

to be proposed to amendment SA 6776 proposed by Mr. THUNE (for Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Ms. CANTWELL, Mr. SCHMITT, and Mr. COONS)) to the bill S. 4668, to protect the name, image, and likeness rights of, and provide protections for, student athletes and to promote fair competition among intercollegiate athletics, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 6830. Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 6776 proposed by Mr. THUNE (for Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Ms. CANTWELL, Mr. SCHMITT, and Mr. COONS)) to the bill S. 4668, to protect the name, image, and likeness rights of, and provide protections for, student athletes and to promote fair competition among intercollegiate athletics, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title I, add the following:

SEC. 129. DISCLOSURE OF FOREIGN FINANCING OF INTERCOLLEGIATE ATHLETICS.

(a) **DISCLOSURE TO INTERCOLLEGIATE ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—A covered person shall disclose to the relevant intercollegiate athletic association (except in the case of a covered person that is an intercollegiate athletic association) all amounts that exceed \$600 in value received by the covered person relating to intercollegiate athletics from a foreign government, a foreign adversary, a state-owned enterprise, or a sovereign wealth fund.

(2) **DISCLOSURE DEADLINES.**—Disclosures under paragraph (1) shall be made not later than 30 days after—

(A) entering into a relevant transaction or receiving funds, whichever occurs first; or

(B) any material change that would impact a previous disclosure.

(b) **REPORT AND PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than August 1 of each year, each intercollegiate athletic association shall submit to the Secretary of Education, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives a report on—

(A) all disclosures received under subsection (a) during the one-year period preceding the date of the report; and

(B) any amounts received by the intercollegiate athletic association relating to intercollegiate athletics from a foreign government, a foreign adversary, a state-owned enterprise, or a sovereign wealth fund during the one-year period preceding the date of the report.

(2) **PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.**—Each intercollegiate athletic association shall publish on a publicly available website an updated disclosure containing the matter required under paragraph (1) not later than January 31 and July 31 of each year.

(c) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **COVERED PERSON.**—The term “covered person” means—

(A) an institution;

(B) a conference; or

(C) an intercollegiate athletic association.

(2) **FOREIGN ADVERSARY.**—The term “foreign adversary” has the meaning given the term “covered nation” in section 4872 of title 10, United States Code.

(3) **SOVEREIGN WEALTH FUND.**—The term “sovereign wealth fund” means an investment fund, investment vehicle, or investment entity established, owned, controlled, or directed by a foreign government.

SA 6831. Mrs. MOODY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 6776 proposed by Mr. THUNE (for Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Ms. CANTWELL, Mr. SCHMITT, and Mr. COONS)) to the bill S. 4668, to protect the name, image, and likeness rights of, and provide protections for, student athletes and to promote fair competition among intercollegiate athletics, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 150, line 7, strike “19 institutions” and insert “20 institutions”.

SA 6832. Ms. ROSEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 4128, to prohibit Cabinet Members and senior executive political appointees from using taxpayer funds to hire political consulting, advertising, and marketing firms, from expediting competitive open bidding processes to contract for official advertisements, and from using official advertisements for self-promotion; which was referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs; as follows:

On page 5, strike lines 12 through 15, and insert the following:

SEC. 5. PROHIBITION ON SELF-PROMOTION THROUGH OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Neither the President of the United States, the Vice President of the United States, nor a Cabinet Member may use any official advertisement for the primary purpose of self-promotion.

SA 6833. Mr. CRUZ (for himself and Ms. ROSEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 4624, to amend the Professional Boxing Safety Act of 1996 to establish requirements for unified boxing organizations, to further enhance the well-being of professional boxers, and for other purposes; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Muhammad Ali American Boxing Revival Act of 2026”.

SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

The purposes of this Act are—

(1) to provide increased choice and opportunity to professional boxers by allowing a professional boxer to choose to participate in the alternative system offered by a unified boxing organization; and

(2) to further enhance safety precautions that protect the well-being of professional boxers.

SEC. 3. UNIFIED BOXING ORGANIZATIONS.

The Professional Boxing Safety Act of 1996 (15 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.) is amended—

(1) in section 2 (15 U.S.C. 6301)—

(A) by striking paragraph (7) and inserting the following:

“(7) **PHYSICIAN.**—The term ‘physician’ means a doctor of medicine, with a degree of Doctor of Medicine or Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine, who is legally authorized to practice medicine by the State in which the physician performs such function or action.”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(16) **UNIFIED BOXING ORGANIZATION.**—The term ‘unified boxing organization’ means an

association, a league, or a centralized industry organization in the private sector that—

“(A) organizes a professional boxing match in a system in which a boxer under contract with such association, league, or centralized industry organization competes against another such boxer pursuant to unified rules; and

“(B) implements a system for title belts for boxers under contract with such association, league, or centralized industry organization and may rely upon, utilize, or recognize titles and rankings for such boxers from an organization operating independently of such association, league, or centralized industry organization.”;

(2) in section 18(b) (15 U.S.C. 6309(b)), by adding at the end the following:

“(5) **UNIFIED BOXING ORGANIZATIONS.**—(A) Any officer or employee of a unified boxing organization who knowingly violates, or coerces or causes any other person to violate, section 21A shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned for not more than 1 year or fined not more than \$100,000, or both.

“(B) If a violation described in subparagraph (A) occurs in connection with a professional boxing match the gross revenues for which exceed \$2,000,000, the fine imposed under such subparagraph for that violation shall be increased by an additional amount which bears the same ratio to \$100,000 as the amount of such revenues compared to \$2,000,000.”; and

(3) by inserting after section 21 the following:

“SEC. 21A. UNIFIED BOXING ORGANIZATIONS.

“(a) **ALTERNATIVE SYSTEM FOR COMPLIANCE.**—A unified boxing organization shall be considered to be in compliance with the requirements of this Act if the unified boxing organization meets the requirements of section 5 and the conditions of this section with respect to—

“(1) each boxer under contract with the unified boxing organization; and

“(2) each covered match.

“(b) **SAFETY AND INDUSTRY STANDARDS; MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS.**—

“(1) **IN GENERAL.**—A condition of this section is that a unified boxing organization shall meet the requirements of paragraphs (2) and (3) of this subsection, in addition to the requirements of section 5.

“(2) **SPECIAL RULE RELATING TO KNOCKOUTS.**—In the case of a boxer who suffers a knockout during a covered match, a unified boxing organization shall require that, in addition to the examinations required for such boxer under section 5(a)(1)(B)(iii), the boxer shall undergo the applicable examinations described in such section relating to brain health before the boxer may participate in a subsequent covered match.

“(3) **SUPPLEMENTAL PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS FOR BOXERS WHO ARE 40 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—A unified boxing organization shall ensure that a boxer who participates in a covered match at the age of 40 or older has undergone, in addition to the physical examinations required under section 5(a)(1)(B)(iii) and paragraph (2) of this subsection, as applicable, a supplemental physical examination conducted by a licensed physician that affirms the fitness of the boxer to safely participate in a covered match.

“(B) **ELEMENTS.**—A supplemental physical examination under subparagraph (A) shall include each of the following:

“(i) A chest X-ray.

“(ii) A comprehensive metabolic panel blood test.

“(iii) A urinalysis to measure the overall health condition of the boxer.

“(C) FREQUENCY.—The supplemental physical examination to be conducted under subparagraph (A) shall occur not less frequently than annually, except that the chest X-ray required under subparagraph (B)(i) shall occur not less frequently than once every 6 years.

“(C) PROVISION OF MEDICAL CARE DURING COVERED MATCHES.—

“(1) AMBULANCES.—A condition of this section is that a unified boxing organization shall provide, in addition to the ambulance required to be provided by the unified boxing organization under section 5(a)(2), at least 1 additional ambulance to be continuously present on site at a covered match.

“(2) RINGSIDE PHYSICIAN PRESENCE.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—A condition of this section is that a unified boxing organization shall provide, in addition to the licensed physician required to be provided by such unified boxing organization under section 5(a)(3), at least 1 additional licensed physician to be continuously present at ringside during a covered match.

“(B) CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—Beginning on the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this section, each physician required to be provided by a unified boxing organization shall have a certification obtained through a State boxing commission medical board or a certification program administered by the Association of Boxing Commissions in partnership with the Association of Ringside Physicians (or a successor organization).

“(d) SUPPORT SERVICES.—A condition of this section is that, during the period in which a boxer is under contract with a unified boxing organization, the unified boxing organization shall ensure that such boxer has each of the following:

“(1) Access to equipment and facilities for training and rehabilitation at reasonable costs proximate to where the boxer resides.

“(2) In addition to the health insurance provided to the boxer under section 5(a)(4), an insurance policy in effect that provides medical coverage for any injury sustained by the boxer during the period of training for a covered match.

“(3) A medical coordinator assigned to the boxer to assist the boxer with satisfying medical and licensing requirements related to the participation of the boxer in a covered match.

“(e) COMPREHENSIVE ANTI-DOPING PROGRAM.—

“(1) REQUIREMENT.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—A condition of this section is that a unified boxing organization shall have in effect a comprehensive anti-doping program that includes testing, and requirements related to such testing, under this subsection.

“(B) LIST OF PROHIBITED SUBSTANCES AND PENALTIES.—A unified boxing organization shall, on an annual basis, publish, and make available to the public, a list that identifies, with respect to the preceding year—

“(i) each substance tested for under the comprehensive anti-doping program of the unified boxing organization; and

“(ii) each penalty imposed on a boxer under paragraph (6).

“(2) IN-COMPETITION TESTING.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—The unified boxing organization shall ensure that testing is conducted in accordance with paragraph (5) for not fewer than half the boxers participating in each covered match organized by such unified boxing organization for an event.

“(B) TIMING.—Testing required under subparagraph (A) shall—

“(i) occur during the period beginning on the date of a weigh-in for a covered match and ending on the date of the covered match; and

“(ii) determine whether a boxer is positive or negative for each substance prohibited by—

“(I) the boxing commission of the State in which the covered match is held;

“(II) in the case of a covered match held within a reservation, the tribal organization that meets the requirements of section 21 and is responsible for regulating the covered match; or

“(III) in the case of a covered match held in a State without a boxing commission, the commission responsible for regulating the covered match as provided by section 4.

“(3) NO-NOTICE TESTING.—In addition to the testing required under paragraph (2), during the period in which a boxer is under contract with a unified boxing organization, the unified boxing organization may conduct testing, with no advance notice to the boxer and in accordance with paragraph (5), to determine whether such boxer is positive or negative for each substance prohibited by the unified boxing organization.

“(4) SUBSTANCES PROHIBITED BY UNIFIED BOXING ORGANIZATION.—The unified boxing organization shall prohibit each substance prohibited as described in subclause (I) of clause (ii) of section 7(a)(5)(B) (or, if no substance is so prohibited, each substance listed as described in subclause (II) of such clause), except that the unified boxing organization may elect not to test a boxer participating in a covered match for any substance that is not prohibited by the boxing commission of the State in which the covered match is being held or the tribal organization responsible for regulating the covered match.

“(5) ADMINISTRATION OF TESTS.—An independent third party shall conduct the testing under paragraphs (2) and (3), which shall include—

“(A) carrying out each such test;

“(B) determining the result of each such test; and

“(C) reporting a positive result of such a test to—

“(i) the unified boxing organization concerned;

“(ii) the boxing commission of the State in which a covered match is held or the tribal organization responsible for regulating the covered match, as applicable; and

“(iii) the Association of Boxing Commissions.

“(6) PENALTIES.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—A unified boxing organization shall enforce any penalty imposed by, with respect to a positive test result related to the testing conducted under paragraph (2)—

“(i) the boxing commission of the State in which a covered match is held or the tribal organization responsible for regulating the covered match, as applicable; or

“(ii) the Association of Boxing Commissions.

“(B) ASSESSMENT FOR PENALTIES.—In imposing a penalty on a boxer for whom the independent third party reports a positive test result under paragraph (2) or (3), the Association of Boxing Commissions shall consider—

“(i) the seriousness of the positive test result in relation to the participation of the boxer in a covered match; and

“(ii) the degree to which the boxer is at fault for the positive test result.

“(7) CONTRACT REQUIREMENT.—A unified boxing organization shall include in any contract entered into between the unified boxing organization and a boxer regarding participation in covered matches such terms and conditions as may be necessary to require the boxer to submit to testing under this subsection during the period of the contract.

“(f) REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to the requirements described in subsection (e)(7), a contract between a unified boxing organization and a boxer shall meet each of the following requirements:

“(A) The contract shall not prohibit, during the 90 day period ending on the last day of such contract, the boxer from communicating with another unified boxing organization or a promoter, provided that the boxer may not enter into a new agreement before the end of the term of the existing contract.

“(B) The contract shall—

“(i) specify the minimum payment that a boxer would or will receive for participating in a round of a covered match, which shall be at least \$200 per round scheduled; and

“(ii) (I) arrange for such boxer to fight in a minimum of 1 covered match every 6 months; or

“(II) ensure that such boxer is paid an amount that is not less than 10 times the minimum payment for 1 round specified under clause (i), except that this subclause shall not apply if an injury prevents the boxer from fighting and the boxer is collecting insurance for such injury pursuant to subsection (d)(2), the boxer tests positive for a prohibited substance, or the boxer refuses or is otherwise unable to fight for reasons beyond the control of the unified boxing organization, including inability of the boxer to travel or the boxer's failure to maintain relevant licensure.

“(C) Except as specified in paragraph (2), the contract may not exceed 6 years.

“(2) EXCEPTION FOR FIRST PROFESSIONAL AGREEMENT; FREE AGENCY RIGHTS.—A contract between a unified boxing organization and a boxer that constitutes the first professional promotional agreement of the boxer shall not exceed 3 years.

“(3) APPLICATION TO ALL PROMOTIONAL CONTRACTS.—Notwithstanding another provision of law, the protections afforded to boxers under paragraphs (1)(A), (1)(C), and (2) shall apply to any contract between a boxer and a promoter to the same extent as those protections apply to a contract between a boxer and a unified boxing organization.

“(g) BOXING CONDUCT POLICY.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A condition of this section is that a unified boxing organization shall implement and ensure compliance with a comprehensive boxing conduct policy that prohibits a boxer, or any covered individual, who is directly involved with or participates in a covered match from—

“(A) placing a bet or wager, directly or through a third party, on the covered match; and

“(B) sharing nonpublic information with a third party that is material to the performance of a boxer participating in the covered match or the outcome of the match for the purpose of assisting the third party in placing a bet or wager on the covered match.

“(2) COMPLIANCE.—A unified boxing organization shall implement and ensure compliance with procedures for monitoring and enforcing compliance with the boxing conduct policy implemented under paragraph (1) and enforce any suspension or other penalty imposed by a State, territorial, or tribal boxing commission.

“(h) FIREWALL BETWEEN UNIFIED BOXING ORGANIZATIONS AND MANAGERS.—A condition of this section is that no officer or employee of the unified boxing organization, or any representative of the unified boxing organization, may do any of the following:

“(1) Serve as or act as the manager of a boxer, or have any direct or indirect financial interest in the management of a boxer in relation to the participation of the boxer in a covered match.

“(2) Employ, or make a payment to, a manager who represents a boxer who participates in a covered match, except—

“(A) in the case of a boxer who acts as the boxer’s own manager; or

“(B) for any consideration paid by the unified boxing organization to the manager under the contract between the manager and the boxer.

“(3) Receive or request from a boxer a payment related to the ranking of the boxer or the participation of the boxer in a covered match—

“(A) including—

“(i) charging a boxer for participation in a covered match in which the boxer will be challenging a champion or defending a championship; and

“(ii) any portion of an award won by the boxer; and

“(B) excluding reimbursement paid by the boxer to a unified boxing organization for reasonable expenses incurred by the unified boxing organization on behalf of the boxer in relation to the participation of the boxer in a covered match, including any medical expense and travel expense.

“(i) BOXING COMMISSIONS.—

“(1) PROHIBITION.—A condition of this section is that a covered match may not be held, unless compliant with section 4—

“(A) in a State without a boxing commission; or

“(B) within a reservation under the jurisdiction of a tribal organization that does not meet the requirements of section 21.

“(2) JUDGES AND REFEREES.—A condition of this section is that a unified boxing organization shall meet the requirements of section 16.

“(j) FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), a condition of this section is that a unified boxing organization shall be financially responsible for the costs of meeting the requirements of section 5 and the conditions of this section.

“(2) COST OF ANY DEDUCTIBLE.—The cost of any deductible for any health insurance required to be provided by the unified boxing organization for a boxer shall be the financial responsibility of the boxer.

“(k) DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS.—

“(1) COMPLIANCE WITH CURRENT STATE ATHLETIC COMMISSION DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS.—A condition of this section is that for each covered match, a unified boxing organization shall comply with all disclosure requirements that the boxing commission of the State in which the covered match is held or the tribal organization responsible for regulating the covered match has required of promoters.

“(2) DISCLOSURES TO BOXERS.—A unified boxing organization shall disclose to each boxer who participates in a covered match—

“(A) the compensation paid or owed to the boxer for participation in the covered match;

“(B) an itemized statement of any fee, charge, expense, deduction, or other amount assessed against or deducted from compensation otherwise payable to the boxer, including the amount and basis for each such assessment or deduction;

“(C) the final amount of compensation paid to the boxer after application of the amounts described in subparagraph (B); and

“(D) all information provided to the relevant boxing commission or tribal organization under paragraph (1).

“(3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to preempt or limit the authority of any boxing commission of a State or territory, or any tribal organization, to establish or enforce disclosure requirements.

“(l) CONFLICT OF INTEREST.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A condition of this section is that no officer or employee of a unified boxing organization, or any representative of a unified boxing organization, shall contract with or provide any compensation to any member or employee of a boxing commission, any person who administers or enforces State boxing laws, or any member of the Association of Boxing Commissions.

“(2) APPLICATION.—The conditions under paragraph (1) shall not apply to any contract entered into, or any reasonable compensation received, by a boxing commission to supervise or officiate a covered match.

“(3) COMPENSATION DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term ‘compensation’ does not include funds held in escrow for payment to another person in connection with a covered match.

“(m) FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION FILING.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—A condition of this section is that, on the date on which a unified boxing organization intends to claim status as a unified boxing organization for purposes of this section, the unified boxing organization shall submit to the Federal Trade Commission and to the Association of Boxing Commissions information regarding the unified boxing organization, including the following:

“(A) The State in which the unified boxing organization is incorporated.

“(B) The business address of the unified boxing organization.

“(C) The website of the unified boxing organization.

“(2) INFORMATION REGARDING RATINGS.—For any unified boxing organization that implements a system for boxer ratings that such organization controls, manages, or operates, a condition of this section is that the unified boxing organization shall, not later than January 31 of each year, submit to the Federal Trade Commission and the Association of Boxing Commissions—

“(A) a complete description of the ratings criteria and policies of the organization;

“(B) the bylaws of the organization;

“(C) the appeals procedure of the organization for a boxer’s rating, if applicable; and

“(D) a list and business address of the officials of the organization who vote on the ratings of boxers, if applicable.

“(3) INFORMATION REGARDING INDEPENDENT RATINGS ORGANIZATIONS.—Not later than January 31 of each year, any entity that controls, manages, or creates boxer ratings and has a financial tie to a unified boxing organization shall submit to the Federal Trade Commission and the Association of Boxing Commissions—

“(A) a complete description of the ratings criteria and policies of the entity;

“(B) the appeals procedure of the entity for a rating of a boxer, if applicable;

“(C) a list and business address of the officials of the entity who vote on the ratings of boxers, if applicable; and

“(D) an attestation of the financial tie to a unified boxing organization and the name of the unified boxing organization.

“(4) FORMAT; UPDATES.—To meet the condition of this subsection, the unified boxing organization shall—

“(A) provide the information described in paragraph (1) and (2)—

“(i) in writing; and

“(ii) for any document greater than 2 pages in length, in electronic form; and

“(B) promptly notify the Federal Trade Commission and the Association of Boxing Commissions of any material change in the information submitted.

“(5) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—The Federal Trade Commission—

“(A) shall make information received under this subsection available to the public; and

“(B) may assess the unified boxing organization a fee to offset the costs the Commission incurs in processing the information and in making the information available to the public.

“(6) INTERNET ALTERNATIVE.—In lieu of submitting the information described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) to the Federal Trade Commission, a unified boxing organization or entity described in paragraph (3) may provide the information to the public by maintaining an internet website that—

“(A) is readily accessible by the general public using generally available search engines;

“(B) for full access to the information, does not require a password or payment of a fee;

“(C) contains the information in a format that is easy to search and use; and

“(D) is updated when there is a material change in the information.

“(n) RELATIONSHIP WITH STATE LAW.—Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit a State from adopting or enforcing—

“(1) supplemental laws or regulations not inconsistent with this section; or

“(2) criminal, civil, or administrative fines for violations of such laws or regulations.

“(o) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term ‘covered individual’, with respect to a boxer who participates in a covered match, means any of the following:

“(A) An adult living in the same household as the boxer.

“(B) A coach, manager, or athletic trainer of the boxer.

“(C) A physician or other medical professional who provides services to the boxer.

“(D) An employee, officer, or director of the unified boxing organization concerned.

“(E) An agent of any such person who is directly involved with or participates in a covered match.

“(2) COVERED MATCH.—The term ‘covered match’ means a professional boxing match organized by a unified boxing organization.

“(3) FIRST PROFESSIONAL PROMOTIONAL AGREEMENT.—The term ‘first professional promotional agreement’ means the initial contract entered into between a boxer and a unified boxing organization, if the boxer has not previously been a party to any promotional agreement with any promoter or unified boxing organization in connection with participation in a professional boxing match.

“(4) RESERVATION; TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.—The terms ‘reservation’ and ‘tribal organization’ have the meanings given those terms in section 21.”

SEC. 4. BOXING INDUSTRY STANDARDS.

(a) BOXER SAFETY AND INDUSTRY STANDARDS.—Section 5 of the Professional Boxing Safety Act of 1996 (15 U.S.C. 6304) is amended—

(1) in the section heading, by inserting “AND INDUSTRY” after “SAFETY”;

(2) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—

(A) by striking “No person” and inserting the following:

“(a) HEALTH AND SAFETY OF BOXERS.—No person”; and

(B) by inserting “, at a minimum,” after “that provides”;

(3) in subsection (a), as so designated—

(A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:

“(1) PHYSICAL EXAMINATION.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—A physical examination of each boxer by a physician certifying whether or not the boxer is physically fit to safely compete, copies of which shall be provided to the boxing commission by such physician.

“(B) MINIMAL MEDICAL REQUIREMENTS.—
“(i) IN GENERAL.—A physician may certify as required under subparagraph (A) only if the examinations described in clause (iii) are conducted, which examinations shall be

valid only for the amount of time prior to a match indicated in such table.
“(ii) VALIDITY.—No examination shall be valid unless it is conducted by a physician, in person, and includes a written opinion that the result of such examination does not

contraindicate that a boxer is able to compete safely.
“(iii) REQUIRED EXAMINATIONS.—The examinations described in this clause are those set forth in the following table:

Required examinations	Validity
Complete physical examination, including blood work	1 year
Dilated eye examination	1 year
Heart examinations (Electrocardiogram, and for a boxer age 40 or older, a stress test)	1 year
Antibody tests (Negative Human Immunodeficiency Virus antibody, Hepatitis B antigen, and Hepatitis C antibody)	6 months
Brain health examinations (For a boxer age 40 or older, a magnetic resonance image (MRI) scan and a magnetic resonance angiography (MRA) of the brain; for a boxer under age 40, an MRI of the brain or neurologic examination conducted by a neurologist)	1 year
In the case of a female fighter, a pregnancy test	14 days”;

(B) in paragraph (2)—
(i) by striking “Except” and inserting “AMBULANCE; EQUIPMENT.—Except”; and
(ii) by striking “an ambulance or medical personnel” and inserting “an ambulance and medical personnel”;
(C) by amending paragraph (3) to read as follows:
“(3) PHYSICIAN.—A physician continuously present at ringside who, beginning on the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of the Muhammad Ali American Boxing Revival Act of 2026, shall have a certification obtained through a State boxing commission, medical board, or a certification program administered by the Association of Boxing Commissions in partnership with the Association of Ringside Physicians, or any successor organization.”; and
(D) by amending paragraph (4) to read as follows:
“(4) INSURANCE.—For each boxer, health insurance that—
“(A) provides a minimum of \$50,000 in medical coverage for any injuries sustained in the match and \$15,000 in accidental death coverage for any fatality arising from such match; and
“(B) with respect to any premium, is not the financial responsibility of the boxer.”; and
(4) by adding at the end the following:
“(b) MINIMUM PAYMENT TO BOXERS.—A promoter or unified boxing organization shall pay a minimum of \$200 to each boxer for each round in a match in which the boxer participates.”.
(b) REVIEW.—Section 7(a) of the Professional Boxing Safety Act of 1996 (15 U.S.C. 6306(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
“(5) Procedures to ensure that—
“(A) drug tests are administered—
“(i) for any title match; and
“(ii) at random for all other matches; and
“(B) such drug tests screen, at a minimum, for—
“(i) if the boxing commission with jurisdiction over the match (or the tribal organization (as defined in section 21) that is regulating the match) prohibits the use of one or more substances, each substance so prohibited; or
“(ii) if no substance is prohibited as described in clause (i)—
“(I) each substance prohibited by the Association of Boxing Commissions; or
“(II) if no substance is prohibited as described in subclause (I), each substance listed in the most current edition of ‘The World Anti-Doping Code, The Prohibited List International Standard’ of the World Anti-Doping Agency.”.

(c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Paragraphs (1) and (3) of section 21(a) of the Professional Boxing Safety Act of 1996 (15 U.S.C. 6312(a)) are amended by striking “25 U.S.C. 450b” and inserting “25 U.S.C. 5304”.
SEC. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE AND APPLICATION.
The amendments made by this Act shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and shall apply with respect to professional boxing matches that take place on or after the date that is 180 days after such date of enactment.
SA 6834. Mr. HUSTED (for Mr. HOEVEN (for himself and Ms. DUCKWORTH)) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 3257, to require the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration to revise regulations for certain individuals carrying out aviation activities who disclose a mental health diagnosis or condition, and for other purposes; as follows:
Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:
SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
This Act may be cited as the “John A. Hauser Mental Health in Aviation Act”.
SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
In this Act:
(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration.
(2) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term “appropriate committees of Congress” means—
(A) the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives; and
(B) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.
(3) FAA.—The term “FAA” means the Federal Aviation Administration.
(4) SPECIAL ISSUANCE.—The term “special issuance” has the meaning given such term in section 67.401 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.
SEC. 3. REGULATIONS FOR INDIVIDUALS CARRYING OUT AVIATION ACTIVITIES.
(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall update regulations, including in part 67 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, and issue relevant guidance as appropriate to encourage individuals to—
(1) seek help for mental health conditions or symptoms of mental health conditions; and
(2) disclose conditions or symptoms described in paragraph (1).
(b) SOLICIT FEEDBACK; REPORT REQUIREMENTS.—Section 411(d) of the FAA Reauthor-

ization Act of 2024 (49 U.S.C. 44703 note) is amended—
(1) in paragraph (3), by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:
“(B) soliciting feedback from aviation industry professionals or other licensed professionals representing air carrier operations under part 121 and part 135 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, and general aviation operations under part 91 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations, the exclusive bargaining representatives of air traffic controllers of the FAA certified under section 7111 of title 5, United States Code, organizations representing collective bargaining representatives of airline pilots, institutions of higher education that are accredited by the Aviation Accreditation Board International, and professional pilot flight training schools certificated under part 141 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations.”; and
(2) in paragraph (4)—
(A) in subparagraphs (A) and (B), by striking “and” at the end;
(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:
“(D) a review and evaluation of any recommendations reached by the National Transportation Safety Board related to aviation workforce mental health; and
“(E) a description of relevant clinical studies, research, diagnostic manuals, and protocols relied upon by the task group in developing their recommendations.”.
(c) IMPLEMENTATION.—
(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and for any report issued thereafter, not later than 180 days after the submission of each report required under section 411(f) of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2024 (49 U.S.C. 44703 note), the Administrator may take action, as appropriate, to implement the recommendations of such report.
(2) JUSTIFICATION.—In the event that the Administrator decides not to implement a recommendation described in paragraph (1), the Administrator shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress the justification for such decision not later than 90 days after receiving the report containing such recommendation.
SEC. 4. REVIEW OF MENTAL HEALTH SPECIAL ISSUANCE PROCESS.
Beginning on the date that is 180 days after the Administrator submits the first report pursuant to section 411(f) of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2024 (49 U.S.C. 44703 note), and annually for the 1st 2 years thereafter,

and triennially thereafter, the Administrator shall conduct a review of the special issuance process, and update, as appropriate, the applicable regulations, policies, orders, and guidance on mental health-related special issuance for pilots and air traffic controllers to—

(1) consider the reclassification of additional medications and evidence-based treatments that may be safely prescribed to treat mental health conditions;

(2) provide enhanced mental health knowledge and training for aviation medical examiners, consistent with the recommendations of the Mental Health & Aviation Medical Clearances Aviation Rulemaking Committee described in section 6;

(3) if the Administrator determines appropriate, consider expanding opportunities in which an aviation medical examiner may issue a certificate consistent with the recommendations of the Mental Health & Aviation Medical Clearances Aviation Rulemaking Committee described in section 6, provided that such examiner has completed enhanced mental health training, as described in paragraph (2), to ensure such personnel have the requisite knowledge and ability to appropriately evaluate individuals for FAA medical certification; and

(4) improve the special issuance process for pilots and air traffic controllers.

SEC. 5. IMPROVING CAPACITY FOR THE OFFICE OF AEROSPACE MEDICINE.

Section 106(k)(2) of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(E) Not more than \$15,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2028 to—

“(i) recruit, select, and train additional aviation medical examiners and human intervention motivation study aviation medical examiners, including those who are psychiatrists;

“(ii) expand capacity to provide oversight of aviation medical examiners and clear the backlog of special issuance requests and cases awaiting review at the Office of Aerospace Medicine of the FAA;

“(iii) provide enhanced mental health training to aviation medical examiners to ensure such personnel have requisite knowledge and the ability to appropriately evaluate individuals for FAA medical certification; and

“(iv) support any other related activities, as determined appropriate by the Administrator.”.

SEC. 6. IMPLEMENTATION OF AVIATION RULEMAKING COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall implement, as appropriate, the recommendations of the Mental Health & Aviation Medical Clearances Aviation Rulemaking Committee, which were submitted to the Administrator on April 1, 2024 (in this section referred to as the “ARC”).

(b) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Administrator shall consult with the stakeholders described in section 411(d)(3)(B) of the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2024 (as amended by this Act).

(c) VALIDATION.—With respect to recommendation 6 of the ARC, the Administrator shall leverage and cite relevant clinical studies, research, diagnostic manuals, and protocols to inform the recommendation, as determined by the Administrator. The Administrator may, as appropriate, commission any such studies that may be needed to fill data gaps. Any such studies shall document the data gap and be completed not later than 1 year after the enactment of this Act.

(d) JUSTIFICATION.—If the Administrator decides not to implement a recommendation

described in the ARC, the Administrator shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress their justification for such decision not later than 90 days after the deadline described in such subsection.

SEC. 7. PUBLIC INFORMATION CAMPAIGN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—For fiscal years 2026 through 2028, the Administrator shall carry out a public information campaign or similar public education efforts to—

(1) destigmatize individuals in (or interested in joining) the aviation industry who seek mental health care;

(2) broaden awareness of available supportive services; and

(3) improve trust between the FAA and pilots and air traffic controllers.

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The public information campaign or similar public education efforts described in subsection (a) shall include—

(1) making publicly available (in an easily accessible format and location online)—

(A) information that would help destigmatize the reporting of mental health concerns impacting the aviation workforce, and encourage individuals to seek help for such concerns; and

(B) other information to effectuate the outcomes described in subsection (a);

(2) posting the information described in paragraph (1) at Aviation Medical Examiner offices; and

(3) collaborating with air carriers (as defined in section 40102 of title 49, United States Code), flight training institutions and entities (as described in parts 61 and 141 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations), and small, medium, and large hub airports (as defined in such section 40102) to encourage such entities to make such information easily accessible to airmen and air traffic controllers.

(c) BRIEFING AND REPORT TO CONGRESS.—

(1) BRIEFING.—Not later than 90 days after the Administrator establishes the public information campaign described in subsection (a), the Administrator shall brief the appropriate committees of Congress on the actions taken to develop the campaign and the plans to implement the campaign.

(2) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the Administrator implements the public information campaign, the Administrator shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report describing the engagement and outreach resulting from such campaign, including a description of any applicable feedback from aviation industry stakeholders on the efficacy of the campaign.

SA 6835. Mr. BOOKER (for himself and Mr. MURPHY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 6776 proposed by Mr. THUNE (for Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Ms. CANTWELL, Mr. SCHMITT, and Mr. COONS)) to the bill S. 4668, to protect the name, image, and likeness rights of, and provide protections for, student athletes and to promote fair competition among intercollegiate athletics, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Insert after section 112 the following:

SEC. 112A. TRANSFER PROTECTIONS FOR COACHES.

Subject to the requirements and prohibitions regarding mid-season coaching transitions under section 110, an institution, a conference, an intercollegiate athletic association, or any representative of such entity shall permit a coach to transfer from one four-year institution to another four-year institution—

(1) once without losing or delaying eligibility to coach intercollegiate sports;

(2) except as provided in paragraph (3), a second time with a loss of eligibility to coach intercollegiate sports during the first academic year following the transfer; and

(3) additionally, without losing or delaying eligibility to coach intercollegiate sports, upon—

(A) discontinuation of a sport that the individual coaches; or

(B) sexual assault or harassment of the coach by an individual associated with the institution from which the coach intends to transfer.

Insert after section 114 the following:

SEC. 114A. TREATMENT OF COMPENSATION FOR COACHES.

(a) ENDORSEMENT CONTRACTS.—

(1) COMPENSATION REQUIREMENT.—Any endorsement contract for a coach of a varsity sports team shall be invalid unless the contract is for a valid business purpose and is commensurate with compensation paid to individuals with a similar profile, reputation, or notability who are not coaches or prospective coaches.

(2) DISCLOSURE.—Each institution shall include in the disclosures required under section 104(a)(1) information on any endorsement contracts in force with respect to any coach of a varsity sports team at that institution.

(b) CAP FOR CONTRACT BUYOUTS AND TERMINATION FEES FOR COACHES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Any contract buyout or termination fee payable to a coach of a varsity sports team may not exceed an amount equal to the greatest annual compensation paid to the coach under that contract, excluding bonuses.

(2) APPLICATION.—Paragraph (1) shall apply to any contract for a coach of a varsity sports team entered into on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) SALARY CAP FOR COACHES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), an institution may not provide compensation to a coach of a varsity sports team that exceeds \$5,000,000 per year.

(2) APPLICATION.—Paragraph (1) shall apply to any agreement related to compensation for a coach of a varsity sports team entered into on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

Mrs. FISCHER. Mr. President, I have six requests for committees to meet during today's session of the Senate. They have the approval of the Majority and Minority Leaders.

Pursuant to rule XXVI, paragraph 5(a), of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the following committees are authorized to meet during today's session of the Senate:

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

The Committee on Armed Services is authorized to meet in closed session during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 24, 2026, at 9:30 a.m.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

The Committee on Finance is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, September 24, 2026, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing on nominations.