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TITLE 3—THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10135

FURTHER EXTENSION OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 9898 [1] OF OCTOBER 14, 1947, AS AMENDED, SUSPENDING THE EIGHT-HOUR LAW AS TO LABORERS AND MECHANICS EMPLOYED BY THE DEPARTMENTS OF THE ARMY AND THE AIR FORCE ON CERTAIN PUBLIC WORKS

WHEREAS Executive Order No. 9898 of October 14, 1947, as amended by Executive Order No. 9926 [2] of January 17, 1948, and as extended by Executive Order No. 9974 [3] of July 1, 1948, and Executive Order No. 10064 [4] of June 30, 1949, suspends until July 1, 1950, the provisions of section 1 of the act of August 1, 1892, 27 Stat. 340, as amended by the act of March 3, 1913, 37 Stat. 726 (the eight-hour law) as to all work performed by laborers and mechanics employed by the Department of the Army or the Department of the Air Force with respect to which the Secretary of the Army or the Secretary of the Air Force, respectively, shall find suspension essential to (1) the supply and maintenance of the military or naval forces, (2) the completion of essential construction, or (3) the fulfillment of international commitments: *Provided*, that the wages of all laborers and mechanics so employed shall be computed on a basic day rate of eight hours of work with overtime to be paid at time and one-half for all hours of work in excess of eight hours in any one day; and

WHEREAS I find that the extraordinary emergency described in the said Executive Order No. 9898 and constituting the basis of the suspension effected thereby still exists:

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the authority vested in me by section 1 of the said act of August 1, 1892, as amended by the said act of March 3, 1913, and as President of the United States, I hereby further extend the provisions of the said Executive Order No. 9898 of October 14, 1947, as amended by Executive Order No. 9926 of January 17, 1948, to July 1, 1951.

This order shall become effective on July 1, 1950.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
June 30, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5845; Filed, June 30, 1950; 4:25 p. m.]

[1] 3 CFR, 1947 Supp.
[2] 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.
[3] 3 CFR, 1949 Supp.

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10136

FURTHER AMENDMENT OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 10084 [1] OF OCTOBER 12, 1949, PRESCRIBING REGULATIONS FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE CAREER COMPENSATION ACT OF 1949

By virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Career Compensation Act of 1949, approved October 12, 1949 (Public Law 351, 81st Congress), Executive Order No. 10084 of October 12, 1949, entitled "Prescribing Regulations for the Administration of Certain Provisions of the Career Compensation Act of 1949", as amended by Executive Orders No. 10098 [2] of January 25, 1950, and No. 10118 [3] of March 27, 1950, is hereby further amended as follows:

1. To the extent that such order adopts and prescribes regulations required or authorized to be prescribed by the President under sections 201 (e), 204, 206, and 501 (d) of the Career Compensation Act of 1949 it shall continue in effect until August 31, 1950.

2. To the extent that such order adopts and prescribes regulations required or authorized to be prescribed by the President under section 302 of the Career Compensation Act of 1949 it shall continue in effect until September 30, 1950.

[1] 3 CFR, 1949 Supp.
[2] 15 F. R. 461.
[3] 15 F. R. 1767.

(Continued on p. 4241)

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THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

FEDERAL REGISTER

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CODIFICATION GUIDE

A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue. Proposed rules, as opposed to final actions, are identified as such.

CODIFICATION GUIDE—Con.

This order shall become effective on July 1, 1950.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
June 30, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5846; Filed, June 30, 1950; 4:25 p. m.]

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10137

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 10077[1] OF SEPTEMBER 7, 1949, ENTITLED "TRANSFER OF THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE ISLAND OF GUAM FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY TO THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR"

By virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States, and finding such action to be in the public interest, Executive Order No. 10077 of September 7, 1949, which transfers the adminstration of the Island of Guam from the Secretary of the Navy to the Secretary of the Interior and revokes Executive Order No. 108-A of December 23, 1898, effective as of July 1, 1950, is hereby amended by changing the effective date of such transfer of administration and such revocation to August 1, 1950.

This order shall become effective on June 30, 1950.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
June 30, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5847; Filed, June 30, 1950; 4:25 p. m.]

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10138

CREATING AN EMERGENCY BOARD TO INVESTIGATE DISPUTE BETWEEN THE TOLEDO, LORAIN & FAIRPORT DOCK COMPANY AND CERTAIN OF ITS EMPLOYEES

WHEREAS a dispute exists between the Toledo, Lorain & Fairport Dock Company, a carrier, and certain of its employees represented by the International Longshoremen's Association, A. F. of L., a labor organization; and

WHEREAS this dispute has not heretofore been adjusted under the provisions of the Railway Labor Act, as amended; and

WHEREAS this dispute, in the judgment of the National Mediation Board, threatens substantially to interrupt interstate commerce to a degree such as to deprive a section of the country of essential transportation service:

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the authority vested in me by section 10 of the Railway Labor Act, as amended (45 U. S. C. 160), I hereby create a board of three members, to be appointed by me, to investigate the said dispute. No member of the said board shall be pecuniarily or otherwise interested in any organization of railway employees or any carrier.

The board shall report its findings to the President with respect to the said dispute within thirty days from the date of this order.

As provided by section 10 of the Railway Labor Act, as amended, from this date and for thirty days after the board has made its report to the President, no change, except by agreement, shall be made by the Toledo, Lorain & Fairport Dock Company or its employees in the conditions out of which the said dispute arose.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
July 3, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5884; Filed, July 3, 1950; 12:46 p. m.]

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10139

CREATING AN EMERGENCY BOARD TO INVESTIGATE DISPUTE BETWEEN THE TOLEDO LAKEFRONT DOCK COMPANY AND CERTAIN OF ITS EMPLOYEES

WHEREAS a dispute exists between the Toledo Lakefront Dock Company, a carrier, and certain of its employees represented by the International Longshoremen's Association, Local 158, A. F. of L., a labor organization; and

WHEREAS this dispute has not heretofore been adjusted under the provisions of the Railway Labor Act, as amended; and

WHEREAS this dispute, in the judgment of the National Mediation Board, threatens substantially to interrupt interstate commerce to a degree such as to deprive a section of the country of essential transportation service:

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the authority vested in me by section 10 of the Railway Labor Act, as amended (45 U. S. C. 160), I hereby create a board of three members, to be appointed by me, to investigate the said dispute. No member of the said board shall be pecuniarily or otherwise interested in any organization of railway employees or any carrier.

The board shall report its findings to the President with respect to the said dispute within thirty days from the date of this order.

As provided by section 10 of the Railway Labor Act, as amended, from this date and for thirty days after the board has made its report to the President, no change, except by agreement, shall be made by the Toledo Lakefront Dock Company or its employees in the conditions out of which the said dispute arose.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
July 3, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5883; Filed, July 3, 1950; 12:46 p. m.]

RULES AND REGULATIONS

TITLE 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter I—Civil Service Commission

PART 24—FORMAL EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS FOR APPOINTMENT TO CERTAIN SCIENTIFIC, TECHNICAL, AND PROFESSIONAL POSITIONS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. Paragraph (a) of § 24.108 is amended to read as follows:

§ 24.108 *Social Worker—Public Welfare Adviser (Child Welfare) GS-102-9-13*—(a) *Educational requirement.* Applicants must have completed 2 years (1 year for legislation specialists) of study in an accredited school of social work, including courses in case work, child welfare, and supervised field work in case work.

2. Paragraph (a) of § 24.109 is amended to read as follows:

§ 24.109 *Social Worker — Public Welfare Advisor (Psychiatric and Medical), GS-185-12-13 and GS-102-11-13*—(a) *Educational requirement.* Applicants must have completed 2 years of study in an accredited school of social work, including courses in case work, psychiatric information, medical information, and supervised field work in case work.

3. Section 24.110 is hereby added as follows:

§ 24.110 *Social Worker, Public Welfare Adviser (Public Assistance), GS-102-9-13*—(a) *Educational requirement.* Applicants must have completed 1 year of study in an accredited school of social work, including courses in case work and supervised field work in case work.

(b) *Duties.* Social workers, Public Welfare Advisers (Public Assistance), render advisory services for operating social welfare programs in the development and carrying out on a nation-wide basis of a broad public welfare program for financial assistance and case work services to the needy aged, needy blind, and dependent children. They exercise leadership in assisting State welfare departments to use effectively Federal and State resources and to develop programs not only to meet economic need but also to develop and strengthen case work services. They advise State welfare departments on legislation, organization, social policies, and methods of social investigations and social treatment that will facilitate efficient and equitable ad-

[1] 3 CFR, 1949 Supp.

ministration by the States and extend to individual recipients opportunity to utilize fully benefits and services. They report back to the Federal agency on the impact of the program in communities and in typical individual case situations for the purpose of guiding the development or modification of policy.

(c) *Knowledge and training requisite for performance of duties.* The duties require a knowledge of the field of social case work and public welfare administration. An understanding of the norms of individual behavior and family life, typical deviations from these norms, the effects of financial dependency upon the individual and society, economic risks against which safeguards should be provided, knowledge of the principles of the social investigation and social treatment are required. This knowledge can be acquired only through the completion of the training shown in paragraph (a) of this section in which there is competent instruction and integration of principles and techniques through carefully supervised practice in a controlled setting and the application of sound standards in evaluation of progress.

(Sec. 11, 58 Stat. 390; 5 U. S. C. 860. Interprets or applies sec. 5, 58 Stat. 388; 5 U. S. C. 854)

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] HARRY B. MITCHELL,
Chairman.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5766; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

PART 29—RETIREMENT

DESIGNATION OF BENEFICIARY

Section 29.9 is amended to read as follows:

§ 29.9 *Designation of beneficiary.* (a) The designation of beneficiary shall be in writing, signed and witnessed, and received in the Civil Service Commission prior to the death of the designator.

(b) No change or cancellation of beneficiary in a last will or testament, or in any other document not witnessed and filed as required by this section shall have any force or effect.

(c) A witness to a designation of beneficiary is ineligible to receive payment as a beneficiary.

(d) Any person, firm, corporation, or legal entity may be named as beneficiary.

(e) A change of beneficiary may be made at any time and without the knowledge or consent of the previous beneficiary, and this right cannot be waived or restricted.

(f) All designations received in the Civil Service Commission before September 1, 1950, shall be null and void, except where an application for benefits based on the designator's death is received in the Commission prior to January 1, 1951.

(g) This section shall apply to designations, changes or revocations of beneficiary by employees or former employees subject to the act of May 29, 1930, as amended.

(Sec. 17, 46 Stat. 478; 5 U. S. C. 709. Interprets or applies sec. 12, as amended; 5 U. S. C., Sup. 724)

UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,
[SEAL] HARRY B. MITCHELL,
Chairman.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5767; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter I—Production and Marketing Administration (Standards, Inspections, Marketing Practices), Department of Agriculture

PART 51—FRESH FRUITS, VEGETABLES, AND OTHER PRODUCTS (INSPECTION, CERTIFICATION, AND STANDARDS)

UNITED STATES STANDARDS FOR GREEN CORN

On May 24, 1950, a notice of rule making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (F. R. Doc. 50-4389; 15 F. R. 3157) regarding the proposed revision of United States Standards for Green Corn currently in effect. After consideration of all relevant matters presented, including the proposals set forth in the aforesaid notice, the revised United States Standards for Green Corn that are hereinafter set forth and which will supersede the United States Standards for Green Corn that have been in effect since March 12, 1945, are hereby promulgated under the authority contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1950 (Pub. Law 146, 81st Cong., approved June 29, 1949):

§ 51.202 *Standards for green corn*—(a) *Grades*—(1) *U. S. No. 1.* U. S. No. 1 shall consist of ears of green corn of similar varietal characteristics which are well trimmed, well formed, and free from smut, decay and from damage caused by other disease, insects, birds, mechanical or other means. Cobs shall be well filled, with plump and milky kernels and well covered with fresh, green husks.

(i) Each ear may be clipped but unless otherwise specified, the length of each cob, clipped or unclipped, shall be not less than 5 inches. Each clipped ear shall be properly clipped.

(ii) In order to allow for variations other than length of cob incident to proper grading and handling, not more than 10 percent, by count, of the ears of corn in any lot may fail to meet the requirements of this grade, including not more than 2 percent for ears affected by decay. In addition, not more than 5 percent, by count, of the ears in any lot may fail to meet the requirements as to length of cob.

(2) *U. S. Fancy.* U. S. Fancy shall consist of ears of green corn which meet the requirements of U. S. No. 1 grade, except that the ears shall be free from worms and insect injury, and the length of the cob shall be not less than 6 inches and the ears shall not be clipped.

(i) In order to allow for variations, other than length of cob, incident to proper grading and handling, not more than 10 percent, by count, of the ears of corn in any lot may fail to meet the requirements of this grade, including not more than 2 percent for ears affected by decay. In addition, not more than 5 percent, by count, of the ears in any lot may fail to meet the requirements as to length of cob.

(b) *Unclassified.* Unclassified shall consist of corn which fails to meet the requirements of either of the foregoing grades. The term "unclassified" is not a grade within the meaning of these standards, but is provided as a designation to show that no definite grade has been applied to the lot.

(c) *Count.* The number of ears in the container may be specified by numerical count or in terms of dozens or half dozens. Variation from the number specified shall be as follows: *Provided,* That the lot averages not more than one ear less than the number specified:

60 ears or less, 3 ear variation.
More than 60 ears, 4 ear variation.

(d) *Application of tolerances.* (1) The contents of individual containers in the lot, based on sample inspection, are subject to the following limitations, provided the averages for the entire lot are within the tolerances specified:

(2) When a tolerance is 10 percent or more, individual containers in any lot shall have not more than one and one-half times the tolerance specified, except that at least one defective and one off-sized specimen may be permitted in any container.

(3) When a tolerance is less than 10 percent, individual containers in any lot shall have not more than double the tolerance specified, except that at least one defective and one off-sized specimen may be permitted in any container.

(e) *Definitions.* (1) "Similar varietal characteristics" means that the ears in any container are of similar color and character of growth. Ears of field and sweet corn or white and yellow corn shall not be mixed in the same container.

(2) "Well trimmed" means that the ears are practically free from loose husks and that the shank shall be not more than 6 inches in length and not extend more than 1 inch beyond the point of attachment of the outside husk.

(3) "Well formed" means that the ears are not stunted. Nubbins are not well formed ears.

(4) "Damage" means injury from any cause which materially affects the appearance, or the edible or shipping quality of the ear. Unclipped ears showing worm injury extending not more than one and one-half inches from the tip of the cob shall not be regarded as damaged, but worm injury affecting kernels on other parts of the cob shall be considered as damage. When ears are clipped, any worm injury remaining shall be regarded as damage.

(5) "Well filled" means that the rows of kernels show fairly uniform development, and that the appearance and quality of the edible portion of the ear are not materially affected by poorly developed rows. When the ear has not been clipped, not more than one-fourth of the length of the cob may have poorly developed or missing kernels at the tip.

When the ear has been clipped it shall have practically no poorly developed kernels at the tip of the cob. Missing or poorly developed kernels on other parts of the ear shall not aggregate more than one square inch on a cob 6 inches in length, and a proportionally greater area shall be permitted on a longer cob and a proportionally lesser area on a shorter cob.

(6) "Plump and milky" means that the kernels are well developed but are not overmature or shriveled.

(7) "Fresh" means that the husks are not badly wilted, dried, or turning yellow or brown.

(8) "Properly clipped" means that either the end of the cob, or the end of the cob and husk have been neatly removed at approximately a right angle to the longitudinal axis.

(f) *Effective time and supersedure.* The revised United States Standards for Green Corn contained in this section shall become effective thirty (30) days after the date of publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER and thereupon supersede the current United States Standards for Green Corn which have been in effect since March 12, 1945.

(Pub. Law 146, 81st Cong.)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 29th day of June 1950.

[SEAL] JOHN I. THOMPSON,
Assistant Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5803; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

Chapter VIII—Production and Marketing Administration (Sugar Branch), Department of Agriculture

Subchapter H—Determination of Wage Rates

[Sugar Determination 863.3]

PART 863—SUGARCANE; FLORIDA

WAGE RATES DURING PERIOD JULY 1, 1950 THROUGH JUNE 30, 1951

Pursuant to the provisions of section 301 (c) (1) of the Sugar Act of 1948 (herein referred to as "act"), after investigation, and consideration of the evidence obtained at the public hearing held in Clewiston, Florida on May 6, 1950, the following determination is hereby issued:

§ 863.3 *Fair and reasonable wage rates for persons employed in the production, cultivation, or harvesting of sugarcane in Florida during the period July 1, 1950 through June 30, 1951*—(a) *Wage requirements.* The requirements of section 301 (c) (1) of the act shall be deemed to have been met with respect to the production, cultivation, or harvesting of sugarcane in Florida during the period from July 1, 1950 through June 30, 1951, if the producer complies with the following:

(1) *Wage rates.* All persons employed on the farm in the production, cultivation, or harvesting of sugarcane shall have been paid in full for all such work and shall have been paid wages in cash therefor at rates as agreed upon between the producer and the laborer, but, after July 1, 1950, or the date of issuance of this determination, whichever is later, not less than the following:

(i) *For work performed on a time basis:*

	Cents per hour
(a) All work except as otherwise specified:	
Adult males	45.0
Adult females	38.0
(b) Tractor drivers and operators of mechanical harvesting or loading equipment	55.0
(c) Workers between 14 and 16 years of age (maximum employment per day for such workers, without deduction from payments under the Act to the producer, is 8 hours)	38.0

(ii) *For work performed on a piecework basis.* The piecework rate for any operation shall be as agreed upon between the producer and the laborer: *Provided*, That the hourly rate of earnings of each laborer employed on piecework during each pay period (such pay period not to be in excess of two weeks) shall average for the time involved not less than the applicable hourly rate prescribed in subdivision (i) of this subparagraph.

(b) *Perquisites.* In addition to the foregoing, the producer shall furnish to the laborers, without charge, the perquisites customarily furnished by him, such as a habitable house, garden plot, medical attention, and similar items.

(c) *Subterfuge.* The producer shall not reduce the wage rates to laborers below those determined in this section through any subterfuge or device whatsoever.

(d) *Claim for unpaid wages.* Any person who believes he has not been paid in accordance with this determination may file a wage claim with the local County Production and Marketing Administration Committee against the producer on whose farm the work was performed. Such claim must be filed within two years from the date the work with respect to which the claim is made was performed. Detailed instructions and wage claim forms are available at the office of the local County PMA Committee. Upon receipt of a wage claim the County PMA Committee shall thereupon notify the producer against whom the claim is made concerning the representation made by the laborer, and, after making such investigation as it deems necessary, notify the producer and laborer in writing of its recommendation for settlement of the claim. If either party is not satisfied with the recommended settlement, an appeal may be made to the State PMA Committee, Seagle Building, Gainesville, Florida, which shall likewise consider the facts and notify the producer and laborer in writing of its recommendation for settlement of the claim. If the recommendation of the State PMA Committee is not acceptable, either party may file an appeal with the Director of the Sugar Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, U. S. Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C. All such appeals shall be filed within 15 days after receipt of the recommended settlement from the respective committee, otherwise such recommended settlements will be applied in making payments under the act. If a claim is appealed to the Director of the Sugar Branch, his decision shall be binding on all parties insofar as payments under the act are concerned.

STATEMENT OF BASES AND CONSIDERATIONS

(a) *General.* The foregoing determination provides fair and reasonable wage rates which a producer must pay, as a minimum, for work performed by persons employed on the farm in the production, cultivation, or harvesting of sugarcane in Florida during the period from July 1, 1950, through June 30, 1951, as one of the conditions for payment under the act. In this statement, the foregoing determination, as well as determinations for prior years, will be referred to as "wage determination" identified by the period for which effective.

(b) *Requirements of the act and standards employed.* In determining fair and reasonable wage rates it is required under the act that a public hearing be held, that investigations be made, and that consideration be given to (1) the standards formerly established by the Secretary under the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as amended, and (2), the differences in conditions among various sugar producing areas.

A public hearing was held in Clewiston, Florida, on May 6, 1950, at which interested persons presented testimony with respect to fair and reasonable wage rates for sugarcane work during the period from July 1, 1950 through June 30, 1951. In addition, investigations have been made of conditions affecting such wage rates. In this determination consideration has been given to the testimony presented at the hearing and to information resulting from investigations. The primary factors which have been considered are (1) prices of sugar and by-products; (2) income from sugarcane; (3) costs of production; (4) cost of living; (5) relationship of labor cost to total cost. Other economic influences also have been considered.

(c) *Background.* Wage determinations for sugarcane work in Florida have been issued each year since 1937. The first covered work in the harvesting of the 1937 crop while subsequent determinations covered all work applicable to the production, cultivation, or harvesting. Until the 1945–46 crop harvesting wage determination, two wage determinations were issued each year, one covering production and cultivation for a calendar year, the other covering the harvesting of a crop. In the 1945–46 crop harvesting wage determination, production and cultivation wage rates also were included for the first six months of the calendar year 1946. Beginning July 1, 1946, a single determination has been issued each year for a 12-month period covering production, cultivation, and harvesting wages.

The early determinations specified time rates for adult male and female workers with alternative tonnage rates for harvesting. Subsequently, rate coverage was extended to include semi-skilled workers and workers between 14

and 16 years of age. Beginning with the 1946–47 wage determination the rate differential theretofore existing between harvest and nonharvest operations were eliminated. The time rates subsequently provided were applicable to all work on sugarcane. Also, the practice of establishing specific harvesting piecework rates was discontinued beginning with the 1946–47 wage determination. This latter change was made because the use of tonnage rates was discontinued by producers in favor of row rates since the latter were believed to provide greater incentive for increased output and earnings.

The many variable factors involved made it impracticable to establish per row rates in subsequent determinations. However, provision was made for piecework rates by specifying that such rates for all classes of work were to be as agreed upon between producers and workers but subject to a minimum hourly guarantee of the workers' earnings. In the 1946–47 and 1947–48 wage determinations there were minor variations with respect to the amount or applicability of the minimum hourly guarantee. However, since July 1, 1948, the hourly earnings guarantee provisions have applied to all workers employed on a piecework basis in either harvest or nonharvest work and have been at rates not less than the applicable basic hourly rate for the class of work stipulated in the determination.

Generally, the level of rates established in the early determinations reflected the wage-income relationship prior to 1938. In the wage determinations covering the 1944–45 crop, an adjustment was made in the wage-income relationship after reappraisal of the factors influencing wage rates. Wage rates have been adjusted periodically to recognize economic changes. As a result of changes in the economic factors affecting wage rates, together with the adjustment in the wage-income relationship, the weighted average basic time rates have been increased from 17.9 cents per hour in 1938 to 45.8 cents per hour in 1949–50, an increase of 155.9 percent.

(d) *1950–51 wage determination.* The 1950–51 wage determination continues unchanged the basic wage rate structure of the 1949–50 wage determination. There is included for the first time a provision which sets forth the procedure which should be followed by a person who believes he has not been paid in accordance with this determination. Although wage claim procedure has been in effect in prior years, its inclusion in wage determinations will make such information generally available to all producers and laborers.

An examination of the economic factors generally considered in wage determinations indicates that there has been reasonable stability in such factors during the past year. While production costs averaged somewhat lower due to slight declines in prices paid for commodities and somewhat higher production yields, producer income was also lower. The reduction in producer income is attributable largely to declines in the price of molasses. Available data indicate that labor productivity has improved as compared with prior years. Despite these changes, the relationship of labor costs to total costs is practically unchanged. In addition, living costs to workers are not significantly different than a year ago.

In this area a considerable portion of cultivation and harvesting work is performed on a piecework basis and workers' earnings are considerably above the minimum rates established. During 1949–50 the earnings of workers employed on piecework in cultivation were reported to average about 60 cents per hour and between 73 and 98 cents per hour for cutting sugarcane during the harvest. In a number of instances the actual hourly rates paid to workers employed on a time basis also were significantly above the minimum rates provided. In addition to these wages, producers furnish workers, without charge, the customary perquisites such as housing, water, garden plot, and medical attention.

At the public hearing it was recommended that the minimum guarantee of earnings to workers employed on a piecework basis be eliminated from the determination. While consideration has been given to this recommendation, it is believed that the absence of a minimum guarantee of earnings in cases where minimum piecework rates are not specified would deny to the majority of workers the protection of the wage provisions of the Act. The continuation of the provisions of the 1949–50 wage determination will afford adequate protection to workers and permits desired flexibility in the wage scale for the Florida sugarcane producing area. After consideration of the economic factors affecting the production of sugarcane in Florida and testimony presented at the public hearing, it is deemed fair and reasonable to continue unchanged the basic rates specified in the 1949–50 wage determination.

Accordingly, I hereby find and conclude that the foregoing wage determination will effectuate the wage provisions of the Sugar Act.

(Sec. 403, 61 Stat. 932; 7 U. S. C. Sup., 1153. Interprets or applies sec. 301, 61 Stat. 929; 7 U. S. C. Sup., 1131)

Issued this 29th day of June 1950.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5770; Filed, July 3, 1950; 9:00 a. m.]

Chapter IX—Production and Marketing Administration (Marketing Agreements and Orders), Department of Agriculture

PART 958—IRISH POTATOES GROWN IN COLORADO

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS OF COLORADO AREA NO. 3 POTATOES DURING THE PERIOD JULY 10, 1950, THROUGH MAY 31, 1951

Notice of proposed rule making with respect to shipments of potatoes grown in Area 3, State of Colorado, to be made effective under Marketing Agreement No. 97 and Order No. 58 (7 CFR, Part 958), regulating the handling of Irish potatoes grown in the State of Colorado, was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (15 F. R. 3968). This regulatory program is effective pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (48 Stat. 31, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.; 61 Stat. 202, 707; 62 Stat. 1247; 63 Stat. 1051). After consideration of all relevant matters presented, including the proposed rule set forth in the aforesaid notice, which proposed rule was recommended by the administrative committee for Area No. 3 (established pursuant to said marketing agreement and order), it is hereby found that the limitation of shipments hereinafter set forth, in the manner herein provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

§ 958.305 *Limitation of shipments, Area No. 3*—(a) *Findings.* It is hereby found that it is impracticable and contrary to the public interest to postpone the effective date of this action until 30 days after publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER in that (1) shipments of potatoes from the production area will have begun by July 10, 1950; (2) more orderly marketing in the public interest than would otherwise prevail will be promoted by regulating the shipment of potatoes in the manner hereinafter set forth on and after the effective date of this section; (3) notice has been given of the proposed limitation of shipments by publication thereof, as required by law (15 F. R. 3968); and (4) the order should become effective on July 10, 1950, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(b) *Order.* (1) During the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., m. s. t., July 10, 1950, and ending 12:01 a. m., m. s. t., June 1, 1951, no handler shall ship potatoes grown in Area No. 3, as such area is defined in Marketing Agreement No. 97 and Order No. 58, which do not meet the requirements of Regulation No. 1 limiting shipments to U. S. No. 2 or better grade (General Cull Regulation, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, July 16, 1949, 14 F. R. 3979) and which are of sizes smaller than 2 inches minimum diameter, as such sizes are defined in the United States Standards for Potatoes (14 F. R. 1955, 2161), including the tolerances provided therein: *Provided*, That the aforesaid limitations shall not be applicable to (i) potatoes shipped for seed purposes which have been officially certified as seed potatoes by the official Colorado seed certifying agency and which are in containers bearing official Colorado seed certification tag, and (ii) potatoes shipped for consumption by a charitable institution, for relief purposes, or for manufacturing purposes for conversion into byproducts.

(2) The terms used herein shall have the same meaning as when used in Order No. 58 (7 CFR 958.1 et seq.).

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup., 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 29th day of June 1950, to be effective on July 10, 1950.

[SEAL] S. R. SMITH,
Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5804; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter II—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce

[Amdt. 9 to Revision of May 10, 1949]

PART 550—FEDERAL AID TO PUBLIC AGENCIES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF PUBLIC AIRPORTS

SEMI-FINAL GRANT PAYMENTS

Acting pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Federal Airport Act, I hereby amend Part 550 of the regulations of the Administrator of Civil Aeronautics as follows:

Section 550.9 (c) is amended to read:

§ 550.9 *Grant payments.* * * *

(c) *Semifinal grant payments.* Whenever the accomplishment of certain airport development on a project is delayed or suspended for an appreciable length of time for reasons beyond the sponsor's control and the allowability of the project costs of all airport development completed has been determined on the basis of an audit and review of all such costs, a semi-final grant payment may be made in an amount sufficient to bring the aggregate amount of all partial grant payments for the project to the United States' share of all allowable project costs incurred even though such amount may be in excess of the 90 percent limitations specified in paragraph (b) (2) of this section, but in no event to an amount in excess of the maximum obligation of the United States as stated in the Grant Agreement.

This amendment shall become effective upon publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Secs. 1-15, 60 Stat. 170-178, as amended; 49 U. S. C. and Sup., 1101-1114)

[SEAL] DONALD W. NYROP,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5761; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[Docket 5489]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

HENRY G. PEARL ET AL.

Subpart—*Misbranding or mislabeling:* § 3.1190 *Composition; Wool Products Labeling Act.* Subpart—*Neglecting, unfairly or deceptively, to make material disclosure:* § 3.1845 *Composition—Wool Products Labeling Act.* In connection with the manufacture for introduction, or introduction, into commerce, or the sale, transportation or distribution in commerce, of women's coats, suits or other articles of wearing apparel, which contain, purport to contain, or in any way are represented as containing "wool", "reprocessed wool" or "re-used wool", as defined in the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, misbranding such products by failing to securely affix to or place on each such products a stamp, tag, label, or other means of identification, or a substitute therefor, showing in a clear and conspicuous manner, (A) the percentage of the total fiber weight of such wool product, exclusive of ornamentation not exceeding 5 per centum of said total fiber weight, of (1) wool; (2) reprocessed wool; (3) reused wool; (4) each fiber other than wool where said percentage by weight of such fiber is 5 per centum or more; and (5) the aggregate of all other fibers; (B) the maximum percentage of the total weight of such wool product, of any nonfibrous loading, filling, or adulterating matter; and, (C) in the case of a wool product containing a fiber other than wool, the percentages by weight, in words and figures plainly legible, of the wool contents thereof; prohibited, subject to the provision, however, that the foregoing shall not be construed to prohibit acts permitted by paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 3 of the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939; and to the further provision that nothing contained in the order shall be construed as limiting any applicable provision of said act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 722; 15 U. S. C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; 15 U. S. C. 45) [Cease and desist order, Henry G. Pearl et al. trading as Pearl Garment Co., etc., Docket 5489, May 10, 1950]

In the Matter of Henry G. Pearl and Mildred Pearl, Individually and as Copartners Trading as Pearl Garment Co., Mode Craft Co., and Mode Craft

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission, the respondents' answer thereto, a stipulation of facts entered into by and between counsel for the respondents and counsel in support of the complaint, and the trial examiner's recommended decision (no briefs having been filed and oral argument not having been requested); and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and its conclusion that the respondents have violated the provisions of the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939 and the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act:

It is ordered, That the respondents, Henry G. Pearl and Mildred Pearl, individually and as co-partners trading under the names Pearl Garment Co., Mode Craft Co., and Mode Craft, or trading under any other name, and their agents, representatives and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the manufacture for introduction, or introduction, into commerce, or the sale, transportation or distribution in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the aforesaid acts, of women's coats, suits or other articles of wearing apparel, which contain, purport to contain, or in any way are represented as containing "wool", "reprocessed wool" or "reused wool", as those terms are defined in the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, do forthwith cease and desist from misbranding such products by failing to securely affix to or place on each of such products a stamp, tag, label, or other means of identification, or a substitute therefor, showing in a clear and conspicuous manner:

(A) The percentage of the total fiber weight of such wool product, exclusive of ornamentation not exceeding 5 per centum of said total fiber weight, of (1) wool; (2) reprocessed wool; (3) reused wool; (4) each fiber other than wool where said percentage by weight of such fiber is 5 per centum or more; and (5) the aggregate of all other fibers;

(B) The maximum percentage of the total weight of such wool product, of any nonfibrous loading, filling, or adulterating matter;

(C) In the case of a wool product containing a fiber other than wool, the percentages by weight, in words and figures plainly legible, of the wool contents thereof;

Provided, That the foregoing shall not be construed to prohibit acts permitted by paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 3 of the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939: *And provided, further,* That nothing contained in this order shall be construed as limiting any applicable provision of said act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

It is further ordered, That the respondents shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with said order.

Issued: May 10, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] D. C. DANIEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5768; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket 5716]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

CONN'S CLOTHIERS

Subpart—*Concealing or obliterating law required and informative marking:* § 3.525 *Wool Products tags or identification.* Subpart—*Misbranding or mislabeling:* § 3.1190 *Composition: Wool Products Labeling Act;* § 3.1325 *Source or origin—Wool Products Labeling Act.* Subpart—*Neglecting, unfairly or deceptively, to make material disclosure:* § 3.1845 *Composition — Wool Products Labeling Act;* § 3.1900 *Source or origin—Wool Products Labeling Act.* I. In connection with the introduction into commerce or the sale, transportation or distribution in commerce of men's wearing apparel or any other "wool products", as such products are defined in and subject to the Wool Products Label-

ing Act of 1939, which contain, purport to contain, or in any way are represented as containing "wool", "reprocessed wool", or "reused wool", as those terms are defined in said act, misbranding such products by failing to affix securely to, or place on, such products a stamp, tag, or other means of identification, showing in a clear and conspicuous manner: (a) the percentage of the total fiber weight of such wool products, exclusive of ornamentation not exceeding five per centum of said total fiber weight, of (1) wool; (2) reprocessed wool; (3) reused wool; (4) each fiber other than wool where said percentage by weight of such fiber is five per centum or more; and (5) the aggregate of all other fibers; (b) the maximum percentage of the total weight of such wool products of any nonfibrous loading, filling or adulterating matter; (c) the name or registered identification number of the manufacturer of such wool products or of one or more persons introducing such wool products into commerce, or engaged in the sale, transportation or distribution thereof in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act and the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939; and, (d) in the case of a wool product containing a fiber other than wool, the percentage, by weight, in words and figures plainly legible, of the wool contents thereof; and, II. in connection with the purchase, offering for sale, sale or distribution of men's wearing apparel or other "wool products" as such products are defined in and subject to the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, causing or participating in the mutilation of any stamp, tag, label, or other means of identification, affixed to any such "wool product" pursuant to the provisions of the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, with intent to violate the provisions of said act, and which stamp, tag, label, or other means of identification purports to contain all or any part of the information required by said act; prohibited, subject to the provision, however, that the foregoing provisions concerning misbranding in prohibitions (a), (b), (c) and (d), shall not be construed to prohibit acts permitted by paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 3 of the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939; and subject t- the further provision that nothing contained in the order shall be construed as limiting any applicable provision of said act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

(Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 722; 15 U. S. C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; 15 U. S. C. 45) [Cease and desist order, Conn's Clothiers, Docket 5716, May 10, 1950]

In the Matter of Alexander Conn and Lionel Conn, Doing Business as Conn's Clothiers

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission and the substitute answer of the respondents, in which answer said respondents admitted all of the material allegations of fact set forth in said complaint and waived all intervening procedure and further hearing as to said facts, and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and its conclusion that the respondents have violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act and the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939:

It is ordered, That the respondents, Alexander Conn and Lionel Conn, individually and trading as Conn's Clothiers, or trading under any other name, jointly or severally, and their agents, representatives and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the introduction into commerce or the sale, transportation or distribution in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the aforesaid acts, of men's wearing apparel or any other "wool products", as such products are defined in and subject to the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, which contain, purport to contain, or in any way are represented as containing "wool", "reprocessed wool", or "reused wool", as those terms are defined in said act, do forthwith cease and desist from misbranding such products by failing to affix securely to, or place on, such products a stamp, tag, label, or other means of identification, showing in a clear and conspicuous manner:

(a) The percentage of the total fiber weight of such wool products, exclusive of ornamentation not exceeding five per centum of said total fiber weight, of (1) wool; (2) reprocessed wool; (3) reused wool; (4) each fiber other than wool where said percentage by weight of such fiber is five per centum or more; and (5) the aggregate of all other fibers.

(b) The maximum percentage of the total weight of such wool products of any nonfibrous loading, filling or adulterating matter.

(c) The name or registered identification number of the manufacturer of such wool products or of one or more persons introducing such wool products into commerce, or engaged in the sale, transportation or distribution thereof in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act and the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939.

(d) In the case of a wool product containing a fiber other than wool, the percentages, by weight, in words and figures plainly legible, of the wool contents thereof.

Provided, That the foregoing provisions concerning misbranding shall not be construed to prohibit acts permitted by paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 3 of the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939: *And provided, further*, That nothing contained in this order shall be construed as limiting any applicable provision of said act or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

It is further ordered, That said respondents and their agents, representatives and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the purchase, offering for sale, sale or distribution of men's wearing apparel or any other "wool products", as such products are defined in and subject to the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, do forthwith cease and desist from causing or participating in the mutilation of any stamp, tag, label, or other means of identification, affixed to any such "wool product" pursuant to the provisions of the Wool Products Labeling Act of 1939, with intent to violate the provisions of said act, and which stamp, tag, label, or other means of identification purports to contain all or any part of the information required by said act.

It is further ordered, That the respondents shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon them of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which they have complied with this order.

Issued: May 10, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] D. C. DANIEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5769; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

Subchapter A—General Rules and Regulations

[2d Rev. S. O. 95, Amdt. 1]

PART 95—CAR SERVICE

APPOINTMENT OF REFRIGERATOR CAR AGENT

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 28th day of June A. D. 1950.

Upon further consideration of the provisions of Second Revised Service Order No. 95 (14 F. R. 3682), and good cause appearing therefor: *It is ordered*, That:

Second Revised Service Order No. 95, as amended, be, and it is hereby, further amended by substituting the following paragraph (c) of § 95.95, *Appointment of refrigerator car agent*, for paragraph (c) thereof:

(c) This section, as amended, shall expire at 11:59 p. m., June 30, 1951, unless otherwise modified, changed, suspended, or annulled by order of this Commission.

It is further ordered, That this amendment shall become effective at 11:59 p. m., June 30, 1950; that a copy of this order and direction be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of the Railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement; and that notice of this order be given to the general public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

(Sec. 12, 24 Stat. 383, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 12. Interprets or applies sec. 1, 24 Stat. 379, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 1)

By the Commission, Division 3.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5775; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

CALIFORNIA

CLASSIFICATION ORDER

JUNE 16, 1950.

1. Pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Director, Bureau of Land Management, by Order No. 319 dated July 19, 1948 (43 CFR 50.451 (b) (3), 13 F. R. 4278), I hereby classify under the Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938 (52 Stat. 609), as amended July 14, 1945 (59 Stat. 467, 43 U. S. C. section 682a), as hereinafter indicated, the following described land in the Los Angeles, California, land district, embracing approximately 130 acres,

CALIFORNIA SMALL TRACT CLASSIFICATION No. 226

For lease and sale for homesites only:

T. 9 N., R. 1 E., S. B. M.,
Sec. 6, N½SE¼NW¼, Lot 2 of NE¼, N½SW¼NE¼, W½SE¼SW¼NE¼, NW¼SE¼NE¼, N½SW¼SE¼NE¼, and Tracts numbered 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, and 11 (formerly parts of Lot 1 of NW¼ and Lot 2 of SW¼).

Leases for lands in Lot 2 of NE¼ will not be issued until a supplemental plat has been prepared assigning tract numbers to the parts of the subdivision to be leased.

The lands are situated about 5 miles east of the Town of Barstow, California, and are traversed by U. S. Highway 91. They are on the Mojave Desert and are favorably located from the standpoint of accessibility and topography. The Town of Barstow is a rapidly growing community and has all of the usual facilities for trade and schools, churches, theatres and hospitals.

The rainfall is light and temperatures vary greatly as in all desert areas. Domestic water can be obtained from wells at depths ranging from 50 to 125 feet.

2. As to applications regularly filed prior to 8:30 a. m., February 1, 1949, and are for the type of site for which the land is classified, this order shall become effective upon the date it is signed.

3. As to the land not covered by application referred to in paragraph 2, this order shall not become effective to permit leasing under the Small Tract Act until 10:00 a. m., August 18, 1950. At that time such land shall, subject to valid existing rights, become subject to application as follows:

(a) Ninety-day preference period for qualified veterans of World War II from 10:00 a. m., August 18, 1950, to close of business on November 16, 1950.

(b) Advance period for veterans' simultaneous filings from 8:30 a. m., February 1, 1949, to 10:00 a. m., August 18, 1950.

4. Any of the land remaining unappropriated shall become subject to application under the Small Tract Act by the public generally, commencing at 10:00 a. m., November 17, 1950.

(a) Advance period for simultaneous nonpreference filings from 8:30 a. m., February 1, 1949, to 10:00 a. m., November 17, 1950.

5. Applications filed within the periods mentioned in paragraphs 3 (b) and 4 (a) will be treated as simultaneously filed.

A veteran shall accompany his application with a complete photostatic or other copy (both sides) of his certificate of honorable discharge, or of an official document of his branch of the service which shows clearly his honorable discharge as defined in § 181.36 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations or constitutes evidence of other facts upon which the claim for preference is based and which shows clearly the period of service. Other persons claiming credit for service of veterans must furnish like proof in support of their claims. Persons asserting preference rights through settlement or otherwise, and those having equitable claims, shall accompany their applications by duly corroborated statements in support thereof, setting forth in detail all facts relevant to their claims.

6. All of the land will be leased in tracts of approximately 5 acres, each being approximately 330 by 660 feet, the longer dimension to extend north and south.

7. Preference right leases referred to in paragraph 2 will be issued for the land described in the application irrespective of the direction of the tract, provided the tract conforms to or is made to conform to the area and the dimension specified in paragraph 6.

8. Where only one 5-acre tract in a 10-acre subdivision is embraced in a preference right application, an application for the remaining 5-acre tract extending in the same direction will be accepted in order to fill out the subdivision notwithstanding the direction specified in paragraph 6.

9. Leases will be for a period of five years at an annual rental of $5.00 payable for the entire lease period in advance of the issuance of the lease. Leases will contain an option to purchase clause at the appraised value of $30.00 per acre, application for which may be filed at or after the expiration of one year from date the lease is issued.

10. Tracts will be subject to rights-of-way not exceeding 33 feet in width along or near the edges thereof for road purposes and public utilities. Such rights-of-way may be utilized by the Federal Government, or the state, county or municipality in which the tract is situated, or by any agency thereof. The rights-of-way may, in the discretion of the authorized officer of the Bureau of Land Management, be definitely located prior to the issuance of the patent. If not so located, they may be subject to location after patent is issued. Tracts will also be subject to all existing rights-of-way.

11. All inquiries relating to these lands should be addressed to the Manager, Land Office, Los Angeles, California.

L. T. HOFFMAN,
Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5783; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[2052004]

OREGON

NOTICE OF FILING OF PLAT OF SURVEY

JUNE 20, 1950.

Notice is given that the plat of survey of an island in the Deschutes River including the following described lands, accepted March 14, 1949, will be officially filed in the Land Office, Portland, Oregon, effective at 10:00 a. m. on the 35th day after the date of this notice:

WILLAMETTE MERIDIAN

T. 9 S., R. 13 E.,
Sec. 14, lot 9.
Sec. 15, lot 9.

The area described aggregates 1.41 acres.

Available data indicates that the land is situated in a deep canyon and is nearly level.

No applications for these lands may be allowed under the homestead, small tract, desert land or any other nonmineral public land laws unless the land has already been classified as valuable or suitable for such type of application or shall be so classified upon consideration of an application.

At the hour and date specified above the said lands shall, subject to valid existing rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, become subject to application, petition, location, or selection as follows:

(a) *Ninety-one day period for preference-right filings.* For a period of 91 days, commencing at the hour and on the day specified above, the public lands affected by this notice shall be subject only to (1) application under the homestead or the desert-land laws or the Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938, 52 Stat. 609 (43 U. S. C. 682a), as amended, by qualified veterans of World War II and other qualified persons entitled to preference under the act of September 27, 1944, 58 Stat. 747 (43 U. S. C. 279–284), as amended, subject to the requirements of applicable law, and (2) application under any applicable public-land law, based on prior existing valid settlement rights and preference rights conferred by existing laws or equitable claims subject to allowance and confirmation. Applications under subdivision (1) of this paragraph shall be subject to applications and claims of the classes described in subdivision (2) of this paragraph. All applications filed under this paragraph either at or before 10:00 a. m. on the 35th day after the date of this notice shall be treated as though filed simultaneously at

that time. All applications filed under this paragraph after 10:00 a. m. on the said 35th day shall be considered in the order of filing.

(b) *Date for non-preference-right filings.* Commencing at 10:00 a. m. on the 126th day after the date of this notice, any lands remaining unappropriated shall become subject to such application, petition, location, selection, or other appropriation by the public generally as may be authorized by the public-land laws. All such applications filed either at or before 10:00 a. m., on the 126th day after the date of this notice, shall be treated as though filed simultaneously at the hour specified on such 126th day. All applications filed thereafter shall be considered in the order of filing.

A veteran shall accompany his application with a complete photostatic, or other copy (both sides) of his certificate of honorable discharge, or of an official document of his branch of the service which shows clearly his honorable discharge as defined in § 181.36 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, or constitutes evidence of other facts upon which the claim for preference is based and which shows clearly the period of service. Other persons claiming credit for service of veterans must furnish like proof in support of their claims. Persons asserting preference rights, through settlement or otherwise, and those having equitable claims, shall accompany their applications by duly corroborated statements in support thereof, setting forth in detail all facts relevant to their claims.

Applications for these lands, which shall be filed in the Land Office, Portland, Oregon, shall be acted upon in accordance with the regulations contained in § 295.8 of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations and Part 296 of that Title, to the extent that such regulations are applicable. Applications under the homestead laws shall be governed by the regulations contained in Parts 166 to 170, inclusive, of Title 43 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and applications under the desert-land laws and the said Small Tract Act of June 1, 1938, shall be governed by the regulations contained in Parts 232 and 257, respectively, of that Title.

Inquiries concerning these lands shall be addressed to the Land Office, Portland, Oregon.

WILLIAM ZIMMERMAN, Jr.,
Assistant Director.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5784; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Office of Industry and Commerce

[Case No. 88]

LEON N. RODELL CO.

ORDER SUSPENDING LICENSE PRIVILEGES

In the matter of: Leon N. Rodell, d/b/a Leon N. Rodell Company, 13 East 47th Street, New York, N. Y., Respondent.

This proceeding was begun on February 27, 1950, by the transmission of a charging letter to the above-named respondent, wherein respondent was charged, together with certain others, with having violated the Export Control Act of 1949 (63 Stat. 7), and the regulations promulgated thereunder, by making application, in June 1949, for an export license for shipment of 66,000 pounds of tetra-ethyl-thiuram-disulphide to Switzerland, which application contained certain false certifications to the effect that Switzerland was the country of ultimate destination, whereas respondents then knew and intended that such commodity would be transshipped from Switzerland to an unidentified destination in Eastern Europe.

It appears that the above-named respondent, after receiving the above-mentioned charging letter, submitted to the Enforcement Staff, with the advice of counsel and through such counsel, a statement to the effect that he admitted, for the purposes of this compliance proceeding only, the charges made in said charging letter of February 27, 1950, that he waived all right to a hearing on such charges, and that he consented to the entry of an order (1) revoking all outstanding export licenses issued to him, (2) denying to him, for a period of six months, the right to export to any destination, under either validated or general license, any commodity on the Positive List as such list may be constituted at the time of any proposed shipment and further denying to him, for a period of sixty days, the right to export any other commodity under general license, and (3) applying also to any other concerns associated with him.

It further appears that counsel for respondent and for the Enforcement Staff have personally appeared before the Compliance Commissioner; that the investigation report and other evidentiary material in the possession of the Enforcement Staff, together with the above-mentioned proposal for a consent order, have been submitted to and reviewed by the Compliance Commissioner; and that he has found that respondent, having in his possession letters from his customer in Switzerland stating that the above-described commodity would not be used in Switzerland but was being purchased for shipment to Eastern Europe, made application for an export license to ship such commodity to Switzerland and therein falsely represented that Switzerland was the country of ultimate destination, but that such license was not in fact issued or shipment made.

It further appears that the Compliance Commissioner has found that the charges as set forth in the charging letter are supported by the evidence and that the terms and conditions of the proposed order as consented to by respondent are fair and reasonable, and that he has accordingly recommended that such order be issued.

The findings and recommendations of the Compliance Commissioner have been carefully considered, together with the above-described evidentiary material, and it appears that such findings are in accordance with the evidence and that such recommendations are reasonable and should be adopted. Now, therefore, it is ordered as follows:

(1) All outstanding export licenses issued to respondent are hereby revoked and shall be returned forthwith to the Office of Industry and Commerce for cancellation.

(2) Respondent is hereby denied the privilege of obtaining or using or participating directly or indirectly in the obtaining or using of export licenses, such denial of export license privileges to continue for six months from June 15, 1950, with respect to shipment to any destination, under either validated or general license, of any commodity included on the Positive List as such list may be constituted at the time of any proposed shipment and for sixty days from June 15, 1950, with respect to shipment of any other commodity under general license.

(3) Such suspension of export license privileges shall extend not only to respondent but also to any person, trade name, firm, corporation, or other business association with which he may be now or hereafter related by ownership or control or with which he may hold a position of responsibility involving the preparation, filing or use of any export control documents.

Issued this 29th day of June 1950.

[SEAL] RAYMOND S. HOOVER,
Issuance Officer.
JOHN F. HAVENER,
Assistant Director.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5780; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[Docket No. 4405]

SOUTHWEST-WEST COAST MERGER CASE

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of the application of Southwest Airways Company and West Coast Airlines, Inc., under section 408 and such other sections of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, as may be applicable, for approval of the merger of West Coast Airlines, Inc., into Southwest Airways Company.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 401 (i) and 408 thereof, the above-entitled proceeding is assigned for hearing on August 7, 1950, at 10:00 a. m., e. d. s. t., in the South Lounge, Carlton Hotel, Sixteenth and K Streets NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner James M. Verner.

Without limiting the scope of the issues presented by the pleadings in this proceeding, particular attention will be directed to whether the merger of West Coast Airlines, Inc., into Southwest Airways Company and the transfer of the certificate of public convenience and necessity now held by West Coast Airlines, Inc., are consistent with the public interest.

For further details of the issues involved in this proceeding the parties are referred to the various orders entered in this proceeding and the Examiner's prehearing conference report which are on file with the Civil Aeronautics Board.

Notice is further given that any person other than parties of record desiring to be heard in this proceeding shall file with the Board on or before August 7,

1950, a statement setting forth the issues of fact or law raised by this proceeding which he desires to controvert.

Dated at Washington, D. C., June 28, 1950.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5779; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Docket No. 9704]

WILLIAM O. BOSWELL, JR., ET AL.

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATION FOR HEARING ON STATED ISSUES

In re application of William O. Boswell, Jr., and 19 other stockholders (transferors), Security Trust Company of Rochester (transferee), for transfer of control of Veterans Broadcasting Co., Inc., licensee of station WVET, Rochester, New York; File No. BTC-914, Docket No. 9704.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of June 1950;

The Commission having under consideration the above entitled application for consent to the transfer of control of the Veterans Broadcasting Co., Inc., licensee of Station WVET, Rochester, New York, from William O. Boswell, Jr., and 19 other stockholders to the Security Trust Company of Rochester and not being satisfied that it is in full possession of information as is required by the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, and more particularly section 310 (b) of that act;

It is ordered, That the above entitled application be designated for hearing at Rochester, New York, on August 14, 1950, on the following issues:

1. To obtain full information with respect to all contracts, agreements or understandings, past or present, relating to the ownership, control or operation of the Veterans Broadcasting Company, licensee of Station WVET; and, more particularly, with respect to the loan and stock hypothecation agreement executed by the licensee and the Security Trust Company of Rochester, dated November 1, 1949.

2. To obtain full information as to:

(a) Whether all contracts, agreements and understandings, relating to the ownership, operation and control of Station WVET have been properly and timely filed with the Commission, as is required by §§ 1.321, 1.341, 1.342, 1.343 and 1.344 of the Commission's rules and regulations.

(b) The effect of such contracts, agreements or understandings on the past and present ownership, operation and control of Station WVET, and, more particularly, whether the licensee has delegated rights and responsibilities to the Security Trust Company in contravention of sections 310 (b) and 301 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

3. To obtain full information with respect to the transfer applied for, especially with regard to the effect of the loan and hypothecation agreement of November 1, 1949, and more specifically to determine:

(a) The amount of signal and ownership overlap which will result relative to Station WVET and any other station in which the Security Trust Company and its officers, directors or stockholders have any interest in, if the transfer applied for is granted.

(b) Whether the transferor stockholders will retain reversionary rights in Station WVET or in the stock to be transferred in violation of § 3.109 of the Commission's rules and regulations.

4. To determine whether the Security Trust Company is legally, technically, financially and otherwise qualified to control Station WVET.

5. To obtain full information as to the plans of the proposed transferee for staffing the station, its plans with respect to the station's programming, and all other plans and arrangements for the operation of the station.

6. To determine whether a grant of the proposed transfer would be in the public interest.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5785; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9706]

BEACH BROADCASTING CO.

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATION FOR HEARING ON STATED ISSUES

In re application of J. G. Cobble, James D. King, Jr., and Walter T. Slattery, d/b as Beach Broadcasting Company, New Smyrna Beach, Florida, for construction permit; Docket No. 9706, File No. BP-7544.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 22d day of June 1950;

The Commission having under consideration the above-entitled application for a new standard broadcast station to operate on 1230 kilocycles, with 250 watts power, unlimited time at New Smyrna Beach, Florida;

It appearing, that the applicant is legally, technically, financially and otherwise qualified to operate the proposed station, but that the application may involve interference with one or more existing stations and otherwise not comply with the Standards of Good Engineering Practice;

It is ordered, That, pursuant to section 309 (a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the said application is designated for hearing commencing at 10:00 a. m., on November 16, 1950, at Washington, D. C., upon the following issues:

1. To determine the areas and populations which may be expected to gain or lose primary service from the operation of the proposed station, and the character of other broadcast service available to such areas and populations.

2. To determine whether the operation of the proposed station would involve objectionable interference with Station WGGG, Gainesville, Florida; Station WONN, Lakeland, Florida, or with any other existing broadcast stations, and, if so, the nature and extent thereof, the areas and populations affected thereby, and the availability of other broadcast service to such areas and populations.

3. To determine whether the installation and operation of the proposed station would be in compliance with the Commission's rules and Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Standard Broadcast Stations.

It is further ordered, That Alachua County Broadcasting Co., Inc., licensee of Station WGGG, Gainesville, Florida, and Coastal Broadcasting Company, licensee of Station WONN, Lakeland, Florida, are made parties to this proceeding.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5786; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9707]

ASHBACKER RADIO CORP. (WKBZ)

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATION FOR HEARING ON STATED ISSUES

In re application of Ashbacker Radio Corporation (WKBZ), Muskegon, Michigan, for construction permit; Docket No. 9707, File No. BP-7340.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 22d day of June 1950;

The Commission having under consideration the above-entitled application for a construction permit to increase power from 1 kilowatt to 5 kilowatts, change directional antenna and install new transmitter at Station WKBZ, Muskegon, Michigan;

It appearing, that the applicant is legally, technically, financially and otherwise qualified to operate Station WKBZ as proposed, but that the application may involve interference with one or more existing stations and otherwise not comply with the Standards of Good Engineering Practice;

It is ordered, That, pursuant to section 309 (a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the said application is designated for hearing commencing at 10:00 a. m., on November 17, 1950, at Washington, D. C., upon the following issues:

1. To determine the areas and populations which may be expected to gain or lose primary service from the operation of the proposed station, and the character of other broadcast service available to such areas and populations.

2. To determine whether the operation of the proposed station would involve objectionable interference with Station KOA, Denver, Colorado, and Station WJW, Cleveland, Ohio, or with any

other existing broadcast stations, and, if so, the nature and extent thereof, the areas and populations affected thereby, and the availability of other broadcast service to such areas and populations.

3. To determine whether the operation of the proposed station would involve objectionable interference with the services proposed in any other pending applications for broadcast facilities, and, if so, the nature and extent thereof, the areas and populations affected thereby, and the availability of other broadcast service to such areas and populations.

4. To determine whether the installation and operation of the proposed stations would be in compliance with the Commission's rules and Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Standard Broadcast Stations.

It is further ordered, That the National Broadcasting Company, Inc., licensee of Station KOA, Denver, Colorado, and WJW, Inc., licensee of Station WJW, Cleveland, Ohio, are made parties to this proceeding.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5787; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

CHICAGO DISTRICT PIPELINE CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER DIRECTING AND APPROVING DISPOSITION OF AMOUNTS

JUNE 28, 1950.

Notice is hereby given that, on June 27, 1950, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered June 27, 1950, directing and approving disposition of amounts classified in Account 107, Gas Plant Adjustments, in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5762; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

GEORGIA POWER CO.

NOTICE OF SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER APPROVING AND DIRECTING DISPOSITION OF ACCOUNTING ADJUSTMENTS APPLICABLE TO ELECTRIC PLANT

JUNE 27, 1950.

Notice is hereby given that, on June 27, 1950, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered June 27, 1950, supplementing order of September 18, 1947, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on October 1, 1947 (12 F. R. 6485), approving and directing disposition of accounting adjustments applicable to electric plant in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5763; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. G-1361, G-1378]

REPUBLIC LIGHT, HEAT AND POWER CO. INC. AND EAST OHIO GAS CO.

NOTICE OF FINDINGS AND ORDERS ISSUING CERTIFICATES OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY

JUNE 28, 1950.

In the matters of Republic Light, Heat and Power Company, Inc., Docket No. G-1361; the East Ohio Gas Company, Docket No. G-1378.

Notice is hereby given that, on June 27, 1950, the Federal Power Commission issued its findings and orders entered June 27, 1950, issuing certificates of public convenience and necessity in the above-designated matters.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5764; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1387]

ARKANSAS LOUISIANA GAS CO.

ORDER FIXING DATE OF HEARING

On May 8, 1950, Arkansas Louisiana Gas Company (Applicant), a Delaware corporation with its principal place of business at Shreveport, Louisiana, filed an application, with a supplement thereto filed June 8, 1950, for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, to construct and operate certain facilities, subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as are fully described in such application and supplement on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicant has requested that this application be heard under the shortened procedure provided for by § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure; no request to be heard or protest has been filed subsequent to giving of due notice of the filing of the application, including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on May 20, 1950 (15 F. R. 3115, 3116).

The Commission finds: This proceeding is a proper one for disposition under the provisions of § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

The Commission orders:

(A) Pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing be held on July 13, 1950, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., e. d. s. t., in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., concerning the matters involved and the issues presented by such application, and supplement: *Provided, however*, That the Commission may, after a non-contested hearing, forthwith dispose of the proceeding pursuant to the provisions of § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

(B) Interested State commissions may participate as provided by §§ 1.8 and 1.37 (f) of the said rules of practice and procedure.

Date of issuance: June 28, 1950.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5771; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Project Nos. 5, 637, 943, 1393]

MONTANA POWER CO. ET AL.

ORDER INSTITUTING AN INVESTIGATION

JUNE 27, 1950.

In the matters of the Montana Power Company, Project No. 5; the Washington Water Power Company, Project No. 637; Puget Sound Power & Light Company, Project No. 943; Pend Oreille Mines and Metals Company, Project No. 1393.

Puget Sound Power & Light Company's Project No. 943 (Rock Island) is located at mile 453 on the Columbia River. The Washington Water Power Company's Project No. 637 (Chelan) is located at mile 4 on the Chelan River, a tributary of the Columbia, entering that river at mile 503. The Grand Coulee dam constructed by the United States is located on the Columbia River at mile 600. Pend Oreille Mines & Metals Company's Project No. 1393 (Metalline Falls) is located at mile 28 on the Pend Oreille River, a tributary of the Columbia River entering that river at mile 748. The Montana Power Company's Project No. 5 (Flathead) is located on the Flathead River 318 miles above the mouth of Pend Oreille River, the Flathead River being a tributary of the Clark Fork River which becomes the Pend Oreille River at the outlet of Pend Oreille Lake.

Section 10 (f) of the Federal Power Act (16 U. S. C. 803-f) provides, in part:

> That whenever any licensee hereunder is directly benefited by the construction work of another licensee, a permittee, or of the United States of a storage reservoir or other headwater improvement, the Commission shall require as a condition of the license that the licensee so benefited shall reimburse the owner of such reservoir or other improvements for such part of the annual charges for interest, maintenance, and depreciation thereon as the Commission may deem equitable. The proportion of such charges to be paid by any licensee shall be determined by the Commission. The licensees or permittees affected shall pay to the United States the cost of making such determination as fixed by the Commission.

The Commission staff has made a preliminary study which indicates that some of the above-designated licensees may be directly benefited by reason of the construction of storage reservoirs or other headwater improvements by other above-designated licensees and by the storage reservoir or other headwater improvement constructed by the United States as part of its Grand Coulee project which is under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior. The staff reports that further study, investigation and report will be required before it can be determined whether any of the licensees is directly benefited by upstream storage reservoirs of other licensees or of the United States and, if so, the

amounts to be paid for the benefits so provided.

The Commission finds: It is appropriate and in the public interest that an investigation be instituted by the Commission as hereinafter provided.

The Commission orders:

An investigation is hereby instituted pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Power Act, particularly section 10 (f) thereof, for the purpose of enabling the Commission to determine whether any of the above-designated licensees is directly benefited by the construction work of another licensee or of the United States of a storage reservoir or other headwater improvement and, if it so finds, to determine the equitable proportion of the annual charges to be paid by any licensee so benefited for interest, maintenance and depreciation on the storage reservoir or other headwater improvement constructed by another licensee or by the United States.

Date of issuance: June 28, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5772; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Project No. 2048]

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTRIC CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER DISMISSING APPLICATION FOR LICENSE (TRANSMISSION LINE)

JUNE 28, 1950.

Notice is hereby given that, on June 27, 1950, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered June 27, 1950, dismissing application for license (transmission line) in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5765; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 25209]

SULPHATE OF COPPER FROM COPPERHILL, TENN., TO JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 29, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for and on behalf of carriers parties to L&N tariff, I. C. C. No. A-16743.

Commodities involved: Copper, sulphate of (blue vitriol), carloads.

From: Copperhill, Tenn.

To: Jacksonville, Fla.

Grounds for relief: Market competition.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: L&N tariff I. C. C. No. A-16743, Supplement 4.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5773; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 25210]

VARIOUS COMMODITIES IN OFFICIAL TERRITORY

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 29, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. W. Boin and I. N. Doe, Agents, for and on behalf of carriers parties to tariffs named in the application, pursuant to fourth-section order No. 9800.

Commodities involved: Various commodities.

Between: Points in official territory.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5774; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[Rev. S. O. 562, Amdt. 1, Rev. King's I. C. C. Order 26]

WESTERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO. ET AL.

REROUTING OR DIVERSION OF TRAFFIC

Upon further consideration of Revised King's I. C. C. Order No. 26 and good cause appearing therefor: *It is ordered,* That:

Revised King's I. C. C. Order No. 26 be, and it is hereby amended by substituting the following paragraph (a) for paragraph (a) thereof:

(a) *Rerouting traffic.* The Western Pacific Railroad Company, Chicago Rock Island and Pacific Railroad Company, Chicago Great Western Railway Company, the Denver and Rio Grande Western Railroad Company, and the Great Northern Railway Company and their connections, are authorized and directed to reroute or divert traffic routed over and to points on their lines, over any available route to expedite the movement; the billing covering all such cars rerouted shall carry a reference to this order as authority for the rerouting.

It is further ordered, That this amendment shall become effective at 2:00 p. m., June 27, 1950, and that this order shall be served upon the Association of American Railroads, Car Service Division, as agent of all the railroads subscribing to the car service and per diem agreement under the terms of that agreement, and by filing it with the Director, Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., June 27, 1950.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION, HOMER C. KING, *Agent.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5776; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

STATEMENT OF ORGANIZATION AND DELEGATIONS OF FINAL AUTHORITY

The Statement of Organization and Delegations of Final Authority of the Office of Alien Property, Department of Justice, 13 F. R. 9605 as amended, 14 F. R. 2654 and 15 F. R. 2206, is hereby further amended by the addition of subparagraph (c) to paragraph 7 thereof:

7 (c) The Chief, Comptroller's Branch, and the Chief, Collection and Custody Section, are severally authorized to waive compliance with any vesting order which vests a debt in a specific amount to the extent of normal service charges not to exceed $250 asserted by a claimant who would be entitled to a return of the amount of such charges if the vesting order were enforced according to its terms.

(40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. App. 1-39, 616; E. O. 9193, 3 CFR, 1943 Cum. Supp.; E. O. 9567, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.; E. O. 9725 and E. O. 9788, 3 CFR, 1946 Supp.)

Executed at Washington, D. C., on this 29th day of June 1950.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5801; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616; E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 14764]

ADOLPH NELITZ

In re: Estate of Adolph Nelitz, deceased. File No. 017-26060.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Selma Richter, whose last known adress is Germany, is a resident of Germany, and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof in and to the sum of $293.80 paid to the Michigan State Board of Escheats on or about August 30, 1949, by the Berrien County Treasurer, being the proceeds of a legacy to Adolph Nelitz, now deceased, under the will of Henrietta Nelitz Friedenberg, deceased,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 20, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5748; Filed, June 30, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[Return Order 663]

SOCIETE DES AUTEURS COMPOSITEURS ET EDITEURS DE MUSIQUE

Having considered the claims set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, be returned after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Societe des Auteurs, Compositeurs et Editeurs de Musique, 10, Rue Chaptal, Paris 9e, France; Claim No. 12100; May 5, 1950 (15 F. R. 2615), $153,954.68 in the Treasury of the United States. All right, title, interest and claim of whatsoever kind or nature in and to every copyright, claim of copyright, license, agreement, privilege, power and every right of whatsoever nature, including but not limited to all monies and amounts, by way of royalties, share of profits or other emolument, and all causes of action accrued or to accrue relating to symphonic musical compositions and all other musical compositions held by La Societe des Auteurs Compositeurs et Editeurs de Musique (SACEM) and/or each and every member thereof immediately prior to the vesting thereof by Vesting Order Nos. 2171 (8 F. R. 15618, November 16, 1943) and 2097 (8 F. R. 16463, December 7, 1943), except the works of George Eduoard Goertermann, Carl Paez and Mr. Zumsterg.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 26, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5750; Filed, June 30, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

LAJOS GYORGY ET AL.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Lajos Gyorgy, Budapest, Hungary; Claim No. 39499; $5,181.76 in the Treasury of the United States to Lajos Gyorgy.

Mrs. Lajos Gyorgy, a/k/a Margit Szeppessi Gyorgy, Budapest, Hungary; Claim No. 39500; $3,272.62 in the Treasury of the United States to Mrs. Lajos Gyorgy.

Helen Katcher Steinsdorfer, a/k/a Mrs. Victor Kofalusi and Ilona Katcher Kofalusi, a/k/a Helen Katcher Steindoerfer, Putnok, Hungary; Claim No. 39501; $654.52 in the Treasury of the United States to Helen Katcher Steinsdorfer.

Irma Oppenheimer Nagel, London, England; Claim No. 39502; $2,945.35 in the Treasury of the United States to Irma Oppenheimer Nagel.

Risa Rosa Oppenheimer Rosenthal, a/k/a Mrs. Geza Rosenthal, Budapest, Hungary; Claim No. 39503; $1,963.57 in the Treasury of the United States to Risa Rosa Oppenheimer Rosenthal.

Anna Gyorgy Schrecker, a/k/a Anny Gyorgy, Budapest, Hungary; Claim No. 39504; $3,580.46 in the Treasury of the United States to Anna Gyorgy Schrecker.

Lajos Szepessi, a/k/a Lajos Szepesi, a/k/a Lajos Szeqessi, Budapest, Hungary; Claim No. 39505; $6,545.24 in the Treasury of the United States to Lajos Szepessi.

Laszlo Oliver Kiss, a/k/a Laszlo Oliver Kis, Budapest, Hungary; Claim No. 38668; $3,272.61 in the Treasury of the United States to Laszlo Oliver Kis.

Marianne Biro Kiss, a/k/a Marianne Kis Biro, Ujpest, Hungary; Claim No. 38669; $3,272.62 in the Treasury of the United States to Marianne Kis Biro.

Janos Gero, Budapest, Hungary; Claim No. 38670; $1,090.87 in the Treasury of the United States to Janos Gero.

Paul Gero, Ujpest, Hungary; Claim No. 38671; $11,183.52 in the Treasury of the United States to Paul Gero.

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Marianne Kis Biro, Janos Gero, Paul Gero, Mrs. Lajos Gyorgy, Laszlo Oliver Kis, Irma Oppenheimer Nagel, Risa Rosa Oppenheimer Rosenthal, Helen Katcher Steindoerfer, Lajos Szeqessi, Anna Gyorgy Schrecker and Lajos Gyorgy, and each of them, in and to the trusts established under a Trust Agreement dated July 12, 1933, as amended, between Julius Janowitz and the President and Directors of the Manhattan Company, as Trustees.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 27, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5752; Filed, June 30, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14761]

HEINRICH KOEHLERT ET AL.

In re: Rights of Heinrich Koehlert et al. under insurance contract. File No. F-28-320-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Heinrich Koehlert, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs at law, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Heinrich Koehlert, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 70464086, issued by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Heinrich Koehlert, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by Heinrich Koehlert or the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs at law, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Heinrich Koehlert, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined,

4. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs at law, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of Heinrich Koehlert, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold, or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 20, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5788; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14766]

HENRIETTE ROUGET AND PEOPLES TRUST CO.

In re Trust agreement dated February 14, 1921, between Henriette Rouget, donor, and The Peoples Trust Company, trustee. File No. D-28-6539 G-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Rudolph Kanzow and George Kanzow, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof, in and to and arising out of or under that certain trust agreement dated February 14, 1921, by and between Henriette Rouget, donor, and The Peoples Trust Company, trustee, presently being administered by The National City Bank of New York, 181 Montague Street, Brooklyn, New York, as trustee,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 20, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5791; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14768]

MAX SIEPERMANN AND COMMERCIAL TRUST CO.

In re: Trust agreement dated July 2, 1929, between Max Siepermann, Settlor, and Commercial Trust Company of New Jersey, Trustee. File No. D-28-1554 and G-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Peter Besenbruch, Helene Besenbruch and Anna Besenbruch, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof, in and to and arising out of or under that certain trust agreement dated July 2, 1929, by and between Max Siepermann, Settlor, and Commercial Trust Company of New Jersey, Trustee, presently being administered by the Commercial Trust Company of New Jersey, 15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, New Jersey, as trustee,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 20, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5792; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[Return Order 675]

BELLA MAYER AND ERNA ROTHSCHILD

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Bella Mayer, Framingham, Mass.; Claim No. 9367; Erna Rothschild, Woodside, N. Y.; Claim No. 32565; May 18, 1950 (15 F. R. 3042); all right, title and interest of Siegmund Rothschild, or his heirs, in and to the Estate of Jacob Rothschild, deceased, one-half to each claimant. This estate is in the process of administration under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Alameda, by Albert E. Hill, adm. c. t. a., Court House, Oakland 7, California.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 28, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5795; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[Return Order 678]

ESTATE OF MIHALY ANGELUS

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Paul Angelus, Administrator of the Estate of Mihaly Angelus, deceased, New York, N. Y.; Claim No. 5408; May 20, 1950 (15 F. R. 3125); $4,381.51 in the Treasury of the United States.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5796; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14765]

TATSUJIRO OMARU ET AL.

In re: Rights of Tatsujiro Omaru et al. under insurance contract. File No. F-39-4904-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Tatsujiro Omaru and Chokuro Omaru, whose last known address is Japan, are residents of Japan and nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 1,262,142, issued by the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, to Tatsujiro Omaru, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds (including without limitation the right to proceed for collection against branch offices and legal reserves maintained in the United States,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Tatsujiro Omaru or Chokuro Omaru, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan),

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 20, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5790; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

LUISA SILVERI GABRIELLI AND SARA SILVERI COSTA

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Property, and Location

Luisa Silveri Gabrielli, Rome, Italy; Claim No. 40399; $3,330.46 in the Treasury of the United States.

Sara Silveri Costa, Grotte di Castro, Italy; Claim No. 40400; $3,330.47 in the Treasury of the United States.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 29, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5798; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO. OF NEW YORK CITY AND EMMA A. C. H. SCHRADER

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Property, and Location

Title Guarantee & Trust Co. of the City of New York, N. Y., ancillary executor under the will of Emma A. C. H. Schrader, deceased; Claim No. 5284; a four-sevenths (4/7) interest in and to the following: (1) $36,307.57 in the Treasury of the United States; (2) all rights and interests evidenced by Mortgage Participation Certificate No. 136,789, issued and guaranteed by the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company under Mortgage F 977 (181723). This property is now represented by Certificate No. 18,447 in the face amount of $3,359.93 issued by The Manufacturers' Trust Co., New York, N. Y., as trustee for the benefit of the holders of mortgage certificates, registered in the name of the Alien Property Custodian, Washington, D. C., Account No. 28-16275, presently in the possession of the Office of Alien Property, New York, N. Y.

This return will not be effectuated until settlement of the Estate of Emma A. C. H. Schrader and a determination respecting the property to which the Attorney General is entitled by virtue of his vesting of certain interests therein pursuant to Vesting Order No. 14118, dated December 5, 1949. It is anticipated that the amounts owing the Attorney General under Vesting Order No. 14118 will exceed the value of the property involved in this return.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 28, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5799; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

EMILIANO FERRARI ET AL.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Property, and Location

Emiliano Ferrari, Borgo Val di Taro, San Quirico, Cacciarasca, Parma, Italy; Claim No. 45400; Ida Ferrari, Borgo Val di Taro, San Quirico, Cacciarasca, Parma, Italy; Claim No. 45401; Giuseppina Ferrari, Borgo Val di Taro, San Quirico, Cacciarasca, Parma, Italy; Claim No. 45402; all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Emiliano Ferrari, Ida Ferrari and Giuseppina Ferrari, and each of them, in and to the Estate of David Ferrari, deceased; presently in the process of administration by Palmira Mambretti, Administratrix, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the City and County of San Francisco.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 28, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5797; Filed, July 3, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]