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TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter III—Farmers Home Administration, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter B—Farm Ownership Loans

PART 311—BASIC REGULATIONS

SUBPART B—LOAN LIMITATIONS

AVERAGE VALUES OF FARMS AND INVESTMENT LIMITS; NORTH CAROLINA

For the purposes of title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, average values of efficient family-type farm-management units and investment limits for the counties identified below are determined to be as herein set forth. The average values and investment limits heretofore established for said counties, which appear in the tabulations of average values and investment limits under § 311.30, Chapter III, Title 6 of the Code of Federal Regulations (13 F. R. 9381), are hereby superseded by the average values and investment limits set forth below for said counties.

NORTH CAROLINA

County	Average value	Investment limit
Alamance	$10,000	$10,000
Alexander	12,000	12,000
Alleghany	12,000	12,000
Anson	10,000	10,000
Ashe	12,000	12,000
Avery	8,500	8,500
Beaufort	11,000	11,000
Bertie	12,000	12,000
Bladen	10,000	10,000
Brunswick	9,000	9,000
Buncombe	10,000	10,000
Burke	10,000	10,000
Cabarrus	12,000	12,000
Caldwell	10,000	10,000
Camden	10,000	10,000
Carteret	10,000	10,000
Caswell	10,000	10,000
Catawba	10,000	10,000
Chatham	10,000	10,000
Cherokee	10,000	10,000
Chowan	10,000	10,000
Clay	10,000	10,000
Cleveland	10,000	10,000
Columbus	10,000	10,000
Craven	10,500	10,500
Cumberland	10,000	10,000
Currituck	10,000	10,000
Davidson	12,000	12,000
Davie	12,000	12,000
Duplin	10,000	10,000
Durham	10,000	10,000
Edgecombe	12,000	12,000
Forsyth	12,000	12,000
Franklin	10,000	10,000
Gaston	10,000	10,000
Gates	10,000	10,000
Graham	8,000	8,000

NORTH CAROLINA—Continued

County	Average value	Investment limit
Granville	$10,000	$10,000
Greene	10,000	10,000
Guilford	10,000	10,000
Halifax	10,000	10,000
Harnett	12,000	12,000
Haywood	10,000	10,000
Henderson	10,000	10,000
Hertford	10,000	10,000
Hoke	10,000	10,000
Hyde	7,000	7,000
Iredell	12,000	12,000
Jackson	8,000	8,000
Johnston	12,000	12,000
Jones	10,000	10,000
Lee	11,000	11,000
Lenoir	12,000	12,000
Lincoln	10,000	10,000
McDowell	10,000	10,000
Macon	9,000	9,000
Madison	10,000	10,000
Martin	11,000	11,000
Mecklenburg	13,000	12,000
Mitchell	8,500	8,500
Montgomery	12,000	12,000
Moore	10,000	10,000
Nash	11,000	11,000
New Hanover	10,000	10,000
Northampton	11,500	11,500
Onslow	10,000	10,000
Orange	10,000	10,000
Pamlico	9,000	9,000
Pasquotank	10,000	10,000
Pender	10,000	10,000
Perquimans	10,000	10,000
Person	12,000	12,000
Pitt	10,000	10,000
Polk	10,000	10,000
Randolph	10,000	10,000
Richmond	10,000	10,000
Robeson	10,000	10,000
Rockingham	10,000	10,000
Rowan	12,000	12,000
Rutherford	10,000	10,000
Sampson	10,000	10,000
Scotland	10,000	10,000
Stanly	12,000	12,000
Stokes	12,000	12,000
Surry	12,000	12,000
Swain	8,000	8,000
Transylvania	9,000	9,000
Tyrrell	10,000	10,000
Union	12,000	12,000
Vance	10,000	10,000
Wake	10,000	10,000
Warren	10,000	10,000
Washington	9,000	9,000
Watauga	12,000	12,000
Wayne	12,000	12,000
Wilkes	12,000	12,000
Wilson	10,000	10,000
Yadkin	12,000	12,000
Yancey	9,000	9,000

(Sec. 41, 60 Stat. 1066; 7 U. S. C. 1015. Applies secs. 3, 44, 60 Stat. 1074, 1069; 7 U. S. C. 1003, 1018)

Issued this 14th day of September 1950.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8206; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

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FEDERAL REGISTER

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PART 311—BASIC REGULATIONS

SUBPART B—LOAN LIMITATIONS

AVERAGE VALUES OF FARMS AND INVESTMENT LIMITS; SOUTH CAROLINA

For the purposes of title I of the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, average values of efficient family-type farm-management units and investment limits for the counties identified below are determined to be as herein set forth. The average values and investment limits heretofore established for said counties, which appear in the tabulations of average values and investment limits under § 311.30, Chapter III, Title 6 of the Code of Federal Regulations (13 F. R. 9381), are hereby superseded by the average values and investment limits set forth below for said counties.

SOUTH CAROLINA

County	Average value	Investment limit
Abbeville	$11,000	$11,000
Aiken	11,000	11,000
Allendale	11,000	11,000
Anderson	12,000	12,000
Bamberg	11,000	11,000
Barnwell	11,000	11,000
Beaufort	12,000	12,000
Berkeley	12,000	12,000
Calhoun	12,000	12,000
Charleston	12,000	12,000
Cherokee	13,000	12,000
Chester	12,000	12,000
Chesterfield	11,000	11,000
Clarendon	12,000	12,000
Colleton	11,000	11,000
Darlington	14,000	12,000
Dillon	15,000	12,000
Dorchester	12,000	12,000
Edgefield	12,000	12,000
Fairfield	11,000	11,000
Florence	15,000	12,000
Georgetown	12,000	12,000
Greenville	17,000	12,000
Greenwood	12,000	12,000
Hampton	11,000	11,000
Horry	14,000	12,000
Jasper	12,000	13,000
Kershaw	11,000	11,000
Lancaster	11,000	11,000
Laurens	12,000	12,000
Lee	14,000	12,000
Lexington	11,000	11,000
McCormick	11,000	11,000
Marion	14,000	12,000
Marlboro	16,000	12,000
Newberry	13,000	12,000
Oconee	12,000	12,000
Orangeburg	12,000	12,000
Pickens	12,000	12,000
Richland	11,000	11,000
Saluda	12,000	12,000
Spartanburg	12,000	12,000
Sumter	12,000	12,000
Union	11,000	11,000
Williamsburg	12,000	12,000
York	12,000	12,000

(Sec. 41, 60 Stat. 1066; 7 U. S. C. 1015. Applies secs. 3, 44, 60 Stat. 1074, 1060; 7 U. S. C. 1003, 1018)

Issued this 14th day of September 1950.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8207; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter VIII—Production and Marketing Administration (Sugar Branch), Department of Agriculture

Subchapter E—Determination of Sugar Commercially Recoverable

[Sugar Determination 833.2 Amdt. 1]

PART 833—MAINLAND CANE SUGAR AREA

1950 AND SUBSEQUENT CROPS

Pursuant to the provisions of section 302 (a) of the Sugar Act of 1948, the Determination of Sugar Commercially Recoverable for the Mainland Cane Sugar Area, issued October 20, 1949, as § 833.2 (14 F. R. 6514) is hereby amended, effective as to the 1950 and subsequent crops, by deleting paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), and substituting new paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), as follows:

(a) The rates shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section shall apply to the 1950 crop and the rates applicable to each succeeding crop shall be established by the Production and Marketing Administration from data for the next preceding five crops in a manner similar to that used in computing the rates applicable to the 1950 crop.

(b) For farms in Louisiana:

Percentage of sucrose in normal juice: [1]	*Hundredweight of sugar*
8.0	0.903
9.0	1.071
10.0	1.269
11.0	1.446
12.0	1.602
13.0	1.762
14.0	1.924
15.0	2.088
16.0	2.255
17.0	2.424
18.0	2.595

[1] Sugar recoverable for the intervening tenths of 1 percent shall be calculated by straight interpolation.

(c) For farms in Florida:

Percentage of sucrose in normal juice: [1]	*Hundredweight of sugar*
8.0	0.960
9.0	1.136
10.0	1.343
11.0	1.528
12.0	1.693
13.0	1.861
14.0	2.031
15.0	2.204
16.0	2.379
17.0	2.556
18.0	2.735

[1] Sugar recoverable for the intervening tenths of 1 percent shall be calculated by straight interpolation.

Statement of bases and considerations. The original determination established rates of commercially recoverable sugar on the basis of simple averages of the results for all of the crops of 1944 through 1948, except that the rates for Louisiana were adjusted to show recoveries on the basis of trash-free sugarcane. The statement of bases and considerations included in that determination specified that "In Louisiana, the net weight of the cane will be determined by reducing the gross weight to a trash-free basis as defined in Sugar Determination 874.2, issued September 26, 1949." Under the definition of "trash" in Sugar Determination 874.2, trash-free cane contained a small amount of trash which was reflected in the recovery rates as set forth in paragraph (b) of Sugar Determination 833.2. However "trash" in sugarcane has been redefined in the determination of prices for the 1950 sugarcane crop in Louisiana, Sugar Determination 874.3, issued August 30, 1950, eliminating all tolerance for trash. Consequently, the rates set forth in paragraph (b) of this amendment have been adjusted to eliminate all trash tolerance. Otherwise these rates and those for Florida, as shown in paragraph (c), have been computed in accordance with the provisions of the original determination.

Except for the modifications explained above, the determination as issued October 20, 1949, together with the Statement of Bases and Considerations, remains unchanged.

Accordingly, I hereby find and conclude that the foregoing amendment to the Determination of Sugar Commercially Recoverable from the Mainland Cane Sugar Area will effectuate the purposes of section 302 (a) of the Sugar Act of 1948.

(Sec. 403, 61 Stat. 932; 7 U. S. C. Sup. 1153. Interprets or applies Sec. 302, 61 Stat. 930; 7 U. S. C. Sup. 1132)

Issued this 15th day of September 1950.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8210; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 9—ANIMALS AND ANIMAL PRODUCTS

Chapter I—Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter A—Meat Inspection Regulations

PART 14—TANKING AND DENATURING CONDEMNED CARCASSES AND PARTS

PART 17—LABELING

PART 24—EXPORT STAMPS AND CERTIFICATES

PART 25—TRANSPORTATION

PART 27—IMPORTED PRODUCTS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

On July 19, 1950, there was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (15 F. R. 4606) a notice of proposed amendments of the regulations governing the meat inspection of the United States Department of Agriculture (9 CFR, Chapter I, Subchapter A, as amended). After due consideration of all relevant matters presented and pursuant to the authority conferred upon me by the Meat Inspection Act, as amended (21 U. S. C. 71-91), the so-called Horse Meat Act (21 U. S. C. 96), and section 306 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U. S. C. 1306), the aforesaid regulations are hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 14.6 (a) is amended to read as follows:

§ 14.6 *Livers condemned because of parasitic infestation and for other causes; conditions under which may be disposed of as fish feed.* (a) Livers condemned on account of fluke infestation may be forwarded as fish feed if they are first freely slashed, then denatured, and then frozen. The denaturing shall be accomplished by dipping the slashed livers in a hot solution composed of one part of FD&C Green #3 or Methyl Violet to 5,000 parts of water, followed by washing in fresh water until the washings are no longer colored, or by the application of finely powdered charcoal. Freezing shall be preceded by chilling the livers to a temperature not above 40° F. Livers packed in containers not more than 7 inches thick shall then be held for a period of not less than 10 days at a temperature not higher than 15° F. or for a period of not less than five days at a temperature not higher than 10° F. Livers packed in containers over 7 inches but less than 27 inches thick shall be held not less than 20 days at a temperature not higher than 15° F., or for not less than ten days at a temperature not higher than 10° F. In lieu of freezing, the livers may be thoroughly cooked and then slashed and denatured in the manner indicated above. It is essential that

the livers be sufficiently denatured through discoloration by the dye or charcoal to preclude their use as human food. Freezing may be accomplished in the regular freezer in a properly separated compartment or receptacle held under division lock.

2. Section 17.2 (c) is amended to read as follows:

(c) Stencils and box dies shall not include the inspection legend or any abbreviation or representation thereof, and inserts, tags, and like devices shall not bear such inspection legend, abbreviation, or representation: *Provided, however*, That, with the approval of the chief of division, box dies including such legend or an abbreviation or representation thereof may be used in marking wooden boxes of light material having a maximum capacity of five pounds, fiberboard containers, and wooden wire-bound boxes and crates with at least 90 percent of the total wood surface being veneer wood not over ⅛ of an inch thick and of such a quality that matter imprinted on it is legible.

3. Section 17.8 (c) (31) is amended to read as follows:

(31) Product labeled "Tamales" shall be prepared with at least 25 percent meat computed on the weight of the uncooked fresh meat in relation to all ingredients of the tamales. When tamales are packed in sauce or gravy, the name of the product shall include a prominent reference to the sauce or gravy, for example "Tamales With Sauce" or "Tamales With Gravy." Product labeled "Tamales With Sauce" or "Tamales With Gravy" shall contain not less than 20 percent meat, computed on the weight of the uncooked fresh meat in relation to the total ingredients making up the tamales and sauce or the tamales and gravy.

4. Section 17.8 (c) is amended by adding thereto the following subparagraphs:

(44) Canned product labeled "Tripe With Milk" shall be prepared so that the finished canned article, exclusive of the cooked-out juices and milk, will contain at least 65 percent tripe. The product shall be prepared with not less than 10 percent milk.

(45) Product labeled "Beans With Frankfurters in Sauce," "Sauerkraut With Wieners and Juice," and the like, shall contain not less than 20 percent frankfurters or wieners computed on the weight of the smoked and cooked sausage prior to its inclusion with the beans or sauerkraut.

(46) Product labeled "Lima Beans With Ham in Sauce," "Beans With Ham in Sauce," "Beans With Bacon in Sauce," and the like, shall contain not less than 12 percent ham or bacon computed on the weight of the smoked ham or bacon prior to its inclusion with the beans and sauce.

(47) Product labeled "Chow Mein Vegetables With Meat" and "Chop Suey Vegetables With Meat" shall contain not less than 12 percent meat computed on the weight of the uncooked fresh meat prior to its inclusion with the other ingredients.

5. Section 24.4 (a) (4) (ii) is amended to read as follows:

(ii) Preservatives other than common salt, sugar, dextrose, glucose, saltpeter, wood smoke, vinegar, spices, alcohol, refined sodium nitrate, and refined sodium nitrite (not to exceed 200 parts per million in the finished product), or coloring matter, shall not be used in or upon meat, meat byproducts, or any preparation of either of them.

6. Section 24.4 (a) (4) (xxv) is amended to read as follows:

(xxv) Processed lard shall be the food product made by adding to lard a small proportion of a stabilizer consisting of one or more of the following ingredients: gum guaiacum; vegetable oil containing tocopherols; lecithin; citric acid, tartaric acid, ascorbic acid; and propyl gallate. Such stabilizers, singly or in combination, shall not exceed two-tenths of one (0.2) percent by weight of the finished product, except propyl gallate which shall not exceed one-hundredth of one (0.01) percent by weight of the finished product. The label or marking of every package or container in which processed lard is offered for sale shall display a statement in immediate conjunction with the name of the product naming the stabilizer: e. g. "Contains propyl gallate."

7. Section 24.4 (c) (3) is amended to read as follows:

(3) The lymphatic glands and/or serous membranes are required to be in close anatomical relationship to fresh meat cuts imported into England and Wales.

8. Section 24.4 (c) (4) is amended by deleting from the end thereof the following note:

NOTE: The foregoing recommendations of the Association of Port Sanitary Authorities of the British Isles as to the inclusion of lymphatic glands in cuts of imported meat appear not to be applicable to mutton and lamb for importation into England or Wales in view of a recent amendment of the Public Health (Imported Food) Regulations, 1937, issued by the Ministry of Food in the United Kingdom, which permits the importation into England and Wales of mutton and lamb from which the lymphatic glands have been removed, and requires the incision of certain lymphatic glands of sheep (not lamb) carcasses for importation into England and Wales. See subparagraphs (5) (iii) and (7) of this paragraph.

9. Section 24.4 (c) (5) (iii) is amended to read as follows:

(iii) Meat from which a lymphatic gland, except a gland necessarily removed in preparing the meat, has been taken out.

10. Section 24.4 (c) (7) is revoked.

11. Section 25.6 (d) is amended to read as follows:

(d) When shipments are made under this section, the inspector in charge at the point of origin shall immediately notify the inspector in charge at the point of destination by means of Form MI 408–1. One copy of the form shall be placed in a sealed envelope and tacked, or otherwise securely fastened, to the inside of one of the doors of the railroad car, truck, wagon, etc., and one copy shall be mailed to the inspector in charge at destination immediately after the vehicle has been sealed.

12. Section 25.9 (c) is amended to read as follows:

(c) When a shipment is made in a sealed car, truck, wagon, etc., under this section, the inspector in charge at the point of origin shall immediately notify the inspector in charge at point of destination in accordance with instructions in § 25.6 (d). When a shipment is made under this section in properly sealed and marked closed containers, the inspector in charge at point of origin shall immediately notify the inspector in charge at destination by means of an appropriately modified Form MI 408–1, furnishing complete information.

13. Section 25.14 (a) is amended to read as follows:

§ 25.14 *Denaturing of uninspected or inspected meat known to be unsound, grease, etc., required prior to shipment; certificate for shipment; statement to appear on waybills, etc., of connecting carrier.* (a) No uninspected product, and no inspected and passed product which is known to have become unsound, unhealthful, unwholesome, or in any way unfit for human food, including any rendered or unrendered grease, tallow, or other fat derived from the carcasses of cattle, sheep, swine, or goats and possessing the physical characteristics of an edible product, shall be transported from one State or Territory or the District of Columbia to any other State or Territory or the District of Columbia, or to any place under the jurisdiction of the United States, or to a foreign country, unless it is first denatured or otherwise destroyed for food purposes. The shipper shall not offer nor the carrier receive for such transportation any such article until it has been denatured or otherwise destroyed for food purposes as required by this section. The carrier shall require and the shipper shall make and deliver to the carrier a certificate in duplicate in the following form:

Date _____ 19____
Name of carrier _____
Consignor _____
Point of shipment _____
Consignee _____
Destination _____

I hereby certify that the following described meat or product, or grease, tallow, or other fat, which is offered for shipment in interstate or foreign commerce, has been denatured or otherwise destroyed for food purposes.

Kind of product	*Amount and weight*
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

_____
(Signature of shipper)
_____
(Business or occupation of shipper)
_____
(Address of shipper)

The signature of the shipper or of his agent shall be written in full. This certificate shall be separate and apart from any waybill, bill of lading, or other form ordinarily used in the transportation of meat. The duplicate certificate shall be forwarded immediately by the initial

carrier to the Chief of the Meat Inspection Division, Washington, D. C. If the product is transported by the shipper himself a certificate shall nevertheless be forwarded by him to the Chief of the Meat Inspection Division.

14. Section 25.14 is amended by adding thereto a new paragraph (c) as follows:

(c) No dog food or other animal food prepared, in whole or in part, from materials derived from the carcasses of cattle, sheep, swine, goats, or horses, either in an official establishment or elsewhere, shall be transported from one State or Territory or the District of Columbia to any other State or Territory or the District of Columbia, or to any place under the jurisdiction of the United States, or to a foreign country, unless (1) it is properly identified as dog food or other animal food, (2) it is not represented as being a human food, and (3) if, possessing the physical characteristics of an edible product, it has been treated (denatured or decharacterized) so as to be readily distinguishable from an article of human food: *Provided*, That such dog food or other animal food packed in hermetically sealed, retort processed, conventional retail-size containers need not be denatured or decharacterized if the name of the canned article, as for example "Dog Food," "Cat Food," "Dog and Cat Food," "Animal Food," and the like, appears on the label in a conspicuous manner. To be considered conspicuous, the letters in the name of the canned article, as for example "Dog Food," must be at least three times as high, wide, and thick as the letters in the words denoting the use, as ingredients in the article, of the materials derived from the carcasses of cattle, sheep, swine, goats, or horses. The letters in the name of such article shall contrast as markedly with their background as the letters in the words denoting the use of such ingredient materials contrast with their background.

15. Section 25.17 (a) (2) is amended by changing the period at the end thereof to a semicolon.

16. Section 25.17 (a) (3) is amended by omitting the word "and" at the end thereof and changing the final comma in the subparagraph to a semicolon.

17. Section 25.17 (a) (4) is renumbered 25.17 (a) (5), and a new subparagraph (4) is added as follows:

(4) To material or specimens of product for laboratory examination, research, or other purposes, when authorized by the Chief of the Division and under conditions prescribed by him; and

18. Section 27.6 (f) is amended to read as follows:

(f) Except as provided in § 27.18 and paragraph (g) of this section, each consignment of any product of a kind prepared customarily to be eaten without cooking (such as summer sausage, "Italian" and "Westphalia" hams, and the like), which contains any muscle tissue of pork, shall be accompanied, in addition to any other certificate required by this section, by a separate foreign meat-inspection certificate in the following form:

OFFICIAL MEAT-INSPECTION CERTIFICATE FOR PORK AND PORK PRODUCTS

(For shipment to the United States of articles of a kind prepared customarily to be eaten without cooking, and which contain muscle tissue of pork.)

Place _____

Date _____, 19____

I hereby certify that the article or articles herein described are of a kind prepared customarily to be eaten without cooking, and contain muscle tissue of pork, which, when fresh or freshly cured in salt, were subjected to a temperature not higher than five (5) degrees F. for not less than twenty (20) days, or otherwise treated as specified by the Chief of the Meat Inspection Division, and that said articles contain no muscle tissue of pork which has not been treated as herein specified.

Kind of product	*Number of pieces or packages*	*Weight*

Identification marks on meats and packages _____

Consignor _____

Address _____

Consignee _____

Destination _____

Shipping marks _____

(Signature) _____

(Name of official of national foreign government authorized to issue inspection certificates for meat and meat food products exported to the United States)

(Official title) _____

NOTE: A certificate in the above form is required to accompany each consignment of any product of a kind prepared customarily to be eaten without cooking (such as summer sausage, "Italian" and "Westphalia" hams, and the like), which contains any muscle tissue of pork. This certificate is to be delivered by the consignee, or his agent, to the inspector of the Meat Inspection Division at the point of inspection in the United States.

Each such foreign meat-inspection certificate shall be subject to the provisions of paragraphs (b) to (d), inclusive, of this section.

19. Section 27.6 is amended by adding thereto the following paragraphs:

(g) The official meat-inspection certificate for pork and pork products of the national government of a foreign country, the form of which has been approved by the Department and which is issued for any pork and pork products, may be accepted in lieu of the certificate prescribed in paragraph (f) of this section, notwithstanding the fact that the name of the foreign official who signed the certificate has not been published by the Department.

(h) The foreign official meat-inspection certificate for pork and pork products as provided for in paragraph (f) of this section, accompanied with a foreign meat-inspection certificate approved in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section, may be accepted even though the name of the foreign official who signed it has not been published by the Department, provided, that it agrees with the signature of the foreign official who signed the certificate approved in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section.

(34 Stat. 1264, as amended, 41 Stat. 241, sec. 306, 46 Stat. 689; 21 U. S. C. 71–91, 96, 19 U. S. C. 1306)

The purposes of the foregoing amendments are to bring into the regulations orders and instructions that have been given to the field operating force of the Meat Inspection Division and inspected establishments over the past year, and to incorporate new material controlling the composition of certain meat food products along lines which have been thoroughly investigated by that Division.

The foregoing amendments shall become effective October 20, 1950.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 14th day of September 1950.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8205; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter II—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce

[Amdt. 10 to Rev. of May 10, 1949]

PART 550—FEDERAL AID TO PUBLIC AGENCIES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF PUBLIC AIRPORTS

PROJECT COSTS

Acting pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Federal Airport Act, I hereby amend Part 550 of the regulations of the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics as follows:

Footnote 1 is deleted, and § 550.4 (a) (5) is amended to read:

§ 550.4 *Project costs* * * *

(a) *Eligibility* * * *

(5) The cost of non-expendable machinery, tools or equipment owned by a sponsor and used in accomplishing work under a project by sponsor's force account, except to the extent of the fair rental value of such machinery, tools or equipment for the period used on the project.

This amendment shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(60 Stat. 170–180; 49 U. S. C. 1101–1119)

[SEAL] DONALD W. NYROP,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8193; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 38—PENSIONS, BONUSES, AND VETERANS' RELIEF

Chapter I—Veterans' Administration

PART 36—SERVICEMEN'S READJUSTMENT ACT OF 1944

SUBPART A—TITLE III, LOAN GUARANTY

DIRECT LOANS

In Part 36, §§ 36.4500 through 36.4524, inclusive, are added as follows:

The following regulations govern the making of direct loans by the Administrator of Veterans Affairs to eligible

World War II veterans pursuant to section 512 of Title III of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended:

DIRECT LOANS

AUTHORITY: §§ 36.4500 to 36.4524 issued under sec. 504, 58 Stat. 293, as amended; 38 U. S. C. 694d.

NOTE: Those requirements, conditions, or limitations which are expressly set forth in the act are not restated herein and must be taken into consideration in the interpretation or application of the regulations concerning direct loans to veterans.

§ 36.4500 *Applicability.* The regulations concerning direct loans to veterans shall be applicable to loans made by Veterans' Administration pursuant to section 512 of Title III of the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended.

§ 36.4501 *Definitions.* Wherever used in section 512 of the act or the regulations concerning direct loans to veterans, unless the context otherwise requires, the terms defined in this section shall have the meaning herein stated, namely:

(a) "Act" means Public Law 346, 78th Congress (58 Stat. 284), cited as "Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944, as amended by Public Law 268, 79th Congress (59 Stat. 626), Public Law 864, 80th Congress, chapter 784, 2d Session (62 Stat. 1206), and Public Law 475, 81st Congress, 2d Session (38 U. S. C., Supp. 694, et seq.).

(b) "Administrator" means the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs.

(c) "Cost" means the entire consideration paid or payable for or on account of the application of materials and labor to tangible property.

(d) "Default" means failure of a borrower to comply with the terms of a loan agreement.

(e) "Dwelling" means a building designed primarily for use as a home, consisting of one residential unit only and not containing any business unit.

(f) "Farmhouse" means a dwelling intended for occupancy by one engaged in farming on a full- or part-time basis and so situated as to suit the intended purpose.

(g) "Guaranty" means the obligation of the United States, incurred pursuant to title III of the act, to repay a specified percentage of a loan upon the default of the primary debtor.

(h) "Home" means a place of residence.

(i) "Improvement" means any addition or alteration which enhances the utility of the property for residential purposes.

(j) "Indebtedness" means the unpaid principal and interest plus any other sums a borrower is obligated to pay Veterans' Administration under the terms of the loan instruments or of the regulations concerning direct loans to veterans.

(k) "Loan" means a loan made to a veteran by Veterans' Administration pursuant to the provisions of section 512 of the act and the regulations concerning direct loans to veterans.

(l) "Purchase price" means the entire legal consideration paid or payable upon or on account of the sale of property, exclusive of acquisition costs, or for the cost of materials and labor to be applied thereto.

(m) "Reasonable value" means that figure which represents the amount a reputable and qualified appraiser, unaffected by personal interest, bias, or prejudice, would recommend to a prospective purchaser as proper price or cost in the light of prevailing conditions.

(n) "Repairs" means any alteration of existing realty which is necessary or advisable for protective, safety, or restorative purposes.

(o) "Veterans' Administration" means the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, or any employee of the Veterans' Administration authorized by him to act in his stead.

§ 36.4502 *Use of guaranty entitlement.* Fifty percent of the loan, or $4,000, whichever is less, will be charged to the entitlement of the veteran to whom a direct loan is made. Any remaining entitlement will be available for the veteran's use in connection with subsequent loans, if any, reported to the Veterans' Administration for guaranty or insurance.

§ 36.4503 *Amount and amortization.* (a) The original principal amount of any loan shall not be in excess of $10,000. This limitation shall not preclude the making of advances, otherwise proper, subsequent to the making of the loan pursuant to the provisions of § 36.4511. Loans made by Veterans' Administration shall bear interest at the rate of 4 percent per annum.

(b) Each loan shall be repayable on the basis of approximately equal monthly installments.

(c) The first installment payment on a construction loan or a loan for the improvement of a farmhouse may be postponed for a period not exceeding 12 months from the date of the loan instruments. The first installment payment for a loan for the purchase of a home may not be postponed more than 60 days from the date of loan closing.

(d) The final installment on any loan shall not be in excess of two times the average of the preceding installments, except that on a construction loan the final installment may be for an amount not in excess of 5 percent of the original principal amount of the loan. The limitations imposed by this paragraph on the amount of the final installment shall not apply in the case of any loan extended or recast pursuant to §§ 36.4505 or 36.4506.

§ 36.4504 *Loan closing expenses.* (a) Veterans' Administration will designate a loan closer to represent Veterans' Administration at the closing and in advance thereof will agree with him upon the fee to be paid by the Veterans' Administration for preparing the loan closing instruments and attending at the closing of the loan. The loan closer as such is neither an agent nor employee of the Veterans' Administration.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (a) of this section, any costs or expenses entailed in closing a loan or financing a purchase and normally paid by a purchaser or lienor incident to loan closing shall be paid by the veteran-borrower and may not be paid out of the proceeds of the loan. No service or brokerage fee shall be charged against the veteran borrower for procuring the loan or in connection therewith.

(c) Any commission or other consideration paid or payable by the veteran to a sales broker or another, as agent of the veteran or otherwise, shall not be considered as acquisition or closing costs but shall be treated as part of the purchase price for the purpose of determining that the purchase price of the property is not in excess of the reasonable value. No such commission or consideration may be paid out of the proceeds of the loan.

(d) No application for a loan to purchase a dwelling not previously occupied will be approved by Veterans' Administration unless it is furnished a certification either (1) by the builder that he has not paid and will not pay any charges or fees in excess of those allowed in the applicable schedule approved by Veterans' Administration, or (2) by the lender which made the construction loan, that it has not imposed and will not impose charges in relation to the construction of such dwelling which are in excess of those allowed in said schedule.

(e) The veteran will be required to make a payment equivalent to 5 percent of the purchase price of the property or the cost of construction. The expenses paid by the veteran pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section for closing the loan may be deducted from the required down payment. With respect to construction loans the fair market value of the lot, if owned by the veteran, may be considered pro tanto as satisfying the down payment requirement: *Provided,* That in connection with such loans the veteran, in addition to the required down payment, will deposit with Veterans' Administration or in an escrow satisfactory to Veterans' Administration 10 percent of the estimated cost of construction or such alternative sum, in cash or its equivalent, as Veterans' Administration may determine to be necessary in order to afford adequate assurance that sufficient funds will be available, from the proceeds of the loan or from other

sources, to assure completion of the construction in accordance with the plans and specifications upon which Veterans' Administration based its loan commitment.

§ 36.4505 *Maturity of loan.* The maturity of a loan shall not exceed 20 years from the date of the loan, except that:

(a) If Veterans' Administration determines that the income and expenses of a veteran applicant at the time of his application for a loan, or at the time of closing of the loan, are such that under customary credit standards he would be unable to maintain the required schedule of amortized payments for a loan which matures in 20 years, but taking into consideration the veteran's current and prospective income and expenses he would be able to make the payments on the loan if amortized over a longer period of time, the loan may be made with a maturity for such longer period of time but not in excess of 30 years: *Provided*, That in no event will the maturity exceed the estimated economic life of the property securing the loan.

(b) At any time more than 6 months subsequent to the date of a loan which has a maturity of less than 30 years, if there be no existing default, Veterans' Administration shall upon the written request of the veteran borrower review the current income status of such borrower and if it is found that he is unable to maintain the existing schedule of required payments, the maturity will be extended and the loan reamortized over such longer period as may conform with the veteran's indicated ability to pay, not to exceed a maturity of 30 years from the date of the loan.

§ 36.4506 *Recasting.* In the event of default, or to avoid imminent default, Veterans' Administration may at any time enter into an agreement with the borrower which will permit the latter temporarily to repay his obligation on a basic appropriate to his apparent current ability to pay, or may enter into an appropriate recasting or extension agreement: *Provided*, That no such agreement shall extend the ultimate repayment of a loan beyond the expiration of 30 years from the date of the loan, or 40 years in the case of a loan for the construction or improvement of a farmhouse.

§ 36.4507 *Refunding of outstanding indebtedness.* Advances made by the veteran applicant, or obligations incurred by him, incident to the purchase, construction, or improvement of the property which is to be financed further through the direct loan may be reimbursed to him or paid for him out of the proceeds of such loan: *Provided:*

(a) The proceeds of such indebtedness were actually paid out in full, or the last expenditure by the veteran occurred within 60 days prior to the date of his application, or

(b) The obligation represents the balance due for the purchase of land on which new construction is to be financed through the proceeds of the loan, or

(c) The loan is for the purpose of completing construction of a dwelling, or

(d) That with respect to the construction or improvement of a farmhouse a portion of the proceeds may be used to obtain the discharge or release of any liens on the site for such home or farmhouse.

§ 36.4508 *Transfer of property by borrower.* Veterans' Administration shall not include in the loan contract any provisions which will impede the right of a veteran to convey, transfer, or otherwise alienate whatever right or title he may have in the property purchased or constructed with the aid of the proceeds of a direct loan, except that Veterans' Administration may include in the loan instruments such provisions as may be deemed necessary for the protection of the security and the Federal Government.

§ 36.4509 *Joint loans.* (a) No loan will be made unless an eligible veteran is the sole principal obligor, or such veteran and his spouse are the principal obligors thereon, nor unless such veteran alone, or he and his spouse, acquire the entire fee simple or other permissible estate in the realty for the acquisition of which the loan was obtained. Nothing in this section shall preclude other parties from becoming liable as comaker, endorser, guarantor, or surety.

(b) Notwithstanding that an applicant and his spouse both be eligible veterans and will be jointly and severally liable as borrowers the original principal amount of the loan may not exceed $10,000.

§ 36.4510 *Prepayment, acceleration and liquidation.* (a) Any credit on the loan not previously applied in satisfaction of matured installments, other than the gratuity credit required by section 512 (c) of the act to be credited to principal, may be reapplied by Veterans' Administration at the request of the borrower for the purpose of curing or preventing a default.

(b) Veterans' Administration shall include in the instruments evidencing or securing the indebtedness provisions relating to the following:

(1) The right of the borrower to prepay at any time without premium or fee, the entire indebtedness or any part thereof: *Provided*, That any such prepayment, other than payment in full, may not be made in any amount less than the amount of one installment, or $100, whichever is less: *And provided further*, That any prepayment made on other than an installment due date will not be credited until the next following installment due date.

(2) The right of Veterans' Administration to accelerate the maturity of the entire indebtedness in the event of default.

(3) The right of Veterans' Administration to foreclose or otherwise proceed to liquidate or acquire property which is the security for the loan in the event of the borrower's delinquency in the repayment of his obligation or in the event of his default in any other provisions of the loan contract.

(c) Veterans' Administration shall have the right to accelerate the entire indebtedness and to foreclose or otherwise proceed to liquidate, or acquire the security for the loan, in the event the veteran is adjudged a bankrupt, or if the property has been abandoned by the borrower or subjected to waste or hazard, or in the event conditions exist which warrant the appointment of a receiver by court.

(d) If, subsequent to the closing of the loan, title to the property which is security for such loan is restricted against sale or occupancy on the ground of race, color, or creed, by restrictions created and filed of record by the borrower, such action, at the election of Veterans' Administration, shall constitute an event of default entitling Veterans' Administration to declare the unpaid balance of the loan immediately due and payable.

§ 36.4511 *Advances after loan closing.* (a) The Veterans' Administration may at any time advance any sum or sums as are reasonably necessary and proper for the maintenance, repair, alteration, or improvement of the security for a loan or for the payment of taxes, assessments, ground or water rights, or casualty insurance thereon: *Provided*, That no advance shall be made for alterations or improvements which are not necessary for the maintenance or repair of the security if such advance will increase the indebtedness to an amount in excess of $10,000.

(b) All sums disbursed incident to the making of advances under this section shall be added to the indebtedness. Veterans' Administration may require any such advances to be secured ratably and on a parity with the principal indebtedness, or otherwise secured. The sum so advanced shall be evidenced by a supplemental note or otherwise as may be required by Veterans' Administration.

(c) Veterans' Administration may pay and charge against the indebtedness, or against the proceeds of the sale of any security therefor, any expense which is reasonably necessary for collection of the debt, protection, repossession, preservation, or liquidation of the security or of the lien thereon, including a reasonable amount for trustees' and legal fees.

§ 36.4512 *Taxes and insurance.* (a) In addition to the monthly installment payments of principal and interest payable under the terms of the loan agreement, the borrower will be required to make payments monthly to Veterans' Administration in such amounts as may be determined by Veterans' Administration from time to time to be necessary for the purpose of accumulating funds sufficient for the payment of taxes and assesments, ground rents, insurance premiums, and similar levies or charges on the security property.

(b) The borrower shall maintain insurance against fire and such other hazards as may be required by Veterans' Administration, in such type or types and in such amounts as may be satisfactory to Veterans' Administration, covering the improvements then or thereafter on the property securing the loan. Such insurance shall be carried with a company or companies satisfactory to Veterans' Administration and the policies and renewals thereof shall be held in the possession of Veterans' Administration and have attached thereto a mortgagee loss payable clause in favor of and in

form satisfactory to Veterans' Administration.

(c) The borrower at loan closing shall pay in cash to Veterans' Administration such sum as it estimates may be necessary as the initial deposit to the borrower's tax and insurance reserve account.

§ 36.4513 *Foreclosure and liquidation.* In the event of a foreclosure sale or other liquidation of the security for a loan, Veterans' Administration shall credit upon the indebtedness the greater of:

(a) The net proceeds of the sale, or

(b) The current market value of the property as determined by Veterans' Administration, less the costs and expenses of liquidation. In no event shall the credit pursuant to this paragraph exceed the amount of the gross indebtedness, nor shall such credit be less than the amount legally required to be credited to the indebtedness under local law.

§ 36.4514 *Eligibility requirements.* Prior to making a loan, or a commitment therefor, Veterans' Administration shall determine that:

(a) The applicant is an eligible veteran.

(b) The applicant has full capacity under local law to enter into binding contracts.

(c) The applicant has not heretofore availed himself of any part of his guaranty entitlement except as to entitlement excluded by Veterans' Administration pursuant to section 500 (a) of the act.

(d) The applicant is a satisfactory credit risk and has an ability to repay the obligation proposed to be incurred by him and that the proposed monthly payments on such obligation bear a proper relationship to his present and anticipated income and expenses.

(e) Private capital is not available in the area at an interest rate not in excess of 4 percent per annum for the purpose for which the loan is proposed to be made.

(f) The applicant is unable to obtain a loan for such purpose from the Secretary of Agriculture, under the Bankhead-Jones Farm Tenant Act, as amended, or under the Housing Act of 1949.

§ 36.4515 *Estate of veteran in real property.* (a) The estate in the realty acquired by the veteran, wholly or partly with the proceeds of a loan hereunder, or owned by him and on which improvements on a farmhouse are to be financed by such loan, shall be not less than:

(1) A fee simple estate therein, legal or equitable; or

(2) A leasehold estate running or renewable at the option of the lessee for a period of not less than 14 years from the maturity of the loan, or to any earlier date at which the fee simple title will vest in the lessee, which is assignable or transferrable, if the same be subjected to the lien; or

(3) A life estate, provided that the remainder and reversionary interests are subjected to the lien. The title to such estate shall be such as is acceptable to informed buyers, title companies, and attorneys, generally, in the community in which the property is situated, except as modified by paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) Any such property or estate will not fail to comply with the requirements in paragraph (a) of this section by reason of the following:

(1) Encroachments.

(2) Easements.

(3) Servitudes.

(4) Reservations for water, timber, or subsurface rights.

(5) Right in any grantor or co-tenant in the chain of title, or a successor of either, to purchase for cash, which right by the terms thereof is exercisable only if

(i) An owner elects to sell,

(ii) The option price is not less than the price at which the then owner is willing to sell to another, and

(iii) Exercised within 30 days after notice is mailed by registered mail to the address of optionee last known to then owner, of the then owner's election to sell, stating his price and the identity of the proposed vendee.

(6) Building and use restrictions whether or not enforceable by a reverter clause if there has been no breach of the conditions affording a right to an exercise of the reverter.

(7) Any other covenant, condition, restriction, or limitation approved by Veterans' Administration in the particular case. The limitations on the quantum or quality of the estate or property that are indicated in this paragraph, insofar as they may materially affect the value of the property for the purpose for which it is used, shall be taken into account in the appraisal of reasonable value.

(c) No loan will be made if the title to the real property or a leasehold interest therein, which is to be security for a loan, is restricted against sale or occupancy on the ground of race, color, or creed, by restrictions created and filed of record subsequent to February 15, 1950.

§ 36.4516 *Lien requirements.* (a) Loans for the purchase or construction of a dwelling or for the construction or improvement of a farmhouse shall be secured by a first lien on the property or estate. Veterans' Administration may except any loan for the construction or improvement of a farmhouse from the first lien requirement hereof.

(b) Tax or special assessment liens or ground rents not due and payable on the date of loan closing shall be disregarded with respect to any requirement that loans shall be secured by a lien of specified dignity.

§ 36.4517 *Incorporation by reference.* The regulations concerning direct loans to veterans in effect on the date a loan is closed shall govern the rights, duties, and liabilities of the parties to such loan during the period Veterans' Administration is the holder thereof, and any provisions of the loan instruments inconsistent with such regulations are hereby amended and supplemented to conform thereto.

§ 36.4518 *Supplementary administrative action.* Notwithstanding any requirement, condition, or limitation stated in or imposed by the regulations in this part concerning direct loans to veterans, the Administrator, within the limitations and conditions prescribed in the act, may take such action as may be necessary or appropriate to relieve any undue prejudice to a debtor, or other person, which might otherwise result, provided such action shall not impair the vested rights of any person affected thereby. If such requirement, condition, or limitation is of an administrative or procedural nature, such action may be taken by any employee authorized to act under § 36.4520.

§ 36.4519 *Reasonable value requirements.* (a) A loan may be made only when the proceeds thereof will be expended for property, construction, or improvements, the purchase price or cost of which is not in excess of the reasonable value of the same as determined by a proper appraisal made by an appraiser designated by Veterans' Administration.

(b) If any portion of the proceeds of a loan for the construction and improvement of a farmhouse are used for the purpose of obtaining a release of the home site, the amount paid for the release shall not exceed the reasonable value of the property so released and the loan shall not exceed the reasonable value of the property as improved. If the first lien requirement is waived by Veterans' Administration with respect to any loan for construction or improvement of a farmhouse, the loan plus the amount of the prior lien shall not exceed the reasonable value of the property as improved.

§ 36.4520 *Delegation of authority.* (a) Except as hereinafter provided each employee of the Veterans' Administration heretofore or hereafter appointed to, or otherwise lawfully filling, any position designated in paragraph (b) of this section is hereby delegated authority, within the limitations and conditions prescribed by law, to exercise the powers and functions of the Administrator with respect to the making of loans and the rights and liabilities arising therefrom, including but not limited to the collection or compromise of amounts due, in money or other property, the extension, rearrangement, or sale of loans, the management and disposition of secured or unsecured notes and other property. Incidental to the exercise and performance of the powers and functions hereby delegated each such employee is authorized to execute and deliver (with or without acknowledgment) for, and on behalf of, the Administrator evidence of guaranty and such certificates, forms, conveyances, and other instruments as may be appropriate in connection with the acquisition, ownership, management, sale, transfer, assignment, encumbrance, rental, or other disposition of real or personal property or of any right, title, or interest therein, including, but not limited to, contracts of sale, installment contracts, deeds, leases, bills of sale, assignments, and releases; and to approve disbursements to be made for any purpose authorized by title III of the act.

(b) Designated positions:

Assistant Administrator for Finance.
Director, Loan Guaranty Service.
Assistant Director, Loan Guaranty Service.
Division Chief, Loan Guaranty Service.
Assistant Division Chief, Loan Guaranty Service.
Loan Guaranty Officer.
Assistant Loan Guaranty Officer.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed (1) to authorize any such employee to exercise the authority vested in the Administrator under section 504 or section 508 (b) of the act or to sue or enter appearance for and on behalf of the Administrator or confess judgment against him in any court without his prior authorization.

§ 36.4521 *Minimum construction requirements.* No loan shall be made for the purchase or construction of residential property on which construction was begun after June 19, 1950, unless Veterans' Administration determines that the property conforms to the applicable minimum construction requirements prescribed by Veterans' Administration for the area in which the property is situated.

§ 36.4522 *Waivers, consents and approvals.* No waiver, consent, or approval required or authorized by the regulations concerning direct loans to veterans shall be valid unless in writing signed by Veterans' Administration.

§ 36.4523 *Geographical limits.* Any real property purchased, constructed, or improved with the proceeds of a loan under section 512 of the act shall be situated in the United States, defined in the act as the several States, Territories and possessions, and the District of Columbia: *Provided*, That no loan shall be made pursuant to section 512 unless the real property is located in one of the areas designated from time to time by Veterans' Administration as an area in which private capital is not available under title III of the act to eligible veterans for financing of the purchase or construction of dwellings, or the construction or improvement of farmhouses, as the case may be.

§ 36.4524 *Sale of loans.* In the event a direct loan is purchased from Veterans' Administration at any time pursuant to the provisions of section 512 (d) of the act, Veterans' Administration may issue a guaranty in connection therewith within the maxima contained in section 500 (a) of the act on the same basis as to percentage and amount as if the loan had been automatically guaranteed when made, and such loan shall thereafter be subject to the applicable provisions of the regulations governing the guaranty or insurance of loans to veterans, and such part of the regulations concerning direct loans to veterans as may be inconsistent therewith or variant therefrom shall no longer govern the subsequent disposition of the rights and liabilities of any interested parties.

These regulations effective September 20, 1950.

[SEAL] O. W. CLARK,
Deputy Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8214; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Bureau of Customs

[19 CFR, Part 16]

CONVERSION OF CURRENCY

INSTRUCTIONS IN CASES WHERE MULTIPLE RATES OF EXCHANGE ARE CERTIFIED BY FEDERAL RESERVE BANK OF NEW YORK

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to section 251 of the Revised Statutes and sections 522 and 624 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U. S. C. 66, 31 U. S. C. 372, 19 U. S. C. 1624), it is proposed to amend the instructions contained in § 16.4 of the Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR 16.4) for the conversion for customs purposes of foreign currencies for which multiple rates of exchange are certified by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, the terms of which proposed amendments, in tentative form, are as follows

The United States Customs Court in its opinions in United States v. Gothic Watch Co. (1949), Reap. Dec. 7712, and Gruen Watch Co. v. United States (1950), C. D. 1216, has indicated that the use of multiple rates by a foreign country and certification of such multiple rates by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York does not result in different classes of such foreign currency for customs purposes. It has been determined that an amendment of § 16.4 of the Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR 16.4) is necessary to reflect the opinion expressed by the Customs Court in these cases.

Accordingly, § 16.4 (d), Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR 16.4 (d)), as amended, is hereby further amended as follows:

1. Subparagraphs (2) and (3) are amended to read as follows:

(2) Whenever appraisement is made in a multiple-rate currency, or the use of rates of exchange for a multiple-rate currency has been necessary in connection with the determination whether the foreign or export value is the higher, or the use of rates for a multiple-rate currency appears involved in any other manner in the process of appraisement or liquidation, the appraiser shall include in his report to the collector an advisory statement of his views as to what type of certified rate or combination of types of certified rates is applicable to the merchandise involved. If there is disagreement, which cannot be resolved locally, between the collector and appraiser as to what type of certified rate or combination of types of certified rates is applicable in a particular case, a detailed report shall be submitted to the Bureau so that appropriate instructions may be issued.

(3) For all purposes of appraisement and assessment of duties, the type of rate used for any value expressed in a currency for which two or more rates have been certified shall be the type of certified rate, designated by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, which the appraiser or collector is satisfied, from information in his own files, information obtained and presented to him by the importer, or information obtained from other sources, is uniformly applicable under the laws and regulations of the country of exportation to the particular class of commodity on the date of exportation. In cases where two or more types of certified rates are uniformly applicable on a percentage basis, each type of certified rate shall be used for the percentage of the value to which it is applicable. The percentages used shall be those which reflect realistically the percentage for which each type of rate is uniformly applicable under the laws and regulations of the country of exportation on the date of exportation.

2. Subparagraph (4) is amended by inserting "type of" before "rate" and "types of" before "rates".

3. Subparagraph (5) is amended by inserting "type of" before "rate" and "types of" before "rates" in the first sentence; and by inserting "type of" before "rate" in each place where the latter word occurs in the second sentence.

(R. S. 251, secs. 505, 624, 46 Stat. 732, 759, sec. 522, 46 Stat. 739; 19 U. S. C. 66, 1505, 1624, 31 U. S. C. 372)

This notice is published pursuant to section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1003). Prior to the issuance of the proposed amendments, consideration will be given to any relevant data, views, or arguments pertaining thereto which are submitted in writing to the Commissioner of Customs, Bureau of Customs, Washington 25, D. C., and received not later than 15 days from the date of publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER. No hearing will be held.

[SEAL] D. B. STRUBINGER,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: September 14, 1950.

JOHN S. GRAHAM,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8220; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Production and Marketing Administration

[7 CFR, Part 961]

[Docket No. AO-160 A 12]

HANDLING OF MILK IN PHILADELPHIA, PA., MARKETING AREA

DECISION WITH RESPECT TO A PROPOSED MARKETING AGREEMENT AND A PROPOSED ORDER AMENDING THE ORDER, AS AMENDED

Pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure, as amended, governing proceedings to formulate marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), a public hearing was conducted at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on August 29 and 31, 1950, pursuant to notice thereof which was issued on August 18, 1950 (15 F. R. 5513) and on August 25, 1950 (15 F. R. 5709).

The material issues of record related to:

1. The price to be paid producers for Class I milk during the months of October 1950 through March 1951.

2. Price adjustments applicable to Class I products containing: (a) More than 6 percent butterfat but less than 18 percent butterfat; and (b) less than 3 percent butterfat.

3. The emergency character of the need for action on the Class I price, including adjustments relating to butterfat differentials.

1. *Class I price.* The price for Class I milk received from producers during the months of October, November, and December, 1950, should be $5.84 per hundredweight, and during January, February, and March, 1951, $5.44 per hundredweight for milk testing 4.0 percent butterfat delivered in the City of Philadelphia.

Producers proposed that the price for Class I milk during October, November, and December, 1950, should be $5.84 per hundredweight. The proposed increase of 60 cents per hundredweight over the price in the third calendar quarter was described as made up of the customary 40 cents seasonal increase and a 20-cent increase in the basic annual level.

The supply of milk in the supply area of Philadelphia market has in recent months been ample. Estimated milk production in the State of Pennsylvania during July 1950 was about 3 percent over production in July 1949. Milk received from Philadelphia producers in July this year was about 2 percent less than last year. This decrease in producer milk resulted from a reduction in number of producers, inasmuch as production per dairy was somewhat higher than a year ago.

Although the supply of milk in recent months has been ample, there are some indications of the likelihood of a lower rate of milk production in this area during fall months of this year than last year. During the first four months of 1950 the milk produced per herd was considerably in excess of a year earlier, but the most recent data indicate a somewhat lower rate of production in August this year than in August of 1949. Estimated number of milk cows in the State of Pennsylvania in July was about 1 percent under a year earlier. The currently higher cost of supplies used in the production of milk would tend to retard milk production.

The cost to farmers in the supply area of mixed dairy feed has increased about 9 percent over a year ago. Costs of other commodities purchased by farmers for use in production of milk have also increased considerably over a year ago. The reported cost of farm labor on July 1 was about the same as last year.

The relationship of milk and beef prices may affect milk production in this area considerably, since dairy farmers can use their resources for the production of beef. Data in the record shows that the Philadelphia Class I price has in recent months been lower in relation to the price of beef cattle than is usual in recent years. Attractive prices for cattle sold as beef tend to induce dairy farmers to market their poorer milk cows which they might otherwise maintain in their herds. In this connection it is noted that milk cow numbers in Pennsylvania, which had shown a rising trend throughout 1949 and early 1950, have in recent months declined.

Examination of changes during the latest 12 months in cost of purchased dairy feed shows that most of the increase has occurred since April. The hearing upon which the current Class I price level was determined was held in April and early May. It is noted that some decline occurred in the wholesale prices of dairy feeds in early August, but the latest data in the record indicate a level considerably over a year ago.

About half of the increase during the July 1949–July 1950 period in cost of other commodities purchased by farmers for use in milk production also occurred since April this year. Estimated milk cow numbers in July were about 2 percent less than in April.

Sales of Class I milk in the marketing area during the first seven months of 1950 averaged about the same as in 1949. July Class I sales were about 2.4 percent less than in July 1949. Estimated total employment in the Philadelphia area is somewhat higher than a year ago, and weekly earnings are up about 4 percent.

Estimates of the New York order Class I–A prices for the months of October, November and December this year based upon the formula used in establishing that price, indicate the price will average about 50 cents higher than in 1949. The price proposed by Philadelphia producers for these months would be approximately the same as the price a year earlier. Within the 51–60-mile zone of Philadelphia, the Philadelphia Class I price for milk testing 3.7 percent fat would be about 48 cents lower than the New York Class I–A price. Although the price of $5.84 for Class I milk during October, November, and December proposed by producers would be approximately the same as the price during the same months of 1949, it represents a basic annual level 20 cents per hundredweight higher than the current level. It is concluded that Class I price level should be adjusted upwards by 20 cents, and that the usual seasonal increase in the last calendar quarter should be carried out, thus resulting in a price of $5.84 for Class I milk in these months. The price for January, February, and March 1951 should be 40 cents per hundredweight less, to carry out the usual seasonal adjustment.

2. *Skim value and fat value adjustment.* There should be no change from the 5-cent butterfat differential as to regular Class I milk, but on items of fluid disposition containing less than 3.0 percent butterfat or more than 6.0 percent butterfat the Class II cream value differential should apply.

The record shows several Class I items sold by handlers carrying less than 3.0 percent of butterfat, such as chocolate drink, skim milk, fat free milk and others, and smaller quantities of items with a fat content above 6 percent. Prior to the July amendment when the cream value butterfat differential applied to Class I there was a residual skim value of milk which varied inversely with the butterfat value. The July cost of fat free milk in Class I increased 92 cents by reason of the change from the cream value differential to the fixed 5-cent differential. Handlers testified that such a disproportionate increase for items below 3.0 percent would sharply reduce the outlet for fresh milk in such items. The Class II differential has hovered close to 7.0 cents per point for twelve months. The differential was 7.3 cents in July, the most recent month in the record, which is about the midpoint value for the twelve months. The amount of the butterfat differential is of no concern to the handler whose weighted average test of all Class I milk is 4.0 percent. The average test of principal items of Class I sale is about 3.7 percent. Both producers and handlers advised against any change in Class I milk definition, but desired to remove the present relatively high cost of skim milk in low fat items and the relative low cost of fat in high fat items. The range of 3.0 to 6.0 percent would seem to cover the extremes to which any bottled natural milk might go even by accident.

3. *Need for emergency action.* The due and timely execution of the function of the Secretary under the act imperatively and unavoidably requires the omission of a recommended decision by the Assistant Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration, and exceptions thereto.

The emergency nature of the conditions with which this decision deals is due to the fact that on October 1 the price established by the order would drop from $5.24 to $5.16 at a time when the regular seasonal increase should occur. Inasmuch as the price which would result if this amendment were not effective would be obviously inconsistent with marketing conditions, it is necessary that this amendment be made effective by October 1, 1950, in order to establish and maintain such orderly marketing conditions as will effectuate the policy of the act on and after that date. To make the amendment effective on October 1, 1950, requires the omission of the recom-

mended decision and the period for exceptions thereto because of insufficient time for such procedure. The proposed change relative to the butterfat differential as applied to certain Class I products is also urgently needed at the earliest possible date to correct the distortion of values of these products which may result from present provisions of the order.

General findings. (a) The proposed marketing agreement and the order, as amended, and as hereby proposed to be further amended, and all of the terms and conditions thereof will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act;

(b) The parity prices of milk as determined pursuant to section 2 of the act are not reasonable in view of the price of feeds, available supplies of feeds and other economic conditions which affect market supply of and demand for milk in the marketing area and the minimum prices specified in the proposed marketing agreement and in the order, as amended and as hereby proposed to be further amended, are such prices as will reflect the aforesaid factors, insure a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome milk and be in the public interest; and

(c) The proposed marketing agreement and the order, as amended and as hereby proposed to be further amended, will regulate the handling of milk in the same manner as, and are applicable only to persons in the respective classes of industrial and commercial activity specified in the said marketing agreement upon which a hearing has been held.

Rulings on proposed findings and conclusions. Briefs were filed on behalf of producer and handler organizations. The briefs contained statements of fact, proposed findings and conclusions, and arguments with respect to the provisions of the proposed amendments. Every point covered in the briefs was carefully considered along with the evidence in the record in making the findings and reaching the conclusions hereinbefore set forth. To the extent that the findings and conclusions proposed in the briefs are inconsistent with the findings and conclusions contained herein, the request to make such findings or to reach such conclusions is denied on the basis of the facts found and stated in connection with the conclusions in this recommended decision.

Determination of representative period. The month of August 1950 is hereby determined to be the representative period for the purpose of ascertaining whether the issuance of an order amending the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, marketing area in the manner set forth in the attached amending order is approved or favored by producers who during such period were engaged in the production of milk for sale in the marketing area specified in such marketing order, as amended.

Annexed hereto and made a part hereof are two documents entitled, respectively, "Marketing Agreement Regulating the Handling of Milk in the Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Marketing Area," and "Order Amending the Order, as Amended, Regulating the Handling of Milk in the Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Marketing Area," which have been decided upon as the detailed and appropriate means of effectuating the foregoing conclusions. These documents shall not become effective unless and until the requirements of § 900.14 of the rules of practice and procedure, as amended, governing proceedings to formulate marketing agreements and orders have been met.

It is hereby ordered that all of this decision, except the attached marketing agreement, be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER. The regulatory provisions of said marketing agreement are identical with those contained in the order, as amended, and as hereby proposed to be further amended by the attached order which will be published with this decision.

This decision filed at Washington, D. C., this 14th day of September 1950.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.

Order[1] Amending the Order, as Amended, Regulating the Handling of Milk in the Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Marketing Area

§ 961.0 *Findings and determinations.* The findings and determinations hereinafter set forth are supplementary and in addition to the findings and determinations previously made in connection with the issuance of the aforesaid order and of each of the previously issued amendments thereto; and all of said previous findings and determinations are hereby ratified and affirmed, except insofar as such findings and determinations may be in conflict with the findings and determinations set forth herein.

(a) *Findings upon the basis of the hearing record.* Pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C., 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure, as amended, governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), a public hearing was held upon certain proposed amendments to the tentative marketing agreement and to the order, as amended, regulating the handling of milk in the Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, marketing area. Upon the basis of the evidence introduced at such hearing and the record thereof, it is found that:

(1) The said order, as amended, and as hereby further amended, and all of the terms and conditions thereof, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act;

(2) The parity prices of milk as determined pursuant to section 2 of the act are not reasonable in view of the price of feeds, available supplies of feeds and other economic conditions which affect market supplies of and demand for milk in the said marketing area and the minimum prices specified in the order, as amended and as hereby further amended, are such prices as will reflect the aforesaid factors, insure a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome milk and be in the public interest; and

(3) The said order, as amended, and as hereby further amended, regulates the handling of milk in the same manner as and is applicable only to persons in the respective classes of industrial and commercial activity specified in a marketing agreement upon which a hearing has been held.

Order relative to handling. It is therefore ordered that on and after the effective date hereof the handling of milk in the Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, marketing area shall be in conformity to and in compliance with the terms and conditions of the aforesaid order, as amended, and as hereby further amended, and the aforesaid order, as amended, is hereby further amended as follows:

1. In § 961.4 (a) delete subparagraph (1) and substitute:

(1) *Class I milk.* $5.84 per hundredweight for milk received from producers during the months October, November and December, 1950, and $5.44 per hundredweight for milk received during the months of January, February, and March 1951.

2. In § 961.4 (b) (1) change the period to a colon and add the following: "*Provided*, That in case of Class I items containing less than 3.0 percent butterfat or more than 6.0 percent butterfat, the rate of differential prescribed in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph based on cream quotations shall apply."

[F. R. Doc. 50-8209; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[1] This order shall not become effective unless and until the requirements of § 900.14 of the rules of practice and procedure, as amended, governing proceedings to formulate marketing agreements and orders have been met.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[47 CFR, Part 3]

TELEVISION BROADCAST SERVICE

ORDER ACCEPTING ENGINEERING STATEMENT AS COMMENT

In the matters of amendment of § 3.606 of the Commission's rules and regulations, Docket Nos. 8736 and 8975; amendment of the Commission's rules, regulations, and engineering standards concerning the television broadcast service, Docket No. 9175; utilization of frequencies in the Band 470 to 890 Mcs. for television broadcasting, Docket No. 8976.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission, held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 6th day of September 1950;

The Commission having under consideration the petition filed August 9, 1950, by Michigan State College requesting permission to file a late comment in above-entitled proceedings proposing that Channel 10 be allocated to Lansing, Michigan; and

It appearing, that good and sufficient reason has been advanced in said petition for the delay in the filing thereof; and that the hearing date for consideration of the proposed allocations has not yet been announced;

It is ordered, That the petition of Michigan State College is granted; that the petition and attached supporting engineering statement are accepted as a comment in the above-entitled proceeding; and that interested parties may file oppositions thereto within 10 days from the date of this order.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8222; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[47 CFR, Part 3]

[Docket Nos. 8736, 8975, 8976, 9175]

TELEVISION BROADCAST SERVICE

FURTHER NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

In the matters of amendment of § 3.606 of the Commission's rules and regulations, Docket Nos. 8736 and 8975; amendment of the Commission's rules, regulations and engineering standards concerning the television broadcast service, Docket No. 9175; utilization of frequencies in the Band 470 to 890 Mcs. for television broadcasting, Docket No. 8976.

Sixth notice of amendment of notice of further proposed rule making and notice of issuance of volume II of the report of Ad Hoc Committee.

1. On June 8, 1949, the Commission issued a "Notice of Issuance of Report of Ad Hoc Committee" (FCC 49-773). That notice dealt with Volume I of said Committee's report and with Reference Reports C to H, inclusive. Volume I, upon which the Commission relied in the preparation of its "Notice of Further Proposed Rule Making" (FCC 49-948) issued herein on July 11, 1949, did not provide a basis for a proposed method of evaluating broadcast service in the presence of multiple sources of interference and consequently said notice contained no proposal with respect to this issue.

2. Notice is hereby given of the issuance by the Ad Hoc Committee of Volume II of its report together with the following references:

Reference I—Report No. 748, "Report on Interference Caused by More Than One Signal", by Raymond M. Wilmotte.

Reference J—FCC TID Report 4.2.3, "Combination of Several Interfering Signals in the VHF Range", by Harry Fine.

Reference K—Unpublished Report, "The Effect on Television Service of Transmitting Antenna Height, Radiated Power, the Use of Off-Set or Synchronized Co-Channel Carriers, and of Correlation Among the Radio Fields Received from Several Transmitters", by Harold Staras.

Reference L—FCC TRR Report 4.2.4, "An Abbreviated Method for Calculating Multiple Interference", by Harry Fine.

Reference M—Unpublished Report, "A Statistical Analysis of Multiple Radio Interference to Television Service", by Harold Staras and Marvin Blum.

The above report deals with a description of a broadcast service in somewhat more detail than the treatment given in Volume I of the Report, and, in addition, describes four methods of evaluating broadcast service in the presence of multiple sources of interference. Condensations of the portions of the references which are pertinent to the description of the four methods have been attached as Appendices to Volume II.

3. Copies of Volume II and associated references have been filed in the docket of the above-entitled proceedings and are available for inspection by interested parties. Copies of Volume II and References I, J and L are available for public distribution while References K and M are not available for such distribution. It should be pointed out that the above Volume II and associated references are highly technical in nature and are somewhat voluminous. The material available for distribution has been reproduced in sufficient quantity to permit distribution to all interested persons, and in particular to those parties who expect to participate in the further proceedings to be conducted herein. Accordingly, copies of Volume II, and of the available references if desired, may be obtained at the Commission's Office of Information or by addressing a request therefor to the Secretary, Federal Communications Commission, Washington 25, D. C.

4. The above "Notice of Further Proposed Rule Making" (FCC 49-948) is hereby amended so that new paragraph IV is added to Appendix B, reading as follows:

IV. *Multiple sources of interference.* The foregoing specifications for the determination of station separations and service radii for the various grades of service do not include the effects of multiple sources of interference. Accordingly, the Commission will consider evidence at the hearing to be held herein concerning the effects of multiple sources of interference (as, for example, interference resulting from ignition, diathermy, oscillators of other television receivers, receiver noise, and one or more co-channel or adjacent channel television stations) on television broadcast service and, in particular, the effects of such interference on the specification of the grades of service set forth in paragraph III-B of Appendix A herein.

5. The Appendix in the Commission's "Fifth Notice of Amendment, etc." (FCC 50-1066) issued on September 1, 1950, is amended so that the following issue shall be listed after issue "A": "Appendix B of Notice of Further Proposed Rule Making (FCC 49-948)".

6. Interested persons (including all parties herein) desiring to submit evidence concerning new paragraph IV to Appendix B as set forth above may do so by filing a letter with the Commission not later than September 26, 1950, indicating their intention to offer such evidence. Persons who so file will be permitted to testify at the hearing herein scheduled to commence at 10 a. m. on October 2, 1950, in the U. S. Department of Commerce Auditorium, 14th Street between E Street and Constitution Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.

Adopted: September 13, 1950.

Released: September 14, 1950.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8223; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

[Misc. 54652]

ARIZONA

ORDER PROVIDING FOR OPENING OF PUBLIC LAND

SEPTEMBER 14, 1950.

In an exchange of lands made under the provisions of section 8 of the Act of June 28, 1934, (48 Stat. 1269), as amended June 26, 1936 (49 Stat. 1976, 43 U. S. C. sec. 315g), the following described lands have been reconveyed to the United States:

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN

T. 9 S., R. 1 W.,
Sec. 16, S½,
T. 7 S., R. 4 W.,
Sec. 2, lots 3 and 4, S½NW¼, E½SE¼,
Sec. 36, NW¼, N½SW¼, SW¼SW¼,
T. 9 S., R. 6 W.,
Sec. 36, SE¼SE¼,
T. 8 S., R. 10 W.,
Sec. 36, S½SE¼, NE¼SE¼,
T. 10 N., R. 10 W.,
Sec. 2, lot 4,
Sec. 16, SE¼,
Sec. 32, N½,
T. 4 S., R. 15 W.,
Sec. 2, S½SE¼,
T. 23 N., R. 17 W.,
Sec. 2, SE¼,
Sec. 16,
T. 7 S., R. 1 E.,
Sec. 36, N½, W½SW¼, NE¼SW¼,
T. 8 S., R. 1 E.,
Sec. 2, 16, 32 and 36,
T. 13 S., R. 23 E.,
Sec. 29, N½SE¼, SW¼SE¼,
T. 10 S., R. 31 E.,
Sec. 36, N½NE¼, SW¼NE¼, SE¼SW¼.

The areas described aggregate 5,666.37 acres.

The lands are primarily suitable for grazing.

No applications for these lands may be allowed under the homestead, small tract, desert-land, or any other nonmineral public-land laws, unless the lands have already been classified as valuable or suitable for such type of ap-

plication, or shall be so classified upon consideration of an application.

This order shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of such lands until 10:00 a. m. on the 35th day after the date of this order. At that time the said lands shall, subject to valid existing rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, become subject to application, petition, location, and selection as follows:

(a) *Ninety-one day period for preference-right filings.* For a period of 91 days, commencing at the hour and on the day specified above, the public lands affected by this order shall be subject only to (1) application under the homestead or the desert-land laws or the Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938, 52 Stat. 609 (43 U. S. C. 682a), as amended, by qualified veterans of World War II and other qualified persons entitled to preference under the act of September 27, 1944, 58 Stat. 747 (43 U. S. C. 279–284), as amended, subject to the requirements of applicable law, and (2) application under any applicable public-land law, based on prior existing valid settlement rights and preference rights conferred by existing laws or equitable claims subject to allowance and confirmation. Applications under subdivision (1) of this paragraph shall be subject to applications and claims of the classes described in subdivision (2) of this paragraph. All applications filed under this paragraph either at or before 10:00 a. m. on the 35th day after the date of this order shall be treated as though filed simultaneously at that time. All applications filed under this paragraph after 10:00 a. m. on the said 35th day shall be considered in the order of filing.

(b) *Date for non-preference-right filings.* Commencing at 10:00 a. m. on the 126th day after the date of this order, any lands remaining unappropriated shall become subject to such application, petition, location, selection, or other appropriation by the public generally as may be authorized by the public-land laws. All such applications filed either at or before 10:00 a. m. on the 126th day after the date of this order, shall be treated as though filed simultaneously at the hour specified on such 126th day. All applications filed thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing.

A veteran shall accompany his application with a complete photostatic, or other copy (both sides), of his certificate of honorable discharge, or of an official document of his branch of the service which shows clearly his honorable discharge as defined in § 181.36 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, or constitutes evidence of other facts upon which the claim for preference is based and which shows clearly the period of service. Other persons claiming credit for service of veterans must furnish like proof in support of their claims. Persons asserting preference rights, through settlement or otherwise, and those having equitable claims, shall accompany their applications by duly corroborated statements in support thereof, setting forth in detail all facts relevant to their claims.

Applications for these lands, which shall be filed in the Land and Survey Office, Phoenix, Arizona, shall be acted upon in accordance with the regulations contained in § 295.8 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations and Part 296 of that title, to the extent that such regulations are applicable. Applications under the homestead laws shall be governed by the regulations contained in Parts 166 to 170, inclusive, of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and applications under the desert-land laws and the said Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938, shall be governed by the regulations contained in Parts 232 and 257, respectively, of that title.

Inquiries concerning these lands shall be addressed to the Manager, Land and Survey Office, Phoenix, Arizona.

[SEAL] WILLIAM ZIMMERMAN, Jr.,
Assistant Director.

[F. R. Doc. 50–8194: Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

[Misc. 55181]

NEVADA

ORDER PROVIDING FOR OPENING OF PUBLIC LANDS

SEPTEMBER 14, 1950.

In an exchange of lands made under the provisions of section 8 of the Act of June 28, 1934 (48 Stat. 1269), as amended June 26, 1936 (49 Stat. 1976, 43 U. S. C. sec. 315g), the following described lands have been reconveyed to the United States:

MOUNT DIABLO MERIDIAN

T. 42 N., R. 19 E.,
Sec. 2, SE¼;
Sec. 3, N½NW¼, NW¼NE¼.
T. 14 N., R. 26 E.,
Sec. 33, NW¼NE¼.
T. 37 N., R. 62 E.,
Sec. 16, N½NW¼.
T. 16 N., R. 63 E.,
Sec. 24, W½NW¼.
T. 17 S., R. 67 E.,
Sec. 19, E½SE¼.

The areas described aggregate 568.26 acres.

The lands are primarily suitable for grazing.

No applications for these lands may be allowed under the homestead, small tract, desert-land, or any other nonmineral public-land laws, unless the lands have already been classified as valuable or suitable for such type of application, or shall be so classified upon consideration of an application.

This order shall not otherwise become effective to change the status of such lands until 10:00 a. m. on the 35th day after the date of this order. At that time the said lands shall, subject to valid existing rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, become subject to application, petition, location, and selection as follows:

(a) *Ninety-one day period for preference-right filings.* For a period of 91 days, commencing at the hour and on the day specified above, the public lands affected by this order shall be subject only to (1) application under the homestead or the desert-land laws or the Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938, 52 Stat. 609 (43 U. S. C. 682a), as amended, by qualified veterans of World War II and other qualified persons entitled to preference under the act of September 27, 1944, 58 Stat. 747 (43 U. S. C. 279–284), as amended, subject to the requirements of applicable law, and (2) application under any applicable public-land law, based on prior existing valid settlement rights and preference rights conferred by existing laws or equitable claims subject to allowance and confirmation. Applications under subdivision (1) of this paragraph shall be subject to applications and claims of the classes described in subdivision (2) of this paragraph. All applications filed under this paragraph either at or before 10:00 a. m. on the 35th day after the date of this order shall be treated as though filed simultaneously at that time. All applications filed under this paragraph after 10:00 a. m. on the said 35th day shall be considered in the order of filing.

(b) *Date for non-preference-right filings.* Commencing at 10:00 a. m. on the 126th day after the date of this order, any lands remaining unappropriated shall become subject to such application, petition, location, selection, or other appropriation by the public generally as may be authorized by the public-land laws. All such applications filed either at or before 10:00 a. m. on the 126th day after the date of this order, shall be treated as though filed simultaneously at the hour specified on such 126th day. All applications filed thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing.

A veteran shall accompany his application with a complete photostatic, or other copy (both sides), of his certificate of honorable discharge, or of an official document of his branch of the service which shows clearly his honorable discharge as defined in § 181.36 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, or constitutes evidence of other facts upon which the claim for preference is based and which shows clearly the period of service. Other persons claiming credit for service of veterans must furnish like proof in support of their claims. Persons asserting preference rights, through settlement or otherwise, and those having equitable claims, shall accompany their applications by duly corroborated statements in support thereof, setting forth in detail all facts relevant to their claims.

Applications for these lands, which shall be filed in the Land and Survey Office, Reno, Nevada, shall be acted upon in accordance with the regulations contained in § 295.8 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations and Part 296 of that title, to the extent that such regulations are applicable. Applications under the homestead laws shall be governed by the regulations contained in Parts 166 to 170, inclusive, of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and applications under the desert-land laws and the said Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938, shall be governed by the regulations contained in Parts 232 and 257, respectively, of that title.

Inquiries concerning these lands shall be addressed to the Manager, Land and Survey Office, Reno, Nevada.

[SEAL] WILLIAM ZIMMERMAN, Jr.,
Assistant Director.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8195; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army

[General Order No. 1]

OPERATION OF RAILROADS

1. *Regional administration.* In order to effectuate the purposes of Executive Order No. 10155 and to provide for the orderly administration, supervision and direction of the transportation systems, possession, control and operation of which have been or hereafter may be taken and assumed in accordance with the terms thereof, seven Regions have been created and established and are hereby confirmed to embrace and include all the real and personal property and other assets used or useful in connection with the operation of the transportation systems of the respective carriers named in Appendix A hereto. At the head of each such Region there shall be a Regional Director, Department of the Army Operation of Railroads, whose name, principal office address and telephone number are also designated in Appendix A hereto, who shall be responsible and report directly to the Chief of Transportation, Department of the Army as Director of Operations. Additionally, and under the jurisdiction of and reporting to the Regional Director in whose Region they are located, subregional offices have been established at Atlanta, Georgia, in the Southern Railway Building, 99 Spring Street SW., Atlanta, Georgia (Southeastern Region), at Houston, Texas, in the Southern Pacific Lines Building, 913 Franklin Avenue, Houston, Texas (Southwestern Region), and at San Francisco, California, in the Southern Pacific Building, 65 Market Street, San Francisco, California (Central Western Region).

2. *Operation of transportation systems by existing management.* The authority and functions of the Managements of the carriers whose transportation systems have been taken under, or may be taken pursuant to the provisions of Executive Order No. 10155 shall be as prescribed in the Executive order, subject to such further orders or regulations as the Secretary of the Army or his authorized delegate, the Assistant Secretary of the Army (GM), may prescribe as therein provided. Any protest against any such order or regulation shall be made to the Assistant Secretary of the Army (GM) through the Chief of Transportation, Department of the Army, as Director of Operations, by the carrier or other person aggrieved, by registered mail or telegram, within fifteen (15) days after the receipt of the particular order or regulation or the publication of such order or regulation in the FEDERAL REGISTER, whichever first occurs. The Chief Executive Officers of the carriers will also report any such protest directly to the Regional Director to whose region their carriers are assigned for administration as indicated in Appendix A.

3. *Suits, attachments and garnishments permitted until further order.* Until further order, carriers will remain subject to suit as heretofore and to the levy of attachments by mesne process, garnishment, execution or otherwise, on or against the property and assets of the carriers, but no receivership, reorganization or similar proceeding affecting any carrier whose transportation system has been, or may hereafter be, taken pursuant to the provisions of Executive Order No. 10155 shall be instituted without the prior written consent of the Chief of Transportation, Department of the Army. Nothing herein shall be deemed to prevent or require approval of any action authorized or required by any interlocutory or final decree of any United States court in reorganization proceedings now pending under the Bankruptcy Act or in any equity receivership cases now pending.

By order of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (GM).

[SEAL] F. A. HEILEMAN,
Major General, U. S. A., Chief of Transportation, Department of the Army, Director of Operations.

APPENDIX A

POCAHONTAS REGION

[Col. R. H. Smith, Regional Director, Roanoke 17, Va., telephone: ROanoke 4-1451]

Corporate name of railroad	Location of operating headquarters	Army area
The Chesapeake & Ohio Ry Co., Chesapeake District	Richmond, Va.	2
Norfolk & Portsmouth Belt Line R. R. Co.	Norfolk, Va.	2
Norfolk & Western Ry. Co.	Roanoke, Va.	2
The Virginian Ry. Co.	Norfolk, Va.	2

EASTERN REGION

[Col. Gustav Metzman, Regional Director, 230 Park Ave., New York 17, N. Y., telephone: MUrray Hill 9-8000]

The Ann Arbor R. R.	Owosso, Mich.	5
Boston & Albany R. R. (The New York Central R. R. Co., Lessee)	New York, N. Y.	1
Boston & Maine R. R.	Boston, Mass.	1
The Buffalo Creek R. R. Co. (Erie R. R. Co. and Lehigh Valley R. R. Co., Lessees).	Buffalo, N. Y.	1
Canadian National Railway Co. Lines in New England	Montreal, Quebec	1
Canadian Pacific Ry. Co. Lines in New England	do.	1
Central Vermont Ry., Inc.	St. Albans, Vt.	1
The Champlain & St. Lawrence R. R. Co. (Canadian National Ry. Co., Lessee).	Montreal, Quebec	1
The Chesapeake & Ohio Ry. Co., Pere Marquette District	Detroit, Mich.	5
Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Ry. Co.	Lafayette, Ind.	5
The Chicago River & Indiana R. R. Co.	Chicago, Ill.	5
The Cincinnati Union Terminal Co.	Cincinnati, Ohio	2
The Cleveland Union Terminals Co.	Cleveland, Ohio	2
The Delaware & Hudson R. R. Corp.	Albany, N. Y.	1
The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co.	New York, N. Y.	1
The Detroit & Toledo Shore Line R. R. Co.	Detroit, Mich.	5
Detroit Terminal R. R. Co.	do.	5
Detroit, Toledo & Ironton R. R. Co.	Dearborn, Mich.	5
Erie R. R. Co.	Cleveland, Ohio	2
The Federal Valley R. R. Co.	do.	2
The Fort St. Union Depot Co.	Detroit, Mich.	5
Grand Trunk Western R. R. Co.	do.	5
Indiana Harbor Belt R. R. Co.	Chicago, Ill.	5
The Lake Terminal R. R. Co.	Lorain, Ohio	2
Lehigh & New England R. R. Co.	Bethlehem, Pa.	2
Lehigh Valley R. R. Co.	New York, N. Y.	1
The Lorain & West Virginia Ry. Co.	Cleveland, Ohio	2
Louisville & Jeffersonville Bridge & R. R. Co.	New York, N. Y.	1
Maine Central R. R. Co.	Portland, Maine	1
The Monongahela Ry. Co.	Pittsburgh, Pa.	2
Montour R. R. Co.	do.	2
The New York Central R. R. Co. N. Y. C. R. R.—Buffalo and East. N. Y. C. R. R.—West of Buffalo. Michigan Central R. R. C. C. C. & St. L. Ry. Peoria & Eastern Ry. Ohio Central.	New York, N. Y.	1
The New York, Chicago & St. Louis R. R. Co.	Cleveland, Ohio	2
The New York, New Haven & Hartford R. R. Co.	New Haven, Conn.	1
New York, Ontario & Western Ry.	Middletown, N. Y.	1
Northampton & Bath R. R. Co.	Northampton, Pa.	2
The Pittsburgh & Lake Erie R. R. Co.	Pittsburgh, Pa.	2
The Pittsburgh & West Virginia Ry. Co.	do.	2
Pittsburgh, Chartiers & Youghiogheny Ry. Co.	do.	2
Portland Terminal Co.	Portland, Maine	1
Toledo, Peoria & Western R. R.	Peoria, Ill.	5
The River Terminal Ry. Co.	Cleveland, Ohio	2
Union Freight R. R. Co. (Boston, Mass.)	Boston, Mass.	1
The United States & Canada R. R. Co. (Canadian National Ry. Co., Lessee)	Montreal, Quebec	1
Wabash R. R. Co.	St. Louis, Mo.	5

SOUTHWESTERN REGION

[Col. Clark Hungerford, Regional Director, Frisco Bldg., St. Louis, Mo., telephone: Chestnut 7-800]

Abilene & Southern Ry. Co.	Dallas, Tex.	4
Alton & Southern R. R.	East St. Louis, Ill.	5
Asherton & Gulf Ry. Co.	Houston, Tex.	4
Asphalt Belt Ry. Co.	do.	4
The Beaumont, Sour Lake & Western Ry. Co.	do.	4
East St. Louis Junction R. R. Co.	National Stock Yards, Ill.	5
Fort Worth & Denver City Ry. Co.	Fort Worth, Tex.	4

APPENDIX A—Continued

SOUTHWESTERN REGION—continued

Corporate name of railroad	Location of operating headquarters	Army area
Galveston, Houston & Henderson R. R. Co.	Galveston, Tex.	4
Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	Galveston, Tex.	4
Houston & Brazos Valley Ry. Co.	Houston, Tex.	4
Houston Belt & Terminal Ry. Co.	do.	4
International-Great Northern R. R. Co.	Palestine, Tex.	4
The Kansas City Southern Ry. Co.	Kansas City, Mo.	5
Kansas City Terminal Ry. Co.	do.	5
Kansas, Oklahoma & Gulf Ry. Co.	Muskogee, Okla.	4
Louisiana & Arkansas Ry. Co.	Kansas City, Mo.	5
Manufacturers Ry. Co.	St. Louis, Mo.	5
Midland Valley R. R. Co.	Muskogee, Okla.	4
Missouri-Kansas-Texas R. R. Co.	St. Louis, Mo.	5
Missouri-Kansas-Texas R. R. Co. of Texas	Dallas, Tex.	4
Missouri Pacific R. R. Co.	St. Louis, Mo.	5
New Iberia & Northern R. R. Co.	Houston, Tex.	4
New Orleans, Texas & Mexico Ry. Co.	Houston, Tex.	4
Oklahoma City-Ada-Atoka Ry. Co.	Muskogee, Okla.	4
The Orange & Northwestern R. R. Co.	Houston, Tex.	4
Panhandle & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	Amarillo, Tex.	4
Rio Grande City Ry Co.	Houston, Tex.	4
San Antonio Southern Ry. Co.	do.	4
San Antonio, Uvalde & Gulf R. R. Co.	do.	4
San Benito and Rio Grande Valley Ry. Co.	do.	4
The St. Louis, Brownsville & Mexico Ry. Co.	do.	4
St. Louis-San Francisco Ry. Co.	St. Louis, Mo.	5
St. Louis-San Francisco & Texas Ry. Co.	do.	5
St. Louis Southwestern Ry. Co.	do.	5
St. Louis Southwestern Ry. Co. of Texas	do.	5
Sugar Land Ry. Co.	Houston, Tex.	4
Terminal R. R. Association of St. Louis	St. Louis, Mo.	5
Texas & New Orleans R. R. Co.	Houston, Tex.	4
The Texas & Pacific Ry. Co.	Dallas, Tex.	4
The Texas Mexican Ry. Co.	Laredo, Tex.	4
Texas-New Mexico Ry. Co.	Dallas, Tex.	4
Texas Pacific-Missouri Pacific Terminal R. R. of New Orleans	New Orleans, La.	4
Texas Short Line Ry. Co.	Dallas, Tex.	4
Union Railway Co. (Memphis, Tenn.)	Memphis, Tenn.	3
The Union Terminal Co.	Dallas, Tex.	4
The Weatherford, Mineral Wells & Northwestern Ry. Co.	do.	4
The Wichita Valley Ry. Co.	Fort Worth, Tex.	4
Fort Worth Belt Ry. Co.	Dallas, Tex.	4

CENTRAL WESTERN REGION

[Col. J. D. Farrington, Regional Director, LaSalle St. Station, Chicago 6, Ill., telephone: Wabash 2-3200]

The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Ry. Co.	Chicago, Ill.	5
The Belt Ry. Co. of Chicago	do.	5
Chicago & Eastern Illinois R. R. Co.	do.	5
Chicago & Illinois Midland Ry. Co.	Springfield, Ill.	5
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R. R. Co.	Chicago, Ill.	5
The Colorado & Southern Ry. Co.	Denver, Colo.	5
Davenport, Rock Island & North Western Ry. Co.	Davenport, Iowa	5
The Denver & Rio Grande Western R. R. Co.	Denver, Colo.	5
Northwestern Pacific R. R. Co.	San Rafael, Calif.	6
Los Angeles Junction Ry. Co.	Los Angeles, Calif.	6
Chicago & Western Indiana R. R. Co.	Chicago, Ill.	5
The Ogden Union Ry. & Depot Co.	Ogden, Utah	6
Oregon, California & Eastern Ry. Co.	[San Francisco, Calif. Klamath Falls, Oreg.	6 6
Peoria & Pekin Union Ry. Co.	Peoria, Ill.	5
San Diego & Arizona Eastern Ry. Co.	San Diego, Calif.	6
St. Joseph Terminal R. R. Co.	St. Joseph, Mo.	5
Union Pacific R. R. Co.	Omaha, Nebr.	5
The Western Pacific R. R. Co.	526 Mission St., San Francisco, Calif.	6
The Colorado & Wyoming Ry. Co.	Denver, Colo.	5
Southern Pacific Co.	San Francisco, Calif.	6

SOUTHEASTERN REGION

[Col. Ernest E. Norris, Regional Director, Southern Ry. Bldg., Washington, D. C., telephone: National 4460]

The Alabama Great Southern R. R. Co.	Washington, D. C.	MDW
Atlantic Coast Line R. R. Co.	Wilmington, N. C.	3

APPENDIX A—Continued

SOUTHEASTERN REGION—continued

Corporate name of railroad	Location of operating headquarters	Army area
Atlanta & West Point R. R. Co.	Atlanta, Ga.	3
Central of Georgia Ry. Co.	Savannah, Ga.	3
Charleston & Western Carolina Ry. Co.	Wilmington, N. C.	3
Cincinnati, Burnside & Cumberland River Ry. Co.	Washington, D. C.	MDW
The Cincinnati, New Orleans & Texas Pacific Ry. Co.	do.	MDW
Clinchfield R. R. Company	Erwin, Tenn.	3
Florida East Coast Ry. Co. (Scott M. Loftin and John W. Martin, Trustees)	St. Augustine, Fla.	3
Georgia R. R.	Atlanta, Ga.	3
Georgia Southern & Florida Ry. Co.	Washington, D. C.	MDW
Gulf, Mobile & Ohio R. R. Co.	Mobile, Ala.	3
Harriman & Northeastern R. R. Co.	Washington, D. C.	MDW
Illinois Central R. R. Co.	Chicago, Ill.	5
Chicago & Illinois Western R. R.	do.	5
Jacksonville Terminal Co.	Jacksonville, Fla.	3
Kentucky & Indiana Terminal R. R. Co.	Louisville, Ky.	3
Louisville & Nashville R. R. Co.	do.	3
The Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Ry.	Nashville, Tenn.	3
New Orleans & Northeastern R. R. Co.	Washington, D. C.	MDW
Norfolk Southern Ry Co.	Norfolk, Va.	3
Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac R. R. Co.	Richmond, Va.	3
Seaboard Air Line R. R. Co.	Norfolk, Va.	3
Southern Ry. Co.	Washington, D. C.	MDW
Tennessee Central Ry. Co.	Nashville, Tenn.	3
The Western Railway of Alabama	Atlanta, Ga.	3
New Orleans Terminal Co.	Washington, D. C.	MDW
St. Johns River Terminal Co.	do.	MDW
Atlanta Terminal Co.	Atlanta, Ga.	3

ALLEGHENY REGION

[Col. Roy B. White, Regional Director, Baltimore & Ohio Bldg., Baltimore and Charles Sts., Baltimore, 1, Md., telephone: LExington 0400]

The Akron, Canton & Youngstown R. R. Co.	Akron, Ohio	2
The Baltimore & Ohio Chicago Terminal R. R. Co.	Chicago, Ill.	5
The Baltimore & Ohio R. R. Co.	Baltimore, Md.	2
Bessemer & Lake Erie R. R. Co.	Pittsburgh, Pa.	2
Brooklyn Eastern District Terminal	Brooklyn, N. Y.	1
Bush Terminal R. R. Co.	do.	1
Chicago Union Station Co.	Chicago, Ill.	5
The Central R. R. Co. of New Jersey	Jersey City, N. J.	1
Central R. R. Co. of Pennsylvania	do.	1
Curtis Bay R. R. Co.	Baltimore, Md.	2
Hudson & Manhattan R. R. Co.	New York, N. Y.	1
The Huntingdon & Broad Top Mountain R. R. & Coal Co. (C. Stevenson Newhall, Trustee).	Huntingdon, Pa.	2
The Indianapolis Union Ry. Co.	Indianapolis, Ind.	5
The Jay St. Connecting R. R.	Brooklyn, N. Y.	1
The Long Island R. R. Co. (David E. Smucker and Hunter L. Delatour, Trustees).	Jamaica, N. Y.	1
McKeesport Connecting R. R. Co.	Pittsburgh, Pa.	2
New York Dock Ry.	Brooklyn, N. Y.	1
The Pennsylvania R. R. Co.	Philadelphia, Pa.	2
Baltimore & Eastern R. R. Co.	do.	2
Pennsylvania-Reading Seashore Lines	Camden, N. J.	1
Reading Co.	Philadelphia, Pa.	2
The Staten Island Rapid Transit Ry. Co.	New York, N. Y.	1
The Washington Terminal Co.	Washington, D. C.	MDW

NORTHWESTERN REGION

[Col. Charles E. Denney, Regional Director, 5th and Jackson Sts., St. Paul 1, Minn., telephone: CEdar 7773, extension 261]

Camas Prairie R. R. Co.	Lewiston, Idaho	6
Chicago & North Western Ry. Co.	Chicago, Ill.	5
Chicago Great Western Ry. Co.	do.	5
Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul & Pacific R. R. Co.	do.	5
Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Ry. Co.	do.	5
Duluth, Missabe & Iron Range Ry. Co.	Duluth, Minn.	6
Iron Range Division.		
Missabe Division.		
Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic R. R. Co.	Marquette, Mich.	5
Duluth, Winnipeg & Pacific Ry. Co.	Montreal, Quebec	5
Elgin, Joliet & Eastern Ry. Co.	Chicago, Ill.	5

APPENDIX A—Continued

NORTHWESTERN REGION—continued

Corporate name of railroad	Location of operating headquarters	Army area
Great Northern Ry. Co.	St. Paul, Minn.	5
Green Bay & Western R. R. Co.	Green Bay, Wis.	5
The Minneapolis & St. Louis Ry. Co.	Minneapolis, Minn.	5
Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie R. R. Co.	do	5
The Minnesota Transfer Ry. Co.	St. Paul, Minn.	5
Northern Pacific Ry. Co.	do	5
The Northern Pacific Terminal Co. of Oregon	Portland, Oreg.	6
Oregon Electric Ry. Co.	do	6
Oregon Trunk Co.	do	6
Sioux City Terminal Ry. Co.	Sioux City, Iowa	5
Spokane, Portland & Seattle Ry. Co.	Portland, Oreg.	6
The Saint Paul Union Depot Co.	St. Paul, Minn.	5
Des Moines Union Ry. Co.	Des Moines, Iowa	5
The Railway Transfer Co. of the City of Minneapolis	Minneapolis, Minn.	5
Kewaunee, Green Bay & Western R. R. Co.	Green Bay, Wis.	5

[F. R. Doc. 50-8215; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Office of the Secretary

CHIEF OF FOREST SERVICE

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO DETERMINE AND ADVISE DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT, WITH RESPECT TO DEVELOPMENT AND UTILIZATION OF MINERAL DEPOSITS

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture, I, Charles F. Brannan, Secretary of Agriculture, do hereby delegate to the Chief of the Forest Service the authority to determine and advise the Director, Bureau of Land Management, whether development and utilization of mineral deposits under authority of the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to the act of June 30, 1950 (Public Law 594, 81st Cong., 2d Sess.), may be permitted and to consent to such development and utilization in accordance with the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture pursuant to the said act of June 30, 1950, subject to such conditions as the Chief of the Forest Service may prescribe for the protection and management of the lands for the purposes for which they have been reserved or are being administered.

The Chief of the Forest Service may delegate to other officers and employees of the Forest Service such of the authority granted hereunder as he may consider desirable.

(5 U. S. C. 22; Pub. Law 594, 81st Cong.)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 14th day of September 1950.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8208; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Federal Maritime Board

COASTWISE LINE AND ALASKA STEAMSHIP CO.

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT AND CONSOLIDATION OF HEARINGS ON APPLICATIONS TO EXTEND BAREBOAT CHARTER AGREEMENTS

Hearing scheduled to be held on September 21, 1950, upon an application of Coastwise Line to extend its bareboat charter agreement with respect to government-owned war-built dry-cargo vessels for use in the Pacific coastwise and Alaska trades, and hearing scheduled to be held on September 22, 1950, upon an application of Alaska Steamship Company to extend its bareboat charter agreement with respect to government-owned war-built dry-cargo vessels for use in the Alaska trade (15 F. R. 6001), are hereby postponed. A consolidated hearing on these applications will be held before Examiner F. J. Horan in Room 4823, Commerce Building, Washington, D. C., beginning at 10 o'clock a. m., e. s. t., October 10, 1950.

Dated September 14, 1950.

By order of the Federal Maritime Board.

[SEAL] A. J. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8216; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.

APPLICATION FOR PERMISSION TO EMPLOY MESSENGERS AT WAGES LOWER THAN MINIMUM WAGE STANDARD; FINAL DECISION OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

Pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (Sec. 14, 52 Stat. 1068; 29 U. S. C. 214), and § 523.4 of the regulations applicable to the employment of messengers, issued thereunder (29 CFR 523.4) the Western Union Telegraph Company on December 13, 1949, filed an application for authority to employ messengers at a rate lower than the minimum wage applicable under section 6 of the act. After due notice, a public hearing on the Company's application was held on December 22 and 23, 28 to 30, 1949, and January 4, 1950, before a Presiding Officer designated by me. Upon the basis of the record made at the hearing, the Presiding Officer on March 3, 1950, concluded that no showing had been made that it is necessary, in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, to provide for the employment of messengers in the telegraph industry at a subminimum wage, and recommended that the application be denied.

Notice of the findings and recommendation of the Presiding Officer was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on March 9, 1950 (15 F. R. 1288) and interested parties were given an opportunity to file exceptions and objections within 15 days. In accordance with the notice, the Western Union Company submitted objections to the Presiding Officer's findings and recommendation and requested oral argument before the Administrator thereon. After due notice to interested parties, oral argument was presented to the Deputy Administrator on June 20, 1950. After reviewing the entire record of the hearing and the arguments presented by the parties both orally and in writing, the Deputy Administrator concurred in the findings and recommendation of the Presiding Officer, and certified the entire record of the proceeding to me.

On the basis of all the evidence adduced in this proceeding and after giving consideration to the provisions of the act, particularly section 14 thereof, and to Part 523 of the regulations issued thereunder, I have concluded that the findings and the recommendation of the Presiding Officer and the Deputy Administrator were made in accordance with law, are supported by the evidence and will carry out the purposes of section 14 of the act.

Accordingly, I hereby adopt the findings and recommendation of the Presiding Officer and of the Deputy Administrator as my own, and the application of the Western Union Telegraph Company for permission to employ messengers at wages lower than the minimum wage applicable under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, is denied.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 15th day of September 1950.

WM. R. MCCOMB,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8221; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. G-1382]

NORTHERN NATURAL GAS CO.

HEARING ORDER AND REVERSING RULINGS OF PRESIDING EXAMINER

SEPTEMBER 12, 1950.

On motion made September 2, 1950, the hearing in the above-entitled matter was recessed by the Presiding Examiner to reconvene on September 18, 1950, at a place to be designated by the Commission.

During the said hearing Northern Natural Gas Company appealed to the Commission under § 1.28 of the rules of practice and procedure certain rulings of the Presiding Examiner, who referred the appeal to the Commission for determination. The rulings in question pertain to the striking and sustaining of objections to evidence concerning estimated costs and revenues of a system capacity designed to transport and sell 600,000,000 cubic feet of natural gas per day.

Upon consideration of the motion and the appeal of Northern Natural Gas Company the Commission concludes that the reconvened hearing should be held

in Omaha, Nebraska, and that the said rulings of the Presiding Examiner as to excluding evidence on the basis of the transportation and sale of 600,000,000 cubic feet daily of natural gas should be reversed.

The Commission orders: The hearing in this matter be reconvened on September 18, 1950, in Omaha, Nebraska, and the aforesaid rulings of the Presiding Examiner be and the same hereby are reversed insofar as such rulings are based on the aforesaid 600,000,000 cubic feet daily system capacity.

Date of Issuance: September 14, 1950.

By the Commission. Acting Chairman Buchanan concurring as to reconvening of hearing in Omaha, but dissenting as to reversal of the rulings of the Presiding Examiner.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8196; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1382]

NORTHERN NATURAL GAS CO.

ORDER POSTPONING HEARING

SEPTEMBER 14, 1950.

The Commission having under further consideration the time and place for reconvening the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding now set for September 18, 1950, in Omaha, Nebraska, and as the evidence to be adduced at the reconvened hearing by Northern Natural Gas Company will relate to estimated revenues, expenses and costs applicable to a larger system capacity for the transportation and sale of natural gas than existed at the time of the filing of the suspended rate schedules, further time should be afforded the Commission's staff to make an investigation relating thereto.

The Commission orders: The hearing in this matter now set to reconvene on September 18, 1950, in Omaha, Nebraska, be and it hereby is postponed to commence at 10:00 a. m., on October 23, 1950, in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C.

Date of Issuance: September 14, 1950.

By the Commission. Acting Chairman Buchanan dissenting for the reason that he favors postponement for a longer period.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8197; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1444]

MIDSOUTH GAS CO. AND ARKANSAS POWER AND LIGHT CO.

ORDER FIXING DATE OF HEARING

SEPTEMBER 14, 1950.

On July 19, 1950, MidSouth Gas Company (Applicant) an Arkansas Corporation with its principal place of business in Little Rock, Arkansas, filed an application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, authorizing the acquisition and operation of certain natural gas facilities subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, all as more fully described in such application on file with the Commission and open to the public.

Applicant has requested that this application be heard under the shortened procedure provided by § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure (18 CFR 1.32 (b)) for non-contested proceedings, and it appears to be a proper one for disposition under the aforesaid rule, provided no request to be heard, protest or petition raising an issue of substance is filed subsequent to the giving of due notice of the filing of the application including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on August 2, 1950 (15 F. R. 4960-61).

The Commission orders:

(A) Pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a public hearing be held on September 26, 1950, at 9:45 a. m. (e. s. t.) in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., concerning the matters involved and the issues presented by such application; provided, however, that the Commission may, after a non-contested hearing, forthwith dispose of the proceeding pursuant to the provisions of § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

(B) Interested State commissions may participate as provided by §§ 1.8 and 1.37 (f) (18 CFR 1.8 and 1.37 (f)) of the said rules of practice and procedure.

Date of Issuance: September 14, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8198; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

[Docket No. E-6313]

GULF PUBLIC SERVICE CO., INC.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE, DIRECTING SERVICE OF STAFF REPORT, AND SETTING HEARING

SEPTEMBER 12, 1950.

Under the provisions of Electric Plant Accounts Instruction 2-D of the Commission's Uniform System of Accounts Prescribed for Public Utilities and Licensees, effective January 1, 1937, and the Commission's order of May 11, 1937, relating to original cost and reclassification studies, public utilities within the meaning of that term as used in the Federal Power Act were required to complete and file with the Commission reclassification and original cost studies of electric plant not later than two years after the effective date of the system of accounts, namely, January 1, 1939.

On June 27, 1947, the Commission, in authorizing Gulf Public Service Company, Inc. (hereinafter and in the attached staff report sometimes referred to as Gulf Public Service Company) to issue securities found that company to be such a "public utility" (Docket No. IT-6062). The Company did not seek judicial review of the Commission's determination but subsequently refused to file its reclassification and original cost studies, stating that it was not a "public utility". On August 19, 1949, after extended correspondence, the Company filed its studies but refused to grant the Commission's staff access to its books and records for the purpose of reviewing these studies. Following more correspondence and conversations the Company by letter dated January 3, 1950, agreed to accord such access beginning May 15, 1950. Subsequently, it requested that the review of the books and records be deferred until the completion of a field study by the staff to determine whether the Company owns or operates facilities for the transmission and sale at wholesale of electric energy in interstate commerce.

Members of the Commission's staff have recently completed such field examination and have submitted a report entitled "Field Study of Gulf Public Service Company—De Quincy, DeRidder-Leesville District, Crowley-Eunice, Jeanerette-New Iberia and Covington District Systems," which report is herewith served on Gulf Public Service Company.

From the staff's report it appears that the Company may own and operate facilities in each of the above named systems for the transmission or sale at wholesale of electric energy which is generated in the States of Texas or Mississippi and consumed at points outside the State in which it is generated, including facilities which are in addition to, and do not include facilities for the generation of electric energy, facilities used in local distribution, or only for the transmission of electric energy in intrastate commerce, or facilities for the transmission of electric energy consumed wholly by the transmitter. The Company may, therefore, be a public utility within the meaning of that term as used in the Federal Power Act.

The Commission orders:

(A) Gulf Public Service Company shall show cause, if any there be, under oath:

(i) Why the Commission should not find and determine that it is a "public utility" within the meaning of that term as used in the Federal Power Act.

(ii) In the event that Gulf Public Service Company is found to be a "public utility" within the meaning of that term as used in the Federal Power Act, why the Commission should not require it to comply with the provisions of the Federal Power Act, and the general rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, applicable to public utilities.

(B) The Secretary shall serve upon Gulf Public Service Company a copy of the staff's report, referred to above, concurrently with the service of this order.

(C) Gulf Public Service Company shall submit its response to this order and to the above-mentioned report in writing, on or before September 25, 1950.

(D) Gulf Public Service Company's response shall be in the form of an offer of proof; shall set forth with particularity the facts upon which it relies; shall state whether it admits or denies the accuracy of the facts as stated in the report; and shall state upon what facts, if any, or what conclusions, it desires opportunity to introduce evidence and to be heard. Denials of the allegations of this order and of the statements in the staff report which are general and unsupported by specific facts upon which it relies will not be considered as complying with this order.

(E) A public hearing be held in the Commission's Hearing Room, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., commencing at 10:00 a. m. (e. s. t.) on October 4, 1950, with respect to the issues involved in this proceeding.

(F) Interested State commissions may participate in the hearing ordered in paragraph (E), as provided by §§ 1.8 and 1.37 (f) of the Commission's general rules and regulations including rules of practice and procedure, dated January 1, 1948 (18 CFR 1.8 and 1.37 (f)).

Date of issuance: September 14, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8199; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Docket No. 5741]

NORLON CORP. ET AL.

ORDER APPOINTING TRIAL EXAMINER

In the matter of Norlon Corporation, a corporation, and E. Edward Shinkel, Milton L. Marks, Ralph S. Marks and John J. Anthony, individually and as officers of said corporation.

This matter being at issue and ready for the taking of testimony and the receipt of evidence, and pursuant to authority vested in the Federal Trade Commission,

It is ordered, That Clyde M. Hadley, a trial examiner of this Commission, be and he hereby is designated and appointed to take testimony and receive evidence in this proceeding and to perform all other duties authorized by law;

Issued: September 13, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] D. C. DANIEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8219; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 7-1249]

NEW YORK STATE ELECTRIC & GAS CORP.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR UNLISTED TRADING PRIVILEGES, AND OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 14th day of September A. D. 1950.

In the matter of Application by the Boston Stock Exchange for unlisted trading privileges in New York State Electric & Gas Corporation, Common Stock, No. Par Value. File No. 7-1249.

The Boston Stock Exchange, pursuant to section 12 (f) (2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-12F-1 thereunder, has made application for unlisted trading privileges in the Common Stock, No Par Value, of New York State Electric & Gas Corporation, a security listed and registered on the New York Stock Exchange.

Rule X-12F-1 provides that the applicant shall furnish a copy of the application to the issuer and to every exchange on which the security is listed or already admitted to unlisted trading privileges. The application is available for public inspection at the Commission's principal office in Washington, D. C.

Notice is hereby given that, upon request of any interested person received prior to September 26, 1950, the Commission will set this matter down for hearing. In addition, any interested person may submit his views or any additional facts bearing on this application by means of a letter addressed to the Secretary of the Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D. C. If no one requests a hearing on this matter, this application will be determined by order of the Commission on the basis of the facts stated in the application, and other information contained in the official file of the Commission pertaining to this matter.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8200; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[File No. 7-1247]

INTERNATIONAL PACKERS LIMITED

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR UNLISTED TRADING PRIVILEGES, AND OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 14th day of September A. D. 1950.

In the matter of Application by the Boston Stock Exchange for unlisted trading privileges in International Packers Limited, Common Stock, $15 Par Value, File No. 7-1247.

The Boston Stock Exchange, pursuant to section 12 (f) (2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-12F-1 thereunder, has made application for unlisted trading privileges in the Common Stock, $15 Par Value, of International Packers Limited, a security listed and registered on the New York Stock Exchange and on the Midwest Stock Exchange.

Rule X-12F-1 provides that the applicant shall furnish a copy of the application to the issuer and to every exchange on which the security is listed or already admitted to unlisted trading privileges. The application is available for public inspection at the Commission's principal office in Washington, D. C.

Notice is hereby given that, upon request of any interested person received prior to September 26, 1950, the Commission will set this matter down for hearing. In addition, any interested person may submit his views or any additional facts bearing on this application by means of a letter addressed to the Secretary of the Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D. C. If no one requests a hearing on this matter, this application will be determined by order of the Commission on the basis of the facts stated in the application, and other information contained in the official file of the Commission pertaining to this matter.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8201; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 25416]

PETROLEUM FROM AGAWAM, OKLA., TO INTERSTATE POINTS

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 15, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: D. Q. Marsh, Agent, for and on behalf of carriers parties to the tariffs listed below.

Commodities involved: Petroleum and its products, carloads.

From: Agawam, Okla.

To: Points in Southwestern, Illinois, Western Trunk Line, Official and Southern territories.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes and to maintain grouping.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: D. Q. Marsh's tariffs I. C. C. Nos. 3585, 3821, 3802, 3825, 3651, 3724, 3723 and 3494, Supplements 425, 54, 70, 75, 235, 120, 130, and 198, respectively.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed

within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8211: Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 25417]

MOTOR-RAIL RATES—THE NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN AND HARTFORD RAILROAD COMPANY

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 15, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company for itself and on behalf of the Moshassuck Transportation Co.

Commodities involved: Class and commodity rates.

Between: Springfield and Worcester, Mass., on the one hand, and Harlem River, N. Y., on the other.

Grounds for relief: Competition with motor carriers.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8212: Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 25418]

VEHICLE PARTS FROM JACKSON, MISS., TO PACIFIC COAST POINTS

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

SEPTEMBER 15, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for and on behalf of carriers parties to Agent L. E. Kipp's tariffs I. C. C. Nos. 1536 and 1537.

Commodities involved: Vehicle material, unfinished, bows (automobile), wooden, in the white or creosoted, carloads.

From: Jackson, Miss.

To: North and South Pacific Coast points.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8213: Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

UNITED STATES TARIFF COMMISSION

[List No. D-7-5]

GUNLITE, INC.

COMPLAINT DISMISSED

SEPTEMBER 15, 1950.

Complaint as listed below heretofore filed with the Tariff Commission for investigation under the provisions of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930 has been dismissed.

Name of article	Purpose of request	Date received	Name and address of complainant
Pistol-simulating cigarette lighters.....	Exclusion from entry.	July 26, 1950	Gunlite, Inc., New York, N. Y.

By direction of the Commission.

[SEAL] DONN N. BENT, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8217; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[List No. D-66]

NATIONAL ASSN. OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE IMPORTERS, INC.

APPLICATION FOR INVESTIGATION DENIED AND DISMISSED

SEPTEMBER 15, 1950.

Application as listed below heretofore filed with the Tariff Commission for investigation under the provisions of section 336 of the Tariff Act of 1930 has been denied and dismissed.

Name of article	Purpose of request	Date Received	Name and address of applicant
Grape wines containing more than 14 percent of alcohol by volume (par. 804, Tariff Act of 1930).	Decrease in duty.	June 30, 1950	National Association of Alcoholic Beverage Importers, Inc., Washington, D. C.

By direction of the Commission.

[SEAL] DONN N. BENT, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-8218; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616, E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 15037]

ELWA-ELEKTRO A. G.

In re: U. S. Letters Patent No. 2,211,474 owned by Elwa-Elektro A. G., Zurich, Switzerland.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Willy Müller, who, on or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended and on or since December 11, 1941, has been a resident of Germany, is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That Elwa-Elektro A. G. is a corporation organized under the laws of Switzerland, whose principal place of business is located in Zurich, Switzerland, and is, or since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has been controlled by, or a substantial part of the stock of which is, or on or since said date has been owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the aforesaid Willy Müller, and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That the property described as follows: All right, title and interest, including all accrued royalties and all

damages and profits recoverable at law or in equity from any person, firm, corporation or government for past infringement thereof, in and to the following United States Letters Patent:

Patent No.	Date of issue	Inventor	Title
2,211,474	Aug. 13, 1940	Willy Muller	Lifting Platform.

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, and is property of Elwa-Elektro A. G., the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof are not within a designated enemy country (Germany), the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meaning prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8224; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15059]

JUBEI SAIKI

In re: Rights of Jubei Saiki under insurance contract. File No. F-39-4503-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Jubei Saiki, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 8 994 390, issued by the New York Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Jubei Saiki, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8225; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15060]

TANI SAYEGUSA

In re: Rights of Tani Sayegusa under insurance contract. File No. F-39-1538-H-3.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Tani Sayegusa, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 1,347,538, issued by the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, to Shiro Sayegusa, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds (including without limitation the right to proceed for collection against branch offices and legal reserves maintained in the United States), is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8226; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15061]

DORA SCHMIDT

In re: Rights of Dora Schmidt (Mrs. Georg Guttler) under insurance contracts. File Nos. F-28-257-H-4, H-5.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Dora Schmidt (Mrs. Georg Guttler), whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under contracts of insurance evidenced by policy Nos. 12,860,657 and and 12,860,658, issued by the New York Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Dora Schmidt (Mrs. Georg Guttler), together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall

have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8227; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15062]

HATSUJIRO SHIJO

In re: Rights of Hatsujiro Shijo under insurance contract. File No. D-39-19027-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Hatsujiro Shijo, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 1,142,895, issued by the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, to Hatsujiro Shijo, together with the right to demand, receive and collect net, said net proceeds (including without limitation the right to proceed for collection against branch offices and legal reserves maintained in the United States), is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8228; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15063]

YOSHIO AND AI SHIOSAKA

In re: Rights of Yoshio Shiosaka and Ai Shiosaka under insurance contract. File No. F-39-1635-H-2.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended; Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Yoshio Shiosaka and Ai Shiosaka, whose last known address is Japan, are residents of Japan and nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 398,275, issued by the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company, Toronto, Canada, to Yoshio Shiosaka, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds (including without limitation the right to proceed for collection against branch offices and legal reserves maintained in the United States), is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Yoshio Shiosaka or Ai Shiosaka, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8229; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15064]

TATSUO SUZUKI

In re: Rights of Tatsuo Suzuki under insurance contract. File No. F-39-4994-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Tatsuo Suzuki, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. WS-72943, issued by the California-Western States Life Insurance Company, Sacramento, California, to Tatsuo Suzuki, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8230; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15065]

TARUNO TAKIMOTO

In re: Rights of Taruno (Teruno) Takimoto under insurance contract. File No. F-39-5457-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Taruno (Teruno) Takimoto, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. WS-36936, issued by the California-Western States Life Insurance Company, Sacramento, California, to Natsugi Takimoto, to-

gether with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8231; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15066]

FUKUJI TOMITA

In re: Rights of Fukuji Tomita under insurance contract. File No. D-39-18670-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Fukuji Tomita, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. WS-64329, issued by the California-Western States Life Insurance Company, Sacramento, California, to Fukuji Tomita, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8232; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15067]

LISE LOTTE TILSEN TRABERT

In re: Rights of Lise Lotte Tilsen Trabert under insurance contracts. File No. F-28-28344-H-1 and H-2.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Lise Lotte Tilsen Trabert, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under contracts of insurance evidenced by Policies Nos. 2,705,291 and 9,920,589 issued by the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, New York, New York, to George C. Trabert, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8233; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15068]

KUNISHIGE UMEKI

In re: Rights of Kunishige Umeki under insurance contract. File No. D-39-14510-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Kunishige Umeki, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. WS-128129, issued by the California-Western States Life Insurance Company, Sacramento, California, to Kunishige Umeki, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8234; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15069]

ELFRIEDE VOR DER WOSTE

In re: Rights of Elfriede Vor der Woste under insurance contract. File No. F-28-30780-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Alfriede Vor der Woste, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 81 559 766, issued by The Prudential Insurance Company of America, Newark, New Jersey, to Elfriede Vor der Woste, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on August 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] PAUL V. MYRON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8235; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 15078]

ANNA MICHAELIS

In re: Interests in oil, gas and other minerals in and under certain real property, and claims owned by Anna Michaelis.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Anna Michaelis, whose last known address is Hamburg-Schnelsen 5, Burg-Wedel, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. An undivided 90/5120ths interest in and to all of the oil, gas and other minerals in and under and that may be produced from the following described lands situated in Pottawatomie County, State of Oklahoma, to wit:

The Northeast Quarter (NE¼) of the Northeast Quarter (NE¼) of Section Seventeen (17), Township Seven North (7N), Range Four East (4E),

together with any and all claims for rents, refunds, royalties, benefits or other payments arising from the ownership of such interest,

b. An undivided 110/5120ths interest in and to all of the oil, gas and other minerals in and under and that may be produced from the following described lands situated in Pottawatomie County, State of Oklahoma, to wit:

The Southeast Quarter (SE¼) of the Northeast Quarter (NE¼) of Section Seventeen (17), Township Seven North (7N), Range Four East (4E),

together with any and all claims for rents, refunds, royalties, benefits or other payments arising from the ownership of such interest,

c. An undivided 120/5120ths interest in and to all of the oil, gas and other minerals in and under and that may be produced from the following described lands situated in Pottawatomie County, State of Oklahoma, to wit:

The Southwest Quarter (SW¼) of the Northeast Quarter (NE¼) of Section Seventeen (17), Township Seven North (7N), Range Four East (4E),

together with any and all claims for rents, refunds, royalties, benefits or other payments arising from the ownership of such interest,

d. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Anna Michaelis by Sinclair Oil & Gas Company, Sinclair Building, Tulsa, Oklahoma, arising from royalties accrued with respect to the mineral interests described in subparagraphs 2-a, 2-b, and 2-c above, owned by said Anna Michaelis, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

e. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Anna Michaelis by Gulf Oil Corporation, Gulf Building, Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania, arising from royalties accrued with respect to the mineral interest described in subparagraph 2-b above, owned by said Anna Michaelis, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

f. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Anna Michaelis by Deep Rock Oil Corporation, Atlas Life Building, Tulsa 2, Oklahoma, arising from royalties accrued with respect to the mineral interest described in subparagraph 2-c above, owned by said Anna Michaelis, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraphs 2-a to 2-c hereof, inclusive, subject to recorded liens, encumbrances and other rights of record held by or for persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries, and

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraphs 2-d to 2-f hereof, inclusive,

All such property so vested to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States,

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 12, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8236; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Return Order 741]

MRS. ANTONIA PECHAR AND JOHANN ROBERT PECHAR

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim Number, Notice of Intention to Return Published, and Property

Mrs. Antonia Pechar and Johann Robert Pechar, both of Gratkorn, Styria, Austria; Claim No. 11472; August 2, 1950 (15 F. R. 4966); to Mrs. Antonia Pechar, $2,432.68 cash in the Treasury of the United States; to Mrs. Antonia Pechar and Johann Robert Pechar all right, title and interest of Mrs. Antonie (Antonie) Pechar and Johann Robert Pechar in and to the trust established under the Will of John Pechar, deceased;

trust is being administered by Irving Trust Company, New York, N. Y.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8238; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Return Order 742]

EMIL OETTINGER AND ROBERT GOLDSCHMIDT

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim Number, Notice of Intention to Return Published, and Property

Emil Oettinger, New York, N. Y.; and Robert Goldschmidt, London, England; Claim No. 32591; August 4, 1950 (15 F. R. 5036); $45.00 in the Treasury of the United States to each claimant.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8239; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Return Order 743]

CHRISTINE TILL

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim Number, Notice of Intention to Return Published, and Property

Christine Till, Braybourne, Sasqua-Hills, East Norwalk, Conn., Claim No. 6389; August 12, 1950 (15 F. R. 5324); $1,748.67 in the Treasury of the United States.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C. on September 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8240; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[Return Order 744]

EMILIANO FERRARI ET AL.

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim Number, Notice of Intention to Return Published, and Property

Emiliano Ferrari, Borgo Val di Taro, San Quirico, Cacciarasca, Parma, Italy, Claim No. 45400; Ida Ferrari, Borgo Val di Taro, San Quirico, Cacciarasca, Parma, Italy, Claim No. 45401; Giuseppina Ferrari, Borgo Val di Taro, San Quirico, Cacciarasca, Parma, Italy; Claim No. 45402; July 4, 1950 (15 F. R. 4254); all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Emiliano Ferrari, Ida Ferrari and Giuseppina Ferrari, and each of them, in and to the Estate of David Ferrari, deceased, presently in the process of administration by Palmira Mambretti, Administratrix, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the City and County of San Francisco.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on September 14, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-8237; Filed, Sept. 19, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]