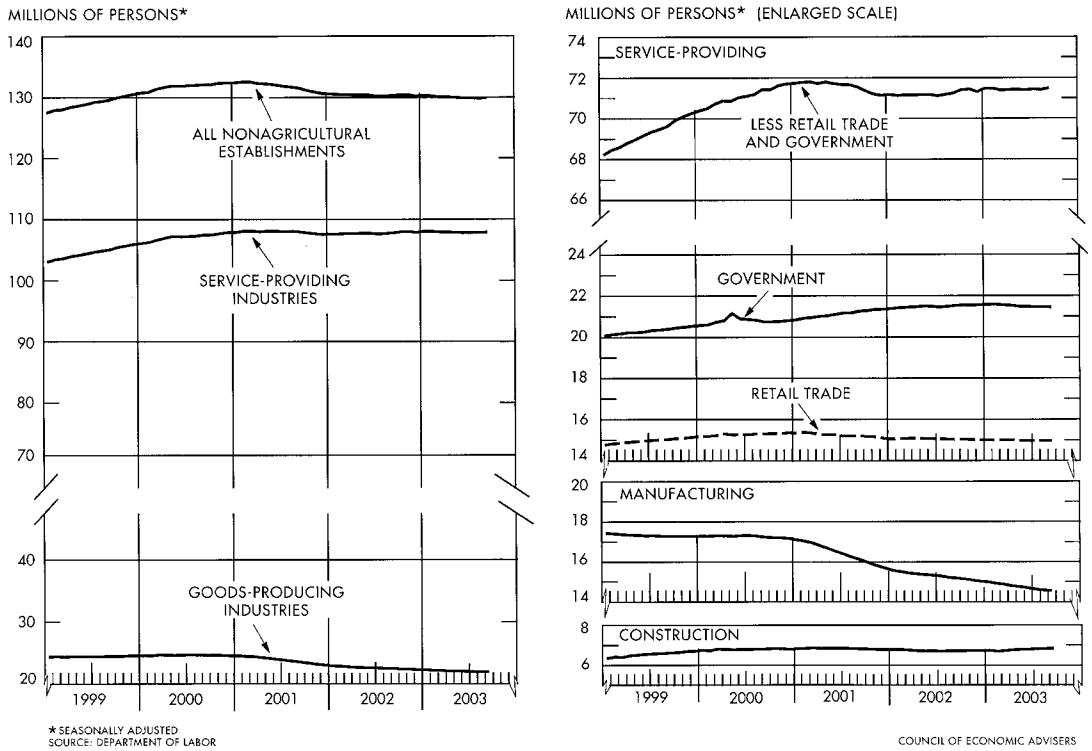
NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT

Total nonagricultural employment as measured by the payroll survey rose by 57,000 in September.



[Thousands of wage and salary workers;[1] monthly data seasonally adjusted]

Period	Total nonagricultural employment	Goods-producing industries			Service-providing industries									
		Total[2]	Construction	Manufacturing	Total	Trade, transportation, and utilities		Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services[4]	Government	
						Total[3]	Retail trade						Total	Federal
1993	110,844	22,219	4,779	16,774	88,625	22,378	13,021	6,709	11,495	12,303	9,732	7,018	18,989	3,063
1994	114,291	22,774	5,095	17,021	91,517	23,128	13,491	6,867	12,174	12,807	10,100	7,166	19,275	3,018
1995	117,298	23,156	5,274	17,241	94,142	23,834	13,897	6,827	12,844	13,289	10,501	7,415	19,432	2,949
1996	119,708	23,410	5,536	17,237	96,299	24,239	14,143	6,969	13,462	13,683	10,777	7,630	19,539	2,877
1997	122,776	23,886	5,813	17,419	98,890	24,700	14,389	7,178	14,335	14,087	11,018	7,909	19,664	2,806
1998	125,930	24,354	6,149	17,560	101,576	25,186	14,609	7,462	15,147	14,446	11,232	8,194	19,909	2,772
1999	128,993	24,465	6,545	17,322	104,528	25,771	14,970	7,648	15,957	14,798	11,543	8,506	20,307	2,769
2000	131,785	24,649	6,787	17,263	107,136	26,225	15,280	7,687	16,666	15,109	11,862	8,799	20,790	2,865
2001	131,826	23,873	6,826	16,441	107,952	25,983	15,239	7,807	16,476	15,645	12,036	8,887	21,118	2,764
2002	130,376	22,619	6,732	15,306	107,757	25,493	15,047	7,843	16,010	16,184	11,969	8,768	21,489	2,767
2002: Sept	130,289	22,497	6,728	15,196	107,792	25,430	15,016	7,851	16,008	16,273	11,975	8,729	21,526	2,774
Oct	130,408	22,435	6,720	15,143	107,973	25,439	15,025	7,872	16,036	16,315	12,032	8,735	21,544	2,781
Nov	130,409	22,409	6,745	15,091	108,000	25,406	15,014	7,880	16,014	16,357	12,069	8,734	21,540	2,782
Dec	130,198	22,323	6,731	15,020	107,875	25,378	15,006	7,889	15,972	16,373	12,019	8,688	21,556	2,778
2003: Jan	130,356	22,288	6,738	14,982	108,068	25,376	15,009	7,902	16,015	16,405	12,132	8,662	21,576	2,786
Feb	130,235	22,191	6,700	14,922	108,044	25,346	14,987	7,916	16,043	16,430	12,084	8,637	21,588	2,791
Mar	130,084	22,159	6,720	14,874	107,925	25,338	14,995	7,930	15,980	16,452	12,050	8,628	21,547	2,789
Apr	130,062	22,119	6,760	14,795	107,943	25,321	15,000	7,956	15,989	16,483	12,043	8,625	21,526	2,769
May	129,986	22,098	6,786	14,746	107,888	25,282	14,979	7,971	16,002	16,509	12,026	8,614	21,484	2,761
June	129,903	22,061	6,800	14,692	107,842	25,238	14,964	7,972	16,006	16,503	12,039	8,608	21,476	2,749
July[r]	129,846	22,001	6,804	14,631	107,845	25,211	14,958	7,981	16,063	16,487	12,051	8,594	21,458	2,747
Aug[r]	129,805	21,972	6,823	14,585	107,833	25,201	14,959	7,979	16,058	16,512	12,048	8,579	21,456	2,746
Sept[p]	129,862	21,955	6,837	14,556	107,907	25,218	14,969	7,989	16,124	16,521	12,045	8,569	21,441	2,750

[1] Data from the establishment survey. Includes all full- and part-time wage and salary workers in nonagricultural establishments who received pay for any part of the pay period that includes the 12th of the month. Excludes proprietors, self-employed persons, unpaid family workers, and private household workers. Data from the household survey shown on p. 11 include those workers and also count persons as employed when they are not at work because of industrial disputes, bad weather, etc., even if they are not paid for the time off. In the series shown here, persons who work at more than one job are counted each time they appear on a payroll, in contrast to the series shown on p. 11 where persons are counted only once—as employed, unemployed, or not in the labor force. See *Employment and Earnings* for details.

[2] Includes natural resources and mining, not shown separately.

[3] Includes wholesale trade, transportation and warehousing, and utilities, not shown separately.

[4] Other services and information.

Note.—Data classified by industry based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). For details see *Employment and Earnings,* June 2003.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

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