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TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter VII—Production and Marketing Administration (Agricultural Adjustment), Department of Agriculture

PART 721—CORN

SUBPART—FARM ACREAGE ALLOTMENTS FOR THE 1950 CROP OF CORN

Sec.

AUTHORITY: §§ 721.10 to 721.22 issued under sec. 375, 52 Stat. 66; 7 U. S. C. 1375. Interpret or apply secs. 301, 329, 363, 373, 52 Stat. 38, 52, 63, 65; 7 U. S. C. 1301, 1329, 1363, 1373.

§ 721.10 *Basis and purpose.* The regulations contained in §§ 721.10 to 721.22 are issued pursuant to the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended, and govern the establishment of 1950 farm acreage allotments for corn. The purpose of these regulations is to provide the procedure for apportioning the 1950 county corn acreage allotments among farms. Public notice (14 F. R. 5512) was given in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237). The data, views, and recommendations which were submitted pertaining to these regulations have been duly considered within the limitations prescribed by the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended.

§ 721.11 *Definitions.* For use in §§ 721.10 to 721.22 and in all instructions, forms, and documents in connection therewith, the words and phrases defined in this section shall have the meaning herein assigned to them.

(a) "Act" means the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 and any amendments thereto.

(b) "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States.

(c) Committees: (1) "Community committee" means the group of persons elected within a community to assist in the administration of the agricultural conservation program in such community.

(2) "County committee" means the group of persons elected within a county to assist in the administration of the agricultural conservation program in such county.

(3) "State committee" means the group of persons designated as the State committee of the Production and Marketing Administration charged with the responsibility of administering Production and Marketing Administration Programs in the State.

(d) "Farm" means all adjacent or nearby farm or range land under the same ownership which is operated by one person, including also: (1) Any other adjacent or nearby farm or range land which the county committee, in accordance with instructions issued by the Assistant Administrator for Production, Production and Marketing Administration, determines is operated by the same person as part of the same unit in producing range livestock or with respect to the rotation of crops, and with workstock, farm machinery, and labor substantially separate from that for any other land; and

(2) Any field-rented tract (whether operated by the same or another person) which, together with any other land included in the farm, constitutes a unit with respect to the rotation of crops.

A farm shall be regarded as located in the county or administrative area in which the principal dwelling is situated, or if there is no dwelling thereon it shall be regarded as located in the county or administrative area in which the major portion of the farm is located.

(e) "Ownership tract" means all adjacent or nearby farm or range land under the same ownership which is operated by the same person, including also any field-rented tract under the same ownership. An ownership tract shall be regarded as located in the county in which the farm of which it is considered to be a part is located.

(f) "Cropland" means farm land which in 1949 was tilled or was in regular rotation, excluding any land which constitutes, or will constitute if such tillage

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is continued, a wind erosion hazard to the community, and also excluding bearing orchards and vineyards (except the acreage of cropland therein) and plowable noncrop open pasture.

(g) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate, trust, or other business enterprise or legal entity, and, wherever applicable, a State, political subdivision of a State, the Federal Government, or any agency thereof.

(h) "Operator" means the person who is in charge of the supervision and conduct of the farming operations on the entire farm.

(i) "Corn acreage" means the number of acres of land on which field corn is planted alone or interplanted with other crops including corn for seed and sweetcorn and popcorn used for feed or silage. Sweetcorn and popcorn used for feed or silage will not be regarded as corn acreage if ears are picked for market or processing. Any land planted to corn which is destroyed by causes beyond the control of the operator and replaced by another acreage planted to corn will not be considered as corn acreage.

(j) "Acreage indicated by cropland" means the number of acres computed by multiplying the cropland for a farm or ownership tract by the ratio of historical corn acreage determined pursuant to § 721.16 (a) to cropland for that community or area. Area determinations will be made subject to approval of the State committee.

(k) Corn allotments: (1) "County allotment" means the corn acreage allotment apportioned to the county as its share of the 1950 acreage allotment for the commercial corn-producing area. This acreage allotment shall be determined on the basis of the acreage planted to corn during the 10 calendar years, 1939–48 (plus, in applicable years, the acreage diverted under previous agricultural adjustment and conservation programs), with adjustments for abnormal weather conditions and for trends in acreage during such period, and for the promotion of soil-conservation practices.

(2) "Farm allotment" means the corn acreage allotment determined for a farm as its share of the 1950 county allotment. In States where county allotments are apportioned among ownership tracts, the farm allotment is the sum of the acreage allotments established for the ownership tracts comprising the farm.

(l) "Commercial corn-producing area" means the area designated by the Secretary pursuant to section 301 (b) (4) of the act, and includes all counties in which the average production of corn (excluding corn used for silage) during the 10 calendar years, 1940–49, after adjustment for abnormal weather conditions, is 450 bushels or more per farm and 4 bushels or more for each acre of farm land in the county, and also includes any county bordering on such commercial corn-producing area which the Secretary finds is likely to produce 450 bushels or more per farm and 4 bushels or more for each acre of farm land in 1950, or in which there is a minor civil division which the Secretary finds is likely to produce 450 bushels or more per farm and 4 bushels or more for each acre of farm land in 1950.

§ 721.12 *Extent of calculations and rule of fractions.* All acreage determinations shall be rounded to the nearest acre. Fractional acres of fifty-one hundredths of an acre or more shall be rounded upward, and fractional acres of less than fifty-one hundredths of an acre shall be dropped.

§ 721.13 *Instructions and forms.* The Director, Grain Branch, shall cause to be prepared and issued such forms as may be deemed necessary, and shall cause to be prepared such instructions as are necessary for carrying out §§ 721.10 to 721.22. The forms and instructions shall be approved by, and the instructions shall be issued by, the Assistant Administrator for Production, Production and Marketing Administration.

§ 721.14 *Method of apportioning county allotments.* The county acreage allotment shall be apportioned to farms in the county, except that in States where farm production records are maintained in the offices of the county committees on an ownership tract basis and the State committee determines that such action would facilitate the administration of the program, it may provide for the county acreage allotment to be apportioned to ownership tracts in the county. The system of apportionment used in any State shall apply to all commercial corn-producing counties within the State.

§ 721.15 *Report of data.* The owner, operator, or any other interested person shall furnish the following information regarding the land in which he has an interest:

(a) The names and addresses of the owner and operator.

(b) The total acreage of all land.

(c) The acreage of cropland.

(d) The acreage of corn planted for the years 1947, 1948, and 1949.

(e) The acreage of other crops and land uses for the years 1947, 1948, and 1949.

(f) Information requested by the county committee relative to farm operations.

These data shall be furnished to the county committee of the county in which the farm is considered to be located.

§ 721.16 *Determination of usual acreage.* To reflect the factors of tillable acres, crop-rotation practices, types of soil, and topography, the county committee shall determine for each farm or ownership tract, as the case may be, on which corn was planted in any one of the years 1947, 1948, and 1949, or will be planted in 1950, a usual acreage of corn, as follows:

(a) *Historical acreage.* The county committee shall first establish for each such farm or ownership tract a historical corn acreage, which will be the average annual acreage planted to corn in the years 1947, 1948, and 1949 for which data are available.

(b) *Adjusted acreage.* The county committee shall adjust the historical acreage for any farm or ownership tract determined under paragraph (a) of this section as required in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph. The county committee shall eliminate from the period of years used to determine the historical acreage any year for which it finds that the corn acreage:

(1) Was abnormally low due to excessively wet weather;

(2) Was abnormally low due to flood;

(3) Was abnormally low due to drought;

(4) Was abnormally high because of failure of other crops;

(5) Is not typical because of a change in operation which results in substantial change in the crop-rotation practices;

(6) Was inaccurately reported; or

(7) Is excessive on the basis of the tillable acreage, topography, and type of soil.

In case one or more of the years are thus eliminated, the adjusted acreage shall be the average annual acreage for the years not so eliminated.

If all the years in the applicable period are eliminated or if no acreage data are available, the adjusted acreage shall be appraised on the basis of the crop-rotation practices, tillable acreage, type of soil, and topography considered applicable for 1950. In making this appraisal, the county committee shall take into consideration the farming system to be followed by the producer and the equipment and other facilities available for the production of corn under such system, the adaptability of the land to the production of corn, and the usual corn acreage for other farms in the community which are comparable with respect to the foregoing factors.

The adjusted corn acreage history appraised for such farms shall be subject to the following limitations:

(1) If all the years are eliminated, the historical acreage shall be adjusted in the direction of but not beyond the acreage indicated by cropland.

(2) If no acreage data are available, the adjusted acreage shall not exceed the acreage indicated by cropland.

(c) *Usual acreage.* The usual acreage shall be the historical acreage determined under paragraph (a) of this section, as adjusted under paragraph (b) of this section, or if no historical acreage is determined, the appraised acreage determined under paragraph (b) of this section.

§ 721.17 *1950 farm corn acreage allotment.* The 1950 county acreage allotment, after deduction of appropriate reserves for appeals and correction of errors, shall be apportioned pro rata among all farms or ownership tracts, as the case may be, within the county on the basis of the usual acreages. The farm acreage allotment shall be the acreage allotment determined for the farm, or in States where allotments are determined for ownership tracts, the sum of the allotments determined for the ownership tracts comprising the farm.

§ 721.18 *Supervision, review, and approval by the State committee.* The State committee shall supervise the work of the county committee in the apportionment of the county corn acreage allotments, review all allotments, and

correct or require correction of any improper determinations made under §§ 721.10 to 721.22. All acreage allotments shall be approved by or on behalf of the State committee and no official notice of an acreage allotment shall be mailed until such allotment has been approved by or on behalf of the State committee.

§ 721.19 *Farms divided or combined.* (a) The 1950 corn acreage allotment determined for a farm or ownership tract shall, if there is a division, be apportioned to each part on the basis of the acreage of cropland suitable for the production of corn on each part. If the county committee determines that this method would result in allotments not representative of the farming operations normally carried out on each part an allotment may be determined for each part in the same manner as would have been done if such part had been a completely separate farm or ownership tract: *Provided*, That the sum of the allotments thus determined for each part shall not exceed the allotment originally determined for the entire farm or ownership tract which is being divided.

(b) If two or more farms, ownership tracts, or parts thereof for which 1950 corn acreage allotments are determined, will be combined and operated as a single farm or ownership tract the 1950 allotment shall be the sum of the allotments determined for each of the parts comprising the combination.

§ 721.20 *Right to appeal.* Any interested person as owner, operator, landlord, tenant, or sharecropper, who has reason to believe that he has just grounds, and can offer facts to substantiate his claim, may file an appeal for reconsideration of the allotment for the farm or ownership tract in which he has an interest. The request for appeal and facts constituting a basis for such consideration must be submitted in writing and postmarked or delivered to the county committee within 15 days after the date of mailing the notice of allotment. If the applicant is dissatisfied with the decision of the county committee with respect to his appeal, he may appeal to the State committee within 15 days after the date of mailing the notice of decision of the county committee. If the applicant is dissatisfied with the decision of the State committee, he may within 15 days after the date of mailing of the notice of the decision of the State committee, request the Director, Grain Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, to review his case, whose decision is final.

§ 721.21 *Application for review.* If marketing quotas are in effect, any producer who is dissatisfied with the farm acreage allotment and marketing quota established for his farm, may, within 15 days after mailing of the official notice of the farm acreage allotment and marketing quota, file application with the county committee to have such allotment reviewed by a review committee. The procedures governing the review of farm acreage allotment and marketing quotas are contained in the regulations issued by the Secretary (7 CFR, Part 711) which are available at the office of the county committee.

§ 721.22 *Applicability of §§ 721.10 to 721.22.* Sections 721.10 to 721.22 shall govern the establishment of the farm acreage allotments for the 1950 crop of corn in connection with farm price support programs, and for farm marketing quotas, if applicable to the 1950 crop of corn, and are contingent upon the proclamation of an acreage allotment of corn for 1950 for the commercial corn-producing area by the Secretary pursuant to section 328 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 30th day of December 1949. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-77; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter I—Civil Aeronautics Board

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 3-2]

PART 3—AIRPLANE AIRWORTHINESS; NORMAL, UTILITY, ACROBATIC, AND RESTRICTED-PURPOSE CATEGORIES

SAFETY BELTS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 29th day of December 1949.

Service reports and the results of various studies conducted during the past few years indicate that the standards in the Civil Air Regulations for safety belts are not high enough to afford the proper protection for occupants of aircraft. It has also been learned that the belts now in general use are subject to service deterioration which further reduces the strength factor. The Board, therefore, is amending the requirements for safety belts to establish higher safety standards for this equipment. (For this purpose the Board is amending simultaneously Parts 3, 4a, 4b, 6, 15, 41, 42, 43, and 61.) The regulations are also being amended, in line with the policy of the Federal agencies to delegate maximum responsibility consistent with air safety to the industry, to permit safety belts to be approved on the basis of certified compliance with appropriately published specifications (Technical Standard Orders), as is now provided in §§ 3.31, 4a.31, 4b.41, and 6.6 of the Civil Air Regulations, instead of the type certification procedure currently required in Part 15.

It is our understanding that the Technical Standard Orders for safety belts will adopt specifications based upon those approved February 9, 1948, by the National Aircraft Standards Committee as NAS 802, except for the minimum strength values. The minimum strength values to be established in the Technical Standard Orders, while less than the values stated in NAS 802, are higher than existing requirements and are more consistent with the crash load factor specified in the other parts of the regulations than the values stated in NAS 802.

The regulations hereby adopted provide that safety belts installed on airplanes manufactured on or after January 1, 1951, shall be manufactured under a Technical Standard Order.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby amends Part 3 (14 CFR, Part 3, as amended) effective February 6, 1950:

1. By amending § 3.655 (d) (1) to read as follows:

(1) Approved safety belts for all occupants (see § 3.715).

2. By amending § 3.715 to read as follows:

§ 3.715 *Safety belts.* Airplanes manufactured on or after January 1, 1951, shall be equipped with safety belts approved in accordance with § 3.31. In no case shall the rated strength of the safety belt be less than that corresponding with the ultimate load factors specified in § 3.386 (a), taking due account of the dimensional characteristics of the safety belt installation for the specific seat or berth arrangement. Safety belts shall be attached so that no part of the anchorage will fail at a load lower than that corresponding with the ultimate load factors specified in § 3.386 (a).

(Sec. 205 (a), 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425 (a). Interpret or apply secs. 601, 603, 52 Stat. 1007, 1009; 49 U. S. C. 551, 553)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-83; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 4a-4]

PART 4a—AIRPLANE AIRWORTHINESS

SAFETY BELTS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 29th day of December 1949.

Service reports and the results of various studies conducted during the past few years indicate that the standards in the Civil Air Regulations for safety belts are not high enough to afford the proper protection for occupants of aircraft. It has also been learned that the belts now in general use are subject to service deterioration which further reduces the strength factor. The Board, therefore, is amending the requirements for safety belts to establish higher safety standards for this equipment. (For this purpose the Board is amending simultaneously Parts 3, 4a, 4b, 6, 15, 41, 42, 43, and 61.) The regulations are also being amended, in line with the policy of the Federal agencies to delegate maximum responsibility consistent with air safety to the industry, to permit safety belts to be approved on the basis of certified compliance with appropriately published specifications (Technical Standard Orders), as is now provided in §§ 3.31, 4a.31, 4b.41, and 6.6 of the Civil Air Regula-

tions, instead of the type certification procedure currently required in Part 15.

It is our understanding that the Technical Standard Orders for safety belts will adopt specifications based upon those approved February 9, 1948, by the National Aircraft Standards Committee as NAS 802, except for the minimum strength values. The minimum strength values to be established in the Technical Standard Orders, while less than the values stated in NAS 802, are higher than existing requirements and are more consistent with the crash load factor specified in the other parts of the regulations than the values stated in NAS 802.

The regulations hereby adopted provide that safety belts installed on airplanes manufactured on or after January 1, 1951, shall be manufactured under a Technical Standard Order.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby amends Part 4a (14 CFR, Part 4a, as amended) effective February 6, 1950:

1. By amending § 4a.193 to read as follows:

§ 4a.193 *Safety belt loads.* On all airplanes manufactured on or after January 1, 1951, structures, including seats, berths, and their attachments, which carry safety belt loads shall be capable of withstanding the following ultimate accelerations assumed to act upon the occupants of the belt.

Upward	2.0g
Forward	6.0g
Sideward	1.5g

2. By amending the cross references following § 4a.511 to read as follows:

CROSS REFERENCES: For safety belt requirements, see §§ 4a.193, 4a.532 (i), and 4a.565.

3. By amending § 4a.532 (i) to read as follows:

(i) Approved safety belts for all occupants (see § 4a.565).

4. By amending § 4a.565 to read as follows:

§ 4a.565 *Safety belts.* Airplanes manufactured on or after January 1, 1951, shall be equipped with safety belts approved in accordance with § 4a.31. In no case shall the rated strength of the safety belt be less than that corresponding with the ultimate load factors specified in § 4a.193, taking due account of the dimensional characteristics of the safety belt installation for the specific seat or berth arrangement. Safety belts shall be attached so that no part of the anchorage will fail at a load lower than that corresponding with the ultimate load factors specified in § 4a.193.

(Sec. 205 (a), 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425 (a). Interpret or apply secs. 601, 603, 52 Stat. 1007, 1009; 49 U. S. C. 551, 553)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-84; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 4b-2]

PART 4b—AIRPLANE AIRWORTHINESS; TRANSPORT CATEGORIES

SAFETY BELTS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 29th day of December 1949.

Service reports and the results of various studies conducted during the past few years indicate that the standards in the Civil Air Regulations for safety belts are not high enough to afford the proper protection for occupants of aircraft. It has also been learned that the belts now in general use are subject to service deterioration which further reduces the strength factor. The Board, therefore, is amending the requirements for safety belts to establish higher safety standards for this equipment. (For this purpose the Board is amending simultaneously Parts 3, 4a, 4b, 6, 15, 41, 42, 43, and 61.) The regulations are also being amended, in line with the policy of the Federal agencies to delegate maximum responsibility consistent with air safety to the industry, to permit safety belts to be approved on the basis of certified compliance with appropriately published specifications (Technical Standard Orders), as is now provided in §§ 3.31, 4a.31, 4b.41, and 6.6 of the Civil Air Regulations, instead of the type certification procedure currently required in Part 15.

It is our understanding that the Technical Standard Orders for safety belts will adopt specifications based upon those approved February 9, 1948, by the National Aircraft Standards Committee as NAS 802, except for the minimum strength values. The minimum strength values to be established in the Technical Standard Orders, while less than the values stated in NAS 802, are higher than existing requirements and are more consistent with the crash load factor specified in the other parts of the regulations than the values stated in NAS 802.

The regulations hereby adopted provide that safety belts installed on airplanes manufactured on or after January 1, 1951, shall be manufactured under a Technical Standard Order.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby amends Part 4b (14 CFR, Part 4b, as amended) effective February 6, 1950:

1. By amending § 4b.291 by changing the values listed in paragraph (a) to read as follows:

Upward	2.0g (downward 4.5g)
Forward	6.0g
Sideward	1.5g

2. By amending § 4b.691 (c) (2) to read as follows:

(2) Approved safety belts for all occupants (see § 4b.806).

3. By amending § 4b.806 to read as follows:

§ 4b.806 *Safety belts.* Airplanes manufactured on or after January 1, 1951, shall be equipped with safety belts approved in accordance with § 4b.41. In no case shall the rated strength of the safety belt be less than that corresponding with the ultimate load factors specified in § 4b.291, taking due account of the dimensional characteristics of the safety belt installation for the specific seat or berth arrangement. Safety belts shall be attached so that no part of the anchorage will fail at a load lower than that corresponding with the ultimate load factors specified in § 4b.291.

(Sec. 205 (a), 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425 (a). Interpret or apply secs. 601, 603, 52 Stat. 1007, 1009; 49 U. S. C. 551, 553)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-85; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 6-4]

PART 6—ROTORCRAFT AIRWORTHINESS

SAFETY BELTS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 29th day of December 1949.

Service reports and the results of various studies conducted during the past few years indicate that the standards in the Civil Air Regulations for safety belts are not high enough to afford the proper protection for occupants of aircraft. It has also been learned that the belts now in general use are subject to service deterioration which further reduces the strength factor. The Board, therefore, is amending the requirements for safety belts to establish higher safety standards for this equipment. (For this purpose the Board is amending simultaneously Parts 3, 4a, 4b, 6, 15, 41, 42, 43, and 61.) The regulations are also being amended, in line with the policy of the Federal agencies to delegate maximum responsibility consistent with air safety to the industry, to permit safety belts to be approved on the basis of certified compliance with appropriately published specifications (Technical Standard Orders), as is now provided in §§ 3.31, 4a.31, 4b.41, and 6.6 of the Civil Air Regulations, instead of the type certification procedure currently required in Part 15.

It is our understanding that the Technical Standard Orders for safety belts will adopt specifications based upon those approved February 9, 1948, by the National Aircraft Standards Committee as NAS 802, except for the minimum strength values. The minimum strength values to be established in the Technical Standard Orders, while less than the values stated in NAS 802, are higher than existing requirements and are more consistent with the crash load factor specified in the other parts of the regulations than the values stated in NAS 802.

The regulations hereby adopted provide that safety belts installed on airplanes manufactured on or after January 1, 1951, shall be manufactured under a Technical Standard Order.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment and due consid-

eration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby amends Part 6 (14 CFR, Part 6, as amended) effective February 6, 1950:

1. By amending § 6.25 (a) (2) to read as follows:

(2) *Safety belt loads.* On all rotorcraft manufactured on or after January 1, 1951, structures, including seats, berths, and their attachments, which carry safety belt loads shall be capable of withstanding the following ultimate accelerations assumed to act upon the occupants of the belt.

Upward	1.5g (downward 4.0g)
Forward	4.0g
Sideward	2.0g

2. By amending § 6.52 (j) to read as follows:

(j) Approved safety belts for all occupants (see § 6.54).

3. By adding a new § 6.54 to read as follows:

§ 6.54 *Safety belts.* Rotorcraft manufactured on or after January 1, 1951, shall be equipped with safety belts approved in accordance with § 6.6. In no case shall the rated strength of the safety belt be less than that corresponding with the ultimate load factors specified in § 6.25 (a) (2), taking due account of the dimensional characteristics of the safety belt installation for the specific seat or berth arrangement. Safety belts shall be attached so that no part of the anchorage will fail at a load lower than that corresponding with the ultimate load factors specified in § 6.25 (a) (2).

(Sec. 205 (a), 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425 (a). Interpret or apply secs. 601, 603, 52 Stat. 1007, 1009; 49 U. S. C. 551, 553)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-86; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 15-2]

PART 15—AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT AIRWORTHINESS

SAFETY BELTS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 29th day of December 1949.

Service reports and the results of various studies conducted during the past few years indicate that the standards in the Civil Air Regulations for safety belts are not high enough to afford the proper protection for occupants of aircraft. It has also been learned that the belts now in general use are subject to service deterioration which further reduces the strength factor. The Board, therefore, is amending the requirements for safety belts to establish higher safety standards for this equipment. (For this purpose the Board is amending simultaneously Parts 3, 4a, 4b, 6, 15, 41, 42, 43, and 61.) The regulations are also being amended, in line with the policy of the Federal agencies to delegate maximum responsibility consistent with air safety to the industry, to permit safety belts to be approved on the basis of certified compliance with appropriately published specifications (Technical Standard Orders), as is now provided in §§ 3.31, 4a.31, 4b.41, and 6.6 of the Civil Air Regulations, instead of the type certification procedure currently required in Part 15.

It is our understanding that the Technical Standard Orders for safety belts will adopt specifications based upon those approved February 9, 1948, by the National Aircraft Standards Committee as NAS 802, except for the minimum strength values. The minimum strength values to be established in the Technical Standard Orders, while less than the values stated in NAS 802, are higher than existing requirements and are more consistent with the crash load factor specified in the other parts of the regulations than the values stated in NAS 802.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby amends Part 15 (14 CFR, Part 15, as amended) effective February 6, 1950:

1. By amending § 15.2 to read as follows:

§ 15.2 *Scope of regulations.* Part 15 shall be applicable to appliances[1] manufactured as complete units, purchasable by aircraft manufacturers and operators for use on certificated aircraft for which a type and/or production certificate shall be obtained under the provisions of Part 2 of this chapter and § 15.6. Appliances for which standards are not established in this part may be approved for use on aircraft by the manufacturer's certification of compliance with specifications published by the Administrator under § 15.8.

2. By adding a new § 15.8 to read as follows:

§ 15.8 *Alternate procedure for approval.* In lieu of the procedure specified in § 15.6, appliances may be approved upon a basis and in a manner found necessary by the Administrator to implement the pertinent provisions of the Civil Air Regulations. The Administrator may adopt and publish such specifications as he finds necessary to administer this regulation, and shall incorporate therein such portions of the aviation industry, Federal, and military specifications respecting such materials, parts, processes, and appliances as he finds appropriate. Any appliance shall be deemed to have met the requirements for approval when it meets the pertinent specifications adopted by the Administrator and the manufacturer so certifies in a manner prescribed by the Administrator.

3. By rescinding § 15.30, effective July 1, 1950.

(Sec. 205 (a), 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425 (a). Interpret or apply secs. 601, 603, 52 Stat. 1007, 1009; 62 Stat. 1216; 49 U. S. C. 551, 553)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-87; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[1] Section 1 (11) of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, defines appliances as follows: "'Appliances' means instruments, equipment, apparatus, parts, appurtenances, or accessories, of whatever description, which are used, or are capable of being or intended to be used, in the navigation, operation, or control of aircraft in flight (including parachutes and including communication equipment and any other mechanism or mechanisms installed in or attached to aircraft during flight), and which are not a part or parts of aircraft, aircraft engines, or propellers."

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 41-1]

PART 41—CERTIFICATION AND OPERATION RULES FOR SCHEDULED AIR CARRIER OPERATIONS OUTSIDE CONTINENTAL LIMITS OF THE UNITED STATES

SAFETY BELTS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 29th day of December 1949.

Service reports and the results of various studies conducted during the past few years indicate that the standards in the Civil Air Regulations for safety belts are not high enough to afford the proper protection for occupants of aircraft. It has also been learned that the belts now in general use are subject to service deterioration which further reduces the strength factor. The Board, therefore, is amending the requirements for safety belts to establish higher safety standards for this equipment. (For this purpose the Board is amending simultaneously Parts 3, 4a, 4b, 6, 15, 41, 42, 43, and 61.) The regulations are also being amended, in line with the policy of the Federal agencies to delegate maximum responsibility consistent with air safety to the industry, to permit safety belts to be approved on the basis of certified compliance with appropriately published specifications (Technical Standard Orders), as is now provided in §§ 3.31, 4a.31, 4b.41, and 6.6 of the Civil Air Regulations, instead of the type certification procedure currently required in Part 15.

It is our understanding that the Technical Standard Orders for safety belts will adopt specifications based upon those approved February 9, 1948, by the National Aircraft Standards Committee as NAS 802, except for the minimum strength values. The minimum strength values to be established in the Technical Standard Orders, while less than the values stated in NAS 802, are higher than existing requirements and are more consistent with the crash load factor specified in the other parts of the regulations than the values stated in NAS 802.

The regulations hereby adopted provide that belt replacements on existing aircraft after July 1, 1951, shall be manufactured under a Technical Standard Order. The regulations further permit the Administrator to require replace-

ment of belt webbing when he believes that its strength may be adversely affected by service deterioration.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby amends Part 41 (14 CFR, Part 41, as amended) effective July 1, 1951:

By adding a new § 41.23a to read as follows:

§ 41.23a *Safety belts.* Aircraft shall have installed a safety belt for each occupant. All safety belts installed as original or replacement equipment shall be of a type approved under the provisions of § 15.8 of this chapter. In no case shall the rated strength of a safety belt be less than that corresponding with the ultimate load factors specified in the pertinent currently effective aircraft airworthiness parts of the Civil Air Regulations, taking due account of the dimensional characteristics of the safety belt installation for the specific seat or berth arrangement. The webbing of safety belts shall be subject to periodic replacement as prescribed by the Administrator.

(Sec. 205 (a), 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425 (a). Interpret or apply secs. 601, 604, 52 Stat. 1007, 1010; 62 Stat. 1216; 49 U. S. C. 551, 554)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-88; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 42-3]

PART 42—IRREGULAR AIR CARRIER AND OFF-ROUTE RULES

SAFETY BELTS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 29th day of December 1949.

Service reports and the results of various studies conducted during the past few years indicate that the standards in the Civil Air Regulations for safety belts are not high enough to afford the proper protection for occupants of aircraft. It has also been learned that the belts now in general use are subject to service deterioration which further reduces the strength factor. The Board, therefore, is amending the requirements for safety belts to establish higher safety standards for this equipment. (For this purpose the Board is amending simultaneously Parts 3, 4a, 4b, 6, 15, 41, 42, 43, and 61.) The regulations are also being amended, in line with the policy of the Federal agencies to delegate maximum responsibility consistent with air safety to the industry, to permit safety belts to be approved on the basis of certified compliance with appropriately published specifications (Technical Standard Orders), as is now provided in §§ 3.31, 4a.31, 4b.41, and 6.6 of the Civil Air Regulations, instead of the type certification procedure currently required in Part 15.

It is our understanding that the Technical Standard Orders for safety belts will adopt specifications based upon those appoved February 9, 1948, by the National Aircraft Standards Committee as NAS 802, except for the minimum strength values. The minimum strength values to be established in the Technical Standard Orders, while less than the values stated in NAS 802, are higher than existing requirements and are more consistent with the crash load factor specified in the other parts of the regulations than the values stated in NAS 802.

The regulations hereby adopted provide that belt replacements on existing aircraft after July 1, 1951, shall be manufactured under a Technical Standard Order. The regulations further permit the Administrator to require replacement of belt webbing when he believes that its strength may be adversely affected by service deterioration.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby amends Part 42 (14 CFR, Part 42, as amended) effective July 1, 1951:

By amending § 42.21 (a) (11) to read as follows:

(11) *An approved seat and a safety belt for each occupant.* All safety belts installed as original or replacement equipment shall be of a type approved under the provisions of § 15.8 of this chapter. In no case shall the rated strength of a safety belt be less than that corresponding with the ultimate load factors specified in the pertinent currently effective aircraft airworthiness parts of the Civil Air Regulations, taking due account of the dimensional characteristics of the safety belt installation for the specific seat or berth arrangement. The webbing of safety belts shall be subject to periodic replacement as prescribed by the Administrator.

(Sec. 205 (a), 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425 (a). Interpret or apply secs. 601, 604, 52 Stat. 1007, 1010; 62 Stat. 1216; 49 U. S. C. 551, 554)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-89; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 43-1]

PART 43—GENERAL OPERATION RULES

SAFETY BELTS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 29th day of December 1949.

Service reports and the results of various studies conducted during the past few years indicate that the standards in the Civil Air Regulations for safety belts are not high enough to afford the proper protection for occupants of aircraft. It has also been learned that the belts now in general use are subject to service deterioration which further reduces the strength factor. The Board, therefore, is amending the requirements for safety belts to establish higher safety standards for this equipment. (For this purpose the Board is amending simultaneously Parts 3, 4a, 4b, 6, 15, 41, 42, 43, and 61.) The regulations are also being amended, in line with the policy of the Federal agencies to delegate maximum responsibility consistent with air safety to the industry, to permit safety belts to be approved on the basis of certified compliance with appropriately published specifications (Technical Standard Orders), as is now provided in §§ 3.31, 4a.31, 4b.41, and 6.6 of the Civil Air Regulations, instead of the type certification procedure currently required in Part 15.

It is our understanding that the Technical Standard Orders for safety belts will adopt specifications based upon those approved February 9, 1948, by the National Aircraft Standards Committee as NAS 802, except for the minimum strength values. The minimum strength values to be established in the Technical Standard Orders, while less than the values stated in NAS 802, are higher than existing requirements and are more consistent with the crash load factor specified in the other parts of the regulations than the values stated in NAS 802.

The regulations hereby adopted provide that belt replacements on existing aircraft after July 1, 1951, shall be manufactured under a Technical Standard Order. The regulations further permit the Administrator to require replacement of belt webbing when he believes that its strength may be adversely affected by service deterioration.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby amends Part 43 (14 CFR, Part 43) effective July 1, 1951:

By amending § 43.30 (a) (12) to read as follows:

(12) *Safety belts for all occupants.* All safety belts installed as original or replacement equipment shall be of a type approved under the provisions of § 15.8 of this chapter. In no case shall the rated strength of a safety belt be less than that corresponding with the ultimate load factors specified in the pertinent currently effective aircraft airworthiness parts of the Civil Air Regulations, taking due account of the dimensional characteristics of the safety belt installation for the specific seat or berth arrangement. The webbing of safety belts shall be subject to periodic replacement as prescribed by the Administrator.

(Sec. 205 (a), 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425 (a). Interpret or apply secs. 601, 52 Stat. 1007; 62 Stat. 1216; 49 U. S. C. 551)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-90; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Civil Air Regs., Amdt. 61-1]

PART 61—SCHEDULED AIR CARRIER RULES

SAFETY BELTS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 29th day of December 1949.

Service reports and the results of various studies conducted during the past few years indicate that the standards in the Civil Air Regulations for safety belts are not high enough to afford the proper protection for occupants of aircraft. It has also been learned that the belts now in general use are subject to service deterioration which further reduces the strength factor. The Board, therefore, is amending the requirements for safety belts to establish higher safety standards for this equipment. (For this purpose the Board is amending simultaneously Parts 3, 4a, 4b, 6, 15, 41, 42, 43, and 61.) The regulations are also being amended, in line with the policy of the Federal agencies to delegate maximum responsibility consistent with air safety to the industry, to permit safety belts to be approved on the basis of certified compliance with appropriately published specifications (Technical Standard Orders), as is now provided in §§ 3.31, 4a.31, 4b.41, and 6.6 of the Civil Air Regulations, instead of the type certification procedure currently required in Part 15.

It is our understanding that the Technical Standard Orders for safety belts will adopt specifications based upon those approved February 9, 1948, by the National Aircraft Standards Committee as NAS 802, except for the minimum strength values. The minimum strength values to be established in the Technical Standard Orders, while less than the values stated in NAS 802, are higher than existing requirements and are more consistent with the crash load factor specified in the other parts of the regulations than the values stated in NAS 802.

The regulations hereby adopted provide that belt replacements on existing aircraft after July 1, 1951, shall be manufactured under a Technical Standard Order. The regulations further permit the Administrator to require replacement of belt webbing when he believes that its strength may be adversely affected by service deterioration.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this amendment and due consideration has been given to all relevant matter presented.

In consideration of the foregoing the Civil Aeronautics Board hereby amends Part 61 (14 CFR, Part 61) effective July 1, 1951:

By amending § 61.209 (g) to read as follows:

(g) *A safety belt for each occupant.* All safety belts installed as original or replacement equipment shall be of a type approved under the provisions of § 15.8 of this chapter. In no case shall the rated strength of a safety belt be less than that corresponding with the ultimate load factors specified in the pertinent currently effective aircraft airworthiness parts of the Civil Air Regulations, taking due account of the dimensional characteristics of the safety belt installation for the specific seat or berth arrangement. The webbing of safety belts shall be subject to periodic replacement as prescribed by the Administrator.

(Sec. 205 (a), 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425 (a). Interpret or apply secs. 601, 604, 52 Stat. 1007, 1010; 62 Stat. 1216; 49 U. S. C. 551, 554)

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-91; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

TITLE 15—COMMERCE AND FOREIGN TRADE

Chapter III—Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Department of Commerce

Subchapter C—Office of International Trade

[4th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs., Amdt. 78]

PART 371—GENERAL LICENSES

SHIPMENTS OF LIMITED VALUE GLV

Section 371.10 *Shipments of limited value GLV* is amended in the following particulars:

Paragraph (b) *Definitions and interpretations* is amended by deleting from subparagraph (1) thereof the second paragraph so that subparagraph (1), as amended, reads as follows:

(1) "Single shipment" means the shipment of all commodities which move at the same time from one exporter to one importer on the same exporting carrier.

This amendment shall become effective as of December 22, 1949.

(63 Stat. 7; E. O. 9630, Sept. 27, 1945, 10 F. R. 12245, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.; E. O. 9919, Jan. 3, 1948, 13 F. R. 59, 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

LORING K. MACY,
Assistant Director,
Office of International Trade.

[F. R. Doc. 50-79; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[4th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs., Amdt. 79]

PART 371—GENERAL LICENSES

PART 377—LICENSES FOR MULTIPLE SHIPMENTS OF GIFT PARCELS

GIFT PARCELS; REVOCATION OF PART

1. Section 371.21 *General license for gift parcels* is amended in the following particulars:

Paragraph (e) *Special provisions for shipments of multiple gift parcels* is hereby deleted.

2. Part 377, Licenses for Multiple Shipments of Gift Parcels, is hereby deleted.

This amendment shall become effective January 1, 1950.

(63 Stat. 7; E. O. 9630, Sept. 27, 1945, 10 F. R. 12245, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.; E. O. 9919, Jan. 3, 1948, 13 F. R. 59, 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

LORING K. MACY,
Assistant Director,
Office of International Trade.

[F. R. Doc. 50-78; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[4th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs., Amdt. 77]

PART 372—PROVISIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL AND OTHER VALIDATED LICENSES

WEIGHT AND VOLUME TOLERANCE

Section 372.5 *Weight and volume tolerance* is amended in the following particulars:

1. Paragraph (e) *Partial shipments* is amended to read as follows:

(e) *Partial shipments.* Whenever one or more partial shipments of the licensed commodity have been made, the license remains valid only for the unshipped balance of the licensed commodity plus 10 percent of such balance, except that in the case of shipments of iron and steel products (processing code STEE) and tinplate (processing code TNPL) the tolerance of 10 percent shall be applicable as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, regardless of whether partial shipments are made.

2. Paragraph (f) *Units other than weight of volume* is hereby deleted.

This amendment shall become effective as of December 15, 1949.

(63 Stat. 7; E. O. 9630, Sept. 27, 1945, 10 F. R. 12245, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.; E. O. 9919, Jan. 3, 1948, 13 F. R. 59, 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

LORING K. MACY,
Assistant Director,
Office of International Trade.

[F. R. Doc. 50-80; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:52 a. m.]

[4th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs., Amdt. 76]

PART 373—LICENSING POLICIES AND RELATED SPECIAL PROVISIONS

PART 384—GENERAL ORDERS

NITROGENOUS FERTILIZER MATERIALS; VALIDITY OF EXPORT LICENSES

1. Section 373.26 *Special provisions for nitrogenous fertilizer materials* is hereby deleted.

2. Section 384.3 *Orders modifying validity of export licenses* is amended by adding thereto a new paragraph (e) *Automatic extension of validity period for certain FERT licenses* to read as follows:

(e) *Automatic extension of validity period for certain FERT licenses.* The validity period of all export licenses covering commodities with the processing code FERT (except potassic fertilizer materials, Schedule B Nos. 853000 and 853100) which expire during the period from December 5, 1949, through January 24, 1950, is hereby extended through January 25, 1950.

This amendment shall become effective as of December 5, 1949.

(63 Stat. 7; E. O. 9630, Sept. 27, 1945, 10 F. R. 12245, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.; E. O. 9919, Jan. 3, 1948, 13 F. R. 59, 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

LORING K. MACY,
Assistant Director,
Office of International Trade.

[F. R. Doc. 50-81; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

[4th Gen. Rev. of Export Regs., Amdt. P. L. 25]

PART 399—POSITIVE LIST OF COMMODITIES AND RELATED MATTERS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Section 399.1 *Appendix A—Positive List of Commodities* is amended in the following particulars:

1. The following commodities are deleted from the Positive List:

Dept. of Comm. Sched. B No.	Commodity
	Grains and preparations:
107100	Wheat, except seed.
107100	Wheat for seed.
	Raw cotton, except linters:
300005 } 300006 }	American Egyptian (Pima) and Sea Island.
300205 } 300206 }	Upland, staple length 1 1/16" and over (U. S. Official Standard).
300311 } 300312 }	Foreign cotton, reexported.
	Petroleum and products:
504090	Lubricating oils, n. e. s. (bbl. of 42 gal.), in containers of 4 oz. or less.[1]
504200	Petrolatum and petroleum jelly (all grades).
504300	Liquefied petroleum gases.
504500	Paraffin wax, unrefined.
504600	Paraffin wax, refined, with melting point in ranges of 125°/127° through 128°/130° AMP.
504600	Other paraffin wax, refined and semi-refined.
505200	Natural gas.

2. With respect to the entry Schedule B No. 240300, Alsike clover, there is added a footnote reference and related footnote, as follows:

May be exported under general license to the Philippine Islands and to all destinations in North and South America as listed in Schedule C of the Bureau of the Census.

3. With respect to the entry Schedule B No. 837990, Sodium nitrate, the processing code is changed from SALT to FERT.

This amendment shall become effective as of December 5, 1949, except that with respect to Part 1 it shall become effective as of December 15, 1949.

(63 Stat. 7; E. O. 9630, Sept. 27, 1945, 10 F. R. 12245, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp.; E. O. 9919, Jan. 3, 1948, 13 F. R. 59, 3 CFR, 1948 Supp.)

LORING K. MACY,
Assistant Director,
Office of International Trade.

[F. R. Doc. 50-82; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:53 a. m.]

[1] By this amendment the description of the commodities remaining on the Positive List under this Schedule B number is revised to read as follows:

504090 Lubricating oils, n. e. s. (bbl. of 42 gal.) except in containers of 4 oz. or less.

Chapter VII—Committee for Reciprocity Information

REVISION OF RULES OF PROCEDURE

The rules of procedure of the Committee for Reciprocity Information are revised as of December 28, 1949, and appear as set forth below.

PART 701—GENERAL

Sec.
701.1 Publication of notices.
701.2 Confidential information.
701.3 Action taken upon information received.
701.4 Suggestions for presentation.

AUTHORITY: §§ 701.1 to 701.4 issued under sec. 4, 48 Stat. 945, sec. 5, Pub. Law 307, 81st Cong.; 19 U. S. C. 1354; E. O. 10082, Oct. 5, 1949, 14 F. R. 6105.

§ 701.1 *Publication of notices.* Concurrently with the publication pursuant to section 4 of the act approved June 12, 1934, as amended (48 Stat. 945, 19 U. S. C. 1354, Pub. Law 307, 81st Cong.) of formal notice of intention to negotiate a trade agreement, the Committee for Reciprocity Information shall publish notice of the time during which views in writing may be presented, together with the period within which application may be made to present oral views and the date of the public hearings. Such notice shall be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, and it shall also be issued to the press and published in the Department of State Bulletin, the weekly Treasury Decisions, and the Foreign Commerce Weekly.

§ 701.2 *Confidential information.* All written information submitted to the Committee by interested parties other than exhibits presented at public hearings shall be treated as confidential.

§ 701.3 *Action taken upon information received.* Confidential and nonconfidential information received by the Committee shall be made available to all governmental agencies directly concerned with trade-agreement matters.

§ 701.4 *Suggestions for presentation.* Suggestions regarding the preparation and presentation of written briefs and oral testimony will be supplied to interested persons upon request to the Executive Secretary of the Committee.

PART 702—WRITTEN PRESENTATION OF VIEWS

Sec.
702.1 Place and time of submission.
702.2 Number of copies.
702.3 Form of submission.

AUTHORITY: §§ 702.1 to 702.3 issued under sec. 4, 48 Stat. 945, sec. 5, Pub. Law 307, 81st Cong.; 19 U. S. C. 1354; E. O. 10082, Oct. 5, 1949, 14 F. R. 6105.

§ 702.1 *Place and time of submission.* Views in writing shall be addressed to the Committee for Reciprocity Information, Tariff Commission Building, Washington 25, D. C. Such views can be assured of full consideration only if received by the Committee before the close of the period announced for their submission to the Committee.

§ 702.2 *Number of copies.* Written views must be submitted in not less than ten copies.

§ 702.3 *Form of submission.* No special form is required in the presentation of written views to the Committee. Written views shall be legibly typed, printed, or duplicated and at least one copy shall be under oath or affirmation.

PART 703—ORAL PRESENTATION OF VIEWS AT PUBLIC HEARINGS

Sec.
703.1 Request for permission to present oral testimony.
703.2 Notice of permission to present oral testimony.
703.3 Oath.
703.4 Nonconfidential information.

AUTHORITY: §§ 703.1 to 703.4 issued under sec. 4, 48 Stat. 945, sec. 5, Pub. Law 307, 81st Cong., 19 U. S. C. 1354; E. O. 10082, Oct. 5, 1949, 14 F. R. 6105.

§ 703.1 *Request for permission to present oral testimony.* Requests to present oral views to the Committee at public hearings shall be made prior to the expiration of the time announced for submitting such requests and will be granted only if written views have been submitted by or on behalf of the person making the request. Oral presentations should supplement information contained in written views.

§ 703.2 *Notice of permission to present oral testimony.* After receipt and consideration of requests to present oral testimony, the Committee will notify the applicant whether or not the request is granted, and, if so, the time and place of the hearing.

§ 703.3 *Oath.* All oral statements made to the Committee at public hearings shall be under oath or affirmation.

§ 703.4 *Nonconfidential information.* Transcripts of oral testimony adduced at public hearings, including exhibits submitted at such hearings, shall be available for inspection by persons properly and directly concerned, upon application to the Executive Secretary of the Committee.

PART 704—PRESENTATION OF VIEWS WITHOUT STATUTORY NOTICE

Sec.
704.1 Request for an informal conference.
704.2 Purposes of an informal conference.
704.3 Written views in other situations.

AUTHORITY: §§ 704.1 to 704.3 issued under sec. 4, 48 Stat. 945, sec. 5, Pub. Law 307, 81st Cong.; 19 U. S. C. 1354; E. O. 10082, Oct. 5, 1949, 14 F. R. 6105.

§ 704.1 *Request for an informal conference.* Persons desiring to make oral presentations to the Committee other than at public hearings may request an informal conference with the Committee. A request for an informal conference should be accompanied by a statement of the reasons for the request. Ten copies of such statement should be submitted to the Committee.

§ 704.2 *Purposes of an informal conference.* An informal conference may be arranged for the purpose of enabling interested persons to present their views with respect to the operation and effect of a trade agreement which is in force or to any aspect thereof. Such a conference may also be arranged in order to enable interested persons to present information and views concerning some important development in reference to a proposed trade agreement that may have occurred after a public hearing. An in-

formal conference will not be granted as a substitute for a public hearing.

§ 704.3 *Written views in other situations.* Written views with respect to the operation and effect of trade agreements which are in force or to any aspect thereof may be submitted to the Committee by interested persons at any time. To the extent considered appropriate by the Committee the provisions of Parts 701 to 703 shall be applied to the receipt of written and oral views by the Committee in cases not covered by § 701.1.

NOTE: For statement of organization and functions of the Committee for Reciprocity Information, see Notices section, *infra*.

By direction of the Committee for Reciprocity Information this 28th day of December 1949.

EDWARD YARDLEY,
Executive Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-113; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 47—TELECOMMUNICATION

Chapter I—Federal Communications Commission

PART 6—PUBLIC RADIOCOMMUNICATION SERVICES (OTHER THAN MARITIME MOBILE)

STATION IDENTIFICATION

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission, held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of December 1949;

The Commission, having under consideration the desirability of amending § 6.37 of Part 6 of its rules and regulations governing Public Radiocommunication Services (other than Maritime Mobile) to reflect changes in the manner of the identification of emissions by point-to-point radiotelegraph and radiotelephone stations in the fixed public and fixed public press services;

It appearing, that such amendments are designed to provide means of identification of emissions to conform to modern transmission techniques, and to provide a means of such identification without the necessity of interrupting normal operations;

It further appearing, that the proposed amendments constitute relaxations of the requirements of the existing rules and regulations and that publication of notice of proposed rule-making pursuant to section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act is not required;

It further appearing, that authority for the proposed amendments is contained in sections 4 (i) and 303 (p) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended;

It is ordered, That, effective immediately, § 6.37 of the Commission's rules and regulations is amended, as set forth below.

(Sec. 4 (i), 48 Stat. 1066; 47 U. S. C. 154 (i). Interprets or applies sec. 303 (p), 48 Stat. 1083; 47 U. S. C. 303 (p))

Released: December 21, 1949.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

Delete present § 6.37 *Call letters, transmission of* and add new § 6.37 *Station identification*, as follows:

§ 6.37 *Station identification.* Every point-to-point radiotelegraph and radiotelephone station in the fixed public or fixed public press service shall transmit, as provided below, the identifying call letters of the frequency or frequencies below 50,000 kilocycles on which transmissions are taking place.

(a) The call letters shall be transmitted at hourly intervals within the period 10 minutes before and 10 minutes after the hour except when identification at these times would require an interruption in the transmission of a radiophoto, a telephone message, an addressed program or an addressed press message, or in the furnishing of a "conference" or "leased line" type of service, in which cases the identifying call letters shall be transmitted at the first break-in, or at the conclusion of, the particular transmission involved.

(b) Call letters shall be transmitted in such a manner as to make identification possible without special equipment other than ordinary communication type receivers. When emissions are being used which are not capable of identification without special equipment, the identifying call letters shall be transmitted by one of the following methods:

(1) By interrupting the regular transmission and transmitting the call letters in a manner which can be identified by ordinary communication type receivers;

(2) By superimposing the call letters on the emission being transmitted, without interrupting the regular transmission by any method which will make identification possible with ordinary communication type receivers, provided that approval of any such method shall first have been obtained from the Chief Engineer of the Federal Communications Commission,[1] and provided further that such approval may be withdrawn if, at any subsequent time, harmful interference to adjacent channels is produced by any such method;

(3) Notwithstanding the foregoing, when single channel start-stop 5 unit code printer equipment is being used, the identifying call letters may be transmitted by means of printer signals, at a speed of 60 words per minute.

(c) Additional provisions applicable to point-to-point radiotelegraph stations:

(1) Except as otherwise provided, the transmission of identifying call letters shall be made in International Morse Code utilizing A1, A2, F1, or F2 emissions at a transmission speed not to exceed 25 words per minute and shall consist of the signal "QRA de" followed by the call letters. This transmission shall be repeated three times in succession.

(2) When A3 emissions are being utilized in accordance with § 6.11 of the Commission's rules and regulations, identification may be made by A3 emission and shall consist of announcing in English three times in succession the call letters of the frequency being used.

(3) When single channel start-stop 5 unit code printer equipment is being used, identification may be made by printer signals or by International Morse Code. When identification is made by printer signals, it shall consist of the call letters of the frequency being used repeated three times in succession, at a speed of 60 words per minute. When identification is by Morse code, it shall be made as described in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph.

(d) Additional provisions applicable to point-to-point radiotelephone stations—The identifying transmissions shall be made by utilizing A1, A2, or A3 emissions. When A1 or A2 emissions are used the transmission shall be made in International Morse Code at a transmission speed not to exceed 25 words per minute and shall consist of the signal "QRA de" followed by the call letters. This transmission shall be repeated three times in succession. When A3 emissions are used, the identifications shall consist of announcing in English three times in succession the call letters of the frequency being used, provided that all privacy or secrecy devices shall be removed from the circuit during such transmission.

[F. R. Doc. 50-100; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[1] Approval by the Federal Communications Commission of any means of identification of complex emissions will be given upon satisfactory completion of coordinated tests thereof by the applicant and the Commission's Field Engineering and Monitoring Division.

[Docket No. 9210]

PART 13—COMMERCIAL RADIO OPERATORS

OPERATOR REQUIREMENTS FOR AIRCRAFT RADIOTELEGRAPH STATIONS; EXTENSION OF EFFECTIVE DATE

In the matter of extension of effective date of amendment of §§ 13.21 and 13.61 of the rules governing Commercial Radio Operators.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of December 1949;

The Commission having on June 29, 1949, adopted an order amending §§ 13.21 and 13.61 of the rules governing Commercial Radio Operators in order to make certain changes in the operator requirements for the operation of aircraft radiotelegraph stations, said amendments to become effective January 3, 1950.

It appearing, that it is desirable that the amendments to §§ 13.21 and 13.61 be placed in effect at approximately the same time that rules of the Civil Aeronautics Board with respect to similar matters are also made effective and that the finalization by the Civil Aeronautics Board on these matters is expected about February 15, 1950.

It is ordered, That the effective date of the order of June 29, 1949 (14 F. R. 3852), amending §§ 13.21 and 13.61 be

stayed until February 15, 1950, at which time said order and amendments shall become effective.

Released: December 21, 1949.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-92; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

PART 120—ANNUAL, SPECIAL OR PERIODICAL REPORTS

STEAM RAILWAY ANNUAL REPORT FORM C

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 1, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 20th day of December, A. D. 1949.

The matter of annual reports from steam railway companies and switching and terminal companies of Class III being under consideration:

It is ordered, That the order of January 10, 1949, In the matter of annual reports from steam railway companies of Class III (49 CFR, 120.12), and the order of January 12, 1949, in the matter of annual reports from switching and terminal companies of Class III (49 CFR, 120.13) be, and they are hereby modified with respect to annual reports for the year ended December 31, 1949, and subsequent years, as follows:

§ 120.12 *Form prescribed for small steam railways and switching and terminal companies.* All steam railway companies and switching and terminal companies of Class III subject to the provisions of section 20, Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, are hereby required to file annual reports for the year ended December 31, 1949, and for each succeeding year until further order, in accordance with Annual Report Form C (Small Steam Roads and Switching and Terminal Companies)[1] which is hereby approved and made a part of this section. The annual report shall be filed, in duplicate, in the Bureau of Transport Economics and Statistics, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington 25, D. C., on or before March 31 of the year following the one to which it relates.

(24 Stat. 386, as amended, 49 U. S. C. 20 (1)-(8))

NOTE: Budget Bureau No. 60-R099.6.

By the Commission, Division 1.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-76; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Production and Marketing Administration

[7 CFR, Part 26]

OFFICIAL GRAIN STANDARDS OF THE UNITED STATES FOR BARLEY

NOTICE OF HEARINGS ON PROPOSED REVISION AND AMENDMENT

Notice is hereby given that the United States Department of Agriculture has under consideration proposed changes in the official grain standards of the United States for barley (7 CFR Cum. Supp. 26.201 et seq.), promulgated under the authority of the United States Grain Standards Act, 1916, as amended (39 Stat. 482; 54 Stat. 765; 7 U. S. C. 71 et seq.).

Pursuant to the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237), public hearings will be held and written communications will be received in order that all interested parties may have an opportunity to express their views on the following proposals for revision of the standards:

(1) Proposal to revise the official grain standards of the United States for barley, as follows:

SUBPART—OFFICIAL GRAIN STANDARDS OF THE UNITED STATES FOR BARLEY[1]

§ 26.201 *Terms defined.* The following definitions shall apply for the purposes of the official grain standards of the United States for Barley:

(a) *Barley.* Barley shall be any grain which, before the removal of dockage, consists of 50 percent or more of unbroken kernels of barley and which contains not more than 20.0 percent of other grains. The term "barley" as used in these standards shall not include hull-less barley or black barley.

(b) *Classes.* Barley shall be divided into the following two classes: Two-rowed barley and Barley.

(c) *Two-rowed barley.* Barley of this class shall be any barley of the two-rowed varieties or types and may include not more than 10.0 percent of six-rowed barley.

(d) *Barley (class).* Barley of this class shall be any barley which does not meet the requirements for the class two-rowed barley.

(e) *Grades.* Grades shall be the numerical grades, sample grade, and special grades provided for in § 26.203.

(f) *Dockage.* Dockage shall be all matter other than barley which can be removed readily from the barley by the use of a metal scalper riddle sieve with slotted perforations 0.141 x 0.750 (9/64 x 3/4) inch and by the use of a sieve 0.032 inch thick with equilateral triangular perforations the inscribed circles of which are 0.078 (5/64) inch in diameter; also underdeveloped kernels and pieces of kernels of barley removed in properly separating the matter other than barley which cannot be recovered by properly resieving with the sieve having equilateral triangular perforations the inscribed circles of which are 0.078 (5/64) inch in diameter.

(g) *Damaged kernels.* Damaged kernels shall be kernels and pieces of kernels of barley and other grains which are heat-damaged, sprouted, frosted, badly ground-damaged, badly weather-damaged, moldy, diseased, or otherwise materially damaged.

(h) *Heat-damaged kernels.* Heat-damaged kernels shall be kernels and pieces of kernels of barley and other grains which are materially discolored and damaged by heat.

(i) *Other grains.* Other grains shall be corn, flaxseed, grain sorghums, oats, rye, soybeans, wheat, buckwheat, black barley, einkorn, emmer, hull-less barley, Polish wheat, popcorn, poulard wheat, rice, spelt, sweet corn, and wild oats.

(j) *Foreign material.* Foreign material shall be all matter other than barley and other grains which is not removed in the proper determination of dockage.

(k) *Broken kernels.* Broken kernels shall be pieces of kernels of barley.

(l) *Skinned kernels.* Skinned kernels shall be kernels of barley, each of which has 1/3 or more of the hull removed, or which has the hull loosened or removed over the germ.

(m) *Mellow kernels.* Mellow kernels shall be kernels and pieces of kernels of barley which (1) in the case of white kernels and gray kernels are 10 percent or more starchy in texture, and (2) in the case of green kernels and blue kernels are 25 percent or more starchy in texture.

(n) *Thin barley.* Thin barley shall be barley and other matter which (1) in the case of barley of the special grades Choice malting two-rowed barley, Malting two-rowed barley, Choice malting western barley, and Malting western barley will pass readily through a sieve 0.032 inch thick with perforations 0.086 x 0.750 (5 1/2/64 x 3/4) inch, and (2) in the case of barley of the special grades Choice malting barley and Malting barley will pass readily through a sieve 0.032 inch thick with perforations 0.076 x 0.750 (4 7/8/64 x 3/4) inch.

(o) *Stones.* Stones shall be concreted earthy or mineral matter and other substances of similar hardness that do not disintegrate readily in water.

§ 26.202 *Principles governing application of standards.* The following principles shall apply in the determination of the classes and grades of barley:

[1] The specifications of these standards shall not excuse failure to comply with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U. S. C. 301 et seq.).

[1] Filed as part of the original document.

(a) *Basis of grade determinations.* Each determination of heating, odor, otherwise distinctly low quality, moisture, weevily, and dockage, shall be upon the basis of the grain as a whole. Each determination of heat-damaged kernels, mellow kernels, and semi-steely barley shall be upon the basis of the pearled, dockage-free grain. All other determinations shall be upon the basis of the grain when free from dockage.

(b) *Percentages.* Percentages shall be upon the basis of weight.

(c) *Percentage of moisture.* Percentage of moisture shall be that ascertained by the air-oven method described in Service and Regulatory Announcements No. 147 (revised August 1941) of the Agricultural Marketing Service (now Production and Marketing Administration) of the United States Department of Agriculture, or ascertained by any method which gives equivalent results.

(d) *Percentage of dockage.* The percentage of dockage shall be expressed in whole percent and any fraction of a percent shall be disregarded. The word "Dockage," followed by the applicable whole percent, shall be added to the grade designation.

(e) *Test weight per bushel.* Test weight per bushel shall be the weight per Winchester bushel, as determined by the method described in Bulletin No. 1065, dated May 18, 1922, issued by the United States Department of Agriculture, or as determined by any method which gives equivalent results.

(f) *Grade designations.* Barley shall be graded and designated according to the respective grade requirements for the numerical grades, Sample grade, and special grades of the appropriate class. The grade designation shall include the appropriate grade number or Sample grade, the class name, and the name of each applicable special grade. When any special grade is applicable, barley shall be graded and designated according to the grade requirements otherwise applicable to such barley, and there shall be added to and made a part of the grade designation any of the following appropriate words, in the order indicated, which describe the applicable special grade:

(1) Preceding the word "barley" in the class name, the words "Bright," "Choice malting two-rowed," "Malting two-rowed," "Choice malting," "Malting," "Choice malting western," and "Malting western"; and

(2) Following the name of the class, the words "Tough," "Blighted," "Smutty," "Garlicky," "Ergoty," "Bleached," and "Weevily."

§ 26.203 *Grade requirements.* The following grade requirements are applicable under these standards:

(a) *Numerical grades, sample grade, and grade requirements for all classes of barley.*

Grade	Minimum limits of—test weight per bushel		Maximum limits of—				
	Barley of the class barley	Two-rowed barley	Damaged kernels (barley and other grains)		Other grains	Foreign material	Broken kernels
			Total	Heat-damaged			
	Pounds	*Pounds*	*Percent*	*Percent*	*Percent*	*Percent*	*Percent*
No. 1	47	52	2.0	0.1	2.0	1.0	4.0
No. 2	45	50	4.0	0.2	4.0	2.0	8.0
No. 3	43	48	6.0	0.5	7.0	3.0	12.0
No. 4 [1]	40	45	8.0	1.0	10.0	4.0	16.0
No. 5	35	40	10.0	3.0	20.0	6.0	20.0

Sample grade. Sample grade shall be barley which does not meet the requirements for any of the grades from No. 1 to No. 5, inclusive; or which is musty, or sour, or heating; or which has any commercially objectionable foreign odor except of smut or garlic; or which contains stones; or which is otherwise of distinctly low quality.

[1] Barley which is materially weathered shall not be graded higher than No. 4.

(b) *Special grades and special grade requirements for all classes of barley.*

Special grades and special grade requirements

(1) Bright barley: Barley which is of good natural color.

(2) Choice malting two-rowed barley: Choice malting two-rowed barley shall be barley of the class Two-rowed barley which consists of the Hannchen, Hanna, or other varietal types suitable for malting; which contains not more than 5.0 percent of two-rowed barley unsuitable for malting and/or six-rowed barley; which meets the requirements for either of the grades No. 1 or No. 2; which contains 80 percent or more of mellow kernels; which is not semi-steely in mass; which contains not more than 5.0 percent of thin barley; which contains not more than 5.0 percent of skinned and/or broken kernels; which does not contain barley injured by frost; and shall not include smutty, garlicky, ergoty, bleached, or weevily barley.

(3) Malting two-rowed barley: Malting two-rowed barley shall be barley of the class Two-rowed barley which consists of barley of the Hannchen, Hanna, or other varietal types suitable for malting; which contains not more than 10.0 percent of two-rowed barley unsuitable for malting and/or six-rowed barley; which meets the requirements for any of the grades No. 1 to No. 3, inclusive; which does not meet the requirements for the special grade Choice malting two-rowed barley; which contains 60 percent or more of mellow kernels; which is not semi-steely in mass; which contains not more than 10.0 percent of thin barley; which contains not more than 10.0 percent of skinned and/or broken kernels; which does not contain barley injured by frost; and shall not include smutty, garlicky, ergoty, bleached, or weevily barley.

(4) Choice malting barley: Choice malting barley shall be barley of the class Barley grown east of the Continental Divide which contains not more than 5.0 percent of types or varieties of six-rowed barley unsuitable for malting and/or two-rowed barley; which meets the requirements for either of the grades No. 1 or No. 2; which contains 80 percent or more of mellow kernels; which is not semi-steely in mass; which contains not more than 10.0 percent of thin barley; which contains not more than 5.0 percent of skinned and/or broken kernels; which does not contain barley injured by frost; and shall not include smutty, garlicky, ergoty, bleached, or weevily barley.

(5) Malting barley: Malting barley shall be barley of the class Barley grown east of the Continental Divide which contains not more than 10.0 percent of types or varieties of six-rowed barley unsuitable for malting and/or two-rowed barley; which meets the requirements for any of the grades No. 1 to No. 3 inclusive; which does not meet the requirements for the special grade Choice malting barley; which contains 60 percent or more of mellow kernels; which is not semi-steely in mass; which contains not more than 15.0 percent of thin barley; which contains not more than 10.0 percent of skinned and/or broken kernels; which does not contain barley injured by frost; and shall not include smutty, garlicky, ergoty, bleached, or weevily barley.

(6) Choice malting western barley: Choice malting western barley shall be barley of the class Barley grown west of the Continental Divide which contains not more than 5.0 percent of types or varieties of six-rowed barley unsuitable for malting and/or two-rowed barley; which meets the requirements for either of the grades No. 1 or No. 2; which contains 80 percent or more of mellow kernels; which is not semi-steely in mass; which contains not more than 5.0 percent of thin barley; which contains not more than 5.0 percent of skinned and/or broken kernels; which does not contain barley injured by frost; and shall not include smutty, garlicky, ergoty, bleached, or weevily barley.

(7) Malting western barley: Malting western barley shall be barley of the class Barley grown west of the Continental Divide which contains not more than 10.0 percent of types or varieties of barley unsuitable for malting and/or two-rowed barley; which meets the requirements for any of the grades No. 1 to No. 3, inclusive; which does not meet the requirements for the special grade Choice malting western barley; which contains 60 percent or more of mellow kernels; which is not semi-steely in mass; which contains not more than 10.0 percent of thin barley; which contains not more than 10.0 percent of skinned and/or broken kernels; which does not contain barley injured by frost; and shall not include smutty, garlicky, ergoty, bleached, or weevily barley.

(8) Tough barley: Barley which contains more than 14.5 percent of moisture.

(9) Blighted barley: Barley which contains more than 4.0 percent of barley damaged or materially discolored by blight and/or mold.

(10) Smutty barley: Barley which is materially discolored with smut spores or which contains more than 0.2 percent of smut masses.

(11) Garlicky barley: Barley which contains 5 or more garlic bulblets in 500 grams of barley.

(12) Ergoty barley: Barley which contains more than 0.3 percent of ergot.

(13) Bleached barley: Barley which, in whole or in part, has been treated by the use of sulfurous acid or any other bleaching agent.

(14) Weevily barley: Barley which is infested with live weevils or other live insects injurious to stored grain.

(2) Alternate proposal to amend the official grain standards of the United States for barley by revising § 26.209, as follows:

§ 26.209 *Special grades; two-rowed barley, choice malting two-rowed barley, and malting two-rowed barley*—(a) *Two-rowed barley; definition.* Two-rowed barley shall consist of two-rowed barley of the subclass Barley of the class Barley,

or of the class Western barley, which does not meet the requirements for the special grades Choice malting two-rowed barley and Malting two-rowed barley, and may contain not more than 10.0 percent of six-rowed barley.

(b) *Two-rowed barley; grades.* Two-rowed barley shall be graded and designated according to the grade requirements of the standards applicable to such barley if it were not two-rowed, and there shall be added to, and made a part of, the grade designation, preceding the name of the class, the word "two-rowed."

(c) *Choice malting two-rowed barley; definition.* Choice malting two-rowed barley shall be two-rowed barley which consists of the Hannchen, Hanna, or other varietal types suitable for malting; which contains not more than 5.0 percent of two-rowed barley unsuitable for malting and/or six-rowed barley; which meets the requirements for either of the grades No. 1 or No. 2; which in the case of barley of the class Western barley has a test weight per bushel of 50 pounds or more; which contains 80 percent or more of mellow kernels; which is not semi-steely in mass; which contains not more than 5.0 percent of barley and other matter that will pass readily through a sieve 0.032 inch thick with perforations 0.086 x 0.750 (5½/64 x ¾) inch; which contains not more than 5.0 percent of skinned and/or broken kernels; which does not contain barley injured by frost; and shall not include smutty, garlicky, ergoty, bleached, or weevily barley.

(d) *Choice malting two-rowed barley; grades.* Choice malting two-rowed barley shall be graded and designated according to the grade requirements applicable to such barley if it were not choice malting two-rowed, and there shall be added to, and made a part of, the grade designation, preceding the name of the class, the words "Choice malting two-rowed."

(e) *Malting two-rowed barley; definition.* Malting two-rowed barley shall be two-rowed barley which consists of barley of the Hannchen, Hanna, or other varietal types suitable for malting; which contains not more than 10.0 percent of two-rowed barley unsuitable for malting and/or six-rowed barley; which meets the requirements for any of the grades No. 1 to No. 3, inclusive; which does not meet the requirements for the special grade Choice malting two-rowed barley; which in the case of barley of the class Western barley has a test weight per bushel of 48 pounds or more; which contains 60 percent or more of mellow kernels; which is not semi-steely in mass; which contains not more than 10.0 percent of barley and other matter that will pass readily through a sieve 0.032 inch thick with perforations 0.086 x 0.750 (5½/64 x ¾) inch; which contains not more than 10.0 percent of skinned and/or broken kernels; which does not contain barley injured by frost; and shall not include smutty, garlicky, ergoty, bleached, or weevily barley.

(f) *Malting two-rowed barley; grades.* Malting two-rowed barley shall be graded and designated according to the grade requirements of the standards applicable to such barley if it were not malting two-rowed, and there shall be added to, and made a part of, the grade designation, preceding the name of the class, the words "Malting two-rowed."

The United States Grain Standards Act requires that public notice be given of the modification of standards adopted under its provisions, not less than 90 days in advance of the effective date of such modification. Consequently, the earliest possible effective date for revising the barley standards would be about July 1, 1950.

Informal hearings will be held in Portland, Oregon; San Francisco, California; Omaha, Nebraska; Minneapolis, Minnesota; and Milwaukee, Wisconsin, at which interested persons may submit their views and opinions orally or in writing with respect to the desirability of promulgating the revision or amendment, and related matters. The times and places of such hearings will be as follows:

February 14, 1950, 10:00 a. m., Conference Room, 6th Floor, Eastern Building, 515 Southwest 10th Avenue, Portland, Oregon.

February 17, 1950, 2:00 p. m., Room 760, Appraisers Building, 630 Sansome Street, San Francisco, California.

February 21, 1950, 2:30 p. m., Directors' Room, Omaha Grain Exchange Building, Omaha, Nebraska.

February 23, 1950, 2:30 p. m., Directors' Room, Minneapolis Grain Exchange Building, Minneapolis, Minnesota.

February 24, 1950, 2:00 p. m., Board Room, Milwaukee Grain Exchange Building, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

Interested persons may also submit written data, views, or arguments to the Director, Grain Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington 25, D. C., to be received by him not later than March 6, 1950.

Consideration will be given to all information obtained at the hearings, to written data, views, and arguments received not later than March 6, 1950, and to all other information available in the United States Department of Agriculture before a decision is made as to whether or not any revision of or amendment to the official grain standards of the United States for barley shall be promulgated essentially as proposed herein or with such modification thereof as may appear to be warranted as a result of representations made to the Department in response to this notice.

Robert H. Black, Grain Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, is hereby designated to conduct the hearings held pursuant to this notice; and J. E. Barr, Grain Branch, Production and Marketing Administration, is hereby designated to serve as his alternate.

Issued this 3d day of January 1950.

[SEAL] JOHN I. THOMPSON,
Assistant Administrator, Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 50-115; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[14 CFR, Parts 41, 42, 43, 60, 61]

FLASHING FORWARD AND REAR POSITION LIGHTS FOR AIRCRAFT

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

Correction

In Federal Register Document 49-10493, appearing at page 7809 of the issue for Thursday, December 29, 1949, amendatory paragraph 1 is corrected so that the ninth line of (ii) shall read: "with an on-off ratio between 2:1 and 1:1: *And,*".

NOTICES

COMMITTEE FOR RECIPROCITY INFORMATION

ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTIONS

SECTION 1. *Creation and authority.* The Committee for Reciprocity Information as now constituted exists by virtue of Executive Order 10082, issued October 5, 1949, 14 F. R. 6105.[1] The provisions of Executive Order 10082 relating to the Committee for Reciprocity Information were issued pursuant to the provisions of section 4 of the act approved June 12, 1934 (48 Stat. 945; 19 U. S. C. 1354), as amended by Public Law 307, 81st Congress, approved September 26, 1949.

SEC. 2. *Functions of Committee.* Section 4 of the above-mentioned act approved June 12, 1934, provides in part that before a trade agreement is concluded with any foreign government reasonable public notice shall be given in order that interested persons shall have an opportunity to present their views to the President or to such agency as the President may designate. The Committee for Reciprocity Information is the agency created for the purpose of receiving such views. The function of the Committee is to accord reasonable opportunity to all interested persons to present their views on any proposed trade agreement or with respect to the operation and effect of trade agreements which are in force or to any aspect thereof.

SEC. 3. *Organization.* The Committee consists of a Commissioner of the United States Tariff Commission, who is designated by the Chairman of the Commission, and of persons designated from

[1] The Committee was originally created by Executive Order 6750 of June 27, 1934. Executive Order 10004 of October 5, 1948, revoked this earlier order and reestablished the Committee. Executive Order 10082 in turn superseded Executive Order 10004.

their respective agencies by the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of Labor, and the Administrator for Economic Cooperation.[2] The Commissioner from the Tariff Commission is the Chairman of the Committee. The Committee may invite the participation in its activities of other government agencies in any manner consistent with relevant legislation and Executive Order 10082. The Committee may from time to time designate such subcommittees, and prescribe such procedures and rules and regulations, as it may deem necessary for the conduct of its functions.

SEC. 4. *Office of Committee.* The office of the Committee is in the Tariff Commission Building, Eighth and E Streets, NW., Washington 25, D. C., and it is open on each business day, Monday through Friday, from 8:45 a. m., to 5:15 p. m. (The office is not open on Saturday.)

NOTE: For statement of rules of procedure of the Committee for Reciprocity Information, see Title 15, Chapter VII, in Rules and Regulations section, *supra*.

EDWARD YARDLEY,
Executive Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-114; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Designation Order 41]

DESIGNATION OF MOTIONS COMMISSIONER FOR JANUARY 1950

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of December 1949;

It is ordered, Pursuant to section 0.111 of the Statement of Delegations of Authority, that Rosel H. Hyde, Commissioner, is hereby designated as Motions Commissioner for the month of January 1950.

It is further ordered, That in the event said Motions Commissioner is unable to act during any part of said period the Chairman or Acting Chairman will designate a substitute Motions Commissioner.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-70; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

RESERVATIONS TO PARIS TELEGRAPH REGULATIONS

NOTICE OF CONFERENCE

DECEMBER 21, 1949.

Notice is hereby given of a public conference to be held at the offices of the Commission in Washington, D. C., beginning at 10 a. m. on Monday, January 16, 1950, regarding the matter of reservations to the International Telegraph Regulations as revised at the International Telegraph and Telephone Conference held at Paris, France, May-August 1949.

In the Final Protocol to the Paris Telegraph Regulations, at page 182 of the printed English text, and in Appendix No. 3 to the regulations, at page 180 of the English printed text, will be found the reservations made by the United States Delegation at the time of signing the Regulations at Paris. A discussion of these reservations will be found at pages 40 and 43-47 (mimeographed copy) of Chairman Coy's report of October 31, 1949, to the Secretary of State, with respect to the Paris conference. The Commission is now considering the matter of the recommendations it will make to the Department of State in connection with the formal ratification of the Paris Telegraph Regulations by the United States Government. The Commission will review the Paris Telegraph Regulations for the purpose of determining whether it should recommend to the Department of State that any of the reservations which were formally made at the Paris Conference should be withdrawn, and whether any other reservations should be made.

The present conference, which is being called in cooperation with the Department of State, is being held so that the Commission will have the benefit of the views of interested parties in the United States on the above matters. Any interested person or organization is invited to attend the conference and to participate therein.

To facilitate the conference, it is requested that any person or organization intending to participate in the conference file with the Commission no later than January 10, 1950, a statement of intention to do so.

Chairman Coy of the Commission, who was Chairman of the United States Delegation to the Paris Conference, will be chairman of the present conference.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-99; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9226]

WESTERN MASSACHUSETTS BROADCASTING CORP.

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re application of Western Massachusetts Broadcasting Corporation, Great Barrington, Massachusetts, for construction permit; Docket No. 9226, File No. BP-6869.

The Commission having under consideration a petition filed December 16, 1949, by the above-styled applicant requesting a continuance of the hearing now scheduled to begin on December 22, 1949; and

The examiner before whom this proceeding is to be held is presently engaged in conducting a hearing and will not be available to preside at this hearing on December 22, 1949;

It is ordered, This the 20th day of December 1949 that the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding is continued from December 22, 1949, to January 9, 1950, at 10:00 a. m., in the offices of the Commission at Washington, D. C.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-96; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:49 a .m.]

[Docket Nos. 9318, 9319]

CORBIN TIMES-TRIBUNE, INC. (WCTT), AND RADIO STATION WISE, INC. (WISE)

ORDER SCHEDULING HEARING

In re applications of The Corbin Times-Tribune, Inc. (WCTT), Corbin, Kentucky, Docket No. 9318, File No. BP-7037; Radio Station WISE, Inc. (WISE), Asheville, North Carolina, Docket No. 9319, File No. BP-7132; for construction permits.

The hearing in the above-entitled matter having been scheduled in Washington, D. C., by inadvertence, for Monday, January 2, 1950, which is a legal holiday;

It is ordered, This 20th day of December 1949 that the above-entitled hearing be, and it is hereby, scheduled for 10:00 a. m. Tuesday, January 3, 1950, in Washington, D. C.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-71; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 9421, 9422]

NORTH MONTANA BROADCASTING CO. (KOJM) AND KAVR, INC. (KAVR)

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re applications of North Montana Broadcasting Company (KOJM), Havre, Montana, Docket No. 9421, File No. BP-7134; KAVR, Incorporated (KAVR), Havre, Montana, Docket No. 9422, File No. BP-7254; for construction permits.

The Commission having under consideration a petition filed December 22, 1949, by North Montana Broadcasting Company (KOJM), Havre, Montana, requesting that the hearing now scheduled for January 9, 1950, in Washington, D. C., on the above-entitled applications, be continued to February 20, 1950;

It appearing, that good and sufficient cause for the requested continuance has been shown in the petition; that KAVR, Incorporated (KAVR), party to the proceeding, and Commission Counsel have indicated that they have no objection to said continuance, and have consented to a waiver of § 1.745 of the Commission's rules relating to the time for filing of motions;

[2] Under Executive Order 10082, members of the Interdepartmental Committee on Trade Agreements or their alternates are the members of the Committee for Reciprocity Information.

It is ordered, This 23d day of December 1949 that the petition be, and it is hereby granted, and the hearing on the above-entitled matter be, and it is hereby, continued to 10:00 a. m. Monday, February 20, 1950, in Washington, D. C.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-97; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9514]

CROSLEY BROADCASTING CORP. (WINS)

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In the matter of Crosley Broadcasting Corporation (WINS), New York, New York, applicant for modification of construction permit (BP-3023, as mod., which authorized change in freq., incr. in power, change hrs. of operation, installation of new transmitter & DA) for extension of completion date; Docket No. 9514, File No. BMP-4758.

The Commission having under consideration a petition filed December 21, 1949, by the Crosley Broadcasting Corporation (WINS), New York, New York, requesting that the hearing herein, presently scheduled for January 5, 1950, be continued for a period of thirty days to provide time for the preparation of an engineering and progress report to be submitted with a petition for reconsideration and grant without hearing; and

It appearing that there are no other parties to this proceeding and no opposition has been filed by or on behalf of the General Counsel or Commission Counsel; and

It appearing that Commission Counsel has consented to the grant of this petition and has agreed to the waiver of the provisions of § 1.745 of the rules;

It is hereby ordered, This 28th day of December 1949 that the Petition for Continuance be and it is hereby granted, and the hearing herein be and it is hereby continued to February 6, 1950, at 10:00 a. m., in Washington, D. C.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-72; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9539]

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO. ET AL.

ORDER INSTITUTING INVESTIGATION

In the matter of The Western Union Telegraph Company and American Telephone and Telegraph Company, et al., establishment of physical connections and through routes and charges applicable thereto, pursuant to section 201 (a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, with respect to intercity video transmission service; Docket No. 9539.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of December 1949;

The Commission, having under consideration the matter of the public need which may exist for the operation of intercity video transmission channels and facilities of The Western Union Telegraph Company on an interconnected basis with the intercity video transmission channels and facilities of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and the other Bell System telephone companies (referred to collectively herein as the "Bell System Companies"); and also having under consideration its Report and Order adopted today in Docket No. 8963, In the Matter of American Telephone and Telegraph Company—Charges and regulations for television transmission services and facilities;

It is ordered, That pursuant to section 201 (a) and 403 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the Commission, upon its own action and without formal pleading, shall enter upon an investigation and hearing in order to determine whether it is necessary or desirable in the public interest to order (1) the establishment of physical connections between the existing and proposed intercity video transmission channels and facilities of The Western Union Telegraph Company and existing and proposed intercity video transmission channels and facilities of the Bell System Companies; (2) the establishment of through routes by means of existing or proposed intercity video transmission channels and facilities of The Western Union Telegraph Company and the existing or proposed intercity video transmission channels and facilities of the Bell System Companies; (3) the establishment of charges applicable to such through routes and the division of such charges, and (4) the establishment and provision of facilities and regulations for operating such through routes;

It is further ordered, That the investigation and hearing herein shall include, but not be limited to, inquiry into the following matters:

(1) Whether it is necessary or desirable in the public interest that physical connections be established between the existing and proposed intercity video transmission channels and facilities of The Western Union Telegraph Company and the existing and proposed intercity video transmission channels and facilities of the Bell System Companies;

(2) Whether it is necessary or desirable in the public interest that through routes be established by means of the existing and proposed intercity video transmission channels and facilities of The Western Union Telegraph Company and the existing and proposed intercity video transmission channels and facilities of the Bell System Companies;

(3) Whether the Commission should require the establishment of charges and divisions of such charges applicable to such through routes and, if so, the nature of the charges and divisions which should be established; and

(4) Whether the Commission should require the establishment and provision of facilities and regulations for operating such through routes and, if so, the kind of facilities and regulations which should be established or provided;

It is further ordered, That a public hearing shall be held herein at the offices of the Commission in Washington, D. C., on the 25th day of January 1950, beginning at 10:00 a. m.

It is further ordered, That The Western Union Telegraph Company and the following Bell System Companies are hereby made parties respondent to this proceeding and that a copy of this order shall be served upon each said respondent;

American Telephone and Telegraph Company.
The Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania.
The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company.
The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company of Baltimore City.
The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company of Virginia.
The Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company of West Virginia.
The Cincinnati and Suburban Bell Telephone Company.
The Diamond State Telephone Company.
Illinois Bell Telephone Company.
Indiana Bell Telephone Company.
Michigan Bell Telephone Company.
The Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph Company.
New England Telephone and Telegraph Company.
New Jersey Bell Telephone Company.
New York Telephone Company.
Northwestern Bell Telephone Company.
The Ohio Bell Telephone Company.
The Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company.
Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company.
The Southern New England Telephone Company.
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company.
Wisconsin Telephone Company.

It is further ordered, That the record of the proceedings in the above-mentioned Docket No. 8963 as made to date is incorporated in the record herein; and each party in said Docket No. 8963 is hereby given leave to intervene and participate fully in the proceeding herein upon filing notice of intention to do so no later than January 16, 1950.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-98; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9540]

HENDERSON COUNTY BROADCASTING CO. (KBUD)

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATION FOR HEARING ON STATED ISSUE

In re application of J. B. McNutt and Merl Saxon d/b as The Henderson County Broadcasting Co. (KBUD), Athens, Texas, for modification of license; Docket No. 9540, File No. BML-1343.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission, held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of December 1949;

The Commission having under consideration the above-entitled application of

J. B. McNutt, Jr. and Merl Saxon requesting a modification of license to change the hours of operation and power of station KBUD, Athens, Texas, from 250 watts, daytime only to 250 watts to local sunset, 100 watts night, unlimited hours of operation; and

It appearing, that the applicant is legally, technically, financially and otherwise qualified to operate station KBUD as proposed but that such operation would not be in compliance with the Commission's rules and Standards Concerning Standard Broadcast Stations;

It is ordered, That pursuant to section 309 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the above-entitled application for a modification of license is designated for hearing to commence at 10:00 a. m., March 3, 1950, at Washington, D. C., upon the following issue:

1. To determine whether the installation and operation of station KBUD as proposed would be in compliance with the Commission's rules and Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Standard Broadcast Stations, with particular reference to (a) the sufficiency of nighttime coverage of the city of Athens, Texas; (b) the areas and the populations which would receive satisfactory nighttime service from the proposed operation as compared to those areas and populations which would not receive service, and (c) to the assignment of a Class IV station on a regional frequency.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-93; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9541]

FORT BEND COUNTY BROADCASTING CO. (KFRD)

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATION FOR HEARING ON STATED ISSUE

In re application of Fort Bend County Broadcasting Company, (KFRD), Rosenberg, Texas, for construction permit; Docket No. 9541, File No. BP-7162.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission, held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of December 1949;

The Commission having under consideration the above-entitled application requesting a construction permit to increase the hours of operation from daytime only to unlimited time and increase the power from 500 watts daytime to 1 kilowatt daytime and 100 watts night of Station KFRD presently operating on 980 kilocycles at Rosenberg, Texas;

It appearing, that the applicant is legally, financially, technically and otherwise qualified to operate the proposed station and that the application would not cause interference to any existing station or the services proposed in any pending application but that the application does not otherwise comply with the Commission's rules and Standards of Good Engineering Practice;

It is ordered, That, pursuant to section 309 (a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the said application is designated for hearing at Washington, D. C. on the 9th day of March, 1950, upon the following issue:

1. To determine whether the installation and operation of Station KFRD, as proposed, would be in compliance with the Commission's rules and Standards of Good Engineering Practice Concerning Standard Broadcast Stations particularly with respect to the assignment of a Class IV station to a regional channel, the maximum rated carrier power permitted to be installed in a Class IV station and the excessive population residing between the normally protected and the nighttime limitation contours.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary,

[F. R. Doc. 50-94; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9542]

UNIVERSAL RADIO FEATURES SYNDICATE (KTED)

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATION FOR HEARING ON STATED ISSUES

In re application of Thomas E. Danson, tr/as Universal Radio Features Syndicate (KTED), Laguna Beach, California, for modification of construction permit; Docket No. 9542, File No. BMP-4677.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission, held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 21st day of December 1949;

The Commission having under consideration the above-entitled application of Thomas E. Danson, tr/as Universal Radio Features Syndicate (KTED), Laguna Beach, California, for modification of construction permit (File No. BP-5371), so as to increase power from 250 w., 1 kw.—LS, to 1 kw., unlimited time;

It appearing, that the above-entitled application would result in interference to the secondary service area of Station KOMA;

It is ordered, That, pursuant to the provisions of section 309 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the above-entitled application is designated for hearing at Washington, D. C., on March 13, 1950, commencing at 10 a. m. on the following issues:

1. To determine the areas and populations which may be expected to gain or lose primary service from the proposed operation and the character of other broadcast service available to those areas and populations.

2. To determine whether the proposed operation would involve objectionable interference with Station KOMA, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, or with any other existing broadcast stations and, if so, the nature and extent thereof, the areas and populations affected thereby and the availability of other broadcast service to such areas and populations.

It is further ordered, That KOMA, Incorporated, licensee of Station KOMA, is made a party to this proceeding.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-95; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

IOWA PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER APPROVING AND DIRECTING DISPOSITION OF AMOUNTS CLASSIFIED AS GAS PLANT ADJUSTMENTS, ELECTRIC PLANT ADJUSTMENTS AND COMMON UTILITY PLANT ADJUSTMENTS

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 29, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered December 20, 1949, approving and directing disposition of amounts classified as Gas Plant Adjustments, Electric Plant Adjustments and Common Utility Plant Adjustments in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-65; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

SOUTH DAKOTA PUBLIC SERVICE CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER APPROVING AND DIRECTING DISPOSITION OF AMOUNTS CLASSIFIED AS GAS AND ELECTRIC PLANT ADJUSTMENTS AND COMMON UTILITY PLANT ADJUSTMENTS

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 29, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered December 20, 1949, approving and directing disposition of amounts classified as Gas and Electric Plant Adjustments and Common Utility Plant Adjustments in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-66; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:50 a. m]

WEST TEXAS UTILITIES CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER AMENDING ORDER ISSUED JULY 20, 1949, APPROVING AND DIRECTING CLASSIFICATION OF AMOUNT IN ACCOUNT 100.5, ELECTRIC PLANT ACQUISITION ADJUSTMENTS AND DISPOSITION OF AMOUNT CLASSIFIED IN ACCOUNT 107, ELECTRIC PLANT ADJUSTMENTS

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 29, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered December 20, 1949, amending order issued July 20, 1949, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on July 28, 1949 (14 F. R. 4733), approving and directing classification of amount in Account 100.5, Electric Plant Acquisition Adjustments and disposition of amount classified in Account 107,

Electric Plant Adjustments in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-67; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1156]

MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN PIPE LINE CO. AND MICHIGAN CONSOLIDATED GAS CO.

NOTICE OF ORDERS MODIFYING ORDER ISSUING CERTIFICATES OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 21, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its orders entered December 20, 1949, modifying order issued on August 2, 1949, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on August 12, 1949 (14 F. R. 4992), issuing certificates of public convenience and necessity, in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-69; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1159]

UNITED NATURAL GAS CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER TERMINATING RATE INVESTIGATION

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 28, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered December 20, 1949, terminating rate investigation in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-56; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. G-1291]

UNITED GAS PIPE LINE CO.

NOTICE OF FINDINGS AND ORDER ISSUING CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVENIENCE AND NECESSITY

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 27, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its findings and order entered December 20, 1949, issuing certificate of public convenience and necessity in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-57; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. ID-316, ID-394, ID-1040, ID-1052]

GRAHAM CLAYTOR ET AL.

NOTICE OF AUTHORIZATIONS PURSUANT TO SECTION 305 (B) OF THE FEDERAL POWER ACT

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

In the matters of Graham Claytor, Docket No. ID-316; John P. Halbig, Docket No. ID-394; Philip Sporn, Docket No. ID-1040; A. E. Craig, Docket No. ID-1052.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 29, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its orders entered December 20, 1949, in the above-designated matters, authorizing Applicants to hold certain positions pursuant to section 305 (b) of the Federal Power Act.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTHRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-54; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. ID-1126 to ID-1129]

W. T. HAYMOND ET AL.

NOTICE OF AUTHORIZATIONS PURSUANT TO SECTION 305 (B) OF THE FEDERAL POWER ACT

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

In the matters of W. T. Haymond, Docket No. ID-1126; C. V. Sorenson, Docket No. ID-1127; Arnold Hogan, Docket No. ID-1128; Harold Cramer, Docket No. ID-1129.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 28, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its orders entered December 20, 1949, in the above-designated matters, authorizing Applicants to hold certain positions pursuant to section 305 (b) of the Federal Power Act.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTHRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-55; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Project No. 204]

WASHINGTON WATER POWER CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER DETERMINING NET CHANGES IN PROJECT COST AND PRESCRIBING ACCOUNTING THEREFOR

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 28, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered December 20, 1949, determining net changes in project cost and prescribing accounting therefor in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-58; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Project No. 621]

WASHINGTON WATER POWER CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER FURTHER AMENDING ORDER OF JUNE 30, 1933, AS AMENDED MAY 8, 1934, DETERMINING NET CHANGES IN ACTUAL LEGITIMATE ORIGINAL COST, PRESCRIBING ACCOUNTING THEREFOR AND APPROVING AND DIRECTING DISPOSITION

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 28, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered December 20, 1949, further amending order of June 30, 1933, as amended May 8, 1934, determining net changes in actual legitimate original cost, prescribing accounting therefor and approving and directing disposition in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-68; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[Project No. 637]

WASHINGTON WATER POWER CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER DETERMINING NET CHANGES IN ACTUAL LEGITIMATE ORIGINAL COST, PRESCRIBING ACCOUNTING THEREFOR, AND APPROVING AND DIRECTING DISPOSITION

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 28, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered December 20, 1949, determining net changes in actual legitimate original cost, prescribing accounting therefor, and approving and directing disposition in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-59; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[Project No. 1903]

CONCORD ELECTRIC CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER APPROVING EXHIBITS

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 27, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered December 20, 1949, approving Exhibits J and K in the above-designated matters.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-60; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[Project No. 1994]

HEBER LIGHT AND POWER PLANT

NOTICE OF ORDER AUTHORIZING ISSUANCE OF LICENSE (MAJOR)

DECEMBER 30, 1949.

Notice is hereby given that, on December 29, 1949, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered December 20, 1949, authorizing issuance of license (major) in the above-designated matter.

[SEAL] J. H. GUTRIDE,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-61; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 24767]

PETROLEUM AND PETROLEUM PRODUCTS FROM SOUTHWEST TO TIMBAR, W. VA.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 3, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered applica-

tion for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: D. Q. Marsh, Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No. 3802.

Commodities involved: Petroleum, petroleum products and related articles, carloads.

From: Points in Arkansas, Kansas, Louisiana, Missouri, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Texas.

To: Timbar, W. Va.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes and to maintain grouping.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: D. Q. Marsh's tariff I. C. C. No. 3802, Supplement 53.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-75; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 24768]

COKE FROM HOPEWELL, VA., TO NORTH CAROLINA

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 3, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for and on behalf of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company and other carriers.

Commodities involved: Coke, coke breeze, coke dust and coke screenings, carloads.

From: Hopewell, Va.

To: Stantonsburg, Wilson and Winston-Salem, N. C.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spanninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 943, Supplement 99.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-74; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 24770]

NEWSPRINT PAPER FROM COOSA PINES, ALA., TO WATERBURY, CONN.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 3, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to Agent C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 1018.

Commodities involved: Newsprint paper, carloads.

From: Coosa Pines, Ala.

To: Waterbury, Conn.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes and to apply over short tariff routes rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger's tariff I. C. C. No. 1018, Supplement 84.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL] W. P. BARTEL, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-73; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File No. 7-1136]

CENTRAL AND SOUTH WEST CORP.

FINDINGS AND ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 30th day of December A. D. 1949.

The Boston Stock Exchange, pursuant to section 12 (f) (2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-12F-1 thereunder, has made application for unlisted trading privileges in the Common Stock, $5 Par Value, of Central and South West Corporation.

After appropriate notice and opportunity for hearing and in the absence of any request by any interested person for hearing on this matter, the Commission, on the basis of the facts submitted in the application, makes the following findings:

(1) That this security is registered and listed on the New York Stock Exchange and the Chicago Stock Exchange; that the geographical area deemed to constitute the vicinity of the Boston Stock Exchange is the New England States exclusive of Fairfield County, Connecticut; that out of a total of 7,259,606 shares outstanding, 571,209 shares are owned by 2,152 shareholders in the vicinity of the Boston Stock Exchange; and that in the vicinity of the Boston Stock Exchange 1,197 transactions were effected in 157,621 shares of this security during the period from November 1, 1948, until November 1, 1949.

(2) That sufficient public distribution of, and sufficient public trading activity in, this security exist within the vicinity of the applicant exchange to render the extenson of unlisted trading privileges thereto appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors; and

(3) That the extension of unlisted trading privileges on the applicant exchange to this security is otherwise appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors.

Accordingly it is ordered, Pursuant to section 12 (f) (2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, that the application of the Boston Stock Exchange for permission to extend unlisted trading privileges to the Common Stock, $5 Par Value, of Central and South West Corporation, be, and the same is, hereby granted.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F R. Doc. 50-63; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[File Nos. 31-567, 70-2234]

SOUTHERN NATURAL GAS CO. AND EQUITABLE SECURITIES CORP.

ORDER PERMITTING DECLARATION TO BECOME EFFECTIVE AND GRANTING APPLICATIONS

In the matters of Southern Natural Gas Company, File No. 70-2234 and Equitable Securities Corporation, File No. 31-567.

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 30th day of December A. D. 1949.

Southern Natural Gas Company ("Southern"), a registered holding company, having filed a declaration and an amendment thereto with this Commission pursuant to section 12 (d) of the

Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, regarding the proposed sale by Southern of all the outstanding shares of common stock of its subsidiary, Chattanooga Gas Company ("Chattanooga"), consisting of 7,500 shares with a par value of $100 per share to Equitable Securities Corporation ("Equitable"), a non-associate company, for $1,875,000 cash, subject to adjustments in respect of net current assets of Chattanooga at the date of closing; and

Southern having filed an application requesting that the proposed sale be excepted from the competitive bidding provisions of Rule U-50; and

Equitable having filed an application pursuant to section 3 (a) (4) of the act for an exemption as a holding company from the provisions of the act; and

Equitable, by amendment to said application, having made certain representations regarding the recapitalization and financing of Chattanooga prior to, or simultaneously with, the disposition by Equitable of its controlling interest in Chattanooga; and

Southern having requested that the Commission's order conform to the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, including section 1808 (f) and Supplement R thereof; and

Southern and Equitable having requested that the order of the Commission become effective forthwith; and

The Commission having considered the relationship between the declaration and application of Southern with respect to the proposed sale of Chattanooga's common stock (File No. 70-2234) and the application of Equitable requesting an exemption as a holding company under the act and being of the opinion that said proceedings present common questions of law and fact and should be consolidated; and

A public hearing having been held after appropriate notice and the Commission having considered the record and having made and filed its findings and opinion herein;

It is ordered, That the declaration and application with respect to the sale by Southern of the common stock of Chattanooga (File No. 70-2234) and the application of Equitable with respect to an exemption as a holding company from the provisions of the act (File No. 31-567) be, and hereby are, consolidated.

It is further ordered, That the declaration and application of Southern, pursuant to section 12 (d) and Rule U-50, respectively, be, and hereby is, permitted to become effective forthwith, and be, and hereby is, granted forthwith subject to the terms and conditions contained in Rule U-24.

It is further ordered, That Equitable, if and in the event that it acquires all the outstanding common stock of Chattanooga, be, and it hereby is, exempt from all the provisions of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 because of its owning, controlling, or holding directly or indirectly, with power to vote, 10% or more of the outstanding voting securities of Chattanooga, subject to the following conditions:

1. That Equitable adhere to its representations with respect to the recapitalization of Chattanooga and the program for financing its conversion to natural gas and, in connection therewith, that Equitable give the Commission at least ten days' notice of any proposed issuance of securities by Chattanooga.

2. That Equitable shall dispose of its interest in Chattanooga within a period of twelve months from the date of acquisition unless such time is extended by subsequent order of this Commission upon appropriate application for such extension.

3. That Equitable give the Commission at least ten days' notice of any proposed sale of its stock interest in Chattanooga.

It is further ordered and recited, That the sale by Southern Natural Gas Company of 7,500 shares of common stock, par value $100 per share, of Chattanooga Gas Company for a base price of $1,875,000 in cash (with an adjustment on account of any difference in net current assets between December 31, 1948, and the date of closing) is necessary or appropriate to the integration or simplification of the Southern Natural Gas Company holding company system and is necessary or appropriate to effectuate the provisions of section 11 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935.

It is further ordered and recited, That the application by Southern Natural Gas Company of the proceeds from the sale of such stock, or an amount equivalent thereto, to the purchase of additional common stock of Alabama Gas Corporation to the extent of not more than $1,000,000 and to the construction of additions to the pipe line transmission properties of Southern Natural Gas Company to the extent of the remainder is necessary or appropriate to the integration or simplification of the holding company system of which Southern Natural Gas Company is a member.

It is further ordered and recited, That the application by Southern Natural Gas Company, as aforesaid, of said proceeds, or an amount equivalent thereto, be completed within 24 months of the date hereof.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 50-64; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[File No. 812-638]

ALBERT M. GREENFIELD & CO. AND BANKERS SECURITIES CORP.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 30th day of December A. D. 1949.

Notice is hereby given that Albert M. Greenfield & Co. ("Greenfield Company") a real estate brokerage company, located at No. 1315 Walnut Street, Philadelphia 7, Pennsylvania, has filed an application pursuant to section 6 (c) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for an order of the Commission exempting from the provisions of section 17 (e) (1) of the act, the receipt by Greenfield Company of a real estate commission in connection with the purchase from National Union Corporation, located at No. 22 Light Street, Baltimore, Maryland, of certain real estate located at the northwest corner of Nineteenth and Walnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, by Bankers Securities Corporation, ("Bankers") and others hereinafter referred to.

Bankers is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company and is registered under the act. Greenfield Company is a duly licensed real estate broker under the laws of Pennsylvania. Realty Owning Company, a real estate holding company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Greenfield Company. Greenfield Company is an affiliated person of Bankers and Realty is an affiliated person of an affiliated person of Bankers.

On December 12, 1949, Greenfield Company negotiated an agreement for the purchase of the real estate referred to above for the sum of $1,500,000. The cost of the property will be divided on the basis of a 50% interest for Bankers, a 40% interest for Realty Owning Company and a 10% interest for Sofia Waldman, a non-affiliated person. For its services in negotiating the purchase of the said real estate, applicant alleges that the parties have agreed that Greenfield Company is to be paid the sum of $50,000 as a real estate brokerage commission out of the cash consideration payable at the time of settlement. If for any reason, Greenfield Company shall not be authorized to accept said compensation or any part thereof, the sum not so authorized shall be credited on the purchase price and any further liability of the vendor to Greenfield Company shall come to an end.

The receipt by Greenfield Company of such a real estate commission is prohibited by section 17 (e) (1) of the act unless an exemption therefrom is granted by the Commission pursuant to section 6 (c) of the act.

All interested persons are referred to said application which is on file at the Washington, D. C., office of this Commission for a more detailed statement of the matters of fact and law therein asserted.

Notice is further given that an order granting the application may be issued by the Commission at any time after January 16, 1950, unless prior thereto a hearing on the application is ordered by the Commission as provided in Rule N-5 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act. Any interested person may, not later than January 13, 1950, at 5:30 p. m., e. s. t., submit in writing to the Commission his views or any additional fact bearing upon the application or the desirability of a hearing thereon or request the Commission, in writing, that a hearing be held thereon. Any such communication or request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 425 Second Street NW., Washington 25, D. C., and should state briefly the nature of the interest of the person submitting such information or requesting a hearing, the reasons for such request, and the issues

of fact or law raised by the application which he desires to controvert.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-62; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616; E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 14189]

W. B. OKAWA

In re: Bank account and rights under agency contract owned by W. B. Okawa. F-39-6671-C-1, F-39-6671-E-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That W. B. Okawa, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. That certain debt or other obligation of Bishop National Bank of Hawaii, King and Bishop Streets, Honolulu, T. H., arising out of a savings account, account number 2992, entitled Y. Okawa, Trustee for W. B. Okawa, maintained at the King Smith Branch office of the aforesaid bank located at 72 N. King Street, Honolulu, T. H., and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same, and

b. All interests and rights (including all commissions and monies payable or held with respect to such interests and rights and all damages for breach of the agreement hereinafter described, together with the right to sue therefor) created in W. B. Okawa by virtue of an agreement executed in Honolulu, T. H., dated and effective November 15, 1927 (including all modifications thereof and supplements thereto, if any, by and between W. B. Okawa and Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, 201 McCandless Building, Honolulu 13, T. H., which agreement relates to commissions on insurance premiums due W. B. Okawa, an insurance agent,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, W. B. Okawa, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 16, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-44; Filed, Jan. 4, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14175]

CHIYOE TAKETOMO

In re: Rights of Chiyoe Taketomo under Insurance Contract. File No. F-39-6400-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Chiyoe Taketomo, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 1,142,387, issued by the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, Montreal, Quebec, Canada, to Chiyoe Taketomo, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds (including without limitation the right to proceed for collection against branch offices and legal reserves maintained in the United States),

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 16, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-40; Filed, Jan. 4, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14180]

BERTHA DOERFLINGER

In re: Stock owned by Bertha Doerflinger, also known as Bertha Doerfluger. E-28-22593-D-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Bertha Doerflinger, also known as Bertha Doerfluger, whose last known address is Muellheim-Baden, Germany, is a resident of Germany, and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows: One (1) share of $100.00 par value preferred capital stock of Bohack Realty Corporation, 4825 Metropolitan Avenue, Queens County, New York, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, evidenced by a certificate numbered 503, registered in the name of "(Mrs.) Bertha Doerflinger", together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Bertha Doerflinger, also known as Bertha Doerfluger, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 16, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-43; Filed, Jan. 4, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14161]

HERMANN TAFEL

In re: Debts owing to and securities owned by Hermann Tafel, also known as Herman Tafel. F-28-23859-D-1, 2, 3.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Hermann Tafel, also known as Herman Tafel, whose last known address is Hofgut, Hutschenberg Post Tettnang, Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Those certain debts or other obligations, matured or unmatured, evidenced by two (2) Consolidated Electric and Gas Company Collateral Trust 6% Series Gold Bonds due August 1, 1957, of $1,000.00 face value each, bearing the numbers M4686 and M4687, together with any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the aforesaid debts or other obligations, and any and all rights in, to and under said bonds, including particularly but not limited to all rights arising from the redemption of the aforesaid bonds,

b. Those certain debts or other obligations, matured or unmatured, evidenced by three (3) Central of Georgia Railway Company Series C Refunding and General Mortgage 5% Bonds, due April 1, 1959, of $1,000.00 face value each, bearing the numbers 5526, 6463 and 10378, together with any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the aforesaid debts or other obligations and any and all rights in, to and under said bonds, and

c. All rights and interests in and under those certain Class B certificates of deposit for Kreuger and Toll Company 5% Secured Sinking Fund Gold Debentures due March 1, 1959, said certificates of deposit numbered BM553 to BM555, inclusive, registered in the name of Herman Tafel and representing bonds of $1,000.00 face value each, together with any and all rights in, to and under said bonds including particularly but not limited to the right to any and all cash distributions due or to become due,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 9, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-102; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14176]

ISOLDA WACHSMAN

In re: Rights of Isolda Wachsman under Insurance Contract. File No. F-28-10723-H-2.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Isolda Wachsman, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a War Risk Life and Injury Blanket Policy issued by the United States Maritime Commission, Washington, D. C., to Herman Wachsman, former member of the crew of the S. S. "Cherokee," together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 16, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-41; Filed, Jan. 4, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14149]

CENZEA ZITZBERGER (ZITZLSBERGER)

In re: Estate of Cenzea Zitzberger (Zitzlsberger), deceased. File No. D-28-12736; E. T. sec. 16914.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Maria Muehlbauer, Xavier (Xaver) Zitzlsberger, Maria Eibl, and Loni Radder, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the children, names unknown, of Maria Muehlbauer, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

3. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof, and each of them, in and to the estate of Cenzea Zitzberger (Zitzlsberger), deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

4. That such property is in the process of administration by E. L. Zitzlsberger, as administrator c. t. a., acting under the judicial supervision of the District Court of Carroll County, Iowa;

and it is hereby determined:

5. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the children, names unknown, of Maria Muehlbauer, are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have

the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 9, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-101; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14177]

KATHIE WACHSMAN

In re: Rights of Kathie Wachsman under Insurance Contract. File No. D-28-10723-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Kathie Wachsman, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by Group Annuity Contract No. GAC 210, Serial 181, issued by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, New York, New York, to Herman Wachsman, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 16, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-42; Filed, Jan. 4, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14162]

VEREINSBANK IN HAMBURG

In re: Securities owned by and debt owing to Vereinsbank in Hamburg. F-28-1662-A-1/2, F-28-1662-E-2.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Vereinsbank in Hamburg, the last known address of which is Hamburg, Germany, is a corporation, partnership, association or other business organization organized under the laws of Germany, and which has or, since the effective date of Executive Order 8389, as amended, has had its principal place of business in Hamburg, Germany, and is a national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Eighteen (18) shares of $100.00 par value 6% Cumulative preferred capital stock of Denver & Rio Grande Western Railroad Co., Rio Grande Building, Denver, Colorado, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, evidenced by a certificate numbered PF 11940, registered in the name of Cudd & Co., and presently in the custody of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York, New York, in an account entitled Vereinsbank in Hamburg, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

b. Four (4) coupons detached from Hungarian Consolidated Municipal Loan Bond numbered DO 979, each in the amount of $18.75 and presently in the custody of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York, New York, in an account entitled Vereinsbank in Hamburg, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

c. Three (3) Konversionskasse Fur Deutsche Auslands-Schulden New Issue Dollar 3% Bonds of $100.00 face value each, numbered C 21146 to C 21148, inclusive, and presently in the custody of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York, New York, in an account entitled Vereinsbank in Hamburg, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

d. Two (2) Konversionskasse Fur Deutsche Auslands-Schulden scrip, certificates of $10.00 and $5.00 face value, numbered NR 40344 and NR 28588, respectively, and presently in the custody of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York, New York, in an account entitled Vereinsbank in Hamburg, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

e. One (1) City of Porto Alegre Sinking Fund 7½% Bond of $1,000.00 face value, bearing the number 2570 and presently in the custody of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York, New York, in an account entitled Vereinsbank in Hamburg, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

f. One (1) State of Rio Grande Do Sul External Sinking Fund 7% Bond of $1,000.00 face value, bearing the number 3089 and presently in the custody of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York, New York, in an account entitled Vereinsbank in Hamburg, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

g. Two (2) Option Warrants for 12⅔ths shares of no par value common capital stock of Cities Service Company, bearing the numbers 18 and F 7 for twelve (12) shares and two-fourths (⅔ths) share respectively, issued in bearer form and presently in the custody of The National City Bank of New York, 55 Wall Street, New York, New York, in an account entitled Vereinsbank in Hamburg, together with any and all rights thereunder and thereto,

h. That certain debt or other obligation owing to Vereinsbank in Hamburg, by Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York, New York, arising out of an unpresented foreign draft account, entitled Vereinsbank in Hamburg, maintained at the aforesaid bank, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

i. Ten (10) shares of $10.00 par value common capital stock of Bucyrus-Erie Company, South Milwaukee, Wisconsin, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Delaware, evidenced by a certificate numbered NY/O 12766, registered in the name of Heinrich Eggert, and presently in the custody of The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, 18 Pine Street, New York, New York, in an account entitled Vereinsbank in Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany, numbered F 86294, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, and

j. Twenty-eight (28) shares of no par value common capital stock of Packard Motor Car Company, 1580 East Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Michigan, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Michigan, evidenced by certificates numbered NO108476 and NO108477 for twenty-five (25) shares and three (3) shares respectively, registered in the name of Heinrich Eggert, and presently in the custody of The Chase National Bank of the City of New York, 18 Pine Street, New York, New York, in an account entitled Vereinsbank in Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany, numbered F 86294, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, Vereinsbank in Hamburg, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany);

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 9, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-103; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 13840, Amdt.]

MICHI HASHIMOTO

In re: Bank account and bonds owned by Michi Hashimoto.

Vesting Order 13840, dated September 19, 1949, is hereby amended as follows and not otherwise:

By deleting from subparagraph 2-b thereof the words, "registered in the name of Michi Hashimoto".

All other provisions of said Vesting Order 13840 and all actions taken by or on behalf of the Attorney General of the United States in reliance thereon, pursuant thereto and under the authority thereof are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 9, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-105; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

[Return Order 513]

STEFAN JOSEPH BACH

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, be returned after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Stefan Joseph Bach, Cambridge, England, Claim No. 4973; Nov. 15, 1949 (14 F. R. 6868); property described in Vesting Order No. 201 (8 F. R. 625, Jan. 16, 1943), relating to a one-half interest in United States Letters Patent No. 2,099,641. This return shall not be deemed to include the rights of any licenses under the above patent. In connection with this return claimant has furnished the Attoryney General certain covenants contained in a letter dated August 15, 1949, a copy of which is attached as Exhibit A to the determination filed herewith.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 28, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-106; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

[Return Order 515]

ALPHONSE CALANDRA

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Alphonse Calandra, Little Falls, N. J.; Claim No. 1611, July 15, 1949 (14 F. R. 3972); twenty-four (24) shares of no par value capital stock of Ocean Land, Inc., a New York corporation, evidenced by stock certificate No. 13, registered in the name of the Alien Property Custodian, Washington, D. C., Account No. 38-9483, presently in the custody of the Safekeeping Department of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 28, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-107; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

JEANNE ADELE BERGSON

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property located in Washington, D. C., including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., and Property

Jeanne Adele Bergson, 47, Boulevard Beausejour, Paris, France; Claim No. 42265; property to the extent owned by claimant and Louise Bergson immediately prior to the vesting thereof, described in Vesting Order No. 3430 (9 F. R. 6464, June 13, 1944; 9 F. R. 13768, Nov. 17, 1944), relating to the literary work entitled "Two Sources of Morality and Religion" (listed in Exhibit A of said vesting order), including royalties pertaining thereto in the amount of $224.82.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 28, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-108; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

E. Z. I. NEEDLE CO.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of publication hereof, the following property located in Washington, D. C., including all royalties accrued thereunder and all damages and profits recoverable for past infringement thereof, after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., and Property

E. Z. I. Needle Co., Attleboro, Mass.; Claim No. 33587; property described in Vesting Order No. 16 dated June 4, 1942 (7 F. R. 4400, June 11, 1942), relating to U. S. Letters Patent No. 2273592.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 28, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-109; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

HERMAN A. SCHEICK ET AL.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Herman A. Scheick, Woodhaven, N. Y.; Freda Wolf, nee Scheick, Woodhaven, N. Y.; William McElvie Ross, Jr., Richmond Hill, N. Y.; Alfred Grant Ross, Ridgewood, N. Y.; Evelyn Blasco, Richmond Hill, N. Y.; Claim No. 5918; $500.00 in the Treasury of the United States: ⅓ to Herman A. Scheick, ⅓ to Freda Wolf, nee Scheick, ⅙ each, to William McElvie Ross, Jr., Alfred Grant Ross and Evelyn Blasco.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 28, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-110; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14179]

FUSAJIRO KONDO

In re: Estate of Fusajiro Kondo, also known as F. Kondo, deceased. File No. D-39-19275; E. T. sec. 16764.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Setsuko Kawano, Masaji Ishihara and Taisuke Uyeda, whose last known address is Japan, are residents of Japan and nationals of a desiginated enemy country (Japan);

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof and each of them, in and to the Estate of Fusajiro Kondo, also known as F. Kondo, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan);

3. That such property is in the process of administration by R. E. Williams, as administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the county of San Bernardino;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Japan).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 16, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-104; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

JULES GABRIEL DAVIN ET AL.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Jules Gabriel Davin, Noyer, France; Claim No. 40574; $3,828.50 in the Treasury of the United States.

Zoe Josephine Davin, Gap, France; Claim No. 40574; $3,828.50 in the Treasury of the United States.

Angele Marie Augusta Davin Barbe, Grenoble, France; Claim No. 40574; $3,828.50 in the Treasury of the United States.

Gabrielle Jeanne Prunier, Lyon, France; Claim No. 40574; $3,828.50 in the Treasury of the United States.

Auguste Jean Ceas, Gap, France; Claim No. 40574; $1,914.25 in the Treasury of the United States.

Lucienne Augustine Jeanne Ceas, Gap, France; Claim No. 40574; $957.12 in the Treasury of the United States.

Zoe Lucie Ceas Bertrand, Jarjayes, France; Claim No. 40574; $957.13 in the Treasury of the United States.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on December 28, 1949.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-111; Filed, Jan. 5, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]