But many other brave individuals risked their lives by rescuing Jews during the Holocaust that have still yet to be recognized. Thousands of these hero’s stories have remained untold because the Nazis mercilessly ended their lives. For those that survived the Holocaust and for those that did not, I rise today to honor their heroism and their memory.

In 1963, Yad Vashem, the Holocaust Martyrs’ and Heroes’ Remembrance Authority in Israel, initiated a worldwide project to grant the title of Righteous Among the Nations to individuals who were not Jewish and who risked their lives to rescue and protect Jews and others during the Holocaust. To date, more than 21,000 heroic individuals have been honored as Righteous Among the Nations.

Theodor Criveanu was one of such courageous righteous individuals.

When serving as a reserve officer in the Romanian military, he was assigned the task of presenting military authorities with a list of Jews who would be given work permits to work in the ghetto instead of being deported to Transnistria. Risking his life to defy Nazi orders, Mr. Criveanu secretly issued work permits in numbers that exceeded the work permit quota and to Jews who were not essential to the workforce, saving countless of innocent Jewish lives.

The brave efforts of Mr. Criveanu have not gone unnoticed. On August 8, 2007, Yad Vashem named Theodore Criveanu as Righteous Among the Nations, posthumously honoring him for his courageous work to block the deportation of Romanian Jews to Nazi death camps.

Today, I rise to honor these individuals for their bravery and humanity. Mr. Criveanu and other such individuals deserve to be remembered and revered by the United States Congress.

A PROCLAMATION HONORING THE 90TH ANNIVERSARY OF DOVER BAPTIST CHURCH

HON. ZACHARY T. SPACE
OF OHIO
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, November 13, 2007
Mr. SPACE. Madam Speaker:

Whereas, the dedicated people of the Dover Baptist Church celebrate the 90th anniversary with great joy; and

Whereas, occasions such as these illustrate to us that love mixed with grace and trust will stand the test of time; and

Whereas, it is the fondest wish of this body that you will continue to present this work as a beacon for hope to the destitute and maintain your stand as a symbol to this generation that our strength lies in our gracious commitment in unity to each other in the bonds of brotherhood; now, therefore, be it.

Resolved that along with his friends, family, and the residents of the 18th Congressional District, I commend the congregation for your unwavering commitment, recognizing that all great achievements come from great dedication. We will not tolerate and respect, we recognize the tremendous impact this congregation has had in the community and in the lives of those people you have touched.

TRIBUTE TO CLARENE SHELLEY

HON. ED PERLMUTTER
OF COLORADO
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, November 13, 2007
Mr. PERLMUTTER. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor Ms. Clarenne Shelley for her service to our community.

When Lakewood’s first mayor swore Clarenne Shelley into the Lakewood Department of Public Safety in 1972, she became the department’s first female agent. When she retired, she held the position of division chief of the city of Lakewood Police Department.

Upon graduation from the Denver Police Academy, Clarenne Shelley was assigned to the Investigations Division, where she made her mark by working cases of family abuse, child abuse and juvenile crime. As a sergeant, she developed investigative procedures for child abuse cases that were adopted by all of the agencies in Jefferson County. In 1989, the American Association of University Women named her “Police Woman of the Year,” a title that she was awarded several times.

Ms. Shelley’s leadership was instrumental in developing better methods of recruiting, hiring and training. She trained thousands of people in the academy, the FBI, hospitals and many other organizations. She also began Lakewood’s first Youth Police Academy and head ed the Jefferson County Officer Involved Shooting Investigations Team.

It’s said Clarenne Shelley was at her best when helping others: offering support, giving sound advice, and celebrating the successes of those she mentored.

A PROCLAMATION HONORING 186TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE QUINN CHAPEL A.M.E. CHURCH

HON. ZACHARY T. SPACE
OF OHIO
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, November 13, 2007
Mr. SPACE. Madam Speaker:

Whereas, the dedicated people of the Quinn Chapel A.M.E. Church of Chillicothe, Ohio celebrate the 186th anniversary of the Quinn Chapel A.M.E. Church with great joy; and

Whereas, this occasion is a time to look back at the origins of the church and appreciate how much it has grown from the first days; and

Whereas, occasions such as these illustrate to us that love mixed with grace and trust will stand the test of time; and

Whereas, it is the fondest wish of this body that you will continue to present this work as a beacon for hope to the destitute and maintain your stand as a symbol to this generation that our strength lies in our gracious commitment in unity to each other in the bonds of brotherhood; now, therefore, be it.

Resolved that along with his friends, family, and the residents of the 18th Congressional District, I commend the congregation for your unwavering commitment, recognizing that all great achievements come from great dedication. We will not tolerate and respect, we recognize the tremendous impact this congregation has had in the community and in the lives of those people you have touched.

IN REMEMBRANCE OF TROY LEE JAMES

HON. DENNIS J. KUCINICH
OF OHIO
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, November 13, 2007
Mr. KUCINICH. Madam Speaker, I rise today to honor the life of Troy Lee James, a former laborer and union member, and the longest serving Democrat in the Ohio House of Representatives.

Born in Texarkana, Texas, Troy was the youngest of 18 children. He joined relatives in Cleveland after serving in World War II, in which he earned a Purple Heart for the wounds he suffered while fighting with the U.S. Army in Belgium.

Troy represented Cleveland for 34 years in the Ohio House, leaving his seat only because term limits forced him to retire in 2000. He proudly served as chairman of the Economic Development and Small Business Committee as well as the Aging and Housing Committee.

He served on the Rules Committee and was the Ranking Minority Member of the Housing and Urban Affairs Committee.

Troy was a beloved shopkeeper and champion of Cleveland’s Central neighborhood, and he was a devoted member of Antioch Baptist Church for more than 50 years. In 2003, the Ohio General Assembly named interstate 490, the short highway running south of downtown Cleveland, the Troy Lee James Highway.

Troy is survived by his wife Alice, his Daughter Laura, two grandchildren and one great-grandchild.

Madam Speaker and colleagues, please join me in honoring Troy Lee James, an enthusiastic member of the Cleveland community and dedicated servant of the Ohio government. May his commitment to Cleveland serve as an example to all of us.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

HON. LINCOLN DAVIS
OF TENNESSEE
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, November 13, 2007
Mr. DAVIS. Madam Speaker, on Friday, November 9, 2007, I was absent from the House in order to attend to an illness in my family.

THE TOUGHEST BEAT IN AMERICA

HON. TED POE
OF TEXAS
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, November 13, 2007
Mr. POE. Madam Speaker, in September of this year, corrections officer Susan Canfield was murdered just outside of Huntsville, Texas by two inmates who had escaped a Huntsville prison facility.

In what some might call ironic timing, a report by the Dallas Morning News came out the following month that said assaults on prison guards have doubled over the last five years. Over 36 staff member were assaulted this year, up from 18 in 2003. To further compound this problem, turnover of staff is at a
record high with one in four leaving the department last year alone.

Officials believe these problems have been caused by low wages, staff shortages, and a tougher breed of criminals entering the prison system. Salaries for prison guards in Texas begin at $23,040 and top out at $33,948. This is one of the lowest pay scales nationally for prison guards. As a result, people are leaving the field or not entering it at all. The Texas Department of Criminal Justice workforce was down almost 4,000 employees in August. This means facilities are more vulnerable and employees are at increased danger for attacks.

This is unacceptable. We need to make sure our prison system is secure so that our prison guards and staff can go to work without fear of being assaulted and we need to make working conditions better for these people who have some of the toughest jobs in society, to protect our communities from dangerous criminals.

The toughest beat in America is the one assigned to our prison guards who watch those who have committed crimes against our people. We owe these guards our greatest appreciation.

And that's just the way it is.

TRIBUTE TO HIGHLANDS HIGH SCHOOL

HON. GEOFF DAVIS
OF KENTUCKY
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, November 13, 2007

Mr. DAVIS of Kentucky. Madam Speaker, I rise today to recognize the academic achievements of Highlands High School in Ft. Thomas, KY. Recently, Highlands High School was announced by the U.S. Department of Education as a recipient of the 2007 Blue Ribbon Award.

The Blue Ribbon Award was presented to 287 distinguished schools nationwide and I am pleased that Highlands High School was one of four from Kentucky's Fourth Congressional District.

Highlands has worked hard in advancing its curriculum and performance of its students to ensure that they are some of the best and brightest in our Nation. This is an accomplishment that deserves great praise for the students, parents and teachers. In a world where we are facing competition from abroad and we frequently hear that our students are lagging behind, Kentucky’s Blue Ribbon schools are forging ahead.

I would also like to highlight the fact that Highlands is ranked in the Top 1000 High Schools by U.S. News & World Report. Furthermore, Highlands’ commitment to educational excellence shines through in its “Cum Laude chapter” that stresses not only academic, but civic and community involvement.

The awards and accomplishments received by the high school are tremendous reflections of the dedication and commitment of the entire Highlands High School community.

INTRODUCTION OF AMERICAN BRAILLE FLAG MEMORIAL BILL

HON. TODD TIAHRT
OF KANSAS
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, November 13, 2007

Mr. TIAHRT. Madam Speaker, our Nation has over 1,000,000 blind and low-vision veterans, and those numbers continue to rise. The Department of Defense estimates that 16 percent of those injured in Operation Iraqi Freedom and Operation Enduring Freedom suffer from severe vision loss. An additional 10–12 million Americans have blind and low vision.

Prior to the creation of the Braille American flag, the American flag was not accessible to the blind. This flag, created by the Kansas Braille Transcription Institute in Wichita, Kansas, has been specially designed in a way that informs the blind of the full color of the American flag, 13 stripes, and 50 stars on the blue field. Additionally, this tactile flag bears the Pledge of Allegiance in both raised print and grade one braille.

Today, I am introducing legislation that calls for the Army to place a Braille American flag at Arlington National Cemetery. Arlington National Cemetery is a national place of remembrance and honor for our Nation’s veterans and it is visited by an estimated 4 million people annually. Placing the Braille American flag there would bring honor to our Nation’s blind community and allow our blind veterans to “see” the American flag again.

Madam Speaker, I am honored this legislation has been endorsed by the Blind Veterans of America, and I look forward to quick action by the Congress on the bill. We owe a huge debt of gratitude towards those who have served, and this simple action will mean much to our patriotic blind veterans. I encourage my colleagues to join me in supporting this effort in placing the Braille American flag at Arlington National Cemetery.

FREEDOM FOR DR. JOSE LUIS GARCIA PANEQUE

HON. LINCOLN DIAZ-BALART
OF FLORIDA
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Tuesday, November 13, 2007

Mr. LINCOLN DIAZ-BALART. Madam Speaker, I rise today to remind my colleagues about Dr. Jose Luis Garcia Paneque, a political prisoner in totalitarian Cuba.

Dr. Garcia Paneque is a surgeon by training and an active member of the Ladies in White, a group of women and their families who have made threats against his life, threats that he has had to be hospitalized multiple times while incarcerated. Currently, he suffers from chronic diarrhea, severe abdominal pain, and poor intestinal absorption, resulting from what can only be described as a chronic malnutrition.

Since his initial incarceration in the subhuman conditions of the tyranny’s totalitarian dungeons, Dr. Garcia Paneque’s weight has dropped from a healthy 190 pounds to an emaciated 110 pounds. Dr. Garcia Paneque has been thrown in the hellish dungeons to languish in conditions so abhorrent that he has had to be hospitalized multiple times while incarcerated. Currently, he suffers from chronic diarrhea, severe abdominal pain, and poor intestinal absorption, resulting from what can only be described as a chronic malnutrition.

While imprisoned in the totalitarian dungeon, Dr. Garcia Paneque has endured constant physical and psychological torture at the hands of regime thugs. Although he has not committed a crime, he is forced to live with common prisoners who have gone as far as to have made threats against his life, threats that the regime’s thugs refuse to acknowledge as part of their constant effort to avoid having to take action to ensure his safety. After months of writhing in pain it was discovered that Dr. Garcia Paneque had developed a 36 to 38-mm cyst on one of his kidneys. The prison doctors, who had previously ignored his cries for medical attention, now claimed that surgery to remove the cyst would be required. Although his condition is perilous and there exists a serious risk that Dr. Garcia Paneque may not survive the abdominal surgery, regime authorities refuse to grant him a consultation with doctors not affiliated with the prison, and he has yet to receive proper medical treatment for his condition.

Members of Dr. Garcia Paneque’s family, including his four children, have been repeatedly harassed. In August 2006, a regime mob of more than 50 people armed with sticks and stones surrounded the family’s home, chanting insults and threatening to burn it down. In March of 2007, fearing for the life of her children, Dr. Garcia Paneque’s wife, Yamiel Llanes Labrada, an active member of the Ladies in White, was forced to flee Cuba with her children. This is another tragic example of life under the totalitarian regime in Cuba.

On October 24, 2007, Dr. Garcia Paneque’s wife, and his daughter Shirlen, were received and honored by President George W. Bush at the White House, where the President publicly called upon the regime to release Dr. Garcia Paneque forthwith. The President informed me personally after his meeting with Dr. Garcia Paneque’s family that he was deeply impressed and moved by their heroic examples of courage and patriotism.

Despite the gangster tactics and heinous threats against him, Dr. Garcia Paneque continues to demand human rights and dignity for the people of Cuba. He is languishing in the squalor of the infernal gulag, at the whim of a merciless tyrant, simply because he believes in freedom, truth, democracy, and human rights for the people of Cuba.

Madam Speaker, it is unconscionable that journalists and physicians like Dr. Garcia Paneque are locked in dungeons for writing the truth. My colleagues and I must stand against the immediate and unconditional release of Jose Luis Garcia Paneque and every political prisoner in totalitarian Cuba.