firm in my resolve to due whatever is necessary in order to be of assistance to the citizens of Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, and Florida. No amount of Federal compensation can ever make up for the losses that have been inflicted upon the people and for the tragic circumstances surrounding this event. Lives have been changed forever. However, now, as we have always done in the past, we will band together as a nation and begin the process of healing the wounds caused by this unprecedented tragedy.

I know I speak for all the citizens of Utah when I extend my State’s heartfelt sympathies to all who have suffered. The Governor of Utah has graciously volunteered to open our State’s doors to the refugees from the New Orleans area, by providing them with shelter, food, and other appropriate assistance. We are all anxious to help and provide as much relief and comfort as possible to these good people.

As a member of our Nation’s Federal Government, I pledge my full support to provide assistance to the victims of Hurricane Katrina. I am also grateful for the steadfast leadership of Mayor C. Ray Nagin, whose outstanding emergency preparedness has helped to address the needs of New Orleans residents. I applaud the significant contributions made by local leaders and volunteers, local leaders, and everyday citizens to provide assistance to the victims of this disaster.

This is a staggering amount of money, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency is spending $500 million per day to deal with Katrina’s victims as soon as possible. I commend the majority leader and chairmen of the Appropriations Committee for working to make sure that the Federal help is available to deal with Katrina’s aftermath. I hope that the emergency supplemental we are passing will help to ensure that disaster relief efforts proceed as smoothly and expeditiously as possible.

I will continue to work with my colleagues in Congress and with the President to make sure that the Federal Government does all it can to assist those who have lost so much in this national tragedy.

(At the request of Mr. Reid, the following statement was ordered to be printed in the RECORD.)

Mrs. BOXER. Mr. President, even though we have been scattered across the country during this past week as the Senate has been in recess, we have all witnessed through television the devastating scenes from Louisiana and Mississippi. My heart goes out to all of those who have been affected by Hurricane Katrina—those who have lost friends and family members; those who have lost homes; those whose lives have been completely upended. My thoughts and my prayers are with them all.

Having represented California in the Senate for the past 12½ years, I have been through my share of disasters—of earthquakes, floods, mudslides, and fires. I know a little of what they are going through right now in the South. But no matter how many disasters I have witnessed first hand in California, I must admit, these are some of the most disgusting and catastrophic scenes I have ever seen.

And here we are, several days after the hurricane struck, and it does not appear to be getting much better. Tens of thousands of people remain stranded and trapped—there is a critical lack of food and water—and people are dying. It is truly a desperate situation.

So I am pleased to support this legislation to provide emergency funding to help the relief efforts. I doubt it will be enough, and I suspect we will need to do more. I trust that the action we are taking tonight will be just the first step—and will serve to underscore our desire to take care of the people of the Gulf States.

The bill (H.R. 3645) was read the third time and passed.

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be dispensed with.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

CONDITIONAL ADJOURNMENT OR RECESS OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to S. Con. Res. 51, which is the adjournment resolution. I further ask unanimous consent that the resolution be agreed to and the motion to reconsider be laid upon the table.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The concurrent resolution (S. Con. Res. 51) was agreed to, as follows:

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. CON. RES. 51

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring) That when the Senate recesses or adjourns at the close of business on Thursday, September 1, or on Friday, September 2, 2005, on a motion offered pursuant to this concurrent resolution by the Majority Leader or his designee, it stand recessed or adjourned until 12 noon on Tuesday, September 6, 2005, or until the time of any reassembly pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution, whichever occurs first; and that when the House adjourns on the legislative day of Friday, September 2, 2005, on a motion offered pursuant to this concurrent resolution by its Majority Leader or his designee, it stand adjourned until 2 p.m. on Tuesday, September 6, 2005, or until the time of any reassembly pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution, whichever occurs first.

SJC. 2. The Majority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, or their respective designees, acting jointly after consultation with the Minority Leader of the Senate and the Minority Leader of the House, shall notify the Members of the Senate and House, respectively, to reassemble at such place and time as they may designate whenever, in their opinion, the public interest shall warrant it.

SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND HOUSE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. FRIST (for himself and Mr. Reid):

S. Con. Res. 51. A concurrent resolution providing for a conditional adjournment or recess of the Senate, and a conditional adjournment or recess of the House of Representatives; considered and agreed to.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE, CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 51—PROVIDING FOR A CONDITIONAL ADJOURNMENT OR RECESS OF THE SENATE, AND A CONDITIONAL ADJOURNMENT OR RECESS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. FRIST (for himself and Mr. Reid) submitted the following concurrent
S. CON. RES. 51

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That when the Senate recesses or adjourns at the close of business on Thursday, January 1, or on Friday, September 2, 2005, on a motion offered pursuant to this concurrent resolution by its Majority Leader or his designee, it stand recessed or adjourned until 12 noon on Tuesday, September 6, 2005, or until the time of any reassembly pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution, whichever occurs first; that the Senate will reassemble on the legislative day of Friday, September 2, 2005, on a motion offered pursuant to this concurrent resolution by its Majority Leader or his designee, and to stand adjourned until 2 p.m. on Tuesday, September 6, 2005, or until the time of any reassembly pursuant to section 2 of this concurrent resolution, whichever occurs first.

S. 2. The Majority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker of the House, or their respective designees, acting jointly after consultation with the Minority Leader of the Senate and the Minority Leader of the House, shall notify the Members of the Senate and House, respectively, to reassemble at such a time and place as they may designate whenever, in their opinion, the public interest shall warrant it.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Under the authority of the order of the Senate of July 29, 2005, the following reports of committees were submitted on August 31, 2005:

By Mr. ENZI, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, without amendment:

S. 1295. A bill to amend the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act to provide for accountability and funding of the National Indian Gaming Commission (Rept. No. 109–122).

By Mr. INHOFE, from the Committee on Environment and Public Works, with amendment:


By Mr. INHOFE, from the Committee on Environment and Public Works, without amendment:


S. 1340. A bill to amend the Pittman-Robertson Wildlife Restoration Act to extend the date after which surplus funds in the wildlife restoration fund become available for apportionment (Rept. No. 109–125).

By Mr. INHOFE, from the Committee on Environment and Public Works, with amendment:

S. 1415. A bill to amend the Lacey Act Amendments of 1981 to protect captive wildlife and make technical corrections (Rept. No. 109–126).

By Mr. INHOFE, from the Committee on Environment and Public Works, without amendment:

H.R. 1428. A bill to authorize appropriations for the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation, and for other purposes (Rept. No. 109–127).

By Mr. GRASSLEY, from the Committee on Finance:

Report to accompany S. 1307, a bill to implement the Dominican Republic-Central America-United States Free Trade Agreement (Rept. No. 109–128).

By Mr. ENZI, from the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions:

Report to accompany S. 1317, a bill to provide for the collection and maintenance of cord blood units for the treatment of patients and research, and to amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize the Bone Marrow and Cord Blood Cell Transplantation Program to increase the number of transplants for recipients suitable matched to donors of bone marrow and cord blood (Rept. No. 109–129).

SEC. 3. PATRIOT SECTION 206; ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR MULTIPLEPOINT ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE UNDER FISA

(a) Particularity Requirement.—Section 105(c)(1)(A) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1805(c)(1)(A)) is amended by inserting before the colon at the end the following: “and if the nature and location of each of the facilities or places at which the surveillance will be directed is unknown shall direct the applicant to provide notice to the court within 10 days after the date on which surveillance is begun to be directed at any new facility or place of—

(1) the nature and location of each facility or place at which the electronic surveillance is directed;

(2) the facts and circumstances relied upon by the applicant to justify the applicant’s belief that each facility or place at which the electronic surveillance is directed is being used, or is about to be used, by the target of the surveillance; and

(3) a statement of any proposed minimization procedures that differ from those contained in the original application or order, that may be necessitated by a change in the facility or place at which the electronic surveillance is directed.”

(b) Additional Directions.—Section 105(c) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1805(c)) is amended—

(1) by striking “an electronic surveillance under this section shall”;

(2) in paragraph (1), by inserting before “specify” the following: “—An order approving an electronic surveillance under this section shall”;

(3) in paragraph (1)(F), by striking “and” and inserting a period;

(4) in paragraph (2), by inserting before “the following:—An order approving an electronic surveillance under this section shall”:

(5) by adding at the end the following:

—special directions or orders.—An order approving an electronic surveillance under this section in circumstances where the nature and location of each of the facilities or places at which the surveillance will be directed is unknown shall direct the applicant to provide notice to the court within 10 days after the date on which surveillance is begun to be directed at any new facility or place of—

(A) the nature and location of each facility or place at which the electronic surveillance is directed;

(B) the facts and circumstances relied upon by the applicant to justify the applicant’s belief that each facility or place at which the electronic surveillance is directed is being used, or is about to be used, by the target of the surveillance; and

(C) a statement of any proposed minimization procedures that differ from those contained in the original application or order, that may be necessitated by a change in the facility or place at which the electronic surveillance is directed.

(c) Enhanced Oversight.—(1) Report to Congress.—Section 108(a)(1) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1808(a)(1)) is amended by inserting “—, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate,” after “Senate Select Committee on Intelligence.”

(2) Modification of semiannual report requirement.—Section 108(a)(2) of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1808(a)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

—Each report under the first sentence of paragraph (1) shall include a description of—

(A) the total number of applications made for orders and extensions of orders approving electronic surveillance under this title where the nature and location of each facility or place at which the electronic surveillance will be directed is not known; and

(B) each criminal case in which information acquired under this Act has been authorized for use at trial during the period covered by such report.”.