

TO MAKE TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO UPDATE STATU-
TORY REFERENCES TO CERTAIN PROVISIONS CLASSI-
FIED TO TITLE 34, UNITED STATES CODE

NOVEMBER 30, 2021.—Referred to the House Calendar and ordered to be printed

Mr. NADLER, from the Committee on the Judiciary,
submitted the following

R E P O R T

[To accompany H.R. 5705]

The Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill (H.R. 5705) to make technical amendments to update statutory references to certain provisions classified to title 34, United States Code.

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Purpose and Summary

Following up on the Office of the Law Revision Counsel's (OLRC) editorial reclassification of certain provisions classified to title 34 of the United States Code (the Code), H.R. 5705 would update statutory references to those reclassified provisions in other Code titles.

Background and Need for the Legislation

The House has assigned to the Judiciary Committee responsibility for the “Revision and codification of the Statutes of the United States.”¹ In modern practice, this responsibility entails periodically updating the United States Code (“the Code”). Currently organized in 54 titles based on subject matter, the Code contains all of the general and permanent laws of the United States.

Congress created the Code in 1926 to compile federal laws into a sensible, up-to-date collection that would spare people the labor of searching for laws in the chronologically-organized volumes of the Statutes at Large.² To date, 27 of these 54 titles have been enacted into “positive law,” which means the text of these titles is itself the law,³ while the remaining titles are “non-positive,” meaning that they organize federal statutes for users’ convenience, but do not themselves have the force of law.⁴

The entity responsible for updating the Code as Congress passes new laws or amends existing ones is the Office of the Law Revision Counsel (OLRC).⁵ Established within the House of Representatives, OLRC’s purpose is “to develop and keep current an official and positive codification of the laws of the United States,” while maintaining strict impartiality as to issues of legislative policy.⁶ The Judiciary Committee plays an essential role in two of OLRC’s important functions. OLRC is required:

- (1) To prepare, and submit to the Committee on the Judiciary one title at a time, a complete compilation, restatement, and revision of the general and permanent laws of the United States which conforms to the understood policy, intent, and purpose of the Congress in the original enactments, with such amendments and corrections as will remove ambiguities, contradictions, and other imperfections both of substance and of form, separately stated, with a view to the enactment of each title as positive law.

The Judiciary Committee therefore plays a key role in maintaining the accuracy of the U.S. Code. OLRC regularly submits to the Committee proposed legislation that carries out its mission to keep

¹ Clause 1(l)(17) of House Rule X.

²The Statutes at Large is the collection of laws passed in a particular session of Congress, arranged in sequence by public law number, <https://www.archives.gov/federal-register/publications/statutes.html>. The content of the Statutes at Large is considered “legal evidence of laws, concurrent resolutions, treaties, international agreements other than treaties, proclamations by the President, and proposed or ratified amendments to the Constitution of the United States therein contained, in all the courts of the United States, the several States, and the Territories and insular possessions of the United States.” 1 U.S.C. § 112.

³For example, H.R. 2694 (117th Congress) proposes amending Title 18 (“Crimes and Criminal Procedure”), which is a positive title of the U.S. Code, so it is drafted to directly amend a provision of that title (“Section 4285 of title 18, United States Code, is amended in the first sentence”). The content of positive-law Code titles is considered “legal evidence of the laws therein contained, in all the courts of the United States, the several States, and the Territories and insular possessions of the United States.” 1 U.S.C. § 204.

⁴For example, H.R. 2922 (117th Congress) proposes amending section 101(b) of the Elder Abuse Prevention and Prosecution Act, which is compiled in Title 34 (“Crime Control and Law Enforcement”), a non-positive title of the Code. In this situation, the bill amends the underlying law and includes a parenthetical citation to its location in Title 34 as a convenience (“Section 101(b) of the Elder Abuse Prevention and Prosecution Act (34 U.S.C. 21711(b)) is amended to read . . .”). The contents of non-positive titles “establish prima facie the laws of the United States, general and permanent in their nature, in force on the day preceding the commencement of the session following the last session the legislation of which is included.” 1 U.S.C. § 204.

⁵Office of the Law Revision Counsel (hereinafter OLRC), U.S. Code, home page, <https://usc.house.gov/>.

⁶H. Res. 988 (93d Congress), § 205(c), as enacted into law by Pub. L. 93-554 (2 U.S.C. § 285a).

the Code current and correct. The Judiciary Committee then considers and reports this legislation to the House. If the legislation passes into law, OLRC implements the changes in the Code.

H.R. 5705 is the result of one of the “editorial reclassification” efforts OLRC has undertaken in recent years to better organize the Code’s non-positive titles. According to OLRC, the purpose of editorial reclassification is, “to reorganize areas of law that have outgrown their original boundaries, or to eliminate organizational units that are no longer efficient.”⁷ Without altering any statutory language, OLRC relocates and rearranges provisions to make the organization of titles more logical and accessible. As a result of these editorial classifications, statutory references in other titles of the Code must also be updated.

In 2017, OLRC moved a number of provisions related to crime control and law enforcement into a new title 34 (Crime Control and Law Enforcement).

Noting the growing number of laws that give the Attorney General and the Department of Justice primary responsibility for activities related to crime control and law enforcement, OLRC decided a place in the Code was needed to better organize and maintain these laws.⁸ This reorganization did not include any provisions from title 18 (Crimes and Criminal Procedure) or title 28 (Judiciary and Judicial Procedure), which are both positive-law titles.

In the 115th Congress, the Judiciary Committee ordered reported a bill (sponsored by Rep. Sensenbrenner) making the necessary changes to cross-references in other titles of the Code affected by this title 34 editorial reclassification.⁹ H.R. 5705 is an updated version of this legislation.

Hearings

The Committee did not hold any hearings related to H.R. 5705.

Committee Consideration

On November 3, 2021, the Committee met in open session and ordered the bill, H.R. 5705, favorably reported without an amendment, by a voice vote, a quorum being present.

Committee Votes

No roll call votes occurred during the Committee’s consideration of H.R. 5705.

Committee Oversight Findings

In compliance with clause 3(c)(1) of House Rule XIII, the Committee advises that the findings and recommendations of the Committee, based on oversight activities under clause 2(b)(1) of House Rule X, are incorporated in the descriptive portions of this report.

⁷ OLRC web site, Editorial Reclassification, <https://uscode.house.gov/editorialreclassification/reclassification.html>.

⁸ OLRC web site, Editorial Reclassification, Title 34, U.S. Code, <https://uscode.house.gov/editorialreclassification/t34/index.html>.

⁹ H.R. 5335 (115th Cong.).

Committee Estimate of Budgetary Effects

Pursuant to clause 3(d)(1) of House Rule XIII, the Committee adopts as its own the cost estimate prepared by the Director of the Congressional Budget Office pursuant to section 402 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.

New Budget Authority and Congressional Budget Office Cost Estimate

Pursuant to clause 3(c)(2) of House Rule XIII and section 308(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, and pursuant to clause (3)(c)(3) of House Rule XIII and section 402 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the Committee has requested but not received from the Director of Congressional Budget Office (CBO) a budgetary analysis and a cost estimate of this bill. Based on CBO's analysis of a similar bill (H.R. 3239) transmitted to the Committee on June 14, 2021, the Committee estimates that H.R. 5705 would have no effect on the federal budget.

Duplication of Federal Programs

Pursuant to clause 3(c)(5) of House Rule XIII, no provision of H.R. 5705 establishes or reauthorizes a program of the federal government known to be duplicative of another federal program.

Performance Goals and Objectives

The Committee states that pursuant to clause 3(c)(4) of House Rule XIII, H.R. 5705 would help implement an editorial reclassification to portions of the United States Code, with the goal of improving and modernizing the overall organization of the Code.

Advisory on Earmarks

In accordance with clause 9 of House Rule XXI, H.R. 5705 does not contain any congressional earmarks, limited tax benefits, or limited tariff benefits as defined in clause 9(d), 9(e), or 9(f) of House Rule XXI.

Section-by-Section Analysis

Section 1 of the bill updates a statutory reference in title 2, United States Code.

Section 2 of the bill updates a statutory reference in title 6, United States Code.

Section 3 of the bill updates statutory references in title 8, United States Code.

Section 4 of the bill updates statutory references in title 10, United States Code.

Section 5 of the bill updates statutory references in title 12, United States Code.

Section 6 of the bill updates statutory references in title 18, United States Code.

Section 7 of the bill updates statutory references in title 20, United States Code.

Section 8 of the bill updates statutory references in title 22, United States Code.

Section 9 of the bill updates statutory references in title 25, United States Code.

Section 10 of the bill updates statutory references in title 26, United States Code.

Section 11 of the bill updates statutory references in title 28, United States Code.

Section 12 of the bill updates statutory references in title 29, United States Code.

Section 13 of the bill updates statutory references in title 31, United States Code.

Section 14 of the bill updates a statutory reference in title 33, United States Code.

Section 15 of the bill updates statutory references in title 34, United States Code.

Section 16 of the bill updates a statutory reference in title 35, United States Code.

Section 17 of the bill updates a statutory reference in title 38, United States Code.

Section 18 of the bill updates a statutory reference in title 40, United States Code.

Section 19 of the bill updates statutory references in title 42, United States Code.

Section 20 of the bill updates statutory references in title 49, United States Code.

Section 21 of the bill updates a statutory reference in title 50, United States Code.

Changes in Existing Law Made by the Bill, as Reported

In compliance with clause 3(e) of House Rule XIII, changes in existing law made by the bill, H.R. 5705, as reported, are shown as follows:

Changes in Existing Law Made by the Bill

Set out below is a comparative print showing changes in existing law proposed by the bill. Insertions are shown in italic and omissions are surrounded by brackets.

TITLE 2—THE CONGRESS

§ 1881(2) (Fallen Heroes Flag Act of 2016, § 2(2))

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act—

* * * * *

(2) the terms “chaplain”, “firefighter”, “law enforcement officer”, “member of a rescue squad or ambulance crew”, and “public agency” have the meanings given such terms in section 1204 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796b)] (34 U.S.C. 10284).

TITLE 6—DOMESTIC SECURITY

§ 603(c)(1) (Homeland Security Act of 2002, § 2002(c)(1))

SEC. 2002. HOMELAND SECURITY GRANT PROGRAMS.

* * * * *

(c) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The grant programs authorized under sections 2003 and 2004 shall supersede all grant programs authorized under section 1014 of the USA PATRIOT Act [(42 U.S.C. 3714)] (6 U.S.C. 603 note).

TITLE 8—ALIENS AND NATIONALITY

§ 1105 note (Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001, § 403(d))

SEC. 403. ACCESS BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND THE INS TO CERTAIN IDENTIFYING INFORMATION IN THE CRIMINAL HISTORY RECORDS OF VISA APPLICANTS AND APPLICANTS FOR ADMISSION TO THE UNITED STATES.

* * * * *

(d) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section, or in any other law, shall be construed to limit the authority of the Attorney General or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation to provide access to the criminal history record information contained in the National Crime Information Center's (NCIC) Interstate Identification Index (NCIC-III), or to any other information maintained by the NCIC, to any Federal agency or officer authorized to enforce or administer the immigration laws of the United States, for the purpose of such enforcement or administration, upon terms that are consistent with the National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact Act of 1998 [(subtitle A of title II of Public Law 105-251; 42 U.S.C. 14611-16)] (*subtitle A of title II of Public Law 105-251; 34 U.S.C. 40311-16*) and section 552a of title 5, United States Code.

§ 1154(a)(1)(A)(viii)(II) (Immigration and Nationality Act, § 204(a)(1)(A)(viii)(II))

PROCEDURE FOR GRANTING IMMIGRANT STATUS UNDER SECTION 101(a)(27)(F)(i) OR SECTION 203(a)(1)(A)

SEC. 204. (a)(1)(A)(i) Except as provided in clause (viii), any citizen of the United States claiming that an alien is entitled to classification by reason of a relationship described in paragraph (1), (3), or (4) of section 203(a) or to an immediate relative status under section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) may file a petition with the Attorney General for such classification.

* * * * *

(viii)(I) Clause (i) shall not apply to a citizen of the United States who has been convicted of a specified offense against a minor, unless the Secretary of Homeland Security, in the Secretary's sole and unreviewable

discretion, determines that the citizen poses no risk to the alien with respect to whom a petition described in clause (i) is filed.

(II) For purposes of subclause (I), the term “specified offense against a minor” is defined as in section 111 of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 (34 U.S.C. 20911).

§ 1184(d)(3)(A), (r)(5)(A) (Immigration and Nationality Act, § 214(d)(3)(A), (r)(5)(A))

ADMISSION OF NONIMMIGRANTS

SEC. 214. (a) * * *

(d)(1) * * *

(3) In this subsection:

(A) The terms “domestic violence”, “sexual assault”, “child abuse and neglect”, “dating violence”, “elder abuse”, and “stalking” have the meaning given such terms in [section 3 of the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005] *section 40002(a) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12291(a))*.

* * * * *

(r)(1) * * *

(5) In this subsection:

(A) The terms “domestic violence”, “sexual assault”, “child abuse and neglect”, “dating violence”, “elder abuse”, and “stalking” have the meaning given such terms in [section 3 of the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005] *section 40002(a) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12291(a))*.

§ 1375a(e)(2) (International Marriage Broker Regulation Act of 2005, § 833(e)(2))

SEC. 833. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE INFORMATION AND RESOURCES FOR IMMIGRANTS AND REGULATION OF INTERNATIONAL MARRIAGE BROKERS.

* * * * *

(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

* * * * *

(2) DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.—The term “domestic violence” has the meaning given such term in [section 3 of this Act] *section 40002(a) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12291(a))*.

TITLE 10—ARMED FORCES

§ 951 note (Department of Justice Appropriations Act, 1998, § 115(a)(8)(C)(i))

SEC. 115. (a) STANDARDS FOR SEX OFFENDER REGISTRATION PROGRAMS.—

* * * * *

(8) FEDERAL OFFENDERS AND MILITARY PERSONNEL.—(A)
* * *

* * * * *
(C)(i) The Secretary of Defense shall specify categories of conduct punishable under the Uniform Code of Military Justice which are sex offenses as that term is defined in the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (*34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.*), and such other conduct as the Secretary deems appropriate for inclusion for purposes of this subparagraph.

§ 1565(a)(2), (d)(2), (e)(1), (2)(A), (B)

§ 1565. DNA identification information: collection from certain offenders; use

(a) COLLECTION OF DNA SAMPLES.—(1) * * *

(2) For each member described in paragraph (1), if the Combined DNA Index System (in this section referred to as “CODIS”) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation contains a DNA analysis with respect to that member, or if a DNA sample has been or is to be collected from that member under section 3(a) of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (*34 U.S.C. 40702(a)*), the Secretary concerned may (but need not) collect a DNA sample from that member.

* * * * *
(d) QUALIFYING MILITARY OFFENSES.—The offenses that shall be treated for purposes of this section as qualifying military offenses are the following offenses, as determined by the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Attorney General:

* * * * *
(2) Any other offense under the Uniform Code of Military Justice that is comparable to a qualifying Federal offense (as determined under section 3(d) of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 [(42 U.S.C. 14135a(d))] (*34 U.S.C. 40702(d)*)).

(e) EXPUNGEMENT.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall promptly expunge, from the index described in subsection (a) of section 210304 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (*34 U.S.C. 12592(a)*), the DNA analysis of a person included in the index on the basis of a qualifying military offense if the Secretary receives, for each conviction of the person of a qualifying offense, a certified copy of a final court order establishing that such conviction has been overturned.

(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term “qualifying offense” means any of the following offenses:

(A) A qualifying Federal offense, as determined under section 3 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2004 (*34 U.S.C. 40702*).

(B) A qualifying District of Columbia offense, as determined under section 4 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (*34 U.S.C. 40703*).

§ 1787 note (National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017, § 575(a))

SEC. 575. REPORTING ON ALLEGATIONS OF CHILD ABUSE IN MILITARY FAMILIES AND HOMES.

(a) REPORTS TO FAMILY ADVOCACY PROGRAM OFFICES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The following information shall be reported immediately to the Family Advocacy Program office at the military installation to which the member of the Armed Forces concerned is assigned:

* * * * *

(B) Information, learned by a member of the Armed Forces engaged in a profession or activity described in section 226(b) of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 [(42 U.S.C. 13031(b))] (34 U.S.C. 20341(b)) for members of the Armed Forces and their dependents, that gives reason to suspect that a child in the family or home of the member has suffered an incident of child abuse.

* * * * *

(3) CHILD ABUSE DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term “child abuse” has the meaning given that term in section 226(c) of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 [(42 U.S.C. 13031(c))] (34 U.S.C. 20341(c)).

§ 2696(f)(1)(C)

§ 2696. Real property: transfer between armed forces and screening requirements for other Federal use

* * * * *

(f) SCREENING AND CONVEYANCE OF PROPERTY FOR CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES PURPOSES.—(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), before any real property or facility of the United States that is under the jurisdiction of any department, agency, or instrumentality of the Department of Defense is determined to be excess to the needs of such department, agency, or instrumentality, the Secretary of Defense shall—

* * * * *

(C) if the Attorney General certifies to the Secretary of Defense that a determination has been made by the Director of the Bureau of Justice Assistance within the Department of Justice to utilize the real property or facility under the correctional options program carried out under section 515 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3762a)] (34 U.S.C. 10171), convey the real property or facility, without reimbursement, to a public agency referred to in paragraph (1) or (3) of subsection (a) of such section for such utilization.

TITLE 12—BANKS AND BANKING

§ 4741 note (Small Business Jobs Act of 2010, § 4107(c)(2))

SEC. 4107. OVERSIGHT AND AUDITS.

* * * * *

(c) REQUIRED CERTIFICATIONS.—

* * * * *

(2) LOAN RECIPIENTS.—With respect to funds received by an eligible institution under the Program, any business receiving a loan from the eligible institution using such funds after the date of the enactment of this Act shall certify to such eligible institution that the principals of such business have not been convicted of a sex offense against a minor (as such terms are defined in section 111 of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act [(42 U.S.C. 16911)] (34 U.S.C. 20911)).

§ 5710(b)(2) (State Small Business Credit Initiative Act of 2010, § 3011(b)(2))

SEC. 3011. OVERSIGHT AND AUDITS.

* * * * *

(b) REQUIRED CERTIFICATION.—

* * * * *

(2) SEX OFFENSE CERTIFICATION.—With respect to funds received by a participating State under the Program, any private entity that receives a loan, a loan guarantee, or other financial assistance using such funds after the date of the enactment of this Act shall certify to the participating State that the principals of such entity have not been convicted of a sex offense against a minor (as such terms are defined in section 111 of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act [(42 U.S.C. 16911)] (34 U.S.C. 20911)).

TITLE 18—CRIMES AND CRIMINAL PROCEDURE

§ 798(d)(4)

§ 798. Disclosure of classified information

* * * * *

(d)(1) * * *

(4) Notwithstanding section 524(c) of title 28, there shall be deposited in the Crime Victims Fund established under section 1402 of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 [(42 U.S.C. 10601)] (34 U.S.C. 20101) all amounts from the forfeiture of property under this subsection remaining after the payment of expenses for forfeiture and sale authorized by law.

§ 2250(b)(1)

§ 2250. Failure to register

* * * * *

(b) INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL REPORTING VIOLATIONS.—Whoever—
(1) is required to register under the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act [(42 U.S.C. 16901 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.);

§ 2258

§ 2258. Failure to report child abuse

A person who, while engaged in a professional capacity or activity described in subsection (b) of section 226 of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (34 U.S.C. 20341(b)) on Federal land or in a federally operated (or contracted) facility, learns of facts that give reason to suspect that a child has suffered an incident of child abuse, as defined in subsection (c) of that section, and fails to make a timely report as required by subsection (a) of that section, shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 1 year or both.

§ 3014(e)(1)(A), (C), (D), (h)(2)(A), (C), (3)

§ 3014. Additional special assessment

* * * * *

(e) USE OF FUNDS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—From amounts in the Fund, in addition to any other amounts available, and without further appropriation, the Attorney General, in coordination with the Secretary of Health and Human Services shall, for each of fiscal years 2016 through 2019, use amounts available in the Fund to award grants or enhance victims’ programming under—

(A) section 204 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2005 [(42 U.S.C. 14044c)] (34 U.S.C. 20705);

* * * * *

(C) section 214(b) of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 [(42 U.S.C. 13002(b))] (34 U.S.C. 20304(b)); and

(D) section 106 of the PROTECT Our Children Act of 2008 [(42 U.S.C. 17616)] (34 U.S.C. 21116).

* * * * *

(h) HEALTH OR MEDICAL SERVICES.—

* * * * *

(2) USE OF FUNDS.—The Attorney General, in coordination with the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall use amounts transferred to the Fund under paragraph (1) to award grants that may be used for the provision of health care or medical items or services to victims of trafficking under—

(A) sections 202, 203, and 204 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2005 [(42 U.S.C. 14044a, 14044b, and 14044c)] (34 U.S.C. 20702, 20703, 20705);

* * * * *

(C) section 214(b) of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 [(42 U.S.C. 13002(b))] (34 U.S.C. 20304(b)).

(3) GRANTS.—Of the amounts in the Fund used under paragraph (1), not less than \$2,000,000, if such amounts are available in the Fund during the relevant fiscal year, shall be used for grants to provide services for child pornography victims under section 214(b) of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 [(42 U.S.C. 13002(b))] (34 U.S.C. 20304(b)).

§ 3142(b), (c)(1)(A)

§ 3142. Release or detention of a defendant pending trial

* * * * *

(b) RELEASE ON PERSONAL RECOGNIZANCE OR UNSECURED APPEARANCE BOND.—The judicial officer shall order the pretrial release of the person on personal recognizance, or upon execution of an unsecured appearance bond in an amount specified by the court, subject to the condition that the person not commit a Federal, State, or local crime during the period of release and subject to the condition that the person cooperate in the collection of a DNA sample from the person if the collection of such a sample is authorized pursuant to section 3 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 [(42 U.S.C. 14135a)] (34 U.S.C. 40702), unless the judicial officer determines that such release will not reasonably assure the appearance of the person as required or will endanger the safety of any other person or the community.

(c) RELEASE ON CONDITIONS.—(1) If the judicial officer determines that the release described in subsection (b) of this section will not reasonably assure the appearance of the person as required or will endanger the safety of any other person or the community, such judicial officer shall order the pretrial release of the person—

(A) subject to the condition that the person not commit a Federal, State, or local crime during the period of release and subject to the condition that the person cooperate in the collection of a DNA sample from the person if the collection of such a sample is authorized pursuant to section 3 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 [(42 U.S.C. 14135a)] (34 U.S.C. 40702); and

§ 3486(a)(1)(D)(ii)

§ 3486. Administrative subpoenas

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—(1)(A) * * *

* * * * *

(D) As used in this paragraph—

* * * * *

(ii) the term “sex offender” means an individual required to register under the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act [(42 U.S.C. 16901 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.).

§ 3510(c)

§ 3510. Rights of victims to attend and observe trial

* * * * *

(c) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term “victim” includes all persons defined as victims in section 503(e)(2) of the Victims’ Rights and Restitution Act of 1990 (34 U.S.C. 20141(e)(2)).

§ 3563(a)(8), (9), (b)(23)

§ 3563. Conditions of probation

(a) MANDATORY CONDITIONS.—The court shall provide, as an explicit condition of a sentence probation—

- * * * * *
- (8) for a person required to register under the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (*34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.*), that the person comply with the requirements of that Act; and
- (9) that the defendant cooperate in the collection of a DNA sample from the defendant if the collection of such a sample is authorized pursuant to section 3 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (*34 U.S.C. 40702*).

* * * * *

(b) DISCRETIONARY CONDITIONS.—The court may provide, as further conditions of a sentence of probation, to the extent that such conditions are reasonably related to the factors set forth in section 3553(a)(1) and (a)(2) and to the extent that such conditions involve only such deprivations of liberty or property as are reasonably necessary for the purposes indicated in section 3553(a)(2), that the defendant—

- * * * * *
- (23) if required to register under the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (*34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.*), submit his person, and any property, house, residence, vehicle, papers, computer, other electronic communication or data storage devices or media, and effects to search at any time, with or without a warrant, by any law enforcement or probation officer with reasonable suspicion concerning a violation of a condition of probation or unlawful conduct by the person, and by any probation officer in the lawful discharge of the officer's supervision functions.

§ 3583(d)

§ 3583. Inclusion of a term of supervised release after imprisonment

* * * * *

(d) CONDITIONS OF SUPERVISED RELEASE.—The court shall order, as an explicit condition of supervised release, that the defendant not commit another Federal, State, or local crime during the term of supervision, that the defendant make restitution in accordance with sections 3663 and 3663A, or any other statute authorizing a sentence of restitution, and that the defendant not unlawfully possess a controlled substance. The court shall order as an explicit condition of supervised release for a defendant convicted for the first time of a domestic violence crime as defined in section 3561(b) that the defendant attend a public, private, or private nonprofit offender rehabilitation program that has been approved by the court, in consultation with a State Coalition Against Domestic Violence or other appropriate experts, if an approved program is readily available within a 50-mile radius of the legal residence of the defendant. The court shall order, as an explicit condition of supervised release for a person required to register under the Sex Offender Registra-

tion and Notification Act (34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.), that the person comply with the requirements of that Act. The court shall order, as an explicit condition of supervised release, that the defendant cooperate in the collection of a DNA sample from the defendant, if the collection of such a sample is authorized pursuant to section 3 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (34 U.S.C. 40702). * * *

§ 3771(a)(10)

§ 3771. Crime victims' rights

(a) RIGHTS OF CRIME VICTIMS.—A crime victim has the following rights:

* * * * *

(10) The right to be informed of the rights under this section and the services described in section 503(c) of the Victims' Rights and Restitution Act of 1990 [(42 U.S.C. 10607(c))] (34 U.S.C. 20141(c)) and provided contact information for the Office of the Victims' Rights Ombudsman of the Department of Justice.

§ 3772(d)

§ 3772. Sexual assault survivors' rights

* * * * *

(d) FUNDING.—This section, other than paragraphs (2)(A) and (3)(B) of subsection (a), shall be carried out using funds made available under section 1402(d)(3)(A)(i) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 [(42 U.S.C. 10601(d)(3)(A)(i))] (34 U.S.C. 20101(d)(3)(A)(i)). No additional funds are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section.

§ 4042(c)(2)

§ 4042. Duties of Bureau of Prisons

* * * * *

(c) NOTICE OF SEX OFFENDER RELEASE.—(1) * * *

(2) Notice provided under paragraph (1) shall include the information described in subsection (b)(2), the place where the person will reside, and the information that the person shall register as required by the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.). * * *

§ 4048(g)(2)(A)

§ 4048. Fees for health care services for prisoners

* * * * *

(g) USE OF AMOUNTS.—

* * * * *

(2) ALLOCATION OF OTHER AMOUNTS.—Of amounts collected by the Director under this section from prisoners not subject to an order of restitution issued pursuant to section 3663 or 3663A—

(A) 75 percent shall be deposited in the Crime Victims Fund established under section 1402 of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 [(42 U.S.C. 10601)] (34 U.S.C. 20101); and

TITLE 20—EDUCATION

§ 1087vv(d)(1)(H)(ii) (Higher Education Act of 1965, § 480(d)(1)(H)(ii))

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 480. As used in this part:

* * * * *

(d) INDEPENDENT STUDENT.—

(1) DEFINITION.—The term “independent”, when used with respect to a student, means any individual who—

* * * * *

(H) has been verified during the school year in which the application is submitted as either an unaccompanied youth who is a homeless child or youth (as such terms are defined in section 725 of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act), or as unaccompanied, at risk of homelessness, and self-supporting, by—

* * * * *

(ii) the director of a program funded under the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act (34 U.S.C. 11201 et seq.) or a designee of the director;

§ 1092(f)(6)(A)(i), (7) (Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, § 485(f)(6)(A)(i), (7))

INSTITUTIONAL AND FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE INFORMATION FOR STUDENTS

SEC. 485. (a) * * *

(f) DISCLOSURE OF CAMPUS SECURITY POLICY AND CAMPUS CRIME STATISTICS.—(1) * * *

(6)(A) In this subsection:

(i) The terms “dating violence”, “domestic violence”, and “stalking” have the meaning given such terms in section 40002(a) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 13925(a))] (34 U.S.C. 12291(a)).

* * * * *

(7) The statistics described in clauses (i) and (ii) of paragraph (1)(F) shall be compiled in accordance with the definitions used in the uniform crime reporting system of the Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the modifications in such definitions as implemented pursuant to the Hate Crime Statistics Act (34 U.S.C. 41305, 41305 note). For the offenses of domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, such statistics shall be compiled in accordance with the definitions used in section 40002 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 13925(a))] (34

U.S.C. 12291(a)). Such statistics shall not identify victims of crimes or persons accused of crimes.

§ 5964(a)(9) (Safe Schools Act of 1994, § 704(a)(9))

SEC. 704. APPLICATIONS AND PLANS.

(a) APPLICATION.—In order to receive a grant under this title, an eligible local educational agency shall submit to the Secretary an application that includes—

- * * * * *
- (9) a description of how the grantee will coordinate the grantee’s school crime and violence prevention efforts with education, law enforcement, judicial, health, and social service programs supported under the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (*34 U.S.C. 11101 et seq.*), and other appropriate agencies and organizations serving the community, and other appropriate agencies and organizations serving the community;

§ 6434(c)(19) (Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, § 1414(c)(19))

SEC. 1414. STATE PLAN AND STATE AGENCY APPLICATIONS.

* * * * *

(c) STATE AGENCY APPLICATIONS.—Any State agency that desires to receive funds to carry out a program under this subpart shall submit an application to the State educational agency that—

- * * * * *
- (19) provides an assurance that the program under this subpart will be coordinated with any programs operated under the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 [(42 U.S.C. 5601)] (*34 U.S.C. 11101 et seq.*) or other comparable programs, if applicable;

§ 6453(10) (Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, § 1423(10))

SEC. 1423. LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY APPLICATIONS.

Each local educational agency desiring assistance under this subpart shall submit an application to the State educational agency that contains such information as the State educational agency may require. Each such application shall include—

- * * * * *
- (10) a description of how the program will be coordinated with programs operated under the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (*34 U.S.C. 11101 et seq.*) and other comparable programs, if applicable;

§ 6455(10) (Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, § 1425(10))

SEC. 1425. PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS FOR CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES RECEIVING FUNDS UNDER THIS SECTION.

Each correctional facility entering into an agreement with a local educational agency under section 1423(2) to provide services to children and youth under this subpart shall—

- * * * * *
- (10) coordinate programs operated under this subpart with activities funded under the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (*34 U.S.C. 11101 et seq.*) and other comparable programs, if applicable; and

TITLE 22—FOREIGN RELATIONS AND INTERCOURSE

§ 212b(a), (b)(2), (c)(1)(A), (f) (William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008, § 240(a), (b)(2), (c)(1)(A), (f))

SEC. 240. UNIQUE PASSPORT IDENTIFIERS FOR COVERED SEX OFFENDERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Immediately after receiving a written determination from the Angel Watch Center that an individual is a covered sex offender, through the process developed for that purpose under section 9 of the International Megan’s Law to Prevent Child Exploitation and Other Sexual Crimes Through Advanced Notification of Traveling Sex Offenders (*34 U.S.C. 21507*), the Secretary of State shall take appropriate action under subsection (b).

(b) AUTHORITY TO USE UNIQUE PASSPORT IDENTIFIERS.—

- * * * * *
- (2) AUTHORITY TO REISSUE.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the Secretary of State may reissue a passport that does not include a unique identifier if an individual described in subsection (a) reapplies for a passport and the Angel Watch Center provides a written determination, through the process developed for that purpose under section 9 of the International Megan’s Law to Prevent Child Exploitation and Other Sexual Crimes Through Advanced Notification of Traveling Sex Offenders (*34 U.S.C. 21507*), to the Secretary of State that the individual is no longer required to register as a covered sex offender.

(c) DEFINED TERMS.—In this section—

- (1) the term “covered sex offender” means an individual who—
 - (A) is a sex offender, as defined in section 4(f) of the International Megan’s Law to Prevent Child Exploitation and Other Sexual Crimes Through Advanced Notification of Traveling Sex Offenders (*34 U.S.C. 21503(f)*); and

- * * * * *
- (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect upon certification by the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Attorney General, that the process developed and re-

ported to the appropriate congressional committees under section 9 of the International Megan’s Law to Prevent Child Exploitation and Other Sexual Crimes Through Advanced Notification of Traveling Sex Offenders (34 U.S.C. 21507) has been successfully implemented.

§ 7103(d)(7)(L), (R) (Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, § 105(d)(7)(L), (R))

SEC. 105. INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE TO MONITOR AND COMBAT TRAFFICKING.

* * * * *

(d) ACTIVITIES OF THE TASK FORCE.—The Task Force shall carry out the following activities:

* * * * *

(7) Not later than May 1, 2004, and annually thereafter, the Attorney General shall submit to the Committee on Ways and Means, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance, the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, a report on Federal agencies that are implementing any provision of this division, or any amendment made by this division, which shall include, at a minimum, information on—

* * * * *

(L) the amount, recipient, and purpose of each grant under [sections 202 and 204 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2005] *sections 202 and 204 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2005 (34 U.S.C. 20702, 20705)*;

* * * * *

(R) the activities undertaken by the Department of Justice and the Department of Health and Human Services to meet the specific needs of minor victims of domestic trafficking, including actions taken pursuant to subsection (f) and section 202(a) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2005 [(42 U.S.C. 14044(a))] (34 U.S.C. 20702(a)), and the steps taken to increase cooperation among Federal agencies to ensure the effective and efficient use of programs for which the victims are eligible.

TITLE 25—INDIANS

§ 2433(b)(1) (Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act of 1986, § 4213(b)(1))

SEC. 4213. EMERGENCY SHELTERS.

* * * * *

(b) REFERRALS.—

(1) In any case where an Indian youth is arrested or detained by the Bureau of Indian Affairs or tribal law enforcement personnel for an offense relating to alcohol or substance abuse, other than for a status offense as defined by the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (34 U.S.C.

11101 et seq.), under circumstances where such youth may not be immediately restored to the custody of his parents or guardians and where there is space available in an appropriately licensed and supervised emergency shelter or half-way house, such youth shall be referred to such facility in lieu of incarceration in a secured facility unless such youth is deemed a danger to himself or to other persons.

§ 2453(a)(2) (Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act of 1986, § 4220(a)(2))

SEC. 4220. JUVENILE DETENTION CENTERS.

(a) PLAN.—

* * * * *

(2) CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION.—The Secretary shall ensure that the construction and operation of the centers is consistent with the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (*34 U.S.C. 11101 et seq.*).

§ 2454 (Indian Alcohol and Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act of 1986, § 4221)

SEC. 4221. MODEL INDIAN JUVENILE CODE.

The Secretary of the Interior, either directly or by contract, shall provide for the development of a Model Indian Juvenile Code which shall be consistent with the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (*34 U.S.C. 11101 et seq.*) and which shall include provisions relating to the disposition of cases involving Indian youth arrested or detained by Bureau of Indian Affairs or tribal law enforcement personnel for alcohol or drug related offenses. The development of such model code shall be accomplished in cooperation with Indian organizations having an expertise or knowledge in the field of law enforcement and judicial procedure and in consultation with Indian tribes. Upon completion of the Model Code, the Secretary shall make copies available to each Indian tribe.

§ 2802(c)(14) (Indian Law Enforcement Reform Act, § 3(c)(14))

INDIAN LAW ENFORCEMENT RESPONSIBILITIES

SEC. 3. (a) * * *

* * * * *

(c) Subject to the provisions of this Act and other applicable Federal or tribal laws, the responsibilities of the Division of Law Enforcement Services in Indian country shall include—

* * * * *

(14) in coordination with the Attorney General pursuant to subsection (g) of section 302 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3732)] (*34 U.S.C. 10132(g)*), collecting, analyzing, and reporting data regarding Indian country crimes on an annual basis;

TITLE 26—INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

§ 101(h)(1), (2)(B) (Internal Revenue Code of 1986, § 101(h)(1), (2)(B))

SEC. 101. CERTAIN DEATH BENEFITS.

* * * * *

(h) SURVIVOR BENEFITS ATTRIBUTABLE TO SERVICE BY A PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER WHO IS KILLED IN THE LINE OF DUTY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Gross income shall not include any amount paid as a survivor annuity on account of the death of a public safety officer (as such term is defined in section 1204 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (*34 U.S.C. 10284*), as in effect immediately before the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013) killed in the line of duty—

* * * * *

(2) EXCEPTIONS.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to the death of any public safety officer if, as determined in accordance with the provisions of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968—

* * * * *

(B) the officer was voluntarily intoxicated (as defined in section 1204 of such Act (*34 U.S.C. 10284*)) at the time of death;

§ 104(a)(6)(A) (Internal Revenue Code of 1986, § 104(a)(6)(A))

SEC. 104. COMPENSATION FOR INJURIES OR SICKNESS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except in the case of amounts attributable to (and not in excess of) deductions allowed under section 213 (relating to medical, etc., expenses) for any prior taxable year, gross income does not include—

* * * * *

(6) amounts received pursuant to—

(A) section 1201 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796)] (*34 U.S.C. 10281*);
or

§ 402(l)(4)(C) (Internal Revenue Code of 1986, § 402(l)(4)(C))

SEC. 402. TAXABILITY OF BENEFICIARY OF EMPLOYEES' TRUST.

* * * * *

(l) DISTRIBUTIONS FROM GOVERNMENTAL PLANS FOR HEALTH AND LONG-TERM CARE INSURANCE.—

* * * * *

(4) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this subsection—

* * * * *

(C) PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER.—The term “public safety officer” shall have the same meaning given such term by section 1204(9)(A) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796b(9)(A))] (*34 U.S.C. 10284(9)(A)*), as in effect immediately before the enactment

of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013.

§ 6103(i)(1)(C)(iv) (Internal Revenue Code of 1986, § 6103(i)(1)(C)(iv))

SEC. 6103. CONFIDENTIALITY AND DISCLOSURE OF RETURNS AND RETURN INFORMATION.

* * * * *

(i) DISCLOSURE TO FEDERAL OFFICERS OR EMPLOYEES FOR ADMINISTRATION OF FEDERAL LAWS NOT RELATING TO TAX ADMINISTRATION.—

(1) DISCLOSURE OF RETURNS AND RETURN INFORMATION FOR USE IN CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS.—

* * * * *

(C) DISCLOSURE TO STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES IN THE CASE OF MATTERS PERTAINING TO A MISSING OR EXPLOITED CHILD.—

* * * * *

(iv) EXPLOITED CHILD.—For purposes of this subparagraph, the term “exploited child” means a minor with respect to whom there is reason to believe that a specified offense against a minor (as defined by section 111(7) of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act [(42 U.S.C. 16911(7))] (34 U.S.C. 20911(7))) has or is occurring.

TITLE 28—JUDICIARY AND JUDICIAL PROCEDURE

§ 524 note (Section 110(1) of H.R. 2076, 104th Congress, as passed by the House of Representatives on Dec. 6, 1995, and enacted into law by section 101(a) of Public Law 104–91)

Sec. 110. Hereafter, notwithstanding any other provision of law—

(1) No transfers may be made from Department of Justice accounts other than those authorized in this Act, or in previous or subsequent appropriations Acts for the Department of Justice, or in part II of title 28 of the United States Code, or in [section 10601 of title 42 of the United States Code] *section 1402 of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (34 U.S.C. 20101)*; and

§ 1605A(e)(2)

§ 1605A. Terrorism exception to the jurisdictional immunity of a foreign state

* * * * *

(e) SPECIAL MASTERS.—

* * * * *

(2) TRANSFER OF FUNDS.—The Attorney General shall transfer, from funds available for the program under section 1404C of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 [(42 U.S.C. 10603c)] (34 U.S.C. 20106), to the Administrator of the United States dis-

strict court in which any case is pending which has been brought or maintained under this section such funds as may be required to cover the costs of special masters appointed under paragraph (1). Any amount paid in compensation to any such special master shall constitute an item of court costs.

§ 1863(b)(5)(B)

§ 1863. Plan for random jury selection

* * * * *

(b) Among other things, such plan shall—

* * * * *

(5)(A) * * *

(B) specify that volunteer safety personnel, upon individual request, shall be excused from jury service. For purposes of this subparagraph, the term “volunteer safety personnel” means individuals serving a public agency (as defined in [section 1203(6) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968] *section 1204(8) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10284(8))*) in an official capacity, without compensation, as fire-fighters or members of a rescue squad or ambulance crew.

TITLE 29—LABOR

§ 3102(24)(G), (36)(A)(iii) (Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, § 3(24)(G), (36)(A)(iii))

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act, and the core program provisions that are not in this Act, except as otherwise expressly provided:

* * * * *

(24) INDIVIDUAL WITH A BARRIER TO EMPLOYMENT.—The term “individual with a barrier to employment” means a member of 1 or more of the following populations:

* * * * *

(G) Homeless individuals (as defined in section 41403(6) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14043e–2(6))] *(34 U.S.C. 12473(6))*), or homeless children and youths (as defined in section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(2))).

* * * * *

(36) LOW-INCOME INDIVIDUAL.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term “low-income individual” means an individual who—

* * * * *

(iii) is a homeless individual (as defined in section 41403(6) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14043e–2(6))] *(34 U.S.C. 12473(6))*), or a homeless child or youth (as defined under section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(2)));

§ 3113(a)(2)(K) (Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, § 103(a)(2)(K))

SEC. 103. COMBINED STATE PLAN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

* * * * *
(2) PROGRAMS.—The programs and activities referred to in paragraph (1) are as follows:

* * * * *
(K) Programs authorized under section 212 of the Second Chance Act of 2007 [(42 U.S.C. 17532)] (34 U.S.C. 60532).

§ 3151(b)(1)(B)(xii) (Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, § 121(b)(1)(B)(xii))

SEC. 121. ESTABLISHMENT OF ONE-STOP DELIVERY SYSTEMS.

* * * * *
(b) ONE-STOP PARTNERS.—
(1) REQUIRED PARTNERS.—

* * * * *
(B) PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES.—The programs and activities referred to in subparagraph (A) consist of—

* * * * *
(xii) programs authorized under section 212 of the Second Chance Act of 2007 [(42 U.S.C. 17532)] (34 U.S.C. 60532); and

§ 3164(a)(1)(B)(iii)(V), (C)(iv)(IV) (Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, § 129(a)(1) (B)(iii)(V), (C)(iv)(IV))

SEC. 129. USE OF FUNDS FOR YOUTH WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES.

(a) YOUTH PARTICIPANT ELIGIBILITY.—
(1) ELIGIBILITY.—

* * * * *
(B) OUT-OF-SCHOOL YOUTH.—In this title, the term “out-of-school youth” means an individual who is—

* * * * *
(iii) one or more of the following:

* * * * *
(V) A homeless individual (as defined in section 41403(6) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14043e–2(6))] (34 U.S.C. 12473(6))), a homeless child or youth (as defined in section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(2))), a runaway, in foster care or has aged out of the foster care system, a child eligible for assistance under section 477 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 677), or in an out-of-home placement.

* * * * *

(C) IN-SCHOOL YOUTH.—In this section, the term “in-school youth” means an individual who is—

* * * * *
(iv) one or more of the following:

* * * * *

(IV) A homeless individual (as defined in section 41403(6) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14043e–2(6))] (34 U.S.C. 12473(6))), a homeless child or youth (as defined in section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(2))), a runaway, in foster care or has aged out of the foster care system, a child eligible for assistance under section 477 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 677), or in an out-of-home placement.

§ 3194(a)(3)(C) (Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, § 144(a)(3)(C))

SEC. 144. INDIVIDUALS ELIGIBLE FOR THE JOB CORPS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible to become an enrollee, an individual shall be—

* * * * *
(3) an individual who is one or more of the following:

* * * * *

(C) A homeless individual (as defined in section 41403(6) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14043e–2(6))] (34 U.S.C. 12473(6))), a homeless child or youth (as defined in section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(2))), a runaway, an individual in foster care, or an individual who was in foster care and has aged out of the foster care system.

§ 3226(b)(4) (Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, § 171(b)(4))

SEC. 171. YOUTHBUILD PROGRAM.

* * * * *
(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

* * * * *

(4) HOMELESS INDIVIDUAL.—The term “homeless individual” means a homeless individual (as defined in section 41403(6) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14043e–2(6))] (34 U.S.C. 12473(6))) or a homeless child or youth (as defined in section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(2))).

TITLE 31—MONEY AND FINANCE

§ 1113 note (Federal Reporting Act of 2000, § 1102(36))

SEC. 1102. PRESERVATION OF CERTAIN REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

Section 3003(a)(1) of the Federal Reports Elimination and Sunset Act of 1995 (31 U.S.C. 113 note) shall not apply to any report required to be submitted under any of the following provisions of law:

* * * * *

(36) Section 2546 of the Comprehensive Thrift and Bank Fraud Prosecution and Taxpayer Recovery Act of 1990 [(28 U.S.C. 522 note)] (34 U.S.C. 41306).

§ 1113 note (Public Law 106–197, § 1(4), (6))

SECTION 1. EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN REPORTS FROM AUTOMATIC ELIMINATION AND SUNSET.

Section 3003(a)(1) of the Federal Reports Elimination and Sunset Act of 1995 (31 U.S.C. 1113 note) does not apply to any report required to be submitted under any of the following provisions of law:

* * * * *

(4) Section 9 of the Child Protection Act of 1984 [(28 U.S.C. 522 note)] (34 U.S.C. 41301).

* * * * *

(6) The following provisions of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968: [sections 102(b) (42 U.S.C. 3712(b)), 520 (42 U.S.C. 3766), 522 (42 U.S.C. 3766b), and 810 (42 U.S.C. 3789e)] sections 102(b) (34 U.S.C. 10102(b)), 520 (34 U.S.C. 10201), 522 (34 U.S.C. 10203), and 810 (34 U.S.C. 10229).

TITLE 33—NAVIGATION AND NAVIGABLE WATERS

§ 894f (National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017, § 3549)

SEC. 3549. SEXUAL ASSAULT DEFINED.

In this subtitle, the term “sexual assault” shall have the meaning given such term in section 40002(a) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 13925(a))] (34 U.S.C. 12291(a)).

TITLE 34—CRIME CONTROL AND LAW ENFORCEMENT

§ 10109 note (Department of Justice Appropriations Authorization Act of 2005, § 1158(b))

SEC. 1158. OFFICE OF AUDIT, ASSESSMENT, AND MANAGEMENT.

* * * * *

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), section 109 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act

of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3712d)] (34 U.S.C. 10109) shall take effect on April 5, 2006.

(2) CERTAIN PROVISIONS.—Subsections (c), (d), and (e) of section 109 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3712d)] (34 U.S.C. 10109(c)–(e)) shall take effect on October 1, 2006.

§ 10110 (Department of Justice Appropriations Act, 1999, § 112)

SEC. 112. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during any fiscal year the Attorney General—

(1) may make grants, or enter into cooperative agreements and contracts, for the Office of Justice Programs and the component organizations of that Office (including, notwithstanding any contrary provision of law (unless the same should expressly refer to this section), any organization that administers any program established in [title 1 of Public Law 90–351] *title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968* (34 U.S.C. 10101 *et seq.*)); and

(2) shall have final authority over all functions, including any grants, cooperative agreements, and contracts made, or entered into, for the Office of Justice Programs and the component organizations of that Office (including, notwithstanding any contrary provision of law (unless the same should expressly refer to this section), any organization that administers any program established in [title 1 of Public Law 90–351] *title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968*).

§ 10110 note (Department of Justice Appropriations Act, 2000, § 108(a))

SEC. 108. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for fiscal year 2000, the Assistant Attorney General for the Office of Justice Programs of the Department of Justice—

(1) may make grants, or enter into cooperative agreements and contracts, for the Office of Justice Programs and the component organizations of that Office (including, notwithstanding any contrary provision of law (unless the same should expressly refer to this section), any organization that administers any program established in [title 1 of Public Law 90–351] *title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968* (34 U.S.C. 10101 *et seq.*)); and

(2) shall have final authority over all functions, including any grants, cooperative agreements and contracts made, or entered into, for the Office of Justice Programs and the component organizations of that Office (including, notwithstanding any contrary provision of law (unless the same should expressly refer to this section), any organization that administers any program established in [title 1 of Public Law 90–351] *title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968*), except for grants made under the provisions of sections 201, 202, 301, and 302 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10121, 10122, 10131, 10132), as amended; and [sections 204(b)(3),] *section 204(b)(3)* (34 U.S.C. 11114(b)(3)) and *sections 241(e)(1), 243(a)(1), 243(a)(14) and*

287A(3) of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as amended.

§ 10132(c)(22) (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 302(c)(22))

ESTABLISHMENT, DUTIES, AND FUNCTIONS

SEC. 302. (a) * * *

(c) The Bureau is authorized to—

* * * * *

(22) ensure conformance with security and privacy requirement of section 812 (34 U.S.C. 10231) and identify, analyze, and participate in the development and implementation of privacy, security and information policies which impact on Federal, tribal, and State criminal justice operations and related statistical activities; and

§ 10141 note (Department of Justice Appropriations Act, 2000, § 108(b))

SEC. 108. (a) * * *

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, effective August 1, 2000, all functions of the Director of the Bureau of Justice Assistance, other than those enumerated in [the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act, as amended, 42 U.S.C. 3742(3) through (6)] *the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, as amended (34 U.S.C. 10142(3)–(6))*, are transferred to the Assistant Attorney General for the Office of Justice Programs.

§ 10153 (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 502(A))

SEC. 502. APPLICATIONS.

[(A)] (a) IN GENERAL.—To request a grant under this subpart, the chief executive officer of a State or unit of local government shall submit an application to the Attorney General within 90 days after the date on which funds to carry out this subpart are appropriated for a fiscal year, in such form as the Attorney General may require. Such application shall include the following:

§ 10153 note (Effective Administration of Criminal Justice Act of 2016, § 14(c))

SEC. 14. EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

* * * * *

(c) APPLICABILITY.—The requirement to submit a strategic plan under [section 501(a)(6) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968] *section 502(a)(6) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10153(a)(6))*, as added by subsection (b), shall apply to any application submitted under [such section 501] *such section 502* for a grant for any fiscal year beginning after the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.

§ 10201(a)(2), (b)(2) (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 520(a)(2), (b)(2))

EVALUATION

SEC. 520. (a) To increase the efficiency and effectiveness of programs funded under this part, the National Institute of Justice shall—

* * * * *

(2) conduct a reasonable number of comprehensive evaluations of programs funded under [section 505 (formula grants) and section 515 (discretionary grants)] *section 505 (34 U.S.C. 10156) (formula grants) and section 515 (34 U.S.C. 10171) (discretionary grants)* of this part.

(b) In selecting programs for review, the Director of the National Institute of Justice should consider—

* * * * *

(2) the cost of the program to be evaluated and the number of similar programs funded under [section 505 (formula grants)] *section 505 (34 U.S.C. 10156) (formula grants)*;

§ 10251 note (Dale Long Public Safety Officers' Benefits Improvements Act of 2012, § 1086(d)(2))

SEC. 1086. PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICERS' BENEFITS PROGRAM.

* * * * *

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—

* * * * *

(2) EXCEPTIONS.—

(A) RESCUE SQUADS AND AMBULANCE CREWS.—For a member of a rescue squad or ambulance crew (as defined in section 1204(7) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10284(7)), as amended by this section), the amendments made to section 1204 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796b)] (34 U.S.C. 10284) by this Act shall apply to injuries sustained on or after June 1, 2009.

(B) HEART ATTACKS, STROKES, AND VASCULAR RUPTURES.—Section 1201(k) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10281(k)), as amended by this section, shall apply to heart attacks, strokes, and vascular ruptures sustained on or after December 15, 2003.

§ 10261 (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 1001(a)(5))

AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 1001. (a)(1) * * *

(5) There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year 1992 and \$1,000,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 1994 and 1995 to carry out the programs under parts D and E [(other than chapter B of subpart 2)] (other than chapter B of subpart 2 of part E) of this title.

§ 10261 note (Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005, § 4)

SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE OF SPECIFIC SECTIONS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act or any other law, sections 101, 102 (except the amendment to section 2101(d) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (*34 U.S.C. 10461(d)*) included in that section), 103, 121, 203, 204, 205, 304, 306, 602, 906, and 907 of this Act shall not take effect until the beginning of fiscal year 2007.

§ 10281 note (Public Law 102–520, § 2)

SEC. 2. RETROACTIVE APPLICATION.

The amendments made by section 1 of this Act shall apply with respect to injuries occurring on or after November 29, 1990, using the calculation method used to determine benefits under section 1201(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (*34 U.S.C. 10281(a)*).

§ 10282 note (Public Safety Officers' Benefits Improvement Act of 2017, § 6(2))

SEC. 6. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICABILITY.

The amendments made by this Act shall—

* * * * *

(2) apply to any benefit claim or application under part L of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796 et seq.)] (*34 U.S.C. 10281 et seq.*) that is—

§ 10284 note (Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000, § 305(b))

SEC. 305. PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN FEDERAL AND STATE EMPLOYEES.

* * * * *

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) applies only to employees described in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of section 1204(7) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (*34 U.S.C. 10284(7)(B), (C)*) (as amended by subsection (a)) who are injured or who die in the line of duty on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

§ 10286 (Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001, § 611)

SEC. 611. EXPEDITED PAYMENT FOR PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICERS INVOLVED IN THE PREVENTION, INVESTIGATION, RESCUE, OR RECOVERY EFFORTS RELATED TO A TERRORIST ATTACK.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the limitations of subsection (b) of section 1201 or the provisions of subsections (c), (d), and (e) of such section or section 1202 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796, 3796a)] (*34 U.S.C. 10281, 10282*), upon certification (containing identification of all eligible payees of benefits pursuant to section 1201 of such Act) by a public agency that a public safety officer employed by such agency or an entity described in section 1204(7)(B) of the Om-

nibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796b(7)(B))] (34 U.S.C. 10284(7)(B)) was killed or suffered a catastrophic injury producing permanent and total disability as a direct and proximate result of a personal injury sustained in the line of duty as described in section 1201 of such Act in connection with prevention, investigation, rescue, or recovery efforts related to a terrorist attack, the Director of the Bureau of Justice Assistance shall authorize payment to qualified beneficiaries, said payment to be made not later than 30 days after receipt of such certification, benefits described under [subpart 1 of part L of such Act (42 U.S.C. 3796 et seq.)] *subpart 1 of part L of title I of such Act (34 U.S.C. 10281 et seq.)*.

(b) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section, the terms “catastrophic injury”, “public agency”, and “public safety officer” have the same meanings given such terms in section 1204 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796b)] (34 U.S.C. 10284).

§ 10287 (Department of Justice Appropriations Act, 2008, 1st and 2nd provisos under heading “PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICERS BENEFITS”)

PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICERS BENEFITS

* * * *Provided*, That hereafter, funds available to conduct appeals under section 1205(c) of the 1968 Act (34 U.S.C. 10285(c)), which includes all claims processing, shall be available also for the same under subpart 2 of such part L (34 U.S.C. 10301 et seq.) and under any statute authorizing payment of benefits described under subpart 1 thereof (34 U.S.C. 10281 et seq.), and for appeals from final determinations of the Bureau (under such part or any such statute) to the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit, which shall have exclusive jurisdiction thereof, and for expenses of representation of hearing examiners (who shall be presumed irrebuttably to enjoy quasi-judicial immunity in the discharge of their duties under such part or any such statute) in connection with litigation against them arising from such discharge; *Provided further*, That, on and after the date of enactment of the Dale Long Public Safety Officers’ Benefits Improvements Act of 2012, as to each such statute—

(1) the provisions of section 1001(a)(4) of such title I [(42 U.S.C. 3793(a)(4))] (34 U.S.C. 10261(a)(4)) shall apply;

(2) payment (consistent with section 611 of the Uniting and Strengthening America By Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001 [(42 U.S.C. 3796c–1)] (34 U.S.C. 10286)) shall be made only upon a determination by the Bureau that the facts legally warrant the payments; and

(3) any reference to section 1202 of such title I (34 U.S.C. 10282) shall be deemed to be a reference to paragraphs (2) and (3) of such section 1202; * * *

§ 10381 note (Tribal Law and Order Act of 2010, § 247(b), (d)(2))

SEC. 247. IMPROVING PUBLIC SAFETY PRESENCE IN RURAL ALASKA.

* * * * *

(b) COPS GRANTS.—The State and any Indian tribe or tribal organization in the State that employs a village public safety officer shall be eligible to apply for a grant under section 1701 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796dd)] (34 U.S.C. 10381) (provided that only an Indian tribe or tribal organization may receive a grant under the tribal resources grant program under subsection (j) of that section) on an equal basis with other eligible applicants for funding under that section.

* * * * *

(d) TRAINING FOR VILLAGE PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICERS AND TRIBAL LAW ENFORCEMENT POSITIONS FUNDED UNDER COPS PROGRAM.—

* * * * *

(2) FUNDING.—Funding received pursuant to grants approved under section 1701 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796dd)] (34 U.S.C. 10381) may be used for training of officers at programs described in paragraph (1) or at a police academy in the State certified by the Alaska Police Standards Council.

§ 10441(d)(2)(A)(i) (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 2001(d)(2)(A)(i))

SEC. 2001. PURPOSE OF THE PROGRAM AND GRANTS.

* * * * *

(d) TRIBAL COALITION GRANTS.—

* * * * *

(2) GRANTS.—The Attorney General shall award grants on an annual basis under paragraph (1) to—

(A) each tribal coalition that—

(i) meets the criteria of a tribal coalition under section 40002(a) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 13925(a))] (34 U.S.C. 12291(a));

§ 10442(c)(2) (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 2002(c)(2))

SEC. 2002. ESTABLISHMENT OF VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN OFFICE.

* * * * *

(c) JURISDICTION.—

* * * * *

(2) shall be solely responsible for coordination with other departments, agencies, or offices of all activities authorized or undertaken under the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(title VI of Public 103–322)] (title IV of Public Law 103–322) and the Violence Against Women Act of 2000 (Division B of Public Law 106–386).

§ 10446(c)(3), (e)(1)(B), (f) (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 2007(c)(3), (e)(1)(B), (f))

SEC. 2007. STATE GRANTS.

* * * * *

(c) QUALIFICATION.—Upon satisfying the terms of subsection (d), any State shall be qualified for funds provided under this part upon certification that—

* * * * *

(3) grantees shall coordinate the State implementation plan described in paragraph (2) with the State plans described in section 307 of the Family Violence Prevention and Services Act (42 U.S.C. 10407) and the programs described in section 1404 of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 [(42 U.S.C. 10603)] (34 U.S.C. 20103) and section 393A of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 280b-1b).

* * * * *

(e) DISBURSEMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the receipt of an application under this part, the Attorney General shall—

* * * * *

(B) inform the applicant why the application does not conform to the terms of [section 513] section 517 (34 U.S.C. 10181) or to the requirements of this section.

* * * * *

(f) FEDERAL SHARE.—The Federal share of a grant made under this subtitle may not exceed 75 percent of the total costs of the projects described in the application submitted, except that, for purposes of this subsection, the costs of the projects for victim services or tribes for which there is an exemption under section 40002(b)(1) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 13925(b)(1))] (34 U.S.C. 12291(b)(1)) shall not count toward the total costs of the projects.

§ 10447 (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 2008)

SEC. 2008. DEFINITIONS AND GRANT CONDITIONS.

In this part the definitions and grant conditions in section 40002 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12291) shall apply.

§ 10453(b)(1)(E) (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 2016(b)(1)(E))

SEC. 2016. TRIBAL DEPUTY.

* * * * *

(b) DUTIES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Deputy Director shall under the guidance and authority of the Director of the Office on Violence Against Women—

* * * * *

(E) represent the Office on Violence Against Women in the annual consultations under section 903 of the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 (34 U.S.C. 20126);

§ 10461(f) (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 2101(f))

SEC. 2101. GRANTS.

* * * * *

(f) ALLOCATION FOR TRIBAL COALITIONS.—Of the amounts appropriated for purposes of this part for each fiscal year, not less than 5 percent shall be available for grants under section 2001 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg)] (34 U.S.C. 10441).

§ 10462(a)(1)(B) (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 2102(a)(1)(B))

SEC. 2102. APPLICATIONS.

(a) APPLICATION.—An eligible grantee shall submit an application to the Attorney General that—

(1) contains a certification by the chief executive officer of the State, Indian tribal government, court, or local government entity that the conditions of section 2101(c) are met or will be met within the later of—

* * * * *

(B) 2 years of the date of enactment of this part or, in the case of the condition set forth in [subsection 2101(c)(4)] *section 2101(c)(1)(D)* (34 U.S.C. 10461(c)(1)(D)), the expiration of the 2-year period beginning on [the date the of the enactment of the Violence Against Women Act of 2000] *the date of the enactment of the Violence Against Women Act of 2000*;

§ 10465 (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 2105)

SEC. 2105. DEFINITIONS AND GRANT CONDITIONS.

In this part the definitions and grant conditions in section 40002 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12291) shall apply.

§ 10513(1), (3) (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 2403(1), (3))

SEC. 2403. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.

No grant may be made under this part unless an application has been submitted to the Attorney General in which the applicant certifies that—

(1) DNA analyses performed at the laboratory will satisfy or exceed then current standards for a quality assurance program for DNA analysis issued by the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation under section 210303 of the DNA Identification Act of [1994.] *1994* (34 U.S.C. 12591);

* * * * *

(3) the laboratory and each analyst performing DNA analyses at the laboratory shall undergo semiannual external proficiency testing by a DNA proficiency testing program that meets the standards issued under section 210303 of the DNA Identification Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12591).

§ 10533 note (Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant Act of 2000, § 3(e))

SEC. 3. MATCHING GRANT PROGRAM FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT ARMOR VESTS.

* * * * *

(e) INTERIM DEFINITION OF ARMOR VEST.—For purposes of part Y of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10531 et seq.), as amended by this Act, the meaning of the term “armor vest” (as defined in section 2503 of such Act [(42 U.S.C. 3796ll–2)] (34 U.S.C. 10533)) shall, until the date on which a final NIJ Standard 0115.00 is first fully approved and implemented, also include body armor which has been found to meet or exceed the requirements for protection against stabbing established by the State in which the grantee is located.

§ 10541(i) (Justice System Improvement Act of 1979, § 2601(i))

CONTINUATION OF RULES, AUTHORITIES, AND PROCEEDINGS

SEC. 2601. (a)(1) * * *

* * * * *

(i) Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, all provisions of this title, as in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Justice System Improvement Act of 1979, which are necessary to carry out the provisions of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (34 U.S.C. 11101 et seq.), remain in effect for the sole purpose of carrying out the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, and the State criminal justice council established under this title shall serve as the State planning agency for the purposes of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974.

§ 10593(a)(2) (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 2923(a)(2))

SEC. 2923. PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—A program for which a grant is made under section 2921(1) shall comply with the following requirements:

* * * * *

(2) The program shall ensure appropriate coordination and consultation with the Single State Authority for Substance Abuse of the State (as that term is defined in section 201(e) of the Second Chance Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C. 60521(e))).

§ 10612 note (Second Chance Act of 2007: Community Safety Through Recidivism Prevention, § 103(c))

SEC. 103. DEFINITION OF VIOLENT OFFENDER FOR DRUG COURT GRANT PROGRAM.

* * * * *

(c) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall revise any regulations or guidelines described in section 2952 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3797u–1)] (34 U.S.C. 10612) in accordance with the amendments made by subsection (a).

Such regulations shall specify that grant amounts under part EE of such Act (34 U.S.C. 10611 et seq.) shall be reduced for any drug court that does not adopt the definition of “violent offender” under such part, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, within 3 years after such date of enactment.

§ 10613 note (Second Chance Act of 2007: Community Safety Through Recidivism Prevention, § 103(b))

SEC. 103. DEFINITION OF VIOLENT OFFENDER FOR DRUG COURT GRANT PROGRAM.

* * * * *

(b) PERIOD FOR COMPLIANCE.—Notwithstanding section 2952(2) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3797u-1(2))] (34 U.S.C. 10612(2)), each grantee under part EE of such Act (34 U.S.C. 10611 et seq.) shall have not more than 3 years from the date of the enactment of this Act to adopt the definition of “violent offender” under such part, as amended by subsection (a) of this section.

§ 10631(j)(2)(A) (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 2976(j)(2)(A))

SEC. 2976. ADULT AND JUVENILE OFFENDER STATE AND LOCAL RE-ENTRY DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.

* * * * *

(j) STRATEGIC PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES.—

* * * * *

(2) PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES.—The performance outcomes identified under paragraph (1) shall include, with respect to offenders released back into the community—

(A) reduction in recidivism rates, which shall be reported in accordance with the measure selected by the Director of the Bureau of Justice Statistics under [section 234(c)(2) of the Second Chance Act of 2007] *section 231(d)(3)(B) of the Second Chance Act of 2007 (34 U.S.C. 60541(d)(3)(B))*;

§ 10651(a)(9)(A)(iv)(I) (Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, § 2991(a)(9)(A)(iv)(I))

SEC. 2991. ADULT AND JUVENILE COLLABORATION PROGRAMS.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the following definitions shall apply:

* * * * *

(9) PRELIMINARY QUALIFIED OFFENDER.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term “preliminarily qualified offender” means an adult or juvenile accused of an offense who—

* * * * *

(iv) has not been charged with or convicted of—

(I) any sex offense (as defined in section 111 of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act [(42 U.S.C. 16911)] (34 U.S.C. 20911)) or any offense relating to the sexual exploitation of children; or

§ 10663(a) (Combat Methamphetamine Epidemic Act of 2005, § 755(a))

SEC. 755. GRANTS FOR PROGRAMS FOR DRUG ENDANGERED CHILDREN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General shall make grants to States, territories, and Indian tribes (as defined in section 2704 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3797d)] (34 U.S.C. 10554)) for the purpose of carrying out programs to provide comprehensive services to aid children who are living in a home in which methamphetamine or other controlled substances are unlawfully manufactured, distributed, dispensed, or used.

§ 10664(b)(C) (Combat Methamphetamine Epidemic Act of 2005, § 756(b)(C))

SEC. 756. AUTHORITY TO AWARD COMPETITIVE GRANTS TO ADDRESS METHAMPHETAMINE USE BY PREGNANT AND PARENTING WOMEN OFFENDERS.

* * * * *

(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the following definitions shall apply:

* * * * *

[(C)] (3) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term “Indian tribe” has the meaning given the term in section 2704 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3797d)] (34 U.S.C. 10554).

§ 10707(1), (4) (Comprehensive Addiction and Recovery Act of 2016, § 701(b)(1), (4))

SEC. 701. GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY AND EVALUATIONS.

* * * * *

(b) EVALUATION OF PERFORMANCE OF DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS.—

(1) EVALUATION OF JUSTICE DEPARTMENT COMPREHENSIVE OPIOID ABUSE GRANT PROGRAM.—Not later than 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall complete an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Grant Program under part LL of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10701 et seq.), as added by section 201, administered by the Department of Justice based upon the information reported under paragraph (4).

* * * * *

(4) METRICS AND DATA COLLECTION.—The Attorney General shall require grantees under the Comprehensive Opioid Abuse Grant Program (and those receiving subawards under section 3021(b) of part LL of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10701(b)), as added by section 201) to collect and annually report to the Department of Justice data based upon the metrics identified under paragraph (3).

§ 11101 note (Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, § 7296(b)(3))

SEC. 7296. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS.

* * * * *

(b) APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS.—(1) * * *

* * * * *

(3) Notwithstanding the 180-day period provided in—

(A) section 207 of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 [(42 U.S.C. 5611 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 11117), as added by section 7255;

(B) section 361 of the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act [(42 U.S.C. 5701 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 11273), as redesignated by section 7273(e)(2) and amended by section 7274; and

(C) [section 404(a)(5) of the Missing Children’s Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5773(a)(5))] section 404(a)(6) of the Missing Children’s Assistance Act (34 U.S.C. 11293(a)(6)), as amended by section 7285(a)(3);

§ 11103(4) (Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, § 103(4))

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 103. For purposes of this Act—

* * * * *

(4)(A) the term “Bureau of Justice Assistance” means the bureau established by section 401 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10141);

(B) the term “Office of Justice Programs” means the office established by section 101 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10101);

(C) the term “National Institute of Justice” means the institute established by section 202(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10122(a)); and

(D) the term “Bureau of Justice Statistics” means the bureau established by section 302(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10132(a));

§ 11133(d) (Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, § 223(d))

* * * * *

(d) In the event that any State chooses not to submit a plan, fails to submit a plan, or submits a plan or any modification thereof, which the Administrator, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing, in accordance with [sections 802, 803] sections 802 (34 U.S.C. 10222), 803 (34 U.S.C. 10223), and 804 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, determines does not meet the requirements of this section, the Administrator shall endeavor to make that State’s allocation under the provisions of section 222(a), excluding funds the Administrator shall make available to satisfy the requirement specified in section 222(d), available to local public and private nonprofit agencies within such State for use in carrying out activities of the kinds de-

scribed in paragraphs (11), (12), (13), and (22) of subsection (a). The Administrator shall make funds which remain available after disbursements are made by the Administrator under the preceding sentence, and any other unobligated funds, available on an equitable basis to those States that have achieved full compliance with the requirements under paragraphs (11), (12), (13), and (22) of subsection (a).

§ 11133 note (Public Law 102-586, § 2(f)(3)(b))

SEC. 2. JUVENILE JUSTICE AND DELINQUENCY PREVENTION.

* * * * *

(f) FEDERAL ASSISTANCE FOR STATE AND LOCAL PROGRAMS.—

* * * * *

(3) STATE PLANS.—* * *

* * * * *

(B) Notwithstanding the amendment made by subparagraph (A)(ii), section 223(c)(3) of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 [(42 U.S.C. 5633(c)(3))] (34 U.S.C. 11133(c)(3)), as in effect on the day prior to the date of enactment of this Act, shall remain in effect to the extent that it provides the Administrator authority to grant a waiver with respect to a fiscal year prior to a fiscal year beginning before January 1, 1993.

§ 11182(b), (c) (Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, § 299A(b), (c))

ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY

SEC. 299A. (a) * * *

(b) Sections 809(c), 811(a), 811(b), 811(c), 812(a), 812(b), and 812(d) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10228(c), 10230(a), 10230(b), 10230(c), 10231(a), 10231(b), 10231(d)), as so designated by the operation of the amendments made by the Justice Assistance Act of 1984, shall apply with respect to the administration of and compliance with this Act, except that for purposes of this Act—

* * * * *

(c) Sections 801(a), 801(c), and 806 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10221(a), 10221(c), 10225), as so designated by the operation of the amendments made by the Justice Assistance Act of 1984, shall apply with respect to the administration of and compliance with this Act, except that for purposes of this Act—

§ 11311 note (Public Law 102-586, § 5(b))

SEC. 5. INCENTIVE GRANTS FOR LOCAL DELINQUENCY PREVENTION PROGRAMS.

* * * * *

(b) GAO STUDIES AND REPORTS.—Under such conditions as the Comptroller General of the United States determines appropriate, the General Accounting Office may conduct studies and report to Congress on the effects of the program established by subsection (a) in encouraging States and units of general local government to

comply with the requirements of part B of title II of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 [(42 U.S.C. 5631–5633)] (34 U.S.C. 11131–11133).

§ 12102(a)(4) (Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, § 20102(a)(4))

SEC. 20102. AUTHORIZATION OF GRANTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

* * * * *

(4) to carry out any activity referred to in section 2976(b) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3797w(b))] (34 U.S.C. 10631(b)).

§ 12103 note (Department of Justice Appropriations Act, 1997, 5th proviso in 1st paragraph under heading “VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION PROGRAMS, STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE”)

VIOLENT CRIME REDUCTION PROGRAMS, STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE

* * * *Provided further*, That beginning in fiscal year 1999, and thereafter, no funds shall be available to make grants to a State pursuant to section 20103 or section 20104 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12103, 12104) unless no later than September 1, 1998, such State has implemented a program of controlled substance testing and intervention for appropriate categories of convicted offenders during periods of incarceration and criminal justice supervision, with sanctions including denial or revocation of release for positive controlled substance tests, consistent with guidelines issued by the Attorney General;

§ 12105(e) (Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, § 20105(e))

SEC. 20105. SPECIAL RULES.

* * * * *

(e) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this subtitle, “part 1 violent crime” means a part 1 violent crime as defined in [section 20101(3)] section 20101(2) (34 U.S.C. 12101(2)), or a crime in a reasonably comparable class of serious violent crimes as approved by the Attorney General.

§ 12107(b) (Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, § 20107(b))

SEC. 20107. ACCOUNTABILITY.

* * * * *

(b) ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.—The administrative provisions of sections 801 and 802 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10221, 10222) shall apply to the Attorney General under this subtitle in the same manner that such provisions apply to the officials listed in such sections.

§ 12113(e)(1) (Aimee’s Law, § 2001(e)(1))

SEC. 2001. AIMEE’S LAW.

* * * * *

(e) SOURCE OF FUNDS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to regulations promulgated by the Attorney General hereunder, any amount under subsection (c) shall be derived by reducing the amount of Federal law enforcement assistance funds received by the State pursuant to section 505 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10156) that convicted such individual of the prior offense before the distribution of the funds to the State. No amount described under this section shall be subject to section 3335(b) or 6503(d) of title 31, United States Code

§ 12222(4) (Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, § 31702(4))

SEC. 31702. USE OF FUNDS.

Grants made by the Attorney General under this section shall be used—

* * * * *

(4) in rural States (as defined in section 1501(b) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796bb(B))] (34 U.S.C. 10351(b))), to fund cooperative efforts between State and local prosecutors, victim advocacy and assistance groups, social and community service providers, and law enforcement agencies to investigate and prosecute child abuse cases, treat youthful victims of child abuse, and work in cooperation with the community to develop education and prevention strategies directed toward the issues with which such entities are concerned; and

§ 12291(b)(12), (13)(C) (Violence Against Women Act of 1994, § 40002(b)(12), (13)(C))

SEC. 40002. DEFINITIONS AND GRANT PROVISIONS.

* * * * *

(b) GRANT CONDITIONS.—

* * * * *

(12) DELIVERY OF LEGAL ASSISTANCE.—Any grantee providing legal assistance with funds awarded under this title shall comply with the eligibility requirements in section 1201(d) of the Violence Against Women Act of 2000 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg–6(d))] (34 U.S.C. 20121(d)).

(13) CIVIL RIGHTS.—

* * * * *

(C) DISCRIMINATION.—The authority of the Attorney General and the Office of Justice Programs to enforce this paragraph shall be the same as it is under [section 3789d of title 42, United States Code] section 809 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10228).

§ 12341(d)(1)(A), (e)(2) (Safe Homes for Women Act of 1994, § 40295(d)(1)(A), (e)(2))

SEC. 40295. RURAL DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, STALKING, AND CHILD ABUSE ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE.

* * * * *

(d) ALLOTMENTS AND PRIORITIES.—

(1) ALLOTMENT FOR INDIAN TRIBES.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not less than 10 percent of the total amount available under this section for each fiscal year shall be available for grants under the program authorized by section 2015 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg–10)] (34 U.S.C. 10452).

* * * * *

(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

* * * * *

(2) ADDITIONAL FUNDING.—In addition to funds received through a grant under subsection (b), a law enforcement agency may use funds received through a grant under part Q of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796dd et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 10381 et seq.) to accomplish the objectives of this section.

§ 12351(g)(3)(C)(i)(I) (Safe Homes for Women Act of 1994, § 40299(g)(3)(C)(i)(I))

SEC. 40299. TRANSITIONAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE GRANTS FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR STALKING.

* * * * *

(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

* * * * *

(3) MINIMUM AMOUNT.—

* * * * *

(C) UNDERSERVED POPULATIONS.—

(i) INDIAN TRIBES.—

(I) IN GENERAL.—Not less than 10 percent of the total amount available under this section for each fiscal year shall be available for grants under the program authorized by section 2015 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg–10)] (34 U.S.C. 10452).

§ 12372(10) (Equal Justice for Women in the Courts Act of 1994, § 40412(10))

SEC. 40412. TRAINING PROVIDED BY GRANTS.

Training provided pursuant to grants made under this subtitle may include current information, existing studies, or current data on—

* * * * *

(10) the nature and incidence of domestic violence and dating violence (as defined in [section 2003 of title I of the Omnibus

Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3996gg-2)] *section 2008 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968*;

§ 12409 note (Department of Justice Appropriations Act, 1998, § 115(b)(2))

SEC. 115. (a) * * *

(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS AND REPORT RELATING TO STALKING LAWS.—

* * * * *

(2) REPORT.—The Attorney General shall include in an annual report under section 40610 of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14039)] (34 U.S.C. 12409) information concerning existing or proposed State laws and penalties for stalking crimes against children.

§ 12431(d) (Violence Against Women Act of 1994, § 40901(d))

SEC. 40901. TASK FORCE.

* * * * *

(d) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the term “domestic violence” has the meaning given such term by [section 2003 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796gg-2(1))] *section 2008 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968*.

§ 12451(g)(2) (Violence Against Women Act of 1994, § 41201(g)(2))

SEC. 41201. CREATING HOPE THROUGH OUTREACH, OPTIONS, SERVICES, AND EDUCATION FOR CHILDREN AND YOUTH (“CHOOSE CHILDREN & YOUTH”).

* * * * *

(g) ALLOTMENT.—

* * * * *

(2) INDIAN TRIBES.—Not less than 10 percent of the total amount appropriated under this section for each fiscal year shall be made available for grants under the program authorized by section 2015 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10452). The requirements of this section shall not apply to funds allocated under this paragraph.

§ 12464(f)(1) (Violence Against Women Act of 2000, § 1301(f)(1))

SEC. 1301. GRANTS TO SUPPORT FAMILIES IN THE JUSTICE SYSTEM.

* * * * *

(f) ALLOTMENT FOR INDIAN TRIBES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not less than 10 percent of the total amount available under this section for each fiscal year shall be available for grants under the program authorized by [section 3796gg-10 of this title] *section 2015 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10452)*.

§ 12552 (Police Corps Act, § 200103)

SEC. 200103. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle—

* * * * *

“participant” means a participant in the Police Corps program selected pursuant to **section 200106** *section 200107*.

§ 12557(c) (Police Corps Act, § 200108(c))

SEC. 200108. POLICE CORPS TRAINING.

* * * * *

(c) FURTHER TRAINING.—The Police Corps training authorized in this section is intended to serve as basic law enforcement training but not to exclude further training of participants by the State and local authorities to which they will be assigned. Each State plan approved by the Director under **section 10** *section 200110* shall include assurances that following completion of a participant’s course of education each participant shall receive appropriate additional training by the State or local authority to which the participant is assigned. The time spent by a participant in such additional training, but not the time spent in Police Corps training, shall be counted toward fulfillment of the participant’s 4-year service obligation.

§ 12573(b)(1) (Law Enforcement Scholarships and Recruitment Act, § 200204(b)(1))

SEC. 200204. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.

* * * * *

(b) PAYMENTS; FEDERAL SHARE; NON FEDERAL SHARE.—

(1) PAYMENTS.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Director shall pay to each State that receives an allotment under section 200203 the Federal share of the cost of the activities described in the application submitted **pursuant to section 200203** pursuant to section 200207.

§ 12591(c)(3) (DNA Identification Act of 1994, § 210303(c)(3))

SEC. 210303. QUALITY ASSURANCE AND PROFICIENCY TESTING STANDARDS.

* * * * *

(c) PROFICIENCY TESTING PROGRAM.—(1) * * *

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Attorney General shall make available to the Director of the National Institute of Justice during the first fiscal year in which funds are distributed under this subtitle up to \$250,000 from the funds available under **part X of Title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968** *part X of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10511 et seq.)* to carry out this subsection.

**§ 12592(d)(1)(A)(i), (B)(i), (ii) (DNA Identification Act of 1994,
§ 210304(d)(1)(A)(i), (B)(i), (ii))**

**SEC. 210304. INDEX TO FACILITATE LAW ENFORCEMENT EXCHANGE
OF DNA IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION.**

* * * * *

(d) EXPUNGEMENT OF RECORDS.—

(1) BY DIRECTOR.—(A) The Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall promptly expunge from the index described in subsection (a) the DNA analysis of a person included in the index—

(i) on the basis of conviction for a qualifying Federal offense or a qualifying District of Columbia offense (as determined under sections 3 and 4 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 [(42 U.S.C. 14135a, 14135b)] (34 U.S.C. 40702, 40703), respectively), if the Director receives, for each conviction of the person of a qualifying offense, a certified copy of a final court order establishing that such conviction has been overturned; or

* * * * *

(B) For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term “qualifying offense” means any of the following offenses:

(i) A qualifying Federal offense, as determined under section 3 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (34 U.S.C. 40702).

(ii) A qualifying District of Columbia offense, as determined under section 4 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (34 U.S.C. 40703).

§ 12643 (Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994, § 320919)

SEC. 320919. EDWARD BYRNE MEMORIAL FORMULA GRANT PROGRAM.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to prohibit or exclude the expenditure of appropriations to grant recipients that would have been or are eligible to receive grants under [subpart 1 of part E of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968] *subpart 1 of part E of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968* (34 U.S.C. 10151 *et seq.*).

§ 20101 note (Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, § 7129)

SEC. 7129. TRANSITION RULE.

The amendments made by this [chapter] *subtitle* shall not apply with respect to a State compensation program that was an eligible State crime victim compensation program on the date of the enactment of this Act until October 1, 1991.

§ 20101 note (Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001, § 621(e)(2))

SEC. 621. CRIME VICTIMS FUND.

* * * * *

(e) VICTIMS OF SEPTEMBER 11, 2001.—Amounts transferred to the Crime Victims Fund for use in responding to the airplane hijackings and terrorist acts (including any related search, rescue, relief,

assistance, or other similar activities) that occurred on September 11, 2001, shall not be subject to any limitation on obligations from amounts deposited to or available in the Fund, notwithstanding—

* * * * *

(2) subsections (c) and (d) of section 1402 of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 [(42 U.S.C. 10601)] (34 U.S.C. 20101).

§ 20101 note (Commerce, Justice, Science, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2017, § 510)

SEC. 510.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, amounts deposited or available in the Fund established by section 1402 of chapter XIV of title II of Public Law 98–473 [(42 U.S.C. 10601)] (34 U.S.C. 20101) in any fiscal year in excess of \$2,573,000,000 shall not be available for obligation until the following fiscal year: * * *

§ 20101 note (Child Abuse Prevention and Enforcement Act, § 104(b))

SEC. 104. CONDITIONAL ADJUSTMENT IN SET ASIDE FOR CHILD ABUSE VICTIMS UNDER THE VICTIMS OF CRIME ACT OF 1984.

* * * * *

(b) INTERACTION WITH ANY CAP.—Subsection (a) shall be implemented so that any increase in funding provided thereby shall operate notwithstanding any dollar limitation on the availability of the Crime Victims Fund established under the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (34 U.S.C. 20101 et seq.).

§ 20101 note (Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, § 7130)

SEC. 7130. RETROACTIVE TRANSFER TO FUND.

An amount equivalent to those sums which would have been placed in the Fund under section 1402(b) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (34 U.S.C. 20101(b)), but for the effect of section 1402(c)(2) of such Act, is hereby transferred to the Fund from any sums not appropriated from the general treasury.

§ 20102 note (Justice for Victims of Terrorism Act of 1996, § 234(a)(2))

SEC. 234. CRIME VICTIMS FUND.

(a) PROHIBITION OF PAYMENTS TO DELINQUENT CRIMINAL DEBTORS BY STATE CRIME VICTIM COMPENSATION PROGRAMS.—

* * * * *

(2) APPLICATION OF AMENDMENT.—Section 1403(b)(8) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (34 U.S.C. 20102(b)(8)), as added by paragraph (1) of this section, shall not be applied to deny victims compensation to any person until the date on which the Attorney General, in consultation with the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts, issues a written determination that a cost-effective, readily available criminal debt payment tracking system operated by the agency responsible for the collection of criminal debt has established cost-effective, readily available communications links with entities that administer Federal victim compensation programs

that are sufficient to ensure that victim compensation is not denied to any person except as authorized by law.

§ 20105 note (Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000, § 2003(a)(3))

SEC. 2003. AID FOR VICTIMS OF TERRORISM.

(a) MEETING THE NEEDS OF VICTIMS OF TERRORISM OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—

* * * * *

(3) ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall establish guidelines under section 1407(a) of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 [(42 U.S.C. 10604(a))] (34 U.S.C. 20110(a)) to specify the categories of organizations and agencies to which the Director may make grants under this subsection.

§ 20121(b), (f)(2)(B)(i) (Violence Against Women Act of 2000, § 1201(b), (f)(2)(B)(i))

SEC. 1201. LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR VICTIMS.

* * * * *

(b) DEFINITIONS AND GRANT CONDITIONS.—In this section, the definitions and grant conditions provided in section 40002 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12291) shall apply.

* * * * *

(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

* * * * *

(2) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.—

* * * * *

(B) TRIBAL GOVERNING PROGRAM.—

(i) Not less than 7 percent of the total amount available under this section for each fiscal year shall be available for grants under the program authorized by section 2015 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg–10)] (34 U.S.C. 10452).

§ 20123(a)(2), (h) (Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005, § 120(a)(2), (h))

SEC. 120. GRANTS FOR OUTREACH AND SERVICES TO UNDERSERVED POPULATIONS.

(a) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—

* * * * *

(2) PROGRAMS COVERED.—The programs covered by paragraph (1) are the programs carried out under the following provisions:

(A) Section 2001 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10441) (Grants to Combat Violent Crimes Against Women).

(B) Section 2101 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10461) (Grants to Encour-

age Arrest Policies and Enforcement of Protection Orders Program).

* * * * *

(h) DEFINITIONS AND GRANT CONDITIONS.—In this section the definitions and grant conditions in section 40002 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 13925)] (34 U.S.C. 12291) shall apply.

§ 20124(a)(2), (h) (Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005, § 121(a)(2), (h))

SEC. 121. ENHANCING CULTURALLY SPECIFIC SERVICES FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, AND STALKING.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—

* * * * *

(2) PROGRAM COVERED.—The programs covered by paragraph (1) are the programs carried out under the following provisions:

(A) Section 2101 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10461) (Grants to Encourage Arrest Policies and Enforcement of Protection Orders).

(B) [Section 14201 of division B of the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 3796gg-6)] *Section 1201 of division B of the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (34 U.S.C. 20121)* (Legal Assistance for Victims).

(C) Section 40295 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 13971)] (34 U.S.C. 12341) (Rural Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, Stalking, and Child Abuse Enforcement Assistance).

(D) Section 40802 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14041a) (Enhanced Training and Services to End Violence Against Women Later in Life)] (*Enhanced Training and Services to End Violence Against and Abuse of Women Later in Life*).

(E) Section 1402 of division B of the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg-7)] (34 U.S.C. 20122) (Education, Training, and Enhanced Services to End Violence Against and Abuse of Women with Disabilities).

* * * * *

(h) DEFINITIONS AND GRANT CONDITIONS.—In this section the definitions and grant conditions in section 40002 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12291) shall apply.

§ 20125(g) (Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005, § 304(g))

SEC. 304. GRANTS TO COMBAT VIOLENT CRIMES ON CAMPUSES.

* * * * *

(g) DEFINITIONS AND GRANT CONDITIONS.—In this section the definitions and grant conditions in section 40002 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12291) shall apply.

§ 20324 note (Violence Against Women Act of 2000, § 1302(d)(1))

SEC. 1302. REAUTHORIZATION OF VICTIMS OF CHILD ABUSE PROGRAMS.

* * * * *

(d) DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION.—The Attorney General shall—

(1) annually compile and disseminate information (including through electronic publication) about the use of amounts expended and the projects funded under [section 218(a) of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 13014(a))] *section 219(a) of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 (34 U.S.C. 20324(a))*, section 224(a) of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 [(42 U.S.C. 13024(a))] *(34 U.S.C. 20334(a))*, and [section 1007(a)(7) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3793(a)(7))] *section 1001(a)(7) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10261(a)(7))*, including any evaluations of the projects and information to enable replication and adoption of the strategies identified in the projects; and

§ 20703(k)(2) (Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2005, § 203(k)(2))

SEC. 203. VICTIM-CENTERED CHILD HUMAN TRAFFICKING DETERRENCE BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM.

* * * * *

(k) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

* * * * *

(2) the term “child advocacy center” means a center created under subtitle A of the Victims of Child Abuse Act of 1990 [(42 U.S.C. 13001 et seq.)] *(34 U.S.C. 20301 et seq.)*;

§ 20704(a) (Justice for Victims of Trafficking Act of 2015, § 117(a))

SEC. 117. GRANT ACCOUNTABILITY.

(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “covered grant” means a grant awarded by the Attorney General under section 203 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2005 [(42 U.S.C. 14044b)] *(34 U.S.C. 20703)*, as amended by section 103.

§ 20916(a), (b), (c), (e)(3) (Keeping the Internet Devoid of Sexual Predators Act of 2008, § 2(a), (b), (c), (e)(3))

SEC. 2. DIRECTION TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.

(a) REQUIREMENT THAT SEX OFFENDERS PROVIDE CERTAIN INTERNET RELATED INFORMATION TO SEX OFFENDER REGISTRIES.—The Attorney General, using the authority provided in section 114(a)(7) of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act *(34 U.S.C. 20914(a)(7))*, shall require that each sex offender provide to the sex offender registry those Internet identifiers the sex offender uses or will use of any type that the Attorney General determines to be appropriate under that Act *(34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.)*. These records of Internet identifiers shall be subject to the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C.

552a) to the same extent as the other records in the National Sex Offender Registry.

(b) **TIMELINESS OF REPORTING OF INFORMATION.**—The Attorney General, using the authority provided in section 112(b) of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (34 U.S.C. 20912(b)), shall specify the time and manner for keeping current information required to be provided under this section.

(c) **NONDISCLOSURE TO GENERAL PUBLIC.**—The Attorney General, using the authority provided in section 118(b)(4) of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (34 U.S.C. 20920(b)(4)), shall exempt from disclosure all information provided by a sex offender under subsection (a).

* * * * *

(e) **DEFINITIONS.**—

* * * * *

(3) **OTHER TERMS.**—A term defined for the purposes of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.) has the same meaning in this Act.

§ 20927(a) (Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act, § 125(a))

SEC. 125. FAILURE OF JURISDICTION TO COMPLY.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—For any fiscal year after the end of the period for implementation, a jurisdiction that fails, as determined by the Attorney General, to substantially implement this title shall not receive 10 percent of the funds that would otherwise be allocated for that fiscal year to the jurisdiction under subpart 1 of part E of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3750 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 10151 et seq.).

§ 20942(b)(1)(A) (Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act, § 143(b)(1)(A))

SEC. 143. PROJECT SAFE CHILDHOOD.

* * * * *

(b) **INITIAL IMPLEMENTATION.**—Except as authorized under subsection (c), funds authorized under this section may only be used for the following 5 purposes:

(1) Integrated Federal, State, and local efforts to investigate and prosecute child exploitation cases, including—

(A) the partnership by each United States Attorney with each Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force that is a part of the Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force Program authorized and funded under title IV of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 [(42 U.S.C. 5771 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 11291 et seq.) (referred to in this section as the “ICAC Task Force Program”) that exists within the district of such attorney;

§ 20985(a)(5) (Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006, § 628(a)(5))

SEC. 628. GRANTS FOR RAPE, ABUSE & INCEST NATIONAL NETWORK.

(a) **FINDINGS.**—Congress finds as follows:

* * * * *

(5) The Federal Government, through the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (34 U.S.C. 20101 et seq.), Violence Against Women Act of 1994, and other laws, has long played a role in providing services to sexual assault victims and in seeking policies to increase the number of rapists brought to justice.

§ 20991(4) (Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006, § 635(4))

SEC. 635. ANNUAL REPORT ON ENFORCEMENT OF REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS.

Not later than July 1 of each year, the Attorney General shall submit a report to Congress describing—

* * * * *

(4) a detailed description of Justice Department efforts to ensure compliance and any funding reductions, the basis for any decision to reduce funding or not to reduce funding under section 125 (34 U.S.C. 20927); and

§ 21112(a)(2) (Providing Resources, Officers, and Technology To Eradicate Cyber Threats to Our Children Act of 2008, § 102(a)(2))

SEC. 102. ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL ICAC TASK FORCE PROGRAM.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—

* * * * *

(2) INTENT OF CONGRESS.—It is the purpose and intent of Congress that the ICAC Task Force Program established under paragraph (1) is intended to continue the ICAC Task Force Program authorized under title I of the Departments of Commerce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1998, and funded under title IV of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (34 U.S.C. 11291 et seq.).

§ 21301(1) (Rape Survivor Child Custody Act, § 402(1))

SEC. 402. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) COVERED FORMULA GRANT.—The term “covered formula grant” means a grant under—

(A) part T of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 10441 et seq.) (commonly referred to as the “STOP Violence Against Women Formula Grant Program”); or

(B) section 41601 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14043g)] (34 U.S.C. 12511) (commonly referred to as the “Sexual Assault Services Program”).

§ 21502(2), (6)(H), (8), (9), (10) (International Megan’s Law to Prevent Child Exploitation and Other Sexual Crimes Through Advanced Notification of Traveling Sex Offenders, § 3(2), (6)(H), (8), (9), (10))

SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

* * * * *

(2) CONVICTED.—The term “convicted” has the meaning given the term in section 111 of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16911)] (34 U.S.C. 20911).

* * * * *

(6) JURISDICTION.—The term “jurisdiction” means—

* * * * *

(H) to the extent provided in, and subject to the requirements of, section 127 of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16927)] (34 U.S.C. 20929), a Federally recognized Indian tribe.

* * * * *

(8) NATIONAL SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY.—The term “National Sex Offender Registry” means the National Sex Offender Registry established by section 119 of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16919)] (34 U.S.C. 20921).

(9) SEX OFFENDER UNDER SORNA.—The term “sex offender under SORNA” has the meaning given the term “sex offender” in section 111 of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16911)] (34 U.S.C. 20911).

(10) SEX OFFENSE AGAINST A MINOR.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term “sex offense against a minor” means a specified offense against a minor, as defined in section 111 of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16911)] (34 U.S.C. 20911).

(B) OTHER OFFENSES.—The term “sex offense against a minor” includes a sex offense described in section 111(5)(A) of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16911(5)(A))] (34 U.S.C. 20911(5)(A)) that is a specified offense against a minor, as defined in paragraph (7) of such section, or an attempt or conspiracy to commit such an offense.

(C) FOREIGN CONVICTIONS; OFFENSES INVOLVING CONSENSUAL SEXUAL CONDUCT.—The limitations contained in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of section 111(5) of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16911(5))] (34 U.S.C. 20911(5)(B), (C)) shall apply with respect to a sex offense against a minor for purposes of this Act to the same extent and in the same manner as such limitations apply with respect to a sex offense for purposes of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006.

§ 21503(e)(1)(C) (International Megan’s Law to Prevent Child Exploitation and Other Sexual Crimes Through Advanced Notification of Traveling Sex Offenders, § 4(e)(1)(C))

SEC. 4. ANGEL WATCH CENTER.

* * * * *

(e) ACTIVITIES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this section, the Center shall, using all relevant databases, systems and sources of in-

formation, not later than 48 hours before scheduled departure, or as soon as practicable before scheduled departure—

* * * * *

(C) provide a list of individuals identified under subparagraph (B) to the United States Marshals Service’s National Sex Offender Targeting Center to determine compliance with title I of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16901 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.).

* * * * *

§ 21504(c)(2) (International Megan’s Law to Prevent Child Exploitation and Other Sexual Crimes Through Advanced Notification of Traveling Sex Offenders, § 5(c)(2))

SEC. 5. NOTIFICATION BY THE UNITED STATES MARSHALS SERVICE.

* * * * *

(c) INFORMATION REQUIRED.—For purposes of carrying out this Act, the United States Marshals Service’s National Sex Offender Targeting Center shall—

* * * * *

(2) provide the Angel Watch Center a determination of compliance with title I of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16901 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.) for the list of individuals transmitted under section 4(e)(1)(C);

§ 21506 (International Megan’s Law to Prevent Child Exploitation and Other Sexual Crimes Through Advanced Notification of Traveling Sex Offenders, § 7)

SEC. 7. RECIPROCAL NOTIFICATIONS.

It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Attorney General and the Secretary of Homeland Security, should seek reciprocal international agreements or arrangements to further the purposes of this Act and the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act [(42 U.S.C. 16901 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.). * * *

§ 21731(a) (Elder Abuse Prevention and Prosecution Act, § 302(a))

SEC. 302. REPORT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the collection of statistical data under section 202(a)(1) begins and once each year thereafter, the Director of the Office for Victims of Crime shall submit a report to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives that addresses, to the extent data are available, the nature, extent, and amount of funding under the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 [(42 U.S.C. 10601 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 20101 et seq.) for victims of crime who are elders.

§ 30103(b)(2)(C) (Prioritizing Resources and Organization for Intellectual Property Act of 2008, § 401(b)(2)(C))

SEC. 401. LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT GRANTS.

* * * * *

(b) GRANTS.—The Office of Justice Programs of the Department of Justice may make grants to eligible State or local law enforcement entities, including law enforcement agencies of municipal governments and public educational institutions, for training, prevention, enforcement, and prosecution of intellectual property theft and infringement crimes (in this subsection referred to as “IP–TIC grants”), in accordance with the following:

* * * * *

(2) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive an IP–TIC grant, a State or local government entity shall provide to the Attorney General, in addition to the information regularly required to be provided under the Financial Guide issued by the Office of Justice Programs and any other information required of Department of Justice’s grantees—

* * * * *

(C) a plan for coordinating the programs funded under this section with other federally funded technical assistance and training programs, including directly funded local programs such as the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program authorized by subpart 1 of part E of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3750 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 10151 et seq.).

§ 30303(a)(7) (Prison Rape Elimination Act of 2003, § 4(a)(7))

SEC. 4. NATIONAL PRISON RAPE STATISTICS, DATA, AND RESEARCH.

(a) ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE STATISTICAL REVIEW.—

* * * * *

(7) REPORTING ON CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT.—Nothing in section 304 or 812 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3735, 3789g)] (34 U.S.C. 10134, 10231) or any other provision of law, including paragraph (5), shall prevent the Bureau (including its agents), in carrying out the review and analysis under paragraph (1), from reporting to the designated public officials such information (and only such information) regarding child abuse or child neglect with respect to which the statutes or regulations of a State (or a political subdivision thereof) require prompt reporting.

§ 40102 note (Prosecutorial Remedies and Other Tools to end the Exploitation of Children Today Act of 2003, § 108(a)(3)(B)(i)(IV), (G)(i), (d)(3))

SEC. 108. PILOT PROGRAM FOR NATIONAL CRIMINAL HISTORY BACKGROUND CHECKS AND FEASIBILITY STUDY.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PILOT PROGRAM.—

* * * * *

(3) CHILD SAFETY PILOT PROGRAM.—

* * * * *

(B) PARTICIPATING ORGANIZATIONS.—

(i) ELIGIBLE ORGANIZATIONS.—Eligible organizations include—

* * * * *

(IV) any nonprofit organization that provides care, as that term is defined in section 5 of the National Child Protection Act of 1993 [(42 U.S.C. 5119c)] (34 U.S.C. 40104), for children.

* * * * *

(G) DETERMINATIONS OF FITNESS.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with the privacy protections delineated in the [National Child Protection Act (42 U.S.C. 5119)] *National Child Protection Act of 1993 (34 U.S.C. 40101 et seq.)*, the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children may make a determination whether the criminal history record information received in response to the criminal history background checks conducted under this paragraph indicates that the provider or volunteer has a criminal history record that renders the provider or volunteer unfit to provide care to children based upon criteria established jointly by, the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children, the Boys and Girls Clubs of America, the National Mentoring Partnership, and the National Council of Youth Sports.

* * * * *

(d) FEASIBILITY STUDY FOR A SYSTEM OF BACKGROUND CHECKS FOR EMPLOYEES AND VOLUNTEERS.—* * *

(3) FINAL REPORT.—Based on the findings of the pilot project, the Attorney General shall, not later than 60 days after completion of the pilot project under this section, submit to Congress a final report, including recommendations, which may include a proposal for grants to the States to develop or improve programs to collect fingerprints and perform background checks on individuals that seek to volunteer with organizations that work with children, the elderly, or the disabled, and which may include recommendations for amendments to the National Child Protection Act of 1993 (34 U.S.C. 40101 et seq.) and the Volunteers for Children Act so that qualified entities can promptly and affordably conduct nationwide criminal history background checks on their employees and volunteers.

§ 40103(c) (National Child Protection Act of 1993, § 4(c))

SEC. 4. FUNDING FOR IMPROVEMENT OF CHILD ABUSE CRIME INFORMATION.

* * * * *

(c) WITHHOLDING STATE FUNDS.—Effective 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General may reduce, by up to 10 percent, the allocation to a State for a fiscal year under title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34

U.S.C. 10101 et seq.) that is not in compliance with the requirements of this Act.

§ 40301(b)(8), (c)(1), (2)(G) (Crime Identification Technology Act of 1998, § 102(b)(8), (c)(1), (2)(G))

SEC. 102. STATE GRANT PROGRAM FOR CRIMINAL JUSTICE IDENTIFICATION, INFORMATION, AND COMMUNICATION.

* * * * *

(b) USE OF GRANT AMOUNTS.—Grants under this section may be used for programs to establish, develop, update, or upgrade—

* * * * *

(8) noncriminal history record information systems relevant to firearms eligibility determinations for availability and accessibility to the national instant criminal background check system established under section 103(b) of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act [(18 U.S.C. 922 note)] (34 U.S.C. 40901(b));

* * * * *

(c) ASSURANCES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, a State shall provide assurances to the Attorney General that a State has the capability to contribute pertinent information to the national instant criminal background check system established under section 103(b) of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act [(18 U.S.C. 922 note)] (34 U.S.C. 40901(b)).

(2) INFORMATION SHARING.—Such assurances shall include a provision that ensures that a statewide strategy for information sharing systems is underway, or will be initiated, to improve the functioning of the criminal justice system, with an emphasis on integration of all criminal justice components, law enforcement, courts, prosecution, corrections, and probation and parole. The strategy shall be prepared after consultation with State and local officials with emphasis on the recommendation of officials whose duty it is to oversee, plan, and implement integrated information technology systems, and shall contain—

* * * * *

(G) a plan for coordinating the programs funded under this title with other federally funded information technology programs, including directly funded local programs such as the Edward Byrne Justice Assistance Grant Program and the M.O.R.E. program established pursuant to part Q of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10381 et seq.).

§ 40701(b)(2), (d)(2)(B), (n)(5)(C)(ii) (DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000, 2(b)(2), (d)(2)(B), (n)(5)(C)(ii))

SEC. 2. THE DEBBIE SMITH DNA BACKLOG GRANT PROGRAM.

* * * * *

(b) ELIGIBILITY.—For a State or unit of local government to be eligible to receive a grant under this section, the chief executive offi-

cer of the State or unit of local government shall submit to the Attorney General an application in such form and containing such information as the Attorney General may require. The application shall, as required by the Attorney General—

* * * * *

(2) include a certification that each DNA analysis carried out under the plan shall be maintained pursuant to the privacy requirements described in section 210304(b)(3) of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14132(b)(3))] (34 U.S.C. 12592(b)(3));

* * * * *

(d) ANALYSIS OF SAMPLES.—

* * * * *

(2) QUALITY ASSURANCE STANDARDS.—(A) * * *

(B) For purposes of this section, a laboratory satisfies quality assurance standards if the laboratory satisfies the quality control requirements described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 210304(b) of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14132(b))] (34 U.S.C. 12592(b)(1), (2)).

* * * * *

(n) USE OF FUNDS FOR AUDITING SEXUAL ASSAULT EVIDENCE BACKLOGS.—

* * * * *

(5) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

* * * * *

(C) POSSESSION.—

* * * * *

(ii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in clause (i) shall be construed to create or amend any Federal rights or privileges for non governmental vendor laboratories described in regulations promulgated under section 210303 of the DNA Identification Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14131)] (34 U.S.C. 12591).

§ 40701 note (Sexual Assault Forensic Evidence Reporting Act of 2013, § 1006)

SEC. 1006. SUNSET.

Effective on December 31, 2018, subsections (a)(6) and (n) of section 2 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 [(42 U.S.C. 14135(a)(6) and (n))] (34 U.S.C. 40701(a)(6), (n)) are repealed.

§ 40701 note (Sexual Assault Forensic Evidence Reporting Act of 2013, § 1003(2), (3))

SEC. 1003. REPORTS TO CONGRESS.

Not later than 90 days after the end of each fiscal year for which a grant is made for the purpose described in section 2(a)(7) of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (34 U.S.C. 40701(a)(7)), as amended by section 1002, the Attorney General shall submit to Congress a report that—

* * * * *

(2) states the number of extensions granted by the Attorney General under section 2(n)(3) of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (*34 U.S.C. 40701(n)(3)*), as added by section 1002; and

(3) summarizes the processing status of the samples of sexual assault evidence identified in Sexual Assault Forensic Evidence Reports established under section 2(n)(4) of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 (*34 U.S.C. 40701(n)(4)*), including the number of samples that have not been tested.

§ 40706(b) (DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000, § 10(b))

SEC. 10. PRIVACY PROTECTION STANDARDS.

* * * * *

(b) PERMISSIVE USES.—A sample or result described in subsection (a) may be disclosed under the circumstances under which disclosure of information included in the Combined DNA Index System is allowed, as specified in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of section 210304(b)(3) of the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14132(b)(3))] (*34 U.S.C. 12592(b)(3)(A)–(D)*).

§ 40723(c)(1)(A) (DNA Sexual Assault Justice Act of 2004, § 304(c)(1)(A))

SEC. 304. SEXUAL ASSAULT FORENSIC EXAM PROGRAM GRANTS.

* * * * *

(c) PREFERENCE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In reviewing applications submitted in accordance with a program authorized, in whole or in part, by this section, the Attorney General shall give preference to any eligible entity that certifies that the entity will use the grant funds to—

(A) improve forensic nurse examiner programs in a rural area or for an underserved population, as those terms are defined in [section 4002 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (42 U.S.C. 13925)] *section 40002 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12291)*;

§ 40741(1) (Katie Sepich Enhanced DNA Collection Act of 2012, § 2(1))

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

For purposes of this Act:

(1) DNA ARRESTEE COLLECTION PROCESS.—The term “DNA arrestee collection process” means, with respect to a State, a process under which the State provides for the collection, for purposes of inclusion in the index described in section 210304(a) of the DNA Identification Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14132(a))] (*34 U.S.C. 12592(a)*) (in this Act referred to as the “National DNA Index System”), of DNA profiles or DNA data from the following individuals who are at least 18 years of age:

§ 40743 (Katie Sepich Enhanced DNA Collection Act of 2012, § 4)

SEC. 4. EXPUNGEMENT OF PROFILES.

The expungement requirements under section 210304(d) of the DNA Identification Act of 1994 [(42 U.S.C. 14132(d))] (34 U.S.C. 12592(d)) shall apply to any DNA profile or DNA data collected pursuant to this Act for purposes of inclusion in the National DNA Index System.

§ 40744 (Katie Sepich Enhanced DNA Collection Act of 2012, § 5)

SEC. 5. OFFSET OF FUNDS APPROPRIATED.

Any funds appropriated to carry out this Act, not to exceed \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013 through 2015, shall be derived from amounts appropriated pursuant to subsection (j) of section 2 of the DNA Analysis Backlog Elimination Act of 2000 [(42 U.S.C. 14135)] (34 U.S.C. 40701(j)) in each such fiscal year for grants under such section.

§ 40912(a) (NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007, § 102(a))

SEC. 102. REQUIREMENTS TO OBTAIN WAIVER.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Beginning 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, a State shall be eligible to receive a waiver of the 10 percent matching requirement for National Criminal History Improvement Grants under [the Crime Identification Technology Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. 14601)] *section 102 of the Crime Identification Technology Act of 1998 (34 U.S.C. 40301)* if the State provides at least 90 percent of the information described in subsection (c). The length of such a waiver shall not exceed 2 years.

§ 40914(b)(1)(A) (NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007, § 104(b)(1)(A))

SEC. 104. PENALTIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.

* * * * *

(b) PENALTIES.—

(1) DISCRETIONARY REDUCTION.—

(A) During the 2-year period beginning 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General may withhold not more than 3 percent of the amount that would otherwise be allocated to a State under section 505 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3755)] (34 U.S.C. 10156) if the State provides less than 50 percent of the records required to be provided under sections 102 and 103.

§ 41306(a)(2) (Comprehensive Thrift and Bank Fraud Prosecution and Taxpayer Recovery Act of 1990, § 2546(a)(2))

SEC. 2546. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

* * * * *

(2) ANALYSIS AND REPORT.—The Attorney General shall analyze and report to the Congress on the data described in paragraph (1) and its coordination and other related activities named in **[section 2539(c)(2)]** *section 2539(c)(3) (34 U.S.C. 41501(c)(3))* and shall provide such report on the data monthly through December 31, 1991, and quarterly after such date.

§ 50101(c)(6) (Justice Assistance Act of 1984, § 609M(c)(6))

SEC. 609M. (a) * * *

(c) Federal law enforcement assistance may be provided if such assistance is necessary to provide an adequate response to a law enforcement emergency. In determining whether to approve or disapprove an application for assistance under this section, the Attorney General shall consider—

* * * * *

(6) any assistance which the State or other appropriate unit of government has received, or could receive, under any provision of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (*34 U.S.C. 10101 et seq.*).

§ 50104(b) (Justice Assistance Act of 1984, § 609P(b))

PROHIBITION ON DISCRIMINATION

SEC. 609P. (a) * * *

(b) Paragraph (3) and paragraph (4) of section 809(c) of part H of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (*34 U.S.C. 10228(c)(3), (4)*) (as so redesignated by section 511(f) of this Act) shall apply with respect to a violation of subsection (a), except that the terms “this section” and “paragraph (1)”, as such terms appear in such paragraphs, shall be deemed to be references to subsection (a) of this section, and a reference to the Office of Justice Programs in such paragraphs shall be deemed to be a reference to the Attorney General.

§ 50105 (Justice Assistance Act of 1984, § 609Q)

CONFIDENTIALITY OF INFORMATION

SEC. 609Q. Section 812 of part H of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (*34 U.S.C. 10231*) shall apply with respect to—

§ 50107(a) (Justice Assistance Act of 1984, § 609S(a))

REPAYMENT

SEC. 609S. (a) If Federal law enforcement assistance provided under this subdivision is used by the recipient of such assistance in violation of **[section 554]** *section 609P of Public Law 98-473 (34 U.S.C. 50104)* or for any purpose other than the purpose for which it is provided, then such recipient shall promptly repay to the Attorney General an amount equal to the value of such assistance.

§ 50501(4) (Rafael Ramos and Wenjian Liu National Blue Alert Act of 2015, § 2(4))

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

* * * * *

(4) **LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER.**—The term “law enforcement officer” shall have the same meaning as in section 1204 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796b)] (34 U.S.C. 10284).

§ 60105(c)(2), (e) (Death in Custody Reporting Act of 2013, § 2(c)(2), (e))

SEC. 2. STATE INFORMATION REGARDING INDIVIDUALS WHO DIE IN THE CUSTODY OF LAW ENFORCEMENT.

* * * * *

(c) **COMPLIANCE AND INELIGIBILITY.**—

* * * * *

(2) **INELIGIBILITY FOR FUNDS.**—For any fiscal year after the expiration of the period specified in paragraph (1), a State that fails to comply with subsection (a), shall, at the discretion of the Attorney General, be subject to not more than a 10-percent reduction of the funds that would otherwise be allocated for that fiscal year to the State under subpart 1 of part E of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3750 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 10151 et seq.), whether characterized as the Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Programs, the Local Government Law Enforcement Block Grants Program, the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program, or otherwise.

* * * * *

(e) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section the terms “boot camp prison” and “State” have the meaning given those terms, respectively, in section 901(a) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [42 U.S.C. 3791(a)] (34 U.S.C. 10251(a)).

§ 60541(g)(5)(A)(ii) (Second Chance Act of 2007: Community Safety Through Recidivism Prevention, § 231(g)(5)(A)(ii))

SEC. 231. FEDERAL PRISONER REENTRY INITIATIVE.

* * * * *

(g) **ELDERLY AND FAMILY REUNIFICATION FOR CERTAIN NON-VIOLENT OFFENDERS PILOT PROGRAM.**—

* * * * *

(5) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(A) **ELIGIBLE ELDERLY OFFENDER.**—The term “eligible elderly offender” means an offender in the custody of the Bureau of Prisons—

* * * * *

(ii) who is serving a term of imprisonment that is not life imprisonment based on conviction for an offense or offenses that do not include any crime of vio-

lence (as defined in section 16 of title 18, United States Code), sex offense (as defined in section 111(5) of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (34 U.S.C. 20911(5))), offense described in section 2332b(g)(5)(B) of title 18, United States Code, or offense under chapter 37 of title 18, United States Code, and has served the greater of 10 years or 75 percent of the term of imprisonment to which the offender was sentenced;

TITLE 35—PATENTS

§ 41 note (Plant Patents Amendments Act of 1998, § 4(b))

SEC. 4. ACCESS TO ELECTRONIC PATENT INFORMATION.

* * * * *

(b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “rural States” means the States that qualified on January 1, 1997, as rural States under section 1501(b) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 379bb(b))] (34 U.S.C. 10351(b)).

TITLE 38—VETERANS’ BENEFITS

§ 2411(b)(4)(A)

§ 2411. Prohibition against interment or memorialization in the National Cemetery Administration or Arlington National Cemetery of persons committing Federal or State capital crimes

* * * * *

(b) A person referred to in subsection (a) is any of the following:

* * * * *

(4) A person—
 (A) who has been convicted of a Federal or State crime causing the person to be a tier III sex offender for purposes of the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act [(42 U.S.C. 16901 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 20901 et seq.);

TITLE 40—PUBLIC BUILDINGS, PROPERTY, AND WORKS

§ 590(f)(2)

§ 590. Child care

* * * * *

(f) CRIMINAL HISTORY BACKGROUND CHECKS.—

* * * * *

(2) IN GENERAL.—All workers in a child care center located in an executive facility shall undergo a criminal history background check as defined in section 231 of the Crime Control Act of 1990 [(42 U.S.C. 13041)] (34 U.S.C. 20351).

TITLE 42—THE PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELFARE

§ 239e(a)(1), (2)(A), (3) (Public Health Service Act, § 266(a)(1), (2)(A), (3))

SEC. 266. PAYMENT FOR DEATH.

(a) DEATH BENEFIT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall pay, in the case of an eligible individual whose death is determined to have resulted from a covered injury or injuries, a death benefit in the amount determined under paragraph (2) to the survivor or survivors in the same manner as death benefits are paid pursuant to the Public Safety Officers' Benefits Program under subpart 1 of part L of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 10281 et seq.) with respect to an eligible deceased (except that in the case of an eligible individual who is a minor with no living parent, the legal guardian shall be considered the survivor in the place of the parent).

(2) BENEFIT AMOUNT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The amount of the death benefit under paragraph (1) in a fiscal year shall equal the amount of the comparable benefit calculated under the Public Safety Officers' Benefits Program under subpart 1 of part L of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 10281 et seq.) in such fiscal year, without regard to any reduction attributable to a limitation on appropriations, but subject to subparagraph (B).

* * * * *

(3) LIMITATIONS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—No benefit is payable under paragraph (1) with respect to the death of an eligible individual if—

(i) a disability benefit is paid with respect to such individual under the Public Safety Officers' Benefits Program under subpart 1 of part L of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 10281 et seq.); or

(ii) a death benefit is paid or payable with respect to such individual under the Public Safety Officers' Benefits Program under subpart 1 of part L of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 10281 et seq.).

(B) EXCEPTION IN THE CASE OF A LIMITATION ON APPROPRIATIONS FOR DISABILITY BENEFITS UNDER PSOB.—In the event that disability benefits available to an eligible individual under the Public Safety Officers' Benefits Program under subpart 1 of part L of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 10281 et seq.) are reduced because of a limitation on appropriations, and such reduction would affect the amount that would be payable under subpara-

graph (A) without regard to this subparagraph, benefits shall be available under paragraph (1) to the extent necessary to ensure that the survivor or survivors of such individual receives a total amount equal to the amount described in paragraph (2).

§ 280g-4(c)(1)(A), (h) (Public Health Service Act, § 399P(c)(1)(A), (h))

SEC. 399P. GRANTS TO STRENGTHEN THE HEALTHCARE SYSTEM'S RESPONSE TO DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, AND STALKING.

* * * * *

(c) REQUIREMENTS FOR GRANTEES.—

(1) CONFIDENTIALITY AND SAFETY.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Grantees under this section shall ensure that all programs developed with grant funds address issues of confidentiality and patient safety and comply with applicable confidentiality and nondisclosure requirements under section 40002(b)(2) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12291(b)(2)) and the Family Violence Prevention and Services Act, and that faculty and staff associated with delivering educational components are fully trained in procedures that will protect the immediate and ongoing security and confidentiality of the patients, patient records, and staff. Such grantees shall consult entities with demonstrated expertise in the confidentiality and safety needs of victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking on the development and adequacy of confidentiality and security procedures, and provide documentation of such consultation.

* * * * *

(h) DEFINITIONS.—Except as otherwise provided herein, the definitions provided for in section 40002 of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12291) shall apply to this section.

§ 1397b note (Public Law 98-473, § 401(c)(2)(A)(ii))

SEC. 401. (a)(1) * * *

(c)(1) * * *

(2)(A) Any State receiving an allotment under such title from the funds made available as a result of subsection (a) shall have in effect, not later than September 30, 1985—

(ii) provisions of State law, enacted in accordance with the provisions of [Public Law 92-544 (86 Stat. 115)] *Public Law 92-544 (86 Stat. 1115; 34 U.S.C. 41101)* requiring nationwide criminal record checks

for all operators, staff or employees, or prospective operators, staff or employees of child care facilities (including any facility or program having primary custody of children for 20 hours or more per week), juvenile detention, correction or treatment facilities, with the objective of protecting the children involved and promoting such children's safety and welfare while receiving service through such facilities or programs.

§ 1758(b)(5)(C), (12)(A)(v) (Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act, § 9(b)(5)(C), (12)(A)(v))

NUTRITIONAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

SEC. 9. (a) * * *

* * * * *

(b)(1)(A) * * *

* * * * *

(5) DISCRETIONARY CERTIFICATION.—Subject to paragraph (6), any local educational agency may certify any child as eligible for free lunches or breakfasts, without further application, by directly communicating with the appropriate State or local agency to obtain documentation of the status of the child as—

* * * * *

(C) served by the runaway and homeless youth grant program established under the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act [(42 U.S.C. 5701 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 11201 et seq.);

* * * * *

(12)(A) A child shall be considered automatically eligible for a free lunch and breakfast under this Act and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966 (42 U.S.C. 1771 et seq.), respectively, without further application or eligibility determination, if the child is—

* * * * *

(v) served by the runaway and homeless youth grant program established under the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act [(42 U.S.C. 5701 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 11201 et seq.);

§ 2201a(c) (Atomic Energy Act of 1954, § 161A(c))

SEC. 161A. USE OF FIREARMS BY SECURITY PERSONNEL.

* * * * *

c. BACKGROUND CHECKS.—A person that receives, possesses, transports, imports, or uses a weapon, ammunition, or a device under subsection (b) shall be subject to a background check by the Attorney General, based on fingerprints and including a background check under section 103(b) of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act [(Public Law 103–159; 18 U.S.C. 922 note)] (Public Law 103–159; 34 U.S.C. 40901(b)) to determine whether the person is prohibited from possessing or receiving a firearm under Federal or State law.

§ 3002(50) (Older Americans Act of 1965, § 102(50))

DEFINITIONS

SEC. 102. For the purposes of this Act—

* * * * *

(50) The term “sexual assault” has the meaning given the term in [section 2003 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3796gg–2)] section 2008 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968.

§ 3013(b)(18) (Older Americans Act of 1965, § 203(b)(18))

FEDERAL AGENCY CONSULTATION

SEC. 203. (a)(1) * * *

(b) For the purposes of subsection (a), programs related to the objectives of this Act shall include—

* * * * *
(18) the Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Programs, established under part E of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3750–3766b)] (34 U.S.C. 10151 et seq.),

§ 5106a(b)(2)(B)(xvi)(VI) (Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act, § 106(b)(2)(B)(xvi)(VI))

SEC. 106. GRANTS TO STATES FOR CHILD ABUSE OR NEGLECT PREVENTION AND TREATMENT PROGRAMS.

* * * * *
(b) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—

* * * * *
(2) CONTENTS.—A State plan submitted under paragraph (1) shall contain a description of the activities that the State will carry out using amounts received under the grant to achieve the objectives of this title, including—

* * * * *
(B) an assurance in the form of a certification by the Governor of the State that the State has in effect and is enforcing a State law, or has in effect and is operating a statewide program, relating to child abuse and neglect that includes—

* * * * *
(xvi) provisions, procedures, and mechanisms that assure that the State does not require reunification of a surviving child with a parent who has been found by a court of competent jurisdiction—

* * * * *
(VI) to be required to register with a sex offender registry under section 113(a) of the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16913(a))] (34 U.S.C. 20913(a)).

§ 5106c(f) (Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act, § 107(f))

SEC. 107. GRANTS TO STATES FOR PROGRAMS RELATING TO THE INVESTIGATION AND PROSECUTION OF CHILD ABUSE CASES.

* * * * *
(f) FUNDS AVAILABLE.—For grants under this section, the Secretary shall use the amount authorized by section 1404A of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 [(42 U.S.C. 10603a)] (34 U.S.C. 20104).

§ 5165f(h)(4) (Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, § 327(h)(4))

SEC. 327. NATIONAL URBAN SEARCH AND RESCUE RESPONSE SYSTEM.

* * * * *
 (h) PERSONAL INJURY, ILLNESS, DISABILITY, OR DEATH.—

* * * * *
 (4) PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER CLAIMS.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to bar any claim by, or with respect to, any System member who is a public safety officer, as defined in section 1204 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796b)] (34 U.S.C. 10284), for any benefits authorized under part L of title I of that Act [(42 U.S.C. 3796 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 10281 et seq.).

§ 9858f(b)(5), (c)(1)(C) (Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990, § 658H(b)(5), (c)(1)(C))

SEC. 658H. CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECKS.

* * * * *
 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—A criminal background check for a child care staff member under subsection (a) shall include—

* * * * *
 (5) a search of the National Sex Offender Registry established under the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16901 et seq.)].

(c) PROHIBITIONS.—

(1) CHILD CARE STAFF MEMBERS.—A child care staff member shall be ineligible for employment by a child care provider that is receiving assistance under this subchapter if such individual—

* * * * *
 (C) is registered, or is required to be registered, on a State sex offender registry or repository or the National Sex Offender Registry established under the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16901 et seq.)]; or

§ 10409(a) (Family Violence Prevention and Services Act, § 309(a))

SEC. 309. GRANTS FOR INDIAN TRIBES.

(a) GRANTS AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary, in consultation with tribal governments pursuant to Executive Order No. 13175 (25 U.S.C. 450 note) and in accordance with section 903 of the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 [(42 U.S.C. 14045d)] (34 U.S.C. 20126), shall continue to award grants for Indian tribes from amounts appropriated under section 303(a)(2)(B) to carry out this section.

§ 10410(b)(1)(B)(i), (ii), (c)(2)(A), (B) (Family Violence Prevention and Services Act, § 310(b)(1)(B)(i), (ii), (c)(2)(A), (B))

SEC. 310. NATIONAL RESOURCE CENTERS AND TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE CENTERS.

* * * * *

(b) DOMESTIC VIOLENCE RESOURCE CENTERS.—

(1) NATIONAL RESOURCE CENTERS.—In accordance with subsection (a)(2), the Secretary shall award grants to eligible entities for—

* * * * *

(B) a National Indian Resource Center Addressing Domestic Violence and Safety for Indian Women, which shall—

(i) offer a comprehensive array of technical assistance and training resources to Indian tribes and tribal organizations, specifically designed to enhance the capacity of the tribes and organizations to respond to domestic violence and the findings of section 901 of the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg–10 note)] (34 U.S.C. 10452 note);

(ii) enhance the intervention and prevention efforts of Indian tribes and tribal organizations to respond to domestic violence and increase the safety of Indian women in support of the purposes of section 902 of the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg–10 note)] (34 U.S.C. 10452 note); and

* * * * *

(c) ELIGIBILITY.—

* * * * *

(2) NATIONAL INDIAN RESOURCE CENTER.—To be eligible to receive a grant under subsection (b)(1)(B), an entity shall be a tribal organization or a nonprofit private organization that focuses primarily on issues of domestic violence within Indian tribes and that submits documentation to the Secretary demonstrating—

(A) experience working with Indian tribes and tribal organizations to respond to domestic violence and the findings of section 901 of the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg–10 note)] (34 U.S.C. 10452 note);

(B) experience providing Indian tribes and tribal organizations with assistance in developing tribally-based prevention and intervention services addressing domestic violence and safety for Indian women consistent with the purposes of section 902 of the Violence Against Women and Department of Justice Reauthorization Act of 2005 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg–10 note)] (34 U.S.C. 10452 note);

§ 10411(e) (Family Violence Prevention and Services Act, § 311(e))

SEC. 311. GRANTS TO STATE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE COALITIONS.

* * * * *

(e) LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.—A coalition that receives a grant under this section shall not be required to use funds received under this title for the purposes described in paragraph (5) or (6) of subsection (d) if the coalition provides an annual assurance to the Secretary that the coalition is—

(1) using funds received under section 2001(c)(1) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg(c)(1))] (34 U.S.C. 10441(c)(1)) for such purposes; and

(2) coordinating the activities carried out by the coalition under subsection (d) with the State’s activities under part T of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 [(42 U.S.C. 3796gg et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 10441 et seq.) that address those purposes.

§ 11432(f)(4)(B), (g)(5)(A)(i) (McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act § 11432(f)(4)(B), (g)(5)(A)(i))

SEC. 722. GRANTS FOR STATE AND LOCAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE EDUCATION OF HOMELESS CHILDREN AND YOUTHS.

* * * * *

(f) FUNCTIONS OF THE OFFICE OF THE COORDINATOR.—The Coordinator for Education of Homeless Children and Youths established in each State shall—

* * * * *

(4) in order to improve the provision of comprehensive education and related services to homeless children and youths and their families, coordinate activities and collaborate with—

* * * * *

(B) providers of services to homeless children and youths and their families, including public and private child welfare and social services agencies, law enforcement agencies, juvenile and family courts, agencies providing mental health services, domestic violence agencies, child care providers, runaway and homeless youth centers, and providers of services and programs funded under the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act [(42 U.S.C. 5701 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 11201 et seq.);

(g) STATE PLAN.—

(5) COORDINATION.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Each local educational agency serving homeless children and youths that receives assistance under this subtitle shall coordinate—

(i) the provision of services under this subtitle with local social services agencies and other agencies or entities providing services to homeless children and youths and their families, including services and programs funded under the Runaway and Homeless Youth Act [(42 U.S.C. 5701 et seq.)] (34 U.S.C. 11201 et seq.); and

§ 11804 (Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, § 3504)

SEC. 3504. COORDINATION WITH JUVENILE JUSTICE PROGRAMS.

The Secretary shall coordinate the program established by section 3501 with the programs and activities carried out under the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (34 U.S.C. 11101 et seq.) and with the programs and activities of the Attorney General, to ensure that all such programs and activities are complementary and not duplicative.

§ 12645g(b)(1), (c)(3), (d)(1)(A) (National and Community Service Act of 1990, § 189D(b)(1), (c)(3), (d)(1)(A))

SEC. 189D. CRIMINAL HISTORY CHECKS.

* * * * *

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—A criminal history check under subsection (a) shall, except in cases approved for good cause by the Corporation, include—

(1) a name-based search of the National Sex Offender Registry established under the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16901 et seq.)]; and

* * * * *

(c) ELIGIBILITY PROHIBITION.—An individual shall be ineligible to serve in a position described under subsection (a) if such individual—

* * * * *

(3) is registered, or is required to be registered, on a State sex offender registry or the National Sex Offender Registry established under the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16901 et seq.)]; or

* * * * *

(d) SPECIAL RULE FOR INDIVIDUALS WORKING WITH VULNERABLE POPULATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding subsection (b), on and after the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of the Serve America Act, a criminal history check under subsection (a) for each individual described in paragraph (2) shall, except for an entity described in paragraph (3), include—

(A) a name-based search of the National Sex Offender Registry established under the Adam Walsh Child Protection and Safety Act of 2006 [(42 U.S.C. 16901 et seq.)];

§ 14503(g)(1)(B) (Volunteer Protection Act of 1997, § 4(g)(1)(B))

SEC. 4. LIMITATION ON LIABILITY FOR VOLUNTEERS.

* * * * *

(g) EXCEPTIONS TO LIMITATIONS ON LIABILITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The limitations on the liability of a volunteer under this Act shall not apply to any misconduct that—

* * * * *

(B) constitutes a hate crime (as that term is used in the Hate Crime Statistics Act [(28 U.S.C. 534 note)] (34 U.S.C. 41305, 41305 note);

§ 14505(4) (Volunteer Protection Act of 1997, § 6(4))

SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.

For purposes of this Act:

* * * * *

(4) **NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.**—The term “nonprofit organization” means—

(A) any organization which is described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code and which does not practice any action which constitutes a hate crime referred to in subsection (b)(1) of the first section of the Hate Crime Statistics Act [(28 U.S.C. 534 note)] (34 U.S.C. 41305, 41305 note); or

(B) any not-for-profit organization which is organized and conducted for public benefit and operated primarily for charitable, civic, educational, religious, welfare, or health purposes and which does not practice any action which constitutes a hate crime referred to in subsection (b)(1) of the first section of the Hate Crime Statistics Act [(28 U.S.C. 534 note)] (34 U.S.C. 41305, 41305 note).

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION

§ 40101 note (Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism Act of 2001, § 622(e)(2))

SEC. 622. CRIME VICTIM COMPENSATION.

* * * * *

(e) **RELATIONSHIP OF ELIGIBLE CRIME VICTIM COMPENSATION PROGRAMS TO THE SEPTEMBER 11TH VICTIM COMPENSATION FUND.**—

* * * * *

(2) **COMPENSATION.**—With respect to any compensation payable under title IV of Public Law 107–42, the failure of a crime victim compensation program, after the effective date of final regulations issued pursuant to section 407 of Public Law 107–42, to provide compensation otherwise required pursuant to section 1403 of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 [(42 U.S.C. 10602)] (34 U.S.C. 20102) shall not render that program ineligible for future grants under the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 (34 U.S.C. 20101 et seq.).

§ 40130(a)(1)(A)

§ 40130. FAA authority to conduct criminal history record checks

(a) **CRIMINAL HISTORY BACKGROUND CHECKS.**—

(1) **ACCESS TO INFORMATION.**—The Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration, for certification purposes of the Administration only, is authorized—

(A) to conduct, in accordance with the established request process, a criminal history background check of an

airman in the criminal repositories of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and States by submitting positive identification of the airman to a fingerprint-based repository in compliance with section 217 of the National Crime Prevention and Privacy Compact Act of 1998 [(42 U.S.C. 14616)] (34 U.S.C. 40316); and

TITLE 50—WAR AND NATIONAL DEFENSE

§ 783(e)(4) (Subversive Activities Control Act of 1950, § 4(e)(4))

CERTAIN PROHIBITED ACTS

SEC. 4. (a) * * *

(e)(1) * * *

(4) Notwithstanding section 524(c) of title 28, there shall be deposited in the Crime Victims Fund established under section 1402 of the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 [(42 U.S.C. 10601)] (34 U.S.C. 20101) all amounts from the forfeiture of property under this subsection remaining after the payment of expenses for forfeiture and sale authorized by law.

