TITLE 3—THE PRESIDENT
EXECUTIVE ORDER 10128
AMENDMENT OF EXECUTIVE ORDERS NO. 6868 OF OCTOBER 9, 1934, AS AMENDED, DESIGNATING MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL CAPITAL HOUSING AUTHORITY

By virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me by the District of Columbia Alley Dwelling Act of June 12, 1934 (48 Stat. 680), as amended by the act of June 23, 1938, 52 Stat. 1186. It is hereby ordered that Executive Order No. 6868 of October 9, 1934, as amended, be, and it is hereby, further amended to provide that the National Capital Housing Authority shall be composed of the following-designated officials of the Government of the United States or of the District of Columbia: The President of the Board of Commissioners of the Government of the District of Columbia, the Director of Planning of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, the Chairman of the District of Columbia Redevelopment Land Agency, and three additional officials to be designated by the President of the United States.

HARRY S. TRUMAN
THE WHITE HOUSE
June 2, 1950.

[FR Doc. 50-3049; Filed, June 2, 1950; 4:05 p.m.]

EXECUTIVE ORDER 10129
ESTABLISHING THE PRESIDENT'S COMMISSION ON MIGRATORY LABOR

By virtue of the authority vested in me as President of the United States, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. There is hereby created a Commission to be known as the President's Commission on Migratory Labor, which shall consist of a Chairman and four other members to be designated by the President.

2. The Commission is authorized and directed to inquire into

(a) social, economic, health, and educational conditions among migratory workers, both alien and domestic, in the United States;

(b) problems created by the migration of workers, for temporary employment, into the United States, pursuant to the immigration laws or otherwise;

(c) responsibilities now being assumed by Federal, State, county and municipal authorities with respect to alleviating the conditions among migratory workers, both alien and domestic;

(d) whether sufficient numbers of local and migratory workers can be obtained from domestic sources to meet agricultural labor needs and, if not, the extent to which the temporary employment of foreign workers may be required to supplement the domestic labor supply; and

(e) the extent of illegal migration of foreign workers into the United States and the problems created thereby, and whether, and in what respect, current law enforcement measures and the authority and means possessed by Federal, State, and local governments may be strengthened and improved to eliminate such illegal migration.

3. The Commission shall make a report of its studies to the President in writing not later than December 15, 1950, including its recommendations for governmental action, either legislative or administrative.

4. In connection with its studies and inquiries, the Commission is authorized to hold such public hearings and to hear such witnesses as it deems appropriate.

5. To the extent that the studies, inquiries, and recommendations of the Commission involve considerations of international arrangements and policies the Commission shall consult with the Department of State.

6. All executive departments and agencies of the Federal Government are authorized and directed to cooperate with the Commission in its work and to furnish the Commission such information, assistance, and recommendations as it may require in the performance of its duties.

7. During the fiscal year 1950, the compensation of the members of the Commission (including traveling expenses and per diem allowances) and

(Continued on next page)
THE PRESIDENT

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TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

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PART 904—MILK IN THE LOWELL-LAWRENCE, MASS., MARKETING AREA

PART 907—MILK IN THE FALL RIVER, MASS., MARKETING AREA

PART 906—MILK IN THE SPRINGFIELD, MASS., MARKETING AREA

PART 909—MILK IN THE WORCESTER, MASS., MARKETING AREA

DETERMINATION OF EQUIVALENT PRICE

Notice was published in the May 19, 1950, issue of the Federal Register (15 F. R. 3957) that pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), consideration was being given to the determination of a price equivalent to the weighted average price per 40-quart can of 40 percent bottling quality cream in the Greater Boston, Massachusetts, marketing area; §§ 996.7 (b) and 996.9 (d) of the order regulating the handling of milk in the Greater Boston, Massachusetts, marketing area; and §§ 996.7 (b) and 996.9 (d) of the order regulating the handling of milk in the Lowell-Lawrence, Massachusetts, marketing area; and in §§ 996.7 (b) and 996.9 (d) of the order regulating the handling of milk in the Fall River, Massachusetts, marketing area; and in §§ 996.7 (b) and 996.9 (d) of the order regulating the handling of milk in the Springfield, Massachusetts, marketing area; and in §§ 996.7 (b) and 996.9 (d) of the order regulating the handling of milk in the Worcester, Massachusetts, marketing area. In view of the decreasing volume of cream received at Boston from sources outside New England, the United States Department of Agriculture has not published the aforesaid notice and other relevant material found in the Department of Agriculture. It is hereby found that the determination of equivalent price made on April 20, 1950 (15 F. R. 2283) continues to be the price equivalent to or comparable with the weighted average price per 40-quart can of 40 percent bottling quality cream f. o. b. Boston, referred to in each of the aforesaid sections of the respective orders, for any reason such price is not reported by the United States Department of Agriculture for any price reporting period. It is therefore determined that the determination of equivalent price made on April 20, 1950, shall continue in full force and effect with respect to each of the orders.

In accordance with section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1001 et seq.), it is hereby found and determined that good cause exists for making this determination of equivalent or comparable price immediately effective because it results in no modification of the current regulation and requires no preparation by the persons affected thereby.

[Sec. 5, 40 Stat. 769, as amended; 7 U. S. C. and Supp., 606c]

TITLE 12—BANKS AND BANKING

Chapter II—Federal Reserve System

Subchapter A—Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

[Reg. F]

PART 206—TRUST POWERS OF NATIONAL BANKS

FEES CHARGED TRUSTS HOLDING PARTICIPATIONS IN COMMON TRUST FUND

§ 206.105 Fees charged trusts holding participations in common trust fund.

(a) The Board has considered an inquiry by a national bank relating to the fees which the bank may charge for the administration of trusts which hold participations in a common trust fund operated by the bank.

(b) It appears that the bank has a schedule of trust fees based on principal and that a higher rate is charged for a trust's investments in real estate loans than for its investments in other personal property. Since there is this difference in rates when the funds of a trust are invested separately, the bank inquired whether the investment of funds of a trust in a participation in the bank's common trust fund which holds some real estate loans, the fee charged for the administration of the participating trust may be based in part upon the rate for real estate loan investments. For example, if 15 percent of the assets of the common trust fund consist of real estate loans, the bank frames the real estate loan rate on 15 percent of a trust's participation in the common trust fund.

(c) The bank's inquiry was prompted by the following provision of § 206.17 (c) (3):

A national bank **** shall not **** receive, either from the Common Trust Fund or from any trusts the funds of which are invested in real estate, any additional fees, commissions, or compensations of any kind by reason of such participation.

(d) In the Board's opinion, this provision of this part does not prohibit the bank from basing its fee on part of the real estate loan rate as suggested above. It is the Board's view that the bank would not be receiving any additional fee by reason of the trust's participation in the common trust fund if it received no greater fee than would be charged if the funds of the trust were separately invested in the same classes of investments as are held by the common trust fund.

(e) The Board has not undertaken to rule on any aspect of this matter other than the application of the above-quoted provision of this part. The fees which a national bank may charge for the administration of trusts depend, of course, on the facts of particular cases, including the terms of the trust instruments, court orders, and State laws; and in this connection, consideration should be given to the provisions of § 206.14 (a) dealing generally with trust fees of national banks.


BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM.

[Sec. 5, 40 Stat. 769; Filed, June 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 15—COMMERCE AND FOREIGN TRADE

Chapter III—Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce

Subchapter C—Office of International Trade

[8th General Rev. of Export Regs., Admt. 6]

PART 371—GENERAL LICENSES

PART 373—LICENSES POLICIES AND RELATED SPECIAL PROVISIONS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. Part 371, General Licenses, is amended by adding thereto a new § 371.24 to read as follows:

§ 371.24 General license GTF, goods imported for trade fair—(a) Return to country from which imported. A general license designated GTF is hereby established, authorizing exportation to the country from which imported of
commodities which have been entered under bond or which have been permitted temporary free importation under bond providing for their exportation, for exhibition at trade or similar fairs: Provided, That such commodities are being exported in accordance with the terms of such bonds.

(b) Export to other destinations. Commodities described in paragraph (a) of this section which are not listed as exceptions to the general in-transit license GII provisions (§ 371.9 (c)) may be exported to destinations other than that from which imported.

2. Part 373. Licensing Policies and Related Special Provisions, is amended in the following particulars:

a. Section 373.4 Special provisions for exposed dental X-ray film is deleted.

b. A new § 373.13 is added to read as follows:

§ 373.13 Special provisions for commodities to be exported to Taiwan (Formosa): Intermediate consignees. With respect to validated license shipments to Taiwan (Formosa) as the ultimate destination,

(a) An amendment of the license must be obtained prior to export clearance if an intermediate consignee is to be used in the export transaction, but is not named in the license, or (b) if the intermediate consignee to be used is different from the one named in the license.

(b) No shipper's export declaration shall be authenticated by a collector of customs if the intermediate consignee shown on the declaration is not named in the license or in an amendment of the license.

This amendment shall become effective June 1, 1950.


LORING K. MACY,
Deputy Director,
Office of International Trade.

[F. R. Doc. 50-4812; Filed, June 5, 1950; 17:47 a.m.]


PART 399—POSITIVE LIST OF COMMODITIES AND RELATED MATTERS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Section 399.1 Appendix A—Positive List of Commodities is amended in the following particulars:

1. The following commodity is deleted from the Positive List:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dept. of Comm.</th>
<th>Scheduled B No.</th>
<th>Commodity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Chlorinated paraffin (including Clarafin) containing 70% or more chlorines.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Classification established by the Bureau of the Census, effective July 1, 1950 (see Census Bulletin P. B. 183 B-I and II, dated May 25, 1950). The commodities classified under this Schedule B number were formerly classified according to the material of construction. (Example: rubber valves were formerly classified in 25600.)

*Classification established by the Bureau of the Census, effective July 1, 1950 (see Census Bulletin P. B. 183 B-I and II, dated May 25, 1950). The commodities classified under this Schedule B number were formerly classified according to the material of construction. (Example: rubber valves were formerly classified in 25600.)

2. The entries on the Positive List for motors, starters, and controllers, Schedule B Nos. 704200, 704300, 704300, and 705000, are amended to read as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dept. of Commerce</th>
<th>Schedule B No.</th>
<th>Commodity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Motors, reversible type, over 1,000 horsepower.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Other starting and controlling equipment and parts for industrial motors, 50 horsepower and over.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Accessories and parts for reversible-type electric motors over 1,000 horsepower.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The effect of this amendment is to delete from the Positive List accessories and parts for other electric motors, up to but not including 50 horsepower.

3. The entry on the Positive List for antifouling paints, Schedule B No. 616300, is amended to read as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dept. of Commerce</th>
<th>Schedule B No.</th>
<th>Commodity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Pigments, paints, and varnishes: Antifouling paints, including all paints containing copper oxide.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The effect of this amendment is to delete from the Positive List accessories and parts for other electric motors, up to but not including 50 horsepower.

4. The GLV dollar value limit for the entry "Schedule B No. 729220, Parts, accessories, and attachments for power cranes, shovels, trenchers, ditches, loaders, and excavators." is changed from $100 to $500.

5. The following commodities are added to the Positive List:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dept. of Commerce</th>
<th>Schedule B No.</th>
<th>Commodity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Phosphoric acid containing</em> 5% or more of phosphoric acid.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Classification established by the Bureau of the Census, effective July 1, 1950 (see Census Bulletin P. B. 183 B-I and II, dated May 25, 1950). The commodities classified under this Schedule B number were formerly classified according to the material of construction. (Example: rubber valves were formerly classified in 25600.)
### Table: Commodities and Units

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Commodity</th>
<th>Unit Proceeding</th>
<th>GLEV $/Miller Group</th>
<th>GLV $/Miller Group</th>
<th>Vat Exempt $/Miller Group</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pipe valves except automatic control or regulating</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/4000</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/4000</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/4000</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/4000</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/4000</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/4000</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/4000</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/4000</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7/4000</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td>EO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Notes:
1. The effect of these amendments is to delete from the Positive List all iron or steel pipe valves not specifically described in the above entries.
2. The effect of this amendment is to add to the Positive List all iron or steel pipe valves not specifically described in the above entries.

### Section 16—Commercial Practices

#### Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

**Docket 5170**

**Part 3—Desert of Cesse and Desert Orders**

**National Optical Stores Co., et al.**

**Subpart—Advertising falsely or misleadingly:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paragraph</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1.4600 | Fictitious or misleading guarantees: § 1.460 Manufacture or preparation; § 1.465 Prices—usual as reduced, special, etc.; § 1.465 Repairs, repairs, and replacements; § 1.465 Scientific or other relevant facts; § 1.465 Special or limited offers; Subpart—Combining or conspiring; § 1.690 To sell products defectively. Subpart—Offering unfair, improper and deceptive inducements to purchase or deal: § 1.690 Guarantee, in general; § 3.2013 Offers defectively made and avoided; § 3.2040 Returns and reimbursements; § 3.2070 Special offers, savings and discounts. In connection with the offering for sale, sale or distribution of eyeglasses or other optical supplies, (1) disseminating, etc., any advertisements by means of the United States mails, or in commerce, or by any means to induce, etc., directly or indirectly, the purchase in commerce, etc., of respondents' eyeglasses or other optical supplies, which advertisements represent, directly or by implication, (a) that the lenses in all or any of the glasses sold by the respondents are ground in accordance with prescriptions by doctors, when in fact said lenses are not accurately ground in accordance with the prescriptions of doctors, optometrists or physician-oculists; (b) that any of the respondents' glasses are offered for sale at prices substantially lower than the prices actually charged for said glasses; or that any offer of glasses at the respondents' usual or customary prices which is not limited in point of time is a special offer for a limited time only; or, (c) that the purchase price of glasses sold by the respondents will be refunded to dissatisfied customers, or that the respondents in the sale of their glasses guarantee satisfaction, when in fact said respondents do not in all instances accept the return of glasses from dissatisfied customers and refund the full purchase price thereof; (2) entering into any arrangement, agreement or understanding with any doctor, optometrist or physician-oculist to advise any prospective purchaser that the condition of his eyes is such as to require glasses other than those advertised by the respondents, when such condition actually does not exist; or, (3) representing that glasses advertised and offered by respondents at special low prices are unsuitable to correct the defective vision of any prospective purchaser, when such glasses would be adequate for such purpose; prohibited. (Sec. 6, 38 Stat. 722; 15 U. S. C. 46. Interpret or apply sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended; 15 U. S. C. 45) (Cease and desist order, Benjamin D. Ritholz et al., trading as National Optical Stores Co., et al., Docket 5170, March 22, 1950) In the Matter of Benjamin D. Ritholz, Morris J. Ritholz, Samuel J. Ritholz, Sophie Ritholz, individually and as co-partners Trading Under the Names National Optical Stores Company, Dr. Ritholz Optical Company, and Midwest Scientific Company. This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission, the respondents' answer thereto, testimony and other evidence in support of and in opposition to the allegations of the complaint introduced before a trial examiner of the Commission therefore duly designated by it, the trial examiner's recommended decision and exceptions thereto (which exceptions have been dispossessed by the respondent barged, and briefly and oral argument of counsel, and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and its conclusion that the respondents have violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act: It is ordered, That the respondents, Benjamin D. Ritholz, Morris J. Ritholz, Samuel J. Ritholz, Sophie Ritholz, and Fannie Ritholz, individually and as co-partners trading under the names National Optical Stores Company and Dr. Ritholz Optical Company, and trading under any other name or trade designation, and said respondents' agents, representatives and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale or distribution of eyeglasses or other optical supplies, do forthwith cease and desist from: (a) That the lenses in all or any of the glasses sold by the respondents are ground in accordance with prescriptions by doctors, when in fact said lenses are not accurately ground in accordance with the prescriptions of doctors, optometrists or physician-oculists; (b) That any of the respondents' glasses are offered for sale at prices substantially lower than the prices actually charged for said glasses; or that any offer of glasses at the respondents' usual or customary prices which is not limited in point of time is a special offer for a limited time only. (c) That the purchase price of glasses sold by the respondents will be refunded to dissatisfied customers, or that the respondents in the sale of their glasses guarantee satisfaction, when in fact said respondents do not in all instances accept the return of glasses from dissatisfied customers and refund the full purchase price thereof. 2. Entering into any arrangement, agreement or understanding with any doctor, optometrist or physician-oculist to advise any prospective purchaser that the condition of his eyes is such as to require glasses other than those advertised by the respondents, when such condition actually does not exist. 3. Representing that glasses advertised by the respondents at special low prices are unsuitable to correct the defective vision of any prospective purchaser, when such glasses would be adequate for such purpose. 4. Disseminating, or causing to be disseminated, by means of the United States mails, or by any means in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, any advertisements which represents, directly or by implication— (a) That the lenses in all or any of the glasses sold by the respondents are ground in accordance with prescriptions by doctors, when in fact said lenses are not accurately ground in accordance with the prescriptions of doctors, optometrists or physician-oculists; (b) That any of the respondents' glasses are offered for sale at prices substantially lower than the prices actually charged for said glasses; or that any offer of glasses at the respondents' usual or customary prices which is not limited in point of time is a special offer for a limited time only. (c) That the purchase price of glasses sold by the respondents will be refunded to dissatisfied customers, or that the respondents in the sale of their glasses guarantee satisfaction, when in fact said respondents do not in all instances accept the return of glasses from dissatisfied customers and refund the full purchase price thereof. 2. Entering into any arrangement, agreement or understanding with any doctor, optometrist or physician-oculist to advise any prospective purchaser that the condition of his eyes is such as to require glasses other than those advertised by the respondents, when such condition actually does not exist. 3. Representing that glasses advertised by the respondents at special low prices are unsuitable to correct the defective vision of any prospective purchaser, when such glasses would be adequate for such purpose. 4. Disseminating, or causing to be disseminated, by any means, for the purpose of inducing, directly or indirectly, the purchase in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, of the respondents' eyeglasses or other optical supplies, any advertisement which represents, directly or by implication— (a), (b), or (c) of this order.
PURCHASE OF TRACTS NOT EXCEEDING 5 ACRES ON SHOWING AS TO EMPLOYMENT OR BUSINESS

§ 64.2a. Notice of initiation of claim. A notice of the initiation of a claim under the act of March 3, 1927, must designate the kind of trade, manufacture, or other productive industry in connection with which the claim is maintained or desired, and identify its ownership. The procedure as to notices will be governed in other respects by the provisions of §§ 64.6a to 64.6e.

§ 64.4a. Time for filing application. Application to purchase a claim, along with the required proof or showing, must be filed within 5 years after the filing of notice of the claim.

PURCHASE OF TRACTS NOT EXCEEDING 6 ACRES WITHOUT SHOWING AS TO EMPLOYMENT OR BUSINESS

§ 64.6a. Notice of initiation of claim. Any qualified person, association, or corporation initiating a claim on or after April 29, 1950, under the act of May 26, 1934, must file notice of the claim for recording in the land office for the district in which the land is situated, within 90 days after such initiation. Where on April 29, 1950, such a claim was held by a qualified person, such person must file notice of the claim in the proper land office within 90 days from that date.

§ 64.6b. Form of notice. The notice must be filed on Form 4-1154, in duplicate if the land is surveyed, or in duplicate if surveyed, and shall contain: (a) The name and address of the claimant, (b) age and citizenship, (c) date of settlement and occupancy, and (d) the description of the land by legal subdivisions, section, township and range, if surveyed, or, if unsurveyed, by metes and bounds with reference to some natural object or permanent monument, giving, if desired, the approximate latitude and longitude.

§ 64.6c. Failure to file notice. Unless a notice of the claim is filed within the time prescribed in § 64.6a, no credit shall be given for occupancy of the site prior to filing of notice in the proper land office, or application to purchase, whichever is earlier.

§ 64.6d. Recordation of notice. Upon receipt of notice of a claim under this part, if satisfactory in form, the manager will advise the claimant of its receipt and the current serial number assigned thereto, and if found unsatisfactory for proper record, the manager, before assigning the serial number, or recording, will call upon the claimant to cure the defects by filing a new or supplemental notice. If the application is filed and not subject to the form of disposition specified in the notice, the applicant will be advised that the filing of the notice has not been conferred on him any right to the land.

§ 64.6e. Recording fee. The notice of the claim must be accompanied by a remittance of $10.00, which will be applied as a service charge for recording the notice, and will not be returnable, except in cases where the notice is not acceptable to the land office for recording because the land is not subject to the form of disposition specified in the notice.

§ 64.7a. Time for filing application. Except as provided in § 64.7a, application to purchase a claim, along with the required proof or showing, must be filed within 5 years after the filing of notice of the claim.

Note: The record keeping or reporting requirements of this regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of March 3, 1950 (60 Stat. 413).

MARION CLASKNER, Secretary of the Interior.

Approved: June 1, 1950.

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN, Secretary of the Interior.

[Circular No. 1756]

PART 65—HOMESTEADS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

In order to show the procedure in connection with the recording in the land offices of notices of the initiation of homestead settlement claims in Alaska, pursuant to the act of April 29, 1950 (Public Law 493—81st Congress), Part 65 is amended as follows:

1. Section 65.3 is amended to read:

§ 65.3 Notice of settlement. (a) A person making settlement on or after April 29, 1950 on unsurveyed land, in order to protect his rights, must file a notice of the settlement for recordation in the land office for the district in which the land is situated, and post a copy thereof on the land, within 90 days after the settlement. Where settlement is made on unsurveyed lands, the settler, in order to protect his rights, must file a notice of the settlement for recordation, or application to make homestead entry, in the land office for the district in which the land is located within 90 days after settlement.

(b) Any person maintaining a settlement claim on April 29, 1950, on surveyed or unsurveyed public land, shall file notice of the initiation of the claim in the land office for the district in which the land is situated, and post a copy thereof on the land, within 90 days from that date, if the notice of location had not theretofore been filed in the recording district, or (2) within two years from April 29, 1950, if notice of the location had theretofore been filed in the recording district.

2. The following new sections are added:

§ 65.3a. Form of notice. The notice must be filed on Form 4—1154, in duplicate if the land is surveyed, or in duplicate if surveyed, and shall contain: (a) The name and address of the settler, (b) age and citizenship, (c) date
of settlement, and (d) the description of the land by legal subdivisions, section, township and range, if surveyed, or, if unsurveyed, by metes and bounds with reference to some natural object or permanent monument, giving the approximate latitude and longitude and otherwise with as much certainty as possible without actual survey. Reference should be made to the serial number of the notice of settlement previously filed. If there has been any material deviation made in the description of land claimed, a full explanation must be given of the reason for such deviation. The petition should show the date when the settlement was made, the dates from which and to which the settler has resided upon the land, the number of acres cultivated each year and the results of the cultivation, and the character and value of the improvements on the land. The petition should also show that the land does not extend more than 160 rods along the shore of any navigable water or that the restriction as to length of claim has been waived and that at the date of the initiation of the claim the claim was within a distance of 80 rods along any such water from any homesite or headquarters authorized by the acts of March 3, 1927, and May 26, 1884 (44 Stat. 1364; 48 Stat. 696; 18 U.S.C. 1201, 48 U.S.C. 371), or from any location thereof made with soldiers' additional rights or trade and manufacturing site, homestead, Indian or Eskimo allotment, or school indemnity selection. This showing, however, is not required where a petition for restoration, based on an equitable claim is filed with the application, or the land has been restored from the notice or the petition must be signed by the applicant and should be corroborated by the statements of two persons having knowledge of the facts. (c) Upon receipt of the petition, the manager will assign thereto the same serial number that was assigned to the notice of settlement, if one was previously filed; if not, he will assign a current serial number to the petition and will transmit the duplicate to the regional administrator. If the manager finds the showing satisfactory and no shore-space question is involved, he will, in the absence of other evidence, the technical copy of the petition to the Regional Chief, Division of Cadastral Engineering, Survey Office, Juneau, Alaska, who, not later than the next succeeding surveying season, will issue instruction for survey of the land without expense to the applicant. The original copy of the petition will be retained by the manager for filing with the case record.

4. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of § 65.20 are amended to read:

§ 65.20 Survey without expense to settler. (a) The land included in a settlement claim may be surveyed without expense to the settler, provided he has sufficiently complied with the law in the matter of residence, cultivation and improvements to submit 3-year proof. A petition for a free survey may be filed whenever such requirements have been met before notice of the settlement claim is required to be filed, or at any time within 5 years after such notice has been filed.

(b) Petition for survey should be filed in triplicate and should describe the land settled upon by metes and bounds with relation to some natural or permanent monument, and give the approximate latitude and longitude and otherwise with as much certainty as possible without actual survey. Reference should be made to the serial number of the notice of settlement previously filed. If there has been any material deviation made in the description of land claimed, a full explanation must be given of the reason for such deviation. The petition should show the date when the settlement was made, the dates from which and to which the settler has resided upon the land, the number of acres cultivated each year and the results of the cultivation, and the character and value of the improvements on the land. The petition should also show that the land does not extend more than 160 rods along the shore of any navigable water or that the restriction as to length of claim has been waived and that at the date of the initiation of the claim the claim was within a distance of 80 rods along any such water from any homesite or headquarters authorized by the acts of March 3, 1927, and May 26, 1884 (44 Stat. 1364; 48 Stat. 696; 18 U.S.C. 1201, 48 U.S.C. 371).
PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Production and Marketing Administration
[7 CFR, Part 927]
MILK IN THE NEW YORK METROPOLITAN MARKETING AREA

NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING FOR CONSIDERATION OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

Pursuant to the provisions of § 927.4 (b) of Order No. 27, as amended (7 CFR, 927.101 et seq.), regulating the handling of milk in the New York metropolitan milk marketing area, and of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C., 1061 et seq.), notice is hereby given of a public meeting to be held on June 14, 1950, at 10 a. m., e. d. s. t., at the office of the Market Administrator, 205 East Forty-second Street, New York, New York, for consideration of proposed amendments to the rules and regulations heretofore issued (7 CFR, 927.101 et seq.) pursuant to said order. Interested persons will be afforded an opportunity to participate in the meeting through the submission of written data, views, or arguments or to present the same orally. Copies of the said rules and regulations as heretofore issued and of the proposed amendments to be considered at this public meeting may be procured from the Market Administrator.

The proposed amendments to be considered at said public meeting are as follows:

1. Amend § 927.101 as follows: Add new paragraph (bb) as follows:

(bb) "Whipped topping mixture" means the product which results from the mixture of milk solids, moisture, sugar or other sweetening agents, flavor and stabilizer, and which is used for packaging with harmless gas causing it to fluff upon ejection from the package or container. It must have ingredients other than milk solids of more than 4.0 percent.

2. Amend § 927.102 as follows:

A. Amend paragraph (c) (1) to read as follows:

(1) If the plant is in the marketing area, the excess shall be considered to have been received in the form of cream from an undisclosed source: Provided, That, if such excess is an excess of milk it shall be considered to have been received in the form of milk from an undisclosed source. Such excess, other than an excess of milk, shall be assigned as far as possible to butterfat leaving the plant in the form of frozen desserts, homogenized mixtures or cream cheese. Any excesses not so assigned shall be subject to the payments required in § 927.9 (b) (2) (iii) of the orders.

B. In paragraph (d) add the following:

(6) Whipped topping mixture packed under pressure, 2.5 percent.

C. In paragraph (f) add the following:

(17) Whipped topping mixture, 2.5 percent.

3. Amend § 927.105 as follows:

A. In the table set forth in paragraph (a) add the following:

| Whipped topping mixture | 19 percent |

B. In the table set forth in paragraph (b) add the following:

| Whipped topping mixture | 40 quart can | 86.5 |

Further consideration will also be given to the issues set forth in the notices of meeting dated April 19 and April 13, 1950.

Issued this 13th day of May 1950.

A. J. Pollard, Acting Market Administrator.

[DOCKET No. AO 194-A1]

HANDLING OF MILK IN ROCKFORD-FREEPORT, ILL., MARKETING AREA

NOTICE OF HEARING ON PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE TENTATIVELY APPROVED MARKETING AGREEMENT AND ORDER

Pursuant to the provisions of the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U. S. C. 601 et seq.), and the applicable rules of practice and procedure governing the formulation of marketing agreements and marketing orders (7 CFR, Part 900), notice is hereby given of a public hearing to be held at the Faust Hotel, Rockford, Illinois, beginning at 1:30 p. m., e. d. s. t., June 13, 1950, for the purpose of receiving evidence with respect to economic and emergency conditions which relate to the handling of milk in the Rockford-Freeport, Illinois, marketing area and to the proposed amendments to the tentatively approved marketing agreement and to the order regulating the handling of milk in the said marketing area (7 CFR, 921.0 et seq.) set forth herein below, or modifications thereof. The amendments proposed have not received the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture.

The following amendment has been proposed by the Rockford, Illinois, handlers:

Proposal No. 1: Amend § 901.50 (e) to read as follows:

(1) Multiply by 4.34 the average computed by the market administrator, of the daily wholesale selling prices (using the midpoint of any price range as one price) of Grade AA (93-score) bulk creamery butter per pound at Chicago, as reported by the Department during the delivery period: Provided, That if no price is reported for Grade AA (93-score) butter, the highest of the prices reported for Grade A (93-score) butter for that day shall be used in lieu of the price for Grade AA (93-score) butter;

(2) Multiply by 8.2 the simple average, as computed by the market administrator, of the weighted averages of carbon prices per pound for nonfat dry milk solids, spray and roller process, respectively, for human consumption, f. o. b. manufacturing plants in the Chicago area, as published for the period from the 26th day of the immediately preceding delivery period through the 25th day of the current delivery period by the Department; and

(3) From the sum of the results arrived at under subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph, subtract 67 cents.

Amendments proposed by the Dairy Branch, Production and Marketing Administration:

Proposal No. 2: Add the following as § 991.34:

§ 991.34 Retention of records. All books and records required under this order to be made available to the market administrator shall be retained by the handler for a period of three years to begin at the end of the calendar month to which such books and records pertain: Provided, That if, within such three year period, the market administrator notifies the handler in writing that the retention of such books and records, or of specified books and records, is necessary in connection with a proceeding under section 86 (b) (A) of the act or a court action as provided in such notice, the handler shall retain such books and records, or specified books and records, until further
written notification from the market administrator. In either case the market administrator shall give further written notification to the handler promptly, upon the termination of the litigation or when the records are no longer necessary in connection therewith.

Proposal No. 3: Add the following as § 991.56:

§ 991.56 Termination of obligation.
The provisions of this section shall apply to any obligation under this order for the payment of money. (a) The obligation of any handler to pay money required to be paid under the terms of this order shall, except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, terminate two years after the last day of the calendar month during which the market administrator receives the handler's utilization report on the milk involved in such obligation, unless within such two year period the market administrator notifies the handler in writing that the money is due and payable. Service of such notice shall be complete upon mailing to the handler's last known address, and it shall contain but need not be limited to, the following information:

1. The amount of the obligation; and
2. If the obligation is payable to one or more producers or to an association of such producer(s) or association of producers, or if the obligation is payable to the market administrator, the account for which it is to be paid.
3. If the obligation is payable during which the milk, with respect which the obligation exists, was received or handled; and
4. If the obligation is payable during which the milk, with respect which the obligation exists, was received or handled; and

Proposal No. 4: Make such other changes as may be required to make the entire marketing agreement and order conform with any amendments thereto that may remain in effect.

Copies of this notice of hearing, the said order now in effect, and the said tentative marketing agreement may be procured from the Market Administrator, 14th floor, Field Building, 135 South LaSalle Street, Chicago 3, Illinois, or from the Hearing Clerk, United States Department of Agriculture, Room 1385, which are promulgated in the Federal Register, D. C., or may be there inspected.

JOHN I. TREFPEN, Assistant Administrator.

[ F. R. Doc. 50-4790: Filed, June 8, 1950; 3:48 a.m.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Bureau of Indian Affairs
[25 CFR, Part 28]

KLAMATH TRIBAL LOAN FUND
NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

Notice is hereby given of intention to amend § 28.1 (c); § 28.7 (a), (d), (f), (h); § 28.4, 28.8, and 28.18 of Title 25, CFR, of the regulations approved by the Secretary of the Interior on September 30, 1947, and amended December 9, 1948, which are promulgated under authority contained in the act of Congress approved August 28, 1937 (50 Stat. 872, 25 U. S. C. 533-535, incl.) as amended, and to promulgate new paragraphs (i) to § 28.7, to read as hereinafter indicated:

1. Paragraph (c) of § 28.1 Definitions is amended to read as follows:

(c) "Area director" means the officer in charge of the area office of the Indian Service, or his successor in office, under which the Klamath Indian Agency is placed for administrative purposes. The authority of the area director under the regulations in this part may be delegated by him in writing to his subordinates in the area office.

2. Section 28.4 is amended to read as follows:

§ 28.4 Eligibility. Loans may be made to enrolled members of the Klamath Tribes, and to cooperative associations of members engaged in the articles of association and bylaws of cooperative associations must be approved by the Area Director.

3. Paragraphs (a), (d), (f), (g) and (h) of § 28.7 Approval of Loans, are amended and paragraph (b) is promulgated to read as follows:

(a) Action by board. Applications shall be acted upon only in meetings of the board. Any action on applications by the board shall require a uniform vote of at least two members of the board. All applications shall be acted upon, and applicants advised in writing that their applications have been acted upon favorably or unfavorably by the board, within 30 days of the date of receipt of their applications by the board. All applications unfavorable in fact shall state the reasons therefor. In order to receive final approval, applications must be acted upon favorably by the board.

(d) Approval by area director. Except as otherwise indicated in the regulations in this part, loans acted upon favorably by the board, where the applicant's indebtedness to the fund will exceed $4,000 but not exceed $10,000, shall be approved by the area director. Loans to cooperatives; loans for the purchase of livestock, equipment, or machinery with maturities exceeding six years; loans to members under 21 years of age; loans with maturities exceeding ten years; loans for the purchase of land; educational loans; and loans to individuals who are Government employees or any of the President's appointees who do not need to protect the loans; and loans for the maintenance and support of aged, infirm, or incapacitated members in excess of $700 shall also require approval of the area director.

(i) Restrictions on approval. Loans shall not be approved for less than $25. Any loans to borrowers who are delinquent in payment of previous indebtedness to the fund shall require the approval of the business committee in addition to the approval set forth in other sections of the regulations in this part. Loans exceeding $10,000 may be approved by the area director, not more than two loan agreements may be in effect with the same borrower at the same time, and outstanding loans shall be approved by a husband and wife who are both eligible for loans, and any existing loan to either spouse shall be consolidated with such loan.

(j) Modifications. The Board may approve one modification of any loan agreement extending the terms of repayment up to 90 days beyond the maturity date scheduled in the original loan agreement when the original loan agreement has been approved by the Board in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section. Unless otherwise authorized by the Commissioner, all other modifications of loans approved by other than the Commissioner shall require approval by the area director. The area director may approve modifications of loan agreements approved by the Commissioner in accordance with paragraph (e) of this section, in cases where the amount of the loan is not increased, but not to any amount upward.

(1) Advances. Advances on all approved loans shall be made within 30 days of the date of final approval of the applications, unless otherwise requested by the borrowers and provided in their loan agreements.
4. Section 28.8 is amended to read as follows:

§ 28.8 Interest, service fees, and penalties. Borrowers shall pay 5 percent interest annually on the basis of 360 days per annum, from the date funds are advanced on the loan until they are repaid, except on loans for educational purposes, on which the Board may specify the rate to be charged, provided that such rate may not be less than one percent per annum nor more than the rate charged other borrowers. Borrowers also shall pay a penalty of one-half of 1 percent per month, or fraction thereof, on all amounts which are not paid on the due dates set forth in their loan agreements as originally approved, or as subsequently modified. Except on loans for educational purposes, and loans for the maintenance and support of aged, infirm, and incapacitated members, service fees may be charged as set forth in the following table, or a schedule of fees may be established by the Board: Provided, That fees shall not be charged on amounts included in loans for payment of fees and such schedule shall not exceed the amounts set forth in the following table:

- Loans of $600 or less: 3 percent of the amount of the loan.
- Loans over $600 but not over $2,000: $10 plus 2 percent of the amount over $600.
- Loans over $2,000: $45 plus 1 percent of the amount over $2,000.

5. Section 28.18 is amended to read as follows:

§ 28.18 Responsibility of superintendent. The superintendent shall not make disbursements on any loans which are in violation of the regulations in this part. The superintendent may also take the following action with reference to board matters:

(a) Return to the board any application approved by the board in accordance with § 28.7 (b), which, although not in violation of the regulations in this part, does not indicate, in his opinion, reasonable assurance of repayment to the fund. He shall state the reasons for his opinion. Disbursements on such loans may be withheld pending reconsideration by the board. If, after reconsideration, the board again approves such loan, and the superintendent is still of the opinion that it does not indicate reasonable assurance of repayment to the fund, he shall advise the business committee in writing of his opinion and the facts in the case. Disbursements on such loan may be withheld until the board receives the approval of the business committee.

(b) Advise the board in writing of any application approved by the board in accordance with § 28.7 (b), which, although not in violation of the regulations in this part, does not indicate, in his opinion, reasonable assurance of repayment to the fund. He shall state the reasons for his opinion. Disbursements on such loans may be withheld pending reconsideration by the board. If, after reconsideration, the board again approves such loan, the superintendent is still of the opinion that it does not indicate reasonable assurance of repayment to the fund, he shall advise the business committee in writing of his opinion and the facts in the case. Disbursements on such loan may be withheld until the board receives the approval of the business committee.

(c) Advise the board in writing of any loan delinquent for a period longer than 30 days, in payment of which such action shall be taken. If the board fails to take such action within the period prescribed, the case shall be reported to the business committee. The business committee may direct the board in writing to take the action which it deems necessary to protect the loan. In the event the board fails to take such action within 10 days after receipt of the business committee's directive, the business committee may take any action which the board could have taken.

(Sec. 3, 50 Stat. 782, 25 U. S. C. 322)

Interested persons are hereby given an opportunity to participate in preparing the proposed amendments by submitting their views and data or arguments in writing to E. Morgan Pryse, Area Director, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Building 34, Swan Island, Portland 18, Oregon, within 30 days from the date of the publication of this notice of intention in the daily issue of the Federal Register.

WILLIAM E. WARNE, Assistant Secretary of the Interior.
May 31, 1950.

[FR Doc. 50-4813; Filed, June 5, 1950; 8:49 a.m.]
Proposed construction and operation of a natural gas transmission pipeline of 8-inch I. D. welded steel pipe, extending from a point of connection with the transmission pipeline facilities of the South Jersey Gas Company at a point known as Estellville, Atlantic County, New Jersey, thence extending in a southerly direction for a distance of approximately 28.75 miles and connecting with the existing transmission pipeline facilities of Applicant situated near Sea Isle City and with the gas transmission facilities of Applicant situated at a point near Cape May Court-House in Cape May County, New Jersey.

The estimated overall capital cost of the proposed facilities including all expenditures involved in the construction or acquisition of proposed facilities, the proposed costs of financing, franchises, conversion costs and other incidental costs, approximate $595,334. Applicant proposes temporarily to finance the construction and acquisition of such transmission pipeline out of its cash on hand and other cash reserves.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act. Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for and on behalf of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company and other carriers named in the application.

By the Commission, Division 2.

W. P. Barlet, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-4800: Filed, June 5, 1950: 8:46 a. m.]

4th Sec. Application 23160

COTTON FROM CHARLESTON, S. C., TO LYMAN, S. C.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 1, 1950.


Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

W. P. Barlet, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-4802: Filed, June 5, 1950: 8:46 a. m.]

4th Sec. Application 25141

COTTON FROM MARYVILLE, TENN., TO WURTS, VA.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 1, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act. Filed by: J. W. Reiner, Agent, for and on behalf of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

W. P. Barlet, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-4801: Filed, June 5, 1950: 8:46 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 25140]

CANNED GOODS FROM GULF PORTS TO ATLANTA, GA.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 1, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act. Filed by: New Orleans, La., Gulfport, Miss., Mobile, Ala., and Pensacola, Fla., to Atlanta, Ga.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

W. P. Barlet, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-4803: Filed, June 5, 1950: 8:46 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 23141]
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
Office of Alien Property

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 1, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-citied and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. W. Bole, Agent, for and on behalf of the Erie Railroad Company and other carriers named in the application.

Commodities involved: Scrap iron or steel, carloads.

From: Baltimore, Md.
To: Buffalo, N. Y.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: Western Maryland Ry. tariff I. C. C. No. 8842, Supplement 12.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL
Secretary.

[FR. Doc. 50-4805; Filed, June 5, 1950; 8:47 a.m.]

Scrap Iron and Steel from Baltimore, Md., to Buffalo, N. Y.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 1, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-citied and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for and on behalf of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company and Norfolk and Western Railway Company.

Commodities involved: Logs, native wood, carloads.

From: Maryville, Tenn.
To: Wurno, Va.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 8842, Supplement 12.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL
Secretary.

[FR. Doc. 50-4804; Filed, June 5, 1950; 8:46 a.m.]

Scrap Iron and Steel from Baltimore, Md., to Buffalo, N. Y.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 1, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-citied and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. W. Bole, Agent, for and on behalf of the Erie Railroad Company and other carriers named in the application.

Commodities involved: Scrap iron or steel, carloads.

From: Baltimore, Md.
To: Buffalo, N. Y.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: Western Maryland Ry. tariff I. C. C. No. 8842, Supplement 12.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL
Secretary.

[FR. Doc. 50-4805; Filed, June 5, 1950; 8:47 a.m.]

Scrap Iron and Steel from Baltimore, Md., to Buffalo, N. Y.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JUNE 1, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-citied and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for and on behalf of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company and Norfolk and Western Railway Company.

Commodities involved: Logs, native wood, carloads.

From: Maryville, Tenn.
To: Wurno, Va.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 8842, Supplement 12.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL
Secretary.

[FR. Doc. 50-4804; Filed, June 5, 1950; 8:46 a.m.]
**FEDERAL REGISTER**

**Tuesday, June 6, 1950**

**EXHIBIT A**

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<td>10008917</td>
<td>Citicorp Trust Co., N. Y.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Christiansen Securities Co., Du Pont Blvd, Wilmington, Del.</td>
<td>Delaware</td>
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<td>1.00</td>
<td>Preferred</td>
<td>10008717</td>
<td>Citicorp Trust Co., N. Y.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Republic National Gas Co. &amp; W Power Corp, Natl.</td>
<td>Delaware</td>
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<td>1.00</td>
<td>Preferred</td>
<td>10008717</td>
<td>Citicorp Trust Co., N. Y.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arizona Gas Utilities Co., F. O. Box 975, Del Rio, Tex.</td>
<td>Arizona</td>
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<td>10008717</td>
<td>Citicorp Trust Co., N. Y.</td>
</tr>
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<td>Atlas Corp., 33 Pine St., New York 6, N. Y.</td>
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<td>Citicorp Trust Co., N. Y.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Pacific Oil Co., Inc., 20 Broadway, New York 4, N. Y.</td>
<td>New York</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>Common</td>
<td>10008717</td>
<td>Citicorp Trust Co., N. Y.</td>
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</tbody>
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### Vesting Order 14674

**HITOSHI SAKAMOTO**

In re: Stock owned by and debts owing to Hitoshi Sakamoto, F-39-6717-D-1

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Hitoshi Sakamoto, whose last known address is 41 Shin Omachi, Ichigaya, Tokyo, Japan, a resident of a designated enemy country (Japan), is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Hitoshi Sakamoto, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan); and it is hereby determined:

2. That the property described as follows:
   a. Twenty-nine (29) shares of $1.00 par value common capital stock of the Valley National Bank of Phoenix, Arizona, evidenced by certificates numbered 1651 for one (1) share, 6688 for seven (7) shares, 7610 for five (5) shares, 12708 for two (2) shares, registered in the name of Hitoshi Sakamoto, and presently in the custody of the Valley National Bank of Phoenix, Arizona, and by certificates numbered 4359 for five (5) shares, 2088 for three (3) shares, and 3200 for six (6) shares, registered in the name of Hitoshi Sakamoto, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, and
   b. That certain debts or other obligations of the Valley National Bank, Phoenix, Arizona, evidenced by two (2) cashier's checks, six (6) checks, and one (1) money order drawn on said Valley National Bank, payable to Hitoshi Sakamoto, and dated, numbered and in the amounts as follows:

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<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
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<td>July 1, 1942</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dec. 21, 1942</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Presently in the custody of the Valley National Bank, Phoenix, Arizona, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the aforesaid debts or other obligations, and any and all accruals thereto, together with any and all rights in, to and under, including particularly the rights to payment and presentation for payment of the aforesaid cashier's checks, checks and money order.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Detmar Fr. Stahlknecht, also known as Detmar Fr. Stahlknecht and as Detmar Stahlknecht, whose last known address is 15 Hanungstrasse, Augsburg, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany):

2. That the property described as follows:
   a. Four (4) shares of $10.00 par value common consolidated stock of the Niagara Hudson Power Corporation, 300 Erie Boulevard, West, Syracuse, New York, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, evidenced by certificate number 6898, registered in the name of Detmar Fr. Stahlknecht, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,
   b. Ten (10) shares of no par value capital stock of the Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt Corporation, 2715 Preble Avenue, Pittsburgh 12, Pennsylvania, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, evidenced by certificate number 3013, registered in the name of Detmar Fr. Stahlknecht, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,
   c. That certain debt or other obligation of the Mellon National Bank and Trust Company a/o Detmar Fr. Stahlknecht, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,
   d. That certain debt or other obligation of the Mellon National Bank and Trust Company, Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania, arising out of a demand account, entitled Detmar Stahlknecht, maintained at the aforesaid bank, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,
   e. That certain debt or other obligation of the Mellon National Bank and Trust Company, Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania, arising out of a checking account, entitled Detmar Fr. Stahlknecht, maintained at the aforesaid bank, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

The property described as above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and beneficial to the national interest of the United States, to the extent that the person named as Detmar Fr. Stahlknecht and as Detmar Stahlknecht, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, and is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Detmar Fr. Stahlknecht, also known as Detmar Fr. Stahlknecht, and as Detmar Stahlknecht, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany); and it is hereby determined:

3. To the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Detmar Fr. Stahlknecht, also known as Detmar Fr. Stahlknecht and as Detmar Stahlknecht, whose last known address is 15 Hanungstrasse, Augsburg, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany); and it is hereby determined:

3. To the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States.
Notices

F. R. Doc. 50-4791; Filed, June 2, 1950; 8:00 a.m.

IDA ARNOLD

In re: Interest in real property and property insurance policy, and claims owned by Ida Arnold.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Ida Arnold, whose last known address is Saalfeld/Saale, Ziegelgasse Nr. 2, Thuringen, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. An undivided one-fifth (1/5th) interest in real property situated in the City of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, particularly described in Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, together with all hereditaments, fixtures, improvements and appurtenances thereto, and any and all claims for rents, refunds, benefits or other payments, arising from the ownership of such property described above.

b. Right, title and interest of Ida Arnold in and to perpetual policy No. 128453 in the face amount of $700, issued by the Fire Association of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, for a term of years.

c. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Ida Arnold by Ellen Kirchner, 8250 Jeanes Street, Philadelphia 11, Pennsylvania, in the amount of $186 as of November 23, 1948, arising out of the receipt by said Ellen Kirchner of certain proceeds of rent from the real property described in subparagraph 2-a hereof, together with any and all accruals thereunto and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same.
is property within the United States, owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforementioned designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest, there is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraph 2-a hereof, subject to recorded liens, encumbrances and other rights of record held by or for persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries, and there is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraphs 2-b to 2-d, inclusive, hereof.

All such property so vested to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States. The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on May 24, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYTON, Acting Director, Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

All that certain lot or piece of ground with the two story brick messuage or tenement thereon erected, situate on the North Side of Front Street, in the distance of twenty-nine feet Eastward from the East side of Front Street, No. 65 Mercy Street in the Thirty-Ninth Ward of the City of Philadelphia, consisting in front or breadth on said Mercy Street thirteen feet eight inches, and extending of that width in length or depth Northward between lines parallel with said Front Street forty-five feet to a three feet wide alley, which leads Eastward and Westward from Front Street to Otto Street, Bounded Southward by the said Mercy Street, Northward by said three feet wide alley, and Eastward and Westward by ground conveyed to Leslie Stetsell on ground rent. Being the same premises conveyed to Frederick Thomas O'Connor, unmarred, by indenture dated October 12, 1906, and recorded at Philadelphia, in the Office for Recording of Deeds, in Deed Book W. S. V, No. 590 page 7, and recorded at the same time, and by Deed Book 1906-7, page 342, on which the said property is subject.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9786, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Hiroshi Yasui, also known as Hiroshi Yasui, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows: Cash in the sum of $250.00 presently in the possession of the Treasury Department of the United States in Trust Fund Account Symbol 150915, "Deposes, Funds of Civilian Internees and Prisoners of War," in the name of Hiroshi Yasui, and any and all rights to, demand, enforce and collect the same, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Hiroshi Yasui, also known as Hiroshi Yasui, the above-mentioned national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

2. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest, there is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States. The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on May 15, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYTON, Acting Director, Office of Alien Property.

Vesting Order 14680

In re: Cash owned by Hiroshi George Yasui, also known as Hiroshi Yasui, D-30-13660-1-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9786, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Hiroshi George Yasui, also known as Hiroshi Yasui, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the domiciliary personal representations, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of J. Adam Hess, deceased, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 697 384, issued by The Union Central Life Insurance Company, Cincinnati, Ohio, to J. Adam Hess, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the domiciliary personal representatives, heirs, next of kin, legatees and distributees, names unknown, of J. Adam Hess, deceased, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany), all determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest, there is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States. The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on May 24, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYTON, Acting Director, Office of Alien Property.

Vesting Order 14682


Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9786, as amended, and Executive Order 9786, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Anne Mannheim nee Rolberg, Maria Weber nee Rolberg, Margareta Maria Katharina Pannier nee Rolberg, Anna Elisabeth Alten nee Rolberg, and Frederike Heiss nee Rolberg, Eleanor Babette (now known as Lore Chormann), Elizabeth Charlotte Hoyer nee Rolberg, Hans Peter Seibel and Annette Seibel, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals
of designated enemy country (Germany).  
2. That all right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof in and to the Estate of Jacob Rothberg, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);  
3. That such property is in the process of administration by Philip C. Katz, as Administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court, State of California, in and for the City and County of San Francisco, California; and it is hereby determined:  
4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).  
All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,  
There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.  
This vesting order is issued nunc pro tune to confirm the vesting of the said property hereby as aforesaid.  
The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.  
Executed at Washington, D.C., on May 24, 1950.  
For the Attorney General.  
[Seal] HAROLD I. BAYXTON,  
Acting Director,  
Office of Alien Property.  
[F. R. Doc. 50-4821; Filed, June 5, 1950; 8:48 a.m.]  

[Vesting Order 14685]  
ANNA ZURFLUG  
Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:  
1. That Barta Basken, also known as Barta Dinkelka, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);  
2. That the said sum of $250.00 was paid to the Attorney General of the United States by C. Ernest Smith, Administrator C. T. A., of the Estate of Anna Zurflug, deceased;  
3. That the said sum of $250.00 was accepted by the Attorney General of the United States on December 1, 1949, pursuant to the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended;  
4. That the sum of $250.00 is presently in the possession of the Attorney General of the United States and was property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to or which was evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany); and it is hereby determined:  
5. That to the extent that the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).  
All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,  
There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with, in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.  
This vesting order is issued nunc pro tune to confirm the vesting of the said property hereby as aforesaid.  
The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.  
Executed at Washington, D.C., on May 24, 1950.  
For the Attorney General.  
[Seal] HAROLD I. BAYXTON,  
Acting Director,  
Office of Alien Property.  
[F. R. Doc. 50-4821; Filed, June 5, 1950; 8:48 a.m.]  

[Vesting Order 13003, Amdt.]  
KARL LOBUSCH  
In re: Estate of Karl Lobusch, also known as Karl Lobusch, deceased. File No. D-28-13940; E. T. sec. 17851.  
Vesting Order 13003, dated March 29, 1949, is hereby amended as follows:  
3. That such property is in the process of administration by J. W. Murphy, as administrator, and The Idaho First National Bank, Boise, Idaho, as trustee, acting under the judicial supervision of the Probate Court of the County of Minidoka, State of Idaho.  
All other provisions of said Vesting Order 13003 and all actions taken by or on behalf of the Attorney General of the United States in reliance thereon, pursuant thereto and under the authority thereof are hereby ratified and confirmed.  
Executed at Washington, D.C., on May 24, 1950.  
For the Attorney General.  
[Seal] HAROLD I. BAYXTON,  
Acting Director,  
Office of Alien Property.  
[F. R. Doc. 50-4823; Filed, June 5, 1950; 8:48 a.m.]