vehicles, better electronic surveillance equipment than the good guys. They even track our peace officers with GPS when they use their cell phones. These drug demons who bring narcotics into the United States make $30,000 a week. Sheriff Gonzalez makes about $40,000 a year.

Sheriff Gonzalez is an unwavering patriot and an outstanding Texas lawman. He is defending America against illegal invaders and fighting the war against vicious, violent drug cartels that threaten our home and our country. He and his dedicated deputies need resources and funding to help fund the war for the border. Our homeland is worth protecting. That is just the way it is.

THREE GREAT WOMEN
(Mrs. JONES of Ohio asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. JONES of Ohio. Madam Speaker, I rise today to discuss the lives of three great women. The old people used to say that trouble comes in threes; and the threes I am thinking of are Constance Baker Motley, who was the first African-American woman elected to the New York State Senate in 1964, first woman to serve as Manhattan Borough president in 1965, and appointed the first African-American Federal Judge in 1966.

The second is C. Delores Tucker, the first African-American woman to serve as Secretary of State of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and in any State in America. She went on to be an advocate for appointment of women in presidential administrations.

Third, we lost Rosa Parks this week. They are three significant, hard-working, dedicated African-American women who stood out in history in the work that they did. I stand today and ask all of you to join me in extending sympathies and condolences to the families of C. Delores Tucker, Constance Baker Motley, and Rosa Parks.

PRESIDENT ADDRESSES ECONOMIC CLUB OF WASHINGTON, DC
(Mr. PRICE of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PRICE. When it comes to making tough choices in the wake of Hurricane Katrina, Madam Speaker, Presidential leadership will make the difference. Yesterday in remarks before the Economic Club of Washington, DC, the President of the United States called on Congress to “redouble our efforts to be wise about how we spend your money.” The President went on to say, “We can help the people of the gulf coast region recover and rebuild and we can help avoid the wasteful spending of the taxpayers’ dollars at the same time.” He called on Congress to reduce unnecessary spending, to identify offsets, and pledged again to offer spending rescissions to provide the emergency relief, in his words, in a fiscally responsible way.

President George W. Bush yesterday encouraged Congress to push the envelope when it comes to cutting spending, and his strong leadership will make the difference. We should heed the call of President Bush to rebuild with generosity and fiscal responsibility in the wake of Hurricane Katrina.

CLIMATE CHANGE
(Mr. KUCINICH asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KUCINICH. Madam Speaker, I am urging all Members of the House to join in support of House Resolution 151, which is a resolution of inquiry that requests the President of the United States to provide to the House of Representatives documents in his possession relating to the anticipated effects of climate change on the coastal regions of the United States.

With the devastation of hurricanes Wilma, Rita and others, we are aware that there is a new phenomenon that is affecting this country with respect to climate change. Scientists may dispute whether or not the meteorological changes that we have witnessed are somehow related to changes in the global climate, but one thing for sure, it is important that Congress begin a dialogue with the administration.

It is important that we find out what connection there may be with climate change and effects on coastal regions. Hurricane Katrina certainly illustrated that we should be concerned about climate change. This resolution of inquiry, now sponsored by 151 Members of the House, aims to get the facts from the administration and begin a dialogue that would be important to our Nation’s economy and our national security.

CONCERN—NOT PANIC
(Mr. PRICE of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. PRICE. Madam Speaker, have you seen the headlines: Bird Flu Anxiety Spreads Across Europe. Bird Flu Could Kill 150 Million People. WHO Warns of Dire Flu Pandemic. Media should report facts, not create panic. Unfortunately, today many of the stories we see and read are short on facts and long on panic. It is time we brought some sanity to all the sensationalism. No one should doubt the potential of the bird flu. However, responsible people are working diligently to be certain that we are prepared for any threat and are able to respond quickly.

Certain facts are important to keep in mind. This Avian flu virus has been around since at least 1997. It is not a new phenomenon. The CDC states that “the current risk to Americans is low.” So there is cause for concern, but not panic. Our real concern should be expanded. We need to address our ability to respond to any infectious disease. Providing incentives to U.S.-based vaccine producers and building a routine adult immunization program are just two of the positive steps we should take. Importantly, these actions should move forward in an environment of concern, not panic.

SUPPORTING THE NOMINATION OF DR. BEN BERNANKE
(Mr. WILSON of South Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WILSON. Madam Speaker, I am thrilled that Dr. Ben Bernanke has been confirmed. Dr. Bernanke was a former chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, a former chief economist of the Council of Economic Advisers under the first President Bush.

Dr. Bernanke has been a vocal critic of the Administration’s fiscal policies and has been predictive of the problems we are facing now. As chairman, he will be able to pursue an independent monetary policy that can help us recover.

Our real concern should be to get the economy moving and helping the American people to recover from the worst recession since the Great Depression. We need economic stimulus now.
taught himself calculus, excelled at his SATs, and eventually received his doctorates from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, where he specialized in monetary policy.

Throughout the course of his career, he has taught our Nation’s top schools and has contributed to our economic institutions. As President Bush’s economic adviser, he has played a pivotal role in sustaining economic growth in our country. Today Dr. Bernanke is respected as one of the world’s most accomplished monetary economists.

As you know, Alan Greenspan, Dr. Bernanke will certainly have big shoes to fill. With his background, I am confident that he has the knowledge, experience, and ability to serve as Chairman of the Federal Reserve Board.

In conclusion, God bless our troops, and we will never forget September 11.

HONORING THE LEGACY OF ROSA PARKS AND JUDGE CONSTANCE BAKER MOTLEY

(Mr. MEEKS of New York asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MEEKS of New York. Madam Speaker, it is with great pain that I stand here today to mourn the recent passing of several phenomenal women and leaders in our Nation’s struggle for equal justice under the law. The passing of Rosa Parks and Judge Constance Baker Motley is a sad reality, but I stand to commemorate their triumphant lives. Judge Motley and Rosa Parks faced racism head on and continued to work for a more just world until their last days.

Rosa Parks was 92 years old and almost made it to the 50th anniversary of the Montgomery bus boycott, which she set in motion by refusing to give her seat to a white man on Montgomery’s segregated city bus system. Mrs. Parks was so grateful for her action.

As a New Yorker, I hold dearly the legacy of Judge Constance Baker Motley. That is why I introduced legislation to honor her. Constance Baker Motley was a real person, but I stand to commemorate their triumphant lives. Judge Motley and Rosa Parks faced racism head on and continued to work for a more just world until their last days.

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CONTESTING THE FIGHT AGAINST BREAST CANCER

(Mrs. KELLY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mrs. KELLY. Madam Speaker, I rise today, as we near the end of Breast Cancer Awareness Month, to emphasize that we must continue doing everything possible to help women across our country suffering from breast cancer.

This Congress must remain committed to increased breast cancer research and ensure that necessary laws are in place so that no woman is forced to fight breast cancer and red tape at the same time.

I urge my colleagues to support the bipartisan Breast Cancer Patient Protection Act that I sponsored together with the gentleman from Connecticut (Ms. DeLauro). One hundred and fifty-one cosponsors in the House have recognized the importance of passing this bill, but we need more support. Together we can improve treatment coverage and access to inpatient care for the more than 200,000 women diagnosed with breast cancer each year.

The widespread commitment to fighting breast cancer was seen in so many amazing community efforts this past month. I particularly want to recognize the outstanding efforts of Lilian Jones and our Hudson Valley chapter of the American Cancer Society. They organized our very successful Making Strides Against Breast Cancer walk in Central Valley, New York. Also deserving of tremendous praise are Willa Wright and the Putnam County chapter of ACS and so many other groups in New York’s Hudson Valley who continue to unite to fight breast cancer.

Congress must unite and fight breast cancer right along with them.

SUPPORTING BREAST CANCER AWARENESS MONTH

(Mr. BISHOP of New York asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. BISHOP of New York. Madam Speaker, too many American families have experienced the loss of a loved one or know someone close who has suffered from some form of cancer. Breast cancer in particular is the leading cause of death among women between 40 and 55, including my sister-in-law Abby Irwin, who died at 41 after an 11-year struggle.

Two hundred thousand new cases of breast cancer will be diagnosed this year alone, including 1,100 in my district. The good news is the 96 percent survival rate when breast cancer is detected early. In fact, a study being published today in the New England Journal of Medicine found that mammograms contributed to a 65 percent drop in breast cancer deaths in the last decade.

Back home on Long Island, I am proud to have an active breast cancer advisory board with leading researchers, advocates, and survivors. I found their insights and ideas to be invaluable assets.

We should continue to do all that we can every day, not just during Breast Cancer Awareness Month, to encourage the survivors, volunteers, and health care professionals to keep up the fight against breast cancer.

Madam Speaker, by raising awareness, we bring ourselves that much closer to the promise of a cure.

REFORMING OUT-OF-CONTROL FEDERAL SPENDING PROGRAMS

(Mr. HENSARLING asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HENSARLING. Madam Speaker, this week the House will begin work on reconciliation, which is a way that we begin to reform out-of-control spending programs in order to help pay for the hurricane relief. There are only three ways that we can pay for this hurricane relief. Either, number one, we are going to raise taxes on every American people yet again, we are going to pass debt on to our children, or we are going to find a way to moderate the growth of Federal programs.

The Democrats say that this is tantamount to massive cuts that will hurt the poor. Madam Speaker, next year’s budget is going to be greater than this year’s budget, which was greater than last year’s budget.

What we call mandatory spending, which encompasses most of these welfare programs, mandatory spending is going to grow at a rate of 6.3 percent as opposed to 6.4. I believe only an accountant for Enron would call that a cut.

Also, Madam Speaker, the best way to help the poor is through paychecks, not welfare checks. And under the economic policies of this administration, 4 million new jobs have been created with a future. We have the highest rate of homeownership in the history of America and unparalleled economic growth.

DENOUNCING THE PRESIDENT OF IRAN’S STATEMENT THAT “ISRAEL MUST BE WIPED OFF THE MAP”

(Mr. LANTOS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LANTOS. Madam Speaker, three generation ago Adolf Hitler threatened to destroy the Jewish people, and the appeasers and the pseudosophisticates said it was merely oratory. A few months ago, the leadership of Syria threatened to destroy the Prime Minister of Lebanon, and the pseudosophisticates and the appeasers thought it was only oratory. Yesterday