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TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter I—Farm Credit Administration, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter A—Administrative Provisions

[Farm Credit Administration Order 515]

PART 4—PUBLIC INFORMATION

OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION AND OF CORPORATIONS FUNCTIONING THEREUNDER

The opening sentence of paragraph (a) of § 4.1 of Title 6 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and the three subparagraphs (6), (7), and (8) recently added thereto (15 F. R. 4421), are hereby amended in the following respects:

1. In the opening sentence, the second last word before the colon is changed from "and" to "or";

2. Subparagraph (6) is revised generally and includes three subdivisions instead of two; and in subparagraphs (7) and (8), "any such corporation" is substituted for "any corporation under its supervision and control"; so that such provisions shall read as follows:

§ 4.1 *Officers and employees of Farm Credit Administration and of corporations functioning thereunder.* (a) Except as specifically authorized by law or rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, no officer, employee, or agent of the Farm Credit Administration or of any corporation under its supervision or control:

(6) (i) Shall acquire, directly or indirectly (including acquisition by membership in syndicates), any lands or interests therein, including mineral interests, which are owned by any such corporation or which were thus owned at any time within the preceding 12 months;

Definition: As used in this subparagraph, "mineral interests" means any interest in minerals, oil, or gas, including, but not limited to, any right derived directly or indirectly from a mineral, oil, or gas lease, deed, or royalty conveyance;

(ii) Shall separately acquire, directly or indirectly (including acquisition by membership in syndicates), any mineral interests in lands which are mortgaged

to any such corporation or which were thus mortgaged at any time within the preceding 12 months, but this shall not prohibit mineral interests being acquired incidentally with surface interests;

(iii) Shall acquire, directly or indirectly (including acquisition by membership in syndicates), any interests in lands (including mineral interests being acquired incidentally with surface interests) which are mortgaged to any such corporation or which were thus mortgaged at any time within the preceding 12 months, without obtaining the specific prior approval of the board of directors of such corporation (meaning the Federal land bank as agent in the case of the Federal Farm Mortgage Corporation) in addition to conforming with any other applicable regulations;

Exception: This subparagraph shall not apply to acquisitions by will or inheritance; nor to presidents and vice presidents of national farm loan associations and production credit associations;

(7) Shall participate directly or indirectly in any transaction concerning the purchase or sale of corporate stocks or bonds, commodities, or other property for speculative purposes if such action might tend to interfere with the proper and impartial performance of his duties or bring discredit upon the Farm Credit Administration or any such corporation. Employees are not prohibited by this subparagraph from making bona fide investments. When an employee is uncertain as to whether a contemplated transaction is prohibited by this subparagraph, he should consult his immediate superior;

(8) Shall at any time conduct himself in a manner which might cause embarrassment to or criticism of the Farm Credit Administration or any such corporation, or interfere with the efficient performance of his duties. [482]

(Sec. 17, 39 Stat. 375, sec. 2, 42 Stat. 1459, sec. 6, 44 Stat. 803, sec. 4, 46 Stat. 13, sec. 6, 47 Stat. 14, secs. 1-43, 48 Stat. 257, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 456, 12 U. S. C. 665, 831, 1101, 1131-1138f, 1141b)

[SEAL]

I. W. DUGGAN,
Governor,

Farm Credit Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10858; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

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TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter VII—Production and Marketing Administration (Agricultural Adjustment), Department of Agriculture

[1023 (Cigar Leaf-51)-1]

PART 723—CIGAR-FILLER TOBACCO, AND CIGAR-FILLER AND BINDER TOBACCO	
FINDING AND DETERMINATION OF TYPE 46 TOBACCO AS A KIND OF TOBACCO SEPARATE FROM CIGAR-FILLER AND CIGAR-BINDER TOBACCO, PROCLAMATION OF NATIONAL MARKETING QUOTAS FOR 1951-52 MARKETING YEAR AND APPORTIONMENT OF NATIONAL MARKETING QUOTAS AMONG THE SEVERAL STATES	

Sec.	
723.201	Basis and purpose.
723.202	Findings and determinations with respect to type 46 tobacco as a kind of tobacco separate from cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco.
723.203	Findings and determinations with respect to the national marketing quota for cigar-filler tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951.
723.204	Findings and determinations with respect to the national marketing quota for cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951.

AUTHORITY: §§ 723.201 to 723.204 issued under sec. 375, 52 Stat. 66, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1375. Interpret or apply secs. 301, 312, 313, 52 Stat. 38, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1301, 1312, 1313.

§ 723.201 *Basis and purpose.* The regulations contained in §§ 723.201 to 723.204 are issued (a) to announce the findings and determinations of the Secretary that there is a difference in the supply and demand conditions for type 46 tobacco as compared with the supply and demand conditions for the other types of tobacco comprising cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco which results in a difference in the adjustments needed in the marketings thereof in order to maintain supplies in line with demand and that type 46 tobacco shall be considered as a kind of tobacco separate from cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco, (b) to announce the reserve supply level and the total supply of cigar-filler tobacco and cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1950, and (c) to establish the national marketing quotas for cigar-filler tobacco and cigar-

filler and cigar-binder tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951. The findings and determinations by the Secretary contained in §§ 723.202, 723.203, and 723.204 have been made on the basis of the latest available statistics of the Federal Government and after due consideration of data, views, and recommendations received from cigar-filler tobacco and cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco producers and others as provided in a notice (15 F. R. 7368) given in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237).

Since the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, requires the holding of a referendum of tobacco producers within 30 days after the issuance of a proclamation of the national marketing quota to determine whether such producers favor marketing quotas and requires the mailing of notices of farm acreage allotments to farm operators prior to the date of the referendum, it is hereby found that compliance with the 30-day effective date provision of the Administrative Procedure Act is impractical and contrary to the public interest. Therefore, the proclamation and apportionment of the quotas contained herein shall become effective upon the date of its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

§ 723.202 *Findings and determinations with respect to type 46 tobacco as a kind of tobacco separate from cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco.*¹ The total supply of type 46 (Puerto Rican filler) tobacco as of the beginning of the marketing year beginning October 1, 1950, is 78,100,000 pounds consisting of carry-over of 51,100,000 pounds and estimated 1950 production of 27,000,000 pounds. The reserve supply level for type 46 tobacco is 84,300,000 pounds, calculated, as provided in the act, from a normal year's domestic consumption of 28,000,000 pounds and a normal year's exports of 2,000,000 pounds. The total supply of type 46 tobacco is less than the reserve supply level therefor, and therefore a national marketing quota for type 46 tobacco could not be proclaimed under the act for the 1951-52 marketing year if such type 46 tobacco should be considered as a separate kind of tobacco. The total supply of cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco exclusive of type 46 tobacco as of the beginning of the marketing year beginning October 1, 1950, is 238,700,000 pounds consisting of carry-over of 163,100,000 pounds and estimated 1950 production of 75,600,000 pounds. The reserve supply level for cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco exclusive of type 46 is 222,600,000 pounds, calculated from a normal year's domestic consumption of 75,000,000 pounds and a normal year's exports of 3,500,000 pounds. Since the total supply of cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco exclusive of type 46 exceeds the reserve supply level therefor, it would be necessary to proclaim a national marketing quota for such kind of tobacco (exclusive of type 46 tobacco).

¹ Rounded to the nearest tenth of a million pounds.

In view of the difference found to exist in the supply and demand conditions for type 46 as among other types of cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco, resulting in a difference in the adjustment needed in the 1951 crop of such tobacco to maintain supplies of type 46 tobacco in line with demand, it is hereby determined that type 46 tobacco shall be treated as a separate kind of tobacco for the purpose of marketing quotas and price support on the 1951 and subsequent crops of such tobacco.

§ 723.203 *Findings and determinations with respect to the national marketing quota for cigar-filler tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951.*—(a) *Reserve supply level.* The reserve supply level for cigar-filler tobacco is 159,400,000 pounds, calculated, as provided in the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, from a normal year's domestic consumption of 54,000,000 pounds and a normal year's exports of 2,000,000 pounds.

(b) *Total supply.* The total supply of cigar-filler tobacco as of the beginning of the marketing year for such tobacco beginning October 1, 1950, is 176,400,000 pounds consisting of carry-over of 115,800,000 pounds and estimated 1950 production of 60,600,000 pounds.

(c) *Carry-over.* The estimated carry-over of cigar-filler tobacco at the beginning of the marketing year for such tobacco beginning October 1, 1951, is 120,000,000 pounds calculated by subtracting the estimated disappearance for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1950, of 56,400,000 pounds from the total supply of such tobacco.

(d) *National marketing quota.* The amount of cigar-filler tobacco which will make available during the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951, a supply of cigar-filler tobacco equal to the reserve supply level of such tobacco is 39,400,000 pounds and a national marketing quota of such amount is hereby proclaimed. It is determined, however, that a national marketing quota in the amount of 39,400,000 pounds would result in undue restriction of marketings during the 1951-52 marketing year and such amount is hereby increased by 20 percent. Therefore, the amount of the national marketing quota for cigar-filler tobacco in terms of the total quantity of such tobacco which may be marketed during the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951, is 47,300,000 pounds.

(e) *Apportionment of the quota.* The national marketing quota proclaimed in paragraph (d) of this section is hereby apportioned among the several States pursuant to section 313 (a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, and converted into State acreage allotments in accordance with section 313 (g) of the act as follows:

State:	Acreage allotment
Kentucky	36
Maryland	4
Pennsylvania	31,557
Reserve ¹	319

¹ Acreage reserved for establishing allotments for farms upon which no cigar-filler tobacco has been grown during the past five years.

§ 723.204 *Findings and determinations with respect to the national marketing quota for cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951.*—(a) *Reserve supply level.* The reserve supply level for cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco (exclusive of type 46) is 222,600,000 pounds, calculated, as provided in the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, from a normal year's domestic consumption of 75,000,000 pounds and a normal year's exports of 3,500,000 pounds.

(b) *Total supply.* The total supply of cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco (exclusive of type 46) as of the beginning of the marketing year for such tobacco beginning October 1, 1950, is 238,700,000 pounds consisting of carry-over of 163,100,000 pounds and estimated 1950 production of 75,600,000 pounds.

(c) *Carry-over.* The estimated carry-over of cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco (exclusive of type 46) at the beginning of the marketing year for such tobacco beginning October 1, 1951, is 163,500,000 pounds calculated by subtracting the estimated disappearance for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1950, of 75,200,000 pounds from the total supply of such tobacco.

(d) *National marketing quota.* The amount of cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco (exclusive of type 46) which will make available during the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951, a supply of cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco (exclusive of type 46) equal to the reserve supply level of such tobacco is 59,100,000 pounds, and a national marketing quota of such amount is hereby proclaimed. It is determined, however, that a national marketing quota in the amount of 59,100,000 pounds would result in undue restriction of marketings during the 1951-52 marketing year and such amount is hereby increased by 20 percent. Therefore, the amount of the national marketing quota for cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco (exclusive of type 46) in terms of the total quantity of such tobacco which may be marketed during the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951, is 70,900,000 pounds.

(e) *Apportionment of the quota.* The national marketing quota proclaimed in paragraph (d) of this section is hereby apportioned among the several States pursuant to section 313 (a) of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, and converted into State acreage allotments in accordance with Section 313 (g) of the act as follows:

State:	Acreage allotment
Connecticut	11,163
Massachusetts	3,656
Minnesota	388
New Hampshire	13
New York	457
Ohio	6,695
Pennsylvania	431
Vermont	13
Wisconsin	21,486
Reserve ¹	467

¹ Acreage reserved for establishing allotments for farms upon which no cigar-filler and cigar-binder tobacco (exclusive of type 46) has been grown during the past five years.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

Done at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of November 1950. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] K. T. HUTCHINSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10884; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:49 a. m.]

PART 725—BURLEY AND FLUE-CURED
TOBACCO

NATIONAL MARKETING QUOTA FOR BURLEY
TOBACCO FOR 1951-52 MARKETING YEAR

§ 725.201 *Basis and purpose.* The regulations contained in §§ 725.201 and 725.202 are issued to announce the reserve supply level and the total supply of Burley tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1950, and to establish the national marketing quota for Burley tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951. The findings and determinations by the Secretary contained in § 725.202 have been made on the basis of the latest available statistics of the Federal Government, and after due consideration of data, views, and recommendations received from Burley tobacco producers and others, as provided in a notice (15 F. R. 7124) given in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237).

§ 725.202 *Findings and determinations with respect to the national marketing quota for Burley tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951*—(a) *Reserve supply level.* The reserve supply level for Burley tobacco is 1,495,000,000 pounds, calculated, as provided in the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, from a normal year's domestic consumption of 493,000,000 pounds and a normal year's exports of 41,000,000 pounds.

(b) *Total supply.* The total supply of Burley tobacco as of the beginning of the marketing year for such tobacco beginning October 1, 1950, is 1,492,000,000 pounds consisting of carry-over of 996,000,000 pounds and estimated 1950 production of 496,000,000 pounds.

(c) *Carry-over.* The estimated carry-over of Burley tobacco at the beginning of the marketing year for such tobacco beginning October 1, 1951, is 953,000,000 pounds calculated by subtracting the estimated disappearance for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1950, of 539,000,000 pounds from the total supply of such tobacco.

(d) *National marketing quota.* The amount of Burley tobacco which will make available during the marketing year, beginning October 1, 1951, a supply of Burley tobacco equal to the reserve supply level of such tobacco is 542,000,000 pounds, and a national marketing quota of such amount is hereby proclaimed.

¹ Rounded to the nearest million pounds.

(Sec. 375, 52 Stat. 66, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1375. Interpret or apply secs. 301, 312, 52 Stat. 38, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1301, 1312)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of November 1950. Witness my hand and seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] K. T. HUTCHINSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10886; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:49 a. m.]

PART 725—BURLEY AND FLUE-CURED
TOBACCO

NATIONAL MARKETING QUOTA FOR FLUE-CURED
TOBACCO FOR 1951-52 MARKETING
YEAR

§ 725.204 *Basis and purpose.* The regulations contained in §§ 725.204 and 725.205 are issued to announce the reserve supply level and the total supply of flue-cured tobacco for the marketing year beginning July 1, 1950, and to establish the national marketing quota for flue-cured tobacco for the marketing year beginning July 1, 1951. The findings and determinations by the Secretary are contained in § 725.205 and have been made on the basis of the latest available statistics of the Federal Government and after due consideration of data, views, and recommendations received from flue-cured tobacco producers and others, as provided in a notice (15 F. R. 7124) given in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237).

§ 725.205 *Findings and determinations with respect to the national marketing quota for flue-cured tobacco for the marketing year beginning July 1, 1951*—(a) *Reserve supply level.* The reserve supply level for flue-cured tobacco is 2,795,000,000 pounds, calculated, as provided in the act, from a normal year's domestic consumption of 718,000,000 pounds and a normal year's exports of 417,000,000 pounds.

(b) *Total supply.* The total supply of flue-cured tobacco as of the beginning of the marketing year for such tobacco beginning July 1, 1950, is 2,725,000,000 pounds consisting of carry-over of 1,484,000,000 pounds and estimated 1950 production of 1,241,000,000 pounds.

(c) *Carry-over.* The estimated carry-over of flue-cured tobacco at the beginning of the marketing year for such tobacco beginning July 1, 1951, is 1,560,000,000 pounds calculated by subtracting the estimated disappearance for the marketing year beginning July 1, 1950, of 1,165,000,000 pounds from the total supply of such tobacco.

(d) *National marketing quota.* The amount of flue-cured tobacco which will make available during the marketing year beginning July 1, 1951, a supply of flue-cured tobacco equal to the reserve supply level of such tobacco is 1,235,000,000 pounds, and a national marketing

quota of such amount is hereby proclaimed.

(Sec. 375, 52 Stat. 66, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1375. Interpret or apply secs. 301, 312, 52 Stat. 38, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1301, 1312)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of November 1950. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] K. T. HUTCHINSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10887; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:49 a. m.]

TITLE 8—ALIENS AND
NATIONALITY

Chapter I—Immigration and Natural-
ization Service, Department of Jus-
tice

CONTROL OF SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES

Correction

In Federal Register Document 50-10811, appearing at page 8104 of the issue for Tuesday, November 28, 1950, the following changes have been made in the original document:

1. In § 123.2 (d) a phrase was omitted from the tenth line. Paragraph (d) as corrected reads as follows:

(d) Establishes, unless he is a designated principal representative of a foreign government member of an international organization entitled to enjoy the privileges, exemptions, and immunities of an international organization under the International Organizations Immunities Act (59 Stat. 669; 22 U. S. C. 288), or a member of the immediate family of such representative, or an accredited resident member of the staff of such representative, that he is not excludable from the United States under the provisions of section 1 (3) of the act of October 16, 1918, as amended.

2. In § 152.5 the date "September 27, 1950" has been changed to read "September 23, 1950".

The following additional corrections should be made:

1. In the third line of § 123.5 (c) the phrase "in section 3" should read "to section 3".

2. In § 373.1 (1) the second and third sentences should read: "These forms, except Forms N-490 and N-491, shall be signed by the officer in attendance at the final hearing and submitted to the court at or before the final hearing. In any case in which the Commissioner also makes a recommendation, the Commissioner's list shall be prepared in triplicate, on Form N-492 for petitions recommended to be granted and on Form N-493 for petitions recommended to be denied, signed by the district director acting for the Commissioner, and submitted to the court at or before the final hearing."

TITLE 9—ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS

Chapter I—Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter C—Interstate Transportation of Animals and Poultry

[BAI Order 380, Amdt. 3]

PART 72—TEXAS (SPLENETIC) FEVER IN CATTLE

PROHIBITIONS ON MOVEMENT OF CATTLE IN CERTAIN PORTIONS OF TEXAS AND PUERTO RICO AND RELEASE OF FEDERAL QUARANTINE IN FLORIDA

On October 26, 1950, there was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (15 F. R. 7186) a notice of intention to amend the regulations for the prevention of the spread of splenetic or tick fever in cattle so as to release from Federal quarantine the area heretofore quarantined in the State of Florida on account of such disease. After consideration of all relevant material presented pursuant to the notice, it is hereby ordered under the authority of sections 1 and 3 of the act of March 3, 1905, as amended and extended (21 U. S. C. 123 and 125) and section 6 of the act of May 29, 1884, as amended (21 U. S. C. 115) that the regulations in 9 CFR and 1949 Supp. Part 72 are amended as follows:

1. Section 72.2 is amended to read as follows:

§ 72.2 *Splenetic or tick fever in cattle in described territory in Texas and Puerto Rico: prohibitions on movement of cattle.* Notice is hereby given that the contagious and infectious disease known as splenetic or tick fever still exists in cattle in portions of the State of Texas and in the Territory of Puerto Rico. Therefore, in the portions of the State of Texas and in the Territory of Puerto Rico described in §§ 72.4 and 72.5, the quarantine heretofore established is continued, and the movement of cattle therefrom to any other State or Territory or the District of Columbia shall be made only in accordance with the provisions of this part and Part 71 of this Chapter.

2. Section 72.3 *Area quarantined in Florida* is revoked.

(Sec. 6, 23 Stat. 32, as amended, secs. 1, 3, 33 Stat. 1264, 1265, as amended; 21 U. S. C. 115, 123, 125)

Effective date. The foregoing amendment shall become effective on December 1, 1950. Inasmuch as the amendment relieves restrictions, it comes within the exceptions of section 4 (c) of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1003 (c)) and may therefore be made effective less than 30 days after its publication.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 27th day of November 1950.

[SEAL] K. T. HUTCHINSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10687; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 29—LABOR

Chapter V—Wage and Hour Division, Department of Labor

PART 700—CLAY AND CLAY PRODUCTS INDUSTRY IN PUERTO RICO

On November 9, 1950, notice was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (15 F. R. 7531) that I proposed to approve the recommendation of Special Industry Committee No. 6 for Puerto Rico for a minimum wage rate for the structural clay and miscellaneous clay products division of the clay and clay products industry in Puerto Rico and the wage order which I proposed to issue to carry such recommendation into effect was published therewith. Notice was also given that I proposed to disapprove the Committee's minimum wage recommendation for the semi-vitreous and vitreous-china food utensils division of the industry.

As indicated in the notice, my findings and conclusions in this matter were set forth in a document entitled "Findings and Opinion of the Acting Administrator in the Matter of the Recommendations of Special Industry Committee No. 6 for Puerto Rico for Minimum Wage Rates in the Clay and Clay Products Industry in Puerto Rico," dated November 6, 1950.

Interested parties were given an opportunity to file exceptions to the proposed actions within 15 days of the date of publication of the notice. No exceptions have been filed with respect to my proposed approval of the minimum wage rate recommended for the structural clay and miscellaneous clay products division of the industry. Exceptions have been submitted with respect to my proposed disapproval of the rate recommended for the semi-vitreous and vitreous-china food utensils division. All such exceptions have been carefully considered, and nothing therein contained requires any change in my proposed decision.

Accordingly, pursuant to authority under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1060, as amended; 29 U. S. C. 201), and on the basis of the findings and conclusions contained in the document mentioned above (1) the recommendation of Special Industry Committee No. 6 for Puerto Rico for a minimum wage rate for the semivitreous and vitreous-china food utensils division of the clay and clay products industry in Puerto Rico is hereby disapproved, and the matter of an appropriate minimum wage rate for this division, as defined by the latter Committee, is referred to Special Industry Committee No. 9 for Puerto Rico for further consideration and recommendation, in accordance with the provisions of Administrative Order No. 404 (15 F. R. 8054) (until such time as a new minimum wage rate for this division is approved and carried into effect by wage order, the minimum wage rate of 25 cents per hour currently applicable to activities included within this division under the wage order for the stone, clay,

glass, and related products industries in Puerto Rico will continue to apply); (2) the recommendation of Special Industry Committee No. 6 for Puerto Rico for a minimum wage rate for the structural clay and miscellaneous clay products division of the industry is hereby approved, and the wage order hereinafter set forth is hereby issued, to become effective January 1, 1951.

Sec.

- 700.1 Wage rate.
- 700.2 Notices of order.
- 700.3 Definitions of the clay and clay products industry in Puerto Rico and its divisions.

AUTHORITY: §§ 700.1 to 700.3 issued under sec. 8, 52 Stat. 1064, as amended; 29 U. S. C. 208. Interprets or applies sec. 5, 52 Stat. 1062, as amended; 29 U. S. C. 205.

§ 700.1 *Wage rate.* (a) Wages at a rate of not less than 40 cents per hour shall be paid under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, by every employer to each of his employees in the structural clay and miscellaneous clay products division of the clay and clay products industry in Puerto Rico who is engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

§ 700.2 *Notices of order.* Every employer employing any employees so engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce in the clay and clay products industry in Puerto Rico shall post and keep posted in a conspicuous place in each department of his establishment where such employees are working such notices of this order as shall be prescribed from time to time by the Wage and Hour Division of the United States Department of Labor and shall give such other notice as the Division may prescribe.

§ 700.3 *Definitions of the clay and clay products industry in Puerto Rico and its divisions.* (a) The clay and clay products industry in Puerto Rico, to which this part shall apply, is hereby defined as follows:

The quarrying or other extraction of common clay, shale, kaolin, ball clay, fire clay, and other types of clay; and the manufacture of structural clay products, china, pottery, tile, and other ceramic products and refractories.

This definition supersedes the definitions contained in any and all wage orders heretofore issued for other industries in Puerto Rico to the extent that such definitions include products or operations covered by the definition of this industry.

(b) The separable divisions of the industry, as defined in paragraph (a) of this section to which this part and its several provisions shall apply, are hereby defined as follows:

(1) *Semi-vitreous and vitreous-china food utensils division.* The manufacture of semi-vitreous and vitreous-china table and kitchen articles for use in households and in hotels, restaurants and other commercial institutions for

preparing, serving, or storing food or drink.

Note: Activities included within the above division are subject to the minimum wage rate provided in the wage order for the clay and clay products division of the stone, clay, glass, and related products industries in Puerto Rico (Part 878 of this chapter).

(2) *Structural clay and miscellaneous clay products division.* The manufacture of structural clay products, sanitary ware and all other products and activities included in the clay and clay products industry, as defined in this section, except those included in the semi-vitreous and vitreous-china food utensils division, as defined in this section.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of November 1950.

F. GRANVILLE GRIMES, JR.,
Acting Administrator,
Wage and Hour Division.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10857; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter XVI—Selective Service System

[Amdt. 14]

PART 1621—PREPARATION FOR CLASSIFICATION

NOTIFICATION OF SELECTIVE SERVICE NUMBER

The Selective Service Regulations are hereby amended as follows:

1. The headnote for § 1621.4 in the table of contents of Part 1621 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1621.4 *Placing selective service numbers on registration cards and notification of registrants.*

2. The headnote of § 1621.4 is amended as set forth below and a new paragraph (d) is added to § 1621.4 to read as follows:

§ 1621.4 *Placing selective service numbers on registration cards and notification of registrants.* * * *

(d) Unless the registrant has been mailed a Notice of Classification (SSS Form No. 110) bearing his selective service number, the local board shall complete and mail a Notice of Identification (SSS Form No. 391) to each registrant as soon as possible after he has been assigned a selective service number.

(Sec. 10, 62 Stat. 618; 50 U. S. C. App., Sup., 460; E. O. 9979, July 20, 1948, 13 F. R. 4177; 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

The foregoing amendment to the Selective Service Regulations shall be effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.

[SEAL] LEWIS B. HERSHEY,
Director of Selective Service.

NOVEMBER 28, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10861; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE, APPENDIX

Chapter I—National Production Authority, Department of Commerce

[NPA Order M-11]

PART 29—COPPER AND COPPER-BASE ALLOYS

SUBPART A—GENERAL

This order is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the authority of section 101 of the Defense Production Act of 1950. In the formulation of this order there has been consultation with industry representatives, including trade association representatives, and consideration has been given to their recommendations.

Sec.	
29.1	What this subpart does.
29.2	Copper and copper-base alloy forms and products to which this subpart applies.
29.3	Required shipment dates.
29.4	Rejection of rated orders.
29.5	Limitation for acceptance of rated orders.
29.6	Total tonnage limitation for acceptance of rated orders.
29.7	Effect of rated orders for unalloyed copper and copper-base alloy ingot.
29.8	Distributors, jobbers and warehousemen.
29.9	Scheduled programs.
29.10	NPA assistance in placing rated orders.
29.11	Adjustments and exceptions.
29.12	Communications.
29.13	Reports.
29.14	Violations.

AUTHORITY: §§ 29.1 to 29.14 issued under sec. 704, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong. Interpret or apply sec. 101, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.; sec. 101, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105.

§ 29.1 *What this subpart does.* This subpart applies particularly to producers, sellers, owners of refined copper and copper-base alloy ingot, producers of brass mill products, copper wire products, foundry copper products and copper-base alloy products, distributors, jobbers and warehousemen of copper and copper-base alloy and provides rules for placing, accepting and scheduling rated orders for copper and copper-base alloy. Its purpose is to make possible maximum production of copper and copper-base alloy by reducing to a minimum disruption of normal distribution and by providing equitable distribution of rated orders upon all copper and copper-base alloy producers and fabricators, and all distributors, jobbers and warehousemen of copper and copper-base alloy. It supplements Part 11 of this chapter (NPA Reg. 2), but only those provisions of Part 11 which are inconsistent with this part are superseded, and all the provisions of that part continue to apply to the copper industry.

§ 29.2 *Copper and copper-base alloy forms and products to which this subpart applies.* This subpart applies to the following forms and products of copper and copper-base alloy:

(a) *Unalloyed copper.* (It includes electrolytic copper, fire refined copper and all unalloyed copper in any form including scrap.)

(b) *Copper-base alloy.* Any alloy, the composition of which the percentage of copper metal by weight equals or exceeds 40 percent of the total weight of the alloy. (It includes fired or demilitarized cartridge cases and artillery cases and all copper-base alloys as specified above in any form, including scrap.)

(c) *Brass mill products.* Copper and copper-base alloy products as listed below:

Plate, sheet and strip (including cups and discs).
Rod, bar and wire, including forgings (rough as forged), and extruded shapes, but excludes wire for electrical transmission.
Pipe and tube.

(d) *Copper wire mill products.* Bare or insulated wire and cable for electrical conduction made from copper or copper-base alloy including, but not limited to, the products listed below: (All copper wire mill products should be measured in terms of pounds of copper content.)

Hot rolled copper rods.
Bare and tinned wire and cable.
Weather-proof wire and cable.
Magnet wire.
Insulated building wire products.
Paper and lead cable, power.
Paper and lead cable, telephone.
Asbestos cable.
Portable and flexible cord and cable.
Other communication wire and cable.
Shipboard cable.
Automotive and aircraft wire and cable.
Varnished chamberic wire and cable.
Insulated power cable products.
Signal and control cable.

(e) *Foundry copper products and copper-base alloy products.* Cast copper and copper-base alloy shapes or forms suitable for ultimate use without remelting, rolling, drawing, extruding or forging. (Includes the removal of gates, risers and sprues, and sandblasting, tumbling and dipping, but excludes any further machining or processing.)

§ 29.3 *Required shipment dates.* A rated order for copper and copper-base alloy in any of the forms listed in § 29.2 must specify shipment on a particular date or during a particular month, which in no case may be earlier than required by the person placing the order. The producer of copper and copper-base alloy in any of the forms listed in § 29.2 must schedule the order for shipment within the requested month as close to the required shipment date as is practicable considering the need for maximum production.

§ 29.4 *Rejection of rated orders.* Producers and fabricators of copper and copper-base alloy in the forms listed in § 29.2 need not accept a rated order which is received less than 45 days prior to the first day of the month in which shipment is requested, unless specifically directed to accept the order by the National Production Authority.

§ 29.5 *Limitations for acceptance of rated orders.* Subject to the tonnage

limitations stated in § 29.6, or unless specifically directed by the National Production Authority:

(a) No producer of brass mill products shall be required to accept rated orders for shipment in any one month in excess of the following percentages of its average monthly shipments of the products listed below made by it during the first six months of 1950:

	Percent
Pipe and tubing, unalloyed and alloyed...	5
Plate, sheet and strip, unalloyed and alloyed.....	25
Rod, bar and wire—unalloyed.....	15
Rod, bar and wire—alloyed.....	20
All other products, each.....	15

(b) No producer of copper wire mill products shall be required to accept rated orders for any type or size range of a wire mill product listed in § 29.2 (d) for shipment in any one month in excess of 15 percent of its average monthly shipments of the same product during the first six months of 1950.

(c) No producer of foundry copper products or copper-base alloy products shall be required to accept rated orders for any such product for shipment in any one month in excess of 10 percent of its average monthly shipments in terms of total tonnage of the same product during the first six months of 1950.

§ 29.6 *Total tonnage limitation for acceptance of rated orders.* Unless specifically directed by the National Production Authority:

(a) No producer of brass mill products shall be required to accept rated orders for shipment in any one month of a total tonnage of such products in excess of 20 percent of its average monthly shipments of such products during the first six months of 1950.

(b) No producer of copper wire mill products shall be required to accept rated orders for shipment in any one month in excess of total poundage (copper content) of such products in excess of 5 percent of its average monthly shipments of such products during the first six months of 1950.

(c) No producer of foundry copper products or copper-base alloy products shall be required to accept rated orders for shipment in any one month of a total tonnage of foundry products in excess of 10 percent of its average monthly shipments of such products during the first six months of 1950.

§ 29.7 *Effect of rated orders for unalloyed copper and copper-base alloy ingot.*

(a) No producer, seller or owner of unalloyed copper shall be required to accept rated orders from any producer of brass mill products, copper wire mill products, foundry copper products or copper-base alloy products, or from any ingot maker or other user of unalloyed copper unless the buyer presents a copy of a specific authorization from the National Production Authority covering such rated order.

(b) No producer, seller or owner of copper-base alloy ingot shall be required to accept rated orders from any producer of brass mill products, foundry copper products or copper-base alloy products or from any other user of copper-base alloy

ingot unless the buyer presents a copy of a specific authorization from the National Production Authority covering such rated order.

(c) Nothing in paragraphs (a) or (b) of this section shall interfere with the acceptance of unrated orders for unalloyed copper or copper-base alloy ingot.

§ 29.8 *Distributors, jobbers and warehousemen.* Unless specifically directed by the National Production Authority:

(a) No distributor or jobber of brass mill products shall be required to accept rated orders for shipments in any one month for a total tonnage in excess of 20 percent of his average monthly shipments by products (including shipments made by others for his account) during the first six months of 1950.

(b) No distributor or wholesaler of copper wire mill products shall be required to accept rated orders for shipment in any one month of total poundage (copper content) of such products in excess of 5 percent of his total shipments from his warehouse stocks during the preceding monthly inventory period.

(c) No distributor or jobber of foundry copper or copper-base alloy products shall be required to accept rated orders for shipment in any one month of a total tonnage of such products in excess of 10 percent of his average monthly shipments (including shipments made by others for his account) during the first six months of 1950.

§ 29.9 *Scheduled programs.* The National Production Authority will from time to time approve scheduled programs calling for production and delivery of copper and copper-base alloy for stated purposes over specified periods of time. Upon approval of major programs of this type, supplements to this part will be issued distributing such programs and specifying the manner in which they are to be carried out by the copper industry. Thereafter, directives will be issued to individual concerns establishing schedules for their participation in such programs. Such directives shall be complied with by the recipients in accordance with the terms thereof, unless otherwise directed by the National Production Authority.

§ 29.10 *NPA assistance in placing rated orders.* Any person who is unable to place a rated order for copper or copper-base alloy due to the limitations imposed by § 29.5, § 29.6 or § 29.8 should apply to the National Production Authority, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-11, specifying the producers, fabricators, distributors, warehousemen or jobbers who refused to accept the order. The National Production Authority will arrange to assist him in locating sources of supply.

§ 29.11 *Adjustments and exceptions.* Any person affected by any provision of this subpart may file a request for adjustment or exception upon the ground that such provision works an undue or exceptional hardship upon him not suffered generally by others in the same trade or industry, or its enforcement against him would not be in the interest

of the national defense or in the public interest. In considering requests for adjustment claiming that the public interest is prejudiced by the application of any provision of this Order, consideration will be given to the requirements of the public health and safety, civilian defense, and dislocation of labor and resulting unemployment that would impair the defense program. Each request shall be in writing and shall set forth all pertinent facts, the nature of the relief sought and shall state the justification therefor.

§ 29.12 *Communications.* All communications concerning this subpart shall be addressed to the National Production Authority, Washington 25, D. C., Ref: M-11.

§ 29.13 *Reports.* Persons subject to this subpart shall make records and submit such reports to the National Production Authority as it shall require subject to the terms of the Federal Reports Act (P. L. 831, 77th Cong., 5 U. S. C. 139-139F).

§ 29.14 *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this subpart or any other order or regulation of the National Production Authority in the course of operation under this subpart is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment or both. In addition, administrative action may be taken against any such person to suspend his privilege of making or receiving further deliveries of materials or using facilities under priority or allocation control and to deprive him of further priorities assistance.

This subpart shall take effect on November 29, 1950.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION
AUTHORITY,
[SEAL] W. H. HARRISON,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10996; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950; 12:01 p. m.]

[NPA Order M-12]

PART 29—COPPER AND COPPER-BASE ALLOYS
SUBPART B—USE OF COPPER AND COPPER-BASE ALLOY

This order is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950. In the formulation of this order, there has been consultation with industry representatives, including trade association representatives, and consideration has been given to their recommendations. However, consultation with representatives of all trades and industries affected in advance of the issuance of this order, has been rendered impracticable by the fact that the order affects a very substantial number of different trades and industries.

Sec.
29.21 What this subpart does.
29.22 Definitions.
29.23 Copper forms and products to which this subpart applies.
29.24 Application of subpart.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

Sec.	
29.25	Production of brass mill products, copper wire mill products and foundry products.
29.26	Use of copper forms and products.
29.27	Maintenance, repair and operating supplies.
29.28	Exemptions.
29.29	Inventories.
29.30	Applications for adjustment.
29.31	Records and reports.
29.32	Communications.
29.33	Violations.

AUTHORITY: §§ 29.21 to 29.33 issued under sec. 704, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong. Interpret or apply sec. 101, Pub. Law 774, 81st Cong.; sec. 101, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, F. R. 6105.

§ 29.21 *What this subpart does.* The purpose of this subpart is to describe how the copper remaining after allowing for the requirements of national defense may be distributed and used in the civilian economy. It is the policy of the National Production Authority that copper and articles made of copper, not required to fill rated orders, shall be distributed equitably through normal channels of distribution, and that due regard shall be given by suppliers to the needs of new and small business. It is the intent of this subpart that other materials which are not in short supply shall be substituted for copper and copper-base alloy wherever possible.

§ 29.22 *Definitions.* As used in this subpart:

(a) "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, association or any other organized group of persons and includes any agency of the United States or any other government.

(b) "Base period" means the six-months period ending June 30, 1950.

(c) "Manufacture" means to put into process, machine, incorporate into products, fabricate or otherwise alter the forms and products of copper defined in § 29.23 by physical or chemical means, and includes the use of copper in plating.

(d) "Maintenance" means the minimum upkeep necessary to continue a building, machine, piece of equipment or facility in sound working condition, and "repair" means the restoration of a building, machine, piece of equipment or facility to sound working condition when the same has been rendered unsafe or unfit for service by wear and tear, damage, failure of parts or the like: *Provided, however,* Neither maintenance nor repair includes the improvement of any such item with materials of a better kind, quality or design.

(e) "Operating supplies" means any copper or copper-base alloy forms or products listed in § 29.23 which are normally carried by a person as operating supplies according to established accounting practice and are not included in his finished product, except that materials included in such product which are normally chargeable to operating expense may be treated as operating supplies.

§ 29.23 *Copper forms and products to which this subpart applies.* This subpart applies to the following forms and products of copper: Copper, copper-base alloy, brass mill products, copper wire mill products, and foundry copper products and copper-base alloy products.

For the purpose of this subpart, these items are defined as follows:

(a) "Copper" means unalloyed copper. (It includes electrolytic copper, fire refined copper and all unalloyed copper in any form including scrap.)

(b) "Copper-base alloy" means any alloy in the composition of which the percentage of copper metal by weight equals or exceeds 40% of the total weight of the alloy. (It shall include fired and demilitarized cartridge and artillery cases, and all copper-base alloy, as specified above, in any form including scrap.) It does not include alloyed gold produced in accordance with U. S. commercial standard CS67-38.

(c) "Brass mill product" means sheet, including strip and plate; rod, including bars; wire; or tube, including pipe; made from copper or copper-base alloy. This does not include copper wire mill products.

(d) "Copper wire mill product" means bare wire, insulated wire and cable whatever the outer protective coverings may be, and uninsulated wire and cables, where the conductors are made from copper, copper-base alloy, or copper clad steel containing over 20 percent copper by weight. All copper wire mill products should be measured in terms of pounds of copper content.

(e) "Foundry products" means cast copper and copper-base alloy shapes or forms suitable for ultimate use without remelting, rolling, drawing, extruding or forging. (Includes the removal of gates, risers and sprues, and sandblasting, tumbling, or dipping, but excludes any further machining or processing.)

§ 29.24 *Application of subpart.* Subject to the exemptions stated in § 29.28, this subpart applies to all persons who produce brass mill products, copper wire mill products or foundry products as listed in § 29.23, or who use any of the forms and products of copper defined in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of § 29.23 for the purpose of manufacture, use in installation or construction, or for maintenance, repair or operating supplies. This subpart does not apply to persons who use copper or copper-base alloy in the production of other metals or metal alloys.

§ 29.25 *Production of brass mill products, copper wire mill products and foundry products.* Subject to the exemptions stated in § 29.28, or unless specifically directed by the National Production Authority:

(a) No person shall produce during the following months a total quantity by weight of brass mill products and copper wire mill products in excess of the percentages specified with respect to each month of his average monthly production of such products during the base period:

	Percent
January, 1951.....	85
February, 1951.....	85
March, 1951.....	80

(b) During the calendar quarter commencing on January 1, 1951, no person shall produce a total quantity by weight of foundry products in excess of 100 percent of his average quarterly production

of foundry products during the base period.

§ 29.26 *Use of copper forms and products.* Subject to the exemptions stated in § 29.28, or unless specifically directed by the National Production Authority, no person shall manufacture, or use in installation or construction:

(a) During December 1950, a total quantity by weight of the forms and products of copper defined in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of § 29.23 in excess of 100 percent of his average monthly use of such material in October and November 1950.

(b) During the following months a total quantity by weight of the forms and products of copper defined in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of § 29.23 in excess of the percentages specified with respect to each month of his average monthly use of such material during the base period:

	Percent
January, 1951.....	85
February, 1951.....	85
March, 1951.....	80

(c) During the calendar quarter commencing on January 1, 1951, a total quantity by weight of foundry products in excess of 100 percent of his average quarterly use of such products during the base period.

§ 29.27 *Maintenance, repair and operating supplies.* Unless specifically directed by the National Production Authority, during the calendar quarter commencing on January 1, 1951, and each calendar quarter thereafter, no person shall use for maintenance, repair and operating supplies a quantity by weight of the forms and products of copper defined in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of § 29.23 in excess of 100 percent of his average quarterly use for such purposes during the base period.

§ 29.28 *Exemptions.* (a) The production of brass mill, wire mill and foundry products is permitted to fill rated orders, or to meet any mandatory order of the National Production Authority, in addition to the production permitted by the provisions of § 29.25.

(b) Copper forms and products defined in § 29.23 acquired with ratings or to meet a National Production Authority scheduled program may be used in addition to the quantities permitted by the provisions of §§ 29.26 and 29.27.

(c) The provisions of §§ 29.25, 29.26 and 29.27 do not apply to persons who use less than 1,000 lbs. of the copper forms and products defined in § 29.23 during any calendar quarter: *Provided, however,* That persons who by reason of the provisions of § 29.26 would be permitted to use less than 1,000 lbs. during any calendar quarter, may use during such period a quantity up to 1,000 lbs.

§ 29.29 *Inventories.* In addition to the provisions of Part 10 of this chapter (NPA Reg. 1) relating to Inventory Controls, it is considered that a more exact requirement applying to producers of brass mill products, copper wire mill products and foundry products, and to users of the copper forms and products defined in § 29.23 is necessary.

(a) No person producing brass mill products, copper wire mill products or foundry products may receive or accept delivery of copper or copper-base alloy if his inventory is, or by such receipt would become, in excess of that necessary to meet his deliveries or supply his services on the basis of his scheduled method and rate of operation pursuant to this subpart during the succeeding 45-day period, or in excess of a "practicable minimum working inventory" (as defined in Part 10 of this chapter (NPA Reg. 1)), whichever is less.

(b) No person obtaining copper forms or products defined in § 29.23 for use in manufacture, installation or construction, or for maintenance, repair or operating supplies, may receive or accept delivery of a quantity of such forms and products if his inventory is, or by such receipt would become, in excess of that necessary to meet his deliveries or supply his services on the basis of his scheduled method and rate of operation pursuant to this Order during the succeeding 60-day period, or in excess of a "practicable minimum working inventory" (as defined in Part 10 of this chapter (NPA Reg. 1)), whichever is less.

(c) For the purpose of this section, any copper forms and products defined in § 29.23, in which minor changes or alterations have been effected, shall be included in inventory. Part 10 of this chapter (NPA Reg. 1) will apply to all

such forms and products except as modified by this section.

§ 29.30 *Applications for adjustment.* Any person affected by any provision of this subpart may file a request for adjustment or exception upon the ground that his business operation was commenced during or after the base period, or because any provision otherwise works an undue or exceptional hardship upon him not suffered generally by others in the same trade or industry, or its enforcement against him would not be in the interest of the national defense or in the public interest. In considering requests for adjustment claiming that the public interest is prejudiced by the application of any provision of this subpart, consideration will be given to the requirements of the public health and safety, civilian defense, and dislocation of labor and resulting unemployment that would impair the defense program. Each request shall be in writing, shall set forth all pertinent facts and the nature of the relief sought, and shall state the justification therefor.

§ 29.31 *Records and reports.* (a) Persons subject to this subpart shall preserve the records which they have maintained of production, inventories, receipts, deliveries and uses of copper forms and products defined in § 29.23 commencing with January 1, 1950.

(b) Persons subject to this subpart shall make records and submit such re-

ports to the National Production Authority as it shall require subject to the terms of the Federal Reports Act (Pub. Law 831, 77th Cong., 5 U. S. C. 139-139F).

§ 29.32 *Communications.* All communications concerning this subpart shall be addressed to the National Production Authority, Washington 25, D. C. Ref: M-12.

§ 29.33 *Violations.* Any person who wilfully violates any provisions of this subpart or any other order or regulation of the National Production Authority or wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information in the course of operation under this subpart is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment or both. In addition, administrative action may be taken against any such person to suspend his privilege of making or receiving further deliveries of materials or using facilities under priority or allocation control and to deprive him of further priorities assistance.

This subpart shall take effect on November 29, 1950.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION
AUTHORITY,
W. H. HARRISON,
Administrator.

{SEAL}

[F. R. Doc. 50-10997; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950; 12:01 p. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

[29 CFR, Ch. V]

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING BEFORE SPECIAL INDUSTRY COMMITTEE NO. 9 FOR PUERTO RICO FOR PURPOSE OF RECEIVING EVIDENCE TO BE CONSIDERED IN RECOMMENDING MINIMUM WAGE RATES

On November 3, 1950, notice was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER that a public hearing would be held in Puerto Rico beginning on November 21, 1950, for the purpose of receiving evidence to be considered by Special Industry Committee No. 9 for Puerto Rico in recommending minimum wage rates for employees in the industries in Puerto Rico specified in the notice.

On November 17, 1950, by Administrative Order No. 404, the Acting Administrator amended Administrative Order No. 403 appointing Special Industry Committee No. 9 for Puerto Rico so as to provide that in addition to the industries designated in the latter order the Committee should consider such other industries as the Administrator may designate.

On November 27 and 28, 1950, the Acting Administrator disapproved the industry committee recommendations for minimum wage rates for the semi-vitreous and vitreous-china food utensils

division of the clay and clay products industry in Puerto Rico, and the decorations division of the metal, plastics, machinery, instrument, transportation equipment, and allied industries in Puerto Rico, and he referred the matter of minimum wage rates for these divisions and allied industries to Special Industry Committee No. 9 for consideration.

Accordingly, notice is hereby given to all interested persons that a public hearing will be held at 10:00 a. m. on the dates hereinafter specified, in Room 412, New York Department Store Building, Stop 16½, Ponce de Leon Avenue, San-turce, Puerto Rico, for the purpose of receiving evidence to be considered by Special Industry Committee No. 9 for Puerto Rico in recommending minimum wage rates for employees in the following industries in Puerto Rico.

The decorations division of the metal, plastics, etc. industries, and allied industries on or about December 1, 1950.

The semi-vitreous and vitreous-china food utensils division of the clay and clay products industry on or about December 11, 1950. The above divisions are defined in the notices of the proposed decision of the Acting Administrator concerning minimum wage rates for such divisions, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on November 9, 1950 (15 F. R. 7531).

The hearings for the above divisions will be held in accordance with the provisions of the notice of hearing published

in the FEDERAL REGISTER on November 3, 1950, mentioned above, except that notice of intention to appear and written statements of persons who cannot appear personally will be received at any time up to the hearing dates specified above.

Signed at San Juan, Puerto Rico, this 28th day of November 1950.

MANUEL RODRIGUEZ RAMOS,
Chairman, Special Industry
Committee No. 9 for Puerto
Rico.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10923; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950; 8:58 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Production and Marketing Administration

[7 CFR, Part 906]

[Docket No. AO 210-A1]

HANDLING OF MILK IN TULSA, OKLAHOMA, MARKETING AREA

NOTICE OF HEARING ON PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO TENTATIVE MARKETING AGREEMENT AND TO ORDER

Pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure governing the formulation of marketing agree-

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

ments and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), notice is hereby given of a public hearing to be held in the Junior Ball Room, Hotel Tulsa, Mezzanine Floor, Tulsa, Oklahoma, beginning at 10:00 a. m., c. s. t., December 13, 1950, for the purpose of receiving evidence with respect to proposed amendments herein-after set forth, or appropriate modifications thereof, to the tentative marketing agreement heretofore approved by the Secretary of Agriculture and to the order, regulating the handling of milk in the Tulsa, Oklahoma, marketing area. These proposed amendments have not received the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture.

Amendments to the order (No. 6), for the Tulsa, Oklahoma, marketing area were proposed as follows:

Proposed by the Pure Milk Producers Association of Tulsa:

1. Amend § 906.7 (a) by inserting after the words "marketing area," the following: "or by a Federal agency located in the marketing area."

2. Add as § 906.7 (c) the following: A plant which would be an approved plant under the provisions of § 906.7 (a) and (b) shall not be considered an approved plant unless such plant distributes not less than 20 percent of its Class I sales within the Tulsa, Oklahoma marketing area, as defined in § 906.6, and producers delivering to such a plant shall not be entitled to participate in the producers' settlement fund. For the purpose of determining the above 20 percent, bulk milk transferred to a handler within the Tulsa, Oklahoma marketing area shall be counted only to the extent that such milk is utilized in Class I.

3. Amend § 906.10 by inserting the word "authorization" after "permit" and before "or rating," and by inserting after "Grade A milk" at the end of the same sentence the following: "or which is acceptable to an agency of the Federal Government."

4. Add as § 906.14 the following:

§ 906.14 *Producer without base.* "Producer without base" means any person other than a producer-handler who produces milk which is received at an approved plant under the same terms and conditions as a producer, but who has not established a base pursuant to the provisions of § 906.63.

5. Add as § 906.15 the following:

§ 906.15 *Excess price.* "Excess price" shall be the price computed by the market administrator to be paid during all months that the established bases are used for computing prices to be paid producers for all milk other than base milk on the basis of a blend of Class I sales in excess of delivered base at the Class I price and Class II milk at the Class II price.

6. Add as § 906.16 the following:

§ 906.16 *Base milk.* "Base milk" means producer milk received by a handler during any of the months when established bases are used for computing payments to producers which is not in excess of such producer's allotted base.

7. Delete § 906.51 (a) and substitute therefor the following:

§ 906.51 (a) *Class I milk.* The basic formula price plus \$2.05, provided that for each of the months of September, October, November, and December, such price shall not be less than that for the preceding month, and that for each of the months of April, May, and June, such price shall not be more than that for the preceding month.

8. Add as § 906.62 the following:

§ 906.62 *Other source milk.* For any other source skim milk or butterfat subtracted from Class I pursuant to the provisions of § 906.46, the market administrator, in determining the net pool obligation of a handler pursuant to the provisions of this order, shall add an amount equal to the difference between the value of such skim milk and butterfat at the Class I price and at the Class II price, unless such handler can prove to the satisfaction of the market administrator that such other source skim milk and butterfat was utilized only to the extent that producer milk was not available.

9. Add as § 906.63 the following:

§ 906.63 *Base rating plan—(a) Determination of monthly base.* For each month during which payments to producers are made pursuant to established bases, the monthly base of each producer shall be a quantity of milk calculated by the market administrator by multiplying the number of days in such month by the daily average base of each producer, which has been determined pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) *Determination of daily average base.* Effective April 1, 1951 through June 30, 1951 and for the same months of each succeeding year, the daily base of each producer shall be a quantity of milk calculated by the market administrator in the following manner: Divide the total pounds of milk sold or delivered to a handler during December 1950 and January 1951 for the first year, and September 1 through December 31 of each succeeding year, by the total number of days in this period. This quantity of milk shall be known as such producer's daily average base.

(c) *Producer without a base.* A producer without a base shall be paid the excess price during April, May, and June of each year.

(d) *Base rules.* (1) A landlord who rents on a share basis shall be entitled to the entire average daily base to the exclusion of the tenant if the landlord owns the entire herd. A tenant who rents on a share basis shall be entitled to the entire daily average base to the exclusion of the landlord if the tenant owns the entire herd. If the cattle are owned jointly by the landlord and tenant, the daily average base shall be terminated when such share basis is terminated.

(2) A producer, whether a landlord or a tenant, may retain his base by moving his entire herd from one farm to another or when shifting from one handler to another within the marketing area.

(3) Bases may not be transferred except:

(i) In the event of the death or retirement of a producer, in which case his base may be transferred to a surviving member of his family who carries on the same dairy operation.

(ii) A producer who has established a base pursuant to the provisions of this section and who goes into active military service shall, upon his discharge from the armed forces, be given the daily average base which he had earned prior to entering military service for use until the next base setting period after his discharge from the armed forces. Such a producer must make written application to the market administrator for determination of his eligibility under this provision.

(4) A producer who goes off the market and ceases to deliver for more than 30 days, for any reason other than being degraded, shall forfeit his base.

10. Add as § 906.35 the following:

§ 906.35 *Report to market administrator.* Each handler shall submit to a cooperative association, as defined in § 906.5, on or before the 20th day of each month a break-down of all information required to be reported to the market administrator for each member of such a cooperative association, pursuant to the provisions of § 906.31 (a), (b), and (c).

11. Make such other changes in the provisions of this order, particularly in connection with § 906.70, § 906.71, and § 906.80 as are necessary to make the provisions of the base rating plan consistent with all other provisions of this order, and, more particularly, to provide for payments to producers during the months of April, May, and June on the basis of payment of all delivered base milk at the Class I price to the extent of Class I sales, for the payment of an excess price to all producers without base, and for milk in excess of base, and for the payment to all producers of the regular formula price during all months except April, May, and June: *Provided further,* That if Class I sales do not equal base milk, each producer's monthly base shall be used for computing the required deductions in established bases, rather than the producer's actual deliveries during such a period.

Proposed by Hawk Dairies:

12. Reconsider the method for determining the price for Class II milk pursuant to § 906.51 (b).

13. Reconsider the level of the butterfat differentials to handlers pursuant to § 906.52.

Copies of this notice of hearing may be procured from the market administrator, 811½ S. Boulder Street, Tulsa, Oklahoma, or from the Hearing Clerk, Room 1353, South Building, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., or may be there inspected.

Dated: November 28, 1950, at Washington, D. C.

[SEAL] F. R. BURKE,
Acting Assistant Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10888; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:49 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

[Public Notice 66]

ORGANIZATION

TECHNICAL COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION

In accordance with the requirements of section 3 (a) (1) of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1002; 60 Stat. 238), Public Notice 34 (15 F. R. 1461) is amended by adding the following organizational unit:

TECHNICAL COOPERATION ADMINISTRATION

a. Formulates general policies and plans for the conduct of existing and new technical cooperation programs.

b. Reviews and coordinates country and area program plans submitted by the regional bureaus, makes necessary adjustments, and directs preparation of specific implementing projects.

c. Approves projects, determines action agencies, allocates funds for United States bilateral programs within an approved financial plan, and approves assignment of United States Government personnel abroad to such programs.

d. Coordinates bilateral technical cooperation programs with other programs for economic development affecting the same areas and coordinates negotiations and consultations with inter-governmental and private agencies carrying on technical cooperation programs affecting such areas.

e. Maintains liaison with and supervises and coordinates the technical cooperation activities of other Federal agencies authorized by the act for International Development.

f. Assures the effective operation of programs and projects and selects or approves technical cooperation officers for field assignments; and, through the regional bureaus, directs their program activities.

g. Establishes general standards for the creation and operation of joint commissions, selects United States members and coordinates their activities with other phases of the program.

h. Determines the amount to be allotted for United States contributions to multilateral technical cooperation programs carried on by international organizations and approves payment of such contributions; determines, with the concurrence of the Bureau of United Nations Affairs, the United States position on the character and scope of and priorities within such activities; and approves the furnishing of services and facilities by Federal agencies for their execution.

i. Determines whether technical assistance may be given to a requesting country under the act and terminates, in consultation with the appropriate regional bureau insofar as country political affairs are involved, all or part of United States support for and participation in any technical cooperation program under the provisions of section 411 of the act for International Development.

j. Consults with the International Development Advisory Board and recommends the appointment by the Secretary of advisory committees in special fields of activity in consultation with interested offices and Federal agencies.

For the Secretary of State.

H. J. HENEMAN,
Director,
Management Staff.

NOVEMBER 27, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10863; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[Public Notice 67]

FIELD ORGANIZATION

ESTABLISHMENT OF CONSULATE AT CHIENGMAI, THAILAND

Notice is hereby given that the Field Organization of the Department of State, as published in the FEDERAL REGISTER for May 3, 1950 (15 F. R. 2498), is amended as follows:

Effective October 27, 1950, an American Consulate was established at Chiangmai, Thailand, under the supervisory jurisdiction of the Embassy at Bangkok. This Consulate was opened for the transaction of public business on November 9, 1950.

For the Secretary of State.

H. J. HENEMAN,
Director,
Management Staff.

NOVEMBER 22, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10864; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

ALASKA

SHORE SPACE RESTORATION NO. 451

November 14, 1950.

By virtue of the authority contained in the act of June 5, 1920 (41 Stat. 1059, 48 U. S. C. 372), and in accordance with 43 CFR 4.275 (56) (Departmental Order No. 2325 of May 24, 1947, 12 F. R. 3566), and Order No. 319 of July 19, 1948 (43 CFR 50.451, 13 F. R. 4278), it is ordered as follows:

Subject to valid existing rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, the 80-rod shore space reserve created under the act of May 14, 1898 (30 Stat. 409), as amended by the act of March 3, 1903 (32 Stat. 1028, 48 U. S. C. 371), is hereby revoked as to the following described lands:

A tract of land located on an unnamed navigable tidal slough tributary to Nushagak Bay, Alaska, identified as U. S. Survey No. 2877, containing 27.39 acres (Soldiers' Additional Homestead Application and Petition for Shorespace Restoration of the North Coast Packing Company, Anchorage 012334).

No application for these lands may be allowed under the Small Tract Act of

June 1, 1938 (52 Stat. 609; 43 U. S. C. 682a), unless the land has already been classified as valuable or suitable for such type of application or shall be so classified upon consideration of an application.

At 10:00 a. m. on December 5, 1950, the lands shall, subject to valid existing rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals become subject to application, petition, location, or selection as follows:

(a) *Ninety-day period for preference-right filings.* For a period of 90 days from December 5, 1950, to March 14, 1951, inclusive, the public lands affected by this order shall be subject to (1) application under the homestead or homestead laws by qualified veterans of World War II, for whose service recognition is granted by the act of September 27, 1944 (58 Stat. 747, 43 U. S. C. secs. 279-283), as amended, subject to the requirements of applicable law, and (2) application under any applicable public-land law, based on prior existing valid settlement rights and preference rights conferred by existing laws or equitable claims subject to allowance and confirmation. Applications by such veterans shall be subject to claims of the classes described in subdivision (2).

(b) *Twenty-day advance period for simultaneous preference-right filings.* For a period of 20 days from November 14, 1950, to December 4, 1950, inclusive, such veterans and persons claiming preference rights superior to those of such veterans, may present their applications, and all such applications, together with those presented at 10:00 a. m. on December 5, 1950, shall be treated as simultaneously filed.

(c) *Date for non-preference right filings authorized by the public land laws.* Commencing at 10:00 a. m. on March 15, 1951, any of the lands remaining unappropriated shall become subject to such application, petition, location, or selection by the public generally as may be authorized by the public land laws.

(d) *Twenty-day advance period for simultaneous non-preference right filings.* Applications by the general public may be presented during the 20-day period from February 23, 1951 to March 14, 1951, inclusive, and all such applications, together with those presented at 10:00 a. m. on March 15, 1951, shall be treated as simultaneously filed.

A veteran shall accompany his application with a complete photostatic, or other copy (both sides), of his certificate of honorable discharge, or of an official document of his branch of the service which shows clearly his honorable discharge as defined in § 181.36 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, or constitutes evidence of other facts upon which the claim for preference is based and which shows clearly the period of service. Other persons claiming credit for service of veterans must furnish like proof in support of their claims. Persons asserting prefer-

ence rights, through settlement or otherwise, and those having equitable claims, shall accompany their applications by duly corroborated statements in support thereof, setting forth in detail all facts relevant to their claims.

Applications for these lands, which shall be filed in the Land Office at Anchorage, Alaska, shall be acted upon in accordance with the regulations contained in § 295.8 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations (Circular No. 324, May 22, 1914, 43 L. D. 254), to the extent that such regulations are applicable. Applications under the homestead and homeste laws shall be governed by the regulations contained in Parts 64, 65 and 66, of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Inquiries concerning these lands shall be addressed to the Land Office at Anchorage, Alaska.

LOWELL M. PUCKETT,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10859; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:45 a. m.]

[1906986]

ARIZONA

NOTICE OF FILING OF PLAT OF SURVEY
NOVEMBER 20, 1950.

Notice is given that the plat of original survey of the following described lands, accepted March 10, 1949, will be officially filed in the Land and Survey Office, Phoenix, Arizona, effective at 10:00 a. m. on the 35th day after the date of this notice:

G. & S. R. M., ARIZONA

T. 6 S., R. 21 W.,
Sec. 5, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, S $\frac{1}{2}$.
All of secs. 8, 17, 20, 29, 32,
Sec. 31, NE $\frac{1}{4}$.

The area described contains 3,759.12 acres.

All of the above-described lands were withdrawn on March 14, 1929, for reclamation purposes in connection with the Colorado River Storage Project, and also part of the lands was placed in the Imperial National Wildlife Refuge (subject to the Colorado River Storage Project) by Executive Order No. 8685 of February 14, 1941.

In view thereof the lands described will not be subject to disposition under the general public land laws by reason of the official filing of this plat.

C. R. BRADSHAW,
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10860; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:45 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Production and Marketing Administration

CIGAR-FILLER (TYPE 41) AND CIGAR-FILLER
AND BINDER (TYPES 42-55) TOBACCO

MARKETING QUOTA REFERENDUM

The Secretary of Agriculture has duly proclaimed, pursuant to the provisions

of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, a national marketing quota for cigar-filler tobacco and a national marketing quota for cigar-filler and binder tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951. A referendum of farmers who were engaged in the production of the 1950 crop of cigar-filler tobacco and a referendum of farmers who were engaged in the production of the 1950 crop of cigar-filler and binder tobacco will be held pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, and applicable regulations, to determine whether such farmers are in favor or opposed to such quotas and to determine whether such farmers are in favor of or opposed to cigar-filler and cigar-filler and binder tobacco marketing quotas for the three-year period beginning October 1, 1951.

REGISTRATION

The operator on each farm on which cigar-filler or cigar-filler and binder tobacco was produced in 1950 should inform a county or community committeeman of the names and addresses of all persons sharing in the proceeds of such crop in order that their names may be listed on the register of eligible voters. The eligibility to vote of any person may be challenged if his name is not recorded on the registration list.

ELIGIBILITY TO VOTE

1. All persons engaged in the production of the 1950 crop of cigar-filler tobacco are eligible to vote in the cigar-filler tobacco marketing quota referendum and farmers who were engaged in the production of the 1950 crop of cigar-filler and binder tobacco are eligible to vote in the cigar-filler and binder tobacco marketing quota referendum. Any person who shares in the proceeds of the 1950 crop of cigar-filler or cigar-filler and binder tobacco as owner (other than landlord of a standing-rent or fixed-rent tenant), tenant, or share cropper, is considered as engaged in the production of such crop of tobacco in 1950.

2. If several members of the same family participate in the production of the 1950 crop of cigar-filler or cigar-filler and binder tobacco on a farm, the only member or members of such family who shall be eligible to vote shall be the member or members of the family who have an independent bona fide status as operator, share tenant, or share cropper, and are entitled as such to share in the proceeds of the 1950 crop.

3. No person shall be eligible to vote in any community other than the community in which he resides except as follows:

(a) Any person who resides in a community in which there is no polling place shall be eligible to vote at the polling place designated for the community nearest to the community in which he was engaged in the production of cigar-filler or cigar-filler and binder tobacco in 1950.

(b) Any person who does not reside in or who will not be present in the county in which he engaged in the production of cigar-filler or cigar-filler and binder tobacco in 1950 may obtain a ballot at

the most conveniently located polling place and may cast his ballot by signing his name thereto and mailing it to the office of the county committee in which he is engaged in the production of tobacco in 1950 not later than the date of the referendum.

4. There shall be no voting by mail (except as provided in par. 3 above), by proxy, or by agent, but a duly authorized officer of a corporation, association, or other legal entity, or a duly authorized member of a partnership, may cast its vote.

5. Persons who planted tobacco in the field in 1950 but did not harvest any tobacco on such acreage for any reason except neglect to farm the planted acreage shall be regarded as engaged in the production of tobacco in 1950 and therefore eligible to vote in the referendum. Any farmer who did not plant tobacco in the field shall not be eligible to vote.

6. No person (whether an individual, partnership, corporation, association or other legal entity) shall be entitled to more than one vote in the referendum even though he may have been engaged in the production of tobacco on several farms in the same or in two or more communities, counties, or States in 1950.

7. In the event two or more persons were engaged in producing tobacco in 1950 not as members of a partnership but as tenants in common or joint tenants or as owners of community property, each such person shall be eligible to vote.

8. The referendum will be held on Wednesday, December 20, 1950. The place for voting and the hours during which the polls will be open for voting in each community will be announced by the PMA County Committee.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of November 1950. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] K. T. HUTCHINSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10885; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:49 a. m.]

MARYLAND TOBACCO

MARKETING QUOTA REFERENDUM

The Secretary of Agriculture has duly proclaimed, pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, a national marketing quota for Maryland tobacco for the marketing year beginning October 1, 1951.¹ A referendum of farmers who were engaged in the production of the 1950 crop of Maryland tobacco will be held pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, and applicable regulations, to determine whether such farmers are in favor of or opposed to such quota and to determine whether such farmers are in favor of or opposed to Maryland tobacco marketing quotas for the 3-year period beginning October 1, 1951.

¹ See Title 7, Chapter VII, Part 727, F. R. Doc. 50-10853, 15 F. R. 8181.

REGISTRATION

The operator on each farm on which Maryland tobacco was produced in 1950 should inform a county or community committeeman of the names and addresses of all persons sharing in the proceeds of such crop in order that their names may be listed on the register of eligible voters. The eligibility to vote of any person may be challenged if his name is not recorded on the registration list.

ELIGIBILITY TO VOTE

1. All persons engaged in the production of the 1950 crop of Maryland tobacco are eligible to vote in the referendum. Any person who shares in the proceeds of the 1950 crop of Maryland tobacco as owner (other than a landlord of a standing-rent or fixed-rent tenant), tenant, or share cropper, is considered as engaged in the production of such crop of tobacco in 1950.

2. If several members of the same family participate in the production of the 1950 crop of Maryland tobacco on a farm, the only member or members of such family who shall be eligible to vote shall be the member or members of the family who have an independent bona fide status as operator, share tenant, or share cropper, and are entitled as such to share in the proceeds of the 1950 crop.

3. No person shall be eligible to vote in any community other than the community in which he resides except as follows:

(a) Any person who resides in a community in which there is no polling place shall be eligible to vote at the polling place designated for the community nearest to the community in which he was engaged in the production of Maryland tobacco in 1950.

(b) Any person who does not reside in or who will not be present in the county in which he engaged in the production of Maryland tobacco in 1950 may obtain a ballot at the most conveniently located county committee office and may cast his ballot by signing his name thereto and mailing it so that the ballot reaches the county committee for the county in which he engaged in the production of tobacco in 1950 not later than the closing hour on the date of the referendum.

4. There shall be no voting by mail (except as provided in paragraph 3 above), by proxy, or by agent, but a duly authorized officer of a corporation, association, or other legal entity or a duly authorized member of a partnership, may cast its vote.

5. Persons who planted tobacco in the field in 1950 but did not harvest any tobacco on such acreage for any reason except neglect to farm the planted acreage shall be regarded as engaged in the production of tobacco in 1950 and therefore eligible to vote in the referendum. Any farmer who did not plant tobacco in the field shall not be eligible to vote.

6. No person (whether an individual, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal entity) shall be entitled to more than one vote in the referendum even though he may have been engaged in the production of tobacco on several

farms in the same or in two or more communities, counties, or States in 1950.

7. In the event two or more persons were engaged in producing tobacco in 1950 not as members of a partnership but as tenants in common or joint tenants or as owners of community property, each such person shall be eligible to vote.

8. The referendum will be held on Wednesday, December 20, 1950. The place for voting and the hours during which the polls will be open for voting in each community will be announced by the PMA County Committee.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 27th day of November 1950. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] K. T. HUTCHINSON,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10851; Filed, Nov. 29, 1950;
8:48 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Federal Maritime Board

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES, LTD., ET AL.

NOTICE OF AGREEMENTS FOR APPROVAL

Notice is hereby given that the following described agreements have been filed with the Board for approval pursuant to section 15 of the Shipping Act, 1916, as amended.

Agreement No. 8100, between American President Lines, Ltd., The Bank Line, Ltd., Isthmian Steamship Company, Prince Line, Ltd., et al., provides for the creation of a conference to be known as the Siam/New York Conference for the establishment and maintenance of agreed rates and charges for or in connection with the transportation of cargo in the trade from ports in Siam to U. S. Atlantic and Gulf ports.

Agreement No. 7840-16, between the member lines of the Atlantic (Passenger) Conference, modifies the basic agreement of said Conference (No. 7840) to extend the effectiveness of the provision thereof governing party organizers to the off-season periods of the years 1951/52, and to provide for its extension to off-season periods of succeeding years upon written consent of the member lines. Agreement No. 7840 covers passenger traffic between all ports of European, Mediterranean and Black Sea countries, also the ports of Morocco, Madiera and the Azores Islands—and all ports on the east coast of North America (United States, Canada and Newfoundland), also U. S. Gulf ports.

Agreement No. 7802, between Bristol City Line of Steamships, Ltd., and Furness, Withy & Co., Ltd., covers transportation of general cargo under through bills of lading in the trade from United Kingdom to the Virgin Islands, with transshipment at New York.

Agreement No. 7801, between Anchor Line, Ltd., and Furness, Withy & Co., Ltd., covers transportation of general cargo under through bills of lading in the trade from United Kingdom to the Virgin Islands, with transshipment at New York. Agreement No. 7801 was filed to

supersede and cancel Agreement No. 4877 between Anchor Line, Ltd., and Bermuda & West Indies Steamship Co., Ltd.

Agreement No. 7799, between Alaska Steamship Company and Northern Commercial Company, covers transportation of cargo under through bills of lading in the trade between Seattle and Tacoma, Washington, and Kotlik, Hamilton, Mountain Village, Pilot Station, Pitkas Point, Marshall, Fortuna Ledge, Kwiguk, Alakanok and Saltery, Alaska, with transshipment at St. Michael (anchorage).

Agreement No. 7789, between The Port of New York Authority and Beard's Erie Basin, Inc., provides for the leasing of certain land at the Port Authority Grain Terminal, Gowanus Bay, Brooklyn, N. Y. to Beard's Erie Basin, Inc. for the purpose of making available at the terminal a public open-storage area for the storage, handling and ancillary services in connection with lumber and general cargo transported by water, including New York State Barge Canal. The lessee agrees to observe the present and future rates and charges of the lessor which may be amended without the consent of the lessee. The agreement does not prevent the lessor from licensing others to perform similar services at the grain terminal.

Interested parties may inspect these agreements and obtain copies thereof at the Regulation Office, Federal Maritime Board, Washington, D. C. and may submit, within 20 days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER, written statements with reference to any of the agreements and their position as to approval, disapproval, or modification together with request for hearing should such hearing be desired.

Dated: November 28, 1950.

By order of the Federal Maritime Board.

[SEAL] A. J. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10862; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:46 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket No. 3505 et al.]

LEHMAN BROTHERS INTERLOCKING
RELATIONSHIP CASE

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of the interlocking relationships involved as result of the various partners of Lehman Brothers holding directorships in various air carriers.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 205 (a), 409 (a) and 1002 (b) of said act that the above-indicated proceeding is assigned for hearing on December 11, 1950, at 10:00 a. m., e. s. t., in Conference Room A, Departmental Auditorium, Constitution Avenue between Twelfth and Fourteenth Streets NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner Herbert K. Bryan.

Without limiting the scope of the issues to be considered, particular atten-

tion will be directed to the following matters:

1. Whether any of the partners of Lehman Brothers serving as directors or officers of enterprises which are common carriers or are engaged in a phase of aeronautics, or are persons whose principal business is the holding of stock in, or control of, a person engaged in a phase of aeronautics actually represents any of the above-mentioned partners within the meaning of section 409 (a) of the act, and

2. Whether the public interest would be affected adversely by any interlocking relationship as may exist between Pan American World Airways, Inc., and/or National Airlines, Inc., and/or Continental Air Lines, Inc., or between any or all of those carriers, on one hand, and any enterprise which is a common carrier or is engaged in a phase of aeronautics or is a person whose principal business is holding stock in a person engaged in a phase of aeronautics, on the other, as a result of any such representation by any partner of the firm of Lehman Brothers as may exist.

Notice is further given that any person other than the parties of record desiring to be heard in this proceeding shall file with the Board on or before December 11, 1950, a statement setting forth the issues of fact and law which he desires to controvert.

For further details with respect to this proceeding, interested persons are referred to the pertinent orders of the Civil Aeronautics Board on file in the docket.

Dated at Washington, D. C., November 27, 1950.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10889; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:50 a. m.]

[Docket No. 4211]

AMERICAN AIRLINES, INC.; LOS ANGELES-SAN FRANCISCO CARGO CASE

NOTICE OF ORAL ARGUMENT

In the matter of the application of American Airlines, Inc., for the carriage of property and mail between the coterminal points San Francisco and Oakland, Calif., via the intermediate points Los Angeles, and San Diego, Calif., and Phoenix, Ariz., and cities to the east thereof presently named on route No. 4.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, that oral argument in the above-entitled proceedings is assigned to be held on December 11, 1950, at 10:00 a. m., e. s. t., in Room 5042, Commerce Building, Fourteenth Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., before the Board.

Dated at Washington, D. C., November 28, 1950.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10890; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:50 a. m.]

[Docket No. 4586]

WEST COAST COMMON FARES CASE

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT OF HEARING

In the matter of the West Coast passenger fare structure.

Notice is hereby given that the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding now assigned to be held on December 11, 1950 has been postponed until December 13, 1950 at 10:00 a. m., e. s. t., in Room E-214, Temporary Building No. 5, Sixteenth and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.

Dated at Washington, D. C., November 27, 1950.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10855; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:45 a. m.]

GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

PROCUREMENT OF COMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

STATEMENT OF AREAS OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

1. The areas of understanding herein set forth were worked out pursuant to order of the President of July 1, 1949, directed to the Secretary of Defense, the Director, Bureau of the Budget, and the Administrator of General Services.

2. The areas of understanding with respect to communications services are:

a. (1) As used in this statement, with respect to communications services: "Area contracts" are contracts providing for the furnishing of a communication service to all, or substantially all, activities of the Government located within a specified area, executed by GSA or by another agency designated by GSA.

(2) As appropriate for contractual and operational matters, "Department of Defense" means one or more of the military departments.

b. The basic principle in the procurement of communication services is that all such services shall be procured or provided at the minimum total cost of the Government consistent with requirements for capacity, efficiency of operation, reliability of service, security, and programmed activities. These requirements must be determined by the using agency.

c. Close coordination and cooperation between the GSA and the Department of Defense shall be maintained to obtain the maximum economy consistent with the requirements for service.

d. Communications services for activities of the Department of Defense occupying property controlled or operated by another Federal agency will be procured or provided by the General Services Administration or by the operating agency unless in the opinion of the Department of Defense the procurement or provision thereof by the Department of Defense is necessary in the interest of military operations, exercise of command and/or National security.

e. Communications services for the Department of Defense, in localities within an area where these services are or may become available under a General Services Administration contract, will be procured under a General Services Administration area contract when such a procedure is of benefit to the Government as a whole and does not adversely affect Military operations, exercise of command and/or National security. In all other instances, communication services required by the Department of Defense will continue to be procured under a standardized National Defense contract. Copies of or data on contracts executed by the Department of Defense for communications facilities and services will be furnished to the GSA upon request unless distribution is inadvisable for reasons of security.

f. Except as provided in paragraphs 2 (d) and (e) above, all communication facilities and services for activities of the Department of Defense will be provided or procured by the Department of Defense.

g. The Department of Defense will provide for complete coordination of all communication services procured or provided by it for all activities of the Department of the Army, Navy (including the Marine Corps) and Air Force, and for maximum economy consistent with requirements.

h. Joint use of telephone facilities such as private branch exchanges is to be encouraged wherever such use will result in efficient and economical service: *Provided*, That in the opinion of the Department of Defense, no interference with military operations or violations of military security will result.

i. It is recognized that rapid written communications for the Government as a whole can best be obtained by independent military and civilian agency systems, with these systems cooperating with each other. These systems, however, may interchange traffic where such interchange is efficient, and economical and practicable, provided that in the opinion of the Department of Defense there is no interference with movement of military traffic, and the handling of civilian traffic does not necessitate the utilization of additional facilities and personnel by the Department of Defense.

j. Except as otherwise provided herein, the GSA will represent executive agencies including the Department of Defense in proceedings involving communications before municipal, State and Federal regulatory bodies in all rate cases and matters associated therewith.

Exceptions. (1) In those instances where the Department of Defense has the sole Government interest in a proceeding involving communications before a regulatory body, the Department of Defense will conduct the representation on behalf of all executive agencies of the United States Government. The Department of Defense and the General Services Administration in pending or proposed proceedings will advise each other of action taken or to be taken that may have effect upon or be of interest or assistance to each other. Such representations conducted by the Department of Defense shall be subject to overall coordination by General Services

Administration. This shall not preclude representation for the Department of Defense by the General Services Administration when such representation is requested by the Department of Defense and is mutually agreeable.

(2) In those instances where the Department of Defense does not have sole Government interest in a proceeding involving communications before a regulatory body, the Department of Defense will conduct the representation on behalf of all executive agencies whenever representatives of the Department of Defense and the General Services Administration agree that conduct of the representation by the Department of Defense is in the best interest of the Government. Such representation conducted by the Department of Defense shall be subject to over-all coordination by the General Services Administration.

(3) Except as pertains to the applications of pertinent provisions of section 5, Public Law 211, 81st Congress.

k. Liaison between the Department of Defense and the General Services Administration for all matters involving representation of executive agencies in proceedings involving communications before regulatory bodies shall be maintained between the Office of General Counsel, General Services Administration and the Office of General Counsel, Department of Defense.

l. Liaison with regard to policy matters concerning this agreement and matters pertinent thereto except as provided in paragraph k, will be maintained between the Chief, Public Utilities Branch, Public Building Service, General Services Administration and Chief, Electronics Division, Munitions Board of the Department of Defense and for operational and contractual matters between designated representatives of the General Services Administration and of the Department of Defense.

m. This area of understanding is applicable to communications services within the Continental United States, Hawaii, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. The Department of Defense shall be exempt from action taken by the Administrator with respect to communications services under section 201 (a) of Public Law 152 in other geographical areas.

Dated: November 27, 1950.

JESS LARSON,
Administrator of General Services.

Dated: November 22, 1950.

J. D. SMALL,
Chairman, Munitions Board,
Department of Defense.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10865; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:46 a. m.]

PROCUREMENT OF UTILITY SERVICES
(POWER, GAS, WATER)

STATEMENT OF AREAS OF UNDERSTANDING
BETWEEN DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND
GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION

1. The areas of understanding herein set forth were arrived at in accordance with the President's order of July 1, 1949,

directed to the Secretary of Defense, the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, and the Administrator of the General Services Administration.

2. The understandings with respect to procurement, and matters related thereto, of these public utility services are:

a. Definitions as used in this statement:

(1) "Utility services" consist of electricity, natural and manufactured gas distributed by pipes, steam, sewerage, and water; but do not include communications, transportation or removal and disposal of garbage, rubbish, and trash.

(2) "Area contracts" are contracts providing for the furnishing of a utility service to all, or substantially all activities of the Government located within a specified area, executed by General Services Administration or by any other agency authoritatively acting for the General Services Administration.

(3) The "Department of Defense" includes the Secretary of Defense, and any other officials of the Department of Defense, particularly of the Munitions Board, Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, authorized to act for him.

b. The basic purpose of the agreements and procedures outlined herein relating to utility services is that all these services shall be procured or provided at the minimum practical total cost to the Government, consistent with appropriate regard for high standards of health and sanitation, adequacy, efficiency of operation, and reliability of service. These latter requisites must be evaluated by the using agency.

c. Close coordination and cooperation between the General Services Administration and the Department of Defense shall be maintained to obtain the optimum of economy consistent with the necessity and urgency for the services.

d. Except as provided in paragraphs 2 (e) and (f), below, all utility services for activities of the Department of Defense will be provided or procured by the Department of Defense. However, the Department of Defense will inform General Services Administration of all new contracts contemplated for utility services for permanent installations.

e. Utility services for activities of the Department of Defense occupying property controlled or operated by another Federal agency will be procured or provided by the Department of Defense only if not procured or provided by the General Services Administration or the operating agency.

f. Utility services required by the Department of Defense activities in localities within an area where these services are or may become available under a General Services Administration area contract shall be procured thereunder unless otherwise agreed to between the Department of Defense and the General Services Administration.

g. The Department of Defense will provide for complete coordination of all utility services procured or provided by it for all activities of the Departments of the Army, Navy and Air Force, and for the optimum of economy consistent with exigencies and urgency of the occasion. Contracts of the Department of

Defense will be executed on standardized forms, in so far as possible, developed cooperatively and agreed to by the General Services Administration and the Department of Defense, with such exceptions and modifications as may be necessitated by the exigencies of the situation and special conditions bearing upon the matter. Copies of, and other pertinent data and information with respect to, contracts executed by the Department of Defense for utility services will be furnished to the General Services Administration upon request unless distribution thereof is inadvisable for reasons of security.

h. The Department of Defense will make recommendations to the General Services Administration whenever in its judgment an area contract may be of over-all benefit to the Government.

i. The Department of Defense, upon request and consummation of agreeable terms, will assist the General Services Administration in procuring utility services for other agencies of the Government which are located in the contract area.

j. Contracts involving the sale or furnishing of utility services to others by the Department of Defense will be executed by the Department of Defense. If such sale is to a public utility serving other government agencies, the General Services Administration will be notified of the proposed terms and conditions prior to execution of the contract.

k. Except as otherwise provided below, the General Services Administration will represent the Department of Defense and its agencies in proceedings involving public utilities before municipal, State and Federal regulatory bodies.

Exceptions. (1) In those instances where the Department of Defense has the sole Government interest in a proceeding involving a public utility before a regulatory body, the Department of Defense will conduct the representation on behalf of the United States Government. The Department of Defense will notify the General Services Administration of pending or proposed proceedings. Such representations conducted by the Department of Defense shall be subject to over-all coordination by the General Services Administration.

(2) In those instances where the Department of Defense does not have sole Government interest in a proceeding involving a public utility before a regulatory body, the Department of Defense will conduct the representation on behalf of all executive agencies whenever representatives of the Department of Defense and the General Services Administration agree that conduct of the representation by the Department of Defense is in the best interest of the Government. Such representation conducted by the Department of Defense shall be subject to over-all coordination by the General Services Administration.

l. Liaison between the Department of Defense and the General Services Administration for all matters involving representation of executive agencies in proceedings involving public utilities before regulatory bodies shall be maintained between the Office of General Counsel, General Services Administration

tion and the Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Army; the Office of General Counsel, Department of the Navy; and the Office of the Judge Advocate General, Department of the Air Force.

m. Liaison with regard to policy matters concerning this agreement will be maintained between the Chief, Public Utilities Branch, Federal Supply Service, General Services Administration, and the Chief, Utilities and Fuel Division, Office of Construction, Munitions Board, Department of Defense.

n. This area of understanding is applicable to utility services within the Continental United States, Hawaii, Alaska, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. The Department of Defense shall be exempt from action taken by the Administrator of the General Services Administration with respect to utility services under section 201 (a) of Public Law 152 in other geographical areas.

Name of article	Purpose of request	Date received	Name and address of complainant
Rubber catheters.....	Exclusion from entry.....	July 26, 1950	Davol Rubber Co., Providence, R. I.

By direction of the Commission.

[SEAL] DONN N. BENT,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10883; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:49 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 7-1268]

TOLEDO EDISON CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR UNLISTED TRADING PRIVILEGES, AND OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 27th day of November A. D. 1950.

The Detroit Stock Exchange, pursuant to section 12 (f) (2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-12F-1 thereunder, has made application for unlisted trading privileges in the Common Stock, \$5.00 Par Value, of The Toledo Edison Company. Rule X-12F-1 provides that the applicant shall furnish a copy of the application to the issuer and to every exchange on which the security is listed or already admitted to unlisted trading privileges. The application is available for public inspection at the Commission's principal office in Washington, D. C.

Notice is hereby given that, upon request of any interested person received prior to December 11, 1950, the Commission will set this matter down for hearing. In addition, any interested person may submit his views or any additional facts bearing on this application by means of a letter addressed to the Secretary of the Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D. C. If no one requests a hearing on this matter, this application will be determined by order of the Commission on the basis of the facts stated in the application,

Dated: November 2, 1950.

JESS LARSON,
Administrator of General Services.

Dated: November 2, 1950.

G. C. MARSHALL,
Secretary of Defense.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10866; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:46 a. m.]

UNITED STATES TARIFF COMMISSION

[List No. D-7-6]

DAVOL RUBBER CO.

DISMISSAL OF COMPLAINT

NOVEMBER 28, 1950.

Complaint as listed below heretofore filed with the Tariff Commission for investigation under the provisions of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 has been dismissed.

and other information contained in the official file of the Commission pertaining to this matter.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] NELLYE A. THORSEN,
Assistant Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10856; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:45 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616; E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 15593]

WALTER HAGEN

In re: Safe deposit box lease and contents owned by Walter Hagen. D-28-6708-F-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Walter Hagen, whose last known address is Beerwalbrunn Strasse 11, Muenchen-Obermenzing, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. All rights and interest created in Walter Hagen under and by virtue of a safe deposit box lease agreement by and between Walter Hagen and the National City Safe Deposit Company, 54th Street at 5th Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, relating to safe deposit box No. 883, located in the vaults of the aforesaid Company, including particularly, but not limited to, the right of access to said safe deposit box, and

b. All property of any nature whatsoever owned by Walter Hagen in the safe deposit box referred to in subparagraph 2 (a) hereof and any and all rights of said person evidenced or represented thereby,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 9, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10868; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15602]

HEDWIG RUDERT ET AL.

In re: Stock owned by Hedwig Rudert, Helene Rudert and Marie Rudert. F-28-26449-D-1, F-28-26450-D-1, F-28-26451-D-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Hedwig Rudert and Helene Rudert, each of whose last known address is Heidelberg, Germany, and Marie Rudert whose last known address is Casel, Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: One (1) share of \$100 par value capital stock of The Rock Island Bank and Trust Company, Rock Island, Illinois, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, evidenced by a certificate numbered A-645, registered in the name of Hedwig Rudert, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or de-

liverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Hedwig Rudert, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That the property described as follows: One (1) share of \$100 par value capital stock of The Rock Island Bank and Trust Company, Rock Island, Illinois, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, evidenced by a certificate numbered A-646, registered in the name of Helene Rudert, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Helene Rudert, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

4. That the property described as follows: One-quarter (1/4) share of \$100 par value capital stock of The Rock Island Bank and Trust Company, Rock Island, Illinois, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, evidenced by a certificate numbered A-647, registered in the name of Mrs. Marie Rudert, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Marie Rudert, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

5. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 9, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10869; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15635]

OTTO DIETERLE ET AL.

In re: Rights of Otto Dieterle et al. under contract of insurance. File No. F 28-22621 H-1.

No. 233—3

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Otto Dieterle, Robert Schaefer, Friedrich Schaefer, Karl Schaefer, and Wilhelmine Stumm, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by Supplementary Contract No. 66551 issued by the New York Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Elise Dieterle, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Otto Dieterle, Robert Schaefer, Friedrich Schaefer, Karl Schaefer and Wilhelmine Stumm, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10870; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15636]

MARTHA DREYSIG

In re: Rights of Martha Dreysig under insurance contract. File No. D-28-10953-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Martha Dreysig, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insur-

ance evidenced by policy No. 61729, issued by the Workmen's Benefit Fund, Brooklyn, New York, to Ludwig Schmidt, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10871; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15637]

AMALIE EBNER

In re: Rights of Amalie Ebner under insurance contracts. Files Nos. F-28-29220 H-1, H-2 and H-3.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Amalie Ebner, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under contracts of insurance evidenced by Policies Nos. 313 567-M, 94 165 803 and 103 584 210, issued by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Amalie Ebner, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10872; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15638]

MARIA ELBS

In re: Rights of Maria Elbs under insurance contracts. File No. F-28-23019-H-2, H-3.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Maria Elbs, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due to Maria Elbs under contracts of insurance evidenced by policies No. 20497433 and 20497434, issued by the John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company, Boston, Massachusetts, to Maria Elbs, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10873; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15639]

FRIEDA FOERSTEL

In re: Rights of domiciliary personal representatives et al., of Frieda Foerstel, deceased, under insurance contract. File No. D-28-10897-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Frieda Foerstel, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by Policy No. 024 382 SC issued by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Fritz W. Borstell, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Frieda Foerstel, deceased, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10874; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15687]

MARY SPRANG

In re: Rights of Mary Sprang under contract of insurance. File No. F-28-24353-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Mary Sprang, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by Policy No. 6,353,252-C issued by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Fritz Sprang, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Mary Sprang, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10875; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15669]

AMANDUS TAUBERT

In re: Rights of Amandus Taubert under insurance contract. File No. F-28-27928-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Amandus Taubert, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 145,545, issued by the Workmen's Benefit Fund of the U. S. A., Brooklyn, New York, to Hugo Taubert, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds,

is property within the United States, owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10876; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15669]

ERICK UDE

In re: Rights of Erick Ude under insurance contracts. F 28-24682 H-1 and H-2.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Erick Ude, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under contracts of insurance evidenced by Policies numbered 96563541 and 93832543 issued by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Erick Ude, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10877; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15670]

GERTRUDE URBANEK ET AL.

In re: Rights of Gertrude Urbanek et al. under insurance contracts. File Nos. F-28-24931-H-1, H-2.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Gertrude Urbanek and Martha Urbanek, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 7505341 issued by The Prudential Insurance Company of America, Newark, New Jersey, to Gertrude Urbanek, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by Gertrude Urbanek or Martha Urbanek,

the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10878; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:48 a. m.]

EMILIE ORFI

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location
Emilie Orfi, Arad, Rumania, Claim No. 37227; \$7,554.25 in the Treasury of the United States.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 27, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-10882; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:48 a. m.]

ANDRE BERGES

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property located in Washington, D. C., including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., and Property

Andre Berges, Saint Lizier (Arlege), France, Claim Nos. 13333 and 13334; property described in Vesting Order No. 688 (8 F. R. 5047, April 17, 1943) relating to United States Letters Patent No. 2,098,608 and property described in Vesting Order No. 1028 (8 F. R. 4205, April 2, 1943) relating to United States Patent Application Serial No. 217,628 (now United States Letters Patent No. 2,379,411).

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 27, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
*Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-10879; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:48 a. m.]

GISELA BOEKELMAN KUENZEL

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED
PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or de-

crease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Gisela Boekelman Kuenzel, Santa Barbara, Calif.; Claim Nos. 10643 and 2268; \$6,608.63 in the Treasury of the United States. All right, title and interest of Gisela Boekelman Kuenzel in and to the Trust Estate created under the Last Will and Testament of Barnardus Boekelman, deceased.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 27, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
*Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-10880; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:48 a. m.]

OTTO MONHEIMER AND FRIEDA MONHEIMER
BELZ

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED
PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amend-

ed, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Otto Monheimer, as Administrator of the estate of Frieda Monheimer Belz, deceased, Yonkers, N. Y.; Claim No. 33950; \$217.68 in the Treasury of the United States. One-sixth of all right, title and interest in and to a trust created under paragraph "Ninth" of the will of Sara M. Frank, deceased, for the benefit of Heinrich Monheimer and his issue. The above-described property is in respect only to the shares of Otto Monheimer and Henny Monheimer Sternberg in the Estate of Frieda Monheimer Belz, deceased.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on November 27, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
*Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-10881; Filed, Nov. 30, 1950;
8:48 a. m.]