FEDERAL REGISTER

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CODIFICATION GUIDE

A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue. Proposed rules, as opposed to final actions, are identified as such.

only with respect to the work performed for such manufacturer or repair station and through the use of facilities provided by the manufacturer or repair station.

This regulation supersedes Special Civil Air Regulation SR–348, and shall terminate July 31, 1952, unless sooner superseded or rescinded.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply secs. 601, 602, 607, 52 Stat. 1007, as amended, 1008, 1011; 49 U. S. C. 551, 552, 557)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51–7978; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

[Supp. 7, Amdt. 75]

PART 60—AIR TRAFFIC RULES

DANGER AREA ALTERATION; TOWNSEND, GA.

The danger area alterations appearing hereinafter have been coordinated with the civil operators involved, the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force, through the Air Coordinating Committee, Airspace Subcommittee, and are adopted when indicated in order to promote safety of the flying public. Compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act would be impracticable and contrary to the public interest, and therefore is not required. Title 14, § 60.13–1 is amended as follows:

A Townsend, Georgia, area is added to read:

Name and location (chart)	Description by geographical coordinates	Designated altitudes	Time of designation	Using agency
TOWNSEND (Jacksonville chart).	A circle with a radius of 3 miles, centered at lat. 31°32′50″ N, long. 81°35′20″ W.	Surface to 30,000 feet.	Daylight hours, 7 days a week.	U. S. Air Force, Hunter AFB, Savannah, Ga.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interprets or applies sec. 601, 52 Stat. 1007, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 551)

This amendment shall become effective on July 6, 1951.

C. F. HORNE, *Administrator of Civil Aeronautics*

[F. R. Doc. 51–7977; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

Chapter II—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce

[Amdt. 3]

PART 620—SECURITY CONTROL OF AIR TRAFFIC

HAWAIIAN ADIZ

Part 620 is hereby amended for the purpose of establishing an Air Defense Identification Zone in the Hawaiian Islands. Since a military function of the United States is involved, compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act is not required.

1. Section 620.13 is amended as follows:

§ 620.13 *Authorized exceptions.* * * *

(c) *Hawaiian ADIZ.* The provisions of §§ 620.11 and 620.12 are not applicable to aircraft operating within the Hawaiian ADIZ over any island or within three (3) miles of the coastline of any island. The provisions of § 620.12 are not applicable to aircraft operating within the Hawaiian ADIZ on inter-island flights on Red Civil Airway No. 87 southeast of the Island of Oahu, below seven thousand (7,000) feet MSL.

2. Section 620.22 is amended as follows:

§ 620.22 *Coastal ADIZ's.* * * *

(c) *Hawaii.* The area bounded by a line 24°15′ N., 158°00′ W.; 22°30′ N., 155°30′ W.; 19°45′ N., 153°30′ W.; 19°00′ N., 155°00′ W.; 18°15′ N., 158°00′ W.; 20°00′ N., 161°00′ W.; 22°30′ N., 161°00′ W.; 24°15′ N., 158°00′ W. (point of beginning).

(Secs. 205, 308, 52 Stat. 984, 986; 49 U. S. C. 425, 458. Interprets or applies secs. 1201–1205, 64 Stat. 825; 49 U. S. C. 701–705. E. O. 10197, Dec. 22, 1950, 15 F. R. 9180; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.)

This amendment shall become effective fifteen days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

C. F. HORNE, *Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.*

[F. R. Doc. 51–7975; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter IV—Production and Marketing Administration and Commodity Credit Corporation, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter C—Loans, Purchases, and Other Operations

[1951 C. C. C. Cotton Bulletin]

PART 607—COTTON

SUBPART—1951 COTTON LOAN PROGRAM

1951 COTTON BULLETIN

Correction

In F. R. Doc. 51–6807, appearing at page 5614 of the issue for Wednesday, June 13, 1951, the following change should be made:

In the schedule in § 607.249, the figure for Grade "*Gray*—Middling" under the column headed "1$\frac{5}{32}$" should read "−150" instead of "−130".

[1951 C. C. C. Cottonseed Bulletin 1]

PART 643—OILSEEDS

SUBPART—1951 COTTONSEED LOAN AND PURCHASE AGREEMENT PROGRAM

This bulletin states the requirements with respect to loans and purchase agreements under the 1951 Cottonseed Price Support Program formulated by Commodity Credit Corporation (hereinafter referred to as CCC) and the Production and Marketing Administration (hereinafter referred to as PMA). The requirements with respect to purchases of cottonseed, other than under purchase agreements, are contained in the 1951 C. C. C. Cottonseed Bulletin 2. The program will be carried out by PMA under

the general supervision and direction of the President, CCC.

Sec.
643.501 Administration.
643.502 Availability of loans and purchase agreements.
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643.505 Eligible cottonseed.
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643.519 Delivery and settlement under purchase agreements.
643.520 Release of the cottonseed under loan.
643.521 Purchase of notes.
643.522 Loan and settlement rates.
643.523 Cooperative marketing associations.
643.524 Warehouse receipts.
643.525 PMA commodity offices.

AUTHORITY: §§ 643.501 to 643.525 issued under sec. 4, 62 Stat. 1070, as amended; 15 U. S. C. Sup., 714b. Interpret or apply secs. 4, 5, 62 Stat. 1070, 1072, secs. 301, 401, 63 Stat. 1051, 1054; 15 U. S. C. Sup., 714b, 714c, 7 U. S. C. Sup., 1447, 1421.

§ 643.501 *Administration.* (a) In the field, the program will be administered through PMA State and county committees (hereinafter referred to as State and county committees) and PMA commodity offices. Forms will be distributed through the offices of State and county committees. County committees will determine or cause to be determined the quantity and grade of the cottonseed, the amount of the loan, or purchase price, and the value of the cottonseed delivered under a loan or purchase agreement. All loan and purchase agreement documents will be completed and approved by the county committee, which will retain copies of all such documents. The county committee may designate in writing certain employees of the county PMA office to execute on behalf of the committee any forms and documents in connection with this program. State and county committees and PMA commodity offices do not have authority to modify or waive any of the provisions of subpart bulletin or any amendments thereto.

§ 643.502 *Availability of loans and purchase agreements*—(a) *Area.* Loans shall be available on eligible cottonseed stored in approved warehouses or in approved farm storage in all cotton producing areas in the continental United States, except that farm-storage loans will not be made in any area where the appropriate State PMA committee determines that the damage hazard to farm-storage cottonseed would not warrant the making of farm-storage loans. Purchase agreements will be available on eligible cottonseed in all areas.

(b) *Time.* Loans and purchase agreements shall be available through January 31, 1952. Purchase agreements, notes and chattel mortgages, and note and loan agreements must be signed by the producer and delivered to the county committee on or before such date.

(c) *Source.* Loans and purchase agreements will be made available through the offices of county committees. Disbursements on loans will be made to producers through approved lending agencies under agreements with CCC, or by means of sight drafts drawn on CCC by State committees or by county committees in accordance with instructions issued by PMA to the State committees. Disbursements on loans will be made not later than February 15, 1952, except where specifically approved by the appropriate PMA commodity office in each instance. The producer shall not present the loan documents for disbursement unless the cottonseed is in existence and in good condition. If the cottonseed is not in existence and in good condition at the time of disbursement, the proceeds shall be promptly refunded by the producer.

§ 643.503 *Approved lending agencies.* An approved lending agency shall be any bank, cooperative marketing association, corporation, partnership, individual, or other legal entity with which CCC has entered into a lending agency agreement (Form PMA–97 or other form prescribed by CCC) or loan servicing agreement.

§ 643.504 *Eligible producer.* (a) An eligible producer shall be any individual, partnership, corporation, association, trust, estate, or other legal entity, or a State or political subdivision thereof or an agency of such State or political subdivision, producing cottonseed in 1951 in the capacity of landowner, landlord, tenant, or sharecropper.

(b) Eligible producers who are members of cooperative marketing associations may act collectively through their associations in obtaining loans in accordance with the provisions of § 643.523.

§ 643.505 *Eligible cottonseed.* Eligible cottonseed shall be cottonseed that meet the following requirements:

(a) The cottonseed must have been produced in the continental United States in 1951 by an eligible producer.

(b) Such cottonseed must have been produced by the producer tendering them for a loan or delivery under a purchase agreement, or, in the case of a cooperative association, must have been produced, and delivered to the association, by its producer-members; and such producer or cooperative association must have the legal right to pledge or mortgage the cottonseed as security for a loan, or to sell the cottonseed in case of a purchase agreement. If the producer tendering such cottonseed for a loan or for delivery under a purchase agreement, or the person delivering the cottonseed to the cooperative association, is a landlord or landowner, the cottonseed must not have been acquired by him directly or indirectly from a tenant or sharecropper and must not have been received in payment of fixed or standing rent; and if they were produced by him in the capacity of landlord, tenant or sharecropper, they must be his separate share of the crop, unless he is a landlord and is tendering or delivering cottonseed in which both he and a tenant or sharecropper have an interest.

(c) Cottonseed must be sound and clean and, in the case of cottonseed in farm storage or stored in an approved warehouse on an identity-preserved basis, must not contain more than 11 percent moisture. The moisture limitation of 11 percent shall not apply to cottonseed delivered under purchase agreement or to commingled cottonseed under loan and covered by warehouse receipts under which an approved warehouseman guarantees the official grade and weight.

(d) No warehouse receipts shall be outstanding on cottonseed in farm storage.

§ 643.506 *Approved storage*—(a) *Warehouse storage.* Cottonseed stored in warehouses will be accepted as security for loans hereunder only if such warehouses are approved by CCC. Warehousemen desiring approval of their facilities for the storage of cottonseed should communicate with the PMA commodity office shown in § 643.525 serving the area in which the warehouse is located.

(b) *Farm storage.* Approved farm storage shall consist of storage structures located on or off the farm which, as determined by the county committee, are of such construction as to afford safe storage of cottonseed and afford protection against weather damage, poultry, livestock and rodents, and reasonable protection against fire and theft.

§ 643.507 *Approved forms.* The documents named in paragraph (a) and (b) of this section, together with the provisions of this subpart and any supplements or amendments thereto, govern the rights and responsibilities of the producers under this program. Loan and purchase agreement documents executed by an administrator, executor or trustee will be acceptable only where valid in law and must be accompanied by documentary evidence of the authority of the person executing such documents. Documents must have State and documentary revenue stamps affixed when required by law.

(a) *Loan documents.* The following documents must be delivered by the producer in support of every loan:

(1) *Warehouse-storage loans.* Producer's Note and Loan Agreement (Commodity Loan Form B) duly executed and delivered within the period prescribed in § 643.502, secured by the pledge of warehouse receipts complying with the provisions of § 643.524.

(2) *Farm-storage loans.* Producer's Note (Commodity Loan Form A) and Commodity Chattel Mortgage (Commodity Loan Form AA) covering the cottonseed tendered as security for the loan, both executed and delivered within the period prescribed in § 643.502.

(b) *Purchase agreement documents.* The purchase agreement documents shall consist of the Purchase Agreement (Commodity Purchase Form 1) and Purchase Agreement Settlement (Commodity Purchase Form 4) signed by the producer and approved by the county committee, negotiable warehouse re-

ceipts, and such other forms as may be prescribed by CCC.

§ 643.508 *Determination of quantity*—(a) *Warehouse-storage loans.* Warehouse receipts shall be based upon net weights, after any deduction for foreign matter in excess of 1 percent of the gross weight and for estimated shrinkage. The total deduction for shrinkage shall not exceed 3 percent of the gross weight of the cottonseed.

(b) *Farm-storage loans.* The quantity of cottonseed at the time a farm-storage loan is made shall be determined by actual weight or by an estimate of tonnage based upon measurements. When the weight of cottonseed to be placed under loan is estimated by measurement, 90 cubic feet of cottonseed shall be considered the equivalent of one ton. The quantity delivered in liquidation of the loan shall be the net weight, which shall be the gross weight of the cottonseed less a deduction for any foreign matter in excess of 1 percent of the gross weight.

(c) *Purchase agreements.* The quantity of cottonseed delivered under a purchase agreement shall be the net weight, which shall be the gross weight of the cottonseed less a deduction for any foreign matter in excess of 1 percent of the gross weight; or, when warehouse receipts guaranteeing grade and weight are submitted, the quantity delivered shall be the net weight shown in such warehouse receipts.

§ 643.509 *Liens.* The cottonseed must be free and clear of all liens and encumbrances, including any claim the ginner may have against the cottonseed for his regular ginning charge. If liens, ginner's claims, or encumbrances exist on the cottonseed, proper waivers must be obtained.

§ 643.510 *Service charges*—(a) *Warehouse-storage loans.* The producer shall pay a service charge of 20 cents per ton of cottonseed pledged to secure a loan, or $1.50, whichever is greater.

(b) *Farm-storage loans.* The producer shall pay a service charge of 35 cents per ton on the number of tons placed under a farm-storage loan, or $3.00, whichever is greater. In the case of farm-storage loans, State committees are authorized to require prepayment of $3.00 of the service charges.

(c) *Purchase agreements.* At the time the producer signs a purchase agreement, he shall pay a service charge of 20 cents per ton on the quantity of cottonseed specified on Commodity Purchase Form 1 as the maximum quantity that may be delivered or $1.50, whichever is greater.

(d) No refund of any service charges will be made.

§ 643.511 *Set-offs.* (a) If the producer is indebted to CCC on any accrued obligation, or if any installments past due or maturing within twelve months are unpaid on any loan made available by CCC on farm-storage facilities, whether held by CCC or a lending agency, the producer must designate CCC or such lending agency as the payee of the proceeds of the loan or purchase to the extent of such indebtedness or installments, but not to exceed that portion of the proceeds remaining after deduction of loan service fees and amounts due prior lienholders. However, prepayment of only one principal installment on a farm-storage facility loan shall be deducted from the price support proceeds of any one crop year.

(b) If the producer is indebted to any other agency of the United States, and such indebtedness is listed on the county debt register, he must designate such agency as the payee of the proceeds as provided above.

(c) Indebtedness owing to CCC or to a lending agency as provided above shall be given first consideration after claims of prior lienholders.

(d) Compliance with the provisions of this section shall not constitute a waiver of any right of the producer to contest the justness of the indebtedness involved either by administrative appeal or by legal action.

§ 643.512 *Interest rate.* Loans shall bear interest at the rate of 3 percent per annum, and interest shall accrue from the date of disbursement of the loan notwithstanding the printed provisions of the note.

§ 643.513 *Transfer of producer's equity.* The right of the producer to transfer either his right to redeem the cottonseed under loan or his remaining interest may be restricted by CCC. The producer may not assign his interest in the purchase agreement.

§ 643.514 *Safeguarding of the cottonseed.* The producer who places cottonseed under a farm-storage loan is obligated to maintain the farm-storage structure in good repair, and to keep the cottonseed in good condition.

§ 643.515 *Insurance.* (a) CCC will not require the producer to insure the cottonseed placed under a farm-storage loan; however, if the producer does insure such cottonseed and an indemnity is paid thereon, such indemnity shall inure to the benefit of CCC to the extent of its interest after first satisfying the producer's equity in the cottonseed involved in the loss.

(b) All commingled cottonseed covered by warehouse receipts shall be insured by the warehouseman, for the benefit of the holders of the receipts, against loss or damage by fire, lightning, inherent explosion, windstorm, cyclone, and tornado, for the full market value of the cottonseed. The warehouseman shall not be required to carry insurance covering identity-preserved cottonseed; however, any indemnity paid under such insurance carried by the warehouseman or the producer shall inure to the benefit of CCC to the extent of its interest, after first satisfying the producer's equity in the cottonseed involved in the loss.

§ 643.516 *Loss or damage to the cottonseed.* The producer shall be responsible for the quality and for any loss in quantity of the cottonseed placed under farm-storage or identity-preserved warehouse-storage loan, except that, subject to the provisions of § 643.515, any physical loss or damage, other than shrinkage or natural deterioration, occurring after disbursement of the loan funds to the producer, without fault, negligence, or conversion on the part of the producer or any other person having control of the storage structure, and resulting solely from an external cause other than insect infestation or vermin, will be assumed by CCC to the extent of the loan rate, provided the producer or other person having control of the storage structure has given the county committee immediate written notice of such loss or damage, and provided there has been no fraudulent representation made by the producer in the loan documents or in obtaining the loan. No physical loss or damage occurring prior to disbursement of the loan funds to the producer will be assumed by CCC. Where disbursement of funds is made by sight draft or check the date of the draft or check shall constitute the date of disbursement of the funds.

§ 643.517 *Personal liability.* The making of any fraudulent representations by the producer in the loan or purchase agreement documents, or in obtaining the loan or purchase proceeds, or the conversion or unlawful disposition by him of any portion of the cottonseed under loan, shall render the producer subject to criminal prosecution under Federal law and render him personally liable for the amount of the loan and for any resulting expense incurred by any holder of the note, or for any damages resulting from the purchase of the cottonseed.

§ 643.518 *Maturity and liquidation of loans.* Notwithstanding any provisions in the mortgage supplement or in the note and loan agreement, settlement of loans, and delivery of the cottonseed covered by chattel mortgage and pledged under note and loan agreements shall be made in accordance with this section. All loans mature on demand but not later than March 1, 1952. If the producer does not repay his loan on or before maturity, the following procedure will be observed:

(a) *Farm-storage loans.* The producer shall deliver the mortgaged cottonseed in accordance with instructions of the county committee. The producer may, however, pay off his loan and redeem his cottonseed at any time prior to the delivery of the cottonseed to CCC or removal of the cottonseed by CCC. In the event the farm is sold or there is a change of tenancy, the cottonseed may be delivered before the maturity date of the loan, upon prior approval by the county committee, or may be delivered before the maturity date of the loan for other reasons upon prior approval of the President of CCC. After a complete grade determination by a cottonseed chemist licensed by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, credit will be given at the applicable settlement rate, according to grade and/or quality (see § 643.522), for the total quantity delivered, provided it is the identical cottonseed on which the loan was made. In the case of "off quality" and "below grade" cottonseed, as defined in the United States Official Standards for Grades of Cottonseed, CCC will sell such cottonseed, pursuant to the provisions of the chattel mortgage (Commodity Loan Form AA), at the current market price, and the set-

tlement value shall be the market price determined on the basis of such sale.

If the producer, upon prior approval of the county committee, transports the cottonseed a greater distance than the distance from the point of storage to the normal delivery point, the producer may, at time of settlement, be credited for transporting the cottonseed the additional distance at a rate per mile not in excess of the commercial transportation rate for the area.

If the settlement value of the cottonseed delivered under a farm-storage loan exceeds the amount due on the loan by more than $3.00, such amount will be paid to the producer on the basis of the settlement documents. To avoid administrative costs of making small payments, if the amount found due the producer in such settlement is $3.00 or less, such amount will be paid only upon his request. Payments will be made by sight draft drawn on CCC by the State PMA office.

If the settlement value of the cottonseed is less than the amount due on the loan (excluding interest), the amount of the deficiency, plus interest, shall be paid to CCC or the amount may be set off against any payment which would otherwise be due to the producer under any agricultural programs administered by the Secretary of Agriculture or any other payments which are due or may become due to the producer from CCC or any other agency of the United States, provided that, to avoid administrative costs of handling small accounts, a deficiency of $3.00 or less, including interest, may be disregarded unless demand therefor is made by CCC upon the producer.

If the loan is not liquidated upon maturity by payment or delivery, the holder of the note may remove the cottonseed and sell them in accordance with the provisions of the chattel mortgage (Commodity Loan Form AA).

(b) *Warehouse-storage loans.* The procedure with respect to cottonseed stored on an identity-preserved basis shall be the same as that for farm-stored cottonseed except that the warehouse shall be considered the delivery point. The producer shall not be responsible for the quantity or quality of cottonseed stored by a warehouseman on a commingled basis and covered by receipts under which the warehouseman agrees to deliver the quantity and grade shown in the receipts. If the producer does not repay his warehouse-storage loan on or before maturity, CCC shall have the right to sell the cottonseed in liquidation of the loan in accordance with the provisions of the note and loan agreement (Commodity Loan Form B).

Any payment due a producer at time of settlement on a loan secured by warehouse receipts covering commingled cottonseed shall be made by the appropriate PMA commodity office.

§ 643.519 *Delivery and settlement under purchase agreements.* (a) The producer who signs a purchase agreement (Commodity Purchase Form 1) will not be obligated to deliver any cottonseed to CCC; however, the quantity which he states in the purchase agreement will be the maximum quantity he may deliver to CCC. If the producer who signs the purchase agreement wishes to sell cottonseed to CCC, he will have a 30-day period during which he must notify the county committee of his intention to sell. This period will end on March 1, 1952, or on such earlier date as may be determined bythe President, CCC.

(b) In the case of eligible cottonseed stored in an approved warehouse, the producer must, not later than the day following the final date of such 30-day period or during such period of time thereafter as may be specified by CCC, submit to the county committee warehouse receipts for any quantity of cottonseed that he elects to sell to CCC which is not in excess of the quantity shown on Commodity Purchase Form 1. If the warehouseman guarantees grade and quantity under such warehouse receipts, settlement will be made upon the basis of the grade and quantity shown in the receipts. If the warehouse receipts indicate that the cottonseed are identity-preserved, settlement will be made on the basis of weight, and the official grade as determined by chemical analysis, at the time of delivery to CCC.

(c) In the case of eligible cottonseed stored in other than approved warehouse storage, the county committee will on or after March 2, 1952, issue delivery instructions to the producer. The producer must then complete delivery at points designated by the county committee within a 15-day period immediately following the date the county committee issues delivery instructions unless the county committee determines more time is needed for delivery. The quantity of cottonseed delivered must not be in excess of the quantity shown on Commodity Purchase Form 1. The cottonseed will be purchased on the basis of weight, and the official grade as determined by chemical analysis, at the time of delivery.

(d) When delivery is completed, payment will be made by sight draft drawn on CCC by the State PMA office on the basis of Commodity Purchase Form 4. The producer shall direct on such form to whom payment of the proceeds shall be made. "Below grade" and "off quality" cottonseed as defined in the United States Official Standards for Grades of Cottonseed will not be purchased under the purchase agreement program.

§ 643.520 *Release of the cottonseed under loan.* A producer may at any time obtain the release of cottonseed remaining under loan by paying to the holder of the note the principal amount thereof, plus accrued interest and any charges that may be due. If the note is held by an out-of-town lending agency or by CCC, the producer may request that the note be forwarded to a local lending agency or to the county committee for collection. All charges in connection with the collection of the note shall be paid by the producer. Upon payment of a farm-storage loan, the county committee should be requested to release the mortgage by filing an instrument of release or by executing a marginal release on the county records. Partial release of the cottonseed prior to maturity of the loan may be arranged with the county committee by paying to the holder of the note the amount of the loan, plus charges and accrued interest, represented by the quantity of the cottonseed to be released: *Provided, however,* No partial release of farm-stored cottonseed shall include less than the total quantity of cottonseed stored in any single commingled mass unless the appropriate State committee determines that releases of portions of such masses should be made, and no partial release of warehouse-stored cottonseed shall include less than the total quantity of cottonseed covered by any warehouse receipt involved in the release.

§ 643.521 *Purchase of notes.* CCC will purchase, from approved lending agencies, notes evidencing approved loans which are secured by chattel mortgages or negotiable warehouse receipts. The purchase price to be paid by CCC will be the principal sum remaining due on such notes, plus an amount computed according to the lending agency agreement to cover interest. Lending agencies are required to submit Commodity Credit Corporation Form 500 or such other form as CCC may prescribe for all payments received on producers' notes held by them and are required to remit to CCC a part of the interest collected, computed according to the lending agency agreement. Lending agencies shall submit notes and reports to the PMA commodity office serving the area.

§ 643.522 *Loan and settlement rates.* (a) *Loan rates.* Loans on farm-stored cottonseed, and on cottonseed stored in warehouses on an identity-preserved basis and represented by warehouse receipts in which the grade is not guaranteed, shall be made at the rate of $63.90 per ton of eligible cottonseed as defined in § 643.505. Loans on cottonseed represented by warehouse receipts in which the grade is guaranteed by the warehouseman shall be made at the settlement rates indicated in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) *Basic settlement rate.* The basic settlement rate for "basis grade" (100) cottonseed in farm storage, stored in a warehouse, or delivered under a purchase agreement shall be $65.50 per net ton, f. o. b. railroad cars or trucks at delivery points or delivered in an approved warehouse. The settlement rate for cottonseed grading above or below "basis grade" (100) shall be $65.50 per ton plus or minus a percentage of such price equal to the percentage by which the grade of such cottonseed is above or below 100.

(c) *Warehouse charges.* In the case of cottonseed under a warehouse-storage loan which are not redeemed by the producer, or cottonseed delivered to CCC in an approved warehouse under a purchase agreement, CCC will not assume any warehouse charges accruing prior to March 1, 1952, except as provided in the Cottonseed Storage Agreement (CCC Form 506). Any such charges paid by CCC shall be credited against any charges for the same services made to the producer who deposited the cotton-

seed in the warehouse and shall accrue to any subsequent holder of the warehouse receipts.

§ 643.523 *Cooperative marketing associations.* (a) Cooperative marketing associations shall be eligible for loans and purchase agreements: *Provided,* That (1) the cottonseed placed under loan and purchase agreements are delivered to the association by eligible producers who are members of the association; (2) the association has been granted by such producer-members the legal right to sell the cottonseed or to pledge or mortgage them as security for a loan, either when stored on an identity-preserved basis or when commingled with other cottonseed; (3) the association keeps any cottonseed covered by a chattel mortgage segregated from all cottonseed not covered by the mortgage; and (4) the association undertakes to pay to CCC any amounts due it under the provisions of this program at the time of settlement.

(b) Cooperative associations desiring loans or wishing to execute purchase agreements may obtain documents from the county committee for the county in which the association is located. The loan and settlement rates to cooperative associations will be the same as those to individual producers, and loans and purchase agreements with respect to such associations will otherwise be on substantially the same basis as loans and purchase agreements with respect to individual producers.

§ 643.524 *Warehouse receipts.* Cottonseed stored in an approved warehouse must be represented by negotiable warehouse receipts, properly endorsed if not in bearer form, meeting the requirements of CCC. Receipts covering identity-preserved cottonseed shall show the condition, weight, and moisture content of the cottonseed. Receipts covering commingled cottonseed shall show the net weight of the cottonseed and the grade of such cottonseed expressed in accordance with the U. S. Official Standards for Grades of Cottonseed. The warehouseman shall be responsible for the delivery of the grade and quantity shown in receipts covering commingled cottonseed. Each receipt shall indicate by endorsement or otherwise that all warehouse charges through April 30, 1952, have been paid. Each receipt covering commingled cottonseed shall show that the warehouseman has provided insurance for the benefit of the holder of the receipt to the extent set out in § 643.515.

§ 643.525 *PMA commodity offices.* The PMA commodity offices and the cotton growing area served by each are shown below:

50 Seventh Street NE., Atlanta 5, Ga.: Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia.

1114 Commerce Street, Dallas 4, Tex.: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas.

Fidelity Building, 911 Walnut Street, Kansas City 6, Mo.: Kansas, Missouri, Illinois.

335 Fell Street, San Francisco 2, Calif.: Arizona, California, Nevada.

Issued this 6th day of July 1951.

[SEAL] JOHN H. DEAN,
Acting Vice President,
Commodity Credit Corporation.

Approved:

G. F. GEISSLER,
President,
Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8033; Filed, July 11, 1951; 9:01 a. m.]

TITLE 15—COMMERCE AND FOREIGN TRADE

Chapter III—Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce

Subchapter C—Office of International Trade

[5th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs. Amdt. 64 [1]]

PART 372—PROVISIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL AND OTHER VALIDATED LICENSES

PART 379—EXPORT CLEARANCE

PART 380—AMENDMENTS, EXTENSIONS, TRANSFERS

PART 382—DENIAL OR SUSPENSION OF LICENSE PRIVILEGES

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. Section 372.2 *Applications for licenses,* is amended in the following particulars:

The *interpretive statement regarding applicants, licensees, and parties* (following § 372.2 (a)), paragraph 5, is amended to read as follows:

5. *Intermediate consignee.* The bank, forwarding agent, or other intermediary (if any) who participates in a foreign country as an agent for the exporter, the purchaser, or the ultimate consignee, for the purpose of effecting delivery of the exportation to the ultimate consignee must be named on the application, if known.

In all cases, before a shipment will be cleared for export, the name and address of any intermediate consignee to be used *must be ascertained* and set forth on the shipper's export declaration, whether or not named on the license application or validated license. (See § 379.2 (a) (2) of this subchapter.)

Amendment of the export license is required if the intermediate consignee to be used in the export transaction is not named on the export license, unless such new or different intermediate consignee is located in the country of ultimate destination as shown on the export license. (See § 380.2 (f) of this subchapter; also § 373.13, regarding exportations to Taiwan (Formosa).)

The name and address of the intermediate consignee need not be shown on the commercial invoice. However, pursuant to the destination control provisions of § 381.4 (d) (1) of this subchapter, a copy of the commercial invoice or bill of lading containing the destination statement provided thereunder must be sent to any intermediate consignee.

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of July 5, 1951.

[1] This amendment was published in Current Export Bulletin No. 627, dated July 5, 1951.

2. Section 372.3 *How to file an application for export license,* is amended in the following particulars:

The note (following § 372.3 (c)), paragraph 2, Item 8 (b) is amended to read as follows:

Item 8 (b), Intermediate consignee in foreign country: Enter the name and address of the bank, forwarding agent, freight forwarder, or other intermediary, if any, in a foreign country who is to act as an agent of either the exporter, the ultimate consignee, or the purchaser, in effecting delivery of the exportation to the ultimate consignee. If no intermediary is to be used, applicant should state "none"; or if same as ultimate consignee, "same". If, at the time the application for export license is submitted, the intermediate consignee is not known, the applicant may state "unknown".

In all cases, before a shipment will be cleared for export, the name and address of any intermediate consignee must be ascertained and set forth on the shipper's export declaration, whether or not named on the license application or validated license. (See § 379.2 (a) (2) of this subchapter.) (For situations where amendment of license is required prior to clearance in respect to intermediate consignee, see §§ 380.2 (f) and 373.13 of this subchapter.)

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of July 5, 1951.

3. Section 379.2 *Authenticated shipper's export declaration,* is amended in the following particulars:

Subparagraph (2) of paragraph (a) *Procedure for authentication,* is amended by renumbering subdivision (iii) as (iv) and adding the following as subdivision (iii):

(iii) The name and address of any intermediate consignee, whether or not named on the license application or on the validated license. Where amendment to the validated license is required in respect to intermediate consignee, the name and address on the declaration must conform with that shown on the amendment.

NOTE: Amendment of the export license is required in respect to intermediate consignee, as provided in §§ 373.13 and 380.2 (f) of this subchapter.

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of July 5, 1951.

4. Section 380.2 *Amendments or alterations of licenses,* is amended by adding thereto a new paragraph (f) to read as follows:

(f) *Intermediate consignee amendments.* Amendment of the export license is required if the intermediate consignee to be used or designated in the export transaction is not named on the export license, unless such new or different intermediate consignee is located in the country of ultimate destination as shown on the export license. (See, also, § 373.13 of this subchapter, regarding exportations to Taiwan (Formosa).)

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of July 5, 1951.

5. Part 382—Denial or Suspension of License Privileges, is amended in the following particulars:

a. The title of Part 382 is amended to read as follows: Part 382—Denial or Suspension of Export Privileges.

b. In Part 382 "license privileges", "privileges of obtaining or using export

licenses including general licenses", and "export license privileges" are changed to read "export privileges".

c. Section 382.1 *Authority to deny license privileges,* is amended to read as follows:

§ 381.1 *Authority to deny export privileges.* Any person who violates any law or regulation relating to export control may be denied the privilege of exporting, receiving, or otherwise participating in any exportation of any commodity, or of technical data, from the United States to any foreign destination, including Canada; and of financing, transporting, or other servicing of such exports. Such denial of export privileges shall take the form of an order issued in the name and under the authority of the Assistant Director for Export Supply of the Office of International Trade and shall be effective for such period of time and on such terms and conditions as may be deemed appropriate and prescribed therein. Such an order may be made applicable not only to persons named therein as having committed a violation but also, to the extent necessary to prevent evasion, to other persons with whom said named persons may be related by ownership, control, or other connection in the conduct of export trade. Any statute, proclamation, Executive order, regulation, or order applicable to any conduct involved in obtaining or using an export license or other export control document shall be deemed to be a "law or regulation relating to export control".

NOTE: This procedure in no way restricts the present practice of referring appropriate cases to the Department of Justice for criminal prosecution. Violations of export control regulations not only may result in denial of export privileges but also are punishable by a fine of not more than $10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than 1 year, or both. Any submission of false information, whether in connection with license applications, export declarations, investigations, compliance proceedings, appeals, or otherwise, is punishable by a fine of not more than $10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than 5 years, or both.

d. Section 382.11 *Temporary suspensions,* paragraph (a), is amended to read as follows:

(a) *Suspension by charging letter.* A charging letter may by its terms suspend, from and after the date of its issuance, the respondent's privilege to obtain or use validated export licenses and may revoke and require the return for cancellation of outstanding validated licenses but shall not otherwise suspend the respondent's export privileges. Such latter privileges, however, may be suspended as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of July 5, 1951.

(Sec. 3, 63 Stat. 7; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2023. E. O. 9630, Sept. 27, 1945, 10 F. R. 12245; 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9919, Jan. 3, 1948, 13 F. R. 59; 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

LORING K. MACY,
Acting Director,
Office of International Trade.

[F. R. Doc. 51-7995; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

[5th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs., Amdt. P. L. 55 [1]]

PART 399—POSITIVE LIST OF COMMODITIES AND RELATED MATTERS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. Section 399.1 *Appendix A—Positive List of Commodities,* is amended in the following particulars:

The following revisions are made to conform to Public Bulletins P. B. 185B–I and –II and P. B. 190B–I and –II, issued by the Bureau of the Census June 27, 1951:

Dept. of Commerce Schedule B No.	Commodity	Unit	Processing code and related commodity group	GLV dollar value limits	Validated license required
460200	Sulfite wood pulp, semi-bleached, and bleached, other than rayon and special chemical grades.[1]	S. ton	PULP	250	RO
	Internal-combustion engines:				
715900	Other engine accessories and parts, except tractor engine parts (report tractor engine parts in 788901 and 788905).[2]		GIEQ	250	R
734000	Geophysical and mineral prospecting equipment, and parts.[3]		CONS	None	RO
788901	Parts, and accessories, for tracklaying tractors (including engine accessories and parts; and control and winch attachments and parts.) (Report engines in 714310–714810; agricultural implement attachments for tractors in 781010–787150, and parts therefor in 787190.)[4]		CONS 1	250	R
788905	Parts and accessories for wheel-type tractors, except garden tractors (including engine accessories and parts; and control and winch attachments and parts). (Report engines in 714310–714810; parts and accessories for contractors' wheel-type tractors in 723100; agricultural implement attachments for tractors in 781010–787150, and parts therefor in 787190.)[5]		AGMT	250	R
794960	Landing mats, aircraft [6]		STEE	100	RO
919098	Magnetometers, and parts [7]		SATE	None	RO

[1] The description is amended by adding "semi-bleached." This is not a substantive change as semi-bleached sulfite wood pulp has been included under Schedule B No. 460200, though not indicated in the description heretofore.

[2] This entry is substituted for the second entry on the Positive List under Schedule B No. 715900 and cancels the transfer from Schedule B Nos. 788901 and 788905 to 715900 of tractor engine parts, as announced by the Bureau of the Census in P. B. 176B, issued December 20, 1950, and incorporated in Current Export Bulletin No. 601, issued January 11, 1951. The following entries on the Positive List under Schedule B No. 715900 remain unchanged: "Marine engine accessories, and parts (specify Diesel or gasoline)," and "Locomotive parts, Diesel, Diesel-electric, and other internal-combustion locomotive parts."

[3] This entry is substituted for the following two entries on the Positive List: Schedule B No. 734210, "Oil and gas exploration equipment and parts," and Schedule B No. 919098, "Mineral exploration equipment, including prospecting apparatus." By this amendment the validated license requirement for geophysical equipment and parts, which were formerly included on the Positive List under the last entries for Schedule B Nos. 733910 and 733990 as R commodities and which are now included under Schedule B No. 734000, is changed from R to RO control; the GLV dollar-value limit for geophysical equipment parts is decreased from $100 to none.

[4] This amendment restores engine accessories and parts for track-laying tractors to Schedule B No. 788901. They were formerly included in this class until Current Export Bulletin 601 announced their transfer to Schedule B No. 715900.

[5] This amendment restores engine accessories and parts for wheel-type tractors to Schedule B No. 788905. They were formerly included in this class until Current Export Bulletin 601 announced their transfer to Schedule B No. 715900.

[6] This is not a substantive change. Aircraft landing mats were formerly included under Schedule B No. 604790, "Plates, fabricated, punched, or shaped, n.e.s."

[7] This is not a substantive change. Magnetometers were formerly included under Schedule B No. 703620; magnetometer parts were included on the Positive List under Schedule B No. 709998, as "Indicating instrument parts."

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of July 10, 1951.

Shipments of any commodities removed from general license to Country Group R or Country Group O destinations, or whose GLV dollar-value limits were reduced, as a result of changes set forth in Part 1 of this amendment which were on dock, on lighter, laden aboard an exporting carrier, or in transit to a port of exit pursuant to actual orders for export prior to 12:01 a. m., July 10, 1951, may be exported under the previous general license provisions up to and including August 4, 1951. Any such shipment not laden aboard the exporting carrier on or before August 4, 1951, requires a validated license for export.

2. Section 399.2 *Appendix B—Commodity Interpretations; Positive List of Commodities,* is amended by adding thereto the following interpretations issued July 5, 1951:

INTERPRETATION 6—MACHINERY AND PARTS

(1) *Where an assembled machine or unit of equipment is being exported.* Where one or more assembled machines or units of equipment are being exported, the individual component parts which are physically incorporated into the machine or equipment do not require a separate validated export license. The validated license or the general license under which the complete machine or unit of equipment is exported will also cover its component parts, provided that: No special provisions or interpretations obtain (for example, as in the case of certain tools containing diamonds); that the parts are normal and usual components of the machine or equipment being exported; or the physical incorporation is not used as a device to evade the requirement for a validated export license.

(2) *Where parts are exported as spares, replacements, for resale, or for stock.* Where parts are exported as spares, replacements, for resale, or for stock, a validated export license is required if the particular part is on the Positive List to the intended destination.

INTERPRETATION 7—PARACHUTES, PARTS, AND FITTINGS

Parachutes, parts and fittings are considered implements of war and exportations thereof are controlled by the Department of State and not the Department of Commerce (see § 370.5). These include complete parachutes, canopies (parachutes with the shroud lines removed), shroud lines, pilot chutes, containers, harnesses, or parts and fittings therefor. Export licenses issued by the Secretary of State are required for such exportations, including those sent as gifts.

[1] This amendment was published in Current Export Bulletin No. 627, dated July 5, 1951.

INTERPRETATION 8—QUARTZ CRYSTAL PLATE

Quartz crystal plate is a piece of quartz crystal cut in such a way as to be active piezo-electrically. It may or may not be mounted with metal electrodes applied to its surfaces.

All quartz crystal plates, mounted or unmounted, are classified under Schedule B No. 595090, and are subject to the export control regulations applicable thereto.

This part of the amendment shall become effective as of July 5, 1951.

(Sec. 3, 63 Stat. 7; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2023. E. O. 9630, Sept. 27, 1945, 10 F. R. 12245; 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9919, Jan. 3, 1948, 13 F. R. 59; 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

LORING K. MACY,
Acting Director,
Office of International Trade.

[F. R. Doc. 51-7994; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

TITLE 18—CONSERVATION OF POWER

Chapter I—Federal Power Commission

Subchapter E—Regulations Under Natural Gas Act

[Docket No. R-119; Order 160]

PART 153—APPLICATIONS FOR AUTHORIZATION TO EXPORT OR IMPORT NATURAL GAS

WHO SHALL APPLY

JULY 3, 1951.

The Commission, under date of October 31, 1950, gave notice of its intention to amend its general rules and regulations by amending § 153.1, *Who shall apply*, of Part 153—Application for Authorization to Export or Import Natural Gas—Subchapter E, Regulations under the Natural Gas Act, Chapter I of Title 18, Code of Federal Regulations. Such notice was given by mailing a copy of the proposed amendment to natural-gas companies, State utility regulatory commissions, certain Federal agencies, and other interested parties, and by publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on November 4, 1950 (15 F. R. 7443-7444).

In giving notice of the proposed amendment, the Commission invited all interested persons to submit data, views and comments. One response in support of the proposed amendment, and none opposing, was received.

The aforesaid amendment is designed to eliminate the requirement now contained in § 153.1 that the owner of a source of supply of natural gas who proposes to export or import natural gas or who has entered or proposes to enter into a contract to supply natural gas to be exported or imported shall be a necessary party to an application for the authorization required under section 3 of the Natural Gas Act.

The Commission finds:

(1) The proposed amendment represents a matter of practice and procedure, as to which notice or hearing is not required by statute.

(2) Adoption and promulgation of the proposed amendment are necessary and appropriate for the purposes of administration of the Natural Gas Act.

(3) Good cause exists for providing that this amendment become effective upon its adoption and promulgation.

The Commission, acting pursuant to the authority provided by the Natural Gas Act, as amended, particularly sections 3 and 16 thereof (52 Stat. 822, 830; 15 U. S. C. 717b, 717o, orders:

(A) Section 153.1 *Who shall apply*, of Part 153—Application for Authorization to Export or Import Natural Gas—Subchapter E, Regulations under the Natural Gas Act, Chapter I of Title 18, Code of Federal Regulations, be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 153.1 *Who shall apply.* (a) Any person proposing to export natural gas from the United States to a foreign country or to import natural gas from a foreign country, pursuant to the provisions of section 3 of the Natural Gas Act, shall make an application for authorization therefor under this part.

(b) In connection with applications under this section, attention is directed to the provisions of §§ 153.10 to 153.12, inclusive, relative to applications for Presidential Permits for the construction, operation, maintenance, or connection, at the borders of the United States, of facilities for the exportation and importation of natural gas to or from a foreign country in compliance with Executive Order No. 8202, dated July 13, 1939, 3 CFR Cum. Supp.

(Sec. 16, 52 Stat. 830; 15 U. S. C. 717o. Interprets or applies sec. 3, 52 Stat. 822; 15 U. S. C. 717b. E. O. 8202, July 13, 1939, 3 CFR, 1943 Cum. Supp.)

(B) This order, and the aforesaid amendment of § 153.1, shall become effective immediately upon adoption and promulgation of this order.

(C) The Secretary of the Commission shall cause prompt publication of this order to be made in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Date of issuance: July 11, 1951.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-7981; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 20—EMPLOYEES' BENEFITS

Chapter V—Bureau of Employment Security, Department of Labor

PART 604—POLICIES OF THE UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

OCCUPATIONAL TESTING AND SERVICE TO OLDER WORKERS

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by section 12, 48 Stat. 117, as amended, 29 U. S. C. 49k, Reorganization Plan No. 2 of 1949 and by delegation from the Secretary of Labor, this Part is amended in the manner set forth below:

1. Section 604.10 is amended to read as follows:

§ 605.10 *Occupational testing.* It is the policy of the United States Employment Service:

(a) To use objective tests and related techniques for the measurement of skills, aptitudes, and interests when such use will contribute to sound employment counseling and placement.

(b) To use tests and related techniques only when developed or approved by the United States Employment Service.

(c) To use tests and related techniques in accordance with the applicable standards.

(d) To establish testing services in those local offices in which a need for such facilities exists.

(e) To foster the development and standardization of additional United States Employment Service test batteries for which a need exists.

(f) To release certain test materials to private employers and nonprofit vocational guidance and placement agencies, upon approval by the United States Employment Service.

2. A new section designated § 604.17 is added as follows:

§ 604.17 *Older workers.* It is the policy of the United States Employment Service:

(a) To provide such services to older workers as are necessary to promote for them equal opportunity for employment in competition with other workers of similar qualifications.

(b) To engage in educational programs with employers, employer groups, labor unions, and the community for the purpose of increasing employment opportunities for older workers.

(Sec. 12, 48 Stat. 117, as amended; 29 U. S. C. 49k)

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 9th day of July, 1951.

ROBERT C. GOODWIN,
Director of the Bureau of Employment Security.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8031; Filed, July 11, 1951; 9:00 a. m.]

TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE, APPENDIX

Chapter XVIII — National Shipping Authority, Maritime Administration, Department of Commerce

[NSA Order No. 39 (AGE-3)]

AGE-3, BONDING OF SHIP'S PERSONNEL

Sec.
1. What this order does.
2. Amount of bond.
3. Premiums.
4. Posting of bond.
5. Measures to protect ship's payrolls.
6. Form of bond.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 to 6 issued under sec. 204, 49 Stat. 1987, as amended; 46 U. S. C. 1987.

SECTION 1. *What this order does.* This order requires that General Agents, appointed under Service Agreement "G. A. A., 3/19/51" shall not advance or entrust any monies or slop chest property of the United States to a master, purser or any other member of the ship's personnel unless such person is under a

bond indemnifying the United States against loss of such monies or property caused solely or in part by the dishonesty or lack of care of any such person in the performance of the duties of any petition covered by the bond.

SEC. 2. *Amount of bond.* The amount of the bond must be governed by the amount of monies advanced or value of slop chest property entrusted, and shall, at all times, not be less than the value of slop chest property entrusted plus advances of monies for which a satisfactory accounting has not been made.

SEC. 3. *Premiums.* The bonds provided for shall be furnished without cost to the National Shipping Authority, but the cost of the premiums of such bonds shall be included in the overhead expense of the General Agent.

SEC. 4. *Posting of bond.* The General Agent shall transmit to the Comptroller, Maritime Administration, Washington 25, D. C., one executed copy of each such bond and shall retain a copy in its principal office for examination by the National Shipping Authority at any time.

SEC. 5. *Measures to protect ship payrolls.* (a) General Agents are not required to consider the amount of the payroll delivered to the Master at the conclusion of a voyage in determining the amount of bond required for any one person filling a bonded position hereunder. However, the person paying off the crew should be either the Master, or purser, or some other member of the ship's personnel acting for the Master who has been bonded pursuant to this order. If, however, the person paying off is a shoreside employee of the General Agent, such employee shall be bonded under the General Agents' general fidelity bond.

(b) The principal risk involved where payrolls are delivered to a vessel at the conclusion of a voyage is loss through hold-up. Therefore, reasonable protection shall be taken by all General Agents where payrolls are delivered to a vessel or elsewhere. Because the circumstances of each case will vary, the General Agents shall use their best judgment in determining whether armored car service, armed guards or similar types of protection should be employed (in other words, the General Agents should follow their usual practices). The cost of these services may be included in vessel operating expenses.

(c) General Agents are not required to purchase hold-up insurance, since subject to the terms, conditions and limitations of Service Agreement "G. A. A., 3/19/51" losses resulting from this exposure are assumed by the National Shipping Authority.

SEC. 6. *Form of bond.* The form of bond required by the National Shipping Authority to be used by the General Agents shall be as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

MARITIME ADMINISTRATION, NATIONAL SHIPPING AUTHORITY

Position Fidelity Schedule Bond

In consideration of the annual premium ---------- (hereafter called the "Surety") hereby agrees to pay to ---------- or its successors (hereafter called the "Agent") or the United States of America, (hereafter called the "United States"), represented by the Director, National Shipping Authority of the Maritime Administration, Department of Commerce (hereafter called the "Director"), as their interests may appear, the amount of any pecuniary loss of money or slop chest property caused, solely or in part, by reason of the dishonesty or lack of care of any person in the performance of the duties of any position, now or hereafter listed in the Schedule of Positions and Amounts forming part hereof (hereafter called the "Schedule"), on any and all vessels from time to time allocated to the Agent by the Director.

This bond is executed and accepted subject to the following agreements, limitations and conditions:

First. Liability under this bond begins with the ------ day of ----------, 19---- in respect of each person then filling any position named in the Schedule on any and all vessels then allocated to the Agent by the Director. As to any position or positions bearing the same designation as that of any position or positions named in the Schedule on any vessel or vessels thereafter allocated to the Agent by the Director, liability under this bond shall automatically begin as soon as such position or positions are filled, provided the Director or the Agent shall within ninety (90) days of the date such position or positions are filled notify the Surety in writing of the date such position or positions are filled. As between the Agent and the Director, it shall be the responsibility of the Agent to give the notice to the Surety as provided herein. Without affecting its liability hereunder, the Surety agrees that neither the Agent nor the Director need furnish the names of vessels on which positions are bonded hereunder at any time during the effective period of this bond.

Second. If the Agent or the Director shall request the Surety to increase or decrease the amount of coverage applicable to any position named in the Schedule, the Surety shall make such change by written acceptance showing the increase or decrease in the amount of coverage and the effective date thereof, which effective date shall not be prior to the date of such request; provided, however, that if the Director shall within ninety (90) days after receipt of notice of a decrease resulting from a request by the Agent, advise the Surety that it does not consent to such decrease, such decrease shall become inoperative and coverage shall continue in the amount applicable prior to such decrease as if such decrease had never been made.

Third. If the Surety knows or has reason to believe that any person filling any position named in the Schedule has caused any loss of money or property entrusted to him by reason of his dishonesty or lack of care in the performance of the duties of such position, the Surety may terminate the coverage of this bond as to such person by giving notice in writing to the Agent and the Director at least thirty (30) days prior to the completion, in a continental United States port, of the then current voyage of the vessel on which such person is filling a position, in which case the coverage of this bond as to such person shall terminate when the crew is paid off upon such completion of the voyage. The Agent may cancel the coverage of this bond (a) as an entirety or (b) as to any position named in the Schedule by giving the Surety fifteen (15) days' written notice accompanied by written approval of the Director to such cancellation. The Director may cancel the coverage of this bond (a) as an entirety or (b) as to any position named in the Schedule upon fifteen (15) days' written notice to the Surety. In the event of any such cancellation the Surety shall refund to the Agent any unearned premiums computed pro rata.

Fourth. After discovery and report to the Agent or the Director of any loss hereunder, the Agent or the Director shall give the Surety written notice thereof, and within ninety (90) days after such written notice to the Surety shall file with the Surety affirmative proof of loss itemized and sworn to on forms furnished by the Surety. Prior discovery and report to the Agent of such loss shall not affect the right of the Director to notify the Surety of such loss and to file proof of loss. As between the Agent and the Director, it shall be the responsibility of the Agent to give the notice and to file the proof of loss with the Surety as provided herein. "Discovery and report" as used herein is defined in paragraph Tenth hereof.

Fifth. Any suit to recover on account of any loss hereunder shall be brought before the expiration of five years from the report to the Agent or the Director of the act causing such loss.

Sixth. The Agent will declare at the original effective date of this bond, and at each subsequent premium anniversary date, the total number of persons then filling each position named in the Schedule, and the annual premium will be computed for the ensuing year on the basis of the aggregate coverage represented by such declaration. Upon such premium anniversary date there will be a computation of additional premium or refund of premium in proportion to the change in the coverage each year.

Seventh. Settlement of any claim hereunder shall be made by check payable to the Agent unless otherwise instructed by the Director, but no settlement of any claim hereunder may be made for an amount less than the full amount of the loss for which the claim is made without the written consent of the Director thereto.

Eighth. The Surety shall not be entitled to any reimbursement, salvage or recovery,—except from insurance, reinsurance, collateral or indemnity taken by the Surety for its own benefit,—on account of any loss hereunder until the Agent or the Director, as their interests may appear, is reimbursed in full.

Ninth. No modification or change of any nature of the provisions of this bond shall take effect unless the Director shall have given his written consent thereto, except that the Agent may increase the coverage hereunder in accordance with the provisions of paragraph First hereof without such consent of the Director.

Tenth. (a) Any action, approval or consent which by the provisions of this bond is required to be taken or signed by the Director shall be effective if taken or signed by the Director or by his authorized representative, and wherever and whenever herein any right, power, or authority is granted or given to the Director, such right, power, or authority may be exercised in all cases by his authorized representative, and the act or acts of such authorized representative, when taken shall constitute the act of the Director hereunder.

(b) "Discovery and report" by the Agent as used herein shall be deemed to mean discovery by any person and the report of such discovery to an executive officer or head of a department or division concerned with such discovery and report of the Agent at the Agent's principal place of business within the continental United States. "Discovery and report" by the Director shall be deemed to mean discovery by any person and the report of such discovery to an executive officer or head of a division or section concerned with such discovery and report at the Director's headquarters.

(c) Notices, approvals and requests required by the provisions hereof shall be sent

to the Surety addressed to it at its home office at _____.

(d) Notices, acceptances and requests required to be sent to the Agent shall be sent to The Agent, _____
(Name and head office address)

(e) Notices and requests to be sent to the Director shall be addressed to the Director, National Shipping Authority of the Maritime Administration, Department of Commerce, at the Director's headquarters.

Signed, sealed and dated this _____ day of _____, 19____.

[CORPORATE SEAL] _____
(Surety)

Attest or witness:

_____ By _____

_____ By _____

SCHEDULE OF POSITIONS AND AMOUNTS

The positions set forth hereinafter in this Schedule are all located on board the vessel or vessels allocated by the Director from time to time to the Agent named herein.

Item No.	Description position	Number persons filling position	Amount coverage on each	Aggregate coverage	Premium

[SEAL]

C. H. MCGUIRE,
Director,
National Shipping Authority.

[F. R. Doc. 51-7999; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:51 a. m.]

TITLE 39—POSTAL SERVICE

Chapter I—Post Office Department

PART 34—CLASSIFICATION AND RATES OF POSTAGE

FREE MAIL PRIVILEGE FOR MEMBERS OF ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES

In § 34.14a *Free mail privilege for members of the armed forces of the United States* (15 F. R. 5079) amend paragraph (a) (2) by striking out "June 30, 1951" and by inserting in lieu thereof, "June 30, 1953."

(Pub. Law 54, 82d Cong.)

[SEAL] J. M. DONALDSON,
Postmaster General.

[F. R. Doc. 51-7985; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

TITLE 41—PUBLIC CONTRACTS

Chapter III—Committee on Purchases of Blind-Made Products

PART 301—PURCHASES OF BLIND-MADE PRODUCTS

The regulations in this part are revised to read as follows:

Sec.
301.1 Definitions.
301.2 National Industries for the Blind designated.
301.3 Schedule of blind-made products.
301.4 Purchase procedure.
301.5 Clearances.
301.6 Agencies for the blind.
301.7 Reports.

AUTHORITY: §§ 301.1 to 301.7 issued under sec. 2, 52 Stat. 1196; 41 U. S. C. 47.

§ 301.1 *Definitions.* As used in this part:

(a) "Blind" means a person having visual acuity not to exceed 20/200 in the better eye with correcting lenses; or visual acuity greater than 20/200 but with a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than 20 degrees.

(b) "Non-profit-making agency for the blind" (hereinafter referred to as "agency for the blind") means any organization operated in the interest of the blind, the net income of which does not inure in whole or in part to the benefit of any shareholder or individual, as established by affidavit filed with National Industries for the Blind.

(c) "Ordering office" means any Executive department, independent establishment, board, commission, bureau, service, or division of the United States, and any corporation, all the stock of which is beneficially owned by the United States.

§ 301.2 *National Industries for the Blind designated.* National Industries for the Blind (hereinafter referred to as "National Industries") is designated as the agency to facilitate the distribution of orders among the agencies for the blind. National Industries shall maintain a record of all non-profit-making agencies for the blind organized under the laws of the United States or any State, and statistical data showing their respective quantity production of the commodities specified in the schedule of blind-made products available for sale to ordering offices, so that the orders may be equitably allocated among such agencies for the blind.

§ 301.3 *Schedule of blind-made products.* The Committee will issue to ordering offices, through the Federal Supply Service, a schedule of blind-made products (hereinafter referred to as the "schedule") setting forth data concerning blind-made commodities to be purchased. The schedule is presently prepared as a separate publication and is available from the Federal Supply Service. Effective with the January 1952 issue of the General Services Administration's "Store Stock Catalog" the schedule will be included in that catalog as a separate section.

§ 301.4 *Purchase procedure.* Any ordering office requiring a commodity listed in the schedule, when authorized to purchase directly from agencies for the blind, will advise National Industries as to the items required, quantities thereof, and the required delivery dates, and will request an allocation from National Industries. National Industries shall determine whether any agency or agencies for the blind can fill the requirement and will allocate orders equitably among agencies for the blind. Upon receipt of the allocation from National Industries orders will be placed, in accordance with the allocation, with the designated agencies for the blind.

§ 301.5 *Clearances.* (a) The Federal Supply Service may grant to any ordering office a clearance to purchase from commercial sources any item listed in the schedule when the Federal Supply Service determines that a clearance is necessary to meet emergency requirements. Two copies of any such clearance issued, together with a statement as to the emergency involved, will be sent by the Federal Supply Service to National Industries within thirty days after issuance thereof.

(b) Any ordering office may purchase from commercial sources any item listed in the schedule to meet requirements (1) of military necessity which require delivery within two weeks (2) that are less than a single unit or (3) that are for use outside the continental United States.

(c) Whenever an ordering office has requested an allocation from National Industries and in reply has been furnished with a statement by National Industries listing items that none of the agencies for the blind can furnish within the period specified in the request for an allocation, the ordering office may purchase the items, and quantities thereof, listed in the statement from commercial sources, provided that purchase action to secure such items is instituted within thirty days from the date of the statement by National Industries or within such further period as may be indicated in the statement by National Industries.

§ 301.6 *Agencies for the blind.* (a) The term "agency for the blind" as used in the act of June 25, 1938, shall be defined as meaning an agency employing blind persons to an extent constituting not less than 75 percent of the total personnel engaged in the direct labor of production of manufactured blind-made products. Direct labor of production means all work required for preparation, processing and packing but not including supervision, administration, inspection and shipping.

(b) Each agency for the blind shall keep on file an eye record card containing information that will establish whether a person employed in the production of commodities listed in the schedule is blind as defined in § 301.1 (a). Copies of these cards shall also be filed with National Industries.

(c) As a prerequisite to participation in such Government orders, each agency for the blind shall file with National Industries copies of its certificates of incorporation, constitution and bylaws, or other instruments of similar import showing its authority and permitted activities.

(d) Each agency for the blind participating in such Government orders shall maintain an accounting system and not less often than once each year shall prepare a financial report and operating statement that accurately reflects its operations. Operating statements shall show as a separate item the amount of wages paid to blind employees. Books and records shall be made available for inspection at any time to representatives of National Industries or the Committee.

(e) No allocation of Government orders shall be made by National Industries to any agency for the blind not operating in accordance with this part.

§ 301.7 *Reports.* National Industries shall submit quarterly to the Committee on Purchases of Blind-made Products a report on the operation of the program.

H. FELDMAN,
Major General, U. S. Army,
Committee Chairman.

JUNE 25, 1951.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8017; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:56 a. m.]

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

Subchapter A—General Rules and Regulations

[Ex Parte No. MC-5]

PART 7—LIST OF FORMS, PART II, INTERSTATE COMMERCE ACT

Subchapter D—Freight Forwarders

[Ex Parte No. 159]

PART 405—SURETY BONDS AND POLICIES OF INSURANCE

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

In the matter of security for the protection of the public as provided in Part II of the Interstate Commerce Act, and of rules and regulations governing filing and approval of surety bonds, policies of insurance, qualifications as a self-insurer, or other securities and agreements by motor carriers and brokers subject to Part II of the act. Ex Parte No. MC-5.

In the matter of security for protection of the public as provided in Part IV of the Interstate Commerce Act, and of rules and regulations governing filing and approval of surety bonds, policies of insurance, qualifications as a self-insurer, or other securities and agreements by freight forwarders subject to Part IV of the act. Ex Parte No. 159.

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 5, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 5th day of June A. D. 1951.

It appearing, that by order of April 13, 1951, the Commission, Division 5, increased the amounts of automobile bodily injury liability and property damage liability insurance and surety bonds to be furnished as required by Rule II (49 CFR 174.2) of our rules and regulations prescribed in Motor Carrier Insurance for Protection of the Public, 1 M. C. C. 45, and by Rule 3 (49 CFR 405.3) of our rules and regulations prescribed in Freight Forwarder Insurance for Protection of the Public, 260 I. C. C. 375; and

It further appearing, that such modification of the prescribed amounts of automobile bodily injury liability and property damage liability insurance and surety bonds necessitates the use of new forms and appropriate revocation of Forms BMC 31, 33, 36-B, 37, 38, 39 (§§ 7.31, 7.33, 7.36-B, 7.37, 7.38, 7.39) and Forms FF-31, 33, 36-B, 37, and 38; *It is ordered,* That the orders of August 3, 1936, and October 11, 1944, in so far as they apply to the use of Forms BMC 31, 33, 36-B, 37, 38, 39 (§§ 7.31, 7.33, 7.36-B, 7.37, 7.38, 7.39), FF-31, 33, 36-B, 37, and 38 (§ 405.8 Note), are vacated, thus cancelling such forms as of the effective date of this order: *And it is further ordered,* That:

1. Part 7 is hereby amended by the addition of the following:

§ 7.80 *BMC-80.* Endorsement for motor carrier policies of insurance for automobile bodily injury and property damage liability under section 215 of the Interstate Commerce Act.

§ 7.81 *BMC-81.* Motor carrier automobile bodily injury liability and property damage liabiilty certificate of insurance.

§ 7.82 *BMC-82.* Motor carrier bodily injury liability and property damage liability surety bond under section 215 of the Interstate Commerce Act.

§ 7.83 *BMC-83.* Motor common carrier cargo liability surety bond under section 215 of the Interstate Commerce Act.

§ 7.84 *BMC-84.* Broker's surety bond under section 211 (c) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

§ 7.85 *BMC-85.* Notice reinstating motor carrier surety bond under section 215 of the Interstate Commerce Act.

2. Part 405, § 405.8 is hereby amended by the addition of the following:

§ 405.8 *Forms and procedure.* * * *

NOTE: * * *

FF.40. Endorsement for freight forwarder policies of insurance for automobile bodily injury and property damage liability under section 403 (d) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

FF.41. Freight forwarder automobile bodily injury liability and property damage liability certificate of insurance.

FF.42. Freight forwarder automobile bodily injury liability and property damage liability surety bond under section 403 (d) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

FF.43. Freight forwarder cargo liability surety bond under section 403 (c) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

FF.44. Notice reinstating freight forwarder surety bond under Part IV of the Interstate Commerce Act.

And it is further ordered, That, one copy of each of the foregoing forms with respect to Parts 7 and 405, attached hereto, be made a part hereof,[1] and such forms are hereby approved, adopted and prescribed for appropriate use by motor carriers, brokers and freight forwarders.

And it is further ordered, That, this order shall be effective October 31, 1951, and shall continue in effect until the further order of the Commission.

And it is further ordered, That, from and after October 31, 1951, no policy of insurance (or certificate of insurance in lieu thereof) or surety bond covering automobile bodily injury or property damage liabilities of either a motor carrier or a freight forwarder will be approved, nor will any prior approval continue in effect, unless such policy or surety bond provides the security for the protection of the public in accordance with, and to the full extent stated in, the endorsement and surety bond forms herein prescribed. (BMC 80, 82, 83, 84; § 7.80, 7.82, 7.83, 7.84; FF.40, 42, 43; § 405.8, Note)

Notice of this order shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy thereof in the Office of the Secretary of the Commission, Washington, D. C., and by filing a copy thereof with the Director, Division of Federal Register.

(56 Stat. 285; 49 U. S. C. 1003. Interprets or applies 49 Stat. 557; 49 U. S. C. 315)

By the Commission, Division 5.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8015; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:55 a. m.]

Subchapter A—General Rules and Regulations

PART 7—LIST OF FORMS, PART II, INTERSTATE COMMERCE ACT

§ 7.86 *B. M. C. 86.* Blanket certificate of insurance.

Subchapter B—Carriers by Motor Vehicle

[Ex Parte No. MC-5]

PART 174—SURETY BONDS AND POLICIES OF INSURANCE

FORMS AND PROCEDURE; FILING OF BLANKET CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE

Security for the protection of the public as provided in Part II of the Interstate Commerce Act, and of rules and regulations governing filing and approval of surety bonds, policies of insurance, qualifications as a self-insurer, or other securities and agreements by motor carriers and brokers subject to Part II of the act.

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 5, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 5th day of June A. D. 1951.

It appearing, that the order of the Commission entered on June 5, 1951, in Ex Parte No. MC-5, Motor Carrier Insurance for the Protection of the Public, will make it necessary for insurers to amend or revise each policy of automobile bodily injury liability and property damage liability insurance heretofore certified to the Commission which is in full force and effect on October 31, 1951

[1] Filed as a part of the original document.

so as to meet the Commission's new requirements from and after that date, and in order to relieve the insurer of the necessity of issuing new certificates of insurance and filing them with the Commission in lieu of the corresponding certificates heretofore filed: It is ordered, that:

§ 174.7 *Forms and procedure.* * * *

(b–1) *Filing of blanket certificate of insurance.* Each insurer having certificates of insurance on file with the Commission in behalf of motor carriers under section 215 of the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U. S. C. 315), covering policies of automobile bodily injury liability and property damage liability insurance, may file a blanket certificate of insurance (Form B. M. C. 86, § 7.86[1]) which shall provide insurance protection for the public to the full amount and extent and subject to all of the terms, conditions, rights and privileges provided in Form B. M. C. 80, (§ 7.80), Endorsement for Motor Carrier Policies of Insurance for Automobile Bodily Injury and Property Damage Liability.

(49 Stat. 546, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 304, Interprets or applies 49 Stat. 557; 49 U. S. C. 315)

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be effective June 15, 1951, and shall continue in effect until the further order of the Commission.

Notice hereof shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission, Washington, D. C., and by filing with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

By the Commission, Division 5.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51–8013; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:55 a. m.]

Subchapter D—Freight Forwarders

[Ex Parte No. 159]

PART 405—SURETY BONDS AND POLICIES OF INSURANCE

FORMS AND PROCEDURE; FILING OF BLANKET CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE

Security for the protection of the public as provided in Part IV of the Interstate Commerce Act, and of rules and regulations governing filing and approval of surety bonds, policies of insurance, qualifications as a self-insurer, or other securities and agreements by freight forwarders subject to Part IV of the act.

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 5, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 5th day of June A. D. 1951.

It appearing, that the order of the Commission entered on June 5, 1951, in Ex Parte No. 159, Freight Forwarder Insurance for the Protection of the Public, will make it necessary for insurers to amend or revise each policy of automobile bodily injury liability and property damage liability insurance heretofore certified to the Commission which is in full force and effect on October 31, 1951 so as to meet the Commission's new requirements from and after that date, and in order to relieve the insurer of the necessity of issuing new certificates of insurance and filing them with the Commission in lieu of the corresponding certificates heretofore filed; it is ordered, that

§ 405.8 *Forms and procedure.* * * *

(b–1) *Filing of blanket certificate of insurance.* Each insurer having certificates of insurance on file with the Commission in behalf of freight forwarders under section 403 (d) of the Interstate Commerce Act (49 U. S. C. 1003 (d)), covering freight forwarder policies of automobile bodily injury liability and property damage liability insurance, may file a blanket certificate of insurance (Form FF. 45 (§ 405.8, note))[1] which shall provide insurance protection for the public to the full amount and extent and subject to all of the terms, conditions, rights and privileges provided in Form FF. 40 (§ 405.8, note).

* * * * *

NOTE: * * *

FF.40. Endorsement for Freight Forwarder Policies of Insurance for Automobile Bodily Injury and Property Damage Liability.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be effective June 15, 1951, and shall continue in effect until the further order of the Commission.

Notice hereof shall be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission, Washington, D. C., and by filing with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

(Sec. 1, 56 Stat. 285; 49 U. S. C. 1003)

By the Commission, Division 5.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51–8016; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:56 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Production and Marketing Administration

[7 CFR Part 52]

FROZEN SPINACH

U. S. STANDARDS FOR GRADES[2]

Notice is hereby given that the United States Department of Agriculture is considering the issuance, as herein proposed, of United States Standards for Grades of Frozen Spinach, pursuant to the authority contained in the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 1087; 7 U. S. C. 1621, et seq.) and Public Law 70 (82nd Cong., approved July 1, 1951). These standards, if made effective, will be the fifth issue by the Department of grade standards for this product.

All persons who desire to submit written data, views, or arguments for consideration in connection with the proposed standards should file same, in duplicate, with the Chief, Processed Products Standardization and Inspection Division, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., not later than 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

The proposed standards are as follows:

§ 52.649 *Frozen spinach.* Frozen spinach is the product prepared from the succulent leaves and stems of fresh spinach (Spinacea oleracea) by sorting, trimming, washing, and blanching such leaves and stems, which is then frozen and maintained at temperatures necessary for the preservation of the product.

(a) *Styles of frozen spinach.* (1) "Whole" or "whole leaf" spinach is the style of frozen spinach that consists substantially of the leaf and adjoining portion of the leaf.

(2) "Cut" or "chopped" is the style of frozen spinach that consists of the leaf and adjoining portion of the leaf which has been cut or chopped into small pieces.

(b) *Grades of frozen spinach.* (1) "U. S. Grade A" or "U. S. Fancy" is the quality of frozen spinach that possesses a good flavor and odor, that possesses a good color, that possesses a good character, that is practically free from defects, and that scores not less than 85 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this section.

(2) "U. S. Grade B" or "U. S. Extra Standard" is the quality of frozen spinach that possessess a fairly good flavor and odor, that possesses a reasonably good color, that possesses a reasonably good character, that is reasonably free from defects, and that scores not less than 70 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this section.

(3) "Substandard" is the quality of frozen spinach that fails to meet the requirements of U. S. Grade B or U. S. Extra Standard.

(c) *Ascertaining the grade.* (1) The grade of frozen spinach may be ascertained by considering, in conjunction with the requirements of the respective grade, the respective ratings of the factors of color, absence of defects, and character.

(2) The relative importance of each factor which is scored is expressed numerically on the scale of 100. The

[1] Filed as part of the original document.

[2] The requirements of these standards shall not excuse failure to comply with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

maximum number of points that may be given each such factor is:

Factors:	Points
(i) Color	20
(ii) Absence of defects	60
(iii) Character	20
Total score	100

(3) The score for the factors of color and absence of defects is determined immediately after thawing to the extent that the product is substantially free from ice crystals and can be handled as individual units. A representative sample of the product is cooked for examination with respect to character and flavor and odor.

(4) "Good flavor and odor" means that the product, after cooking, has a good characteristic, normal flavor and odor and is free from objectionable flavors and objectionable odors of any kind.

(5) "Reasonably good flavor and odor" means that the product after cooking may be lacking in good flavor and odor, but is free from objectionable flavors and objectionable odors of any kind.

(d) *Ascertaining the rating for the factors which are scored.* The essential variations within each factor which is scored are so described that the value may be ascertained for each factor and expressed numerically. The numerical range within each factor which is scored is inclusive (for example, "17 to 20 points" means 17, 18, 19, or 20 points).

(1) *Color.* (i) Frozen spinach that possesses a good color may be given a score of 17 to 20 points. Good color means that the frozen spinach possesses a practically uniform bright characteristic green color.

(ii) If the frozen spinach possesses a reasonably good color, a score of 14 to 16 points may be given. Frozen spinach that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade B or U. S. Extra Standard regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Reasonably good color" means that the frozen spinach possesses a reasonably uniform characteristic green color and may be variable in color but not to the extent that the appearance of the frozen product is materially affected.

(iii) Frozen spinach that is definitely off color for any reason, or that fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph, may be given a score of 0 to 13 points and shall not be graded above Substandard regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(2) *Absence of defects.* (i) The factor of absence of defects refers to the degree of freedom from grit, sand, or silt, seed heads, grass and weeds, crowns of root stubs, root stubs, and major and minor damage.

(*a*) "Grit, sand, or silt" means any particle of earthy material.

(*b*) "Minor damage" means damage by any yellow, brown, or other discoloration which covers an aggregate area of less than 1 square inch on one surface of any leaf, portion of a leaf, stem, or portion of a stem (except minute insignificant injuries which shall not be considered as minor damage), or damage affecting any leaf, portion of a leaf, stem, or portion of a stem, to the extent that the appearance or eating quality of the unit is materially affected regardless of the area.

(*c*) "Major damage" means damage by any yellow, brown, or other discoloration which covers an aggregate area of 1 square inch or more on one surface of any leaf, portion of a leaf, stem, or portion of a stem, or any insect injury or other damage affecting any leaf, portion of a leaf, stem, or portion of a stem to the extent that the appearance or eating quality of the unit is seriously affected regardless of area.

(ii) Frozen spinach that is practically free from defects may be given a score of 51 to 60 points. "Practically free from defects" has the following meanings with respect to the following styles of frozen spinach:

(*a*) *Whole or whole leaf.* No grit, sand, or silt may be present that affects the appearance or eating quality of the frozen spinach, and for each 48 ounces of the product there may be present not more than one root stub, and for each 16 ounces of the product there may be present:

Not more than 2 tender crowns of roots with leaf clusters attached;

Major and minor damage affecting not more than 8 leaves and stems or portions of leaves and stems, including major damage affecting not more than 4 leaves and stems or portions of leaves or stems;

Not more than 2 seed heads; and

Grass and weeds aggregating not more than 10 inches in length of which not more than 3 inches may be grass and weeds which detract materially from the appearance of the product.

(*b*) *Cut or chopped.* No grit, sand, or silt may be present that affects the appearance or eating quality of the frozen spinach; no seed heads, grass, weeds, crowns of root stubs, and root stubs, or pieces thereof, may be present that materially affect the appearance or eating quality of the product, and for each 16 ounces of the product there may be present not more than 20 pieces of leaves and stems affected by major damage, *Provided,* That the presence of pieces affected by major damage and minor damage does not materially affect the appearance or eating quality of the product.

(iii) If the frozen spinach is reasonably free from defects a score of 42 to 50 points may be given. Frozen spinach that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade B or U. S. Extra Standard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule) "Reasonably free from defects" has the following meanings with respect to the following styles of frozen spinach:

(*a*) *Whole or whole leaf.* A trace of grit, sand, or silt may be present that does not materially affect the appearance or eating quality of the frozen spinach; for each 48 ounces of the product there may be present not more than 3 root stubs and for each 16 ounces of the product there may be present:

Not more than 4 tender crowns of roots with leaf clusters attached;

Major and minor damage affecting not more than 16 leaves and stems, including major damage affecting not more than 8 leaves and stems or portions of leaves and stems;

Not more than 4 seed heads; and

Grass and weeds aggregating not more than 15 inches in length of which not more than 6 inches may be grass and weeds which detract materially from the appearance of the product.

(*b*) *Cut or chopped.* A trace of grit, sand, or silt may be present that does not materially affect the appearance or eating quality of the frozen spinach; no seed heads, grass, weeds, crowns of root stubs, and root stubs, or pieces thereof, may be present that seriously affect the appearance or eating quality of the product, and for each 16 ounces of product there may be present not more than 40 pieces of leaves and stems affected by major damage, *Provided,* That the presence of pieces affected by major damage and minor damage does not seriously affect the appearance or eating quality of the product.

(iv) Frozen spinach that fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (iii) of this subparagraph may be given a score of 0 to 41 points and shall not be graded above substandard regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(3) *Character.* (i) The factor of character refers to the condition and structural characteristics of the spinach leaves and stems or portions of leaves and stems. The degree of freedom from coarse or tough leaves and stems or coarse or tough portions of leaves and stems, the tenderness of the spinach, and the degree to which the appearance of whole style may be affected by shredding, raggedness, or disintegration of the leaves and stems are considered under this factor.

(ii) Frozen spinach that possesses a good character may be scored 17 to 20 points. "Good character" means that the spinach is tender and practically free from coarse or tough leaves and stems or coarse or tough portions of leaves and stems and that the appearance in the whole product is not materially affected by shredded, ragged, or distintegrated leaves and stems or portions of leaves and stems.

(iii) If the frozen spinach possesses a reasonably good character a score of 14 to 16 points may be given. Frozen spinach that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade B or U. S. Extra Standard regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Reasonably good character" means that the spinach may possess a few coarse or tough leaves and stems or coarse or tough portions of leaves and stems, and that the appearance in whole style may be materially but not seriously affected by shredded, ragged, or disintegrated leaves and stems or portions of leaves and stems.

(iv) Frozen spinach that fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (iii) of this subparagraph may be given a score of 0 to 13 points and shall not be graded above Substandard regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(e) *Tolerance for certification of officially drawn samples.* (1) When certifying samples that have been officially drawn and which represent a specific lot of frozen spinach, the grade for such lot will be determined by averaging the total score of all containers, if:

(i) Not more than one-sixth of the containers comprising the sample fails to meet all the requirements of the grade indicated by the average of such total scores, and with respect to such containers which fail to meet the requirements of the indicated grade by reason of a limiting rule, the average score of all containers in the sample for the factor, subject to such limiting rule, must be within the range for the grade indicated;

(ii) None of the containers comprising the sample fall more than 4 points below the minimum score for the grade indicated by the average of the total scores; and

(iii) All containers comprising the sample meet all applicable standards of quality promulgated under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and in effect at the time of the aforesaid certification.

(f) *Score sheet for frozen spinach.*

Container size		
Container code or marking		
Label		
Net weight (ounces)		
Style		
Factors	**Score points**	
I. Color	20	(A) 17-20 (B) [1] 14-16 (SStd.) [1] 0-13
II. Absence of defects	60	(A) 51-60 (B) [1] 42-50 (SStd.) [1] 0-41
III. Character	20	(A) 17-20 (B) [1] 14-16 (SStd.) [1] 0-13
Total score	100	
Grade		
Flavor and odor		

[1] Indicates limiting rule.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 9th day of July 1951.

[SEAL] ROY W. LENNARTSON,
Assistant Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8034; Filed, July 11, 1951; 9:01 a. m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[47 CFR Part 11]

[Docket No. 8960]

LOW POWER INDUSTRIAL RADIO SERVICE

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

In the matter of amendment of §§ 11.553 and 11.554 of Subpart L of Part 11, rules governing the Low Power Industrial Radio Service.

1. Notice is hereby given of proposed rule making in the above entitled matter.

2. It is proposed to amend Subpart L of Part 11, rules governing the Low Power Industrial Radio Service, to provide for the assignment of certain frequencies in the microwave region of the spectrum to stations operating in this service and to relax the present limitation on maximum permissible separation between a transmitter in this Service and radiating portion of its associated antenna.

3. The provisions for the assignment of microwave frequencies will permit operation in the Low Power Industrial Service of certain industrial direction and range devices, such as speed meters for which the Truck Insurance Exchange of Los Angeles, California has petitioned. The relaxation of the present limitation on maximum permissible separation between transmitter and antenna will permit a more practical installation of equipment particularly on materials handling vehicle in manufacturing plants.

4. The proposed amendments are set forth below.

5. Authority for the issuance of the amendments is vested in the Commission by virtue of sections 4 (i) and 303 (c), (e), (f), (g), and (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

6. Any interested person who is of the opinion that the proposed amendment should not be adopted, or should not be adopted in the form set forth, may file with the Commission, on or before August 6, 1951, a written statement or brief setting forth his comments. At the same time, persons favoring the amendment as proposed may file statements in support thereof. Comments or briefs in reply to the original statements may be filed on or before August 20, 1951. The Commission will consider all such comments that are received before taking final action in the matter.

7. In accordance with the provisions of § 1.764 of the Commission's rules and regulations, an original and 14 copies of all statements, briefs or comments filed shall be furnished the Commission.

Adopted: July 5, 1951.

Released: July 5, 1951.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

It is proposed to amend Subpart L of Part 11, rules governing Industrial Radio Services as follows:

1. Add a new paragraph (c) to § 11.553 to read as follows:

(c) Frequencies in the bands listed below are available for assignment to stations in the Low Power Industrial Service on a shared basis with other services, under the terms of a developmental grant only; the exact frequency and the authorized bandwidth will be specified in the authorization:

Mc	*Mc*
2450–2500 [4]	6425–6575
3500–3700	11700–12200

[4] Use of frequencies in the band 2450–2500 Mc is subject to no protection from interference which may be caused by industrial, scientific and medical devices operating on 2450 Mc.

2. Change § 11.554 (a) to (d) to read as follows:

(a) Emission shall be confined to voice radiotelephony, except that a station operating on frequencies above 2450 Mc may (upon request) be authorized other types of emission.

(b) Plate power input to the final radio frequency stage of each transmitter shall not exceed three watts, except that a station operating on frequencies above 2450 Mc may be authorized a maximum of 10 watts plate power input to the final radio frequency stage.

(c) Except for stations aboard aircraft, the maximum distance between the transmitter and the radiating portion of the antenna shall not exceed 25 feet.

(d) The use of an antenna having a power gain greater than unity is prohibited, except for stations operating on frequencies above 2450 Mc.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8006; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[Misc. 55168]

ARIZONA

ORDER PROVIDING FOR OPENING OF PUBLIC LANDS

JULY 6, 1951.

In an exchange of lands made under the provisions of section 8 of the act of June 28, 1934 (48 Stat. 1269), as amended June 26, 1936 (49 Stat. 1976, 43 U. S. C. sec. 315g), the following described lands have been reconveyed to the United States:

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN

T. 10 S., R. 11 E.,
Sec. 9, S½, S½N½, N½NW¼.
T. 14 S., R. 12 E.,
Sec. 24, W½NW¼.
T. 21 N., R. 17 W.,
Sec. 5.
T. 22 N., R. 17 W.,
Sec. 21, S½, NE¼, SW¼NW¼;
Sec. 29, N½.

The areas described aggregate 2,132.72 acres.

The lands are primarily suitable for grazing.

No applications for these lands may be allowed under the homestead, small tract, desert-land, or any other nonmineral public-land laws, unless the lands have already been classified as valuable or

suitable for such type of application, or shall be so classified upon consideration of an application.

This order shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of such lands until 10:00 a. m. on the 35th day after the date of this order. At that time the said lands shall, subject to valid existing rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, become subject to application, petition, location, and selection as follows:

(a) *Ninety-one day period for preference-right filings.* For a period of 91 days, commencing at the hour and on the day specified above, the public lands affected by this order shall be subject only to (1) application under the homestead or the desert-land laws or the Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938, 52 Stat. 609 (43 U. S. C. 682a), as amended, by qualified veterans of World War II and other qualified persons entitled to preference under the act of September 27, 1944, 58 Stat. 747 (43 U. S. C. 279–284), as amended, subject to the requirements of applicable law, and (2) application under any applicable public-land law, based on prior existing valid settlement rights and preference rights conferred by existing laws or equitable claims subject to allowance and confirmation. Applications under subdivision (1) of this paragraph shall be subject to applications and claims of the classes described in subdivision (2) of this paragraph. All applications filed under this paragraph either at or before 10:00 a. m. on the 35th day after the date of this order shall be treated as though filed simultaneously at that time. All applications filed under this paragraph after 10:00 a. m. on the said 35th day shall be considered in the order of filing.

(b) *Date for non-preference-right filings.* Commencing at 10:00 a. m. on the 126th day after the date of this order, any lands remaining unappropriated shall become subject to such application, petition, location, selection, or other appropriation by the public generally as may be authorized by the public-land laws. All such applications filed either at or before 10:00 a. m. on the 126th day after the date of this order, shall be treated as though filed simultaneously at the hour specified on such 126th day. All applications filed thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing.

A veteran shall accompany his application with a complete photostatic, or other copy (both sides), of his certificate of honorable discharge, or of an official document of his branch of the service which shows clearly his honorable discharge as defined in § 181.36 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, or constitutes evidence of other facts upon which the claim for preference is based and which shows clearly the period of service. Other persons claiming credit for service of veterans must furnish like proof in support of their claims. Persons asserting preference rights, through settlement or otherwise, and those having equitable claims, shall accompany their applications by duly corroborated statements in support thereof, setting forth in detail all facts relevant to their claims.

Applications for these lands, which shall be filed in the Land and Survey Office at Phoenix, Arizona, shall be acted upon in accordance with the regulations contained in § 295.8 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations and Part 296 of that title, to the extent that such regulations are applicable. Applications under the homestead laws shall be governed by the regulations contained in Parts 166 to 170, inclusive, of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and applications under the desert-land laws and the said Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938, shall be governed by the regulations contained in Parts 232 and 257, respectively, of that title.

Inquiries concerning these lands shall be addressed to the Manager, Land and Survey Office, Phoenix, Arizona.

WILLIAM ZIMMERMAN, Jr.,
Associate Director.

[F. R. Doc. 51-7979; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Federal Maritime Board

MEMBER LINES OF NEW YORK COMMITTEE OF INWARD FAR EAST LINES ET AL.

NOTICE OF AGREEMENTS FILED FOR APPROVAL

Notice is hereby given that the following described agreements have been filed with the Board for approval pursuant to section 15 of the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended.

Agreement No. 5500-4, between the member lines of the New York Committee of Inward Far East Lines, amends the basic agreement of said Committee (No. 5500) by substituting therein the present-day designation "Indonesia" for the obsolete designation "Netherlands Indies," and by providing for a new section under such Committee to be known as the "Siam Section." Agreement No. 5500 deals with local matters arising in connection with discharge and delivery of cargo from Japan, China, Manchuria, Philippine Islands, Malayan Union and Colony of Singapore, Netherlands Indies, Ceylon, Siam, and French Indo-China to U. S. Atlantic and U. S. Gulf of Mexico ports.

Agreement No. 6015-2, between American President Lines, Ltd., Bank Line, Ltd., Isthmian Steamship Company, Lancashire Shipping Company, Ltd., et al., amends agreement 6015, as amended, by extending the territorial scope thereof to include Siam and by substituting in the preamble thereof the present-day designations "Malayan Union and Colony of Singapore" and "Indonesia" for the obsolete designations "Straits Settlements, Federated Malay States" and "Netherlands Indies." Agreement No. 6015 covers free time allowed on import cargo loaded in the Straits Settlements, Federated Malay States, Netherlands Indies, Philippine Islands, Japan, the East Coast of Asia north of Singapore, and Ceylon, and discharged in New York Harbor.

Agreement No. 7825, between Hamburg-Amerika Linie and Norddeutscher Lloyd, provides for equal distribution between the parties of the total gross freight revenues derived from their services in the trade between United States ports and ports of Canada, Eire, United Kingdom of Great Britain and the continent of Europe, after deduction of all expenses directly connected with such services.

Agreement No. 7826, between Compagnie Generale Transatlantique and Bull Insular Line, Inc., covers transportation of general cargo under through bills of lading in the trade from the French North Atlantic Range, Bordeaux to Dunkirk, to Puerto Rico, with transshipment at New York, Baltimore or Philadelphia.

Agreement No. 7827, between Den Norske Amerikalinje A/S (The Norwegian America Line) and Bull Insular Line, Inc., covers transportation of general cargo under through bills of lading from Norway and Denmark to Puerto Rico, with transshipment at New York, Baltimore or Philadelphia.

Interested parties may inspect these agreements and obtain copies thereof at the Regulation Office, Federal Maritime Board, Washington, D. C., and may submit, within 20 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, written statements with reference to any of the agreements and their position as to approval, disapproval, or modification, together with request for hearing should such hearing be desired.

Dated: July 6, 1951.

By order of the Federal Maritime Board.

[SEAL] A. J. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-7998; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

LEARNER EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATES

ISSUANCE TO VARIOUS INDUSTRIES

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1068, as amended; 29 U. S. C. and Sup. 214), and Part 522 issued thereunder (29 CFR Part 522), special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates applicable under section 6 of the act have been issued to the firms listed below. The employment of learners under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and is subject to the provisions of Part 522. The effective and expiration dates, occupations, wage rates, number or proportion of learners, and learning period for certificates issued under the general learner regulations (§§ 522.1 to 522.14), are as indicated below; conditions provided in certificates issued under special industry regulations are as established in these regulations.

Single Pants, Shirts and Allied Garments, Women's Apparel, Sportswear, Rainwear and Other Odd Outerwear, Robes and Leather and Sheep-Lined Garments Divisions of the Apparel In-

dustry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.160 to 522.166, as amended September 25, 1950; 15 F. R. 5701; 6326).

Barbizon of Utah, 150 West Twelfth North, Provo, Utah, effective 7-5-51 to 1-4-52; 50 learners for expansion purposes only (Ladies' Lingerie).

Bobanok Corporation, 111 Garrison, Fort Smith, Ark., effective 6-28-51 to 12-27-51; 18 learners for expansion purposes only (shirts, Army; cotton khaki shirts, commercial; western baby panties).

Colonial Shirt Corporation, Woodbury, Tenn., effective 6-29-51 to 12-10-51; 15 learnern for expansion purposes only. Supplemental expansion certificate (men's cotton dress and sport shirts).

Rocky Mount Division, N. & W. Industries, Inc., Rocky Mount, Va., effective 7-15-51 to 1-14-52; 35 learners for expansion purposes only (men's, women's, boys' dungarees).

Scranton Frocks, Inc., 515 Mulberry Street, Scranton, Pa., effective 7-2-51 to 7-1-52; for normal labor turnover, not to exceed 10 percent of the productive factory workers, or ten learners, whichever is greater (women's dresses).

Square Apparel Co., 421 North Pennsylvania Avenue, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., effective 7-5-51 to 7-4-52; for normal labor turnover purposes, 10 percent of the productive factory workers (women's blouses and dresses).

Hosiery Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.40 to 522.51, as revised January 25, 1950; 15 F. R. 283).

Bear Brand Hosiery Co., Siloam Springs, Ark., effective 7-2-51 to 3-1-52; 45 additional learners for expansion purposes. Supplemental certificate.

Bear Brand Hosiery Co., Fayetteville, Ark., effective 7-2-51 to 3-1-52; 45 additional learners for expansion purposes. Supplemental certificate.

The Bella Co., Mount Pleasant, Tenn., effective 6-29-51 to 2-28-52; 30 learners for expansion purposes.

Beloit Hosiery Co., South Beloit, Ill., effective 6-29-51 to 2-28-52; 10 additional learners for expansion purposes. Supplemental certificate.

Diamond Full-Fashioned Hosiery Co., Inc., 1001 Southern Avenue, High Point, N. C., effective 6-26-51 to 6-25-52; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Fayetteville Knitting Mills, Inc., Fayetteville, N. C., effective 6-27-51 to 6-26-52; five learners.

Siler City Hosiery Mills, Inc., Siler City, N. C., effective 6-29-51 to 2-28-52; 35 learners for expansion purposes.

Glove Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.220 to 522.231, as amended October 26, 1950, 15 F. R. 6388).

Craftmore Glove Co., Lynchburg, Tenn., effective 6-25-51 to 5-24-52; four learners. Supplemental certificate.

Good Luck Glove Co., Metropolis, Ill., effective 7-2-51 to 1-1-52; 60 additional learners for expansion purposes. Supplemental certificate.

International Shoe Co., El Dorado Springs, Mo., effective 6-28-51 to 12-28-51; 15 learners.

Knitted Wear Industry Learner Regulation (29 CFR 522.69 to 522.79, as amended January 25, 1950; 15 F. R. 398).

Gold Mills, Inc., 157 North Tulpehocken Street, Pine Grove, Pa., effective 6-27-51 to 12-26-51; 10 learners for expansion purposes.

Regulations Applicable to the Employment of Learners (29 CFR 522.1 to 522.14).

Arkansas Blank & Button Co., Brinkley, Ark., effective 6-30-51 to 12-29-51; 15 learners for expansion purposes, blank button cutters, 480 hours; 65 cents for first 320 hours and 70 cents an hour for remaining 160 hours (button blanks).

Harvard Clothes, Inc., Twelfth Avenue, Wisconsin Rapids, Wis., effective 6-27-51 to 6-26-52; 7 percent of the total number of productive factory workers, machine operators (except cutting), pressers, handsewers, 480 hours; 60 cents per hour for first 240 hours and 65 cents per hour for remaining 240 hours (men's and boys' clothing).

National Coil Co., Sheridan, Wyo., effective 6-27-51 to 12-26-51; 25 learners for expansion purposes, coil winders, assemblers, solderers, wirers and testers; 150 hours at 60 cents (electronic coils and small subassemblies for radios).

Rossman Manufacturing Co., Brinkley, Ark., effective 7-2-51 to 7-1-52; four learners, sewing machine operators, 240 hours at 65 cents (Caps).

Versailles Manufacturing Co., Inc., P. O. Box 178, Lexington, Ky., effective 6-27-51 to 12-26-51; 50 learners for expansion purposes, machine operator, handsewer, presser, each 480 hours; 60 cents per hour for first 240 hours and 65 cents per hour for remaining 240 hours (men's and boys' clothing).

Each certificate has been issued upon the employer's representation that employment of learners at subminimum rates is necessary in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, and that experienced workers for the learner occupations are not available. The certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided in the regulations and as indicated in the certificates. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER pursuant to the provisions of Part 522.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 3d day of July 1951.

MILTON BROOKE,
Authorized Representative of the Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 51-7980; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:46 a. m.]

Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions

EMPLOYMENT OF HANDICAPPED CLIENTS BY SHELTERED WORKSHOPS

NOTICE OF ISSUANCE OF SPECIAL CERTIFICATES

Notice is hereby given that special certificates authorizing the employment of handicapped clients at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates applicable under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, and section 1 (b) of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act, as amended, have been issued to the sheltered workshops hereinafter mentioned, under section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (sec. 14, 52 Stat. 1068; 29 U. S. C. 214; as amended 63 Stat. 910) and Part 525 of the regulations issued thereunder, as amended (29 CFR Part 525), and under sections 4 and 6 of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act (secs. 4, 6, 49 Stat. 2038; 41 U. S. C. 38, 40) and Article 1102 of the regulations issued pursuant thereto (41 CFR, 201.1102).

The names and addresses of the sheltered workshops to which certificates were issued, wage rates, and the effective and expiration dates of the certificates are as follows:

Bridgeport Rehabilitation Center, 326 Hollister Avenue, Bridgeport 7, Conn.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 15 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 10 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective June 1, 1951, and expires May 31, 1952.

Brooklyn Bureau of Social Service and Children's Aid Society; Adjustment Training Division, 285 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn 17, N. Y.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 10 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 5 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective May 22, 1951, and expires April 30, 1952.

Brooklyn Bureau of Social Service and Children's Aid Society, 285 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn 17, N. Y.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 20 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 10 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective May 22, 1951, and expires April 30, 1952.

The Cleveland Society for the Blind, 2275 East Fifty-fifth Street, Cleveland, Ohio; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 20 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 10 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective June 15, 1951, and expires May 31, 1952.

Christ Mission Goodwill Industries, 330 East Boardman Street, Youngstown, Ohio; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 25 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 15 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective July 1, 1951, and expires June 30, 1952.

Detroit League for the Handicapped, 535 West Jefferson, Detroit 26, Mich.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining

approved labor standards, or not less than 10 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 5 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective June 15, 1951, and expires May 31, 1952.

The Volunteers of America, 320 North Illinois Street, Indianapolis 4, Ind.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 35 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 30 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective July 1, 1951, and expires June 30, 1952.

Iowa Society for Crippled Children and Adults, Inc., 2917 Grand Avenue, Des Moines, Iowa; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 25 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 10 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective June 1, 1951, and expires May 31, 1952.

Kansas Industries for the Blind, 745 Central, Kansas City, Kans.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 50 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 25 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective June 12, 1951, and expires May 31, 1952.

Kansas Industries for the Blind, Sixth and MacVicar, Topeka, Kans.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 50 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 25 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective June 12, 1951, and expires May 31, 1952.

Colorado Industries for the Blind, 100 West Seventh Street, Denver, Colo.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 65 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 50 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective June 27, 1951, and expires May 31, 1952.

Travis Association for the Blind, 2101 Fredericksburg Road, Austin, Tex.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 35 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 30 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective June 1, 1951, and expires May 31, 1952.

Goodwill Industries of Arizona, 910 East Sherman Street, Phoenix, Ariz.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 60 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 50 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective June 21, 1951, and expires June 20, 1952.

Norfolk Goodwill Industries, Inc., Norfolk, Va.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 55 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 50 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective May 9, 1951, and expires April 30, 1952.

Volunteers of America 121–125 East Water Street, Sandusky, Ohio; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 20 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 10 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective June 25, 1951, and expires May 31, 1952.

Goodwill Industries of the Zanesville Welfare Organization, 108 Main Street, Zanesville, Ohio; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 35 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 10 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective July 1, 1951, and expires June 30, 1952.

The Lott Day School, Inc., 255 Heffner at Kelsey, Toledo 5, Ohio; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 5 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 2 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective July 1, 1951, and expires October 30, 1951.

Veterans of Foreign Wars of the U. S., Soldiers' Home, St. James, Mo.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 19 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 5 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective July 1, 1951, and expires June 30, 1952.

Workshop for the Blind, 1307 Leech, Sioux City, Iowa; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 35 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 15 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective August 1, 1951, and expires July 31, 1952.

New Hampshire Society for Crippled Children and Handicapped Persons, 82 Elm Street, Manchester, N. H.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid nonhandicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 13 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 5 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective June 12, 1951, and expires May 31, 1952.

Guilford Industries for the Blind, Greensboro, N. C.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 50 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 40 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective July 1, 1951, and expires June 30, 1952.

Charlotte Workshop for the Blind, Charlotte, N. C.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 50 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 40 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective July 1, 1951, and expires June 30, 1952.

Lion's Club Workshop for the Blind, Durham, N. C.; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 50 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 40 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective July 1, 1951, and expires June 30, 1952.

The employment of handicapped clients in the above-mentioned sheltered workshops under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and is subject to the provisions of Part 525 of the regulations, as amended. These certificates have been issued on the applicants' representations that they are sheltered workshops as defined in the regulations and that special services are provided their handicapped clients. A sheltered workshop is defined as, "A charitable organization

or institution conducted not for profit, but for the purpose of carrying out a recognized program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury, and to provide such individuals with remunerative employment or other occupational rehabilitating activity of an educational or therapeutic nature."

These certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided by the regulations, as amended. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 29th day of June 1951.

JACOB I. BELLOW,
Assistant Chief of Field Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 51-7934; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:45 a. m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Docket Nos. 8415, 8870]

KANSAS CITY BROADCASTING CO., INC., AND REORGANIZED CHURCH OF JESUS CHRIST OF LATTER DAY SAINTS

ORDER SPECIFYING ADDITIONAL ISSUES

In re applications of Kansas City Broadcasting Company, Inc., Kansas City, Missouri, Docket No. 8415, File No. BP-5829; The Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, Independence, Missouri, Docket No. 8870, File No. BP-6630; for construction permits.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 27th day of June 1951;

The Commission having under consideration the record of this proceeding, including all pleadings filed therein, its action on all interlocutory matters, the Initial Decision released December 29, 1950, and its designation of this decision and the exceptions filed thereto for oral argument to be held on July 16, 1951; and

It appearing, that on July 18, 1950, the Kansas City Broadcasting Company filed a petition for leave to amend its application and to reopen the record of this proceeding for the purpose of substituting newcomer stockholders in two of its three officer-director positions, and for the further purpose of substituting certain newcomer minority stock subscribers, which petition, among others, was denied by the Examiner's memorandum opinion and order of August 15, 1950, such action, upon review, being affirmed by the Commission; and

It further appearing, that by a petition, dated January 23, 1951, five minority stock subscribers of the Kansas City Broadcasting Company requested the Commission to withdraw their names from this application; and

It further appearing that the effect of these reported changes upon the status of the Kansas City application has not been raised either in the Initial Decision or in the exceptions which have been filed by the parties; and that such a discussion would be helpful to the Commission in its consideration of this proceeding;

Accordingly, and in view of the foregoing, *It is ordered*, That at the oral argument of this proceeding scheduled for July 16, 1951, the participants are requested to address their respective arguments, in part, to the issues specified below:

(a) Whether, in the light of the provisions of sections 308 (a) and (b), 309 (a) and 310 of the Communications Act, the reported changes and the Commission's denial of the applicant's petition for leave to amend, affect the status of the application of the Kansas City Broadcasting Company; and

(b) Whether, in the light of the foregoing facts, the application of Kansas City Broadcasting Company has become defective and must of necessity be denied upon these grounds.

Released: June 28, 1951.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8001; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:52 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9946]

GEORGIA-ALABAMA BROADCASTING CORP. (WGBA)

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re application of Georgia-Alabama Broadcasting Corporation (WGBA), Columbus, Georgia, Docket No. 9946, File No. BP-7674; for construction permit.

The Commission having under consideration a motion filed on June 27, 1951, by the Georgia-Alabama Broadcasting Corporation (WGBA), Columbus, Georgia, requesting that the hearing on its above-entitled application, which is now scheduled to be held on July 12, 1951, at Columbus, Georgia, be continued until September 17, 1951, at Columbus, Georgia; and

It appearing that all of the parties to the proceeding have consented to a waiver of § 1.745 of the Commission's rules relating to the timely filing of motions and to a grant of the petition under consideration;

It is ordered, This 2d day of July 1951, that the above petition be, and it is hereby, granted, and that the hearing on the above-entitled application is hereby continued until 10:00 a. m. Monday, September 17, 1951, at Columbus, Georgia.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8002; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:52 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9918]

BIG STATE BROADCASTING CORP. (KTXC)

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re: application of Big State Broadcasting Corp. (KTXC), Big Spring, Texas, Docket No. 9918, File No. BR-2332; for renewal of license.

The Commission having under consideration a petition filed June 21, 1951, by Big State Broadcasting Corporation (KTXC), Big Spring, Texas, requesting a continuance of the hearing presently scheduled for July 16, 1951, at Big Spring, Texas, to an indefinite date, or to such other time as the Commission may deem appropriate, in the proceeding upon its above-entitled application for renewal of license; and

It appearing, that no opposition to the granting of the instant petition has been filed with the Commission;

It is ordered, This 2d day of July 1951, that the petition is granted; and that the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding is continued to a date to be announced.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8003; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:52 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 9968, 9969, 9970]

BANKS INDEPENDENT BROADCASTING CO. (WINX)

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re applications of Banks Independent Broadcasting Company (WINX), Washington, D. C., Docket No. 9968, File No. BR-1104; for renewal of licenses of synchronous amplifiers located at 8th and I Streets NW., Washington, D. C., and Rock Creek Park, near East-West Highway, Montgomery County, Maryland, and Developmental Broadcast Station KG2XCK, Docket No. 9969, File No. BREX-59; and for construction permit to change main transmitter location of WINX from Garden City, Arlington, Virginia, to 8th and Eye Street NW., and establish synchronous amplifier in Rock Creek Park and abandon present synchronous amplifiers and Developmental Broadcast Station KG2XCK as presently operated, Docket No. 9970 File No. BP-7772.

The Commission having under consideration (1) a motion filed May 31, 1951, by Banks Independent Broadcasting Company (WINX), Washington, D. C., requesting an extension of time in which to file a motion to enlarge the issues under § 1.389 of the rules in the above-entitled proceeding, and (2) a motion filed June 27, 1951, by Banks Independent Broadcasting Company (WINX) requesting an indefinite continuance of the hearing presently scheduled for July 17, 1951, at Washington, D. C., in the above-entitled proceeding; and

It appearing, that on May 11, 1951, the above named applicant filed a petition for reconsideration and grant in part without hearing; that the Commission has not yet acted upon said petition, but that a grant or denial of the relief requested in said petition may affect substantially the issues in the instant proceeding; and that until action on said petition is taken the applicant is unable to determine the steps to be taken for

filing a motion to enlarge or change the issues; and

It further appearing, that good cause has been shown for the relief requested in the aforesaid motions; and that no oppositions thereto have been filed;

It is ordered, This 2d day of July 1951, that the motions are granted; that (1) the time in which to file a motion to enlarge or change the issues under § 1.389 of the rules is extended until 15 days after the Commission acts upon the aforesaid petition for reconsideration and grant in part without hearing; and that (2) the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding is continued indefinitely.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8004; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:52 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9925]

JOSEPH F. BIDDLE PUBLISHING CO. (WHUN)

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re application of The Joseph F. Biddle Publishing Co. (WHUN), Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, Docket No. 9925, File No. BP-7788; for construction permit.

The Commission having under consideration a petition filed June 29, 1951, by the above-entitled applicant requesting a continuance of the hearing now scheduled to begin on July 10, 1951; and

It appearing, that the hearing is now scheduled to begin on July 10, 1951, that the petitioners' engineers have been assembling data to meet the issues specified in the Commission's order designating the application for hearing, that the petitioner's attorneys and engineers have been and are engaged in the television allocation hearing now in progress before the Commission; and

It appearing, that no person will be adversely affected by the granting of the petition herein, Commission Counsel having consented to immediate consideration thereof, and it being in the interest of orderly administration that action be taken on the petition at this time;

It is ordered, This the 3d day of July 1951, that the petition to continue the above-entitled hearing be and it is hereby granted and the hearing is continued from July 10, 1951, to September 10, 1951, beginning at 10:00 a. m. in the offices of the Commission at Washington, D. C.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8005; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:52 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. G-1706]

EL PASO NATURAL GAS CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

JULY 6, 1951.

Take notice that on June 11, 1951, El Paso Natural Gas Company (Applicant), a Delaware corporation, of El Paso, Texas, filed an application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 (c) of the Natural Gas Act, authorizing the construction, and operation in case of emergency, of approximately 1279 feet of 20-inch pipeline and 400 feet of 16-inch line as Applicant's portion of a bypass of that segment of the Texas-Los Angeles transmission pipeline which crosses the Colorado river on a suspension bridge near Blythe, California. Applicant's portion of the bypass will connect, at the center of the river, to that portion of the bypass to be constructed by Southern California Gas Company and Southern Counties Gas Company of California. Applicant proposes to use these facilities to maintain uninterrupted gas service in case the existing connection should be destroyed.

The total cost of these facilities is estimated to be $43,725 of which Applicant will pay one half, which amount will be paid from general funds of Applicant.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before the 25th day of July 1951. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-7984; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1709]

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

JULY 6, 1951.

Take notice that on June 11, 1951, Pacific Gas and Electric Company (Applicant), a California corporation of San Francisco, California filed an application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 (c) of the Natural Gas Act authorizing the operation of approximately 31 miles of 12¾-inch O. D. pipeline extending from the Hollister compressor station on Applicant's Topock-Milpitas pipeline to a connection at a point south of Salinas, California, with Applicant's proposed Castroville-Salinas pipeline, and the construction and operation of approximately 44 miles of 8⅝-inch O. D. pipeline extending from a point of connection with the foregoing facilities, south of Salinas, California, to King City, California.

The connection of the presently operating Hollister-Salinas pipeline with Applicant's Topock-Milpitas pipeline will enable Applicant to transport out-of-state natural gas through the Hollister-Salinas line. Applicant intends, through the proposed new facilities, to sell and deliver natural gas to consumers in the communities of Chualar, Gonzales, Soledad, Greenfield, and King City, California.

Through the proposed facilities, Applicant expects to deliver in the third year of operation about 500,000 Mcf. of natural gas per year. The cost of the facilities to be constructed is estimated to be $678,600 and will be paid from current funds of Applicant.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before the 25th day of July 1951. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-7983; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1726]

OHIO FUEL GAS CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

JULY 6, 1951.

Take notice that the Ohio Fuel Gas Company (Applicant), an Ohio corporation, of 99 North Front Street, Columbus, Ohio, filed on June 25, 1951, an application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, authorizing the construction and operation of approximately 6,000 feet of 10¾ inch O. D. pipeline extending from Applicant's existing Line B-100 and its Line B-100 loopline (applied for in Docket No. G-1594) to Applicant's existing Line B-25 at Lancaster, Ohio, and 4,500 feet of 6⅝ inch O. D. pipeline extending from Applicant's existing Line "T" to its existing Line B-91 at Lancaster, Ohio, all in Fairfield County, Ohio. Applicant also seeks authority to abandon and retire approximately 7.2 miles of 12-inch pipeline constituting a portion of its Line B-25, extending from Applicant's Crawford compressor station to Lancaster, Ohio, and approximately 2,400 feet of 6⅝ inch O. D. pipeline known as Line B-91, serving industrial customers in Lancaster.

The application states that the proposed construction of new facilities and abandonment of existing facilities will provide much more dependable service because of the excessive age of certain of Applicant's facilities. It is also stated that operating costs will be substantially reduced by elimination of facilities which can no longer be economically maintained and by reduction of the amount of pipe in service. No new markets are proposed to be served by the proposed construction.

The estimated total over-all capital cost of the construction is $51,000, which will be financed from funds on hand.

Protests or petitions to intervene may be filed with the Federal Power Commission, Washington, D. C., in accordance with the rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.8 or 1.10) on or before the 27th day of July 1951. The application is on file with the Federal Power Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-7997; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

[Project No. 2083]

PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 1 OF LEWIS COUNTY, WASHINGTON

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PRELIMINARY PERMIT (MAJOR)

JULY 6, 1951.

Public notice is hereby given that Public Utility District No. 1 of Lewis County, Washington, Chehalis, Washington, has made application for a Preliminary Permit pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Power Act (16 U. S. C. 791-825r) for a hydroelectric development designated as the Packwood Project within the Gifford Pinchot National Forest in Lewis County, Washington. The proposed hydroelectric development would consist of:

(1) A dam on Johnson Creek; a flume with diversion thereto from Glacier Creek, a forebay, and penstocks; and a powerhouse with ultimate installed capacity of 45,000 horsepower near the confluence of Johnson Creek and Cowlitz River; (2) a dam on Lake Creek at the outlet of Packwood Lake raising the lake to provide 41,000 acre-feet of usable storage; a tunnel pipeline, surge tank, and penstocks; and a powerhouse, with ultimate installed capacity of 30,000 horsepower on Snyder Lake; (3) a dam on Snyder Creek at Snyder Lake and a canal from Snyder Lake to Johnson Creek forebay with diversions to the canal from Hager Creek and a tributary of Hager Creek; (4) transmission lines and other appurtenant facilities.

Any protest against the approval of this application or request for any action thereon, with reasons for such protest or request, and the name and address of the party or parties so protesting or requesting, should be submitted on or before August 20, 1951, to the Federal Power Commission at Washington 25, D. C.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-7982; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:47 a. m.]

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

OFFICIALS OF EMERGENCY PROCUREMENT SERVICE

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN FUNCTIONS

1. Pursuant to the general delegation of authority from the Administrator of General Services to Heads of Services, Staff Officers, and Regional Directors of the General Services Administration, effective October 1, 1950 (15 F. R. 7775), authority is hereby delegated to the officials of the Emergency Procurement Service hereinafter named to perform the functions set forth:

a. *Director and Deputy Director of the Purchase Division; Managers, Foreign Offices, Emergency Procurement Service*—(1) *Title III of the act.* (a) To advertise for bids and make awards in accordance with section 303 of the act and to reject all bids in accordance with such section.

(b) To negotiate such purchases and contracts without advertising and to make necessary findings in connection therewith under subsections 302 (c) (2), (3), (4), (7), (8), (9), (13), and (14). This authority shall include the authority to the Director and Deputy Director of the Purchase Division to make findings under the aforesaid subsection in connection with any contract negotiated by a regional office. It shall further include the authority to make appropriate findings under section 302 (b) in connection with contracts under subsection 302 (c) (7) and (8).

(c) The findings specified in section 304 (a) of the act; *Provided, however,* That all contracts shall be in accordance with any applicable forms prescribed by the Administrator.

(d) Any finding specified in section 304 (b) of the act relative to cost, cost-plus-a-fixed-fee or incentive-type contracts. This authority shall include the authority to the Director and Deputy Director of the Purchase Division to make such findings in connection with any contract negotiated by a regional office.

(e) Any findings or determinations authorized to be made by the officials named herein may be made only with respect to individual purchases or contracts.

(f) This authority shall be exercised in conformity with section 302 (e) of the act.

(2) *Miscellaneous authorities.* (a) The authority contained in Public Law 520, 79th Congress, transferred to the Administrator by the act.

(b) To determine the fair market value of strategic and critical materials acquired in exchange for agricultural commodities and which are to be transferred to the strategic and critical materials stockpile.

(c) When, as, and to the extent directed by the Administrator, to exercise the authority contained in section 204 (e) of the act.

(d) Any authority vested in the Administrator under section 109 (g) of the act, relating to conducting tests, making charges, and fixing fees therefor.

2. This authority shall apply to the procurement of crude natural rubber and natural rubber latex prior to January 29, 1951.

3. This redelegation shall be subject to the limitations and auxiliary authorities vested in me by section 2 of the General Delegation of Authority, effective October 1, 1950 (15 F. R. 7775).

This redelegation of authority shall be effective as of October 1, 1950.

A. J. WALSH, *Commissioner of Emergency Procurement Service.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-8000; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:51 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 26240]

COKE FROM COALMONT, TENN., TO CERTAIN POINTS

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JULY 9, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Agent, for carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spaninger's tariff ICC No. 1150.

Commodities involved: Coke, coke breeze, dust or screenings, carloads.

From: Coalmont, Tenn.

To: Points in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, Ohio, Pennsylvania, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes, to maintain grouping, to apply over short tariff routes rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger, Agent, ICC No. 1150, supp. 27.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-8007; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26241]

AUTOMOBILE PARTS FROM CHATTANOOGA, TENN., TO KENTUCKY, OHIO AND MISSOURI

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JULY 9, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered applica-

tion for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to C. A. Spaninger's tariff ICC No. 1172.

Commodities involved: Automobile parts, steel, viz: gear frames, gear frame parts, wheel and rims, carloads.

From: Chattanooga, Tenn.

To: Louisville, Ky., Cincinnati, Ohio, and St. Louis, Mo.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, to maintain grouping.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger, Agent, ICC No. 1172, Supp. 54.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8008; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26242]

PETROLEUM CYCLODIENE DIMER CONCENTRATE FROM LOUISIANA TO LADORA, COLO.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JULY 9, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: D. Q. Marsh, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff ICC No. 3494.

Commodities involved: Petroleum cyclodiene dimer concentrate, carloads.

From: Points in the New Orleans-Baton Rouge, La., group.

To: Ladora, Colo.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: D. Q. Marsh, Agent, ICC No. 3494, Supp. 222.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8009; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:53 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26243]

SODA PRODUCTS FROM TRENTON, MICH., TO CERTAIN POINTS IN ALABAMA AND TENNESSEE

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JULY 9, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: L. C. Schuldt, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff ICC No. 4300, pursuant to fourth section order No. 9800.

Commodities involved: Sodium (soda) viz: Disodium phosphate, phosphate of sodium and tri-sodium of phosphate, carloads.

From: Trenton, Mich.

To: Anniston, Birmingham, Fairfield and Montgomery, Ala., and Nashville, Tenn.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

F. R. Doc. 51-8010; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:54 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26244]

SOUND DEADENING COMPOUNDS FROM CHICAGO, ILL., TO SYRACUSE AND UTICA, N. Y.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JULY 9, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: L. C. Schuldt, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff ICC 3758, pursuant to fourth section order No. 9800.

Commodities involved: Sound deadening compounds, carloads.

From: Chicago, Ill.

To: Syracuse and Utica, N. Y.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8011; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:54 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 26245]

BLACKSTRAP MOLASSES FROM LOUISIANA TO CERTAIN OKLAHOMA POINTS

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JULY 9, 1951.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: W. P. Emerson, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff ICC No. 395.

Commodities involved: Blackstrap molasses and distillery molasses residuum, in tank-car loads.

From: New Orleans, Port Chalmette and Three Oaks, La., and points grouped therewith.

To: Checotah, Meyer, Oktaha and Rentiesville, Okla.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: Agent W. P. Emerson, Jr., tariff ICC No. 395, supp. 41.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters

involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8012; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:54 a. m.]

INSURANCE COMPANIES FILING CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE

JULY 3, 1951.

Pursuant to its order of April 13, 1951, in Ex Parte No. MC-5 and Ex Parte No. 159 increasing the amounts of automobile bodily injury and property damage liability insurance and other security for the protection of the public to be provided by motor carriers and freight forwarders under Sections 215 and 403 (d) of the Interstate Commerce Act, which order is to become effective on October 31, 1951, the Commission has prescribed new insurance endorsement and certificate of insurance forms, Forms BMC 80, BMC 81, FF 40, and FF 41, to supersede those previously prescribed and which are now in use, i. e., Forms BMC 31, BMC 33, FF 31 and FF 33, which will become obsolete on October 31, 1951. Copies of the new forms, as approved and prescribed by the Commission, are enclosed herewith.

It is required that the motor carrier forms prescribed under section 215 of the act, Forms BMC 80 and BMC 81 be printed, and that Form BMC 81, the certificate of insurance form, be 5 by 8 inches in size and be printed on a good grade of white paper which is sufficiently heavy so as to permit ready handling and filing in a card file. It is suggested that the printers be instructed to use the same weight of paper heretofore used in printing Form BMC 33 certificates of insurance. Form BMC 80 may be of such color and weight of paper as each company may desire but the context must be exactly like the enclosed samples, including form number. The freight forwarder forms, Forms FF 40 and FF 41, need not be printed unless the company desires, but may be typewritten, multilithed or mimeographed.

Since the use of the new forms will be required in the case of all new or renewal policies issued to become effective from and after October 31, 1951, it is suggested and requested that the companies arrange for their supplies promptly. In the meantime, while the use of the new forms is not required before October 31, 1951, any certificates of insurance filed with the Commission on Form BMC 81 or FF 41 prior to that date, and in connection with policies of insurance which become effective prior to that date, will be approved as meeting the requirements under sections 215 or 403 (d) of the act, as the case may be.

The Commission's requirements as to the increased limits of liability and the use of the newly prescribed forms will apply to all policies of insurance which are in full force and effect on October 31, 1951, and for which certificates of insurance have previously been filed with and approved by the Commission. That is to say, unless the Commission theretofore receives certificates from the insurance company involved certifying that each such policy will, from and after October 31, 1951, provide the public with the full measure of protection contemplated under the order of April 13, 1951, its approval of such previously filed and approved certificate of insurance will be revoked.

In order to eliminate the burden that would be placed upon the companies if separate certificates of insurance in the new form were required to replace the certificates of insurance filed in the form previously used, i. e., Form BMC 33 or FF 33, as the case may be, the Commission will accept a blanket certificate of insurance from each company covering all policies in effect on October 31, 1951, for which certificates of insurance have been previously filed and approved, provided such certificate is filed in the form prescribed by it, Form BMC 86 and FF 45, a copy of which is also enclosed. The purpose of this form is clearly stated in its context and its use is optional with the companies. However, if the blanket certificate of insurance is not used by any company, it will then be required that such company file separate certificates of insurance on Form BMC81 or FF 41, as the case may be, prior to October 31, 1951, for each policy which it desires to have the Commission continue its approval. Also, if each company will execute and file the blanket certificate of insurance in the form prescribed, whether or not it intends to file separate certificates on Form BMC 81 or FF 41 prior to October 31, 1951, it will very materially lighten the burden imposed upon our Section of Insurance by the changes in the prescribed minimum limits. The cooperation of all companies in this matter will be appreciated.

In order to facilitate the orderly handling of the numerous details involved, it will be appreciated if each company will execute one of the blanket certificates of insurance at the earliest date possible and forward it to the Section of Insurance, Bureau of Motor Carriers, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington 25, D. C. It is also suggested that each company promptly undertake to review its records in respect of the policies heretofore certified to the Commission, and which will still be in force on October 31, 1951, so that the prescribed 30 days' notices of cancellation can be filed with the Commission in time to become effective on or before that date if the contracts do not justify certifying the increased limits of liability.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8014; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:55 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Commodity Credit Corporation

DOMESTIC AND EXPORT PRICE LISTS FOR JULY

SALES OF CERTAIN COMMODITIES AT FIXED PRICES

Pursuant to the Pricing Policy of Commodity Credit Corporation issued March 22, 1950 (15 F. R. 1583), and subject to the conditions stated therein, the following commodities are available for sale in the quantities and at the prices stated:

JULY DOMESTIC PRICE LIST

Commodity and approximate quantity available (subject to prior sale)	Domestic sales price
Dried whole eggs, 1950 pack (packed in barrels and drums) in carload lots only, 1,000,000 pounds.[1]	$1.03 per pound "in store" at location of stock in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, Minnesota, Wisconsin, New York, and Delaware ("in store" means in storage at warehouse, but with any prepaid storage and out-handling charges for the benefit of the buyer).
Nonfat dry milk solids, 1951 production, in carload lots only, 10,000,000 pounds.	Spray process—15½ cents per pound "in store" at location of stock in any State ("in store" means at the processor's plant or in storage at warehouse, but with any prepaid storage and out-handling charges for the benefit of the buyer). (See note on Ceiling Price Certification on the last page of this price list.)
Linseed oil, raw, 211,000,000 pounds	Market price on date of sale. (See note on Ceiling Price Certification on the last page of this price list.)
Dry edible beans	On all beans, for areas other than those shown below, adjust prices upward or downward by an amount equal to the price support program differential between areas. Where no price support differential occurs, the price listed will apply. For other grades of all beans, adjust by market differentials. Prices listed below, on all beans, are at point of production. Amount of any paid-in freight to be added.
Pinto, bagged, 1,615,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 grade, 1948 [1] and 1949 crops: $8.19 per 100 pounds, basis f.o.b. Denver rate area and California area; $7.79 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Idaho area.
Pea, bagged, 880,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 grade 1948 [1] and 1949 crops: $7.91 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Michigan area.
Red kidney, bagged, 450,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 grade 1948 [1] and 1949 crops: $9.37 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. New York area.
Great Northern, bagged, 1,850,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 grade 1948 [1] and 1949 crops: $7.23 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Twin Falls, Idaho area; $7.60 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. Morrill, Nebr., area.
Baby lima, bagged, 615,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 Grade 1948 [1] and 1949 crops: $8.02 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. California area.
Cranberry beans, bagged, 80,000 hundredweight.	No. 1 Grade 1949 crop: $8.66 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. California and Michigan areas.
Austrian winter pea seed, bagged, 2,170,000 hundredweight. [1]	$4.50 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production; plus any paid-in freight.
Blue lupine seed, bagged, 1,330,000 hundredweight.	$5 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production; plus any paid-in freight.
Kobe lespedeza seed, bagged, 3,500 hundredweight.	$13.49 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production; plus any paid-in freight.

[1] These same lots also are available at export sales prices announced today.

JULY DOMESTIC PRICE LIST—Continued

Commodity and approximate quantity available (subject to prior sale)	Domestic sales price
Weeping lovegrass seed, bagged, 1,300 hundredweight.	$51.50 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production; plus any paid-in freight.
Common and willamette vetch seed, bagged, 230,000 hundredweight.	$7 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production; plus any paid-in freight.
Alfalfa seed (southern, certified or registered), bagged, 12,700 hundredweight.	$26.55 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production; plus any paid-in freight.
Red clover seed (uncertified) bagged, 20,600 hundredweight.	$37.05 per 100 pounds, basis f. o. b. point of production; plus any paid-in freight.
Wheat, bulk, 5,000,000 bushels	This wheat is available only when premium wheat is required or where emergency situations exist. Basis in store, the market price but in no event less than the applicable 1950 loan rate for the class, grade, quality, and location, plus: (1) 37 cents per bushel if received by truck, or (2) 32 cents per bushel if received by rail or barge. Examples of minimum prices, per bushel: Kansas City, No. 1 HW, ex rail or barge, $2.58; Minneapolis, No. 1 DNS, ex rail or barge, $2.59; Chicago, No. 1 RW, ex rail or barge, $2.63. NOTE: No wheat will be for sale in the Portland, Oreg., area until further notice.
Oats, bulk, 9,400,000 bushels	At points of production, basis in store, the market price but not less than the applicable 1950 county loan rate plus 17 cents per bushel; at other points, the foregoing plus average paid-in freight. Examples of minimum prices, per bushel: Chicago, No. 3 or better, $1.00; Minneapolis, No. 3 or better, 96 cents.
Barley, bulk, 19,750,000 bushels	Basis in store, the market price but in no event less than the applicable 1950 loan rate for the class, grade, quality, and location, plus: (1) 25 cents per bushel if received by truck, or (2) 21 cents per bushel if received by rail or barge. Examples of minimum prices per bushel: Minneapolis, No. 1 barley, ex rail or barge, $1.53.
Corn, bulk, 50,000,000 bushels	1950 commercial corn-producing area: At points of production, basis in store, the market price but not less than the applicable 1950 county loan rate for No. 3 yellow, plus 25 cents per bushel, with market differentials for other grades, quality, and classes. At other delivery points: (1) The foregoing, plus average paid-in freight, or (2) basis the following fixed minimum terminal prices, with market differentials for grade, quality, and class, and freight differentials for location. Fixed minimum prices, per bushel: Chicago, No. 3 yellow ..... $1.87 St. Louis, No. 3 yellow ..... 1.87 Minneapolis, No. 3 yellow ..... 1.80 Omaha, No. 3 yellow ..... 1.79 Kansas City, No. 3 yellow ..... 1.83 Market differentials for other grades, quality, and classes. 1950 noncommercial corn-producing area: At points of production, or originating in noncommercial county, basis in store, the market price but not less than 133 percent of the applicable 1950 county load rate for No. 3, plus 25 cents per bushel; at other points, the foregoing plus average paid-in freight. If originating in a commercial county, the county loan rate for No. 3 plus 25 cents, plus average paid-in freight. *Example of minimum price, per bushel:* 1950 county loan rate for Brown County, Ind., $1.10 per bushel, No. 3 corn; 133 percent of $1.10, plus 25 percent equals $1.72 per bushel, the minimum sales price.

Ceiling Price Certification. Any purchaser from CCC of nonfat dry milk solids, or raw linseed oil, must be able and will be required to certify that the price paid to CCC does not exceed the highest ceiling price he could pay any of his usual suppliers for the commodity in the quantity and at the place and season that delivery is made.

JULY EXPORT PRICE LIST

Commodity and approximate quantity available (subject to prior sale)	Export sales price
Dried whole eggs: 1950 pack (packed in barrels and drums) in carload lots only, 10,000,000 pounds.	(1) 60c per lb. f. a. s. vessel any U. S. Gulf or East Coast port; or (2) 60c per lb. "in store" at location of stock, less freight based on the average gross shipping weight calculated at the lowest export freight rate. ("in store" means in storage at warehouse, but with any prepaid storage and outhandling charges for the benefit of the buyer.)
Dry edible beans	No. 1 grade 1948 Crop, f. a. s. vessel at locations shown below:
Pinto, bagged, 795,000 hundredweight.[1]	$5.90 per 100 pounds, San Francisco Bay area and Portland, Oreg.; $6 per 100 pounds, U. S. Gulf ports (see note below).
Pea, bagged, 125,000 hundredweight.[1 2]	For export to Western Hemisphere countries—$6.50 per 100 pounds, East Coast ports; for export to other than Western Hemisphere Countries—$5.50 per 100 pounds, East Coast ports.
Great Northern, bagged, 760,000 hundredweight.[1 2]	$6.50 per 100 pounds, Portland, Oreg. (26,000 hundredweight only stored at The Dalles, Oreg.); $6.60 per 100 pounds, U. S. Gulf ports (see note below).
Baby lima, bagged, 90,000 hundredweight.[1]	$5 per 100 pounds, San Francisco Bay area.
Red kidney, bagged, 350,000 hundredweight.[1 2]	$6.50 per 100 lbs., New York.
	NOTE: "U. S. Gulf ports" means ports with freight rates not greater than to New Orleans. Any excess freight will be for account of the buyer. *Discounts for grades on all beans:* No. 2, 25 cents less than No. 1; No. 3, 50 cents less than No. 1. At CCC's option, 1949 crop beans may be furnished in place of 1948 beans in instances where stocks of 1948 beans of the type and grade desired are exhausted.
Austrian winter pea seed, bagged, 2,170,000 hundredweight.[1]	Market price on date of sale at place of delivery, provided delivery takes place within 15 days unless otherwise agreed upon.

[1] These same lots also are available at domestic sales prices announced today.
[2] *Ceiling Price Certification.* Any purchaser from CCC of red kidney beans or Great Northern beans for export, or of Pea beans for export to Western Hemisphere countries, must be able and will be required to certify that the price paid to CCC does not exceed the highest ceiling price he could pay any of his usual suppliers for the commodity in the quantity and at the place and season that delivery is made.

Issued July 9, 1951.

[SEAL]

G. F. GEISSLER,
President, Commodity Credit Corporation.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8032; Filed, July 11, 1951; 9:00 a. m.]

Production and Marketing Administration

CHIEF, DAIRY INSPECTION AND GRADING DIVISION, DAIRY BRANCH

REDELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO EXERCISE CERTAIN POWERS AND FUNCTIONS RELATING TO GRADING AND INSPECTION OF DAIRY PRODUCTS

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Acting Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration, on July 5, 1951 (16 F. R. 6693), authority is hereby redelegated to the Chief, Dairy Inspection and Grading Division, Dairy Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, to exercise the powers and functions under §§ 58.4, 58.8, 58.9, 58.11, 58.13, 58.15, 58.16, 58.18, 58.20, 58.22, 58.24, 58.25, 58.28, 58.33, 58.34, 58.35, 58.38, 58.49, 58.50, 58.51, 58.53, 58.54, 58.56, 58.58, 58.59, and 58.61 of the regulations appearing in Title 7, Chapter I, part 58, Code of Federal Regulations, as printed in the FEDERAL REGISTER July 4, 1951, (16 F. R. 6494).

Done at Washington, D. C., this 6th day of July 1951.

[SEAL]

PRESTON RICHARDS,
Director, Dairy Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 51-7996; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:50 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 54-168]

ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE CO.

ORDER CONTAINING RECITALS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUPPLEMENT R OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 6th day of July A. D., 1951.

Electric Bond and Share Company ("Bond and Share"), a registered holding company, being the owner of 18,709 shares of the common stock of Florida Power & Light Company, and being under commitment to dispose of said shares, having notified the Commission, pursuant to Rule U-44 (c) of the rules and regulations promulgated under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, of its intention to sell said 18,709 shares of common stock of Florida Power & Light Company in the open market at a price to be fixed by Bond and Share, using the facilities of the New York Stock Exchange, such sales to be made on a day or days to be selected by Bond and Share; and

The Commission having notified Bond and Share pursuant to Rule U-44 (c) that no declaration need be filed with respect to the proposed sales; and

Bond and Share having requested the Commission to issue an order containing findings and recitations in accordance with the meaning and requirements of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, including section 1808 (f) and Supplement R thereof:

It is ordered and recited, That the sale and transfer by Bond and Share of 18,709

shares of common stock of Florida Power & Light Company is necessary or appropriate to the integration or simplification of the holding company system of which Electric Bond and Share Company is a member and is necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, all in accordance with the meaning and requirements of the Internal Revenue Code and section 1808 (f) and Supplement R thereof.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] NELLYE A. THORSEN, *Assistant Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-7986; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:48 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2605]

COLUMBIA GAS SYSTEM, INC., ET AL.

ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION AND PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN TRANSFERS OF ASSETS BETWEEN SUBSIDIARIES OF REGISTERED HOLDING COMPANY AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 6th day of July A. D. 1951.

In the matter of The Columbia Gas System, Inc., The Manufacturers Light and Heat Company, Natural Gas Company of West Virginia, and The Ohio Fuel Gas Company; File No. 70-2605.

The Columbia Gas System, Inc. ("Columbia"), a registered holding company, and its subsidiaries, The Manufacturers Light and Heat Company ("Manufacturers"), Natural Gas Company of West Virginia ("Natural Gas") and The Ohio Fuel Gas Company ("Ohio Fuel"), have filed with the Commission an application-declaration and amendments thereto, pursuant to sections 6, 7, 9, and 10 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act"), and Rules U-43 and U-44 promulgated thereunder, regarding the following proposed transactions:

Natural Gas proposes to sell to Manufacturers all of its property located in the states of West Virginian and Pennsylvania which is used or useful in the production, purchase, transportation and distribution of natural gas. Manufacturers serves some of the same communities served by such property and supplies most of the gas distributed thereby. The price to be paid by Manufacturers for such property will be the book value thereof at original cost, less book reserves for depreciation and depletion, computed to the date of consummation of the transaction.

Manufacturers also proposes, in connection with the acquisition of such property, to acquire from Natural Gas the accounts receivable, inventory of materials and supplies and other current assets (except cash) applicable to such natural gas property, and to assume the accounts payable and other current liabilities applicable to such property. Such current assets will be paid for at the net book amount shown on the balance sheet of Natural Gas as of the consummation date of the transaction.

As of December 31, 1950, the purchase price for the foregoing assets is estimated by the Company at $3,723,095, including $2,959,674 for the net property and $763,421 for the net current assets. Manufacturers proposes to pay the purchase price by assuming $3,768,000 principal amount of 3¼ percent notes of Natural Gas presently outstanding (payable serially from 1951 to 1976), all of which are held by Columbia, and the balance of the purchase price in cash.

Ohio Fuel proposes to sell to Natural Gas certain natural gas production property located in eastern Ohio. Such property is connected to the transmission system of Natural Gas and the gas obtained therefrom is used by Natural Gas. The price proposed to be paid for such property is to be the net original cost to Ohio Fuel as of November 1, 1949, plus expenditures for construction work in progress, and less retirements made subsequent to that date. The applicants estimate that the purchase price for these properties will approximate $159,492 subject to certain possible adjustments. Such purchase price will be paid for in cash by Natural Gas.

The application-declaration states that the proposed acquisition by Manufacturers of property from Natural Gas has been approved by the Public Utility Commission of Pennsylvania and the Public Service Commission of West Virginia, that the proposed sale of such property by Natural Gas to Manufacturers has been approved by both of such Commissions, and that the assumption by Manufacturers of the Natural Gas notes has been approved by the Public Utility Commission of Pennsylvania. The application-declaration also states that the sale by Ohio Fuel of the property in Ohio to Natural Gas, and the acquisition thereof by Natural Gas, has been approved by the Public Utilities Commission of Ohio.

The application-declaration, as amended, also states that those transactions within the jurisdiction of the Federal Power Commission have been approved by that Commission.

Said application-declaration having been filed on March 30, 1951, an amendment thereto having been filed on June 28, 1951, and notice of filing having been duly given in the form and manner prescribed by Rule U-23 promulgated pursuant to the act, and the Commission not having received a request for a hearing with respect to said application-declaration within the period specified in said notice or otherwise, and not having ordered a hearing thereon; and

The Commission finding that said application-declaration, as amended, satisfies the requirements of the applicable provisions of the act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and that it is not necessary to impose any terms and conditions with respect thereto, and the Commission deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that said application-declaration, as amended, be granted and permitted to become effective forthwith;

It is ordered, That the said application-declaration, as amended, be, and the same hereby is, granted and permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] NELLYE A. THORSEN, *Assistant Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 51-7987, Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616; E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 18120]

MELCHERS & CO.

In re: Debts owing to Melchers & Co. F-28-1461, F-28-1461-C-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That C. Melchers & Co., the last known address of which is Bremen, Germany, is a partnership organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Germany and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That Karl Lindemann and Adalbert Korff, each of whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That Melchers & Co. is a partnership organized under the laws of China, whose principal place of business is located at Shanghai, China, and is or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has been controlled by or acting or purporting to act directly or indirectly for the benefit or on behalf of the aforesaid Karl Lindemann, Adalbert Korff and C. Melchers & Co., and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

4. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Melchers & Co. by Joseph G. Hooper Jr. Co., 203 California Street, San Francisco 11, California, in the amount of $114.76, as of May 31, 1941, together with any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Melchers & Co. by Melchers, Inc., 56 Beaver Street, New York 4, New York, in the amount of $744.20, as of January 5, 1951, together with any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or de-

liverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by Melchers & Co., the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

5. That Melchers & Co. is controlled by or acting for or on behalf of a designated enemy country (Germany) or persons within such country and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

6. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraphs 1, 2 and 3 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 6, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8019; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:57 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18121]

CUSTODIAN TRUST CO., LTD.

In re: Accounts maintained in the name of Custodian Trust Company Limited, Charlottetown, P. E. I., Canada, and owned by persons whose names are unknown. F-63-12551.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Orders 9193, as amended, 9788 and 9989, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the property described as follows: All property, rights and interests in the accounts identified in Exhibit A set forth below and by reference made a part hereof, together with

(a) Any other property, rights and interests which represent accumulations or accruals to, changes in form of, or substitutions for, any of the property, rights and interests in said identified accounts on October 2, 1950, and which are now held in other accounts being maintained as blocked or otherwise subject to the restrictions of Executive Order 8389, as amended, or regulations, rulings, orders or instructions issued thereunder, and

(b) Any and all rights in, to and under any securities (including, without limitation, bonds, coupons, mortgage participation certificates, shares of stock, scrip and warrants) and any and all declared and unpaid dividends on any shares of stock in any of said accounts,

excepting from the foregoing, however, all lawful liens and setoffs of the respective institutions in the United States with whom the aforesaid accounts are maintained,

is property within the United States;

2. That the property described in subparagraph 1 hereof is owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or is evidence of ownership or control by persons, names unknown, who, if individuals, there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of a designated enemy country and which, if partnerships, associations, corporations, or other organizations, there is reasonable cause to believe are organized under the laws of a designated enemy country or on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, have had their principal places of business in a designated enemy country;

3. That the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are nationals of a designated enemy country;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons referred to in subparagraph 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country.

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended, and the term "designated enemy country" has reference to Germany or Japan.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 6, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

[Accounts maintained in the name of Custodian Trust Co., Ltd., Charlottetown, P. E. I., Canada]

Column I	Column II
Name and address of institution which maintains account	Designation of account
Agency, Bank of Montreal, 64 Wall St., New York 5, N. Y.	Custodian Trust Co., Ltd., special blocked account, consisting of cash and securities, as described by Agency, Bank of Montreal on its report on Form OAP-700 bearing its Serial No. 2.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8020; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:57 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18122]

GEORGE ANTON BENL

In re: Estate of George Anton Benl, also known as George A. Benl, deceased. File No. F-28-22083-F-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Amalie Benl, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof in and to the estate of George Anton Benl, also known as George A. Benl, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That such property is in the process of administration by The Public Administrator of the County of New York, as Administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of New York County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 6, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8021; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:58 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18123]

BIANCA A. E. O. FRITSCH

In re: Estate of Bianca A. E. O. Fritsch, deceased. File No. 017-26462.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Margarete Redepenning and Emilie Schultz, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraph 1 hereof, and each of them, in and to the estate of Bianca A. E. O. Fritsch, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That such property is in the process of administration by Irving T. Wolfson and Elizabeth Hensel, as Co-executors, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of New York County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons identified in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 6, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8022; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:58 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18124]

FRED KOERBIT

In re: Estate of Fred Koerbit also known as Fritz Koerbitz, deceased. File No. D-28-13008-G-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Henny Kuhn, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof, in and to the Estate of Fred Koerbit also known as Fritz Koerbitz, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That such property is in the process of administration by William Crosby, as administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 6, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8023; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:58 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18125]

WILLIAM SEMRAN

In re: Estate of William Semran, deceased. File No. D-55-396; E. T. sec. No. 3873.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Ewald Semran and Lidja (Lydia) Semran, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof in and to the estate of William Semran, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That such property is in the process of administration by the Clerk, County Court of Essex County, as depositary, acting under the juricial supervision of the County Court of Essex County, Probate Division, Newark, New Jersey;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest.

There is hereby, vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 6, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8024; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:58 a. m.]

[Return Order 980]

GIUSEPPINA FRESCHI FACCARO ET AL.

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Giuseppina Freschi Faccaro, Luisa Liliana Faccaro, Lawrence Faccaro, Giuseppina Faccaro, Bassignana, Italy, Claim No. 5236; Pete Faccaro, by his guardian, Union Planters National Bank & Trust Co., Memphis, Tenn., Claim No. 37801; April 21, 1951 (16 F. R. 3501); $718.64 in the Treasury of the United States payable as follows: ½ to Luisa Liliana Faccaro; ½ to Luisa Liliana Faccaro and Giuseppina Freschi Faccaro, with Giuseppina Freschi Faccaro having a life interest therein and Luisa Liliana Faccaro being entitled to the remainder; $5,925.27 in the Treasury of the United States, ⅓ to Giuseppina Freschi Faccaro and ⅔ to Luisa Liliana Faccaro; $6,643.91 in the Treasury of the United States payable to Lawrence Faccaro; $2,483.48 in the Treasury of the United States payable to Giuseppina Faccaro; $4,475.51 in the Treasury of the United States payable to Union Planters National Bank & Trust Company, Memphis, Tennessee, Guardian of Pete Faccaro. Two parcels of real estate, located at 1009-1013 Jackson Avenue and 599-617 Decatur Street, Memphis, Tenn., respectively, in the following portions: ⅙ to Giuseppina Freschi Faccaro, ⅔ to Luisa Liliana Faccaro, ⅙ to Lawrence Faccaro, ⅙ to Giuseppina Faccaro, and ⅔ to Union Planters National Bank & Trust Co., guardian of Pete Faccaro.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 29, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8025; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:58 a. m.]

[Return Order 1001]

SOCIETE POUR L'UNION DES TRANSPORTS FERROVIAIRES ET ROUTIERS

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, be returned after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Societe Pour L'Union Des Transports Ferroviaires et Routiers, Paris, France; Claim No. 33765; May 23, 1951 (16 F. R. 4825); property described in Vesting Order No. 666 (8 F. R. 5047, April 17, 1943) relating to United States Letters Patent Nos. 2,085,329 and 2,144,081. This return shall not be deemed to include the rights of any licensees under the above patents.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 29, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8026; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:59 a. m.]

[Return Order 1008]

MARIANNINA MAZZEI VITALE ET AL.

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Mariannina Mazzei Vitale, Mariannina Mazzei Vitale, Natural Guardian of Pasquale Vitale, Nicolino Vitale and Margherita Vitale, all of Montella, Avellino, Italy; Claim No. 38022; May 23, 1951 (16 F. R. 4824); $618.79 in the Treasury of the United States in equal shares to Mariannina Mazzei Vitale as Natural Guardian of Pasquale Vitale, Nicolino Vitale and Margherita Vitale; $309.39 in the Treasury of the United States to Mariannina Mazzei Vitale, Mariannina Mazzei Vitale as Natural Guardian of Pasquale Vitale, Nicolino Vitale and Margherita Vitale with Mariannina having a life interest therein and Pasquale, Nicolino and Margherita being entitled in equal shares to the remainder.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 3, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8027; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:59 a. m.]

[Return Order 1013]

ADOLF AND FELIX MUNDHEIM

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Adolf Mundheim, Belfast, Ireland, Claim No. 37085; Felix Mundheim, Plombiere-les-Dijon, France, Claim No. 42481; May 24, 1951 (16 F. R. 4913); $253.14 in the Treasury of the United States in equal shares to the claimants.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 3, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8028; Filed, July 11, 1951; 8:59 a. m.]

JENNIE GUNZBURGER

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Jennie Gunzburger, New York, N. Y.; Claim No. 28668; all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Jennie Gunzburger, in and to the trust estate created under the will of Theodore Obermeyer, deceased. Trust administered by Bankers Trust Co., New York, N. Y.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 3, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8029; Filed, July 11, 1951; 9:00 a. m.]

EDWARD F. HARRIS

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Edward F. Harris, Crescent City, Calif.; Claim No. 7549; $640.00 in the Treasury of the United States.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on July 3, 1951.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 51-8030; Filed, July 11, 1951; 9:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 18067]

AUGUST J. W. JAHN

Correction

In Federal Register Document 51-7780, appearing at page 6646 of the issue for Saturday, July 7, 1951, the date in the file line should read "July 5, 1951" instead of "July 7, 1951."

[Vesting Order 18008]

HOLLANDSCHE BANK UNIE N. V.

Correction

Federal Register Document 51-7760, appearing at page 6601 of the issue for Friday, July 6, 1951 was incorrectly designated as Vesting Order 18007. It should be designated as Vesting Order 18008 as set forth above.