

Oh, then this is about constituent politics. There's another constituent-oriented facet: Miguel Estrada is a successful immigrant, current front-runner to become the first Hispanic Supreme Court justice and an obvious role model—in short, a poster boy for Republican recruitment of minorities away from the one, true political faith.

This isn't about suspicions; Estrada is Democrats' worst nightmare from a partisan perspective.

From a personal perspective, Democrats who have worked with him in the Clinton administration have high praise. Seth Waxman, Clinton's solicitor general, called Estrada a "model of professionalism." Former Vice President Al Gore's top legal adviser, Ron Klain, said Estrada is "genuinely compassionate. Miguel is a person of outstanding character (and) tremendous intellect."

During Judiciary Committee hearings in September, Estrada said: "although we all have views on a number of subjects from A to Z, the first duty of a judge is to a put all that aside."

That's good advice for a judge, and it's good advice for senators sitting in judgment of a nominee. Put aside pure partisan considerations; weight Estrada's qualifications, character and intellect; end the filibuster and put this nomination to a vote.

[From the Daily Lobo, Feb. 24, 2003]

ESTRADA NAYSAYERS HYPOCRITICAL
(By Scott Darnell)

Miguel Estrada isn't probably someone with an immense amount of name recognition—yet.

President Bush appointed him to an open seat on the U.S. Court of Appeals, District of Columbia Circuit on May 9, 2001; he immigrated to the United States from Honduras when he was 15 years old, graduated from Harvard Law School magna cum laude in 1986, has been a clerk for a Supreme Court justice, an assistant U.S. attorney and the assistant solicitor general, among other stints in private practice. He is supported by many national organizations, including the Hispanic Business Council, the Heritage Foundation, the Washington Legal Foundation and the Hispanic Business Roundtable.

Unfortunately, Estrada's confirmation has been delayed and prevented by many Democrats within the Senate, an action fueled by many leftist groups, organizations and lobbyists in America. Currently, Senate Democrats are planning to, or may actually be carrying out, an intense filibuster against Estrada's nomination; filibustering, or taking an issue to death, is definitely a method for lawmakers to prevent a policy or other initiative from ever coming to fruition—ending a filibuster is difficult, especially in our closely divided Senate, taking a whopping 60 votes.

The most unfortunate part of the Senate Democrats' obstruction on Capitol Hill lies in the fact that many high-ranking Senate Democrats have at one time condemned nomination filibusters quite harshly, leaving their intense efforts to carry out a filibuster today very hypocritical. For example, Patrick Leahy, the senior Democrat on the Judiciary Committee, said, from Congressional Record in 1998, that "I have stated over and over again . . . that I would object and fight any filibuster on a judge, whether it is somebody I opposed or supported."

Sen. Ted Kennedy said, from Congressional Record in 1995, that, "Senators who feel strongly about the issue of fairness should vote for cloture, even if they intend to vote against the nomination itself. It is wrong to filibuster this nomination, and Senators who believe in fairness will not let a minority of

the Senate deny [the nominee] his vote by the entire Senate."

Finally, Sen. Barbara Boxer, from California said, from Congressional Record in 1995, that, "The nominee deserves his day, and filibustering this nomination is keeping him from his day."

It seems people can change quite a bit in only a matter of years.

But why are Senate Democrats and many leftist organizations so dead set against Estrada's nomination? The obvious answer lies in the fact that the court he is being nominated to is considered the second-highest court in the nation and often times thought of as a stepping stone to the Supreme Court.

Secondly, Senate Democrats and organizations such as the NAACP or the AFL-CIO recognize Estrada's ethnicity—they recognize his heritage and the future he is making for himself—but let's face it, he's just the wrong type of minority. He's Hispanic and these politicians and organizations are all for the pro-active advancement of Hispanics, just not his type of Hispanic. The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People is now going to read "The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People Who Believe in ONLY Leftist Principles and Ideology."

Miguel Estrada will not, while in whatever courtroom he may preside over, pander to the interests of those who wish to establish and ingrain a persistent racial inequality in America, those who do not now carry out the legacies of past civil rights leaders, but instead bastardize those past efforts by forcing racial tension upon Americans to keep society at their beck and call while gaining personal notoriety, prestige and wealth.

If the Senate Democrats try to filibuster Estrada's nomination, they will be holding back debate and action on the immediate national and foreign issues affecting this country, such as creating and passing the appropriate economic stimulus package, among other important topics.

If the Senate feels that Estrada has committed a criminal or moral transgression at some point in his life that would injure the integrity and standing of his service as justice of one of our nation's highest courts, they should provide sufficient evidence to that end and take whatever measures necessary to disallow a moral or actual criminal from taking the bench. But, in this case, no such criminal or moral transgression can be seen, and the argument against his nomination is purely ideological; a filibuster would represent a blatant obstruction of our political system and a disservice to the American people. So, as Democratic Sen. Barbara Boxer put it so succinctly a few years ago, "Let the nominee have his day."

Mr. DOMENICI. Mr. President, I repeat, it is one thing to delay; it is another thing to talk a lot; and it is yet another thing to attempt to get the issue that is before us and find a way around it and cloud the issue. That is all that is happening this morning with the discussion by the Democratic leadership, joined by certain Democratic Senators, when they argue that Republicans, by insisting that we vote on this nominee, are in some way failing to do justice to the economic problems that exist in our country.

I hope it doesn't take a lot more discussion for people to understand that is absolutely an untruth. It is an absolutely irrelevant argument. They can talk all they like about the economy and quit talking about Miguel Estrada

and not one single thing will happen to benefit the American workers, not one thing.

We need to do something, and what we must do is decide whether we want the President's plan or some modification of it. The only way we can do that is to move with dispatch on the issues before us, those issues, in the way prescribed under our rules. There is no one suggesting we should throw away our rules and pass a plan tomorrow morning. Nobody is suggesting we do that.

In due course, in the matter of only a few weeks, we will be voting on whose plan should be adopted to help the American economy move forward.

I submit that the facts are overwhelming that the arguments against Miguel Estrada are not justified. Those arguments do not justify these delays.

I yield the floor.

RECESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the hour of 12:30 p.m. having arrived, the Senate stands in recess until 2:30 p.m.

Thereupon, the Senate, at 12:30 p.m., recessed until 2:30 p.m. and reassembled when called to order by the Presiding Officer (Mr. VOINOVICH).

EXECUTIVE SESSION

NOMINATION OF MIGUEL A. ESTRADA, OF VIRGINIA, TO BE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT JUDGE FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA—Continued

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The majority leader.

Mr. FRIST. Mr. President, nearly 2 years ago, President George Bush nominated Miguel Estrada to serve on the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia. When confirmed, he will be the first Hispanic member of this court. But the other side of the aisle has stalled. In fact, as I look back, we have been on this particular nomination since February 5. The other side has continued to stall this nomination, preventing something that is very simple, that I think the American people now understand, and that is a very simple up-or-down vote.

Every Senator in this body can decide either they support this nomination or they do not. Earlier today, attempts were made from the other side of the aisle to bring up other legislation with the call that it is time to move on, and I agree; it is time to move on. We have had hours and days and nights to debate and discuss the opportunity given to both sides of the aisle, and now it is time for us to vote on this nominee.

For nearly 2 years, the nomination of this man—now, remember, the American Bar Association has deemed him well qualified—has languished as some in this body have played politics with his future. They have consistently refused to give Miguel Estrada this very