

and for its commitment to human rights; and

(3) recognizes the close and enduring relationship between the United States Government and the Government of Lithuania.

SENATE RESOLUTION 71—CONDEMNING THE GOVERNMENT OF IRAN FOR ITS STATE-SPONSORED PERSECUTION OF THE BAHAI MINORITY IN IRAN AND ITS CONTINUED VIOLATION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COVENANTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS

Mr. WYDEN (for himself, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Ms. SNOWE, and Mr. BROWNBACK) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. RES. 71

Whereas, in 1982, 1984, 1988, 1990, 1992, 1994, 1996, 2000, 2006, and 2008, Congress declared that it deplored the religious persecution by the Government of Iran of the Baha'i community and would hold the Government of Iran responsible for upholding the rights of all Iranian nationals, including members of the Baha'i faith;

Whereas, in November 2007, the Iranian Ministry of Information in Shiraz jailed Baha'is Ms. Raha Sabet, age 33, Mr. Sasan Taqva, age 32, and Ms. Haleh Roohi, age 29, for educating underprivileged children and gave them 4-year prison terms, which they are serving;

Whereas Ms. Sabet, Mr. Taqva, and Ms. Roohi were targeted solely on the basis of their religion;

Whereas, on January 23, 2008, the Department of State released a statement urging the Government of Iran to release all individuals held without due process and a fair trial, including the 3 young Baha'is being held in an Iranian Ministry of Intelligence detention center in Shiraz;

Whereas, in March and May of 2008, Iranian intelligence officials in Mashhad and Tehran arrested and imprisoned Mrs. Fariba Kamalabadi, Mr. Jamaloddin Khanjani, Mr. Afif Naeimi, Mr. Saeid Rezaie, Mr. Behrouz Tavakkoli, Mrs. Mahvash Sabet, and Mr. Vahid Tizfahm, the members of the coordinating group for the Baha'i community in Iran;

Whereas, on February 11, 2009, the deputy prosecutor in Tehran, Mr. Hassan Haddad, announced that those seven leaders will go on trial at a Revolutionary Court on charges of "espionage for Israel, insulting religious sanctities and propaganda against the Islamic Republic";

Whereas the lawyer for these seven leaders, Mrs. Shirin Ebadi, the Nobel Laureate, has been denied all access to the prisoners and their files;

Whereas these seven Baha'i leaders were targeted solely on the basis of their religion; and

Whereas the Government of Iran is party to the International Covenants on Human Rights: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the Senate—

(1) condemns the Government of Iran for its state-sponsored persecution of the Baha'i minority in Iran and its continued violation of the International Covenants on Human Rights;

(2) calls on the Government of Iran to immediately release the seven leaders and all other prisoners held solely on account of their religion, including Mrs. Fariba Kamalabadi, Mr. Jamaloddin Khanjani, Mr. Afif Naeimi, Mr. Saeid Rezaie, Mr. Behrouz

Tavakkoli, Mrs. Mahvash Sabet, Mr. Vahid Tizfahm, Ms. Raha Sabet, Mr. Sasan Taqva, and Ms. Haleh Roohi; and

(3) calls on the President and Secretary of State, in cooperation with the international community, to immediately condemn the Government of Iran's continued violation of human rights and demand the immediate release of prisoners held solely on account of their religion, including Mrs. Fariba Kamalabadi, Mr. Jamaloddin Khanjani, Mr. Afif Naeimi, Mr. Saeid Rezaie, Mr. Behrouz Tavakkoli, Mrs. Mahvash Sabet, Mr. Vahid Tizfahm, Ms. Raha Sabet, Mr. Sasan Taqva, and Ms. Haleh Roohi.

Mr. WYDEN. Mr. President, I rise today to speak in support of a resolution that I am offering with my colleagues, Senators BROWNBACK, MENENDEZ, SNOWE, and WHITEHOUSE. This resolution condemns the Iranian government's persecution of its own Baha'i community and urges the Obama administration to speak out strongly against this continued injustice.

The Baha'i Faith, the world's youngest independent monotheistic religion, was founded in Iran in 1844. Today, it is practiced by more than 5 million people across the planet, from Bangalore, India to Beaverton, Oregon. Roughly 300,000 of these adherents still live in Iran. Although Baha'i teachings emphasize equality, unity, and peace, Iranian authorities have viewed the religion as an apostasy and have treated it as a threat since the beginning.

The current Islamic Republic has been particularly hostile to Baha'i practitioners since its establishment in 1979. In 1983, Iran's government formally banned all Baha'i religious institutions and criminalized membership in them and service to them. The regime has officially recognized Christians, Jews, and Zoroastrians as religious minorities. It refuses to extend this same status to the Baha'is, even though they make up Iran's largest religious minority. According to the State Department's 2008 International Religious Freedom Report, the regime continues to create "a threatening atmosphere for nearly all non-Shi'a religious groups, most notably for Baha'is." The government routinely seizes personal property from members of the Baha'i community, denies access to education and employment opportunities, and detains Baha'is based solely on their religious beliefs.

Last year, the Iranian regime imprisoned seven leaders of the Baha'i community. In February 2009, Tehran's deputy prosecutor announced that these seven leaders would be tried on charges of "espionage for Israel, insulting religious sanctities, and propaganda against the Islamic Republic." Not surprisingly, the regime provided no evidence to support these preposterous accusations and has refused to allow a lawyer for the seven to even meet with them. These actions are clear and unambiguous violations of Iran's international commitments under the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights. Some in the international community have already condemned this mockery of justice,

and rightly so. My colleagues and I believe the time has now come to add the United States Senate to this growing chorus of voices.

Our resolution is simple and straightforward. It denounces the Iranian government's persecution of the Baha'is and calls on the regime to immediately release all prisoners held for their religious beliefs, including the seven Baha'i leaders. It further calls on President Barack Obama and Secretary of State Hillary Clinton to work with the international community in condemning the Iranian regime for its repeated human rights violations.

I hope that colleagues will join me and Senators BROWNBACK, MENENDEZ, SNOWE, and WHITEHOUSE in supporting this commonsense resolution.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 10—CONGRATULATING THE SAILORS OF THE UNITED STATES SUBMARINE FORCE UPON THE COMPLETION OF 1,000 OHIO-CLASS BALLISTIC MISSILE SUBMARINE (SSBN) DETERRENT PATROLS

Ms. CANTWELL (for herself, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. CHAMBLISS, Mr. ISAKSON, Mr. LUGAR, and Mr. DODD) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. CON. RES. 10

Whereas the Sailors of the United States Submarine Force recently completed the 1,000th deterrent patrol of the Ohio-class ballistic missile submarine (SSBN);

Whereas this milestone is significant for the Submarine Force, its crews and their families, the United States Navy, and the entire country;

Whereas this milestone was reached through the combined efforts and impressive achievements of all of the submariners who have participated in such patrols since the first patrol of USS Ohio (SSBN 726) in 1982;

Whereas, as a result of the dedication and commitment to excellence of the Sailors of the United States Submarine Force, ballistic missile submarines have always been ready and vigilant, reassuring United States allies and deterring anyone who might seek to do harm to the United States or United States allies;

Whereas the national maritime strategy of the United States recognizes the critical need for strategic deterrence in today's uncertain world;

Whereas the true strength of the ballistic missile submarine lies in the extremely talented and motivated Sailors who have voluntarily chosen to serve in the submarine community; and

Whereas the inherent stealth, unparalleled firepower, and nearly limitless endurance of the ballistic missile submarine provide a credible deterrence for any enemies that would seek to use force against the United States or United States allies: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring)*, That Congress—

(1) congratulates the Sailors of the United States Submarine Force upon the completion of 1,000 Ohio-class ballistic missile submarine (SSBN) deterrent patrols; and

(2) honors and thanks the crews of ballistic missile submarines and their devoted families for their continued dedication and sacrifice.

## AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 674. Mr. CORNYN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1105, making omnibus appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2009, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table.

## TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

**SA 674.** Mr. CORNYN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 1105, making omnibus appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2009, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title I of division F, insert the following:

SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. No funds made available under this Act shall be used to implement the Executive Order dated January 30, 2009, entitled "Notification of Employee Rights Under Federal Labor Laws" to the extent that the implementation of such order is in conflict with Executive Order 13201, dated February 17, 2001.

## NOTICE OF HEARING

## COMMITTEE ON RULES AND ADMINISTRATION

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I wish to announce that the Committee on Rules and Administration will meet on Wednesday, March 11, 2009, at 10:00 a.m. to receive testimony on "Voter Registration: Assessing Current Problems."

Individuals and organizations that wish to submit a statement for the hearing record are requested to contact the Chief Clerk, Lynden Armstrong, at 202-224-6352.

For further information regarding this hearing, please contact Jean Bordewich at the Rules and Administration Committee 202-224-6352.

## COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Mr. BINGAMAN. Mr. President, I would like to announce for the information of the Senate and the public that a hearing has been scheduled before the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources. The hearing will be held on Thursday, March 12, 2009, at 2:30 p.m., in room SD-366 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building.

The purpose of the hearing is to consider the nomination of David Hayes to be Deputy Secretary of the Interior.

Because of the limited time available for the hearing, witnesses may testify by invitation only. However, those wishing to submit written testimony for the hearing record may do so by sending it to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, United States Senate, Washington, D.C. 20510-6150, or by e-mail to Amanda Kelly at [kelly@energy.senate.gov](mailto:kelly@energy.senate.gov).

For further information, please contact Sam Fowler at (202) 224-7571 or Amanda Kelly at (202) 224-6836.

## AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

## COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Finance be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Monday, March 9, 2009, at 5 p.m., in room 215 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, EDUCATION, LABOR, AND PENSIONS

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate, to conduct a hearing entitled "Preventing Worker Exploitation: Protecting Individuals with Disabilities and Other Vulnerable Problems" on Monday, March 9, 2009. The hearing will commence at 2:30 p.m. in room 430 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

## PRIVILEGES OF THE FLOOR

Mrs. FEINSTEIN. Mr. President, I wish to make a request for the distinguished Senator of Connecticut and ask unanimous consent that Ellen Cohen, a fellow on the staff of Senator LIEBERMAN, be granted floor privileges for the duration of this debate.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. LIEBERMAN. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that Gustavo Delgado, Jr., be granted the privilege of the floor for the remainder of the consideration of the omnibus bill. Mr. Delgado is a member of my staff.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection it is so ordered.

## RAISING THE CASE OF ROBERT LEVINSON

Mr. DURBIN. I ask unanimous consent that the Foreign Relations Committee be discharged from further consideration of S. Con. Res. 4 and the Senate proceed to its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report the concurrent resolution by title.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 4) calling on the President and the allies of the United States to raise the case of Robert Levinson with officials of the Government of Iran at every level and opportunity, and urging officials of the Government of Iran to fulfill their promises of assistance to the family of Robert Levinson and to share information on the investigation into the disappearance of Robert Levinson with the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the concurrent resolution.

Mr. NELSON of Florida. Mr. President, exactly two years ago today, Bob Levinson went missing while on a business trip to Kish Island, Iran. Bob Levinson checked out of his hotel on March 9, 2007, and got in a taxi cab to head to the airport.

But he never checked in for his flight. The authorities in Dubai and surrounding countries have verified that Mr. Levinson never arrived on any flight from Iran or passed through passport control.

I would like to recognize that Bob Levinson's wife Christine Levinson is in the Senate today with her sister Suzi Halpin.

Many of my fellow Senators and their staffs have met with Christine and cosponsored the resolution we are aiming to pass today. She is a tireless advocate of her husband's case and I thank her and her sister for coming to Washington on this sad, but important day.

So what happened to Bob Levinson? We still do not know, although a man named David Belfield, an American fugitive from justice residing in Iran, and one of the last people to see Bob Levinson on Kish Island before his disappearance, has claimed that the Government of Iran imprisoned Mr. Levinson.

Mr. Belfield himself was detained by Iranian security services after meeting Bob Levinson at the hotel on March 8, 2007, the night before Mr. Levinson vanished.

The Iranians claim they do not know what happened to Bob Levinson, but I believe they are not being completely forthcoming. They promised in December 2007 that they would share the results of their investigation into Bob Levinson's case with his family. President Ahmadinejad stated in July 2008 that Iranian authorities would cooperate with the FBI. We are still waiting for the promised assistance.

Meanwhile, Christine and the rest of the Levinson family pray every day for Bob's return. The past 2 years have been incredibly hard on the family.

In the intervening time, Bob Levinson has missed graduations and report cards and sports events. He has missed the first steps of his grandson Ryan, and the birth of his granddaughter Grace Olivia.

I want to recognize the great personal courage Christine has shown in travelling to Iran in December 2007 to seek answers from the Iranians on what happened to her husband.

She has steadfastly pursued this case for 2 years now, giving press interviews to publicize Bob's plight and seek leads on the case, engaging the Iranian Mission to the U.N., talking to Swiss diplomats, speaking at rallies, making trips to Washington to meet with Members of Congress and officials at the White House, the State Department and the FBI.

At the same time, she also had to juggle all her other duties as a mother of seven and grandmother of two. I do