS IN KANSAS, MISSOURI, ILLINOIS AND KENTUCKY

REROUTING OR DIVERSION OF TRAFFIC

Upon further consideration of King's I. C. C. Order No. 52 and good cause appearing therefor:

It is ordered, That:

King's I. C. C. Order No. 52 be, and it is hereby, amended by substituting the following paragraph (g) for paragraph (g) thereof:

(g) *Expiration date.* This order shall expire at 11:59 p. m., September 15, 1951, unless otherwise modified, changed, suspended or annulled.

It is further ordered, that this amendment shall become effective at 11:59 p. m., August 31, 1951, and that this order shall be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of all the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement, and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., August 31, 1951.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION,
HOMER C. KING,
Agent.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10753; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 70-2660]

CAMBRIDGE GAS LIGHT CO. ET AL.

ORDER AUTHORIZING ISSUANCE OF NOTES

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 29th day of August A. D. 1951.

In the matter of Cambridge Gas Light Company, Dedham and Hyde Park Gas Company, Milford Gas Light Company, New Bedford Gas and Edison Light Company, Plymouth Gas Light Company, Worcester Gas Light Company, File No. 70-2660.

Cambridge Gas Light Company ("Cambridge Gas"), Dedham and Hyde Park Gas Company ("Dedham"), Milford Gas Light Company ("Milford Gas"), New Bedford Gas and Edison Light Company ("New Bedford"), Plymouth Gas Light Company ("Plymouth Gas"), and Worcester Gas Light Company ("Worcester Gas"), subsidiary companies of New England Gas and Electric Association, a registered holding company, having filed an application and amendments thereto pursuant to section 6 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act") with respect to the following proposed transactions:

The applicant companies propose to issue and sell to The Travelers Insurance Company unsecured promissory notes in an aggregate principal amount of $1,674,000. Said notes are to be dated October 1, 1951, will mature October 1, 1961, and will be subject to a 10 percent annual sinking fund.

The following table shows the amount of notes proposed to be issued by each of the applicant companies and the interest rate per annum:

Company	Amount of notes proposed to be issued	Interest rate per annum
		Percent
Cambridge Gas	$60,000	3.375
Dedham	140,000	3.50
Milford Gas	37,000	3.75
New Bedford	560,000	3.125
Plymouth Gas	37,000	3.75
Worcester Gas	840,000	3.375
Total	$1,674,000	

At the invitation of the applicant companies, three insurance companies submitted proposals for the purchases of the notes. On July 11, 1951, the applicant companies accepted the proposal of The Travelers Insurance Company as representing the lowest cost of money.

The application states that the proceeds to be derived from the proposed note issues will be applied by each of the applicant companies to the necessary cost of converting customers' appliances and other expenses to be incurred in order to enable the companies to serve their customers with gas having a higher B. t. u. content, including natural gas.

The application also states that no fees, other than counsel fees, will be paid in connection with the proposed transactions. Total expenses are estimated at $3,700, including $1,200 for counsel fees (exclusive of fees and expenses of counsel for The Travelers Insurance Company which are to be paid by the applicants).

The application further states that no Federal commission, other than this Commission, and no State commission, other than the Department of Public Utilities of Massachusetts, which has issued orders approving the proposed note issues, has jurisdiction over the proposed transactions.

Said application having been filed on June 28, 1951, and notice of said filing having been duly given in the form and manner prescribed by Rule U-23 pursuant to said act, and the Commission not having received a request for a hearing with respect to said application within the period specified in said notice, or otherwise, and not having ordered a hearing thereon; and

The Commission finding with respect to said application, as amended, that all the applicable statutory standards are satisfied and deeming it appropriate in the interest of investors and consumers that said application, as amended, be granted forthwith:

It is ordered, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of the act, that said application, as amended, be and the same hereby is granted effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24, and to the reservation of jurisdiction over any

fees and expenses to be paid by the applicant companies to counsel for The Travelers Insurance Company in connection with the proposed transactions.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-10747; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2677]

ALABAMA POWER CO.

ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION AND PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE WITH RESPECT TO ISSUANCE AND SALE OF PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS AND TRANSFER FROM EARNED SURPLUS TO COMMON STOCK ACCOUNT

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 31st day of August 1951.

Alabama Power Company ("Alabama"), a subsidiary of The Southern Company ("Southern"), a registered holding company, having filed an application-declaration with three amendments thereto pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (the "act") and certain rules and regulations promulgated thereunder with respect to the following transactions:

Alabama proposes to issue and sell, pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50, promulgated under the act, $15,000,000 principal amount of its First Mortgage Bonds, ____ percent series, due 1981, to be issued under and secured by Alabama's present indenture dated as of January 1, 1942, as heretofore supplemented on October 1, 1947, and December 1, 1948, and to be further supplemented by an indenture to be dated as of September 1, 1951.

The invitation for bids will provide that each bid is to specify the coupon rate for the new bonds, which must be a multiple of ⅛ percent, and the price to be paid Alabama, exclusive of accrued interest, which price must be not less than 100 percent nor more than 102¾ percent of the principal amount of such bonds. Accrued interest from September 1, 1951, to the date of payment and delivery is to be paid to Alabama by the purchaser or purchasers.

The filing states that the proceeds from the sale of these new bonds will provide a portion of the funds required for the construction or acquisition of permanent improvements, extensions, and additions to Alabama's property, or to reimburse its treasury, in part, for expenditures made for such purpose. According to the filing, Alabama contemplates expenditures for construction for the three years 1951 through 1953 of $100,500,000. The management of Alabama estimates that, based upon the present level of earnings and current expectations with respect to the progress of this construction program, it will be necessary to raise approximately $16,000,000 of new money before the end of 1952 and approximately $24,000,000 of additional new money before the end of 1953. It is now contemplated by the management that this will be done through the issuance of additional securities of types and in amounts not yet determined. The construction program is subject, according to the filing, to modification because of changes in availability of equipment, defense measures, including governmental controls, general economic conditions, or other factors.

The filing contains, among other things, an order of the Alabama Public Service Commission expressly authorizing the issuance and sale of proposed new mortgage bonds by Alabama.

The filing indicates that Alabama, beginning August 1, 1945, in accordance with orders of the Federal Power Commission and of the Alabama Public Service Commission, is amortizing the amount classified as electric plant acquisition adjustments at the rate of $48,766 a month. The order of the Federal Power Commission directed such charge to be made to income deductions whereas the order of the Alabama Public Service Commission permits such charge to be made to operating expenses. By letter dated August 20, 1951, Alabama Public Service Commission has directed Alabama to continue the practice of charging this amortization to operating expenses.

Alabama also proposes to increase that part of capital stock represented by the 4,046,252 shares of its outstanding common stock from $53,522,121 to $61,022,121 by transferring $7,500,000 from earned surplus account to common stock stated capital account. It is represented that the amount so transferred represents a portion of the earned surplus of Alabama accumulated subsequent to January 31, 1942, and prior to January 1, 1948, the date as of which Southern restated its investments in subsidiary companies to their underlying book value.

Notice of the filing of this application-declaration having been duly given in the manner prescribed by Rule U-23 promulgated pursuant to the act and the Commission not having received a request for a hearing and not having ordered hearing thereon; and

The Commission finding with respect to said application-declaration as amended that all of the applicable statutory standards are satisfied and that there is no basis for any adverse findings, and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that said application-declaration as amended be granted and permitted to become effective forthwith;

It is hereby ordered, Pursuant to said Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of the act that the application-declaration as amended be, and the same hereby is, granted and permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24 and to the following additional terms and conditions:

1. That the proposed issuance and sale by Alabama of $15,000,000 principal amount of First Mortgage Bonds, ____ percent series due 1981 shall not be consummated until the result of competitive bidding held with respect thereto shall have been made a matter of record in this proceeding and a further order shall have been entered by this Commission in the light of the record so completed, which order shall contain such further terms and conditions, if any, as may then be deemed appropriate; and

2. That jurisdiction be reserved with respect to any and all fees and expenses incurred or to be incurred in connection with the consummation of the proposed transactions.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-10748; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2695]

NORTHERN NATURAL GAS CO.

NOTICE OF PROPOSED ISSUANCE AND SALE OF SHORT TERM BANK NOTES

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 30th day of August 1951.

Notice is hereby given that an application has been filed with this Commission, pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (the "act") by Northern Natural Gas Company ("Northern"), a registered holding company. Applicant has designated sections 6 and 7 of the act as applicable to the proposed transactions.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than September 21, 1951, at 5:30 p. m., request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held on such matter, stating the nature of his interest, the reasons for such request and the issues, if any, of fact or law raised by such application, proposed to be controverted, or may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. Any such request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C. At any time thereafter such application, as filed or as amended, may be granted as provided in Rule U-23 of the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to said act, or the Commission may exempt such transactions as provided in Rules U-20 (a) and U-100 thereof.

All interested persons are referred to said application, which is on file in the office of this Commission, for a statement of the transactions therein proposed, which are summarized as follows:

Pursuant to authorization granted by order of this Commission dated April 26, 1951 (Holding Company Act Release No. 10517), and the exemptive provisions of section 6 (b) of the act, Northern, from time to time, has issued and sold to 8 commercial banks an aggregate of $30,000,000 principal amount of its promissory notes. Said notes bear interest at the "prime rate" in effect at the date of sale of each of said notes and mature 9 months from such sale date, or March 22, 1952, whichever is earlier. Said notes may be prepaid at any time prior to maturity without penalty or premium.

Northern proposes to issue and sell to 4 of said commercial banks an additional

$12,000,000 principal amount of its promissory notes upon the same terms and conditions described above.

The proceeds from the sale of these notes will be used, together with treasury cash, in connection with Northern's current construction program which contemplates, inter alia, an increase in its pipeline daily capacity from 600,000 mcf to 825,000 mcf. Northern estimates that its present construction program, when completed, will require an expenditure of approximately $64,800,000 of which approximately $50,000,000 will be financed on a long term basis by the public sale, prior to March 1952, if market conditions for the sale of new securities continues to be satisfactory, of approximately $32,000,000 principal amount of debentures and $18,000,000 of common stock.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-10749; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2696]

THE OHIO POWER CO.

NOTICE REGARDING ACQUISITION OF ALL THE UTILITY ASSETS OF A MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC PLANT

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 31st day of August A. D. 1951.

Notice is hereby given that The Ohio Power Company ("Ohio"), a public utility subsidiary company of American Gas and Electric Company, a registered holding company, has filed with the Commission an application pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935. The applicant has designated sections 9 and 10 of the act as being applicable to the proposed transactions.

All interested persons are referred to said application, which is on file in the office of this Commission, for a statement of the transactions therein proposed, which are summarized as follows:

Ohio proposes to acquire for $230,000 in cash, the complete facilities of the municipally owned generating plant and distribution system of the village of Columbus Grove, Ohio. Ohio states that Columbus Grove made a public invitation for bids to purchase its utility facilities and that the bid of Ohio, which has been accepted by Columbus Grove, was the only one received. The application states that Columbus Grove has bonded indebtedness and other obligations presently outstanding in the amount of approximately $222,000. It is proposed that the cash received by Columbus Grove would be applied in part to retire its outstanding obligations and thereafter the assets would be conveyed to Ohio free and clear of all indebtedness. The application further states that Columbus Grove is situated in the general territory served by Ohio, that Columbus Grove serves electric energy to approximately 770 customers, and that the annual customer billing of Columbus Grove is approximately $70,000.

Ohio proposes to record the Columbus Grove properties on its books on the basis of original cost (to the extent that such original cost can be determined or estimated) and the difference, if any, between the purchase price and such original cost will be recorded and disposed of in accordance with the accounting regulations and orders of the regulatory Commissions having jurisdiction.

It is represented that no fees or commissions will be paid in connection with the proposed transactions and that the proposed transaction is not subject to the jurisdiction of any State Commission.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than September 14, 1951, at 11:30 a. m., e. d. s. t., request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held on such matter, stating the reasons for such request, the nature of his interest and the issues of fact or law raised by such application which he desires to controvert, or may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. Any such request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C. At any time after September 14, 1951, said application, as filed or as amended, may be granted as provided in Rule U-23 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act, or the Commission may exempt such transactions as provided in Rules U-20 (a) and U-100 thereof.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-10750; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[File No. 71-13]

UNITED POWER AND LAND CO.

ORDER APPROVING DISPOSITION OF ADJUSTMENTS RELATING TO HYDRO-ELECTRIC PLANT

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 31st day of August A. D. 1951.

United Power and Land Company ("United"), a public utility and real estate company and a subsidiary of Northern States Power Company, a Minnesota corporation and a registered holding company and public utility company, having filed statements relative to the original cost and reclassification of the company's hydro-electric plant accounts, as at December 31, 1948, in conformity with those specified by Electric Plant Instruction 2-D of the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the Federal Power Commission for Public Utilities and Licensees, which system of accounts is applicable to United by virtue of this Commission's Rule U-27, promulgated under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, including proposals for the disposition of adjustments relating to hydro-electric plant, which proposals are summarized as follows:

The staff of the Commission, coincidentally with its examination of the original cost of the gas plant accounts of said Northern States Power Company, the parent of United, made a field examination in connection therewith as to the status of the accounts of United as at December 31, 1948. Copies of the report were submitted to the company, and United has filed statements "E," "F" and "H", in accordance with the requirements of Electric Plant Instruction 2-D, hereinbefore referred to, to give effect to the recommendations contained in the staff's report.

United now proposes to classify $9,903.74 to Account 107, Electric Plant Adjustments, and further proposes to dispose of the amount of $9,903.74 by charging $303.32 to Account 110, Other Physical Property, and the balance of $9,600.42 by charging Account 126.2, Accounts Receivable from Associated Companies. The Associated Companies have signified willingness to accept such charges.

Notice of filing of such statements having been duly given and the Commission not having received a request for hearing with respect to said matter within the period specified in said notice, or otherwise, and not having ordered a hearing thereon; and

It appearing to the Commission that the proposals for the disposition of the amount established in Account 107, in the manner described above, are consistent with the requirements of Rule U-27 of the General Rules and Regulations promulgated under the act: *It is ordered*, That:

(A) United record the proposed entries on its books in order to eliminate the balance in Account 107 which was remaining as at December 31, 1948;

(B) United submit certified copies of the entries required by paragraph (A) herein within sixty days from the date of this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-10751; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[File No. 71-14]

SAINT ANTHONY FALLS WATER POWER CO. AND MINNEAPOLIS MILL CO.

NOTICE OF FILING OF STATEMENTS REGARDING ORIGINAL COST STUDIES AND OF PROPOSALS FOR DISPOSITION OF ADJUSTMENTS RELATING TO HYDRO-ELECTRIC PLANT

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 31st day of August A. D. 1951.

Notice is hereby given that Saint Anthony Falls Water Power Company ("St. Anthony") and Minneapolis Mill Company ("Mill Company") have filed statements relative to the original cost and reclassification of their hydro-electric plant accounts, as at December 31, 1940, in conformity with those specified by

Electric Plant Instruction 2–D of the Uniform System of Accounts prescribed by the Federal Power Commission for Public Utilities and Licenses, which system of accounts is applicable to St. Anthony and Mill Company by virtue of this Commission's Rule U-27, promulgated under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935. These statements cover, respectively, the proposed journal entries incident to reclassification of plant accounts, the reclassification to primary and sub-accounts of their hydro-electric facilities, and the proposals for disposition of the adjustment accounts, all as of December 31, 1940. Both St. Anthony and the Mill Company are direct subsidiaries of Northern States Power Company, a Minnesota corporation and a registered holding company and public utility company. St. Anthony and the Mill Company jointly own and operate a dam known as the "upper dam" immediately above St. Anthony Falls in the vicinity of Minneapolis, Minnesota. The operation consists of furnishing mill powers of water to flour mills and in addition St. Anthony owns two hydro-electric plants located at the site described above and at a "lower dam", which are operated by lessees. The Mill Company's operations consist solely of furnishing mill powers of water to flour mills, but since it owns one-half of the "upper dam" the waters above which are impounded and used, in part, for generation of electricity, the staff has also considered the Mill Company to be an electric utility company as defined in the act.

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than September 14, 1951, at 5:30 p. m., e. d. s. t., request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held on such matter, stating the nature of his interest, the reasons for such request, and the issues, if any, of fact or law raised by said proposals intended to be controverted, or may request that he be notified should the Commission order a hearing thereon. Any such request should be addressed as follows: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C. At any time after September 14, 1951, the Commission may take such action as may be deemed appropriate with respect to the matters to which the filing herein relates.

All interested persons are referred to said statements which are on file in the offices of this Commission for a statement of the transactions therein proposed, which may be summarized as follows:

The staff of the Commission, coincidentally with its examination of the original cost of the gas plant of said Northern States Power Company, the parent of both St. Anthony and Mill Company, made a field examination of the original cost of the hydro-electric plant accounts of both companies and filed its report in connection therewith as to the status of the accounts as at December 31, 1940. Copies of the report were submitted to the companies, and both companies subsequently filed the statements "E", "F" and "H", in accordance with the requirements of Electric Plant Instruction 2–D, heretofore referred to, in order to give effect to the recommendations contained in the staff's report.

The total water power plant of St. Anthony per books, as at December 31, 1940, was $2,337,552.73, and St. Anthony now proposes to reclassify $613,766.24 of such plant to Account 107, Utility Plant Adjustments. The water power plant of Mill Company per books, as at December 31, 1940, was $1,749,283.96 and Mill Company now proposes to reclassify $575.00 of such plant to Account 110, Other Physical Property, and $1,060,091.25 to Account 107, Utility Plant Adjustments.

St. Anthony proposes to dispose of the amount of $613,766.24, as reclassified to Account 107, by charging $30,948.76 to Account 250, Reserve for Depreciation, and the balance of $582,817.48 to Account 271, Earned Surplus. Mill Company proposes to dispose of the amount of $1,060,091.25, as reclassified to Account 107, by charging $166,762.46 to Account 250, Reserve for Depreciation, and $893,328.79 to Account 271, Earned Surplus.

The proposed dispositions of the adjustment accounts of both companies is conditioned and dependent upon the prior approval by this Commission of a joint application-declaration of Northern States Power Company, St. Anthony and Mill Company (File No. 70–2673) under the terms of which a paid-in surplus is to be created sufficient to eliminate the earned surplus deficit which would otherwise result from carrying out the proposed dispositions as detailed above.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51–10752; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616; E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 18377]

TOSHIRO BABA

In re: Rights of Toshiro Baba under insurance contract. File No. F–39–7018–H–1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Toshiro Baba, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under contract of insurance evidenced by Policy No. 1,314,220 issued by the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, Montreal, Quebec, Canada to Toshiro Baba, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds (including without limitation the right to proceed for collection against branch offices and legal reserves maintained in the United States), is property within the United States, owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Toshiro Baba, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON, *Deputy Director, Office of Alien Property.*

[F. R. Doc. 51–10779; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:55 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18378]

MAKITARO FUJII

In re: Rights of Makitaro Fujii under insurance contract. File No. F–39–355–H–1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Makitaro Fujii whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under contract of insurance evidenced by Policy No. 1,101,945 issued by the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, Montreal, Quebec, Canada to Makitaro Fujii, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds (including without limitation the right to proceed for collection against branch offices and legal reserves maintained in the United States), is property within the United States, owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Makitaro Fujii, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not

within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10780; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:55 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18379]

FUJI HAYASHI

In re: Rights of Fuji Hayashi under insurance contracts. File No. D-39-962-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Fuji Hayashi whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under contracts of insurance evidenced by Policies numbered 9427639 and 9427641 issued by the American National Insurance Company, Galveston, Texas, to Saburo Hayashi, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States, owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Fuji Hayashi, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10781; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:56 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18380]

EMIL RAPP

In re: Estate of Emil Rapp, deceased. File F-28-5782; E. T. sec. 17154.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Clara Rapp, also known as Klara Rapp, who on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, and on or since December 11, 1941, has been a resident of Germany, is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof in and to the estate of Emil Rapp, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That such property is in the process of administration by Willy Rapp, as administrator c. t. a. acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of Bronx County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10782; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:56 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18381]

HEINRICH BUTTMANN ET AL.

In re: Securities owned by Heinrich Buttmann and others.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the individuals whose names are set forth as owners in Exhibits A and B, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, each of whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the person referred to in subparagraph 7-c hereof, who if an individual, there is reasonable cause to believe is a resident of Germany and which, if a partnership, corporation, association or organization there is reasonable cause to believe is organized under the laws of or has or, on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany, is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That Lorenz Momsen, whose last known address is Hamburg-Fuhlisbuttel Am Hasenberge 27, Germany is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

4. That Kurt Hotze, whose last known address is Hamburg-Gr. Flottbek Ernst August Strasse 12, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

5. That Carl Bergener, whose last known address is Osterode/Harz Adolf Hitlerstr. 7, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

6. That Margarethe Andres, whose last known address is Hamburg-Gr-Flottbek, Ulmenstr. 21, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

7. That the property described as follows:

a. Those certain shares of stock described in Exhibit A owned by the persons identified therein as owners, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

b. Those certain debts or other obligations matured or unmatured evidenced by the bonds described in Exhibit B, owned by the persons identified therein as owners, together with any and all accruals to the aforesaid debts or other obligations, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and any and all rights in and under said bonds,

c. Eighty (80) shares of $10.00 par value common capital stock of Consolidated Wagon and Machine Company evidenced by certificate numbered 1981 owned by the person referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

d. All rights and interests in and under a Receiver's Certificate Number 4787 of ownership of stock of Dade County Security Company, said certificate of $496.18 par value and owned by Lorenz Momsen,

e. All rights and interests in and under two (2) Fractional Scrip Certificates for 5 percent general mortgage sinking fund gold bonds of The Denver and Rio Grande Western Railroad Company, said certificates issued by The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, numbered L 315 of $50.00 face value and X 106 of $12.50 face value and owned by Kurt Hotze,

f. All rights and interests in and under three (3) Fractional Scrip Certificates for 5 percent general mortgage sinking gold bonds of The Denver and Rio Grande Western Railroad Company, said certificates issued by Farmers Loan and Trust Company, numbered L 285 of $50.00 face value, V 1063 of $25.00 face value and X 196 of $12.50 face value and owned by Carl Bergener, and

g. All rights and interests in and under a Certificate of Interest issued by Prairie State Bank for one unit in the Dorner & Amstadt Liquidation Trust, said certificate numbered 32, of $100.00 par value and owned by Margarethe Andres,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

8. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof and the persons named in subparagraphs 3, 4, 5 and 6 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

Name of issuer	Class of stock	Par value	Certificate No.	Number of shares	Owner
The City National Bank of Oshkosh.	Capital	$100.00	859	5	Heinrich Buttmann.
Consumers Co.	Prior preference cumulative series A, 6 percent.	100.00	CP/AO 1654	1	Wilhelm Ahlmann.
Corona Conversion Corp.	Capital	1.00	26295	260	Kaete Ristow and Erna Schack.
Corona Conversion Corp. Syndicate.	Preferred	1.00	13325	50	Do.
C & C Developing Co.	Capital	1.00	22048	10	Do.
Do.	Preferred	1.00	5496	10	Do.
The Defender Gold Mining Co.	Capital	1.00	1433, 1434	2,000	Mrs. Kurt Meinicke.
The Denver & Rio Grande Western R. R. Co.	6 percent cumulative preferred.	100.00	PF 2949	6	Carl Bergener.
Empire State Phosphate Co.	Capital	100.00	12	19½	Mrs. Fanny Lattmann.

EXHIBIT B

Description of issue	Face value	Certificate No.	Owner
City Hall Square Bldg., 6¼ percent first mortgage leasehold and building gold bond, due Aug. 1, 1941.	$1,000.00	2233	Heinrich Buttmann.
The Denver & Rio Grande Western R. R. Co., 5 percent general mortgage sinking fund gold bond, due Aug. 1, 1955.	1,000.00	M 23822	Carl Bergener.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10783; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:56 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18383]

WALTER GOLLER

In re: Safe deposit lease and contents owned by Walter Goller. D-28-10671-F-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Walter Goller, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. All rights and interests created in Walter Goller under and by virtue of a safe deposit box lease agreement by and between Walter Goller and the Waterbury National Bank, 195 Grand Street, Waterbury, Connecticut, relating to a safe deposit box number 196 located in the vaults of the aforesaid bank, including particularly but not limited to the right of access to said safe deposit box, and

b. All property of any nature whatsoever owned by Walter Goller located in the safe deposit box referred to in subparagraph 2a hereof, and any and all rights evidenced or represented thereby, subject, however, to any liens of the aforesaid The Waterbury National Bank, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10785; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:56 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18384]

DR. ANTON GRAF

In re: Check owned by Dr. Anton Graf also know as Dr. A. Graf. F-28-10443.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Dr. Anton Graf also known as Dr. A. Graf, whose last known address is Munich, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation evidenced by one (1) United States Treasury check, numbered 15,551,983,

dated May 31, 1949, payable to Dr. A. Graf, in the amount of $206.37 and presently in the custody of the Comptroller General of the United States, General Accounting Office, Washington 25, D. C., and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the aforesaid debt or other obligation, and any and all rights in, to and under, including particularly but not limited to the right to possession and presentation for payment of the aforesaid check,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10786; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:56 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18385]

TSUNEJI HASEGAWA

In re: Debt owing to Tsuneji Hasegawa, also known as Tsunegi Hasegawa. D-39-3633.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Tsuneji Hasegawa, also known as Tsunegi Hasegawa, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Tsuneji Hasegawa, also known as Tsunegi Hasegawa by Dr. Masakazu Murose, 2479 Pomeroy Avenue, Los Angeles, California, arising out of the sale on May 6, 1949 of Membership Certificate A-125, Southern California Flower Market, Inc., registered in the name of Tsuneji Hasekawa, together with any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy counry (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10787; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:57 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18386]

JAPAN

In re: Interest of Japan in bank accounts. D-39-15350-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Japan in and to those certain debts or other obligations of the Sumitomo Bank of Seattle, Room 1210—1411 Fourth Avenue Building, Seattle, Washington, arising out of checking accounts entitled Japanese Consul, Yuki Sato, Hikawa Maru—Special Account No. 1 and Japanese Consul, Yuki Sato, Hikawa Maru—Special Account No. 2, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by a designated enemy country (Japan);

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The term "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meaning prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10788; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:57 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18387]

SHIGERU MIYAKODA

In re: Debt owing to Shigeru Miyakoda. D-39-8289.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Shigeru Miyakoda, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Shigeru Miyakoda, by Fusaye Miyakoda, 1175½ Federal Avenue, West Los Angeles, California, arising out of the sale of Certificate of Membership No. A-140 of Southern California Flower Market, Inc., registered in the name of Shigeru Miyakoda, together with any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or other-

wise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The term "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10789; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:57 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18388]

TSUNEYOSHI MIYAMOTO

In re: Bank account, safe deposit lease and contents owned by Tsuneyoshi Miyamoto also known as T. Miyamato. D–39–8086–E–1; F–1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Tsuneyoshi Miyamoto, also known as T. Miyamato, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Tsuneyoshi Miyamoto, also known as T. Miyamato by the Security First National Bank of Los Angeles, California arising out of a checking account entitled "T. Miyamato", maintained with the Eagle Rock Branch of the aforesaid Bank, located at 2175 Colorado Boulevard, Los Angeles 41, California and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

b. All rights and interests created in Tsuneyoshi Miyamoto, also known as T. Miyamato under and by virtue of a safe deposit lease agreement by and between T. Miyamato and the Security First National Bank of Los Angeles, California relating to safe deposit box Number 17951, located in the vaults of the Eagle Rock Branch of the aforesaid bank at 2175 Colorado Boulevard, Los Angeles 41, California, including particularly but not limited to the right of access to said safe deposit box, and

c. All property of any nature whatsoever owned by Tsuneyoshi Miyamoto, also known as T. Miyamato in the safe deposit box referred to in subparagraph 2-b hereof and any and all rights of said person evidenced or represented thereby,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10790; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:57 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18389]

YASUNOSUKE MIYAMOTO

In re: Stock owned by Yasunosuke Miyamoto also known as Frank Yasunosuke Miyamoto and as Frank Y. Miyamoto. F–39–6979.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Yasunosuke Miyamoto also known as Frank Yasunosuke Miyamoto and as Frank Y. Miyamoto, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: One (1) share of $1,500.00 par value common capital stock of Southern California Flower Growers, Inc., 755 Wall Street, Los Angeles 14, California, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of California, evidenced by a certificate numbered 159, registered in the name of Yasunosuke Miyamoto, and presently in the custody of Southern California Flower Growers, Inc., together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51–10791; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:57 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18390]

ISABERO MOREMOTO

In re: Interest in funds and claims of the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Isabero Moremoto, deceased. F–39–4248.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Isabero Moremoto, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Japan, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Any and all rights and interests in any funds presently on deposit with the Bureau of Accounts, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., in a special deposit account entitled "Secretary of the Treasury, Proceeds of Withheld Foreign Checks", representing the proceeds of withheld checks drawn for payment of Railroad Retirement Benefits to Isabero Moremoto, deceased, to the date of his demise, February 14, 1945, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the aforesaid funds, and

b. Any and all rights, in interests and claims to survivor benefits to January 1, 1947 under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1935, as amended, (Public Law 399 74th Cong., 1st Sess., 49 Stat. 967), arising out of the demise of Isabero Moremoto, Railroad Retirement Board reference No. H–7016, together with any and all rights to file, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Isabero Moremoto, deceased, the aforesaid na-

tionals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Isabero Moremoto, deceased, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10792; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:57 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18391]

CLARA MUSMAN

In re: Securities owned by Clara Musman. D-28-8604.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Clara Musman, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Clara Musman, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That the property described as follows:

a. Those certain shares of stock evidenced by the certificates described in Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, said certificates issued in the names of the persons set forth in said Exhibit A and presently in the custody of the Attorney General of the United States, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, and

b. One (1) Scrip Certificate for Forty-eight Two-hundredths (48/200ths) share of Electric Bond and Share Company, numbered 406647, issued in bearer form, and presently in the custody of the Attorney General of the United States, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

Name of issuer	Type of Stock	Par value	Number of shares	Certificate No.	Form of registration
The Alligator Co.	Common	None	10	Temp. Cert. 447	C. A. Cordes.
The San Martin Mining Co. of Canada, Ltd.	Capital	$5.00	200	2273/75 for 10 shares each	Swiss Bank Corp.
				2277 for 20 shares	Do.
				2276 for 50 shares	Do.
				2323 for 100 shares	Do.
The Adams Express Co.	Common		20	NO 85070 for 10 shares	Charles A. Cordes.
				NO 88267 for 10 shares	Do.
American General Corp.	do	.10	13	CO 3498 for 5 shares	Do.
				CO 11869 for 8 shares	Do.
Bendix Aviation Corp.	do	5.00	5	NO 225665	Do.
Electric Bond & Share Co.	$6 preferred	None	13	NY/O 78421 for 10 shares	Do.
				NY/O 59696 for 3 shares	Do.
Link-Belt Co.	Common	None	5	NO 20323	Do.
Magna Copper Co.	Capital	10.00	5	F 73762	Do.
Memphis Natural Gas Co.	Common	None	60	DNC 06372 for 50 shares	Do.
				DNC 06796 for 10 shares	Do.
Barnsdall Oil Co.	do	5.00	20	064007 for 15 shares	Do.
				064563 for 5 shares	Do.
The Ohio Oil Co.	do	None	20	NYL 182532	Do.
Republic Natural Gas Co.	do	2.00	3	NC 1209	Do.
Southern Ry. Co.	Preferred	100.00	33	D 88349	Do.
South Rico Sugar Co.	Common	None	10	CO 52854 for 5 shares	Do.
				CO 70365 for 5 shares	Do.
St. Joseph Lead Co.	Capital	10.00	5	C-89669	Do.
Southwest Gas Producing Co., Inc.	Common	1.00	50	SWO 443	Do.
West Indies Sugar Corp.	do	1.00	20	CL 8188 for 10 shares	Do.
				CL 8532 for 10 shares	Do.
The Westinghouse Air Brake Co.	Capital	None	20	M 112478 for 10 shares	Do.
				M 159970 for 10 shares	Do.
United New York Bank Trust shares, registered certificate the Continental Bank & Trust Co., trustee, Investors Sponsor Corporation Depositor.			40	0637	Do.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10793; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:58 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18392]

YOSHITSUGA TAGA

In re: Bank account owned by Yoshitsuga Taga also known as Yoshitaugu Taga and as Yoshitsugu Taga. F-39-6299-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, an pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Yoshitsuga Taga also known as Yoshitaugu Taga and as Yoshitsugu Taga, whose last known address is Kawasaki, Yonago-Shi, Tottori-Ken, Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation of Bank of America, N. T. & S. A., 660 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, California, arising out of a Savings Account, account number 5346, entitled Toshiyuki Taga trustee for Yoshitsuga Taga, maintained at the branch office of the aforesaid bank located at 800 South Vermont Avenue, Los Angeles, California, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Yoshitsuga Taga also known as Yoshitaugu Taga and as Yoshitsugu Taga, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as

a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10794; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:58 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18393]

GOICHIRO TAKASA

In re: Interest in claims of the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Goichiro Takasa, deceased. F-39-4278.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Goichiro Takasa, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Japan, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: Any and all rights, interest and claims to benefits to January 1, 1947 under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1935, as amended (Public Law 399, 74th Cong., 1st Sess., 49 Stat. 967) of Goichiro Takasa (died 12-7-47) Railroad Retirement Board reference A-121765, together with any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Goichiro Takasa, deceased, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Goichiro Takasa, deceased, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10795; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:58 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18394]

MAKIJI YAMAMOTO ET AL.

In re: Interest in funds and claims of the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Makiji Yamamoto, deceased, of Tomekichi Tanaka, deceased, of Koemon Ishio, deceased, and of Nobuya Okabayashi, deceased. F-39-4293, F-39-4280, F-39-4250, F-39-4209.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Makiji Yamamoto, deceased, of Tomekichi Tanaka, deceased, of Koemon Ishio, deceased and of Nobuya Okabayashi, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Japan are nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Any and all rights and interests in any funds presently on deposit with the Bureau of Accounts, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., in a special deposit account entitled, "Secretary of the Treasury, Proceeds of Withheld Foreign Checks," representing the proceeds of withheld checks drawn for payment of Railroad Retirement Benefits to the date of the demise of each of the persons listed below who died on the dates listed opposite each name and are identified by reference number listed opposite each such name:

Name and date of death:	*Railroad retirement reference No.*
Makiji Yamamoto, Oct. 19, 1942	SA 107356
Tomekichi Tanaka, Mar. 1, 1944	A 166531
Koemon Ishio, Apr. 7, 1943	A 57439
Nobuya Okabayashi, Aug. 1, 1942	A 132206

and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the aforesaid funds, and

b. Any and all rights, interests and claims to survivors benefits to January 1, 1947, under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1935, as amended, (Public Law 399, 74th Cong., 1st Sess., 47 Stat. 967), arising out of the demise of the persons listed below and identified by the reference number listed opposite each name,

Name:	*Railroad retirement reference No.*
Makiji Yamamoto	SA 107356
Tomekichi Tanaka	A 166531
Koemon Ishio	A 57439
Nobuya Okabayashi	A 132206

together with any and all rights to file, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Makiji Yamamoto, deceased, of Tomekichi Tanaka, deceased, of Koemon Ishio, deceased and of Nobuya Okabayashi, deceased, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Makihi Yamamoto, deceased, of Tomekichi Tanaka, deceased, of Koemon Ishio, deceased and of Nobuya Okabayashi, deceased, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10796; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:58 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18395]

HISATARO YAMAYA

In re: Interest in funds and claims of the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Hisataro Yamaya, deceased. F-39-4295.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Hisataro Yamaya, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Japan, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Any and all rights and interests in any funds presently on deposit with the Bureau of Accounts, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., in a special deposit account entitled, "Secretary of the Treasury, Proceeds of Withheld Foreign Checks", representing the proceeds of withheld checks drawn for payment of Railroad Retirement Benefits to Hisataro Yamaya, deceased, to the date of his demise, December 7, 1944, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the aforesaid funds, and

b. Any and all rights, interests and claims to survivor benefits to January 1, 1947, under the Railroad Retirement Act of 1935, as amended (Public Law 399, 74th Cong., 1st Sess., 49 Stat. 967), arising out of the demise of Hisataro Yamaya, Railroad Retirement Board reference No. A-107556, together with any and all rights to file, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Hisataro Yamaya, deceased, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Hisataro Yamaya, deceased are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10797; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:58 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18396]

CREDIT SUISSE

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Credit Suisse, Lausanne, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-60 (Lausanne).

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Credit Suisse, Lausanne, Switzerland]

Column I Name and address of institution which maintains account	Column II Designation of account
Swiss American Corp., 30 Pine St., New York, N. Y.	(a) General ruling No. 6 account, (b) Rubric No. 14962 Muguet, blocked identified account, consisting of cash, and (c) Rubric No. 14962 Muguet, blocked identified account, consisting of portfolio of miscellaneous stocks and bonds; as described by the Swiss American Corporation in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. 7.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10798; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:58 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18397]

ALEKSANDERS DITRICHS

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Aleksanders Ditrichs, c/o Miss Mara Ditrichs, Geneva, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-2845.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Aleksanders Ditrichs, c/o Miss Mara Ditrichs, Geneva, Switzerland]

Column I Name and address of institution which maintains account	Column II Designation of account
The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, 18 Pine St., New York, N. Y.	Bank deposits, as described by The Chase National Bank of the City of New York in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. 73.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10799; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:59 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18398]

LILMA G. E. GRANT

In re: Stock registered in the name of Lilma G. E. Grant, c/o Societe De Banque Suisse, Lausanne, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-3902.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: Those certain shares of stock described in Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, registered in the name of Lilma G. E. Grant, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, excepting from the foregoing, however, those shares of stock described in the set forth below Exhibit A, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, concerning which, on or prior to the effective date of this vesting order, the issuing corporation or its transfer agent in the United States has received a license or a copy of a license removing such property from the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or has been advised in writing by a banking institution in the United States of the removal of such restrictions and of the authorization therefor;

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan. The term "banking institution" as used herein shall have the meaning prescribed in section 5F of Executive Order 8389, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

150 shares of The Chase National Bank of the City of New York $15 par value capital stock evidenced by Certificate No. H-55407 for 100 shares and Certificate No. 218409 for 50 shares.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10800; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:59 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18399]

ARTHUR KATSCHER

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Arthur Katscher, c/o Union Bank of Switzerland, Zurich, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-4984.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on acount of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations or other organizations, there is reasonable

cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons refered to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate counsultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, is being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Arthur Katscher, c/o Union Bank of Switzerland, Zurich, Switzerland]

Column I Name and address of institution which maintains account	Column II Designation of account
Guaranty Trust Co., of New York, 140 Broadway, New York 15, N. Y.	Deposit account, as described by Guaranty Trust Co. of New York in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. FB 115.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10801; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:59 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18400]

FRANZ ONKEN

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Mr. Franz Onken, deceased, c/o Credit Suisse, Lausanne, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-6661.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Franz Onken, deceased, c/o Credit Suisse, Lausanne, Switzerland]

Column I Name and address of institution which maintains account	Column II Designation of account
Guaranty Trust Co., of New York, 140 Broadway, New York, N. Y.	Deposit account, Mr. Franz Onken, deceased as described by Guaranty Trust Co., of New York in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. FB 44.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10802; Filed, Sept 6, 1951; 9:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18401]

MAX RATHHAUSER

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Max Rathhauser, c/o Union Bank of Switzerland, Geneva, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-8292.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Max Rathhauser, c/o Union Bank of Switzerland, Geneva, Switzerland]

Column I	Column II
Name and address of institution which maintains account	Designation of account
Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, 140 Broadway, New York 15, N. Y.	Deposit account, as described by Guaranty Trust Co. of New York in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. FB 122.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10803; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18402]

PAUL REITER

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Paul Reiter, c/o Union Bank of Switzerland, Lausanne, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-8371.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Paul Reiter, c/o Union Bank of Switzerland, Lausanne, Switzerland]

Column I	Column II
Name and address of institution which maintains account	Designation of account
Manufacturers Trust Co., 55 Broad St., New York 15, N. Y.	Deposit-checking account, as described by Manufacturers Trust Co. in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. 12.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10804; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18403]

LEOPOLD SOLOMOVICI

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Leopold Solomovici, c/o Service de Gestion de Fortunes, Union Bank of Switzerland, Geneva, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-10786.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Execu-

tive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Leopold Solomovici, c/o Service de Gestion de Fortunes, Union Bank of Switzerland, Geneva, Switzerland]

Column I	Column II
Name and address of institution which maintains account	Designation of account
Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, 140 Broadway, New York 15, N. Y.	Deposit account, as described by Guaranty Trust Co. in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. FB 129.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10805; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18404]

JEAN WECHSLER

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Jean Wechsler, c/o Union Bank of Switzerland Zurich, Switzerland, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-9133.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Jean Wechsler, c/o Union Bank of Switzerland, Zurich, Switzerland]

Column I	Column II
Name and address of institution which maintains account	Designation of account
Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, 140 Broadway, New York 15, N. Y.	Deposit account, as described by Guaranty Trust Co. of New York in its report on Form OAP-700, bearing its Serial No. FB 135.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10806; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18405]

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA, LTD.

In re: Debt owing to and all rights and interests of Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd., also known as Mitsui & Co., Ltd., under certain drafts. F-39-498-C-10.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd., also known as Mitsui & Co., Ltd., the last known address of which is Japan, is a corporation, partnership, association or other business organization, organized under the laws of Japan and which has or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has and all accruals to the aforesaid debt or Japan and is a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York 15, New York, in the amount of $38,534.24 as of April 20, 1951, representing the proceeds of collection of outstanding drafts which proceeds are presently on deposit in a Provisional Deposit Account entitled "Mitsui & Co., Ltd." maintained with the aforesaid bank, together with any and all accruals to the aforesaid debt or other obligation, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. All rights and interests of Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd., also known as Mitsui & Co., Ltd., to the net proceeds collected or to be collected, in partial or full settlement of outstanding drafts held by The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York 15, New York, for collection on behalf of the aforesaid Mitsui Bussan Kaisha, Ltd., also known as Mitsui & Co., Ltd., said drafts being described in Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

Date of draft	The National City Bank No.	Draft No.	Draft amount or balance due
Apr. 1, 1937	520056E	71	$820.60
Apr. 6, 1937	522261	79	149.36
Apr. 15, 1937	525916	107	995.95
Apr. 26, 1937	530290	152	299.50
June 5, 1937	547828	243	452.90
June 16, 1937	552119	263	297.90
June 25, 1937	556156	307	418.90
July 2, 1937	559246	326	298.40
Mar. 8, 1938	157857	1328	[1]350.00
Mar. 14, 1940	433524	459	[1]400.00
Mar. 29, 1940	439750	579	933.35
Apr. 22, 1940	448292	732	[1]500.00
June 3, 1940	463277	53	456.76
Do	463281	956	[1]190.00
June 27, 1940	472686	1068	527.43
July 17, 1940	479415	1137	1,239.79
July 18, 1940	479748	1148	1,100.70
Aug. 6, 1940	485723	1233	582.92
Aug. 13, 1940	488268	1299	1,624.24
Do	488269	1300	404.73
Aug. 16, 1940	489419	1318	779.03
Do	489423	1322	3,214.94
Aug. 19, 1940	490231	1350	[1]700.00
Aug. 21, 1940	490899	1368	1,263.99
Sept. 13, 1940	498403	1476	300.00
Do	498404	1477	1,246.10
Sept. 19, 1940	500374	1512	851.40
Oct. 2, 1940	504541	1590	530.62
Oct. 1, 1940	504546	1597	806.99
Do	504537	1593	3,003.91
Oct. 5, 1940	506364	1637	674.09
Oct. 8, 1940	506837	1640	1,200.61
Oct. 26, 1940	513385	1750	285.18
Nov. 6, 1940	516497	1812	562.51
Nov. 12, 1940	518278	1827	653.45
Do	518279	1826	653.75
Do	518281	1824	529.78
Nov. 16, 1940	519736	1842	556.10
Dec. 2, 1940	525584	1926	2,947.85
Do	525586	1927	523.43
Dec. 4, 1940	526370	1/43	317.80
Do	526373E	1946	657.90
Dec. 5, 1940	526738	1956	1,054.15
Dec. 6, 1940	527181	1932	[1]300.00
Dec. 16, 1940	530461	2023	475.10
Dec. 20, 1940	532115	2046	611.71
Do	532116	2045	486.76
Dec. 30, 1940	535182	2081	902.47
Jan. 2, 1941	535961	2094	825.53
Do	535962	2095	1,333.26
Jan. 6, 1941	537109	2110	[1]387.95
Do	537111	2108	1,655.72
Jan. 8, 1941	537896	2119	452.49
Jan. 9, 1941	538317	2131	406.49
Do	538318	2132	618.94
Do	538321	2130	417.93

[1] Balance.

EXHIBIT A—Continued

Date of draft	The National City Bank No.	Draft No.	Draft amount or balance due
Jan. 10, 1941	538949	2143	$453.20
Do	538950	2142	227.75
Do	538951	2141	227.75
Do	538952	2139	583.66
Jan. 11, 1941	539353	2152	327.92
Do	539354	2151	1,157.80
Jan. 13, 1941	539535E	2159	379.40
Do	539533	2156	665.77
Jan. 15, 1941	540254	2168	[1]394.87
Do	540256	2169	1,405.48
Do	540257	2170	374.75
Do	540258	2171	909.53
Do	540259	2166	572.78
Jan. 31, 1941	545416	2234	328.48
Do	545418	2236	1,203.54
Feb. 19, 1941	551453	2304	396.30
Feb. 24, 1941	553248	2319	967.62
Feb. 26, 1941	554028	2326	1,184.70
Mar. 3, 1941	555871	2356	554.20
Do	555872	2355	188.26
Do	555873	2354	188.04
Do	555875	2352	190.37
Do	555876	2351	225.06
Mar. 5, 1941	556508	2358	377.47
Mar. 7, 1941	557354	2371	798.90
Do	557356	2369	411.93
Mar. 14, 1941	559877	2410	359.45
Mar. 15, 1941	560466	2421	368.31
Do	560467	2420	[1]84.30
Mar. 20, 1941	561796	2423	1,823.04
May 10, 1941	581485	2577	750.42
Do	581486	2576	1,214.40
June 5, 1941	590318	2613	652.78
Do	590321	2610	128.95
Do	590322	2609	526.02
Do	590323	2608	477.65
Do	590324	2607	453.91
Do	590325	2606	525.20
May 10, 1941	581481E	2579	496.61
Mar. 1, 1941	555596	2342	318.10
June 5, 1941	590319	2612	541.06
Mar. 15, 1941	560469	2418	628.85
Dec. 21, 1939	402725	2936	564.47
Mar. 11, 1940	432233	416	1,023.94
Mar. 23, 1940	437473	527	764.04
Mar. 29, 1940	439737	619	446.40
Aug. 16, 1940	489421	1320	[1]15.00
Sept. 5, 1940	495667	1431	152.72
Jan. 11, 1941	539351	2154	320.51
Jan. 27, 1941	544040	2224	134.93
Feb. 11, 1941	549109	2287	105.33
Feb. 17, 1941	550836	2294	358.28
Feb. 20, 1941	552150	2309	346.14
Mar. 6, 1941	556835	2361	194.49
Do	556836	2362	654.52
Mar. 7, 1941	557353	2372	[1]80.36
Mar. 12, 1941	558989	2392	212.09
Do	558990	2391	636.13
Mar. 13, 1941	559532	2403	564.39
Mar. 28, 1941	565073	2465	229.65
Do	565074	2464	543.99
Do	565075	2463	652.95
May 8, 1941	580326	2565	540.51
May 10, 1941	581480	2580	460.20
Do	581482	2578	535.14
Do	581488	2583	859.14
June 5, 1941	590320	2611	343.55
Do	590327	2604	220.53
Do	590724	2614	861.16
Feb. 1, 1938	145461	1158	[1]150.00
Feb. 8, 1941	548472	2282	457.36
Feb. 19, 1941	551454	2303	493.50
June 4, 1941	590328	2603	430.71

[1] Balance.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10807; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18406]

EUGENE W. MENTE

In re: Estate of Eugene W. Mente, deceased. (File D-28-13038; E. T. Sec. 17162).

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Emilie Thume and Elizabeth Neimann, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraph 1 hereof, and each of them, in, to and against the estate of Eugene W. Mente, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That such property is in the process of administration by Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Monmouth County Superior Court, Chancery Division, New Jersey;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons identified in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10808; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18407]

MATTHAIIS NIEDERMEIER

In re: Estate of Matthaiis Niedermeier, also known as Matthaus Niedermeier, Matthaeus Niedermeier, Matthews Niedermeier and Martin Nidermier, deceased. (File No. D-28-11901).

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Mathaus Niedermeier, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof, in and to the estate of Matthaiis Niedermeier, also known as Matthaus Niedermeier, Matthaeus Niedermeier, Matthews Niedermeier and

Martin Nidermier, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That such property is in the process of administration by Francis J. Mulligan, Public Administrator of New York County, as Administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of New York County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193 as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10809; Filed, Sept 6, 1951; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 13142, Amdt.]

ROBERT FLOCKE

In re: Estate of Robert Flocke, deceased (File No. D-28-10613) Vesting Order 13142, dated April 13, 1949, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Klara Weih, nee Flocke, Walter Flocke, Richard Curt Flocke, and Max Erich Flocke, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraph 1 hereof, and each of them, in and to the sum of $460.54 delivered to the State Treasurer of the State of California by the Treasurer of Los Angeles County, California, on June 15, 1948, and representing the proceeds deposited with the said Treasurer of Los Angeles County on April 11, 1947, pursuant to an order of the Superior Court in and for the County of Los Angeles, California, in the matter of the Estate of Robert Flocke, deceased, is property within the United States owned and controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10810; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18191, Amdt.]

MARIANNE HAAS ET AL.

In re: Securities owned by Marianne Haas and others.

Vesting Order 18191 dated July 16, 1951 is hereby amended as follows and not otherwise:

1. By deleting subparagraph 4 from Vesting Order 18191 and substituting therefor the following subparagraph:

4. That Cl. Harlacher, Bankgeschaeft and Deutsche Bank, each of whose last known address is Frankfurt/Main, Germany, are corporations, partnerships, associations or other business organizations, organized under the laws of Germany, and which have or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in Frankfurt/Main, Germany, and are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. By deleting subparagraph 8 from Vesting Order 18191 and substituting therefor the following subparagraph:

8. That Max Homers and Gabriele Kramer, each of whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. By adding immediately after subparagraph 10 (r) of said Vesting Order 18191, the following subparagraphs:

(s) Eighty-four (84) shares of $100 par value capital stock of the Central Republic Bank and Trust Company, now known as Central Republic Trust Company, evidenced by a certificate numbered F 10459, owned by the personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees of Adolph Convert, deceased, and presently in the custody of the Attorney General of the United States, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

(t) One (1) Trustee's Certificate issued by the Liberty Title & Trust Company for one-fifth of one share of $20.00 par value stock of Metals Coating Company of America evidenced by a certificate numbered 02744, owned by Deutsche Bank, and presently in the custody of the Attorney General of the United States, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

(u) One (1) Trustee's Certificate issued by the Liberty Title & Trust Company for one-fifth of one share of $20.00 par value stock of Metals Coating Company of America, evidenced by a certificate numbered 01912, owned by Gabriele Kramer, and presently in the custody of the Attorney General of the United States, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

All other provisions of said Vesting Order 18191 and all actions taken by or on behalf of the Attorney General of the United States in reliance thereon, pursuant thereto and under the authority thereof are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10811; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18230, Amdt.]

ANDREAS KNESCHKE ET AL.

In re: Securities owned by Andreas Kneschke and others.

That Vesting Order 18230, dated July 23, 1951, is hereby amended as follows and not otherwise:

1. By deleting subparagraph 2 from said Vesting Order 18230 and substituting therefor the following subparagraph:

2. That the enterprises, whose names are set forth as owners in Exhibit A and B, set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, and Gemeinschaftsdepot, the last known address of which is Rohrbach-Wettig, Weimar, Germany, are corporations, partnerships, associations or other business organizations organized under the laws of Germany, and which have or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in Germany, and are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. By deleting subparagraph 3 from said Vesting Order 18230 and substituting therefor the following subparagraph:

3. That Helene Schall, Georg Unrein, Curt Krause, Andr. Matterstock and

Martin Schuster, each of whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. By adding immediately after subparagraph 6(e) the following subparagraphs:

f. One (1) Trustee's Certificate issued by the Liberty Title & Trust Company for one-fifth of one share of $20.00 par value stock of the Metals Coating Company of America, said certificate numbered 01386, owned by Georg Unrein, and presently in the custody of the Attorney General of the United States, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

g. Two (2) Trustee's Certificate issued by the Liberty Title & Trust Company for one-fifth of one share of $20.00 par value stock of the Metals Coating Company of America, said certificates numbered 02441/2, owned by Curt Krause and presently in the custody of the Attorney General of the United States, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

h. One (1) Trustee's Certificate issued by the Liberty Title & Trust Company for one-fifth of one share of $20.00 par value stock of the Metals Coating Company of America, said certificate numbered 0117, owned by Andr. Matterstock, and presently in the custody of the Attorney General of the United States, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

i. One (1) Trustee's Certificate issued by the Liberty Title & Trust Company for one-fifth of one share of $20.00 par value stock of the Metals Coating Company of America, said certificate numbered 01827, owned by Martin Schuster, and presently in the custody of the Attorney General of the United States, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto.

j. One (1) Trustee's Certificate issued by the Liberty Title & Trust Company for one-fifth of one share of $20.00 par value stock of the Metals Coating Company of America, said certificate numbered 02410, owned by Gemeinschaftsdepot, and presently in the custody of the Attorney General of the United States, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

4. By deleting from Exhibit A, set forth below and by reference made a part of said Vesting Order 18230, the certificate numbers and the number of shares set forth opposite each said certificate number and describing the stock of The Regina Corporation, and substituting therefor the following:

Certificate No.:	*Number of shares*
140	13 and 72/100ths
165	75/100ths
166	74

All other provisions of said Vesting Order 18230 and all actions taken by or on behalf of the Attorney General of the United States in reliance thereon, pursuant thereto and under the authority thereof are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10812; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:02 a. m.]

REV. RAOUL ALBERT PLUS

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property located in Washington, D. C., including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Rev. Raoul Albert Plus, 92 Rue Solferino, Lille, France; Claim No. 43834; $12,248.16 in the Treasury of the United States. Property to the extent owned by claimant immediately prior to the vesting thereof by Vesting Order No. 3552 (9 F. R. 230, November 17, 1944) relating to the works listed as "Meditations For Religious", "Dust Remember Thou Art Splendor", "Progress In Divine Union", and "Mary In Our Soul Life".

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10813; Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 9:02 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18382]

JIUKICHI FURUYAMA

In re: Debt owing to Jiukichi Furuyama, F-39-6095-C-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Jiukichi Furuyama, whose last known address is Manshoji, Mutsuai-mura, Date-gun, Fukushima-ken, Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Jiukichi Furuyama, by Tomio Furuyama, 12966 Montague Street, Pacoima, California arising out of the sale of Membership Certificate A-188, Southern California Flower Market, Inc., said certificate registered in the name of Jiukichi Furuyama, together with any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 30, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-10784, Filed, Sept. 6, 1951; 8:56 a. m.]