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2d Session

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

{ REPORT
117-709

SURVEY OF ACTIVITIES OF THE HOUSE COMMITTEE ON RULES FOR THE 117TH CONGRESS

R E P O R T

OF THE

COMMITTEE ON RULES U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

together with
MINORITY VIEWS



JANUARY 3, 2023.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on
the State of the Union and ordered to be printed

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[†]Alcee L. Hastings of Florida was elected to the Committee on January 12, 2021 and served until his passing on April 6, 2021. Joe Neguse of Colorado was elected to the Committee on May 12, 2021.

^{*}Debbie Lesko of Arizona was elected to the Committee on January 12, 2021 and served until she resigned on January 28, 2021. Michelle Fischbach of Arizona was elected to the Committee on January 28, 2021.

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
COMMITTEE ON RULES,
Washington, DC, January 3, 2023.

Hon. CHERYL L. JOHNSON,
Clerk, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MADAM CLERK: Pursuant to clause 1(d) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives for the 117th Congress, I transmit herewith a report entitled “Survey of Activities of the House Committee on Rules for the 117th Congress.”

Sincerely,

JAMES P. MCGOVERN,
Chairman.

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JANUARY 3, 2023.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State
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Mr. MCGOVERN, from the Committee on Rules,
submitted the following

R E P O R T

together with

MINORITY VIEWS

Pursuant to clause 1(d) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Rules transmits herewith its Survey of Activities for the 117th Congress.

I. HISTORY, FUNCTION, AND ORGANIZATION OF THE COMMITTEE ON RULES

A. INTRODUCTION

In the 117th Congress, the Committee on Rules retained its traditional structure and purpose in the House of Representatives. Its size and super majority party ratio remained the same as in previous Congresses, under both Democratic and Republican control. Its central function continued to be setting the conditions under which major legislation is considered on the House floor, particularly regarding the terms of debate and the process for consideration of amendments.

Underscoring this role, scholars of Congress and Members have described the Rules Committee as a “traffic cop,” “gatekeeper,” and “the Speaker’s Committee.” All of these terms highlight the critical role the Committee plays in the conduct of legislative business in the House. While the primary responsibility of the Committee is to be the scheduling arm of the majority leadership, it also exercises “original jurisdiction” over the rules of the House, joint rules of the

House and Senate, the order of business in the House, and the budget process. Although the principal purpose of this report is to summarize the activities of the Rules Committee in the 117th Congress, its secondary purpose is to view these activities in the context of the evolution of the Committee and the House of Representatives since the First Congress in 1789.

B. HISTORY AND FUNCTION

The Rules Committee has a long and storied history. The first Rules Committee was established as a select committee of the House on the second day of the First Congress, April 2, 1789, pursuant to the Constitutional mandate in Article I, section 5, clause 2 that, “[e]ach House may determine the rules of its proceedings.” The House order creating the Committee stated that a committee be appointed “to prepare and report such standing rules and orders of proceedings as may be proper to be observed in the House.” Since the moment of its inception, the Committee has followed these mandates.

The Members serving on the Rules Committee have included some of the most prominent Members of the House. Of the first 11 Members on the Committee, several were Founding Fathers of the nation. These included: (1) Representative James Madison of Virginia, the “Father of the Constitution” and future President of the United States; (2) Representative Roger Sherman of Connecticut, the only one of the Founding Fathers to help prepare and sign all four of the most important documents of the early nation: the Articles of Association, the Articles of Confederation, the Declaration of Independence, and the Constitution; (3) Representative Elias Boudinot of New Jersey, President of the Continental Congress from November 1782 to November 1783; and (4) Representative Elbridge Gerry of Massachusetts, a future Vice President of the United States and a signer of both the Declaration of Independence and the Articles of Confederation.

Five days after its appointment, the first Select Committee on Rules began exercising its responsibilities. It reported four rules on: (1) the duties of the Speaker, (2) decorum and debate, (3) the disposition of bills, and (4) the operations of the Committee of the Whole. Six days later, on April 13, 1789 the Select Committee reported an additional eight rules dealing with such matters as the service of Members on committees, Members’ attendance during floor proceedings, the creation of a standing Committee on Elections, the duties of the Clerk, and the duties of the Sergeant-at-Arms. Following the adoption of these rules by the House, the Select Committee was dissolved.

During the first 90 years of the House, this pattern continued. At the beginning of each Congress, the House would establish a Select Committee on Rules, which would report any recommended revisions in the standing rules of the House from those of the previous, and then dissolve. In some Congresses, the House did not appoint a Select Committee on Rules and instead operated under the rules adopted in the preceding Congress.

Although in its early years the House relied primarily on select committees to draft legislation, by the mid-nineteenth century this system evolved to include 34 standing committees, which assumed such responsibilities. The House briefly converted the Rules Com-

mittee into a standing committee between 1849 and 1853. In 1880, the House permanently converted the Rules Committee into a standing committee chaired by the Speaker of the House. It was this Speaker-Chair position, combined with the newly-emerging role of the Committee to report rules managing consideration of legislation on the floor, that cement the Committee's place in legislative history.

In 1883, the modern Rules Committee began to emerge when the House upheld the right of the Committee to issue "special orders of business" or "special rules" providing for the consideration of legislation from other committees. By 1890, this new role had become the exclusive prerogative of the Rules Committee.

Special rules, which were and are House resolutions, also known as simple resolutions reported from the Rules Committee, were important because they required only a majority vote of the House to provide for the consideration of bills out of the order in which they appeared on the floor Calendar. This is notable because, until the use of special rules, a two-thirds vote was required to suspend the rules and consider a bill out of order. A simple majority could now accomplish what previously required a super-majority. Special rules gained importance because they gave the House flexibility in its legislative agenda, which in turn, allowed for House leadership to respond to changing judgments about the nation's needs at any given time.

Speaker Thomas Brackett Reed of Maine was the individual most responsible for recognizing and utilizing the full potential of the combined powers of Speaker and Rules Committee Chairman; this is because he served in those two roles from 1889 to 1891 and then again from 1895 to 1899. Not only did he use his authority as Speaker to make rulings from the Chair that outlawed certain obstructionist tactics on the House floor; he also proceeded to codify these rulings, known as "Reed's Rules," in the standing rules of the House through his capacity as Rules Committee Chairman. Speaker Reed also made regular use of the Rules Committee to report special rules, enabling him to schedule bills to be considered on the floor when he wished and under his terms of debate and amendment.

This powerful Speaker-Chairman position ended in 1910 in a revolt against Speaker Joseph Cannon of Illinois. Speaker Cannon had served as Speaker and Rules Committee Chairman since 1903. Disaffected by Speaker Cannon's autocratic rule, a group of Republican insurgents joined with the Democratic minority to bypass the Rules Committee and directly amend House Rules from the floor. The group amended the Rules to strip the Speaker of his chairmanship and membership on the Rules Committee, as well as his power to appoint Members to the Committee. They also voted to enlarge the Committee from five to ten members elected by the House. The following year, a new Democratic majority completed the revolution by taking away the Speaker's power to appoint Members to all of the other committees of the House. Since then, the House has elected all Members to standing committees.

This revolt had far-reaching and long-lasting consequences. While the Rules Committee continued to serve as the scheduling arm of the House leadership, it illustrated its independence when reaction set in against the New Deal in 1937, when many Rules

Committee members were opposed to the policies of President Roosevelt. From that time until 1961, the Committee was dominated by a conservative coalition of Southern Democrats and Republicans who sometimes would refuse to report rules on bills that the majority leadership wanted on the floor, or they would report such rules only under their own terms and timing. In 1961, Speaker Sam Rayburn of Texas and President John F. Kennedy led a successful effort to enlarge the membership of the Committee, from 12 to 15 Members, however this did not produce the desired effect. It was not until the mid-1970s, with a large influx of new Democratic Members, that the Rules Committee was fully restored as an arm of the majority leadership.

The reform movement of the mid-1970s also produced further decentralization in the House with the emergence of more independent Members and the proliferation of semi-autonomous subcommittees. This decentralization soon led to pressures to give the majority leadership, in particular the Speaker acting through the Rules Committee, more authority to direct the business of the House.

In 1975, with a Democratic majority in the House, Democratic Caucus rules, which govern how the Democratic Members will carry out their roles, gave the Democratic Speaker the authority to appoint all Rules Committee Democrats, subject to Caucus ratification. In 1989, with a Republican minority in the House, the Republican Conference, which governs how Republican Members exercise their duties, gave the Minority Leader the same authority to appoint Republican Members to the Rules Committee.

Today, the slates of appointees recommended by the Speaker and Minority Leader are still subject to approval by the whole House in the form of a simple resolution. In the 117th Congress, the Democratic Members were appointed to the Rules Committee through the adoption of H. Res. 35, and H. Res. 384. The Republican Members of the Committee were appointed through the adoption of H. Res. 36 and H. Res. 63.

While the most high-profile role of the Rules Committee is to direct legislative traffic to the House floor, the Committee is also responsible for other important business. For instance, as part of its gate-keeping work, the Committee must help resolve jurisdictional disputes between other standing committees. As is often the case, committees will report legislation with amendments that impact the jurisdiction of other committees. When legislation with such cross-jurisdictional language comes to the Rules Committee, the Committee must resolve these disputes to ensure that legislation reaches the floor without controversy between House committees.

Finally, with the aid of the Office of the Parliamentarian, the Committee plays a role in ensuring compliance with the House Rules. Authorizing and appropriating committees often seek guidance in how to conduct their oversight and legislative responsibilities in accordance with the Rules. When questions arise regarding the propriety of certain courses of action, they turn to the Rules Committee or the Parliamentarian for the answer.

Overall, and notwithstanding changes in majority control, the Rules Committee continues its role of facilitating the deliberation and amending of legislation in the House.

C. COMMITTEE ORGANIZATION DURING THE 117TH CONGRESS

At the beginning of the 94th Congress, the Committee membership was increased from fifteen Members (ten Democrats and five Republicans) to sixteen Members (eleven Democrats and five Republicans). This ratio remained until the 98th Congress, when the membership was reduced to thirteen Members (nine Democrats and four Republicans). The membership has remained at thirteen, through the 117th Congress. The ratio of majority party Members to minority party Members also has remained the same. However, in the 112th through the 115th Congresses, Republicans were in the majority and Democrats were in the minority. During the 116th and 117th Congresses, Democrats were in the majority.

Ten of the thirteen members of the Rules Committee in the 117th Congress served on the Committee during the previous Congress. The returning Democratic Representatives were James McGovern of Massachusetts, Alcee Hastings of Florida, Norma Torres of California, Ed Perlmutter of Colorado, Jamie Raskin of Maryland, Mary Gay Scanlon of Pennsylvania, Joe Morelle of New York, and Mark DeSaulnier of California. The new Democratic Representatives on the Committee for the 117th Congress were Deborah K. Ross of North Carolina, and Joe Neguse of Colorado. Alcee L. Hastings of Florida was elected to the Committee on January 12, 2021 and served until his passing on April 6, 2021. Joe Neguse of Colorado was elected to the Committee on May 12, 2021. The returning Republican Representatives were Tom Cole of Oklahoma, Michael Burgess of Texas, and Debbie Lesko of Arizona. The new Republican Representatives on the Committee for the 117th Congress were Guy Reschenthaler of Pennsylvania and Michelle Fischbach of Minnesota. Debbie Lesko of Arizona was elected to the Committee on January 12, 2021, and served until she resigned on January 28, 2021. Michelle Fischbach of Arizona was elected to the Committee on January 28, 2021.

The Committee held its organizational meeting on January 12, 2021. Chairman James McGovern of Massachusetts opened the meeting and welcomed all of the Committee Members. Chairman McGovern announced that the organizational process would be truncated. In agreement with the Minority, the Committee adopted the Committee's rules for the previous Congress with no modifications by unanimous consent. The majority and minority staff of the Committee on Rules was approved, and Chairman McGovern announced that the Committee would meet to consider changes to the rules at a later date and the Committee would send amended rules for publication at such time.

The Committee resumed its organizational process on February 2, 2021. Chairman McGovern explained the technical changes that were being proposed. Mrs. Torres offered a motion that the Committee adopt the proposed Committee Rules. One amendment was considered and voted upon. Amendment #1, offered by Mr. Cole, would require the consideration of at least one minority amendment in a rule that provides for consideration of at least one majority amendment that is self-executed. The amendment was defeated, three yeas, eight nays. Mrs. Torres' motion to adopt the Committee rules, as amended, was agreed to by voice vote.

Pursuant to clause 2(d) of rule XI of the Rules of the House, Chairman McGovern designated Alcee Hastings as the Vice Chair of the Rules Committee to act on the Chair's behalf during a temporary absence of the Chair.

Mrs. Torres offered a motion that pursuant to rule 5(c) of the Committee on Rules, the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House, the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process, and the Subcommittee on Expedited Procedures continued to be composed of five majority and two minority Members, identical to the ratio used in recent Congresses. Mr. Torres' motion was agreed to by voice vote.

Mrs. Torres proposed and the Committee adopted by unanimous consent the majority and minority Members of the three subcommittees as follows:

Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House: Mrs. Torres (Chair), Mr. Perlmutter (Vice Chair), Ms. Scanlon, Mr. Morelle, Mr. McGovern, Mr. Reschenthaler (Ranking Member), and Mr. Cole.

Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process: Mr. Hastings (Chair), Mr. Morelle (Vice Chair), Ms. Scanlon, Ms. Ross, Mr. McGovern, Mr. Burgess (Ranking Member), and Mr. Cole. Following the passing of Mr. Hastings, Mr. Morelle assumed the role of Chair and, on May 12, 2021, Mr. Neguse was appointed to the subcommittee.

Subcommittee on Expedited Procedures: Mr. Raskin (Chair), Ms. Ross (Vice Chair), Mrs. Torres, Mr. DeSaulnier, Mr. McGovern, Mrs. Fischbach (Ranking Member), and Mrs. Cole.

D. INFORMATION TRANSPARENCY AND TECHNOLOGY FOR THE RULES COMMITTEE

Due to its unique role in the legislative process, the Committee on Rules has traditionally assumed the role as the portal through which Members and the public access major legislation in the House. Whether it is early access to legislation or conference reports, or the text of amendments submitted to the Committee or made in order for the floor, the Rules Committee has always served as the central repository for those documents. In addition to its own website, the Committee, along with the Majority Leader's office, continues to maintain legislative data available to the public at docs.house.gov.

The Committee majority continued use of its website as modernized in the 116th Congress. Among the key features of the site are:

- Live-streamed video of Committee meetings embedded on the homepage;
- Dates and times for meetings and amendment deadlines highlighted on the homepage;
- Mobile-ready versions of all pages on the site;
- A "Special Rules" page, listing in one place all rules reported by the Committee in recent Congresses; and
- An "Original Jurisdiction" page, listing all such hearings and mark-ups conducted by the Committee.

Additionally, the website maintains links to the historical and educational material that Members, staff, citizens, and academics find useful in understanding the legislative process in the House,

in addition to all records posted to the majority website since the beginning of the 112th Congress.

The Committee continues to make critical use of the Committee on Rules Electronic Database (CORE Database) that was originally developed in the 109th Congress to assist with amendment intake, tracking, and production of draft rules and reports on an expedited basis.

This system serves as the interface through which Member offices submit amendments to the Committee. Once submitted, CORE allows the Committee to quickly process amendments, as well as track them throughout the Rules Committee process. Ultimately, CORE is responsible for producing the templates of each resolution and report needed for filing with the House. CORE also streamlines the posting of amendments and other information on the Committee's public website.

The Committee has continued to improve the CORE Database with a recent focus on efficiency of amendment submissions by staff in personal offices. Electronic-only amendment submissions initially began as a response to the COVID-19 pandemic in the 116th Congress, with personal office staff verifying each submission via e-mail and manual acceptance processing by Committee staff. As that proved successful, in the second half of 2020, the Committee staff determined that electronic-only submissions should be made permanent. In February 2021, shortly after the start of this Congress, the CORE Database was upgraded to provide a smart form to authenticated House users permitting them to submit, revise, and withdraw amendments on behalf of their bosses. These paperless submissions are processed and numbered automatically by the CORE Database without requiring clerical work by Committee staff.

On January 4, 2021, the House adopted House Resolution 8 which carried forward House Resolution 965 from the 116th Congress to ensure Congress could continue legislating during the COVID-19 pandemic. The resolution provided for the temporary implementation of remote voting on the House Floor and virtual committee proceedings during a "covered period" designated by the Speaker after receiving a notification from the Sergeant-at-Arms, in consultation with the Attending Physician, that a public health emergency due to a novel coronavirus is in effect. A "covered period" was designated by Speaker Pelosi on January 4, 2021 and was ultimately extended through the end of the 117th Congress.

Following the guidance of the Attending Physician to maximize the use of telework across the House, the Committee began the Congress by continuing to hold fully remote committee proceedings. The Committee used the Cisco WebEx video conferencing platform, which was approved by the Chief Administrative Officer of the House, to conduct remote committee meetings. The Committee established a web-accessible document repository and provided members and staff with an email address to submit materials for the record.

On June 14, 2021, the Committee held its first "hybrid" meeting—meaning it was hosted in-person with the option for Members and witnesses to attend virtually. The Committee utilized a custom implementation of hybrid technology in partnership with the House Recording Studio. Due to the historic and constrained nature of the

space in H-313, The Capitol, each in-room Member/witness was provided with an individual tablet computer upon which to view remote attendees. Audio from remote participants was transmitted over the room speaker system. Remote participants, as well as the public, could see both the virtual and in-room proceedings from a feed produced by the House Recording Studio. This format was the standard for the rest of the 117th Congress.

The Committee also utilizes the tablet computers now installed in the hearing room as a paperless viewing platform for all documents that previously would have been printed and placed on the dais (bill texts, report texts, amendment summaries, submissions for the record, etc.).

The Committee is proud of the near-total overhaul of its clerical operations since the start of the 116th Congress, including:

	Start of 116th Congress	End of 117th Congress
Amendment Submissions and Revisions	Hand-delivery of 20 copies each	Authenticated electronic submission with automated Committee acceptance
Amendment Co-sponsors and Withdrawals	Hand-delivery of signed letters	Authenticated electronic submission with automated Committee acceptance
Amendment Distribution to Minority Staff	Physical tray that could be picked-up in person	Automated distribution directly from the CORE Database
Web Publication of Amendment PDFs	Manual uploads to Committee server	Instant URL availability via the CORE Database
Bill, Report, and Amendment Summary Texts for Meetings	Printed and placed on the dais before each Member	Available digitally on the tablet computer before each Member
Member Participation and Witness Testimony	Only in-person in H-313	Either in-person or virtually via Cisco Webex
Report Compilation for Structured Rules	Printed heading sheets and paper amendment submissions manually collated together	CORE Database uses the XML embedded within each amendment file to automatically print their texts directly into the auto-generated report file
Report Filing	On-paper, by a Member on the Floor	Digital submission to the House Clerk

These changes maximize efficiency for the entire House, save countless boxes of paper, and ensure total accuracy in Committee materials.

E. RULES OF THE COMMITTEE ON RULES FOR THE 117TH CONGRESS

RULE 1.—GENERAL PROVISIONS

(a) The Rules of the House are the rules of the Committee and its subcommittees so far as applicable, except that a motion to recess from day to day, and a motion to dispense with the first reading (in full) of a bill or resolution, if printed copies are available, are non-debatable privileged motions in the Committee. A proposed investigative or oversight report shall be considered as read if it has been available to the members of the Committee for at least 24 hours (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, or legal holidays except when the House is in session on such day).

(b) Each subcommittee is a part of the Committee, and is subject to the authority and direction of the Committee and to its rules so far as applicable.

(c) The provisions of clause 2 of rule XI of the Rules of the House are incorporated by reference as the rules of the Committee to the extent applicable.

(d) The Committee's rules shall be published in the Congressional Record not later than 30 days after the Committee is elected in each odd-numbered year.

RULE 2.—REGULAR, ADDITIONAL, AND SPECIAL MEETINGS

REGULAR MEETINGS

(a)(1) The Committee shall regularly meet at 5:00 p.m. on the first day on which votes are scheduled of each week when the House is in session.

(2) A regular meeting of the Committee may be dispensed with if, in the judgment of the Chair, there is no need for the meeting.

(3) Additional regular meetings and hearings of the Committee may be called by the Chair.

NOTICE FOR REGULAR MEETINGS

(b) The Chair shall notify in electronic or written form each member of the Committee of the agenda of each regular meeting of the Committee at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting and shall provide to each member of the Committee, at least 24 hours before the time of each regular meeting:

(1) for each bill or resolution scheduled on the agenda for consideration of a rule, a copy of—

(A) the text of the bill or resolution;

(B) the text of any committee reports thereon; and

(C) any available letter requesting a rule for the bill or resolution; and

(2) for each other bill, resolution, report, or other matter on the agenda a copy of—

(A) the bill, resolution, report, or materials relating to the other matter in question; and

(B) any report on the bill, resolution, report, or any other matter made by any subcommittee of the Committee.

EMERGENCY MEETINGS

(c)(1) The Chair may call an emergency meeting of the Committee at any time on any measure or matter which the Chair determines to be of an emergency nature; provided, however, that the Chair has made an effort to consult the ranking minority member, or, in such member's absence, the next ranking minority party member of the Committee.

(2) As soon as possible after calling an emergency meeting of the Committee, the Chair shall notify each member of the Committee of the time and location of the meeting.

(3) To the extent feasible, the notice provided under paragraph (2) shall include the agenda for the emergency meeting and copies of available materials which would otherwise have been provided under subsection (b) if the emergency meeting was a regular meeting.

SPECIAL MEETINGS

(d) Special meetings shall be called and convened as provided in clause 2(c)(2) of rule XI of the Rules of the House.

RULE 3.—MEETING AND HEARING PROCEDURES

IN GENERAL

(a)(1) Meetings and hearings of the Committee shall be called to order and presided over by the Chair or, in the Chair's absence, by the member designated by the Chair as the Vice Chair of the Committee, or by the ranking majority member of the Committee present as Acting Chair.

(2) Meetings and hearings of the Committee shall be open to the public unless closed in accordance with clause 2(g) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives.

(3) Any meeting or hearing of the Committee that is open to the public shall be open to coverage by television, radio, and still photography in accordance with the provisions of clause 4 of rule XI of the Rules of the House (which are incorporated by reference as part of these rules).

(4) Before a motion to report a rule is offered, a copy of the language recommended shall be furnished to each member of the Committee.

QUORUM

(b)(1) For the purpose of hearing testimony on requests for rules, five members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum.

(2) For the purpose of taking testimony and receiving evidence on measures or matters of original jurisdiction before the Committee, three members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum.

(3) A majority of the members of the Committee shall constitute a quorum for the purposes of: reporting any measure or matter; authorizing a subpoena; closing a meeting or hearing pursuant to clause 2(g) of rule XI of the Rules of the House (except as provided in clause 2(g)(2)(A) and (B)); or taking any other action.

VOTING

(c)(1) No vote may be conducted on any measure or motion pending before the Committee unless a majority of the members of the Committee is actually present for such purpose.

(2) A record vote of the Committee shall be provided on any question before the Committee upon the request of any member.

(3) No vote by any member of the Committee on any measure or matter may be cast by proxy.

(4) A record of the vote of each member of the Committee on each record vote on any measure or matter before the Committee shall be made publicly available in electronic form within 48 hours, and with respect to any record vote on any motion to amend or report, shall be included in the report of the Committee showing the total number of votes cast for and against and the names of those members voting for and against.

HEARING PROCEDURES

(d)(1) With regard to hearings on matters of original jurisdiction, to the greatest extent practicable:

(A) each witness who is to appear before the Committee shall file with the Committee at least 24 hours in advance of the appearance a statement of proposed testimony in written and electronic form and shall limit the oral presentation to the Committee to a brief summary thereof; and

(B) In the case of a witness appearing in a nongovernmental capacity, a written statement of proposed testimony shall include—

(i) a curriculum vitae;

(ii) a disclosure of any Federal grants or contracts, or contracts, or grants, or payments originating with a foreign government, received during the past 36 months by the witness or by an entity represented by the witness and related to the subject matter of the hearing;

(iii) a disclosure of whether the witness is a fiduciary (including, but not limited to, a director, officer, advisor, or resident agent) of any organization or entity that has an interest in the subject matter of a hearing.

(C) The disclosure referred to in subdivision

(B)(ii) shall include—

(i) the amount and country of origin of any payment or contract related to the subject matter of the hearing originating with a foreign government.

(ii) the amount and country of origin of any payment or contract related to the subject matter of the hearing originating with a foreign government.

(D) Such statements, with appropriate redactions to protect the privacy or security of the witness, shall be made publicly available in electronic form 24 hours before the witness appears to the extent practicable, but not later than one day after the witness appears.

(2) The five-minute rule shall be observed in the interrogation of each witness before the Committee until each member of the Committee has had an opportunity to question the witness.

(3) The provisions of clause 2(k) of rule XI of the Rules of the House shall apply to any hearing conducted by the Committee.

SUBPOENAS AND OATHS

(e)(1) Pursuant to clause 2(m) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives, a subpoena may be authorized and issued by the Committee or a subcommittee in the conduct of any investigation or series of investigations or activities, only when authorized by a majority of the members voting, a majority being present.

(2) The Chair may authorize and issue subpoenas under such clause during any period in which the House has adjourned for a period of longer than three days.

(3) Authorized subpoenas shall be signed by the Chair or by any member designated by the Committee, and may be served by any person designated by the Chair or such member.

(4) The Chair, or any member of the Committee designated by the Chair, may administer oaths to witnesses before the Committee.

RULE 4.—GENERAL OVERSIGHT RESPONSIBILITIES

The Committee shall review and study, on a continuing basis, the application, administration, execution, and effectiveness of those laws, or parts of laws, the subject matter of which is within its jurisdiction.

RULE 5.—SUBCOMMITTEES

ESTABLISHMENT AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF SUBCOMMITTEES

(a)(1) There shall be three subcommittees of the Committee as follows:

(A) Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process, which shall have general responsibility for measures or matters related to relations between the Congress and the Executive Branch.

(B) Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House, which shall have general responsibility for measures or matters related to process and procedures of the House, relations between the two Houses of Congress, relations between the Congress and the Judiciary, and internal operations of the House.

(C) Subcommittee on Expedited Procedures, which shall have general responsibility for measures or matters related to expedited procedures for floor consideration in law or in the Rules of the House of Representatives.

(2) In addition, each such subcommittee shall have specific responsibility for such other measures or matters as the Chair refers to it.

(3) Each subcommittee of the Committee shall review and study, on a continuing basis, the application, administration, execution, and effectiveness of those laws, or parts of laws, the subject matter of which is within its general responsibility.

REFERRAL OF MEASURES AND MATTERS TO SUBCOMMITTEES

(b)(1) No special order providing for the consideration of any bill or resolution shall be referred to a subcommittee of the Committee.

(2) The Chair shall refer to a subcommittee such measures or matters of original jurisdiction as the Chair deems appropriate given its jurisdiction and responsibilities.

(3) All other measures or matters of original jurisdiction shall be subject to consideration by the full Committee.

(4) In referring any measure or matter of original jurisdiction to a subcommittee, the Chair may specify a date by which the subcommittee shall report thereon to the Committee.

(5) The Committee by motion may discharge a subcommittee from consideration of any measure or matter referred to a subcommittee of the Committee.

COMPOSITION OF SUBCOMMITTEES

(c) The size and ratio of each subcommittee shall be determined by the Committee and members shall be elected to each subcommittee, and to the positions of chair and ranking minority member thereof, in accordance with the rules of the respective party caucuses. The Chair of the full committee may designate a member of the majority party on each subcommittee as its vice chair.

SUBCOMMITTEE MEETINGS AND HEARINGS

(d)(1) Each subcommittee of the Committee is authorized to meet, hold hearings, receive testimony, mark up legislation, and report to the full Committee on any measure or matter referred to it.

(2) No subcommittee of the Committee may meet or hold a hearing at the same time as a meeting or hearing of the full Committee is being held.

(3) The chair of each subcommittee shall schedule meetings and hearings of the subcommittee only after consultation with the Chair.

QUORUM

(e)(1) For the purpose of taking testimony, two members of the subcommittee shall constitute a quorum.

(2) For all other purposes, a quorum shall consist of a majority of the members of a subcommittee.

EFFECT OF A VACANCY

(f) Any vacancy in the membership of a subcommittee shall not affect the power of the remaining members to execute the functions of the subcommittee.

RECORDS

(g) Each subcommittee of the Committee shall provide the full Committee with copies of such records of votes taken in the subcommittee and such other records with respect to the subcommittee necessary for the Committee to comply with all rules and regulations of the House.

RULE 6.—STAFF

IN GENERAL

(a)(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (2) and (3), the professional and other staff of the Committee shall be appointed, by the Chair, and shall work under the general supervision and direction of the Chair.

(2) All professional, and other staff provided to the minority party members of the Committee shall be appointed, by the ranking minority member of the Committee, and shall work under the general supervision and direction of such member.

(3) The appointment of all professional staff shall be subject to the approval of the Committee as provided by, and subject to the provisions of, clause 9 of rule X of the Rules of the House.

ASSOCIATE STAFF

(b) Associate staff for members of the Committee may be appointed only at the discretion of the Chair (in consultation with the ranking minority member regarding any minority party associate staff), after taking into account any staff ceilings and budgetary constraints in effect at the time, and any terms, limits, or conditions established by the Committee on House Administration under clause 9 of rule X of the Rules of the House.

SUBCOMMITTEE STAFF

(c) From funds made available for the appointment of staff, the Chair of the Committee shall, pursuant to clause 6(d) of rule X of the Rules of the House, ensure that sufficient staff is made available to each subcommittee to carry out its responsibilities under the rules of the Committee, and, after consultation with the ranking minority member of the Committee, that the minority party of the Committee is treated fairly in the appointment of such staff.

COMPENSATION OF STAFF

(d) The Chair shall fix the compensation of all professional and other staff of the Committee, after consultation with the ranking minority member regarding any minority party staff.

CERTIFICATION OF STAFF

(e)(1) To the extent any staff member of the Committee or any of its subcommittees does not work under the direct supervision and direction of the Chair, the member of the Committee who supervises and directs the staff member's work shall file with the Chief of Staff of the Committee (not later than the tenth day of each month) a certification regarding the staff member's work for that member for the preceding calendar month.

(2) The certification required by paragraph (1) shall be in such form as the Chair may prescribe, shall identify each staff member by name, and shall state that the work engaged in by the staff member and the duties assigned to the staff member for the member of the Committee with respect to the month in question met the requirements of clause 9 of rule X of the rules of the House.

(3) Any certification of staff of the Committee, or any of its subcommittees, made by the Chair in compliance with any provision of law or regulation shall be made—

(A) on the basis of the certifications filed under paragraph (1) to the extent the staff is not under the Chair's supervision and direction, and

(B) on his own responsibility to the extent the staff is under the Chair's direct supervision and direction.

RULE 7.—BUDGET, TRAVEL, PAY OF WITNESSES

BUDGET

(a) The Chair, in consultation with other members of the Committee, shall prepare for each Congress a budget providing amounts for staff, necessary travel, investigation, and other expenses of the Committee and its subcommittees.

TRAVEL

(b)(1) The Chair may authorize travel for any member and any staff member of the Committee in connection with activities or subject matters under the general jurisdiction of the Committee. Before such authorization is granted, there shall be submitted to the Chair in writing the following:

(A) The purpose of the travel.

(B) The dates during which the travel is to occur.

(C) The names of the States or countries to be visited and the length of time to be spent in each.

(D) The names of members and staff of the Committee for whom the authorization is sought.

(2) Members and staff of the Committee shall make a written report to the Chair on any travel they have conducted under this subsection, including a description of their itinerary, expenses, and activities, and of pertinent information gained as a result of such travel.

(3) Members and staff of the Committee performing authorized travel on official business shall be governed by applicable laws, resolutions, and regulations of the House and of the Committee on House Administration.

PAY OF WITNESSES

(c) Witnesses may be paid from funds made available to the Committee in its expense resolution subject to the provisions of clause 5 of rule XI of the Rules of the House.

RULE 8.—COMMITTEE ADMINISTRATION REPORTING

(a) Whenever the Committee authorizes the favorable reporting of a bill or resolution from the Committee—

(1) The Chair or acting Chair shall report it to the House or designate a member of the Committee to do so.

(2) In the case of a bill or resolution in which the Committee has original jurisdiction, the Chair shall allow, to the extent that the anticipated floor schedule permits, any member of the Committee a reasonable amount of time to submit views for inclusion in the Committee report on the bill or resolution. Any such report shall contain all matters required by the Rules of the House of Representatives (or by any provision of law enacted as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the House) and such other information as the Chair deems appropriate.

(3) In the case of a resolution providing for consideration of a measure, the Committee report accompanying such resolution shall include an accurate explanation of any waivers of points of order, including a detailed explanation of all points of order.

RECORDS

(b)(1) There shall be a transcript made of each regular meeting and hearing of the Committee, and the transcript may be printed if the Chair decides it is appropriate or if a majority of the members of the Committee requests such printing. Any such transcripts shall be a substantially verbatim account of remarks actually made during the proceedings, subject only to technical, grammatical, and

typographical corrections authorized by the person making the remarks. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to require that all such transcripts be subject to correction and publication.

(2) The Committee shall keep a record of all actions of the Committee and of its subcommittees. The record shall contain all information required by clause 2(e)(1) of rule XI of the Rules of the House of Representatives and shall be available for public inspection at reasonable times in the offices of the Committee.

(3) All Committee hearings, records, data, charts, and files shall be kept separate and distinct from the congressional office records of the Chair, shall be the property of the House, and all Members of the House shall have access thereto as provided in clause 2(e)(2) of rule XI of the Rules of the House.

(4) The records of the Committee at the National Archives and Records Administration shall be made available for public use in accordance with rule VII of the Rules of the House. The Chair shall notify the ranking minority member of any decision, pursuant to clause 3(b)(3) or clause 4(b) of the rule, to withhold a record otherwise available, and the matter shall be presented to the Committee for a determination on written request of any member of the Committee.

AUDIO AND VIDEO COVERAGE

(c) The Chair shall provide, to the maximum extent practicable—

(1) complete and unedited audio and video broadcasts of all committee hearings and meetings; and

(2) for distribution of such broadcasts and unedited recordings thereof to the public and for the storage of audio and video recordings of the proceedings. Proceedings shall be broadcast live on the Majority Committee website and recordings shall be made available on such website within one calendar day of the proceeding.

COMMITTEE PUBLICATIONS ON THE INTERNET

(d) To the maximum extent feasible, the Committee shall make its publications available in electronic form.

JOURNAL

(e)(1) The Committee shall maintain a Committee Journal, which shall include all bills, resolutions, and other matters referred to or reported by the Committee and all bills, resolutions, and other matters reported by any other committee on which a rule has been granted or formally requested, and such other matters as the Chair shall direct. The Journal shall be published periodically, but in no case less often than once in each session of Congress.

(2) A rule is considered as formally requested when the Chairman of a committee of primary jurisdiction which has reported a bill or resolution (or a member of such committee authorized to act on the Chairman's behalf):

(A) has requested, in writing to the Chair, that a hearing be scheduled on a rule for the consideration of the bill or resolution; and

(B) has supplied the Committee with the bill or resolution, as reported, together with the final committee report thereon.

SURVEY OF ACTIVITIES REQUIREMENT

(f) The Committee’s Survey of Activities, filed pursuant to clause 1(d) of rule XI of the Rules of the House, shall include a compilation of all known waivers of points of order previously disclosed in reports from the Committee on Rules pursuant to paragraph (a)(3) of this rule or included in the Congressional Record.

OTHER PROCEDURES

(g) The Chair may establish such other Committee procedures and take such actions as may be necessary to carry out these rules or to facilitate the effective operation of the Committee and its subcommittees in a manner consistent with these rules.

RULE 9.—AMENDMENTS TO COMMITTEE RULES

The rules of the Committee may be modified, amended or repealed, in the same manner and method as prescribed for the adoption of committee rules in clause 2 of rule XI of the Rules of the House, but only if written notice of the proposed change has been provided to each Member at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting at which the vote on the change occurs. Any such change in the rules of the Committee shall be published in the Congressional Record within 30 calendar days after their approval.

II. HOUSE RULES CHANGES ADOPTED AT THE BEGINNING OF THE 117TH CONGRESS

A. INTRODUCTION

The resolution (H. Res. 8) proposing the rules for the One Hundred Seventeenth Congress was called up by Majority Leader Steny Hoyer on January 4, 2021. In addition to a series of changes to various standing rules, House Resolution 8 included a number of separate orders constituting procedures to be followed in the One Hundred Seventeenth Congress.

In crafting this rules package, Democrats on the Rules Committee conducted extensive outreach, consulting with Members and a wide variety of stakeholders in order to capture a range of suggestions and build on the reforms of the 116th Congress. This outreach included a letter to all Members soliciting their ideas.

Changes adopted in this extensive rules package include codifying a change made last Congress requiring hearings and mark-ups for measures considered under a rule; reinstating temporary changes that enabled remote voting by proxy and virtual committee work so Congress could continue its work as safely as possible during the coronavirus pandemic; preserving and reforming the Motion to Recommit to prevent a tool meant to improve bills from being used to hijack the legislative process for political gamesmanship; codifying the Office of Diversity and Inclusion; making it a violation of the Code of Official Conduct to disseminate manipulated media; strengthening Truth in Testimony disclosures to provide Members and the public with more information on the witnesses appearing before committees; establishing a Select Committee on Economic Disparity and Fairness in Growth; and requiring committees to post all amendments considered at mark-up online within 48 hours.

H. Res. 8 was adopted by the House 217–206.

B. SUMMARY OF SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES CONTAINED IN H. RES. 8,
ADOPTING HOUSE RULES FOR THE 117TH CONGRESS

Section 2. Changes to the Standing Rules

Conforming Change. Subsection (a) strikes outdated language that no longer exists in statute authorizing the Clerk to maintain on the House payroll the staff of a former Speaker. This authority, established through 2 U.S.C. § 5128, was repealed by Public Law 115–244 in the 115th Congress.

Office of Diversity and Inclusion and Office of the Whistleblower Ombuds. Subsection (b) codifies the Office of Diversity and Inclusion, established in the 116th Congress in House Resolution 6, into the standing rules of the House. The subsection instructs the Speaker, in consultation with the Minority Leader, to appoint a Director of the Office from recommendations provided by the chair of the Committee on House Administration in consultation with the ranking minority member. The Office is subject to the policy direction and oversight of the Committee on House Administration and will direct and guide House employing offices to recruit, hire, train, develop, advance, promote, and retain a diverse workforce; survey and evaluate diversity in House employing offices; submit a House of Representatives diversity report each session; and provide consultation and guidance in furtherance of increasing diversity and inclusion in the House.

Subsection (b) also codifies the Office of the Whistleblower Ombudsman, established in the 116th Congress in House Resolution 6, and changes its name to the gender-neutral Office of the Whistleblower Ombuds. The subsection instructs the Speaker, in consultation with the chairs and ranking minority members of the Committee on House Administration and the Committee on Oversight and Reform, to appoint a Director of the Office. The subsection instructs the Office, under the direction of the Committee on House Administration, and in consultation with other committees at the request of their chairs or ranking members, to develop best practices for whistleblower intake for House offices and provide trainings to House offices on how to safely receive information from whistleblowers.

Continuing Authority to Act in Litigation Matters. Subsection (c) clarifies existing practice that the continuing authority to act in litigation matters provided by clause 8(c) of rule II includes, but is not limited to, the authority for committee chairs to immediately reissue subpoenas, prior to the organization of their committees, to ensure litigation can continue uninterrupted.

Admittance to the Hall of the House. Subsection (d) adds the Mayor of the District of Columbia to the list of persons who are permitted in the Hall of the House. The subsection also adds a new restriction on who may access the Hall of the House, barring former Members, Delegates, Resident Commissioners, Parliamentarians, elected officers of the House, or minority employees nominated as an elected officer of the House if they have been convicted of a crime related to their election to, or service to, the House.

Gender-Inclusive Language. Subsection (e) modernizes the use of pronouns, familial relationship terminology, and other references to

gender in order to be inclusive of all Members, Delegates, Resident Commissioners, employees of the House, and their families. This also obviates the need for the former clause 2 of rule XXIX, which provided that “words importing one gender include the other as well.”

Committee on Armed Services. Subsection (f) adds the Marine Corps and the Space Force to the list of U.S. military service branches covered under the jurisdiction of the Committee on Armed Services. Neither addition substantively alters the committee’s current jurisdiction, and both are clarifying and technical in nature.

Committee Oversight Plans. Subsection (g) requires committees to include in their oversight plan a discussion of how the committee’s work will address issues of inequities on the basis of race, color, ethnicity, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, disability, age, or national origin.

Printing and Availability Requirements. Subsection (h) modifies two requirements related to the method by which specific types of legislative texts must be made available. First, instead of requiring that primary expense resolutions reported by the Committee on House Administration be physically printed and available on the calendar day prior to their consideration, this subsection now allows this availability period to begin when the text is made available electronically or in printed form. Second, this subsection modifies the requirement that reports on Senate amendments in disagreement by a conference committee, and any accompanying statements, be available for 72 hours in the Congressional Record. This 72-hour period now begins when the relevant text is either made available in the Congressional Record or made publicly available at an electronic document repository operated by the Clerk.

Committee Vote Availability. Subsection (i) modernizes the requirement for committees to make the results of record votes publicly available by removing the requirement that they be made available to the public for in-person inspection in committee offices. Committees will still be required to make the results of record votes publicly available electronically within 48 hours of the vote.

Amendment Availability. Subsection (j) builds on the requirement for committee chairs to make amendments adopted by their committees publicly available within 24 hours by requiring all other amendments—which includes failed or withdrawn amendments—to be posted within 48 hours of their disposition or withdrawal. This requirement does not apply to amendments not offered.

Truth-In-Testimony Reform. Subsection (k) amends the disclosure requirements for witnesses appearing in nongovernmental capacities by: (1) adding grants to the reporting requirement for foreign payments; (2) expanding the lookback period for reporting to 36 months; (3) requiring witnesses to disclose whether they are the fiduciary of any organization or entity with an interest in the subject matter of the hearing; and (4) requiring, to the extent practicable, the disclosures be made publicly available 24-hours prior to the witness’s appearance at a hearing. The subsection also updates the text of clause 2(g)(5) of rule XI for clarity.

Electronic Filing of Reports and Electronic Signatures. Subsection (l) authorizes electronic filing of committee reports, which was temporarily allowed by House Resolution 965 of the 116th, and

allows electronic signatures to be used for signed views in committee reports and for select forms received by the Committee on Ethics. Reports received electronically will be processed as otherwise provided in rule XIII, and committees filing electronic reports should continue to consult with the Clerk regarding proper format and other administrative requirements.

Subpoena Authority. Subsection (m) affirms that committees and subcommittees, pursuant to the longstanding subpoena authority granted by clause 2(m) of rule XI, may authorize and issue subpoenas for documents or testimony to any person or entity, whether governmental, public, or private, within the United States. The language makes clear that the rule expressly authorizes the issuance of subpoenas to any current or former President and Vice President, either in their personal or official capacity, as well as the White House, the Office of the President, the Executive Office of the President, and any individual currently or formerly employed by those entities. This is not a change to, but rather a clearer affirmation of, existing authorities.

Committee on Ethics. Subsection (n) provides that a Member may serve on the Committee on Ethics during a fifth Congress in a period of five successive Congresses if they are the chair or ranking member of the committee. It also clarifies that various provisions within clause 3 of rule XI apply to Delegates and Resident Commissioners.

Audio and Video Recordings. Subsection (o) modifies the description of committee proceedings that may not be used or made available for any partisan political campaign purpose to clarify the provision's application to all such audio and video coverage regardless of the specific technological device or recording medium used.

Cosponsorship Withdrawal. Subsection (p) eliminates the requirement that a Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner obtain unanimous consent to remove their name as a cosponsor of a bill or resolution, instead allowing the Member, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner to remove their own name by making a demand from the floor. The sponsor of a bill, however, must still make a unanimous-consent request in order to remove a cosponsor, and cosponsors may still only be removed until the last committee of referral reports the bill to the House or is discharged from its consideration.

Comparative Prints. Subsection (q) removes the requirement, added in the 115th Congress, that prior to the consideration of bills, joint resolutions, and amendments in the nature of a substitute, comparative prints must be made available. However, section 3(j) of this resolution directs the relevant committees and offices of the House to continue efforts to further the institutional priority of enabling all House staff to produce such comparative prints.

Requiring Committee Hearing and Markup on Bills and Joint Resolutions. Subsection (r) codifies in the standing rules of the House a separate order from the 116th Congress requiring a committee hearing and markup in order for most bills and joint resolutions to be considered pursuant to a special order of business reported by the Committee on Rules. The subsection provides a point of order against consideration if such a measure has not been reported by at least one committee, effective March 1st of an odd-

numbered year. A point of order also lies against any bill or joint resolution reported by a committee if the report does not contain a list of relevant committee and subcommittee hearings which includes the designation of at least one such hearing that was used to develop or consider the underlying measure. Finally, the provision provides exceptions to the points of order for resolutions continuing appropriations for a fiscal year, measures that contain specified emergency designations pursuant to the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act, measures considered pursuant to the Consensus Calendar, and measures not referred to committee. Pursuant to section 3(u), because of the challenges facing committees operating during a pandemic, this rule will not take effect in the 117th Congress until April 1, 2021.

Motion to Recommit. Subsection (s) provides that a motion to recommit (or commit) a bill or joint resolution to a standing or select committee may only be made without instructions and is not debatable. It also provides that the previous question is considered as ordered on any such motion. The subsection makes a conforming change to the prohibition on the Committee on Rules from reporting a rule preventing a motion to recommit in order to remove the specification that instructions must be permitted. The subsection also removes the now-extraneous mandates that motions to recommit with instructions must be in the form of a direction to be reported back to the House forthwith and that instructions in a motion to recommit to conference may not include argument. The rule continues to prioritize recognition of an opponent of the underlying measure, but the Chair will address contested opposition when challenged on the floor rather than continuing the practice of querying for opposition at the time the motion is made.

District of Columbia Business. Subsection (t) removes a no-longer-used provision setting aside the second and fourth Mondays of a month for District of Columbia business called up by the Committee on Oversight and Reform.

Title Amendments. Subsection (u) limits the offering of amendments to the titles of bills and resolutions to the Majority Leader or a designee.

Reconciliation Directives. Subsection (v) strikes the contents of clause 7 of rule XXI, which created a point of order against a concurrent resolution on the budget, amendments to a budget resolution, or a conference report on a budget resolution, containing reconciliation directives that would have the effect of increasing net direct spending. Clause 10 of rule XXI, the PAYGO rule, continues to apply to any reconciliation measure reported pursuant to such directives.

Availability of Measures. Subsection (w) modifies the text availability requirement for unreported bills and joint resolutions by specifying that the 72-hour availability period may begin when the text of the measure is made electronically available prior to its introduction. Although the introduced measure must consist of the exact text of the language made electronically available prior to introduction in order to qualify under this updated rule, changes to a measure's text made after its introduction by a self-executing special rule do not impact this availability period.

Prohibited Service. Subsection (x) modifies a provision in the Code of Official Conduct added in the 116th Congress prohibiting

Members, Delegates, the Resident Commissioner, officers, and employees of the House from serving as an officer or director of any public company by replacing a direction to the Committee on Ethics to develop regulations with a requirement for compliance with such regulations as the Committee has since promulgated these regulations.

Code of Official Conduct. Subsection (y) adds three new clauses to the Code of Official Conduct. First, the new clause 20 of rule XXIII prohibits a Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee of the House from disseminating by electronic means, including social media, any image, video, or audio file that has been distorted or manipulated with the intent to mislead the public. This new clause includes a safe harbor provision to protect individuals who have made reasonable efforts to determine if the audio or visual representation has been distorted or manipulated.

Second, the new clause 21 of rule XXIII protects Congressional whistleblowers by preventing a Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee of the House from taking any actions to prevent an individual from, or to retaliate against an individual for, providing truthful information to the Committee on Ethics, the Office of Congressional Ethics, the Office of Congressional Workplace Rights, or any law enforcement official, provided that the disclosure of such information is not otherwise prohibited by law or House rules.

Third, the new clause 22 of rule XXIII further protects the identities of whistleblowers by prohibiting a Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee of the House from knowingly and willfully publicly disclosing the identity or personally identifiable information of an individual who is granted protections under federal whistleblower laws. Exempted from this prohibition are cases in which: (1) the individual has provided express written consent prior to such disclosure; (2) the individual has already voluntarily and publicly disclosed their identity; or (3) the disclosure is by the chair of a committee after an affirmative vote by two-thirds of the committee members that such disclosure is in the public interest. Additionally, nothing in this new whistleblower protection will inhibit the investigation of any allegation of wrongdoing disclosed by any individual or prevent the public disclosure of substantive information shared that is not personally identifiable. Disclosures by the chair of a committee are subject to appropriate safeguards, including advance notice to the individual including a written explanation of the reasons for the disclosure.

Communications Standards Commission. Subsection (z) renames the House Commission on Congressional Mailing Standards to the House Communications Standards Commission, conforming to a change made in H.R. 133 of the 116th Congress. The new name reflects the Commission's jurisdiction over all mass communications.

Section 3. Separate Orders

Member Day Hearing Requirement. Subsection (a) requires each standing committee (except for the Committee on Ethics) to hold a Member Day Hearing during the first session of the 117th Congress to hear testimony from Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner—whether or not they are a member of the committee—on proposed legislation within its jurisdiction. The sub-

section permits the Committee on Rules to hold its Member Day Hearing during the second session, in order to receive testimony on proposed changes to the standing rules for the next Congress.

Deposition Authority. Subsection (b) provides the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and each standing committee of the 117th Congress (except for the Committee on Rules) the authority to order the taking of a deposition by a member or counsel of such committee. Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner may participate in all such depositions, but their presence is not required. Depositions taken under this authority are subject to regulations issued by the chair of the Committee on Rules and printed in the Congressional Record, and such authority continues to include potential supplemental regulations.

War Powers Resolution. Subsection (c) expressly provides that any motion to discharge a measure introduced pursuant to section 6 or section 7 of the War Powers Resolution would not be subject to a motion to table.

Exercise Facilities for Former Members. Subsection (d) continues the prohibition on access to any exercise facility that is made available exclusively to Members, Delegates, the Resident Commissioner, former Members, former Delegates, former Resident Commissioners, officers, and former officers of the House and their spouses to any former Member, former Delegate, former Resident Commissioner, former officer, or spouse who is a lobbyist registered under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 or any successor statute, or who is an agent of a foreign principal as defined in clause 5 of rule XXV.

Empaneling Investigative Subcommittee of the Committee on Ethics. Subsection (e) carries forward House Resolution 451 from the 110th Congress, directing the Committee on Ethics to empanel an investigative subcommittee or issue a report within 30 days of the date a Member, Delegate, or the Resident Commissioner is indicted or criminal charges are filed. The subsection updates any references in House Resolution 451 to the Committee on Standards of Official Conduct to be references to the Committee on Ethics.

Non-Disclosure Agreements. Subsection (f) continues a provision from the 116th Congress which provides that Non-Disclosure Agreements required by offices as a condition of employment for paid or unpaid staff or contractors cannot require notice or approval for employees to communicate with the Committee on Ethics, the Office of Congressional Workplace Rights, or any other office or entity designated by the Committee on House Administration; and that Non-Disclosure Agreements must also provide clear guidance to that effect.

Requiring Members to Pay for Discrimination Settlements. Subsection (g) continues from the 116th Congress a requirement for a Member, Delegate, or the Resident Commissioner to reimburse the Treasury for any settlement of a complaint related to a claim alleging a violation by the Member of sections 201(a), 206(a), or 207 of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995, which cover discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex (which the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission recognizes as including sexual orientation and gender identity), national origin, age, disability, or an employee's service in the uniformed services, and retaliation for claims alleging such discrimination.

Mandatory Anti-Harassment and Anti-Discrimination Policies for House Offices. Subsection (h) continues from the 116th Congress a requirement that each House office adopt an anti-harassment and anti-discrimination policy and requires the Committee on House Administration to issue regulations to carry out the subsection by April 1, 2021.

Displaying Statement of Rights and Protections Provided to House Employees. Subsection (i) continues from the 116th Congress a requirement that the Committee on House Administration issue regulations requiring each House office to prominently display a statement of the rights and protections provided to House employees under the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995, including procedures available to employees for responding to and adjudicating allegations of workplace rights violations.

Broadening Availability and Utility of Legislative Documents in Machine-Readable Formats. Subsection (j) instructs the Committee on House Administration, the Clerk, and other officers and officials to continue to advance government transparency by taking further steps to publish documents of the House in machine-readable formats and broaden their utility by enabling all House staff to create comparative prints.

Improving the Committee Electronic Document Repository. Subsection (k) directs the Clerk, the Committee on House Administration, and other officers and officials to improve the existing electronic document repository operated by the Clerk for use by committees. Such improvements are intended to increase public availability and identification of legislative information produced by House committees, including votes, amendments, and witness disclosure forms.

Inclusion of Citations for Proposed Repeals and Amendments. Subsection (l) continues a requirement for parallel citations, to the maximum extent practicable, for amendatory instructions to Public Laws and Statutes at Large that are not classified in the U.S. Code.

Providing for Transparency with Respect to Memorials Submitted Pursuant to Article V of the Constitution of the United States. Subsection (m) carries forward provisions that clarify the procedures of the House regarding the receipt of Article V memorials from the States by directing the Clerk to make each memorial, designated by the chair of the Committee on the Judiciary, electronically available, organized by State of origin and year of receipt, and indicate whether the memorial was designated as an application or rescission.

In carrying out this subsection, it is expected that the chair of the Committee on the Judiciary will be solely charged with determining whether a memorial purports to be an application of the legislature of a state calling for a constitutional convention or rescission of prior applications. The Clerk's role will be entirely administrative. The chair of the Committee on the Judiciary will only designate memorials from state legislatures (and not petitions from individuals or other parties), as it is only state legislatures that are contemplated under Article V of the Constitution.

In submitting each memorial to the Clerk, the chair of the Committee on the Judiciary will include a transmission letter that indicates it has been designated under this subsection of House Resolu-

tion 5. The Clerk will make publicly available the memorial and the transmission letter from the chair. Ancillary documentation from the state or other parties is not expected to be publicized.

Subcommittees. Subsection (n) waives clause 5(d) of rule X to allow the Committee on Agriculture up to six subcommittees, which is consistent with authorities in the 114th, 115th, and 116th Congresses.

Congressional Member Organization Transparency Reform. Subsection (o) continues to allow participating Members to enter into agreements with eligible Congressional Member Organizations for the purpose of payment of salaries and expenses. The subsection requires that for the organization to be eligible during the 117th Congress, the organization must register with the Committee on House Administration, designate a single Member to be responsible for the administration of the organization, have at least 3 employees assigned to perform some work for the organization, and had at least 15 Members during the 116th Congress using a portion of their Members' Representational Allowance (MRA) to pay for the salaries and expenses of the organization.

Budget Matters. Subsection (p) reestablishes that the allocations, aggregates, and other appropriate levels as contained in the statement of the chair of the Committee on the Budget of May 1, 2020, as adjusted in the 116th Congress, are effective pending the adoption of a fiscal year 2021 budget resolution.

Reissuance of Subpoenas Prior to Committee Organization. Subsection (q) authorizes the chair of the Committee on Oversight and Reform to issue subpoenas related to the Committee's investigation, initiated during the 116th Congress, into the accuracy and timing of the 2020 decennial census. The subsection also authorizes the chair of the Select Subcommittee on the Coronavirus Crisis to issue subpoenas related to the Select Subcommittee's investigation, likewise initiated during the 116th Congress, into political interference in the response to the coronavirus pandemic at the Department of Health and Human Services and Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Numbering of Bills. Subsection (r) reserves the first 10 numbers for bills (H.R. 1 through H.R. 10) for assignment by the Speaker and the second 10 numbers (H.R. 11 through H.R. 20) for assignment by the Minority Leader.

Remote Voting by Proxy and Remote Committee Activity. Subsection (s) carries forward House Resolution 965 from the 116th Congress with the following changes: (1) notification and availability requirements do not apply to proxy revocation letters submitted to the Clerk after a Member has automatically revoked their proxy by voting in person; (2) committees may hold official business meetings without submitting a letter regarding requirements formerly contained in the remote committee regulations; and (3) the chair of the Committee on House Administration is required, in consultation with the ranking member, to identify and submit to the Speaker and to the chair and ranking member of the Committee on Rules specific operable and secure technology that may be used to conduct remote voting in the House—certification of that submission replaces a previous requirement in section 5(a) of H. Res. 965.

Witness Diversity. Subsection (t) requires the Office of Diversity and Inclusion to provide a report to the Committee on House Administration and the Committee on Rules recommending a method to survey the diversity of witness panels at committee hearings by July 1, 2021. It requires the Committees on House Administration and Rules to take any necessary steps to ensure its implementation by July 31, 2021.

Requirements for Committee Hearing and Markup. Subsection (u) provides that during the 117th Congress, the requirement that committees hold a hearing and a markup for most bills and joint resolutions considered pursuant to a rule (added to the standing rules by section 2(r) of this resolution) shall not apply before April 1, 2021. This delay in implementation is due to the increased difficulty of organizing committees and holding committee proceedings during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Exemptions. Subsection (v) provides that the Chair of the Committee on Budget may adjust an estimate to exempt the budgetary effects of measures to prevent, prepare for, or respond to economic or public health consequences resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic; and measures to prevent, prepare for, or respond to economic, environmental, or public health consequences resulting from climate change.

Further Expenses for Resolving Contested Elections. Subsection (w) authorizes such sums as may be necessary for the Committee on House Administration to resolve contested elections. Funds shall be available for expenses incurred between January 3, 2021, and January 3, 2022. Amounts made available under this subsection shall be expended in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Committee on House Administration.

Support for Senate Measures. Subsection (x) requires the Clerk to submit to the chair of the Committee on Rules by February 1, 2021, regulations establishing a process for House Members to indicate their support for Senate-passed measures that have been received by the House, including maintaining a publicly available list of Members supporting each measure. The chair of the Committee on Rules is directed to print the regulations in the Congressional Record, at which point Members will be permitted to use the process to indicate their support for Senate measures.

Section 4. Committees, Commissions, and House Offices

House Democracy Partnership. Subsection (a) reauthorizes the House Democracy Assistance Commission, now known as the House Democracy Partnership.

Tom Lantos Human Rights Commission. Subsection (b) reauthorizes the Tom Lantos Human Rights Commission. The subsection carries forward and makes minor modifications to provisions from the 116th Congress to reaffirm that the commission's budget is in addition to and separate from the amounts authorized for salaries and expenses of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and to ensure equal distribution of funding between the commission's co-chairs to reflect the bipartisan structure of the commission.

Office of Congressional Ethics. Subsection (c) reauthorizes the Office of Congressional Ethics (OCE) and carries forward provisions from the 116th Congress without substantive revision except that members may be reappointed for a fourth additional term.

Select Committee on the Climate Crisis. Subsection (d) reauthorizes the Select Committee on the Climate Crisis. The subsection carries forward and makes modest modifications to provisions from the 116th Congress. The investigative jurisdiction of the Select Committee shall consist of policies, strategies, and innovations to achieve substantial and permanent reductions in pollution and other activities that contribute to the climate crisis which will honor our responsibility to be good stewards of the planet for future generations and advance environmental justice. The Select Committee shall coordinate with and advise standing committees with relevant jurisdiction with respect to such policies, strategies, and innovations. Additionally, the Select Committee is authorized to receive any records transferred to it by a standing committee if obtained pursuant to a subpoena or deposition recommended by the Select Committee. The subsection requires that all policy recommendations be submitted to committees by December 31, 2021, and that all reports be submitted to the House by December 31, 2022.

Select Committee on the Modernization of Congress. Subsection (e) reauthorizes the Select Committee on the Modernization of Congress and carries forward provisions from the 116th Congress without substantive revision except that the final report shall be submitted by December 31, 2022. All references to the 116th Congress shall apply to the 117th Congress.

Select Subcommittee on the Coronavirus Crisis. Subsection (f) reauthorizes the Select Subcommittee on the Coronavirus Crisis of the Committee on Oversight and Reform and carries forward the authorizing provisions from the 116th Congress without revision.

Select Committee on Economic Disparity and Fairness in Growth. Subsection (g) establishes a Select Committee on Economic Disparity and Fairness in Growth to investigate, study, make findings, and develop recommendations on policies, strategies, and innovations to make our economy work for everyone, empowering American economic growth while ensuring that no one is left out or behind in the 21st Century Economy. The Select Committee shall coordinate with and advise standing committees with relevant jurisdiction with respect to policy related to economic fairness, access to education, and workforce development. The Select Committee is authorized to hold hearings and may report to the House or any committee the results of its investigations and studies, together with any detailed findings and policy recommendations it deems advisable. The subsection requires that all policy recommendations be submitted to committees by December 31, 2021, and that all reports be submitted to the House by December 31, 2022. The Speaker is directed to appoint 15 Members, Delegates, or the Resident Commissioner to serve on the Select Committee and to designate one of its members to serve as the chair. Six of the 15 members must be appointed on the recommendation of the Minority Leader. The Select Committee will be governed by Rules X and XI, except as provided in the subsection. The subsection does not extend subpoena and deposition authority to the Select Committee, but authorizes the Select Committee to submit subpoena and deposition recommendations to the relevant standing committees. Additionally, the Select Committee is authorized to receive any records transferred to it by a standing committee if obtained pursuant to

a subpoena or deposition recommended by the Select Committee. \$500,000 is authorized for the expenses of the Select Committee through March 31, 2021.

III. COMMITTEE JURISDICTION AND ACTIVITIES

A. INTRODUCTION

The jurisdictional mandate of the Committee on Rules is set forth in clause 1(o) of rule X as follows:

(o) Committee on Rules.

(1) Rules and joint rules (other than those relating to the Code of Official Conduct) and the order of business of the House.

(2) Recesses and final adjournments of Congress.

The special oversight function of the Committee is outlined in clause 3(j) of rule X as follows:

(j) The Committee on Rules shall review and study on a continuing basis the congressional budget process, and the committee shall report its findings and recommendations to the House from time to time.

The jurisdictional mandate of the Committee for the purposes of this Survey of Activities is broken down into two subcategories: original jurisdiction matters and special rules (or order of business resolutions). In practice, these subgroups are intertwined in a manner that greatly affects the way in which the House conducts its business. Original jurisdiction matters include all measures pertaining to the rules of the House, the budget process and joint rules. These measures are either referred directly to the Committee by the Speaker or originate in the Committee itself. They not only pertain to changes in House procedures, but also cover the Committee's power to establish select committees, authorize certain investigations, provide enforcement procedures for the budget process, and to establish Congressional procedures for considering certain executive branch proposals.

The Committee held 8 hearings on matters of original jurisdiction during the 117th Congress.

The other subgroup of the Committee's jurisdictional mandate, referred to as order of business resolutions or 'special rules,' is used by the Committee to direct the manner in which a bill or resolution will be considered by the House. 'Special rules,' in the form of House resolutions, tailor the time allotted for debate and the process by which a bill can be amended. This is done to allow the House to consider the subject matter in a way which best suits the bill's individual issues and/or controversies. These 'rules' also may contain waivers of specific House rules or provisions in the Congressional Budget Act. It is sometimes necessary to waive the rules of the House in order to allow the House to consider all the facets of the particular issue or to facilitate the House resolving its differences with the Senate. Special rules also allow the House to consider measures according to the majority leadership's legislative scheduling priorities rather than the numerical order in which they were reported.

During the 117th Congress, the Committee held 80 rule meetings and reported 80 special orders providing for the consideration of 146 bills and resolutions, and 15 Senate amendments.

The Committee granted no open rules, no modified open rules, 59 structured rules, and 89 closed rules for the consideration of bills and resolutions. Additionally, the Committee granted fifteen rules providing for the consideration of senate amendments, one rule providing for general debate, one rule providing for consideration of a bill, and one rule waiving Rule XIII, clause 6(a). In summary, of the 80 special orders reported by the Committee on Rules, the House adopted 77, one of which were amended, three which were tabled, and rejected none.

At the close of the 117th Congress, no Rules Committee matters remained on the House Calendar. The Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process held three hearings during the Congress, the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House held none, and the Subcommittee on Expedited Procedures held none.

B. SPECIAL ORDERS OR RULES

1. RULE REQUESTS

The process of considering requests for special orders or “rules” usually begins when the Committee on Rules receives a letter from a committee requesting that it hold a hearing and consider a rule for that particular measure. The letter is signed by the full committee chair and most often makes a specific request for the type of rule desired by the committee. In some cases, the emergency nature of the legislation does not allow adequate time for a formal request to be registered. In these cases, the requests are traditionally made in person by the chair of the committee with jurisdiction. Once a hearing has been scheduled, the Committee on Rules allows any House Member who has an interest in testifying to do so. Under normal circumstances and pursuant to Committee rules, printed copies of the legislation and accompanying committee report or conference report are provided to the Committee Members at least 24 hours in advance of the meeting.

The Committee gives written notice to its Members and notifies the pertinent committee of the scheduled hearing date at least 48 hours prior to the commencement of the hearing, unless an emergency situation exists.

2. HEARINGS

The Rules Committee chair controls the order in which witnesses appear and also initiates the questioning. Typically, the chair of the committee of jurisdiction or a designee requesting the rule makes a short statement, followed by the ranking minority member. Sometimes the subcommittee chair and ranking minority member appear on behalf of their full committee counterparts on the rule request. It is often the case that Members wishing to testify in favor of or in opposition to a bill, amendment, or type of procedure may do so as part of a panel of witnesses.

In many cases, the components of the proposed special order form the basis for the dialogue between substantive committee leaders asking for the rule and the Rules Committee Members. More often than not, the questioning escalates into discussions about the merits of the bill itself. If the legislation is particularly wide-ranging or controversial, Representatives who do not sit on the relevant legislative committee seek to testify. (Except in the

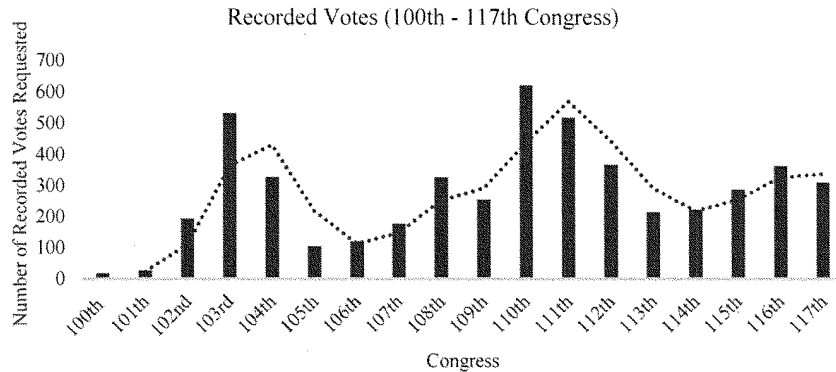
most unusual circumstances, only House Members are allowed to testify during a rule request hearing.) Questioning of each witness takes place under the five-minute rule until each Committee Member has had an opportunity to question each witness. Questioning is rather informal. The chair rarely enforces the five-minute rule, and Committee Members yield to one another to allow their colleagues to make a specific point or follow up on a line of questioning.

A quorum, which exists when at least seven Rules Committee members of the 13 are in attendance, must be present before a recommendation on a rule can be ordered reported, postponed, or tabled.

After the Committee votes to approve a rule, the chair and ranking minority member each assign one of their Members to manage the rule on the floor. The majority manager's name appears on the rule and report, and that Member usually files the rule from the House floor, at which time the resolution and report are assigned a number.

Any Member may ask for a record or a division vote. In the past, most decisions of the Committee were made by voice vote, but in the last several Congresses there has been an increase in the number of record votes demanded.

For the entire 100th Congress there were 18 roll call votes demanded; in the 101st Congress there were 26; in the 102d there were 193; in the 103d there were 533; in the 104th there were 327; in the 105th there were 104; in the 106th there were 119; in the 107th there were 176; in the 108th there were 326; in the 109th there were 254; in the 110th there were 620; in the 111th there were 517; in the 112th there were 366; in the 113th there were 213; in the 114th there were 221; in the 115th there were 287; in the 116th there were 363. This Congress, 310 recorded votes were requested.



Once a special rule has been reported, the Majority Leader—working closely with the Speaker, the Rules Committee chair, and the substantive committee chair—decides upon an appropriate date and time for the consideration of the rule on the floor. Rules can be considered on the same day they are reported, if the House agrees to consideration of the rule by a two-thirds vote. After a one-day layover, rules may be considered at any time without being subject to a question of consideration. The Committee may occasionally report a rule waiving this requirement with respect to another rule.

3. SPECIAL ORDERS OR RULES

a. Background

Table 1 in the Appendix categorizes all special rules granted by the Committee. These special rules are broken down into a number of different categories dealing with all stages of the legislative process in the House.

The Rules Committee has granted special rules that provided for specified amendment and debate structures, which assisted floor managers in managing the schedule. The Committee has also granted special rules for the consideration of legislation that resolved differences among, and responded to, the legislative actions of committees. Some of these rules can also address House-Senate relations. The explanations of these types of special rules and their methods of categorization are outlined below.

b. Categories of Rules Granted with Amendment Structures

In categorizing special rules that specified an amendment structure, this report focuses only on those rules that both provided for the initial consideration of bills, joint resolutions or budget resolutions and which provided for an amending process. Therefore, rules providing for general debate only, stopping short of consideration of the measure for amendment, or providing for consideration of a conference report (which are otherwise privileged and, under regular order are non-amendable) are not included in these categories. The amendment structure categories are as follows: (1) open rules, (2) modified open rules—requiring amendment pre-printing in the Congressional Record, (3) structured rules, (4) closed rules, (5) senate amendment rules, and (6) conference report rules.

(1) Open Rules. Under an open rule, any Member may offer an amendment that complies with the standing rules of the House and the Budget Act. The rule itself places no restrictions or prohibitions on amendments and provides an equal opportunity for all Members to offer amendments.

(2) Modified Open Rules (Required Amendment Preprinting in the Congressional Record). This type of rule permits the offering of only those amendments preprinted in the Congressional Record. A modified open rule with a preprinting requirement could require that amendments be printed in the Congressional Record by a specific date (in some cases the amendment must be printed before its consideration); in other cases, printing must occur before the consideration of the bill. In most cases these rules do not prohibit second degree amendments. Requiring that amendments be printed in advance of their consideration affords Members a better idea of the

range of issues to be debated and voted on during consideration of the bill. This can particularly be true of bills or joint resolutions involving complex or confidential matters.

(3) *Structured or Modified Closed Rules.* Under a structured rule, the Rules Committee limits the amendments that may be offered to only those amendments designated in the special rule or in the Rules Committee report to accompany the rule, or which precludes amendments to a particular portion of a bill, even though the rest of the bill may be completely open to amendment. In the case of a structured rule, the Chair will announce through a one-minute speech on the floor of the House and through a “Dear Colleague” letter the intention of the Committee to hold a hearing on a measure and to review all amendments. The Chair requests that Members provide the Rules Committee with copies of their proposed amendments in advance of the Committee meeting. In some instances, the amendments made in order represent all of the amendments submitted to the Committee.

(4) *Closed Rules.* This type of rule is one under which no amendments may be offered from the House floor.

(5) *Senate Amendment Rules.* This type of rule generally provides for the consideration of a Senate amendment or amendments in the House and for a motion to concur in the Senate amendment with or without an amendment. These rules also usually specify a period of time for debate on the motion equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the committee of jurisdiction, as well as any necessary waivers against consideration of either the Senate amendment or against the motion to concur.

(6) *Conference Report Rules.* Under the standing rules of the House, conference reports are privileged matters. Unless the requirement is waived, House rules require that a conference report be available for at least three calendar days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays) before it can be called up for consideration. After that time, because it is privileged, it can be called up at any time without a rule from the Rules Committee. If, however, a conference report is in violation of a rule of the House or some extraordinary procedure for consideration of the report is desired, a special rule may be necessary for the conference report to be considered. Consequently, conference report rules generally provide waivers of all points of order against consideration of the conference report and provide that the conference report be considered as read, which effectively waives the three-day availability requirement.

It should be noted that points of order against a conference report lie against its consideration, not against individual provisions contained within the report. A conference report represents the collective agreement of the House and the Senate. Changing individual components of the agreement violates the sanctity of the agreement itself. Consequently, agreeing to a conference report is an all-or-nothing question. This is also the reason why, even as privileged matters, conference reports are not amendable on the floor of the House (except on recommit when applicable).

c. Categories of Rules Granted with Certain Floor Management Tools

Special rules are often utilized to assist the Majority Leader in setting the Floor schedule of the House, as well as to equip committee chairs and ranking minority members with the special procedural tools necessary to efficiently manage the floor consideration of a bill. These categories include (1) expedited procedure rules, (2) suspension day rules, and (3) chairman's en bloc authority rules.

(1) *Expedited Procedure Rules.* This type of rule waives clause 6(a) of rule XIII (requiring a two-thirds vote to consider a special rule on the same day it is reported from the Rules Committee) against certain resolutions reported from the Rules Committee. These rules generally specify the measures or object to which the waiver applies, as well as a defined time period for its application. These rules are commonly referred to as "same-day" rules. In some cases the rule will not specify the object of the waiver. These rules are referred to as "blanket same-day" rules.

(2) *Suspension Day Rules.* Under House Rule XV, it is in order on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday of each week, and during the last six days of a session, for the Speaker to entertain motions to suspend the rules and pass legislation. This category of rule authorizes the Speaker to entertain motions to suspend the rules on days other than Mondays, Tuesdays, and Wednesdays. Generally, these rules specify the object that is to be considered under suspension of the rules. In some cases the object may not be identified, but the rule may provide that the Speaker or their designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or their designee on the object of any suspension considered under the rule.

(3) *Chair's En Bloc Authority Rules.* This category of rule authorizes the chair of a committee (usually the majority floor manager of the bill under consideration) or his or her designee to offer amendments en bloc consisting of amendments made in order by the special rule that have not earlier been disposed of. In most cases, the rule also allows germane modifications to any such amendments included in the en bloc amendment only by unanimous consent. With the exception of rules on appropriations bills (which permit en bloc amendments that do not increase budget authority or outlays in the bill), a Member seeking to offer amendments en bloc must obtain unanimous consent if they amend portions of the bill not yet open to amendment, unless a special rule authorizes several amendments to be offered and considered as a group. There is usually a specified time for divided debate on the amendment and a prohibition on amendments to and demands for a division of the question on the en bloc amendment. Generally, the original sponsor of the amendment must agree to having the amendment considered en bloc, and these rules generally provide that the original proponent of an amendment included in such an en bloc amendment may insert a statement in the Congressional Record immediately before the disposition of the en bloc amendment. Such a rule enables the floor manager to maximize efficiency and consensus while minimizing duplicative floor time and consideration.

d. Categories of Rules Granted to Resolve Differences Among and Responding to the Legislative Actions of Committees

As the nexus of the legislative process in the House, the Rules Committee often is the institutional mechanism used to reconcile differences in legislative recommendations among multiple committees. Two often used, and often misunderstood, special rule features utilized to achieve these goals are (1) self-executing rules and (2) original text rules.

(1) *Self-Executing Rules.* This type of rule provides that, upon the adoption of the special rule, the text of a measure is modified or amended in some specified manner. Therefore, the House's adoption of the rule itself has the effect of amending the underlying measure. Occasionally, a self-executing rule may also provide for the adoption of other unrelated measures or actions, such as adopting another simple resolution, bill, joint resolution or conference report. Self-executing rules may be utilized by the Rules Committee for a variety of reasons, including but not limited to: the correction of rule or Budget Act violations; providing for the adoption of the committee-recommended amendment; the reconciling of multiple committee legislative recommendations, the elimination of procedural votes; the separation of policy issues; or, the complete redrafting of the legislation.

(2) *Original Text Rules.* When a committee reports a measure, it often will favorably report the measure with a recommendation that an amendment or amendments be adopted by the full House. These amendments reflect the collegial action of the committee on that measure. This type of rule generally provides that the committee-recommended amendment be adopted by the House and become the base text for the purpose of further amendment to the bill. This is often done to acknowledge the actions of the committee at the beginning of the consideration of a bill, and also to simplify the amendment process.

e. Categories of Rules Granted Dealing with House-Senate Relations

While resolving differences with the Senate often involves privileged motions in the House, the Rules Committee is often called upon to expedite such procedural situations or to address unique procedural circumstances. The categories of such special rules are (1) Senate hook-up rules, (2) motion to go to conference rules, (3) engrossment of multiple measures rules, and (4) instructing the Clerk regarding the transmittal of papers.

(1) *Senate Hook-up Rules.* The rules of the House provide for three methods of getting to conference with the Senate: (1) agreeing to a motion to go to conference by unanimous consent; (2) obtaining a special rule from the Rules Committee; or (3) receiving specific authorization from each committee that received an initial referral of and reported the bill (clause 1 of Rule XXII). Most often chairmen obtain conference authority from their committee at the time a bill is ordered reported. Most special rules allowing for a Senate hook-up provide that after passage of a House bill, it shall be in order to take a specific Senate bill from the Speaker's table, consider it in the House, and to move to strike all after the enacting clause and insert the text of the House bill as passed by the House. These special rules further provide that if the motion is adopted and the Senate bill, as amended, is passed, then it shall

be in order to move that the House insist on its amendment and request a conference with the Senate. These hook-up provisions can either be included in the original rule providing for consideration of the House bill or in a separate special rule.

(2) *Motion to go to Conference Rules.* These special rules are those separate rules that provide for the motion to go to conference with the Senate, by either disagreeing with the Senate position and requesting a conference or insisting on the House position and agreeing to a conference.

(3) *Engrossment of Multiple Measures Rules.* These types of special rules generally provide for separate consideration and final passage votes on multiple bills, generally relating to a similar issue. The rule then instructs the House Clerk to engross the individually-passed bills into one bill before transmitting them to the Senate for consideration.

(4) *Instructing the Clerk Regarding the Transmittal of Papers.* These types of special rules instruct the Clerk to withhold the transmittal of papers until the Clerk is notified of certain actions taken by the other body. This is done to address timing issues related to the passage or consideration of measures by the Senate.

f. Categories of Rules Granted with Certain Housekeeping Tools

Special rules are often utilized to assist House Leadership and committees with housekeeping elements to ensure the smooth running of House floor operations generally during constituent work breaks.

(1) *Providing Procedures for Pro Forma Sessions.* During periods when the House is unable to adjourn pursuant to a concurrent resolution, the Rules Committee will sometimes provide the chair with additional authority to manage required pro forma sessions. This authority may include allowing the chair to adjourn on his or her own, to toll periods for consideration of certain privileged matters, and other similar tools to provide for the orderly conduct of pro forma sessions during district work periods.

(2) *Report Filing Authority.* When a committee favorably reports a measure, it must file an accompanying report describing the purpose and scope of the legislation and the reasons for recommended approval. This tool allows for the filing of these reports from specific committees on days when the House is not otherwise in session.

4. FLOOR CONSIDERATION OF A SPECIAL RULE

When the time comes to call up a special rule, the majority member who filed the rule (a privileged House resolution), or another majority member of the Rules Committee designated by the chair, is recognized by the Speaker. That Member stands at the majority committee table on the House Floor. Once recognized, the member states:

“M _____. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution ____, and ask for its immediate consideration.”

Any Member of the Committee on Rules may be recognized to call up a rule that has been on the House Calendar for at least seven legislative days, and the Speaker is required to recognize the Rules Committee member as a privilege, as long as the member

has given one day's notice of an intent to seek recognition for that purpose.

Once the Clerk has read the resolution, the Speaker recognizes the majority Rules Committee member handling the rule for one hour. The majority floor manager then customarily yields thirty minutes to a minority counterpart for the purposes of debate only. The length of debate on the rule varies according to the complexity of the rule and the degree of controversy over the bill.

Since a rule is considered in the House under the hour rule, no amendments are in order unless the majority floor manager offers an amendment or yields to another member for that purpose. At the conclusion of debate on the rule, the floor manager moves the previous question. If no objection is heard, the House proceeds to vote on the rule. If objection is heard, a vote occurs on the previous question. If the previous question is rejected, however, a member who opposed the previous question (usually the Rules Committee minority floor manager) is recognized. That Member then controls one hour of debate time on the rule. The member controlling the time may offer an amendment to the rule and then move the previous question on the amendment and on the rule when debate has concluded. Once the rule is adopted (with or without amendments), the legislation it concerns is eligible for consideration under the terms of the rule.

5. RULES REJECTED, TABLED, OR PENDING

In the 117th Congress, the Committee on Rules reported 80 rules, 77 of which were adopted by the House. During the 117th Congress, no rules were rejected, and 3 rules were tabled by the House. There were no rules pending at the end of the 117th Congress.

a. Rules Rejected by the House

There were no rules rejected by the House during the 117th Congress.

b. Rules Tabled by the House

Three rules were tabled by the House during the 117th Congress: H. Res. 594, providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 4) to amend the Voting Rights Act of 1965 to revise the criteria for determining which States and political subdivisions are subject to section 4 of the Act, and for other purposes; providing for consideration of the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 3684) to authorize funds for Federal-aid highways, highway safety programs, and transit programs, and for other purposes; and providing for the adoption of the concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 14) setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; and for other purposes, H. Res. 600, providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 4) to amend the Voting Rights Act of 1965 to revise the criteria for determining which States and political subdivisions are subject to section 4 of the Act, and for other purposes; providing for consideration of the Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 3684) to authorize funds for Federal-aid highways, highway safety programs, and transit programs, and for other purposes; and providing for the adoption of

the concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 14) setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031; and for other purposes, and H. Res. 972, providing for consideration of Senate amendment to the bill (H.R. 2471) to measure the progress of post-disaster recovery and efforts to address corruption, governance, rule of law, and media freedoms in Haiti; providing for consideration of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 75) making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022, and for other purpose; and providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 6968) to prohibit the importation of energy products of the Russian Federation, and for other purposes.

c. Rules Pending

There were no rules pending in the House during the 117th Congress.

6. EXPLANATION OF WAIVERS OF ALL POINTS OF ORDER

The Committee on Rules customarily provides waivers of all points of order when constructing special rules for the consideration of measures. This is commonly referred to as a “blanket waiver” or “prophylactic waiver” because in most cases there are no applicable points of order against the measure. Just because a special rule includes a blanket waiver does not mean that points of order lie against any of the measures made in order or provisions contained in those measures; rather, blanket waivers ensure the immediate consideration of the underlying measure by providing the chair with the ability to easily dispense with dilatory or specious points of order by asserting that, “pursuant to the previous order of the House, all points of order are waived.”

Also, as part of the Committee’s role as scheduler for the House, it is the Committee’s responsibility to ensure that when a majority of the House votes in favor of considering a measure notwithstanding any technical or substantive violations of the rules, a point of order would not prevent that measure’s consideration.

It is important to note that any specific waivers contained in a waiver of all points of order are required under clause 7(g) of rule XIII to be specified in the Rules Committee report accompanying the resolution and are also compiled in this report.

7. WAIVERS OF HOUSE RULES

The following compilation identifies the Rules of the House that were waived in specific resolutions and the legislation that required the waiver. There is also an indication whether the rule was waived against the bill (B), original text (OT), amendments (A), the number of which is indicated in [], a motion (M), a conference report (CR), or provisions (P); items accompanied by an asterisk (*) denote measures that the waiver with which they were granted in the committee report accompanying the resolution was not applied.

Rule XII, Clause 5—Prohibits consideration of a bill or an amendment thereto if it establishes or expresses a commemoration.

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1	For the People Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 479	S. 475	Juneteenth National Independence Day Act	B
H. Res. 868	Senate amendment to H.R. 5746.	NASA Enhanced Use Leasing Extension Act of 2021 [Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act].	M

Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(4)—Requires committee reports to include a statement of general performance goals and objectives, including outcome-related goals and objectives for which the measure authorizes funding

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 860	H.R. 4673	EVEST Act	B
H. Res. 1499	H.R. 8876	Jackie Walorski Maternal and Child Home Visiting Reauthorization Act of 2022.	B

Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(5)—Requires committee reports on a bill or joint resolution that establish or reauthorize Federal programs to indicate whether any such program is known to be duplicative of another such program

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 860	H.R. 4673	EVEST Act	B

Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(6)—Prohibits consideration of a reported bill unless the committee report designates a hearing used to develop or consider the bill.

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 486	H.R. 239	Equal Access to Contraception for Veterans Act	B
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 3771	South Asian Heart Health Awareness and Research Act of 2022.	B

Rule XIII, Clause 3(d)(1)—Requires the inclusion of committee cost estimate in a committee report

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 303	H.R. 7	Paycheck Fairness Act	B
H. Res. 303	H.R. 1195	Workplace Violence Prevention for Health Care and Social Service Workers Act.	B
H. Res. 330	H.R. 1333	NO BAN Act	B
H. Res. 473	H.R. 1187	Corporate Governance Improvement and Investor Protection Act.	B
H. Res. 486	H.R. 1443	LGBTQ Business Equal Credit Enforcement and Investment Act.	B
H. Res. 716	H.R. 2119	Family Violence Prevention and Services Improvement Act of 2021.	B
H. Res. 774	H.R. 5376	Build Back Better Act	B
H. Res. 849	H.R. 5665	Combating International Islamophobia Act	B
H. Res. 900	H.R. 4445	Ending Forced Arbitration of Sexual Assault and Sexual Harassment Act of 2021.	B

Rule XIII, Clause 3(d)(1)—Requires the inclusion of committee cost estimate in a committee report—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 900	H.R. 4521	Bioeconomy Research and Development Act of 2021 [America COMPETES Act of 2022].	B
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 3617	MORE Act	B
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 903	Rights for the TSA Workforce Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 5129	Community Services Block Grant Modernization Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 4176	LGBTQI+ Data Inclusion Act	B
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 6538	Active Shooter Alert Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 3771	South Asian Heart Health Awareness and Research Act of 2022.	B
H. Res. 1396	H.R. 7780	Mental Health Matters Act	B
H. Res. 1499	H.R. 6878	Pregnant Women in Custody Act	B
H. Res. 1519	H.R. 8393	Puerto Rico Status Act	B

Rule XIII, Clause 3(e)(1)—Requires the inclusion of a comparative print for a bill or joint resolution proposing to repeal or amend a statute

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 667	H.R. 4350	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022	P
H. Res. 774	H.R. 5376	Build Back Better Act	B
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 7900	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023	B

Rule XIII, Clause 4(a)(1)—Prohibits the consideration of a measure or matter reported by a committee until the proposed text of the report has been available for 72 hours

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 849	H.R. 5665	Combating International Islamophobia Act	B
H. Res. 1153	H.R. 7910	Protecting Our Kids Act	B
H. Res. 1519	H.R. 8393	Puerto Rico Status Act	B

Rule XVI, Clause 7—Requires that no motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 868	Senate amendment to H.R. 5746.	NASA Enhanced Use Leasing Extension Act of 2021 [Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act].	M
H. Res. 972	Senate amendment to H.R. 2471.	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022].	M
H. Res. 973	Senate amendment to H.R. 2471.	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022].	M
H. Res. 1518	Senate amendment to H.R. 1437.	Further Continuing Appropriations and Extensions Act, 2023.	M

Rule XXI, Clause 2—Prohibits unauthorized appropriations or legislative provisions in an appropriations bill

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 555	H.R. 4502	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022 [Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development Appropriations Act, 2022].	P
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4346	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2022	P
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4373	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2022.	P
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4505	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022.	P
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8294	[Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2023].	P

Rule XXI, Clause 2(c)—Prohibits consideration of amendments to an appropriations bill if it changes existing law

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 555	H.R. 4502	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022 [Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development Appropriations Act, 2022].	P
H. Res. 555	H.R. 4502	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022 [Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development Appropriations Act, 2022].	A
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4346	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2022	P
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4373	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2022.	P
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4505	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022.	P
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8294	[Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2023].	A

Rule XXI, Clause 3—Prohibit deriving funds from or otherwise reducing or limiting the balance of the Highway Trust Fund for non-highway and mass transit spending purposes

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 504	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act	B

Rule XXI, Clause 4—Prohibits reporting a bill carrying an appropriation from a committee not having jurisdiction to report an appropriation

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 198	Senate amendment to H.R. 1319.	American Rescue Plan Act of 2021	M
H. Res. 504	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act	P
H. Res. 594	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684.	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act	M
H. Res. 600	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684.	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act	M
H. Res. 601	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684.	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act	M
H. Res. 667	H.R. 4350	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022	P
H. Res. 774	H.R. 5376	Build Back Better Act	P
H. Res. 900	H.R. 4521	Bioeconomy Research and Development Act of 2021 [America COMPETES Act of 2022].	P
H. Res. 912	H.R. 3076	Postal Service Reform Act of 2022	P
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 3617	MORE Act	P
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 2773	Recovering America's Wildlife Act of 2022	P
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 7606	Meat and Poultry Special Investigator Act of 2022 [Lower Food and Fuel Costs Act].	P
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 5585	Advanced Research Projects Agency—Health Act	P
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 7666	Restoring Hope for Mental Health and Well-Being Act of 2024.	P
H. Res. 1316	Senate amendment to H.R. 5376.	Inflation Reduction Act of 2022	M
H. Res. 1396	H.R. 3843	Merger Filing Fee Modernization Act of 2022	P
H. Res. 1499	H.R. 8876	Jackie Walorski Maternal and Child Home Visiting Reauthorization Act of 2022.	P
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 3648	EAGLE Act of 2022	P
H. Res. 1518	Senate amendment to H.R. 1437.	Further Continuing Appropriations and Extensions Act, 2023.	M
H. Res. 1519	H.R. 8393	Puerto Rico Status Act	P

Rule XXI, Clause 5(a)—Prohibits a bill or joint resolution carrying a tax or tariff measure from being reported by a committee not having jurisdiction to report tax or tariff measures

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 504	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act	P
H. Res. 774	H.R. 5376	Build Back Better Act	P

Rule XXI, Clause 5(a)—Prohibits a bill or joint resolution carrying a tax or tariff measure from being reported by a committee not having jurisdiction to report tax or tariff measures—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 900	H.R. 4521	Bioeconomy Research and Development Act of 2021 [America COMPETES Act of 2022].	P
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 3617	MORE Act	P
H. Res. 1153	H.R. 7910	Protecting Our Kids Act	P
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 7666	Restoring Hope for Mental Health and Well-Being Act of 2024.	P
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8294	[Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2023].	P
H. Res. 1396	H.R. 3843	Merger Filing Fee Modernization Act of 2022	P
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 3648	EAGLE Act of 2022	P

Rule XXI, Clause 9(a)(2)—Requires a list of all earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits contained in the measure, or a certification that the measure does not contain any of those items

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 829	H.R. 6119	Further Extending Government Funding Act	B
H. Res. 973	H.R. 7007	COVID Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022	B
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 7691	Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022	B

Rule XXI, Clause 10—Prohibits consideration of a measure that has a net effect of increasing the deficit or reducing the surplus over the five- or 10-year period

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 147	H.R. 803	Colorado Wilderness Act of 2021 [Protecting America's Wilderness and Public Lands Act].	B
H. Res. 147	H.R. 5	Equality Act	B
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1280	George Floyd Justice in Policing Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1620	Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 233	H.R. 6	American Dream and Promise Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1868	To prevent across-the-board direct spending cuts, and for other purposes..	B
H. Res. 303	H.R. 1195	Workplace Violence Prevention for Health Care and Social Service Workers Act.	B
H. Res. 330	H.R. 51	Washington, D.C. Admission Act	B
H. Res. 380	H.R. 2547	Comprehensive Debt Collection Improvement Act	B
H. Res. 504	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act	B
H. Res. 535	H.R. 2467	PFAS Action Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 535	H.R. 3985	Allies Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 555	H.R. 4502	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022 [Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development Appropriations Act, 2022].	B

Rule XXI, Clause 10—Prohibits consideration of a measure that has a net effect of increasing the deficit or reducing the surplus over the five- or 10-year period—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4505	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022.	B
H. Res. 829	H.R. 6119	Further Extending Government Funding Act	B
H. Res. 838	S. 610	[Protecting Medicare & American Farmers from Sequester Cuts Act].	B
H. Res. 912	H.R. 3076	Postal Service Reform Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1119	H.R. 7309	Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 7666	Restoring Hope for Mental Health and Well-Being Act of 2022.	B
H. Res. 1224	S. 3373	Protecting Our Gold Star Families Education Act [Sergeant First Class Heath Robinson Honoring our Promise to Address Comprehensive Toxics Act of 2022].	B
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 6929	Susan Muffley Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1289	Senate Amendment to the House Amendment to the Senate Amendment to H.R. 4346.	CHIPS & Science	M
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 2988	Whistleblower Protection Improvement Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 3648	EAGLE Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 7946	Veteran Service Recognition Act of 2022	B

Rule XXI, Clause 11—Prohibits consideration of a bill or joint resolution which has not been reported by a committee until such measure has been available to Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner for 72 hours

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 667	H.R. 5305	Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act.	B
H. Res. 829	H.R. 6119	Further Extending Government Funding Act	B
H. Res. 852	S.J. Res. 33	Joint resolution relating to increasing the debt limit.	B
H. Res. 912	H.R. 6617	Further Additional Extending Government Funding Act	B
H. Res. 972	H.J. Res. 75	Extension of Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022	B
H. Res. 972	H.R. 6968	Suspending Energy Imports from Russia Act	B
H. Res. 973	H.J. Res. 75	Extension of Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022	B
H. Res. 973	H.R. 6968	Suspending Energy Imports from Russia Act	B
H. Res. 973	H.R. 7007	COVID Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023	B
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 7691	Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022	B
H. Res. 1124	H.R. 7790	Infant Formula Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022	B
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8404	Respect for Marriage Act	B
H. Res. 1372	H.R. 8873	Presidential Election Reform Act	B
H. Res. 1499	H.J. Res. 100	To provide for a resolution with respect to the unresolved disputes between certain railroads represented by the National Carriers' Conference Committee of the National Railway Labor Conference and certain of their employees..	B
H. Res. 1529	H.R. 9640	Presidential Tax Filing and Audit Transparency Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1529	S. 1942	National Heritage Area Act	B

Rule XXI, Clause 12(a)(1)—Prohibits consideration of a bill or joint resolution pursuant to a special order of business reported by the Committee on Rules that has not been reported by a committee

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 504	H.R. 3005	To direct the Joint Committee on the Library to replace the bust of Roger Brooke Taney in the Old Supreme Court Chamber of the United States Capitol with a bust of Thurgood Marshall to be obtained by the Joint Committee on the Library and to remove certain statues from areas of the United States Capitol which are accessible to the public, to remove all statues of individuals who voluntarily served the Confederate States of America from display in the United States Capitol, and for other purposes.	B
H. Res. 535	H.R. 3985	Allies Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 667	H.R. 3755	Women's Health Protection Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 838	H.R. 5314	Protecting Our Democracy Act	B
H. Res. 972	H.R. 6968	Suspending Energy Imports from Russia Act	B
H. Res. 973	H.R. 6968	Suspending Energy Imports from Russia Act	B
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 6833	Affordable Insulin Now Act	B
H. Res. 1033	H.R. 3807	Restaurant Revitalization Fund Replenishment Act of 2021 [Relief for Restaurants and other Hard Hit Small Businesses Act of 2022].	B
H. Res. 1119	H.R. 6531	Targeting Resources to Communities in Need Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1124	H.R. 7688	Consumer Fuel Price Gouging Prevention Act	B
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 8296	Women's Health Protection Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 8297	Ensuring Access to Abortion Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8373	Right to Contraception Act	B
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8404	Respect for Marriage Act	B
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 6929	Susan Muffley Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1256	H.R. 4040	Advancing Telehealth Beyond COVID-19 Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1372	H.R. 8873	Presidential Election Reform Act	B
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 4118	Break the Cycle of Violence Act	B
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 6448	Invest to Protect Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 8542	Mental Health Justice Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1404	H.R. 8987	Fairness for 9/11 Families Act	B
H. Res. 1499	H.J. Res. 100	To provide for a resolution with respect to the unresolved disputes between certain railroads represented by the National Carriers' Conference Committee of the National Railway Labor Conference and certain of their employees.	B
H. Res. 1529	H.R. 9640	Presidential Tax Filing and Audit Transparency Act of 2022	B

Rule XXII, Clause 6—Provides that a Senate amendment carrying a tax or tariff measure in violation of clause 5(a) of rule XXI may not be agreed to

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 198	Senate amendment to H.R. 1319.	American Rescue Plan Act of 2021	M
H. Res. 594	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684.	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act	M
H. Res. 600	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684.	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act	M

Rule XXII, Clause 6—Provides that a Senate amendment carrying a tax or tariff measure in violation of clause 5(a) of rule XXI may not be agreed to—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 601	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684.	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act	M
H. Res. 1289	Senate Amendment to the House Amendment to the Senate Amendment to H.R. 4346.	CHIPS & Science	M
H. Res. 1316	Senate amendment to H.R. 5376.	Inflation Reduction Act	M

8. WAIVERS OF BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

The following compilation identifies the sections of the Budget Act that were waived in specific resolutions and the legislation that required the waiver. There is also an indication whether the rule was waived against the bill (B), the original text (OT), amendments (A), a motion (M), a conference report (CR), or provisions (P); items accompanied by two asterisks (**) denote measures that the waiver with which they were granted in the committee report accompanying the resolution was not necessary due to the House subsequently adopting an amendment(s) that cured the need for such waiver.

Section 302(f)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act—Prohibits consideration of legislation providing new budget authority in excess of a 302(a) or 302(b) allocation of such authority

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 147	H.R. 803	Colorado Wilderness Act of 2021 [Protecting America's Wilderness and Public Lands Act].	B
H. Res. 147	H.R. 5	Equality Act	B
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1280	George Floyd Justice in Policing Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1620	Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 233	H.R. 6	American Dream and Promise Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1868	To prevent across-the-board direct spending cuts, and for other purposes..	B
H. Res. 303	H.R. 1195	Workplace Violence Prevention for Health Care and Social Service Workers Act.	B
H. Res. 330	H.R. 51	Washington, D.C. Admission Act	B
H. Res. 380	H.R. 2547	Comprehensive Debt Collection Improvement Act	B
H. Res. 504	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act	B
H. Res. 535	H.R. 3985	Allies Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 829	H.R. 6119	Further Extending Government Funding Act	B
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 6833	Affordable Insulin Now Act	B
H. Res. 1119	H.R. 7309	Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 7666	Restoring Hope for Mental Health and Well-Being Act of 2023.	B
H. Res. 1224	S. 3373	Protecting Our Gold Star Families Education Act [Sergeant First Class Heath Robinson Honoring our Promise to Address Comprehensive Toxics Act of 2022].	B

Section 302(f)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act—Prohibits consideration of legislation providing new budget authority in excess of a 302(a) or 302(b) allocation of such authority—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 6929	Susan Muffley Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1289	Senate Amendment to the House Amendment to the Senate Amendment to H.R. 4346.	CHIPS & Science	M
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 2988	Whistleblower Protection Improvement Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 3648	EAGLE Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 7946	Veteran Service Recognition Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1531	Senate amendment to H.R. 2617.	Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023	M

Section 303(a) of the Congressional Budget Act—Prohibits consideration of legislation, as reported, providing new budget authority, change in revenues, change in public debt, new entitlement authority or new credit authority for a fiscal year until the budget resolution for that year has been agreed to

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 147	H.R. 5	Equality Act	B
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1	For the People Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1280	George Floyd Justice in Policing Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 188	H.R. 842	Protecting the Right to Organize Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1620	Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 303	H.R. 1195	Workplace Violence Prevention for Health Care and Social Service Workers Act.	B
H. Res. 508	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act	B
H. Res. 535	H.R. 2467	PFAS Action Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 535	H.R. 3985	Allies Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 1119	H.R. 7309	Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act of 2022	B
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 7946	Veteran Service Recognition Act of 2022	B

Section 306 of the Congressional Budget Act—Prohibits consideration of legislation within the jurisdiction of the Committee on the Budget unless referred to or reported by the Budget Committee

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 555	H.R. 4502	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022 [Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development Appropriations Act, 2022].	B
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4373	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2022.	B
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4505	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022.	B

Section 306 of the Congressional Budget Act—Prohibits consideration of legislation within the jurisdiction of the Committee on the Budget unless referred to or reported by the Budget Committee—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 838	S. 610	[Protecting Medicare & American Farmers from Sequester Cuts Act].	B
H. Res. 900	H.R. 4521	Bioeconomy Research and Development Act of 2021 [America COMPETES Act of 2022].	B
H. Res. 950	H.R. 3967	Honoring our PACT Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 972	Senate amendment to H.R. 2471, H.J. Res. 75, H.R. 6968.	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022].	M
H. Res. 973	Senate amendment to H.R. 2471.	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022].	M
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 7606	Meat and Poultry Special Investigator Act of 2022 [Lower Food and Fuel Costs Act].	B
H. Res. 1204	Senate amendments to the House amendment to S. 2938.	Bipartisan Safer Communities Act	M
H. Res. 1224	S. 3373	Protecting Our Gold Star Families Education Act [Sergeant First Class Heath Robinson Honoring our Promise to Address Comprehensive Toxics Act of 2022].	B
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8294	[Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Act, 2023].	B
H. Res. 1289	Senate Amendment to the House Amendment to the Senate Amendment to H.R. 4346.	CHIPS & Science	M
H. Res. 1404	Senate amendment to H.R. 6833.	Continuing Appropriations and Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023.	M
H. Res. 1518	Senate amendment to H.R. 1437.	Further Continuing Appropriations and Extensions Act, 2023.	M
H. Res. 1531	Senate amendment to H.R. 2617.	Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023	M

Section 309 of the Congressional Budget Act—Prohibits the House of Representatives from adjourning for more than three days in July unless the House has completed all action on appropriations bills

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 508	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act	B

Section 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act—Prohibits consideration of legislation that would cause the level of total new budget authority for the first fiscal year to be exceeded, or would cause revenues to be less than the level of total revenues for the first fiscal year or for the total of that first fiscal year and the ensuing fiscal years for which allocations are provided, except when a declaration of war by the Congress is in effect

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 504	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act	B
H. Res. 1289	Senate Amend- ment to the House Amend- ment to the Senate Amend- ment to H.R. 4346.	CHIPS & Science	M
H. Res. 1531	Senate amend- ment to H.R. 2617.	Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023	M

Section 425 of the Congressional Budget Act—Prohibits consideration of (1) any legislation referred by a committee until the committee publishes the CBO's statement on the direct costs of Federal mandates and (2) any legislation that would increase the direct costs of Federal intergovernmental mandates beyond \$50,000,000 (adjusted for inflation) unless the legislation provides for new budget authority or the legislation appropriates sufficient funds to cover the new costs

Resolution	Measure	Title	Object
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1280	George Floyd Justice in Policing Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 303	H.R. 1195	Workplace Violence Prevention for Health Care and Social Service Workers Act.	B
H. Res. 535	H.R. 2467	PFAS Action Act of 2021	B
H. Res. 504	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act	B

C. ORIGINAL JURISDICTION MATTER

1. ORIGINAL JURISDICTION FULL COMMITTEE HEARINGS

The following is a list of original jurisdiction hearings that were held by the Committee during the 117th Congress.

a. Hearing on Article I: Reforming the War Powers Resolution for the 21st Century

On March 23, 2021, the Committee on Rules held an original jurisdiction hearing entitled, “*Article I: Reforming the War Powers Resolution for the 21st Century*.” The discussion focused on the War Powers Resolution that was enacted in 1973 and how to recenter Congress’s role in the decision of when and where to go to war. Members and witnesses explored limitations of this Resolution and identified ways the law should be reformed and modernized to work more effectively in the modern Congress. Participants also discussed the impact of Congress’s diminished role on its ability to end war and the voice of Member’s constituents. Testimony was heard from one panel of three witnesses, Rebecca Ingber, Professor of Law, Cardozo School of Law; Senior Fellow, Reiss Center on Law and Security at NYU School of Law; Tess Bridgeman, Co-Editor-in-Chief, Just Security; Senior Fellow and Visiting Scholar, NYU

Law's Reiss Center on Law and Security; John B. Bellinger III, Partner, Arnold & Porter; former Legal Adviser to the Department of State and the National Security Council.

Additional discussion was heard from the following Members of the Committee, the Hon. James P. McGovern (D-MA), Chairman; Hon. Tom Cole (R-OK), Ranking Member; Hon. Norma Torres (D-CA), Hon. Ed Perlmutter (D-CO), Hon. Jamie Raskin (D-MD), Hon. Mary Gay Scanlon (D-PA), Hon. Joe Morelle (D-NY), Hon. Mark DeSaulnier (D-CA), Hon. Deborah Ross (D-NC), Hon. Michael Burgess (R-TX), Hon. Guy Reschenthaler (R-PA), Hon. Michelle Fischbach (R-MN).

b. Hearing on Ending Hunger in America: Challenges, Opportunities, and Building the Political Will to Succeed

On April 28, 2021, the Committee on Rules held an original jurisdiction hearing entitled, "Ending Hunger in America: Challenges, Opportunities, and Building the Political Will to Succeed." Participants discussed how food insecurity is measured and the recent trends in data from across the country. Members and witnesses spoke to gaps created by certain domestic federal nutrition programs administered by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. The discussion looked at models across the country that are fighting food insecurity at a local and state level and how those programs can be emulated on the federal. In addition, participants spoke on how these local, state, and federal organizations and programs have been affected for the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19).

Testimony was heard from one panel of four witnesses, Dr. Thea James, Vice President of Mission and Associate Chief Medical Officer, Boston Medical Center; Dr. Diane Schanzenbach, Margaret Walker Alexander, Professor, Northwestern School of Education and Social Policy; Ms. Ayesha Curry, Co-Founder, Eat.Learn.Play. Foundation; Ambassador, No Kid Hungry; Ms. Heather Reynolds, Managing Director of the Wilson Sheehan Lab for Economic Opportunities, University of Notre Dame.

Additional discussion was heard from the following Members of the Committee, the Hon. James P. McGovern (D-MA), Chairman; Hon. Tom Cole (R-OK), Ranking Member; Hon. Norma Torres (D-CA), Hon. Ed Perlmutter (D-CO), Hon. Jamie Raskin (D-MD), Hon. Mary Gay Scanlon (D-PA), Hon. Joe Morelle (D-NY), Hon. Mark DeSaulnier (D-CA), Hon. Michelle Fischbach (R-MN).

c. Members' Day Hearing on Proxy Voting and Remote Committee Proceedings as Established by House Resolution 965 of the 116th Congress

To ensure Congress could continue legislating during the COVID-19 pandemic, the House of Representatives adopted House Resolution 965 on May 15, 2020. The resolution provided for the temporary implementation of proxy voting on the House Floor and remote committee proceedings during a "covered period" designated by the Speaker after receiving a notification from the Sergeant-at-Arms, in consultation with the Attending Physician, that a public health emergency due to a novel coronavirus is in effect.

On March 17, 2022, the Committee on Rules held an open hearing to receive Member testimony on how proxy voting and remote

committee proceedings have worked since their implementation in May, 2020; how these tools helped Congress safely operate through the public health emergency; and whether they have utility beyond the public health emergency.

The Committee heard testimony from the following Members of Congress: Hon. Andy Biggs (AZ), Hon. Mike Bost (IL), Hon. Cathy Castor (FL), Hon. Rodney Davis (IL), Hon. Mark DeSaulnier (CA), Hon. Veronica Escobar (TX), Hon. C. Scott Franklin (FL), Hon. Mike Gallagher (WI), Hon. Steny H. Hoyer (MD), Hon. John W. Rose (TN), Hon. Chip Roy (TX), Hon. John H. Rutherford (FL), Hon. Linda T. Sanchez (CA), Hon. Jason Smith (MO), Hon. Mark Takano (CA), and Hon. Bruce Westerman (AR). Additionally, the following Members of Congress submitted written testimony for the record: Hon. Rick W. Allen (GA), Hon. Raúl M. Grijalva (AZ), Hon. Eddie Bernice Johnson (TX), Hon. Kevin McCarthy (CA), Hon. Michael T. McCaul (TX), Hon. Stacey E. Plaskett (VI), Hon. Katie Porter (CA), Hon. Deborah K. Ross (NC), Hon. Glenn Thompson (PA), Hon. William R. Timmons IV (SC), and Hon. Maxine Waters (CA).

The Committee heard a wide range of perspectives on proxy voting and remote committee proceedings. Majority Leader Hoyer (MD) testified that these tools enabled the House and its committees to meet safely and produce major legislation like the American Rescue Plan that helped address critical needs during the pandemic. Rep. Mark DeSaulnier (CA), a member of the Rules Committee who is immunocompromised due to chronic cancer and a recent accident, discussed how proxy voting and remote committee proceedings allowed him to safely represent his constituents while not risking his life. House Republicans who have opposed these tools since their inception, including the Ranking Member of the House Administration Committee, Rep. Rodney Davis (IL), testified in opposition to proxy voting and remote committee proceedings. Minority Leader McCarthy (CA) submitted written testimony noting evidence that proxy voting is used for matters of convenience and that technology issues have marred remote committee proceedings.

Five Committee Chairs testified in person and in writing that remote committee proceedings have not only enabled their committees to operate amid the pandemic, but that they have provided an added benefit of allowing a more diverse group of witnesses to provide testimony to their committees. These Chairs testified that remote committee proceedings should be allowed to continue into the future. Several Members testified that proxy voting helped them do their jobs during the pandemic and that it should be available to Members in some capacity post-pandemic. Rep. Veronica Escobar (TX) recommended that every Member get a certain number of days when they can proxy vote to allow Members to attend to responsibilities in district or family matters. Rep. Linda Sánchez (CA) testified about how proxy voting can be used to help working mothers in Congress. Rep. Ed Perlmutter (CO), a member of the Rules Committee, suggested that we enable proxy voting and remote committee proceedings in perpetuity without any restrictions.

d. Members' Day Hearing on Proposed Rules Changes for the 118th Congress

The 116th Rules Package was adopted by the House of Representatives on January 3, 2019. That package included a separate order referred to as the Member Day Hearing Requirement. This provision requires each Committee, except for the Committee on Ethics, to hold a Member Day Hearing during the first session of the 116th Congress to hear testimony from Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner—whether they are a member of the committee or not—on proposed legislation within its jurisdiction. The provision permits the Committee on Rules to hold its Member Day Hearing during the second session in order to receive testimony on proposed changes to the standing rules for the next Congress. This provision was also included in the Rules Package adopted for the 117th Congress.

On November 29, 2022, the Committee on Rules fulfilled its Member Day Hearing Requirement by holding a hearing to receive Member testimony on proposed changes to the Rules of the House of Representatives for the 118th Congress.

The Committee engaged with members in conversations on a wide range of topics. Chair Raúl M. Grijalva (D-AZ) testified in favor of making remote or hybrid committee proceedings permanent, arguing that the remote option has been a valuable tool in gaining testimony from marginalized and underrepresented groups. On behalf of the Select Committee on the Modernization of Congress, Vice Chair William R. Timmons IV (R-SC) advocated for expanding trainings for both Members and staff, improving technological capabilities, and additional changes aimed at increasing the transparency and efficiency of the House. The Committee also discussed proposed changes to the 72-hour rule and vacating the Speaker's chair, as well as adding CBO scoring requirements, re-implementing the Holman rule, and requiring bills to be a single subject.

Testimony was heard from and the Committee received statements from the following Members of Congress: Hon. Carolyn Bourdeaux (D-GA), Hon. Tim Burchett (R-TN), Hon. Kat Cammack (R-FL), Hon. Warren Davidson (R-OH), Hon. Matt Gaetz (R-FL), Hon. Bob Good (R-VA), Hon. H. Morgan Griffith (R-VA), Hon. Raúl M. Grijalva (D-AZ), Hon. David P. Joyce (R-OH), Hon. Robert E. Latta (R-OH), Hon. Thomas Massie (R-KY), Hon. Aumua Amata Coleman Radewagen (R-AS), Hon. Chip Roy (R-TX), Hon. W. Gregory Steube (R-FL), and Hon. William R. Timmons IV (R-SC).

Additional discussion was heard from the following Members of the Committee: the Hon. James P. McGovern (D-MA), Chairman; Hon. Norma J. Torres (D-CA); Hon. Ed Perlmutter (D-CO), Hon. Jamie Raskin (D-MD); Hon. Mary Gay Scanlon (D-PA); Hon. Joseph D. Morelle (D-NY); Hon. Mark DeSaulnier (D-CA); Hon. Deborah K. Ross (D-NC); Hon. Tom Cole (R-OK); Hon. Michael C. Burgess (R-TX); Hon. Guy Reschenthaler (R-PA); Hon. Michelle Fischbach (R-MN).

e. Hearing entitled “Legal and Procedural Factors Related to Seating a Cherokee Nation Delegate in the U.S. House of Representatives”

On November 16, 2022, the Committee on Rules held an original jurisdiction hearing on the legal and procedural factors related to seating a Cherokee Nation Delegate in the U.S. House of Representatives. During the hearing, Members and witnesses discussed relevant history, treaty language and principles for interpreting treaties with Indian tribes. The 1835 Treaty of New Echota, which led to the forced removal of the Cherokees from their homelands along the Trail of Tears, provided that the Cherokee Nation “shall be entitled to a delegate in the House of Representatives of the United States whenever Congress shall make provision for the same.” A Cherokee Nation Delegate was never seated.

During the conversation, participants considered potential legal factors regarding seating a Cherokee Nation Delegate. This is a novel legal issue with very little precedent, especially given the unique status of tribes under federal law and Indian treaty interpretation canon. Some potential legal challenges raised during the hearing included an argument that recognizing a Cherokee Delegate violates the voting rights principal known as the “one-person, one-vote” rule by giving members of the Cherokee Nation a “super-vote.”

The discussion also included testimony on exploring procedural options for potential implementation of seating a Cherokee Nation Delegate. Some options discussed included enacting legislation which would require House and Senate agreement and presidential approval. A second option discussed was incorporation of the Cherokee Nation Delegate position into the Standing House Rules.

Another topic discussed was the fact that other tribes are also requesting a Delegate or claim rights to a delegate through the New Echota Treaty or separate treaties. Letters from the Choctaw Nation of Oklahoma, the Delaware Nation, the United Keetoowah Band of Cherokee Indians in Oklahoma, and the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians were submitted into the record of this hearing.

Testimony was heard from one panel of three witnesses, Chuck Hoskin Jr., Principal Chief, Cherokee Nation; Professor Lindsay Robertson, Chickasaw Nation Endowed Chair in Native American Law, College of Law at the University of Oklahoma; and Mainon A. Schwartz, Legislative Attorney, Congressional Research Service.

Additional discussion was heard from the following Members of the Committee: the Hon. James P. McGovern (D–MA), Chairman; Hon. Norma J. Torres (D–CA); Hon. Jamie Raskin (D–MD), Hon. Mary Gay Scanlon (D–PA), Hon. Joseph D. Morelle (D–NY), Hon. Mark DeSaulnier (D–CA), Hon. Deborah K. Ross (D–NC), Hon. Tom Cole (R–OK), Hon. Michael C. Burgess (R–TX), Hon. Guy Reschenthaler (R–PA), Hon. Michelle Fischbach (R–MN).

IV. ACTIVITIES OF THE SUBCOMMITTEES

A. ACTIVITIES OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE AND BUDGET PROCESS

1. JURISDICTION AND PURPOSE

The Committee on Rules established the Subcommittee on Legislative Process in 1979 at the beginning of the 96th Congress; it has been reestablished at the start of each Congress since. In early 1995, the Committee changed the name of this body to the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process to better reflect its jurisdiction.

In the 117th Congress, the Subcommittee retained its traditional makeup of seven members, with the majority holding five of the spots, and the minority holding the remaining two. Chaired by Rep. Alcee L. Hastings of Florida, until his passing, the Majority membership of the Subcommittee included Reps. Joseph D. Morelle of New York (who assumed the Chair position following Rep. Hastings' passing), Mary Gay Scanlon of Pennsylvania, Joe Neguse of Colorado (elected to the subcommittee following the passing of Rep. Hastings), and James P. McGovern of Massachusetts. The Minority members of the Subcommittee include Ranking Member Michael Burgess of Texas and Rep. Tom Cole of Oklahoma.

Committee Rule 5(a)(1)(A) assigns to the Subcommittee the general responsibility for measures or matters related to relations between the Congress and the Executive Branch.

The primary statute within the Subcommittee's jurisdiction is the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-344 as amended). The Subcommittee also continues to exercise jurisdiction over budget process-related provisions found in Part C of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 (Public Law 99-177 as amended by Public Laws 100-119, 101-508 and 103-44) and the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990 (Title XIII of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 (Public Law 103-44)). Legislation is referred to the Subcommittee at the discretion of the Chair of the Committee on Rules.

2. SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES IN THE 117TH CONGRESS

a. Original jurisdiction hearing on Using Budget Principles to Prepare for Future Pandemics and Other Disasters

On January 12th, 2022, the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process held an original jurisdiction hearing entitled, "*Using Budget Principles to Prepare for Future Pandemics and Other Disasters*." The discussion focused on the importance of making strategic investments each year across the federal budget to ensure a strong, coordinated response to future pandemics and other disasters. Witnesses and Members analyzed lessons learned from the federal, state and local government responses to the COVID-19 pandemic and explored how underinvestment in key programs exacerbated inequalities already present in society. Participants suggested potential ways to use the federal budget to improve disaster response, resiliency, and coordination between stakeholders. For example, creating systems to efficiently distribute emergency funding, allocating additional funding to surveillance, and moni-

toring to identify threats early, and investing in government social and public health programs. Testimony was heard from one panel of five witnesses, Ms. Julia Tedesco, President and CEO, Foodlink, Inc.; Dr. Helene Gayle, CEO, Chicago Community Trust; Mr. Jeff Schlegelmilch, Director of the National Center for Disaster Preparedness at Columbia Climate School; The Honorable Robert Kadlec, M.D., Former Assistant Secretary for Preparedness and Response, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Additional discussion was heard from the following Members of the Subcommittee, the Hon. Joe Morelle (D-NY), Chairman; Hon. Michael Burgess (R-TX), Ranking Member; Hon. Deborah Ross (D-NC); Hon. Jim McGovern (D-MA).

b. Original jurisdiction hearing on Tools to Combat Gun Trafficking and Reduce Gun Violence in Our Communities

On June 15th, 2022, the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process held an original jurisdiction hearing entitled, “*Tools to Combat Gun Trafficking and Reduce Gun Violence in Our Communities*.”

The hearing explored actions that Congress can take to better combat gun trafficking and ensure illegal guns do not make their way onto the streets of our communities. Witnesses discussed the importance of ensuring the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives (ATF) has the necessary tools to track and police gun trafficking, as well as critical funding streams for gun violence prevention research. The hearing also covered elements of H.R. 4423, the Gun Theft Prevention Act. Testimony was heard from one panel of four witnesses, Dr. Lois K. Lee MD, MPH, FAAP, FACEP, Pediatric Emergency Medicine Physician, Boston Children’s Hospital Assistant Professor of Pediatrics at Harvard Medical School; Mr. Todd K. Baxter, Monroe County Sheriff, Rochester, New York; Mr. Robert Wilcox, Director of Federal Policy, Everytown for Gun Safety Action Fund; Mr. William Napier LPC, Security/ATF Compliance Consultant.

Additional discussion was heard from the following Members of the Subcommittee, the Hon. Joe Morelle (D-NY), Chairman; Hon. Michael Burgess (R-TX), Ranking Member; Hon. Mary Gay Scanlon (D-PA), Hon. Deborah Ross (D-NC), Hon. Jim McGovern (D-MA).

c. Original jurisdiction hearing on Legislative and Budgetary Solutions to Unfair Restrictions on Repair

On September 21st, 2022, the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process held an original jurisdiction hearing entitled, “*Right to Repair: Legislative and Budgetary Solutions to Unfair Restrictions on Repair*.”

The hearing explored actions that Congress can take to allow individuals the right to choose how they repair their own digital equipment, ensuring that companies who unfairly restrict the right to repair are held accountable. Participants discussed the importance of ensuring that the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) has the necessary authority and resources to protect consumers from such anti-competitive conduct, as well as the economic impact these restrictions have on families and small business owners across the country. Testimony was heard from one panel of three witnesses,

Mr. Nathan Proctor, Senior Campaign Director, Right to Repair, U.S. PIRG (Public Interest Research Group); Mr. Sandeep Vaheesan, Legal Director, Open Markets Institute; Ms. Lauren Williams, Sr. Associate Director of National Affairs, New York Farm Bureau.

Additional discussion was heard from the following Members of the Subcommittee, the Hon. Joe Morelle (D-NY), Chairman; Hon. Michael Burgess (R-TX), Ranking Member; Hon. Jim McGovern (D-MA).

3. LEGISLATION REFERRED TO THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON LEGISLATIVE AND BUDGET PROCESS

Legislation was not referred to the Subcommittee on Legislative and Budget Process during the 117th Congress.

B. ACTIVITIES OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON RULES AND ORGANIZATION OF THE HOUSE

1. JURISDICTION AND PURPOSE

The Subcommittee was first established at the beginning of the 96th Congress as the Subcommittee on Rules of the House. At the beginning of the 104th Congress, its name was changed to the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House to more accurately reflect the Subcommittee's mission and jurisdiction. In the 107th Congress, the Subcommittee's name was modified to the Subcommittee on Technology and the House, and at the beginning of the 109th Congress, the name reverted back to the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House. The Subcommittee's jurisdiction remains unchanged and it maintains its previous membership of seven Representatives, with five serving from the majority and two from the minority. Chaired by Rep. Norma J. Torres of California, the Majority membership of the Subcommittee included Reps. Ed Perlmutter of Colorado, Mary Gay Scanlon of Pennsylvania, Joe Neguse of Colorado, and James P. McGovern of Massachusetts. The Minority members of the Subcommittee included Ranking Member Guy Reschenthaler of Pennsylvania and Rep. Tom Cole of Oklahoma.

Committee rule 5(a)(1)(B) assigns to the Subcommittee the general responsibility for measures or matters related to process and procedures of the House, relations between the two Houses of Congress, relations between Congress and the Judiciary, and internal operations of the House. The Subcommittee is primarily responsible for the continuing examination of the committee structure and jurisdictional issues of all House committees. It remains committed to a continuing study of the organization and operations of the House. Legislation is referred to the Subcommittee at the discretion of the Chair of the Committee on Rules.

2. SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES IN THE 117TH CONGRESS

The Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House did not meet during the 117th Congress.

3. LEGISLATION REFERRED TO THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON RULES AND ORGANIZATION OF THE HOUSE

Legislation was not referred to the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House during the 117th Congress.

C. ACTIVITIES OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON EXPEDITED PROCEDURES

1. JURISDICTION AND PURPOSE

The Committee on Rules newly-established the Subcommittee on Expedited Procedures at the beginning of the 116th Congress. Similar to the other two subcommittees, the makeup of the Subcommittee is seven members, with the majority holding five spots and the minority holding the remaining two. Chaired by Jamie Raskin of Maryland, the Majority members of the Subcommittee included Reps. Deborah K. Ross of North Carolina, Norma J. Torres of California, Mark DeSaulnier of California, and James P. McGovern of Massachusetts. The Minority members of the Subcommittee included Ranking Member Michelle Fischbach of Arizona and Tom Cole of Oklahoma.

Committee Rule 5(a)(1)(C) assigns the Subcommittee the general responsibility for measures or matters related to expedited procedures for floor consideration in law or in the Rules of the House of Representatives.

The Subcommittee was created to examine the numerous expedited parliamentary procedures that have been included in measures or matters. The expedited procedures included in measures or matters can have several components including its introduction and referral, the priority the measure or matter enjoys for floor consideration, its consideration in committee, the process of debating and amending it on the floor, and the measure or matter's coordination with the Senate. Legislation is referred to the Subcommittee at the discretion of the Chair of the Committee on Rules.

2. SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES IN THE 117TH CONGRESS

The Subcommittee on Expedited Procedures did not meet during the 117th Congress.

3. LEGISLATION REFERRED TO THE SUBCOMMITTEE ON EXPEDITED PROCEDURES

Legislation was not referred to the Subcommittee on Expedited Procedures during the 117th Congress.

V. STATISTICAL PROFILE OF THE COMMITTEE ON RULES IN THE 117TH CONGRESS

A. Statistics on Special Orders or Rules

1. Number of formal requests for Rules Committee hearings	83
(a) Number of rules requested for original consideration of measures, rules for further consideration, rules for disposition of Senate amendments	83
(b) Number of rules requested on conference reports	0
(c) Number of rules requested on procedural matters	0

A. Statistics on Special Orders or Rules—Continued

(d) Number of formal rules requested otherwise disposed of by procedures other than the Rules Committee	0
2. Number of formal requests pending	0
3. Number of hearing days—	
(a) 1st Session:	40
(1) Regular meetings	26
(2) Emergency meetings	14
(3) Regular meetings with added emergency measures	3
(b) 2nd Session:	40
(1) Regular meetings	30
(2) Emergency meetings	10
(3) Regular meetings with added emergency measures	8
4. Number of special orders or “rules” reported from the Rules Committee	80
(a) Number of bills and resolutions provided consideration pursuant to a rule	166
(1) Bills	146
(2) Joint Resolutions	8
(3) Concurrent Resolutions	2
(4) Simple Resolutions	10
(b) Types of amendment structures for consideration of bills and resolutions—	
(1) Open	0
(2) Modified Open	0
(3) Structured	59
(4) Closed	89
(5) Senate Amendment	15
(6) Conference Report	0
(c) Categories of Rules Granted with Certain Floor Management Tools—	
(1) Expedited Procedures Rules (Waiving 2/3 Requirement)	22
(2) Suspension Day Rules	20
(3) Chair’s En Bloc Authority	36
(4) Providing for the Consideration of Multiple Measures	48
(5) Motion to Table Resolution	3
(d) Categories of Rules Granted to Resolve Differences Among and Responding to the Legislative Actions of Committees—	
(1) Self-Executing Rules	111
(2) Original Text Rules	0
(e) Categories of Rules Granted Dealing with House-Senate Relations—	
(1) Senate Hook-up Rules	0
(2) Motions to go to Conference	0
(3) Engrossment of Multiple Measures Rules	0
(4) Instructing the Clerk Regarding the Transmittal of Papers	0
(f) Categories of Rules Granted with Certain Housekeeping Tools—	
(1) Providing Procedures for Pro Forma	23
(2) Report Filing Authority	0
(3) Providing for Adoption	20
(g) Disposition of the 80 special orders or “rules” reported from the Rules Committee—	
(1) Adopted by the House	77
(2) Rejected by the House	0
(3) Resolutions Amended	1
(4) Laid on the Table	3
(5) Pending on the House Calendar at the close of the 117th Congress	0
5. Waivers of House rules, standing orders, and the Congressional Budget Act granted (waivers may apply to underlying measures, matter made in order as original text, motions, or amendments)—	
(a) Waivers of rules of the House:	

A. Statistics on Special Orders or Rules—Continued

(1) Rule XII, Clause 5	3
(2) Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(1)	0
(3) Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(2)	0
(4) Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(3)	0
(5) Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(4)	2
(6) Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(5)	1
(7) Rule XIII, Clause 3(c)(6)	2
(8) Rule XIII, Clause 3(d)(1)	19
(9) Rule XIII, Clause 3(e)(1)	3
(10) Rule XIII, Clause 4(a)(1)	3
(11) Rule XIII, Clause 6(a)	0
(12) Rule XV, Clause 1	0
(13) Rule XVI, Clause 7	4
(14) Rule XXI, Clause 2	5
(15) Rule XXI, Clause 2(c)	6
(16) Rule XXI, Clause 3	1
(17) Rule XXI, Clause 4	20
(18) Rule XXI, Clause 5(a)	9
(19) Rule XXI, Clause 6	1
(20) Rule XXI, Clause 9(a)(2)	3
(21) Rule XXI, Clause 10	25
(22) Rule XXI, Clause 11	16
(23) Rule XXI, Clause 12(a)(1)	28
(24) Rule XXII, Clause 6	5
(25) Section 3 of H. Res. 1151 of the 117th Congress	1
(b) Waivers of Budget Enforcement:	
(1) Section 302(f)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974	22
(2) Section 303(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974	11
(3) Section 306 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974	16
(4) Section 309 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974	1
(5) Section 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974	3
(6) Section 425 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974	4

B. Statistics on Original Jurisdiction Matters

1. Full Committee—	
(a) Number of bills and resolutions referred	182
(b) Number of measures referred to the subcommittees	0
(1) Exclusive Referrals to the Subcommittee on the Legislative and Budget Process	0
(2) Exclusive Referrals to the Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House	0
(3) Exclusive Referrals to the Subcommittee on Expedited Procedures	0
(4) Joint Referrals	0
(c) Number of hearings and markups held by the full committee	8
(d) Number of measures reported by the full committee	0
(1) Disposition of measures reported—	
(a) Measures adopted by the House	0
(b) Measures reported and pending floor action at the close of the 117th Congress	0
(c) Measures rejected by the House	0
(d) Measures tabled by the House	0
2. Subcommittee on the Legislative and Budget Process:	
(a) Measures referred	0
(b) Days of hearings and markups	3

B. Statistics on Original Jurisdiction Matters—Continued

(c) Measures reported	0
3. Subcommittee on Rules and Organization of the House:	
(a) Measures referred	0
(b) Days of hearings and markups	0
(c) Measures reported	0
4. Subcommittee on Expedited Procedures:	
(a) Measures referred	0
(b) Days of hearings and markups	0
(c) Measures reported	0

VI. PUBLICATIONS

1. Rules of the Committee on Rules for the 117th Congress. Rules Committee Print 117-1
2. H.R. 803—Colorado Wilderness Act of 2021 [Protecting America’s Wilderness and Public Lands Act]. Rules Committee Print 117-2
3. H.R. 1620—Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117-3
4. H.R. 6—American Dream and Promise Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117-4
5. H.R. 1187—Corporate Governance Improvement and Investor Protection Act. Rules Committee Print 117-5
6. H.R. 2062—Protecting Older Workers Against Discrimination Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117-6
7. H.R. 1443—LGBTQ Business Equal Credit Enforcement and Investment Act. Rules Committee Print 117-7
8. H.R. 3684—INVEST in America Act. Rules Committee Print 117-8
9. H.R. 3684—INVEST in America Act. Rules Committee Print 117-9
10. H.R. 2467—PFAS Action Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117-10
11. H.R. 2668—Consumer Protection and Recovery Act. Rules Committee Print 117-11
12. H.R. 4502—Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022 [Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Govern. Rules Committee Print 117-12
13. H.R. 4350—National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022. Rules Committee Print 117-13
14. H.R. 3992—Protect Older Job Applicants (POJA) Act. Rules Committee Print 117-14
15. H.R. 2119—Family Violence Prevention and Services Improvement Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117-15
16. S. 1301—Promoting Physical Activity for Americans Act [Temporary Extension of Public Debt Limit]. Rules Committee Print 117-16
17. H.R. 5376—Build Back Better Act. Rules Committee Print 117-17
18. H.R. 5376—Build Back Better Act. Rules Committee Print 117-18
19. H.R. 5376—Text of amendment to H.R. 5376 considered as adopted.. Rules Committee Print 117-19
20. H.R. 5314—Protecting Our Democracy Act. Rules Committee Print 117-20

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21. S. 1605—[National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022]. Rules Committee Print 117–21
 22. S. 610—[Protecting Medicare & American Farmers from Sequester Cuts Act]. Rules Committee Print 117–22
 23. H.R. 5665—Combating International Islamophobia Act. Rules Committee Print 117–23
 24. Rules Adopted by the Committees of the House of Representatives of the United States.. Rules Committee Print 117–24
 25. H.R. 1836—Guard and Reserve GI Bill Parity Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117–25
 26. H.R. 4673—EVEST Act. Rules Committee Print 117–26
 27. Senate amendment to H.R. 5746—[Showing the text of NASA Enhanced Use Leasing Extension Act of 2021]. Rules Committee Print 117–27
 28. Senate amendment to H.R. 5746—NASA Enhanced Use Leasing Extension Act of 2021 [Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act]. Rules Committee Print 117–28
 29. H.R. 4445—Ending Forced Arbitration of Sexual Assault and Sexual Harrasment Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117–29
 30. H.R. 3485—Global Respect Act. Rules Committee Print 117–30
 31. H.R. 4521—Bioeconomy Research and Development Act of 2021 [America COMPETES Act of 2022]. Rules Committee Print 117–31
 32. H.R. 3076—Postal Service Reform Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–32
 33. H.R. 3967—Honoring our PACT Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117–33
 34. H.R. 963—Fair Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–34
 35. Senate amendment to H.R. 2471—Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022]. Rules Committee Print 117–35
 36. H.R. 2116—CROWN Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117–36
 37. H.R. 3617—MORE Act. Rules Committee Print 117–37
 38. H.R. 6833—Affordable Insulin Now Act. Rules Committee Print 117–38
 39. H.R. 3807—Relief for Restaurants and other Hard Hit Small Businesses Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–39
 40. H.R. 903—Rights for the TSA Workforce Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–40
 41. H.R. 2499—Federal Firefighters Fairness Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–41
 42. H.R. 5129—Community Services Block Grant Modernization Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–42
 43. H.R. 7309—Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–43
 44. H.R. 6531—Targeting Resources to Communities In Need Act. Rules Committee Print 117–44
 45. Based on the texts of S. 2938 and H.R. 2842, as considered under suspension of the rules. Rules Committee Print 117–45
 46. H.R. 2377—Federal Extreme Risk Protection Order Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117–46

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47. H.R. 2773—Recovering America’s Wildlife Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117–47
 48. H.R. 7910—Protecting Our Kids Act. Rules Committee Print 117–48
 49. H.R. 2543—Federal Reserve Racial and Economic Equity Act. Rules Committee Print 117–49
 50. H.R. 7606—Meat and Poultry Special Investigator Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–50
 51. H.R. 7666—Restoring Hope for Mental Health and Well-Being Act of 2022’. Rules Committee Print 117–51
 52. H.R. 4176—LGBTQI+ Data Inclusion Act. Rules Committee Print 117–52
 53. Senate Amendments to the House Amendment to S. 2938—Bipartisan Safer Communities Act. Rules Committee Print 117–53
 54. H.R. 7900—National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023. Rules Committee Print 117–54
 55. H.R. 8294—Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023. Rules Committee Print 117–55
 56. S. 3373—Protecting Our Gold Star Families Education Act. Rules Committee Print 117–56
 57. H.R. 3771—South Asian Heart Health Awareness and Research Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–58
 58. H.R. 5118—Continental Divide Trail Completion Act [Wildfire Response and Drought Resiliency Act]. Rules Committee Print 117–57
 59. H.R. 4040—Advancing Telehealth Beyond COVID–19 Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117–59
 60. H.R. 1808—Assault Weapons Ban of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–60
 61. H.R. 2814—Equal Access to Justice for Victims of Gun Violence Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–61
 62. H.R. 8326—Ensuring a Fair and Accurate Census Act. Rules Committee Print 117–64
 63. H.R. 5768—VICTIM Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–62
 64. H.R. 1368—Mental Health Justice Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–63
 65. H.R. 6448—Invest to Protect Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–65
 66. H.R. 3843—Merger Filing Fee Modernization Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–66
 67. H.R. 7780—Mental Health Matters Act. Rules Committee Print 117–67
 68. H.R. 8987—Fairness for 9/11 Families Act. Rules Committee Print 117–68
 69. H.R. 8876—The Jackie Walorski Maternal and Child Home Visiting Reauthorization Act of 2022. Rules Committee Print 117–69
 70. Senate amendment to H.R. 7776—Water Resources Development Act of 2022 [James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023]. Rules Committee Print 117–70
 71. H.R. 1948—VA Employee Fairness Act of 2021. Rules Committee Print 117–71
 72. Senate Amendment to H.R. 1437—PRECIP Act [Further Continuing Appropriations and Extensions Act, 2023]. Rules Committee Print 117–72
 73. H.R. 2617—Performance Enhancement Reform Act. Rules Committee Print 117–73

VII. APPENDICES

A. Table 1a.—Types of Rules Granted (Consideration)

Resolution	Measure	Title
Structured:		
H. Res. 85	H.R. 447	National Apprenticeship Act of 2021
H. Res. 147	H.R. 803	Colorado Wilderness Act of 2021 [Protecting America's Wilderness and Public Lands Act]
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1	For the People Act of 2021
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1280	George Floyd Justice in Policing Act of 2021
H. Res. 188	H.R. 842	Protecting the Right to Organize Act of 2021
H. Res. 188	H.R. 8	Bipartisan Background Checks Act of 2021
H. Res. 188	H.R. 1446	Enhanced Background Checks Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1620	Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2021
H. Res. 303	H.R. 7	Paycheck Fairness Act
H. Res. 303	H.R. 1195	Workplace Violence Prevention for Health Care and Social Service Workers Act
H. Res. 380	H.R. 2547	Comprehensive Debt Collection Improvement Act
H. Res. 473	H.R. 1187	Corporate Governance Improvement and Investor Protection Act
H. Res. 486	H.R. 2062	Protecting Older Workers Against Discrimination Act of 2021
H. Res. 504	H.R. 2662	IG Independence and Empowerment Act
H. Res. 508	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act
H. Res. 535	H.R. 2467	PFAS Action Act of 2021
H. Res. 555	H.R. 4502	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022 [Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development Appropriations Act, 2022]
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4373	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4505	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4346	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 667	H.R. 4350	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022
H. Res. 716	H.R. 2119	Family Violence Prevention and Services Improvement Act of 2021
H. Res. 716	H.R. 3110	PUMP for Nursing Mothers Act
H. Res. 716	H.R. 3992	Protect Older Job Applicants (POJA) Act
H. Res. 838	H.R. 5314	Protecting Our Democracy Act
H. Res. 860	H.R. 1836	Guard and Reserve GI Bill Parity Act of 2021
H. Res. 860	H.R. 4673	EVEST Act
H. Res. 900	H.R. 3485	Global Respect Act
H. Res. 900	H.R. 4521	Bioeconomy Research and Development Act of 2021 [America COMPETES Act of 2022]
H. Res. 912	H.R. 3076	Postal Service Reform Act of 2022
H. Res. 950	H.R. 3967	Honoring our PACT Act of 2021
H. Res. 979	H.R. 963	Fair Act of 2022
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 3617	MORE Act
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 903	Rights for the TSA Workforce Act of 2022
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 2499	Federal Firefighters Fairness Act of 2022
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 5129	Community Services Block Grant Modernization Act of 2022
H. Res. 1124	H.R. 7688	Consumer Fuel Price Gouging Prevention Act
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 2543	Federal Reserve Racial and Economic Equity Act
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 2773	Recovering America's Wildlife Act of 2021
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 7606	Meat and Poultry Special Investigator Act of 2022
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 4176	LGBTQI+ Data Inclusion Act

A. Table 1a.—Types of Rules Granted (Consideration)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 5585	ARPA—H Act
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 7666	Restoring Hope for Mental Health and Well-Being Act of 2022 ¹
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 7900	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8294	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 3771	South Asian Heart Health Awareness and Research Act of 2022
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 5118	Continental Divide Trail Completion Act [Wildfire Response and Drought Resiliency Act]
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 6929	Susan Muffley Act of 2022
H. Res. 1256	H.R. 263	Big Cat Public Safety Act
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 302	Preventing a Patronage System Act of 2021
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 2988	Whistleblower Protection Improvement Act of 2021
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 8326	Ensuring a Fair and Accurate Census Act
H. Res. 1396	H.R. 7780	Mental Health Matters Act
H. Res. 1499	H.R. 3372	One Stop Shop Community Reentry Program Act of 2021
H. Res. 1499	H.R. 6878	Pregnant Women in Custody Act
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 3648	EAGLE Act of 2022
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 7946	Veteran Service Recognition Act of 2022
Closed:		
H. Res. 38	H. Res. 21	Calling on Vice President Michael R. Pence to convene and mobilize the principal officers of the executive departments of the Cabinet to activate section 4 of the 25th Amendment to declare President Donald J. Trump incapable of executing the duties of his office and to immediately exercise powers as acting President.
H. Res. 41	H. Res. 24	Impeaching Donald John Trump, President of the United States, for high crimes and misdemeanors.
H. Res. 85	H. Con. Res. 11	Establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2021 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030.
H. Res. 91	H. Res. 72	Removing a certain Member from certain standing committees of the House of Representatives.
H. Res. 147	H.R. 5	Equality Act
H. Res. 166	H.R. 1319	American Rescue Plan Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 6	American Dream and Promise Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1603	Farm Workforce Modernization Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1868	To prevent across-the-board direct spending cuts, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 233	H.J. Res. 17	Removing the deadline for the ratification of the equal rights amendment.
H. Res. 330	H.R. 51	Washington, D.C. Admission Act
H. Res. 330	H.R. 1573	Access to Counsel Act of 2021
H. Res. 330	H.R. 1333	NO BAN Act
H. Res. 380	H.R. 1065	Pregnant Workers Fairness Act
H. Res. 403	H.R. 1629	Fairness in Orphan Drug Exclusivity Act
H. Res. 403	H. Res. 275	Condemning the horrific shootings in Atlanta, Georgia, on March 16, 2021, and reaffirming the House of Representative's commitment to combating hate, bigotry, and violence against the Asian-American and Pacific Islander community.
H. Res. 409	H.R. 3237	Emergency Security Supplemental to Respond to January 6th Appropriations Act, 2021
H. Res. 409	H.R. 3233	National Commission to Investigate the January 6 Attack on the United States Capitol Complex Act
H. Res. 473	H.R. 256	To repeal the Authorization for Use of Military Force Against Iraq Resolution of 2002.
H. Res. 479	S. 475	Juneteenth National Independence Day Act
H. Res. 486	H.R. 239	Equal Access to Contraception for Veterans Act
H. Res. 486	H.R. 1443	LGBTQ Business Equal Credit Enforcement and Investment Act

A. Table 1a.—Types of Rules Granted (Consideration)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 486	S.J. Res. 13	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission relating to "Update of Commission's Conciliation Procedures".
H. Res. 486	S.J. Res. 14	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to "Oil and Natural Gas Sector: Emission Standards for New, Reconstructed, and Modified Sources Review".
H. Res. 486	S.J. Res. 15	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Office of the Comptroller of Currency relating to "National Banks and Federal Savings Associations as Lenders".
H. Res. 504	H.R. 3005	To direct the Joint Committee on the Library to replace the bust of Roger Brooke Taney in the Old Supreme Court Chamber of the United States Capitol with a bust of Thurgood Marshall to be obtained by the Joint Committee on the Library and to remove certain statues from areas of the United States Capitol which are accessible to the public, to remove all statues of individuals who voluntarily served the Confederate States of America from display in the United States Capitol, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 504	H. Res. 503	Establishing the Select Committee to Investigate the January 6th Attack on the United States Capitol.
H. Res. 535	H.R. 2668	Consumer Protection and Recovery Act
H. Res. 535	H.R. 3985	Allies Act of 2021
H. Res. 594	H.R. 4	John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act of 2021
H. Res. 600	H.R. 4	John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act of 2021
H. Res. 601	H.R. 4	John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act of 2021
H. Res. 667	H.R. 3775	Women's Health Protection Act of 2021
H. Res. 667	H.R. 5305	Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act
H. Res. 688	S. 1301	Promoting Physical Activity for Americans Act [Temporary Extension of Public Debt Limit]
H. Res. 727	H. Res. 730	Recommending that the House of Representatives find Stephen K. Bannon in contempt of Congress for refusal to comply with a subpoena duly issued by the Select Committee to Investigate the January 6th Attack on the United States Capitol.
H. Res. 774	H.R. 5376	Build Back Better Act
H. Res. 795	H. Res. 789	Censuring Representative Paul Gosar.
H. Res. 829	H.R. 6119	Further Extending Government Funding Act
H. Res. 838	S. 1605	[National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022]
H. Res. 838	S. 610	[Protecting Medicare & American Farmers from Sequester Cuts Act]
H. Res. 848	H. Res. 851	Recommending that the House of Representatives Find Mark Randall Meadows in Contempt of Congress for Refusal to Comply with a Subpoena Duly Issued by the Select Committee to Investigate the January 6th Attack on the United States Capitol
H. Res. 849	H.R. 5665	Combating International Islamophobia Act
H. Res. 852	S.J. Res. 33	Joint resolution relating to increasing the debt limit.
H. Res. 912	H.R. 6617	Further Additional Extending Government Funding Act
H. Res. 979	H.R. 2116	CROWN Act of 2021
H. Res. 972	H.J. Res. 75	Extension of Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 972	H.R. 6968	Suspending Energy Imports from Russia Act
H. Res. 973	H.J. Res. 75	Extension of Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 973	H.R. 6968	Suspending Energy Imports from Russia Act
H. Res. 973	H.R. 7007	COVID Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 6833	Affordable Insulin Now Act

A. Table 1a.—Types of Rules Granted (Consideration)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1023	H. Res. 1037	Recommending that the House of Representatives find Peter K. Navarro and Daniel Scavino, Jr., in contempt of Congress for refusal to comply with subpoenas duly issued by the Select Committee to investigate the January 6th attack on the United States Capitol.
H. Res. 1033	H.R. 3807	Relief for Restaurants and other Hard Hit Small Businesses Act of 2022
H. Res. 1065	S. 3522	Ukraine Democracy Defense Lend-Lease Act of 2022
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 7691	Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 1124	H.R. 350	Domestic Terrorism Prevention Act of 2022
H. Res. 1124	H.R. 7790	Infant Formula Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 1153	H.R. 2377	Federal Extreme Risk Protection Order Act of 2021
H. Res. 1153	H.R. 7910	Protecting Our Kids Act
H. Res. 1224	S. 3373	Protecting Our Gold Star Families Education Act
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 8296	Women's Health Protection Act of 2022
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 8297	Ensuring Access to Abortion Act of 2022
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 6538	Active Shooter Alert Act of 2022
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8373	Right to Contraception Act
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8404	Respect for Marriage Act
H. Res. 1256	H.R. 4040	Advancing Telehealth Beyond COVID—19 Act of 2021
H. Res. 1302	H.R. 1808	Assault Weapons Ban of 2022
H. Res. 1361	S. 1098	Joint Consolidation Loan Separation Act
H. Res. 1372	H.R. 8873	Presidential Election Reform Act
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 4118	Break the Cycle of Violence Act
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 5768	VICTIM Act of 2022
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 6448	Invest to Protect Act of 2022
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 8542	Mental Health Justice Act of 2022
H. Res. 1396	H.R. 3843	Merger Filing Fee Modernization Act of 2022
H. Res. 1396	S. 3969	Protection and Advocacy for Voting Access Program Inclusion Act
H. Res. 1404	H.R. 8987	Fairness for 9/11 Families Act
H. Res. 1464	S. 4524	Speak Out Act
H. Res. 1499	H.R. 8876	The Jackie Walorski Maternal and Child Home Visiting Reauthorization Act of 2022
H. Res. 1499	H.J. Res. 100	To provide for a resolution with respect to the unresolved disputes between certain railroads represented by the National Carriers' Conference Committee of the National Railway Labor Conference and certain of their employees.
H. Res. 1499	H. Con. Res. 119	Providing for a correction in the enrollment of H.J. Res. 100.
H. Res. 1518	H.R. 1948	VA Employee Fairness Act of 2021
H. Res. 1518	S. 3905	Preventing Organizational Conflicts of Interest in Federal Acquisition Act
H. Res. 1518	S. 4003	Law Enforcement De-Escalation Training Act of 2022
H. Res. 1519	H.R. 8393	Puerto Rico Status Act
H. Res. 1529	H.R. 9640	Presidential Tax Filings and Audit Transparency Act of 2022
H. Res. 1529	S. 1942	National Heritage Area Act
Senate Amendment:		
H. Res. 198	H.R. 1319	American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 [Senate Amendment]
H. Res. 594	H.R. 3684	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act [Senate Amendment]
H. Res. 600	H.R. 3684	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act [Senate Amendment]
H. Res. 601	H.R. 3684	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act [Senate Amendment]
H. Res. 868	H.R. 5746	NASA Enhanced Use Leasing Extension Act of 2021 [Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act] [Senate Amendment]
H. Res. 972	H.R. 2471	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022] [Senate Amendment]

A. Table 1a.—Types of Rules Granted (Consideration)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 973	H.R. 2471	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022] [Senate Amendment]
H. Res. 1204	S. 2938	Bipartisan Safer Communities Act [Senate Amendments to the House Amendment]
H. Res. 1204	S. 2089	Keep Kids Fed Act [Senate Amendment to the House Amendment]
H. Res. 1289	H.R. 4346	CHIPS & Science [Senate Amendment]
H. Res. 1316	H.R. 5376	Inflation Reduction Act of 2022 [Senate Amendment]
H. Res. 1404	H.R. 6833	Continuing Appropriations and Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023 [Senate Amendment]
H. Res. 1510	H.R. 8404	Respect for Marriage Act [Senate Amendment]
H. Res. 1518	H.R. 1437	PRECIP Act [Further Continuing Appropriations and Extensions Act, 2023] [Senate Amendment]
H. Res. 1531	H.R. 2617	Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 [Senate Amendment to the House Amendment to the Senate Amendment]

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)

Resolution	Measure	Title
Waiving Rule XIII, clause 6(a), requiring a two-thirds vote to consider a rule on the same day it is reported from the Committee on Rules:		
H. Res. 41		Special rule reported on the legislative day of January 12, 2021, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of February 11, 2021.
H. Res. 85		Special rule reported on the legislative day of February 2, 2021, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of March 12, 2021.
H. Res. 188		Special rule reported on the legislative day of March 8, 2021, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of April 22, 2021.
H. Res. 330		Special rule reported on the legislative day of April 20, 2021, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of May 20, 2021.
H. Res. 403		Special rule reported on the legislative day of May 17, 2021, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of July 1, 2021.
H. Res. 508		Special rule reported on the legislative day of June 29, 2021, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of July 30, 2021.
H. Res. 555		Special rule reported on the legislative day of July 26, 2021, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of September 22, 2021.
H. Res. 667		Special rule reported on the legislative day of September 21, 2021, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of October 27, 2021.
H. Res. 716		Special rule reported on the legislative day of October 12, 2021, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of November 18, 2021.
H. Res. 774		Special rule reported on the legislative day of November 4, 2021, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of December 3, 2021.
H. Res. 829		Special rule reported on the legislative day of December 2, 2021, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of January 21, 2022.

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 860		Special rule reported on the legislative day of January 10, 2022, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of February 4, 2022.
H. Res. 900		Special rule reported on the legislative day of February 1, 2022, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of April 1, 2022.
H. Res. 1017		Special rule reported on the legislative day of March 30, 2022, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of April 29, 2022.
H. Res. 1065		Special rule reported on the legislative day of April 27, 2022, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of May 13, 2022.
H. Res. 1097		Special rule reported on the legislative day of May 10, 2022, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of June 10, 2022.
H. Res. 1153		Special rule reported on the legislative day of June 7, 2022, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of June 17, 2022.
H. Res. 1170		Special rule reported on the legislative day of June 13, 2022, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of June 22, 2022.
H. Res. 1191		Special rule reported on the legislative day of June 21, 2022, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of July 13, 2022.
H. Res. 1224		Special rule reported on the legislative day of July 12, 2022, against any resolution reported through the legislative day of July 19, 2022.
H. Res. 1339		Special rule reported on the legislative day of September 13, 2022 against any resolution reported through the legislative day of September 30, 2022, relating to a measure making or continuing appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.
H. Res. 1508		Special rule reported on the legislative day of December 5, 2022, against any resolution reported through the remainder of the 117th Congress.
Chair's En Bloc Authority:		
H. Res. 85	H.R. 447	National Apprenticeship Act of 2021
H. Res. 147	H.R. 803	Colorado Wilderness Act of 2021 [Protecting America's Wilderness and Public Lands Act]
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1	For the People Act of 2021
H. Res. 188	H.R. 842	Protecting the Right to Organize Act of 2021
H. Res. 188	H.R. 8	Bipartisan Background Checks Act of 2021
H. Res. 188	H.R. 1446	Enhanced Background Checks Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1620	Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2021
H. Res. 303	H.R. 7	Paycheck Fairness Act
H. Res. 303	H.R. 1195	Workplace Violence Prevention for Health Care and Social Service Workers Act
H. Res. 380	H.R. 2547	Comprehensive Debt Collection Improvement Act
H. Res. 473	H.R. 1187	Corporate Governance Improvement and Investor Protection Act
H. Res. 486	H.R. 2062	Protecting Older Workers Against Discrimination Act of 2021
H. Res. 504	H.R. 2662	IG Independence and Empowerment Act
H. Res. 508	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act
H. Res. 535	H.R. 2467	PFAS Action Act of 2021

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 555	H.R. 4502	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022 [Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development Appropriations Act, 2022]
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4373	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4505	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4346	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 716	H.R. 2119	Family Violence Prevention and Services Improvement Act of 2021
H. Res. 838	H.R. 5314	Protecting Our Democracy Act
H. Res. 860	H.R. 4673	EVEST Act
H. Res. 667	H.R. 4350	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022
H. Res. 900	H.R. 3485	Global Respect Act
H. Res. 900	H.R. 4521	Bioeconomy Research and Development Act of 2021 [America COMPETES Act of 2022]
H. Res. 950	H.R. 3967	Honoring our PACT Act of 2021
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 903	Rights for the TSA Workforce Act of 2022
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 2499	Federal Firefighters Fairness Act of 2022
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 5129	Community Services Block Grant Modernization Act of 2022
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 2543	Federal Reserve Racial and Economic Equity Act
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 2773	Recovering America's Wildlife Act of 2021
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 7666	Restoring Hope for Mental Health and Well-Being Act of 2022
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 7900	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8294	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 2988	Whistleblower Protection Improvement Act of 2021
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 8326	Ensuring a Fair and Accurate Census Act
Makes in Order Suspensions on Special Days: H. Res. 41		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of February 11, 2021, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 85		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of March 12, 2021, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 188		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of April 22, 2021, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 330		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of May 20, 2021, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 403		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of July 1, 2021, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 508		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of July 30, 2021, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 555		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of September 22, 2021, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 667		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of October 27, 2021, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 716		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of November 18, 2021, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 774		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of December 3, 2021, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 829		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of January 21, 2022, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 860		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of February 4, 2022, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 900		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of April 1, 2022, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 1017		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of April 29, 2022, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 1065		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of May 13, 2022, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 1097		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of June 10, 2022, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 1153		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of June 17, 2022, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 1170		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of June 22, 2022, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 1191		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of July 13, 2022, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
H. Res. 1224		Suspensions are in order at any time through the legislative day of July 19, 2022, for the Speaker to entertain motions that the House suspend the rules and that the Speaker or her designee shall consult with the Minority Leader or his designee on the designation of any matter for consideration pursuant to this section.
Self-Executing Rules:		
H. Res. 38	H. Res. 21	Calling on Vice President Michael R. Pence to convene and mobilize the principal officers of the executive departments of the Cabinet to activate section 4 of the 25th Amendment to declare President Donald J. Trump incapable of executing the duties of his office and to immediately exercise powers as acting President.

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 41	H. Res. 24	Impeaching Donald John Trump, President of the United States, for high crimes and misdemeanors.
H. Res. 85	H.R. 447	National Apprenticeship Act of 2021
H. Res. 85	H. Con. Res. 11	Establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2021 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030.
H. Res. 147	H.R. 803	Colorado Wilderness Act of 2021 [Protecting America's Wilderness and Public Lands Act]
H. Res. 166	H.R. 1319	American Rescue Plan Act of 2021
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1	For the People Act of 2021
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1280	George Floyd Justice in Policing Act of 2021
H. Res. 188	H.R. 842	Protecting the Right to Organize Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1620	Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 6	American Dream and Promise Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1603	Farm Workforce Modernization Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1868	To prevent across-the-board direct spending cuts, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 233	H.J. Res. 17	Removing the deadline for the ratification of the equal rights amendment.
H. Res. 303	H.R. 7	Paycheck Fairness Act
H. Res. 303	H.R. 1195	Workplace Violence Prevention for Health Care and Social Service Workers Act
H. Res. 330	H.R. 51	Washington, D.C. Admission Act
H. Res. 330	H.R. 1573	Access to Counsel Act of 2021
H. Res. 330	H.R. 1333	NO BAN Act
H. Res. 380	H.R. 2547	Comprehensive Debt Collection Improvement Act
H. Res. 380	H.R. 1065	Pregnant Workers Fairness Act
H. Res. 403	H.R. 1629	Fairness in Orphan Drug Exclusivity Act
H. Res. 403	H. Res. 275	Condemning the horrific shootings in Atlanta, Georgia, on March 16, 2021, and reaffirming the House of Representative's commitment to combating hate, bigotry, and violence against the Asian-American and Pacific Islander community.
H. Res. 473	H.R. 256	To repeal the Authorization for Use of Military Force Against Iraq Resolution of 2002.
H. Res. 473	H.R. 1187	Corporate Governance Improvement and Investor Protection Act
H. Res. 486	H.R. 2062	Protecting Older Workers Against Discrimination Act of 2021
H. Res. 486	H.R. 239	Equal Access to Contraception for Veterans Act
H. Res. 486	H.R. 1443	LGBTQ Business Equal Credit Enforcement and Investment Act
H. Res. 486	S.J. Res. 13	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission relating to "Update of Commission's Conciliation Procedures".
H. Res. 486	S.J. Res. 14	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to "Oil and Natural Gas Sector: Emission Standards for New, Reconstructed, and Modified Sources Review".
H. Res. 486	S.J. Res. 15	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Office of the Comptroller of Currency relating to "National Banks and Federal Savings Associations as Lenders".
H. Res. 504	H.R. 2662	IG Independence and Empowerment Act
H. Res. 504	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act
H. Res. 535	H.R. 2467	PFAS Action Act of 2021
H. Res. 535	H.R. 2668	Consumer Protection and Recovery Act
H. Res. 535	H.R. 3985	Allies Act of 2021

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 555	H.R. 4502	Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022 [Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development Appropriations Act, 2022]
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4373	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4505	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4346	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 594	H.R. 4	John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act of 2021
H. Res. 594	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
H. Res. 600	H.R. 4	John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act of 2021
H. Res. 600	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
H. Res. 601	H.R. 4	John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act of 2021
H. Res. 601	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
H. Res. 667	H.R. 3775	Women's Health Protection Act of 2021
H. Res. 667	H.R. 4350	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022
H. Res. 688	S. 1301	Promoting Physical Activity for Americans Act [Temporary Extension of Public Debt Limit]
H. Res. 716	H.R. 2119	Family Violence Prevention and Services Improvement Act of 2021
H. Res. 716	H.R. 3110	PUMP for Nursing Mothers Act
H. Res. 716	H.R. 3992	Protect Older Job Applicants (POJA) Act
H. Res. 795	H. Res. 789	Censuring Representative Paul Gosar.
H. Res. 803	H.R. 5376	Build Back Better Act
H. Res. 838	H.R. 5314	Protecting Our Democracy Act
H. Res. 838	S. 1605	[National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022]
H. Res. 838	S. 610	[Protecting Medicare & American Farmers from Sequester Cuts Act]
H. Res. 849	H.R. 5665	Combating International Islamophobia Act
H. Res. 860	H.R. 1836	Guard and Reserve GI Bill Parity Act of 2021
H. Res. 860	H.R. 4673	EVES Act
H. Res. 868	Senate amendment to H.R. 5746	NASA Enhanced Use Leasing Extension Act of 2021 [Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act]
H. Res. 900	H.R. 3485	Global Respect Act
H. Res. 900	H.R. 4521	Bioeconomy Research and Development Act of 2021 [America COMPETES Act of 2022]
H. Res. 912	H.R. 3076	Postal Service Reform Act of 2022
H. Res. 950	H.R. 3967	Honoring our PACT Act of 2021
H. Res. 979	H.R. 963	Fair Act of 2022
H. Res. 979	H.R. 2116	CROWN Act of 2021
H. Res. 972	Senate amendment to H.R. 2471	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022]
H. Res. 973	Senate amendment to H.R. 2471	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022]
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 3617	MORE Act
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 6833	Affordable Insulin Now Act

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1033	H.R. 3807	Relief for Restaurants and other Hard Hit Small Businesses Act of 2022
H. Res. 1065	S. 3522	Ukraine Democracy Defense Lend-Lease Act of 2022
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 903	Rights for the TSA Workforce Act of 2022
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 2499	Federal Firefighters Fairness Act of 2022
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 5129	Community Services Block Grant Modernization Act of 2022
H. Res. 1124	H.R. 350	Domestic Terrorism Prevention Act of 2022
H. Res. 1124	H.R. 7688	Consumer Fuel Price Gouging Prevention Act
H. Res. 1153	H.R. 2377	Federal Extreme Risk Protection Order Act of 2021
H. Res. 1153	H.R. 7910	Protecting Our Kids Act
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 2543	Federal Reserve Racial and Economic Equity Act
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 2773	Recovering America's Wildlife Act of 2021
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 7606	Meat and Poultry Special Investigator Act of 2022
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 4176	LGBTQI+ Data Inclusion Act
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 5585	ARPA-H Act
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 7666	Restoring Hope for Mental Health and Well-Being Act of 2022
H. Res. 1204	Senate Amend- ments to the House Amend- ment to S. 2938	Bipartisan Safer Communities Act
H. Res. 1204	H. Res. 1132	Keep Kids Fed Act
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 7900	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023
H. Res. 1224	S. 3373	Protecting Our Gold Star Families Education Act
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8294	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 3771	South Asian Heart Health Awareness and Research Act of 2022
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 5118	Continental Divide Trail Completion Act [Wildfire Response and Drought Resiliency Act]
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 6929	Susan Muffley Act of 2022
H. Res. 1256	H.R. 263	Big Cat Public Safety Act
H. Res. 1256	H.R. 4040	Advancing Telehealth Beyond COVID-19 Act of 2021
H. Res. 1302	H.R. 1808	Assault Weapons Ban of 2022
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 302	Preventing a Patronage System Act of 2021
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 2988	Whistleblower Protection Improvement Act of 2021
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 8326	Ensuring a Fair and Accurate Census Act
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 5768	VICTIM Act of 2022
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 6448	Invest to Protect Act of 2022
H. Res. 1396	H.R. 3843	Merger Filing Fee Modernization Act of 2022
H. Res. 1396	H.R. 7780	Mental Health Matters Act
H. Res. 1404	H.R. 8987	Fairness for 9/11 Families Act
H. Res. 1499	H.R. 6878	Pregnant Women in Custody Act
H. Res. 1499	H.R. 8876	The Jackie Walorski Maternal and Child Home Visiting Reauthoriza- tion Act of 2022
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 3648	EAGLE Act of 2022
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 7946	Veteran Service Recognition Act of 2022
H. Res. 1518	H.R. 1948	VA Employee Fairness Act of 2021
H. Res. 1519	H.R. 8393	Puerto Rico Status Act
Providing for the Consideration of Multiple Meas- ures:		
H. Res. 41	H. Res. 24	Impeaching Donald John Trump, President of the United States, for high crimes and misdemeanors.
H. Res. 85	H.R. 447	National Apprenticeship Act of 2021
H. Res. 85	H. Con. Res. 11	Establishing the congressional budget for the United States Gov- ernment for fiscal year 2021 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030.

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 147	H.R. 803	Colorado Wilderness Act of 2021 [Protecting America's Wilderness and Public Lands Act]
H. Res. 147	H.R. 5	Equality Act
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1	For the People Act of 2021
H. Res. 179	H.R. 1280	George Floyd Justice in Policing Act of 2021
H. Res. 188	H.R. 842	Protecting the Right to Organize Act of 2021
H. Res. 188	H.R. 8	Bipartisan Background Checks Act of 2021
H. Res. 188	H.R. 1446	Enhanced Background Checks Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1620	Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 6	American Dream and Promise Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1603	Farm Workforce Modernization Act of 2021
H. Res. 233	H.R. 1868	To prevent across-the-board direct spending cuts, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 233	H.J. Res. 17	Removing the deadline for the ratification of the equal rights amendment.
H. Res. 303	H.R. 7	Paycheck Fairness Act
H. Res. 303	H.R. 1195	Workplace Violence Prevention for Health Care and Social Service Workers Act
H. Res. 330	H.R. 51	Washington, D.C. Admission Act
H. Res. 330	H.R. 1573	Access to Counsel Act of 2021
H. Res. 330	H.R. 1333	NO BAN Act
H. Res. 380	H.R. 2547	Comprehensive Debt Collection Improvement Act
H. Res. 380	H.R. 1065	Pregnant Workers Fairness Act
H. Res. 403	H.R. 1629	Fairness in Orphan Drug Exclusivity Act
H. Res. 403	H. Res. 275	Condemning the horrific shootings in Atlanta, Georgia, on March 16, 2021, and reaffirming the House of Representative's commitment to combating hate, bigotry, and violence against the Asian-American and Pacific Islander community.
H. Res. 409	H.R. 3237	Emergency Security Supplemental to Respond to January 6th Appropriations Act, 2021
H. Res. 409	H.R. 3233	National Commission to Investigate the January 6 Attack on the United States Capitol Complex Act
H. Res. 473	H.R. 256	To repeal the Authorization for Use of Military Force Against Iraq Resolution of 2002.
H. Res. 473	H.R. 1187	Corporate Governance Improvement and Investor Protection Act
H. Res. 486	H.R. 2062	Protecting Older Workers Against Discrimination Act of 2021
H. Res. 486	H.R. 239	Equal Access to Contraception for Veterans Act
H. Res. 486	H.R. 1443	LGBTQ Business Equal Credit Enforcement and Investment Act
H. Res. 486	S.J. Res. 13	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission relating to "Update of Commission's Conciliation Procedures".
H. Res. 486	S.J. Res. 14	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to "Oil and Natural Gas Sector: Emission Standards for New, Reconstructed, and Modified Sources Review".
H. Res. 486	S.J. Res. 15	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Office of the Comptroller of Currency relating to "National Banks and Federal Savings Associations as Lenders".
H. Res. 504	H.R. 2662	IG Independence and Empowerment Act

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 504	H.R. 3005	To direct the Joint Committee on the Library to replace the bust of Roger Brooke Taney in the Old Supreme Court Chamber of the United States Capitol with a bust of Thurgood Marshall to be obtained by the Joint Committee on the Library and to remove certain statues from areas of the United States Capitol which are accessible to the public, to remove all statues of individuals who voluntarily served the Confederate States of America from display in the United States Capitol, and for other purposes
H. Res. 504	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act
H. Res. 504	H. Res. 503	Establishing the Select Committee to Investigate the January 6th Attack on the United States Capitol.
H. Res. 535	H.R. 2467	PFAS Action Act of 2021
H. Res. 535	H.R. 2668	Consumer Protection and Recovery Act
H. Res. 535	H.R. 3985	Allies Act of 2021
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4373	Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4505	Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 567	H.R. 4346	Legislative Branch Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 594	H.R. 4	John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act of 2021
H. Res. 594	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
H. Res. 600	H.R. 4	John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act of 2021
H. Res. 600	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
H. Res. 601	H.R. 4	John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act of 2021
H. Res. 601	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
H. Res. 667	H.R. 3775	Women's Health Protection Act of 2021
H. Res. 667	H.R. 4350	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022
H. Res. 667	H.R. 5305	Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act
H. Res. 716	H.R. 2119	Family Violence Prevention and Services Improvement Act of 2021
H. Res. 716	H.R. 3110	PUMP for Nursing Mothers Act
H. Res. 716	H.R. 3992	Protect Older Job Applicants (POJA) Act
H. Res. 838	H.R. 5314	Protecting Our Democracy Act
H. Res. 838	S. 1605	[National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022]
H. Res. 838	S. 610	[Protecting Medicare & American Farmers from Sequester Cuts Act]
H. Res. 860	H.R. 1836	Guard and Reserve GI Bill Parity Act of 2021
H. Res. 860	H.R. 4673	EVEST Act
H. Res. 900	H.R. 3485	Global Respect Act
H. Res. 900	H.R. 4521	Bioeconomy Research and Development Act of 2021 [America COMPETES Act of 2022]
H. Res. 912	H.R. 3076	Postal Service Reform Act of 2022
H. Res. 912	H.R. 6617	Further Additional Extending Government Funding Act
H. Res. 979	H.R. 963	Fair Act of 2022
H. Res. 979	H.R. 2116	CROWN Act of 2021
H. Res. 972	Senate amendment to H.R. 2471	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022]
H. Res. 972	H.J. Res. 75	Extension of Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 972	H.R. 6968	Suspending Energy Imports from Russia Act

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 973	Senate amendment to H.R. 2471	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022]
H. Res. 973	H.J. Res. 75	Extension of Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 973	H.R. 6968	Suspending Energy Imports from Russia Act
H. Res. 973	H.R. 7007	COVID Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 3617	MORE Act
H. Res. 1017	H.R. 6833	Affordable Insulin Now Act
H. Res. 1065	S. 3522	Ukraine Democracy Defense Lend-Lease Act of 2022
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 903	Rights for the TSA Workforce Act of 2022
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 2499	Federal Firefighters Fairness Act of 2022
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 5129	Community Services Block Grant Modernization Act of 2022
H. Res. 1097	H.R. 7691	Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022
H. Res. 1124	H.R. 350	Domestic Terrorism Prevention Act of 2022
H. Res. 1124	H.R. 7688	Consumer Fuel Price Gouging Prevention Act
H. Res. 1153	H.R. 2377	Federal Extreme Risk Protection Order Act of 2021
H. Res. 1153	H.R. 7910	Protecting Our Kids Act
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 2543	Federal Reserve Racial and Economic Equity Act
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 2773	Recovering America's Wildlife Act of 2021
H. Res. 1170	H.R. 7606	Meat and Poultry Special Investigator Act of 2022
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 4176	LGBTQI+ Data Inclusion Act
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 5585	ARPA—H Act
H. Res. 1191	H.R. 7666	Restoring Hope for Mental Health and Well-Being Act of 2022
H. Res. 1204	Senate Amendments to the House Amendment to S. 2938	Bipartisan Safer Communities Act
H. Res. 1204	H. Res. 1132	Keep Kids Fed Act
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 7900	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023
H. Res. 1224	S. 3373	Protecting Our Gold Star Families Education Act
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 8296	Women's Health Protection Act of 2022
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 8297	Ensuring Access to Abortion Act of 2022
H. Res. 1224	H.R. 6538	Active Shooter Alert Act of 2022
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8294	Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2023
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8373	Right to Contraception Act
H. Res. 1232	H.R. 8404	Respect for Marriage Act
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 3771	South Asian Heart Health Awareness and Research Act of 2022
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 5118	Continental Divide Trail Completion Act [Wildfire Response and Drought Resiliency Act]
H. Res. 1254	H.R. 6929	Susan Muffley Act of 2022
H. Res. 1256	H.R. 263	Big Cat Public Safety Act
H. Res. 1256	H.R. 4040	Advancing Telehealth Beyond COVID—19 Act of 2021
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 302	Preventing a Patronage System Act of 2021
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 2988	Whistleblower Protection Improvement Act of 2021
H. Res. 1339	H.R. 8326	Ensuring a Fair and Accurate Census Act
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 4118	Break the Cycle of Violence Act
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 5768	VICTIM Act of 2022
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 6448	Invest to Protect Act of 2022
H. Res. 1377	H.R. 8542	Mental Health Justice Act of 2022
H. Res. 1396	H.R. 3843	Merger Filing Fee Modernization Act of 2022
H. Res. 1396	H.R. 7780	Mental Health Matters Act
H. Res. 1396	S. 3969	Protection and Advocacy for Voting Access Program Inclusion Act
H. Res. 1404	Senate amendment to H.R. 6833	Continuing Appropriations and Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023
H. Res. 1404	H.R. 8987	Fairness for 9/11 Families Act

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1499	H.R. 3372	One Stop Shop Community Reentry Program Act of 2021
H. Res. 1499	H.R. 6878	Pregnant Women in Custody Act
H. Res. 1499	H.R. 8876	The Jackie Walorski Maternal and Child Home Visiting Reauthorization Act of 2022
H. Res. 1499	H.J. Res. 100	To provide for a resolution with respect to the unresolved disputes between certain railroads represented by the National Carriers' Conference Committee of the National Railway Labor Conference and certain of their employees.
H. Res. 1499	H. Con. Res. 119	Providing for a correction in the enrollment of H.J. Res. 100.
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 3648	EAGLE Act of 2022
H. Res. 1508	H.R. 7946	Veteran Service Recognition Act of 2022
H. Res. 1518	H.R. 1948	VA Employee Fairness Act of 2021
H. Res. 1518	S. 3905	Preventing Organizational Conflicts of Interest in Federal Acquisition Act
H. Res. 1518	S. 4003	Law Enforcement De-Escalation Training Act of 2022
H. Res. 1518	Senate Amendment to H.R. 1437	PRECIP Act [Further Continuing Appropriations and Extensions Act, 2023]
H. Res. 1529	H.R. 9640	Presidential Tax Filings and Audit Transparency Act of 2022
H. Res. 1529	S. 1942	National Heritage Area Act
Providing Procedures for Pro Forma Sessions: H. Res. 41		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from January 28, 2021, through February 11, 2021: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 85		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from February 11, 2021, through March 12, 2021: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 188		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from March 13, 2021, through April 22, 2021: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 330		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from April 22, 2021, through May 20, 2021: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 403		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from May 20, 2021, through July 1, 2021: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 508		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from July 1, 2021, through July 30, 2021: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 555		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from July 30, 2021, through September 22, 2021: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 667		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from September 22, 2021, through October 27, 2021: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 716		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from October 27, 2021, through November 18, 2021: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 829		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from December 2, 2021, through January 10, 2022: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 860		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from January 10, 2022, through February 4, 2022: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 900		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from February 4, 2022, through April 1, 2022: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 1017		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from April 1, 2022, through April 29, 2022: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 1065		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from April 29, 2022, through May 13, 2022: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 1097		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from May 13, 2022, through June 10, 2022: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 1153		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from June 10, 2022, through June 17, 2022: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 1170		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from June 17, 2022, through June 22, 2022: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 1191		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from June 22, 2022, through July 13, 2022: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 1224		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from July 13, 2022, through July 19, 2022: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 1289		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from August 1, 2022, through September 12: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 1396		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from October 3, 2022, through November 11, 2022: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 1464		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from November 21, 2022, through November 28, 2022: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
H. Res. 1529		Allows for, on any legislative day during the period from December 22, 2022, through the remainder of the One Hundred Seventeenth Congress: the Journal of the proceedings of the previous day shall be considered as approved; and the Chair may at any time declare the House adjourned to meet at a date and time to be announced by the Chair in declaring the adjournment.
Motion to Table Resolution: H. Res. 601		Rule provides that H. Res. 594 shall be laid on the table.

A. Table 1b.—Types of Rules Granted (Special Procedures)—Continued

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 601		Rule provides that H. Res. 600 shall be laid on the table.
H. Res. 973		Rule provides that H. Res. 972 shall be laid on the table
Providing for Adoption:		
H. Res. 41		Provides that House Resolution 40 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 85		Provides that House Resolution 73 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 101		Provides that Senate Concurrent Resolution 5 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 179		Provides that House Resolution 176 is hereby adopted. Provides that House Resolution 177 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 233		Provides that House Resolution 232 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 486		Provides that House Resolution 485 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 594		Provides that Senate Concurrent Resolution 14 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 600		Provides that Senate Concurrent Resolution 14 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 601		Provides that Senate Concurrent Resolution 14 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 716		Provides that the Senate amendment to the House amendment to S. 1301 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 912		Provides that House Concurrent Resolution 69 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 1065		Provides that House Resolution 1035 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 1097		Provides that House Resolution 1096 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 1153		Provides that House Resolution 1151 is hereby adopted. Provides that House Resolution 1152 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 1204		Provides that House Resolution 1132 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 1464		Provides that House Resolution 1463 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 1499		Provides that House Resolution 1495 is hereby adopted. Provides that House Concurrent Resolution 118 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 1518		Provides that House Resolution 1516 is hereby adopted. Provides that House Concurrent Resolution 124 is hereby adopted. Provides that the Senate amendments to H.R. 2617 are hereby adopted.
H. Res. 1529		Provides that House Resolution 693 is hereby adopted. Provides that House Resolution 1434 is hereby adopted.
H. Res. 1531		Provides that Senate Concurrent Resolution 51 is hereby adopted. Provides that House Resolution 366 is hereby adopted. Provides that Senate amendments to H.R. 1082 are hereby adopted. Provides that House Resolution 1382 is hereby adopted.

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 38, H. Rept. 117–1	H. Res. 21	Calling on Vice President Michael R. Pence to convene and mobilize the principal officers of the executive departments of the Cabinet to activate section 4 of the 25th Amendment to declare President Donald J. Trump incapable of executing the duties of his office and to immediately exercise powers as acting President.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	1/12/2021	Scanlon/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–206	1/12/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 222–204	1/12/2021	
H. Res. 41, H. Rept. 117–2	H. Res. 24	Impeaching Donald John Trump, President of the United States, for high crimes and misdemeanors.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	1/12/2021	McGovern/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–206	1/13/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 221–203	1/13/2021	
H. Res. 41, H. Rept. 117–2	H. Res. 40	Appointing and authorizing managers for the impeachment trial of Donald John Trump, President of the United States.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	1/12/2021	McGovern/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–206	1/13/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 221–203	1/13/2021	
H. Res. 85, H. Rept. 117–3	H.R. 447	National Apprenticeship Act of 2021		
	.....	Reported from Rules	2/2/2021	Morelle/Burgess
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–207	2/2/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–210	2/2/2021	
H. Res. 85, H. Rept. 117–3	H. Con. Res. 11	Establishing the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2021 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	2/2/2021	Morelle/Burgess
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–207	2/2/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–210	2/2/2021	
H. Res. 85, H. Rept. 117–3	H. Res. 73	Providing the Sergeant-at-Arms with the authority to fine Members, Delegates, or the Resident Commissioner for failure to complete security screening for entrance to the House Chamber, and for other purposes.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	2/2/2021	Morelle/Burgess

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 91, H. Rept. 117–4	..... H. Res. 72	Previous question agreed to 219–207 Rule adopted record vote 216–210 Removing a certain Member from certain standing committees of the House of Representatives.	2/2/2021 2/2/2021	
H. Res. 101, H. Rept. 117–5	..... S. Con. Res. 5	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 218–209 A concurrent resolution setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2021 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2022 through 2030.	2/3/2021 2/4/2021	McGovern/Cole
H. Res. 147, H. Rept. 117–6	..... H.R. 803	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 220–210 Rule adopted record vote 219–209 Colorado Wilderness Act of 2021 [Protecting America's Wilderness and Public Lands Act].	2/5/2021 2/5/2021 2/5/2021	Morelle/Burgess
H. Res. 147, H. Rept. 117–6	..... H.R. 5	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 219–211 Rule adopted record vote 218–208 Equality Act	2/23/2021 2/24/2021 2/24/2021	Scanlon/Reschenthaler
H. Res. 166, H. Rept. 117–8	..... H.R. 1319	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 219–211 Rule adopted record vote 218–208 American Rescue Plan Act of 2021	2/23/2021 2/24/2021 2/24/2021	Scanlon/Reschenthaler
H. Res. 179, H. Rept. 117–9	..... H.R. 1	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 217–205 Rule adopted record vote 219–210 For the People Act of 2021	2/26/2021 2/26/2021 2/26/2021	McGovern/Burgess
H. Res. 179, H. Rept. 117–9	..... H.R. 1280	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 220–201 Rule adopted record vote 218–207 George Floyd Justice in Policing Act of 2021	3/1/2021 3/1/2021 3/1/2021	Morelle/Cole
	.....	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 220–201	3/1/2021 3/1/2021	Morelle/Cole

H. Res. 179, H. Rept. 117–9	..... H. Res. 176	Rule adopted record vote 218–207 Directing the Clerk of the House of Representatives to make a correction in the engrossment of H.R. 1319.	3/1/2021	
	..... .....	Reported from Rules		Morelle/Cole
	..... .....	Previous question agreed to 220–201	3/1/2021	
H. Res. 179, H. Rept. 117–9	..... H. Res. 177	Rule adopted record vote 218–207 Authorizing candidates for election to the House of Representatives and Members of the House of Representatives to file statements with the Clerk regarding the intention to participate or not participate in the small donor financing system for such elections under title V of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971.	3/1/2021	
	..... .....	Previous question agreed to 220–201	3/1/2021	
H. Res. 188, H. Rept. 117–10	..... H.R. 842	Rule adopted record vote 218–207 Protecting the Right to Organize Act of 2021	3/8/2021	DeSaulnier/Fischbach
	..... .....	Reported from Rules	3/8/2021	
	..... .....	Previous question agreed to 213–195	3/8/2021	
H. Res. 188, H. Rept. 117–10	..... H.R. 8	Rule adopted record vote 218–197 Bipartisan Background Checks Act of 2021	3/8/2021	DeSaulnier/Fischbach
	..... .....	Reported from Rules	3/8/2021	
	..... .....	Previous question agreed to 213–195	3/8/2021	
H. Res. 188, H. Rept. 117–10	..... H.R. 1446	Rule adopted record vote 218–197 Enhanced Background Checks Act of 2021	3/8/2021	DeSaulnier/Fischbach
	..... .....	Reported from Rules	3/8/2021	
	..... .....	Previous question agreed to 213–195	3/8/2021	
H. Res. 198, H. Rept. 117–11	..... Senate amendment to H.R. 1319.	Rule adopted record vote 218–197 American Rescue Plan Act of 2021	3/8/2021	DeSaulnier/Fischbach
	..... .....	Reported from Rules	3/9/2021	McGovern/Burgess
	..... .....	Previous question agreed to 216–206	3/9/2021	
H. Res. 233, H. Rept. 117–12	..... H.R. 1620	Rule adopted record vote 219–210 Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2021	3/16/2021	Torres/Fischbach
	..... .....	Reported from Rules	3/16/2021	
	..... .....	Previous question agreed to 212–200	3/16/2021	
H. Res. 233, H. Rept. 117–12 H.R. 6	Rule adopted record vote 216–204 American Dream and Promise Act of 2021	3/16/2021	Torres/Fischbach
	Reported from Rules	3/16/2021	

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B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
		Reported from Rules	6/14/2021	McGovern/Rescenthaler
		Previous question agreed to 217–203	6/14/2021	
		Rule adopted record vote 216–206	6/14/2021	
H. Res. 473, H. Rept. 117–59	H.R. 1187	Corporate Governance Improvement and Investor Protection Act.		
		Reported from Rules	6/14/2021	McGovern/Rescenthaler
		Previous question agreed to 217–203	6/14/2021	
		Rule adopted record vote 216–206	6/14/2021	
H. Res. 479, H. Rept. 117–62	S. 475	Juneteenth National Independence Day Act.		
		Reported from Rules	6/16/2021	Scanlon/Rescenthaler
H. Res. 486, H. Rept. 117–71	H.R. 2062	Protecting Older Workers Against Discrimination Act of 2021.		
		Reported from Rules	6/22/2021	Morelle/Burgess
		Previous question agreed to 218–209	6/23/2021	
		Rule adopted record vote 218–205	6/23/2021	
H. Res. 486, H. Rept. 117–71	H.R. 239	Equal Access to Contraception for Veterans Act.		
		Reported from Rules	6/22/2021	Morelle/Burgess
		Previous question agreed to 218–209	6/23/2021	
		Rule adopted record vote 218–205	6/23/2021	
H. Res. 486, H. Rept. 117–71	H.R. 1443	LGBTQ Business Equal Credit Enforcement and Investment Act.		
		Reported from Rules	6/22/2021	Morelle/Burgess
		Previous question agreed to 218–209	6/23/2021	
H. Res. 486, H. Rept. 117–71	S.J. Res. 13	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission relating to “Update of Commission’s Conciliation Procedures”.	6/23/2021	
		Reported from Rules	6/22/2021	Morelle/Burgess
		Previous question agreed to 218–209	6/23/2021	
		Rule adopted record vote 218–205	6/23/2021	
H. Res. 486, H. Rept. 117–71	S.J. Res. 14	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to “Oil and Natural Gas Sector: Emission Standards for New, Reconstructed, and Modified Sources Review”.		
		Reported from Rules	6/22/2021	Morelle/Burgess

H. Res. 486, H. Rept. 117-71	.....	Previous question agreed to 218-209	6/23/2021	Morelle/Burgess
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 218-205	6/23/2021	
	S.J. Res. 15	Providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Office of the Comptroller of Currency relating to "National Banks and Federal Savings Associations as Lenders".		
H. Res. 486, H. Rept. 117-71	.....	Reported from Rules	6/22/2021	Morelle/Burgess
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218-209	6/23/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 218-205	6/23/2021	
	H. Res. 485	Providing amounts for the expenses of the Select Committee on Economic Disparity and Fairness in Growth.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	6/22/2021	Morelle/Burgess
H. Res. 504, H. Rept. 117-74	.....	Previous question agreed to 218-209	6/23/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 218-205	6/23/2021	
	.....	Reported from Rules	6/28/2021	Scanlon/Reschenthaler
	.....	Previous question agreed to 214-195	6/29/2021	
	H.R. 3005	Rule adopted record vote 218-207	6/29/2021	
		To direct the Joint Committee on the Library to replace the bust of Roger Brooke Taney in the Old Supreme Court Chamber of the United States Capitol with a bust of Thurgood Marshall to be obtained by the Joint Committee on the Library and to remove certain statues from areas of the United States Capitol which are accessible to the public, to remove all statues of individuals who voluntarily served the Confederate States of America from display in the United States Capitol, and for other purposes.		
H. Res. 504, H. Rept. 117-74	.....	Reported from Rules	6/28/2021	Scanlon/Reschenthaler
	.....	Previous question agreed to 214-195	6/29/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 218-207	6/29/2021	
	H.R. 3684	INVEST in America Act.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	6/28/2021	Scanlon/Reschenthaler
H. Res. 504, H. Rept. 117-74	.....	Previous question agreed to 214-195	6/29/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 218-207	6/29/2021	
	H. Res. 503	Establishing the Select Committee to Investigate the January 6th Attack on the United States Capitol.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	6/28/2021	Scanlon/Reschenthaler
	.....	Previous question agreed to 214-195	6/29/2021	

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 508, H. Rept. 117–75	H.R. 3684	Rule adopted record vote 218–207 INVEST in America Act. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 219–188 Rule adopted record vote 219–190 PFAS Action Act of 2021. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 216–207 Rule adopted record vote 219–208 Consumer Protection and Recovery Act. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 216–207 Rule adopted record vote 219–208 Allies Act of 2021. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 219–208 Departments of Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022 [Labor, Health and Human Services, Education, Agriculture, Rural Development, Energy and Water Development, Financial Services and General Government, Interior, Environment, Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, Transportation, and Housing and Urban Development Appropriations Act, 2022]. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 217–201 Rule adopted record vote 218–207 Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2022. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 217–208 Rule adopted record vote 217–208 Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2022. Reported from Rules	6/29/2021 6/29/2021 6/30/2021 6/30/2021 7/19/2021 7/20/2021 7/20/2021 7/19/2021 7/20/2021 7/20/2021 7/19/2021 7/20/2021 7/20/2021 7/19/2021 7/20/2021 7/26/2021 7/27/2021 7/27/2021 7/28/2021 7/28/2021 7/28/2021 7/28/2021	DeSaulnier/Reschenthaler Ross/Burgess Ross/Burgess Ross/Burgess McGovern/Cole Morelle/Reschenthaler Morelle/Reschenthaler

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B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 667, H. Rept. 117–125	H.R. 3775	Women's Health Protection Act of 2021.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/21/2021	Ross/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218–210	9/21/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 217–207	9/21/2021	
H. Res. 667, H. Rept. 117–125	H.R. 4350	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	9/21/2021	Ross/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218–210	9/21/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 217–207	9/21/2021	
	.....	Extending Government Funding and Delivering Emergency Assistance Act.		
H. Res. 667, H. Rept. 117–125	H.R. 5305	Reported from Rules		
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218–210	9/21/2021	Ross/Cole
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 217–207	9/21/2021	
	.....	Promoting Physical Activity for Americans Act [Temporary Extension of Public Debt Limit].		
H. Res. 688, H. Rept. 117–133	S. 1301	Reported from Rules	9/29/2021	McGovern/Cole
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 214–212	9/29/2021	
	.....	Family Violence Prevention and Services Improvement Act of 2021.		
H. Res. 716, H. Rept. 117–137	H.R. 2119	Reported from Rules	10/12/2021	McGovern/Fischbach
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–206	10/12/2021	
	.....	PUMP for Nursing Mothers Act.		
H. Res. 716, H. Rept. 117–137	H.R. 3110	Reported from Rules	10/12/2021	McGovern/Fischbach
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–206	10/12/2021	
	.....	Protect Older Job Applicants (POJA) Act.		
H. Res. 716, H. Rept. 117–137	H.R. 3992	Reported from Rules	10/12/2021	McGovern/Fischbach
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–206	10/12/2021	
	.....	Promoting Physical Activity for Americans Act (Increase of Public Debt Limit).		
H. Res. 716, H. Rept. 117–137	Senate Amendment to House Amendment to S. 1301.	Reported from Rules	10/12/2021	McGovern/Fischbach
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–206	10/12/2021	

H. Res. 727, H. Rept. 117–153	H. Res. 730	Recommending that the House of Representatives find Stephen K. Bannon in contempt of Congress for refusal to comply with a subpoena duly issued by the Select Committee to Investigate the January 6th Attack on the United States Capitol.	10/20/2021	McGovern/Fischbach
	.....	Reported from Rules	10/21/2021	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 221–206	10/21/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 221–205		
H. Res. 774, H. Rept. 117–173	H.R. 5376	Build Back Better Act.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/4/2021	McGovern/Burgess
	.....	Previous question agreed to 221–213	11/6/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 221–213	11/6/2021	
H. Res. 795, H. Rept. 117–174	H. Res. 789	Censuring Representative Paul Gosar.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/16/2021	Scanlon/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 221–207	11/17/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 222–208	11/17/2021	
H. Res. 803, H. Rept. 117–175	H.R. 5376	Build Back Better Act.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/18/2021	McGovern/Reschenthaler
	.....	Previous question agreed to 221–210	11/18/2021	
H. Res. 829, H. Rept. 117–201	H.R. 6119	Further Extending Government Funding Act.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/2/2021	Torres/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218–209	12/2/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–208	12/2/2021	
H. Res. 838, H. Rept. 117–205	H.R. 5314	Protecting Our Democracy Act.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/7/2021	Scanlon/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–210	12/7/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–213	12/7/2021	
H. Res. 838, H. Rept. 117–205	S. 1605	[National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022].		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/7/2021	Scanlon/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–210	12/7/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–213	12/7/2021	
H. Res. 838, H. Rept. 117–205	S. 610	[Protecting Medicare & American Farmers from Sequester Cuts Act].		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/7/2021	Scanlon/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–210	12/7/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–213	12/7/2021	

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 848, H. Rept. 117–217	H. Res. 851	Recommending that the House of Representatives Find Mark Randall Meadows in Contempt of Congress for Refusal to Comply with a Subpoena Duly Issued by the Select Committee to Investigate the January 6th Attack on the United States Capitol.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/14/2021	Raskin/Fischbach
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218–209	12/14/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 220–210	12/14/2021	
H. Res. 849, H. Rept. 117–218	H.R. 5665	Combating International Islamophobia Act.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/14/2021	McGovern/Reschenthaler
	.....	Previous question agreed to 220–210	12/14/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–213	12/14/2021	
H. Res. 852, H. Rept. 117–219	S.J. Res. 33	Joint resolution relating to increasing the debt limit.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/14/2021	Morelle/Burgess
	.....	Previous question agreed to 220–212	12/14/2021	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 220–212	12/14/2021	
H. Res. 860, H. Rept. 117–225	H.R. 1836	Guard and Reserve GI Bill Parity Act of 2021.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	1/10/2022	Perlmutter/Reschenthaler
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–203	1/11/2022	
H. Res. 860, H. Rept. 117–225	H.R. 4673	EVES Act.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	1/10/2022	Perlmutter/Reschenthaler
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–203	1/11/2022	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–203	1/11/2022	
H. Res. 868, H. Rept. 117–226	Senate amendment to H.R. 5746.	NASA Enhanced Use Leasing Extension Act of 2021 [Freedom to Vote: John R. Lewis Act].		
	.....	Reported from Rules	1/12/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
	.....	Previous question agreed to 220–201	1/12/2022	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 220–202	1/12/2022	
	.....	Global Respect Act.		
H. Res. 900, H. Rept. 117–241	H.R. 3485	Reported from Rules	2/1/2022	Ross/Fischbach
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–205	2/2/2022	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–203	2/2/2022	

H. Res. 900, H. Rept. 117–241	H.R. 4521	Bioeconomy Research and Development Act of 2021 [America COMPETES Act of 2021].			
	.....	Reported from Rules	2/1/2022	Ross/Fischbach	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–205	2/2/2022		
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–203	2/2/2022		
H. Res. 912, H. Rept. 117–243	H.R. 3076	Postal Service Reform Act of 2022.			
	.....	Reported from Rules	2/7/2022	Raskin/Reschenthaler	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 221–205	2/8/2022		
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 221–211	2/8/2022		
	.....	Further Additional Extending Government Funding Act.			
H. Res. 912, H. Rept. 117–243	H.R. 6617	Reported from Rules	2/7/2022	Raskin/Reschenthaler	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 221–205	2/8/2022		
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 221–211	2/8/2022		
H. Res. 912, H. Rept. 117–243	H. Con. Res. 69 ...	Providing for a joint session of Congress to receive a message from the President.			
	.....	Reported from Rules	2/7/2022	Raskin/Reschenthaler	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 221–205	2/8/2022		
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 221–211	2/8/2022		
H. Res. 950, H. Rept. 117–253	H.R. 3967	Honoring our PACT Act of 2021.			
	.....	Reported from Rules	2/28/2022	McGovern/Reschenthaler	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 221–202	3/1/2022		
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 220–200	3/1/2022		
	.....	Reported from Rules	3/15/2022	Torres/Fischbach	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–204	3/16/2022		
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–207	3/16/2022		
H. Res. 979, H. Rept. 117–273	H.R. 2116	CROWN Act of 2021.			
	.....	Reported from Rules	3/15/2022	Torres/Fischbach	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–204	3/16/2022		
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–207	3/16/2022		
H. Res. 972, H. Rept. 117–261	Senate amendment to H.R. 2471.	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022].			
	.....	Reported from Rules	3/9/2022	McGovern/Cole	
	.....	.....	3/9/2022		
H. Res. 972, H. Rept. 117–261	H.J. Res. 75	Extension of Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022.			
	.....	Reported from Rules	3/9/2022	McGovern/Cole	
	.....	.....	3/9/2022		

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 972, H. Rept. 117–261	H.R. 6968	Suspending Energy Imports from Russia Act. Reported from Rules	3/9/2022 3/9/2022	McGovern/Cole
H. Res. 973, H. Rept. 117–269	Senate amendment to H.R. 2471.	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022]. Reported from Rules		
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–199	3/9/2022	McGovern/Cole
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 218–204	3/9/2022	
H. Res. 973, H. Rept. 117–269	H.J. Res. 75	Extension of Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022. Reported from Rules	3/9/2022	McGovern/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–199	3/9/2022	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 218–204	3/9/2022	
H. Res. 973, H. Rept. 117–269	H.R. 6968	Suspending Energy Imports from Russia Act. Reported from Rules	3/9/2022 3/9/2022 3/9/2022	McGovern/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–199		
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 218–204		
H. Res. 973, H. Rept. 117–269	H.R. 7007	COVID Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022. Reported from Rules	3/9/2022 3/9/2022 3/9/2022	McGovern/Cole
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–199		
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 218–204		
	.....	Reported from Rules		Perlmutter/Fischbach
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–202	3/30/2022	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–202	3/31/2022	
H. Res. 1017, H. Rept. 117–285	H.R. 6833	Affordable Insulin Now Act. Reported from Rules	3/31/2022	Perlmutter/Fischbach
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–202	3/30/2022	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 219–202	3/31/2022	
H. Res. 1023, H. Rept. 117–288	H. Res. 1037	Recommending that the House of Representatives find Peter K. Navarro and Daniel Scavino, Jr., in contempt of Congress for refusal to comply with sub- penas duly issued by the Select Committee to investigate the January 6th attack on the United States Capitol. Reported from Rules	4/4/2022	Raskin/Reschenthaler

H. Res. 1033, H. Rept. 117–290	..... ..... H.R. 3807	Previous question agreed to 219–206 Rule adopted record vote 221–200 Relief for Restaurants and other Hard Hit Small Businesses Act of 2022. Reported from Rules	4/6/2022 4/6/2022	
H. Res. 1065, H. Rept. 117–303	..... ..... S. 3522	Previous question agreed to 221–206 Rule adopted record vote 218–206 Ukraine Democracy Defense Lend-Lease Act of 2022. Reported from Rules	4/6/2022 4/6/2022 4/6/2022	Raskin/Reschenthaler
H. Res. 1065, H. Rept. 117–303	..... ..... H. Res. 1035	Previous question agreed to 218–204 Rule adopted record vote 220–205 Adjusting the amount provided for the expenses of certain committees of the House of Representatives in the One Hundred Seventeenth Congress. Reported from Rules	4/27/2022 4/28/2022 4/28/2022	Raskin/Reschenthaler
H. Res. 1097, H. Rept. 117–320	..... ..... H.R. 903	Previous question agreed to 218–204 Rule adopted record vote 220–205 Rights for the TSA Workforce Act of 2022. Reported from Rules	4/27/2022 4/28/2022 4/28/2022	Raskin/Reschenthaler
H. Res. 1097, H. Rept. 117–320	..... ..... H.R. 2499	Previous question agreed to 218–203 Rule adopted record vote 217–202 Federal Firefighters Fairness Act of 2022. Reported from Rules	5/10/2022 5/10/2022 5/10/2022	Raskin/Fischbach
H. Res. 1097, H. Rept. 117–320	..... ..... H.R. 5129	Previous question agreed to 218–203 Community Services Block Grant Modernization Act of 2022 Reported from Rules	5/10/2022 5/10/2022	Raskin/Fischbach
H. Res. 1097, H. Rept. 117–320	..... ..... H.R. 7691	Previous question agreed to 218–203 Rule adopted record vote 217–202 Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 Reported from Rules	5/10/2022 5/10/2022 5/10/2022	Raskin/Fischbach
H. Res. 1097, H. Rept. 117–320	..... ..... H. Res. 1096	Previous question agreed to 218–203 Rule adopted record vote 217–202 Approving certain regulations to implement provisions of the Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 relating to labor-management relations with respect to employees of the House of Representatives covered under section 220(e) of the Act, and for other purposes.. Reported from Rules	5/10/2022 5/10/2022 5/10/2022	Raskin/Fischbach
	..... .....	Previous question agreed to 218–203	5/10/2022 5/10/2022	Raskin/Fischbach

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1124, H. Rept. 117–333	H.R. 350	Rule adopted record vote 217–202 Domestic Terrorism Prevention Act of 2022 Reported from Rules	5/10/2022	Morelle/Reschenthaler
		Previous question agreed to 217–201	5/17/2022	
		Rule adopted record vote 218–202 Consumer Fuel Price Gouging Prevention Act	5/18/2022	
H. Res. 1124, H. Rept. 117–333	H.R. 7688	Reported from Rules	5/17/2022	Morelle/Reschenthaler
		Previous question agreed to 217–201	5/17/2022	
		Rule adopted record vote 218–202 Infant Formula Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022	5/18/2022	
H. Res. 1124, H. Rept. 117–333	H.R. 7790	Reported from Rules	5/17/2022	Morelle/Reschenthaler
		Previous question agreed to 217–201	5/17/2022	
		Rule adopted record vote 218–202 Federal Extreme Risk Protection Order Act of 2021	5/18/2022	
H. Res. 1153, H. Rept. 117–356	H.R. 2377	Reported from Rules	6/7/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
		Previous question agreed to 217–205	6/8/2022	
		Rule adopted record vote 218–205	6/8/2022	
H. Res. 1153, H. Rept. 117–356	H.R. 7910	Protecting Our Kids Act	6/7/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
		Reported from Rules	6/8/2022	
H. Res. 1153, H. Rept. 117–356	H. Res. 1151	Previous question agreed to 217–205. Providing for budget allocations, and for other purposes.	6/7/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
		Reported from Rules	6/8/2022	
		Previous question agreed to 217–205.	6/8/2022	
H. Res. 1153, H. Rept. 117–356	H. Res. 1152	Rule adopted record vote 218–205 Condemning the atrocity that occurred in Buffalo, New York, on May 14, 2022, in which 10 Americans were killed and 3 were injured, and in which 11 of the 13 victims were Black Americans, condemning the Great Replacement Theory as a White supremacist conspiracy theory, and reaffirming the House of Representatives commitment to combating White supremacy, hatred, and racial injustice..	6/7/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
		Reported from Rules	6/8/2022	
		Previous question agreed to 217–205		

H. Res. 1170, H. Rept. 117–366	..... H.R. 2543	Rule adopted record vote 218–205	6/8/2022	
	.....	Federal Reserve Racial and Economic Equity Act	6/13/2022	DeSaulnier/Reschenthaler
	.....	Reported from Rules	6/14/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–199	6/14/2022	
H. Res. 1170, H. Rept. 117–366	..... H.R. 2773	Rule adopted record vote 218–204		
	.....	Recovering America's Wildlife Act of 2021	6/13/2022	DeSaulnier/Reschenthaler
	.....	Reported from Rules	6/14/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–199	6/14/2022	
H. Res. 1170, H. Rept. 117–366	..... H.R. 7606	Rule adopted record vote 218–204		
	.....	Meat and Poultry Special Investigator Act of 2022	6/13/2022	DeSaulnier/Reschenthaler
	.....	Reported from Rules	6/14/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–199	6/14/2022	
H. Res. 1191, H. Rept. 117–381	..... H.R. 4176	Rule adopted record vote 218–204		
	.....	LGBTQ+ Data Inclusion Act	6/21/2022	Ross/Burgess
	.....	Reported from Rules	6/22/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 215–200	6/22/2022	
H. Res. 1191, H. Rept. 117–381	..... H.R. 5585	Rule adopted record vote 214–202		
	.....	ARPA—H Act	6/21/2022	Ross/Burgess
	.....	Reported from Rules	6/22/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 215–200	6/22/2022	
H. Res. 1204, H. Rept. 117–385	..... Senate Amend- ments to the House Amend- ment to S. 2938.	Rule adopted record vote 214–202		
	.....	Bipartisan Safer Communities Act	6/24/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
	.....	Reported from Rules	6/24/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218–204	6/24/2022	
H. Res. 1204, H. Rept. 117–385	..... H. Res. 1132	Rule adopted record vote 217–203		
	.....	Keep Kids Fed Act	6/24/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
	.....	Reported from Rules	6/24/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218–204	6/24/2022	
H. Res. 1204, H. Rept. 117–385	..... H. Res. 1132	Rule adopted record vote 217–203		
	.....	Calling for the immediate release of Brittney Griner, a citizen of the United States, who was wrongfully detained by the Government of the Russian Federation in February 2022.	6/24/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
	.....	Reported from Rules	6/24/2022	

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1224, H. Rept. 117–405	..... H.R. 7900	Previous question agreed to 218–204 Rule adopted record vote 217–203	6/24/2022 6/24/2022	
	..... ..... .....	National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 Reported From Rules		Morelle/Cole
H. Res. 1224, H. Rept. 117–405	..... S. 3373	Previous question agreed to 218–208 Rule adopted record vote 217–204 Protecting Our Gold Star Families Education Act	7/12/2022 7/13/2022 7/13/2022	
	..... ..... .....	Reported From Rules		Morelle/Cole
H. Res. 1224, H. Rept. 117–405	..... H.R. 8296	Previous question agreed to 218–208 Rule adopted record vote 217–204 Women's Health Protection Act of 2022	7/12/2022 7/13/2022 7/13/2022	
	..... ..... .....	Reported From Rules		Morelle/Cole
H. Res. 1224, H. Rept. 117–405	..... H.R. 8297	Previous question agreed to 218–208 Rule adopted record vote 217–204 Ensuring Access to Abortion Act of 2022	7/12/2022 7/13/2022 7/13/2022	
	..... ..... .....	Reported From Rules		Morelle/Cole
H. Res. 1224, H. Rept. 117–405	..... H.R. 6538	Previous question agreed to 218–208 Rule adopted record vote 217–204 Active Shooter Alert Act of 2022	7/12/2022 7/13/2022 7/13/2022	
	..... Previous question agreed to 218– 208.	Reported From Rules	7/12/2022	Morelle/Cole
H. Res. 1232, H. Rept. 117–420	..... H.R. 8294	Rule adopted record vote 217–204 Transportation, Housing and Urban Development, and Related Agencies Appro- priations Act, 2023.	7/13/2022	
	..... ..... .....	Reported From Rules		Scanlon/Reschenthaler
H. Res. 1232, H. Rept. 117–420	..... H.R. 8373	Previous question agreed to 219–199 Rule adopted record vote 219–200 Right to Contraception Act	7/18/2022 7/19/2022 7/19/2022	
	..... ..... .....	Reported From Rules		Scanlon/Reschenthaler
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–199	7/18/2022 7/19/2022	

H. Res. 1232, H. Rept. 117–420	..... H.R. 8404	Rule adopted record vote 219–200	7/19/2022	
	.....	Respect for Marriage Act	7/18/2022	Scanlon/Reschenthaler
	.....	Reported from Rules	7/19/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 219–199	7/19/2022	
H. Res. 1254, H. Rept. 117–432	..... H.R. 3771	Rule adopted record vote 219–200		
	.....	South Asian Heart Health Awareness and Research Act of 2022	7/22/2022	Neguse/Burgess
	.....	Reported from Rules	7/26/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 217–193	7/26/2022	
H. Res. 1254, H. Rept. 117–432	..... H.R. 5118	Rule adopted record vote 218–201		
	.....	Continental Divide Trail Completion Act [Wildfire Response and Drought Resil- iency Act]	7/22/2022	Neguse/Burgess
	.....	Reported from Rules	7/26/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 217–193	7/26/2022	
H. Res. 1254, H. Rept. 117–432	..... H.R. 6929	Rule adopted record vote 218–201		
	.....	Susan Muffley Act of 2022	7/22/2022	Neguse/Burgess
	.....	Reported from Rules	7/26/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 217–193	7/26/2022	
H. Res. 1256, H. Rept. 117–444	..... H.R. 263	Rule adopted record vote 218–201		
	.....	Big Cat Public Safety Act	7/26/2022	Torres/Fischbach
	.....	Reported from Rules	7/27/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218–208	7/26/2022	
H. Res. 1256, H. Rept. 117–444	..... H.R. 4040	Rule adopted record vote 218–207	7/27/2022	
	.....	Advancing Telehealth Beyond COVID—19 Act of 2021	7/26/2022	Torres/Fischbach
	.....	Reported from Rules	7/27/2022	
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218–208	7/27/2022	
H. Res. 1289, H. Rept. 117–445	..... Senate amendment to H.R. 4346.	Rule adopted record vote 218–207		
	.....	[CHIPS & Science]	7/27/2022	
	.....	Reported from Rules	7/27/2022	Morelle/Reschenthaler
	.....	Previous question agreed to 218–208	7/28/2022	
	.....	Rule adopted record vote 216–208	7/28/2022	
H. Res. 1300, H. Rept. 117–447	..... H. Res. 1300	Waiving a requirement of clause 6(a) of rule XIII with respect to consideration of certain resolutions reported from the Committee on Rules, and for other purposes.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	7/28/2022	McGovern/Reschenthaler
	.....	Previous question agreed to 216–205	7/29/2022	

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1302, H. Rept. 117–448	H.R. 1808	Rule adopted record vote 218–206 Assault Weapons Ban of 2022.	7/29/2022	McGovern/Reschenthaler
		Reported from Rules	7/29/2022	
		Previous question agreed to 215–205	7/29/2022	
		Rule adopted record vote 217–211	7/29/2022	
H. Res. 1316, H. Rept. 117–451		Inflation Reduction Act of 2022.		McGovern/Burgess
		Senate amendment to H.R. 5376.		
		Reported from Rules	8/10/2022	
		Previous question agreed to 219–208	8/12/2022	
H. Res. 1339, H. Rept. 117–464	H.R. 302	Rule adopted record vote 219–208	8/12/2022	Raskin/Reschenthaler
		Rep. Connolly (VA).		
		Reported from Rules	9/13/2022	
		Previous question agreed to 213–206	9/14/2022	
H. Res. 1339, H. Rept. 117–464	H.R. 2988	Rule adopted record vote 219–209	9/14/2022	Raskin/Reschenthaler
		Whistleblower Protection Improvement Act of 2021.		
		Reported from Rules	9/13/2022	
		Previous question agreed to 213–206	9/14/2022	
H. Res. 1339, H. Rept. 117–464	H.R. 8326	Rule adopted record vote 219–209	9/14/2022	Raskin/Reschenthaler
		Ensuring a Fair and Accurate Census Act.		
		Reported from Rules	9/13/2022	
		Previous question agreed to 213–206	9/14/2022	
H. Res. 1361, H. Rept. 117–478	S. 1098	Rule adopted record vote 219–209	9/14/2022	Perlmutter/Fischbach
		Joint Consolidation Loan Separation Act.		
		Reported from Rules	9/19/2022	
		Previous question agreed to 219–206	9/20/2022	
H. Res. 1372, H. Rept. 117–481	H.R. 8873	Rule adopted record vote 220–205	9/20/2022	Raskin/Reschenthaler
		Presidential Election Reform Act.		
		Reported from Rules	9/20/2020	
		Previous question agreed to 219–209	9/21/2022	
H. Res. 1377, H. Rept. 117–483	H.R. 4118	Rule adopted record vote 219–209	9/21/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
		Break the Cycle of Violence Act.		
		Reported from Rules	9/21/2022	

H. Res. 1377, H. Rept. 117–483	..... H.R. 5768	Rule adopted record vote 216–215 VICTIM Act of 2022.	9/22/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1377, H. Rept. 117–483	..... H.R. 6448	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–215 Invest to Protect Act of 2022.	9/21/2022 9/22/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1377, H. Rept. 117–483	..... H.R. 8542	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–215 Mental Health Justice Act of 2022.	9/21/2022 9/22/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1396, H. Rept. 117–507	..... H.R. 3843	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–215 Merger Filing Fee Modernization Act of 2022.	9/21/2022 9/22/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1396, H. Rept. 117–507	..... H.R. 7780	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 217–212 Previous question agreed to 220–208 Mental Health Matters Act.	9/27/2022 9/28/2022 9/28/2022	DeSaulnier/Fischbach
H. Res. 1396, H. Rept. 117–507	..... S. 3969	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 217–212 Previous question agreed to 220–208 Protection and Advocacy for Voting Access Program Inclusion Act.	9/27/2022 9/28/2022 9/28/2022	DeSaulnier/Fischbach
H. Res. 1404, H. Rept. 117–533	..... Senate amendment to H.R. 6833.	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 217–212 Previous question agreed to 220–208 Continuing Appropriations and Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2023.	9/27/2022 9/28/2022 9/28/2022	DeSaulnier/Fischbach
H. Res. 1404, H. Rept. 117–533	..... H.R. 8987	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 219–208 Rule adopted record vote 219–209 Fairness for 9/11 Families Act.	9/29/2022 9/30/2022 9/30/2022	McGovern/Cole
H. Res. 1464, H. Rept. 117–556	..... S. 4524	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 219–208 Previous question agreed to 219–208 Rule adopted record vote 219–209 Speak Out Act.	9/29/2022 9/30/2022 9/30/2022	McGovern/Cole
H. Res. 1499, H. Rept. 117–587	..... H.R. 3372	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 215–208 One Stop Shop Community Reentry Program Act of 2021.	11/14/2022 11/15/2022	Scanlon/Fischbach
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/29/2022	McGovern/Fischbach

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1499, H. Rept. 117–587	H.R. 6878	Rule adopted record vote 216–202	11/30/2022	
	.....	Pregnant Women in Custody Act.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/29/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1499, H. Rept. 117–587	H.R. 8876	Rule adopted record vote 216–202	11/30/2022	
	.....	The Jackie Walorski Maternal and Child Home Visiting Reauthorization Act of 2022.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/29/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1499, H. Rept. 117–587	H.J. Res. 100	Rule adopted record vote 216–202	11/30/2022	
	.....	To provide for a resolution with respect to the unresolved disputes between certain railroads represented by the National Carriers' Conference Committee of the National Railway Labor Conference and certain of their employees.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/29/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1499, H. Rept. 117–587	H. Con. Res. 119 ..	Rule adopted record vote 216–202	11/30/2022	
	.....	Providing for a correction in the enrollment of H.J. Res. 100.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	11/29/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1508, H. Rept. 117–590	H.R. 3648	Rule adopted record vote 216–202	11/30/2022	
	.....	EAGLE Act of 2022.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/5/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1508, H. Rept. 117–590	H.R. 7946	Rule adopted record vote 215–201	12/6/2022	
	.....	Veteran Service Recognition Act of 2022.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/5/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1510, H. Rept. 117–608	Senate amendment to H.R. 8404.	Rule adopted record vote 215–201	12/6/2022	
	.....	Respect for Marriage Act.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/7/2022	Scanlon/Burgess
H. Res. 1518, H. Rept. 117–630	H.R. 1948	Rule adopted record vote 217–204	12/8/2022	
	.....	VA Employee Fairness Act of 2021.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/13/2022	DeSaulnier/Reschenthaler
	.....	Previous question agreed to 212–210	12/14/2022	
H. Res. 1518, H. Rept. 117–630	S. 3905	Rule adopted record vote 216–206	12/14/2022	
	.....	Preventing Organizational Conflicts of Interest in Federal Acquisition Act.		
	.....	Reported from Rules	12/13/2022	DeSaulnier/Reschenthaler

H. Res. 1518, H. Rept. 117–630	..... ..... S. 4003 Senate Amendment to H.R. 1437.	Previous question agreed to 212–210 Rule adopted record vote 216–206 Law Enforcement De-Escalation Training Act of 2022. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–210 Rule adopted record vote 216–206 PRECIP Act [Further Continuing Appropriations and Extensions Act, 2023]. Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–210 Rule adopted record vote 216–206 Puerto Rico Status Act. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 217–201 Presidential Tax Filings and Audit Transparency Act of 2022. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 National Heritage Area Act. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Recognizing the 25th anniversary of Radio Free Asia and its mission to provide an independent source of news to closed societies in Asia. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Reaffirming the preemptive authority of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) and the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) (including regulations thereunder) with respect to State laws that inhibit access to or use of any reproductive health product. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023.	12/14/2022 12/14/2022 12/13/2022 12/14/2022 12/14/2022 12/14/2022	DeSaulnier/Reschenthaler
H. Res. 1518, H. Rept. 117–630	..... ..... S. 1942 H. Res. 693 H. Res. 1434 Senate amendment to the House amendment to the Senate Amendment to H.R. 2617.	Reported from Rules Previous question agreed to 212–210 Rule adopted record vote 216–206 Puerto Rico Status Act. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 217–201 Presidential Tax Filings and Audit Transparency Act of 2022. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 National Heritage Area Act. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Recognizing the 25th anniversary of Radio Free Asia and its mission to provide an independent source of news to closed societies in Asia. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Reaffirming the preemptive authority of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) and the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) (including regulations thereunder) with respect to State laws that inhibit access to or use of any reproductive health product. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023.	12/13/2022 12/14/2022 12/14/2022 12/14/2022	DeSaulnier/Reschenthaler
H. Res. 1519, H. Rept. 117–643	..... ..... H.R. 8393 H.R. 9640 S. 1942 H. Res. 693 H. Res. 1434 Senate amendment to the House amendment to the Senate Amendment to H.R. 2617.	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 217–201 Presidential Tax Filings and Audit Transparency Act of 2022. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 National Heritage Area Act. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Recognizing the 25th anniversary of Radio Free Asia and its mission to provide an independent source of news to closed societies in Asia. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Reaffirming the preemptive authority of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) and the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) (including regulations thereunder) with respect to State laws that inhibit access to or use of any reproductive health product. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023.	12/14/2022 12/15/2022	McGovern/Reschenthaler
H. Res. 1529, H. Rept. 117–660	..... ..... S. 1942 H. Res. 693 H. Res. 1434 Senate amendment to the House amendment to the Senate Amendment to H.R. 2617.	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 217–201 Presidential Tax Filings and Audit Transparency Act of 2022. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 National Heritage Area Act. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Recognizing the 25th anniversary of Radio Free Asia and its mission to provide an independent source of news to closed societies in Asia. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Reaffirming the preemptive authority of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) and the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) (including regulations thereunder) with respect to State laws that inhibit access to or use of any reproductive health product. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023.	12/21/2022 12/21/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1529, H. Rept. 117–660	..... ..... S. 1942 H. Res. 693 H. Res. 1434 Senate amendment to the House amendment to the Senate Amendment to H.R. 2617.	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 217–201 Presidential Tax Filings and Audit Transparency Act of 2022. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 National Heritage Area Act. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Recognizing the 25th anniversary of Radio Free Asia and its mission to provide an independent source of news to closed societies in Asia. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Reaffirming the preemptive authority of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) and the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) (including regulations thereunder) with respect to State laws that inhibit access to or use of any reproductive health product. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023.	12/21/2022 12/21/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1529, H. Rept. 117–660	..... ..... S. 1942 H. Res. 693 H. Res. 1434 Senate amendment to the House amendment to the Senate Amendment to H.R. 2617.	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 217–201 Presidential Tax Filings and Audit Transparency Act of 2022. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 National Heritage Area Act. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Recognizing the 25th anniversary of Radio Free Asia and its mission to provide an independent source of news to closed societies in Asia. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Reaffirming the preemptive authority of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) and the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) (including regulations thereunder) with respect to State laws that inhibit access to or use of any reproductive health product. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023.	12/21/2022 12/21/2022	McGovern/Fischbach
H. Res. 1531, H. Rept. 117–664	..... ..... S. 1942 H. Res. 693 H. Res. 1434 Senate amendment to the House amendment to the Senate Amendment to H.R. 2617.	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 217–201 Presidential Tax Filings and Audit Transparency Act of 2022. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 National Heritage Area Act. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Recognizing the 25th anniversary of Radio Free Asia and its mission to provide an independent source of news to closed societies in Asia. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Reaffirming the preemptive authority of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) and the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 201 et seq.) (including regulations thereunder) with respect to State laws that inhibit access to or use of any reproductive health product. Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 216–193 Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023.	12/21/2022 12/21/2022	McGovern/Fischbach

B. Table 2.—Resolutions Reported—Continued

Rule	Bill	Title and Floor Action	Date	Managers
H. Res. 1531, H. Rept. 117–664	..... ..... S. Con. Res. 51	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 215–206 A concurrent resolution providing for a correction in the enrollment of H.R. 2617.	12/23/2022 12/23/2022	McGovern/Rescenhthaler
H. Res. 1531, H. Rept. 117–664	..... ..... H. Res. 366	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 215–206 Promoting awareness of motorcyclist profiling and encouraging collaboration and communication with the motorcycle community and law enforcement officials to prevent instances of profiling.	12/23/2022 12/23/2022	McGovern/Rescenhthaler
H. Res. 1531, H. Rept. 117–664	..... ..... Senate amend- ments to H.R. 1082.	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 215–206 Sami's Law.	12/23/2022 12/23/2022	McGovern/Rescenhthaler
H. Res. 1531, H. Rept. 117–664	..... ..... H. Res. 1382	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 215–206 Condemning the atrocities that occurred in Atlanta, Georgia, in 1906, in which White supremacist mobs brutalized, terrorized, and killed dozens of Black Americans, and reaffirming the commitment of the House of Representatives to combating hatred, injustice, and White supremacy.	12/23/2022 12/23/2022	McGovern/Rescenhthaler
	..... .....	Reported from Rules Rule adopted record vote 215–206	12/23/2022 12/23/2022	McGovern/Rescenhthaler

C. Table 3.—Resolutions Discharged

The Committee was not discharged from the consideration of any resolution.

D. Table 4.—Resolutions Laid on the Table

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 594 ..	H.R. 4	John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act of 2021
H. Res. 594 ..	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684.	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
H. Res. 594 ..	S. Con. Res. 14	Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031.
H. Res. 600 ..	H.R. 4	John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act of 2021
H. Res. 600 ..	Senate amendment to H.R. 3684.	Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act
H. Res. 600 ..	S. Con. Res. 14	Setting forth the congressional budget for the United States Government for fiscal year 2022 and setting forth the appropriate budgetary levels for fiscal years 2023 through 2031.
H. Res. 972 ..	Senate amendment to H.R. 2471.	Haiti Development, Accountability, and Institutional Transparency Initiative Act [Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022]
H. Res. 972 ..	H. J. Res. 75	John R. Lewis Voting Rights Advancement Act of 2021
H. Res. 972 ..	H.R. 6968	Suspending Energy Imports from Russia Act

E. Table 5.—Resolutions Amended

Resolution	Measure	Title
H. Res. 774 ..	H.R. 5376	Build Back Better Act
H. Res. 900 ..	H.R. 3485	Global Respect Act
H. Res. 900 ..	H.R. 4445	Ending Forced Arbitration of Sexual Assault and Sexual Harassment Act of 2021
H. Res. 900 ..	H.R. 4521	America COMPETES Act of 2022

Table 6a.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Resolutions

H. Res. 12	Representative Boyle of Pennsylvania, January 4, 2021. A resolution directing the Committee on Ethics to investigate whether Members who make false written allegations that fraud occurred in the conduct of the November 2020 Presidential election have violated the Code of Conduct and should be subject to appropriate sanction, including removal from the House.
H. Res. 16	Representative Wittman of Virginia, January 4, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit the consideration of a concurrent resolution to provide for a recess of the House after July 31 of any year unless the House has approved each regular appropriation bill for the next fiscal year.
H. Res. 25	Representative Bush of Missouri, January 11, 2021. A resolution directing the Committee on Ethics to investigate, and issue a report on, whether any and all actions taken by Members of the 117th Congress who sought to overturn the 2020 Presidential election violated their oath of office to uphold the Constitution or the Rules of the House of Representatives, and should face sanction, including removal from the House of Representatives.
H. Res. 42	Representative Dingell of Michigan, January 12, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to fine Members, Delegates, and the Resident Commissioner who do not wear masks in the Capitol complex.

Table 6a.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Resolutions—Continued

H. Res. 73	Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, February 1, 2021. A resolution providing the Sergeant-at-Arms with the authority to fine Members, Delegates, or the Resident Commissioner for failure to complete security screening for entrance to the House Chamber, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 84	Representative Cole of Oklahoma, February 2, 2021. A resolution authorizing and directing Committee on House Administration to report recommendations to the House to enhance House Chamber security, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 191	Representative Gallagher of Wisconsin, March 8, 2021. A resolution to amend H. Res. 8 to eliminate remote voting by proxy and remote committee activity.
H. Res. 216	Representative Roy of Texas, March 10, 2021. A resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 471) to prohibit the Secretary of Health and Human Services from lessening the stringency of, and to prohibit the Secretary of Homeland Security from ceasing or lessening implementation of, the COVID-19 border health provisions through the end of the COVID-19 pandemic, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 220	Representative Burchett of Tennessee, March 11, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require the Clerk to read the Congressional Budget Office cost estimate of any bill immediately after the reading of the title of the bill.
H. Res. 232	Representative Raskin of Maryland, March 16, 2021. A resolution requiring an affirmative vote of a majority of the Members present and voting, a quorum being present, on final passage of House Joint Resolution 17.
H. Res. 255	Representative Tenney of New York, March 18, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require that any bill or resolution that is not reported from a committee of subject-matter jurisdiction requires a two-thirds vote to be considered as passed.
H. Res. 263	Representative Obernolte of California, March 19, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to establish the Committee on the Elimination of Non-essential Federal Programs.
H. Res. 273	Representative Boebert of Colorado, March 26, 2021. A resolution providing that material obtained or generated by the office of a Member in response to a casework request from a constituent is to be treated as material in the possession of the House of Representatives, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 274	Representative Cammack of Florida, March 26, 2021. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 619) to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit a health care practitioner from failing to exercise the proper degree of care in the case of a child who survives an abortion or attempted abortion.
H. Res. 281	Representative Johnson of Ohio, March 26, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require a specific oath be administered to any witness appearing before a committee.
H. Res. 292	Representative Roy of Texas, April 5, 2021. A resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 859) to prohibit the President from issuing moratoria on leasing and permitting energy and minerals on certain Federal land, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 309	Representative Turner of Ohio, April 13, 2021. A resolution to amend the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit bills and joint resolutions that contain an appropriation or authorization of more than \$100,000,000,000 relating to infrastructure that does not provide at least 50 percent of such funds to programs, initiatives, or projects that directly impact construction or maintenance of highways, roads, bridges, dams, passenger and freight railways, airports, waterways and ports, public schools, or the safety of such facilities.
H. Res. 351	Representative Fischbach of Minnesota, April 26, 2021. A resolution providing for consideration of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 11) proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to require that the Supreme Court of the United States be composed of nine justices.

Table 6a.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Resolutions—Continued

H. Res. 406	Representative Lieu of California, May 17, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives with respect to the enforcement of committee subpoenas to executive branch officials, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 452	Representative Calvert of California, June 1, 2021. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 2083) to prohibit the use of Federal funds for certain purposes within the District of Columbia.
H. Res. 467	Representative Yarmuth of Kentucky, June 11, 2021. A resolution providing for budget allocations for the Committee on Appropriations, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 468	Representative Banks of Indiana, June 11, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require inflationary impact statements in committee reports.
H. Res. 492	Representative Banks of Indiana, June 23, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require inflationary impact statements in committee reports.
H. Res. 503	Representative Pelosi of California, June 28, 2021. A resolution establishing the Select Committee to Investigate the January 6th Attack on the United States Capitol.
H. Res. 519	Representative Cloud of Texas, July 1, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require the chair of a select commission established in the legislative branch to report each line item expense to the Clerk of the House of Representatives, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 523	Representative Emmer of Minnesota, July 9, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require the Committee on Appropriations to maintain proposed and historical budget authority and outlays for each category of spending.
H. Res. 537	Representative Boyle of Pennsylvania, July 19, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to limit the eligibility for nomination to serve as Speaker of the House of Representatives to Members and Members-elect of the House.
H. Res. 583	Representative Cicilline of Rhode Island, August 10, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to establish a Permanent Select Committee on Aging.
H. Res. 609	Representative Mast of Florida, August 31, 2021. A resolution providing for consideration of the bill (H.R. 1232) to require a five-year staffing plan for the Department of State, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 663	Representative Steel of California, September 20, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require that a Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee of the House who accepts an offer of free attendance with respect to a charity event to notify the Committee on Ethics if the value of such free attendance exceeds \$1,000, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 673	Representative Biggs of Arizona, September 22, 2021. A resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H. R. 1259) to direct the Secretary of Homeland Security to continue to implement the Migrant Protection Protocols, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 787	Representative Norton of District of Columbia, November 9, 2021. A resolution recognizing the service of all District of Columbia veterans, condemning the denial of voting representation in Congress and full local self-government for veterans and their families who are District of Columbia residents, and calling for statehood for the District of Columbia through the enactment of the Washington, D.C. Admission Act (H.R. 51 and S. 51), particularly in light of the service of District of Columbia veterans in every American war.
H. Res. 796	Representative Cole of Oklahoma, November 17, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit the consideration of a resolution proposing to remove a Member from a standing committee unless the resolution is offered by, or with the concurrence of, the Leader of the party of the Member that is the subject of the resolution.

Table 6a.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Resolutions—Continued

H. Res. 799	Representative Gallagher of Wisconsin, November 17, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit the consideration of a bill or joint resolution, or any amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that includes reconciliation legislation prior to the receipt by the committee of jurisdiction of the cost analysis for such legislation from the Congressional Budget Office.
H. Res. 805	Representative Banks of Indiana, November 18, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require a witness who appears before any committee of the House of Representatives in a nongovernmental capacity to disclose certain amounts received from the Federal Government or a foreign government or certain foreign entities, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 819	Representative Tenney of New York, November 18, 2021. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to establish a maximum time for certain record votes and quorum calls.
H. Res. 823	Representative Buck of Colorado, November 30, 2021. A resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 3460) to amend title 28 of the United States Code to prevent the transfer of actions arising under the antitrust laws in which a State is a complainant.
H. Res. 859	Representative Keller of Pennsylvania, December 23, 2021. A resolution providing for consideration of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 65) providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Department of Labor relating to “COVID–19 Vaccination and Testing; Emergency Temporary Standard”.
H. Res. 869	Representative Lieu of California, January 12, 2022. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives with respect to the enforcement of committee subpoenas to executive branch officials, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 899	Representative Ocasio-Cortez of New York, February 1, 2022. A resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 1579) to prohibit Members of Congress from purchasing or selling certain investments, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 930	Representative Ryan of Ohio, February 18, 2022. A resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 336) to require Members of Congress and their spouses and dependent children to place certain assets into blind trusts, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 937	Representative Cawthorn of North Carolina, February 22, 2022. A resolution recognizing the duty of the Federal Government to preserve liberty by operating within the enumerated powers in the Constitution of the United States and its founding principles.
H. Res. 968	Representative Greene of Georgia, March 8, 2022. A resolution to amend the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit remote voting and voting by voice and to require a recorded vote on any question put before the House, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1039	Representative Bishop of North Carolina, April 6, 2022. A resolution providing for the consideration of the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 72) providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by Centers for Disease Control and Prevention relating to “Requirement for Persons To Wear Masks While on Conveyances and at Transportation Hubs”.
H. Res. 1064	Representative Tenney of New York, April 26, 2022. A resolution establishing the Select Committee on Older Americans.
H. Res. 1077	Representative Good of Virginia, April 29, 2022. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit the introduction or consideration of certain legislation that authorizes or makes appropriations of funds for a Federal program not previously authorized or funded, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1151	Representative Yarmuth of Kentucky, June 7, 2022. A resolution providing for budget allocations, and for other purposes.

Table 6a.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Resolutions—Continued

H. Res. 1167	Representative Good of Virginia, June 9, 2022. A resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 1011) to implement equal protection under the 14th article of amendment to the Constitution for the right to life of each born and preborn human person.
H. Res. 1230	Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, July 18, 2022. A resolution adopting changes to the standing rules, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1331	Representative Kilmer of Washington, September 6, 2022. A resolution carrying out recommendations issued by the Select Committee on the Modernization of Congress, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1367	Representative Davis of Illinois, September 19, 2022. A resolution providing for the consideration of the bill (H.R. 82) to amend title II of the Social Security Act to repeal the Government pension offset and windfall elimination provisions.
H. Res. 1408	Representative Long of Missouri, September 29, 2022. A resolution prohibiting the consideration in the House of Representatives of certain bills or joint resolutions relating to Department of Veterans Affairs mortgage loan fees, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1461	Representative Norton of District of Columbia, November 10, 2022. A resolution recognizing the service of all District of Columbia veterans, condemning the denial of voting representation in Congress and full local self-government for veterans and their families who are District of Columbia residents, and calling for statehood for the District of Columbia through the enactment of the Washington, D.C. Admission Act (H.R. 51 and S. 51), particularly in light of the service of District of Columbia veterans in every American war.
H. Res. 1465	Representative Donalds of Florida, November 14, 2022. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit the consideration of bills and resolutions whose titles do not adequately express their contents.
H. Res. 1472	Representative Cawthorn of North Carolina, November 15, 2022. A resolution clarifying the application of rule XXI of the Rules of the House of Representatives to certain retrenchments of expenditures in appropriations measures, and for other purposes.
H. Res. 1503	Representative Donalds of Florida, December 1, 2022. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to prohibit in any bill, joint resolution, or conference report appropriating funds for relief and emergency assistance in response to major disasters the inclusion of any provision which appropriates or otherwise makes available funds for any other purpose.
H. Res. 1523	Representative Donalds of Florida, December 14, 2022. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to require the chair of a committee or subcommittee to recognize members at a meeting of the committee or subcommittee in the order in which they seek recognition.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills

H.R. 51	Representative Norton of District of Columbia, January 4, 2021. A bill to provide for the admission of the State of Washington, D.C. into the Union.
H.R. 61	Representative Biggs of Arizona, January 4, 2021. A bill to amend chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, to provide for en bloc consideration in resolutions of disapproval for “midnight rules,” and for other purposes.
H.R. 63	Representative Biggs of Arizona, January 4, 2021. A bill to amend the National Emergencies Act to provide that a national emergency declared by the President terminates 30 days after the declaration unless a joint resolution affirming such declaration is enacted into law, and for other purposes.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 395	Representative Foxx of North Carolina, January 21, 2021. A bill to ensure transparency with Congress and the American people by requiring that the President report to Congress on a nationally determined contribution to the Paris Agreement prior to the submission of the nationally determined contribution to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change Secretariat and to provide that nothing in the Paris Agreement may be used to establish or demonstrate the existence of a violation of United States law or an offense against the law of nations in United States courts, and for other purposes.
H.R. 411	Representative Norton of District of Columbia, January 21, 2021. A bill to amend the District of Columbia Home Rule Act to eliminate congressional review of newly passed District laws.
H.R. 459	Representative Craig of Minnesota, January 25, 2021. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit former Members and elected officers of Congress from lobbying Congress at any time after leaving office, and for other purposes.
H.R. 470	Representative Hern of Oklahoma, January 25, 2021. A bill to withhold the salaries of Members of Congress upon failure to agree to a budget resolution, and for other purposes.
H.R. 638	Representative Cloud of Texas, February 1, 2021. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to provide that any estimate prepared by the Congressional Budget Office or the Joint Committee on Taxation shall include costs relating to servicing the public debt, and for other purposes.
H.R. 701	Representative Foxx of North Carolina, February 2, 2021. A bill to amend the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 to provide for regulatory impact analyses for certain rules, and for other purposes.
H.R. 753	Representative Gallagher of Wisconsin, February 3, 2021. A bill to prohibit congressional recesses until Congress adopts a concurrent resolution on the budget that results in a balanced Federal budget by the last fiscal year covered by such resolution, to establish a 5-year ban on individuals appointed to Executive Schedule positions and Members of Congress engaging in lobbying activities at the Federal level, to provide for the termination of further retirement coverage for Members of Congress under the Federal Employees Retirement System, and for other purposes.
H.R. 915	Representative Burchett of Tennessee, February 8, 2021. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to provide for procedures to meet a target ratio of public debt to gross domestic product, and for other purposes.
H.R. 974	Representative Case of Hawaii, February 11, 2021. A bill to establish a national commission on fiscal responsibility and reform, and for other purposes.
H.R. 1040	Representative Burgess of Texas, February 15, 2021. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide taxpayers a flat tax alternative to the current income tax system.
H.R. 1078	Representative Schneider of Illinois, February 15, 2021. A bill to provide that a former Member of Congress receiving compensation as a lobbyist shall be ineligible to receive certain Federal retirement benefits or to use certain congressional benefits and services, to require each Member of Congress to post on the Member's official public website a hyperlink to the most recent annual financial disclosure report filed by the Member under the Ethics in Government Act of 1978, to prohibit the use of appropriated funds to pay for the costs of travel by the spouse of a Member of Congress who accompanies the Member on official travel, to restrict the use of travel promotional awards by Members of Congress who receive such awards in connection with official air travel, and for other purposes.
H.R. 1086	Representative Norman of South Carolina, February 18, 2021. A bill to prohibit the consideration in the House of Representatives of any legislation containing an earmark.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 1383	Representative Stewart of Utah, February 25, 2021. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to provide for long-term debt limits, and for other purposes.
H.R. 1457	Representative Himes of Connecticut, March 1, 2021. A bill to prohibit funds available for the United States Armed Forces to be obligated or expended for introduction of United States Armed Forces into hostilities, and for other purposes.
H.R. 1687	Representative Gallagher of Wisconsin, March 9, 2021. A bill to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to add membership in a significant transnational criminal organization to the list of grounds of inadmissibility and to prohibit the provision of material support or resources to such organizations.
H.R. 1699	Representative McCaul of Texas, March 9, 2021. A bill to provide for congressional review of actions to terminate or waive sanctions imposed with respect to Iran.
H.R. 1776	Representative Cammack of Florida, March 10, 2021. A bill to amend chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, to provide that major rules of the executive branch shall have no force or effect unless a joint resolution of approval is enacted into law.
H.R. 1789	Representative Amodei of Nevada, March 11, 2021. A bill to amend title 31, United States Code, to save Federal funds by authorizing changes to the composition of circulating coins, and for other purposes.
H.R. 1976	Representative Jayapal of Washington, March 17, 2021. A bill to establish an improved Medicare for All national health insurance program.
H.R. 2055	Representative Quigley of Illinois, March 18, 2021. A bill to amend the Ethics in Government Act of 1978, the Rules of the House of Representatives, the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995, the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946, the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009, the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, the Financial Stability Act of 2010, and the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 to improve access to information in the legislative and executive branches of the Government, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2056	Representative Rodgers of Washington, March 18, 2021. A bill to provide for a reauthorizing schedule for unauthorized Federal programs, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2070	Representative Velázquez of New York, March 18, 2021. A bill to recognize the right of the People of Puerto Rico to call a status convention through which the people would exercise their natural right to self-determination, and to establish a mechanism for congressional consideration of such decision, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2078	Representative Meeks of New York, March 19, 2021. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to establish the Division of Social and Economic Equity in the Congressional Budget Office, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2188	Representative Brady of Texas, March 26, 2021. A bill to provide relief to workers impacted by COVID-19 and support for reopening businesses, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2199	Representative Cloud of Texas, March 26, 2021. A bill to establish the Federal Agency Sunset Commission.
H.R. 2212	Representative Foxx of North Carolina, March 26, 2021. A bill to establish a commission to review certain regulatory obstacles to preparedness for, response to, and recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic and other pandemics, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2575	Representative Gallagher of Wisconsin, April 15, 2021. A bill to save and strengthen critical social contract programs of the Federal Government.
H.R. 2577	Representative Good of Virginia, April 15, 2021. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to establish a Federal regulatory budget and to impose cost controls on that budget, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2578	Representative Graves of Louisiana, April 15, 2021. A bill to seek the renegotiation of the Paris Agreement on climate change or the negotiation of a new agreement, including the requirement for the Senate to provide its advice and consent to ratification of any such agreement, and for other purposes.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 2593	Representative Norman of South Carolina, April 15, 2021. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to provide for a legislative line-item veto to expedite consideration of rescissions, and cancellations of items of new direct spending and limited tax benefits.
H.R. 2618	Representative Davidson of Ohio, April 16, 2021. A bill to provide for congressional review of the imposition of duties and other trade measures by the executive branch, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2675	Representative Brady of Texas, April 20, 2021. A bill to cap noninterest Federal spending as a percentage of potential GDP to right-size the Government, grow the economy, and balance the budget.
H.R. 2718	Representative Banks of Indiana, April 21, 2021. A bill to impose additional sanctions with respect to Iran and modify other existing sanctions with respect to Iran, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2879	Representative Good of Virginia, April 28, 2021. A bill to prevent a fiscal crisis by enacting legislation to balance the Federal budget through reductions of discretionary and mandatory spending, and for other purposes.
H.R. 2996	Representative Roy of Texas, May 4, 2021. A bill to provide for congressional approval of national emergency declarations, and for other purposes.
H.R. 3364	Representative Taylor of Texas, May 20, 2021. A bill to prohibit the consideration of any bill, resolution, or amendment by Congress unless a statement regarding increases or decreases in Federal taxes, fees, and similar amounts is included.
H.R. 3727	Representative Norman of South Carolina, June 4, 2021. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to provide for fair-value credit estimates, and for other purposes.
H.R. 3785	Representative Norman of South Carolina, June 8, 2021. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to provide for fair-value credit estimates, and for other purposes.
H.R. 3788	Representative Nunes of California, June 8, 2021. A bill to establish limitations on modifications to trade agreements, and for other purposes.
H.R. 3869	Representative Hern of Oklahoma, June 14, 2021. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to provide for cost estimates of major legislation, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4124	Representative Clarke of New York, June 24, 2021. A bill to establish the “Biomedical Innovation Fund”, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4132	Representative Donalds of Florida, June 24, 2021. A bill to consolidate or repeal unnecessary agency major rules, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4181	Representative Meuser of Pennsylvania, June 25, 2021. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to require the Congressional Budget Office to conduct an analysis of the impact on inflation from certain reconciliation legislation reported or submitted pursuant to reconciliation directives in a concurrent resolution on the budget.
H.R. 4266	Representative Hern of Oklahoma, June 30, 2021. A bill to prevent energy poverty in at-risk communities, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4317	Representative Gosar of Arizona, July 1, 2021. A bill to restore the separation of powers between the Congress and the President.
H.R. 4423	Representative Morelle of New York, July 13, 2021. A bill to enhance safety and security at federally licensed gun shops, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4711	Representative Joyce of Ohio, July 27, 2021. A bill to amend the Bipartisan Congressional Trade Priorities and Accountability Act of 2015 to include principal negotiating objectives of the United States relating to trade in pharmaceutical products, and for other purposes.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 4742	Representative Bourdeaux of Georgia, July 28, 2021. A bill to require the Comptroller General of the United States to review certain legislation in order to identify potential risks of duplication of and overlap with existing Federal programs, offices, and initiatives.
H.R. 4778	Representative Norton of District of Columbia, July 28, 2021. A bill to amend the District of Columbia Home Rule Act to provide for the automatic appointment of judges to the District of Columbia courts without the advice and consent of the Senate, and for other purposes.
H.R. 4792	Representative Banks of Indiana, July 29, 2021. A bill to counter the malign influence and theft perpetuated by the People's Republic of China and the Chinese Communist Party.
H.R. 4830	Representative Kilmer of Washington, July 29, 2021. A bill to prohibit the use of premiums paid to the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation as an offset for other Federal spending.
H.R. 4869	Representative Banks of Indiana, July 30, 2021. A bill to establish processes to control inflationary pressures and the Federal debt, during Federal debt emergencies.
H.R. 4988	Representative Case of Hawaii, August 10, 2021. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to establish that reconciliation directives in a budget resolution may not cause a net increase in the deficit for the period of fiscal years covered by that resolution.
H.R. 5018	Representative Khanna of California, August 13, 2021. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 by requiring a distribution analysis of a bill or resolution under certain circumstances, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5125	Representative Smith of Washington, August 27, 2021. A bill to amend title XI of the Social Security Act to clarify parameters for model testing and add accountability to model expansion under the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5314	Representative Schiff of California, September 21, 2021. A bill to protect our democracy by preventing abuses of presidential power, restoring checks and balances and accountability and transparency in government, and defending elections against foreign interference, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5370	Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, September 24, 2021. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to conduct a demonstration program to assess the effects of a hospital providing to qualified individuals medically tailored home-delivered meals, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5410	Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, September 29, 2021. A bill to provide for clarification and limitations with respect to the exercise of national security powers, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5411	Representative Johnson of Ohio, September 29, 2021. A bill to hold the salaries of senior government officials in escrow and prohibit the use of official funds for travel by such officials if each of the regular appropriation bills for a fiscal year prior has not been enacted into law by the beginning of the fiscal year, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5557	Representative Donalds of Florida, October 12, 2021. A bill to impose sanctions with respect to foreign persons that engage in certain transactions relating to Cuba and to impose sanctions with respect to human rights abuse and corruption in Cuba, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5629	Representative Meeks of New York, October 19, 2021. A bill to enhance the consideration of human rights in arms exports.
H.R. 5647	Representative Norman of South Carolina, October 20, 2021. A bill to terminate certain lifetime benefits provided to former Members of Congress, and for other purposes.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 5688	Representative Davidson of Ohio, October 22, 2021. A bill to establish the People-Centered Assistance Reform Effort Commission, to improve the social safety net and increase social mobility by increasing access to resources which address the underlying causes of poverty.
H.R. 5724	Representative McGovern of Massachusetts, October 26, 2021. A bill to authorize a White House Conference on Food, Nutrition, Hunger, and Health, and for other purposes.
H.R. 5798	Representative Lieu of California, November 1, 2021. A bill to modify the expedited procedures in the House of Representatives under section 36 of the Arms Export Control Act with respect to consideration of joint resolutions prohibiting proposed sales of defense articles or services, prohibiting proposed licenses for exports of defense articles or services, and prohibiting approval of United States commercial technical assistance or manufacturing licensing agreements.
H.R. 5868	Representative Hartzler of Missouri, November 4, 2021. A bill to repeal the Military Selective Service Act and reestablish the Office of Selective Service Records, and to prescribe the procedure for the reenactment of such Act or reestablishment of the Selective Service System.
H.R. 6139	Representative Arrington of Texas, December 3, 2021. A bill to amend chapter 31 of title 31 of the United States Code and title IV of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to automatically suspend the debt limit for the fiscal year of a budget resolution.
H.R. 6367	Representative McCaul of Texas, January 10, 2022. A bill to promote security partnership with Ukraine.
H.R. 6393	Representative Arrington of Texas, January 13, 2022. A bill to amend chapter 31 of title 31 of the United States Code and title IV of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to automatically suspend the debt limit for the fiscal year of a budget resolution.
H.R. 6581	Representative Cole of Oklahoma, February 3, 2022. A bill to establish the Commission on Long-Term Social Security Solvency, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8666	Representative Kind of Wisconsin, August 5, 2022. A bill to amend the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 to impose limitations on the authority of the President to adjust imports that are determined to threaten to impair national security, and for other purposes.
H.R. 6484	Representative Gallagher of Wisconsin, January 25, 2022. A bill to require the imposition of sanctions with respect to the People's Republic of China if the People's Liberation Army initiates a military invasion of Taiwan, and for other purposes.
H.R. 6485	Representative Garcia of California, January 25, 2022. A bill to create a point of order against spending that will increase inflation unless inflation is not greater than 4.5 percent, and for other purposes.
H.R. 6515	Representative Biggs of Arizona, January 28, 2022. A bill to repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010.
H.R. 6629	Representative Katko of New York, February 7, 2022. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 to require the Congressional Budget Office to provide an inflation estimate with respect to legislation with a significant impact on the Gross Domestic Product of the United States, and for other purposes.
H.R. 6724	Representative Boyle of Pennsylvania, February 15, 2022. A bill to amend chapter 31 of title 31, United States Code, to provide procedures for congressional disapproval of the issuance of additional debt.
H.R. 6742	Representative McCaul of Texas, February 15, 2022. A bill to counter the aggression of the Russian Federation against Ukraine and Eastern European allies, to expedite security assistance to Ukraine, to bolster its defense capabilities and those of allies and partners in the region, to impose sanctions relating to the actions of the Russian Federation with respect to Ukraine, and for other purposes.
H.R. 6968	Representative Doggett of Texas, March 8, 2022. A bill to prohibit the importation of energy products of the Russian Federation, and for other purposes.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 7014	Representative Brady of Texas, March 9, 2022. A bill to suspend normal trade relations treatment for the Russian Federation and the Republic of Belarus, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7108	Representative Neal of Massachusetts, March 17, 2022. A bill to suspend normal trade relations treatment for the Russian Federation and the Republic of Belarus, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7136	Representative O'Halleran of Arizona, March 17, 2022. A bill to require the Speaker of the House of Representatives to convene a session of the House on each day in which a Government shutdown is in effect, to prohibit the use of funds for the official travel of Members of the House of Representatives during any period in which a Government shutdown is in effect, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7137	Representative O'Halleran of Arizona, March 17, 2022. A bill to enact House Resolution 895, One Hundred Tenth Congress, (establishing the Office of Congressional Ethics) into permanent law.
H.R. 7193	Representative Smith of New Jersey, March 21, 2022. A bill to withdraw normal trade relations treatment from, and apply certain provisions of title IV of the Trade Act of 1974 to, products of the People's Republic of China, and to expand the eligibility requirements for products of the People's Republic of China to receive normal trade relations treatment in the future, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7194	Representative Allen of Georgia, March 24, 2022. A bill to reform the labor laws of the United States, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7367	Representative Jacobs of California, April 1, 2022. A bill to amend the Arms Export Control Act to provide for better monitoring and verification of the use of defense articles and defense services by countries of concern, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7420	Representative Emmer of Minnesota, April 6, 2022. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to set responsible budget targets.
H.R. 7430	Representative Smith of Nebraska, April 6, 2022. A bill to establish limitations on modifications to trade agreements, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7457	Representative Fitzpatrick of Pennsylvania, April 7, 2022. A bill to hold the Chinese Communist Party accountable for the COVID-19 pandemic that has killed approximately 981,000 Americans.
H.R. 7479	Representative Pence of Indiana, April 7, 2022. A bill to provide a means for Congress to prevent an organization's designation as a foreign terrorist organization from being revoked by the Secretary of State.
H.R. 7501	Representative Boebert of Colorado, April 14, 2022. A bill to require the Secretary of Transportation to conduct a study on the significant improvements and potential alternatives necessary to offset extended closures associated with Interstate Route 70, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7511	Representative Gottheimer of New Jersey, April 14, 2022. A bill to establish an independent advisory committee to review certain regulations, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7656	Representative Murphy of North Carolina, May 3, 2022. A bill to amend the Higher Education Relief Opportunities for Students Act of 2003 to strike the Secretary's unilateral authority during a national emergency, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7706	Representative Jayapal of Washington, May 10, 2022. A bill to establish judicial ethics.
H.R. 7714	Representative Titus of Nevada, May 10, 2022. A bill to amend title 40, United States Code, to establish requirements for outleasing certain Federal buildings, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7782	Representative Craig of Minnesota, May 16, 2022. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit former Members and elected officers of Congress from lobbying Congress at any time after leaving office, and for other purposes.
H.R. 7941	Representative Norton of District of Columbia, June 3, 2022. A bill to amend the District of Columbia Home Rule Act to permit the Chairman of the Council of the District of Columbia to transmit Acts of the District of Columbia to Congress in electronic form.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 8120	Representative Panetta of California, June 16, 2022. A bill to prohibit the importation of certain products of the Russian Federation.
H.R. 8191	Representative Torres of New York, June 22, 2022. A bill to require a Member of Congress who makes and any individual who receives a request from a Member of Congress for a presidential pardon to disclose the request to the Select Committee on Ethics of the Senate or the Committee on Ethics of the House of Representatives, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8332	Representative Golden of Maine, July 12, 2022. A bill to repeal the VA Asset and Infrastructure Review Act of 2018.
H.R. 8408	Representative Ellzey of Texas, July 18, 2022. A bill to require a time limitation on covered agency mask mandate requirements, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8439	Representative Bacon of Nebraska, July 20, 2022. A bill to modify the requirements of congressional review and oversight of agreements with Iran.
H.R. 8562	Representative Donalds of Florida, July 28, 2022. A bill to provide for disapproval by Congress of the invocation of authorities under the Defense Production Act of 1950.
H.R. 8563	Representative Emmer of Minnesota, July 28, 2022. A bill to amend chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, to provide for Congressional oversight of agency rulemaking, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8588	Representative Westerman of Arkansas, July 28, 2022. A bill to address the high costs of health care services, prescription drugs, and health insurance coverage in the United States, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8775	Representative Meuser of Pennsylvania, September 6, 2022. A bill to amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to provide that any estimate prepared by the Congressional Budget Office or the Joint Committee on Taxation shall include costs relating to servicing the public debt, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8824	Representative Gottheimer of New Jersey, September 14, 2022. A bill to amend title 3, United States Code, to reform the Electoral Count Act, and to amend the Presidential Transition Act of 1963 to provide clear guidelines for when and to whom resources are provided by the Administrator of General Services for use in connection with the preparations for the assumption of official duties as President or Vice President.
H.R. 8846	Representative Gottheimer of New Jersey, September 15, 2022. A bill to amend title 3, United States Code, to reform the Electoral Count Act, and to amend the Presidential Transition Act of 1963 to provide clear guidelines for when and to whom resources are provided by the Administrator of General Services for use in connection with the preparations for the assumption of official duties as President or Vice President.
H.R. 8861	Representative Norton of District of Columbia, September 15, 2022. A bill to provide for expanded home rule for the residents of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.
H.R. 8873	Representative Lofgren of California, September 19, 2022. A bill to amend title 3, United States Code, to reform the process for the counting of electoral votes, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9032	Representative Arrington of Texas, September 29, 2022. A bill to amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to extend the discretionary spending limits through fiscal year 2032, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9253	Representative Van Duyne of Texas, October 28, 2022. A bill to require the evaluation of Federal agencies and programs for duplicative, wasteful, or outdated functions, and to recommend the elimination or realignment of such functions, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9341	Representative Kelly of Pennsylvania, November 17, 2022. A bill to provide accountability for funding provided to the Internal Revenue Service and the Department of the Treasury under Public Law 117–169.

Table 6b.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Bills—Continued

H.R. 9506	Representative Donalds of Florida, December 13, 2022. A bill to prohibit the consideration in the House of Representatives and Senate of legislation which includes a provision authorizing the appropriation of an amount of funds for a program which does not include a provision reducing by at least the same amount the amount otherwise authorized to be appropriated for the same program or for any other program, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9548	Representative Garamendi of California, December 14, 2022. A bill to require the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection to make certain determinations in enforcing the Jones Act, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9561	Representative Smith of New Jersey, December 14, 2022. A bill to require the President to remove the extension of certain privileges, exemptions, and immunities to the Hong Kong Economic and Trade Offices if Hong Kong no longer enjoys a high degree of autonomy from the People's Republic of China, and for other purposes.
H.R. 9623	Representative Jayapal of Washington, December 20, 2022. A bill to improve the anti-corruption and public integrity laws, and for other purposes.

Table 6c.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Concurrent Resolutions

H. Con. Res. 36	Representative Barr of Kentucky, May 28, 2021. A resolution establishing the Joint Select Committee on the Events and Activities Surrounding China's Handling of the 2019 Novel Coronavirus.
H. Con. Res. 44	Representative Rice of New York, July 29, 2021. A resolution providing for a joint hearing of the Committees on the Budget of the House of Representatives and the Senate to receive a presentation from the Comptroller General of the United States regarding the audited financial statement of the executive branch.
H. Con. Res. 71	Representative Gosar of Arizona, February 8, 2022. A resolution expressing the sense of Congress that Congress should issue a subpoena to Dr. Anthony Fauci and reduce the salary of the Director of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases and Chief Medical Advisor to the President.
H. Con. Res. 125	Representative Williams of Georgia, December 20, 2022. A resolution establishing the Task Force on the Legislative Process.

Table 6d.—List of Original Jurisdiction Referrals—House Joint Resolutions

H.J. Res. 29	Representative DeFazio of Oregon, March 8, 2021. A joint resolution to amend the War Powers Resolution, and for other purposes.
H.J. Res. 41	Representative Kinzinger of Illinois, April 16, 2021. A joint resolution to establish a National Committee on Fiscal Responsibility and Reform.

VIII. MINORITY VIEWS

The Democratic Majority vowed the Rules of the House of Representatives for the 117th Congress would create “a more accommodating process for ideas to be considered.” Yet the past two years have shown those words to be nothing more than an empty promise. Congressional Democrats waived their heralded rules, departed from regular order, and shut out minority voices. They repeatedly and without remorse prioritized the agenda of Democratic Leadership and their elite liberal base over the ability of this institution to reflect the diversity of voices of American families.

DEPARTURE FROM REGULAR ORDER

Chairman McGovern once remarked that “a lousy process leads to bad legislating,” and we remind the majority of the wisdom of these words. When given the freedom to govern consistent with the long-standing precedents and Rules of the House, this institution can build consensus, conduct meaningful oversight, and ultimately improve the lives of the constituents we are humbled to represent. Take for example the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023, where the Armed Services Committee wrote legislation with a robust amendment process both in committee and on the floor, and ultimately received broad bipartisan support and was signed into law. Unfortunately, during the 117th Congress, this was the exception, not the rule. Instead, the Rules Committee met 14 times on legislation made available to members less than 72 hours in advance, reported 30 times on legislation that did not go through regular order, violating the McGovern Rule, and forwent budget rules by waiving 57 Budget Act points of order and waiving points of order against rule XXI, clause 10, PAYGO, prohibiting legislation to increase the deficit without a sufficient offset 25 times. It is unfortunate Democratic Leadership sidelined most standing committees to push forward their progressive policy agenda without regard to the opportunity for meaningful bipartisan reforms.

In addition to sidelining committees, the majority noticed 49 emergency measures, nearly 40 percent more than the 34 emergency measures under the Republican majority in the 115th Congress. This often provided Members with just one hour to review legislation and proposed amendments. Emergency measures were seemingly used by Democratic Leadership to pacify the loudest, and often most extreme, voices in their caucus, rather than reflect a true exceptional circumstance where the norms of regular order are temporarily suspended for the greater good of the country.

For example, the Democratic Majority noticed four policing bills in late July but failed to bring them to the floor due to political pressure from left-wing activists. Nearly two months later, right

before the midterm elections, House Democrats noticed those same bills under an “emergency” designation.

Similarly kowtowing to demands by their caucus’ left flank, the Rules Committee called an emergency meeting on the Protecting Renters from Evictions Act of 2021 (H.R. 4791). After the House waited in limbo for nearly nine hours, the majority failed to even report this so-called emergency from the Rules Committee.

On four separate occasions, the Democratic Majority announced meetings on bills before text was available. For one of those measures—a continuing resolution to fund the government through December 3, 2021—text was still unavailable to members at the start of the hearing.

Perhaps the most egregious example of the Democratic Majority’s departure from regular order occurred during consideration of the Build Back Better Act (H.R. 5376). Democrats originally noticed an emergency meeting on October 28, 2021, on this legislation, along with a Rules Committee Print (RCP). However, the committee was forced to meet twice more with a different RCP, and a manager’s amendment, before finally being able to report the bill to the House. However, only two weeks later, the majority again noticed an emergency meeting on the Build Back Better Act, which required an additional manager’s amendment. Perhaps these procedural gymnastics could have been avoided if the Democrats had followed their own Rules and promises of regular order, deliberation, and transparency.

CONCERNS WITH A CLOSED PROCESS

Committee Democrats were consistently critical whenever Republicans used a closed rule when they were in the minority, including Chairman McGovern, who expressed one of his biggest objections was “closing off debate and denying not just Democrats but Republicans the chance to offer amendments on the House floor.” Yet during the 117th Congress, rather than working towards a more open legislative process, Democrats failed to even attempt one open rule, instead passing 89 closed rules.

Even under structured rules, the Democratic Majority silenced Republican ideas. Fewer than 20 percent of all amendments made in order were offered by Republicans. In fact, Chairman McGovern was quoted in a recent book, saying “If you’re . . . crazy, you’re not getting an amendment.” Democrats control the committees, Democrats control the legislative agenda, and yet still felt the need to block Republican ideas in favor of their own amendments. In comparison, under the Republican Majority in the 115th Congress, 45 percent of amendments, made in order were sponsored by Democrats, more than double what the Democrats did this Congress.

Additionally, 60 Democratic amendments were self-executed, including multiple managers’ amendments to Democrats’ reconciliation package (H.R. 5376), because the Speaker was presumably not satisfied with what committees produced. On top of that, 38 separate items were deemed as passed, forgoing any debate or discussion or vote.

The few Republican amendments that were made in order were often silenced on the floor through the Democratic Majority’s fervent use and abuse of en bloc authority. Typically reserved for larg-

er annual legislation, this majority provided en bloc authority 36 times on a wide range of bills. Over 75 percent of amendments made in order were placed in take-it-or-leave-it en bloc packages. Such packages on average contained almost 60 amendments, preventing debate on individual amendments, and ensuring that the fate of amendments was predetermined based on party affiliation rather than the merits of the policy.

ABANDONMENT OF INSTITUTIONAL NORMS

One of the most disheartening trends during the 117th Congress was the departure from institutional norms. Even after most Americans returned to work, and despite the President stating the pandemic was over, the Speaker maintained strict and unnecessary COVID-19 protocols, not because of an articulated, science-based determination, but rather to keep her iron grip on the House floor in the face of a slim Democratic Majority.

Additionally, the majority blocked members from exercising statutory rights—such as the ability for the House to vote on, or even debate, repealing the President’s emergency declarations.

Several major pieces of legislation, including the Democrats’ bloated reconciliation bills, were voted on before the Congressional Budget Office was able to produce a final score, preventing members from understanding the full cost of legislation prior to being forced to vote.

During the second session of this Congress, the Speaker reluctantly rolled back some provisions of the COVID-19 protocols, an authority in place for an unimaginable, record breaking 795 days. Additionally, Democrats finally allowed resolutions of inquiry, a longstanding oversight tool of the House used by both members of the minority and the majority, to regain their privileged status. Unfortunately, these gestures were too-little-too-late to be impactful.

IGNORING THE NEEDS OF EVERYDAY AMERICANS

It was deeply frustrating to see the Rules Committee agenda in the 117th Congress filled with hastily crafted, unvetted messaging bills that only exacerbated partisan divides and did little to address the critical issues facing our communities.

It’s unfortunate the Democratic Majority did not live up to the Chairman’s promise of “making this chamber work at its best for the people we represent.” While we appreciate the intentions and collegiality of our Democratic colleagues on the Rules Committee, we submit these views with grave disappointment in the failures of the 117th Congress. Under Democratic Leadership, this committee failed the institution, failed our constituents, and ultimately failed to capitalize on the opportunity to govern, and govern well. If the Rules Committee is to remain the conscience of the institution and the torchbearer for regular order, we must do better. And in the 118th Congress, we will do better.

TOM COLE (OK-04).

GUY RESCHENTHALER (PA-14).

MICHAEL C. BURGESS, M.D. (TX-26).

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MICHELLE FISCHBACH (MN-7).

