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2d Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

{ REPORT
118-979

SURVEY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON RULES FOR THE 118TH CONGRESS

R E P O R T

OF THE

COMMITTEE ON RULES U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

together with
MINORITY VIEWS



JANUARY 3, 2025.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on
the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

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*Tom Cole of Oklahoma was elected to the Committee on Rules on January 10, 2023 and served as Chair of the Committee until he resigned on April 11, 2024 to serve as the Chair of the Committee on Appropriations. Michael Burgess of Texas, Vice Chair, was elected as Chair of the Committee on Rules on April 11, 2024. On the same date, Austin Scott of Georgia was elected to serve as a Member of the Committee.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
COMMITTEE ON RULES,
Washington, DC, January 3, 2025.

KEVIN F. MCCUMBER,
Acting Clerk, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MISTER CLERK: Pursuant to clause 1(d) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives for the 118th Congress, I transmit herewith a report entitled “Survey of Activities of the House Committee on Rules for the 118th Congress.”

Sincerely,

MICHAEL C. BURGESS, M.D.,
Chair.

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JANUARY 3, 2025.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State
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Mr. BURGESS, from the Committee on Rules,
submitted the following

R E P O R T

together with

MINORITY VIEWS

Pursuant to clause 1(d) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Rules transmits herewith its Survey of Activities for the 118th Congress.

I. HISTORY, FUNCTION, AND ORGANIZATION OF THE COMMITTEE ON RULES

A. INTRODUCTION

In the 118th Congress, the Committee on Rules returned to its traditional two-subcommittee structure and retained its purpose in the House of Representatives. Its size and super majority ratio remained the same as in previous Congresses, under both Republican and Democratic control. The Committee's central function continued to be setting the conditions under which major legislation is considered on the House floor, particularly regarding the terms of debate and the process for consideration of amendments.

The Committee has been described by various scholars and Members as a "legislative traffic cop," "gatekeeper," "field commander," as well as "the Speaker's Committee." All of these terms highlight the critical role the Committee plays in the conduct of legislative business in the House. While the primary responsibility of the Committee is to be the scheduling arm of the majority leadership, it also exercises "original jurisdiction" over the rules of the House,

joint rules of the House and Senate, the order of business in the House, and the budget process. Although the principal purpose of this report is to summarize the activities of the Rules Committee in the 118th Congress, its secondary purpose is to view these activities in the context of the evolution of the Committee and the House of Representatives since the First Congress in 1789.

B. HISTORY AND FUNCTION

The 118th Congress of the United States has created new areas of precedent, challenging the traditional function of the Committee on Rules—and its relationship with the Speaker of the House—in exceptional ways. Chief among these challenges was the razor-thin majority, which allowed a small, determined group of members to stymie the will of the Speaker and in many cases, the will of the majority of the Majority. But to fully appreciate the drastic shift in the 118th Congress, it is important to place the role of the Committee in context.

The history of the Committee on Rules roughly parallels the evolution of the House over the past 235 years. The first Rules Committee was established as a select committee of the House on the second day of the First Congress, April 2, 1789, pursuant to the Constitutional mandate in Article I, section 5, clause 2 that, “Each House may determine the rules of its proceedings . . .”. The House order creating the Committee stated that “a committee be appointed to prepare and report such standing rules and order of proceeding as may be proper to be observed in this House . . .”.

The Members serving on the Rules Committee have included some of the most prominent Members of the House. Of the first 11 Members on the Committee, several were Founding Fathers of the nation. These included: (1) Representative James Madison of Virginia, the “Father of the Constitution” and future President of the United States; (2) Representative Roger Sherman of Connecticut, the only one of the Founding Fathers to help prepare and sign all four of the most important documents of the early nation: the Articles of Association, the Articles of Confederation, the Declaration of Independence, and the Constitution; (3) Representative Elias Boudinot of New Jersey, President of the Continental Congress from November 1782 to November 1783; and (4) Representative Elbridge Gerry of Massachusetts, a future Vice President of the United States and a signer of both the Declaration of Independence and the Articles of Confederation.

Five days after its appointment, the first Select Committee on Rules began exercising its responsibilities. It reported four rules on: (1) the duties of the Speaker, (2) decorum and debate, (3) the disposition of bills, and (4) the operations of the Committee of the Whole. Six days later, on April 13, 1789, the Select Committee reported an additional eight rules dealing with such matters as the service of Members on committees, Members’ attendance during floor proceedings, the creation of a standing Committee on Elections, the duties of the Clerk, and the duties of the Sergeant at Arms. Following the adoption of these rules by the House, the Select Committee was dissolved.

During the first 90 years of the House, this pattern continued. At the beginning of each Congress, the House would establish a Select Committee on Rules, which would report any recommended re-

visions in the standing rules of the House from those of the previous, and then dissolve. In some Congresses, the House did not appoint a Select Committee on Rules and instead operated under the rules adopted in the preceding Congress.

Although in its early years the House relied primarily on select committees to draft legislation, by the mid-nineteenth century this system evolved to include 34 standing committees, which assumed such responsibilities. The House briefly converted the Rules Committee into a standing committee between 1849 and 1853. In 1880, the House permanently converted the Rules Committee into a standing committee chaired by the Speaker of the House. It was this Speaker-Chair position, combined with the newly-emerging role of the Committee to report rules managing consideration of legislation on the floor, that cement the Committee's place in legislative history.

In 1883, the modern Rules Committee began to emerge when the House upheld the right of the Committee to issue "special orders of business" or "special rules" providing for the consideration of legislation from other committees. By 1890, this new role had become the exclusive prerogative of the Rules Committee.

Special rules, which were and are House resolutions, also known as simple resolutions reported from the Rules Committee, were important because they required only a majority vote of the House to provide for the consideration of bills out of the order in which they appeared on the floor Calendar. This is notable because, until the use of special rules, a two-thirds vote was required to suspend the rules and consider a bill out of order. A simple majority could now accomplish what previously required a super-majority. Special rules gained importance because they gave the House flexibility in its legislative agenda, which in turn, allowed for House leadership to respond to changing judgments about the nation's needs at any given time, and to do so with increased certainty as to the outcome of their legislative agenda.

The individual most responsible for recognizing and utilizing the full potential of the combined powers of the Speaker and Rules Committee chair was Representative Thomas Brackett Reed of Maine, who served in those two roles between 1889–91 and 1895–99.

Not only did he use his authority as Speaker to make rulings from the Chair that outlawed certain obstructionist tactics on the House floor; he also proceeded to codify these rulings, known as "Reed's Rules," in the standing rules of the House through his capacity as Rules Committee Chairman. Speaker Reed also made regular use of the Rules Committee to report special rules, enabling him to schedule bills to be considered on the floor when he wished and under his terms of debate and amendment.

It was not until 1910 that this powerful Speaker-Chair combination was broken up by a revolt against Speaker Joseph Cannon of Illinois, who had served as Speaker and Rules Committee chair since 1903. A group of progressive Republican insurgents joined with the Democratic minority to bypass the Rules Committee and directly amend the House Rules from the floor. When Speaker Cannon upheld a point of order that only the Rules Committee could recommend changes in House Rules, the group voted to overturn the ruling. They were then able to amend the rules of the House,

stripping the Speaker of his chairmanship and membership on the Rules Committee, as well as his power to appoint Members to the Committee.

They also voted to enlarge the Committee from five to 10 members elected by the House. The following year, a new Democratic majority completed the revolution by taking away the Speaker's power to appoint Members to all of the other committees of the House. Since then, the House has elected all Members to standing committees.

This revolt had far-reaching and long-lasting consequences. The standing committees became independent power centers, no longer directly accountable to the Speaker. While the Rules Committee continued to serve as the scheduling arm of the Leadership, it illustrated its independence when reaction set in against the New Deal in 1937.

From that time until 1961, the Committee was dominated by a conservative coalition of Southern Democrats and Republicans who sometimes would refuse to report rules on bills that the majority leadership wanted on the floor, or they would report such rules only under their own terms and timing. A successful effort by Speaker Sam Rayburn of Texas and President John F. Kennedy in 1961 to enlarge the Committee from 12 to 15 Members, including two more liberal Democrats, did not resolve this problem.

It was not until the mid-1970s, with a large influx of new Democratic Members, that the Rules Committee was fully restored as an arm of the majority leadership.

This reform movement, with the emergence of more independent Members and the proliferation of semi-autonomous subcommittees, furthered the decentralization of power in the House. This decentralization soon led to pressures to give the majority leadership, in particular the Speaker acting through the Rules Committee, more authority to direct the business of the House.

In 1975, the Democratic Speaker was given authority under Caucus rules to appoint all Rules Committee Democrats, subject to Caucus ratification. In 1989, the Republican Conference gave the minority leader the same authority to appoint all Rules Committee Republicans. The slates of appointees recommended by both Leaders are still subject to approval by the whole House in the form of a simple resolution. This practice continues today. In the 118th Congress, all of the Republican Members were appointed to the Rules Committee through the adoption of H. Res. 14 and H. Res. 1133. The Democratic Members of the Committee were appointed through the adoption of H. Res. 15.

Overall, the Rules Committee continues its role of facilitating the deliberation and amendment of major legislation in the House. However, the 118th Congress was not without its challenges. As previously mentioned, a razor-thin majority—the smallest in our nation's history—contributed to a nearly unprecedented seven defeated special rules reported out of the Rules Committee. Only the 93rd Congress, just over 50 years ago, had more special rules defeated. In addition, the 118th Congress saw the first successful resolution to vacate the office of the Speaker and the consideration of an additional unsuccessful resolution of the same nature. Finally, a procedural vote on a motion to recommit H.R. 2925 was successful, a success unseen in the previous Congress.

In these ways, the 118th Congress explored a new era of tradition and practice over the institutional procedures of old. Yet even with these dynamics, the institution saw success in broadening the voices heard of those elected, from the highest of rank to the rank-and-file. H. Res. 5 reversed a variety of “reforms” enacted in previous Congresses with the intent to restore a more robust legislative process that broadened the voices influencing its outcome. The resolution repealed COVID-era rules imposed under then-Speaker Nancy Pelosi that consolidated legislative decision-making to the Speaker’s chamber. Such rules included the use of proxy voting and the prolific use of *en bloc* amendment consideration to pre-determine amendments outcomes and ultimately protect members of the Democratic majority from taking any difficult votes.

Considering this intent, the 118th Congress has proved to be an unmitigated success. The resulting process dramatically increased the legislative activity of the chamber which more accurately reflected the democratic norms the Founding Fathers envisioned. In the 118th Congress, House Republicans provided a more than 40 percent increase in the number of rules with amendments as compared to either of the previous two Congresses under Democrat control, considered more amendments on the floor than the previous four years combined, and considered a modified-open rule for the first time in over three Congresses. Nearly 1,600 amendments were offered to a single bill, a massive increase from any other bill in recent memory. While outcomes of such efforts were at times relatively mixed in comparison to previous years, the process restored the ability of all Members to have a voice in the legislative process, a stark contrast to the top-down leadership-driven approach in previous years. Certainly those who applaud the outcomes of the previous Democratic majority should take heed that such certain outcomes often come at the expense of allowing robust Member participation and more open processes.

While the most high-profile role of the Rules Committee is to direct legislative traffic to the House floor, the Committee is also responsible for other important business. For instance, as part of its gate-keeping work, the Committee must help resolve jurisdictional disputes between other standing committees. As is often the case, committees will report legislation with amendments that impact the jurisdiction of other committees. When legislation with such cross-jurisdictional language comes to the Rules Committee, the Committee must resolve these disputes to ensure that legislation reaches the floor without controversy between House committees.

Finally, with the aid of the Office of the Parliamentarian, the Committee plays a role in ensuring compliance with the House Rules. Authorizing and appropriating committees often seek guidance in how to conduct their oversight and legislative responsibilities in accordance with the Rules, and when questions arise regarding the propriety of certain courses of action, they turn to the Rules Committee or the Parliamentarian for the answer.

Overall, and notwithstanding changes in majority control, the Rules Committee continues its role of facilitating the deliberation and amending of legislation in the House, all the while balancing the legislative agenda of the majority leadership with preserving institutional norms and promoting civility in discourse and debate.

C. COMMITTEE ORGANIZATION DURING THE 118TH CONGRESS

At the beginning of the 94th Congress, the Committee membership was increased from 15 Members (10 Democrats and five Republicans) to 16 Members (11 Democrats and five Republicans). This ratio remained until the 98th Congress, when the membership was reduced to 13 Members (nine Democrats and four Republicans). The membership has remained at 13 for the 118th Congress. The ratio of majority party Members to minority party Members also has remained the same. As in the 112th through the 115th Congresses, Republicans comprised the majority, with Democrats in the minority. During the 116th and 117th Congresses, Democrats were in the majority.

Seven of the 13 members of the Rules Committee in the 118th Congress served on the Committee during the previous Congress. The returning Republican Representatives were Tom Cole of Oklahoma, Michael Burgess of Texas, Guy Reschenthaler of Pennsylvania, and Michelle Fischbach of Minnesota. The new Republican Representatives on the Committee for the 118th Congress were Thomas Massie of Kentucky, Ralph Norman of South Carolina, Chip Roy of Texas, Erin Houchin of Indiana, and Nicholas Langworthy of New York. Tom Cole of Oklahoma was elected as Chair of the Committee on January 10, 2023, and served as Chair until he resigned from the Committee on April 11, 2024, and was subsequently elected Chair of the Committee on Appropriations. On the same date, Michael Burgess of Texas was elected as Chair of the Rules Committee and Austin Scott of Georgia was elected as a Member of the Committee. The returning Democratic Representatives were James McGovern of Massachusetts, Mary Gay Scanlon of Pennsylvania, and Joe Neguse of Colorado. The new Democratic Representative on the Committee for the 118th Congress was Teresa Leger Fernandez of New Mexico.

The Committee held its organizational meeting on January 30, 2023. Chair Tom Cole of Oklahoma opened the meeting and welcomed all the Committee Members.

Chair Cole announced that the proposed Rules Committee rules would be considered as read and open for amendment at any point. He explained that the proposal called for the adoption of the Committee's rules which remained the same as the previous Congress with one proposed change, reducing the number of subcommittees from three to two. The Committee retained the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House and the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process.

Mr. Burgess offered a motion that the Committee adopt the proposed Committee rules for the 118th Congress. Four amendments were considered. Amendment #1, offered by Mr. McGovern, would have extended the existing requirement that the text of bills the Committee meets on be made available for 24 hours by including Rules Committee Prints in what must be provided, and was not agreed to by a voice vote. Amendment #2, offered by Mr. McGovern, would have required a two-thirds vote instead of a simple majority to report a rule that waives the 72-hour rule, and was not agreed to by a record vote of 4 to 8. Amendment #3, offered by Mr. McGovern, would have required a committee vote before beginning testimony on any emergency measure, and was not agreed to by a

record vote of 4 to 9. Amendment #4, offered by Ms. Scanlon, would have required the chair to allow nongovernment minority witnesses to testify before the Rules Committee if the ranking member certifies that circumstances necessitate remote testimony, and was not agreed to by a voice vote. Mr. Burgess's motion to adopt the Committee rules was agreed to by voice vote.

Pursuant to clause 2(d) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives, Chair Cole designated Michael Burgess as the Vice Chair of the Rules Committee to act on the Chair's behalf during a temporary absence of the Chair.

Mr. Burgess offered a motion that pursuant to rule 5(c) of the Committee on Rules, the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House and the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process continued to be composed of five majority and two minority Members, identical to the ratio used in recent Congresses. Mr. Burgess's motion was agreed to by voice vote. Chair Cole asked unanimous consent that any appointments to the subcommittees be postponed until the chair and ranking member had time to consult with committee members and each other.

Finally, the majority and minority staff of the Committee on Rules was approved and the committee staff was authorized to make technical and conforming changes to rules reported by the Committee for the duration of the 118th Congress.

On March 27, 2023, Chair Cole proposed, and the Committee adopted by unanimous consent, the appointment of Mr. Burgess as Chair of the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House and Mrs. Fischbach as Chair of the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process. Chair Cole and Ranking Member McGovern appointed the majority and minority Members of the two subcommittees as follows:

Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House: Mr. Burgess (Chair), Mr. Reschenthaler, Mrs. Houchin, Mr. Massie, Mr. Cole, Ms. Scanlon (Ranking Member), and Mr. McGovern.

Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process: Mrs. Fischbach (Chair), Mr. Norman, Mr. Roy, Mr. Langworthy, Mr. Cole, Ms. Leger Fernandez (Ranking Member), and Mr. Neguse.

Upon Mr. Burgess's election as Chair of the Committee, the following appointments were made on April 15, 2024 and agreed to by unanimous consent: Mr. Reschenthaler as Chair of the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House; Mrs. Houchin as Vice Chair of the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House; Mr. Scott as a Member of the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House; and Mr. Burgess as a Member of the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process.

Pursuant to clause 2(d) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives, Chair Burgess designated Guy Reschenthaler as the Vice Chair of the Rules Committee to act on the Chair's behalf during a temporary absence of the Chair.

D. INFORMATION TRANSPARENCY AND TECHNOLOGY FOR THE RULES COMMITTEE

Due to its unique role in the legislative process, the Committee on Rules has traditionally served as the primary source through which Members and the public access information about major legislation under consideration by the House. Whether it is initial ac-

cess to legislation or conference reports, or the text of amendments submitted to the Committee or made in order under a special rule for consideration on the House floor, in the 118th Congress, the Rules Committee continues to serve as the central repository for key legislative documents. This important information is primarily found in two electronic locations. First, on the Rules Committee website (rules.house.gov) where the Committee posts text of legislation likely to be considered by the full House in the coming weeks, official notices of hearings and meetings, and information regarding amendment submissions and related deadlines. Additionally, the Committee on Rules maintains an electronic repository (docs.house.gov) in tandem with the Majority Leader, which features the upcoming week's scheduled legislative text and accompanying reports, as well as the text of any special rules reported by the Rules Committee during that legislative week.

There are a number of features on the Rules Committee website designed to enhance timely access to critical legislative activity, including mobile-ready versions of all webpages; dates and times for meetings and amendment deadlines highlighted on the homepage; live video of Committee meetings embedded on the homepage; any votes taken by the Committee; disposition of submitted amendments; online amendment submission including original submission, revision submission, withdrawal, and addition of cosponsors; archive of documents created during each hearing, including the rule, the resolution, and the accompanying report listing of all rules reported by the Committee in recent Congresses; and, a listing of all hearings and meetings conducted by the Committee.

The Rules Committee website also maintains historical and educational material that Members, staff, citizens, and academics may find useful in understanding the legislative process in the House, in addition to all official Committee records beginning with the 112th Congress.

With the latest website upgrade completed in the 118th Congress, the Committee has expanded its search function to improve accessibility, allowing users to more easily locate and navigate pertinent information. Importantly, the Committee website now complies with Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, providing individuals with disabilities comparable access to electronic information and data to those who do not have disabilities. Additionally, the website management platform's security has been enhanced by incorporating cloud-based services that offer functional redundancy. The website is also optimized for increased mobile responsiveness and mobility editing capabilities, allowing for improved access and updates on various devices.

In addition to the Committee's public facing website, the Committee also operates the Committee on Rules Electronic Database (CORE Database), an internal tracking and workflow system. Originally developed in the 109th Congress as a statistical repository, majorities of both parties have made significant investments to turn it into the backbone of the Committee's operation it is today, allowing the Committee to process thousands of amendments each year.

This system also serves as the interface through which Member offices submit amendments to the Committee. Once submitted, CORE allows the Committee to efficiently process amendments and

revisions, as well as track them throughout the Rules Committee process. Ultimately, CORE produces a variety of documents critical for reporting Committee action to the full House. CORE also streamlines the posting of amendments and other information on the Committee's public website.

E. RULES OF THE COMMITTEE ON RULES FOR THE 118TH CONGRESS

RULE 1.—GENERAL PROVISIONS

(a) The Rules of the House are the rules of the Committee and its subcommittees so far as applicable, except that a motion to recess from day to day, and a motion to dispense with the first reading (in full) of a bill or resolution, if printed copies are available, are non-debatable privileged motions in the Committee. A proposed investigative or oversight report shall be considered as read if it has been available to the members of the Committee for at least 24 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, or legal holidays except when the House is in session on such day).

(b) Each subcommittee is a part of the Committee, and is subject to the authority and direction of the Committee and to its rules so far as applicable.

(c) The provisions of clause 2 of rule XI of the Rules of the House are incorporated by reference as the rules of the Committee to the extent applicable.

(d) The Committee's rules shall be published in the Congressional Record not later than 30 days after the Committee is elected in each odd-numbered year.

RULE 2.—REGULAR, ADDITIONAL, AND SPECIAL MEETINGS

REGULAR MEETINGS

(a)(1) The Committee shall regularly meet at 5:00 p.m. on the first day on which votes are scheduled of each week when the House is in session.

(2) A regular meeting of the Committee may be dispensed with if, in the judgment of the Chair, there is no need for the meeting.

(3) Additional regular meetings and hearings of the Committee may be called by the Chair.

NOTICE FOR REGULAR MEETINGS

(b) The Chair shall notify in electronic or written form each member of the Committee of the agenda of each regular meeting of the Committee at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting and shall provide to each member of the Committee, at least 24 hours before the time of each regular meeting:

(1) for each bill or resolution scheduled on the agenda for consideration of a rule, a copy of—

(A) the text of the bill or resolution;

(B) the text of any committee reports thereon; and

(C) any available letter requesting a rule for the bill or resolution; and

(2) for each other bill, resolution, report, or other matter on the agenda a copy of—

(A) the bill, resolution, report, or materials relating to the other matter in question; and

(B) any report on the bill, resolution, report, or any other matter made by any subcommittee of the Committee.

EMERGENCY MEETINGS

(c)(1) The Chair may call an emergency meeting of the Committee at any time on any measure or matter which the Chair determines to be of an emergency nature; provided, however, that the Chair has made an effort to consult the ranking minority member, or, in such member's absence, the next ranking minority party member of the Committee.

(2) As soon as possible after calling an emergency meeting of the Committee, the Chair shall notify each member of the Committee of the time and location of the meeting.

(3) To the extent feasible, the notice provided under paragraph (2) shall include the agenda for the emergency meeting and copies of available materials which would otherwise have been provided under subsection (b) if the emergency meeting was a regular meeting.

SPECIAL MEETINGS

(d) Special meetings shall be called and convened as provided in clause 2(c)(2) of rule XI of the Rules of the House.

RULE 3.—MEETING AND HEARING PROCEDURES

IN GENERAL

(a)(1) Meetings and hearings of the Committee shall be called to order and presided over by the Chair or, in the Chair's absence, by the member designated by the Chair as the Vice Chair of the Committee, or by the ranking majority member of the Committee present as Acting Chair.

(2) Meetings and hearings of the Committee shall be open to the public unless closed in accordance with clause 2(g) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives.

(3) Any meeting or hearing of the Committee that is open to the public shall be open to coverage by television, radio, and still photography in accordance with the provisions of clause 4 of rule XI of the Rules of the House (which are incorporated by reference as part of these rules).

(4) Before a motion to report a rule is offered, a copy of the language recommended shall be furnished to each member of the Committee.

QUORUM

(b)(1) For the purpose of hearing testimony on requests for rules, five members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum.

(2) For the purpose of taking testimony and receiving evidence on measures or matters of original jurisdiction before the Committee, three members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum.

(3) A majority of the members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum for the purposes of reporting any measure or matter; authorizing a subpoena; closing a meeting or hearing pursuant to clause 2(g) of rule XI of the Rules of the House (except as provided in clause 2(g)(2)(A) and (B)); or taking any other action.

VOTING

(c)(1) No vote may be conducted on any measure or motion pending before the Committee unless a majority of the members of the Committee is actually present for such purpose.

(2) A record vote of the Committee shall be provided on any question before the Committee upon the request of any member.

(3) No vote by any member of the Committee on any measure or matter may be cast by proxy.

(4) A record of the vote of each member of the Committee on each record vote on any measure or matter before the Committee shall be made publicly available in electronic form within 48 hours, and with respect to any record vote on any motion to amend or report, shall be included in the report of the Committee showing the total number of votes cast for and against and the names of those members voting for and against.

HEARING PROCEDURES

(d)(1) With regard to hearings on matters of original jurisdiction, to the greatest extent practicable:

(A) each witness who is to appear before the Committee shall file with the Committee at least 24 hours in advance of the appearance a statement of proposed testimony in written and electronic form and shall limit the oral presentation to the Committee to a brief summary thereof; and

(B) In the case of a witness appearing in a nongovernmental capacity, a written statement of proposed testimony shall include—

(i) a curriculum vitae;

(ii) a disclosure of any Federal grants or contracts, or contracts, or payments originating with a foreign government, received during the past 36 months by the witness or by an entity represented by the witness and related to the subject matter of the hearing;

(iii) a disclosure of whether the witness is a fiduciary (including, but not limited to, a director, officer, advisor, or resident agent) of any organization or entity that has an interest in the subject matter of a hearing.

(C) The disclosure referred to in subdivision (B)(ii) shall include—

(i) the amount and country of origin of any payment or contract related to the subject matter of the hearing originating with a foreign government.

(ii) the amount and country of origin of any payment or contract related to the subject matter of the hearing originating with a foreign government.

(D) Such statements, with appropriate redactions to protect the privacy or security of the witness, shall be made publicly available in electronic form 24 hours before the witness appears to the extent practicable, but not later than one day after the witness appears.

(2) The five-minute rule shall be observed in the interrogation of each witness before the Committee until each member of the Committee has had an opportunity to question the witness.

(3) The provisions of clause 2(k) of rule XI of the Rules of the House shall apply to any hearing conducted by the Committee.

SUBPOENAS AND OATHS

(e)(1) Pursuant to clause 2(m) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives, a subpoena may be authorized and issued by the Committee or a subcommittee in the conduct of any investigation or series of investigations or activities, only when authorized by a majority of the members voting, a majority being present.

(2) The Chair may authorize and issue subpoenas under such clause during any period in which the House has adjourned for a period of longer than three days.

(3) Authorized subpoenas shall be signed by the Chair or by any member designated by the Committee, and may be served by any person designated by the Chair or such member.

(4) The Chair, or any member of the Committee designated by the Chair, may administer oaths to witnesses before the Committee.

RULE 4.—GENERAL OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITIES

The Committee shall review and study, on a continuing basis, the application, administration, execution, and effectiveness of those laws, or parts of laws, the subject matter of which is within its jurisdiction.

RULE 5.—SUBCOMMITTEES

ESTABLISHMENT AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF SUBCOMMITTEES

(a)(1) There shall be two subcommittees of the Committee as follows:

(A) Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process, which shall have general responsibility for measures or matters related to relations between the Congress and the Executive Branch.

(B) Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House, which shall have general responsibility for measures or matters related to process and procedures of the House, relations between the two Houses of Congress, relations between the Congress and the Judiciary, and internal operations of the House.

(2) In addition, each such subcommittee shall have specific responsibility for such other measures or matters as the Chair refers to it.

(3) Each subcommittee of the Committee shall review and study, on a continuing basis, the application, administration, execution, and effectiveness of those laws, or parts of laws, the subject matter of which is within its general responsibility.

REFERRAL OF MEASURES AND MATTERS TO SUBCOMMITTEES

(b)(1) No special order providing for the consideration of any bill or resolution shall be referred to a subcommittee of the Committee.

(2) The Chair shall refer to a subcommittee such measures or matters of original jurisdiction as the Chair deems appropriate given its jurisdiction and responsibilities.

(3) All other measures or matters of original jurisdiction shall be subject to consideration by the full Committee.

(4) In referring any measure or matter of original jurisdiction to a subcommittee, the Chair may specify a date by which the subcommittee shall report thereon to the Committee.

(5) The Committee by motion may discharge a subcommittee from consideration of any measure or matter referred to a subcommittee of the Committee.

COMPOSITION OF SUBCOMMITTEES

(c) The size and ratio of each subcommittee shall be determined by the Committee and members shall be elected to each subcommittee, and to the positions of chair and ranking minority member thereof, in accordance with the rules of the respective party caucuses. The Chair of the full committee may designate a member of the majority party on each subcommittee as its vice chair.

SUBCOMMITTEE MEETINGS AND HEARINGS

(d)(1) Each subcommittee of the Committee is authorized to meet, hold hearings, receive testimony, mark up legislation, and report to the full Committee on any measure or matter referred to it.

(2) No subcommittee of the Committee may meet or hold a hearing at the same time as a meeting or hearing of the full Committee is being held.

(3) The chair of each subcommittee shall schedule meetings and hearings of the subcommittee only after consultation with the Chair.

QUORUM

(e)(1) For the purpose of taking testimony, two members of the subcommittee shall constitute a quorum.

(2) For all other purposes, a quorum shall consist of a majority of the members of a subcommittee.

EFFECT OF A VACANCY

(f) Any vacancy in the membership of a subcommittee shall not affect the power of the remaining members to execute the functions of the subcommittee.

RECORDS

(g) Each subcommittee of the Committee shall provide the full Committee with copies of such records of votes taken in the subcommittee and such other records with respect to the subcommittee necessary for the Committee to comply with all rules and regulations of the House.

RULE 6.—STAFF

IN GENERAL

(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), the professional and other staff of the Committee shall be appointed, by the Chair, and shall work under the general supervision and direction of the Chair.

(2) All professional, and other staff provided to the minority party members of the Committee shall be appointed, by the ranking minority member of the Committee, and shall work under the general supervision and direction of such member.

(3) The appointment of all professional staff shall be subject to the approval of the Committee as provided by, and subject to the provisions of, clause 9 of rule X of the Rules of the House.

ASSOCIATE STAFF

(b) Associate staff for members of the Committee may be appointed only at the discretion of the Chair (in consultation with the ranking minority member regarding any minority party associate staff), after taking into account any staff ceilings and budgetary constraints in effect at the time, and any terms, limits, or conditions established by the Committee on House Administration under clause 9 of rule X of the Rules of the House.

SUBCOMMITTEE STAFF

(c) From funds made available for the appointment of staff, the Chair of the Committee shall, pursuant to clause 6(d) of rule X of the Rules of the House, ensure that sufficient staff is made available to each subcommittee to carry out its responsibilities under the rules of the Committee, and, after consultation with the ranking minority member of the Committee, that the minority party of the Committee is treated fairly in the appointment of such staff.

COMPENSATION OF STAFF

(d) The Chair shall fix the compensation of all professional and other staff of the Committee, after consultation with the ranking minority member regarding any minority party staff.

CERTIFICATION OF STAFF

(e)(1) To the extent any staff member of the Committee or any of its subcommittees does not work under the direct supervision and direction of the Chair, the member of the Committee who supervises and directs the staff member's work shall file with the Chief of Staff of the Committee (not later than the tenth day of each month) a certification regarding the staff member's work for that member for the preceding calendar month.

(2) The certification required by paragraph (1) shall be in such form as the Chair may prescribe, shall identify each staff member by name, and shall state that the work engaged in by the staff member and the duties assigned to the staff member for the member of the Committee with respect to the month in question met the requirements of clause 9 of rule X of the Rules of the House.

(3) Any certification of staff of the Committee, or any of its subcommittees, made by the Chair in compliance with any provision of law or regulation shall be made—

(A) on the basis of the certifications filed under paragraph (1) to the extent the staff is not under the Chair's supervision and direction, and

(B) on his own responsibility to the extent the staff is under the Chair's direct supervision and direction.

RULE 7.—BUDGET, TRAVEL, PAY OF WITNESSES

BUDGET

(a) The Chair, in consultation with other members of the Committee, shall prepare for each Congress a budget providing amounts for staff, necessary travel, investigation, and other expenses of the Committee and its subcommittees.

TRAVEL

(b)(1) The Chair may authorize travel for any member and any staff member of the Committee in connection with activities or subject matters under the general jurisdiction of the Committee. Before such authorization is granted, there shall be submitted to the Chair in writing the following:

(A) The purpose of the travel.

(B) The dates during which the travel is to occur.

(C) The names of the States or countries to be visited and the length of time to be spent in each.

(D) The names of members and staff of the Committee for whom the authorization is sought.

(2) Members and staff of the Committee shall make a written report to the Chair on any travel they have conducted under this subsection, including a description of their itinerary, expenses, and activities, and of pertinent information gained as a result of such travel.

(3) Members and staff of the Committee performing authorized travel on official business shall be governed by applicable laws, resolutions, and regulations of the House and of the Committee on House Administration.

PAY OF WITNESSES

(c) Witnesses may be paid from funds made available to the Committee in its expense resolution subject to the provisions of clause 5 of rule XI of the Rules of the House.

RULE 8.—COMMITTEE ADMINISTRATION REPORTING

(a) Whenever the Committee authorizes the favorable reporting of a bill or resolution from the Committee—

(1) The Chair or acting Chair shall report it to the House or designate a member of the Committee to do so.

(2) In the case of a bill or resolution in which the Committee has original jurisdiction, the Chair shall allow, to the extent that the anticipated floor schedule permits, any member of the Committee a reasonable amount of time to submit views for inclusion in the Committee report on the bill or resolution. Any

such report shall contain all matters required by the Rules of the House of Representatives (or by any provision of law enacted as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the House) and such other information as the Chair deems appropriate.

(3) In the case of a resolution providing for consideration of a measure, the Committee report accompanying such resolution shall include an accurate explanation of any waivers of points of order, including a detailed explanation of all points of order.

RECORDS

(b)(1) There shall be a transcript made of each regular meeting and hearing of the Committee, and the transcript may be printed if the Chair decides it is appropriate or if a majority of the members of the Committee requests such printing. Any such transcripts shall be a substantially verbatim account of remarks actually made during the proceedings, subject only to technical, grammatical, and typographical corrections authorized by the person making the remarks. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require that all such transcripts be subject to correction and publication.

(2) The Committee shall keep a record of all actions of the Committee and of its subcommittees. The record shall contain all information required by clause 2(e)(1) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives and shall be available for public inspection at reasonable times in the offices of the Committee.

(3) All Committee hearings, records, data, charts, and files shall be kept separate and distinct from the congressional office records of the Chair, shall be the property of the House, and all Members of the House shall have access thereto as provided in clause 2(e)(2) of rule XI of the Rules of the House.

(4) The records of the Committee at the National Archives and Records Administration shall be made available for public use in accordance with rule VII of the Rules of the House. The Chair shall notify the ranking minority member of any decision, pursuant to clause 3(b)(3) or clause 4(b) of the rule, to withhold a record otherwise available, and the matter shall be presented to the Committee for a determination on written request of any member of the Committee.

AUDIO AND VIDEO COVERAGE

(c) The Chair shall provide, to the maximum extent practicable—

(1) complete and unedited audio and video broadcasts of all committee hearings and meetings; and

(2) for distribution of such broadcasts and unedited recordings thereof to the public and for the storage of audio and video recordings of the proceedings. Proceedings shall be broadcast live on the Majority Committee website and recordings shall be made available on such website within one calendar day of the proceeding.

COMMITTEE PUBLICATIONS ON THE INTERNET

(d) To the maximum extent feasible, the Committee shall make its publications available in electronic form.

JOURNAL

(e)(1) The Committee shall maintain a Committee Journal, which shall include all bills, resolutions, and other matters referred to or reported by the Committee and all bills, resolutions, and other matters reported by any other committee on which a rule has been granted or formally requested, and such other matters as the Chair shall direct. The Journal shall be published periodically, but in no case less often than once in each session of Congress.

(2) A rule is considered as formally requested when the Chairman of a committee of primary jurisdiction which has reported a bill or resolution (or a member of such committee authorized to act on the Chairman's behalf):

(A) has requested, in writing to the Chair, that a hearing be scheduled on a rule for the consideration of the bill or resolution; and

(B) has supplied the Committee with the bill or resolution, as reported, together with the final committee report thereon.

SURVEY OF ACTIVITIES REQUIREMENT

(f) The Committee's Survey of Activities, filed pursuant to clause 1(d) of rule XI of the Rules of the House, shall include a compilation of all known waivers of points of order previously disclosed in reports from the Committee on Rules pursuant to paragraph (a)(3) of this rule or included in the Congressional Record.

OTHER PROCEDURES

(g) The Chair may establish such other Committee procedures and take such actions as may be necessary to carry out these rules or to facilitate the effective operation of the Committee and its subcommittees in a manner consistent with these rules.

RULE 9.—AMENDMENTS TO COMMITTEE RULES

The rules of the Committee may be modified, amended or repealed, in the same manner and method as prescribed for the adoption of committee rules in clause 2 of rule XI of the Rules of the House, but only if written notice of the proposed change has been provided to each Member at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting at which the vote on the change occurs. Any such change in the rules of the Committee shall be published in the Congressional Record Within 30 calendar days after their approval.

II. HOUSE RULES CHANGES ADOPTED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE 118TH CONGRESS

A. INTRODUCTION

On January 9, 2023, House Majority Leader Steve Scalise called up H. Res. 5, Adopting the Rules of the House of Representatives for the One Hundred Eighteenth Congress, and for other purposes. In addition to a series of changes to various standing rules, H. Res. 5 included a number of separate orders constituting procedures to be followed in the 118th Congress.

Republicans on the House Rules Committee thoroughly engaged with Members and relevant stakeholders when crafting the House

Rules for the 118th Congress. This process led to multiple reforms to make Congress more open, accountable, and responsive to the American people.

Changes adopted in this extensive rules package to reopen People's House included eliminating the use of unconstitutional proxy voting, removing Democrats' mask and magnetometer mandates, and reducing vote times in the House to no less than two minutes.

Additionally, changes adopted in this package to make Congress accountable to the American people included the elimination of "PAYGO" and reinstatement of "CUTGO" budget rules, restoring the requirement that the Congressional Budget Office and Joint Committee on Taxation incorporate the macroeconomic effects of major legislation into the official cost estimates, providing for spending reduction account transfer amendments and requiring a spending reduction account section to be included in all general appropriations bills, requiring that a bill or joint resolution may not be introduced unless the sponsor submits a statement setting forth the single subject of the bill or joint resolution, reinstating the "Holman Rule," and reestablishing the Select Subcommittee on the Coronavirus Pandemic with an appropriate mandate.

Furthermore, H. Res. 5 provided for consideration of H.R. 21 under a modified-open rule, as well as consideration of H.R. 23, H.R. 29, H.R. 22, H.R. 27, H.R. 28, H.R. 7, H.R. 26, H. Res. 11, and H. Res. 12, under a closed rule.

After H. Res. 5 was called up and one hour of debate concluded, Representative Rosa DeLauro of Connecticut moved to commit the resolution to a select committee composed of the Majority Leader and Minority Leader with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith with an amendment. That motion failed by a record vote of 210–220 after the previous question was ordered by a record vote of 211–205. H. Res. 5 passed by a record vote of 220–213.

B. SUMMARY OF SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES CONTAINED IN H. RES. 5, ADOPTING HOUSE RULES FOR THE 118TH CONGRESS

Section 2. Changes to the Standing Rules

Initiatives to Reduce Spending and Improve Accountability. Subsection (a)(1) replaces current "pay-as-you-go" requirements with "cut-as-you-go" requirements. The provision prohibits consideration of a bill, joint resolution, conference report, or amendment that has the net effect of increasing mandatory spending within a five-year or ten-year budget window. This provision continues the current practice of counting multiple measures considered pursuant to a special order of business which directs the Clerk to engross the measures together after passage for purposes of compliance with the rule and provides a mechanism for addressing "emergency" designations.

Subsection (a)(2) strikes the "Gephardt rule" that provides for the automatic engrossment and transmittal to the Senate of a joint resolution changing the public debt limit, upon the adoption by the House of a concurrent resolution on the budget resolution, thereby avoiding a separate vote in the House on the public debt limit legislation.

Subsection (a)(3) restores a point of order against net increase in budget authority for amendments to general appropriations bills.

Subsection (a)(4) restores a point of order against budget reconciliation directives that increase net direct spending.

Increased Threshold for Tax Rate Increases. Subsection (b) restores a requirement for a three-fifths supermajority vote on tax rate increases.

Two Minute Votes. Subsection (c) provides that the Speaker can reduce vote times in the House to not less than two minutes on any question that follows another electronic vote. The subsection also states that to the maximum extent practicable, advance notice will be given when reduced voting times are expected in a voting series.

Modifications to Calendar Wednesday. Subsection (d) modifies the notice requirement to use Calendar Wednesday to conform with the 72-hour notice requirement prior to consideration of legislation.

Committee Authorization and Oversight Plans. Subsection (e) restores the requirement that each standing committee (except the Committees on Appropriations, Ethics, and Rules) vote to adopt an authorization and oversight plan, which must be submitted to the Committees on Oversight and Accountability and House Administration no later than March 1 of the first session of a Congress. The plan must include a list of unauthorized programs and agencies within the committee's jurisdiction that have received funding in the prior fiscal year, or in the case of a permanent authorization, have not received a comprehensive review by the committee in the prior three Congresses. The subsection requires committees to describe each program or agency that is intended to be authorized in the current Congress or next Congress, and a description of oversight to support reauthorization in the current Congress. The subsection also requires the plan include any recommendations for moving such programs or agencies from mandatory to discretionary funding. When developing these plans, committee chairs must coordinate with other committees of jurisdiction to ensure that programs and agencies are subject to routine authorization efforts.

The subsection also provides that committee authorization and oversight plans may make recommendations to consolidate or terminate duplicative or unnecessary programs and agencies. Committees may make recommendations for changes to existing law to address Federal rules, regulations, statutes, and court decisions related to programs that are inconsistent with Congress' Article I authorities, as well as provide a description of other oversight activities that may be necessary.

The subsection also requires the Committee on Oversight and Accountability to report to the House no later than April 15 the authorization and oversight plans submitted by committees together with any recommendations it may make to ensure effective coordination of the plans.

Cost Estimates for Major Legislation to Include Macroeconomic Effects. Subsection (f) restores the requirement that the Congressional Budget Office and Joint Committee on Taxation, to the extent practicable, incorporate the macroeconomic effects of major legislation into the official cost estimates used for enforcing the budget resolution and other rules of the House. The subsection requires, to the extent practicable, a qualitative assessment of the long-term budgetary and macroeconomic effects of major legisla-

tion, which is defined to cover legislation that causes a gross budgetary effect in any fiscal year covered by the budget resolution that is equal to or greater than 0.25 percent of the projected GDP for that year. This subsection also allows the chair of the Committee on the Budget, or in the case of revenue legislation the House member serving as the Chair or Vice Chair of the Joint Committee on Taxation, to designate major legislation for purposes of this rule.

Ethics Reform. Subsection (g) directs the Committee on Ethics to adopt rules which provide for a process to receive complaints directly from the public.

Empaneling Investigative Subcommittee of the Committee on Ethics. Subsection (h) codifies House Resolution 451, 110th Congress, directing the Committee on Ethics to empanel an investigative subcommittee or issue a report within 30 days of the date a Member, Delegate, or the Resident Commissioner is indicted, or criminal charges are filed.

Treatment of Evidence in Committee and Subcommittee Investigations. Subsection (i) eliminates a requirement that the Committee on Ethics adopt a rule allowing the use during an ethics investigation of evidence presented in a related criminal case where the respondent was convicted because this is already contained in the committee rules of the Committee on Ethics.

Designating Committee on Oversight and Accountability. Subsection (j) redesignates the Committee on Oversight and Reform as the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

Designating Committee on Education and the Workforce. Subsection (k) redesignates the Committee on Education and Labor as the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

Subcommittees of Committee on Agriculture. Subsection (l) permits the Committee on Agriculture to have six subcommittees, codifying a separate order in effect since the 114th Congress.

Cybersecurity. Subsection (m) modifies the jurisdiction of the Committee on Homeland Security to include functions of the Department of Homeland Security related to cybersecurity. Committees currently holding jurisdiction over cybersecurity functions of DHS will retain a shared jurisdictional interest in such functions.

Scope of Authority to Act in Continuing Litigation Matters. Subsection (n) eliminates “including, but not limited to, the issuance of subpoenas” in the description of authority to act as successor-in-interest in continuing litigation matters, such language being superfluous.

Record Votes on Measures Reported by the Committee on Rules. Subsection (o) requires reports from the Committee on Rules to include a depiction of recorded votes.

Access to the Hall of the House. Subsection (p) strikes language providing Governors of Territories and the Mayor of the District of Columbia access to the Hall of the House.

Resolution Declaring the Office of Speaker Vacant. Subsection (q) strikes language from rule IX to allow any member to offer a privileged resolution declaring the Office of Speaker vacant.

Section 3. Separate Orders

Holman Rule. Subsection (a) reinstates the “Holman Rule” which allows amendments to appropriations legislation that would reduce

the salary of or fire specific federal employees or cut a specific program.

Restoring Legislative Branch Accountability. Subsection (b) states regulations adopted pursuant to House Resolution 1096, 117th Congress will have no force or effect in the 118th Congress.

Requirement with Respect to Single Subject Bills. Subsection (c) provides that, effective February 1, 2023, a bill or joint resolution may not be introduced unless the sponsor submits a statement setting forth the single subject of the bill or joint resolution. This statement must be included with the statement required by clause 7(c) of rule XII (Constitutional Authority Statements). A statement for any bill or joint resolution introduced prior to the effective date shall, to the extent practicable, be submitted by the sponsor prior to committee or House consideration.

Question of Consideration for Germaneness. Subsection (d) establishes a question of consideration on a special rule that waives germaneness for an amendment. The question of consideration is debatable for 20 minutes and is not subject to any intervening motion.

Budget Matters. Subsection (e)(1)(A) provides the authority for the chair of the Committee on the Budget to file allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate budgetary levels for the purpose of enforcing provisions of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974. Additionally, this subsection states that the provisions of S. Con. Res. 14, 117th Congress shall have no force or effect.

Subsection (e)(1)(B) provides adjustment authority to the chair of the Committee on the Budget for a bill, joint resolution, amendment thereto, or conference report thereon if the measure does not increase direct spending over five or ten years. It additionally provides adjustment authority to the chair of the Committee on the Budget to take into account the most recent baseline published by the Congressional Budget Office.

Subsection (e)(1)(C) allows the Majority Leader or his designee, should the chair of the Committee on the Budget not yet be elected, to file statements permitted under subsections (f)(1)(A) and (f)(1)(B).

Subsection (e)(1)(D) allows the chair of the Committee on the Budget (or the Majority Leader or his designee, should the chair not yet be elected) to adjust an estimate under clause 4 of rule XXIX to exempt the budgetary effects of measures to protect taxpayers with taxable incomes below \$400,000 from an increase in audits above the most recent tax year from the Internal Revenue Service.

Subsection (e)(2) establishes a point of order against consideration of a bill or joint resolution reported by a committee (other than the Committee on Appropriations) or an amendment thereto, or a conference report thereon, which has the net effect of increasing direct spending in excess of \$2,500,000,000 for any of the four consecutive 10 fiscal year periods beginning with the first fiscal year that is 10 fiscal years after the current fiscal year. The levels of net increases in direct spending shall be determined based on estimates provided by the chair of the Committee on the Budget.

Subsection (e)(3) requires the Congressional Budget Office on any legislation that shows changes in mandatory spending which cause a gross budgetary effect in any fiscal year covered by the budget

resolution that is equal to or greater than 0.25 percent of the projected GDP for the current fiscal year, to the extent practicable, to provide an estimate of the inflationary impacts of that legislation. This subsection also allows the chair of the Committee on the Budget to designate major legislation for purposes of this order.

Subsection (e)(4) requires the Congressional Budget Office on any legislation impacting either the Medicare Part A trust fund or OASDI trust fund that causes a gross budgetary effect in any fiscal year covered by the budget resolution that is equal to or greater than 0.25 percent of the projected GDP for the current fiscal year, to the extent practicable, to display: (1) the impact of legislation on the Medicare Part A trust fund's unfunded liabilities over a 25-year projection, solvency projections, and the net present value of those liabilities; and (2) the impact on the OASDI trust fund's unfunded liabilities over a 75-year projection, solvency projections, and the net present value of those liabilities. This subsection also allows the chair of the Committee on the Budget to designate major legislation for purposes of this order.

Spending Reduction Amendments in Appropriations Bills. Subsection (f) provides for spending reduction account transfer amendments and requires a spending reduction account section to be included in all general appropriations bills.

Scoring Conveyances of Federal Land. Subsection (g) reinstates the separate order from the 115th Congress providing that any provision in a bill, joint resolution, amendment, or conference report requiring or authorizing a conveyance of federal land to a State, local government, or tribal entity, shall not be considered as providing new budget authority, decreasing revenues, increasing mandatory spending, or increasing outlays.

Member Day Hearing Requirement. Subsection (h) modifies the Member Day hearing requirement to only occur at the full committee level. Each standing committee (other than the Committee on Ethics) must hold a Member Day Hearing during the first session of the 118th Congress to receive testimony from Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner on proposed legislation within its jurisdiction. The subsection permits the Committee on Rules to hold its Member Day Hearing during the second session to receive testimony on proposed changes to the standing rules for the next Congress.

Information to Committees of Congress on Request. Subsection (i) requires that the chair of the Committee on Oversight and Accountability be included as one of the seven members of the committee making any request of an Executive agency pursuant to section 2954 of title 5, United States Code.

Remote Appearance of Witnesses. Subsection (j) provides limited authorization to a chair of a committee to allow witnesses to appear remotely at committee and subcommittee proceedings. This subsection applies only to witnesses appearing in a non-governmental capacity and in accordance with regulations issued by the chair of the Committee on Rules and printed in the Congressional Record.

Deposition Authority. Subsection (k) provides the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and each standing committee of the 118th Congress (except for the Committee on Rules) the authority to order the taking of a deposition by a member or counsel of such

committee and limits persons who can attend depositions to members, committee staff, an official reporter, the witness, and up to two, personal, nongovernmental attorneys. Depositions taken under this authority are subject to regulations issued by the chair of the Committee on Rules and printed in the Congressional Record.

Broadening Availability and Utility of Legislative Documents in Machine-Readable Formats. Subsection (l) instructs the Committee on House Administration, the Clerk, and other officers and officials to advance government transparency by continuing efforts to publish documents of the House in machine-readable formats and broaden their utility by enabling all House staff to create comparative prints.

Improving the Committee Electronic Document Repository. Subsection (m) directs the Clerk, the Committee on House Administration, and other officers and officials to continue to improve the existing electronic document repository operated by the Clerk for use by committees. Such improvements are intended to increase public availability and identification of legislative information produced by House committees, including votes, amendments, and witness disclosure forms.

Providing for Transparency with Respect to Memorials Submitted Pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States. Subsection (n) carries forward provisions that clarify the procedures of the House regarding the receipt of Article V memorials from the States by directing the Clerk to make each memorial, designated by the chair of the Committee on the Judiciary, electronically available, organized by State of origin and year of receipt, and indicate whether the memorial was designated as an application or rescission.

In carrying out this subsection, it is expected that the chair of the Committee on the Judiciary will be solely charged with determining whether a memorial purports to be an application of the legislature of a state calling for a constitutional convention or rescission of prior applications. The Clerk's role will be entirely administrative. The chair of the Committee on the Judiciary will only designate memorials from state legislatures (and not petitions from individuals or other parties), as it is only state legislatures that are contemplated under Article V of the Constitution.

In submitting each memorial to the Clerk, the chair of the Committee on the Judiciary will include a transmission letter that indicates it has been designated under this subsection. The Clerk will make publicly available the memorial and the transmission letter from the chair. Ancillary documentation from the state or other parties is not expected to be publicized.

War Powers Resolution. Subsection (o) continues a separate order from the 117th Congress expressly providing that any motion to discharge a measure introduced pursuant to section 6 or section 7 of the War Powers Resolution is not subject to a motion to table.

Further Expenses for Resolving Contested Elections. Subsection (p) authorizes such sums as may be necessary for the Committee on House Administration to resolve contested elections. Funds shall be available for expenses incurred between January 3, 2023, and January 3, 2024. Amounts made available under this subsection shall be expended in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Committee on House Administration.

Ethics Reform. Subsection (q) directs the Speaker to establish a bipartisan task force to conduct a comprehensive review of House ethics rules and regulations. The task force is directed to submit a report to the Speaker, Majority Leader, Minority Leader, and chair and ranking minority members of the Committees on Ethics and Rules.

Exercise Facilities for Former Members. Subsection (r) continues the prohibition on access to any exercise facility that is made available exclusively to Members, Delegates, the Resident Commissioner, former Members, former Delegates, former Resident Commissioners, officers, and former officers of the House and their spouses to any former Member, former Delegate, former Resident Commissioner, former officer, or spouse who is a lobbyist registered under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 or any successor statute, or who is an agent of a foreign principal as defined in clause 5 of rule XXV.

Non-Disclosure Agreements. Subsection (s) continues a separate order from the 117th Congress providing that non-disclosure agreements required by offices as a condition of employment for paid or unpaid staff or contractors cannot require notice or approval for employees to communicate with the Committee on Ethics, the Office of Congressional Workplace Rights, or any other office or entity designated by the Committee on House Administration; and that non-disclosure agreements must also provide clear guidance to that effect.

Mandatory Anti-Harassment and Anti-Discrimination Policies for House Offices. Subsection (t) continues a separate order from the 117th Congress requiring the Committee on House Administration to issue regulations to carry out the subsection by April 1, 2023. Additionally, each House office is directed to adopt an anti-harassment and anti-discrimination policy.

Displaying Statement of Rights and Protections Provided to House Employees. Subsection (u) continues from the 117th Congress a requirement that the Committee on House Administration issue regulations requiring each House office to prominently display a statement of the rights and protections provided to House employees under the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995, including procedures available to employees for responding to and adjudicating allegations of workplace rights violations.

Requiring Members to Pay for Discrimination Settlements. Subsection (v) continues from the 117th Congress a requirement for a Member, Delegate, or the Resident Commissioner to reimburse the Treasury for any settlement of a complaint related to a claim alleging a violation by the Member, Delegate, or the Resident Commissioner of sections 201(a), 206(a), or 208 of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995, which cover discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, disability, or an employee's service in the uniformed services, and retaliation for claims alleging such discrimination.

Congressional Member Organization Transparency Reform. Subsection (w) modifies Congressional Member Organization Transparency reform to allow participating Members to enter into agreements with eligible Congressional Member Organizations for the purpose of payment of salaries and expenses. The subsection requires that for an organization to be eligible during the 118th Con-

gress, the organization must register with the Committee on House Administration, designate a single Member to be responsible for the administration of the organization, have at least three employees assigned to perform work for the organization, and had at least 30 Members during the 117th Congress using a portion of their Members' Representational Allowance to pay for the salaries and expenses of the organization.

Determination with Respect to Placement of Measure on Consensus Calendar. Subsection (x) directs the Majority Leader to submit a statement to the Congressional Record if a measure does not comply with his legislative protocols within two legislative days of a measure being placed on the Consensus Calendar.

Transfer of Certain Committee Records to the Committee on House Administration. Subsection (y) directs those committees designated by section 7(b)(1) of House Resolution 503, 117th Congress, and the Archivist of the United States to transfer any records related to the committee established pursuant to House Resolution 503, 117th Congress, to the Committee on House Administration not later than January 17, 2023.

Procedures During District Work Periods. Subsection (z) provides that during district work periods throughout the 118th Congress, the Journal shall be approved; the Chair may declare the House adjourned to meet within Constitutional limits; the Speaker may appoint Members to perform the duties of the Chair; and each day during this period shall not constitute a day for purposes of section 7 of the War Powers Resolution, clause 7 of rule XIII (resolutions of inquiry), clause 7(c)(1) of rule XXII (motions to instruct conferees), and clause 7 of XV (Consensus Calendar).

In carrying out this subsection, it is expected that the designation of a district work period will be satisfied by a letter submitted by the Speaker that is laid before the House.

Reduction of Unauthorized Spending. Subsection (aa) establishes a new point of order against an unauthorized appropriation in a general appropriation bill in excess of the most recent enacted level. If such a point of order is sustained, an amendment shall be considered to have been adopted reducing the amount of the appropriation to the most recent enacted level. In order to entertain a point of order under this subsection, the level of the most recently enacted appropriation must be submitted to the Chair.

Numbering of Bills. Subsection (bb) reserves the first 10 numbers for bills (H.R. 1 through H.R. 10) for assignment by the Speaker and the second 10 numbers for bills (H.R. 11 through H.R. 20) for assignment by the Minority Leader.

Section 4. Committees, Commissions, and House Offices

Select Subcommittee on the Coronavirus Pandemic. Subsection (a) establishes the Select Subcommittee on the Coronavirus Pandemic of the Committee on Oversight and Accountability to investigate, make findings, and provide legislative recommendations on the origins of the Coronavirus pandemic, including the Federal Government's funding of gain-of-function research, the use of taxpayer funds and relief programs to address the pandemic, the effectiveness of laws and regulations to address the Coronavirus pandemic and prepare for future pandemics, the development of vaccines and treatments and the implementation of vaccine mandates for federal

employees and the military, the economic impact of the pandemic, including state and local government responses, the impact of school closures on American children, Executive Branch decisions and communications related to the pandemic, the protection of whistleblowers who provided information about improper activities, and inter-government cooperation regarding oversight of the preparedness for and response to the pandemic.

The Speaker is directed to appoint up to 12 Members, Delegates, or the Resident Commissioner to serve on the Select Subcommittee and to designate one of its members to serve as the chair. Not more than five of the members may be appointed on the recommendation of the Minority Leader. The chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on Oversight and Accountability shall be ex officio members of the Select Subcommittee.

Rule XI and the rules of the Committee on Oversight and Accountability shall apply to the Select Subcommittee, except that the chair, after consultation with the ranking minority member, may allow members to question witnesses for more than five minutes and may allow staff to question witnesses.

The Select Subcommittee may not authorize and issue subpoenas, but the Committee on Oversight and Accountability may authorize and issue subpoenas to be returned at the Select Subcommittee.

The Select Subcommittee may not markup legislation.

The Select Subcommittee must issue a final report of its findings to the House by January 2, 2025 and will sunset 30 days after filing of the report.

House Democracy Partnership. Subsection (b) reauthorizes the House Democracy Partnership.

Tom Lantos Human Rights Commission. Subsection (c) reauthorizes the Tom Lantos Human Rights Commission.

Office of Congressional Ethics. Subsection (d) reauthorizes the Office of Congressional Ethics (OCE), reimposes the two-term limit (a maximum of eight years) for board members, and requires the board to, within 30 calendar days, appoint OCE staff and set their compensation.

III. COMMITTEE JURISDICTION AND ACTIVITIES

A. INTRODUCTION

The jurisdictional mandate of the Committee on Rules is set forth in clause 1(o) of rule X as follows:

(o) Committee on Rules.

(1) Rules and joint rules (other than those relating to the Code of Official Conduct) and order of business of the House.

(2) Recesses and final adjournments of Congress.

The special oversight function of the Committee is outlined in clause 3(j) of rule X as follows:

(j) The Committee on Rules shall review and study on a continuing basis the congressional budget process, and the committee shall report its findings and recommendations to the House from time to time.

The jurisdictional mandate of the Committee for the purposes of this survey of activities is broken down into two subcategories: original jurisdiction matters and special rules (order of business

resolutions). In practice, these subgroups are intertwined in a manner that greatly affects the way in which the House conducts its business. Original jurisdiction matters include all measures pertaining to the rules of the House, the budget process, and joint rules. These measures are either referred directly to the Committee by the Speaker or originate in the Committee itself. They not only pertain to changes in House procedure, but also cover the Committee's power to establish select committees, authorize certain investigations, provide enforcement procedures for the budget process, and to establish congressional procedures for considering certain executive branch proposals.

The other subgroup of the Committee's jurisdictional mandate, referred to as order of business resolutions or "special rules," is used by the Committee to direct the manner in which a bill or resolution will be considered by the House. "Special rules," in the form of House resolutions, tailor the time allotted for debate and the process by which a bill can be amended. This is done to allow the House to consider the subject matter in a way that best suits the bill's individual issues and/or controversies. These rules may also contain waivers of specific House rules or provisions of the Congressional Budget Act. It is sometimes necessary to waive the rules of the House in order to allow the chamber to consider all the facets of the particular issue or to facilitate resolving differences with the Senate. Special rules also allow the House to consider measures according to the majority leadership's legislative scheduling priorities rather than in the numerical order in which they were reported.

During the 118th Congress, the Committee held 70 days of hearings pursuant to the 183 written requests from committee chairs seeking rules. The Committee reported 67 special orders providing for the consideration of 182 bills and resolutions and one Senate amendment.

The Committee granted no open rules, one modified open rule, 83 structured rules, and 115 closed rules for the consideration of bills and resolutions. In summary, of the 67 special orders reported by the Committee on Rules, the House adopted 60, amended six, tabled one, and rejected six.

At the close of the 118th Congress, no Rules Committee matters remained on the House Calendar. The Committee on Rules reported one original jurisdiction measure. Neither the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process nor the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House held any hearings during the Congress.

B. SPECIAL ORDERS OR RULES

1. RULE REQUESTS

The process of considering requests for special orders or "rules" usually begins when the Committee on Rules receives a letter from a committee requesting that it hold a hearing and consider a rule for a particular measure or measures. The letter is signed by the full committee chair and most often makes a specific request for the type of rule the Rules Committee deems appropriate. Once a hearing has been scheduled, the Committee on Rules allows any Member who has submitted an amendment to a bill being taken up

at the hearing to testify on the amendment(s). Under normal circumstances, and pursuant to Committee rules, electronic copies of the legislation and the accompanying committee report or conference report are provided to the Committee members at least 24 hours in advance of the meeting.

The Committee gives written notice to its members and notifies the pertinent committee of the scheduled hearing date at least 48 hours prior to the commencement of the hearing, unless an emergency situation exists. If Budget Act violations are present, the Budget Committee Chair often advises the Committee on Rules which specific waivers should be granted. The position of the Budget Committee on these matters is merely advisory in nature; the Committee on Rules has sole jurisdiction over waivers of the Budget Act, subject to House approval of the special rule containing such waivers.

2. HEARINGS

The Rules Committee Chair controls the order in which witnesses appear and also initiates the questioning. Typically, the chair of the committee of jurisdiction or a designee requesting the rule makes a short statement, followed by the ranking minority member. Sometimes the subcommittee chair and subcommittee ranking minority member appear on behalf of their full committee counterparts on the rule request. After committee witnesses, Members wishing to testify in favor of their submitted amendment(s) may do so as part of a panel of amendment witnesses.

In many cases, the legislative components of the proposed special order form the basis for the dialogue between committee chairs asking for the rule and the Rules Committee members. The questioning often encompasses the merits of the legislation itself. If the legislation is particularly wide-ranging or controversial, Representatives who do not sit on the relevant legislative committee seek to testify. Questioning of each witness takes place under the five-minute rule until each Committee member has had an opportunity to question the witness. Questioning is rather informal. The chair rarely enforces the five-minute rule, and Committee members yield to one another to allow their colleagues to make a specific point or follow up on a line of questioning.

A quorum, which exists when at least seven Rules Committee members of the 13 are in attendance, must be present before a recommendation on a rule can be ordered reported, postponed, or tabled.

After the Committee votes to approve a rule, the chair and ranking minority member each assign one of their members to manage the rule on the floor. The majority manager's name appears on the rule and report, and the rule is typically filed electronically, with the filed text being posted on the Committee website. Once filed, the resolution and report are assigned numbers.

Any member may ask for a record or a division vote. Historically, many decisions of the Committee were made by voice vote, but in the last several Congresses the number of record votes demanded has increased. For the entire 100th Congress there were 18 roll call votes demanded; in the 101st Congress there were 26; in the 102nd there were 193; in the 103rd there were 533; in the 104th there were 327; in the 105th there were 104; in the 106th there were

119; in the 107th there were 176; in the 108th there were 326; in the 109th there were 254; in the 110th there were 620; in the 111th there were 517; in the 112th there were 366; in the 113th there were 213; in the 114th there were 221; in the 115th there were 287; in the 116th there were 363; and in the 117th there were 310. This Congress, 285 record votes were requested.

Once a special rule has been reported, the Majority Leader—working closely with the Speaker, the Rules Committee Chair, and the substantive committee chair—decides upon an appropriate date and time for the consideration of the rule on the floor, though it is often considered on the following legislative day. Rules can be considered on the same day they are reported, if the House agrees to consideration of the rule by a two-thirds vote. The Committee has authority to report a rule waiving this requirement with respect to another rule.

3. SPECIAL ORDERS OR RULES

a. Background

Table 1 in the Appendix categorizes all special rules granted by the Committee. These special rules are broken down into 20 different categories dealing with all stages of the legislative process in the House.

The Rules Committee has granted special rules that provided for specified amendment and debate structures, which assisted floor managers in managing the schedule. The Committee has also granted special rules for the consideration of legislation that resolved differences among, and responded to, the legislative actions of committees. Some of these rules also addressed House-Senate relations. The explanations of these types of special rules and their methods of categorization are outlined below.

b. Categories of Rules Granted with Amendment Structures

In categorizing special rules that specified an amendment structure, this report focuses only on those rules that both provided for the initial consideration of bills, joint resolutions, or budget resolutions, and which provided for an amendment process. Therefore, rules providing for general debate only, stopping short of consideration of the measure for amendment, or providing for consideration of a conference report (which are otherwise privileged and, under regular order are non-amendable) are not included in these categories. The amendment structure categories are as follows: (1) open rules, (2) modified open rules, (3) structured rules, (4) closed rules, (5) senate amendment rules, and (6) conference report rules.

(1) *Open Rules*. Under an open rule, any Member may offer an amendment that complies with the standing rules of the House and the Budget Act. The rule itself places no restrictions or prohibitions on amendments and provides an equal opportunity for all Members to offer amendments.

(2) *Modified Open Rules*. This type of rule permits the offering of only those amendments preprinted in the Congressional Record, could set a time limit for debate on an amendment, or both. A modified open rule with a preprinting requirement could require that amendments be printed in the Congressional Record by a specific date; in other cases, printing must occur before the consider-

ation of the bill. In most cases, these rules do not prohibit second degree amendments. Requiring that amendments be printed in advance of their consideration affords Members a better idea of the range of issues to be debated and voted on during consideration of the bill. This can particularly be true of bills or joint resolutions involving complex matters.

(3) *Structured Rules*. Under a structured rule, the Rules Committee limits the amendments that may be offered to only those amendments designated in the Rules Committee report to accompany the rule, or which precludes amendments to a particular portion of a bill, even though the rest of the bill may be completely open to amendment. In the case of a structured rule, the Chair will announce through a “Dear Colleague” letter the intention of the Committee to hold a hearing on a measure and to review all amendments. This letter also includes a deadline for amendment submissions. In some instances, the amendments made in order represent all of the amendments submitted to the Committee.

(4) *Closed Rules*. This type of rule is one under which no amendments may be offered from the House floor.

(5) *Senate Amendment Rules*. This type of rule generally provides for the consideration of a Senate amendment or amendments in the House and for a motion to concur in the Senate amendment with or without an amendment. These rules also usually specify a period of time for debate on the motion equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the committee of jurisdiction, as well as any necessary waivers against consideration of either the Senate amendment or against the motion to concur.

(6) *Conference Report Rules*. Under the standing rules of the House, conference reports are privileged matters. Unless the requirement is waived, House rules require that a conference report be available for at least 72 hours before it can be called up for consideration. After that time, because it is privileged, it can be called up at any time without a rule from the Rules Committee, however, the typical practice in recent congresses is for the Rules Committee to report a special rule. A conference report represents the collective agreement of the House and the Senate. Changing individual components of the agreement violates the sanctity of the agreement itself. Consequently, agreeing to a conference report is an all-or-nothing question. This is also the reason why, even as privileged matters, conference reports are not amendable on the floor of the House.

c. Categories of Rules Granted with Certain Floor Management Tools

Special rules are often utilized to assist the Majority Leader in setting the floor schedule of the House, as well as to equip committee chairs and ranking minority members with the special procedural tools necessary to efficiently manage the floor consideration of a bill. These categories include (1) expedited procedure rules, and (2) chairman’s en bloc authority rules. Note that in the 118th Congress, changes to House Rules were made to allow suspensions to be considered on any day, making suspension day rules no longer necessary.

(1) *Expedited Procedure Rules*. This type of rule waives clause 6(a) of rule XIII (requiring a two-thirds vote to consider a special

rule on the same day it is reported from the Rules Committee) against certain resolutions reported from the Rules Committee. These rules generally specify the measures or object to which the waiver applies, as well as a defined time period for its application. These rules are commonly referred to as “same-day” rules. In some cases, the rule will not specify the object of the waiver. These rules are referred to as “blanket same-day” rules.

(2) *Chair’s En Bloc Authority Rules*. This category of rule authorizes the chair of a committee or his or her designee to offer amendments en bloc consisting of amendments made in order by the special rule that have not earlier been disposed of. In most cases, the rule also allows germane modifications to any such amendments included in the en bloc amendment only by unanimous consent. With the exception of rules on appropriations bills (which permit en bloc amendments that do not increase budget authority or outlays in the bill), a Member seeking to offer amendments en bloc must obtain unanimous consent if they amend portions of the bill not yet open to amendment, unless a special rule authorizes several amendments to be offered and considered as a group. There is usually a specified time for divided debate on the amendment and a prohibition on amendments to and demands for a division of the question on the en bloc amendment. Generally, the original sponsor of the amendment must agree to having the amendment considered en bloc, and these rules generally provide that the original proponent of an amendment included in such an en bloc amendment may insert a statement in the Congressional Record immediately before the disposition of the en bloc amendment. Such a rule enables the floor manager to maximize efficiency and consensus while minimizing duplicative floor time and consideration.

(3) *Providing for the Consideration of Multiple Measures*. This type of rule provides for consideration of multiple pieces of legislation in the same rule to allow for efficient use of floor debate in the House of Representatives.

(4) *Motion to Table Resolution*. This type of rule provides the final disposition of a previously reported special rule from the Committee on Rules.

d. Categories of Rules Granted to Resolve Differences Among and Responding to the Legislative Actions of Committees

As the nexus of the legislative process in the House, the Rules Committee often is the institutional mechanism used to reconcile differences in legislative recommendations among multiple committees. Two often used, and often misunderstood, special rule features utilized to achieve these goals are (1) self-executing rules and (2) original text rules.

(1) *Self-Executing Rules*. This type of rule provides that, upon the adoption of the special rule, the text of a measure is modified or amended in some specified manner. Therefore, the House’s adoption of the rule itself has the effect of amending the underlying measure. Self-executing rules may be utilized by the Rules Committee for a variety of reasons, including but not limited to: the correction of rule or Budget Act violations; providing for the adoption of the committee-recommended amendment; the reconciling of multiple committee legislative recommendations, the elimination of

procedural votes; the separation of policy issues; or, the complete redrafting of the legislation.

(2) *Original Text Rules*. When a committee reports a measure, it often will favorably report the measure with a recommendation that an amendment or amendments be adopted by the full House. This type of rule generally provides that the committee-recommended amendment becomes the base text for the purpose of further amendment to the bill. This is often done to acknowledge the actions of the committee at the beginning of the consideration of a bill, and also to simplify the amendment process.

(3) *Re-referral of Certain Measures*. This tool allows for a measure to be re-referred to a committee.

e. Categories of Rules Granted Dealing with House-Senate Relations

While resolving differences with the Senate often involves privileged motions in the House, the Rules Committee is often called upon to expedite such procedural situations or to address unique procedural circumstances. The categories of such special rules are (1) Senate hook-up rules, (2) motion to go to conference rules, (3) engrossment of multiple measures rules, and (4) instructing the Clerk regarding the transmittal of papers.

(1) *Senate Hook-up Rules*. The rules of the House provide for three methods of getting to conference with the Senate: (1) agreeing to a motion to go to conference by unanimous consent; (2) obtaining a special rule from the Rules Committee; or (3) receiving specific authorization from each committee that received an initial referral of and reported the bill (clause 1 of rule XXII). Most often chairmen obtain conference authority from their committee at the time a bill is ordered reported. Most special rules allowing for a Senate hook-up provide that after passage of a House bill, it shall be in order to take a specific Senate bill from the Speaker's table, consider it in the House, and to move to strike all after the enacting clause and insert the text of the House bill as passed by the House. These special rules further provide that if the motion is adopted and the Senate bill, as amended, is passed, then it shall be in order to move that the House insist on its amendment and request a conference with the Senate. These hook-up provisions can either be included in the original rule providing for consideration of the House bill or in a separate special rule.

(2) *Motion to go to Conference Rules*. These special rules are those separate rules that provide for the motion to go to conference with the Senate, by either disagreeing with the Senate position and requesting a conference or insisting on the House position and agreeing to a conference.

(3) *Engrossment of Multiple Measures Rules*. These types of special rules generally provide for separate consideration and final passage votes on multiple bills, generally relating to a similar issue. The rule then instructs the House Clerk to engross the individually-passed bills into one bill before transmitting them to the Senate for consideration.

(4) *Instructing the Clerk Regarding the Transmittal of Papers*. These types of special rules instruct the Clerk to withhold the transmittal of papers until the Clerk is notified of certain actions taken by the other body. This is done to address timing issues related to the passage or consideration of measures by the Senate.

f. Categories of Rules Granted with Certain Housekeeping Tools

Special rules are often utilized to assist House Leadership and committees with housekeeping elements to ensure the smooth running of House floor operations generally during constituent work breaks.

(1) *Report Filing Authority*. When a committee favorably reports a measure, it must file an accompanying report describing the purpose and scope of the legislation and the reasons for recommended approval. This tool allows for the filing of these reports from specific committees on days when the House is not otherwise in session.

(2) *Providing For Adoption of Certain Measures*. This tool allows for the adoption of a measure (generally a resolution), upon the adoption of the special rule or another action of the House, so that a separate vote on that underlying measure is not required.

(3) *Removing a Certain Member from a Certain Standing Committee of the House*. This tool allows for the House to vote to remove a member from a committee based upon his or her actions.

4. FLOOR CONSIDERATION OF A SPECIAL RULE

When the time comes to call up a special rule, the majority member who filed the rule (a privileged House resolution), or another majority member of the Rules Committee designated by the chair, is recognized by the Speaker. That Member stands at the majority committee table on the House Floor. Once recognized, the member states:

“M_. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution ___, and ask for its immediate consideration.”

Any Member of the Committee on Rules may be recognized to call up a rule that has been on the House Calendar for at least seven legislative days, and the Speaker is required to recognize the Rules Committee member as a privileged matter, as long as the member has given one day’s notice of an intent to seek recognition for that purpose.

Once the Clerk has read the resolution, the Speaker recognizes the majority floor manager for one hour, then customarily yields 30 minutes to a minority counterpart for the purposes of debate only. The length of debate on the rule varies according to the complexity of the rule and the degree of controversy over the bill.

Since a rule is considered in the House under the hour rule, no amendments are in order unless the majority floor manager offers an amendment or yields to another member for that purpose. At the conclusion of debate on the rule, the floor manager moves the previous question. If no objection is heard, the House proceeds to vote on the rule. If objection is heard, a vote occurs on the previous question. If the previous question is rejected, however, a member who opposed the previous question (usually the Rules Committee minority floor manager) is recognized. That Member then controls one hour of debate time on the rule. The member controlling the time may offer an amendment to the rule and then move the previous question on the amendment and on the rule when debate has concluded. Once the rule is adopted (with or without amendments), the legislation it concerns is eligible for consideration under the terms of the rule.

5. RULES REJECTED, TABLED, OR PENDING

In the 118th Congress, the Committee on Rules reported 67 rules. The House adopted 60 of these rules, tabled one rule, and rejected six rules. There were no rules pending at the end of the 118th Congress.

a. Rules Rejected by the House

Six rules were rejected by the House during the 118th Congress. H. Res. 463, providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 277) to amend chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, to provide that major rules of the executive branch shall have no force or effect unless a joint resolution of approval is enacted into law; providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 288) to amend title 5, United States Code, to clarify the nature of judicial review of agency interpretations of statutory and regulatory provisions; providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 1615) to prohibit the use of Federal funds to ban gas stoves; and providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 1640) to prohibit the Secretary of Energy from finalizing, implementing, or enforcing the proposed rule titled “Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Consumer Conventional Cooking Products”, and for other purposes, was rejected by the House on June 6, 2023.

H. Res. 680, providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 1435) to amend the Clean Air Act to prevent the elimination of the sale of internal combustion engines, and providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 4365) making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes, was rejected by the House on September 19, 2023.

H. Res. 712, providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 4365) making appropriations for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes; providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 1130) to repeal restrictions on the export and import of natural gas; and providing for consideration of the resolution (H. Res. 684) condemning the actions of Governor of New Mexico, Michelle Lujan Grisham, for subverting the Second Amendment to the Constitution and depriving the citizens of New Mexico of their right to bear arms, was rejected by the House on September 21, 2023.

H. Res. 869, providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 5893) making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce and Justice, Science, and Related Agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes, and providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 5961) to freeze certain Iranian funds involved in the 2023 hostage deal between the United States and Iran, and for other purposes, was rejected by the House on November 15, 2023.

H. Res. 994, providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 7160) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to modify the limitation on the amount certain married individuals can deduct for State and local taxes, and providing for consideration of the resolution (H. Res. 987) denouncing the harmful, anti-American energy policies of the Biden administration, and for other purposes, was rejected by the House on February 14, 2024.

H. Res. 1125, providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 7888) to reform the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978; providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 529) to extend the customs waters of the United States from 12 nautical miles to 24 nautical miles from the baselines of the United States, consistent with Presidential Proclamation 7219; providing for consideration of the resolution (H. Res. 1112) denouncing the Biden administration's immigration policies; and providing for consideration of the resolution (H. Res. 1117) opposing efforts to place one-sided pressure on Israel with respect to Gaza, was rejected by the House on April 10, 2024.

b. Rules Tabled by the House

One rule was tabled by the House during the 118th Congress: H. Res. 699, providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 1130) to repeal restrictions on the export and import of natural gas; providing for consideration of the resolution (H. Res. 684) condemning the actions of Governor of New Mexico, Michelle Lujan Grisham, for subverting the Second Amendment to the Constitution and depriving the citizens of New Mexico of their right to bear arms; and providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 5525) making continuing appropriations for fiscal year 2024, and for other purposes, was tabled by the House on October 3, 2023 pursuant to the provisions of H. Res. 756.

c. Rules Pending

There were no rules pending in the House during the 118th Congress.

6. EXPLANATION OF WAIVERS OF ALL POINTS OF ORDER

The Committee on Rules customarily provides waivers of all points of order when constructing special rules for the consideration of measures. This is commonly referred to as a "blanket waiver" or "prophylactic waiver" because in most cases there are no applicable points of order against the measure. Just because a special rule includes a blanket waiver does not mean that points of order lie against any of the measures made in order or provisions contained in those measures; rather, blanket waivers ensure the immediate consideration of the underlying measure by providing the chair with the ability to easily dispense with dilatory or specious points of order by asserting that, "pursuant to the previous order of the House, all points of order are waived."

Also, as part of the Committee's role as scheduler for the House, it is the Committee's responsibility to ensure that when a majority of the House votes in favor of considering a measure notwithstanding any technical or substantive violations of the rules, a point of order would not prevent that measure's consideration.

It is important to note that any specific waivers contemplated by a blanket waiver of all points of order are required, to the maximum extent possible, to be specified in the Rules Committee report accompanying the resolution and are also compiled in this report.

7. WAIVERS OF HOUSE RULES

The following compilation identifies the Rules of the House that were waived in specific resolutions and the legislation that re-

quired the waiver. There is also an indication whether the rule was waived against consideration of the bill (B), original text (OT), amendments (A), the number of which is indicated in [], a motion (M), a conference report (CR), or provisions (P).

Rule XI, Clause 2(h)—Prohibits reporting a measure or recommendation by a committee unless a majority of the committee is actually present

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 463	H.R. 288	Separation of Powers Restoration Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 463	H.R. 277	REINS Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 495	H.R. 288	Separation of Powers Restoration Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 495	H.R. 277	REINS Act of 2023	B

Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(5)—Requires committee reports on a bill or joint resolution that establish or reauthorize Federal programs to indicate whether any such program is known to be duplicative of another such program

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 614	H.R. 4366	Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2024	B

Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(6)—Prohibits consideration of a reported bill unless the committee report designates a hearing used to develop or consider a bill

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 6009	Restoring American Energy Dominance Act	B
H. Res. 1243	H.R. 4763	Financial Innovation and Technology for the 21st Century Act.	B

Rule XIII, Clause 3(d)—Requires inclusion of a committee cost estimate in a committee report

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 327	H.J. Res. 39	Disapproving the rule submitted by the Department of Commerce relating to “Procedures Covering Suspension of Liquidation, Duties and Estimated Duties in Accord With Presidential Proclamation 10414”.	B
H. Res. 680	H.R. 1435	Preserving Choice in Vehicle Purchases Act	B
H. Res. 681	H.R. 1435	Preserving Choice in Vehicle Purchases Act	B
H. Res. 699	H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 712	H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 906	H.R. 4468	Choice in Automobile Retail Sales Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 969	H.R. 6918	Supporting Pregnant and Parenting Women and Families Act.	B
H. Res. 980	H.R. 6678	Consequences for Social Security Fraud Act	B
H. Res. 980	H.R. 6976	Protect Our Communities from DUIs Act	B
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 1023	To repeal section 134 of the Clean Air Act, relating to the greenhouse gas reduction fund. [Cutting Green Corruption and Taxes Act].	B
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 7023	Nationwide Permitting Improvement Act [Creating Confidence in Clean Water Permitting Act].	B
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 6285	Alaska’s Right to Produce Act	B

Rule XIII, Clause 3(d)—Requires inclusion of a committee cost estimate in a committee report—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 1194	H.J. Res. 109	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to “Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 121”.	B
H. Res. 1341	H.R. 8281	Safeguard American Voter Eligibility Act	B
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 8205	Keeping Violent Offenders Off Our Streets Act	B
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 8790	Fix Our Forests Act	B
H. Res. 1568	H.R. 7409	Harnessing Energy At Thermal Sources Act	B
H. Res. 1576	H.R. 1449	Committing Leases for Energy Access Now Act	B
H. Res. 1616	H.R. 115	Midnight Rules Relief Act	B

Rule XIII, Clause 3(e)(1)—Requires the inclusion of a comparative print for a bill or joint resolution proposing to repeal or amend a statute

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 199	H.R. 140	Protecting Speech from Government Interference Act	OT
H. Res. 241	H.R. 5	Parents Bill of Rights Act	OT
H. Res. 383	H.R. 1163	Protecting Taxpayers and Victims of Unemployment Fraud Act.	B
H. Res. 582	H.R. 2670	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024	B
H. Res. 699	H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 712	H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 1023	To repeal section 134 of the Clean Air Act, relating to the greenhouse gas reduction fund. [Cutting Green Corruption and Taxes Act].	B
H. Res. 1287	H.R. 8070	Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025.	B

Rule XIII, Clause 4(a)—Prohibits the consideration of a measure or matter reported by a committee until the proposed text of the report has been available for 72 hours

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 6323	Iran Counterterrorism Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 4639	Fourth Amendment Is Not For Sale Act	B

Rule XVI, Clause 7—Requires that no motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 1612	Senate amendment to H.R. 5009.	WILD Act [Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025].	M

Rule XXI, Clause 2—Prohibits unauthorized appropriations or legislative provisions in an appropriations bill

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 680	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024	P
H. Res. 712	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024	P
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024	P

Rule XXI, Clause 2—Prohibits unauthorized appropriations or legislative provisions in an appropriations bill—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4367	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2024	P
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4368	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4665	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4394	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4364	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2024	P
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4821	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4820	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 847	H.R. 4664	Making appropriations for financial services and general government for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.	P
H. Res. 1269	H.R. 8580	Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025.	P
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8774	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2025	P
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8771	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2025.	P
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8752	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2025	P
H. Res. 1341	H.R. 8772	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2025	P
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8997	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025.	P
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8998	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025.	P

Rule XXI, Clause 2(e)—Prohibits non-emergency appropriations and spending cuts in bills designated as emergency appropriations bills

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4394	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P

Rule XXI, Clause 4—Prohibits reporting a bill carrying an appropriation from a committee not having jurisdiction to report an appropriation

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 582	H.R. 2670	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024	P
H. Res. 597	H.R. 3935	Securing Growth and Robust Leadership in American Aviation Act.	P
H. Res. 1287	H.R. 8070	Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025.	P
H. Res. 1612	Senate amendment to H.R. 5009.	WILD Act [Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025].	M

Rule XXI, Clause 5(a)—Prohibits a bill or joint resolution carrying a tax or tariff measure from being reported by a committee not having jurisdiction to report tax or tariff measures

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 495	H.J. Res. 44	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives relating to “Factoring Criteria for Firearms with Attached ‘Stabilizing Braces’ ”.	P
H. Res. 597	H.R. 3935	Securing Growth and Robust Leadership in American Aviation Act.	P
H. Res. 680	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024	P
H. Res. 712	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024	P
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024	P
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4367	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2024	P
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4368	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4394	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4820	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4821	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 847	H.R. 4664	Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 6323	Iran Counterterrorism Act of 2023	P
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 6046	Standing Against Houthi Aggression Act	P
H. Res. 1243	H.R. 4763	Financial Innovation and Technology for the 21st Century Act.	P
H. Res. 1269	H.R. 8580	Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025.	P
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8774	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2025	P
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8771	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2025.	P
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8752	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2025	P
H. Res. 1341	H.R. 8772	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2025	P
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8997	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025.	P
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8998	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025.	P

Rule XXI, Clause 10—Prohibits consideration of a measure if it has the net effect of increasing mandatory spending over the five-year or ten-year period

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 429	H.R. 467	HALT Fentanyl Act	B
H. Res. 524	H.R. 3564	Middle Class Borrower Protection Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 597	H.R. 3935	Securing Growth and Robust Leadership in American Aviation Act.	B
H. Res. 1243	H.R. 4763	Financial Innovation and Technology for the 21st Century Act.	B
H. Res. 1602	H.R. 7198	Prove It Act of 2024	B
H. Res. 1612	S. 4199	Judicial Understaffing Delays Getting Emergencies Solved Act of 2024.	B

Rule XXI, Clause 11—Prohibits consideration of a bill or joint resolution which has not been reported by a committee until such measure has been available to Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner for 72 hours

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 730	H.R. 5692	Ukraine Security Assistance and Oversight Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024.	B

Rule XXI, Clause 12—Prohibits consideration of a bill or joint resolution pursuant to a special order of business reported by the Committee on Rules that has not been reported by a committee

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 260	H.R. 1	Lower Energy Costs Act	B
H. Res. 327	H.R. 2811	Limit, Save, Grow Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 383	H.R. 2	Secure the Border Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 456	H.R. 3746	Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 730	H.R. 5692	Ukraine Security Assistance and Oversight Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024.	B
H. Res. 864	H.R. 5894	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	B
H. Res. 869	H.R. 5893	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	B
H. Res. 994	H.R. 7160	SALT Marriage Penalty Elimination Act	B
H. Res. 1009	H.R. 7176	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2024	B
H. Res. 1052	H.R. 7511	Laken Riley Act	B
H. Res. 1125	H.R. 7888	Reforming Intelligence and Securing America Act	B
H. Res. 1137	H.R. 7888	Reforming Intelligence and Securing America Act	B
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 4691	Iran Sanctions Relief Review Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 5947	To provide for the rescission of certain waivers and licenses relating to Iran, and for other purposes.	B
H. Res. 1160	H.R. 8038	21st Century Peace through Strength Act	B
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 6090	Antisemitism Awareness Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 1194	H.R. 2925	Mining Regulatory Clarity Act of 2024	B
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 8369	Israel Security Assistance Support Act	B
H. Res. 1269	H.R. 8282	Illegitimate Court Counteraction Act	B
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 9456	Protecting American Agriculture from Foreign Adversaries Act of 2024.	B
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 5717	No Bailout for Sanctuary Cities Act	B
H. Res. 1455	H.J. Res. 136	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to "Multi-Pollutant Emissions Standards for Model Years 2027 and Later Light-Duty and Medium-Duty Vehicles".	B

Section 3(aa) of H. Res. 5—Prohibits an unauthorized appropriation in an appropriations bill in excess of the most recent enacted level

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 680	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024	P
H. Res. 712	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024	P
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024	P

Rule XXI, Clause 12—Prohibits consideration of a bill or joint resolution pursuant to a special order of business reported by the Committee on Rules that has not been reported by a committee

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4367	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2024	P
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4368	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4665	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4394	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4820	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4821	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	P
H. Res. 847	H.R. 4664	Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2024.	P

Section 3(e)(2)(B) of H. Res. 5—Prohibits consideration of legislation that increases net direct spending by greater than \$2.5 billion in any of the four consecutive 10-year periods beginning in 2034

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 429	H.J. Res. 45	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Education relating to “Waivers and Modifications of Federal Student Loans”.	B

Section 3(f) of H. Res. 5—Requires the Spending Reduction Account in a general appropriation bill to include either a recitation of the amount by which an applicable allocation of new budget authority under section 302(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 exceeds the amount of new budget authority proposed by the bill or if no such allocation is in effect, “\$0”

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4364	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2024	B
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4820	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	B

8. WAIVERS OF BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

The following compilation identifies the sections of the Budget Act that were waived in specific resolutions and the legislation that required the waiver. There is also an indication whether the rule was waived against consideration of the bill (B), the original text (OT), amendments (A), a motion (M), a conference report (CR), or provisions (P).

Section 303 of the Congressional Budget Act—Prohibits consideration of legislation, as reported, providing new budget authority, change in revenues, change in public debt, new entitlement authority or new credit authority for a fiscal year until the budget resolution for that year has been agreed to

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 327	H.R. 2811	Limit, Save, Grow Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 383	H.R. 2	Secure the Border Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 429	H.J. Res. 45	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Education relating to “Waivers and Modifications of Federal Student Loans”.	B
H. Res. 456	H.R. 3746	Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 495	H.J. Res. 44	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives relating to “Factoring Criteria for Firearms with Attached ‘Stabilizing Braces’”.	B
H. Res. 524	H.R. 3564	Middle Class Borrower Protection Act of 2023	B
H. Res. 597	H.R. 3935	Securing Growth and Robust Leadership in American Aviation Act.	B
H. Res. 699	H.R. 5525	Continuing Appropriations and Border Security Enhancement Act, 2024.	B
H. Res. 741	H.R. 5525	Continuing Appropriations and Border Security Enhancement Act, 2024.	B

Section 306 of the Congressional Budget Act—Prohibits consideration of legislation within the jurisdiction of the Committee on the Budget unless referred to or reported by the Budget Committee

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4367	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2024	B
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4665	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2024.	B
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4394	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	B
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4821	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	B
H. Res. 847	H.R. 4664	Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2024.	B
H. Res. 864	H.R. 5894	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	B
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8774	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2025	B
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8771	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2025.	B
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8752	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2025	B
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8997	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025.	B
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8998	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025.	B

Section 425 of the Congressional Budget Act—Prohibits consideration of any legislation that would increase the direct costs of Federal intergovernmental mandates beyond \$50,000,000 (adjusted for inflation) unless the legislation provides for new budget authority or the legislation appropriates sufficient funds to cover the new costs

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 383	H.R. 2	Secure the Border Act of 2023	B

C. ORIGINAL JURISDICTION MATTER

1. COMMITTEE CONSIDERATION OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION MEASURES

The following is a list of original jurisdiction measures that were considered by the Committee during the 118th Congress. The list identifies the measures by number and title or subject and includes the action and date the action was taken by the Committee and the House.

Measure	Title	Date Reported	Status
H. Res. 918	Directing certain committees to continue their ongoing investigations as part of the existing House of Representatives inquiry into whether sufficient grounds exist for the House of Representatives to exercise its Constitutional power to impeach Joseph Biden, President of the United States of America, and for other purposes.	December 12, 2023	Passed House December 13, 2023

2. ORIGINAL JURISDICTION FULL COMMITTEE HEARINGS

The following is a list of original jurisdiction hearings that were held by the Committee during the 118th Congress.

a. Examining China's Coercive Economic Tactics

On May 10, 2023, the Committee on Rules held an original jurisdiction hearing entitled, “Examining China’s Coercive Economic Tactics”. The discussion focused on how the People’s Republic of China has engaged in coercion through various outlets for decades to create pressure on trading partners, directly on foreign countries, on NGOs, and even private corporations and how this can have a varying effect on the economy, political landscape, and human rights for both the United States and its allies such as Japan or Korea. Additional discussion included how to better understand future threats to the United States and its allies and examining existing and new legislative tools that can be used to combat coercion. Testimony was heard from one panel of four witnesses, Victor Cha, Senior Vice President for Asia and Korea Chair, Center for Strategic and International Studies; Jamil Jaffer, Founder and Executive Director, National Security Institute; Derek Scissors, Senior Fellow, American Enterprise Institute; Yaqiu Wang, Senior China Researcher, Human Rights Watch.

Additional discussion was heard from the following Members of the Committee, the Hon. Tom Cole (R-OK), Chair; Hon. James P. McGovern (D-MA); Hon. Michael C. Burgess (R-TX); Hon. Michelle Fischbach (R-MN); Hon. Nicholas A. Langworthy (R-NY); Hon. Teresa Leger Fernandez (D-NM).

b. Member Day Hearing on Proposed Rules Changes for the 119th Congress

The Rules for the 118th Congress were adopted by the House of Representatives on January 9, 2023. Included in this resolution was a separate order referred to as the Member Day Hearing Requirement, requiring each Committee, except for the Committee on Ethics, to hold a Member Day Hearing during the first session of the 118th Congress to hear testimony from Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner—whether they are a member of the committee or not—on proposed legislation within its jurisdiction. The provision permits the Committee on Rules to hold its Member Day Hearing during the second session in order to receive testimony on proposed changes to the standing rules for the next Congress. On September 19, 2024, the Committee on Rules fulfilled its Member Day Hearing Requirement by holding a hearing to receive Member testimony on proposed changes to the Rules of the House of Representatives for the 119th Congress. The Committee engaged with members in conversations on a wide range of topics. Hon. Harriet Hageman (R-WY) testified in favor of requiring all legislation coming before the House of Representatives to have a sunset provision. Hon. Bill Foster (D-IL) discussed changes to the discharge petition. Hon. Rudy Yakym (R-IN) proposed new ideas aimed at achieving more fiscal accountability, and Hon. Derek Kilmer (D-WA) advocated for a series of improvements aimed at encouraging bipartisanship like a biennial, bipartisan Member retreat. The Committee also discussed proposed changes to the rules surrounding germaneness, the single subject requirement of bills, allowing House staff to receive Sensitive Compartmented Information (SCI) clearances. Testimony was heard from and the Committee received statements from the following Members of Congress: Hon. Anthony D’Esposito (R-NY), Hon. Chuck Edwards (R-NC), Hon. Virginia Foxx (R-NC), Hon. H. Morgan Griffith (R-VA), Hon. Harriet Hageman (R-WY), Hon. Darrell Issa (R-CA), Hon. Andrew Ogles (R-TN), Hon. Rudy Yakym (R-IN), Hon. Kevin Mullin (D-CA), Hon. Mike Levin (D-CA), Hon. Mark Takano (D-CA), Hon. Brittany Pettersen (D-CO), Hon. Emmanuel Cleaver (D-MO), Hon. Bill Foster (D-IL), Hon. Joaquin Castro (D-TX), and Hon. Debbie Wasserman Schultz (D-FL). Additional discussion was heard from the following Members of the Committee: Hon. Michael C. Burgess (R-TX), Chair; Hon. Michelle Fischbach (R-MN); Hon. Ralph Norman (R-SC), Hon. Nicholas A. Langworthy (R-NY); and Hon. James P. McGovern (D-MA).

3. ORIGINAL JURISDICTION MEASURES REPORTED

- a. *H. Res. 918, Directing certain committees to continue their ongoing investigations as part of the existing House of Representatives inquiry into whether sufficient grounds exist for the House of Representatives to exercise its Constitutional power to impeach Joseph Biden, President of the United States of America, and for other purposes.*

The Constitution vests the House of Representatives with the “sole Power of Impeachment”¹ and provides that the “President, Vice President and all civil Officers of the United States, shall be removed from Office on Impeachment for, and Conviction of, Treason, Bribery, or other high Crimes and Misdemeanors.”²

As Alexander Hamilton explained in *Federalist* No. 65, impeachment involves “those offenses which proceed from the misconduct of public men, or, in other words, from the abuse or violation of some public trust.”³ In our nation’s history, such offenses have included bribery, abuse of power, obstruction of justice, obstruction of Congress, perjury, and using one’s office for personal gain. Hamilton described impeachment as a “bridle in the hands of the legislative body upon the executive servants of the government.”⁴ As an exclusive Congressional authority, impeachment serves as a critical check on the other branches of the federal government. It also protects our constitutional republic from officers who engage in malfeasance. Once an officer is impeached and convicted, he is automatically removed from office and can be disqualified from ever holding office again.

The U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit stated “To level the grave accusation that a President may have committed ‘Treason, Bribery, or other high Crimes and Misdemeanors,’ U.S. Const. art. II, § 4, the House must be appropriately informed.”⁵ And an impeachment inquiry is the traditional means by which the House assembles and evaluates that information. Throughout our nation’s history, it has been recognized that an impeachment inquiry strengthens the House’s authority to obtain information from the Executive Branch. For example, President James K. Polk stated that the authority of the House in an impeachment investigation “would penetrate into the most secret recesses of the Executive Departments”⁶ and would include the power to “command the attendance of any and every agent of the Government, and compel them to present all papers, public or private, official or unofficial, and to testify on oath to all facts within their knowledge.”⁷

On September 12, 2023, the Speaker of the House directed the Committees on the Judiciary, Ways and Means, and Oversight and Accountability to conduct an inquiry to determine whether sufficient grounds existed for the impeachment of President Biden.

¹ U.S. Const. art I, § 2.

² U.S. Const. art I, § 4.

³ Hamilton, Alexander, *Federalist* No. 65, *The New York Packet*. March 7, 1788.

⁴ Id.

⁵ Comm. on Judiciary of U.S. House of Representatives v. McGahn, 968 F.3d 755, 765 (D.C. Cir. 2020) (en banc).

⁶ Polk, James K., *Special Message to the House of Representatives*. April 20, 1846.

⁷ Id.

On September 27, 2023, the Chairs of these Committees released a memorandum entitled “Impeachment Inquiry.” In that memorandum, the Chairs explained that for the past several months, they had been investigating “(1) foreign money received by the Biden family, (2) President Joe Biden’s involvement in his family’s foreign business entanglements, and (3) steps taken by the Biden Administration to slow, hamper, or otherwise impede the criminal investigation of the President’s son, Robert Hunter Biden, which involves funds received by the Biden family from foreign sources.”⁸ And they reported that, “[a]s a result of these investigations, the Committees ha[d] uncovered significant new information that raises serious concerns as to whether the President has abused his federal office to enrich his family and conceal his and/or his family’s misconduct.”⁹ Among other things, the Committees found that (1) the Biden family and their business associates received over \$24 million from foreign sources over the course of approximately five years; (2) President Biden was personally involved in his family’s foreign business dealings, and those business arrangements intersected with his official duties; and (3) the President had not been truthful about his family’s foreign business entanglements.¹⁰ The Chairs also stated that they had uncovered substantial information, including through whistleblowers, indicating that the Biden Administration has obstructed the criminal investigation into Hunter Biden. This information includes evidence that Department of Justice personnel blocked avenues of inquiry that could have led to evidence incriminating President Biden and impeded efforts to prosecute Hunter Biden for tax crimes relating to foreign business arrangements that could have implicated President Biden.¹¹

Given the evidence already assembled by the Committees, the Chairs concluded that a formal impeachment inquiry was appropriate and necessary. In particular, the Impeachment Inquiry memorandum set forth in detail “information indicating that President Biden may have: (1) performed official acts or changed United States policy as a direct result of the foreign money received by his family; (2) provided access to his federal office in exchange for his family’s receipt of foreign money; and/or (3) knowingly participated in a scheme where foreign business interests were led to believe that they would gain access to him (in his official capacity) if they were to pay substantial amounts of money to his family.” And if any of these things had occurred, the Chairs noted that “they would constitute a grave abuse of the high office to which the American people have entrusted President Biden.”¹²

In light of the evidence amassed by the Committees at that point, the Chairs stated that the impeachment inquiry would focus on the following questions:

Did Joe Biden, as Vice President and/or President, take any official action or effect any change in government policy because of money or other things of value provided to his family or him from foreign interests?

⁸ Comer, James, Jordan, Jim, and Smith Jason, *Impeachment Inquiry Memorandum*. September 27, 2023.

⁹ *Id.*

¹⁰ *Id.*

¹¹ *Id.*

¹² *Id.*

Did Joe Biden, as Vice President and/or President, abuse his office of public trust by providing foreign interests with access to him and his office in exchange for payments to his family or him?

Did Joe Biden, as Vice President and/or President, abuse his office of public trust by knowingly participating in a scheme to enrich himself or his family by giving foreign interests the impression that they would receive access to him and his office in exchange for payments to his family or him?

Did Joe Biden abuse his power as President to impede, obstruct, or otherwise hinder investigations (including Congressional investigations) or the prosecution of Hunter Biden?

However, the Chairs indicated that “because the impeachment inquiry will go where [the] evidence leads, the investigation could head in directions that the Committees do not currently foresee.”¹³

Since beginning the impeachment inquiry, the Committees have taken a significant number of investigative steps, including but not limited to, subpoenaing bank records of individual Biden family members as well as entities related to them, issuing deposition subpoenas to Hunter Biden and James Biden, conducting transcribed interviews with Department of Justice and Internal Revenue Service officials involved in the Hunter Biden investigation, and requesting numerous transcribed interviews of witnesses to the Biden family’s business dealings. These investigative activities have already uncovered additional information suggesting that President Biden was directly involved in and personally benefitted from his family’s business entanglements.

Given the progress that has been made in the impeachment inquiry to date, the Rules Committee believed that the inquiry reached the stage where it would be helpful to establish a formal procedural framework for its conduct.

Additionally, the White House has argued that the impeachment inquiry lacks constitutional legitimacy because it commenced without a House vote. In particular, on November 17, 2023, Richard Sauber, Special Counsel to the President, wrote to the Chairs of the Committees on the Judiciary and Oversight and Accountability and expressed the view that the House may not utilize compulsory process pursuant to the impeachment power absent a vote of the full House to authorize such an inquiry.¹⁴

The White House’s position is inconsistent with the Constitution, relevant law, and House precedents. The Constitution, which delegates to the House the sole power of impeachment, includes no requirement that the full House vote to start an inquiry. In fact, Article I, Section 5 provides that the House has the sole authority to determine its “Rules of its Proceedings,” which would include rules governing impeachment. Neither do the Rules of the House of Representatives contain such a requirement. Moreover, the House has launched several impeachment inquiries without a full House vote, including those involving Judge Harry Claiborne, Judge Alcee Hastings, Judge Walter Nixon, and President Donald J. Trump. And four years ago, a federal district court expressly rejected the argument that a House resolution is required to begin an impeachment inquiry. See *In re Application of Comm. On Judiciary*, 414 F. Supp.

¹³ Id.

¹⁴ Sauber, Richard, *Letter from the White House, to Hon. James Comer, Chairman, H. Comm. on Oversight & Accountability*. April 15, 2024.

3d 129, 168 (D.D.C. 2019) (“Even in cases of presidential impeachment, a House resolution has never, in fact, been required to begin an impeachment inquiry.”¹⁵), *aff’d*, 951 F.3d 589 (D.C. Cir. 2020), *vacated and remanded sub nom. on other grounds, Dep’t of Justice v. House Comm. on the Judiciary*, 142 S. Ct. 46 (2021).

Nevertheless, given that the White House indicated that it would brandish this faulty argument in an effort to stonewall the investigation, the Rules Committee believed that it is prudent for the full House to vote to direct the Committees on Oversight and Accountability, Ways and Means, and the Judiciary to continue this impeachment inquiry.

On December 12, 2023, the Rules Committee met in open session to markup H. Res. 918. The Committee ordered the resolution favorably reported, as amended, by a vote of 9 to 4 and filed its report (H. Rept. 118–314) with the House on the same day.

The following amendments were offered during the Committee’s markup:

Rep. McGovern amendment to add a preamble describing President Joe Biden’s career of honorable public service and former President Trump’s multiple impeachments and 91 pending felony charges. Defeated 4–9.

Rep. Leger Fernandez amendment to add a preamble stating that the months-long Republican-led investigation into President Joe Biden has yielded no evidence of wrongdoing by the President. Defeated 4–9.

Rep. Scanlon amendment to add a preamble describing the tens of thousands of pages of records provided by the Administration and dozens of hours of testimony heard as part of the investigation. Defeated 4–9.

Rep. Neguse amendment to add “Open and Transparent” to investigative proceedings by the committees on Oversight and Accountability, Ways and Means, and the Judiciary. Defeated 4–9.

Rep. Leger Fernandez amendment to require the committees on Oversight and Accountability, Ways and Means, and the Judiciary to each hold at least one open hearing as part of the investigation. Defeated 4–9.

Rep. Scanlon amendment to provide that a chair or ranking member cannot issue a subpoena in furtherance of the impeachment inquiry if they did not comply with a House, committee, or select committee subpoena. Defeated 4–6.

Rep. McGovern amendment to strike the provision deeming H. Res. 917 as adopted. Defeated 4–7.

Rep. McGovern amendment to amend H. Res. 917 to exclude access to grand jury material related to a pending criminal prosecution, a prosecution arising from the January 6 attack on the Capitol, or a case in which former President Trump is a defendant. Defeated 4–8.

Rep. Neguse amendment to add a preamble stating that by December 11 in the first session of the 117th and 116th Congresses, 71 and 78 bills had been enacted, respectively, versus 22 in the 118th Congress; and stating that the House spent 26 days electing two Speakers in 2023. Defeated 4–9.

¹⁵*In re Application of Comm. on Judiciary*, 414 F. Supp. 3d 129, 168 (D.D.C. 2019).

A section-by-section analysis of H. Res. 918 as reported by the Committee is as follows:

H. Res. 918 directs the House Committees on Oversight and Accountability, Ways and Means, and the Judiciary (hereinafter the three committees or three chairs) to continue their investigations into whether sufficient grounds exist for the House to exercise its Constitutional power to impeach President Joseph R. Biden.

Section 2:

This section provides procedures under which the Committee on Oversight and Accountability may conduct itself for the purpose of continuing its ongoing investigation as part of the existing House inquiry into whether sufficient grounds exist for the House to exercise its Constitutional power to impeach President Biden. These procedures are consistent with the procedures adopted in the most recent Presidential impeachment inquiry. See H. Res. 660 (116th). This section directs the chair of the Committee on Oversight and Accountability to designate one or more open hearings pursuant to the section and provides a specific process for questioning witnesses in those hearings, notwithstanding clause 2(j)(2) of rule XI. At the start of questioning, the chair announces how many minutes the chair and ranking minority member are permitted to question the witness during that round, longer than five minutes and up to 45 minutes per side. The time available for each period of questioning must be equal for the chair and ranking minority member. Only the chair and ranking minority member, or a Committee employee if yielded to by the chair or ranking member, may question witnesses during these periods. The chair may announce additional rounds using the same process. Following these extended questioning periods, the Committee will proceed with questioning by members of the Committee under the five-minute rule. The section also provides that the ranking minority member of the Committee may submit written requests for witness testimony to the chair within 72 hours after notice is given for the first open hearing held pursuant to these procedures. The requested witness testimony must be relevant to the investigation described in the first section and must be accompanied by a detailed written justification of the relevance of such testimony. This notice requirement will allow for a full evaluation of minority witness requests. This section also authorizes the ranking minority member of the Committee, with concurrence of the chair of the committee, to require, as deemed necessary to the investigation—by subpoena or otherwise—the attendance and testimony of any person (including at the taking of a deposition), the production of documents, and by interrogatory, the furnishing of information. If the chair declines to concur in a proposed action of the ranking minority member, the ranking minority member shall have the right to refer to the Committee for decision the question of whether such authority shall be exercised and the chair shall convene the Committee promptly to render that decision, subject to the notice requirements and good-cause exception for a committee meeting under clause 2(g)(3)(A) and (B) of rule XI. Subpoenas and interrogatories authorized by this section may be signed by the ranking minority member and may be served by any person designated by the ranking member. The section authorizes the chair of the Committee to make transcripts of depositions conducted by the Committee in furtherance of its investigation pub-

licly available in electronic form, with appropriate redactions for classified and other sensitive information. The section also permits the Committee to issue a report with its findings and any recommendations, appending any appropriate information and materials with respect to their investigation. The report may be prepared in consultation with the chairs of the Committees on Ways and Means and on the Judiciary. The chair of the Committee may transmit any committee report and appendices, along with any views filed pursuant to clause 2(1) of rule XI, to the Committee on the Judiciary and make the report publicly available in electronic form, with appropriate redactions to any part of the report to protect classified and other sensitive information.

Section 3:

This section provides procedures under which the Committee on Ways and Means may conduct itself for the purpose of continuing its ongoing investigation as part of the existing House inquiry into whether sufficient grounds exist for the House to exercise its Constitutional power to impeach President Biden. These procedures mirror the procedures set forth in section two with respect to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

Section 4:

This section provides procedures under which the Committee on the Judiciary may conduct itself for the purpose of continuing its ongoing investigation as part of the existing House inquiry into whether sufficient grounds exist for the House to exercise its Constitutional power to impeach President Biden. These procedures mirror the procedures set forth in section two with respect to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability but do not contain provisions regarding the transmission of a report to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Section 5:

This section authorizes the Committee on the Judiciary to conduct impeachment proceedings pursuant to the procedures, including those that allow for the participation of the President and his counsel, issued by the chair of the Committee on Rules and printed in the Congressional Record. Any such proceedings would likely be conducted subsequent to the investigative activities described in sections two, three, and four.

The Judiciary Committee is also authorized to promulgate additional procedures for hearings held pursuant to this section of the resolution as it deems necessary, provided that they are not inconsistent with the procedures inserted in the Congressional Record by the chair of the Committee on Rules, the rules of the Committee, and the rules of the House. In similar language to the subpoena power referenced in section four, the section also authorizes the ranking member of the Judiciary Committee, with concurrence of the chair of the committee, to require, as deemed necessary to the investigation—by subpoena or otherwise—the attendance and testimony of any person (including at the taking of a deposition), the production of documents, and by interrogatory, the furnishing of information. If the chair declines to concur in a proposed action of the ranking minority member, the ranking minority member shall have the right to refer to the committee for decision the question of whether such authority shall be exercised and the chair shall convene the committee promptly to render that decision, subject to

notice requirements and good-cause exception for a committee meeting under clause 2(g)(3)(A) and (B) of rule XI. Subpoenas and interrogatories authorized by this section may be signed by the ranking minority member and may be served by any person designated by the ranking member. These procedures are consistent with the procedures adopted in previous Presidential impeachment inquiries. See H. Res. 660 (116th). Finally, the section authorizes the Judiciary Committee to report to the House such resolutions, articles of impeachment, or other recommendations as it deems proper.

Section 6:

This section provides that H. Res. 917 is adopted upon the adoption of H. Res. 918.

IV. ACTIVITIES OF THE SUBCOMMITTEES

A. ACTIVITIES OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON RULES AND ORGANIZATION OF THE HOUSE

1. JURISDICTION AND PURPOSE

The Subcommittee was first established at the beginning of the 96th Congress as the Subcommittee on Rules of the House. At the beginning of the 104th Congress, its name was changed to the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House to more accurately reflect the Subcommittee's mission and jurisdiction. In the 107th Congress, the Subcommittee's name was modified to the Subcommittee on Technology and the House, and at the beginning of the 109th Congress, the name reverted back to the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House. The Subcommittee's jurisdiction remains unchanged and it maintains its previous membership of seven Representatives, with five serving from the majority and two from the minority. Initially chaired by Rep. Michael Burgess of Texas, Rep. Guy Reschenthaler of Pennsylvania was elected Chair of the Subcommittee upon Rep. Burgess's election as Chair of the full Committee. As a result, the final composition of the Majority membership of the Subcommittee included Reps. Erin Houchin of Indiana, Michael Burgess of Texas, Thomas Massie of Kentucky, and the addition of Austin Scott of Georgia. The Minority members of the Subcommittee include Ranking Member Mary Gay Scanlon of Pennsylvania and James McGovern of Massachusetts.

Committee rule 5(a)(1)(B) assigns to the Subcommittee the general responsibility for measures or matters related to process and procedures of the House, relations between the two Houses of Congress, relations between Congress and the Judiciary, and internal operations of the House. The Subcommittee is primarily responsible for the continuing examination of the committee structure and jurisdictional issues of all House committees. It remains committed to a continuing study of the organization and operations of the House. Legislation is referred to the Subcommittee at the discretion of the Chair of the Committee on Rules.

2. SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES IN THE 118TH CONGRESS

The Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House did not meet during the 118th Congress.

3. LEGISLATION REFERRED TO THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON RULES AND ORGANIZATION OF THE HOUSE

Legislation was not referred to the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House during the 118th Congress.

B. ACTIVITIES OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE AND BUDGET PROCESS

1. JURISDICTION AND PURPOSE

The Committee on Rules established the Subcommittee on Legislative Process in 1979 at the beginning of the 96th Congress; it has been reestablished at the start of each Congress since. In early 1995, the Committee changed the name of this body to the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process to better reflect its jurisdiction.

In the 118th Congress, the Subcommittee retained its traditional makeup of seven members, with the majority holding five of the spots, and the minority holding the remaining two. Chaired by Mrs. Fischbach of Minnesota, the Majority membership of the Subcommittee included Reps. Ralph Norman of South Carolina, Michael Burgess of Texas, Chip Roy of Texas, and Nicholas Langworthy of New York. Mr. Burgess was appointed to serve as a Member of the Subcommittee on April 15, 2024 upon his election to serve as Chair of the full committee. The Minority members of the Subcommittee include Ranking Member Teresa Leger Fernandez of New Mexico and Joe Neguse of Colorado.

Committee Rule 5(a)(1)(A) assigns to the Subcommittee the general responsibility for measures or matters related to relations between the Congress and the Executive Branch. The legislation falling within the panel's jurisdiction includes resolutions and bills, with the primary statute within the Subcommittee's jurisdiction being the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344 as amended). The Subcommittee also continues to exercise jurisdiction over budget process-related provisions found in Part C of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-177 as amended by Public Laws 100-119, 101-508 and 103-44) and the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990 (Title XIII of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 (Public Law 103-44)). Legislation is referred to the Subcommittee at the discretion of the Chair of the Committee on Rules.

2. SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES IN THE 118TH CONGRESS

The Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process did not meet during the 118th Congress.

3. LEGISLATION REFERRED TO THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE AND BUDGET PROCESS

Legislation was not referred to the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process during the 118th Congress.

V. STATISTICAL PROFILE OF THE COMMITTEE ON RULES IN THE 118TH CONGRESS

A. Statistics on Special Orders or Rules

1. Number of formal requests for Rules Committee hearings	183
(a) Number of rules requested for original consideration of measures, rules for further consideration, rules for disposition of Senate amendments	183
(b) Number of rules requested on conference reports	0
(c) Number of formal rules requested otherwise disposed of by procedures other than the Rules Committee	3
2. Number of formal requests pending	9
3. Number of hearing days—	
(a) 1st Session:	37
(1) Regular meetings	27
(2) Emergency meetings	7
(3) Regular meetings with added emergency measures	3
(b) 2nd Session:	33
(1) Regular meetings	21
(2) Emergency meetings	5
(3) Regular meetings with added emergency measures	7
4. Number of special orders or “rules” reported from the Rules Committee	67
(a) Number of bills and resolutions provided consideration pursuant to a rule	183
(1) Bills	140
(2) Joint Resolutions	19
(3) Concurrent Resolutions	5
(4) Simple Resolutions	18
(5) Senate Amendments	1
(b) Types of amendment structures for consideration of bills and resolutions—	
(1) Open	0
(2) Modified Open	1
(3) Structured	83
(4) Closed	115
(5) Senate Amendment	1
(6) Conference Report	0
(c) Categories of Rules Granted with Certain Floor Management Tools—	
(1) Expedited Procedures Rules (Waiving 2/3 Requirement)	0
(2) Chair’s En Bloc Authority	23
(3) Providing for the Consideration of Multiple Measures	53
(4) Motion to Table Resolution	1
(d) Categories of Rules Granted to Resolve Differences Among and Responding to the Legislative Actions of Committees—	
(1) Self Executing Rules	101
(2) Original Text Rules	5
(3) Re-referral of Certain Measures	1
(e) Categories of Rules Granted Dealing with House-Senate Relations—	
(1) Senate Hook-up Rules	0
(2) Motions to go to Conference	0
(3) Engrossment of Multiple Measures Rules	1
(4) Instructing the Clerk Regarding the Transmittal of Papers	3
(f) Categories of Rules Granted with Certain Housekeeping Tools—	
(1) Report Filing Authority	0
(2) Providing for Adoption	2
(3) Removing a Certain Member from a Certain Standing Committee of the House ..	1
(g) Disposition of the 67 special orders or ‘rules’ reported from the Rules Committee—	
(1) Adopted by the House	60

A. Statistics on Special Orders or Rules—Continued

(2) Rejected by the House	6
(3) Resolutions Amended	6
(4) Laid on the Table	1
(5) Pending on the House Calendar at the close of the 118th Congress	0
5. Waivers of House rules, standing orders, and the Congressional Budget Act granted (waivers may apply to underlying measures, matter made in order as original text, motions, or amendments)—	
(a) Waivers of the rules of the House:	110
(1) Rule XI, Clause 2(h)	4
(2) Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(5)	1
(3) Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(6)	2
(4) Rule XIII, Clause 3(d)	19
(5) Rule XIII, Clause 3(e)(1)	8
(6) Rule XIII, Clause 4(a)	2
(7) Rule XVI, Clause 7	1
(8) Rule XXI, Clause 2	18
(9) Rule XXI, Clause 2(e)	1
(10) Rule XXI, Clause 4	4
(11) Rule XXI, Clause 5(a)	21
(12) Rule XXI, Clause 10	6
(13) Rule XXI, Clause 11	1
(14) Rule XXI, Clause 12	22
(b) Waivers of Budget Enforcement:	21
(1) Section 303 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974	9
(2) Section 306 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974	11
(3) Section 425 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974	1
(c) Separate Orders:	13
(1) Section 3(aa) of H. Res. 5	10
(2) Section 3(e)(2)(B) of H. Res. 5	1
(3) Section 3(f) of H. Res. 5	2

B. Statistics on Original Jurisdiction Matters

1. Full Committee—	
(a) Number of bills and resolutions referred	217
(b) Number of measures referred to the subcommittees	0
(1) Exclusive Referrals to the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House	0
(2) Exclusive Referrals to the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process	0
(3) Joint Referrals	0
(c) Number of hearings and markups held by the full committee	3
(d) Number of measures reported by the full committee	1
(1) Disposition of measures reported—	
(a) Measures adopted by the House	1
(b) Measures reported and pending floor action at the close of the 118th Congress	0
(c) Measures rejected by the House	0
(d) Measures tabled by the House	0
2. Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House:	
(a) Measures referred	0
(b) Days of hearings and markups	0
(c) Measures reported	0
3. Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process:	
(a) Measures referred	0

B. Statistics on Original Jurisdiction Matters—Continued

(b) Days of hearings and markups	0
(c) Measures reported	0

VI. PUBLICATIONS

1. H.R. 140—Protecting Speech from Government Interference Act. Rules Committee Print 118–1.
2. H.R. 5—Parents Bill of Rights Act. Rules Committee Print 118–2.
3. H.R. 734—Protection of Women and Girls in Sports Act of 2023. Rules Committee Print 118–3.
4. H.R. 2494—Protect Our Law enforcement with Immigration Control and Enforcement Act of 2023. Rules Committee Print 118–4.
5. H.R. 3091—Federal Law Enforcement Officer Service Weapon Purchase Act. Rules Committee Print 118–5.
6. H.R. 277—Regulations from the Executive in Need of Scrutiny Act of 2023. Rules Committee Print 118–6.
7. H.R. 288—Separation of Powers Restoration Act of 2023. Rules Committee Print 118–7.
8. H.R. 3564—Middle Class Borrower Protection Act of 2023. Rules Committee Print 118–8.
9. H.R. 3799—CHOICE Arrangement Act. Rules Committee Print 118–9.
10. H.R. 2670—National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024. Rules Committee Print 118–10.
11. H.R. 3935—Securing Growth and Robust Leadership in American Aviation Act. Rules Committee Print 118–11.
12. H.R. 5893—Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024. Rules Committee Print 118–12.
13. H.R. 5894—Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024. Rules Committee Print 118–13.
14. H.R. 5961—No Funds for Iranian Terrorism Act. Rules Committee Print 118–14.
15. H.R. 5283—Protecting our Communities from Failure to Secure the Border Act of 2023. Rules Committee Print 118–15.
16. H.R. 6570—Protect Liberty and End Warrantless Surveillance Act. Rules Committee Print 118–16.
17. H.R. 6611—FISA Reform and Reauthorization Act of 2023. Rules Committee Print 118–17.
18. H.R. 788—Stop Settlement Slush Funds Act of 2023. Rules Committee Print 118–18.
19. Rules Adopted by the Committees of the House of Representatives of the United States. Rules Committee Print 118–19.
20. H.R. 6918—Supporting Pregnant and Parenting Women and Families Act. Rules Committee Print 118–20.
21. H.R. 5585—Agent Raul Gonzalez Officer Safety Act. Rules Committee Print 118–21.

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22. H.R. 6976—Protect our Communities from DUIs Act. Rules Committee Print 118–22.
 23. H.R. 6678—Consequences for Social Security Fraud Act. Rules Committee Print 118–23.
 24. H.R. 6679—No Immigration Benefits for Hamas Terrorists Act. Rules Committee Print 118–24.
 25. H.R. 7023—Nationwide Permitting Improvement Act [Creating Confidence in Clean Water Permitting Act]. Rules Committee Print 118–25.
 26. H.R. 1023—To repeal section 134 of the Clean Air Act, relating to the greenhouse gas reduction fund. [Cutting Green Corruption and Taxes Act]. Rules Committee Print 118–26.
 27. H.R. 7888—Reforming Intelligence and Securing America Act. Rules Committee Print 118–27.
 28. H.R. 4639—Fourth Amendment Is Not For Sale Act. Rules Committee Print 118–28.
 29. H.R. 6046—Standing Against Houthi Aggression Act. Rules Committee Print 118–29.
 30. H.R. 4691—Iran Sanctions Relief Review Act of 2023. Rules Committee Print 118–30.
 31. H.R. 3602—End The Border Catastrophe Act. Rules Committee Print 118–31.
 32. H.R. 3397—Western Economic Security Today Act of 2024. Rules Committee Print 118–32.
 33. H.R. 4763—Financial Innovation and Technology for the 21st Century Act. Rules Committee Print 118–33.
 34. H.R. 354—LEOSA Reform Act of 2024. Rules Committee Print 118–34.
 35. H.R. 8580—Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025. Rules Committee Print 118–35.
 36. H.R. 8070—Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025. Rules Committee Print 118–36.
 37. H.R. 8282—Illegitimate Court Counteraction Act. Rules Committee Print 118–37.
 38. H.R. 8752—Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2025. Rules Committee Print 118–38.
 39. H.R. 8771—Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2025. Rules Committee Print 118–39.
 40. H.R. 8774—Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2025. Rules Committee Print 118–40.
 41. H.R. 8998—Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025. Rules Committee Print 118–41.
 42. H.R. 8997—Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025. Rules Committee Print 118–42.
 43. H.R. 9027—Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025. Rules Committee Print 118–43.
 44. H.R. 1425—No WHO Pandemic Preparedness Treaty Without Senate Approval Act. Rules Committee Print 118–44.
 45. H.R. 1398—Protect America’s Innovation and Economic Security from CCP Act of 2024. Rules Committee Print 118–45.

46.	H.R. 1516—DHS Restrictions on Confucius Institutes and Chinese Entities of Concern Act. Rules Committee Print 118–46.
47.	H.R. 7909—Violence Against Women by Illegal Aliens Act. Rules Committee Print 118–47.
48.	H.R. 4790—Guiding Uniform and Responsible Disclosure Requirements and Information Limits Act of 2023 [Prioritizing Economic Growth Over Woke Policies Act]. Rules Committee Print 118–48.
49.	H.R. 3724—Accreditation for College Excellence Act of 2023 [End Woke Higher Education Act]. Rules Committee Print 118–49.
50.	H.R. 5339—RETIRE Act [Protecting Americans' Investments from Woke Policies Act]. Rules Committee Print 118–50.
51.	H.R. 8205—Keeping Violent Offenders Off Our Streets Act. Rules Committee Print 118–51.
52.	Senate amendment to H.R. 5009—WILD Act [Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025]

VII. APPENDICES

A. Table 1a.—Types of Rules Granted (Consideration)

Resolution	Measure	Title
Modified-Open:		
H. Res. 5	H.R. 21	Strategic Production Response Act Structured:
H. Res. 97	H.R. 185	To terminate the requirement imposed by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for proof of COVID–19 vaccination for foreign travelers, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 166	H.R. 347	Reduce Exacerbated Inflation Negatively Impacting the Nation Act
H. Res. 199	H.R. 140	Protecting Speech from Government Interference Act
H. Res. 241	H.R. 5	Parents Bill of Rights Act
H. Res. 260	H.R. 1	Lower Energy Costs Act
H. Res. 298	H.R. 734	Protection of Women and Girls in Sports Act of 2023
H. Res. 398	H.R. 2494	POLICE Act of 2023
H. Res. 398	H.R. 3091	Federal Law Enforcement Officer Service Weapon Purchase Act
H. Res. 398	H. Con. Res. 40	Expressing support for local law enforcement officers and condemning efforts to defund or dismantle local law enforcement agencies.
H. Res. 429	H.R. 467	HALT Fentanyl Act
H. Res. 463	H.R. 277	REINS Act of 2023
H. Res. 463	H.R. 288	Separation of Powers Restoration Act of 2023
H. Res. 463	H.R. 1615	Gas Stove Protection and Freedom Act
H. Res. 463	H.R. 1640	Save Our Stoves Act
H. Res. 495	H.R. 277	REINS Act of 2023
H. Res. 495	H.R. 288	Separation of Powers Restoration Act of 2023
H. Res. 495	H.R. 1615	Gas Stove Protection and Freedom Act
H. Res. 495	H.R. 1640	Save Our Stoves Act
H. Res. 524	H.R. 3564	Middle Class Borrower Protection Act of 2023
H. Res. 524	H.R. 3799	CHOICE Arrangement Act
H. Res. 582	H.R. 2670	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024
H. Res. 583	H.R. 2670	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024
H. Res. 597	H.R. 3935	Securing Growth and Robust Leadership in American Aviation Act
H. Res. 597	H.R. 3941	Schools Not Shelters Act
H. Res. 614	H.R. 4366	Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 680	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 699	H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023

A. Table 1a.—Types of Rules Granted (Consideration)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 712	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 712	H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4367	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Bill, 2024
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4665	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4368	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4394	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4821	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4820	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 847	H.R. 4664	Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 864	H.R. 5894	Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 869	H.R. 5893	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 891	H.R. 5283	Protecting our Communities from Failure to Secure the Border Act of 2023
H. Res. 891	H.R. 5961	No Funds for Iranian Terrorism Act
H. Res. 906	H.R. 4468	Choice in Automobile Retail Sales Act of 2023
H. Res. 906	H.R. 5933	DETERRENT Act
H. Res. 922	H.R. 1147	Whole Milk for Healthy Kids Act of 2023
H. Res. 947	H.R. 788	Stop Settlement Slush Funds Act of 2023
H. Res. 980	H.R. 5585	Agent Raul Gonzalez Officer Safety Act
H. Res. 980	H.R. 6678	Consequences for Social Security Fraud Act
H. Res. 980	H.R. 6679	No Immigration Benefits for Hamas Terrorists Act
H. Res. 980	H.R. 6976	Protect our Communities from DULs Act
H. Res. 996	H.R. 485	Protecting Health Care for All Patients Act of 2023
H. Res. 1052	H.R. 2799	Expanding Access to Capital Act of 2023
H. Res. 1071	H.R. 6276	Utilizing Space Efficiently and Improving Technologies Act of 2023
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 7023	Nationwide Permitting Improvement Act [Creating Confidence in Clean Water Permitting Act]
H. Res. 1125	H.R. 7888	Reforming Intelligence and Securing America Act
H. Res. 1137	H.R. 7888	Reforming Intelligence and Securing America Act
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 4639	Fourth Amendment Is Not for Sale Act
H. Res. 1160	H.R. 8035	Ukraine Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 1160	H.R. 8036	Indo-Pacific Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 1160	H.R. 8038	21st Century Peace through Strength Act
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 6285	Alaska's Right to Produce Act of 2023
H. Res. 1194	H.R. 6192	Hands Off Our Home Appliances Act
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 7343	Detain and Deport Illegal Aliens Who Assault Cops Act
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 8146	Police Our Border Act
H. Res. 1243	H.R. 4763	Financial Innovation and Technology for the 21st Century Act
H. Res. 1243	H.R. 5403	CBDC Anti-Surveillance State Act
H. Res. 1269	H.R. 8580	Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1287	H.R. 8070	Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8774	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8771	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8752	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1341	H.R. 8772	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2025

A. Table 1a.—Types of Rules Granted (Consideration)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8997	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8998	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 1398	Protect America's Innovation and Economic Security from CCP Act of 2024
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 1425	No WHO Pandemic Preparedness Treaty Without Senate Approval Act
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 1516	DHS Restrictions on Confucius Institutes and Chinese Entities of Concern Act
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 3724	Accreditation for College Excellence Act of 2023 [End Woke Higher Education Act]
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 5717	No Bailout for Sanctuary Cities Act
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 3334	Sanctioning Tyrannical and Oppressive People within the Chinese Communist Party Act
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 8790	Fix Our Forests Act
H. Res. 1576	H.R. 1449	Committing Leases for Energy Access Now Act
H. Res. 1602	H.R. 5349	Crucial Communism Teaching Act
H. Res. 1602	H.R. 7198	Prove It Act of 2024
Closed:		
H. Res. 5	H.R. 23	Family and Small Business Taxpayer Protection Act
H. Res. 5	H.R. 29	Border Safety and Security Act of 2023
H. Res. 5	H.R. 22	Protecting America's Strategic Petroleum Reserve from China Act
H. Res. 5	H.R. 27	Prosecutors Need to Prosecute Act
H. Res. 5	H.R. 28	Illegal Alien NICS Alert Act
H. Res. 5	H.R. 7	No Taxpayer Funding for Abortion and Abortion Insurance Full Disclosure Act of 2023
H. Res. 5	H.R. 26	Born-Alive Abortion Survivors Protection Act
H. Res. 5	H. Res. 11	Establishing the Select Committee on the Strategic Competition Between the United States and the Chinese Communist Party.
H. Res. 5	H. Res.12	Establishing a Select Subcommittee on the Weaponization of the Federal Government as a select investigative subcommittee of the Committee on the Judiciary
H. Res. 5	H. Con. Res. 5	Expressing support for the Nation's law enforcement agencies and condemning any efforts to defund or dismantle law enforcement agencies.
H. Res. 5	H. Con. Res. 3	Expressing the sense of Congress condemning the recent attacks on pro-life facilities, groups, and churches
H. Res. 75	H.J. Res. 7	Relating to a national emergency declared by the President on March 13, 2020
H. Res. 75	H.R. 139	SHOW UP Act of 2023
H. Res. 75	H.R. 382	Pandemic is Over Act
H. Res. 75	H.R. 497	Freedom for Health Care Workers Act
H. Res. 83	H. Con. Res. 9	Denouncing the horrors of socialism.
H. Res. 83	H. Res. 76	Removing a certain Member from a certain standing committee of the House.
H. Res. 97	H.J. Res. 24	Disapproving the action of the District of Columbia Council in approving the Local Resident Voting Rights Amendment Act of 2022.
H. Res. 97	H.J. Res. 26	Disapproving the action of the District of Columbia Council in approving the Revised Criminal Code Act of 2022.
H. Res. 166	H.J. Res. 30	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Labor relating to "Prudence and Loyalty in Selecting Plan Investments and Exercising Shareholder Rights".

A. Table 1a.—Types of Rules Granted (Consideration)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 199	H.J. Res. 27	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers, Department of Defense and the Environmental Protection Agency relating to “Revised Definition of ‘Waters of the United States’”.
H. Res. 199	S. 619	COVID 19 Origin Act of 2023
H. Res. 298	H.J. Res. 42	Disapproving the action of the District of Columbia Council in approving the Comprehensive Policing and Justice Reform Amendment Act of 2022.
H. Res. 327	H.R. 2811	Limit, Save, Grow Act of 2023
H. Res. 327	H.J. Res. 39	Disapproving the rule submitted by the Department of Commerce relating to “Procedures Covering Suspension of Liquidation, Duties and Estimated Duties in Accord With Presidential Proclamation 10414”.
H. Res. 383	H.R. 2	Secure the Border Act of 2023
H. Res. 383	H.R. 1163	Protecting Taxpayers and Victims of Unemployment Fraud Act
H. Res. 429	S.J. Res. 11	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to “Control of Air Pollution From New Motor Vehicles: Heavy-Duty Engine and Vehicle Standards”.
H. Res. 429	H.J. Res. 45	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Education relating to “Waivers and Modifications of Federal Student Loans”.
H. Res. 456	H.R. 3746	Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023
H. Res. 495	H.J. Res. 44	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives relating to “Factoring Criteria for Firearms with Attached ‘Stabilizing Braces’”.
H. Res. 524	H. Res. 461	Condemning the use of elementary and secondary school facilities to provide shelter for aliens who are not admitted to the United States.
H. Res. 614	S.J. Res. 9	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, USC, of the rule submitted by the USFWS relating to “Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Lesser Prairie-Chicken; Threatened Status With Section 4(d) Rule for the Northern Distinct Population Segment and Endangered Status for the Southern Distinct Population Segment”.
H. Res. 614	S.J. Res. 24	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service relating to “Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Endangered Species Status for Northern Long-Eared Bat”.
H. Res. 680	H.R. 1435	Preserving Choice in Vehicle Purchases Act
H. Res. 681	H.R. 1435	Preserving Choice in Vehicle Purchases Act
H. Res. 699	H. Res. 684	Condemning the actions of Governor of New Mexico, Michelle Lujan Grisham, for subverting the Second Amendment to the Constitution and depriving the citizens of New Mexico of their right to bear arms.
H. Res. 699	H.R. 5525	Continuing Appropriations and Border Security Enhancement Act, 2024
H. Res. 712	H. Res. 684	Condemning the actions of Governor of New Mexico, Michelle Lujan Grisham, for subverting the Second Amendment to the Constitution and depriving the citizens of New Mexico of their right to bear arms.
H. Res. 730	H.R. 5692	Ukraine Security Assistance and Oversight Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024

A. Table 1a.—Types of Rules Granted (Consideration)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 741	H.R. 5525	Continuing Appropriations and Border Security Enhancement Act, 2024
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4364	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 838	H.R. 6126	Israel Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 869	H.R. 5961	No Funds for Iranian Terrorism Act
H. Res. 891	S.J. Res. 32	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection relating to “Small Business Lending Under the Equal Credit Opportunity Act (Regulation B)”.
H. Res. 906	H.J. Res. 88	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Education relating to “Improving Income Driven Repayment for the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan Program and the Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program”.
H. Res. 922	H.R. 357	Ensuring Accountability in Agency Rulemaking Act
H. Res. 947	H.J. Res. 98	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the National Labor Relations Board relating to “Standard for Determining Joint Employer Status”.
H. Res. 947	S.J. Res. 38	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Federal Highway Administration relating to “Waiver of Buy America Requirements for Electric Vehicle Chargers”.
H. Res. 969	H.R. 6914	Pregnant Students’ Rights Act
H. Res. 969	H.R. 6918	Supporting Pregnant and Parenting Women and Families Act
H. Res. 969	H. Res. 957	Denouncing the Biden administration’s open-borders policies, condemning the national security and public safety crisis along the southwest border, and urging President Biden to end his administration’s open-borders policies.
H. Res. 994	H.R. 7160	SALT Marriage Penalty Elimination Act
H. Res. 994	H. Res. 987	Denouncing the harmful, anti-American energy policies of the Biden administration, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 996	H. Res. 863	Impeaching Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas, Secretary of Homeland Security, for high crimes and misdemeanors.
H. Res. 1009	H.R. 7176	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2024
H. Res. 1052	H.R. 7511	Laken Riley Act
H. Res. 1071	H. Res. 1065	Denouncing the Biden administration’s immigration policies.
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 1023	To repeal section 134 of the Clean Air Act, relating to the greenhouse gas reduction fund. [Cutting Green Corruption and Taxes Act]
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 1121	Protecting American Energy Production Act
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 6009	Restoring American Energy Dominance Act
H. Res. 1085	H. Con. Res. 86	Expressing the sense of Congress that a carbon tax would be detrimental to the United States economy.
H. Res. 1085	H. Res. 987	Denouncing the harmful, anti-American energy policies of the Biden administration, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1125	H.R. 529	Extending Limits of U.S. Customs Waters Act
H. Res. 1125	H. Res. 1112	Denouncing the Biden administration’s immigration policies.
H. Res. 1125	H. Res. 1117	Opposing efforts to place one-sided pressure on Israel with respect to Gaza.
H. Res. 1137	H.R. 529	Extending Limits of U.S. Customs Waters Act
H. Res. 1137	H. Res. 1112	Denouncing the Biden administration’s immigration policies.
H. Res. 1137	H. Res. 1117	Opposing efforts to place one-sided pressure on Israel with respect to Gaza.
H. Res. 1149	H. Res. 1143	Condemning Iran’s unprecedented drone and missile attack on Israel.
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 6046	Standing Against Houthi Aggression Act

A. Table 1a.—Types of Rules Granted (Consideration)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 6323	Iran Counterterrorism Act
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 4691	Iran Sanctions Relief Review Act
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 5947	To provide for the rescission of certain waivers and licenses relating to Iran, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1160	H.R. 8034	Israel Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 3397	Western Economic Security Today Act of 2023 [Western Economic Security Today Act of 2024]
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 3195	Superior National Forest Restoration Act
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 2925	Mining Regulatory Clarity Act of 2024
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 764	Trust the Science Act
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 615	Protecting Access for Hunters and Anglers Act of 2023
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 6090	Antisemitism Awareness Act of 2023
H. Res. 1194	H.R. 7109	Equal Representation Act
H. Res. 1194	H.J. Res. 109	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to “Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 121”.
H. Res. 1194	H.R. 2925	Mining Regulatory Clarity Act of 2024
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 354	LEOSA Reform Act
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 7530	DC CRIMES Act of 2024
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 7581	Improving Law Enforcement Officer Safety and Wellness Through Data Act of 2024
H. Res. 1227	H. Res. 1210	Condemning the Biden border crisis and the tremendous burdens law enforcement officers face as a result.
H. Res. 1227	H. Res. 1213	A resolution regarding violence against law enforcement officers.
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 8369	Israel Security Assistance Support Act
H. Res. 1243	H.R. 192	To prohibit individuals who are not citizens of the United States from voting in elections in the District of Columbia.
H. Res. 1269	H.R. 8282	Illegitimate Court Counteraction Act
H. Res. 1287	H. Res. 1292 (H. Rept. 118–527)	Report to accompany the Resolution Recommending that the House of Representatives Find United States Attorney General Merrick B. Garland in Contempt of Congress for Refusal to Comply with a Subpoena Duly Issued by the Committee on the Judiciary.
H. Res. 1341	H.R. 7700	Stop Unaffordable Dishwasher Standards Act
H. Res. 1341	H.J. Res. 165	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Education relating to “Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Sex in Education Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance”.
H. Res. 1341	H.R. 8281	Safeguard American Voter Eligibility Act
H. Res. 1341	H.R. 7637	Refrigerator Freedom Act
H. Res. 1376	H. Res. 1371	Strongly condemning the Biden Administration and its Border Czar, Kamala Harris's, failure to secure the United States border.
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 7980	End Chinese Dominance of Electric Vehicles in America Act of 2024
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 9456	Protecting American Agriculture from Foreign Adversaries Act of 2024
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 9494	Continuing Appropriations and Other Matters Act, 2025
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 4790	Guiding Uniform and Responsible Disclosure Requirements and Information Limits Act of 2023 [Prioritizing Economic Growth Over Woke Policies Act]
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 5179	Anti-BDS Labeling Act
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 5339	RETIRE Act [Protecting Americans' Investments from Woke Policies Act]
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 7909	Violence Against Women by Illegal Aliens Act

A. Table 1a.—Types of Rules Granted (Consideration)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1455	H.J. Res. 136	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to “Multi-Pollutant Emissions Standards for Model Years 2027 and Later Light-Duty and Medium-Duty Vehicles”.
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 8205	Keeping Violent Offenders Off Our Streets Act
H. Res. 1486	H. Res. 1469	Ensuring accountability for key officials in the Biden-Harris administration responsible for decisionmaking and execution failures throughout the withdrawal from Afghanistan.
H. Res. 1568	H.R. 8932	FAFSA Deadline Act
H. Res. 1568	H.R. 7409	Harnessing Energy At Thermal Sources Act
H. Res. 1568	H.R. 8446	Critical Mineral Consistency Act of 2024
H. Res. 1576	H.R. 9495	Stop Terror-Financing and Tax Penalties on American Hostages Act
H. Res. 1612	H.R. 7673	Liberty in Laundry Act
H. Res. 1612	S. 4199	Judicial Understaffing Delays Getting Emergencies Solved Act of 2024
H. Res. 1616	H.R. 115	Midnight Rules Relief Act
Senate Amendment: H. Res. 1612	H.R. 5009	WILD Act [Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025] [Senate Amendment]

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)

Resolution	Measure	Title
Chair’s En Bloc Authority:		
H. Res. 582	H.R. 2670	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024
H. Res. 583	H.R. 2670	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024
H. Res. 597	H.R. 3935	Securing Growth and Robust Leadership in American Aviation Act
H. Res. 614	H.R. 4366	Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 680	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 712	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4367	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Bill, 2024
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4368	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4665	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4394	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4820	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4821	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 847	H.R. 4664	Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 864	H.R. 5894	Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 869	H.R. 5893	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 1269	H.R. 8580	Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1287	H.R. 8070	Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8752	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8771	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8774	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8997	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8998	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025
Providing for the Consideration of Multiple Measures:		
H. Res. 75	H.J. Res. 7	Relating to a national emergency declared by the President on March 13, 2020
H. Res. 75	H.R. 139	SHOW UP Act of 2023
H. Res. 75	H.R. 382	Pandemic is Over Act
H. Res. 75	H.R. 497	Freedom for Health Care Workers Act
H. Res. 83	H. Con. Res. 9	Denouncing the horrors of socialism.
H. Res. 83	H. Res. 76	Removing a certain Member from a certain standing committee of the House.
H. Res. 97	H.R. 185	To terminate the requirement imposed by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for proof of COVID 19 vaccination for foreign travelers, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 97	H.J. Res. 24	Disapproving the action of the District of Columbia Council in approving the Local Resident Voting Rights Amendment Act of 2022.
H. Res. 97	H.J. Res. 26	Disapproving the action of the District of Columbia Council in approving the Revised Criminal Code Act of 2022.
H. Res. 166	H.R. 347	Reduce Exacerbated Inflation Negatively Impacting the Nation Act
H. Res. 166	H.J. Res. 30	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Labor relating to “Prudence and Loyalty in Selecting Plan Investments and Exercising Shareholder Rights”.
H. Res. 199	H.R. 140	Protecting Speech from Government Interference Act
H. Res. 199	H.J. Res. 27	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers, Department of Defense and the Environmental Protection Agency relating to “Revised Definition of ‘Waters of the United States’”.
H. Res. 199	S. 619	COVID–19 Origin Act of 2023
H. Res. 298	H.R. 734	Protection of Women and Girls in Sports Act of 2023
H. Res. 298	H.J. Res. 42	Disapproving the action of the District of Columbia Council in approving the Comprehensive Policing and Justice Reform Amendment Act of 2022.
H. Res. 327	H.R. 2811	Limit, Save, Grow Act of 2023
H. Res. 327	H.J. Res. 39	Disapproving the rule submitted by the Department of Commerce relating to “Procedures Covering Suspension of Liquidation, Duties and Estimated Duties in Accord With Presidential Proclamation 10414”.
H. Res. 383	H.R. 2.	Secure the Border Act of 2023
H. Res. 383	H.R. 1163	Protecting Taxpayers and Victims of Unemployment Fraud Act
H. Res. 398	H.R. 2494	POLICE Act of 2023
H. Res. 398	H.R. 3091	Federal Law Enforcement Officer Service Weapon Purchase Act
H. Res. 398	H. Con. Res. 40	Expressing support for local law enforcement officers and condemning efforts to defund or dismantle local law enforcement agencies.

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 429	H.R. 467	HALT Fentanyl Act
H. Res. 429	S.J. Res. 11	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to “Control of Air Pollution From New Motor Vehicles: Heavy-Duty Engine and Vehicle Standards”.
H. Res. 429	H.J. Res. 45	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Education relating to “Waivers and Modifications of Federal Student Loans”.
H. Res. 463	H.R. 277	REINS Act of 2023
H. Res. 463	H.R. 288	Separation of Powers Restoration Act of 2023
H. Res. 463	H.R. 1615	Gas Stove Protection and Freedom Act
H. Res. 463	H.R. 1640	Save Our Stoves Act
H. Res. 495	H.J. Res. 44	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives relating to “Factoring Criteria for Firearms with Attached ‘Stabilizing Braces’”.
H. Res. 495	H.R. 277	REINS Act of 2023
H. Res. 495	H.R. 288	Separation of Powers Restoration Act of 2023
H. Res. 495	H.R. 1615	Gas Stove Protection and Freedom Act
H. Res. 495	H.R. 1640	Save Our Stoves Act
H. Res. 524	H.R. 3564	Middle Class Borrower Protection Act of 2023
H. Res. 524	H.R. 3799	CHOICE Arrangement Act
H. Res. 524	H. Res. 461	Condemning the use of elementary and secondary school facilities to provide shelter for aliens who are not admitted to the United States.
H. Res. 597	H.R. 3935	Securing Growth and Robust Leadership in American Aviation Act
H. Res. 597	H.R. 3941	Schools Not Shelters Act
H. Res. 614	S.J. Res. 9	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, USC, of the rule submitted by the USFWS relating to “Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Lesser Prairie-Chicken; Threatened Status With Section 4(d) Rule for the Northern Distinct Population Segment and Endangered Status for the Southern Distinct Population Segment”.
H. Res. 614	S.J. Res. 24	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service relating to “Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Endangered Species Status for Northern Long-Eared Bat”.
H. Res. 614	H.R. 4366	Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 680	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 680	H.R. 1435	Preserving Choice in Vehicle Purchases Act
H. Res. 699	H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023
H. Res. 699	H. Res. 684	Condemning the actions of Governor of New Mexico, Michelle Lujan Grisham, for subverting the Second Amendment to the Constitution and depriving the citizens of New Mexico of their right to bear arms.
H. Res. 699	H.R. 5525	Continuing Appropriations and Border Security Enhancement Act, 2024
H. Res. 712	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 712	H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023
H. Res. 712	H. Res. 684	Condemning the actions of Governor of New Mexico, Michelle Lujan Grisham, for subverting the Second Amendment to the Constitution and depriving the citizens of New Mexico of their right to bear arms.
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4367	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Bill, 2024

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4368	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4665	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4364	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4394	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4821	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 838	H.R. 4820	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 838	H.R. 6126	Israel Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 869	H.R. 5893	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 869	H.R. 5961	No Funds for Iranian Terrorism Act
H. Res. 891	H.R. 5283	Protecting our Communities from Failure to Secure the Border Act of 2023
H. Res. 891	H.R. 5961	No Funds for Iranian Terrorism Act
H. Res. 891	S.J. Res. 32	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection relating to “Small Business Lending Under the Equal Credit Opportunity Act (Regulation B)”.
H. Res. 906	H.R. 4468	Choice in Automobile Retail Sales Act of 2023
H. Res. 906	H.R. 5933	DETERRENT Act
H. Res. 906	H.J. Res. 88	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Education relating to “Improving Income Driven Repayment for the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan Program and the Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program”.
H. Res. 922	H.R. 1147	Whole Milk for Healthy Kids Act of 2023
H. Res. 922	H.R. 357	Ensuring Accountability in Agency Rulemaking Act
H. Res. 947	H.R. 788	Stop Settlement Slush Funds Act of 2023
H. Res. 947	H.J. Res. 98	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the National Labor Relations Board relating to “Standard for Determining Joint Employer Status”.
H. Res. 947	S.J. Res. 38	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Federal Highway Administration relating to “Waiver of Buy America Requirements for Electric Vehicle Chargers”.
H. Res. 969	H.R. 6914	Pregnant Students’ Rights Act
H. Res. 969	H.R. 6918	Supporting Pregnant and Parenting Women and Families Act
H. Res. 969	H. Res. 957	Denouncing the Biden administration’s open-borders policies, condemning the national security and public safety crisis along the southwest border, and urging President Biden to end his administration’s open-borders policies.
H. Res. 980	H.R. 5585	Agent Raul Gonzalez Officer Safety Act
H. Res. 980	H.R. 6678	Consequences for Social Security Fraud Act
H. Res. 980	H.R. 6679	No Immigration Benefits for Hamas Terrorists Act
H. Res. 980	H.R. 6976	Protect our Communities from DUIs Act
H. Res. 994	H.R. 7160	SALT Marriage Penalty Elimination Act
H. Res. 994	H. Res. 987	Denouncing the harmful, anti-American energy policies of the Biden administration, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 996	H. Res. 863	Impeaching Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas, Secretary of Homeland Security, for high crimes and misdemeanors.
H. Res. 996	H.R. 485	Protecting Health Care for All Patients Act of 2023
H. Res. 1052	H.R. 2799	Expanding Access to Capital Act of 2023

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1052	H.R. 7511	Laken Riley Act
H. Res. 1071	H.R. 6276	Utilizing Space Efficiently and Improving Technologies Act of 2023
H. Res. 1071	H. Res. 1065	Denouncing the Biden administration's immigration policies.
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 1023	To repeal section 134 of the Clean Air Act, relating to the greenhouse gas reduction fund. [Cutting Green Corruption and Taxes Act]
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 1121	Protecting American Energy Production Act
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 6009	Restoring American Energy Dominance Act
H. Res. 1085	H. Con. Res. 86	Expressing the sense of Congress that a carbon tax would be detrimental to the United States economy.
H. Res. 1085	H. Res. 987	Denouncing the harmful, anti-American energy policies of the Biden administration, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 7023	Nationwide Permitting Improvement Act [Creating Confidence in Clean Water Permitting Act]
H. Res. 1125	H.R. 7888	Reforming Intelligence and Securing America Act
H. Res. 1125	H.R. 529	Extending Limits of U.S. Customs Waters Act
H. Res. 1125	H. Res. 1112	Denouncing the Biden administration's immigration policies.
H. Res. 1125	H. Res. 1117	Opposing efforts to place one-sided pressure on Israel with respect to Gaza.
H. Res. 1137	H.R. 7888	Reforming Intelligence and Securing America Act
H. Res. 1137	H.R. 529	Extending Limits of U.S. Customs Waters Act
H. Res. 1137	H. Res. 1112	Denouncing the Biden administration's immigration policies.
H. Res. 1137	H. Res. 1117	Opposing efforts to place one-sided pressure on Israel with respect to Gaza.
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 6323	Iran Counterterrorism Act
H. Res. 1149	H. Res. 1143	Condemning Iran's unprecedented drone and missile attack on Israel.
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 4691	Iran Sanctions Relief Review Act
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 5947	To provide for the rescission of certain waivers and licenses relating to Iran, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 6046	Standing Against Houthi Aggression Act
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 4639	Fourth Amendment Is Not for Sale Act
H. Res. 1160	H.R. 8034	Israel Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 1160	H.R. 8035	Ukraine Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 1160	H.R. 8036	Indo-Pacific Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 1160	H.R. 8038	21st Century Peace through Strength Act
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 3397	Western Economic Security Today Act of 2023 [Western Economic Security Today Act of 2024]
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 6285	Alaska's Right to Produce Act of 2023
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 3195	Superior National Forest Restoration Act
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 2925	Mining Regulatory Clarity Act of 2024
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 615	Protecting Access for Hunters and Anglers Act of 2023
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 764	Trust the Science Act
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 6090	Antisemitism Awareness Act of 2023
H. Res. 1194	H.R. 6192	Hands Off Our Home Appliances Act
H. Res. 1194	H.R. 7109	Equal Representation Act
H. Res. 1194	H.J. Res. 109	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to "Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 121".
H. Res. 1194	H.R. 2925	Mining Regulatory Clarity Act of 2024
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 8369	Israel Security Assistance Support Act
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 7530	DC CRIMES Act of 2024
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 7343	Detain and Deport Illegal Aliens Who Assault Cops Act
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 8146	Police Our Border Act
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 7581	Improving Law Enforcement Officer Safety and Wellness Through Data Act of 2024
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 354	LEOSA Reform Act

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1227	H. Res. 1213	A resolution regarding violence against law enforcement officers.
H. Res. 1227	H. Res. 1210	Condemning the Biden border crisis and the tremendous burdens law enforcement officers face as a result.
H. Res. 1243	H.R. 4763	Financial Innovation and Technology for the 21st Century Act
H. Res. 1243	H.R. 5403	CBDC Anti-Surveillance State Act
H. Res. 1243	H.R. 192	To prohibit individuals who are not citizens of the United States from voting in elections in the District of Columbia.
H. Res. 1269	H.R. 8580	Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1269	H.R. 8282	Illegitimate Court Counteraction Act
H. Res. 1287	H.R. 8070	Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025
H. Res. 1287	H. Res. 1292 (H. Rept. 118–527)	Report to accompany the Resolution Recommending that the House of Representatives Find United States Attorney General Merrick B. Garland in Contempt of Congress for Refusal to Comply with a Subpoena Duly Issued by the Committee on the Judiciary.
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8774	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8771	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8752	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1341	H.R. 7700	Stop Unaffordable Dishwasher Standards Act
H. Res. 1341	H.J. Res. 165	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Education relating to “Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Sex in Education Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance”.
H. Res. 1341	H.R. 8281	Safeguard American Voter Eligibility Act
H. Res. 1341	H.R. 8772	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1341	H.R. 7637	Refrigerator Freedom Act
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8997	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8998	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 1398	Protect America’s Innovation and Economic Security from CCP Act of 2024
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 1425	No WHO Pandemic Preparedness Treaty Without Senate Approval Act
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 1516	DHS Restrictions on Confucius Institutes and Chinese Entities of Concern Act
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 7980	End Chinese Dominance of Electric Vehicles in America Act of 2024
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 9456	Protecting American Agriculture from Foreign Adversaries Act of 2024
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 9494	Continuing Appropriations and Other Matters Act, 2025
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 5179	Anti-BDS Labeling Act
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 4790	Guiding Uniform and Responsible Disclosure Requirements and Information Limits Act of 2023 (Prioritizing Economic Growth Over Woke Policies Act)
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 5717	No Bailout for Sanctuary Cities Act
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 7909	Violence Against Women by Illegal Aliens Act
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 3724	Accreditation for College Excellence Act of 2023 (End Woke Higher Education Act)
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 5339	RETIRE Act (Protecting Americans’ Investments from Woke Policies Act)

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1455	H.J. Res. 136	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to “Multi-Pollutant Emissions Standards for Model Years 2027 and Later Light-Duty and Medium-Duty Vehicles”.
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 3334	Sanctioning Tyrannical and Oppressive People within the Chinese Communist Party Act
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 8205	Keeping Violent Offenders Off Our Streets Act
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 8790	Fix Our Forests Act
H. Res. 1486	H. Res. 1469	Ensuring accountability for key officials in the Biden-Harris administration responsible for decisionmaking and execution failures throughout the withdrawal from Afghanistan.
H. Res. 1568	H.R. 8932	FAFSA Deadline Act
H. Res. 1568	H.R. 7409	Harnessing Energy At Thermal Sources Act
H. Res. 1568	H.R. 8446	Critical Mineral Consistency Act of 2024
H. Res. 1576	H.R. 1449	Committing Leases for Energy Access Now Act
H. Res. 1576	H.R. 9495	Stop Terror-Financing and Tax Penalties on American Hostages Act
H. Res. 1602	H.R. 5349	Crucial Communism Teaching Act
H. Res. 1602	H.R. 7198	Prove It Act of 2024
H. Res. 1612	H.R. 7673	Liberty in Laundry Act
H. Res. 1612	S. 4199	Judicial Understaffing Delays Getting Emergencies Solved Act of 2024
H. Res. 1612	Senate amendment to H.R. 5009	WILD Act [Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025]
Motion to Table Resolution:		
H. Res. 756		Provides that H. Res. 699 shall be laid on the table.
Self-Executing Rules:		
H. Res. 260	H.R. 1	Lower Energy Costs Act
H. Res. 327	H.R. 2811	Limit, Save, Grow Act of 2023
H. Res. 383	H.R. 1163	Protecting Taxpayers and Victims of Unemployment Fraud Act
H. Res. 429	H.R. 467	HALT Fentanyl Act
H. Res. 456	H.R. 3746	Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023
H. Res. 463	H.R. 277	REINS Act of 2023
H. Res. 463	H.R. 288	Separation of Powers Restoration Act of 2023
H. Res. 495	H.R. 277	REINS Act of 2023
H. Res. 495	H.R. 288	Separation of Powers Restoration Act of 2023
H. Res. 524	H.R. 3564	Middle Class Borrower Protection Act of 2023
H. Res. 524	H.R. 3799	CHOICE Arrangement Act
H. Res. 524	H. Res. 461	Condemning the use of elementary and secondary school facilities to provide shelter for aliens who are not admitted to the United States.
H. Res. 582	H.R. 2670	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024
H. Res. 597	H.R. 3935	Securing Growth and Robust Leadership in American Aviation Act
H. Res. 597	H.R. 3941	Schools Not Shelters Act
H. Res. 699	H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023
H. Res. 712	H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4665	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 723	H.R. 4368	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 730	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 730	H.R. 4367	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Bill, 2024
H. Res. 741	H.R. 5525	Continuing Appropriations and Border Security Enhancement Act, 2024
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4364	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2024

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 756	H.R. 4394	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 847	H.R. 4664	Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 864	H.R. 5894	Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 869	H.R. 5893	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 869	H.R. 5961	No Funds for Iranian Terrorism Act
H. Res. 891	H.R. 5283	Protecting our Communities from Failure to Secure the Border Act of 2023
H. Res. 891	H.R. 5961	No Funds for Iranian Terrorism Act
H. Res. 906	H.R. 5933	DETERRENT Act
H. Res. 922	H.R. 1147	Whole Milk for Healthy Kids Act of 2023
H. Res. 922	H.R. 357	Ensuring Accountability in Agency Rulemaking Act
H. Res. 947	H.R. 788	Stop Settlement Slush Funds Act of 2023
H. Res. 969	H.R. 6914	Pregnant Students' Rights Act
H. Res. 969	H.R. 6918	Supporting Pregnant and Parenting Women and Families Act
H. Res. 980	H.R. 5585	Agent Raul Gonzalez Officer Safety Act
H. Res. 980	H.R. 6678	Consequences for Social Security Fraud Act
H. Res. 980	H.R. 6679	No Immigration Benefits for Hamas Terrorists Act
H. Res. 980	H.R. 6976	Protect our Communities from DUIs Act
H. Res. 996	H. Res. 863	Impeaching Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas, Secretary of Homeland Security, for high crimes and misdemeanors.
H. Res. 996	H.R. 485	Protecting Health Care for All Patients Act of 2023
H. Res. 1052	H.R. 2799	Expanding Access to Capital Act of 2023
H. Res. 1071	H.R. 6276	Utilizing Space Efficiently and Improving Technologies Act of 2023
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 1023	To repeal section 134 of the Clean Air Act, relating to the greenhouse gas reduction fund. [Cutting Green Corruption and Taxes Act]
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 6009	Restoring American Energy Dominance Act
H. Res. 1085	H.R. 7023	Nationwide Permitting Improvement Act [Creating Confidence in Clean Water Permitting Act]
H. Res. 1125	H.R. 529	Extending Limits of U.S. Customs Waters Act
H. Res. 1137	H.R. 7888	Reforming Intelligence and Securing America Act
H. Res. 1137	H.R. 529	Extending Limits of U.S. Customs Waters Act
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 6323	Iran Counterterrorism Act
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 4691	Iran Sanctions Relief Review Act
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 6046	Standing Against Houthi Aggression Act
H. Res. 1149	H.R. 4639	Fourth Amendment Is Not for Sale Act
H. Res. 1160	H.R. 8035	Ukraine Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024
H. Res. 1160	H.R. 8038	21st Century Peace through Strength Act
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 615	Protecting Access for Hunters and Anglers Act of 2023
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 2925	Mining Regulatory Clarity Act of 2024
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 3195	Superior National Forest Restoration Act;
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 3397	Western Economic Security Today Act of 2023 [Western Economic Security Today Act of 2024]
H. Res. 1173	H.R. 6285	Alaska's Right to Produce Act of 2023
H. Res. 1194	H.R. 6192	Hands Off Our Home Appliances Act
H. Res. 1194	H.R. 7109	Equal Representation Act
H. Res. 1194	H.R. 2925	Mining Regulatory Clarity Act of 2024
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 7530	DC CRIMES Act of 2024
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 7343	Detain and Deport Illegal Aliens Who Assault Cops Act
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 8146	Police Our Border Act
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 7581	Improving Law Enforcement Officer Safety and Wellness Through Data Act of 2024
H. Res. 1227	H.R. 354	LEOSA Reform Act
H. Res. 1243	H.R. 4763	Financial Innovation and Technology for the 21st Century Act

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1243	H.R. 5403	CBDC Anti-Surveillance State Act
H. Res. 1243	H.R. 192	To prohibit individuals who are not citizens of the United States from voting in elections in the District of Columbia.
H. Res. 1269	H.R. 8580	Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1269	H.R. 8282	Illegitimate Court Counteraction Act
H. Res. 1287	H.R. 8070	Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8774	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8771	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8752	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1341	H.R. 8281	Safeguard American Voter Eligibility Act
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8997	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1370	H.R. 8998	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025
H. Res. 1376	H. Res. 1371	Strongly condemning the Biden Administration and its Border Czar, Kamala Harris's, failure to secure the United States border.
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 1398	Protect America's Innovation and Economic Security from CCP Act of 2024
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 1425	No WHO Pandemic Preparedness Treaty Without Senate Approval Act
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 1516	DHS Restrictions on Confucius Institutes and Chinese Entities of Concern Act
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 7980	End Chinese Dominance of Electric Vehicles in America Act of 2024
H. Res. 1430	H.R. 9494	Continuing Appropriations and Other Matters Act, 2025
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 3724	Accreditation for College Excellence Act of 2023 [End Woke Higher Education Act]
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 4790	Guiding Uniform and Responsible Disclosure Requirements and Information Limits Act of 2023 [Prioritizing Economic Growth Over Woke Policies Act]
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 5179	Anti-BDS Labeling Act
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 5339	RETIRE Act [Protecting Americans' Investments from Woke Policies Act]
H. Res. 1455	H.R. 7909	Violence Against Women by Illegal Aliens Act
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 3334	Sanctioning Tyrannical and Oppressive People within the Chinese Communist Party Act
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 8205	Keeping Violent Offenders Off Our Streets Act
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 8790	Fix Our Forests Act
H. Res. 1568	H.R. 8932	FAFSA Deadline Act
H. Res. 1568	H.R. 8446	Critical Mineral Consistency Act of 2024
H. Res. 1576	H.R. 9495	Stop Terror-Financing and Tax Penalties on American Hostages Act
H. Res. 1602	H.R. 5349	Crucial Communism Teaching Act
H. Res. 1602	H.R. 7198	Prove It Act of 2024
H. Res. 1616	H.R. 115	Midnight Rules Relief Act
Original Text Rules:		
H. Res. 199	H.R. 140	Protecting Speech from Government Interference Act
H. Res. 241	H.R. 5	Parents Bill of Rights Act
H. Res. 298	H.R. 734	Protection of Women and Girls in Sports Act of 2023
H. Res. 398	H.R. 2494	POLICE Act of 2023
H. Res. 398	H.R. 3091	Federal Law Enforcement Officer Service Weapon Purchase Act

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
Re-referral of Certain Measures: H. Res. 529	H. Res. 503	Provides that H. Res. 503 shall be re-referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and, in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary.
Engrossment of Multiple Measures: H. Res. 1160		Directs the Clerk to, in the engrossment of the House amendment to the Senate amendment to H.R. 815, assign appropriate designations to provisions within the engrossment; conform cross-references and provisions for short titles within the engrossment; be authorized to make technical corrections, including corrections in spelling, punctuation, page and line numbering, section numbering, and insertion of appropriate headings; and relocate section 3 of the text of H.R. 8038 to a new section immediately prior to Division A within the engrossment.
Instructing the Clerk Regarding the Transmittal of Papers: H. Res. 723		Provides that the Clerk shall not transmit to the Senate a message that the House has passed H.R. 4367 until notified by the Speaker that H.R. 2, as passed by the House on May 11, 2023, has been enacted into law.
H. Res. 1160		Provides that, upon transmission to the Senate of a message that the House has concurred in the Senate amendment to H.R. 815 with an amendment, H.R. 8034, H.R. 8035, H.R. 8036, and H.R. 8038, as passed by the House, if passed by the House, are laid on the table.
H. Res. 1316		Provides that the Clerk shall not transmit to the Senate a message that the House has passed H.R. 8752 until notified by the Speaker that H.R. 2, as passed by the House on May 11, 2023, has been enacted into law.
Providing for Adoption: H. Res. 996		Provides that upon adoption of House Resolution 863, House Resolution 995 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 1287		Provides that upon adoption of the resolution accompanying House Report 118–527, the resolution accompanying House Report 118–533 is hereby adopted.
Removing a Certain Member from a Certain Standing Committee of the House: H. Res. 83	H. Res. 76	Removing a certain Member from a certain standing committee of the House.

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 75, H. Rept. 118–1	H.J. Res. 7	Relating to a national emergency declared by the President on March 13, 2020	1/31/2023	Burgess/McGovern
		Reported from Rules	1/31/2023	
		Previous question agreed to 218–209	1/31/2023	
		Rule adopted record vote 216–208		
H. Res. 75, H. Rept. 118–1	H.R. 139	SHOW UP Act of 2023		
		Reported from Rules	1/31/2023	Burgess/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 218–209	1/31/2023	
		Rule adopted record vote 216–208	1/31/2023	
H. Res. 75, H. Rept. 118–1	H.R. 382	Pandemic is Over Act		
		Reported from Rules	1/31/2023	Burgess/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 218–209	1/31/2023	
		Rule adopted record vote 216–208	1/31/2023	
H. Res. 75, H. Rept. 118–1	H.R. 497	Freedom for Health Care Workers Act		
		Reported from Rules	1/31/2023	Burgess/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 218–209	1/31/2023	
		Rule adopted record vote 216–208	1/31/2023	
H. Res. 83, H. Rept. 118–2	H. Con. Res. 9	Denouncing the horrors of socialism		
		Reported from Rules	2/1/2023	Reschenthaler/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 219–207	2/1/2023	
H. Res. 83, H. Rept. 118–2	H. Res. 76	Rule adopted record vote 218–209	2/1/2023	
		Removing a certain Member from a certain standing committee of the House		
		Reported from Rules	2/1/2023	Reschenthaler/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 219–207	2/1/2023	
H. Res. 97, H. Rept. 118–3	H.R. 185	Rule adopted record vote 218–209	2/1/2023	
		To terminate the requirement imposed by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for proof of COVID–19 vaccination for foreign travelers, and for other purposes.		
		Reported from Rules	2/7/2023	Langworthy/Scanlon
		Previous question agreed to 217–208	2/7/2023	
H. Res. 97, H. Rept. 118–3	H.J. Res. 24	Rule adopted record vote 217–208	2/7/2023	
		Disapproving the action of the District of Columbia Council in approving the Local Resident Voting Rights Amendment Act of 2022.		

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 97, H. Rept. 118–3	Reported from Rules	2/7/2023	Langworthy/Scanlon
	.....	Previous question agreed to 217–208	2/7/2023
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 217–208	2/7/2023
	H.J. Res. 26	Disapproving the action of the District of Columbia Council in approving the Revised Criminal Code Act of 2022.		
H. Res. 166, H. Rept. 118–4	Reported from Rules	2/7/2023	Langworthy/Scanlon
	.....	Previous question agreed to 217–208	2/7/2023
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 217–208	2/7/2023
	H.R. 347	Reduce Exacerbated Inflation Negatively Impacting the Nation Act		
H. Res. 166, H. Rept. 118–4	Reported from Rules	2/27/2023	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 213–201	2/28/2023
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–205	2/28/2023
	H.J. Res. 30	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Labor relating to “Prudence and Loyalty in Selecting Plan Investments and Exercising Shareholder Right”.		
H. Res. 199, H. Rept. 118–7	Reported from Rules	2/27/2023	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 213–201	2/28/2023
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–205	2/28/2023
	H.R. 140	Protecting Speech from Government Interference Act		
H. Res. 199, H. Rept. 118–7	Reported from Rules	3/7/2023	Massie/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 217–205	3/8/2023
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–206	3/8/2023
	H.J. Res. 27	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers, Department of Defense and the Environmental Protection Agency relating to “Revised Definition of ‘Waters of the United States’ ”.		
H. Res. 199, H. Rept. 118–7	Reported from Rules	3/7/2023	Massie/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 217–205	3/8/2023
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–206	3/8/2023
	S. 619	COVID–19 Origin Act of 2023		
	Reported from Rules	3/7/2023	Massie/McGovern

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 398, H. Rept. 118–59	H.R. 2494	Rule adopted record vote 215–209	5/10/2023	
	.....	POLICE Act of 2023		
	.....	Reported from Rules	5/15/2023	Fischbach/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 220–209	5/16/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 222–203	5/16/2023	
H. Res. 398, H. Rept. 118–59	H.R. 3091	Federal Law Enforcement Officer Service Weapon Purchase Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	5/15/2023	Fischbach/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 220–209	5/16/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 222–203	5/16/2023	
H. Res. 398, H. Rept. 118–59	H. Con. Res. 40	Expressing support for local law enforcement officers and condemning efforts to defund or dismantle local law enforcement agencies.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	5/15/2023	Fischbach/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 220–209	5/16/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 222–203	5/16/2023	
H. Res. 429, H. Rept. 118–76	H.R. 467	HALT Fentanyl Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	5/22/2023	Burgess/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–208	5/23/2023	
H. Res. 429, H. Rept. 118–76	H.J. Res. 45	Rule adopted record vote 217–204	5/23/2023	
	.....	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Education relating to “Waivers and Modifications of Federal Student Loans”		
	.....	Reported from Rules	5/22/2023	Burgess/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–208	5/23/2023	
H. Res. 429, H. Rept. 118–76	S.J. Res. 11	Rule adopted record vote 217–204	5/23/2023	
	.....	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to “Control of Air Pollution from New Motor Vehicles: Heavy-Duty Engine and Vehicle Standards”		
	.....	Reported from Rules	5/22/2023	Burgess/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–208	5/23/2023	
H. Res. 456, H. Rept. 118–81	H.R. 3746	Rule adopted record vote 217–204	5/23/2023	
	.....	Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023		

H. Res. 463, H. Rept. 118–102	..... ..... H.R. 277	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 241–187	5/30/2023 5/31/2023	Cole/McGovern
H. Res. 463, H. Rept. 118–102	..... ..... H.R. 288	REINS Act of 2023	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
H. Res. 463, H. Rept. 118–102	..... ..... H.R. 1615	Previous question agreed to 215–203	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
H. Res. 463, H. Rept. 118–102	..... ..... H.R. 1640	Rule not adopted record vote 206–220	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
H. Res. 495, H. Rept. 118–108	..... ..... H.J. Res. 44	Separation of Powers Restoration Act of 2023	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
	..... ..... .....	Reported from Rules	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
	..... ..... .....	Previous question agreed to 215–203	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
	..... ..... .....	Rule not adopted record vote 206–220	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
	..... ..... .....	Gas Stove Protection and Freedom Act	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
	..... ..... .....	Reported from Rules	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
	..... ..... .....	Previous question agreed to 215–203	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
	..... ..... .....	Rule not adopted record vote 206–220	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
	..... ..... .....	Save Our Stoves Act	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
	..... ..... .....	Reported from Rules	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
	..... ..... .....	Previous question agreed to 215–203	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
	..... ..... .....	Rule not adopted record vote 206–220	6/5/2023 6/6/2023 6/6/2023	Massie/Scanlon
	..... ..... .....	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives relating to “Factoring Criteria for Firearms with Attached ‘Stabilizing Braces’”	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Reported from Rules	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Previous question agreed to 216–209	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Rule adopted record vote 218–209	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	REINS Act of 2023	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Reported from Rules	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Previous question agreed to 216–209	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Rule adopted record vote 218–209	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Separation of Powers Restoration Act of 2023	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Reported from Rules	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Previous question agreed to 216–209	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Rule adopted record vote 218–209	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Gas Stove Protection and Freedom Act	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Reported from Rules	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern
	..... ..... .....	Previous question agreed to 216–209	6/12/2023 6/13/2023 6/13/2023	Massie/McGovern

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 495, H. Rept. 118–108	H.R. 1640	Rule adopted record vote 218–209 Save Our Stoves Act	6/13/2023	
		Reported from Rules		Massie/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 216–209	6/12/2023	
		Rule adopted record vote 218–209	6/13/2023	
H. Res. 524, H. Rept. 118–115	H.R. 3564	Middle Class Borrower Protection Act of 2023	6/13/2023	
		Reported from Rules		Burgess/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 215–207	6/20/2023	
		Rule adopted record vote 215–211	6/21/2023	
H. Res. 524, H. Rept. 118–115	H.R. 3799	CHOICE Arrangement Act	6/21/2023	
		Reported from Rules		Burgess/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 215–207	6/20/2023	
		Rule adopted record vote 215–211	6/21/2023	
H. Res. 524, H. Rept. 118–115	H. Res. 461	Condemning the use of elementary and secondary school facilities to provide shelter for aliens who are not admitted to the United States.	6/21/2023	
		Reported from Rules		Burgess/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 215–207	6/20/2023	
		Rule adopted record vote 215–211	6/21/2023	
H. Res. 529, H. Rept. 118–117	H. Res. 503	Relating to the resolution (H. Res. 503) impeaching Joseph R. Biden, Jr., President of the United States, for high crimes and misdemeanors.	6/21/2023	
		Reported from Rules		Roy/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 214–206	6/21/2023	
		Rule adopted record vote 219–208	6/22/2023	
H. Res. 582, H. Rept. 118–141	H.R. 2670	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024	6/22/2023	
		Reported from Rules		Cole/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 215–201	7/12/2023	
		Rule adopted record vote 217–207	7/12/2023	
H. Res. 583, H. Rept. 118–142	H.R. 2670	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024	7/12/2023	
		Reported from Rules		Cole/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 214–207	7/13/2023	
		Rule adopted record vote 220–208	7/13/2023	
H. Res. 597, H. Rept. 118–147	H.R. 3935	Securing Growth and Robust Leadership in American Aviation Act	7/13/2023	

H. Res. 597, H. Rept. 118–147	Reported from Rules	7/18/2023	Houchin/Scanlon
	.....	Previous question agreed to 213–207	7/18/2023
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 213–206	7/18/2023
H. Res. 614, H. Rept. 118–158	H.R. 3941	Schools Not Shelters Act		Houchin/Scanlon
	.....	Reported from Rules	7/18/2023
	.....	Previous question agreed to 213–207	7/18/2023
H. Res. 614, H. Rept. 118–158	Rule adopted record vote 213–206	7/18/2023	Reschenthaler/Neguse
	H.R. 4366	Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024	7/26/2023	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 208–191	7/26/2023
H. Res. 614, H. Rept. 118–158	Rule adopted record vote 217–206	7/26/2023	Reschenthaler/Neguse
	S.J. Res. 9	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, USC, of the rule submitted by the USFWS relating to “Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Lesser Prairie-Chicken; Threatened Status With Section 4(d) Rule for the Northern Distinct Population Segment and Endangered Status for the Southern Distinct Population Segment”		
	.....	Reported from Rules	7/26/2023
H. Res. 614, H. Rept. 118–158	Previous question agreed to 208–191	7/26/2023	Reschenthaler/Neguse
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 217–206	7/26/2023
	S.J. Res. 24	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service relating to “Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Endangered Species Status for Northern Long-Eared Bat”		
H. Res. 680, H. Rept. 118–193	Reported from Rules	7/26/2023	Reschenthaler/Neguse
	.....	Previous question agreed to 208–191	7/26/2023
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 217–206	7/26/2023
H. Res. 680, H. Rept. 118–193	H.R. 1435	Preserving Choice in Vehicle Purchases Act		Cole/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/13/2023
	.....	Previous question agreed to 217–209	9/19/2023
H. Res. 680, H. Rept. 118–193	Rule not adopted record vote 212–214	9/19/2023	Cole/Leger Fernandez
	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024	9/13/2023	
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/19/2023
H. Res. 681, H. Rept. 118–195	Previous question agreed to 217–209	9/13/2023	Cole/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Rule not adopted record vote 212–214	9/19/2023
	H.R. 1435	Preserving Choice in Vehicle Purchases Act	9/19/2023	

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/13/2023	Burgess/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 214–198	9/14/2023	
H. Res. 699, H. Rept. 118–201	.....	Rule adopted record vote 215–200	9/14/2023	
	H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/19/2023	Reschenthaler/McGovern
H. Res. 699, H. Rept. 118–201	.....	Rule tabled pursuant to the provisions of H. Res. 756	10/3/2023	
	H. Res. 684	Condemning the actions of Governor of New Mexico, Michelle Lujan Grisham, for subverting the Second Amendment to the Constitution and depriving the citizens of New Mexico of their right to bear arms.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/19/2023	Reschenthaler/McGovern
	.....	Rule tabled pursuant to the provisions of H. Res. 756	10/3/2023	
H. Res. 699, H. Rept. 118–201	H.R. 5525	Continuing Appropriations and Border Security Enhancement Act, 2024		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/19/2023	Reschenthaler/McGovern
	H.R. 4365	Rule tabled pursuant to the provisions of H. Res. 756	10/3/2023	
H. Res. 712, H. Rept. 118–208	.....	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/21/2023	Cole/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–202	9/21/2023	
	.....	Rule not adopted record vote 212–216	9/21/2023	
H. Res. 712, H. Rept. 118–208	H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/21/2023	Cole/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–202	9/21/2023	
	.....	Rule not adopted record vote 212–216	9/21/2023	
H. Res. 712, H. Rept. 118–208	H. Res. 684	Condemning the actions of Governor of New Mexico, Michelle Lujan Grisham, for subverting the Second Amendment to the Constitution and depriving the citizens of New Mexico of their right to bear arms.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/21/2023	Cole/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–202	9/21/2023	
	.....	Rule not adopted record vote 212–216	9/21/2023	
H. Res. 723, H. Rept. 118–216	H.R. 4365	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2024		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/26/2023	Roy/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 215–209	9/26/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–212	9/26/2023	

H. Res. 723, H. Rept. 118-216	H.R. 4367	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Bill, 2024 Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 215-209 Rule adopted record vote 216-212	9/26/2023 9/26/2023 9/26/2023	Roy/McGovern
H. Res. 723, H. Rept. 118-216	H.R. 4368	Agriculture, Rural Development, Food and Drug Administration, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 215-209 Rule adopted record vote 216-212	9/26/2023 9/26/2023 9/26/2023	Roy/McGovern
H. Res. 723, H. Rept. 118-216	H.R. 4665	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2024. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 215-209 Rule adopted record vote 216-212	9/26/2023 9/26/2023 9/26/2023	Roy/McGovern
H. Res. 730, H. Rept. 118-228	H.R. 5692	Ukraine Security Assistance and Oversight Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 214-210 Rule adopted record vote 217-211	9/28/2023 9/28/2023 9/28/2023	Cole/McGovern
H. Res. 741, H. Rept. 118-230	H.R. 5525	Continuing Appropriations and Border Security Enhancement Act, 2024. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 217-207 Rule adopted record vote 218-210	9/29/2023 9/29/2023 9/29/2023	Reschenthaler/McGovern
H. Res. 756, H. Rept. 118-242	H.R. 4364	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2024 Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 218-207 Rule adopted record vote 218-208	10/3/2023 10/3/2023 10/3/2023	Reschenthaler/Scanlon
H. Res. 756, H. Rept. 118-242	H.R. 4394	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024 Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 218-207 Rule adopted record vote 218-208	10/3/2023 10/3/2023 10/3/2023	Reschenthaler/Scanlon
H. Res. 838, H. Rept. 118-261	H.R. 4820	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 213-200 Rule adopted record vote 213-203	11/2/2023 11/2/2023 11/2/2023	Fischbach/McGovern

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 838, H. Rept. 118-261	H.R. 4821	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/2/2023	Fischbach/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 213-200	11/2/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 213-203	11/2/2023	
H. Res. 838, H. Rept. 118-261	H.R. 6126	Israel Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/2/2023	Fischbach/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 213-200	11/2/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 213-203	11/2/2023	
H. Res. 847, H. Rept. 118-269	H.R. 4664	Financial Services and General Government Appropriations Act, 2024		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/6/2023	Houchin/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 217-204	11/7/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 217-204	11/7/2023	
H. Res. 864, H. Rept. 118-272	H.R. 5894	Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.	11/7/2023	
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/13/2023	Burgess/Scanlon
	.....	Previous question agreed to 217-208	11/14/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 217-209	11/14/2023	
H. Res. 869, H. Rept. 118-273	H.R. 5893	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/14/2023	Massie/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218-206	11/15/2023	
	.....	Rule not adopted record vote 198-225	11/15/2023	
H. Res. 869, H. Rept. 118-273	H.R. 5961	No Funds for Iranian Terrorism Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/14/2023	Massie/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218-206	11/15/2023	
	.....	Rule not adopted record vote 198-225	11/15/2023	
H. Res. 891, H. Rept. 118-280	H.R. 5283	Protecting our Communities from Failure to Secure the Border Act of 2023		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/28/2023	Reschenthaler/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 213-205-1	11/29/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 212-205-1	11/29/2023	
H. Res. 891, H. Rept. 118-280	H.R. 5961	No Funds for Iranian Terrorism Act		

	.....	Reported from Rules	11/28/2023	Reschenthaler/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 213–205–1 11/29/2023		
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 212–205–1	11/29/2023	
H. Res. 891, H. Rept. 118–280	S.J. Res. 32	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection relating to Small Business Lending Under the Equal Credit Opportunity Act (Regulation B).		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/28/2023	Reschenthaler/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 213–205–1	11/29/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 212–205–1	11/29/2023	
H. Res. 906, H. Rept. 118–298	H.R. 4468	Choice in Automobile Retail Sales Act of 2023	12/4/2023	Houchin/McGovern
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/5/2023	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 209–200	12/5/2023	
H. Res. 906, H. Rept. 118–298	H.R. 5933	Rule adopted record vote 213–201	12/4/2023	Houchin/McGovern
	.....	DETERRENT Act	12/5/2023	
	.....	Reported from Rules		
	.....	Previous question agreed to 209–200		
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 213–201		
H. Res. 906, H. Rept. 118–298	H.J. Res. 88	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Education relating to Improving Income Driven Repayment for the William D. Ford Federal Direct Loan Program and the Federal Family Education Loan (FFEL) Program.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/4/2023	Houchin/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 209–200	12/5/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 213–201	12/5/2023	
H. Res. 922, H. Rept. 118–308	H.R. 1147	Whole Milk for Healthy Kids Act of 2023	12/11/2023	Fischbach/Scanlon
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/12/2023	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–205	12/12/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 215–207		
H. Res. 922, H. Rept. 118–308	H.R. 357	Ensuring Accountability in Agency Rulemaking Act	12/11/2023	Fischbach/Scanlon
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/12/2023	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–205	12/12/2023	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 215–207	12/12/2023	
H. Res. 947, H. Rept. 118–342	H.R. 788	Stop Settlement Slush Funds Act of 2023		

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 947, H. Rept. 118–342	Reported from Rules	1/9/2024	Houchin/McGovern
	Previous question agreed to 213–200	1/10/2024	
	Rule not adopted record vote 203–216	1/10/2024	
	Motion to reconsider agreed to 210–201–1	1/11/2024	
	Rule adopted record vote 211–202–1	1/11/2024	
H. Res. 947, H. Rept. 118–342	H.J. Res. 98	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the National Labor Relations Board relating to “Standard for Determining Joint Employer Status”		
	Reported from Rules	1/9/2024	Houchin/McGovern
	Previous question agreed to 213–200	1/10/2024	
	Rule not adopted record vote 203–216	1/10/2024	
	Motion to reconsider agreed to 210–201–1	1/11/2024	
	Rule adopted record vote 211–202–1	1/11/2024	
H. Res. 947, H. Rept. 118–342	S.J. Res. 38	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Federal Highway Administration relating to “Waiver of Buy America Requirements for Electric Vehicle Chargers”		
	Reported from Rules	1/9/2024	Houchin/McGovern
	Previous question agreed to 213–200	1/10/2024	
	Rule not adopted record vote 203–216	1/10/2024	
	Motion to reconsider agreed to 210–201–1	1/11/2024	
	Rule adopted record vote 211–202–1	1/11/2024	
H. Res. 969, H. Rept. 118–350	H.R. 6914	Pregnant Students’ Rights Act		
	Reported from Rules	1/9/2024	Houchin/McGovern
	Previous question agreed to 213–200	1/10/2024	
	Rule not adopted record vote 203–216	1/10/2024	
	Motion to reconsider agreed to 210–201–1	1/11/2024	
	Rule adopted record vote 211–202–1	1/11/2024	
H. Res. 969, H. Rept. 118–350	H.R. 6918	Supporting Pregnant and Parenting Women and Families Act		
	Reported from Rules	1/17/2024	Fischbach/Scanlon
	Previous question agreed to by voice vote	1/17/2024	
	Rule adopted record vote 198–194	1/17/2024	
	Supporting Pregnant and Parenting Women and Families Act	1/17/2024	
	Reported from Rules	1/17/2024	
H. Res. 969, H. Rept. 118–350	Previous question agreed to by voice vote	1/17/2024	Fischbach/Scanlon
	Rule adopted record vote 198–194	1/17/2024	
	Supporting Pregnant and Parenting Women and Families Act	1/17/2024	
	Reported from Rules	1/17/2024	
	Previous question agreed to by voice vote	1/17/2024	

H. Res. 969, H. Rept. 118–350	H. Res. 957	Denouncing the Biden administration’s open-borders policies, condemning the national security and public safety crisis along the southwest border, and urging President Biden to end his administration’s open-borders policies.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	1/17/2024	Fischbach/Scanlon
	.....	Previous question agreed to by voice vote	1/17/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 198–194	1/17/2024	
H. Res. 980, H. Rept. 118–362	H.R. 5585	Agent Raul Gonzalez Officer Safety Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	1/29/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–210	1/30/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–210	1/30/2024	
H. Res. 980, H. Rept. 118–362	H.R. 6678	Consequences for Social Security Fraud Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	1/29/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–210	1/30/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–210	1/30/2024	
H. Res. 980, H. Rept. 118–362	H.R. 6679	No Immigration Benefits for Hamas Terrorists Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	1/29/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–210	1/30/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–210	1/30/2024	
H. Res. 980, H. Rept. 118–362	H.R. 6976	Protect our Communities from DUIs Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	1/29/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–210	1/30/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–210	1/30/2024	
H. Res. 994, H. Rept. 118–373	H.R. 7160	SALT Marriage Penalty Elimination Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	1/29/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 213–209	1/30/2024	
	.....	Rule not adopted record vote 195–225	1/30/2024	
H. Res. 994, H. Rept. 118–373	H. Res. 987	Denouncing the harmful, anti-American energy policies of the Biden administration, and for other purposes.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	2/5/2024	Langworthy/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 213–209	2/14/2024	
	.....	Rule not adopted record vote 195–225	2/14/2024	
H. Res. 996, H. Rept. 118–374	H. Res. 863	Impeaching Alejandro Nicholas Mayorkas, Secretary of Homeland Security, for high crimes and misdemeanors.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	2/5/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 215–207	2/6/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–209	2/6/2024	

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 996, H. Rept. 118–374	H.R. 485	Protecting Health Care for All Patients Act of 2023 Reported from Rules	2/5/2024	Burgess/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 215–207	2/6/2024	
		Rule adopted record vote 216–209	2/6/2024	
H. Res. 1009, H. Rept. 118–388	H.R. 7176	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2024 Reported from Rules	2/13/2024	Reschenthaler/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 212–206	2/14/2024	
		Rule adopted record vote 212–208	2/14/2024	
H. Res. 1052, H. Rept. 118–407	H.R. 2799	Expanding Access to Capital Act of 2023 Reported from Rules	3/5/2024	Houchin/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 215–205	3/6/2024	
		Rule adopted record vote 214–211	3/6/2024	
H. Res. 1052, H. Rept. 118–407	H.R. 7511	Laken Riley Act Reported from Rules	3/5/2024	Houchin/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 215–205	3/6/2024	
		Rule adopted record vote 214–211	3/6/2024	
H. Res. 1071, H. Rept. 118–419	H.R. 6276	Utilizing Space Efficiently and Improving Technologies Act of 2023 Reported from Rules	3/11/2024	Massie/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 209–205	3/12/2024	
		Rule adopted record vote 209–206	3/12/2024	
H. Res. 1071, H. Rept. 118–419	H. Res. 1065	Denouncing the Biden administration's immigration policies Reported from Rules	3/11/2024	Massie/McGovern
		Previous question agreed to 209–205	3/12/2024	
		Rule adopted record vote 209–206	3/12/2024	
H. Res. 1085, H. Rept. 118–428	H.R. 1023	To repeal section 134 of the Clean Air Act, relating to the greenhouse gas reduction fund. [Cutting Green Corruption and Taxes Act]. Reported from Rules	3/19/2024	Reschenthaler/Scanlon
		Previous question agreed to 207–192	3/20/2024	
		Rule adopted record vote 214–200	3/20/2024	
H. Res. 1085, H. Rept. 118–428	H.R. 1121	Protecting American Energy Production Act Reported from Rules	3/19/2024	Reschenthaler/Scanlon
		Previous question agreed to 207–192	3/20/2024	

H. Res. 1085, H. Rept. 118–428	..... H.R. 6009	Rule adopted record vote 214–200	3/20/2024	
	.....	Restoring American Energy Dominance Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	3/19/2024	Reschenthaler/Scanlon
	.....	Previous question agreed to 207–192	3/20/2024	
H. Res. 1085, H. Rept. 118–428	H. Con. Res. 86	Rule adopted record vote 214–200	3/20/2024	
		Expressing the sense of Congress that a carbon tax would be detrimental to the United States economy.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	3/19/2024	Reschenthaler/Scanlon
	.....	Previous question agreed to 207–192	3/20/2024	
H. Res. 1085, H. Rept. 118–428	H. Res. 987	Rule adopted record vote 214–200	3/20/2024	
	.....	Denouncing the harmful, anti-American energy policies of the Biden administration, and for other purposes.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	3/19/2024	Reschenthaler/Scanlon
	.....	Previous question agreed to 207–192	3/20/2024	
H. Res. 1085, H. Rept. 118–428	H.R. 7023	Rule adopted record vote 214–200	3/20/2024	
	.....	Nationwide Permitting Improvement Act (Creating Confidence in Clean Water Permitting Act).		
	.....	Reported from Rules	3/19/2024	Reschenthaler/Scanlon
	.....	Previous question agreed to 207–192	3/20/2024	
H. Res. 1125, H. Rept. 118–450	H.R. 7888	Rule adopted record vote 214–200	3/20/2024	
	.....	Reforming Intelligence and Securing America Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/10/2024	Roy/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 210–209	4/10/2024	
H. Res. 1125, H. Rept. 118–450	H.R. 529	Rule not adopted record vote 193–228	4/10/2024	
	.....	Extending Limits of U.S. Customs Waters Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/10/2024	Roy/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 210–209	4/10/2024	
H. Res. 1125, H. Rept. 118–450	H. Res. 1112	Rule not adopted record vote 193–228	4/10/2024	
	.....	Denouncing the Biden administration’s immigration policies		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/10/2024	Roy/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 210–209	4/10/2024	
H. Res. 1125, H. Rept. 118–450	H. Res. 1117	Rule not adopted record vote 193–228	4/10/2024	
	.....	Opposing efforts to place one-sided pressure on Israel with respect to Gaza		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/10/2024	Roy/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 210–209	4/10/2024	
	.....	Rule not adopted record vote 193–228	4/10/2024	

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1137, H. Rept. 118–456	H.R. 7888	Reforming Intelligence and Securing America Act Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 208–202	4/12/2024 4/12/2024 4/12/2024	Massie/Neguse
H. Res. 1137, H. Rept. 118–456	H.R. 529	Extending Limits of U.S. Customs Waters Act Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 208–202	4/12/2024 4/12/2024 4/12/2024	Massie/Neguse
H. Res. 1137, H. Rept. 118–456	H. Res. 1112	Rule adopted record vote 213–208 Denouncing the Biden administration’s immigration policies Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 208–202	4/12/2024 4/12/2024 4/12/2024	Massie/Neguse
H. Res. 1137, H. Rept. 118–456	H. Res. 1117	Rule adopted record vote 213–208 Opposing efforts to place one-sided pressure on Israel with respect to Gaza Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 208–202	4/12/2024 4/12/2024 4/12/2024	Massie/Neguse
H. Res. 1149, H. Rept. 118–464	H.R. 6323	Rule adopted record vote 213–208 Iran Counterterrorism Act of 2023 Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–208	4/16/2024 4/16/2024 4/16/2024	Resenthaler/McGovern
H. Res. 1149, H. Rept. 118–464	H. Res. 1143	Rule adopted record vote 214–208 Condemning Iran’s unprecedented drone and missile attack on Israel Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–208	4/16/2024 4/16/2024 4/16/2024	Resenthaler/McGovern
H. Res. 1149, H. Rept. 118–464	H.R. 4691	Rule adopted record vote 214–208 Iran Sanctions Relief Review Act of 2023 Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–208	4/16/2024 4/16/2024 4/16/2024	Resenthaler/McGovern
H. Res. 1149, H. Rept. 118–464	H.R. 5947	Rule adopted record vote 214–208 To provide for the rescission of certain waivers and licenses relating to Iran, and for other purposes. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–208	4/16/2024 4/16/2024 4/16/2024	Resenthaler/McGovern

H. Res. 1149, H. Rept. 118–464	..... H.R. 6046	Rule adopted record vote 214–208	4/16/2024	Reschenthaler/McGovern
	.....	Standing Against Houthi Aggression Act	4/16/2024	
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/16/2024	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 212–208	4/16/2024	
H. Res. 1149, H. Rept. 118–464	..... H.R. 4639	Rule adopted record vote 214–208		
	.....	Fourth Amendment Is Not for Sale Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/16/2024	Reschenthaler/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 212–208	4/16/2024	
H. Res. 1160, H. Rept. 118–466	..... H.R. 8034	Rule adopted record vote 214–208	4/16/2024	
	.....	Israel Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/19/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 316–94	4/19/2024	
H. Res. 1160, H. Rept. 118–466	..... H.R. 8035	Ukraine Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024	4/19/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/19/2024	
H. Res. 1160, H. Rept. 118–466	..... H.R. 8036	Rule adopted record vote 316–94	4/19/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Indo-Pacific Security Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2024	4/19/2024	
	.....	Reported from Rules		
H. Res. 1160, H. Rept. 118–466	..... H.R. 8038	Rule adopted record vote 316–94	4/19/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	21st Century Peace through Strength Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/19/2024	
H. Res. 1173, H. Rept. 118–477	..... H.R. 3397	Rule adopted record vote 316–94	4/19/2024	
	.....	Western Economic Security Today Act of 2023 [Western Economic Security Today Act of 2024]		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/29/2024	Fischbach/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 209–205	4/30/2024	
H. Res. 1173, H. Rept. 118–477	..... H.R. 6285	Rule adopted record vote 209–205	4/30/2024	
	.....	Alaska’s Right to Produce Act of 2023		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/29/2024	Fischbach/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 209–205	4/30/2024	
H. Res. 1173, H. Rept. 118–477	..... H.R. 3195	Rule adopted record vote 209–205	4/30/2024	
	.....	Superior National Forest Restoration Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/29/2024	Fischbach/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 209–205	4/30/2024	
H. Res. 1173, H. Rept. 118–477	..... H.R. 2925	Rule adopted record vote 209–205	4/30/2024	
	.....	Mining Regulatory Clarity Act of 2024		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/29/2024	Fischbach/Leger Fernandez

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1173, H. Rept. 118–477	.....	Previous question agreed to 209–205	4/30/2024	
	H.R. 615	Rule adopted record vote 209–205	4/30/2024	
	.....	Protecting Access for Hunters and Anglers Act of 2023		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/29/2024	Fischbach/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 209–205	4/30/2024	
H. Res. 1173, H. Rept. 118–477	.....	Rule adopted record vote 209–205	4/30/2024	
	H.R. 764	Trust the Science Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/29/2024	Fischbach/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 209–205	4/30/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 209–205	4/30/2024	
H. Res. 1173, H. Rept. 118–477	H.R. 6090	Antisemitism Awareness Act of 2023		
	.....	Reported from Rules	4/29/2024	Fischbach/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 209–205	4/30/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 209–205	4/30/2024	
	.....	Hands Off Our Home Appliances Act	4/30/2024	
H. Res. 1194, H. Rept. 118–487	H.R. 6192	Reported from Rules		
	.....	Previous question agreed to 209–205	5/6/2024	Houchin/Neguse
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 204–200	5/7/2024	
	.....	Equal Representation Act	5/7/2024	
	H.R. 7109	Reported from Rules		
H. Res. 1194, H. Rept. 118–487	.....	Previous question agreed to 204–200	5/6/2024	Houchin/Neguse
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 205–199	5/7/2024	
	H.J. Res. 109	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 121.	5/7/2024	
	.....	Reported from Rules		
	.....	Previous question agreed to 204–200	5/6/2024	Houchin/Neguse
H. Res. 1194, H. Rept. 118–487	.....	Rule adopted record vote 205–199	5/7/2024	
	H.R. 2925	Mining Regulatory Clarity Act of 2024		
	.....	Reported from Rules	5/6/2024	Houchin/Neguse
	.....	Previous question agreed to 204–200	5/7/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 205–199	5/7/2024	

H. Res. 1227, H. Rept. 118–511	H.R. 8369	Israel Security Assistance Support Act Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1 DC CRIMES Act of 2024 Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1 Detain and Deport Illegal Aliens Who Assault Cops Act Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1 Police Our Border Act Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1 Improving Law Enforcement Officer Safety and Wellness Through Data Act of 2024.	5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024	Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern
H. Res. 1227, H. Rept. 118–511	H.R. 7530	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1 LEOSA Reform Act of 2024 Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1 A resolution regarding violence against law enforcement officers Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1 Condemning the Biden border crisis and the tremendous burdens law enforcement officers face as a result.	5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024	Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern
H. Res. 1227, H. Rept. 118–511	H.R. 7343	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1 Financial Innovation and Technology for the 21st Century Act Reported from Rules	5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/21/2024	Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Houchin/McGovern
H. Res. 1227, H. Rept. 118–511	H.R. 8146	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1	5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024	Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern
H. Res. 1227, H. Rept. 118–511	H.R. 7581	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1	5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024	Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern
H. Res. 1227, H. Rept. 118–511	H.R. 354	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1	5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024	Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern
H. Res. 1227, H. Rept. 118–511	H. Res. 1213	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1	5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024	Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern
H. Res. 1227, H. Rept. 118–511	H. Res. 1210	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–201 Rule adopted record vote 212–200–1	5/15/2024 5/15/2024 5/15/2024	Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern Langworthy/McGovern
H. Res. 1243, H. Rept. 118–516	H.R. 4763	Reported from Rules	5/21/2024	Houchin/McGovern

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1243, H. Rept. 118–516	.....	Previous question agreed to 205–203	5/22/2024	
	H.R. 5403	Rule adopted record vote 204–203	5/22/2024	
	.....	Reported from Rules		Houchin/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 205–203	5/21/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 204–203	5/22/2024	
H. Res. 1243, H. Rept. 118–516	H.R. 192	To prohibit individuals who are not citizens of the United States from voting in elections in the District of Columbia.	5/22/2024	
	.....	Reported from Rules		Houchin/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 205–203	5/21/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 204–203	5/22/2024	
	H.R. 8580	Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025.	5/22/2024	
H. Res. 1269, H. Rept. 118–535	.....	Reported from Rules		Reschenthaler/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 205–193	6/3/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 208–195	6/4/2024	
	H.R. 8282	Illegitimate Court Counteraction Act	6/4/2024	
	.....	Reported from Rules		Reschenthaler/McGovern
H. Res. 1269, H. Rept. 118–535	.....	Previous question agreed to 205–193	6/3/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 208–195	6/4/2024	
	.....	Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025.	6/4/2024	
	H.R. 8070	Reported from Rules		Scott/Scanlon
	.....	Previous question agreed to 210–204	6/11/2024	
H. Res. 1287, H. Rept. 118–551	.....	Rule adopted record vote 208–207	6/12/2024	
	H. Res. 1292 (H. Rept. 118–527).	Report to accompany the Resolution Recommending that the House of Representatives Find United States Attorney General Merrick B. Garland in Contempt of Congress for Refusal to Comply with a Subpoena Duly Issued by the Committee on the Judiciary.		
	.....	Reported from Rules		Scott/Scanlon
	.....	Previous question agreed to 210–204	6/11/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 208–207	6/12/2024	

H. Res. 1316, H. Rept. 118–559	H.R. 8752	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2025 Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 188–152 Rule adopted record vote 207–201 Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2025	6/25/2024 6/26/2024 6/26/2024	Scott/Neguse
H. Res. 1316, H. Rept. 118–559	H.R. 8771	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 188–152 Rule adopted record vote 207–201 Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2025	6/25/2024 6/26/2024 6/26/2024	Scott/Neguse
H. Res. 1316, H. Rept. 118–559	H.R. 8774	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 188–152 Rule adopted record vote 207–201 Stop Unaffordable Dishwasher Standards Act	6/25/2024 6/26/2024 6/26/2024	Scott/Neguse
H. Res. 1341, H. Rept. 118–578	H.R. 7700	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 194–186 Rule adopted record vote 205–201 Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Education relating to “Nondiscrimination on the Basis of Sex in Education Programs or Activities Receiving Federal Financial Assistance”	7/9/2024 7/9/2024 7/9/2024	Burgess/McGovern
H. Res. 1341, H. Rept. 118–578	H.J. Res. 165	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 194–186 Rule adopted record vote 205–201 Safeguard American Voter Eligibility Act	7/9/2024 7/9/2024 7/9/2024	Burgess/McGovern
H. Res. 1341, H. Rept. 118–578	H.R. 8281	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 194–186 Rule adopted record vote 205–201 Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2025	7/9/2024 7/9/2024 7/9/2024	Burgess/McGovern
H. Res. 1341, H. Rept. 118–578	H.R. 8772	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 194–186 Rule adopted record vote 205–201 Refrigerator Freedom Act	7/9/2024 7/9/2024 7/9/2024	Burgess/McGovern
H. Res. 1341, H. Rept. 118–578	H.R. 7637	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 194–186 Rule adopted record vote 205–201	7/9/2024 7/9/2024 7/9/2024	Burgess/McGovern

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1370, H. Rept. 118–602	H.R. 8997	Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025 Reported from Rules	7/22/2024	Fischbach/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 188–173	7/23/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 211–197	7/23/2024	
H. Res. 1370, H. Rept. 118–602	H.R. 8998	Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2025.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	7/22/2024	Fischbach/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 188–173	7/23/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 211–197	7/23/2024	
H. Res. 1376, H. Rept. 118–607	H. Res. 1371	Strongly condemning the Biden Administration and its Border Czar, Kamala Harris's, failure to secure the United States border.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	7/23/2024	Reschenthaler/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 208–195	7/24/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 210–202	7/24/2024	
H. Res. 1430, H. Rept. 118–656	H.R. 1398	Protect America's Innovation and Economic Security from CCP Act of 2024		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/10/2024	Langworthy/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 193–189	9/10/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 209–206	9/10/2024	
H. Res. 1430, H. Rept. 118–656	H.R. 1425	No WHO Pandemic Preparedness Treaty Without Senate Approval Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/10/2024	Langworthy/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 193–189	9/10/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 209–206	9/10/2024	
H. Res. 1430, H. Rept. 118–656	H.R. 1516	DHS Restrictions on Confucius Institutes and Chinese Entities of Concern Act		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/10/2024	Langworthy/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 193–189	9/10/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 209–206	9/10/2024	
H. Res. 1430, H. Rept. 118–656	H.R. 7980	End Chinese Dominance of Electric Vehicles in America Act of 2024		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/10/2024	Langworthy/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 193–189	9/10/2024	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 209–206	9/10/2024	
H. Res. 1430, H. Rept. 118–656	H.R. 9456	Protecting American Agriculture from Foreign Adversaries Act of 2024		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/10/2024	Langworthy/McGovern

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1486, H. Rept. 118–705	Reported from Rules	9/17/2024	Houchin/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 206–196	9/18/2024
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 214–200	9/18/2024
	H.R. 3334	Sanctioning Tyrannical and Oppressive People within the Chinese Communist Party Act		
H. Res. 1486, H. Rept. 118–705	Reported from Rules	9/23/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 208–204	9/24/2024
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 212–207	9/24/2024
	H.R. 8205	Keeping Violent Offenders Off Our Streets Act		
H. Res. 1486, H. Rept. 118–705	Reported from Rules	9/23/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 208–204	9/24/2024
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 212–207	9/24/2024
	H.R. 8790	Fix Our Forests Act		
H. Res. 1486, H. Rept. 118–705	Reported from Rules	9/23/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 208–204	9/24/2024
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 212–207	9/24/2024
	H. Res. 1469	Ensuring accountability for key officials in the Biden-Harris administration responsible for decisionmaking and execution failures throughout the withdrawal from Afghanistan		
H. Res. 1568, H. Rept. 118–732	Reported from Rules	9/23/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 208–204	9/24/2024
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 212–207	9/24/2024
	H.R. 8932	FAFSA Deadline Act		
H. Res. 1568, H. Rept. 118–732	Reported from Rules	11/12/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 211–201	11/13/2024
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 212–201	11/13/2024
	H.R. 7409	Harnessing Energy At Thermal Sources Act		
H. Res. 1568, H. Rept. 118–732	Reported from Rules	11/12/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 211–201	11/13/2024
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 212–201	11/13/2024
	H.R. 8446	Critical Mineral Consistency Act of 2024		
	Reported from Rules	11/12/2024	Burgess/McGovern

H. Res. 1576, H. Rept. 118–754	Previous question agreed to 211–201	11/13/2024	Fischbach/McGovern
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 212–201	11/13/2024
	H.R. 1449	Committing Leases for Energy Access Now Act		
H. Res. 1576, H. Rept. 118–754	Reported from Rules	11/18/2024	Fischbach/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 210–199	11/19/2024
	H.R. 9495	Rule adopted record vote 212–203	11/19/2024	
H. Res. 1602, H. Rept. 118–791	Stop Terror-Financing and Tax Penalties on American Hostages Act	11/18/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/19/2024
	.....	Previous question agreed to 210–199	11/19/2024
H. Res. 1602, H. Rept. 118–791	Rule adopted record vote 212–203	12/3/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	H.R. 5349	Crucial Communism Teaching Act	12/4/2024	
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/4/2024
H. Res. 1602, H. Rept. 118–791	Previous question agreed to 206–200	12/3/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 207–199	12/4/2024
	H.R. 7198	Prove It Act of 2024	12/4/2024	
H. Res. 1612, H. Rept. 118–825	Reported from Rules	12/3/2024	Scott/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Previous question agreed to 206–200	12/4/2024
	H.R. 7673	Rule adopted record vote 207–199	12/4/2024	
H. Res. 1612, H. Rept. 118–825	Liberty in Laundry Act	12/10/2024	Scott/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/10/2024
	.....	Previous question agreed to 210–205	12/10/2024
H. Res. 1612, H. Rept. 118–825	Rule adopted record vote 211–207	12/10/2024	Scott/Leger Fernandez
	S. 4199	Judicial Understaffing Delays Getting Emergencies Solved Act of 2024	12/10/2024	
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/10/2024
H. Res. 1612, H. Rept. 118–825	Previous question agreed to 210–205	12/10/2024	Scott/Leger Fernandez
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 211–207	12/10/2024
	Senate amendment to H.R. 5009	WILD Act [Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025]	12/10/2024	
H. Res. 1616, H. Rept. 118–886	Reported from Rules	12/10/2024	Burgess/McGovern
	.....	Previous question agreed to 210–205	12/10/2024
	H.R. 115	Rule adopted record vote 211–207	12/10/2024	
	Midnight Rules Relief Act	12/16/2024	
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/17/2024
	.....	Previous question agreed to 207–192	12/17/2024
	Rule adopted record vote 212–197		

C. Table 3.—Measures Discharged

Measure	Title
H. Res. 78	Providing for a certain total number of members on certain select committees and subcommittees, and for other purposes.
H.R. 277	Regulations from the Executive in Need of Scrutiny Act of 2023.
H. Res. 731 ..	Amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to modify the period before the date of any primary election or general election during which a mass mailing is not frankable by a Member of the House who is a candidate in such election, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7024	Tax Relief for American Families and Workers Act of 2024.
H. Res. 1470	Expanding the jurisdiction of the Task Force on the Attempted Assassination of Donald J. Trump.
H.R. 3556	Increasing Financial Regulatory Accountability and Transparency Act.
H.R. 115	Midnight Rules Relief Act of 2023.
H.R. 3230	Unfunded Mandates Accountability and Transparency Act.
H.R. 5482	Energy Poverty Prevention and Accountability Act of 2023.
H.R. 3988	ARTICLE ONE Act.
H.R. 8302	HUD Evaluation and Optimization Commission Act of 2024.

D. Table 4.—Resolutions Laid on the Table

Measure	Title
H. Res. 699 .. H.R. 1130	Unlocking our Domestic LNG Potential Act of 2023.
H. Res. 699 .. H. Res. 684	Condemning the actions of Governor of New Mexico, Michelle Lujan Grisham, for subverting the Second Amendment to the Constitution and depriving the citizens of New Mexico of their right to bear arms.
H. Res. 699 .. H.R. 5525	Continuing Appropriations and Border Security Enhancement Act, 2024.

E. Table 5.—Resolutions Amended

Measure	Title
H. Res. 199 .. H.R. 140	Protecting Speech from Government Interference Act.
H. Res. 199 .. H.J. Res. 27	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of the Army, Corps of Engineers, Department of Defense and the Environmental Protection Agency relating to “Revised Definition of ‘Waters of the United States’ ”.
H. Res. 199 .. S. 619	COVID–19 Origin Act of 2023.
H. Res. 383 .. H.R. 2	Secure the Border Act of 2023.
H. Res. 383 .. H.R. 1163	Protecting Taxpayers and Victims of Unemployment Fraud Act.
H. Res. 582 .. H.R. 2670	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024.
H. Res. 614 .. H.R. 4366	Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024.

E. Table 5.—Resolutions Amended—Continued

Measure		Title
H. Res. 614 ..	S.J. Res. 9	A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service relating to “Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Lesser Prairie-Chicken; Threatened Status with Section 4(d) Rule for the Northern Distinct Population Segment and Endangered Status for the Southern Distinct Population Segment”.
H. Res. 614 ..	S.J. Res. 24	A joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service relating to “Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Endangered Species Status for Northern Long-Eared Bat”.
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8774	Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2025.
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8771	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2025.
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 8752	Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2025.
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 3334	Sanctioning Tyrannical and Oppressive People within the Chinese Communist Party Act.
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 8205	Keeping Violent Offenders Off Our Streets Act.
H. Res. 1486	H.R. 8790	Fix Our Forests Act.
H. Res. 1486	H. Res. 1469	Ensuring accountability for key officials in the Biden-Harris administration responsible for decisionmaking and execution failures throughout the withdrawal from Afghanistan.

Table 6a.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Resolutions

H. Res. 11	Representative McCarthy of California, January 9, 2023. A resolution establishing the Select Committee on the Strategic Competition Between the United States and the Chinese Communist Party.
H. Res. 12	Representative Jordan of Ohio, January 9, 2023. A resolution establishing a Select Subcommittee on the Weaponization of the Federal Government as a select investigative subcommittee of the Committee on the Judiciary.
H. Res. 13	Representative Wittman of Virginia, January 9, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit the consideration of a concurrent resolution to provide for a recess of the House after July 31 of any year unless the House has approved each regular appropriation bill for the next fiscal year.
H. Res. 17	Representative Gaetz of Florida, January 10, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require the Speaker to allow the Cable-Satellite Public Affairs Network (C–SPAN) to broadcast and record the floor proceedings of the House, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 18	Representative Good of Virginia, January 10, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit the introduction or consideration of certain legislation that authorizes or makes appropriations of funds for a Federal program not previously authorized or funded, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 29	Representative Obernolte of California, January 11, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to establish the Committee on the Elimination of Nonessential Federal Programs.
H. Res. 35	Representative Pocan of Wisconsin, January 12, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require continued broadcasting of the full House Chamber during legislative business consistent with the broadcasts that occurred on January 3–6, 2023.

Table 6a.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Resolutions—Continued

H. Res. 38	Representative Donalds of Florida, January 17, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit remote voting in meetings of committees and subcommittees and to require the chair of a committee or subcommittee to recognize members at a meeting of the committee or subcommittee in the order in which they seek recognition.
H. Res. 46	Representative Donalds of Florida, January 20, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit the consideration of bills and resolutions whose titles do not adequately express their contents.
H. Res. 47	Representative Donalds of Florida, January 20, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit in any bill, joint resolution, or conference report appropriating funds for relief and emergency assistance in response to major disasters the inclusion of any provision which appropriates or otherwise makes available funds for any other purpose.
H. Res. 58	Representative Donalds of Florida, January 25, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require the chair of a committee or subcommittee to recognize members at a meeting of the committee or subcommittee in the order in which they seek recognition.
H. Res. 78	Representative Cole of Oklahoma, January 31, 2023. A resolution providing for a certain total number of members on certain select committees and subcommittees, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 96	Representative Mooney of West Virginia, February 6, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit the consideration of certain legislation that authorizes or makes appropriations unless such legislation includes a table that details the amount of appropriations authorized or appropriated for each program and an estimate of the costs (if any) of servicing the public debt which would be incurred in carrying out the measure, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 136	Representative Lieu of California, February 17, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives with respect to the enforcement of committee subpoenas to executive branch officials, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 189	Representative Bergman of Michigan, March 1, 2023. A resolution requiring foreign state media outlets with credentialed members in the House news media galleries to comply with the Foreign Agents Registration Act by prohibiting the admission into such galleries of reporters and correspondents who are representatives of such outlets who are not in compliance with the requirements of such Act, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 201	Representative D'Esposito of New York, March 7, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit a Member who is indicted for an offense involving financial or campaign finance fraud from receiving compensation for biographies, media appearances, or expressive or creative works, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 207	Representative Luttrell of Texas, March 8, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit Members, officers, and employees of the House from serving on the board of directors of any entity which receives funding from, or is affiliated with or owned or controlled by, the United Front Work Department of the Chinese Communist Party, any other element of the Chinese Communist Party, or any foreign adversary, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 231	Delegate Norton of District of Columbia, March 14, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require each Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, and employee of the House of Representatives to complete a medical emergency preparedness training, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 340	Delegate Norton of District of Columbia, April 28, 2023. A resolution recognizing the disenfranchisement of District of Columbia residents, calling for statehood for the District of Columbia through the enactment of the Washington, D.C. Admission Act, and expressing support for the designation of May 1, 2023, as "D.C. Statehood Day".

Table 6a.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Resolutions—Continued

H. Res. 350	Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, May 2, 2023. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 626) to advance commonsense policy priorities.
H. Res. 431	Representative Bice of Oklahoma, May 22, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to rename the Office of Diversity and Inclusion as the Office of Talent and Development and to transfer the Office to the Office of the Chief Administrative Officer.
H. Res. 452	Representative McBath of Georgia, May 26, 2023. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 698) to regulate assault weapons, to ensure that the right to keep and bear arms is not unlimited, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 453	Representative Clyburn of South Carolina, May 26, 2023. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2403) to amend chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, to strengthen the background check procedures to be followed before a Federal firearms licensee may transfer a firearm to a person who is not such a licensee.
H. Res. 454	Representative Thompson of California, May 26, 2023. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 715) to require a background check for every firearm sale.
H. Res. 458	Representative Bergman of Michigan, May 31, 2023. A resolution requiring foreign state media outlets with credentialed members in the House news media galleries to comply with the Foreign Agents Registration Act by prohibiting the admission into such galleries of reporters and correspondents who are representatives of such outlets who are not in compliance with the requirements of such Act, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 468	Representative DeGette of Colorado, June 6, 2023. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 12) to protect a person's ability to determine whether to continue or end a pregnancy, and to protect a health care provider's ability to provide abortion services.
H. Res. 469	Representative Gaetz of Florida, June 6, 2023. A resolution recommending that the House of Representatives find Mark F. Pomerantz in contempt of Congress for failing to comply with the terms of a lawful and valid congressional subpoena.
H. Res. 477	Representative Greene of Georgia, June 7, 2023. A resolution authorizing and directing the Committee on the Judiciary to investigate whether sufficient grounds exist for the impeachment of Secretary of Homeland Security Alejandro Mayorkas.
H. Res. 537	Representative Cohen of Tennessee, June 22, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to clarify that the payment of a bail bond constitutes a gift for purposes of the Rules.
H. Res. 543	Representative Ross of North Carolina, June 22, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to permit Members to vote by proxy and remotely attend committee proceedings in certain cases, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 611	Representative DeLauro of Connecticut, July 25, 2023. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 660) to amend chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, to require the safe storage of firearms, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 628	Representative Mooney of West Virginia, July 27, 2023. A resolution eliminating the Office of Diversity and Inclusion of the House of Representatives, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 658	Representative Gaetz of Florida, August 18, 2023. A resolution censuring and condemning United States District Court Judge Tanya Chutkan.
H. Res. 668	Representative Cleaver of Missouri, September 1, 2023. A resolution authorizing two Members to serve as joint sponsors of a bill, resolution, or joint resolution in the House of Representatives if one of the Members is from the majority party and the other is from the minority party.
H. Res. 706	Representative Cline of Virginia, September 20, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit the appropriation of funds for the salary of any officer or employee of the Federal Government who is convicted of contempt of Congress.

Table 6a.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Resolutions—Continued

H. Res. 731	Representative Carey of Ohio, September 27, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to modify the period before the date of any primary election or general election during which a mass mailing is not frankable by a Member of the House who is a candidate in such election, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 761	Representative Boyle of Pennsylvania, October 6, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to limit the eligibility for nomination to serve as Speaker of the House of Representatives to Members and Members-elect of the House.
H. Res. 787	Representative Kelly of Pennsylvania, October 16, 2023. A resolution electing Representative Patrick T. McHenry Speaker pro tempore.
H. Res. 812	Representative McClain of Michigan, October 25, 2023. A resolution censuring Representative Jamaal Bowman.
H. Res. 826	Representative Miller of Ohio, October 30, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to limit the privileged status of a motion causing a vacancy in the Office of Speaker to motions offered by direction of not fewer than 112 Members from the majority party or 112 Members from the minority party.
H. Res. 855	Delegate Norton of District of Columbia, November 8, 2023. A resolution recognizing the service of all District of Columbia veterans, condemning the denial of voting representation in Congress and full local self-government for veterans and their families who are District of Columbia residents, and calling for statehood for the District of Columbia through the enactment of the Washington, D.C. Admission Act (H.R. 51 and S. 51), particularly in light of the service of District of Columbia veterans in every American war.
H. Res. 890	Representative Ogles of Tennessee, November 21, 2023. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to establish the Committee on the Elimination of Non-essential Federal Programs.
H. Res. 916	Representative DeGette of Colorado, December 6, 2023. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 625) to regulate large capacity ammunition feeding devices.
H. Res. 917	Representative Armstrong of North Dakota, December 7, 2023. A resolution authorizing the enforcement of subpoenas issued by the Chairs of the Committees on Oversight and Accountability, Ways and Means, or the Judiciary as part of the inquiry into whether sufficient grounds exist for the House of Representatives to exercise its Constitutional power to impeach Joseph Biden, President of the United States of America, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 918	Representative Armstrong of North Dakota, December 7, 2023. A resolution directing certain committees to continue their ongoing investigations as part of the existing House of Representatives inquiry into whether sufficient grounds exist for the House of Representatives to exercise its Constitutional power to impeach Joseph Biden, President of the United States of America, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 952	Representative Burchett of Tennessee, January 9, 2024. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require the Clerk to read the Congressional Budget Office cost estimate of any bill immediately after the reading of the title of the bill.
H. Res. 961	Representative Steube of Florida, January 11, 2024. A resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 5863) to provide tax relief with respect to certain Federal disasters.
H. Res. 967	Representative Luna of Florida, January 16, 2024. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to permit Members to vote by proxy in certain cases, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1007	Representative Porter of California, February 9, 2024. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to permit certain resolutions to be privileged only if they are based on conduct which was the subject of an investigation and report by the appropriate committee of jurisdiction or if they are offered by direction of a party caucus or conference.

Table 6a.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Resolutions—Continued

H. Res. 1016	Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, February 15, 2024. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 5673) to advance responsible policies.
H. Res. 1017	Representative Perez of Washington, February 15, 2024. A resolution eliminating the restriction that witnesses may appear remotely at proceedings of committees of the House of Representatives only at the discretion of the chair of the committee.
H. Res. 1027	Representative Fitzpatrick of Pennsylvania, February 23, 2024. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 626) to advance commonsense policy priorities.
H. Res. 1029	Representative Magaziner of Rhode Island, February 23, 2024. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to establish a Permanent Select Committee on Aging.
H. Res. 1073	Representative Torres of New York, March 11, 2024. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to deny the privilege of admission to the Hall of the House to former Members who have been expelled from the House.
H. Res. 1081	Representative Davidson of Ohio, March 15, 2024. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to establish a Committee on Health as a standing committee of the House.
H. Res. 1103	Representative Greene of Georgia, March 22, 2024. A resolution declaring the office of Speaker of the House of Representatives to be vacant.
H. Res. 1115	Representative Luna of Florida, April 5, 2024. A resolution providing for the consideration of the resolution (H. Res. 967) amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to permit Members to vote by proxy in certain cases, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1119	Representative Clarke of New York, April 9, 2024. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 6929) to appropriate funds for the Affordable Connectivity Program of the Federal Communications Commission.
H. Res. 1138	Representative D'Esposito of New York, April 12, 2024. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to deny certain privileges of the House of Representatives to former Members who have been expelled from the House, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1170	Representative Cammack of Florida, April 26, 2024. A resolution prohibiting Members of the House of Representatives from bringing or displaying a flag of a foreign nation on the floor of the House, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1190	Delegate Norton of District of Columbia, May 1, 2024. A resolution recognizing the disenfranchisement of District of Columbia residents, calling for statehood for the District of Columbia through the enactment of the Washington, D.C. Admission Act, and expressing support for the designation of May 1, 2024, as "D.C. Statehood Day".
H. Res. 1205	Representative Luna of Florida, May 7, 2024. A resolution finding that Merrick Garland, Attorney General of the United States, is in contempt of the House of Representatives for disobeying a certain subpoena.
H. Res. 1240	Representative Manning of North Carolina, May 17, 2024. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 4121) to protect an individual's ability to access contraceptives and to engage in contraception and to protect a health care provider's ability to provide contraceptives, contraception, and information related to contraception.
H. Res. 1282	Representative McBath of Georgia, June 7, 2024. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 3018) to authorize the issuance of extreme risk protection orders.
H. Res. 1302	Representative Titus of Nevada, June 14, 2024. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 396) to regulate bump stocks in the same manner as machineguns.
H. Res. 1305	Representative Burlison of Missouri, June 18, 2024. A resolution rescinding the subpoenas issued by the January 6th Select Committee on September 23, 2021, October 6, 2021, and February 9, 2022, and withdrawing the recommendations finding Stephen K. Bannon, Mark Randall Meadows, Daniel Scavino, Jr., and Peter K. Navarro in contempt of Congress.

Table 6a.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Resolutions—Continued

H. Res. 1334	Representative Luna of Florida, June 28, 2024. A resolution finding that Merrick Garland, Attorney General of the United States, is in contempt of the House of Representatives for disobeying a certain subpoena.
H. Res. 1344	Representative Luna of Florida, July 9, 2024. A resolution finding that Merrick Garland, Attorney General of the United States, is in contempt of the House of Representatives for disobeying a certain subpoena.
H. Res. 1346	Representative Wild of Pennsylvania, July 9, 2024. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 7056) to prohibit the limitation of access to assisted reproductive technology, and all medical care surrounding such technology.
H. Res. 1357	Representative Luna of Florida, July 11, 2024. A resolution finding that Merrick Garland, Attorney General of the United States, is in contempt of the House of Representatives for disobeying a certain subpoena.
H. Res. 1364	Representative Spanberger of Virginia, July 18, 2024. A resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 82) to amend title II of the Social Security Act to repeal the Government pension offset and windfall elimination provisions.
H. Res. 1367	Representative Kelly of Pennsylvania, July 22, 2024. A resolution establishing the Task Force on the Attempted Assassination of Donald J. Trump.
H. Res. 1410	Representative Graves of Louisiana, August 6, 2024. A resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 82) to amend title II of the Social Security Act to repeal the Government pension offset and windfall elimination provisions.
H. Res. 1450	Representative Edwards of North Carolina, September 16, 2024. A resolution reaffirming the House of Representatives priority over the collection and expenditure of revenue under the Origination Clause of the Constitution.
H. Res. 1452	Representative Cohen of Tennessee, September 17, 2024. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2708) to prohibit discrimination against individuals with disabilities who need long-term services and supports, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1470	Representative Burgess of Texas, September 19, 2024. A resolution expanding the jurisdiction of the Task Force on the Attempted Assassination of Donald J. Trump.
H. Res. 1483	Representative Pressley of Massachusetts, September 20, 2024. A resolution providing for consideration of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 25) removing the deadline for the ratification of the equal rights amendment.
H. Res. 1560	Representative Moulton of Massachusetts, November 1, 2024. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 8996) to enhance safety requirements for trains transporting hazardous materials, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1567	Delegate Norton of District of Columbia, November 8, 2024. A resolution recognizing the service of all District of Columbia veterans, condemning the denial of voting representation in Congress and full local self-government for veterans and their families who are District of Columbia residents, and calling for statehood for the District of Columbia through the enactment of the Washington, D.C. Admission Act (H.R. 51 and S. 51), particularly in light of the service of District of Columbia veterans in every American war.
H. Res. 1573	Representative Perez of Washington, November 14, 2024. A resolution establishing the Select Committee on Electoral Reform.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills

H.R. 51	Delegate Norton of District of Columbia, January 9, 2023. A bill to provide for the admission of the State of Washington, D.C. into the Union.
H.R. 112	Representative Biggs of Arizona, January 9, 2023. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 115	Representative Biggs of Arizona, January 9, 2023. A bill to amend chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, to provide for en bloc consideration in resolutions of disapproval for “midnight rules”, and for other purposes.
H.R. 121	Representative Biggs of Arizona, January 9, 2023. A bill to amend the National Emergencies Act to provide that a national emergency declared by the President terminates 30 days after the declaration unless a joint resolution affirming such declaration is enacted into law, and for other purposes.
H.R. 252	Representative Garcia of California, January 10, 2023. A bill to create a point of order against spending that will increase inflation unless inflation is not greater than 4.5 percent, and for other purposes.
H.R. 260	Representative Good of Virginia, January 10, 2023. A bill to prevent a fiscal crisis by enacting legislation to balance the Federal budget through reductions of discretionary and mandatory spending, and for other purposes.
H.R. 261	Representative Good of Virginia, January 10, 2023. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to establish a Federal regulatory budget and to impose cost controls on that budget, and for other purposes.
H.R. 268	Delegate Norton of District of Columbia, January 10, 2023. A bill to amend the District of Columbia Home Rule Act to eliminate Congressional review of newly passed District laws.
H.R. 277	Representative Cammack of Florida, January 11, 2023. A bill to amend chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, to provide that major rules of the executive branch shall have no force or effect unless a joint resolution of approval is enacted into law.
H.R. 281	Representative Cole of Oklahoma, January 11, 2023. A bill to establish the Commission on Long-Term Social Security Solvency, and for other purposes.
H.R. 311	Representative Cloud of Texas, January 12, 2023. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to provide that any estimate prepared by the Congressional Budget Office or the Joint Committee on Taxation shall include costs relating to servicing the public debt, and for other purposes.
H.R. 323	Representative Davidson of Ohio, January 12, 2023. A bill to establish the People-Centered Assistance Reform Effort Commission, to improve the social safety net and increase social mobility by increasing access to resources which address the underlying causes of poverty.
H.R. 334	Representative Gallagher of Wisconsin, January 12, 2023. A bill to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to add membership in a significant transnational criminal organization to the list of grounds of inadmissibility and to prohibit the provision of material support or resources to such organizations.
H.R. 361	Representative Meuser of Pennsylvania, January 13, 2023. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to require the Congressional Budget Office to conduct an analysis of the impact on inflation from certain reconciliation legislation reported or submitted pursuant to reconciliation directives in a concurrent resolution on the budget.
H.R. 362	Representative Meuser of Pennsylvania, January 13, 2023. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to provide that any estimate prepared by the Congressional Budget Office or the Joint Committee on Taxation shall include costs relating to servicing the public debt, and for other purposes.
H.R. 397	Representative Van Duyne of Texas, January 17, 2023. A bill to require the evaluation of Federal agencies and programs for duplicative, wasteful, or outdated functions, and to recommend the elimination or realignment of such functions, and for other purposes.
H.R. 464	Representative Gosar of Arizona, January 24, 2023. A bill to restore the separation of powers between the Congress and the President.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 483	Delegate Norton of District of Columbia, January 24, 2023. A bill to amend the District of Columbia Home Rule Act to provide for the automatic appointment of judges to the District of Columbia courts without the advice and consent of the Senate, and for other purposes.
H.R. 507	Representative Craig of Minnesota, January 25, 2023. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit former Members and elected officers of Congress from lobbying Congress at any time after leaving office, to prohibit the use of funds for official travel expenses of Members of Congress and legislative branch employees for airline accommodations other than coach class, to reduce the pay of Members of the House of Representatives if a Speaker is not elected on the first day of a Congress, and for other purposes.
H.R. 626	Representative DeSaulnier of California, January 30, 2023. A bill to advance common-sense policy priorities.
H.R. 638	Representative Smith of New Jersey, January 30, 2023. A bill to withdraw normal trade relations treatment from, and apply certain provisions of title IV of the Trade Act of 1974 to, products of the People's Republic of China, and to expand the eligibility requirements for products of the People's Republic of China to receive normal trade relations treatment in the future, and for other purposes.
H.R. 710	Representative Case of Hawaii, February 1, 2023. A bill to establish a national commission on fiscal responsibility and reform, and for other purposes.
H.R. 814	Representative Pocan of Wisconsin, February 2, 2023. A bill to protect benefits provided under Social Security, Medicare, and any other program of benefits administered by the Social Security Administration or the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
H.R. 868	Representative Gimenez of Florida, February 8, 2023. A bill to shorten the review period for the congressional review of termination of certain national emergencies, and for other purposes.
H.R. 888	Representative Kelly of Pennsylvania, February 9, 2023. A bill to provide accountability for funding provided to the Internal Revenue Service and the Department of the Treasury under Public Law 117–169.
H.R. 1040	Representative Burgess of Texas, February 14, 2023. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide taxpayers a flat tax alternative to the current income tax system.
H.R. 1103	Representative Smith of New Jersey, February 17, 2023. A bill to require the President to remove the extension of certain privileges, exemptions, and immunities to the Hong Kong Economic and Trade Offices if Hong Kong no longer enjoys a high degree of autonomy from the People's Republic of China, and for other purposes.
H.R. 1120	Representative Donalds of Florida, February 21, 2023. A bill to impose sanctions with respect to foreign persons that engage in certain transactions relating to Cuba and to impose sanctions with respect to human rights abuse and corruption in Cuba, and for other purposes.
H.R. 1135	Representative Meeks of New York, February 21, 2023. A bill to grant certain authorities to the President to combat economic coercion by foreign adversaries, and for other purposes.
H.R. 1206	Representative Cloud of Texas, February 27, 2023. A bill to establish the Federal Agency Sunset Commission.
H.R. 1289	Representative Feenstra of Iowa, March 1, 2023. A bill to require that any debt limit increase or suspension be balanced by equal spending cuts over the next decade.
H.R. 1518	Representative Rodgers of Washington, March 9, 2023. A bill to provide for a reauthorizing schedule for unauthorized Federal programs, and for other purposes.
H.R. 1801	Representative Meeks of New York, March 27, 2023. A bill to enhance the consideration of human rights in arms exports.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 2368	Representative Palmer of Alabama, March 29, 2023. A bill to require the appropriation of funds to use a fee, fine, penalty, or proceeds from a settlement received by a Federal agency, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2372	Representative Gallagher of Wisconsin, March 29, 2023. A bill to require the imposition of sanctions with respect to the People's Republic of China if the People's Liberation Army initiates a military invasion of Taiwan.
H.R. 2375	Representative Gosar of Arizona, March 29, 2023. A bill to amend the District of Columbia Home Rule Act to provide for a uniform 60-day period for Congress to review laws of the District of Columbia before such laws may take effect, to permit Congress to use the authorities and procedures available under such Act for the consideration and enactment of resolutions of disapproval of laws of the District of Columbia to disapprove specific provisions of such laws, to clarify the expedited procedures available under such Act for the consideration of such resolutions of disapproval, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2486	Representative Craig of Minnesota, April 6, 2023. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit former Members and elected officers of Congress from lobbying Congress at any time after leaving office, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2549	Representative Davidson of Ohio, April 10, 2023. A bill to provide for congressional review of the imposition of duties and other trade measures by the executive branch, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2659	Representative Torres of New York, April 17, 2023. A bill to require a Member of Congress who makes and any individual who receives a request from a Member of Congress for a presidential pardon to disclose the request to the Select Committee on Ethics of the Senate or the Committee on Ethics of the House of Representatives, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2811	Representative Arrington of Texas, April 25, 2023. A bill to provide for a responsible increase to the debt ceiling, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2817	Representative Amodei of Nevada, April 25, 2023. A bill to amend title 31, United States Code, to save Federal funds by authorizing changes to the composition of circulating coins, and for other purposes.
H.R. 3230	Representative Foxx of North Carolina, May 11, 2023. A bill to amend the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 to provide for regulatory impact analyses for certain rules, and for other purposes.
H.R. 3370	Representative Himes of Connecticut, May 16, 2023. A bill to prohibit funds available for the United States Armed Forces to be obligated or expended for introduction of United States Armed Forces into hostilities, and for other purposes.
H.R. 3421	Representative Jayapal of Washington, May 17, 2023. A bill to establish an improved Medicare for All national health insurance program.
H.R. 3466	Representative Barr of Kentucky, May 18, 2023. A bill to enhance Financial Stability Oversight Council transparency.
H.R. 3532	Representative Roy of Texas, May 18, 2023. A bill to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to provide for reciprocal marketing approval of certain drugs, biological products, and devices that are authorized to be lawfully marketed abroad, and for other purposes.
H.R. 3556	Representative Barr of Kentucky, May 22, 2023. A bill to amend the Federal financial laws to increase financial regulatory accountability and transparency, and for other purposes.
H.R. 3640	Representative Hinson of Iowa, May 24, 2023. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to require the Congressional Budget Office to provide an inflation estimate with respect to direct spending legislation with a significant impact on the Gross Domestic Product of the United States, and for other purposes.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 3653	Representative Smith of Nebraska, May 24, 2023. A bill to provide the President with authority to enter into a comprehensive trade agreement with the United Kingdom, and for other purposes.
H.R. 3746	Representative McHenry of North Carolina, May 29, 2023. A bill to provide for a responsible increase to the debt ceiling.
H.R. 3901	Representative Donalds of Florida, June 7, 2023. A bill to establish procedures to reduce agency funding for failure to comply with lawfully issued congressional subpoenas, and for other purposes.
H.R. 3953	Representative Boyle of Pennsylvania, June 9, 2023. A bill to amend chapter 31 of title 31, United States Code, to provide procedures for congressional disapproval of the issuance of additional debt.
H.R. 3973	Representative Jaypal of Washington, June 9, 2023. A bill to establish judicial ethics.
H.R. 3988	Representative Roy of Texas, June 9, 2023. A bill to provide for congressional approval of national emergency declarations.
H.R. 4108	Representative Davidson of Ohio, June 14, 2023. A bill to amend the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 to require export controls with respect to certain personal data of United States nationals and individuals in the United States, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4114	Representative Donalds of Florida, June 14, 2023. A bill to establish procedures to reduce agency funding for failure to adhere to original congressional intent, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4175	Representative McCaul of Texas, June 15, 2023. A bill to authorize the Secretary of State to provide additional assistance to Ukraine using assets confiscated from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation and other sovereign assets of the Russian Federation, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4307	Representative Steel of California, June 22, 2023. A bill to authorize the President to enter into trade agreements for the reciprocal elimination of duties or other import restrictions with respect to medical goods to contribute to the national security and public health of the United States, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4381	Representative Murphy of North Carolina, June 27, 2023. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act with respect to the determination, termination, and renewal of public health emergencies, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4435	Representative Rodgers of Washington, June 30, 2023. A bill to establish a budgetary level reduction schedule, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4563	Representative Steil of Wisconsin, July 11, 2023. A bill to promote election integrity, voter confidence, and faith in elections by removing Federal impediments to, equipping States with tools for, and establishing voluntary considerations to support effective State administration of Federal elections, improving election administration in the District of Columbia, improving the effectiveness of military voting programs, enhancing election security, and protecting political speech, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4619	Representative Huizenga of Michigan, July 13, 2023. A bill to authorize the sale of Virginia Class submarines to Australia in support of the trilateral security partnership between Australia, the United Kingdom, and the United States, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4691	Representative Self of Texas, July 17, 2023. A bill to provide for congressional review of actions to terminate or waive sanctions imposed with respect to Iran.
H.R. 4715	Representative Kean of New Jersey, July 18, 2023. A bill to amend the Arms Export Control Act in support of the United Kingdom and the AUKUS partnership.
H.R. 4716	Representative Kim of California, July 18, 2023. A bill to amend the Arms Export Control Act in support of Australia and the AUKUS partnership.
H.R. 4729	Representative Connolly of Virginia, July 19, 2023. A bill to authorize negotiation and conclusion and to provide for congressional consideration of a tax agreement between the American Institute in Taiwan (AIT) and the Taipei Economic and Cultural Representative Office (TECRO).

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 4928	Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, July 26, 2023. A bill to provide for clarification and limitations with respect to the exercise of national security powers, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5048	Representative Schiff of California, July 27, 2023. A bill to protect our democracy by preventing abuses of Presidential power, restoring checks and balances and accountability and transparency in government, and defending elections against foreign interference, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5068	Representative Gallagher of Wisconsin, July 28, 2023. A bill to prohibit congressional recesses until Congress adopts a concurrent resolution on the budget that results in a balanced Federal budget by the last fiscal year covered by such resolution, to establish a 5-year ban on individuals appointed to Executive Schedule positions and Members of Congress engaging in lobbying activities at the Federal level, to provide for the termination of further retirement coverage for Members of Congress under the Federal Employees Retirement System, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5188	Representative Gallagher of Wisconsin, August 11, 2023. A bill to amend the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 to impose limitations on the authority of the President to adjust imports that are determined to threaten to impair national security, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5195	Representative Ogles of Tennessee, August 11, 2023. A bill to repeal the District of Columbia Home Rule Act.
H.R. 5282	Representative Lieu of California, August 25, 2023. A bill to modify the expedited procedures in the House of Representatives under section 36 of the Arms Export Control Act with respect to consideration of joint resolutions prohibiting proposed sales of defense articles or services, prohibiting proposed licenses for exports of defense articles or services, and prohibiting approval of United States commercial technical assistance or manufacturing licensing agreements.
H.R. 5313	Delegate Norton of District of Columbia, August 29, 2023. A bill to amend the District of Columbia Home Rule Act to permit the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia to transmit Acts of the District of Columbia to Congress in electronic form.
H.R. 5353	Representative Beyer of Virginia, September 8, 2023. A bill to provide for a period of continuing appropriations in the event of a lapse in appropriations under the normal appropriations process, and to prohibit consideration of other matters in the House of Representatives if appropriations are not enacted.
H.R. 5482	Representative Hageman of Wyoming, September 14, 2023. A bill to prevent energy poverty and ensure that at-risk communities have access to affordable energy.
H.R. 5571	Representative Norman of South Carolina, September 19, 2023. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to provide for fair-value credit estimates, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5590	Representative Donalds of Florida, September 20, 2023. A bill to require an officer or employee of the Federal Government who is required by law to appear on a regular basis to give oral testimony at a hearing of a committee of Congress to remain at the hearing until each member of the committee has been provided with the opportunity to question the officer or employee.
H.R. 5673	Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, September 22, 2023. A bill to advance responsible policies.
H.R. 5696	Representative Arrington of Texas, September 26, 2023. A bill to provide for a period of continuing appropriations in the event of a lapse in appropriations under the normal appropriations process, and establish procedures and consequences in the event of a failure to enact appropriations.
H.R. 5772	Representative Nunn of Iowa, September 27, 2023. A bill to impose a fine on Members of Congress in the event of a Government shutdown, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5779	Representative Huizenga of Michigan, September 28, 2023. A bill to establish a commission on fiscal responsibility and reform.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 5932	Representative Schweikert of Arizona, October 11, 2023. A bill to authorize additional assistance to Israel using assets confiscated from the Iran, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5991	Representative Garamendi of California, October 19, 2023. A bill to require the Commandant of the Coast Guard and the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection to make certain determinations in enforcing the Jones Act, and for other purposes.
H.R. 6114	Representative Banks of Indiana, October 30, 2023. A bill to impose additional sanctions with respect to Iran and modify other existing sanctions with respect to Iran, and for other purposes.
H.R. 6305	Representative Luna of Florida, November 8, 2023. A bill to amend title III of the Public Health Service Act to impose a limitation on regulations relating to the control of communicable diseases, and for other purposes.
H.R. 6417	Representative Doggett of Texas, November 15, 2023. A bill to amend the Ending Importation of Russian Oil Act to provide for a prohibition on importation of energy products produced at refineries outside the Russian Federation.
H.R. 6732	Representative Smith of Nebraska, December 12, 2023. A bill to amend title XI of the Social Security Act to clarify parameters for model testing and add accountability to model expansion under the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation, and for other purposes.
H.R. 6927	Representative Spartz of Indiana, January 9, 2024. A bill to establish a commission on national debt and fiscal reforms.
H.R. 6952	Representative Moore of Utah, January 11, 2024. A bill to amend title 31, United States Code, to provide for a joint meeting of the Congress to receive a presentation from the Comptroller General of the United States regarding the audited financial statement of the executive branch, and for other purposes.
H.R. 6953	Representative Moore of Utah, January 11, 2024. A bill to establish comprehensive, annual congressional budgeting.
H.R. 6957	Representative Smucker of Pennsylvania, January 11, 2024. A bill to require that the President's annual budget submission to Congress and any concurrent resolution on the budget include the ratio of the public debt to the estimated gross domestic product of the United States, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7024	Representative Smith of Missouri, January 17, 2024. A bill to make improvements to the child tax credit, to provide tax incentives to promote economic growth, to provide special rules for the taxation of certain residents of Taiwan with income from sources within the United States, to provide tax relief with respect to certain Federal disasters, to make improvements to the low-income housing tax credit, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7093	Representative Moore of Alabama, January 25, 2024. A bill to provide for Congressional approval of public health emergency declarations, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7235	Representative Norman of South Carolina, February 5, 2024. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to provide for a legislative line-item veto to expedite consideration of rescissions, and cancellations of items of new direct spending and limited tax benefits.
H.R. 7249	Representative Carter of Georgia, February 6, 2024. A bill to require submission of the National Security Strategy and the budget of the President before the President may deliver the State of the Union address.
H.R. 7345	Representative Brecheen of Oklahoma, February 14, 2024. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to modify the rules with respect to the consideration in the House of Representatives of any resolution providing for an adjournment period of more than three calendar days during the month of July or August until the House of Representatives has approved annual appropriation bills, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7455	Representative Emmer of Minnesota, February 26, 2024. A bill to amend chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, to provide for Congressional oversight of agency rule-making, and for other purposes.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 7476	Representative Hern of Oklahoma, February 29, 2024. A bill to counter the malign influence and theft perpetuated by the People's Republic of China and the Chinese Communist Party.
H.R. 7571	Representative Salazar of Florida, March 6, 2024. A bill to establish a regional trade, investment, and people-to-people partnership of countries in the Western Hemisphere to stimulate growth and integration through viable long-term private sector development, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7584	Representative Grothman of Wisconsin, March 7, 2024. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to require the Congressional Budget Office to provide cost estimates for legislation reported by the Committee on Appropriations of each House, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7738	Representative Bost of Illinois, March 20, 2024. A bill to establish the Toxic Exposure Fund of the Department of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8038	Representative McCaul of Texas, April 17, 2024. A bill to authorize the President to impose certain sanctions with respect to Russia and Iran, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8051	Representative Norman of South Carolina, April 17, 2024. A bill to prohibit the consideration in the House of Representatives of any legislation containing an earmark.
H.R. 8302	Representative Davidson of Ohio, May 8, 2024. A bill to establish a commission to review the programs of the Department of Housing and Urban Development and make recommendations for legislative reforms, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8341	Representative Cloud of Texas, May 10, 2024. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to provide that any estimate prepared by the Congressional Budget Office or the Joint Committee on Taxation shall include costs relating to servicing the public debt, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8372	Representative Arrington of Texas, May 14, 2024. A bill to require the annual budget submission of the President to Congress and the annual concurrent resolution on the budget provide an estimate of certain additional information per each taxpayer, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8437	Representative McCaul of Texas, May 16, 2024. A bill to provide for congressional oversight of proposed changes to arms sales to Israel.
H.R. 8482	Representative Moore of Utah, May 21, 2024. A bill to deter conflict in the Taiwan Strait by establishing conditions for suspending normal trade relations with the People's Republic of China, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8485	Representative Raskin of Maryland, May 21, 2024. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to prohibit the President, Vice President, Members of Congress, and other senior Executive branch personnel from accepting any foreign emoluments, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8597	Representative Quigley of Illinois, June 3, 2024. A bill to amend the Ethics in Government Act of 1978, the Rules of the House of Representatives, the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995, the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009, the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, the Financial Stability Act of 2010, and the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 to improve access to information in the legislative and executive branches of the Government, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8828	Representative Morelle of New York, June 25, 2024. A bill to enhance safety and security at federally licensed gun shops, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8840	Representative Edwards of North Carolina, June 26, 2024. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to modify the rules with respect to the consideration in the House of Representatives of any resolution providing for an adjournment period of more than three calendar days until the House of Representatives has approved annual appropriation bills, and for other purposes.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 8889	Representative Green of Tennessee, June 28, 2024. A bill to provide for the sunset of rules upheld based on Chevron deference.
H.R. 9084	Representative McCormick of Georgia, July 22, 2024. A bill to amend section 102 of the Revised Statutes of the United States to provide that a person who refuses to answer certain questions or is finally convicted of perjury before either House of Congress shall be debarred from Federal employment, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9341	Representative Ryan of New York, August 9, 2024. A bill to require expedited consideration of a bill that addresses the insolvency of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund or the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund in the case that either trust fund becomes insolvent.
H.R. 9355	Representative Porter of California, August 13, 2024. A bill to enact House Resolution 895, One Hundred Tenth Congress, (establishing the Office of Congressional Ethics) into permanent law.
H.R. 9512	Representative Barr of Kentucky, September 10, 2024. A bill to protect the sovereignty of the United States and strengthen Congress's oversight of the activities of the Federal financial agencies by improving accountability and transparency with respect to the effect of membership and participation in covered international organizations on the statutes, regulations, and guidance applicable to companies in the United States, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9519	Representative Edwards of North Carolina, September 10, 2024. A bill to establish a limit on increases in total Federal spending, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9546	Representative Salazar of Florida, September 11, 2024. A bill to promote democracy in Venezuela, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9648	Representative Cammack of Florida, September 18, 2024. A bill to amend chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, to provide that major rules of the executive branch shall have no force or effect unless a joint resolution of approval is enacted into law.
H.R. 9724	Representative Arrington of Texas, September 20, 2024. A bill to provide additional authority of the United States International Trade Commission under section 301 of the Trade Act of 1974.
H.R. 9735	Representative Peters of California, September 20, 2024. A bill to amend title 31 of the United States Code and the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to automatically increase the debt limit for the fiscal year of a budget resolution, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9777	Representative Brecheen of Oklahoma, September 24, 2024. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to require any cost estimate for a bill or joint resolution prepared by the Congressional Budget Office to include the cost to each United States citizen for carrying out such measure, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9955	Representative Burchett of Tennessee, October 11, 2024. A bill to amend the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 to modify the Presidential drawdown authority, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9999	Representative Arrington of Texas, October 18, 2024. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to include timely completion of budgetary actions as an essential purpose of such Act and to establish limitations on the official travel of Members of Congress upon failure to timely adopt a concurrent resolution on the budget, and for other purposes.
H.R. 10286	Representative Dunn of Florida, December 4, 2024. A bill to establish the Constitutional Government Review Commission, and for other purposes.
H.R. 10289	Representative Khanna of California, December 4, 2024. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 by requiring a distribution analysis of a bill or resolution under certain circumstances, and for other purposes.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 10300	Representative Bice of Oklahoma, December 5, 2024. A bill to provide for congressional review of rules with respect to which the agency explicitly relied on Chevron deference in the notice of proposed rulemaking or a Federal court upheld the rule based on Chevron deference.
H.R. 10409	Representative Westerman of Arkansas, December 12, 2024. A bill to address the high costs of health care services, prescription drugs, and health insurance coverage in the United States, and for other purposes.
H.R. 10414	Representative Clyde of Georgia, December 16, 2024. A bill to repeal the Impoundment Control Act of 1974.

Table 6c.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Concurrent Resolutions

H. Con. Res. 6 ..	Representative Griffith of Virginia, January 9, 2023. A concurrent resolution establishing the Joint Ad Hoc Committee on Trade Responsibilities to develop a plan under which the functions and responsibilities of the Office of the United States Trade Representative shall be moved to the legislative branch in accordance with article I, section 8 of the Constitution of the United States, and for other purposes.
H. Con. Res. 8 ..	Representative Williams of Georgia, January 11, 2023. A concurrent resolution establishing the Task Force on the Legislative Process.
H. Con. Res. 46	Representative Barr of Kentucky, May 18, 2023. A concurrent resolution providing for a joint hearing of the Committees on the Budget of the House of Representatives and the Senate to receive a presentation from the Comptroller General of the United States regarding the audited financial statement of the executive branch.
H. Con. Res. 110	Representative Porter of California, June 11, 2024. A concurrent resolution establishing grounds under which Members of Congress may vote by proxy and remotely attend committee proceedings in the event of illness, a death in the family, jury service, military service, and other emergency situations, and for other purposes.
H. Con. Res. 111	Representative Porter of California, June 11, 2024. A concurrent resolution providing for certain procedures for bringing debate to a close on any question in the House of Representatives and Senate, and for other purposes.
H. Con. Res. 112	Representative Porter of California, June 11, 2024. A concurrent resolution requiring Members of Congress and Senators to be seated next to Members or Senators of opposing parties during meetings or hearings of committees of Congress.

Table 6c.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Joint Resolutions

H.J. Res. 89	Representative McClellan of Virginia, September 14, 2023. A joint resolution requiring the advice and consent of the Senate or an Act of Congress to suspend, terminate, or withdraw the United States from the North Atlantic Treaty and authorizing related litigation, and for other purposes.
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VIII. MINORITY VIEWS

NO MANDATE FOR DYSFUNCTION

House Republicans are set to enter the 119th Congress with the smallest majority in nearly a century. A review of the 118th Congress makes clear why voters decided to penalize House Republicans at the ballot box. Republicans oversaw a Congressional term defined by dysfunction, chaos, and a total abdication of their responsibility to govern. The result: the most dysfunctional, unproductive, closed, extreme Congress in modern American history. We need not continue on this path. There is a clear opportunity for bipartisan collaboration to deliver real results for everyday Americans—if Republicans are willing to work with Democrats and take governing seriously.

THE MOST DYSFUNCTIONAL HOUSE IN HISTORY

The 118th Congress began with five wasted days and 15 arduous ballots to elect Speaker Kevin McCarthy—a situation made worse by his concessions to the far right, including a decision to weaken the motion-to-vacate threshold and ceding power on the Rules Committee to far-right extremist members who held him hostage for his entire tenure as Speaker of the House.

Nine months later, those same extremists ousted Speaker McCarthy for the terrible sin of keeping the government open. Their actions plunged the House into chaos for another three weeks. During this time, Congress failed to do anything at all—an embarrassment to this institution that left us unable to consider any legislation at all.

Somehow, things got worse from there. Despite promises of a more inclusive legislative process by Speaker Johnson, his record was substantially worse than that of his predecessor. Under Johnson's gavel, Republicans issued 56 closed rules in nine months, beating out Speaker McCarthy's 42 closed rules over the same period. Together, Speakers Johnson and McCarthy lost seven rule votes—a historic embarrassment for a majority that was simply too dysfunctional to govern. Before the 118th Congress, the last time a rule failed on the House Floor was over twenty years ago.

Astoundingly, a Republican Member of the Rules Committee even voted against a rule that he managed himself—thwarting consideration of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act reauthorization. Each of the failed rules this Congress wasted legislative time. On multiple occasions, it led Republican leaders to prematurely send the entire body home. In total, the majority canceled 26 voting days this term.

Despite promises to complete all twelve government funding bills on time in 2023, Republicans missed their own deadline and had to rely on Democrats to keep the government open amid Repub-

lican infighting. Speaker Johnson made similar promises in 2024, yet as Republicans stumbled toward the August District Work Period, they found their own government funding proposals so unpopular that they had to pull them from consideration and cancel votes.

Multiple times during the 118th Congress, Rules Republicans wasted taxpayer money by holding testimony on legislation that could not pass, and then failing to report it out in a rule. Even when Republicans passed measures through the House, that did not guarantee they would send their bills to the Senate. Republicans unilaterally chose not to send 13 bills to the Senate, ensuring they would not be considered. This included H.R. 1—presumably their top legislative priority.

And on dozens of occasions, this committee's Republican majority waived regular order, skipping hearings and markups and sidelining committees of jurisdiction who have extensive expertise in policy matters.

THE LEAST PRODUCTIVE HOUSE IN HISTORY

With their hyper-partisan agenda and extreme dysfunction Republicans passed fewer bills into law during the first session of the 118th Congress than in any session since the Great Depression. Meanwhile, Democrats kept the government open, prevented a catastrophic debt default that would have cratered the global economy, and ensured that our country did not abdicate our responsibilities at home or abroad.

Representative Chip Roy (R-TX), a member of the Rules Committee, said on the House Floor:

“I want my Republican colleagues to give me one thing. One. That I can go campaign on and say we did. One. Anybody sitting in the complex if you want to come down to the floor and come explain to me one material, meaningful, significant thing the Republican majority has done.”

Democrats spent most of the 118th Congress asking the same question.

The Republican majority's dysfunction can best be seen through the degradation of this committee's legislative importance. Many measures, including every continuing resolution to keep the government funded, had to bypass the Rules Committee and move under suspension of the rules, for fear that Republican extremists would sink must-pass legislation.

In fact, for every major bill in the 118th Congress, Democrats delivered the necessary votes for a majority. For example, in May 2023, Democrats provided the votes necessary for the special rule providing for consideration of the Fiscal Responsibility Act and, ultimately, a majority of the votes needed for final passage—averting a disastrous debt ceiling crisis that would have led to global economic collapse.

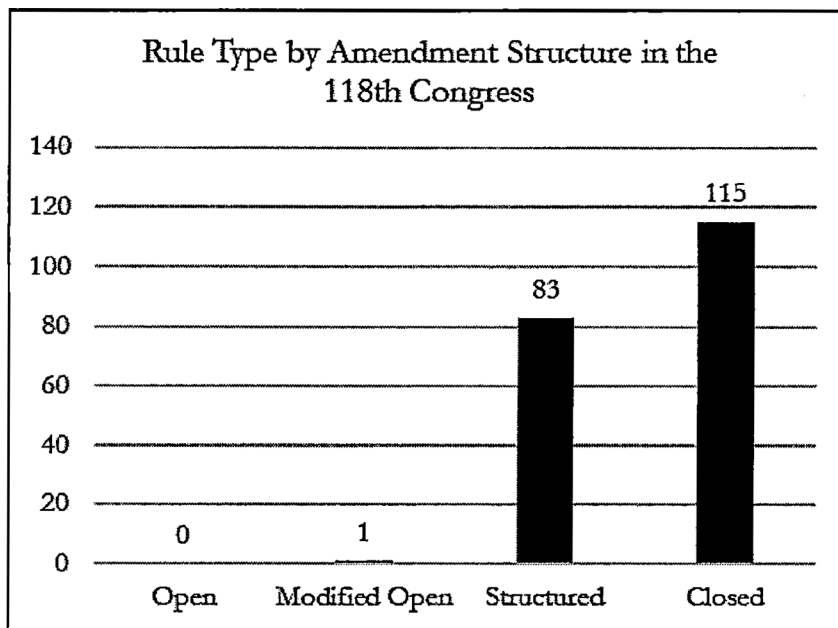
In April 2024, after Republicans wasted months delaying critical, time-sensitive aid for our allies in Ukraine and Taiwan, Democrats stepped up in both the Rules Committee and on the House Floor, taking the extraordinary and unusual step of voting a rule out of the committee to prevent far-right members from further delaying

aid to our allies. To punish Johnson for the grave crime of supporting our allies, far-right Republicans attempted to kick out their second speaker of the Congress. To avoid the body descending into chaos yet again, Democrats stepped up and provided the votes necessary to save Speaker Johnson from his own party's far-right extreme fringe.

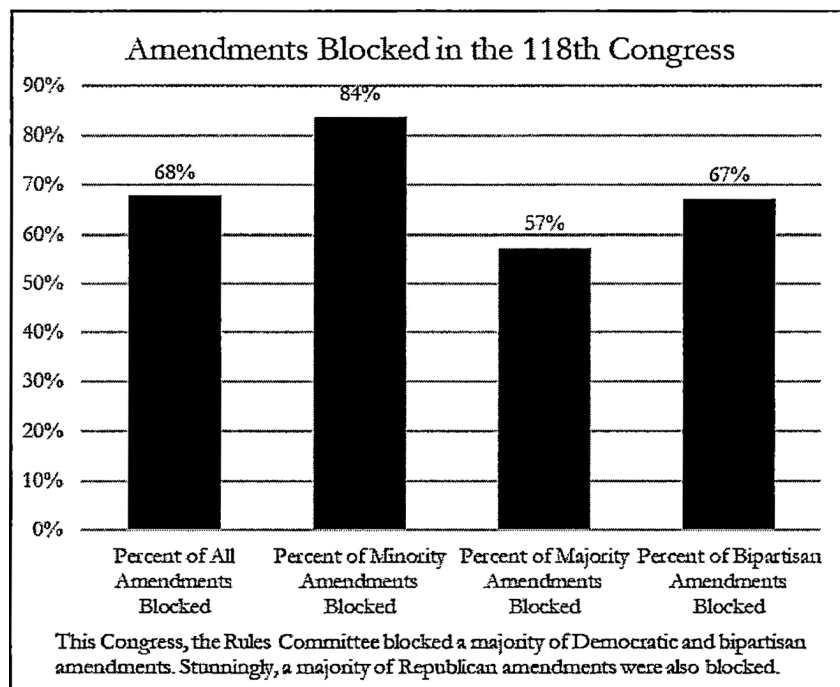
THE MOST CLOSED HOUSE IN HISTORY

During the 118th Congress, the House Republican majority shattered their own record for the most closed Congress ever—running this institution more like an authoritarian dictatorship than a democratic legislative assembly.

The Republican-controlled 115th Congress set the previous record with 103 closed rules that allowed no amendments at all. In the 118th Congress, Republicans topped that with 115 closed rules, representing 57% of all rules advanced by the committee—a shocking 29% increase from the 117th Congress under Democratic leadership, which Republicans complained about at the time.



While there is a time and place for closed rules, there is simply no excuse for the excessive limits on deliberation and debate that this majority embraced. When Republicans did provide for the consideration of amendments, they sidelined Democrats despite the obvious need to work together in divided government. Astoundingly, more than two-thirds of the bills that came to the floor through the Rules Committee this Congress did not allow a single Democratic amendment.



In the 118th Congress, the Rules Committee was where amendments went to die. Republicans rejected nearly 6,000 amendments, including 84% of Democratic amendments, 57% of their own party's amendments, and 67% of bipartisan amendments—marking a dramatic shift from the previous leadership of this committee. During the 116th Congress—another period of divided government—Democrats allowed more than half of all amendments and nearly two-thirds of bipartisan ones. Even during the 117th Congress, when Democrats had unified control of Congress and the White House, we made more than two-thirds of bipartisan amendments in order.

Despite being a thorn in the side of leadership at times, the three far-right Rules Committee members—who promised to fight for more openness and debate—generally served as rubber stamps. When present for committee votes, they voted for more than 97% of closed rules, over 96% of waivers of the House Rules and Congressional Budget Act, and against countless Democratic motions to consider amendments on the House Floor. The chaos they created served only to distract from the important challenges facing the American people.

A BIPARTISAN PATH FORWARD

The path forward should be crystal clear to our Republican colleagues by now. Yet we fear they have not learned the proper lessons from the past two years because they ended the Congress the same way they began: more failed messaging bills and new efforts to support billionaires and wealthy corporations who are ripping off the American people. We hope these views will present a path for-

ward for this body—one that the American people are clearly asking for, given that Republicans lost seats in the House this election despite gains elsewhere. Out of the 148 million votes cast for House districts, the majority was decided by 7,309 votes across three districts. Given their razor-thin majority next Congress, Republicans should seek to engage in good faith with Democratic lawmakers earlier in the legislative process, collaborate on restoring this committee’s traditional levels of support for bipartisan amendments, and work across the aisle to restore respectful deliberation and debate in the People’s House.

The 119th Congress must make meaningful progress to lower costs for American families, protect Medicare, Medicaid, and Social Security, and uplift working people through policies that strengthen the middle class, invest in workers, and provide a lifeline for families living paycheck to paycheck or struggling to get ahead. We hope Republicans will finally pursue policies that work for all Americans, rather than massive giveaways for corporate special interests and disastrous tax cuts for those at the top.

We urge the slimmest majority in almost a century to partner with Democrats on these much-needed endeavors. It is time to govern.

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