# LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS BILL, 2024

June 27, 2023.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

Mr. Amodei, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

# REPORT

together with

# MINORITY VIEWS

[To accompany H.R. 4364]

The Committee on Appropriations submits the following report in explanation of the accompanying bill making appropriations for the Legislative Branch for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

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# HIGHLIGHTS OF THE BILL

The Committee recommendation for fiscal year 2024 for the activities under the jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Legislative Branch totals \$5,302,067,000, which is \$262,988,000 (4.7 percent) less than the comparable amount for fiscal year 2023 in non-emergency discretionary budget authority, excluding funds for the Senate and Senate office buildings. Including Senate items, the total is \$6,735,000,000, which is \$165,000,000 (2.4 percent) less than the comparable amount for fiscal year 2023.

These appropriations support the operations of the House of Representatives, the care, and preservation of the historic buildings in which Congress works, and agencies that provide research and analysis to assist the legislative process. They also support other institutions such as the Library of Congress, one of the leading repositories of knowledge and culture in the world, as well as the Government Publishing Office.

In keeping with longstanding practice under which each chamber of Congress determines its housekeeping requirements and the other concurs without intervention, the bill does not include funds for the Senate or Senate office buildings. Similarly, the Senate will consider a Legislative Branch appropriations bill that addresses Senate but not House funding.

The bill provides the Legislative Branch the ability to develop legislation to meet national needs, provide oversight of government operations, and assist constituents in their dealings with government while also showing responsible fiscal restraint.

#### LEGISLATIVE BRANCH-WIDE MATTERS

# RESULTS, OVERSIGHT, TRANSPARENCY, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The Committee on Appropriations of the House (hereinafter "the Committee") recognizes that effective programs, projects, and activities must set transparent goals and measure progress toward those goals in tangible ways. Data-driven results should be the yardstick for measuring success.

The recommendation continues to prioritize the proper management of taxpayer dollars, including strong internal controls, reduced inefficiency, ineffectiveness, and waste, fraud, or abuse, and a focus on results, and customer service for all agencies under the jurisdiction of this Act. The Committee continues its focus on reducing unnecessary expenditures and expects the agencies funded by this Act to identify cost savings and efficiencies where possible.

## PERFORMANCE MEASURES AND CUSTOMER SERVICE

The Committee believes that development of organizational priority goals and outcomes, such as performance outcome measures, output measures, and efficiency measures, is important for all agencies funded under this bill. The Committee also notes the importance of implementing proper customer service standards for agencies that provide direct services to the public. Development of

these service standards should include identifying and surveying target customers and measuring internal performance against those standards.

In addition, the Committee understands that, as the largest advertiser in the United States, the Federal government should work to ensure fair access to its advertising contracts for small, disadvantaged businesses and businesses owned by minorities and women. The Committee directs each agency under the jurisdiction of this Act to include the following information in its fiscal year 2025 budget justification: expenditures for fiscal year 2023 and expected expenditures for fiscal year 2024, respectively, for (1) all contracts for advertising services; and (2) contracts for the advertising services of (a) socially and economically disadvantaged small business concerns (as defined in section 8(a)(4) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(a)(4)), and (b) women- and minority-owned businesses disaggregated by race and gender.

# REPROGRAMMING, NOTIFICATION, CONSULTATION, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

The Committee expects all agencies to notify the Committee of any significant departures from budget plans presented to the Committee in any agency's budget justifications. The Committee recommendation grants limited reprogramming authorities to ensure that funds are devoted to the highest priorities, particularly due to changes in circumstances. Agencies funded through this bill are required to notify the Committee prior to any reprogramming of funds in excess of the lesser of 10 percent or \$750,000 between programs, projects or activities, or in excess of \$750,000 between object classifications (except for shifts within the pay categories, object class 11, 12, and 13 or as further specified in each agency's respective section). This includes cumulative reprogrammings that together total at least \$750,000 from or to a particular program, activity, or object classification as well as reprogramming full time equivalents (FTE) or funds to create new organizational entities within the agency or to restructure entities that already exist.

In addition, the Committee must be notified of reprogramming actions that involve less than the above-mentioned amounts if such actions would have the effect of changing an agency's funding requirements in future years or if programs or projects specifically cited in the Committee' reports are affected.

Prior to initial obligation or reallocation of funds, all congressional reprogramming notifications shall, to the maximum extent practicable, contain detailed information about the sources of the funds and why such funds are no longer intended to be used as previously justified.

The Committee emphasizes that all reports are required to be completed in the timeframe noted in each respective directive. Moreover, the Committee expects that the conditions associated with funding appropriated by this Act shall be accomplished in the manner as directed in the report, consistent with congressional intent.

#### STAFFING DATA IN BUDGET DOCUMENTS

The Committee continues to direct the Legislative Branch agencies to include in their budget justifications data on FTE levels that would be supported by the associated request or enacted funding levels. The Committee also continues to expect the Legislative Branch Financial Managers Council to coordinate plans for aligning FTE levels with the Legislative Branch agencies for consistency in reporting.

#### ZERO BASE BUDGETING

While the Committee continues to direct all agencies of the Legislative Branch to develop budget requests from a zero-base, the Committee is concerned that the zero-based budget documents lack sufficient detail for making funding decisions. The Committee believes that there is room for improvement and directs House agencies to work with the Committee to ensure budget documents contain the necessary information for meaningful savings.

# CONGRESSIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR LEGISLATIVE BRANCH CYBER AND PHYSICAL DATA SECURITY

The Committee is concerned about the lack of progress by Legislative Branch agencies to secure and protect their data or collections and to plan for disaster recovery. Consistent with the directive in the joint explanatory statement accompanying the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2023, agencies are encouraged to prioritize compliance to assure continuity of operations for the Legislative Branch.

#### SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ASSISTANCE FOR CONGRESS

The Committee notes the interest among some Members during the past several years in reinstituting the Office of Technology Assessment (OTA), which was de-funded in 1995. In fiscal year 2019, the Committee instructed the National Academy of Public Administration (NAPA) to conduct a study to determine the best way to increase congressional access to needed in-depth analysis of fast-breaking technology developments. The NAPA report, released in November 2019, recommended strengthening the capacity of the Government Accountability Office (GAO) and Congressional Research Service (CRS) in technology assessment rather than restarting OTA. The Committee is pleased with both CRS's and GAO's efforts to increase the depth and breadth of their capacity to provide research and policy analysis on current and emerging legislative issues related to science and technology (S&T) and Federal uses and oversight of S&T.

The Committee encourages the Director of CRS to continue to support staffing for the specialized teams working on science and technology issues to meet the growing need of Congress for timely, complex, and multidisciplinary analysis of policy issues related to these rapidly changing technologies; the effects of the Federal Government in oversight of such technologies; and the effects of the Federal government S&T policies across all sectors. The Director of CRS should continue outreach efforts to make Members and con-

gressional staff more aware of the resources it provides related to S&T issues Congress is examining.

Additionally, in 2019 the GAO established a Science, Technology Assessment, and Analytics (STAA) team to better address the evolving and time-sensitive needs of Congress. The Committee encourages the Comptroller General to continue to support its STAA S&T team and the Innovation Lab to increase the depth, breadth, and diversity of knowledge available to meet congressional needs.

The Committee will continue to review the work of CRS and the GAO to determine if other steps may be required in the future.

## TITLE I—LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS

#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$1,847,571,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	1,902,831,000
Committee recommendation	1,850,998,000
Change from enacted level	+3,427,000
Change from request	-51,833,000

The committee recommends \$1,850,998,000 for the operations of the House of Representatives. The Committee recommendation funds the operations of the House of Representatives in a fiscally responsible manner, providing a modest increase of \$3,427,000 above fiscal year 2023. This funding allows Members to effectively serve their constituents and supports the Office of the Parliamentarian, Office of Legislative Counsel, and Office of Law Revision Counsel to assist the House in carrying out its legislative and oversight responsibilities.

## HOUSE LEADERSHIP OFFICES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$36,560,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	36,560,000
Committee recommendation	36,560,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	0

The Committee recommends \$36,560,000 for salaries and expenses of staff in House Leadership offices.

The allocation by office follows:

Office of the Speaker	\$10,499,000
Office of the Majority Floor Leader	3,730,000
Office of the Majority Whip	3,099,000
Republican Conference	2,962,000
Office of the Minority Floor Leader	10,499,000
Office of the Minority Whip	2,809,000
Democratic Caucus	2,962,000

# Members' Representational Allowances

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$810,000,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	810,000,000
Committee recommendation	810,000,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	0

The Committee recommends \$810,000,000 for the MRA.

#### ALLOWANCE FOR COMPENSATION OF INTERNS IN MEMBER OFFICES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$20,638,800
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	20,638,800
Committee recommendation	20,638,800
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	0

The Committee recommends \$20,638,800 for the compensation of interns who serve in the offices of House Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner. This recommendation maintains the intern allowance cap of \$46,800 per Member office.

# ALLOWANCE FOR COMPENSATION OF INTERNS IN HOUSE LEADERSHIP OFFICES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$586,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	586,000
Committee recommendation	586,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	0

The Committee recommends \$586,000 for the compensation of interns who serve in the offices of House Leadership. This recommendation includes \$322,300 for the compensation of interns who serve in House Leadership offices of the majority, to be allocated among such offices by the Speaker of the House, and \$263,700 for the compensation of interns who serve in House Leadership offices of the minority, to be allocated among such offices by the Minority Floor Leader.

## ALLOWANCE FOR COMPENSATION OF INTERNS IN HOUSE STANDING, SPECIAL AND SELECT COMMITTEE OFFICES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023 Budget request, fiscal year 2024	\$2,600,000 2,600,000
Committee recommendation	2,600,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	0

The Committee recommends \$2,600,000 for the compensation of interns who serve in the offices of House Standing, Special and Select Committees. This recommendation includes \$1,300,000 for the compensation of interns who serve in Committee offices of the majority, and \$1,300,000 for the compensation of interns who serve in Committee offices of the minority, to be allocated among such offices by the Chair, in consultation with the Ranking Minority Member, of the Committee on House Administration.

# ALLOWANCE FOR COMPENSATION OF INTERNS IN HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE OFFICES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$463,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	463,000
Committee recommendation	463,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	0

The Committee recommends \$463,000 for the compensation of interns who serve in the offices of the House Appropriations Committee. This recommendation includes \$231,500 for the compensation of interns who serve in Committee offices of the majority, and \$231,500 for the compensation of interns who serve in Committee

offices of the minority, to be allocated by the Chair, in consultation with the Ranking Minority Member, of the Committee on Appropriations.

#### COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$211,881,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	215,531,000
Committee recommendation	211,881,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	-3,650,000

The Committee recommends \$211,881,000 in total for Committee Employees. This account includes funding for salaries and expenses of Committees including equipment, telecommunications, printing, contract services, and supplies. Included in the total is \$180,587,000 for standing and select Committees and \$31,294,000 for the Committee on Appropriations. Funding is available until December 31, 2024.

This account makes available \$5,800,000 for committee room renovations.

# SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$324,057,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	
Committee recommendation	324,879,000
Change from enacted level	+822,000
Change from request	-15,908,000

The Committee recommends \$324,879,000, which is \$822,000 more than the enacted level for the salaries and expenses of House officers and employees of the various activities funded through this consolidated item.

House Officers and Support Agencies: The Committee recommendation provides for the salaries and expenses of House officers and employees, including the offices of the Clerk of the House, Sergeant at Arms, Chief Administrative Officer, Parliamentarian and Legislative Counsel, among others.

Following is a summary of the funding allocation provided to each component of the account:

The Committee recommends \$41,455,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Clerk, an increase of \$628,000 from the fiscal year 2023 enacted total and \$3,292,000 below the fiscal year 2024 request.

The Committee recommends \$38,793,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Sergeant at Arms (SAA). This amount is the same as the fiscal year 2023 enacted total and is \$5,165,000 over the fiscal year 2024 request.

Congressional Fellowships: Fellowships provide opportunities for congressional offices to supplement their staff with an in-house subject matter expert who can provide valuable insight and perspective, but, when selecting fellows, congressional offices must exercise caution to ensure that House operations are not compromised. While fellows are subject to regulations established by

the Committee on Ethics, the Committee believes there should be more formalized guidance provided to congressional offices regarding congressional fellowships. The Committee therefore directs the Sergeant at Arms to work with other House offices, as appropriate, to develop a comprehensive set of best practices governing the onboarding, training, and oversight of fellows serving in congressional offices and to submit recommendations for best practices to the Committee within 180 days of the enactment of this Act.

District Office Security: The safety of constituents and staff is of vital concern for the Committee. The recent violent events against congressional staff warrant further consideration of the security in Members' district offices. Therefore, the Committee directs the Sergeant at Arms to undertake a comprehensive review of district office security, to include both the scope of the program, the number of district offices covered, and different capabilities that could be used to secure these offices. The Committee directs that within 30 days after the enactment of this Act, the Sergeant at Arms shall provide a report to the Committee regarding the feasibility and cost of expanding current security capabilities for district offices.

The Committee recommends \$213,072,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Chief Administrative Officer (CAO). This represents an increase of \$1,500,000 over the fiscal year 2023

enacted total and is \$14,781,000 less than the request.

Access to Childcare: The House Child Care Center completed its expansion in 2020, but pandemic restrictions required the extra space to be utilized for the reduction in capacity per square feet, allowing the Center to maintain its enrollment size, but not alleviate the three-year waiting list for entry. For the first time since the expansion, the Center may be fully utilized, allowing more staff the opportunity to take advantage of the on campus childcare opportunity. The Committee encourages the Chief Administrative Officer to expedite the hiring of the faculty necessary to fully utilize the House Child Care Center expansion to reduce the waitlist and maximize this benefit.

Allergy Safety in House Dining Facilities: The Committee underscores the importance of providing an accessible workplace for those with food allergies and directs the Chief Administrative Officer to provide a report to the Committee and the Committee on House Administration, within 90 days of enactment of this Act, on steps taken by food service providers operating within the House of Representatives to accommodate those with food allergies. The report should also include the number of allergy safe options, what steps are being taken to ensure there is no cross contamination, and if there are providers or locations who do not provide allergen information or allergy safe options.

Artificial Intelligence Working Group: The Committee acknowledges the efforts of the Chief Administrative Office's artificial intelligence (AI) working group to investigate how emerging AI tools could improve the efficiency of House operations. The Committee encourages the CAO to formalize its working group and to conduct meetings with internal and external stakeholders that will examine issues presented by the emergence of AI in the House. The Chief Administrative Officer is directed to provide monthly progress

briefings to the House Committee on Appropriations and the Committee on House Administration on its work and to produce a report examining the near-and mid-term opportunities for generative AI tools, as well as strategies to mitigate new risks. The report should be submitted within 180 days of enactment of this Act to the Committees.

Capitol Flag Program: The Capitol Flag Program allows Members of Congress to request a flag to be flown over the U.S. Capitol on behalf of their constituents. Each flag is issued a keepsake Certificate of Authenticity with the option to personalize it. The number of requests and the popularity of the Capitol Flag Program grows steadily each year, necessitating the continuous modernization of how orders are fulfilled. To better assist constituents who order a flag through the Capitol Flag Program, the Committee directs that within 90 days of enactment of this Act, the Chief Administrative Officer, in consultation with the Architect of the Capitol, provide a report to the Committee on the feasibility and resources necessary to develop a flag tracking system to provide constituents the ability to track flags from order to receipt.

Capitol Switchboard: The Committee looks forward to the Chief Administrative Officer's final report identifying the current House telephone system's technical limitations and security risks with detailed recommendations for improving or replacing the current system, including timelines and cost estimates associated with replac-

ing or upgrading the current system.

Chief Administrative Office Reorganization: Over the last few Congresses, the House has made substantive strides to support staff recruitment, retention, professional development, and wellbeing through the creation of various initiatives and support offices. Each of these offices and initiatives are focused on serving staff, to ensure they can best perform on behalf of the American people. However, the marketing, management, and structure of each vary greatly, making it difficult for staff to gain full awareness and utilization of all the resources at their disposal. It is important to have a comprehensive strategy to minimize inefficiencies and ensure tax payer dollars are spent responsibly. To that end, the CAO is undertaking a reorganization to streamline and strengthen an individuals experience as an employee of the House, which will include restructuring the functions of the Office of Diversity and Inclusion, and funding is provided consistent with that plan.

Committee Schedule Deconfliction Tool: The Committee commends the Chief Administrative Officer for working with the Committee on House Administration to launch the Committee Schedule Deconfliction Tool. This online scheduling platform pulls draft committee events off the Committee Repository to populate a joint calendar, allowing committees to see when there are scheduling conflicts, to include, business meetings, markups, field hearings, and Floor votes. It is important that committees use this tool when scheduling committee business to best optimize Member schedules.

Congressional Staff Directory: The Committee looks forward to and reiterates the parameters set forth in the report requested in House Report 117–389, on the plan to and associated costs with the creation of a centralized congressional staff directory.

Cyber Security for Members of Congress: The Chief Administrative Officer is directed to provide a briefing to the Committee within 60 days of enactment of this Act, on the cyber threat landscape that Members face in securing their home networks; the potential impact of those threats on official House business; and, drawing on lessons learned from the Residential Security Program implemented by the House Sergeant at Arms, recommendations on how those threats could be deterred, prevented, mitigated, or remediated.

Committee Historical Files: Within 180 days of enactment of this Act, the CAO is directed to conduct a feasibility study for creating an electronic database of spending to assist House Committees with historical tracking. The database would include all enacted legislation that authorizes or provides budget authority from fiscal year 2000 forward, including all mandatory spending in authorizing bills (organized by Committee with primary jurisdiction) and discretionary spending in regular and emergency appropriations bills (organized by Appropriations subcommittee). In conducting this study, CAO is directed to consult with the Committees on Appropriations, authorizing committees, the Congressional Research Service, Government Printing Office, and the Congressional Budget Office to determine the sources of data, personnel requirements, and costs expected to complete and maintain this electronic database. CAO should also assess software options that are available to assist in this effort.

International Travel with House Devices: The Committee recognizes the inherent security risks of taking House devices abroad and notes the House Security Office recommendation that Members and staff use dedicated travel devices when traveling internationally. The Committee is interested in what more can be done to ensure the House network is kept secure, and directs the Chief Administrative Officer, with advisement from the Sergeant at Arms, to provide a report on additional actions offices can take to keep devices and the House network secure when traveling. This report shall be submitted to the Committee not later than 90 days after the enactment of this Act.

Personally Identifiable Information: The Committee is concerned about the security of Member and staff Personal Identifiable Information (PII) made available to outside vendors and contractors. The Committee directs the Chief Administrative Officer to conduct a thorough review of contracts held by the CAO with external platforms having access to Member and staff PII in order to ensure that these contractors are consistent with House polices and procedures. The CAO is directed to report to the Committee within 60 days of enactment of this Act on any vendors who fail to properly follow these policies and procedures and provide recommendations on a path forward.

Protecting Online Activities: The Committee recognizes that Members' online activities may present opportunities for hacking, cyberattacks, and fraud. The Committee directs the Chief Administrative Officer, working with the Sergeant at Arms, to brief the Committee and the Committee on House Administration on opportunities to provide Members assistance with mitigating these threats.

Office of the Whistleblower Ombuds	\$1,250,000
Office of the Inspector General	\$5,512,000

The Committee recommends \$5,512,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Office of the Inspector General. This represents an increase of \$374,000 over the fiscal year 2023 enacted total and

meets the fiscal year 2024 request.

Audit of House Devices: The Committee believes that having strong management controls to account for the electronic equipment issued to House personnel in an evolving work environment has become increasingly important. Building on its 2022 Audit of CAO IT Asset Management Controls, the House of Representatives Inspector General is directed to work with the Chief Administrative Officer to ensure the recommendations in the report have been implemented to ensure House issued devices are accounted for, to prevent fraud waste, and lessen cyber security vulnerabilities.

Office of General Counsel	\$1,987,000
Office of the Parliamentarian	\$2,240,000
Office of the Law Revision Counsel of the House	\$3,900,000
Office of the Legislative Counsel of the House	\$14,671,000
Office of Interparliamentary Affairs	\$934,000
Other authorized employees	\$1,065,000

# ALLOWANCES AND EXPENSES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$430,785,200
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	465,665,200
Committee recommendation	433,390,200
Change from enacted level	+2,605,000
Change from request	$-32,\!275,\!000$

The Committee recommends a total of \$433,390,200 for allowances and expenses, \$32,275,000 below the requested level, due to a larger-than anticipated carry-over surplus from prior-year funds.

The following table summarizes the funding allocation provided to each major component of the account:

Supplies, materials, administrative costs and Federal tort claims	\$1,555,000
Official mail (Committees, administrative, and leadership offices)	\$190,000
Government Contributions	\$392,368,200
Business Continuity and Disaster Recovery	\$27,264,000
Transition Activities	\$5,895,000
Green and Gold Congressional Aide Program	\$3,356,000

Green and Gold Congressional Aide Program: The Green and Gold program was established to create long-term employment opportunities for veterans and families of our fallen within the House of Representatives. The Committee recommendation provides the fiscal year 2024 requested amount of \$3,356,000. Despite the record high average salary ensuring these employment opportunities are competitive, the program has experienced a steep decline in applications. The Committee encourages the Chief Administrative Officer to work with the Committee on House Administration to broaden the pool of potential applicants through programmatic changes, such as allowing active-duty spouses to be incorporated into the program and allowing Members to request extensions for participants.

Office of Congressional Ethics	\$1,762,000
Miscellaneous items	\$1,000,000

# HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES MODERNIZATION INITIATIVES ACCOUNT (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$10,000,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	10,000,000
Committee recommendation	10,000,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	0

The Committee recommends a total of \$10,000,000 for the House of Representatives Modernization Initiatives Account. The Select Committee on the Modernization of Congress proposed recommendations to improve the way Congress works. The Modernization Initiatives Account was created to help implement these recommendations. The Committee believes that investing in these recommendations will improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the Legislative Branch so that it can better serve the American people. The Committee reminds the Chief Administrative Officer that disbursement from this account is subject to approval of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

## Administrative Provisions

Section 110 continues to provide for unspent amounts remaining in the Members' Representational Allowances account to be used for deficit or debt reduction.

Section 111 continues a limitation on the amount available to lease vehicles.

Section 112 continues to allow cybersecurity assistance for the House of Representatives.

## JOINT ITEMS

#### JOINT ECONOMIC COMMITTEE

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$4,283,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	4,283,000
Committee recommendation	4,283,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	0

The Committee recommends \$4,283,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Joint Economic Committee.

The Joint Economic Committee was created by the Employment Act of 1946. The primary tasks of the Committee are to review economic conditions and to recommend improvements in economic policy. The Committee performs research and economic analysis and monitors and analyzes current economic, financial, and employment conditions.

#### JOINT COMMITTEE ON TAXATION

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$12,948,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	14,125,000
Committee recommendation	13,059,000
Change from enacted level	+111,000
Change from request	-1,066,000

The Committee recommends \$13,059,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Joint Committee on Taxation (JCT).

The JCT operates under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and its predecessors dating to the Revenue Act of 1926. It has responsibility to (1) investigate the operation and effects of internal revenue taxes and the administration of such taxes, (2) investigate measures and methods for the simplification of such taxes, (3) make reports to the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance (or to the House of Representatives and the Senate) on the results of such investigations and studies and to make recommendations, and (4) review any proposed refund or credit of income or estate and gift taxes or certain other taxes set forth in U.S. Code section 6405 in excess of \$2,000,000 (\$5,000,000 in the case of a C corporation). In addition to these functions that are specified in the Internal Revenue Code, the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 requires the JCT to provide revenue estimates for all tax legislation considered by either the House or the Senate.

#### OFFICE OF THE ATTENDING PHYSICIAN

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$4,181,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	6,299,000
Committee recommendation	4,270,000
Change from enacted level	+89,000
Change from request	-2,029,000

The Committee recommends \$4,270,000 for the Office of the Attending Physician (OAP).

# OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL ACCESSIBILITY SERVICES

# SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$1,702,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	1,766,000
Committee recommendation	1,766,000
Change from enacted level	+64,000
Change from request	0

The Committee recommends \$1,766,000 for the operation of the Office of Congressional Accessibility Services (OCAS).

The OCAS provides and coordinates a variety of accessibility services for individuals with disabilities including Members of Congress, staff, and visitors in the United States Capitol complex.

Accessibility Applications: The Committee directs the Director of the Office of Congressional Accessibility Services (OCAS) and the Mobile Security Team to submit a report to the Committee not later than 180 days after enactment of this Act on the approval process for accessibility applications, the average time for approval, and to provide recommendations on how this process may be expedited. In addition, the Committee requests the Director of OCAS in consultation with the House Recording Studio to submit a report to the Committee not later than 180 days after enactment of this Act to determine the appropriateness of using artificial intelligence captioning services during committee activity, including potential advantages and disadvantages for the Deaf and hard of hearing, projected costs, and challenges to implementation and usage.

## UNITED STATES CAPITOL POLICE

#### SALARIES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$541,730,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	612,270,000
Committee recommendation	588,070,000
Change from enacted level	+46,340,000
Change from request	-24,200,000

The Committee recommends \$588,070,000 for the personnel salaries, benefits, student loan repayment, and overtime requirements, to include the cost of overtime necessary for providing training of the U.S. Capitol Police (USCP). The recommendation provides full funding for 2,204 sworn officers, as requested, in fiscal year 2024.

Civilian Staffing: The Committee supports the Department's hiring goals but recognizes that, while the Department has aggressively sought qualified civilian applicants, it has had difficulty finding candidates that meet the Department's rigorous standards. The Department's projections for fiscal year 2023 civilian hiring are below the authorized and appropriated levels and the Committee believes it will be difficult to hire the requested civilians for fiscal year 2024. While the authorized number of civilians is supported, the Committee's recommendation includes a reduction to the account due to historical under execution for civilian personnel.

Motorized Devices: As noted in House Report 117–389, the Committee expects the Capitol Police to continue its outreach efforts to dockless scooter and bicycle companies and the District of Columbia, and to work to better educate users, including congressional staff, District residents and visitors, on the appropriate operation of dockless scooters and bicycles on Capitol Grounds.

Risk-Based Protections for Members of Congress: The Committee continues to expect the U.S. Capitol Police Chief to continue working closely with the House and Senate Sergeants at Arms and local law enforcement partners on the USCP strategy for Members' protection within the NCR while outside the Capitol Grounds, and to educate Member offices on this topic. The Committee instructs the U.S. Capitol Police Chief to coordinate with the House and Senate Sergeants at Arms to direct patrols to buildings or locations where the Members tend to congregate in order to fulfill its mission under 2 U.S.C. 1966.

U.S. Capitol Police Retirement: The Committee remains supportive of a healthy overtime and retirement structure for U.S. Capitol Police officers. The joint explanatory statement accompanying the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2022, directed the Department to explore options for expanding sworn retirement benefits. The Capitol Police report evaluated several options, and the Committee worked closely with the Department and interested parties on an adjustment to the sworn pay schedule that resulted in more competitive salaries. This has provided an immediate benefit to sworn officers in the form of higher monthly compensation, as well as the long-term benefit of increased annuities at retire-

Preserving a stable and fair retirement system that encourages and incentivizes sworn officers to continue serving at all stages of their career is of utmost importance to the Committee. The Committee is aware of another proposal to add overtime to the retirement calculation. This proposal was considered during the fiscal year 2022 deliberations and was determined to be less sustainable than the resulting pay adjustment. Given the recent pay schedule adjustment, the Committee is interested in reviewing quantifiable recruitment and retention data to determine the effects from the pay adjustment. The Committee is committed to reviewing the impacts from the 2022 agreement, and considering further adjustments that are both meaningful and sustainable in the future.

Use of Grounds: As instructed in House Report 117–389, the USCP should continue to forebear enforcement of 2 U.S.C. 1963 and the Traffic Regulations for the United States Capitol Grounds

when encountering snow sledders on the grounds.

# GENERAL EXPENSES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$192,846,000
Bûdget request, fiscal year 2024	228,672,000
Committee recommendation	192,846,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	-35,826,000

The Committee recommends \$192,846,000 for general expenses to support the responsibilities for law enforcement, Capitol complex physical and technological security, dignitary protection, intelligence analysis, event management, hazardous material/devices, IT, and other specialized responses, as well as logistical and admin-

istrative support.

General Expenses for Fiscal Year 2024: The Committee supports resourcing the Department to meet its essential needs and believes that the Department can fulfill its mission with a maintained level of funding for general expenses. The Capitol Police's budget has seen a significant increase in recent years, which has been widely supported, but the Committee acknowledges that full execution of funding has been a challenge. Additionally, the Committee notes that investments provided for in recent years are being considered for replacement in the Department's fiscal year 2024 request. For example, new handguns funded in fiscal years 2019 and 2021 are being considered for replacement. Properly equipping sworn officers is imperative, but the operational requirement for this request of over \$12,000,000 for new handguns, holsters and ammunition is early to need. It is for these reasons that the Committee is recommending level funding, which should not be taken as a lack of support for the Capitol Police or its mission, but rather in line with a requirement for prudent fiscal decisions.

Two-Way Sharing of Critical Information: The Committee is in receipt of the report requested in House Report 117–389 regarding the Department's two-way sharing of critical information. The Committee commends the USCP for developing a robust threat identification, investigation, and mitigation process. To further enhance these processes, the U.S. Capitol Police Chief is directed to continue plans to expand the use of other local, state, and Federal law enforcement entities through reimbursable mutual aid agreements and to ensure collaborative two-way sharing of critical infor-

mation is used to meet mission requirements.

USCP Office of Inspector General: The Committee appreciates the diligent work that the Office of Inspector General (OIG) has done with the increased workload due to Committee and Board project requests, and the recommendation includes \$850,000, an increase of \$376,000 from fiscal year 2023, for the OIG. As the Department's budget increases, the complexities of the financial statement audit have necessitated its outsourcing so that the OIG may continue to fulfill its statutory responsibilities for auditing Department programs and operations to ensure efficacy and investigation

of complaints for potential fraud, waste, or abuse.

USCP Office of the Inspector General Report Disclosure: In response to previous House Reports 117–80 and 117–389, the Committee is encouraged that the Office of the Inspector General has begun making its reports publicly available whenever practicable and has started publishing reports on its website. The Committee is supportive of the process initiated by the Office of the Inspector General to gain approval for the public posting of its reports and directs the Capitol Police Board to further these efforts to expedite the process.

Wellness Programs for Law Enforcement: The Committee appreciates the efforts undertaken by the USCP to develop and implement a holistic wellness and resiliency program for its workforce, including the Howard C. 'Howie' Liebengood Center for Wellness. The Committee directs the U.S. Capitol Police Chief to survey the force to help shape updates to the wellness program and its assessibility to the USCP workforce and submit a report to the Committee not later than 180 days after enactment of this Act that includes the results of the survey, a prioritization of updates to be

considered, and their associated cost projections.

## OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL WORKPLACE RIGHTS

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$8,000,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	8,549,646
Committee recommendation	8,000,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	-549.646

The Committee recommends \$8,000,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of Congressional Workplace Rights (OCWR). Funding will provide the OCWR 34 FTE positions, consistent with fiscal year 2023 levels, and the resources needed to continue OCWR's mandate to administer the Congressional Accountability Reform Act. Of the total, \$2,500,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2025.

Consistent with Section 3(b) of H.Res. 5, One Hundred Eighteenth Congress, no funds are provided to facilitate House Resolution 1096, One Hundred Seventeenth Congress.

#### CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE

# SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$63,237,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	70,775,000
Committee recommendation	64,637,000
Change from enacted level	+1,400,000
Change from request	-6.138.000

The Committee recommends \$64,637,000 for salaries and expenses of the Congressional Budget Office (CBO). The CBO is responsible for producing independent analyses of budgetary and economic issues to support the congressional budget process. Each year, the agency produces dozens of reports, including its outlook on the budget and economy, and hundreds of cost estimates for proposed legislation.

Agency Requests: Budgetary and administrative data, as well as other information held by Executive Branch agencies, are critical to the work of the Congress. To the greatest extent practicable under existing legal requirements, Executive Branch agencies should prioritize requests from the Congressional Budget Office for data and other information and ensure agency procedures and permissions are in place to expedite responses to CBO requests.

Analysis of Legislation: The Committee directs the Congressional Budget Office, in coordination with the Joint Committee on Taxation, to provide a report to the Committee, within 90 days of enactment of this Act, on the impacts of adding debt-service costs to CBO's estimates. The Committee further directs the Congressional Budget Office to survey and report, within 180 days of enactment of this Act, on institutions of higher learning currently using research-based budget modeling to provide economic analysis of legislation to Members of Congress.

Outreach to Congressional Offices: The Committee requests that legislative support agencies take steps to ensure that their products, services, and outreach are designed to adapt and meet the customer needs of an evolving Congress. As such, the Committee requests that the Director of CBO expand the agency's outreach to better inform Congress of the products and services the CBO provides

Responsiveness to Congress: The Committee continues to expect CBO to ensure a high level of responsiveness to committees, leadership and Members, to the greatest extent practicable under the priorities for CBO set by law, especially when working on current pending legislation. As an agency that prides itself as being nonpartisan, CBO should be providing the same information to all stakeholders at the appropriate time when addressing legislation that has been made public.

## ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

#### (EXCLUDING SENATE OFFICE BUILDINGS)

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$1,130,406,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	957,505,000
Committee recommendation	787,103,000
Change from enacted level	-343,303,000
Change from request	-170,402,000

The Committee recommends \$787,103,000 for the activities of the Architect of the Capitol (AOC). The recommendation is \$170,402,000 less than the request. (These totals do not include appropriations for Senate Office Buildings requested at \$170,581,000 which are traditionally left for consideration of the Senate.) The Architect is responsible for the maintenance, operation, development, and preservation of the United States Capitol complex. This includes mechanical and structural maintenance of the Capitol, congressional office buildings, the Library of Congress buildings, the United States Botanic Garden, the Capitol Power Plant, and

other facilities, as well as the upkeep and improvement of the grounds surrounding the Capitol complex.

The following table summarizes the allocation of funds by appropriation account:

Capital Construction and Operations	\$149,073,000
Capitol Building	74,304,000
Capitol Grounds	16,365,000
House Office Buildings.	168,439,000
Capitol Power Plant	131,751,000
Library Buildings and Grounds	117,120,000
Capitol Police Buildings, Grounds and Security	81,172,000
Botanic Garden	21,187,000
Capitol Visitor Center	27,692,000

The Committee recommendation funds the operating expenses, less the Senate office building request, throughout these accounts.

# CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONS

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$145,843,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	175,765,000
Committee recommendation	149,073,000
Change from enacted level	+3,230,000
Change from request	-26,692,000

The Committee recommends \$149,073,000 for campus-wide architectural and engineering design; project, property, and construction management; financial management; procurement; personnel services; equipment; communications; and other central support activities of the AOC. Of the total, \$3,200,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2028.

Budget Justifications: The Committee thanks the AOC for including in the congressional budget justifications the description of the activities of the AOC Construction Division, as requested. The Committee requests that this information identifying the number and scope of projects, and the number of staff funded through Construction Division activities, and the funding provided to the Division from AOC jurisdiction accounts continue to be included in the budget justification material. The Committee directs that the justifications include, in each jurisdiction's section, the appropriations bill language requested, along with any changes to be identified with brackets and italicization.

Energy Resiliency and Efficiency: The Committee recognizes the AOC's Capitol Power Plant cogeneration project and the energy savings performance contracts at the Capitol, House, and Senate have resulted in roughly \$100,000,000 in cost avoidance and serve as an important effort in grid resiliency and domestic renewable energy production. The AOC is encouraged to continue to address facility needs in an energy efficient and fiscally responsible manner and seek ways to increase Capitol campus resiliency and efficiency.

Inspector General: Within the total, the Committee provides no less than \$6,110,000 for the AOC Inspector General office.

Succession Planning: The Committee supports the bipartisan efforts of the Senate Committee on Rules and Administration and the Committee on House Administration to reform the appointment process for the Architect of the Capitol, including the appointment of a Deputy Architect, and directs the Architect of the Capitol to brief to the Committee on implementation of that effort not later than 60 days after it takes effect.

Item	Committee recommendation
Operating Expenses	\$145,873,000
BASnet Cybersecurity Hardware and Network Programming Upgrades  Capital Planning and Programming	2,100,000 1,100,000

## CAPITOL BUILDING

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$80,589,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	119,267,000
Committee recommendation	74,304,000
Change from enacted level	-6,285,000
Change from request	-44,963,000

The Committee recommends \$74,304,000 for the operation, maintenance, and care of the U.S. Capitol and Capitol Visitor Center (CVC). Of the total, \$42,599,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2028.

	Committee recommendation
Operating Expenses	\$31,705,000
Minor Construction Building Envelope Repairs, Capitol—Phase IV Conservation of Fine and Architectural Art	6,000,000 25,000,000 599,000
Presidential Inaugural Stands Construction, Capitol	11,000,00

Wireless Connectivity: The Committee recognizes the necessity for wireless connectivity throughout the Capitol complex. The Committee continues to urge the Architect to assess the feasibility of upgrading the wireless local area network to ensure the highest level of connectivity in all areas of the Capitol complex.

level of connectivity in all areas of the Capitol complex.

Recognition of Women in Congress: The Committee continues to support the work of the Architect of the Capitol, the House Curator, and the Capital Historical Society to increase images of women in public spaces in Congress.

#### CAPITOL GROUNDS

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$16,365,000 17,556,000
Committee Recommendation	16,365,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	-1,191,000

The Committee recommends \$16,365,000 for the care of the grounds surrounding the Capitol. Of the total, \$2,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2028.

ltem	Committee recommendation
Operating Expenses	\$14,365,000
Project: Minor Construction	2,000,000

Accessibility: The Committee directs the Architect of the Capitol to provide a report to the Committee, within 60 days of enactment of this Act, on the cost estimates associated with the annual Americans with Disabilities Act progress report on removing the accessibility barriers.

Road and Traffic Conditions around the Capitol: To mitigate traffic and pedestrian safety concerns, the Committee encourages the AOC to work with the District of Columbia Department of Transportation (DDOT) to evaluate and improve road conditions and traffic light sequences to the roads immediately surrounding the House Office Buildings.

Bike Lanes: As stated in House Report 117–389, the AOC is commended for and should continue its efforts to develop a safe and accessible street system to better connect all road users to the U.S. Capitol, Union Station, and the National Mall.

#### House Office Buildings

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$126,279,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	195,277,000
Committee recommendation	168,439,000
Change from enacted level	+42,160,000
Change from request	-26,838,000

The Committee recommends \$168,439,000 for the operation, maintenance, and care of the Rayburn, Cannon, Longworth, Ford, and O'Neill House Office Buildings, and the House underground garages. Of the total provided, \$53,140,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2028. The bill includes \$41,800,000 for the continuation of the Cannon House Office Building renovation project, which shall remain available until expended.

	Committee recommendation
Operating Expenses	\$73,499,000
Projects:	10.050.000
Minor Construction	10,250,000
Steam Pipe Replacement, Longworth	11,300,000
Steam Distribution Replacement, Rayburn	9,300,000
Fire Alarm Panel Replacement, Rayburn	7,700,000
CAO Project Support	12,050,000
Emergency Generator and Backup Power Replacement Design, O'Neill	2,540,000
Cannon Building Restoration	41,800,000

Cannon Building Costs: The Committee recognizes the urgent need to complete the Cannon Building renewal, which will replace outdated building systems, conserve historic aspects of the building, and optimize the functionality of Member suites, among other improvements. The Committee remains concerned that the cost of the Cannon renovation has continued to increase from an initial project estimate of \$752,700,000 to the current project estimate of \$971.300.000.

The Committee continues to receive periodic reports from the Architect, the AOC IG, and the Government Accountability Office on the Cannon project schedule, actual costs incurred and expected future costs, and design and construction modifications. The Committee expects to receive prompt notice of any further cost increases and how the AOC expects to absorb them, as detailed in periodic report submission. The AOC is reminded of the administrative provision in the bill prohibiting funding for incentive or award payments to contractors for projects that are behind schedule or over budget.

Funding Priorities: The House Office Buildings jurisdiction is responsible for the operation, maintenance and preservation of more

than 5 million square feet of facility space, including Cannon, which is in the middle of an approximately 10-year renewal project; Ford; Longworth; O'Neill, which the AOC received stewardship responsibility for in 2017; and Rayburn House Office Buildings. The Committee recommends the Architect of the Capitol review current funding priorities for the House Office Buildings and directs a briefing to the Committee not later than 90 days after enactment of this Act to explain the expanding size and scope of projects as well as the growing list of deferred maintenance.

Pest Management: The Committee is in receipt of the Architect of the Capitol's Integrated Pest Management Program report and notes the AOC's continuing commitment to addressing pests in an environmentally responsible manner to create a safe workplace for all who work at and visit the Capitol campus, and further expects the AOC to continue its efforts in proactive pest management and mitigation.

#### CAPITOL POWER PLANT

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$166,951,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	158,024,000
Committee recommendation	131,751,000
Change from enacted level	$-35,\!200,\!000$
Change from request	$-26,\!273,\!000$

The Committee recommends \$131,751,000 in direct appropriations for the operations of the Capitol Power Plant, which is the centralized provider of utility services for the Capitol campus. Of the total, \$43,400,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2028. In addition, \$10,000,000 in offsetting collections is available from reimbursements for steam and chilled water.

	Committee recommendation
Operating Expenses	\$98,351,000
Minor Construction. Pipe Expansion Joint Repairs, G Tunnel Mechanical System Replacement, Refrigeration Plant-Phase VII	5,000,000 7,600,000 30,800,000

#### LIBRARY BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$144,220,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	120,766,000
Committee recommendation	117,120,000
Change from enacted level	-27,100,000
Change from request	-3,646,000

The Committee recommends \$117,120,000 for the care and maintenance of the Thomas Jefferson Building, James Madison Memorial Building, John Adams Building, Packard Campus, Ft. Meade Collection Storage Facility, National Library Services Facility, and the St. Cecilia Special Services Facilities Center. Of the total, \$80,900,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2028.

Item	Committee recommendation
Operating Expenses	\$36,220,000
Projects:	. , ,
Minor Construction	4,000,000
Fire Alarm System Renairs Lefferson	13 600 000

Item	Committee recommendation
Building Envelope Repairs, Jefferson	33,400,000
Roof Replacement, Adams—Phase II	23,800,000
Elevator Repairs, Adams	6,100,000

Visitor Experience Master Plan: In September 2019, Congress approved the Visitor Experience Master Plan (VEMP), a \$60,000,000 Public-Private Partnership (\$40,000,000 appropriated funds, \$20,000,000 donated funds) that will transform how the Library of Congress' visitors will engage with the Thomas Jefferson Building's architecture, interiors, exhibits and experiences. The Committee appreciates the bi-weekly project status reports produced by the Architect of the Capitol (AOC) and the Library of Congress (LOC) but remains concerned with the accuracy of construction cost estimates, schedules, and overall evolution of the project. Every effort must be made to complete this project in time for the nation's semiquincentennial celebration. The AOC, in collaboration with the LOC, is directed to continue the bi-weekly project status reports to the Senate and House appropriations and authorization committees of jurisdiction.

# CAPITOL POLICE BUILDINGS, GROUNDS, AND SECURITY

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$402,907,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	119,828,000
Committee recommendation	81,172,000
Change from enacted level	-321,735,000
Change from request	-38,656,000

The Committee recommends \$81,172,000 for the maintenance, care and operation of buildings, grounds and security enhancements of the United States Capitol Police and AOC security operations. Of the total, \$21,100,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2028.

ltem	Committee recommendation
Operating Expenses	\$60,072,000
Minor Construction Generator Addition and New Utility Service Air Conditioning Unit Replacement—Phase II	10,000,000 5,800,000 5,300,000

## BOTANIC GARDEN

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$23,560,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	21,187,000
Committee recommendation	21,187,000
Change from enacted level	-2,373,000
Change from request	0

The Committee recommends \$21,187,000 for the improvement, operation, care, and maintenance of the United States Botanic Garden (USBG) Conservatory; the National Garden; the Administration Building; the Bartholdi Park and Fountain; heritage and other plant collections; and the USBG Production Facility at DC Village. Of the total, \$5,000,000 shall remain available until September 30, 2028.

Item	Committee recommendation
Operating Expenses	\$16,187,000
Projects: Minor Construction	5,000,000

Collaboration with the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA): The Committee continues to recognize the value of the USBG supporting the evolution of urban agriculture. The Committee encourages USBG to continue to collaborate with USDA to support the USBG's efforts to host and serve as an educational and training location for local and national audiences.

## CAPITOL VISITOR CENTER

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$27,692,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	29,835,000
Committee recommendation	27,692,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	$-2,\!143,\!000$

The Committee recommends \$27,692,000 for the operations of the Capitol Visitor Center (CVC). The CVC was established to provide a secure public environment to welcome and manage the large number of visitors and to protect the Capitol, its occupants, and guests in an atmosphere of open access.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION

Section 113 prohibits payment of bonuses to contractors behind schedule or over budget during fiscal year 2024.

# LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$828,548,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	895,204,000
Committee recommendation	843,747,000
Change from enacted level	+15,199,000
Change from request	-51,457,000

The Committee recommends \$843,747,000 for the activities of the Library of Congress (LOC). Established by Congress in 1800, the Library of Congress is the largest library in the world, with a collection of more than 170,000,000 print, audio, and video items in 470 languages. Among its major programs are acquisitions, preservation, administration of United States copyright laws by the Copyright Office, research and analysis of policy issues for the Congress by the Congressional Research Service, and administration of a national program to provide reading material to the blind and print disabled. The LOC maintains a significant number of collections and provides a range of services to libraries in the United States and abroad.

The following table summarizes the allocation of funds by appropriation account:

Salaries and Expenses	\$582,605,481
Copyright Office	55,420,000
Congressional Research Service	135,797,000
National Library Service for the Blind and Print Disabled	69,924,519

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$582,529,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	618,570,000
Committee recommendation	582,605,481
Change from enacted level	+76,481
Change from request	-35,964,519

The Committee recommends \$582,605,481 for Salaries and Expenses. Within the total, the Committee provides no less than \$4,500,000 for the LOC Inspector General office to support no less than 14 FTE. The recommendation makes the following amounts available until expended: \$12,739,000 for the Teaching with Primary Sources Program, \$1,509,000 for the Legislative Branch Financial Management System, \$250,000 for the Surplus Books Program, and \$4,205,000 for the Veterans History Project.

Exhibit on American Exceptionalism: The Committee believes that the American public would benefit from an exhibition on the exceptional contributions of Americans throughout history. For this reason, the Committee directs the Librarian of Congress to provide a design concept, including the scope and cost of creating an exhibit celebrating American exceptionalism. This study shall be submitted to the Committee not later than 90 days after enactment of this

Act.

Archival Preservation of Central and Eastern European Collections: The Committee recognizes the cultural contributions of the American diasporic groups from nations and communities of the former Soviet Union and its Republics and appreciates the value in preserving their histories and traditions. The Committee commends the important work the Library of Congress is doing to identify, collect, and archive stories, documents, and other historical materials from cultural and ethnic diasporas across Europe and requests the Library further strengthen its partnerships with museums, non-profits, and ethnic heritage centers across the country to collect additional stories, documents and visual materials and recordings from families and institutions dedicated to Eastern and Central European historical collections, and encourages the Library to disseminate them for public use.

Public Access to Legislative Information: In House Report 116–64, the Committee urged the LOC to convene a public meeting at least once a year during the following two years to discuss public input into the Library's legislative information services. The Library held three public forums which were widely attended and viewed as a success by both the LOC and the participants. The Library should continue to host these public forums, both in person and virtually, at least once a year and continue to report on the recommendations it receives, including making those recommenda-

tions available to the public.

COVID-19 American History Project: The COVID-19 American History Project Act is an educational and commemorative program that collects, preserves, and makes available to the public an archive of submitted oral stories of those who were impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, survivors of loved ones who lost their lives to the disease, and frontline healthcare workers who tirelessly worked to eradicate this virus. The Committee recommends \$1,500,000 for the continuation of this program and directs the

LOC to provide an update on the status of the project to the Committee 180 days after enactment of this Act.

Preservation of America's Civil Rights Legacy Abroad: The Committee continues to support the Library of Congress's efforts to make available, as appropriate, their expertise for projects aimed at preserving America's civil rights history abroad.

Preservation of the Collection: As a means to preserve the LOC's literary and historical treasures, the Committee provides \$943,000

to continue the deacidification preservation program.

Teaching with Primary Sources: The Committee commends the Library of Congress for the important work of educational programs like Teaching with Primary Sources, which offers classroom materials and professional development to help teachers effectively use primary sources from the Library's vast digital collections in their teaching. Primary sources help students relate in a personal way to events of the past and promote a deeper understanding of history as a series of human events. One example is the opportunity to develop a personal understanding of antisemitism through original materials. Some of the organizations that have received Teaching with Primary Sources regional grants have used Library collections to develop curriculum material and professional development opportunities for teachers related to combatting antisemitism. The Committee recognizes the importance of these educational tools in promoting understanding, respect and tolerance.

#### COPYRIGHT OFFICE

# SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$53,762,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	57,537,000
Committee recommendation	55,420,000
Change from enacted level	+1,658,000
Change from request	-2.117.000

The Committee recommends \$55,420,000 in direct appropriations to the Copyright Office. An additional \$44,591,000 is made available from receipts for salaries and expenses and \$1,000,000 is available from prior-year unobligated balances for a total of \$101,011,000.

Copyright Modernization: Few government bodies are more important to the growth of creativity and commercial artistic activity in our nation than the Copyright Office. The Committee continues to support the Copyright Office's efforts to modernize its IT infrastructure to effectively serve its customers. The Librarian of Congress shall coordinate with the Director of the Copyright Office in implementing its information technology continuous development plan, and the Library shall expend funds on IT infrastructure for the Copyright Office in furtherance of that plan. The Committee encourages the Librarian of Congress to remain sensitive to the specialized requirements of the Copyright Office as the Office implements its IT continuous development in conjunction with the overall Library IT modernization effort.

Copyright Expertise: The Committee continues to support the Office's use of funds to offer expertise on copyright matters to the Executive Branch, including participation in international discussions. Consistent with historical practice, the Committee expects the Li-

brary to continue to defer to the copyright expertise of the Register of Copyrights and to ensure direct consultation between the Copyright Office and Congress.

#### Congressional Research Service

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$133,600,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	146,574,000
Committee recommendation	135,797,000
Change from enacted level	+2,197,000
Change from request	-10,777,000

The Committee recommends \$135,797,000 for salaries and expenses of Congressional Research Service (CRS), which supports Members and Committees in legislative, oversight, and representational functions by providing nonpartisan and confidential research and policy analysis. The organization provides an important service for Members and staff, publishing hundreds of reports annually free of charge and providing briefings on pertinent policy issues considered by Congress. The expert nonpartisan analysts at CRS keep Congress informed, contributing to intelligent and responsible

policymaking.

Congressional Research Service (CRS) Detailees: CRS analysts detailed to Congressional committees can offer a tremendous asset to both organizations, though it is noted that details are less common now than in the past, partially due to staffing challenges and the structure of CRS portfolios making an analyst's absence pronounced and management of congressional inquiries more difficult. Given the interest for CRS details to Congressional committees, the Director of CRS is directed to submit a report to the House Appropriations Committee and the House Administration Committee, not later than 90 days after enactment of this Act, on the number and duration of CRS details since fiscal year 2013; factors CRS leadership consider in determining availability of CRS analysts for non-reimbursable details with committees; impact on retention, impact to CRS's mission to provide analysis in a non-partisan fashion; professional growth and development for CRS analysts that serve as detailees; and plans to notify committees of the availability of detailees to Congressional committees in fiscal year 2024.

Congressional Research Service Reports in HTML: The Committee directs the Library of Congress to make available to the public the most recent version of all non-confidential CRS Reports contained on the public crsreports.congress.gov website in HTML format, or a successor format when appropriate, to facilitate use and reuse of information contained in the reports. To the extent practical, this enhancement of the public CRS report site should be implemented within one year of the enactment of this legislation. The Library can satisfy this requirement by contemporaneously publishing this information in bulk, such as through the Govern-

ment Publishing Office's bulk data repository.

Continuing Education for Congressional Staff: In House Report 117–80, the Committee recommended the creation of a Legal Institute with introductory and advanced programs, geared towards senior Congressional staff who have not attended law school, which

would educate participants on legal fundamentals that inform Congress's lawmaking and oversight functions. The Committee supports the Congressional Legal Education Forum and provided \$1,000,000 to begin the program in February 2023. The Committee directs \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 to continue to grow the program.

*Employee Survey:* The Federal Employee Viewpoint Survey (FEVS) offers unique insight into an organization's climate, and employee workplace wellbeing and satisfaction. To ensure CRS employees can best fulfill their mission to serve Congress's needs, the Committee directs the Director of CRS to share the results of the FEVS with the Committee and employees.

Outreach to the Congressional Offices: The Committee requests that legislative support agencies take steps to ensure that their products, services, and outreach are designed to adapt and meet the customer needs of an evolving Congress. In particular, the Committee requests that the Director of CRS regularly and proactively engage in outreach efforts to Congress to determine where improvements can be made and where new approaches are appropriate.

*Updates to Congress.gov:* The Committee looks forward to the report ordered in the joint explanatory statement accompanying P.L. 117–328 to gain insight on how Congress.gov could better track the

legislative process.

# NATIONAL LIBRARY SERVICE FOR THE BLIND AND PRINT DISABLED

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$58,657,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	72,523,000
Committee recommendation	69,924,519
Change from enacted level	+11,267,519
Change from request	-2.598.481

The Committee recommends \$69,924,519 for salaries and expenses of the National Library Service for the Blind and Print Disabled (NLS).

The NLS is a free braille and talking book library service for people with temporary or permanent low vision, blindness, or a disability that prevents them from reading or holding the printed page. Through a national network of regional and sub-regional libraries, NLS circulates books and magazines in braille and audio formats, which are delivered by postage-free mail or are instantly downloadable.

*BARD Modernization:* The Committee also continues to support the modernization of Braille and Audio Reading Download (BARD) Infrastructure, which distributes audio and electronic braille materials. The program's objective is to transition these services to a cloud-based environment.

Braille eReader and Talking Book Machine Initiative: The Committee continues to support the Braille eReader and Talking Book Machine initiatives. The recommendation provides for the continued acquisition new e-Reader devices for distribution through the NLS Machine Lending Agencies, which also distribute talking book machines.

## GOVERNMENT PUBLISHING OFFICE

The Government Publishing Office (GPO) publishes and disseminates Federal government publications to Congress, Federal agencies, Federal depository libraries, and the American public.

#### Congressional Publishing

#### (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$82,992,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	83,000,000
Committee recommendation	82,992,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	-8,000

The Committee recommends \$82,992,000 for Congressional Publishing. This account funds the costs of publishing congressional in-

formation products in both digital and print formats.

Updating Publication Software: The Committee commends the efforts made to update the software and to ensure legislative drafting and publishing platforms can accommodate UTF-8 characters. The Committee directs the GPO, along with the Office of the Clerk and the Library of Congress, to brief the Committee within 60 days of the enactment of this Act on its current capacity to support diacritical marks and its plans to expand and develop this capacity.

# Public Information Programs of the Superintendent of Documents

## SALARIES AND EXPENSES

# (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$35,257,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	37,388,000
Committee recommendation	35,257,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	-2,131,000

The Committee recommends \$35,257,000 for the salaries and expenses of the Public Information Programs of the Superintendent of Documents.

This appropriation primarily supports the cataloguing and indexing of Federal Government publications (the results of which are now available online) and for operating the Federal Depository Library system and providing Federal documents to the network of 1,133 depository libraries nationwide.

# GOVERNMENT PUBLISHING OFFICE BUSINESS OPERATIONS REVOLVING FUND

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$11,605,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	12,100,000
Committee recommendation	11,605,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	$-495{,}000$

The Committee recommends \$11,605,000 for the Government Publishing Office Business Operations Revolving Fund, which finances GPO's publishing operations.

This business-like fund is used to pay GPO's costs in performing or procuring from private-sector sources congressional and agency publishing, information product procurement, and publications dissemination activities. The fund is reimbursed from payments from customer agencies, sales to the public, appropriations to the fund, and transfers from GPO's two annual appropriations.

#### GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE

#### SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$790,319,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	859,653,000
Committee recommendation	806,004,000
Change from enacted level	+15,685,000
Change from request	-53,649,000

Established by the Budget and Accounting Act of 1921, the Government Accountability Office (GAO) works for Congress by responding to requests for studies of Federal government programs and expenditures and may also initiate its own work. The Committee recommends \$806,004,000 in direct appropriations for GAO. In addition, \$73,976,000 is available in offsetting collections derived from reimbursements for conducting financial audits of government corporations and the rental of space in the GAO building. Within the total, the Committee provides no less than \$2,898,000 for the GAO Inspector General office to support no less than 14 FTEs.

Community Funding Projects: The Committee directs the GAO to again undertake an audit of Community Project Funding contained in fiscal year 2024 appropriations legislation. The audit shall include the same characteristics GAO adhered to in its fiscal year 2022 CPF directive after consulting with the Committees on Appropriations. In conducting its audit, GAO shall provide periodic briefings and reports based on available data to the Committees.

Duplicative Government Programs: Each year, GAO identifies and reports on Federal agency programs with fragmented, overlapping, or duplicative goals or activities and ways to reduce costs or enhance revenue. The Committee continues to direct GAO to issue these reports and urges the Executive Branch to address duplicative programs.

Improving Access to Information: The Committee is aware of the GAO's efforts to improve congressional and public access to the information contained in its reports and testimony by issuing products in HTML through the agency's New Blue program. Through this program, the GAO is starting a pilot to issue more reports in HTML along with the traditional PDF formats. The Committee encourages the Comptroller General to continue furthering efforts in this program and report to the Committee its progress 90 days after enactment of this Act.

Outreach to Congressional Staff: The Committee requests that legislative support agencies take steps to ensure that their products, services, and outreach are designed to adapt and meet the customer needs of an evolving Congress. As such, the Committee requests that GAO expand its outreach to better inform Congress of the products and services the agency provides.

of the products and services the agency provides.

Unimplemented Recommendations: The joint explanatory statement accompanying P.L. 117–328 directed the GAO to publish on its website and provide a report estimating the cost savings that

could be achieved if agencies acted on GAO's recommendations organized by agency. The Committee looks forward to the report upon completion in June 2023.

# CONGRESSIONAL OFFICE FOR INTERNATIONAL LEADERSHIP

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023	\$6,000,000
Budget request, fiscal year 2024	7,200,000
Committee recommendation	6,000,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	-1,200,000

The Committee recommends \$6,000,000 for salaries and expenses of the Congressional Office for International Leadership.

*Ukraine:* The Committee continues to be deeply troubled by the Russian invasion of Ukraine and supports COIL's engagement with Ukrainians outside of Ukraine to maintain democratic advancement throughout wartime.

*Poland:* The Committee is pleased with COIL's efforts to explore increased exchange with Poland as a former Communist country in Central and Eastern Europe.

*Hungary:* The Committee continues to support COIL's efforts to explore increased exchange with Hungary as a former Communist country in Central and Eastern Europe.

# JOHN C. STENNIS CENTER FOR PUBLIC SERVICE TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

Appropriation, fiscal year 2023 Budget request, fiscal year 2024	\$430,000 430,000
Committee recommendation	430,000
Change from enacted level	0
Change from request	0

The Committee recommends \$430,000 for salaries and expenses for the Stennis Center. The Center provides congressional staff training and development opportunities to promote and strengthen public service leadership in America.

# TITLE II—GENERAL PROVISIONS

The Committee continues several provisions from prior years, including language regarding maintenance and care of private vehicles, fiscal year limitation, rates of compensation and designation, consulting services, the Legislative Branch Financial Managers Council, a limitation on transfers, guided tours of the Capitol, limitations on telecommunications equipment procurement, and prohibition on certain operational expenses, as well as a new provision to exempt the practice of medicine from the fiduciary relationship restrictions for a Member of Congress, a new provision to prohibit funding for diversity, equity and inclusion initiatives, a new provision to prohibit funding for discriminatory actions against certain religious beliefs, and a spending reduction account.

Pursuant to the provisions of clause 3(b) of rule XIII of the House of Representatives, the results of each roll call vote on an amendment or on the motion to report, together with the names of those voting for and those voting against, are printed below:

#### Roll Call 1

Date: June 21, 2023

Measure: Legislative Branch Bill, FY 2024

Motion by: Mr. Espaillat
Description of Motion: Restoring Funding for the House Office of Diversity and Inclusion.
Results: Not Adopted 25 yeas to 33 nays

Members Voting Yea Mr. Aguilar Mr. Bishop Mr. Cartwright Mr. Case Mr. Cuellar Ms. DeLauro Mr. Espaillat Ms. Frankel Mr. Harder Mr. Hoyer Ms. Kaptur Ms. Lee of California Ms. Lee of Nevada Ms. McCollum Mr. Morelle Ms. Pingree Mr. Pocan Mr. Quigley Mr. Ruppersberger Mrs. Torres Mr. Trone Ms. Underwood Ms. Wasserman Schultz Mrs. Watson Coleman Ms. Wexton

Memhers Voting Nay Mr. Aderholt Mr. Amodei Mrs. Bice Mr. Calvert Mr. Carl Mr. Carter Mr. Ciscomani Mr. Cline Mr. Cloud Mr. Clyde Mr. Cole Mr. Diaz-Balart Mr. Ellzey Mr. Fleischmann Mr. Franklin Mr. Garcia Ms. Granger Mr. Guest Dr. Harris Mrs. Hinson Mr. Joyce Mr. LaTurner Ms. Letlow Mr. Moolenaar Mr. Newhouse Mr. Reschenthaler Mr. Rogers Mr. Rutherford

Mr. Simpson Mr. Stewart Mr. Valadao Mr. Womack Mr. Zinke

Pursuant to the provisions of clause 3(b) of rule XIII of the House of Representatives, the results of each roll call vote on an amendment or on the motion to report, together with the names of those voting for and those voting against, are printed below:

#### Roll Call 2

Date: June 21, 2023

Measure: Legislative Branch Bill, FY 2024

Motion by: Mr. Amodei

Description of Motion: Prohibits funding for Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (DEI) initiatives, strikes plastic waste reduction provision, prohibits funding for discriminatory actions against certain religious beliefs, and directs the Librarian of Congress to produce a design concept for an exhibit on American exceptionalism.

Results: Adopted 33 yeas to 25 nays

Members Voting Yea Mr. Aderholt Mr. Amodei Mrs. Bice Mr. Calvert Mr. Carl Mr. Carter Mr. Ciscomani Mr. Cline Mr. Cloud Mr. Clyde Mr. Cole Mr. Diaz-Balart Mr. Ellzey Mr. Fleischmann Mr. Franklin Mr. Garcia Ms. Granger Mr. Guest Dr. Harris Mrs. Hinson Mr. Joyce Mr. LaTurner Ms. Letlow Mr. Moolenaar Mr. Newhouse Mr. Reschenthaler Mr. Rogers Mr. Rutherford Mr. Simpson Mr. Stewart

Mr. Valadao Mr. Womack Mr. Zinke

Members Voting Nay Mr. Aguilar Mr. Bishop Mr. Cartwright Mr. Case Mr. Cuellar Ms. DeLauro Mr. Espaillat Ms. Frankel Mr. Harder Mr. Hoyer Ms. Kaptur Ms. Lee of California Ms. Lee of Nevada Ms. McCollum Mr. Morelle Ms. Pingree Mr. Pocan Mr. Quigley Mr. Ruppersberger Mrs. Torres Mr. Trone Ms. Underwood Ms. Wasserman Schultz Mrs. Watson Coleman Ms. Wexton

Pursuant to the provisions of clause 3(b) of rule XIII of the House of Representatives, the results of each roll call vote on an amendment or on the motion to report, together with the names of those voting for and those voting against, are printed below:

Roll Call 3

Date: June 21, 2023

Measure: Legislative Branch Bill, FY 2024

Motion by: Mr. Aguilar

Description of Motion: Language to permit funds in the Act to be used to employ individuals with an employment authorization document under the Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) Program.

Results: Not Adopted 28 yeas to 30 nays

Members Voting Nay Mr. Aderholt Members Voting Yea Mr. Aguilar Mr. Bishop Mr. Cartwright Mr. Amodei Mrs. Bice Mr. Case Mr. Calvert Mr. Carl Mr. Carter Mr. Ciscomani Mr. Cuellar Ms. DeLauro Mr. Espaillat Mr. Cline Mr. Cloud Ms. Frankel Mr. Clyde Mr. Harder Mr. Cole Mr. Diaz-Balart Mr. Hoyer Mr. Elizey Mr. Fleischmann Ms. Kaptur Ms. Lee of California Ms. Lee of Nevada Mr. Franklin Ms. McCollum Mr. Garcia Mr. Morelle Ms. Granger Mr. Newhouse Ms. Pingree Mr. Pocan Mr. Guest Dr. Harris Mrs. Hinson Mr. Quigley Mr. Joyce Mr. Ruppersberger Mr. LaTurner Ms. Letlow Mr. Moolenaar Mrs. Torres Mr. Trone Ms. Underwood Mr. Reschenthaler Mr. Rogers Mr. Rutherford Mr. Valadao Ms. Wasserman Schultz Mr. Simpson Mrs. Watson Coleman Ms. Wexton Mr. Stewart Mr. Womack Mr. Zinke

Pursuant to the provisions of clause 3(b) of rule XIII of the House of Representatives, the results of each roll call vote on an amendment or on the motion to report, together with the names of those voting for and those voting against, are printed below:

#### Roll Call 4

Date: June 21, 2023

Measure: Legislative Branch Bill, FY 2024

Motion by: Mr. Clyde

Description of Motion: Reduces funding for Presidential Inaugural Stands funded under the Architect of the Capitol's

budge

Results: Adopted 33 yeas to 24 nays

Members Voting Yea Mr. Aderholt Mr. Amodei Mrs. Bice Mr. Calvert Mr. Carl Mr. Carter Mr. Ciscomani Mr. Cline Mr. Cloud Mr. Clyde Mr. Cole Mr. Diaz-Balart Mr. Ellzey Mr. Fleischmann Mr. Franklin Mr. Garcia Ms. Granger Mr. Guest Dr. Harris Mrs. Hinson Mr. Joyce Mr. LaTurner Ms. Letlow Mr. Moolenaar Mr. Newhouse Mr. Reschenthaler Mr. Rogers Mr. Rutherford Mr. Simpson Mr. Stewart Mr. Valadao

Mr. Womack Mr. Zinke Members Voting Nay
Mr. Aguilar
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Cartwright
Mr. Case
Mr. Cuellar
Ms. DeLauro
Mr. Espaillat
Ms. Frankel
Mr. Harder
Mr. Hoyer
Ms. Kaptur
Ms. Lee of California
Ms. Lee of Nevada
Ms. McCollum
Mr. Morelle
Ms. Pingree
Mr. Pocan
Mr. Quigley
Mr. Ruppersberger
Mrs. Torres
Ms. Underwood
Ms. Wasserman Schultz

Mrs. Watson Coleman

Ms. Wexton

Pursuant to the provisions of clause 3(b) of rule XIII of the House of Representatives, the results of each roll call vote on an amendment or on the motion to report, together with the names of those voting for and those voting against, are printed below:

#### Roll Call 5

Date: June 21, 2023

Measure: Legislative Branch Bill, FY 2024

Motion by: Mr. Rogers
Description of Motion: To report the bill to the House, as amended.
Results: Adopted 33 yeas to 24 nays

Members Voting Yea Mr. Aderholt Mr. Amodei Mrs. Bice Mr. Calvert Mr. Carl Mr. Carter Mr. Ciscomani Mr. Cline Mr. Cloud Mr. Clyde Mr. Cole Mr. Diaz-Balart Mr. Ellzey Mr. Fleischmann Mr. Franklin Mr. Garcia Ms. Granger Mr. Guest Dr. Harris Mrs. Hinson Mr. Joyce Mr. LaTurner Ms. Letlow Mr. Moolenaar Mr. Newhouse

Mr. Reschenthaler Mr. Rogers Mr. Rutherford Mr. Simpson Mr. Stewart Mr. Valadao Mr. Womack Mr. Zinke

Members Voting Nay Mr. Aguilar Mr. Bishop Mr. Cartwright

Mr. Case
Mr. Cuellar
Ms. DeLauro
Mr. Espaillat
Ms. Frankel Mr. Harder Mr. Hoyer Ms. Kaptur Ms. Lee of California

Ms. Lee of Nevada Ms. McCollum Mr. Morello Ms. Pingree Mr. Pocan Mr. Quigley Mr. Ruppersberger Mrs. Torres Ms. Underwood Ms. Wasserman Schultz Mrs. Watson Coleman Ms. Wexton

STATEMENT OF GENERAL PERFORMANCE GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

Pursuant to clause 3(c)(4) of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following is a statement of general performance goals and objectives for which this measure authorizes funding:

The Committee on Appropriations considers program performance, including a program's success in developing and attaining outcome-related goals and objectives, in developing funding recommendations.

#### RESCISSIONS

Pursuant to clause 3(f)(2) of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the bill contains no recissions.

#### Transfer of Funds

Pursuant to clause 3(f)(2) of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following lists the transfers of funds included in the accompanying bill:

Within the Government Publishing Office, provisos in the appropriations for "Congressional Publishing" and "Public Information Programs of the Superintendent of Documents, Salaries and Expenses" authorize transfer of unobligated or unexpended balances of expired discretionary funds appropriated under those headings for fiscal year 2024 to the "Government Publishing Office Business Operations Revolving Fund" account.

# DLSCLOSURE OF EARMARKS AND CONGRESSIONALLY DIRECTED SPENDING ITEMS

Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives, neither the bill nor this report contains any congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits as defined in clause 9 of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives.

# COMPLIANCE WITH RULE XIII, CL. 3(e) (RAMSEYER RULE)

In compliance with clause 3(e) of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, changes in existing law made by the bill, as reported, are shown as follows (new matter is printed in italics and existing law in which no change is proposed is shown in roman):

# TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE

# PART IV—ETHICS REQUIREMENTS

**CHAPTER 131—ETHICS IN GOVERNMENT** 

\* \* \* \* \* \*

# SUBCHAPTER III—LIMITATIONS ON OUTSIDE EARNED INCOME AND EMPLOYMENT

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

# § 13144. Limitations on outside employment

(a) LIMITATIONS.—A Member or an officer or employee who is a noncareer officer or employee and who occupies a position classified above GS-15 of the General Schedule or, in the case of positions not under the General Schedule, for which the rate of basic pay is equal to or greater than 120 percent of the minimum rate of basic pay payable for GS-15 of the General Schedule shall not—

(1) receive compensation for affiliating with or being employed by a firm, partnership, association, corporation, or other entity which provides professional services involving a fidu-

ciary relationship;

(2) permit that Member's, officer's, or employee's name to be used by any such firm, partnership, association, corporation, or other entity;

(3) receive compensation for practicing a profession which in-

volves a fiduciary relationship;

(4) serve for compensation as an officer or member of the

board of any association, corporation, or other entity; or

(5) receive compensation for teaching, without the prior notification and approval of the appropriate entity referred to in section 13142 of this title.

- (b) Teaching Compensation of Justices and Judges Retired From Regular Active Service.—For purposes of the limitation under section 13143(a) of this title, any compensation for teaching approved under subsection (a)(5) of this section shall not be treated as outside earned income—
  - (1) when received by a justice of the United States retired from regular active service under section 371(b) of title 28;
  - (2) when received by a judge of the United States retired from regular active service under section 371(b) of title 28, for teaching performed during any calendar year for which such judge has met the requirements of subsection (e) of section 371 of title 28, as certified in accordance with such subsection; or

(3) when received by a justice or judge of the United States retired from regular active service under section 372(a) of title

28.

(c) LIMITATION ON TREATMENT AS FIDUCIARY RELATIONSHIP.—For purposes of this section, the relationship between a Member who is providing care directly to a patient in the form of medical services or dental services and the patient to whom such care is provided shall not be considered a fiduciary relationship.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

# CHANGES IN THE APPLICATION OF EXISTING LAW

Pursuant to clause 3(f)(1)(A) of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statements are submitted describing the effect of provisions in the accompanying bill that directly or indirectly change the application of existing law:

1. The bill provides that certain appropriation items remain available for more than one year, where programs or projects are

continuing in nature under the provisions of authorizing legislation but for which that legislation does not specifically authorize such extended availability.

2. The bill includes several provisions which place limitations on or change or extend existing limitations, appropriations, or authorizations, and which under some circumstances might be construed as changing the application of existing law.

3. The bill continues the practice of providing official reception and representation allowances for officers and offices of the Legisla-

tive Branch.

4. The bill authorizes disbursal of funds for various agencies.

5. The bill authorizes transfer authority between accounts for certain agencies in the bill.

6. The bill includes language allowing the use of funds for studies and examinations of executive agencies and temporary personnel services. Funds can also be available for reimbursement to agencies for services performed.

7. The bill includes language providing funds for the Family Room, the Superintendent of Garages, Office of Emergency Man-

agement, and preparing the Digest of Rules.

8. The bill includes language providing funds for House motor vehicles, interparliamentary receptions, and gratuities.

9. The bill requires unspent funds remaining in Members' Representational Allowances to be used for deficit or debt reduction.

10. The bill includes language that places a limitation on the amount that a Member can spend on a leased vehicle per month.

11. The bill includes language requiring that any Federal agencies that are assisting the House with cybersecurity risks ensure the constitutional integrity of the separate branches of government.

12. The bill authorizes allowances for employees of the Office of the Attending Physician and provides reimbursement to the De-

partment of the Navy.

13. The bill authorizes expenses of the Capitol Police for motor vehicles, communications and other equipment, uniforms, weapons, supplies, materials, training, medical services, forensic services, stenographic services, personal and professional services, the employee assistance program, the awards program, postage, communication services, travel advances, and relocation expenses.

14. The bill provides that the cost of Capitol Police basic training at the Federal Law Enforcement Training Centers be paid by the

Department of Homeland Security.

15. The bill allows the Architect of the Capitol to purchase or ex-

change, maintain, and operate one passenger motor vehicle.

16. The bill includes authorization allowing reimbursements for chilled water and steam provided to the Government Publishing Office, the Washington City Post Office, the Supreme Court, the Thurgood Marshall Federal Judiciary Building, Union Station Complex, and the Folger Shakespeare Library to be credited to the AOC Capitol Power Plant appropriation and made available for ob-

17. The bill allows the Architect of the Capitol to expend funds

to maintain, care for, and operate the National Garden.

18. The bill prohibits paying bonuses for contractors who are behind schedule or over budget.

19. The bill establishes that the amount available for obligation

by the Library of Congress is reduced by offsetting collections.

20. The bill provides specific funding for the American Folklife Center, the Teaching with Primary Sources program, the Legislative Branch Financial Management System, the Surplus Books Program, the Veterans History Project, and the Visitors Experience project.

21. The bill allows the Library of Congress to hire or purchase

one passenger motor vehicle.

22. The bill allows funds from offsetting collections to be used for

the Library's Copyright Office.

23. The bill includes language authorizing the expenditure of receipts, with the exception of salaries and benefits, for the administration of the Copyright Royalty Judges program.

24. The bill contains language which provides that no funds in the Congressional Research Service can be used to publish or prepare material to be issued by the Library of Congress unless approved by the appropriate Committee, with an exception.

25. The bill provides funds to provide newspapers to the blind

and print disabled.

26. The bill contains language under the Library of Congress placing a limitation on obligations for Reimbursable and Revolving Fund activities.

27. The bill contains language restricting the use of funds appropriated to the Government Publishing Office for the permanent edition of the Congressional Record for individual Representatives and Senators, Resident Commissioners or Delegates, and language providing that appropriations recommended shall be available for the payment of obligations incurred under appropriations for similar purposes for preceding fiscal years, limiting the printing of certain documents to a time certain, and authorizing the transfer of unobligated balances.

28. The bill includes language authorizing the Public Information Programs of the Superintendent of Documents to pay for printing certain publications in prior years for the depository library program. There is language authorizing the transfer of unexpended

balances.

29. There is language authorizing the operation of the Government Publishing Office Revolving Fund, and which authorizes travel expenses for advisory councils, the purchase of not more than 12 passenger motor vehicles and that the revolving fund may be used

to provide information in any format.

30. The bill includes language relating to the Government Accountability Office, authorizing the direct procurement of expert and consultant services under 5 U.S.C. 3109 at certain rates; authorizing the hire of one passenger motor vehicle, as required by 31 U.S.C. 1343; authorizing the Government Accountability Office to make advance payments in foreign countries in accordance with 31 U.S.C. 3324; and providing certain benefits, including rental of living quarters in foreign countries. Appropriations are authorized for administrative expenses of any other member department or agency to finance an appropriate share of the costs of the National Intergovernmental Audit Forum or a Regional Intergovernmental Audit Forum.

31. The bill includes language prohibiting the use of funds in the Act for the maintenance or care of private vehicles except for emergency assistance and cleaning as may be provided under regulations relating to parking facilities for the House issued by the Committee on House Administration and for the Senate by the Committee on Rules and Administration.

32. The bill provides no part of the funds appropriated in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond fiscal year 2024 unless

expressly so provided in this Act.

- 33. The bill provides that whenever any office or position not specifically established by the Legislative Pay Act of 1929 is appropriated for herein, or whenever the rate of compensation or designation of any position appropriated for herein is different from that specifically established for such position by such Act, the rate of compensation and the designation of the position, either appropriated for or provided herein, shall be the permanent law with respect thereto. The bill also provides that the provisions herein for the various items of official expenses of Members, officers, and the Committees, and clerk hire for Senators and Members shall be the permanent law with respect thereto.
- 34. The bill requires that certain information regarding consulting services shall be a matter of public record.
- 35. The bill authorizes Legislative Branch entities to share the costs of the Legislative Branch Financial Managers Council.

36. The bill limits the transfer of funds in this Act.

- 37. The bill prohibits funds in this Act being used to eliminate or restrict staff-led guided tours.
- 38. The bill prohibits funds from being used to acquire telecommunications equipment from a particular class of vendors.
- 39. The bill prohibits funds from being used to maintain or establish a computer network unless the network blocks pornography.
- 40. The bill includes a change to the limitations on outside earned income and employment as it relates to fiduciary relationships.

### APPROPRIATIONS NOT AUTHORIZED BY LAW

Pursuant to clause 3(f)(1)(B) of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following lists the appropriations in the accompanying bill which are not authorized by law for the period:

The accompanying bill contains no appropriations not authorized by law.

BUDGETARY IMPACT OF THE FY 2024 LEGISLATIVE BRANCH APPROPRIATIONS BILL PREPARED IN CONSULTATION WITH THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE PURSUANT TO SECTION 308(a) OF THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET ACT OF 1974

## COMPARISON WITH BUDGET RESOLUTION

Pursuant to clause 3(c)(2) of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives and section 308(a)(1)(A) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the following table compares the levels of new budget authority provided in the bill with the appropriate allocation under section 302(b) of the Budget Act.

41

ſΙ	n r	nill	ions	οf	dοl	lare

	302(b) Alloc	ation	This Bill	
	Budget Authority	Outlays	Budget Authority	Outlays
Comparison of amounts in the bill with Committee allocations to its subcommittees: Subcommittee on Legislative Branch Discretionary				
All Except Senate	5,313	n.a.	5,302	5,531
Senate items	1,433	n.a.	0	0
Total	6,746	6,630	5,302	5,531
Mandatory	137	137	137	1 137

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes outlays from prior-year budget authority. [Note placeholder, if needed].

#### FIVE-YEAR OUTLAY PROJECTIONS

Pursuant to clause 3(c)(2) of rule XIII and section 308(a)(1)(B) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the following table contains five-year projections associated with the budget authority provided in the accompanying bill as provided to the Committee by the Congressional Budget Office.

[In millions of dollars]

	Outlays
Projection of outlays associated with the recommendation:	
2024	<sup>1</sup> 4,373
2025	618
2026	140
2027	64
2028 and future years	43

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes outlays from prior-year budget authority.

## FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

Pursuant to clause 3(c)(2) of rule XIII and section 308(a)(1)(C) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the Congressional Budget Office has provided the following estimates of new budget authority and outlays provided by the accompanying bill for financial assistance to State and local governments.

[In millions of dollars)

	Budget Authority	Outlays
Financial assistance to State and local governments for 2024	0	1 0

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Excludes outlays from prior-year budget authority.

# PROGRAM DUPLICATION

Pursuant to clause 3(c)(5) of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following states that: No provision of this bill establishes or reauthorizes a program of the Federal Government known to be duplicative of another Federal program, a program that was included in any report from the Government Accountability Office to Congress pursuant to section 21 of Public Law 111–139, or a program related to a program identified in the most recent Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance.

# COMMITTEE HEARINGS

Pursuant to clause 3(c)(6) of rule XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following hearings were used to develop or consider the Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2024:

Date	Title of Hearing	Witnesses
March 8, 2023	Budget Hearing—Fiscal Year 2024 for the Office of Congressional Workplace Rights.	Mr. Patrick N. Findlay, Request Executive Director Office of Congressional Workplace Rights.
March 8, 2023	Budget Hearing—Fiscal Year 2024 Request for the Con- gressional Budget Office.	Dr. Phillip L. Swagel, Director, Congressional Budget Office.
March 9, 2023	Budget Hearing—Fiscal Year 2024 Request for the United States Government Publishing Office.	The Honorable Hugh Nathanial Halpern, Director, Government Publishing Office.
March 23, 2023	Budget Hearing—Fiscal Year 2024 Request for the Gov- ernment Accountability Of- fice.	The Honorable Gene L. Dodaro, Comptroller General of the United States Government Accountability Office.
March 23, 2023	Budget Hearing—Fiscal Year 2024 Request for the Li- brary of Congress.	Dr. Carla Hayden, Librarian of Congress, Maria Strong, Associate Register Copyrights & Director of Policy and Internal Affairs, Dr. Mary Mazanec, Director, Congressional Research Service.
March 24, 2023	Legislative Branch Member and Public Witness Day.	The Honorable Derek Kilmer.
March 28, 2023	Budget Hearing—Fiscal Ýear 2024 Request for the House of Representatives.	The Honorable Cheryl L. Johnson, Clerk, U.S. House of Representatives, The Honorable William McFarland, Acting Sergeant at Arms, U.S. House of Representatives, The Honorable Catherine L. Szpindor, Chief Administrative Officer, U.S. House of Representatives Accompanied by: Dr. Sesha Joi Moon, Director, Office of Diversity and Inclusion, U.S. House of Representatives, Mr. Matthew Barry, General Counsel, U.S. House of Representatives, Mr. Joseph C. Picolla, Inspector General, U.S. House of Representatives, Mr. Ralph V. Seep, Law Revision Counsel, U.S. House of Representatives, Mr. E. Wade Ballou, Jr., Legislative Counsel, U.S. House of Representatives.
March 28, 2023	Budget Hearing—Fiscal Year 2024 Request for the Ar- chitect of the Capitol.	Mrs. Chere Rexroat, Acting Architect of the Capitol.
March 29, 2023	Budget Hearing—Fiscal Year 2024 Request for the United States Capitol Po- lice.	Mr. J. Thomas Manger, Chief of Police, United States Capitol Police.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR 2023
AND BUDGET REQUESTS AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 2024
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2023 Enacted	FY 2024 Request	11.8	Bill vs. Enacted	Bill vs. Request
	* # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	, t	\$ 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
TITLE I - LEGISLATIVE BRANCH					
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES			e ser		
Payment to Widows and Heirs of Deceased Members of Congress (FY23 CR funding) (P.L. 117-180)	174	1	\$ \$ \$	-174	1
Salaries and Expenses					
House Leadership Offices					
Office of the Speaker	10,499	10,499	10,499	* * *	k E
Office of the Majority Floor Leader	3,730	3,730	3,730	* • • •	1 1
Office of the Minority Floor Leader	10,499	10,499	10.499	;	:
Office of the Majority Whip	3,099	3,099	3,099	* i	;
Office of the Minority Whip.	2,809	2,809	2,809	2 3 1	•
Republican Conference	2,962	2,962	2,962	\$ \$ {	:
Democratic Caucus	2,962	2,962	2,962	3 4 ±	;
			*		, , ,
Total, House Leadership Offices	36,560	36,560	36,560		:

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR 2023 AND BUDGET REQUESTS AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 2024 (Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2023 Enacted	FY 2024 Request	Bill	Bill vs. Enacted	Bill vs. Request
Members' Representational Allowances	5 5 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	6   1   5   4   8   8   8   8   8   8   8   8   8	1		) ) (1) (4) (4) (5) (6) (7) (7) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8) (8
Including Members' Clerk Hire, Official Expenses of Members, and Official Mail	810,000	810,000	810,000	; ; ;	;
Allowance for Compensation of Interns					
House Member Offices	20,639	20,639	20,639	,	;
	586	586	586	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
House Standing, Special and Select Committee Offices	2,600	2,600	2,600	;	1
House Appropriations Committee Office	463	463	463	f f	# #  }
Total, Allowance for Compensation of Interns	24,288	24,288	24,288		; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;
Committee Employees					
Standing Committees, Special and Select	180,587	184,237	180,587	;	-3,650
Committee on Appropriations (including studies and investigations)	31,294	31,294	31,294	,	:
Total, Committee Employees	211,881	215,531	211,881		-3,650

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR 2023 AND BUDGET REQUESTS AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 2024 (Amounts in thousands)

Bill vs. Request

Bill vs. Enacted

8111

FY 2024 Request

FY 2023 Enacted

Salaries, Officers and Employees					
Office of the Clerk	40.827	44,747	41,455	+628	-3,292
Office of the Sergeant at Arms.		33,628	38,793	1 1	+5,165
Office of the Chief Administrative Officer		227,853	213,072	+1,500	-14,781
Office of Diversity and Inclusion	3,500	3,000	\$ 1 4	-3,500	-3,000
Office of the Whistleblower Ombuds.		1,250	1.250	•	•
Office of the Inspector General		5,512	5,512	+374	:
Office of General Counsel.		1,987	1,987	+75	1 1
Office of the Parliamentarian.		2,240	2,240	+56	2 1
Office of the Law Revision Counsel of the House		3,900	3,900	+154	:
Office of the Legislative Counsel of the House.		14,671	14,671	+1,214	1 3
Office of Interparliamentary Affairs.		934	934	1 2 2	:
Other authorized employees	744	1,065	1,065	+321	*
Total, Salaries, officers and employees	324,057	340.787	324.879	+822	-15,908

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR 2023
AND BUDGET REQUESTS AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 2024
(Amounts in thousands)

	(Amounts in thousands)	usands)				
	FY 2023 Enacted	FY 2024 Request	Bill	Bill vs. Enacted	Bill vs. Request	
and Expenses	5 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	, 2 1 2 2 3 3 2 1 3 4 4 4 4 4 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	. \$ # 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	. # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
istrative costs and Federal	1,555	1,555	1,555	\$ •	:	
Official mail for committees, leadership offices, and administrative offices of the House	190	190	190	9 8 1	1 1 1	
Government contributions	387,368	417,042	392,368	+5.000	-24,674	
saster Recovery,,,,,,,,,,,	22,841	27,264	27.264	+4,423		
	5,895	13,484	5,895	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	-7,589	
Green and Gold Congressional Aide Program	9.674	3,356	3,356	-6,318	:	
Office of Congressional Ethics	1,762	1,774	1,762	1 1	-12	
	1,500	1.000	1.000	-500	1 1	
Total, Allowances and expenses	430,785	465,665	433,390	+2,605	-32,275	
House Modernization Initiatives Account	10,000	10,000	10,000			
Total, House of Representatives	1,847,745	1,902,831	1,850,998	+3,253	-51,833	
	(1,847,571)	(1,902,831)	(1,850,998)	(+3,427)	(-51,833)	
***			计转移机 经收益 化二甲基苯甲基甲基苯甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲			

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR 2023
AND BUDGET REDUESTS AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 2024
(Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2023 Enacted	FY 2024 Request		Bill vs. Enacted	Bill vs. Request
JOINT ITEMS					
Joint Economic Committee 1/Joint Congressional Committee on Inaudural Geremonies.	4,283	4,283	4,283	5 3 9 8 8 5	-3,675
Joint Committee on Taxation	12,948	14,125	13,059	+111	-1,066
Office of the Attending Physician					
Medical supplies, equipment, expenses, and allowances.	4,181	6,299	4,270	68+	-2,029
Office of Congressional Accessibility Services					
Salaries and expenses		1,766	1,766	+64	***
Total, Joint Items	23,114	30,148	23,378	+264	.6,770
CAPITOL POLICE					
Salaries	541,730 192,846	612,270 228,672	588,070 192.846	+46,340	-24,200
Total, Capitol Police			780,916	+46,340	-60,026
OFFICE OF CONGRESSIONAL WORKPLACE RIGHTS					
Salaries and expenses	8,000	8,550	8,000	8 9 8	-550

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR 2023 AND BUDGET REQUESTS AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 2024 (Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2023 Enacted	FY 2024 Request	.E	Bill vs. Enacted	Bill vs. Request
CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE					
Salaries and expenses	63,237	70,775	64,637	+1,400	-6,138
ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL (AOC)					
Capital Construction and Operations	145,843	175,765	149,073	+3,230	-28,692
Capitol building.	80,589	119,267	74,304	-6,285	-44,963
					•
House office buildings	126,279	195,277	168,439	+42,160	-26,838
Offsetting collections	4,000		4 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	+4,000	1 7 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Subtotal, AOC House Buildings	122,279	195,277	168,439	+46,160	-26,838
Capitol Power Plant	176,951	168,024	141,751	-35,200	-26,273
Spending from offsetting collections	-10.000	-10,000	-10,000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	* 1
Subtotal, Capitol Power Plant	166,951	158,024	131,751	-35,200	-26,273
Library buildings and grounds	144,220	120,766	117,120	-27,100	-3,646
Capitol police buildings, grounds and security	402.907	119,828	81,172	-321,735	-38,656
Botanic Garden	23,560	21,187	21,187	-2,373	;
Capitol Visitor Center	1	29,835	27,692	***	-2,143
Total, Architect of the Capitol		957,505			-170,402
	errent				

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR 2023 AND BUDGET REQUESTS AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 2024 (Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2023 Enacted	FY 2024 Request	8111	Bill vs. Enacted	Bill vs. Request
	***************************************	***************************************	************		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
LIBRARY OF CONGRESS					
Salaries and expenses	582,529	618,570	582,605	+76	-35,965
Copyright Office, Salaries and expenses	100,674	103,128	101,011	+337	-2,117
Authority to spend receipts	-43,912	-45,591	-44,591	679-	+1,000
Frior year unouilgated balances	000.5	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	200,1-	000,21	000,1
Subtotal, Copyright Office	53,762	57,537	55,420	+1,658	-2,117
Congressional Research Service, Salaries and expenses: Salaries and expenses	133,600	146,574	135,797	+2,197	-10,777
National Library Service for the Blind and Print Disabled					
	58,657	72,523	69,925	+11,268	-2,598
Total, Library of Congress	828,548	895,204	843,747	+15,199	-51,457
GOVERNMENT PUBLISHING OFFICE					
Congressional publishingPublic Information Programs of the Superintendent of	82,992	83,000	82,992	!	<b>α</b>
Documents, Salaries and expenses	35,257	37,388	35,257	1	-2,131
Revolving Fund.	11,605	12,100	11,605	) ) )	-495
Total, Government Publishing Office	129,854 132,488		129,854	129,854	-2,634

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR 2023 AND BUDGET REQUESTS AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 2024 (Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2023 Enacted	FY 2024 Request	83	Bill vs. Enacted	Bill vs. Request
GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE Salaries and expenses		933,629 -73,976		+33,796	-53,649
Total, Government Accountability Office	790,319	859,653	806,004	+15.685	-53,649
CONGRESSIONAL OFFICE FOR INTERNATIONAL LEADERSHIP FUND Payment to the Congressional Office for International Leadership (COIL) Fund 1/	6,000	7,200	000'9	;	-1,200
JOHN C. STENNIS CENTER FOR PUBLIC SERVICE TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT	4				
Stennis Center for Public Service	430	430	430	日本教育 计数据 非非特別 排放 斯· 下 ;	注目的 具种针目目 种种种性苷
Total. Title I, Legislative Branch	5,562,229	5,705,726	5,301,067	-261,162	-404,659
TITLE II - GENERAL PROVISIONS Adjustments to Compensation (CBO estimate) Capitol Complex Health and Safety	5,000 5		(11,000)	+3,000 -5,000 (+11,000)	(+11,000)
Total, Title II, General Provisions	2,000		1	2,000	1

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR 2023 AND BUDGET REQUESTS AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 2024 (Amounts in thousands)

	FY 2023 Enacted	FY 2024 Request	1118		
OTHER APPROPRIATIONS  ANATATANAN HADALE CHORLE ENGATA ANDROGENEATIONS ACT	6 6 7 1 1 1 2 3 3 7 7 7 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8	1 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8			
AUDITIONAL UNKAINE SUFFICERIAL AFFROTATIONS AUT. 2022 (P.L. 117-128)					
Payment to Widows and Heirs of Deceased Members of Congress (Sec. 603)	174	1 4 *	;	-174	* * *
ADDITIONAL UKRAINE SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2023 (P.L. 117-328)					
DIVISON M					
Government Accountability Office					
Salaries and expenses (emergency)	7,500	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	既就發展問題時期開発機能的發展	500	神神 非問 非學 经 教 子 认 书 前 称
Total, Other Appropriations	7,674	7,674		-7,674	# 55

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF NEW BUDGET (OBLIGATIONAL) AUTHORITY FOR 2023 AND BUDGET REQUESTS AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 2024 (Amounts in thousands)

FY 2023 FY 2024 Bill vs. Bill vs. Enacted Request Bill Enacted Request	FY 2023 Enacted	FY 2024 Request	8111	Bill vs. Enacted	Bill vs. Request
Grand total Appropriations. Offsetting collections Emergency appropriations.	5,571,903 (5,634,268) (-69,865) (7,500)	5,705,726 (5,789,702) (-83,976)	5,301,067 (5,385,043) (-83,976)	-270.836 (-249.225) (-14.111) (-7.500)	-404,659 (-404,659)

1/ Budget Request includes amendments transmitted on May 9, 2023.

# MINORITY VIEWS

We appreciate the efforts of Chairman Amodei and his staff to produce the Legislative Branch bill for Fiscal Year 2024. We are thankful for their efforts to include requests submitted by the Democratic Committee. However, this bill, like several others that the House Appropriations Committee recently reported, continues the Republican's obsession with cutting federal funds and eliminating programs that help to grow and diversify our country.

The bill includes \$5.302 billion in discretionary appropriations to fund the offices of the House of Representatives and joint legislative branch items, a decrease of \$262.9 million (or 4.7%) from the FY23 enacted level. Including Senate items, the total amount provided is \$6.735 billion, a 2.4% reduction from the FY23 enacted level. The Majority took a separate vote to decrease funding for the

construction of the Presidential Inaugural Stands.

The bill does not carry longstanding legislation that would allow Legislative Branch agencies to employ individuals with an employment authorization document under the Deferred Action for Child-

hood Arrivals (DACA) Program.

The bill eliminates dedicated funding for the House Office of Diversity and Inclusion, an office put in place to diversify and expand access to the House of Representatives. This House should make every effort to be reflective of the ENTIRE nation we serve, and the districts Members represent.

The bill does nothing to facilitate House Resolution 1096, which extends the collective bargaining rights prescribed in the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 to employees of the House of Representatives and restore these rights to Congressional staffers.

The bill does not do enough to implement security enhancements at more than just one district office through the Sergeant at Arms district office security program, a matter of great importance given the recent attack on two Congressional staffers in Virginia.

The bill removes a provision to eliminate or reduce plastic waste across the Legislative Branch of Government, further contributing

to the impacts of climate change.

Amendments voted on in the Full Committee add unnecessary messaging provisions to the Legislative Branch bill, including a funds prohibition across the Legislative Branch for diversity, equity, and inclusion training or implementation that promotes or perpetuates divisive concepts related to race or sex. In addition, this bill prohibits funding that would be used in whole or in part to take any discriminatory action against a person who believes that marriage is, or should be recognized as, a union of one man and one woman.

The Legislative Branch bill should never be a place for divisive politics. The Legislative Branch bill should be used to ensure Con-

gress has the tools it needs to legislate and support the constituents we serve.

Rosa DeLauro. Adriano Espaillat.

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