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**Rules, Regulations, Orders**

**TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE**

Chapter VII—Agricultural Adjustment Agency, Agricultural Conservation and Adjustment Administration

[ACP-1940-17]

PART 701—NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

SUBPART B-1940

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under sections 7 to 17, inclusive, of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, (49 Stat. 1148, 1915, 50 Stat. 329, 52 Stat. 31, 204, 205, 53 Stat. 550, 573; 16 U.S.C. 1940 ed. 590g to 590q), the 1940 Agricultural Conservation Program, as amended, is hereby further amended as follows:

1. Section 701.104 (a) is amended by adding the following subparagraph and renumbering the present subparagraphs (2) and (3) to be (3) and (4), respectively.

§ 701.104 *Division of payments and deductions*—(a) *Payments and deductions in connection with general soil-depleting crops, crops for which special crop acreage allotments are determined, and restoration land.*

(2) In cases where the landlords, tenants, or sharecroppers have lost their interests in the general soil-depleting crops or any crops for which special crop acreage allotments are determined, after planting but prior to harvest thereof, by reason of the acquisition of title to, or lease of, their farms for use in the national defense program, the net payment or deduction computed with respect to such crops shall be divided among such persons in the same proportion that the county committee determines that such persons would have been entitled, as of the time of harvest, to share in the proceeds of such crops except for such acquisition of title or lease.

2. Section 701.110 (a) (1) is amended to read as follows:

§ 701.110 *General provisions relating to payments*—(a) *Payment restricted to effectuation of purposes of the program.* (1) All or any part of any payment which otherwise would be computed for any person under the 1940 program may be withheld or required to be returned (a) if he adopts or has adopted any practice which the Secretary determines tends to defeat any of the purposes of the 1940 or previous agricultural conservation programs, (b) if, by means of any corporation, partnership, estate, trust, or any other device, or in any manner whatsoever, he has offset, or has participated in offsetting, in whole or in part, the performance for which such payment is otherwise authorized, or (c) if, with respect to forest land or woodland owned or controlled by him, he adopts or has adopted any practice which the Agricultural Adjustment Agency of the Agricultural Conservation and Adjustment Administration finds is contrary to sound conservation practices.

3. Section 701.111 (a), item (1), is amended to read as follows:

§ 701.111 *Application for payment*—(a) *Persons eligible to file applications.* \* \* \*

(1) who at the time of its harvest is entitled to share in any of the crops grown on the farm under a lease or operating agreement, or who is a landlord, tenant, or sharecropper who lost his interest in the general soil-depleting crops or any crops for which special crop acreage allotments are determined, after planting but prior to harvest thereof, by reason of the acquisition of title to, or lease of, the farm for use in the national defense program and who did not otherwise receive full compensation for the amount of the payments in connection with such acquisition of title or lease, or

4. Section 701.111 (b), the first sentence is amended as follows:

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(b) *Time and manner of filing application and information required.* Payment will be made only upon application submitted through the county office on or before a date fixed by the regional director but not later than March 31, 1941, except that (1) applications for tenants or sharecroppers with respect to cropland owned by the United States may be submitted through the county office not later than December 31, 1941, or (2) applications for landlords, tenants or sharecroppers who lost their interests in the general soil-depleting crops or any crops for which special crop acreage allotments are determined, after planting but prior to harvest thereof, by reason of the acquisition of title to or lease of their farm for use in the national defense program, may be submitted through the county office not later than April 30, 1942, or (3) where farm applications are used the timely filing of an application by one person on a farm shall constitute a timely filing

on behalf of all persons on that farm, or (4) an application for payment may be accepted if the State committee or its designated representative determines, in accordance with instructions issued by the regional director with the approval of the Administrator, that the failure to file the timely application was not due to the fault of the applicant.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of March 1942. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] GROVER B. HILL,  
Assistant Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2813; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:44 a. m.]

[ACP-1941-14]

PART 701—NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

SUBPART C—1941

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under sections 7 to 17, inclusive, of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, (49 Stat. 1148, 1915, 50 Stat. 329, 52 Stat. 31, 204, 205, 53 Stat. 550, 573; 16 U.S.C. 1940 ed. 590g and 590q), the 1941 Agricultural Conservation Program, as amended, is hereby further amended as follows:

1. Section 701.204 (a) is amended by adding the following subparagraph and renumbering the present subparagraphs (2) and (3) to be (3) and (4), respectively.

§ 701.204 *Division of payments and deductions—(a) Payments and deductions in connection with general soil-depleting crops, crops for which special crop acreage allotments are determined, and restoration land.*

(2) In cases where the landlords, tenants, or share-croppers have lost their interests in the general soil-depleting crops or any crops for which special crop acreage allotments are determined, after planting but prior to harvest thereof, by reason of the acquisition of title to, or lease of, their farms for use in the national defense program, the net payment or deduction computed with respect to such crops shall be divided among such persons in the same proportion that the county committee determines that such persons would have been entitled, as of the time of harvest, to share in the proceeds of such crops except for such acquisition of title or lease.

2. Section 701.211 (a), item (1), is amended to read as follows:

§ 701.211 *Application for payment—(a) Persons eligible to file applications.* \* \* \*

(1) Who is determined by the county committee to be entitled, as of the time of harvest, to share in any of the crops grown on the farm under a lease or operating agreement or as owner-operator, or who is a landlord, tenant, or share-

cropper who lost his interest in the general soil-depleting crops or any crops for which special crop acreage allotments are determined, after planting but prior to harvest thereof, by reason of the acquisition of title to, or lease of, his farm in the national defense program and who did not otherwise receive full compensation for the amount of the payments in connection with such acquisition of title or lease, or

Done at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of March 1942. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] GROVER B. HILL,  
Assistant Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2811; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:43 a. m.]

[ACP-1941-15]

PART 701—NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION PROGRAM

SUBPART C—1941

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture under sections 7 to 17, inclusive, of the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, (49 Stat. 1148, 1915, 50 Stat. 329, 52 Stat. 31, 204, 205, 53 Stat. 550, 573; 16 U.S.C. 1940 ed. 590g to 590q), the 1941 Agricultural Conservation Program, as amended, is hereby further amended as follows:

Section 701.211 (b) is amended to read as follows:

§ 701.211 *Application for payment.*

(b) *Time and manner of filing application and information required:* Payment will be made only upon application submitted through the county office on or before a date fixed by the Regional Director but not later than April 30, 1942, except (1) where farm applications are used the timely filing of an application by one person on a farm shall constitute a timely filing on behalf of all persons on that farm, and (2) an application for payment may be accepted if the State committee or its designated representative determines, in accordance with instructions issued by the Regional Director with the approval of the Administrator, that the failure to file the timely application was not due to the fault of the applicant. Applications filed under exceptions (1) and (2) above must be filed before expiration of the period for obligating the appropriation (June 30, 1943).

The Secretary reserves the right (1) to withhold payment from any applicant who fails to file any form or furnish any information required with respect to any farm which such person is operating or renting to another person for a share of the crops grown thereon, and (2) to refuse to accept any application for payment if any form or information required is not submitted to the county office within the time fixed by the Regional Director.

At least two weeks notice to the public shall be given of the expiration of a time limit for filing prescribed forms, and any time limit fixed shall be such as affords a full and fair opportunity to those eligible to file the form within the period prescribed. Such notice shall be given by mailing the same to the office of each county committee and making copies of the same available to the press.

Done at Washington, D. C. this 28th day of March 1942. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] GROVER B. HILL,  
Assistant Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2812; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:42 a. m.]

[P-1940-4]

PART 741—PARITY PAYMENTS

SUBPART B—1940

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture by the item entitled "Parity Payments" under the head "Conservation and Use of Agricultural Land Resources, Department of Agriculture," contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1940 (Public No. 159, 76th Congress, approved June 30, 1939; 53 Stat. 974) and pursuant to the provisions of sections 301 and 303 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, approved February 16, 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 43, 45; 7 U.S.C. 1940 ed. 1301, 1303), the 1940 Parity Payment Regulations, approved by the Secretary October 18, 1939, as amended, are hereby further amended as follows:

1. Section 741.104 is amended by adding the following sentence at the end thereof:

§ 741.104 *Division of payment* \* \* \* In cases where the landlords, tenants, or sharecroppers have lost their interests in any commodity after planting but prior to harvest thereof, by reason of the acquisition of title to, or lease of, their farms for use in the national defense program, the net payment computed with respect to such commodity shall be divided among such persons in the same proportion that the county committee determines that such persons would have been entitled, as of the time of harvest, to share in the proceeds of such commodity except for such acquisition of title or lease.

2. Section 741.107, the first sentence is amended to read as follows:

§ 741.107 *Application for payment.* Payment will be made only upon application submitted through the county committee on or before a date fixed by the regional director, but not later than December 31, 1940, except that (1) applications may be submitted by landlords, tenants, or sharecroppers who lost their interests in any commodity after planting but prior to harvest thereof, by reason of the acquisition of title

to, or lease of, their farms for use in the national defense program not later than April 30, 1942, provided full compensation for the amount of the payments was not otherwise made in connection with such acquisition of title or lease, (2) the timely filing of an application by one person on a farm shall constitute a timely filing on behalf of all persons on that farm, and (3) an application for payment may be accepted if the State committee or its designated representative determines, in accordance with instructions issued by the regional director with the approval of the Agricultural Adjustment Agency of the Agricultural Conservation and Adjustment Administration, that the failure to file a timely application was not due to the fault of the applicant. \* \* \*

Done at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of March 1942. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] GROVER B. HILL,  
Assistant Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2816; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:43 a. m.]

[P-1941-5]

PART 741—PARITY PAYMENTS

SUBPART C—1941

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture by the item entitled "Parity Payments" contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1941 (Public Law No. 658, 76th Congress, approved June 25, 1940; 54 Stat. 532, 563), as amended by the item entitled "Parity Payments" contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942 (Public Law 144, 77th Congress, approved July 1, 1941; 55 Stat. 408, 436), and pursuant to the provisions of sections 301 and 303 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, approved February 16, 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 43, 45; 7 U. S. C. 1940 ed. 1301, 1303), the 1941 Parity Payment Regulations, as amended, are hereby further amended as follows:

1. Section 741.205 is amended to read as follows:

§ 741.205 *Aggregate performance.* Notwithstanding any other provisions of these regulations, the payment to any person whose aggregate share of the 1941 acreage of wheat, cotton, corn, rice, and tobacco on all farms in the county does not exceed his aggregate share of the allotments or permitted acreages under the 1941 Agricultural Conservation Program on such farms, or, in areas designated by the Agricultural Adjustment Agency of the Agricultural Conservation and Adjustment Administration as areas containing a substantial

number of combination farms, where the sum of the acres of such commodities on all the farms in the county in which he has an interest does not exceed the sum of the permitted acreages or allotments on all such farms, shall not be less than the sum of his shares of the payments computed under § 741.202 hereof, with respect to each such allotment on each farm on which (1) the acreage of a commodity on the farm does not exceed the acreage allotment determined for the commodity under the 1941 Agricultural Conservation Program and (2) the sum of the acreages of corn, cotton, wheat, rice, and tobacco does not exceed the sum of the allotments or permitted acreages of such crops under the 1941 Agricultural Conservation Program, unless the State committee finds that such person's aggregate share of the 1941 acreages of wheat, cotton, corn, rice, and tobacco on all farms in which he has an interest exceeds his aggregate share of the allotments or permitted acreages for such commodities under the 1941 Agricultural Conservation Program for such farms to such an extent as to offset substantially the performance on the farm or farms with respect to which payment might otherwise be made.

2. Section 741.206 is amended by adding the following sentence at the end thereof:

§ 741.206 *Division of payment.* \* \* \* In cases where the landlords, tenants, or sharecroppers have lost their interests in any commodity after planting but prior to harvest thereof, by reason of the acquisition of title to, or lease of, their farms for use in the national defense program, the net payment computed with respect to such commodity shall be divided among such persons in the same proportion that the county committee determines that such persons would have been entitled, as of the time of harvest, to share in the proceeds of such commodity except for such acquisition of title or lease.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of March 1942. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] GROVER B. HILL,  
Assistant Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2815; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:43 a. m.]

[P-1941-6]

PART 741—PARITY PAYMENTS

SUBPART C—1941

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture by the item entitled "Parity Payments" contained in

the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1941 (Public Law No. 658, 76th Congress, approved June 25, 1940; 54 Stat. 532, 563), as amended by the item entitled "Parity Payments" contained in the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1942 (Public Law 144, 77th Congress, approved July 1, 1941; 55 Stat. 408, 436), and pursuant to the provisions of sections 301 and 303 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, approved February 16, 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 43, 45; 7 U.S.C. 1940 ed. 1301, 1303), the 1941 Parity Payment Regulations, as amended, are hereby further amended as follows:

Section 741.209 is amended to read as follows:

§ 741.209 *Application for payment.* Payment will be made only upon application submitted through the county office on or before a date fixed by the Regional Director but not later than April 30, 1942, except (1) where farm applications are used the timely filing of an application by one person on a farm shall constitute a timely filing on behalf of all persons on that farm, and (2) an application for payment may be accepted if the State committee or its designated representative determines, in accordance with instructions issued by the Regional Director with the approval of the Administrator, that the failure to file the timely application was not due to the fault of the applicant. Applications filed under exceptions (1) and (2) above must be filed before expiration of the period for obligating the appropriation (June 30, 1943). The Secretary reserves the right (1) to withhold payment from any applicant who fails to file any form or furnish any information required with respect to any farm which such person is operating or renting to another person for a share of the crops grown thereon, and (2) to refuse to accept any application for payment if any form or information required is not submitted to the county office within the time fixed by the Regional Director.

At least two weeks notice to the public shall be given of the expiration of a time limit for filing prescribed forms, and any time limit fixed shall be such as affords a full and fair opportunity to those eligible to file the form within the period prescribed. Such notice shall be given by mailing the same to the office of each county committee and making copies of the same available to the press.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 28th day of March 1942. Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

[SEAL] GROVER B. HILL,  
Assistant Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2814; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:42 a. m.]

**TITLE 8—ALIENS AND NATIONALITY**  
**Chapter II—Office of the Alien Property Custodian**

**PART 502—VESTING ORDERS**

**VESTING OF PROPERTY OF I. G. FARBENINDUSTRIE, STANDARD-I. G. CO., AND OTHERS**

§ 502.1 *Vesting Order No. 1.* (a) I, Leo T. Crowley, Alien Property Custodian, acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the President pursuant to Section 5 (b) of the Act of October 6, 1917, as amended by Section 301 of the First War Powers Act, 1941, finding upon investigation that the property set forth in the list attached hereto marked Exhibit "A" and made a part hereof, is the property of Nationals of a Foreign Country designated in Executive Order No. 8389, as amended,<sup>1</sup> as defined therein, and that the action herein taken is in the public interest, do hereby order and declare that such properties including all interest therein are hereby vested in the Alien Property Custodian to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

(b) Such property and any proceeds thereof shall be held in a special account pending further determination of the Alien Property Custodian. This shall not be deemed to limit the power of the Alien Property Custodian to return such property or the proceeds thereof, or to indicate that compensation will not be paid in lieu thereof, if and when it should be determined that such return or compensation should be made.

(c) Any person not a national of a foreign country designated in Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, asserting any interest in said properties, or any party asserting any claim as a result of this order, may file with the Alien Property Custodian a notice of his claim, together with a request for hearing thereon, on Form No. APC-1 within one year of the date of this order, or within such further time as may be allowed by the Alien Property Custodian. (E.O. 9095, 7 F.R. 1971.)

This order shall be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

LEO T. CROWLEY,  
*Alien Property Custodian.*

MARCH 25, 1942.

**EXHIBIT A**

**LIST OF THE PROPERTY OF I. G. FARBENINDUSTRIE, AN ENEMY CORPORATION, VESTED IN THE ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN BY VESTING ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION 5 (b) OF THE TRADING WITH THE ENEMY ACT, AS AMENDED**

All right, title, and interest of I. G. Farbenindustrie, A. G. in:

(a) The following contracts and agreements, including all extensions, modifications, and renewals thereof:

1. Division of Fields Agreement of November 9, 1929, and the Jasco Agreement of September 30, 1930.
2. Four Party Agreement of November 9, 1929.

3. Coordination Agreement of November 9, 1929.
4. German Sales Agreement of November 9, 1929.
5. Series of agreements with Ruhr-Chemie, I. G., Shell, and Kellogg dated October 7, 1938 (re hydrocarbon synthesis).
6. C. R. A. memoranda of October 12, 1938; August 15, 1939; April 17, 1940; and July 9, 1940.
7. Letter dated May 11, 1940, by I. G. to Standard re C. R. A.
8. Alcohol-Alkyl Chloride Agreement between Standard and I. G. of September 28, 1936.
9. Hague Memorandum dated September 25, 1939, effective as of September 1, 1939.
10. Trust Agreement (Schaefer and Koechling), executed March 8, 1940, effective as of September, 1939.
11. Parafflow Agreement of April 1, 1932.
12. Hydrogenation agreements.
13. Alcohol Agreement (unsigned memorandum of September 24, 1936 between Development and I. G.

14. Trust Agreement of August 31, 1939, between Frank A. Howard and W. E. Currie and P. L. Young.

(b) Stock, patents, contracts, and other rights in and of the Standard Catalytic Company.

(c) All patents listed in schedule A attached hereto.

(d) All patents listed in schedule B attached hereto.

(e) All patents listed in schedule C attached hereto.

(f) The capital stock of Jasco, Inc., including the five certificates of stock therein held by Walter Schaefer and Harold E. Koechling, Trustees, and the patents, contracts, and other rights in and of Jasco, Inc.

(g) All patents listed in schedule D attached hereto.

(h) All other patents and patent applications held by or in the name of Standard-I. G. Company, Standard Catalytic Company, Jasco, Inc., or W. E. Currie.

**SCHEDULE A**

**STANDARD I. G. COMPANY**

G 35 62 X 145 672—October 15, 1930—U. S. and Territorial Possessions:		
Motor Fuel.....	1,775,674	
Production of Methane.....	1,643,663	
Motor Fuel.....	1,765,692	
P 38 165 O 146 569—December 9, 1930—Territory, All:		
Increasing the Viscosity and Improving the Lubricating Properties of Oils.....	1,787,951	285,205
W 53 4 V 147 661—March 20, 1931—Territory, All:		
Production of Hydrocarbons.....	1,801,382	300,381
K 30 173 V 148 639—June 5, 1931—Territory, All:		
Purification of Hydrogenation Products of Carbonaceous Materials.....	1,822,351	129,094
C 35 249 V 148 579—June 5, 1931—U. S. and Territorial Possessions:		
Motor Fuel.....	1,775,674	
M 63 78 V 148 636—June 5, 1931—Territory, All:		
Conversion of Solid Fuels.....	1,823,116	150,140
W 53 153 S 149 19—August 15, 1931—U. S. and Territorial Possessions:		
Catalysts of High Mechanical Strength.....	1,776,875	
P 38 125 J 150 662—October 19, 1931—Territory, All:		
Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons from Carbonaceous Materials, Tars, Mineral Oils and the Like.....	1,890,437	320,764
P 38 127 K 373-376-379—October 21, 1931—Territory, All:		
Catalytic Gas Reactions.....	1,845,058	208,065
Destructive Hydrogenation of Carbonaceous Materials.....	1,835,425	229,084
Destructive Hydrogenation of Carbonaceous Materials.....	1,833,426	302,639
H 66 109 K 150 278—October 21, 1931—Territory, All:		
Extraction of Oils from Materials Containing Same.....	1,840,287	244,552
P 38 289 W 152 414—May 20, 1932—Territory, All:		
Production of Viscous Oils and Hydrocarbon. Product of Low Boiling Point.....	1,863,670	369,264
P 38 297 Y 152 588—May 28, 1932—Territory, All:		
Separation from Solid Residues of the Oils Obtained in the Destructive Hydrogenation of Carbonaceous Materials.....	1,864,856	321,057
P 40 12 G 153 150, 152—June 25, 1932—Territory, All:		
Process of Producing Motor Fuel by the Destructive Hydrogenation of Carbonaceous Materials.....	1,864,855	314,538
Motor Fuels.....	1,863,669	233,312
P 40 12 G 153 154—June 25, 1932—Territory, All:		
Production of Non-Knocking Motor Fuels.....	1,864,496	381,063
R 39 179 I 153 405—July 6, 1932—Territory, All:		
Recovery of Pure Hydrogen.....	1,869,825	277,781
P 40 27 N 153 96—July 21, 1932—Territory, All:		
Destructive Hydrogenation of Carbonaceous Materials.....	1,890,439	360,194
K 31 132 N 153 39—July 21, 1932—Territory, All:		
Conversion of Solid Fuels and Products Derived Therefrom or Other Carbonaceous Materials into Valuable Products.....	1,876,009	258,144
P 40 27 N 153 83—July 21, 1932—Territory, All:		
Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons From Carbonaceous Materials Which are in the Liquid State.....	1,895,769	317,575

<sup>1</sup> 6 F.R. 2897, 3715, 6348, 6785.

## SCHEDULE A—Continued

STANDARD I. G. COMPANY—continued

P 40 68 B 154 26—September 12, 1932—Territory, All: Liquid and Other Hydrocarbons and Derivatives Thereof by the Destructive Hydrogenation of Carbonaceous Materials.	1,938,542	266,445
P 40 68 B 154 28, 30—September 12, 1932—Territory, All: Reactions at High Pressure and Temperatures.	1,894,116	299,124
L 37 7 A 154 687—September 12, 1932—Territory, All: Conversion of Carbonaceous Materials into Fuels of Relatively Low Boiling Point Range.	1,890,438	320,765
K 31 198 M 154 627—October 31, 1932—Territory, All: Recovery of Oils of High Boiling Point.	1,889,926	263,592
K 31 220 Y 154 78—December 16, 1932—Territory, All: Conversion of Solid Fuels and Products Derived Therefrom or other Materials into Valuable Liquids.	1,890,434	86,646
P 40 120 Y 154 120—December 16, 1932—Territory, All: Separation of Oils from Solid Residues.	1,904,521	306,277
K 31 220 Y 154 78—December 16, 1932—Territory, All: Production of Valuable Liquid Products from Coal and the Like.	1,890,435	129,096
P 40 148 L 155 38—February 6, 1933—Territory, All: Production of Low Boiling Hydrocarbon Products.	1,917,324	369,258
P 40 162 Q 155 623—March 1, 1933—Territory, All: Recovery of the Products of Destructive Hydrogenation.	1,933,069	391,508
P 40 189 C 156 679—April 18, 1933—Territory, All: Valuable Liquid Products from Solid Distillable Carbonaceous Materials.	1,920,887	377,622
P 40 190 D 156 156—April 19, 1933—Territory, All: Valuable Liquid Fuels.	1,910,050	353,688
P 40 190 D 156 158—April 19, 1933—Territory, All: Motor Fuels.	1,910,051	360,316
P 40 194 E 156 632—April 26, 1933—Territory, All: Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons.	1,921,477	381,072
P 40 194 E 156 634—April 26, 1933—Territory, All: Destructive Hydrogenation of Carbonaceous Materials.	1,922,499	391,509
K 31 300 E 156 583—April 26, 1933—Territory, All: Destructive Hydrogenation of Carbonaceous Materials.	1,922,542	200,282
P 40 201 H 156 693—May 9, 1933—Territory, All: Production of Valuable Liquid Hydrocarbons.	1,921,478	384,480
P 40 201 H 156 695—May 9, 1933—Territory, All: Destructive Hydrogenation of Coals, Tars, Mineral Oils and the Like.	1,919,857	224,519
P 40 201 H 156 697—May 9, 1933—Territory, All: Production of Hydrocarbons.	1,914,727	367,121
P 40 201 H 156 699—May 9, 1933—Territory, All: Destructive Hydrogenation of Distillable Carbonaceous Materials and Apparatus Therefor.	1,920,888	396,486
K 32 7 H 156 656, 658—May 9, 1933—Territory, All: Conversion of Solid Fuels and Products Derived Therefrom or other Materials into Valuable Liquids.	1,923,576	181,885
P 40 209 L 156 143—May 22, 1933—Territory, All: Conversion of Solid Fuels and Products Derived Therefrom or other Materials into Valuable Liquids.	1,931,549	181,884
P 40 220 P 156 517—June 9, 1933—Territory, All: Valuable Products from Carbonaceous Substances.	1,920,886	264,444
P 40 220 P 156 519—June 9, 1933—Territory, All: Valuable Products from Carbonaceous Materials.	1,927,244	265,219
P 40 236 U 156 251—June 28, 1933—Territory, All: Low Temperature Carbonization of Carbonaceous Materials.	1,929,649	271,400
P 40 273 K 159 387—September 5, 1933—Territory, All: Production of Hydrocarbon Products.	1,934,001	302,640
P 40 273 K 159 387—September 5, 1933—Territory, All: Separation of Liquid Constituents from Mixtures of Solids and Liquids.	1,912,856	476,937

## SCHEDULE A—Continued

STANDARD I. G. COMPANY—continued

P 40 286 Q 157 252—September 30, 1933—Territory, All: Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons.	1,932,873	397,150
P 41 8 Z 157 163—November 7, 1933—Territory, All: Separation of Hydrogen.	1,938,087	399,095
G 37 258 F 158 614—December 5, 1933—U. S. and Territory: Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons.	1,932,174	
P 41 24 F 158 657—December 5, 1933—Territory, All: Destructive Hydrogenation of Carbonaceous Materials.	1,954,096	358,154
G 37 264 I 158 218—December 15, 1933—U. S. and Territorial Possessions:		
Removal of Sulfur Compounds from Crude Hydrocarbons	1,932,369	528,965
P 41 44 O 158 257, 259—January 10, 1934—Territory, All: Production of Catalysts.	1,946,108	330,135
P 41 59 T 158 162—January 31, 1934—Territory, All: Production of Catalysts.	1,946,109	553,882
P 41 65 V 158 273—February 9, 1934—Territory, All: Reactions with Hydrogen and Apparatus Therefor.	1,949,109	460,940
Working Up Oil-Bearing Residues	1,950,811	420,624
R 40 249 C 159 209—March 10, 1934—Territory, All: Removal of Phenols from Hydrocarbons Containing the Same.	1,955,023	656,374
P 41 104 L 159 455—April 17, 1934—Territory, All: Production of Valuable Organic Products.	1,959,175	280,642
M 67 53 M 159 695—April 23, 1934—Territory, All: Treatment of Cases Containing Unsaturated Hydrocarbons.	1,959,924	495,416
G 38 45 P 159 377—May 3, 1934—Territory, All: Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons.	1,960,972	468,804
P 41 118 R 159 297—May 10, 1934—Territory, All: Recovery of the Reaction Products of the Destructive Hydrogenation of Carbonaceous Materials.	1,961,982	364,459
P 41 161 K 160 60—July 25, 1934—Territory, All: Desulfurization of Hydrocarbon Oils by Hydrogenation.	1,975,475	384,468
H 70 31 X 160 410—September 25, 1934—Territory, All: Recovery of Hydrogen from Gases Containing Hydrogen and Hydrocarbons and Apparatus.	1,977,992	594,172
P 41 202 B 161 231—October 10, 1934—Territory, All: Non-Knocking Motor Fuels.	1,979,841	397,145
P 41 216 M 161 608—November 26, 1934—Territory, All: Production of Hydrocarbons of High Boiling Point Range.	1,988,019	352,929
P 41 245 B 161 48—January 5, 1935—Territory, All: Destructive Hydrogenation of Carbonaceous Materials.	1,989,822	384,481
K 34 20 X 165 265—February 21, 1936—Territory, All: Conversion of Carbonaceous Substances, Tars, Mineral Oils and the Like into more Valuable Products.	2,035,133	195,583
P 42 271 Y 166—May 27, 1936—Territory, All: Conversion of Liquid Carbonaceous Materials of High Boiling Point Range.	2,045,794	376,861
P 43 218 V 170 403—May 20, 1937—U. S. and Territorial Possessions: Thermal Treatment of Carbonaceous Substances.	2,068,868	
P 45 145 B 179 72—April 22, 1939—Territory, All: Carrying out Catalytic Reactions.	2,159,511	1,022
P 46 249 N 185 382—November 20, 1940—U. S. and Territorial Possessions:		
Production of Shaped Catalysts	2,204,619	
S 96 48 C 187 643—March 18, 1941—Territory, All: Process for the Production of Hydrocarbons.	321,692	
M 77 66 C 187 601—March 18, 1941—Territory, All: Production of Hydrocarbons.	319,838	

SCHEDULE B

STANDARD CATALYTIC—I. G. PATENTS

Class 1—Hydrogenation

1,558,559	1,959,175
1,569,775	1,959,924
1,643,663	1,960,794
1,634,640	1,960,972
1,698,602	1,960,977
1,743,214	1,961,982
1,766,763	1,963,759
1,788,170	1,965,956
1,791,568	1,966,624
1,798,288	1,969,422
1,801,382	1,970,248
1,818,165	1,973,833
1,823,116	1,975,475
1,823,468	1,979,841
1,835,425	1,983,234
1,835,426	1,983,241
1,841,910	1,984,596
1,844,998	1,988,019
1,845,058	1,989,822
1,845,439	1,990,708
1,845,555	1,993,226
1,851,762	1,994,058
1,857,814	1,994,075
1,859,314	1,995,647
1,863,670	1,996,008
1,876,009	1,996,009
1,876,270	1,998,595
1,881,968	2,002,997
1,881,969	2,005,192
1,889,251	2,006,996
1,890,434	2,028,348
1,890,436	2,035,133
1,890,437	2,038,599
1,890,438	2,039,259
1,890,439	2,045,794
1,894,116	2,045,795
1,894,257	2,054,776
1,895,764	2,058,789
1,895,769	2,059,495
1,904,476	2,068,868
1,904,521	2,087,608
1,908,286	2,091,831
1,910,050	2,093,096
1,910,051	2,098,400
1,914,727	2,100,352
1,917,324	2,100,353
1,919,857	2,100,354
1,920,886	2,115,336
1,920,887	2,116,061
1,920,888	2,116,081
1,921,477	2,118,940
1,921,478	2,119,647
1,922,499	2,120,295
1,922,542	2,127,382
1,923,576	2,127,383
1,930,468	2,127,577
1,931,549	2,132,855
1,931,550	2,149,900
1,932,186	2,154,527
1,932,365	2,159,077
1,932,369	2,159,140
1,932,673	2,159,511
1,933,069	2,165,940
1,934,001	2,167,004
1,937,554	2,170,976
1,937,588	2,177,376
1,938,542	2,183,145
1,949,109	2,183,146
1,954,096	2,191,156
1,955,014	2,191,157
1,955,829	2,194,186
1,955,861	2,203,842
1,957,787	2,206,729

SCHEDULE B—Continued

STANDARD CATALYTIC—I. G. PATENTS—CON.

Class 1—Hydrogenation—Continued

2,207,581	2,234,568
2,211,022	2,238,240
2,215,190	2,238,851
2,215,869	2,242,463
2,215,876	2,248,099
2,220,261	2,251,554
2,221,952	2,254,748
2,227,671	2,254,806
2,227,672	2,274,639

Class 2—Hydroforming

1,913,940	1,913,941
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Class 3—Manufacture of Hydrogen

1,543,357	1,921,856
1,723,772	1,931,492
1,751,117	1,934,836
1,776,876	1,938,087
1,790,248	1,957,743
1,790,249	1,957,744
1,793,136	1,977,992
1,818,579	2,000,224
1,857,799	2,038,566
1,869,825	2,042,285
1,882,977	2,056,911
1,898,527	2,083,795
1,898,967	2,111,579

Class 4—Paraflow

1,938,088	2,147,315
2,028,472	2,189,924
2,063,623	2,258,806
2,111,126	2,271,093
2,130,024	

Class 5—Alkacid

1,990,217	2,053,650
2,011,386	2,176,441

Class 6—Claus Process

1,782,590	1,984,971
1,889,942	2,157,318
1,900,751	2,168,150
1,911,498	

Class 7—Asphalt Additives

1,988,543	2,038,572
2,008,978	2,191,295

Class 8—Miscellaneous

1,504,624	1,794,865
1,591,526	1,803,855
1,631,823	1,812,398
1,673,620	1,813,514
1,678,630	1,814,410
1,681,335	1,818,158
1,684,634	1,822,349
1,687,118	1,822,351
1,704,732	1,823,503
1,732,371	1,828,380
1,748,315	1,838,893
1,751,955	1,840,287
1,760,289	1,840,649
1,766,699	1,842,906
1,766,718	1,847,095
1,775,640	1,849,675
1,775,674	1,851,726
1,776,193	1,854,146
1,778,447	1,856,186
1,783,726	1,863,212
1,783,757	1,863,586
1,787,951	1,864,856
1,788,204	1,865,183

SCHEDULE B—Continued

STANDARD CATALYTIC—I. G. PATENTS—CON.

Class 3—Miscellaneous—Continued

1,868,127	1,987,092
1,868,919	1,988,873
1,868,920	1,990,213
1,868,921	1,993,386
1,869,736	1,998,626
1,878,509	2,007,754
1,881,490	2,008,953
1,881,691	2,017,557
1,881,692	2,018,619
1,881,861	2,018,871
1,882,712	2,020,703
1,882,813	2,020,713
1,884,093	2,020,714
1,889,926	2,022,279
1,889,932	2,025,490
1,889,952	2,028,308
1,893,804	2,028,349
1,894,126	2,041,234
1,894,140	2,045,747
1,894,255	2,055,135
1,894,764	2,055,633
1,899,582	2,056,914
1,904,477	2,060,230
1,904,586	2,060,356
1,905,520	2,060,447
1,906,462	2,063,596
1,907,812	2,067,311
1,909,145	2,083,125
1,910,910	2,085,129
1,911,505	2,086,856
1,911,586	2,090,813
1,913,968	2,094,476
1,916,824	2,097,605
1,916,836	2,098,779
1,919,730	2,099,475
1,922,491	2,104,097
1,922,918	2,104,956
1,923,571	2,106,446
1,923,583	2,106,960
1,923,652	2,113,162
1,925,551	2,115,553
1,925,566	2,119,350
1,927,244	2,119,651
1,929,649	2,120,296
1,933,434	2,122,903
1,934,007	2,125,343
1,936,453	2,128,958
1,937,619	2,133,496
1,938,086	2,134,333
1,941,884	2,137,602
1,944,420	2,140,545
1,945,583	2,141,731
1,945,907	2,143,393
1,945,960	2,144,409
1,946,108	2,147,838
1,946,109	2,152,454
1,950,811	2,153,644
1,952,459	2,154,676
1,955,025	2,157,332
1,958,648	2,159,148
1,960,348	2,159,175
1,960,974	2,161,663
1,963,245	2,163,922
1,964,891	2,164,762
1,965,390	2,165,372
1,965,952	2,165,373
1,967,665	2,168,933
1,967,691	2,173,482
1,971,301	2,179,829
1,973,834	2,184,697
1,973,851	2,185,405
1,975,476	2,185,405
1,986,238	2,187,872

SCHEDULE C—Continued  
WILLIAM E. CURRIE—continued

J 22 102 F 184 559—July 1, 1940—All—Continued.	251,999
Title of Invention not stated.	252,001
Recovery of Hydrogen Sulphide from Gases.	2,083,213
Degasification of Alkaline Liquids Laden with Hydrogen Sulphide.	2,168,150
Process of Making Gaseous Mixtures of Nitrogen and Hydrogen.	1,723,772
Manufacture of Valuable Organic Products.	1,704,732
Production of Hydrogen and Gas Mixtures Containing the Same.	1,898,527
Production of Gaseous Mixtures Containing Hydrogen.	2,000,224
Catalytic Reaction.	1,851,762
Process for the Separation of Propane and Propylene from Gas Mixtures.	2,189,062
Conversion of Hydrocarbons.	1,967,665
Conversion of Olefins into Valuable Higher Molecular Products.	2,185,405
Process for the Conversion of Hydrocarbons of High Boiling Point into Others of Low Boiling Point.	1,812,398
Motor Fuel.	1,775,674
Operating Explosion Motors.	1,591,526
Title of Invention not stated.	2,250,949
Title of Invention not stated.	2,225,045
Purification of Synthetically Produced Alcohols.	2,099,475
Purifying Crude Methanol.	2,115,553
Title of Invention not stated.	2,242,463
Recovery of Molybdenum from Substances containing Molybdenum or its compounds.	1,944,420
Gas Purifying Mass.	2,008,953
Purification of Gases.	2,168,933
Process and Apparatus for the Separation of Gas Mixtures.	1,881,490
Desulphurization of Gases.	1,911,498
Title of Invention not stated.	1,681,335
Stable Suspension and Paste of Coal.	1,906,462
Production of Carbon Black.	1,894,764
Production of Carbon Black.	1,897,798
Desulphurization of Crude Aromatic Hydrocarbons.	1,932,369
Removal of Sulphur Compounds from Crude Hydrocarbons.	1,932,813
Catalyst for the Production of Carbon Black.	2,165,372
Production of a High Quality Lubricating Oil.	1,916,836
J 22 103 F 184 559—July 1, 1940:	581,079
Production of Shaped Articles from Masses Containing Silicon.	1,971,301
Production of Hydrocarbons of High Boiling Point.	2,154,676
Production of Ethylene from Saturated Hydrocarbons.	2,255,803
Production of Valuable Liquid Hydrocarbons.	2,159,148
Production of Hydrogen.	1,931,492
Title of Invention not stated.	234,901
Desulphurization of Gases.	1,984,971
Title of Invention not stated.	261,349
Production of Organic Compounds containing Oxygen.	1,743,214
Column Containing Filler Bodies.	2,125,343
Preservation of Oils.	1,856,186
Production of Lubricating Oils.	2,165,373
Electrolytic Cell.	1,907,812
Production of Hydrogen and Preparation of Catalysts Therefor.	2,038,566
Title of Invention not stated.	243,774
Title of Invention not stated.	2,210,148
Title of Invention not stated.	205,004

SCHEDULE B—Continued  
STANDARD CATALYTIC—I. G. PATENTS—CON.

Class 8—Miscellaneous—Continued	2,254,745
2,228,118	2,257,173
2,242,321	2,257,213
2,245,157	2,271,942
2,247,465	2,274,750
2,250,949	
2,253,093	
SCHEDULE C	
WILLIAM E. CURRIE	
J 22 102 F 184 559—July 1, 1940—All:	2,134,333
Waxlike substance and process for preparing same.	682,670
Process of preparing Mixtures containing Mineral and Bituminous Substances.	1,988,543
Bituminous Paving Composition.	495,003
Bituminous Dispersions for Coatings or Coverings and a Process for preparing them.	2,008,978
Production of Hydrocarbons.	537,215
Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons and their Derivatives containing Oxygen.	2,041,234
Title of Invention not stated.	1,908,286
Production of Hydrogenated Aromatic Hydrocarbons or Derivatives thereof.	2,159,077
Production of Hydrocarbons from Carbon Monoxide and Hydrogen.	2,207,581
Process for the Recovery of Hydrogen and Oxygen by Electrolysis.	1,965,956
Apparatus for Carrying out Exothermic Catalytic Gas Reactions.	2,159,140
Recovery of Energy Transmitted to Liquids.	67,344
Removal of Sulphur Compounds from Gases.	1,543,357
Process of Lubricating Steam Turbines.	498,034
Title of Invention not stated.	1,869,736
Title of Invention not stated.	1,909,141
Separation of Hydrogen Sulphide from Gaseous Mixtures containing the same.	448,151
Separation of Carbon Dioxide from Gaseous Mixtures free from Sulphur Compounds.	1,916,824
Washing out of weak Gaseous Acids from Gases containing the same.	478,307
Removal of Gaseous Weak Acids from Gases Containing the Same.	1,778,447
Removal of Hydrogen Sulphide and Hydrocyanic Acid and of Readily Volatile Liquids from Gases.	242,914
Method of Converting Hydrogen Sulphide into Sulphur Dioxide.	226,252
Purifying Gas.	1,990,217
Purifying Gases.	618,081
Recovery of Soluble Products from Solid Carbonizable Substances.	2,053,650
Purification of Sulphur Bearing Gases and Recovery of Sulphates and Sulphur.	2,137,602
Purification of Gases.	98,096
Removal of Weak Acids and Ammonia from Gases.	2,106,446
Purification of Gases, Especially Coal Distillation Gases.	3,676
Title of Invention not stated.	2,161,663
Title of Invention not stated.	108,010
Title of Invention not stated.	28,018
Title of Invention not stated.	493,749
Title of Invention not stated.	1,678,630
Title of Invention not stated.	1,504,624
Title of Invention not stated.	1,631,823
Title of Invention not stated.	35,781
Title of Invention not stated.	1,822,349
Title of Invention not stated.	262,041
Title of Invention not stated.	1,889,942
Title of Invention not stated.	382,730
Title of Invention not stated.	444,338
Title of Invention not stated.	1,900,751
Title of Invention not stated.	2,045,747
Title of Invention not stated.	678,357
Title of Invention not stated.	2,067,311
Title of Invention not stated.	742,084
Title of Invention not stated.	2,152,454
Title of Invention not stated.	100,212
Title of Invention not stated.	137,027
Title of Invention not stated.	2,247,465
Title of Invention not stated.	247,300

SCHEDULE C—Continued

WILLIAM E. CURRIE—continued

J 22 102 F 184 559—July 1, 1940—All—Continued.

Process for the Polymerization of Unsaturated Hydrocarbons	138,748
Production of Liquid Polymerization Products from Olefins	154,934
Title of Invention not stated	216,622
Emulsifiable Bituminous Substances	506,826
Purification of Paraffin Wax	506,740
Production of Carbon-Black	1,949,675
Manufacture of Carbon	1,803,855
Process of Manufacturing Organic Compounds	1,889,251
Refining Crude Benzol	1,932,365
Production of Valuable Organic Products	1,904,477
Refining of Crude Liquid Hydrocarbons	1,960,974
Separation of Oil from Mixtures thereof with Solid Substances	1,881,691
Process for Purifying Soot	1,945,907
Apparatus for the Low Temperature Carbonization of Oil-Bearing Materials	1,842,906
Metallic Apparatus for Carrying Out Chemical and Other Processes	1,783,726
Title of Invention not stated	2,234,568
Title of Invention not stated	2,248,099
Title of Invention not stated	1,732,371
Purifying Oil	1,899,582
Carrying Out Friedel Crafts and Similar Condensation Reactions with Non-Aromatic Compounds	2,183,146
Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons and Their Derivatives Containing Oxygen	2,254,806
Title of Invention not stated	2,211,022
Title of Invention not stated	2,254,748
Title of Invention not stated	2,220,261
Title of Invention not stated	1,878,509
Insulating Oil	1,823,503
Manufacture of Unsaturated Hydrocarbons	1,884,093
Production of Liquid Hydrocarbons of Low Boiling Point from Olefines	1,698,602
Synthetic Manufacture of Methanol	1,569,775
Manufacture of Oxygenated Organic Compounds	1,791,568
Production of Oxygenated Organic Compounds	1,558,559
Title of Invention not stated	1,673,620
Liquid Fuel	1,889,982
Polymerization Products of Butylenes	1,881,861
Production of Highly Concentrated Paraffin Wax	2,128,958
Refining Mineral Lubricating Oils	2,159,175
Production of Motor Fuels	1,818,579
Electrode	1,823,468
Manufacture of Methyl Alcohol and Other Oxygenated Organic Compounds	2,203,842
Title of Invention not stated	160,598
Title of Invention not stated	259,114
Heating up Carbonaceous Material	2,120,296
Removal of Monocyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons from Gases	1,818,158
Production of Valuable Lubricating Oils	1,965,300
Lubricant and Process of Making Same	2,028,349
Production of Lubricants	2,140,545
Lubricant Composition and Method of Preparing Same	2,147,315
Title of Invention not stated	317,601
Title of Invention not stated	666,542
Title of Invention not stated	175,494
Title of Invention not stated	2,258,806
Title of Invention not stated	175,495

SCHEDULE C—Continued

WILLIAM E. CURRIE—continued

J 22 102 F 184 559—July 1, 1940—All—Continued.

Title of Invention not stated	198,681
Production of Hydrocarbons	217,814
Apparatus for and Improvement in Carrying Out Chemical Processes at Elevated Temperatures	2,169,924
Production of Lubricating Oils	1,995,647
Title of Invention not stated	2,063,623
Production of High Quality Lubricating Oils	2,018,871
Production of Valuable Oils from Aliphatic and Resinous Hydrocarbon Mixtures	2,055,135
Production of Highly Viscous Oils	2,106,960
Title of Invention not stated	611,994
J 22 104 F 184 559—July 1, 1940:	
Production of Viscous Oils	1,964,891
Lubricating Oils	2,104,097
Production of Nonknocking Motor Fuel	2,116,081
Title of Invention not stated	2,223,184
Conversion of Liquid Carbonaceous Materials into Hydrocarbons of Low Boiling Point	1,993,226
Title of Invention not stated	167,980
Production of Hydrocarbons	2,167,004
Process of Producing Gases for the Manufacture of Oxygenated Organic Compounds	1,766,763
Title of Invention not stated	662,961
Title of Invention not stated	264,972
Title of Invention not stated	256,506
Production of Liquid Hydrocarbons	1,651,726
Thermal Treatment of Carbonaceous Substances	2,068,868
Production of Hydroaromatic Hydrocarbons	1,960,977
Title of Invention not stated	2,224,003
Manufacture of Organic Compounds Containing Oxygen	1,788,170
Separation of Oils from Mixtures with Solid Substances	1,794,865
Producing Oxygenated Organic Compounds	1,841,910
Apparatus for the Recovery of Volatilizable Organic Substances from Materials Containing the Same	1,925,506
Distillation of Hydrogenated Oil Residues	1,927,244
Process of Dehydrating Moist Fuel	1,881,968
Filtration of Acid Sludge	1,960,348
Working up Hydrocarbon and Similar Substances	2,091,831
Process of Bleaching Mineral Oils and Fat	1,788,204
Production of Solid Lubricants	1,776,193
Increasing the Viscosity and Improving the Lubricating Properties of Oils	1,787,951
Production of Liquid Unsaturated Hydrocarbons of High Molecular Weight	1,787,951
Production of High Quality Lubricating Oils	1,923,583
Fluorescent Substance	2,028,472
Substance Producing Fluorescence	2,111,126
Process for Purifying and Refining Hydrocarbon Oils	1,814,410
Removal of Phenols from Hydrocarbons	1,934,007
Catalytic Process	1,828,380
Electrolytic Cell	1,793,136
Electrode for Electrolytic Cells	1,790,248
Electrode for Electrolytic Cells	1,790,249
Low Temperature Carbonization Apparatus	1,955,025
Purification of Synthetic Methanol	2,083,125
Apparatus for the Fine Dispersion of Gases in Liquids	2,097,605
Flange Joint of Tubular Conduits	2,119,651
Method of Cooling Gases	2,153,644
103,258	

## SCHEDULE C—Continued

WILLIAM E. CURRIE—continued

J 22 104 F 184 559—July 1, 1940—Continued.	257,186
Title of Invention not stated	264,879½
Production of Hydrogen from Hydrocarbons	2,056,911
Production of Hydrogen	2,083,795
Production of Carbon Black	1,894,126
Production of Carbon Black and Apparatus therefor	1,813,514
Production of Carbon Black	1,868,919
Production of Carbon Black	1,868,920
Production of Carbon Black	1,868,921
Production of Hydrogen	1,882,977
Purifying Organic Compounds Containing Oxygen	1,684,640
Process of Transforming Oxides of Carbon into Organic Compounds, Particularly Methanol	1,818,165
Production of Mixtures of Nitrogen and Hydrogen from Bituminous Fuels	1,898,967
Gas Producer	1,911,586
Working-up of Carbonaceous Materials	2,060,447
Apparatus for the Separation of Mixtures of Liquids of Different Specific Gravity	2,090,813
Improved Hydrocarbon Products, Especially Lubricating Oils	2,020,703
Catalytic Purification of Oxygen Containing Hydrogenation Product of Oxides of Carbon	2,059,495
Title of Invention not stated	227,988
Production of Liquid Hydrocarbons of the Benzene Series	1,998,595
Conversion of Methane into Liquid Hydrocarbons	1,905,520
Conversion of Methane into Liquid Hydrocarbons	1,958,648
Purification of Hydrocarbons	2,104,956
Apparatus for Low Temperature Carbonization	1,967,691
Process of Removing Weak Gaseous Acids from Gases Containing the Same	2,143,393
Separation of Weak Gaseous Acids from Gases	2,011,386
Removal of Gaseous Weak Acid from Gases Containing the Same	2,176,441
Title of Invention not stated	71,984
J 22 105 F 184 559—July 1, 1940.	228,800
Title of Invention not stated	209,989
Apparatus for Continuous Distillation of Difficulty-Distillable Liquid	1,766,699
Dehydration of Moist Fuels	1,783,757
Title of Invention not stated	226,255
Manufacture of Combustible Gas Containing Hydrogen and Carbon Monoxide	1,751,117
Process for the Catalytic Conversion of Hydrocarbons	1,934,836
Production of Hydrogen	1,957,743
Elimination of Sulphur Compounds from Gases	1,782,590
Production of Gaseous Mixtures Containing Hydrogen and Nitrogen from Methane	1,921,856
Production of Gaseous Mixtures Containing Hydrogen and Nitrogen from Methane	1,957,744
Separation of Finely Divided Impurities from Liquids	1,945,583
Production of Hydrocarbons	1,801,382
Production of Hydrocarbons of High-Boiling-Point Range	1,738,288
Heat Exchanger	1,863,586
Production of Carbon Monoxide and Hydrogen from Methane	2,042,285
Fuel for Diesel Engines	2,028,308
Manufacturing Fuel Gas	1,687,118
Manufacturing Water Gas	1,776,876
Fuel Gas	1,913,968

## SCHEDULE C—Continued

WILLIAM E. CURRIE—continued

J 22 105 F 184 559—July 1, 1940—Continued.	2,133,496
Gas Generating Process	1,868,127
Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons	1,894,255
Production of Liquid Hydrocarbons from Olefines	1,986,238
Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons from Gaseous Hydrocarbons	1,990,213
Removal of Substances Forming Resins from Benzenes	1,922,918
Production of Liquid in Particular Aromatic Hydrocarbons	2,111,579
Gasification of Fine-Grain Solid Fuels	2,187,872
Gas Producer for Gasifying Granular Fuels	1,838,893
Cracking Oils	1,840,649
Process of Producing Fuel Gas	1,863,212
Manufacture of Liquid Hydrocarbons	1,904,586
Conversion of Carbonaceous Solids into Valuable Liquid Products	2,020,713
Ceramic Masses Preventing the formation of Carbon Deposits	2,141,731
Double Cylinder Water Pressure Engine and Piston Pump Actuated thereby	2,020,714
Lubricating Hydrocarbon Product	2,025,490
Production of Lubricating Oils	1,965,952
Production of High Quality Lubricating Oils	1,938,086
P 46 187 W 184 437—August 19, 1940.	396,389
Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons	1,963,245
Conversion of Hydrocarbons of High Boiling Point into Those of Lower Boiling Point	2,055,633
Treatment of Carbonaceous Materials	2,113,162
Splitting of Hydrocarbons	2,179,829
Production of Liquid Hydrocarbons	1,933,434
Production of Hydrocarbon Oils	2,196,016
Water-Soluble Basic Aluminum Compounds	2,191,794
Recovery of Molybdenum	1,998,626
Production of Catalysts Containing Molybdenum and Tungsten	1,919,730
Porous Metal and Metal Oxide	460,288
Unsaturated Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	1,881,692
Thermal Treatment of Hydrocarbons	2,067,782
Production of Hydrocarbons of Low Boiling Point	1,988,873
Conversion of Hydrocarbons of High Boiling Point into Those of Low Boiling Point	1,854,146
Apparatus for Treating Solid and Liquid Materials	1,923,571
Decomposition of Substances Containing Tungsten Sulphide	1,865,183
Manufacture of Metal Oxide	2,157,332
Thermal Treatment of Hydrocarbons	1,775,640
Recovery of Molybdenum and Similar Metals	2,147,838
Process of Cooling Gases	1,911,505
Title of Invention not stated	120,911
Conversion of Hydrocarbons into Those of Lower Boiling Point	2,157,318
Production of Olefines and Liquid Hydrocarbons from Methane	1,941,884
Thermal Treatment of Carbon Compounds	2,022,279
Production of Hydrocarbons	2,063,596
Carrying out Reactions in Periodically Heated Chambers	2,007,754
Production of Liquid Hydrocarbons	1,973,851
Title of Invention not stated	1,894,257
Production of Organic Compounds by Hydrogenation	2,203,470
Production of Hydrocarbons of Low Boiling Point	1,975,476
Cracking of Liquid Hydrocarbons Products	2,100,353
Title of Invention not stated	2,119,350
	2,245,157

SCHEDULE C—Continued  
WILLIAM E. CURRIE—continued

P 46 187 W 184 437—August 19, 1940—Continued.

Catalytic Reaction	706,044
Process for the Recovery of Molybdenum	528,983
Catalytic Dehydrogenation	151,244
Title of Invention not stated	221,972
Title of Invention not stated	222,144
Manufacture of Valuable Organic Compounds	1,766,718
Production of Hydrocarbons	159,498
Production of Hydrocarbons	1,913,940
Heat Treating Hydrocarbons at an Elevated Temperature	1,913,941
Prevention of the Formation of Carbon in Operations Carried Out with Hydrocarbons at Elevated Temperature	1,893,804
Conversion of Hydrocarbons of High Boiling Point into Those of Low Boiling Point	1,847,095
Process for the Production of Catalysts	1,922,491
Production of Valuable Hydrocarbon Liquids	1,895,764
Production of Hydrocarbons	1,993,386
Manufacture of Active Silica	2,094,476
Manufacture of Active Silica	1,748,315
Production of Colloidal Metal Hydroxides	1,751,955
Production of Metal Hydroxides Colloidally Soluble in Water	2,085,129
Highly-Active Absorbent and Catalytic Mass	2,163,922
Recovery of Oils from Industrial Residues	1,760,289
Apparatus for Endothermic Catalytic Reactions	340,010
Production of Unsaturated Hydrocarbons	1,889,932
Separation of Valuable Products from Mixtures Thereof with Solid Substances	1,894,140
Production of Valuable Products by Conversion of Carbonaceous Materials	2,060,356
Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons of Low Boiling Point	1,925,551
Manufacture of Hydrocarbons of the Benzene Series	1,994,058
Conversion of Hydrocarbons	1,844,998
Production of Hydrocarbons	1,910,910
Conversion of Hydrocarbons into Hydrocarbons of Lower Molecular Weight	538,130
Thermal Treatment of Hydrocarbons	527,206
Production of Nonknocking Motor Fuels and Lubricating Oils	1,945,960
Apparatus for Pyrogenic Conversion of Hydrocarbons	423,537
Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons	661,632
Production of Valuable Hydrocarbons	1,937,619
Recovery of Molybdenum	2,018,619
Recovery of Molybdenum	2,122,903
Conversion of Hydrocarbons of Higher Boiling Point into Those of Lower Boiling Point	2,127,577
Process for Producing Hydrocarbons	478,111
Title of Invention not stated	666,694
Title of Invention not stated	2,017,557
Production of Non-Knocking Fuels by Cracking Hydrocarbon oils	1,876,270
Process for the Production of Hydrocarbons from Carbonaceous Hydrocarbon oils	444,354
Process for the Catalytic Cracking of Hydrocarbon oils	196,364
Process for the Catalytic Cracking of Hydrocarbon Oils	172,238
Process for the Catalytic Cracking of Hydrocarbon Oils	274,585
Polymerized Hydrocarbon Composition	288,546
Title of Invention not stated	271,506
Title of Invention not stated	280,966
Title of Invention not stated	282,693
Title of Invention not stated	288,582
Title of Invention not stated	289,088
Title of Invention not stated	294,676
Title of Invention not stated	2,254,745
Title of Invention not stated	289,044
Title of Invention not stated	2,197,768
Title of Invention not stated	167,554

P 46 188 W 184 443—August 19, 1940—Continued.

Lubricant and Process of Making the same	2,197,769
Title of Invention not stated	2,342,321
Title of Invention not stated	2,342,321
Title of Invention not stated	2,342,321
Process for the separation of Hydrogen Sulphide or Sulphur Dioxide from Gases	330,326
Mixtures	330,327
Title of Invention not stated	290,518
Title of Invention not stated	321,211
Title of Invention not stated	321,210
Title of Invention not stated	270,650
Title of Invention not stated	330,730
Title of Invention not stated	296,527
Title of Invention not stated	322,013
Title of Invention not stated	292,399
Title of Invention not stated	326,156
Title of Invention not stated	322,768
Title of Invention not stated	327,117
Title of Invention not stated	330,460
Title of Invention not stated	286,406
Title of Invention not stated	322,042
Title of Invention not stated	322,539
Title of Invention not stated	241,868
Production of Water Gas	1,857,799
Title of Invention not stated	118,849
Recovery of Phenols from Aqueous Solutions	2,238,240
Bituminous Materials	395,517
Purification of Aqueous Liquids from Phenols and other accompanying substances	2,086,856
Purification of Tricresyl Phosphate used for the Extraction of Phenols	2,191,295
Recovery of Phenols from Aqueous Liquors	39,302
Production of Catalysts Comprising Phosphates	2,098,779
Apparatus for the Production of Gaseous Unsaturated Hydrocarbons	2,184,697
Production of Low Molecular Weight Olefine Polymers	2,060,230
Production of Olefine from Gaseous or Vaporous Saturated Hydrocarbons	1,882,712
Title of Invention not stated	2,164,762
Title of Invention not stated	50,134
Title of Invention not stated	24,818
Title of Invention not stated	82,448
Title of Invention not stated	362,406
Title of Invention not stated	340,768
Title of Invention not stated	341,151
Title of Invention not stated	385,118
Title of Invention not stated	198,694
Title of Invention not stated	339,872
Title of Invention not stated	385,648
Title of Invention not stated	331,782
Title of Invention not stated	351,958
Title of Invention not stated	387,670
Title of Invention not stated	353,531
Title of Invention not stated	359,230
Title of Invention not stated	339,231
Title of Invention not stated	370,140

SCHEDULE C—Continued  
WILLIAM E. CURRIE—continued

P 46 188 W 184 443—August 19, 1940—Continued.

Title of Invention not stated	177,744
Title of Invention not stated	177,745
Title of Invention not stated	285,348
Title of Invention not stated	286,564
Title of Invention not stated	291,670
Title of Invention not stated	287,894
Process for the separation of Hydrogen Sulphide or Sulphur Dioxide from Gases	330,326
Mixtures	330,327
Title of Invention not stated	290,518
Title of Invention not stated	321,211
Title of Invention not stated	321,210
Title of Invention not stated	270,650
Title of Invention not stated	330,730
Title of Invention not stated	296,527
Title of Invention not stated	322,013
Title of Invention not stated	292,399
Title of Invention not stated	326,156
Title of Invention not stated	322,768
Title of Invention not stated	327,117
Title of Invention not stated	330,460
Title of Invention not stated	286,406
Title of Invention not stated	322,042
Title of Invention not stated	322,539
Title of Invention not stated	241,868
Production of Water Gas	1,857,799
Title of Invention not stated	118,849
Recovery of Phenols from Aqueous Solutions	2,238,240
Bituminous Materials	395,517
Purification of Aqueous Liquids from Phenols and other accompanying substances	2,086,856
Purification of Tricresyl Phosphate used for the Extraction of Phenols	2,191,295
Recovery of Phenols from Aqueous Liquors	39,302
Production of Catalysts Comprising Phosphates	2,098,779
Apparatus for the Production of Gaseous Unsaturated Hydrocarbons	2,184,697
Production of Low Molecular Weight Olefine Polymers	2,060,230
Production of Olefine from Gaseous or Vaporous Saturated Hydrocarbons	1,882,712
Title of Invention not stated	2,174,288
Title of Invention not stated	362,406
Title of Invention not stated	340,768
Title of Invention not stated	341,151
Title of Invention not stated	385,118
Title of Invention not stated	198,694
Title of Invention not stated	339,872
Title of Invention not stated	385,648
Title of Invention not stated	331,782
Title of Invention not stated	351,958
Title of Invention not stated	387,670
Title of Invention not stated	353,531
Title of Invention not stated	359,230
Title of Invention not stated	339,231
Title of Invention not stated	370,140

O 14 86 G 187 609—April 1, 1941:

Production of Low Molecular Weight Olefine Polymers	2,174,288
Production of Olefine from Gaseous or Vaporous Saturated Hydrocarbons	196,364
Title of Invention not stated	172,238
Title of Invention not stated	274,585
Title of Invention not stated	288,546
Title of Invention not stated	271,506
Title of Invention not stated	280,966
Title of Invention not stated	282,693
Title of Invention not stated	288,582
Title of Invention not stated	289,088
Title of Invention not stated	294,676
Title of Invention not stated	289,044
Title of Invention not stated	651,802
Title of Invention not stated	167,554

K 38 188 A 188 375—June 7, 1941:

Production of Olefine from Gaseous or Vaporous Saturated Hydrocarbons	444,354
Title of Invention not stated	196,364
Title of Invention not stated	172,238
Title of Invention not stated	274,585
Title of Invention not stated	288,546
Title of Invention not stated	271,506
Title of Invention not stated	280,966
Title of Invention not stated	282,693
Title of Invention not stated	288,582
Title of Invention not stated	289,088
Title of Invention not stated	294,676
Title of Invention not stated	289,044
Title of Invention not stated	651,802
Title of Invention not stated	167,554

SCHEDULE C—Continued

WILLIAM E. CURRIE—continued

K 38 188 A 188 375—June 7, 1941—Continued.

Title of Invention not stated	-----	366,914
Title of Invention not stated	-----	352,742
Title of Invention not stated	-----	365,016
Title of Invention not stated	-----	2,253,093
Title of Invention not stated	-----	306,811
Title of Invention not stated	-----	359,558
Title of Invention not stated	-----	351,436
Title of Invention not stated	-----	353,655
Title of Invention not stated	-----	353,654

M 77 205 M 188 542—July 22, 1941—Exclusive Right:

Process of Breaking Petroleum Emulsions and Breaking Agents	-----	357,146
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JASCO—I. G. PATENTS

Class 1—Synthetic Rubber

1,789,873	1,924,227
1,809,445	1,926,424
1,814,420	1,929,373
1,823,495	1,932,390
1,826,846	1,935,733
1,827,285	1,938,730
1,832,450	1,938,731
1,838,234	1,938,751
1,851,104	1,953,468
1,859,686	1,973,000
1,860,681	1,979,946
1,864,078	1,979,947
1,874,546	1,991,367
1,879,543	2,008,491
1,880,918	2,067,304
1,882,976	2,080,363
1,885,653	2,140,048
1,896,491	2,175,082
1,896,493	2,180,082
1,898,522	2,180,083
1,901,044	2,194,416
1,901,045	2,209,746
1,901,354	2,211,032
1,906,667	2,216,958
1,908,482	2,222,967
1,911,672	2,230,894
1,911,729	2,234,076
1,915,745	2,248,107
1,921,867	2,260,475

Class 2—Polybutenes

2,065,474	2,172,403
2,106,232	2,180,081
2,130,507	2,248,749

Class 3—Butadiene

1,732,381	1,955,043
1,795,549	2,004,521
1,799,787	2,145,059
1,832,428	2,184,164
1,841,055	2,207,070
1,882,978	2,227,953
1,900,739	2,243,191
1,919,752	2,259,195
1,923,569	2,265,641
1,944,153	2,274,358

Class 4—Paraffin Oxidation

1,757,455	1,909,295
1,762,688	1,912,123
1,788,799	1,920,344
1,823,983	1,921,381
1,834,866	1,925,525
1,864,058	1,927,840
1,871,082	1,927,841
1,872,774	1,931,501
1,874,322	1,931,859
1,880,677	1,932,613

JASCO—I. G. PATENTS—continued

Class 4—Paraffin Oxidation—Continued

1,940,400	2,059,201
1,943,427	2,059,232
1,965,566	2,095,338
1,965,961	2,095,473
1,965,962	2,102,726
1,977,988	2,146,018
1,981,384	2,158,650
1,990,229	2,193,321
2,000,222	2,216,222
2,003,584	2,216,238
2,008,490	2,228,925
2,015,347	2,230,582
2,055,095	2,247,741
2,056,984	

Class 5—Acetylene Arc Processes

1,746,934	1,984,957
1,757,454	1,988,032
1,794,004	1,992,598
1,828,372	2,002,003
1,856,639	2,013,996
1,880,924	2,029,120
1,881,853	2,074,530
1,892,973	2,074,619
1,894,763	2,077,586
1,902,351	2,079,976
1,904,426	2,081,770
1,907,855	2,093,146
1,926,575	2,102,751
1,941,077	2,153,578
1,942,131	2,153,985
1,945,592	2,160,452
1,951,789	2,207,071
1,960,326	2,213,267
1,961,980	2,215,854
1,972,476	2,215,867
1,973,840	2,215,875
1,975,480	2,256,174
1,977,155	

Class 6—Miscellaneous

1,811,130	2,087,616
1,885,060	2,097,468
1,891,203	2,110,833
1,914,326	2,121,367
1,935,207	2,121,368
1,985,844	2,124,235
1,986,241	2,143,370
1,998,350	2,149,265
2,005,042	2,156,070
2,048,662	2,174,756
2,049,019	2,211,429
2,073,054	2,227,659
2,084,500	2,232,331
2,084,501	2,274,584

[F. R. Doc. 42-2696; Filed, March 27, 1942; 11:47 a. m.]

TITLE 10—ARMY: WAR DEPARTMENT

Chapter III—Claims and Accounts

PART 36—CLAIMS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES<sup>1</sup>

§ 36.6a Procedure upon receipt of claim.

(b) Action of commanding officer. After an administrative examination to determine whether or not the claimant has supplied the necessary information, the commanding officer will refer the claim to a board of one or more officers, or, in the case of a claim not requiring such action, will forward it through channels to the Chief of Finance. In case the claim arose in connection with an accident involving a Government-owned motor vehicle, the commanding officer will refer the claim and his copy of the corresponding report of investigation, War Department Form No. 39 or Standard Form No. 27 (Investigating Officer's Report—Accident, Motor Transportation), with its attached copies of sworn statements, to the investigating-surveying officers appointed under paragraph 17, AR 850-15,<sup>2</sup> who will constitute a board to investigate and report upon the claim. (R.S. 161, 5 U.S.C. 22) [Par. 7b, AR 35-7020, Dec. 1, 1938, as amended by Cir. 84, W.D., March 23, 1942]

§ 36.7 Action to be taken by board of officers.

(b) Testimony to be reduced to writing. (1) All testimony heard by the board will be reduced to writing and a transcript thereof certified as correct by the senior member of the board, and except as otherwise provided signed copies of all sworn statements or other evidence obtained by the board will be incorporated in the report of the proceedings. The signed originals of such sworn statements or other evidence will be attached to the original of the board's report and certified true copies will be prepared and attached to each copy of the report. Claimants should not be requested to furnish sworn claims in more than one originally executed copy, nor should repair bills or estimates be required to be authenticated under oath or submitted in several copies. (R.S. 161; 5 U.S.C. 22) [Par. 8b (1), AR 35-7020, Dec. 1, 1938, as amended by Cir. 84, W.D., March 23, 1942]

§ 36.19 Procedure of § 36.2 to 36.8 applicable. Insofar as applicable, the procedure set forth in § 36.2 to 36.8 will be adopted as to claims arising under the provisions of the act cited in § 36.18 (a). If the claim is in connection with an accident involving a Government-owned motor vehicle, the board of officers to investigate the claim will whenever practicable be the board appointed under the provisions of paragraph 17, AR 850-15.<sup>2</sup> Otherwise the board of

<sup>1</sup> §§ 36.6a (b), 36.7 (b), 36.19, 36.20 (b), 37.3, and 37.4 (b) are amended.

<sup>2</sup> Administrative regulations of the War Department relative to military motor vehicles.

officers to investigate the claim will be appointed by the commanding officer of the troops involved, e. g., the commanding general of an army in cases of claims arising as the result of army maneuvers. (Act Feb. 12, 1940, Public No. 415, 76th Congress) [Par. 3a, AR 35-7030, May 15, 1940, as amended by Cir. 84, W. D., March 23, 1942]

§ 36.20 *Conditions precedent to payment.*

(b) Each claim must be substantiated by a report of a board of officers appointed in accordance with § 36.19. (Act Feb. 12, 1940, Pub. Law 415, 76th Congress) [Par. 5b AR 35-7030, May 15, 1940, as amended by Cir. 84, W. D., March 23, 1942]

§ 37.3 *Method of ascertaining amount of damage.* (a) In case the damaged article of Government property (e. g. motor vehicle, building, etc.) is recommended or has been ordered by competent authority to be repaired and continued in service the amount of damage will be determined as follows:

(b) In case the damaged article of Government property is not recommended or ordered to be repaired and continued in service, the amount of the damage will be determined as follows:

(1) Ascertain the fair value of the article immediately prior to the time of the damage, taking into consideration the original cost price, date of purchase, period of use, and depreciation in service. From this amount, subtract the salvage value of the article in its damaged condition. The difference obtained will be taken as the amount of the damage, except as provided in subparagraph (2) below.

(2) In case the amount of damage determined under subparagraph (1) above exceeds the estimated cost of repairs determined under paragraph (a) of this section, the amount computed in accordance with paragraph (a) above will be taken as the amount of the damage regardless of the fact that repairs will not actually be made. (R.S. 161; 5 U.S.C. 22) [Par. 3, AR 35-7220, March 10, 1936, as amended by Cir. 84, W.D., March 23, 1942]

§ 37.4 *Demand upon defendant for settlement of claim.*

(b) After completing the investigation, ascertaining the amount of the damage, and fixing the responsibility therefor, the surveying officer or board will, except in cases where the damage has been completely repaired by or on behalf of the person responsible for it, or when settlement in full has been made in compliance with the demand made under paragraph (a) above, cause a demand in writing for the settlement in full of any claim found to exist in favor of the Government to be presented by an officer or other representative to the defendant. This demand will contain a full description of the claim and the grounds thereof. (R.S. 161; 5 U.S.C. 22) [Par. 4b, AR

35-7220, March 10, 1936, as amended by Cir. 84, W.D., March 23, 1942]

[SEAL] J. A. ULIO,  
Major General,  
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2810; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:46 a. m.]

Chapter VII—Personnel

PART 71—ENLISTMENT IN THE REGULAR ARMY AND THE ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES<sup>1</sup>

§ 71.3 *Age.* (a) \* \* \*

(4) *Army of the United States.* The original enlistment in the Army of the United States of male citizens between their eighteenth and forty-fifth birthdays is authorized. (41 Stat. 765; 10 U.S.C. 42) [Par. 13a (4), AR 600-750, Apr. 10, 1939, as added by Cir. 82, W. D., March 21, 1942]

[SEAL] J. A. ULIO,  
Major General,  
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2809; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:46 a. m.]

PART 73—APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSIONED OFFICERS, WARRANT OFFICERS, AND CHAPLAINS<sup>2</sup>

§ 73.301 *Classifications.* (a)

(9) *Field Artillery.*

(ii) *Technician specialist.* Signal communication and motor transport. (Act of Oct. 15, 1940, 54 Stat. 1177, and Act of Aug. 21, 1941, Pub. Law 230, 77th Cong.) [Par. 4a, AR 610-10, Sept. 13, 1941, as amended by Cir. 82, W.D., March 21, 1942]

§ 73.319 *General scope of final examination (technical); technician specialists.*

(c) *Motor transport.* (Army Air Forces, Armored Force, Cavalry, Coast Artillery Corps, Corps of Engineers, Field Artillery Corps, Corps of Engineers, Field Artillery, Infantry, Medical Department, Quartermaster Corps, and Signal Corps.) (Act of Oct. 15, 1940, 54 Stat. 1177, and Act of Aug. 21, 1941, Pub. Law 230, 77th Cong.) [Par. 34, AR 610-10, Sept. 13, 1941, as amended by Cir. 82, W.D., March 21, 1942]

[SEAL] J. A. ULIO,  
Major General,  
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2808; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:46 a. m.]

<sup>1</sup> § 71.3 (a) (4) is added.  
<sup>2</sup> §§ 73.301 (a) (9) and 73.319 (c) are amended.

PART 79—PRESCRIBED SERVICE UNIFORM<sup>1</sup>  
§ 79.12 *Headgear.*

(i) *Cap, wool, M1941.* For officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men.

(1) *Material.* Olive-drab, wool knit.  
(2) *General description.* A standard adopted design with curtain and visor. (R.S. 1296; 10 U.S.C. 1391) [Par. 12i, AR 600-35, Nov. 10, 1941, as added by Cir. 82, W.D., March 12, 1942]

§ 79.23 *Insignia and ornamentation for headgear—(a) Cap, garrison—(1) Ornamentation—(i) General officers.* Cord edge braid of gold bullion, rayon, or metallized cellophane of gold color.

(ii) *Other officers.* Cord edge braid of gold bullion, rayon, or metallized cellophane of gold color and black rayon or silk intermixed.

(iii) *Warrant officers.* Cord edge braid of silver bullion, rayon, or metallized cellophane of silver color and black rayon or silk intermixed.

(iv) *Enlisted men.* Cord edge braid of the color of arm, service, or bureau.

(2) *Metallized cellophane* should not be used on caps which will be washed.

(c) *Hat, service—(1) General officers.* A double cord of gold bullion, rayon, or metallized cellophane of gold color  $\frac{3}{16}$  inch in diameter, with an acorn of same material  $1\frac{1}{4}$  inches in length with cup  $\frac{5}{8}$  inch in diameter and kernel  $\frac{3}{8}$  inch in diameter. Keeper to be of same material  $\frac{5}{8}$  inch in length and  $\frac{5}{8}$  inch in diameter with inside diameter of  $\frac{3}{8}$  inch to hold both ends and one loop of cord.

(2) *Other officers.* Same as for general officers except the cord to be of gold bullion, rayon, or metallized cellophane of gold color and black rayon or silk intermixed. The acorns and keeper to be of gold bullion, rayon, or metallized cellophane of gold color.

(3) *Warrant officers.* Same dimensions as for general officers, the cord to be of silver bullion, rayon, or metallized cellophane of silver color and black rayon or silk intermixed. The acorns and keeper to be of black rayon or silk. (R.S. 1296; 10 U.S.C. 1391) [Par. 23a and c, AR 600-35, Nov. 10, 1941, as amended by Cir. 82, W.D., March 12, 1942]

[SEAL] J. A. ULIO,  
Major General,  
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2807; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:45 a. m.]

Chapter VIII—Procurement and Disposal of Equipment and Supplies

PART 81—PROCUREMENT OF MILITARY SUPPLIES AND ANIMALS<sup>2</sup>

§ 81.16 *Use of standard contract forms—(a) Conditions to be included.* Prescribed forms for invitations for bids

<sup>1</sup> § 79.12 (1) is added and § 79.23 (a) and (c) is amended.

<sup>2</sup> § 81.16 (a) is amended.

either carry within themselves the conditions of the subsequent contract, as in the case of Standard Form No. 33, or refer to a standard form of contract containing the conditions, which may be inspected by the bidder before submitting his bid. If no special conditions have been added to an invitation for bids, it follows that the standard conditions on the contract forms will govern the contract. If, however, because of § 81.10 (a) (8) of this chapter, War Department Procurement Circulars or other competent instructions, it has become necessary or desirable to add special conditions in the invitation for bids, the resulting contract must incorporate or refer to those special conditions. Where "Special Conditions Applicable to Bids" are made a part of the contract by reference, copies of such conditions will be included in all signed numbers and copies of the contract, including the copy furnished the disbursing officer. (R.S. 3709; 31 Stat. 905; 10 U.S.C. 1201) [Par. 7a, AR 5-200, Jan. 2, 1940, as amended by Proc. Cir. 24, W.D., March 23, 1942]

\* \* \*  
J. A. ULIO,  
Major General,  
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2806; Filed: March 30, 1942;  
11:45 a. m.]

### TITLE 13—BUSINESS CREDIT

#### Chapter I—Reconstruction Finance Corporation

##### CHARTER OF U. S. COMMERCIAL COMPANY MARCH 26, 1942.

FIRST. The name of the company shall be U. S. Commercial Company.

SECOND. The location of the principal office of the company shall be in the City of Washington, D. C.

THIRD. The objects, purposes and powers of the company shall be:

(a) To produce, acquire, carry, sell or otherwise deal in strategic and critical materials as defined by the President.

(b) To purchase, acquire, exchange, carry, sell or otherwise deal in and distribute such other commodities, products, raw materials, manufactured or semi-processed articles and other objects and articles of commerce as may be deemed necessary to expedite the national defense program.

(c) To do and perform all acts and things whatsoever which are necessary, suitable, convenient or proper in connection with or incidental to the foregoing objects, purposes, and powers, including, but without limitation, the power to borrow and hypothecate, to lend money, to adopt and use a corporate seal, to make contracts, to acquire, hold and dispose of real and personal property and to sue and be sued in any court of competent jurisdiction.

FOURTH. The company including its franchise, its capital, reserves, surplus, and income shall be exempt from all taxation (which shall, for all purposes, be deemed to include sales, use, storage, and purchase taxes) now, or hereafter imposed by the United States, or any territory, dependency or possession thereof, or by any State, County, municipality or local taxing authority, except that any real property (or buildings which are considered by the laws of any State to be personal property for taxation purposes) of the company shall be subject to State, territorial, county, municipal or local taxation to the same extent according to its value as other real property is taxed.

FIFTH. That the company shall be an instrumentality of the United States Government, shall be entitled to the free use of the United States mails, and shall in all other respects be possessed of the privileges and immunities that are conferred upon the Reconstruction Finance Corporation under the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, as amended.

SIXTH. That the total authorized capital stock of the company shall be Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000), of which One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) shall be paid in immediately, and the balance as called. Such stock shall be of one class, shall have a par value of \$100 per share, and shall be issued for cash only. Reconstruction Finance Corporation shall subscribe for all of the capital stock of the company and such stock shall not be transferable.

SEVENTH. That the company shall have existence until dissolved by Reconstruction Finance Corporation or by Act of Congress.

EIGHTH. That the stockholder shall not be liable for the debts, contracts, or engagements of the company except to the extent of unpaid stock subscriptions.

NINTH. That the affairs and business of the company shall be managed by a board of directors who shall be appointed by Reconstruction Finance Corporation pursuant to the provisions of this Charter and the By-laws of the company.

TENTH. That this Charter and the By-laws may be amended at any time by Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

In witness whereof, Reconstruction Finance Corporation has caused this Charter to be signed by its executive officer, Chairman of its Board of Directors, attested by its Acting Secretary, and has caused its seal to be hereunto affixed this 26th day of March, 1942.

RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE  
CORPORATION,  
By CHARLES B. HENDERSON,  
Chairman.

Attest:

By A. T. HOBSON,  
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2762; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
9:20 a. m.]

### TITLE 16—COMMERCIAL PRACTICES

#### Chapter I—Federal Trade Commission

[Docket No. 4063]

#### PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

##### IN THE MATTER OF WARNER'S RENOWNED REMEDIES COMPANY

§ 3.6 (t) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Qualities or properties of product:* § 3.6 (x) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Results.* In connection with offer, etc., of respondent's preparations designated "Warner's Renowned Prescription No. 6", Warner's Renowned Laxative Tablets", and "Warner's Renowned Alkaline Douche Tablets", either singly or in combination under the designations "Prescription No. 6 Complete", "Prescription No. 6 Method", or "Formula No. 6 Method", or with offer, etc., of any other similar products, disseminating, etc., any advertisements by means of the United States mails, or in commerce, or by any means, to induce, etc., directly or indirectly, purchase in commerce, etc., of its said preparations, which advertisements represent, directly or through inference, that respondent's preparations, either singly or in combination, (1) are cures or remedies for, or constitute competent or effective treatments for, functional sterility; (2) have any therapeutic value in the treatment of any form of sterility; (3) possess any properties which have any value in promoting or aiding the functioning of the female reproductive organs; (4) possess any properties which will in any way affect the timing between ovulation and menstruation, or serve to synchronize such phenomena; or which advertisements, as aforesaid, represent, (5) that the use of said preparations, either singly or in combination, will be effective in relaxing the womb, cause the mouth of the womb to be sufficiently open to permit pregnancy, or prevent toxic accumulations; or (6) that the use of respondent's "Warner's Renowned Alkaline Douche Tablets" has any value in the treatment of sterility by neutralizing the acid condition of the vagina, or that the use of said preparation will remove toxic accumulations or any barrier in the cervix, or in any way affect sterility or make fertilization and pregnancy possible; or which advertisements, as aforesaid, represent, that the use of said preparations, either singly or in combination, (7) will tone up the female organs, relieve sluggishness, or overcome sterility, or (8) can in any way affect the sensations of the breasts associated with menstruation or that said preparations have any therapeutic value in the treatment of itchy, sensitive, tender, or sore breasts associated with the menstrual period; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., Sup. IV, sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Warner's Renowned

Remedies Company, Docket 4063, March 23, 1942]

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 23d day of March, A. D., 1942.

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission, answer of the respondent, testimony and other evidence taken before Arthur F. Thomas and Robert S. Hall, trial examiners of the Commission theretofore duly designated by it, in support of the allegations of said complaint and in opposition thereto, report of Trial Examiner Arthur F. Thomas upon the evidence and exceptions filed thereto, and briefs in support of the complaint and in opposition thereto; and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and its conclusion that said respondent has violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act;

*It is ordered,* That the respondent, Warner's Renowned Remedies Company, a corporation, trading as Warner's Renowned Medicine Company or under any other trade name, and its officers, representatives, agents, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale, or distribution of its preparations designated "Warner's Renowned Prescription No. 6," "Warner's Renowned Laxative Tablets," and "Warner's Renowned Alkaline Douche Tablets," either singly or in combination under the designations "Prescription No. 6 Complete," "Prescription No. 6 Method," or "Formula No. 6 Method," or any other products of substantially similar composition or possessing substantially similar properties, whether sold under the same names or under any other name or names, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Disseminating, or causing to be disseminated, any advertisement by means of the United States mails, or by any means in commerce as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, which advertisement represents, directly or through inference,

a. That respondent's preparations, either singly or in combination, are cures or remedies for, or constitute competent or effective treatments for, functional sterility;

b. That respondent's preparations, either singly or in combination, have any therapeutic value in the treatment of any form of sterility;

c. That respondent's preparations, either singly or in combination, possess any properties which have any value in promoting or aiding the functioning of the female reproductive organs;

d. That respondent's preparations, either singly or in combination, possess any properties which will in any way affect the timing between ovulation and menstruation, or serve to synchronize such phenomena;

e. That the use of said preparations, either singly or in combination, will be effective in relaxing the womb, cause the mouth of the womb to be sufficiently

open to permit pregnancy, or prevent toxic accumulations;

f. That the use of respondent's preparation "Warner's Renowned Alkaline Douche Tablets" has any value in the treatment of sterility by neutralizing the acid condition of the vagina, or that the use of said preparation will remove toxic accumulations or any barrier in the cervix, or in any way affect sterility or make fertilization and pregnancy possible.

g. That the use of said preparations, either singly or in combination, will tone up the female organs, relieve sluggishness, or overcome sterility;

h. That the use of said preparations, either singly or in combination, can in any way affect the sensations of the breasts associated with menstruation or that said preparations have any therapeutic value in the treatment of itchy, sensitive, tender, or sore breasts associated with the menstrual period;

2. Disseminating, or causing to be disseminated, any advertisement, by any means, for the purpose of inducing, or which is likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase in commerce as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act of respondent's preparations, which advertisement contains any of the representations prohibited in paragraph 1 hereof and the respective subdivisions thereof.

*It is further ordered,* That the respondent shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon it of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which it has complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] OTIS B. JOHNSON,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2734; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
10:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. 4441]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

IN THE MATTER OF DE FOREST'S TRAINING, INC.

§ 3.6 (f) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Demand or business opportunities:* § 3.6 (m) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Jobs and employment service:* § 3.69 (b) *Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods—Demand for or business opportunities:* § 3.69 (b) *Misrepresenting oneself and goods—Goods—Jobs and employment.* In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of any course of study in television or electronics, (1) representing directly or by implication that there are possibilities or opportunities for employment of students or graduates of respondent's course in the television field until substantial numbers of such students or graduates have been, and can be, employed directly in such field; (2) representing directly or by implication that there are now, or in the near future will be, possibilities or opportunities for the employment of students or graduates of respondent's course in the television field until the

commercial development of television is sufficiently advanced to assure immediate availability of such possibilities or opportunities; and (3) misrepresenting in any manner the possibilities or opportunities for employment of students or graduates of respondent's course in the television field or any other branch of the electronics industry; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., Sup. IV, sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, De Forest's Training, Inc., Docket 4441, March 23, 1942]

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 23d day of March, A. D. 1942.

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission, the answer of respondent, testimony and other evidence in support of and in opposition to the allegations of said complaint taken before an examiner of the Commission theretofore duly designated by it, report of the trial examiner and exceptions thereto, briefs filed herein, and oral arguments by counsel; and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and its conclusion that said respondent has violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act:

*It is ordered,* That respondent De Forest's Training, Inc., a corporation, its officers, representatives, agents, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale, and distribution of any course of study in television or electronics in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

(1) Representing directly or by implication that there are possibilities or opportunities for employment of students or graduates of respondent's course in the television field until substantial numbers of such students or graduates have been, and can be, employed directly in such field;

(2) Representing directly or by implication that there are now, or in the near future will be, possibilities or opportunities for the employment of students or graduates of respondent's course in the television field until the commercial development of television is sufficiently advanced to assure immediate availability of such possibilities or opportunities;

(3) Misrepresenting in any manner the possibilities or opportunities for employment of students or graduates of respondent's course in the television field or any other branch of the electronics industry.

*It is further ordered,* That respondent shall, within sixty (60) days after the service upon it of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing setting forth in detail the manner and form in which it has complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] OTIS B. JOHNSON,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2733; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
10:45 a. m.]

[Docket No. 4611]

## PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST ORDERS

## IN THE MATTER OF FOLDING FURNITURE WORKS, INC., ETC.

§ 3.6 (a) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Business status, advantages or connections of advertiser—Location:* § 3.6 (a) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Business status, advantages or connections of advertiser—Size:* § 3.6 (a) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Business status, advantages or connections of advertiser—Unique status or advantages.* In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of respondent's children's cribs and bassinets, tables and other furniture, and among other things, as in order set forth, (1) representing that respondent is the largest manufacturer of low-priced children's cribs in the world, or the largest exclusive manufacturer of children's cribs and beds in the world, or the largest crib manufacturers in the world, or the largest exclusive manufacturer of this line in the world, or that it has an annual production capacity of over 100,000 cribs, or any other quantity of cribs in excess of its actual annual production capacity; (2) representing that its business is so large and the quantity of its production such as to require and justify warehouses and branch offices, or that it maintains warehouses and branch offices, at various points throughout the United States; and (3) representing that it maintains branch offices or warehouses in New York, New York; Buffalo, New York; St. Louis, Missouri; Dallas, Texas; or San Francisco, California; or at any other point, unless such warehouses and branch offices are actually maintained by respondent; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., Sup. IV, sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Folding Furniture Works, Inc., etc., Docket 4611, March 23, 1942]

§ 3.6 (a) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Business status, advantages or connections of advertiser—Concealed subsidiary or interest:* § 3.6 (a) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Business status, advantages or connections of advertiser—Location:* § 3.6 (a) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Business status, advantages or connections of advertiser—Organization and operation:* § 3.6 (a) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Business status, advantages or connections of advertiser—Size:* § 3.96 (b) *Using misleading name—Vendor—Concealed subsidiary or "alter ego".* In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of respondent's children's cribs and bassinets, tables and other furniture, and among other things, as in order set forth, (1) representing that the business conducted under the name "Coast to Coast Distributors and Manufacturers" is separate and distinct from

and not connected with the business conducted under respondent's corporate name, "Folding Furniture Works, Inc.", or dealing with customers under two or more names without disclosing to such customers that the business operated under the several names is one and the same; and (2) representing that "National Mercantile Reporters" is an independent, bona fide collection agency not connected with the business of respondent or that it has a business in Chicago, Illinois, which maintains branch offices at various other points, and prepares accurate reports on paying ability, unpaid accounts and trade experience, and makes collections of mercantile accounts for various manufacturers; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., Sup. IV, sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Folding Furniture Works, Inc., etc., Docket 4611, March 23, 1942]

§ 3.24 (b) *Coercing and intimidating—Customers or prospective customers—To purchase or support product or service—By threatened suit or other intimidation:* § 3.51 *Enforcing payments wrongfully:* § 3.86 (a) *Shipping, for payment demand, goods in excess of or without order—"Padded" order goods.* In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of respondent's children's cribs and bassinets, tables and other furniture, and among other things, as in order set forth, engaging in the practice of "padding" orders received from customers by shipping goods to such customers in excess of the quantity ordered or attempting to collect the price of such unordered goods by threats of suit or other forms of intimidation; or of advising such customers to retain such unordered goods because the return thereof will mean unnecessary expense to such customers; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., Sup. IV, sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Folding Furniture Works, Inc., etc., Docket 4611, March 23, 1942]

*In the Matter of Folding Furniture Works, Inc., a Corporation, Also Doing Business as Coast to Coast Distributors and Manufacturers and National Mercantile Reporters*

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1942.

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission and the answer of respondent, in which answer respondent admits all the material allegations of fact set forth in said complaint, and states that it waives all intervening procedure and further hearing as to said facts, and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and conclusion that said respondent has violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act;

*It is ordered,* That the respondent, Folding Furniture Works, Inc., a corporation, also doing business as Coast to Coast Distributors and Manufacturers and as National Mercantile Reporters, and its officers, representatives, agents and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale and distribution of its children's cribs and bassinets, tables and other furniture in commerce, as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

1. Representing that it is the largest manufacturer of low-priced children's cribs in the world, or the largest exclusive manufacturer of children's cribs and beds in the world, or the largest crib manufacturers in the world, or the largest exclusive manufacturer of this line in the world, or that it has an annual production capacity of over 100,000 cribs, or any other quantity of cribs in excess of its actual annual production capacity;
2. Representing that its business is so large and the quantity of its production such as to require and justify warehouses and branch offices, or that it maintains warehouses and branch offices, at various points throughout the United States;
3. Representing that it maintains branch offices or warehouses in New York, New York; Buffalo, New York; St. Louis, Missouri; Dallas, Texas; or San Francisco, California; or at any other point, unless such warehouses and branch offices are actually maintained by respondent;
4. Representing that the business conducted under the name "Coast to Coast Distributors and Manufacturers" is separate and distinct from and not connected with the business conducted under respondent's corporate name, "Folding Furniture Works, Inc.", or dealing with customers under two or more names without disclosing to such customers that the business operated under the several names is one and the same;
5. Representing that "National Mercantile Reporters" is an independent, bona fide collection agency not connected with the business of respondent or that it has a business in Chicago, Illinois, which maintains branch offices at various other points, and prepares accurate reports on paying ability, unpaid accounts and trade experience, and makes collections of mercantile accounts for various manufacturers;
6. Engaging in the practice of "padding" orders received from customers by shipping goods to such customers in excess of the quantity ordered or attempting to collect the price of such unordered goods by threats of suit or other forms of intimidation; or of advising such customers to retain such unordered goods because the return thereof will mean unnecessary expense to such customers.

It is further ordered, That the respondent shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon it of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which it has complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] OTIS B. JOHNSON,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2735; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
10:46 a. m.]

[Docket No. 4621]

PART 3—DIGEST OF CEASE AND DESIST  
ORDERS

IN THE MATTER OF ASSOCIATED MOTOR OILS,  
INC., ETC.

§ 3.6 (a) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Business status, advantages or connections of advertiser—Producer status of dealer or seller—Refiner:* § 3.66 (g) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Producer status of dealer or seller:* § 3.96 (b) *Using misleading name—Vendor—Producer or laboratory status of dealer or seller.* In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of respondent's motor oils and greases, or any similar products, and among other things, as in order set forth, representing, directly or by implication, that Associated Motor Oils, Inc., owns, controls, or operates a refinery wherein its said products are made or refined; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., Sup. IV, sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Associated Motor Oils, Inc., etc., Docket 4621, March 23, 1942]

§ 3.66 (k) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Source or origin—Maker:* § 3.87 (a) 10) *Simulating competitor or his product—Designs, emblems or insignia.* In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of respondent's motor oils and greases, or any similar products, and among other things, as in order set forth, using any design, insignia, or emblem in advertising or on containers, labels, or in any other manner, which simulates the emblem or insignia of the Pennsylvania Grade Crude Oil Association; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., Sup. IV, sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Associated Motor Oils, Inc., etc., Docket 4621, March 23, 1942]

§ 3.6 (c) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Composition of goods:* § 3.6 (n) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Nature—Product:* § 3.6 (cc) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Source or origin—Place:* § 3.66 (a) 7) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Compositon:* § 3.66 (d) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Nature:* § 3.66 (k) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Source or origin—Place:* § 3.96 (a) *Using misleading name—Goods—Compositions:* § 3.96 (a) *Using misleading name—Goods—Nature:* § 3.96 (a) *Using misleading name—Goods—Source or origin—Place.* In connection with offer, etc., in

commerce, of respondent's motor oils and greases, or any similar products, and among other things, as in order set forth, (1) using the word "Pennsylvania" or any abbreviation or colorable simulation thereof, or the use of an outline of the State of Pennsylvania in advertising or on containers, labels, or in any other manner to designate or describe any oil product which is not composed wholly of oil derived from the Pennsylvania oil fields; and (2) representing, directly or by implication, that any oil product sold and distributed by the respondent which is not composed in its entirety of oils produced and having their origin in the Pennsylvania oil fields, is a pure Pennsylvania motor oil; prohibited, subject to the provision, however, as respects said first prohibition, that in the case of a product composed in part of oil derived from the Pennsylvania oil fields and in part from oil derived from other oil fields, such word or abbreviation thereof may be used as descriptive of the proportion of the oil derived from the Pennsylvania oil fields if there are used in immediate connection and conjunction therewith, in letters of at least equal size and conspicuousness, words or figures truthfully designating or describing the percentage of oil in said product which is derived from the Pennsylvania oil fields. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., Sup. IV, sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Associated Motor Oils, Inc., etc., Docket 4621, March 23, 1942]

§ 3.18 *Claiming indorsements or testimonials falsely:* § 3.66 (c) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Indorsements, approvals or awards:* § 3.66 (k) 2) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Tests.* In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of respondent's motor oils and greases, or any similar products, and among other things, as in order set forth, representing, directly or by implication, that the respondent's oils and greases have been tested and approved by a disinterested laboratory as to quality, value and efficacy in use, unless said oils and greases have been tested and approved by a bona fide, disinterested automotive oils testing laboratory; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., Sup. IV, sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Associated Motor Oils, Inc., etc., Docket 4621, March 23, 1942]

§ 3.66 (h) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Qualities or properties:* In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of respondent's motor oils and greases, or any similar products, and among other things, as in order set forth, using any letters or numbers developed by the Society of Automotive Engineers which do not indicate the true, relative viscosity of respondent's products; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., Sup. IV, sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Associated Motor Oils, Inc., etc., Docket 4621, March 23, 1942]

§ 3.6 (a) 10) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Comparative data or merits:* § 3.6 (m) 10) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Manufacture or preparation:* § 3.6 (t) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Qualities or properties:* § 3.6 (x) *Advertising falsely or misleadingly—Results:* § 3.66 (a) 2) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Comparative data or merits:* § 3.66 (c) 20) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Manufacture:* § 3.66 (h) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Qualities or properties:* § 3.66 (j) 10) *Misbranding or mislabeling—Results.* In connection with offer, etc., in commerce, of respondent's motor oils and greases or any similar products, and among other things, as in order set forth, representing, directly or by implication, that its product now designated "Zeroil Motor Oil," or any motor oil of similar character or quality, will flow more freely and lubricate more perfectly in lower temperatures than many other oils; or that its product now designated "Three Star Penn Motor Oil," or any motor oil of similar quality or character, will not thin out, break down, or sludge under service or that it will hold its body under high temperatures; or that its product now designated "Penn-Durance Motor Oil," or any motor oil of similar quality or character, will not break down or thin out, or that it is a super-refined oil; or that the use of its product now designated "Ultra Penn," or any motor oil of similar quality or character, as compared with other standard motor oils, will effect a saving up to 50%, or any substantial percentage, of motor oils, or result in a saving of 10%, or any substantial percentage, of the usual wear on motor parts; or that its product now designated "Graf-O-Lyne," or any motor oil of similar quality or character, will consistently double, or to any substantial extent increase, motor life and reduce the danger of scored cylinders more than any other lubricants on the market; prohibited. (Sec. 5, 38 Stat. 719, as amended by sec. 3, 52 Stat. 112; 15 U.S.C., Sup. IV, sec. 45b) [Cease and desist order, Associated Motor Oils, Inc., etc., Docket 4621, March 23, 1942]

*In the Matter of Associated Motor Oils, Inc., a Corporation, Also Doing Business Under the Name of Associated Products Company*

At a regular session of the Federal Trade Commission, held at its office in the City of Washington, D. C., on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1942.

This proceeding having been heard by the Federal Trade Commission upon the complaint of the Commission and the answer of the respondent, in which answer respondent admits all the material allegations of fact set forth in said complaint and states that it waives all intervening procedure and further hearing as to said facts, and the Commission having made its findings as to the facts and its

conclusion that respondent has violated the provisions of the Federal Trade Commission Act;

*It is ordered,* That the respondent, Associated Motor Oils, Inc., its officers, representatives, agents, and employees, directly or through any corporate or other device, in connection with the offering for sale, sale and distribution of its motor oils and greases, or any products of substantially similar composition or possessing substantially similar properties, whether sold under the same name or any other name, in commerce as "commerce" is defined in the Federal Trade Commission Act, do forthwith cease and desist from:

(1) Representing, directly or by implication, that Associated Motor Oils, Inc., owns, controls, or operates a refinery wherein its said products are made or refined;

(2) The use of any design, insignia, or emblem in advertising or on containers, labels, or in any other manner, which simulates the emblem or insignia of the Pennsylvania Grade Crude Oil Association;

(3) The use of the word "Pennsylvania" or any abbreviation or colorable simulation thereof, or the use of an outline of the State of Pennsylvania in advertising or on containers, labels, or in any other manner to designate or describe any oil product which is not composed wholly of oil derived from the Pennsylvania oil fields, provided, however, that in the case of a product composed in part of oil derived from the

Pennsylvania oil fields and in part from oil derived from other oil fields, such word or abbreviation thereof may be used as descriptive of the proportion of the oil derived from the Pennsylvania oil fields if there are used in immediate connection and conjunction therewith, in letters of at least equal size and conspicuousness, words or figures truthfully designating or describing the percentage of oil in said product which is derived from the Pennsylvania oil fields;

(4) Representing, directly or by implication, that any oil product sold and distributed by the respondent which is not composed in its entirety of oils produced and having their origin in the Pennsylvania oil fields, is a pure Pennsylvania motor oil;

(5) Representing, directly or by implication, that the respondent's oils and greases have been tested and approved by a disinterested laboratory as to quality, value and efficacy in use, unless said oils and greases have been tested and approved by a bona fide, disinterested automotive oils testing laboratory;

(6) The use of any letters or numbers developed by the Society of Automotive Engineers which do not indicate the true, relative viscosity of respondent's products;

(7) Representing, directly or by implication, that its product now designated "Zerol Motor Oil," or any motor oil of similar character or quality, will flow more freely and lubricate more perfectly in lower temperatures than many

other oils; or that its product now designated "Three Star Penn Motor Oil," or any motor oil of similar quality or character, will not thin out, break down, or sludge under service or that it will hold its body under high temperatures; or that its product now designated "Penn-Durance Motor Oil," or any motor oil of similar quality or character, will not break down or thin out, or that it is a super-refined oil; or that the use of its product now designated "Ultra Penn," or any motor oil of similar quality or character, as compared with other standard motor oils, will effect a saving up to 50%, or any substantial percentage, of motor oils, or result in a saving of 10%, or any substantial percentage, of the usual wear on motor parts; or that its product now designated "Graf-O-Lyne," or any motor oil of similar quality or character, will consistently double, or to any substantial extent increase, motor life and reduce the danger of scored cylinders more than any other lubricants on the market.

*It is further ordered,* That the respondent shall, within sixty (60) days after service upon it of this order, file with the Commission a report in writing, setting forth in detail the manner and form in which it has complied with this order.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

OTIS B. JOHNSON,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2732; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
10:45 a. m.]

**TITLE 30—MINERAL RESOURCES**  
**Chapter III—Bituminous Coal Division**  
 (Docket No. A-1331)  
**PART 321—MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE,**  
**DISTRICT NO. 1**

ORDER GRANTING TEMPORARY RELIEF AND CONDITIONALLY PROVIDING FOR FINAL RELIEF IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION OF DISTRICT BOARD NO. 1 FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF PRICE CLASSIFICATIONS AND MINIMUM PRICES FOR THE COALS OF CERTAIN MINES IN DISTRICT NO. 1

An original petition, pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, having been duly filed with this

Division by the above-named party, requesting the establishment, both temporary and permanent, of price classifications and minimum prices for the coals of certain mines in District No. 1; and

It appearing that a reasonable showing of necessity has been made for the granting of temporary relief in the manner hereinafter set forth; and

No petitions of intervention having been filed with the Division in the above-entitled matter; and

The following acting being deemed necessary in order to effectuate the purposes of the Act:

So in original document.

It is ordered, That, pending final disposition of the above-entitled matter, temporary relief is granted as follows:

Commencing forthwith § 321.7 (Alphabetical list of code members) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R, and § 321.24 (General prices) is amended by adding thereto Supplement T, which supplements are hereinafter set forth and hereby made a part hereof.

It is further ordered, That pleadings in opposition to the original petition in the above-entitled matter and applications to stay, terminate or modify the temporary

relief herein granted may be filed with the Division within forty-five (45) days from the date of this Order, pursuant to the Rules and Regulations Governing Practice and Procedure before the Bituminous Coal Division in Proceedings Instituted Pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937.

It is further ordered, That the relief herein granted shall become final sixty (60) days from the date of this Order, unless it shall otherwise be ordered.

Dated: March 19, 1942.  
 [SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
 Acting Director.

**TEMPORARY AND CONDITIONALLY FINAL EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICES FOR DISTRICT NO. 1**

The material contained in these supplements is to be read in the light of the classifications, prices, instructions, exceptions and other provisions contained in Part 321, Minimum Price Schedule for District No. 1 and supplements thereto.

**FOR ALL SHIPMENTS EXCEPT TRUCK**

**§ 321.7 Alphabetical list of code members—Supplement R**

[Alphabetical listing of code members having railway loading facilities, showing price classifications by size group Nos.]

Mine index No.	Code member	Mine name	Sub-district No.	Seam	Shipping point	Railroad	Freight origin group No.	1	2	3	4	5
3423	Clarton Coal Mining Co.	Limestone #1	4	B	Limestone, Pa.	NYC	30	G	G	G	H	H
3424	Clarton Coal Mining Co.	Limestone #2	4	E	Limestone, Pa.	NYC	30	G	G	G	H	H
3391	Cuffman, P. A. & William (William Cuffman)	F. A. Cuffman & Bro.	39	Kelly	Rocky Ridge, Pa.	EBT&C	42	(f)	(f)	F	(f)	(f)
3384	Heflick Coal Mine (E. Ruth Winebark)	Heflick Coal	12	D	Junesau, Pa.	B&O	112	(f)	(f)	G	(f)	(f)
3419	J. & S. Coal Company (W. H. Shafer & J. D. Christy)	McWilliams #1	11	E	Echo, Pa.	B&O	112	(f)	(f)	G	G	H
3105	Jordan & Hense (Roy Jordan)	Mar-Min #1	13	D	Boardman, Pa.	NYC	44	(f)	(f)	D	(f)	(f)
3420	K. & R. Coal Company (Arthur Rydberg)	River Hill #1	9	B	Winburne, Pa.	NYC	44	G	(f)	G	(f)	(f)
3400	McGray, A. G. (River Smokless Coal Company)	Naylor #1	18	A	Dean, Pa.	PRR	52	(f)	(f)	F	(f)	(f)
3365	Smith, H. D. (River Smokless Coal Company)	River #1	9	C	Keating, Pa.	NYC	44	(f)	(f)	F	(f)	(f)
3421	Stratiff, D. W.	Stratiff #1	4	D	Hawthorn, Pa.	PRR	75	(f)	(f)	G	H	H
3346	Turza, Michael	Turza #2	14	E	Ossola Mills, Pa.	PRR	45	(f)	(f)	F	(f)	(f)
3422	Wallwork Coal Company (J. C. Wallwork)	Wallwork #8	4	E	Hawthorn, Pa.	PRR	75	G	G	G	H	H

1When shown under a Size Group Number indicates no classification effective for this size group.

## FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS

## § 321.24 General prices—Supplement T

[Prices in cents per net ton for shipment into all market areas]

Code member index	Mine index No.	Mine	Sub. Dist. No.	County	Seam	All lump coal double screened top size 2' and over				
						1	2	3	4	5
Clarion Coal Mining Co.	3423	Limestone #1	4	Clarion	B	240	215	215	200	190
Clarion Coal Mining Co.	3424	Limestone #2	4	Clarion	E	240	215	215	200	190
Curfman, F. A. & William (William Curfman)	3391	F. A. Curfman & Bro.	30	Huntingdon	Kelly			220		
Etherson, T. J.	3401	Etherson	6	Indiana	E			220		
Goss, William	3398	Goss #1	8	Clearfield	B			230		
Greene, Frank	3409	Green & Son Coal Co.	43	Allegheny	Big Vein			230		
J. & S. Coal Company (W. A. Shafer & J. D. Christy)	3419	McWilliams #4	11	Armstrong	E			215	205	190
K & R Coal Company (Arthur Rydberg)	3420	River Hill #1	9	Clearfield	B	240		215		195
McGraw, A. G.	3400	Naylor A.	18	Cambria	A			220		
Moore, Frank	3399	Moore	7	Clearfield	D			220		
Moore, George W.	3367	Moore	20	Cambria	C'			225		
Piney Coal Company (F. C. Hesch)	3395	Hepfl	1	Clarion	A'	240	215	215	205	195
Repine, L. G.	3402	Repine	17	Cambria	D			225		
Shirley, Luther (Shirley Bros. Coal Co. #1 & 2)	3200	Lichtenfels	28	Indiana	E			210		
Smith, H. D. (River Smokeless Coal Company)	3365	River #1	9	Clinton	C'			225	215	205
Straitiff, D. W.	3421	Straitiff #7	4	Jefferson	D	240	215	215	200	190
Wallwork Coal Company (J. C. Wallwork)	3422	Wallwork #8	4	Clarion	E	240	215	215	200	190
Whelpley, Dale & Glenn (Dale Whelpley)	3397	Whelpley's	5	Jefferson	E			215		
Zenghardt, Hugo	3392	Douglas	18	Cambria	C			225		

[F. R. Doc. 42-2668; Filed, March 27, 1942; 10:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. A-1024 Part II]

## PART 322—MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE, DISTRICT NO. 2

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER APPROVING AND ADOPTING THE EXAMINER'S PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT AND PROPOSED CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AS MODIFIED IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION OF DISTRICT BOARD NO. 2 FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF PRICE CLASSIFICATIONS AND MINIMUM PRICES FOR THE COALS OF CERTAIN MINES IN DISTRICT NO. 2

This proceeding was instituted upon an original petition filed with the Bituminous Coal Division on August 22, 1941, by District Board 2, pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937. The petition requests the establishment of price classifications and effective minimum prices for the coals of certain mines in District 2.

Pursuant to an Order of the Director dated October 21, 1941, 6 F.R. 5768, temporary relief was granted in Docket No. A-1024 to certain mines listed in Supplement R-I and R-II attached thereto and made a part thereof. Relief was denied to several other mines and it was directed that they be given separate consideration. To that end, that portion of Docket No. A-1024 which related to them was severed from the matter and designated as Docket No. A-1024, Part II. By further Order of the Director dated October 21, 1941, 6 F.R. 5785, temporary relief was also granted

to certain mines in Docket No. A-1024, Part II as set forth in Supplements R and T attached thereto and made a part thereof.

A petition of intervention was filed by Fred S. Geer, Inc., a code member in District 2, operating the Sunnyside Mine (Mine Index No. 2024) and Mt. Nebo Mine (Mine Index No. 2125), requesting that the rail shipping points for these mines be designated as East Palestine, Ohio, for shipment over the Pennsylvania Railroad, and Negley, Ohio, for shipment over the Pittsburgh, Lisbon and Western Railroad.

Pursuant to an Order of the Director and after due notice to all interested persons, a hearing in this matter was held on November 18, 1941, before Floyd McGown, a duly designated Examiner of the Division, at a hearing room thereof in Washington, D. C. All interested persons were afforded an opportunity to be present, adduce evidence, cross-examine witnesses and otherwise be heard. District Board 2, Fred S. Geer, Inc., and Rothey Bros., Inc., appeared.

On November 27, 1941, a motion was submitted by District Board 2, requesting leave to amend its original petition by eliminating therefrom the proposal for classifications and effective minimum prices for the Rothey Brothers' No. 1 Mine (Mine Index No. 2115) for the reason that the evidence presented at the hearing on behalf of this company was at variance with information previously

submitted by said company to the District Board and upon which the proposals of the District Board were predicated. On the same day a petition was filed by Fred S. Geer, Inc., requesting leave to amend its petition of intervention to designate the Freeport and Mahoning Seam as Freeport No. 6 and Freeport No. 7 Seams, respectively; and requesting further that the Director assign price classifications separately for the coals produced in each seam in the Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo Mines.

Under date of January 22, 1942, Examiner McGown made his Report, Proposed Findings of Fact, Proposed Conclusions of Law, and Recommendations ("Examiner's Report"), in which it was recommended, *inter alia*, that the seams of coal in the Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo Mines be designated as the Freeport No. 6 and Freeport No. 7 and that the loading points for these mines be established at East Palestine, Ohio, and Negley, Ohio, respectively. On February 12, 1942, exceptions were filed by Fred S. Geer, Inc. to the Examiner's Report, insofar as it concerned the loading points and price classifications for the coals of his Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo Mines produced for all shipments except truck. No exceptions were filed by it to that part of the Examiner's Report concerning the seam designations of these mines nor to the Examiner's recommended minimum prices for its Mt. Nebo coals for truck shipment.

1. *The Examiner's Report concerning the Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo Mines.* The Examiner found that prior to the filing of the District Board's original petition, Fred S. Geer, Inc. ("Geer") had submitted to the District Board three possible loading points for the Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo Mines producing coals in Pennsylvania, and that through a misunderstanding the District Board had selected Darlington, Pennsylvania, as the loading point to the exclusion of East Palestine, Ohio, and Negley, Ohio, although Geer had no loading facilities at Darlington. The Examiner noted that in addition to the expense of building loading facilities at Darlington, Geer would have the continued additional expense of a higher haulage cost for the approximate 8-mile haul from these mines to Darlington as compared with the 2-mile haul from the Sunnyside Mine to East Palestine and the 1¼-mile haul from Mt. Nebo Mine to Negley, at both of which destinations Geer had available loading facilities.

The Examiner found further that the use of East Palestine and Negley, Ohio, as loading points for Geer's Pennsylvania produced coals would not give Geer a competitive advantage over Ohio producers as the Geer coals competed only with those Ohio coals produced by code members who used the East Palestine and Negley loading facilities, shipped to the same market areas, and produced coals comparable in quality with the Geer coals. The Examiner found that, in fact, these Ohio producers would have an advantage over Geer of lower freight rates for coals shipped into Ohio market areas, but that Fred S. Geer, President of Fred

S. Geer, Inc., had testified that he would not object to the presently effective delivered prices for the Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo coals if the loading points were changed.

2. *Geer's exception to the Examiner's Report.* Geer claimed in its exceptions that there was no foundation in the record for the statement by the Examiner in his Report to the effect that Fred S. Geer testified that he would not object to the presently effectively<sup>1</sup> delivered prices for the Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo coals if the loading points were changed. In its brief in support of its exceptions, Geer specifically referred to testimony by the witness Fred S. Geer to the effect that he would acquiesce only in prices for coals from the Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo Mines which would result in the same delivered prices to Market Areas 11 and 13 as those applicable to comparable coals produced by neighboring mines just across the state line in Ohio which were also loaded at Negley and at East Palestine and entered into competition therewith. On Examination of the record, I find that as Geer contended, the witness Fred S. Geer had stated that effective minimum prices should be established for the Geer coals which would result in the same delivered prices therefor in Market Areas 11 and 13 as competing Ohio coals of the same quality and loading at the same points. This exception goes, however, only to the prayer for relief and is not to be considered as bearing on the necessity therefor.

Geer also excepted to the minimum prices recommended by the Examiner for its coals produced for all shipments except truck on the ground that these recommended prices if adopted would result in delivered prices for the Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo coals in excess of the delivered prices in the same consuming markets for coals produced by neighboring mines in District 4 and thereby deprive Geer of its existing fair competitive opportunities. Geer stated in its brief that the record indicated that the coals produced from the Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo mines on the Pennsylvania side of the state line were comparable with coals produced not only

<sup>1</sup> So in original document.

by certain mines of Fred S. Geer, Inc., just across the line in Ohio but also with the coals produced there by a number of competing mines. Geer also stated that the coals produced at these neighboring mines, whether located within Ohio or Pennsylvania, were loaded at Negley or East Palestine, Ohio, and were sold principally in Cleveland (Market Area 13) and Youngstown (Market Area 11) and at the Great Lakes ports, and that the mere fact that some mines were a few yards to the east of the state line and other mines a few yards to the west thereof did not justify any difference in delivered prices as between the coals they produce. Hence, Geer contended, effective minimum prices which resulted in discrimination between the prices of the coals from these respective mines when delivered in their principal consuming markets were inconsistent with the requirements of the Act. Geer contended further that to fix effective minimum prices for the Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo Mines which would result in delivered prices in Market Areas 11 and 13 equal to those for coals from adjacent Ohio mines would not materially affect other mines in District 2, with the exception of one mine, which was the only remaining mine on the Pennsylvania side immediately adjacent to the Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo Mines, and that that mine would be exhausted by the end of the winter.

However, the record fails to disclose that there was a past movement of coals from the producing district in which its Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo Mines are located to the destinations in Market Areas 11 and 13 for which it seeks relief. The price classifications temporarily established for the coals of these two mines and recommended by the Examiner seek to put them on a fair competitive basis with other District 2 coals. If intervenor could show that the past movement of other District 2 coals (comparable to Sunnyside and Mt. Nebo coals) was such that the existing fair competitive opportunities could not be preserved unless minimum f. o. b. mine prices be established for these coals so as to allow them to deliver in Market Areas 11 and 13 at

a price parity with District 4 coals shipping thereto, then its request for relief—a loading point in District 4—might be granted. But such is not the case.

3. *Other mines.* The Examiner in his Report also found that price classifications and loading points proposed by District Board 2 for certain other mines were proper; that its petition in so far as it concerns the No. 1 Mine of Rothery Brothers, Inc. (Mine Index No. 2115) should be dismissed; and that the loading point for the John Minnich Mine (Mine Index No. 901) should be Queens Junction on the Western Allegheny Railroad. No exceptions or supporting briefs have been filed in these other matters.

After a review of the record and upon the basis of the foregoing, I conclude that the Proposed Findings of Fact and Proposed Conclusions of Law of the Examiner, as modified herein, are proper and should be adopted as the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law of the undersigned.

*Now, therefore, it is ordered,* That the Proposed Findings of Fact and Proposed Conclusions of Law of the Examiner, as modified herein, be, and they hereby are, approved and adopted as the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law of the undersigned.

*It is further ordered,* That § 322.7 (*Alphabetical list of code members*), § 322.9 (*Special prices—(c) Railroad fuel*) and § 322.23 (*General prices*) in the Schedules of Effective Minimum Prices for District No. 2 for All Shipments Except Truck and for Truck Shipments be and they hereby are amended to include the seam designations, shipping points, freight origin group numbers, price classifications, and effective minimum prices set forth for the mines listed in Supplements R-I, R-II, and T attached hereto and made a part hereof.

*It is further ordered,* That the prayers for relief contained in the petitions filed herein be and they hereby are granted to the extent set forth on the attached Supplements R-I, R-II, and T and in all other respects denied.

Dated: March 18, 1942.

[SEAL]

DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.



§ 322.9 *Special prices*—(c) *Railroad fuel*—Supplement R-II. In § 322.9 (c) in Minimum Price Schedule, add the mine index numbers in groups shown. Group No. 1: 2126, 2127, 2128; Group No. 2: 1174, 2114; Group No. 5: 2120; Group No. 6: 493, 2076, 2118; Group No. 7: 973; Group No. 8: 1055; Group No. 9: 2113; Group No. 10: 1024, 2125,

2255, 2256; Group No. 12: 901, 2137; Group No. 15: 1129; Group No. 19: 2108.

All mines in Freight Origin Group No. 123 will take the same necessary or permissible adjustments as Freight Origin Group No. 120, except for shipments into Market Area No. 11, where the adjustment must be increased 50 cents per net ton.

NOS. 877, 938 AND 2739, IN DISTRICT NO. 4, FOR ALL SHIPMENTS EXCEPT TRUCK

A petition having been filed with the Bituminous Coal Division on November 3, 1941, by District Board 4, pursuant to section 4 II (d) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, requesting the establishment of price classifications and minimum prices for certain coals in District 4, for all shipments except truck;

A hearing having been held in this matter pursuant to an order of the Acting Director, on December 2, 1941, before a duly designated examiner of the Bituminous Coal Division at a hearing room thereof in Washington, D. C., at which all interested persons were afforded an opportunity to be present, adduce evidence, cross-examine witnesses, and otherwise be heard;

A preparation and filing of the report having been waived and the matter having been submitted to the undersigned;

The undersigned having made findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and having rendered an Opinion in this matter which are filed herewith;

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That commencing fifteen (15) days from the date hereof, § 324.7 (*Alphabetical list of code numbers*) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R-I, § 324.8 (*Numerical list of mines*) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R-II, § 324.2 (*Seasonal discounts*) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R-III, § 324.9 (*Recapitulation of price classifications*) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R-IV, and § 324.11 (*Special prices*—(a) *Railroad fuel prices for all movements exclusive of lake cargo railroad fuel*) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R-V, which supplements are hereinafter set forth and hereby made a part hereof, and the Shipping points designated in said "Supplement R-I" shall be in lieu of all shipping points previously designated for the mine as specified therein.

It is further ordered, That the prayers contained in the original petition are granted to the extent set forth above and in all other respects are denied.

Dated: March 18, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

FOR TRUCK SHIPMENTS

§ 320.23 *General prices*—Shipment T

[Price in cents per net ton for shipment into all market areas]

Code member index	Mine Index No.	Mine	Seam	Base sizes											
				Lump over 4"	Lump 4"	Lump 3"	Lump 2"	Lump 2" x 4"	Egg 2" x 4"	Stove 1" x 4"	Pea 3/4" x 1 1/4"	Run of mine	2" N/S	1 1/4" slack	3/4" slack
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
<b>ALLECHENY COUNTY</b>															
McGrew, Robert L.	2113	McGrew (Strip)	Pittsburgh.....	285	275	265	240	220	220	220	220	190	180	170	
Natali, Pelligrini & Bianchi (Fred Bianchi).	2114	Natali (Strip)...	Pittsburgh.....	280	270	260	235	230	215	205	215	180	170	160	
<b>BEAVER COUNTY</b>															
Geer, Fred S., Inc.	2125	Mt. Nebo (Strip)	#6.....	300	290	280	275	250	245	225	225	185	175	165	
Geer, Fred S., Inc.	2256	Mt. Nebo (Strip)	#7.....	300	290	280	275	250	245	225	225	185	175	165	
<b>BUTLER COUNTY</b>															
Negley Coal Company (A. H. McMinn).	2137	Negley #2 (Strip)	U. Kittanning..	325	305	285	265	260	245	245	230	190	180	170	
<b>FAYETTE COUNTY</b>															
Grandi, George	2127	Big Six #4 (Strip)	Pittsburgh.....	300	290	280	260	240	230	225	230	210	200	175	
Hatfield Coal Co. (Wm. Panzera).	2118	Jacobs (Strip)...	Pittsburgh.....	290	280	270	250	230	220	215	220	205	200	175	
Snider & Cudzilo (E. Gadd Snider).	493	S. & C.....	Freeport.....	280	270	260	245	225	210	210	210	200	195	175	
<b>MERCER COUNTY</b>															
Florence Coal Co., The (W. J. Koerner).	2108	Ewing (Strip)...	Brookville.....	325	310	290	275	270	255	255	240	185	175	160	
<b>WASHINGTON COUNTY</b>															
Grandi, George	2126	Big Six #3 (Strip)	Pittsburgh.....	310	300	290	260	250	235	225	245	205	195	170	
Grandi, George	2128	Big Six #5 (Strip)	Pittsburgh.....	310	300	290	260	250	235	225	235	205	195	170	
<b>WESTMORELAND COUNTY</b>															
Metz, Charles	2120	Rex.....	Redstone.....	265	255	245	230	225	215	195	200	180	170	160	

[F. R. Doc. 42-2672; Filed, March 27, 1942; 10:49 a. m.]

[Docket No. A-1147 Part II]

PART 324—MINIMUM PRICE SCHEDULE,  
DISTRICT No. 4

ORDER GRANTING PERMANENT RELIEF IN THE  
MATTER OF THE PETITION OF DISTRICT

BOARD NO. 4 FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF  
PRICE CLASSIFICATIONS AND MINIMUM  
PRICES FOR THE COALS OF MINE INDEX NOS.  
256, 1301, 1016, AND 1436, AND FOR THE  
ESTABLISHMENT OF ADDITIONAL SHIPPING  
POINTS FOR THE COALS OF MINE INDEX

PERMANENT EFFECTIVE MINIMUM PRICES FOR DISTRICT NO. 4

NOTE: The material in these supplements is to be read in the light of the classifications, prices, instructions, exceptions and other provisions contained in Part 324, Minimum Price Schedule for District No. 4 and supplements thereto.

FOR ALL SHIPMENTS EXCEPT TRUCK

§ 324.7 Alphabetical list of code members—Supplement R-I

[Alphabetical list of code members having railway loading facilities, showing price classification by size group Nos.]

Mine index No.	Code member	Mine name	Sub-district No.	Seam	Type	Shipping points in Ohio	Railroad	Freight origin group No.	Price classifications by size group Nos.														
									1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12			
256	Hott Coal Co., c/o M. B. Hott	Hott Coal Co.	4	8	Strip	Dover	PRR	53	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	
1301	Kauf, John	Kauf	8	8	Deep	Pomeroy	NVO	23	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K	K
1016	Square Deal Coal Co.	Square Deal Coal Co.	6	6	Deep	Shawnee	NVO	27	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q
1436	Swearingen, Lloyd R.	L. R. Swearingen	4	6	Deep	Salineville	PRR	53	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q

§ 324.8 Numerical list of mines—Supplement R-II

Mine index No.	Mine name	Code member	Freight districts	Freight origin group Nos.	Railroad	Subdistrict No.
256	Hott Coal Co.	Hott Coal Co., c/o M. B. Hott	Middle	53	PRR	4
1016	Kauf, John	Square Deal Coal Co.	Hooking	27	NVO	8
1301	Swearingen, Lloyd R.	Swearingen, Lloyd R.	Pomeroy	23	C&O	6
1436	Swearingen, Lloyd R.	Swearingen, Lloyd R.	Middle	53	PRR	4

§ 324.2 Seasonal discounts<sup>1</sup>—Supplement R-III

[On all shipments of coal in Size Groups 1 or 2, the discounts shown below in cents per ton may apply. The date of shipment and not the date of sale shall govern the seasonal price applicable. These seasonal discounts apply for shipments to all market areas except Market Areas 1 to 13, inclusive, 98 and 99 (Great Lakes), River Shipments, Vessel Fuel and Railroad Fuel]

Freight origin districts	Freight origin group Nos.	Additional freight origin group Nos.	Mine index Nos.	Additional mine index Nos.	Amount of discounts during the month of—				
					April	May	June	July	
Pomeroy	23, 25	14, 22, 38, 70, 82, 100, 101, 105, 112, 113	14, 22, 38, 70, 82, 100, 101, 105, 112, 113	Add Mine Index No. 1301.	50	40	30	20	10
Hooking	26, 27	83, 141	83, 141	Add Mine Index No. 1016.	30	20	10	---	---
Middle	53, 54, 57	49, 50, 67, 94, 132	49, 50, 67, 94, 132	Add Mine Index No. 1436.	30	20	10	---	---
	52	Add 53	13, 108	Add Mine Index No. 256.	30	20	10	---	---

<sup>1</sup> Seasonal discounts as shown in § 324.2 in the Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices apply to all additional mine index numbers hereinabove noted.

§ 324.9 Recapitulation of price classifications<sup>1</sup>—Supplement R-IV

[For shipment into all market areas—See Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices, §§ 324.9, and 324.10. Also applies to Market Areas 98 and 99 (Great Lakes), §§ 324.11 (b), 324.11 (c), and Vessel Fuel, § 324.11 (d)]

Freight origin districts	Freight origin group Nos.	Additional freight origin group Nos.	Mine index Nos.	Additional mine index Nos.
Pomeroy	23, 25	14, 22, 38, 70, 82, 100, 101, 105, 112, 113	14, 22, 38, 70, 82, 100, 101, 105, 112, 113	Add Mine Index No. 1301.
Hooking	26, 27	83, 141	83, 141	Add Mine Index No. 1016.
Middle	53, 54, 57	49, 50, 67, 94, 132	49, 50, 67, 94, 132	Add Mine Index No. 1436.
	52	Add 53	13, 108	Add Mine Index No. 256.

<sup>1</sup> Prices as shown in §§ 324.9, 324.10, 324.11 (b), 324.11 (c) and 324.11 (d) in the Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices apply to all additional mine index numbers hereinabove noted.

§ 324.11 Special prices—(a) Railroad fuel prices for all movements exclusive of lake cargo railroad fuel<sup>1</sup>—Supplement R-V

[Railroad fuel prices for all movements exclusive of lake cargo railroad fuel from mines indexed below for shipment to railroads as shown—See Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices, § 324.11 (a)]

Name of railroad	Mine index Nos.	Additional mine index Nos.
Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Co.	14, 38, 41, 47, 61, 70, 72, 75, 76, 82, 86, 101, 105, 112, 113, 130, 131, 168, 170, 171	Add Mine Index No. 1301.
New York Central System	1, 4, 6, 18, 27, 28, 34, 35, 47, 54, 59, 64, 66, 74, 83, 90, 91, 100, 107, 109, 125, 136, 138, 141, 143, 156, 158, 172	Add Mine Index No. 1016.
Pennsylvania Railroad Co.	11, 26, 31, 42, 43, 49, 50, 55, 56, 57, 62, 65, 67, 69, 81, 94, 111, 114, 115, 132, 152, 162, 165, 169	Add Mine Index No. 1436.
Akron, Canton & Youngstown Railway Co.	166	Add Mine Index No. 256.
Ann Arbor Railroad Co.		
Canadian National Railways and Grand Trunk Railway System		
Canadian Pacific Railway Co.		
Detroit and Mackinac Railway Company		
Detroit & Toledo Shore Line Railroad Co.		
Erie Railroad		
Nickel Plate Road (New York, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Co.)		
Pere Marquette Railway Co.		

From all Mine Index Nos. except those shown below—  
 From Mine Index Nos. 3, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, 16, 25, 26, 37, 45, 48, 68, 77, 79, 92, 97, 108, 110, 119, 153, 153, 169, 161, 166.

<sup>1</sup> Prices as shown in § 324.11 (a) in the Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices apply to all additional mine index numbers hereinabove noted.



ent, adduce evidence, cross-examine witnesses and otherwise be heard.

Petitioner, District Board No. 22 appeared. While the Consumers' Counsel intervened, it was not represented at the hearing; although later, on March 2, 1942, it filed a brief in support of its statement that any revision to grant the relief requested should be applicable to all code members in the District. The preparation and filing of a report by the Examiner was waived and the record was thereupon submitted to the undersigned.

The petition of District Board No. 22 herein requested a change in the sub-district designation of the Mills Mine, Mine Index No. 202, operated by Arthur Mills, a code member in District No. 22, from Subdistrict No. 1 to Subdistrict No. 9, and the establishment of minimum prices and classification for that mine as are established for mines in Sub-district No. 9. The second request of the District Board was for the establishment of a minimum price of 95 cents per ton f. o. b. the mine for 3/4" slack coal produced by the Gerber Coal Company, operating the A. C. M. Mine #4 (Mine Index No. 1) in Subdistrict No. 7 of District No. 22, when sold in carload lots to the Great Northern Railway for railway use. It appears that this size coal, 3/4" slack, is at present included in Size Group No. 11, for which the established minimum price is \$1.00 per ton f. o. b. the mine, for rail shipments.

The original petition of District Board No. 22 was amended on December 22, 1941. By its petition dated December 22, 1941, the District Board amended that portion of its original petition requesting the establishment of a special price for 3/4" slack coal of the Gerber Coal Company when intended for railway use. The amendment requested that immediate temporary relief be granted. The Division on January 10, 1942, 7 F.R. 230, denied the prayer of the petitioner for immediate relief.

With regard to the first part of the petition, the testimony of D. F. Buckingham, witness for the District Board, was to the effect that the Mills Mine operates in the McCleary Seam and is at present the only mine operating in that seam. He further stated that in his judgment the mine was improperly classified in the proceedings held in General Docket No. 15 in that the McCleary Seam coal is inferior in quality to coals from other seams in Subdistrict No. 1. He expressed the belief that the Mills Mine should be grouped with the Mammoth Seam mines in Subdistrict No. 9. It appears from the record that the transfer of this mine from Subdistrict No. 1 to Subdistrict No. 9 would result in more properly reflecting the relative value of its coals and would properly coordinate it with other coals produced in District No. 22.

Regarding the second part of this petition the claim of the representative of District Board No. 22, that the requested relief is desired in order to provide for surplus or emergency coal for which there is no other market and which the Great Northern Railway Company has refused to purchase at the minimum price now established for that size, is not entirely borne out by the record. While it appears that at the present time the Gerber Coal Company is producing 3/4" slack as a result of its production of other sizes, it also appears that by a change in the screening equipment of the Gerber Coal Company, the size of the coal resulting from the production of larger sizes would be 1/2" slack, and it further appears that the Railway Company is perfectly willing to buy 1/2" slack at the effective minimum price for such coal of 80 cents per ton.

This code member is the only code member in District 22, according to the information of the District Board, that has any direct rail connection with the Great Northern Railway and, therefore, no other producer would be adversely affected by the relief sought. However, the mere fact that no other producers in the subdistrict are at present so situated as to be affected, does not justify the granting of a preferential price to any one consumer. It appears that the Great Northern Railway Company is not the only market for this 3/4" slack, although it was testified that that market is declining because of the inroads of natural gas and oil. Moreover, to grant this relief is to grant a preferential price to one consumer. Consumer inequality is to be avoided wherever possible.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Cf. Docket No. A-160; Docket No. A-164; 6 F.R. 4247, 5300.

Upon the basis of the uncontroverted evidence, therefore, I find that the requested change in subdistrict designation of the Mills Mine, Mine Index No. 202, from Subdistrict No. 1 to Subdistrict No. 9 and the establishment of classifications and minimum prices for the mine in Subdistrict No. 9 are proper and should be granted, that such subdistrict designation, classifications and minimum prices conform in all respects as those heretofore established for comparable coals in District No. 22, and will preserve the fair competitive opportunities for the producers of such coal.

However, based on the record, I find that the request of District Board No. 22 for the establishment of a minimum price of 95 cents per ton for 3/4" slack coal produced by the Gerber Coal Company for sale only in railroad carload lots to the Great Northern Railway Company for railway use would constitute the establishment of a preferential price for a particular consumer and is, therefore, improper.

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That commencing fifteen (15) days from the date hereof § 342.4 (Code member price index) is amended by adding thereto Supplement R, and § 342.21 (General prices) is amended by adding thereto Supplement T, which supplements are hereinafter set forth and hereby made a part hereof.

It is further ordered, That the petition of District Board No. 22 for the establishment of a minimum price of 95 cents for 3/4" x 0 slack coal produced by the Gerber Coal Company for railway use be and the same hereby is denied.

Dated: March 21, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

The following price classification and minimum prices shall be inserted in Price Schedule No. 1 for District No. 22:

§ 342.4 Code members price index—Supplement R. Insert the following listings in proper alphabetical order:

Producer	Mine	Mine index No.	County	Sub-district price group	Prices	
					Rail	Truck
Mills, Arthur.....	Mills.....	202	Musselshell.....	9		\$342.21

§ 342.21 General prices—Supplement T. Insert the following code member name, mine name and county under Subdistrict No. 9, and the following prices:

Code member mine name	County	Size groups					
		1	2	5	7	9	10
SUBDISTRICT NO. 9							
Mills, Arthur; Mills Mine.....	Musselshell.....	350	325	300	250	150	100

[Order No. 338]

## PART 306—DISTRICT BOARDS

AN ORDER AMENDING ORDER NO. 280<sup>1</sup> BY REQUIRING EACH DISTRICT BOARD TO FILE PROPOSED BUDGETS AND RATES OF ASSESSMENTS FOR THE PERIOD SEPTEMBER 1, 1942 TO AUGUST 31, 1943, INCLUSIVE

Pursuant to sections 4 I (a), 4 I (b), and other provisions of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, as amended, It is ordered, That:

## § 306.27 Annual budget proposals.

(a) On or before June 1, 1942, each district board shall file with the Division for approval, disapproval, or modification and approval, a proposed budget of the expenses of administering the Code by the district board during the period September 1, 1942 to April 25, 1943, inclusive, a proposed rate of assessment which shall be sufficient to provide funds to meet the total of the proposed budget, and supporting data, as provided by the Regulations Providing for Assessments by the District Board heretofore approved.

(b) On or before June 1, 1942, each district board shall file with the Division for the period April 26, 1943 to August 31, 1943, inclusive, proposals and data similar to that required by paragraph (a) above.

(c) Except as amended by this Order, the provisions of Order No. 280 and the Regulations Providing for Assessments by the District Board, heretofore approved, shall remain in full force and effect (Sec. 4, I (b), 50 Stat. 77; 15 U.S.C. 832 (b)).

Dated: March 27, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2781; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
10:33 a. m.]

## TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

## Chapter VIII—Export Control

## Subchapter B—Proclaimed List of Certain Blocked Nationals

## SUPPLEMENT 2, MARCH 27, 1942 TO REVISION I OF FEBRUARY 7, 1942

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of State, acting in conjunction with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Commerce, the Board of Economic Warfare, and the Coordinator of Inter-American Affairs, by Proclamation 2497 of the President of July 17, 1941 (6 F.R. 3555), the following Supplement 2 containing certain additions to, deletions from, and amendments to The Proclaimed List of

<sup>1</sup> 4 F.R. 3392.

Certain Blocked Nationals, Revision I of February 7, 1942,<sup>2</sup> is hereby promulgated. By direction of the President.

SUMNER WELLES,  
Acting Secretary of State.

D. W. BELL,  
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

FRANCIS BIDDLE,  
Attorney General.

JESSE H. JONES,  
Secretary of Commerce.

MILO PERKINS,  
Executive Director, Board  
of Economic Warfare.

NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER,  
Coordinator of Inter-  
American Affairs.

MARCH 27, 1942.

GENERAL NOTES: (1) The Proclaimed List is divided into two parts: part I relates to listings in the American republics; part II relates to listings outside the American republics.

(2) In part I titles are listed in their letter-address form, word for word as written in that form, with the following exceptions:

If the title includes a full personal name, that is, a given name or initial and the surname, the title is listed under the surname.

Personal name prefixes such as de, la, von, etc., are considered as part of the surname and are the basis for listing.

The listing is made under the next word of the title when the initial word or phrase, or abbreviation thereof, is one of the following Spanish forms or similar equivalent forms in other languages:

Compañía; Cía.; Comp.  
Compañía Anónima; C. A.; Comp.  
Anón.

Sociedad; Soc.  
Sociedad Anónima; S. A.; Soc. Anón.

(3) The indication of an address for a name on the list is not intended to exclude other addresses of the same firm or individual. A listed name refers to all branches of the business in the country.

## PART I—LISTINGS IN AMERICAN REPUBLICS

## ADDITIONS

## Argentina

Abate, Ricardo; Avenida Presidente Roque Sáenz Peña 501, Buenos Aires.

Bonnetti, Andres; Pringles 1327, Buenos Aires.

Caille, Jorge; Sarmiento 1401, Buenos Aires.

Camacho, Cristóbal; Avenida de Mayo 869, Buenos Aires.

<sup>2</sup> 7 F.R. 855, 1618.

Capano, Julio; Méjico 628, Buenos Aires.

de Azevedo, Horacio V.; Rivadavia 1757, Buenos Aires.

Edén La Falda S. A.; La Falda, F. C. C. N. A., Córdoba.

"El Crisantemo"; Cerrito 1168, Buenos Aires.

Fábrica Argentina de Cierres Automáticos "De-Pe"; Marcos Sastre 3021, Buenos Aires.

Fanal, S. de R. L.; Perú 139, Buenos Aires.

Farmacia Murray Florida; Florida 501, Buenos Aires.

Fischer, Carlos M.; La Rural 158, Buenos Aires.

Fukushima, Iwao; Cerrito 1168, Buenos Aires.

Gassauer, Emilio; Melián 2050 (Casilla 1676), Buenos Aires.

Gebauer, Frederick Henry; Lavalle 442, Buenos Aires.

Giacompol, José; Cangallo 1570, Buenos Aires.

González y Cía; Florida 501, Buenos Aires.

Gran Edén Hotel; La Falda, F. C. C. N. A., Córdoba.

Grote, Arturo; San Martín 361, Paraná, Entre Ríos.

Kirschner, Erico; Bartolomé Mitre 852, Buenos Aires.

Krapf, José; Libertad 565, Buenos Aires.

Krapf, Otto; Libertad 565, Buenos Aires.

Krapf y Cía; Libertad 565, Buenos Aires.

"La Maison Satuma"; Juncal 776, Buenos Aires.

Lacasia, José Pablo; Cangallo 1570, Buenos Aires.

Librería "La Cultura"; San Martín 361, Paraná, Entre Ríos.

Liebl, José; Marcos Sastre 3021, Buenos Aires.

Malagamba, Francisco; Cangallo 315, Buenos Aires.

Palanza, Augusto (Dr.); Cangallo 1570, Buenos Aires.

Pfeifer & Huber; José E. Uriburú 746, Buenos Aires.

Pinturería Leidi; Libertad 565, Buenos Aires.

Prescher, Carlos; Humberto I 1739, Buenos Aires.

Ricordi Americana, Sociedad Anónima Editorial y Comercial; Cangallo 1570, Buenos Aires.

Servicios Aéreos Cóndor Ltda.; Corrientes 330-336, Buenos Aires.

Taacks, Walter; 25 de Mayo 140 (Casilla 1326), Buenos Aires.

Tonetti, Andrés; City Hotel, Buenos Aires.

Valcarenghi, Guido; Cangallo 1570, Buenos Aires.

*Bolivia*

"El Fénix"; La Paz.  
Radio Electra;  
Yshihara, Y.; Oruro.

*Brazil*

Centro de Mel; Porto Alegre.  
Schmarje William; Hotel Russell,  
Praia do Russell 64, Rio de Janeiro.  
Schwalbe, Franz; Rua General Bruce  
40, Rio de Janeiro.

*Chile*

Akita Araki, Yosokichi; Aldunate 1130,  
Coquimbo.  
Almacén de Pinturas "La Paloma";  
Avenida B. O'Higgins 1162 (Casilla 3003),  
Santiago.  
Alvarez, Adolfo; Estado 378, Santiago.  
Andresen Koch, Hans; Ahumada 54,  
Santiago.  
Adrensen T., Hans; Agustinas 1139,  
Santiago.  
Bezanilla López, Humberto; Andes  
3141 (Casilla 3014), Santiago.  
Botica Unión; Condell 1205, Valpa-  
raíso.  
Botica Victoria; Victoria 2698, Valpa-  
raíso.  
Brautigan Luhr, Alberto; Aysen.  
Brüchert y Cia.; Condell 1205, Val-  
paraíso.  
Burgemeister y Frey, Ltda.; Picarte  
321 (Casilla 69-D), Valdivia.  
Casa Ehni; Estado 378, Santiago.  
Cervecería Stange y Cia., Ltda.; Puerto  
Montt.  
Chiappe, Juan; Casilla 66, Iquique.  
de Flores, Francisco P.; Prat 871  
(Casilla 1425), Valparaíso.  
Denecke y Cia.; Avenida Argentina  
411 (Casilla 79), Concepción.  
Ehni y Cia., G.; Estado 378, Santiago.  
Fábrica de Tejidos Tres Coronas;  
Avenida Argentina 411 (Casilla 79), Con-  
cepción.  
Fantuzzi e Hijos, Angel; Avenida Sal-  
vador 774, Santiago.  
Fantuzzi P., Angel; Avenida Salvador  
774, Santiago.  
Farmacia Germania; Ahumada 199,  
Santiago.  
Fennekohl, Franz; Napoleón 480 y  
Bandera 191, Santiago.  
Giemza Steel, Federico; Prat 748, Val-  
paraíso.  
Giemza y Cia.; 8 Norte 1137, Viña  
del Mar.  
Goldmann, Janssen; Blanco 1121 y  
Plaza A. Pinto 1179 (Casilla 1566), Val-  
paraíso.  
Goldmann Schaub, Erich A.; Avenida  
Brasil 1727 (Casilla 1378), Valparaíso;  
and Huérfanos 930 (Casilla 456), San-  
tiago.  
Goldmann Schaub, Kurt; Blanco 1121  
y Plaza A. Pinto 1179 (Casilla 1566),  
Valparaíso.  
Hall Victor; Ahumada 54, Santiago.  
Hattori Itinoze, Motoso; Avenida Vi-  
cuña Mackenna 4, Santiago.  
Helle, Augusto; Picarte 486 (Casilla  
661), Valdivia.  
Irazabal, Perpetuo; Anibal Pinto 848,  
Concepción.

Janssen Denneberg, Werner; Blanco  
1121 y Plaza A. Pinto 1179 (Casilla 1566),  
Valparaíso.  
Kanamori Kanamori, Koishe; Blanco  
1041, Valparaíso.  
Kito Kito, Nikki; Santo Domingo 1079,  
Santiago.  
Kohler Flohr, Erwin; Antonio Varas  
325, Santiago.  
Lodtmann K., Hans; Nueva York 52 y  
Villaseca 353, Santiago.  
Mamiya Fuhara, Yei; Bulnés 80, San-  
tiago.  
Matsumoto Itoh, Kanji; Avenida Ar-  
gentina 380, Valparaíso.  
Matsumoto Matsumoto, Jiro; Agus-  
tinas 972, Santiago.  
Nakayama Nakayama, Kaname; Ra-  
món Nieto 920, Santiago.  
Nanyo, Fotografía K.; Catedral 1111,  
Santiago.  
Nanyo, K.; Catedral 1111, Santiago.  
Nippon Trade Agency; Agustinas 972,  
Santiago.  
Nishimura, T.; Huérfanos 1333, San-  
tiago.  
Noria del Campo Hnos.; Avenida Pedro  
Montt, Valparaíso.  
Notoy, Torao; Esquina 21 de Mayo y  
Baquedaño, Arica.  
Oetzmann, Friedrich; Bandera 75,  
Santiago.  
Pérez Gazitua, Jorge; Bandera 71, San-  
tiago.  
Química Bayer, Cia. Ltda.; Santiago.  
Reccius, Bruno; Ahumada 199, San-  
tiago.  
Reiners, H. B.; Prat 773 (Casilla 874),  
Valparaíso.  
Rensinghoff Hohdahl, Guillermo; Puer-  
to Montt.  
Richter, Alfredo; Calera.  
Roeschmann, Bruno; Arturo Prat 782,  
Temuco.  
Roeschmann, Carlos; Arturo Prat 782,  
Temuco.  
Roeschmann, Jorge; Roble 735, Chil-  
lán; and Calle 5 Oriente 1½ Norte,  
Talca.  
Roeschmann, Walter; Arturo Prat 782,  
Temuco.  
Roeschmann Hermanos y Cia.; Arturo  
Prat 782, Temuco.  
Roeschmann y Cia., Jorge; Roble 735,  
Chillán; and Calle 5 Oriente 1½ Norte,  
Talca.  
Rometsch, Emilio; Ahumada 302, San-  
tiago.  
Sahr Christie, Otto; Casilla 26, Puerto  
Aysen.  
Samhaber, Helmut; California 2351,  
Santiago.  
Samhaber y Cia.; Bascuñán 178, San-  
tiago; and Avenida Latorre 20, Calera.  
Schutze, Fritz; Bandera 22 y M. A.  
Maira 1265, Santiago.  
Seguros "La Previsora", Cia. de; Al-  
mirante Gómez C. 150, Valparaíso;  
Huérfanos 1055, Santiago; and all  
branches in Chile.  
Senda Senda, Toyoho; Barros Arana  
299, Quilpué.  
Shinya Shinya, Kichimatsu; Agustinas  
972, Santiago.  
Solimano, Chiappe y Cia.; Casilla 66,  
Iquique.

Stange Ditzel, Heriberto; Puerto  
Montt.  
Stange Ditzel, Osvaldo; Puerto Montt.  
Takada, Issuka; Hotel Carrera, San-  
tiago.  
Takasaki Higo, Tadao; Avenida B.  
O'Higgins 2370, Santiago.  
Timmermann, Bernardo; Monjitas 831,  
Santiago.  
Timmermann y Cia., B.; Monjitas 831,  
Santiago; and Barros Arana 171, Con-  
cepción.  
Valck, Carlos; Coronel.  
Von Wnuck, Emilio; Amanategui 280,  
Santiago.  
Watanabe Watanabe, Hideto; Avenida  
B. O'Higgins, 2740, Santiago.  
Wilhelm Berner, Jorge; Puerto Montt.  
Wistuba, José Luis; Puerto Montt.

*Colombia*

Aserradero Cabica; Soledad.  
Caiafa, Miguel; Barranquilla.  
Cardinali, Vicente; Barranquilla.  
Centro Internacional de Información  
Comercial; Apartado Nacional 307,  
Bogotá.  
"CIDIC" Centro Internacional de In-  
formación Comercial; Apartado Nacional  
307, Bogotá.  
Colombiana Manufacturera Ltda.,  
Soc.; Calle 24 No. 5-31, Bogotá.  
Consonni, Egidio; Apartado 307, Cali.  
Construcciones e Inversiones, Ltda.;  
Cartagena.  
"COTENAL" Compañía de Tejidos  
Nacionales, S. A.; Carrera 7a No. 39-  
76, Bogotá.  
Drago, Emilio; Apartado Nacional 762  
y Apartado Aéreo 3889, Bogotá.  
Fábrica "Consonni's Hats"; Apartado  
307, Cali.  
Ferretería Industrial; Bogotá.  
Fluehr, Walter; Medellín and Frontino.  
Francke, Heinrich; Apartado 852, Bar-  
ranquilla.  
Friedrichs, Kurt; Manizales.  
Haderer, Luis; Calle 14 No. 6-85, Bo-  
gotá.  
Hotel Pacifico; Carrera 4 No. 13-101,  
Cali.  
Hungenbach, Francisco; Medellín.  
Iannini y Cia.; Calle 13 No. 7-20, Bo-  
gotá.  
Iannini Buraglia, Genaro; Calle 13 No.  
7-20, Bogotá.  
Jansky, Siegfried Fred; Medellín.  
Liemann, Rudolf; Riohacha.  
Niewerth, Walter; Cali.  
Otto, Hans (Juan); Carrera 4 No. 13-  
101, Cali.  
Otto, Werner; Carrera 4 No. 13-101,  
Cali.  
Pugliese, Donato; Riohacha, Depart-  
mento de Magdalena.  
Reinberg, Alfred; Cartagena.  
Restaurante Bavaria; Calle Palace y  
Avenida Primero de Mayo, Medellín.  
Ringwelski, Arturo; Frontino and Me-  
dellín.  
Schwanhauser, Fred; Apartado Na-  
cional 307, Bogotá.  
Schwarzbach, Federico; Medellín and  
Santa Helena.  
Sperling, George (Jorge).  
Sperling Ltda., Ed. Victor; Cartagena.

Tejidos Nacionales S. A., Cia. de; Carrera 7a No. 39-76, Bogotá.  
 Tipografía Mercurio; Calle 14 No. 6-85, Bogotá.  
 Weitlich, Gustave; Calle Maracaibo, Medellín.

#### Costa Rica

Costarricense de Tejidos S. A., Cia.; Apartado 1467, San José.  
 Marzal, P. C.; Apartado 1326, San José.  
 Niehaus, Walter; San José.  
 Scholz, E.; Port Limón.  
 Scholz, Erich; Port Limón.  
 Scholz, Werner; San José.

#### Cuba

Aldrey García, C.; Avenida de la Paz 17, Reparto Kohly, Marianao, Habana.  
 Alvarez Rodríguez, José; Los Macao esquina a Narciso López, Guantánamo.  
 Buffa Rosbock, Federico (Dr.); Baños 409, Vedado, Habana.  
 Cine Cinecito; Habana.  
 Cinematográfica Corporation San Rafael, S.A.; Habana.  
 Koch, Adolfo; Apartado 2114, Habana.  
 "La Euterápica"; Baños 409, Vedado, Habana.  
 Wehle, Adolfo; Avenida de Bélgica 568, Habana.

#### Dominican Republic

Ron Suárez, Eduardo; Ciudad Trujillo.  
 Rua García, Antonio; Ciudad Trujillo.

#### Ecuador

Acunzo, Francisco; Guayaquil.  
 Almacén "La Fortuna"; Guayaquil.  
 Altgelt, Gerhard; Quito.  
 Andretta, Romolo; Quito.  
 Anselmi, Anselmo; Guayaquil.  
 Babinsky, Walter; Ambato.  
 Baldus, Otto; Calacalí.  
 Bar "Piedra"; Tulcán.  
 Beate, Bio; Quito.  
 Beckmann, G.; Quito.  
 Beltrani, Agostini; Guayaquil.  
 Berge, Wolf; Riobamba.  
 Bergholz, Klaus.—P. Icaza 507, Guayaquil.  
 Besecke, Herbert; Pedro Moncayo 718, Guayaquil.  
 Bloenken, Heinrich; Bolívar 725, Guayaquil.  
 Boche, Ernst K. Henry; Guayaquil.  
 Boettger, Waldemar; Ibarra and Otavalo.  
 Bolte, Hugo; Rumichaca 520, Guayaquil.  
 Bossareck, Anton;  
 Brauer, Alfredo; Quito.  
 Brauer, Leopoldo M. (Jr.); Quito.  
 Brill, Alfred; Quito.  
 Brill, Charles; Quito.  
 Brill, Max; Quito.  
 Bruckmann, Ludwig E.; Calle Carrión, Guayaquil.  
 Bruckmann, Luis Edward; Vivero 501, Guayaquil.  
 Bruzzone, Dominico; Quito.  
 Carmignani, Cesare; Guayaquil.  
 Carstanjen, Otto Heinrich; Avenidas 18 de Setiembre y Colón, Quito.  
 Chanage, Gustavo L.; Casilla 103, Guayaquil.  
 Cibelli, Gaetano; Hacienda San Pablo, Naranjal.  
 Cuhne, Alfredo; Maldonado.  
 Darr, Erwin; Guayaquil.

De Agostini, Carlo; Roca y 9 de Octubre, Quito.  
 Deckert, Hans;  
 Degetau, Pablo.  
 Detken, Herman; Quito.  
 Diebler, Hans.  
 Diener, Walter; 12 de Octubre, Quito.  
 Diesemreiter, Maria; Quito.  
 Dingendroff, Hans; Mourgeón 12, Quito.  
 Dirani, Franco; Esmeraldas y Venezuela, Quito.  
 Dorn, Helmut; Guayaquil.  
 Ehmig, Anton; Quito.  
 Einicke Spring, Heriberto P; Guayaquil.  
 "El Nido;" Ambato.  
 Ell, George; República 3, Quito.  
 Erdelen, Rudolf; P. Icaza, Guayaquil.  
 Fukumoto, Makoto; Riobamba.  
 Funke, Richard (Walter); Guayaquil.  
 Gertlich, Conrad Otto; Quito.  
 Giese, Erna; Quito.  
 Giesel, Enrique; Baños.  
 Giesel, Luis Enrique; Ambato.  
 Grob, Ernest; Ambato.  
 Grosse, Kurt; Guayaquil.  
 Grunner, Justis; Guayaquil.  
 Hahlbaum, Hans; Chimborazo 408, Quito.  
 Haller, Paul; Avenida Olmedo y Eloy Alfaro, Guayaquil.  
 Haller, Paul (Mrs.)—Avenida Olmedo y Eloy Alfaro, Guayaquil.  
 Hartsch, Carlos; Colegio Alemán, Quito.  
 Haus, H. A.  
 Heed, Ernst; Guayaquil.  
 Heintze, Señora de; Colegio Alemán, Quito.  
 Herzogg, Hans Dietrich; Quito.  
 Hille, Otto (Dr.); Ambato.  
 Hirasawa, Shigetane; Riobamba.  
 Hirtz, Carlos; Pasaje Royal, Quito.  
 Hoeldorfer, Kurt; Panamá y Junín, Guayaquil.  
 Huttner, Johann Karl.  
 Inoue, Zyuichi; Riobamba.  
 Isemberg, Irmade; Ambato.  
 Janssen, Ludwig.  
 Jungnickel, Paula; Avenida Colón 458, Quito.  
 Juris, Carlos; Mercado Central o Mourgeón 24, Quito.  
 Kakabadze, Ivan  
 Kiederle, Frederico.  
 Kiederle, George; Mera.  
 Klein, Arturo; Quito.  
 Kolb, Herman.  
 Konitzer, Willy.  
 Kudajewsky, Paul.  
 Kunze, Albert Julius Robert.  
 Lafontaine, Dan Hans.  
 Langpap, Walter Paul; Batán Road, Quito.  
 Levinsohn, Max  
 Lindner, Erich; Quito.  
 Linz, Alfredo; Quito.  
 Linz, Juan; Quito.  
 Lisken, Gunter Otto; Pedro Moncayo 910, Guayaquil.  
 Loeschner, Heinrich; Pasaje Royal, Quito.  
 Lorenzen, Walter; Miraflores Road, Ambato.  
 Luciano, Stefano; Pasaje Royal y Venezuela, Quito.  
 Makisima, Masao; Riobamba.  
 Marotzke, Hans; Calcuchima 319, Guayaquil.

Mateju, Eugenia; Mejía 27, Quito.  
 Mauer, Oscar Max.  
 Melli, Ettore; Guayaquil.  
 Meyer, Franz; Guayaquil.  
 Meyer, Willy; Guayaquil.  
 Moebius, Gunther Rudolf; Colegio Alemán, Quito.  
 Muller, Alexander; Quito.  
 Muller, Olek; Quito.  
 Naritoma, Michio; Riobamba.  
 Nickel, Gurte August Hans Ernst; Esmeraldas.  
 Nickelson, Alberto; Machachi.  
 Nielsen, Alfredo.  
 Paffrath, George; Carrión 7 y 9 de Octubre, Quito.  
 Pankratz, Will; Guayaquil.  
 Panse, Eduardo; Guayaquil.  
 Panzer, Ferdinand.  
 Partmuss, Frederico Pablo; Quito.  
 Penke, Anton.  
 Penke, Werner.  
 Pensión Sibarita; Quito.  
 Pensión Suiza-Alemana; Baños.  
 Peters, Fritz; Guayaquil.  
 Piano, Elio; Manabí 24, Quito.  
 Piepetz, Maxillilian Franz C.; Carrión 26, Quito.  
 Razzini, Enrico; Quito.  
 Reimers, Hans Ferdinand Eduard; Guayaquil.  
 Ridder, Augusto Ernesto; Núñez de Vela, Quito.  
 Ridder, Heddy; Quito.  
 Roehl, Paul; Avenida 12 de Octubre, Quito.  
 Roesler, Fritz; Quito.  
 Rothenbacher, Kaspar; Avenida 18 de Setiembre y Tarqui, Quito.  
 Rueff, Gertrudis de.  
 Rueff, Max.  
 Ruffilli, Aldo; Guayaquil.  
 Rupertí, Arturo; Calle Garaicoa, Guayaquil.  
 Saklowsky, Wilhelm; Colegio Alemán, Quito.  
 Saklowsky, Wilhelm (Mrs.); Quito.  
 Salón "La Cita"; 9 de Octubre, Guayaquil.  
 Salón "Victoria"; Quito.  
 Salvestroni, Pietro; Calle Roca, Quito.  
 Sawatari, Mititaka; Riobamba.  
 Schiersand, Carlos; Ambato.  
 Schiller, Friedrich; Guayaquil.  
 Schilling, J. E.; Baños.  
 Schlundt, Friedrich; Ambato.  
 Schmidt, Hagius; Guayaquil.  
 Schmidt, Hermann Willi.  
 Schneider, Gustavo; Quito.  
 Schneider, Lillian (Mrs.); Guayaquil.  
 Schulte, Eugen; Quito.  
 Schwalbe, Enrique; Quito.  
 Schwalbe, Katarina; Quito.  
 Schwalbe, Reinaldo; Quito.  
 Schwark, Carl Max; Calle Galicia, Quito.  
 Schwarmann, Heinrich; Guayaquil.  
 Scotoni, Edwin; Quito.  
 Scotoni, Eugen; Quito.  
 Scotoni, Hilda María; Quito.  
 Shoemaker, Peter; Guayaquil.  
 Slaviero, Aldo; Calle Gonzalo Pizarro, Quito.  
 Slaviero, Mario; Calle Gonzalo Pizarro, Quito.  
 Somenholzeners, Georg; Guayaquil.  
 Stamer, Emilio; Guayaquil.  
 Steher, Minna; Guayaquil.  
 Stuis, Anton.

Takahashi, Hiroji; Riobamba.  
Tettke, Edgar; Hurtado y Tungurahua  
1000, Guayaquil.  
Thom, Kurt.  
Tobar, Luis A.; Casilla 1076, Guayaquil.

Uchida, Kanji; Riobamba.  
Von Baumbach, Horst Dietrich; Quito.  
Von Hartrodt, Martha viuda de; Quito.  
Walker, Werner; Guayaquil.  
Walle, Gerhard; Noguchi 746, Guayaquil.

Weber, Ludwig; Riobamba.  
Weinelt, Emilio; Quito.  
Wiesner, Señora de; Colegio Alemán, Quito.

Winkler, Hans; Colegio Alemán, Quito.  
Wosadtka, Juan; Quito.  
Wosadtka, Maria; Legación Alemana, Quito.

Yanaguida, Bunji; Riobamba.  
Yannuzzelli, Donato; Esmeraldas.  
Zeller, Alfredo; Quito.  
Zimmerman, Otto; Quito.  
Zweigert, Heinz; Quito.

#### El Salvador

Bruch, Carlos H.; Santa Ana.  
Drogueria "Astra"; San Salvador.  
Freese, Carlos; Chinameca.  
Michiels, Augusto; San Salvador.  
Panadería Alemana "La Corona"; San Salvador.  
Tanabe, Benjamin; La Ceiba.

#### Guatemala

Beyer, Pablo; Ingenio "Palo Gordo", San Antonio Suchitepequez, Suchitepequez.

Brandenburg, Juan; Quezaltenango.  
Finca "El Pino"; San José Pinula, Guatemala.

Finca "Pavón"; Santa Catarina Pinula, Guatemala.

Finca "Sacoyou"; Cobán, Alta Verapaz.

Finca "Venecia" (owned by Rodolfo Reiffen); Villa Canales.

Graf, Máximo; 10a Calle Oriente y 7a Avenida Sur, Guatemala, Guatemala.

Graf Weichert, Enrique; Tumbador, San Marcos.

Hegel, Carlos (Jr.); Guatemala, Guatemala.

Hegel, E. Enrique; Guatemala, Guatemala.

Jordens, Friederich; Guatemala, Guatemala.

Kaltwasser, Herman; Guatemala, Guatemala.

Koegler, Enrique; Guatemala, Guatemala.

Lottmann, Guillermo; 8a Avenida Sur 23, Guatemala, Guatemala.

Mann, Jorge; Antigua.

Noltenius, Wilhelm; 8a Avenida Sur y 8a Calle Oriente, Guatemala, Guatemala.

Nottebohm, Kurt; 6a Avenida 5, Guatemala, Guatemala.

Petersdorf Mahler, Federico; Tumbador, San Marcos.

"Pro-Salud"; 12a Calle Poniente 1-D, Guatemala, Guatemala.

Scholz, Juan; Finca "Morelia-Santa Sofía", Yepocapa, Chimaltenango.

Steckmeister, Hans Detlef; Finca "San Luis", Malacatán, San Marcos.

Stellreiter, José; 10a Calle Oriente y 7a Avenida Sur, Guatemala, Guatemala.

Stümpel, Hertha; c/o Central American Plantations Corporation, 3a Avenida Sur 3, Guatemala, Guatemala.  
Thomae, Fernando; Guatemala, Guatemala.

#### Honduras

Januschek, Federico; San Pedro Sula.  
Rauscher, Hugo; Tegucigalpa.

#### Mexico

Agencia Comercial de Puebla, S. A.; Esquina 3a Poniente y 23 Sur, Puebla.

Ahns, Gottfried; Paseo de la Reforma 36, México, D. F.

Asseburg y Compañía; Tapachula.  
Baring, Curt; Apartado 991, México, D. F.

Boesch y Cia., G.; Orizaba.  
Boletín Noticioso Semanal; Balderas 72 y 78, México, D. F.

Botica "La Palma", S. A.; Avenida Hidalgo 1518 Poniente, Torreón.

Botica La Profesa; Saltillo.  
Casa Alemana; Calle Quebrada, Acaapulco.

Casa Henkel; Tapachula.  
Central Radio Musical; Gante 7, México, D. F.

Cernochiaro, Blas; Puebla.  
Chavez, Salomon; 5 de Febrero 144, México, D. F.

Club Aleman; Tapachula.  
Culín y Cia.; Salina Cruz.

Deeke, Nicolás; Jesús Carranza 127, México, D. F.

De la Parra, Jorge O.; Uruguay 10, Despacho 9, México, D. F.

Diederichsen, Walter; Isabel la Católica 78, México, D. F.

Diener Hermanos Sucrs; Avenida Madero 38, México, D. F.

Dohrman, Herman; Minatitlan.  
Dyguila, Martín; Guadalajara.

Edelman, H.; Huixtla.  
Ehni Strauss, George; Avenida Madero 37, México, D. F.

Elizondo, Eleutrio; Sabinas.  
Empacadora Meenan, S. A., Cia.; Jesús Carranza 127, México, D. F.

Farmacéutica Nacional, S. A.; Uruguay 45, México, D. F.

Farmacia Lux; Calle V y Avenida Dos, Agua Prieta.

Farmacia Mexicana, S. de R. L.; Esquina Insurgentes y Coahuila, México, D. F.

Farmacia Salvador; Avenida Hidalgo 1320 Poniente, Torreón.

Finca "Argobia"; Chicharras.  
Finca "Chinense"; Chicharras.

Finca "El Ritiro"; Chicharras.  
Finca "Germania"; Huixtla.

Finca "Hannover"; Huixtla.  
Finca "La Granja"; Pueblo Nuevo.

Finca "La Libertad"; Chicharras.  
Finca "La Paz"; Pueblo Nuevo.

Finca "Laguna"; Chicharras.  
Finca "Prusia"; Huixtla.

Finca "San Cristóbal"; Huixtla.  
Finca "San José"; Chicharras.

Finca "San Nicolás"; Chicharras.  
Finca "San Vicente"; Cacahuatan.

Finca "Violetas"; Chicharras.  
Fundidora de Minerales Dos Banderas, Cia.; Mesones 44, México, D. F.

Gagstatter, Herman; Salina Cruz.  
Gómez, Miguel; Apartado 2882, Avenida Uruguay 54, México, D. F.

González, Ignacio G.; Avenida Juárez 76, México, D. F.

Grossman Escalante, Heriberto; Ignacio Zuazua 10, México, D. F.

Guasco, Javier; Apartado 1253, México, D. F.

Hagmeier, Carlos; Calle 13 No. 201, Colonia García Ginerés (Apartado 399) Mérida.

Hammer y Cia.; Tapachula.  
Harinera La Italiana, S. A.; Puebla.  
Hernández, Julián; Apartado No. 318, México, D. F.

Hesselmann y Cia., S. de R. L.; Uruguay 25 (Apartado 567), México, D. F.

Hintze & Wenzel, S. de R. L.; Tapachula.

Hintze y Cia.; Tapachula.  
Hofmann y Cia.; Pueblo Nuevo.

Holste, Alejandro; Pueblo 258 (Apartado 438), México, D. F.

Hornik, Ignacio (Dr.); Isabel la Católica 40, México, D. F.

Hôtel Isabel; Isabel la Católica 78, México, D. F.

Hotzen Hermanos; Tapachula.  
Humboldt, Alexandro; Edificio Banco de México, México, D. F.

Imprenta Fobrezul; J. Mizazaga (San Miguel) 29, México, D. F.

Kahle, Guillermo; Tapachula.  
Kahle, Walter; Huixtla.

Kasbech, Oscar; Tapachula.  
Kido, José; Puebla 74, México, D. F.

Klein, Guillermo; Argovia.  
Konigs Decker, Mathias; Edificio Moderno, Calle 4a, Agua Prieta.

Kramer, Juan; Tuxtla Gutiérrez.  
Krumbholz, F. (Dr.); Apartado 2008, México, D. F.

"La Campana"; Pasteur 303 Norte, Durango.

"La Estrella"; Juárez 403 Sur, Durango.

La Perla; Avenida Madero 38, México, D. F.

La Violeta, S. A.; Avenida Madero 37, México, D. F.

Macheleidt, Francisco E.; Coatzacoalcos.

Maier, Walter Robert; Pirineos 540, México, D. F.

Marentes, Severo H.; Versailles No. 43, México, D. F.

Mayer, Werner; Tapachula.  
Medicinas y Drogas S. A.; Avenida Hidalgo 1320 Poniente, Torreón.

Mercantil Impex de México, S. de R. L.; Palma 335, México, D. F.

Mercería Nueva S. de R. L.; Apartado 232, Guadalajara, Jalisco.

México Alemana, Sociedad; Edificio Banco de México, México, D. F.

Mitre, Héctor H.; Palma Norte 330-E, México, D. F.

Mohr & Schimpf; Mapastepeo.  
Negociación Papelera Mercurio, S. A.; Alamo 140 (Apartado 574), México, D. F.

Nisch, Antonio; Huixtla.  
Nisch y Cia.; Huixtla.

Papería Lada; Apartado 9981, México, D. F.

Pertack, Imprenta R.; Regina 85, México, D. F.

Petersen, Carlos (Dr.); 2 Oriente 15, Puebla.

Pigelheim, Heda; Chicharras.  
Pipper, Josef R.; Avenida Cap, Carranza 412 Poniente, Tampico.

Pohlentz y Cia.; Tapachula.  
 Quinta "Crisantema Japonesa"; Piño  
 Suárez 457 Norte, Monterrey.  
 Quinta Cuitláhuac; Cuitláhuac 16  
 Norte, Saltillo.  
 Radio Popular; Palma Norte 330-E,  
 México, D. F.  
 Rebora y Cia.; Tapachula.  
 Reinecke, Pablo; Argovia.  
 Reyes Núñez, Armando; Hermosillo  
 19, México, D. F.  
 Richter y Cia.; Mesones 29, México,  
 D. F.  
 Rodríguez, Luz H.; Calle 23 Sur 302,  
 Puebla.  
 Salano, Felipe; J. Mizazaga (San Mi-  
 guel) 29, México, D. F.  
 Scharff, Felix; Calle Quebrada, Aca-  
 pulco.  
 Schroeder, Federico; Juárez 403 Sur,  
 Durango.  
 Schuchard, Otto; Tapachula.  
 Schultz, Guillermo; Huixtla.  
 Seippel e Hijo, Carlos; Tuxtla Gu-  
 tiérrez.  
*Southern Cross.*  
 Stubbe, George; Sierra Madre 265,  
 Chapultepec Heights, México, D. F.  
 Theiss, Fritz; Colegio Alemán, Puebla.  
 Trampe, Carlos; Tapachula.  
 Trampe, Felipe; Tapachula.  
 Trampe y Cia.; Pueblo Nuevo.  
 Trotter, Edmund; México, D. F.  
 Tsuji, Aya; Morelos 346 Oriente,  
 Monterrey.  
 Von Anderten, Bernardo; Tapachula.  
 Von Bertrab, Othon; Pasteur 303  
 Norte, Durango.  
 Von Tuerckheim, O. G.; Tapachula.  
 Wega, S. A.; México, D. F.  
 Wenzel, Arthur; Avenida Alvarado  
 Obregón 178, México, D. F.  
 Widmaier Hermanos (en liquidación);  
 Huixtla.  
 Zertuche, Juan (Jr.); Saltillo.

## Paraguay

Cramer, Curt; Presidente Franco 151,  
 Asunción.  
 Gran Hotel del Paraguay; Mazzini y  
 Domingo F. Sarmiento, Asunción.  
 Hotel del Lago; San Bernadino.  
 Lange, Walter; Presidente Eligio Ayala  
 200, Asunción.  
 Lange y Aguilar; Presidente Eligio  
 Ayala 200, Asunción.  
 Tintorería Tokio; Colón y Gral. Díaz,  
 Asunción.  
 Ueda, Teruichi; Colón y Gral. Díaz,  
 Asunción.  
 Vollrath, Guillermo; 4a Nueva 42,  
 Asunción.  
 Weiler e Hijos; Mazzini y Domingo F.  
 Sarmiento, Asunción.  
 Zanotti, Cavazzoni, Billi y Cia.; Presi-  
 dente Franco 420, Asunción.

## Peru

Aba, Sangoro; Cuzco 787, Lima.  
 Abe y Hnos; Hoyos 889, Lima.  
 Abiko, Y.; Lima 443, Miraflores, Lima.  
 Abratani Y.; Palacio 204, Lima.  
 Agencia Marítima Kosmos; Daniel  
 Nieto 155 (Casilla 32), Callao.  
 Aguino, Yoshiter; General Garzón 840,  
 Jesús María, Lima.  
 Akarei, Shinki; Lima.  
 Alalu, Nissim; Judíos 246, Miraflores,  
 Lima.

Albrecht, Heinz; Arequipa and Cuzco.  
 Alemana de Vapores Hapag Kosmos,  
 Cia.; Lima, and all branches in Peru.  
 Alisch, Berkeld; José Gonzales 671,  
 Miraflores, Lima.  
 Allemant; Santiago, Lima.  
 Amano, Yoshitaro; Apartado 1310,  
 Lima.  
 Amemiya, Entoshi; Lima.  
 Amemiya, Siguenobu; Lima.  
 Amino, T.; Puno 1009, Lima.  
 Antigua Casa Holtig; Carabaya 559,  
 Lima.  
 Antigua Vidriería Santa Apolonia S. A.;  
 Lampa 337, Lima.  
 Arashiro, S.; Sáenz Peña 512, Callao.  
 Arens, Ernesto; Piura.  
 Arens, José; Piura.  
 Azuma, Rei.  
 Bank, Friedrich (Dr.); José Gonzales  
 539, Miraflores, Lima.  
 Bauer, Fritz.  
 Becerra, Otilia; Carabaya 1005, Lima.  
 Beck, Konrad; Lima.  
 Blume y Heiler; Huancavelica 246,  
 Lima.  
 Bolívar S. A., Cia.; Inquisición 525,  
 Lima.  
 Bruning, Kurt; Lima.  
 Brunke, Walter; Avenida Grau 412,  
 Miraflores, Lima.  
 Burga Canales, R.; Camaná 574, Lima.  
 Burger, Hans; Arequipa.  
 Burghardt, Alois; Plateros de San  
 Agustín 140, Lima.  
 Burghardt, Hans; Pilete de La Merced  
 130 y Santa Cruz 773, Lima.  
 Camara de Comercio Alemán; Hotel  
 Bolívar 610, Lima.  
 Castillo, Jorge; Mercaderes 498, Lima.  
 Central Japonesa del Perú, Soc.; Aban-  
 cay 570, Lima.  
 Comercial Santa Rosa S. A., Cia.; Edi-  
 ficio Chiarella (oficina 24), Plaza San  
 Martín 186, Lima.  
 Cooperativa Colonizadora del Perú,  
 Soc.; Colinda de la Hacienda San Juan  
 de Perene, Punitas, San Luis, Chancha-  
 mayo.  
 Cuadros, Neptali; Arequipa.  
 de Azevedo, Horacio V.  
 Detgen, Paul; Arequipa.  
 Detgen, Walter; Cuzco.  
 Diers, Wilhelm; Lima.  
 Dohme, Alfred; Lima.  
 Dohme, Walter; Lima.  
 Doy, Yoshiro; Avenida Grau 485, Bar-  
 ranco, Lima.  
 Einfeldt, Hans; La Paz 608, Miraflores,  
 Lima.  
 Emmel, Federico; Arequipa.  
 Emmel, Walter; Arequipa and Cuzco.  
 Endo, Kiyoshi; Huallaga 677, Lima.  
 Endo, S.; Hacienda Cartavio.  
 Endo, Toshio; Lima.  
 Erlenbusch, Heinrich; Tripoli 263,  
 Miraflores, Lima.  
 Fabrica de Anteojos; Hoyos (Paruro)  
 870, Lima.  
 Fábrica de Jabón; Avenida Unión  
 214, Lima.  
 Fábrica de Vidrios La Perricholi S. A.;  
 Juan Castilla 186, Lima.  
 Fábrica Nacional de Sombreros La  
 Unión; Caqueta 322, Lima.  
 Fetzer, Emillo; Lima.  
 Fleischer, Herbert; Porta 419, Mira-  
 flores, Lima.  
 Fleischmann, Joeno; Callao 152, Lima.

Fleischmann Mayo y Cia.; Pasaje  
 Olaya 162, Lima.  
 Fujii, H.; Pasco 781, Lima.  
 Fujii, S.; Pasco 781, Lima.  
 Fujii, K.; Unión 518, Trujillo.  
 Fullimoto, Juan; Imperial de Cafete.  
 Furuya, Luis Y.; Mercaderes 136, Are-  
 quipa.  
 Furuya Tarabe, Miguel; Mercaderes  
 136, Arequipa.  
 Furuya y Cia., S. A., N. K.; Mercaderes  
 136, Arequipa.  
 Fuyita, U.; San Luis de Cafete.  
 Ganter, J. Gerson; Zela 155, San Isi-  
 dro, Lima.  
 Gerdt, Heinz; Arequipa.  
 Giurato, Toto (Dr.); Puno 297, Lima.  
 Gondo, Yoshi; Imperial de Cafete.  
 Goto, T.; Junín y Grau, Trujillo.  
 Gottschalk, Heinrich; Francia 687,  
 Miraflores, Lima.  
 Grosse, Erich; Lima.  
 Grosspietsch, Wolf; Pasaje Sucre 151,  
 Miraflores, Lima.  
 Gubbins, Reynaldo; Lima.  
 Gunther, Adolf; Arequipa.  
 Haedke, Curt; Coronel Odrizola 125,  
 San Isidro, Lima.  
 Hamburg Amerika Linie; Lima, and  
 all branches in Peru.  
 Hapag Kosmos; Lima, and all branches  
 in Peru.  
 Harada, Sioyi; Mercado Central, Lima.  
 Hardt, Engelbert; Lima.  
 Hasegawa, Y.; Jirón Trujillo 363,  
 Lima.  
 Hashima, F.; Mercado Central, nos. 43  
 y 57, Lima.  
 Hatada, S.; Gamarra 423, Trujillo.  
 Hayashi, H.; Cuzco 787, Lima.  
 Hayashi, Kishiro; Cuzco 787, Lima.  
 Hayashi, Seichi; Cuzco 787, Lima.  
 Hidaka, S.; Trujillo.  
 Higa, Reisque; Lima.  
 Hirata, T.; Ayacucho 510, Trujillo.  
 Holle, Walter; Lima.  
 Hotel Comercio; Trujillo.  
 Hotel International; Trujillo.  
 Hutmacher, Wilhelm F.; Schell 634,  
 Miraflores, Lima.  
 Inamine y Hno.; Junín 460, Lima.  
 Isenbeck, Hans; Avenida Arequipa 385,  
 Miraflores, Lima.  
 Ishibashi, Kinzo; Callao 540, Lima.  
 Ishizawa, Julio; Lima.  
 Italia-Società Anonima di Navigazione;  
 Lima.  
 Jayama, Alberto; San Vicente de  
 Cañete.  
 Jensen, Hans-Juergen; Lima.  
 Kadena, Chigin; Colmena 280, Lima.  
 Kadena, Chiko; Colmena 280, Lima.  
 Kadena, Chitsu; Colmena 280, Lima.  
 Kakuda, Sogo; Oroya.  
 Kamita; Ascope.  
 Kanashiro, S.; Junín 1800, Lima.  
 Kanno, Unshiro; Parque Central 349,  
 Miraflores, Lima.  
 Kato; Cajabamba.  
 Kawakama, S.; Pasco 781, Lima.  
 Kihara, Tomás; Conquistadores 317,  
 San Isidro, Lima.  
 Kishi, Hagime; Lima.  
 Kitsuta Hermanos; Trinitarias 701,  
 Lima.  
 Kiyari, José; Cuzco 159, Callao.  
 Klinge, Fritz H.; Carabaya 301, Lima.  
 Klinge, Kurt; Lima.  
 Kohatsu, Nirva; Pasco 500, Lima.

- Koiseum; Cajabamba.  
Krefft, Richard; Lima.  
Krisch, Albert Karl; c/o Cia. Aurifera Nazca, Nazca.  
Krumdiek, Oscar; Hacienda Huacara, San Ramón-Tarma.  
Kudo, M.; Padre Gerónimo 401, Lima.  
Kunckel, Erwin; Los Fresnos 237, Orantia, Lima.  
Kuroiwa, Juan; San Luis de Cañete.  
La Mercantil Ayacucho; Ayacucho.  
Lahrius, Otto F.; Lima.  
Lessel, C.; Piura.  
Lessel, Karl; Piura and Sullana.  
Linder, Konrad; Lima.  
Llata, N.; Sullana.  
Longo, Quinto M.; Unión 486, Lima.  
Longo y Cia., S.A.; Colmena 323, Lima.  
Lorenz, Willmar; Aleanfores 1070, Miraflores, Lima.  
Maeda & Co., G.; Calle Esperanza 269 y La Paz 306, Miraflores, Lima.  
Malaspina, Alberto; Lima.  
Masamoto, Eduardo; Sullana.  
Masuda, S.; Capón 702, Lima.  
Menozi, Victor; Junín 329, Lima.  
Mercaderías Peruanas S. A.; Inquisición 527, Lima.  
Michelsen, Carlos; Lima.  
Michelsen, Luise; Lima.  
Michelsen y Cia.; S. A.; Lima.  
Miguíta, Sando; Puerto Supe.  
Minera Cinco Cruces, Soc.; Ica.  
Mishima, T.; San Vicente de Cañete.  
Mishina, Shoichi; Lima.  
Miyamoto, Ascope; Near Trujillo.  
Mochizuki, Eduardo T.; Washington 402, Lima.  
Mochizuki, F.; Urubamba 494, Lima.  
Moebius, Luis Herbert; Ica 258, Lima.  
Molino Oriental; 20 de Septiembre, Lima.  
Morisaki, K.; Arequipa.  
Morishigue, M.; Gamarra 621, Trujillo.  
Moser, Hans Joachim; Lima.  
Munakata, K.; Chinchá Alta.  
Murakami & Hno., M. T.; Abancay 910, Lima.  
Murakami, Kitchitaro; Huallaga 230, Lima.  
Nabeta, Alberto; Lima 401, Lima.  
Nabeta, Pedro; Lima 401, Lima.  
Nabeta, Tomio; Lima 401, Lima.  
Nagahata, T.; Huallaga 677, Camaná 244, Unión 110, Caqueta 322, Lima.  
Nagatomi, T.; Luzuriaga 532, Lima.  
Naito, T.; Brazil 2058, Lima.  
Nakahara, S.; Sáenz Peña 542, Callao.  
Nakajima, T.; Avenida Buenaventuro Aguirre 399, Lima.  
Nakamura, Ch.; Mercado Central, No. 80, Lima.  
Nakamura, H.; Mercado 409, Callao.  
Nakashima, K.; Mercado 533, Callao.  
Nakoyoshi, Choki; José Olaya 181, Chorrillos.  
Negociación Comercial Chuquitanta, S. A.; Avenida Progreso 965, Lima.  
Nellen, Heinrich; José Gonzales 665, Miraflores, Lima.  
Nishizawa, Kimiwo; Oroya.  
Noeth, Hans; Ccollacalle, Cuzco.  
Nonogawa, Pedro; Puerto Supe.  
Nonomiya, Genzo; Lima.  
Norddeutscher Lloyd; Lima, and all branches in Peru.  
Oda, Yoshi; Cuzco 724, Lima.  
Ohashi, Taro; Miraflores, Lima.  
Okinaka, Miguel; Pierola 312, Arequipa.  
Oshiro, Eduardo Y.; Mercado 436, Callao.  
Oshiro, M.; Mercado 407, Callao.  
Osokawa, A.; Pasco 781, Lima.  
Ostendorff, C. A.; Piura.  
Ostendorff, Walter; Piura.  
Ostern, Franz Ludwig; Lima.  
Otten, Ernesto; Avenida Arequipa 399, Lima.  
Oyakawa Hnos Y.; Avenida Alfonso Ugarte 1374, Lima.  
Parva Domus S. A.; Lampa 420 y Calle Tingo María, Lima.  
Peru Kyoikukai; Francia 100, Lima.  
Quiroz & Ruiz; Abancay 281, Lima.  
Raschig, Fritz Paul; Lima.  
Riedner, Tobias; Banco Alemán Transatlántico, Lima; and Cantuerias 374, Miraflores, Lima.  
Rivera O., Manuel; Arequipa.  
Rodríguez, Manuel; Arequipa.  
Roedinger, H.; Ica.  
Rosell de Cárdenas, Wenceslao; Hotel Bolívar 684 y Carabaya 1005, Lima.  
Rosell y Cia.; Carabaya 1005, Lima.  
Ruiz de Beracochea, Pablo; Lima.  
Ruiz de Somocurcio, Torcuato; Mercaderes 136, Arequipa.  
Sachs, William E.; Lima.  
Saiki Hnos; Casilla 354, Arequipa; and Mollendo.  
Saiki, Masao; Apartado 13, Tacna.  
Saito, Isami.  
Sakaguchi, Antonio; Cuzco 774, Lima.  
Sakamoto, K.; Hoyos 855, Lima.  
Sakata, S.; Lima.  
Sakay, Toshihiro; Cuzco 787, Lima.  
Sasaki, E.; Gamarra 625, Trujillo.  
Sato, Ch.; Barranca.  
Sauter, Werner; Junín 442, Lima; and Larco 768, Miraflores, Lima.  
Schaller, August; Lima.  
Schriever, Hans; Lima.  
Schriever, Paul; Lima.  
Schroder, Willy; Ica.  
Schroeder, C. M.; Avenida Unión 214, Lima.  
Seeger, Albrecht; San Martín 583, Miraflores, Lima.  
Shima, M.; Viru.  
Shinkawa, Agencias Llantas; Abancay 1191, Lima.  
Shinke, T.; Ucayali 706, Lima.  
Shinzato, Roberto C.; Avenida Sáenz Peña 532, Callao.  
Singelmann, Martín S.; Mollendo.  
Soken, M.; Mercado 467, Callao.  
Spickernagel, Willy (Dr.); Colmena 550, Lima; and Avenida 28 de Julio 639, Miraflores, Lima.  
Sprinermoller, Fritz A.; Avenida Goyeneche 312, Arequipa.  
Stammer, Alfredo; Junín 331, Lima; and Manco Capac 648 y Tripoli 345, Miraflores, Lima.  
Standke, Guillermo; Lampa 337, Lima.  
Stein Abrill, Alfonso; Mercaderes 136, Arequipa.  
Steindl, Armin; Cuzco.  
Strassberger, Emil; Iquitos.  
Suetomi, K. T.; Lima.  
Sueyoshi, K. M.; Avenida Grau 388, Barranco, Lima.  
Sugimoto, Ch.; Mercado 416, Callao.  
Takano y Hnos., Augusto H.; Jirón Abancay 902, Lima.  
Takei, Turaken; Cuzco 724, Lima.  
Tanabe, Reikichi; Unión 522, Lima.  
Tanaka, S.; Paruro 372 Lima.  
Tanaka, Shigetaro; General Garzón 1147, Lima.  
Tao, Segundo; Cacas.  
Teuber, Heinrich; Lima.  
Tomiji, Nishio; Lima.  
Toum, Hans; Pasaje Olaya 104, Lima.  
Tschischke, Federico; Mercaderes 121, Arequipa.  
Ugamoto, K.; Concepción 535, Lima.  
Utsunomiya, Augusto A.  
Vargas, Ambrosio; Arequipa.  
Verin Germania; Ucayali 224, Lima; Bolívar 488, Miraflores, Lima; and all branches in Peru.  
Vier, Erich; Ayacucho 410, Lima.  
Von Breymann, Eduardo; Atahualpa 448, Miraflores, Lima.  
Von Massenbach, G. W.; San Agustín 301, Surquillo, Lima.  
Von Oldershausen, Eberhard; José Gonzales 675, Miraflores, Lima.  
Von Siemens, Walther.  
Wakao, S.; Avenida Manco Capac 317, Lima.  
Watanabe, E.; Cascas.  
Watanabe y Cia., Kenzo; San Vicente de Cañete.  
Westermann, Karl Richard (Dr.); Jorge Chávez 699, Miraflores, Lima; and Ayacucho 113, Depto. 214, Lima.  
Woyke, Carlos; Chiclayo.  
Wuest, Willy; Lima.  
Wust, Hermann; Lima.  
Yabiku, M.; Junín 582 y Pasco 568, Lima.  
Yagihashi & Okada; Plaza de Armas 117, Huaral.  
Yaki, M.; Zárate 489, Lima.  
Yamada, N.; Supe.  
Yamakawa Hermanos; Moquegua 811, Lima.  
Yamasaki Hnos., T. F.; Avenida Manco Capac 141, Lima.  
Yasaki, Jorge.  
Yonamine, H.; Mercado 420, Callao.  
Yonamine, S.; Mercado 406, Callao.  
Yonekure, Antonio R.; Imperial de Cañete.  
Yoshida, Ishitaro; Elias Aguirre 128-130, Chiclayo.  
Yoshida, Juan; San Vicente de Cañete.  
Yoshida, Kakuo; Elias Aguirre 128-130, Chiclayo.  
Yoshida, Ota & Co.; Jirón Trujillo 401 y 405, Lima.  
Yoshida, Yujio; Elias Aguirre 128-130, Chiclayo.  
Yoshika, Rikimatu; Sullana.  
Yoshioka, Tamakio; Ayacucho 844, Lima.  
Ysayama, S.; San Nicolás.  
Ysuchida, Y.; Lima.  
Yumoto, Tojiro (Sadajiro); Lima.  
Zettl, José; Unión 517, Lima; and Lima 475, Miraflores, Lima.  
Zuzuki, H.; Ayacucho 539, Trujillo.

## Uruguay

- Andrés, Tomás Arribas; Larravide 2414, Montevideo.  
Arribas Andrés, Tomás; Larravide 2414, Montevideo.  
Battaini de Horler, A. Carbone; Laguna Merin 4347, Montevideo.  
Butron, Sergio; Camino Maldonado 5278, Montevideo.

Crawford Montés, Leslie; Miñones 460, Montevideo.

De los Santos, Luis M.; P. Vázquez y Vega 1095, Montevideo.

Göller, Alfredo; Cerrito 740, Montevideo.

Hüners, Wilhelm; Del Arbol 1771, Montevideo.

Imprenta Teutonia; Bartolomé Mitre 1413, Montevideo.

Krawehl, Guillermo; 25 de Mayo 477, Montevideo.

Laureiro, Omar H.; Barros Arana 5007, Montevideo.

Lebrato Suárez, Recadero; Cololó 2605, Montevideo.

Martínez, Homero; Montevideo.

Martínez, Rogelio; Joaquín de Salterain 1237 (Apartado 3), Montevideo.

Menge, Kurt; Avenida Tokinson 968, Montevideo.

Paoletti Cayani, Hugo; Palacio Salvo, piso 5, Montevideo.

Schneider, Ernst; Colonia 2277, Montevideo.

Sciutto, Luis A.; Octavio Lapido 1125, Montevideo.

Seidlitz, Walter; Juncal 1380, Montevideo.

Sprengler, Otto; Bartolomé Mitre 1413, Montevideo.

Vanoni, David; Lucas Obes 1275 (Apartado 1), Montevideo.

#### Venezuela

Agencia Metropolitana; Reducto a Miracielos 21 (Apartado 1981), Caracas. Almacén Littorio; Monjas a Padre Sierra 6, Caracas.

Blohm, Henrique (Heinz); Caracas. Blohm & Company; Caracas, and all branches in Venezuela.

Boede, Ernesto; Apartado 553, Caracas. Borghi, Cía. Anón; Altagracia a Salas 39 (Apartado 1071), Caracas.

Borghi, Reg. Atilio; Altagracia a Salas 39 (Apartado 1071), Caracas.

Caloso, Benito; Caracas.

Carrizales y Cía., Luis R.; Apartado 1093, Caracas.

Eickmann, Paul Hugo; Reducto a Miracielos 21, Caracas.

El Autoradio; Barquisimeto. Factorias A. B. C.; Valencia.

Feltner, Kurt; Valencia.

Frey, Hans; Puerto Cabello.

Frey, Lothar; Puerto Cabello.

Frey y Cía.; Puerto Cabello and Valencia.

Fredel, Wilhelm.

García, Cipriano; Comercio 10 (Apartado 17), Maracaibo.

García Morales, Clemente; Esquina de la Pólvora 71, La Guaira.

Goecke, H. G.

Gorrín, Emilio; Caracas.

Govea, Rómulo; Comercio 37, Maracaibo.

Groschel, Gottfried; Puerto Cabello and Valencia.

Heemson, Enrique; Puerto Cabello and Valencia.

Hegedus y Cía., Imre.; Colón a Dr. Díaz No. 28, Caracas.

La Casa Confort; Coro.

La Casa de las Grandes Marcas; Altagracia a Salas 39 (Apartado 1071), Caracas.

La Casa Fénix; Valencia, Puerto Cabello, and Maracay.

La Moda al Día; Puerto Cabello.

Nieves, M. de; Reducto a Miracielos 21, Caracas.

Optica Alemana; Valencia.

Productos Agrícolas; Pirineo a Brisas 140, Caracas.

Pruchtnow, Werner; Maracaibo and Boconó.

Publicidad Cinematográfica; Veroes a Santa Capilla 1 Altos, Caracas.

Publicidad Unida; Veroes a Santa Capilla 1 Altos, Caracas.

Rappard, Erich; Oeste 10 No. 63 (Apartado 1406), Caracas.

Sandmann, Margarete; Caracas.

Söhler, Josef; Apartado 827, Caracas.

Stornaiuolo Hnos; Monjas a Padre Sierra 6, Caracas.

Telares de San Agustín, Cía. Anón; Caracas.

Téxtil Venezolana, Compañía Anónima; Caracas.

Thedans, John; Caracas.

Venezuelan Agencies; Reducto a Miracielos 21, Caracas.

Voerg, Hermann; Valencia.

Werner, C. R.; Caracas.

Werner, Kurt; Caracas.

#### AMENDMENTS

##### Argentina

For Cubiña y Cía.; Corrientes 424, Buenos Aires; substitute Oubiña y Cía.; Corrientes 424, Buenos Aires.

##### Bolivia

For Higa e Hijo, Rioko; 16 de Julio 45, La Paz; substitute Higa y Hno., Rioko; 16 de Julio 45, La Paz.

##### Brazil

For Mizukani, Fugio; São Paulo; substitute Misukami, Fujio; São Paulo.

##### Chile

For Asai, K.; Avenida Bernardo O'Higgins 200-741, Santiago; substitute Asai, K.; Avenida B. O'Higgins 2740, Santiago.

For Radios Telefunken; Santiago; substitute Radios Telefunken (Hans Andresen T., manager), Agustinas 1139, Santiago.

##### Cuba

For Reichert, René; Habana; substitute Reichel, René; Egido 658, Habana.

##### Dominican Republic

For Martínez, F. Lefeld; Ciudad, Trujillo; substitute Lefeld Martínez, F.; Ciudad, Trujillo.

##### Guatemala

For Finca "Chucul"; San Antonio, Suchitepequez; substitute Finca "San Carlos Chucul"; San Antonio, Suchitepequez.

For Finca "Medio Día y Filipinas"; Tumbador, San Marcos; substitute Finca "Medio Día, Filipinas y Monte Cristo"; Tumbador, San Marcos.

For Finca "San Carlos"; Chimaltenango; substitute Finca "San Carlos Miramar"; Pochuta, Chimaltenango.

For Finca "Venecia"; Nuevo Progreso, San Marcos; substitute Finca "Venecia" (owned by Pablo Jelkmann); Nuevo Progreso, San Marcos.

#### Mexico

For Furuya, Jorge Ishido; Calle 5a y Avenida 4a, Agua Prieta; substitute Furuya Ishida, Choji; Calle 4a y Avenida 4a, Agua Prieta.

For Galván, Alberto R.; Obregón 52A, Guadalajara; substitute Galván, Alberto R.; Obregón 52-A, México, D. F.

For Kasai, Reikichi; Calle 4a y Avenida 4a, Agua Prieta; substitute Kasai Uychala, Moriji; Colonia Morelos, Agua Prieta.

For Koga, Russico; Calle 3a número 13, Agua Prieta; substitute Koga, Rusaku; Calle 3a No. 13, Agua Prieta.

For Murakami, Teisaburo; Tijuana; substitute Murakami, Teizaburo; Calle Ira. No. 311, Tijuana.

For Petrolera Vera Cruzana S. A., Cía.; México, D. F.; substitute Petrolera Vera-cruzana S. A., Cía.; Tampico and México, D. F.

For Shibata, Shin; Tijuana; substitute Shirata, Shin; Tijuana.

For Tozawa, Francisco; Nacozari; substitute Togava, Francisco; Nacozari.

#### Peru

Relative to Klinge y Cía., S. A. Ltda., F.; Carabaya (Bodegones) 301 y Parque Central 341, Miraflores, Lima.<sup>1</sup>

For Sakata, F. K.; Azangaro 1017, Lima; substitute Sakata, F. K.; Azangaro 1017, Avenida Uruguay 135 y Abancay 1051, Lima.

For Tao, Julio; Ancash 781, Lima; substitute Tao, Julio; Ancash 781, Lima; and 706 Pizarro, Trujillo.

#### DELETIONS

##### Argentina

Wernicke, Germán (Dr.); Alsina 1156, Buenos Aires.

##### Bolivia

Monroy, Victor; La Paz.

Paz Hermanos; Santa Cruz, La Paz, and Oruro.

Reye, Droguería por Mayor de Ulrich; Yanacocha 243-247 (Casilla 525), La Paz.

##### Brazil

Alves, Mendes e Cia.; Rio de Janeiro, and all branches in Brazil.

Cinema Avenida; Santo Angelo.

Cooperativa Vinícola e Agrícola de São Roque; São Roque, São Paulo.

Estamparia Moderna; Rua Riachuelo 142, Rio de Janeiro.

Ferro Transmares, Ltda.; Rua Libero Badaró 641 (Caixa Postal 515), São Paulo.

Krause & Keppich; Avenida Graça Aranha 40, Rio de Janeiro.

Martins e Cia., Octavio; Rua Miguel Couto 81, Rio de Janeiro.

Martins, Estamparia Octavio; Rua Justiniano da Rocha 200-A, Rio de Janeiro.

<sup>1</sup> Not to be confused with Franko Klinge y Cía., S. A., Puno 268 (Apartado 452), Lima.

Mendes e Cia., Alves; Rio de Janeiro, and all branches in Brazil.

Rotundo e Companhia, Ltda.; Rua Visconde Inhauma 39, Rio de Janeiro. Sergio Filhos & Co.; Rua Sampaio Moreira 29, São Paulo.

#### Colombia

Schmidt, F. (Mrs.); Cali.  
Schmidt, Frederick; Cali.

#### Costa Rica

Alvarado, José; San José.  
Botica La Violeta; San José.  
Salazar, Carlos; San José.

#### Cuba

Emmermann, Hans; Cristo 27, Habana.  
Emmermann & Herrmann, S. en C.; Cristo 27 (Apartado 2523), Habana.  
Emmermann, S. en C., H.; Cristo 27, Habana.  
Segura, Mario; Muralla 474, Habana.

#### Guatemala

Abdo e Hijos, Julio; 8a Calle Oriente y 8a Avenida Sur, Guatemala, Guatemala.

Almacén "La Gloria"; 8a Calle Oriente y 8a Avenida Sur, Guatemala, Guatemala.

Asociación Industrial Alemana; 7a Avenida Sur 10, Guatemala, Guatemala.  
Finca "La Abundancia"; Chicacao, Suchitepequez.

Finca "La Paz"; Reforma, San Marcos.

Hannstein & Co., Bernardo; La Reforma, San Marcos.

Jaeger Hermanas; 7a Avenida Sur 27, Guatemala, Guatemala.

Maegli & Co; 7a Avenida Sur y Calle Calderón, Guatemala, Guatemala.

Suhr Sucrs, Guillermo; Chicacao, Suchitepequez.

#### Mexico

Petz Hermanos; Escobedo, 536, Monterrey.

Provedora Metálica, S. A.; Motolinia 20, México, D. F.

Reigada, Ramón; Monterrey.  
Zawa, Sabasume; Saltillo.

#### Peru

Alván, Humberto; Huallaga (San Andrés) 849 (Casilla 1609), Lima.

Lanova S. A.; Unión (Mercaderes) 439, Lima.

Manufactura de Tejidos de Lana del Pacifico; Unión (Mercaderes) 416, Lima.  
Strobach, Adolf G; Colón 337, Miraflores, Lima.

#### PART II—LISTINGS OUTSIDE AMERICAN REPUBLICS

##### ADDITIONS

#### Portugal and Possessions

##### Portugal

Amaral, Adolfo do; Rua do Bomjardín 374-76, Oporto.

Borges, B. J. Ltda.; Rua Maury 5, Caixa Postal 330, Lisbon.

Borges, Bernardino Jose; Rua Maury 5, Lisbon.

Brand, Leo; Palacio Hotel, Estoril.  
Carvalho, E. C.; Praca dos Restauradores 65, and Ave. Almirante dos Reis 2, Lisbon.

Dahl, Karl; Rua Formosa 400, Oporto.

De Magalhaes, Antonio Neves Raposo; Alcobaca.

Droil, Mario; Lisbon.

Drolhe, Mario; Lisbon.

Durao, Antonio d'Oliveira; Calcada Duque Lafoes, Lisbon.

Electrificadora Alentejana Ltda., Soc; Rua de Lisboa 19, Beja (Alentejo).

Estaleiros de Sao Jacinto; Aveiro.  
Garcia, Martin Munoz; Avenida Palace Hotel, Lisbon.

Hombravella, Gerardo; Lisbon.

Karastoyanoff, Gheorghii; Hotel Tivoli, Lisbon.

Knapp, Max; Palicio Hotel, Estoril.

Marques, Marcial; Lisbon.

Mayer, Bruno; Avenida Palace Hotel, Lisbon.

Mendonca & Cia. Ltda. "Metalurgica Alentejana"; Rua do Arsenal 126, Lisbon, and at Beja (Alentejo).

Meneres Sucrs, Ltda., Antonio Ferreira; Cais da Fontinha, Vila Nova de Gaia, Oporto.

"Metalurgica Alentejana" Mendonca & Cia. Ltda.; Rua do Arsenal 126, Lisbon, and at Beja (Alentejo).

Monteiro, Jose M. Alves; Travessa do Ameal 330, Oporto.

Munoz Garcia, Martin; Avenida Palace Hotel, Lisbon.

Optica Medica Ltda.; Rua do Bomjardín 374-76, Oporto.

Reima S. A.; Lisbon.

Rodrigues, Luciano; Vila Verde, Paranhos, Seia.

Roeder, Carlos Alberto; Lisbon and Beja (Alentejo).

Roesner, Gustav Emil; Lisbon.

Sociedade de Importacao, Enrique Thumann; Rua Formosa 400, Oporto.

Suppan, Vilmos; Palacio Hotel, Estoril.

Thumann, Enrique; Rua Formosa 400, Oporto.

Thumann, Enrique (Sociedade de Importacao); Rua Formosa 400 Oporto.

Tortella Figueras S. A.; Lisbon.

#### Angola

Becker, Emil- Fazenda Canjonja; Cambunze.

Boebs, Carl Ludwig-Plantation Boebs; Catumbela.

Conjo Ltda.; Vila General Machado. Fazenda Belo Horizonte Ltda.; Dembos.

Fazenda Canjonja (Emil Becker); Cambunze.

Fazenda Quiemba Ltda. (Gruessel); Dembos.

Geodecke, Ernst; Vila General Machado.

Gruessel-Fazenda Quiemba Ltda.; Dembos.

Monteiro, Jose M. Alves; Ave. 5 de Outubro, Nova Lisboa.

Plantation Boebs (Carl Ludwig Boebs); Catumbela.

Porto-Huambo Commercial Ltda.; Ave. 5 de Outubro, Nova Lisboa, and at Huambo.

#### Cape Verde Islands

Kiel, Heinrich; Praia (Ilha de Santiago).

#### Spain and Possessions

##### Spain

Alemanes, Almacenes; Editorial Perello S. A.; Calle Pelayo 20, Barcelona.

Berkenbusch, Antonio; Antonio Maura 10, Madrid.

Buettner, Arno Richard; Diego de Leon 28, Madrid.

Carrion, Rafael; Talavera de la Reina.

Climent, Gonzalo Simo; Carretera 54, Malaga.

Collado, Julio; Calle Tres Cruces 7, Madrid.

Comercial Quimico Metalurgica S. A.; Alameda de Mazarredo 8, Bilbao.

Droil, Mario; Palencia and Madrid.

Drolhe, Mario; Palencia and Madrid.

Editorial Perello S. A. (Almacenes Alemanes); Calle Pelayo 20, Barcelona.

El Salvador; Murcia 20, Apartado 7070, Madrid.

Emproma S. A.; Fuenterrabia 42, San Sebastian.

F. E. M. S. A.-Fabrica Espanola de Magnetos S. A.; Ave. Jose Antonio 27, Apartado 678, Madrid.

Fabrica Espanola de Magnetos S. A. (F. E. M. S. A.); Ave. Jose Antonio 27, Apartado 678, Madrid.

Fellu, Fernandez y Cia.; Alcada 61, Madrid, and all branches in Spain.

Fernandez, Jacinto; Calle Tetuan 25, Santander.

Flebig, Friedrich Wilhelm; c/o Hierro Esmaltes, Maliano, nr. Santander.

Garcia Carcel, Francisco; Tamarit 185, Barcelona.

Goetz, Hanelise; Calle Muntaner 183, Barcelona.

Guerrero de las Penas, Hijo de Diego; Cisneros 55, Malaga.

Heydt, Hermann; Murcia 20, Apartado 7070, Madrid.

"Hierro Esmaltes"; Maliano, nr. Santander.

Hombravella, Jacinto; Ave. Jose Antonio 31, Madrid.

Karastoyanoff, Gheorghii; Madrid.

Kirkegaard, Erling Visse; Ave. Jose Antonio 49, Madrid.

Kretschmar, Kurt; Calle Mallorca 330, Barcelona.

Kroebel, Karl; c/o Hierro Esmaltes, Maliano, nr. Santander.

Kuene, Hermann; Ave. Jose Antonio 27, Madrid.

Leonhardt, Dr. Ernesto; Rambla Catalunya 66, and Monasterio G. Sarria, Barcelona.

Luca de Tena y Ita, Fernando; Ave. Jose Antonio 27, Madrid.

Marques, Marcial; Talavera de la Reina.

Matz, Marianne; Madrid and Valencia.

Mittelstrasse, Carlo Otto; Calle Mariano Cubi 85, Barcelona.

Montero Cermeno, Ricardo; Plaza de los Bandos 3, Salamanca.

Munoz Garcia, Martin; Alarcon 7, Madrid.

R. I. C. S. A.—Representaciones de Industria y Comercio S. A.; Ave. Jose Antonio 27, Apartado 678, Madrid.

Reima S. A.; Calle Tres Cruces 7, Madrid.

Representaciones de Industria y Comercio S. A. (R. I. C. S. A.); Ave. Jose Antonio 27, Apartado 678, Madrid.

Roesner, Gustave Emil; Calle Tres Cruces 7, Madrid.

Rohm, Alfredo; Calle Cerdana 70, Barcelona.

Ron Rubio, Juan; Calle Tomas Heredia, Malaga.

Sama Laporta, Augustin; Paseo de Santa Maria de la Cabeza 17, Madrid.  
Talasac, Ramon; Loteria 2, Bilbao.  
Tortella Figueras S. A.; Ave Jose Antonio 31, Madrid, and all branches in Spain.

Triunfo Soc.; Calle Alcalá 4, Madrid.  
Vilardell Puig, Jose L.; Ave. Jose Antonio 31, Madrid.  
Wicke, Alberto; Alameda de Mazarredo 8, Bilbao.  
Wirz, Francisco Javier W.; Calle Tres Cruces 7, Madrid.  
Woessner, Carlos; Calle Mallorca 330, and Ave. Generalísimo 335, Barcelona.  
Woessner, Otto; Calle Mallorca 330, Barcelona.  
Zamalloa, Juan; Irun.

## Balearic Islands

Ferrer, Jose; Paseo General Franco 44, Palma Majorca.  
Matz, Marianne; Palma Majorca.  
Transportes Ferrer; Paseo General Franco 44, Palma Majorca.

## Canary Islands

Cruz Gomez Sucrs., Santiago; Calle San Jose 27, Santa Cruz, Tenerife.

## Fernando Po and Spanish Guinea

Janssen, Holmer; c/o Woermann & Co., Kogo.

## Sweden

Allasko A/B.; Blasieholmstorg 9, Stockholm.  
Bornemann, Herman; Jorgen Kocksgatan 4, Malmo, and Slussplan 5, Stockholm.  
Hogman, A. W.; Kungstradgardsgatan 18, Stockholm.  
Hogman, A. W., Bankfirman; Kungstradgardsgatan 18, Stockholm.  
Kaffe & Kolonial A/B.; Norra Vallgatan 44, Malmo.  
Koerfer, Walter; Ostermalmsgatan 7, Stockholm.  
Lauer, Dr. Koloman; Valhallavagen 174, Stockholm.  
Midby, Tage; Sandgatan 13, Falkenberg.  
Nordiska Travaruagenturen, Ake Wettergren; Kungstradgardsgatan 20, Stockholm.  
Ohlsens Enke, J. E. A/B.; Norra Vallgatan 16, Malmo, and all branches in Sweden.  
Omnipol, Svenska A/B.; Strandvagen 7B, Stockholm.  
Riso Textil A/B.; Sveavagen 28-30, Stockholm.  
Schaufensterkunst, Firma (Ernst Sindahl); Olofsgatan 6, Stockholm.  
Sindahl, Ernst—Firma Schaufensterkunst; Olofsgatan 6, Stockholm.  
Stenciler & Farg; Uplandsgatan 22, Stockholm.  
Svea Rike Forlag; Odengatan 42, Stockholm.  
Tobis Film A/B.; Adolf Fredriks Kyrkogatan 5-7, Stockholm.  
Tyska Turistbyran; Kungsgatan 16-18, Stockholm.  
Uhlhorn, H.; Igelkottsvagen 53 Appelviken, Stockholm.  
Wettergren, Ake (Nordiska Travaruagenturen); Kungstradgardsgatan 20, Stockholm.

## Switzerland

Alioth-Schlumberger, Adrian; Steinenberg 14, Basel.  
Balmer, E.; Dufourstr. 42, Basel.  
Burckhardt, A. G., Maschinenfabrik; Dornacherstr. 192, Basel.  
Buser, J. C.; Spalenvorstadt 15, Basel.  
Buser-Kobler, Jaques Carl.—Spalenvorstadt 15, Basel.  
Casino-Gesellschaft; Steinenberg 14, Basel.  
Dixi S. A., Machines; Cote 29, and Rue des Billodes 18A, Le Locle, Neuchatel.  
Dorsch, Paul; Clarastr. 30, Basel.  
Ehninger & Co., Dr. (St. Leonhards-Apotheke); Leimenstr. 27, Basel.  
Elex A. G.; Seefeldstr. 8, Zurich.  
Etana, A. G.; Bremgartnerstr. 71, P. O. Box 51, Zurich.  
Eurasia G. m. b. H.; Bahnhofplatz 5, Berne.  
Europäische Holding Intercito A. G. (Holding Europeene Intercito S. A.); c/o Pilatus Flugzeugwerke A. G., Stans, Nidwalden.  
Gastpar, Paul; Amthausquai 11, Olten.  
Gerber, Otto; Hasenrainstr. 67, Binningen.  
Hangartner, W.; Zurich.  
Hoffman-Wisner, Albert; Steinenberg 14, Basel.  
"Holbeinstube"; Dufourstr. 42, Basel.  
Holding Europeene Intercito S. A.; Europäische Holding Intercito A. G.—c/o Pilatus Flugzeugwerke A. G., Stans, Nidwalden.  
Keramische Werte A. G.; Seefeldstr. 8, Zurich.  
Kraeutli Auto Electric Parts Bruxelles, Succursale de Zurich; Zurich.  
Kuendig, R. A. G.; Bahnhofstr. 80, Zurich.  
Mas, Michael; Bleicherweg 20, Zurich.  
Meiss A. G., Hans; Bahnhofplatz, and Loewenstr. 71, Zurich.  
Meisser, Em.; Steinenberg 14, Basel.  
Metallgiesserei und Armaturenfabrik A. G.; Lyss, Berne.  
Meyerhofer & Co.; Seefeldstr. 8, Zurich.  
Nord-Sud, Reiseburo; Clarastr. 30, Basel.  
Oski A. G.; Seefeldstr. 8, Zurich.  
Osmon, A. G.; Schaffhausen.  
Pesch, Friedrich W.; Talstr. 20, Zurich.  
Rickli, I.; Ilkir Versand, P. O. Box 28, Lucerne.  
St. Leonhards-Apotheke—Dr. Ehninger & Co.; Leimenstr. 27, Basel.  
Sarasin-Grossmann, Ernst A.; Steinenberg 14, Basel.  
Scheller, H & L.; Bleicherweg 10, Zurich, and at Deitikon.  
Schiess-Vischer, Dr. Walter S.; Steinenberg 14, Basel.  
Schulte Kommanditgesellschaft Schlossfabrik, Wilhelm; Schaenis, St. Gallen.  
Schurter, Max; Oberwilerstr. 124, Basel.  
Schweizerische Industriegas Gesellschaft A. G.; Brunigstr. 24, Lucerne.  
Scientia A. G.; Feldeggstr. 12, Zurich.  
Serumwerk A. G., S.; Mittlerstr. 19, Basel.  
Verkaufsbuero Pronto; Neumuehlequai 30-32, and Bahnhofstr. 79, Zurich.  
Vieli, Joseph; Zurich.

Vieli, Joseph Balthasar; Elisabethenstr. 2, Basel.  
Xamax, A. G.; Birchstr. 210, Zurich.

## Turkey

Blaupunkt Radyolari (Nejad Serven); Karakoy Palas 16, Galata, Istanbul.  
"Der Naehle Osten;" Galibdede Cad. 56, Beyoglu, P. O. Box 1269, Istanbul.  
Ganz Turk Sirketi Ltd; Karakoy Palas, Galata, Istanbul.  
Guizani; Abdulhamit Cad. 32, Istanbul.  
Hamburger, Dr. Wilhelm; Minerva Han, Galata, Istanbul.  
Hannig, Dr. Gerhard; Galibdede Cad. 56, Beyoglu, P. O. Box 1269, Istanbul.  
Schaefer, Dr. Eduard; Istanbul.  
Serven, Nejad; Karakoy Palas 16, Galata, Istanbul.  
Serven, Silvia Nejad; Karakoy Palas 16, Galata, Istanbul.  
Sudosteuropa Turk Sirketi Ltd.; Abdulhamit Cad. 32, Istanbul.  
Tadihan, Rifat; Birinci Kordon 124, Izmir.  
"Turkische Post;" Galibdede Cad. 56, Beyoglu, P. O. Box 1269, Istanbul.  
Universum Matbaacilik Sirketi Ltd.; Galibdede Cad. 56, Beyoglu, P. O. Box 1269, Istanbul.

## AMENDMENTS

## Portugal and Possessions

## Portugal

For Silva, Luciano Rodrigues; Vila Verde, Paranhos, Seia; substitute Silva, Luciano Rodrigues da; Vila Verde, Paranhos, Seia.  
For Strazzeria, Andrea; Olhao; substitute Alberto, Andrea Strazzeria; Olhao.  
For Transportes Mecanicos Mario Silva (owners of A.S.V. Pescador); Rua Coelho da Rocha 44, Lisbon; substitute Transportes Mecanicos Mario Silva (owners of A.S.V. Pescador and S. S. Transportador); Rua Coelho da Rocha 44, Lisbon.  
For Wischmann, Otto; Rua de Santa Marta 169, Lisbon; substitute Wischmann, Otto; Rua de Santa Marta 169, and Ave. Luiz Bivar 12, Lisbon.

## Spain and Possessions

## Spain

For Bosch Equipo S. A.; Mallorca 281, Barcelona; substitute Equipo Bosch S. A.; Mallorca 281, Barcelona.  
For Comatra (Cia. Comercial Maritima de Transportes S. A.); Ave Generalísimo 1, Madrid; substitute Comatra (Cia. Comercial Maritima de Transportes S. A.); Ave. Generalísimo 1, and Calle Moratim 52, Madrid.  
For Comercial Maritima de Transportes S. A. Cia. (Owners of S. S. Adeje Isora, San Isidro Labrador, San Juan II, Sebastian, and Tercio Montejurra); Ave. Generalísimo 1, Madrid; substitute Comercial Maritima de Transportes S. A. Cia. (owners of S. S. Adeje Isora, San Isidro Labrador, San Juan II, Sebastian, and Tercio Montejurra); Ave. Generalísimo 1, and Calle Moratim 52, Madrid.  
For Transcomar (Cia. Comercial Maritima de Transportes S. A.); Ave. Generalísimo 1, Madrid; substitute Transcomar (Cia. Comercial Maritima de Transportes S. A.); Ave. Generalísimo 1, and Calle Moratim 52, Madrid.

## Balearic Islands

For Naviera Mallorquina (owned by Damian Ramis) (owners of Aux Cala Antio, Cala Contesa, Cala Falco, Cala Fornello, Cala Galiota, Cala Llamp, Cala Llonga, Cala Marsal, Cala Mondrago, Cala Morlanda, Cala Murta, Cala Pi, Cala Gat, Cala Tuent, Juanot Colom, Manuel Guasp, Piedad, and Cala Virgili.)—Ave. Antonio Maura 50, Palma Majorca; substitute Naviera Mallorquina (owned by Damian Ramis) (owners of Aux Cala Antio, Cala Contesa, Cala Falco, Cala Fornello, Cala Galiota, Cala Llamp, Cala Llonga, Cala Marsal, Cala Mondrago, Cala Morlanda, Cala Murta, Cala Pi, Cala Gat, Cala Tuent, Juanot Colom, Manuel Guasp, Piedad, and Cala Virgili; and S. S. Cala Bona, Cala Mitjana, and Cala Castell); Ave. Antonio Maura 50, Palma Majorca.

## Sweden

For Zeuthen & Aagaard A/B.; Kungsgatan 44, Stockholm, and all branches in Sweden; substitute Zeuthen & Aagaard A/B.; Kungsgatan 44, Stockholm, and all branches in Sweden.

## Switzerland

For Lonza A. G.; Aeschenvorstadt 72, Basel; substitute Lonza Elektrizitätswerke und Chemische Fabriken A. G.; Aeschenvorstadt 72, Basel; and Gampel.

For Pilatus Flugzeugfabrik; Stans, Nidwalden, substitute Pilatus Flugzeugwerke A. G.; Stans, Nidwalden.

For Raab, M.; Sihlstrasse 34 and Neuschelstrasse 24, Zurich, and Rue Contamines 17, Geneva; substitute Raab, M.; Sihlstrasse 34 and Nuschelerstrasse 24, Zurich, and Rue Contamines 17, Geneva.

For Transit Transportgesellschaft m.b.H. Singen a.H. Filiale Schaffhausen; Bahnhofstrasse 54, Schaffhausen; substitute Transit Transportgesellschaft m.b.H. Singen a.H. Filiale Schaffhausen; Bahnhofstrasse 54, Schaffhausen, and all branches in Switzerland.

## DELETIONS

## Portugal and Possessions

## Portugal

Eximport; Caixa Postal 511, Lisbon. Stransky, Otto M.; Rua Nova do Almada 80, Caixa Postal 511, Lisbon.

Wicander C. G. Ltda; Quinta Santa Maria, Seixal.

## Spain

Etchart, Alejo; Muelle Uribitarte 6, Bilbao.

## Switzerland

"Mundus" Allgemeine Handels und Industrie A. G.; Bahnhofstrasse 38, Zug.

Thonet-Moebel A. G.; Hebelstrasse 5, Basel.

## Turkey

Cifici Zade (Export Turk Sirketi Ltd.); Mersin and Istanbul.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2755; Filed, March 28, 1942; 12:07 p. m.]

## Chapter IX—War Production Board

## Subchapter B—Division of Industry Operations

## PART 933—COPPER

INTERPRETATION NO. 2 OF CONSERVATION ORDER M-9-C<sup>1</sup> AS AMENDED, CURTAILING THE USE OF COPPER IN CERTAIN ITEMS, TO THE PRINTING, PUBLISHING AND RELATED INDUSTRIES

*Introduction.* Copper Conservation Order M-9-c as amended December 10, 1941, restricts the use of Copper and Copper Base Alloy for decorative purposes under paragraph (a). This paragraph prohibits the use of Copper or Copper Base Alloy for the purposes referred to therein after December 31, 1941, in certain instances and in other instances after March 31, 1942. If this paragraph permits the use of Copper or Copper Base Alloy at all after December 31, 1941, it restricts its use during the period from October 15, 1941, to March 31, 1942 to either the amount of Copper or Copper Base Alloy used during the last quarter of 1940 or to a fourth of the amount used in the year 1940, with a proviso giving a different base period if the particular manufacturer was not in business in 1940.

Paragraph (c) of the Order governs the use of Copper and Copper Base Alloy in the printing, publishing and related industries where such use is not decorative. This paragraph restricts the use of Copper or Copper Base Alloy in any quarter to an amount not in excess of 70% of the use in the last quarter of 1940, 17½% of the use in the year 1940 or 50% of the use in the third quarter of 1941.

Some confusion exists today on the question of what constitutes the use of Copper or Copper Base Alloy in these industries and as to whether particular uses are deemed decorative and as a result covered by paragraph (a).

*Interpretation.* All use of bronze powder, bronze paste, bronze leaf and bronze ink in the printing, publishing and related trades is deemed decorative and must stop on March 31, 1942, under the terms of Copper Conservation Order M-9-c in its present form. In addition, since December 31, 1941, no printer, publisher or lithographer has been entitled to use any bronze powder, bronze paste, bronze leaf or bronze ink which he did not have in his inventory on or before December 1, 1941, and even the material in his inventory on that date could only be used at the curtailed rate provided in paragraphs (a) (4) and (a) (1) of the Order.

Paragraph (c) of the Order restricts the aggregate use of Copper or Copper Base Alloy by weight employed in the production of plates by photo and other engravers; printing plate shells by electrotypers; machine and foundry type matrices; brass bookbinders' and embossing dies; wallpaper copper and brass rolls; block-cutting brass; to a percent-

age of the weight of Copper or Copper Base Alloy used during a selective base period. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March 1942,

J. S. KNOWLSON,

Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2750; Filed, March 28, 1942; 11:55 a. m.]

## PART 933—COPPER

SUPPLEMENTARY CONSERVATION ORDER  
M-9-C-3

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of Copper for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 933.8 *Supplementary Conservation Order No. M-9-c-3—(a) Curtailment of certain uses of copper in printing.* During the period between March 31, 1942 and May 31, 1942, no Person may use in relief, planographic or intaglio printing or in stamping, dusting or similar processes more than 16⅔% of the amount of Bronze Powder, Bronze Paste, Bronze Ink or Bronze Leaf used by him in printing, paper coating and similar processes during the entire year of 1941; and no Person may use in relief, planographic or intaglio printing or in stamping, dusting or similar processes at any time any Bronze Powder, Bronze Paste, Bronze Ink or Bronze Leaf delivered to him after the effective date hereof.

(b) *Prohibition of certain uses of copper in printing after May 31, 1942.* After May 31, 1942, no Person may use in relief, planographic or intaglio printing or in stamping, dusting or similar processes any Bronze Powder, Bronze Paste, Bronze Ink and Bronze Leaf.

(c) *Reports.* Each Person who uses in relief, planographic or intaglio printing or in stamping, dusting or similar processes any Bronze Powder, Bronze Paste, Bronze Ink or Bronze Leaf after the effective date hereof, shall file with the War Production Board on or before April 20, 1942 a letter in quadruplicate describing his inventory of Bronze Powder, Bronze Paste and Bronze Ink in pounds and his inventory of Bronze Leaf by thousands of sheets of a stated size, as of the close of business on March 31, 1942, and further describing the amount of his use of Bronze Powder, Bronze Paste and Bronze Ink in pounds and his use of Bronze Leaf by thousands of sheets of a stated size, in relief, planographic or intaglio printing or in stamping, dusting or similar processes during the year 1941.

(d) *Communications to War Production Board.* All reports required to be

filed hereunder, and all appeals and communications concerning this Order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Washington, D. C., Ref.: M-9-c-3.

(e) *Violations.* Any Person who willfully violates any provision of this Order, or who by an act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order, may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including a recommendation for prosecution under section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(f) *Appeal.* Any Person affected by this Order who considers that compliance therewith would impair war work, may appeal by letter to the War Production Board, Washington, D. C., Reference M-9-c-3, setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons why he deems that obedience to the terms of this Order will interfere with war work.

(g) *Effect on Order M-9-c.* After the effective date of this Order, the Order shall govern the use of Bronze Powder, Bronze Paste, Bronze Ink and Bronze Leaf in relief, planographic or intaglio printing or in stamping, dusting or similar processes to the exclusion of Conservation Order M-9-c.<sup>1</sup>

(h) *Applicability of Order.* The prohibitions and restrictions contained in this Order shall apply to the use of Bronze Powder, Bronze Paste, Bronze Leaf and Bronze Ink in relief, planographic or intaglio printing or in stamping, dusting or similar processes, whether or not such use is pursuant to a contract made prior or subsequent to the effective date hereof, or whether or not such use is pursuant to a contract supported by a preference rating.

(i) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1 (Part 944), as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(j) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect upon the date of issuance and shall continue in effect until revoked by the Director of Industry Operations. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 871, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2749; Filed, March 28, 1942; 11:55 a. m.]

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 1626.

PART 937—ZINC

EXTENSION OF GENERAL PREFERENCE ORDER NO. M-11 AS EXTENDED DECEMBER 27, 1941

Section 937.1 (General Preference Order No. M-11 as extended December 27, 1941, is hereby extended, to expire on May 31, 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong. as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2751; Filed, March 28, 1942; 11:55 a. m.]

PART 937—ZINC

SUPPLEMENTARY ORDER NO. M-11-j

§ 937.11 *Supplementary Order M-11-j.* (a) The Director of Industry Operations hereby determines that the amount of Metallic Zinc, Zinc Oxide and Zinc Dust to be set aside by Producers under paragraph (c) of Section 937.1 as extended, for the month of April, 1942, and for each month thereafter until otherwise determined by him, shall be as follows:

(1) *Metallic Zinc*—An amount equal to 60% of Producer's January 1942 production of High Grade and/or Special High Grade Zinc, and 40% of Producer's January 1942 production of all other grades of Zinc.

(2) *Zinc Oxide*—None.

(3) *Zinc Dust*—None.

(b) This Order shall take effect on the 1st day of April, 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2752; Filed, March 28, 1942; 11:55 a. m.]

PART 940—RUBBER AND PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS OF WHICH RUBBER IS A COMPONENT

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO SUPPLEMENTARY ORDER NO. M-15-b-1 TO RESTRICT THE USE AND SALE OF RUBBER

Correction

The table appearing in the first column of page 2346 of the issue for Friday, March 27, 1942, should read as follows:

Description of product	Maximum material volume (in cubic inches)	
	Type	Size
Passenger automobile tire tubes.	5.50-16	51.2
	CD 16	57.8
	6.50-15	66.6
	7.00-15	72.2
	D-16	72
	7.50-15	89.4
	7.50-16	93.2
	A-20/21	42.8
	B-17/18	46.9
	C-17	56.1
	7.00-17	75.2
7.50-17	93.4	
Truck tire tubes 15- and 16-inch rims.	6.00-16	65
	6.50-16	75
	7.00-15	85
	7.00-16	89
	7.50-15	103
	7.50-16	108
	9.00-16	191
	10.00-16	220
Truck tire tubes 20-inch rims or larger.	6.00-20	75
	6.50-20	102
	7.00-20	135
	7.50-20	175
	8.25-20	197
	9.00-20	235
	10.00-20	309
	11.00-20	350
	12.00-20	430
	13.00-20	525
	14.00-20	670
Agricultural equipment tires	4.00-12	25.3
	5.00-15	38.6
	6.00-9	36.8
	6.00-16	59.0
	DM 16	70.5
	6.50-32	137.8
	FM-24	153.5
	8.50-10	-----
	9.00-28	223.0
	HM 28	302.0
	KM 28	414.0
	5-40	92.5
	5.5-40	92.5
	6-40	118.0
	7-32	112.0
	8-32	157.0
	9-32	220.0
10-28	242.0	
11-28	302.0	
12-30	355.5	
13-30	440.0	
14-30	498.0	
15-30	595.0	

Variations from the above maximum volumes shall be permitted to the extent of minus 3 per cent.

Sizes not specifically set forth shall have maximum volumes proportionate to the sizes listed.

In the event that the maximum volume herein permitted for a tube of a given type and size manufactured by any person on the effective date of this order is less than the maximum indicated above, such person shall make no change in the maximum volume of such tube as then manufactured by him without the prior approval of the Director of Industry Operations.

The foregoing restrictions on material volume of tire tubes do not apply to tire tubes for use with mileage tires.

PART 947—PIG IRON

AMENDMENT NO. 2 AND EXTENSION NO. 2 TO GENERAL PREFERENCE ORDER M-17<sup>1</sup>

General Preference Order M-17 (§ 947.1) is hereby amended to read as follows:

(a) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1, as amended from time to time.

<sup>1</sup> 6 F. R. 3920, 5254, 5994.

except to the extent that any provision thereof may be inconsistent herewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(b) *Additional definitions.* For the purposes of this Order (1) "Pig Iron" means iron produced by smelting iron ore in a blast furnace and having a content of silicon of less than 5 percent.

(2) "Producer" means any person producing pig iron.

(c) *Deliveries by other than Producers.* Except with specific permission of the Director of Industry Operations, no person other than a Producer shall make delivery of pig iron to any person, and no person shall accept delivery thereof except from a Producer.

(d) *Customers' orders and reports.* (1) Each person desiring to obtain pig iron from a Producer during any month shall file with such Producer on or before the fifth day of the preceding month an order on form PD-69.

(2) Each purchaser of pig iron shall file with the War Production Board on or before the fifth day of each month a report on form PD-70 showing inventory and consumption of pig iron.

(e) *Producers' reports.* Each Producer shall file with the War Production Board on or before the twelfth day of each month schedules on forms PD-71 and PD-71d showing all pig iron ordered by customers on form PD-69 for shipment by the Producer during the following month and proposed shipments by Producer. The Director of Industry Operations may make such changes in the schedule as to him shall seem appropriate and may from time to time issue supplementary instructions with regard to shipments of pig iron.

(f) *Restrictions on deliveries.* (1) No Producer shall deliver or use pig iron, and no person shall accept delivery thereof from a Producer unless such pig iron has been reported on form PD-69 filed by such person or has been specifically allocated to such person by the Director of Industry Operations.

(2) No Producer shall deliver or use pig iron at any time except in accordance with such Producer's schedule on form PD-71, as modified by the Director of Industry Operations, or in accordance with such supplementary authorizations or directions as may from time to time be issued by the Director of Industry Operations.

(g) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect immediately and shall continue in effect until revoked.

This amendment shall take effect immediately. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942; 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2747; Filed, March 28, 1942; 11:54 a. m.]

#### PART 989—DOMESTIC MECHANICAL REFRIGERATORS

##### AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO SUPPLEMENTARY GENERAL LIMITATION ORDER L-5-C

Section 989.4 (*Supplementary General Limitation Order L-5-c*<sup>1</sup>) is hereby amended in the following particulars:

Paragraph (a) is hereby amended to read as follows:

(a) *Restriction of production of domestic mechanical refrigerators after April 30, 1942.* Effective May 1, 1942, no Manufacturer shall produce any Domestic Mechanical Refrigerators, except that any Manufacturer may produce Kerosene Refrigerators thereafter to the extent expressly permitted by the Director of Industry Operations. Such permission will only be granted to a Manufacturer who is able to comply with the minimum specifications for such refrigerators established by the United States Army and by other governmental agencies.

Paragraph (e) is hereby amended by adding a new subparagraph (2) as follows:

(3) "Kerosene Refrigerator" means any New Domestic Mechanical Refrigerator of the absorption type which is operated by kerosene.

This amendment shall take effect immediately. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a) Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

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J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2746; Filed, March 28, 1942; 11:53 a. m.]

#### PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

##### SUSPENSION ORDER NO. S-18

###### Lubbock Hardware & Supply Co.

Lubbock Hardware & Supply Co., Lubbock, Texas, is a steel warehouse. It is engaged in the receipt of physical deliveries of steel from a producer or producers for sale or resale in the form received, and is subject to the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b. During the calendar quarter beginning October 1, 1941 and ending December 31, 1941, the Company accepted from its producer or producers, deliveries of 94.8 tons of Schedule A steel products, which was 19.4 tons in excess of the quota established for the Company by the Director of Priorities.

Acceptance by the Company of deliveries in excess of its quota was made in wilful disregard of the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b and consti-

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 1493, 1629, 2384.

tuted a violation thereof. In view of the foregoing facts,

*It is hereby ordered:*

§ 1010.18 *Suspension Order S-18.* (a) During the calendar quarter, beginning April 1, 1942 and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Lubbock Hardware & Supply Co., Lubbock, Texas, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by the amount which Lubbock Hardware & Supply Co. accepted in the last quarter of 1941 in excess of the quota assigned, and shall be further reduced by fifty per cent of the amount by which Lubbock Hardware & Supply Co. exceeded its quota, or a total reduction of 29.1 tons. Lubbock Hardware & Supply Co. may apply this reduction against individual product quotas as it may elect, but unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations, shall not accept delivery of more than 46.3 tons of Schedule A steel products during the period this Order shall be in effect.

(b) This Order shall remain in effect from the first day of April, 1942, to the 30th day of June, 1942. (P. D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2716; Filed, March 27, 1942; 4:42 p. m.]

#### PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

##### SUSPENSION ORDER NO. S-20

###### Hunter and Havens, Inc.

Hunter and Havens, Incorporated, Bridgeport, Connecticut, is a steel warehouse. It is engaged in the receipt of physical deliveries of steel from a producer or producers for sale or resale in the form received, and is subject to the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b. During the calendar quarter beginning October 1, 1941, and ending December 31, 1941, the Company accepted from its producer or producers, deliveries of 3021.9 tons of Schedule A steel products, which was 290.5 tons in excess of the quota established for the Company by the Director of Priorities.

Acceptance by the Company of deliveries in excess of its quota was made in wilful disregard of the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b and constituted a violation thereof. In view of the foregoing facts,

*It is hereby ordered:*

§ 1010.20 *Suspension Order S-20.* (a) During the calendar quarter, beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Hunter and Havens, Incorporated, Bridgeport, Connecticut, would be entitled to receive under the pro-

visions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by the amount which Hunter and Havens, Incorporated accepted in the last quarter of 1941 in excess of the quota assigned, and shall be further reduced by 50% of the amount by which Hunter and Havens, Incorporated exceeded its quota, or a total reduction of 435.7 tons. Hunter and Havens, Incorporated may apply this reduction against product quotas as it may elect, but unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations, shall not accept delivery of more than 1513.7 tons of Schedule A steel products during the period this Order shall be in effect.

(b) This Order shall remain in effect from the first day of April 1942, to the 30th day of June 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2717; Filed, March 27, 1942;  
4:42 p. m.]

#### PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

##### SUSPENSION ORDER NO. S-21

###### Huron Steel Co.

Huron Steel Company, Detroit, Michigan, is a steel warehouse. It is engaged in the receipt of physical deliveries of steel from a producer or producers for sale or resale in the form received, and is subject to the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b. During the calendar quarter beginning October 1, 1941 and ending December 31, 1941 the Company accepted from its producer or producers, deliveries of 321.1 tons of Schedule A steel products, which was 51.6 tons in excess of the quota established for the Company by the Director of Priorities.

Acceptance by the Company of deliveries in excess of its quota was made in wilful disregard of the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b and constituted a violation thereof. In view of the foregoing facts,

*It is hereby ordered:*

§ 1010.21 *Suspension Order S-21.* (a) During the calendar quarter, beginning April 1, 1942 and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Huron Steel Company, Detroit, Michigan, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by the amount which Huron Steel Company accepted in the last quarter of 1941 in excess of the quota assigned, and shall be further reduced by 50% of the amount by which Huron Steel Company exceeded its quota, or a total reduction of 77.4 tons. Huron Steel Company may apply this reduction against individual product quotas as it

may elect, but unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations, shall not accept delivery of more than 192.1 tons of Schedule A steel products during the period this Order shall be in effect.

(b) This Order shall remain in effect from the first day of April 1942, to the 30th day of June, 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2718; Filed, March 27, 1942;  
4:42 p. m.]

#### PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

##### SUSPENSION ORDER NO. S-22

###### Gadsen Hardware Co.

Gadsen Hardware Company, Gadsen, Alabama, is a steel warehouse. It is engaged in the receipt of physical deliveries of steel from a producer or producers for sale or resale in the form received, and is subject to the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b. During the calendar quarter beginning October 1, 1941 and ending December 31, 1941 the Company accepted from its producer or producers, deliveries of 33.6 tons of Schedule A steel products, which was 10.8 tons in excess of the quota established for the Company by the Director of Priorities.

Acceptance by the Company of deliveries in excess of its quota was made in wilful disregard of the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b, and constituted a violation thereof. In view of the foregoing facts,

*It is hereby ordered:*

§ 1010.22 *Suspension Order S-22.* (a) During the calendar quarter, beginning April 1, 1942 and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Gadsen Hardware Company, Gadsen, Alabama would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by the amount which Gadsen Hardware Company accepted in the last quarter of 1941 in excess of the quota assigned, and shall be further reduced by 50% of the amount of which Gadsen Hardware Company exceeded its quota, or a total reduction of 16.2 tons. Gadsen Hardware Company may apply this reduction against individual product quotas as it may elect, but unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations, shall not accept delivery of more than 6.6 tons of Schedule A steel products during the period this Order shall be in effect.

(b) This Order shall remain in effect from the first day of April 1942, to the 30th day of June 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R.

329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

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J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2719; Filed, March 27, 1942;  
4:42 p. m.]

#### PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

##### SUSPENSION ORDER NO. S-23

###### Genesee Bridge Co., Inc.

Genesee Bridge Company, Incorporated, Rochester, New York, is a steel warehouse. It is engaged in the receipt of physical deliveries of steel from a producer or producers for sale or resale in the form received, and is subject to the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b. During the calendar quarter beginning October 1, 1941 and ending December 31, 1941 the Company accepted from its producer or producers, deliveries of 571.5 tons of Schedule A steel products, which was 158.8 tons in excess of the quota established for the Company by the Director of Priorities.

Acceptance by the Company of deliveries in excess of its quota was made in wilful disregard of the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b and constituted a violation thereof. In view of the foregoing facts,

*It is hereby ordered:*

§ 1010.23 *Suspension Order S-23.* (a) During the calendar quarter, beginning April 1, 1942 and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Genesee Bridge Company, Incorporated, Rochester, New York would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by the amount which Genesee Bridge Company, Incorporated accepted in the last quarter of 1941 in excess of the quota assigned, and shall be further reduced by 50% of the amount by which Genesee Bridge Company, Incorporated exceeded its quota, or a total reduction of 238.2 tons. Genesee Bridge Company, Incorporated may apply this reduction against individual product quotas as it may elect, but unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations, shall not accept delivery of more than 174.5 tons of Schedule A steel products during the period this Order shall be in effect.

(b) This Order shall remain in effect from the first day of April, 1942, to the 30th day of June, 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

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4:43 p. m.]

## PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

SUSPENSION ORDER NO. S-24

*Faeth Co.*

The Faeth Company, Kansas City Missouri, is a steel warehouse. It is engaged in the receipt of physical deliveries of steel from a producer or producers for sale or resale in the form received, and is subject to the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b. During the calendar quarter beginning October 1, 1941 and ending December 31, 1941 the Company accepted from its producer or producers, deliveries of 679.1 tons of Schedule A steel products, which was 70.9 tons in excess of the quota established for the Company by the Director of Priorities.

Acceptance by the Company of deliveries in excess of its quota was made in wilful disregard of the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b and constituted a violation thereof. In view of the foregoing facts,

*It is hereby ordered:*

§ 1010.24 *Suspension Order S-24.* (a) During the calendar quarter, beginning April 1, 1942 and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which The Faeth Company, Kansas City, Missouri, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by the amount which The Faeth Company accepted in the last quarter of 1941 in excess of the quota assigned, and shall be further reduced by 25% of the amount by which The Faeth Company exceeded its quota, or a total reduction of 88.6 tons. The Faeth Company may apply this reduction against individual product quotas as it may elect, but unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations, shall not accept delivery of more than 519.6 tons of Schedule A steel products during the period this Order shall be in effect.

(b) This Order shall remain in effect from the first day of April, 1942, to the 30th day of June, 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,

*Director of Industry Operations.*

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## PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

SUSPENSION ORDER NO. S-25

*Baker Steel and Tube Co.*

Baker Steel and Tube Company, Los Angeles, California, is a steel warehouse. It is engaged in the receipt of physical deliveries of steel from a producer or producers for sale or resale in the form received, and is subject to the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b. During the calendar quarter beginning October 1, 1941, and ending December 31,

1941, the Company accepted from its producer or producers deliveries of 222.1 tons of Schedule A steel products which was 127.3 tons in excess of the quota established for the Company by the Director of Priorities.

Acceptance by the Company of deliveries in excess of its quota was made in wilful disregard of the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b and constituted a violation thereof. In view of the foregoing facts,

*It is hereby ordered:*

§ 1010.25 *Suspension Order S-25.* (a) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, no quota of Schedule A steel products shall be established for Baker Steel and Tube Company, Los Angeles, California, under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b, as amended. Baker Steel and Tube Company shall not accept deliveries of any Schedule A steel products during the period this Order shall be in effect unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations.

(b) This Order shall remain in effect from the first day of April, 1942, to the 30th day of June, 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,

*Director of Industry Operations.*

[F. R. Doc. 42-2722; Filed, March 27, 1942; 4:44 p. m.]

## PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

SUSPENSION ORDER NO. S-26

*Swedish Steel Mills' Inc.*

Swedish Steel Mills' A. A., Incorporated, of New York City is a steel warehouse with branches in New York, New York, Newark, New Jersey, Cleveland, Ohio, El Paso, Texas, and Los Angeles, California. It is engaged in the receipt of physical deliveries of steel from a producer or producers for sale or resale in the form received, and is subject to the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b. During the calendar quarter beginning October 1, 1941, and ending December 31, 1941, the Company accepted from its producer or producers, deliveries of 1,079.7 tons of Schedule A steel products, which was 161.5 tons in excess of the quota established for the Company by the Director of Priorities.

Acceptance by the Company of deliveries in excess of its quota was made in wilful disregard of the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b and constituted a violation thereof. In view of the foregoing facts,

*It is hereby ordered:*

§ 1010.26 *Suspension Order S-26.* (a) During the calendar quarter, beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Swedish Steel Mills' A. A., Incorporated, of New York City, would be en-

titled to receive in all its branches under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b, as amended, shall be reduced by the amount which Swedish Steel Mills' A. A., Incorporated accepted in the last quarter of 1941 in excess of the quota assigned, and shall be further reduced by 50% of the amount by which Swedish Steel Mills' A. A., Incorporated exceeded its quota, or a total reduction of 242.2 tons. Swedish Steel Mills' A. A., Incorporated may apply this reduction against individual product quotas as it may elect, but unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations, shall not accept deliveries in all of its branches of more than 817.3 tons of Schedule A steel products during the period this Order shall be in effect.

(b) This Order shall remain in effect from the first day of April 1942, to the 30th day of June, 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,

*Director of Industry Operations.*

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## PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

SUSPENSION ORDER NO. S-27

*J. B. Beard Corp.*

J. B. Beard Corporation, Shreveport, Louisiana, is a steel warehouse. It is engaged in the receipt of physical deliveries of steel from a producer or producers for sale or resale in the form received, and is subject to the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b. During the calendar quarter beginning October 1, 1941, and ending December 31, 1941, the Company accepted from its producer or producers, deliveries of 230.5 tons of Schedule A steel products, which was 80.7 tons in excess of the quota established for the Company by the Director of Priorities.

Acceptance by the Company of deliveries in excess of its quota was made in wilful disregard of the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b and constituted a violation thereof. In view of the foregoing facts,

*It is hereby ordered:*

§ 1010.27 *Suspension Order S-27.* (a) During the calendar quarter, beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which J. B. Beard Corporation, Shreveport, Louisiana, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b, as amended, shall be reduced by the amount which J. B. Beard Corporation accepted in the last quarter of 1941 in excess of the quota assigned, and shall be further reduced by 50% of the amount by which J. B. Beard Corporation exceeded its quota, or a total reduction of 121.0 tons. J. B. Beard Corporation may apply this reduction against individual product

quotas as it may elect, but unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations, shall not accept delivery of more than 28.8 tons of Schedule A steel products during the period this Order shall be in effect.

(b) This Order shall remain in effect from the first day of April 1942 to the 30th day of June 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2724; Filed, March 27, 1942;  
4:44 p. m.]

#### PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

##### SUSPENSION ORDER NO. S-28

##### Austin-Hastings Co., Inc.

Austin-Hastings Company, Inc., of Cambridge, Massachusetts; N. H. Bragg & Sons of Bangor, Maine; Coulter, Sibbett & Burke of Los Angeles, California; Dayton Hardware & Supply Company of Dayton, Ohio; Delaware Hardware Company of Wilmington, Delaware; Fable & Company of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; Fairmont Supply Company of Fairmont, West Virginia; Pollak Steel Company of Cincinnati, Ohio; Ross-Frazer Iron Company of St. Joseph, Missouri; Chas. G. Stevens Company of Chicago, Illinois; Stratton & Terstegge Company of Louisville, Kentucky; and Super Steels, Inc., of Cleveland, Ohio, are steel warehouses. Each is engaged in the receipt of physical delivery of steel from a producer or producers, for sale or resale in the form received, and each is subject to the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b. During the calendar quarter beginning October 1, 1941, and ending December 31, 1941, each of the aforementioned warehouses accepted from its producer or producers deliveries of Schedule A steel products in excess of the quota established for it by the Director of Priorities.

Acceptance by each of the warehouses of deliveries in excess of its quota was made in wilful disregard of the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b and constituted a violation thereof. In view of the foregoing facts,

It is hereby ordered:

§ 1010.28 *Suspension Order S-28.* (a) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Austin-Hastings Company, Inc., of Cambridge, Massachusetts, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by 91.4 tons, the amount of the excess deliveries. Such reduction shall be applied against individual product quotas as Austin-Hastings Company, Inc., shall elect. During the aforesaid calendar quarter, Austin-Hastings Company, Inc., shall accept deliveries of not more than 492.3 tons of

Schedule A products unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations to accept greater deliveries.

(b) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which N. H. Bragg & Sons of Bangor, Maine, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by 16.8 tons, the amount of the excess deliveries. Such reduction shall be applied against individual product quotas as N. H. Bragg & Sons shall elect. During the aforesaid calendar quarter, N. H. Bragg & Sons shall accept deliveries of not more than 74.5 tons of Schedule A products unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations to accept greater deliveries.

(c) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, no quota of Schedule A steel products shall be established for Coulter, Sibbett & Burke of Los Angeles, California, under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended. Coulter, Sibbett & Burke shall not accept deliveries of any Schedule A products during the period this Order shall be in effect unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations.

(d) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Dayton Hardware & Supply Company of Dayton, Ohio, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by 9.0 tons, the amount of the excess deliveries. Such reduction shall be applied against individual product quotas as Dayton Hardware & Supply Company shall elect. During the aforesaid calendar quarter, Dayton Hardware & Supply Company shall accept deliveries of not more than 26.0 tons of Schedule A products unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations to accept greater deliveries.

(e) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Delaware Hardware Company of Wilmington, Delaware, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by 72.5 tons, the amount of the excess deliveries. Such reduction shall be applied against individual product quotas as Delaware Hardware Company shall elect. During the aforesaid calendar quarter, Delaware Hardware Company shall accept deliveries of not more than 50.5 tons of Schedule A products unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations to accept greater deliveries.

(f) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Fable & Company of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by 35.9 tons, the amount of the excess deliveries. Such reduction

shall be applied against individual product quotas as Fable & Company shall elect. During the aforesaid calendar quarter, Fable & Company shall accept deliveries of not more than 20.7 tons of Schedule A products unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations to accept greater deliveries.

(g) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Fairmont Supply Company of Fairmont, West Virginia, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by 29.5 tons, the amount of the excess deliveries. Such reduction shall be applied against individual product quotas as Fairmont Supply Company shall elect. During the aforesaid calendar quarter, Fairmont Supply Company shall accept deliveries of not more than 42.9 tons of Schedule A products unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations to accept greater deliveries.

(h) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Pollak Steel Company of Cincinnati, Ohio, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by 68.9 tons, the amount of the excess deliveries. Such reduction shall be applied against individual product quotas as Pollak Steel Company shall elect. During the aforesaid calendar quarter, Pollak Steel Company shall accept deliveries of not more than 20.8 tons of Schedule A products unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations to accept greater deliveries.

(i) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Ross-Frazer Iron Company of St. Joseph, Missouri, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by 13.7 tons, the amount of the excess deliveries. Such reduction shall be applied against individual product quotas as Ross-Frazer Iron Company shall elect. During the aforesaid calendar quarter, Ross-Frazer Iron Company shall accept deliveries of not more than 53.7 tons of Schedule A products unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations to accept greater deliveries.

(j) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, no quota of Schedule A steel products shall be established for Chas. G. Stevens Company of Chicago, Illinois, under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended. Chas. G. Stevens Company shall not accept deliveries of any Schedule A products during the period this Order shall be in effect unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations.

(k) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, no quota of Schedule A steel products shall be established for Stratton

& Terstegge Company of Louisville, Kentucky, under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended. Stratton & Terstegge Company shall not accept deliveries of any Schedule A products during the period this Order shall be in effect unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations.

(d) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Super Steels, Inc. of Cleveland, Ohio, would be entitled to receive under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b as amended, shall be reduced by 1,734.7 tons, the amount of the excess deliveries. Such reduction shall be applied against individual product quotas as Super Steels, Inc. shall elect. During the aforesaid calendar quarter, Super Steels, Inc. shall accept deliveries of not more than 874.4 tons of Schedule A products unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations to accept greater deliveries.

(m) This Order shall remain in effect from the 1st day of April, 1942, to the 30th day of June, 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of March, 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2725; Filed, March 27, 1942;  
4:45 p. m.]

#### PART 1010—SUSPENSION ORDERS

##### SUSPENSION ORDER NO. S-29

###### *Penn Metal Co., Inc.*

Penn Metal Company, Inc., Los Angeles, California, is a steel warehouse with branches at Los Angeles, California and San Francisco, California. It is engaged in the receipt of physical deliveries of steel from a producer or producers for sale or resale in the form received, and is subject to the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b. During the calendar quarter beginning October 1, 1941, and ending December 31, 1941, the Company accepted from its producer or producers deliveries of 92.7 tons of Schedule A products which was 49.5 tons in excess of the quota established for the Company by the Director of Priorities.

Acceptance by the Company of deliveries in excess of its quota was made in wilful disregard of the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b and constituted a violation thereof. In view of the foregoing facts,

*It is hereby ordered:*

§ 1010.29 *Suspension Order S-29.* (a) During the calendar quarter beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, no quota of Schedule A steel products shall be established for Penn Metal Company, Inc., Los Angeles, California, or for any of its branches, under the provisions of Supplementary Order

M-21-b, as amended. Penn Metal Company, Inc., shall not accept deliveries of any Schedule A steel products during the period this Order shall be in effect unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations.

(b) During the calendar quarter beginning July 1, 1942, and ending September 30, 1942, the quota of Schedule A steel products which Penn Metal Company, Inc., Los Angeles, California, would be entitled to receive in all of its branches, under the provisions of Supplementary Order M-21-b, shall be reduced by 6.3 tons. Such reduction shall be applied against individual quotas as Penn Metal Company, Inc. shall elect. During the aforesaid calendar quarter, Penn Metal Company, Inc. shall accept deliveries of not more than 36.9 tons of Schedule A steel products unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations to accept greater deliveries.

(c) This Order shall remain in effect from the first day of April, 1942, to the 30th day of September 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2726; Filed, March 27, 1942;  
4:45 p. m.]

#### PART 1125—CASKETS, SHIPPING CASES, AND BURIAL VAULTS—LIMITATION ORDER L-64

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of iron, steel, and other metals for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1125.1 *General Limitation Order L-64—(a) Definitions.* For the purposes of this Order:

(1) "Casket" means a container in which it is intended to place a human corpse for interment.

(2) "Shipping case" means a container in which it is intended to place a casket containing a human corpse for transportation.

(3) "Burial vault" means a container in which it is intended to place a casket containing a human corpse for interment.

(4) "Manufacturer" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency, or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not, engaged in the production of caskets, shipping cases or burial vaults.

(5) "Production" means the fabrication or processing of raw material or of semi-fabricated material or the assembly of finished parts into caskets, shipping cases or burial vaults.

(6) "Iron and steel used" means the weight of iron and steel in the aggregate contained in the finished caskets, shipping cases or burial vaults, other than such iron and steel not exceeding 10 pounds per casket, shipping case or burial vault as is essentially required in casket hardware, shell hardware or fastenings.

(7) "Restricted period" means the period from the effective date of this Order to March 31, 1942.

(8) "Average daily use" means the total amount of iron and steel in the aggregate used by a manufacturer during the calendar year 1940, divided by 365.

(b) *General restrictions.* (1) During the restricted period no manufacturer shall use in the production of caskets, shipping cases, and burial vaults a greater total of iron and steel in the aggregate than 75% of the average daily use multiplied by the number of days (including Sundays and Holidays) contained in the restricted period.

(2) During the month of April, 1942, no manufacturer shall use in the production of caskets, shipping cases, and burial vaults more than 75% of the average monthly amount of iron and steel in the aggregate used by said manufacturer in such production during the calendar year 1940.

(3) During the month of May, 1942, no manufacturer shall use in the production of caskets, shipping cases, and burial vaults more than 50% of the average monthly amount of iron and steel in the aggregate used by said manufacturer in such production during the calendar year 1940.

(4) During the month of June, 1942, no manufacturer shall use in the production of caskets, shipping cases, and burial vaults more than 25% of the average monthly amount of iron and steel in the aggregate used by said manufacturer in such production during the calendar year 1940.

(5) No manufacturer shall, after June 30, 1942, process, fabricate, work on, or assemble any iron and steel for use in the production of caskets, shipping cases and burial vaults.

(6) After June 30, 1942, no manufacturer shall sell, lease, trade, lend, deliver, ship, or transfer any iron and steel to any person whatsoever, except pursuant to specific authorization of the Director of Industry Operations.

(7) The restrictions contained in subparagraphs (b) (1), (b) (2), (b) (3), (b) (4), (b) (5) and (b) (6) shall not apply to the use of iron and steel

(i) in casket hardware, shell hardware, or fastenings, provided the total amount of iron and steel in the aggregate so used does not exceed ten pounds per casket, shipping case, or burial vault;

(ii) in the production of metal liners for wooden caskets or of metal shipping cases provided that such metal liners for wooden caskets and metal shipping cases are manufactured for the purpose of providing hermetically sealed containers necessary for compliance with State laws regarding the transportation of human corpses, and that for each article

sold for this purpose the manufacturer obtains from the purchaser a written affidavit stating that the article is to be used for the purpose of fulfilling the requirements of a State law and setting forth the details of such law.

(8) From the effective date of this Order, no manufacturer shall use any metal other than iron, steel, gold or silver in the production of caskets, shipping cases, or burial vaults. Any manufacturer who possesses in his inventory any metal other than iron, steel, gold or silver shall not sell, lease, trade, lend, deliver, ship, or transfer any such metal, except pursuant to the specific authorization of the Director of Industry Operations.

(c) *Substitution of iron or steel for other materials.* Any manufacturer who during the calendar year 1940 used metals other than iron or steel in the production of caskets, shipping cases, or burial vaults may for the purpose of computing his allowable production add the weight of such other metals used during the calendar year 1940 to the weight of iron or steel used during the calendar year 1940.

(d) *Avoidance of excessive inventories.* No manufacturer of caskets, shipping cases and burial vaults shall accumulate for use in the manufacture of such caskets, shipping cases and burial vaults inventories of raw materials, semi-processed materials, or finished parts in quantities in excess of the minimum amount necessary to maintain production of caskets, shipping cases and burial vaults at the rates permitted by this Order.

(e) *Records.* All persons affected by this Order shall keep and preserve for not less than two years accurate and complete records concerning inventories, production, and sales.

(f) *Audit and inspection.* All records required to be kept by this Order shall upon request, be submitted to audit and inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Production Board.

(g) *Reports.* Each manufacturer to whom this Order applies, shall file with the Electrical Appliances and Consumers' Durable Goods Branch of the Division of Industry Operations of the War Production Board such reports and questionnaires as said officer shall from time to time specify.

(h) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this Order or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order, may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including a recommendation for prosecution under section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(i) *Appeal.* Any person affected by this Order, who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him, that it would result in a serious problem of unemployment in the community, or that compliance with this Order would disrupt or impair a program of conversion from non-defense to defense

work may appeal to the "War Production Board, Washington, D. C., Ref; L-64" setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons such person considers that he is entitled to relief. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(j) *Communications to War Production Board.* All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this Order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: "War Production Board, Washington, D. C., Ref; L-64".

(k) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1 (Part 944), as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.).

(l) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect immediately. Issued this 28th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2745; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
11:51 a. m.]

#### PART 1137—CLOSURES AND ASSOCIATED ITEMS

##### GENERAL LIMITATION ORDER L-68

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of closures and associated items for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1137.1 *General Limitation Order L-68—(a) Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1 (Part 944) as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(b) *Restrictions on the manufacture and use of slide fasteners.* (1) No person shall, on or after April 1, 1942:

(i) Use in any calendar quarter any steel, zinc, or zinc base alloy in the manufacture or production of slide fasteners or their component parts in excess of 50% of the average quarterly poundage of metals used in the aggregate by such person for similar purposes during the year ending June 30, 1941;

(ii) Use any copper or copper base alloy in the manufacture or production of any slide fasteners or their component parts, except as provided in paragraph (b) (1) (iv);

(iii) Produce or manufacture any slide fastener which exceeds ten inches in

length, except such slide fasteners, not exceeding twelve inches in length, as are produced for use as fly fasteners on trousers; also except such slide fasteners of the separating type, not exceeding twenty inches in length, which are for use on work jackets; and also except as provided in paragraph (b) (1) (iv);

(iv) Produce, manufacture, or deliver to any other person any slide fasteners or their component parts manufactured from steel, zinc, zinc base alloy, copper, or copper base alloy for use on any of the garments or articles listed on Appendix A, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, except to the extent that such slide fasteners or their component parts in such person's possession on the date of this Order are not adaptable for any other use, or are for pocket applications on garments including those listed on Appendix A: *Provided, however,* That no person shall exceed the restrictions upon the use of copper or copper base alloy in the Conservation Orders of the M-9-c series applicable to such person.

(v) Produce or manufacture any bead pulls, chain pulls, or similar items from steel, zinc, zinc base alloy, copper, or copper base alloy, except to the extent that such are in process on the date of this Order;

(vi) Use in any calendar quarter in the manufacture or production of slide fasteners or their component parts, for sale on notion cards, or otherwise, for home use, any steel, zinc, or zinc base alloy in excess of 50% of the average quarterly poundage of metals used in the aggregate by such person for similar purposes during the year ending June 30, 1941.

(2) No person shall, on or after June 1, 1942, use any slide fasteners or their component parts in the manufacture or production of the garments and articles listed on Appendix A, with the exception that this prohibition shall not apply to the use of slide fasteners for pocket applications on garments, including those listed on Appendix A.

(c) *Restrictions on the manufacture of hooks and eyes and brassiere hooks.* No person shall, on or after April 1, 1942:

(1) Use any copper or copper base alloy in the manufacture or production of hooks and eyes or brassiere hooks;

(2) Use in any calendar quarter:

(i) Any steel, zinc, or zinc base alloy in the manufacture or production of hooks and eyes and brassiere hooks other than those specified in subparagraph (c) (2) (ii) in excess of 100% of the average quarterly poundage of metals used in the aggregate by such person for all such purposes during the year ending June 30, 1941;

(ii) Any steel, zinc, or zinc base alloy in the manufacture or production of hooks and eyes and brassiere hooks for sale on notion cards, or otherwise, for home use, in excess of 50% of the average quarterly poundage of metals used in the aggregate by such person for all such purposes during the year ending June 30, 1941.

(d) *Restrictions on the manufacture of sew-on, machine-attached, or riveted snap fasteners or grippers.* No person shall, on or after April 1, 1942:

(1) Use any copper or copper base alloy in the manufacture or production of sew-on, machine-attached, or riveted snap fasteners or grippers;

(2) Use in any calendar quarter any steel, zinc or zinc base alloy in the manufacture or production of sew-on, machine-attached, or riveted snap fasteners or grippers other than those specified in subparagraph (d) (3) hereof in excess of 50% of the average quarterly poundage of metals used in the aggregate by such persons for all such purposes during the year ending June 30, 1941, except in the manufacture or production of sew-on, machine-attached, or riveted snap fasteners or grippers for use on work clothing or women's and children's wear, in which case the aggregate amount of steel, zinc, and zinc base alloy used shall not exceed 100% of the average quarterly poundage of metals used in the aggregate by such person for all such purposes during the year ending June 30, 1941;

(3) Use in any calendar quarter any steel, zinc, or zinc base alloy in the manufacture or production of sew-on, machine-attached, or riveted snap fasteners or grippers, for sale on notion cards, or otherwise, for home use, in excess of 50% of the average quarterly poundage of metals used in the aggregate by such person for similar purposes during the year ending June 30, 1941.

(e) *Restrictions on the manufacture of metal buttons, rivets and burrs, and insignia.* No person shall, on or after April 1, 1942, use any copper or copper base alloy in the manufacture or production of metal buttons, metal rivets and burrs, or insignia for apparel, except in the manufacture of such metal buttons, metal rivets and burrs, or insignia as are used on uniforms for the following:

- (1) U. S. Army Officers.
- (2) U. S. Navy Officers and Chief Petty Officers.
- (3) U. S. Marine Corps Officers.
- (4) U. C. Coast Guard Officers and Chief Petty Officers.
- (5) U. S. Coast and Geodetic Officers.
- (6) U. S. Government Military and Naval Academy and Training Schools Students.
- (7) Maritime Commission Employees.

and with the further exception that metal buttons for uniforms of, and identification badges for, public-carrier employees, police and fire department employees, and military school students, may be plated with copper or copper base alloy.

(f) *Restriction on the use of copper and copper base alloy in the manufacture of certain items.* No person shall, after April 1, 1942, use any copper or copper base alloy in the manufacture or production of the following items:

Buckles (other than dress buckles covered by Conservation Order M-9-c).  
Corset Clasps.  
Eyelets.

Furniture Glides.  
Garter Trimmings.  
Hose Supporters.  
Identification Badges and Similar Items, except as provided in paragraph (e).  
Loops.  
Mattress Buttons.  
Personal Hardware.  
Pin Fasteners.  
Staples.  
Slides.  
Tacks.  
Trouser Trimmings.

(g) *General exceptions.* (1) The prohibitions and restrictions contained in this Order shall not apply to the manufacture, delivery, or use of any item which is being produced under a specific contract or subcontract for the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the Panama Canal, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Coast Guard, the Civil Aeronautics Authority, the National Advisory Commission for Aeronautics, the Office of Scientific Research and Development, or for any foreign country pursuant to the Act of March 11, 1941, entitled "An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States" (Lend-Lease Act), if in any such case the use of such items to the extent employed is required by the specifications of the prime contract.

(2) The prohibitions and restrictions contained in this Order shall not apply to purchases or deliveries for, or uses of, any item for application in the home and not for resale, except as expressly so provided.

(h) *Appeal.* Any person affected by this Order who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him, or that it would result in a degree of unemployment which would be unreasonably disproportionate compared with the amount of metal conserved, or that compliance with this Order would disrupt or impair a program of conversion from non-defense to defense work, may appeal to the War Production Board by letter or telegram, Reference L-68, setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons he considers he is entitled to relief. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(i) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this Order, or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order, may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including a recommendation for prosecution under section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(j) *Reports.* All persons affected by this Order shall execute and file with the War Production Board such reports and questionnaires as may be required by said Board from time to time. No reports or questionnaires are to be filed by any person until forms therefor have been prescribed by the War Production Board.

(k) *Reports and communications.* All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this Order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: "War Production Board, Washington, D. C., Reference L-68."

(l) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect immediately. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

#### APPENDIX A

Bags—Duffel bags, food bags, garment bags, hand bags, golf bags, laundry bags, money bags, knitting bags, sewing bags, shoe bags, sleeping bags.

Bathrobes.

Billfolds, wallets and pocketbooks.

Cases—Brief cases, camera cases, cigar and cigarette cases, clock cases, coin cases, cosmetic cases, carrying cases for portable equipment, identification cases, key cases, novelty cases, pencil cases, perfume cases, sample cases, spectacle cases, jewelry cases.

Coats—Overcoats, topcoats, sport coats, fingertip coats, reversible coats, sack coats.

Corsets and foundation garments.

Cosmetic sets and kits.

Coveralls and one piece work suits.

Covers—Furniture covers, household appliance covers, pillow covers, rug covers, mattress covers, seat covers, slip covers, upholstery covers, umbrella covers.

Footwear of all types.

Gloves.

Hoods.

Kits—Toilet kits, novelty kits.

Knit goods of all types.

Linings.

Luggage of all types.

Muffs.

Negligees and lingerie.

Notebooks, memorandum books, diaries, checkbook covers.

Overalls.

Pad and heating pads.

Pouches of all types.

Purses.

Raincoats, slickers, oilskins.

Robes.

Shirts—Dress shirts, work shirts, sport shirts.

Slips and petticoats.

Sporting goods.

Sport jackets.

Sweaters.

Swim suits and beachwear.

Toys.

Upholstery.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2748; Filed, March 28, 1942; 11:54 a. m.]

#### PART 1145—OFFICE SUPPLIES

##### GENERAL LIMITATION ORDER L-73

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of iron, steel and other materials for defense, for pri-

vate account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1145.1 *General Limitation Order L-73*—(a) *Definitions*. For the purposes of this Order:

(1) "Office supplies" means manufactured products (other than furniture and machinery) designed for use in an office, notwithstanding their auxiliary use for industrial purposes.

(2) "Group I products" means the following types of office supplies: wire staples, whether preformed or continuous roll.

(3) "Group II products" means the following types of office supplies: clips, clamps, pins, and thumb-tacks; copy-holders; eyelet and round and flat-head fasteners; eyeleters; file fasteners; pencil sharpeners; punches and perforators; stapling and fastening machines.

(4) "Group III products" means the following types of office supplies: adhesive and gummed tape dispensers; arch and clip board files; calendar stands; desk accessories; inked ribbon spools and containers; list finders; rulers and yardsticks; staple removers; stationery sundries, not elsewhere classified.

(5) "Producer" means any person engaged in the fabrication, assembly, or any other operation or process connected with the manufacture of office supplies.

(6) "Prohibited materials" means copper, tin, nickel, chromium, zinc, cadmium, and crude rubber in any form whatever.

(7) "Federal specifications" means specifications (including emergency alternate specifications) approved from time to time by the Director of Procurement for use of all departments and establishments of the Federal Government, and any amendments thereof.

(8) "Iron and steel used" means the aggregate weight of iron and steel when first put into production in the manufacture of office supplies whether in the form of raw materials or as semi-processed or finished parts.

(9) "Preferred order" means any order or contract for office supplies to be delivered to or for the account of

(i) The Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the Panama Canal, the Coast Guard, the Civil Aeronautics Authority, the National Advisory Commission for Aeronautics, and the Office of Scientific Research and Development;

(ii) The government of any of the following countries: The United Kingdom, Canada, and other Dominions, Crown Colonies and Protectorates of the British Empire, Belgium, China, Greece, the Kingdom of the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Russia and Yugoslavia;

(iii) Any agency of the United States Government for delivery to, or for the account of the government of any country listed above or any country, including those in the Western Hemisphere, pursuant to the Act of March 11, 1941, entitled "An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States," (Lend-Lease Act).

(b) *General restrictions*. (1) During the period of three months beginning

with the first day of the first calendar month following the date of issuance of this Order, no Producer shall use

(i) In the manufacture of Group I Products more iron and steel than 25% of the aggregate weight of all metals used by him in the manufacture of Group I products during 1940.

(ii) In the manufacture of Group II products more iron and steel than 20% of the aggregate weight of all metals used by him in the manufacture of Group II Products during 1940.

(iii) In the manufacture of Group III products more iron and steel and 12½% of the aggregate weight of all metals used by him in the manufacture of Group III products during 1940.

(2) During each period of three months, beginning with the first day of the fourth calendar month following the date of issuance of this Order until otherwise ordered no producer shall use

(i) In the manufacture of Group I products more iron and steel than 25% of the aggregate weight of all metals used by him in the manufacture of Group I products during 1940.

(ii) In the manufacture of Group II products more iron and steel than 15% of the aggregate weight of all metals used by him in the manufacture of Group II products during 1940.

(iii) In the manufacture of Group III products more iron and steel than 12½% of the aggregate weight of all metals used by him in the manufacture of Group III products during 1940.

(3) A producer having preferred orders may exceed the foregoing restrictions in any period of three months to the extent of the amount of iron and steel necessary to fill such preferred orders provided that his quota of iron and steel for the following three months shall be reduced by an equivalent amount of iron and steel.

(4) From the effective date of this Order, no producer shall use in the manufacture of any Group I, II or Group III products any prohibited materials except that zinc may be used for galvanizing to the extent necessary for practicable use and wear. This provision shall not apply to the use of prohibited materials which on the date of issuance of this Order have been processed beyond the first stage of cutting or stamping.

(5) From the effective date of this Order, no producer shall manufacture any Group I, Group II or Group III products which exceed the minimum requirements of applicable specifications, as defined in subparagraph (7), paragraph (a) hereof, in respect to any metal or other critical material contained therein.

(c) *Avoidance of excessive inventories*. No manufacturer of Office Supplies shall accumulate for use in the manufacture of Office Supplies inventories of raw materials, semi-processed materials, or finished parts in quantities in excess of the minimum amount necessary to maintain production of Office Supplies at the rates permitted by this Order.

(d) *Records*. All persons affected by this Order shall keep and preserve for not less than two years accurate and complete records concerning inventories, production and sales.

(e) *Audit and inspection*. All records required to be kept by this Order shall, upon request, be submitted to audit and inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Production Board.

(f) *Reports*. Each manufacturer to whom this Order applies shall file with the War Production Board such reports and questionnaires as said Office shall from time to time request.

(g) *Violations*. Any person who willfully violates any provision of this Order or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including a recommendation for prosecution under section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (18 U. S. C. 80).

(h) *Appeal*. Any person affected by this Order who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him, or that it would result in a serious problem of unemployment in the community, or that compliance with this Order would disrupt or impair a program of conversion from nondefense work to defense work, may apply for relief by addressing a letter to the War Production Board setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons why such person considers that he is entitled to relief. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(i) *Applicability of other orders*. Insofar as any other Order issued, or to be issued hereafter, restricts the use of any material in the manufacture of Office Supplies to a greater extent than the limits imposed by this Order, the restrictions in such other Order shall govern unless otherwise specified therein.

(j) *Application of Priorities Regulation No. 1*. This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1, as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provisions hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(k) *Communications*. All reports, appeals and other communications concerning this Order should be addressed to the "War Production Board, Washington, D. C. Ref.: L-73."

(l) *Effective date*. This Order shall take effect on the date of its issuance and continue in effect until revoked. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2754; Filed, March 28, 1942; 11:56 a. m.]

## PART 1162—DYESTUFFS

## CONSERVATION ORDER NO. M-103

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of organic dyestuffs for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

## § 1162.1 Conservation Order M-103—

(a) *Restrictions on use of the organic dyestuffs.* (1) Curtailment to December 31, 1942, of dyestuffs appearing on List "A". Except as provided in paragraph (b) and paragraph (c) (2) hereof, no person shall hereafter sell or deliver any of the dyestuffs appearing on List "A", to any person, and no person shall use any of the dyestuffs appearing on List "A".

(2) *Curtailment in second quarter of anthraquinone vat dyes not on List "A".* No person, except as provided in paragraph (b) hereof, shall deliver to any other person, during the period beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, an amount of anthraquinone vat dyes not appearing on List "A", and no person shall accept delivery of or use an amount of anthraquinone vat dyes not appearing on List "A", in excess of 12½ percent of the amount of such anthraquinone vat dyes delivered to such other person, or used by such other person, as the case may be, in the period from January 1, 1941, to December 31, 1941. For the purposes of this subparagraph, amounts of anthraquinone vat dyes shall be calculated in pounds of equivalent single strength anthraquinone vat dyes.

(3) *Restrictions on purchase and sale of all other anthraquinone dyes.* No person, except as provided in paragraph (b) hereof, shall deliver to any other person, during the period beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, an amount of anthraquinone dyes other than those mentioned in (1) and (2) above and no person shall accept delivery of or use an amount of such anthraquinone dyes, in excess of 12½ per cent of the amount of such anthraquinone dyes delivered to such other person or used by such other person, as the case may be, in the period from January 1, 1941, to December 31, 1941.

(b) *General exception.* The prohibitions and restrictions contained in paragraph (a) shall not apply to the sale, delivery or use of dyestuffs for the manufacture of any item which is being produced under a specific contract or subcontract for the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the Panama Canal, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Coast Guard, the Civil Aeronautics Authority, the National Advisory Commission for Aeronautics, the Office of Scientific Research and Development, or for any foreign country pursuant to the Act of March 11, 1941, entitled "An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States," (Lend-Lease Act) if in any such case the use of such dyestuff to the extent em-

ployed is required by the specifications of the prime contract.

(c) *Restrictions on export.* (1) No producer may hereafter sell or set aside for export, during the period beginning April 1, 1942, and ending June 30, 1942, from the Continental United States, upon orders other than defense orders, in any calendar month, more dyestuffs requiring anthraquinone derivatives in their manufacture than 8 per cent of the total of such dyestuffs produced in such month by him.

(2) During the period from April 1, 1942, to June 30, 1942, notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), but subject to the limitation of subparagraph (1) above, each producer of any of the dyestuffs appearing on List "A" may export in any month an amount of such dyestuffs not in excess of 3 per cent of his total monthly production thereof, upon orders accompanied by export licenses issued by the Board of Economic Warfare.

(d) *Return of excess dyestuffs to manufacturers.* Each person, other than a manufacturer of dyestuffs, who, on the effective date of this Order, shall have in his inventory, or who shall acquire prior to April 1, 1942, an amount of any of the dyestuffs appearing on List "A" which required the use of anthraquinone or anthraquinone derivatives in the manufacture thereof, in excess of the amount thereof scheduled to be used by him prior to April 30, 1942, shall, within five days after the effective date of this Order, or after the receipt of such subsequent acquisition, as the case may be, resell, or return for credit, to the manufacturer thereof, such excess amount, and shall deliver the same as instructed by the said manufacturer.

(e) *Prohibitions against sales or deliveries.* No person shall hereafter sell or deliver any dyestuffs to any person, if he knows, or has reason to believe, such material is to be used in violation of the terms of this Order.

(f) *Reports.* All persons affected by this Order shall execute and file with the War Production Board such reports and questionnaires as may be required by said Board from time to time. No reports or questionnaires are to be filed by any person until forms therefor have been prescribed by the War Production Board.

(g) *Miscellaneous provisions.*—(1) *Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1 (Part 944), as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(2) *Appeal.* Any person affected by this Order who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him, or that it would result in a degree of unemployment which would be unreasonably disproportionate compared with the amount of dyestuffs conserved, or that compliance with this Order would disrupt or impair a program of conversion from nondefense to defense

work, may appeal to the War Production Board by letter or telegraph, Reference M-103, setting forth the pertinent facts and the reason he considers he is entitled to relief. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(3) *Applicability of Order.* The prohibitions and restrictions contained in this Order shall apply to the use of material in all articles hereafter manufactured, irrespective of whether such articles are manufactured pursuant to a contract made prior or subsequent to the effective date hereof, or pursuant to a contract supported by a preference rating. In so far as any other Order of the Director of Industry Operations may have the effect of limiting or curtailing to a greater extent than herein provided the use of any dyestuffs in the production of any article, the limitation of such other Order shall be observed.

(4) *Violations or false statements.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this Order, or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order, may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including a recommendation for prosecution under section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (48 U.S.C. 80).

(5) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this Order, (1) "Dyestuffs" means any coloring matter, with the exception of coloring matter the chemical constituents whereof are entirely inorganic in nature. As used herein, the word "dyestuffs" does not include inorganic pigments which may be extended or otherwise processed with substantially colorless organic material, and shall not include dyes certified under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (52 Stat. 1040, Ch. 875) and which are sold and used exclusively for use in foods, drugs, and cosmetics, as defined in the said Act.

(6) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect upon the date of issuance and shall continue in effect until revoked by the Director of Industry Operations. (P.D. Reg. 1, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

## LIST A

## Part I—Technical names

1. Brown R CI 1151.
2. Brown G CI 1152.
3. Olive R CI 1150.
4. Golden Orange G CI 1096.
5. Golden Orange A CI 1097.
6. Khaki 2G.
7. Olive T.
8. Olive GGL.
9. Olive Green B.
10. Yellow 3RD.

## Part II—Trade names

Amanthrene Olive Green B.  
 Calcoloid Golden Orange GD CI 1096.  
 Calcoloid Golden Orange RRTD CI 1097.  
 Calcosol Brown G CI 1152.  
 Calcosol Brown R CI 1151.  
 Calcosol Brown RP CI 1151.  
 Calcosol Golden Orange G CI 1096.  
 Calcosol Golden Orange RRTD CI 1097.  
 Calcosol Golden Orange RRTP CI 1097.  
 Calcosol Khaki G CI 122.  
 Calcosol Olive R CI 1150.  
 Carbanthrene Brown AR CI 1151.  
 Carbanthrene Brown AG CI 1152.  
 Carbanthrene Golden Orange G CI 1096.  
 Carbanthrene Prtg. Golden Orange G CI 1096.  
 Carbanthrene Golden Orange RRT CI 1097.  
 Carbanthrene Prtg. Golden Orange RRT CI 1097.  
 Carbanthrene Khaki 2G CI 122.  
 Carbanthrene Olive R CI 1150.  
 Cibanone Brown BG CI 1152.  
 Cibanone Brown GR CI 1151.  
 Cibanone Golden Orange 2R CI 1097.  
 Cibanone Olive 2R CI 1150.  
 Indanthrene Brown FRA CI 1151.  
 Indanthrene Brown GA CI 1152.  
 Indanthrene Brown GAF CI 1152.  
 Indanthrene Brown GAP CI 1152.  
 Indanthrene Brown GWF CI 1152.  
 Indanthrene Brown GWP CI 1152.  
 Indanthrene Brown RA CI 1151.  
 Indanthrene Brown RAP CI 1151.  
 Indanthrene Brown RWP CI 1151.  
 Indanthrene Golden Orange GA CI 1096.  
 Indanthrene Golden Orange GWF CI 1096.  
 Indanthrene Golden Orange GWP CI 1096.  
 Indanthrene Khaki 2GA CI 122.  
 Indanthrene Khaki 2GF CI 122.  
 Indanthrene Khaki 2GWP CI 122.  
 Indanthrene Olive Green BA.  
 Indanthrene Olive RA CI 1150.  
 Indanthrene Olive RAP CI 1150.  
 Indanthrene Olive RW CI 1150.  
 Indanthrene Olive RWF CI 1150.  
 Indanthrene Orange RRTA CI 1097.  
 Indanthrene Orange RRTP CI 1097.  
 Indanthrene Orange RRTP CI 1097.  
 Indanthrene Orange RRTW CI 1097.  
 Indanthrene Yellow 3RD.  
 Ponsol Brown AG.  
 Ponsol Brown AR CI 1151.  
 Ponsol Brown ARS CI 1151.  
 Ponsol Green 2BL.  
 Ponsol Golden Orange G CI 1096.  
 Ponsol Golden Orange GS CI 1096.  
 Ponsol Golden Orange RRT CI 1097.  
 Ponsol Golden Orange RRTS CI 1097.  
 Ponsol Khaki 2G.  
 Ponsol Olive AR CI 1150.  
 Ponsol Olive ARS CI 1150.  
 Ponsol Olive GGL.

The restrictions apply to all the dyes listed above, or their equivalents. The restrictions also apply to mixtures containing these dyes in excess of 2%.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2753; Filed, March 28, 1942; 11:56 a. m.]

## PART 927—NICKEL

GENERAL PREFERENCE ORDER NO. M-6-a (AS AMENDED MARCH 30, 1942)

Section 927.2 (*General Preference Order M-6-a*) is hereby amended to read as follows:

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of nickel for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 927.2 *General Preference Order M-6-a*—(a) *Definition.* (1) "Nickel" means and includes:

(i) Any primary metallic nickel, either alloyed or unalloyed, ferro nickel, and nickel matte of any description;

(ii) Any solutions, concentrates, residues, or speiss containing nickel (commercially recoverable);

(iii) Nickel salts, oxides and carbonates.

(b) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1, (Part 944), as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(c) *Directions as to deliveries and melting; allocations.* Hereafter, no person shall make or accept delivery of nickel unless specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations: *Provided, however,* That nickel may be delivered without the specific authorization of the Director of Industry Operations to the Metals Reserve Company or to any other Corporation organized under section 5 (d) of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act as amended (15 U.S.C., section 606 (b)), or to any duly authorized agent of such Corporation. The Director will from time to time allocate the supply of nickel and specifically direct the manner and quantities in which deliveries thereof may be made and accepted; and the Director may also issue specific directions as to the manner and quantities in which allocations of nickel may be melted or otherwise processed for particular purposes or end uses. In his discretion, the Director may require any person seeking to place a purchase order for nickel to place the same with one or more particular suppliers. Such allocations and directions will be made to insure satisfaction of all defense requirements of the United States, both direct and indirect, and they may be made in the discretion of the Director of Industry Operations without regard to any preference ratings assigned to particular contracts or purchase orders.

(d) *Applications for nickel.* Unless otherwise ordered by the Director of In-

dustry Operations, no person shall be entitled to receive an allocation of nickel unless, not later than the 20th day of the month next preceding the month in which delivery is desired, he shall have filed with the War Production Board and any supplier with whom he may have placed a purchase order for nickel, Form PD-27, or such other form as may be from time to time prescribed by the War Production Board, in the manner indicated on such form. Failure by any person to file an application in the manner and on the date required by this paragraph may be construed as notice to the Director of Industry Operations that such person does not desire an allocation of nickel during the period to which the same would have been applicable.

(e) *Violations or false statements.* Any person who wilfully violates this Order, or who any act<sup>1</sup> or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of materials subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including the making of a recommendation for prosecution under Section 35A of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(f) *Communications to War Production Board.* All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this Order, shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to the War Production Board, Washington, D. C. Reference: M-6-a.

(g) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect upon the date of issuance and shall continue in effect until revoked by the Director of Industry Operations. (P.D. Reg. 1, as amended 6 F. R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
 Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2794; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:36 a. m.]

## PART 940—RUBBER AND PRODUCTS AND MATERIALS OF WHICH RUBBER IS A COMPONENT

AMENDMENT NO. 7 TO SUPPLEMENTARY ORDER NO. M-15-b,<sup>2</sup> TO RESTRICT THE USE AND SALE OF RUBBER

Supplementary Order No. M-15-b is hereby amended by substituting the attached lists designated A, B, C and D for Lists A, B, C and D, respectively, now attached to such Order. (P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th

<sup>1</sup> So in original document.

<sup>2</sup> 6 F.R. 6406, 6644, 6792; 7 F.R. 511, 1106, 1634, 2229.

Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

This Order shall take effect on April 1, 1942.

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

List A (revised effective April 1, 1942) to Supplementary Order No. M-15-b, as amended

	Percent
Group 1.....	100
Concentrator belts.	
Industrial brake linings and clutch facings.	
Polishing belts.	
Screen diaphragms.	
Group 2.....	80
Cleats and bucket pads.	
Last puller belts.	
Pulley lagging.	
Round belts.	
Street sweeper belts.	
Group 3.....	100
Acid Hose.	
Cement gun hose.	
Chemical hose.	
Grease gun hose.	
Hydraulic control hose.	
Jetting and hydraulic hose.	
Railroad hose (all types).	
Rotary drillers' hose.	
Sand blast hose.	
Group 4.....	100
Air drill hose.	
Dredging sleeves.	
Industrial vacuum hose.	
Oil suction and discharge hose.	
Pneumatic hose.	
Spray hose (for working pressures of 300 lbs. per sq. in. and over).	
Paint spray hose.	
Steam hose.	
Suction hose.	
Welding hose.	
Gasoline and oil tank wagon hose (not including curb pump hose).	
Sanitary hose.	
Group 5.....	30
Fire and mill hose.	
Group 6.....	85
Hard rubber pipe and fittings.	
Rubber buckets, pails, dippers, funnels, measures, bottles, beakers, frames, baskets, racks, trays (for handling corrosive materials and explosives).	
Rubber-insulated fume-ducts, fans, racks, frames, trays, screens, pipe, buckets, pails, dippers, agitators, funnels and measures (for handling corrosive materials and explosives).	
Rubber pumps, blower, exhaustor and pump lining, valves and parts.	
Group 7.....	80
Storage battery parts (including only separators, retainers, binding strips, element support rods, tie rods, and plate support rods, and hand-built jars and containers, excepting those for automotive starting and lighting batteries).	
Hard rubber sheets, rods and tubing (for dielectric purposes).	
Molded cable connectors and terminal blocks (for dielectric purposes).	
Insulated tools.	
Magneto parts.	
Group 8.....	100
Mine safety battery parts.	
Mine safety lamp parts.	
Respirators, hose masks, gas masks, goggles, inhalators (mining and industrial types).	

List A (revised effective April 1, 1942) to Supplementary Order No. M-15-b, as amended—Continued

	Percent
Group 9.....	80
Chute lining (including lining for sand blast chambers).	
Oil well specialties (packers, testing, lining, bumper and swab rubbers; blow-out preventers; drill pipe protectors; stabilizers; slush pump pistons and liners; mud and oil pump pistons, liners, valves and parts; valve cups; strippers; stuffing box rings).	
Sheet, strip and mechanical packings.	
Vibration dampers (non-automotive).	
Group 10.....	100
Airplane de-icer parts.	
Card clothing.	
Gaskets and washers (not elsewhere listed) necessary for use with products in lists A, B, C and D.	
Gas main bags.	
Linemen's protective devices (line hose, insulator hoods, blankets, cable and test caps and separators, cable bandages, linemen's sleeves and insulating stools).	
Locomotive drive units.	
Spinning cots.	
Mine ventilating tubing.	
Molded, extruded and lathe-cut goods and tubing (not elsewhere listed), constituting component parts of machinery for the processing and fabrication of raw and semi-finished materials and for the transmission of mechanical power.	
Pipe coupling rings.	
Pipe lining discs.	
Shoe diaphragms.	
Stuff pump balls.	
Molded seals for dam and lock gates.	
Group 11.....	80
Finger print rolls and fingerprint rubber.	
Cutting rubbers.	
Offset and newspaper blankets.	
Printing plates (including cements but excluding rubber stamps, box dies, band daters and toy stamps).	
Printers' rollers.	
Suction cups for printers' equipment.	
Rubber solution for wet plate negatives.	
Group 12.....	40
Engravers' rubber (including necessary cements but excluding rubber stamps, box dies, band daters and toy stamps).	
Group 13.....	140
Milk and Milking Machine Equipment, consisting of:	
Couplings for pasteurizers and milk bottle and can washers.	
Gaskets for milk separators and clarifiers.	
Milk bottle filler rubbers.	
Milking machine inflations and tubing.	
Group 14.....	160
Abrasive implements.	
Group 15.....	50
Automotive Parts, consisting of the following:	
Hydraulic brake cylinder parts, excepting boots.	
Hydraulic brake hose.	
Air brake and vacuum brake parts, excepting boots.	
Air brake and vacuum brake hose.	
Torsional vibration dampers.	
Clutch facings, brake linings and brake blocks.	
Shock absorber bushings.	
Steering post alignment bushings.	
Pitman arm bushings for independent suspensions.	

List A (revised effective April 1, 1942) to Supplementary Order No. M-15-b, as amended—Continued

	Percent
Group 15—Continued.	
Steering box-to-frame pads for independent suspensions.	
Windshield wiper blades and pivot to housing gaskets.	
Suspension and torque arm bushings.	
Engine, transmission and propeller center bearing mountings.	
Remote control gearshift bushings.	
Spring bumpers—front and rear.	
Cements and tie-gums (for bonding rubber to metal only).	
Sealed beam gaskets.	
Hydraulic clutch and throttle controls.	
Group 16.....	20
Automotive fan belts (for trucks, buses, tractors and farm implements).	
Group 17.....	70
Flush valve balls.	
Washers, including fuller balls and diaphragms, for controlling the flow of fluids.	
Water meter parts.	
Group 18.....	20
Autopsy & Mortuary Gloves.	
Net-lined and all-rubber gloves (for handling corrosive and severely abrasive materials).	
Group 19.....	100
Electricians' gloves (seconds to be used for handling corrosive and severely abrasive materials).	
Group 20.....	100
Blood pressure bags.	
Brain surgery caps.	
Colostomy outfits.	
Dental separating strips and mouth props.	
Dilators.	
Finger cots (medical, surgical, dental, veterinary and laboratory).	
Inhalation bags and face pieces (medical, surgical, dental and veterinary).	
Invalid rings.	
Operating cushions.	
Orthodontia bands.	
Parts for medical, surgical, dental, veterinary and mortuary instruments.	
Prostatic bags.	
Rubber bands and cushions for artificial limbs.	
Rubber denture, denture suction and model formers.	
Tourniquets.	
Tubes, tubing, including catheters, stopples and rubber policemen, (medical, surgical, dental, mortuary, veterinary and laboratory).	
Umbilical belts.	
Urinal—individual wear.	
Vaccine caps.	
X-ray sheets, gloves, aprons and cooling hose.	
Group 21.....	85
Surgical tape, medicated footpads and plasters.	
Group 22.....	50
Breast pumps.	
Bulbs (medical, surgical, dental, mortuary, veterinary and laboratory).	
Water bottles and combination syringes.	
Medicine droppers.	
Group 23.....	50
Hospital sheeting (hospital, ambulance, mortuary and first aid use only).	
Ice bags.	
Metatarsal cushion or pad (not part of shoe).	
Truss pad covers.	
Self-adhering gauze bandages.	
Pneumatic truss pads.	

List B (revised, effective April 1, 1942) to Supplementary Order No. M-15-b as amended

- Group 1: Compounds for insulating wire and cable.
- Group 2: Cable splicing compound (including necessary cement).
- Group 3: Conveyor and elevator belting.
- Group 4: Belt splicing and repair material.
- Group 5: V-belts (non-automotive).
- Group 6: Flat transmission belts. Hog beater belts.
- Group 7: Rubber lined tanks, drums, pipes and fittings (hard and soft).
- Group 8: Rubber covered rolls and roll coverings (except domestic washing machine wringer, printers', fingerprint and business machines).
- Group 9: Press die pads.
- Group 10: Loom pickers.
- Group 11: Pneumatic, solid and cushion tires and tubes (including flaps, cements, airbags and valves) of the following types:
  - Passenger tires and tubes.
  - Truck and bus tires.
  - Truck and bus tubes.
  - Special purpose (including earthmover, road grader and excavator) tires and tubes.
  - Industrial tires and tubes (power driven vehicles only).
  - Farm tractor tires and tubes.
  - Motorcycle tires and tubes.
  - Bicycle tires and tubes.
  - Airplane tires and tubes.
- Group 12: Cameback, capping stock, filler strip, striping stock, cushion stock, lug stock and base stock for retreading and recapping tires.
- Group 13: Full circle airbags and cements for recapping and retreading tires.
- Group 14: Vulcanizing materials, patches, blowout shoes, sectional airbags, cements, and similar items for the repair of tires and tubes.
- Group 15: Thread for:
  - Edging.
  - Industrial shoes, belting and flexible metallic hose.
  - Repair cords and webs.
  - Sanitary belts.
  - Supporters (men's athletic).
  - Surgical elastic bandage.
  - Surgical stockings.
  - Surgical supports for abdomen, back and breast.
  - Suspensories.
  - Trusses (including umbilical belts).
  - Webbing for respirators, hose masks, gas masks and inhalaters.
- Group 16: Container sealing compounds. Sealing gaskets (cut rings for commercial packaging).
- Group 17: Commercial diving equipment.
- Group 18: Rubberized fabric for heating pads.
- Group 19: Rubberized fabric for firemen's and policemen's clothing and occupational protective clothing, other than footwear and gloves, consisting of industrial pants, coats, jackets, hose and aprons.
- Group 20: Rubber footwear for severe industrial use including rubber boots, mine pacs and work shoes with plain or steel toes.
- Group 21: Rubber footwear, other than that provided in Group 20, including rubber boots, pacs, arctics, gaiters, overshoes, rubbers.
- Group 22: Nipples (feeding).
- Group 23: Pessaries and prophylactics.
- Group 24: Surgeons' gloves (medical, surgical, dental, and veterinary use).
- Group 25: Shoe adhesives for the following operations only:
  - Cutting and fitting room operations.

List B (revised, effective April 1, 1942) to Supplementary Order No. M-15-b, as amended—Continued

- Group 25: Shoe adhesives for the following operations only—Continued.
  - Bed and side lasting
  - Folding.
  - Gem duck.
  - Heel breasting.
  - Insole rib and lip.
  - Moccasin seam.
  - Prewelt.
  - Platform attaching.
  - Rand.
  - Soft box toe.
  - Sole and bottom attaching.
  - Semi-automatic toe lasting.
  - Unishank.
  - Leather welting.
  - Repair.
- Group 26: Meteorological balloons.
- Group 27: Box die gum, rubber die gum and rubber type gum, all for industrial marking devices only.

List C (revised, effective April 1, 1942) to Supplementary Order No. M-15-b, as Amended

	Percent
Group 1.....	100
Colostomy outfits.	
Finger cots (medical, surgical, dental, mortuary, and veterinary use).	
Prostatic bags.	
Tubes, tubing, including catheters (medical, surgical, dental, mortuary, veterinary and laboratory use).	
Urinals, individual wear.	
Group 2.....	50
Inhalation bags and face pieces (medical, surgical, dental, laboratory and veterinary).	
Operating cushions.	
Veterinary sleeves.	
Group 3.....	75
Flat belts.	
Round belts.	
Group 4.....	15
Latex insulation for fume ducts, fans, racks, frames, trays, screens, pipes and fittings, buckets, dippers, funnels, measures, drums, pumps, valves, baskets and agitators (for handling corrosive material).	
Group 5.....	20
Industrial rubberized fabric gloves for handling corrosive materials.	
Group 6.....	100
Electricians' gloves (seconds to be used for handling corrosive and severely abrasive materials).	
Group 7.....	20
Industrial all-rubber and net-lined gloves, (for handling corrosive and severely abrasive materials).	
Autopsy and mortuary gloves.	

List D (revised effective April 1, 1942) to Supplementary Order No. M-15-b as amended

- Group 1: Container Sealing Compounds.
- Group 2: Meteorological Balloons.
- Group 3: Nipples (feeding).
- Group 4: Pessaries and Prophylactics.
- Group 5: Surgeons' Gloves (medical, surgical, dental and veterinary use).
- Group 6: Shoe adhesive for the following operations only:
  - Cutting and fitting room operations.
  - Bed and side lasting.
  - Folding.
  - Gem Duck.
  - Heel breasting.
  - Insole rib and lip.
  - Moccasin Seam.
  - Pre welt.
  - Platform attaching.
  - Rand.
  - Soft box toe.
  - Sole and bottom attaching.

List D (revised effective April 1, 1942) to Supplementary Order No. M-15-b, as amended—Continued

- Group 6: Shoe adhesive for the following operations only—Continued.
    - Semi-automatic toe lasting.
    - Unishank.
    - Leather welting.
  - Group 7: V-belts (non-automotive).
- [F. R. Doc. 42-2803; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:35 a. m.]

PART 960—CHLORINE AND PRODUCTS CONTAINING AVAILABLE CHLORINE

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO GENERAL PREFERENCE ORDER NO. M-19<sup>1</sup> AS AMENDED FEBRUARY 25, 1942

Section 960.1 (General Preference Order No. M-19 as amended February 25, 1942) is hereby amended to read as follows:

Present paragraph (r) is hereby amended to read as follows:

(r) *Effective date.* This Order, as and to the extent amended February 25, 1942, shall take effect May 1, 1942 and shall continue in effect until revoked by the Director of Industry Operations.

This amendment shall take effect immediately. (P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong. as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2792; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:33 a. m.]

PART 984—LEAD

SUPPLEMENTARY ORDER NO. M-38-g

§ 984.8 *Supplementary Order M-38-g.* (a) The Director of Industry Operations hereby determines that the amount of lead to be set aside by each refiner pursuant to paragraph (c) (2) of § 984.1 (General Preference Order M-38) for the month of April, 1942, shall be equal to 15% of the total amount of lead produced by such refiner during the month of February, 1942.

(b) *Communications to War Production Board.* All communications concerning this Supplementary Order should be addressed to the War Production Board, Social Security Building, Washington, D. C., Reference: M-38-g.

(c) This Order shall take effect immediately. (P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, Jan. 26, 1942; 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2791; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:33 a. m.]

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 1567, 1794.

PART 993—DOMESTIC ICE REFRIGERATORS  
SUPPLEMENTARY GENERAL LIMITATION  
ORDER L-7-B

In accordance with the provisions of § 993.1 (*General Limitation Order L-7*) which the following Order supplements:

§ 993.3 *Supplementary General Limitation Order L-7-b*—(a) *Restrictions for the period from April 1 to June 30.* (1) Except as provided in subparagraph (2), during the period of three months from April 1, 1942, to June 30, 1942, inclusive, no manufacturer of domestic ice refrigerators shall use in the production of such refrigerators more steel than the greater of the following two limits:

(i) Three times 60% of the monthly average of steel used by him during the twelve months period ending June 30, 1941.

(ii) Three times 60% of the monthly average of steel used by him during the three years period ending June 30, 1941.

(2) Each manufacturer is specifically authorized to use in addition to the quota set forth above the unused balance of quotas allowed by General Limitation Order L-7 and Supplementary General Limitation Order L-7-a as amended, provided that before doing so he file with the Consumers' Durable Goods Branch of the War Production Board a report setting forth the amount of steel which he intends to use under the provisions of this subparagraph. (No unused quota balances shall be used in production after June 30, 1942, however.)

(b) *Restrictions for the period July 1 to September 30 and for each three months period thereafter.* (1) During the period of three months from July 1, 1942 to September 30, 1942, inclusive, and for each three months period thereafter no manufacturer of domestic ice refrigerators

(i) Shall use in the production of such refrigerators more steel than the greater of the following two limits:

(a) Three times 60% of the monthly average of steel used by him during the twelve months period ending June 30, 1941.

(b) Three times 60% of the monthly average of steel used by him during the three years period ending June 30, 1941.

(ii) Shall use more than 20 pounds of steel and/or iron in the production of any such refrigerator.

(c) *Government orders included.* The restrictions of this Order shall apply to the production of all domestic ice refrigerators including those required to fulfill contracts or orders coming under the provisions of paragraph (a), subparagraph (2) of Supplementary General Limitation Order L-7-a.

(d) *Reports.* No manufacturer shall offer for sale any domestic ice refrigerator produced after June 30, 1942, unless he has first filed with the Consumers' Durable Goods Branch, War Production Board, a report setting forth a bill of material for each model in the production after June 30, 1942.

(e) *Appeal.* Any person affected by this Order who considers that compliance therewith would work an excep-

tional and unreasonable hardship upon him, or that it would result in a serious problem of unemployment in the community, or that compliance with this Order would disrupt or impair a program of conversion from nondefense to defense work, may apply for relief by addressing a letter to the War Production Board setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons why such person considers that he is entitled to relief. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(f) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect on the date of its issuance. (P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, Jan. 24, 1942, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,

Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2802; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:40 a. m.]

PART 996—CHLORINATED HYDROCARBON  
SOLVENTS

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO GENERAL PREFERENCE  
ORDER NO. M-41<sup>1</sup>

Section 996.1 (*General Preference Order M-41*) is hereby amended to read as follows:

Present paragraph (f) is hereby amended to read as follows:

(f) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect immediately, and unless sooner revoked, shall expire May 15, 1942.

This amendment shall take effect immediately. (P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March, 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,

Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2793; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:32 a. m.]

PART 1012—DOMESTIC VACUUM CLEANERS  
SUPPLEMENTARY GENERAL LIMITATION ORDER  
L-18-b

In accordance with the provisions of §§ 1012.1 and 1012.2 (*General Limitation Orders L-18<sup>a</sup> and L-18-a<sup>a</sup>*) which the following Order supplements:

§ 1012.3 *Supplementary General Limitation Order L-18-b*—(a) *April restrictions.* During the period beginning April 1, 1942 and ending April 30, 1942, inclusive (1) No Class "A" Manufacturer shall produce more domestic vacuum cleaners than the greater of the following two limits:

(i) 3,900 of such vacuum cleaners, or

(ii) 60% of the monthly average of his factory sales of such vacuum cleaners

<sup>1</sup> 6 F.R. 5292.

<sup>2</sup> 6 F.R. 6083.

<sup>3</sup> 7 F.R. 117.

in the twelve months ending June 30, 1941.

(2) No Class "B" Manufacturer shall produce more domestic vacuum cleaners than 75% of the monthly average of his factory sales of such vacuum cleaners during the twelve months period ending June 30, 1941.

(b) *Production of domestic vacuum cleaners prohibited after April 30, 1942.* No manufacturer may produce any domestic vacuum cleaners after April 20, 1942.

(c) *Appeal.* Any manufacturer who considers that relief from the specific provisions of this Order will affirmatively facilitate his program of conversion from civilian to war work, may apply for relief by addressing a letter to the War Production Board, Washington, D. C., Ref: L-18-b, setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons why he considers he is entitled to relief. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate. (P.D. Reg. 1, as amended 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

This Order shall take effect on April 1, 1942. Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,

Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2784; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:29 a. m.]

PART 1035—GLYCERINE

GENERAL PREFERENCE ORDER NO. M-58

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of Glycerine for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1035.1 *General Preference Order M-58*—(a) *General restriction on deliveries effective May 1, 1942.* Beginning with May 1, 1942, no Refiner, Producer, or Distributor shall in any calendar month deliver to any person, and no person shall in any calendar month accept delivery of, more than 50 pounds of Glycerine, except as may be specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations. Prior to the commencement of each calendar month, beginning with May, 1942, the Director of Industry Operations will issue to all Refiners and Producers and directly or indirectly to all Distributors specific directions covering deliveries of Glycerine which may be made by such Refiners, Producers or Distributors during such month. Such directions will be made to insure the satisfaction of all defense requirements and, insofar as possible, to provide an adequate supply for essential civilian uses, and they may be made at the discretion of the Director of Industry Operations without regard to any preference rating assigned to particular

contracts or orders. If the Director of Industry Operations shall not have issued by the first day of any month directions covering deliveries of Glycerine during such month, Refiners, Producers or Distributors may make deliveries of Glycerine free of the restrictions provided by this paragraph (a).

(b) *Restrictions on use and inventory*—(1) *Prohibited use.* No person shall use or consume Glycerine in the manufacture of any anti-freeze product or preparation.

(2) *Curtailment in uses.* No person shall use or consume in any calendar month, beginning with April 1942, in any manufacturing process or use other than the use prohibited by paragraph (b) (1) hereof more Glycerine than seventy percent (70%) of one-twelfth of his use or consumption of Glycerine in such process or use during the calendar year 1940; *Provided, however,* That nothing in this paragraph (b) (2) contained shall prevent the continued use or consumption of Glycerine for (i) any use required for the purpose of filling any defense order, or (ii) the manufacturing or processing of Health Supplies, as defined by General Preference Order P-29, as amended from time to time.

(3) *Inventory restrictions.* No person shall in any month except as may be authorized by the Director of Industry Operations accept delivery of Glycerine if his inventory of Glycerine is, or by such acceptance will become, in excess of one-twelfth of the Glycerine used and sold by him during the calendar year 1940 or, if such person was not in the business of using or selling Glycerine continuously during such year, then in excess of such amount as may be fixed by the Director of Industry Operations; *Provided, however,* That to the extent that a person's inventory consists, or through the acceptance of the proposed delivery would consist, of Glycerine used in filling Defense Orders (and the manufacture or processing of Health Supplies as defined in paragraph (b) (2) hereof), deliveries may be accepted if such inventory is not or would not exceed one-eighth of his year's consumption or sales based on his current method and rate of operations; and *Provided further,* That nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to restrict the delivery of crude Glycerine to any Refiner, nor to prevent a person's taking delivery of his normal purchasing unit of Glycerine (for example, can, drum or carload).

(4) *Required certificate.* Except as to deliveries specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations, no person shall make delivery of more than 50 pounds of Glycerine in any month to any other person (except delivery of crude Glycerine to a Refiner) unless and until he shall have received from the deliverer a certificate signed by the deliverer or on his behalf by an individual authorized to sign for him, in substantially the following form:

The undersigned hereby certifies to his vendor and to the War Production Board that the Glycerine hereby ordered will not when delivered and taken in conjunction with the Glycerine held by the undersigned

constitute an inventory thereof in excess of the quantity permitted by General Preference Order No. M-58, with the terms of which the undersigned is familiar.

Purchaser  
By \_\_\_\_\_;  
Signature and title  
Date

*Provided, however,* That Form PD-362 similarly signed by such deliverer and covering the Glycerine to be delivered, may be received in lieu of such certificate.

(c) *No deliveries in violation of use and inventory restrictions.* No person shall hereafter sell or deliver Glycerine if he knows, or has reason to believe, that such Glycerine is to be used, accepted or accumulated in violation of the terms of this Order.

(d) *Applications and reports.* (1) Each person who orders for delivery in any calendar month a quantity of Glycerine in excess of 50 pounds, whether for own consumption or use (including refining) or resale, shall submit to his Supplier with his order a copy of Form PD-362, properly executed by him, and shall send the original thereof to the War Production Board.

(2) Each Refiner or Producer shall in each month submit to the War Production Board Form PD-363, in duplicate, properly executed by him, scheduling the deliveries of Glycerine which he proposes to make during the succeeding month.

(3) Each person who in any one of the six months ending March 31, 1942 used, consumed or resold more than 50 pounds of Glycerine shall report to the War Production Board on or before May 1, 1942, on Form PD-361.

(4) All Refiners, Producers and Distributors and persons ordering or receiving Glycerine from any one or more of them, and such other persons as may be directed by the Director of Industry Operations shall make such other or further reports and furnish such information, at such times, in such form and with respect to such matters as the Director of Industry Operations may from time to time prescribe.

(e) *Miscellaneous provisions*—(1) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this Order.

(i) "Glycerine" means any and all concentrations of glycerol, from whatever source derived and whether crude or refined.

(ii) "Producer" means any person engaged in the production of Glycerine and includes any person who has Glycerine produced for him pursuant to toll agreement but does not include any Refiner of Glycerine.

(iii) "Refiner" means any person engaged in the refining of Glycerine.

(iv) "Distributor" means any person who has purchased or purchases Glycerine for purposes of resale.

(v) "Supplier" means any Refiner, Producer, Distributor or other person who sells or offers for sale Glycerine.

(2) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1,

as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(3) *Intra-company transactions.* The prohibitions or restrictions contained in this Order, with respect to deliveries shall, in the absence of a contrary direction, apply not only to deliveries to other persons including affiliates and subsidiaries, but also to deliveries from one branch, division, or section of a single enterprise, to another branch, division, or section of the same or any other enterprise under common ownership or control.

(4) *Appeals.* Any person affected by this Order who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him, or that it would result in a degree of unemployment which would be unreasonably disproportionate compared with the amount of Glycerine conserved, or that compliance with this Order would disrupt or impair a program of conversion from non-defense to defense work, may appeal to the Director of Industry Operations. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(5) *Violations or false statements.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this Order, or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order, may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any Material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including a recommendation for prosecution under Section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(6) *Communications to War Production Board.* All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this Order, shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Washington, D. C. Ref: M-58.

(7) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect immediately and continue in effect until revoked by the Director of Industry Operations. (P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, Jan. 16, 1942, 7 F.R. 329; E. O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2789; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:32 a. m.]

PART 1052—KITCHEN, HOUSEHOLD AND  
OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES

GENERAL LIMITATION ORDER L-30

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of iron and steel and other materials for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1052.1 *General Limitation Order L-30—(a) Definitions.* For the purposes of this Order:

(1) "Group I Products" means the following: kitchen utensils used primarily in the preparation, cooking, and storage of foods for household, institutional, and commercial uses (except those utensils mentioned in subparagraphs (a) (2), (a) (3) and (b) (4)).

(2) "Group II Products" means the following kitchen, household, and other miscellaneous articles (whether manufactured for household or for any other purpose): wash basins, dish pans, rinsing pans, wash boilers, ash cans, garbage cans and pails (including step-on cans), wringer buckets, clothes wringers, pails (except dairy pails), commodes, chambers and chamber covers, combinets, bread boxes, funnels, liquid measures, galvanized and other portable tubs, wash boards, ironing boards, carpet sweepers, dust pans, refrigerator pans, and all kitchen tools, including (but not limited to) can openers, jar openers, bottle openers, beaters, ice cream dippers or scoops, corers, and mashers.

(3) "Group III Products" means the following kitchen, household, and other miscellaneous articles (whether manufactured for household or for any other purpose): all closet accessories, including, but not limited to, coat and garment hangers and hooks, tie racks, and boot and shootrees; all articles of fireplace equipment except fire screens; towel bars and racks, toothbrush holders, soap dishes, soap savers, toilet and other paper holders, pot chains, fly swatters, sink drainers, dish drainers, cuspidors, vegetable bins, curtain rods and fixtures, clothespins, candlesticks, carpet beaters, pot cover holders, picnic stoves, camp grids, cup frames, and cake coolers.

(4) "Scarce Materials" means the following: iron, steel, tin, aluminum, nickel, copper and copper base alloys, chromium and lead.

(5) "To Use" a material means to put that material into production for the first time. (When a person is limited to a percentage of the material used in a base period, this limitation applies to the aggregate weight of such material when first put into production by that person, whether in the form of raw materials or as purchased parts.)

(6) "Manufacturer" means any person who produces or assembles any Group I, Group II, or Group III Product.

(7) "Base Period" means the twelve months ending June 30, 1941.

(b) *General restrictions.* (1) During the period from the date of issuance of this Order to the last day of the calendar month in which it is issued, inclusive.

(i) The average daily use of iron and steel by any manufacturer in his total production of Group I, Group II and Group III Products shall not exceed his average daily aggregate use of scarce materials in the production of such products during the base period, and

(ii) The average daily use of zinc by any manufacturer in his total production of Group II and Group III Prod-

ucts shall not exceed his average daily use of zinc in the production of such products during the base period,

*Provided*, That a manufacturer may use more than his quota of iron and steel or zinc under this subparagraph if, but only if, he reduces his corresponding quota under subparagraph (2) by an equivalent amount of iron and steel or zinc.

(2) During the three months' period beginning with the first day of the first calendar month following the rate of issuance of this Order, no manufacturer shall use

(i) More iron and steel in his total production of:

(a) Group I Products than 22½ per cent of his aggregate use of scarce materials in the production of such products in the base period;

(b) Group II Products than 17½ per cent of his aggregate use of scarce materials in the production of such products in the base period; or

(c) Group III Products than 12½ per cent of his aggregate use of scarce materials in the production of such products in the base period;

Except that a manufacturer may use in the production of Group I or Group II Products any part of his quota of iron and steel for Group III Products, and may use in the production of Group I Products any part of his quota of iron and steel for Group II Products: *Provided*, That he reduces his quota of iron and steel for Group III or Group II Products, as the case may be, by an equivalent amount.

(i) More zinc in his total production of Group II and Group III Products than 12½ per cent of the zinc used by him in the production of such products during the base period.

(3) Effective the first day of the fourth calendar month following the date of issuance of this Order, no manufacturer shall use any scarce materials or other metals in the production of Group III Products.

(4) Nothing in this Order shall limit the manufacture or production of electrical appliances, cutlery, and silver plated hollow-ware.

(c) *Avoidance of excessive inventories.* Manufacturers of Group I, Group II and Group III Products shall not accumulate for use in the manufacture of such products, inventories of raw materials, semi-processed materials, or finished parts in quantities in excess of the minimum amount necessary to maintain production of such products at the rates permitted by this Order.

(d) *Records.* All persons affected by this Order shall keep and preserve for not less than two years accurate and complete records concerning inventories, production and sales.

(e) *Audit and inspection.* All records required to be kept by this Order shall, upon request, be submitted to audit and inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Production Board.

(f) *Reports.* Each manufacturer to whom this Order applies shall file with the War Production Board such reports

and questionnaires as said Board shall from time to time prescribe.

(g) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this Order or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any materials subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including a recommendation for prosecution under Section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(h) *Applicability of other orders.* Insofar as any other Order issued, or to be issued hereafter, limits the use of any material in the production of Group I, Group II and Group III Products to a greater extent than the limits imposed by this Order, the restrictions in such other Order shall govern unless otherwise specified therein.

(i) *Appeal.* Any person affected by this Order who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him, or that it would result in a serious problem of unemployment in the community, or that compliance therewith would disrupt or impair a program of conversion from non-defense to defense work, may apply for relief by addressing a letter to the War Production Board setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons why such person considers that he is entitled to relief. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(j) *Application of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1 (Part 944), as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(k) *Routing of correspondence.* All reports to be filed, appeals, and other communications concerning this Order should be addressed to the War Production Board, Washington, D. C., Ref: L-30.

(l) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect on the date of its issuance, and shall continue in effect until revoked. (P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub Law 671, 76th Cong. as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 31st day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2801; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:40 a. m.]

PART 1076—PLUMBING AND HEATING  
SIMPLIFICATION

SCHEDULE VI to LIMITATION ORDER L-42—  
CAST IRON TUBULAR RADIATORS

§ 1076.7 *Schedule VI to Limitation Order L-42—(a) Definition.* For the purposes of this Schedule, "producer" means any person who manufactures, processes, fabricates or assembles cast iron tubular radiators.

(b) *Simplified practices.* Pursuant to Limitation Order No. L-42 the following types and sizes are hereby established for cast iron tubular radiators:

Number of tubes:	Height (inches)	Maximum weight (lbs. per sq. ft. of heating surface)
3	25	4.7
4	19, 22, 25	4.7
5	22, 25	4.7
6	14, 19, 25, 32	4.7

(c) *Effective date of simplified practices; exceptions.* On and after April 16, 1942, no cast iron tubular radiators which do not conform to the sizes and standards established by paragraph (b) hereof shall be produced or delivered by any producer or accepted by any person from any such producer, except with the express permission of the Director of Industry Operations: *Provided, however,* That the foregoing shall not prohibit the delivery by any producer of such cast iron tubular radiators as were in his stock in finished form on April 16, 1942, or which had, on said date, been cast, machined or otherwise processed in such manner that their manufacture in conformity with this Schedule would be impractical, nor the receipt of such radiators from such producer.

(d) *Records covering excepted cast iron tubular radiators.* Each producer shall retain in his files records showing his inventory of excepted cast iron tubular radiators (by types and sizes) as of April 16, 1942, and such records shall be kept readily available and open to audit and inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Production Board. (P.D. Reg. 1 as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2797; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:38 a. m.]

**PART 1076—PLUMBING AND HEATING SIMPLIFICATION**

**SCHEDULE VII TO LIMITATION ORDER L-42—HOT WATER HEATERS AND PIPING SYSTEMS**

§ 1076.8 *Schedule VII to Limitation Order L-42—(a) Definition.* For the purposes of this Schedule, "copper base alloy" means any alloy which contains 50% or more copper by weight.

(b) *Limitations.* Pursuant to Limitation Order No. L-42 the following limitations are established for the manufacture of hot water heaters and piping systems.

No copper or copper base alloy may be used in the manufacture of the articles specified below except in the cases noted and then only provided it is limited to the minimum amount practicable:

(1) *Hot water heaters.* Hot water heaters, tanks and coils; except for controls and except for current carrying parts of electric type hot water heaters.

(2) *Piping systems.* Pipe, tube, tubing and fittings therefor; except solder nipples and ferrules.

(c) *General exception.* The prohibitions and restrictions contained in this Schedule shall not apply to the use of copper or copper base alloy in the manufacture of articles or parts thereof which are being produced:

(1) Under a specific contract or sub-contract for use in chemical plants, research laboratories or hospitals, where and to the extent that the physical and chemical properties make the use of any other material impractical. Such use is not deemed impractical for ordinary hot water heaters and piping systems and the exception covers only those cases where the technical operation of the plant makes the use of other material impractical.

(2) Under a specific contract or sub-contract for use as part of the equipment of vessels other than pleasure craft and of aircraft where corrosive action makes the use of other material impractical.

(d) *Effective date.* This Schedule shall take effect April 1, 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1 as amended 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

F. R. Doc. 42-2800; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:38 a. m.]

**PART 1081—ELECTRIC POWER**

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO LIMITATION ORDER L-46 TO PROVIDE FOR THE CURTAILMENT OF ELECTRIC POWER IN THE NIAGARA FRONTIER AREA**

Section 1081.1 *General Limitation Order L-46*, issued February 27, 1942,<sup>1</sup> is hereby amended as follows:

That portion of paragraph (c) preceding paragraph (c) (2) is hereby amended to read as follows:

(c) *Limitation on consumption and deliveries of electric power.* In the event that the supply of twenty-five cycle power available in the area served by the Niagara Falls Power Company, Niagara Lockport & Ontario Power Company, Buffalo Niagara Electric Corporation, New York State Electric & Gas Corporation, Central New York Power Corporation, and The Lockport & Newfane Power & Water Supply Co. is insufficient to meet the demand therefor, after full operation and integration of facilities as provided in paragraph (b) above, said Utilities shall reduce deliveries to their Consumers in the following manner:

(1) First, the Niagara Falls Power Company, Niagara Lockport & Ontario Power Company, Buffalo Niagara Electric Corporation, New York State Elec-

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 1630.

tric & Gas Corporation, Central New York Power Corporation, and The Lockport & Newfane Power & Water Supply Co. shall reduce deliveries to Consumers who have electric power generating facilities, to the extent that the increased operation of such facilities can directly or indirectly relieve the shortage of twenty-five cycle power. Said Utilities shall notify each such Consumer of the reduction in deliveries required, and no Consumer shall thereupon accept deliveries of twenty-five cycle power unless his electric power generating facilities are being operated at maximum capacity.

Paragraph (c) (4) is amended by inserting after "Buffalo Niagara Electric Corporation," the following: "Central New York Power Corporation, The Lockport & Newfane Power & Water Supply Co.,".

Paragraph (d) (1) is hereby amended to read as follows:

(d) *Limitation on increases in deliveries of electric power.* (1) The Niagara Falls Power Company, Niagara Lockport & Ontario Power Company, Buffalo Niagara Electric Corporation, New York State Electric & Gas Corporation, Central New York Power Corporation, The Lockport & Newfane Power & Water Supply Co., and Rochester Gas & Electric Corporation shall not, after the effective date of this Order, increase the rate of deliveries of twenty-five cycle power to any Consumer over the maximum measured demand of such Consumer during any month within the twelve month period ending January 31, 1942, and no Consumer shall accept such increased deliveries of power unless:

(i) The amount of such increase in deliveries for any Consumer is less than 100 kilowatts; or

(ii) Such increase has been specifically authorized in advance by the Director of Industry Operations.

Paragraph (f) (1) is hereby amended by inserting after "Niagara Lockport & Ontario Power Company," the following: "New York State Electric & Gas Corporation, Central New York Power Corporation, The Lockport & Newfane Power & Water Supply Co., Rochester Gas & Electric Corporation." (P.D. Reg. 1 as amended, 6 F.R. 680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2796; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:38 a. m.]

**PART 1130—ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES**

**GENERAL LIMITATION ORDER L-65**

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of electrical resistance material and other materials for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is

deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 130.1 *General Limitation Order L-65*—(a) *Definitions.* For the purposes of this Order:

(1) "Electrical appliances" means:

(i) Any domestic or commercial appliances which

(a) have as functional parts electrical heating elements of a total rated wattage not in excess of 2500 watts, or

(b) are powered by an electrical vibrator or electrical fractional horsepower motor, and

(ii) Heating units (of any wattage) to be incorporated in electrical appliances or in new domestic electric ranges.

"Electrical appliances" include articles listed in Schedule "A" attached hereto, but that list is not intended to be exhaustive and all appliances coming within the foregoing definition are to be considered "Electrical appliances" for the purpose of this Order, except the following: laundry equipment, vacuum cleaners, refrigerating and air conditioning equipment, commercial dishwashing equipment, fans and electric heating pads, as well as record-players, oil furnaces, vending and gaming machines, clocks, motion picture projectors and other photographic equipment, and other electrical items which are not customarily classified as domestic or commercial electrical appliances.

(2) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures parts for electrical appliances as well as any person who produces finished electrical appliances whether or not he manufactures any parts therefor.

(3) "Factory sales value" means the aggregate value of shipments of electrical appliances at regular manufacturers' selling prices.

(4) "Electrical resistance material" means material to be incorporated in electrical appliances in the form of ribbon or wire in which either nickel or chromium, or both, are used to create electrical resistance for the development of heat.

(b) *General restrictions.* (1) From his inventory of electrical resistance material on the effective date of this Order, each manufacturer shall

(i) First, set aside sufficient electrical resistance material to fill all orders on hand on said date bearing a preference rating of A-10 or higher;

(ii) Next, set aside and hold as a reserve for future disposition by the War Production Board 15 percent by weight of his balance of such electrical resistance material (This reserve shall be composed, if possible, of "A" grade round wire containing approximately 80 percent nickel and 20 percent chromium, but if sufficient stocks of "A" wire are unavailable the balance of the reserve shall be composed of "C" grade round wire containing approximately 65 percent nickel, 15 percent chromium, and the balance iron);

(iii) Next, at his option, set aside sufficient electrical resistance material to

complete the electrical appliances, the production of which is permitted under the terms of paragraph (b) (4);

(iv) Next, at his option, set aside a reserve of electrical resistance material for replacement parts for electrical appliances not to exceed one and one-half times by weight the amount of such material used for such purposes in 1940; and

(v) Finally, set aside all remaining electrical resistance material for future disposition by the War Production Board, except that a manufacturer may sell to other manufacturers additional quantities of electrical resistance material needed by them to complete production of electrical appliances permitted them under the provisions of paragraph (b) (4).

(2) During the period from the effective date of this Order to May 31, 1942, inclusive, no manufacturer in the production of electrical appliances shall

(i) Put into process any tin in pig or block form;

(ii) Use any alloy steel, copper or copper base alloy that was not processed beyond the first blanking stage on the effective date of this Order; or

(iii) Use any aluminum that was not processed beyond the first blanking stage or case in final form on the effective date of this Order.

(3) During the period from April 1, 1942, to May 31, 1942, inclusive, no manufacturer shall use in the production of electrical appliances any nickel for plating.

(4) During the period from the effective date of this Order to May 31, 1942, inclusive, no manufacturer shall produce electrical appliances (except under orders or contracts bearing preference ratings of A-10 or higher)

(i) Having a total factory sales value greater than 25 per cent of the total factory sales value of electrical appliances produced by him in the calendar year 1941; or

(ii) Containing more electrical resistance material by weight than 15 per cent of the aggregate weight of such material contained in the electrical appliances produced by him in the calendar year 1941.

(5) Effective June 1, 1942, no manufacturer shall produce any electrical appliances except in fulfillment of orders or contracts bearing preference ratings higher than A-2.

(6) The restrictions of paragraphs (b) (4) and (b) (5) shall not be construed to limit in any way the manufacture of replacement parts for electrical appliances.

(c) *Inventory restrictions.* No manufacturer shall receive delivery of materials in the form of raw materials, semi-processed materials, finished parts or sub-assemblies for use in the manufacture of electrical appliances in a greater amount than is necessary for completion of production of the electrical appliances and replacement parts permitted under the terms of this Order.

(d) *Records.* All persons affected by this Order shall keep and preserve for

not less than two years accurate and complete records concerning inventories, production and sales.

(e) *Audit and inspection.* All records required to be kept by this Order shall, upon request, be submitted to audit and inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Production Board.

(f) *Reports.* Each manufacturer to whom this Order applies shall file a report on Form PD-370 with the War Production Board within 15 days of the effective date of this Order indicating

(i) His total inventory of electrical resistance material as of the effective date of this Order.

(ii) the quantities of such material reserved by him under each of the subdivisions of paragraph (b) (1), and

(iii) his proposed use of electrical resistance material from the effective date of this Order to May 31, 1942, as provided for under the provisions of paragraph (b) (4)

and such other reports and questionnaires as said Board shall from time to time request.

(g) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this Order or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including a recommendation for prosecution under Section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(h) *Appeal.* Any person affected by this Order who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him, or that it would result in a serious problem of unemployment in the community, or that compliance with this Order would disrupt or impair a program of conversion from non-defense to defense work, may apply for relief by addressing a letter to the War Production Board setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons why such person considers that he is entitled to relief. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(i) *Applicability of other orders.* (1) Except as provided in paragraph (f) (2), insofar as any other Order issued, or to be issued hereafter, limits the use of any other material in the production of electrical appliances, the restrictions in such other Order shall govern unless otherwise specified therein.

(2) During the period from the effective date of this Order to May 31, 1942, inclusive, the provisions of Conservation Orders No. M-1-e, M-6-b, M-9-c, M-21-d, and M-43-a restricting the use by manufacturers of aluminum, nickel, copper and copper base alloys, alloy steel and tin in the production of electrical appliances shall no longer apply to such production, but shall be superseded by the provisions of this Order.

(j) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1

(Part 944), as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provisions hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(k) *Communications.* All reports to be filed, appeals and other communications concerning this Order should be addressed to the War Production Board, Washington, D. C., REF: L-65.

(l) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect on the date of issuance, and shall continue in effect until revoked. (P.D. Reg. 1 as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

SCHEDULE "A"

"Electrical appliances" shall be considered as including the appliances listed below, but this list is not intended to be exhaustive and all appliances coming within the definitions contained in paragraph (a) (1) shall be considered "electrical appliances" for the purposes of this Order:

Electric Biscuit and Muffin Bakers.  
Electric Bottle Warmers.  
Electric Bread Toasters.  
Electric Broilers.  
Electric Casseroles.  
Electric Chafing Dishes.  
Electric Coffee Makers.  
Electric Corn Poppers.  
Electric Deep Fat Fryers.  
Electric Double Boilers.  
Electric Doughnut Cookers.  
Electric Egg Cookers.  
Electric Food and Plate Warmers.  
Electric Griddles.  
Electric Hotplates and Disc Stoves.  
Electric Ovens.  
Electric Percolators.  
Electric Roasters.  
Electric Sandwich Toasters.  
Electric Steam Tables.  
Electric Tea Tables.  
Electric Tea Kettles.  
Electric Table Stoves.  
Electric Urns.  
Electric Waffle Irons.  
Electric Fireplaces.  
Electric Faucet Heaters.  
Electric Immersion Heaters.  
Electric Unit Radiator Heaters.  
Electric Portable Air Heaters.  
Electric Fan Type Heaters.  
Electric Clothes Dryers.  
Electric Curling Irons.  
Electric Neckwear and Trouser Pressers.  
Electric Permanent Wave Equipment.  
Electric Hair Dryers.  
Electric Flat Irons.  
Electric Smoothing Irons.  
Electric Food Mixers.  
Electric Domestic Dishwashing Equipment.  
Electric Juice Extractors.  
Electric Dry Shavers.  
Electric Hair Clippers.  
Electric Massage Vibrators.  
Electric Cigar and Cigarette Lighters.  
Electric Hedge Clippers.  
Electric Soldering Irons.  
Heating Units for:  
Electric Ranges.  
Electric Water Heaters.  
Electric Ironers.  
Electric Radiant Heaters.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2798; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:37 a. m.]

PART 1132—PRINTING INK

CONSERVATION ORDER M-53

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of materials, for the production of printing inks, for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1132.1 Conservation order M-53—

(a) *Definitions.* For the purpose of this Order:

(1) "Producer" means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, or other form of business enterprise engaged in the manufacture of printing inks for sale to others or for his own consumption, but does not include the Government Printing Office or the Bureau of Engraving and Printing of the United States.

(2) "Supplier" means any person with whom a contract or purchase order has been placed for delivery of material to a producer or to another supplier.

(3) "Printing ink" includes any fluid or viscous material or composition of materials used in printing, impressing, stamping or transferring upon paper or paper-like substances, wood, fabrics or metals by the recognized mechanical reproductive processes employed in printing, publishing and related service industries.

(4) "News ink" means an ink made from mineral oil and no more than 15% carbon black, used in the production of daily and weekly newspapers.

(5) "Non-scratch ink" means an ink containing resins for the purpose of increasing hardness and reducing abrasion.

(6) "Class of organic pigment" means a basic chemical class of organic pigment such, for example, as Lithols, Red Lake C, and Toluidine.

(b) *Restrictions on deliveries.* (1) No producer shall in any calendar quarter, beginning with the quarter commencing April 1, 1942, accept delivery of a quantity of any one of the following materials (whether in the form of dry color or of dry or wet dispersions) in excess of seventy percent (70%) of one quarter of his use and consumption of such one material in 1941:

Chrome Yellows and Oranges  
Molybdate Orange  
Chrome Green  
Orange Mineral

(2) No producer shall in any calendar quarter, beginning with the quarter commencing April 1, 1942, accept delivery of a quantity of any one class of organic pigment (whether in the form of dry color or of dry or wet dispersions) in excess of seventy percent (70%) of one quarter of his use and consumption of such one class in 1941.

(3) No producer shall in any calendar quarter beginning with the quarter commencing April 1, 1942, accept delivery of a quantity of any iron blue (whether in the form of dry color or of dry or wet dispersions) in excess of one hundred percent (100%) of one quarter of his

use and consumption of such material in 1941.

(4) The fact that any of the foregoing materials may have been purchased with the aid of a preference rating shall not enlarge or otherwise affect the restrictions on deliveries provided for by this paragraph (b).

(c) *Restrictions on use.* In the manufacture of printing ink, no producer shall:

(1) Use in any calendar quarter, beginning with the quarter commencing April 1, 1942, any one of the materials listed in paragraph (b) hereof (or in the case of organic pigments, any one class of organic pigment) in excess of the rate at which delivery of any such material (or class of organic pigment) is permitted by such paragraph (b).

(2) Use any oil soluble toner in any black ink, nor a toner of any form in news ink.

(3) Use any alkali blue or other organic toner as a toner for black ink in excess of eight percent (8%), by weight, of such black ink where such alkali blue or other organic toner is in paste form or, where in the form of dry color, then in excess of four percent (4%), by weight, of such black ink.

(4) Use any glycerol phthalate resins or phenolic resins for the production of any gloss ink, non-scratch ink or gloss overprint varnish.

(d) *Prohibitions against sales or deliveries of materials.* No person shall hereafter sell or deliver any of the materials named in paragraph (b) hereof to any other person if he knows or has reason to believe such material is to be used in violation of the terms of this Order.

(e) *Miscellaneous provisions—*(1) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1 (Part 944), as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(2) *Violations or false statements.* Any person who wilfully violates any provision of this Order, or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order, may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any Material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including a recommendation for prosecution under section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(3) *Appeal.* Any person affected by this Order who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him, or that it would result in a degree of unemployment which would be unreasonably disproportionate compared with the amount of materials conserved, or that compliance with this Order would disrupt or impair a program of conversion from non-defense to defense work, may appeal to the Director of Industry Operations on Form PD-344. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(4) *Communications to War Production Board.* All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this Order, shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Washington, D. C. Ref.: M-53.

(5) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect immediately. (P.D. Reg. 1 as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,

Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2790; Filed, March 30, 1942; 11:32 a. m.]

#### PART 1132—PRINTING INK

##### PREFERENCE RATING ORDER P-94

§ 1132.2 *Preference Rating Order P-94.* For the purpose of facilitating the acquisition of Material for the production of Printing Inks in the public interest and to promote the national defense, preference ratings are hereby assigned to deliveries to the Producer of Printing Ink and to deliveries to his Suppliers, upon the following terms:

(a) *Definitions.* (1) "Producer" means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, or other form of business enterprise engaged in the manufacture of Printing Ink for sale to others or for his own consumption, but does not include a manufacturer of wall-paper.

(2) "Supplier" means any person with whom a contract or purchase order has been placed for delivery of Material to the Producer or to another Supplier.

(3) "Ink Materials" means Chrome Yellows and Oranges, Molybdate Orange, Chrome Green, Orange Mineral, Iron Blues and Organic Pigments (in each case whether in the form of dry color or of dry or wet dispersions) and Easter Gum and Zincated Rosin. The term does not include any Vat Dye Pigments or Phthalocyanine Pigments.

(4) "Printing Ink" includes any fluid or viscous material or composition of materials used in printing, empressing, stamping or transferring upon paper or paper-like substances, wood, fabrics or metals by the recognized mechanical reproductive processes employed in printing, publishing and related service industries.

(5) "Class of Organic Pigment" means a basic chemical class of Organic Pigment such, for example, as Lithols, Red Lake C, and Toluidine.

(b) *Assignment of preference rating.* Preference rating A-5 is hereby assigned:

(1) To deliveries to the Producer by his Supplier of Ink Materials, subject to the limitation of paragraph (f) hereof, entering into the production of Printing Ink;

(2) Deliveries to any Supplier of Material which will be delivered by him or by another Supplier to the Producer and will either be physically incorporated in,

or, being a chemical, be used in the chemical processing of Ink Materials which will be delivered to the Producer under a rating assigned hereunder, or which will be used within the limitations of paragraph (d) (2) hereof to replace in such Supplier's inventory material so delivered.

(c) *Persons entitled to apply preference rating.* The preference rating hereby assigned, in the manner and to the extent hereby authorized, may be applied by:

(1) The Producer;

(2) Any Supplier who has received from a Producer or another Supplier a purchase order or contract to which such Producer or other Supplier has applied the rating hereby assigned and which such Supplier, subject to paragraphs (b) (2) and (d) (2) hereof, is entitled to extend.

(d) *Restrictions on use of rating—(1) Restrictions on producer.* The Producer may apply the rating only to those quantities of Ink Materials that are authorized by paragraph (f) hereof.

(2) *Restrictions on supplier.* (i) No Supplier may apply the rating to obtain material in greater quantities or on earlier dates than required to enable him to make a rated delivery on schedule or to replace in his inventory material so delivered. If he has an inventory of such material, he shall not be deemed to require such material if he can make his rated delivery and retain a practicable minimum working inventory.

(ii) A Supplier who supplies material which has been manufactured, processed, assembled or otherwise physically changed by him, may not apply the rating to restore his inventory to a practicable working minimum unless he applies the rating before completion by him of the rated delivery which reduces his inventory below such minimum.

(iii) A Supplier who deals in material without manufacturing, processing, assembling or otherwise physically changing the same, may delay applying ratings to purchase orders to be placed by him until he has accumulated such purchase orders to the extent necessary to place a purchase order for the minimum quantity procurable on his customary terms, provided that he shall not apply any rating more than three months after it is applied to the related delivery to be made by him.

(e) *Application of preference rating and procedure in placing rated orders.*

(1) The Producer or any Supplier, in order to apply the preference rating assigned hereunder to deliveries to him, must endorse on each purchase order or contract a statement in the following form, signed manually or as provided in Priorities Regulation No. 7 (§ 944.27) by a duly authorized official:

Preference Rating A-5 authorized by Preference Rating Order No. P-94, with the terms of which Order the undersigned is familiar.

(Name of producer or supplier)

By \_\_\_\_\_  
(Duly authorized official)

Such endorsement shall constitute a representative to the War Production Board

and the Supplier to whom the purchase order or contract is delivered that such purchase order or contract is duly rated in accordance herewith. Such Supplier to whom the purchase order or contract is delivered shall be entitled to rely on such representation, unless he has reason to believe it to be false.

(2) A Supplier who has received from two or more Producers or Suppliers endorsed purchase orders or contracts for material to the delivery of which the same rating has been applied in accordance with this order, may (within the limitations of paragraph (d) hereof) include in a single purchase order or contract any or all of the material which he in turn requires to make his rated deliveries, but must specify in the endorsement on such single purchase order or contract all the purchase orders or contracts which have been so received by him and to fill which he is applying the preference rating.

(3) Each Producer and each Supplier wishing to obtain material under the rating assigned by this order shall apply in the first instance to his regular Supplier or if such Producer or Supplier has more than one regular Supplier, then to his regular Suppliers in accordance with such Producer's or Supplier's normal business custom; but this paragraph shall not be construed to prevent such Producer or Supplier, if unable to obtain material of the kinds and quantities desired from his regular Supplier or Suppliers, from applying elsewhere.

(f) *Limitation on amount of deliveries of ink materials under assigned rating.* No Producer in any calendar month commencing with April 1942 shall receive delivery of:

(1) A quantity of any one of the following named Ink Materials (whether in the form of dry color or of dry or wet dispersions) under a purchase order or contract to which he has applied a rating under this order in excess of fifty percent (50%) of his average monthly use of such one Ink Material in 1941:

Chrome Yellows and Oranges  
Molybdate Orange  
Chrome Green  
Orange Mineral

(2) A quantity of any one class of Organic Pigment (whether in the form of dry color or of dry or wet dispersions) under a purchase order or contract to which he has applied a rating under this order in excess of fifty percent (50%) of his average monthly use of such one class of Organic Pigment in 1941.

(3) A quantity of any one of the following named Ink Materials under a purchase order or contract to which he has applied a rating under this order, in excess of eighty percent (80%) of his average monthly use of such one Ink Material in 1941:

Ester Gum  
Zincated Rosin  
Iron Blues (dry color or dry or wet dispersions)

(g) *Records, audits and reports.* (1) Each Producer and each Supplier who applies the preference rating hereby assigned shall keep and preserve for a

period of at least two years accurate and complete records and information concerning purchases (including orders and deliveries) stocks on hand and sales of Material covered by each application of the rating, and shall submit from time to time for audit and inspection to representatives of the War Production Board concerning the matters referred to in paragraph (f).

(2) Each Producer shall on or before the 15th day of each month commencing with April, 1942 report to the War Production Board, Washington, D. C., on Form PD-345, listing among other things the Ink Materials received by him during the preceding month to which such Producer had applied the preference rating assigned hereunder, and the average monthly use of each such Ink Material during 1941. In addition to such report, each Producer and each Supplier shall furnish such information at such times with respect to such matters and on such other forms as may from time to time be prescribed by the War Production Board.

(h) *Restrictions on use of material obtained under the rating.* Each Producer must use the Ink Material delivered to him pursuant to the rating hereby assigned, or an equivalent amount of Ink Material in the manufacture of Printing Inks. In no event shall any Producer use Ink Materials delivered to him pursuant to the rating hereby assigned in violation of the provisions of any Conservation Order issued by the Director of Industry Operations.

(i) *Miscellaneous provisions—(1) Communications to War Production Board.* All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this Order, shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: "War Production Board, Washington, D. C. Ref.: P-94"

(2) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this Order or who falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any Material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including a recommendation for prosecution under section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(3) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1, as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(4) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect immediately, and shall continue in effect to and including June 30, 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, as amended 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527;

sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2785; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:29 a. m.]

#### PART 1136—LAWN MOWERS

##### LIMITATION ORDER L-67

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of iron or steel for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1136.1 *General Limitation Order L-67—(a) Definitions.* For the purposes of this Order:

(1) "Lawn Mower" means a machine mounted on wheels or rollers used for cutting grass or weeds by means of the shearing or cutting action of a rotating, revolving, or reciprocating blade, but excluding machines used principally for harvesting or cutting crops.

(2) "Iron and Steel Used" means the aggregate weight of iron or steel contained in the finished lawn mowers.

(3) "Manufacturer" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not, engaged in the production of lawn mowers.

(4) "Production" means the fabrication or processing of material for lawn mowers or the assembly of finished parts into lawn mowers.

(b) *General restrictions.* From the effective date of this Order until June 30, 1942, no manufacturer shall use in the production of lawn mowers more iron and steel in the aggregate than either (1) three times 50% of the average monthly amount of iron and steel in the aggregate used by him in the production of lawn mowers during the twelve months' period from July 1, 1940 to June 30, 1941, inclusive, or (2) 50% of the total amount of iron and steel in the aggregate used by him in the production of Lawn Mowers during the period from April 1, 1941 until June 30, 1941, inclusive.

(c) *Prohibition of production after June 30, 1942.* No manufacturer shall after June 30, 1942, process, fabricate, work or assemble any materials for use in the production of Lawn Mowers, nor shall any manufacturer produce or assemble any Lawn Mowers after that date.

(d) *Avoidance of excessive inventories.* No manufacturer of lawn mowers shall

accumulate for use in the manufacture of such lawn mowers inventories of raw materials, semi-processed materials or finished parts in quantities in excess of the minimum amount necessary to maintain production of lawn mowers at the rates permitted by this Order.

(e) *Records.* All persons affected by this Order shall keep and preserve for not less than two years accurate and complete records concerning inventories, production, and sales.

(f) *Audit and inspection.* All records required to be kept by this Order shall, upon request, be submitted to audit and inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Production Board.

(g) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this Order, or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order, may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate including a recommendation for prosecution under section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(h) *Reports.* All persons affected by this Order shall execute and file with the War Production Board such reports and questionnaires as said Board shall from time to time request.

(i) *Appeal.* Any person affected by this Order, who considers that compliance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him, that it would result in a serious problem of unemployment in the community, or that compliance with this Order would disrupt or impair a program of conversion from non-defense to defense work may appeal to the "War Production Board, Washington, D. C., Ref: L-67", setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons such person considers that he is entitled to relief. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(j) *Communications to War Production Board.* All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this Order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Washington, D. C. Ref: L-67.

(k) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1 (Part 944), as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provisions hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(l) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect immediately. (P.D. Reg. 1 as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561; E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th

Cong. as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2799; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:37 a. m.]

PART 1138—ANTIMONY

GENERAL PREFERENCE ORDER M-112

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of antimony for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1138.1 *General Preference Order M-112*—(a) *Definitions*. For the purposes of this Order:

(1) "Antimony" means and includes:

(i) Ores and concentrates, including beneficiated or treated forms, commercially recognized.

(ii) Antimony metal, otherwise known as "regulus" and the element antimony in commercially pure form.

(iii) Liquefied antimony, sometimes known, respectively, as "needle antimony", "crude antimony", or "crudum", which is in any case the result of separating antimony sulphide from antimony ores by fusion, without essential chemical change.

(iv) Any alloy containing 50 per cent or more by weight of antimony, as defined in (i), (ii), and (iii) above.

(v) All chemical compounds containing antimony as an essential and recognizable component.

(b) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1*. This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1 (Part 944) as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(c) *Restrictions on deliveries*—(1) *Allocations*. Hereafter, no person shall deliver or accept delivery of antimony as defined herein except as specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations. The Director will from time to time allocate the supply of antimony and specifically direct the manner and quantities in which deliveries to particular persons and for particular uses shall be made or withheld. The Director may also, in his discretion, require any person seeking to place a purchase order for antimony to place the same with one or more particular suppliers. Such allocations and directions will be made to insure satisfaction of all defense requirements of the United States, both direct and indirect, and they may be made in the discretion of the Director of Industry Operations without regard to any preference ratings assigned to particular contracts or purchase orders.

(2) *Reports*. (i) Unless otherwise ordered by the Director of Industry Operations, and except as permitted by the provisions of paragraph (c) (2) (iii) hereof, no person shall be entitled to receive an allocation of antimony unless, not later than the 20th day of the month next preceding the month in which delivery is desired, he shall have filed with the War Production Board and with any supplier with whom he may place an order for antimony, an application on Form PD-381, and in addition shall have filed with the War Production Board a report on Form PD-380.

(ii) Every person who, on the effective date of this Order has in his possession or under his control a quantity of antimony as herein defined, in excess of 100 pounds (in antimony content), shall file with the War Production Board a report on Form PD-380 on or before April 20, 1942, whether or not such person applies for an allocation of antimony.

(iii) Any person who shall have filed with the War Production Board a report on Form PD-380 as required by paragraph (c) (2) (ii) on or before April 20, 1942, and who thereafter makes application in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c) (2) (i) for an allocation of 448 pounds or less of contained antimony, need not file a further report on Form PD-380 with such application; *Provided*, That such person's inventory of antimony for the calendar month in which delivery is requested on his application, including the quantity applied for, will not exceed 672 pounds of contained antimony.

(iv) Failure by any person to file an application as required by paragraph (c) (2) (i) may be construed as notice to the Director of Industry Operations and to all suppliers of antimony that such person does not desire an allocation of antimony for the succeeding month.

(d) *Special directions*. The Director of Industry Operations may from time to time issue specific directions with respect to the permissible kind or quantity of antimony in the composition of any material or product, and he may also in his discretion, direct the use of antimony-bearing lead scrap, secondary antimony-bearing lead alloys, or any other practicable substitute, in lieu of antimony in the production of any materials or products.

(e) *Restrictions on use of antimony in certain products*—(1) *Prohibited uses*. Effective July 1, 1942, no person shall use antimony in any form, including the antimony content of any alloys, scrap or secondary material, in the preparation, processing, or manufacture:

(i) Of pigments or opacifiers for paints, lacquers or enamels, including ceramic enamels.

(ii) Of toys, or decorative or ornamental objects or parts thereof.

(2) *Limitation on use in metals and alloys*. Hereafter, no person shall use more than 0.5 % by weight of antimony in the composition of any metal or alloy, unless a higher percentage of antimony content is required by specification, and in no event shall such antimony content

exceed by more than 0.5%, the minimum specified.

(3) *Limitation on use of new antimony for automotive batteries*. Effective July 1, 1942:

(i) The quantity of new antimony which may be used by any person in the production of alloys for automotive batteries shall be limited in any calendar month to not more than 7 per cent of the total contained antimony used by him for such purposes during the same period. (The balance of antimony required by such person in the production of such alloys shall be obtained from antimony-bearing scrap or secondary alloys.)

(ii) The antimony content of alloys used by any person in the production of grids for automotive batteries shall be limited as nearly as practicable to a maximum of 7% by weight, and shall in no event exceed 7.5% by weight.

(f) *General exceptions*. Where and to the extent the use of any less scarce material is impracticable, the prohibitions, limitations and restrictions contained in paragraphs (e) (1) and (e) (3) shall not apply to the use of antimony in the manufacture of any item which is being produced:

(1) For delivery under a specific contract or subcontract for the Army or Navy of the United States, the United States Maritime Commission, the Panama Canal, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Coast Guard, the Civil Aeronautics Authority, the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, the Office of Scientific Research and Development or for any foreign country pursuant to the Act of March 11, 1941, entitled "An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States." (Lend-Lease Act) if in any such case the use of antimony to the extent employed is required by the specifications of the prime contract.

(g) *Violations or false statements*. Any person who wilfully violates this Order, or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of materials subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including the making of a recommendation for prosecution under Section 35A of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(h) *General imports order M-63 unaffected*. Nothing contained in this Order shall be construed as altering or modifying in any way the provisions of General Imports Order N-63<sup>1</sup> applicable to antimony.

(i) *Communications to War Production Board*. All reports required to be filed hereunder, and all communications concerning this Order, shall unless otherwise directed, be addressed to the Antimony Branch, War Production Board, Temporary R Building, Washington, D. C., Reference: M-112.

<sup>1</sup> 6 F.R. 6796; 7 F.R. 206, 223, 2094.

(j) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect immediately upon its issuance, and unless sooner terminated by direction of the Director of Industry Operations, shall expire on the 31st day of December, 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 3 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March, 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2788; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:31 a. m.]

#### PART 1156—TOYS AND GAMES

##### LIMITATION ORDER L-81

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of iron and steel and other critical materials for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1156.1 *General Limitation Order L-81—(a) Definitions.* For the purposes of this Order:

(1) "Toy or Game" means any device, play thing, article, or material commonly referred to as a toy or game, including but not limited to dolls, doll accessories, stuffed animals, adults' and children's games, (including but not limited to playing cards, dice, poker chips, mahjong and Ouija boards), juvenile art sets and materials, juvenile craft sets and materials, juvenile science sets and materials, masquerade costumes or accessories, tricks, puzzles, puzzle sets, magic sets, children's play vehicles, Christmas lighting decorations (including but not limited to series circuit strings, parallel circuit strings, candles, wreaths, etc., for decorative purposes), non-illuminated Christmas tree ornaments or stands, sleds, models, model building parts, accessories or kits, and juvenile playground and gymnasium equipment (other than that used by clubs, schools, and institutions), but not including sporting goods or athletic equipment.

(2) "Class A Product" means any toy, game or any part made specifically for incorporation into such a toy or game containing critical material equal to more than 7% by weight of the toy, game or part. (Containers, fillers, wrappers, and other packaging materials are not to be considered as part of the product for the purposes of determining its weight.)

(3) "Person" means any individual, partnership, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency, or any organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not.

(4) "Critical material" means:

- (i) Iron.
- (ii) Steel.
- (iii) Zinc.
- (iv) Rayon.

(5) "Prohibited material" means:

- (i) Alloy steels (as defined in Order M-21-a).
- (ii) Chromium plating.
- (iii) Copper whether or not used for the conduction of electricity.
- (iv) Cork.
- (v) Silk.
- (vi) Urea Plastics.
- (vii) Phenolic plastics.
- (viii) Any organic or inorganic pigment or dry color other than: (a) Domestic earth colors, (b) Ultramarine blue, (c) Carbon black, (d) Lampblack, (e) Boneblack, (f) Titanium dioxide, (g) Lithopone,
- (ix) Perrilla oil.
- (x) Oiticica Oil
- (xi) Cellulose Esters or Ethers (except for banding and decorative purposes limited to a single coat covering not more than 10% of the surface area).
- (xii) Polyhydric Alcohols, combinations or modifications thereof (except where required in the formulation of permissible Cellulose Ester and Ether combinations under (xi) above).
- (xiii) Polybasic Acids, combinations or modifications thereof (except where required in the formulation of Cellulose Ester and Ether combinations permitted under (xii) above).
- (xiv) Acrylic acid or Acrylic derivatives.
- (xv) Vinyl Chloride, Acetate or Copolymer.
- (xvi) Solvesso #1.
- (xvii) Natural resins (except pine rosin and its derivatives).
- (xviii) Urea Formaldehyde or Melamine containing compounds.
- (xix) Trycresyl Phosphate, Triphenyl Phosphate, Dibutyl Phthalate, Diethyl Phthalate, and other chemical plasticizers other than raw or blown Caster Oil.
- (xx) Copper Naphthanate.
- (xxi) Antimony.
- (xxii) Tin.

(6) "To Use" means to fabricate, process, manufacture or assemble raw materials, semi-finished materials or finished parts in the production of toys, and games.

(b) *General restrictions.* (1) From the effective date of this Order until June 30, 1942, no Person shall put into process in the production of Class A Products more critical material which is in a raw material form than three times 25% of the average monthly amount of critical materials in a raw material form put into process by him in the production of such Class A Products during the calendar year 1941.

(2) From the effective date of this Order, no Person shall put into process any Prohibited Material which is in a raw material form for the purpose of using such Prohibited Material in the production of toys or games.

(3) From the effective date of this Order, no Person who manufactures toys or games shall sell, lease, trade, lend, deliver, ship, or transfer any Prohibited

Material which is in a raw material form to any person whatsoever, except pursuant to specific authorization of the Director of Industry Operations.

(4) From the effective date of this Order, no Person who manufactures toys or games shall procure or acquire any Prohibited Material in any form, or from any source whatsoever, if he intends to use such Prohibited Material in the production of any toys or games, except such Prohibited Material other than in a raw material form contained in the inventories of other persons who manufacture toys, or pursuant to specific authorization of the Director of Industry Operations.

(5) From the effective date of this Order, no Person who manufactures toys or games shall sell, lease, trade, lend, deliver, ship, or transfer any Prohibited Material in any form other than in a raw material form to any other Person, except:

- (i) if such Prohibited Material is contained in a completed toy, game or component part thereof, or
- (ii) such Prohibited Material is sold, leased, traded, lent, delivered, shipped, or transferred to other persons who manufacture toys, or
- (iii) pursuant to specific authorization of the Director of Industry Operations.

(6) No Person shall, after June 30, 1942, process, fabricate, work on or assemble any Prohibited Materials for use in the production of toys or games, or process, fabricate, work on or assemble any critical materials for use in the production of Class A Products.

(7) After June 30, 1942, no Person who manufactures toys or games shall sell, lease, trade, lend, deliver, ship, or transfer any critical material which is in a raw material form to any person whatsoever, except pursuant to specific authorization of the Director of Industry Operations.

(c) *Records.* All persons affected by this Order shall keep and preserve for not less than two years accurate and complete records concerning inventories, production, and sales.

(d) *Audit and inspection.* All records required to be kept by this Order shall, upon request, be submitted to audit and inspection by duly authorized representatives of the War Production Board.

(e) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this Order or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order, may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate including a recommendation for prosecution under section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(f) *Reports.* All persons affected by this Order shall execute and file with the War Production Board such reports and questionnaires as said Board shall from time to time request.

(g) *Appeal.* Any person affected by this Order, who considers that compli-

ance therewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him, that it would result in a serious problem of unemployment in the community, or that compliance with this Order would disrupt or impair a program of conversion from non-defense to defense work may appeal to the "War Production Board, Washington, D. C., Ref.: L-81", setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons such person considers that he is entitled to relief. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(h) *Communication to War Production Board.* All reports required to be filed hereunder and all communications concerning this Order shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to: War Production Board, Washington, D. C. Ref.: L-81.

(i) *Applicability of other Orders.* Insofar as any other order issued by the Director of Priorities or Director of Industry Operations, or to be issued hereafter by the Director of Industry Operations, limits the use of any material in the production of toys to a greater extent than the limits imposed by this Order, the restrictions in such other order shall govern unless otherwise specified therein.

(j) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected thereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1 (Part 944), as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provisions hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(k) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect on April 1, 1942. (P.D. Reg. 1 as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[R. F. Doc. 42-2795; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:36 a. m.]

#### PART 1172—ASBESTOS TEXTILES

##### CONSERVATION ORDER M-123

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of Asbestos Textiles for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1172.1 *Conservation Order M-123.*  
(a) Unless otherwise specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations, after April 4, 1942, no manufacturer of Asbestos Textiles shall deliver Asbestos Textiles except

(1) For use in the manufacture of industrial packings or

(2) On orders bearing a preference rating of A-10 or higher.

(b) *Applicability of Priorities Regulation No. 1.* This Order and all transactions affected hereby are subject to the provisions of Priorities Regulation No. 1 (Part 944), as amended from time to time, except to the extent that any provision hereof may be inconsistent therewith, in which case the provisions of this Order shall govern.

(c) *Appeals.* Any person affected by this Order who considers that compliance herewith would work an exceptional and unreasonable hardship upon him may appeal to the War Production Board, setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons such person considers that he is entitled to relief. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(d) *Communications.* All communications concerning this Order, shall, unless otherwise directed, be addressed to:

War Production Board, Washington, D. C. Ref.: M-123.

(e) *Violations.* Any person who willfully violates any provision of this Order, or who by any act or omission falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate, including a recommendation for prosecution under section 35 (A) of the Criminal Code (18 U.S.C. 80).

(f) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect immediately. (P.D. Reg. 1, as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 30th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2787; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:31 a. m.]

#### PART 1173—RUBBER YARN AND ELASTIC THREAD

##### CONSERVATION ORDER NO. M-124

The fulfillment of requirements for the defense of the United States has created a shortage in the supply of rubber for defense, for private account and for export; and the following Order is deemed necessary and appropriate in the public interest and to promote the national defense:

§ 1173.1 *Conservation Order No. M-124—(a) Definitions.* For the purpose of this Order:

(1) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association, business trust, corporation, governmental corporation or agency, or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not.

(b) *Restrictions on sales and deliveries.* Except as specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations, no Person shall, during the period beginning at 12:01 o'clock A. M. on March 29, 1942 and ending at 12:01 o'clock A. M. on April 30,

1942, sell or make delivery or purchase, order or accept delivery of any rubber yarn or elastic thread, except for the purposes of filling defense orders.

(c) *Restrictions on knitting, weaving and other uses.* Except as specifically authorized by the Director of Industry Operations, no Person shall, during the period beginning at 12:01 o'clock A. M. on March 29, 1942, and ending at 12:01 o'clock A. M. on April 30, 1942, knit, weave or otherwise process or use any rubber yarn or elastic thread, except for the purposes of filling defense orders.

(d) *Appeal.* Any Person affected by this Order, who considers that compliance herewith would work an exceptional or unreasonable hardship upon him, may appeal to the War Production Board, Washington, D. C. by letter or telegram, Ref: M-124, setting forth the pertinent facts and the reasons he considers he is entitled to relief. The Director of Industry Operations may thereupon take such action as he deems appropriate.

(e) *Violations.* Any Person who violates any provision of this Order and who by any act or conduct falsifies records to be kept or information to be furnished pursuant to this Order, may be prohibited from receiving further deliveries of any material subject to allocation, and such further action may be taken as is deemed appropriate including a recommendation for prosecution under Section 35 (a) of the Criminal Code (18 U. S. C. 80).

(f) *Effective date.* This Order shall take effect immediately. (P.D. Reg. 1 as amended, 6 F.R. 6680; W.P.B. Reg. 1, 7 F.R. 561, E.O. 9024, 7 F.R. 329; E.O. 9040, 7 F.R. 527; sec. 2 (a), Pub. Law 671, 76th Cong., as amended by Pub. Law 89, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March 1942.

J. S. KNOWLSON,  
Director of Industry Operations.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2786; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:30 a. m.]

#### Chapter XI—Office of Price Administration

##### PART 1301—MACHINE TOOLS

##### AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO REVISED PRICE SCHEDULE NO. 67<sup>1</sup>—NEW MACHINE TOOLS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this Amendment has been prepared and is issued simultaneously herewith.<sup>2</sup> New subparagraph (5) is added to § 1301.51 (a) and new paragraph (b) is added to § 1301.59a as set forth below:

§ 1301.51 *Maximum prices for new machine tools and extras.*

(a) \* \* \*

(5) *For Grinders, Inc., Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.* Notwithstanding any other provisions of this paragraph (a), on and after March 24, 1942, regardless of the terms of any existing contract of sale or other commitment, the maximum

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 1337, 2105.

<sup>2</sup> Filed with the Division of the Federal Register; requests for copies should be addressed to the Office of Price Administration.

price at which Fox Grinders, Inc. may sell, offer to sell, deliver or transfer three Special Chain Grinding Units to National Malleable and Steel Casting Company of Sharon, Pennsylvania, and the maximum price at which National Malleable and Steel Casting Company may buy, offer to buy, or accept delivery of said three Special Chain Grinding Units from Fox Grinders, Inc. shall be \$1,932.00 each.

\* \* \* \* \*  
 § 1301.59a *Effective dates of amendments.*

(b) Amendment No. 2 (§ 1301.51 (a) (5)) to Revised Price Schedule No. 67 shall become effective March 28, 1942.

(Pub. Law 421, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March, 1942.

JOHN E. HAMM,  
*Acting Administrator.*

[F. R. Doc. 42-2758; Filed, March 28, 1942; 12:50 p. m.]

PART 1301—MACHINE TOOLS

AMENDMENT NO. 3 TO REVISED PRICE SCHEDULE NO. 67<sup>1</sup>—NEW MACHINE TOOLS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this Amendment has been prepared and is issued simultaneously herewith.<sup>2</sup> New subparagraph (6) is added to § 1301.51 (a) and new paragraph (c) is added to § 1301.59a as set forth below.

§ 1301.51 *Maximum prices for new machine tools and extras.*

(a) \* \* \*

(6) *Stokerunit Corporation, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.* Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (a), on and after March 9, 1942, regardless of the terms of any existing contract of sale or other commitment, the maximum price at which Stokerunit Corporation may sell, offer to sell, deliver or transfer the machine tools or extras set forth in subdivision (i) of this subparagraph (6), and the maximum price at which any person may buy, offer to buy, or accept delivery of said machine tools or extras from Stokerunit Corporation shall be the price set opposite each such machine tool or extra in said subdivision (i):

(i) *Type of machine or extra.*

	<i>Maximum price</i>
2 Way 2U 2 #3 Spindles.....	\$6,830.00
1 Way 2U 1 #3 Spindle.....	3,995.00
#1 L1 1 #1 Spindle.....	1,785.00
3 Way 2U 3 #3 Spindles.....	9,140.00
1L3 1 #3 Spindle.....	1,930.00
#1 Standard 1 #1 Spindle.....	1,460.00
#1 Standard 2 #1 Spindles.....	1,780.00
No. 1 Spindle.....	290.00
No. 1L Spindle.....	320.00
No. 2 LD3 Double End 2 No. 3 Spindles.....	3,080.00
No. 2 D1 Double End 2 No. 1 Spindles.....	2,560.00

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 1337, 2105, and Amendment No. 2, *supra*.

<sup>2</sup> Filed with the Division of the Federal Register; requests for copies should be addressed to the Office of Price Administration.

	<i>Maximum price</i>
No. 2B Complete with 1 No. 3 Spindle.....	\$2,340.00
No. 2 Complete with No. 1 Spindle.....	2,185.00
No. 4 Spindle.....	475.00
No. 3 Spindle.....	370.00
1LD1 2 #1 Spindles.....	2,110.00
No. 1 LDS1 Double End 2 #1 Spindles.....	2,425.00
No. 1LDS 3 Double End 2 #1 Spindles.....	2,565.00

§ 1301.59a *Effective dates of amendments.*

(c) Amendment No. 3 (§ 1301.51 (a) (6) and § 1301.59a (c)) to Revised Price Schedule No. 67 shall become effective March 28, 1942.

(Pub. Law 421, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March 1942.

JOHN E. HAMM,  
*Acting Administrator.*

[F. R. Doc. 42-2759; Filed March 28, 1942; 12:50 p. m.]

PART 1301—MACHINE TOOLS

AMENDMENT NO. 4 TO REVISED PRICE SCHEDULE NO. 67<sup>1</sup>—NEW MACHINE TOOLS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this Amendment has been prepared and is issued simultaneously herewith.<sup>2</sup> Sections 1301.51 (a) (4) and 1301.54 (e) (1) are amended to read as set forth below:

§ 1301.51 *Maximum prices for new machine tools and extras.*

(a) \* \* \*

(4) *Niagara Machine & Tool Works, Buffalo, New York.* Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph (a), on and after March 10, 1942, regardless of the terms of any other provision of any existing contract of sale or other commitment, the maximum price at which Niagara Machine & Tool Works may sell, offer to sell, deliver or transfer the machine tools set forth in subdivision (i) of this subparagraph (4), and the maximum price at which any person may buy, offer to buy, or accept delivery of said machine tools from Niagara Machine & Tool Works shall be the price set opposite each such machine tool in said subdivision (i).

(i) *Type of machine tool.*

	<i>Maximum price</i>
#59 Single Crank Press.....	\$4,732
#612-G Double Crank Press.....	10,693
#310 Power Squaring Shear.....	2,600
All other machine tools in the line represented by the above machine tools.....	(*)

\* Prices adjusted in conformance with the adjustment made for each machine tool listed above, after such prices have been approved in writing by the Office of Price Administration pursuant to § 1301.54 (e) (1).

§ 1301.54 *Records and reports.*

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 1337, 2105, and Amendments Nos. 2 and 3, *supra*.

<sup>2</sup> Filed with the Division of the Federal Register; Requests for copies should be addressed to the Office of Price Administration.

(e) (1) *Niagara Machine & Tool Works, Buffalo, New York.* On or before April 15, 1942, Niagara Machine & Tool Works shall submit to the Office of Price Administration a report on all other machine tools in the line represented by #59 Single Crank Press, #612-G Double Crank Press, and #310 Power Squaring Shear, respectively, setting forth a complete description of each machine tool in each such line, the list price of each such machine tool in effect on October 1, 1941, and the proposed new maximum price for each such machine tool.

§ 1301.59a *Effective dates of amendments.*

(d) Amendment No. 4 (§§ 1301.51 (a) (4) and 1301.54 (e) (1) to Revised Price Schedule No. 67 shall become effective March 28, 1942.

(Pub. Law 421, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March, 1942.

JOHN E. HAMM,  
*Acting Administrator.*

[F. R. Doc. 42-2760; Filed, March 28, 1942; 12:51 p. m.]

PART 1306—IRON AND STEEL

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO REVISED PRICE SCHEDULE NO. 49<sup>1</sup>—RESALE OF IRON AND STEEL PRODUCTS

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of this amendment has been prepared and is issued simultaneously herewith.<sup>2</sup>

A new paragraph (r) is added to § 1306.157; a new paragraph (n) is added to § 1306.159; and a new § 1306.158a is added as set forth below:

§ 1306.157 *Definitions.*

(r) "Distress or stranded material" means any iron or steel products which:

(1) Were intended for an export shipment

(2) Were shipped to a port of exportation prior to March 1, 1942; and

(3) Have incurred charges for ocean freight, marine or war risk insurance or storage charges directly attributable to failure to secure shipping space as a result of war or of stoppage or diversion by act of a governmental agency in the interests of national defense.

§ 1306.159 *Appendix A: Domestic and export maximum prices for iron and steel products.*

(n) *Special provisions for certain export cases and for the sale of distress and stranded materials.* (1) (i) Despite the provisions of any other section of this

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 1300.

<sup>2</sup> Filed with the Division of the Federal Register; requests for copies should be addressed to the Office of Price Administration.

Revised Price Schedule No. 49, the maximum price on a sale for export by any person other than a producer of iron or steel products, for an inventory of iron or steel products which was actually acquired by the holder prior to December 15, 1941, shall be:

(a) The maximum price for an export sale as established by Revised Price Schedule No. 6 or Revised Price Schedule No. 49, exclusive of fees and commissions payable to an export agent or an export merchant; plus

(b) Storage or demurrage charges which have accumulated because of failure to secure shipping space as a result of war or of stoppage or diversion by act of a governmental agency in the interests of national defense; plus

(c) Commissions as stated in and subject to the conditions and limitations of paragraph (e), *Maximum prices for exports of iron or steel products*. Such commissions may be computed on the basis of the total of (a) and (b), above.

(ii) In the case of any export sale of inventory actually acquired by the holder prior to December 15, 1941, in which the invoiced cost of the inventory to the holder exceeds the maximum price established by (i) above, a petition for exception may be filed with the Office of Price Administration. Such a petition must clearly demonstrate:

(a) Actual delivery to the holder prior to December 15, 1941;

(b) Invoiced cost of inventory exceeding the maximum price established by (i) above; and

(c) The presence of unusual financial hardship resulting from inability to absorb a loss which would be occasioned by sale at the maximum price established by (i) above.

(iii) A brief statement of the details of any sale made pursuant to (i) above shall be filed with the Office of Price Administration within 10 days of such sale.

(2) (i) In the case of distress or stranded material, the maximum price which may be charged by any person other than a producer of iron or steel products for export to any place outside the territorial limits of the United States shall be:

(a) The export ceiling price as established by this Revised Price Schedule No. 49 or Revised Price Schedule No. 6 at the place at which the material is located, exclusive of any fees, commissions or charges for any export agent, export merchant, or other intermediary; plus

(b) Ocean freight and marine or war risk insurance incurred since November 15, 1941, to the extent actually paid on such material; plus

(c) Storage or demurrage charges directly attributable to failure to secure shipping space as a result of war or of stoppage or diversion by act of a governmental agency in the interests of national defense, not however to exceed 5% of the export ceiling price (as calculated without reference to this subparagraph (2)) at the place at which the material is stored.

(d) On export sales, commissions as stated in and subject to the conditions and limitations of paragraph (e), *Maximum prices for exports of iron or steel products*, may be charged. Such commissions in all cases shall be computed on the basis of ceiling prices without regard to this paragraph (r).

(ii) In the case of distress or stranded material, the maximum price which may be charged by any person for resale within the United States shall be:

(a) The domestic ceiling price as established by this Revised Price Schedule No. 49 or Revised Price Schedule No. 6 at the place at which the material is located, exclusive of any fees, commissions or charges for any agent, broker, or other intermediary, whether such agent, broker, or other intermediary act in a domestic or export transaction; plus

(b) Ocean freight and marine or war risk insurance incurred since November 15, 1941, to the extent actually paid on such material; plus

(c) Storage or demurrage charges directly attributable to failure to secure shipping space as a result of war or of stoppage or diversion by act of a governmental agency in the interests of national defense, not however to exceed 5% of the domestic ceiling price (as calculated without reference to this subparagraph (2)) at the place at which the material is stored.

(iii) The maximum price as established in (i) and (ii) may be an f. o. b. price at the place at which such material is stored.

(iv) In any case in which a sale is made pursuant to the terms of this subparagraph (2), a statement of the source of such material, the charges incurred upon it, and the destination and price actually charged shall be filed with the Office of Price Administration. Where a domestic sale is to be made, the statement shall include the name of the purchaser, the priority rating applicable to the sale, and an affirmation that the material so sold has not been otherwise allocated or set aside by the War Production Board. Where the sale is for export, the statement shall include a copy of the application for an export license, and a notation of the date upon which such application was granted, and the terms of any conditions imposed upon the grant of a license. Any such statement shall be in affidavit form.

(v) This subparagraph (2) shall affect only voluntary sales, and shall not affect the maximum price at which any iron or steel products may be requisitioned.

(vi) This subparagraph (2) shall be in effect until July 1, 1942, and shall be of null effect and validity after that date, unless specifically extended by the Office of Price Administration.

(3) Shipments which fall within the terms of both subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph (n) may be priced at the maximum price established under either, at the option of the seller.

(4) An exception to the export provisions of this Revised Price Schedule No. 49 may be granted by the Administrator either upon petition or upon his own motion, in any case in which a certificate is received by the Administrator from the Board of Economic Warfare, certifying that such exception is necessary for considerations of political or military necessity, or because of the requirements of economic warfare. Such exception may be granted by the Administrator upon such terms and conditions as shall appear reasonable under all of the circumstances.

§ 1306.158a *Effective dates of amendments.* (a) Amendment No. 1 §§ 1306.157 (r), 1306.159 (n), 1306.158a) to Revised Price Schedule No. 49 shall become effective March 28, 1942, except that §§ 1306.159 (n) (2) and 1306.159 (n) (3) shall expire July 1, 1942.

(Pub. Law 421, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 27th day of March 1942.

JOHN E. HAMM,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2728; Filed, March 28, 1942; 9:17 a. m.]

[Docket No. 3008-1]

PART 1308—NICKEL

ORDER NO. 1 UNDER REVISED PRICE SCHEDULE NO. 8<sup>1</sup>—PURE NICKEL SCRAP, MONEL METAL SCRAP, STAINLESS STEEL SCRAP, NICKEL STEEL SCRAP AND OTHER SCRAP MATERIALS CONTAINING NICKEL; SECONDARY MONEL INGOT, SECONDARY MONEL SHOT, AND SECONDARY COPPER-NICKEL SHOT

On March 19, 1942 the American Nickel Alloy Manufacturing Corporation, 50 Church Street, New York City, filed a petition for exception pursuant to § 1308.3a of Revised Price Schedule No. 8. Due consideration has been given to the petition, and an opinion in support of this Order No. 1 has been issued simultaneously herewith and has been filed with the Division of the Federal Register.<sup>2</sup> For the reasons set forth in the opinion, under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, and in accordance with Procedural Regulation No. 1,<sup>3</sup> issued by the Office of Price Administration, it is hereby ordered:

§1308.51 *American Nickel Alloy Manufacturing Corporation.* American Nickel Alloy Manufacturing Corporation, 50 Church Street, New York City, may sell and deliver, and American Manganese Steel Division of The American Brake and Shoe & Foundry Company may buy and receive 10,000 pounds of Inconel turnings imported by American Nickel Alloy Manufacturing Corporation, containing approximately eighty per cent nickel and fourteen per cent chromium,

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 1224.

<sup>2</sup> Requests for copies should be addressed to the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>3</sup> 7 F.R. 971.

at a price not exceeding 28.74 cents per pound of material, f. o. b. Brooklyn, New York.

This Order No. 1 shall become effective March 28, 1942.

(Pub. Law 421, 77th Cong.)

Issued this 28th day of March 1942.

JOHN E. HAMM,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2757; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
12:50 p. m.]

**PART 1347—PAPER, PAPER PRODUCTS, RAW MATERIALS FOR PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS**

**AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO REVISED PRICE SCHEDULE NO. 47<sup>1</sup>—OLD RAGS**

A Statement of the Considerations involved in the issuance of this Amendment has been prepared and is issued simultaneously herewith.<sup>2</sup>

The existing paragraph of § 1347.101 is designated (a) and a new paragraph (b) is added thereto and a new § 1347.109a is added:

**§ 1347.101 Maximum prices for old rags.**

(a) \* \* \*

(b) A contract for the purchase and sale of No. 1 Old Manila Rope at a price in excess of the maximum price herein established entered into prior to February 8, 1942 may be completed to the extent that the seller had, prior to February 8, 1942, at a price in excess of the maximum price herein established, (1) actually acquired physical possession of, and (2) made a contract to sell, such Rope: *Provided*, That all deliveries under such contracts are completed on or before April 15, 1942: *Provided further*, That the seller shall keep the following records with respect to all such contracts, the name of the purchaser, the date of the contract which is being completed, the contract price, the date of delivery of such Rope to the consumer, the amount of Rope acquired prior to February 8, 1942 to fulfill the contract, the date the Rope was acquired, the price of such Rope and the name of the supplier.

**§ 1347.109a Effective dates of amendments.** (a) Amendment No. 1 (§ 1347.101 (a) (b) 1347.109a) to Revised Price Schedule No. 47 shall become effective March 30, 1942.

(Pub Law 421, 77th Cong. 2d Sess.)

Issued this 28th day of March 1942.

JOHN E. HAMM,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2804; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:53 a. m.]

**PART 1363—FEEDINGSTUFFS**

**REVISED PRICE SCHEDULE NO. 73<sup>2</sup> AS AMENDED—FISH MEAL AND FISH SCRAP**

A statement of the considerations involved in the issuance of Revised Price

<sup>1</sup> 7 F.R. 1297.

<sup>2</sup> Filed with the Division of the Federal Register; requests for copies should be addressed to the Office of Price Administration.

<sup>3</sup> 7 F.R. 1348.

Schedule No. 73 as amended, has been prepared and is issued simultaneously herewith.<sup>3</sup>

The title, preamble, and §§ 1363.1 to 1363.10, inclusive, are renumbered and amended to read as set forth herein:

The Office of Price Administration has now completed its investigation of the fish meal industry. Upon the basis of this investigation it is the judgment of the Price Administrator that the maximum prices for fish meal established by Revised Price Schedule No. 73 are consistent with the standards and limitations of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, applicable to a permanent maximum price regulation. Accordingly, such prices have been continued in effect.

However, the Price Administrator has determined that Revised Price Schedule No. 73 should be amended to make certain minor adjustments and to clarify certain provisions. Moreover, the investigation disclosed that the prices for fish scrap, which is the raw material for fish meal, have risen in some cases above the maximum prices established for fish meal. In order to correct this situation, the Administrator has further determined that Revised Price Schedule No. 73 should be amended to establish maximum prices for fish scrap.

Should unwarranted price rises occur at stages of distribution not covered by Revised Price Schedule No. 73 as amended, appropriate action will be taken by this Office.

Therefore, under the authority vested in the Price Administrator by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942, and in accordance with Procedural Regulation No. 1<sup>4</sup> issued by the Office of Price Administration, Revised Price Schedule No. 73 as amended, is hereby issued.

**AUTHORITY:** §§ 1363.1 to 1363.12, inclusive, issued under the authority contained in Pub. Law 421, 77th Cong.

**§ 1363.1 Maximum prices for fish meal and fish scrap.** On and after March 28, 1942, no person shall sell or deliver fish meal or fish scrap, and no person shall buy or receive fish meal or fish scrap in the course of trade or business, at prices higher than the maximum prices set forth in Appendix A hereof, incorporated herein as § 1363.12, and no person shall agree, offer, solicit or attempt to do any of the foregoing, except that contracts entered into prior to January 20, 1942, providing for prices for fish meal higher than the maximum prices and contracts entered into prior to March 28, 1942, providing for prices for fish scrap higher than the maximum prices may be carried out at the contract prices. Maximum prices shall include commissions and all other charges and shall not be increased by any charges for the extension of credit.

**§ 1363.2 Exempt sales.** The provisions of this Revised Price Schedule No. 73 as amended, shall not apply to sales at retail.

<sup>4</sup> 7 F.R. 971.

**§ 1363.3 Less than maximum prices.** Lower prices than those set forth in Appendix A (§ 1363.12) may be charged, demanded, paid or offered.

**§ 1363.4 Conditional agreements.** No seller of fish meal or fish scrap shall enter into an agreement permitting the adjustment of the prices to prices which may be higher than the maximum prices provided by § 1363.12, in the event that this Revised Price Schedule No. 73 as amended, is amended or is determined by a court to be invalid or upon any other contingency: *Provided*, That if a petition for amendment (or for adjustment or exception) has been duly filed, and such petition requires extensive consideration, and the Administrator determines that an exception would be in the public interest pending such consideration, the Administrator may grant an exception from the provisions of this section permitting the making of contracts adjustable upon the granting of the petition for amendments (or for adjustment or exception as the case may be). Requests for such an exception may be included in the aforesaid petition for amendment (or for adjustment or exemption).

**§ 1363.5 Evasion.** The price limitations set forth in this Revised Price Schedule No. 73 as amended, shall not be evaded, whether by direct or indirect methods, in connection with an offer, solicitation, agreement, sale, delivery, purchase or receipt of or relating to fish meal or fish scrap alone or in conjunction with any other commodity or by way of commission, service, transportation, or other charge, or discount, premium or other privilege, or tying-agreement or trade understanding, or otherwise.

**§ 1363.6 Records and reports.** (a) Every person making a purchase or sale of fish meal or fish scrap (except purchases or sales at retail) in the course of trade or business or otherwise dealing therein after January 20, 1942, in the case of fish meal, and after March 28, 1942, in the case of fish scrap, shall keep for inspection by the office of Price Administration, for a period of not less than one year, complete and accurate records of each such purchase or sale, including the date thereof, the name of the seller or purchaser, the amount sold or purchased, the price paid or received, and the grade of fish meal or fish scrap sold or purchased.

(b) Such persons shall submit such reports to the Office of Price Administration, and keep such other records in addition to or in place of the records required in paragraph (a) of this section, as the Office of Price Administration may from time to time require.

**§ 1363.7 Enforcement.** (a) Persons violating any provision of this Revised Price Schedule No. 73 as amended, are subject to the criminal penalties, civil enforcement actions, and suits for treble damages provided for by the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942.

(b) Persons who have evidence of any violation of this Revised Price Schedule No. 73 as amended or any price sched-

ule, regulation or order issued by the Office of Price Administration or of any acts or practices which constitute such a violation are urged to communicate with the nearest field or regional office of the Office of Price Administration or its principal office in Washington, D. C.

§ 1363.8 *Petitions for amendment.* Persons seeking any modification of this Revised Price Schedule No. 73 as amended, or any adjustment or exception not provided for therein may file petitions for amendment in accordance with the provisions of Procedural Regulation No. 1, issued by the Office of Price Administration.

§ 1363.9 *Definitions.* (a) When used in this Revised Price Schedule No. 73 as amended, the term:

(1) "Person" includes an individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any other group of persons, or legal successor or representative of any of the foregoing, and includes the United States or any agency thereof, or any other government, or any of its political subdivisions, or any agency of any of the foregoing.

(2) "Fish meal" means clean, dry, ground tissues of undecomposed whole fish, fish cuttings, or fish scraps with or without the extraction of part of the oil.

(3) "Fish scrap" means clean, dry, unground tissues of undecomposed whole fish or fish cuttings with or without the extraction of part of the oil.

(4) "Grade" refers to the percentage of protein content per ton of fish meal or fish scrap.

(5) "Sale at retail" means a sale to the ultimate user: *Provided*, That no manufacturer, processor, or purchaser for resale shall be deemed to be an ultimate user.

(6) "Point of delivery" means f. o. b. conveyance at or in the vicinity of the buyer's warehouse or place of business.

(7) "Commercial distributor" means a person performing a recognized function in the physical distribution of fish meal or fish scrap: *Provided*, That no manufacturer or processor shall be deemed to be a commercial distributor of fish meal or fish scrap manufactured or processed by him.

(8) "Locality" means an area in which the seller customarily sells, sold, or would have sold fish meal or fish scrap at the same prices.

(9) In the phrase "similar amount to a similar purchaser" the word "similar" means that amount and that type of purchaser with respect to which the same mark-up applied or would have applied under the seller's trade practices on January 17, 1942.

(b) Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions set forth in Section 302 of the Emergency Price Control Act of 1942 shall apply to other terms used herein.

§ 1363.10 *Effective date of Price Schedule No. 73.* This schedule (§§ 1363.1 to

1363.10, inclusive) shall become effective January 20, 1942.\*

§ 1363.11 *Effective dates of amendments.* (a) This Revised Price Schedule No. 73 as amended, (§§ 1363.1 to 1363.12, inclusive) shall become effective March 28, 1942.

§ 1363.12 *Appendix A: Maximum prices for sales of fish meal and fish scrap—(a) Maximum prices for sales of fish meal f. o. b. conveyance at fish reduction plant—(1) Maximum prices for sales of fish meal in new burlap bags.*

Guaranteed minimum percentage of protein	Pacific coast	Atlantic and Gulf coasts
	Dollars per ton	Dollars per ton
55.....	\$64.00	\$66.50
58.....	67.50	70.00
60.....	69.50	72.50
62.....	72.00	75.00
65.....	75.50	78.50
67.....	77.50	81.00
70.....	81.00	84.50

For sellers customarily guaranteeing percentages of protein other than those specified above, the maximum price per ton shall be calculated in the following manner:

(1) For Pacific Coast fish meal, multiply the guaranteed minimum percentage of protein by one dollar and sixteen cents (\$1.16) and round to the nearest half dollar.

(ii) For Atlantic and Gulf Coast fish meal, multiply the guaranteed minimum percentage of protein by one dollar and twenty-one cents (\$1.21) and round to the nearest half dollar.

(2) *Maximum prices for sales of fish meal in used burlap bags.* To determine the maximum price per ton for fish meal sold in used burlap bags, deduct one dollar (\$1.00) from the prices specified in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph.

(3) *Maximum prices for sales of fish meal sold in bulk.* To determine the maximum price per ton for fish meal sold in bulk, deduct three dollars (\$3.00) from the prices specified in subparagraph (1) of this paragraph.

(4) *Maximum prices for sales of fish meal sold in bags other than burlap bags.* To determine the maximum price per ton for fish meal sold in bags other than burlap bags, and the cost of the bags at replacement value to the prices specified in subparagraph (3) of this paragraph.

(b) *Maximum delivered prices for sales of fish meal.* The maximum delivered price per ton at any point of delivery shall be the maximum price determined under paragraph (a) of this section, plus the transportation charge at the lowest established rate for the mode of transportation employed, for an identical shipment to such point.

(c) *Maximum prices for sales of fish scrap f. o. b. conveyance at fish reduction plant.* The maximum price for sales of

fish scrap f. o. b. conveyance at fish reduction plant shall be three dollars (\$3.00) per ton less than the prices specified in paragraph (a) of this section.

(d) *Maximum delivered prices for sales of fish scrap.* The maximum delivered price per ton at any point of delivery shall be the maximum price determined under paragraph (c) of this section, plus the transportation charge at the lowest established rate for the mode of transportation employed, for an identical shipment to such point.

(e) *Maximum prices for sales of fish meal manufactured at points other than fish reduction plants f. o. b. conveyance.* To determine the maximum price per ton f. o. b. conveyance for fish meal manufactured at points other than fish reduction plants, add three dollars (\$3.00) per ton to the maximum delivered price, determined under paragraph (d) of this section, for the fish scrap actually used in the production of such fish meal. The manufacturer shall at all times use first the quantities of each grade of fish scrap (or quantities equivalent thereto) which were purchased first.

(f) *Maximum delivered prices for sales of fish meal, manufactured at points other than fish reduction plants.* The maximum delivered price per ton at any point of delivery shall be the maximum price determined under paragraph (e) of this section, plus the transportation charge at the lowest established rate for the mode of transportation employed for an identical shipment to such point.

(g) *Maximum prices for sales of fish meal or fish scrap by commercial distributors.* The maximum price for fish meal or fish scrap sold by commercial distributors shall be (1) the maximum price established under paragraphs (a) to (f) of this section, inclusive, whichever is applicable, plus the mark-up in terms of dollars per ton charged or that would have been charged by the seller on January 17, 1942, in selling in the same locality the same grade of fish meal or fish scrap in a similar amount to a similar purchaser or (2) if purchased from another commercial distributor, the maximum price established under (1) above, plus the mark-up in terms of dollars per ton charged or that would have been charged by the seller on January 17, 1942, in selling in the same locality the same grade of fish meal or fish scrap in a similar amount to a similar purchaser.

(h) *Maximum prices for sales of imported fish meal or fish scrap.* In computing the maximum prices for fish meal and fish scrap imported from outside of the several States of the United States, the term "fish reduction plant" in subparagraphs (a) and (c) of this section, shall be deemed to read "United States port of entry."

Issued this 27th day of March 1942.

JOHN E. HAMM,  
Acting Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2727; Filed, March 28, 1942; 9:16 a. m.]

\*7 F. R. 401.

**TITLE 33—NAVIGATION AND NAVIGABLE WATERS**

**Chapter I—Coast Guard, Department of the Navy**

**PART 9—GENERAL LICENSES FOR MOVEMENTS OF VESSELS WITHIN, OR DEPARTURE FROM, TERRITORIAL WATERS**

By virtue of the authority vested in me by § 6.6 (d) of this Chapter (6 F.R. 5222), General License No. 1 (6 F.R. 5342), as amended, is hereby further amended by adding a new subparagraph (4) to paragraph (d) thereof, reading as follows:

§ 9.1 General License No. 1.

(d) \* \* \*

(4) That all vessels shall comply with instructions and orders issued by a United States routing officer, commander of a sea frontier, or other competent Naval authority of the United States or of any of the United Nations, concerning routes of any voyage, darkening of ship, use of radio equipment, or other security measures. Failure of any vessel to comply with any such instruction or order shall constitute basis for excluding such vessel from the provisions of this license by the Commandant of the Coast Guard.

R. R. WAESCHE,

Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard.

Approved:

FRANK KNOX,  
Secretary of the Navy.

MARCH 19, 1942.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2740; Filed, March 28, 1942; 9:29 a. m.]

**Chapter II—Corps of Engineers, War Department**

**PART 204—DANGER ZONE REGULATIONS<sup>1</sup> SAVANNAH AIR BASE**

Pursuant to the provisions of section 7 of the River and Harbor Act of August 8, 1917 (40 Stat. 266; 33 U.S.C. 1), the following three additional areas are established to be governed by the regulations for the use and navigation of the waters of the Atlantic Ocean off Wassaw and Doboy Islands, Georgia as defined in § 204.81 of the Danger Zone Regulations:

§204.81 *Waters of Atlantic Ocean; Savannah Air Base, aerial gunnery range between Wassaw Island—Doboy Island, Ga.*—(a) *The danger zone.* (1) \* \* \*

(2) The range includes the waters in three circular areas each having a diameter of two miles; the centers of the areas located as follows: Latitude 31° 47'30" N., Longitude 81° 01'45" W.; Latitude 31° 38' N., Longitude 81° 06'15" W.; Latitude 31° 27'45" N., Longitude 81° 11'15" W.<sup>2</sup> (Sec. 7, River and Harbor

<sup>1</sup> §204.81 (a) (2) is added.

<sup>2</sup> Chart filed as part of the original document.

Act, Aug. 8, 1917, 40 Stat. 266; 33 U.S.C. 1) [Regs. March 16, 1942. (C. E. 7195 Atlantic Ocean—Georgia)—5]

[SEAL]

J. A. ULIO,  
Major General,  
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2729; Filed, March 28, 1942; 10:30 a. m.]

**TITLE 33—NAVIGATION AND NAVIGABLE WATERS**

**Chapter III—Coast Guard: Inspection and Navigation**

**TITLE 46—SHIPPING**

**Chapter I—Coast Guard: Inspection and Navigation**

**ORDER WAIVING COMPLIANCE WITH THE NAVIGATION AND VESSEL INSPECTION LAWS**

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the provisions of Executive Order No. 8976, dated December 12, 1941 (6 F.R. 6441), and Executive Order No. 9083, dated February 28, 1942 (7 F.R. 1609), I hereby waive compliance with the navigation and vessel inspection laws administered by the United States Coast Guard in the case of any vessel engaged in any business in which the Navy Department has an interest to the extent that the Chief of Naval Operations or the Commandant of the Naval District in which the vessel is operating finds, and so advises the appropriate officer of the Navy Department in writing or orally, to be necessary in the conduct of the war: *Provided*, That, if such advice is made orally it will be confirmed in writing immediately thereafter. The appropriate officer of the Navy Department will be the Commandant of the United States Coast Guard or such officer as may be designated by him.

FRANK KNOX,

Secretary of the Navy.

MARCH 6, 1942.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2742; Filed, March 28, 1942; 9:29 a. m.]

**ORDER WAIVING COMPLIANCE WITH THE NAVIGATION AND VESSEL INSPECTION LAWS**

Upon the request of the Secretary of War and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the provisions of Executive Order No. 8976, dated December 12, 1941 (6 F.R. 6441), and Executive Order No. 9083, dated February 28, 1942 (7 F.R. 1609), I hereby waive compliance with the navigation and vessel inspection laws administered by the United States Coast Guard in the case of any vessel engaged in any business in which the War Department has an interest to the extent that The Quartermaster General or the Superintendent of the Army Transport Service of any port from which the vessel is operating finds, and so advises the appropriate officer of the Navy Depart-

ment in writing or orally, to be necessary in the conduct of the war: *Provided*, That, if such advice is made orally it will be confirmed in writing immediately thereafter. The appropriate officer of the Navy Department will be the Commandant of the United States Coast Guard or such officer as may be designated by him.

FRANK KNOX,

Secretary of the Navy.

MARCH 6, 1942.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2743; Filed, March 28, 1942; 9:29 a. m.]

**TITLE 46—SHIPPING**

**Chapter I—Coast Guard: Inspection and Navigation**

**Subchapter G—Ocean and Coastwise: General Rules and Regulations**

**PART 62—LICENSED OFFICERS AND CERTIFICATED MEN**

**ORDER WAIVING COMPLIANCE WITH THE NAVIGATION AND VESSEL INSPECTION LAWS**

MARCH 21, 1942.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Executive Order No. 8976 dated December 12, 1941 (6 F.R. 6441), as modified by Executive Order No. 9083 dated February 28, 1942 (7 F.R. 1609), and in order that the licensed officers on board ocean and coastwise vessels may retain their licenses in their possession to avoid loss in case of shipwreck or other disaster, I hereby waive compliance with the provisions of Section 4446 R.S., as amended (Title 46, U.S.C., Section 232) to the extent hereinafter set forth:

So much of Section 4446 R.S., as amended, as requires the master, mate, engineer, or pilot employed on board ocean and coastwise vessels to place his certificate of license under glass, in some conspicuous place on the vessel upon which he is employed, is waived.

FRANK KNOX,

Secretary of the Navy.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2761; Filed, March 30, 1942; 8:58 a. m.]

**Subchapter K—Seamen**

**ORDER WAIVING COMPLIANCE WITH CERTAIN OF THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 4511 R.S. AS AMENDED**

MARCH 6, 1942.

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the provisions of Executive Order No. 8976, dated December 12, 1941 (6 F.R. 6441), and Executive Order No. 9083, dated February 28, 1942 (7 F.R. 1609), I hereby waive compliance with the provisions of section 4511 R.S. as amended (46 U.S.C. 564), and section 2 of the Act of June 19, 1886, as amended (46 U.S.C. 563), to the extent hereinafter set forth:

(1) So much of section 4511 R.S. as amended, and section 2 of the Act of June 19, 1886, as amended, as requires shipping articles to contain, in writing or

in print, particulars as to the nature of the intended voyage or engagement is waived, *Provided, That,*

(a) The description of voyages on articles of agreement signed covering the departure of vessels of all categories from United States ports shall read:

To a point in the \* Ocean to the \*\* of \*\*\* and thence to such ports and places in any part of the world as the Master may direct or as may be ordered or directed by the United States Government or any Department, Commission or agency, thereof, and back to a final port of discharge \*\*\*\* in the United States \*\*\*\*\* for a term of time not exceeding ----- calendar months.

## NOTES

\* Name of ocean  
\*\* Westward, eastward, southward, or northward  
\*\*\* Name of port (New York, San Francisco, etc.)  
\*\*\*\* Here may be inserted, if desired, such stipulations as: "And/or first loading port and/or bunkering port, and the locality where the voyage is to terminate".

FRANK KNOX,  
Secretary of the Navy.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2741; Filed, March 28, 1942; 9:29 a. m.]

### PART 301—INTERNATIONAL RULES FOR PREVENTING COLLISIONS AT SEA

#### ORDER WAIVING COMPLIANCE WITH THE NAVIGATION AND VESSEL INSPECTION LAWS

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Executive Order No. 8976 dated December 12, 1941 (6 F.R. 6441), as modified by Executive Order No. 9083 dated February 28, 1942 (7 F.R. 1609), and in order that owners, operators and masters of vessels and others concerned may comply with instructions and orders issued by a United States routing officer, commander of a sea frontier, or other competent naval authority of the United States or of any of the United Nations providing for the better security of vessels, including instructions and orders to dim or extinguish lights, I hereby waive compliance with the navigation and vessel inspection laws to the extent necessary to permit conformity with such instructions or orders.

FRANK KNOX,  
Secretary of the Navy.

MARCH 19, 1942.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2744; Filed, March 28, 1942; 9:29 a. m.]

### Chapter III—War Shipping Administration

[General Order No. 6]

#### PART 310—RULES FOR UNDERWRITING OF WAR RISK INSURANCE

Pursuant to the authority contained in the Act approved March 6, 1942 (Pub. Law 482, 77th Cong.), the following rules and regulations for the underwriting by the War Shipping Administration of war

risk insurance on hulls, cargoes and crew interests are hereby promulgated.

##### SUBPART A—GENERAL RULES

- Sec.  
310.1 Submission of risks.  
310.2 Requests for quotations.  
310.3 Expiration of quotations.  
310.4 Acceptance of quotations and evidence thereof.  
310.5 Attachment of insurance.  
310.6 Reservation of right to decline quotation.

##### SUBPART B—SPECIAL RULES APPLICABLE TO WAR RISK INSURANCE ON CARGO

- 310.11 Information required for cargo quotations.  
310.12 Time for shipment.  
310.13 Interruption or termination of transit.  
310.14 Special clauses.  
310.15 Cancellation of insurance.  
310.16 Coverage at intermediate ports.

##### SUBPART C—SPECIAL RULES APPLICABLE TO WAR RISK INSURANCE ON HULL

- 310.21 Information required for hull quotations.  
310.22 Time for sailing.  
310.23 Risks accepted subject to current rules, etc.  
310.24 Safe in port warranty.  
310.25 Fixed rates on fleets.

##### SUBPART D—RULES APPLICABLE TO WAR RISK INSURANCE ON CREW INTERESTS

- 310.31 Information required for crew interests quotations.  
310.32 Decisions of Maritime War Emergency Board.

##### SUBPART E—AMENDMENTS TO RULES

- 310.41 Incorporation of amendments in bulletins.  
310.42 Schedules of war risk rates.

AUTHORITY: §§ 310.1 to 310.42, inclusive, issued under authority contained in the Act approved March 6, 1942 (Pub. Law 482, 77th Cong.)

##### SUBPART A—GENERAL RULES

§ 310.1 *Submission of risks.* All risks should be submitted by letter or telegram addressed to the War Shipping Administration, Washington, D. C. and directed to the attention of the Wartime Insurance Committee. Where risks are offered by telephone, telegraphic confirmation must also be received by the Wartime Insurance Committee before any quotation will be made.

§ 310.2 *Requests for quotations.* Requests for quotations should be received by the Wartime Insurance Committee not later than 4:00 P. M. (Eastern War Time) on the date quotation is desired.

§ 310.3 *Expiration of quotations.* Unless otherwise stipulated by the Wartime Insurance Committee, quotations will hold good until 3:00 P. M. (Eastern War Time) of the first business day following quotation and will expire at that time if not accepted.

§ 310.4 *Acceptance of quotations and evidence thereof.* Acceptance of quotation must be evidenced by (a) telegraphic notice to the Wartime Insurance Committee filed prior to 3:00 P. M. (Eastern War Time) of the first business day following quotation, and (b) delivery of a certified check, cashier's check or money order, made payable to the War Shipping Administration and bearing the serial

number of the binder for identification, to War Shipping Administration, Washington, D. C., or any of the following district agents, managers and/or representatives: Baltimore, Md., Boston, Mass., Galveston, Texas, Los Angeles, Calif., Mobile, Alabama, New Orleans, La., New York, N. Y., Norfolk, Va., Philadelphia, Pa., Seattle, Wash., not later than 3:00 P. M. (Eastern War Time) of the first business day following quotation.

§ 310.5 *Attachment of insurance.* No insurance will attach until acceptance of risk has been effected as provided above.

§ 310.6 *Reservation of right to decline quotation.* The Administration reserves the right to decline to quote on any risk submitted, or to defer quoting on risks where prompt sailing of the vessel is not anticipated.

##### SUBPART B—SPECIAL RULES APPLICABLE TO WAR RISK INSURANCE ON CARGO

§ 310.11 *Information required for cargo quotations.* All requests for quotations, if forwarded by mail, should contain the following information: (a) Name of party to be insured; (b) Payee in event of loss; (c) Description and quantity of goods; (d) Identification of goods insured (i. e. marks and numbers, bill of lading number, or other specific identification); (e) Voyage to be insured; (f) Amount of insurance; (g) Name of vessel or steamship line, if known; (h) Anticipated date of shipment from point of origin; whether port or interior. *Requests for quotations made by telegram should not contain vessel's name or anticipated date of shipment,* but such information should be included in an air mail letter of even date and telegram should state that such a letter has been sent. Copy of said air mail letter should be attached to check delivered to Administration for payment of premium.

§ 310.12 *Time for shipment.* Risks insured by the Administration must be shipped and in transit within 30 days of date of binder, unless extension of this period is granted by the Wartime Insurance Committee.

§ 310.13 *Interruption or termination of transit.* If transit of goods is interrupted or terminated by the shipper, the consignee, or the assured, or any party acting under their instructions, the insurance shall forthwith terminate unless otherwise agreed on behalf of the Administration by the Wartime Insurance Committee.

§ 310.14 *Special clauses.* All insurances shall be subject to the following clauses, unless otherwise stipulated by the binder:

##### (a) Valuation of goods.

In event of loss the valuation of the goods insured hereunder shall not exceed the invoice cost, or if there be no invoice the value of the goods at time and place of shipment, plus transportation and insurance costs actually incurred with respect to the shipment, plus 10%.

##### (b) Not water-borne warranty.

Warranted that the goods insured hereunder have not become water-borne on overseas vessel on or prior to the date of this insurance.

Provided, however, That on shipments attaching in United States ports, the following clause may, upon application, be substituted for clause (b)

(c) *Good safety warranty.*

Warranted that the interest insured is in good safety in a United States port at day and hour of attachment of risk.

§ 310.15 *Cancellation of insurance.* Insurance once bound is not subject to cancellation unless the goods insured are not shipped and unless policies and binder are returned for cancellation.

§ 310.16 *Coverage at intermediate ports.* Where application therefor is made at the time insurance is bound, the Administration will consider granting, at additional premium, the following indorsement:

In consideration of an additional premium of \$\_\_\_\_\_ it is understood and agreed that Clause 4 (c) of this policy is deleted. It is further understood and agreed that if, owing to circumstances beyond the control of the Assured, the merchandise insured hereunder is landed at an intermediate port other than the intended port of discharge, this insurance shall continue in force subject to all of its terms until the Assured has had a reasonable opportunity to forward the goods to their intended destination, or substituted destination, or to dispose of said goods at port of landing. In the event that prior to the termination of this insurance said goods are forwarded to substituted destination as aforesaid this policy shall continue to cover, subject to its terms, to such substituted destination without further additional premium.

SUBPART C—SPECIAL RULES APPLICABLE TO WAR RISK INSURANCE ON HULL

§ 310.21 *Information required for hull quotations.* All requests for quotations, if forwarded by mail, should contain the following information: (a) Flag of vessel; (b) Name of owner; (c) Voyage for which quotation requested and anticipated number of days involved; (d) Amount of insurance requested and total value of vessel for war risk insurance purposes; (e) Statement as to commercial war risk insurance rates; (f) Name of vessel; (g) Expected sailing date. If such requests are forwarded by telegram, name of vessel and sailing date must not appear in the telegram; but such telegram must be supplemented by an air mail letter of even date providing such information, and the telegram must state that such a letter has been sent. Copy of said air mail letter should be attached to check delivered to Administration for payment of premium.

§ 310.22 *Time for sailing.* Vessels insured by the Administration must sail within 30 days of acceptance of risk unless an extension is granted by the Administration and an additional premium paid, if required, or unless some shorter period of time is stipulated by the Administration at time of quotation.

§ 310.23 *Rules accepted subject to current rules, etc.* All risks accepted by the Administration will be subject to the current rules, regulations, conditions and policy forms as prescribed by the Administration, and to the possession by the Assured of a United States Warrant, and

in certain instances of a British Ship Warrant.

§ 310.24 *Safe in port warranty.* Unless otherwise specially agreed, all insurances shall be subject to the following warranty: "Warranted vessel safe in port at time of attachment of this insurance."

§ 310.25 *Fixed rates on fleets.* Where an owner desires to insure all of his vessels, or all of his vessels operating in a stated trade, with the War Shipping Administration, the Administration will give consideration to naming fixed rates for all risks attaching within a period of 30 days or 60 days. Where such rates are named by the Administration they must be accepted within 48 hours or such other period as may be stipulated by the Administration. Thereafter, the owner has an obligation to report all such risks to the Administration but no insurance shall attach until such report is made and premium paid as hereinbefore specified. Such reports, containing name of steamer and attachment date, should not be sent by telegram but should be mailed in sufficient time to permit receipt by the War Shipping Administration prior to date of attachment of risk.

SUBPART D—RULES APPLICABLE TO WAR RISK INSURANCE ON CREW INTERESTS

§ 310.31 *Information required for crew interests quotations.* Insurances on crew interests must be submitted to the Administration in accordance with the rules specified for insurance on hulls but the request for quotation should include:

(a) Where crew life and dismemberment insurance is required, a statement of the total number of master, officers and crew and total amount of insurance desired; (b) Where insurance covering crew's personal effects is required, a statement of the total amount of such insurance desired, and (c) Where insurance covering owners liability for wages and emergency wages during repatriation or detention is required, a statement as to the annual payroll and as to the total amount of insurance desired. Where insurance is desired for more than one year's wages, the rate quoted by the Administration will be applied to the annual payroll.

§ 310.32 *Decisions of Maritime War Emergency Board.* Subject to the limits of insurance requested by the owners of the vessel in each case, insurances on crew interests will be in accordance with the decisions of the Maritime War Emergency Board, in effect at time of binding risk.

SUBPART E—AMENDMENTS TO RULES

§ 310.41 *Incorporation of amendments in bulletins.* Amendments to these rules and regulations will be incorporated in a series of bulletins which will be issued by the Administration from time to time and which will be numbered consecutively. Copies of these bulletins will be available upon request to parties properly interested therein. The foregoing rules and regulations will be incorporated in Bulletin No. 1 of such series.

§ 310.42 *Schedules of war risk rates.* Schedules of war risk rates will be simi-

larly issued by the Administration. Where special circumstances exclude particular ships or cargoes from the rates quoted in the bulletins, rates may be named upon application to the Wartime Insurance Committee.

By Order of the War Shipping Administration.

[SEAL]

W. C. PEET, Jr.,  
Secretary.

MARCH 16, 1942.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2715; Filed, March 27, 1942; 4:33 p. m.]

TITLE 50—WILDLIFE

Chapter I—Fish and Wildlife Service

Subchapter Q—Alaska Commercial Fisheries

PART 201—ALASKA FISHERIES GENERAL REGULATIONS

Section 201.5 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 201.5 *Time used in various fishing areas.* The time used in the various areas for the enforcement of the law and the regulations that specify hours and days shall be as follows:

(a) In the southeastern Alaska area: War time of the 135th meridian of west longitude, which is one hour slower than Seattle time (or Pacific war time).

(b) In the Bering River, Copper River, Prince William Sound, Resurrection Bay, Cook Inlet, Kodiak, Chignik, Alaska Peninsula, and Bristol Bay areas: War time of the 150th meridian of west longitude, which is two hours slower than Seattle time (or Pacific war time).

(c) In the Aleutian Islands and Yukon-Kuskokwim areas: War time of the 165th meridian of west longitude, which is three hours slower than Seattle time (or Pacific war time).

Section 201.9 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 201.9 *Traps must be made inoperative within 12 hours after close of season.* Within 12 hours after the beginning of any seasonal closed period, the wire on the entire long wall of the small heart from the pot tunnel to the first corner, on both sides, shall be cut down, and any lead within 50 feet of the small heart gap shall be cut down. Within 24 hours after the beginning of any seasonal closed period (a) the tunnels from pots to spillers of all traps shall be entirely disconnected, and (b) the spillers of all driven traps shall be raised to within 4 feet of the capping and the spillers of floating traps shall be raised to within 4 feet of the surface. With respect to traps not provided with spillers, the requirements with regard to spillers shall apply to the pots.

Section 201.15 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 201.15 *Trawls prohibited in fishing for certain species.* The use of any trawl in commercial fishing for salmon, herring, and Dungeness crabs is prohibited.

New sections, to be known as §§ 201.21a and 201.21b are hereby inserted, following § 201.21, to read as follows:

§ 201.21a *Protection of female and small male king or spider crabs.* No female king or spider crab (*Paralithodes*) shall be taken at any time in the waters of Alaska, and no male of this species measuring less than 5½ inches in greatest width of shell shall be taken for commercial purposes.

§ 201.21b *Native fishing rights.* No trap shall be established in any site in which any Alaskan native or natives has or have any rights of fishery, by virtue of any grant or by virtue of aboriginal occupancy, by any person other than such native or natives. Any native or natives claiming such rights may petition the Secretary of the Interior for a hearing with respect to the validity of such claim, and prior to any such determination such claimant and any interested parties desiring to appear in opposition to such claim shall have an opportunity to be heard.

PART 204—BRISTOL BAY AREA SALMON FISHERIES

§ 204.2 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 204.2 *Districts open to salmon fishing.* Commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited except within the following-described districts:

(a) Hagemeister district: Waters of Hagemeister Strait from 161 degrees 40 minutes west longitude to 160 degrees 38 minutes west longitude.

(b) Nushagak district: Waters of Nushagak Bay within a line from Point Protection to Etolin Point.

(c) Kvichak-Naknek district: Waters of Kvichak Bay within a line from Etolin Point to Middle Bluff Light on the eastern side of Kvichak Bay.

(d) Ugashik district: Waters between an east and west line at 58 degrees north latitude and the southern limit of the area at a point on the coast 3 statute miles south of Cape Menshikof.

Section 204.6 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 204.6 *Districts open to stake and set nets.* Commercial fishing for salmon with stake nets or set or anchored gill nets shall be limited to beach areas between high and low watermarks, exclusive of bars or flats that at low tide are not connected by exposed land to the shore or places not covered at high tide, and shall be confined to the following places:

(a) Nushagak district: Along the beach, except on the west side of Nushagak Bay from a point 2 statute miles south of Bradford Point to Coffee Point, and except along the east side of that bay from a point 2,500 yards southeast of Eku Bluff Light to Etolin Point.

(b) Kvichak Bay: Along the beach on the southeast shore of the bay from Prosper Creek to Coffee Creek.

(c) Naknek Bay: Along the beach on the north side of the bay from a point

1,200 yards above the drift gill net prohibitive markers to a point 1,500 yards outside such markers, and along the beach on the south side of the bay from a point 1,200 yards above the drift gill net prohibitive markers to a point 3,000 yards outside such markers.

(d) Ugashik Bay and River: Along the beach on the north side of the bay from Pilot Station to a point 500 yards south of Dago Creek, and along the beach on the east side of the river from a point 200 yards north of the Red Salmon Canning Co.'s cannery to a point 1,200 yards north of that cannery.

Section 204.20 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 204.20 *Waters closed to salmon fishing.* All commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited as follows:

(a) Nushagak Bay: All waters northward of a line from a marker 2 statute miles below Bradford Point to a marker on the opposite shore at Nushagak Point: *Provided*, That stake nets or set or anchored gill nets limited to beach areas between high and low watermarks will be permitted to the old prohibitive line from Snag Point to the old village on the east bank.

(b) Kvichak Bay: All waters above a line extending across Kvichak Bay from the Squaw Creek Light to a marker on the opposite side at Coffee Creek Point: *Provided*, That stake nets or set or anchored gill nets limited to beach areas between high and low watermarks will be permitted on the southeast shore from Prosper Creek to Coffee Creek.

(c) Naknek Bay: All waters within 1 statute mile of the mouth of the Naknek River: *Provided*, That stake nets or set or anchored gill nets limited to beach areas between high and low watermarks will be permitted on each side of the bay to a point 1,200 yards above the drift gill net prohibitive markers.

(d) Ugashik River and Bay: All waters above a line extending at right angles across said river 500 yards below the mouth of King Salmon River: *Provided*, That stake nets or set or anchored gill nets limited to beach areas between high and low watermarks will be permitted on the east side of the river from a point 200 yards north of the Red Salmon Canning Co.'s cannery to a point 1,200 yards north of that cannery.

PART 205—ALASKA PENINSULA AREA FISHERIES

SALMON FISHERY

Section 205.11 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 205.11 *Waters open to seines; size of seines.* Commercial fishing for salmon by means of any purse seine more than 200 fathoms in length and 350 meshes in depth is prohibited in the waters between Castle Cape and Cape Pankof, including Ikatan Bay and the waters of the Shumagin Islands.

Section 205.14 *Catch limitation, entrance point to Cape Seniavin*, is hereby revoked and deleted.

Section 205.15 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 205.15 *Open seasons, salmon fishing.* Commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian May 27 in each calendar year and during the remainder of each calendar year after 6 o'clock postmeridian August 10, except that beach seines and gill nets may be used from September 5 to September 30, both dates inclusive.

A new section, to be known as § 205.16a, is hereby inserted following § 205.16, to read as follows:

§ 205.16a *Gear restriction, Swanson Lagoon.* Commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited in Swanson Lagoon, except by means of gill nets.

Section 205.18 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 205.18 *Waters closed to salmon fishing.*

(b) Thin Point Lagoon, East Bay (Long John Lagoon), Kinzaroff Lagoon, Mortensen Lagoon, Big Lagoon, and Middle or Lambsport Lagoon: All waters within the lagoons and their streams and within a distance of 500 yards outside the entrance to the lagoons.

PART 207—CHIGNIK AREA FISHERIES

SALMON FISHERY

Section 207.4 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 207.4 *Length of set nets.* No set or anchored gill net shall be less than 50 fathoms or more than 75 fathoms in length measured on the cork line.

PART 208—KODIAK AREA FISHERIES

SALMON FISHERY

Section 208.4 *Size of mesh and length of beach seines*, is hereby revoked and deleted.

Section 208.5 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 208.5 *Operation of beach seines.* Beach seines shall be set from the beach only. No beach seine shall be set as a trap or as a lead and left without reasonably prompt completion of the seining operation. No beach seine shall be more than 200 fathoms in length.

Section 208.17 (*Closed season, Karluk fishery*), is hereby revoked and deleted.

Section 208.20 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 208.20 *Closed season, August 14 to September 1; exceptions.* Commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited from 6 o'clock postmeridian August 14 to 6 o'clock antemeridian September 1: *Provided*, That this prohibition shall not apply (a) to all gear on the west coast of Kodiak Island from Cape Alitak to Cape Karluk, (b) to beach seines and purse seines on the north coast of Kodiak Island from Cape Karluk to Cape Uyak, and (c) to set or anchored gill nets on

the north coast of Kodiak Island from Cape Uyak to West Point.

A new section, to be known as § 208.20a, is hereby inserted following § 208.20, to read as follows:

§ 208.20a *Traps prohibited, September 1 to 30.* Commercial fishing for salmon by means of any trap is prohibited in the period from 6 o'clock antemeridian September 1 to 6 o'clock postmeridian September 30.

#### PART 208—KODIAK AREA FISHERIES

##### HERRING FISHERY

A new section, to be known as § 208.24, is hereby inserted following § 208.23, to read as follows:

§ 208.24 *Closed seasons, herring fishing.* In the waters of Shelikof Strait southeast of a line extending down the middle of the Strait from the latitude of Point Banks to the latitude of Cape Alitak and in all contiguous waters, including the waters of Kupreanof and Raspberry Straits eastward to the western extremity of Whale Island and the waters of Shuyak Strait, commercial fishing for herring, except by gill nets, is prohibited from 6 o'clock antemeridian July 12 to 6 o'clock postmeridian July 18, from 6 o'clock antemeridian August 16 to 6 o'clock postmeridian August 22, and from 6 o'clock antemeridian September 20 to 6 o'clock postmeridian September 26.

Section 208.25 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 208.25 *Herring catch limitations; exceptions.* In the period from July 1 to October 15, both dates inclusive, the total take of herring for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, shall not exceed 150,000 barrels, upon the basis of 250 pounds per barrel, in the waters of Shelikof Strait southeast of a line extending down the middle of the Strait from the latitude of Point Banks to the latitude of Cape Alitak and in all contiguous waters, including the waters of Kupreanof and Raspberry Straits eastward to the western extremity of Whale Island and the waters of Shuyak Strait. In the period from October 16 of one year to June 30 of the succeeding year the total take of herring in these waters for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, shall not exceed 10,000 barrels, upon the basis of 250 pounds per barrel, of which not more than 2,000 barrels shall be taken in the period October 16 to November 15, both dates inclusive, and not more than 4,000 barrels shall be taken in any succeeding 30-day period.

#### PART 209—COOK INLET AREA FISHERIES

##### SALMON FISHERY

Section 209.2 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 209.2 *Open seasons, salmon fishing.* (a) Between the latitude of the established stream marker marking the south limit of the closed area around the mouth of Kasilof River at approximately 60 de-

grees 22 minutes 23 seconds north latitude to the latitude of Anchor Point Light, exclusive of all waters adjacent to Kalgin Island, commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian May 25 and after 6 o'clock postmeridian August 8 in each year: *Provided*, That this prohibition shall not apply to the use of gill nets from 6 o'clock antemeridian August 20 to 6 o'clock postmeridian September 10.

(b) South of the latitude of Anchor Point Light Commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian May 25 and after 6 o'clock postmeridian August 10 in each year: *Provided*, That this prohibition shall not apply to the use of beach seines or gill nets from 6 o'clock antemeridian August 22 to 6 o'clock postmeridian September 10.

(c) North of the latitude of the marker marking the south limit around the mouth of Kasilof River, as described herein under paragraph (a), including all waters adjacent to Kalgin Island, commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian June 25 and after 6 o'clock postmeridian August 8 in each year: *Provided*, That this prohibition shall not apply (1) after 6 o'clock antemeridian May 25 to the use of gear having mesh not less than 8½ inches stretched measure between knots, or to gill nets of which not to exceed 35 fathoms in use by any individual or on any boat may have mesh less than 8½ inches stretched measure between knots, and (2) from 6 o'clock antemeridian August 20 to 6 o'clock postmeridian September 10 to the use of gill nets.

Section 209.10 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 209.10 *Total aggregate length of set nets.* No set or anchored gill net shall exceed 35 fathoms in length measured on the cork line. The total aggregate length of set or anchored gill nets used by any individual or operated from any boat shall not exceed 105 fathoms. South of the latitude of Anchor Point, seine webbing not exceeding 30 fathoms in length may be used on the shore end of any set or anchored gill net between the lines of high and low water.

Section 209.16 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 209.16 *Areas open to salmon traps.*

(e) Along the west coast of Kalgin Island within 1,000 feet of a point at 60 degrees 21 minutes 33 seconds north latitude, 152 degrees 4 minutes 18 seconds west longitude.

(s) Along the mainland coast on the east side of Cook Inlet east of Flat Island within 1,200 feet of a point at 59 degrees 19 minutes 36 seconds north latitude, 151 degrees 58 minutes 4 seconds west longitude.

##### CRAB FISHERY

Section 209.34, *Protection of female and small male crabs*, is hereby revoked and deleted.

#### PART 210—RESURRECTION BAY AREA FISHERIES

##### SALMON FISHERY

Section 210.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 210.7 *Opening date for red salmon fishing.* Prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian May 25 in each year, commercial fishing for salmon with nets of mesh less than 8½ inches stretched measure between knots is prohibited.

#### PART 211—PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND AREA FISHERIES

##### SALMON FISHERY

Section 211.3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 211.3 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 125 meshes nor more than 350 meshes in depth, nor less than 90 fathoms nor more than 150 fathoms in length measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depth of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3½ inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

Section 211.12 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 211.12 *Areas open to salmon traps.*

(m) Mainland coast, near Knowles Head, within 2,500 feet of a point at 60 degrees 41 minutes 30 seconds north latitude, 146 degrees 40 minutes 22 seconds west longitude.

##### HERRING FISHERY

A new section, to be known as § 211.14, is hereby inserted following § 211.13, to read as follows:

§ 211.14 *Herring catch limitations, June 24 to August 20.* In the period from June 24 to August 20, both dates inclusive, the total take of herring for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, shall not exceed 25,000 barrels, upon the basis of 250 pounds per barrel, in the waters of the Prince William Sound area within a line from Cape Cleare on Montague Island to Cape Puget on the mainland, thence along the mainland shore to the point on the south side of the entrance to Falls Bay, thence to the eastern extremity of Storey Island, and thence to Zaikof Point, including also all waters contiguous to the

southeastern shore of Montague Island between Zaikof Point and Cape Cleare.

Section 211.15 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 211.15 *Herring catch limitations, August 21 to June 23.* In the period from August 21 to October 15, both dates inclusive, the total take of herring for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, shall not exceed 50,000 barrels, upon the basis of 250 pounds per barrel, in the waters of the Prince William Sound area within a line from Cape Cleare on Montague Island to Cape Puget on the mainland, thence along the mainland shore to the point on the south side of the entrance to Falls Bay, thence to the eastern extremity of Storey Island, and thence to Zaikof Point, including also all waters contiguous to the southeastern shore of Montague Island between Zaikof Point and Cape Cleare. In the period from October 16 of one year to June 23 of the succeeding year, the total take of herring in these waters for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, shall not exceed 10,000 barrels, upon the basis of 250 pounds per barrel, of which not more than 2,000 barrels shall be taken in the period October 16 to November 15, both dates inclusive, and not more than 4,000 barrels shall be taken in any succeeding 30-day period.

PART 212—COPPER RIVER AREA FISHERIES  
SALMON FISHERY

Section 212.6, *Identification of salmon-fishing boats*, is hereby revoked and deleted.

PART 213—BERING RIVER AREA FISHERIES  
SALMON FISHERY

Section 213.4 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 213.4 *Closing date for salmon fishing.* Commercial fishing for salmon is prohibited after 6 o'clock postmeridian September 18 in each calendar year.

Section 213.6 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 213.6 *Salmon fishing limited to drift gill nets.* Commercial fishing for salmon shall be conducted solely by drift gill nets without the attachment of anything to obstruct their free movement through the water at all times: *Provided*, That gill nets attached to anchored boats or other anchored floating equipment may be used from 6 o'clock antemeridian August 10 to 6 o'clock postmeridian September 18 in each calendar year.

PART 220—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA  
FISHERIES OTHER THAN SALMON

Section 220.3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 220.3 *Herring catch limitations; exceptions.* In any calendar month the total take of herring for commercial purposes, except for bait and except by gill nets, shall not exceed 2,000 barrels upon the basis of 250 pounds per barrel.

Section 220.10a, *Waters of Chatham Strait in which herring fishing is prohibited or restricted*, is hereby revoked and deleted.

Section 220.10c, *Herring fishing restricted in Sitka Sound*, is hereby revoked and deleted.

PART 220—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA  
FISHERIES OTHER THAN SALMON

SHRIMP FISHERY

Section 220.16 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 220.16 *Closed season, shrimp fishing.* Commercial fishing for shrimp is prohibited in the period from February 1 to April 30, both dates inclusive, in each year.

Section 220.17 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 220.17 *Protection of immature shrimp.* Not more than 25 percent of the number of shrimp in any box or container taken at any time for commercial purposes shall be less than 3 inches in length, measured from the tip of the horn to the tip of the tail.

PART 222—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA,  
ICY STRAIT DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 222.3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 222.3 *Total aggregate length of gill nets.* The total aggregate length of gill nets on any salmon-fishing boat, or in use by such boat, shall not exceed 250 fathoms hung measure. No gill net shall be less than 50 fathoms in length, and mesh shall be not less than 5 $\frac{3}{8}$  inches stretched measure between knots.

Section 222.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 222.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 350 fathoms in depth nor less than 150 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3 $\frac{1}{2}$  inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

PART 223—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA,  
WESTERN DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 223.3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 223.3 *Total aggregate length of gill nets.* The total aggregate length of gill nets on any salmon-fishing boat, or in

use by such boat, shall not exceed 250 fathoms hung measure. No gill net shall be less than 50 fathoms in length, and mesh shall be not less than 5 $\frac{3}{8}$  inches stretched measure between knots.

Section 223.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 223.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 350 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 200 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3 $\frac{1}{2}$  inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

Section 223.9 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 223.9 *Closed seasons, south of Point Couverden.* Commercial fishing for salmon, other than trolling, south of a true line eastward from the southeastern extremity of Point Couverden is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian July 5, from 6 o'clock post meridian August 18 to 6 o'clock antemeridian October 1, and for the remainder of each calendar year after 6 o'clock post meridian October 20.

PART 224—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA,  
EASTERN DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 224.3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 224.3 *Total aggregate length of gill nets.* The total aggregate length of gill nets on any salmon-fishing boat, or in use by such boat, shall not exceed 250 fathoms hung measure. No gill net shall be less than 50 fathoms in length, and mesh shall be not less than 5 $\frac{3}{8}$  inches stretched measure between knots.

Section 224.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 224.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 350 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 200 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3 $\frac{1}{2}$  inches stretched measure between knots. The

extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

Section 224.9 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 224.9 *Seasonal closing dates, salmon fishing.* Commercial fishing for salmon, other than trolling, is prohibited for the remainder of each calendar year after 6 o'clock postmeridian August 18: *Provided*, That this prohibition shall not apply to the use of drift gill nets in Taku Inlet from 6 o'clock antemeridian September 5 to 6 o'clock postmeridian September 30; *And provided further*, That this prohibition shall not apply to commercial fishing for salmon south of 58 degrees north latitude from 6 o'clock antemeridian October 1 to 6 o'clock postmeridian October 20.

PART 226—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, SUMNER STRAIT DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 226.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 226.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 350 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 200 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3½ inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

Section 226.9 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 226.9 *Closed seasons; exceptions.* Commercial fishing for salmon other than trolling is prohibited, except in Ernest Sound, Zimovia Strait, and Bradfield Canal, prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian July 20 in each calendar year, from 6 o'clock postmeridian August 22 to 6 o'clock antemeridian October 5 in each year, and for the remainder of each calendar year after 6 o'clock postmeridian October 25.

PART 227—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, CLARENCE STRAIT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 227.3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 227.3 *Total aggregate length of gill nets.* The total aggregate length of gill nets on any salmon-fishing boat, or in use by such boat, shall not exceed 250 fathoms hung measure. No gill net shall

be less than 50 fathoms in length, and mesh shall be not less than 5¾ inches stretched measure between knots.

Sections 227.7 to 227.11, inclusive, are hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 227.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 350 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 200 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3½ inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

§ 227.8 *Closed seasons, northern section.* Commercial fishing for salmon, other than trolling, north of a line extending from Narrow Point to Ernest Point is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian July 25, from 6 o'clock postmeridian August 28 to 6 o'clock antemeridian October 5, and for the remainder of each calendar year after 6 o'clock postmeridian October 25.

§ 227.9 *Closed seasons, central section.* Commercial fishing for salmon, other than trolling, between a line extending from Narrow Point to Ernest Point and a line extending from Approach Point to Caamano Point is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian July 20, from 6 o'clock postmeridian August 25 to 6 o'clock antemeridian October 5 and for the remainder of each calendar year after 6 o'clock postmeridian October 25.

§ 227.10 *Closed seasons, southeast section.* Commercial fishing for salmon, other than trolling, south of a line extending from Approach Point to Caamano Point and east of a line extending down the middle of Clarence Strait is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian July 20, from 6 o'clock postmeridian August 23 to 6 o'clock antemeridian October 5, and for the remainder of each calendar year after 6 o'clock postmeridian October 25.

§ 227.11 *Closed seasons, southwest section.* Commercial fishing for salmon, other than trolling, south of a line extending from Approach Point to Caamano Point and west of a line extending down the middle of Clarence Strait is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian July 20, from 6 o'clock postmeridian August 24 to 6 o'clock antemeridian October 5, and for the remainder of each calendar year after 6 o'clock postmeridian October 25.

Section 227.15 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 227.15 *Areas open to salmon traps.*

(n) Gravina Island: East coast (1) within 2,500 feet of a point at 55 degrees 10 minutes 30 seconds north latitude, including adjacent rocks, and (2) within 2,500 feet of a point at 55 degrees 12 minutes north latitude near the south side of the entrance to Bostwick Inlet.

(y) Prince of Wales Island: From the outer point of land on the north side of Kendrick Bay at approximately 131 degrees 58 minutes 25 seconds west longitude northward, including adjacent rocks, for a distance of 2,500 feet.

PART 228—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, SOUTH PRINCE OF WALES ISLAND DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Sections 228.7 and 228.8 are hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 228.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind except leads and unhung web for mending purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 350 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 200 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3½ inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 75 fathoms in length and having mesh less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots is prohibited.

§ 228.8 *Closed seasons, salmon fishing.* Commercial fishing for salmon, other than trolling, is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian July 25 in each calendar year, from 6 o'clock postmeridian August 29 to 6 o'clock antemeridian October 5 in each year, and for the remainder of each calendar year after 6 o'clock postmeridian October 25.

PART 229—SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA AREA, SOUTHERN DISTRICT, SALMON FISHERIES

Section 229.3 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 229.3 *Total aggregate length of gill nets.* The total aggregate length of gill nets on any salmon-fishing boat, or in use by such boat, shall not exceed 250 fathoms hung measure. No gill net shall be less than 50 fathoms in length, and mesh shall be not less than 5¾ inches stretched measure between knots.

Section 229.7 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 229.7 *Operation of purse seines and leads.* No salmon-fishing boat shall carry or operate more than one seine of any description, and no additional net of any kind, except one lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots and unhung web for mend-

ing purposes, shall be carried on such boat. The carrying of any additional seine or net of any kind on a boat towed by any salmon-fishing boat is prohibited. No purse seine shall be less than 175 meshes nor more than 350 meshes in depth nor less than 150 fathoms nor more than 200 fathoms in length, measured on the cork line. For the purpose of determining depths of seines, measurements will be upon the basis of 3½ inches stretched measure between knots. The extension to any seine in the way of leads exceeding 25 fathoms in length is prohibited. A lead having mesh not less than 7 inches stretched measure between knots may be detached from the seine.

Section 229.8 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 229.8 *Closed seasons, salmon fishing.* Commercial fishing for salmon, other than trolling, is prohibited prior to 6 o'clock antemeridian July 15, from 6 o'clock postmeridian August 18 to 6 o'clock antemeridian October 5, and for the remainder of each calendar year after 6 o'clock postmeridian October 25.

Section 229.15 is hereby amended to read as follows:

§ 229.15 *Areas open to salmon traps.*

(u) Tongass Island: West coast, including adjacent rocks, within 2,000 feet of a point at 54 degrees 46 minutes 36 seconds north latitude.

(Sec. 1, 44 Stat. 752; 48 U.S.C. 221)

The amendments contained in this document shall be in full force and effect immediately from and after the date of their publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

HAROLD L. ICKES,  
Secretary of the Interior.

MARCH 13, 1942.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2730; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
10:30 a. m.]

## Notices

### WAR DEPARTMENT.

RESTRICTIONS ON CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS INVOLVING PROPERTY IN WHICH CERTAIN FOREIGN COUNTRIES, OR ANY NATIONAL THEREOF, MAY HAVE AN INTEREST<sup>1</sup>

#### SECTION I<sup>2</sup>

1d *Netherlands East Indies.* Public Circular No. 17, Treasury Department, dated March 13, 1942, provides, among other things, that for the purpose of administering Executive Order No. 8389, as amended, and complying with the provisions thereof the Netherlands East Indies shall continue to be regarded as a part of the Netherlands and not as a part of the territory of any other

<sup>1</sup> 6 F.R. 5701.

<sup>2</sup> Par. 1d is added.

blocked country (7 F.R. 2083) (R.S. 161; 5 U.S.C. 22) [Proc. Cir. 25, W.D., March 25, 1942]

[SEAL]

J. A. ULIO,  
Major General,  
The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2805; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:47 a. m.]

### DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

#### Bituminous Coal Division.

[Docket No. B-236]

IN THE MATTER OF W. G. MOORE, 3D, AND H. S. MOORE, INDIVIDUALLY AND AS PARTNERS DOING BUSINESS UNDER THE NAME AND STYLE OF W. G. MOORE AND SON, CODE MEMBER

#### NOTICE OF AND ORDER FOR HEARING

A complaint dated March 14, 1942, pursuant to the provisions of sections 4 II (j) and 5 (b) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937 (the "Act"), having been duly filed on March 18, 1942, by the Bituminous Coal Producers Board for District No. 1, a District Board, complainant, with the Bituminous Coal Division (the "Division"), alleging wilful violation by W. G. Moore, 3d, and H. S. Moore, individually and as partners doing business under the name and style of W. G. Moore and Son (the "Code member"), of the Bituminous Coal Code (the "Code"), or rules and regulations thereunder;

It is ordered, That a hearing in respect to the subject matter of such complaint be held on April 29, 1942, at 10 a. m. at a hearing room of the Bituminous Coal Division at the Community Room, City Hall, Altoona, Pennsylvania.

It is further ordered, That Joseph A. Huston or any other officer or officers of the Division duly designated for that purpose shall preside at the hearing in such matter. The officer so designated to preside at such hearing is hereby authorized to conduct said hearing, to administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, take evidence, to continue said hearing from time to time, and to such places as he may direct by announcement at said hearing or any adjourned hearing or by subsequent notice, and to prepare and submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions and the recommendation of an appropriate order in the premises, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

Notice of such hearing is hereby given to said Code member and to all other parties herein and to all persons and entities having an interest in such proceeding. Any person or entity eligible under § 301.123 of the Rules and Regulations Governing Practice and Procedure Before the Division in Proceedings Instituted Pursuant to sections 4 II (j) and 5 (b) of the Act, may file a petition for intervention not later than five (5) days before the date herein set for hearing on the complaint.

Notice is hereby given that answer to the complaint must be filed with the Division at its Washington Office or with any one of the statistical bureaus of the Division, within twenty (20) days after date of service thereof on the Code member; and that failure to file an answer within such period, unless otherwise ordered, shall be deemed to be an admission of the allegations of the complaint herein and a consent to the entry of an appropriate order on the basis of the facts alleged.

Notice is also hereby given that if it shall be determined that the Code member has wilfully committed any one or more of the violations alleged in the complaint, an order may be entered either revoking the membership of the Code member in the Code or directing the Code member to cease and desist from violating the Code and regulations made thereunder.

All persons are hereby notified that the hearing in the above entitled matter and orders entered therein may concern, in addition to the matters specifically alleged in the complaint herein, other matters incidental and related thereto, whether raised by amendment of the complaint, petition for intervention, or otherwise, and all persons are cautioned to be guided accordingly.

The matter concerned herewith is in regard to the complaint filed by said complainant, alleging wilful violations by the above named Code member as follows:

That said Code member, whose code membership became effective as of August 13, 1940, whose address is 11th Street, Phillipsburg, Pennsylvania, and who operates the W. G. Moore and Son Mine, Mine Index No. 634, located in Centre County, Pennsylvania, in Sub-district No. 8, in District No. 1, wilfully violated section 4 II (e) and (g) of the Act and Part II (e) and (g) of the Code by selling and delivering, subsequent to October 8, 1940, for truck shipment, coal produced at the aforesaid mine at prices below the effective minimum prices for said coal, plus the transportation charges, handling charges or incidental charges from the transportation facilities at the mine to the point from which all such charges were assumed and directly paid by the purchasers, including the following transactions:

(a) The sale and delivery during the period from October 8, 1940 to December 16, 1940, both dates inclusive, of substantial quantities of mine run coal, Size Group No. 3, to the Clyde Coal Company, delivered at the tipples facilities of said Clyde Coal Company, a distance of approximately ten miles, at delivered prices ranging from \$1.80 to \$1.85 per net ton, whereas the effective minimum f. o. b. mine price of said coal, as established by Order of the Director dated October 8, 1940, in Docket No. A-57 was \$2.30 per net ton, to which minimum price there should have been added the transportation, handling or incidental charges of whatsoever kind or character for the transportation of said coal from

the aforesaid mine to the tipple facilities of the Clyde Coal Company, as required by Price Instruction No. 6, as amended and contained in Supplement No. 1 to the Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices for District No. 1 for Truck Shipments;

(b) The sale and delivery, during the period from December 17, 1940 to March 6, 1941, both dates inclusive, of substantial quantities of mine run coal, Size Group No. 3, to the Clyde Coal Company, delivered at the tipple facilities of said Clyde Coal Company, a distance of approximately ten miles, at delivered prices ranging from \$1.80 to \$1.85 per net ton, whereas the effective minimum f. o. b. mine price of said coal, as established by Order of the Director dated December 17, 1940, in Docket No. A-426 was \$2.15 per net ton, to which minimum price there should have been added the transportation, handling or incidental charges of whatsoever kind or character for the transportation of said coal from the aforesaid mine to the tipple facilities of the Clyde Coal Company, as required by said Price Instruction No. 6;

(c) The sale and delivery during the period from October 8, 1940 to November 30, 1940, both dates inclusive, of substantial quantities of mine run coal, Size Group No. 3, to the Banner Coal Company, delivered at the tramway of said Banner Coal Company, a distance of approximately five miles, at a delivered price of \$1.75 per net ton, whereas the effective minimum f. o. b. mine price of said coal, as established by Order of the Director dated October 8, 1940, in Docket No. A-57 was \$2.30 per net ton, to which minimum price there should have been added the transportation, handling or incidental charges of whatsoever kind or character for the transportation of said coal from the aforesaid mine to the tramway of the Banner Coal Company, as required by said Price Instruction No. 6; or

That said Code member operating the aforesaid mine wilfully violated the Order of the Director dated October 9, 1940, entered in General Docket No. 19,

(a) By selling, subsequent to October 14, 1940, substantial quantities of unpriced coal, produced at the aforesaid mine, including sales of substantial quantities of run of mine coal during the period October 14, 1940 to March 6, 1941, both dates inclusive, to the Clyde Coal Company, Code member, for rail shipment, and delivering said coal by truck at the loading and tipple facilities of the Clyde Coal Company at prices ranging from \$1.80 to \$1.85 per net ton, although at the time of said transactions no rail classifications or prices, temporary or final, had been established for the coal produced at the aforesaid mine for rail shipment from said facilities;

(b) By selling subsequent to the period October 14, 1940, substantial quantities of unpriced coal, produced at the aforesaid mine, including sales of substantial quantities of run of mine coal during the period October 14, 1940 to November 30, 1940, to the Banner Coal

Company, Code member, for rail shipment, and delivering said coal by truck to the tramway of the Banner Coal Company at a price of \$1.75 per net ton, although at the time of said transactions no rail classification or prices, temporary or final, had been established for the coal produced at the aforesaid mine for rail shipment from said tramway.

Dated: March 28, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2765; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
10:30 a. m.]

[Docket No. B-223]

IN THE MATTER OF SINAIKO BROS. COAL AND OIL CO., REGISTERED DISTRIBUTOR

NOTICE OF AND ORDER FOR HEARING

The Bituminous Coal Division (the "Division") finds it necessary in the proper administration of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937 (the "Act") and the Bituminous Coal Code (the "Code") promulgated thereunder to determine:

A. Whether or not Sinaiko Bros. Coal and Oil Co., registered distributor, Registration No. 8430 (hereinafter sometimes referred to as the "Registered Distributor"), whose address is 132 N. Frances Street, Madison, Wisconsin, has violated any provisions of the Act, the Code, and orders and regulations of the Division, including the Marketing Rules and Regulations, Rules and Regulations for the Registration of Distributors and the Distributor's Agreement (the "Agreement") dated August 3, 1939, and filed by Sinaiko Bros. Coal and Oil Co., pursuant to an Order of the National Bituminous Coal Commission dated March 24, 1939, in Docket No. 12, which was adopted as an Order of the Division on July 1, 1939, and more particularly whether or not subsequent to September 30, 1940, said registered distributor:

1. during the period October 25, 1940, to August 7, 1941, both dates inclusive, paid the transportation charges from the producing mines to Madison, Wisconsin, on all-rail shipments of coal purchased and resold by it as follows:

(a) 1001.25 net tons of 1¼" screenings coal produced by Pyramid Coal Corporation, code member, at its Pyramid Mine, Mine Index No. 142, located at Pinckneyville, Illinois, purchased by the registered distributor from Binkley Coal Company as sales agent for said code member; 98.90 net tons of 2" x 4" egg coal purchased by the registered distributor from and produced by The United Electric Coal Companies, code member, at its Buckheart Mine, Mine Index No. 17, located at Dunfermline, Illinois; and 175.80 net tons of 1¼" washed, oil-treated screenings coal purchased by the registered distributor from and produced by Sahara Coal Company, code member, at its Bankston Creek No. 6 Mine, Mine Index No. 4, located near Harrisburg, Illinois; all of which coal was resold by registered distributor to Ray-O-Vac

Company, 2317 Winnebago Street, Madison, Wisconsin;

(b) 543.45 net tons of 1" dedusted screenings coal purchased by the registered distributor from and produced by Old Ben Coal Corporation, code member, at its Old Ben No. 8 Mine, Mine Index No. 118, located at West Frankfort, Illinois, and 48.90 net tons of 1" dedusted screenings coal purchased by registered distributor from and produced by Chicago, Wilmington, and Franklin Coal Company, code member, at its Orient Mine, Mine Index No. 124, located at Orient, Illinois; all of which coal was resold by registered distributor to Scanlan-Morris Company, 1902 East Johnson Street, Madison, Wisconsin; resulting in violations of section 4 II (1) 3 and 6 of the Act, Rule 1 (J) of section VII, Rules 3 and 6 of section XIII of the Marketing Rules and Regulations, and Paragraphs (c) and (e) of the Agreement; and

2. During the period commencing November 7, 1940, and ending November 24, 1941, both dates inclusive, accepted and retained distributor's discounts from the effective minimum prices on approximately 761.05 net tons of coal purchased by said distributor from and produced by Old Ben Coal Corporation, and Chicago, Wilmington, and Franklin Coal Company, at their aforesaid mines, resold by registered distributor to Scanlan-Morris Company, and physically handled by said distributor, resulting in a violation of paragraph (d) of the Agreement.

B. Whether or not the registration of said Sinaiko Bros. Coal and Oil Co., should be revoked or suspended or other appropriate penalties should be imposed.

It is, therefore, ordered, That a hearing pursuant to § 304.14 of the Rules and Regulations for the Registration of Distributors, to determine whether or not the aforementioned Sinaiko Bros. Coal and Oil Co., has committed violations in the respects heretofore described and whether or not the registration of said distributor should be revoked or suspended, or other appropriate penalties be imposed, be held on April 29, 1942, at 10 a. m. at a hearing room of the Bituminous Coal Division at the Federal Court Chamber, Federal Building, Madison, Wisconsin.

It is further ordered, That J. D. Dermody or any other officer or officers of the Bituminous Coal Division duly designated for that purpose shall preside at the hearing in such matter. The officer so designated to preside at such hearing is hereby authorized to conduct said hearing, to administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, take evidence, to continue said hearing from time to time, and to such places as he may direct by announcement at said hearing or any adjourned hearing or by subsequent notice, and to prepare and submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions and recommendation of an appropriate order in the premises, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

Notice of such hearing is hereby given to said Sinaiko Bros. Coal and Oil Co. and to all persons and entities having an interest in such proceeding.

Notice is hereby given that answer setting forth the position of the aforementioned Sinaiko Bros. Coal and Oil Co., with reference to the matters hereinbefore described, must be filed with the Bituminous Coal Division at its Washington Office or with any one of the field offices of the Division, within twenty (20) days after date of service hereof on Sinaiko Bros. Coal and Oil Co., and that failure to file an answer herein within such period, unless the presiding officer shall otherwise order, shall be deemed to be an admission by Sinaiko Bros. Coal and Oil Co., of the commission of the violations hereinbefore described and a consent to the entry of an appropriate order thereon.

All persons are hereby notified that the hearing in the above-entitled matter and orders entered therein may concern, in addition to the matters specifically alleged herein, other matters incidental and related thereto, whether raised by amendment, petition for intervention, or otherwise, and all persons are cautioned to be guided accordingly.

Dated: March 28, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2766; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
10:30 a. m.]

[Docket No. B-232]

IN THE MATTER OF ROBERT BURNS AND IRVIN R. BURNS, INDIVIDUALLY AND AS CO-PARTNERS, DOING BUSINESS UNDER THE NAME AND STYLE OF THE BURNS MINE (BURNS MINE, ROBERT BURNS, MGR., IRVIN R. BURNS), CODE MEMBER

NOTICE OF AND ORDER FOR HEARING

A complaint dated March 5, 1942, pursuant to the provisions of sections 4 II (j) and 5 (b) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937 (the "Act"), having been duly filed on March 9, 1942, by Bituminous Coal Producers Board for District No. 22, a district board, complainant, with the Bituminous Coal Division (the "Division"), alleging wilful violation by Robert Burns and Irvin R. Burns, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the name and style of Burns Mine, (the "Code member"), of the Bituminous Coal Code (the "Code"), or rules and regulations thereunder;

*It is ordered*, That a hearing in respect to the subject matter of such complaint be held on May 18, 1942, at 10 a. m., at a hearing room of the Bituminous Coal Division at the Billings Commercial Club, Billings, Montana.

*It is further ordered*, That Edward J. Hayes or any other officer or officers of the Division duly designated for that purpose shall preside at the hearing in such matter. The officer so designated to preside at such hearing is hereby authorized to conduct said hearing, to administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, take evidence, to continue said hearing from time to time, and to such

places as he may direct by announcement at said hearing or any adjourned hearing or by subsequent notice, and to prepare and submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions and the recommendation of an appropriate order in the premises, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

Notice of such hearing is hereby given to said Code member and to all other parties herein and to all persons and entities having an interest in such proceeding. Any person or entity eligible under § 301.123 of the Rules and Regulations Governing Practice and Procedure Before the Division in Proceedings Instituted Pursuant to sections 4 II (j) and 5 (b) of the Act, may file a petition for intervention not later than five (5) days before the date herein set for hearing on the complaint.

Notice is hereby given that answer to the complaint must be filed with the Division at its Washington Office or with any one of the statistical bureaus of the Division, within twenty (20) days after date of service thereof on the Code member; and that failure to file an answer within such period, unless otherwise ordered, shall be deemed to be an admission of the allegations of the complaint herein and a consent to the entry of an appropriate order on the basis of the facts alleged.

Notice is also hereby given that if it shall be determined that the Code member has wilfully committed any one or more of the violations alleged in the complaint, an order may be entered either revoking the membership of the Code member in the Code or directing the Code member to cease and desist from violating the Code and regulations made thereunder.

All persons are hereby notified that the hearing in the above-entitled matter and orders entered therein may concern, in addition to the matters specifically alleged in the complaint herein, other matters incidental and related thereto, whether raised by amendment of the complaint, petition for intervention, or otherwise, and all persons are cautioned to be guided accordingly.

The matter concerned herewith is in regard to the complaint filed by said complainant, alleging wilful violations by the above-named Code member as follows:

1. The defendants, Robert Burns and Irvin R. Burns, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the name and style of the Burns Mine of Red Lodge, Montana, whose code membership became effective as of June 26, 1937, operator of the Burns Mine, Mine Index No. 121, located in Carbon County, Montana, Subdistrict No. 2 of District No. 22, sold, subsequent to September 30, 1940, below the effective minimum price therefor, coal produced at the above-named mine for truck shipments including sales:

(a) to various purchasers during the months of September, October and November 1941, of approximately 404.325 net tons of 2½" and 3" lump coal at \$3.75 per net ton f. o. b. said mine, whereas said coal was classified as Size Group No. 1 for said mine and priced at

\$4.00 per net ton f. o. b. said mine as set forth in the Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices for District No. 22 for All Shipments, pursuant to Price Instruction and Exception No. 5 of said schedule, resulting in violation of section 4, Part II (e) of the Act and Part II (e) of the Code;

(b) to various purchasers during the months of September, October and November 1941, of approximately 48.575 net tons of 3' x 1¼" nut coal at \$2.50 per net ton f. o. b. said mine, whereas said coal falls within Size Group No. 5 for said mine and is priced at \$3.50 per net ton f. o. b. said mine as set forth in said schedule, pursuant to Price Instruction and Exception No. 5 of said schedule, resulting in violation of section 4, Part II (e) of the Act and Part II (e) of the Code.

2. The aforesaid defendants falsely billed the coal referred to in paragraph 1 (a) hereof as 2" lump coal in violation of section 4 II (i) 8 of the Act, Part II (i) 8 of the Code, Rule 2 of section XII and Rule 8 of section XIII of the Marketing Rules and Regulations.

Dated: March 28, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2767; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
10:30 a. m.]

[Docket No. B-235]

IN THE MATTER OF C. L. PENCE, AND E. H. PENCE, INDIVIDUALLY AND AS CO-PARTNERS, TRADING AND DOING BUSINESS AS PENCE COAL COMPANY (E. H. PENCE), CODE MEMBER

NOTICE OF AND ORDER FOR HEARING

A complaint dated March 14, 1942, pursuant to the provisions of sections 4 II (j) and 5 (b) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937 (the "Act"), having been duly filed on March 18, 1942, by Bituminous Coal Producers Board for District No. 1, a District Board, complainant, with the Bituminous Coal Division (the "Division"), alleging wilful violation by C. L. Pence, and E. H. Pence, individually and as co-partners, trading and doing business as Pence Coal Company (E. H. Pence), (the "Code member"), of the Bituminous Coal Code (the "Code"), or rules and regulations thereunder;

*It is ordered*, That a hearing in respect to the subject matter of such complaint be held on April 30, 1942, at 10 a. m., at a hearing room of the Bituminous Coal Division at the Community Room, City Hall, Altoona, Pennsylvania.

*It is further ordered*, That Joseph A. Huston or any other officer or officers of the Division duly designated for that purpose shall preside at the hearing in such matter. The officer so designated to preside at such hearing is hereby authorized to conduct said hearing, to administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, take evidence, to continue said hearing from time to time, and to such places as he may direct by announcement at said hearing or any adjourned hearing or by subsequent

notice, and to prepare and submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions and the recommendation of an appropriate order in the premises, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

Notice of such hearing is hereby given to said code member and to all other parties herein and to all persons and entities having an interest in such proceeding. Any person or entity eligible under § 301.123 of the Rules and Regulations Governing Practice and Procedure before the Division in Proceedings Instituted Pursuant to sections 4 II (j) and 5 (b) of the Act, may file a petition for intervention not later than five (5) days before the date herein set for hearing on the complaint.

Notice is hereby given that answer to the complaint must be filed with the Division at its Washington Office or with any one of the statistical bureaus of the Division, within twenty (20) days after date of service thereof on the Code member; and that failure to file an answer within such period, unless otherwise ordered, shall be deemed to be an admission of the allegations of the complaint herein and a consent to the entry of an appropriate order on the basis of the facts alleged.

Notice is also hereby given that if it shall be determined that the Code member has wilfully committed any one or more of the violations alleged in the complaint, an order may be entered either revoking the membership of the Code member in the Code or directing the Code member to cease and desist from violating the Code and regulations made thereunder.

All persons are hereby notified that the hearing in the above entitled matter and orders entered therein may concern, in addition to the matters specifically alleged in the complaint herein, other matters incidental and related thereto, whether raised by amendment of the complaint, petition for intervention, or otherwise, and all persons are cautioned to be guided accordingly.

The matter concerned herewith is in regard to the complaint filed by said complainant, alleging wilful violations by the above named Code member as follows: That the said C. L. Pence (New Bethlehem, Pennsylvania), and E. H. Pence (Fairmount City, Pennsylvania), individually and as co-partners trading and doing business as Pence Coal Company,

(1) Wilfully violated section 4 II (e) and (g) of the Act and Part II (e) and (g) of the Code by selling and delivering subsequent to September 30, 1940, for truck shipment, coal produced by said code member at the Pence Coal Company Mine, Mine Index No. 1887, located in Clarion County, Pennsylvania, in Subdistrict No. 4 of District No. 1 at prices below the effective minimum prices for said coal, plus the transportation charges, handling charges, or incidental charges from the transportation facilities at the mine to the point from which all such charges were assumed and directly paid by the purchaser, including the sale and delivery

during the period January and February 1941 of approximately 2753.85 net tons of run of mine coal, Size Group No. 3, to Pittsburg and Shawmut Coal Company, at Colwell Siding of the Freebrook Corporation, an affiliate of said Pittsburg and Shawmut Coal Company, at Colwell, Pennsylvania, a distance of approximately 17 miles, at a delivered price of \$1.50 per net ton, whereas the effective minimum f. o. b. mine price of said coal, as set forth in the Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices for District No. 1 For Truck Shipments, was \$2.15 per net ton, to which minimum price there was not added an amount at least equal, as nearly as practicable, to the transportation charges, handling charges or incidental charges from the transportation facilities at the mine, to said Colwell Siding, located at Colwell, Pennsylvania, as required by Price Instruction No. 6, as amended and contained in Supplement No. 1 of said Schedule; or

(2) Wilfully violated the Order of the Director dated October 9, 1940, entered in General Docket No. 19, by selling during the months of January and February 1941, approximately 2753.85 net tons of run of mine coal produced by said code member at the aforesaid mine, to Pittsburg and Shawmut Coal Company, for rail shipment and delivering said coal by truck to a ramp on a rail siding of said Freebrook Corporation, located at Colwell, Pennsylvania, at a price of \$1.50 per net ton, although at the time of said transactions rail classifications or prices, temporary or final, had not been established for the coal produced at the aforesaid mine.

Dated: March 28, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2768; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
10:30 a. m.]

[Docket No. B-201]

IN THE MATTER OF IRWIN SHAFFER, DEAN SHAFFER, GLEN SHAFFER AND ROY MELLEN SHAFFER, INDIVIDUALLY AND AS PARTNERS DOING BUSINESS UNDER THE NAME AND STYLE OF I. SHAFFER AND SONS, CODE MEMBER

NOTICE OF AND ORDER FOR HEARING

A complaint dated January 8, 1942, pursuant to the provisions of sections 4 II (j) and 5 (b) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, (the "Act"), having been duly filed on January 24, 1942, by the Bituminous Coal Producers Board for District No. 1, a District Board complainant, with the Bituminous Coal Division (the "Division"), alleging wilful violation by Irwin Shaffer, Dean Shaffer, Glen Shaffer and Roy Mellen Shaffer, Individually and as Partners Doing Business Under the Name and Style of I. Shaffer and Sons, (the "Code member"), of the Bituminous Coal Code (the "Code"), or rules and regulations thereunder;

It is ordered, That a hearing in respect to the subject matter of such complaint be held on April 30, 1942, at 10

a. m. at a hearing room of the Bituminous Coal Division at the Community Room, City Hall, Altoona, Pa.

It is further ordered, That Joseph A. Huston or any other officer or officers of the Division duly designated for that purpose shall preside at the hearing in such matter. The officer so designated to preside at such hearing is hereby authorized to conduct said hearing, to administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, take evidence, to continue said hearing from time to time, and to such places as he may direct by announcement at said hearing or any adjourned hearing or by subsequent notice, and to prepare and submit proposed findings of fact and conclusions and the recommendation of an appropriate order in the premises, and to perform all other duties in connection therewith authorized by law.

Notice of such hearing is hereby given to said Code member and to all other parties herein and to all persons and entities having an interest in such proceeding. Any person or entity eligible under § 301.123 of the Rules and Regulations Governing Practice and Procedure Before the Division in Proceedings Instituted Pursuant to sections 4 II (j) and 5 (b) of the Act, may file a petition for intervention not later than five (5) days before the date herein set for hearing on the complaint.

Notice is hereby given that answer to the complaint must be filed with the Division at its Washington Office or with any one of the statistical bureaus of the Division, within twenty (20) days after date of service thereof on the Code member; and that failure to file an answer within such period, unless otherwise ordered, shall be deemed to be an admission of the allegations of the complaint herein and a consent to the entry of an appropriate order on the basis of the facts alleged.

Notice is also hereby given that if it shall be determined that the Code member has wilfully committed any one or more of the violations alleged in the complaint, an order may be entered either revoking the membership of the Code member in the Code or directing the Code member to cease and desist from violating the Code and regulations made thereunder.

All persons are hereby notified that the hearing in the above entitled matter and orders entered therein may concern, in addition to the matters specifically alleged in the complaint herein, other matters incidental and related thereto, whether raised by amendment of the complaint, petition for intervention, or otherwise, and all persons are cautioned to be guided accordingly.

The matter concerned herewith is in regard to the complaint filed by said complainant, alleging wilful violation by the above named Code member as follows:

That said Code member, whose address is R. D. #1, Rummel, Pennsylvania, and who operates the Shaffer Mine, Mine Index No. 457, located in Cambria County, Pennsylvania, in Subdistrict No. 29 of District No. 1, wilfully violated section 4 II (e) and (g) of the Act and Part

II (e) and (g) of the Code, (1) by selling at \$2.45 per net ton, approximately 785 tons of mine run coal produced at said mine to Donald Holsopple, an independent trucker, during the month of July 1941, who resold and transported said coal by truck to the Johnstown Traction Company, located in the Greater Johnstown Area, Johnstown, Pennsylvania. Said coal was resold by said trucker at approximately \$2.759 per net ton to said purchaser, which was less than the adjusted minimum f. o. b. mine price plus the actual transportation costs for delivery of such coal, which was classified as Size Group No. 3, and priced at \$2.20 per net ton f. o. b. said mine in the Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices for District No. 1 for Truck Shipments, as amended by "Temporary Supplement to Price Schedule No. 1 for District No. 1," which was made a part of the Order of the Director dated November 27, 1940, entered in Docket No. A-268, as amended by Order of the Director dated June 12, 1941, entered in Docket No. A-130, according to which said coal should have been sold and delivered to the said purchaser at a price of not less than \$3.00 per net ton; and (2) by selling the bituminous coal mentioned in item (1) hereof for truck shipment to the said Greater Johnstown Area, without first obtaining from said trucker a statement that said trucker would deliver and resell said coal at prices no less than the effective minimum prices adjusted as prescribed in said Order in Docket No. A-130, dated June 12, 1941, and a certified statement of the actual transportation costs for transportation of said coal into the Greater Johnstown Area, as required by the said Order of the Director in Docket No. A-130, dated June 12, 1941.

Dated: March 28, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2769; Filed, March 30, 1942; 10:31 a. m.]

[Docket No. A-1256]

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION OF DISTRICT BOARD NO. 18 FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT AND REVISION OF PRICE CLASSIFICATIONS AND MINIMUM PRICES FOR THE COALS OF CERTAIN MINES AND FOR THE REVISION OF CERTAIN SUBDISTRICT CLASSIFICATIONS IN DISTRICT NO. 18, PURSUANT TO SECTION 4 II (d) OF THE BITUMINOUS COAL ACT OF 1937

ORDER POSTPONING HEARING

A hearing in the above-entitled matter having been scheduled to be held on April 10, 1942 in Denver, Colorado; and

It now appearing advisable that such hearing be postponed to the date herein-after specified;

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That the hearing in the above-entitled matter be, and it hereby is, postponed from 10 o'clock in the forenoon of April 10, 1942 until 10 o'clock in the forenoon of April 11, 1942, to be held at a hearing room of the Bituminous Coal Division in the Court Room of the Circuit Court of Appeals in Denver, Colorado, before the officers heretofore designated to preside at such hearing.

In all other respects the Notice of and Order for Hearing entered in this matter on February 23, 1942, as heretofore amended, shall remain in full force and effect.

Dated: March 28, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2770; Filed, March 30, 1942; 10:31 a. m.]

[Docket No. D-9]

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF THE STERLING LUMBER AND INVESTMENT COMPANY FOR PERMISSION TO RECEIVE DISTRIBUTORS' DISCOUNTS ON COAL PURCHASED FOR RESALE AND RESOLD TO CERTAIN RETAIL YARDS IN WHICH IT IS FINANCIALLY OR OTHERWISE INTERESTED

ORDER POSTPONING HEARING

A hearing in the above-entitled matter having been scheduled to be held on April 10, 1942, in Denver, Colorado;

It now appearing advisable that such hearing be postponed to the date herein-after specified;

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That the hearing in the above-entitled matter be, and it hereby is, postponed from 10 o'clock in the forenoon of April 10, 1942, until 10 o'clock in the forenoon of April 11, 1942, to be held at a hearing room of the Bituminous Coal Division in the Court Room of the Circuit Court of Appeals in Denver, Colorado, before the officers heretofore designated to preside at such hearing.

In all other respects the Notice of and Order for Hearing entered herein on

January 3, 1942, as heretofore amended, shall remain in full force and effect.

Dated: March 28, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2771; Filed, March 30, 1942; 10:31 a. m.]

[Docket No. B-147]

IN THE MATTER OF EAST KENTUCKY COAL SALES, INC., REGISTERED DISTRIBUTOR, REGISTRATION NO. 2612, DEFENDANT

ORDER AMENDING NOTICE OF AND ORDER FOR HEARING

The above-entitled matter having been scheduled for hearing on April 15, 1942, at 10:00 a. m. at a hearing room of the Bituminous Coal Division at Room 820, United States District Court, Cincinnati, Ohio, before Travis Williams or any other officer or officers of the Bituminous Coal Division duly designated for that purpose, pursuant to Order dated March 11, 1942; and

The Acting Director deeming it advisable that said Notice of and Order for Hearing dated March 11, 1942, should be amended;

Now, therefore, it is ordered, That the Notice of and Order for Hearing dated March 11, 1942, in the above-entitled matter be and the same is hereby amended by inserting after paragraph (1) and before the next succeeding paragraph thereof, the following paragraphs:

(m) whether or not the East Kentucky Coal Sales, Inc., purchased coal for resale from certain code members as more particularly set forth herein and accepted and retained discounts thereon in said transactions in excess of the maximum allowable discounts, as prescribed by Order of the Director in General Docket No. 12 dated June 19, 1940, thereby participating in a violation of Rule 1 of Section III of the Marketing Rules and Regulations and in violation of Paragraphs (a) and (e) of the Agreement;

During the period October 1, 1940, through June 30, 1941, the registered distributor sold to various purchasers the number of cars of various sizes of coal produced by the identified code members set forth herein below, and retained discounts on the cars of coal involved in excess of the maximum allowable discounts:

Mine index No.	District No.	Code member	Address	Number of cars	Tons
42	8	Bertha Jellie Coal Co.	Gray, Ky.	8	432.40
1585	8	Webb Branch Coal Co.	Lineville, Ky.	75	4,022.35
427	8	Roscoe Shackelford	Barwick, Ky.	40	2,146.05
1606	8	Manchester Coal Co.	Hima, Ky.	108	5,428.05
401	8	Rennebaum Coal Co.	Middlesboro, Ky.	33	1,598.60
477	8	New Horse Creek Coal Co.	Hima, Ky.	61	3,006.85
515	8	Mareum Coal Co.	Hima, Ky.	25	1,339.00
Total				350	17,973.30

(n) whether or not in the transactions described in the tabulation contained in paragraph (m) hereof, East Kentucky Coal Sales, Inc., acted as a Sales Agent on behalf of the several code members, without there having been filed with the Statistical Bureau or Bureaus of the Division, certified copies of all such agency contracts or certified copies of agreements modifying any such sales agency contracts by setting forth therein the basis for the retention by the Sales Agent of the amount of commissions which East Kentucky Coal Sales, Inc., retained in said transactions, as required by Rules 4 (A), 4 (B), 4 (C), and Rule 9 (a) of section II of the Marketing Rules and Regulations, in violation of said rules, or any of them, and of Paragraph (e) of the Agreement;

(o) whether or not in the transactions described in the tabulation contained in paragraph (m) hereof, East Kentucky Coal Sales, Inc., acted as a Sales Agent on behalf of the several code members, and retained commissions in excess of the maximum discounts which it could receive if it purchased and resold such coal as a distributor, without there having been filed with the Division an application for permission to pay such commissions or without having been granted such permission, resulting in violations of Rule 13 (A) and Rule 13 (B) of section II of the Marketing Rules and Regulations, or either of said rules, and Paragraph (e) of the Agreement;

*It is further ordered*, That the Notice of and Order For Hearing dated March 11, 1942, in the above entitled matter, shall, in all other respects remain in full force and effect.

Dated: March 28, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2772; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
10:32 a. m.]

[Docket No. 1743-FD]

IN THE MATTER OF BOYD-SICARD COAL  
COMPANY, CODE MEMBER

ORDER OF DISMISSAL

District Board 14 having filed a complaint with the Bituminous Coal Division, pursuant to the provisions of sections 4 II (j) and 5 (b) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, alleging wilful violation by Boyd-Sicard Coal Company, a code member in District 14, of the Bituminous Coal Code, and rules and regulations thereunder by shipping on or about February 5, 1941, a railroad car of 10" lump coal produced at its Boyd #3 Mine (Mine Index No. 14), without having received orders for said coal, to each of the following consumers: Lewis Cinek, South Omaha, Nebraska, and Chicago Lumber Company, Omaha, Nebraska;

Pursuant to an Order of the Acting Director, and after due notice to interested persons, a hearing in this matter having been held on October 3, 1941, before a duly designated Examiner of the Bituminous Coal Division, at a hearing room thereof in Fort Smith, Arkansas, at which all interested persons were afforded an opportunity to be present, adduce evidence, cross-examine witnesses and otherwise be heard;

Appearances having been entered at the hearing by District Board 14 and the code member;

The preparation and filing of a report by the Examiner having been waived and the matter thereupon having been submitted to the undersigned;

The undersigned having made Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law and having rendered an Opinion in this matter, which are filed herewith;

*Now, therefore, it is ordered*, That the complaint filed herein against Boyd-Sicard Coal Company be, and it hereby is, dismissed.

Dated: March 28, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2773; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
10:32 a. m.]

[Docket No. 1814-FD]

IN THE MATTER OF DAVIS & DAVIS (HOMER  
DAVIS AND CHARLES DAVIS), A PARTNER-  
SHIP, CODE MEMBER

ORDER APPROVING AND ADOPTING THE PRO-  
POSED FINDINGS OF FACT, PROPOSED CON-  
CLUSIONS OF LAW, AND RECOMMENDATIONS  
OF THE EXAMINER, AND ORDER OF DIS-  
MISSAL

This proceeding having been instituted upon a complaint filed with the Bituminous Coal Division on July 24, 1941, pursuant to sections 4 II (j) and 5 (b) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, by District Board 11, alleging that Davis & Davis, a code member in District 11, had wilfully violated the effective minimum prices established for the coals produced by its Little Wonder Mine (Mine Index No. 638) located in Jackson Township, Sullivan County, Indiana, by selling certain quantities of these coals at a price below the effective minimum price, and praying that the Director enter an Order directing the code member to cease and desist from violations of the Bituminous Coal Code and the effective minimum prices established thereunder;

Upon motion of the complainant, leave to amend the complaint having been granted by Order of the Director dated September 8, 1941;

Pursuant to an appropriate order, and after due notice to all interested persons, a public hearing in this matter having been held on December 16, 1941, before Joseph D. Dermody, a duly designated Examiner of the Division, at a hearing room thereof in Terre Haute, Indiana;

The Examiner having made Proposed Findings of Fact, Proposed Conclusions of Law and a Recommendation in this matter, dated February 20, 1942, recommending that an order be entered dismissing the complaint for failure of the evidence to show that the coal alleged to have been sold by the code member in violation of the Act was produced at Mine Index No. 638, as alleged;

An opportunity having been afforded to all parties to file exceptions thereto and supporting briefs, and no such exceptions nor supporting briefs having been filed;

It having been determined by the undersigned from a consideration of the record that the Proposed Findings of

Fact and Proposed Conclusions of Law of the Examiner should be approved and adopted as the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law of the undersigned;

*It is therefore ordered*, That the Proposed Findings of Fact, and Proposed Conclusions of Law of the Examiner be, and the same hereby are, approved and adopted as the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law of the undersigned;

*It is further ordered*, That the complaint in this proceeding be, and it hereby is, dismissed without prejudice to the complainant, District Board 11, however, to institute further proceedings against this code member for violations not covered by the complaint herein.

Dated: March 27, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2774; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
10:32 a. m.]

[Docket No. 1704-FD]

IN THE MATTER OF SANDY VALLEY COAL  
COMPANY, DEFENDANT

ORDER APPROVING AND ADOPTING THE PRO-  
POSED FINDINGS OF FACT, PROPOSED CON-  
CLUSIONS OF LAW AND RECOMMENDATIONS  
OF THE EXAMINER, AND REVOKING AND  
CANCELLING CODE MEMBERSHIP

This proceeding having been instituted upon a complaint filed with the Bituminous Coal Division on June 11, 1941, pursuant to the provisions of sections 4 II (j) and 5 (b) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, by District Board 4, alleging in substance that the Sandy Valley Coal Company, the defendant, a code member in District 4, wilfully violated the provisions of the Bituminous Coal Code or rules and regulations thereunder by selling during the month of December 1940 (1) approximately 2200 tons of 2" nut and slack coal produced at its Nos. 1 and 5 Mines for shipment in trucks owned and controlled by the defendant to the plant of the Republic Steel Corporation at East Canton, Ohio, at a delivered price of \$2.00 per ton; and (2) approximately 460 tons of 2" nut and slack coal produced at its No. 1 Mine for shipment via trucks owned and controlled by the defendant to the plant of the Cleveland Worsted Mills Company at Ravenna, Ohio, at a delivered price of \$2.10 per ton, whereas the effective minimum price for defendant's 2" nut and slack coal is \$1.90 per ton f. o. b. the mine plus not less than the actual cost of delivering the coal from the mines to the points from which such charges are assumed and directly paid by the purchaser; and praying that the Division either cancel and revoke the defendant's code membership or, in its discretion, direct the defendant to cease and desist from violations of the Code and rules and regulations thereunder;

The defendant having filed an answer to the complaint denying, *inter alia*, that it wilfully violated the provisions of the Code or the rules and regulations thereunder;

Pursuant to an Order of the Acting Director and after due notice to interested persons, a hearing in this matter having been held on September 25, 26, and 27, 1941, before W. A. Cuff, a duly designated Examiner of the Division, at a hearing room thereof in Canton, Ohio, at which all interested persons were afforded an opportunity to be present, adduce evidence, cross-examine witnesses and otherwise be heard;

The Examiner having made and entered his Report, Proposed Findings of Fact, Proposed Conclusions of Law and Recommendations in this matter, dated March 3, 1942, in which it was recommended that the defendant's code membership be revoked and cancelled;

An opportunity having been afforded to all parties to file exceptions to the Examiner's Report and supporting briefs, and no such exceptions or supporting briefs having been filed;

The undersigned having determined, after a consideration of the record, that the Proposed Findings of Fact, Proposed Conclusions of Law and Recommendations of the Examiner should be approved and adopted as the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law of the undersigned;

*It is, therefore, ordered,* That the Proposed Findings of Fact and Proposed Conclusions of Law of the Examiner be and the same are hereby approved and adopted as the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law of the undersigned;

*It is further ordered,* That, pursuant to section 5 (b) of the Act, the code membership of the defendant, The Sandy Valley Coal Company, a corporation, operating Mine Index Nos. 1810 and 1811 in Tuscarawas County, Ohio, in District 4, be, and it hereby is, revoked and cancelled.

*It is further ordered,* That, prior to any reinstatement of the defendant, The Sandy Valley Coal Company, a corporation, to membership in the Code, the defendant shall be required to pay to the United States a tax in the amount of \$738.56, as provided in section 5 (c) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937.

Dated: March 27, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2775; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
10:33 a. m.]

[Docket B-21]

IN THE MATTER OF WILLIE MUFFETT,  
DEFENDANT

ORDER APPROVING AND ADOPTING THE PROPOSED FINDINGS OF FACT, PROPOSED CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE EXAMINER, AND ORDER TO CEASE AND DESIST

This proceeding having been instituted upon a complaint filed with the Bituminous Coal Division on September 4, 1941, pursuant to sections 4 II (j) and 5 (b) of the Bituminous Coal Act of 1937, by District Board 9, alleging that Willie Muffett, Defendant, a code member pro-

ducer in District 9, wilfully violated the provisions of the Bituminous Coal Code or the Rules and Regulations thereunder, and requesting that the Division either cancel and revoke the defendant's code membership, or, in its discretion, direct the defendant to cease and desist from violations of the code, or the rules and regulations thereunder;

A hearing having been held before Charles S. Mitchell, a duly designated Examiner of the Division at a hearing room thereof in Owensboro, Kentucky, on November 24, 1941;

The Examiner having made and entered his Report, Proposed Findings of Fact, Proposed Conclusions of Law and Recommendations in this matter dated February 25, 1942, in which it was recommended that an order be entered directing the defendant to cease and desist from violating the Act, the Code, the Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices for District No. 9 For Truck Shipments, and the Marketing Rules and Regulations;

An opportunity having been afforded to all parties to file exceptions to the Examiner's Report and supporting briefs and no such exceptions or supporting briefs having been filed;

The undersigned having determined after a consideration of the record that the Proposed Findings of Fact, Proposed Conclusions of Law and Recommendations of the Examiner should be approved and adopted as the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law of the undersigned;

*Now, therefore, it is ordered,* That the Proposed Findings of Fact, and Proposed Conclusions of Law of the Examiner be and the same are hereby approved and adopted as the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law of the undersigned;

*It is further ordered,* That the defendant, Willie Muffett, his representatives, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and all persons acting or claiming to act on his behalf or interest, cease and desist and they are hereby permanently enjoined and restrained from selling or offering to sell coal produced by the defendant at less than the applicable effective minimum prices established therefor, contrary to the provisions of section 4 II (e) of the Act and any rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, the Bituminous Coal Code, the Marketing Rules and Regulations, and the Schedule of Effective Minimum Prices for District 9 For Truck Shipments.

*It is further ordered,* That upon the failure or neglect of the defendant to comply with this Order, the Division may forthwith apply to the Circuit Court of Appeals of the United States where such defendant carries on business, or to the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia for the enforcement thereof, or may take any other appropriate action.

Dated: March 28, 1942.

[SEAL] DAN H. WHEELER,  
Acting Director.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2776; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
10:33 a. m.]

## General Land Office.

ALASKA

AIR NAVIGATION SITE WITHDRAWAL NO. 130,  
ENLARGED

MARCH 20, 1942.

It appearing that the intermediate landing field near Talkeetna, Alaska, reserved under Air Navigation Site Withdrawal No. 130 of December 27, 1939, should be enlarged, it is ordered under and pursuant to the provisions of section 4 of the act of May 24, 1928, 45 Stat. 729, 49 U.S.C. 214, that the following-described lands be, and they are hereby, withdrawn from all forms of appropriation under the public-land laws, subject to valid existing rights, for the use of the Department of Commerce as an addition to such field:

SEWARD MERIDIAN

T. 26 N., R. 4 W., sec. 19, lots 1, 2 and E $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ ;

T. 26 N., R. 5 W., sec. 24, that part of the E $\frac{1}{2}$  lying north of Talkeetna townsite, east of The Alaska Railroad right of way, and south of the south fork of the Talkeetna River;

Lots 3 and 4, block 26 of Talkeetna Townsite; aggregating 273.34 acres.

HAROLD L. ICKES,  
Secretary of the Interior.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2736; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
10:30 a. m.]

## Office of Indian Affairs.

### ORDER AMENDING THE ORDER OF RESTORATION

Pursuant to authority contained in sections 3 and 7 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984), Departmental Order of December 11, 1937, published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, January 4, 1938, Pages 5-7, inclusive, restoring certain undisposed of vacant town site and villa site lots on the Flathead Reservation to tribal ownership, is hereby amended by adding thereto the following villa site lot:

	Block	Lot
Orchard Villa Site.....	4	4

OSCAR L. CHAPMAN,  
Assistant Secretary of the Interior.  
MARCH 3, 1942.

[F.R. Doc. 42-2737; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
10:31 a. m.]

## CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD.

[Docket No. 319]

APPLICATION OF AMERICAN EXPORT AIRLINES, INC., FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE CONTROL OF THE APPLICANT BY AMERICAN EXPORT LINES, INC.

### NOTICE OF HEARING

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 408 and 1001 of said Act, in the above-entitled proceeding, that hearing is hereby as-

signed to be held on April 9, 1942, at 10 a. m. (eastern war time) in Conference Room B, Departmental Auditorium, Constitution Avenue between 12th and 14th Streets NW., Washington, D. C., before Examiner J. Francis Reilly.

Dated at Washington, D. C., March 28, 1942.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] DARWIN CHARLES BROWN,  
*Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 42-2782; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:12 a. m.]

[Docket No. 723]

IN THE MATTER OF CERTAIN ACTIVITIES OF  
UNIVERSAL AIR FREIGHT CORPORATION

NOTICE OF HEARING

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended, particularly sections 401 and 1002 of said Act, in the above-entitled proceeding, that hearing is hereby assigned to be held on April 16, 1942, at 10 a. m. (eastern war time) in Room 1851, Department of Commerce Building, 14th Street and Constitution Avenue, N. W., Washington, D. C., before Examiner J. Francis Reilly.

Dated at Washington, D. C., March 28, 1942.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] DARWIN CHARLES BROWN,  
*Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 42-2783; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
11:12 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION.

[Docket No. IT-5695]

IN THE MATTER OF MISSISSIPPI RIVER  
POWER COMPANY

ORDER POSTPONING HEARING

MARCH 28, 1942.

It appearing to the Commission that: Good cause exists for the postponement of the hearing in the above-entitled matter:

Therefore, the Commission orders that: The hearing in this proceeding heretofore set to commence on April 6, 1942, be and it is hereby postponed until April 20, 1942, at 9:45 a. m., in Room 516 of the Court House and Custom House, St. Louis, Missouri.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,  
*Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 42-2763; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
9:32 a. m.]

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION.

[Order No. 4740]

IN THE MATTER OF BENJAMIN L. GRABOSKY  
AND SAMUEL GRABOSKY, INDIVIDUALS,  
TRADING AS GRABOSKY BROTHERS

COMPLAINT AND NOTICE

The Federal Trade Commission, having reason to believe that the parties re-

spondent named in the caption hereof and hereinafter more particularly designated and described, since June 19, 1936, have violated and are now violating the provisions of subsection (d) of section 2 of the Clayton Act (U.S.C. Title 15, Section 13) as amended by the Robinson-Patman Act, approved June 19, 1936, hereby issues its complaint, stating its charges with respect thereto as follows:

PARAGRAPH 1. Respondents, Benjamin L. Grabosky and Samuel Grabosky, are copartners trading as Grabosky Brothers, having their principal office and place of business at Northeast Corner 11th and Wood Streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Respondents operate and maintain manufacturing plants at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and at Perth Amboy, New Jersey.

PAR. 2. Respondents are now, and have been since June 19, 1936, engaged in the manufacture, sale and distribution of cigars. Respondents sell and distribute their cigars to purchasers in the various states of the United States and in the District of Columbia, and cause the said cigars, when sold, to be shipped and transported from the states in which they are manufactured across state lines to the purchasers thereof in other states of the United States and in the District of Columbia. There is, and has been at all times mentioned herein, a constant current of trade and commerce in the said cigars between the respondents and purchasers in other states. Respondents' cigars are sold by them for use, consumption or resale within the United States and in the District of Columbia.

PAR. 3. In the course and conduct of their business respondents sell their cigars to retail drug chains and to independent retailers, who in turn sell to the consuming public. Respondents, since June 19, 1936, have contracted to make and have made, and are now making, valuable payments to some of their chain store customers selected by respondents, as compensation or in consideration for the furnishing by the said selected customers of services or facilities, such as counter, show case or window displays, for the advertising of respondents' cigars. Respondents have not made such payments or considerations available on proportionally equal terms to all of their customers competing with the aforesaid compensated customers in the distribution of respondents' cigars.

As example of these practices respondents, during such period, as consideration for the aforesaid displays, have contracted to pay and have paid some chain store customers \$1.50 per month per branch store, the total monthly payments amounting to as much as \$255.00 to a single customer. With other chain store customers respondents have contracted to pay and have paid, during such period, flat sums for the said displays amounting to as much as \$500.00 per month to a single customer. Although often requested so to do by respondents' independent retailer customers and other chain store customers competing with these compensated customers, and who are able and willing to furnish the same services and facilities, respondents

have refused to make such payments available to them on proportionally equal terms, or on any terms.

PAR. 4. The above-described acts and practices of respondents are in violation of subsection (d) of section 2 of the Clayton Act as amended by the Robinson-Patman Act, approved June 19, 1936 (U.S.C. Title 15, section 13).

Wherefore, the premises considered, the Federal Trade Commission, on this 26th day of March, A. D. 1942, issues its complaint against said respondents.

Notice

Notice is hereby given you, Benjamin L. Grabosky and Samuel Grabosky, individuals, trading as Grabosky Brothers, respondents herein, that the 1st day of May, A. D. 1942, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, is hereby fixed as the time, and the offices of the Federal Trade Commission in the City of Washington, D. C., as the place, when and where a hearing will be had on the charges set forth in this complaint, at which time and place you will have the right, under said Act, to appear and show cause why an order should not be entered by said Commission requiring you to cease and desist from the violations of the law charged in the complaint.

You are notified and required, on or before the twentieth day after service upon you of this complaint, to file with the Commission an answer to the complaint. If answer is filed and if your appearance at the place and on the date above stated be not required, due notice to that effect will be given you. The Rules of Practice adopted by the Commission with respect to answers or failure to appear or answer (Rule IX) provide as follows:

In case of desire to contest the proceeding the respondent shall, within twenty (20) days from the service of the complaint, file with the Commission an answer to the complaint. Such answer shall contain a concise statement of the facts which constitute the ground of defense. Respondent shall specifically admit or deny or explain each of the facts alleged in the complaint, unless respondent is without knowledge, in which case respondent shall so state.

Failure of the respondent to file answer within the time above provided and failure to appear at the time and place fixed for hearing shall be deemed to authorize the Commission, without further notice to respondent, to proceed in regular course on the charges set forth in the complaint.

If respondent desires to waive hearing on the allegations of fact set forth in the complaint and not to contest the facts, the answer may consist of a statement that respondent admits all the material allegations of fact charged in the complaint to be true. Respondent by such answer shall be deemed to have waived a hearing on the allegations of fact set forth in said complaint and to have authorized the Commission, without further evidence, or other intervening procedure, to find such facts to be true, and if in the judgment of the Commission

such facts admitted constitute a violation of law or laws as charged in the complaint, to make and serve findings as to the facts and an order to cease and desist from such violations. Upon application in writing made contemporaneously with the filing of such answer, the respondent, in the discretion of the Commission, may be heard on brief, in oral argument, or both, solely on the question as to whether the facts so admitted constitute the violation or violations of law charged in the complaint.

In witness whereof, the Federal Trade Commission has caused this, its complaint, to be signed by its Secretary, and its official seal to be hereto affixed, at Washington, D. C., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1942.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] OTIS B. JOHNSON,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2731; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
10:45 a. m.]

#### NATIONAL HOUSING AGENCY.

##### Federal Housing Administration.

#### NOTICE OF CALL FOR PARTIAL REDEMPTION, BEFORE MATURITY, OF 2¾ PERCENT MUTUAL MORTGAGE INSURANCE FUND DEBENTURES, SERIES B

MARCH 25, 1942.

To holders of 2¾ percent Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund debentures, Series B:

Pursuant to the authority conferred by the National Housing Act (48 Stat. 1246; U.S.C., title 12, sec. 1701 et seq.) as amended, public notice is hereby given that 2¾ percent Mutual Mortgage Insurance Fund debentures, Series B, of the denominations and serial numbers designated below, are hereby called for redemption, at par and accrued interest, on July 1, 1942, on which date interest on such debentures shall cease:

Denomination:	Serial numbers (all numbers inclusive)
\$50	1,161 to 1,342
\$100	4,049 to 4,786
\$500	1,404 to 1,592
\$1,000	5,000 to 5,922
\$5,000	329 to 411
\$10,000	40 to 44

The debentures first issued, as determined by the serial numbers, were selected for redemption by the Commissioner, Federal Housing Administration, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury.

No transfers or denominational exchanges in debentures covered by the foregoing call will be made on the books maintained by the Treasury Department on or after April 1, 1942. This does not affect the right of the holder of a debenture to sell and assign the debenture on or after April 1, 1942, and provision will be made for the payment of final interest due July 1, 1942, with the principal thereof to the actual owner, as shown by the assignments thereon.

The Commissioner of the Federal Housing Administration hereby offers to purchase any debentures included in this call at any time from April 1 to June 30, 1942, inclusive, at par and accrued interest, to date of purchase.

Instructions for the presentation and surrender of debentures for redemption on or after July 1, 1942, or for purchase prior to that date will be given by the Secretary of the Treasury.

ABNER H. FERGUSON,  
Commissioner.

Approved: March 27, 1942.

D. W. BELL,  
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2756; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
12:33 p. m.]

#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION.

IN THE MATTER OF RICHARD MAHONEY COMPANY, INCORPORATED, 606 EMPIRE STATE BUILDING, SPOKANE, WASHINGTON

FINDINGS AND ORDER REVOKING REGISTRATION AS BROKER AND DEALER

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 26th day of March, A. D. 1942.

1. Richard Mahoney Company, Incorporated, a Washington corporation, is registered with this Commission as an over-the-counter broker-dealer pursuant to section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. We instituted this proceeding under section 15 (b) to determine whether its registration as such should be suspended or revoked.

2. George Fitzgerald is president and director of the registrant, the owner of all of its outstanding stock (except for the qualifying shares), and is in full control of the registrant.

3. The order instituting this proceeding stated that members of the staff had reported to the Commission information obtained as a result of an investigation, which tended to show that:

A. During the period extending through March and April 1940, registrant sold stock of Callahan Consolidated Mines, Inc., to various persons. In making and inducing such sales, registrant, through Fitzgerald and others, falsely represented to purchasers that:

(1) The current market price of the stock was 17½ cents per share, when the fact was, as registrant well knew, that the current market price was considerably less than that figure;

(2) Registrant had advance "inside" information that Callahan Consolidated Mines, Inc., was about to open up a rich body of ore, when the fact was, as registrant well knew, that no such rich body of ore had been discovered and registrant had no information from which it could have been reasonably concluded that such a discovery would be made;

(3) Callahan Consolidated Mines, Inc., was ready to go into production, when the fact was, as registrant well knew,

that the company was not ready to go into production and has not yet gone into production;

(4) It was certain that the price of the stock would reach 50 or 75 cents a share within 60 or 90 days from the date of purchase, when the fact was, as registrant well knew, that under the circumstances then existing there was no reasonable basis for such an assertion;

(5) Only a limited amount of stock was available, when the fact was, as registrant well knew, that the stock was freely obtainable and was obtained with apparent ease by the registrant to fill orders.

B. In inducing certain of these sales, registrant stated to prospective purchasers that the price of the stock would increase to 19 cents a share within 10 days or 2 weeks, but omitted to state that the price of the stock would be arbitrarily and artificially stepped up by registrant for the purpose of stimulating sales.

C. The transactions referred to were effected by the use of the mails and instrumentalities of interstate commerce and otherwise than on a national securities exchange.

The Commission's order further stated that the information reported by its staff, as set forth above, tended, if true, to show that the registrant had willfully violated section 17 (a) of the Securities Act of 1933, section 15 (c) (1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-15C1-2 of the Commission's rules thereunder.

4. The registrant, by George Fitzgerald, its president, has submitted a document entitled "Answer and Consent to Revocation of Registration pursuant to section 15 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934" in which it acknowledges receipt and service of adequate notice of the proceeding, waives opportunity for hearing, "admits and acknowledges the existence of the facts and the cause of action set forth in the Commission's order for proceedings," and consents to the entry of an order by the Commission revoking its registration as an over-the-counter broker and dealer.

5. We find that the registrant has willfully violated section 17 (a) of the Securities Act of 1933, section 15 (c) (1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-15C1-2 thereunder, and that it is in the public interest to revoke its registration as a broker and dealer.

Accordingly, it is ordered, Pursuant to section 15 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, that the registration of Richard Mahoney Company, Incorporated, as an over-the-counter broker and dealer be, and it hereby is, revoked.

By the Commission (Chairman Purcell and Commissioners Healy, Pike and Burke), Commissioner O'Brien being absent and not participating.

[SEAL] FRANCIS P. BRASSOR,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2738; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
11:28 a. m.]

IN THE MATTER OF WILLIAM E. HOUSEL,  
11 EAST 44TH STREET, NEW YORK, NEW  
YORK

FINDINGS AND ORDER REVOKING REGISTRATION AS BROKER AND DEALER

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pa., on the 26th day of March, A. D. 1942.

1. William E. Housel is registered with this Commission as an over-the-counter broker-dealer pursuant to section 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. We instituted this proceeding under section 15 (b) to determine whether his registration as such should be suspended or revoked.

2. The order instituting this proceeding stated that members of the staff had reported to the Commission information obtained as a result of an investigation which tended to show that:

A. During the period from May 10, 1937, to about June 28, 1938, respondent sold to various persons Syndicate Membership Interests in Investors Petroleum Syndicate No. 1, an unincorporated association organized by respondent. In making and inducing such sales, respondent falsely represented to purchasers:

(1) That the Syndicate operated entirely for the benefit of its members, when in fact the Syndicate was controlled and operated by respondent for his own benefit;

(2) That the management of the Syndicate was vested in the Chairman of a managing committee assisted by members of that committee and a Trustee who held the property of the Syndicate in trust, when in fact respondent personally and exclusively managed the affairs and controlled the property of the Syndicate at all times;

(3) That all the property of the Syndicate was held by a Trustee, subject to the control of the Chairman and members of the managing committee, when in fact the property was never turned over to a Trustee and remained exclusively under the management and control of the respondent;

(4) That the Syndicate would purchase better quality oil investments for its own account directly from owners of oil lands through its own field organization at "rock bottom prices" thereby saving the usual dealers' profits, when in fact the Syndicate did not and could not so purchase oil investments since it did not have a field organization and all its oil investments were purchased from the respondent himself or from William E. Housel, Inc. (a corporation controlled by respondent); and further that neither respondent nor the said William E. Housel, Inc., was an owner of oil lands and that respondent directly or indirectly realized large dealer profits out of transactions involving the oil investments made by the Syndicate;

(5) That the Syndicate members in their individual purchases of oil investments could eliminate dealers' profits by making such purchases directly from

landowners through the Syndicate's field supervisor, when in fact such a procedure was not possible since the Syndicate did not have an active field supervisor and since all purchases of oil investments by the Syndicate for the accounts of its members were made not from landowners but from respondent or William E. Housel, Inc., in which purchases respondent directly or indirectly received substantial dealer profits;

(6) That the Syndicate received commissions of only 10% of the actual cost of oil investments made by it for its members, when in fact in several instances the Syndicate's profit exceeded that percentage and in one such purchase the Syndicate's profit was in excess of 175% of cost;

(7) That the Syndicate purchased oil investments only for its permanent investment account, when in fact the Syndicate was actively trading at the time in oil investments;

(8) That the Syndicate had statistical facilities, maps, drilling reports, and a reporting service of its own, which were available for general consultation by its members, when in fact the Syndicate did not have any such facilities or service of its own but relied on those owned or controlled by respondent;

(9) That the advice given by the Syndicate to its members in the purchase of oil securities was impartial, when in fact such advice was not and could not have been impartial in that the Syndicate relied entirely upon respondent for such advice and respondent managed and controlled the Syndicate for his own profit, and, directly or through corporations controlled by him, bought from and sold to the Syndicate and its members oil investments at large profits to himself;

(10) That prior to September 17, 1937, the Syndicate had purchased oil investments for its members at prices 30% to 40% below those asked by retail dealers, when in fact the Syndicate had not engaged in any such transactions at that time.

B. During the period from March 1, 1938, to about April 1, 1940, respondent sold to various persons Class A stock of Petroleum Investment Service, Inc., a corporation which respondent caused to be incorporated as a successor to the Syndicate and which respondent controlled through the ownership of the entire issue of 100 shares of Class B common stock, which had the right to elect a majority of the board of directors. In making and inducing such sales, respondent falsely represented to purchasers:

(1) That the Service Company was operated solely for the benefit of the stockholders, when in fact the Service Company was managed, controlled, and operated by respondent solely for his own benefit;

(2) That the Service Company furnished free and unbiased statistical reports to its members and advised them regarding oil investments, when in fact the Service Company did not and could not furnish unbiased reports since it re-

lied entirely on information and advice obtained from the respondent and William E. Housel, Inc., at a time when respondent, directly and through corporations controlled by him, sold to and purchased from the Service Company and its members oil investments at large direct and indirect profits to respondent;

(3) That the only profits made by the Service Company on purchases for its stockholders would be a 10% service charge based on actual cost, when in fact the Service Company had previously sold and continued to sell securities to its stockholders at profits in excess of 10% of the actual cost of such securities.

C. In making and inducing the sales described in subdivision B, respondent stated to purchasers:

(1) That the Service Company had arranged to acquire 5,000 shares of the common stock of Housel Oil Corporation at \$2.50 per share, that the book value of the stock as of March 15, 1938, was in excess of \$4.00 per share, when in fact, as respondent knew but omitted to state, the price of the stock had been arbitrarily fixed by respondent at \$2.50 per share and the book value of \$4.00 per share had been falsely created by respondent in that he controlled Housel Oil Corporation and had arbitrarily reappraised on the books of that corporation at \$116,817.40 certain property acquired by the corporation for \$24,796.59;

(2) That the Service Company was earning 20% or more on its invested capital, when in fact, as respondent knew but omitted to state, such earnings as the Service Company had were those created by the respondent through security dealings which respondent had with the Service Company;

(3) That the Service Company had nothing to sell but service, when in fact, as respondent knew but omitted to state, the Service Company had no facilities of its own for rendering service but relied in rendering such service on information and advice obtained from respondent or corporations controlled by him;

(4) That in the purchase of securities from respondent or William E. Housel, Inc., the cost to the Service Company of such securities would be no more than 110% of the cost to the respondent or William E. Housel, Inc., when in fact, as respondent knew but omitted to state, respondent and corporations controlled by him had sold and intended to sell to the Service Company and its stockholders securities at prices which were greatly in excess of 110% of the cost to respondent or the controlled corporations.

D. Respondent used the mails and instrumentalities of interstate commerce in effecting the transactions and inducing the purchases of securities referred to in subdivisions A, B, and C.

The Commission's order further stated that the information reported by its staff, as set forth above, tended, if true, to show that the respondent had wilfully violated section 17 (a) of the Securities

Act of 1933, section 15 (c) (1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-15C1-2 of the Commission's rules thereunder.

3. The respondent has filed a document entitled "Consent to Revocation of Registration Pursuant to section 15 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934" in which he acknowledges receipt and service of adequate notice of the proceeding, waives opportunity for hearing, "admits and acknowledges the existence of the facts and/or the cause of action set forth in the Commission's order for proceedings, but denies any intent to violate any law either state or federal in connection therewith," and consents to entry of an order by the Commission revoking his registration as an over-the-counter broker and dealer.

4. We find that the respondent has willfully violated section 17 (a) of the Securities Act of 1933, 15 (c) (1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-15C1-2 thereunder, and that it is in the public interest to revoke his registration as a broker and dealer.

Accordingly, it is ordered, Pursuant to section 15 (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, that the registration of William E. Housel as an over-the-counter broker and dealer be, and it hereby is, revoked.

By the Commission (Chairman Purcell and Commissioners Healy, Pike and Burke), Commissioner O'Brien being absent and not participating.

[SEAL] FRANCIS P. BRASSOR,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2739; Filed, March 28, 1942;  
11:28 a. m.]

[File No. 70-519]

IN THE MATTER OF COLUMBIA GAS & ELECTRIC CORPORATION, THE OHIO FUEL GAS COMPANY, AND NORTHWESTERN OHIO NATURAL GAS COMPANY

NOTICE REGARDING FILING

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, on the 28th day of March, 1942.

Notice is hereby given that declarations or applications (or both) have been filed with this Commission pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 by the above-named parties; and

Notice is further given that any interested person may, not later than April 10, 1942 at 5:30 P. M., E. W. T., request the Commission in writing that a hearing be held on such matter, stating the reasons for such request and the nature of his interest, or may request that he be notified if the Commission should order a hearing thereon. At any time thereafter, such declarations or applications, as filed or as amended, may become effective or may be granted, as provided in Rule U-23 of the Rules and Regulations promulgated pursuant to said Act, or the Commission may exempt such transactions, as provided in Rules U-20 (a) and U-100 thereof. Any such request should be addressed: Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

All interested persons are referred to said declarations or applications, which are on file in the office of said Commission, for a statement of the transactions therein proposed, which may be summarized as follows:

The parties propose to merge Northwestern Ohio Natural Gas Company, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Columbia Gas & Electric Corporation, into The Ohio Fuel Gas Company, also a subsidiary of Columbia Gas & Electric Corporation, all of whose outstanding shares and indebtedness other than current indebtedness and \$3,000,000 principal amount of 4% Serial Notes (guaranteed as to principal and interest by its parent) are owned by the parent. As stated in the applications or declarations, the following steps will be necessary or incidental to the consummation of the proposed transaction:

(a) Northwestern will declare and pay a dividend on its common stock in an amount equal to its Earned Surplus since December 31, 1937 (as of December 31, 1941, such surplus amounting to \$66,714.88).

(b) Northwestern will be merged into Ohio Fuel pursuant to the provisions of the Ohio General Corporation Law, with Ohio Fuel containing as the surviving

corporation. Such merger is to be carried out pursuant to the provisions of the Agreement of Merger which is filed with the applications or declarations.

(c) In the merger, Ohio Fuel will issue 58,354 shares of common stock, par value \$45, in exchange for the 55,505 shares of common stock, par value \$50, of Northwestern, presently outstanding. Ohio Fuel presently has 442,517 authorized but unissued shares of common stock.

The proposed merger involves the following transactions which are covered by this combined application:

(a) The issue by Ohio Fuel of 58,354 shares of common stock, par value \$45.

(b) The transfer by merger of all of the assets of Northwestern to Ohio Fuel.

(c) The assumption, by operation of law, by Ohio Fuel of all of the liabilities of Northwestern, which at the date of the merger will consist of current liabilities only.

(d) The acquisition by Columbia Gas of 58,354 shares of common stock, par value \$45, of Ohio Fuel in exchange for 55,505 shares of common stock, par value \$50, of Northwestern.

The number of shares to be issued by The Ohio Fuel Gas Company in exchange for the outstanding shares of Northwestern Ohio Natural Gas Company is said to have been determined by dividing the capital stock and special capital surplus of The Ohio Fuel Gas Company by the number of shares outstanding and dividing the result into the sum of the capital stock and surplus prior to January 1, 1938 of Northwestern Ohio Natural Gas Company. The earned surplus of The Ohio Fuel Gas Company prior to January 1, 1938, in the amount of \$6,949,606.37, and the earned surplus of that company since December 31, 1937, in the amount of \$1,407,974.08, as well as the earned surplus of Northwestern Ohio Natural Gas Company since December 31, 1937 of \$66,714.88 are stated not to have been used in the computation referred to.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] FRANCIS P. BRASSOR,  
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2764; Filed, March 30, 1942;  
9:32 a. m.]

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