

the majority of the people want peace, are prepared to take risks for peace . . . Peace is what the Jewish People aspire to.”; and

Whereas Yitzhak Rabin dedicated his life to the cause of peace and security for the state of Israel by defending his nation against all threats, including terrorism, and undertaking courageous risks in the pursuit of peace: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) honors the historic role of Yitzhak Rabin for his distinguished service to the people of Israel and extends its deepest sympathy and condolences to the family of Yitzhak Rabin and the people of Israel on the tenth anniversary of his death;

(2) recognizes and reiterates its continued support for the close ties and special relationship between the United States and Israel;

(3) expresses its admiration for Yitzhak Rabin’s legacy and reaffirms its commitment to the process of building a just and lasting peace between Israel and its neighbors;

(4) condemns any and all acts of terrorism; and

(5) reaffirms unequivocally the sacred principle that democratic leaders and governments must be changed only by the democratically-expressed will of the people.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 2507. Mr. KERRY (for himself, Mr. REID, Mr. BIDEN, and Mr. DAYTON) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes.

SA 2508. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2445 submitted by Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself, Mr. INHOFE, and Mr. DEMINT) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 1042, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2509. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2445 submitted by Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself, Mr. INHOFE, and Mr. DEMINT) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 1042, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2510. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2445 submitted by Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself, Mr. INHOFE, and Mr. DEMINT) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 1042, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2511. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2475 submitted by Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself, Mr. COBURN, Mr. DEMINT, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. SESSIONS, and Mr. TALENT) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 1042, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2512. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2475 submitted by Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself, Mr. COBURN, Mr. DEMINT, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. SESSIONS, and Mr. TALENT) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 1042, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2513. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2475 submitted by Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself, Mr. COBURN, Mr. DEMINT, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. SESSIONS, and Mr.

TALENT) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 1042, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2514. Mr. ROBERTS (for himself and Mr. ROCKEFELLER) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 2507 proposed by Mr. KERRY (for himself, Mr. REID, Mr. BIDEN, and Mr. DAYTON) to the bill S. 1042, supra.

SA 2515. Mr. GRAHAM (for himself, Mr. KYL, Mr. CHAMBLISS, and Mr. CORNYN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1042, supra.

SA 2516. Mr. GRAHAM (for himself, Mr. KYL, and Mr. CHAMBLISS) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 2515 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM (for himself, Mr. KYL, Mr. CHAMBLISS, and Mr. CORNYN) to the bill S. 1042, supra.

SA 2517. Mr. BINGAMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2515 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM (for himself, Mr. KYL, Mr. CHAMBLISS, and Mr. CORNYN) to the bill S. 1042, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 2518. Mr. WARNER (for himself and Mr. FRIST) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1042, supra.

SA 2519. Mr. LEVIN (for himself, Mr. BIDEN, Mr. REID, Mr. DODD, Mr. KERRY, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. REED, Mr. KENNEDY, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. OBAMA, and Mrs. BOXER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1042, supra.

SA 2520. Mr. FRIST (for Mr. INOUE) proposed an amendment to the resolution S. Res. 9, expressing the sense of the Senate regarding designation of the month of November as “National Military Family Month”.

SA 2521. Mr. FRIST (for Mr. LEAHY) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1558, An act to amend the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 to protect family members of filers from disclosing sensitive information in a public filing and to extend for 4 years the authority to redact financial disclosure statements of judicial employees and judicial officers.

SA 2522. Mr. FRIST (for Mr. LEAHY) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1558, supra.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 2507. Mr. KERRY (for himself, Mr. REID, Mr. BIDEN, and Mr. DAYTON) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes: as follows:

At the end of subtitle D of title X, add the following:

SEC. ____ . REPORTS ON CLANDESTINE DETENTION FACILITIES FOR INDIVIDUALS CAPTURED IN THE GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM.

(a) SECRETARY OF DEFENSE REPORT.—

(1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than sixty days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a detailed report on the knowledge of the Secretary, and of the personnel of the Department of Defense, on whether or not there exists, or has existed, any clandestine facility outside of United States territory for the detention of individuals captured in the global war on terrorism, whether operated by the United States Government or at the request of the United States Government.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) Whether or not the Secretary or any personnel of the Department of Defense have affirmative knowledge that a facility described in paragraph (1) exists.

(B) If the Secretary or any such personnel have affirmative knowledge that such a facility does exist—

(i) the existence of such facility;

(ii) any support provided by the Department of Defense to any other department, agency, or element of the United States Government, or any foreign government, for the establishment, operation, or maintenance of such facility;

(iii) the amount of funds obligated or expended by the Department in furtherance of the establishment, operation, or maintenance of such facility;

(iv) whether the Department has transported individuals captured in the global war on terrorism to or from such facility, and if so—

(I) the number of such individuals;

(II) the date of transfer of each such individual to such facility;

(III) the place from which each such individual was so transferred; and

(IV) the identity of the agency or authority in whose custody each such individual was held before such transfer;

(v) whether any detainee in such facility is expected to be prosecuted by military commission or another system for administering justice; and

(vi) the interrogation procedures used on each individual detained in such facility.

(C) Whether or not the Department has ever held any individual captured in the global war on terrorism at a facility controlled by the Department at the request of, or in cooperation with, another department, agency, or element of the United States Government, and for any such individual so held, a detailed description of the circumstances surrounding the detention of such individual and the disposition, if any of such individual.

(3) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in classified form.

(b) DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE REPORTS.—

(1) REPORTS REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall provide to each member of the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a detailed report setting forth the nature and cost of, and otherwise providing a full accounting on, any clandestine prison or detention facility currently or formerly operated by the United States Government, regardless of location, where detainees in the global war on terrorism are or were being held.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The reports required by paragraph (1) shall set forth, for each prison or facility covered by such report, the following:

(A) The location and size of such prison or facility.

(B) If such prison or facility is no longer being operated by the United States Government, the disposition of such prison or facility.

(C) The number of detainees currently held or formerly held, as the case may be, at such prison or facility.

(D) Any plans for the ultimate disposition of any detainees currently held at such prison or facility.

(E) A description of the interrogation procedures used or formerly used on detainees at such prison or facility.

(3) FORM OF REPORTS.—The reports required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in classified form.

SA 2508. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2445 submitted by Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself, Mr. INHOFE, and Mr. DEMINT) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 11 of the amendment, strike lines 20 and 21.

SA 2509. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2445 submitted by Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself, Mr. INHOFE, and Mr. DEMINT) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 10 of the amendment, line 23, strike "contraceptives" and insert "drugs or devices approved by the Food and Drug Administration as contraceptives, or generic equivalents approved as substitutable by the Food and Drug Administration".

SA 2510. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2445 submitted by Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself, Mr. INHOFE, and Mr. DEMINT) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year of the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 2 of the amendment, strike all after the first word and insert the following:

PROTECTION OF CHILDREN AND PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT IN THE PERFORMANCE OF ABORTIONS FOR DEPENDENT CHILDREN OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

Section 1093 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

"(C) PARENTAL NOTICE.—(1) A physician may not use facilities of the Department of Defense to perform an abortion on a pregnant unemancipated minor who is a child of a member of the armed forces unless—

"(A) the physician gives at least 48 hours actual notice, in person or by telephone, of the physician's intent to perform the abortion to—

"(i) the member of the armed forces, or another parent of the minor, if the minor has no managing conservator or guardian; or

"(ii) a court-appointed managing conservator or guardian;

"(B) the judge of an appropriate district court of the United States issues an order authorizing the minor to consent to the abortion as provided by subsection (d) or (e);

"(C) the appropriate district court of the United States by its inaction constructively authorizes the minor to consent to the abortion as provided by subsection (d) or (e);

"(D) it is necessary to preserve the life or health of the minor; or

"(E) the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest.

"(2) If a person to whom notice may be given under paragraph (1)(A) cannot be notified after a reasonable effort, a physician may perform an abortion if the physician gives 48 hours constructive notice, by certified mail, restricted delivery, sent to the last known address, to the person to whom notice may be given under that paragraph. The period under this paragraph begins when the notice is mailed. If the person required to be notified is not notified within the 48-hour period, the abortion may proceed even if the notice by mail is not received.

"(3) The requirement that 48 hours actual notice be provided under this subsection may be waived by an affidavit of—

"(A) the member of the armed forces concerned, or another parent of the minor, if the minor has no managing conservator or guardian; or

"(B) a court-appointed managing conservator or guardian.

"(4) A physician may execute for inclusion in the minor's medical record an affidavit stating that, according to the best information and belief of the physician, notice or constructive notice has been provided as required by this subsection. Execution of an affidavit under this paragraph creates a presumption that the requirements of this subsection have been satisfied.

"(5) A certification required by paragraph (1)(D) is confidential and privileged and is not subject to disclosure, discovery, subpoena, or other legal process. Personal or identifying information about the minor, including her name, address, or social security number, may not be included in a certification under paragraph (1)(D). The physician must keep the medical records on the minor in compliance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

"(6) A physician who intentionally performs an abortion on a pregnant unemancipated minor in violation of this subsection commits an offense punishable by a fine not to exceed \$10,000.

"(7) It is a defense to prosecution under this subsection that the minor falsely represented her age or identity to the physician to be at least 18 years of age by displaying an apparently valid governmental record of identification such that a reasonable person under similar circumstances would have relied on the representation. The defense does not apply if the physician is shown to have had independent knowledge of the minor's actual age or identity or failed to use due diligence in determining the minor's age or identity.

"(d) JUDICIAL APPROVAL.—(1) A pregnant unemancipated minor who is a child of a member of the armed forces and who wishes to have an abortion using facilities of the Department of Defense without notification to the member of the armed forces, another parent, her managing conservator, or her guardian may file an application for a court order authorizing the minor to consent to the performance of an abortion without notification to either of her parents or a managing conservator or guardian.

"(2) Any application under this subsection may be filed in any appropriate district court of the United States. In the case of a minor who elects not to travel to the United

States in pursuit of an order authorizing the abortion, the court may conduct the proceedings in the case of such application by telephone.

"(3) An application under this subsection shall be made under oath and include—

"(A) a statement that the minor is pregnant;

"(B) a statement that the minor is unmarried, is under 18 years of age, and has not had her disabilities removed;

"(C) a statement that the minor wishes to have an abortion without the notification of either of her parents or a managing conservator or guardian; and

"(D) a statement as to whether the minor has retained an attorney and, if she has retained an attorney, the name, address, and telephone number of her attorney.

"(4) The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the minor. If the minor has not retained an attorney, the court shall appoint an attorney to represent the minor. If the guardian ad litem is an attorney, the court may appoint the guardian ad litem to serve as the minor's attorney.

"(5) The court may appoint to serve as guardian ad litem for a minor—

"(A) a psychiatrist or an individual licensed or certified as a psychologist;

"(B) a member of the clergy;

"(C) a grandparent or an adult brother, sister, aunt, or uncle of the minor; or

"(D) another appropriate person selected by the court.

"(6) The court shall determine within 48 hours after the application is filed whether the minor is mature and sufficiently well-informed to make the decision to have an abortion performed without notification to either of her parents or a managing conservator or guardian, whether notification would not be in the best interest of the minor, or whether notification may lead to physical, sexual, or emotional abuse of the minor. If the court finds that the minor is mature and sufficiently well informed, that notification would not be in the minor's best interest, or that notification may lead to physical, sexual, or emotional abuse of the minor, the court shall enter an order authorizing the minor to consent to the performance of the abortion without notification to either of her parents or a managing conservator or guardian and shall execute the required forms.

"(7) If the court fails to rule on the application within the period specified in paragraph (6), the application shall be deemed to be granted and the physician may perform the abortion as if the court had issued an order authorizing the minor to consent to the performance of the abortion without notification under subsection (c).

"(8) If the court finds that the minor does not meet the requirements of paragraph (6), the court may not authorize the minor to consent to an abortion without the notification authorized under subsection (c)(1).

"(9) The court may not notify a parent, managing conservator, or guardian that the minor is pregnant or that the minor wants to have an abortion. The court proceedings shall be conducted in a manner that protects the anonymity of the minor. The application and all other court documents pertaining to the proceedings are confidential and privileged and are not subject to disclosure, discovery, subpoena, or other legal process. The minor may file the application using a pseudonym or using only her initials.

"(10) An order of the court issued under this subsection is confidential and privileged and is not subject to disclosure, discovery, subpoena, or other legal process. The order may not be released to any person but the pregnant minor, the pregnant minor's guardian ad litem, the pregnant minor's attorney,

another person designated to receive the order by the minor, or a governmental agency or attorney in a criminal or administrative action seeking to assert or protect the interest of the minor.

“(11) A filing fee is not required of and court costs may not be assessed against a minor filing an application under this subsection.

“(e) APPEAL.—(1) A minor whose application under subsection (d) is denied may appeal to the court of appeals of the United States having jurisdiction of the district court of the United States that denied the application. If the court of appeals fails to rule on the appeal within 48 hours after the appeal is filed, the appeal shall be deemed to be granted and the physician may perform the abortion using facilities of the Department of Defense as if the court had issued an order authorizing the minor to consent to the performance of the abortion using facilities of the Department of Defense without notification under subsection (c). Proceedings under this subsection shall be given precedence over other pending matters to the extent necessary to assure that the court reaches a decision promptly.

“(2) A ruling of the court of appeals under this subsection is confidential and privileged and is not subject to disclosure, discovery, subpoena, or other legal process. The ruling may not be released to any person but the pregnant minor, the pregnant minor’s guardian ad litem, the pregnant minor’s attorney, another person designated to receive the ruling by the minor, or a governmental agency or attorney in a criminal or administrative action seeking to assert or protect the interest of the minor.

“(3) A filing fee is not required of and court costs may not be assessed against a minor filing an appeal under this subsection.

“(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘abortion’ means the use of any means at a medical facility of the Department of Defense to terminate the pregnancy of a female known by an attending physician to be pregnant, with the intention that the termination of the pregnancy by those means will with reasonable likelihood cause the death of the fetus. The term applies only to an unemancipated minor known by an attending physician to be pregnant and may not be construed to limit a minor’s access to drugs or devices approved by the Food and Drug Administration as contraceptives, or generic equivalents approved as substitutable by the Food and Drug Administration.

“(2) The term ‘appropriate district court of the United States’ means—

“(A) with respect to a proposed abortion at a particular Department of Defense medical facility in the United States or its territories, the district court of the United States having proper venue in relation to that facility; or

“(B) if the minor is seeking an abortion at a particular Department of Defense facility outside the United States or its territories—

“(i) if the minor elects to travel to the United States in pursuit of an order authorizing the abortion, the district court of the United States having proper venue in the district in which the minor first arrives from outside the United States; or

“(ii) if the minor elects not to travel to the United States in pursuit of an order authorizing the abortion, the district court of the United States for the district in which the minor last resided.

“(3) The term ‘guardian’ means a court-appointed guardian of the person of the minor.

“(4) The term ‘physician’ means an individual licensed to practice medicine.

“(5) The term ‘unemancipated minor’ includes a minor who is not a member of the armed forces and who—

“(A) is unmarried; and

“(B) has not had any disabilities of minority removed.”

SA 2511. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2475 submitted by Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself, Mr. COBURN, Mr. DEMINT, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. SESSIONS, and Mr. TALENT) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 11 of the amendment, strike lines 24 and 25.

SA 2512. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2475 submitted by Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself, Mr. COBURN, Mr. DEMINT, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. SESSIONS, and Mr. TALENT) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 11 of the amendment, line 2, strike “contraceptives” and insert “drugs or devices approved by the Food and Drug Administration as contraceptives, or generic equivalents approved as substitutable by the Food and Drug Administration”.

SA 2513. Mrs. MURRAY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2475 submitted by Mr. BROWNBACK (for himself, Mr. COBURN, Mr. DEMINT, Mr. INHOFE, Mr. SESSIONS, and Mr. TALENT) and intended to be proposed to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 2 of the amendment, strike all after the first word and insert the following:

PROTECTION OF CHILDREN AND PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT IN THE PERFORMANCE OF ABORTIONS FOR DEPENDENT CHILDREN OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

Section 1093 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

“(c) PARENTAL NOTICE.—(1) A physician may not use facilities of the Department of Defense to perform an abortion on a pregnant unemancipated minor who is a child of a member of the armed forces unless—

“(A) the physician gives at least 48 hours actual notice, in person or by telephone, of the physician’s intent to perform the abortion to—

“(i) the member of the armed forces, or another parent of the minor, if the minor has no managing conservator or guardian; or

“(ii) a court-appointed managing conservator or guardian;

“(B) the judge of an appropriate district court of the United States issues an order authorizing the minor to consent to the abortion as provided by subsection (d) or (e);

“(C) the appropriate district court of the United States by its inaction constructively authorizes the minor to consent to the abortion as provided by subsection (d) or (e);

“(D) it is necessary to preserve the life or health of the minor; or

“(E) the pregnancy is the result of rape or incest.

“(2) If a person to whom notice may be given under paragraph (1)(A) cannot be notified after a reasonable effort, a physician may perform an abortion if the physician gives 48 hours constructive notice, by certified mail, restricted delivery, sent to the last known address, to the person to whom notice may be given under that paragraph. The period under this paragraph begins when the notice is mailed. If the person required to be notified is not notified within the 48-hour period, the abortion may proceed even if the notice by mail is not received.

“(3) The requirement that 48 hours actual notice be provided under this subsection may be waived by an affidavit of—

“(A) the member of the armed forces concerned, or another parent of the minor, if the minor has no managing conservator or guardian; or

“(B) a court-appointed managing conservator or guardian.

“(4) A physician may execute for inclusion in the minor’s medical record an affidavit stating that, according to the best information and belief of the physician, notice or constructive notice has been provided as required by this subsection. Execution of an affidavit under this paragraph creates a presumption that the requirements of this subsection have been satisfied.

“(5) A certification required by paragraph (1)(D) is confidential and privileged and is not subject to disclosure, discovery, subpoena, or other legal process. Personal or identifying information about the minor, including her name, address, or social security number, may not be included in a certification under paragraph (1)(D). The physician must keep the medical records on the minor in compliance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.

“(6) A physician who intentionally performs an abortion on a pregnant unemancipated minor in violation of this subsection commits an offense punishable by a fine not to exceed \$10,000.

“(7) It is a defense to prosecution under this subsection that the minor falsely represented her age or identity to the physician to be at least 18 years of age by displaying an apparently valid governmental record of identification such that a reasonable person under similar circumstances would have relied on the representation. The defense does not apply if the physician is shown to have had independent knowledge of the minor’s actual age or identity or failed to use due diligence in determining the minor’s age or identity.

“(d) JUDICIAL APPROVAL.—(1) A pregnant unemancipated minor who is a child of a member of the armed forces and who wishes to have an abortion using facilities of the Department of Defense without notification to the member of the armed forces, another parent, her managing conservator, or her guardian may file an application for a court order authorizing the minor to consent to the performance of an abortion without notification to either of her parents or a managing conservator or guardian.

“(2) Any application under this subsection may be filed in any appropriate district court of the United States. In the case of a minor who elects not to travel to the United States in pursuit of an order authorizing the abortion, the court may conduct the proceedings in the case of such application by telephone.

“(3) An application under this subsection shall be made under oath and include—

“(A) a statement that the minor is pregnant;

“(B) a statement that the minor is unmarried, is under 18 years of age, and has not had her disabilities removed;

“(C) a statement that the minor wishes to have an abortion without the notification of either of her parents or a managing conservator or guardian; and

“(D) a statement as to whether the minor has retained an attorney and, if she has retained an attorney, the name, address, and telephone number of her attorney.

“(4) The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the minor. If the minor has not retained an attorney, the court shall appoint an attorney to represent the minor. If the guardian ad litem is an attorney, the court may appoint the guardian ad litem to serve as the minor’s attorney.

“(5) The court may appoint to serve as guardian ad litem for a minor—

“(A) a psychiatrist or an individual licensed or certified as a psychologist;

“(B) a member of the clergy;

“(C) a grandparent or an adult brother, sister, aunt, or uncle of the minor; or

“(D) another appropriate person selected by the court.

“(6) The court shall determine within 48 hours after the application is filed whether the minor is mature and sufficiently well-informed to make the decision to have an abortion performed without notification to either of her parents or a managing conservator or guardian, whether notification would not be in the best interest of the minor, or whether notification may lead to physical, sexual, or emotional abuse of the minor. If the court finds that the minor is mature and sufficiently well informed, that notification would not be in the minor’s best interest, or that notification may lead to physical, sexual, or emotional abuse of the minor, the court shall enter an order authorizing the minor to consent to the performance of the abortion without notification to either of her parents or a managing conservator or guardian and shall execute the required forms.

“(7) If the court fails to rule on the application within the period specified in paragraph (6), the application shall be deemed to be granted and the physician may perform the abortion as if the court had issued an order authorizing the minor to consent to the performance of the abortion without notification under subsection (c).

“(8) If the court finds that the minor does not meet the requirements of paragraph (6), the court may not authorize the minor to consent to an abortion without the notification authorized under subsection (c)(1).

“(9) The court may not notify a parent, managing conservator, or guardian that the minor is pregnant or that the minor wants to have an abortion. The court proceedings shall be conducted in a manner that protects the anonymity of the minor. The application and all other court documents pertaining to the proceedings are confidential and privileged and are not subject to disclosure, discovery, subpoena, or other legal process. The minor may file the application using a pseudonym or using only her initials.

“(10) An order of the court issued under this subsection is confidential and privileged and is not subject to disclosure, discovery,

subpoena, or other legal process. The order may not be released to any person but the pregnant minor, the pregnant minor’s guardian ad litem, the pregnant minor’s attorney, another person designated to receive the order by the minor, or a governmental agency or attorney in a criminal or administrative action seeking to assert or protect the interest of the minor.

“(11) A filing fee is not required of and court costs may not be assessed against a minor filing an application under this subsection.

“(e) APPEAL.—(1) A minor whose application under subsection (d) is denied may appeal to the court of appeals of the United States having jurisdiction of the district court of the United States that denied the application. If the court of appeals fails to rule on the appeal within 48 hours after the appeal is filed, the appeal shall be deemed to be granted and the physician may perform the abortion using facilities of the Department of Defense as if the court had issued an order authorizing the minor to consent to the performance of the abortion using facilities of the Department of Defense without notification under subsection (c). Proceedings under this subsection shall be given precedence over other pending matters to the extent necessary to assure that the court reaches a decision promptly.

“(2) A ruling of the court of appeals under this subsection is confidential and privileged and is not subject to disclosure, discovery, subpoena, or other legal process. The ruling may not be released to any person but the pregnant minor, the pregnant minor’s guardian ad litem, the pregnant minor’s attorney, another person designated to receive the ruling by the minor, or a governmental agency or attorney in a criminal or administrative action seeking to assert or protect the interest of the minor.

“(3) A filing fee is not required of and court costs may not be assessed against a minor filing an appeal under this subsection.

“(f) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in subsections (c), (d), or (e) shall be construed to create any exemption to the restrictions contained in subsections (a) and (b).

“(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘abortion’ means the use of any means at a medical facility of the Department of Defense to terminate the pregnancy of a female known by an attending physician to be pregnant, with the intention that the termination of the pregnancy by those means will with reasonable likelihood cause the death of the fetus. The term applies only to an unemancipated minor known by an attending physician to be pregnant and may not be construed to limit a minor’s access to drugs or devices approved by the Food and Drug Administration as contraceptives, or generic equivalents approved as substitutable by the Food and Drug Administration.

“(2) The term ‘appropriate district court of the United States’ means—

“(A) with respect to a proposed abortion at a particular Department of Defense medical facility in the United States or its territories, the district court of the United States having proper venue in relation to that facility; or

“(B) if the minor is seeking an abortion at a particular Department of Defense facility outside the United States or its territories—

“(i) if the minor elects to travel to the United States in pursuit of an order authorizing the abortion, the district court of the United States having proper venue in the district in which the minor first arrives from outside the United States; or

“(ii) if the minor elects not to travel to the United States in pursuit of an order authorizing the abortion, the district court of the

United States for the district in which the minor last resided.

“(3) The term ‘guardian’ means a court-appointed guardian of the person of the minor.

“(4) The term ‘physician’ means an individual licensed to practice medicine.

“(5) The term ‘unemancipated minor’ includes a minor who is not a member of the armed forces and who—

“(A) is unmarried; and

“(B) has not had any disabilities of minority removed.”.

SA 2514. Mr. ROBERTS (for himself and Mr. ROCKEFELLER) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 2507 proposed by Mr. KERRY (for himself, Mr. REID, Mr. BIDEN, and Mr. DAYTON) to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; as follows:

In lieu of the language proposed to be inserted insert the following:

SEC. . . . REPORT ON ALLEGED CLANDESTINE DETENTION FACILITIES FOR INDIVIDUALS CAPTURED IN THE GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall ensure that the United States Government continues to comply with the authorization, reporting, and notification requirements of title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 413 et seq.).

(b) DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE REPORT.—

(1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall provide to the members of the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives a detailed report setting forth the nature and cost of, and otherwise providing a full accounting on, any clandestine prison or detention facility currently or formerly operated by the United States Government, regardless of location, where detainees in the global war on terrorism are or were being held.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall set forth, for each prison or facility, if any, covered by such report, the following:

(A) The location and size of such prison or facility.

(B) If such prison or facility is no longer being operated by the United States Government, the disposition of such prison or facility.

(C) The number of detainees currently held or formerly held, as the case may be, at such prison or facility.

(D) Any plans for the ultimate disposition of any detainees currently held at such prison or facility.

(E) A description of the interrogation procedures used or formerly used on detainees at such prison or facility.

(3) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in classified form.

SA 2515. Mr. GRAHAM (for himself, Mr. KYL, Mr. CHAMBLISS, and Mr. CORNYN) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and

for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end of subtitle G of title X, add the following:

SEC. . REVIEW OF STATUS OF DETAINEES.

(a) SUBMITTAL OF PROCEDURES FOR STATUS REVIEW OF DETAINEES AT GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees, and to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives, a report setting forth the procedures of the Combatant Status Review Tribunals and the noticed Administrative Review Boards in operation at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, for determining the status of the detainees held at Guantanamo Bay.

(b) PROCEDURES.—The procedures submitted to Congress pursuant to subsection (a) shall, with respect to proceedings beginning after the date of the submittal of such procedures under that subsection, ensure that—

(1) in making a determination of status of any detainee under such procedures, a Combatant Status Review Tribunal or Administrative Review Board may not consider statements derived from persons that, as determined by such Tribunal or Board, by the preponderance of the evidence, were obtained with undue coercion; and

(2) the Designated Civilian Official shall be an officer of the United States Government whose appointment to office was made by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

(c) REPORT ON MODIFICATION OF PROCEDURES.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the committees of Congress referred to in subsection (a) a report on any modification of the procedures submitted under subsection (a) not later than 30 days before the date on which such modifications go into effect.

(d) JUDICIAL REVIEW OF DETENTION OF ENEMY COMBATANTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 2241 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) No court, justice, or judge shall have jurisdiction to hear or consider an application for a writ of habeas corpus filed by or on behalf of an alien outside the United States (as that term is defined in section 101(a)(38) of the Immigration and Naturalization Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(38)) who is detained by the Department of Defense at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.”.

(2) CERTAIN DECISIONS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D), the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit shall have exclusive jurisdiction to determine the validity of any decision of a Designated Civilian Official described in subsection (b)(2) that an alien is properly detained as an enemy combatant.

(B) LIMITATION ON CLAIMS.—The jurisdiction of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit under this paragraph shall be limited to claims brought by or on behalf of an alien—

(i) who is, at the time a request for review by such court is filed, detained by the Department of Defense at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba; and

(ii) for whom a Combatant Status Review Tribunal has been conducted, pursuant to applicable procedures specified by the Secretary of Defense.

(C) SCOPE OF REVIEW.—The jurisdiction of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit on any claims

with respect to an alien under this paragraph shall be limited to the consideration of whether the status determination of the Combatant Status Review Tribunal with regard to such alien was consistent with the procedures and standards specified by the Secretary of Defense for Combatant Status Review Tribunals.

(D) TERMINATION ON RELEASE FROM CUSTODY.—The jurisdiction of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit with respect to the claims of an alien under this paragraph shall cease upon the release of such alien from the custody of the Department of Defense.

(3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply to any application or other action that is pending on or after the date of the enactment of this Act. Paragraph (2) shall apply with respect to any claim regarding a decision covered by that paragraph that is pending on or after such date.

SA 2516. Mr. GRAHAM (for himself, Mr. KYL, and Mr. CHAMBLISS) proposed an amendment to amendment SA 2515 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM (for himself, Mr. KYL, Mr. CHAMBLISS, and Mr. CORNYN) to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; as follows:

Strike all after the word SEC.

. REVIEW OF STATUS OF DETAINEES.

(a) SUBMITTAL OF PROCEDURES FOR STATUS REVIEW OF DETAINEES AT GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees, and to the Committees on the Judiciary of the Senate and the House of Representatives, a report setting forth the procedures of the Combatant Status Review Tribunals and the noticed Administrative Review Boards in operation at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, for determining the status of the detainees held at Guantanamo Bay.

(b) PROCEDURES.—The procedures submitted to Congress pursuant to subsection (a) shall, with respect to proceedings beginning after the date of the submittal of such procedures under that subsection, ensure that—

(1) in making a determination of status of any detainee under such procedures, a Combatant Status Review Tribunal or Administrative Review Board may not consider statements derived from persons that, as determined by such Tribunal or Board, by the preponderance of the evidence, were obtained with undue coercion; and

(2) the Designated Civilian Official shall be an officer of the United States Government whose appointment to office was made by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

(c) REPORT ON MODIFICATION OF PROCEDURES.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the committees of Congress referred to in subsection (a) a report on any modification of the procedures submitted under subsection (a) not later than 30 days before the date on which such modifications go into effect.

(d) JUDICIAL REVIEW OF DETENTION OF ENEMY COMBATANTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 2241 of title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) No court, justice, or judge shall have jurisdiction to hear or consider an applica-

tion for a writ of habeas corpus filed by or on behalf of an alien outside the United States (as that term is defined in section 101(a)(38) of the Immigration and Naturalization Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(38)) who is detained by the Department of Defense at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.”.

(2) CERTAIN DECISIONS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraphs (B), (C), and (D), the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit shall have exclusive jurisdiction to determine the validity of any decision of a Designated Civilian Official described in subsection (b)(2) that an alien is properly detained as an enemy combatant.

(B) LIMITATION ON CLAIMS.—The jurisdiction of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit under this paragraph shall be limited to claims brought by or on behalf of an alien—

(i) who is, at the time a request for review by such court is filed, detained by the Department of Defense at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba; and

(ii) for whom a Combatant Status Review Tribunal has been conducted, pursuant to applicable procedures specified by the Secretary of Defense.

(C) SCOPE OF REVIEW.—The jurisdiction of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit on any claims with respect to an alien under this paragraph shall be limited to the consideration of whether the status determination of the Combatant Status Review Tribunal with regard to such alien was consistent with the procedures and standards specified by the Secretary of Defense for Combatant Status Review Tribunals.

(D) TERMINATION ON RELEASE FROM CUSTODY.—The jurisdiction of the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit with respect to the claims of an alien under this paragraph shall cease upon the release of such alien from the custody of the Department of Defense.

(3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall apply to any application or other action that is pending on or after the date of the enactment of this Act. Paragraph (2) shall apply with respect to any claim regarding a decision covered by that paragraph that is pending on or after such date.

This section shall become effective 1 day after enactment.

SA 2517. Mr. BINGAMAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2515 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM (for himself, Mr. KYL, Mr. CHAMBLISS, and Mr. CORNYN) to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 3, strike line 3 and all that follows through the end.

SA 2518. Mr. WARNER (for himself and Mr. FRIST) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end of title XII, add the following:
SEC. . UNITED STATES POLICY ON IRAQ.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “United States Policy on Iraq Act”.

(b) **SENSE OF SENATE.**—It is the sense of the Senate that, in order to succeed in Iraq—

(1) members of the United States Armed Forces who are serving or have served in Iraq and their families deserve the utmost respect and the heartfelt gratitude of the American people for their unwavering devotion to duty, service to the Nation, and selfless sacrifice under the most difficult circumstances;

(2) it is important to recognize that the Iraqi people have made enormous sacrifices and that the overwhelming majority of Iraqis want to live in peace and security;

(3) calendar year 2006 should be a period of significant transition to full Iraqi sovereignty, with Iraqi security forces taking the lead for the security of a free and sovereign Iraq, thereby creating the conditions for the phased redeployment of United States forces from Iraq;

(4) United States military forces should not stay in Iraq any longer than required and the people of Iraq should be so advised;

(5) the Administration should tell the leaders of all groups and political parties in Iraq that they need to make the compromises necessary to achieve the broad-based and sustainable political settlement that is essential for defeating the insurgency in Iraq, within the schedule they set for themselves; and

(6) the Administration needs to explain to Congress and the American people its strategy for the successful completion of the mission in Iraq.

(c) **REPORTS TO CONGRESS ON UNITED STATES POLICY AND MILITARY OPERATIONS IN IRAQ.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every three months thereafter until all United States combat brigades have redeployed from Iraq, the President shall submit to Congress an unclassified report on United States policy and military operations in Iraq. Each report shall include, to the extent practicable, the following unclassified information:

(1) The current military mission and the diplomatic, political, economic, and military measures, if any, that are being or have been undertaken to successfully complete or support that mission, including:

(A) Efforts to convince Iraq’s main communities to make the compromises necessary for a broad-based and sustainable political settlement.

(B) Engaging the international community and the region in the effort to stabilize Iraq and to forge a broad-based and sustainable political settlement.

(C) Strengthening the capacity of Iraq’s government ministries.

(D) Accelerating the delivery of basic services.

(E) Securing the delivery of pledged economic assistance from the international community and additional pledges of assistance.

(F) Training Iraqi security forces and transferring security responsibilities to those forces and the government of Iraq.

(2) Whether the Iraqis have made the compromises necessary to achieve the broad-based and sustainable political settlement that is essential for defeating the insurgency in Iraq.

(3) Any specific conditions included in the April 2005 Multi-National Forces-Iraq campaign action plan (referred to in United States Government Accountability Office October 2005 report on Rebuilding Iraq: DOD Reports Should Link Economic, Governance,

and Security Indicators to Conditions for Stabilizing Iraq), and any subsequent updates to that campaign plan, that must be met in order to provide for the transition of security responsibility to Iraqi security forces.

(4) To the extent that these conditions are not covered under paragraph (3), the following should also be addressed:

(A) The number of battalions of the Iraqi Armed Forces that must be able to operate independently or to take the lead in counter-insurgency operations and the defense of Iraq’s territory.

(B) The number of Iraqi special police units that must be able to operate independently or to take the lead in maintaining law and order and fighting the insurgency.

(C) The number of regular police that must be trained and equipped to maintain law and order.

(D) The ability of Iraq’s Federal ministries and provincial and local governments to independently sustain, direct, and coordinate Iraq’s security forces.

(5) The criteria to be used to evaluate progress toward meeting such conditions.

(6) A schedule for meeting such conditions, an assessment of the extent to which such conditions have been met, information regarding variables that could alter that schedule, and the reasons for any subsequent changes to that schedule.

SA 2519. Mr. LEVIN (for himself, Mr. BIDEN, Mr. REID, Mr. DODD, Mr. KERRY, Mr. FEINGOLD, Mr. DURBIN, Mr. REED, Mr. KENNEDY, Mrs. FEINSTEIN, Mr. OBAMA, and Mrs. BOXER) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1042, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2006 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe personnel strengths for such fiscal year for the Armed Forces, and for other purposes; as follows:

At the end of title XII, add the following:
SEC. . UNITED STATES POLICY ON IRAQ.

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This section may be cited as the “United States Policy on Iraq Act”.

(b) **SENSE OF SENATE.**—It is the sense of the Senate that, in order to succeed in Iraq—

(1) members of the United States Armed Forces who are serving or have served in Iraq and their families deserve the utmost respect and the heartfelt gratitude of the American people for their unwavering devotion to duty, service to the Nation, and selfless sacrifice under the most difficult circumstances;

(2) it is important to recognize that the Iraqi people have made enormous sacrifices and that the overwhelming majority of Iraqis want to live in peace and security;

(3) calendar year 2006 should be a period of significant transition to full Iraqi sovereignty, with Iraqi security forces taking the lead for the security of a free and sovereign Iraq, thereby creating the conditions for the phased redeployment of United States forces from Iraq;

(4) United States military forces should not stay in Iraq indefinitely and the people of Iraq should be so advised;

(5) the Administration should tell the leaders of all groups and political parties in Iraq that they need to make the compromises necessary to achieve the broad-based and sustainable political settlement that is essential for defeating the insurgency in Iraq, within the schedule they set for themselves; and

(6) the Administration needs to explain to Congress and the American people its strategy for the successful completion of the mission in Iraq.

(c) **REPORTS TO CONGRESS ON UNITED STATES POLICY AND MILITARY OPERATIONS IN IRAQ.**—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every three months thereafter until all United States combat brigades have redeployed from Iraq, the President shall submit to Congress an unclassified report on United States policy and military operations in Iraq. Each report shall include the following:

(1) The current military mission and the diplomatic, political, economic, and military measures, if any, that are being or have been undertaken to successfully complete or support that mission, including:

(A) Efforts to convince Iraq’s main communities to make the compromises necessary for a broad-based and sustainable political settlement.

(B) Engaging the international community and the region in the effort to stabilize Iraq and to forge a broad-based and sustainable political settlement.

(C) Strengthening the capacity of Iraq’s government ministries.

(D) Accelerating the delivery of basic services.

(E) Securing the delivery of pledged economic assistance from the international community and additional pledges of assistance.

(F) Training Iraqi security forces and transferring security responsibilities to those forces and the government of Iraq.

(2) Whether the Iraqis have made the compromises necessary to achieve the broad-based and sustainable political settlement that is essential for defeating the insurgency in Iraq.

(3) Any specific conditions included in the April 2005 Multi-National Forces-Iraq campaign action plan (referred to in United States Government Accountability Office October 2005 report on Rebuilding Iraq: DOD Reports Should Link Economic, Governance, and Security Indicators to Conditions for Stabilizing Iraq), and any subsequent updates to that campaign plan, that must be met in order to provide for the transition of security responsibility to Iraqi security forces.

(4) To the extent that these conditions are not covered under paragraph (3), the following should also be addressed:

(A) The number of battalions of the Iraqi Armed Forces that must be able to operate independently or to take the lead in counter-insurgency operations and the defense of Iraq’s territory.

(B) The number of Iraqi special police units that must be able to operate independently or to take the lead in maintaining law and order and fighting the insurgency.

(C) The number of regular police that must be trained and equipped to maintain law and order.

(D) The ability of Iraq’s Federal ministries and provincial and local governments to independently sustain, direct, and coordinate Iraq’s security forces.

(5) The criteria to be used to evaluate progress toward meeting such conditions.

(6) A schedule for meeting such conditions, an assessment of the extent to which such conditions have been met, information regarding variables that could alter that schedule, and the reasons for any subsequent changes to that schedule.

(7) A campaign plan with estimated dates for the phased redeployment of the United States Armed Forces from Iraq as each condition is met, with the understanding that unexpected contingencies may arise.

SA 2520. Mr. FRIST (for Mr. INOUE) proposed an amendment to the resolution S. Res. 9, expressing the sense of the Senate regarding designation of the month of November as “National Military Family Month”; as follows:

On page 2, line 2, strike “; and” and all that follows to the end.

SA 2521. Mr. FRIST (for Mr. LEAHY) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1558, An act to amend the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 to protect family members of filers from disclosing sensitive information in a public filing and to extend for 4 years the authority to redact financial disclosure statements of judicial employees and judicial officers; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. PROTECTION OF FAMILY MEMBERS.

Section 105(b)(3) of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by inserting “or a family member of that individual” after “that individual”; and

(2) in subparagraph (B)(i), by inserting “or a family member of that individual” after “the report”.

SEC. 2. EXTENSION OF PUBLIC FILING REQUIREMENT.

Section 105(b)(3)(E) of the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 (5 U.S.C. App.) is amended by striking “2005” each place it appears and inserting “2009”.

SA 2522. Mr. FRIST (for Mr. LEAHY) proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1558, An act to amend the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 to protect family members of filers from disclosing sensitive information in a public filing and to extend for 4 years the authority to redact financial disclosure statements of judicial employees and judicial officers; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

Amend the title so as to read: “To amend the Ethics in Government Act of 1978 to protect family members of filers from disclosing sensitive information in a public filing and to extend for 4 years the authority to redact financial disclosure statements of judicial employees and judicial officers.”.

AUTHORITIES FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry be authorized to conduct a hearing during the session of the Senate on Thursday, November 10, 2005 at 9 a.m. in 328A, Senate Russell Office Building. The purpose of this committee hearing will be to consider the nominations for Chief Financial Officer and Administrator of the Rural Utilities Service at the United States Department of Agriculture.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Com-

mittee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on November 10, 2005, at 9:30 a.m., to conduct a hearing on “The Development of New Basel Capital Accords.”

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, November 10 at 10:30 a.m. The purpose of this meeting is to consider the nominations of Jeffrey D. Jarrett to be Assistant Secretary for Fossil Energy, DOE; and Edward F. Sproat, III to be Director, Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management, DOE.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Finance be authorized to meet in open Executive Session during the session on Thursday, November 10, 2005, at 10 a.m., to consider an original bill that will include the Committee’s budget reconciliation instructions pertaining to expiring tax provisions and also additional incentives for hurricane affected areas.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be authorized to meet to conduct a markup on Thursday, November 10, 2005 at 9:30 a.m. in Senate Dirksen Office Building Room 226.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS’ AFFAIRS

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Veterans’ Affairs be authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, November 10, 2005, for a committee hearing to examine the rebuilding of VA assets on the Gulf Coast. The hearing will take place in room 138 of the Dirksen Senate Office Building at 2 p.m.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON AVIATION

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Aviation be authorized to meet on Thursday, November 10, 2005, at 9:30 a.m., on the Wright Amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE CONSTITUTION, CIVIL RIGHTS, AND PROPERTY RIGHTS

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary Subcommittee on the Constitution, Civil Rights and Property Rights be authorized to meet

to conduct a hearing on “Why the Government Should Care about Pornography: The State Interest in Protecting Children and Families” on Thursday, November 10, 2005 at 2 p.m. in SD226.

Witness List

Panel I: Pamela Paul, author of *Pornified*, New York, NY; Dean Rodney Smolla, Dean, University of Richmond School of Law, Richmond, VA; Jill Manning, Social Science Fellow, Heritage Foundation, Washington, DC, Sociologist, Brigham Young University, Provo, UT; Leslie Harris, Senior Consultant and Incoming Executive Director, Center for Democracy and Technology, Washington, DC; and Richard Whidden, Executive Director and Senior Counsel, National Law Center for Children and Families, Fairfax, VA.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON CLEAN AIR, CLIMATE CHANGE, AND NUCLEAR SAFETY

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Clean Air, Climate Change, and Nuclear Safety be authorized to hold a hearing on November 10 at 9:30 a.m. regarding the implementation of the existing particulate matter and ozone air quality standards.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON DISASTER PREVENTION AND PREDICTION

Mr. WARNER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Subcommittee on Science and Space and Subcommittee on Disaster Prevention and Prediction be authorized to meet on Thursday, November 10, 2005, at 2:30 p.m., on S. 517-Weather Modification.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PRIVILEGES OF THE FLOOR

Mr. SESSIONS. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that CDR Richard Paquette, a Navy legislative fellow with my office, be granted the privileges of the floor for the remainder of the debate on S. 1042, the fiscal year 2006 National Defense Authorization Act.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. LEAHY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Bill Sexton of my staff be granted privilege of the floor for the duration of the consideration of this bill.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. MCCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that Harry Christy and Bob Lester of the State Foreign Operations and Related Programs Subcommittee be given floor privileges during consideration of the fiscal year 2006 Foreign Operations bill.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREEMENT—H.R. 2419

Mr. FRIST. I ask unanimous consent that at 4:30 p.m. Monday, November 14,