The Congress finds that mercury released into the ambient air from industrial boilers cross-references, accordingly:

- the following section (and redesignate the posed amendments were submitted as follows:
- H.R. 1895: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1898: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1924: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1925: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1926: Mr. Dr. House.
- H.R. 1927: Mr. Smith of New Mexico, Mr. Lynch of Ohio, Mr. Bush of Missouri, Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1928: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1929: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1931: Mr. LoBiondo, Mr. Perlmutter, and Mr. Owens.
- H.R. 1932: Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1933: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1934: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1935: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1936: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1937: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1938: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1939: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1940: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1941: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1942: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1943: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1944: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1945: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1946: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1947: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1948: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1949: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1950: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1951: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1952: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1953: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1954: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1955: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1956: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1957: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1958: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1959: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1960: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1961: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1962: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1963: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1964: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1965: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1966: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1967: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1968: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1969: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1970: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1971: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1972: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1973: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1974: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1975: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
- H.R. 1976: Mr. Scott of Georgia.
- H.R. 1977: Mr. Bush of Texas, and Mr. Runyan.
- H.R. 1978: Ms. Blackburn, Mr. Sanchez of California, and Mr. Phirolis.
and waste incinerators addressed by the rules listed in section 2(b) of this Act is a potent neurotoxin that can damage the development of an infant's brain.

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Ms. Edwards

AMENDMENT No. 2: After section 1, insert the following section (and redesignate subsequent sections, and conform internal cross-references, accordingly):

SEC. 3. FINDING

The Congress finds that, according to the Environmental Protection Agency's analysis of the impacts of the final rules specified in section 3(b)(2) on employment, based on peer-reviewed literature, such rules would create 2,200 net additional jobs, not including the jobs created to manufacture and install equipment to reduce air pollution.

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Ms. Jackson Lee of Texas

AMENDMENT No. 3: Page 6, lines 23 and 24, strike "not earlier than 5 years after the effective date of the regulation" and insert "not later than 3 years after the regulation is promulgated as final".

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Mr. Doyle

AMENDMENT No. 4: Page 6, beginning on line 22, strike paragraph (1) and insert the following paragraphs (and redesignate the subsequent paragraph accordingly):

(1) shall establish a date for compliance with standards and requirements under such regulation in accordance with section 112(i)(3) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(i)(3));

(2) may, if the Administrator determines there is a compelling reason to extend the date for such compliance, provide an extension, in addition to any extension under section 112(i)(3) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(i)(3)(B)), extending the date for such compliance up to one year, but in no case beyond the date that is 5 years after the effective date of such regulation; and

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Mr. Blumenauer

AMENDMENT No. 5: After section 1, insert the following section (and redesignate the subsequent sections accordingly):

SEC. 2. FINDINGS

The Congress finds the following:

(1) Section 112(e) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(e)) requires the rules specified in section 3(b)(2) to be promulgated no later than the year 2000, and section 112(i) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(i)) requires emissions reductions mandated by such rules to be achieved no later than 2003.

(2) Section 129 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7429) requires the rule specified in section 3(b)(3) to be promulgated no later than the year 2003.

(3) The Administrator finds that such rule will be promulgated no later than the year 2000.

H.R. 2250

offered by Mr. Rush

AMENDMENT No. 6: At the end of section 5, add the following:

(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—This section is intended to supplement the provisions of, and shall not be construed to supersede any requirement, limitation, or other provision of, sections 112 and 120 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412, 7420).

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Mr. Quigley

AMENDMENT No. 7: At the end of the bill, add the following section:

SEC. 6. PROTECTION FROM AVOIDABLE CASES OF CANCER

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Administrator shall not delay actions pursuant to the rules identified in section 2(b) of this Act to reduce emissions from waste incinerators or industrial boilers at chemical facilities, oil refineries, or large manufacturing facilities if such emissions are increasing the risk of cancer.

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Mr. Waxman

AMENDMENT No. 8: After section 1, insert the following section (and redesignate the subsequent sections, and conform internal cross-references, accordingly):

SEC. 3. FINDING

The Congress finds that, according to the Environmental Protection Agency, if the rule specified in section 3(b)(1) remains in effect, it will yield annual public health benefits exceeding the costs of such rule by $1.9 billion.

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Mr. Waxman

AMENDMENT No. 9: At the end of the bill, add the following section:

SEC. 6. PROTECTION FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Administrator shall not delay actions pursuant to the rules identified in section 2(b) of this Act to reduce emissions from waste incinerators or industrial boilers at chemical facilities, oil refineries, or large manufacturing facilities if such emissions are harming brain development or causing learning disabilities in infants or children.

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Mr. Waxman

AMENDMENT No. 10: At the end of the bill, add the following section:

SEC. 6. DETERMINATION; AUTHORIZATION

Not later than 10 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall, in consultation with the Council on Environmental Quality, and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, in consultation with the Chief Financial Officer of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Director of the Congressional Budget Office, make a determination regarding whether this Act authorizes the appropriation of funds to implement this Act and, if so, whether this Act reduces an existing authorization of appropriations by an offsetting amount. The provisions of this Act shall cease to be effective if it is determined that this Act authorizes the appropriation of funds without an offsetting reduction in an existing authorization of appropriations.

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Mr. Waxman

AMENDMENT No. 11: At the end of the bill, add the following section:

SEC. 6. COMPLIANCE WITH CUT-OFF

If this Act authorizes the appropriation of funds to implement this Act and does not reduce an existing authorization of appropriations to offset that amount, then the provisions of this Act shall cease to be effective.

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Mr. Ellison

AMENDMENT No. 12: Page 6, line 24, insert "shall not constitute", except that the date for compliance with standards and requirements under such regulation may be earlier than 5 years after the effective date of the regulation if the Administrator finds that such regulation will create more than 1,000 jobs after "regulation".

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Mr. Ellison

AMENDMENT No. 13: Page 7, line 5, strike "non-air quality".

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Mr. Ellison

AMENDMENT No. 14: Strike section 5.

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Ms. Hahn

AMENDMENT No. 15: At the end of section 2, add the following:

(d) TEN METROPOLITAN AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES WITH THE WORST AIR QUALITY

(1) STAY OF EARLIER RULES INAPPLICABLE.—Insofar as the rules listed in subsection (b) apply to sources of air pollution in any of the 10 metropolitan areas of the United States with the worst air quality, such rules shall, notwithstanding subsection (b), continue to be effective.

(2) NEW STANDARDS INAPPLICABLE IF LESS PROTECTIVE OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT.—With respect to sources of air pollution in any of the 10 metropolitan areas of the United States with the worst air quality, the provisions of the regulations promulgated under subsection (a)—

(A) shall apply to such sources, and shall replace the rules listed in subsection (b), to the extent such provisions are equally or more protective of public health and the environment than the corresponding provisions of the rules listed in subsection (b); and

(B) shall not apply to such sources, and shall not replace the rules listed in subsection (b), to the extent such provisions are less protective of public health and the environment than the corresponding provisions of the rules listed in subsection (b).

(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

(A) The term "metropolitan area"—

(i) means the metropolitan statistical area or consolidated metropolitan statistical area (as established by the Bureau of the Census), most closely corresponding to the city or group of cities ranked among the cities with the worst year-round particle pollution in the "State of the Air 2011" report of the American Lung Association; and

(ii) means a metropolitan statistical area or consolidated metropolitan statistical area (as established by the Bureau of the Census), most closely corresponding to the city or group of cities ranked among the cities with the worst year-round particle pollution in the "State of the Air 2011" report of the American Lung Association as having the worst year-round particle pollution; and

(B) The term "10 metropolitan areas of the United States with the worst air quality" means—

(i) during the 5-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, the 10 metropolitan areas listed in the "State of the Air 2011" report of the American Lung Association as having the worst year-round particle pollution; and

(ii) during each successive 5-year period, the 10 metropolitan areas determined by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to have the highest year-round levels of particulate matter in the air.

H.R. 2250

OFFERED BY: Mr. Capps

AMENDMENT No. 16: After section 1, insert the following section (and redesignate the subsequent sections, and conform the internal cross-references, accordingly):

SEC. 2. FINDING

The Congress finds that, according to the Environmental Protection Agency, if the rules specified in section 3(b) are in effect,
the following section (and redesignate the subsequent sections accordingly):

SEC. 6. DELAYED EFFECTIVE DATE.

(a) In General.—This Act shall not take effect until the President certifies that implementation of this Act—

(1) will not adversely affect public health in the United States; and

(2) will not have a disproportionately negative impact on subpopulations that are most at risk from hazardous air pollutants, including communities with a high proportion of minorities, low-income communities, pregnant women, and the elderly.

(b) Determination Required.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall publish in the Federal Register—

(1) the certification described in subsection (a); or

(2) an explanation of why such certification is not warranted.

H.R. 2681

Offered by: Ms. Edwards

AMENDMENT No. 3: After section 1, insert the following section (and redesignate the subsequent sections accordingly):

SEC. 2. FINDING.

The Congress finds that if the rules specified in section 3(b) remain in effect, they will yield annual public health benefits of $62,000,000,000 to $129,000,000,000, while the costs of such rules are $926,000,000 to $950,000,000.

Page 5, line 11, strike “section 2” and in- set “section 3”.

Page 6, line 14, strike “section 2(a)(1)” and insert “section 3(a)(1)”.

Page 7, line 8, strike “section 2(a)” and insert “section 3(a)”.

Page 8, line 9 and 10, strike “section 2(b)(2)” and insert “section 3(b)(2)”.

Page 8, line 3, strike “section 2(a)” and insert “section 3(a)”.

Page 8, line 14, strike “section 2(a)” and in- set “section 3(a)”.

H.R. 2681

Offered by: Mr. Keaning

AMENDMENT No. 5: Page 5, beginning on line 13, strike the following paragraph (1) and insert the following paragraph (and redesignate the subsequent paragraph accordingly):

(1) shall establish a date for compliance with standards and requirements under such regulation in accordance with section 112(i)(3) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(i)(3));

(2) may, if the Administrator determines there is a compelling reason to extend the date for such compliance, provide an extension, in addition to any extension under section 112(i)(3)(B) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(i)(3)(B)), extending the date for such compliance up to one year, but in no case beyond the date that is 5 years after the effective date of such regulation.

H.R. 2681

Offered by: Mr. Blumenauer

AMENDMENT No. 6: After section 1, insert the following section (and redesignate the subsequent sections accordingly):

SEC. 2. FINDING.

The Congress finds the following:

(1) Section 112(e) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(e)) requires the rule specified in...
section 3(b)(1) to be promulgated no later than the year 2000, and section 112(l) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(f)) requires emissions reductions mandated by such rule to be achieved no later than 2003.

(2) Section 129 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7429) requires the rule specified in section 3(b)(2)(A) to be promulgated no later than the year 2002, and section 112(l) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7412(f)) requires emissions reductions mandated by such rule to be achieved no later than 1999.

Page 5, line 11, strike “section 2” and insert “section 3”.

Page 6, line 14, strike “section 2(a)(1)” and insert “section 3(a)(1)”.

Page 7, line 8, strike “section 2(a)” and insert “section 3(a)”.

Page 7, lines 9 and 10, strike “section 2(b)(2)” and insert “section 3(b)(2)”.

Page 8, line 3, strike “section 2(a)” and insert “section 3(a)”.

Page 8, line 11, strike “section 2(a)” and insert “section 3(a)”.

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MR. RUSH
AMENDMENT NO. 7: At the end of section 5, add the following:

(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—This section is intended to supplement the provisions of, and shall not be construed to supersede any requirement, limitation, or other provision of, sections 112 and 129 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7412, 7429).

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MR. WAXMAN
AMENDMENT NO. 8: At the end of the bill, add the following section:

SEC. 6. PROTECTION FROM AVOIDABLE CASES OF CANCER.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Administrator shall not delay actions pursuant to the rules identified in section 3(b) of this Act to reduce emissions from any cement kiln if such emissions are increasing the risk of cancer.

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MR. WAXMAN
AMENDMENT NO. 9: At the end of the bill, add the following section:

SEC. 6. DETERMINATION; AUTHORIZATION.

Not later 10 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, in consultation with the Chief Financial Officer of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, shall make a determination regarding whether this Act authorizes the appropriation of funds to implement this Act and, if so, whether this Act reduces an existing authorization of appropriations by an offsetting amount. The provisions of this Act shall cease to be effective if it is determined that this Act authorizes the appropriation of funds without an offsetting reduction in an existing authorization of appropriations.

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MR. WAXMAN
AMENDMENT NO. 10: At the end of the bill, add the following section:

SEC. 6. COMPLIANCE WITH CUT-GO.

If this Act authorizes the appropriation of funds to implement this Act and does not reduce an existing authorization of appropriations to offset that amount, then the provisions of this Act shall cease to be effective.

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MR. WAXMAN
AMENDMENT NO. 11: At the end of the bill, add the following section:

SEC. 6. PROTECTION FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Administrator shall not delay actions pursuant to the rules identified in section 2(b) of this Act to reduce emissions from any cement kiln if such emissions are harming brain development or causing learning disabilities in infants or children.

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MR. ELLISON
AMENDMENT NO. 12: Page 5, line 22, strike “non-air quality”.

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MR. ELLISON
AMENDMENT NO. 13: Strike section 5.

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MR. ELLISON
AMENDMENT NO. 14: Page 5, after line 8, insert the following:

(c) NOTICE IN FEDERAL REGISTER.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall publish a notice in the Federal Register estimating the public health impact of delaying regulation for the Portland cement manufacturing industry and Portland cement plants until the compliance date of the rules required by subsection (a) instead of the compliance date of the rules made ineffective by subsection (b).

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MS. HAHN
AMENDMENT NO. 15: At the end of section 2, add the following:

(C) 10 METROPOLITAN AREAS OF THE UNITED STATES WITH THE WORST AIR QUALITY.—

(1) STAY OF EARLIER RULES INAPPLICABLE.—Insofar as the rules listed in subsection (b) apply to sources of air pollution in any of the 10 metropolitan areas of the United States with the worst air quality, such rules shall, notwithstanding subsection (b), continue to be effective.

(2) NEW STANDARDS INAPPLICABLE IF LESS PROTECTIVE OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT.—If the rules identified in subsection (b) are more protective of public health and the environment than the corresponding provisions of the rules listed in subsection (a), such rules shall not replace the rules listed in subsection (a).—

(A) The term “metropolitan area”—

(i) means—

(ii) during each successive 5-year period, the 10 metropolitan areas determined by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to have the highest year-round levels of particulate matter in the air.

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MR. MARKEY
AMENDMENT No. 16: After section 2, insert the following section (and redesignate the subsequent sections accordingly):

SEC. 2. FINDING.

The Congress finds that according to the Environmental Protection Agency, if the rules specified in section 3(b) remain in effect, they are expected to reduce the amount of mercury that deposits to land and water by up to—

(1) 30 percent in some areas of the western United States; and

(2) 17 percent in some areas of the eastern United States.

Page 5, line 11, strike “section 2” and insert “section 3”.

Page 6, line 14, strike “section 2(a)(1)” and insert “section 3(a)(1)”.

Page 7, line 8, strike “section 2(a)” and insert “section 3(a)”.

Page 7, lines 9 and 10, strike “section 2(b)(2)” and insert “section 3(b)(2)”.

Page 8, line 3, strike “section 2(a)” and insert “section 3(a)”.

Page 8, line 14, strike “section 2(a)” and insert “section 3(a)”.

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MRS. CAPPS
AMENDMENT NO. 17: After section 1, insert the following section (and redesignate the subsequent sections, and conform internal cross-references, accordingly):

SEC. 2. FINDING.

The Congress finds that according to the Environmental Protection Agency, if the rules specified in section 3(b) remain in effect, then for every dollar in costs, the rules will provide at least $7 to $19 in health benefits, due to the avoidance each year of—

(1) 960 to 2,500 premature deaths;

(2) 1,500 nonfatal heart attacks;

(3) 1,000 emergency room visits;

(4) 17,000 cases of aggravated asthma; and

(5) 130,000 days of missed work.

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MR. CONNOLLY OF VIRGINIA
AMENDMENT NO. 18: At the end of the bill, add the following section:

SEC. 6. PROTECTION FROM RESPIRATORY AND CARDIOVASCULAR ILLNESS AND DEATH.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Administrator shall not delay actions pursuant to the rules identified in sections 2 and 3(b) of this Act to reduce emissions from any cement kiln if such emissions are causing respiratory and cardiovascular illnesses and deaths, including cases of heart attacks, asthma attacks, and bronchitis.

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MR. CONNOLLY OF VIRGINIA
AMENDMENT NO. 19: At the end of the bill, add the following section:

SEC. 6. PROTECTION FROM RESPIRATORY AND CARDIOVASCULAR ILLNESS AND DEATH.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the Administrator shall not delay actions pursuant to the rules identified in sections 2 and 3(b) of this Act to reduce emissions from any cement kiln if such emissions are causing respiratory and cardiovascular illnesses and deaths, including cases of heart attacks, asthma attacks, and bronchitis, in communities with air pollution levels that exceed the health-based air quality standards.

H.R. 2681
OFFERED BY: MR. WELCH
subsequent sections, and conform internal cross-references, accordingly):

SEC. 2. FINDING.

The Congress finds that the American people are exposed to mercury from industrial sources addressed by the rules listed in section 2(b) of this Act through the consumption of fish containing mercury and every State in the Nation has issued at least one mercury advisory for fish consumption.

H.R. 2681

OFFERED BY: MR. PALLONE

AMENDMENT NO. 21: After section 1, insert the following section (and redesignate the subsequent sections, and conform internal cross-references, accordingly):

SEC. 2. FINDING.

The Congress finds that Federal departments and agencies should support efforts to achieve the science-based, 10-year national objectives for improving the health of all Americans through reduced exposure to mercury that are established in Healthy People 2020 and were developed under the leadership of the National Institutes of Health and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention during two presidential administrations.

At the end of the bill, add the following section:

SEC. 7. REDUCING BLOOD-MERCURY CONCENTRATIONS.

The provisions of this Act shall cease to be effective, and the rules specified in section 3(b) shall be revived and restored, if the Administrator finds, in consultation with the directors of the National Institutes of Health and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, that by allowing continued uncontrolled emissions of mercury from cement kilns this Act threatens to impede efforts to achieve the science-based, 10-year national objective for reducing mercury concentrations in children’s blood that is established in Healthy People 2020.

H.R. 2681

OFFERED BY: MR. GARAMENDI

AMENDMENT NO. 22: Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON GROWTH IN CEMENT INDUSTRY.

Given that the United States cement industry must comply with United States labor and air pollution standards and faces strong competition from foreign countries with weak labor and air pollution emissions requirements, it is the sense of the Congress that Federal departments and agencies should strictly enforce the Buy American requirements in Federal law applicable to the manufacture of cement in the United States.

H.R. 2681

OFFERED BY: MR. COHEN

AMENDMENT NO. 23: Page 6, line 11, strike “and” after the semicolon.

Page 6, line 12, strike “impacts.” and insert “impacts; and”.

Page 6, after line 12, insert the following subparagraph:

(F) potential reductions in the number of illness-related absences from work due to respiratory or other illnesses.