

Washington, Tuesday, April 27, 1943

The President

EXECUTIVE ORDER 9331

MEDAL FOR MERIT

By virtue of and pursuant to the authority vested in me by section 2 of the act of July 20, 1942 (Public Law 671, 77th Congress), I hereby prescribe the following rules and regulations for the award of the decoration of the "Medal for Merit" created by said act;

1. The decoration of the Medal for Merit shall be awarded only by the President of the United States or at his direction. Awards of the Medal for Merit may be made to such civilians of the nations prosecuting the war under the joint declaration of the United Nations and of other friendly foreign nations, as have, since the proclamation of an emergency by the President on September 8, 1939, distinguished themselves by exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services. Awards of the Medal for Merit made to civilians of foreign nations shall be for the performance of an exceptionally meritorious or courageous act or acts in furtherance of the war efforts of the United Nations and shall have the prior approval of the Secretary of State.

2. There is hereby created a Board to be known as the "Medal for Merit Board", which shall consist of—

The Secretary of State
The Secretary of War, and
The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of State shall act as Chairman of the Board. Each member of the Board may designate an alternate to represent him on the Board and empower the person so designated to act in his stead.

3. The Medal for Merit Board will receive and consider proposals for the award of the decoration of the Medal for Merit and submit to the President the recommendations of the Board with respect thereto.

4. The Medal for Merit Board is authorized to prescribe, with the approval of the President, such rules and regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this order as may be necessary to accomplish its purposes.

Executive Order 9286, dated December 24, 1942, is hereby superseded.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE,
April 19, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6328; Filed, April 23, 1943; 2:39 p. m.]

EXECUTIVE ORDER 9334

WAR FOOD ADMINISTRATION

Executive Order No. 9322 of March 26, 1943, entitled "Centralizing and Delegating Authority with Respect to the Production and Distribution of Food," is hereby amended to read as follows:

"By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the statutes of the United States, particularly by the First War Powers Act, 1941, as President of the United States and Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy, and in order to assure an adequate supply and efficient distribution of food to meet war and essential civilian needs, it is hereby ordered as follows:

"Section 1. The Food Production Administration (except the Farm Credit Administration), the Food Distribution Administration, the Commodity Credit Corporation, and the Extension Service, together with all their powers, functions, and duties, are hereby consolidated within the Department of Agriculture into a War Food Administration, to be administered under the direction and supervision of a War Food Administrator. The Administrator shall be appointed by the President and shall be directly responsible to him.

"Sec. 2. All powers, functions, and duties of the Secretary of Agriculture (a) under Executive Order No. 9280 of December 5, 1942, (b) under Title IV of Executive Order No. 9250 of October 3, 1942, (c) which relate to labor and manpower under orders of the Economic Stabilization Director or the Chairman

(Continued on p. 5425)

17 F.R. 10899.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

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^{*8} F.R. 3807. *7 F.R. 10179.

^{*7} F.R. 7871.



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of the Department of Justice designated by the Attorney General, and the Public Printer or Acting Public Printer.

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of the War Manpower Commission, (d) which relate to or which have heretofore been exercised through or in connection with the agencies, including corporations, consolidated by section 1 of this order, and (e) which relate to personnel, property and records transferred by section 3 of this order, are transferred to and shall be exercised and performed by the War Food Administrator (in addition to the powers, functions, and duties conferred upon him by Executive Order No. 9328 of April 8, 1943); 5 but the Secretary of Agriculture shall continue as chairman of the inter-departmental committee set up by section 7 (a) of Executive Order No. 9280, as a member of the War Production Board as provided in section 7b of Executive Order No. 9280, and as the American representative on the Combined Food Board. The War Food Administrator shall be a member of the said inter-departmental committee, which shall be advisory to him. He shall also be alternate American representative on the Combined Food Board.

"SEC. 3. For use in connection with the exercise or performance of the powers, functions, and duties consolidated and transferred by this order, so much of the unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, and other funds available to the Department of Agriculture for such purposes, as the Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall determine, and all of the personnel, property, and records used primarily in the adminis-tration of such powers, functions, and duties, are hereby transferred to the War Food Administration.

"Sec. 4. In addition to the powers and authority granted by this order, and in order to carry out its purposes, the Secretary of Agriculture and the War Food Administrator, to the extent necessary to enable them to perform their respective duties and functions, shall each have authority to exercise any and all of the powers vested in the other by statute or otherwise; and the exercise of any such power by either of them shall be deemed to be authorized and in accordance with this order, and shall not be subject to challange by any third party affected by the exercise of the power on the ground that the action taken was within the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture rather than the War Food Administrator, or vice versa.

"Sec. 5. Any provision of any Executive order or proclamation conflicting with this Executive order is superseded to the extent of such conflict. All prior directives, rules, regulations, orders, and similar instruments heretofore issued by any Federal agency relating to matters concerning which authority is vested in the War Food Administrator by this order shall continue in full force and effect unless and until modified or revoked by orders or directives issued by or under the direction of the War Food Administrator pursuant to authority vested in him.'

Franklin D Roosevelt

THE WHITE HOUSE, April 19, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6329; Filed, April 23, 1943; 2:39 p. m.]

EXECUTIVE ORDER 9335

PROVIDING ADDITIONAL MEMBERS OF THE WAR PRODUCTION BOARD

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the statutes of the United States, as President of the United States and Commander-in-Chief of the Army and the Navy, it is hereby ordered as follows:

1. Paragraph 1 of Executive Order 9024 of January 16, 1942, as amended,1 is hereby amended to include the Chairman of the War Manpower Commission, the Director of the Office of Defense Transportation, and the Petroleum Administrator for War as members of the War Production Board.

FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

THE WHITE HOUSE, April 19, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6327; Filed, April 23, 1943; 2:39 p. m.]

Regulations

TITLE 5-ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter I-Civil Service Commission PART 19- CLASSIFICATION OF POSITIONS

CLASSIFICATION OF FIELD POSITIONS

Pursuant to the authority contained in War Manpower Commission Directive

No. XII (7 F.R. 7650), the Commission is empowered to make fact-finding surveys of the classification in the field service of executive departments and agencies of civilian positions which are subject to the schedules of grades and salaries prescribed by the Classification Act of 1923 (42 Stat. 1488), as amended. If, upon completion of such a survey, the Commission finds that the classifications are such as to result in (a) material interference with the effective administration of Executive Order No. 9243 (7 F.R. 7213) and War Manpower Commission Directive No. X (7 F.R. 7298), (b) undesirable competition for employees among such departments or agencies, or (c) an impediment to the effective utilization of the Nation's manpower in the war effort, the Commission is required by the Directive to prepare standards for the classification of such positions and to promulgate such standards to the heads of the executive departments and agencies. Pursuant to this authority, the following regulations are prescribed as Part 19 of Title 5, Chapter I, Code of Federal Regulations:

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

19.1 Definitions.

ALLOCATION OF POSITIONS AND REPORTS TO COMMISSION

- 19.2 Date of allocation and principles to be followed.
- 19.3 Reports
- Information regarding duties of individual positions.

CASES INVOLVING REDUCTIONS IN PAY Action suspended when reductions in involved; length of appeal pay period.

- Notice to employees of pending reduc-19.6 tions.
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- 19.8 Effect on reductions where no objections filed.
- 19.9 Consideration of objections by departments.
- 19.10 Consideration and decision by the Commission.
- 19.11 Effect of decisions.

AUTHORITY: §§ 19.1 to 19.11, inclusive, issued under War Manpower Commission Dir. XII, 7 F.R. 7650; Act of March 4, 1923, 42 Stat. 1488, as amended.

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

§ 19.1 Definitions. As used in these regulations, the following terms, words, and phrases shall be construed as fol-

(a) "Commission" means the U. S. Civil Service Commission.

(b) A "position" is a specific civilian office or employment, whether occupied or vacant, consisting of a group of all the current duties and responsibilities, assigned or delegated by competent authority and requiring the full-time or part-time employment of one person.

(c) A "class of positions" is a group of all individual positions that are sufficiently alike in duties, responsibilities, and qualification requirements of the work to warrant like treatment in carrying out the usual personnel processes, such as fixing pay, testing, selections, transfer, and promotion.

(d) A "series" or "series of classes" consists of one or more classes of posi-

¹7 F.R. 329, 527, 2719, 10179.

⁵⁸ F.R. 4681.

tions similar as to specialized line of work but differing in difficulty or responsibility of work, and therefore in grade

and salary range.

(e) "Grade" means a zone of difficulty and responsibility of work under the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, including one or more positions for which approximately the same basic qualifications and compensation are prescribed, the distinction between grades being based upon differences in the importance, difficulty, responsibility, and value of the work.

(f) "Allocation" means the classification of a position in terms of its appropriate service, grade, and class, under the provisions of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and in accordance with standards promulgated under the provisions of said Directive No. XII.

(g) A "class specification" is a form of written allocation standard consisting of a formal statement of the duties and responsibilities of the positions in one class as distinguished from other classes, illustrated by examples of work performed (typical tasks or typical positions in the class).

ALLOCATION OF POSITIONS AND REPORTS TO

§ 19.2 Date of allocation and principles to be followed. Allocation standards for classes of positions surveyed under the provisions of War Manpower Commission Directive No. XII will be promulgated through Commission departmental circulars. As soon as possible after such promulgation, the heads of the departments and agencies affected shall classify, in accordance with the following basic principles, all positions of the classes covered by said standards:

(a) The allocation of a given position to a class shall be based upon the duties actually performed in the position, and the responsibilities, supervisory or otherwise, actually discharged therein.

(b) A position belonging in any series covered by specifications, but not specifically described by such specifications, shall be allocated to that class in the series to which it is most nearly comparable in duties and responsibilities.

(c) Allocations shall not be based on any extraneous factor not covered in the specification, such as geographic location, isolation, or hazard beyond that normally encountered in the occupation. The fact that equipment is paid for by the employee or is furnished to the employee by the Government shall have no bearing on the allocation of the position.

(d) The qualifications—as to education, experience, knowledge, or ability—which the person now holding the position may happen to possess or lack shall not be taken as criteria for allocation

purposes.

(e) Under no circumstances shall the allocation of a given position be made to depend upon the civil service status or the classification grade of the present incumbent.

(f) Neither the existing salary of the position nor the amount to which it is desired to adjust the existing salary shall be considered in determining the class to which a given position belongs.

§ 19.3 Reports. After the allocations have been effected, each department and agency concerned shall report to the Commission (Attention, Personnel Classification Division), for each field station or establishment having positions covered by the allocation standards:

(a) Summary showing the number of employees allocated, as a result of the application of the standards, to each class described in the standards.

(b) A summary showing the number of such employees in each of the grades to which allocated prior to the making of the adjustments required by the ap-

plication of the standards.

(c) The names, the present grades and salaries, and the proposed grades, classes, and salaries of any employees facing reductions in compensation to be made, at the termination of the appeal period hereinafter described, as a result of the application of the standards. If there are no such cases, that fact is to be reported.

§ 19.4 Information regarding duties of individual positions. At all times when the Commission is carrying out its responsibilities under said Directive No. XII, the departments and agencies affected shall make available to the Commission's representatives information regarding the duties, responsibilities, and allocations of individual positions covered by any fact-finding surveys o made or by any standards so promulgated.

CASES INVOLVING REDUCTIONS IN PAY

§ 19.5 Action suspended when reductions in pay involved; length of appeal period. An allocation of a field position made in accordance with standards promulgated under War Manpower Commission Directive No. XII which would result in a pay reduction, if put into effect in accordance with existing laws and regulations, shall be suspended until the expiration of the time limit for an appeal or until a decision has been rendered upon the filing of objections as hereinafter provided. The time limit for the filing of such an appeal shall be 30 days from the date of notification to the employee, as hereinafter provided.

§ 19.6 Notice to employees of pending reductions. When, as a result of grade and salary adjustments required by the application of such standards, the existing salary of the incumbent of any position must be reduced, the department or agency involved shall notify the employee (a) of the prospective reduction in pay and the reason therefor; (b) that action is being suspended for 30 days to give him a fair opportunity to present his objections to the proposed reduction; (c) that during this 30-day period he has the right to present his written objections to the Commission, through the department or agency, if he so desires; (d) of the name and address of the official in the department or agency to whom such appeal should be directed; and (e) where he may have access to copies of the allocation standards.

§ 19.7 Filing of objections. A statement of objections to an allocation which if effected would result in a pay decrease, shall be made in writing and directed to the official of the department or agency indicated in the notice of proposed reduction. Such a statement shall contain the name, mailing address, and present classification grade and salary of the employee filing objections, the grade to which his position has been allocated under the standards and the salary to which reduction is proposed, an accurate and complete description of the duties performed and responsibilities exercised, the name, title, and grade of his immediate supervisor, and such collateral information and objections as he may care to present.

§ 19.8 Effect on reductions where no objections filed. If at the expiration of 30 days no appeal has been filed, the allocation and salary reduction proposed by the department or agency shall be put into effect:

§ 19.9 Consideration of objections by department. A responsible officer in the department or agency involved, and preferably in the field establishment where the employee is located, shall, within a period of 20 days after receipt of the appeal, consider the written objections of the employee, particularly with a view to re-examining the application of the standards to the duties and responsibilities currently performed by the employee. If in his judgment the facts so warrant, he shall readjust the allocation of the position involved in accordance with the standards. If in his judgment the facts do not warrant a readjustment in allocation, he shall prepare appropriate comments and recommendations as to action to be taken upon the case, and shall submit it promptly to the Commission (Attention, Personnel Classification Division), in Washington, D. C.

§ 19.10 Consideration and decision by the Commission. The Commission will review all cases where adverse action has been taken by the department or agency on the appeals of field employees from pay reductions resulting from application of allocation standards promulgated under Directive No. XII. The Commission will consider each case, will obtain any additional information it deems necessary, will make a decision thereon, and will notify the department or agency and the appellant of the action taken.

§ 19.11 Effect of decisions. The department or agency shall make such changes in the allocation of the employee's position as are necessitated by the Commission's decision on the appeal.

By the United States Civil Service Commission.

[SEAL]

H. B. MITCHELL, President.

APRIL 24, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6445; Filed, April 26, 1948; 11:25 a. m.]

TITLE 6-AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter I-Farm Credit Administration

PART 31—THE FEDERAL LAND BANK OF BERKELEY

FEES

Section 31.1 of Title 6, Code of Federal Regulations, is amended to read as follows:

§ 31.1 Application appraisal fees, all types of loans. (a) A fee of \$10.00 should accompany each application for a new loan, including each application for an increased loan whether or not additional security is offered.

(b) Each application for the division of an existing loan should be accom-

panied by a fee of \$5.00.

(Sec. 13 "Ninth", 39 Stat. 372, Sec. 26, 48 Stat. 44, Sec. 32, 48 Stat. 48, as amended; 12 U.S.C. 781 "Ninth", 723 (e), 1016 (e) and Sup.; 6 CFR 19.322, 19.330) (Res. Bd. Dir., December 15, 1942)

Section 31.2 of Title 6, Code of Federal Regulations, is amended to read as follows:

§ 31.2 Closed loan fees, all types of loans. (a) If a new loan exceeding \$5,000 is closed, the bank will deduct from the proceeds a fee amounting to \$1.00 for each \$1,000, or fraction thereof, by which the amount loaned exceeds \$5,000. In the event the application results in a joint land bank and Land Bank Commissioner loan, the fee will be computed upon the basis of the aggregate amount loaned.

(b) If an increased loan is closed, the bank will deduct from the proceeds a fee amounting to \$1.00 for each \$1,000, or fraction thereof, by which the amount of new money loaned exceeds \$5,000.

(c) In connection with the division of an existing loan, if the application results in an increased loan, the bank will deduct from the proceeds a fee of \$1.00 for each \$1,000, or fraction thereof, by which the amount of new money loaned exceeds \$5,000.

(Secs. 7, 13 "Ninth", 39 Stat. 365, 372, as amended, Secs. 32, 33, 48 Stat. 48, 49, as amended; 12 U.S.C. 723 (e), 781 "Ninth" 1016 (e), 1017; 6 CFR 19.322, 19.326, 19.330) [Res. Bd. Dir., December 15, 1942].

Section 31.3 of Title 6, Code of Federal Regulations, is amended to read as follows:

§ 31.3 Personal risk investigation fees. Where, in connection with an application for a new loan, an increased loan, or the division of an existing loan, it appears necessary for the bank to have a nonresident personal investigation made, a fee of \$7.50 will be required.

(Secs. 7, 13 "Ninth", 39 Stat. 365, 372, as amended, Secs. 32, 33, 48 Stat. 48, 49, as amended; 12 U.S.C. 723 (e), 781 "Ninth", 1016 (e), 1017) [Res. Bd. Dir., December 15, 1942].

Section 31.4 Inspection fees of Title 6, Code of Federal Regulations, is hereby revoked.

(Secs. 7, 13 "Ninth", 39 Stat. 365, 372, as amended, Secs. 32, 33, 48 Stat. 48, 49,

as amended; 12 U.S.C. 723 (e), 781 "Ninth", 1016 (e), 1017) [Res. Bd. Dir., December 15, 1942].

Section 31.5 of Title 6, Code of Federal Regulations, is amended to read as follows:

§ 31.5 Reappraisal fees. Where a reappraisal is required because of delay of the applicant or is made at the applicant's request, a second fee equal to the original application appraisal fee will be charged.

(Secs. 7, 13, "Ninth", 39 Stat. 365, 372, as amended, Secs. 32, 33, 48 Stat. 48, 49, as amended; 12 U.S.C. 723 (e), 781 "Ninth", 1016 (e), 1017; 6 C.F.R. 322) [Res. Bd. Dir., December 15, 1942].

Section 31.6 of Title 6, Code of Federal Regulations, is amended to read as follows:

\$ 31.6 Partial release fees. (a) Each application for a partial release of the mortgaged security or subordination of mortgage or deed of trust should be accompanied by a fee of \$10.00.

(b) Where, upon transfer of title to the mortgaged property, an application is made for release from personal liability, a fee of \$10.00 will be required in connection with each application.

(Secs. 7, 13 "Ninth", 39 Stat. 365, 372, as amended, Secs. 32, 33, 48 Stat. 48, 49, as amended; 12 U.S.C. 723 (e), 781 "Ninth", 1016 (e), 1017; 6 C.F.R. 322) [Res. Bd. Dir., December 15, 1942.]

Section 31.7 of Title 6, Code of Federal Regulations, is amended to read as follows:

§ 31.7 Return fees. (a) The bank's application appraisal fee will be refunded in its entirety to the applicant if an appraisal of the property is not made.

(b) The personal risk investigation fee will be refunded in its entirety to the applicant if an investigation proves to be unnecessary or is not made.

(c) The partial release or subordination application fee will be refunded in its entirety to the applicant if an appraisal is not made.

(d) The fee for application for release from personal liability will be refunded in its entirety to the applicant if an appraisal is not made.

(Secs. 7, 13 "Ninth", 39 Stat. 365, 372, as amended, Secs. 32, 33, 48 Stat. 48, 49, as amended; 12 U.S.C. 723 (e), 781 "Ninth", 1016 (e), 1017; 6 CFR 322) [Res. Bd. Dir., December 15, 1942].

Section 31.12 Reamortization fees of Title 6, Code of Federal Regulations, is hereby revoked.

(Sec. 13 "Thirteenth", as added by Sec. 4, 47 Stat. 1548, Sec. 32, 48 Stat. 48, as amended, Secs. 1, 2, 4 (b) as amended, 48 Stat. 344, 345, 346; 12 U.S.C. 781 "Thirteenth", 1016, 1020, 1020 (a), 1020 (d), and Sup.; 6 CFR 19.282; 4 FR. 4942 DI) (Res. Bd. Dir., December 15, 1942).

[SEAL] THE FEDERAL LAND BANK OF BERKELEY, By Chas. Parker, President.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6358; Filed, April 24, 1943; 10:05 a. m.]

TITLE 7-AGRICULTURE

Chapter X—Food Production Administration

[FPO 10]

PART 1206-FERTILIZER

CHEMICAL FERTILIZER IN PUERTO RICO

Pursuant to Executive Order No. 9280 (7 F.R. 10179), dated December 5, 1942, and Executive Order No. 9322 (8 F.R. 3807) dated March 26, 1943, and in order to assure an adequate production of food crops and sugarcane in Puerto Rico to meet war and civilian needs, It is hereby ordered, That:

§ 1206.501 Chemical Fertilizer in Puerto Rico—(a) Definitions. For the purposes of this order:

(1) "Chemical fertilizer" means any material used as a plant food containing one or more of the following: nitrogen, phosphorous, or potassium, excluding, however, animal manures and animal, fish, and plant residues, unless mixed with a chemical fertilizer.

(2) "Food crop" means any crop, other than sugarcane, grown for human or animal consumption or use.

(3) "Fertilizer manufacturer" means any person who manufactures or mixes chemical fertilizer.

(4) "Dealer" means any person, other than a fertilizer manufacturer, who purchases or has purchased chemical fertilizer for resale.

(5) "Agent" means any person, other than a fertilizer manufacturer, who receives or has received chemical fertilizer on a consignment basis for resale.

(6) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, or any other organized group of "persons", and shall include any agent, agency, or any "person" acting for or on behalf of any of the foregoing. The term "person" shall also include the United States or any agency thereof, and the Government of Puerto Rico or any agency thereof.

(7) "War Board" or "Board" means

(7) "War Board" or "Board" means the United States Department of Agriculture War Board for Puerto Rico.

(8) "Director" means the Director of Food Production, or, in his absence, the Acting Director of Food Production.

(b) Effective period of order. Unless sooner revoked or superseded, or unless extended by appropriate order, this order shall be in force and effect from its issuance through January 31, 1944, but amendments may be made from time to time: Provided, That nothing in this paragraph (b) shall be deemed to limit the record keeping requirement of paragraph (c) hereof.

(c) General administration. (1) This order shall be administered by the War Board, which shall be responsible to and subject to the general supervision of the Director. In administering this order, the War Board may utilize the facilities and personnel of any agency of the United States Department of Agriculture represented on the War Board to the extent necessary to carry out the purposes of this order, but consistent with the needs and requirements of such agencies in discharging their regular functions. The War Board may delegate any of the

duties and functions imposed upon it by this order to any committee of the War Board or to any officer or employee of the United States Department of Agriculture.

(2) No member of the War Board and no officer or employee of the United States Department of Agriculture to whom the War Board may delegate any duty or function under this order shall take part in any action which involves or affects himself, any member of his immediate family or other close relatives, or his landlord, tenant, or associate.

(d) Allocation of chemical fertilizer materials. It shall be the duty of the War Board to encourage the use of available chemical fertilizer on food crops so as to obtain the greatest practicable amount of food production in Puerto To this end the Board shall require fertilizer manufacturers to set apart, from existing stocks, such quantities of fertilizer materials as the Board determines should be made available for use on food crops, but not less than enough of such fertilizer materials to mix 10,000 tons of chemical fertilizer shall be so required to be set apart. This requirement shall be made before the Board may authorize delivery of any chemical fertilizer for use on sugarcane. From time to time, as additional supplies of fertilizer materials become available in Puerto Rico, the Board shall require fertilizer manufacturers to set apart such quantities of fertilizer materials as the Board determines should be made available for use on food crops in order to maintain, as nearly as possible, an adequate supply of such materials for such purpose. Fertilizer materials not required to be set apart for use on food crops may be made available for use on sugarcane. The War Board shall also endeavor to see that shipments to Puerto Rico of sufficient quantities of fertilizer materials for use on both food crops and sugarcane are arranged through the proper authorities, taking into account the shipping space allocated monthly for such purpose.

(e) Manufacture of chemical fertilizer. From time to time, the War Board shall prescribe a formula or formulae for the mixing of chemical fertilizer suitable for use on food crops and sugarcane, taking into account the supply of fertilizer materials available or expected to be available in Puerto Rico; and no manufacturer shall mix chemical fertilizer except in conformity with a formula prescribed by the Board. (Unless otherwise specified by the Board introgen prescribed in any formula will mean nitrogen (N) expressed in terms

of ammonia (NH:).)

(f) Restrictions on delivery and use of chemical fertilizer. (1) No fertilizer manufacturer, dealer, agent or other person shall deliver to any person, and no person shall accept for use any chemical fertilizer of a formula not prescribed by the War Board pursuant to paragraph (e) hereof. This restriction shall not apply, however, to the delivery of any mixed chemical fertilizer on hand on the effective date of this order, but the delivery of such mixed chemical fertilizer

shall be only for such purpose and for use on such crops as may be approved by the Board.

(2) No fertilizer manufacturer, dealer, agent or other person shall deliver to any person, and no person shall accept, for use any chemical fertilizer except as authorized by the War Board by means of a purchase permit or a ration card issued pursuant to this order.

(g) Directions. (1) Each fertilizer manufacturer shall comply with such directions as may be issued from time to time by the War Board with respect to the quantities, grades, and kinds of mixed fertilizer to be manufactured and with respect to the use or delivery of any fertilizer materials including nitrogenbearing materials.

(2) Each fertilizer manufacturer, dealer, agent or other person to whom this order applies shall comply with such directions as may be issued from time to time by the War Board with respect to the delivery and use of chemical fer-

tilizers.

(h) Requirements of fertilizer users. (1) The War Board shall establish the basis or method for determining the requirements of fertilizer users. This shall be established by taking into account the supply of fertilizer materials available or expected to be available in Puerto Rico and the need to obtain the greatest practicable amount of food production in Puerto Rico. Such basis or method shall be uniformly applicable in determining the requirements of all persons growing the same crops or crops, and, so far as practicable, shall apply throughout the growing seasons during which this order is effective: Provided, however, That with respect to sugarcane, no person's requirements for chemical fertilizer shall exceed, in a basic formula of 10-6-9 or its nitrogen equivalent in any other formula prescribed by the Board, 50 percent by weight of the average amount per acre of chemical fertilizer used by such person during the period January 1, 1940, to April 1, 1941, irrespective of the formula of the chemical fertilizer used during such period, multiplied by his acreage to be cultivated for the 1943-1944 harvest. The average amount per acre of chemical fertilizer used by any person for sugarcane during the period January 1, 1940, to April 1, 1941, shall be ascertained from the Agricultural Adjustment Agency records: Provided, further, That with respect to sugarcane, in the case of (1) persons who planted or cultivated no sugarcane during the period January 1, 1940, to April 1, 1941, (2) persons who planted or cultivated sugarcane during such period but used no chemical fertilizer, and (3) other persons for whom the Agricultural Adjustment Agency has no record of use of chemical fertilizer during such period, the requirements of such persons shall not exceed 125 pounds of chemical fertilizer per acre cultivated for the 1943-1944 harvest in a basic formula of 10-6-9 or its nitrogen equivalent in any other formula prescribed by the Board. As used in this paragraph (h) (1), "nitrogen" means nitrogen (N) expressed in terms of ammonia (NH2).

(2) No person shall be authorized to obtain chemical fertilizer by a purchase permit or a ration card in excess of his requirement as determined under para-

graph (h) (1) hereof,

(3) The War Board will require applicants for ration cards for chemical fertilizer for use on sugarcane to take an additional amount of fertilizer for use on food crops, in accordance with the existing procedure of the War Board. No ration card for chemical fertilizer for use on sugarcane shall be issued to any person, unless such person agrees to take and use such additional amount of fertilizer for use on food crops.

(i) Application for purchase permits ad ration cards. (1) Before obtaining and ration cards. any chemical fertilizer from any fertilizer manufacturer, dealer, or agent, or any other person, any farmer who operates a farm as owner or tenant shall first apply to the War Board in writing for a purchase permit or ration card entitling him to obtain such fertilizer. If the fertilizer applied for is for food crops only, the application shall be for a purchase permit; if it is for sugarcane and food crops, the application shall be for a ration card. No more than one person may apply for a ration card or a purchase permit for use with respect to the same land. Such applications shall be on forms to be prescribed by the War Board, and such forms shall be made available at places convenient to farmers.

(2) In making an application for a ration card, a sugarcane grower shall agree to use the fertilizer obtained by such card only for the purposes indicated thereon by the War Board, and shall also agree to carry out the requirements of the farming practice determination applicable to the 1943–1944 crop of sugarcane issued pursuant to the Sugar Act of 1937. Each sugarcane grower shall state in his application, in addition to such other matters as the War Board may deem appropriate for the purposes of this order, the following:

(i) The number of acres of sugarcane growing on his farm as of January 31, 1943, showing the acreage of such sugarcane planted in 1941 for harvest in 1943, planted in 1942 for harvest in 1944, planted in 1942 for harvest in 1943, and cultivated in 1942 for harvest in 1943.

(ii) The acreage of sugarcane which he expects to cultivate for the grinding

season 1943-1944.

(iii) The number of tons of chemical fertilizer (showing its formula), which the applicant has on hand, or has applied since July 1, 1942, to his acreage in sugarcane for harvest in 1944, but not including fertilizer previously allocated by the War Board for use on food crops.

(3) In making an application for a purchase permit, a farmer shall agree to use the fertilizer obtained by such permit only for the purposes indicated thereon by the War Board. Each farmer applying for a purchase permit for chemical fertilizer for use on food crops only shall state in his application, in addition to such other matters as the War Board may deem appropriate for the purposes of this order, the following:

(i) The acreage which he expects to

plant to each food crop.

(ii) The number of tons of chemical fertilizer (showing its formula), which the applicant has on hand for use on the crops with respect to which the ap-

plication is made.

(j) Issuance of ration cards and pur-(1) Ration cards and chase permits. purchase permits shall be issued on forms to be prescribed by the War Board. They shall show the quantities and the formulae of the chemical fertilizers authorized to be obtained and the purposes for which such fertilizers may be They shall contain expiration dates after which they shall become void, unless an extension of time is granted by the War Board upon good cause shown by the holder thereof. Purchase permits shall be issued in triplicate and one copy may be retained by the applicant.

(2) Upon receiving an application for a ration card or purchase permit. the War Board shall determine whether such application has been properly made and shall either approve or deny the application, in whole or in part, as the facts may warrant. In determining the quantity of chemical fertilizer which any person may be authorized to obtain on a purchase permit or ration card, the Board shall take into account the amount of chemical fertilizer which the applicant has on hand and, in the case of a sugarcane grower, the amount which he has applied since July 1, 1942, to his acreage in sugarcane for harvest If any application is wholly in 1944. denied, the applicant shall be so notifled by a letter setting forth the reasons therefor. If any application is approved, in whole or in part, a ration card or purchase permit, as the case may be, shall be issued. In the case of an application partly denied, the applicant shall be notified by letter of the reasons for such partial denial.

(3) Any applicant whose application for a ration card or purchase permit has been denied, in whole or in part, may, within fifteen calendar days after notification of such denial, request the War Board, in writing, to reconsider its action. Within fifteen calendar days after the receipt of such request, the War Board shall notify the applicant by letter of its action on the reconsideration.

(4) If, after the reconsideration provided for in paragraph (j) (3) hereof, any applicant has good reason to believe that the final ruling of the War Board on his application is not in accordance with the provisions of this order, such applicant may, within 15 calendar days after receiving notification of such ruling, file with the War Board a written appeal to the Director from such ruling, setting forth specifically the reasons for his appeal, and stating in full the facts upon which his appeal is based. Such written appeal shall be dated and made by the applicant under oath. The War Board shall promptly transmit such appeal to the Director. The Director may require the furnishing of additional information by the applicant or the War Board. The Director may affirm, reverse, or modify the decision of the War Board or he may remand

the matter to the War Board. The decision of the Director shall be in writing, shall be communicated to the applicant and to the War Board and shall be final and conclusive.

(k) Authorization to deliver fertilizer for sugarcane. A ration card will show either the total quantity of chemical fertilizer which a sugarcane grower may obtain for use on sugarcane during the effective period of this order, or the total quantity of such fertilizer which a sugarcane grower may obtain for use on any specified sugarcane crop planted or to be planted during the effective period of this order. The quantity of chemical fertilizer which may be delivered to a sugarcane grower for use on sugarcane at any specified time, however, shall be a percentage of the total quantity shown on his ration card. Such percentage shall be determined by the War Board for all sugarcane growers, from time to time, taking into account the available supply of chemical fertilizer for use on sugarcane and the needs of sugarcane growers. The War Board shall notify fertilizer manufacturers, dealers and agents of such determination.

(i) Obtaining fertilizer on a ration card. A sugarcane grower may obtain chemical fertilizer only upon presenting his ration card to a fertilizer manufacturer, dealer, agent or other person from whom such fertilizer is to be obtained. No fertilizer shall be delivered to such grower for use on sugarcane until delivery has been made of the fertilizer for use on food crops, which, as shown on his ration card, such grower is required to take. The quantity of fertilizer delivered to any grower for use on sugarcane shall not exceed the quantity authorized by the War Board, pursuant to paragraph (k) hereof, to be delivered at that time. Upon making delivery of fertilizer for use on sugarcane or food crops authorized by a ration card, the fertilizer manufacturer, dealer, agent, or other person making such delivery shall sign and date the ration card as of the date of delivery and indicate thereon the kinds and quantities delivered.

(m) Obtaining fertilizer on a purchase permit. A farmer may obtain chemical fertilizer for use on food crops only by surrendering to a fertilizer manufacturer, dealer, agent or other person from whom such fertilizer is to be obtained, the original and one copy of his purchase permit. Upon making delivery of such fertilizer, the fertilizer manufacturer, dealer, agent, or other person making such delivery shall sign and date the original and the copy, shall mail the original to the War Board as the Board may direct, and shall retain the copy on file for at least 60 days.

(n) Records of War Board. The War Board shall keep an accurate record of all applications received for ration cards and purchase permits, all ration cards and purchase permits issued, and all other pertinent data which it deems appropriate to carry out the purposes of this order or which may be required by the Director.

(o) Records and reports of manufacturers, dealers and agents. Fertilizer

manufacturers, dealers, agents and other persons to whom this order applies shall keep records for not less than two years of all deliveries of chemical fertilizer, including the quantities and kinds delivered and the names of persons to whom delivered, in such detail and for such periods of time as the War Board may prescribe, and shall make reports to the War Board of all such deliveries in such form and detail as the Board may require. (This record keeping and reporting requirements has been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.)

(p) Audits and inspections. Each fertilizer manufacturer, dealer, agent or other person to whom this order applies shall, upon request, submit his books, records, and accounts for audit and inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Board.

(q) Notification of customers. Manufacturers, dealers, and agents shall, as soon as practicable, notify each of their regular customers of the requirements of this order, but failure to give such notice shall not excuse any person from complying with the terms hereof.

(r) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, or who conspires with another to perform any of such acts, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine and imprisonment. In addition, any such person may by administrative suspension order be prohibited from receiving any deliveries of or selling or otherwise disposing of or using any chemical fertilizer or any other material now or hereafter authorized to be rationed or allocated by, or subject to the priority control of, the Secretary of Agriculture, and may be deprived of any priority assistance. Further, the Director of Food Production may recommend to the Office of Price Administration or to the War Production Board that any person who violates any provision of this order or any amendment or supplement thereto be denied the right to receive. use, sell or otherwise dispose of any other materials which now are or in the future may be under allocation.

(s) Petition for relief from hardship. Except as provided in paragraphs (j) (3) and (j) (4) hereof, any person affected by this order who considers that compliance herewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship on him may apply in writing for relief to the Director, setting forth in such petition all pertinent facts and information. The Director may, upon the basis of such application and other information, take such action as he deems appropriate. The decision of the Director shall be in writing and shall be final and conclusive.

(t) Communications. All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall

unless instructions to the contrary are issued, be addressed to the United States Department of Agriculture War Board for Puerto Rico, P. O. Box 4349, San Juan, Puerto Rico, Ref. FPA 10.

(u) Territorial application of order. This order shall have application only in

Puerto Rico.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807)

Done at Washington, D. C. this 24th day of April, 1943. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL]

CLAUDE R. WICKARD. Secretary of Agriculture.

IF. R. Doc. 43-6409; Filed, April 24, 1943; 3:43 p. m.]

Chapter XI-Food Distribution Administration

[FDO 19-1, Amendment 2]

PART 1455-SPICES

RESTRICTED SPICES QUOTAS

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Food Distribution Order No. 19 (8 F.R. 1827), issued by the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States on February 8, 1943, under the authority of Executive Order No. 9280, dated December 5, 1942, and in order to effectuate the purposes of such orders, It is hereby ordered. That Director Food Distribution Order No. 19-1 (8 F.R. 1829), as amended, be, and the same hereby is, amended as follows:

1. By deleting from § 1455.2 (a) the column entitled "Restricted spice" and the quota percentage for each spice designated in such column, and inserting, in

lieu thereof, the following:

	Quota
Restricted spice:	percentage
Black pepper	60
Cassia (ciunamon)	40
Cloves	
Ginger	
Mace	40
Nutmeg	60
Pimento (allspice)	
White pepper	

2. By deleting from the aforesaid order the provisions in § 1455.2 (b) and inserting, in lieu thereof, the following:

Any packer, any receiver, or any in-dustrial user may, in lieu of a quota computed pursuant to (a) hereof, avail himself of a quota of one hundred pounds of any restricted spice or any combination of restricted spices.

The provisions of this amendment shall take effect at 12:01 a. m., E. W. T., April 27, 1943.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; F.D.O. 19, 8 F.R. 1827)

Issued this 26th day of April 1943. [SEAL] ROY F. HENDRICKSON, Director.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6442; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:19 a. m.]

IFDO 511

PART 1490-MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS

RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE AND DELIVERY OF EDIBLE MOLASSES

Pursuant to the provisions of Executive Order No. 9280, dated December 5, 1942, and Executive Order 9322, dated March 26, 1943, and to assure an adequate supply and efficient distribution of edible molasses to meet war and essential civilian needs: It is hereby ordered, As follows:

§ 1490.5 Edible molasses; use and delivery restricted-(a) Definitions. When used in this order, unless otherwise dis-tinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with the intent thereof:

(1) The term "edible molasses"

(i) Any molasses, sirup, or sugar solution derived from sugarcane, which contains soluble non-sugar solids (excluding any foreign substances that may have been added) equal to more than six per centum of the total soluble solids, and which is to be used for human consump-

(ii) Any sirup of cane juice produced from sugarcane grown in the continental United States, which is to be used for human consumption, notwithstanding the percentage of non-sugar solids in the

total soluble solids.

(2) The term "blender" means any person who accepts delivery of edible molasses for the purpose of processing such molasses for resale. Processing as used herein shall include, but shall not be limited to, blending or packaging.

(3) The term "food manufacturer" means any person who accepts delivery of edible molasses in excess of one hundreds gallons in the aggregate, during any marketing year, from all persons, other than blenders or distributors of edible molasses processed by a blender, for use in the manufacture of any product for human consumption other than molasses as such.

(4) The term "distributor" means any person who accepts delivery of edible molasses for resale, without further processing, to blenders or food manu-

facturers.

(5) The term "calendar quarter" means the several three-month periods of the year commencing January 1, April

1, July 1, and October 1.

(6) The term "calendar quarterly supply" means a quantity of edible molasses equal to the total quantity of edible molasses processed by a blender or used by a food manufacturer during a corresponding calendar quarter in the twelvemonth period ended June 30, 1941, without regard to the source of supply.

(7) The term "marketing year" means a twelve-month period beginning on October 1 and ending on September 30. For the purposes of this order the first marketing year shall end on September

30, 1943.

(8) The term "yearly supply" means a quantity of edible molasses equal to the total quantity of edible molasses processed by a blender or used by a food manufacturer during the twelve-month period ended June 30, 1941, without regard to the source of supply.

(9) The term "person" means any in-dividual, partnership, corporation, asso-

ciation, or other business entity.
(10) The term "Director" means the Director of Food Distribution, United States Department of Agriculture, or any employee of the United States Department of Agriculture designated by such Director.

(b) Restrictions on deliveries. (1) Unless specifically authorized by the Director, no blender or food manufacturer shall accept delivery of edible molasses during any marketing year in excess of 100% of a yearly supply.

(2) No person shall knowingly deliver edible molasses to any person, the acceptance of which by the person to

whom delivery is made is in violation of the terms of this order.

(3) Every blender or food manufacturer, before accepting delivery of edible molasses shall deliver (in duplicate) to his supplier a certificate in substantially the following form properly filled out and manually signed by a duly authorized official:

The undersigned hereby certifies to the United States Department of Agriculture, Food Distribution Administration, and his supplier that the delivery to him of gallons of edible molasses in connection with which this certificate is furnished, will not, taking into consideration edible molasses received or to be received by the undersigned, during this marketing year, from all sources, be in excess of 100% of a yearly supply to which the undersigned as a

(blender or food manufacturer) entitled under the terms of Food Distribution Order No. .., with which the undersigned is familiar.

> Name of deliveree Ву __ Date Duly authorized official

. (4) Each supplier of edible molasses shall forward to the Director of Food Distribution, United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., Ref. FD-51, within 15 days after the end of each month, one original of each certificate received by him during the preceding month pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b) (3) hereof.

(c) Restrictions on use and processing. Unless specifically authorized by the Director, no blender shall process and no food manufacturer shall use, during any calendar quarter, more than a calendar quarterly supply of edible molasses.

(d) Restrictions on use for beverage spirits. Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this order, no person shall accept delivery of, use, or knowingly deliver edible molasses for the manufacture of beverage spirits, unless specifically authorized by the Director.

(e) Intra-company transactions. The prohibitions or restrictions contained in this order with respect to deliveries shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Director, apply not only to deliveries to other persons, including affiliates and subsidiaries,

but also to deliveries from one branch, division, or section of a single enterprise to another branch, division, or section of the same or any other enterprise owned or controlled by the same person.

(f) Audits and inspections. Every person subject to this order shall, upon request, permit inspections, at all reasonable times, of his stocks of edible molasses and premises used in his business, and all of his books, records and accounts shall, upon request, be submitted to audit and inspection by the Director.

(g) Records and reports. Every person subject to this order shall maintain such records for at least two years (or for such other period of time as the Director may designate), and shall execute and file such reports upon such forms and submit such information as the Director may from time to time-request or direct, and within such times as he may prescribe. Persons who produce edible molasses in excess of 1.000 gallons during any marketing year, importers of edible molasses, blenders, food manufacturers, and distributors shall fill out and file a copy of Form FDO-51-1 for each calendar quarter hereafter, beginning with the quarter commencing on April 1, 1943, within 15 days after the end of such calendar quarter, and shall also fill out and file a copy of said form with the Director, covering the calendar quarter ended March 31, 1943, within 15 days after the effective date of this order.

(h) Bureau of the Budget approval. The specific reporting requirements of this order have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942. Further specific record keeping or reporting requirements which may be prescribed by the Director shall be subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(i) Petition for relief from hardship.
Any person affected by this order who considers that compliance herewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship on him may petition in writing (in triplicate) for relief to the Director, setting forth all pertinent facts and the nature of the relief sought. The Director may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate and such action shall be final.

(j) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this order or wilfully conceals a material fact concerning a matter within the jurisdiction of any Department or agency of the United States may be prohibited from receiving or making further deliveries of any material subject to allocation; and such further action may be taken against him as the Director deems appropriate, including recommendations for prosecution under section 35a of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 1940 ed. 80), under paragraph 5 of section 301 of title III of the Second War Powers Act, and under any and all other applicable laws.

(k) General Preference Order No. M-54 partially superseded. This order supersedes General Preference Order No. M-54, as amended (8 F.R. 1020), of the War Production Poard, insofar as said order applies to edible molasses as defined herein, except that as to violations of said order or rights accrued, liabilities incurred, or appeals taken under said order prior to the effective date hereof, said general preference order shall be deemed in full force and effect for the purpose of sustaining any proper suit, action or other proceeding with respect to any such violation, right or liability. Any appeal, pertaining to edible molasses, pending under said general preference order shall be considered under paragraph (i) hereof.

(1) Communications to the Department of Agriculture. All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: Director of Food Distribution, United States Department of Agriculture, Wash-

ington, D. C., Ref.: FD-51.

(m) Territorial extent. The prohibitions and restrictions of this order shall apply only to persons in the forty-eight States of the United States and the District of Columbia.

(n) Effective date. This order shall be effective on April 27th, 1943, as of

12:01 a. m., e. w. t.

(E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; E.O. 9322, 8 F.R. 3807)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

[SEAL] CHESTER C. DAVIS.

Administrator, Food Production
and Distribution Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6407; Filed, April 24, 1943; 3:43 p. m.]

TITLE 8-ALIENS AND NATIONALITY

Chapter I-Immigration and Naturalization Service

[Supp. 6 to General Order C-21]

PART 170—REGISTRATION AND FINGERPRINT-ING OF ALIENS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE ALIEN REGISTRATION ACT, 1940

CERTAIN ALIENS ENTERING THE UNITED STATES
UNDER OFFICIAL ORDERS

APRIL 23, 1943.

Pursuant to the authority contained in sections 32 (c), 34 (a) and 37 (a) of Title III of the Act of June 28, 1940 (54 Stat. 674, 674, 675; 8 U.S.C. 453 (c), 455 (a), 458 (a)), § 90.1, Title 8, Chapter I, Code of Federal Regulations (7 F.R. 6753) and all other authority conferred by law, the following amendments of Part 170 of the said regulations are hereby promulgated.

Paragraphs (b) and (d) of § 170.1 are amended by changing the language in each subsection which now reads "Subject to paragraph (k) of this section" to read "Subject to paragraph (j) of this section".

The following new paragraph (k) is added to § 170.1:

(k) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, any alien tem-

porarily entering the United States (including Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands of the United States) under orders of his Government and in whose case the Secretary of State has waived the requirement of a visa will not be required to be registered and fingerprinted while in the United States in accordance with the orders of his Government, but if he continues to remain in the United States beyond the period required by the orders of his Government, he shall then be required to be registered and fingerprinted in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Part within 30 days from such time.

EARL G. HARRISON,
Commissioner of
Immigration and Naturalization.
Approved:

Francis Biddle, Attorney General.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6446; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:22 a. m.]

TITLE 10-ARMY: WAR DEPARTMENT

Chapter V-Military Reservations and National Cemeteries

PART 54-ARMY EXCHANGES

Sections 54.1 to 54.13, inclusive, are rescinded and the following substituted therefor.

The regulations contained in §§ 54.1 to 54.12, inclusive, are also contained in A. R. 210-65, March 19, 1943, the particular paragraphs being shown in brackets at the end of sections. The regulations in § 54.13 are contained in W. D. Circular 88, March 30, 1943.

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AUTHORITY: §§ 54.1 to 54.13 inclusive issued under R.S. 161; 5 U.S.C. 22.

§ 54.1 Purposes. Exchanges are established for the following purposes:

(a) To supply the persons to whom sales are authorized (§ 54.8) at the lowest possible prices with articles of necessity and convenience not supplied by the Government except as provided in § 54.5 (b) (5).

(b) To make available from profits funds which may be used to afford to military personnel additional facilities for comfort, recreation, and amusement, and to contribute to activities which will foster and increase the physical and spiritual welfare of military personnel. [Par. 3]

§ 54.2 Establishment. Except for the operations of post restaurants as

provided in AR 210-100,1 the establishment or operation as a civilian installation of any of the activities which an exchange is authorized to operate under the provisions of § 54.5 is prohibited. [Par. 4h]

- § 54.3 Legal status. The legal status, rights, and liabilities of Army exchanges, exchange funds, property and personnel, commanding officers, exchange councils and exchange officers, and the rights as to litigation are determined by statute, the decisions of the Courts, the opinions of the Attorney General, and The Judge Advocate General of the Army. Subject to the foregoing and to these regulations, the Chief of Army Exchange Service is authorized to establish by interpretation the policy of the War Department upon the subjects noted. [Par. 8]
- § 54.4 New construction of buildings. Authority of the Secretary of War is required to permit the erection of temporary buildings on military reservations by private individuals or commercial concerns. This authority is not required for construction by exchanges, or when construction contracts between private individuals or commercial concerns and the exchange specify that immediately upon completion of the buildings, title thereto passes to the exchange. [Par.
- § 54.5 Activities—(a) Authorized activities. An exchange may include, when approved by the commanding officer, the following activities and facilities:

(1) Main store, including military

clothing and equipment.

- (2) Branches.
- (3) Warehouses. (4) Soda fountain.
- (5) Beer bar.
- (6) Meat market.
- (7) Vegetable and grocery market. (8) Gasoline filling station.
- (9) Automobile garage and service station.
 - (10) Restaurant or cafeteria.
 - (11) Barber shop.
 - (12) Beauty parlor.
 - (13) Laundry.
 - (14) Watch repair shop.
 - (15) Radio repair shop.
- (16) Tailor shop, including dry cleaning and pressing.
 - (17) Shoe repair shop. (18) Photographic studio.
- (19) Vending and amusement machines.
- (20) Gymnasium, including equipment for outdoor athletics.
- (21) Recreation rooms, including billiard and pool tables, bowling alleys, and equipment for other indoor games when not provided by other services.
- (22) Library supplied with books and periodicals when not provided by other
- (23) Theater in which motion pictures, amateur dramatics, and other entertainment may be conducted, if not provided by other services.
- Administrative regulations of the War Department relating to post restaurants.

- (24) Publication of a periodical.
- (25) Taxicab and bus operation, subject to the following limitations:
- (i) Unless strictly confined to service personnel and civilian Government employees as passengers, an exchange is not authorized to operate a taxicab or bus transportation facility nor to compete in any manner with civilian enterprise in such activity.
- (ii) The exchange may enter into a separate contract with any taxicab or bus company operating on the post, camp, station, or installation under a revocable license from the post commander, under which contract the exchange agrees to act as agent for such company for the sale of tickets entitling the holder to transportation.

(iii) Under the limitations of (b) (1) below, the contract under (ii) above requires the permission of the commanding general of the service command.

- (iv) For its services as such ticket agent the exchange may receive a legal commission. This should not exceed 10 percent of the sales price of such tickets, and no part of such commission may be rebated or allowed in any manner as a credit to the purchaser of such ticket.
- (v) Under the limitations described in (i), (ii), (iii), and (iv) above, exchange coupons of equivalent money cost may be used by ticket purchaser either to obtain transportation tickets or to pay such transportation cost in any manner included within the terms of such con-
- (b) Limitations on activities. (1) Activities other than those enumerated in paragraph (a) of this section will not be added to the business of an exchange without obtaining approval, through the Chief of Army Exchange Service, of the War Department.
- (2) Except at stations located outside the continental limits of the United States and subject to the provisions of § 54.6 (c), articles for sale will be limited to those articles of necessity and convenience as the commanding officer of the post, camp, station, or installation or the commanding general of the service command may determine desirable in view of local conditions. See also § 54.7 (a) (7).
- (3) In all cases where the exchange acts as a collection agency for either a civilian activity or a concessionnaire, its liability will be limited to that of an agent and it will not be bound to perform any part of the customer's contract either by the payment of money or other-
- (4) Field exchanges may sell supplies obtained from quartermaster stores at cost price plus overhead cost fixed by the Secretary of War.
- (5) The sale to enlisted men of regulation trousers, shirts, caps, belts, ties, socks, underwear, insignia, including cloth insignia such as chevrons, shoulder, sleeve, and other patch type insignia, is authorized. The sale of articles of the uniform, except those specified above,

- similar to or as substitute for those issued by the supply service of the Army is forbidden.
- (6) The operation of any gambling device, such as punch boards, slot machines, etc., by or in any exchange or exchange activity is prohibited.
- (7) The sale of or dealing in beer, wine, or any other intoxicating liquors by any person in any exchange or upon any premises used for military purposes by the United States is prohibited. Beer with an alcoholic content of not more than 3.2 percent by weight is considered nonintoxicating. See § 54.12 (g).

(8) A periodical published by an exchange will not carry paid advertising.

- (9) An exchange will not accept any gift or subsidy which might, directly or indirectly, be calculated to cause a preference in the purchase or sale of merchandise
- (c) Concessions. (1) So far as is practicable all of the authorized activities of the exchange will be conducted by the
- (2) Subject to the provisions of (3) and (4) below, and when unusual conditions warrant, concessions may be granted by the exchange officer with the consent of the commanding officer, only for the conduct of activities indicated in paragraph (a) (6) to (18), inclusive, of this section.
- (3) Concessions will not be granted private individuals, firms, or corporations to operate any of the activities of the type listed in (2) above without the approval of the commanding general of the service command, and if the furniture, fixtures, and equipment necessary to operate any such activity are owned by the exchange, in the absence of extenuating circumstances, such approval will not be given.
- (4) A concession contract will be approved only when it embodies the express provision that the concessionaire assumes complete liability for all local taxes applicable to the property, income, and transactions of the concessionaire.
- (5) Contracts with concessionaires will heither state nor imply that any rental is to be charged the concessionaire for occupancy of space in buildings or for the use of utilities or facilities on the military reservation except that fuel, water, or electric services will not be supplied at Government expense for the operation of cooking devices, mechanical equipment, refrigeration, electrical appliances, washing, cleaning, or power machinery for such enterprises as restaurants, tailor shops, barber shops, shoe repair shops, or any other activities operated by the exchange or concessionaires.

The contract will contain provisions that the post authorities retain supervision of the activities and control of prices to be charged.

(6) When concessions occupy real estate not under control of the exchange, a license or lease is required (§52.1 and §§ 52.5-52.16).

(7) A concessionaire is in no sense an agent of the exchange and will not be permitted to represent himself as such to the public by the use of the words
"Exchange" on letter or bill heads, signs, or in any other manner.
(8) The limitations imposed upon

sales by exchanges apply equally to ex-

change concessionaires.

(d) Vending and amusement ma-chines. (1) Vending and amusement machines may be installed in posts. camps, stations, and installations by:

(i) Outright purchase for cash, or in-

stallment contract.

(ii) Rental purchase.

(iii) Loan.

(iv) Rental.

- (2) The negotiating agency for procuring vending and amusement machines at posts, camps, stations, or installations will normally be the ex-
- (3) All vending and amusement machines installed on the post will be under the control of the exchange. Exception is made for those installed in hospitals. service clubs, and messes operated under the provisions of AR 210-60,1 for the benefit of the fund concerned, at the discretion of the post, camp, station, or installation commanding officer, and except where specific War Department authority has been granted under the provisions of AR 210-50.2 [Par. 10]
- § 54.6 Army Exchange Service. The Army Exchange Service is that part of the Army which has jurisdiction over and provides staff supervision of the operation of all Army exchanges, and consists of such officers, enlisted men, and civilian personnel necessary to perform the functions assigned to it.
- (b) This Service will have jurisdiction over, and will be extended to, all exchanges of the Army through appropriate personnel on the staffs of commanding generals of service commands and commanding officers of posts, camps, stations, and installations, at whose directions exchanges have been estab-
- (c) With reference to all Army exchanges, the Army Exchange Service is charged with:

(1) Developing policies, plans, and procedures for and supervising the in-

stallation and operation of:

(i) A uniform and coordinated system of operating procedures, pricing policies, and merchandising methods, including the safeguarding of exchange funds and property, and the determination of permitted types of merchandise to be sold by exchanges.

(ii) Personnel policies and procedures, to include insurance plans, in-service training programs, and training of exchange officers.

(iii) Accounting and auditing methods and procedures

- (iv) Minimum and maximum percentages of gross profits, operating expenses. and net profits.
 - (v) The regulation of dividends.
- (vi) Determination of type of equipment and fixtures to be used by exchanges.
- (vii) Establishment of fees to be paid by exchanges to the Army Exchange Service for services enumerated herein.
- (2) Performing the following functions:
- (i) Providing and prescribing the use of purchasing and fiscal services.
- (ii) Obtaining price agreements from manufacturers and distributors on items purchased by exchanges, and prescribing the use of such price agreements.

(iii) Administrating all funds accruing to the Army Exchange Service.

(iv) Negotiating for and providing funds to be loaned to exchanges under such regulations as the Chief of Army Exchange Service may prescribe.

(3) Transmitting to exchange officers and personnel in an appropriate manner necessary information as to all activities within the scope of the foregoing duties and functions.

(4) Exercising an advisory and policymaking function for the War Department in all other matters within the scope of the foregoing duties and functions. [Par. 11]

- § 54.7 Purchases—(a) For exchange. (1) Except as authorized in (i) and (ii) below and except when such duty has been delegated to an assistant exchange officer, all purchases of merchandise or other property will be made by the exchange officer who will notify all vendors on the purchase order, or by other ap-propriate means, that the contract is made with the exchange and not with the United States Government.
- (i) Exception to the above requirement is authorized, when, by reason of absence on other duty, the exchange officer may not advantageously make such purchases. In these cases the exchange office manager may, when specifically authorized by the commanding officer, make routine purchases in limited quantity.
- (ii) In large exchanges maintaining a purchasing department and stock control system, routine replacement of lines of merchandise handled in the exchange may be made by the head of the purchasing department from a list of dealers authorized by the exchange officer.

(2) The exchange officer will, in all cases, be responsible for the purchase made by any subordinate as authorized in (1) (i) and (ii) above.

(3) Purchases made verbally by the exchange officer, or as provided in (1) (i) and (ii) above, will be confirmed by written purchase order immediately thereafter.

- (4) Inventories will be held to a reasonable minimum.
- (5) Purchases at prices in excess of those published in Army Exchange Service price agreements (§ 54.6 (c)) are not authorized except to supply immediate needs to exchanges operating in the field. or in emergencies due to lost or delayed shipments or other like circumstances, or when procurement, delivery, or price considerations render it to the interest of the exchange to purchase from local distributors.

(6) (i) All purchases within the continental limits of the United States by exchanges located outside the continental limits of the United States will be made through Army Exchange Service.

(ii) Commercial and financial transactions of any type within the United States by exchanges located outside the continental limits of the United States will be conducted only through Army Exchange Service in accordance with provisions prescribed by the Chief of Army Exchange Service.

(7) The purchase or sale by Army exchanges of articles of militar; uniform and equipment not in conformity with the provisions of §§ 79.1 to 79.64, inclu-

sive, is forbidden.

(b) For concessionaires. The purchase by the exchange of material needed by concessionaires in the operation of their concessions is permitted only after all taxes involved, if any, have been advanced by the concessionaire and when such material is not to be resold.

(c) No merchandise will be held on consignment or to be paid for by exchanges when sold. The provisions of this paragraph will not be construed as prohibiting the established business practice of making an agreement, at the time of purchase, for the return to the vendor for credit of unsold seasonable merchandise at a specific time. [Par. 12]

§ 54.8 Sales—(a) To whom made. Exchanges are authorized to sell to the following-named persons and organizations only. Purchases by individuals will be limited as hereinafter set forth.

(1) Personnel and organizations now or hereafter authorized by law and regulation to purchase subsistence stores or other quartermaster supplies as defined in paragraphs 2 and 6, AR 30-2290, may purchase at exchanges. Dependent members of the families of persons so authorized may act as agents for such persons upon proper identification.

(2) Civilians other than those above defined and who are regularly employed or serving at military posts, camps, stations, or installations may purchase for their own consumption on the post, upon proper identification, items of food.

Administrative regulations of the War Department relative to sale of supplies and

Administrative regulations of the War Department relative to post messes.

Administrative regulations of the War

Department relative to unit and similar funds of posts, camps, and stations.

drink, and tobacco products and no other

merchandise of any kind.

(b) Sales to Government. Sales to the Government by exchanges are authorized only in cases where the same class of service cannot be conveniently or reasonably obtained elsewhere and where a direct advantage will accrue to the Government from the method resorted to. In no case will an exchange or concessionaire bidding as such be permitted to enter into public competition or to submit bids in response to advertisements calling for proposals for furnishing supplies or services. When accounts are submitted for sales of the kind described, the vouchers will contain a full statement of the grounds upon which the sale of supplies or services was based and will fully set forth all the circumstances of the transaction with a view to enabling the proper agencies of the United States Government to determine whether such purchase was in the public interest. [Par. 13]

§ 54.9 Personnel—(a) General. (1) So far as is practicable, exchanges will be operated by civilian employees, with Army officers in executive control.

(2) Great care will be exercised in the selection of personnel in order that an efficient and permanent body of civilian employees may be developed. [Par. 15]

§ 54.10 Enlisted employees. (a) The commanding officer of the post, camp, station, or installation may, subject to the approval of the commanding general of the service command, authorize the use of enlisted men in exchanges.

(b) Position responsibility of enlisted employees will be as prescribed for civil-

ian personnel.

(c) The employment of enlisted men by exchange concessionaires is prohibited. [Par. 21]

§ 54.11 Civilian auditors. Under unusual circumstances and only after approval by the commanding general of the service command the commanding officer may authorize the employment of a qualified civilian accounting firm at stated intervals to audit the accounts of the exchange at its expense. In such cases the commanding officer, the exchange council, and the auditing officer retain their full responsibility. The officer designated as the auditing officer may work with the accountant, in which case he is authorized to amend the certificate required of him. [Par. 27]

§ 54.12 Contracts. (a) Under the provisions of the regulations in this part the exchange officer is the contracting officer for the exchange, and he is authorized to execute a contract obligating the exchange.

(b) All contracts and agreements to which exchanges are parties will contain when applicable the statement that such contracts will be terminated when an exchange is liquidated or for other reasons at the option of the exchange.

(c) Contracts on behalf of an exchange will not cover periods of more than 1 year without the approval of the commanding general of the service com-

(d) Proposed concession contracts will be submitted to the commanding general of the service command for approval, as

provided in § 54.5 (c).

(e) All contracts involving future performance will be reduced to writing, signed by the contracting parties, and filed in the records of the exchange.

(f) All contracts that involve the use of Government property not under the control of the exchange will be submitted to the commanding general of the service command for approval.

(g) Contracts involving the sale of 3.2 percent beer entered into in connection with the provisions of § 54.5 (b) (7) of these regulations will, without exception, be accompanied by affidavit of the manufacturer and distributor of such beer certifying that the alcoholic content of such product does not exceed that permitted by these regulations.

(h) (1) Exchange contracts are solely the obligation of the exchange. They are not Government contracts and the distinction between exchange contracts and Government contracts will be observed and clearly indicated at all times.

(2) Contracts for the erection of temporary exchange buildings will contain a statement that the proposed construction is an exchange transaction and that the exchange alone is responsible for the debt, and not the Government.

(i) When applicable, contracts for the erection of temporary buildings will contain a statement that immediately upon completion of the building, title thereto passes to the exchange. See § 54.4.

(j) Notwithstanding the provisions of (a) above, whenever an exchange outside the continental limits of the United States makes purchases within the United States as provided in § 54.7 (a) (6) the fiscal officer appointed for such exchange is, within the scope of his assigned duties under such appointment, the contracting officer for the said exchange in limitation of the functions of the commanding officer and the exchange officer. [Par. 33]

§ 54.13 Liquidation of accounts payable of exchanges lost through enemy action. (a) Creditors of exchanges which have been lost or hereafter may be lost or destroyed through enemy action may file with Army Exchange Service their claims, duly authenticated as hereinafter provided, for the payment of any amount of money lawfully owing to them by such exchange. The claims herein contemplated will be limited to claims for merchandise, equipment, and supplies.

(b) Creditor claims referred to in paragraph (a) of this section will be made on such form or forms as shall be prescribed by the Chief of Army Exchange Service, and will be accompanied by statements under oath of the claimant concerning the facts in support of such claim. Attached to such claim will be certified copies of bills of lading, indicating shipment of goods or merchandise made the subject of such claim, together with such other documents as will be required in each specific case by the Chief of Army Exchange Service to constitute proof thereof. Claimant will state, under oath, whether or not he has received direct or through any person, firm, or corporation payment of any part or portion of the amount represented in said claim for or because of the shipment of merchandise which is the basis of such

(c) The Chief of Army Exchange Service will appoint a board of officers to review and recommend to him necessary action upon any such claim or claims properly filed, as provided in this section.

(d) Subject to the terms of this section and to such rules and regulations as the Chief of Army Exchange Service may hereafter prescribe under the provisions of this section, the creditors of any such exchange will be paid the amounts found by the board (paragraph (c)) to be owing to them respectively by such lost or destroyed exchange or exchanges out of such funds as Army Exchange Service may possess available for such purposes in its reserve fund for contingencies.

(e) Upon the approval of such payment, the creditor claimant will be required, prior to receipt of the amount so approved, to execute an assignment of such claim or claims to the Chief of Army

Exchange Service.

(f) Under the provisions of the assignment provided for in paragraph (e) of this section, Army Exchange Service will be subrogated to all the rights of the creditor so assigning his claim against any person whomsoever, including the exchange to whose account the merchandise represented by such claim was charged, and against any enemy government responsible for the loss or damage occasioned to the exchange in question.

[W. D. Cir. 88, March 30, 1943]

[SEAL]

J. A. ULIO, Major General, The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6356; Filed, April 23, 1943; 4:48 p. m.]

Chapter VIII—Procurement and Disposal of Equipment and Supplies

PART 81—PROCUREMENT OF MILITARY SUP-

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Correction

Section 81.291 (h) (2) of the document appearing on page 5210 of the issue for Wednesday, April 21, 1943 should read:

(2) Service. Notwithstanding the provisions of § 81.108 (d), the term "service" as used in §§ 81.291-81.294 including all

supply services, Army Service Forces; the Matériel Command, Army Air Forces; all service commands, Army Service Forces (including the Military District of Washington); Special Services, Army Service Forces; and Administrative Services, Army Service Forces, with the exception of the Army Exchange Service.

TITLE 17—COMMODITY AND SECU-RITIES EXCHANGES

Chapter II—Securities and Exchange Commission

PART 239—FORMS, SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FORM INSTRUCTION BOOKS AMENDED

Amendment No. 8 to the instruction books for Forms 12K and 12A-K.

The Securities and Exchange Commission, acting pursuant to authority conferred upon it by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, particularly sections 13 and 23 (a) thereof, and deeming such action necessary and appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors, and necessary for the execution of the functions vested in it by the said Act, hereby amends paragraph 3 under the caption "Instructions as to Exhibits" in the Instruction Books for Forms 12-K and 12A-K to read as follows:

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1, above, any registrant filing a copy of Form A may, if it so desires, file a copy of Form A leaving blank any or all pages, schedules or items except the following:

the following:
Schedules 102; 103; 104A; 104B; 108; 109; 110; 200A; 200L; 200A (System); 200L (System); 200L (System); lines 40, 48, 56, 57, 58 and 59 of 211; 212; 214; 215; 216; 217; 218; 221; 251; 251A; 252; 261N; 261E; 261 I; 110A; 261P; 263; 282; 283; 284; 285; 286; 287; 288; 289; 290; 295; 300 I; 300P 300D; 300 I (System); 300P (System) 310; lines 101, 102, 103, 142, 143, 144, 155, 210, 215, 223, 225, 240, 241 and 242 of 320; 321; 350; 371; 371A; 383; 383A; 396; 411; 412, classes 800, 810, 820, 830, 840, 850, 710 and 860 of 541; Divisions 1, 2 and 801 of 561; 562; 563; 581; paragraphs 3 and 4 of 591; and verification.

If this privilege is exercised, all applicable instructions of the Interstate Commerce Commission should be followed in filling out the various schedules subject to the provisions of paragraph 4 below

Effective April 23, 1943. By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6413; Filed, April 24, 1943; 4:26 p. m.]

TITLE 22—FOREIGN RELATIONS

Chapter III—Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals

[Revision V]

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of State, acting in conjunction with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Commerce, the Board of Economic Warfare, and the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs, by Proclamation 2497 of the President of July 17, 1941 (6 F.R. 3555), The Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals, Revision IV of November 12, 1942 and Supplements 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 thereto, are superseded by the following Revision V of the List, which is hereby promulgated.

By direction of the President:

Cordell Hull,
Secretary of State.
Randolph Paul,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.
Francis Biddle,
Attorney General.
Jessie H. Jones,
Secretary of Commerce.

MILO PERKINS,

Executive Director

Board of Economic Warfare.

Nelson A. Rockefeller,

Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs.

APRIL 23, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6410; Filed, April 24, 1943; 4:22 p. m.]

Chapter IV-Medal for Merit Board

PART 800—REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE MEDAL FOR MERIT

By virtue of the authority vested in the Medal for Merit Board by Executive Order 9331, dated April 19, 1943 (supra), authorizing the issuance of rules and regulations governing the award of the Medal for Merit pursuant to section 2 of the act of July 20, 1942 (56 Stat. 602), the following regulations are hereby made and issued.

Sec

800.1 Citizens of the United States.

800.2 Citizens of other nations.

800.3 Recommendations.

800.4 Restrictions on award.

800.5 Determinations by Medal for Merit Board.

800.6 Authority to issue and manner of presentation.

800.7 Succeeding awards.

§ 800.1 Citizens of the United States.
(a) Civilian citizens of the United States

¹Filed with the Division of the Federal Register in The National Archives. Requests for printed copies should be addressed to the Federal Reserve Banks or the Department of State. shall be eligible for the Medal for Merit if they have, since the proclamation of an emergency by the President on September 8, 1939, distinguished themselves by exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services.

(b) Recommendations may be submitted to the Medal for Merit Board (hereinafter referred to as "the Board") by any individual having personal knowledge of the facts of the exceptionally meritorious conduct of the candidate in the performance of outstanding services, either as an eyewitness or from the testimony of others who have personal knowledge or were eyewitnesses.

(c) Recommendations shall be accompanied by such certificates or affidavits, further explained in § 800.3 hereof, as may be obtainable from any individuals who have personal knowledge of the service for which such recommendation is made, and shall show that the candidate distinguished himself by exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services.

(d) Each recommendation shall contain a draft of an appropriate citation to be rendered with the award of the Medal for Merit.

(e) Recommendations shall be forwarded through the appropriate channels of the agency concerned to the Chairman of the Board. If such recommendation originates with a Federal, State, or local government agency, it shall be forwarded directly by such agency to the Chairman of the Board. If the recommendation originates with any person or persons, or with any organization other than a Federal, State, or local government agency, it shall be transmitted direct to the Board.

(f) Each case shall be submitted separately and the recommendation shall be treated as strictly confidential both by the originating agency and the Board and no publicity shall be given such recommendation until such time as an award is made in the discretion of the President.

§ 800.2 Citizens of other nations.

(a) Civilian citizens of nations other than the United States shall be eligible for the Medal for Merit if they are citizens of any nation prosecuting the war under the joint declaration of the United Nations or of other friendly nations, and if they have, since the proclamation of an emergency by the President on September 8, 1939, distinguished themselves by exceptionally meritorious or courageous act or acts in furtherance of the war efforts of the United Nations.

(b) Recommendations may be submitted to the Board by any person having personal knowledge of the facts of the distinguished performance of an exceptionally meritorious or courageous act or acts, of the candidate, in furtherance of the war efforts of the United Nations, either as an eyewitness or from

the testimony of persons who have personal knowledge or were eyewitnesses.

(c) Recommendations shall be accompanied by such certificates or affidavits, further explained in § 800.3 hereof, as may be obtainable from any individuals who have personal knowledge of the performance of an exceptionally meritorious or courageous act or acts in furtherance of the war efforts of the United Nations. Such recommendations shall be submitted to the Secretary of State of the United States for prior approval before submission to the Board.

(d) Each recommendation shall contain a draft of an appropriate citation to be rendered with the award of the Medal

(e) Recommendations shall be forwarded through the appropriate channels of the agency concerned to the Chairman of the Mecal for Merit Board. If such recommendation originates with one of the United Nations, it shall first be submitted to the Secretary of State of the United States for prior approval before submission to the Board.

(f) Each case shall be submitted separately and the recommendations shall be treated as strictly confidential both by the originating agency and the Board and shall be accompanied by proper evidence of the fact that the candidate was a citizen of a friendly foreign nation, as

described in § 800.2 (a) hereof.

§ 800.3 Recommendations. (a) Each basic recommendation for an award shall show the exact status, at the time of the rendition of the service on which the recommendation is based, with respect to citizenship, employment, and all other material factors, of the person who is being recommended for the Medal for Merit.

(b) Testimony shall be submitted showing in detail the basis for the recommendation of the award of the Medal for Merit. Such testimony shall be in the form of written statements sup-ported by affidavits executed in accordance with applicable laws of the States of the United States or in accordance with applicable laws of other friendly or any of the United Nations.

(c) Where recommendations are based upon longevity of service, information shall be included as to the exact periods of such service and shall be rendered in such detail that the Board may determine whether the service performed was. in fact, of such a character as to meet the requirements as to service and merit.

(d) When any recommendation for the award of the Medal for Merit to a citizen of the United States is supported by an official record of any Federal. State, or local government agency or of any corporation or person or persons, such fact shall be stated, and there shall accompany the recommendation certified copies of the record if practicable.

(e) In all instances greater emphasis shall be placed on the written statements supporting the recommendation than on the substance of the citation.

§ 800.4 Restrictions on award. No military personnel shall be eligible for this award.

§ 800.5 Determinations by Medal for Merit Board. All recommendations shall be submitted to the Board and final action shall always be taken by the Board with respect to every recommendation.

§ 800.6 Authority to issue and manner of presentation. The President of the United States has sole authority to make an award of the Medal for Merit and the presentation thereof shall be made by him or at his direction.

§ 800.7 Succeeding awards. No more than one Medal for Merit shall be awarded to any one person; but for each succeeding service, or act or acts, to justify an award of the Medal for Merit, a Bronze Oak Leaf Cluster shall be awarded in lieu thereof.

> CORDELL HULL, Secretary of State, Chairman. HENRY L. STIMSON, Secretary of War. FRANK KNOX, Secretary of the Navy.

Approved: April 19, 1943. FRANKLIN D ROOSEVELT

The White House.

(F. R. Doc. 43-6457; Filed, April 24, 1943; 4:24 p. m.]

TITLE 29-LABOR

Chapter VII-War Manpower Commission

[Amendment 1]

PART 903-MINIMUM WARTIME WORKWEEK OF 48 HOURS

EXCLUSIONS

By virtue of authority vested in me as Chairman of the War Manpower Commission by Executive Order No. 9301 establishing a minimum wartime workweek of 48 hours, and by Executive Orders Nos. 9139 and 9279, paragraph (c) of § 903.7 of this chapter is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 903.7 Exclusions: 1 * *

(c) Of persons in the employ of any State or any political subdivision thereof, the District of Columbia, any foreign government, the legislative or judicial branches of the Federal Government, or any instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing;

(E.O. 9139, 9279, 9301, 7 F.R. 2919, 10177, 8 F.R. 1825)

> PAUL V. McNUTT. Chairman.

APRIL 14, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6360; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:39 a. m.]

TITLE 30-MINERAL RESOURCES

Chapter III-Bituminous Coal Division [Docket No. A-1921]

PART 321-MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE. DISTRICT No. 1

ORDER GRANTING RELIEF

Order granting temporary relief and conditionally providing for final relief in the matter of the petition of District Board No. 1 for the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for the coals of certain mines and for changes in shipping points for the coals of certain other mines in District No. 1,

An original petition, pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, having been duly filed with this Division by the above-named party, requesting the establishment, both temporary and permanent, of price classifications and minimum prices for the coals of certain mines in District No. 1 and requesting changes in shipping points for the coals of certain other mines also located in District No. 1; and

It appearing that a reasonable showing of necessity has been made for the granting of temporary relief in the manner hereinafter set forth; and

No petitions of intervention having been filed with the Division in the above-

entitled matter; and The following action being deemed necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Act;

It is ordered, That, pending final disposition of the above-entitled matter, temporary relief is granted as follows: Commencing forthwith, § 321.7 (Alphabetical list of code members) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R, and § 321.24 (General prices) is amended by adding thereto Supplement T, which supplements are hereinafter set forth and hereby made a part hereof.

It is further ordered. That pleadings in opposition to the original petition in the above-entitled matter and applications to stay, terminate or modify the temporary relief herein granted may be filed with the Division within forty-five (45) days from the date of this order, pursuant to the rules and regulations governing practice and procedure before the Bituminous Coal Division in proceedings instituted pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937

It is further ordered, That the relief herein granted shall become final sixty (60) days from the date of this order, unless it shall otherwise be ordered.

Temporary relief only is granted with respect to the request of petitioner for permission to mix coals for Mine Index Nos. 3960, 1023, 3762, 3763, 224 and 225, of the reason that insufficient facts have been presented upon which to base a final determination. Accordingly, an order has been issued severing that portion of Docket No. A-1921 which relates

¹⁸ F.R. 2641.

to them and designment II.

Docket No. A-1921, Part II.

No relief is granted for the Arcadia

No. 96 Mine, Mine Index No. 3744, of

request relating to this mine was granted in Docket No. A-1899. Dated: April 10, 1943. [SEAL]

DAN H. WHEELER,

TEMPORARY AND CONDITIONALLY FINAL EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICES FOR DISTRICT NO. 1 Norrs: The material contained in these supplements is to be read in the light of the classifications, prices, instructions, exceptions and other provisions contained in Part 321, Minimum Price Schedule for District No. 1 and supplements thereto.

§ 321.7 Alphabetical list of code members-Supplement FOR ALL SHIPMENTS EXCEPT TRUCK

[Alphabetical listing of code members having railway loading facilities, showing price classifications by size group numbers]

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Freight origin group No.	47	45	45	112	44	44	44	44	23	44	44	45	99	49	45	44
Railroad	C. & B. L.	B&O PRR PRR	PRR	B&0	NYC	NYO	NYO	NYO	PRR	NYC	NYO	PRR	C&P	PRR	PRR	NYO
Shipping point	Johnstown, Pa.	Juneau, Pa Philipsburg, Pa. Osceola Mills, Pa. W. Moshannon,	Pa. 1 Osceola Mills, Pa. W. Moshannon,	Clarksburg, Pa.	Hawk Run, Pa.	Hawk Run, Pa.	Karthaus, Pa	Karthaus, Pa	Twin Rocks, Pa.	Hooverhurst,	Shawsville, Pa	Brisbin, Pa.1	Barton, Md	Windber, Pa	Grampian, Pa	Shawsville, Pa
Seam	0,	国和ロ	Α	Pittsburgh.	B	D	臣	D	A'	E	0	E	Pittsburgh.	В	D	0
Subdistrict No.	29	218	21	22	00	00	6	6	26	12	00	21	43	33	7	00
Mine name	Jennings #6	Galentine Gray Hollow Brookwood Shaft #2.	Brookwood Shaft #3.	Peacock	Ashman #6	Ashmam #7	Hoffman #3	Hoffman #4	Shearer #1	Prushnok	Mary Ellen #2.	Rounsley #2	Russell	Stewman #1	Thomas #2	Aurora #6
Code member	Anderson, J. Bruce (Helen Jennings	Armstrong, Paul J., Bailey, Robert Brookwood Shaft, Inc., c/o William O. Gulbranson.	Brookwood Shaft, Inc., c/o William O. Gulbranson.	Grande, Louis A. (Peacock Coal	Hill Bros. (Coal)	Hill Bros. (Coal)	Hoffman Brothers (James E. Hoff-	Hoffman Brothers (James E. Hoff.	McFadden, John U. (Jackson Hill	Prushnok, J. P.	Redding, Thomas (Mary Ellen Coal	Rounsley Coal Co.	Russell Mining Co. (George F. Hazel-	Stewart & Foreman (John F. Fore-	Thomas Bros. House Coal (Clif-	ton Thomas). Walker, Ray S. (Bradford Coal Co.).
Mine index	3954	3960 3956 3762	3763	2963	3951	3952	3949	3950	3953	3958	1779	8188	3848	3909	3570	3957

Noru.—The above prices are applicable only via the respective freight origin groups, shipping points and railroads are hereby deleted. Indicates no classifications and prices for these size groups. Indicates change in shipping point.

[Prices in cents per net ton for shipment into all market areas] General prices-Supplement T FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS \$ 321.24

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A 2" and under, slack	€ €€€		€ €€€€	€€€	€8 €		CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	The same of
Eunofmine modified M/M	245	28 28	2450 240 250 250 250 250	250 245 235	240 240	220	265	240
Double screened, top	€ €€€		E BEEE	€ €€	€ 25 €	€ €	€ €€	240
All lump coal, double screened, top size	€ €€€	265	E EEEE	€€€	(†)	€ €	€ €€	265
Seam	C. E. Bakerstown	A A	Pittsburgh D E	D. B.	Brush Creek	E	B BC	В
County	Cambria Indiana Clearfield.	Indiana Clearfield.	Somerset Clearfield Clearfield	Clearfield. Indiana	Somerset Cambria	Clearfield.	Somerset	Clarion
sub-district No.	62 21 × 24	22 2 2	2 2 8 8 8 8	10 0	26	1 12 84	85 85 x	
Mine	Jennings #6GalentineGray Hollow	Arcadia #96. Brookwood Shaft #2. Brookwood Shaft #3.	Peacock Pine Coal Co Ashman #6 Ashman #7 Hoffman #3	Louis Krevel Haskell G. Kunes	Rock Vein	Rounsley #2	Stewman #1.	Weaver & Schet- tler #2.
Mine index No.	3954 3960 3956 3956	3744 3762 3763	3935 3951 3952 3949	3950 3955 3955	3917	3848	3909 3934	3959
Code member index	Bruce (Helen Jen- Co.). Paul J	H. C. Sold Shaft, Inc., % Wil- od Shaft, Inc., % Wil- od Shaft, Inc., % Wil- of Gubranson.	ad W. (Peacock oal) (W. D. Hill). oal) (W. D. Hill). others (James E.	Hoffman Brothers (James E. S Hoffman). Krevel, Louis.	McFadden, John U. (Jackson a	Co. (George	ohn Thomas)	ENGINEERS OF

findicates no classifications and prices for these size groups.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6294; Filed, April 23, 1943; 10:10 a. m.]

PART 322-MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE, [Docket No. A-1913] DISTRICT NO. 2

ORDER GRANTING RELIEF

conditionally providing for final relief in the matter of the petition of District Board No. 2 for the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for rail shipments and changes in ship-Order granting temporary relief and

ping points for the coals of certain mines in District No. 2.

tion 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, having been duly filed with this Division by the above-named party, recations and minimum prices and questing the establishment, both temporary and permanent, of price classifibers and the shipping points for the coals of certain mines in District No. 2; and An original petition, pursuant to secchanges in the freight origin group num0 EEE

16 田田

ceedings instituted pursuant to section

the Bituminous Coal Division in pro-4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of

ing of necessity has been made for the It appearing that a reasonable showgranting of temporary relief in the manner hereinafter set forth; and

of intervention having been filed with the Division in the aboveentitled matter; and No petitions

supplement is hereinafter set forth and mencing forthwith, the freight origin

by adding thereto Supplement R, which hereby made a part hereof; and com-

> The following action being deemed necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Act;

It is ordered, That, pending final dis-position of the above-entitled matter,

Price Schedule for District No. 2 and supplements thereto.

group numbers and the shipping points heretofore established for these mines. betical list of code members) is amended temporary relief is granted as follows: Commencing forthwith, § 322.7 (Alpha-

temporary relief herein granted may be filed with the Division within forty-five (45) days from the date of this order, pursuant to the rules and regulations It is further ordered, That pleadings governing practice and procedure before in opposition to the original petition in the above-entitled matter and applications to stay, terminate or modify the

points

appearing in the aforesaid Supplement

group numbers and the shipping

It is further ordered, That the relief herein granted shall become final sixty (60) days from the date of this order,

unless it shall otherwise be ordered. Dated: April 9, 1943.

DAN H. WHEELER, [SEAL]

fective in place of the freight origin

TEMPORARY AND CONDITIONALLY FINAL EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICES FOR DISTRICT NO. 2 R for mines mentioned therein are ef-

Alphabetical list of code members-Supplement R FOR ALL SHIPMENTS EXCEPT TRUCK \$ 322.7

Nore: The material contained in this supplement is to be read in the light of the classifications, prices, instructions, exceptions, and other provisions contained in Part 322, Minimum

[Alphabetical listing of code members having railway loading facilities, showing price classification by size group numbers]

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	3	Lake Lynn, Pa. ¹ Puritan #7, Sid	Siding, Uniontown, Pa. Geneva Ovens Siding, Martin, N	Yukon, Pa.1 Refractory Siding, Ivywood, Pa.1. Ivywood, Pa., Culmerville, Pa.1.	Reilly Siding, Uniontown, Pa.1.
-dı	ict io.	3 Lake	3 Gene	9 Yuk 1 Refr	3 Rei
Sub-	trict No.	3 Lake	3 Gene	9 Yuk 1 Refr	3 Rei
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		Pittsburgh 3	Pittsburgh 3	Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
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	Seam	Pittsburgh 3	Pittsburgh 3	Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
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	Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 1, Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
	Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 1, Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
	Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 1, Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
	Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 1, Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
8-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	Mine name Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 1, Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
8-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	Mine name Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
8-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	Mine name Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
8-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	Mine name Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
8-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	Mine name Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
8-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
	Mine name Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
	Mine name Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
	Mine name Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
	Mine name Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
	Mine name Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3
	Code member Mine name Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Highway Coal Co., The Stewart #1 Mine (S) Weinberg (S) U. Freeport Sarver Standard Coal Co., c/o D. C. Stewart #1 Mine Coal Company c/o Culmerville Coal Coal Company c/o Culmerville Coal Coal Coal Company coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal C	Pittsburgh 3
	Code member Mine name Seam	Jounings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (S) 3	F&H. 3	Highway Coal Co., The Stewart #1 Mine (S) Weinberg (S) U. Freeport Sarver Standard Coal Co., c/o D. C. Stewart #1 Mine Coal Company c/o Culmerville Coal Coal Company c/o Culmerville Coal Coal Coal Company coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal C	Pittsburgh 3
	Code member Mine name Seam	Jennings Pittsburgh 3 Kelley Strip (8) Pittsburgh 3	F&H. 3	Weinberg (S) Redstone 9 U. Freeport 1 Coal Hollow 1. Preeport 1	Pittsburgh 3

findicates no prices or classifications effective for these size groups.

NOTE: The above prices are applicable only

via the respective freight origin groups, shipping points, and railroads shown for the respective mines. Freight origin groups, ship-

1 Indicates change in shipping point

in the matter of the petition of District Board No. 9 for the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices and for other relief for the coals of certain mines.

tion 4 Π (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, having been duly filed with cations and minimum prices, and also An original petition, pursuant to secthis Division by the above-named party, requesting the establishment, both temporary and permanent, of price classififor changes in shipping points; and

Note: All mines in Freight Origin Group No. 136 will take the same necessary or per-

No. 136 will take the same necessary or permissible adjustments as Freight Origin Group Nore: In § 322.9 (c) in Minimum Price Schedule add the mine index numbers in groups shown. Group No. 5, 2341; Group No. 6, 2550, 2616; Group No. 7, 492, 1618;

No. 30.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6295; Filed, April 23, 1943;

Group No. 9, 1477, 1954.

10:10 a.m.

ping points, and railroads previously assigned

to these mines are hereby deleted.

ing of necessity has been made for the tions of intervention have been filed with the Division in the above-entitled matter; and the following action being deemed necessary in order to effectuate manner hereinafter set forth: no peti-It appearing that a reasonable show. granting of temporary relief in the purposes of the Act;

position of the above-entitled matter, It is ordered, That, pending final dis-

Act of 1937.

betical list of code members) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R, and temporary relief is granted as follows: Commencing forthwith, § 329.5 (Alphament T. which supplements are hereinafter set forth and hereby made a part § 329.24 (General prices in cents per net ton for shipment into any market area) is amended by adding thereto Supplehereof.

It is further ordered. That pleadings temporary relief herein granted may be filed with the Division within forty-five pursuant to the rules and regulations fore the Bituminous Coal Division in tion 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal in opposition to the original petition in tions to stay, terminate or modify the the above-entitled matter and applica-(45) days from the date of this order, proceedings instituted pursuant to secgoverning practice and procedure be-

It is further ordered, That the relief (60) days from the date of this order, herein granted shall become final sixty unless it shall otherwise be ordered. 'Indicates change in freight origin group.

No relief is granted herein for the spect to this mine has not been approved Reis) for the reason that the Code Memof the Green River Mine (C. A. bership Acceptance submitted with reby the Division. coals

No relief is granted herein as to that part of the petition requesting the establishment of a price of \$2.85 for Size Group 7 coals produced by Bell Mine No. 1. Mine Index No. 506 of Mid-Continent Coal and Transportation Company in District No. 9, for the reasons set forth in the order designating the portion of Docket No. A-1918 relating to such relief as Docket No. A-1918, Part II.

Dated: April 9, 1943.

DAN H. WHEELER,

Order granting temporary relief and conditionally providing for final relief

ORDER GRANTING RELIEF

329-MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE.

PART

No. 9

DISTRICT

Docket No. A-19181

TEMPORARY AND CONDITIONALLY FINAL EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICES FOR DISTRICT NO. 9

General prices in cents per net ton for shipment into any market area—Supplement T—Continued

\$ 329.24

Mine Index No.

Code member index

cations, prices, instructions, exceptions and other provisions contained in Part 329, Minimum Nore: The material contained in these supplements is to be read in the light of the classifi-Price Schedule for District No. 9 and supplements thereto.

Alphabetical list of code members-Supplement R. FOR ALL SHIPMENTS EXCEPT TRUCK

-														
On Contract	Railroad	L&N.	L&N. IO-L&N.	IC.	L&N.	L&N-IC.	IO-L&N.	L&N. IO. IO.	IC. L&N-IC. L&N.	IO-L&N.	L&N-IO.	L&N.	L&N.	L&N-IG.
	Shipping point	Mondray 1	Drakesboro	Beaver Dam	Kronos-Centertown	Central City	Providence	Centertown Pond	Greenville Madisonville Earlington	Madisonville	Nortonville Greenville	Morton Medisonville		
	Freight origin group	30	30	40	30	4 40	90	1000	40	40	999	40	40	10
	Seam	11	11 8	6	6	11 9	6	111	11 9	11 6	116	6	11	11 9
	Mine	Pond Valley	Carbon Hill	Hinton	Hi-Speed	House	Jenkins #2	Joy Pond River Mercer #2	Moore Barnsley No. 1	Evitts Strip	Schwab Rocky Knob	Walker #2	North Diamond	Wells Cox #4
Control of the Contro	Producer	Benson, H. A. (Pond Valley	Blackwell, John Frankling Clements (Chesley	Hinton, John	Hi-Speed Coal Co. (W. L.	House, Cecil P. Laffoon & Webb (Dexter Laf-	Jenkins, Charles F. (Jenkins	Leach Bros. (Joy Leach) Mauger Construction Co.	Moore, Hester Newman & Brackett (Murel E.	Poupore, J. T. Robinson, R. E.	Schwab, E. H. Vincent, Jim R.	Walker, J. B	West Kentucky Coal Company.	O'Bannon, Ed.
3.5.	index No.	24	681 293	1066	1069	765 546	1067	1061 1073 1068	1065	1074	321	1075	1076	385

1 Shipping Point, Drakesboro, Kentucky is no longer applicable.
2 Shipping Point, Dawson Springs, Kentucky is no longer applicable.
3 Freight Origin Group 10 is no longer applicable.
4 Freight Origin Group 10 is no longer applicable.

Nore.—The f. o. b. mine prices for coal shipped by Mine index Nos. 24, 681, 293, 1066, 1069, 765, 546, 1067, 1061. (1973, 1098, 1045, 409, 291, 1071, 1071, 281, 1076, 285 to any market area in any size group and for any use, including Railroad Locomotive Fuel, are the same as the prices shown for Beech Oreek Coal Company, Mine Index No. 1, in Price Schedule No. 1 for District No. 9, For All Bidpments Except Truck.

NOTE.—The f. o. b. mine price for coal shipped by Mine Index No. 1077 to any market area in size group 14 only and for any use, including Raliroad Locomother's Fred, is the same as the price shown for size group 14 for Beech Creek and for any use, including Raliroad Locomother's Fred, is the same as the price shown for size group 14 for Beech Creek and Company, Beech Creek Mine, Mine Index No. 1, Price Schedule No. 1 for District No. 9, For All Shipments and for any use, in Coal Company, I Except Truck.

FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS

General prices in cents per net ton for shipment into any market area-Supplement T 329.24

Mine
HANCOCK COUNTY Corley & Laslie (Lonnie Corley) 1000 Corley & Laslie Stray
Jenkins, Charles F. (Jenkins 1067 Jenkins #2.

125 120 125 120 125 120 125 120 125 120 125 125 125 125 125 26, 55 12 55555 55 55 210 200 190 180 175 165 165 155 145 145 115 210 200 190 180 175 165 165 145 115 115 210 200 190 180 175 165 165 155 145 115 20 200 190 180 175 165 165 155 145 115 210 200 190 180 175 165 165 165 145 115 210 200 190 180 175 165 165 165 145 115 Prices and size group Nos. 210 200 190 180 175 165 165 155 145 145 115 210 200 190 180 175 165 165 165 145 145 115 210 200 190 180 175 165 165 165 145 145 115 210 200 190 180 175 165 165 155 145 115 13, 12,12 6 00 7 9 10 4 60 1.07 Seam #11 #11 #9-#111 # #9 Pond River..... Walker #2..... North Diamond Mercer #2..... Evitts Stripp.... Hinton Hi-Speed Mine Joy---1073 1065 1075 1076 1068 1074 1071 1069

HOPKINS COUNTY-COD.

Mercer, Denford Poupore, J. T. Vincent, Jim R.

OHIO COUNTY

MUHLENBERG COUNTY

22222

83,83

[F. R. Doc. 43-6291; Filed, April 23, 1943; 10:10 a. m.]

1066

Hinton, John Leach Bros. (Joy Leach) Hi-Speed Coal Company (W. L. Hailey).

PART 330-MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE, Docket No. A-1928] DISTRICT No. 10

ORDER GRANTING RELIEF

Board No. 10 for establishment of price Order granting temporary relief and classifications and minimum prices for conditionally providing for final relief in the matter of the petition of District Mine Index No. 1626.

of Tripp & McCoy (W. N. Tripp), in this Division by the above-named party, ications and minimum prices for the oals of Tripp Mine, Mine Index No. 1626 tion 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, having been duly filed with requesting the establishment, both temporary and permanent, of price classi-An original petition, pursuant to sec-District No. 10; and

ng of necessity has been made for the It appearing that a reasonable showranting of temporary relief in the manier hereinafter set forth; and

No petitions of intervention having

een filed with the Division in the above-

ntitled matter; and

necessary in order to effectuate the pur-The following action being

It is ordered, That, pending final disposition of the above-entitled matter. temporary relief is granted as follows: Commencing forthwith, § 330.25 (Genment into all market areas) is amended supplement is hereinafter set forth and eral prices in cents per net ton for shipby adding thereto Supplement T. hereby made a part hereof. poses of the Act;

temporary relief herein granted may be filed with the Division within forty-five It is further ordered, That pleadings tions to stay, terminate or modify the regulations governing practice and procedure before in opposition to the original petition in (45) days from the date of this order, the Bituminous Coal Division in proceedings instituted pursuant to section 4 II the above-entitled matter and applicapursuant to the rules and

It is further ordered, That the relief herein granted shall become final sixty (60) days from the date of this order, (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937. unless it shall otherwise be ordered

DAN H. WHEELER. Dated: April 10, 1943. [SEAL]

TEMPORARY AND CONDITIONALLY FINAL EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICES FOR DISTRICT NO. 10 Nore: The material contained in this supplement is to be read in the light of the classifications, prices, instructions, exceptions and other provisions contained in Part 330, Minimum Price Schedule for District No. 10 and supplements thereto.

FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS

General prices in cents per net ton for shipment into all market areas—Supplement T \$ 330.25

of 1937.

Code member index	Mine	Wine	Soom				Pri	Prices and size group Nos.	nd si	IS 92	dno	Nos.					
	No.			-	23	60	4	10	9	2	00	6	10	10 11 12 13 14 15	12	13	14
SECTION NO. 10							-						1	1			1
WILLIAMSON COUNTY	100				46							SI	His	The second	19		
Tripp & McCoy (W. 1626 Tripp	1626	Tripp	. 5	220 220 220 205 200 195 186 165 155 155 155 155 135	220	220	202	200	195	185	165	155	155	155	155	135	135 70

[F. R. Doc. 43-6293; Filed, April 23, 1943; 10:10 a. m.]

Docket No. A-1896

PART 333-MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE, DISTRICT NO. 13

ORDER GRANTING RELIEF

price classifications and minimum prices Order granting temporary relief and conditionally providing for final relief in the matter of the petition of District Board No. 13 for the establishment of for the coals of certain mines in District

fications and minimum prices for the Act of 1937, having been duly filed with An original petition, pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal this Division by the above-named party, requesting the establishment, both temporary and permanent, of price classicoals produced at certain mines in District No. 13; and

ing of necessity has been made for the It appearing that a reasonable showgranting of temporary relief in the manner hereinafter set forth; and

No petitions of intervention having been filed with the Division in the aboveentitled matter; and

The following action being deemed

necessary in order to effectuate the pur-

prices) is amended by adding thereto Commencing forthwith, § 333.6 (General It is ordered, That pending final disthe above-entitled matter, temporary relief is granted as follows: poses of the Act: position of

R-II, § 333.7 (Special prices-(c) Prices and for exclusive use of railroads) is for delivery via the Tennessee River to is amended by adding thereto Supplement T-I, and § 333.43 (General prices in cents per net ton for shipment into (a) Prices for shipment to all railroads amended by adding thereto Supplement for shipment by railroad, applicable to all coal sold for steamship vessel fuel) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R-IV, § 333.25 (b) (Prices for shipment to all railroads for locomotive fuel, sta-§ 333.34 (General prices in cents per net all market areas) is amended by adding amended by adding thereto Supplement tion heating, power plants and other uses) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R-V, § 333.27 (Prices for shipment by river (free alongside) for all uses (except for railway locomotive fuel) a. s. consumers in the States of Tennessee and Alabama) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R-VI, ton for shipment into all market areas) which supplements are hereinafter set Supplement R-1, § 333.7 (Special pricesforth and hereby made a part hereof. prices) thereto Supplement T-II and § 333.24 (General R-III.

It is further ordered, That pleadings in opposition to the original petition in tions to stay, terminate or modify the temporary relief herein granted may be filed with the Division within forty-five the above-entitled matter and applica-

classifications and minimum prices were established in Docket No. A-1606, is the same mine as the Metz Mine, Mine Index No. 967. Accordingly, as requested fications and minimum prices estabin the original petition herein, the separate designation of the Metz No. 2 Mine, Mine Index No. 1633, and the price classition 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act pursuant to the rules and regulations (45) days from the date of this order, fore the Bituminous Coal Division in herein granted shall become final sixty proceedings instituted pursuant to sec-It is further ordered, That the relief governing practice and procedure be-

lished therefor are hereby cancelled, Dated: April 9, 1943.

DAN H. WHEELER, [SEAL] It appears that the Metz No. 2 Mine, Mine Index No. 1633, for which price (60) days from the date of this order unless it shall otherwise be ordered.

NOTE: The material contained in these supplements is to be read in the light of the classifications, prices, instructions, exceptions and other provisions contained in Part 383, Minimum Price Schedule for District No. 13 and supplements thereto.

§ 333.6 General prices-Supplement R-I

Prices f. o. b. mines for shipment by railroad, applicable for all uses except railroad locmotive fuel, steamship bunker for by mines for shipment by railroad and blacksmithing]

Freight origin group	31	*	10	101	E 101
Seam	Black Creek	Underwood	Harkness	Black Creek Black Creek Black Creek	Black Creek Black Creek Black Creek
Sub- dis- trict No.		-	1		
Mine	Scratch Out	#10	Cardwell #2	Colburn #5½ Bowlin #12	Wideman #1 Wideman #4
Code member	BLOUNT COUNTY, ALA. Hill, Mack (Mack Hill Cosl Company)	ETOWAH COUNTY, ALA. Sullivan, J. F.	Elgin, R. T.	MARION COUNTY, ALA. Colburn, W. J. (Colburn Mining Co.) Whitehead, C. W. Whitehead, C. W.	WALKER COUNTY, ALA. Guthrie, C. B. Guthrie, C. B.
Mine index No.	1196	1232	41742	5 1734 6 1732 6 1733	7 1350 7 1528 7 1529

1 Shipping point: Warrier, Ala. Railroad: L&N. Change in shipping point. Shipping point at Trafford, Ala., shall no longer be applicable.

1 Shipping point: Oncourta, Ala. Railroad: L&N. Change in shipping point. Shipping point at Inland, Ala, shall no longer be applicable.

2 Shipping point: Alonoua, Ala. Railroad: L&N. This mine shall have in Size Group 13, on each respective price as is listed thereon for Mine Index No. 270 (Sallivan, J. R., #44 Bull Mollow mine, Frice Schedule No. 2), and will be included in Group No. 133.

2 Shipping Point: McComb, Ala. Railroad: C of G. This mine shall have in Size Groups 12, 13, 17, 18 and 24, on each respective price table, the same prices as are listed thereon for Mine Index No. 751 (Eigin, R. T. (Dr.), Cardwell mine, Frice Schedule No. 2) and will be included in Group No. 135.

2 Shipping point: Brilliant, Ala. Railroad: C. R. R. This mine shall have in Size Groups 14, 6, 7, 13, 17, 18, 20, 22, 33 and 20, on each respective price table, the same prices as are listed thereon for Mine Index No. 1174 (Colburn, W. J., Colburn No. 1 mine, Friee Schedule No. 2) and will be included in Group No. 29.

2 Shipping point: Ediridge, Ala. Railroad: St. L.-S. F. These mines shall have in Size Groups 1, 4, 6, 7, 13, 17, 18, 20, 22, 23 and 20, on each respective price table, the same prices as are listed thereon for Mine Index No. 1744 (Colburn, Relative St. L.-S. F. These mines shall have in Size Groups 1, 4, 6, 7, 13, 17, 18, 20, 22, 23 and 20, on each respective price table, the same prices as are listed thereon for Mine Index No. 1744 (Colburn, Relative St. L.-S. F. Change in shipping point, Shipping point at Carbon Hill, Ala., shall no longer be applicable.

\$ 333.7 Special prices—(a) Prices for shipment to all railroads and for exclusive use of railroads-Supplement R-II

[Prices f. o. b. mines for shipment to all railroads and for exclusive use of railroads]

Mine index No. The following prices apply on coal for use in railroad locomotives and powerhouse plants. For station heating, use midning cars, or other uses than stated above, commercial prices as listed in other sections of this price schedule shall apply. For all mines in Sub-District No. 1. For all sizes customarily immished railroads for Locomotive Fuel.

3 82	250 250		250	230	250	273	1742 1732, 1733–1734
2 173	cally shown		Mississippi	Mississippi River			
1 136	All other Railroads not specifi-	A. B. & C. Railroad	St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad for consignment Fact of the	St. Louis and St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad for Railroad for Consignment Consignment West of the	Seaboard Air Line Railway	Central of Georgia	Mine index No.

coal \$ 333.7 Special prices—(c) Prices for shipment by railroad, applicable to all sold for steamship vessel fuel-Supplement R-III

[Prices f, o. b. mines for shipment by railroad, applicable to all ocal sold for steamship vessel fuel subject to price instructions and exceptions. Size groups and prices applicable for steamship vessel fuel]

Mine index No.	Mine group	14, 15, 16, 17, 18	12	13	19
1732, 1733, 1734	Black Creek	315	315		

Prices f. o. b. mines for shipment by railroad, applicable for all uses except railroad locomotive fuel, steamship bunker fuel and blacksmithing Little Mtn. (Sewanee) Seam General prices—Supplement R-IV 60 Sub-dis-trict Little Mtn. Coal Co. Mine RLEDSOE COUNTY, TENN MARION COUNTY, TENN. Keener, Roscoe.... Code member

Freight origin group

1 Shipping point: Lee, Tenn. Railroad: N. C. & St. L. On each respective price table this mine shall have in each size group the same respective prices as are shown for mines included in Group No. 11.
2 Shipping point: Whitwell, Tenn. Railroad: N. C. & St. L. On each respective prices table this mine shall have in each size group the same respective prices as are shown for mines included in Group No. 9.
8 Shipping point: Platt Siding, North Chattanooga, Tenn. Railroad: Chattanooga Traction Company R. R. On each respective price table this mine shall have in each size group the same respective prices as are shown for mines included in Group No. 1.

150

Sewanee

63

Hudson #2.

39

210

Sewanee

60

Market St. Coal Co.

Johnson Creek Coal Company SEQUATCHIE COUNTY, TENN. Sunshine Coal & Coke Co.....

26

150

railroads for locomotive fuel, station heating, power plants and other uses— Supplement R-V. \$ 333.25 Prices for shipment to all

Price	255 245 245 245
Size	For all sizes except screenings
For mines in subdis- trict No. 3 (Mine in- dex No.)	1361

FREE ALONGSIDE DELIVERIES

consumers S A. E Prices for shipment by river (free alongside) for all uses (except for railway locomotive fuel) for delivery via the Tennessee River to in the states of Tennessee and Alabama—Supplement R-VI

\$ 333.27

143		
Indus- trial coal	15	285
Screen- ings: 3%" and under	14	185
Screen- ings: 34" and under	13	230
Screen- ings: 114" and under	12	230
Screen- ings: 1½" and under	п	240 235
Screen- ings: 2" and under	10	240 235
Result- ants: 4" and under	6	265 265
Result- ants: 5" and under	00	265 265
Straight and modi- fied M/R	7	265 265
Stoker top size % and under and under under wheten size % and under under under	9	275
Stoker: top size 11½" and under, and under under under under under under	10	280
Nut: top size 2" and under, bottom size 1" and under	4	285
Lump: 2" and under	60	330
Egg: top size 5' and under, bottom size 2'' and under	12	335
Lump: over 2"; egg; top size over 5"	1	335
Seam		Little Mtn. (Sewanee)
County		Bledsoe
Mine index No.		1361 1739
Mine		Little Mtn. Coad Co
Code member index		TENNESSEE—GEORGIA Keener, Roscoe Little Mtn. Coal Co Bunshine Coal & Coke Co Hudson #2

FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS

§ 333.34 General prices in cents per net ton for shipment into all market areas—Supplement T-I

				FE	EDE	RAL	K
Indus- trial coal		24-25-26		305 305 305 305	000	32000	1
Screenings: 1½" and under	Raw	23	Total State of the Land	205	4 40	255 255	
Screen 11/2" un	Wash	18		88888	400	295 295 295	1
Resultants:	Raw	22		22022	300	295 295 295	
	Wash	17		8888	100	3055	
-	Run of mine modified fled R/M Raw			3055	000	320 028	
Chestnut: top size 1½" and under; bottom size ½" and under	Raw	=		305 305 305	000	330	
	Wash	10		330	076	340 340 340	
Chestnut: top size: 3" and under, bottom size ½" and under	Raw	6		320 320	60	335 335 335	
	Wash	00		345 345 345		345 345 345	-
Nut: top size 3" and under, bottom size over 15."	Raw			345 345 345	276	345 345 345 345	
	Wash	9		365 365 365	000	3655	
Lump 2" and under	Lump: 2" and under			370 370 370	113	38008	
Egg: I top size 2 b 6" and under		2		395 395 395		415 415 415	
Lump: over 2", egg: top	over o	1		395 395 395	-	415	
Вев ш				Harkness. Wadsworth	Blook Chool-	Black Creek Black Creek Black Creek	
Sub-	district.			2000		4000	
Mine				1742 751 363	1728	1734 1732 1733	
Mine				Cardwell #2 Cardwell McNutt	A Bureace	Colburn #5½ Bowlin #12 Bowlin #13	
Code member index			ALABAMA JEFFERSON COUNTY	Elgin, R. T. Elgin, R. T. (Dr.). Smith, C. R. (Dr.).		Colburn, W. J. (Colburn Mining Co.) Whitehead, C. W.	Denotice there is not made to be a second to be a s

¹ Denotes change in seam. This supersedes and cancels America seam and prices previously established.
² Denotes change in seam. This supersedes and cancels Nunnally seam and prices previously established.

FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS

§ 333.43 General prices in cents per net ton for shipment into all market areas—Supplement T-II

R, Tuesaay, A	Apri	l Z	,	194	3			
Indus- trial coal	15			285		290		280 280
Screenings: %% and under	14			185		195		195 185 185
Screen- ings: %4" and under	13			220		230		220
Screen- ings: 11%" and under	12			230		235		235 225 225 225
Screen- ings: 11%" and under	п			240		235		235
Screen- ings: 2" and under	10		STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	240		235		235 235 235
Result. Result. Screen- arts: g'ants: 4" ings: 2" and and and under under under	6			265		265	THE STREET	265 255 255
Result- ants: 5" and under				265		265		265 255 255
Straight and modified M/R	7			265	200-25	265		265 255 255
Nut: Stoker: Stoker: top size top size top size so size size size size size size size size	9			275		275		275 250 250
Stoker: top size 1½" and under; bottom size ½" and under	2			280		280		270 270 270
Nut: top size 2" and under; bottom size 1" and under	4	See Line		285		290		280 280 280 280
Lump: 2" and under	1 To		330		335		335 325 325	
Egg: top size 5" and under; bottom size 2" and under			335		345		345 335 335	
Lump: over 2"; egg: top size over 5"	Lump: over 2"; egg; top size over 5"			335		345		345 335 335
Seam				Little Mtn. (Sewanee)		Sewanee		Sewanee Soddy #5.
Sub- dis- trict				4		4		ক ক ক
Mine index No.				1361		1739		1737 1729 1730
Мие		新作题是表示		Little Mtn. Coal Co		Hudson #2		Lawrence #3
Code member in dex		TENNESSEE-GEORGIA	BLEDSOE COUNTY, TENN.	Keener, Roscoe	MARION COUNTY, TENN.	Sunshine Coal & Coke Co	SEQUATCHIE COUNTY, TENN.	Johnson Greek Coal Company Lewis Lawrence, I. D. (Oak Hill Mining Co.). Lawrence #5. Lawrence, I. D. (Oak Hill Mining Co.).

General prices in cents per net ton for shipment into all market areas—Supplement T-III FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS \$ 333.43

[F. R. Doc. 43-6296; Filed, April 23, 1943; 10:11 a. m.]

[Docket No. A-1914]

PART 335-MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE, DISTRICT No. 15

ORDER GRANTING RELIEF

Order granting temporary relief and conditionally providing for final relief in the matter of the petition of District Board No. 15 for the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for the coals of certain mines in District

tion 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937 having been duly filed with this and praying that no permanent price Putnam County, Missouri, pending the questing the establishment, both temporary and permanent, of price classifications and minimum prices for the coals of certain mines in District No. 15, classifications or minimum prices be established for the coals of the Taylor Mine (Mine Index No. 1675), located in Division by the above-named party reentry of a final order in Docket An original petition pursuant to

ing of necessity has been made for the It appearing that a reasonable showgranting of temporary relief as requested in the petition; and

The following action being deemed of intervention having necessary in order to effectuate the purbeen filed with the Division in the above entitled matter; and poses of the Act: No petitions

position of the above-entitled matter temporary relief is granted as follows: It is ordered, That pending final dis-Commencing forthwith § 335.5 (Alphabetical list of code members) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R and § 335.24 (General prices in cents per net is amended by adding thereto Supplement T, which supplements are hereinafter set forth and hereby made a par ton for shipment into all market areas. hereof

opposition to the original petition in the porary relief herein granted may be filed It is further ordered, That pleadings in above-entitled matter and applications days from the date of this order, purto stay, terminate or modify the temwith the Division within forty-five (45)

portion of Docket No. A-1914 relating to said coals from the remainder of the Putnam County, Missouri, for the reasons set forth in the Order severing that docket, designating such severed portion as Docket No. A-1914, Part II, and grant-ing temporary relief therein. 1675), of code member Tom Taylor in erning practice and procedure before the Bituminous Coal Division in proceedings It is further ordered, That the relief erein granted shall become final sixty 60) days from the date of this order instituted pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937. suant to the rules and regulations gov-

No relief is granted herein for the inless it shall otherwise be ordered.

DAN H. WHEELER. Dated: April 9, 1943.

Director.

EMPORARY AND CONDITIONALLY FINAL EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICES FOR DISTRICT NO. 15

oals of the Taylor Mine (Mine Index No.

Nore: The material contained in these supplements is to be read in the light of the classifiations, prices, instructions, exceptions and other provisions contained in Part 335, Minimum rice Schedule for District No. 15 and supplements thereto.

FOR RAIL SHIPMENTS

§ 335.5 Alphabetical list of code members-Supplement R.

[Alphabetical list of code members showing price classification by size group for domestic, commercial and industrial use]

	1	15	1 4	4
	a	14	A	4
	no	13	1	1
	50	12	1 4	4
	ize	=======================================	ACAA	A
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	Price classification by size group		III A A A C C C	A
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			M	Star

¹ Previously classified as truck mine, A is Market Area list price as listed in Price Schedule No. 1 C, minus 10 cents from list price.

FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS

General prices in cents per net ton for shipment into all market areas—Supplement T 335.24

0 x%	15	45
11/11 x 0(R)	14	120
11/4" x 0(W)	13	
11/4" x 1/4(R)	12	180
18% X 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11	195
8" x 0	10	190
Mine run	6	220
"I X " 1/"I	09	195
3" x 134"	1	205
3" x 114"	9	215
31, X 211	10	225
10" x 13""	4	240
341 ×01	60	240
dn ,,%	63	240
duni "g	1	240 240
County		Randolph, Mo Randolph, Mo
group No.	1 13	60 60
Mine Producțion		No. 7
Mine index No.		1673
Code member index		Eravi & Sons (Joe J. 1) Eravi). Maslen Brothers 1 (John Maslen).
	-	0001

[F. R. Doc. 43-6292; Filed, April 23, 1943; 10:10 a. m.]

TITLE 31-MONEY AND FINANCE: TREASURY

Chapter II-Fiscal Service

Subchapter A-Bureau of Accounts

[1943 Dept. Circ. 570 Rev.]

PART 226-SURETY COMPANIES

COMPANIES HOLDING CERTIFICATES OF AUTHORITY

APRIL 20, 1943.

The following is a list of companies holding certificates of authority from the Secretary of the Treasury, issued under the Act of Congress approved August 13, 1894, 28 Stat. 279-80, as amended by the Act of Congress approved March 23, 1910, 36 Stat. 241, (U. S. Code, title 6, secs. 6-13), as acceptable sureties on Federal bonds; this list also includes acceptable reinsurance companies under Department Circular No. 297, dated July 5, 1922, as amended. Further details including the amount of underwriting limitation of each company, as well as the extent and localities with respect to which they are acceptable as sureties on Federal bonds may be found at any time by reference to the current issue of Treasury Department Form 356, copies of which may be procured from the Treasury Department, Section of Surety Bonds, Washington, D. C.

Names of Companies, Locations of Principal EXECUTIVE OFFICES AND STATES IN WHICH INCORPORATED

CALIFORNIA

- 1. Associated Indemnity Corporation, San Francisco
- 2. Fireman's Fund Indemnity Co., San Francisco.
- 3. National Automobile Insurance Co., Los Angeles.
- 4. Occidental Indemnity Co., San Francisco.
- 5. Pacific Employers Insurance Co., Los Angeles.
- 6. Pacific Indemnity Co., Los Angeles.
- 7. West American Insurance Co., Los Angeles.

CONNECTICUT

- 8. The Aetna Casualty and Surety Co., Hartford
- The Century Indemnity Co., Hartford.
- 10. Hartford Accident and Indemnity Co., Hartford.
- 11. The Travelers Indemnity Company, Hartford.

DELAWARE

12. Saint Paul-Mercury Indemnity Co., St. Paul, Minn.

ILLINOIS

- 18. American Motorists Insurance Co., Chi-
- 14. Lumbermens Mutual Casualty Co., Chicago.

INDIANA

15. Continental Casualty Co., Chicago, Ill.

16. The Kansas Bankers Surety Co., Topeka. 17. The Western Casualty and Surety Co.,

18. Maine Bonding and Casualty Co., Port-

MARYLAND

- 19. American Bonding Company of Baltimore.
- 20. Fidelity and Deposit Co. of Maryland, Baltimore.
- 21. Maryland Casualty Company, Baltimore. 22. United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co., Baltimore.

MASSACHUSETTS

- 23. American Employers' Insurance Co., Boston
- 24. American Mutual Liability Insurance Co., Boston
- Liberty Mutual Insurance Co., Boston,
- 26. Massachusetts Bonding and Insurance
- Co., Boston. 27. New England Casualty Insurance Company, Springfield.

MICHIGAN

28. National Casualty Co., Detroit.

29. Standard Accident Insurance Co., Detroit.

MISSOURI

- 30. Central Surety and Insurance Corpora-tion, Kansas City.
- 31. Employers Reinsurance Corporation, Kansas City.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

32. Peerless Casualty Company, Keene.

NEW JERSEY

- 33. Commercial Casualty Insurance Company, Newark.
- 34. International Fidelity Insurance Co., Jersey City.

NEW YORK

- 35. American Guarantee and Liability Insurance Co., Chicago, Illinois.
- American Re-Insurance Co., New York.
- 37. American Surety Co. of New York. 38. Columbia Casualty Co., New York.
- Eagle Indemnity Co., New York.
- 40. The Excess Insurance Co. of America, New York.
- 41. The Fidelity and Casualty Co. of New York.
- 42. General Reinsurance Corporation, New York.
- 43. Glens Falls Indemnity Co., Glens Falls.
 44. Globe Indemnity Co., New York.
 45. Great American Indemnity Company, New
- York. 46. The Home Indemnity Co., New York.
- London & Lancashire Indemnity Co. of America, Hartford, Conn.
- 48. Merchants Indemnity Corporation of New Vork.
- The Metropolitan Casualty Insurance Co. of New York, Newark, N. J.
 National Surety Corporation, New York.
- 51. New Amsterdam Casualty Co., Baltimore, Md.
- 52. New York Casualty Co., New York.
- 53. North American Casualty and Surety Re-insurance Corporation, New York.
- 54. Phoenix Indemnity Co., New York.
- 55. The Preferred Accident Insurance Co. of New York.

- 56. Royal Indemnity Co., New York.57. Seaboard Surety Co., New York.58. Standard Surety and Casualty Co. of New York, Hartford, Conn.
- Sun Indemnity Co. of New York.
- 60. United States Casualty Co., New York.61. United States Guarantee Co., New York.62. The Yorkshire Indemnity Co. of New York.

OHIO

63. The Ohio Casualty Insurance Co., Hamilton.

PENNSYLVANIA

- 64. American Casualty Co. of Reading, Pennsylvania.
- Eureka Casualty Co., Philadelphia.
- 66. Indemnity Insurance Co. of North America, Philadelphia.
- 67. Manufacturers' Casualty Insurance Co., Philadelphia.
- 68. Mellon Indemnity Corporation, Pittsburgh.

SOUTH DAKOTA

69. Western Surety Co., Sioux Falls.

TEXAS

- 70. American General Insurance Co., Houston, 71. American Indemnity Co., Galveston.
- 72. Commercial Standard Insurance Co., Fort Worth.
- 73. Employers Casualty Co., Dallas.
- 74. Texas Indemnity Insurance Co., Galveston.
- 75. Trinity Universal Insurance Co., Dallas.

VIRGINIA

76. Virginia Surety Company, Inc., Toledo, Ohio

WASHINGTON

- 77. General Casualty Co. of America, Seattle.
- 78. Northwest Casualty Co., Seattle.
- 79. United Pacific Insurance Co., Tacoma.

FOREIGN COMPANIES AUTHORIZED TO DO A REINSURANCE BUSINESS ONLY

- Accident and Casualty Insurance Company of Winterthur, Switzerland (U. S. Office, New York, N. Y.)
- 81. Car and General Insurance Corporation, Ltd., London, England (U. S. Office, New
- York, N. Y.) 82. The Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, Ltd., London, England (U. S. Office, Boston, Mass.)
- 83. The European General Reinsurance Company, Ltd., London, England (U. S. Of-fice, New York, N. Y.)
- 84. The Guarantee Company of North America, Montreal, Canada (U. S. Office, New
- York, N. Y.) 85. London Guarantee and Accident Com-
- pany, Ltd., London, England (U. S. Office, New York, N. Y.)

 85. The Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, Ltd., London, England (U. S. Office, New York, N. Y.)

D. W. BELL, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6444; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:22 a. m.]

TITLE 32-NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter VI-Selective Service System

[ORDER 101]

FOREIGN RELIEF AND REHABILITATION PROJECT, PA.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR CONSCIENTIOUS **OBJECTORS**

I, Lewis B. Hershey, Director of Selective Service, in accordance with the provisions of section 5 (g) of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 885) and pursuant to authorization

and direction contained in Executive Order No. 8675 dated February 6, 1941, hereby designate the Foreign Relief and Rehabilitation Project to be work of national importance to be known as Civilian Public Service Camp No. 101. Said project, located at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, with side camps at such educational institutions as are approved by Selective Service, will be used as a research and training center for training assignees for foreign relief and rehabilitation programs approved by the Office of Foreign Relief and Rehabilitation Operations of the Department of State and by the Selective Service System. Registrants under the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, who have been classified by their local boards as conscientious objectors to both combatant and noncombatant military service and have been placed in Class IV-E, and who have volunteered their services for immediate and/or future assignment for foreign relief under public and/or private agencies for the duration of the emergency and twelve months thereafter, may be assigned to said project in lieu of their induction for military service.

The work to be undertaken by the men assigned to Civilian Public Service Camp No. 101 will consist of pursuing a course of study in preparation for duty on foreign relief and rehabilitation, preparation of data for the use of Civilian Public Service training units, for the preparation of curricula, the preparation of mimeographed material and such other manuscripts, pamphlets, booklets, etc. as may be used in training in specific fields for service in foreign countries either under public or private agencies and such other work as may be assigned them by the Office of Foreign Relief and Rehabilitation Operations and shall be under the technical direction and management of approved representatives of the National Service Board for Religious Objectors. Men shall be assigned to and retained in camp in accordance with provisions of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 and regulations and orders promulgated thereunder. Administrative and directive control shall be under the Selective Service System through the Camp Operations Division of National Selective Service Headquarters.

LEWIS B. HERSHEY,

Director.

APRIL 21, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6324; Filed April 23, 1943; 1:29 p. m.]

[No. 179]

DAILY RECORD OF TREATMENT—ILL OR INJURED ASSIGNEES

ORDER PRESCRIBING FORM

By virtue of the provisions of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 885, 50 U.S.C., Sup. 301–318, inclusive); E.O. No. 8545, 5 F.R. 3779, E.O. No. 9279, 7 F.R. 10177, and the authority vested in me by the Chairman of the War Manpower Commission in Administra-

tive Order No. 26, 7 F.R. 10512, I hereby prescribe the following change in DSS forms:

Revision of DSS Form 51A, entitled "Daily Record of Treatment—Ill or Injured Assignees," effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register. Upon receipt of the revised DSS Form 51A, the use of the original DSS Form 51A will be discontinued and all unused copies thereof will be destroyed.

The foregoing revision shall become a part of the Selective Service Regulations effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.

LEWIS B. HERSHEY, Director.

APRIL 20, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6325; Filed, April 23, 1943; 1:29 p. m.]

[No. 180]

REPORT OF ILLNESS OR INJURY ORDER PRESCRIBING FORM

By virtue of the provisions of the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940 (54 Stat. 885, 50 U.S.C., Sup. 301–318, inclusive); E.O. No. 8545, 5 F.R. 3779, E.O. No. 9279, 7 F.R. 10177, and the authority vested in me by the Chairman of the War Manpower Commission in Administrative Order No. 26, 7 F.R. 10512, I hereby prescribe the following change in DSS forms:

Revision of DSS Form 51B, entitled "Report of Illness or Injury," effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register. Upon receipt of the revised DSS Form 51B, the use of the original DSS Form 51B will be discontinued and all unused copies thereof will be destroyed.

The foregoing revision shall become a part of the Selective Service Regulations effective immediately upon the filing hereof with the Division of the Federal Register.

LEWIS B. HERSHEY, Director.

APRIL 20, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6326; Filed, April 23, 1943; 1:29 p. m.]

Chapter IX-War Production Board

Subchapter B-Executive Vice Chairman

AUTHORITY: Regulations in this subchapter issued under P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89 and 507, 77th Cong.

PART 1010-SUSPENSION ORDERS

[Suspension Order S-288]

NATIONAL WEATHERSTRIP CO. AND SEAL TITE CAULKING CO.

Max Blatt, Ruth Blatt and David Slobin, doing business as the National

¹ Form filed as part of the original docu-

Weatherstrip Company and the Seal Tite Caulking Company, 4234 Joy Road, Detroit, Michigan, are engaged in the busines of manufacturing, selling and installing weatherstrip materials. From July 22, 1942 to October 9, 1942, the National Weatherstrip Company made over 400 separate installations of copper or copper base alloy weatherstripping in violation of Supplementary Conservation Order M-9-c-4. These installations were made in such reckless disregard of the order as to constitute wilful behavior. In addition, incomplete records were kept of the transactions in copper and copper base alloy weatherstripping, in violation of § 944.15 of Priorities Regulation No. 1.

These violations have hampered and impeded the war effort of the United States by diverting scarce materials to uses unauthorized by the War Production Board. In view of the foregoing: It is hereby ordered, That:

§ 1010.288 Suspension Order S-288.

(a) Max Blatt, Ruth Blatt and David Slobin, doing business as the National Weatherstrip Company or the Seal Tite Caulking Company or otherwise, their successors and assigns, shall not purchase, accept delivery of, sell, install, deliver or otherwise deal in any copper or copper base alloy building material, as defined in Supplementary Conservation Order M-9-c-4, except as specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(b) Deliveries of material to Max Blatt, Ruth Blatt and David Slobin, doing business as National Weatherstrip Company or Seal Tite Caulking Company or otherwise, their successors and assigns, shall not be accorded priority, directly or indirectly, over deliveries under any other contract or order, and no preference rating shall be assigned, applied or extended to such deliveries by means of preference rating certificates, preference rating orders, general preference orders, or any other orders or regulations of the War Production Board, except as specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(c) No allocation shall be made to Max Blatt, Ruth Blatt and David Slobin, doing business as National Weatherstrip Company or Seal Tite Caulking Company or otherwise, their successors and assigns, of any material the supply or distribution of which is governed by any order of the War Production Board, except as specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(d) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve Max Blatt, Ruth Blatt and David Slobin, doing business as National Weatherstrip Company or Seal Tite Caulking Company or otherwise, from any restriction, prohibition or provision contained in any order or regulation of the War Production Board except in so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

(e) This order shall take effect on April 25, 1943 and shall expire on July 25, 1943, at which time the restrictions contained in this order shall be of no further effect.

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,

By J. Joseph Whelan, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6354; Filed, April 23, 1943; 4:39 p. m.]

PART 1010—Suspension Orders [Suspension Order S-294]

ANDERSON FUR COMPANY

Morris Goralnik, doing business as Anderson Fur Company, at 106 South Main Street, Fall River, Massachusetts, is engaged in the retail fur business at said address.

After January 29, 1943, without the authorization of the Director General for Operations of the War Production Board, Goralnik began construction and ordered and purchased materials to begin construction on the remodeling of his leased premises, the estimated cost of which was in excess of the permitted cost of construction under Conservation Order L-41.

Prior to beginning construction Goralnil: was put on notice that there was a limit upon construction, but elected to proceed without any further inquiry with respect to the order and its application to his proposed construction.

This construction was begun in wilful violation of Conservation Order L-41 and has hampered and impeded the war effort of the United States. In view of the foregoing facts, It is hereby ordered, That:

§ 1010.294 Suspension order No. S-294. (a) Morris Goralnik, doing business as Anderson Fur Company, or under any other name, his successors and assigns, shall not order, purchase, accept delivery of, withdraw from inventory, or in any other manner secure or use material or construction plant in order to continue or complete construction of the alteration and remodeling of the premises leased by the respondent at 106 South Main Street, Fall River, Massachusetts, unless specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(b) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve Morris Goralnik, doing business as Anderson Fur Company, or under any other name, his successors and assigns, from any restriction, prohibition or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board, except in so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

(c) This order shall take effect on is-

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

War Production Board,
By J. Joseph Whelan,

Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6353; Filed, April 23, 1943; 4:39 p. m.]

PART 1010—Suspension Orders [Suspension Order S-295]

GLEN AMUSEMENT CORPORATION

Glen Amusement Corporation is a New York corporation engaged in the amusement business for which purpose it undertook to construct a roller skating rink at 5031 Main Street, Williamsville, New York. This construction was com-menced on or about June 1, 1942 and is now about 80 per cent completed. The respondent was aware of the governmental restrictions on construction work. The cost of this roller skating rink, if and when completed, was conceded by the respondent to total at least \$15,000, and it follows that a reasonably accurate estimate of the cost of construction necessarily would have been in excess of the limit permitted by Conservation Order L-41. Commencing this construction constituted a wilful violation of Conservation Order L-41.

Said violation by the respondent has hampered and impeded the war effort of the United States, and has diverted essential critical materials and labor to uses unauthorized by the War Production Board. In view of the foregoing, It is hereby ordered, That:

§ 1010.295 Suspension Order No. S-295. (a) Neither Glen Amusement Corporation, nor its successors and assigns, nor any other person whether individual or corporate, shall order, purchase, accept delivery of, withdraw from inventory, or in any other manner secure or use material or construction plant in order to continue, or complete construction of, or remodel, rehabilitate, or in any manner alter the roller-skating rink building located at 5031 Main Street, Williamsville, New York, except as hereafter specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(b) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve Glen Amusement Corporation, its successors and assigns, from any restriction, prohibition or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board, except in so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

(c) This order shall take effect on April 25, 1943.

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,

Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6352; Filed, April 23, 1943; 4:39 p. m.]

PART 3162—FOLDING AND SET-UP BOXES [Correction of Limitation Order L-239 as Amended April 15, 1943]

Section 3162.1, Order L-239 is corrected by making the second line in the listing under paragraph (a), Table IV, Schedule I read "over 2½ lbs. but not

over 5 lbs." instead of "over 21/2 lbs. but under 5 lbs."

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,

By J. Joseph Whelan,

Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6355; Filed, April 23, 1943; 4:39 p. m.]

PART 903—DELEGATIONS OF AUTHORITY [Directive 15]

PYRETHRUM INSECTICIDES

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Executive Order No. 9024 of January 16, 1942, Executive Order No. 9040 of January 24, 1942 and Executive Order No. 9125 of April 7, 1942, and for the purpose of securing the efficient distribution to and use in agriculture of pyrethrum insecticides in order to assure the greatest possible production of food, It is hereby ordered, That:

§ 903.27a Directive 15: Pyrethrum insecticides. (a) Within the quantities of pyrethrum insecticides from time to time allocated to agriculture by War Production Board, the Administrator of Food Production and Distribution is authorized to perform the functions and exercise the power, authority and discretion conferred upon the President by section 2 (a) of the Act of June 28, 1940 (Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong.; 54 Stat. 676), as amended by the Act of May 31, 1941 (Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.; 55 Stat. 236) and as further amended by the Act of March 27, 1942 (Pub. Law 507, 77th Cong.; 56 Stat. 176), with respect to the sale or other disposition of pyrethrum insecticides to ultimate agricultural consumers and the use of pyrethrum insecticides in agriculture by such consumers.

(b) The authority of the Administrator of Food Production and Distribution under this directive shall include the power to regulate or prohibit use of pyrethrum insecticides in agriculture and sale or other disposition of pyrethrum insecticides to or acquisition of pyrethrum insecticides by any ultimate consumer for use in agriculture. The Administrator of Food Production and Distribution may issue such regulations, orders and directives, direct such inspections, and take such measures as it may deem necessary or appropriate for the effectuation of the powers conferred by this directive.

(c) Nothing herein shall be construed to authorize the Administrator of Food Production and Distribution (1) to determine the amount of governmental requirements for pyrethrum or pyrethrum insecticides, (2) to regulate or prohibit the manufacture or import of pyrethrum or pyrethrum insecticides, (3) to regulate or prohibit the use, sale or other distribution of pyrethrum, (4) to regulate or prohibit any non-agricultural use of pyrethrum insecticides or the sale or other distribution of pyrethrum insecticides for any nonagricultural use, (5)

to control the delivery of pyrethrum or pyrethrum insecticides to or for the account of, or the acquisition or use of pyrethrum or pyrethrum insecticides by or for the account of: (i) the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the Panama Canal, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Coast Guard, the Civil Aeronautics Authority, the National Advisory Commission for Aeronautics and the Office of Scientific Research and Development; or (ii) Government agencies or other persons acquiring such product for export to and consumption or use in any foreign country.

(d) The Administrator of Food Pro-

duction and Distribution may exercise the power, authority and discretion conferred by this directive, through such officials, including part time and uncompensated special agents, as it may deter-

(e) The Chairman or Executive Vice Chairman of the War Production Board may from time to time delegate to the Administrator of Food Production and Distribution such additional powers with respect to the distribution to or use in agriculture of pyrethrum insecticides or amend or revoke the delegation herein in such manner and to such extent as he

may determine to be necessary.

(f) Nothing herein shall be construed to limit or modify any order heretofore issued by the Director of Priorities of the Office of Production Management, by the Director of Industry Operations of the War Production Board, by the Director General for Operations of the War Production Board, or by War Production Board, as from time to time amended, nor to delegate to the Administration of Food Production and Distribution the power to extend, amend or modify any

such order.
(g) Nothing herein shall be construed to limit such authority as is conferred on the Secretary of Agriculture by section 2 of Executive Order No. 9280 of Decem-

ber 5, 1942.

(h) For the purposes of this directive: (1) "Pyrethrum" means pyrethrum flowers and the powder, dust or extract derived therefrom. (2) "Pyrethrum insecticides" means any compound containing pyrethrum combined with other liquid or dry materials, whether active or inert; provided that such compound is suitable for use as an insecticide. (3) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, government or governmental agency and any other organized group or enterprise. (4) "Agriculture" means the raising of crops and do:nestic animals and includes the production of dairy products, cotton, tobacco, wool, hemp, flax fiber, and all trees, shrubs, flowers, grasses and other plants. The term does not include the distribution (through retail stores or otherwise) of agricultural products.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By C. E. WILSON, Executive Vice Chairman.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6375; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:00 m.]

No. 82-4

PART 998-METAL OFFICE FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT

[Supplementary Limitation Order L-13-a, as Amended April 24, 1943]

Section 998.2 Supplementary Limitation Order L-13-a is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 998.2 Supplementary Limitation Order L-13-a-(a) Definitions. For the

purposes of this order:
(1) "Manufacturer" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental cor-poration or agency, or any other or-ganized group of persons, whether incorporated or not, engaged in the production of metal office furniture and

equipment.

(2) "Metal office furniture and equipment" means any one of the following: Insulated metal filing cabinets, safes; metal visible record equipment; metal shelving; metal filing cabinets other than insulated filing cabinets; metal lockers; metal storage cabinets; metal desks; office chairs containing more than two pounds of metal other than swivel irons; metal office tables, including typewriter and office machine stands (except those which are integral parts of the machines which they support); metal bank vault equipment; metal office counters; other metal office equipment, including but not limited to, waste paper baskets, metal trays and wire baskets; any other office furniture not specifically mentioned, containing more than 5% of metal in the net weight of the finished product other than such minimum amount of iron or steel as is essentially required for nails, nuts, bolts, screws, clasps, rivets, and other joining hardware for the construction and assembly of nonmetal structural parts, and other than wood filing cabinets containing not more than two pounds per drawer of essential operating steel hardware.

(3) "Transfer" means the sale, lease, trading, loan, delivery, shipment or transfer of metal office furniture and equipment by one person to any other

person, but shall not include:

(i) Transfers of metal office furniture and equipment from one branch division, or section of a single enterprise to another branch, division, or section of the same or any other enterprise under common ownership or control;

(ii) Transfers of title merely for se-

curity purposes;

(iii) Transfers of metal office furni-ture and equipment to and from warehouses where no substantial change in right, title or ownership to such metal office furniture and equipment is ef-

fected;
(iv) Transfers to and from carriers in order to effect the transfers specified

in this paragraph.

(b) Restrictions on production and transfer of metal office furniture and equipment. On and after April 24, 1943, no manufacturer shall process, fabricate, work on, assemble or transfer any metal office furniture and equipment, except:

(1) Any metal office furniture and equipment, the manufacture, assembly or transfer of which was authorized in

any manner by the War Production Board prior to April 24, 1943.

(2) Pursuant to a specific purchase order, contract or subcontract for the account of the Army or Navy of the United States, the U.S. Maritime Commission or the War Shipping Administration when such purchase order, contract or subcontract specifically states that such metal office furniture and equipment is for use on board a steel seagoing or combatant vessel.

(3) Pursuant to a specific authorization on Form PD-556 pursuant to an application filed on said form by a manufacturer or any other person, or pursuant to any other specific authorization of the War Production Board, manufacturers may be authorized to (i) transfer any metal office furniture and equipment; or (ii) assemble any metal office furniture and equipment from fabricated parts only.

(c) Reports. Every manufacturer affected by this order shall execute and file with the War Production Board, Washington, D. C., Ref: L-13-a, on or before the 10th day following the close of each calendar month, Form PD-655.

(d) Appeals. Any appeal from the provisions of this order should be made on Form PD-500.

(e) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provisions of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime and, upon conviction, may be punished by fine or imprison-ment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or accepting further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(f) Communications. All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to the War Production Board, Consumers Durable Goods Division, Washington, D. C., Ref: L-13-a.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943. WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,

By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6386; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:00 m.]

PART 1026-PRODUCTION OF CHEMICALS Preference Rating Order P-89, as Amended April 24, 1943]

MAINTENANCE, REPAIR AND OPERATING SUPPLIES

Section 1026.1 is hereby amended in its entirety to read as follows:

§ 1026.1 Preference Rating Order P-89—(a) Definitions. For the purpose of this order:

(1) "Producer" means any person operating a plant physically situated within the limits of the United States, its territories and possessions, or the Do-minion of Canada, and engaged in the production of chemicals or allied products, who shall have received a serial number from the War Production Board pursuant to paragraph (b).

(2) "Material" means any commodity, equipment, accessory, part, assembly, or

product of any kind.

(3) "Controlled material" means controlled material as defined in CMP Regulation No. 1.

(4) "Maintenance" means the upkeep of a producer's property and equipment in sound working condition.

(5) "Repair" means the restoration of a producer's property and equipment to sound working condition when the same has been rendered unsafe or unfit for service by wear and tear, damage, failure of parts or the like.

(6) "Operating supplies" means any material which is essential to the operation of the producer's plant including, but not limited to, lubricants, catalysts, and small perishable tools: Provided, however, That the term operating supplies shall not include;

(i) Any material which is physically or chemically incorporated, at any stage of production, in whole or in part, into any material which the producer manu-

factures.

- (ii) Any material which, at any stage of production, enters into the chemical reaction necessary to the manufacture, or is used in the purification (including, among other things, washes, solvents, extractants and the like) of any material which the producer manufactures.
- (7) Material for maintenance, repair and operating supplies shall include:
- (i) Material for the improvement of the producer's plant through the replacement of material in the existing installation, but only when such equipment is beyond economical repair.

(ii) Material for the maintenance and repair of pressure cylinders.

- (iii) Material, such as hand tools, customarily purchased by the particular employer for sale to his employees for use only in his business, provided such material would constitute an operating supply under established accounting practice if issued to employees without charge.
- (8) In addition, there may be included as maintenance, repair and operating supplies minor capital additions (subject to subparagraph (a) (9)), the cost of which does not exceed \$500, excluding the producer's cost of labor, for any one complete addition which has not been subdivided for the purpose of coming within this definition.
- (9) Material for maintenance, repair and operating supplies shall not include any of the following items, regardless of whether normally carried as such according to established accounting practice:
- Fabricated containers (in knockdown or set-up forms, whether assembled or unassembled), required for packaging products to be shipped or delivered.

(ii) Printed matter, including envelopes, letterheads and forms,

- (iii) Paper, paperboard and products manufactured therefrom, and molded pulp products, except litmus or filter paper or drafting, blueprint, ozalid, or photostat type papers.
 - (iv) Fuel or electric power.
- (v) Office machinery or office equipment, other than office supplies as defined in Limitation Order L-73, as amended.
- (vi) Cellophane and cellulose acetate film less than three one thousandths (0.003) of one inch thick, or cellulose caps or bands of any gauge.

(vii) Automotive replacement parts or automotive maintenance equipment.

(viii) Clothing, shoes or other wearing apparel, if made of leather or textiles, except that the following types may be included in operating supplies when specially designed and used to furnish protection against specific occupational hazards (other than weather):

(a) Asbestos clothing.

(b) Safety clothing impregnated or coated for the purpose of making the same resistant against fire, acids, other chemicals or abrasives.

(c) Safety industrial rubber gloves and hoods and linemen's rubber gloves

and sleeves.

(d) Gaunlet type welders' leather gloves and mittens, and electricians' leather protector or cover gloves.

(e) Other safety leather gloves or mittens, but only if steel stitched or steel reinforced.

- (f) Safety industrial leather clothing other than gloves or mittens.
- (g) Metal mesh gloves, aprons and sleeves.

(h) Plastic and fibre safety helmets.

- (ix) Signal or alarm equipment, fire protective equipment, or motorized fire apparatus, as defined in General Limitation Orders L-39 and L-43, as amended.
- (x) Material for additions to, or expansions of, buildings or external structures other than processing equipment.
- (10) "Calendar quarter" means the quarterly period commencing on the first day of the first, fourth, seventh and tenth months of the calendar year and ending, respectively, on the last day of the third, sixth, ninth, and twelfth months of the calendar year, or the operator's customary three months accounting period closest to such quarter.
- (11) "Unit cost" means the purchase price paid by the producer for material for maintenance, repair or operating supplies. Unit cost shall include labor cost, except cost of labor performed by employees of the producer, but shall not include transportation charges. An item for maintenance, repair or operating supplies shall not be subdivided into its component parts for the purpose of determining unit cost.
- (b) Application for assignment of serial number. In order to become a producer subject to this order, any person operating a plant physically situated within the limits of the United

States, its territories and possessions, or the Dominion of Canada, and engaged in the production of chemicals or allied products, may apply by letter requesting assignment of a serial number under this order to specified plants. Such letter shall be addressed to War Production Board, Chemicals Division, Washington, D. C., Ref.: P-89, and shall be accompanied by application on Form PD-762 pursuant to paragraph (d) (1) for the current or succeeding calendar quarter.

(c) Assignment of preference rating and allotment symbol and purchase or-der quota for second calendar quarter of 1943. (1) Preference rating of AA-1 and allotment symbol MRO-P-89 are hereby assigned to purchase order placed by each producer during the second cal-endar quarter of 1943 for materials for maintenance, repair and operating supplies: Provided, however, That no producer shall apply the preference rating or allotment symbol assigned by this paragraph (c) (1) to any order for fabricated parts or equipment having a unit cost of \$500 or more, or to purchase orders placed during the second calendar quarter for an aggregate amount of aluminum in any of the forms or shapes constituting a controlled material in excess of 100 pounds. Application for preference ratings or allotment numbers or symbols for such orders may be made pursuant to paragraph (e).

(2) No producer shall place any purchase order for any material for maintenance, repair or operating supplies, whether or not obtained with preference ratings or allotment numbers or symbols derived from any source, which would cause the aggregate dollar value of purchase orders for materials for maintenance, repair and operating supplies placed by the producer during the second calendar quarter of 1943 to exceed the aggregate dollar value of purchase orders for such materials placed by the producer during the first calendar quarter

of 1943.

(d) Assignment of preference ratings, allotment numbers or symbols, and purchase order quotas for calendar quarters after July 1, 1943. (1) Preference ratings, allotment numbers or symbols, and purchase order quotas will be assigned by the War Production Board to each producer for purchase orders placed during the third calendar quarter of 1943, and each calendar quarter thereafter, on the basis of applications on Form PD-762, as prescribed therein. Applications for the third calendar quarter of 1943 shall be filed on or before May 15, 1943, and applications for each subsequent calendar quarter shall be filed not later than 45 days prior to the first day of such calendar quarter.

(2) No producer shall place any purchase order for any material for maintenance, repair or operating supplies, whether or not accompanied by preference ratings or allotment numbers or symbols assigned pursuant to this order, which would cause the producer to exceed his purchase order quota for such

material assigned pursuant to paragraph (d) (1), unless authorized upon application pursuant to paragraph (e).

(e) Special applications. If the producer is unable to secure delivery of materials for maintenance, repair or operating supplies because the preference ratings or allotment numbers or symbols assigned hereunder are insufficient, or because the producer's purchase order quota or the unit cost limitation of paragraph (c) (1) would be exceeded, the War Production Board may, upon written or telegraphic request, assign such special ratings or allotments or additions to the purchase order quota as it deems proper. Such letters or telegrams shall be addressed to the War Production Board, Chemicals Division, Washington, D. C., Ref: P-89 and shall contain the following information:

1. Plant location and serial number.

Material needed.

3. Weight of the material (specify separately weight of each controlled material required)

Value of the material.

Function of the material.

Amount of such material (or equivalent substitute) in inventory.

Name and address of supplier Purchase order number and date. Product or products affected.

10. Percentage curtailment of production.

 Reason for request.
 Requested rating and allotment.
 Delivery date promised by supplier on basis of rating requested.

Provided, however, That any producer requiring aluminum in any of the forms or shapes constituting a controlled material for essential maintenance, repair or operating supplies, in amounts in excess of 100 lbs. during any one calendar quarter. shall apply by letter for an allotment for the amount in excess of 100 lbs. to the War Production Board, Ref: Aluminum and Magnesium Division MRO, giving substantially the information described by paragraphs (d) (1) through (d) (6) of the Supplementary Order M-1-i as amended March 10, 1943.

(f) Special preference ratings for containers. Any producer may apply to the War Production Board, Chemicals Division, Washington, D. C., Ref.: Chemicals Packaging Section, for special preference ratings under this order for containers and container parts, other than wooden or fibre containers as defined in Prefer-

ence Rating Order P-140.

(g) Procedure for applying preference ratings and allotment numbers or symbols to purchase orders. (1) Each producer requiring delivery of material for maintenance, repair or operating supplies may obtain such material by endorsing on, or furnishing with, the delivery order a certification in substantially the following form, signed manually or as provided in Priorities Regulation No. 7:

---- (Preference rating) - (Allotment number or symbol)

The undersigned purchaser certifies, subject to the penalties of section 35 (A) of the United States Criminal Code, to the seller and to the War Production Board, that, to the best of his knowledge and belief, the undersigned

is authorized under applicable War Production Board regulations or orders to place this delivery order, to receive the item(s) ordered for the purpose for which ordered, and to use any preference rating or allotment number or symbol which the undersigned has placed on

(Name of purchaser) (Address) (Signature and title (Date) of duly authorized officer)

(2) An order bearing such certification shall be deemed an authorized controlled material order in the case of controlled materials, and in the case of all other materials shall have the same status as an order bearing an allotment number or symbol for the purposes of CMP Regulation No. 3 and all other applicable CMP regulations.

(h) Inventory diversion. No producer shall use material for maintenance, repair or operating supplies obtained with ratings or allotment numbers or symbols assigned by or pursuant to this order. except in that portion of his productive facilities to which a serial number under

this order has been assigned.

(i) Inventory restriction. No producer shall accept delivery of any non-controlled material for maintenance, repair or operating supplies, whether or not obtained with preference ratings or allotment numbers or symbols assigned by or pursuant to this order, which would cause his inventory of such material for maintenance, repair or operating supplies to exceed a minimum practicable working inventory. Inventories of controlled materials held by producers are subject to the provisions of CMP Regulation No. 2.

(j) Applicability of regulations. This order and all transactions affected hereby are subject to all applicable provisions of War Production Board regulations, as amended from time to time: Provided, however, That no producer shall be subject to the provisions of CMP Regulations No. 5 or No. 5A, and no producer shall obtain any material under the provisions of either of said regulations.

(k) Miscellaneous provisions—(1) Records. In addition to the records required to be kept under Priorities Regulation No. 1, a producer placing any purchase order or contract rated or assigned a CMP allotment number or symbol hereunder, shall retain, for a period of two years, for inspection by representatives of the War Production Board, endorsed copies of such purchase orders or contracts, whether accepted or rejected, segregated from all other purchase orders or contracts, or filed in such manner that they can be readily segregated for such inspection.

(2) Reports. The War Production Board may require each producer to file such other reports as may be prescribed, subject to the approval of the Bureau of the Budget pursuant to Federal Reports Act of 1942, and may issue special directions to any producer with respect to preparing and filing Form PD-762.

(3) Conservation and standardization. Each producer shall use his best efforts to conserve materials by elimination. simplification or standardization of types. sizes or forms or by substitution of less critical for more critical materials, and shall cooperate in any program devel-oped for such purpose by the War Production Board. The Conservation Divi-sion of the War Production Board issues, periodically, a publication showing the relative scarcity of materials, entitled, "Materials Substitutions and Supply"

(4) Appeals. Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter, in triplicate, referring to the particular provisions appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the ap-

peal

(5) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order. wilfully conceals a material fact, or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assist-

(6) Communications to War Production Board. All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to the War Production Board, Chemicals Division, Washington, D. C.; Ref.: P-89.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943. WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,

Recording Secretary. [F. R. Doc. 43-6383; Filed, April 24, 1943;

PART 1076-PLUMBING AND HEATING; SIMPLIFICATION

11:59 a. m.]

[Revocation of Schedule II to Limitation Order L-42]

Section 1076.3 Schedule II to Limitation Order L-42 is hereby revoked. Issued this 17th day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN. Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6379; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:01 p. m.]

PART 1077-RADIO RECEIVERS AND PHONOGRAPHS

[Revocation of General Limitation Order L-44]

Section 1077.1 General Limitation Order L-44 is hereby revoked. Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6388; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:59 a. m.]

PART 1077-RADIO RECEIVERS AND PHONOGRAPHS

[Revocation of General Limitation Order L-44-a]

Section 1077.2 Supplementary General Limitation Order L-44-a is hereby

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6385; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:00 m.]

PART 1132-PRINTING INK

[Conservation Order M-53, as Amended April 24, 1943]

§ 1132.1 Conservation Order M-53— (a) Definitions. (1) "Producer" means any person engaged in the manufacture of printing inks for sale to others or for his own consumption, but does not include the Government Printing Office or the Bureau of Engraving and Printing

of the United States.
(2) "Printing ink" includes any fluid or viscous material or composition of materials used in printing, impressing, stamping or transferring upon paper or paper-like substances, wood, fabrics or metals by the recognized mechanical reproductive processes employed in printing, publishing and related service industries.

(3) "News ink" means any black ink made from mineral oil and carbon black. with or without rosin, used in the production of newspapers and newspaper supplements.

(4) "Non-scratch ink" means an ink containing resins for the purpose of increasing hardness and reducing abrasion.

- (b) Restrictions on use. In the manufacture of printing ink, no producer shall:
- (1) Use any oil soluble toner in any black ink, nor a toner of any form in news ink; Provided, however, That nothing contained in this paragraph (b) (1) shall restrict a producer's use of oil soluble toners, either in dry form or solution, in the production of black inks other than news inks, where such toners were in his inventory prior to March 30, 1942.

(2) Use any alkali blue or other organic toner as a toner for black ink in excess of eight percent (8%), by weight, of such black ink where such alkali blue or other organic toner is in paste form or, where in the form of dry color, then in excess of four percent (4%), by weight, of such black ink.

(3) Use any glycerol phthalate resins or phenolic resins for the production of any gloss ink, non-scratch ink or gloss overprint varnish: Provided, however, That nothing contained in this paragraph (b) (3) shall restrict the use of varnishes containing such resins in the inventories of ink producers, printers, or manufacturers of varnishes for the printing ink industry, where such varnishes

were manufactured prior to March 30, 1942, for use in the manufacture of printing ink.

(c) Prohibitions against sales or deliveries of materials. No person shall hereafter sell or deliver any of the materials named in paragraph (b) hereof to any other person if he knows or has reason to believe such material is to be used in violation of the terms of this order.

(d) Miscellaneous provisions—(1) Applicability of priorities regulations. This order and all transactions affected hereby are subject to all applicable provisions of the priorities regulations of the War Production Board, as amended from time

(2) Appeals. Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the appeal.

- (3) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assist-
- (4) Communications to War Production Board. All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Chemicals Division, Washington, D. C.: Ref.: M-53.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943. WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6381; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:01 p. m.]

PART 1158-INDUSTRIAL MACHINERY

[Interpretation 2 to General Limitation Order L-83, as Amended March 12, 1943]

General Limitation Order L-83 restricts deliveries to those made on approved orders. An approved order is defined in paragraph (6). Some confusion has arisen as to the exact requirements of an approved order assigned a rating on Form PD-3A, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) (6) (iii). Under this paragraph Form PD-3A may be used after May 18, 1942 only to assign preference ratings to orders to be delivered to or for the direct account of the agencies specified in paragraph (a) (6) (i), and the machinery in question must be spec-ified on the certificate. The two requirements are not alternates but must both be met in any one case.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943. WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6380; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:01 p. m.]

PART 1223-STANDARDIZATION AND SIMPLI-FICATION OF PAPER

Schedule III to Limitation Order L-120, as Amended April 24, 1943]

FINE WRITING PAPERS

Section 1223.4 Schedule III to Limitatation Order L-120 is hereby amended and revised to read as follows:

§ 1223.4 Schedule III to Limitation Order L-120-(a) Definitions. For the purpose of this schedule, including the Appendix:

(1) The term "fine writing papers" means and is limited to the kinds of paper commonly described and distributed in the paper trade by the names used as captions in the Appendix below,

(2) A "grade" means one particular quality within a kind of fine writing paper, such grade having the essential properties peculiar to such kind of paper and common to all grades within such kind, but distinguished from other such grades by a difference in the degree to which one or several of those common properties are emphasized. However, a difference in the degree to which any such property is emphasized, due only to a difference in ash content, in sizing, in the quantity of adhesive in the coating formula, or in the dyes used in the paper and/or coating shall not be considered as resulting in a different grade.

(3) "Color" means any hue of the

spectrum, including but not limited to ivory, india and green-white tints, and black, but not including white.

(4) The term "substance means the weight of a kind of "fine writing paper" in pounds per 500 sheets in the size indicated under the appropriate caption.

(5) An "item" means a quantity of paper all of which is of the same size, grain, substance weight, finish, color and

grade.

(6) The term "standard" as applied to grade, color, substance weight, and size means, with respect to each manufacturer, a grade and color selected and a substance weight and size specified under A of the appropriate caption in the Appendix below.

(7) The term "special" as applied to grade, color, substance weight, and size means with respect to each manufacturer, any grade, color, substance weight

or size that is not standard.

(8) The term "special making order" means a single order placed by a single buyer for manufacture at one time for use by one printer, converter or con-

(9) The term "manufacture" includes all making and finishing operations prior

to packaging or packing.
(10) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, or other form of enterprise, including within one "person" all affiliates, subsidiaries, individuals, corporations, partnerships, or other form of enterprise subject to a common executive or operating management or with a common sales organization.

(b) Identification of the papers subject to this schedule. It shall be the duty of each person who manufactures

paper to determine in the first instance, but subject to review and official classification by the War Production Board at any time thereafter, under which caption of the Appendix, if any, belongs each of the "fine writing papers" manufactured by him. There shall be taken into account in such determination, and in any review and reclassification by the War Production Board, the designation by which the manufacturer heretofore identified or distributed the paper in question, the common designation in the paper trade of similar papers selling within the same general price range as the paper in question, and the common designation in the paper trade of papers possessing the same general physical characteristics, manufactured by the same general processes, or commonly distributed and used for the same general uses as the paper in question. If a manufacturer is uncertain as to the proper caption under which to classify a particular kind of "fine writing paper," or whether a particular kind of paper is such a paper at all or belongs under any caption of the Appendix to this schedule. he may apply to the War Production Board, in writing, for an official classification of such paper, submitting with his application representative samples of the grade or grades in which he manufactures such paper, a full explanation of the processes by which he manufactures the same, the designation by which he has heretofore identified or distributed the same, the general uses for which it is intended, the general price range within which it is sold, and the types of papers with which it chiefly competes, and a full explanation of the reasons for his uncertainty. The War Production Board may on its own motion review a manufacturer's classification and substitute therefor an official classification. any event, an official classification by the War Production Board by telegram or notice in writing sent to the manufacturer shall, unless and until the War Production Board shall amend or revise the same by telegram or notice in writing sent to the manufacturer, be conclusive.

(c) Selection of grades for regular manufacture. Each person who manufactures any kind of "fine writing paper" shall with respect to each such kind he manufactures, select such "grade" or 'grades" thereof, not to exceed the number specified in A (1) of the appropriate caption of the Appendix below, as he may desire to adopt for regular manufacture, and shall forthwith notify the War Production Board of such selection on Form PD-589. The manufacturer may thereafter apply to the War Production Board for leave to amend the original selection by dropping a "grade" or "grades" and substituting another or others, but unless and until such leave is granted by the War Production Board in writing the original selection shall be and remain binding. Each person who regularly manufactures any Extra 100 percent rag content grade of any kind of "fine writing paper" shall notify, as above, the War Production Board thereof on Form PD-589, stating in addition in what respect each such grade differs from his standard 100 percent rag grade, submitting with his statement representative samples of each such grade and a list of sizes, weights and colors regularly manufactured.

(d) Selection of colors for regular manufacture. If by the terms of A (2) under the appropriate caption of the Appendix below a manufacturer is permitted, with respect to a particular grade of a kind of "fine writing paper," to select a number of colors, each person who manufactures such grade, if he desires to manufacture such grade in colors, shall immediately select therefor such particular colors, not to exceed the number indicated in A (2) of the appropriate caption, as he may desire to adopt for regular manufacture, and shall forth-with notify the War Production Board of such selection, on Form PD-589. The manufacturer may thereafter apply to the War Production Board for leave to amend the original selection by dropping a color or colors and substituting another or others, but unless and until such leave is granted by the War Production Board in writing the original selection shall be and remain binding.

(e) General limitations. Except to the extent and upon the conditions indicated in paragraphs (f), (g), (h) and (i) of this revised schedule, or under B of the appropriate caption in the Appendix below, no person shall manufacture any kind of "fine writing paper" in any grade, color, substance weight or size other than those selected or specified as standard under A of the appropriate caption of the Appendix, or contrary to any other provision under A of the appropriate

(f) Tolerances and variations. The prohibitions and restrictions of this revised schedule are subject to the normal tolerances customary in the manufacture of "fine writing papers" and to the normal variations in quantity manufactured customarily acceptable in the paper trade. Nothing in this revised schedule shall restrict the remaking, because of faulty manufacture or excessive underrun, of all or any part of a "special making order" accepted in good faith for manufacture in accordance with the terms of this revised schedule.

(g) Cutting and slitting. Nothing in this revised schedule shall restrict the cutting of any sheet size to sizes of which the parent size is a multiple, provided the parent size is manufactured in accordance with the provisions of this revised schedule, nor restrict the slitting to fractional width rolls of any parent roll size manufactured in accordance with the provisions of this revised schedule on an order for roll paper; however, a special sheet size may not be cut from a standard or special roll size except in a quantity and under the conditions applying to a "special size" under B of the appropriate caption in the Appendix below.

(h) Jobs and seconds. Nothing in this revised schedule shall restrict the sale of "job lots" or "seconds", resulting from faulty manufacture or overruns customarily unacceptable to the buyer, which occur during a bona-fide attempt to manufacture "fine writing paper" according to the terms of this revised schedule, provided that the manufacturer clearly informs the purchaser that such paper is a "job lot" or "seconds" and so indicates on each package.

(i) Exception for export. Regardless of the foregoing provisions of this revised schedule and of the provisions of Limitation Order L-120, a person may manufacture for export (but may not without permission in writing by the War Production Board sell in the domestic market) any kind of "fine writing paper" in any size or substance weight required, regardless of quantity, provided all other provisions of this schedule are complied with; and further, bonds, ledgers and writings may be manufactured with any percent of rag content specified by any foreign government to fill a special making order for such government.

(j) Records and Reports—(1) Standard samples. Each person who manufactures any kind of "fine writing paper" shall keep, readily available for inspection by the War Production Board, representative samples of each standard grade and each standard color of such grade selected by him under A (1) and A (2) of the appropriate caption.

(2) Special making orders. On and after the effective date of this revised schedule, each person who manufactures any "special making order" permitted under B of the appropriate caption of the Appendix below shall require from the buyer a statement to the effect that such order is purchased for use by one printer, converter or consumer, shall keep such statement, together with a complete record of such order, readily available for inspection by the War Production Board, and shall submit reports of such orders to the War Production Board as it may from time to time require.

(3) Export orders. On and after the effective date of this revised schedule, each person who manufactures "fine writing paper" for export shall require from the buyer a statement to the effect that such paper is purchased for export and, in the case of a foreign government that such paper is purchased for such government, shall keep such statement, together with a complete record of the order against which such paper is manufactured readily available for inspection by the War Production Board, and shall submit reports of such orders to the War Production Board as it may from time to time require.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary. APPENDIX TO REVISED SCHEDULE III TO LIMITATION ORDER L-120

FINE WRITING PAPERS

RAG CONTENT BOND PAPERS

[Paragraphs A (1), (2), (3) and (4) Amended April 24, 1943]

A. Grades, colors, weights and sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard grades. Any or all of the five following, selected in accordance with (c) of the foregoing Schedule:

25 percent rag content. 50 percent rag content. 75 percent rag content.

100 percent rag content.

Extra 100 percent rag content.

(2) Standard colors. White and Ivory and six other colors, selected according to paragraph (d) of the foregoing Schedule.

(3) Standard weights (per 500 sheets 17" x

22"); for 100% rag content:

Substance weights 11, 13, 16, 20 and 24; for

all other grades:

Substance weight 11, 13, 16, 20; and, if for use as a protective paper or for checks, substance weight 24, provided that, before the sale thereof, the manufacturer shall require from the buver a statement that the order is for use as a protective paper or for checks. The manufacturer shall keep such statement, together with a complete record of the order, readily available for inspection by the War Production Board.

(4) Standard sizes (in inches):

For White and Ivory

Sheets. 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 19 x 24, 22 x 34, 24 x 38, 28 x 34, 34 x 44.

Rolls. None permitted as standard.

For Other Colors

17 x 22, 17 x 28, 19 x 24, 22 x 34, Sheets. 24 x 38, 28 x 34.

Rolls. None permitted as standard.

Typewriter sizes may be made, if no larger than 81/2 x 14 and no smaller than 71/4 x 101/2.

(5) Standard Watermarks: A laid mark, or any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

(6) No restriction as to finish.(7) Extra 100 percent rag content: If selected, unrestricted in any respect, except for the report required by paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing

schedule:

(1) Special Grades: A person may manufacture any grade listed in A (1) above, whether or not selected by him, in White or in any color and size to fill a special making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard.

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured,

watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a spe-

cial making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 5,000 pounds in one standard grade; and

(b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 5,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 1,000 pounds and the quantity of each special size is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted.

- (4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 2,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll
- (a) In a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or

(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.

(5) A Special Watermark may be used in manufacturing a special making order, pro-

(a) The quantity of paper made with any watermark or watermarks (name or design) is at least 2,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight, or in a special color in the quantity provided for under Exception (2) above; and

(b) The quantity of each standard sheet size is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 2,000 pounds, or the quantity of each roll width is

at least 2,000 pounds; and
(c) There is at least 2,000 pounds of continuous manufacture under one dandy roll

without changing a mark.

NOTE: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufacture of a rag content bond paper for a mer-chant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, standard color or White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a Special Watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark.

RAG CONTENT LEDGER PAPERS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

Standard Grades: Not more than four of the following, selected according to Para-graph (c) of the foregoing Schedule:

25 percent rag content

50 percent rag content 75 percent rag content

85 percent rag content 100 percent rag content

and in addition to the four selected, Extra 100 percent rag content.

(2) Standard Colors: White and Blue, Buff

and Green—White tint only.
(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"); for 100% rag content: Substance weights 24, 28, 32 and 36; for all other grades: Substance weights 24, 28 and 32.

(4) Standard Sizes (In inches) t

White and Colors

Sheets: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 19 x 24, 221/4 x 221/2, 22 x 34, 24 x 38, 28 x 34.

Rolls. None permitted as standard.
(5) Standard Watermarks: A laid mark, or any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

(6) No restriction as to finish.

(7) Extra 100 percent rag content: un-restricted in any respect, except for the re-port required by paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing

schedule:

(1) Special Grades: A person may manufacture any grade listed in A (1) above, whether or not selected by him, in White or in any color and size to fill a special making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 5,000 pounds in one standard grade; and

(b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 5,000 pounds; and(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 1,000 pounds and the quantity of each special size is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted.
(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 2,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color of White and standard weight; or

(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.

(5) A Special Watermark may be used in manufacturing a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of paper made with any watermark or watermarks (name or design) is at least 2,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight, or in a special color in the quantity provided for under Exception (2) above; and
(b) The quantity of each standard sheet

size is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 2,000 pounds, or the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds; and

(c) There is at least 2,000 pounds of con-

tinuous manufacture under one dandy roll

without changing a mark.

Note: The provisions applying to Special
Watermarks shall not prevent the manufacture of a Rag Content Ledger Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, standard color or White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a Special Watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark.

RAG CONTENT LOOSE LEAF LEDGER PAPERS

(Including Machine Posting Ledger Papers)

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than four of the following, selected according to para-graph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

25 percent rag content

50 percent rag content 75 percent rag content

85 percent rag content

100 percent rag content

and in addition to the four selected, Extra 100 percent rag content.

(2) Standard Colors: White, and six colors, selected according to paragraph (d) of the foregoing Schedule.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"): for 100% rag content: Substance weights 24, 28, 32 and 36; for all other grades: Substance weights 24, 28 and 32.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

White and Colors

Sheets: 17½ x 22½, 19½ x 24½, 22½ x 22½, 22½ x 28½, 22½ x 35, 24½ x 24½, 24½ x 39. Rolls: None permitted as standard.

(5) Standard Watermarks: A laid mark, any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

(6) No restriction as to finish.(7) Extra 100 percent rag content: Unrestricted in any respect, except for the report required by paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing

schedule:

(1) Special Grades: A person may manufacture any grade listed in A (1) above, whether or not selected by him, in White or in any color and size to fill a special making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard.

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 5,000 pounds in one standard grade; (b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 5,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 1,000 pounds and the quantity of each special size is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted.

(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may

be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 2,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or

White and standard weight; or

(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.

(5) A Special Watermark may be used in manufacturing a special making order, provided that

(a) The quantity of paper made with any watermark or watermarks (name or design)
is at least 2,000 pounds of a standard grade,
standard color or White and standard weight,
or in a special color in the quantity provided
for under Exception (2) above; and

(b) The quantity of each standard sheet size is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 2,000 pounds, or the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds; and

(c) There is at least 2,000 pounds of continuous manufacture under one dandy roll

without changing a mark.

Note: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufacture of a Rag Content Loose Leaf Ledger Paper or Machine Posting Ledger Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, standard color or White, standard standard size, and in the quantities required ties required above for a Special Watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark

RAG CONTENT WRITING PAPERS

(Including Linens)

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than three, selected (by percentage of rag content) according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White, and ivory and three other colors selected according to paragraph (d) of the foregoing schedule.
(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"): Substance weights 20 and 24.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

White and Colors

Sheets: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 19 x 24, 22 x 34.

Rolls: None permitted as standard.
(5) Standard Watermarks: A laid mark, or mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

(6) No restriction as to finish.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a spe-cial making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard.

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a spe-

cial making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 5,000 pounds in one standard grade;

(b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 5,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 1,000 pounds and the quantity of each special size is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted.

(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 2,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or

White and standard weight; or

(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above. (5) A Special Watermark may be used in

manufacturing a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of paper made with any watermark or watermarks (name or design) is at least 2,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight or in a special color in the quantity provided for under Exception (2) above; and
(b) The quantity of each standard sheet

size is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 2,000 pounds, or the quantity of each roll width is

at least 2,000 pounds; and
(c) There is at least 2,000 pounds of continuous manufacture under one dandy roll

without changing a mark.

Note: The provisions applying to Special
Watermarks shall not prevent the manufacture of a Rag Content Writing Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to iden-tify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard standard color or White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quanti-ties required above for a Special Watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special

RAG CONTENT ONION SKIN PAPERS

(Including Manifold Papers)

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for

regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Any or all of the three following, selected in accordance with (c) of the foregoing schedule.

25 percent rag content.

75 percent rag content (White only). 100 percent rag content.

(2) Standard Colors: White and six colors, selected according to paragraph (d) of the foregoing schedule

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x "): Substance Weights 7 to 9 inclusive.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

For White

Sheets: 21 x 32, 22 x 34, 24 x 38, 26 x 34, 28 x 34.

Rolls: None permitted as standard.

For Colors

Sheets: 22 x 34, 24 x 38, 28 x 34

Rolls: None permitted as standard.

Typewriter sizes may be made, if no larger than 8½ x 14 and no smaller than 7¼ x 10½. 5. Standard Watermarks: A laid mark,

any mill watermarks used to identify standmill grades; none otherwise.

(6) No restriction as to finish.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing

(1) Special Grades: Any person may man-ufacture any grade listed in A (1) above, whether or not selected by him, and in addition 50 percent rag content, in White or in any color and size, to fill a special making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard.

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a spe-

cial making order, provided that:
(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 5,000 pounds in one standard grade; and

(b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 5,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each item is at least 500 pounds,

 (3) No Special Weights permitted.
 (4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 500 pounds a sheet size or at least 500 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or White, standard weight and one finish; (b) In a special color in the quantities

provided for under Exception (2) above.
(5) A Special Watermark may be used in

manufacturing a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of paper made with any watermark or watermarks (name or design) is at least 1,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight, or in a special color in the quantity provided for under Exception (2) above; and (b) The quantity of each item is at least

500 pounds; and (c) There is at least 1,000 pounds of continuous manufacture under one dandy roll

without changing a mark.

Note: The provisions applying to Special
Watermarks shall not prevent the manufacture of a Rag Content Onion Skin Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard standard color or White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a Special Water-mark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark.

RAG CONTENT WEDDING PAPERS

(Including Wedding Bristols)

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than three, selected (by percentage of rag content) according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White, and Ivory

only.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets): substance weights (17" x 22")—28, 32 and 36; substance weights (22½" x 28½")—120, 140 and 160.

Pasted weights may be supplied in multiples of standard weights.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

For White

Sheets: 22 x 34, 22½ x 28½. Rolls: None permitted as standard.

For Ivory

Sheets: 22 x 34.

Rolls: None permitted as standard. (5) Standard Watermarks: A laid mark, or any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

(6) No restriction as to finish.

(7) Extra 100 percent rag content: If selected, unrestricted in any respect, except for the report required by paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing

schedule:

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a spe-cial making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that: (a) The quantity of each special color is

at least 5,000 pounds in one standard grade;

(b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 5,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 1,000 pounds and the quantity of each special size is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted.

(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 2,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or
(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.

(5) A Special Watermark may be used in manufacturing a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of paper made with any watermark or watermarks (name or design) is at least 2,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight, or in a special color in the quantity provided for under Exception (2) above; and

(b) The quantity of each standard sheet size is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 2,000 pounds, or the quantity of each roll width is

at least 2,000 pounds; and

(c) There is at least 2,000 pounds of con-tinuous manufacture under one dandy roll

without changing a mark.

Note: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufac-ture of a Rag Content Wedding Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, standard color or White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a Special Watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark.

RAG CONTENT INDEX

A. Grades, Colors, Weights and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than four of the following, selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

25 percent rag content. 50 percent rag content. 75 percent rag content. 100 percent rag content.

Extra 100 percent rag content.

(2) Standard Colors: White, and six colors, selected according to paragraph (d) of the foregoing schedule.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 251/2" x 301/2"): Substance weights 90, 110, 140 and

170.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

White and Colors

Sheets: 20½ x 24¾, 25½ x 30½.
Rolls: None permitted as standard,
(5) No restrictions as to finish.

(6) Extra 100 percent rag content: If selected, unrestricted in any respect, except for the report required by paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

B. Exceptions for "Special Making Orders" defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing

schedule:

(1) Special Grades: A person may manufacture any grade listed in A (1) above, whether or not selected by him, in White or in any color and size to fill a special making order for the United States Government, in a standard substance weight, or in substance weight 220 in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds.

5,000 pounds.
 (2) A Special Color may be manufactured to fill a special making order, provided that:
 (a) The quantity of each special color is at least 5,000 pounds in one standard grade;

(b) The quantity of each standard weight substance weight 220 is at least 5,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 1,000 pounds in one standard grade; each special size is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) Special Weights: Substance weight 220 may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds, in a standard grade, standard color or White or a special color, provided the quantity of each standard size is at least 1,000 pounds and the quantity of each special size is at least 2,000 pounds.

(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 2,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll

width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or white and standard weight; or

(b) In a special color, or in substance weight 220, in the quantities provided for under Exceptions (2) and (3) above.

BASE STOCK FOR BLUEPRINT AND DIRECT LINE

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Any or all of the four following, selected in accordance with (c) of the foregoing schedule.

100 percent rag content. 50 percent rag content. 25 percent rag content. No rag content.

(2) Standard Colors: No restrictions

(3) Standard Colors: No restrictions.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"): 100 percept rag content: substance weights 17, 20½ and 24; for all other grades: substance weights 17 and 20½.

(4) Standard Sizes:

Rolls only: 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, and 54 inches wide.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:

(1) Special Grades: Variations only be-cause of different treatment in the beater or on the paper machine, or the use of different non-fibrous materials shall not be considered as resulting in a different grade.

(2) No Special Weights permitted.

(3) Special Width Rolls may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of 10,000 pounds, in a standard grade, in one shade and standard weight.

BASE STOCK FOR NEGATIVE PAPERS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Only the one following, if selected in accordance with (c) of the foregoing schedule: 100 percent content.

(2) Standard Colors: No restrictions.
(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"): Substance weight 14.

(4) Standard Sizes

Rolls only: 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, and 54 inches

wide.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:

(1) Special Grades: Variations only because of different treatment in the beater or on the paper machine, or the use of different non-fibrous materials shall not be considered as resulting in a different grade.
(2) No Special Weights permitted.

(3) Special Width Rolls may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of 10,000 pounds, in a standard grade, in one shade and standard weight.

RAG CONTENT ANTIQUE (MACHINE FINISH) COVER PAPERS

(Excluding Manuscript Covers)

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than two. selected (by percentage of rag content) ac-according to paragraph (d) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White, and six colors in addition to either Ivory or India; or five colors in addition to Ivory and India, selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 20" x 26"): Substance weights 50, 65, 80, and 130, and weights made by pasting any of these substances

(4) Standard Sizes (in Inches):

White and Colors

Sheets: 20 x 26, 23 x 35, 26 x 40. Rolls: None permitted as standard.

(5) Any secondary finish may be applied to any item conforming to the other condi-

tions of this caption.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a spe-cial making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured to fill a special making order, provided that:
(a) The quantity of each special color is

at least 5,000 pounds in one standard grade;

(b) The quantity of each standard weight

is at least 5,000 pounds; and (c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 1,000 pounds and the quantity of each special size is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted.

(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 2,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or

White and standard weight; or
(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.

CHEMICAL WOOD PULP ANTIQUE (MACHINE FIN-ISH) COVER PAPERS

(Including Ground Wood Content Cover Papers but Excluding Manuscript Covers)

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:
(1) Standard Grades:

Chemical Wood Pulp: Not more than two; Ground Wood Content: Not more than

selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White, and six colors in addition to either Ivory or India; or five colors in addition to Ivory and India; selected according to paragraph (d) of the foregoing schedule.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 20" x 26"):

Chemical Wood Pulp: Substance Weights 50, 65, 80 and 130, and weights made by pasting any of these substances.

Ground Wood Content: Substance Weights 40, 50, 65, 80 and 130, and weights made by pasting any of these substances

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

White and Colors

Sheets: 20 x 26, 23 x 35, 26 x 40, Rolls: None permitted as standard.

(5) Any secondary finish may be applied to any item conforming to the other conditions of this caption.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a special making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 5,000 pounds in one standard grade;

(b) The quantity of each standard weight

is at least 5,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 1,000 pounds and the quantity of each special size is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted. (4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making or-der in a quantity of at least 2,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or
(b) In a special color in the quantities

provided for under Exception (2) above.

SPECIALTY COVER PAPERS

(Coated, Embossed or Decorative Specialty Covers, and including "S. and S. C. Cover")

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: With respect to each manufacturer, any grade or grades regularly stocked as an established cover line as of December 1, 1941, selected in accordance with paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White, and six colors in addition to Ivory or India or five colors in addition to Ivory and India, selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing sched-

(3) Standard Weights: With respect to each manufacturer and each standard grade under A (1), any weight regularly stocked as of December 1, 1941, such weight or weights to be reported to the Director General for Operations, as standard for each such grade.
(4) Standard Sizes: With respect to each

manufacturer and each standard grade under A (1), any size regularly stocked as of December 1, 1941, such size or sizes to be reported to the Director General for Operations, as standard for each such grade.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" (as defined in (a) (viii) of the foregoing

schedule):

(1) Any Grade of Specialty Cover Papers may be manufactured by any person to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of such grade is at least 5,000 pounds, all in either White or any one

color and finish; and

(b) The quantity of each substance weight is at least 5,000 pounds; and (c) The quantity of each item is at least

2,000 pounds; and (d) Such person can show that such grade was manufactured by some person prior to

December 1, 1941.

(2) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 2,000 pounds of an item in a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight.

CHEMICAL WOOD PULP BOND PAPERS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture.
(1) Standard Grades: Not more than three,

selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White, and Ivory and six other colors, selected according to para-graph (d) of the foregoing schedule.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17"x): Substance weights 13, 16 and 20; and, if for use as a protective paper or for checks,

or for use on an addressing machine, sub-stance weight 24, provided that before the sale thereof, the manufacturer shall require from the buyer a statement that the order is for use as a protective paper or for checks or for use on an addressing machine. The manufacturer shall keep such statement, together with a complete record of the order, readily available for inspection by the War Production Board.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

For White and Ivory

Sheets: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 19 x 24, 22 x 34, 24 x 38, 28 x 34, 34 x 44.

Rolls: None permitted as standard.

For Other Colors

Sheets: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 19 x 24, 22 x 34, 24 x 38, 28 x 34.

Rolls: None permitted as standard.

Typewriter sizes may be made, if no larger

than 81/2 x 14 and no smaller than 71/4 x 101/2.

(5) Standard Watermarks: A laid mark, or any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

(6) No restriction as to finish.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a special making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard.

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a spe-

cial making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade; and

(b) The quantity of each standard weight

is at least 10,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 2,000 pounds and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds.
(3) No Special Weights permitted.
(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may

be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or

white and standard weight; or

(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.
(5) A Special Watermark may be used in

manufacturing a special making order, pro-

(a) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark (name or design) is at least 5,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or white and standard weight, or in a special color in the quantities provided for

under Exception (2) above; and
(b) The quantity of each standard sheet size in white or a standard color is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds, and the quantity of each roll width is at least

2,000 pounds; and (c) There is at least 5,000 pounds of con-

to a Special Watermark.

tinuous manufacture under one dandy roll. Note: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufacture of a Chemical Wood Pulp Bond Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, standard color or white, stand-ard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a Special Watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying

CHEMICAL WOOD PULP LEDGER PAPERS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than three, selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White, and Buff and

Green-White tint only.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"): Substance Weights 24, 28 and 32. (4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

White and Colors

Sheets: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 19 x 24, 22 x 34,

Sheets: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 19 x 24, 22 x 34, 24 x 38, 28 x 34, 22½ x 22½, x 22½ x 34½, 24½ x 34½, 24½ x 39.

Rolls: None permitted as standard.

(5) Standard Watermarks: A laid mark, or any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

(6) No restriction as to finish.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:

schedule:

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in white or in any color or size to fill a special making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard.

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade; and

(b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 10,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 2,000 pounds and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted.

(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width.

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or

(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.

(5) A Special Watermark may be used in manufacturing a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark (name or design) is at least 5,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight, or in a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above; and

(b) The quantity of each standard sheet size in White or a standard color is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds, and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000

pounds; and

(c) There is at least 5,000 pounds of continuous manufacture under one dandy roll. NOTE: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufac-ture of a Chemical Wood Pulp Ledger Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, standard color or White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a Special Watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark.

CHEMICAL WOOD PULP WRITING PAPERS (Wove)

A. Grades, "Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than two, selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White only.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"): Substance weights 16 and 20; and, if for use as a protective paper or for checks, or for use on an addressing machine, sub-stance weight 24, provided that, before the sale thereof, the manufacturer shall require from the buyer a statement that the order is for use as a protective paper or for checks or for use on an addressing machine. manufacturer shall keep such statement, together with a complete record of the order. readily available for inspection by the War Production Board.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches): Sheets: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 19 x 24, 22 x 34, 24 x 38, 28 x 34.

Rolls: None permitted as standard

(5) Standard Watermarks: Any mill watermarks if used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

- (6) No restriction as to finish.

 B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing
- (1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a spe-cial making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard
- (2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that:
- (a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade;

(b) The quantity of each standard weight

is at least 10,000 pounds; and
(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 2,000 pounds and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted.

- (4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:
- (a) In a standard grade, White and standard weight; or
- (b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.
 (5) A Special Watermark may be used in
- manufacturing a special making order, provided that:
- (a) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark (name or design) is at least 5,000 pounds of a standard grade, White and standard weight; or in a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above; and
- (b) The quantity of each standard sheet size in White is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds, and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds; and

(c) There is at least 5,000 pounds of continuous manufacture under one dandy roll.

Note: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufacture of a Chemical Wood Pulp Writing Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a Special Watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark.

REGISTER, CONTINUOUS FORM, AND SALES BOOK CHEMICAL WOOD PULP BOND PAPERS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights and Sizes for regular manufacture and to be distributed

only to fill a special making order or orders as defined in (a) (viii) in the foregoing schedule:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than one, selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White and five colors selected according to paragraph (d) of the foregoing schedule.

- (3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets "x 22"): Substance weights, 10, 12, 15 and 20.
- (4) Standard Sizes: Any size, sheet or roll, if manufactured in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet item or 2,000 pounds of a roll item.
- (5) Standard Watermarks: None permitted
- B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:
- (1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a special making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard
- (2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that:
- (a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade;
- (b) The quantity of each standard weight
- is at least 10,000 pounds; and
 (c) The quantity of each sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds
 (3) No Special Weights permitted.

(4) Special Sizes: Only as permitted under A (4) above.

- (5) A Special Watermark may be used in manufacturing a special making order, provided that:
- (a) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark (name or design) is at least 5,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or in a special color in the quantities provided for
- under Exception (2) above; and
 (b) The quantity of each sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds.

CHEMICAL WOOD PULP MANIFOLD PAPERS

(Including Onion Skin Papers)

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than three, selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White and six colors, selected according to paragraph (d) of the foregoing schedule.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"): Substance weights 7 to 10 inclusive.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

White

Sheets: 21 x 32, 22 x 34, 24 x 38, 26 x 34, 28 x 34.

Rolls: None permitted as standard.

Colors

Sheets: 22 x 34, 24 x 38, 28 x 34. Rolls: None permitted at standard.

Typewriter sizes may be made, if no larger than $8\frac{1}{2}$ x 14 and no smaller than $7\frac{1}{4}$ x $10\frac{1}{2}$.

(5) Standard Watermarks: Any laid mark, any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

- (6) No restriction as to finish.B. Exceptions for "special making orders" defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:
- (1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a special making order for the United States Govern-

ment, provided the substance weight is standard

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a spe-

cial making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 5,000 pounds in one standard grade; and

(b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 5,000 pounds; and (c) The quantity of each item is at least

1,000 pounds.

No Special Weights permitted.

- (4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 1,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 1,000 pounds of a roll width:
- (a) In a standard grade, standard color or White, and standard weight and one finish; or (b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.
- (5) A Special Watermark may be used in manufacturing a special making order, provided that:
- (a) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark (name or design) is at least 2,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or in a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above; and

(b) The quantity of each item is at least 1,000 pounds; and

(c) There is at least 2,000 pounds of continuous manufacture under one dandy roll.

Note: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufacture of a Chemical Wood Pulp Manifold Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, standard color or White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantitles required above for a Special Watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark

CHEMICAL WOOD PULP MIMEOGRAPH PAPERS

- A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:
- (1) Standard Grades: Not more than two. selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.
- (2) Standard Colors: White, and six colors, selected according to paragraph (d) of the foregoing schedule.
- (3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"): Substance weights 16 and 20.
 - (4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

White and Colors

Sheets: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 22 x 34, 28 x 34. Rolls: None permitted as standard.

Typewriter sizes may be made, if no larger than $8\frac{1}{2}$ x 14 and no smaller than $7\frac{1}{4}$ x $10\frac{1}{2}$.

- (5) Standard Watermarks: A laid mark, or any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.
- B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:
- (1) A Special Grade may be manufactured to fill a special making order for the United States Government in White or in any color or size, in any standard substance weight, or in substance weight 18 in a quantity of at least 10,000 pounds.

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade;

(b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 10,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 2,000 pounds and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds each special sheet size is at least 3,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds in a standard weight; or, if in substance weight 18, the quantity of each item is at least 5,000 pounds.

(3) Special Weights: Substance weight 18

may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 10,000 pounds, and in at least 5,000 pounds of each item:

(a) In a standard grade and a standard

color or White; or

(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.

(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may

be manufactured to fill a special making or-der in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or (b) In a special color or substance weight

18 in the quantities provided for under Exceptions (2) and (3) above.

(5) A Special Watermark may be used in

manufacturing a special making order, pro-

(a) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark (name or design) is at least 5,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight, or in a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above; and (b) The quantity of each standard sheet

size in White or a standard color is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds, and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds; and

(c) There is at least 5,000 pounds of continuous manufacture under one dandy roll;

(d) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark in substance weight 18 is at least 10,000 pounds, with at least 5,000 pounds

Note: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufacture of a Chemical Wood Pulp Mimeograph Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, standard color or White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a Special Water-mark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark.

GELATIN AND SPIRIT PROCESSES

CHEMICAL AND WOOD PULP DUPLICATING PAPERS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Gelatin Process-Not more than two; Spirit Process-Not more than two; selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.
(2) Standard Colors: White, and six colors

selected according to paragraph (d) of the

foregoing schedule.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"): For White: Substance weights 13, 16, and 20. For colors: Substance weights 16 and 20.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

White and Colors

Sheets: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 19 x 24, 22 x 34, 24 x 38, 28 x 34.

Rolls: None permitted as standard.

Typewriter sizes may be made, if no larger than 81/2 x 14 and no smaller that 71/4 x 101/2.

(5) Standard Watermarks: Any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a special making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard.

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured. watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade;

(b) The quantity of each standard weight

is at least 10,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 2,000 pounds and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted.

(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width -

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or

(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under exception (2) above.

(5) A Special Watermark may be used in manufacturing a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark (name or design) is at least 5,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight, or in a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above; and (b) The quantity of each standard sheet size in White or a standard color is at least

1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds, and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds; and

(c) There is at least 5,000 pounds of continuous manufacture under one dandy roll.

Note: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufacture of papers under this caption for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, standard color or White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a Special Watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark

CHEMICAL WOOD PULP OPAQUE CIRCULAR PAPERS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than one. selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White only.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x '): Substance weights 13, 16, 20 and 24.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

Sheets: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 22 x 34, 25 x 38, 28 x 34, 35 x 45, 38 x 50.

Rolls: None permitted as standard.

(5) Standard Watermarks: Any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

(6) No restriction as to finish.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a special making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard.

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade; and

(b) The quantity of each standard weight

is at least 10,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 2,000 pounds and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds.
(3) No Special Weights permitted.
(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may

be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, White and standard weight; or

(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.

(5) A Special Watermark may be used in

manufacturing a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark (name or design) is at least 5,000 pounds of a standard grade. White and a standard weight, or in a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above; and

(b) The quantity of each standard sheet size in White is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds, and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds; and

(c) There is at least 5,000 pounds of continuous manufacture under one dandy roll.

Note: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufacture of a Chemical Wood Pulp Opaque Circular Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a special watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark.

CHEMICAL WOOD PULP VELLUM AND WEDDING PAPERS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:
(1) Standard Grades: Not more than two.

selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White, and Ivory, Granite and six other colors, selected accord-ing to paragraph (d) of the foregoing sched-

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets in the size indicated): White, 22 x 34: 48, 56, 64 and 72; White, 35 x 45: 101 and 118; White, 221/2 x 281/2: 100, 120, 140, 160 and 180; Ivory and Granite, 22 x 34: 48, 56, 64 and 72; Ivory and Granite, 35 x 45: 118; Other colors, 22 x 34: 48 and 56; Other colors, 35 x 45: 118. Pasted weights may be supplied in multiples of standard weights.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

White

Sheets: 22 x 34, 35 x 45, 221/2 x 281/2. Rolls: None permitted as standard.

Sheets: 22 x 34, 35 x 45.

Rolls: None permitted as standard.

(5) Standard Watermarks: Any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

(6) Standard Finishes: Any veilum pri-mary finish and any secondary finish; none

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a special making order for the United States Govern-ment, provided the substance weight is standard.

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade; and

(b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 10,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is least 2,000 pounds and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted.
(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or

(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.

(5) A Special Watermark may be used in manufacturing a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark (name or design) is at least 5,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or in a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above; and

(b) The quantity of each standard sheet size in White or a standard color is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds, and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds; and

(c) There is at least 5,000 pounds of con-

tinuous manufacture under one dandy roll. Note: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufac-ture of Chemical Wood Pulp Vellum and Wedding Papers for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, standard color or White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a special watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark.

(6) Deckle Edges: Papers under this caption may be manufactured deckle edge to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet size or a roll

width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or White, standard weight and a primary finish: or

(b) In a special color in a quantity of at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade; provided that:

(i) the quantity of each standard weight is at least 10,000 pounds; and

(ii) the quantity of each item is at least 5,000 pounds.

CONVERTING GRADES OF CHEMICAL WOOD PULP PAPETERIE PAPERS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights and Sizes for regular manufacture and to be distributed only to fill a special making order or orders as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than three, selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White, and Ivory and six other colors, selected according to para-

graph (d) of the foregoing schedule.
(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"): White and Ivory: Substance weights: 16, 20, 24 and 28. Other Colors: Substance weights: 20, 24 and 28. Pasted weights may be supplied in multiples of standard weights.

(4) Standard Sizes: Any size, sheet or roll, manufactured in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet item or 2,000 pounds of a roll item.

(5) Standard Watermarks: No laid or other

watermark permitted.

(6) No restriction as to finish.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in white or in any color or size to fill a special making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade;

(b) The quantity of each standard weight

is at least 10,000 pounds; and
(c) The quantity of each sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds.
(3) No Special Weights permitted.

(4) Special Sizes: Only as permitted under A (4) above.

(5) Any Watermark may be used in manufacturing a special making order, provided

(a) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark (name or design) is at least 5,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or in a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above; and

(b) The quantity of each sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each

roll width is at least 2,000 pounds.

(6) Deckle Edges: Papers under this caption may be manufactured deckle edge to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet size or a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or white, standard weight and a primary finish;

(b) In a special color in a quantity of at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade; provided that

(i) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 10,000 pounds; and
(ii) The quantity of each item is at least

5,000 pounds.

CHEMICAL WOOD PULP INDEX BRISTOLS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than three, selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White and six colors, selected according to paragraph (d) of

the foregoing schedule.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 25½" x 30½"):
Substance weights 90, 110, 140 and 170.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

White and Colors

Sheets: 201/2 x 243/4, 221/2 x 281/2, 251/2 x 301/2

Rolls: None permitted as standard.

(5) No restriction as to finish.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a special making order for the United States Gov-ernment, in a standard substance weight, or in substance weight 220 in a quantity of at

least 5,000 pounds.

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade;

(b) The quantity of each standard weight or substance weight 220 is at least 10,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is least 2,000 pounds and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds. and the quantity of each roll width is at

least 2,000 pounds.
(3) Special Weights: Substance weight 220 may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000

pounds:

(a) In a standard grade and standard color or White and in at least 2,000 pounds of a standard sheet size, and in at least 5,000 pounds of a special sheet size or 2,000 pounds of a roll width; or
(b) In a quantity of at least 10,000 pounds

in a special color in the quantities provided

for under Exception (2) above.

(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or

white and standard weight; or
(b) In a special color or in substance
weight 220 in the quantities provided for
under exceptions (2) and (3) above.

CHEMICAL WOOD PULP PRINTING BRISTOLS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than three, selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White and six colors, selected according to paragraph (d) of the

foregoing schedule. (3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 22½" x 28½"):

Substance weights 90, 100, 120, 140, and 160.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):

White and Colors

Sheets: 221/2 x 281/2.

Rolls: None permitted as standard.

(5) No restriction as to finish.
 B. Exceptions for "special making orders" defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a special making order for the United States Govern-ment, provided the substance weight is

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade; and

(b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 10,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 2,000 pounds and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted.

(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or

White and standard weight; or
(b) In a special color in the quantities
provided for under Exception (2) above.

GROUND WOOD CONTENT BOND PAPERS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for regular manufacture:

(1) Standard Grades: Not more than one, selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule.

(2) Standard Colors: White and six colors, selected according to paragraph (d) of the foregoing schedule.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"); Substance weights 16 and 20.
(4) Standard Sizes (in inches); Sheets: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 19 x 24, 22 x 34,

24 x 38, 28 x 34,

Rolls: None permitted as standard. Typewriter sizes may be made, if no larger

than 81/2 x 14 and no smaller than 71/4 x 101/2. (5) Standard Watermarks: A laid mark, or

any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.
(6) No restrictions as to finish

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" as defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:

(i) A Special Grade may be manufactured in White or in any color or size to fill a spe-cial making order for the United States Government, provided the substance weight is standard

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade; and

(b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 10,00 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 2,000 pounds and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds.

(3) No Special Weights permitted.

(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or

(b) In a special color in the quantities poided for under Exception (2) above.

(5) A Special Watermark may be used in manufacturing a special making order provided that:

(a) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark (name or design) is at least 5,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight, or in a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above; and

(b) The quantity of each standard sheet size in White or a standard color is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds, and the quantity of each roll width is at laest

2,000 pounds; and (c) There is at least 5,000 pounds of continuous manufacture under one dandy roll.

Note: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufacture of a Ground Wood Content Bond Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, standard color, or White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a Special Wetermark, ethical standard standard standard size, and in the quantities required above for a Special Watermark; otherwise such merchant water-marks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark.

GROUND WOOD CONTENT MIMEOGRAPH PAPERS

A. Grades, Colors, Weights, and Sizes for

regular manufacture:
(1) Standard Grades: No more than one, selected according to paragraph (c) of the foregoing schedule

(2) Standard Colors: White and six colors, selected according to paragraph (d) of the foregoing schedule.

(3) Standard Weights (per 500 sheets 17" x 22"): Substance weights 16 and 20.

(4) Standard Sizes (in inches):
Sheets: 17 x 22, 17 x 28, 22 x 34, 28 x 34.
Rolls: None permitted as standard.
Typewriter sizes may be made, if no larger

than 81/2 x 14 and no smaller than 71/4 x 101/2.

(5) Standard Watermarks: A laid mark, or any mill watermarks used to identify standard mill grades; none otherwise.

B. Exceptions for "special making orders" defined in (a) (8) of the foregoing schedule:

(1) A Special Grade may be manufactured to fill a special making order for the United St tes Government in White or in any color or size, in any standard substance weight, or in substance weight 18 in a quantity of at least 10,000 pounds.

(2) A Special Color may be manufactured, watermarked or unwatermarked, to fill a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of each special color is at least 20,000 pounds in one standard grade;

(b) The quantity of each standard weight is at least 10,000 pounds; and

(c) The quantity of each standard size is at least 2,000 pounds and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds in a standard weight; or, if in substance weight 18, the quantity of each item is at least 5,000 pounds.

(3) Special Weights: Substance weight 18 may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 10,000 pounds, and in at least 5,000 pounds of each item:

(a) In a standard grade and a standard color or White; or

(b) In a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above.

(4) A Special Size, either sheet or roll, may be manufactured to fill a special making order in a quantity of at least 5,000 pounds of a sheet size or at least 2,000 pounds of a ... roll width:

(a) In a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight; or

(b) In a special color or substance weight 18 in the quantities provided for under Exceptions (2) and (3) above.

(5) A Special Watermark may be used in manufacturing a special making order, provided that:

(a) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark (name or design) is at least 5,000 pounds of a standard grade, standard color or White and standard weight, or in a special color in the quantities provided for under Exception (2) above; and

(b) The quantity of each standard sheet size in White or a standard color is at least 1,000 pounds, and the quantity of each special sheet size is at least 5,000 pounds, and the quantity of each roll width is at least 2,000 pounds; and

(c) There is at least 5,000 pounds of continuous manufacture under one dandy roll; or

(d) The quantity of paper made with any one watermark in substance weight 18 is at least 10,000 pounds, with at least 5,000 pounds of each item.

Note: The provisions applying to Special Watermarks shall not prevent the manufac-

ture of a Ground Wood Content Mimeograph Paper for a merchant's stock with a mark used to identify a merchant's regular stock line, provided such paper is manufactured in a standard grade, standard color or White, standard weight and standard size, and in the quantities required above for a Special Watermark; otherwise such merchant watermarks are subject to the provisions applying to a Special Watermark.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6377; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:01 p. m.]

PART 3037-ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT [Revocation of General Limitation Order L-1831

Section 3037.1 General Limitation Order L-183, is hereby revoked. Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

> WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6376; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:00 m.]

PART 3037-ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT (General Limitation Order L-265)

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply for defense, for private account, and for export, of electronic equipment; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3037.8 General Limitation Order L-265-(a) Definitions. For the purpose of this order:

(1) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, or any organized group of individuals whether incorporated or not.
(2) "Manufacture" means produce,

fabricate or assemble electronic equipment, or perform any act or operation upon electronic equipment so as to modify or convert it from one to another type, use or mode of operation, but shall not include acts incidental to the maintenance or repair of electronic equip-

(3) "Electronic equipment" means any electrical apparatus or device involving the use of vacuum or gaseous tubes, and any associated or supplementary device, apparatus, or component part therefor, and shall include any acoustic phonograph and component parts therefor. The term shall not include hearing aid devices; wire telephone and telegraph equipment; electric batteries; power and light equipment; or medical, therapeutic, x-ray and fluoroscopic equipment other than replacement electron tubes therefor.

(4) "Preferred order" means any order for delivery to or for the account of the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the War Shipping Administration, the Panama Canal, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Coast Guard, the Civil Aero-

nautics Administration, the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, the Office of Scientific Research and Development, Defense Supplies Corporation, Metals Reserve Company, any foreign country pursuant to the Act of March 11, 1941, entitled "An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States" (Lend-Lease Act), or any order bearing a preference rating of AA-4 or higher.

(5) "Transfer" means sell, lease, trade, give, deliver, or physically transfer in any way so as thereby to make available for the use of a person other than the transferor, but shall not include the transfer of electronic equipment by one person to another person for repair or storage thereof nor the return of such equipment to the owner thereof (or his

(6) "Producer" means any person to the extent engaged in the manufacture of electronic equipment for transfer or

for commercial use.
(7) "Supplier" means any person to the extent that his business consists in whole or in part of the sale, distribution or transfer from stock or inventory of electronic equipment, and includes wholesalers, distributors, jobbers, dealers, retailers, servicemen, branch warehouses or other distribution outlets controlled by producers and other persons performing a similar function.

(8) "Consumer" means any person who owns, operates or purchases electronic

equipment for his own use.

(b) Restrictions. (1) No producer shall manufacture any electronic equipment except:

(i) To fill preferred orders, or

(ii) To fulfill, under the Controlled Materials Plan, an authorized produc-tion schedule or authorized program, as

defined in CMP Regulation 1.

(2) No producer or supplier (other than Defense Supplies Corporation) shall transfer any electronic equipment to any consumer, nor shall any consumer accept the transfer of any electronic equipment from any producer or supplier (other than Defense Supplies Corporation) except:

(i) To fill preferred orders, or

(ii) To fill orders bearing a preference rating of A-1-a or higher, or

(iii) To fill an order for any compo-nent part of electronic equipment provided the consumer delivers to the producer or supplier concurrently with the transfer a used, defective or exhausted part of similar kind and size which cannot be repaired or reconditioned: or. when circumstances render the delivery of a part for a part impractical, provided the consumer's purchase order (or written confirmation thereof) is accompanied by a certificate in substantially the following form signed by the con-

CONSUMER'S CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the part(s) specified on this order are essential for presently needed repair of electronic equipment which I own or operate.

Signature and Date

(3) No producer or supplier shall transfer any electronic equipment to any supplier, nor shall any supplier accept the transfer of any electronic equipment from any producer or supplier, except:

(i) To fill preferred orders, or

(ii) To fill orders bearing a preference rating of A-1-a or higher, or

(iii) To fill an order for component parts of electronic equipment required by the receiving supplier for the repair of electronic equipment then in his possession, or to replace in the inventory of the receiving supplier parts similar in kind and equal in number which have been delivered on or after the 24th day of April 1943 by the receiving supplier to consumers against defective or exhausted parts or consumer's certificates. or to other suppliers against supplier's certificates, as specified in this order: provided the purchase order is accompanied by a certificate in substantially the following form signed by the receiving supplier:

SUPPLIER'S CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that I am entitled to purchase the items specified on the accompanying purchase order under the provisions of Limitation Order L-265, with the terms of which I am familiar.

Signature and Date

The producer or supplier to whom the above certificate is furnished shall be entitled to rely thereon as evidence that the purchase order is within the provisions of this paragraph (b) (3) (iii), unless he has knowledge or reason to believe that it is false.

(4) No producer or supplier shall retain in his inventory possession or control for more than sixty (60) days any used, defective, exhausted or condemned parts which cannot be reconditioned but must dispose of the same through salvage disposal or scrap channels.

(c) Exceptions. (1) The provisions of

this order shall not apply:

(i) To the transfer of any finished product of the following kinds which was produced and designed for home use and the manufacture of which was completed on or before the 24th day of April 1943. to wit: radio receiving sets; phonographs and record players; sound motion picture projectors.

(ii) To transfers of electronic equipment which transfers are made on or before the 23d day of June 1943 pursuant to purchase orders placed prior to the

24th day of April 1943.

(iii) To the lease of electronic equipment to any person by any person: Provided, That the lessor was actually engaged in the leasing of such equipment as a normal incident and part of his established business prior to the 24th day of April 1943.

(2) The War Production Board may from time to time specifically authorize in writing exceptions to the provisions and restrictions of paragraphs (b) (2) and (b) (3) hereof.

(d) Applicability of regulations. This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to all applicable provisions of the regulations of the War Production Board as amended from time to time.

Any appeal from the (e) Anneals. provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate, referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the

(f) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using material under priorities control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(g) Communications, All reports to be filed, appeals and other communications, concerning this order, should be addressed to War Production Board, Radio and Radar Division, Washington, D. C., Ref: L-265.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943. WAR PRODUCTION BOARD. By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6389; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:00 m.]

PART 3122-ELECTRICAL MOTORS AND GENERATORS

[Interpretation 2 of General Conservation Order L-221, as Amended April 22, 1943]

Paragraphs (f) (1) and (2) of § 3122.1 General Conservation Order L-221 exempt orders for motors and generators to be delivered for use outside continental United States and Canada. This provision is in-tended in this order (but not necessarily in other orders where a similar expression is to exempt from the limitations and restrictions of paragraphs (b) (1), (c) and (d) of Order L-221 any order for motors and generators delivered for use outside of the forty-eight states (and the District of Columbia) and Canada. Motors and generators delivered for use in Alaska, the Panama Canal Zone, Puerto Rico and other posses-sions and territories of the United States would be exempt from the above mentioned restrictions

Issued this 24th day of April 1943. WAR PRODUCTION BOARD.

By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6387; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:00 m.]

PART 3171—COMMERCIAL DISHWASHERS [Interpretation 1 to Limitation Order L-248]

The following official interpretation is hereby issued by the War Production Board with respect to § 3171.1 General Limitation Order L-248:

Paragraph (c) (1) of General Limitation Order L-248 (Commercial Dishwashers) reads as follows:

(1) Any person may make or accept physical delivery of any such dishwasher on a specific contract or subcontract for delivery to or for the account of the Army, the Navy, the Maritime Commission, or the War Shipping Administration of the United States;

Question has been raised as to whether purchase by the Army Pre-Flight Training Schools is within the exception stated in this subparagraph or whether such schools desirto purchase this equipment must apply on Form PD-638A for authorization.

The exception referred to applies only to specific contracts or subcontracts for denamed. It does not include equipment which will be owned by the training schools and not by the Army, even though it is intended that the equipment will for the present be used solely for the benefit of the personnel assigned to the school. Such a delivery is not made on a specific contract or subcontract for delivery to or for the account of the Army within the meaning of the provision quoted above. Accordingly, any training school desiring to purchase this equipment under these circumstances must apply on Form PD-638A for authorization.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943. WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6378; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:01 p. m.]

PART 3175-REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO THE CONTROLLED MATERIALS PLAN

[Inventory Direction 6 Under CMP Reg. 2]

SEGREGATED STRUCTURAL STEEL FOR CONSTRUCTION

§ 3175.106 Inventory Direction 6. Pursuant to paragraph (b) (2) of CMP Regulation 2, It is hereby ordered, That:

In the case of persons who order structural steel, in controlled material form, for use in construction (including buildings, bridges and other structures of a like type) and who order such steel delivered cut to the specifications required for a specific project and who normally keep such steel segregated for the specific project, the provisions of paragraph (b) (1) of CMP Regulation 2 shall not apply to acceptance of deliveries of such steel. In lieu thereof, no such person shall accept delivery of such steel more than 60 days before it is scheduled to be fabricated or, if it is not to be further fabricated, before it is scheduled to be assembled.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6384; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:59 a. m.]

PART 3224—PIPE FITTINGS: SIMPLIFICATION (General Limitation Order L-288)

GREY CAST IRON, MALLEABLE IRON AND BRASS AND BRONZE PIPE FITTINGS: SIMPLIFICA-

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage of iron, brass and bronze used in the manufacture of pipe fittings for defense, for private account and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3224.6 General Limitation Order L-288—(a) Definitions. For the purpose of this order:
(1) "Producer" means any person

who manufactures pipe fittings.
(2) "Pipe fitting" means any threaded or flanged pipe fitting made from grey cast iron, malleable iron, brass or bronze, except:

(i) Those known as hydraulic or high pressure pipe fittings:

(ii) Those known as cast or forged steel fittings:

(iii) Those known as brazed or soldered brass or bronze fittings, whether screwed or flanged at any outlet; and

(iv) Those produced under specific contract or subcontract for use as part of the equipment of aircraft or watercraft other than pleasure craft.

(3) "Manufacture" means to fabricate, assemble, produce, process, machine or alter materials by physical or chemical means, or to cause the doing of those

(b) Restrictions. (1) No producer shall manufacture after March 1, 1942, any pipe fittings which do not conform to the types, sizes and specifications contained and prescribed in the Appendix hereto.

(2) No producer shall sell or make delivery, nor shall any person know-ingly purchase or accept delivery of any pipe fittings manufactured in violation of this order.

(c) Exemptions. The provisions of this order shall not apply:

(1) To such pipe fittings as were in any producer's stock in finished form on March 1, 1942, or which had, on said date, been cast, machined or otherwise processed in such manner that their manufacture in conformity with this order and the Appendix hereto would be impractical; or

(2) To the manufacture, sale, purchase or delivery pursuant to specific authorization by the War Production Board of pipe fittings which do not conform to the types, sizes and specifications

prescribed in the Appendix hereto,
(d) Applicability of regulations. This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of

all applicable regulations of the War Production Board.

(e) Records. Every producer shall maintain and shall retain for a period of two years adequate records evidencing his manufacture, sale and delivery of all pipe fittings, which records shall be kept readily available and open to inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Production Board.

(f) Appeals. Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the

appeal.

(g) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order or who, in connection with this order. wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment or both. In addition any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using material under priority control, and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(h) Communications. All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall unless otherwise directed be addressed to: War Production Board, Shipbuilding Division, Washington, D. C., Ref: L-288.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD. By J. JOSEPH WHELAN, Recording Secretary.

APPENDIX

GREY CAST IRON, MALLEABLE IRON AND BRASS AND BRONZE PIPE FITTINGS: SIMPLIFICA-

Note: (1) Abbreviations: SWP stands for steam working pressure; WWP, for water working pressure.

(2) Sizes. The fittings listed herein are designated by the nominal pipe size of the pipe with which the fittings are intended to be used. All dimensions are in inches. Reducing tees, three-way reducing elbows, and reducing Y branches, are designated by size in the following order: (1) largest size on the

run, (2) opposite size, (3) size of outlet or inlet. Reducing double Y branches are designated by (1) size of run openings, and (2) size of inlets. The last size given for circulating boiler fittings is the inside opening of the boiler end of the fitting. In the case of fittings with side outlets the size of the outlet is given last. The second dimension given for flanges is the outside diameter of the flange.

(3) Threads. All fittings have right hand

threads, except where otherwise specified.

(4) Column Markings. Where columnar spaces are provided, an X in the applicable box indicates that the size specified in the heading is to be retained.

FEDERAL REGISTER, Tuesday, April 27, 1943

TABLE 1. GREY CAST IRON PIPE FITTINGS—STRAIGHT
[For reducing and other fittings identified by two or more dimensions see table 2]

Was a second a second	Nominal pipe size																
Kind	36	34	36	3/2	3/4	1	11/4	11/2	2	23/6	3	31/2	4	5	6	8	1
SCREWED FITTINGS		-	-			-	-		-		-		-	-	-	-	-
or the OWD Chandand							13									100	1
20 to SWF, Standard: 10° elhows. 90° elbows, right and left hand. 90° elbows, pitched. 45° elbows. Tees.	200	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	X	x	L
60° elbows, right and .eft hand					x	X	X	x	x								
90° elbows, pitched.				X	X	X	X	X	X								T.
Tage	***	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
Crosses		A	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	7	
45° Y bends					X	X	X	x	X	x	x	***	X		2.5		1
Crosses. 45° Y bends Caps Flange unions, standard, pasket type				X	X	3	X	x	x	X	X	100	X	X	X	X	
Flange unions, standard, gasket type				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	x	x	X	X	X	1
UID SWF, SHORT PALLERD:		1000		x	x							-	-		-	-	1
90° elbows	553	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	ľ
Tees		x	x	x	X	8	x	x	x	X	X	x	x	x	1 x	x	
ugs, bushings, locknuts, and floor flanges (see table 5).		337	100	19,500	920	100	100		35.29	1	100	100	1250	13	3		ı
rainage fittings				-					100		-	1					1
rainage fittings 90° elbows. 50° elbows, long turn 50° elbows, sextra long turn 50° elbows, with 2-inch side outlet. 90° elbows, with 2-inch heel outlet. 90° street elbows. 60° elbows. 45° elbows. 45° elbows, long turn 45° street elbows. 22½° elbows. 11¼° elbows. Three-way elbows.							X	A	N	3	X	***	X	X	X	X	ı
50° elbows, jong turn	***			770		***	X	X	X	X	X	100	X	X	X		1
60° elbows, with 2-inch side outlet								^	· A	1		-	X				1
90° elbows, with 2-inch heel outlet				300	To.								x				j
90° street elbows	***		***		***		X	X	X								4
60° elbows.							X	X	X	x	X		2	X	X		4
45° albows long tuen							X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	
45° street elbows		200			270	1	X	x	X	X	X	100	X	X	4	100	1
22½° elbows					***		x	x	x	X	X		x				1
11¼° elbows		100			333		X	x	x	x	X		X				1
Three-way elbows							X	X	X				***				1
Tees.	**			-	-22		X	X	X	X	X		X	.00			1
Dasin tees		***	***	***	200		X	x	X	73		255	100	-25			1
90° Y branches long turn too nettern	447					-1-	X	x	X	X	X		X	X	X		4
90° double Y branches, tee pattern		100		:::			X	X	x	X	X	170	X			***	1
90° double Y branches, long turn, tee pattern							x	x	x		x		x			100	1
45° Y branches							x	x	X	x	X		x	X	X	X	1
45° double Y branches							X	X	x	x	x	233	X				1
Path D teams			- 1	222	222		X	X	X		X	23.5	X	*			1
Running trong		***					x	x	X		X		x	222			1
Roof connections	153		13				1	X	X		X		X		101	- 8	1
Tucker connections							x	x	X	0.0	x		x	x	x		1
Three-way elbows. Tees. Basin tees. 90° Y branches, tee pattern. 90° Y branches, long turn, tee pattern. 90° double Y branches, tee pattern. 90° double Y branches, long turn, tee pattern. 45° Y branches. 45° double Y branches. P traps Bath P traps. Running traps. Running traps. Roof connections. Tucker connections. Couplings.				333			X	x	X	X	X		1	X	X	X	1
	10000	50250	li Fordi	SCOUNT PROPERTY.			-	1		_	_	-	-	-	-		1
FLANGED FITTINGS	1%	11/2	2	23/2	3	31/2	4	5	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	-
TIL SWP-											13					-	1
90° elbows		X	X	X	x	x	X	x	X	x	X	X	X	2	X	x	1
90° elbows. 50° elbows, long radius 90° base elbows, square or round base 45° elbows Side outlet elbows. Tees, standard or regular sweep. Crosses. 45° laterals.			X	X	x	X	X.	X	Z	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	ı
45° albows		-2-	-25	-01	120	-25	X	X	X	X	X	X				225	1
Side outlet elbows		A	X	X	X	X	X	x	X	X	Z	X	X	X	X	X	1
Tees, standard or regular sweep	200	X	X	x	X	X	X	x	x	x	X	X	x	X	X	X	1
Crosses			X	x	x		X	x	X	x	X	x				-	ı
45° laterals			x	X	x		X	x	X	x	x	x					1
Ib SWP:						1 7	-							100		1	1
90° base alborre round base	***		Z	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X					1
45° alhows			x	x	x		X	X	X	X	X	x					١
Tees, standard or regular sweep		100	Ŷ.	7	X		x	2	x	X	X	X					1
Crosses			X	x	x		x	X	X	X		200					1
90° elbows. 90° base elbows, round base. 45° elbows. Tees, standard or regular sweep. Crosses. 45° laterals.					X		x	X	x	3	X		500	200		-	1
SPRINKLER FITTINGS		-							-	12.00			165				ı
of memory and a second second						1 1	-										1
			1.0	200	x	Call	x	x	x	40.00	4,0	-			100		1
90° elbows, flanged, screwed		12.5			x		X	x	X								1
60° elbows, flanged, screwed Tees, flanged, screwed, screwed											-	1000					ı
60° elbows, flanged, screwed. Tees, flanged, screwed, screwed. Tees, flanged, screwed, flanged					x		X	X	X	1				061	200	-	
60° elbows, flanged, screwed. Tees, flanged, screwed, screwed. Tees, flanged, screwed, flanged. 5 th SWP, and 175 th, WWP.					x			x	X							-	ŀ
6 10 W W P, American Standard: 60° elbows, flanged, screwed. Tees, flanged, screwed, screwed. Tees, flanged, screwed, flanged 5 lb SW P, and 175 lb. W W P: 90° elbows, short turn, flanged, screwed. 45° elbows, short turn, flanged, screwed.							x	x	X X	x						200	

TABLE 2 GREY CAST IRON PIPE FITTINGS-REDUCING. ETC.

SCREWED, 125 LB. SWP, STANDARD

90° reducing elbows

Rig	tht hand	Dir barte
	214 x 1 3 x 214 3 x 22 3 x 114 3 x 114 314 x 3 4 x 314 4 x 314 4 x 214	

Pitched

%x1% 1x% 1%x1	13/2 x 13/4 2 x 13/2

Reducing Tees

	2x 14x x 14 2x 14x x 14 2x 14x x 14 2x 14x x 14 2x 14x x 1 2x 14x x 1 2x 1x 2 2x 1x 14x 2 2x 1x 14x 2 2x 1x 14x 2 14x x 14x 2	3x 2x 114 3x 12x 214 3x 2x 214 3x 2x

TABLE 2. GREY CAST IRON PIPE FITTINGS- | TABLE 2. GREY CAST IRON PIPE FITTINGS-REDUCING, ETC.-Continued

SCREWED, 125 LB. SWP, STANDARD-continued

Reducing Tees-Continued

4 x 21/4 x 31/4	5 x 336 x 336	6 x 4 x 6
1 x 23/2 x 3	5x31/2x3	6x4x5
4 x 2 x 4	5x3x5	6x4x4
4 x 2 x 334	5 x 3 x 4	6 x 31/4 x 6
4 x 2 x 3	5 x 3 x 314	6 x 31/2 x 5
4x2x2	5 x 214 x 5	6x3x6
4 x 13/4 x 4	5 x 21/2 x 4	6 x 3 x 5
4 x 134 x 4	5x2x5	6x3x4
x1x4	5 x 11/6 x 5	6x21/2x6
336 x 336 x 4	5 x 1 14 x 5	6 x 2 x 6
336 x 3 x 4	4 x 4 x 5	6 x 13 /2 x 6
336 x 236 x 4	4 x 31/4 x 5	6x134x6
334 x 2 x 4	4 x 3 x 5	5x5x6
3 x 3 x 4	4 x 23 4 x 5	5 x 4 x 6
3 x 236 x 4	31/4 x 31/4 x 5	5 x 31/4 x 6
23/4 x 23/4 x 4	334 x 3 x 5	5 x 3 x 6
2x2x4	3x3x5	4 x 4 x 6
5 x 5 x 4	6x6x5	4 x 31/2 x 6
5 x 5 x 31/2	6x6x4	8x8x6
5 x 5 x 3	6x6x31/2	8x8x5
5 x 5 x 21/4	6x6x3	8x8x4
5 x 5 x 2	6x6x21/2	8x8x316
5 x 5 x 13/2	6x6x2	8x8x3
5 x 5 x 1 1/4	6x6x11/6	8 x 8 x 21/4
5x5x1	6x6x11/4_	8 x 8 x 2
5 x 4 x 5	6x6x1	8x6x6
5x4x4	6x5x6	8x6x5
5 x 4 x 31/2	6x5x5	8x6x4
5 x 4 x 3	6x5x4	8x5x5
5 x 4 x 21/6	6x5x314	8x4x8
5 x 4 x 2	6 x 5 x 3	8 x 2 x 8
5 x 4 x 11/2	6 x 5 x 21/2	6x6x8
5 x 4 x 1 1/4	6x5x2	6x5x8
5 x 31/2 x 5	6x5x1½	
5 x 3½ x 4	6 x 5 x 134	+

Reducing crosses

	and the same of the same
11/-11/-1-19	91/-9-11/-11/8
136 x 136 x 1 x 1.	3½ x 3 x 1½ x 1½"
1½x1½x1x1" 2x2x1x1"	3½ x 3 x 1½ x 1½ 4 x 4 x 3½ x 3½
	4x4x3x3"
2 x 13/4 x 13/4 x 13/4"	
2x13/2x1x1'	4 x 4 x 23/4 x 23/4"
21/2 x 21/4 x 2 x 2"	4 x 4 x 2 x 2"
234 x 234 x 134 x 134.	4x4x11/4x11/4
21/2 x 21/2 x 11/4 x 11/4"	4x4x1%x1%
236 x 232 x 1 x 1"	4x4x1x1
234 x 2 x 2 x 2*	4 x 31/4 x 21/4 x 1"
2½ x 2 x 1½ x 1½* 2½ x 2 x 1½ x 1½*	4 x 3 ½ x 2 x 2"
256 x 2 x 156 x 156	4 x 3 1 x 1 1 6 x 1 1 6"
21/2 x 2 x 1 x 1"	4x334x134x134"
216 x 116 x 116 x 1"	5x5x4x4
21/2 x 11/2 x 11/4 x 11/4"	5x5x31/2x31/2
3 x 3 x 2½ x 2½	5x5x3x3"
3 x 3 x 2 x 2*	5 x 5 x 23 4 x 23 4°
3 x 3 x 11/4 x 11/4"	5x5x134x134"
3 x 3 x 11/2 x 11/2"	5x5x11/4x11/4"
3 x 3 x 1 x 1"	5x4x21/4x21/4"
3 x 2½ x 2 x 2'	5x5x2x2'
3 x 23 2 x 13 2 x 13 4.	5x4x2x2"
3 x 2½ x 1½ x 1½	6x6x5x5'
3 x 23 2 x 1 x 1'	6x6x4x4"
3½ x 3½ x 3 x 3,	6x6x336x336*
3½ x 3½ x 2½ x 2½°	6x6x3x3'
3½ x 3½ x 2 x 2"	6x6x234x234"
314 x 314 x 114 x 114"	6x6x2x2*
3½ x 3½ x 1½ x 1½"	6x6x136x136"
31/2 x 31/2 x 1 x 1"	8x8x6x6"
3½ x 3 x 2½ x 2½"	8x8x4x4"
3½ x 3 x 2 x 2"	The second second
	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN

REDUCING, ETC .- Continued

SCREWED, 125 LB. SWP, STANDARD-continued

% x 34	2 x 13/2	3 x 2	514
1 1 34	2 x 11/4	4 x 3	6 x 5
1½ x 1 1½ x 1½	24 x 2	4 x 2½ 4 x 2	6x4 8x6

Reducers-eccentric 31/2 31/2 4 x x 21/4 4 x x x 11/4 4 4 x x x 31 3 2 1/2 4 4 x x x 11/4 4 x x x 31 3 2 1/2 5 5 x x 5 5 5 5 x x 5 4 3 3 2 1/2 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 8 8 x 5

Screwed flanges and blind flanges

1 x 434	6 x 11
11/4 x 45/8	8 x 131/2
134 x 5	10 x 16
216	12 x 19
23/2 x 7	14 x 21
3 x 71/2	16 x 231/2
3 x 71/2 31/2 x 81/2	18 x 25
4 x 9	20 x 273/2
5 x 10	24 x 32

Reducing screwed flanges

1x8	3 x 10
1 x 6	4 x 10
134 x 6	2 x 11
13/2 x 6	23½ x 11
132 x 7	3 x 11
217	4x11
13/2 x 73/2	5 x 11
2 x 71/2	3 x 131/2
23/2 x 73/2	4 x 13½
3 x 81/2	5 x 131/2
1½ x 9	6 x 13½
2 x 9	6 x 16
23/2 1 9	8116
3 x 9	8 x 19
336 x 9	10 x 19

	Lapped joint fla	nges
2 x 6	5 x 10	14 x 21
2½ x 7	6 x 11	16 x 23 1/4
3 x 7½	8 x 13½	18 x 25
3½ x 8½	10 x 16	20 x 27 1/2
4 x 9	12 x 19	24 x 32

Return bends

Close pattern, r	ight hand	and the second	Open p	Wide pattern, right hand						
		Right har	nd	Right and	left					
Size	Center to center	Size	Center to center	Size	Center to center	Size	Center to			
14 114 114 114 2	11/4 11/2 15/4 21/4 21/2 31/4	\$4 1 114 114 115 2 2 216 3	17/6 21/2 3 31/2 41/2 51/2 61/2	11/2	2½ 3 3½	1 11/4 11/4 11/4 11/2 2	3 4 4 6 6 6			

TABLE 2. GREY CAST IRON PIPE FITTINGS-TABLE 2. GREY CAST IRON PIPE FITTINGS-TABLE 2. GREY CAST IRON PIPE FITTINGS. REDUCING, ETC .- Continued REDUCING, ETC .- Continued REDUCING, ETC .- Continued SCREWED, 250 LB. SWP SCREWED DRAINAGE FITTINGS-continued FLANGED, 125 LB. SWP-continued Reducing tees, short-pattern 90° reducing double Y branches, tee pattern Eccentric reducers %x%x14 1x1x34 1x1x34 11x1x34 114x14x1 114x14x14 114x14x14 134 x 134 x 1 134 x 134 x 34 2 x 2 x 134 2 x 2 x 134 2 x 2 x 13 2 x 2 x 1 2 x 2 x 3 114 x 114 2 x 114 2 x 114 3 x 2 3 x 2 4 x 3 5 x 4 6x5 6x4 8x6 3 x 13/2 412 Reducing tees-standard or regular sweep 90° reducing double Y branches, long turn, tee pattern Screwed flanges and blind flanges 8 t 5 x 8 8 x 4 x 8 8 x 4 x 6 6 x 6 x 8 10 x 10 x 8 10 x 10 x 5 10 x 8 x 10 10 x 8 x 10 10 x 8 x 10 12 x 12 x 10 12 x 10 x 10 12 x 12 x 10 12 x 10 x 10 13/4 x 63/6 2 x 63/6 23/4 x 73/4 3 x 83/4 33/4 x 9 4 x 10 5 x 11 6 x 12½ 8 x 15 10 x 17½ 12 x 20½ 45° reducing Y branches 11₂ x 11₄ x 11₄ 2 x 2 x 11₄ 2 x 2 x 11₄ 2 x 11₅ x 11₅ 2 x 11₅ x 11₅ 2 x 21₅ x 21₅ x 2 21₂ x 21₅ x 21₅ 3 x 3 x 2 3 x 3 x 11₅ 4x4x3 4x4x2 4x4x1½ 5x5x4 6x6x5 6x6x4 8x8x6 8x8x4 Reducing screwed flanges 2 x 8 1/4 23/4 x 8 1/4 3 x 10 4 x 11 4 x 121/2 5 x 121/2 6 x 15 LAPPED JOINT, 250 LB. SWP 45° reducing double Y branches Lapped joint flanges 2 x 61/2 21/2 x 71/2 3 x 81/4 31/2 x 9 4 x 10 14 x 23 16 x 251/2 18 x 28 20 x 301/2 24 x 36 2 x 136 3 x 2 5 x 11 6 x 12½ 8 x 15 10 x 17½ 12 x 20½ Increasers 2x11/2 3x2 4x3 FLANGED, 250 LB. SWP. 6 x 4 (For iron plugs, bushings, locknuts, and floor flanges see table 5) 90° reducing elbows SCREWED DRAINAGE FITTINGS 90° reducing elbows FLANGED, 125 LB, SWP 23/4 x 2 3 x 23/4 4 x 3 4 x 23/4 5 x 4 5 x 3 6 x 5 6 x 4 8 x 6 8 x 5 8 x 4 10 x 8 10 x 6 10 x 5 13/2 x 13/4 2 x 13/2 90° reducing elbows Three-way reducing elbows 2 x 11/4 21/2 x 2 3 x 21/4 3 x 2 4 x 3 4 x 21/4 4 x 2 5 x 4 5 x 8 6 x 5 6 x 4 6 x 3 8 x 6 8 x 5 8 x 4 10 x 8 10 x 6 12 x 10 12 x 8 12 x 6 14 x 12 16 x 12 11/4 x 11/4 x 11/4 11/2 x 11/4 x 2 Taper reducers 2½x2 3x2½ 3x2 4x3 4x2½ 4x2 5x4 5x3 Reducing tees 5x234 5x2 6x5 6x4 6x3 6x234 6x2 8x6 8 x 5 8 x 4 10 x 8 10 x 6 10 x 5 10 x 4 11/6 x 13/6 x 13/4 2 x 2 x 13/4 2 x 2 x 13/4 23/6 x 23/6 x 2 3x3x2 3x3x11/2 4x4x3 4x4x2 90° reducing elbows, long radius 90° reducing Y branches, tee pattern 3 x 23/4 3 x 2 4 x 3 5 x 4 6x5 6x4 8x6 8x5 1½ x 1½ x 1½ 1½ x 1½ x 1½ 2x 2x 1½ 2x 2x 1½ 2x 1½ x 2x 1½ x 1½ 2x 1½ x 1½ 2½ x 1½ x 1½ 2½ x 2½ x 2 3x 3x 2 3 x 3 x 134 3 x 3 x 134 4 x 4 x 3 4 x 4 x 2 4 x 4 x 134 5 x 5 x 4 6 x 6 x 5 6 x 6 x 4 Reducing tees-standard or regular sweep 2½ x 2½ x 2 2½ x 2 x 2 3 x 3 x 2 3 x 3 x 2 3 x 3 x 2 3 x 2½ x 3 3 x 2 x 2 4 x 4 x 3 4 x 4 x 2 4 x 4 x 2 4 x 3 x 4 4 x 3 x 3 4 x 4 x 2 5 x 5 x 4 6 x 5 x 3 5 7 5 7 2 2 4 5 7 5 7 2 2 5 7 4 X 5 6 X 6 X 5 6 X 6 X 3 6 X 6 X 2 3 6 X 6 X 2 3 6 X 6 X 2 3 6 X 5 X 5 6 X 6 X 3 8 X 8 X 5 8 X 8 X 8 X 8 8 X 8 8x8x2 8x6x8 8x6x6 10x10x8 10x10x6 10x10x6 10x10x5 10x8x10 10x8x8 10x8x6 10x6x10 10x6x10 10x6x8 10x6x8 8x8x10 Taper reducers 2½ x 1¾ 3 x 2½ 3 x 2½ 3 x 1½ 3 ½ x 3 4 x 3½ 4 x 3½ 4 x 2½ 5 x 4 5 x 3 5x23/4 6x5 6x4 6x3 6x23/4 6x2 8x6 8x5 8x4 10x8 10x6 12 x 10 12 x 8 12 x 6 14 x 12 14 x 10 14 x 8 14 x 6 16 x 14 16 x 12 16 x 10 90° reducing Y branches, long turn, tee pattern 11/4 x 11/4 x 11/4 2 x 2 x 11/4 2 x 2 x 11/4 2 x 11/4 x 2 21/4 x 2/4 x 2 3 x 3 x 21/4 3x3x2 3x3x11/4 4x4x3 4x4x2 4x4x11/4

TABLE 8. MALLEABLE IRON PIPE FITTINGS-STRAIGHT

[For reducing and other fittings identified by two or more dimensions see table 4]

	Nominal pipe size														-			
Kind	3/8	34	3/6	1/2	3/4	1	11/4	13/2	2	23/2	3	334	4	5	6	8	10	12
FITTINGS	-		-	_		-		5		F								-
150 lb SWP, standard banded:																		
90° elbows	1 X	X	X	X	X	X	I	X	X	X	X	X	x	x	X			
45° elbows 45° street elbows Tees	X	X	X	X	x	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	x	X	X			
Service tees		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	x	X	X	x	X			
Crosses	X	x	X	X	X	X	X	x	I	X	X	x	X	x	X			
Couplings Couplings, right and left Caps	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	x	X	X		x					
Caps. 150 lb SWP, standard, plain:	x	X	x	x	î	X	x	X	X	x	X	x	x	x	x			==
80° elbows Side outlet elbows	x	x	×	x	x	x	x	x	x						-4-		777	
Tees Four way tees	x	X	X	x	x	x	X	x	x									
Couplings	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	x	X								***	
Caps Extension pieces	X	x	X	X	X	x	X	X	I			-						
Extension pieces. Drop elbows, female		X	X	X	x	×	x	x	x							-		
Waste nuts. 250 and 300 lb SWP, including AAR: 19 60° elbows.	1	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	I	x	x	x	x	x	I
90° street elbows 45° elbows		X	X	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A					- X		
45° street elbows				A	A	A	A	A	A			X	X	X			X	
Tees. Crosses.		A	AAA	A	A	AAA	A	A	AAAA	A	A	X	x	x	X	x	x	X
Couplings		A	A	A	A	A	AAA	A	A	A A	A							
Plugs, bushings, locknuts, and floor flanges (see table 5).																-		
Pelling fittings hall patterns			15	x	x	x	x	×	x									
60° elbows, right hand 60° elbows, side outlet, right hand Tees, right hand				X	x	X	X	X	X									
Tees, right, left, right				X	X	x	X	X	I			==						===
Tees, right hand Tees, right, left, right Tees, side outlet, right hand. Tees, side outlet, right, left, right; side outlet				X	X	X	X	X	x				***	***				
				X.	x	X	X	X	X	***								
Crosses, right hand. Crosses, right, right, right, left Crosses, side outlet, right hand. Crosses, side outlet, right, right, right, left; side outlet right hand.		-	-	X	X	X	X	X	X					***				-
Crosses, side outlet, right, right, right, left; side outlet right hand				x	x	x	x	x	x							1		
Floor flanges, square, right hand				x	x	x	X	X	x									
side outlet right hand Floor flanges, square right hand Ornaments, ball, male, right hand Ornaments, ball, male, left hand Ornaments, ball female, right hand				X	X	X	X	X	X									
GROUND JOINT UNIONS AND UNION FITTINGS				1		1		1										
150 lb SWP:												FIL.			1			4
Unions, female Unions, male and female	-	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X				-			
10" PIDOWS WITH female imion	10000	1 8	X	X	X	I	X	X	I					***				
90° elbows with male union Tees with female union on run Tees with male union on run		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X									
200 Ib SWP:			100	Vani	-12	20	100		11/2									
90° clbows with female union 90° clbows with male union 250 lb SWP:	-	x	X	I	X	X	X	X	x									
Unione female		1	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x							
Unions, male and female. 300 lb SWP. ncluding AAR unions and union	-	X	X	X	x	x	X	X	X	X	x			***				*
AL PRINCIPOS		1000	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A							
Unions, male and female.	-	IΑ	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A				4	-		
80° elbows with male union 45° elbows with female union	0 1000	I A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A							
45° elbows with male union Tees with female union on run		IA	A	A	A	A	A	A	AAA	A	A			770				=
Tees with male union on run		IA	A	A	Ā	A	A	AAAAAAAA	A	A	A							
Tees with female union on outlet.		A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A	A								
GASKET-TYPE UNIONS AND UNION FITTINGS	1						11											1
150 lb SWP:	1	1				-	1	-					1		3		1	
Unions, female 90° elbows with female union		X	I	X	X	x	X	X	X	X	X							
THREE-PART FLANGE UNIONS 3												1					3	1
200 Ib SWP.	1	1	1						100								M	
Unions, female	1000	-	-											I	I	X	I	
Unions, female	-					I	X	I	I	x	x	I	X					

| TABLE 4. MALLEABLE IRON PIPE FITTINGS-REDUCING, ETC.

150 LB SWP, STAN	NDARD BANDED
90° reduci	ng elbows
14 x 16 36 x 26 36 x 26 16 x 36 16 x 36 16 x 36 16 x 36 17 x 36 1 x 36 1 x 36 1 x 36 1 x 36 1 x 36 1 x 36	124 x 14 125 x 134 125 x 134 125 x 1 126 x 1 126 x 1 127 x 134 2 x 134 3 x 234 4 x 3
90° reducing	street elbows
3½ x 3% 3½ x 3½ 1 x 3¼ 13½ x 1 13½ x 3½	1½ x 1½ 1½ x 1 1½ x 1 1½ x ½ 2 x 1½
Reduci	ing tees
	11/2 x 1/4 x 1/4 11/2 x 1 x 1 x 1/2 11/2 x 1 x 1 x 1/2 11/2 x 1 x 1 x 1/2 2 x 2 x 1 x 1/2 2 x 2 x 1/2 2 x 2 x 1/2 2 x 2 x 1/2 2 x 1/2 x
Reducing	service tees
1x1x%	11/4 x 11/4 x 11/4

1½ x 1½ x 1½ 1½ x 1 x 1½ 2 x 2 x 1 2 x 1½ x 2

¹Sizes ¼ to 6 inches, inclusive are for 300 lb. SWP, sizes 8 to 12 inches, inclusive, for 250 lb SWP.
²Sizes identified by a capital A may be made to conform with specifications of the Association of American Railroads,
³A flange union with a separate bolting ring on one half to facilitate alignment of the bolt holes.

TABLE 4. MALLEABLE IRON PIPE FIT-TABLE 4. MALLEABLE IRON PIPE FIT-TINGS-REDUCING, ETC .- Continued TINGS-REDUCING, ETC .- Continued 150 LB SWP. STANDARD, BANDED-continued 150 LB SWP, STANDARD, BANDED-continued Reducers Reducers-Continued 3½ x 2 4 x 3½ 4 x 3 4 x 2½ 11/4 x 1/4 11/4 x 1/4 2 x 11/4 2 x 11/4 2 x 11/4 2 x 1/4 3 x 21/4 3 x 11/4 3 x 11/4 3 x 21/4 3 x 4x2 4x11/2 5x4 6x4 Reducers-Plain % x 3/4 1x 3/4 1x 3/4 1x 3/4 1x 3/4 1x 3/4 11/2 x 11/4 14 x 14 14 Return bends Close pattern Medium pattern Open pattern Center to Center to Center to Size Size Size center 11/2 21/2 21/2 3 31/2 414 REDUCING SCREWED FLANGES, 125 LB SWP—continued SCREWED, 125 LB SWP, STANDARD 2½ x 9 3 x 9 3½ x 9 3 x 10 4 x 10 2 x 11 2½ x 11 3 x 11 4 x 11 5 x 11 3 x 13½ 4 x 13½ 5 x 13½ 6 x 13½ 6 x 16 8 x 16 8 x 16 8 x 19 10 x 19 Screwed flanges and blind flanges 1 x 4 1 4 x 4 5 4 5 2 x 6 2 1 2 x 7 3 x 7½ 3½ x 8½ 4 x 9 5 x 10 6 x 11 8 x 13 1/2 10 x 16 12 x 19 LAPPED JOINT, 125 LB SWP Lapped Joint Flanges Reducing screwed flanges 1 x 4½ 1½ x 4% 1½ x 5 2 x 6 2½ x 7 3 x 7½ 12 x 19 14 x 21 16 x 23½ 18 x 25 20 x 27½ 24 x 32 3½ x 8½ 4 x 9 5 x 10 6 x 11 8 x 13½ 10 x 16 1 x 5 1 x 6 1 4 x 6 1 2 x 6 2½ x 7½ 3 x 8½ 1½ x 9 2 x 9 1½ x 7 2 x 7 1½ x 7½ 2 x 7½ 300 LB SWP, INCLUDING AAR SIZES 300 LB SWP, INCLUDING AAR SIZES-continued 90° reducing elbows Reducing tees 134 x 1 x 1 134 x 34 x 134 x 134 x 134 x 135 x 3% x 1/4 * 1/2 x 3/8 * 3/4 x 1/4 3/4 x 3/8 * 1 x 3/4 1 x 1/2 * 1 1/4 x 1 1¼ x ¾ *1½x1¼ *1½ x 1 *2 x 1½ 2 x 1½ *2½ x 2 *3 x 2½ Reducers *11½ x x ½ *11½ x x ½ *2 x x 1½ *2 x x 1½ *2 x x 1½ *2 x x ½ *2 x x ½ *2 x x ½ *2 x ½ *3 x x 2½ *3 x x 1½ *4 x 2½ 4 x 2½

TABLE 4. MALLEABLE IRON PIPE FIT. TINGS-REDUCING, ETC.—Continued

300 LB SWP, INCLUDING AAR SIZES-continued

Return bends

Size	Center to center
1	1%
14 14	
14	21/2 3 3 31/2 6
2	6 8

(For plugs, bushings, locknuts, and floor flanges see table 7)

200 LB SWP, GROUND JOINT UNION FITTINGS AND UNIONS, INCLUDING AAR SIZES 1

Reducing tees with female union on run, and Reducing tees with male union on run

*1 x 1 x % *1 x 1 x ½	*1 x 1 x ¾

Air pump unions

THE PARTY OF THE P	*1 x % *1 ½ x 1 *1 ½ x 1½	*2 x 1 *2 x 1½ *2 x 1½
--	---------------------------------	------------------------------

Circulating Boiler Fittings-Gasket or Ground Joint Type

90° elbows with unions 90° elbows without unions Couplings with unions Couplings without unions

%x%x1 %x%x1 % x % x 1

SCREWED, 250 LB, SWP Screwed flanges and blind flanges

2½ x 7½ 5 x 11 8 x 8½ 6 x 12½ 12 x		10	8 x 15 10 x 174 12 x 204
---------------------------------------	--	----	--------------------------------

Reducing screwed flanges

2 x 81/4 21/4 x 81/4 3 x 10	4 x 11 4 x 1214 5 x 1214	6 x 15

LAPPED JOINT, 250 LB, SWP

Lapped joint flanges

1 x 4% 1½ x 5½ 1½ x 6½ 2 x 6½ 3½ x 7½ 3 x 8½ 10 x 17½	12 x 20½ 14 x 23 16 x 25½ 18 x 28 20 x 30½ 24 x 86
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Sizes identified by an asterisk (*) may be made to conform with specifications of the Association of American Railroads.

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TABLE 5. IRON PLUGS, BUSHINGS, LOCKNUTS, AND FLOOR FLANGES

		liber.		114	Plu	gs				Live				77.				
			110		1	N	3	M	Non	inal	pipe	size			186			
Kind		3	8 3	14	3/8	1/2	36	1	11/4	13/6	2	23/2	3	33/2	4	8	6	1
Equare head: Cored				x	x	x	x	x	x x	x	x	x	x x	x	x	x x	x	114
Hexagon by	ushings		1			1					Fa	ice bi	ishir	igs				
14 x 1/5 \$	23/2 x 3/3 3 x 2 13/4 3 x 13/4 3 x 13/4 3 x 13/4 3 x 13/4 3 x 13/4 3 x 13/4 2 x 13/4 4 x 13/4 5 x 2 3/4 5 x 2 3/4 6 x 2 3/4 8 x 3	335	n, m	nalle	anble		134 x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x x	falle	able	tron	or st	eel	4 4 4 15 5 6 6 6 8	x 34 x 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	ron,	mall	eea
†Malleable iron or steel. (iron, or steel.				Не	zago	n lo	cknu								The state of			
		W -	200															
				1			N	omin	1	I			T			T	a I	
iron, or steel.	3/8	34	3%	1	3-6	1 "	N N	omin 1	al pi	I	ze 1½	2	2	23/2	3	3	1/2	4
Kind	3/8	3/4 x x	3/6 X X	1	3-2 x x		T		1	4		2 x x	2	23/2 x	3 x	3	1/2	3
iron, or steel.	x	x	x	1	x		x	1 x	13:	4	11/2 X X	x	-	X	x	3	1/4	

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TABLE 6. BRASS OR BRONZE SCREWED FITTINGS-STRAIGHT [For reducing and other fittings identified by two or more dimensions see table 7]

	Nominal pipe size												
Kind	3/8	34	3/8 -	34	34	1	11/4	11/2	2	23/2	3	4	
FITTINGS			- a(L)										
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH											150		
25 lb. SWP, standard: 90° elbows	-	-	- 1	-		-	-	Z	-	z	I	x	
90° street elbows	x	X	X	I	x	X	X	Ŷ	I			7	
45° elbows	X	x	X	x	x	X	Î x	Î	r	x	x	x	
45° street elbows	x	x	X	x	x	x	ı x	Ŷ	Ŷ	-	Δ.	A	
Topo		X X	X	X	X	X	X	ž	T	x		X	
Tees	X	X	X	X			X	X X	I	X	X	l x	
Crosses.		- (A)			x	x			1000	A		100	
45° Y bends			X	x	x	X	x	X.	X	******		***	
Couplings, right and left	x	X	X	x	x	X	I	X	X	X	X	X	
Couplings, right and left	x	x	X	x	x	x	X			Î	X	777	
Caps	I	X	x	X	x	x	X	7	X	- A	x	7	
		6	33		120	5.5	120	25	-		13.5	156	
90° elbows		I	X	X	X	X	X	I	X	X	I	3	
45° elbows		x	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	x	2	
Tees		X	X	X	X	x	X	X	I	X	x	X	
Crosses		x	x	x	X	X	X	X	I	X	x	2	
Couplings		I	X	X	X	X	I	I	X	X	X	3	
lugs, bushings, locknuts, and floor flanges (see table 8).										1			
Unions and Union Fittings			115				(8)						
25 lb SWP:		100	100			N. Y.				1			
Unions, female		I	I	x	x	x	I	x	x	x	x		
50 lb SWP:			•		100	-	-	- 70	100/	10			
Unions, female		x	I	x	I	I	I	x	x	I	x		
00 lb SWP:	*****		-		-	-	-	-	1.00	1	-		
Unions, female	I	x	x	x	T	I	x	x	I		and the same	1	
Unions, female, octagon end	î	Î	ï	x	Ŷ	1	x	ı ç	î	x	x		
Union elbows, female	÷	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	Î	Ŷ	T X	Î	Ŷ	The same	and the last of		
to ib SWP:	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Unions, female	many	x	I	x	-	I	1	I	I	Lucian	mien	1	
00 lb SWP:		-	- 4		- 4	-	-	-					
Unions, female	and the same	x	I	I	Y	x	I	x	I	· ·	-	1110	
Outous, temate		-	-	-	- 4-	- 4	-	-				****	

TABLE 7. BRASS OR BRONZE SCREWED TABLE 7. BRASS OR BRONZE SCREWED FITTINGS—REDUCING, ETC. FITTINGS—REDUCING, ETC.—Continued

125 LB SWP, STANDARD

90° reducing elbows						
14 x 16 36 x 14 36 x 14 36 x 16 15 x 36 16 x 36 14 x 14 14 x 14 1 x 36 1 x 15 1 x 14	114 x 84 114 x 114 114 x 11 2 x 114 2 x 114 2 114 2 2 x 12 3 x 2 2 4 x 3					

Reducing tees

14 x 14 x 14 26 x 16 x 16 26 x 16 x 16 27 x 16 x 16 27 x 16 x 16 28 x 16 28 x 16 x 16 28 x 16	134 x 35 x 134 11 x 1 x 134 11 5 x 15 2 x 134 11 5 x 15 2 x 1 11 5 x 15 2 x 14 11 5 x 15 4 x 134 11 5 x 15 4 x 1 11 5 x 15 4 x 1 11 5 x 1 x 1 x 1 11 x 1 x 15 2 2 x 2 x 15 4 2 x 2 x 15 2 x 2 x 15 4 2 x 2 x 15 2 x 2 x 15 4 x 2 2 x 15 4 x 1 2 x 2 x 2 2 x 15 4 x 1 2 x 2 x 2 2 x 15 x 15 x 2 2 x 15 x 15 x 1 115 x 15 x 15 x 1 115 x 15 x

125 LB SWP, STANDARD—continued

NA I	Reducers
14 x 16 % x 14 % x 15 % x 15 15 x 16 % x 16 % x 16 16 x 16 11 x 16 11 x 16 11 x 16 11 x 16	11/4 x 8/4 11/2 x 11/4 11/2 x 11/4 11/2 x 3/4 2 x 11/2 2 x 11/2 2 x 11 2 1/2 x 2 3 x 2 1/2 3 x 2 1/2 4 x 3

Return bends

Close pat	tern	Open pattern				
Size	Cente to center	Size	Center to center			
1	1 1½ 1½	1/2	11/4 2 21/4 3 3 31/4			

150 LB SWP

Companion flanges

1 x 434 134 x 456 134 x 5	2½ x 7 3 x 7½
132 x 5 2 x 6	4x9 6x11
210	0 X 11

TABLE 7. BRASS OR BRONZE SCREWED FITTINGS—REDUCING. ETC.—Continued 250 LB SWP

90° reducing elbows

15 x 16 114 x 14 125 x 15 12 x

TABLE 7. BRASS OR BRONZE SCREWED FITTINGS—REDUCING, ETC.—Continued 250 LB SWP—continued

250 LB swp—continued
Reducing tees—Continued

(For plugs, bushings, locknuts and floor flanges see table 8)

TABLE 8. BRASS OR BRONZE PLUGS, BUSHINGS, LOCKNUTS AND FLOOR FLANGES

		Nominal pipe size										
Kind	1/8	34	3/8	34	%	1	13/4	136	2	234	3	4
Square head Cored				x		-				-		
Solid	X	x	x	x	x	X	x	X	I	I	I	I

Hexagon bushings

16 x 16 36 x 14 36 x 14	11/4 x 3/6 11/6 x 11/4 11/6 x 11/4
}; x }; }; x }; }; x }; }; x };	134 x 34 135 x 35 2 x 134 2 x 134 2 x 1 2 x 34 2 x 35
% x % % x % 1 x % 1 x %	2 x 34 2 x 34 2 x 34 2 2 34 2 2 34 2 2 34 2 2 34 2 2 34 2 34

Hexagon bushings-Continued

3 x 1½	4 x 234
3 x 1¼	4 x 2
4 x 3	4 x 134
4x8	4 X 13/2

Face bushing

	Face bushings					
14 x 36	1 x ½					
36 x 14	1½ x 1					
15 x 36	1½ x 1					
16 x 14	1½ x 11½					
16 x 14	2 x 1½					
1 x 34	2 x 1½					

Hexagon locknuts

Kind	Neminal pipe size											
	3.6	. 34	36	3/2	34	1	11/4	134	2	235	8	4
Locknuts, hexagon	x	x	x	x	x	I	x	x	1	x	x	x

Round floor flanges

200	
% x 2½ % x 2½ ½ x 3 % x 3¼	1 x 356 134 x 4 132 x 456 2 x 5
32 x 3	13/2 x 49/8
% x 334	2 x 5

[F. R. Doc. 43-6382; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:59 a. m.]

Part 1010—Suspension Orders [Suspension Order S-289]

ABSOPROOF WEATHERSTRIP & CAULKING CO., ET AL.

Max Greenberg and Irwin Green, doing business as Absoproof Weatherstrip and Caulking Company and Century Metal Strip Products Company, 3030 West Davison Avenue, Detroit, Michigan, are engaged in the business of fabricating, selling and installing weatherstrip materials and thresholds. From July 22 to September 30, 1942, Absoproof Weatherstrip and Caulking Company made 635 separate installations of copper or copper

base alloy weatherstripping, involving approximately 2,000 pounds of such materials, in violation of Supplementary Conservation Order M-9-c-4. The company's failure to familiarize itself with this restriction upon its business was so grossly negligent as to constitute wilful The Century Metal Strip behavior. Products Company, as a Class I producer, failed to file a Production Requirements Plan application for the fourth quarter of 1942. The company was familiar with the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 11, and this failure to file such application was, therefore, in wilful violation of that regulation. Although they were aware of the requirement, both companies, in careless disregard of 944.15 of Priorities Regulation No. 1, failed to keep complete records of their inventories and of the production of materials subject to War Production Board orders and regulations.

These violations have hampered and impeded the war effort of the United States by diverting scarce material to uses unauthorized by the War Production Board.

In view of the foregoing: It is hereby ordered, That:

§ 1010.289 Suspension Order S-289.

(a) Max Greenberg and Irwin Green, doing business as Absoproof Weatherstrip and Caulking Company and Century Metal Strip Products Company or otherwise, their successors and assigns, shall not purchase, accept delivery of, sell, install, deliver or otherwise deal in any copper or copper base alloy building material, as defined in Supplementary Limitation Order M-9-c-4, except as specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(b) Deliveries of material to Max Greenberg and Irwin Green, doing business as Absoproof Weatherstrip and Caulking Company and Century Metal Strip Products Company or otherwise, their successors and assigns, shall not be accorded priority over deliveries under any other contract or order, and no preference rating shall be applied. assigned, or extended to such deliveries by any preference rating order, preference rating certificate, general preference order or any other order or regulation of the War Production Board, except to enable them to fill orders bearing Preference Rating AA-2X or higher and except as specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(c) No allocation shall be made to Max Greenberg and Irwin Green, doing business as Absoproof Weatherstrip and Caulking Company and Century Metal Strip Products Company or otherwise, their successors and assigns, of any materials the supply or distribution of which is governed by any order of the War Production Board, except to enable them to fill orders bearing Preference Rating AA-ZX or higher and except as specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(d) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve Max Greenberg and Irwin Green, doing business as Absoproof Weatherstrip and Caulking Company and Century Metal Products Company or otherwise, their successors or assigns, from any restriction, prohibition or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board except in so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

(e) This order shall take effect April 26, 1943 and shall expire on August 26, 1943, at which time the restrictions contained in this order are to be of no further effect.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,

By J. Joseph Whelan, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6405; Filed, April 24, 1943; 3:03 p. m.]

PART 1010—Suspension Orders [Suspension Order S-296]

RAYJAY MFG. CO., INC.

Rayjay Mfg. Co., Inc., a corporation located at 109 North Third Street, Brook-

lyn, New York, is engaged in manufacturing electric fuses for distribution to wholesalers and jobbers. During the period from September 9 through December 30, 1942, the company violated Limitation Order L-161 by selling and delivering approximately 700,000 electric fuses on orders which did not bear any preference ratings. The company also violated Priorities Regulation No. 3 and Priorities Regulation No. 11 in that it improperly applied the preference rating assigned to it on its PD-25A certificate for the third quarter of 1942 to obtain more materials than it was authorized to obtain through the application of such rating.

These violations of orders and regulations of the War Production Board have hampered and impeded the war effort of the United States by diverting scarce material to uses unauthorized by the War Production Board. In view of the foregoing; It is hereby ordered, That:

§ 1010.296 Suspension Order No. S-296.

(a) Deliveries of material to Rayjay Mfg. Co., Inc., its successors and assigns, shall not be accorded priority over deliveries under any other contract or order, and no preference rating shall be applied, extended, or assigned to such deliveries by any preference rating certificate, preference rating order, general preference order, or any other order or regulation of the War Production Board, except as specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(b) No allocation shall be made to Rayjay Mfg. Co., Inc., its successors and assigns, of any material the supply or distribution of which is governed by any order of the War Production Board, except as specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(c) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve Rayjay Mfg. Co., Inc., from any restriction, prohibition, or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board, except in so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

(d) This order shall take effect on April 27, 1943, and shall expire on July 27, 1943, at which time the restrictions contained in this order shall be of no further force or effect.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,

By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,

Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6404; Filed, April 24, 1943; 8:03 p. m.]

PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS [Suspension Order S-298]

EMPIRE ELECTRIC MFG. COMPANY

W. J. Gorman, Philip France and Nate France, co-partners doing business as the Empire Electric Manufacturing Company, 673 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois, are engaged in the business of manufacturing and selling electric and fluorescent lighting fixtures. From June 13, 1942 to October 19, 1942 the Empire Electric Manufacturing Company sold approximately 2500 new

fluorescent lighting fixtures in violation of Limitation Order L-78. After October 31, 1942, the Empire Electric Company used steel to partially manufacture approximately 600 reflectors for fluorescent lighting fixtures in violation of Limitation Order L-78. Between July 8, 1942 and November 12, 1942, the company sold approximately 1884 pounds of copper wire in violation of General Preference Order M-9-a. Between June 13, 1942 and November 16, 1942 the Empire Electric Manufacturing Company violated Priorities Regulation No. 3 by applying or extending preference ratings to obtain copper wire and iron and steel in excess of the specific quantities authorized. The company, in violation of Priorities Regulation No. 1, failed to keep complete records of its inventories, pro duction and sales of fluorescent and electric lighting fixtures, and although it was a Class I producer, failed to operate as a Production Requirements Plan Unit after June 30, 1942 as required by Priorities Regulation No. 11. After November 20, 1942, the company furthermore, violated a specific order of the Director General for Operations of the War Production Board by continuing to manufacture and assemble fluorescent lighting fixtures.

The conduct of the Empire Electric Manufacturing Company was not only marked by careless disregard of whether its activities were governed by several of the above orders and regulations, but it consciously violated other of the above-mentioned orders and regulations. These wilful violations have hampered and impeded the war effort of the United States by diverting scarce materials to uses unauthorized by the War Production Board.

In view of the foregoing facts, It is hereby ordered, That:

§ 1010.298 Suspension Order S-298.

(a) W. J. Gorman, Philip France and Nate France, doing business as the Empire Electric Manufacturing Company or otherwise, their successors and assigns, shall not manufacture, process, assemble, sell, deliver, or otherwise transfer any fluorescent lighting fixture, as defined in Limitation Order L-78, or any component part thereof, except with the written approval of the Regional Compliance Chief, Chicago Regional Office, War Production Board.

(b) Deliveries of material to W. J. Gorman, Philip France and Nate France, doing business as the Empire Electric Manufacturing Company or otherwise, their successors and assigns, shall not be accorded priority over deliveries under any other contract or order and no preference ratings shall be assigned, applied, or extended to such deliveries by means of preference rating certificates, preference rating orders, general preference orders, or any other orders or regulations of the War Production Board, except as specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(c) No allocations shall be made to W. J. Gorman, Philip France and Nate France, doing business as the Empire Electric Manufacturing Company or otherwise, their successors and assigns, of any material the supply or distribu-

tion of which is governed by any order of the War Production Board, except as specifically authorized in writing by the War Production Board.

(d) Nothing contained in this order shall be deemed to relieve W. J. Gorman, Philip France and Nate France, doing business as the Empire Electric Manufacturing Company or otherwise, from any restriction, prohibition, or provision contained in any other order or regulation of the War Production Board, except in so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions hereof.

(e) This order shall take effect on April 26, 1943, and shall expire October 26, 1943, at which time the restrictions contained in this order shall be of no

further effect.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,
By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,

Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6406; Filed, April 24, 1943; 3:03 p. m.]

PART 3175—REGULATIONS APPLICABLE TO THE CONTROLLED MATERIALS PLAN [CMP Regulation 1, Directive 7]

ALUMINUM CASTINGS

The following direction is issued pursuant to § 3175.1 (t) (6) of CMP Regulation No. 1 to all aluminum producers;

(a) Orders for aluminum castings approved for April delivery on Form PD-26A are hereby given the status of authorized controlled material orders and such orders shall be accepted and filled by aluminum producers in the manner prescribed in paragraph (t) of CMP Regulation No. 1.

(b) All orders for aluminum castings approved on Form PD-26A for delivery during a month prior to April on which delivery was not completed within the time limit specified in the instructions for filing the form, will expire as of April 30, unless they are rescheduled and reapproved on Form PD-26A for delivery during April. Such supplemental applications will be approved for shipment provided the foundry does not request an additional allocation of primary metal.

(c) Aluminum foundries will not be permitted to accept new orders for castings specifying delivery during May or thereafter unless such orders constitute authorized controlled material orders under applicable CMP

regulation.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

War Production Board, By J. Joseph Whelan, Recording Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6402; Filed April 24, 1943; 3:03 p. m.]

PART 3176-VALVES AND VALVE PARTS

[Limitation Order L-252, as Amended April 24, 1943]

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage of steel, copper, and other critical materials used in the manufacture of valves and valve parts, for defense, for private account, and for export; and the following order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 3176.1 Limitation Order L-252—(a) Definitions. Wherever used in this order:

(1) "Producer" means any person who manufactures valves and valve

parts.

(2) "Valves" means gate, globe, angle, cross, lift check, angle check, or swing check valves (including variations of those types, such as the valves generally referred to as quick opening, blow off, hose end, Y-type and hydraulic), except drilling through and flow line valves for oil production service. This definition does not include valves of the types generally referred to as "specialties".
(3) "Valve parts" means parts for

valves as defined above.

(4) "Put into process" means to process, machine, or fabricate or in any other manner alter any material by

physical or chemical means.

- (b) Limitations. Except as specifically authorized by the War Production Board, no producer shall after May 1, 1943, put into process or cause to be put into process, any material to be incorporated into valves or valve parts, except for the manufacture of valves and valve parts which conform to the specifications contained in the Appendix attached to and a part of this order, or for the manufacture of:
 - (1) Valves

(i) The bodies or bonnets of which were cast or forged before May 1, 1943;

(ii) Ordered for use as part of the equipment of aircraft or watercraft

other than pleasure craft; or

(iii) For the conduction of liquid or gas having chemical or physical properties which render the use of valves described in the Appendix dangerous or impractical; and

(2) Valve parts for repair of valves which are completed on May 1, 1943, or which are produced thereafter in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) (1) of this order.

(c) Restricted deliveries. Except as specifically authorized by the War Pro-

duction Board:

(1) No producer shall sell or make delivery of any valves or valve parts manufactured in violation of the terms of this order, and

(2) No person shall knowingly purchase or accept delivery of any valve or valve part produced in violation of this

(d) Order superseded. The provisions of this order supersede the provisions of Schedule No. 1 of Limitation Order L-42.

- (e) Applicability of priorities regulations. This order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of all applicable priorities regu-
- (f) Records. Each producer shall retain in his files for a period of two years records showing his inventory and production of all valves, including those for the manufacture of which material was put into process subsequent to May 1, 1943. These records shall be kept readily available and open to inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Production Board.

(g) Appeals. Any appeal from the provisions of this order shall be made by filing a letter in triplicate referring to the particular provision appealed from and stating fully the grounds of the appeal.

(h) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction, may be punished by fine or imprisonment or both. In addition any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control, and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(i) Communications. All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: Shipbuilding Division, War Produc-tion Board, Washington, D. C., Ref.:

Issued this 24th day of April 1943. WAR PRODUCTION BOARD, By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,

Recording Secretary.

APPENDIX

[Part 3, paragraphs 3 (b), (f), 4 (b), (f), (g), 5 (f), (g) are amended April 24, 1943]

Specifications for Valves and Valve Parts

The following specifications govern the manufacture of valves and valve parts. These specifications do not purport to contain any recommendations regarding the most efficient or safe use of any valve or valve parts covered herein.

Certain of the terms used in this appendix (including the terms valves and valve parts) are defined in the body of this order, L-252. In addition, certain exceptions are made, and certain obligations imposed upon producers and others. You should, therefore, be thoroughly familiar with the body of the order before reading this appendix.

Iron Gate, Globe, Angle, Cross, and Check Valves and Valve Parts

1. Standard size schedule: Iron valves. Valves shall be manufactured only in the pressure classes listed in Table 1 and in the particular sizes, specified in Table 2, which are comprehended within the size range specified in Table 1 for the particular pressure class:

[All size ranges are inclusive]

sure clas	ry 1 pres- sifications inds per e inch	Gi	ites (inches)		Globe and angle (inches)		Lift check (inches)		Swing check (inches)		
Steam	Water	Screwed	Flanged	Hub	Screwed	Flanged	Screwed	Flanged	Screwed	Flanged	Hub
125 150 ° 250 300 °	50 100 150 to 200 250 500	2 to 6 1 1/4 to 3 2 to 4 1 1/4 to 3 2 to 6	4 to 72 4 to 72 2 to 72 2 to 72 2 to 24 21 to 3 3 to 12	4 to 72 4 to 72 2 to 72	2 to 4 1¼ to 3 2 to 4 1¼ to 3	2 to 10 11 to 3 2 to 6 11 to 3	2 to 4 2 1/4 to 3	3 to 6	2 to 6 134 to 3 2 to 4 134 to 3	2 to 24 2 to 12 3 to 12	4 to 2

¹ The primary pressure classification designates a class of valves and does not necessarily mean that all sizes in a given class carry the primary pressure classification. American Standards Association standards and manufacturers practice frequently reduce the pressure ratings as size increases, and may not always rate valves for both steam and water ¹ In sizes 3" and smaller the 150# and 300# primary pressure classification valves are included as substitutes for brass valves. Flanged valves may be rated in accordance with the American Flange Standard used.

Note: Other valve end connections in common use on the date of issuance of this order, including among others, the types known as Victaulic, Dresser and Universal, may be manufactured, but only in accordance with the specifications listed in Table 1. For the purposes of this order, "common use" means use by at least ten companies.

(b) Detail of permitted sizes (see 1 (a) above):

TABLE 2

10.00	(Sizes in inche	s)
1/4	4	24
3/8	5	30
1/2	6	36
3/4	8	42
1	10	48
- 11/4	12	54
11/2	14	60
2	16	66
1½ 2 2½ 3	18	72
3	20	

2. General requirements for iron valves. (a) End flanges shall conform to American Standards Association standards for corresponding pressure classes, except that for 150 # and 300 # valves when made of malleable iron as substitutes for brass valves, flanges conforming to Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fitting Industry Bronze Flange Standard SP-2 may

be used. Flanges may be furnished to the American Gas Association flange standard for low pressure gas service.

(b) Face to face of flanged valves, size 4" and larger, shall comply with American Petroleum Institute standard #5-G-1 and American Standards Association standard B-16.10 for the pressure classes and types which these standards cover.

(c) Valves for 150 # primary steam rating and lower shall have manufacturer's standard seating materials, comprising any of the following:

> Non-metallic disc. Iron or carbon steel. Brass or bronze. Nickel alloy.

(d) Valves for 250 # primary steam rating and higher shall have manufacturer's standard seating materials, comprising any of the following:

> Non-metallic disc. Iron or carbon steel. Brass or bronze. Chrome iron.

- (e) Bonnet bolts or studs shall be carbon steel.
- (f) Nuts for bonnet bolting shall be carbon steel.
- (g) Handwheels shall be of ferrous metal, either cast or otherwise fabricated, or of suitable non-metallic material.

(h) All extension stems, couplings and gear housings shall be of ferrous metal

(i) Spot facing or back facing on iron valve flanges is prohibited except when necessary prevent scrapping otherwise usable products.

3. Iron gate valves. (a) Stems for outside screw and yoke valves shall be, at manufacturers' option, either of carbon steel, or of brass or bronze made from secondary metal, i. e., copper base alloy to which refined copper or refined tin is not added in the production of the castings for the stems.

(b) Discs for solid wedge gates 4" and larger and for split wedge or double disc gates 5" and larger, shall be all iron or iron with faces conforming to paragraphs 2 (c) or 2 (d) depending upon pressure class. Discs for non-rising stem valves may be provided with brass or bronze bushing for stem thread. stem thread.

(c) Bonnet bushing for backseating shall not be provided in outside screw and yoke valves.

(d) Packing gland flange bolts or studs shall be carbon steel.

(e) Nuts for packing gland flange bolts or

studs shall be carbon steel.

(1) For valve 4" and larger, the packing gland, if flange and follower or nose are one piece, shall be of iron or iron brass bushed; or if made of two pieces, the flange shall be

iron and the follower or nose may be brass.

4. Iron globe, angle, and cross valves. (a) "Plug" type discs shall not be used for primary pressure 125# classification; but no manufacturer shall make more than one design of metal to metal seat in this class.

(b) Discs for valves 4" and larger shall be all iron or iron with faces conforming to paragraphs 2 (c) or 2 (d) depending upon pressure class.

(c) Stems for outside screw and yoke valves shall be, at manufacturers' option, either of carbon steel, or of brass or bronze made from secondary metal, i. e., copper base alloy to which refined copper or refined tin is not added in the production of the castings for the stems.

(d) Bonnet bushing for back seating shall not be provided.

(e) Packing gland flange bolts or studs shall be carbon steel.

(f) Nuts for packing gland flange bolts or studs shall be carbon steel.

(g) For valves 4" and larger, the packing gland, if flange and follower or nose are one piece, shall be of iron or iron brass bushed; or if made of two pieces, the flange shall be iron and the follower or nose may be brass.

(h) Cross valves shall not be manufactured

5. Iron check valves. (a) Discs for valves 4" and larger shall be either all iron, or iron

or steel with faces conforming to paragraphs

2 (c) or 2 (d) depending upon pressure class.(b) Nuts for attaching swing check disc to hinge or arm shall be carbon steel, or malle-

(c) The hinge or arm for valves 2" and larger shall be of ferrous metal and may be bronzed bushed.

PART 2

Brass or bronze gate, globe, angle, cross, and check valves and valve parts

1. Standard size schedule: Brass or bronze valves. (a) Valves shall be manufactured only in the pressure classes listed in Table 1, in the particular sizes specified in Table 2, which are comprehended within the size range specified in Table 1 for the particular pressure class:

TABLE 1 [All size ranges are inclusive]

Primary pressure classifications in lbs. per sq. in. ¹	Sizes 1 screwed end (inches)	Sizes flanged end (inches)	Sizes solder end (inches)
100 Steam 125 Steam 150 Steam 200 Steam 300 Steam Hydraulic 1000 & High-	% to : % to 2 % to 2 % to 2 % to 2	1 to 2 1 to 2 1 to 2 1 to 2	% to 2 14 to 2 14 to 2 14 to 2
Hydraulic 1000 & High- er	3% to 2		3/4 to

¹The primary steam rating in no way regulates the pressure at which these valves should be rated for other fluids, but restricts the classes to those mentioned.

2 Only globe and angle valves may be made in the 1/8"

1 These valves are rated 150#

(b) Detail of permitted sizes (see 1 (a) above):

TABLE 2

	(Sizes	in	inches)	
1/8		1/2		11/4
1/8 1/4		1/2 3/4		11/2
3/8		1		2

2. General requirements for brass or bronze valves. (a) Check valves shall be horizontal lift and vertical lift or swing check types only. Angle type prohibited.

(b) Spot Tacing on end connecting flanges

is prohibited.

(c) 150# primary pressure classification and lower shall have integral seats.
(d) 150# primary pressure classification and lower shall have brass, bronze, or nonmetallic disc only, and plug type discs shall not be used in globe and angle valves.

(e) 200 # primary pressure classification and higher shall have manufacturer's stand-

ard seating materials comprising any of the following:

Non-metallic disc. Brass or bronze. Chrome iron. Nickel alloy.

Union bonnet rings and union rings valve ends shall be malleable iron or steel

(g) Stuffing box packing nuts shall be malleable iron or steel.

(h) Handwheels and valve handles shall be ferrous metal, either cast or otherwise fabricated; or suitable non-metallic material.

End flanges shall conform to: 1. Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Standard Practice 150#-SP-2.

2. Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, Standard Practice 300 #-SP-2.

(Depending upon rated pressure of the valve.)

(j) Use Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, (j) Use SP-20 grade A or American Society for Test-ing Materials B-62 or EA-B62 brass or bronze for all valve pressure castings in valves in primary pressure classifications of 125#, 150 # and 200 #. Use Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry, SP 20 grade B or American Society for Testing Materials B-61 brass or bronze for all valve pressure castings in valves in primary classifications of 300# or higher. Bonnets 200# and higher pressure classifica-tion may be made of a "cast bearing bronze."

(k) Cross valves shall not be manufactured.

Steel Gate, Globe, Angle, Cross, and Check Valves and Valve Parts

NOTE: These limitations do not apply for primary ratings higher than 1500#. over, these limitations do not apply for valves for temperatures exceeding 1000 degrees F. or below minus 50 degrees F. Furthermore, these limitations do not apply to drilling through or flow line valves for oil production service

The term "stainless" is used in this Part 3 of this appendix to describe any of the iron base alloys such as 12% chrome, or 18-8 chrome nickel whose primary characteristics are resistance to corrosive attack, or elevated temperature or both.

1. Standard size schedule: Steel valves. (a)

Valves shall be manufactured only in the pressure classes listed in Table 1, and in the particular sizes specified in Table 2 which are comprehended within the size range specified in Table 1 for the particular pressure class:

[All size ranges are inclusive]

Primary pressure classification in lbs.		Gate (inches)		Globe	and angle (i	nches)	Horizon	ntal and ang (inches)	le check	Swin	ng check (in	ches)
per sq. in.	Screwed	Flanged	Welded	Screwed	Flanged	Welded	Screwed	Flanged	Welded	Screwed	Flanged	Welded
150	2 to 4 2 to 4 34 to 2	2 to 24 2 to 24 34 to 24 3 to 18 11/2 to 14	3 to 18 34 to 14	2 to 4 2 to 4 36 to 2	2 to 8 2 to 12 ½ to 14 3 to 14 1½ to 14	1/8 to 1/4 3 to 1/4 1/4 to 1/4	½ to 2	2 to 8 ½ to 14 3 to 14 1½ to 14	34 to 14 3 to 14 34 to 14	2 to 4 2 to 4 34 to 2	2 to 8 2 to 12 134 to 14 3 to 14 3 to 14	1½ to 1 3 to 1 3 to 1

(b) Detail of permitted sizes.

TABLE 2

(Sizes in inches)

	St. with the same	The second
1/8	2	10
1/8 1/4 3/8 1/2 3/4	2 2½ 3 4 5 6 - 8	10 12 14 16 18 20 24
3/8	3	14
1/2	4	16
3/4	5	18
1	6	20
11/4	- 8	24
1 1¼ 1½		

 General requirements for steel valves.
 (a) Valves covered by items 3, 4, and 5, which follow, shall be in accordance with American Petroleum Institute standard 600A for gate valves, and with American Standards Association B16e for all types, except as modified by the specifications set forth in this part 3 of this appendix.

(b) Face to face of flange end valves shall

comply with American Petroleum Institute standard 5-G-1 and American Standard Association B16.10 for the types covered by these standards.

(c) Discs of valves 5" and larger shall be made of the same material as the valve body, with seating material laid on or attached.

(d) Handwheels 24" diameter and smaller shall be malleable iron, or fabricated steel.

(e) Raised contact faces on flanges shall be serrated (concentric or spiral) or smooth at manufacturer's option.

(f) Cross valves shall not be manufactured. 3. 150 lb. Pressure class: Steel valves. (a) End flange faces shall have American Standards Association 1/16" raised face.

(b) Bodies and bonnets shall be carbon

(c) Seating materials shall be any of the following:

> Carbon steel. Brass or bronze. 12% chrome iron.

- (d) Bonnet bushing for back seating shall be provided, but backseating shall be included.
- (e) Stems shall be carbon steel, brass or
- (f) Bonnet bolting shall be either carbon steel or manganese steels of the SAE 1300
- (g) Bonnet bolt nuts shall be semi-finished carbon steel.
- (h) Stem stuffing box packing shall be graphite or mica-impregnated asbestos according to manufacturer's practice.

(i) Bonnet gaskets shall be asbestos com-

position sheet.

- 4. 300 lb. Pressure class: Steel valves. (a) End flange faces shall be American Standards Association 1/16" raised face, or American Petroleum Institute octagonal ring joint groove providing the groove is cut in the basic flange thickness.
- (b) Bodies and bonnets shall be carbon steel, except when required to resist extreme corrosion or temperature conditions they may be 4% to 6% chrome, ½% molybdenum.
- (c) The seating materials shall be any of the following:

Same material as body. Brass or bronze. 12% chrome iron. Nickel copper alloy. Hard facing.

(d) Stems shall be any of the following:

Brass or bronze. 12% chrome iron.

- (e) Stem stuffing box packing shall be graphite or mica-impregnated asbestos according to manufacturer's practice.
- (f) Bonnet bolting shall conform to the following limitations:
- 1. For temperature up to and including 850 degrees F., National Emergency 9400 series steels or SAE 4140 steel.
- 2. For temperatures over 850 degrees F., Grade B14 steel per American Society for Testing Materials specification A193.
- (g) Bonnet bolt nuts shall be semi-finished carbon steel.
- 5. 600 lb., 900 lb. & 1500 lb. Pressure classes: Steel valves. (For 600 lb. and 1500 lb. general purpose valves, see paragraph 6) (a) End flange faces shall be either American Standards Association octagonal ring joint groove or American Petroleum Insti-tute octagonal ring joint groove, or ¼" American Standards Association large male
- (b) Bodies and bonnets shall be carbon or carbon molybdenum steel, except when required to resist extreme corrosion or temperature conditions, ir which case they may be 4% to 6% chrome, $\frac{1}{2}\%$ molybdenum, or stainless if so specified. (See definition for "stainless" in note under heading of Part 3.)

(c) The seating materials shall be of any of the following:

Same material as body. Stainless (See definition in note under heading of Part 3). Nickel copper alloy. Hard facing.

(d) Stems shall be the following:

Stainless (See definition in note under heading of Part 3).

(e) Stem stuffing box packing shall be graphite or mica-impregnated asbestos according to manufacturer's practice.

(f) Bonnet bolting shall conform to the following limitations:

1. For temperature up to and including 850 degrees F., National Emergency 9400 series steels or SAE 4140 steel.

2. For temperature over 850 degrees F., Grade B14 steel per American Society for Testing Materials specification A193.

(g) Bonnet bolt nuts shall be semi-finished carbon steel.

- 6. General purpose steel valves: 600 lb. & 1500 lb.—2" and smaller. (a) End connections shall be:
- 1. Flanged American Standards Association standard with 1/4" large male face.
 2. Screwed end.

3. Socket welding end.

The 600 lb. class flanged end valves may be made with 150-lb. American Standards Association steel flange diameter, drilling, and/or facing.

(b) Bodies and bonnets shall be carbon or carbon molybdenum steel, except when required to resist extreme corrosion or temperature conditions in which case they may be 4% to 6% chrome, ½% molybdenum, or stainless if so specified (See definition for "stainless" in note under heading of Part 3.)

(c) Seating materials shall be any of the

following:

Same material as body.

Brass or bronze. Stainless. (See definition in note under heading of Part 3.)

Nickel copper alloy. Hard tacing.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6403; Filed, April 24, 1943; 3:03 p. m.]

PART 1075-CONSTRUCTION

[Conservation Order L-41, as Amended April 26, 1943]

- § 1075.1 Conservation Order L-41-(a) Definitions. For the purpose of this order:
 (1) "Person" means any individual,
- partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not.
- (2) "Construction" means the erection, construction, reconstruction, restoration, or remodeling of any structure or project, or additions thereto or extensions or alterations thereof, but not in-
- (i) "Maintenance and repair" as defined in paragraph (a) (12);
- (ii) The excavation or other movement of earth where no material except earth or other unprocessed material is to be incorporated.
- (3) "Residental construction" means any construction where the principal designed function of the structure or project is or will be to provide living space or accommodations.
- (4) "Multiple residential construction" means any residential construction where the principal designed function of the structure or project is or will be to provide living space or accommodations for six or more families, or which is divided or to be divided into six or more suites.
- (5) "Agricultural construction" means any construction, (other than residential construction), where the principal designed function of the structure or project is or will be the production of agricultural products including, but not limited to, those produced by farmers, planters, ranchmen, dairymen, poultrymen, or nut or fruit growers.

- (6) "Industrial construction" means any construction where the principal designed function of the structure or project is or will be the manufacture, processing or assembling of goods or materials.
- (7) "Other restricted construction" means any construction, other than residential, multiple residential, agricultural, or industrial construction, including, but not limited to, commercial, highway, roadway, sub-surface, railroad, and utilities construction, whether publicly or privately financed.
- (8) "Project" means all separate structures or units of construction situated in close proximity to each other and integrated to serve a single general use; it does not mean a particular construction operation or job. In no case shall a single structure or unit of construction be subdivided into more than one project for the purpose of this order.
- (9) "Begin construction" means to initiate construction, or to resume con-struction which has not been carried on as one continuous construction job, by physically incorporating or installing into a structure or project on the site, material which is to be an integral part of the structure or project.

(10) "Cost" shall be the sum of the total cost or value, whichever is higher, of the following (except as qualified in (a) (11) below):

- (i) Material which is to be an integral part of the structure or project, including articles, chattels, or fixtures which are to be physically incorporated in and used as a part of the structure or project, or are to be so substantially affixed thereto that they cannot be detached without materially injuring them or the structure or project;
 - (ii) Labor engaged in the construction;
- (iii) Architects', engineers' and contractors' services.
- (11) "Cost" does not include the following:
- (i) The value of used material, articles, chattels or fixtures which have been severed from the same or another structure or project and are to be used without change in ownership, nor the cost or value of labor engaged in incorporating the same;
- (ii) The cost or value of production machinery or equipment to be used directly in the manufacturing, processing or assembling of goods or materials;
- (iii) The value of labor, not entailing financial outlay, of an owner or tenant and members of the owner's or tenant's immediate family residing with him, on a structure or project owned or leased by him.
- (12) "Maintenance and repair" means such work as is necessary to keep a structure or project in sound working condition, or to rehabilitate a structure or project or any portion thereof when the same has been rendered unsafe or unfit for service by wear and tear or other similar causes. The term does not include any building operation or job where a structural alteration or change in design is to be made. However, different materials may be used and different types of articles, chattels or

fixtures (but of the same general nature) may be incorporated, provided that there are no such structural alterations or changes in design. No building operation or job may be part construction and part maintenance and repair, as the terms are used herein, but if any construction is to be done, the entire building operation or job is construction. Maintenance and repair does not include the reconstruction or restoration of a structure or project or portion thereof destroyed by fire, flood, tornado, earthquake, act of God or the public enemy.

(b) Prohibited construction. (1) No person shall begin construction, carry on any construction begun in violation of any order in the L-41 series, cause such construction to be begun or carried on or participate in such construction, or order, purchase, accept delivery of, withdraw from inventory or in any other manner secure or use material for such

purposes.

(2) The terms and restrictions of (b) (1) shall not apply where the construction is of:

(i) A structure or project to be the property of the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, Panama Canal, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Coast Guard, the Civil Aeronautics Authority, or the Office of Scientific Research and Development:

(ii) A structure or project which is to be used directly in the discovery, development or depletion of mineral de-

posits;

- (iii) A type subject to the provisions of any order in the M-68 series (Part 1047) relating to the production and distribution of petroleum, or is of a type subject to the provisions of any Petroleum Administrative Order (Chapter XIII), and such construction is permitted only to the extent authorized by the applicable order in the M-68 series or by the applicable Petroleum Administrative Order;
- (vi) Facilities, other than buildings, ment, including facilities or equipment for such telegraph or teletypewriter service as may be conducted by a telephone operator, other than buildings, and is authorized or permitted under the terms of Order L-50 (§ 1095.1);

 (v) Railroad tracks, together with necessary operating facilities, but not including buildings, tunnels, overpasses,

underpasses, or bridges;

(vi) Facilities, other than buildings, to be owned by a producer, as defined in Order P-46 (§ 978.1), pertaining to utilities, and which are to be used directly in providing one or more of the services set forth in paragraph (a) (1) of said order:

(vii) Irrigation pipe lines or drainage tile drains, classified as agricultural construction under this order, in which no materials except earth or other unprocessed material or clay or non-reinforced concrete tile not more than 12 inches in internal diameter are incorporated.

(viii) Agricultural construction necessary to the installation of material or equipment, the distribution of which is controlled by Order L-170 (§ 1029.10) or

orders in the M-21 series (Part 962), and which are listed in Schedule 1 of Food Production Order 3 of the United States Department of Agriculture.

(ix) A structure or project for which no material will be used to provide electric, gas, water, or steam services for the incorporation of which specific authorization is required under orders in the U series (unless such authorization has been received before construction was begun), provided it is

(a) Residential construction and not multiple residential construction, or is specifically listed on Schedule B attached hereto, and the estimated cost of construction is less than \$200; or

(b) Multiple residential, agricultural or other restricted construction, is not specifically listed on Schedule B, and the estimated cost of construction is less than \$1.000: or

(c) Industrial construction, is not specifically listed on Schedule B, and the estimated cost of construction is less

than \$5,000; or

(d) The minimum construction necessary to make safe and to protect any structure or project (or the contents thereof) damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, tornado, earthquake, act of God or

the public enemy; or

(e) Agricultural construction, and the immediate construction thereof is determined by the United States Department of Agriculture in accordance with such administrative procedures as may be from time to time prescribed to be necessary to avert threatened loss of farm products: Provided, That within two weeks of such determination Form PD-200 is filed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (f) of this section

(3) The terms and restrictions of (b) (1) shall not apply where the construction is to reconstruct or restore:

(i) Residential or multiple residential construction damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, tornado, earthquake, act of God or the public enemy, or to build in its place and stead new residential or multiple residential construction: Provided, however, That the estimated cost of such reconstruction, restoration, or new construction shall be less than \$5,000, and that within two weeks of such damage or destruction Form PD-105 (for residential) or Form PD-200 (for multiple residential) is filed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (f) of this section;

(ii) Agricultural construction damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, tornado, earthquake, act of God or the public enemy where the immediate reconstruction thereof is determined by the United States Department of Agriculture, in accordance with such administrative procedures as may be from time to time prescribed, to be essential to the agricultural program: *Provided*, That within two weeks of such damage or destruction Form PD-200 is filed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (f) of this section;

(iii) Industrial or other restricted construction, not specifically listed on Schedule B, damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, tornado, earthquake, act of God or the public enemy, where the immediate reconstruction thereof is necessary for the prosecution of the war or the protection of public health or safety: Provided, That within five days of the damage or destruction notice thereof is given by telegraph to the War Production Board setting forth (a) the cause of the damage or destruction, (b) the function of the structure or project which has been damaged or destroyed, (c) the type of construction, (d) why immediate reconstruction or restoration is necessary, and (e) the estimated cost of reconstruction: And provided further, That within two weeks of the giving of such telegraphic notice, Form PD-200 is filed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (f) of this section.

Nothing contained in this subparagraph (3) shall be interpreted as a commitment that priorities assistance will be accorded to any particular construction authorized by the provisions of this subparagraph and the War Production Board may at any time either order said construction to cease or require any modification thereof that seems to it to be proper.

(4) The terms and restrictions of (b) (1) shall not apply where the construction has been or is hereafter authorized by the Director of Priorities of the Office of Production Management or by the War Production Board by the issuance of:

(i) One of the preference rating orders or certificates listed on Schedule A attached hereto, as that schedule may be amended from time to time, according priorities assistance to the construction; or

(ii) An order specifically authorizing the construction.

(5) The exceptions set forth in paragraphs (b) (2) (ix) (a), (b) (2) (ix) (b), and (b) (2) (ix) (c) shall not be construed to authorize separate or successive construction operations commencing after September 6, 1942, the aggregate cost of which over any continuous twelve-month period exceeds the amount specified in the applicable paragraph for the particular structure or project; not including in said aggregate cost the cost of any construction thereon during said period authorized under the provisions of paragraph (b) (2) (ix) (d), (b) (2) (ix) (e), (b) (3) and (b) (4).

(c) Prohibited deliveries. No person shall accept an order for, sell, deliver, or cause to be delivered material which he knows, or has reason to believe, will be used in violation of the terms of this

order.

(d) Further construction limitations. Nothing in this order shall be construed to authorize the use or delivery of any material, or the application or extension of any preference rating, in violation of the provisions of any conservation, limitation or other order or regulation heretofore or hereafter issued by the Director of Priorities, Office of Production Management, or by the War Production Board.

(e) Orders or certificates not constituting authorization. The assignment of a preference rating by a PD-1, PD-1A, or other certificate, or by any order, other than those listed on Schedule A,

shall not constitute authorization to begin construction.

(f) Application for authority to begin construction. (1) The application forms prescribed by paragraphs (f) (2) any (f) (3) hereof shall be executed by the person who is or is to be the owner of the structure or project for which authorization is required by the terms of this order, or his duly authorized agent.

(2) If the applicant requires priorities assistance for the proposed construction, an application shall be made for the appropriate preference rating order or certificate listed on Schedule A on

the form referred to therein.

(3) Where the applicant does not require priorities assistance, application for specific authorization to begin construction referred to in paragraph (b) (4) (ii) hereof may be made by filing Form PD-200, or such other forms as may hereafter be prescribed. Such forms are to be filed in the manner prescribed on Schedule A for the filing of applications for Preference Rating Order P-19-h.

(g) Violations. Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this order, or who, in connection with this order, wilfully conceals a material fact or furnishes false information to any department or agency of the United States, is guilty of a crime, and upon conviction may be punished by fine or imprisonment. In addition, any such person may be prohibited from making or obtaining any further deliveries of, or from processing or using, material under priority control and may be deprived of priorities assistance.

(h) Communications. Applications, communications and reports under this order shall, unless otherwise directed in Schedule A or by specific instructions be addressed to: War Production Board,

Washington, D. C., Ref.: L-41.

Those relating to residential construction shall in addition be conspicuously marked "Res.", those relating to multiple residential construction "M. R.", those relating to agricultural construction "Agr.", those relating to industrial construction "Ind.", and those relating to other restricted construction "O. R."

This order, as hereby amended this 26th day of April 1943 shall supersede all orders, amendments and interpretations in the L-41 series heretofore issued, except the following: L-41-a, L-41-b and its interpretation issued November 6, 1942, L-41-c, L-41-d and Interpretation 1 to L-41 issued February 19, 1943. (Note: Paragraph (e) of said Interpretation 1 is revoked by L-41-d).

Issued this 26th day of April 1943.

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD,

By J. JOSEPH WHELAN,

Recording Secretary.

SCHEDULE A

The following preference rating orders and certificates are listed pursuant to paragraph (b) (4) (i) of the above order. A general description of the type of construction covered by each, the appropriate application form and where such form should be filed, are given solely for the purposes of identification.

Preference rating order	Type of construction	Application form	Where filed
P-14-a P-14-b.	Shipyards and shipways	No form	Maritime Commission, Washington, D. C.
P-19-a.	Structures or projects impor- tant to the war effort and essential civilian needs, other than housing.	No further application accepted under P-19 and P-19-a. Apply for P-19-h.	
P-19-d P-19-g.	Publicly financed war housing.	No further applications accepted; see P-19-h.	
P-19-0	Public roads	Application is made by or through the Public Roads Administration of F. W. A.	
P-19-h P-19-i	Structures and projects important to the war effort and essential civilian needs, including war housing owned by FPHA and farm dwellings (for other housing see P-55 below).	Form PD-200.	At the following places or such other places as may be prescribed: Agricultural and farm dwellings with Department of Agriculture County Wat Board having jurisdiction over location of the site. All other types of construction with War Production Board, Washington, D. C.
P-41	Construction of air transport facilities.	Expired Oct. 1, 1942	and the second second second
P-55. P-55. Amended.	Housing and Remodeling of housing except farm dwell- ings and housing owned by the FPHA.	Form PD-105 and Form PD- 105A.	With FHA field office having jurisdiction over location of the site.
P-89 as amended		Form PD-315	With War Production Board Washington, D. C., Ref P-89.
P-98-b	Construction related to petro- leum enterprises as defined and limited therein.	See orders in M-68 series	
P-110	Remodeling of housing programmed for critical areas by the National Housing Agency.	No further applications accepted.	
P-130	Construction of certain facili- ties other than buildings by telephone companies and construction by such com- panies of facilities necessary to serve defense projects.	See order Form PD-685	With War Production Board Washington, D. C., or such other place as may be pre- scribed.
P-132	Construction of certain facili- ties other than buildings by telegraph companies and construction by such com- panies of facilities necessary to serve defense projects.	See order Form PD-683	With War Production Board Washington, D. C., or such other place as may be pre- scribed.
Certificates:	C-1-1	DD 24	With the contracting or pro
PD-3 PD-3A.	Certain specific types of con- struction of the Army or Navy.	PD-8A	curement official having jurisdiction of the contract.

SCHEDULE B

The following structures or projects are listed pursuant to paragraphs (b) (2) (ix) and (b) (3) (iii) of the above order:

(a) A structure or project which has as its principal designed function:

 Public or private amusement, entertainment or recreation, with the exception of playgrounds for children;

(2) Occupancy by not more than five establishments selling or dispensing goods, merchandise, food or drink, or providing services:

(3) Use as a club, lodge, fraternity or sorority house, association, auditorium or assembly hall;

(4) Mānufacture, processing or assembling of any one or more of the following:

 Athletic supplies, sporting goods, or toys or games as defined in Order L-81.

(ii) Beverages, except milk,

(iii) Books, magazines, newspapers, greeting cards, or other printed or engraved matter,

(iv) Candy or chewing gum,

(v) Cigars, cigarettes, smoking or chewing tobacco or snuff,

(vi) Jewelry, watches, traveling bags, brushes, razors, pipes and like articles for personal use or adornment,

(vii) Furniture, silverware, china, household electrical appliances, draperies, and all other similar articles,

(viii) Musical instruments,

(ix) Stationery or office supplies,

(x) Toiletries or cosmetic products as defined in Order L-171,

(xi) Wearing apparel of every sort, nature or description, except for the Army or Navy;
 (b) Industrial construction with a productive floor area of less than 10,000 square feet.

INTERPRETATION 1

- (a) Paragraph (a) of Conservation Order No. L-41, as amended, places in different classes the construction of various structures or projects, and paragraph (b) (2) (ix) provides the limits within which the several classes of construction may be begun without authorization. Any structure shall be classified in accordance with such provisions unless it constitutes a part of a "project" as defined in paragraph (a) (8), in which event the classification of the project shall control.
- (b) In connection with paragraphs (a) (3), (a) (4), (a) (5) (a) (6), and (a) (7), where part of a structure or project falls within one class under said order and other parts within another or other classes, the predominant designed use shall determine the classification of the whole structure or project.
- (c) In connection with paragraphs (a) (5) and (a) (7), a structure to be used primarily for the storage of farm products which are produced by a person other than the proprietor of such structure shall be interpreted to be "other restricted construction."
- (d) "Construction" as defined in paragraph (a) (2) includes the laying of asphalt tile, linotile, cork tile, rubber tile, and linoleum, if the same is cemented to or in any way is affixed to the construction.
- (e) The application of siding or roofing is "construction" as the word is used in paragraph (a) (2), where such siding or roofing is applied to a portion of a building or structure which is not in need of "maintenance and repair" as the words are used in paragraph (a) (12). (Issued February 19, 1943)

[F. R. Doc. 43-6456; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:42 a. m.]

Chapter XI-Office of Price Administration

PART 1305-ADMINISTRATION [Gen. RO 5,1 Amendment 16]

FOOD RATIONING FOR INSTITUTIONAL USERS

A rationale for this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

General Ration Order No. 5 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 5.4 is added to read as fol-

SEC. 5.4 Future allotments for certain Group II or III institutional users. (a) Because of transportation difficulties or unusually long distances from markets. some Group II or III institutional users must obtain rationed foods to last for more than one allotment period. When such institutional users apply for allotments pursuant to section 5.3 (b), they may also apply in writing, for allotments to be used in later allotment periods. (An allotment to be used in a later allotment period is called a future allotment.) The board may, for good cause, permit an application for a future allotment to be made at any other time.

(b) If the board finds that the applicant meets the tests set out in paragraph (a), it may grant the future allot-

men's required by him.

- (c) Each future allotment of a rationed food shall be equal in amount to the last allotment granted on application made pursuant to section 5.3(b). (For example on May 1, 1943, an applicant applies pursuant to section 5.3(b) for an allotment of sugar for May and June, and a future allotment for July and August. If his allotment for May and June is 500 pounds, the board may grant an allotment of an additional 500 pounds for July and August.)
- (d) When an applicant who has received a future allotment next applies for allotments pursuant to section 5.3(b), the board shall compute the allotment which he would have received pursuant to that section for the allotment period covered by the future allotment. If the amount of a future allotment exceeds the amount of the allotment he would have been entitled to receive for that period pursuant to section 5.3(b), the difference shall be deducted from the allotment for which he is applying. If the amount of the future allotment is less than the amount which he would have been entitled to receive, the difference shall be added to the allotment for which he is applying.
- 2. The head note of section 10.1 is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 10.1 Group II and III Seasonal Users.

3. Section 10.3 is added to read as follows:

Sec. 10.3 A Group I seasonal user may obtain a certificate in certain cases. (a) A Group I institutional user is a seasonal user with respect to an establishment

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Ad inistration.

which is not in operation during every month in the year.

(b) A Group I seasonal user who must get rationed foods before the persons who will eat at his establishment arrive may apply for certificates for rationed foods to be used until he can obtain such foods with the ration books of those persons. If, because of transportation difficulties or unusually long distances from markets, the applicant finds it a hardship to acquire supplies of rationed foods as each successive stamp or series of stamps in war ration books become valid, he may include in his application a request for certificates covering a longer period.

(c) Application must be made to the board in writing and must show:

(1) The name, address and business of the applicant:

(2) The date on which such persons will arrive at his establishment;

(3) The earliest date thereafter on which rationed foods can be obtained with the books of such persons:

(4) The number of persons he expects to serve during the period covered by the application (in estimating the number of persons to be served, an individual is counted separately for each occasion on which he is served but no one individual may be counted more than three (3) times on any one day:

(5) Where the applicant includes in his application a request for certificates covering a longer period, the period of time for which his purchasing must be

done.

- (d) The board may issue certificates for an amount of a rationed food computed by multiplying the allowance per person for that food by the number of persons which it determines will be served during the period for which such certificates are required.
- (e) An institutional user who has received a certificate under this Section must give up, to the board, stamps or certificates equal to the amount of the certificate issued to him. Only stamps taken from the war ration books of the individuals eating in his establishment. or certificates received from them may be given up. He must give them up within 60 days after receiving the certificate. However the board may, for good cause, give him additional time.
- (f) An institutional user who obtains an allotment pursuant to section 26.1 of this order may not receive a certificate under this section for the same purpose.
- 4. Section 27.1 (b) (1) is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The number of employees, period of time covered by the application, and the place where such employees will be fed:

This amendment shall become effective on April 29, 1943.

Note: The reporting provisions of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong.; as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421 and 507, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9125, 7 F. R. 2719; E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; W.P.B. Dir. 1, Supp. Dir. 1-E, 1-M. and 1-R, 7 F.R. 652, 2965, 7234, 9684,

respectively; Food Dir. 3, 5, 6, and 7, 8 F.R. 2005, 2251, 3471, 3471, respectively)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6343; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:38 p. m.l

> PART 1305-ADMINISTRATION [Gen. RO 5,1 Amendment 17]

FOOD RATIONING FOR INSTITUTIONAL USERS

A rationale for this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

General Ration Order 5 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 21.1 (b) is amended by deleting "the Coast and Geodetic Survey" therefrom.

- 2. The title to Article XXIV is amended to read as follows: "Article XXIV-Certain Government Agencies Obtain Allotments From Washington Office."
- 3. Sections 24.1 and 24.2 are revoked, and a new section 24.1 is added to read as follows:

Sec. 24.1 Certain government agencies obtain allotments from Washington Office. (a) The following government agencies may, at any time, apply to the Washington Office for allotments of rationed foods for any purpose;
(1) The Veterans' Administration;

(2) The Coast and Geodetic Survey.

(b) The following government agencies may, at any time, apply to the Washington Office for allotments of rationed foods for institutional use:

(1) The War Relocation Authority and the Department of Justice, in connection with the operation of war relocation centers and enemy alien detention sta-

tions and camps. (c) Allotments will be given in accordance with arrangements made with the Washington Office. The Washington Office will issue certificates, the amount of which may be distributed, through the use of ration checks, to the various centers, stations, camps or activities, for which allotments are granted pursuant

to this paragraph. (d) Ration bank accounts may be opened for these centers, stations, camps

or activities.

(e) These agencies are not required to register their institutional user establishments with a board.

This amendment shall become effective this 29th day of April 1943.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong.; as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421 and 507, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; W.P.B. Dir. 1, Supp. Dir. 1-E, 1-M, and 1-R, 7 F.R. 562, 2965, 7234, 9684, respectively; Food Dir. 3, 5, 6, and 7, 8 F.R. 2005, 2251, 3471, 3471, respectively)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6344; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:35 p. m.]

¹⁸ F.R. 2195, 2348, 2598, 2666, 2667, 3178, 3216, 3255, 3616, 3851, 4325, 4131, 4784, 4785,

¹⁸ F.R. 2195, 2348, 2598, 2666, 3178, 3216, 8255, 3616, 3851, 4131, 4325, 4784, 4785, 4839.

PART 1315-RUBBER AND PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS OF WHICH RUBBER IS A COMPONENT

[RO 1A,1 Amendment 26]

TIRES, TUBES, RECAPPING AND CAMELBACK

A rationale for this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Ration Order No. 1A is amended as

Sections 1315.401 (e), 1315.504 (f) and 1315.505 (b) (3) are hereby revoked.

This amendment shall become effective May 1, 1943.

(Pub. Law No. 671, 76th Cong. amended by Pub. Laws 69, 421 and 507, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719, issued April 7, 1942, W.P.B. Dir. No. 1, 7 F.R. 562, Supp. Dir. No. 1Q, 7 F.R. 9121)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc 43-6333; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:38 p m.]

> PART 1316-COTTON TEXTILES [MPR 11,3 Amendment 4]

> > FINE COTTON GOODS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 1316.4 Table III subparagraph (4) (i), (4) (ii), (5) (i) and (5) (ii) are amended by changing the date April 24, 1943 in each to read May 24, 1943.

This amendment shall become effective April 23, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6345; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:35 p. m.]

PART 1340-FUEL

[MPR 120, Amendment 53]

BITUMINOUS COAL DELIVERED FROM MINE OR PREPARATION PLANT

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has beer, filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

28 F.R. 361, 2206, 4628, 4725.

Section 1340.225 (b) (1) (i) is added to read as follows:

(1) Special price instructions. The maximum price for lump coal (solid shot) with a bottom size larger than 21/2", when produced at mines in Production Groups 2 to 9, inclusive, shall be the maximum price which is applicable generally under § 1340.225 (b) (1) for Size Group 3 plus 15 cents per net ton.

This amendment shall become effective April 29, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6334; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:39 p. m.]

PART 1351-FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS [RPS 50,1 Amendment 5]

GREEN COFFEE

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Revised Price Schedule No. amended in the following respects:

1. Section 1351.1 (b) (2) is amended to read as follows:

(2) If the services of a broker or brokers are used to negotiate a sale between a domestic owner and a buyer either in a port of entry or in a secondary market, a commission or commissions, which in the aggregate shall not exceed 1% of the maximum price named in § 1351.1 (c) of Revised Price Schedule 50 or a maximum price determined by trade differentials in effect prior to December 8, 1941, as provided for in § 1351.1 (c) of the schedule, may be added to such maximum price. This addition may be made only when such commissions are actually paid and shall be based upon the net maximum price before the addition of charges permitted by paragraphs (b) (i); (c); (f) and (g) of § 1351.1 of the schedule. No addition may be made to such maximum prices of commissions on sales negotiated by a broker or brokers either in a port of entry or in a secondary market for the account of a foreign principal.

2. Section 1351.1 (c) is amended by inserting after the words and figures "Native Unwashed _____ 101/2" the following:

PRICE IN CENTS PER POUND EX RAILROAD CARS OR OTHER TYPE CARRIERS ANY UNITED STATES POINT OF ENTRY ON MEXICO-UNITED STATES BORDER

Mexico	Cents
Coatepec	16.30
Huatusco	
Orizaba	
Jalapa	15. 80
Cordoba	
Tapachula firsts	
Tapachula seconds	
Tapachula thirds	
Oaxaca	
Current quality Oaxaca	
The second secon	

¹⁷ F.R. 1305, 2132, 2945, 5462, 6387, 6685, 8948, 10471,

PRICE IN CENTS PER POUND EX RAILROAD CARS OR OTHER TYPE CARRIERS ANY UNITED STATES POINT OF ENTRY ON MEXICO-UNITED STATES BORDERcontinued

Guatemala	Cents
Antigua	17.35
Strictly hard bean	17.10
Hard bean	16.85
Semi hard bean	16,60
Extra prime washed	16.35
Prime	16.10
Maragogipe	16.10
Extra good	15.35
Good	15.10
Fair	14.85
Bourbon	14.73
Coban strictly hard	
Coban hard bean	16.85
Coban semi hard	16.60

El Salvador

High grown washed	16.60
Prime washed	16.35
Good washed	16.10
Superior unwashed	14.35
Current unwashed	13.98

3. Section 1351.1 (c) is amended by deleting the last paragraph thereof and substituting the following:

For aged grades of "extra superior" quality of Washed Cucuta Excelso, Washed Bucaramanga Excelso and Bucaramanga Excelso and Washed Maracaibo only a premium may be added to the maximum price named in § 1351.1 (c) for the same growth provided this premium does not exceed the premium obtained for the same grade and quality of such growth of coffee between August 1, 1941 and December 8, 1941.

For imports from any country of limited amounts of coffee deemed "markedly superior" to the best grade listed for that country, other than aged grades of "extra superior" quality, a premium may be added to the maximum price for the best grade listed for that country provided such premium does not exceed the premium obtained for the same grade and quality of such growth of coffee between August 1, 1941 and December 8, 1941.

Any premium added in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing paragraphs must be stated separately on the sales contract and invoice and shall be reported within 15 days after a sale to the Imported Foods Section, Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., with sufficient facts showing that it does not exceed the premium obtained for the same grade and quality between August 1, 1941 and December 8, 1941.

4. Section 1351.1 (d) is amended to read as follows:

(d) The maximum prices quoted above are ex dock New York City or any United States point of entry on the border between Mexico and the United States. The maximum prices ex dock any other port of entry shall be determined by adding to or subtracting from the New York City ex dock price the difference between the December 8, 1941 actual cost of ocean freight, war risk insurance, and marine insurance from the port of origin to New York City and the December 8, 1941 actual cost of ocean freight, war risk insurance, and marine insurance from the

¹⁷ F.R. 9160, 9392, 9724, 10072, 10336; 8 F.R. 435, 606, 1585, 1628, 1629, 1839, 2030, 2348, 2152, 2670, 2595, 2600, 2719, 3071, 3314, 3521, 3702, 3837, 4179, 4628, 4769, 4849.

³ 7 F.R. 3168, 3447, 3901, 4336, 4342, 4404, 4540, 4541, 4700, 5059, 5560, 5607, 5827, 5835, 6169, 6218, 6265, 6272, 6472, 6325, 6524, 6744, 6898, 7777, 7670, 7914, 7942, 8354, 8650, 8748, 9783, 10470, 10581, 10780, 10993, 11008, 11012; 8 F.R. 926, 1388, 1629, 1679, 1747, 1971, 2023, 2030, 2273, 2284, 2501, 2497, 2713, 2873, 2920, 2997, 2873, 2921, 3216, 3855, 4258, 4717, 4785.

same port of origin to such other port of entry.

This amendment shall become effective the 29th day of April 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943. PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6346; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:36 p. m.]

PART 1364-FRESH, CURED AND CANNED MEAT AND FISH

[Rev. MPR 169,1 Amendment 8]

BEEF AND VEAL CARCASSES AND WHOLESALE CUTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 169 is amended in the following re-

1. Section 1364.452 (m) (2) is amended

by adding the following sentence after the table of prices:

During the period April 23, 1943, to May 7, 1943, inclusive, the seller may add \$1.00 per cwt. to the applicable boning plant price.

- 2. Section 1364.453 (b) is amended to read as follows:
- (b) For all beef carcasses and/or beef wholesale cuts, and/or other meat items subject to this Subpart B delivered in a straight or mixed carload shipment or sold as part of a straight or mixed carload sale, the seller shall deduct \$.75 per cwt. from the applicable zone price, except that this provision shall not apply to deliveries made to a war procurement agency during the period April 23, 1943 to May 7, 1943, inclusive.

This amendment shall become effective April 23, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 23d day of April, 1943. PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6347; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:35 p. m.]

PART 1380-HOUSEHOLD AND SERVICE INDUSTRY MACHINES

[MPR 102,2 Amendment 6]

HOUSEHOLD MECHANICAL REFRIGERATORS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

¹8 F.R. 5097, 4786, 4844. ²7 F.R. 1401, 2132, 2794, 3125, 4425, 7174, 8948.

Maximum Price Regulation No. 102 is amended in the following respect:

Section 1380.51 (d) is amended to read

- (d) Additions which may be made to the base price in determining the maximum price. The maximum price for the sale by a manufacturer of any model of household mechanical refrigerator shall not exceed the sum of the following items:
- (1) The base price as set forth in paragraphs (a), (b), or (c) of this section, less any amount charged on account of cooperative advertising.

(2) (i) If the sale is to a wholesale consumer or to a distributor or dealer who purchases the refrigerator for resale to a wholesale consumer, the following allowances may be added:

(a) An allowance equal to 1% of the manufacturer's price f. o. b. the manufacturer's plant for each month or fraction thereof, which elapsed between February 14, 1942, or the date on which the refrigerator was ready for delivery by the manufacturer, whichever is later, and September 13, 1942.

(b) An additional allowance of \$5.00 for each refrigerator which is delivered to a carrier for shipment to the purchaser between May 1, 1943 and December 31, 1943, except that this allowance may not be charged with respect to a shipment after May 1, 1943, which is made pursuant to an order which is postmarked on or before April 24, 1943, specifying shipment prior to May 1, 1943, if the order is supported by an appropriate WPB certificate of authorization or,

(c) An allowance of \$10.00 if the re-frigerator is delivered to a carrier for shipment to the purchaser after January 1, 1944, except that this allowance may not be charged with respect to a shipment after January 1, 1944, made pursuant to an order which is postmarked on or before December 24, 1943, specifying shipment prior to January 1, 1944, if the order is supported by an appropriate WPB certificate of authorization: if the refrigerator is shipped pursuant to such an order \$5.00 only may be added.

(ii) If the sale is to a distributor or to a dealer purchasing the refrigerator for eventual resale to an ultimate consumer, an amount equal to four-fifths of the amount which may be charged under subparagraph (2) (i) (a) of this § 1380.51 (d).

(iii) If the sale is to an ultimate consumer, no amount may be added under this subparagraph (2) of § 1380.51 (d).

(iv) The amount which may be added for any portion of the inventory held by the manufacturer for the period between February 14, 1942, and September 13, 1942, may, at the option of the manufacturer, be calculated as follows: The total number of days that all refrigerators involved in the calculation have been ready for delivery up to September 13, 1942, shall be divided by the total number of refrigerators involved in the calculation. The resulting average of days during which the refrigerators involved have been ready for delivery up to September 13, 1942, may be assessed at the rate specified in subparagraphs

(2) (i) and (2) (ii) of this § 1380.51 (d) for each month or fraction thereof against each refrigerator.

(3) The federal excise tax, unless the manufacturer is not obliged to pay the tax.

(4) The amount paid by or to be paid by the manufacturer (i) on account of transportation of the refrigerator from manufacturer's point of shipment to destination, except any such amount already included in the base price of the refrigerator, (ii) on account of the oneyear service contract, if that service is

amount to be added on such account shall in no event exceed \$4.50. (5) If the number of refrigerators to be delivered by the manufacturer to the purchaser requires a less than carload

requested by the purchaser, but the

shipment, an amount equal to 2% of the base price of the refrigerator. (6) If 'he refrigerator is sold to an agency of the United States which does not require the warranty customarily afforded by the manufacturer, the maximum price shall be reduced by the

manufacturer on February 2, 1942. This amendment shall become effective April 23d, 1943.

amount charged for the warranty by the

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6348; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:35 p. m.]

PART 1380-HOUSEHOLD AND SERVICE INDUSTRY MACHINES

[MPR 110,1 Amendment 7]

RESALE OF NEW HOUSEHOLD MECHANICAL REFRIGERATORS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Maximum Price Regulation No. 110 is amended in the following respect:

Section 1380.110 (b) is amended to read as follows:

(b) Maximum prices for sales by distributors to dealers and to other persons. The maximum price for the sale by a distributor of any model of household mechanical refrigerator shall not exceed the sum of the following amounts:

(1) The base price, which (i) in the case of sales to dealers, shall be the net price which will yield the distributor the same percentage of the total dollar margin between the manufacturer's price to him, and the dealer's resale price to consumers, as he received during the period October 1, 1941, to October 15, 1941, for the sale of the same or the most comparable model to the same general class of dealer, or (ii) in the case of sales to other persons shall be the highest net

¹7 F.R. 2311, 2543, 2761, 4107, 6052, 7175, 8948, 11070; 8 F.R. 137.

price in effect to the same general class of purchaser during the two month period ending February 2, 1942. In the case of a sale to a purchaser who does not fall within any class for whom a price was in effect during the two month period ending February 2, 1942, the base price shall be the manufacturer's price to the distributor, together with the cost of transportation from the manufacturer to the distributor, plus a mark-up of 20% of such price.

(2) (i) If the sale is to a wholesale consumer or to a dealer for resale to a wholesale consumer, the following allow-

ances may be added:

(a) An allowance equal to 1% of the manufacturer's price f. o. b. the manufacturer's plant for each month or fraction thereof, which elapsed between February 14, 1942, or the date on which the refrigerator was ready for delivery by the manufacturer, whichever is later, and September 13, 1942.

(b) An additional allowance of \$5.00 for each refrigerator which is shipped to the purchaser between May 1, 1943 and December 31, 1943, except that this allowance may not be charged with respect to a shipment after May 1, 1943, which is made pursuant to an order which is postmarked on or before April 24, 1943, specifying shipment prior to May 1, 1943, if the order is supported by an appropriate WPB certificate of au-

thorization or.

(c) An allowance of \$10.00 if the refrigerator is shipped to the purchaser after January 1, 1944, except that this allowance may not be charged with respect to a shipment after January 1, 1944, made pursuant to an order which is postmarked on or before December 24, 1943, specifying shipment prior to January 1, 1944, if the order is supported by an appropriate WPB order of au-thorization: if the refrigerator is shipped pursuant to such an order \$5.00 only may be added.

(ii) If the sale is to an ultimate consumer, no amount may be added under this subparagraph (2) of § 1380.110 (b).

(iii) If the sale is to a dealer for resale

to an ultimate consumer:

(a) And the refrigerator was acquired by the distributor prior to September 9, 1942, an amount equal to three-quarters of the amount which may be added under paragraph (b) (2) (i) (a) of this § 1380 .-110.

(b) And the refrigerator was acquired by the distributor subsequent to September 9, 1942, an amount equal to threefifths of the amount which may be added under paragraph (b) (2) (i) (a) of this § 1380.110.

(3) The Federal Excise Tax.

This amendment shall become effective April 23, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871).

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6349; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:35 p. m.]

No. 82-8

PART 1382-HARDWOOD LUMBER [Rev. MPR 97,1 Amendment 4]

SOUTHERN HARDWOOD LUMBER

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Revised Maximum Price Regulation 97 is amended in the following respects:

- 1. Section 1382.104 (d) is amended to read as follows:
- (d) Delivery, and custom kiln-drying and milling charges. Any separate charge which the seller is permitted to make for the following must be separately shown on the invoice;

Truck delivery after rail haul;

- (2) Custom kiln-drying or milling: the invoice of the custom kiln or milling establishment must be attached to the lumber invoice of the seller.
- 2. Section 1382.112 (e) (4) is revoked, and a new paragraph (h) is added to § 1382.112 to read as follows:
- (h) Custom kiln-drying and milling. Where Southern hardwood lumber is kiln-dried or milled for the seller by a custom kiln or milling establishment, and the custom kiln or milling establishment is not owned or operated by, or connected with, the sawmill, the seller may add the actual cost of this custom kiln-drying or milling. The amount added may not be higher than the maximum price established by Maximum Price Regulation 165, as amended,2 Services, for the custom kiln or milling establishment applicable to the sale of the services of custom kilndrying or milling.

This amendment shall become effective April 29, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6335; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:39 p. m.]

> PART 1382-HARDWOOD LUMBER [MPR 146, Amendment 12]

> APPALACHIAN HARDWOOD LUMBER

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 1382.11 (d) is amended by adding the following subparagraph (7):

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

18 F.R. 142, 3530, 3530.

⁹7 F.R. 6428, 6966, 8239, 8431, 8798, 8943, 8948, 9197, 9342, 9343, 9785, 9971, 9972, 10480, 10557, 10619, 10718, 11010; 8 F.R. 1060, 3324,

*7 F.R. 5776, 4179, 4852, 5520, 6053, 6998, 7600, 7747, 8198, 8350, 8384, 8948; 8 F.R. 3056.

(7) Custom kiln-drying and milling. Where Appalachian hardwood lumber is kiln-dried or milled for the seller by a custom kiln or milling establishment, and the custom kiln or milling establishment is not owned or operated by, or connected with, the sawmill, the seller may add the actual cost of this custom kilndrying or milling. The amount added may not be higher than the maximum price established by Maximum Price Regulation 165, as amended, Services, for the custom kiln or milling establishment applicable to the sale of the services of custom kiln-drying or milling. The invoice of the custom kiln or milling estabment must be attached to the lumber invoice of the seller.

This amendment shall become effective April 29, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943. PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6350; Filed, April 23, 1943] 3:36 p. m.]

> PART 1382—HARDWOOD LUMBER [MPR 155,4 Amendment 6] CENTRAL HARDWOOD LUMBER

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 1382.61 (d) is amended by adding the following subparagraph (7):

(7) Custom kiln-drying and milling. Where Central hardwood lumber is kilndried or milled for the seller by a custom kiln or milling establishment, and the custom kiln or milling establishment is not owned or operated by, or connected with, the sawmill, the seller may add the actual cost of this custom kiln-drying or milling. The amount added may not be higher than the maximum price established by Maximum Price Regulation 165, as amended,2 Services, for the custom kiln or milling establishment applicable to the sale of the services of custom kilndrying or milling. The invoice of the custom kiln or milling establishment must be attached to the lumber invoice of the seller.

This amendment shall become effective April 29, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943. PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6336; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:37 p. m.]

⁴⁷ F.R. 4109, 7202, 7780, 8385; 8 F.R. 3056,

PART 1382-HARDWOOD LUMBER IMPR 223.1 Amendment 41

NORTHERN HARDWOOD LUMBER

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Section 1382.163 is amended by adding the following new paragraph (f):

(f) Custom kiln-drying and milling. Where Northern hardwood lumber is kiln-dried or milled for the seller by a custom kiln or milling establishment, and the custom kiln or milling establishment is not owned or operated by, or connected with, the sawmill, the seller may add the actual cost of this custom kiln-drying or milling. The amount added may not be higher than the maximum price established by Maximum Price Regulation 165, as amended,2 Services, for the custom kiln or milling establishment applicable to the sale of the services of custom kiln-drying or milling. The invoice of the custom kiln or milling establishment must be attached to the lumber invoice of the seller.

This amendment shall become effective April 29, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6351; Filed, April 23, 1948; 3:37 p. m.]

PART 1388-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS [Max. Rent Regs., Supp. Amendment 18]

HOUSING ACCOMMODATIONS OTHER THAN HOTELS AND ROOMING HOUSES

Subparagraph (6) is added to paragraph (b) of §§ 1388.11, 1388.61, 1388.111, 1388.311, 1338.161, 1388.211, 1388.261, 1388.361, 1388.411, 1388.461, 1388.511, 1388.611, 1388.661, 1388.711, 1388.561. 1388.761, 1388.811, 1388.861, 1388.911, 1388.961, 1388.1011, 1388.1651, 1388.1701, 1388.1751, 1388.1801, 1388.2051, 1388.3051, 1388.4051, 1388.5051, 1388.6051, 1388.7051, 1388.8051, 1388.31, 1388.131, 1388.231, 1388.281, 1388.381, 1388.581, 1388.681, 1388.281, 1388.381, 1388.581, 1388.681 1388.781, 1388.881, and 1388.981 of Maximum Rent Regulations Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 52, 60, 62, and 64, respectively, to read as follows:

(6) Housing accomodations located in a resort community and customarily rented or occupied on a seasonal basis, which were not rented during any portion of the period beginning on November 1, 1942 and ending on March 31, 1943.

The exemption provided by this paragraph (b) (6) shall be effective only from

*Copies may be obtained from Office of

June 1, 1943 to September 30, 1943, inclusive.

This Supplementary Amendment No. 18 shall become effective June 1, 1943.

(Pub. Law 421, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6837; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:37 p. m.]

PART 1388-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS [Max. Rent Regs., Supp. Amendment 10A1

HOTELS AND ROOMING HOUSES

Subparagraph (5) is added to paragraph (b) of §§ 1388.1501, 1388.1551, 1388.1601, 1388.1851, 1388.1901, 1388.1951, 1388.2001, 1388.3001, 1388.4001, 1388.5001, 1388.6001, 1338.7001, 1388.8001, 1388.9001, 1388.81, 1388.181, 1388.331, 1388.431, 1388.631, 1388.731, 1388.831, 1388.931, and 1388.1031 of Maximum Rent Regulations Nos. 21A, 22A, 23A, 29A, 30A, 31A, 32A, 34A, 36A, 38A, 40A, 42A, 44A, 46A, 48A, 50A, 54A, 56A, 58A, 59A, 61A, 63A, and 65A, respectively, to read as follows:

(5) Rooms located in a resort community and customarily rented or occupied on a seasonal basis, which were not rented during any portion of the period beginning on November 1, 1942 and ending on March 31, 1943.

The exemption provided by this paragraph (b) (5) shall be effective only from June 1, 1943 to September 30, 1943, in-

This Supplementary Amendment No. 10A shall become effective June 1, 1943.

(Pub. Law 421, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943. PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6338; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:37 p. m.]

PART 1398-RATIONING OF OFFICE AND STORE MACHINES

[RO 4A,1 Amendment 1 to Supplement 1]

TYPEWRITERS

rationale accompanying this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Supplement 1 to Ration Order 4A is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 1398.154 of Supplement 1 to Ration Order 4A is amended by changing the words "April, and July" to read "May, and August" and by adding the following sentence after the words "New York City". "Presided houses That York City": "Provided, however, That dealers, wholesalers and manufacturers in the territories and possessions of the United States (other than the District of Columbia) shall mail inventory reports on or before the tenth day of the month following, to the Director of the Office of Price Administration for the

territory in which the place of business is located."

This amendment shall become effective April 29, 1943.

Note: These reporting provisions have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong. as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421, 507 and 729, 77th Cong.; W.P.B. Dir. No. 1; Supp. Dir. 1-D; Conversion Order No. L-54a; 7 F.R. 562, 1792, 2130; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6339; Filed, April 23, 1948; 3:35 p. m.]

PART 1407-RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[RO 12,1 Amendment 31]

COFFEE RATIONING REGULATIONS

A rationale accompanying this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith. has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Ration Order No. 12 is amended in the following respects:

Section 1407.1091 is amended by adding a new item as follows:

Ration period	Coffee stamp valid during ration period	
April 26, 1943 to May 30, 1943, inclusive.	Coffee Stamp No. 23.	

This amendment shall become effective April 23, 1943.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 507, 421, and 729, 77th Cong.; Executive Order 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; Executive Order 9280, 7 F.R. 10129; W.P.B. Dir. No. 1, Supp. Dir. No. 1-R; Food Dir. 3, 8 F.R. 2005)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943. PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

JF. R. Doc. 43-6341; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:37 p. m.]

PART 1407-RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[RO 13,1 Amendment 17]

PROCESSED FOODS

A rationale for this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Ration Order 13 is amended in the following respect:

- 1. Section 6.6 (f) is added, to read as
- (f) Industrial users who have unbal-anced stocks. If an industrial user is not entitled to receive a certificate because he has excess inventory, but finds

Price Administration.

17 F.R. 6445, 8945; 8 F.R. 121, 2783.

27 F.R. 6428, 6966, 8239, 8431, 8798, 8943, 8948, 9197, 9342, 9343, 9785, 9971, 9972, 10480, 10557; 10619, 10718, 11010; 8 F.R. 1060, 3324.

¹⁷ F.R. 10806, 8 F.R. 1065, 1588.

¹⁸ F.R. 3400, 3843, 4486, 4519, 4977, 4892.

that he does not have an adequate stock of a particular kind of processed foods, he may apply to the board with which he is registered on OPA Form R-315, for a certificate to enable him to get that kind. The application must show the kind and amount of food which he needs and the reasons he needs it. The board may call upon him for any other information which it finds necessary in order to act upon the application. If the board finds that he does not have an adequate stock of the particular food, it may issue to him a certificate for the number of points needed, up to one-third of his allotment for that period. The points so issued must be treated as excess inventory. The granting of the application shall not be treated as an increase in his allotment. The board may grant only one such application for an industrial user.

This amendment shall become effective April 29, 1943.

Note: The reporting provisions of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421, 507 and 729, 77th Cong.; E. O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179: WPB Directive 1, 7 F.R. 562; Food Directive 3, 8 F.R. 2005, and Food Directive 5, 8 F.R. 2251)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943. PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator

RATIONALE ACCOMPANYING AMENDMENT No. 17 TO RATION ORDER 13

1. Certain industrial users had on hand, as a result of seasonal purchases or other circumstances, very large stocks of a few kinds of processed foods and very small stocks of other kinds of processed foods. The large stocks may represent the user's entire allotment, not only for the first allotment period, but for periods running beyond that. He might thereby be prevented from making products which require other kinds of proc esset foods He would not be able to obtain additional processed food until he had consumed a substantial portion of those foods of which he had large amounts.

It is desirable to permit industrial users who have these unbalanced inventories to obtain additional stocks of the processed foods they need. Section 6.6 (f) is, therefore, added to permit this, with a provision to insure that an adjustment of this kind will not permanently increase the industrial user's inventory.

Issued this 23d day of April 1943. PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6332; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:38 p. m.]

PART 1499-COMMODITIES AND SERVICES [Order 20 Under § 1499.3 (c) of GMPR]

POTOMAC ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Reg-

*Copies may be obtained from the Office

of Price Administration.

18 F.R. 1840, 2288, 2677, 2681, 2684, 2943, 3179, 3949, 4342, 4525, 4784, 4726, 4921.

ister* and pursuant to and under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250 and § 1499.3 (c) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, It is hereby ordered, That:

§ 1499.820 Authorization of a maximum price for two valves for the Potomac Electric Power Company. (a) The Potomac Electric Power Company, a public utility company engaged in the sale of electrical current, may sell and deliver to the Treasury Department, Procurement Division, and the Treasury Department, Procurement Division, may buy and receive under Requisition No. R-3713, Contract No. DA-TPS-26762, two 12" list 150-pound, flanged end, outside screw and yoke, carbon steel gate valves at \$418.37 each, f. o. b. Washington, D. C., packed for export.

(b) This Order No. 20 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator

at any time.

(c) The Potomac Electric Power Company shall submit any reports which the Office of Price Administration may from

time to time require.
(d) This Order No. 20 shall become effective April 24, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943. PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6342; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:37 p. m.]

PART 1499-COMMODITIES AND SERVICES [Order 413 Under § 1499.3 (b) of GMPR] THE PENN TOBACCO COMPANY

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, It is ordered:

§ 1499.1651 Authorization of maximum prices for Willoughby Taylor smoking sets to be sold by The Penn Tobacco Company. (a) On and after April 24, 1943, The Penn Tobacco Company, Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania, may sell and deliver, and any purchaser may buy and receive from The Penn Tobacco Company, the Willoughby Taylor smoking set (consisting of two 1% ounce packages of Willoughby mixture smoking tobacco, a Taylor Hall pipe and a packing container for those items) at a maximum price not in excess of \$10.56 per dozen, freight paid to destination, less 10 percent trade discount and 2 percent cash discount for payment within 10 days. The amount of any state or local tax applicable to the particular quantity of smoking sets sold and paid or payable by the manufacturer to the proper taxing authorities with respect thereto may be added to such maximum

(b) Any wholesaler or jobber may sell and deliver, and any purchaser may buy Willoughby Taylor smoking sets from such wholesaler or jobber at a maximum price not in excess of \$10.56 per dozen, freight paid to destination, less discounts

customarily allowed in March, 1942 by such wholesaler or jobber on his sales of similar combination smoking sets to purchasers of the same class. The amount of any state or local tax applicable to the particular quantity of smoking sets involved and paid or payable by the wholesaler or jobber to the proper taxing authorities or to any prior vendor with respect thereto may be added to such maximum price.

(c) Any retailer may sell and deliver, and any person may buy and receive Willoughby Taylor smoking sets from such retailer at a maximum price not in excess of \$1.10 per set. The amount of any state or local tax applicable to the particular quantity of smoking sets sold and paid or payable by the retailer to the proper taxing authorities or to any prior vendor with respect thereto may be added to such maximum price.

(d) On or before their first delivery of any Willoughby Taylor smoking sets to any purchaser, The Penn Tobacco Company and every wholesaler and job-ber shall notify such purchaser of the exact maximum price thereof, as set forth in this order, by delivering to such purchaser a written notice as follows:

On our new Willoughby Taylor smoking tobacco set the Office of Price Administration has authorized us to establish a maximum list price of \$10.56 per dozen, freight paid to destination. Manufacturers' discounts may not be less than 10% trade discount plus 2% cash discount for payment within 10 days. Wholesalers' and jobbers' discounts may not be less than those customarily allowed in March, 1942 on their sales of similar combination smoking sets to the same class of purchasers. The Office of Price Administration has also authorized us to establish a maximum retail price of \$1.10 per set. The amount of any state or local tax applicable to the particular quantity of smoking sets sold, and paid or payable by the manufacturer, wholesaler, jobber or retailer to the proper taxing authorities or to any prior vendor, may be added to such maximum prices. Wholesalers and jobbers receiving this notice are required to give similar notice to each person to whom they sell and deliver Willoughby Taylor smoking sets at or before their first delivery of such sets to the purchaser. The Office of Price Adminis-tration requires you to keep this notice for

(e) This Order No. 413 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(f) This Order No. 413 (§ 1499.1651) shall become effective April 24, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7371)

Issued this 23d day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6340; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:36 p. m.]

PART 1300-PROCEDURE

[Rev. Procedural Reg. 3,1 Amendment 3]

PROCEDURE FOR ADJUSTMENTS, AMENDMENTS, PROTESTS AND INTERPRETATIONS UNDER RENT REGULATIONS

Revised Procedural Regulation No. 3 is amended in the following respects:

¹⁸ F.R. 526, 1798, 3534.

1. Section 1300.208 (b) is amended to read as follows:

(b) An order entered by a rent director upon a petition for adjustment or other relief, or an order entered by a rent director on his own initiative, shall be effective and binding until changed by further order and shall be final subject only to application for review or protest as provided in §§ 1200.209 and 1300.210 and §§ 1300.215 to 1300.228, inclusive, of this regulation. An order entered by a rent director may be revoked or modified at any time upon due notice to the petitioner.

2. Section 1300.209 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1300.209 Applications for review. (a) Any landlord whose petition for adjustment or other relief has been dismissed or denied in whole or in part by the rent director, or any landlord subject to an order entered by the rent di-rector on his own initiative, may within a period of sixty days after the date of issuance of such determination, regardless of the effective date thereof, file with the rent director an application for review of such determination by the regional administrator for the region in which the defense-rental area office is located: Provided, That any landlord subject to an order entered under section 5 (d) of any maximum rent regulation or subject to an order entered by the rent director under § 1300.207 of this regulation, may either apply for review of such order as provided in this section, or may protest any provision of such order as provided in §§ 1300.215 to 1300.223, inclusive, of this regulation. An applica-tion for review shall be filed in triplicate upon forms prescribed by the Administrator and pursuant to instructions stated on such forms. Upon the filing of an application for review of such determination, the rent director shall forward the record of the proceedings with respect to which such application is filed to the appropriate regional administrator.

(b) Applications for review shall be deemed filed on the date received by the rent director: Provided, That applications for review properly addressed to the rent director, bearing a postmark dated within the sixty-day period specified above, but received after the expiration thereof, shall be deemed to have been filed on the date of the postmark.

3. Section 1300.210 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1300.210 Action on applications for review. Upon the filing of an application for review in accordance with § 1300.209 of this regulation, and after due consideration, the regional administrator may affirm, revoke, or modify, in whole or in part, the determination of the rent director sought to be reviewed and may enter such order as is necessary or proper. In any case where an application for review does not conform in a substantial respect to the requirements of this regulation, the regional administrator may dismiss such application. An order entered by a regional administrator upon an application for review shall be effective and binding until changed by further

order and shall be final subject only to protest as provided in §§ 1300.215 to 1300.228, inclusive, of this regulation. An order entered by a regional administrator upon an application for review may be revoked or modified at any time upon due notice to the applicant.

4. Section 1300.215 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1300.215 Right to protest. Any landlord subject to any provision of a maximum rent regulation, or of an order issued under § 1300.210 of this regulation, or of an order entered under section 5 (d) of any maximum rent regulation, or of an order entered by the rent director under § 1300.207 of this regulation, may file a protest in the manner set forth below. A landlord is, for the purposes of this regulation, subject to a provision of a maximum rent regulation or of an order only if such provision prohibits or requires action by him. Any protest filed by a landlord not subject to the provision protested, or otherwise not in accordance with the requirements of this regulation. may be dismissed by the Administrator.

5. Section 1300.216 (a) is amended to read as follows:

(a) Any protest as provided in \$1300.215 of this regulation against a provision of a maximum rent regulation or an order, shall be filed with the Secretary, Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C., within a period of sixty days after the date of issuance of such regulation or order, regardless of the effective date thereof: Provided, That a protest against a provision of a maximum rent regulation based solely on grounds arising after the date of issuance of such maximum rent regulation shall be filed within a period of sixty days after the protestant has had, or could assonably have had, notice of the existence of such grounds.

6. Section 1300.224 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1300.224 Protest and evidential material not conforming to this regulation. In any case where a protest or accompanying evidential material does not conform, in a substantial respect, to the requirements of this regulation, the Administrator may dismiss such protest, or, in his discretion, may strike such evidential material from the record of the proceedings in connection with the protest. A protest against the provisions of an order entered under section 5 (d) of any maximum rent regulation or of an order entered by a rent director under § 1300,207 of this regulation may be dismissed where, prior to the filing of such protest, the landlord filed an application for review of such order as provided in § 1300.209 of this regulation.

7. Section 1300.229 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1300.229 Requests for oral hearing. Any protestant, applicant, or petitioner may request an oral hearing. Such request shall be accompanied by a showing as to why the filing of affidavits or other written evidence and briefs will not permit the fair and expeditious disposition of the protest, application for

review, or petition. In the event that an oral hearing is ordered in connection with a protest, application for review, or petition, notice thereof shall be served on the protestant, applicant, or petitioner not less than five days prior to such hearing. The time and place of the hearing shall be stated in the notice. Any such oral hearing may be limited in such manner and to the extent deemed appropriate to the expeditious determination of the proceeding.

8. Section 1300.230 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1300.230 Conference prior to oral hearing. At any time prior to the commencement of the oral hearing, the protestant, applicant, or petitioner may be requested to appear at a conference to consider (a) the simplification of issues; (b) the possibility of obtaining stipulations of fact which will avoid unnecessary proof; and (c) such other matters as may expedite the conduct of the oral hearing. No transcript of such conference shall be kept, but the officer authorized to conduct such conference shall incorporate in the record of the proceedings any written stipulations or agreements made at, or as a result of, the conference. If the circumstances are such that an oral conference is impracticable, such negotiations may be conducted by correspondence.

9. Section 1300.232 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1300.232 Conduct of the oral hearing. (a) An oral hearing on a protest, application for review, or petition shall be conducted by the Administrator or such officer or employee of the Office of Price Administration (hereinafter referred to as the "presiding officer") as the Administrator may appoint or designate for that purpose. Any such appointment or designation may be made or revoked at any time.

(b) The oral hearing shall be conducted in such manner as will permit the protestant, applicant, or petitioner to present evidence and argument to the fullest extent compatible with expeditious decision of the issues. To this end:

(1) The rules of evidence prevailing in courts of law or equity shall not be controlling; and

(2) The presiding officer, having due regard to the need for expeditious decision and for fair treatment to the protestant, applicant, or petitioner, may restrict oral argument and the examination and cross-examination of witnesses: Provided, That in no event shall this section be construed to limit the right of the protestant, applicant, or petitioner to submit affidavits or other written evidence or arguments.

10. Section 1300.233 is amended to read as follows:

§ 1300.233 Filing of briefs. The presiding officer shall allow the protestant, applicant, or petitioner to file briefs or written arguments within such time as he shall designate.

11. Section 1300.234 (a) is amended to read as follows:

(a) Any protestant, applicant, or petitioner may apply for a subpoena in con-

nection with an oral hearing. Applications for subpoenas when made prior to the oral hearing shall be filed as follows: (1) in connection with a protest against a provision of a maximum rent regulation or order, with the Secretary, Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C.; (2) in connection with a proceeding under §§ 1300.207 to 1300.210, inclusive, of this regulation, with the rent director or regional administrator, as the case may be, before whom such proceeding is pending. The Administrator may grant or deny an application for a subpoena or refer it to the presiding officer appointed or designated under § 1300.232 who may thereafter grant or deny the application. Applications for subpoenas made during the oral hearing shall be submitted to the presiding officer, who may grant or deny such application.

This amendment shall become effective April 24, 1943.

(Pub. Law 421, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,

Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6374; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:47 a. m.]

PART 1315—RUBBER AND PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS OF WHICH RUBBER IS A COM-PONENT

[RO 1A,1 Amendment 25]

TIRES, TUBES, RECAPPING AND CAMELBACK

A rationale for this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Ration Order No. 1A is amended in the following respects:

- 1. Section 1315.201 (a) (11) is amended to read as follows:
- (11) "Grade I," as applied to tires, means a new passenger-type tire.
- 2. Section 1315.201 (a) (12) is hereby revoked. The tires formerly defined as "Grade II" by this subdivision are now included within the definition of "Grade I" tires.
- 3. Section 1315.503 (b) is amended by deleting the words "Grade II" and by deleting the commas immediately preceding and following them.
- 4. The table set forth in § 1315.503 (c) is amended to read as follows:

Total allowed mileage	Kind of tire	Kind of tube
240 miles per month or less	Grade III. Grade I or Grade III tire at applicant's option. Grade III tire; if applicant establishes that the particular vehicle will be operated for 241 or more miles per month, then a Grade I tire.	New or used at appli- cant's option. New or used at appli- cant's option. New or used at appli- cant's option.

- 5. Section 1315.503 (d) (2) is amended to read as follows:
- (2) An applicant whose allowed gasoline mileage would entitle him to a Grade I tire may be limited to a certificate for a Grade III tire if the length of time for which he will need his allowed monthly mileage will be substantially less than the normal life of a Grade I tire.
- 6. Section 1315.503 (d) (5) is amended by deleting the word "either" and by deleting the words "or Grade II."

7. Section 1315.509 (c) is amended to read as follows:

- (c) Amount of allotment of Grade I tires. In addition, each applicant may be allotted one Grade I tire, for each \$2,000 of his 1941 retail and wholesale net dollar sales of passenger-type tires and tubes from the establishment for which the allotment is sought, but any applicant shall be entitled to at least six tires: Provided, That a certificate shall be granted to authorize the acquisition of no more than the difference between such allotment and his inventory of Grade I tires (including Parts B of certificates authorizing the acquisition of Grade I and Grade II tires) as of the date of his application.
- Section 1315.602 (e) is amended by deleting the words "and II."

- 9. Section 1315.607 (b) (2) is amended by deleting the words "Grade II" and the comma immediately preceding them.
- 10. Section 1315.609 (c) is amended to read as follows:
- (c) By State Director or District Manager. If a State Director or District Manager issues OPA Form R-2 (Revised) for an allotment of tires or tubes under § 1315.509, he shall tear off and destroy Parts A and C of such certificates. If the certificate is for Grade I tires, the State Director or District Manager shall mark Parts B and D thereof "Grade I tires only." If the certificate is for used passenger-type tires, he shall mark Parts B and D thereof "used passenger-type tires only." If the certificate is for tubes, he shall mark Parts B and D thereof "passenger-type tubes only."
- 11. Section 1315.611 (c) (1) is amended to read as follows:
- (1) Any dealer may, in exchange for a certificate for a Grade I or Grade II tire, transfer to the holder thereof a Grade I tire.
- 12. The table set forth in § 1315.804 (c) (3) is amended to read as follows:
- *Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.
- ¹7 F.R. 9160, 9392, 9724, 10072, 10336, 8 F.R. 435, 606, 1585, 1628, 1629, 1839, 2030, 2348, 2152, 2670, 2595, 2600, 2719, 3071, 3314, 3521, 3702, 3837, 4179, 4628, 4769.

Dealer or manufacturer may replenish If Part B calls for: with Any size Grade I Any size Grade I or tire__ III Any size Grade II Any size Grade I or III tire Any size Grade III Any size Grade III tire tire Any size Grade I or Any size Grade I tire II tire only_ Any size truck-type Any size truck, tractire____ tor, implement-type or Grade III tire Any size tractor-type Any size tractor, imtire plement-type Grade III tire Any size implement- Any size tractor, imtype tire_____ plement-type OF Grade III tire Any size passenger Any size passenger tube Any size truck tube. Any size truck or pas-

13. Section 1315.1002 is amended by deleting the words "or Grade II."

senger tube

This amendment shall become effective May 1, 1943.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong. as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421 and 507, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719, issued April 7, 1942, W.P.B Dir. No. 1, 7 F.R. 562, Supp. Dir. No. 1Q, 7 F.R. 9121)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,

Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6369; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:48 a. m.]

PART 1335—CHEMICALS [RPS 42,1 Amendment 5]

PARAFFIN WAX

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Revised Price Schedule 42 is amended in the following respects:

- 1. Section 1335.460 (g) is amended to read as follows:
- (g) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the foregoing paragraphs, Paragon Products Corporation, a corporation having its principal place of business in Oshkosh, Wisconsin, may sell, deliver, and transfer to any consumers, and such consumers may buy paraffin wax processed by such corporation at prices not higher than \$.005 per pound over the maximum prices otherwise established pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) of this section in the following quantities: (1) during the calendar year 1942, a quantity not greater than the quantity of paraffin wax sold by it during the period from April 21, 1941, to December 31, 1941; (2) during succeeding calendar years a quantity not greater than the quantity of paraffin wax sold by it during the calendar

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

¹7 F.R. 1285, 2000, 2132, 3430, 4833, 8202, 8948, 9783.

year 1941. This amendment shall not operate retroactively from the effective date hereof, except with respect to sales made by Paragon Products Corporation upon a price adjustable basis subsequent to April 21, 1942. In January, 1943, and at six month intervals thereafter, Paragon Products Corporation shall file with the Office of Price Administration in Washington, D. C., a detailed profit and loss statement covering the preceding six months, which statement shall contain a breakdown of cost of operations. This paragraph may be revoked or amended at any time by the Office of Price Administration.

Section 1335.460 (h) is amended to read as follows:

(h) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the foregoing paragraphs, Paragon Wax Refining, Inc., a California corporation having its place of business in San Francisco, California, may sell, deliver, and transfer to any consumers, and such consumers may buy, paraffin wax processed by such corporation at prices not higher than \$.010 per pound over the maximum prices otherwise established pursuant to para-graphs (a), (b), and (e) of this section in the following quantities: (1) during the calendar year 1942, a quantity not greater than the quantity of paraffin wax sold by it during the period from April 21, 1941, to December 31, 1941; (2) during succeeding calendar years a quantity not greater than the quantity of paraffin wax sold by it during the calendar year 1941. This amendment shall not operate retroactively from the effective date hereof, except with respect to sales made by Paragon Wax Refining, Inc., upon a price adjustable basis subsequent to April 21. 1942. In January, 1943, and at six month intervals thereafter, Paragon Wax Refining, Inc. shall file with the Office of Price Administration, at Washington, D. C., a detailed profit and loss statement covering the preceding six months, which statement shall contain a breakdown of cost of operations. This paragraph may be revoked or amended at any time by the Office of Price Administration.

This amendment shall be effective as of July 2, 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,

Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6372; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:46 a. m.]

PART 1380—HOUSEHOLD AND SERVICE INDUSTRY MACHINES

[Correction to Rev. MPR 1391]

USED HOUSEHOLD MECHANICAL REFRIGERATORS

Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 139 is corrected in the following respects: 1. Section 3 (d) Frigidaire—1940 SV56 should read Frigidaire 1940—SVS6.

2. Section 3 (d) Norge 1940—Model VR6A "as is" price of \$97.47 should be \$94.47.

This correction shall become effective as of the 30th day of April 1943.

(Public Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6371; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:48 a. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES [Order 414 Under § 1499.3 (b) of GMPR]

SELLERS OF ARTICLES MADE OF BLACK PLATE

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, pursuant to and under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Order 9250, and § 1499.3 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation, It is hereby ordered:

§ 1499.1652 Authorization to sellers of articles made of black plate which were formerly made of hot-dip tin plate. On and after the effective date of this order, any person manufacturing and selling an article made of black plate which was formerly made of hot-dip tin plate is hereby specifically authorized to determine his maximum price for such article in the following manner: From the ceiling price per unit of sale established under § 1499.2 of the General Maximum Price Regulation for the article made of tin plate there shall be deducted the delivered cost of tin plate per unit when last used in manufacturing the article, and there shall be added the delivered cost of black plate per unit, including enamel, if any. The resulting figure shall be the maximum price of the article made of black plate. Any person may purchase such article from such seller at such price.

For example: 1. A producer of gallon cans formerly used ten base boxes of 100-pound tin plate to produce 1,000 cans. He paid \$5.00 per base box, (less 2% for cash, plus \$0.50 freight, for a net delivered cost of \$54.00 per 1,000 cans. Black plate costs him \$1.20 per hundred pounds, less ½% for cash, plus \$0.50 freight, and plus \$1.00 for lacquering, or a total of \$56.80. His ceiling price for the hotdip cans was \$70; the ceiling price for the black plate cans under this order becomes \$72.80. 2. A producer of friction-top cans formerly used two base boxes of 95-pound hotdip tin plate in making 1,000 cans. His net delivered cost per 1,000 cans was \$10.60. The necessary black plate now costs \$7.66, or \$2.94 less. His ceiling price, for hot-dip cans was \$20 per 1,000; the ceiling price for the black plate cans is \$17.06.

(b) Any person determining his maximum price pursuant to this order shall within ten days of making such determination file with the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C. a statement showing (1) the ceiling price of the article made of tin plate, (2) the net delivered cost of tin plate per unit when

last used in producing the article, (3) the net delivered cost of black plate, showing mill base price, where purchased, extras, freight and discounts, and (4) the new ceiling price calculated pursuant to this order.

(c) This order applies only to articles for which maximum prices are established under the General Maximum Price Regulation, and not to any article for which maximum prices are established by any specific maximum price regulation, for example, Maximum Price Regulation No. 350—Packers' Tin Cans.

(d) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at

any time.

(e) This Order 414 shall become effective April 26, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6366; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:49 a. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES [Order 229 Under § 1499.18 (b) of GMPR]

ANCHOR THREAD CO., INC.

Order No. 229 under § 1499.18 (b) of the General Maximum Price Regulation; Docket No. GF3-368.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, It is ordered:

§ 1499.1829 Adjustment of maximum prices for yarns manufactured and processed by Anchor Thread Co., Inc. (a) Anchor Thread Company, Inc., Groveville, New Jersey, may sell and deliver, and any person may buy and receive from Anchor Thread Company, Inc., the following yarns at prices no higher than those set forth below:

Maximum prices per pound Description (cents) 40/2 Glazed Dyed Yarn on 6 x 5 Tubes_ .821/2 26/2 Soft Dyed Karded Yarn on Perfo-. 631/2 rated Tubes. 20/2 Soft Dyed Yarn on Butt Braider Tubes 30/2 Soft Dyed Yarn on Wardwell Braider Tubes_ 30/2 Soft Dyed Yarn on Butt Braider Tubes .71% 24/2 Glazed Dyed Yarn on Wardwell .72 Braider Tubes. 40/2 Soft Dyed Yarn on Butt Braider . 781/2 Tuhes 24/2 Glazed Dyed Yarn on Butt Braider .72% Tubes_ 30/2 Glazed Dyed Yarn on Butt Braider Tubes___ 30/2 Semi-Glazed Dyed Washed Yarn on Wardwell Braider Tubes_____40/2 Soft Dyed Washed Yarn on Ward-. 781/2 well Braider Tubes_ 40/2 Soft Dyed Washed Steamfast on Wardwell Tubes___

(b) The prices set forth in paragraph (a) of this section shall be subject to the same terms and conditions of sale as were granted to purchasers during March, 1942.

¹8 F.R. 3706.

(e) Purchasers of the yarns listed in paragraph (a) may not use the increase in price granted herein as a basis for increasing their resale prices for these varns or for commodities of which these yarns have become a part.

(d) Anchor Thread Company, Inc., shall cause the following notice to be sent, in writing, to all purchasers of its yarns listed in paragraph (a) of this

section:

The Office of Price Administration has permitted us to raise our maximum prices for sales to you of the following yarns to the prices set forth below:

Maximum prices per pound Description (cents) 40/2 Glazed Dyed Yarn on 6 x 5 Tubes_ .821/2 26/2 Soft Dyed Karded Yarn on Perfo-. 63 1/4 20/2 Soft Dyed Yarn on Butt Braider Tubes 30/2 Soft Dyed Yarn on Wardwell Braider Tubes. .70 30/2 Soft Dyed Yarn on Butt Braider Tubes 24/2 Glazed Dyed Yarn on Wardwell Braider Tubes. 72 40/2 Soft Dyed Yarn on Butt Braider Tubes. .781/2 24/2 Glazed Dyed Yarn on Butt Braider Tubes_ 723/4 30/2 Glazed Dyed Yarn on Butt Braider Tubes. .761/2 30/2 Semi-Glazed Dyed Washed Yarn on Wardwell Braider Tubes_____40/2 Soft Dyed Washed Yarn on Ward-. 781/2 well Braider Tubes. .781/2 40/2 Soft Dyed Washed Steamfast on Wardwell Tubes_____

This increase represents only that part of cost increases which we were unable to absorb and it was granted with the understanding that prices on commodities of which these yarns become a part would not be raised. The Office of Price Administration has not permitted you or any other pur-chaser to raise maximum prices for sales on any commodity of which these yarns become a part.

(e) All prayers of the petition not

granted herein are denied.

(f) This Order No. 229 is hereby incorporated as a section of Supplementary Regulation No. 14, which contains modifications of maximum prices established by § 1499.2.

(g) This Order No. 229 may be revoked

or amended at any time.

(h) This Order No. 229 shall become effective April 26, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6370; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:48 a. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES [Supp. Reg. 14 to GMPR, Amendment 161]

SALES OF EDIBLE CORNSTARCH

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of Amendment No. 161 to Supplementary Regulation No. 14 has been issued and filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

Section 1499.73 (a) is amended by adding the following new subparagraph

(96) Sales of edible cornstarch to procurement agencies of the United States for the account of the Office of Lend-Lease Administration-(i) Maximum prices. On and after April 30, 1943, the maximum price for sales to a procurement agency buying for the account of the Office of Lend-Lease Administration of edible cornstarch delivered to the point specified by such agency shall be the seller's maximum price established under the General Maximum Price Regulation 1 for sales to a private purchaser of such edible cornstarch in the same quantity and type of container delivered to the same point.

(ii) Definition. As used in this sub-

paragraph "private purchaser" means a purchaser other than a procurement

agency of the United States.

This amendment shall become effective April 30, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6367; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:49 a. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES [Order 49 Under § 1499.75 (a) (3) of Supp. Reg. 15 to GMPR]

NUNN TRUCKING CO.

Order No. 49 under § 1499.75 (a) (3) of Supplementary Regulation No. 15 to the General Maximum Price Regulation; Docket No. GF3-1631.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, It is ordered.

§ 1499.1349. Adjustment of maximum prices for contract carrier services sold by Andrew Nunn, d/b/a Nunn Trucking Co. (a) Andrew Nunn, d/b/a Nunn Trucking Co., 2301 East Rosecrans Avenue, Compton, California, may sell and furnish contract carrier services to the Monalith Portland Cement Company in connection with the transportation of Portland Cement from Monalith, California to Hawthorne, Nevada at prices not to exceed 241/4 cents per hundred pounds.

(b) All requests of the application not granted herein are denied.

(c) This Order No. 49 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

(d) This Order No. 49 (§ 1499.1349) is hereby incorporated as a Section of Supplementary Regulation No. 14, which contains modifications of maximum prices established by § 1499.2.

*Copies may be obtained from Office of Price Administration.

18 F.R. 3096, 3849, 4347, 4486.

(e) This Order No. 49 (§ 1499.1349) shall become effective April 26, 1943.

(Pub. Laws No. 421 and 729, 77th Cong.: E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6368; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:49 a. m.l

> PART 1305-ADMINISTRATION [Gen. RO 5,1 Amendment 18]

FOOD RATIONING FOR INSTITUTIONAL USERS

A rationale for this amendment has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.

General Ration Order No. 5 is amended

in the following respects:

- 1. Section 1.1 (c) is added as follows:
- (c) On and after May 1, 1943 any use of a rationed food for experimental, educational, testing or demonstration purposes is an industrial and not an institutional use.
- 2. A new section 3.7 is added to read as follows:

SEC. 3.7 Correction of registration. (a) A person who uses rationed food for experimental, educational, testing or demonstration purposes and who has included such use in his registration as an institutional user shall correct his registration to exclude such use.

This amendment shall become effective on April 30, 1943.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong.; as amended by Pub. Law 89, 421 and 507, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; E.O. 9280, 7 F.R. 10179; W.P.B. Dir. 1, Supp. Dir. 1-E, 1-M, and 1-R, 7 F.R. 562, 2965, 7234, 9684, respectively; Food Dir. 3, 5, 6, and 7, 8 F.R. 2005, 2251, 2471 respectively)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943. PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6395; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:40 p. m.]

PART 1388-DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS [Correction of Supp. Amendment 9A to Max. Rent Regs.]

HOTELS AND ROOMING HOUSES

The references in Supplementary Amendment No. 9A to "1388.132, 1388.134, 1388.135, 1388.136" are deleted and corrected to read "1388.182, 1388.184, 1388.-185, 1388.186," respectively.

(Pub. Law 421, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6373; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:46 a. m.]

¹8 F.R. 2195, 2348, 2598, 2666, 2667, 3178, 3216, 3255, 3616, 3851, 4323, 4131, 4784, 4785, 4839.

PART 1394—RATIONING OF FUEL AND FUEL PRODUCTS

[RO 5C,1 Amendment 44]

MILEAGE RATIONING: GASOLINE REGULATIONS

A rationale accompanying this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Ration Order 5C is amended in the

following respects:

1. Section 1394.7851 (b) (2) (v) is added to read as follows:

(v) To transport a person to enable him regularly to cultivate a garden, if an area of at least fifteen hundred (1500) square feet is devoted to the production of vegetables, and if his labor is necessary for such cultivation. A ration issued for such purpose may not provide mileage in excess of three hundred (300) miles for use during the six-menth period immediately following the date of the application. No ration shall be issued for such purpose unless the applicant shows that a bona fide ride-sharing arrangement has been made pursuant to which at least four persons (including the operator) will regularly be carried in the vehicle for the purpose for which the application is made, or that no such ride-sharing arrangement could reasonably be made but that the vehicle carries as many persons as could reasonably be expected in the light of the circumstances in which it is used.

2. Section 1394.7851 (c) (4) is amended by substituting the words "or paragraph (b) (2) (i), (ii), (iii) or (v)" for the words "or paragraph (b) (2) (i), (ii) or (iii)."

This amendment shall become effective April 30, 1943.

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

(Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong.; as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 421, 507, 77th Cong.; W.P.B. Dir. No. 1, Supp. Dir. No. 1Q, 7 F.R. 562, 9121; E.O. 9125, 7 F.R. 2719)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6396; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:40 p. m.]

PART 1407—RATIONING OF FOOD AND FOOD PRODUCTS

[RO 12,2 Amendment 32]

COFFEE RATIONING REGULATIONS

A rationale accompanying this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

*Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

Ration Order No. 12 is amended in the following respects:

Section 1407,1041 (a) is amended by substituting the numeral "100" for the numeral "50" wherever it appears therein; and by inserting, immediately following the word "exceeds" in the phrase in the third sentence which reads "exceeds his allowable inventory," the phrase "200 per cent of" so that the complete phrase will read "exceeds 200 per cent of his allowable inventory".

This amendment shall become effective April 28, 1943.

(Pub. Law. 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Laws 89, 507, 421, and 729, 77th Cong.; Executive Order 9125, 7 F.R. 2719; Executive Order 9280, 7 F.R. 10129; W.P.B. Dir. No. 1, Supp. Dir. No. 1-R; Food Dir. 3, 8 F.R. 2005)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,

Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6397; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:40 p. m.]

PART 1418—TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS [MPR 183, Amendment 24]

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.*

Maximum Price Regulation No. 183 is amended in the following respects:

1. Section 1418.1 (a) (19) and (20) are added to read as follows:

(19) On and after April 26, 1943, with respect to sales to wholesalers and on and after April 26, 1943, with respect to sales at wholesale and at retail, regardless of any contract, agreement or other obligation, no person shall sell or deliver, and no person shall buy or receive macaroni, spaghetti or vermicelli in the Territory of Puerto Rico at prices higher than maximum prices permitted by § 1418.14 (ff), Table XXVII; and no person shall offer, solicit, or attempt to do any of the foregoing.

(20) On and after April 26, 1943, with respect to sales by importers, and on and after April 26, 1943, with respect to sales by merchants and distributors, regardless of any contract, agreement, or other obligation, no person shall sell or deliver and no person shall buy or receive Kraft wrapping paper, Kraft bag paper or standard grocer's bags in the Territory of Puerto Rico at prices higher than the maximum prices permitted by \$1418.14 (gg), Table XXVIII; and no person shall offer, solicit, or attempt to do any of the foregoing.

2. Section 1418.5 (e) and (f) are added to read as follows:

(e) Reports on paper. Every importer of Kraft wrapping paper and Kraft bag paper shall file with the Office of Price Administration for the Territory of Puerto Rico within five days following

his first sale of Kraft wrapping paper and Kraft bag paper, a statement itemizing all items comprised in his landed cost of such paper.

(f) Reports on paper bags. Every importer of Standard grocer's bags shall file with the Office of Price Administration for the Territory of Puerto Rico within five days following his first sale of Standard grocer's bags, a statement itemizing the costs included in the allowable extra charge and the number of bales of each size of paper bags comprising the shipment.

3. Sections 1418.11 (a) (33), (34), (35), (36), (37), (38) and (39) are added to read as follows:

(33) "Prepackaged" means an inner and outer sealed, cellophane or paper wrapped, paperboard package.

(34) "Macaroni, spaghetti and vermicelli in bulk" means macaroni, spaghetti and vermicelli that has not been prepackaged.

(35) "Kraft wrapping paper" means "Standard Kraft wrapping paper", "No, 1 Kraft wrapping paper", "Superstandard Kraft wrapping paper", "Imitation Kraft wrapping paper", "Standard unbleached Kraft butchers wrapping paper", "No. 1 unbleached Kraft butchers wrapping paper", and "Machine glazed Kraft wrapping paper", as each of these grades of Kraft wrapping paper is defined in § 1347.311 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 182 as amended.

(36) "Kraft bag paper" means "Standard Kraft bag paper", "Variety Kraft bag paper", and "Machine Glazed Kraft bag paper", as each of these grades of Kraft bag paper is defined in \$1347.311 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 182 as amended.

(37) "Standard grocer's bags" means all types of grocer's bags (squares, flats, self-opening (automatics)).

(38) "Landed cost" means the maximum price of Kraft wrapping paper, Kraft bag paper or Standard grocer's bags as established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 182 as amended, exclusive of exporter's margins, in addition to an amount to compensate for warehouse and storage expenses at port of shipment; inland freight allowed under Maximum Price Regulation No. 182 as amended, on exports; marine freight and surcharges and war risk insurance costs not in excess of the amount represented by the charge for war risk insurance by the War Shipping Administration on an identical shipment.

(39) "Allowable extra charge" means an amount to compensate for warehouse and storage expenses at port of shipment; inland freight allowed under Maximum Price Regulation No. 182 as amended, on exports; marine freight and surcharges and war risk insurance costs not in excess of the amount represented by the charge for war risk insurance by the War Shipping Administration on an identical shipment.

4. Section 1418.14 (ff), Table XXVII, and (gg), Table XXVIII are added to read as follows:

¹7 F.R. 9135, 9787, 10147, 10016, 10110, 10338, 10706, 10786, 10787, 11009, 11070; 8 F.R. 179, 274, 369, 372, 607, 565, 1028, 1202, 1203, 1365, 1282, 1366, 1318, 1588, 1813, 1895, 2098, 2213, 2288, 2353, 2431, 2595, 2780, 2720, 3096, 3201, 3253, 3254, 3255, 3315, 3616, 4189, 4341, 4850, 4976

²8 F.R. 3400, 3843, 4486, 4519, 4977, 4892.

¹⁸ F.R. 4122, 4351, 4781, 4788.

²7 F.R. 5712, 6048, 7974, 8997, 8948, 9724, 10811; 8 F.R. 4252, 4180.

(ff) Table XXVII: Maximum prices for macaroni, spaghetti and vermicelli. (1) The maximum prices for macaroni, spaghetti and vermicelli to wholesalers, at wholesale, and at retail in bulk shall be as follows:

To whole- salers (per cwt.)	At wholesale (per cwt.)	At retail (per lb.)
\$7, 50	\$8.00	\$.10

(2) The maximum prices for prepackaged macaroni, spaghetti and vermicelli to wholesalers, at wholesale, and at retail shall be as follows:

To whole- salers	At whole- sale	At re- tail (pkg.)
\$1.95 1.25 1.90	\$2,15 1,35 2,10	\$0.08 .08 .13
1.90	2. 10	.09
Cwt, 14. 50 14. 50	Cwt, 16.00 16.00	.09
	\$1.95 1.25 1.90 1.90 Cwt.	\$1.95 \$2.15 1.25 1.35 1.90 2.10 1.90 2.10 Cwt. Cwt. 14.50 16.00

(3) The allowances, discounts, or other price differentials customarily granted on sales of macaroni, spaghetti or vermicelli shall not be changed or altered unless such change results in a lower price than that specified herein.

(4) In the case of a sale of prepackaged macaroni, spaghetti or vermicelli of a variety which has not been enumerated in Table XXVII, the maximum price shall be a price authorized by the Director of the Office of Price Administration for the Territory of Puerto Rico. A seller who seeks a maximum price for a nonenumerated variety, shall file with the Puerto Rico Office of Price Administration an application setting fort'a (i) a description of the prepackaged macaroni, spaghetti or vermicelli for which the maximum price is sought; (ii) a complete statement of all costs in connection with such variety of macaroni, spaghetti or vermicelli, and (iii) any other facts which the seller wants to submit in support of his application. The seller shall also submit such pertinent information as the Puerto Rico Office of the Office of Price Administration may require. Such authorized price will be given in the form of an amendment or of an order, by the Director of the Office of Price Administration for the Territory of Puerto Rico, prescribing the maximum price for the applicant or for sellers of the product generally, including purchasers for resale, or for a class of such sellers.

(5) The maximum prices established on sales to wholesalers, to retailers and at retail, shall be fair and equitable prices and either in line with the usual or normal differentials for grades above or below the prices for enumerated brands or with mark-ups established herein on enumerated brands.

(6) In the event of an imported brand the direct cost to the importer may not exceed the cost of a reasonably expeditious shipment via the most efficient, readily and regularly available route and means.

(gg) Table XXVIII: Maximum prices for Kraft wrapping paper and Kraft bag paper. (1) The maximum price at which an importer, merchant or distributor may sell Kraft wrapping paper or Kraft bag paper shall not exceed the landed cost for each shipment plus the following mark-ups:

Quantity in pounds	Per cwt.
0-874	\$2.25
375–749	1, 50
1,500-7,499	1.00
7,500-14,999 15,000-29,999	. 78
30,000 or more	.2

(2) The maximum price at which an importer, merchant or distributor may sell standard grocer's bags shall not exceed the amount resulting from the following discounts from the base list and net discount table set forth in § 1347.317 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 182 as amended, plus the allowable extra charge prorated on a per bale basis for each shipment.

Quantity of sale	Squares and flats	Auto- matics	Allow- able extra charge per bale
Less than 5 bales	20/5s 21/5s 22/5s 22/5s 23/5s 24/5s 25/5s	19/5s 20/5s 21/5s 22/5s 23/5s 24/5s	XXXXXX

(3) Every sale of Kraft wrapping paper, Kraft bag paper and standard grocer's bags shall be accompanied by a sales invoice or statement which shall contain the landed cost of such paper together with a list of the allowable mark-ups plus the actual selling price on the particular sale.

(4) On every roll or bale of Kraft wrapping paper and Kraft bag paper the landed cost and the maximum markups set forth in Table XXVIII shall be conspicuously marked.

(5) On every bale of standard grocer's bags the applicable maximum prices set forth in Table XXVIII plus the allowable extra charge shall be conspicuously marked.

This amendment shall become effective April 26, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871).

NOTE: All reporting and record-keeping requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,

Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6398; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:40 p. m.]

PART 1439—UNPROCESSED AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

[MPR 376]

CERTAIN FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

In the judgment of the Price Administrator it is necessary and proper in order to effectuate the purposes of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, to maintain as the maximum prices for certain fresh fruits and vegetables heretofore covered under Temporary Maximum Price Regulations Nos. 281 and 29,1 the prices prevailing with respect thereto during the periods February 18, 1943 to February 22, 1943, inclusive, or February 20, 1943 to February 24, 1943, inclusive, whichever is applicable. The maximum prices established herein will aid in stabilizing the cost of living and are not below prices which will reflect to producers of the fresh fruits and vegetables covered by this regulation, prices equal to the highest of the prices required by the provisions of the Act, as amended, and Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328. A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this regulation, issued simultaneously herewith, has been filed with the Division of the Federal Regis-

§ 1439.2 Maximum prices for certain fresh fruits and vegetables. Under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended and Executive Orders Nos. 9250 and 9328, Maximum Price Regulation No. 376 (Certain Fresh Fruits and Vegetables), which is annexed hereto and made a part hereof, is hereby issued.

AUTHORITY: § 1439.2 issued under Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681.

MAXIMUM PRICE REGULATION No. 376—CERTAIN FRESH FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Sec.

Purposes of this regulation.

2 Prohibition against buying and selling above the maximum prices.

3 Maximum prices for certain fresh fruits and vegetables.

- 4 Applications for adjustment of maximum prices and regional adjustments,
- Exempt sales. Evasion.
- 7 Sales for export.
- 8 Records and reports.
- 9 Enforcement.
- 10 Petitions for amendment.
- 11 Relationship to the General Maximum Price Regulation.
- 12 Geographical applicability.
- 13 Definitions.
- 14 Revocation of Temporary Maximum Price Regulations Nos. 28 and 29.

Section 1 Purposes of this regulation. The purposes of this regulation are to establish maximum prices for sales and deliveries of each kind, variety and type of the following fresh vegetables, whether imported or domestic:

^{*}Copies may be obtained from the Office of Price Administration.

¹⁸ F.R. 2396, 2499, 2888, 3328, 4727.

^{*8} F.R. 2499, 2888, 3328, 4727.

- (a) Tomatoes.
- (b) Snap beans.
- (c) Carrots.
- (d) Cabbage.
- (e) Green peas.
- (g) Spinach.

The fresh fruits and vegetables listed above are referred to in this regulation as the "listed commodities".

Sec. 2 Prohibition against buying and selling above maximum prices. On and after April 24, 1943, regardless of any contract, agreement or other obligation, no person shall sell or deliver a listed commodity and no person in the course of trade or business shall buy or receive a listed commodity at a price higher than the maximum price permitted by this regulation; and no person shall agree, offer, solicit or attempt to do any of the foregoing. Lower prices than the maximum prices may be charged, demanded, paid or offered.

SEC. 3 Maximum prices for certain fresh fruits and vegetables. (a) The seller's maximum price for any listed commodity shall be the highest price charged by the seller to a purchaser of the same class during the period February 18, 1943 to February 22, 1943, inclusive, (as to tomatoes, snap beans, carrots, cabbage, and green peas) and during the period February 20, 1943 to February 24, 1943, inclusive, (as to lettuce and spinach) for the same listed com-

modity.

(b) If, during the applicable base period, a seller did not sell, deliver or otherwise deal in a listed commodity, such seller's maximum price for such listed commodity shall be the highest price charged during the applicable base period by his most closely competitive seller to a purchaser of the same class

for such listed commodity.

(c) If the seller cannot determine his maximum price for a listed commodity under the foregoing, because neither he nor his most closely competitive seller of the same class delivered or offered for delivery such listed commodity to a purchaser of the same class during the applicable base period, he shall determine his maximum price by the following procedure applied in the following order:

(1) By taking the maximum price for the similar listed commodity most nearly like it which he (or, if none, his most closely competitive seller of the same class) charged a purchaser of the same class during the applicable base period,

(2) By taking the maximum price of the same commodity which he (or, if none, his most closely competitive seller of the same class) charged a different class of purchaser during the applicable base period and adjusting the price to reflect the customary differential between the two classes of purchasers.

(3) By taking the maximum price of the similar listed commodity most nearly like it which he (or, if none, his most closely competitive seller of the same class) charged a different class of purchaser during the applicable base period, and adjusting the price to reflect the customary differential between the two classes of purchasers.

(4) In all other cases, by taking the maximum price for the most nearly similar listed commodity that he (or, if none, his most closely competitive seller of the same class) has delivered or offered for delivery during the applicable base period and adjusting that price to reflect the differential between the two commodities normal or customary to his business or, if none, to reflect the reasonable differential between the two commodities based upon the variances in the cost of the two commodities.

(d) Where a maximum price is established by using the maximum price of the most nearly similar listed commodity, the base period shall be the base period applicable to that listed commodity and not that applicable to the listed commodity being priced.

SEC. 4 Applications for adjustments of maximum prices and regional adjustments. (a) If any seller finds that by reason of distress sales or other unusual conditions, his maximum price for any of the listed commodities is abnormally low in relation to the maximum prices for merchantable quality of the listed commodities established for other sellers of the same class, he may file an application for adjustment of his maximum price.

(b) Such application shall be filed with the State or district office of the Office of Price Administration for the area in which the applicant is located. Such applicant shall submit a statement

setting forth:

(1) His name and address.

(2) The type of business establishment operated by him (for example, but not limited to, commission merchant, wholesaler, country shipper, terminal seller, etc.)

(3) The listed commodity for which he seeks an adjustment,

(4) His present maximum price.

(5) A full description of the sale which established his present maximum price, including:

(i) The date of the sale.

- (ii) The name and address of the purchaser.
- (iii) The type of business establishment operated by the purchaser.

(iv) The quantity sold.

(v) A full description of the condition of the merchandise when sold.

(vi) The maximum price. (vii) The terms of the sale.

(6) The reasons why the applicant's present maximum price is abnormally

low

(c) Any regional office of the Office of Price Administration, or such other offices as may be authorized by the appropriate regional office, may by order adjust any maximum price established by this regulation for any seller, or group of sellers, in any area or locality within its jurisdiction whenever it appears that the maximum price established for such seller, or group of sellers, is higher or lower than the maximum prices generally prevailing in the region and thereby disrupts, or threatens to dis-rupt, the normal distribution of any listed commodity. When adjusted the maximum prices shall be fixed in line with those generally prevailing in the region.

SEC. 5 Exempt sales. This Maximum Price Regulation No. 376 shall not apply to the following:

(a) Deliveries to the United States, or any agency thereof, under contracts entered into prior to February 18, 1943 (as to tomatoes, snap beans, carrots, cabbage and green peas) and February 20,

1943 (as to lettuce and spinach).

(b) Sales and deliveries by a farmer of any listed commodity grown on his farm to a country shipper and sales and deliveries to an ultimate consumer, if during the preceding month the farmer's sales to ultimate consumers of all food and food products produced on his farm did not exceed \$75. This regulation shall apply to any sales and deliveries by a farmer directly to wholesalers, retailers, and commercial, industrial and institutional users.

(c) Such sales at retail are now or may hereafter be covered by Maximum

Price Regulation No. 268.

SEC. 6 Evasion. The price limitations set forth in this regulation shall not be evaded, whether by direct or indirect methods, in connection with an offer, solicitations, agreement, sale, delivery, purchase or receipt of or relating to a listed commodity, alone or in conjunction with any other commodity, or by way of any commission, service, transportation, or other charge, or discount. premium, or other privilege, or by tvingagreement or other trade understanding, or by changing a business practice relating to the price lines, grading, labeling, packaging or branding of a listed commodity. Sec. 7

SEC. 7 Sales for export. The maximum prices at which a person may export a listed commodity shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the Second Revised Maximum Export Price Regulation, issued by the Office of

Pric Administration.

SEC. 8 Records and reports. (a) As to all sales not specifically xempted by other sections of this regulation, every person selling a listed commodity shall preserve for examination by the Office of Price Administration all his existing records relating to prices which he charged for such listed commodity, delivered or supplied during the applicable base period and his offering prices for delivery or supply of a listed commodity during such period; and shall prepare on or before May 15, 1943, on the basis of all available information and records, and thereafter keep for examination by any person during ordinary business hours, so long as the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 remains in effect, a statement showing (1) the highest prices charged for such listed commodity during such period, together with an appropriate identification of such commodity, and (2) all his customary allowances, discounts, and other price differentials.

(b) As to all sales not specifically exempted by other sections of this regulation every person selling a listed commodity shall keep and make available for examination by the Office of Price Ad-

^{*7} F.R. 9184; 8 F.R. 322, 1747, 2483, 2664, 3527, 3732, 4524, 4929.

⁴⁸ FR. 4132

ministration, so long as the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 remains in effect, records of the same kind as he has customarily kept relating to the prices which he charges for such listed commodity and, in addition, records showing, as precisely as possible the basis upon which he determined maximum prices.

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(c) Such persons shall submit such reports to the Office of Price Administration and keep such other records in addition to or in place of the records required in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section as the Office of Price Administration may from time to time require.

SEC. 9 Enforcement. (a) Persons violating any provisions of this regulation are subject to the criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions and suits for treble damages provided by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended.

(b) Persons who have evidence of any violation of this regulation or of any price schedule, regulations, or order issued by the Office of Price Administration, or of any acts or practices which constitute such a violation are urged to communicate with the nearest district, State or regional office of the Office of Price Administration, or its principal office in Washington, D. C.

Sec. 10 Petitions for amendment. Any person seeking an amendment of any provision of this regulation may file a petition for amendment in accordance with the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1,6 and amendments, issued by the Office of Price Administration.

Sec. 11 Relationship to the General Maximum Price Regulation. The following sections of the General Maximum Price Regulation, and amendments to them, shall be applicable to every person selling a listed commodity:

(a) Adjustment of maximum prices in cases of special deals (§ 1499.4).

(b) Transfers of business or stock in trade (§ 1499.5).

(c) Federal and State taxes (§ 1499.7). In applying § 1499.7 of the General Maximum Price Regulation, the applicable base period shall be substituted for the period of March 1942 used therein, and the last day of the applicable base period shall be substituted for the date March 31, 1942.

SEC. 12 Geographical applicability. The provisions of this Maximum Price Regulation No. 376 shall be applicable to the United States, its territories and possessions, and the District of Columbia.

SEC. 13 Definitions. (a) When used in this regulation, the term:

(1) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or other organized group of persons or legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing, and includes the United States or any agency thereof, any other government, or any of its political subdivisions, and agencies of any of the foregoing.

*7 F.R. 8961; 8 F.R. 3313, 3533. *8 F.R. 3096, 3849, 4347, 4486, 4724, 4978, 4848.

(2) "Highest price charged during the period February 18, 1943 to February 22, 1943, inclusive" and "highest price charged during the period February 20, 1943 to February 24, 1943, inclusive" means the highest price which the seller charged for a listed commodity delivered by him during the applicable base period to a purchaser of the same class. or, if the seller made no such delivery during such period, his highest offering price for delivery during that period to a purchaser of the same class. No seller shall change his customary allowances. discounts or other price differentials unless such change results in a lower price. No seller shall require any purchaser, and no purchaser shall be permitted to pay a larger proportion of transportation costs incurred in the delivery or supply of any listed commodity than the seller required purchasers of the same class to pay during the applicable base period on deliveries of a listed commodity.

(3) "Purchaser of the same class" refers to the practice followed by the seller in the ninety-day period preceding the first day of the applicable base period, in setting different prices for sales to different purchasers or kinds of purchasers (for example, but not limited to manufacturer, wholesaler, jobber, retailer, government agency, public institution, individual consumer, or any ordinarily recognized subgroup or combination of the foregoing) or for purchasers located in different areas or for different quantities or under different conditions of sale.

(b) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in section 302 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and in the General Maximum Price Regulation, issued by the Office of Price Administration, shall apply to other terms used herein.

herein.
SEC. 15 Revocation of Temporary
Maximum Price Regulation Nos. 28 and 29. Temporary Maximum Price Regulations Nos. 28 and 29, which were issued on February 23, 1943 and February 25, 1943, respectively, and which were to expire on April 24, 1943 and April 26, 1943, respectively, are hereby revoked and replaced by this regulation; Provided, That any order or amendment thereto heretofore issued by any regional, district or State office of the Office of Price Administration under the provisions of Temporary Maximum Price Regulation No. 28 or Temporary Maximum Price Regulation No. 29 shall remain in full force and effect under this regulation until amended or revoked by the appropriate office or offices.

This regulation shall become effective April 24, 1943.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943, PRENTISS M. BROWN,

Administrator.

Approved by:

CHESTER C. DAVIS,
Administrator, Food Distribution Administration and Food
Products Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6399; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:32 p. m.]

PART 1499—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES [Order 415 Under § 1499.3 (b) of GMPR]

FORD MOTOR COMPANY

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, It is ordered:

§ 1499.1653 Approval of maximum prices for sales of Formula T-839 white base paint. (a) On and after April 26, 1943, the Ford Motor Company, of Detroit, Michigan, may sell and deliver Formula T-839 white base paint; and the Acme White Lead and Color Works, of Detroit, Michigan, may buy and receive Formula T-839 white base paint at a price not in excess of the following:

\$230.60 per hundred gallons in tank trucks or tank cars, f. o. b. Highland Park, Michigan

(b) This Order No. 415 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective April 26, 1943,

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6400; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:41 p. m.]

PART 1400—COMMODITIES AND SERVICES [Order 416 Under § 1499.3 (b) of GMPR] CHICOPEE MANUFACTURING CORP.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, It is hereby ordered:

§ 1499.1654 Maximum prices for the sale by Chicopee Manufacturing Corporation of "Masslinn" fabrics and fabrics of which "Masslinn" is a component.

(a) Chicopee Manufacturing Corporation, New Brunswick, New Jersey, herein called the Applicant, may sell and deliver and any person may buy and receive from it the following commodities at prices not in excess of those set forth below:

#10-300 Masslinn 3.6 #10-400 Masslinn 4.7 #10-500 Masslinn 5.7 #10-700 Masslinn 5.7 #400 Curtain spadecloth 7.8	Maximum.	price
#10-300 Masslinn 3. #10-400 Masslinn 4: #10-500 Masslinn 4: #10-600 Masslinn 5: #10-700 Masslinn 5. #40 Curtain spadecloth 7. #500 Drapery spadecloth 6. 6.	Commodity: (cents per y	ard)
#10-300 Masslinn 3. #10-400 Masslinn 4: #10-500 Masslinn 4: #10-600 Masslinn 5: #10-700 Masslinn 5. #40 Curtain spadecloth 7. #500 Drapery spadecloth 6. 6.	#6-250 Towel stock	3.9
#10-500 Masslinn 4.* #10-600 Masslinn 5. #10-700 Masslinn 5. #400 Curtain spadecloth 7. #500 Drapery spadecloth 6.5	#10-300 Masslinn	3.8
#10-600 Masslinn 5.5 #10-700 Masslinn 5.6 #400 Curtain spadecloth 7.2 #500 Drapery spadecloth 6.5	#10-400 Masslinn	4.3
#10-700 Masslinn 5.0 #400 Curtain spadecloth 7.5 #500 Drapery spadecloth 6.5	#10-500 Masslinn	4.7
#400 Curtain spadecloth 7.5 #500 Drapery spadecloth 6.5	#10-600 Masslinn	5.2
#400 Curtain spadecloth 7.5 #500 Drapery spadecloth 6.5	#10-700 Masslinn	5.6
	#400 Curtain spadecloth	7.8
Masslinn camouflage 14.8	#500 Drapery spadecloth	6.9
	Masslinn camouflage	14.8

- (b) The prices set forth in paragraph (a) of this section shall be subject to terms of net 30 days, f. o. b. applicant's plant.
- (c) All requests of the applicant not granted herein are denied.
- (d) This Order No. 416 may be revoked or amended at any time by the Office of Price Administration.
 - (e) This Order No. 416 shall become effective April 27, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 26th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc, 43-6421; Filed April 26, 1943; 10:11 a, m.]

TITLE 42-PUBLIC HEALTH

Chapter I-Public Health Service, Federal Security Agency

PART 12-INTERSTATE QUARANTINE SHIPMENT OF SHAVING OR LATHER BRUSHES

Amendment No. 61 to the Interstate Quarantine Regulations is hereby amended to add the following paragraph:

§ 12.14 Shipment of shaving or lather mushes.

(d) This section as amended shall become effective on July 1, 1943.

Dated April 17, 1943.

[SEAL]

THOMAS PARRAN. Surgeon General.

Approved: April 22, 1943. WATSON B. MILLER. Acting Administrator. Federal Security Agency.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6359; Filed, April 24, 1943; 10:22 a. m.]

TITLE 49-TRANSPORTATION AND RAILROADS

Chapter I-Interstate Commerce Commission

[Order 3666]

PARTS 73, 75, 80 AND 85-TRANSPORTATION OF EXPOSIVES 2

TRANSPORTATION OF EXPLOSIVES AND OTHER DANGEROUS ARTICLES

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 3, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 13th day of April, A. D. 1943.

In the matter of regulations for transportation of explosives and other dangerous articles.

It appearing, that pursuant to section 233 of the Transportation of Explosives Act approved March 4, 1921, (41 Stat. 1445), and section 204 (a) (2) of Part II of the Interstate Commerce Act, the Commission has formulated and published certain regulations for transportation of explosives and other dangerous articles:

It further appearing, that in applications received we are asked to amend the aforesaid regulations as set forth in provisions made part hereof;

And it further appearing, that amendments involved in said applications, having been considered and found to be in accord with the best-known practicable means for securing safety in transit:

It is ordered, That the aforesaid regulations for transportation of explosives and other dangerous articles, be, and they are hereby, amended as follows:

AUTHORITY: Issued under sec. 233, 41 Stat 1445; sec. 204 (a) (2), 49 Stat. 546; 18 USC 383, 49 USC 304.

Part 2-Commodity List of Explosives and Other Dangerous Articles

Superseding and amending list, section 4, order August 16, 1940, or December 12, 1942, as follows (add or change) !

Article	Classed as	Exemptions and pack- ing (section)	Label	Maximum quan tity, express
Cyclopentane	Inf. L	103,110	Red	10 gallons.
Cyclopentane, methyl	Inf. L	103,110	Red	10 gallons.
Heptane	Inf, L	103,110	Red	10 gallons.
Hexane	Inf. L	103,110	Red	10 gallons.
Isobutylene, see Liquefied petro- leum gas.				AV ganons.
Isooctane	Inf. L	103,110	Red	10 gallons.
Isooctene	Inf. L	103,110	Red	10 gallons.
sopentane	Inf. L	103.110	Red	10 gallons.
Neohexane	Inf I	103 130	Red	10 gallons
Nitrogen dioxide, liquid	Pois A	No exemption 332A	Poison gas	Not accorded
Nitrogen peroxide (tetroxide)	Pois. A	No exemption 332A	Polson gas	Not accepted,
Pentane, methyl	Inf. L	103,110	Red	10 gallons.
Sodium azide	Pois. B	352,361	Poison	200 pounds.
Urea nitrate wet with not less than 10% of water, over 25 pounds, see High explosives.				aco pounds.
Urea nitrate wet with not less than 10% of water, in excess of 16 ounces but not exceeding 25 pounds.	Inf. 8	No exemption 193	Yellow	25 pounds.
Urea nitrate, dry, see High explo- sives.	100000			
Urea nitrate wet, not exceeding 16 ounces.	See section 193			16 ounces.

Part 3-Regulations Applying to Shippers

Superseding and amending paragraph (b) (4), section 61, order February 10, 1943, to read as follows (packing high explosives):

(4) Before cartridges or bags of explosives are packed in boxes, lined in accordance with section 61 (b) (3), dry fine wood pulp or sawdust at least 1/4 inch in depth must be spread over the bottom of boxes to be used for all gelatin and semigelatin types of explosives. Dry fine wood pulp or sawdust must also be used in similar manner for packing all nongelatinous types of explosives containing 30% or more liquid explosive ingredient.

Superseding and amending paragraph (f) (1), section 61, order July 14, 1942, to read as follows (packing high explosives with no liquid explosive ingredient nor any chlorate):

(1) Ammonium picrate, nitroguanidine, nitrourea, urea nitrate, picric acid, tetryl, trinitroresorcinol, trinitrotoluene, and pentolite, in dry condition, in addition to containers prescribed in section 61 (e) (1) to (e) (6), must be shipped in containers complying with the following specifications:

Superseding and amending paragraph (d), section 72, order August 16, 1940, to read as follows (packing primers):

(d) Percussion caps must be packed in metal or other inside boxes containing not more than 500 caps; the construction of the cap or packing and the kind and quantity of explosives in each must be such that the explosion of a part of the caps in the completed shipping package will not cause the explosion of all the caps.

Superseding and amending paragraph (a) (8), section 110, order August 16, 1940, to read as follows (packing inflammable liquids):

(8) Specification 12B. Fiberboard boxes with inside containers which must be: Glass or earthenware, not over 1 quart each; metal cans, not over 1 gallon each. Packages containing glass or earthenware containers must not weigh over 65 pounds gross.

Superseding and amending note, paragraph (b) (5), section 110, order December 30, 1942 to read as follows (packing inflammable liquids):

Note: Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, wooden whiskey barrels, with char removed and properly recoopered, which comply with all the provisions of specification 10B, are also authorized. Marking is required on the head of each container, by the reconditioner, by hot branding iron, as follows:

(a) ICC-10B.

(b) Name or symbol (letters) of reconditioner; this must be registered with the Bureau of Explosives and located just above, below, or following the mark specified in (a). (c) Size of markings (minimum): 34 inch

Amending paragraph (b) (6), section 110, order August 16, 1940, as follows (packing inflammable liquids) (add):

Note: Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, fiberboard boxes, specification 12B, paragraph 35, with one inside rectangular metal can, specification 2F, not to exceed 5 gallons capacity, are authorized. Gross weight of completed package not over 65 pounds.

Superseding and amending paragraphs (d) and (e), section 113, order August 16, 1940, to read as follows (packing paint, etc.) (add):

- (1) Paint, enamel, lacquer, stain, shellac, varnish, aluminum, bronze, gold, wood filler, liquid, and lacquer base liquid, and thinning, reducing and removing compounds therefor, and driers, liquid, therefor, with flash point above 20° F., may, in additions to containers prescribed in section 113 (a), (b) and (c), be shipped in specification containers as follows:
- (2) Specification 10C. Wooden barrels or kegs.

Amending paragraph (c), section 163, order August 16, 1940, as follows (packing chlorate of soda, etc.) (add):

Note: Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, specification 37F metal drums for chlorate of soda, marked for an authorized gross weight of 160 pounds, may be filled to a gross weight not to exceed 180 pounds.

Amending paragraph (h), section 176, order August 16, 1940, as follows (packing strike-anywhere matches) (add):

¹⁸ F.R. 4853.

²Parts 2, 3, 4, and 7 in this order appear in CFR as Parts 73, 75, 80, and 85.

Note: Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission. asbestos board, lapped at all joints and all joints sealed airtight, may be used in lieu of specification 2F lining.

Superseding and amending paragraph (a), section 193, order August 16, 1940. to read as follows (packing pieric acid):

193 (a) Picric acid or urea nitrate wet with not less than vy per cent water must be packed in specification containers as

Amending section 195, order August 16, 1940, as follows (packing pyroxylin plastic scrap, etc.) (add):

(e) Specification 12B. Fiber boxes. Use of this container will be permitted because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission.

Amending section 201, order August 16, 1940, as follows (packing rubber scrap and rubber buffings) (add):

(6) Specification 36A or 44B. Bags. Use of these containers will be permitted because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission.

Amending section 206, order August 16. 1940, as follows (packing sodium, metallic) (add):

(3) Specification 37D. Metal drums (single-trip) authorized for cylindrical blocks at least 2 inches in diameter and not less than 6 inches in length. Net weight not over 30 pounds.

Amending section 260, order August 16, 1940, as follows (packing electric storage batteries-exemptions) (add):

(e) Electric storage batteries containing electrolyte or corrosive battery fluid, other than those of the nonspillable type, when shipped in less than carload and less than truckload lots, must be marked and labeled as required by sections 401 (a), 401 (c) and 402 (d).

Superseding and amending paragraph (c), section 346, order August 16, 1940, to read as follows (packing methyl bromide):

(c) Specification 15A, 15B, 15C, 16A, 19A, or 12B. Wooden, wire-bound wooden, or fiberboard boxes, with inside metal cans containing not over 1 pound each; outage required so cans will not become liquid-full at 130° F. Cans must be made with body of at least 95-pound tin plate, with concave ends at least 107pound tin plate, with all seams soldered or lined to prevent leakage, and with strength to withstand at least 130 pounds interior pressure without leakage.

Amending paragraph (e), section 361, order August 16, 1940, as follows (packing poisonous solids, class B, n. o. s.) (add):

Note. Because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission, wooden whiskey barrels, with char removed and properly recoopered, which comply with all the provisions of Specification 10B, are also authorized. Marking is required on the head of each container, by the reconditioner, by hot branding iron, as follows:

(a) ICC-10B.

(b) Name or symbol (letters) of reconditioner; this must be registered with the Bureau of Explosives and located just above, below, or following the mark specified in (a), (c) Size of markings (minimum): 3/4" high.

Superseding and amending paragraph (a), section 401, order August 16, 1940, to read as follows (dangerous articlesmarking):

401 (a) Dangerous articles. Packages containing inflammable liquids, inflammable solids, oxidizing materials, corrosive liquids, compressed gases, and poisons, as defined herein must be marked, unless exempted, with the proper shipping name as shown in the commodity list of these regulations. For tank cars this marking must appear either on the placards or commodity cards.

Regulations Applying to Shippers-Appendix

Superseding and amending paragraphs 3, 22 (4) and 22 (5), specification 3A, order August 16, 1940, to read as follows:

3. Inspection by whom and where. By competent and disinterested inspector acceptable to the Bureau of Explosives: chemical analyses and tests, as specified, to be made within limits of the United States. This requirement is necessary because of the present emergency and until further order of the Commission.

22 (4) Acceptable results for physical and flattening tests. Elongation at least 20 percent for 2 inch gauge length or at least 10 percent in other cases; flattening required, without cracking, to 6 times wall thickness.

22 (5) Reports of manufacture and tests shall include the following information: Chemical analysis data on chromium, molybdenum and other alloying material present, if any; definite statement as to the heat treatment used,

Amending specification 5, order August 16, 1940, as follows (add):

14. Leakage test. Each container shall be tested with seams under water or covered with soapsuds or heavy oil, by interior air pressure of at least 15 pounds per square inch; leakers shall be rejected or repaired and retested; removable head containers not required to be tested with heads in place except that samples taken at random and closed as for use, of each type and size, must be tested at start of production and repeated every four months; samples, so tested, must be retained until further tests are made.

Amending specification 5B, order August 16, 1940, as follows (add):

14. Leakage test. Each container shall be tested with seams under water or covered with soapsuds or heavy oil, by interior air pressure of at least 15 pounds per square inch; leakers shall be rejected or repaired and retested; removable head containers not required to be tested with heads in place except that samples taken at random and closed as for use, of each type and size, must be tested at start of production and repeated every four months; samples, so tested, must be retained until further tests are made.

Amending specification 5D, order August 16, 1940, as follows (add):

14. Leakage test. Each container shall be tested with seams under water or covered with soapsuds or heavy oil, by interior air pressure of at least 15 pounds per square inch: leakers shall be rejected or repaired and retested; removable head containers not required to be tested with heads in place except that samples taken at random and closed as for use, of each type and size, must be tested at start of production and repeated every four months; samples, so tested, must be retained until further tests are made.

Amending specification 6A, order August 16, 1940, as follows (add):

14. Leakage test. Each container shall be tested with seams under water or covered with soapsuds or heavy oil, by interior air pressure of at least 15 pounds per square inch; leakers shall be rejected or repaired and retested; removable head containers not required to be tested with heads in place except that samples taken at random and closed as for use, of each type and size, must be tested at start of production and repeated every four months; samples, so tested, must be retained until further tests are made.

Amending specification 6B, order August 16, 1940, as follows (add):

14. Leakage test. Each container shall be tested with seams under water or covered with soapsuds or heavy oil, by interior air pressure of at least 15 pounds per square inch; leakers shall be rejected or repaired and retested; removable head containers not required to be tested with heads in place except that samples taken at random and closed as for use, of each type and size, must be tested at start of production and repeated every four months; samples, so tested, must be retained until further tests are made.

Amending specification 6C, order August 16, 1940, as follows (add):

14. Leakage test. Each container shall be tested with seams under water or covered with soapsuds or heavy oil, by interior air pressure of at least 15 pounds per square inch; leakers shall be rejected or repaired and retested; removable head containers not required to be tested with heads in place except that samples taken at random and closed as for use, of each type and size, must be tested at start of production and repeated every four months; samples, so tested, must be retained until further tests are made.

Amending specification 12B, order August 16, 1940, as follows (add):

35. Special box: Authorized only for one 5-gallon rectangular metal can, spec. 2F; gross weight not to exceed 65 pounds. Must comply with this specification except as follows: Must be 1-piece type of double-wall corrugated fiberboard at least 350 pound test; must have top and bottom pads of double-wall corrugated fiberboard at least 350 pound test, pads to be double-flanged with flanges extending down the inside of carton at least four inches.

Superseding and amending 2nd table. par. 19 (b), specification 15A, order August 16, 1940, to read as follows:

Wires, Washburn and Moen gauge, authorized as follows:

Authorized gross weight (pounds)	Gauge of wires when number of straps is—			
	1	2	3	
50	12 11 9	14 12 11 10 10 9	12 11 11 10	

Amending specification 17C, order August 16, 1940, as follows (add):

14. Leakage test. Each container shall be tested with seams under water or covered with soapsuds or heavy oil, by interior air pressure of at least 15 pounds per square inch; leakers shall be rejected or repaired and retested; removable head containers not required to be tested with heads in place except that samples taken at random and closed as for use, of each type and size, must be tested at start of production and repeated every four months; samples, so tested, must be retained until further tests are made.

Superseding and amending paragraph 14. Specification 17E, order, August 16, 1940, to read as follows:

14. Leakage test. Each container shall be tested with seams under water or covered with soapsuds or heavy oil, by interior air pressure of at least 7 pounds per square inch for containers over 12 gallons capacity and at least 5 pounds for others; leakers shall be rejected or repaired and retested; removable head containers not required to be tested with heads in place except that samples taken at random and closed as for use, of each type and size, must be tested at start of production and repeated every four months; samples, so tested, must be retained until further tests are made.

Superseding and amending paragraphs 19 (a) and 20 (h), specifications Emergency USG-A, USG-B, USG-C, order December 12, 1942, to read as follows:

19. Retests of tanks and interior heater systems. (a) Tanks must be retested as prescribed in paragraph 17 (a) before being returned to service after any repairs requiring fusion welding, and after any repairs requiring extensive riveting or calking. Interior heater systems must be retested as prescribed in paragraph 17 (c) before being returned to service after any repairs.

20. (h) Tanks built under these specifications must be stenciled "For liquids weighing not over 8 pounds per gallon with maximum vapor pressure of 16 pounds per square inch, absolute, at 100° F." on each side of the tank, or jacket if lagged, in letters and figures at least 2 inches high, immediately above the stenciled marks specified in paragraph 20 (b).

Part 4—Regulations Applying Particularly to Carriers by Rail Freight

Superseding and amending paragraph (k), section 589, order August 16, 1940, to read as follows (handling cars):

(k) Placarded loaded tank cars must not be placed in trains next to cars placarded "Explosives" or next to cars containing lighted heaters, stoves, or lanterns; nor next to refrigerator cars equipped with automatic refrigeration of the gas-burning type; nor next to flat cars with lading such as logs, lumber, rails, or pipe, or gondola cars with such lading higher than ends, that is liable to shift. In through trains such tank cars must not be placed nearer than the sixth car from the engine, electric locomotive or motor car, or a caboose in service, and in local trains not nearer than the second car from the engine, electric locomotive, motor car or a caboose in service, when length of train permits and cars other than placarded loaded tank cars are in the train. (Note to paragraph canceled.)

Part 7—Regulations Applying to Shipments Made by Way of Common or Contract Carriers by Public Highway

Superseding and amending section 820, order November 8, 1941, to read as follows:

820 Waybills, manifests, etc. The waybill, manifest, dispatch, memorandum receipt, bill of lading, transfer sheet, or interchange record, when prepared for shipments and used for transferring such shipments to a connecting carrier, must properly describe the articles by name as shown in these regulations, and show color of label applied.

It is further ordered, That this order amending the aforesaid regulations shall be effective on and after April 28, 1943, and shall remain in full force and effect and be observed until further order of the Commission;

It is further ordered, That compliance with the aforesaid regulations, as amended, made effective by this order, is hereby authorized on and after the date hereof:

And it is further ordered, That copies of this order be served upon all the parties of record herein and that notice be given to the public by posting in the office of the Secretary of the Commission at Washington, D. C.

By the Commission, Division 3.

W. P. Bartel, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6314; Filed, April 23, 1943; 11:21 a. m.]

Notices

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. Bituminous Coal Division.

[Docket Nos. A-1907; A-1907, Part II]

DISTRICT BOARD 12

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

In the matter of the petition of District Board No. 12 for the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for Mine Index No. 519 and for other relief; Docket Nos. A-1907.

In the matter of the petition of District Board No. 12, requesting the establishment of absorptions of certain freight

charges and a Federal Tax on transportation of certain locomotive fuels; Docket No. A-1907.

Memorandum opinion and order severing Docket No. A-1907, Part II, from Docket No. A-1907.

The original petition in the above-entitled matter filed with the Division on March 13, 1943, pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, requested the estalishment of temporary and permanent price classifications and minimum prices for the coals produced at Mine Index No. 519 of G. B. Jensen (Wilson Bridge Coal Co.) when shipped by rail and further requested that certain off-line mines in District No. 12 be granted permission to absorb certain freight charges and a federal tax on the transportation of certain rail shipments of locomotive fuel.

As was found in an order issued this day in Docket No. A-1907, a reasonable showing of necessity has been made for the granting of the relief requested by petitioner for Mine Index No. 519. With respect to the request that certain off-line mines in District No. 12 be granted permission to absorb certain freight charges and a federal tax on the transportation of certain rail shipments of locomotive fuel, however, it appears that the original petitioner has not set forth sufficient facts to warrant the granting of such relief, either temporary or permanent, without a hearing.

Now, therefore it is ordered, That the portion of Docket No. A-1907 relating to the request that certain mines in District No. 12 be granted permission to absorb certain freight charges and a federal tax on the transportation of certain rail shipments of locomotive fuel, be, and hereby is, severed from the remainder of Docket No. A-1907 and designated as Docket No. A-1907, Part II.

It is further ordered, That the request that this relief be granted temporarily, be, and the same hereby is, denied without prejudice to the renewal of such request for temporary relief upon further showing, or upon the basis of the record to be made at a hearing to be held herein.

An order scheduling a hearing to adduce facts upon which final relief in this matter may be based will be issued in due course.

Dated: April 22, 1943.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,
Director.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6433; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:53 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. A-1949 and A-1949, Part II]

DISTRICT BOARD 2

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

In the matter of the petition of District Board No. 2 for the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for the coals of certain mines in District No. 2; Docket No. A-1949.

In the matter of the petition of District Board No. 2 for the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for truck shipments for the coals produced at the Nagel Mine of Edgar H.

Nagel in District No. 2; Docket No. A-1949, Part II.

Memorandum opinion and order severing Docket No. A-1949, Part II, from Docket No. A-1949 and granting temporary relief in Docket No. A-1949, Part II.

The original petition in the aboveentitled matter, filed with the Division pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, prays for the establishment of temporary and permanent price classifications and minimum prices for Truck Shipment for the coals produced at the Nagel Mine of Edgar H. Nagel in District No. 2. It appears, however, that mine index numbers have heretofore been assigned to this same mine and that from the facts alleged in this petition no final determination can be made at this time with regard to the assigning an additional mine index number to this mine without a hearing.

In view of the foregoing, it is deemed advisable to grant only temporarily the request of petitioner to establish minimum prices and price classifications for the coals produced at the aforementioned mine.

It appearing that a reasonable showing of necessity has been made for the granting of temporary relief in the manner hereinafter set forth; and

No petitions of intervention having been filed with the Division in the aboveentitled matter; and

The following action being deemed necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Act;

Now, therefore, it is ordered. That the portion of Docket No. A-1949 relating to the request of petitioner to establish minimum prices and price classifications for coals to be produced at the Nagel Mine of Edgar H. Nagel be, and it hereby is, severed from the remaining part of that Docket and designated as Docket No. A-1949, Part II.

It is further ordered, That, pending further order of the Director, temporary relief be, and the same hereby is, granted as follows: Commencing forthwith, the schedule of effective minimum prices for District No. 2 for Truck Shipments is supplemented to include the price classifications and minimum prices appearing in Supplement T which is annexed hereto and made a part hereof.

It is further ordered, That pleadings in opposition to that portion of the original petition in the above-entitled matter which pertains to the Nagel Mine of Edgar H. Nagel, and applications to stay, terminate or modify the temporary relief herein granted may be filed with the Division pursuant to the rules and regulations governing practice and procedure before the Bituminous Coal Division in proceedings instituted pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act

of 1937. An order scheduling a hearing to adduce facts upon which final relief in this matter may be based will be issued in due course.

Dated: April 22, 1943.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER, Director.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6434; Filed, April 26, 1943; [F. R. Doc. 43-6435; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:54 a. m.]

[Docket No. B-291]

WHITE BROS. COAL CO.

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST

In the matter of Earl White and Reno White, individually and as copartners, doing business under the name and style of White Brothers Coal Company, Code

On March 5, 1943, after notice and hearing, Edward J. Hayes, a duly designated Examiner of the Division submitted a Report in which he found that code members Earl White and Reno White, individually and as copartners doing business under the name and style of White Brothers Coal Company, a partnership, operating the Black Hawk Mine, Mine Index No. 802, located in Hocking County, Ohio, wilfully violated the provisions of Order No. 309 of the Division by failing to report to the Statistical Bureau for District No. 4, during the period January 1941-June 1942, inclusive, reports of their monthly sales of coals for delivery by truck as required by said order.

The Examiner recommended that an order be issued directing code members to cease and desist from violating the Code, the rules and regulations thereunder and particularly Order No. 309.

Opportunity was afforded to all parties to file exceptions to the Examiner's Report. No exceptions have been filed.

I have considered the Report of the Examiner and I find that it adequately and accurately reflects the evidence disclosed in the record. Upon the basis of the proposed findings of fact, proposed conclusions of law and recommendation set forth in the report and upon the entire record in this proceeding,

It is hereby ordered, That the proposed findings of fact and the proposed conclusions of law of the Examiner are approved and adopted as the findings of fact and conclusions of law of the Director.

It is further ordered, That Earl White and Reno White, individually and as copartners, doing business under the name and style of White Brothers Coal Company, a partnership, operating the Black Hawk Mine, Mine Index No. 802, located in Hocking County, Ohio, their agents, employees, representatives, successors and assigns, and all persons acting or claiming to act on their behalf or interest, to cease and desist from violating the Code, the rules and regulations thereunder and particularly Order No.

Notice is hereby given that upon failure or refusal to comply with this order, the Division may apply to a United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the enforcement thereof, or may otherwise proceed as authorized by the Act,

Dated: April 22, 1943.

DAN H. WHEELER, Director.

10:54 a. m.]

[Docket No. B-278]

EAST WINDBER COAL COMPANY

ORDER DIRECTING CODE MEMBER TO CEASE AND DESIST

Upon the basis of the findings of fact and conclusions of law set forth in the opinion of the Director, filed simultaneously herewith, wherein it appears that code member willfully violated section 4 II (e) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, the corresponding section of the Bituminous Coal Code and rules and regulations issued thereunder, and the Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices for District No. 1 for Truck Shipments;

It is ordered, That code member East Windber Coal Company, its officers, representatives, employees, successors or assigns, and any persons acting or claiming to act for or in its behalf, cease and desist from violating section 4 II (e) of the Act, the corresponding section of the Code, the schedule of Effective Minimum Prices for District No. 1 for truck shipments or from otherwise violating the provisions of the Act, the Code and the rules and regulations issued thereunder.

Notice is hereby given that upon failure or refusal to comply with this order, the Division may apply to any Circuit Court of Appeals for the enforcement thereof or take other appropriate action as authorized by the Act.

Dated: April 22, 1943.

DAN H. WHEELER. [SEAL]

Director.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6436; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:54 a. m.]

> [Docket No. B-302] AYERS AND YORK

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST

In the matter of Herbert Ayers and William S. York, individually and as copartners, doing business under the name and style of Ayers and York, code mem-

On February 23, 1943, after notice and hearing Edward J. Hayes, a duly designated Examiner of the Division, submitted a report in which he found that code members, Herbert Ayers and William S. York, individually and as copartners doing business under the name and style of Ayers & York, operating the Elmtree Mine, Mine Index No. 3561 located in Bell County, Kentucky, in District 8, wilfully violated the Bituminous Coal Code, the rules and regulations thereunder, and the provisions of the order of the Director in General Docket No. 19, dated October 9, 1940, by selling on or about May 30, 1941, for rail shipment, approximately one carload of slack coal produced at their mine, whereas minimum prices, temporary or final, had not been established for such coal.

The Examiner recommended that an Order be entered directing Herbert Ayers and William S. York, individually and as copartners, to cease and desist from violating the order of the Director in General Docket No. 19, dated October 9, 1940, or from otherwise violating the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, the Code or rules and regulations thereunder.

Opportunity was afforded to all parties to file exceptions to the Examiner's Report. No exceptions have been filed.

I have considered the report of the Examiner and I find that it adequately and accurately reflects the evidence disclosed in the record. Upon the basis of the proposed findings of fact, proposed conclusions of law and recommendation set forth in the Report and upon the entire record in this proceeding,

It is hereby ordered, That the proposed findings of fact and the proposed conclusions of law of the Examiner are approved and adopted as the findings of fact and conclusions of law of the

Director.

It is further ordered. That Herbert Ayers and William S. York, individually and as copartners doing business under the name and style of Ayers & York, operating the Elmtree Mine, Mine Index No. 3561, in Bell County, Kentucky, their agents, employees, representatives, successors and assigns, and all persons acting or claiming to act on their behalf or interest, cease and desist from violating the order of the Director in General Docket No. 19, dated October 9, 1940, or from otherwise violating the Act, the Code or rules and regulations thereunder.

Notice is hereby given that upon failure or refusal to comply with this order. the Division may apply to a United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the enforcement thereof, or may otherwise proceed as authorized by the Act.

Dated: April 22, 1943.

[SEAL]

DAN H. WHEELER, Director.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6437; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:54 a. m.]

[Docket No. C-26]

UNIVERSAL SEWER PIPE CORP.

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

In the matter of the application for exemption of Universal Sewer Pipe Cor-

On January 16, 1943, Universal Sewer Pipe Corporation filed an application pursuant to the second paragraph of section 4-A of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, requesting a determination that the coal produced at a mine of the applicant located at Uhrichsville, Tuscarawas County, Ohio, is exempt from the provisions of section 4 of the Act because the applicant is both the producer and the consumer of the coal produced at the said mine within the meaning of section 4 II (1) of the Act, and further requesting that such determination be made retroactive to December 15, 1937.

The applicant represents that it operates plants at Uhrichsville, Goshen, and Palmyra, Ohio, for the manufacture of vitrified clay products; that it consumes large quantities of bituminous coal in the burning of its vitrified clay products; that the coals produced at the aforesaid mine, which was acquired in 1919, are used primarily at the applicant's Uhrichsville plant; and that any such coals not consumed at the Uhrichsville plant are consumed at the Goshen plant. The applicant further represents that the actual mining operations connected with the production of the coal coming from the said mine are performed by the applicant through its own employees and that no subsidiary company is involved in the mining operations and no salesmen or brokers are involved in the disposition of the coal produced at this mine.

It appearing on the basis of the representations made by the applicant that coal of the said mine is both produced and consumed by the applicant within the meaning of section 4 II (1) of the

Bituminous Coal Act of 1937:

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That in accordance with the provisions of the second paragraph of section 4-A of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, Universal Sewer Pipe Corporation is exempt as of January 16, 1943, from any obligation, duty or liability imposed by section 4 of the Act with respect to the commerce covered by its application herein, Pro-vided, however, That the exemption established by this paragraph is subject to further order, and provided, further. that this paragraph shall not become effective until sixty (60) days from the date hereof.

It is further ordered. That, subject to the provisions of Rule VIII of the Rules of Practice and Procedure Before the Bituminous Coal Division, interested parties may file petitions of intervention in this matter within forty-five (45)

days from the date hereof.

It is further ordered. That the exemption granted herein shall terminate if the applicant shall fail at the end of each six-month period from the date hereof, to file with the Division a verified statement setting forth (a) the name of the applicant and of the coal mine involved herein; (b) the tonnage produced during the preceding six months by size groups; (c) the distribution by size groups during the preceding six months; and (d) a statement that all the facts as set forth in the original application continue to be true and correct.

It is further ordered, That the request that any exemption granted in this matter be made retroactive to December 15. 1937, be, and the same hereby is, denied.

In connection with the request that any exemption which may be granted herein be made retroactive to December 15, 1937, it is noted that on April 10, 1943, applicant was granted code membership effective as of December 15, 1937.

Dated: April 22, 1943.

[SEAL]

DAN H. WHEELER, Director.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6438; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:54 a. m.]

[Docket No. B-36]

ARTHUR FOX AND ELBERT ENGLE

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST

In the matter of Arthur Fox and Elbert Engle, a partnership, code members.
On March 5, 1943, after notice and

hearing, Charles S. Mitchell, a duly des-

ignated Examiner of the Division, submitted a report in which he found that code member Arthur Fox, formerly a member of the partnership of Arthur Fox and Elbert Engle, operating the Fox Mine, Mine Index No. 3285, in Knox County, Kentucky, in District 8, wilfully violated section 4 II (e) of the Act and the corresponding section of the Code

(a) Between April 20, 1941, and May 1, 1941, selling 100 tons of high volatile 2" x 0 coal, Size Group 7, produced at the Fox Mine, at a price of 50 cents per net ton f. o. b. the mine, whereas the effective minimum price for such coal was \$1.55 per net ton f. o. b. the mine; and

(b) On May 3, 1941, selling 31 tons of high volatile lump coal, Size Group 1. likewise produced at the Fox Mine, at a price of \$1.50 per net ton f. o. b. the mine, whereas the effective minimum price for such coal was \$2.55 per ton f. o. b. the mine.

The Examiner recommended that an order be entered requiring code member Arthur Fox to cease and desist from selling coal at prices below the applicable minimum prices established by the Division or from otherwise violating the Act, the Code, and orders, rules and regulations issued thereunder, and recommended further that the complaint be dismissed as to Elbert Engle and as to Fox and Engle.

Opportunity was afforded to all parties to file exceptions to the Examiners' Report. No exceptions have been filed.

I have considered the report of the Examiner and find that it adequately and accurately reflects the evidence disclosed in the record. Upon the basis of the proposed findings of fact, proposed conclusions of law, and recommendation set forth in the report, and upon the entire record in this proceeding:

It is hereby ordered, That the proposed findings of fact and proposed conclusions of law of the Examiner are approved and adopted as the findings of fact and conclusions of law of the Director.

It is further ordered, That the complaint insofar as it relates to Elbert Engle and to Fox and Engle, a defunct partnership, is dismissed.

It is further ordered, That Arthur Fox, operating the Fox Mine, Mine Index No. 3285, in Wilton Township, Knox County, Kentucky, in District 8, his agents, employees, representatives, successors and assigns, and all persons acting or claiming to act on his behalf or interest, cease and desist from violating section 4 II (e) of the Act, the corresponding section of the Code, or from otherwise violating the provisions of the Act, the Code, or orders, rules and regulations issued thereunder.

Notice is hereby given that upon failure or refusal to comply with this order, the Division may apply to a United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the enforcement thereof, or may otherwise proceed as authorized by the Act.

Dated: April 22, 1943.

[SEAL]

DAN H. WHEELER, Director.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6430; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:54 a. m.]

[Docket No. B-293] SHAWNER MINING CORP.

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST

In the matter of Shawnee Mining Company, a corporation, code member.

On February 24, 1943, after notice and hearing, Edward J. Hayes, a duly designated Examiner of the Division, submitted a report in which he found that Shawnee Mining Company, a corporation operating the No. 1 Mine, Mine Index No. 197 in Perry County, Ohio wilfully violated the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937 and the Bituminous Coal Code, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, particularly Order No. 307, dated December 11, 1940, Order No. 309, dated January 14, 1941, Order No. 313, dated February 24, 1941, Order No. 14, dated July 15, 1937, Rule 3 of section V and Rule 7 of section VI of the Marketing Rules and Regulations, by failing and refusing to file with the Division copies of spot orders, truck tickets and other memoranda required to be so filed.

The Examiner recommended that an order be issued directing code member to cease and desist from violating Orders Nos. 307, 309, 313, 14, Rule 3 of section V and Rule 7 of section VI of the Marketing Rules and Regulations and from otherwise violating the Act, the Code and the rules and regulations of the Division.

Opportunity was afforded to all parties to file exceptions to the Examiner's Report. No exceptions have been filed.

I have considered the report of the Examiner and I find that it adequately and accurately reflects the evidence disclosed in the record. Upon the basis of the proposed findings of fact, proposed conclusions of law and recommendations set forth in the Report and upon the entire record in this proceeding.

It is hereby ordered, That the proposed findings of fact and the proposed conclusions of law of the Examiner are approved and adopted as the findings of fact and conclusions of law of the Director.

It is further ordered, That Shawnee Mining Company, a corporation operating the No. 1 Mine, Mine Index No. 197 in Perry County, Ohio, its agents, employees, representatives, successors, and assigns, and all persons acting or claiming to act on its behalf or interest, cease and desist from violating Orders Nos. 307, 309, 313, 14, Rule 3 of section V and Rule 7 of section VI of the Marketing Rules and Regulations or from otherwise violating the provisions of the Act. the Code or orders, rules and regulations issued thereunder.

Notice is hereby given that upon failure or refusal to comply with this order, the Division may apply to a United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the enforcement thereof, or may otherwise proceed as authorized by the Act.

Dated: April 22, 1943.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER. Director.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6431; Filed, April 26, 1943] 10:55 a. m.]

No. 82-10

[Docket No. A-1938]

HAROLD WILL COAL CO.

ORDER GRANTING TEMPORARY RELIEF

In the matter of the petition of Harold Will Coal Company, operating the Harold Will Coal Company Mine, Mine Index No. 2238, for the approval of agreement to purchase the entire output of the Hoffman Mine, Mine Index No. 1269 of Mrs. Hazel W. Davis, located in District No. 1 and for permission to mix the coals of these mines.

An original petition having been duly filed with this Division by the Harold Will Coal Company pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, requesting the approval of an agreement to purchase the entire output of the Hoffman Mine, Mine Index No. 1269 of Mrs. Hazel M. Davis, located in District No. 1, and requesting temporary and permanent relief to load and mix the coals produced at Mine Index No. 1269 with the coals produced at Mine Index No. 2238; and

It appearing that sufficient facts have not been alleged in the petition to justify the granting of permanent relief without a hearing: and

It appearing, however, that a reasonable showing of necessity has been made for granting temporary relief in the manner hereinafter set forth; and

No petition of intervention having been filed with this Division in the aboveentitled matter; and

The following action being deemed necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Act;

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That pending final disposition of the aboveentitled matter, temporary relief be, and the same hereby is, granted as follows: Commencing forthwith, the schedule of effective minimum prices for District No. 1 for all shipments except truck is supplemented to include the price classifications and minimum prices set forth in the schedule marked Supplement R annexed hereto and made a part hereof,1 and the mixing of the coals of Mine Index No. 1269 with the coals of Mine Index No. 2238 is hereby approved.

It is further ordered, That nothing in this order shall be construed as approval of the agreement mentioned in the original petition.

Notice is hereby given that applications to stay, terminate or modify the temporary relief herein granted may be filed with the Division pursuant to the rules and regulations governing practice and procedure before the Bituminous Coal Division in proceedings instituted pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937.

An order scheduling a hearing to adduce facts upon which final relief may be based in this matter will be issued in due course.

Dated: April 22, 1943.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER, Director.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6432; Filed, April 26, 1943) 10:55 a. m.)

1 Not filed as part of the original document.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Food Distribution Administration.

DIRECTOR OF FOOD DISTRIBUTION

ORDER DELEGATING AUTHORITY TO ADMINISTER RESTRICTION ORDER 1

1. Pursuant to the provisions of Executive Order No. 9280, dated December 5, 1942 (7 F.R. 10179), and Executive Order No. 9322, dated March 26, 1943 (8 F.R. 3807), and to effectuate the purposes of such orders, the Director of Food Distribution, United States Department of Agriculture, is designated and empowered to administer the provisions of and exercise all the powers, functions, and authority conferred upon the United States Department of Agriculture by Restriction Order 1, as amended, the administration of which was transferred from the Office of Price Administration to the United States Department of Agriculture, effective April 1, 1943 (8 F.R. 4151).

2. The authority herein delegated to the Director of Food Distribution shall include the authority to delegate to other employees of the Department of Agriculture the performance of such functions as he may deem necessary to the effective administration of the order.

3. The provisions of this order shall not affect the authority of the Administrator of Food Production and Distribution to perform any function or exercise any authority conferred upon him by Executive Order No. 9280 and Executive Order No. 9322.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

CHESTER C. DAVIS, Administrator, Food Production and Distribution Administration.

[F. R. Doc, 43-6408; Filed, April 24, 1943) 3:43 p. m.]

[Docket AO 170]

HANDLING OF MILK IN ST. JOSEPH COUNTY. INDIANA

NOTICE OF HEARING

Proposed marketing agreement and order regulating the handling of milk in the St. Joseph County, Indiana, marketing area.

Notice is hereby given of a hearing to be held in the Rotary Room, Oliver Hotel, South Bend, Indiana, beginning at 10 a. m., c. w. t., May 7, 1943, with respect to a proposed marketing agreement and a proposed order regulating the handling of milk in the St. Joseph County, Indiana, marketing area.

This notice is given pursuant to the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1940 ed. 601 t seq.), and in accordance with the applicable rules of practice thereunder (7 CFR 900.1-900.17; 6 F.R. 6570, 7 F.R. 3350, 8 F.R. 2813).

This public hearing is for the purpose of receiving evidence with respect to a proposed marketing agreement and order, the provisions of which are hereinafter set forth in detail, which has been

¹⁷ F.R. 7839; 8 F.R. 3201, 3328, 3372, 3416, 4151.

proposed, with the exception of sections 14 and 15, by the Pure Milk Association. Sections 14 and 15 are standard provisions and have been included in the proposal at the request of the Food Distribution Administration. The proposed marketing agreement and order have not received the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture, and at the hearing evidence will be received relative to all aspects of the marketing conditions which are dealt with by the proposed marketing agreement and order. The provisions of the proposed marketing agreement and order are as follows:

SEC. 1 Definitions-(a) Terms. The following terms as used herein shall have

the following meanings:

(1) "St. Joseph County Marketing Area," hereinafter called "marketing area," means all of the territory in St. Joseph County, Indiana, excepting the townships of Olive, Liberty, and Lincoln and all of the territory in Bertrand Township, Berrien County, Michigan, and Milton Township, Cass County, Michigan, excepting all territory within the corporate limits of Niles, Michigan.

(2) The term "person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, or any other business unit.

- (3) The term "approved plant" means any plant which is approved by any health authority for the receiving of milk disposed of as Class I milk in the marketing area.
- (4) The term "producer" means any person who produces milk which is received by a handler at an approved plant, or who produces milk which, upon proof furnished satisfactory to the market administrator, is qualified to be received at

such approved plant.

- (5) The term "handler" means any person, who, on his own behalf or on behalf of others, purchases or receives milk from producers, associations of producers, other handlers, persons producing milk not qualified to be received at an approved plant, or persons operating an unapproved plant, all, or a portion, of which milk is disposed of as Class I milk or Class II milk in the marketing area; and who, on his own behalf or on behalf of others engages in such handling of milk, or cream therefrom, as is in the current of interstate commerce or which directly burdens, obstructs, or affects interstate commerce in milk and This definition shall be its products. deemed to include any person who receives milk from producers at an approved plant from which no milk or cream is disposed of in the marketing area, and any cooperative association or handler with respect to the milk or any producer which it causes to be delivered to a plant from which no milk or cream is disposed of in the marketing area, for the account of such cooperative association or handler.
- (6) The term "market administrator" means the agency herein described for the administration hereof.
- (7) The term "delivery period" means the current marketing period from the first to the last day of each month, both

(8) The term "cooperative association" means any cooperative association of producers which the Secretary determines (a) to have its entire activities under the control of its members, and (b) to have and to be exercising full authority in the sale of milk of its members.

(9) The term "act" means Public Act No. 10, 73d Congress, as amended and as reenacted and amended by the Agricul-

- tural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937.
 (10) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States or any officer or employee of the United States Department of Agriculture who is, or who may hereafter be, authorized to exercise the powers or to perform the duties of the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States hereunder.
- SEC. 2 Market Administrator-(a) Selection, removal, and bond. The agency for the administration hereof shall be a market administrator who shall be a person selected and subject to removal by the Secretary. The market administrator shall, within 45 days following the date upon which he enters upon his duties, execute and deliver to the Secretary a bond, conditioned upon the faithful performance of his duties, in an amount and with surety thereon satisfactory to the Secretary.

(b) Compensation. The market ad-ministrator shall be entitled to such reasonable compensation as shall be de-

termined by the Secretary.

(c) Powers. The market administrator shall have the power:

- (1) To administer the terms and provisions hereof, and (2) report to the Secretary complaints of violations of this order.
- (d) Duties. The market administrator, in addition to the duties hereinafter described, shall:
- (1) Keep such books and records as will clearly reflect the transactions provided for herein:
- (2) Submit his books and records to examination by the Secretary at any and all times;
- (3) Furnish such information and such verified reports as the Secretary may request;
- (4) Obtain a bond with reasonable security thereon covering each employee who handles funds entrusted to the market administrator:
- (5) Publicly disclose, after reasonable notice, the name of any person who has not made reports, or payments as hereby
- (6) Prepare and disseminate, for the benefit of producers, consumers, and handlers, such statistics and information concerning the operation hereof as do not reveal confidential information;

(7) Employ and fix the compensation of such persons as may be necessary to enable him to administer the terms and

provisions hereof; and

(8) Pay, out of the funds received pursuant to section 9, the cost of his bond and of the bonds of such of his employees as handle funds entrusted to the market administrator, his own compensation. and all other expenses which will necessarily be incurred by him for the maintenance and functioning of his office and the performance of his duties.

(e) Announcement of prices. market administrator shall compute and publicly announce prices as follows:

(1) Not later than the 5th day after the end of each delivery period, the prices for all classes of milk pursuant to section 5 (a), the differentials pursuant to section 5 (c), and the Class I prices applicable pursuant to section 5 (d).

(2) Not later than the 12th day after the end of each delivery period, the uniform price computed pursuant to section

7 (b).

SEC. 3 Reports of Handlers—(a) Sub-mission of reports. Each handler shall report to the market administrator, in the detail and on forms prescribed by the market administrator, as follows:

(1) On or before the 7th day after the end of each delivery period, each handler who purchases or received milk from associations of producers and other handlers, with respect to all milk purchased or received from such sources, shall submit to the market administrator and to the association of producers or handlers from whom the milk was purchased, a record of the utilization of such milk, classified pursuant to section 4.

(2) On or before the 7th day after the end of each delivery period, the quantity. butterfat test, and butterfat pounds of (a) the receipts of milk at each plant from producers, (b) the receipts of milk at each plant from other handlers, (c) the receipts of milk or cream from sources other than producers and handlers, if any, (d) the receipts at each plant of the milk produced by him, if any, and (e) the utilization of all receipts of milk for the delivery period.

(3) On or before the 5th day after the end of each delivery period the information required with respect to producer additions and producer withdrawals, and changes in the names of farm oper-

(4) On or before the 7th day after the end of each delivery period, the sale or disposition of milk outside the marketing area as follows: (a) the amount and the utilization of such milk, (b) the butterfat test thereof, (c) the point of use, (d) the plant from which such milk is shipped, and (e) such other information with respect thereto as the market ad-

ministrator may require.

(5) On or before the 25th day after the end of each delivery period his producer pay roll, which shall show for each producer (a) the total delivery of milk with the average butterfat test thereof, (b) the net amount of payment to such producer made pursuant to section 8, (c) any deductions and charges made by the handler, and (d) such other information with respect thereto as the market administrator may require.

(b) Verification of reports and payments. The market administrator shall verify all reports and payments of each handler by audit of such handler's records, and of the records of any other handler or person upon whose disposition of milk such handler claims classification. Each handler shall keep adequate records of receipts and utilization of milk and shall, during the usual hours of business, make available to the market administrator or his representative such records and facilities as will enable the market administrator to:

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(1) Verify the receipts and disposition of all milk required to be reported pursuant to this section, and, in case of errors or omissions ascertain the correct figures;

(2) Weigh, sample, and test for butterfat content the milk received from producers and any product of milk upon which classification depends; and

(3) Verify the payments to producers prescribed in section 8.

SEC. 4 Classification of milk-(a) Basis of classification. All milk purchased or received by a handler from producers, associations of producers, and other handlers, including milk produced by him, if any, and including milk or cream purchased or received from sources other than producers or handlers, shall be reported by the handler in the classes set forth in paragraph (b) of this section: Provided, That (1) any milk moving as fluid milk from any handler's plant to a plant of a nonhandler who distributes fluid milk shall be classified as Class I milk and any cream moved in the form of cream to such nonhandler shall be classified as Class II milk, except for milk or cream in excess of the amount of Class I or Class II milk distributed by the nonhandler; (2) any milk or cream moving from a handler's plant to a plant of a nonhandler, who does not distribute fluid milk shall be classified according to its use by such nonhandler subject to verification by the market administrator; (3) any milk moving from the handler's plant where the milk was first received from producers to the plant of a second handler, which has manufacturing facilities, shall be Class I milk if moved from the second handler's plant as fluid milk, and Class II if moved as cream; and (4) any milk moving from the handler's plant where the milk was first received from producers to a second handler's plant which has no manufacturing facilities may be classified according to its utilization by a third handler: And provided further. That in the case of the sale of milk or cream by a handler to a person who is a handler under another Federal milk agreement or order, such milk may be classified on a prorata basis.

(b) Classes of utilization. Subject to the conditions set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, the classes of utilization of milk shall be as follows:

(1) Class I milk shall be all milk disposed of in the form of fluid milk, including bulk milk disposed of to bakeries, hotels, restaurants, and other retail food establishments, and all milk not accounted for as Class II milk, Class III milk, or Class IV milk.

(2) Class II milk shall be all milk, except skim milk, disposed of in the form of flavored milk and flavored milk drinks, and all milk, the butterfat from which is disposed of in the form of sweet or sour cream, cottage cheese, and buttermilk (3) Class III milk shall be all milk the butterfat from which is used to produce a milk product other than one of those specified in Class II and Class IV including frozen cream, ice cream, and ice cream mix.

(4) Class IV milk shall be all milk the butterfat from which is used to produce butter and cheese, except cottage cheese, and all milk accounted for as actual plant shrinkage: Provided, That such plant shrinkage shall not exceed 3 percent of the total receipts of milk from producers and from the handler's own production. Any handler whose report claimed the original classification of milk in this class shall be liable under the provisions of section 8 (f) for the difference between the Class IV and Class III prices for the delivery period in which the Class IV classification was claimed on any such milk, if the butterfat used in the production of butter is subsequently used in the production of ice cream or ice cream mix.

(c) Responsibility of handlers in establishing the classification of milk. In establishing the classification of milk as required in paragraph (b) of this section, the responsibilities of handlers in establishing the classification of milk received by them shall be as follows:

(1) In establishing the classification of any milk received by a handler from producers, the burden rests upon the handler who receives the milk from producers to account for the milk and to prove to the market administrator that such milk should not be classified as Class I milk.

(2) With respect to milk, or skimmed milk, disposed of to another handler, the burden rests upon the handler who purchased the milk from producers to account for the milk, or skimmed milk, and to prove to the market administrator that such milk, or skimmed milk, should not be classified as Class I milk: Pro-vided, That if verification by the market administrator discloses a higher utilization than that reported for milk purchased by a handler from a cooperative association, the market administrator shall notify the purchasing handler and such handler shall within 5 days after notification by the market administrator make adjustment to such cooperative association on the basis of such higher utilization as verified by the market administrator.

(d) Computation of milk in each class. For each delivery period, each handler shall compute, in the manner and on forms prescribed by the market administrator, the amount of milk in each class, as defined in paragraph (b) of this section, as follows:

(1) Determine the total pounds of milk (a) received from producers, (b) produced by him, if any, (c) received from other handlers, if any, (d) received from other sources, if any, and (e) add together the resulting amounts.

(2) Determine the total pounds of butterfat received as follows: (a) multiply the weight of the milk received from producers by its average butterfat tests, (b) multiply the weight of the milk produced by him, if any, by its average butterfat test, (c) multiply the weight of the milk received from other handlers, if any, by its average butterfat test, (d) multiply the weight of the milk received from other sources, if any, by its average butterfat test, and (e) add together the resulting amounts.

(3) Determine the total pounds of milk in Class I as follows: (a) convert to quarts the quantity of milk disposed of in the form of milk, and multiply by 2.15, (b) multiply the result by the average butterfat test of such milk, and (c) if the quantity of butterfat so computed when added to the pounds of butterfat in Class II milk, Class III milk, and Class IV milk, computed pursuant to subparagraphs (4) (b), (5) (b), and (6) (c) of this paragraph, is less than the total pounds of butterfat received, computed in accordance with subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, an amount equal to the difference shall be divided by 3.5 percent and added to the quantity of milk determined pursuant to (a) of this subparagraph.

(4) Determine the total pounds of milk in Class II as follows: (a) multiply the actual weight of each of the several products of Class II milk by its average butterfat test, (b) add together the resulting amounts, and (c) divide the result obtained in (b) of this subparagraph by 3.5 percent.

(5) Determine the total pounds of milk in Class III as follows: (a) multiply the actual weight of each of the several products of Class III milk by its average butterfat test, (b) add together the resulting amounts, and (c) divide the result obtained in (b) of this subpara-

graph by 3.5 percent.

(6) Determine the total pounds of milk in Class IV as follows: (a) multiply the actual weight of each of the several products of Class IV milk by its average butterfat test, (b) add together the resulting amounts, (c) subtract the total pounds of butterfat in Class I milk. Class II milk, and Class III milk, computed pursuant to subparagraphs (3) (b), (4) (b), and (5) (b) of this paragraph, and the total pounds of butterfat computed pursuant to (b) of this subparagraph, from the total pounds of butterfat computed pursuant to subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, which resulting quantity shall be allowed as plant shrinkage for the purposes of this paragraph (but in no event shall such plant shrinkage allowance exceed 3 percent of the total receipts of butterfat from producers by the handler) and shall be added to the result obtained in (b) of this subparagraph, and (d) divide the result obtained in (c) of this subparagraph by 3.5 per-

(7) Determine the classification of milk received from producers as follows:

(i) Subtract from the total pounds of milk in each class the total pounds of milk which were received from other handlers and used in such class.

(ii) Subtract from the total pounds of milk in each class the total pounds of milk which were received from sources other than producers and handlers and used in such class.

(iii) Subtract pro rata out of the remaining milk in each class the quantity of milk received from the handler's own farm.

(iv) Except as set forth in paragraph (e) of this section, the result shall be known as the "net pooled milk" in each

(e) Reconciliation of utilization of milk by classes with receipts of milk from producers. In the event of a dif-ference between the total quantity of milk utilized in several classes as computed pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section and the quantity of milk received from producers, except for excess milk or milk equivalent of butterfat pursuant to section 6 (c), such difference shall be

reconciled as follows:

(1) If the total utilization of milk in the various classes for any handler, as computed pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section, is less than the receipts of milk from producers, the market administrator shall increase the total pounds of milk in Class IV for such handler by an amount equal to the difference between the receipts of milk from producers and the total utilization of milk by classes for such handler, which result shall be known as the "net pooled milk" in each class.

(2) If the total utilization of milk in the various classes for any handler, as computed pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section, is greater than the receipts of milk from producers, the market administrator shall decrease the total pounds of milk in Class IV for such handler by an amount equal to the difference between the receipts of milk from producers and the total utilization of milk by classes for such handler, which result shall be known as the "net pooled

milk" in each class.

SEC. 5 Minimum prices-(a) Class (1) Except as set forth in paragraph (d) of this section and subject to the differentials set forth in paragraph (c) of this section, each handler shall pay, at the time and in the manner set forth in section 8, for milk purchased or received by such handler at any plant where accepted from producers, not less than the prices set forth in this paragraph. Any handler who purchases or receives, during any delivery period, milk from a cooperative which is also a handler shall, on or before the 15th day after the end of the delivery period, pay such cooperative association in full for such milk at not less than the minimum class prices, with appropriate differentials, applicable pursuant to this section.

(2) Class I milk. The price per hundredweight for Class I milk during each delivery period shall be the price determined pursuant to paragraph (b) of

this section, plus 65 cents.

(3) Class II milk. The price per hundredweight for Class II milk during each delivery period shall be the price determined pursuant to paragraph (b) of

this section, plus 40 cents.

(4) Class III milk. The price per hundredweight for Class III milk shall be the average, as computed by the market administrator, of basic prices ascertained to have been paid for milk containing 3.5 percent butterfat during the delivery period delivered at the following plants:

Goshen Milk Condensing Co .. Goshen, Ind. Litchfield Creamery Co_____ Warsaw, Ind.
New Paris Creamery Co_____ New Paris, Ind.

Provided, That if any of such plants fails to report the price paid for milk so purchased during the delivery period the price per hundredweight for Class III milk shall be the average computed by the market administrator of prices, as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture, paid during such delivery period to farmers at each of the manufacturing plants or places listed in this subparagraph for which prices are reported, but in no event shall such price be less than the price computed pursuant to subparagraph (5) of this paragraph.

LOCATION OF MANUFACTURING PLANTS AND PLACES

Mount Pleasant, Mich. Sparta, Mich. Hudson, Mich. Wayland, Mich. Coopersville, Mich. Greenville, Wis. Black Creek, Wis. Orfordville, Wis. Chilton, Wis. Berlin, Wis. Richland Center, Wis. Oconomowoc, Wis. Jefferson, Wis. New Glarus, Wis. Belleville, Wis. New London, Wis. Manitowoc, Wis. West Bend, Wis.

(5) Class IV milk. Multiply by 3.5 the average price per pound of 92-score butter at wholesale in the Chicago market, as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture for the delivery period during which such milk was received, and add 20 percent: Provided, That such price shall be subject to the following adjustments: (1) add 31/2 cents per hundredweight for each full one-half cent that the price of dry skim milk for human consumption is above 51/2 cents per pound, or (2) subtract 31/2 cents per hundredweight for each full one-half cent that the price of such dry skim milk is below 51/2 cents per pound. For purposes of determining this adjustment the price per pound of dry skim milk to be used shall be the average of the carlot prices for dry skim milk for human consumption, f. o. b. manufacturing plant, as published by the United States Department of Agriculture for a Chicago area during the delivery period, including in such average the quotations published for any fractional part of the previous delivery period which were not published and available for the price determination of such dry skim milk for the previous delivery period. In the event the United States Department of Agriculture does not publish carlot prices for dry skim milk for human consumption, f. o. b. manufacturing plant, the average of the carlot prices for dry skim milk for human consumption, delivered at Chicago, shall be used. In the latter event the Class IV price shall be subject to the following adjustments: (1) add 31/2 cents per hundredweight for each full one-half cent that the price of dry skim milk for human consumption, delivered at Chicago, is above 71/2 cents per

pound, or (2) subtract 31/2 cents per hundredweight for each full one-half cent that such price of dry skim milk is below

71/2 cents per pound.

(b) Basic formula price to be used in determining Class I and Class II prices. The basic formula price to be used in determining the prices per hundredweight of Class I and Class II milk, set forth in this section, shall be the price for Class III milk determined pursuant to paragraph (a) (4) of this section, the price for Class IV milk determined pursuant to paragraph (a) (5) of this section, or that derived from the following formula, whichever is the highest:

(1) Multiply the average wholesale price per pound of 92-score butter at Chicago for the delivery period as reported by the United States Department

of Agriculture, by six (6);

(2) Add 2.4 times the average weekly prevailing price per pound of "Twins" during the delivery period on the Wisconsin Cheese Exchange at Plymouth, Wisconsin: Provided, That if the price of "Twins" is not quoted on the Wisconsin Cheese Exchange the weekly prevailing price of "Cheddars" shall be deemed to be the prevailing price for "Twins" and shall be used in determining the price pursuant to this formula;

(3) Divide by seven (7), the sum so determined being hereafter referred to in this paragraph as the "combined but-

ter and cheese value";
(4) To the combined butter and cheese value add 30 percent thereof; and

(5) Multiply the sum computed in subparagraph (4) of this paragraph by

(c) Butterfat differential to handlers. If any handler has purchased or received milk from producers containing more or less than 3.5 percent butterfat, such handler shall add or deduct, per hundredweight of milk, for each one-tenth of 1 percent butterfat above or below 3.5 percent, an amount computed as follows: to the average price per pound of 92-score butter at wholesale in the Chicago market, as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture for the delivery period during which the milk was received, add 20 percent and divide the result obtained by 10.

(d) Sales outside the marketing area. (1) The price to be paid by a handler for Class I milk disposed of outside the marketing area, in lieu of the price otherwise applicable pursuant to this section, except as provided in subparagraph (2) of this paragraph, shall be the price, as ascertained by the market administrator, which is being paid for milk of equivalent use in the market where such milk is disposed of: But in no event shall such price be more than 20 cents per hundredweight below the price for Class I milk disposed of within the marketing area.

(2) The price to be paid by a handler for Class I milk, disposed of outside the marketing area, for which no price can be ascertained as provided in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph, including Class I milk disposed of to Government institutions and establishments shall be the price for Class I milk set forth in

section 5 (a) (2), without any adjust-

ment for transportation.

SEC. 6 Application of provisions-(a) Handlers who are also producers. No provisions hereof shall apply to a handler whose sole sources of supply are receipts from his own production and from other handlers, except that such handlers shall make reports to the market administrator at such time and in such manner as the market administrator

may request.

(b) Payment for milk received from sources determined as other than from producers or other handlers. If handler has purchased or received milk or butterfat from sources determined as other than producers or other handlers. the market administrator, in computing the value of milk for such handler pursuant to section 7, shall consider such milk or the milk equivalent of such butterfat as Class IV milk. If the receiving handler uses such milk or butterfat for other than Class IV purposes, such handler shall pay to producer, through the producer-settlement fund, the difference between (a) the value of such milk or butterfat at the Class IV price and (b) the value according to its actual utilization by the handler. This provision shall not apply to milk or butterfat from sources determined as other than producers or handlers, if such handler can prove to the market administrator that such milk or butterfat was used for purposes which did not violate any regulations issued by the various health authorities in the marketing area.

(c) Payment for excess milk or butter-fat. In the event that a handler, after subtracting receipts from his own production, receipts from other handlers, and receipts from sources determined as other than producers or other handlers, has disposed of milk and/or butterfat in excess of the milk and/or butterfat which, on the basis of his reports, has been credited to his producers as having been delivered by them, such handler shall pay to producers, through the producer-settlement fund, the value of such milk and/or the milk equivalent of such butterfat in accordance with its utiliza-

SEC. 7 Determination of uniform price—(a) Net pool obligation of handlers. Subject to the provisions of section 6, the net pool obligation of each handler for milk received from producers during each delivery period shall be a sum of money computed for such delivery period as follows:

(1) Multiply the "net pooled milk" in each class, computed pursuant to section 4, by the class price, with appropriate differentials applicable pursuant to section 5 (c) and (d), and add together

the resulting values.

(2) Deduct, if the average butterfat content of all milk received from producers is in excess of 3.5 percent, and add, if the average butterfat content of all milk received from producers is less than 3.5 percent, the total value of the butterfat differential applicable pursuant to section 8 (b).

(b) Computation of the uniform price. The market administrator shall compute the uniform price per hundred-weight of milk for each delivery period in the following manner:

(1) Combine into one total the net pool obligations of all handlers, computed pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, who made the reports pursuant to section 3 (a) (2) for such delivery period:

(2) Add the amount of cash balance in the producer-settlement fund;

(3) Divide the result by the total quantity of net pooled milk of all handlers whose reports are included in this computation; and

(4) Subtract not less than 4 cents nor more than 5 cents to provide against the contingency of errors in reports and payments or of delinquencies in payments by handlers. The result shall be known as the uniform price for milk containing 3.5 percent butterfat received from producers at plants located within the 70-mile zone.

SEC. 8 Payment for milk-(a) Time and method of payment. On or before the 18th day after the end of each delivery period each handler shall pay each producer, for milk purchased or received during the delivery period, an amount of money representing not less than the total value of such milk, at the uniform price per hundredweight, computed pursuant to section 7 (b) subject to the location adjustment and butterfat differential set forth in this section.

(b) Butterfat differential to producers. For each one-tenth of 1 percent above or below 3.5 percent in average butterfat content of milk delivered by any producer during any delivery period, the uniform price paid to such producer shall be plus or minus, as the case may be, an amount computed as follows: To the average price per pound of 92-score butter at wholesale in the Chicago market, as reported by the United States Department of Agriculture for the delivery period during which the milk was received, add 20 percent and divide the result ob-

tained by 10.

(c) Producer-settlement fund. The market administrator shall establish and maintain a separate fund known as the "producer-settlement fund" into which he shall deposit all payments made by handlers pursuant to paragraphs (e) and (g) and out of which he shall make all payments to handlers pursuant to paragraphs (f) and (g) of this section: Provided, That the market administrator shall offset any such payment due to any handler against payments due from such handler. Immediately after computing the uniform price for each delivperiod, the market administrator shall compute the amount by which each handler's net pool obligation, including the payments to producers which are required to be made pursuant to section 6, is greater or less than the sum obtained by multiplying such handler's net pooled milk by the uniform price and shall enter such amount on each handler's account as such handler's pool debit or pool credit, as the case may be, and render such handler a transcript of his

(d) Payments to the producer-settlement fund. On or before the 16th day after the end of each delivery period each handler shall make full payment to the market administrator of any pool debit balance shown on the account rendered, pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section, for the preceding delivery period.

(e) Payments out of the producer-settlement fund. On or before the 17th day after the end of each delivery period, the market administrator shall pay to each handler the pool credit balance shown on the account rendered, pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section, if any, for the preceding delivery period, less any unpaid obligations of the handler. If at such time the balance in the producer-settlement fund is insufficient to make all payments pursuant to this paragraph, the market administrator shall reduce uniformly such payments and shall complete such payments as soon as the necessary funds are available. No handler who, on the 18th day after the end of each delivery period, has not received the balance of the payment due him from the market administrator shall be deemed to be in violation of paragraph (a) of this section if he reduces his total payments uniformly to all producers by not more than the amount of the reduction in payment from the producer-settlement fund.

(f) Adjustment of errors in payments. Whenever verification by the market administrator of reports or payments of any handler discloses errors made in payments to the producer-settlement fund pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section, the market administrator shall promptly bill such handler for any unpaid amount and such handler shall, within 5 days, make payment to the market administrator of the amount so billed. Whenever verification discloses that payment is due from the market administrator to any handler, pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section, the market administrator shall, within 5 days, make such payment to such handler. ever verification by the market administrator of the payment by a handler to any producer, for milk purchased or received by such handler, discloses payment to such producer of less than is required by this section, the handler shall make up such payment to the producer not later than the time of making payment to producers next following

such disclosure.

SEC. 9 Expense of administration-(a) Payments by handlers. As his prorata share of the expense of the administration hereof each handler, except those handlers exempt from the provisions hereof, shall pay to the market administrator, on or before the 18th day after the end of each delivery period, a sum not exceeding 4 cents per hundredweight with respect to all milk purchased or received by him during such delivery period from producers, from sources other than producers or other handlers, or produced by him, the exact sum to be determined by the market administrator, subject to review by the Secretary: Provided, That each handler, which is a cooperative association, shall pay such prorata share of expense of administration only on that milk of producers actually received at a plant of such cooperative association, or caused to be delivered by such cooperative association to a plant from which no milk or cream is disposed of in the marketing area.

(b) Suits by market administrator. The market administrator may maintain a suit in his own name against any handler for the collection of such handler's prorata share of expense set forth in this section.

Sec. 10 Marketing services-(a) Marketing service deduction. In making payments to producers pursuant to section 8, each handler, with respect to all milk received from each producer during each delivery period, at a plant not operated by a cooperative association of which such producer is a member, shall, except as set forth in paragraph (b) of this section, deduct 3 cents per hundredweight or such lesser amount as the market administrator shall determine to be sufficient, such determination to be subject to review by the Secretary, and shall, on or before the 18th day after the end of such delivery period, pay such deductions to the market administrator. Such moneys shall be expended by the market administrator for verification of weights, samples, and tests of milk received from such producers and in providing for market information to such producers. The market administrator may contract with an association or associations of producers for the furnishing of the whole or any part of such services to, or with respect to, the milk received from such producers.

(b) Marketing service deductions with respect to members of a producers' co-operative association. In the case of producers whose milk is received at a plant not operated by a cooperative association of which such producers are members and for whom a cooperative association is actually performing the services set forth in paragraph (a) of this section, each handler shall, in lieu of the deductions specified in paragraph (a) of this section, make such deductions from payments made pursuant to section 8 as may be authorized by such producers, and pay over on or before the 18th day after the end of each delivery period such deductions to the associations rendering such service of which such producers are members.

Sec. 11 Market advisory committee.
(a) Subsequent to the effective date hereof, the market administrator may select a representative committee of the industry for purposes (1) of recommendation of amendments to this order and (2) for conference, counsel, and advice.

SEC. 12 Effective time, suspension, or termination—(a) Effective time. The provisions hereof, or any amendment hereto, shall become effective at such time as the Secretary may declare and shall continue in force until suspended,

or terminated, pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) Suspension or termination. Any or all of the provisions hereof, or any amendment hereto, shall be suspended or terminated as to any or all handlers after such reasonable notice as the Secretary may give and shall, in any event, terminate whenever the provisions of the act authorizing it cease to be in effect.

(c) Continuing power and duty of the market administrator. If, upon the suspension or termination of any or all provisions hereof there are any obligations arising hereunder the final accrual or ascertainment of which requires further acts by any handler, by the market administrator, or by any other person, the power and duty to perform such further acts shall continue notwithstanding such suspension or termination: Provided, That any such acts required to be performed by the market administrator shall, if the Secretary so directs, be performed by such other person, persons, or agency as the Secretary may designate.

(1) The market administrator, or such other person as the Secretary may designate, shall (a) continue in such capacity until removed by the Secretary, (b) from time to time account for all receipts and disbursements and when so directed by the Secretary deliver all funds on hand, together with the books and records of the market administrator or such person, to such person as the Secretary shall direct, and (c) if so directed by the Secretary, execute assignments or other instruments necessary or appropriate to vest in such person full title to all funds, property, and claims vested in the market administrator or such person pursuant thereto.

(d) Liquidation after suspension or termination. Upon the suspension or termination of any or all provisions hereof the market administrator, or such person as the Secretary may designate. shall, if so directed by the Secretary, liquidate the business of the market administrator's office and dispose of all funds and property then in his possession or under his control, together with claims for any funds which are unpaid or owing at the time of such suspension or termination. Any funds collected pursuant to the provisions hereof, over and above the amounts necessary to meet outstanding obligations and the expenses necessarily incurred by the market administrator or such person in liquidating and distributing such funds, shall be distributed to the contributing handlers and producers in an equitable manner.

SEC. 13 Agents. The Secretary may, by designation in writing, name any officer or employee of the United States, or name any bureau or division of the United States Department of Agriculture, to act as his agent or representative in connection with any of the provisions hereof.

SEC. 14 Liability of handlers. The liability of the handlers hereunder is several and not joint, and no handler shall be liable for the default of any other handler.

SEC. 15 Counterparts and additional parties—(a) Counterparts of marketing agreement. This marketing agreement may be executed in multiple counterparts and when one counterpart is signed by the Secretary all such counterparts shall constitute, when taken together, one and the same instrument, as if all such signatures were obtained in one original.

(b) Additional parties to marketing agreement. After this marketing agreement first takes effect any handler may become a party to this marketing agreement if a counterpart hereof is executed by him and delivered to the Secretary. This marketing agreement shall take effect as to such new contracting party at the time such counterpart is delivered to the Secretary, and the benefits, privileges, and immunities conferred by this marketing agreement shall then be effective as to such new contracting party.

It is hereby declared that an emergency exists in the handling of milk in the aforesaid area which requires a shorter period of notice than fifteen (15) days, and it is hereby determined that the period of notice given is reasonable under the circumstances.

Copies of this notice of hearing may be obtained from the Hearing Clerk, Office of the Solicitor, United States Department of Agriculture, in Room 1331 South Building, Washington, D. C., or may be there inspected.

[SEAL] THOMAS J. FLAVIN,
Assistant to the Secretary
of Agriculture.
APRIL 24, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6443; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:19 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

Wage and Hour Division.

LEARNER EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATES

ISSUANCE TO VARIOUS INDUSTRIES

Notice of issuance of special certificates for the employment of learners under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938.

Notice is hereby given that special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wages lower than the minimum rate applicable under section 6 of the Act are issued under section 14 thereof and § 522.5 (b) of the regulations issued thereunder (August 16, 1940, 5 F.R. 2862) to the employers listed below effective April 19, and 22nd, 1943.

The employment of learners under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions as designated opposite the employer's name. These certificates are issued upon the employers' representations that experienced workers for the learner occupations are not available for employment and that they are actually in need of learners at subminimum rates in order to prevent curtailment of

Acting pursuant to authority delegated by the Secretary of Agriculture under the Act of April 4, 1940 (54 Stat. 81; 7 F.R. 2656).

opportunities for employment. The certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided for in the regulations and as indicated on the certificate. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof.

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NAME AND ADDRESS OF FIRM, PRODUCT, NUMBER OF LEARNERS, LEARNING PERIOD, LEARNER WAGE, LEARNER OCCUPATION, EXPIRATION DATE

Canvas Products Corporation, 19-23 E. McWilliams Street, Fond du Lac, Wisconsin; Canvas Products; 10% of the productive factory workers as learners; 3 weeks for any one learner; 35 cents per hour; Sewing machine operator, presser; expiring July 28, 1943.

Taylor Brothers, Inc., Corner East 1st & Patterson Streets, Winston-Salem, North Carolina; Tobacco; 4 learners; 8 weeks for any one learner; 35 cents per hour; Cappers; expiring October 21, 1943.

hour; Cappers; expiring October 21, 1943.
J. F. Wieder & Son, Macungie, Pennsylvania; Converted Paper Products; 2 learners; 6 weeks for any one learner; 35 cents per hour; Staying machine operator, stripper; expiring October 19, 1943.
Signed at New York, N. Y., this 24th

day of April, 1943.

Merle D. Vincent, Authorized Representative of the Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6416; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:00 a. m.]

LEARNER EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATE NOTICE OF ISSUANCE TO VARIOUS INDUSTRIES

Notice of issuance of special certificates for the employment of learners under the Fair Labor Standards Act of

Notice is hereby given that special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rate applicable under section 6 of the Act are issued under section 14 thereof, Part 522 of the regulations issued thereunder (August 16, 1940, 5 F.R. 2662, and as amended June 25, 1942, 7 F.R. 4725), and the determination and order or regulation listed below and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER as here stated.

Apparel Learner Regulations, September 7, 1940 (5 F.R. 3591), as amended by Administrative Order March 13, 1943 (8 F.R. 3079)

Single Pants, Shirts and Allied Garments, Women's Apparel, Sportswear, Rainwear, Robes and Leather and Sheep-Lined Garments Divisions of the Apparel Industry, Learner Regulations, July 20, 1942 (7 F.R. 4724), as amended by Administrative Order March 13, 1943 (8 F.R. 3079).

Artificial Flowers and Feathers Learner Regulations, October 24, 1940 (5 F.R. 4203). Glove Findings and Determination of Feb-

Glove Findings and Determination of February 20, 1940, as amended by Administrative Order September 20, 1940 (5 F.R. 3748), and as further amended by Administrative Order, March 13, 1943 (8 F.R. 3079).

Hosiery Learner Regulations, September 4, 1940 (5 F.R. 3530), as amended by Administrative Order March 13, '943 (8 F.R. 3079). Independent Telephone Learner Regula-

tions, September 27, 1940 (5 F.R. 3829). Knitted Wear Learner Regulations, October 10, 1940 (5 F.R. 3982), as amended by Administrative Order, March 13, 1943 (8 F.R. 3079). Millinery Learner Regulations, Custom Made and Popular Priced, August 29, 1940 (5 F.R. 3392, 3393).

(5 F.R. 3392, 3393).

Textile Learner Registions, May 16, 1941 (6 F.R. 2446), as amended by Adminstrative Order March 13, 1943 (8 F.R. 3079).

Woolen Learner Regulations, October 30, 1940 (5 F.R. 4302).

Notice of Amended Order for the Employment of Learners in the Cigar Manufacturing Industry, July 20, 1941 (6 F.R. 3753).

The employment of learners under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and to the provisions of the applicable determination and order or regulations cited above. The applicable determination and order or regulation, and the effective and expiration dates of the certificates issued to each employer is listed below. The certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided in the regulations and as indicated in the certificates. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates, may seek a review or reconsideration thereof.

Name and Address of Firm, Industry, Product, Number of Learners and Expiration Date

Apparel Industry

Ware Shoals Manufacturing Company, Ware Shoals, South Carolina; Men's and ladies' handkerchiefs; 5 percent (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944.

Single Pants, Shirts and Allied Garments, Women's Apparel, Sportswear, Rainwear, Robes, and Leather and Sheep-Lined Garments Divisions of the Apparel Industry

Diane Company, 212 S. Market Street, Chicago, Illinois; Ladies' work clothes, slack suits and jackets; 5 learners (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944.

Dorsa Dresses, Incorporated, 808 Washington Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri; Junior dresses; 10 percent (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944

Paula Garrison, 2002 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, Washington; Women's cotton nightwear; 8 learners (T); effective April 22, 1943, expiring April 22, 1944.

Great Lakes Garment Company, North Main Street, Cheboygan, Michigan; Army clothing, children's play suits; 10 percent (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944.

H. H. Hoover Company, Lindeke Building, St. Paul, Minnesota; Nurses' uniforms, utility garments, school blouses and jumpers; 1 learner (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944.

Klever Klad Frocks, Incorporated, 130 East Chestnut Street, Coatesville, Pennsylvania; Women's cotton dresses; 10 learners (A. T.); effective April 22, 1943, expiring October 22, 1943.

Kline-Meyers Manufacturing Company, Incorporated; 340 East Boundary Avenue, York, Pennsylvania; Cotton and flannel work shirts; 10 percent (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944.

Lehigh Sportswear Company, 101 W. White Street, Summit Hill, Pennsylvania; Service apparel; 10 learners

(A. T.); effective April 22, 1943, expiring October 22, 1943.

Lewis Meier and Company, 1002 Central Avenue, Indianapolis, Indiana; Government khaki shorts, men's work pants, shirts, coats, and overalls; 10 percent (T); effective April 21, 1943, expiring April 21, 1944.

H. B. Mennig, 86 Ellicott Street, Buffalo, New York; Wash dresses and house coats; 10 learners (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944.

Lin-Dol Dress Company, 226 S. 11th Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Cotton dresses and blouses; 10 learners (T); effective May 5, 1943, expiring May 5, 1944.

Mt. Carmel Manufacturing Company, 5th and Walnut Street, Mt. Carmel, Pennsylvania; Boys' shirts; 10 percent (T); effective April 22, 1943, expiring April 22, 1944.

Newport Manufacturing Company, 44 Pennsylvania Avenue, Newport, Pennsylvania; Ladies' rayon underwear; 5 learners (T); effective May 5, 1943, expiring May 5, 1944.

Night Comfort, Incorporated, Pine Grove, Pennsylvania; Men's pajamas and sport shirts; 10 learners (T); effective April 22, 1943, expiring October 22, 1943.

Ottenheimer Brothers, Incorporated, 115 Wood Lane, Little Rock, Arkansas; Women's cotton uniforms, dresses and smocks; 15 learners (A. T.); effective April 22, 1943, expiring December 10, 1943.

Primo Pants Company, 1517 Washington Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri; Men's and boys' pants; 10 learners (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944

Progressive Coat and Apron Manufacturing Company, 2701 North Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Washable service apparel, mattress covers and barrack bags; 10 percent (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944.

Sandees Manufacturing Company, 1027 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Boys' clothing; 10 learners (T); effective April 21, 1943, expiring April 21, 1944.

Jules L. Simon, Incorporated, 834 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Illinois; Cotton shorts, jackets and slacks, part wool coats and shirts; 10 percent (T); effective April 22, 1943, expiring April 22, 1944.

Sterling Sportswear Manufacturing Company, 127 E. 9th Street, Los Angeles, California; Pincheck & denim defense suit cotton, ladies' slacks, slack suits, skirts and men's sport shirts; 10 percent (T); effective April 23, 1943, expiring April 23, 1944.

Tiny Grace Frocks (Jack Tobin), I and Ontario Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; 10 percent (T); Children's cotton dresses; effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944.

Irvin U. Yoder, Reinertown, Pennsylvania; Men's cotton fabric shorts; 5 learners (T); effective May 5, 1943, expiring May 5, 1944.

Glove Industry

The Enoch Manufacturing Company, N. Queen Street, Mt. Sterling, Kentucky; Work gloves; 15 learners (A. T.); effective April 22, 1943, expiring October 22, 1943. (This certificate replaces the one bearing the expiration date of June 22, 1943.)

Knoxville Glove Company, Knoxville, Tennessee; Work gloves; 10 percent (T); effective April 23, 1943, expiring October 23, 1943. (This certificate replaces the one you have bearing the expiration date of May 25, 1943).

of May 25, 1943).

Wells Lamont Corporation, Elsberry,
Missouri; Work gloves; 10 learners (T);
effective April 23, 1943, expiring Decem-

ber 10, 1943.

Hosiery Industry

Acme Hosiery Dye Works, Incorporated, Pulaski, Virginia: Full-fashioned hosiery; 10 learners (A. T.); effective April 22, 1943, expiring January 1, 1944.

Atlanta Hosiery Mills, 231 Oakland Avenue S. E., Atlanta, Georgia; Seamless hosiery; 10 learners (A. T.); effective April 22, 1943, expiring October 5, 1943.

Berryville Mills, Incorporated, Berryville, Virginia; Full-fashioned hosiery; 4 learners (T); effective April 26, 1944, expiring April 26, 1944.

Blue Line Hosiery Mills, Incorporated, Denver, Pennsylvania; Full-fashioned hosiery; 5 percent (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944.

Bisher Hosiery Mill, Denton, North Carolina; Seamless hosiery; 10 learners (A. T.); effective April 23, 1943, expiring November 12, 1943.

Holt Hosiery Mills, Incorporated, 232 W. Harden Street, Graham, North Carolina; Full-fashioned hosiery; 5 learners (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944.

Industrial Hosiery Mills, Incorporated, 424 Guilford Street, Lebanon, Pennsylvania; Seamless hosiery; 5 percent (T); effective April 22, 1943, expiring April 22, 1944.

Long Finishing Mills, Incorporated, Trade and Worth Streets, Burlington, North Carolina; Seamless and full-fashioned hosiery; 10 percent (A. T.); effective April 22, 1943, expiring October 22, 1943.

Maycourt Hosiery Mill, Incorporated, Shore Road, Cape May Court House, New Jersey; Full-fashioned hosiery; 5 learners (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944.

Owen Osborne, Incorporated, Gainesville, Georgia; Full-fashioned hosiery; 20 percent (A. T.); effective April 23, 1943, expiring October 23, 1943. (This certificate replaces the one you have bearing the expiration date of June 1, 1943.)

Sterling Hosiery Mills, Incorporated, Spindale, North Carolina; Full-fashioned hosiery: 5 learners (A. T.); effective April 23, 1943, expiring October 23, 1943.

Union Manufacturing Company, Union Point, Georgia; Seamless hosiery; 30 learners (A. T.); effective April 26, 1943, expiring October 26, 1943.

Wallner Silk Hosiery Mills, Incorporated, Pulaski, Virginia; Full-fashioned hosiery; 20 learners (A. T.); effective April 22, 1943, expiring January 25, 1944.

Wil-Tex Hosiery Products Corporation, Villa Rica, Georgia; Seamless hosiery; 12 learners (A. T.); effective April 22, 1943, expiring October 22, 1943.

Knitted Wear Industry

Geissler Knitting Mill, Hemlock Street and Sherman Court, Hazleton, Pennsylvania; Ladies' underwear, Army shirts and sweaters; 20 learners (A. T.); effective April 26, 1943, expiring October 26, 1943.

Kain-Murphy Corporation, Manufacturers Road, Chattanooga, Tennessee; Knitted underwear; 12 learners (A. T.); effective April 22, 1943, expiring December 14, 1943.

Signal Knitting Mills, Manufacturers Road, Chattanooga, Tennessee; Knitted underwear; 25 learners (A. T.); effective April 22, 1943, expiring December 14, 1943.

Independent Telephone Industry

Northern Indiana Telephone Company, North Manchester, Indiana; To employ learners as commercial switchboard operators at its Bourbon exchange, Bourbon, Indiana, until April 26, 1944.

Textile Industry

Bartow Textile Company, Cartersville, Georgia; Bedspreads, bath mats, lids, rugs and robes; 60 learners (A. T.); effective April 21, 1943, expiring October 21, 1943. (This certificate replaces the certificate which expires June 8, 1943.)

- Bernson Silk Mills, Incorporated, Buena Vista, Virginia; rayon and nylon; 7 percent (A. T.); effective April 23, 1943, expiring March 18, 1944.

The Duplan Corporation, 1245 White Street, Winston-Salem, North Carolina; Rayon, nylon and synthetic yarn; 30 learners (A. T.); effective April 22, 1943, expiring October 22, 1943.

The Trion Company, Greymill Plant, Trion, Georgia; Cotton; 3 percent (T); effective April 22, 1943, expiring April 22, 1944.

U. S. Rubber Company, Winnsboro Mills, Winnsboro, South Carolina; Tire cord and yarn; 3 percent (T); effective April 26, 1943, expiring April 26, 1944.

Signed at New York, N. Y., this 24th day of April 1943.

MERLE D. VINCENT, Authorized Representative of the Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6415; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:00 a. m.]

CLYDE SHIRT CO.

NOTICE OF DENIAL OF PETITION

Notice of denial of petition for reconsideration of an order cancelling a special learner certificate.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the Clyde Shirt Company of Northampton, Pennsylvania, dated April 10, 1943 for reconsideration of the order of the undersigned duly authorized representative of the Administrator (8 F.R. 3812) cancelling a special learner certificate is hereby denied for failure to show, as provided by the Regulations, Part 522, § 522.13, that there is additional evidence which may materially affect the decision and that there were reasonable grounds for failure to adduce such evidence in

the original proceedings. The order of cancellation is affirmed.

Signed at New York, New York, this 21st day of April 1943.

ISABEL FERGUSON,
Duly Authorized Representative
of the Administrator,

[F. R. Doc. 43-6414; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:00 a. m.]

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD, [Docket No. 695]

WESTERN AIR LINES, INC.

NOTICE OF HEARING

In the matter of the petition of Western Air Lines, Inc., for an order fixing the fair and reasonable rate of compensation for the transportation of mail by aircraft, the facilities used and useful therefor, and the services connected therewith, over routes Nos. 13, 19, and 52.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 406 and 1001 of said Act, in the above-entitled proceeding, that hearing is assigned to be held on May 18, 1943, 10 a. m. (eastern war time) in Room 3237, Post Office Department, 12th Street and Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner Ross I. Newmann.

Dated Washington, D. C., April 23, 1943. By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL]

FRED A. TOOMBS,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6357; Filed, April 24, 1943; 10:03 a. m.]

OFFICE OF ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN.

[Amendment of Vesting Order 279]

KATHARINA BARTH, ET AL.

Vesting Order Number 279 of October 31, 1942, is hereby amended as follows and not otherwise:

By deleting the figure "16" appearing after the word "Township" in subparagraph (a)-(2) thereof; and by substituting therefor the figure "15".

All other provisions of such Vesting Order Number 279 and all action taken on behalf of the undersigned in reliance thereon, pursuant thereto and under the authority thereof are hereby ratified and confirmed.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on April 20, 1943.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6447; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:30 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 1261]

ESTATE OF ANNA M. SCHMITT BAIER

In re: Estate of Anna M. Schmitt Baier, deceased; File No. D-9-100-28-2049; E. T. sec. 2317.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095 as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation:

Finding that-

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by the Treasurer of the City of New York, as depositary, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, New York County, New York;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany,

namely.

Last known address

Nationals: The heirs at law or next of kin, Germany. executors, administrators, distributees and successors in interest (names unknown) of Marie Sahler-Weber, who died a resident and national of Germany.

The heirs at law or next of kin, Germany. executors, administrators, distributees and successors in interest names unknown) of Anna Petzy Metz, formerly Anna M. Petry, who died a resident and national of Germany. Germany.

Victor Haass

And determining that-

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the heirs at law or next of kin, executors, administrators, distributees and successors in interest (names unknown) of Marie Sahler-Weber, who died a resident and national of Germany, the heirs at law or next of kin, executors, administrators, distributees and successors in interest (names unknown) of Anna Petzy Metz, formerly Anna M. Petry, who died a resident and national of Ger-many and Victor Haass, and each of them, in and to the estate of Anna M. Schmitt Baier, deceased.

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and interests and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property and interests or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together

with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The term "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: April 20, 1943.

LEO T. CROWLEY, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6448; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:30 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 1262]

ESTATE OF LINA BECHTEL

In re: Estate of Lina Bechtel, deceased; File D-66-294; E. T. sec. 2382.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by The Union Trust Com-pany of Pittsburgh, 439 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, Executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Orphans' Court of Beaver County, State of Pennsyl-

(2) Such property and interests are pay-able or deliverable to, or claimed by, na-tionals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Last known address Martha Cabisius_____ Germany. Emma Cabisius_____ Germany. Selma Cabisius_____ Germany. Rosa Henning Germany. Jenny Schneider Germany.
Selma Thube Germany. Annelie Schlemmer_____ Germany. Hans Bechtel_____ Germany. Gretchen Schlemmer____ Germany. Charlotte Hose Germany. Bertha Hose Germany,
Heinz Hose Germany,
Ilse Hose Germany, Fritz Stiebing Germany.
Karl Stiebing Germany.
Bertha Reyher Germany.
Else Nelken Germany. Frieda Rottenken_____ Germany.

And determining that-

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany;

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Or-der or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Martha Ca-bisius, Emma Cabisius, Selma Cabisius, Rosa Henning, Jenny Schneider, Selma Thube, Annelie Schlemmer, Fritz Hose, Jr., Hermann Bechtel, Hans Bechtel, Gretchen Schlem-

mer, Charlotte Hose, Bertha Hose, Heinz Hose, Ilse Hose, Fritz Stiebing, Karl Stiebing, Bertha Reyher, Else Nelken and Frieda Rot-tenken, and each of them, in and to the estate of Lina Bechtel, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: April 20, 1943.

LEO T. CROWLEY, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6449; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:30 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 1263]

ESTATE OF CLARA BECKERT

In re: Estate of Clara Beckert, de-ceased; File D-28-2114; E. T. sec. 2558.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that-

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by the Central Bank, Exec-utor of the estate of Clara Beckert, deceased, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, California; and

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany,

	Last known
Nationals:	address
Frieda Karl	_ Germany.
Agnes Helene Meyer	- Germany.
Pauline Mueller	_ Germany.
Albert Hermann Noetzold	_ Germany.
Ferdinand Noetzold	_ Germany.
Friedrich Hermann Joetzold	Germany.
Herman Richard Noetzold	Germany.
Johannes Ernst Noetzold	- Germany.
Michael Noetzold	- Germany.
Marie Frieda Schmidt	Germany.
Minna Weiss	_ Germany.

And determining that-

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the na-

tional interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany;

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest, and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Frieda Karl, Agnes Helene Meyer, Pauline Meuller, Albert Hermann Noetzold, Ferdinand Noetzold, Friedrich Hermann Noetzold, Hermann Richard Noetzold, Johannes Ernst Noetzold, Michael Noetzold, Marie Frieda Schmidt and Minna Weiss, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Clara Beckert, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: April 20, 1943

LEO T. CROWLEY, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6450; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:30 a. m.l

[Vesting Order 1264]

ESTATE OF ISAAC BERG

In re: Estate of Isaac Berg, deceased; File No. D-9-100-28-5206; E. T. sec. 1463.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act as amended, and Executive Order No. 9095 as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that-

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the proc-ess of administration by Lee B. Sonneborn, Executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court, New York County, New York, and

(2) Such property and interests are paya-

ble or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Last known Nationals: adaress Bielefeld, Germany, Helen Beifuss. (Buchheim) Gutersloh, Germany.

And determining that-

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Helen Beifuss and Jenny (Buchheim) Daltrop, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Isaac Berg, deceased.

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United

Such property and interests and any or all of the proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property and interests or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: April 20, 1943.

LEO T. CROWLEY, ISEAL! Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6451; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:30 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 1265]

ESTATE OF HEINERICK BREMER

In re: Estate of Heinerick Bremer, deceased; File D-28-2150; E.T. sec. 2729.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095 as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation.

Finding that-

The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by Phil C. Katz, Administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County and City of San Francisco;

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, namely,

Last known Nationals: address Adelheid Bremer___ Germany. Child or children of Heinerick Germany, Bremer, deceased, names un-known, entitled to receive

the estate or any portion thereof.

And determining that-

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany, and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Adelheid Bremer and the child or children of Heinerick Bremer deceased, names unknown, entitled to receive the estate or any portion thereof, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Heinerick Breme, deceased,

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held, in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian to return such not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: April 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6452; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:31 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 1266]

ESTATE OF ELIZABETH BURKHART

In re: Estate of Elizabeth Burkhart, deceased; File D-28-2149; E. T. sec. 2763.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation.

Finding that-

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by the California Trust Company, Executor and Trustee, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Los Angeles.

(2) Such property and interests are payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany,

namely,

1	Last known
Nationals:	address
Babette Natter	Germany.
Elise Natter	Germany.
The children, names unknown	Germany.
of Elsie Natter.	
Margarete Heugele	Germany.
Emma Keckh	Germany.
The children, names unknown	Germany.
of Frame Kackh	
Ursula Finckh	Germany.
The children, names unknown	Germany
of Ursula Finckh.	Committee .
Christian Basler	Germany
Johanes Basler	Germany
The wife, name unknown, of	Germany.
Johanes Basler.	Cicimany.
Johanes Basier.	Commons
The children, names unknown,	Germany.
The children, names unknown, of Johanes Basler. Marie Bauerle	Commons
Marie Bauerie	Germany.
Brothers and sisters, names un-	Germany.
known of Marie Bauerie.	-
known of Marie Bauerle. Elise Sapper	Germany.
The children and heirs, names	Germany.
unknown, of Elise Sapper. Mathilde Dompert The children, names unknown,	-1 3
Mathilde Dompert	Germany.
The children, names urknown,	Germany.
of Mothilda Domport	
Christian Beidenbach The children, names unknown,	Germany.
The children, names unknown,	Germany.
of Christian Beidenbach.	VERNING STATE
Otto Natter	Germany.
The children, names unknown,	Germany.
of Otto Natter.	1 1 - 0 - 5 1-
Klara Kittelberger	Germany.
The children names unknown	Germany
of Klara Kittelberger. Ernst Finckh	
Ernst Finckh	Germany.
The children, names unknown,	Germany.
of Ernst Finckh.	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
Paul Finckh	Germany
The children, names unknown,	Germany
of Paul Finckh.	
Karl Finckh	Germany
The children, names unknown,	Germany.
of Karl Finckh.	Germany.
	Commons
Elise Meck The children, names unknown,	Germany.
	Germany.
of Elise Meck.	~
Margarete Finckh	Germany.
The children, names unknown,	Germany.
of Margarete Finckh.	
Hellmuth Basler	Germany.
The children, names unknown,	Germany.
of Hellmuth Basler.	
Oskar Basler	Germany.
The children, names unknown,	Germany.
of Oskar Basler.	The second second second

And determining that-

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Babette Natter, Elise Natter, the children, names un-

known, of Elise Natter, Margarete Heugele, Emma Keckh, the children, names unknown, of Emma Keckh, Ursula Finckh, the children, names unknown, of Ursula Finckh, Christian Basler, Johanes Basler, the wife, name un-Basier, Johanes Basier, the wife, name un-known, of Johanes Basier, the children, names unknown, of Johanes Basier, Marie Bauerle, brothers and sisters, names un-known, of Marie Bauerle, Elise Sapper, the children and heirs, names unknown, of Elise Sapper, Mathilde Dompert, the children, names unknown, of Mathilde Dompert, Chris-tian Beidenbach, the children, names unknown, of Mathilde Dompert, Christian Beidenbach, the children, names un-known, of Christian Beidenbach, Otto Natter, the children, names unknown, of Otto Natter, Klara Kittelberger, the children, names un-known, or Klara Kittelberger, Ernst Finckh, the children, names unknown, of Ernst Finckh, Paul Finckh, the children, names unknown, of Paul Finckh, Karl Finckh, the children, names unknown, of Karl Finckh, Elise Meck, the children, names unknown, of Elise Meck, Margarete Finckh, the children, names unknown, of Margarete Finckh, Hellmuth Basler, the children, names un-known, of Hellmuth Basler, Oskar Basler, and the children, names unknown, of Oskar Basler, and each of them, in and to the estate of Elizabeth Burkhart, deceased, and in and to the trust estate created under the will of Elizabeth Burkhart, deceased.

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: April 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6453; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:31 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 1267]

ESTATE OF HENRY J. CASTROP

In re: Estate of Henry J. Castrop, deceased; File D-28-2151; E. T. sec. 2730.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation,

Finding that-

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by the Security First National Bank, Executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of Los Angeles County, California; (2) Such property and interests are pay-

able or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany,

namely,

	Last known
Nationals:	address
Mary Breckwoldt	- Germany.
Ernst Gunther Schoning	_ Germany
Walter Schoning	_ Germany.
Elsie Schoning	_ Germany.

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a

designated enemy country, Germany; and

And determining that-

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest,

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Mary Breckwoldt, Ernst Gunther Schoning, Walter Schoning and Elsie Schoning, and each of them, in and to the Estate of Henry J. Castrop. deceased.

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be paid.

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the late hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order.

Dated: April 20, 1943.

[SEAL] LEO T. CROWLEY,
Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc 43-6454; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:31 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 1268]

ESTATE OF JOHN DIBBERN

In re: Estate of John Dibbern (John Dibberu), deceased; File D-28-2999; E. T. sec. 2586.

Under the authority of the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and Executive Order 9095, as amended, and pursuant to law, the Alien Property Custodian after investigation.

Finding that-

(1) The property and interests hereinafter described are property which is in the process of administration by the Wells Fargo Bank & Union Trust Company, San Francisco, Cali-fornia, acting under the judicial supervision of the Superior Court of Alameda County, California;

(2) Such property and interests are pay-able or deliverable to, or claimed by, nationals designated enemy country. Germany,

	Last known
Nationals:	address
Katharina Jarren	_ Germany.
Margaretha Gruber	Germany.
Anna Hein	Germany.
Child or children, names un-	- Germany.
known, of Katharina Jarren	
Margaretha Gruber and Anna	1
Hein.	

And determining that-

(3) If such nationals are persons not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country, Germany; and

Having made all determinations and taken all action, after appropriate consultation and certification, required by said Executive Order or Act or otherwise, and deeming it necessary in the national interest.

Now, therefore, the Alien Property Custodian hereby vests the following property and interests:

All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Katharina Jarren, Margaretha Gruber, Anna Hein and the child or children, names unknown, of Katharina Jarren, Margaretha Gruber and Anna Hein, and each of them, in and to the Estate of John Dibbern (John Dibberu), deceased.

to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

Such property, and any or all of the proceeds thereof, shall be held in an appropriate special account or accounts, pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the powers of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu, thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return should be made or such compensation should be

Any person, except a national of a designated enemy country, asserting any claim arising as a result of this order may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for a hearing thereon, on Form APC-1, within one year from the date hereof, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of said Executive Order

Dated: April 20, 1943.

[SEAL]

LEO T. CROWLEY, Alien Property Custodian.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6455; Filed, April 26, 1943; 11:31 a. m.1

OFFICE OF DEFENSE TRANSPORTA-TION.

[Special Order ODT B-42]

COORDINATED OPERATION BETWEEN AT-LANTIC CITY, N. J., AND PHILADELPHIA,

PUBLIC SERVICE INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION CO., QUAKER CITY BUS CO.

Upon consideration of the application for authority to coordinate motor vehicle service in the transportation of passengers filed with the Office of Defense Transportation by Public Service Transportation Company, Newark, New Jersey, and Quaker City Bus Company, Camden, New Jersey, pursuant to \$ 501.49 of General Order ODT 11, as amended (7 F.R. 4389, 11099), and in order to assure maximum utilization of the facilities, services, and equipment of common carriers of passengers by motor vehicle, and to conserve and providently utilize vital equipment, material and supplies, the attainment of which purposes is essential to the successful prosecution of the war, It is hereby ordered, That:

1. Quaker City Bus Company, Camden, New Jersey, and Public Service Interstate Transportation Company, Newark, New Jersey (hereinafter called "carriers"), respectively, in the transportation of passengers on the routes served by them between Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and Atlantic City, New Jersey, as common carriers by motor vehicle, shall:

(a) Honor each other's tickets between all points common to their lines where equal fares apply and divert to each other traffic routed between such points for the purpose of relieving overloads and reducing the operation of additional equipment in extra sections;

(b) Adjust and establish schedules to eliminate duplication of times of departure of the respective carriers and provide reasonable frequency of service

throughout the day;

- (c) Wherever practicable eliminate duplicate depot facilities and commission ticket agencies and, in lieu thereof, utilize joint depot facilities and joint commission ticket agencies. Contracts, agreements, and arrangements for any such joint facilities and agencies shall not extend beyond the effective period of this order. At such depot facilities and commission ticket agencies used jointly by the carriers, service, travel information, and ticket sales shall be impartial, without preference or discrimination for or against either of such carriers.
- 2. During the effective term of this order, between Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and Atlantic City, New Jersey, the aggregate daily through service operated by the carriers shall not exceed:
- (a) Thirty (30) round trip schedules for the period, October 1 through May 28;
- (b) Thirty-two (32) round trips schedules for the period, May 29 through June 24;
- (c) Forty-eight (48) round trip schedules for the period, June 25 through September 15:

(d) Thirty-two (32) round trip schedules for the period, September 16 through September 30.

3. (a) Public Service Interstate Transportation Company shall operate 85 % % of the combined scheduled trips or scheduled mileage between Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and Atlantic City, New Jersey, and Quaker City Bus Company shall operate 14%% of such scheduled

trips or scheduled mileage;

(b) Public Service Interstate Transportation Company shall pay to Quaker City Bus Company 90% of the amount of revenue collected by it from scheduled transportation that is in excess of 85 5/7 % of the combined gross revenue of the carriers from said transportation and Quaker City Bus Company shall pay to Public Service Interstate Transportation Company 90% of the amount of revenue collected by it from scheduled transportation that is in excess of 143/4% of such combined gross revenue:

(c) The combined revenue of extra sections or trips operated by Public Service Interstate Transportation Company and Quaker City Bus Company shall be divided at the end of each month in direct proportion to the number of extra sections operated by each of them.

4. The term "round-trip schedule" means the regular operation of a bus (including any extra bus or buses operated in connection therewith) at a stated time over a fixed route from the starting point where passengers are first permitted to board the bus to the point served most distant therefrom and return to

the starting point.

5. The provisions of this order shall not be so construed or applied as to require either carrier to perform any service beyond its transportation capacity. or to permit either carrier to alter its legal liability to any passenger. In the event compliance with any term of this order would conflict with, or would not be authorized under, the existing interstate or intrastate operating authority of either carrier, such carrier shall apply forthwith to the appropriate regulatory body or bodies for the granting of such operating authority as may be requisite to compliance with the terms of this order, and shall prosecute such application with all possible diligence. The coordination of operations directed by this order shall be subject to the carriers' possessing or obtaining the requisite operating authority.

6. Each of the carriers shall file a copy of this order forthwith with the appropriate regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction over any operations affected by this order, and shall likewise file, and publish in accordance with law, and continue in effect until further order, tariffs or supplements to filed tariffs, setting forth any changes in rates, charges, operations, rules, regulations and practices of the carrier which may be neces-sary to accord with the provisions of this order; and forthwith shall apply to such regulatory body or bodies for special permission for such tariffs or supplements to become effective on one day's

7. Communications concerning this order should be addressed to the Division of Local Transport, Office of Defense Transportation, Washington, D. C., and should refer to "Special Order ODT

B-42".

This order shall become effective May 6, 1943, and shall remain in full force and effect until the termination of the present war shall have been duly proclaimed, or until such earlier time as the Office of Defense Transportation by further order may designate.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 22nd

day of April 1943.

Joseph B. Eastman, Director, Office of Defense Transportation.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6331; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:17 p. m.]

OFFICE OF PRICE ADMINISTRATION.

[Order 8 Under MPR 74, as Amended]

DARLING AND COMPANY

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 8 under § 1363.62 (a) (5) (ii) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 74, as amended—Animal Product Feedingstuff.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and pursuant to the provisions of § 1363.62 (a) (5) (ii) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 74, as amended, It is hereby ordered:

(a) Approval of maximum prices for sales of meat scraps containing 52 per

cent protein.

Darling and Company, Milsom Plant, Buffalo, New York, may sell and deliver and any person may buy and receive from Darling and Company, meat scraps containing 52 per cent protein at a maximum price not to exceed \$67.30 per ton, f. o. b. production plant, located in Zone 6 at Buffalo, New York.

(b) Price adjustments where actual analysis differs from guaranteed mini-

mum protein content.

In any sale made pursuant to the provisions of this order, if the actual analysis differs from the guaranteed minimum percentage of protein permitted by this order, the following shall apply.

(1) If the protein content is above the guaranteed minimum percentage of protein, no increase in the maximum price is

permitted.

(2) If the protein content is one per cent or less below the guaranteed minimum percentage, deduct \$1.50 per ton

from the selling price.

(3) If the protein content is more than one per cent below the guaranteed minimum percentage of protein deduct from the selling price \$1.50 per ton for the first one per cent and \$3.00 per ton for each additional per cent or fraction thereof.

(c) Notification of maximum prices. Darling and Company shall provide the following notice of the maximum price established by this order with the first delivery to each buyer of meat scraps having a guaranteed minimum protein content of 52 per cent.

The Office of Price Administration has permitted us to sell meat scraps with a guaran-

teed minimum protein content of 52 per cent at a maximum price of \$67.30 per ton, f.o. b. our production plant, Buffalo, New York, which is in line with the maximum price established for the product by Maximum Price Regulation 74, as amended. The Office of Price Administration has not permitted you or any other seller to raise maximum prices for sales of meat scraps.

(d) This Order No. 8 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This Order No. 8 shall become effective April 26, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6361; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:46 a. m.]

[Order 15 Under MPR 163]

JAMESTOWN WORSTED MILLS COMPANY
ESTABLISHMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 15 under § 1410.119 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 163— Woolen and Worsted Civilian Apparel Fabrics.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion in support of this order, issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and in accordance with Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1 issued by the Office of Price Administration, It is ordered:

(a) On and after April 26, 1943, the maximum prices at which the Jamestown Worsted Mills Company, of Jamestown, New York, may sell and deliver the fabrics specified below shall be:

Style No. of fab- rics	Specifications	Maxi- mum prices (per yard)
003	All wool twist; 58 inches in width; 11-11½ ounces in weight; 34 ends; 34 picks; 2/22's yarn count; 34's wool-25%, 44's wool-75%	\$2, 20
600	Men's wear twill suiting; 58 inches in width; 13-13½ ounces in weight; 50 ends; 56 picks; 2/24 x 1/16 yarn count; 3½'s wool-25%, 44's wool-75%.	2,40

(b) If decorations are added to such fabrics, the maximum prices therefor established in paragraph (a) of this order shall be increased or decreased in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (h) of § 1410.102 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 163.

(c) The maximum prices established

(c) The maximum prices established by this order shall be subject to adjustment at any time by the Office of Price

Administration.

(d) This order may be amended or revoked at any time by the Office of Price Administration. This order shall become effective April 26, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,

Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6362; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:46 a. m.]

[Order 286 Under MPR 188]

L. A. BERMAN AND COMPANY

APPROVAL OF A MAXIMUM PRICE

Order No. 286 Under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188—Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Building Materials and Consumers' Goods Other Than Apparel.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250. It is ordered:

(a) L. Berman and Company, 112-114 N. W. First Street, Evansville, Indiana, may sell and deliver its new wooden lunch box at a price no higher than \$1.125 each, subject to discounts, allowances and terms no less favorable than those customarily granted by it.

(b) This Order No. 286 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator

at any time.

(c) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in § 1499.20 of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to the terms used herein.

This Order No. 286 shall become effective on the 26th day of April 1943.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6363; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:49 a. m.]

[Order 288 Under MPR 188]
- MENDENHALL MANUFACTURING CO.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 288 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188—Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Building Materials and Consumers' Goods Other Than Apparel.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, It is ordered:

(a) This Order No. 288 sets maximum prices for sales of a new wooden ironing board manufactured by Mendenhall Manufacturing Co., 817 South Palm Avenue, Alhambra, California.

(1) For sales by the manufacturer to retailers, the maximum price is \$2.50 f. o. b. Alhambra, California.

(2) For a sale at retail, the maximum

price is \$4.25.

(b) To every wooden ironing board to be shipped to a purchaser for resale, the manufacturer shall attach a tag or label which plainly states the retail ceiling price.

(c) The manufacturer shall notify each purchaser for resale of the wood ironing board of the maximum price set by this Order No. 288 for resales by the purchaser. This notice shall be given at or prior to the first invoice to each pur-

chaser, and may be given in any convenient form.

(d) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in § 1499.20 of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to the terms used

(e) This Order No. 288 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This Order No. 288 shall become effective on the 26th day of April 1943.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6364; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:48 a. m.]

[Order 25 Under MPR 157]

CROWN CURTAIN MILLS, INC.

ORDER GRANTING ADJUSTMENT

Order No. 25 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 157-Sales and Fabrication of Textiles, Apparel and Related Articles for Military Purposes; Docket No. 3157-44.

For the reasons set forth in the opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and in accordance with Procedural Regulation No. 6, It is hereby ordered:

(a) Crown Curtain Mills, Inc., 23rd Street and Allegheny Avenue, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, may sell and supply and any person may buy and receive from it the following fabrication service at a price not in excess of that set forth

> Maximum price (cents per bar)

Service The fabricating of mosquito bars of the same type and in the same manner as that furnished pursuant to contract W669 QM-18984.

(b) This Order No. 25 may be revoked or amended at any time by the Office of Price Administration.
(c) This Order No. 25 shall be effec-

tive as of November 2, 1942.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871, E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6393; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:41 p. m.]

[Order 13 Under MPR 163, Amendment 1]

RIVER MILLS, INCORPORATED

ESTABLISHMENT OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. 13 under § 1410.119 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 163-Woolen and Worsted Civilian Apparel Fabric.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion in support of this Amendment, issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, paragraph (a) of Order No. 13 is hereby amended to include a maximum price for fabric, style #2000, reading as fol-

(a) On and after April 26, 1943, the maximum price at which the River Mills, Incorporated, Fall River, Massachusetts, may sell and deliver the fabric specified below shall be:

Style No. of fabric

Specifications

Maximum. price (per yard)

2000 Women's wear crepe coating; 57-58 inches in width; 18 ounces in weight; 35 ends; 28 picks; 1¾ 12½ run____ \$3.00

This amendment to Order No. 13 shall become effective April 26, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943. PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6390; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:40 p. m.]

> [Order 287 Under MPR 188] BERRY MANUFACTURING CO.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 287 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188-Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Materials and Consumers' Building Goods Other Than Apparel.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, It is ordered:

(a) Berry Manufacturing Co., 228 Sanford Street, Brooklyn, New York, is authorized to sell and deliver its various wood and cardboard toys, described in its application of March 8, 1943, at prices, f. o. b. Brooklyn, New York, no higher than those set forth below:

To jobbers To retailers Wagon #10 ... __ \$7.50 gross \$8.16 gross 8.16 gross Doll Bed #12__ 7.20 gross Clown #257___ Ring Toss #260_ 1.50 dozen 1.80 dozen 1.50 dozen 1.80 dozen 2.85 dozen Clown #557____ 3.50 dozen

(b) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective April 26, 1943,

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6391; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:41 p. m.]

[Order 289 Under MPR 188]

CROW COMPANY

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Approval of maximum prices for sales of a new wooden garden hose reel manufactured by the Crow Company.

Order No. 289 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188— Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Building Materials and Consumers' Goods Other Than Apparel.

For the reasons set forth in an opin-

ion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, It is ordered:

(a) This Order No. 289 sets maximum prices for sales of a new wooden garden hose reel manufactured by the Crow Company, 3016 E. 132nd Street, Cleveland, Ohio, and described in its application dated February 23, 1943.

(1) For sales by the manufacturer to retailers, the maximum price is \$1.95.

(2) For a sale at retail, the maximum

price is \$2.95. (b) To every wooden garden hose reel

to be shipped to a purchaser for resale, the manufacturer shall attach a tag or label which plainly states the retail ceil-Ing price.

(c) The manufacturer shall notify every purchaser for resale of the wooden garden hose reel of the maximum prices set by this Order No. 289 for resales by the purchaser. This notice shall be given at or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser and may be given in any convenient form.

(d) This Order No. 289 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator

at any time.

(e) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in § 1499.20 of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to the terms used herein.

This Order No. 289 shall become effective April 26, 1943.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN, Administrator.

[F. R. Doc, 43-6394; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:41 p. m.]

> [Order 290 Under MPR 188] SHURTLEFF TABLE COMPANY ORDER GRANTING ADJUSTMENT

Order No. 290 under § 1499.161 (a) (1) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Building Materials and Consumers' Goods Other Than Apparel.

For the reasons appearing in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and
filed with the Division of the Federal
Register and pursuant to the authority
vested in the Administrator by the
Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as
amended, and by Executive Order No.
9250, It is hereby ordered:

(a) Ralph F. Bernays and Frank L.
Tarleton, doing business as Shurtleff

(a) Ralph F. Bernays and Frank L. Tarleton, doing business as Shurtleff Table Company at 2288 East 48th Street, Vernon, California, may sell and deliver the tables listed herein at prices no higher than those set forth below:

	Maximum
Model and Style:	Price
No. 50, Cotton felt top	\$14.34
No. 50, Leatherette top	
No. 50, Wool felt top	16.18
No. 50A, Cotton felt top	
No. 50A, Leatherette top	
No. 50A, Wool felt top	15.08
No. 50B, Cotton felt top	12.84
No. 50B, Leatherette top	
No. 50B, Wool felt top	14.68
No. 51, Cotton felt top	14.74
No. 51, Leatherette top	15.17
No. 51, Wool felt top	16.58
No. 100, Cotton felt top	18.30
No. 100, Leatherette top	18.72
No. 100, Wool felt top	

(b) This Order No. 290 may be revoked or amended by the Administrator at any time.

(c) This Order No. 290 shall become effective April 26, 1943.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6392; Filed, April 24, 1943; 12:41 p. m.]

[Order 30 Under RPS 57, Amendment 1]

ROXBURY CARPET CO.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. 30 under Revised Price Schedule No. 57—Wool Floor Coverings.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and by virtue of the authority vested in the Price Administrator under the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, Order No. 30 is amended to read "Hopedale" in all places where it now reads "Hinsdale".

This amendment shall become effective on the 26th day of April 1943.

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6365; Filed, April 24, 1943; 11:48 a. m.]

[Order 1 Under MPR 94]

A. L. KOELZER LUMBER COMPANY

ORDER GRANTING ADJUSTMENT IN PRICES

Order No. 1 under § 1381.508 (a) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 94Western Pine and Associated Species of Lumber; Docket No. 3094-2.

Upon consideration of the application, and for the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith, pursuant to Procedural Regulation No. 6 and Maximum Price Regulation No. 94, It is ordered:

(a) The A. L. Koelzer Lumber Company, of Austin, Texas, is hereby authorized to enter into, offer to enter into, and carry out, prime contracts with the United States or any agency thereof, for sale and delivery of Ponderosa, Western, or Mexican pine lumber (as defined in Maximum Price Regulation No. 94) produced in and imported from Mexico, at delivered prices not more than \$6.50 per MBM in excess of the maximum delivered prices established by Maximum Price Regulation No. 94 for such lumber.

(b) All prayers of the application not

herein granted are denied.

(c) This Order No. 1 may be revoked or amended by the Administrator at any time.

(d) This Order No. 1 shall be effective April 27, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 26th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6422; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:10 a. m.]

[Order 18 Under Rev. MPR 125]

WICHITA FALLS FOUNDRY AND MACHINE CO., INC.

ORDER ADJUSTING MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 18 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 125—Nonferrous Castings; Docket No. 3125-44.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Order No. 9250 and § 1395.12 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 125, It is hereby ordered:

(a) The Wichita Falls Foundry and Machine Co., Inc., Wichita Falls, Texas, hereinafter referred to as "the applicant" may sell and deliver to any person and any person may buy and receive from the applicant nonferrous castings produced by the applicant the same, or of the same class, as those sold or con-tracted to be sold by the applicant during the period from October 1 to October 15, 1941, inclusive, and those sold, contracted to be sold or delivered by the applicant during the period from May 11, 1942 to January 31, 1943, inclusive, at the maximum prices prescribed by § 1395.3 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 125: Except, that in determining the maximum prices of nonferrous castings under that section the applicant need not make the reductions required by paragraph (b) of that sec(b) The terms used in this order shall have the meaning given them by Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 125.

(c) All prayers in the applicant's application for adjustment (Docket No. 3125-44) not granted herein are hereby denied.

(d) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective as of March 20, 1943.

Issued this 26th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6419; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:11 a. m.]

[Order 27 Under MPR 136, as Amended]

ROBERTS TRACTOR & EQUIPMENT Co.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 27 under Maximum Price Regulation No. 136, as amended—Machines and Parts, and Machinery Services; Docket No. S. O. 28-186.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to and under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, Executive Order No. 9250, § 1390.25a (b) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 136, as amended, and Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1, It is hereby ordered:

(a) Roberts Tractor & Equipment Co. of Dodge City, Kansas is hereby authorized to charge \$1.75 per hour for straight time and \$2.25 for overtime for the machinery services it performs in the repair, rebuilding, and maintenance of machines and parts.

(b) To the extent that the application filed by Roberts Tractor & Equipment Co. has not been granted, the application is

(c) This order may be revoked or amended by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This order shall become effective April 27, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871; E.O. 9328, 8 F.R. 4681)

Issued this 26th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6417; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:17 a. m.]

[Order 161 Under MPR 188 Amendment 1]

JOHNS-MANVILLE SALES CORP.

AUTHORIZATION TO DETERMINE MAXIMUM
PRICES

Amendment No. 1 to Order No. 161 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188—Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Building Materials and Consumers' Goods Other Than Apparel.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed

with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, paragraph (b) (5) is amended by adding the following to the list of types of products:

Asbestos protective clothing. Asbestos safety curtains. Marine equipment.

This amendment shall become effective April 27, 1943.

Issued this 26th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6423; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:09 a. m.]

[Order 292 Under MPR 188] Frank L. Pollard Co.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 292 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188— Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Building Materials and Consumers' Goods Other Than Apparel.

Approval of maximum prices for sale by the Frank L. Pollard Company of baby cribs.

For reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, It is ordered:

(a) The Frank L. Pollard Company of 24th Street at Union, Oakland, California, may sell and deliver the baby cribs listed herein at prices no higher than those set forth below:

#500	Crib	\$6.95
#501	Orib	8. 11
	Crib	8,70
	Crib	8.97
		10.97
	Crib	13.95

(b) Within one hundred and twenty days after the effective date of this Order No. 292 Frank L. Pollard Company shall file with the Office of Price Administration, Washington, D. C. a detailed profit and loss statement and a breakdown of actual unit costs of manufacturing the baby cribs listed above for the ninety days immediately following the effective date of this Order No. 292.

(c) This Order No. 292 shall be subject to adjustment if the Frank L. Pollard Company's actual operating figures for the ninety day period mentioned in paragraph (b) show that costs are substantially different from the projected costs upon which the maximum prices have been based, and this Order No. 292 may be revoked or amended by the Office of Price Administration at any time.

This Order No. 292 shall become effective on the 27th day of April, 1943.

Issued this 26th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6427; Filed, April 26, 1948; 10:10 a. m.]

[Order 293 Under MPR 188]

B & M MANUFACTURING CO.

AUTHORIZATION OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 293 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188— Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Building Materials and Consumers' Goods Other Than Apparel.

Maximum prices for certain new games manufactured by B & M Manufacturing Company.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, It is ordered:

(a) B & M Manufacturing Company, 4412 Donovan Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri, is authorized to sell and deliver its new games, described in its application of February 25, 1943, at prices to retailers, f. o. b. St. Louis, Missouri, no higher than those set forth below:

Pe	rdozen
"Rondo"	\$18.00
"Opportunity"	12.60
"Spiral Checkers"	6.00
"Jungle Race"	5.40
"Tell-A-Plane"	4.20
"Golden Duckets"	1.80
"Auxiliary Sets for Tell-A-Plane"	1.80

(b) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective April 27, 1943.

Issued this 26th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6428; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:10 a. m.]

[Order 294 Under MPR 188]
NORCOR MANUFACTURING CO.
APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 294 Under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188—Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Building Materials and Consumers' Goods Other Than Apparel.

Approval of maximum price for sale by Norcor Manufacturing Company of folding card table and folding chairs.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, It is ordered:

(a) Norcor Manufacturing Company, Green Bay, Wisconsin, may sell and deliver the folding card tables and chairs listed herein at prices f. o. b. Green Bay Wisconsin, no higher than those set forth below:

			Each
(1)	#9	Table	84.25
(2)	#95	Chair	2.85
		Chair	0 00

(b) This Order No. 294 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This Order No. 294 shall become effective on the 27th day of April 1943.

Issued this 26th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,
Administrator,

[F. R. Doc. 43-6429; Filed, April 26, 1943[10:10 a. m.]

[Order 295 Under MPR 188] TOLEDO MILLWORK Co.

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 295 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188—Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Building Materials and Consumers' Goods Other Than Apparel.

Approval of maximum prices for three new wooden toys, manufactured by A. W.

Reiser.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register, and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250, It is ordered:

(a) A. W. Reiser, Toledo Millwork Company, 1704 Oakwood Avenue, Toledo, Ohio, is authorized to sell and deliver his new wooden toys, described in his application of March 24, 1943 at prices to retailers, f. o. b. Toledo, Ohio, no higher than those set forth below:

(b) This order may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator at any time.

This order shall become effective April 27, 1943.

Issued this 26th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN,

Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6418; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:10 a. m.]

[Order 296 Under MPR 188]

E. A. MYERS AND SONS

APPROVAL OF MAXIMUM PRICES

Order No. 296 under § 1499.158 of Maximum Price Regulation No. 188—Manufacturers' Maximum Prices for Specified Building Materials and Consumers' Goods Other Than Apparel.

Approval of maximum prices for sales of two new hearing aid battery conversion units and replacement cords manufactured by E. A. Myers and Sons.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and filed with the Division of the Federal Register and pursuant to the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, and Executive Order No. 9250.

It is ordered:

(a) The maximum price for all sales (including sales by the manufacturer, sales at wholesale, and sales at retail) of the two new Radioear Hearing Aid Battery Conversion Units, to be known as Parts P-1017 and P-1027, manufactured by E. A. Myers and Sons, Radioear Building, 306 Beverly Road, Mt. Lebanon, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, is \$.63 per

(b) The maximum price for replacement of the cord used in the above battery conversion units is \$.20 per unit, less the seller's customary discounts from list prices of Radioear Hearing Aid products.

(c) At or prior to the first invoice to each purchaser for resale after April 26, 1943 the manufacturer shall notify the purchaser of the maximum prices set by this order for resales by the purchaser. This notice may be given in any convenient form.

(d) This Order No. 296 may be revoked or amended by the Price Administrator

at any time,

(e) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in § 1499.20 of the General Maximum Price Regulation shall apply to the terms used

This Order No. 296 shall become effective April 27, 1943.

Issued this 26th day of April 1943.

PRENTISS M. BROWN. Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6424; Filed, April 26, 1943; 10:09 a. m.]

Regional Office, Region I [Order G-7 Under Rev. MPR 122]

BITUMINOUS COAL, METROPOLITAN BOSTON AREA

Order No. G-7 under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122—Solid Fuels Sold and Delivered by Dealers.

For the reasons set forth in an opinion issued simultaneously herewith and under the authority vested in the Regional Administrator of Region I of the Office of Price Administration by § 1340.260 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 and the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, as amended, It is hereby ordered:

(a) Maximum prices established by this order. The maximum prices established by §§ 1340.254, 1340.256, 1340.257 and 1340.265 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 for sales of specified kinds of bituminous coal in the Metropolitan Boston Area by dealers are hereby modified, so that the maximum prices therefor shall be the prices hereinafter set forth. The following maximum prices are established for the specified kinds of bituminous coal:

(1) Maximum prices for all sales f. o. b. transportation facilities at seller's yard, dock or other terminal facilities, to specified classes of purchasers—paragraph

(b) hereof.

(2) Maximum prices for all sales on a delivered basis to specified classes of purchasers-paragraph (c) hereof.

A special provision concerning coal treated to allay dust is set forth in paragraph (d). The geographical area to which this order applies is explained in paragraph (e) and the term "Metro-politan Boston Area," and other terms used herein, are defined in paragraph (k). The specifications for the kinds of bituminous coal for which maximum prices are established by this order are set forth in paragraph (f).

Except as otherwise provided herein. the provisions of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 apply to all transactions which are the subject of this order.

(b) Maximum prices for sales f. o. b. transportation facilities at seller's yard, dock or other terminal facilities—(1) Table of prices, per net ton.

	Classes of purchasers				
	Classes AA and A	Class B	Class		
Domestic run of mine	7. 70 7. 45 7. 60 7. 20 7. 15 7. 40 7. 05 7. 50 7. 35 7. 15	7, 92 7, 67 7, 82 7, 42 7, 37 7, 62 7, 27 7, 72 7, 57 7, 37	8. 14 7. 89 8. 04 7. 64 7. 59 7. 84 7. 49 7. 79 7. 59		

(2) Classes of purchasers. (i) Class AA shall consist of all persons who purchase f. o. b. railroad cars at seller's yard, dock or other terminal facilities.

(ii) Class A shall consist of the following persons who purchase f. o. b. truck or wagon:

(a) All wharf dealers.(b) Those consumers who have customarily been supplied by one or more wharf dealers at the same, or substantially the same, price applicable to sales to wharf dealers, whether said price was quoted as f. o. b. point of shipment or, when delivery was arranged for, as a delivered price which was in fact arrived at by the addition to said f. o. b. price of the actual cost of transportation.

(iii) Class B shall consist of the following persons who purchase f. o. b.

truck or wagon:

(a) Dealers (other than wharf dealers) who have yards or other terminal facilities for the unloading and storing of coal, whether or not such facilities are designed or are customarily used for the handling of bituminous coal.

(b) Operators of greenhouses which are used for the growth of vegetables and/or flowers.

(iv) Class C shall consist of the following persons who purchase f. o. b. truck or wagon:

(a) All dealers who are not included in Classs A or Class B, except brokers.

(b) All consumers who purchase on an f. o. b. truck, or wagon basis and who are not included in Class A or Class B.

Provided, however, That nothing contained herein shall be so construed as to require a dealer to sell coal on an f. o. b. shipping point basis to any consumer to whom said dealer has not customarily so sold, or who has customarily purchased on a delivered basis.

(3) Sales to brokers. The maximum price for a sale to a broker who purchases f. o. b. transportation facilities at seller's yard, dock or other terminal facilities and resells without physically handling the coal, shall be 10¢ per ton less than the price applicable to a direct sale to a purchaser of the class of which the broker's customer is a member. The broker shall, when he places the order with the dealer, supply the name of his customer and a statement of his classification.

(4) Terms of sale and services. Terms of sale may be c. o. d. However, if credit is extended no additional charge shall be made if payment is re-ceived by the tenth day of the month following the month in which the coal is shipped. For the extension of credit beyond the tenth day of the month following the month in which the coal is shipped, interest may be charged at a rate not to exceed one-half of one per cent per month on the unpaid balance.

(ii) The seller shall, upon request, arrange and pay for the transportation of the coal to the purchaser by the method of transportation indicated by the purchaser, to the extent that the requested transportation facilities can, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, be secured. No charge shall be made for such service. The actual cost of the transportation shall be shown separately on the invoice or similar document rendered to the purchaser. In performing such service the dealer shall, when proper under the rules and regulations of the Bureau of Internal Revenue, furnish to the carrier the certification required to avoid further taxation on the transportation of the coal to the purchaser under section 620 of the Revenue Act of 1942.

(c) Maximum prices for all sales on a delivered basis-(1) Table of prices, per net ton:

Kind of coal	, Classes of purchasers				
	Class I	Class II	Class III	Class IV	Class V
Domestic mine run. Straight mine run. Mixed mine run Mixed mine run Nut and slack Slack Low volatile pea High volatile modified stoker. High volatile nut or pea. Cavalier nut and slack High volatile egg or lump.	\$10. 10 9, 85 10. 00 9, 60 9, 55 9, 80 9, 45 9, 90 9, 75 9, 55	\$9. 85 9. 60 9. 75 9. 35 9. 30 9. 55 9. 20 9. 65 9. 50 9. 30	\$9.60 9.35 9.50 9.10 9.05 9.30 8.95 9.40 9.25 9.05	\$9.10 8.85 9.00 8.60 8.55 8.80 8.45 8.90 8.75 8.55	\$8. 85 8. 60 8. 75 8. 35 8. 30 8. 55 8. 20 8. 65 8. 50 8. 30

The foregoing prices apply to deliveries made directly from truck or wagon into the consumer's storage facilities, and are inclusive of any trimming that may be necessary. If the coal cannot be so discharged and is carried or wheeled from the truck or wagon to consumer's storage facilities, an additional 50¢ per ton may be charged if such charge is separately stated on the invoice or similar document rendered to the purchaser.

(2) Classes of purchasers. Quantities refer to the consumer's annual purchases, but apply only when the minimum delivery is one ton. Prices for deliveries of less than one ton are governed by subparagraph (4) of this paragraph (c). The consumer's annual purchases determine his classification whether or not he purchases all of his requirements from a single dealer, except that a dealer may charge the Class I price to any consumer, regardless of his general classification, who purchases less than 4 tons from said dealer during the course of a year.

Class I. Less than 4 tons.

Class II. Four tons or more, but less than 1000 tons, regardless of the number of points within the area at which delivery is received by the purchaser.

by the purchaser.

Class III. One thousand tons or more, regardless of the number of points within the area at which delivery is received by the purchaser.

purchaser.

Class IV. Three thousand tens or more, but less than 7,000 tons, delivered to a single point.

Class V. Seven thousand tons or more, delivered to a single point.

If the purchaser's proper classification cannot be determined at the time of the delivery (as for example, in the case of a purchaser who converts from oil to coal), an estimate shall be made of his probable consumption, he shall be tentatively classified upon the basis of that estimate, and the dealer or dealers supplying him shall make an appropriate refund and may require that the purchaser agree to pay an appropriate additional amount if, when his actual classification has been determined, it appears that he was entitled to a lower price or could properly have been charged a higher one.

(3) Sales to brokers. The maximum price for a sale by a dealer to a broker who orders coal to be delivered by the dealer directly to the broker's customer shall be 10¢ per ton less than the price applicable to a direct sale to a purchaser of the class of which the broker's customer is a member. The broker shall, when he places the order with the dealer, supply a statement of his customer's classification.

(4) Maximum prices for half and quarter ton deliveries. (i) The maximum price for delivery of one-half ton shall be the result arrived at by dividing the Class I price by 2, adjusting the quotient to the nearest multiple of 5¢ and adding 50¢. If the quotient is an exact multiple of 2½¢, the next higher multiple of 5¢ shall be considered the nearest multiple thereof.

(ii) The maximum price for delivery of one-quarter ton shall be the result arrived at by dividing the maximum price for delivery of one-half ton (determined pursuant to the preceding subparagraph) by 2, adjusting the quotient to the nearest multiple of five cents and adding 25¢.

(5) Terms of sale. Terms of sale may be c. o. d. However, if credit is extended no additional charge shall be made if payment is received by the tenth day of the month following the month in which the coal is delivered. For the extension of credit beyond the tenth day of the month following the month in which the coal is delivered, interest may be charged at a rate not to exceed one-half of one per cent per month on the unpaid balance.

(d) Dust treatment. No extra charge may be made for coal subject to this Order No. 7 which has been subjected to a chemical, oil or waxing process for allaying dust except that ten cents (10¢) per ton may be added to the otherwise applicable maximum price in the following cases:

(1) When the coal has been so treated at the mine and the producer or distributor makes an extra charge for such treatment pursuant to § 1240.210 (a) (10) of Maximum Price Regulation No. 120.

(2) When the coal has been so treated by a dealer subject to this order; but no dealer shall require a purchaser to buy coal which has been so treated by the dealer.

The additional charge for such treatment shall be shown separately on the invoice or similar document which is furnished by the dealer to the purchaser.

(e) Geographical applicability. The maximum prices set forth in paragraph (b) hereof for all sales f. o. b. transportation facilities at seller's yard, dock or other terminal facilities shall apply to all such sales when the coal is shipped from a point within the Metropolitan Boston area, regardless of the ultimate destination of the coal, except sales for export and sales of bituminous coal for direct use as bunker fuel, which latter are governed by Maximum Price Regulation No. 189.

The maximum prices set forth in paragraph (c) hereof for all sales on a delivered basis shall apply to all coal sold on a delivered basis to purchasers who receive the coal within the Metropolitan Boston area, regardless of whether the dealer is located within said area, except sales of bituminous coal for direct use as bunker fuel which are governed by Maximum Price Regulation No. 189.

(f) Specifications for the kinds of coal for which maximum prices are established by this Order No. 7. (1) "Domestic run of mine" is bituminous coal which is defined by the Bituminous Coal Division as "Domestic, dealer, modified or screened run of mine," or its equivalent as to coarseness, produced in Producing Districts 1, 2, 3, 7 or 8.

(2) "Straight run of mine" is bituminous coal which is defined by the Bituminous Coal Division as "Straight run of mine," or its equivalent as to coarseness, produced in Producing Districts 1, 2, 3, 7 or 8

(3) "Mixed run of mine" is bituminous coal which is a mixture of "Domestic run of mine" and "Straight run of mine" in

equal proportions, or its equivalent as to coarseness.

(4) "Nut and slack" is bituminous coal screenings which, at the mine, have passed through a screen with apenings larger than three-quarters (3/4) of an inch.

(5) "Slack" is bituminous coal screenings which, at the mine, have passed through a screen with openings of three-quarters (3/4) of an inch or smaller.

(6) "Lew volatile pea" is bituminous coal, double screened at the mines, with a top size smaller than two (2) inches and a bottom size one-quarter (1/4) inch or larger, and produced in the low volatile sections of Producing Districts 1, 3, 7 and 8.

(7) "High volatile modified stoker" is bituminous coal screenings which, at the mine, have passed through a screen with openings not larger than two (2) inches and containing not less than fifteen per cent (15%) 3%" x 0 screenings and produced in the high volatile section of Producing District 8.

(8) "High volatile nut or pea" is bituminous coal, double screened at the mines, with a top size two (2) inches and smaller and a bottom size smaller than two (2) inches, and produced in the high volatile section of Producing District 8.

(9) "High volatile lump" is bituminous coal which has been screened at the mines over screens with openings larger than three-quarter (34) of an inch, and produced in the high volatile sections of Producing District 8.

(10) "High volatile egg" is bituminous coal which has been double screened at the mines, with a top size larger than three (3) inches and a bottom size two (2) inches and smaller, and produced in the high volatile section of Producing District 8.

(11) "Cavalier nut & slack" is the bituminous coal which is known by that trade name, produced by Consolidation Coal Company at its mine having Index No. 5445.

(g) Addition of railroad freight rate increase prohibited. The specific maximum prices established by this Order No. 7 include the amount of the railroad freight rate increase incurred as a result of the Interstate Commerce Commission's order in its Docket Ex Parte 148, effective March 18, 1942, and such railroad freight rate increase may not be added to the specific maximum prices.

(h) Taxes. A dealer subject to this order may collect, in addition to the specified maximum prices established herein, provided he states it separately, the amount of the Federal tax upon the transportation of property imposed by section 620 of the Revenue Act of 1942 actually paid or incurred by him, or an amount equal to the amount of such tax paid by any of his prior suppliers and separately stated and collected from the dealer by the supplier from whom he purchased.

(i) Petitions for amendment. Any person seeking an amendment of any provision of this order may file a petition for amendment in accordance with the provisions of Revised Procedural Regulation No. 1, except that the peti-

tion shall be filed in the Boston Regional Office of the Office of Price Administration. No appeal from a denial in whole or in part of such petition by the Regional Administrator may be made to

the Price Administrator.

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(j) Posting of maximum prices; sales slips and receipts. (1) Every dealer subject to this Order No. 7 shall post all of the maximum prices established hereby which apply to the types of sales made by him in his place of business in a manner plainly visible to and understandable by the purchasing public, and shall keep a copy of this Order No. 7 available for examination by any person during ordinary business hours. The prices established hereby need not be reported under § 1340.262 (c) of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122.

(2) Every dealer subject to this Order No. 7 shall give to each purchaser an invoice or similar document showing (i) the date of the sale or delivery, the name and address of the dealer, the name and address of the purchaser, the kind and quantity of the bituminous coal sold, the purchaser's classification and the price charged and (ii) separately stating any special items which are required to be separately stated by the terms of this

Order No. 7.

(3) Every dealer and broker who sells coal f. o. b. transportation facilities to dealers outside of the Metropolitan Boston Area shall, at the time of the first such sale on or after the effective date hereof to any dealer whose place of business is located outside of the Metro-politan Boston Area, notify such dealer of the specific maximum prices estab-lished by this order for the kinds of coal sold to such dealer, and that he should recalculate his maximum prices under Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 and comply with the requirements of § 1340.262 (c) thereof

concerning reports.
(k) Definitions. When used in this Order No. 7 the term: (1) "Dealer" means any person selling bituminous coal except coal which is delivered from a mine or preparation plant by a producer or distributor, or a person who sold bituminous coal subject to Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 or subject to Maximum Price Regulation No.

122

(2) "Wharf dealer" means a dealer who has terminal facilities located on tidewater and who normally receives bituminous coal which is transshipped via tidewater.

(3) "Broker" means a dealer who purchases bituminous coal from dealer and, without physically handling

it, resells it.

(4) "Metropolitan Boston Area" shall include the following cities and towns in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts: Arlington, Belmont, Boston, Braintree, Brookline, Cambridge, Canton, Chelsea, Dedham, Dover, Everett, Hingham, Holbrook, Hull, Lexington, Malden, Medford, Melrose, Milton, Needham, Newton, Norwood, Quincy, Randolph, Reading, Revere, Somerville, Stoneham, Wakefield, Waltham, Watertown, Wellesley, Weston, Westwood, Weymouth, Winchester, Winthrop, Woburn.

(5) "Bituminous Coal Division" means the Bituminous Coal Division of the United States Department of the Interior, and all references to Producing Districts are to the geographical bituminous coal producing districts as defined in the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, as amended, and as they have been or may be modified from time to time by the Bituminous Coal Division.

(6) Except as otherwise specifically provided, and unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in §§ 1340.255 and 1340.266 of Revised Maximum Price Regulation No. 122 shall ap-

ply to the terms used herein.

(1) Lower prices than those set forth herein may be charged, paid or offered. (m) This order may be revoked,

amended or corrected at any time. This order shall become effective April

26, 1943.

(Pub. Laws 421 and 729, 77th Cong.; E.O. 9250, 7 F.R. 7871)

Issued this 24th day of April 1943.

K. B. BACKMAN. Regional Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6401; Filed, April 24, 1943; 1:38 p. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COM-MISSION.

[File No. 59-38]

UNITED PUBLIC UTILITIES CORP. AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its offices in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 23rd day of April 1943.

Order granting application for extension of time, pursuant to section 11 (c).

The Commission having by order dated March 4, 1942, entered pursuant to section 11 (b) (1) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, directed that United Public Utilities Corporation, a registered holding company, divest itself of all of its interests in, and in the properties and assets owned or operated by the companies designated in the said order, and the order having provided that the respondent should make application to the Commission for the entry of such further orders as are necessary or appropriate for that purpose, and the Commission having reserved jurisdiction to enter such further orders as might be necessary or appropriate; and

The respondent, United Public Utilities Corporation, having filed an application requesting an extension of time for one year within which to comply with our order of March 4, 1942; and

The Commission having found that said company has been unable in the exercise of due diligence to comply with said order within the initial statutory period of one year from the date of its entry, and that a limited extension of time is necessary and appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors; and that under the circumstances an extension shall be granted for a period of six months;

It is ordered, That United Public Utilities Corporation be and hereby is granted an additional period of six months from March 4, 1943 within which to comply with said order of March 4, 1942, without prejudice, however, to the respondent to apply for an additional extension if the circumstances warrant.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6412; Filed, April 24, 1943; 4:26 p. m.]

[File No. 1-2234]

REORGANIZED BROKEN HILLS SILVER CORP.

ORDER FOR HEARING AND DESIGNATING OFFICER TO TAKE TESTIMONY

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 22d day of April, A. D.

In the matter of proceeding under section 19 (a) (2) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, to determine whether the registration of Reorganized Broken Hills Silver Corporation, nonassessable common stock, 10¢ par value, should be suspended or withdrawn.

It appearing to the Commission:

That the Reorganized Broken Hills Silver Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Nevada, is the issuer of Non-Assessable Common Stock, 10¢ Par Value; and

That the said Reorganized Broken Hills Silver Corporation registered its Assessable Common Stock, Par Value 10¢. on the San Francisco Mining Exchange, by filing with the Exchange and with the Commission on or about November 13, 1935, an application on Form 10, pursuant to section 12 (b) and (c) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule X-12B-1, as amended, promulgated by the Commission thereunder, registration pursuant to such application having become effective on June 1, 1936, and that the aforesaid company having changed its Assessable Common Stock, Par Value 10¢, to Non-Assessable Common Stock, Par Value 10¢, and having on or about November 21, 1939 filed an application on Form 8-A, pursuant to the aforesaid section of the Act and the aforesaid Rule, registration pursuant to such application having become effective on January 10, 1940, and remaining in effect to and including the date hereof; and
It further appearing to the Commis-

sion:

That Rule X-13A-1, promulgated pursuant to section 13 of said Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, did and does require that an annual report for each issuer of a security registered on a national securities exchange shall be filed on the appropriate form prescribed therefor; and

That Rule X-13A-2, promulgated pursuant to section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, did and does prescribe Form 10-K as the annual report form to be used for the annual reports of all corporations except those for which another form is specified, and that no other form was or is specified for use by the said Reorganized Broken Hills Silver Corporation; and

That said Rule X-13A-1 requires that said annual report be filed not more than 120 days after the close of each fiscal year or such other period as may be prescribed in the instruction book applicable to the particular form; that the Instruction Book for Form 10-K does not prescribe any period other than such 120 days; and that pursuant to said Rule X-13A-1 the annual report must be filed within such period unless the registrant files with the Commission a request for an extension of time to a specified date within six months after the close of the fiscal year; and

That the said Reorganized Broken Hills Silver Corporation has a fiscal year ending December 31; that the annual report for its fiscal year ended December 31, 1941, was due to be filed not later than April 30, 1942; and that to date the registrant has not filed with the Commission such annual report nor has it filed with the Commission a request for an extension of time within which to file

same; and

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The Commission having reasonable cause to believe that:

The said Reorganized Broken Hills Silver Corporation has failed to comply with the provisions of section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rules X-13A-1 and X-13A-2 promulgated thereunder, in that (1) it has failed to file its annual report for the year ended December 31, 1941, within the time prescribed for filing said report, and (2) it has failed to file such annual report at any later date;

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It being the opinion of the Commission that the hearing herein ordered to be held is necessary and proper in the public interest and to aid in the enforcement of the provisions of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended;

It is ordered, Pursuant to section 19 (a) (2) of said Act, that a public hearing be held to determine whether Reorganized Broken Hills Silver Corporation has failed to comply with section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. as amended, and the Rules, Regulations and Forms promulgated by the Commission thereunder, in the respects set forth above; and if so, whether it is necessary or appropriate for the protection of investors to suspend for a period not exceeding twelve months or to withdraw the registration of the Non-Assessable Common Stock, 10¢ Par Value, of the said Reorganized Broken Hills Silver Corporation on said San Francisco Mining Exchange:

It is further ordered, Pursuant to the provisions of section 21 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, that for the purpose of such hearing, John G. Clarkson, an officer of the Commission, is hereby designated to administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, take testimony and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence. memoranda or other records deemed relevant or material to the inquiry, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law;

It is further ordered, That the taking of testimony in this hearing begin on the 17th day of May, 1943, at 10:00 a. m. Pacific War Time at the Regional Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission, 625 Market Street, San Francisco, California, and continue thereafter at such time and place as the officer hereinbefore designated may determine.

By the Commission.

[SEAT.] ORVAL L. DUBOIS. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6411; Filed, April 24, 1943; 4:26 p. m.]

WAR PRODUCTION BOARD.

[Certificate 55]

COORDINATED OPERATION BETWEEN ATLAN-TIC CITY, N. J., AND PHILADELPHIA, PA.

PUBLIC SERVICE INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION CO., QUAKER CITY BUS CO.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL: I submit herewith Special Order ODT B-421 issued by the Director of the Office of Defense Transportation with respect to the coordination of motor vehicle service in the transportation of passengers by Public Service Interstate Transportation Company, Newark, New Jersey, and Quaker City Bus Company, Camden, New Jersey.

For the purposes of section 12 of Public Law No. 603, 77th Congress (56 Stat. 357), I approve the special order; and after consultation with you, I hereby find and so certify to you that the doing of any act or thing, or the omission to do any act or thing, by any person in compliance with Special Order ODT B-42 is requisite

to the prosecution of the war.

DONALD M. NELSON. Chairman.

APRIL 22, 1943.

[F. R. Doc. 43-6330; Filed, April 23, 1943; 3:17 p. m.]

¹ Supra.