

107TH CONGRESS }
1st Session

SENATE

{ REPORT
107-32

REPORT ON THE ACTIVITIES
OF THE
COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES
UNITED STATES SENATE

106TH CONGRESS
FIRST AND SECOND SESSIONS



JUNE 5, 2001.—Ordered to be printed

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

72-721

WASHINGTON : 2001

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

(107th Congress, 1st Session)

JOHN WARNER, Virginia, *Chairman*

STROM THURMOND, South Carolina	CARL LEVIN, Michigan
JOHN McCain, Arizona	EDWARD M. KENNEDY, Massachusetts
BOB SMITH, New Hampshire	ROBERT C. BYRD, West Virginia
JAMES M. INHOFE, Oklahoma	JOSEPH I. LIEBERMAN, Connecticut
RICK SANTORUM, Pennsylvania	MAX CLELAND, Georgia
PAT ROBERTS, Kansas	MARY L. LANDRIEU, Louisiana
WAYNE ALLARD, Colorado	JACK REED, Rhode Island
TIM HUTCHINSON, Arkansas	DANIEL K. AKAKA, Hawaii
JEFF SESSIONS, Alabama	BILL NELSON, Florida
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JIM BUNNING, Kentucky	JEAN CARNAHAN, Missouri
	MARK DAYTON, Minnesota

ROMIE L. BROWNLEE, *Staff Director*
DAVID S. LYLES, *Staff Director for the Minority*

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

(106th Congress, 1st Session)

JOHN WARNER, Virginia, *Chairman*

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ROMIE L. BROWNLEE, *Staff Director*
DAVID S. LYLES, *Staff Director for the Minority*

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

(106th Congress, 2d Session)

JOHN WARNER, Virginia, *Chairman*

STROM THURMOND, South Carolina	CARL LEVIN, Michigan
JOHN McCain, Arizona	EDWARD M. KENNEDY, Massachusetts
BOB SMITH, New Hampshire	JEFF BINGAMAN, New Mexico
JAMES M. INHOFE, Oklahoma	ROBERT C. BYRD, West Virginia
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ROMIE L. BROWNLEE, *Staff Director*
DAVID S. LYLES, *Staff Director for the Minority*

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

U.S. SENATE,
COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES,
Washington, DC, May 24, 2001.

Hon. RICHARD B. CHENEY,
President of the Senate,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. PRESIDENT: Senate Rule XXVI.8(b) requires the submission of a report of the activities of the Committee for the previous Congress.

In accordance with the requirements, I am submitting the report of the activities of the Senate Committee on Armed Services during the 106th Congress. This report outlines the most noteworthy legislative and other achievements of our Committee.

Sincerely

JOHN WARNER, *Chairman.*

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JURISDICTION

The Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 (Public Law 601 of the Seventy-ninth Congress, approved Aug. 2, 1946, amended by Public Law 91-510 approved Oct. 26, 1970) in Part I created the standing committees of the Senate and provided that the Committee on Armed Services should consist of 13 Senators; amended by S. Res. 18 of the 82d Congress (1953) to consist of 15 Senators; amended by S. Res. 24 of the 86th Congress (1959) to consist of 17 Senators; amended by S. Res. 11 of the 90th Congress (1967) to consist of 18 Senators; amended by P.L. 91-510 (1970) to consist of 15 Senators; amended by S. Res. 15, of the 92d Congress to consist of 16 Senators; amended by S. Res. 10 of the 93d Congress (1973) to consist of 15 Senators; amended by S. Res. 17 of the 94th Congress (1975) to consist of 16 Senators; further amended by S. Res. 4, and subsequently by S. Res. 82, 95th Congress (1977) to consist of 18 Senators; further amended by S. Res. 14, 100th Congress (1987) to consist of 20 Senators, further amended by S. Res. 130, 103d Congress (1993) to consist of 22 Senators; further amended by S. Res. 14, 104th Congress (1995) to consist of 21 Senators; and further amended by S. Res. 9, 105th Congress (1997) to consist of 18 Senators; and that to said committee shall be referred all proposed legislation, messages, petitions, memorials and other matters relating to the following subjects (Rule XXV(c) (1) and (2) of the Standing Rules of the Senate):

- (1) 1. Aeronautical and space activities peculiar to or primarily associated with the development of weapons systems or military operations.
2. Common defense.
3. Department of Defense, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force, generally.
4. Maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal, including administration, sanitation, and government of the Canal Zone.
5. Military research and development.
6. National security aspects of nuclear energy.
7. Naval petroleum reserves, except those in Alaska.
8. Pay, promotion, retirement, and other benefits and privileges of members of the Armed Forces, including overseas education of civilian and military dependents.
9. Selective service system.
10. Strategic and critical materials necessary for the common defense.
- (2) Such committee shall also study and review, on a comprehensive basis, matters relating to the common de-

fense policy of the United States, and report thereon from time to time.

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

JOHN W. WARNER, Virginia, *Chairman*
*January 23, 1979**

STROM THURMOND, South Carolina <i>January 14, 1959*</i>	CARL LEVIN, Michigan <i>January 23, 1979*</i>
JOHN MCCAIN, Arizona <i>January 6, 1987*</i>	EDWARD M. KENNEDY, Massachusetts <i>January 3, 1983*</i>
BOB SMITH, New Hampshire <i>February 5, 1991*</i>	JEFF BINGAMAN, New Mexico <i>January 3, 1983*</i>
JAMES M. INHOFE, Oklahoma <i>January 4, 1995*</i>	ROBERT C. BYRD, West Virginia <i>February 2, 1989*</i>
RICK SANTORUM, Pennsylvania <i>January 4, 1995*</i>	CHARLES S. ROBB, Virginia <i>January 7, 1993*</i>
OLYMPIA J. SNOWE, Maine <i>January 9, 1997*</i>	JOSEPH I. LIEBERMAN, Connecticut <i>January 7, 1993*</i>
PAT ROBERTS, Kansas <i>January 9, 1997*</i>	MAX CLELAND, Georgia <i>January 9, 1997*</i>
WAYNE ALLARD, Colorado <i>January 7, 1999*</i>	MARY L. LANDRIEU, Louisiana <i>January 7, 1999*</i>
TIM HUTCHINSON, Arkansas <i>January 7, 1999*</i>	JACK REED, Rhode Island <i>January 7, 1999*</i>
JEFF SESSIONS, Alabama <i>January 7, 1999*</i>	

*Date of appointment to Senate Committee on Armed Services

The Senate Committees on Military Affairs; on the Militia; and Naval Affairs were established on December 10, 1816. The Committee on the Militia was merged with the Committee on Military Affairs in 1858 to form the Military Affairs and Militia Committee. However, in 1872 the Committee dropped “Militia” from its name. The Military Affairs and Naval Affairs Committees existed until 1947 when they were combined by the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 into a new standing committee, the current Armed Services Committee.

ONE HUNDRED SIXTH CONGRESS
SUBCOMMITTEES OF COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES
(January 6, 1999 to November 4, 1999*)

Subcommittee on Airland

SENATOR SANTORUM, <i>Chairman</i>	SENATOR LIEBERMAN, <i>Ranking Member</i>
SENATOR INHOFE	SENATOR CLELAND
SENATOR ROBERTS	SENATOR LANDRIEU
SENATOR ALLARD	SENATOR REED
SENATOR HUTCHINSON	

Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities

SENATOR ROBERTS, <i>Chairman</i>	SENATOR BINGAMAN, <i>Ranking Member</i>
SENATOR SMITH	SENATOR KENNEDY
SENATOR SANTORUM	SENATOR BYRD
SENATOR SNOWE	SENATOR LIEBERMAN
SENATOR SESSIONS	

Subcommittee on Personnel

SENATOR ALLARD, <i>Chairman</i>	SENATOR CLELAND, <i>Ranking Member</i>
SENATOR THURMOND	SENATOR KENNEDY
SENATOR MCCAIN	SENATOR REED
SENATOR SNOWE	

Subcommittee on Readiness and Management Support

SENATOR INHOFE, <i>Chairman</i>	SENATOR ROBB, <i>Ranking Member</i>
SENATOR THURMOND	SENATOR BINGAMAN
SENATOR MCCAIN	SENATOR BYRD
SENATOR SANTORUM	SENATOR CLELAND
SENATOR ROBERTS	SENATOR LANDRIEU
SENATOR HUTCHINSON	

Subcommittee on Seapower

SENATOR SNOWE, <i>Chairwoman</i>	SENATOR KENNEDY, <i>Ranking Member</i>
SENATOR MCCAIN	SENATOR ROBB
SENATOR SMITH	SENATOR REED
SENATOR SESSIONS	

Subcommittee on Strategic

SENATOR SMITH,
Chairman

SENATOR THURMOND

SENATOR INHOFE

SENATOR ALLARD

SENATOR HUTCHINSON

SENATOR SESSIONS

SENATOR LANDRIEU,
Ranking Member

SENATOR BINGAMAN

SENATOR BYRD

SENATOR ROBB

SENATOR LIEBERMAN

NOTE: Senator Warner and Senator Levin, as Chairman and Ranking Minority Member of the Committee on Armed Services serve as ex officio (non-voting) members of all Subcommittees.

*[As a result of the death of Senator John H. Chafee of Rhode Island on October 24, 1999, the Senate passed S. Res. 215, appointing Senator Bob Smith of New Hampshire as Chairman of the Senate Committee on Environment and Public Works, on November 2, 1999. In accordance with Republican Conference Rules, Senator Smith relinquished the chairmanship of the Strategic Subcommittee on November 5, 1999. Modifications to the Committee on Armed Services Subcommittee assignments necessitated by this change follow.]

ONE HUNDRED SIXTH CONGRESS
SUBCOMMITTEES OF COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES
(November 5, 1999 to December 15, 2000)

Subcommittee on Airland

SENATOR SANTORUM, <i>Chairman</i>	SENATOR LIEBERMAN, <i>Ranking Member</i>
SENATOR INHOFE	SENATOR CLELAND
SENATOR ROBERTS	SENATOR LANDRIEU
SENATOR ALLARD	SENATOR REED
SENATOR HUTCHINSON	

Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities

SENATOR ROBERTS, <i>Chairman</i>	SENATOR BINGAMAN, <i>Ranking Member</i>
SENATOR SMITH	SENATOR KENNEDY
SENATOR SANTORUM	SENATOR BYRD
SENATOR SNOWE	SENATOR LIEBERMAN
SENATOR SESSIONS	

Subcommittee on Personnel

SENATOR HUTCHINSON, <i>Chairman</i>	SENATOR CLELAND, <i>Ranking Member</i>
SENATOR THURMOND	SENATOR KENNEDY
SENATOR MCCAIN	SENATOR ROBB
SENATOR SNOWE	SENATOR REED
SENATOR ALLARD	

Subcommittee on Readiness and Management Support

SENATOR INHOFE, <i>Chairman</i>	SENATOR ROBB, <i>Ranking Member</i>
SENATOR THURMOND	SENATOR BINGAMAN
SENATOR MCCAIN	SENATOR BYRD
SENATOR SANTORUM	SENATOR CLELAND
SENATOR ROBERTS	SENATOR LANDRIEU
SENATOR HUTCHINSON	

Subcommittee on Seapower

SENATOR SNOWE, <i>Chairwoman</i>	SENATOR KENNEDY, <i>Ranking Member</i>
SENATOR MCCAIN	SENATOR ROBB
SENATOR SMITH	SENATOR REED
SENATOR SESSIONS	

Subcommittee on Strategic

SENATOR ALLARD, <i>Chairman</i>	SENATOR LANDRIEU, <i>Ranking Member</i>
SENATOR THURMOND	SENATOR BINGAMAN
SENATOR SMITH	SENATOR BYRD
SENATOR INHOFE	SENATOR LIEBERMAN
SENATOR SESSIONS	

NOTE: Senator Warner and Senator Levin, as Chairman and Ranking Minority Member of the Armed Services Committee, serve as ex-officio (non-voting) members of all Subcommittees.

RELATIONSHIP OF ANNUAL AUTHORIZATION TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROPRIATIONS

History of Section 114, Title 10, United States Code

The jurisdiction of the committee so far as specific annual authorizations are concerned was increased significantly in 1959 by the enactment of section 412(b) of Public Law 86-149 which required annual congressional authorization of appropriations for the procurement of aircraft, missiles and naval vessels. That law was amended and expanded as follows:

In 1962 (Public Law 88-436) to require similar authorization of appropriations for research, development, test, or evaluation associated with aircraft, missiles and naval vessels;

In 1963 (Public Law 88-174) to require similar authorization of appropriations for all research, development, test, or evaluation carried on by the Department of Defense;

In 1965 (Public Law 89-37) to require authorization of appropriations for the procurement of tracked combat vehicles;

In 1967 (Public Law 90-168) to require annual authorization of the personnel strengths of each of the Selected Reserves of the Reserve components as a prior condition for the appropriation of funds for the pay and allowances for the Reserve components;

In 1969 (Public Law 91-121) to require authorization of appropriations for the procurement of other weapons to or for the use of any armed force of the United States. (Essentially, heavy, medium, and light artillery, anti-aircraft artillery, rifles, machine-guns, mortars, small arms weapons, and any crew-fired piece using fixed ammunition);

In 1970 (Public Law 91-441) to require authorization of appropriations to or for the use of the Navy for the procurement of torpedoes and related support equipment; and to require authorization of the average annual active duty personnel strength for each component of the Armed Forces as a condition precedent to the appropriation of funds for this purpose;

In 1971 (Public Law 92-436) to require annual authorization for the average military training student loads for each component of the Armed Forces, and modified the provision relating to authorization for active duty personnel strength;

In 1973 (Public Law 93-155) to require authorization for end strength civilian employment for each component of the Defense Department in each fiscal year;

In 1975 (Public Law 94-106) to require the annual authorization of military construction of ammunition facilities;

In 1980 (Public Law 96-342) to require the annual authorization of appropriations of funds for the operation and maintenance of any armed force of the activities and agencies of the Department of De-

fense (other than the military departments) for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1981; and

In 1982 (Public Law 97–86) to require the annual authorization of appropriations of funds for procurement of ammunition or other procurement for any armed force or for agencies of the Department of Defense (other than military departments).

Also, in 1973 these enactments were codified by section 803(a) of Public Law 93–155 into Title 10, United States Code, as section 138. Section 138 was amended on several occasions and has been redesignated as section 114 of Title 10, United States Code. The law today reads as follows:

§ 114. Annual authorization of appropriations

(a) No funds may be appropriated for any fiscal year to or for the use of any armed force or obligated or expended for—

- (1) procurement of aircraft, missiles, or naval vessels;
- (2) any research, development, test, or evaluation, or procurement or production related thereto;
- (3) procurement of tracked combat vehicles;
- (4) procurement of other weapons;
- (5) procurement of naval torpedoes and related support equipment;
- (6) military construction;
- (7) the operation and maintenance of any armed force or of the activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments);
- (8) procurement of ammunition; or
- (9) other procurement by any armed force or by the activities and agencies of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments);

unless funds therefor have been specifically authorized by law.

(b) In subsection (a)(6), the term “military construction” includes any construction, development, conversion, or extension of any kind which is carried out with respect to any military facility or installation (including any Government-owned or Government-leased industrial facility used for the production of defense articles and any facility to which section 2353 of this title applies), any activity to which section 2807 of this title applies, any activity to which chapter 1803 of this title applies, and advances to the Secretary of Transportation for the construction of defense access roads under section 210 of title 23. Such term does not include any activity to which section 2821 or 2854 of this title applies.

(c)(1) The size of the Special Defense Acquisition Fund established pursuant to chapter 5 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2795 et seq.) may not exceed \$1,070,000,000.

(2) Notwithstanding section 37(a) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2777(a)), amounts received by the United States pursuant to subparagraph (A) of section 21(a)(1) of that Act (22 U.S.C. 2761(a)(1))—

(A) shall be credited to the Special Defense Acquisition Fund established pursuant to chapter 5 of that Act (22 U.S.C. 2795(b)(1)), but subject to the limitation in paragraph (1) and other applicable law, and

(B) to the extent not so credited, shall be deposited in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts as provided in section 3302(b) of title 31.

(d) Funds may be appropriated for the armed forces for use as an emergency fund for research, development, test, and evaluation, or related procurement or production only if the appropriation of the funds is authorized by law after June 30, 1966.

(e) In each budget submitted by the President to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, amounts requested for procurement of equipment for the reserve components of the armed forces (including the National Guard) shall be set forth separately from other amounts requested for procurement for the armed forces.

(f) In each budget submitted by the President to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, amounts requested for procurement of ammunition for the Navy and Marine Corps, and for procurement of ammunition for the Air Force, shall be set forth separately from other amounts requested for procurement.

§ 115. Personnel strengths: requirement for annual authorization

(a) Congress shall authorize personnel strength levels for each fiscal year for each of the following:

(1) The end strength for each of the armed forces (other than the Coast Guard) for (A) active-duty personnel who are to be paid from funds appropriated for active-duty personnel, and (B) active-duty personnel and full-time National Guard duty personnel who are to be paid from funds appropriated for reserve personnel.

(2) The end strength for the Selected Reserve of each reserve component of the armed forces.

(b) No funds may be appropriated for any fiscal year to or for—

(1) the use of active-duty personnel or full-time National Guard duty personnel of any of the armed forces (other than the Coast Guard) unless the end strength for such personnel of that armed force for that fiscal year has been authorized by law; or

(2) the use of the Selected Reserve of any reserve component of the armed forces unless the end strength for the Selected Reserve of that component for that fiscal year has been authorized by law.

(c) Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is in the national interest, the Secretary may—

(1) increase the end strength authorized pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(A) for a fiscal year for any of the armed forces by a number equal to not more than 1 percent of that end strength; and

(2) increase the end strength authorized pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(B) for a fiscal year for any of the armed forces by a number equal to not more than 2 percent of that end strength; and

(3) vary the end strength authorized pursuant to subsection (a)(2) for a fiscal year for the Selected Reserve of any of the reserve components by a number equal to not more than 2 percent of that end strength.

(d) In counting active-duty personnel for the purpose of the end-strengths authorized pursuant to subsection (a)(1), persons in the following categories shall be excluded:

(1) Members of the Ready Reserve ordered to active duty under section 12302 of this title.

(2) Members of the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve ordered to active duty under section 12304 of this title.

(3) Members of the National Guard called into Federal service under section 12406 of this title.

(4) Members of the militia called into Federal service under chapter 15 of this title.

(5) Members of reserve components on active duty for training.

(6) Members of reserve components on active duty for 180 days or less to perform special work.

(7) Members on full-time National Guard duty for 180 days or less.

(8) Members of the Selected Reserve of the Ready Reserve on active duty for more than 180 days to support programs described in section 1203(b) of the Cooperative Threat Reduction Act of 1993 (title XII of Public Law 103–160; 22 U.S.C. 5952(b)).

(9) Members of reserve components (not described in paragraph (8)) on active duty for more than 180 days but less than 271 days to perform special work in support of the combatant commands, except that—

(A) general and flag officers may not be excluded under this paragraph; and

(B) the number of members of any of the armed forces excluded under this paragraph may not exceed the number equal to 0.2 percent of the end strength authorized for active-duty personnel of that armed force under subsection (a)(1)(A).

(e) The authorized strength of the Navy under subsection (a)(1) is increased by the authorized strength of the Coast Guard during any period when the Coast Guard is operating as a service in the Navy.

[(f) Repealed. P.L. 104–106 1061(c)(3), Feb. 10, 1996, 110 Stat. 442.]

(g) Congress shall authorize for each fiscal year the end strength for military technicians for each reserve component of the Army and Air Force. Funds available to the Department of Defense for any fiscal year may not be used for the pay of a military technician during that fiscal year unless the technician fills a position that is within the number of such positions authorized by law for that fiscal year for the reserve component of that technician. This subsection applies without regard to section 129 of this title. In each budget submitted by the President to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, the end strength requested for military technicians (dual status) for each reserve component of the Army and Air Force shall be specifically set forth.

ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES DURING THE 106TH CONGRESS (1999 AND 2000)

The following is a summary of activities of the Committee on Armed services during the 106th Congress.

Soldiers', Sailors', Airmen's, and Marines' Bill of Rights Act of 1999

The committee moved quickly at the start of the 106th Congress on legislation to deal with the serious problem of recruiting and retaining service members for the armed forces. On January 27, 1999, the committee marked up S. 4, The Soldiers', Sailors', Airmen's and Marines' Bill of Rights Act of 1999. The bill, which was introduced by Majority Leader Lott, Chairman Warner, and others, authorized a 4.8 percent pay raise for active and reserve military personnel, reformed the military pay tables, and improved the military retirement system.

The committee reported S. 4 to the Senate on February 2, 1999. After two days of debate, the bill passed the Senate by a vote of 91-8 on February 24, 1999.

S. 4 was delivered to the House on February 25, 1999 and subsequently held at the desk in the House. On November 18, 1999, H. Res. 393, providing for the disposition of S. 4 was considered in the House. H. Res. 393 provided for the return of S. 4 to the Senate because, in the opinion of the House of Representatives, S. 4 contravened the Constitution and infringed upon the privileges of the House. H. Res. 393 was agreed to by voice vote. Although S. 4 was not enacted into law as a free-standing bill, the provisions of S. 4 were incorporated into the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000.

Cochran-Inouye National Missile Defense Act of 1999

On January 20, 1999, S. 257, The Cochran-Inouye National Missile Defense Act of 1999, was referred to the committee. On February 4 and February 9, 1999, the committee considered and marked up the legislation.

On February 12, 1999, the committee reported S. 257 to the Senate. In the report accompanying S. 257, the committee noted that the need for deployment of NMD was clear; that a ballistic missile threat to the United States exists and continues to grow. The committee further noted that confidence in the ability of the U.S. military to respond rapidly to the ballistic missile threat must be tempered by realistic assessments of the technical challenges and the ability of the technical community to deal with these challenges. The committee concluded that S. 257, which established a policy to deploy NMD as soon as technologically possible, would ensure the United States is prepared to meet that threat.

On March 15, 1999, the Senate began two days of debate on S. 257. Two amendments were agreed to and included in the legislation. The bill passed the Senate on March 17, 1999, as amended, by a vote of 97–3.

The House agreed to incorporate S. 257 into H.R. 4 on May 20, 1999, by a vote of 345 to 71. H.R. 4 was presented to the President on July 12, 1999, and was signed into law on July 22, 1999 (Public Law 106–38).

National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000

In addition to action on S. 4 and S. 257, the committee began the 106th Congress with a series of in-depth hearings and briefings on the readiness of the Armed Forces, global threats to U.S. national security interests, and current military operations. The Chairman of the Joint Chiefs, the services chiefs, the Director of Central Intelligence, the Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency and representatives of the Joint Staff provided committee members with updated information on the full spectrum of issues pertinent to the defense of the Nation and U.S. national security interests worldwide. These discussions framed the context for consideration of the president's fiscal year 2000 budget plan.

The committee received the President's budget request on February 1, 1999, and, on February 2, 1999, began a series of hearings on the proposal. Several senior officials from the Defense Department, including Secretary of Defense Cohen, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Shelton, the service secretaries, the unified and specified combatant commanders, the service chiefs, representatives from the General Accounting Office, other civilian government officials and industry representatives testified before the committee. On May 10, 1999, when the committee met to mark up the National Defense Authorization Bill, 243 individuals had testified before the committee during 49 hearings.

On May 17, 1999, the committee reported the National Defense Authorization Bill for Fiscal Year 2000 to the Senate. The bill, S. 1059, authorized \$288.8 billion in budget authority for defense programs. This amount was \$8.3 billion above the President's budget request and allowed for a 2.2 percent increase in real terms for defense. This was the first real increase in defense spending authorized in 14 years.

The National Military Strategy of the United States envisioned that the armed forces would be prepared to fight and win two nearly simultaneous major theater wars, the most likely being in the Persian Gulf and in the Korean peninsula. The strategy did not anticipate U.S. military involvement in multiple, concurrent contingency operations. As the U.S. military was strained by ongoing day-to-day operations, the contingency operations in Bosnia and Iraq, and the escalating conflict in Kosovo, the committee focused on the implications of these operations on military readiness, quality of life, and modernization costs.

In this regard, the committee addressed several essential goals in the bill. First, the committee focused on the ability of the United States Armed Forces to meet its commitments worldwide. Second, the committee stressed countering future national security threats.

Finally, the committee focused on enhancing the quality of life of the men and women of the armed services and their families.

The committee's focus on quality of life was of particular concern and resulted in a series of initiatives to offset continuing negative trends in personnel recruiting and retention. Recruiting and retention have been a committee priority for the last three years. As a result, the bill included pay and compensation elements that were included in The Soldiers, Sailors, Airmen and Marines' Bill or Rights Act of 1999, and the reform of the military retirement system and improvements in the military health care system.

The Senate began consideration of the bill on May 24, 1999. During the Senate's 37 hours of debate on the measure, 148 amendments were offered and 12 roll call votes were recorded. The measure passed the Senate, with amendments, on May 27, 1999, by a vote of 92-3.

Following the passage of the House version of the bill, conferees from the Senate and House began a conference on July 13, 1999, to reconcile the difference between the two versions of the bill. The conference report (H. Rpt. 106-301) was filed on August 6, 1999. The House approved the conference report on September 15, 1999 by a vote of 375-45.

Following two days of debate, the Senate agreed to the conference report on September 22, 1999, by a vote of 93-5 and forwarded the measure to the President. The President signed the bill into law on October 5, 1999 (Public Law 106-65).

Establishment of Emerging Threats and Capabilities Subcommittee

In January 1999, Chairman Warner established the Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities. The purpose of the subcommittee is to provide a focus for the Department of Defense's efforts to counter new and emerging threats to vital national security interests. The subcommittee has oversight over such threats as the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, international terrorism at U.S. targets both at home and abroad, information warfare, and narco-trafficking. In addition, the subcommittee has budgetary oversight of the defense technology base, which will provide for the development of the technology necessary for the U.S. military to meet the challenges of the 21st Century.

A key element of the subcommittee's responsibilities is the changing role of the U.S. military in the new threat environment, to include an examination of emerging operational concepts and non-traditional military operations. In this connection, the subcommittee has oversight of the procurement, and research and development programs of the U.S. Special Operations Command.

Military Operations

From March 24 to June 10, 1999, NATO conducted its first large-scale, offensive military operations—a 78-day air war, on behalf of Kosovo. Over 38,000 NATO combat sorties were conducted, primarily by U.S. forces, during the Kosovo air campaign with no combat casualties. In the end, the military operation resulted in the withdrawal of Serb military troops from Kosovo.

During the 106th Congress, the committee conducted eleven hearings and briefing specifically on Serb aggression in Kosovo, the air war, the deployment of U.S. and NATO ground forces as peacekeepers following the air campaign, and other pertinent issues. In addition to these meetings, a consistent theme through many of the other full and subcommittee hearings during both sessions of the Congress centered on Kosovo issues, including the “lessons learned” from military operations in Kosovo. Secretary of Defense Cohen and Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Shelton testified several times on these matters before the committee. Other witnesses included: General Wesley Clark, USA, Commander-in-Chief, United States European Command, and Supreme Allied Commander, Europe; Admiral James Ellis, USN, Commander-in-Chief, U.S. Naval Forces Europe/Allied Forces Southern Europe; and, Lieutenant General Michael Short, USAF Commander, 16th Air Force/Allied Air Forces, Southern Europe.

Of paramount concern to the committee was applying the “lessons learned” from the air campaign over Kosovo to ensure the future preparedness of the U.S. armed forces. The “lessons learned” highlighted not only shortfalls in a variety of weapon systems and intelligence programs, but also the difficulties of engaging in coalition operations. The committee authorized increases in funding primarily to the President’s fiscal year 2001 defense budget request to address some of the most essential “lessons learned” from Kosovo.

The Military Health Care Improvement Act of 2000

On February 23, 2000, S. 2087, The Military Health Care Improvement Act of 2000, was referred to the committee. The purpose of the bill, introduced by Chairman Warner and a bipartisan group of senators, was to address the most urgent medical needs of active duty and retired personnel and their families. In addition to providing for improvements in the TRICARE program, the bill provided, for the first time, an entitlement to military health care for Medicare-eligible military retirees and their families in the form of a pharmacy benefit for Medicare-eligible military retirees.

On May 9, 2000, provisions of S. 2087 were included in S. 2549, The National Defense Authorization Bill for Fiscal Year 2001.

The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001

The committee received the President’s budget request for fiscal year 2001 on February 7, 2000. On February 8, 2000, Secretary of Defense Cohen and Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Shelton testified on the budget request. This was the first of 36 hearings conducted by the committee on the budget proposal. During these hearings, 171 witnesses provided the committee with expert analysis and assessments of the President’s budget request.

The subcommittees and full committee met from May 2 through May 9, 2000, to mark up the National Defense Authorization Bill for Fiscal Year 2001 (S. 2549). The committee agreed to authorize \$309.8 billion for defense spending for fiscal year 2001, an increase of \$4.5 billion over the President’s budget request, and a real increase of 4.4. percent. For the second year in a row, the committee

was able to report to the Senate a bill that contained a real increase in defense spending.

The committee reported S. 2549 to the Senate on May 12, 2000. Through this legislation, the committee sought to address continuing problems that were the result of a decade and half of constrained funding and an unprecedented number of overseas deployments of military personnel. The authorized funding increases were essential steps to address short term deficiencies as well as long-term modernization requirements.

S. 2549 also included the provisions of S. 2087, The Military Health Improvement Act of 2000, and other initiatives to address health care concerns of current and retired military personnel, including the guarantee of health care for life for military retirees and their families. These provisions also would accelerate improvements in TRICARE, expand TRICARE benefits to families of military personnel serving in the remote locations, increase access to health care and provide pharmacy benefits for military retirees, and expand the long-standing cooperative relationship between the DOD and the Department of Veterans' Affairs.

On June 6, 2000, the Senate began consideration of S. 2549. After 41 hours of debate, the consideration of 163 amendments, and 13 roll call votes, the Senate passed the bill by a vote of 97–3 on July 13, 2000.

On July 18, 2000, conferees from the House and Senate began meetings to resolve the differences between the Senate and House defense authorization bills.

On October 6, 2000, the conferees concluded negotiations and filed the conference report. H. Rept. 106–945, in the House. On October 11, 2000, the House agreed to the measure by a vote of 382–31.

On October 12, 2000, a motion to waive the Budget Act with respect to the conference report was agreed to in the Senate by a vote of 84–9. The Senate subsequently agreed to H. Rept. 106–945 by a vote of 90–3.

On October 30, 2000, the measure was signed by the President and became Public Law 106–398.

	106th Congress		
	1st Session	2d Session	Total
National Defense Authorization:			
Days in markup	2	3	5
Days on floor	4	10	14
Amendments	148	163	311
Roll call votes	12	13	25
Hours of debate	37	41	78
Hearings/Meetings:			
Full Committee	76	59	135
AirLand Subcommittee	5	3	8
Emerging Threats and Capabilities Subcommittee	9	6	15
Personnel Subcommittee	5	5	10
Readiness Subcommittee	10	5	15
Seapower Subcommittee	8	3	11
Strategic Subcommittee	6	5	11
Total	119	86	205

	106th Congress		
	1st Session	2d Session	Total
Statutory Nominations	16	13	29
Military nominations:			
Army	5,429	6,605	12,034
Navy	6,590	5,595	12,185
Marine Corps	2,128	2,827	4,955
Air Force	6,234	5,784	12,018
Total	20,381	20,811	41,192

1999 ACTION ON NOMINATIONS REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

Date(s) of Committee Hearing(s)	Date(s) of Committee Action	Date of Senate Confirmation	Nominee/Position
Apr. 27; May 4, 1999	N/A	July 1, 1999	Huntoon, Carolyn L. , of Virginia, to an Assistant Secretary of Energy (Environmental Management), vice Alan L. Alm, resigned. Referred jointly to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources and the Committee on Armed Services, pursuant to an order of the Senate of June 28, 1990
Apr. 27, 1999	Apr. 29, 1999	Apr. 29, 1999	Delaney, Lawrence J. , of Maryland, to be Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Acquisition, vice Arthur L. Money.
Apr. 27, 1999	Apr. 29, 1999	Apr. 29, 1999	Sheridan, Brian E. , of Virginia, to be Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low Intensity Conflict, vice Henry Allen Holmes.
N/A	Mar. 25, 1999	Mar. 25, 1999	Gottemoeller, Rose Eilene , of Virginia to be an Assistant Secretary of Energy (Non-Proliferation and National Security). Reported favorably by the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources on Feb. 25, 1999. Pursuant to an order of the Senate of Feb. 24, 1999, referred to the Committee on Armed Services for not to exceed 30 days. (Note: The nominee did not appear.)
N/A	May 25, 1999	May 26, 1999	Khan, Ikram U. , of Nevada, to be a Member of the Board of Regents of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences for a term expiring May 1, 1999, vice Alan Marshall Elkins, term expired. (Note: The nominee did not appear.)
N/A	May 25, 1999	May 26, 1999	Khan, Ikram U. , of Nevada, to be a Member of the Board of Regents of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences for term expiring May 1, 2005 (Reappointment). (Note: The nominee did not appear.)
June 8, 1999	June 9, 1999	June 16, 1999	Shinseki, General Eric K., USA , for reappointment to the grade of general, and to be Chief of Staff, United States Army.
June 8, 1999	June 9, 1999	June 16, 1999	Jones, Lieutenant General James L., Jr., USMC , to be general and to be Commandant of the Marine Corps.
July 21, 1999	July 22, 1999	Sept. 30, 1999	Money, Arthur L. , of Virginia, to be Assistant Secretary of Defense for Command, Control, Communications and Intelligence.
July 21, 1999	July 22, 1999	July 30, 1999	Peters, F. Whitten , of the District of Columbia, to be Secretary of the Air Force, vice Sheila E. Widnall, resigned.
Aug. 3, 1999	Aug. 4, 1999	Aug. 5, 1999	Blanchard, Charles A. , of Arizona, to be General Counsel of the Department of the Army, vice William T. Coleman, III.
Aug. 3, 1999	Aug. 4, 1999	Aug. 5, 1999	DiBattiste, Carol A. , of Florida, to be Under Secretary of the Air Force, vice F. Whitten Peters.
Sept. 9, 1999	Sept. 23, 1999	Sept. 24, 1999	Shelton, General Henry H., USA , to be general and for reappointment as Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
Oct. 27, 1999	Oct. 28, 1999	Oct. 29, 1999	Ralston, General Joseph W., USAF for reappointment to the grade of general and to be Commander in Chief, U.S. Forces Europe and Supreme Allied Commander, Europe.
Oct. 27, 1999	Oct. 28, 1999	Oct. 29, 1999	Myers, General Richard B., USAF for reappointment to the grade of general and to be Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

1999 ACTION ON NOMINATIONS REFERRED TO COMMITTEE—Continued

Date(s) of Committee Hearing(s)	Date(s) of Committee Action	Date of Senate Confirmation	Nominee/Position
Oct. 27, 1999	Oct. 28, 1999	Oct. 29, 1999	Schwartz, General Thomas A., USAF , for reappointment to the grade of general and to be Commander in Chief, United Nations Command/Combined Forces Command/Commander, U.S. Forces Korea.
Oct. 27, 1999	Oct. 28, 1999	Oct. 29, 1999	Eberhart, General Ralph E., USAF , for reappointment to the grade of general and to be Commander in Chief, U.S. Space Command.
N/A	Oct. 28, 1999	Oct. 29, 1999	Potter, John F. , of Maryland, to be a Member of the Board of Regents of the Uniformed Services University of the Health Sciences for a term expiring May 1, 2005, vice T. Burton Smith, Jr., term expired. (Note: The nominee did not appear.)
N/A	Oct. 28, 1999	Oct. 29, 1999	Eggenberger, A. J. , of Montana, to be a Member of the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board for a term expiring October 18, 2003 (Reappointment). (Note: The nominee did not appear.)
N/A	Oct. 28, 1999	Oct. 29, 1999	Roberson, Jessie M. , of Alabama, to be a Member of the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board for a term expiring October 18, 1999, vice Herbert Kouts, term expired. (Note: The nominee did not appear.)
Nov. 4, 1999	Nov. 4, 1999	Nov. 5, 1999	Maldon, Alphonso, Jr. , of Virginia, to be Assistant Secretary of Defense for Force Management Policy, vice Frederick F. Y. Pang.
Nov. 4, 1999	Nov. 4, 1999	Nov. 5, 1999	Veroneau, John K. , of Virginia, to be Assistant Secretary of Defense for Legislative Affairs.
N/A	Nov. 4, 1999	Nov. 5, 1999	Cornelius P. O'Leary , of Connecticut, to be a Member of the National Security Education Board for a term of four years, vice Roger Hilsman, term expired. (Note: The nominee did not appear.)

2000 ACTION ON NOMINATIONS REFERRED TO COMMITTEE

Date(s) of Committee Hearing(s)	Date(s) of Committee Action	Date of Senate Confirmation	Nominee/Position
Mar. 21, 2000	Mar. 23, 27, 2000	Mar. 29, 2000	de Leon, Rudy , of California, to be Deputy Secretary of Defense, vice John J. Hamre, resigned.
Mar. 21, 2000	Mar. 23, 27, 2000	June 9, 2000	Dworkin, Douglas A. , of Maryland, to be General Counsel of the Department of Defense, vice Judith A. Miller.
N/A	Mar. 23, 27, 2000	May 24, 2000	Challenor, Herschelle S. , of Georgia, to be a Member of the National Security Education Board for a term of four years (Reappointment). (Note: The nominee did not appear.)
Apr. 11, 2000	Apr. 13, 2000	July 10, 2000	Creedon, Madelyn R. , of Indiana, to be Deputy Administrator for Defense Programs, National Nuclear Security Administration (New Position). (Senate debate on the nomination occurred on July 10, 2000 and on that date the Senate confirmed the nomination by a roll call vote of 54-30.)
Apr. 11, 2000	Apr. 13, 2000	May 18, 2000	Dahlberg, Gregory Robert , of Virginia, to be Under Secretary of the Army, vice Bernard Daniel Rostker.
Apr. 11, 2000	Apr. 13, 2000	May 18, 2000	Rostker, Bernard Daniel , of Virginia, to be Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, vice Rudy de Leon.
N/A	Apr. 27, 2000	May 24, 2000	Sundlun, Bruce , of Rhode Island, to be a Member of the National Security Education Board for a term of four years, vice Eamon M. Kelly, term expired. (Note: The nominee did not appear.)
N/A	Apr. 27, 2000	May 24, 2000	Pacheco, Manuel Trinidad , of Arizona, to be a Member of the National Security Education Board for a term of four years (Reappointment). (Note: The nominee did not appear.)
May 16, 2000	May 17, 2000	May 17, 2000	Clark, Admiral Vernon E. , USN, for reappointment to the grade of admiral and to be Chief of Naval Operations.
May 24, 2000	May 24, 2000	June 14, 2000	Gordon, General John A. , USAF, to be Under Secretary for Nuclear Security, Department of Energy (Administrator, National Nuclear Security Administration, Department of Energy) (New Position)
June 27, 2000	June 27, 2000	June 27, 2000	Franks, Lieutenant General Tommy R. , USA, for appointment to the grade of general and to be Commander in Chief, United States Central Command
June 27, 2000	June 27, 2000	June 27, 2000	Kernan, Lieutenant General William F. , USA, for appointment to the grade of general and to be Commander in Chief, United States Joint Forces Command/Supreme Allied Commander, Atlantic
July 26, 2000	July 27, 2000	N/A	Mancuso, Donald , of Virginia, to be Inspector General, Department of Defense, vice Eleanor Hill. (NOTE: Pursuant to an order of the Senate of January 22, 1999, the nomination, once reported by the Armed Services Committee, was referred to the Governmental Affairs Committee for not to exceed 20 days. By unanimous consent on July 27, 2000, the Governmental Affairs Committee was given until September 7, 2000 to consider the nomination. Nomination returned to the President December 15, 2000.)
July 26, 2000	July 27, 2000	Sept. 8, 2000	Kallock, Roger W. , of Ohio, to be Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Logistics and Material Readiness (New Position)

2000 ACTION ON NOMINATIONS REFERRED TO COMMITTEE—Continued

Date(s) of Committee Hearing(s)	Date(s) of Committee Action	Date of Senate Confirmation	Nominee/Position
July 26, 2000	July 27, 2000	Sept. 8, 2000	Baker, James Edgar , of Virginia, to be a Judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces for the term of fifteen years to expire on the date prescribed by law, vice Walter T. Cox III, term expired
Sept. 6, 2000	Sept. 7, 2000	Sept. 7, 2000	Pace, Lieutenant General Peter, USMC , for appointment to the grade of general and to be Commander in Chief, United States Southern Command
Sept. 6, 2000	Sept. 7, 2000	Sept. 7, 2000	Holland, Lieutenant General Charles R., USAF for appointment to the grade of general and to be Commander in Chief, United States Special Operations Command
Sept. 6, 2000	Oct. 5, 2000	Oct. 6, 2000	Flowers, Major General Robert B., USA , for appointment to the grade of lieutenant general and to be the Chief of Engineers, United States Army
Oct. 3, 2000	Oct. 5, 2000	Oct. 12, 2000	Pirie, Robert B., Jr. , of Maryland, to be Under Secretary of the Navy, vice Jerry MacArthur Hultin, resigned
N/A	Oct. 5, 2000	Oct. 12, 2000	Shamansky, Robert N. , of Ohio, to be a Member of the National Security Education Board for a term of four years (Reappointment). (Note: The nominee did not appear.)

NOMINATIONS FOR PROMOTIONS IN THE ARMED FORCES

The Committee considered nominations for promotions in the armed services. Nominations submitted to the Senate by the President for confirmation resulted in the following:

First Session

January 6, 1999 through November 19, 1999

Air Force nominations, totaling 6,234, disposed of as follows:	
Confirmed	6,219
Unconfirmed	15
Army nominations, totaling 5,429, disposed of as follows:	
Confirmed	5,225
Unconfirmed	204
Navy nominations, totaling 6,590, disposed of as follows:	
Confirmed	6,580
Unconfirmed	10
Marine Corps nominations, totaling 2,128, disposed of as follows:	
Confirmed	2,127
Unconfirmed	1

Second Session

January 24, 2000 through December 15, 2000

Air Force nominations, totaling 5,784, (including 15 nominations carried over from the first session), disposed of as follows:	
Confirmed	5,781
Returned to the White House	3
Army nominations, totaling 6,605 (including 204 nominations carried over from the first session), disposed of as follows:	
Confirmed	6,045
Unconfirmed	2
Returned to the White House	558
Navy nominations, totaling 5,595 (including 10 nominations carried over from the first session), disposed of as follows:	
Confirmed	5,588
Returned to the White House	7
Marine Corps nominations, totaling 2,827, (including 1 nomination carried over from the first session), disposed of as follows:	
Confirmed	2,827

**INVESTIGATIONS, HEARINGS, AND OTHER MATTERS
NOT DIRECTLY PERTAINING TO LEGISLATION BE-
FORE THE COMMITTEE**

(Date of Hearing and Person or Subject)

January 22, 1999

Committee met to receive a briefing on current military operations. (Witnesses: Vice Admiral Vernon E. Clark, USN; Vice Admiral Scott A. Fry, USN; Rear Admiral Thomas R. Wilson, USN; and Major General Charles F. Wald, USAF). Closed; not printed.

January 28, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on United States policy in Iraq. (Witnesses: Honorable Walter B. Slocombe and General Anthony C. Zinni, USMC). Open and Closed. Open portion printed.

February 2, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on current and future world-wide threats to the national security of the United States. (Witnesses: Honorable George J. Tenet and Lieutenant General Patrick M. Hughes, USA). Open and Closed. Open portion printed.

February 25, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on United States policy regarding Kosovo. (Witnesses: Honorable Walter B. Slocombe; Honorable Thomas R. Pickering; and General Joseph W. Ralston, USAF). Open. Printed.

March 9, 1999

Committee met to receive a briefing on United States Government policies and programs to combat terrorism. (Witness: Mr. Richard A. Clarke). Closed; not recorded.

March 9, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on United States Government policies and programs to combat terrorism. (Witnesses: Honorable John J. Hamre and General Joseph W. Ralston, USAF). Open. Printed.

March 16, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on alleged Chinese espionage at Department of Energy laboratories. (Witness: Honorable William B. Richardson). Closed; not printed. (Joint Hearing with the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources).

March 25, 1999

Committee met to continue to receive testimony on alleged Chinese espionage at Department of Energy laboratories. (Witnesses: Mr. Edward J. Curran; Mr. Notra Trulock III; Mr. Neil J. Gallagher; and Ms. Elizabeth A. Moler). Closed; not printed.

March 30, 1999

Committee met to receive a briefing on current operations in Kosovo. (Witnesses: Ambassador James Pardew; Admiral Scott A. Fry, USN; and Rear Admiral Thomas R. Wilson, USN). Closed; not recorded.

April 1, 1999

Committee met to receive a briefing on current operations in Kosovo. (Witnesses: Honorable Walter B. Slocumbe; Honorable Thomas R. Pickering; and representatives from the Office of the Joint Chiefs of Staff). Closed; not recorded.

April 6, 1999

Committee met to receive a briefing on current operations in Kosovo. (Witnesses: Honorable Walter B. Slocumbe; a representative from Department of State; and representatives from the Office of the Joint Chiefs of Staff). Closed; not recorded.

April 8, 1999

Committee met to receive a briefing on current operations in Kosovo. (Witnesses: Ambassador Jim Dobbins; Ms. Julia Taft; representatives from the Office of the Joint Chiefs of Staff; and the Central Intelligence Agency). Closed; not recorded.

April 12, 1999

Committee met to continue to receive testimony on alleged Chinese espionage at Department of Energy laboratories. (Witnesses: Panel I: Mr. Edward J. Curran and Mr. Notra Trulock III. Panel II: Ms. Elizabeth A. Molar. Panel III: Mr. John E. Bloodsworth and Dr. Paul Richanbach. Panel IV: Mr. Charles B. Curtis.). Open. Printed.

April 15, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on United States policy regarding Kosovo, and a revised Strategic Concept for NATO. (Witnesses: Honorable William S. Cohen and General Henry H. Shelton, USA). Open. Printed.

April 20, 1999

Committee met to receive a briefing on current military operations. (Witnesses: Vice Admiral Scott A. Fry, USN; Rear Admiral Thomas R. Wilson, USN; and a representative from the Strategic Plans and Policy Directorate, Office of the Joint Chiefs of Staff). Closed; not printed.

April 22, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on worldwide threats to United States national security interests. (Witness: Honorable Henry A. Kissinger). Open. Printed.

May 20, 1999

Committee and Members of the Foreign Relations Committee and Defense Appropriations Subcommittee met informally with The Right Honorable Robin Cook, M.P., British Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs, to discuss the situation in Kosovo. Executive; not recorded.

June 9, 1999

Committee met to receive a briefing from Dr. William J. Perry, former Secretary of Defense, on a recent trip to North Korea. Executive; not recorded.

June 15, 1999

Committee met to receive a briefing on current operations in Kosovo. (Witnesses: Honorable Strobe Talbott; Vice Admiral Scott A. Fry, USN; and Vice Admiral Thomas R. Wilson, USN). Closed; not recorded.

June 22, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on the report by the Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board to the President entitled, Science at its Best; Security at its Worst: A Report on Security Problems at the U.S. Department of Energy. (Witnesses: Honorable William B. Richardson and Honorable Warren B. Rudman). Open. Printed. (Joint Hearing with the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, Committee on Governmental Affairs, and the Select Committee on Intelligence).

June 23, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on recommendations to reorganize Department of Energy National Security Programs in response to espionage threats. (Witnesses: Panel I: Honorable Pete V. Domenici and Honorable Jon Kyl. Panel II: Honorable William B. Richardson. Panel III: Admiral Henry G. Chiles, Jr., USN (Ret.) and Dr. Sidney D. Drell). Open. Printed.

July 1, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on military operations regarding Kosovo. (Witness: General Wesley K. Clark, USA). Open. Printed.

July 20, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on U.S. policy and military operations regarding Kosovo. (Witnesses: Honorable William S. Cohen and General Henry H. Shelton, USA). Open. Printed.

August 5, 1999

Committee met to receive a briefing on the F-22 aircraft. (Witnesses: General Lester L. Lyles, USAF and Lieutenant General Gregory S. Martin, USAF). Closed; not recorded.

September 14, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony concerning the sinking of the U.S.S. *Indianapolis* and the subsequent court-martial of Rear Admiral Charles B. McVay III, USN. (Witnesses: Panel I: Mr. Hunter Scott; Mr. Paul J. Murphy; Mr. Harlan M. Twible; and Mr. Dan Kurzman; Panel II: Admiral Donald L. Pilling, USN; Rear Admiral John D. Hutson, USN; and Dr. William S. Dudley). Open. Printed.

September 23, 1999

Committee met to receive a briefing on current military operations. (Witnesses: Vice Admiral Scott A Fry, USN; Rear Admiral Lowell E. Jacoby, USN; and Major General Charles F. Wald, USAF). Closed; not printed.

September 23, 1999

Committee met informally with Members of the Russian Federation Council and Russian Duma. Executive; not recorded.

October 5, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony from Department of Energy and Intelligence Community witnesses on military implications of the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty. Closed; not printed.

October 6, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on the national security implications of the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty. (Witnesses: Panel I: Honorable William S. Cohen; General Henry H. Shelton, USA. Panel II: Honorable James R. Schlesinger. Panel III: General John M. Shalikashvili, USA (Ret.)). Open. Printed.

October 7, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on the ability of the Stockpile Stewardship Program to adequately verify the safety and reliability of the U.S. nuclear deterrent under a Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty. (Witnesses: Panel I: Honorable Bill Richardson; Dr. C. Paul Robinson; Dr. C. Bruce Tarter; and Dr. John C. Browne. Panel II: Dr. Robert R. Barker; Dr. John Foster; Dr. Kathleen C. Bailey; Admiral Henry G. Chiles, Jr., USN (Ret.); and Dr. Sidney D. Drell). Open. Printed.

October 14, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on the lessons learned from the military operations conducted as part of Operation Allied Force, and associated relief operations, with respect to Kosovo. (Witnesses: Honorable William S. Cohen and General Henry H. Shelton, USA). Open and Closed. Open portion printed.

October 19, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on future Naval operations at the Atlantic Fleet Weapons Training Facility. (Witnesses: Panel I: Members of the Special Presidential Panel on Military Operations on Vieques: Mr. Francis M. Rush, Jr.; Honorable Lee H. Hamilton; Vice Admiral Diego E. Hernandez, USN (Ret.) and General Richard I. Neal, USMC (Ret.); Panel II: Honorable Richard Danzig; Admiral Jay L. Johnson, USN; General James L. Jones, Jr., USMC. Panel III: Governor Pedro Rosello; Honorable Carlos Romero-Barcelo; and Honorable Anibal Acevedo-Vila). Open. Printed.

October 21, 1999

Committee met to continue to receive testimony on the lessons learned from the military operations conducted as part of Operation Allied Force, and associated relief operations, with respect to Kosovo. (Witnesses: General Wesley K. Clark, USA; Admiral James O. Ellis, Jr., USN; and Lieutenant General Michael C. Short, USAF). Open and Closed. Open portion printed.

October 21, 1999

Committee met informally with Members of the British House of Commons Defense Committee to discuss issues of mutual concern, including Kosovo. Executive; not recorded.

October 22, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on the security of the Panama Canal. (Witnesses: Panel I: Honorable Dana Rohrabacher, United States Congressman, California and Honorable Bob Barr, United States Congressman, Georgia. Panel II: Honorable Brian E. Sheridan; Honorable Alberto Aleman Zubieta; General Charles E. Wilhelm, USMC; Mr. Joseph W. Cornelison and Ambassador Lino Gutierrez. Panel III: Honorable Caspar W. Weinberger). Open and Closed. Open portion printed.

October 26, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on the status of U.S. military forces. (Witnesses: General Henry H. Shelton, USA; General Eric K. Shinseki, USA; Admiral Jay L. Johnson, USN; General James L. Jones, USMC; and General Michael E. Ryan, USAF). Open. Printed.

October 28, 1999

Committee met to receive testimony on U.S. national security implications of the 1999 NATO Strategic Concept. (Witnesses: Panel I: Honorable Lawrence S. Eagleburger. Panel II: Honorable Walter B. Slocombe; Honorable Marc Grossman; and Lieutenant General Edward G. Anderson III, USA). Open. Printed.

November 3, 1999

Committee met to continue to receive testimony on the lessons learned from the military operations conducted as part of Operation Allied force, and associated relief operations, with respect to Kosovo. (Witnesses: General Klaus Naumann, Ret.,

Bundeswehr, Former Chairman of the NATO Military Committee). Open. Printed.

November 9, 1999

Committee met to consider certain pending military nominations. Executive; not printed.

January 26, 2000

Committee met informally with Right Honorable Sir Geoffrey Hoon, British Secretary of State for Defence. Executive; not recorded.

February 2, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on the situation in Bosnia and Kosovo. (Witness: General Wesley K. Clark, USA). Open and Closed. Open portion printed.

February 3, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on current and future worldwide threats to the national security of the United States. (Witnesses: Honorable George J. Tenet and Vice Admiral Thomas R. Wilson, USN). Open and Closed. Open portion printed.

February 10, 2000

Committee met informally with The Right Honorable Robin Cook, M.P., British Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs. Executive; not recorded.

February 22, 2000

Committee met informally with Honorable Alain Richard, the French Minister of Defense. Executive; not recorded.

February 23, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony regarding the situation in Kosovo. (Witnesses: Honorable Walter B. Slocombe; Vice Admiral Scott A. Fry, USN; and Rear Admiral Lowell E. Jacoby, USN). Closed; not printed.

February 28, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on the national security implications of export controls and to examine S. 1712, The Export Administration Act of 1999. (Witnesses: Panel I: Honorable Michael B. Enzi and Honorable Tim Johnson. Panel II: Honorable John J. Hamre. Panel III: Mr. Donald Mancuso; Mr. Harold J. Johnson; and Mr. John W. Douglass). Open. Printed.

March 23, 2000

Committee met to continue to receive testimony on the national security implications of export controls and to examine S. 1712, The Export Administration Act of 1999. (Witnesses: Mr. Donald Mancuso; Mr. Harold J. Johnson; Mr. John W. Douglass; and Mr. Gary L. Milhollin). Open. Printed.

March 28, 2000

Committee met to receive a briefing from the Central Intelligence Agency and the Defense Intelligence Agency on the impact of drug trafficking on the security of Colombia and neighboring countries of the Andean Ridge. Closed; not printed.

April 4, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on United States support for counter-narcotics activities in the Andean Ridge and neighboring countries, and the impact of narco-trafficking on the stability of the region. (Witnesses: Panel I: Honorable Brian E. Sheridan; Honorable Rand Beers; General Charles E. Wilhelm, USMC; and Mr. Peter F. Romero. Panel II: His Excellency Luis Alberto Moreno, Ambassador of the Republic of Colombia to the United States and His Excellency Guillermo A. Ford, Ambassador of the Republic of Panama to the United States). Open. Printed.

April 6, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on procedures and standards for the granting of security clearances at the Department of Defense. (Witnesses: Panel I: Honorable Tom Harkin. Panel II: Ms. Carol R. Schuster and Mr. Donald Mancuso. Panel III: Lieutenant General Charles J. Cunningham, USAF (Ret.); Mr. Harold J. Kwalwasser; and Mr. J. William Leonard). Open. Printed.

April 13, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony in review of the Department of Defense Anthrax Vaccine Immunization Program. (Witnesses: Panel I: Rear Admiral Lowell E. Jacoby, USN. Panel II: Honorable Rudy de Leon; Honorable David R. Oliver; Lieutenant General Ronald R. Blanck, USA; Major General Randall L. West, USMC; and Ms. Carol R. Schuster). Open. Printed.

May 17, 2000

Committee met informally with Members of the Russian Defense Committee of the Russian Duma. Executive; not recorded.

May 23, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on U.S. strategic nuclear force requirements. (Witnesses: Honorable Walter B. Slocombe; General Henry H. Shelton, USA; General Eric K. Shinseki, USA; Admiral Jay L. Johnson, USN; General James L. Jones, Jr., USMC; General Michael E. Ryan, USAF; and Admiral Richard W. Mies, USN). Open and Closed. Open portion printed.

June 21, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on security failures at Los Alamos National Laboratory. (Witnesses: Honorable William B. Richardson; Dr. John C. Browne; Mr. Edward J. Curran; and General Eugene E. Habiger, USAF (Ret.)). Open and Closed. Open portion printed.

June 29, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on the Report of the National Missile Defense Independent Review Team. (Witnesses: Lieutenant General Ronald T. Kadish, USAF and General Larry R. Welch, USAF (Ret.)). Open and Closed. Open portion printed.

July 12, 2000

Committee met to continue to receive testimony in review of the Department of Defense Anthrax Vaccine Immunization Program. (Witnesses: Honorable Rudy de Leon; Rear Admiral J. Jarrett Clinton, USPHS; Major General Randall L. West, USMC; Honorable David R. Oliver; Dr. Anna Johnson-Winegar; Mr. Robert J. Lieberman; and Dr. Kathryn C. Zoon). Open. Printed.

July 20, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on the situation in Iraq and U.S. military operations in and around Iraq. (Witnesses: Vice Admiral Scott A. Fry, USN; Rear Admiral Lowell E. Jacoby, USN; and Mr. Bruce Pease). Closed; not printed.

July 25, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on the National Missile Defense Program. (Witness: Honorable William S. Cohen). Open. Printed.

September 19, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on U.S. policy toward Iraq. (Witnesses: Honorable Walter B. Slocombe; Ambassador Edward S. Walker, Jr.; and General Tommy R. Franks, USA). Open. Printed.

September 20, 2000

Committee and Members of the Foreign Relations Committee met informally with the Prime Minister of Italy, the Honorable Giuliano Amato. Executive; not recorded.

September 27, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on the status of U.S. military readiness. (Witnesses: General Henry H. Shelton, USA; General Eric K. Shinseki, USA; Admiral Vernon E. Clark, USN; General James L. Jones, USMC; and General Michael E. Ryan, USAF). Open. Printed.

September 28, 2000

Committee met to continue to receive testimony on U.S. policy toward Iraq. (Witnesses: General Anthony C. Zinni, USMC, Ret.; Ambassador Richard Butler; and Honorable Richard N. Perle). Open. Printed.

October 12, 2000

Committee met to receive a briefing on the U.S.S. *Cole*. (Witnesses: Honorable Walter B. Slocombe; Lieutenant General Gregory S. Newbold, USMC; and Brigadier General Paul J. Lebras, USAF). Closed; not recorded.

October 19, 2000

Committee met to receive testimony on issues related to the attack on the U.S.S. *Cole*. (Witness: General Anthony C. Zinni, USMC (Ret.)). Open. Printed.

October 19, 2000

Committee met to receive a briefing on the status of the investigation into the attack of the U.S.S. *Cole*. (Witnesses: Representatives from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Naval Criminal Investigative Service). Closed; not recorded.

October 20, 2000

Committee met to continue to receive testimony on issues related to the attack on the U.S.S. *Cole*. (Witnesses: Representatives from the Intelligence Community). Closed; not printed.

October 25, 2000

Committee met to continue to receive testimony on issues related to the attack on the U.S.S. *Cole*. (Witnesses: Honorable Walter B. Slocombe; Honorable Edward S. Walker, Jr.; and General Tommy R. Franks, USA). Open. Printed. (Witnesses: Honorable Walter B. Slocombe; Honorable Edward S. Walker, Jr.; Admiral Vernon E. Clark, USN; General Tommy R. Franks, USA; Admiral Thomas R. Wilson, USN and representatives from the Intelligence Community). Closed; not printed.

December 7, 2000

Committee met to receive a briefing on global developments and worldwide threats from the Central Intelligence Agency. Closed; not printed.

ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE STAFF

Romie L. Brownlee, Staff Director
David S. Lyles, Staff Director for the Minority
Charles S. Abell, Professional Staff Member
Charles W. Alsup, Professional Staff Member
Judith A. Ansley, Deputy Staff Director
John R. Barnes, Professional Staff Member
Beth Ann Barozie, Staff Assistant
Courtney A. Burke, Special Assistant
Christine E. Cowart, Admin. Assist. to the Minority
Daniel J. Cox, Jr., Professional Staff Member
Richard D. DeBobes, Minority Counsel
Marie Fabrizio Dickinson, Chief Clerk
Edward H. Edens IV, Professional Staff Member
Pamela L. Farrell, Professional Staff Member
Richard W. Fieldhouse, Professional Staff Member
Kristi M. Freddo, Receptionist
Creighton Greene, Professional Staff Member
William C. Greenwalt, Professional Staff Member
Gary M. Hall, Professional Staff Member
Mary Alice A. Hayward, Professional Staff Member
Shekinah Z. Hill, Staff Assistant
Cristina H. Hinkle, Staff Assistant
Larry J. Hoag, Printing and Documents Clerk
Lawrence J. Lanzillotta, Professional Staff Member
George W. Lauffer, Professional Staff Member
Gerald J. Leeling, Minority Counsel
Peter K. Levine, Minority Counsel
Paul M. Longsworth, Professional Staff Member
Thomas L. MacKenzie, Professional Staff Member
Michael J. McCord, Professional Staff Member
Ann M. Mittermeyer, Assistant Counsel
Thomas C. Moore, Staff Assistant
Jennifer L. Naccari, Staff Assistant
Elisabeth J. O'Beirne, Staff Assistant
Cindy Pearson, Security Manager
Suzanne K. L. Ross, Staff Assistant
Anita H. Rouse, Deputy Chief Clerk
Joseph T. Sixeas, Professional Staff Member
Cord A. Sterling, Professional Staff Member
Scott W. Stucky, General Counsel
Eric H. Thoemmes, Professional Staff Member
Michele A. Traficante, Staff Assistant
Roslyne D. Turner, Office/Systems Administrator

Appointments: Judith A. Ansley appointed January 12, 1999. Edward H. Edens IV appointed January 12, 1999. Joseph T. Sixeas appointed January 12, 1999. Todd L. Payne appointed February 10, 1999. Ilana Kass appointed March 1, 1999. William C. Greenwalt appointed March 5, 1999. Thomas L. MacKenzie appointed March 9, 1999. Anita H. Rouse appointed March 22, 1999. Joan V. Grimson appointed April 12, 1999. Michele A. Traficante appointed April 21, 1999. David P. Nunley appointed June 28, 1999. Thomas C. Moore appointed July 21, 1999. Madeline N. Stewart appointed July 23, 1999. Kristin A. Dowley appointed July 29, 1999. Shekinah Z. Hill appointed July 29, 1999. Jennifer L. Naccari appointed November 1, 1999. Suzanne K. L. Ross appointed November 15, 1999. Charles W. Alsup appointed December 1, 1999. Mary Alice A. Hayward appointed January 10, 2000. Courtney A. Burke appointed February 14, 2000. Beth Ann Barozie appointed April 3, 2000. Eric M. Thorson appointed June 13, 2000. Kristi M. Freddo appointed August 28, 2000. Cristina H. Hinkle appointed September 7, 2000. Elisabeth J. O'Beirne appointed September 25, 2000.

Resignations: Lucia M. Chavez, Professional Staff Member, resigned January 16, 1999. John DeCrosta, Communications Director, resigned January 12, 1999. Melinda M. Koutsoumpas, Chief Clerk, resigned January 16, 1999. John H. Miller, Professional Staff Member, resigned January 16, 1999. Jonathan L. Etherton, Professional Staff Member, resigned February 28, 1999. Stephen L. Madey, Jr., Professional Staff Member, resigned February 28, 1999. J. Reaves McLeod, Staff Assistant, resigned March 11, 1999. Ilana Kass, Professional Staff Member, resigned March 24, 1999. Henry C. Leventis, Staff Assistant, resigned May 3, 1999. Philip M. Bridwell, Receptionist, resigned May 21, 1999. Stuart H. Cain, Staff Assistant, resigned July 7, 1999. Todd L. Payne, Special Assistant, resigned July 16, 1999. D. Banks Willis, Staff Assistant, resigned July 21, 1999. Keaveny A. Donovan, Staff Assistant, resigned August 4, 1999. Maria A. Finley, Special Assistant, resigned September 17, 1999. Andrew W. Johnson, Professional Staff Member, resigned November 3, 1999. Joan V. Grimson, Counsel, resigned November 14, 1999. Shawn H. Edwards, Staff Assistant, resigned March 15, 2000. Madelyn R. Creedon, Minority Counsel, resigned July 16, 2000. Madeline N. Stewart, Staff Assistant, resigned July 28, 2000. Kristin A. Dowley, Staff Assistant, resigned August 20, 2000. Sharen E. Reaves, Staff Assistant, resigned August 20, 2000. Eric M. Thorson, Professional Staff Member, resigned September 10, 2000. David P. Nunley, Staff Assistant, resigned September 29, 2000. Mickie Jan Gordon, Staff Assistant, resigned November 30, 2000.

Title Changes: Marie Fabrizio Dickinson from Deputy Chief Clerk to Chief Clerk, effective January 11, 1999. George W. Lauffer from Deputy Staff Director to Professional Staff Member, effective January 12, 1999. Maria A. Finley from Staff Assistant to Special Assistant, effective April 9, 1999. David P. Nunley, from Receptionist to Staff Assistant, effective July 16, 1999. Christine E. Cowart from Special Assistant to Administrative Assistant to the Minority, effective October 16, 1999. Madeline N. Stewart, from Receptionist to Staff Assistant, effective November 1, 1999. Roslyne D. Turner from Systems Administrator to Office/Systems Administrator, effective February 1, 2000. Jennifer L. Naccari from Receptionist to Staff Assistant, effective August 28, 2000.

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES RULES OF PROCEDURE

(Adopted March 25, 1999)

1. *Regular Meeting Day.* The Committee shall meet at least once a month when Congress is in session. The regular meeting days of the Committee shall be Tuesday and Thursday, unless the Chairman directs otherwise.

2. *Additional Meetings.* The chairman may call such additional meetings as he deems necessary.

3. *Special Meetings.* Special meetings of the committee may be called by a majority of the members of the committee in accordance with paragraph 3 of Rule XXVI of the Standing Rules of the Senate.

4. *Open Meetings.* Each meeting of the committee, or any subcommittee thereof, including meetings to conduct hearings, shall be open to the public, except that a meeting or series of meetings by the committee or a subcommittee thereof on the same subject for a period of no more than fourteen (14) calendar days may be closed to the public on a motion made and seconded to go into closed session to discuss only whether the matters enumerated below in clauses (a) through (f) would require the meeting to be closed, followed immediately by a record vote in open session by a majority of the members of the committee or subcommittee when it is determined that the matters to be discussed or the testimony to be taken at such meeting or meetings—

(a) will disclose matters necessary to be kept secret in the interests of national defense or the confidential conduct of the foreign relations of the United States;

(b) will relate solely to matters of committee staff personnel or internal staff management or procedure;

(c) will tend to charge an individual with a crime or misconduct, to disgrace or injure the professional standing of an individual, or otherwise to expose an individual to public contempt or obloquy or will represent a clearly unwarranted invasion of the privacy of an individual;

(d) will disclose the identity of any informer or law enforcement agent or will disclose any information relating to the investigation or prosecution of a criminal offense that is required to be kept secret in the interests of effective law enforcement;

(e) will disclose information relating to the trade secrets or financial or commercial information pertaining specifically to a given person if—

(1) an Act of Congress requires the information to be kept confidential by Government officers and employees; or

(2) the information has been obtained by the Government on a confidential basis, other than through an appli-

cation by such person for a specific Government financial or other benefit, and is required to be kept secret in order to prevent undue injury to the competitive position of such person; or

(f) may divulge matters required to be kept confidential under other provisions of law or Government regulations.

5. *Presiding Officer.* The chairman shall preside at all meetings and hearings of the committee except that in his absence the ranking majority member present at the meeting or hearing shall preside unless by majority vote the committee provides otherwise.

6. *Quorum.* (a) A majority of the members of the committee are required to be actually present to report a matter or measure from the committee. (See Standing Rules of the Senate 26.7(a)(1).

(b) Except as provided in subsections (a) and (c), and other than for the conduct of hearings, six members of the committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of such business as may be considered by the committee.

(c) Three members of the committee, one of whom shall be a member of the minority party, shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of taking sworn testimony, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the full committee.

(d) Proxy votes may not be considered for the purpose of establishing a quorum.

7. *Proxy Voting.* Proxy voting shall be allowed on all measures and matters before the committee. The vote by proxy of any member of the committee may be counted for the purpose of reporting any measure or matter to the Senate if the absent member casting such vote has been informed of the matter on which he is being recorded and has affirmatively requested that he be so recorded. Proxy must be given in writing.

8. *Announcement of Votes.* The results of all roll call votes taken in any meeting of the committee on any measure, or amendment thereto, shall be announced in the committee report, unless previously announced by the committee. The announcement shall include a tabulation of the votes cast in favor and votes cast in opposition to each such measure and amendment by each member of the committee who was present at such meeting. The chairman may hold open a roll call vote on any measure or matter which is before the committee until no later than midnight of the day on which the committee votes on such measure or matter.

9. *Subpoenas.* Subpoenas for attendance of witnesses and for the production of memoranda, documents, records, and the like may be issued by the chairman or any other member designated by him, but only when authorized by a majority of the members of the committee. The subpoena shall briefly state the matter to which the witness is expected to testify or the documents to be produced.

10. *Hearings.* (a) Public notice shall be given of the date, place, and subject matter of any hearing to be held by the committee, or any subcommittee thereof, at least 1 week in advance of such hearing, unless the committee or subcommittee determines that good cause exists for beginning such hearings at an earlier time.

(b) Hearings may be initiated only by the specified authorization of the committee or subcommittee.

(c) Hearings shall be held only in the District of Columbia unless specifically authorized to be held elsewhere by a majority vote of the committee or subcommittee conducting such hearings.

(d) Witnesses appearing before the committee shall file with the clerk of the committee a written statement of their proposed testimony prior to the hearing at which they are to appear unless the chairman and the ranking minority member determine that there is good cause not to file such a statement. Witnesses testifying on behalf of the Administration shall furnish an additional 50 copies of their statement to the Committee. All statements must be received by the Committee at least 48 hours (not including weekends or holidays) before the hearing.

(e) Confidential testimony taken or confidential material presented in a closed hearing of the committee or subcommittee or any report of the proceedings of such hearing shall not be made public in whole or in part or by way of summary unless authorized by a majority vote of the committee or subcommittee.

(f) Any witness summoned to give testimony or evidence at a public or closed hearing of the committee or subcommittee may be accompanied by counsel of his own choosing who shall be permitted at all times during such hearing to advise such witness of his legal rights.

(g) Witnesses providing unsworn testimony to the committee may be given a transcript of such testimony for the purpose of making minor grammatical corrections. Such witnesses will not, however, be permitted to alter the substance of their testimony. Any question involving such corrections shall be decided by the chairman.

11. *Nominations.* Unless otherwise ordered by the committee, nominations referred to the committee shall be held for at least seven (7) days before being voted on by the committee. Each member of the committee shall be furnished a copy of all nominations referred to the committee.

12. *Real Property Transactions.* Each member of the committee shall be furnished with a copy of the proposals of the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, submitted pursuant to 10 U.S.C. 2662 and with a copy of the proposals of the Director of the Federal Emergency Management Agency, submitted pursuant to 50 U.S.C. App. 2285, regarding the proposed acquisition or disposition of property of an estimated price or rental of more than \$50,000. Any member of the committee objecting to or requesting information on a proposed acquisition or disposal shall communicate his objection or request to the chairman of the committee within thirty (30) days from the date of submission.

13. *Legislative Calendar.* (a) The clerk of the committee shall keep a printed calendar for the information of each committee member showing the bills introduced and referred to the committee and the status of such bills. Such calendar shall be revised from time to time to show pertinent changes in such bills, the current status thereof, and new bills introduced and referred to the committee. A copy of each new revision shall be furnished to each member of the committee.

(b) Unless otherwise ordered, measures referred to the committee shall be referred by the clerk of the committee to the appropriate department or agency of the Government for reports thereon.

14. Except as otherwise specified herein, the Standing Rules of the Senate shall govern the actions of the committee. Each subcommittee of the committee is part of the committee, and is therefore subject to the committee's rules so far as applicable.

15. *Powers and Duties of Subcommittees.* Each subcommittee is authorized to meet, hold hearings, receive evidence, and report to the full committee on all matters referred to it. Subcommittee chairmen shall set dates for hearings and meetings of their respective subcommittees after consultation with the chairman and other subcommittee chairmen with a view toward avoiding simultaneous scheduling of full committee and subcommittee meetings or hearings whenever possible.

PUBLICATIONS

106th Congress—1st Session

Hearings

1. U.S. Government Policies and Programs to Combat Terrorism. (S. Hrg. 106-464) March 9, 1999; pages 1-49.
2. Review of Alleged Chinese Espionage at Department of Energy Laboratories. (S. Hrg. 106-460) April 12 and June 23, 1999; pages 1-195.
3. The President's Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board Report on DOE. (S. Hrg. 106-452) (Joint hearing before the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Governmental Affairs, and the Select Committee on Intelligence.) June 22, 1999; pages 1-65.
4. The Sinking of the U.S.S. *Indianapolis* and the Subsequent Court Martial of Rear Adm. Charles B. McVay III, USN. (S. Hrg. 106-378) September 14, 1999; pages 1-150.
5. Vieques and the Future of the Atlantic Fleet Weapons Training Facility. (S. Hrg. 106-419) (Hearings before the Committee on Armed Services and the Subcommittee on Readiness and Management Support.) September 22 and October 19, 1999; pages 1-185.
6. Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty. (S. Hrg. 106-490) October 6 and 7, 1999; pages 1-212.
7. The Force Structure Impacts on Fleet and Strategic Lift Operations. (S. Hrg. 106-375) (Hearing before the Subcommittee on Seapower.) October 13, 1999; pages 1-69.
8. The Efforts of the Military Services in Implementing Joint Experimentation. (S. Hrg. 106-361) (Hearing before the Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities.) October 20, 1999; pages 1-107.
9. Security of the Panama Canal. (S. Hrg. 106-555) October 22, 1999; pages 1-111.
10. Real Property Maintenance Program and the Maintenance of Historic Homes and Senior Officers' Quarters. (S. Hrg. 106-363) (Hearing before the Subcommittee on Readiness and Management Support.) October 26, 1999; pages 1-85.
11. Status of U.S. Military Forces. (S. Hrg. 106-567) October 26, 1999; pages 1-162.
12. Agricultural Biological Weapons Threat to the United States. (S. Hrg. 106-583) (Hearing before the Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities.) October 27, 1999; pages 1-52.
13. U.S. National Security Implications of the 1999 NATO Strategic Concept. (S. Hrg. 106-840) October 28, 1999; pages 1-72.
14. U.S. Policy on Iraq. (S. Hrg. 106-327) January 28, 1999; pages 1-36.

15. Worldwide Threats. (**S. Hrg. 106-436**) February 2 and April 22, 1999; pages 1-109.

16. Review the National Security Ramifications of the Year 2000 Computer Problem. (**S. Hrg. 106-291**) (Hearing before the Subcommittee on Readiness and Management Support.) February 24, 1999; pages 1-93.

17. U.S. Policy and NATO Military Operations in Kosovo. (**S. Hrg. 106-794**) February 25; April 15; July 1, 20; October 14, 21; November 3, 1999; pages 1-486.

18. Department of Defense Authorization for Appropriations for Fiscal Year 2000 and the Future Years Defense Program. (**S. Hrg. 106-116**) Hearings on S. 1059:

Part 1: Status of the U.S. Armed Forces; Military Posture; Service Secretaries; Service Chiefs; Unified Commands; Department of Energy. January 5; February 3; March 2, 4, 16, 18; April 13, 1999; pages 1-642.

Part 2: Seapower. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Seapower.) March 3, 10, 24; April 13, 21, 1999; pages 1-292.

Part 3: Readiness and Management Support. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Readiness and Management Support.) March 10, 17, 18; April 13, 14, 21, 1999; pages 1-718.

Part 4: Airland. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Airland.) March 3, 10, 17, 24, 1999; pages 1-261.

Part 5: Emerging Threats and Capabilities. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities.) March 5, 16, 22, 23; April 20, 27, 1999; pages 1-445.

Part 6: Personnel. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Personnel.) February 24; March 3, 11, 24, 1999; pages 1-643.

Part 7: Strategic. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Strategic.) February 24, 26; March 11, 22; April 14, 1999; pages 1-384.

106th Congress—2nd Session

Hearings

19. Situation in Bosnia and Kosovo. (**S. Hrg. 106-841**) February 2, 2000; pages 1-89.

20. Worldwide Threats. (**S. Hrg. 106-834**) February 3, 2000; pages 1-82.

21. National Security Implications of Export Controls. (**S. 106-816**) February 28 and March 23, 2000; pages 1-107.

22. Counternarcotics Activities. (**S. 106-xxx**) April 4, 2000; pages 1-xxx.

23. Review Procedures and Standards for the Granting of Security Clearances at the Department of Defense. (**S. Hrg. 106-737**) April 6, 2000; pages 1-81.

24. Department of Defense Anthrax Vaccine Immunization Program. (**S. Hrg. 106-886**) April 13 and July 12, 2000; pages 1-244.

25. Department of Defense Anti-Biological Warfare Agent Vaccine Acquisition Program. (**S. Hrg. 106-xxx**) (Hearing before the Subcommittee on Personnel.) April 14, 2000; pages 1-xxx.

26. U.S. Strategic Nuclear Force Requirements. (**S. 106-738**) May 23, 2000; pages 1-46.

27. Department of Energy Laboratories Security Failures at Los Alamos. (**S. Hrg. 106-xxx**) June 21, 2000; pages 1-xxx.

28. National Missile Defense. (S. Hrg. 106-938) June 29 and July 25, 2000; pages 1-158.

29. U.S. Policy Toward Iraq. (S. Hrg. 106-xxx) September 19 and 28, 2000; pages 1-xxx.

30. Status of U.S. Military Readiness. (S. Hrg. 106-xxx) September 27, 2000; pages 1-xxx.

31. Attack on the U.S.S. *Cole*. (S. Hrg. 106-xxx) October 19 and 25, 2000; pages 1-xxx.

32. Department of Defense Authorization for Appropriations for Fiscal Year 2001 and the Future Years Defense Program. (S. Hrg. 106-609) Hearings on S. 2549:

Part 1: Status of the U.S. Armed Forces; Military Posture; Service Secretaries; Service Chiefs; Unified Commands; Department of Energy. February 8, 10, 29; March 1, 7, 9, 2000; pages 1-739.

Part 2: Seapower. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Seapower.) March 2 and 23, 2000; pages 1-187.

Part 3: Readiness and Management Support. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Readiness and Management Support.) March 3, 7, 10; April 26, 2000; pages 1-352.

Part 4: Airland. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Airland.) March 8 and 22, 2000; pages 1-106.

Part 5: Emerging Threats and Capabilities. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Emerging Threats and Capabilities.) March 1, 6, 21, 24; April 4, 2000; pages 1-494.

Part 6: Personnel. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Personnel.) February 24; March 2, 9, 2000; pages 1-492.

Part 7: Strategic. (Hearings before the Subcommittee on Strategic.) February 25, 28, 29; March 8, 2000; pages 1-250.

106th Congress—1st Session

Hearings on Nominations

33. Nominations Before the Senate Armed Services Committee, First Session, 106th Congress. (S. 106-584) March 2; April 27; May 4; June 8; July 21; August 3; September 9; October 27; November 4, 1999; pages 1-571.

Brian E. Sheridan (April 27); Dr. Lawrence J. Delaney (April 27); Dr. Carolyn L. Huntoon (April 27, May 4); Gen. Eric K. Shinseki, USA (June 8); Lt. Gen. James L. Jones, Jr., USMC (June 8); F. Whitten Peters (July 21); Arthur L. Money (July 21); Carol A. DiBattiste (August 3); Charles A. Blanchard (August 3); Gen. Henry H. Shelton, USA (September 9); Gen. Joseph W. Ralston, USAF (October 27); Gen. Richard B. Myers, USAF (October 27); Gen. Thomas A. Schwartz, USA (October 27); Gen. Ralph Eberhart, USAF (October 27); Alphonso Maldon, Jr. (November 4); John K. Veroneau (November 4).

106th Congress—2nd Session

Hearings on Nominations

34. Nominations Before the Senate Armed Services Committee, Second Session, 106th Congress. (S. 106-985) February 8; March

21; April 11; May 16, 24; June 27; July 26; September 6; October 3, 19, 2000; pages 1–511.

Rudy de Leon (March 21); Douglas A. Dworkin (March 21); Bernard D. Rostker (April 11); Gregory R. Dahlberg (April 11); Madelyn R. Creedon (April 11); Adm. Vernon E. Clark, USN (May 16); Gen. John A. Gordon, USAF (May 24); Lt. Gen. Tommy R. Franks, USA (June 27); Lt. Gen. William F. Kernan, USA (June 27); Donald Mancuso (July 26); Roger W. Kallock (July 26); James E. Baker (July 26); Lt. Gen. Peter Pace, USMC (September 6); Lt. Gen. Charles R. Holland, USAF (September 6); Maj. Gen. Robert B. Flow-ers, USA (September 6); Robert B. Pirie, Jr. (October 3).

106th Congress—1st Session

Reports

- 106–1 Report on the Soldiers', Sailors', Airmen's and Marines' Bill of Rights Act of 1999; February 2, 1999; 13 pages.
- 106–4 Report on the National Missile Defense Act of 1999; February 12, 1999; 13 pages.
- 106–50 National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000; May 17 (legislative day, May 14), 1999; 489 pages.

106th Congress—2nd Session

Reports

- 106–292 National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001; May 12, 2000; 473 pages.
- 106–325 Authorizing Appropriations for Fiscal Year 2001 for Intelligence and Intelligence-related Activities of the United States Government, the Community Management Account, and the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability System, and for Other Purposes; June 29, 2000; 9 pages.

INFORMATION ON APPOINTMENT OF BOARDS OF VISITORS TO THE UNITED STATES MILITARY, NAVAL AND AIR FORCE ACADEMIES

Public Law 816 of the 80th Congress, now codified in Title 10, U.S.C., provides a uniform procedure for the appointment of members of the Boards of Visitors of the Military and Naval Academies, and provides that there shall be appointed on or before the last day of every year Boards of Visitors to each of the Academies to be constituted as follows:

Senate:

Chairman of the Armed Services Committee or his designee.

*1 Senator.

**2 members of the Senate Appropriations Committee.

**(To be appointed by the Vice President)*

House:

Chairman of the Armed Services Committee or his designee.

**2 Congressmen.

**2 members of the House Appropriations Committee.

*** (To be appointed by the Speaker of the House)*

Presidential:

6 persons, to serve for a 3-year term, 2 new members appointed each year. Each Board to visit respective Academy once annually.

Boards of Visitors to the:

Military Academy: (Title 10, U.S.C., sec 4355(a).)

1999.—Santorum (Armed Services), Hutchison (Appropriations)

2000.—Santorum (Armed Services), Hutchison (Appropriations)

Naval Academy: (Title 10, U.S.C., sec. 6968(a).)

1999.—McCain (Armed Services), Cochran (Appropriations)

2000.—McCain (Armed Services), Cochran (Appropriations)

Air Force Academy: (Title 10, U.S.C., sec. 9355(a).)

1999.—Allard (Armed Services), Burns (Appropriations)

2000.—Allard (Armed Services), Burns (Appropriations)

