THE NATIONAL ARCHIVES

FEDERAL REGISTER

VOLUME 15 NUMBER 126

Washington, Friday, June 30, 1950

TITLE 3—THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10134

FURTHER EXTENSION OF THE EXISTENCE OF THE QUETICO-SUPERIOR COMMITTEE

By virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States, the existence of the Quetico-Superior Committee, which was created by Executive Order No. 6783 of June 30, 1934, and the existence of which has been extended to June 30, 1950 by Executive Orders No. 7921 of June 30, 1938, No. 9213 of August 4, 1942, and No. 9741 of June 25, 1946, is hereby further extended for a period of four years from June 30, 1950 to June 30, 1954.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
June 28, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5760; Filed, June 29, 1950; 9:52 a. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter IX—Production and Marketing Administration (Marketing Agreements and Orders), Department of Agriculture

[Orange Reg. 181]

PART 933—ORANGES, GRAPEFRUIT, AND TANGERINES GROWN IN FLORIDA

LIMITATION OF SHIPMENTS

§ 933.478 *Orange Regulation 181*—(a) *Findings.* (1) On June 17, 1950, notice of rule-making was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (15 F. R. 3940) regarding a proposed limitation of shipments of oranges grown in the State of Florida, during the period July 3, 1950, to September 15, 1950, pursuant to Marketing Agreement No. 84, as amended, and Order No. 33, as amended (7 CFR, Part 933), regulating the handling of oranges, grapefruit, and tangerines grown in the State of Florida. This regulatory program is effective pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended. After consideration of all relevant matters presented, including the proposals, set forth in the aforesaid notice, which were submitted by the Growers Administrative Committee (established pursuant to the amended marketing agreement and order), it is hereby found that the limitation of shipments of oranges, in the manner and during the period hereinafter provided, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act.

(2) Shipments of oranges, grown in the State of Florida, have been subject to regulation by grades and sizes, pursuant to the amended marketing agreement and order, since September 12, 1949, and will so continue until July 31, 1950, and this section relieves restrictions on the handling of such oranges, during the period July 3, 1950, to July 31, 1950. It is necessary, in order to effectuate the declared policy of the act, to provide for the continuous regulation of the handling of oranges, grown in the State of Florida, during the remainder of the marketing season for such oranges and compliance with this section on and after July 31, 1950, will not require any special preparation on the part of persons subject thereto which cannot be completed by such date.

(b) *Order.* (1) Orange Regulation 180 (7 CFR 933.477; 15 F. R. 1863) is hereby terminated as of the effective time of this section.

(2) During the period beginning at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., July 3, 1950, and ending at 12:01 a. m., e. s. t., September 15, 1950, no handler shall ship:

(i) Any oranges, except Temple oranges, grown in the State of Florida which grade U. S. No. 3, or lower than U. S. No. 3 grade; or

(ii) Any oranges, except Temple oranges, grown in the State of Florida which are of a size smaller than a size that will pack 324 oranges, packed in accordance with the requirements of a standard pack, in a standard nailed box.

(2) As used in this section, the terms "handler" and "ship" shall each have the same meaning as when used in said amended marketing agreement and

(Continued on p. 4185)

CONTENTS

THE PRESIDENT

EXECUTIVE AGENCIES

FEDERAL REGISTER

Published daily, except Sundays, Mondays, and days following official Federal holidays, by the Division of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Service, General Services Administration, pursuant to the authority contained in the Federal Register Act, approved July 26, 1935 (49 Stat. 500, as amended; 44 U. S. C., ch. 8B), under regulations prescribed by the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register, approved by the President. Distribution is made only by the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

The regulatory material appearing herein is keyed to the Code of Federal Regulations, which is published, under 50 titles, pursuant to section 11 of the Federal Register Act, as amended June 19, 1937.

The FEDERAL REGISTER will be furnished by mail to subscribers, free of postage, for $1.50 per month or $15.00 per year, payable in advance. The charge for individual copies (minimum 15¢) varies in proportion to the size of the issue. Remit check or money order, made payable to the Superintendent of Documents, directly to the Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

There are no restrictions on the republication of material appearing in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

CONTENTS—Continued

CODIFICATION GUIDE

A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue. Proposed rules, as opposed to final actions, are identified as such.

order; and the terms "U. S. No. 3," "standard pack," and "standard nailed box" shall each have the same meaning as when used in the United States Standards for Oranges (7 CFR 51.192; 14 F. R. 6831).

Shipments of Temple oranges grown in the State of Florida are subject to the provisions of Orange Regulation 177 (7 CFR 933.465; 15 F. R. 52).

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup., 608c)

Done at Washington, D. C., this 26th day of June 1950.

[SEAL] S. R. SMITH,
Director, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5663; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

PART 991—MILK IN THE ROCKFORD-FREEPORT, ILLINOIS, MARKETING AREA

ORDER AMENDING ORDER REGULATING HANDLING

§ 991.0 *Findings and determinations.* The findings and determinations hereinafter set forth are supplementary and in addition to the findings and determinations previously made in connection with the issuance of the aforesaid order; and all of said previous findings and determinations are hereby ratified and affirmed, except insofar as such findings and determinations may be in conflict with the findings and determinations set forth herein.

(a) *Findings upon the basis of the hearing record.* Pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure, as amended, governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR Part 900), a public hearing was held at Rockford, Illinois, June 13, 1950, upon proposed amendments to the tentative marketing agreement and to the order regulating the handling of milk in the Rockford-Freeport, Illinois, marketing area. Upon the basis of the evidence introduced at such hearing and the record thereof, it is found that:

(1) The said order as hereby amended, and all of the terms and conditions of said order as hereby amended, will tend to effectuate the declared policy of the act;

(2) The parity prices of milk as determined pursuant to section 2 of the act are not reasonable in view of the price of feeds, available supplies of feeds and other economic conditions which affect market supply and demand for milk in the marketing area, and the minimum prices specified in the order as hereby amended are such prices as will reflect the aforesaid factors, insure a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome milk and be in the public interest; and

(3) The said order as hereby amended regulates the handling of milk in the same manner as and is applicable only to persons in the respective classes of industrial and commercial activity specified in a marketing agreement upon which a hearing has been held.

(b) *Additional findings.* It is necessary, in the public interest, to make effective not later than July 1, 1950 the present amendments to the said order in order to reflect current marketing conditions. Any delay beyond July 1, 1950 in the effective date of this order, as hereby amended, will seriously impair orderly marketing of milk in the Rockford-Freeport, Illinois, marketing area. The provisions of the said order are well known to handlers—the public hearing having been held June 13, 1950, and the decision having been executed by the Secretary on June 21, 1950. Therefore, reasonable time, under the circumstances, has been afforded persons affected to prepare for its effective date. In view of the foregoing, it is hereby found and determined that good cause exists for making this order amending the said order effective July 1, 1950, and that it would be impracticable, unnecessary, and contrary to the public interest to delay the effective date of this order 30 days after its publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER (see section 4 (c), Administrative Procedure Act, Public Law 404, 79th Congress, 60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.).

(c) *Determinations.* It is hereby determined that handlers (excluding cooperative associations of producers who are not engaged in processing, distributing or shipping milk covered by this order amending the said order which is marketed within the Rockford-Freeport, Illinois, marketing area) of more than 50 percent of the milk which is marketed within the said marketing area, refused or failed to sign the proposed marketing agreement regulating the handling of milk in the said marketing area, and it is hereby further determined that:

(1) The refusal or failure of such handlers to sign said proposed marketing agreement tends to prevent the effectuation of the declared policy of the act;

(2) The issuance of this order amending the said order is the only practical means, pursuant to the declared policy of the act, of advancing the interests of producers of milk which is produced for sale in the said marketing area; and

(3) The issuance of this order amending the said order is approved or favored by at least two-thirds of the producers who, during the determined representative period (May 1950), were engaged in the production of milk for sale in the said marketing area.

Order relative to handling. It is therefore ordered that on and after the effective date hereof the handling of milk in the Rockford-Freeport, Illinois, marketing area shall be in conformity to and in compliance with the terms and conditions of the aforesaid order as hereby amended, and the aforesaid order is hereby amended as follows:

1. Add the following as § 991.34:

§ 991.34 *Retention of records.* All books and records required under this order to be made available to the market administrator shall be retained by the handler for a period of three years

to begin at the end of the month to which such books and records pertain: *Provided*, That if, within such three year period, the market administrator notifies the handler in writing that the retention of such books and records, or of specified books and records, is necessary in connection with a proceeding under section 8c (15) (A) of the act or a court action specified in such notice, the handler shall retain such books and records, or specified books and records, until further written notification from the market administrator. In either case the market administrator shall give further written notification to the handler promptly, upon the termination of the litigation or when the records are no longer necessary in connection therewith.

2. Delete § 991.50 (c) in its entirety and substitute therefor the following:

(c) The price per hundredweight computed as follows:

(1) Multiply by 4.24 the simple average, as computed by the market administrator, of the daily wholesale selling prices (using the midpoint of any price range as one price) of Grade AA (93-score) bulk creamery butter per pound at Chicago, as reported by the Department during the delivery period: *Provided*, That if no price is reported for Grade AA (93-score) butter, the highest of the prices reported for Grade A (92-score) butter for that day shall be used in lieu of the price for Grade AA (93-score) butter;

(2) Multiply by 8.2 the simple average, as computed by the market administrator, of the weighted averages of carlot prices per pound for nonfat dry milk solids, spray and roller process, respectively, for human consumption, f. o. b. manufacturing plants in the Chicago area, as published for the period from the 26th day of the immediately preceding delivery period through the 25th day of the current delivery period by the Department; and

(3) From the sum of the results arrived at under subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph, subtract 67 cents.

3. Add the following as § 991.85:

§ 991.85 *Termination of obligation.* The provisions of this section shall apply to any obligation under this order for the payment of money.

(a) The obligation of any handler to pay money required to be paid under the terms of this order shall, except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, terminate two years after the last day of the month during which the market administrator receives the handler's utilization report on the milk involved in such obligation, unless within such two-year period the market administrator notifies the handler in writing that such money is due and payable. Service of such notice shall be complete upon mailing to the handler's last known address, and it shall contain but need not be limited to, the following information:

(1) The amount of the obligation;

(2) The month(s) during which the milk, with respect to which the obligation exists, was received or handled; and

(3) If the obligation is payable to one or more producers or to an association of producers, the name of such producer(s) or association of producers, or if the obligation is payable to the market administrator, the account for which it is to be paid.

(b) If a handler fails or refuses, with respect to any obligation under this order, to make available to the market administrator or his representative all books and records required by this order to be made available, the market administrator may, within the two-year period provided for in paragraph (a) of this section, notify the handler in writing of such failure or refusal. If the market administrator so notifies a handler, the said two-year period with respect to such obligation shall not begin to run until the first day of the month following the month during which all such books and records pertaining to such obligation are made available to the market administrator or his representatives.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, a handler's obligation under this order to pay money shall not be terminated with respect to any transaction involving fraud or willful concealment of a fact, material to the obligation, on the part of the handler against whom the obligation is sought to be imposed.

(d) Any obligation on the part of the market administrator to pay a handler any money which such handler claims to be due him under the terms of this order shall terminate two years after the end of the month during which the milk involved in the claim was received if an underpayment is claimed, or two years after the end of the month during which the payment (including deduction or setoff by the market administrator) was made by the handler if a refund on such payment is claimed, unless such handler, within the applicable period of time, files, pursuant to section 8c (15) (A) of the act, a petition claiming such money.

(Sec. 5, 49 Stat. 753, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Sup., 608c)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 27th day of June 1950, to be effective on and after the first day of July 1950.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5725; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:54 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter I—Civil Aeronautics Board

Subchapter A—Civil Air Regulations

PART 4b—AIRPLANE AIRWORTHINESS; TRANSPORT CATEGORIES

CAA RULES AND POLICIES

NOTE: The revision of Part 4b, which appeared in the issue of June 8, 1950, 15 F. R. 3543, does not include the rules and policies submitted by the Civil Aeronautics Administration, and heretofore published in Part 4b of this chapter.

[Serial No. SR-346, Regs.]

PART 40—AIR CARRIER OPERATING CERTIFICATION

PART 60—AIR TRAFFIC RULES

PART 61—SCHEDULED AIR CARRIER RULES

LONG-DISTANCE DOMESTIC SCHEDULED AIR CARRIER OPERATIONS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 26th day of June 1950.

Special Civil Air Regulation SR-341 which currently expires June 30, 1950, provides special operating rules for scheduled air carriers operating in accordance with Part 61 at altitudes in excess of 12,500 feet above sea level east of longitude 100° W. and at altiudes in excess of 14,500 feet above sea level west of longitude 100° W. in long-distance operations. At the time that special regulation was adopted it was anticipated that a revision of Parts 40 and 61, which would incorporate provisions similar to those contained in SR-341, would be completed prior to June 30, 1950. However, while the Board's Bureau of Safety Regulation has been actively engaged in that project, the revision has not been completed. It is, therefore, deemed desirable to extend the effective date of SR-341 until June 30, 1951, or until such earlier date as the projected revision may become effective.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this rule, and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter submitted. Since this regulation imposes no additional burden on any person, it may be made effective without prior notice.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board makes and promulgates the following Special Civil Air Regulation, effective immediately, to read as follows:

Flights of scheduled air carriers while at altitudes in excess of 12,500 feet above sea level east of longitude 100° W. and 14,500 feet above sea level west of longitude 100° W. shall comply with the applicable provisions of the Civil Air Regulations except as follows:

1. Such flights need not comply with the requirements of § 60.45 *Right-side traffic*, § 61.252 *Deviation from route*, or any sections of Parts 40 and 61 concerning civil airways.

2. Such flights need not comply with the requirements of § 60.43 *Air traffic clearance*, § 60.21 *Adherence to air traffic clearances*, § 60.47 *Radio communications*, and § 61.171 (c) *Weather reports*, except to the extent which the Administrator may prescribe.

3. Each pilot in command engaged in these operations shall be qualified for the route, if he is qualified for operations over any regular authorized route for the air carrier involved between the regular terminals for such operation.

4. Each dispatcher who dispatches aircraft on flights authorized by this regulation shall be qualified under § 61.154 of the Civil Air Regulations for

operation over an authorized route for the air carrier involved between the regular terminals of such operations: *Provided*, That when he is qualified only on a portion of such route he may dispatch aircraft only after coordinating the dispatch with dispatchers who are qualified for the other portions of the route between the points to be served.

This regulation supersedes Special Civil Air Regulation SR-341 and shall terminate June 30, 1951, unless sooner superseded or rescinded.

(Secs. 205, 52 Stat. 984, 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply secs. 601, 604, 52 Stat. 1007, 1010, 62 Stat. 1216, 49 U. S. C. 551, 554)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5709; Filed, June 29, 1950; 12:22 p. m.]

[Supp. 7, Amdt. 44]

PART 60—AIR TRAFFIC RULES

DANGER AREA ALTERATIONS

The danger area alterations appearing hereinafter have been coordinated with the civil operators involved, the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force, through the Air Coordinating Committee, Airspace Subcommittee, and are adopted when indicated in order to promote safety of the flying public. Compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act would be impracticable and contrary to the public interest, and therefore is not required. Title 14, § 60.13-1 is amended as follows:

1. A Ft. McClellan, Alabama, area No. 2 is added to read:

Name and location (chart)	Description by geographical coordinates	Designated altitudes	Time of designation	Using Agency
FT. McCLELLAN (Birmingham Chart).	(2) Beginning at lat. 33°45'32" N, long. 86°01'12" W; E to lat. 33°45'40" N, long. 85°54'00" W; SSE to lat. 33°41'55" N, long. 85°52'45" W; SW to lat. 33°40'15" N, long. 85°54'00" W; WNW to lat. 33°41'18" N, long. 85°56'24" W; due W to long. 86°01'12" W; due N to lat. 33°45'32" N, long. 86°01'12" W, point of beginning.	Surface to 40,000 feet.	Continuous...	3d Army, Ft. McClellan, Ala.

2. A Pine Bluff, Arkansas, area is added to read:

Name and location (chart)	Description by geographical coordinates	Designated altitudes	Time of designation	Using Agency
PINE BLUFF (Little Rock Chart).	A circular area with a radius of 3 miles, centered at lat. 34°21'00" N, long. 92°04'00" W, excluding that portion which overlaps Green Civil Airway No. 5.	Surface to 10,000 feet.	0700 to 1400, Monday through Friday.	Pine Bluff, Arkansas, Arsenal.

3. The Hinesville, Georgia, area, published on July 16, 1949, in 14 F. R. 4287, is amended to read:

Name and location (chart)	Description by geographical coordinates	Designated altitudes	Time of designation	Using agency
HINESVILLE (Jacksonville and Savannah Charts)	Beginning at lat. 32°05'50" N, long. 81°34'00" W; ESE to lat. 32°04'05" N, long. 81°22'30" W; S to lat. 31°57'30" N, long. 81°22'40" W; SW to lat. 31°51'35" N, long. 81°36'00" W; WNW to lat. 31°53'20" N, long. 81°52'25" W; NNW to lat. 31°57'00" N, long. 81°53'10" W; NE to lat. 32°03'45" N, long. 81°47'00" W; ENE to lat. 32°05'50" N, long. 81°34'00" W, point of beginning.	Surface to 40,000 feet.	Continuous...	Camp Stewart AFB, Hinesville, Ga.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply sec. 601, 52 Stat. 1007, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 551)

This amendment shall become effective on July 1, 1950.

[SEAL] DONALD W. NYROP, *Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5668; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

Chapter II—Civil Aeronautics Administration, Department of Commerce

[Amdt. 29]

PART 600—DESIGNATION OF CIVIL AIRWAYS

ALTERATIONS

The civil airway alterations appearing hereinafter have been coordinated with the civil operators involved, the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force, through the Air Coordinating Committee, Airspace Subcommittee, and are adopted when indicated in order to promote safety of the flying public. Compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act would be impracticable and contrary to public interest, and therefore is not required.

Part 600 is amended as follows:

1. Section 600.12 is amended to read:

§ 600.12 *Green civil airway No. 2 (Seattle, Wash., to Boston, Mass.).* From the King County Airport, Seattle, Wash., via the Seattle, Wash., radio range station; Ellensburg, Wash., radio range station; Ephrata, Wash., radio range station; Spokane, Wash., radio range station; Coeur D'Alene, Idaho, radio range station; Mullan Pass, Idaho, radio range station; Superior, Mont., radio range station; Missoula, Mont., radio range station; Drummond, Mont., radio range station; Helena, Mont., radio range station; the intersection of the southeast course of the Helena, Mont., radio range and the northwest course of the Bozeman, Mont., radio range; Bozeman, Mont., radio range station; the intersection of the southeast course of the Bozeman, Mont., radio range and the west course of the Livingston, Mont., radio range; Livingston, Mont., radio range station; Billings, Mont., radio range station; the intersection of the northeast course of the Billings, Mont., radio range and the southwest course of the Miles City, Mont., radio range; Miles City, Mont., radio range station; the intersection of the northeast course of the Miles City, Mont., radio range and the west course of the Dickinson, N. Dak., radio range; Dickinson, N. Dak., radio range station; Bismarck, N. Dak., radio range station; Jamestown, N. Dak., radio range station; the intersection of the east course of the Jamestown, N. Dak., radio range and the west course of the Fargo, N. Dak., radio range; Fargo, N. Dak., radio range station; Alexandria, Minn., radio range station; Minneapolis, Minn., radio range station; La Crosse, Wis., radio range station; Lone Rock, Wis., radio range station; Madison, Wis., radio range station; Milwaukee, Wis., radio range station; Muskegon, Mich., radio range station; Grand Rapids, Mich., radio range station; Lansing, Mich., radio range station; the intersection of the east course of the Lansing, Mich., radio range and the north course of the Detroit, Mich., radio range; Detroit, Mich., radio range station to the intersection of the east course of the Detroit, Mich., radio range and the United States-Canadian Border. From the intersection of the east course of the Clear Creek, Ontario, Canada, radio range and the United States-Canadian Border via the intersection of the east course of the Clear Creek, Ontario, Canada, radio range and the southwest course of the Buffalo, N. Y., radio range; Buffalo, N. Y., radio range station; the intersection of the east course of the Buffalo, N. Y., radio range and the southwest course of the Rochester, N. Y., radio range; Rochester, N. Y., radio range station; the intersection of the southeast course of the Rochester, N. Y., radio range and the west course of the Syracuse, N. Y., radio range; Syracuse, N. Y., radio range station; Utica, N. Y., radio range station; Albany, N. Y., radio range station; Westfield, Mass., radio range station; the intersection of the southeast course of the Westfield, Mass., radio range and the southwest course of the Boston, Mass., radio range to the Boston, Mass., radio range station.

2. Section 600.106 is amended to read:

§ 600.106 *Amber civil airway No. 6 (Jacksonville, Fla., to U. S.-Canadian Border).* From the Jacksonville, Fla., radio range station via the Alma, Ga., radio range station; Macon, Ga., radio range station; Atlanta, Ga., radio range station; Chattanooga, Tenn., radio range station to the Nashville, Tenn., radio range station. From the intersection of

the northwest course of the Nashville, Tenn., radio range and the southwest course of the Bowling Green, Ky., radio range; Bowling Green, Ky., radio range station; the intersection of the northeast course of the Bowling Green, Ky., radio range and the south course of the Louisville, Ky., radio range; Louisville, Ky., radio range station; Cincinnati, Ohio, radio range station to the intersection of the northeast course of the Cincinnati, Ohio, radio range and the west course of the Columbus, Ohio, radio range. From the Columbus, Ohio, radio range station to the intersection of the northeast course of the Columbus, Ohio, radio range and the west course of the Cleveland, Ohio, radio range. From the intersection of the east course of the Cleveland, Ohio, radio range and the southwest course of the Clear Creek, Ontario, Canada, radio range to the intersection of the southwest course of the Clear Creek, Ontario, Canada, radio range and the United States-Canadian Border.

3. Section 600.208 is amended to read:

§ 600.208 *Red civil airway No. 8 (Dayton, Ohio, to Wilkes-Barre, Pa.).* From the intersection of the west course of the Wright-Patterson AFB radio range Fairfield, Ohio, and the northwest course of the Cincinnati, Ohio, radio range via the intersection of the west course of the Wright-Patterson AFB radio range and the south course of the Dayton, Ohio, radio range; the Wright-Patterson AFB radio range station; the intersection of the east course of the Wright-Patterson AFB radio range and the south course of the Columbus, Ohio, radio range; the Zanesville, Ohio, non-directional radio beacon; the Bergholz, Ohio, non-directional radio beacon; the Butler, Pa., non-directional radio beacon; the Brookville, Pa., non-directional radio beacon; the intersection of the southwest course of the Elmira, N. Y., radio range and the west course of the Williamsport, Pa., radio range; Williamsport, Pa., radio range station to the intersection of the east course of the Williamsport, Pa., radio range and the southwest course of the Wilkes-Barre, Pa., radio range.

4. Section 600.217 is amended to read:

§ 600.217 *Red Civil airway No. 17 (St. Louis, Mo., to Baltimore, Md.).* From the intersection of the south course of the St. Louis, Mo., range and the southwest course of the Scott AFB, Belleville, Ill., radio range via the Scott AFB, Belleville, Ill., radio range station to the intersection of the northeast course of the Scott AFB, Belleville, Ill., radio range and the west course of the Effingham, Ill., radio range. From the Chanute AFB, Rantoul, Ill., radio range station to the intersection of the northeast course of the Chanute AFB, Rantoul, Ill., radio range and the southeast course of the Chicago, Ill., radio range. From the Fort Wayne, Ind., radio range station via the Findlay, Ohio, non-directional radio beacon and the Mansfield, Ohio, non-directional radio beacon to the Pittsburgh, Pa., radio range station. From the McKeesport, Pa., non-directional radio beacon to the Johnstown, Pa., non-directional radio beacon. From the Martinsburg, W. Va., radio range station to the Baltimore, Md., radio range station.

5. Section 600.261 is amended to read:

§ 600.261 *Red civil airway No. 61 (Butler, Pa., to Washington, D. C.).* From the Butler, Pa., nondirectional radio beacon via the Johnstown, Pa., non-directional radio beacon; the intersection of the southeast course of the Pittsburgh, Pa., radio range and the northwest course of the Arcola, Va., radio range; Arcola, Va., radio range station to the intersection of the southeast course of the Arcola, Va., radio range and the southwest course of the Washington, D. C., radio range.

6. Section 600.274 is amended to read:

§ 600.274 *Red civil airway No. 74 (Louisville, Ky., to Dayton, Ohio.).* From the Louisville, Ky., radio range station via the intersection of the north course of the Louisville, Ky., radio range and a line 241° magnetic from the Covington, Ky., VOR radio range station to the Covington, Ky., VOR radio range station. From the intersection of the northeast course of the Cincinnati, Ohio, radio range and the southwest course of the Wright-Patterson, Ohio, AFB radio range via the Wright-Patterson AFB radio range station to the intersection of the northeast course of the Wright-Patterson AFB radio range and the west course of the Columbus, Ohio, radio range.

7. Section 600.285 is amended to read:

§ 600.285 *Red civil airway No. 85 (Dayton, Ohio, to Martinsburg, Pa.).* From the Dayton, Ohio, radio range station to the Mansfield, Ohio, non-directional radio beacon. From the Akron, Ohio, radio range station via the Butler, Pa., non-directional radio beacon to the Altoona, Pa., radio range station.

8. Section 600.604 is amended to read:

§ 600.604 *Blue civil airway No. 4 (Nantucket, Mass., to United States-Canadian Border).* From the Nantucket, Mass., VHF radio range station via the intersection of the northwest course of the Nantucket, Mass., VHF radio range and the southeast course of the Squantum, Mass. (Navy) radio range to the Squantum, Mass. (Navy) radio range station. From the intersection of the northeast course of the Boston, Mass., radio range and the southeast course of the Concord, N. H., radio range; Concord, N. H., radio range station; Burlington, Vt., radio range station to the intersection of the northwest course of the Burlington, Vt., radio range and the United States-Canadian Border.

9. Section 600.669 is added to read:

§ 600.669 *Blue civil airway No. 69 (St. Louis, Mo., to Des Moines, Iowa).* From the intersection of the north course of the St. Louis, Mo., radio range and the southwest course of the Springfield, Ill., radio range via the Quincy, Ill., nondirectional radio beacon; the intersection of the southwest course of the Burlington, Iowa, radio range and the southeast course of the Ottumwa, Iowa, VHF radio range; Ottumwa, Iowa, VHF radio range station to the Des Moines, Iowa, radio range station.

10. Section 600.1002 *Other Civil Airways (St. Louis, Mo., to Des Moines, Iowa civil airway) is revoked.*

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interprets or applies secs. 301, 302, 307, 52 Stat. 985, 986, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 451, 452, 457)

This amendment shall become effective 0001 e. s. t. June 30, 1950.

[SEAL] DONALD W. NYROP,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5666; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Amdt. 33]

PART 601—DESIGNATION OF CONTROL AREAS, CONTROL ZONES, AND REPORTING POINTS

ALTERATIONS

The control area, control zone and reporting point alterations appearing hereinafter have been coordinated with the civil operators involved, the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force, through the Air Coordinating Committee, Airspace Subcommittee, and are adopted when indicated in order to promote safety of the flying public. Compliance with the notice, procedures, and effective date provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act would be impracticable and contrary to public interest, and therefore is not required. Part 601 is amended as follows:

1. Section 601.208 is amended by changing caption to read: "*Red civil airway No. 8 control areas (Dayton, Ohio, to Wilkes-Barre, Pa.).*"

2. Section 601.261 is amended by changing caption to read: "*Red civil airway No. 61 control areas (Butler, Pa., to Washington, D. C.).*"

3. Section 601.274 is amended by changing caption to read: "*Red civil airway No. 74 control areas (Louisville, Ky., to Dayton, Ohio).*"

4. Section 601.669 is added to read:

§ 601.669 *Blue civil airway No. 69 control areas (St. Louis, Mo., to Des Moines, Iowa).* All of Blue civil airway No. 69 between the intersection of the north course of the St. Louis, Mo., radio range and the southwest course of the Springfield, Ill., radio range to the intersection of the southwest course of the Burlington, Iowa, radio range and the southeast course of the Ottumwa, Iowa, VHF radio range.

5. Section 601.1042 *Control area extension Cincinnati, Ohio,* is revoked.

6. Section 601.1042 is added to read:

§ 601.1042 *Control area extension (Columbus, Ohio).* All that area bounded on the north by Green civil airway No. 4, on the east by Blue civil airway No. 15, on the south by Red civil airway No. 8 and on the west by Red civil airway No. 27.

7. Section 601.1075 is added to read:

§ 601.1075 *Control area extension (Baltimore, Md.).* Within 5 miles either side of the Baltimore, Md., Friendship International Airport ILS localizer course from its intersection with the south course of the Baltimore, Md., radio range to its intersection with the northeast course of the Arcola, Va., radio range.

8. Section 601.2223 is amended to read:

§ 601.2223 *Charleston, W. Va., control zone.* Within a 5 mile radius of the Kanawha County Airport extending 2 miles either side of the east and west courses of the Charleston, W. Va., radio range to a point 10 miles west of the range station, and extending 2 miles either side of the ILS localizer course to a point 10 miles northeast of the outer marker.

9. Section 601.2264 is added to read:

§ 601.2264 *Dunkirk, N. Y., control zone.* Within a 5 mile radius of the Dunkirk, N. Y., Municipal Airport extending 2 miles either side of a track 50° magnetic from the Dunkirk non-directional radio beacon to a point 10 miles northeast of the non-directional radio beacon.

10. Section 601.2265 is added to read:

§ 601.2265 *Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio, control zone.* Within a 5 mile radius of the Wright-Patterson AFB (Patterson) including a 5 mile radius of the Wright-Patterson AFB (Wright), extending 2 miles either side of the southwest course of the Wright-Patterson AFB radio range to the Fairfield, Ohio, Fan Marker and extending 2 miles either side of the northeast course of the Wright-Patterson AFB radio range to a point 10 miles northeast of Wright-Patterson AFB (Patterson).

11. Section 601.2266 is added to read:

§ 601.2266 *Springfield, Ohio, control zone.* Within a 5 mile radius of the Springfield, Ohio, Airport extending 2 miles either side of a 52° magnetic track from the end of the northeast-southwest runway to a point 10 miles northeast of the Springfield Airport.

12. Section 601.2267 is added to read:

§ 601.2267 *Baltimore, Md., control zone.* Within a 5 mile radius of the Baltimore, Md., Friendship International Airport, extending 2 miles either side of the ILS localizer course to a point 10 miles west of the outer marker.

13. Section 601.4012 *Green civil airway No. 2 (Seattle, Wash., to Boston, Mass.),* is amended by deleting the following reporting point: "Custer, Mont., radio range station;".

14. Section 601.4015 *Green civil airway No. 5 (Los Angeles, Calif., to Boston, Mass.)* is amended by deleting the "Doncaster, Md., fan-type marker station or the intersection of the northeast course of the Gordonsville, Va., radio range station and the south course of the Washington, D. C., radio range station;" and substituting the following reporting point: "the Quantico, Va. (Navy) radio range station;".

15. Section 601.4018 *Green civil airway No. 8 (Attu, Alaska to Northway, Alaska)* is amended by deleting "the intersection of the northeast course of the Anchorage, Alaska, radio range and the southwest course of the Gulkana, Alaska, radio range;" and substituting the following reporting point: "the intersection of the northeast course of the Anchorage, Alaska, radio range and the southeast course of the Skwentna, Alaska, radio range;".

16. Section 601.4208 is amended by changing caption to read: *"Red civil airway No. 8 (Dayton, Ohio, to Wilkes-Barre, Pa.)."*

17. Section 601.4261 is amended by changing caption to read: *"Red civil airway No. 61 (Butler, Pa., to Washington, D. C.)."*

18. Section 601.4274 is amended by changing caption to read: *"Red civil airway No. 74 (Louisville, Ky., to Dayton, Ohio)."*

19. Section 601.4669 is added to read:

§ 601.4669 *Blue civil airway No. 69 (St. Louis, Mo., to Des Moines, Iowa).* No reporting point designation.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interprets or applies secs. 301, 302, 307, 52 Stat. 985, 986, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 451, 452, 457)

This amendment shall become effective 0001 e. s. t., June 30, 1950.

DONALD W. NYROP,
Acting Administrator of Civil Aeronautics.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5667; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 15—COMMERCE AND FOREIGN TRADE

Chapter III—Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce

[5th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs., Amdt. 7]

PART 384—GENERAL ORDERS

SUSPENSION OF LICENSES TO NORTH KOREA

Part 384, General Orders, is amended, by adding thereto a new § 384.3, to read as follows:

§ 384.3 *Order suspending licenses to North Korea.* Effective 4:00 p. m., eastern daylight time, June 28, 1950, all export licenses, both validated and general, authorizing exportation of any commodity, whether or not included on the Positive List of Commodities (§ 399.1 of this chapter), or technical data, to North Korea, are suspended.

This order shall not apply to exportations to that destination which have been laden aboard the exporting carrier prior to its effective date.

(63 Stat. 7; E. O. 9630, September 27, 1945, 10 F. R. 12245, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.; E. O. 9919, January 3, 1948, 13 F. R. 59, 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

Issued this 28th day of June 1950.

[SEAL] RAYMOND S. HOOVER,
Issuance Officer.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5732; Filed, June 28, 1950; 4:00 p. m.]

TITLE 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[File No. 21-409]

PART 192—WHOLESALE OPTICAL INDUSTRY

PROMULGATION OF TRADE PRACTICE RULES

Due proceedings having been held under the trade practice conference procedure in pursuance of the Act of Congress approved September 26, 1914, as amended (Federal Trade Commission Act), and other provisions of law administered by the Commission;

It is now ordered, That the trade practice rules of Group I and Group II, as hereinafter set forth, which have been approved and received, respectively, by the Commission in this proceeding, be promulgated as of June 30, 1950.

Statement by the Commission. Trade practice rules for the Wholesale Optical Industry, as hereinafter set forth, are promulgated by the Federal Trade Commission under the trade practice conference procedure.

The industry for which the rules are established is that composed of the persons, firms, corporations and organizations engaged in the business of selling corrective eyeglasses or lenses, with or without processing, or eyeglass frames, mountings, parts, or accessories, to retail establishments, ophthalmologists, optometrists, opticians, oculists, clinics, or hospitals, for resale by them to customers, with or without further processing; and the persons, firms, corporations and organizations who, in addition to making sales of the products to said buyers, also sell the same in quantity lots to industrial consumers, clinics, or hospitals for use in the conduct of their respective businesses or services. The total annual volume of business of the industry is approximately $147,000,000.

The rules are directed to the prevention of various unfair trade practices and the maintenance of fair competitive conditions in the public interest in harmony with the requirements of law. They define and proscribe various practices deemed to be unfair and violative of laws administered by the Commission, thus affording guidance to members of the industry. Other rules are likewise included which are designed to afford assistance in the conduct of business on an ethical basis.

Trade practice conference proceedings under which the rules have been established were instituted upon application from members of the industry. A general industry conference was held under Commission auspices in Toledo, Ohio, at which proposals for rules were received and given consideration. Thereafter, a draft of proposed rules in appropriate form was made available by the Commission. Pursuant to public notice a hearing on such rules was held in Washington, D. C., at which all interested or affected parties were afforded opportunity to be heard and to present their views, including such pertinent information, suggestions, or objections respecting the proposed rules as they desired to offer.

Following such hearing, and upon consideration of the entire matter, final action was taken by the Commission whereby it approved and received, respectively, the rules hereinafter appearing in Group I and Group II.

Such rules become operative thirty (30) days from the date of promulgation.

The rules. These rules promulgated by the Commission are designed to foster and promote the maintenance of fair competitive conditions in the interest of protecting industry, trade, and the public. It is to this end, and to the exclusion of any act or practice which suppresses competition, restrains trade, fixes or controls price through combination or agreement, or which otherwise injures, destroys, or prevents competition, that the rules are to be applied.

Sec.

AUTHORITY: §§ 192.0 to 192.103 issued under sec. 6, 38 Stat. 721; 15 U. S. C. 46.

§ 192.0 *Definition; industry products.* As used in this part, the term "industry products" (or "products of the industry") shall be understood as embracing eyeglasses and eyeglass lenses which are designed to provide correction and/or improvement of eyesight, and as also embracing frames, mountings, parts, and accessories for any kind of eyeglasses and similar opthalmic goods and materials.

NOTE: Sunglasses and goggles or spectacles which are designed for protection of the eyes or eyesight, as distinguished from correction or improvement of eyesight, are not included, nor are contact lenses, precision lenses for telescopes, binoculars, etc., to be considered as included.

GROUP I

General statement. The unfair trade practices embraced in §§ 192.1 to 192.18, inclusive, are considered to be unfair methods of competition, unfair or deceptive acts or practices, or other illegal practices, prohibited under laws administered by the Federal Trade Commission; and appropriate proceedings in the public interest will be taken by the Commission to prevent the use, by any person, partnership, corporation, or other organization subject to its jurisdiction, of such unlawful practices in commerce.

§ 192.1 *Prohibited discrimination—*(a) *Prohibited discriminatory prices, or rebates, refunds, discounts, credits, etc., which effect unlawful price discrimination.* It is an unfair trade practice for any member of the industry engaged in commerce,[1] in the course of such commerce, to grant or allow, secretly or openly, directly or indirectly, any rebate, refund, discount, credit, or other form of price differential, where such rebate, refund, discount, credit, or other form of price differential, effects a discrimination in price between different purchasers of goods of like grade and quality, where either or any of the purchases involved therein are in commerce,[1] and where the effect thereof may be substantially to lessen competition or tend to create a monopoly in any line of commerce,[1] or to injure, destroy, or prevent competition with any person who either grants or knowingly receives the benefit of such discrimination, or with customers of either of them: *Provided, however,*

(1) That the goods involved in any such transaction are sold for use, consumption, or resale within any place under the jurisdiction of the United States;

(2) That nothing herein contained shall prevent differentials which make only due allowance for differences in the cost of manufacture,[2] sale, or delivery resulting from the differing methods or quantities in which such commodities are to such purchasers sold or delivered;

NOTE: *"Spindling" of orders.* This proviso shall not be construed as permitting the practice of allowing a price differential, whether in the form of a discount, rebate, or other form, through billing as a single order an aggregate of the amounts of two or more orders separately delivered, when such price differential is not justified by savings to the seller which makes only due allowance for differences in the cost of manufacture,[2] sale, or delivery resulting from the differing methods or quantities in which such products are to such purchasers sold or delivered.)

(3) That nothing herein contained shall prevent persons engaged in selling goods, wares, or merchandise in commerce[1] from selecting their own customers in bona fide transactions and not in restraint of trade;

(4) That nothing herein contained shall prevent price changes from time to time where made in response to changing conditions affecting the market for or the marketability of the goods concerned, such as but not limited to actual or imminent deterioration of perishable goods, obsolescence of seasonal goods, distress sales under court process, or sales in good faith in discontinuance of business in the goods concerned.

(b) *Prohibited brokerage and commissions.* It is an unfair trade practice for any member of the industry engaged in commerce,[1] in the course of such commerce, to pay or grant, or to receive or accept, anything of value as a commission, brokerage, or other compensation, or any allowance or discount in lieu thereof, except for services rendered in connection with the sale or purchase of goods, wares, or merchandise, either to the other party to such transaction or to an agent, representative, or other intermediary therein where such intermediary is acting in fact for, or in behalf, or is subject to the direct or indirect control, of any party to such transaction other than the person by whom such compensation is so granted or paid.

(c) *Prohibited advertising or promotional allowances, etc.* It is an unfair trade practice for any member of the industry engaged in commerce[1] to pay or contract for the payment of advertising or promotional allowances or any other thing of value to or for the benefit of a customer of such member in the course of such commerce as compensation or in consideration for any services or facilities furnished by or through such customer in connection with the processing,[3] handling, sale, or offering for sale of any products or commodities manufactured, sold, or offered for sale by such member, unless such payment or consideration is available on proportionally equal terms to all other customers competing in the distribution of such products or commodities.

(d) *Prohibited discriminatory services or facilities.* It is an unfair trade practice for any member of the industry engaged in commerce[1] to discriminate in favor of one purchaser against another purchaser or purchasers of a commodity bought for resale, with or without processing,[3] by contracting to furnish or furnishing, or by contributing to the furnishing of, any services or facilities connected with the processing, handling, sale, or offering for sale of such commodity so purchased upon terms not accorded to all purchasers on proportionately equal terms.

[1] As here used, the word "commerce" means "trade or commerce among the several States and with foreign nations, or between the District of Columbia or any Territory of the United States and any State, Territory, or foreign nation, or between any insular possessions or other places under the jurisdiction of the United States, or between any such possession or place and any State or Territory of the United States or the District of Columbia or any foreign nation, or within the District of Columbia or any Territory or any insular possession or other place under the jurisdiction of the United States."

[2] "Manufacture," as used in this section and for the purposes of these rules, is synonymous with the term "processing," including, but not limited to: (1) surface grinding and polishing to produce the necessary curves on the surfaces of lenses; (2) the centering, cutting, clipping, and edging of surface finished lenses to the size and shape required and the drilling or slotting of lenses; (3) the assembling of the finished lenses in frames or mountings; and (4) the final shaping and truing of the completed spectacles or eyeglasses.

[3] The term "processing" as here used shall be understood as embracing the operations set out in footnote 2.

(e) *Inducing or receiving an illegal discrimination in price.* It is an unfair trade practice for any member of the industry engaged in commerce,[1] in the course of such commerce, knowingly to induce or receive a discrimination in price which is prohibited by the foregoing provisions of this section.

NOTE: This provision is to be understood as inhibiting industry members from knowingly inducing or receiving from their suppliers price differentials prohibited by Section I of this rule whether such price differentials be given on goods resold by them at wholesale or retail.

(f) *Prohibited discriminatory returns.* It is an unfair trade practice for any member of the industry engaged in commerce[1] to discriminate in favor of one customer-purchaser against another customer-purchaser of optical or ophthalmic goods, bought from such member of the industry for resale, by contracting to furnish, or furnishing in connection therewith, upon terms not accorded to all competing customer-purchasers on proportionately equal terms, the service or facility whereby such favored purchaser is accorded the privilege of returning all or part of the optical or ophthalmic goods so purchased and receiving therefor credit or refund of purchase price; *Provided, however,* Nothing in any of the rules herein shall prohibit or be used to prevent the return of merchandise by purchaser, for credit or refund of purchase price, when and because such merchandise has been falsely or deceptively labeled or represented, or when and because such merchandise is defective in material, workmanship, or in other respect is contrary to guarantee, warranty, or purchase contract.

(g) *Exemptions.* The inhibitions of this section shall not apply to purchases of their supplies for their own use by schools, colleges, universities, public libraries, churches, hospitals, and charitable institutions not operated for profit.

(h) *Purchase by U. S. Government; applicability of Robinson-Patman Anti-discrimination Act to same.* In an opinion submitted to the Secretary of War under date of December 28, 1936, the U. S. Attorney-General advised that the Robinson-Patman antidiscrimination Act" is not applicable to Government contracts for supplies." (39 Opinions, Attorney-General 539) [Rule 1]

§ 192.2 *Deceptive use of trade or corporate names, trade-marks, etc.* The use of any trade name, corporate name, trade-mark, or other trade designation which has the capacity and tendency or effect of misleading or deceiving purchasers, prospective purchasers, or the buying public as to the character, name, nature, or origin of any product of the industry or any material used therein, or which is false or misleading in any other respect, is an unfair trade practice. [Rule 2]

§ 192.3 *Misrepresentation.* It is an unfair trade practice to make or publish, or cause to be made or published, directly or indirectly, any statements or representations, by way of advertisement or otherwise, which have the capacity and tendency or effect of misleading or deceiving purchasers, prospective purchasers, or the buying public with respect to the quality, grade, quantity, size, precious metal content, origin, manufacture, durability, efficacy, or serviceability of any industry product; or to misrepresent any such product in any other material respect.

NOTE: Among the inhibitions of this section is "false advertisement," as defined in section 15 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, of any "devices" or other products within the scope of such section. Furthermore, nothing in this part is to be construed as relieving any one of the necessity of complying with the provisions of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act in respect to labeling or any other matter coming within the purview of that act.

[Rule 3]

§ 192.4 *Deception as to origin.* In respect to industry products produced in a foreign country and (1) imported in the finished state, or (2) imported in the unfinished state and finished in the United States, it is an unfair trade practice:

(a) To offer for sale, sell, or distribute any such industry products under marks, stamps, brands, labels, or representations which have the capacity and tendency or effect of misleading or deceiving purchasers, prospective purchasers, or the buying public into the erroneous belief that the industry products were produced wholly within the United States; or

(b) To offer for sale, sell, or distribute any such industry products without the same being marked, stamped, branded, or labeled so as to indicate clearly and nondeceptively the country of origin of such products, the failure, refusal, or omission to so mark, stamp, brand, or label such industry products having the capacity and tendency or effect of thereby promoting, abetting, or effectuating the marketing of industry products under conditions which are misleading or deceptive to purchasers, prospective purchasers, or the buying public.

NOTE: Nothing in this section shall be construed as relieving any member of the industry or other party of the necessity of complying with the requirements of the customs laws or regulations, or other applicable provisions of law or regulation, relating to the marking of imported articles.

[Rule 4]

§ 192.5 *Misrepresenting products as conforming to standard.* In connection with the sale or offering for sale of products of the industry, it is an unfair trade practice to represent, through advertising or otherwise, that such products conform to any standards recognized in or applicable to the industry when such is not the fact, with the capacity and tendency or effect of misleading or deceiving purchasers, prospective purchasers, or the buying public. [Rule 5]

§ 192.6 *Misrepresentation as to character of business.* It is an unfair trade practice for any member of the industry, in the course of or in connection with the distribution or sale of industry products, to misrepresent the character, extent, or type of his business. [Rule 6]

§ 192.7 *Deception through failure to differentiate between wholesale and retail transactions.* Where industry products are sold at wholesale and at retail in the same establishment of a member of the industry, the commingling of the two types of business in such manner as to have the capacity and tendency or effect of misleading or deceiving purchasers, prospective purchasers, or the buying public is an unfair trade practice. [Rule 7]

§ 192.8 *False invoicing.* It is an unfair trade practice to withhold from or insert in invoices any statements or information by reason of which omission or insertion a false record is made, wholly or in part, of the transactions represented on the face of such invoices, with the capacity and tendency or effect of thereby misleading or deceiving purchasers, prospective purchasers, or the buying public.

In order to prevent misunderstanding, confusion, or deception, the invoice or billing should disclose that the products of the industry covered thereby are seconds, defective, or other than first-quality merchandise, when such is the fact. [Rule 8]

§ 192.9 *Misuse of terms "close-outs," "discontinued lines," etc.* It is an unfair trade practice to offer for sale, sell, advertise, describe, or otherwise represent regular lines of merchandise as "close-outs," "discontinued lines," or by words or representations of similar import, when such are not true in fact; or to so offer for sale, sell, advertise, describe, or otherwise represent merchandise where the capacity and tendency or effect thereof is to lead purchasers, prospective purchasers, or the buying public to believe such merchandise is being offered for sale and sold at greatly reduced prices or at so-called "bargain" prices, when such is not the fact. [Rule 9]

§ 192.10 *Consignment distribution.* It is an unfair trade practice for any member of the industry to employ the practice of shipping industry products on consignment or pretended consignment for the purpose and with the effect of artificially clogging or closing trade outlets and unduly restricting competitors' use of said trade outlets in getting their products to consumers through regular channels of distribution, thereby injuring, destroying, or preventing competition or tending to create a monopoly or to unreasonably restrain trade. Nothing in this rule shall be construed as restricting or preventing consignment shipping or marketing of industry products in good faith where suppression of competition, restraint of trade, or undue interference with competitors' use of the usual channels of distribution, is not effected. [Rule 10]

§ 192.11 *Transactions below cost.* The practice of selling products of the industry at a price less than the cost thereof to the seller, with the purpose or intent, and where the effect may be, to injure, suppress, or stifle competition or tend to create a monopoly in the production or sale of such products, is an unfair trade practice. As used in this rule, the term "cost" means the total cost to the

See footnote on p. 4190.

seller of any such transactions of sale, including the costs of acquisition, processing, preparation for marketing, sale, and delivery of such products. [Rule 11]

§ 192.12 *Commercial bribery.* It is an unfair trade practice for a member of the industry, directly or indirectly, to give, or offer to give, or permit or cause to be given, money or anything of value to agents, employees, or representatives of customers or prospective customers, or to agents, employees, or representatives of competitors' customers or prospective customers, without the knowledge of their employers or principals, as an inducement to influence their employers or principals to purchase or contract to purchase products manufactured or sold by such industry member or the maker of such gift or offer, or to influence such employers or principals to refrain from dealing in the products of competitors or from dealing or contracting to deal with competitors. [Rule 12]

§ 192.13 *Defamation of competitors or disparagement of their products.* The defamation of competitors by falsely imputing to them dishonorable conduct, inability to perform contracts, questionable credit standing, or by other false representations, or the false disparagement of competitors' products in any respect, or of their business methods, selling prices, values, credit terms, policies, or services, is an unfair trade practice. [Rule 13]

§ 192.14 *Coercing purchase of one product as prerequisite to purchase of other products.* The practice of coercing the purchase of one or more products as a prerequisite to the purchase of one or more other products, where the effect may be to substantially lessen competition or tend to create a monopoly or to unreasonably restrain trade, is an unfair trade practice. [Rule 14]

§ 192.15 *Inducing breach of contract.* Inducing or attempting to induce the breach of existing lawful contracts between competitors and their customers or their suppliers by any false or deceptive means whatsoever, or interfering with or obstructing the performance of any such contractual duties or services by any such means, with the purpose and effect of unduly hampering, injuring, or prejudicing competitors in their business, is an unfair trade practice. [Rule 15]

§ 192.16 *Enticing away employees of competitors.* It is an unfair trade practice for any member of the industry wilfully to entice away employees of competitors with the intent and effect of thereby unduly hampering or injuring competitors in their business and destroying or substantially lessening competition: *Provided*, That nothing in this rule shall be construed as prohibiting employees or agents from seeking or obtaining more favorable employment. [Rule 16]

§ 192.17 *Imitation of trade-marks, trade names, etc.* The practice of imitating or causing to be imitated, or directly or indirectly promoting the imitation of, the trademarks, trade names, or other exclusively owned symbols or marks of identification of competitors, having the capacity and tendency or effect of misleading or deceiving purchasers, prospective purchasers, or the buying public is an unfair trade practice. [Rule 17]

§ 192.18 *Combination or coercion to fix prices, suppress competition, or restrain trade.* It is an unfair trade practice for a member of the industry:

(a) To use, directly or indirectly, any form of threat, intimidation, or coercion against any member of the industry or other person to unlawfully fix, maintain, or enhance prices, suppress competition, or restrain trade; or

(b) To enter into or take part in, directly or indirectly, any agreement, understanding, combination, conspiracy, or concerted action with one or more members of the industry, or with one or more other persons, to unlawfully fix, maintain, or enhance prices, suppress competition, or restrain trade. [Rule 18]

GROUP II

General statement. Compliance with trade practice provisions embraced in §§ 192.101 to 192.103, inclusive, is considered to be conducive to sound business methods and is to be encouraged and promoted individually or through voluntary cooperation exercised in accordance with existing law. Nonobservance of such rules does not per se constitute violation of law. Where, however, the practice of not complying with §§ 192.101 to 192.103, inclusive, is followed in such manner as to result in unfair methods of competition, or unfair or deceptive acts or practices, corrective proceedings may be instituted by the Commission as in the case of violation of §§ 192.1 to 192.18, inclusive.

§ 192.101 *Nature of business should be disclosed.* No member of the industry should use any advertising, letterhead, or telephone listing which is vague or confusing in that it fails to indicate the true business character of the firm. [Rule A]

§ 192.102 *Return of merchandise.* The practice of selling merchandise and later permitting the purchaser to return it for credit or refunds of purchase price, without just cause, creates waste and loss, increases the cost of doing business to the detriment of both the industry and the public, and is deemed inconsistent with sound industry practice. [Rule B]

§ 192.103 *Disputes.* The industry approves the practice of handling business disputes between members of the industry and their customers in a fair and reasonable manner, coupled with a spirit of moderation and good will, and every effort should be made by the disputants themselves to compose their differences. If unable to do so they should, if possible, submit these disputes to arbitration. [Rule C]

Promulgated by the Federal Trade Commission, June 30, 1950.

Issued: June 26, 1950.

[SEAL] D. C. DANIEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5653; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 24—HOUSING AND HOUSING CREDIT

Chapter VIII—Office of Housing Expediter

[Controlled Housing Rent Reg. Amdt. 257]

[Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments Rent Reg., Amdt. 254]

PART 825—RENT REGULATIONS UNDER THE HOUSING AND RENT ACT OF 1947, AS AMENDED

OHIO

The Controlled Housing Rent Regulation (§§ 825.1 to 825.12) and the Rent Regulation for Controlled Rooms in Rooming Houses and Other Establishments (§§ 825.81 to 825.92) are amended in the following respect:

Schedule A, Item 228 is amended to describe the counties in the defense-rental area as follows:

Cuyahoga County, except the Cities of Bedford, Berea and University Heights, and the Villages of Bay, Bentleyville, Brecksville, Chagrin Falls, Gates Mills, Highland Heights, Hunting Valley, Independence, Lyndhurst, Moreland Hills, North Olmsted, North Royalton, Orange, Pepper Pike, Seven Hills, Valley View, Westlake and West View; and in Lake County those parts of Kirtland Township included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby, and Willoughby Township, except the Village of Wickliffe.

Lake County, other than Willoughby Township and those parts of Kirtland Township included within the corporate limits of the Villages of Waite Hill and Willoughby.

This decontrols the Village of Seven Hills in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, a portion of the Cleveland, Ohio, Defense-Rental Area, based on a resolution submitted in accordance with section 204 (j) (3) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended.

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894)

This amendment shall become effective June 28, 1950.

Issued this 27th day of June 1950.

TIGHE E. WOODS,
Housing Expediter.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5730; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:55 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter XVI—Selective Service System

[Amdt. 12]

PART 1607—FINANCE ADMINISTRATION

PART 1608—PAYMENT FOR PERSONAL SERVICES

FINANCE AND PAY ROLL PROCEDURES

The Selective Service Regulations are hereby amended as follows:

1. Section 1607.1 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1607.1 *Disbursement of funds.* Disbursements of funds shall be made in accordance with United States Government fiscal procedures and such rules and regulations pertaining thereto as may be prescribed by the Director of Selective Service.

2. Section 1607.3 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1607.3 *State procurement officer.* The State Director of Selective Service shall assign an individual as State procurement officer who shall perform fiscal, purchasing, contracting and supply functions. Whenever an individual who is a civilian is to be so assigned, he shall be appointed to the position of State procurement officer by the Director of Selective Service upon recommendation of the State Director of Selective Service.

3. Section 1608.2 is deleted in its entirety.

4. Section 1608.3 is deleted in its entirety.

5. Section 1608.4 is deleted in its entirety.

(Sec. 10, 62 Stat. 618; 50 U. S. C. App., Supp., 460)

The foregoing amendment to the Selective Service Regulations shall be effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.

[SEAL] LEWIS B. HERSHEY,
Director of Selective Service.

JUNE 26, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5682; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

TITLE 39—POSTAL SERVICE

Chapter I—Post Office Department

PART 34—CLASSIFICATION AND RATES OF POSTAGE

MAILING OF CIGARETTES AND TOBACCO PRODUCTS AT APO'S PROHIBITED

Amend § 34.95a (39 CFR 34.95a; 14 F. R. 5928, 7378) to read as follows:

§ 34.95a *Mailing of cigarettes and tobacco products at APO's prohibited.* Below is a revised list of APO's in the European area (all addressed c/o Postmaster, New York, New York) to which the mailing of cigarettes and tobacco products is prohibited:

1	65	125	171	208	407	751	843
46	66	139	172	209	541	757	872
57	69	147	174	225	633	777	
58	82	154	175	305	696	794	
61	114	162	178	349	742	800	
62	124	169	207	403	743	807	

(R. S. 161, 396, secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369)

[SEAL] J. M. DONALDSON,
Postmaster General.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5673; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

TITLE 43—PUBLIC LANDS: INTERIOR

Chapter I—Bureau of Land Management, Department of the Interior

Appendix—Public Land Orders

[Public Land Order 650]

FLORIDA

REVOCATION OF THE EXECUTIVE ORDER OF FEBRUARY 10, 1906, AND EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 3502 OF JUNE 25, 1921, ESTABLISHING AND ENLARGING, RESPECTIVELY, THE INDIAN KEY RESERVATION

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 9337 of April 24, 1943, it is ordered as follows:

The Executive Order of February 10, 1906, establishing the Indian Key Reservation, for the protection of native birds, on certain islands in Tampa Bay, Florida, and Executive Order No. 3502 of June 25, 1921, enlarging the said reservation (the name of which was changed to Indian Key National Wildlife Refuge by Proclamation No. 2416 of July 25, 1940) are hereby revoked.

The islands composing the said reservation are described as follows:

TALLAHASSEE MERIDIAN

T. 32 S., R. 16 E.

Indian Key Island located in secs. 10 and 15, and all mangrove islands located in secs. 20, 27, 28, 33 and 34, as shown on the diagram attached to the said Executive Order No. 3502.

The areas described aggregate approximately 191 acres.

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,
Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 26, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5669; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[Public Land Order 651]

CALIFORNIA

RESERVING PUBLIC LANDS FOR RECREATIONAL PURPOSES; PARTIALLY REVOKING EXECUTIVE ORDERS OF NOVEMBER 6, 1850, AND APRIL 20, 1860

By virtue of the authority vested in the President, and pursuant to Executive Order No. 9337 of April 24, 1943, and the act of June 14, 1926 (44 Stat. 741, 43 U. S. C. sec. 869), it is ordered as follows:

Subject to valid existing rights, the following-described public lands in California, which have been classified as chiefly valuable for recreational purposes, are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public-land laws, including the mining laws and the mineral-leasing laws, and reserved for administration, use, or disposal in accordance with the aforesaid act of June 14, 1926:

MOUNT DIABLO MERIDIAN, CALIFORNIA

T. 1 S., R. 5 W.

Being all of that unsurveyed island, known as Angel Island, in T. 1 S., R. 5 W., Mount Diablo Meridian, lying and being in San Francisco Bay, County of Marin, State of California, whose geodetic position is approximately 37°51'10" – 37°52'20" north latitude and 122°25'00" – 122°26'45" west longitude, containing by estimation 640 acres more or less, less four separated parcels of land located thereon, more particularly described as follows:

1. *San Francisco Quarantine Station.* Commencing at Point Ione, at low-water mark of the Bay, thence south, approximately six hundred and eighty (680) feet to a point on the northerly side of Military Road; thence following the Station side (northerly) of said Military Road to a point of intersection with a line bearing south forty-five (45) degrees east, which line passes through a point one hundred (100) feet north, forty-five (45) degrees east from the northernmost Station structure; thence north forty-five (45) degrees west to a point on the low-water mark of Bay at Hospital Cove; thence in a westerly direction with the low-water mark to the point of beginning; together with a contiguous area one hundred (100) feet wide, centered on two groups of water tanks, and to extend from the Station side of Military Road a distance of fifty (50) feet beyond the center of the farthest group of tanks.

2. *Point Knox light and fog signal, and keeper's quarters.* All that area of land on the southwesterly portion of Angel Island, San Francisco Bay, California, known as Point Knox; said area being bounded on the southwest by the irregular high water line; on the north by a portion of the baseline through triangulation stations "Ledyard" and "Stuart," and easterly and westerly by lines extending from points on above described baseline to the high water line; the easterly boundary extending from a point one hundred ninety-eight (198) feet from triangulation point "Ledyard" and subtending an interior angle of one hundred fourteen (114) degrees and thirty (30) minutes to the left from said baseline; westerly boundary extending from a point three hundred eighty-eight (388) feet from triangulation point "Ledyard" and subtending an exterior angle of one hundred twelve (112) degrees and thirty (30) minutes to the left from said baseline; comprising an area of 1.4 acres more or less.

3. *Point Blunt light and fog signal, and the proposed future light and fog signal control station with necessary installations.* All of that area of land at the southeasterly corner of Angel Island known as Point Blunt, and southeasterly of a certain boundary line which extends from high water line to high water line at the easterly and southerly sides of this point; said boundary line being perpendicular to another line at a point six hundred ten and five tenths (610.5) feet northerly from the triangulation station "Blunt", and from which station the last above mentioned line subtends an angle of forty-one (41) degrees, three (03) minutes to the right from a baseline through the triangulation stations "Blunt" and "Drew."

4. *Point Stuart light and fog signal.* All of that area of land at the most westerly point of Angel Island known as Point Stuart, and westerly of a certain boundary line that extends from high water line to high water line at the northerly and southerly sides of above point; said boundary line being extended through the triangulation station "Stewart" and from which station said boundary line subtends an angle of seventy-three (73) degrees, thirty-eight (38) minutes to the right from a base line through the triangulation stations "Stewart" and "Ledyard."

The reservation made by this order shall be subject to the easements and rights of way for access, electrical power,

water, and telephone facilities granted to the United States Coast Guard, Treasury Department, by the War Assets Administration by a permit dated May 23, 1949, recorded in the land records of Marin County, California, June 22, 1949, in Volume 618 on page 199.

The Executive order of November 6, 1850, exempting and reserving certain tracts or parcels of land in California from sale, for public purposes, and the Executive order of April 20, 1860, reserving the island of Los Angeles, in the Bay of San Francisco, California, for the use of the United States, are hereby revoked so far as they affect the above-described lands.

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,
Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 26, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5670; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[Public Land Order 652]

ARIZONA

WITHDRAWING PUBLIC LANDS FOR USE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

By virtue of the authority vested in the President and pursuant to Executive Order No. 9337 of April 24, 1943, it is ordered as follows:

Subject to valid existing rights, the public lands in the following-described areas in Arizona are hereby withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public-land laws, including the mining and mineral-leasing laws, and reserved for the use of the Department of the Air Force for military purposes:

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN

T. 6 S., R. 5 W.,
Sec. 13;
Sec. 14, E½, SW¼, S½NW¼;
Secs. 15, 16, and 17;
Sec. 18, lots 3, 4, E½SW¼, SE¼, SE¼NW¼, E½NE¼, SW¼NE¼;
Secs. 19 to 23 inclusive;
Secs. 25 to 36 inclusive.
T. 7 S., R. 5 W.,
Secs. 1 to 12 inclusive.
T. 6 S., R. 6 W.,
Sec. 13, E½SE¼, SW¼SE¼, and SE¼SW¼;
Sec. 22, E½SE¼, SW¼SE¼, and S½SW¼;
Sec. 23, S½, E½NE¼, SW¼NE¼, and SE¼NW¼;
Secs. 24 to 27 inclusive;
Secs. 34 to 36 inclusive.
T. 7 S., R. 6 W.,
Secs. 1 to 3 inclusive and
Secs. 10 to 12 inclusive.
T. 11 S., R. 6 W.,
Sec. 3, lot 4, SW¼NW¼, and W½SW¼;
Secs. 4 to 9 inclusive;
Sec. 10, W½NW¼ and SW¼;
Secs. 13 to 21 inclusive;
Sec. 24, W½W½;
Sec. 25, W½NW¼;
Sec. 26, S½;
Sec. 27, W½ and SE¼;
Secs. 28, 29, and 30.

The areas described, including both public and non-public lands, aggregate 43,894.94 acres.

This order shall take precedence over but not otherwise affect the order of July 14, 1938, of the Secretary of the Interior establishing Grazing District 3, Arizona, so far as such order affects any of the above-described lands.

It is intended that the lands described herein shall be returned to the administration of the Department of the Interior when they are no longer needed for the purpose for which they are reserved.

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,
Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 26, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5671; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

TITLE 47—TELECOMMUNICATION

Chapter I—Federal Communications Commission

PART 2—FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS AND RADIO TREATY MATTERS, GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

TABLE OF FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of June 1950;

The Commission, having under consideration footnote US 7, to the Table of Frequency Allocations, which footnote presently makes the government frequency 140.58 Mc. available on an interim basis to civil aviation licensees for emergency and distress communications; and

It appearing, that the government frequency 140.58 Mc. will be required for exclusive government use after September 1, 1950; and

It further appearing, that the Commission has been advised by the CAA that the regular civil aviation emergency frequency 121.5 Mc. has been generally implemented throughout the continental United States, rendering further emergency use of the government frequency 140.58 Mc. by civil aviation unnecessary; and

It further appearing, that the termination of the interim authority contained in footnote US 7 to the Table of Frequency Allocations ordered herein is only declaratory of understandings heretofore arrived at among interested government agencies including IRAC, CAA and the Military, concerning the deactivation of the government frequency 140.58 Mc. by stations in the aeronautical mobile service, making general notice of proposed rule making in accordance with section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act unnecessary; and

It further appearing, that authority for the amendment ordered herein is contained in sections 4 (i), 301, 303 (e) and 303 (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended:

It is ordered, That effective September 1, 1950, footnote US 7 and the entries in columns 10 and 11 of § 2.104 (a) of the Commission's rules and regulations are deleted.

(Sec. 303, 48 Stat. 1082, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 303)

Released: June 22, 1950.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5686; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

PART 2—FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS AND RADIO TREATY MATTERS; GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS

TABLE OF FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of June 1950;

The Commission having under consideration the advisability of amending the Table of Frequency Allocations to reflect an agreement of long standing between the Commission and IRAC, pursuant to which certain government frequencies in the 170 Mc. and 410 Mc. regions have been assigned to non-government fixed stations for hydrological and meteorological telemetering and transmission of such data; and

It appearing, that since the only effect of the footnote addition ordered herein is non-substantive and editorial, and that the availability of frequencies to non-government stations will in no way be affected thereby, general notice of proposed rule making in accordance with section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary; and

It further appearing, that authority for the amendment ordered herein is contained in sections 4 (i), 301, 303 (c) and 303 (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended:

It is ordered, That effective immediately, the Commission's Table of Frequency Allocations (§ 2.104 (a) of the rules and regulations) be amended by the addition of a new footnote, designated as US 25, to be inserted in Column 5 of said table under the entries "162–174" Mc. and "406–420" Mc., such footnote to read as follows:

US 25: For the specific purpose of transmitting hydrological and meterological data in cooperation with agencies of the federal government, the following frequencies may be authorized to non-government fixed stations on the condition that harmful interference will not be caused to government stations:

Mc.	*Mc.*	*Mc.*	*Mc.*
169.425	170.325	171.825	406.250
169.475	170.375	171.875	406.350
169.525	171.025	171.925	412.450
169.575	171.075	171.975	412.550
170.225	171.125	406.050	412.650
170.275	171.175	406.150	412.750

(Sec. 303, 48 Stat. 1082, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 303)

Released: June 22, 1950.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5689; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9609]

PART 11—INDUSTRIAL RADIO SERVICES

USE OF FREQUENCY BAND 456–485 MC. FOR CERTAIN FIXED OPERATIONS

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of June 1950;

The Commission having under consideration the notice of proposed rule making in the above-entitled matter, which contemplates amendment of certain sections of subparts E, F, G, H, I, J, and K of Part 11, "Industrial Radio Services" to provide that, in adition to the mobile service for which frequencies in the band 456–458 Mc. are allocated, they may be assigned for use of operational fixed relay, repeater and control stations under conditions stated in the published notice;

It appearing, that, in accordance with the requirements of section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act, general notice of proposed rule making in the above-entitled matter which made provision for the submission of comments by interested parties was duly published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on March 28, 1950, and that the period for filing comments has expired;

It further appearing, that comments were filed by the Davon Pipe Line Company, National Committee for Utilities Radio, Rural Electrification Administration, National Forest Industries Communications, and Central Committee on Radio Facilities of the American Petroleum Institute, and that these comments were unanimously agreeable to and in favor of adoption of the proposed amendments, except that the Central Committee on Radio Facilities of the American Petroleum Institute requested that the proposed amendments be expanded to permit more than one automatic re-transmission of a mobile service message by operational fixed relay stations in extremely isolated and remote parts of the country;

It further appearing, that provision is now made in existing rules for use of frequencies in the bands 72–76 Mc., for the desired additional retransmissions and that frequencies in the band 952 Mc. and above also are available for such operation;

It is ordered, That effective July 31, 1950, Part 11 be amended in exact accordance with the notice of proposed rule making, as published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on March 28, 1950 (15 F. R. 1696) and as incorporated below.

(Sec. 4, 48 Stat. 1066, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 154. Interprets or applies sec. 303, 48 Stat. 1082, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 303)

Released: June 22, 1950.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

Part 11, "Industrial Radio Service" is amended as follows:

A. Delete six rules paragraphs and reletter six others as indicated in the following tabulation:

Section No.	Delete	Change paragraph designation
11.252	Par. (c)	Par. (d) becomes (c).
11.302	Par. (d)	Par. (e) becomes (d).
11.352	Par. (e)	Par. (d) becomes (c).
11.402	Par. (b)	Par. (c) becomes (b).
11.452	Par. (b)	Par. (c) becomes (b).
11.502	Par. (e)	Par. (d) becomes (c).

B. Add six new sections, numbered §§ 11.254, 11.304, 11.354, 11.404, 11.454, and 11.504, each to read as follows:

Frequencies available for Base, Mobile, and Operational Fixed Stations. (a) The frequencies listed in paragraph (c) of this section are available for assignment to stations in the (see Note 1) Service for Developmental Operation only (see Subpart E of this part), and are shared with other radio services.

(b) The frequencies listed in paragraph (c) of this section are primarily for assignment to Mobile and Base stations operating in the Mobile Service. However, the frequencies also are available for assignment to Operational Fixed stations, subject to the following restrictions and limitations on assignment and use:

(1) All use by Operational Fixed stations is subject to the condition that harmful interference shall not be caused to stations operating in the mobile service on frequencies in the 450–460 Mc. band, in accordance with the Table of Frequency Allocations as set forth in Part 2 of the Commission's rules.

(2) The frequencies are available for assignment only to those Operational Fixed stations which function as integral and essential parts of a mobile service radio system. Such Operational Fixed stations include only those which are operated as part of a radio circuit over which messages normally are sent to or from a mobile station without interruption for manual relaying at intermediate points.

(3) Operational Fixed (Relay) stations may be used for one automatic retransmission of a mobile service message. Additional automatic re-transmission by means of such stations is prohibited.

(c) Frequencies available for assignment as provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section are as follows:

Mc.	*Mc.*	*Mc.*	*Mc.*
456.05	456.55	457.05	457.55
456.15	456.65	457.15	457.65
456.25	456.75	457.25	457.75
456.35	456.85	457.35	457.85
456.45	456.95	457.45	457.95

NOTE 1: In § 11.254, insert "Power Radio"; in § 11.304, insert "Petroleum Radio"; in § 11.354, insert "Forest Products Radio"; § 11.404, insert "Motion Picture Radio"; in § 11.454, insert "Relay Press Radio"; in § 11.504, insert "Special Industrial Radio."

[F. R. Doc. 50-5688; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

Subchapter D—Freight Forwarders

PART 440—UNIFORM SYSTEM OF ACCOUNTS

OPERATING REVENUE ACCOUNTS

Correction

The section number 440.510 and section headnote *Transportation purchased; debit* should be added at the beginning of the insertion set forth in paragraph 6 of the document appearing in the issue of June 29, 1950, on page 4174.

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Production and Marketing Administration

[7 CFR, Part 52]

FROZEN CONCENTRATED BLENDED GRAPEFRUIT JUICE AND ORANGE JUICE[1] [2]

UNITED STATES STANDARDS FOR GRADES

Notice is hereby given that the United States Department of Agriculture is considering the issuance, as herein proposed, of United States Standards for Grades of Frozen Concentrated Blended Grapefruit Juice and Orange Juice, pursuant to the authority contained in the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 1087; 7 U. S. C. 1621 et seq.) and the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1950 (Pub. Law 146, 81st Cong., approved June 29, 1949). These standards, if made effective, will be the first issue by the Department of grade standards for this product.

All persons who desire to submit written data, views, or arguments for consideration in connection with the proposed standards should file the same, in duplicate, with the Chief, Processed Products Standardization and Inspection Division, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., not later than June 1, 1951.

The proposed standards are as follows:

§ 52.375 *Frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice.* Frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice is the frozen product prepared from a combination of concentrated, unfermented juices obtained from sound, mature grapefruit (Citrus paradisi) and from sound, mature fruit of the sweet orange group (Citrus sinensis) and Mandarin group (Citrus reticulata), except tangerines. The fruit is prepared by sorting and

[1] The requirements of these standards shall not excuse failure to comply with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

[2] The requirements of these standards shall not excuse failure to comply with applicable state laws and regulations.

washing prior to extraction of the juices to assure a clean product. The juices may be blended upon extraction of such juices or after concentration and fresh orange juice extracted from sorted and washed fruit, as aforesaid, is admixed to the concentrate. It is recommended that the frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice be composed of the equivalent of not less than 50 percent orange juice in the reconstituted juice; however, in oranges yielding light-colored juice it is further recommended that as much as the equivalent of 75 percent orange juice in the reconstituted juice be used. The concentrated juice is packed in accordance with good commercial practice and is frozen and stored at temperatures necessary for the preservation of the product. It is recommended that frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice during storage and in transit be maintained at temperatures of 0° Fahrenheit or less.

(a) *Styles of frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice*—(1) *Style I, without sweetening ingredient added.* The Brix value of the finished concentrate shall be not less than 40 degrees nor more than 44 degrees.

(2) *Style II, with sweetening ingredient added.* The finished concentrate, exclusive of added sweetening ingredient, has a Brix value of not less than 38 degrees; and the finished concentrate, including added sweetening ingredient, shall have a Brix value of not less than 40 degrees but not more than 48 degrees.

(b) *Grades of frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice.* (1) "U. S. Grade A" or "U. S. Fancy" is the quality of frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice which reconstitutes properly and of which the reconstituted juice possesses the appearance of fresh juices of such a blend; possesses a very good color; is practically free from defects; possesses a very good flavor; and scores not less than 85 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this section.

(2) "U. S. Grade B" or "U. S. Choice" is the quality of frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice which reconstitutes properly and of which the reconstituted juice possesses a good color; is reasonably free from defects; possesses a good flavor; and scores not less than 70 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this section.

(3) "U. S. Grade D" or "Substandard" is the quality of frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice that fails to meet the requirements of U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice.

(c) *Recommended fill of container.* The recommended fill of container is not incorporated in the grades of the finished product since fill of container, as such, is not a factor of quality for the purpose of these grades. It is recommended that the container be filled with frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice as full as practicable without impairment of quality.

(d) *Ascertaining the grade.* The grade of frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice is ascertained by considering in conjunction with the requirements of the respective grade, the respective ratings for the factors of color, absence of defects, and flavor. The relative importance of each factor is expressed numerically on the scale of 100. The maximum number of points that may be given each factor is:

Factors:	Points
(1) Color	20
(2) Absence of defects	40
(3) Flavor	40
Total score	100

(e) *Ascertaining the rating for each factor.* The essential variations within each factor are so described that the value may be ascertained for each factor and expressed numerically. The numerical range within each factor is inclusive (for example, "17 to 20 points" means 17, 18, 19, or 20 points).

(1) *Color.* (i) Frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice of which the reconstituted juice possesses a very good color may be given a score of 17 to 20 points. "Very good color" means that the color is bright, light yellow-orange, and typical of freshly extracted juices of such a blend and is free from any trace of browning indicative of scorching, oxidation, caramelization, or other causes.

(ii) If the reconstituted juice possesses a "good color", a score of 14 to 16 points may be given. Frozen concentrated grapefruit juice and orange juice that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Good color" means that the color may range from light yellow to light amber, is fairly typical of freshly extracted juices of such a blend and may be slightly dull or may show traces of browning but is not off color.

(iii) If the reconstituted juice fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph, a score of 0 to 13 points may be given. Frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade D or Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(2) *Absence of defects.* The factor of absence of defects refers to the degree of freedom from seeds and portions thereof, from excessive juice cells, from free and suspended pulp, from recoverable oil, and from other defects.

(i) "Free and suspended pulp" means particles of membrane, core, skin, and other similar extraneous materials in the reconstituted blended grapefruit juice and orange juice.

(ii) Frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice of which the reconstituted juice is practically free from defects may be given a score of 34 to 40 points. "Practically free from defects" means that there may be present: (*a*) Small seeds or portions thereof that pass through a screen with perforations not exceeding ⅛ inch in diameter, provided such seeds or portions thereof do not materially affect the appearance or drinking quality of the juice; (*b*) juice cells that do not materially affect the appearance or drinking quality of the juice; (*c*) other defects that are not more than slightly objectionable, and (*d*) not more than 12 percent free and suspended pulp. To score in this classification the frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice may contain not more than 0.080 milliliter of recoverable oil per 100 grams of the concentrated product.

(iii) If the reconstituted juice is reasonably free from defects, a score of 28 to 33 points may be given. Frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Reasonably free from defects" means that there may be present: (*a*) Small seeds or portions thereof that pass through a screen with perforations not exceeding ⅛ inch in diameter, provided such seeds or portions thereof do not seriously affect the appearance or drinking quality of the juice; (*b*) juice cells that do not seriously affect the appearance or drinking quality of the juice; (*c*) other defects that are not materially objectionable, and (*d*) not more than 18 percent free and suspended pulp. To score in this classification the frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice may contain not more than 0.096 milliliter of recoverable oil per 100 grams of the concentrated product.

(iv) Frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice that fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (iii) of this subparagraph may be given a score of 0 to 27 points and shall not be graded above U. S. Grade D or Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(3) *Flavor.* (i) Frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice of which the reconstituted juice possesses a very good flavor may be given a score of 34 to 40 points. "Very good flavor" means that the flavor is fine, distinct, and substantially typical of freshly extracted juices of such a blend. To score not less than 34 points frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice shall meet the following requirements for the respective style:

Style I, without sweetening ingredient added. The ratio of Brix value to acid is not less than 10 to 1 nor more than 16 to 1 (see table I).

Style II, with sweetening ingredient added. The ratio of Brix value to acid is not less than 11 to 1 nor more than 13 to 1 (see table II).

(ii) If the reconstituted juice possesses a good flavor, a score of 28 to 33 points may be given. Frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and

orange juice that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Good flavor" means that the flavor is reasonably typical of freshly extracted juices of such a blend and is free from abnormal or off flavors of any kind. To score not less than 28 points frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice shall meet the following requirements for the respective style:

Style I, without sweetening ingredient added. The ratio of Brix value to acid is not less than 8 to 1 nor more than 18 to 1 (see table I).

Style II, with sweetening ingredient added. The ratio of Brix value to acid is not less than 9 to 1 nor more than 13 to 1 (see table II).

(iii) If the frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph, a score of 0 to 27 points may be given. Frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade D or Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

TABLE I—MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM ACID FOR FROZEN CONCENTRATED BLENDED GRAPEFRUIT JUICE AND ORANGE JUICE.

STYLE I. WITHOUT SWEETENING INGREDIENT ADDED

Brix value of the concentrate in degrees Brix	U. S. Grade A or U. S. Fancy		U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice	
	Ratio 10:1	Ratio 16:1	Ratio 8:1	Ratio 13:1
	Acid (percent by weight)		Acid (percent by weight)	
	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum
40.0°	4.00	2.50	5.00	2.22
40.1°	4.01	2.51	5.01	2.23
40.2°	4.02	2.51	5.03	2.23
40.3°	4.03	2.52	5.04	2.24
40.4°	4.04	2.53	5.05	2.24
40.5°	4.05	2.53	5.06	2.25
40.6°	4.06	2.54	5.08	2.26
40.7°	4.07	2.54	5.09	2.26
40.8°	4.08	2.55	5.10	2.27
40.9°	4.09	2.56	5.11	2.27
41.0°	4.10	2.56	5.13	2.28
41.1°	4.11	2.57	5.14	2.28
41.2°	4.12	2.58	5.15	2.29
41.3°	4.13	2.58	5.16	2.29
41.4°	4.14	2.59	5.18	2.30
41.5°	4.15	2.59	5.19	2.31
41.6°	4.16	2.60	5.20	2.31
41.7°	4.17	2.61	5.21	2.32
41.8°	4.18	2.61	5.23	2.32
41.9°	4.19	2.62	5.24	2.33
42.0°	4.20	2.63	5.25	2.33
42.1°	4.21	2.63	5.26	2.34
42.2°	4.22	2.64	5.28	2.34
42.3°	4.23	2.64	5.29	2.35
42.4°	4.24	2.65	5.30	2.35
42.5°	4.25	2.66	5.31	2.36
42.6°	4.26	2.66	5.33	2.37
42.7°	4.27	2.67	5.34	2.37
42.8°	4.28	2.68	5.35	2.38
42.9°	4.29	2.68	5.36	2.38
43.0°	4.30	2.69	5.38	2.39
43.1°	4.31	2.69	5.39	2.39
43.2°	4.32	2.70	5.40	2.40
43.3°	4.33	2.71	5.41	2.41
43.4°	4.34	2.71	5.43	2.41
43.5°	4.35	2.72	5.44	2.42
43.6°	4.36	2.73	5.45	2.42
43.7°	4.37	2.73	5.46	2.43
43.8°	4.38	2.74	5.48	2.43
43.9°	4.39	2.74	5.49	2.44
44.0°	4.40	2.75	5.50	2.44

TABLE II—MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM ACID FOR FROZEN CONCENTRATED BLENDED GRAPEFRUIT JUICE AND ORANGE JUICE

STYLE II. WITH SWEETENING INGREDIENT ADDED

Brix value of the concentrate in degrees Brix	U. S. Grade A or U. S. Fancy		U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice	
	Ratio 11:1	Ratio 13:1	Ratio 9:1	Ratio 13:1
	Acid (percent by weight)		Acid (percent by weight)	
	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum
40.0°	3.64	3.08	4.44	3.08
40.1°	3.65	3.08	4.46	3.08
40.2°	3.65	3.09	4.47	3.09
40.3°	3.66	3.10	4.48	3.10
40.4°	3.67	3.11	4.49	3.11
40.5°	3.68	3.12	4.50	3.12
40.6°	3.69	3.12	4.51	3.12
40.7°	3.70	3.13	4.52	3.13
40.8°	3.71	3.14	4.53	3.14
40.9°	3.72	3.15	4.54	3.15
41.0°	3.73	3.15	4.56	3.15
41.1°	3.74	3.16	4.57	3.16
41.2°	3.75	3.17	4.58	3.17
41.3°	3.75	3.18	4.59	3.18
41.4°	3.76	3.18	4.60	3.18
41.5°	3.77	3.19	4.61	3.19
41.6°	3.78	3.20	4.62	3.20
41.7°	3.79	3.21	4.63	3.21
41.8°	3.80	3.22	4.64	3.22
41.9°	3.81	3.22	4.66	3.22
42.0°	3.82	3.23	4.67	3.23
42.1°	3.83	3.24	4.68	3.24
42.2°	3.84	3.25	4.69	3.25
42.3°	3.85	3.25	4.70	3.25
42.4°	3.85	3.26	4.71	3.26
42.5°	3.86	3.27	4.72	3.27
42.6°	3.87	3.28	4.73	3.28
42.7°	3.88	3.28	4.74	3.28
42.8°	3.89	3.29	4.76	3.29
42.9°	3.90	3.30	4.77	3.30
43.0°	3.91	3.31	4.78	3.31
43.1°	3.92	3.32	4.79	3.32
43.2°	3.93	3.32	4.80	3.32
43.3°	3.94	3.33	4.81	3.33
43.4°	3.95	3.34	4.82	3.34
43.5°	3.95	3.35	4.83	3.35
43.6°	3.96	3.35	4.84	3.35
43.7°	3.97	3.36	4.86	3.36
43.8°	3.98	3.37	4.87	3.37
43.9°	3.99	3.38	4.88	3.38
44.0°	4.00	3.38	4.89	3.38
44.1°	4.01	3.39	4.90	3.39
44.2°	4.02	3.40	4.91	3.40
44.3°	4.03	3.41	4.92	3.41
44.4°	4.04	3.42	4.93	3.42
44.5°	4.05	3.42	4.94	3.42
44.6°	4.05	3.43	4.96	3.43
44.7°	4.06	3.44	4.97	3.44
44.8°	4.07	3.45	4.98	3.45
44.9°	4.08	3.45	4.99	3.45
45.0°	4.09	3.46	5.00	3.46
45.1°	4.10	3.47	5.01	3.47
45.2°	4.11	3.48	5.02	3.48
45.3°	4.12	3.48	5.03	3.48
45.4°	4.13	3.49	5.04	3.49
45.5°	4.14	3.50	5.06	3.50
45.6°	4.15	3.51	5.07	3.51
45.7°	4.15	3.52	5.08	3.52
45.8°	4.16	3.52	5.09	3.52
45.9°	4.17	3.53	5.10	3.53
46.0°	4.18	3.54	5.11	3.54
46.1°	4.19	3.55	5.12	3.55
46.2°	4.20	3.55	5.13	3.55
46.3°	4.21	3.56	5.14	3.56
46.4°	4.22	3.57	5.16	3.57
46.5°	4.23	3.58	5.17	3.58
46.6°	4.24	3.58	5.18	3.58
46.7°	4.25	3.59	5.19	3.59
46.8°	4.25	3.60	5.20	3.60
46.9°	4.26	3.61	5.21	3.61
47.0°	4.27	3.62	5.22	3.62
47.1°	4.28	3.62	5.23	3.62
47.2°	4.29	3.63	5.24	3.63
47.3°	4.30	3.64	5.26	3.64
47.4°	4.31	3.65	5.27	3.65
47.5°	4.32	3.65	5.28	3.65
47.6°	4.33	3.66	5.29	3.66
47.7°	4.34	3.67	5.30	3.67
47.8°	4.35	3.68	5.31	3.68
47.9°	4.35	3.68	5.32	3.68
48.0°	4.36	3.69	5.33	3.69

(f) *Definitions of terms as used in this section.* (1) "Oranges" means oranges of the sweet orange group (Citrus sinensis) and the Mandarin group (Citrus reticulata), except tangerines.

(2) "Reconstituted juice" means the product obtained by mixing thoroughly 3 parts by volume of distilled water and one part by volume of frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice.

(3) "Reconstitutes properly" means that the reconstituted juice shows no material separation of colloidal or suspended matter, leaving a zone of definitely clear liquid without any turbidity, after standing four (4) hours at a room temperature of not less than 68 degrees Fahrenheit in a clear glass tube or cylinder (such as a 50 ml. graduated cylinder).

(4) "Acid" means the percent by weight of acid (calculated as anhydrous citric acid) in frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice.

(5) "Brix value" in frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice is the refractometric sucrose value determined in accordance with the International Scale of Refractive Indices of Sucrose Solutions and to which the applicable correction for acid is added. (See Table III for corrections.)

TABLE III—CORRECTIONS FOR OBTAINING BRIX VALUE [1]

Citric acid, anhydrous (percent by weight)	Correction to be added to refractometer sucrose value to obtain degree Brix value	Citric acid, anhydrous (percent by weight)	Correction to be added to refractometer sucrose value to obtain degree Brix value
2.0	0.39	4.0	0.78
2.2	.43	4.2	.81
2.4	.47	4.4	.85
2.6	.51	4.6	.89
2.8	.54	4.8	.93
3.0	.58	5.0	.97
3.2	.62	5.2	1.01
3.4	.66	5.4	1.04
3.6	.70	5.6	1.07
3.8	.74		

[1] Source: "Refractometric Determination of Soluble Solids in Citrus Juices," by J. W. Stevens and W. E. Baier, from the Analytical Edition of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry, Vol. II, Page 447, August 15, 1939.

(g) *Explanation of analyses.* (1) The measurement of Brix value is determined on the thawed concentrate in accordance with the refractometric method for sugars and sugar products, outlined in the Official and Tentative Methods of Analysis of the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists.

(2) "Acid", calculated as anhydrous citric acid, is determined by titration with standard sodius hydroxide solution, using phenolphthalein as indicator.

(3) "Recoverable oil" is determined by the following method:

(i) *Equipment.* Oil separatory trap similar to either of those illustrated in Figure 1 and Figure 2,[1] gas burner or hot plate, ringstand and clamps, rubber tubing, and 3-liter narrow-neck flask.

(ii) *Procedure.* Exactly 400 grams of the thawed concentrate mixed with water to approximately two liters are placed in a 3-liter flask. Close the stopcock,

[1] Filed as a part of the original document.

place distilled water in the graduated tube, run cold water through the condenser from the bottom to top, and bring the solution to a boil. Boiling is continued for one hour at the rate of approximately 50 drops per minute. By means of the stopcock, lower the oil into the graduated portion of the separatory trap, remove the trap from the flask, allow it to cool, and record the amount of oil recovered.

The number of milliliters of oil recovered divided by 4 equals the volume of recoverable oil per 100 grams of concentrate.

(4) "Free and suspended pulp" is determined by the following method:

Graduated centrifuge tubes with a capacity of 50 ml. are filled with the reconstituted blended grapefruit juice and orange juice and placed in a suitable centrifuge. The speed is adjusted, according to diameter, as indicated in Table IV, and the juice is centrifuged for exactly 10 minutes. As used herein, "diameter" means the over-all distance between the bottoms of opposing centrifuge tubes in operating position. After centrifuging, the milliliter reading at the top of the layer of pulp in the tube is multiplied by 2 to give the percentage of pulp.

TABLE IV

Diameter	Approximate revolutions per minute	Diameter	Approximate revolutions per minute
10 inches	1,609	15⅛ inches	1,292
10⅛ inches	1,570	16 inches	1,271
11 inches	1,534	16⅛ inches	1,252
11⅛ inches	1,500	17 inches	1,234
12 inches	1,468	17⅛ inches	1,216
12⅛ inches	1,438	18 inches	1,199
13 inches	1,410	18⅛ inches	1,182
13⅛ inches	1,384	19 inches	1,167
14 inches	1,359	19⅛ inches	1,152
14⅛ inches	1,336	20 inches	1,137
15 inches	1,313		

(h) *Tolerances for certification of officially drawn samples.* (1) When certifying samples that have been officially drawn and which represent a specific lot of frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice, the grade for such lot will be determined by averaging the total scores of the containers comprising the sample, if:

(i) Not more than one-sixth of such containers fails to meet all the requirements of the grade indicated by the average of such total scores, and, with respect to such containers which fail to meet the requirements of the indicated grade by reason of a limiting rule, the average score of all containers in the sample for the factor, subject to such limiting rule, is within the range for the grade indicated;

(ii) None of the containers comprising the sample falls more than 4 points below the minimum score for the grade indicated by the average of the total scores; and

(iii) All containers comprising the sample meet all applicable standards of quality promulgated under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and in effect at the time of the aforesaid certification.

(i) *Score sheet for frozen concentrated blended grapefruit juice and orange juice.*

Size and kind of container	
Container mark or identification	
Label	
Liquid measure (Fl. ounces)	
Brix value for concentrate (corrected for acid)	
Anhydrous citric acid (% by weight)	
Brix value to acid ratio	
Recoverable oil (ml./100 grams)	
Free and suspended pulp (%)	
Reconstitutes properly (Yes) (No)	
Appearance of fresh juice (Yes) (No)	

Factors	Score points	
I. Color	20	(A) 17-20 (B) [1] 14-16 (D) [1] 0-13
II. Absence of defects	40	(A) 34-40 (B) [1] 28-33 (D) [1] 0-27
III. Flavor	40	(A) 34-40 (B) [1] 28-33 (D) [1] 0-27
Total score	100	
Grade		

[1] Indicates limiting rule.

Issued at Washington, D. C. this 26th day of June 1950.

[SEAL] JOHN I. THOMPSON,
Assistant Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5707; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:54 a. m.]

[7 CFR, Part 52]

FROZEN CONCENTRATED ORANGE JUICE[1][2]

UNITED STATES STANDARDS FOR GRADES

Notice is hereby given that the United States Department of Agriculture is considering the revision, as herein proposed, of the current United States Standards for Grades of Frozen Concentrated Orange Juice, pursuant to the authority contained in the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (60 Stat. 1087; 7 U. S. C. 1621 et seq., and the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1950 (Pub. Law 146, 81st Cong., approved June 29, 1949). This revision, if made effective, will be the second issue by the Department of grade standards for this product.

All persons who desire to submit written data, views, or arguments for consideration in connection with the proposed revision should file the same, in duplicate, with the Chief, Processed Products Standardization and Inspection Division, Fruit and Vegetable Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., not later than 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[1] The requirements of these standards shall not excuse failure to comply with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

[2] The requirements of these standards shall not excuse failure to comply with applicable State laws and regulations.

The proposed revision is as follows:

§ 52.492 *Frozen concentrated orange juice.* Frozen concentrated orange juice is the frozen product of concentrated, unfermented juice obtained from sound, mature fruit of the sweet orange group (Citrus sinensis) and Mandarin group (Citrus reticulata), except tangerines. The fruit is prepared by sorting and by washing prior to extraction of the juice to assure a clean product. Upon extraction of such juice, it is concentrated; and fresh orange juice extracted from sorted and washed fruit, as aforesaid, is admixed to the concentrate. The concentrated orange juice is packed in accordance with good commercial practice and is frozen and stored at temperatures necessary for the preservation of the product. It is recommended that frozen concentrated orange juice during storage and in transit be maintained at temperatures of 0° Fehrenheit or less.

(a) *Styles of frozen concentrated orange juice*—(1) *Style I, without sweetening ingredient added.* The Brix value of the finished concentrate shall be not less than 41.5 degrees nor more than 44.0 degrees.

(2) *Style II, with sweetening ingredient added.* The finished concentrate, exclusive of added sweetening ingredient, has a Brix value of not less than 40 degrees; and the finished concentrate, including added sweetening ingredient, shall have a Brix value of not less than 42 degrees but not more than 49 degrees.

(b) *Grades of frozen concentrated orange juice.* (1) "U. S. Grade A" or "U. S. Fancy" is the quality of frozen concentrated orange juice which reconstitutes properly and of which the reconstituted juice possesses the appearance of fresh orange juice; possesses a very good color; is practically free from defects; possesses a very good flavor; and scores not less than 85 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this section.

(2) "U. S. Grade B" or "U. S. Choice" is the quality of frozen concentrated orange juice which reconstitutes properly and of which the reconstituted juice possesses a good color; is reasonably free from defects; possesses a good flavor; and scores not less than 70 points when scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this section.

(3) "U. S. Grade D" or "Substandard" is the quality of frozen concentrated orange juice that fails to meet the requirements of U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice.

(c) *Recommended fill of container.* The recommended fill of container is not incorporated in the grades of the finished product since fill of container, as such, is not a factor of quality for the purpose of these grades. It is recommended that the container be filled with frozen concentrated orange juice as full as practicable without impairment of quality.

(d) *Ascertaining the grade.* The grade of frozen concentrated orange juice is ascertained by considering in conjunction with the requirements of the respective grade, the respective ratings for the factors of color, absence of defects, and flavor. The relative

importance of each factor is expressed numerically on the scale of 100. The maximum number of points that may be given each factor is:

Factors:	Points
(1) Color	20
(2) Absence of defects	40
(3) Flavor	40
Total score	100

(e) *Ascertaining the rating for each factor.* The essential variations within each factor are so described that the value may be ascertained for each factor and expressed numerically. The numerical range within each factor is inclusive (for example, "17 to 20 points" means 17, 18, 19, or 20 points).

(1) *Color.* (i) Frozen concentrated orange juice of which the reconstituted juice possesses a very good color may be given a score of 17 to 20 points. "Very good color" means that the color is the bright yellow to yellow-orange color typical of fresh orange juice.

(ii) If the reconstituted juice possesses a "good color," a score of 14 to 16 points may be given. Frozen concentrated orange juice that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Good color" means that the color is the yellow to yellow-orange color typical of fresh orange juice, which may be dull but is not off color for any reason.

(iii) If the reconstituted juice fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph, a score of 0 to 13 points may be given. Frozen concentrated orange juice that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade D or Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(2) *Absence of defects.* The factor of absence of defects refers to the degree of freedom from particles of seeds and portions thereof, from excessive juice cells, from pulp, from recoverable oil, and from other defects.

(i) "Pulp" means particles of membrane, core, and peel.

(ii) Frozen concentrated orange juice of which the reconstituted juice is practically free from defects may be given a score of 34 to 40 points. "Practically free from defects" means that there may be present: (*a*) small seeds or portions thereof that pass through a screen with perforations not exceeding 1/8 inch in diameter, provided such seeds or portions thereof do not materially affect the appearance or drinking quality of the juice; (*b*) juice cells and pulp that do not materially affect the appearance or drinking quality of the juice; and (*c*) other defects that are not more than slightly objectionable. To score in this classification the frozen concentrated orange juice may contain not more than 0.100 milliliter of recoverable oil per 100 grams of the concentrated product.

(iii) If the reconstituted juice is reasonably free from defects, a score of 28 to 33 points may be given. Frozen concentrated orange juice that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Reasonably free from defect" means that there may be present: (*a*) Small seeds or portions thereof that pass through a screen with perforations not exceeding 1/8 inch in diameter, provided such seeds or portions thereof do not seriously affect the appearance or drinking quality of the juice; (*b*) juice cells and pulp that do not seriously affect the appearance or drinking quality of the juice; and (*c*) other defects that are not materially objectionable. To score in this classification the frozen concentrated orange juice may contain not more than 0.120 milliliter of recoverable oil per 100 grams of the concentrated product.

(iv) Frozen concentrated orange juice that fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (iii) of this subparagraph may be given a score of 0 to 27 points and shall not be graded above U. S. Grade D or Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(3) *Flavor.* (i) Frozen concentrated orange juice of which the reconstituted juice possesses a very good flavor may be given a score of 34 to 40 points. "Very good flavor" means that the flavor is fine, distinct, and substantially typical of orange juice extracted from fresh mature sweet oranges. To score not less than 34 points frozen concentrated orange juice shall meet the following requirements for the respective style:

Style I, without sweetening ingredient added. The ratio of Brix value to acid is not less than 11.5 to 1 nor more than 18 to 1 (see table I).

Style II, with sweetening ingredient added. The ratio of Brix value to acid is not less than 12 to 1 nor more than 14 to 1 (see table II).

(ii) If the reconstituted juice possesses a good flavor, a score of 28 to 33 points may be given. Frozen concentrated orange juice that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Good flavor" means that the flavor is fairly typical of fresh orange juice extracted from fresh mature sweet oranges and is free from abnormal flavors and off flavors of any kind. To score not less than 28 points frozen concentrated orange juice shall meet the following requirements for the respective style:

Style I, without sweetening ingredient added. The ratio of Brix value to acid is not less than 10 to 1 nor more than 19 to 1 (see table I).

Style II, sugar added. The ratio of Brix value to acid is not less than 10 to 1 nor more than 15 to 1 (see table II).

(iii) If the frozen concentrated orange juice fails to meet the requirements of subdivision (ii) of this subparagraph, a score of 0 to 27 points may be given. Frozen concentrated orange juice that falls into this classification shall not be graded above U. S. Grade D or Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

TABLE I—MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM ACID FOR FROZEN CONCENTRATED ORANGE JUICE

STYLE I. WITHOUT SWEETENING INGREDIENT ADDED

Brix value of the concentrate in degrees Brix	U. S. Grade A or U. S. Fancy		U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice	
	Ratio 11.5:1	Ratio 18:1	Ratio 10:1	Ratio 19:1
	Acid (percent by weight)		Acid (percent by weight)	
	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum
41.5°	3.61	2.31	4.15	2.18
41.6°	3.62	2.31	4.16	2.19
41.7°	3.63	2.32	4.17	2.19
41.8°	3.63	2.32	4.18	2.20
41.9°	3.64	2.33	4.19	2.21
42.0°	3.65	2.33	4.20	2.21
42.1°	3.66	2.34	4.21	2.22
42.2°	3.67	2.34	4.22	2.22
42.3°	3.68	2.35	4.23	2.23
42.4°	3.69	2.36	4.24	2.23
42.5°	3.70	2.36	4.25	2.24
42.6°	3.70	2.37	4.26	2.24
42.7°	3.71	2.37	4.27	2.25
42.8°	3.72	2.38	4.28	2.25
42.9°	3.73	2.38	4.29	2.26
43.0°	3.74	2.39	4.30	2.26
43.1°	3.75	2.39	4.31	2.27
43.2°	3.76	2.40	4.32	2.27
43.3°	3.77	2.41	4.33	2.28
43.4°	3.77	2.41	4.34	2.28
43.5°	3.78	2.42	4.35	2.29
43.6°	3.79	2.42	4.36	2.29
43.7°	3.80	2.43	4.37	2.30
43.8°	3.81	2.43	4.38	2.31
43.9°	3.82	2.44	4.39	2.31
44.0°	3.83	2.44	4.40	2.32

TABLE II—MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM ACID FOR FROZEN CONCENTRATED ORANGE JUICE

STYLE II. WITH SWEETENING INGREDIENT ADDED

Brix value of the concentrate in degrees Brix	U. S. Grade A or U. S. Fancy		U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice	
	Ratio 12:1	Ratio 14:1	Ratio 10:1	Ratio 15:1
	Acid (percent by weight)		Acid (percent by weight)	
	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum
42.0°	3.50	3.00	4.20	2.80
42.1°	3.51	3.01	4.21	2.81
42.2°	3.52	3.01	4.22	2.81
42.3°	3.53	3.02	4.23	2.82
42.4°	3.53	3.03	4.24	2.83
42.5°	3.54	3.04	4.25	2.83
42.6°	3.55	3.04	4.26	2.84
42.7°	3.56	3.05	4.27	2.85
42.8°	3.57	3.06	4.28	2.85
42.9°	3.58	3.06	4.29	2.86
43.0°	3.58	3.07	4.30	2.86
43.1°	3.59	3.08	4.31	2.87
43.2°	3.60	3.09	4.32	2.88
43.3°	3.61	3.09	4.33	2.89
43.4°	3.62	3.10	4.34	2.89
43.5°	3.63	3.11	4.35	2.90
43.6°	3.63	3.11	4.36	2.91
43.7°	3.64	3.12	4.37	2.91
43.8°	3.65	3.13	4.38	2.92
43.9°	3.66	3.14	4.39	2.93
44.0°	3.67	3.14	4.40	2.93
44.1°	3.68	3.15	4.41	2.94
44.2°	3.68	3.16	4.42	2.95
44.3°	3.69	3.16	4.43	2.95
44.4°	3.70	3.17	4.44	2.96
44.5°	3.71	3.18	4.45	2.97
44.6°	3.72	3.19	4.46	2.97
44.7°	3.73	3.19	4.47	2.98
44.8°	3.73	3.20	4.48	2.99
44.9°	3.74	3.21	4.49	2.99
45.0°	3.75	3.21	4.50	3.00
45.1°	3.76	3.22	4.51	3.01
45.2°	3.77	3.23	4.52	3.01
45.3°	3.78	3.24	4.53	3.02
45.4°	3.78	3.24	4.54	3.03
45.5°	3.79	3.25	4.55	3.03
45.6°	3.80	3.26	4.56	3.04
45.7°	3.81	3.26	4.57	3.05
45.8°	3.82	3.27	4.58	3.05
45.9°	3.83	3.28	4.59	3.06

TABLE II—MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM ACID FOR FROZEN CONCENTRATED ORANGE JUICE—Con.

STYLE II. WITH SWEETENING INGREDIENT ADDED—continued

Brix value of the concentrate in degrees Brix	U. S. Grade A or U. S. Fancy		U. S. Grade B or U. S. Choice	
	Ratio 12:1	Ratio 14:1	Ratio 10:1	Ratio 15:1
	Acid (percent by weight)		Acid (percent by weight)	
	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum
46.0°	3.83	3.29	4.69	3.07
46.1°	3.84	3.29	4.61	3.07
46.2°	3.85	3.30	4.62	3.08
46.3°	3.86	3.31	4.63	3.09
46.4°	3.87	3.31	4.64	3.09
46.5°	3.88	3.32	4.65	3.10
46.6°	3.88	3.33	4.66	3.11
46.7°	3.89	3.34	4.67	3.11
46.8°	3.90	3.34	4.68	3.12
46.9°	3.91	3.35	4.69	3.13
47.0°	3.92	3.36	4.70	3.13
47.1°	3.93	3.36	4.71	3.14
47.2°	3.93	3.37	4.72	3.15
47.3°	3.94	3.38	4.73	3.15
47.4°	3.95	3.39	4.74	3.16
47.5°	3.96	3.39	4.75	3.17
47.6°	3.97	3.40	4.76	3.17
47.7°	3.98	3.41	4.77	3.18
47.8°	3.98	3.41	4.78	3.19
47.9°	3.99	3.42	4.79	3.19
48.0°	4.00	3.43	4.80	3.20
48.1°	4.01	3.44	4.81	3.21
48.2°	4.02	3.44	4.82	3.21
48.3°	4.03	3.45	4.83	3.22
48.4°	4.03	3.46	4.84	3.23
48.5°	4.04	3.46	4.85	3.23
48.6°	4.05	3.47	4.86	3.24
48.7°	4.06	3.48	4.87	3.25
48.8°	4.07	3.49	4.88	3.25
48.9°	4.08	3.49	4.89	3.26
49.0°	4.08	3.50	4.90	3.27

(f) *Definition of terms as used in this section.* (1) "Oranges" means oranges of the sweet orange group (Citrus sinensis) and the Mandarin group (Citrus reticulata), except tangerines.

(2) "Reconstituted juice" means the product obtained by mixing thoroughly 3 parts by volume of distilled water and one part by volume of frozen concentrated orange juice.

(3) "Reconstitutes properly" means that the reconstituted juice shows no material separation of colloidal or suspended matter, leaving a zone of definitely clear liquid without any turbidity, after standing four (4) hours at a temperature of not less than 68 degrees Fahrenheit in a clear glass tube or cylinder (such as a 50 ml. graduated cylinder).

(4) "Acid" means the percent by weight of acid (calculated as anhydrous citric acid) in frozen concentrated orange juice.

(5) "Brix value" in frozen concentrated orange juice is the refractometric sucrose value determined in accordance with the International Scale of Refractive Indices of Sucrose Solutions and to which the applicable correction for acid is added. (See table III for corrections.)

TABLE III[1]—CORRECTIONS FOR OBTAINING BRIX VALUES

Citric acid, anhydrous (percent by weight)	Correction to be added to refractometer sucrose value to obtain degree Brix value	Citric acid, anhydrous (percent by weight)	Correction to be added to refractometer sucrose value to obtain degree Brix value
2.0	0.39	3.6	0.70
2.2	.43	3.8	.74
2.4	.47	4.0	.78
2.6	.51	4.2	.81
2.8	.54	4.4	.85
3.0	.58	4.6	.89
3.2	.62	4.8	.93
3.4	.66	5.0	.97

[1] Source: "Refractometric Determination of Soluble Solids in Citrus Juices," by J. W. Stevens and W. E. Baier, from the Analytical Edition of Industrial and Engineering Chemistry, Vol. II, Page 447, August 15, 1939.

(g) *Explanation of analyses.* (1) The measurement of Brix value is determined on the thawed concentrate in accordance with the refractometric method for sugars and sugar products, outlined in the Official and Tentative Methods of the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists.

(2) "Acid," calculated as anhydrous citric acid, is determined by titration with standard sodium hydroxide solution, using phenolphthalein as indicator.

(3) "Recoverable oil" is determined by the following method:

(i) *Equipment.* Oil separatory trap similar to either of those illustrated in Figure 1 and Figure 2,[1] gas burner or hot plate, ringstand and clamps, rubber tubing, 3-liter narrow-neck flask.

(ii) *Procedure.* Exactly 400 grams of the thawed concentrate mixed with water to approximately two liters are placed in a 3-liter flask. Close the stopcock, place distilled water in the graduated tube, run cold water through the condenser from the bottom to top, and bring the solution to a boil. Boiling is continued for one hour at the rate of approximately 50 drops per minute.

By means of the stopcock, lower the oil into the graduated portion of the separatory trap, remove the trap from the flask, allow it to cool, and record the amount of oil recovered.

The number of milliliters of oil recovered divided by 4 equals the volume of recoverable oil per 100 grams of concentrate.

(h) *Tolerances for certification of officially drawn samples.* (1) When certifying samples that have been officially drawn and which represent a specific lot of frozen concentrated orange juice, the grade for such lot will be determined by averaging the total scores of the containers comprising the sample, if:

(i) Not more than one-sixth of such containers fails to meet all the requirements of the grade indicated by the average of such total scores, and, with respect to such containers which fail to meet the requirements of the indicated grade by reason of a limiting rule, the average score of all containers in the sample for the factor, subject to such limiting rule, is within the range for the grade indicated;

(ii) None of the containers comprising the sample falls more than 4 points below the minimum score for the grade indicated by the average of the total scores; and

(iii) All containers comprising the sample meet all applicable standards of quality promulgated under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and in effect at the time of the aforesaid certification.

(i) *Score sheet for frozen concentrated orange juice.*

Size and kind of container	
Container mark or identification	
Label	
Liquid measure (fl. ounces)	
Brix value concentrate (corrected for acid)	
Anhydrous citric acid (% by weight)	
Brix value to acid ratio	
Recoverable oil (ml./100 grams)	
Reconstitutes properly (Yes) (No)	
Appearance of fresh juice (Yes) (No)	

Factors	Score points	
I. Color	20	(A) 17-20 (B) [1] 14-16 (D) [1] 0-13
II. Absence of defects	40	(A) 34-40 (B) [1] 28-33 (D) [1] 0-27
III. Flavor	40	(A) 34-40 (B) [1] 28-33 (D) [1] 0-27
Total score	100	
Grade		

[1] Indicates limiting rule.

Issued at Washington, D. C. this 26th day of June 1950.

[SEAL] JOHN I. THOMPSON,
Assistant Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5708; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:54 a. m.]

[1] Filed as a part of the original document.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[47 CFR, Part 11]

[Docket No. 9703]

SPECIAL INDUSTRIAL RADIO SERVICE

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

1. Notice is hereby given of proposed rule making in the above-entitled matter.

2. Part 11, rules governing the Industrial Radio Services, became effective July 1, 1949. Since that time numerous questions have arisen both as to eligibility and the scope of operations permitted under the Special Industrial Radio Service. To clarify the situation and afford a more practical method of administration, it is proposed to revise Subpart K of Part 11, rules governing the Special Industrial Radio Service.

3. The proposed rules, authority for which is contained in sections 4 (i) and

303 (a), (b), (c), (f) and (r) of the Communications Act of 1934 as amended, are set forth below.

4. Any interested person who is of the opinion that the proposed rules should not be adopted or should not be adopted in the form set forth below may file with the Commission on or before August 15, 1950, a statement or brief setting forth his comments. At the same time persons favoring the rules as proposed may file statements in support thereof. The Commission will consider any such comments that are received before taking any final action in the matter and if any comments are received which will warrant the holding of a hearing or oral argument, notice of the time and place of such hearing or oral argument, will be given.

5. In accordance with the provisions of § 1.764 of the Commission's rules and regulations, an original and fourteen copies of all statements, briefs or comments shall be furnished the Commission.

Adopted: June 21, 1950.

Released: June 22, 1950.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

SUBPART K—SPECIAL INDUSTRIAL RADIO SERVICE

§ 11.501 *Nature of service.* This radio service is designed primarily for relatively short distance land-mobile service communications in connection with the operations conducted at the site of an industrial activity or a construction project located in a rural area. It is not intended nor is it suitable, for communicating with vehicles over distances much greater than 15 miles, nor for the interconnection by fixed radio circuits of widely separated units of an industrial organization. Communication between points within cities is not permitted except for communication between points in a single area under the immediate control of the licensee or the person to whom the licensee renders service as a subsidiary corporation under the provisions of § 11.502 (a). For the purposes of this subpart, cities are defined as population centers of more than 2500 persons according to the last decennial census.

§ 11.502 *Eligibility.* (a) The Special Industrial Radio Service is available to persons engaged in an industrial enterprise devoted to commercial production, construction, manufacture or processing of goods or materials and involving a substantial requirement for radiocommunication of the nature and type permissible under the terms of this subpart and other applicable rules. A subsidiary corporation organized for the sole purpose of furnishing a non-profit communications service to its parent corporation may be considered eligible for this service if the parent corporation is engaged in an industrial enterprise as defined in this paragraph.

(b) In addition to the information given on the application forms, applicants are required to make a satisfactory and adequate showing in accordance with § 11.503.

(c) Authority to operate in the Special Industrial Radio Service will not be granted for the rendition of a type of service for which specific provision has been made elsewhere in the Commission's rules governing established radio services.

§ 11.503 *Supplementary showing.* Applications for authorization to operate in the Special Industrial Radio Service shall be accompanied by a complete statement with respect to the following:

(a) A map of suitable scale sufficiently in detail to show the area and distances over which the radio facilities will be operated and the location of all stations to be installed at fixed points.

(b) Evidence that the use of radio, as limited by § 11.504, will materially contribute to the efficient conduct of the basic industrial operations for which the applicant is eligible. This showing shall include a detailed statement of the nature of the operations and the manner in which radio will be used in connection therewith.

(c) If the radius of communications will be one mile or less, evidence that stations in the Low Power Industrial Radio Service cannot provide the basic and essential needs of the proposed operation. This showing shall include field strength measurements based on actual determination of signal levels and noise levels; it shall show the technical qualifications of the person or persons conducting the survey, and list or describe the electronic equipment used.

(d) Where the applicant requests fixed service operations, evidence that wire lines between the points are not available.

§ 11.504 *Limitations on use*—(a) *General.* Stations in this service shall not be used for sales, advertising or delivery purposes, nor for the purpose of maintaining or servicing any installations or products in the hands of the general public.

(b) *Mobile stations.* (1) A mobile station shall not be operated within the limits of any city unless it is: Within the boundaries of a single area under the control of the licensee or the person to whom the licensee renders service as a subsidiary corporation under the provisions of § 11.502 (a); and such station is used to communicate only with base or mobile stations within the same area.

(2) Each mobile station shall be associated with and subject to the control of one or more base stations.

(c) *Base stations.* (1) Base stations are limited in power to 120 watts input.

(2) A base station shall be located only at a point from which vehicle movements are customarily controlled.

(3) A base station shall not be used to communicate with a mobile unit when such unit is within the limits of any city unless: The base station and the mobile unit are located within the boundaries of a single area under the control of a licensee or the person to whom the licensee renders service as a subsidiary corporation under the provisions of § 11.502 (a); and the base station is specifically authorized for this purpose.

(4) A base station shall not be used to communicate with other base stations, except in emergencies involving the immediate safety of life or protection of property.

(5) A base station will not be authorized for operation at temporary locations, except as specifically provided in this section.

(d) *Operation at temporary locations.* Base stations will be authorized to operate at temporary locations subject to the applicable requirements of §§ 11.54 and 11.65 and to the following conditions:

(1) Only the frequencies 27.31, 27.35, 27.39, 43.02, 43.06 and 152.87 Mc. will be assigned to base stations to be operated at temporary locations.

(2) When a base station is to be moved from one point to another, the licensee shall advise the Commission in Washington, D. C., at least 15 days in advance, except when the movement is on property subject to the control of the licensee or the person to whom the licensee renders service as a subsidiary corporation under the provisions of § 11.502 (a), or is in connection with the continuation of a single construction project, in which case the special notification required by this subparagraph is not required. The notification required hereby shall be submitted in triplicate and shall contain full and complete details relative to location, nature, and estimated duration of the new project. The proposed move of the base station will be considered approved unless the licensee is advised to the contrary within the fifteen day period specified above.

(e) *Operational fixed stations.* (1) Operational fixed stations shall not be used for communication between points connected by wire line facilities.

(2) An operational fixed station located within a city shall not be used to communicate with other stations located in the same or another city.

(3) Operational fixed (relay) stations may be used for one automatic re-transmission of any message. Additional automatic re-transmission of the same message by means of such stations is prohibited.

§ 11.505 *Frequencies available for base and mobile stations.* [This section incorporates without change the text of the present § 11.502, 14 F. R. 2333.]

§ 11.506 *Frequencies available for fixed stations.* [This section incorporates without change the text of the present § 11.503, 14 F. R. 2333.]

[F. R. Doc. 50-5635; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[47 CFR, Part 19]

[Docket No. 9702]

CITIZENS RADIO SERVICE

OPERATION OF RADIO STATIONS

1. Notice is hereby given of proposed rule making in the above entitled matter.

2. The Commission proposes to amend § 19.51 of its rules and regulations to accomplish the following substantive changes:

a. To change the provisions of § 19.51 (a) in order to provide that stations in Citizens Radio Service, except stations transmitting manually operated telegraphy by any type of the Morse code, may be operated by any person: *Provided, however,* That the other provisions of this section are fully met.

b. To change the provisions of § 19.51 (b) in order to provide that stations using manually operated telegraphy by any type of the Morse code must be operated by a licensed operator holding a Restricted Radiotelegraph Operator Permit or higher class of radiotelegraph operator license.

3. The proposed amendment is set forth below.

4. The authority for the proposed amendment is contained in sections 4 (i), 303 (l) and (r) and 318 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

5. Any interested person may file with the Commission on or before July 12, 1950, a written statement or brief in support, opposition, or urging modification of the proposed amendment. The Commission will consider such comments before taking action in this matter. If any comments are received which appear to warrant the holding of an oral argument, notice of the time and place therefor will be given.

6. In accordance with the provisions of § 1.764 of the Commission's rules and regulations, an original and four copies of all statements, briefs, or comments shall be furnished to the Commission.

Adopted: June 21, 1950.

Released: June 22, 1950.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

Section 19.51 of the Commission's rules governing Citizens Radio Service is amended to read as follows:

§ 19.51 *Operation of citizens radio stations.* (a) Citizens radio stations, except stations using manually operated telegraphy transmitting by any type of the Morse code, may be operated by any person: *Provided,* Such operation is authorized by the station licensee who shall be at all times responsible for the use and operation of that station in accordance with all applicable provisions of treaty, laws, and regulations: *And provided further,* That all transmitter adjustments or tests during or coincident with the installation, servicing, or maintenance of a radio station, which may affect the proper operation of such station, shall be made by or under the immediate supervision and responsibility of a person holding a first- or second-class commercial radio operator license, either radiotelephone or radiotelegraph, and such person shall be responsible for the proper functioning of the station equipment.

(b) Stations using manually operated telegraphy transmitting by any type of the Morse code may be operated only by the holders of a radiotelegraph class operator license of either the Restricted Radiotelegraph Operator Permit or higher class.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5687; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

NOTICES

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

MAIL FOR UPPER VOLTA

In consequence of the establishment of Upper Volta as an independent territory in French West Africa, regular mail articles and parcel post packages may be addressed to "Upper Volta" as country of destination.

Articles and parcels for Upper Volta will be dispatched via Ivory Coast, and will be subject to the postage rates and other conditions applicable to that territory.

(R. S. 161, 396, 398, secs. 304, 309, 42 Stat. 24, 25, 48 Stat. 943; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 372)

[SEAL] J. M. DONALDSON,
Postmaster General.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5674; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Bureau of Land Management

ARIZONA

NOTICE FOR FILING OBJECTIONS TO ORDER WITHDRAWING PUBLIC LANDS FOR USE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE [1]

For a period of 30 days from the date of publication of the above entitled order, persons having cause to object to the terms thereof may present their objections to the Secretary of the Interior. Such objections should be in writing, should be addressed to the Secretary of the Interior, and should be filed in duplicate in the Department of the Interior, Washington 25, D. C. In case any objection is filed and the nature of the opposition is such as to warrant it, a public hearing will be held at a convenient time and place, which will be announced, where opponents to the order may state their views and where the proponents of the order can explain its purpose, intent, and extent. Should any objection be filed, whether or not a hearing is held, notice of the determination by the Secretary as to whether the order should be rescinded, modified or let stand will be given to all interested parties of record and the general public.

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,
Secretary of the Interior.

JUNE 26, 1950.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5672; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[1] See F. R. Doc. 50-5671, Title 43, Chapter I, *supra.*

Geological Survey

COLORADO

DEFINITIONS OF KNOWN GEOLOGIC STRUCTURES OF PRODUCING OIL AND GAS FIELDS

JUNE 26, 1950.

Former paragraph (c) of § 227.0, Part 227, Title 30, Chapter II, Code of Federal Regulations (1947 Supp.), codification of which has been discontinued by a document published in Part II of the FEDERAL REGISTER dated December 31, 1948, is hereby suplemented by the addition of the following structure defined effective as of the date shown:

Name of Field, Effective Date, and Acreage

(2) COLORADO

Powder Wash Field (additional), May 10, 1950 8,475

W. H. BRADLEY,
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5683; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Designation Order 47]

DESIGNATION OF MOTIONS COMMISSIONER FOR JULY 1950

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of June 1950;

It is ordered, Pursuant to section 0.111 of the Statement of Delegations of Authority, that Robert F. Jones, Commissioner, is hereby designated as Motions Commissioner for the month of July 1950.

It is further ordered, That in the event said Motions Commissioner is unable to act during any part of said period the Chairman or Acting Chairman will designate a substitute Motions Commissioner.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5693; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

CLASS B FM CHANNEL ALLOCATIONS TO PRESCOTT AND PHOENIX, ARIZ.

ORDER AMENDING REVISED TENTATIVE ALLOCATION PLAN

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of June 1950;

The Commission having under consideration an amendment to its Revised Tentative Allocation Plan for Class B FM Broadcast Stations, to change the channel allocations to Prescott, Arizona, and Phoenix, Arizona, as follows:

	Channel	
	Delete	Add
General area of:		
Prescott, Ariz.	284	241
Phoenix, Ariz.	275	284

It appearing, that the proposed amendment to the Allocation Plan is desirable in order to permit the grant of the pending application of Sun Valley Broadcasting Company, for a new Class B station, at Mesa, Arizona, in the Phoenix area; and

It further appearing, that the adoption of said amendment will not reduce the present allocations to any area or require a change in the channel assignment of any other existing station or authorization; that the operation of a Class B FM station on Channel 284 at Mesa, Arizona, and on Channel 241 at Prescott, Arizona, will not cause objectionable interference to any station, existing, proposed or contemplated by the FM allocation plan; and that no existing requirements of the Commission will be affected by the said amendment; and

It further appearing, that the nature of the proposed amendment is such as to render unnecessary the public notice and procedure set forth in section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act; and that for the same reason this order may be made effective immediately in lieu of the requirements of section 4 (c) of said act; and

It further appearing, that authority for the adoption of said amendment is contained in sections 303 (c), (d), (f) and (r) and 307 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended:

It is ordered, That, effectively immediately, the Revised Tentative Allocation Plan for Class B FM Broadcast stations is amended as follows:

	Channel	
	Delete	Add
General area of:		
Prescott, Ariz.	284	241
Phoenix, Ariz.	275	284

Released: June 22, 1950.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5692; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 9393, 9610, 9714]

KWHK BROADCASTING CO., INC. (KWHK), ET. AL

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATION FOR CONSOLIDATED HEARING ON STATED ISSUES

In re applications of KWHK Broadcasting Company, Inc. (KWHK), Hutchinson, Kansas, Docket No. 9393, File No. BP-6831; KADA Broadcasting, Incorporated (KSMI), Wewoka, Oklahoma, Docket No. 9714, File No. BP-7502; for construction permits; James E. Murray, Vern Minor and Dorothy C. Murray (transferors), Docket No. 9610, File No. BTC-869; the Hutchinson Publishing Company (transferee), for consent to transfer of control of KWHK Broadcasting Company, Inc., licensee of Station KWHK, Hutchinson, Kansas.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission, held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 22d day of June 1950;

The Commission having under consideration the above-entitled application of KADA Broadcasting, Incorporated requesting a construction permit to change the power and hours of operation of Station KSMI, Seminole, Oklahoma, from 500 watts, daytime only to 1 kilowatt, unlimited time, to install directional antenna (DA-2) and to change transmitter and studio locations from Seminole, Oklahoma, to near Wewoka, Oklahoma;

It appearing, that the above-entitled application of KWHK Broadcasting Company, Incorporated requesting a construction permit to change the facilities of Station KWHK, Hutchinson, Kansas, from frequency 1190 kilocycles, 1 kilowatt power, daytime only to frequency 1260 kilocycles, 1 kilowatt power, unlimited time and to install a directional antenna for day and night use was designated for hearing by Commission order of July 20, 1949, and the above-entitled application for consent to transfer of control of KWHK Broadcasting Company, Incorporated was designated for hearing by Commission order of March 20, 1950, and, by Commission order of June 1, 1950, the hearings on the said applications consolidated into a single proceeding to commence on July 18, 1950, at Hutchinson, Kansas;

It is ordered, That pursuant to section 309 (a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the said application of KADA Broadcasting, Incorporated is designated for hearing in a consolidated proceeding with the said applications of KWHK Broadcasting Company, Incorporated to be held at Hutchinson, Kansas on July 18, 1950 and at Wewoka, Oklahoma on July 21, 1950, upon the following issues:

1. To determine the technical, financial and other qualifications of the applicant corporations, their officers, directors and stockholders to construct and operate Stations KWHK and KSMI as proposed.

2. To determine the areas and populations which may be expected to gain or lose primary service from the operation of Station KSMI as proposed and the character of other broadcast service available to these areas and populations.

3. To determine the type and character of program service proposed to be rendered and whether it would meet the requirements of the populations and areas proposed to be served.

4. To determine whether the operation of Station KSMI as proposed would involve objectionable interference with Station KHBG, Okmulgee, Oklahoma, or with any other existing broadcast stations and, if so, the nature and extent thereof, the areas and populations affected thereby, and the availability of other broadcast service to such areas and populations.

5. To determine whether the operation of Stations KWHK and KSMI as proposed would involve objectionable interference each with the other or with the services proposed in any other pending applications, for broadcast facilities and, if so, the nature and extent thereof, the areas and populations affected thereby, and the availability of other broadcast service to such areas and populations.

6. To determine whether the installation and operation of Station KSMI as proposed would be in compliance with the Commission's rules and Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Standard Broadcast Stations with particular reference to those provisions pertaining to the assignment of stations where objectionable interference would be received to a field intensity contour greater than that specified for a station of its class.

7. To determine the overlap, if any, that will exist between the service areas of Station KADA, Ada, Oklahoma, and the proposed operation of Station KSMI, the nature and extent thereof, and whether such overlap, if any, is in contravention of § 3.35 of the Commission's rules.

8. To determine on a comparative basis which, if any, of the applications in this consolidated proceeding should be granted.

It is further ordered, That the order of the Commission dated June 1, 1950, designating the above-entitled applications of KWHK Broadcasting Company, Incorporated for construction permit and for transfer of control for hearing in a single proceeding is amended to include the application of KADA Broadcasting Incorporated and to include issue numbers 1, 3 and 8 set forth herein; and

It is further ordered, That Okmulgee Broadcasting Corporation, licensee of Station KHBG, Okmulgee, Oklahoma, is made a party to the proceeding with reference to the application of KADA Broadcasting, Incorporated only and that KAKE Broadcasting Company, Incorporated, licensee of Station KAKE, Wichita, Kansas, is a party to this proceeding with reference to the application of KWHK Broadcasting Company, Incorporated, for construction permit only.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5691; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9614]

KCRA, INC. (KCRA)

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re application of KCRA, Inc.; (KCRA), Sacramento, California, for construction permit; Docket No. 9614, File No. BP-7404.

The Commission having under consideration a motion filed on June 16, 1950, by KCRA, Inc., licensee of Station KCRA, Sacramento, California, requesting that the hearing on the above-entitled ap-

plication, now scheduled to be held in Washington, D. C., on July 5, 1950, be continued for a period of thirty days; and

It appearing, from the petition that on June 14, 1950, an application was filed by S. W. and E. N. Warner, d/b as Warner Brothers, licensee of Station KWBR, Oakland, California, for a construction permit to increase the daytime power of that station from 1 kilowatt to 5 kilowatts on the frequency 1310 kilocycles, which may involve mutual objectionable interference with the above-entitled application of the petitioner herein and may therefore require a consolidated hearing on the two applications, necessitating an amendment or enlargement of the issues on the petitioner's application; and that under such circumstances additional time would be required to prepare for the said hearing; and

It further appearing, that all of the parties to this proceeding have consented to the continuance as requested herein; and

It further appearing, that the Hearing Examiner assigned to preside in the above-entitled proceeding will be absent from the city of Washington, D. C., from about the middle of July until after September 8, 1950;

It is ordered, This 23d day of June 1950, that the petition be, and it is hereby, granted in part, and that the hearing on the above-entitled application is hereby continued until 10:00 a. m., Wednesday, September 20, 1950, at Washington, D. C.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5690; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. E-6303]

DEEPWATER LIGHT AND POWER CO. AND ATLANTIC CITY ELECTRIC CO.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

JUNE 26, 1950.

Take notice that on June 23, 1950, a joint application was filed with the Federal Power Commission, pursuant to section 203 of the Federal Power Act, by Deepwater Light and Power Company (hereinafter called "Deepwater") and Atlantic City Electric Company (hereinafter called "Atlantic"), both corporations organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey and doing business in said State with each of their principal business offices at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and Atlantic City, New Jersey, respectively, seeking an order authorizing the sale by Deepwater to Atlantic and the purchase by Atlantic from Deepwater of (1) land and electric generating and other facilities situated in Lower Penn's Neck Township, Salem County, New Jersey, and (2) 5 shares each of Capital Stock of Deepwater Operating Company and South Pennsgrove Realty Company, New Jersey corporations. The application states that the consideration for said sale consists of a base price of $6,200,000 in cash, subject to certain adjustments; all as more fully appears in the application on file with the Commission.

Any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference to said application should, on or before the 14th day of July 1950, file with the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., a petition or protest in accordance with the Commission's rules of practice and procedure. The application is on file with the Commission for public inspection.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5678; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1391]

NEW YORK STATE NATURAL GAS CORP. AND TEXAS EASTERN TRANSMISSION CORP.

ORDER FIXING DATE OF HEARING

JUNE 26, 1950.

On May 16, 1950, New York State Natural Gas Corporation (New York State Natural), a New York corporation having its principal place of business at New York City, New York, and Texas Eastern Transmission Corporation (Texas Eastern), a Delaware corporation having its principal place of business at Shreveport, Louisiana, filed a joint application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, authorizing the acquisition, construction and operation of certain natural gas transmission pipeline and underground natural gas storage facilities, subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as fully described in said joint application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection. Public notice of the filing of the joint application has been given, including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on May 30, 1950 (15 F. R. 3402).

The Commission orders:

(A) Pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a public hearing be held commencing on July 17, 1950, at 10:00 a. m., e. d. s. t., in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., concerning the matters involved and the issues presented by the application.

(B) Interested State commissions may participate, as provided by §§ 1.8 and 1.37 (f) of the Commission's rules and practice and procedure.

Date of issuance: June 26, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5677; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Docket No. 5691]

RHODES PHARMACAL CO., INC., ET AL.

ORDER APPOINTING TRIAL EXAMINER AND FIXING TIME AND PLACE FOR TAKING TESTIMONY

In the matter of Rhodes Pharmacal Company, Inc., and J. Sanford Rose and Jerome H. Rose, individually and as officers of Rhodes Pharmacal Company, Inc.

This matter being at issue and ready for the taking of testimony and the receipt of evidence, and pursuant to authority vested in the Federal Trade Commission,

It is ordered, That Abner E. Lipscomb, a Trial Examiner of this Commission, be and he hereby is designated and appointed to take testimony and receive evidence in this proceeding and to perform all other duties authorized by law;

It is further ordered, That the taking of testimony and the receipt of evidence begin on Wednesday, July 5, 1950, at two o'clock in the afternoon of that day, e. d. s. t., in Room 500, 45 Broadway, New York, New York.

Upon completion of the taking of testimony and receipt of evidence in support of the allegations of the complaint, the trial examiner is directed to proceed immediately to take testimony and evidence on behalf of the respondents. The trial examiner will then close the taking of testimony and evidence and, after all intervening procedure as required by law, will close the case and make and serve on the parties at issue an initial decision which shall include findings and conclusions, as well as the reasons or basis therefor, upon all the material issues of fact, law, or discretion presented on the record, and an appropriate order; all of which shall become a part of the record in said proceeding.

Issued: June 23, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] D. C. DANIEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5684; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 25193, amended]

CHLORINATED CAMPHENE FROM BRUNSWICK, GA., TO KANSAS CITY, MO.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 27, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for and on behalf of carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 976.

Commodities involved: Chlorinated camphene, carloads.

From: Brunswick, Ga.

To: Kansas City, Mo.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 976, Supplement 229.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5679; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 25206]

SILICATE OF SODIUM FROM DALLAS, TEX., TO MEMPHIS, TENN.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 27, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: D. Q. Marsh, Agent, for and on behalf of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company and other carriers named in the application.

Commodities involved: Silicate of sodium, carloads.

From: Dallas, Tex.

To: Memphis, Tenn.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5680; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 25207]

IRON AND STEEL ARTICLES IN THE SOUTH

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 27, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for and on behalf of carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 920.

Commodities involved: Iron and steel articles, tin and terne plate and tin mill black plate, carloads.

Between: Points in Southern territory, and between points in Southern territory, on the one hand, and St. Louis, Mo., East St. Louis, Ill., and points in southern Illinois and Indiana, on the other.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes, to maintain grouping and to apply over short tariff routes rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 920, Supplement 175.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-5681; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 54-178]

UNITED LIGHT AND RAILWAYS CO. ET AL.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER AUTHORIZING AND APPROVING CERTAIN STEPS AND TRANSACTIONS

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of June A. D. 1950.

The Commission, by order dated January 10, 1950, having approved the amended plan of liquidation of The United Light and Railways Company ("Railways") and Continental Gas & Electric Corporation ("Continental") filed in these proceedings under section 11 (e) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 ("act"), which provides, inter alia, for the distribution and transfer by Railways to its common-stock holders, of shares of common stock of the par value of $10 per share of Iowa Power and Light Company ("Iowa Power"), on the basis of one share of such common stock of Iowa Power for each two shares of common stock of Railways outstanding (together with non-interest bearing, non-dividend bearing and non-voting scrip in bearer form representing fractional shares of such common stock of Iowa Power, in lieu of fractional shares of such stock), and for the transfer and delivery to Iowa Power by Railways, or by a depositary designated by Railways, of full shares of such common stock of Iowa Power equal in number to the aggregate number of shares to be represented by outstanding scrip; and said order of January 10, 1950, having recited among other things, that the distribution and transfer by Railways to its common-stock holders of shares of common stock of the par value of $10 per share of Iowa Power on the basis of one share of common stock of Iowa Power for each two shares of common stock of Railways (together with scrip certificates in lieu of fractional shares) is necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the act; and the Commission having in said order reserved jurisdiction, inter alia, to entertain such further proceedings, to make such supplemental findings, and to take such further action as the Commission may deem appropriate in connection with the amended plan, the transactions incident thereto and the consummation thereof, and to enter such further orders as may be necessary to secure full compliance with the act; and

Railways having requested the Commission to issue a supplemental order with respect to said distribution conforming to the requirements of section 1808 (f) and Supplement R of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended; and the Commission deeming it appropriate to grant such request:

It is hereby ordered and recited, That the steps and transactions itemized below involved in the consummation of paragraphs 15 and 17 (a) of the amended plan are necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, and are hereby authorized and approved:

(1) The distribution and transfer by Railways to its common stockholders (out of certificate number TNCO-2 for 1,586,669 shares now owned by Railways) of 1,585,232 shares of common stock of the par value of $10 per share of Iowa Power, on the basis of one share of common stock of Iowa Power for each two shares of common stock of Railways;

(2) The transfer by Railways to Iowa Power or its agent (out of the aforesaid certificate number TNCO-2 for 1,586,669 shares) of the remaining 1,437 shares of common stock of the par value of $10 per share of Iowa Power not distributed to stockholders of Railways as provided in (1) above;

(3) The issuance by Iowa Power to Railways or its agent of non-interest bearing, non-dividend bearing and non-voting scrip in bearer form, representing a total of 1,437 shares of common stock of the par value of $10 per share of Iowa Power, for distribution by Railways or its agent to common stockholders of Railways in lieu of fractional shares of such Iowa Power stock;

(4) The distribution and transfer by Railways or its agent to common stockholders of Railways of the aforesaid scrip certificates, in lieu of fractional shares of common stock of the par value of $10 per share of Iowa Power otherwise distributable on the basis set forth in (1) above; and

(5) The exchange and transfer by Iowa Power or its agent of such number of shares of common stock of the par value of $10 per share of Iowa Power (out of the certificate or certificates representing the aforesaid 1,437 shares transferred to Iowa Power by Railways as provided in (2) above), as may be required upon the surrender of scrip certificates representing full shares of such stock.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5675; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616; E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 14753]

EMIL BLUMENBERG

In re: Real property owned by Emil Blumenberg.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Emil Blumenberg, whose last known address is Goslar, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: Real property situated in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, particularly described as Lot numbered twenty-two (22) in Charles W. King's subdivision of lots in Square numbered five hundred and fifty-nine (559) as per plat recorded in Liber No. 12 at Folio 76 of the Records of the Office of the Surveyor of the District of Columbia, together with all hereditaments, fixtures, improvements and appurtenances thereto, and any and all claims for rents, refunds, benefits or other payments arising from the ownership of such property,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraph 2 hereof, subject to recorded liens, encumbrances, and other rights of record held by or for persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold, or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 20, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5618; Filed, June 27, 1950; 8:55 a. m.]

[Vesting Order CE 485]

COSTS AND EXPENSES INCURRED IN CERTAIN SOUTH DAKOTA COURT

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it having been found:

1. That each of the persons named in Column 1 of Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, was a person within the designated enemy country or the enemy-occupied territory identified in Column 2 of said Exhibit A opposite such person's name;

2. That it was in the interest of the United States to take measures in connection with representing each of said persons in the court or administrative action or proceeding identified in Column 3 of said Exhibit A opposite such person's name, and such measures having been taken;

3. That, in taking such measures in each of such actions or proceedings, costs and expenses were incurred in the amount stated in Column 4 of said Exhibit A opposite the action or proceeding identified in Column 3 of said Exhibit A;

4. That each amount stated in Column 4 of said Exhibit A has been paid from the property which each of said persons obtained or was determined to have as a result of the action or proceeding identified in Column 3 of said Exhibit A opposite such person's name and all of said amounts are presently in the possession of the Attorney General of the United States.

Now, therefore, there is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States, to be used or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States, the amounts stated in Column 4 of said Exhibit A.

The term "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meaning prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended. The term "enemy-occupied territory" as used herein shall have the meaning prescribed in rules of procedure, Office of Alien Property, § 501.6 (8 CFR, Cum. Supp., 503.6).

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 20, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

Column 1 Name	Column 2 Country or Territory	Column 3 Action or proceeding	Column 4 Sum vested
		Item 1	
Ane Masine Jensen	Denmark	Estate of Lawrence C. Paulsen, deceased. County Court, Haakon County, S. Dak.	$45.00

[F. R. Doc. 50-5619; Filed, June 27, 1950; 8:55 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14756]

SIEGFRIED FISCHER, SR.

In re: Estate of Siegfried Fischer, Sr., deceased. File No. D-28-1713; E. T. sec. 688.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Ruth Mirtsch whose last known address is Germany is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next-of-kin, legatees, and distributees, names unknown, of Adele Berchtold, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof in and to the estate of Siegfried Fischer, Sr., deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

4. That such property is in the process of administration by Empire Trust Company, as trustee, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, New York County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

5. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next-of-kin, legatees, and distributees, names unknown, of Adele Berchtold, deceased, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 20, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5656; Filed, June 28, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[Return Order 674]

HANS NUETZEL

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Hans Nuetzel, a/k/a Hans Nutzel, Cincinnati, Ohio; Claim No. 11343; May 20, 1950 (15 F. R. 3126); $9,466.74 in the Treasury of the United States.

The following securities presently in custody of the Safekeeping Department of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York: United States Treasury Bonds, 1955-60, 2⅞%, dated March 15, 1935, due March 15, 1960, with coupons due September 15, 1950 and s. c. a., No. 97848 for $1,000 97849 for $1,000, 314421 for $1,000 and 1471 for $5,000. United States Treasury Bonds, 1965-70, 2½%, dated February 1, 1944, due March 15, 1970, with coupons due September 15, 1950, and s. c. a., Nos. 143227, 426697 and 426698 for $1,000 each.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 22, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5657; Filed, June 28, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

ASKANIA REGULATOR CO.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property located in Washington, D. C., including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., and Property

Askania Regulator Company, Chicago, Ill.; Claim No. 823; a one-third (⅓) interest in royalties accrued and to accrue under an agreement dated January 1, 1936, by and between Askania-Werke, A. G., and the Milwaukee Gas Specialty Company, relating, among other things, to United States Letters Patent No. 2,291,567; including, but not limited to, the sum of $79,901.90, representing ⅓ of the royalties paid to the Attorney General. All interest and rights (including all royalties and other monies payable or held with respect to such interest and rights) created in Askania-Werke, A. G., by virtue of the aforesaid agreement, were vested by Vesting Order No. 1519 (8 F. R. 10580, July 29, 1943).

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 22, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5658; Filed, June 28, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[Return Order 679]

KICHIJI ARAKAWA ET AL.

Having considered the claims set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claims which are incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith and notice of intention to return having been published on May 24, 1950 (15 F. R. 3168)

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant	Claim No.	Property
Kichiji Arakawa, c/o Nikko Restoration Sanatorium, 801 Hotel St., Honolulu, T. H.	45103	$5.42
Yuki Arakawa, c/o Nikki Restoration Sanatorium, 801 South Hotel St., Honolulu, T. H.	45104	6.09
Toyoko Asato, P. O. Box 81, Kaneohe, Oahu, T. H.	45105	7.46
Satoru Ihara, Alohea and Edna Sts., Honolulu, T. H.	45106	22.17
Toyoko Asato, P. O. Box 81, Kaneohe, Oahu, T. H.	45108	.52
Hamako Ebina or Yoshikichi Ebina, 1255 Kamanuwai Lane Honolulu, T. H.	45110	26.84
Yoshikichi Ebina, trustee for Takeshi Ebina, 1255 Kamanuwai Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45111	18.25
Yoturo Fujisue, 1061 Olli Ape Pl., Honolulu, T. H.	45112	7.39
Mitsuko Fujita, 619 Kapahulu Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45113	90.00
Chujiro Fukuda or Tomiko Fukuda, 1512-C Pualele Pl., Honolulu, T. H.	45114	2.09
Kichio Fukunaga, 3419 East Manoa Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45115	7.53
Shigeru Furuya, 2336 Rose St., Honolulu, T. H.	45116	32.21
Misao Murata, nee Misao Go, 1531-D Kewalo St., Honolulu, T. H.	45117	5.30
Akiharu Goto, 961 Cooke St., Honolulu, T. H.	45118	10.51
Mina Hasegawa, 2808 Main Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45119	5.54
Takekichi Hasegawa, 2808 Main Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45120	15.33
Fukusei Hokama, 918 Kapaakea Lane, Honolulu 56, T. H.	45121	9.44
Koosuke Ige, 4436 Ahuawa Pl., Honolulu, T. H.	45122	15.64
Yoshimi Inouye, 2043 Dillingham Blvd., Honolulu, T. H.	45124	5.97
Takeo Isoshima, trustee for Hiroshi Isoshima, 1520 Fort St., Honolulu, T. H.	45125	41.31
Takeo Isoshima, trustee for Michiko Isoshima, 1520 Fort St., Honolulu, T. H.	45126	36.01
Masato Kageno, 2814 Dow St., Honolulu, T. H.	45127	3.50
Midori Kamiya, guardian of Yoshie Kamiya, 929 Robello Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45129	5.85
Teikichi Kanai, trustee for Tsugio Nobuta, 1946 South Beretania St., Honolulu, T. H.	45130	9.88
Junichi Kaneshiro, guardian of Herbert S. Kaneshiro, 1430 Pukele St., Honolulu, T. H.	45131	5.00
Jiro Kawamoto, 1404 Kaumualii St., Honolulu, T. H.	45132	10.09
Noboru Kinoshita, trustee for Kazuo Kinoshita, 1206 Kinau St., Honolulu, T. H.	45133	9.42
George T. Kishi, 317 Olli Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45134	5.09
Chojo Kiyuna, 1379 Nuuanu Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45135	5.44
Hisano Kurisu, 625-F Kunawai Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45136	6.16
Wallace Y. Matsumoto, 657 Kapiolani Blvd., Honolulu, T. H.	45139	5.00
Chozo Mita, 935 Hikina Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45140	6.90
Osa Miyasaki, 2735 Lowrey Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45141	9.20
Takio Nagamatsu, 1489 South King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45142	8.10
Akira Nakagawa, 826 Kunawai Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45143	5.00
Tona Nakahara, 395 North Vineyard St., Honolulu, T. H.	45144	6.26
Kazen Nakamoto, 2241 Kauhana St., Honolulu, T. H.	45145	7.76
Chisa Nakamura, 562 South Road Damon Tract, Honolulu 38, T. H.	45147	9.21
Jokichi Miyahira, 274 North King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45200	1,313.33
Kuni Nakahama, 921 Liona Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45201	53.83
Haisuno Nakamura, 3221-A Mooheau Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45202	3.01
Asaichi Nakano, trustee for Asao Nakano, 3247 Martha St., Honolulu, T. H.	45203	17.33
Takeo Nakata, 2304 South King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45204	150.15
Otomatsu Namba, 3311 Manoa Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45205	38.00
Shosuke Nihei or Chisato Nihei, 937 Coolidge St., Honolulu, T. H.	45206	41.79
Chuji Nii, 4836 Kalaniana'ole Highway, Honolulu, T. H.	45207	9.34
Fujie Nishi, 1103 Kemole Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45208	43.09

Claimant	Claim No.	Property
Yoshito Nishida, 1848 9th Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45209	$1.76
Sada Nishimura, 2357 Pahoa Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45210	23.80
Daigoro Ogata, 1040 Olil Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45211	64.90
Futoshi Ohama, trustee for Fumiko Ohama, 620 Waipa Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45212	1.00
Futoshi Ohama, trustee for Himeko Ohama, 620 Waipa Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45213	5.71
Futoshi Ohama, trustee for Tooru Ohama, 620 Waipa Lane Honolulu, T. H.	45214	3.10
Tame Okuhe, 2652 South King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45216	535.28
Mrs. Matsuko Omiya, 1732 Lime St., Honolulu, T. H.	45217	27.64
Kenji Soneda, 1748 Liliha St., Honolulu, T. H.	45235	14.11
Haruko Sueoka, 3789 Sierra Dr., Honolulu, T. H.	45236	39.78
Hana Sunouchi, 516-A Hiram Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45237	373.54
Hana Sunouchi, trustee for Masako Sunouchi, 516-A Hiram Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45238	88.04
Tamigo Sunouchi, 516 Hiram Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45239	297.39
Hana Tabata, P. O. Box 27, Aiea, Oahu, T. H.	45240	85.10
Isamu Taira, 3421 East Manoa Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45241	5.00
Suna I. Takabuki, 344-B Kapaloa Pl., Honolulu, T. H.	45242	38.90
Yoshiko Takaesu, 1546 Palama St., Honolulu, T. H.	45243	29.45
Tsuya Takahashi, trustee for Ichiro Takahashi, 2704 Booth Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45244	13.84
Ushi Takamiyashiro, 1311-B University Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45245	46.10
Yukio Takasaki, 1611 Ua Dr., Honolulu, T. H.	45246	5.80
Shinichi Tamura, P. O. Box 615, Kahuku, Oahu, T. H.	45247	57.61
Misao Tanaka or Hiroshi Tanaka, 916-D Ahana Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45248	10.01
Misao Tanaka, guardian of Shigeru Tanaka, 916-D Ahana Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45249	7.00
Nobuichi Tanaka or Teruyo Tanaka, Punalun, Oahu, T. H.	45250	11.69
Osaka Tanaka, 2208 Makanani Dr., Honolulu, T. H.	45251	35.13
Matsujiro Tanimura, 1428 Kaumaualii St., Honolulu, T. H.	45252	15.86
Saburo Tengan, 2338-B North King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45253	10.09
En Tomatani, 1753 South King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45255	6.76
Isono Toyofuku or Suetsuki Toyofuku, 3229 Lincoln Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45257	12.20
Kaju Tsuchida or Kikuzo Tsuchida, 3430 Ono St., Honolulu, T. H.	45258	62.75
Kiyoto Uchida, guardian of Hideo Uchida, 3327 Kaimuki Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45259	1.00
Kiyoto Uchida, guardian of Yoshiko Uchida, 4327 Kaimuki Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45260	2.00
Tadami Uchiumi, 65 Holt Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45261	3.18
Giichi Wakamoto, P. O. Box 85, Kaneohe, Oahu, T. H.	45263	7.13
Giichi Wakamoto, guardian of Matsuko Wakamoto, P. O. Box 85, Kaneohe, Oahu, T. H.	45264	14.49
Maka Wanke, 1954 Kamehameha IV Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45265	43.82
Fukumatsu Yamaguchi, 929 Laki Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45267	7.95
Asawo Yamamoto, 314 Keawe St., Hilo, T. H.	45269	118.04
Mitaka Nakagawa, 1220 Pensacola St., Honolulu, T. H.	45385	24.97
Tomohei Nakagawa, 1058 Waimanu Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45386	11.91
Zenan Miyashiro, 516-A North School St., Honolulu, T. H.	45387	266.65
Mrs. Nobu Uno, Box 64, Hanapepe, Kauai, T. H.	45174	6.40
Tadashi Watarai, guardian of Yaeko Watari, 1218 17th Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45175	7.91
Osamu Yamamoto, 434 U Halawa Veteran's Housing Aiea, Oahu, T. H.	45177	25.12
Yonekichi Yasuda, 607-C-2 South King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45178	5.54
Kameehi Yogi, 814 Kopke St., Honolulu, T. H.	45179	8.29
Chogi Zukeran, 1829 Kaiwai Pl., Honolulu, T. H.	45181	5.00
Tamakichi Tamagawa, guardian of Akira Tamagawa, 1456-A Chung Hoon Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45183	54.64
Tamakichi Tamagawa, guardian of Hiroyo Tamagawa, 1456-A Chung Hoon Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45184	$54.64
Tamakichi Tamagawa, guardian of Iwao Tamagawa, 1456-A Chung Hoon Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45185	119.27
Tamakichi Tamagawa, guardian of Katsuyo Tamagawa, 1456-A Chung Hoon Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45186	54.64
Setsuko Tamagawa, 1456-A Chung Hoon Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45187	113.69
K. Nyuha, a/k/a Kyusuke Nyuha, c/o Aiea Dairy, Aiea, Oahu, T. H.	45190	10.50
Kiyo Koide, P. O. Box 1189, Lihue, Kauai, T. H.	45191	32.41
Mikie Matsuoka, guardian of Tadao Matsuoka, 1320 I-Kaulau Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45193	4.88
Kikuyo Matsushige, trustee for Emiko Morishige, 603 South Beretania St., Honolulu, T. H.	45194	26.13
Kikuyo Matsushige, trustee for Hiromu Morishige, 603 S. Beretania St., Honolulu, T. H.	45195	30.87
Shohei Matsushima, 1316 Griffith St., Honolulu, T. H.	45196	104.79
Sanji Meguro, 1332 Kemalle St., Honolulu, T. H.	45197	5.00
Sueiiro Mente, 3130 Winam Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45198	10.50
Kamekichi Mita, Kealia, Kauai, T. H.	45199	541.53
Mrs. Matsuko Omiya, guardian of Tomoko Omiya, 1732 Lime St., Honolulu, T. H.	45219	221.50
Kisuku Onomoto, 3826 Noeau St., Honolulu, T. H.	45220	21.70
Kameso Oshiro, 1354 Kapakahi Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45221	48.72
Uchi Oshiro or Kameso Oshiro, 1354 Kapakahi Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45222	552.88
Genshin Oyadomari or Kame Oyadomari, 131 North Kukui St., Honolulu, T. H.	45223	10.74
Yasuji Oye, 2071 South Beretania St., Honolulu, T. H.	45224	17.80
Isami Sakai or Yuji Sakai, 3151 Hinano St., Honolulu, T. H.	45226	5.00
Matagoro Sakuma, trustee for Sueko Shimada, P. O. Box 1753, Wailuku, Maui, T. H.	45227	541.19
R. Sasaki, 3227 Herbert St., Honolulu, T. H.	45228	11.04
Naoji Sato, 11 Alakimo Dr., Honolulu, T. H.	45229	7.97
Yowohachi Sakamoto, 1636 Kalihi St., Honolulu 10, T. H.	45231	261.47
Wataru Shimizu, 3150 Paliuli St., Honolulu, T. H.	45233	13.43
Mitsuru Shimoko or Kimiko Shimoko, 1452 Dillingham Blvd., Honolulu, T. H.	45234	70.06
Koto Yasuda or Natsuko Yasuda, Waipahu, Oahu, T. H.	45271	31.30
Yoshio Yoshinaga, 2121 Bingham St., Honolulu, T. H.	45272	73.37
William M. Akutagawa, P. O. Box 25, Pukoo, Molokai, T. H.	45274	8.28
Nobuyoshi Okada, 1946 South Beretania St., Honolulu, T. H.	45275	89.52
Kanae Yoshimoto, nee Kanae Oniwa, 1380 Pahala Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45276	20.90
Hisa Hagafuji, 1295 South Beretania St., Honolulu, T. H.	45278	20.95
Hiroya Endo, 2952 Kahalea Dr., Honolulu, T. H.	45280	17.75
Chie Fuchikami, 2543 Namaun Dr., Honolulu, T. H.	45281	3.60
Tadao Fuchikami, 2543 Namaun Dr., Honolulu, T. H.	45282	35.95
Kame Matayoshi, guardian of Mine Matayoshi, c/o Mary Alexander, 3101 Diamond Head Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45283	39.04
Dr. Tokujiro Yanagi, guardian of Honoru Yanagi, 478 Pau Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45284	31.08
Dorothy Chieko Arakawa, 722 Hawaii St., Honolulu, T. H.	45285	16.88
Tsuchiyo Amano, 827 Gulick Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45286	11.46
Yasuki Sadoyama, c/o Sakai Store, Waiahole, Oahu, T. H.	45287	11.08
Kajiro Shimada, or Saki Shimada, P. O. Box 543, Waialua, Oahu, T. H.	45288	12.05
Dorothy M. Umemoto, guardian of Robert Isao Umemoto, 932-E Ahana Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45289	28.01
Dennosuke Hasebe, Ewa, Oahu, T. H.	45309	59.53
Mina Hasegawa, trustee for Mizui Hasegawa, 1735 South King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45310	20.80
Josen Deme, Waipahu, Oahu, T. H.	45311	6.25
Giju Higa, 1345 Alapai, Honolulu, T. H.	45313	27.47
Toichi Hirakoshi, 542 Aloe Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45314	2.26
Kazu Honda, 1919 Bingham St., Honolulu, T. H.	45315	22.27
Masai Honda and Mariko Honda, 2555 Rooke Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45316	53.82
Masai Honda and Seigo Honda, 2555 Rooke Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45317	152.20
Asayo Ichida or Mrs. Masako Uemura, 241 Laimi Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45320	48.50
Fujio Ichiryu, guardian of Hagino Ichiryu, 1029 Kama Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45321	39.51
K. Yasuda, 279 Kalihi St., Honolulu, T. H.	45097	30.14
Takitaro Abe, 1st Building D, Palolo Housing, Honolulu, T. H.	45098	5.50
Yoshito Aimoto, 3118 Monsarrat Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45099	5.60
Shirley Setsuko Amano, 506-A McNeill St., Honolulu, T. H.	45100	2.00
Annie R. Apana, 3737 Waialae Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45101	3.00
Rose C. Apana, 3737 Waialae Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45102	6.00
Tomoichi Nakano, 2845-A Kihei Pl., Honolulu, T. H.	45148	33.67
Ayako Nishioka, nee Ayako Naura, 14581 Figueroa St., Santa Ana, Calif.	45149	35.53
Tamisaku Nihei, guardian of Teruo Nihei, 817-B Coolidge St., Honolulu, T. H.	45150	9.65
Kikutaro Nishi or Kinue Nishi, 822 Halekauwila St., Honolulu, T. H.	45151	9.00
Sakujiro Noji, trustee for Kikuyo Noji, Waipahu Mill Camp, Waipahu, Oahu, T. H.	45154	13.78
Nobori Nomura, trustee for Tsukasa Nomura, 3444 Kepuhi St., Honolulu, T. H.	45155	8.45
Tamiyo Oi c/o Oi Store, 2469 South King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45156	9.88
Miyoshi Okamura, guardian of Nancy Satoko Okamura 1942-A Metcalf St., Honolulu, T. H.	45157	26.90
Miyoshi Okamura, trustee for Patsy Masako Okamura, 1942-A Metcalf St., Honolulu, T. H.	45158	15.40
Koniehi Okuda, guardian of Satoko Okuda, 483 F Road, Damon Tract, Honolulu, T. H.	45159	14.35
Hisako Yokoi, 16 South Vineyard St., Honolulu, T. H.	45160	5.54
Zenshiro Sato, c/o Harry Z. Sato, 922 Kapahulu Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45161	5.00
Shoji Sekiya, 1401 10th Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45162	11.99
Kunimatsu Shimada, 1214 Artesian St., Honolulu, T. H.	45163	5.61
Kaoru Suzuki, Bldg. 29, 1377-C Linapuni St., Honolulu, T. H.	45164	10.91
S. Takara, a/k/a Shigeru Takara, 915 Kapaakea St., Honolulu, T. H.	45165	12.11
Masaini Tanaka, 590 North Vineyard St., Honolulu, T. H.	45166	14.11
Shinobu Tanouye, 1439 Middle St., Honolulu, T. H.	45167	15.68
Yukio Tokuda, 904 Laniwai St., Honolulu, T. H.	45168	5.87
Hiroshi Tokushima, 325 East Halawa Veterans' Home, 98 South School St., Aiea, Oahu, T. H.	45169	27.95
Hideo Sakamoto, 627 Kalwiula St., Honolulu, T. H.	45170	41.09
Hisakichi Tsukano or Mume Tsukano, Pepeekeo, T. H.	45171	8.18
K. Tsunoda, 3413 Winam Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45172	10.79
Yasukate Uchima or Kame Uchima, 2460-A South King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45173	12.07
Shungo Igarashi, 722 Makaleka Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45322	21.57
Yorio Ikuma, 1049 Wong Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45324	8.13
Jack Tatsumi Ishida, 1736 Algaroba St., Honolulu, T. H.	45325	22.48
Takekichi Ishimura, Eleele, Kauai, T. H.	45326	8.28
Shima Ito, 1437-C Pauoa Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45327	18.36
Mrs. Takie Iwasaki, 3030 Kolowalu St., Manoa Housing, Honolulu, T. H.	45328	5.86
Asayo Izawa or Toshio Izawa, 948 Akepo Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45329	30.06
Toichi Johiro, 1010 5th Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45331	28.72
Masuichi Kagimoto, 1424-A-1 Liona Pl., Honolulu, T. H.	45332	450.67
Tomiko Nakanishi, formerly Tomiko Kanemoto, 3148 Castle St., Honolulu, T. H.	45336	30.57
I Kanou, trustee for Seiko Okazaki, 1566 Kewalo St., Honolulu, T. H.	45337	58.45
I. Kanou, a/k/a Ikuko Kanou, 1566 Kewalo St., Honolulu, T. H.	45338	44.93
Shizuko Kawano, guardian of Akiko Kawano, 1643 Nuuanu St., Honolulu, 17, T. H.	45340	17.71
Eichi Kawashima, 567 Quinn Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45341	22.13
Yoshi Kihara, 542 Aloe Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45342	1.53

Claimant	Claim No.	Property
Sueklchi Kikuchi, 1022 Kopke St., Honolulu, T. H.	45343	$3.00
Koichi Kikuya, Apt. 6, 6 Kukui Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45344	32.52
Kiyoichi Kimura, 715 Birch St., Honolulu, T. H.	45345	3.01
Rinji Kinoshita, P. O. Box 365, Hana, Maui, T. H.	45347	10.10
Saburo Kobatsu, 1274 Hall St., Honolulu, T. H.	45351	74.50
Saburo Kobatsu, trustee for Tetsuo Kobatsu, 1274 Hall St., Honolulu, T. H.	45352	2.24
Setsuko Kobatsu, 1274 Hall St., Honolulu, T. H.	45353	9.64
Yahei Komoto, trustee for Ayano Komoto, 1710-A Liliha St., Honolulu, T. H.	45354	2.29
Yahei Komoto, trustee for Iro Komoto, 1710-A Liliha St., Honolulu, T. H.	45355	1.00
Yahei Komoto, trustee for Kenichiro Komoto, 1710-A Liliha St., Honolulu, T. H.	45356	2.10
Yahei Komoto, trustee for Shizuya Komoto, 1710-A Liliha St., Honolulu, T. H.	45357	2.54
Mrs. K. C. Kondo, 3838 Claudine Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	45358	10.09
Fumio Kuwasaki ,604 North King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45360	12.28
Mrs. Robert Arizumi, nee Sahoyo Kuwasaki, 3036 Kahaloa Dr., Honolulu, T. H.	45361	14.15
Toshiaki Kuwasaki, 604 North King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45362	8.32
K. Morita, 773 Lunalilo St., Honolulu, T. H.	45363	15.50
Yasuichi Moritsugu, Hela, Oahu, T. H.	45364	8.02
Tsunejiro Muranaka, c/o Yoshito Muranaka, 3418 Kupaa Dr., Honolulu, T. H.	45365	310.63
Ritsu Muranaka, 427 North Vineyard St., Honolulu, T. H.	45366	35.92
Tsunejiro Muranaka or Chise Muranaka, 3418 Kupaa Dr., c/o Yoshito Muranaka, Honolulu, T. H.	45368	706.84
Shikataro Masuda, 1333 Kapiolani St., Honolulu, T. H.	45369	51.81
Kenichi Masuri, 2420 Pamoa Rd., Honolulu, T. H.	45371	5.00
Toyokichi Matsuda, 311 Halehala Lane, Honolulu, T. H.	45373	101.50
Isamu Matsumoto, P. O. Box 1551, c/o Royal Trading Co., Honolulu, T. H.	45374	29.99
Noriyasu Miyakawa, 2320 South King St., Honolulu, T. H.	45375	40.60
Zentaro Miyashiro, 516 North School St., Honolulu, T. H.	45376	27.12
Yoshio Morimoto, 2005 Dole St., Honolulu, T. H.	45380	5.33
Mrs. Ichiko Muraoka, trustee for Noriko Muraoka, 5320-2E Gordon Ave., Richmond, California	45381	13.11
Tooru Nagano, trustee for Kenji Nagano, 4136 Alna Place Honolulu, T. H.	45383	9.09
Gunichi Nakagawa, 1645 Citron St., Honolulu, T. H.	45384	2.84

Notice of intention to return published May 24, 1950 (15 F. R. 3168).

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 26, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5704; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14741]

WILLIAM HEEPER AND GESINE HEEPER

In re: Debts owing to William Heeper and Gesine Heeper. F-28-30028-A-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That William Heeper and Gesine Heeper, each of whose last known address is 80 Moeckernstrasse, Bremen, Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: All those debts or other obligations owing to William Heeper and Gesine Heeper, by Henry Schnakenberg, 12 Collamore Terrace, West Orange, New Jersey, representing rentals collected and dividends received by the aforesaid Henry Schnakenberg from real property and stock owned by William Heeper and Gesine Heeper, together with any and all accruals thereto, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, William Heeper and Gesine Heeper, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 9, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5694; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14745]

SHOSAKU KOINUMA

In re: Stock owned by Shosaku Koinuma. F-39-5397-D-3.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Shosaku Koinuma, whose last known address is Utsunomiya, Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: Fifty (50) shares of $100 par value common capital stock of Pere Marquette Railway Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Michigan, evidenced by certificates numbered 046897-901, of ten shares each, registered in the name of Shosaku Koinuma, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, and any and all rights to receive in exchange therefor, shares of stock in Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company, a Virginia corporation,

is property within the United States, owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 9, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5695; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14777]

AUGUSTA KULLA

In re: Debt owing to Augusta Kulla. F-28-30644-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Augusta Kulla, whose last known address is Hannoversche, Munden, Germany, Am Plam 13, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: That certain debt or other obligation owing to Augusta Kulla by the American Surety Company of New York, 100 Broadway, New York 5, New York, in the amount of $206.41, as of January 23, 1950, together with any and all accruals to the aforesaid debt or other obligation and

any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 20, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5696; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[Return Order 671]

SOCIETE JACQUEAU, BERJONNEAU ET COMPAGNIE

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, be returned after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Societe Jacqueau, Berjonneau et Compagnie, Paris, France; Claim No. 13339; May 5, 1950 (15 F. R. 2615), an undivided one-half interest in and to property described in Vesting Order No. 293 (7 F. R. 9836, November 26, 1942), relating to United States Patent Application Serial No. 382,146. This return shall not be deemed to include the rights of any licensees under the above patent application.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 26, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5701; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

LUDWIG STUETZ

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property and Location

Ludwig Stuetz, a/k/a Ludwig Steutz, Vienna, Austria; Claim No. 41136; $108.96 cash in the Treasury of the United States. All right, title and interest of Ludwig Steutz, also known as Ludwig Stuetz, in and to the estate of Frank Steutz, also known as Frank Stutz and Frank Stuetz, deceased.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 26, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5705; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

[Return Order 677]

IGNAZIO HORNIK

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Ignazio Hornik, New York, New York and Mexico D. F., Mexico; Claim No. 5798; May 20, 1950 (15 F. R. 3126); $3,757.50 in the Treasury of the United States.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 26, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5703; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

[Return Order 670]

RENE ALFRED LEBOIME

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, be returned after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Rene Alfred Leboime, Paris, France; Claim Nos. 13332, and 27709; May 5, 1950 (15 F. R. 2615), an undivided one-half interest in and to property described in Vesting Order No. 293 (7 F. R. 9836, November 26, 1942), relating to United States Patent Application Serial No. 382,146. Property described in Vesting Order No. 293 relating to United States Patent Application Serial No. 318,782. This return shall not be deemed to include the rights of any licensees under the above patent applications.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 26, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5700; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[Return Order 672]

LUCY KOESTER

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Lucy Koester, Bavaria, Germany; Claim No. 38667; April 1, 1950 (15 F. R. 1884), all right, title and interest of Lucy Koester in and to the Estate of Alfred Otto Koester, deceased; L. C. Koster, Administrator. Claimant is the sole beneficiary of the estate, the assets of which are in the possession of Morrison, Hohfeld, Foerster, Shuman & Clark, 620 Market Street, San Francisco, California, attorneys for the administrator.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on June 26, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-5702; Filed, June 29, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]