

meetings. We've had bills moving through three houses in this Congress—two in the House and in the Senate. Republicans have had their shot. We need this bill. Let's stand up for America and have health care.

HEALTH CARE

(Mrs. BACHMANN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. BACHMANN. Mr. Speaker, the Republicans were just castigated for being the party of "no," and I would submit that it is just the opposite, and this is why.

The President of the United States, in a historic move, gave a speech to the joint session of the House. He said, If any Republicans have positive ideas, they need to come to me, and I'll be happy to sit down with them.

Well, I wrote a letter to the President, taking him up on that wonderful offer, and said, I have a positive alternative, Mr. President. Could I sit down and share that with you? I'm still waiting by my desk for that return phone call, and I have yet to receive the courtesy reply as have multiple of my Republican colleagues offered to the President to share with him their positive alternatives.

The party of "no" is the party that locks the door on Republicans to even prevent them from coming into a committee room to offer our positive alternatives. We have them. What has the majority offered? They've offered to cut Medicare to senior citizens by \$500 billion. Is that a positive alternative? We have loads of them. We're the party of "yes."

Stop being the party of "no."

HEALTH CARE

(Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. EDDIE BERNICE JOHNSON of Texas. Mr. Speaker, all of the American people need health care now. Reform must come, and it's coming to the floor very soon.

For those who are pleased with their health care insurance, they can keep it. Their costs might even go down with reform. What we want to do is rescue the insurance from under anti-trust-ignoring insurance companies. We all pay insurance, and we like insurance, but no one wants to be abused by any system, and we have seen that happen.

The hospitals are attempting to perform all of this uncompensated care. With this reform, it will be different. I suppose that correcting preexisting conditions and getting sick will cause some to lose health care support. We must make this change.

You know, I keep hearing what the Republicans are saying, but Mr. Speaker, but that's not what the plan says.

REPEATING OUR MISTAKES

(Mr. McCLINTOCK asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. McCLINTOCK. Mr. Speaker, today's unemployment rate of 9.8 percent last reached that level in 1983. President Ronald Reagan responded by cutting taxes and by reducing regulatory burdens on the economy, and he produced the biggest peacetime economic expansion in our Nation's history.

Today, President Obama is doing exactly the opposite. ObamaCare, cap-and-trade and the other measures promise the biggest tax increases and the heaviest regulations that we've ever seen.

Three Presidents within the last 100 years have responded to recessions by reducing taxes and regulations. Warren Harding, John F. Kennedy and Ronald Reagan all produced rapid and dramatic economic recoveries.

We've had two Presidents in those 100 years who reacted to recessions by doing the opposite—Herbert Hoover in the early 1930s, who radically increased taxes and spending and who imposed unprecedented burdens on trade, and the other is Barack Obama.

As they say, those who refuse to learn from history are condemned to repeat it.

HEALTH REFORM

(Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I have to admit that I've never heard someone quote Herbert Hoover as being so bad and President Obama as being so good. We have to remember that Herbert Hoover was actually a Republican.

Mr. Speaker, am I supposed to have the floor or do the Republicans have it part time?

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Texas is recognized for 1 minute.

Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas. Thank you, Mr. Speaker.

I rise in strong support of a national health care plan that provides comprehensive health care for every American.

Three House committees had many public hearings and public votes on the bill, H.R. 3200. Democrats are using the same public rules that the Republicans used when they were in charge. They just don't like them because they don't have the majority now.

We have so many people uninsured in our country. My own district has the highest uninsured in the country of people who have private insurance—35 percent of our district has private health care, and over 40 percent is uninsured because they can't afford it or their employers don't provide it.

We've given private insurance companies plenty of time to cover the 39

million U.S. citizens who don't have health care, but they can't do it because they can't make a profit on someone like that. So that's why we need a public option. H.R. 3200 will help that. We will have health care for everyone.

□ 1330

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Members are requested not to traffic the well when another Member is under recognition.

HEALTH CARE REFORM

(Mr. MILLER of Florida asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MILLER of Florida. Mr. Speaker, the constituents of the First District of Florida and the people across this country have spoken loud and clear: We do not want a public option or government-run health care.

But I guess the Democrats can't hear from behind closed doors.

The majority leaders have turned a deaf ear to the American people and continue to insist on a public option. Whether it be an exchange, a co-op, single payer, or whether States opt in or opt out, the fact is the majority party leaders, behind closed doors, are crafting a final health care bill that would force a public option down our throats.

If a robust public option is absolutely critical to health insurance for Americans, then why does this increased coverage not occur until at least 5 years after enactment?

This health care reform bill is a farce and should be voted down. Americans don't want government-run health care as their only option.

HEALTH CARE

(Ms. SCHWARTZ asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. SCHWARTZ. Mr. Speaker, as I sit here and listen to one after another of the Republicans here in Congress finding reasons not to move ahead, not to find that uniquely American solution to helping every American have access to health insurance, the fact is that we have to do more. We have to act right now to ensure that every American has access to insurance coverage; that that insurance coverage is affordable, and that it is meaningful; that it covers preexisting conditions and provides for ongoing care for chronic diseases; that we can ensure that Americans get quality care and the right care, including for our seniors.

Legislation we have coming before us protects seniors, makes sure that they see lower copayments for primary care,

that they see lower copayments for prescription coverage.

The fact is that we can contain costs and help enable every American to have access to health insurance coverage. This is a moral imperative. It's an economic imperative for our families and for our businesses and for our Nation.

Fifty million Americans without health insurance, 14,000 a day being uninsured. It's time to get this done. It's time to act.

HEALTH CARE

(Mr. KING of Iowa asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KING of Iowa. Mr. Speaker, this whole health care debate started out clear back during the Obama-Hillary debate during the Presidential campaign.

President Obama has come to two premises: One is we spend too much money on health care. The proposed solution from Democrats? Spend a lot more, \$1 to \$2 trillion more.

The second premise: That too many are uninsured, 47 million or, as we just heard, 39 million. When you subtract from 47 million illegal aliens and immigrants and those who qualify under their employer and those who make over \$75,000 a year and those who qualify for government programs, you're down to 12.1 million, not 47. That's less than 4 percent of the population.

They seek to overhaul 100 percent of the health insurance industry in America and 100 percent of the health care delivery system in America to do what? To reduce that number of uninsured from 4 percent down to something like perhaps 2 and, in the process, put in place the framework for socialized medicine.

Additionally, they give us an opt-out. Well, here's what I'll opt out of: I'll opt out of funding abortions. I'll opt out of funding illegals. I'll opt out of lawsuit abuse, tax increases, and Medicare cuts.

HEALTH CARE

(Ms. FUDGE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. FUDGE. Mr. Speaker, I have been listening to a lot of this today, and I just feel that it's time that the American people hear the truth.

The truth is that more than 60 percent of the American people want health care reform. The truth is that seniors pay much too much for their prescriptions and for their medications. The truth is that the American people are being mistreated by their insurance companies as they exist today. And the truth is that Democrats are working to fix the problem and not just be obstructionist.

LET'S MOVE FORWARD ON A JOB AGENDA FOR AMERICANS, NOT AN AGENDA OF GOVERNMENT-RUN HEALTH CARE

(Mr. CAMPBELL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CAMPBELL. Mr. Speaker, it seems that the Democrat majority in this town is determined to install a government-run health care system which will be costly, inefficient, and provide bad care. We all know that.

I happen to support something that's directionally opposite to that, something called the Patients' Choice Act, which, instead of putting new bureaucracies in between people and their doctors, it would eliminate some of the existing bureaucracies and get employers and the government out of the way between people and their doctors so that they can control their own health care.

But you know what? As important as the health care debate is here, do you know what people in America want right now? Jobs. They want jobs. And if there is one thing this plan that the Democrats are proposing will do, it will cost even more Americans their jobs.

Mr. Speaker, I would ask you and I would ask the President where are the jobs you promised? Let's move forward in America on a job agenda, not an agenda of government-run health care.

HEALTH CARE

(Mr. HASTINGS of Florida asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HASTINGS of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I have been here 18 years fighting for health care for Americans. There are, regardless of whose numbers you use, millions of uninsured people in this country and tens of millions who are underinsured and have become, in many respects, the prime justification for moving forward with one of the most aggressive health care reform agendas in modern history.

However, despite the unquestionable need for intervention, some have sought to dominate the health care debate with fear-mongering, misinformation, and blind opposition to key reform elements without offering substantive and high-quality alternatives. This perpetuation of fictions and misinterpretations is off base and has steered the health care discussion off course.

One thing I asked Americans all summer long as we got to this point was name me the day in the last 10 years that your health care went down. Name the day. You name the day.

HEALTH CARE

(Mr. COLE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. COLE. Mr. Speaker, the Democratic health care bill now being draft-

ed behind closed doors is bad for seniors, bad for taxpayers, and bad for the quality of America's health care system.

It will cut Medicare spending on seniors. It will cost taxpayers \$1 trillion, and it will push the American medical system toward an underfunded, over-regulated, government-run health care system. We can do better than that.

Republicans have offered in good faith positive proposals putting patients first, reforms that protect the doctor-patient relationship, increase accessibility, and truly make health care more affordable. However, these ideas have never been heard in the back rooms of the Capitol where the Democrats are crafting their own partisan proposals.

Mr. Speaker, the majority's proposals continue to ignore medical liability reform, something the President himself said would be addressed. Tort reform has yet to be raised in the deliberations of our Democratic majority.

Mr. Speaker, we cannot allow the government to stand between patients and health care. Americans are smart enough to know the difference between no choice and a real choice.

THE TEA PARTY MINORITY

(Ms. NORTON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. NORTON. Mr. Speaker, the TEA Party minority didn't succeed this summer as they thought they had, so they have come to the floor this afternoon. And they are not going to succeed any more on the floor than they succeeded with the noise of the summer. And how do we know it? The public option has come roaring back.

The people got through the noise, and they understand now to a fare-thee-well. In fact, my greatest fear is that now more people want the public option than will qualify for the public option in the bill, once they came to understand the relationship between what they're paying for insurance, that health insurance has been going up at a rate three times their wages, and that is why the wages of the residents of our country have been flat for decades. Once they understood that, they put two and two together.

The American people are smart. They are smarter than the TEA Party crowd that has taken to the floor this afternoon.

EXPRESSING CONCERN REGARDING THE EFFECT OF PROPOSED HEALTH CARE REFORM ON SENIOR CITIZENS

(Mr. KLINE of Minnesota asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KLINE of Minnesota. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to express my concern