

DEPARTMENT OF STATE OPERATIONS
AUTHORIZATION AND EMBASSY SECURITY ACT,
FISCAL YEAR 2016

MARKUP
BEFORE THE
COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
ONE HUNDRED FOURTEENTH CONGRESS

SECOND SESSION

ON

S. 1635

MAY 26, 2016

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**DEPARTMENT OF STATE OPERATIONS
AUTHORIZATION AND EMBASSY SECURITY
ACT, FISCAL YEAR 2016**

THURSDAY, MAY 26, 2016

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS,
Washington, DC.

The committee met, pursuant to notice, at 9:38 a.m., in room 2172, Rayburn House Office Building, Hon. Edward Royce (chairman of the committee) presiding.

Chairman ROYCE. The committee will come to order.

Pursuant to notice, we meet today to mark up Senate bill 1635, our Department of State Authorities Act. And without objection, all members may have 5 days to submit statements or extraneous material for the record.

So I now call up the bill, S. 1635.

Without objection, Royce Amendment 109 in the nature of a substitute, circulated and posted earlier this week, will be considered base text, is considered as read, and is open for amendment at any point.

[The information referred to follows:]

114TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. 1635

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY 19, 2016

Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

AN ACT

To authorize the Department of State for fiscal year 2016,
and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

2 (a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the
 3 “Department of State Operations Authorization and Em-
 4 bassy Security Act, Fiscal Year 2016”.

5 (b) **TABLE OF CONTENTS.**—The table of contents for
 6 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF STATE AUTHORITIES AND ACTIVITIES

Subtitle A—Basic Authorities and Activities

Sec. 101. American spaces review.

Sec. 102. Identifying bilateral investment treaty opportunities.

Sec. 103. Reinstatement of Hong Kong report.

Sec. 104. Interagency hostage recovery coordinator.

Sec. 105. United States-China Strategic and Economic Dialogue review.

Sec. 106. Report on human rights violations in Burma.

Sec. 107. Combating anti-semitism.

Sec. 108. Biotechnology grants.

Sec. 109. Definition of “use” in passport and visa offenses.

Sec. 110. Science and technology fellowships.

Sec. 111. Name changes.

Sec. 112. Anti-piracy information sharing.

Sec. 113. Report reform.

Sec. 114. Sense of Congress on the United States alliance with Japan.

Sec. 115. Sense of Congress on the defense relationship between the United
States and the Republic of India.

Sec. 116. Sense of Congress on the United States alliance with the Republic
of Korea.

Sec. 117. Sense of Congress on the relationship between the United States and
Taiwan.

Sec. 118. Report on political freedom in Venezuela.

Sec. 119. Strategy for the Middle East in the event of a comprehensive nuclear
agreement with Iran.

Sec. 120. Department of State international cyberspace policy strategy.

Sec. 121. Waiver of fees for renewal of immigrant visa for adopted child in cer-
tain situations.

Sec. 122. Sense of Congress on anti-Israel and anti-Semitic incitement within
the Palestinian Authority.

Sec. 123. Support for the sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity, and
inviolability of post-Soviet countries in light of Russian aggres-
sion and interference.

Sec. 124. Russian propaganda report.

Sec. 125. Approval of export licences and letters of request to assist the Gov-
ernment of Ukraine.

Subtitle B—Additional Matters

- Sec. 131. Atrocities prevention board.
- Sec. 132. United States engagement in the Indo-Pacific.
- Sec. 133. Joint action plan to combat prejudice and discrimination and to foster inclusion.
- Sec. 134. Report on developing country debt sustainability.
- Sec. 135. United States strategy to prevent and respond to gender-based violence globally.
- Sec. 136. International corruption and accountability.
- Sec. 137. Quadrennial diplomacy and development review.
- Sec. 138. Disappeared persons in Mexico, Guatemala, Honduras, and El Salvador.
- Sec. 139. Report on implementation by the Government of Bahrain of recommendations from the Bahrain Independent Commission of Inquiry.
- Sec. 140. Report on United States humanitarian assistance to Haiti and whether recent elections in Haiti meet international election standards.
- Sec. 141. Sense of Congress with respect to the imposition of additional sanctions against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

TITLE II—ORGANIZATION AND PERSONNEL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Subtitle A—Organizational Matters

- Sec. 201. Rightsizing accountability.
- Sec. 202. Integration of foreign economic policy.
- Sec. 203. Review of Bureau of African Affairs and Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs jurisdictions.
- Sec. 204. Special envoys, representatives, advisors, and coordinators.
- Sec. 205. Conflict prevention, mitigation and resolution, and the inclusion and participation of women.
- Sec. 206. Information technology system security.
- Sec. 207. Analysis of embassy cost sharing.
- Sec. 208. Parent advisory committee to the Interagency Working Group to Prevent International Parental Child Abduction.
- Sec. 209. Improving research and evaluation of public diplomacy.
- Sec. 210. Enhanced institutional capacity of the Bureau of African Affairs.

Subtitle B—Personnel Matters

- Sec. 211. Review of Foreign Service Officer compensation.
- Sec. 212. Repeal of recertification requirement for senior Foreign Service.
- Sec. 213. Compensatory time off for travel.
- Sec. 214. Certificates of demonstrated competence.
- Sec. 215. Foreign Service assignment restrictions.
- Sec. 216. Security clearance suspensions.
- Sec. 217. Economic statecraft education and training.
- Sec. 218. Report on diversity recruitment, employment, retention, and promotion.
- Sec. 219. Expansion of the Charles B. Rangel International Affairs Program, the Thomas R. Pickering Foreign Affairs Fellowship Program, and the Donald M. Payne International Development Fellowship Program.
- Sec. 220. Retention of mid- and senior-level professionals from underrepresented groups.

5

4

- Sec. 221. Review of jurisdictional responsibilities of the Special Representative to Afghanistan and Pakistan and the Bureau of South and Central Asian Affairs.
- Sec. 222. Congressional notification of countries compliance with minimum standards for the elimination of trafficking.
- Sec. 223. International religious freedom training program.

TITLE III—INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

Subtitle A—United States Contributions to International Organizations

- Sec. 301. Reports concerning the United Nations.
- Sec. 302. Annual report on financial contributions to international organizations.
- Sec. 303. Report on peacekeeping arrears, credits, and contributions.
- Sec. 304. Assessment rate transparency.

Subtitle B—Accountability at International Organizations

- Sec. 311. Preventing abuse in peacekeeping.
- Sec. 312. Inclusion of peacekeeping abuses in country report on human rights practices.
- Sec. 313. Evaluation of United Nations peacekeeping missions.

Subtitle C—Personnel Matters

- Sec. 321. Encouraging employment of United States citizens at the United Nations.
- Sec. 322. Ensuring appropriate United Nations personnel salaries.

TITLE IV—CONSULAR AUTHORITIES

- Sec. 401. Visa ineligibility for international child abductors.
- Sec. 402. Presumption of immigrant intent for H and L visa classifications.
- Sec. 403. Visa information sharing.

TITLE V—EMBASSY SECURITY

Subtitle A—Allocation of Authorized Security Appropriations.

- Sec. 501. Worldwide security protection.
- Sec. 502. Embassy security, construction and maintenance.

Subtitle B—Contracting and Other Matters.

- Sec. 511. Local guard contracts abroad under diplomatic security program.
- Sec. 512. Disciplinary action resulting from unsatisfactory leadership in relation to a security incident.
- Sec. 513. Management and staff accountability.
- Sec. 514. Security enhancements for soft targets.

Subtitle C—Marine Corps Security Guard Program

- Sec. 521. Additional reports on expansion and enhancement of Marine Corps Security Guard Program.

Subtitle D—Defending High Threat, High Risk Posts

- Sec. 531. Designation and reporting for high threat, high risk posts.

- Sec. 532. Designation and reporting for high-risk counterintelligence threat posts.
- Sec. 533. Enhanced qualifications for Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for high threat, high risk posts.
- Sec. 534. Security environment threat list briefings.
- Sec. 535. Comptroller General of the United States report on implementation of Benghazi Accountability Review Board recommendations.
- Sec. 536. Foreign Affairs Security Training Center.
- Sec. 537. Language training.

Subtitle E—Accountability Review Boards

- Sec. 541. Provision of copies of accountability review board reports to Congress.
- Sec. 542. Staffing.

TITLE VI—MANAGEMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY

- Sec. 601. Short title.
- Sec. 602. Competitive hiring status for former employees of the Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction.
- Sec. 603. Assurance of independence of IT systems.
- Sec. 604. Protecting the integrity of internal investigations.
- Sec. 605. Report on Inspector General inspection and auditing of Foreign Service posts and bureaus and operating units Department of State.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2 In this Act:

3 (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-
 4 TEES.—The term “appropriate congressional com-
 5 mittees” means—

6 (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of
 7 the Senate;

8 (B) the Committee on Appropriations of
 9 the Senate;

10 (C) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
 11 the House of Representatives; and

12 (D) the Committee on Appropriations of
 13 the House of Representatives.

1 (2) DEPARTMENT.—The term “Department”
2 means the Department of State.

3 (3) PEACEKEEPING CREDITS.—The term
4 “peacekeeping credits” means the amounts by which
5 United States assessed peacekeeping contributions
6 exceed actual expenditures, apportioned to the
7 United States, of peacekeeping operations by the
8 United Nations during a United Nations peace-
9 keeping fiscal year.

10 (4) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means
11 the Secretary of State.

12 **TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF**
13 **STATE AUTHORITIES AND AC-**
14 **TIVITIES**

15 **Subtitle A—Basic Authorities and**
16 **Activities**

17 **SEC. 101. AMERICAN SPACES REVIEW.**

18 Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
19 ment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report to
20 the appropriate congressional committees that includes—

21 (1) the full costs incurred by the Department to
22 provide American Spaces, including—

23 (Λ) American Centers, American Corners,
24 Binational Centers, Information Resource Cen-
25 ters, and Science Centers; and

- 1 (B) the total costs of all associated—
2 (i) employee salaries, including foreign
3 service, American civilian, and locally em-
4 ployed staff;
5 (ii) programming expenses;
6 (iii) operating expenses;
7 (iv) contracting expenses; and
8 (v) security expenses;
9 (2) a breakdown of the total costs described in
10 paragraph (1) by each space and type of space;
11 (3) the total fees collected for entry to, or the
12 use of, American Spaces and related resources, in-
13 cluding a breakdown by the type of fee for each
14 space and type of space; and
15 (4) the total usage rates, including by type of
16 service, for each space and type of space.

17 **SEC. 102. IDENTIFYING BILATERAL INVESTMENT TREATY**
18 **OPPORTUNITIES.**

19 Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
20 ment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation
21 with the United States Trade Representative, shall submit
22 a report to the appropriate congressional committees that
23 includes a detailed description of—

1 (1) the status of all ongoing investment treaty
2 negotiations, including a strategy and timetable for
3 concluding each such negotiation;

4 (2) a strategy to expand the investment treaty
5 agenda, including through—

6 (A) launching new investment treaty nego-
7 tiations with foreign partners that are currently
8 capable of entering into such negotiations; and

9 (B) building the capacity of foreign part-
10 ners to enter into such negotiations, including
11 by encouraging the adoption of best practices
12 with respect to investment; and

13 (3) an estimate of any resources that will be
14 needed, including anticipated staffing levels—

15 (A) to conclude all ongoing negotiations
16 described in paragraph (1);

17 (B) to launch new investment treaty nego-
18 tiations, as described in paragraph (2)(A); and

19 (C) to build the capacity of foreign part-
20 ners, as described in paragraph (2)(B).

21 **SEC. 103. REINSTATEMENT OF HONG KONG REPORT.**

22 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
23 date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter
24 through 2020, the Secretary shall submit the report re-
25 quired under section 301 of the United States-Hong Kong

1 Policy Act of 1992 (22 U.S.C. 5731) to the appropriate
2 congressional committees.

3 (b) PUBLIC DISCLOSURE.—The report submitted
4 under subsection (a) should be unclassified and made pub-
5 licly available, including through the Department’s public
6 website.

7 (c) TREATMENT OF HONG KONG UNDER UNITED
8 STATES LAW.—

9 (1) SECRETARY OF STATE CERTIFICATION RE-
10 QUIREMENT.—

11 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days
12 after the date of the enactment of this Act, and
13 annually thereafter, the Secretary shall certify
14 to Congress whether Hong Kong Special Ad-
15 ministrative Region is sufficiently autonomous
16 to justify different treatment for its citizens
17 from the treatment accorded to other citizens of
18 the People’s Republic of China in any new laws,
19 agreements, treaties, or arrangements entered
20 into between the United States and Hong Kong
21 after the date of the enactment of this Act.

22 (B) FACTOR FOR CONSIDERATION.—In
23 making a certification under subparagraph (A),
24 the Secretary should consider the terms, obliga-

1 tions, and expectations expressed in the Joint
2 Declaration with respect to Hong Kong.

3 (C) EXCEPTION.—A certification shall not
4 be required under this subsection with respect
5 to any new laws, agreements, treaties, or ar-
6 rangements that support human rights, rule of
7 law, or democracy in the Hong Kong Special
8 Administrative Region.

9 (2) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may
10 waive the application of paragraph (1) if the Sec-
11 retary—

12 (A) determines that such a waiver is in the
13 national interests of the United States; and

14 (B) on or before the date on which such
15 waiver would take effect, submits a notice of,
16 and justification for, the waiver to the Com-
17 mittee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and
18 the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House
19 of Representatives.

20 **SEC. 104. INTERAGENCY HOSTAGE RECOVERY COORDI-**
21 **NATOR.**

22 (a) IN GENERAL.—

23 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after
24 the date of the enactment of this Act, the President
25 shall designate an existing Federal officer to coordi-

1 nate efforts to secure the release of United States
2 persons who are hostages of hostile groups or state
3 sponsors of terrorism. For purposes of carrying out
4 the duties described in paragraph (2), such officer
5 shall have the title of “Interagency Hostage Recov-
6 ery Coordinator”.

7 (2) DUTIES.—The Coordinator shall have the
8 following duties:

9 (A) Coordinate and direct all activities of
10 the Federal Government relating to each hos-
11 tage situation described in paragraph (1) to en-
12 sure efforts to secure the release of all hostages
13 in the hostage situation are properly resourced
14 and correct lines of authority are established
15 and maintained.

16 (B) Establish and direct a fusion cell con-
17 sisting of appropriate personnel of the Federal
18 Government with purview over each hostage sit-
19 uation described in paragraph (1).

20 (C) Develop a strategy to keep family
21 members of hostages described in paragraph (1)
22 informed of the status of such hostages and in-
23 form such family members of updates, proce-
24 dures, and policies that do not compromise the
25 national security of the United States.

1 (b) LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY.—The authority of
2 the Interagency Hostage Recovery Coordinator shall be
3 limited to hostage cases outside the United States.

4 (c) QUARTERLY REPORT.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—On a quarterly basis, the
6 Coordinator shall submit to the appropriate congressional
7 committees and the members of Congress described in
8 paragraph (2) a report that includes a summary of each
9 hostage situation described in subsection (a)(1) and efforts
10 to secure the release of all hostages in such hostage
11 situation.

12 (2) MEMBERS OF CONGRESS DESCRIBED.—The
13 members of Congress described in this subparagraph
14 are, with respect to a United States person hostage
15 covered by a report under paragraph (1), the Senators
16 representing the State, and the Member, Delegate,
17 or Resident Commissioner of the House of Representatives
18 representing the district, where a hostage described in
19 subsection (a)(1) resides.

20 (3) FORM OF REPORT.—Each report under this
21 subsection may be submitted in classified or unclassified
22 form.

23 (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section
24 shall be construed as authorizing the Federal Government
25 to negotiate with a state sponsor of terrorism or an

1 organization that the Secretary has designated as a for-
2 eign terrorist organization pursuant to section 219 of the
3 Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189) or any
4 other hostage-takers.

5 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

6 (1) HOSTILE GROUP.—The term “hostile
7 group” means—

8 (A) a group that is designated as a foreign
9 terrorist organization under section 219(a) of
10 the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C.
11 1189(a));

12 (B) a group that is engaged in armed con-
13 flict with the United States; or

14 (C) any other group that the President de-
15 termines to be a hostile group for purposes of
16 this paragraph.

17 (2) STATE SPONSOR OF TERRORISM.—The term
18 “state sponsor of terrorism”—

19 (A) means a country the government of
20 which the Secretary has determined, for pur-
21 poses of section 6(j) of the Export Administra-
22 tion Act of 1979, section 620A of the Foreign
23 Assistance Act of 1961, section 40 of the Arms
24 Export Control Act, or any other provision of
25 law, to be a government that has repeatedly

1 provided support for acts of international ter-
2 rorism; and

3 (B) includes North Korea.

4 **SEC. 105. UNITED STATES-CHINA STRATEGIC AND ECO-**
5 **NOMIC DIALOGUE REVIEW.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
7 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in coordi-
8 nation with the Secretary of the Treasury, and in con-
9 sultation with other departments and agencies, as appro-
10 priate, shall—

11 (1) conduct a review of the United States-China
12 Strategic and Economic Dialogue (referred to in this
13 section as the “Dialogue”); and

14 (2) submit a report to the appropriate congress-
15 sional committees that contains the findings of such
16 review.

17 (b) CONTENTS.—The report described in subsection
18 (a) shall include—

19 (1) a list of all commitments agreed to by the
20 United States and China at each of the first 6
21 rounds of meetings;

22 (2) an assessment of the status of each commit-
23 ment agreed to by the United States and China at
24 each of the first 6 rounds of meetings, including a
25 detailed description of—

- 1 (A) any actions that have been taken with
2 respect to such commitments;
- 3 (B) any aspects of such commitments that
4 remain unfulfilled; and
- 5 (C) any actions that remain necessary to
6 fulfill any unfulfilled commitments described in
7 subparagraph (B);
- 8 (3) an assessment of the effectiveness of the
9 Dialogue in achieving and fulfilling significant com-
10 mitments on United States priorities in the bilateral
11 relationship, including—
- 12 (A) the security situation in the East and
13 South China Seas, including a peaceful resolu-
14 tion of maritime disputes in the region;
- 15 (B) denuclearization of the Korean Penin-
16 sula;
- 17 (C) cybertheft of United States intellectual
18 property;
- 19 (D) the treatment of political dissidents,
20 media representatives, and ethnic and religious
21 minorities;
- 22 (E) reciprocal treatment of United States
23 journalists and academics in China, including
24 issuance of visas;

1 (F) expanding investment and trade oppor-
 2 tunities for United States businesses;

3 (G) repatriation of North Korean refugees
 4 from China to North Korea; and

5 (H) promoting and protecting rule of law
 6 and democratic institutions in Hong Kong; and

7 (4) recommendations for enhancing the effec-
 8 tiveness of the Dialogue in achieving and fulfilling
 9 significant commitments on United States priorities
 10 described in paragraph (3), including consideration
 11 of the use of predetermined benchmarks for assess-
 12 ing whether the commitments achieved are signifi-
 13 cantly furthering such priorities.

14 **SEC. 106. REPORT ON HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS IN**
 15 **BURMA.**

16 Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
 17 ment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report to
 18 the majority leader of the Senate, the minority leader of
 19 the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives,
 20 the majority leader of the House of Representatives, the
 21 minority leader of the House of Representatives, the Com-
 22 mittee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Com-
 23 mittee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives
 24 that—

1 (1) describes in detail all known widespread or
2 systematic civil or political rights violations, includ-
3 ing violations that may constitute crimes against hu-
4 manity against ethnic, racial, or religious minorities
5 in Burma, including the Rohingya people; and

6 (2) provides recommendations for holding per-
7 petrators of the violations described in paragraph

8 (1) accountable for their actions.

9 **SEC. 107. COMBATING ANTI-SEMITISM.**

10 Of the amount authorized to be appropriated for Dip-
11 lomatic and Consular Programs, \$500,000 shall be made
12 available to the Bureau for Democracy, Human Rights,
13 and Labor, to be used in support of efforts by American
14 and European Jewish and other civil society organizations,
15 focusing on youth, to combat anti-Semitism and other
16 forms of religious, ethnic, or racial intolerance in Europe.

17 **SEC. 108. BIOTECHNOLOGY GRANTS.**

18 Title I of the State Department Basic Authorities Act
19 of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a et seq.), is amended by adding
20 at the end the following:

21 **“SEC. 63. BIOTECHNOLOGY GRANTS AUTHORIZED.**

22 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State is au-
23 thorized to support, through grants, cooperative agree-
24 ments, contracts, outreach, and public diplomacy activi-
25 ties, activities promoting the benefits of agricultural bio-

1 technology, biofuels, science-based regulatory systems, and
 2 the application of such technologies for trade and develop-
 3 ment.

4 “(b) LIMITATION.—The total amount of grants pro-
 5 vided pursuant to subsection (a) shall not exceed \$500,000
 6 in any fiscal year.”.

7 **SEC. 109. DEFINITION OF “USE” IN PASSPORT AND VISA OF-**
 8 **FENSES.**

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 75 of title 18, United
 10 States Code, is amended by inserting before section 1541
 11 the following:

12 **“SEC. 1540. DEFINITION OF ‘USE’ AND ‘USES’.**

13 “In this chapter, the terms ‘use’ and ‘uses’ shall be
 14 given their plain meaning, which shall include use for iden-
 15 tification purposes.”.

16 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
 17 for chapter 75 of title 18, United States Code, is amended
 18 by inserting before the item relating to section 1541 the
 19 following:

“1540. Definition of ‘use’ and ‘uses’.”.

20 **SEC. 110. SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY FELLOWSHIPS.**

21 Section 504 of the Foreign Relations Authorization
 22 Act, Fiscal Year 1979 (22 U.S.C. 2656d) is amended by
 23 adding at the end the following:

1 “(e) GRANTS AND COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS RE-
 2 LATED TO SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY FELLOWSHIP
 3 PROGRAMS.—

4 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized
 5 to provide grants or enter into cooperative agree-
 6 ments for science and technology fellowship pro-
 7 grams of the Department of State.

8 “(2) RECRUITMENT; STIPENDS.—Assistance au-
 9 thorized under paragraph (1) may be used—

10 “(A) to recruit fellows; and

11 “(B) to pay stipends, travel, and other ap-
 12 propriate expenses to fellows.

13 “(3) CLASSIFICATION OF STIPENDS.—Stipends
 14 paid under paragraph (2)(B) shall not be considered
 15 compensation for purposes of section 209 of title 18,
 16 United States Code.

17 “(4) LIMITATION.—The total amount of assist-
 18 ance provided under this subsection may not exceed
 19 \$500,000 in any fiscal year.”.

20 **SEC. 111. NAME CHANGES.**

21 (a) PUBLIC LAW 87-195.—Section 607(d) of the
 22 Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2357(d)) is
 23 amended by striking “Assistant Secretary of State for
 24 Oceans and International Environmental and Scientific

1 Affairs” and inserting “Assistant Secretary of State for
2 Oceans, Environment, and Science”.

3 (b) PUBLIC LAW 88-206.—Section 617(a) of the
4 Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7671p(a)) is amended by strik-
5 ing “Assistant Secretary of State for Oceans and Inter-
6 national Environmental and Scientific Affairs” and insert-
7 ing “Assistant Secretary of State for Oceans, Environ-
8 ment, and Science”.

9 (c) PUBLIC LAW 93-126.—Section 9(a) of the De-
10 partment of State Appropriations Authorization Act of
11 1973 (22 U.S.C. 2655a) is amended—

12 (1) by striking “Bureau of Oceans and Inter-
13 national Environmental and Scientific Affairs” and
14 inserting “Bureau of Oceans, Environment, and
15 Science”; and

16 (2) by striking “Assistant Secretary of State
17 for Oceans and International Environmental and
18 Scientific Affairs” and inserting “Assistant Sec-
19 retary of State for Oceans, Environment, and
20 Science”.

21 (d) PUBLIC LAW 106-113.—Section 1112(a) of the
22 Admiral James W. Nance and Meg Donovan Foreign Re-
23 lations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 2000 and 2001
24 (22 U.S.C. 2652e(a)) is amended by striking “Verification
25 and Compliance.” and inserting “Arms Control,

1 Verification, and Compliance (referred to in this section
2 as the ‘Assistant Secretary’).”.

3 **SEC. 112. ANTI-PIRACY INFORMATION SHARING.**

4 The Secretary is authorized to provide for the partici-
5 pation of the United States in the Information Sharing
6 Centre located in Singapore, as established by the Re-
7 gional Cooperation Agreement on Combating Piracy and
8 Armed Robbery Against Ships in Asia, done at Singapore
9 November 11, 2004.

10 **SEC. 113. REPORT REFORM.**

11 (a) HUMAN RIGHTS REPORT.—Section 549 of the
12 Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2347h) is re-
13 pealed.

14 (b) ROUGH DIAMONDS ANNUAL REPORT.—Section
15 12 of the Clean Diamond Trade Act (19 U.S.C. 3911)
16 is amended to read as follows:

17 **“SEC. 12. REPORTS.**

18 “For each country that, during the preceding 12-
19 month period, exported rough diamonds to the United
20 States, the exportation of which was not controlled
21 through the Kimberley Process Certification Scheme, and
22 if the failure to do so has significantly increased the likeli-
23 hood that those diamonds not so controlled are being im-
24 ported into the United States, the President shall submit
25 a semi-annual report to Congress that explains what ac-

1 tions have been taken by the United States or such coun-
 2 try since the previous report to ensure that diamonds, the
 3 exportation of which was not controlled through the Kim-
 4 berley Process Certification Scheme, are not being im-
 5 ported from that country into the United States. A coun-
 6 try shall be included in the report required under this sec-
 7 tion until the country is controlling the importation and
 8 exportation of rough diamonds through the Kimberley
 9 Process Certification Scheme.”.

10 **SEC. 114. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE UNITED STATES AL-**
 11 **LIANCE WITH JAPAN.**

12 It is the sense of Congress that—

13 (1) the alliance between the United States and
 14 Japan is a cornerstone of peace, security, and sta-
 15 bility in the Asia-Pacific region and around the
 16 world;

17 (2) Prime Minister Shiuzo Abe’s visit to the
 18 United States in April 2015 and historic address to
 19 a Joint Session of Congress symbolized the strength
 20 and importance of ties between the United States
 21 and Japan;

22 (3) in 2015, which marks 70 years since the
 23 end of World War II, the United States and Japan
 24 continue to strengthen the alliance and work to-

1 gether to ensure a peaceful and prosperous future
2 for the Asia-Pacific region and the world;

3 (4) the Governments and people of the United
4 States and Japan share values, interests, and capa-
5 bilities that have helped to build a strong rules-based
6 international order, based on a commitment to rules,
7 norms and institutions;

8 (5) the revised Guidelines for United States-
9 Japan Defense Cooperation and Japan's policy of
10 "Proactive Contribution to Peace" will reinforce de-
11 terrence, update the roles and missions of the
12 United States and Japan, enable Japan to expand
13 its contributions to regional and global security, and
14 allow the United States Government and the Gov-
15 ernment of Japan to enhance cooperation on secu-
16 rity issues in the region and beyond;

17 (6) the United States remain resolute in its
18 commitments under the Treaty of Mutual Coopera-
19 tion and Security to respond to any armed attack in
20 the territories under the administration of Japan;

21 (7) although the United States Government
22 does not take a position on the ultimate sovereignty
23 of the Senkaku Islands, the United States Govern-
24 ment acknowledges that they are under the adminis-

1 tration of Japan and opposes any unilateral actions
2 that would seek to undermine such administration;

3 (8) the United States Government reaffirms
4 that the unilateral actions of a third party will not
5 affect the United States acknowledgment of the ad-
6 ministration of Japan over the Senkaku Islands;

7 (9) the United States Government and the Gov-
8 ernment of Japan continue to work together on com-
9 mon security interests, including to confront the
10 threat posed by the nuclear and ballistic missile pro-
11 grams of the Democratic People's Republic of
12 Korea;

13 (10) the United States Government and the
14 Government of Japan remain committed to ensuring
15 maritime security and respect for international law,
16 including freedom of navigation and overflight; and

17 (11) the United States Government and the
18 Government of Japan continue to oppose the use of
19 coercion, intimidation, or force to change the status
20 quo, including in the East and South China Seas.

21 **SEC. 115. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE DEFENSE RELA-**
22 **TIONSHIP BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES**
23 **AND THE REPUBLIC OF INDIA.**

24 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
25 ings:

1 (1) The United States has an upgraded, strategic-plus relationship with India based on regional
2 cooperation, space science cooperation, and defense
3 cooperation.
4

5 (2) The defense relationship between the United
6 States and the Republic of India is strengthened by
7 the common commitment of both countries to democracy.
8

9 (3) The United States and the Republic of
10 India share a common and long-standing commitment to civilian control of the military.
11

12 (4) The United States and the Republic of
13 India have increasingly worked together on defense
14 cooperation across a range of activities, exercises,
15 initiatives, and research.

16 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States should—
17

18 (1) continue to expand defense cooperation with
19 the Republic of India;

20 (2) welcome the role of the Republic of India in
21 providing security and stability in the Indo-Pacific
22 region and beyond;

23 (3) work cooperatively with the Republic of
24 India on matters relating to our common defense;

1 (4) vigorously support the implementation of
 2 the United States-India Defense Framework Agree-
 3 ment; and

4 (5) support the India Defense Trade and Tech-
 5 nology Initiative.

6 **SEC. 116. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE UNITED STATES AL-**
 7 **LIANCE WITH THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA.**

8 It is the sense of Congress that—

9 (1) the alliance between the United States and
 10 the Republic of Korea has served as an anchor for
 11 stability, security, and prosperity on the Korean Pe-
 12 ninsula, in the Asia-Pacific region, and around the
 13 world;

14 (2) the United States and the Republic of
 15 Korea continue to strengthen and adapt the bilat-
 16 eral, regional, and global scope of the comprehensive
 17 strategic alliance between the 2 nations, to serve as
 18 a linchpin of peace and stability in the Asia-Pacific
 19 region, recognizing the shared values of democracy,
 20 human rights, free and open markets, and the rule
 21 of law, as reaffirmed in the May 2013 “Joint Dec-
 22 laration in Commemoration of the 60th Anniversary
 23 of the Alliance between the Republic of Korea and
 24 the United States of America”;

1 (3) the United States and the Republic of
2 Korea continue to broaden and deepen the alliance
3 by strengthening the combined defense posture on
4 the Korean Peninsula, enhancing mutual security
5 based on the Republic of Korea-United States Mu-
6 tual Defense Treaty, and promoting cooperation for
7 regional and global security in the 21st century;

8 (4) the United States and the Republic of
9 Korea share deep concerns that the nuclear, cyber,
10 and ballistic missiles programs of North Korea and
11 its repeated provocations pose grave threats to peace
12 and stability on the Korean Peninsula and North-
13 east Asia and recognize that both nations are deter-
14 mined to achieve the peaceful denuclearization of
15 North Korea and remain fully committed to con-
16 tinuing close cooperation on the full range of issues
17 related to North Korea;

18 (5) the United States and the Republic of
19 Korea are particularly concerned that the nuclear
20 and ballistic missile programs of North Korea, in-
21 cluding North Korean efforts to miniaturize their
22 nuclear technology and improve the mobility of their
23 ballistic missiles, have gathered significant momen-
24 tum and are poised to expand in the coming years;

1 (6) the Republic of Korea has made progress in
 2 enhancing future warfighting and interoperability
 3 capabilities by taking steps toward procuring Patriot
 4 Advanced Capability missiles, F-35 Joint Strike
 5 Fighter Aircraft, and RQ-4 Global Hawk Surveil-
 6 lance Aircraft;

7 (7) the United States supports the vision of a
 8 Korean Peninsula free of nuclear weapons, free from
 9 the fear of war, and peacefully reunited on the basis
 10 of democratic and free market principles, as articu-
 11 lated in President Park's address in Dresden, Ger-
 12 many; and

13 (8) the United States and the Republic of
 14 Korea share the future interests of both nations in
 15 securing peace and stability on the Korean Penin-
 16 sula and in Northeast Asia.

17 **SEC. 117. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE RELATIONSHIP BE-**
 18 **TWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND TAIWAN.**

19 It is the sense of the Congress that—

20 (1) the United States policy toward Taiwan is
 21 based upon the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law
 22 96-8), which was enacted in 1979, and the Six As-
 23 surances given by President Ronald Reagan in 1982;

1 (2) provision of defensive weapons to Taiwan
 2 should continue as mandated in the Taiwan Rela-
 3 tions Act; and

4 (3) enhanced trade relations with Taiwan
 5 should be pursued to mutually benefit the citizens of
 6 both countries.

7 **SEC. 118. REPORT ON POLITICAL FREEDOM IN VENEZUELA.**

8 Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
 9 ment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report to
 10 the appropriate congressional committees that includes—

11 (1) an assessment of the support provided by
 12 the United States to the people of Venezuela in their
 13 aspiration to live under conditions of peace and rep-
 14 resentative democracy (as defined by the Inter-
 15 American Democratic Charter of the Organization of
 16 American States, done at Lima September 11,
 17 2001);

18 (2) an assessment of work carried out by the
 19 United States, in cooperation with the other member
 20 states of the Organization of American States and
 21 countries of the European Union, to ensure—

22 (A) the peaceful resolution of the current
 23 political situation in Venezuela; and

24 (B) the immediate cessation of violence
 25 against antigovernment protestors;

1 (3) a list of the government and security offi-
 2 cials in Venezuela who—

3 (A) are responsible for, or complicit in, the
 4 use of force in relation to antigovernment pro-
 5 tests and similar acts of violence; and

6 (B) have had their financial assets in the
 7 United States frozen or been placed on a visa
 8 ban by the United States; and

9 (4) an assessment of United States support for
 10 the development of democratic political processes
 11 and independent civil society in Venezuela.

12 **SEC. 119. STRATEGY FOR THE MIDDLE EAST IN THE EVENT**
 13 **OF A COMPREHENSIVE NUCLEAR AGREE-**
 14 **MENT WITH IRAN.**

15 (a) **STRATEGY REQUIRED.**—The Secretary of State
 16 shall, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, other
 17 members of the National Security Council, and the heads
 18 of other appropriate departments and agencies of the
 19 United States Government, develop a strategy for the
 20 United States for the Middle East.

21 (b) **ELEMENTS.**—The strategy shall include the fol-
 22 lowing:

23 (1) Efforts to counter Iranian-sponsored ter-
 24 rorism in Middle East region.

1 (2) Efforts to reassure United States allies and
2 partners in Middle East.

3 (3) Efforts to address the potential for a con-
4 ventional or nuclear arms race in the Middle East.

5 (c) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 60
6 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
7 retary shall submit the strategy developed under sub-
8 section (a) to—

9 (1) the majority leader, the minority leader, the
10 Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on
11 Foreign Relations, and the Select Committee on In-
12 telligence of the Senate; and

13 (2) the Speaker, the majority leader, the minor-
14 ity leader, the Committee on Armed Services, the
15 Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Permanent
16 Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of
17 Representatives.

18 **SEC. 120. DEPARTMENT OF STATE INTERNATIONAL CYBER-**
19 **SPACE POLICY STRATEGY.**

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
21 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State
22 shall produce a comprehensive strategy, with a classified
23 annex if necessary, relating to United States international
24 policy with regard to cyberspace.

1 (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required in subsection

2 (a) shall include:

3 (1) A review of actions and activities under-
4 taken by the Secretary of State to date to support
5 the goal of the President’s International Strategy for
6 Cyberspace, released in May 2011, to “work inter-
7 nationally to promote an open, interoperable, secure,
8 and reliable information and communications infra-
9 structure that supports international trade and com-
10 merce, strengthens international security, and fos-
11 ters free expression and innovation”.

12 (2) A plan of action to guide the Secretary’s di-
13 plomacy with regard to nation-states, including con-
14 ducting bilateral and multilateral activities to de-
15 velop the norms of responsible international behavior
16 in cyberspace, and status review of existing discus-
17 sions in multilateral fora to obtain agreements on
18 international norms in cyberspace.

19 (3) A review of the alternative concepts with re-
20 gard to international norms in cyberspace offered by
21 other prominent nation-state actors, including
22 China, Russia, Brazil, and India.

23 (4) A detailed description of threats to United
24 States national security in cyberspace from other na-
25 tion-states, state-sponsored actors and private ac-

1 tors, to United States Federal and private sector in-
2 frastructure, United States intellectual property, and
3 the privacy of United States citizens.

4 (5) A review of policy tools available to the
5 President of United States to deter nation-states,
6 state-sponsored actors, and private actors, including,
7 but not limited to, those outlined in Executive Order
8 13694, released on April 1, 2015.

9 (6) A review of resources required by the Sec-
10 retary, including the Office of the Coordinator for
11 Cyber Issues, to conduct activities to build respon-
12 sible norms of international cyber behavior.

13 (c) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall consult
14 with other United States Government agencies, including
15 the intelligence community, and, as appropriate, the
16 United States private sector, and United States non-
17 governmental organizations with recognized credentials
18 and expertise in foreign policy, national security, and cy-
19 bersecurity.

20 (d) RELEASE.—The Secretary shall publicly release
21 the strategy required in subsection (a) and brief the Com-
22 mittee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Com-
23 mittee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives
24 upon its release, including on the classified annex, should
25 the strategy include such an annex.

1 **SEC. 121. WAIVER OF FEES FOR RENEWAL OF IMMIGRANT**
2 **VISA FOR ADOPTED CHILD IN CERTAIN SITU-**
3 **ATIONS.**

4 Section 221(c) of the Immigration and Nationality
5 Act (8 U.S.C. 1201(c)) is amended to read as follows:

6 “(c) PERIOD OF VALIDITY; RENEWAL OR REPLACE-
7 MENT.—

8 “(1) IMMIGRANT VISAS.—An immigrant visa
9 shall be valid for such period, not exceeding 6
10 months, as shall be by regulations prescribed, except
11 that any visa issued to a child lawfully adopted by
12 a United States citizen and spouse while such citizen
13 is serving abroad in the United States Armed
14 Forces, or is employed abroad by the United States
15 Government, or is temporarily abroad on business,
16 shall be valid until such time, for a period not to ex-
17 ceed 3 years, as the adoptive citizen parent returns
18 to the United States in due course of his service,
19 employment, or business.

20 “(2) NONIMMIGRANT VISAS.—A nonimmigrant
21 visa shall be valid for such periods as shall be pre-
22 scribed by regulations. In prescribing the period of
23 validity of a nonimmigrant visa in the case of na-
24 tionals of any foreign country who are eligible for
25 such visas, the Secretary of State shall, insofar as
26 practicable, accord to such nationals the same treat-

1 ment upon a reciprocal basis as such foreign country
2 accords to nationals of the United States who are
3 within a similar class, except that in the case of
4 aliens who are nationals of a foreign country and
5 who either are granted refugee status and firmly re-
6 settled in another foreign country or are granted
7 permanent residence and residing in another foreign
8 country, the Secretary of State may prescribe the
9 period of validity of such a visa based upon the
10 treatment granted by that other foreign country to
11 alien refugees and permanent residents, respectively,
12 in the United States.

13 “(3) VISA REPLACEMENT.—An immigrant visa
14 may be replaced under the original number during
15 the fiscal year in which the original visa was issued
16 for an immigrant who establishes to the satisfaction
17 of the consular officer that the immigrant—

18 “(A) was unable to use the original immi-
19 grant visa during the period of its validity be-
20 cause of reasons beyond his control and for
21 which he was not responsible;

22 “(B) is found by a consular officer to be
23 eligible for an immigrant visa; and

24 “(C) pays again the statutory fees for an
25 application and an immigrant visa.

“(4) FEE WAIVER.—If an immigrant visa was issued, on or after March 27, 2013, for a child who has been lawfully adopted, or who is coming to the United States to be adopted, by a United States citizen, any statutory immigrant visa fees relating to a renewal or replacement of such visa may be waived or, if already paid, may be refunded upon request, subject to such criteria as the Secretary of State may prescribe, if—

“(A) the immigrant child was unable to use the original immigrant visa during the period of its validity as a direct result of extraordinary circumstances, including the denial of an exit permit; and

“(B) if such inability was attributable to factors beyond the control of the adopting parent or parents and of the immigrant.”.

SEC. 122. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON ANTI-ISRAEL AND ANTI-SEMITIC INCITEMENT WITHIN THE PALESTINIAN AUTHORITY.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that the 1995 Interim Agreement on the West Bank and the Gaza Strip, commonly referred to as Oslo II, specifically details that Israel and the Palestinian Authority shall “abstain from incitement, including hostile propaganda, against each

1 other and, without derogating from the principle of free-
 2 dom of expression, shall take legal measures to prevent
 3 such incitement by any organizations, groups or individ-
 4 uals within their jurisdiction”.

5 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—Congress—

6 (1) expresses support and admiration for indi-
 7 viduals and organizations working to encourage co-
 8 operation between Israeli Jews and Palestinians, in-
 9 cluding—

10 (A) Professor Mohammed Dajani Daoudi,
 11 who took students from al-Quds University in
 12 Jerusalem to visit Auschwitz in March 2014
 13 only to return to death threats by fellow Pal-
 14 estinians and expulsion from his teacher’s
 15 union;

16 (B) the Israel Palestine Center for Re-
 17 search and Information, the only joint Israeli-
 18 Palestinian public policy think-tank,

19 (C) United Hatzalah, a nonprofit, fully vol-
 20 unteer Emergency Medical Services organiza-
 21 tion that, mobilizing volunteers who are reli-
 22 gious or secular Jews, Arabs, Muslims, and
 23 Christians, provides EMS services to all people
 24 in Israel regardless of race, religion, or national
 25 origin; and

1 (D) Breaking the Impasse, an apolitical
 2 initiative of Palestinian and Israeli business and
 3 civil society leaders who advocate for a two-
 4 state solution and an urgent diplomatic solution
 5 to the conflict;

6 (2) reiterates strong condemnation of anti-
 7 Israel and anti-Semitic incitement in the Palestinian
 8 Authority as antithetical to the stated desire to
 9 achieve a just, lasting, and comprehensive peace set-
 10 tlement; and

11 (3) urges President Abbas and Palestinian Au-
 12 thority officials to discontinue all official incitement
 13 that runs contrary to the determination to put an
 14 end to decades of confrontation.

15 **SEC. 123. SUPPORT FOR THE SOVEREIGNTY, INDEPEND-**
 16 **ENCE, TERRITORIAL INTEGRITY, AND INVIO-**
 17 **LABILITY OF POST-SOVIET COUNTRIES IN**
 18 **LIGHT OF RUSSIAN AGGRESSION AND INTER-**
 19 **ERENCE.**

20 It is the sense of Congress that Congress—

21 (1) supports the sovereignty, independence, ter-
 22 ritorial integrity, and inviolability of post-Soviet
 23 countries within their internationally recognized bor-
 24 ders;

- 1 (2) expresses deep concern over increasingly ag-
2 gressive actions by the Russian Federation;
- 3 (3) is committed to providing sufficient funding
4 for the Bureau of European and Eurasian Affairs of
5 the Department of State to address subversive and
6 destabilizing activities by the Russian Federation
7 within post-Soviet countries;
- 8 (4) supports robust engagement between the
9 United States and post-Soviet countries through—
 - 10 (A) the promotion of strengthened people-
11 to-people ties, including through educational
12 and cultural exchange programs;
 - 13 (B) anticorruption assistance;
 - 14 (C) public diplomacy;
 - 15 (D) economic diplomacy; and
 - 16 (E) other democratic reform efforts;
- 17 (5) encourages the President to further enhance
18 nondefense cooperation and diplomatic engagement
19 with post-Soviet countries;
- 20 (6) condemns the subversive and destabilizing
21 activities undertaken by the Russian Federation
22 within post-Soviet countries;
- 23 (7) encourages enhanced cooperation between
24 the United States and the European Union to pro-

1 mote greater Euro-Atlantic integration, including
2 through—

3 (A) the enlargement of the European
4 Union; and

5 (B) the Open Door policy of the North At-
6 lantic Treaty Organization;

7 (8) urges continued cooperation between the
8 United States and the European Union to maintain
9 sanctions against the Russian Federation until the
10 Government of Russia has—

11 (A) fully implemented all provisions of the
12 Minsk agreements, done at Minsk September 5,
13 2014 and February 12, 2015; and

14 (B) demonstrated respect for the territorial
15 sovereignty of Ukraine;

16 (9) calls on the member states of the European
17 Union to extend the current sanctions regime
18 against the Russian Federation; and

19 (10) urges the consideration of additional sanc-
20 tions if the Russian Federation continue to engage
21 in subversive and destabilizing activities within post-
22 Soviet countries.

23 **SEC. 124. RUSSIAN PROPAGANDA REPORT.**

24 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
25 gress that—

1 (1) the Russian Federation is waging a propa-
2 ganda war against the United States and our allies;
3 and

4 (2) a successful strategy must be implemented
5 to counter the threat posed by Russian propaganda.

6 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after the date
7 of the enactment of this Act, and annually for the fol-
8 lowing 3 years, the Secretary, in consultation with appro-
9 priate Federal officials, shall submit an unclassified re-
10 port, with a classified annex, to the Committee on Foreign
11 Relations of the Senate, the Select Committee on Intel-
12 ligence of the Senate, the Committee on Foreign Affairs
13 of the House of Representatives, and the Permanent Se-
14 lect Committee on Intelligence of the House of Represent-
15 atives that contains a detailed analysis of—

16 (1) the recent use of propaganda by the Gov-
17 ernment of Russia, including—

18 (A) the forms of propaganda used, includ-
19 ing types of media and programming;

20 (B) the principal countries and regions tar-
21 geted by Russian propaganda; and

22 (C) the impact of Russian propaganda on
23 such targets;

1 (2) the response by United States allies, par-
 2 ticularly European allies, to counter the threat of
 3 Russian propaganda;

4 (3) the response by the United States to the
 5 threat of Russian propaganda;

6 (4) the extent of the effectiveness of programs
 7 currently in use to counter Russian propaganda;

8 (5) a strategy for improving the effectiveness of
 9 such programs;

10 (6) any additional authority needed to counter
 11 the threat of Russian propaganda; and

12 (7) the additional funding needed to success-
 13 fully implement the strategy referred to in para-
 14 graph (5).

15 **SEC. 125. APPROVAL OF EXPORT LICENCES AND LETTERS**
 16 **OF REQUEST TO ASSIST THE GOVERNMENT**
 17 **OF UKRAINE.**

18 (a) IN GENERAL.—

19 (1) EXPORT LICENSE APPLICATIONS.—

20 (A) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—The Sec-
 21 retary shall submit to the specified congres-
 22 sional committees a detailed list of all export li-
 23 cense applications, including requests for mar-
 24 keting licenses, for the sale of defense articles
 25 and defense services to Ukraine.

1 (B) CONTENTS.—The list submitted under
2 subparagraph (A) shall include—

3 (i) the date on which the application
4 or request was first submitted;

5 (ii) the current status of each applica-
6 tion or request; and

7 (iii) the estimated timeline for adju-
8 dication of such applications or requests.

9 (C) PRIORITY.—The Secretary should give
10 priority to processing the applications and re-
11 quests included on the list submitted under sub-
12 paragraph (A).

13 (2) LETTERS OF REQUEST.—The Secretary
14 shall submit to the specified congressional commit-
15 tees a detailed list of all pending Letters of Request
16 for Foreign Military Sales to Ukraine, including—

17 (A) the date on which each such letter was
18 first submitted;

19 (B) the current status of each such letter;
20 and

21 (C) the estimated timeline for the adju-
22 dication of each such letter.

23 (b) REPORTS.—

24 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after
25 the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90

1 days thereafter until the date set forth in paragraph
2 (2), the Secretary shall submit a report to the speci-
3 fied congressional committees that describes the sta-
4 tus of the applications, requests for marketing li-
5 censes, and Letters of Request described in sub-
6 section (a).

7 (2) TERMINATION DATE.—The date set forth in
8 this paragraph is the earlier of—

9 (A) the date on which the President cer-
10 tifies to Congress that the sovereignty and ter-
11 ritorial integrity of the Government of Ukraine
12 has been restored; or

13 (B) the date that is 5 years after the date
14 of the enactment of this Act.

15 (c) SPECIFIED CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DE-
16 FINED.—In this section, the term “specified congressional
17 committees” means—

18 (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
19 Senate;

20 (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the
21 House of Representatives;

22 (3) the Committee on Armed Services of the
23 Senate; and

24 (4) the Committee on Armed Services of the
25 House of Representatives.

1 **Subtitle B—Additional Matters**

2 **SEC. 131. ATROCITIES PREVENTION BOARD.**

3 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The President is authorized
4 to establish, within the Executive Office of the President,
5 an Interagency Atrocities Prevention Board (referred to
6 in this section as the “Board”).

7 (b) DUTIES.—The Board is authorized—

8 (1) to coordinate an interagency approach to
9 preventing mass atrocities;

10 (2) to propose policies to integrate the early
11 warning systems of national security agencies, in-
12 cluding intelligence agencies, with respect to inci-
13 dents of mass atrocities and to coordinate the policy
14 response to such incidents;

15 (3) to identify relevant Federal agencies, which
16 shall track and report on Federal funding spent on
17 atrocities prevention efforts;

18 (4) to oversee the development and implementa-
19 tion of comprehensive atrocities prevention and re-
20 sponse strategies;

21 (5) to identify available resources and policy op-
22 tions necessary to prevent the emergence or esca-
23 lation of mass atrocities;

24 (6) to identify and propose policies to close gaps
25 in expertise, readiness, and planning for atrocities

1 prevention and early action across Federal agencies,
2 including training for employees at relevant Federal
3 agencies;

4 (7) to engage relevant civil society and non-
5 governmental organization stakeholders in regular
6 consultations to solicit current information on coun-
7 tries of concern; and

8 (8) to conduct an atrocity-specific expert review
9 of policy and programming of all countries at risk
10 for mass atrocities.

11 (c) LEADERSHIP.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Board shall be headed
13 by a Senior Director, who—

14 (A) shall be appointed by the President;
15 and

16 (B) shall report to the Assistant to the
17 President for National Security Affairs.

18 (2) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Senior Director is
19 authorized to have primary responsibility for—

20 (A) recommending and, if adopted, pro-
21 moting United States Government policies on
22 preventing mass atrocities; and

23 (B) carrying out the duties described in
24 subsection (b).

1 (d) COMPOSITION.—The Board shall be composed
2 of—

3 (1) representatives from—

4 (A) the Department of State;

5 (B) the United States Agency for Inter-
6 national Development;

7 (C) the Department of Defense;

8 (D) the Department of Justice;

9 (E) the Department of the Treasury;

10 (F) the Department of Homeland Security;

11 (G) the Central Intelligence Agency;

12 (H) the Office of the Director of National
13 Intelligence;

14 (I) the United States Mission to the
15 United Nations; and

16 (J) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

17 and

18 (2) such other individuals as the President may
19 appoint.

20 (e) COORDINATION.—The Board is authorized to co-
21 ordinate with relevant officials and government agencies
22 responsible for foreign policy with respect to particular re-
23 gions and countries to help provide a cohesive, whole of
24 government response and policy direction to emerging and
25 ongoing atrocities.

1 (f) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date
2 of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit
3 to the appropriate congressional committees a classified
4 report, with an unclassified annex, which shall include—

5 (1) an update on the interagency review man-
6 dated by Presidential Study Directive 10 that in-
7 cludes—

8 (A) an evaluation of current mechanisms
9 and capacities for government-wide detection,
10 early warning, information-sharing, contingency
11 planning, and coordination of efforts to prevent
12 and respond to situations of genocide, mass
13 atrocities, and other mass violence, including
14 such mass gender- and ethnicity-based violence;

15 (B) an assessment of the funding spent by
16 relevant Federal agencies on atrocity prevention
17 activities;

18 (C) current annual global assessments of
19 sources of conflict and instability;

20 (D) recommendations to further strength-
21 en United States capabilities to improve the
22 mechanisms described in subparagraph (A); and

23 (E) evaluations of the various approaches
24 to enhancing capabilities and improving the
25 mechanisms described in subparagraph (A);

1 (2) recommendations to ensure burden sharing
2 by—

9 (B) strengthening regional organizations;
10 and

(g) MATERIALS AND BRIEFINGS.—The Senior Director and the members of the Board shall brief the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives at least annually.

21 SEC. 132. UNITED STATES ENGAGEMENT IN THE INDO-PA-
22 CIFIC.

1 and Ranking Members of the Committee on Foreign Rela-
2 tions of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs
3 of the House of Representatives of the United States en-
4 gagement in the Indo-Pacific, including with partners
5 across the Indo-Pacific region.

6 (b) ELEMENTS.—The assessment submitted under
7 subsection (a) shall include—

8 (1) a review of current and emerging United
9 States diplomatic, national security, and economic
10 interests and trends in the Indo-Pacific region;

11 (2) a review of resources devoted to United
12 States diplomatic, economic, trade, development, and
13 cultural engagement and plans in the Indo-Pacific
14 region during the 10-year period ending on the date
15 of the enactment of this Act;

16 (3) options for the realignment of United States
17 engagement in the Indo-Pacific region to respond to
18 new opportunities and challenges, including linking
19 United States strategy more broadly across the
20 Indo-Pacific region; and

21 (4) the views of noted policy leaders and re-
22 gional experts, including leaders and experts in the
23 Indo-Pacific region, on the opportunities and chal-
24 lenges to United States engagement across the Indo-
25 Pacific region.

1 (c) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary, as appropriate,
2 shall consult with—

3 (1) other United States Government agencies;
4 and

5 (2) independent, nongovernmental organizations
6 with recognized credentials and expertise in foreign
7 policy, national security, and international economic
8 affairs that have access to policy experts throughout
9 the United States and from the Indo-Pacific region.

10 **SEC. 133. JOINT ACTION PLAN TO COMBAT PREJUDICE AND**
11 **DISCRIMINATION AND TO FOSTER INCLU-**
12 **SION.**

13 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to
14 enter into a bilateral joint action plan with the European
15 Union to combat prejudice and discrimination and to fos-
16 ter inclusion (referred to in this section as the “Joint Ac-
17 tion Plan”).

18 (b) CONTENTS OF JOINT ACTION PLAN.—The Joint
19 Action Plan shall—

20 (1) address anti-Semitism;

21 (2) address prejudice against, and the discrimi-
22 natory treatment of, racial, ethnic, and religious mi-
23 norities;

24 (3) promote equality of opportunity for access
25 to quality education and economic opportunities; and

1 (4) promote equal treatment by the justice sys-
2 tem.

3 (c) COOPERATION.—In developing the Joint Action
4 Plan, the Secretary shall—

5 (1) leverage interagency policy expertise in the
6 United States and Europe;

7 (2) develop partnerships among civil society and
8 private sector stakeholders; and

9 (3) draw upon the extensive work done by the
10 Organization for Security and Co-operation in Eu-
11 rope to address anti-Semitism.

12 (d) INITIATIVES.—The Joint Action Plan may in-
13 clude initiatives for promoting equality of opportunity and
14 methods of eliminating prejudice and discrimination based
15 on religion, race, or ethnicity, including—

16 (1) training programs;

17 (2) regional initiatives to promote equality of
18 opportunity through the strengthening of democratic
19 institutions;

20 (3) public-private partnerships with enterprises
21 and nongovernmental organizations;

22 (4) exchanges of technical experts;

23 (5) scholarships and fellowships; and

24 (6) political empowerment and leadership initia-
25 tives.

1 (e) DEPUTY ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—The Secretary
2 shall task an existing Deputy Assistant Secretary with the
3 responsibility for coordinating the implementation of the
4 Joint Action Plan with his or her European Union coun-
5 terpart.

6 (f) LEGAL EFFECTS.—Any Joint Action Plan adopt-
7 ed under this section—

8 (1) shall not be legally binding; and

9 (2) shall create no rights or obligations under
10 international or United States law.

11 (g) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
12 tion may be construed to authorize—

13 (1) the Secretary to enter into a legally binding
14 agreement or Joint Action Plan with the European
15 Union; or

16 (2) any additional appropriations for the pur-
17 poses and initiatives described in this section.

18 (h) PROGRESS REPORT.—Not later than 180 days
19 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
20 shall submit a progress report on the development of the
21 Joint Action Plan to the Committee on Foreign Relations
22 of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
23 the House of Representatives.

1 **SEC. 134. REPORT ON DEVELOPING COUNTRY DEBT SUS-**
2 **TAINABILITY.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
4 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in coordi-
5 nation with the Secretary of Treasury, shall submit a re-
6 port containing an assessment of the current external debt
7 environment for developing countries and identifying par-
8 ticular near-term risks to debt sustainability to—

- 9 (1) the appropriate congressional committees;
10 (2) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
11 Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
12 (3) the Committee on Financial Services of the
13 House of Representatives.

14 (b) CONTENTS.—The report submitted under sub-
15 section (a) shall assess—

- 16 (1) the impact of new lending relationships, in-
17 cluding the role of new creditors;
18 (2) the adequacy of current multilateral surveil-
19 lance mechanisms in guarding against debt distress
20 in developing countries;
21 (3) the ability of developing countries to borrow
22 on global capital markets; and
23 (4) the interaction between debt sustainability
24 objectives of the developing world and the develop-
25 ment-oriented investment agenda of the G-20, in-
26 cluding the impact of—

- 1 (A) current debt sustainability objectives
- 2 on investment in developing countries; and
- 3 (B) investment objectives proposed by the
- 4 G-20 on the ability to meet the goals of—
- 5 (i) the Heavily Indebted Poor Country
- 6 Initiative; and
- 7 (ii) the Multilateral Debt Relief Initia-
- 8 tive.

9 **SEC. 135. UNITED STATES STRATEGY TO PREVENT AND RE-**
 10 **SPOND TO GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE GLOB-**
 11 **ALLY.**

12 (a) GLOBAL STRATEGY REQUIREMENT.—Not later
 13 than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
 14 and biennially thereafter for 6 years, the Secretary of
 15 State shall develop or update a United States global strat-
 16 egy to prevent and respond to violence against women and
 17 girls. The strategy shall be transmitted to the appropriate
 18 congressional committees and made publicly available on
 19 the Internet.

20 (b) INITIAL STRATEGY.—For the purposes of this
 21 section, the “United States Strategy to Prevent and Re-
 22 spond to Gender-Based Violence Globally”, issued in Au-
 23 gust 2012, shall be deemed to fulfill the initial require-
 24 ment of subsection (a).

1 (c) COLLABORATION AND COORDINATION.—In devel-
2 oping the strategy under subsection (a), the Secretary of
3 State shall consult with—

- 4 (1) the heads of relevant Federal agencies;
5 (2) the Senior Policy Operating Group on Traf-
6 ficking in Persons; and
7 (3) representatives of civil society and multilat-
8 eral organizations with demonstrated experience in
9 addressing violence against women and girls or pro-
10 moting gender equality internationally.

11 (d) PRIORITY COUNTRY SELECTION.—To further the
12 objectives of the strategy described in subsection (a), the
13 Secretary shall identify no less than 4 eligible low-income
14 and lower-middle income countries with significant levels
15 of violence against women and girls, including within dis-
16 placed communities, that have the governmental or non-
17 governmental organizational capacity to manage and im-
18 plement gender-based violence prevention and response
19 program activities and should, when possible, be geo-
20 graphically, ethnically, and culturally diverse from one an-
21 other.

22 (e) COUNTRY PLANS.—In each country identified
23 under subsection (d) the Secretary shall develop com-
24 prehensive, multisectoral, and holistic individual country

1 plans designed to address and respond to violence against
2 women and girls that include—

3 (1) an assessment and description of the cur-
4 rent or potential capacity of the government of each
5 identified country and civil society organizations in
6 each such identified country to address and respond
7 to violence against women and girls;

8 (2) an identification of coordination mecha-
9 nisms with Federal agencies that—

10 (A) have existing programs relevant to the
11 strategy;

12 (B) will be involved in new program activi-
13 ties; and

14 (C) are engaged in broader United States
15 strategies around development;

16 (3) a description of the monitoring and evalua-
17 tion mechanisms established for each identified
18 country, and their intended use in assessing overall
19 progress in prevention and response;

20 (4) a projection of the general levels of re-
21 sources needed to achieve the stated objectives in
22 each identified country, including an accounting of—

23 (A) activities and funding already ex-
24 pended by the Department of State, the United
25 States Agency for International Development,

1 other Federal agencies, donor country govern-
2 ments, and multilateral institutions; and

3 (B) leveraged private sector resources; and

4 (5) strategies, as appropriate, designed to ac-
5 commodate the needs of stateless, disabled, inter-
6 nally displaced, refugee, or religious or ethnic minor-
7 ity women and girls.

8 (f) REPORT ON PRIORITY COUNTRY SELECTION AND
9 COUNTRY PLANS.—Not more than 90 days after selection
10 of the priority countries required under subsection (d),
11 and annually thereafter, the Secretary of State shall sub-
12 mit to the appropriate congressional committees a report
13 detailing the priority country selection process, the devel-
14 opment of specific country plans, and include an overview
15 of all programming and specific activities being under-
16 taken, the budget resources requested, and the specific ac-
17 tivities to be supported by each Executive agency under
18 the strategy if such resources are provided.

19 (g) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
20 tion may be construed to authorize any additional appro-
21 priations for the purposes and initiatives of this section.

22 **SEC. 136. INTERNATIONAL CORRUPTION AND ACCOUNT-**
23 **ABILITY.**

24 (a) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than June 1 of each
25 year, the Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator

1 of the United States Agency for International Develop-
2 ment (referred to in this section as the “USAID Adminis-
3 trator”), the Secretary of Defense, and the heads of ap-
4 propriate intelligence agencies, shall submit to the appro-
5 priate congressional committees a Country Report on Cor-
6 ruption Practices, with a classified annex, which shall in-
7 clude information about countries for which a corruption
8 analysis was conducted under subsection (b).

9 (b) CORRUPTION ANALYSIS ELEMENTS.—The cor-
10 ruption analysis conducted under this subsection should
11 include, among other elements—

12 (1) an analysis of individuals and associations
13 that comprise corruption networks in the country,
14 including, as applicable—

15 (A) government officials;

16 (B) private sector actors;

17 (C) criminals; and

18 (D) members of illegal armed groups;

19 (2) the identification of the state functions that
20 have been captured by corrupt networks in the coun-
21 try, including, as applicable functions of—

22 (A) the judicial branch;

23 (B) the taxing authority;

24 (C) the central bank; and

25 (D) specific military or police units;

1 (3) the identification of—

2 (A) the key economic activities, whether
3 licit or illicit, which are dominated by members
4 of the corrupt network; and

5 (B) other revenue streams that enrich such
6 members; and

7 (4) the identification of enablers of corrupt
8 practices, within the country and outside the coun-
9 try.

10 (c) PUBLICATION AND BRIEFINGS.—The Secretary
11 shall—

12 (1) publish the Country Report on Corruption
13 and Accountability submitted under subsection (a)
14 on the website of the Department; and

15 (2) brief the Committee on Foreign Relations of
16 the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
17 the House of Representatives on the information
18 contained in the report published under paragraph
19 (1).

20 **SEC. 137. QUADRENNIAL DIPLOMACY AND DEVELOPMENT**

21 **REVIEW.**

22 (a) REQUIREMENT.—

23 (1) QUADRENNIAL REVIEWS REQUIRED.—

24 Under the direction of the President, the Secretary
25 of State shall every 4 years, during a year following

1 a year evenly divisible by 4, conduct a review of
2 United States diplomacy and development (to be
3 known as a “quadrennial diplomacy and develop-
4 ment review”).

5 (2) SCOPE OF REVIEWS.—Each quadrennial di-
6 plomacy and development review shall be a com-
7 prehensive examination of the national diplomacy
8 and development policy and strategic framework of
9 the United States for the next 4-year period until a
10 subsequent review is due under paragraph (1). The
11 review shall include—

12 (A) recommendations regarding the long-
13 term diplomacy and development policy and
14 strategic framework of the United States;

15 (B) priorities of the United States for di-
16plomacy and development; and

17 (C) guidance on the related programs, as-
18 sets, capabilities, budget, policies, and authori-
19 ties of the Department of State and United
20 States Agency for International Development.

21 (3) CONSULTATION.—In conducting each quad-
22 rennial diplomacy and development review, after con-
23 sultation with Department of State and United
24 States Agency for International Development offi-
25 cials, the Secretary of State should consult with—

1 (A) the heads of other relevant Federal
2 agencies, including the Secretary of Defense,
3 the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of
4 Homeland Security, the Attorney General, the
5 Secretary of Health and Human Services, the
6 Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Com-
7 merce, the Chief Executive Officer of the Mil-
8 lennium Challenge Corporation, and the Direc-
9 tor of National Intelligence;

10 (B) any other Federal agency that provides
11 foreign assistance, including at a minimum the
12 Export-Import Bank of the United States and
13 the Overseas Private Investment Corporation;

14 (C) the Committee on Foreign Relations
15 and the Committee on Appropriations of the
16 Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs
17 and the Committee on Appropriations of the
18 House of Representatives and, as appropriate,
19 other members of Congress; and

20 (D) other relevant governmental and non-
21 governmental entities, including private sector
22 representatives, academics, and other policy ex-
23 perts.

24 (b) CONTENTS OF REVIEW.—Each quadrennial diplo-
25 macy and development review shall—

1 (1) delineate, as appropriate, the national diplo-
2 macy and development policy and strategic frame-
3 work of the United States, consistent with appro-
4 priate national, Department of State, and United
5 States Agency for International Development strate-
6 gies, strategic plans, and relevant presidential direc-
7 tives, including the national security strategy pre-
8 scribed pursuant to section 108 of the National Se-
9 curity Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 404a);

10 (2) outline and prioritize the full range of crit-
11 ical national diplomacy and development areas, capa-
12 bilities, and resources, including those implemented
13 across agencies, and address the full range of chal-
14 lenges confronting the United States in this regard;

15 (3) describe the interagency cooperation, and
16 preparedness of relevant Federal assets, and the in-
17 frastructure, budget plan, and other elements of the
18 diplomacy and development policies and programs of
19 the United States required to execute successfully
20 the full range of mission priorities outlined under
21 paragraph (2);

22 (4) describe the roles of international organiza-
23 tions and multilateral institutions in advancing
24 United States diplomatic and development objec-
25 tives, including the mechanisms for coordinating and

1 harmonizing development policies and programs with
2 partner countries and among donors;

3 (5) identify the budget plan required to provide
4 sufficient resources to successfully execute the full
5 range of mission priorities outlined under paragraph
6 (2);

7 (6) include an assessment of the organizational
8 alignment of the Department of State and the
9 United States Agency for International Development
10 with the national diplomacy and development policy
11 and strategic framework referred to in paragraph
12 (1) and the diplomacy and development mission pri-
13 orities outlined under paragraph (2);

14 (7) review and assess the effectiveness of the
15 management mechanisms of the Department of
16 State and the United States Agency for Inter-
17 national Development for executing the strategic pri-
18 orities outlined in the quadrennial diplomacy and de-
19 velopment review, including the extent to which such
20 effectiveness has been enhanced since the previous
21 report; and

22 (8) the relationship between the requirements of
23 the quadrennial diplomacy and development review
24 and the acquisition strategy and expenditure plan

1 within the Department of State and the United
2 States Agency for International Development.

3 (c) FOREIGN AFFAIRS POLICY BOARD REVIEW.—
4 The Secretary of State should apprise the Foreign Affairs
5 Policy Board on an ongoing basis of the work undertaken
6 in the conduct of the quadrennial diplomacy and develop-
7 ment review.

8 (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
9 tion may be construed to authorize any additional appro-
10 priations for the purposes and initiatives under this sec-
11 tion.

12 **SEC. 138. DISAPPEARED PERSONS IN MEXICO, GUATEMALA,**
13 **HONDURAS, AND EL SALVADOR.**

14 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
15 ings:

16 (1) The United States—

17 (A) values governance, security, and the
18 rule of law in Mexico and Central America; and

19 (B) has reemphasized its commitment to
20 this region following the humanitarian crisis of
21 unaccompanied children from these countries
22 across the international border between the
23 United States and Mexico in 2014.

24 (2) Individuals migrating from Central America
25 to the United States face great peril during their

1 journey. Many go missing along the way and are
2 often never heard from again.

3 (b) REPORT OF DISAPPEARED PERSONS.—Not later
4 than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,
5 and annually thereafter, the Secretary, in close consulta-
6 tion with the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement
7 Agency, the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Director
8 of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the heads of
9 other relevant Federal agencies, shall submit a report to
10 the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and
11 the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Rep-
12 resentatives that includes—

13 (1) the number of cases of enforced disappear-
14 ances in Mexico, Guatemala, Honduras, and El Sal-
15 vador;

16 (2) an assessment of causes for the disappear-
17 ances described in paragraph (1);

18 (3) the primary individuals and groups respon-
19 sible for such disappearances; and

20 (4) the official government response in those
21 countries to account for such disappeared persons.

1 **SEC. 139. REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION BY THE GOVERN-**
2 **MENT OF BAHRAIN OF RECOMMENDATIONS**
3 **FROM THE BAHRAIN INDEPENDENT COMMIS-**
4 **SION OF INQUIRY.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the
6 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall sub-
7 mit an unclassified report to the appropriate congressional
8 committees that describes the implementation by the Gov-
9 ernment of Bahrain of the recommendations contained in
10 the 2011 Report of the Bahrain Independent Commission
11 of Inquiry (referred to in this section as the “Bahrain Re-
12 port”).

13 (b) CONTENT.—The report required under subsection
14 (a) shall include—

15 (1) a description of the specific steps taken by
16 the Government of Bahrain to implement each of the
17 26 recommendations contained in the Bahrain Re-
18 port;

19 (2) an assessment of whether the Government
20 of Bahrain has “fully complied with”, “partially im-
21 plemented”, or “not meaningfully implemented”
22 each recommendation referred to in paragraph (1);
23 and

24 (3) an assessment of the impact of the findings
25 in the Bahrain Report for the United States security

1 posture in the Arab Gulf and the area of responsi-
 2 bility of the United States Central Command.

3 **SEC. 140. REPORT ON UNITED STATES HUMANITARIAN AS-**
 4 **SISTANCE TO HAITI AND WHETHER RECENT**
 5 **ELECTIONS IN HAITI MEET INTERNATIONAL**
 6 **ELECTION STANDARDS.**

7 (a) REAUTHORIZATION.—Section 5(a) of the Assess-
 8 ing Progress in Haiti Act of 2014 (22 U.S.C. 2151 note)
 9 is amended by striking “December 31, 2017” and insert-
 10 ing “December 31, 2022”.

11 (b) REPORT.—Section 5(b) of the Assessing Progress
 12 in Haiti Act of 2014 (22 U.S.C. 2151 note) is amended—

13 (1) in paragraph (12), by striking “and” at the
 14 end;

15 (2) in paragraph (13), by striking the period at
 16 the end and inserting a semicolon; and

17 (3) by adding at the end the following:

18 “(14) a determination of whether recent Hai-
 19 tian elections are free, fair and responsive to the
 20 people of Haiti; and

21 “(15) a description of any attempts to dis-
 22 qualify candidates for political officers in Haiti for
 23 political reasons.”.

1 **SEC. 141. SENSE OF CONGRESS WITH RESPECT TO THE IM-**
2 **POSITION OF ADDITIONAL SANCTIONS**
3 **AGAINST THE DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S RE-**
4 **PUBLIC OF KOREA.**

5 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
6 ings:

7 (1) The Democratic People's Republic of Korea
8 (in this section referred to as the "DPRK") tested
9 nuclear weapons on 3 separate occasions, in October
10 2006, in May 2009, and in February 2013.

11 (2) Nuclear experts have reported that the
12 DPRK may currently have as many as 20 nuclear
13 warheads and has the potential to possess as many
14 as 100 warheads within the next 5 years.

15 (3) According to the 2014 Department of De-
16 fense report, "Military and Security Developments
17 Involving the Democratic People's Republic of
18 Korea" (in this subsection referred to as the "2014
19 DoD report"), the DPRK has proliferated nuclear
20 technology to Libya via the proliferation network of
21 Pakistani scientist A.Q. Khan.

22 (4) According to the 2014 DoD report, "North
23 Korea also provided Syria with nuclear reactor tech-
24 nology until 2007.".

1 (5) On September 6, 2007, as part of “Oper-
2 ation Orchard”, the Israeli Air Force destroyed the
3 suspected nuclear facility in Syria.

4 (6) According to the 2014 DoD report, “North
5 Korea has exported conventional and ballistic mis-
6 sile-related equipment, components, materials, and
7 technical assistance to countries in Africa, Asia, and
8 the Middle East.”.

9 (7) On November 29, 1987, DPRK agents
10 planted explosive devices onboard Korean Air flight
11 858, which killed all 115 passengers and crew on
12 board.

13 (8) On March 26, 2010, the DPRK fired upon
14 and sank the South Korean warship Cheonan, killing
15 46 of her crew.

16 (9) On November 23, 2010, the DPRK shelled
17 South Korea’s Yeonpyeong Island, killing 4 South
18 Korean citizens.

19 (10) On February 7, 2014, the United Nations
20 Commission of Inquiry on human rights in DPRK
21 (in this subsection referred to as the “Commission
22 of Inquiry”) released a report detailing the atrocious
23 human rights record of the DPRK.

24 (11) Dr. Michael Kirby, Chair of the Commis-
25 sion of Inquiry, stated on March 17, 2014, “The

1 Commission of Inquiry has found systematic, wide-
 2 spread, and grave human rights violations occurring
 3 in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. It has
 4 also found a disturbing array of crimes against hu-
 5 manity. These crimes are committed against inmates
 6 of political and other prison camps; against starving
 7 populations; against religious believers; against per-
 8 sons who try to flee the country—including those
 9 forcibly repatriated by China.”.

10 (12) Dr. Michael Kirby also stated, “These
 11 crimes arise from policies established at the highest
 12 level of the State. They have been committed, and
 13 continue to take place in the Democratic People's
 14 Republic of Korea, because the policies, institutions,
 15 and patterns of impunity that lie at their heart re-
 16 main in place. The gravity, scale, duration, and na-
 17 ture of the unspeakable atrocities committed in the
 18 country reveal a totalitarian State that does not
 19 have any parallel in the contemporary world.”.

20 (13) The Commission of Inquiry also notes,
 21 “Since 1950, the Democratic People's Republic of
 22 Korea has engaged in the systematic abduction, de-
 23 nial of repatriation, and subsequent enforced dis-
 24 appearance of persons from other countries on a
 25 large scale and as a matter of State policy. Well over

1 200,000 persons, including children, who were
2 brought from other countries to the Democratic Peo-
3 ple's Republic of Korea may have become victims of
4 enforced disappearance," and states that the DPRK
5 has failed to account or address this injustice in any
6 way.

7 (14) According to reports and analysis from or-
8 ganizations such as the International Network for
9 the Human Rights of North Korean Overseas Labor,
10 the Korea Policy Research Center, NK Watch, the
11 Asian Institute for Policy Studies, the Center for
12 International and Strategic Studies, and the George
13 W. Bush Institute, there may currently be as many
14 as 100,000 North Korean overseas laborers in var-
15 ious nations around the world.

16 (15) Such forced North Korean laborers are
17 often subjected to harsh working conditions under
18 the direct supervision of DPRK officials, and their
19 salaries contribute to anywhere from \$150,000,000
20 to \$230,000,000 a year to the DPRK state coffers.

21 (16) According to the Director of National
22 Intelligence's 2015 Worldwide Threat Assessment,
23 "North Korea's nuclear weapons and missile pro-
24 grams pose a serious threat to the United States
25 and to the security environment in East Asia."

1 (17) The Worldwide Threat Assessment states,
2 “North Korea has also expanded the size and so-
3 phistication of its ballistic missile forces, ranging
4 from close-range ballistic missiles to ICBMs, while
5 continuing to conduct test launches. In 2014, North
6 Korea launched an unprecedented number of bal-
7 listic missiles.”.

8 (18) On December 19, 2015, the Federal Bu-
9 reau of Investigation declared that the DPRK was
10 responsible for a cyberattack on Sony Pictures con-
11 ducted on November 24, 2014.

12 (19) From 1988 to 2008, the DPRK was des-
13 ignated by the United States Government as a state
14 sponsor of terrorism.

15 (20) The DPRK is currently in violation of
16 United Nations Security Council Resolutions 1695
17 (2006), 1718 (2006), 1874 (2009), 2087 (2013),
18 and 2094 (2013).

19 (21) The DPRK repeatedly violated agreements
20 with the United States and the other so-called Six-
21 Party Talks partners (the Republic of Korea, Japan,
22 the Russian Federation, and the People’s Republic
23 of China) designed to halt its nuclear weapons pro-
24 gram, while receiving significant concessions, includ-
25 ing fuel, oil, and food aid.

1 (22) The Six-Party Talks have not been held
2 since December 2008.

3 (23) On May 9, 2015, the DPRK claimed that
4 it has test-fired a ballistic missile from a submarine.

5 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
6 gress that—

7 (1) the DPRK represents a serious threat to
8 the national security of the United States and
9 United States allies in East Asia and to inter-
10 national peace and stability, and grossly violates the
11 human rights of its own people;

12 (2) the Secretary of State and the Secretary of
13 the Treasury should impose additional sanctions
14 against the DPRK, including targeting its financial
15 assets around the world, specific designations relat-
16 ing to human rights abuses, and a redesignation of
17 the DPRK as a state sponsor of terror; and

18 (3) the President should not resume the nego-
19 tiations with the DPRK, either bilaterally or as part
20 of the Six-Party Talks, without strict preconditions,
21 including that the DPRK—

22 (A) adhere to its denuclearization commit-
23 ments outlined in the 2005 Joint Statement of
24 the Six-Party Talks;

- 1 (B) commit to halting its ballistic missile
- 2 programs and its proliferation activities;
- 3 (C) cease military provocations; and
- 4 (D) measurably and significantly improve
- 5 its human rights record.

6 **TITLE II—ORGANIZATION AND**
 7 **PERSONNEL OF THE DEPART-**
 8 **MENT OF STATE**

9 **Subtitle A—Organizational Matters**

10 **SEC. 201. RIGHTSIZING ACCOUNTABILITY.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after re-
 12 ceiving rightsizing recommendations pursuant to a review
 13 conducted by the Office of Management, Policy,
 14 Rightsizing, and Innovation relating to overseas staffing
 15 levels at United States overseas posts, the relevant chief
 16 of mission, in coordination with the relevant regional bu-
 17 reau, shall submit a response to the Office of Manage-
 18 ment, Policy, Rightsizing, and Innovation that describes—

- 19 (1) any rightsizing recommendations that are
- 20 accepted by such chief of mission and regional bu-
- 21 reau;
- 22 (2) a detailed schedule for implementation of
- 23 any such recommendations;
- 24 (3) any recommendations that are rejected; and

1 (4) a detailed justification providing the basis
2 for the rejection of any such recommendations.

3 (b) ANNUAL REPORT.—On the date on which the
4 President’s annual budget request is submitted to Con-
5 gress, the Secretary shall submit an annual report to the
6 appropriate congressional committees that describes the
7 status of all rightsizing recommendations and responses
8 described in subsection (a) from the preceding 5 years,
9 including—

10 (1) a list of all such rightsizing recommenda-
11 tions made, including whether each such rec-
12 ommendation was accepted or rejected by the rel-
13 evant chief of mission and regional bureau;

14 (2) for each accepted recommendation, a de-
15 tailed description of the current status of its imple-
16 mentation according to the schedule provided pursu-
17 ant to subsection (a)(2), including an explanation
18 for any departure from, or changes to, such sched-
19 ule; and

20 (3) for any rejected recommendations, the jus-
21 tification provided pursuant to subsection (a)(4).

22 (c) REPORT ON REGIONAL BUREAU STAFFING.—In
23 conjunction with each report required under subsection
24 (b), the Secretary shall submit a supplemental report to
25 the appropriate congressional committees that includes—

- 1 (1) an enumeration of the domestic staff posi-
- 2 tions in each regional bureau of the Department;
- 3 (2) a detailed explanation of the extent to which
- 4 the staffing of each regional bureau reflects the
- 5 overseas requirements of the United States within
- 6 each such region;
- 7 (3) a detailed plan, including an implementa-
- 8 tion schedule, for how the Department will seek to
- 9 rectify any significant imbalances in staffing among
- 10 regional bureaus or between any regional bureau and
- 11 the overseas requirements of the United States with-
- 12 in such region if the Secretary determines that such
- 13 staffing does not reflect—
- 14 (A) the foreign policy priorities of the
- 15 United States; or
- 16 (B) the effective conduct of the foreign af-
- 17 fairs of the United States; and
- 18 (4) a detailed description of the implementation
- 19 status of any plan provided pursuant to paragraph
- 20 (3), including an explanation for any departure
- 21 from, or changes to, the implementation schedule
- 22 provided with such plan.

1 **SEC. 202. INTEGRATION OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC POLICY.**

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in conjunction
3 with the Under Secretary of Economic Growth, Energy,
4 and the Environment, shall establish—

5 (1) foreign economic policy priorities for each
6 regional bureau, including for individual countries,
7 as appropriate; and

8 (2) policies and guidance for integrating such
9 foreign economic policy priorities throughout the De-
10 partment.

11 (b) DEPUTY ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—Within each
12 regional bureau of the Department, the Secretary shall
13 task an existing Deputy Assistant Secretary with appro-
14 priate training and background in economic and commer-
15 cial affairs with the responsibility for economic matters
16 and interests within the responsibilities of such regional
17 bureau, including the integration of the foreign economic
18 policy priorities established pursuant to subsection (a).

19 (c) COORDINATION.—The Deputy Assistant Sec-
20 retary given the responsibility for economic matters and
21 interests pursuant to subsection (b) within each bureau
22 shall—

23 (1) at the direction of the relevant Assistant
24 Secretary, review and report to the Assistant Sec-
25 retary of such bureau on all economic matters and
26 interests; and

1 (2) serve as liaison with the Office of the Under
2 Secretary for Economic Growth, Energy, and the
3 Environment.

4 **SEC. 203. REVIEW OF BUREAU OF AFRICAN AFFAIRS AND**
5 **BUREAU OF NEAR EASTERN AFFAIRS JURIS-**
6 **DICTIONS.**

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
8 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall—

9 (1) conduct a review of the jurisdictional re-
10 sponsibility of the Bureau of African Affairs and
11 that of the Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs relating
12 to the North African countries of Morocco, Algeria,
13 Tunisia, and Libya; and

14 (2) submit a report to the appropriate congress-
15 sional committees that includes—

16 (A) the findings of the review conducted
17 under paragraph (1); and

18 (B) recommendations on whether jurisdic-
19 tional responsibility among the bureaus referred
20 to in paragraph (1) should be adjusted.

21 (b) REVIEW.—The review conducted under sub-
22 section (a)(1) shall—

23 (1) identify regional strategic priorities;

24 (2) assess regional dynamics between the North
25 Africa and Sub-Saharan Africa regions, including

1 the degree to which the priorities identified pursuant
2 to paragraph (1)—
3 (A) are distinct between each such region;
4 or
5 (B) have similar application across such
6 regions;
7 (3) identify current priorities and effectiveness
8 of United States Government regional engagement
9 in North Africa and Sub-Saharan Africa, including
10 through security assistance, economic assistance, hu-
11 manitarian assistance, and trade;
12 (4) assess the degree to which such engagement
13 is—
14 (A) inefficient, duplicative, or uncoordi-
15 nated between the North Africa and Sub-Saha-
16 ran Africa regions; or
17 (B) otherwise harmed or limited as a re-
18 sult of the current division of jurisdictional re-
19 sponsibilities;
20 (5) assess the overall coherence and effective-
21 ness of the current division of jurisdictional respon-
22 sibilities in Africa between the Bureau of African
23 Affairs and the Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs, in-
24 cluding with regard to coordination with other
25 United States departments or agencies; and

1 (6) assess any opportunities and costs of trans-
2 ferring jurisdictional responsibility of Morocco, Alge-
3 ria, Tunisia and Libya from the Bureau of Near
4 Eastern Affairs to the Bureau of African Affairs.

5 **SEC. 204. SPECIAL ENVOYS, REPRESENTATIVES, ADVISORS,**
6 **AND COORDINATORS.**

7 Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
8 ment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit a report to
9 the appropriate congressional committees on special en-
10 voys, representatives, advisors, and coordinators of the
11 Department, which shall include—

12 (1) a tabulation of the current names, ranks,
13 positions, and responsibilities of all special envoy,
14 representative, advisor, and coordinator positions at
15 the Department, with a separate accounting of all
16 such positions at the level of Assistant Secretary (or
17 equivalent) or above; and

18 (2) for each position identified pursuant to
19 paragraph (1)—

20 (A) the date on which the position was cre-
21 ated;

22 (B) the mechanism by which the position
23 was created, including the authority under
24 which the position was created;

1 (C) the positions authorized under section
2 1(d) of the State Department Basic Authorities
3 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(d));

4 (D) a description of whether, and the ex-
5 tent to which, the responsibilities assigned to
6 the position duplicate the responsibilities of
7 other current officials within the Department,
8 including other special envoys, representatives,
9 and advisors;

10 (E) which current official within the De-
11 partment would be assigned the responsibilities
12 of the position in the absence of the position;

13 (F) to which current official within the De-
14 partment the position directly reports;

15 (G) the total number of staff assigned to
16 support the position; and

17 (II) with the exception of those created by
18 statute, a detailed explanation of the necessity
19 of the position to the effective conduct of the
20 foreign affairs of the United States.

1 **SEC. 205. CONFLICT PREVENTION, MITIGATION AND RESO-**
 2 **LUTION, AND THE INCLUSION AND PARTICI-**
 3 **PATION OF WOMEN.**

4 Section 704 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22
 5 U.S.C. 4024) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
 6 lowing:

7 “(c) The Secretary, in conjunction with the Adminis-
 8 trator of the United States Agency for International De-
 9 velopment, shall ensure that all appropriate personnel, re-
 10 sponsible for, or deploying to, countries or regions consid-
 11 ered to be at risk of, undergoing, or emerging from violent
 12 conflict, including special envoys, members of mediation
 13 or negotiation teams, relevant members of the civil service
 14 or foreign service, and contractors, obtain training, as ap-
 15 propriate, in the following areas, each of which shall in-
 16 clude a focus on women and ensuring women’s meaningful
 17 inclusion and participation:

18 “(1) Conflict prevention, mitigation, and resolu-
 19 tion.

20 “(2) Protecting civilians from violence, exploi-
 21 tation, and trafficking in persons.

22 “(3) International human rights law and inter-
 23 national humanitarian law.”.

24 **SEC. 206. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM SECURITY.**

25 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall regularly con-
 26 sult with the Director of the National Security Agency and

1 any other departments or agencies the Secretary deter-
2 mines to be appropriate regarding the security of United
3 States Government and nongovernment information tech-
4 nology systems and networks owned, operated, managed,
5 or utilized by the Department, including any such systems
6 or networks facilitating the use of sensitive or classified
7 information.

8 (b) CONSULTATION.—In performing the consulta-
9 tions required under subsection (a), the Secretary shall
10 make all such systems and networks available to the Di-
11 rector of the National Security Agency and any other such
12 departments or agencies to carry out such tests and proce-
13 dures as are necessary to ensure adequate policies and
14 protections are in place to prevent penetrations or com-
15 promises of such systems and networks, including by mali-
16 cious intrusions by any unauthorized individual or state
17 actor or other entity.

18 (c) SECURITY BREACH REPORTING.—Not later than
19 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and
20 every 180 days thereafter, the Secretary, in consultation
21 with the Director of the National Security Agency and any
22 other departments or agencies the Secretary determines
23 to be appropriate, shall submit a report to the appropriate
24 congressional committees and to the Select Committee on
25 Intelligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Com-

1 mittee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives
2 that describes in detail—

3 (1) all known or suspected penetrations or com-
4 promises of the systems or networks described in
5 subsection (a) facilitating the use of classified infor-
6 mation; and

7 (2) all known or suspected significant penetra-
8 tions or compromises of any other such systems and
9 networks that occurred since the submission of the
10 prior report.

11 (d) CONTENT.—Each report submitted under sub-
12 section (c) shall include—

13 (1) a description of the relevant information
14 technology system or network penetrated or com-
15 promised;

16 (2) an assessment of the date and time such
17 penetration or compromise occurred;

18 (3) an assessment of the duration for which
19 such system or network was penetrated or com-
20 promised, including whether such penetration or
21 compromise is ongoing;

22 (4) an assessment of the amount and sensitivity
23 of information accessed and available to have been
24 accessed by such penetration or compromise, includ-
25 ing any such information contained on systems and

1 networks owned, operated, managed, or utilized by
2 any other department or agency of the United States
3 Government;

4 (5) an assessment of whether such system or
5 network was penetrated by a malicious intrusion, in-
6 cluding an assessment of—

7 (A) the known or suspected perpetrators,
8 including state actors; and

9 (B) the methods used to conduct such pen-
10 etration or compromise; and

11 (6) a description of the actions the Department
12 has taken, or plans to take, to prevent future, simi-
13 lar penetrations or compromises of such systems and
14 networks.

15 **SEC. 207. ANALYSIS OF EMBASSY COST SHARING.**

16 Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
17 ment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United
18 States shall submit a report to the appropriate congres-
19 sional committees and to the Select Committee on Intel-
20 ligence of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee
21 on Intelligence of the House of Representatives that as-
22 sesses the cost-effectiveness and performance of the Inter-
23 national Cooperative Administrative Support Services sys-
24 tem (referred to in this section as the “ICASS system”),
25 including by assessing—

- 1 (1) the general performance of the ICASS sys-
2 tem in providing cost-effective, timely, efficient, ap-
3 propriate, and reliable services that meet the needs
4 of all departments and agencies served;
- 5 (2) the extent to which additional cost savings
6 and greater performance can be achieved under the
7 current ICASS system and rules;
- 8 (3) the standards applied in the selection of the
9 ICASS provider and the extent to which such stand-
10 ards are consistently applied; and
- 11 (4) potential reforms to the ICASS system, in-
12 cluding—
 - 13 (A) the selection of more than 1 service
14 provider under certain circumstances;
 - 15 (B) options for all departments or agencies
16 to opt out of ICASS entirely or to opt out of
17 individual services, including by debundling
18 service packages;
 - 19 (C) increasing the reliance on locally em-
20 ployed staff or outsourcing to local firms, as ap-
21 propriate; and
 - 22 (D) other modifications to the current
23 ICASS system and rules that would incentivize
24 greater effectiveness and cost efficiency.

1 **SEC. 208. PARENT ADVISORY COMMITTEE TO THE INTER-**
 2 **AGENCY WORKING GROUP TO PREVENT**
 3 **INTERNATIONAL PARENTAL CHILD ABDUC-**
 4 **TION.**

5 Section 433(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
 6 (6 U.S.C. 241(b)) is amended to read as follows:

7 “(b) INTERAGENCY COORDINATION.—

8 “(1) INTERAGENCY WORKING GROUP.—The
 9 Secretary of State shall convene and chair an inter-
 10 agency working group to prevent international pa-
 11 rental child abduction, which shall be composed of
 12 presidentially appointed, Senate confirmed, officials
 13 from—

14 “(A) the Department of State;

15 “(B) the Department of Homeland Secu-
 16 rity, including U.S. Customs and Border Pro-
 17 tection and U.S. Immigration and Customs En-
 18 forcement; and

19 “(C) the Department of Justice, including
 20 the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

21 “(2) ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—The Secretary of
 22 State shall convene an advisory committee to the
 23 interagency working group established pursuant to
 24 paragraph (1), for the duration of the working
 25 group’s existence, which shall be composed of not

1 less than 3 left-behind parents, serving for 2-year
 2 terms, who—

3 “(A) shall be selected by the Secretary;
 4 and

5 “(B) shall periodically consult with the
 6 interagency working group on all activities of
 7 the interagency working group, as appro-
 8 priate.”.

9 **SEC. 209. IMPROVING RESEARCH AND EVALUATION OF**
 10 **PUBLIC DIPLOMACY.**

11 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall—

12 (1) conduct regular research and evaluation of
 13 public diplomacy programs and activities of the De-
 14 partment, including through the routine use of audi-
 15 ence research, digital analytics, and impact evalua-
 16 tions, to plan and execute such programs and activi-
 17 ties; and

18 (2) make the findings of the research and eval-
 19 uations conducted under paragraph (1) available to
 20 Congress.

21 (b) DIRECTOR OF RESEARCH AND EVALUATION.—

22 (1) APPOINTMENT.—Not later than 90 days
 23 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
 24 retary shall appoint a Director of Research and
 25 Evaluation in the Office of Policy, Planning, and

1 Resources for the Under Secretary for Public Diplo-
2 macy and Public Affairs.

3 (2) LIMITATION ON APPOINTMENT.—The ap-
4 pointment of a Director of Research and Evaluation
5 pursuant to paragraph (1) shall not result in an in-
6 crease in the overall full-time equivalent positions
7 within the Department.

8 (3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Director of Re-
9 search and Evaluation shall—

10 (A) coordinate and oversee the research
11 and evaluation of public diplomacy programs of
12 the Department—

13 (i) to improve public diplomacy strate-
14 gies and tactics; and

15 (ii) to ensure that programs are in-
16 creasing the knowledge, understanding,
17 and trust of the United States by relevant
18 target audiences;

19 (B) report to the Director of Policy and
20 Planning;

21 (C) routinely organize and oversee audi-
22 ence research, digital analytics and impact eval-
23 uations across all public diplomacy bureaus and
24 offices of the Department;

1 (D) support embassy public affairs sec-
2 tions;

3 (E) share appropriate public diplomacy re-
4 search and evaluation information within the
5 Department and with other Federal depart-
6 ments and agencies;

7 (F) regularly design and coordinate stand-
8 ardized research questions, methodologies, and
9 procedures to ensure that public diplomacy ac-
10 tivities across all public diplomacy bureaus and
11 offices are designed to meet appropriate foreign
12 policy objectives; and

13 (G) report quarterly to the United States
14 Advisory Commission on Public Diplomacy,
15 through the Commission's Subcommittee on Re-
16 search and Evaluation established pursuant to
17 subsection (e), regarding the research and eval-
18 uation of all public diplomacy bureaus and of-
19 fices of the Department.

20 (4) GUIDANCE AND TRAINING.—Not later than
21 180 days after his or her appointment pursuant to
22 paragraph (1), the Director of Research and Evalua-
23 tion shall create guidance and training for all public
24 diplomacy officers regarding the reading and inter-
25 pretation of public diplomacy program evaluation

1 findings to ensure that such findings and lessons
2 learned are implemented in the planning and evalua-
3 tion of all public diplomacy programs and activities
4 throughout the Department.

5 (c) PRIORITIZING RESEARCH AND EVALUATION.—

6 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of Policy,
7 Planning, and Resources shall ensure that research
8 and evaluation, as coordinated and overseen by the
9 Director of Research and Evaluation, supports stra-
10 tegic planning and resource allocation across all pub-
11 lic diplomacy bureaus and offices of the Department.

12 (2) ALLOCATION OF RESOURCES.—Amounts al-
13 located for the purposes of research and evaluation
14 of public diplomacy programs and activities pursu-
15 ant to subsection (a) shall be made available to be
16 disbursed at the direction of the Director of Re-
17 search and Evaluation among the research and eval-
18 uation staff across all public diplomacy bureaus and
19 offices of the Department.

20 (3) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of
21 Congress that the Department should allocate, for
22 the purposes of research and evaluation of public di-
23 plomacy activities and programs pursuant to sub-
24 section (a)—

1 (A) 3 to 5 percent of program funds made
 2 available under the heading “EDUCATIONAL
 3 AND CULTURAL EXCHANGE PROGRAMS”; and

4 (B) 3 to 5 percent of program funds allo-
 5 cated for public diplomacy programs under the
 6 heading “DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PRO-
 7 GRAMS”.

8 (d) LIMITED EXEMPTION.—The Paperwork Reduc-
 9 tion Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) shall not apply
 10 to collections of information directed at foreign individuals
 11 conducted by, or on behalf of, the Department for the pur-
 12 pose of audience research and impact evaluations, in ac-
 13 cordance with the requirements under this section and in
 14 connection with the Department’s activities conducted
 15 pursuant to the United States Information and Edu-
 16 cational Exchange Act (22 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) or the
 17 Mutual Educational and Cultural Exchange Act of 1961
 18 (22 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.).

19 (e) ADVISORY COMMISSION ON PUBLIC DIPLO-
 20 MACY.—

21 (1) SUBCOMMITTEE FOR RESEARCH AND EVAL-
 22 UATION.—The Advisory Commission on Public Di-
 23 plomacy shall establish a Subcommittee for Research
 24 and Evaluation to monitor and advise on the re-

1 search and evaluation activities of the Department
2 and the Broadcasting Board of Governors.

3 (2) REPORT.—The Subcommittee for Research
4 and Evaluation established pursuant to paragraph
5 (1) shall submit an annual report to Congress in
6 conjunction with the Commission on Public Diplo-
7 macy’s Comprehensive Annual Report on the per-
8 formance of the Department and the Broadcasting
9 Board of Governors in carrying out research and
10 evaluations of their respective public diplomacy pro-
11 gramming.

12 (3) REAUTHORIZATION.—Section 1334 of the
13 Foreign Affairs Reform and Restructuring Act of
14 1998 (22 U.S.C. 6553) is amended by striking “Oc-
15 tober 1, 2015” and inserting “October 1, 2020”.

16 (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

17 (1) AUDIENCE RESEARCH.—The term “audi-
18 ence research” means research conducted at the out-
19 set of public diplomacy program or campaign plan-
20 ning and design on specific audience segments to un-
21 derstand the attitudes, interests, knowledge and be-
22 haviors of such audience segments.

23 (2) DIGITAL ANALYTICS.—The term “digital
24 analytics” means the analysis of qualitative and
25 quantitative data, accumulated in digital format, to

1 indicate the outputs and outcomes of a public diplo-
2 macy program or campaign.

3 (3) IMPACT EVALUATION.—The term “impact
4 evaluation” means an assessment of the changes in
5 the audience targeted by a public diplomacy program
6 or campaign that can be attributed to such program
7 or campaign.

8 **SEC. 210. ENHANCED INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY OF THE**
9 **BUREAU OF AFRICAN AFFAIRS.**

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall strengthen
11 the institutional capacity of the Bureau of African Affairs
12 to oversee programs and engage in strategic planning and
13 crisis management by—

14 (1) establishing an office within the Bureau of
15 African Affairs that is separate and distinct from
16 the regional affairs office specifically charged with
17 overseeing strategy development and program imple-
18 mentation related to security assistance;

19 (2) planning to facilitate the long-term planning
20 process; and

21 (3) developing a concrete plan to rightsize the
22 Bureau of African Affairs not later than 180 days
23 after the date enactment of this Act.

24 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date
25 of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit

1 a report to the appropriate congressional committees that
 2 describes the actions that have been taken to carry out
 3 subsection (a).

4 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Nothing
 5 in this section may be construed to authorize the appro-
 6 priation of additional amounts to carry out this section,
 7 and the Secretary shall use existing resources to carry out
 8 the provisions of this section.

9 **Subtitle B—Personnel Matters**

10 **SEC. 211. REVIEW OF FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICER COM-** 11 **PENSATION.**

12 (a) INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after
 14 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
 15 shall commission an independent assessment of For-
 16 eign Service Officer compensation to ensure that
 17 such compensation is achieving its purposes and the
 18 goals of the Department, including to recruit, retain,
 19 and maintain the world's premier diplomatic corps.

20 (2) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after
 21 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
 22 shall submit a report to the appropriate congres-
 23 sional committees that includes—

1 (A) the results of the independent assess-
2 ment commissioned pursuant to paragraph (1);
3 and

4 (B) the views of the Secretary regarding
5 Foreign Service Officer compensation.

6 (b) CONTENT.—The report required under subsection
7 (a) shall include—

8 (1) a list of all compensation received by For-
9 eign Service Officers assigned domestically or over-
10 seas, including base salary and any other benefits,
11 allowances, differentials, or other financial incen-
12 tives;

13 (2) for each form of compensation described in
14 paragraph (1)—

15 (A) an explanation of its stated purpose;

16 (B) a description of all relevant authori-
17 ties, including statutory authority; and

18 (C) an assessment of the degree to which
19 its historical and current use matches its stated
20 purpose; and

21 (3) an assessment of the effectiveness of each
22 form of compensation described in paragraph (1)
23 in—

24 (A) achieving its stated purpose;

1 (B) achieving the recruiting and retention
 2 goals of the Department; and
 3 (C) achieving the assignment placement
 4 needs of the Department.

5 **SEC. 212. REPEAL OF RECERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT**
 6 **FOR SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE.**

7 Section 305 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22
 8 U.S.C. 3945) is amended by striking subsection (d).

9 **SEC. 213. COMPENSATORY TIME OFF FOR TRAVEL.**

10 Section 5550b of title 5, United States Code, is
 11 amended by adding at the end the following:

12 “(e) The maximum amount of compensatory time off
 13 that may be earned under this section may not exceed 104
 14 hours during any leave year (as defined in section
 15 630.201(b) of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations).”.

16 **SEC. 214. CERTIFICATES OF DEMONSTRATED COM-**
 17 **PETENCE.**

18 Not later than 7 days after submitting the report re-
 19 quired under section 304(a)(4) of the Foreign Service Act
 20 of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3944(a)(4)) to the Committee on For-
 21 eign Relations of the Senate, the President shall make the
 22 report available to the public, including by posting the on
 23 the website of the Department in a conspicuous manner
 24 and location.

1 **SEC. 215. FOREIGN SERVICE ASSIGNMENT RESTRICTIONS.**

2 (a) **APPEAL OF ASSIGNMENT RESTRICTION.**—The
3 Secretary shall establish a right and process for employees
4 to appeal any assignment restriction or preclusion.

5 (b) **CERTIFICATION.**—Upon full implementation of a
6 right and process for employees to appeal an assignment
7 restriction or preclusion, the Secretary shall submit a re-
8 port to the appropriate congressional committees that—

9 (1) certifies that such appeals process has been
10 fully implemented; and

11 (2) includes a detailed description of such proc-
12 ess.

13 (c) **NOTICE.**—The Secretary shall—

14 (1) publish the right and process established
15 pursuant to subsection (a) in the Foreign Affairs
16 Manual; and

17 (2) include a reference to such publication in
18 the report required under subsection (b).

19 (d) **PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION.**—Section
20 502(a)(2) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C.
21 3982(a)(2)) is amended to read as follows:

22 “(2) In making assignments under paragraph
23 (1), the Secretary shall ensure that a member of the
24 Service is not assigned to, or restricted from, a posi-
25 tion at a post in a particular geographic area, or do-
26 mestically in a position working on issues relating to

1 a particular geographic area, exclusively on the basis
 2 of the race, ethnicity, or religion of that member.”.

3 **SEC. 216. SECURITY CLEARANCE SUSPENSIONS.**

4 (a) SUSPENSION.—Section 610 of the Foreign Serv-
 5 ice Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4010) is amended—

6 (1) by striking the section heading and insert-
 7 ing the following:

8 **“SEC. 610. SEPARATION FOR CAUSE; SUSPENSION.”; and**

9 (2) by adding at the end the following:

10 “(c)(1) In order to promote the efficiency of the Serv-
 11 ice, the Secretary may suspend a member of the Service
 12 without pay when—

13 “(A) the member’s security clearance is sus-
 14 pended; or

15 “(B) there is reasonable cause to believe that
 16 the member has committed a crime for which a sen-
 17 tence of imprisonment may be imposed.

18 “(2) Any member of the Foreign Service for whom
 19 a suspension is proposed under this subsection shall be
 20 entitled to—

21 “(A) written notice stating the specific reasons
 22 for the proposed suspension;

23 “(B) a reasonable time to respond orally and in
 24 writing to the proposed suspension;

1 “(C) representation by an attorney or other
2 representative; and

3 “(D) a final written decision, including the spe-
4 cific reasons for such decision, as soon as prac-
5 ticable.

6 “(3) Any member suspended under this subsection
7 may file a grievance in accordance with the procedures ap-
8 plicable to grievances under chapter 11.

9 “(4) If a grievance is filed under paragraph (3)—

10 “(A) the review by the Foreign Service Griev-
11 ance Board shall be limited to a determination of
12 whether the provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2)
13 have been fulfilled; and

14 “(B) the Board may not exercise the authority
15 provided under section 1106(8).

16 “(5) In this subsection:

17 “(A) The term ‘reasonable time’ means—

18 “(i) with respect to a member of the For-
19 eign Service assigned to duty in the United
20 States, 15 days after receiving notice of the
21 proposed suspension; and

22 “(ii) with respect to a member of the For-
23 eign Service assigned to duty outside the
24 United States, 30 days after receiving notice of
25 the proposed suspension.

1 “(B) The terms ‘suspend’ and ‘suspension’
 2 mean placing a member of the Foreign Service in a
 3 temporary status without duties and pay.”.

4 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
 5 in section 2 of such Act is amended by striking the item
 6 relating to section 610 and inserting the following:

 “Sec. 610. Separation for cause; suspension.”.

7 **SEC. 217. ECONOMIC STATECRAFT EDUCATION AND TRAIN-**
 8 **ING.**

9 The Secretary shall establish curriculum at the For-
 10 eign Services Institute to develop the practical foreign eco-
 11 nomic policy expertise and skill sets of Foreign Service
 12 officers, including by making available distance-learning
 13 courses in commercial, economic, and business affairs, in-
 14 cluding in—

- 15 (1) the global business environment;
- 16 (2) the economics of development;
- 17 (3) development and infrastructure finance;
- 18 (4) current trade and investment agreements
- 19 negotiations;
- 20 (5) implementing existing multilateral and
- 21 World Trade Organization agreements, and United
- 22 States trade and investment agreements;
- 23 (6) best practices for customs and export proce-
- 24 dures; and

1 (7) market analysis and global supply chain
2 management.

3 **SEC. 218. REPORT ON DIVERSITY RECRUITMENT, EMPLOY-**
4 **MENT, RETENTION, AND PROMOTION.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
6 date of the enactment of this Act, and quadrennially there-
7 after, the Secretary of State shall submit a comprehensive
8 report to Congress that—

9 (1) describes the efforts, consistent with exist-
10 ing law, including procedures, effects, and results of
11 the Department since the period covered by the prior
12 such report, to promote equal opportunity and inclu-
13 sion for all American employees in direct hire and
14 personal service contractors status, particularly em-
15 ployees of the Foreign Service, to include equal op-
16 portunity for all races, ethnicities, ages, genders,
17 and service-disabled veterans, with a focus on tradi-
18 tionally underrepresented minority groups;

19 (2) includes a section on—

20 (A) the diversity of selection boards;

21 (B) the employment of minority and serv-
22 ice-disabled veterans during the most recent 10-
23 year period, including—

- 1 (i) the number hired through direct
- 2 hires, internships, and fellowship pro-
- 3 grams;
- 4 (ii) the number promoted to senior
- 5 positions, including FS-01, GS-15, Senior
- 6 Executive Service, and Senior Foreign
- 7 Service; and
- 8 (iii) attrition rates by grade, civil and
- 9 foreign services, and the senior level ranks
- 10 listed in clause (ii);
- 11 (C) mentorship and retention programs;
- 12 and
- 13 (3) is organized in terms of real numbers and
- 14 percentages at all levels.
- 15 (b) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted under sub-
- 16 section (a) shall describe the efforts of the Department—
- 17 (1) to propagate fairness, impartiality, and in-
- 18 clusion in the work environment domestically and
- 19 abroad;
- 20 (2) to eradicate harassment, intolerance, and
- 21 discrimination;
- 22 (3) to refrain from engaging in unlawful dis-
- 23 crimination in any phase of the employment process,
- 24 including recruitment, hiring, evaluation, assign-
- 25 ments, promotion, retention, and training;

1 (4) to eliminate illegal retaliation against em-
2 ployees for participating in a protected equal em-
3 ployment opportunity activity;

4 (5) to provide reasonable accommodation for
5 qualified employees and applicants with disabilities;

6 (6) to resolve workplace conflicts, confronta-
7 tions, and complaints in a prompt, impartial, con-
8 structive, and timely manner;

9 (7) to improve demographic data availability
10 and analysis regarding recruitment, hiring, pro-
11 motion, training, length in service, assignment re-
12 strictions, and pass-through programs;

13 (8) to recruit a diverse staff by—

14 (A) recruiting women, minorities, veterans,
15 and undergraduate and graduate students;

16 (B) recruiting at historically Black colleges
17 and universities, Hispanic serving institutions,
18 women's colleges, and colleges that typically
19 serve majority minority populations;

20 (C) sponsoring and recruiting at job fairs
21 in urban communities;

22 (D) placing job advertisements in news-
23 papers, magazines, and job sites oriented to-
24 ward women and people of color;

1 (E) providing opportunities through the
2 Foreign Service Internship Program and other
3 hiring initiatives; and

4 (F) recruiting mid- and senior-level profes-
5 sionals through programs such as—

6 (i) the International Career Advance-
7 ment Program;

8 (ii) the Public Policy and Inter-
9 national Affairs Fellowship Program;

10 (iii) the Institute for International
11 Public Policy Fellowship Program;

12 (iv) Seminar XXI at the Massachu-
13 setts Institute of Technology's Center for
14 International Studies; and

15 (v) other similar, highly respected,
16 international leadership programs; and

17 (9) to provide opportunities through—

18 (A) the Charles B. Rangel International
19 Affairs Fellowship Program;

20 (B) the Thomas R. Pickering Foreign Af-
21 fairs Fellowship Program; and

22 (C) the Donald M. Payne International
23 Development Fellowship Program.

24 (e) SCOPE OF INITIAL REPORT.—The first report
25 submitted to Congress under this section shall include the

1 information described in subsection (b) for the 3 fiscal
 2 years immediately preceding the fiscal year in which the
 3 report is submitted.

4 **SEC. 219. EXPANSION OF THE CHARLES B. RANGEL INTER-**
 5 **NATIONAL AFFAIRS PROGRAM, THE THOMAS**
 6 **R. PICKERING FOREIGN AFFAIRS FELLOW-**
 7 **SHIP PROGRAM, AND THE DONALD M. PAYNE**
 8 **INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT FELLOW-**
 9 **SHIP PROGRAM.**

10 (a) **ADDITIONAL FELLOWSHIPS AUTHORIZED.**—Be-
 11 ginning in fiscal year 2016, the Secretary shall—

12 (1) increase by 10 the number of fellows se-
 13 lected for the Charles B. Rangel International Af-
 14 fairs Program;

15 (2) increase by 10 the number of fellows se-
 16 lected for the Thomas R. Pickering Foreign Affairs
 17 Fellowship Program; and

18 (3) increase by 5 the number of fellows selected
 19 for the Donald M. Payne International Development
 20 Fellowship Program.

21 (b) **PAYNE FELLOWSHIP PROGRAM.**—Undergraduate
 22 and graduate components of the Donald M. Payne Inter-
 23 national Development Fellowship Program are authorized
 24 to conduct outreach to attract outstanding students who

1 represent diverse ethnic and socioeconomic backgrounds
 2 with an interest in pursuing a Foreign Service career.

3 **SEC. 220. RETENTION OF MID- AND SENIOR-LEVEL PROFES-**
 4 **SIONALS FROM UNDERREPRESENTED**
 5 **GROUPS.**

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary should provide at-
 7 tention and oversight to the employment, retention, and
 8 promotion of underrepresented groups to promote a di-
 9 verse ethnic representation among mid- and senior-level
 10 career professionals through programs such as—

- 11 (1) the International Career Advancement Pro-
 12 gram;
- 13 (2) Seminar XXI at the Massachusetts Insti-
 14 tute of Technology's Center for International Stud-
 15 ies; and
- 16 (3) other highly respected international leader-
 17 ship programs.

18 (b) REVIEW OF PAST PROGRAMS.—The Secretary
 19 should review past programs designed to increase minority
 20 representation in international affairs positions, includ-
 21 ing—

- 22 (1) the USAID Undergraduate Cooperative and
 23 Graduate Economics Program;
- 24 (2) the Public Policy and International Affairs
 25 Fellowship Program; and

1 (3) the Institute for International Public Policy
2 Fellowship Program.

3 **SEC. 221. REVIEW OF JURISDICTIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES**
4 **OF THE SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE TO AF-**
5 **GHANISTAN AND PAKISTAN AND THE BU-**
6 **REAU OF SOUTH AND CENTRAL ASIAN AF-**
7 **FAIRS.**

8 (a) REVIEW.—The Secretary of State shall conduct
9 a review of the jurisdictional responsibilities of the Special
10 Representative to Afghanistan and Pakistan (SRAP) and
11 the Bureau of South and Central Asian Affairs (SCA).

12 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
13 of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
14 to the appropriate congressional committees a report on
15 the findings of the review conducted under subsection (a),
16 including recommendations on whether jurisdictional re-
17 sponsibility between the 2 offices should be adjusted.

18 **SEC. 222. CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION OF COUNTRIES**
19 **COMPLIANCE WITH MINIMUM STANDARDS**
20 **FOR THE ELIMINATION OF TRAFFICKING.**

21 Section 110 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act
22 of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107) is amended by adding at the
23 end the following:

24 “(g) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—Not later
25 than 30 days before the anticipated submission of each

1 annual report under subsection (b)(1), the Secretary of
 2 State shall notify and brief the appropriate congressional
 3 committees concerning the countries that will be upgraded
 4 to a higher tier or downgraded to a lower tier in such re-
 5 port.”.

6 **SEC. 223. INTERNATIONAL RELIGIOUS FREEDOM TRAINING**
 7 **PROGRAM.**

8 Section 708 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22
 9 U.S.C. 4028) is amended—

10 (1) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as
 11 subsections (d) and (e), respectively;

12 (2) in subsection (d), as redesignated, by insert-
 13 ing “REFUGEES” before “The Secretary of State”;

14 (3) in subsection (e), as redesignated, by insert-
 15 ing “CHILD SOLDIERS” before “The Secretary of
 16 State”; and

17 (4) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
 18 following:

19 “(a) DEVELOPMENT OF CURRICULUM.—

20 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Ambassador at Large
 21 for International Religious Freedom appointed under
 22 section 101(b) of the International Religious Free-
 23 dom Act of 1998 (22 U.S.C. 6411(b)) shall develop
 24 a curriculum for Foreign Service Officers that in-
 25 cludes training on—

1 “(A) the scope and strategic value of inter-
2 national religious freedom;

3 “(B) how violations of international reli-
4 gious freedom harm fundamental United States
5 interests;

6 “(C) how the advancement of international
7 religious freedom can advance such interests;

8 “(D) how United States international reli-
9 gious freedom policy should be carried out in
10 practice by United States diplomats and other
11 Foreign Service Officers; and

12 “(E) the relevance and relationship of
13 international religious freedom to United States
14 defense, diplomacy, development, and public af-
15 fairs efforts to combat violent extremism.

16 “(2) ROLE OF OTHER OFFICIALS.—The Amba-
17 sador at Large for International Religious Freedom
18 shall carry out paragraph (1)—

19 “(A) in coordination with the Director of
20 the George P. Shultz National Foreign Affairs
21 Training Center and other Federal officials, as
22 appropriate; and

23 “(B) in consultation with the United
24 States Commission on International Religious
25 Freedom established under section 201(a) of

1 the International Religious Freedom Act of
2 1998 (22 U.S.C. 6431(a)).

3 “(3) RESOURCES.—The Secretary of State shall
4 ensure the availability of sufficient resources to de-
5 velop and implement the curriculum required under
6 this subsection.

7 “(b) RELIGIOUS FREEDOM TRAINING.—

8 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than the date
9 that is 1 year after the date of the enactment of the
10 Department of State Operations Authorization and
11 Embassy Security Act, Fiscal Year 2016, the Direc-
12 tor of the George P. Shultz National Foreign Affairs
13 Training Center shall begin training on religious
14 freedom, using the curriculum developed under sub-
15 section (a), for Foreign Service officers, including—

16 “(A) entry level officers;

17 “(B) officers prior to departure for posting
18 outside the United States; and

19 “(C) incoming deputy chiefs of mission
20 and ambassadors.

21 “(2) ELEMENTS.—The training required under
22 paragraph (1) shall be substantively incorporated
23 into—

24 “(A) the A-100 course attended by For-
25 eign Service Officers;

1 “(B) the specific country courses required
 2 of Foreign Service Officers prior to a posting
 3 outside the United States, with training tailored
 4 to—

5 “(i) the particular religious demog-
 6 raphy of such country;

7 “(ii) religious freedom conditions in
 8 such country;

9 “(iii) religious engagement strategies;
 10 and

11 “(iv) United States strategies for ad-
 12 vancing religious freedom.

13 “(C) the courses required of incoming dep-
 14 uty chiefs of mission and ambassadors.

15 “(c) INFORMATION SHARING.—The curriculum and
 16 training materials developed pursuant to subsections (a)
 17 and (b) shall be shared with the United States Armed
 18 Forces and all other Federal departments and agencies
 19 whose personnel serve as attachés, advisors, detailees, or
 20 otherwise in United States embassies globally to provide
 21 training on—

22 “(1) United States religious freedom policies;

23 “(2) religious traditions;

24 “(3) religious engagement strategies;

25 “(4) religious and cultural issues; and

1 “(5) efforts to combat terrorism and violent re-
 2 ligious extremism.”.

3 **TITLE III—INTERNATIONAL**
 4 **ORGANIZATIONS**

5 **Subtitle A—United States Con-**
 6 **tributions to International Or-**
 7 **ganizations**

8 **SEC. 301. REPORTS CONCERNING THE UNITED NATIONS.**

9 (a) REPORT ON ANTI-SEMITIC ACTIVITY AT THE
 10 UNITED NATIONS AND ITS AGENCIES.—Not later than
 11 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and
 12 annually thereafter, the Secretary shall submit a report
 13 to the appropriate congressional committees that de-
 14 scribes—

15 (1) all activities at the United Nations and its
 16 subagencies that can be construed to exhibit an anti-
 17 Semitic bias, including official statements, proposed
 18 resolutions, and United Nations investigations;

19 (2) the use of United Nations resources to pro-
 20 mote anti-Semitic or anti-Israel rhetoric or propa-
 21 ganda, including publications, internet websites, and
 22 textbooks or other educational materials used to
 23 propagate political rhetoric regarding the Israeli-Pal-
 24 estinian conflict; and

1 (3) specific actions taken by the United States
 2 Government to address any of the activities de-
 3 scribed in paragraphs (1) and (2).

4 (b) REPORT ON ALL UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
 5 CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE UNITED NATIONS.—Section 4(c)
 6 of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945 (22
 7 U.S.C. 287b(c)) is amended—

8 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), (3),
 9 (4), and (5) as paragraphs (2), (3), (5), (6), and
 10 (7), respectively; and

11 (2) by inserting before paragraph (2), as so re-
 12 designated, the following:

13 “(1) CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE UNITED NA-
 14 TIONS.—

15 “(A) IN GENERAL.—A detailed description
 16 of all assessed and voluntary contributions, in-
 17 cluding in-kind contributions, of the United
 18 States to the United Nations and to each of its
 19 affiliated agencies and related bodies—

20 “(i) during the preceding fiscal year;

21 “(ii) estimated for the fiscal year in
 22 which the report is submitted; and

23 “(iii) requested in the budget of the
 24 President submitted to Congress under

1 section 1105(a) of title 31, United States
2 Code, for the following fiscal year.

3 “(B) CONTENT.—The description required
4 under subparagraph (A) shall, for each fiscal
5 year specified in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) of
6 that subparagraph, include—

7 “(i) the total amount or value of all
8 contributions described in that subpara-
9 graph;

10 “(ii) the approximate percentage of all
11 such contributions by the United States
12 compared to all contributions to the United
13 Nations and to each of its affiliated agen-
14 cies and related bodies from any source;
15 and

16 “(iii) for each such contribution de-
17 scribed in subparagraph (A)—

18 “(I) the amount or value of the
19 contribution;

20 “(II) whether the contribution
21 was assessed by the United Nations
22 or voluntary;

23 “(III) the purpose of the con-
24 tribution;

1 “(IV) the department or agency
2 of the United States Government re-
3 sponsible for the contribution; and

4 “(V) whether the United Nations
5 or an affiliated agency or related body
6 received the contribution and, if an af-
7 filiated agency or related body re-
8 ceived the contribution, which such
9 agency or body.

10 “(C) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF INFORMA-
11 TION.—Not later than 14 days after submitting
12 a report required under this subsection to the
13 designated congressional committees, the Direc-
14 tor of the Office of Management and Budget
15 shall post a text-based, searchable version of
16 the description required by subparagraph (A)
17 on a publicly available Internet website of that
18 Office.”.

19 **SEC. 302. ANNUAL REPORT ON FINANCIAL CONTRIBUTIONS**
20 **TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.**

21 Section 4(b) of the United Nations Participation Act
22 of 1945 (22 U.S.C. 287b(b)) is amended by striking “in
23 which the United States participates as a member” and
24 inserting “, including—

1 “(1) the amount of such contributions that
 2 were assessed by an international organization and
 3 the amount of such contributions that were vol-
 4 untary; and

5 “(2) the ratio of United States contributions to
 6 total contributions received for—

7 “(A) the United Nations, specialized agen-
 8 cies of the United Nations, and other United
 9 Nations funds, programs, and organizations;

10 “(B) peacekeeping;

11 “(C) inter-American organizations;

12 “(D) regional organizations; and

13 “(E) other international organizations.”.

14 **SEC. 303. REPORT ON PEACEKEEPING ARREARS, CREDITS,**
 15 **AND CONTRIBUTIONS.**

16 Section 4(e) of the United Nations Participation Act
 17 (22 U.S.C. 287b(e)), as amended by section 301(b), is fur-
 18 ther amended by adding at the end the following:

19 “(6) PEACEKEEPING CREDITS.—

20 “(A) IN GENERAL.—A complete and full
 21 accounting of United States peacekeeping as-
 22 sessments and contributions for United Nations
 23 peacekeeping operations, including the fol-
 24 lowing:

1 “(i) A tabulation of annual United
2 Nations peacekeeping assessment rates,
3 the peacekeeping contribution rate author-
4 ized by the United States, and the United
5 States public law that authorized the con-
6 tribution rate for the United Nations
7 peacekeeping budget for each fiscal year
8 beginning in fiscal year 1995 through the
9 fiscal year following the date of the report.

10 “(ii) A tabulation of current United
11 States accrued shortfalls and arrears in
12 each respective ongoing or closed United
13 Nations peacekeeping mission.

14 “(iii) A tabulation of all peacekeeping
15 credits, including—

16 “(I) the total amount of peace-
17 keeping credits determined by the
18 United Nations to be available to the
19 United States;

20 “(II) the total amount of peace-
21 keeping credits determined by the
22 United Nations to be unavailable to
23 the United States;

24 “(III) the total amount of peace-
25 keeping credits determined by the

1 United Nations to be available to the
2 United States from each open and
3 closed peacekeeping mission;

4 “(IV) the total amount of peace-
5 keeping credits determined by the
6 United Nations to be unavailable to
7 the United States from each open and
8 closed peacekeeping mission;

9 “(V) the total amount of peace-
10 keeping credits applied by the United
11 Nations toward shortfalls from pre-
12 vious years that are apportioned to
13 the United States;

14 “(VI) the total amount of peace-
15 keeping credits applied by the United
16 Nations toward offsetting future con-
17 tributions of the United States; and

18 “(VII) the total amount of peace-
19 keeping credits determined by the
20 United Nations to be available to the
21 United States that could be applied
22 toward offsetting United States con-
23 tributions in the following fiscal year.

24 “(iv) An explanation of any claim of
25 unavailability by the United Nations of any

1 peacekeeping credits described in clause
2 (iii)(IV).

3 “(v) A description of any efforts by
4 the United States to obtain reimbursement
5 in accordance with the requirements of this
6 Act, including Department of Defense ma-
7 teriel and services, and an explanation of
8 any failure to obtain any such reimburse-
9 ment.

10 “(B) PEACEKEEPING CREDITS DEFINED.—
11 In this paragraph, the term ‘peacekeeping cred-
12 its’ means the amounts by which, during a
13 United Nations peacekeeping fiscal year, the
14 contributions of the United States to the
15 United Nations for peacekeeping operations ex-
16 ceed the actual expenditures for peacekeeping
17 operations by the United Nations that are ap-
18 portioned to the United States.”.

19 **SEC. 304. ASSESSMENT RATE TRANSPARENCY.**

20 (a) REPORT.—

21 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after
22 each time the United Nations General Assembly
23 modifies the assessment levels for peacekeeping op-
24 erations, the Secretary shall submit a report, which
25 may include a classified annex, to the Committee on

1 Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee
 2 on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

3 (2) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted under
 4 paragraph (1) shall describe—

5 (A) the change, by amount and percentage,
 6 of the peacekeeping assessment charged to each
 7 member state; and

8 (B) how the economic and strategic inter-
 9 ests of each of the permanent members of the
 10 Security Council is being served by each peace-
 11 keeping mission currently in force.

12 (b) AVAILABILITY OF PEACEKEEPING ASSESSMENT
 13 DATA.—The Secretary shall direct the United States Per-
 14 manent Representative to the United Nations to use the
 15 voice, vote, and influence of the United States at the
 16 United Nations to urge the United Nations—

17 (1) to share the raw data used to calculate
 18 member state peacekeeping assessment rates; and

19 (2) to make available the formula for deter-
 20 mining peacekeeping assessments.

21 **Subtitle B—Accountability at** 22 **International Organizations**

23 **SEC. 311. PREVENTING ABUSE IN PEACEKEEPING.**

24 Not later than 15 days before the anticipated date
 25 of a vote (or, in the case of exigent circumstances, as far

1 in advance of the vote as is practicable) on a resolution
2 approving a new peacekeeping mission under the auspices
3 of the United Nations, the North Atlantic Treaty Organi-
4 zation, or any other multilateral organization in which the
5 United States participates, or to reauthorize an existing
6 such mission, the Secretary shall submit to the appro-
7 priate congressional committees a report on that mission
8 that includes the following:

9 (1) A description of the specific measures taken
10 and planned to be taken by the organization related
11 to the mission—

12 (A) to prevent individuals who are employ-
13 ees or contractor personnel of the organization,
14 or members of the forces serving in the mission
15 from engaging in acts of trafficking in persons,
16 exploitation of victims of trafficking, or sexual
17 exploitation or abuse; and

18 (B) to hold accountable any such individ-
19 uals who engage in any such acts while partici-
20 pating in the mission.

21 (2) An assessment of the effectiveness of each
22 of the measures described in paragraph (1).

23 (3) An accounting and assessment of all cases
24 in which the organization has taken action to inves-
25 tigate allegations that individuals described in para-

1 graph (1)(A) have engaged in acts described in that
 2 paragraph, including a description of the status of
 3 all such cases as of the date of the report.

4 **SEC. 312. INCLUSION OF PEACEKEEPING ABUSES IN COUN-**
 5 **TRY REPORT ON HUMAN RIGHTS PRACTICES.**

6 Section 116(d) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
 7 (22 U.S.C. 2151n(d)) is amended—

8 (1) in paragraph (11)(C), by striking “; and”
 9 and inserting a semicolon;

10 (2) in paragraph (12)(C)(ii), by striking the pe-
 11 riod at the end and inserting “; and”; and

12 (3) by adding at the end the following:

13 “(13) for each country that contributes per-
 14 sonnel to United Nations peacekeeping missions, a
 15 description of—

16 “(A) any allegations of such personnel en-
 17 gaging in acts of trafficking in persons, exploi-
 18 tation of victims of trafficking, or sexual exploi-
 19 tation and abuse while participating in such a
 20 peacekeeping mission;

21 “(B) any repatriations of such personnel
 22 resulting from an allegation described in sub-
 23 paragraph (A);

24 “(C) any actions taken by such country
 25 with respect to personnel repatriated as a result

1 of allegations described in subparagraph (A),
 2 including whether such personnel faced prosecu-
 3 tion related to such allegations; and

4 “(D) the extent to which any actions taken
 5 as described in subparagraph (C) have been
 6 communicated by such country to the United
 7 Nations.”.

8 **SEC. 313. EVALUATION OF UNITED NATIONS PEACE-**
 9 **KEEPING MISSIONS.**

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
 11 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall sub-
 12 mit a report to the appropriate congressional committees
 13 that includes—

14 (1) a comprehensive evaluation of current
 15 United Nations peacekeeping missions;

16 (2) a prioritization of the peacekeeping mis-
 17 sions;

18 (3) plans for phasing out and ending any mis-
 19 sion that—

20 (A) has substantially met its objectives and
 21 goals; or

22 (B) will not be able to meet its objectives
 23 and goals; and

24 (4) a plan for reviewing the status of open-
 25 ended mandates for—

1 (A) the United Nations Interim Adminis-
 2 tration Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK);

3 (B) the United Nations Truce Supervision
 4 Organization (UNTSO); and

5 (C) the United Nations Military Observer
 6 Group in India and Pakistan (UNMOGIP).

7 (b) APPROVAL OF FUTURE PEACEKEEPING MIS-
 8 SIONS.—The President shall direct the United States Per-
 9 manent Representative to the United Nations to use the
 10 voice, vote, and influence of the United States at the
 11 United Nations to ensure that no new United Nations
 12 peacekeeping mission is approved without a periodic man-
 13 date renewal.

14 (c) FUNDING LIMITATION.—The United States shall
 15 not provide funding for any United Nations peacekeeping
 16 mission beginning after the date of the enactment of this
 17 Act unless the mission has a periodic mandate renewal.

18 **Subtitle C—Personnel Matters**

19 **SEC. 321. ENCOURAGING EMPLOYMENT OF UNITED STATES** 20 **CITIZENS AT THE UNITED NATIONS.**

21 Section 181 of the Foreign Relations Authorization
 22 Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (22 U.S.C. 276c–4) is
 23 amended to read as follows:

1 **“SEC. 181. EMPLOYMENT OF UNITED STATES CITIZENS BY**
2 **CERTAIN INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.**

3 “Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
4 ment of the Department of State Operations Authoriza-
5 tion and Embassy Security Act, Fiscal Year 2016, and
6 annually thereafter, the Secretary of State shall submit
7 to Congress a report that provides—

8 “(1) for each international organization that
9 had a geographic distribution formula in effect on
10 January 1, 1991, an assessment of whether that or-
11 ganization—

12 “(A) is taking good faith steps to increase
13 the staffing of United States citizens, including,
14 as appropriate, as assessment of any additional
15 steps the organization could be taking to in-
16 crease such staffing; and

17 “(B) has met the requirements of its geo-
18 graphic distribution formula; and

19 “(2) an assessment of United States represen-
20 tation among professional and senior-level positions
21 at the United Nations, including—

22 “(A) an assessment of the proportion of
23 United States citizens employed at the United
24 Nations Secretariat and at all United Nations
25 specialized agencies, funds, and programs rel-
26 ative to the total employment at the United Na-

1 tions Secretariat and at all such agencies,
2 funds, and programs;

3 “(B) as assessment of compliance by the
4 United Nations Secretariat and such agencies,
5 funds, and programs with any applicable geo-
6 graphic distribution formula; and

7 “(C) a description of any steps taken or
8 planned to be taken by the United States to in-
9 crease the staffing of United States citizens at
10 the United Nations Secretariat and such agen-
11 cies, funds and programs.”.

12 **SEC. 322. ENSURING APPROPRIATE UNITED NATIONS PER-**
13 **SONNEL SALARIES.**

14 (a) COMPENSATION OF UNITED NATIONS PER-
15 SONNEL.—The President shall direct the United States
16 Permanent Representative to the United Nations to use
17 the voice, vote, and influence of the United States at the
18 United Nations—

19 (1) to establish appropriate policies, procedures,
20 and assumptions for—

21 (A) determining comparable positions be-
22 tween officials in the professional and higher
23 categories of employment at the United Nations
24 headquarters in New York, New York, and in
25 the United States Federal civil service;

1 (B) calculating the margin between the
2 compensation of such officials at the United
3 Nations headquarters and the civil service; and

4 (C) determining the appropriate margin
5 for adoption by the United Nations to govern
6 compensation for such officials;

7 (2) to make all policies, procedures, and as-
8 sumptions described in paragraph (1) available to
9 the public; and

10 (3) to limit increases in the compensation of
11 United Nations officials to ensure that such officials
12 remain within the margin range established by
13 United Nations General Assembly Resolution A/
14 RES/40/244, or any subsequent margin range
15 adopted by the United Nations to govern compensa-
16 tion for United Nations officials.

17 (b) REPORT ON SALARY MARGINS.—The Secretary
18 shall submit an annual report to the appropriate congres-
19 sional committees, at the time of the submission of the
20 budget of the President to Congress under section 1105(a)
21 of title 31, United States Code, that

22 (1) describes the policies, procedures, and as-
23 sumptions established or used by the United Na-
24 tions—

1 (A) to determine comparable positions be-
2 tween officials in the professional and higher
3 categories of employment at the United Nations
4 headquarters in New York, New York, and in
5 the United States Federal civil service;

6 (B) to calculate the percentage difference,
7 or margin, between the compensation of such
8 officials at the United Nations headquarters
9 and the civil service; and

10 (C) to determine the margin range estab-
11 lished in United Nations General Assembly Res-
12 olution A/RES/40/244, or any subsequent mar-
13 gin range adopted by the United Nations to
14 govern compensation for United Nations offi-
15 cials;

16 (2) assesses, in accordance with the policies,
17 procedures, and assumptions described in paragraph
18 (1), the margin between net salaries of officials in
19 the professional and higher categories of employ-
20 ment at the United Nations in New York and those
21 of comparable positions in the United States Federal
22 civil service;

23 (3) assesses any changes in the margin de-
24 scribed in paragraph (2) from the previous year;

1 (4) assesses the extent to which any changes in
 2 that margin resulted from modifications to the poli-
 3 cies, procedures, and assumptions described in para-
 4 graph (1); and

5 (5) provides the views of the Secretary on any
 6 changes in that margin and any such modifications.

7 **TITLE IV—CONSULAR** 8 **AUTHORITIES**

9 **SEC. 401. VISA INELIGIBILITY FOR INTERNATIONAL CHILD** 10 **ABDUCTORS.**

11 Section 212(a)(10)(C)(iii) of the Immigration and
 12 Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(10)(C)(iii)) is amend-
 13 ed—

14 (1) in subclause (I), by adding “or” at the end;

15 (2) in subclause (II), by striking “; or” at the
 16 end and inserting a period; and

17 (3) by striking subclause (III).

18 **SEC. 402. PRESUMPTION OF IMMIGRANT INTENT FOR H** 19 **AND L VISA CLASSIFICATIONS.**

20 Section 214(b) of the Immigration and Nationality
 21 Act (8 U.S.C. 1184(b)) is amended—

22 (1) by striking “(other than a nonimmigrant
 23 described in subparagraph (L) or (V) of section
 24 101(a)(15), and other than a nonimmigrant de-

1 scribed in any provision of section 101(a)(15)(H)(i)
 2 except subclause (b1) of such section”;

3 (2) by striking “under section 101(a)(15).” and
 4 inserting “under the immigration laws.”; and

5 (3) by striking “he” each place such term ap-
 6 pears and inserting “the alien”.

7 **SEC. 403. VISA INFORMATION SHARING.**

8 Section 222(f) of the Immigration and Nationality
 9 Act (8 U.S.C. 1202(f)(2)) is amended—

10 (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
 11 striking “issuance or refusal” and inserting
 12 “issuance, refusal, or revocation”; and

13 (2) in paragraph (2)—

14 (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph
 15 (A), by striking “and on the basis of reci-
 16 procity”;

17 (B) in subparagraph (A), by striking “il-
 18 licit weapons; or” and inserting “illicit weapons,
 19 or in determining the removability or eligibility
 20 for a visa, admission, or another immigration
 21 benefit of persons who would be inadmissible to,
 22 or removable from, the United States.”;

23 (C) in subparagraph (B)—

24 (i) by striking “for the purposes” and
 25 inserting “for 1 of the purposes”; and

1 (ii) by striking “or to deny visas to
 2 persons who would be inadmissible to the
 3 United States.” and inserting “; or”; and
 4 (D) by adding at the end the following:
 5 “(C) with regard to any or all aliens in the
 6 database, specified data elements from each
 7 record, if the Secretary of State determines that
 8 it is in the national interest to provide such in-
 9 formation to a foreign government.”.

10 **TITLE V—EMBASSY SECURITY**
 11 **Subtitle A—Allocation of Author-**
 12 **ized Security Appropriations.**

13 **SEC. 501. WORLDWIDE SECURITY PROTECTION.**

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Funds made available in fiscal
 15 year 2016 for worldwide security protection shall to the
 16 extent practicable, before any such funds may be allocated
 17 to any other authorized purpose, be allocated for—

18 (1) immediate threat mitigation support in ac-
 19 cordance with subsection (b) at facilities determined
 20 to be high threat, high risk pursuant to section 531;

21 (2) immediate threat mitigation support in ac-
 22 cordance with subsection (b) at other facilities; and

23 (3) locations with high vulnerabilities.

24 (b) IMMEDIATE THREAT MITIGATION SUPPORT
 25 PRIORITIZATION.—In allocating funding for immediate

1 threat mitigation support pursuant to this section, the
2 Secretary shall prioritize funding for—

3 (1) the purchasing of additional security equip-
4 ment, including additional defensive weaponry;

5 (2) the paying of expenses of additional security
6 forces; and

7 (3) any other purposes necessary to mitigate
8 immediate threats to United States personnel serv-
9 ing overseas.

10 **SEC. 502. EMBASSY SECURITY, CONSTRUCTION AND MAIN-**
11 **TENANCE.**

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Funds made available in fiscal
13 year 2016 for Worldwide Security Upgrades within “em-
14 bassy security, construction and maintenance” shall to the
15 extent practicable, before any funds may be allocated to
16 any other authorized purpose, be allocated in the
17 prioritized order of—

18 (1) immediate threat mitigation projects in ac-
19 cordance with subsection (b) at facilities determined
20 to be high threat, high risk pursuant to section 531;

21 (2) other security upgrades to facilities deter-
22 mined to be high threat, high risk pursuant to sec-
23 tion 531;

24 (3) all other immediate threat mitigation
25 projects in accordance with subsection (b); and

1 (4) security upgrades to all other facilities or
2 new construction for facilities determined to be high
3 threat, high risk pursuant to section 531.

4 (b) IMMEDIATE THREAT MITIGATION PROJECTS
5 PRIORITIZATION.—In allocating funding for immediate
6 threat mitigation projects pursuant to this section, the
7 Secretary shall prioritize funding for the construction of
8 safeguards that provide immediate security benefits and
9 any other purposes necessary to mitigate immediate
10 threats to United States personnel serving overseas.

11 (c) ADDITIONAL LIMITATION.—No funds authorized
12 to be appropriated shall be obligated for new embassy con-
13 struction, other than for high threat, high risk facilities,
14 unless the Secretary certifies to the appropriate congres-
15 sional committees that—

16 (1) the Department has fully complied with the
17 requirements of subsection (a);

18 (2) high threat, high risk facilities are being se-
19 cured to the best of the United States Government's
20 ability; and

21 (3) the Secretary will make funds available
22 from the Embassy Security, Construction and Main-
23 tenance account or other sources to address any
24 changed security threats or new or emergent secu-

1 rity needs, including new immediate threat mitiga-
 2 tion projects.

3 (d) REPORT.—The Secretary shall report to the ap-
 4 propriate congressional committees not later than 180
 5 days after the date of the enactment of this Act on—

6 (1) funding for the priorities described in sub-
 7 section (a);

8 (2) efforts to secure high threat, high risk fa-
 9 cilities as well as high vulnerability locations facili-
 10 ties; and

11 (3) plans to make funds available from the Em-
 12 bassy Security, Construction and Maintenance ac-
 13 count or other sources to address any changed secu-
 14 rity threats or new or emergent security needs, in-
 15 cluding new immediate threat mitigation projects.

16 **Subtitle B—Contracting and Other**
 17 **Matters.**

18 **SEC. 511. LOCAL GUARD CONTRACTS ABROAD UNDER DIP-**
 19 **LOMATIC SECURITY PROGRAM.**

20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 136(c)(3) of the Foreign
 21 Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991
 22 (22 U.S.C. 4864(c)(3)) is amended to read as follows:

23 “(3) in evaluating proposals for such contracts,
 24 award contracts to technically acceptable firms offer-
 25 ing the lowest evaluated price, except that—

1 “(A) the Secretary may award contracts on
 2 the basis of best value (as determined by a cost-
 3 technical tradeoff analysis), especially for posts
 4 determined to be high threat, high risk pursu-
 5 ant to section 531 of the Department of State
 6 Operations Authorization and Embassy Secu-
 7 rity Act, Fiscal Year 2016; and

8 “(B) proposals received from United
 9 States persons and qualified United States joint
 10 venture persons shall be evaluated by reducing
 11 the bid price by 10 percent;”.

12 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
 13 of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
 14 a report to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the
 15 Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the
 16 House of Representatives that includes—

17 (1) an explanation of the implementation of sec-
 18 tion 136(c)(3) of the Foreign Relations Authoriza-
 19 tion Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991, as amended
 20 by subsection (a); and

21 (2) for each instance in which a contract is
 22 awarded pursuant to subparagraph (A) of such sec-
 23 tion, a written justification and approval that de-
 24 scribes the basis for such award and an explanation
 25 of the inability of the Secretary to satisfy the needs

1 of the Department by awarding a contract to the
 2 technically acceptable firm offering the lowest evalu-
 3 ated price.

4 **SEC. 512. DISCIPLINARY ACTION RESULTING FROM UNSAT-**
 5 **ISFACTORY LEADERSHIP IN RELATION TO A**
 6 **SECURITY INCIDENT.**

7 Section 304(e) of the Diplomatic Security Act (22
 8 U.S.C. 4834 (e)) is amended—

9 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), and
 10 (3) as subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), respectively,
 11 and moving such subparagraphs, as so redesignated,
 12 2 ems to the right;

13 (2) by striking “Whenever” in the first sentence
 14 immediately following the subsection heading and in-
 15 serting the following:

16 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Whenever”; and

17 (3) by inserting at the end the following:

18 “(2) CERTAIN SECURITY INCIDENTS.—

19 “(A) UNSATISFACTORY LEADERSHIP.—Un-
 20 satisfactory leadership by a senior official with
 21 respect to a security incident involving loss of
 22 life, serious injury, or significant destruction of
 23 property at or related to a United States Gov-
 24 ernment mission abroad may be grounds for
 25 disciplinary action.

1 “(B) DISCIPLINARY ACTION.—If a Board
 2 finds reasonable cause to believe that a senior
 3 official provided such unsatisfactory leadership,
 4 the Board may recommend disciplinary action
 5 subject to the procedures in paragraph (1).”.

6 **SEC. 513. MANAGEMENT AND STAFF ACCOUNTABILITY.**

7 (a) AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY OF STATE.—Nothing
 8 in this Act or in any other provision of law may be con-
 9 strued to prevent the Secretary from using all authorities
 10 invested in the office of Secretary to take personnel action
 11 against any employee or official of the Department that
 12 the Secretary determines has breached the duty of that
 13 individual or has engaged in misconduct or unsatis-
 14 factorily performed the duties of employment of that indi-
 15 vidual, and such misconduct or unsatisfactory perform-
 16 ance has significantly contributed to the serious injury,
 17 loss of life, or significant destruction of property, or a seri-
 18 ous breach of security, even if such action is the subject
 19 of an Accountability Review Board’s examination under
 20 section 304(a) of the Diplomatic Security Act (22 U.S.C.
 21 4834(a)).

22 (b) ACCOUNTABILITY.—Section 304 of the Diplo-
 23 matic Security Act (22 U.S.C. 4834) is amended—

24 (1) in subsection (c), by inserting “or has en-
 25 gaged in misconduct or unsatisfactorily performed

1 the duties of employment of that individual, and
 2 such misconduct or unsatisfactory performance has
 3 significantly contributed to the serious injury, loss of
 4 life, or significant destruction of property, or the se-
 5 rious breach of security that is the subject of the
 6 Board's examination as described in subsection (a),"

7 after "breached the duty of that individual";

8 (2) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
 9 section (e); and

10 (3) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
 11 lowing:

12 "(d) MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTABILITY.—Whenever a
 13 Board determines that an individual has engaged in any
 14 conduct described in subsection (c), the Board shall evalu-
 15 ate the level and effectiveness of management and over-
 16 sight conducted by employees or officials in the manage-
 17 ment chain of such individual."

18 **SEC. 514. SECURITY ENHANCEMENTS FOR SOFT TARGETS.**

19 Section 29 of the State Department Basic Authorities
 20 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2701) is amended, in the third
 21 sentence, by inserting "physical security enhancements
 22 and" after "Such assistance may include".

1 **Subtitle C—Marine Corps Security**
 2 **Guard Program**

3 **SEC. 521. ADDITIONAL REPORTS ON EXPANSION AND EN-**
 4 **HANCEMENT OF MARINE CORPS SECURITY**
 5 **GUARD PROGRAM.**

6 Section 1269(a)(2) of the Carl Levin and Howard P.
 7 “Buck” McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for
 8 Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 10 U.S.C. 5983
 9 note) is amended by inserting “and not less frequently
 10 than once each year thereafter until the date that is three
 11 years after such date” after “of this Act”.

12 **Subtitle D—Defending High**
 13 **Threat, High Risk Posts**

14 **SEC. 531. DESIGNATION AND REPORTING FOR HIGH**
 15 **THREAT, HIGH RISK POSTS.**

16 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days
 17 after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually
 18 thereafter, the Secretary, in consultation with the Director
 19 of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense,
 20 shall submit, to the Committee on Foreign Relations of
 21 the Senate, the Select Committee on Intelligence of the
 22 Senate, the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate,
 23 the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Rep-
 24 resentatives, the Permanent Select Committee on Intel-
 25 ligence of the House of Representatives, and the Com-

1 mittee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives,
2 a classified report, with an unclassified summary, evalu-
3 ating Department facilities that the Secretary determines
4 to be high threat, high risk in accordance with subsection
5 (c).

6 (b) CONTENTS.—For each facility determined to be
7 high threat, high risk pursuant to subsection (a), the re-
8 port submitted under subsection (a) shall include—

9 (1) a narrative assessment describing the secu-
10 rity threats and risks facing posts overseas and the
11 overall threat level to United States personnel under
12 chief of mission authority;

13 (2) the number of diplomatic security per-
14 sonnel, Marine Corps security guards, and other De-
15 partment personnel dedicated to providing security
16 for United States personnel, information, and facili-
17 ties;

18 (3) an assessment of host nation willingness
19 and capability to provide protection in the event of
20 a security threat or incident, pursuant to the obliga-
21 tions of the United States under the Vienna Conven-
22 tion on Consular Relations, done at Vienna April 24,
23 1963, and the 1961 Vienna Convention on Diplo-
24 matic Relations, done at Vienna April 18, 1961;

1 (4) an assessment of the quality and experience
2 level of the team of United States senior security
3 personnel assigned to the facility, considering collec-
4 tively the assignment durations and lengths of gov-
5 ernment experience;

6 (5) the number of Foreign Service Officers who
7 have received Foreign Affairs Counter Threat train-
8 ing;

9 (6) a summary of the requests made during the
10 previous calendar year for additional resources,
11 equipment, or personnel related to the security of
12 the facility and the status of such requests;

13 (7) an assessment of the ability of United
14 States personnel to respond to and survive a fire at-
15 tack, including—

16 (A) whether the facility has adequate fire
17 safety and security equipment for safe havens
18 and safe areas; and

19 (B) whether the employees working at the
20 facility have been adequately trained on the
21 equipment available;

22 (8) if it is a new facility, a detailed description
23 of the steps taken to provide security for the new fa-
24 cility, including whether a dedicated support cell was

- 1 established in the Department to ensure proper and
2 timely resourcing of security; and
- 3 (9) a listing of any high threat, high risk facili-
4 ties where the facilities of the Department and other
5 government agencies are not colocated, including—
- 6 (A) a rationale for the lack of collocation;
7 and
- 8 (B) a description of what steps, if any, are
9 being taken to mitigate potential security
10 vulnerabilities associated with the lack of col-
11 location.
- 12 (c) DETERMINATION OF HIGH THREAT, HIGH RISK
13 FACILITY.—In determining which facilities of the Depart-
14 ment constitute high threat, high risk facilities under this
15 section, the Secretary shall take into account with respect
16 to each facility whether there are—
- 17 (1) high to critical levels of political violence or
18 terrorism;
- 19 (2) national or local governments with inad-
20 equate capacity or political will to provide appro-
21 priate protection; and
- 22 (3) in locations where there are high to critical
23 levels of political violence or terrorism or where na-
24 tional or local governments lack the capacity or po-
25 litical will to provide appropriate protection—

1 (A) mission physical security platforms
2 that fall well below the Department's estab-
3 lished standards; or

4 (B) security personnel levels that are in-
5 sufficient for the circumstances.

6 (d) INSPECTOR GENERAL REVIEW AND REPORT.—
7 The Inspector General for the Department of State and
8 the Broadcasting Board of Governors shall annually—

9 (1) review the determinations of the Secretary
10 with respect to high threat, high risk facilities, in-
11 cluding the basis for making such determinations;

12 (2) review contingency planning for high threat,
13 high risk facilities and evaluate the measures in
14 place to respond to attacks on such facilities;

15 (3) review the risk mitigation measures in place
16 at high threat, high risk facilities to determine how
17 the Secretary evaluates risk and whether the meas-
18 ures put in place sufficiently address the relevant
19 risks;

20 (4) review early warning systems in place at
21 high threat, high risk facilities and evaluate the
22 measures being taken to preempt and disrupt
23 threats to such facilities; and

24 (5) provide to the appropriate congressional
25 committees—

1 (A) an assessment of the determinations of
 2 the Secretary with respect to high threat, high
 3 risk facilities, including recommendations for
 4 additions or changes to the list of such facili-
 5 ties; and

6 (B) a report on the reviews and evalua-
 7 tions undertaken pursuant to paragraphs (1)
 8 through (4).

9 **SEC. 532. DESIGNATION AND REPORTING FOR HIGH-RISK**
 10 **COUNTERINTELLIGENCE THREAT POSTS.**

11 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

12 (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-
 13 GRESS.—The term “appropriate committees of Con-
 14 gress” means—

15 (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of
 16 the Senate;

17 (B) the Select Committee on Intelligence
 18 of the Senate;

19 (C) the Committee on Armed Services of
 20 the Senate;

21 (D) the Committee on Appropriations of
 22 the Senate;

23 (E) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
 24 the House of Representatives;

1 (F) the Permanent Select Committee on
2 Intelligence of the House of Representatives;

3 (G) the Committee on Armed Services of
4 the House of Representatives; and

5 (H) the Committee on Appropriations of
6 the House of Representatives

7 (2) PRIORITY 1 COUNTERINTELLIGENCE
8 THREAT NATION.—The term “Priority 1 Counter-
9 intelligence Threat Nation” means a country des-
10 ignated as such by the October 2012 National Intel-
11 ligence Priorities Framework (NIPF).

12 (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—

13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
14 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
15 retary, in conjunction with appropriate officials in
16 the intelligence community and the Secretary of De-
17 fense, shall submit a report to the appropriate com-
18 mittees of Congress that assesses the counterintel-
19 ligence threat to United States diplomatic facilities
20 in Priority 1 Counterintelligence Threat Nations.

21 (2) CONTENTS.—The report required under
22 paragraph (1) shall include—

23 (A) an assessment of the use of locally em-
24 ployed staff and guard forces and a listing of
25 diplomatic facilities in Priority 1 Counterintel-

1 ligence Threat Nations without controlled ac-
2 cess areas; and

3 (B) recommendations for mitigating any
4 counterintelligence threats and for any nec-
5 essary facility upgrades, including costs assess-
6 ment of any recommended mitigation or up-
7 grades.

8 **SEC. 533. ENHANCED QUALIFICATIONS FOR DEPUTY AS-**
9 **SISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR HIGH**
10 **THREAT, HIGH RISK POSTS.**

11 The Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism
12 Act of 1986 is amended by inserting after section 206 (22
13 U.S.C. 4824) the following new section:

14 **“SEC. 207. DEPUTY ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR**
15 **HIGH THREAT, HIGH RISK POSTS.**

16 “The individual serving as Deputy Assistant Sec-
17 retary of State for High Threat, High Risk Posts shall
18 have 1 or more of the following qualifications:

19 “(1) Service during the last 6 years at 1 or
20 more posts designated as high threat, high risk by
21 the Secretary of State at the time of service.

22 “(2) Previous service as the office director or
23 deputy director of 1 or more of the following De-
24 partment of State offices or successor entities car-
25 rying out substantively equivalent functions:

1 “(A) The Office of Mobile Security Deploy-
2 ments.

3 “(B) The Office of Special Programs and
4 Coordination.

5 “(C) The Office of Overseas Protective Op-
6 erations.

7 “(D) The Office of Physical Security Pro-
8 grams.

9 “(E) The Office of Intelligence and Threat
10 Analysis.

11 “(3) Previous service as the Regional Security
12 Officer at two or more overseas posts.

13 “(4) Other government or private sector experi-
14 ence substantially equivalent to service in the posi-
15 tions listed in paragraphs (1) through (3).”.

16 **SEC. 534. SECURITY ENVIRONMENT THREAT LIST BRIEF-**
17 **INGS.**

18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
19 date of the enactment of this Act and upon each subse-
20 quent update of the Security Environment Threat List
21 (SETL), the Assistant Secretary of State for Diplomatic
22 Security shall provide classified briefings to the appro-
23 priate congressional committees on the Security Environ-
24 ment Threat List.

1 (b) CONTENT.—The briefings required under sub-
 2 section (a) shall include—

3 (1) an overview of the Security Environment
 4 Threat List; and

5 (2) a summary assessment of the security pos-
 6 ture of those facilities where the Security Environ-
 7 ment Threat List assesses the threat environment to
 8 be most acute, including factors that informed such
 9 assessment.

10 **SEC. 535. COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED**
 11 **STATES REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION OF**
 12 **BENGHAZI ACCOUNTABILITY REVIEW BOARD**
 13 **RECOMMENDATIONS.**

14 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the
 15 date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General
 16 of the United States shall submit a report to the Com-
 17 mittee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Com-
 18 mittee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives
 19 that describes the progress of the Secretary in imple-
 20 menting the recommendations of the Benghazi Account-
 21 ability Review Board.

22 (b) CONTENT.—The report required under subsection
 23 (a) shall include—

24 (1) an assessment of the progress the Secretary
 25 has made in implementing each specific rec-

1 ommendation of the Accountability Review Board;
2 and

3 (2) a description of any impediments to rec-
4 ommended reforms, such as budget constraints, bu-
5 reaucratic obstacles within the Department or in the
6 broader interagency community, or limitations under
7 current law.

8 (c) FORM.—The report required under subsection (a)
9 shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain
10 a classified annex.

11 **SEC. 536. FOREIGN AFFAIRS SECURITY TRAINING CENTER.**

12 (a) OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET.—Not
13 later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this
14 Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget
15 shall provide to the appropriate congressional committees
16 all documents and materials related to its consideration
17 and analysis concerning the Foreign Affairs Security
18 Training Center at Fort Picket, Virginia, and any alter-
19 native facilities.

20 (b) DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—Not later than 60
21 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
22 retary shall provide to the appropriate congressional com-
23 mittees all documents and materials related to the deter-
24 mination to construct a new Foreign Affairs Security
25 Training Center at Fort Picket, Virginia, including any

1 that are related to the development and adoption of all
 2 related training requirements, including any documents
 3 and materials related to the consideration and analysis of
 4 such facility performed by the Office of Management and
 5 Budget.

6 **SEC. 537. LANGUAGE TRAINING.**

7 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title IV of the Diplomatic Secu-
 8 rity Act (22 U.S.C. 4851 et seq.) is amended by adding
 9 at the end the following:

10 **“SEC. 416. LANGUAGE REQUIREMENTS FOR DIPLOMATIC**
 11 **SECURITY PERSONNEL ASSIGNED TO HIGH**
 12 **THREAT, HIGH RISK POSTS.**

13 “(a) IN GENERAL.—Diplomatic security personnel
 14 assigned permanently to, or who are serving in, long-term
 15 temporary duty status as designated by the Secretary of
 16 State at a high threat, high risk post should receive lan-
 17 guage training described in subsection (b) in order to pre-
 18 pare such personnel for duty requirements at such post.

19 “(b) LANGUAGE TRAINING DESCRIBED.—Language
 20 training referred to in subsection (a) should prepare per-
 21 sonnel described in such subsection—

22 “(1) to speak the language at issue with suffi-
 23 cient structural accuracy and vocabulary to partici-
 24 pate effectively in most formal and informal con-
 25 versations on subjects germane to security; and

1 “(2) to read within an adequate range of speed
2 and with almost complete comprehension on subjects
3 germane to security.

4 “(c) INSPECTOR GENERAL REVIEW.—Not later than
5 September 30, 2016, the Inspector General of the Depart-
6 ment of State and Broadcasting Board of Governors
7 shall—

8 “(1) review the language training conducted
9 pursuant to this section; and

10 “(2) make the results of such review available
11 to the Secretary of State and the appropriate con-
12 gressional committees.”.

13 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
14 of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism
15 Act of 1986 (Public Law 99–399) is amended by inserting
16 after the item relating the section 415 the following:

“Sec. 416. Language requirements for diplomatic security personnel assigned to
high threat, high risk posts.”.

17 **Subtitle E—Accountability Review** 18 **Boards**

19 **SEC. 541. PROVISION OF COPIES OF ACCOUNTABILITY RE-** 20 **VIEW BOARD REPORTS TO CONGRESS.**

21 Not later than 2 days after an Accountability Review
22 Board provides its report to the Secretary of State in ac-
23 cordance with title III of the Omnibus Diplomatic and
24 Antiterrorism Act of 1986 (22 U.S.C. 4831 et seq.), the

1 Secretary shall provide copies of the report to the majority
 2 leader of the Senate, the minority leader of the Senate,
 3 the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the majority
 4 leader of the House of Representatives, and the minority
 5 leader of the House of Representatives, and to the appro-
 6 priate congressional committees for retention and review
 7 by those committees.

8 **SEC. 542. STAFFING.**

9 Section 302(b)(2) of the Diplomatic Security Act (22
 10 U.S.C. 4832(b)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the
 11 following: “Such persons shall be drawn from bureaus or
 12 other agency subunits that are not impacted by the inci-
 13 dent that is the subject of the Board’s review.”.

14 **TITLE VI—MANAGEMENT AND**
 15 **ACCOUNTABILITY**

16 **SEC. 601. SHORT TITLE.**

17 This title may be cited at the “Improving Depart-
 18 ment of State Oversight Act of 2015”.

19 **SEC. 602. COMPETITIVE HIRING STATUS FOR FORMER EM-**
 20 **PLOYEES OF THE SPECIAL INSPECTOR GEN-**
 21 **ERAL FOR IRAQ RECONSTRUCTION.**

22 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any em-
 23 ployee of the Special Inspector General for Iraq Recon-
 24 struction who completes at least 12 months of service at
 25 any time prior to the date of the termination of the Special

1 Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction (October 5,
 2 2013), and was not terminated for cause shall acquire
 3 competitive status for appointment to any position in the
 4 competitive service for which the employee possesses the
 5 required qualifications.

6 **SEC. 603. ASSURANCE OF INDEPENDENCE OF IT SYSTEMS.**

7 The Secretary, with the concurrence of the Inspector
 8 General of the Department of State and Broadcasting
 9 Board of Governors, shall certify to the appropriate con-
 10 gressional committees that the Department has made rea-
 11 sonable efforts to ensure the integrity and independence
 12 of the Office of the Inspector General Information Tech-
 13 nology systems.

14 **SEC. 604. PROTECTING THE INTEGRITY OF INTERNAL IN-**
 15 **VESTIGATIONS.**

16 Section 209(c)(5) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980
 17 (22 U.S.C. 3929(c)(5)) is amended by inserting at the end
 18 the following new subparagraph:

19 “(C) REQUIRED REPORTING OF ALLEGA-
 20 TIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS AND INSPECTOR
 21 GENERAL AUTHORITY.—

22 “(i) IN GENERAL.—Each bureau, post
 23 or other office (in this subparagraph, an
 24 ‘entity’) of the Department of State shall,

1 within five business days, report to the In-
2 spector General any allegations of—

3 “(I) waste, fraud, or abuse in a
4 Department program or operation;

5 “(II) criminal or serious mis-
6 conduct on the part of a Department
7 employee at the FS-1, GS-15, GM-
8 15 level or higher;

9 “(III) criminal misconduct on the
10 part of any Department employee;
11 and

12 “(IV) serious, noncriminal mis-
13 conduct on the part of any individual
14 who is authorized to carry a weapon,
15 make arrests, or conduct searches,
16 such as conduct that, if proved, would
17 constitute perjury or material dishon-
18 esty, warrant suspension as discipline
19 for a first offense, or result in loss of
20 law enforcement authority.

21 “(ii) INSPECTOR GENERAL AUTHOR-
22 ITY.—The Inspector General may, pursu-
23 ant to existing authority, investigate mat-
24 ters covered by clause (i).

1 “(iii) LIMITATION ON INVESTIGATIONS
2 OUTSIDE OF OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GEN-
3 ERAL.—No entity in the Department of
4 State with concurrent jurisdiction over
5 matters covered by clause (i), including the
6 Bureau of Diplomatic Security, may ini-
7 tiate an investigation of such matter unless
8 it has first reported the allegations to the
9 Inspector General as required by clause (i),
10 except as provided in clause (v) and (vi).

11 “(iv) COOPERATION.—If an entity in
12 the Department of State initiates an inves-
13 tigation of a matter covered in clause (i)
14 the entity must, except as provided in
15 clause (v), fully cooperate with the Inspec-
16 tor General, including—

17 “(I) by providing to the Inspector
18 General all data and records obtained
19 in connection with its investigation
20 upon request of the Inspector General;

21 “(II) by coordinating, at the re-
22 quest of the Inspector General, such
23 entity’s investigation with the Inspec-
24 tor General; and

1 “(III) by providing to the Inspec-
2 tor General requested support in aid
3 of the Inspector General’s oversight
4 and investigative responsibilities.

5 “(v) EXCEPTIONS.—The Inspector
6 General may prescribe general rules under
7 which any requirement of clause (iii) or
8 clause (iv) may be dispensed with.

9 “(vi) EXIGENT CIRCUMSTANCES.—
10 Compliance with clauses (i), (iii), and (iv)
11 of this subparagraph may be dispensed
12 with by an entity of the Department of
13 State if complying with them in an exigent
14 circumstance would pose an imminent
15 threat to human life, health or safety, or
16 result in the irretrievable loss or destruc-
17 tion of critical evidence or witness testi-
18 mony, in which case a report of the allega-
19 tion shall be made not later than 48 hours
20 after an entity begins an investigation
21 under the authority of this clause and co-
22 operation required under clause (iv) shall
23 commence not later than 48 hours after
24 the relevant exigent circumstance has
25 ended.

1 “(vii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—
 2 Nothing in this subparagraph may be in-
 3 terpreted to affect any duty or authority of
 4 the Inspector General under any provision
 5 of law, including the Inspector General’s
 6 duties or authorities under the Inspector
 7 General Act.”.

8 **SEC. 605. REPORT ON INSPECTOR GENERAL INSPECTION**
 9 **AND AUDITING OF FOREIGN SERVICE POSTS**
 10 **AND BUREAUS AND OPERATING UNITS DE-**
 11 **PARTMENT OF STATE.**

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
 13 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall sub-
 14 mit a report to Congress on the requirement under section
 15 209(a)(1) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C.
 16 3929(a)(1)) that the Inspector General of the Department
 17 of State and Broadcasting Board of Governors inspect and
 18 audit, at least every 5 years, the administration of activi-
 19 ties and operations of each Foreign Service post and each
 20 bureau and other operating unit of the Department.

21 (b) CONSIDERATION OF MULTI-TIER SYSTEM.—The
 22 report required under subsection (a) shall assess the advis-
 23 ability and feasibility of implementing a multi-tier system
 24 for inspecting Foreign Service posts featuring more (or
 25 less) frequent inspections and audits of posts based on

1 risk, including security risk, as may be determined by the
2 Inspector General.

3 (c) COMPOSITION.—The report required under sub-
4 section (a) shall include separate portions prepared by the
5 Inspector General of the Department of State and Broad-
6 casting Board of Governors, and the Comptroller General
7 of the United States, respectively.

Passed the Senate April 28, 2016.

Attest:

JULIE E. ADAMS,

Secretary.

**AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. ROYCE OF CALIFORNIA**

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
3 “Department of State Authorities Act, Fiscal Year 2017”.

4 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
5 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; Table of contents.
Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—EMBASSY SECURITY AND PERSONNEL PROTECTION

Subtitle A—Review and Planning Requirements

Sec. 101. Designation of high risk, high threat posts.
Sec. 102. Contingency plans for high risk, high threat posts.
Sec. 103. Direct reporting.
Sec. 104. Accountability Review Board recommendations related to unsatisfactory leadership.

Subtitle B—Physical Security and Personnel Requirements

Sec. 111. Capital security cost sharing program.
Sec. 112. Local guard contracts abroad under diplomatic security program.
Sec. 113. Transfer authority.
Sec. 114. Security enhancements for soft targets.
Sec. 115. Exemption from certain procurement protest procedures for non-competitive contracting in emergency circumstances.
Sec. 116. Sense of Congress regarding minimum security standards for temporary United States diplomatic and consular posts.
Sec. 117. Assignment of personnel at high risk, high threat posts.
Sec. 118. Annual report on embassy construction costs.
Sec. 119. Embassy security, construction, and maintenance.

Subtitle C—Security Training

Sec. 121. Security training for personnel assigned to high risk, high threat posts.

Sec. 122. Sense of Congress regarding language requirements for diplomatic security personnel assigned to high risk, high threat post.

Subtitle D—Expansion of the Marine Corps Security Guard Detachment Program

Sec. 131. Marine Corps Security Guard Program.

TITLE II—OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE AND BROADCASTING BOARD OF GOVERNORS

Sec. 201. Competitive hiring status for former employees of the Office of the Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction.

Sec. 202. Certification of independence of information technology systems of the Office of Inspector General of the Department of State and Broadcasting Board of Governors.

Sec. 203. Protecting the integrity of internal investigations.

Sec. 204. Report on Inspector General inspection and auditing of Foreign Service posts and bureaus and other offices of the Department of State.

TITLE III—INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

Sec. 301. Oversight of and accountability for peacekeeper abuses.

Sec. 302. Reimbursement of contributing countries.

Sec. 303. Withholding of assistance.

Sec. 304. Report on Federal Government contributions to the United Nations.

Sec. 305. Reimbursement or application of credits.

Sec. 306. United Nations peacekeeping assessment formula.

Sec. 307. Whistleblower protections for United Nations personnel.

Sec. 308. Encouraging employment of United States citizens at the United Nations.

Sec. 309. Comparative report on peacekeeping operations.

TITLE IV—PERSONNEL AND ORGANIZATIONAL ISSUES

Sec. 401. Locally-employed staff wages.

Sec. 402. Expansion of civil service opportunities.

Sec. 403. Promotion to the Senior Foreign Service.

Sec. 404. Lateral entry into the Foreign Service.

Sec. 405. Reemployment of annuitants and workforce rightsizing.

Sec. 406. Integration of foreign economic policy.

Sec. 407. Training support services.

Sec. 408. Special agents.

Sec. 409. Limited appointments in the Foreign Service.

Sec. 410. Report on diversity recruitment, employment, retention, and promotion.

Sec. 411. Market data for cost-of-living adjustments.

Sec. 412. Technical amendment to Federal Workforce Flexibility Act.

Sec. 413. Retention of mid- and senior-level professionals from traditionally under-represented minority groups.

Sec. 414. Employee assignment restrictions.

TITLE V—CONSULAR AUTHORITIES

Sec. 501. Codification of enhanced consular immunities.
 Sec. 502. Passports made in the United States of America.

TITLE VI—WESTERN HEMISPHERE DRUG POLICY COMMISSION

Sec. 601. Establishment.
 Sec. 602. Duties.
 Sec. 603. Membership.
 Sec. 604. Powers.
 Sec. 605. Staff.
 Sec. 606. Sunset.

TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 701. Foreign relations exchange programs.
 Sec. 702. United States Advisory Commission on Public Diplomacy.
 Sec. 703. Modification of authority to make grants for Radio Free Asia.
 Sec. 704. Rewards for Justice.
 Sec. 705. Extension of period for reimbursement of seized commercial fishermen.
 Sec. 706. Expansion of the Charles B. Rangel International Affairs Program, the Thomas R. Pickering Foreign Affairs Fellowship Program, and the Donald M. Payne International Development Fellowship Program.
 Sec. 706. Repeal of obsolete reports.
 Sec. 707. Prohibition on additional funding.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

2 In this Act:

3 (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-
 4 TEES.—The term “appropriate congressional com-
 5 mittees” means—

6 (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of
 7 the Senate; and

8 (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
 9 the House of Representatives.

10 (2) DEPARTMENT.—Unless otherwise specified,
 11 the term “Department” means the Department of
 12 State.

13 (3) FOREIGN SERVICE.—The term “Foreign
 14 Service” has the meaning given such term in section

1 102 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C.
2 3902).

3 (4) INSPECTOR GENERAL.—Unless otherwise
4 specified, the term “Inspector General” means the
5 Office of Inspector General of the Department.

6 (5) PEACEKEEPING CREDITS.—The term
7 “peacekeeping credits” means the amounts by which
8 United States assessed peacekeeping contributions
9 exceed actual expenditures, apportioned to the
10 United States, of peacekeeping operations by the
11 United Nations during a United Nations peace-
12 keeping fiscal year.

13 (6) SECRETARY.—Unless otherwise specified,
14 the term “Secretary” means the Secretary of State.

15 **TITLE I—EMBASSY SECURITY**
16 **AND PERSONNEL PROTECTION**
17 **Subtitle A—Review and Planning**
18 **Requirements**

19 **SEC. 101. DESIGNATION OF HIGH RISK, HIGH THREAT**
20 **POSTS.**

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the Omnibus Diplomatic
22 Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986 (22 U.S.C. 4801
23 et seq.; relating to diplomatic security) is amended by in-
24 serting after section 103 the following new sections:

1 **“SEC. 104. DESIGNATION OF HIGH RISK, HIGH THREAT**
2 **POSTS.**

3 “(a) INITIAL DESIGNATION.—Not later than 30 days
4 after the date of the enactment of this section, the Sec-
5 retary shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-
6 mittees a report, in classified form, that contains an initial
7 list of diplomatic and consular posts designated as high
8 risk, high threat posts.

9 “(b) DESIGNATIONS BEFORE OPENING OR REOPEN-
10 ING POSTS.—Before opening or reopening a diplomatic or
11 consular post, the Secretary shall determine if such post
12 should be designated as a high risk, high threat post.

13 “(c) DESIGNATING EXISTING POSTS.—The Secretary
14 shall regularly review existing diplomatic and consular
15 posts to determine if any such post should be designated
16 as a high risk, high threat post if conditions at such post
17 or the surrounding security environment require such a
18 designation.

19 “(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section and section 105:

20 “(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-
21 TEES.—The term ‘appropriate congressional com-
22 mittees’ means the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
23 the House of Representatives and the Committee on
24 Foreign Relations of the Senate.

25 “(2) HIGH RISK, HIGH THREAT POST.—The
26 term ‘high risk, high threat post’ means a United

1 States diplomatic or consular post or other United
2 States mission abroad, as determined by the Sec-
3 retary, that, among other factors—

4 “(A) is located in a country—

5 “(i) with high to critical levels of po-
6 litical violence and terrorism; and

7 “(ii) the government of which lacks
8 the ability or willingness to provide ade-
9 quate security; and

10 “(B) has mission physical security plat-
11 forms that fall below the Department of State’s
12 established standards.

13 **“SEC. 105. BRIEFINGS ON EMBASSY SECURITY.**

14 “(a) BRIEFING.—The Secretary shall provide month-
15 ly briefings to the appropriate congressional committees
16 on—

17 “(1) any plans to open or reopen a high risk,
18 high threat post, including—

19 “(A) the importance and appropriateness
20 of the objectives of the proposed post to the na-
21 tional security of the United States, and the
22 type and level of security threats such post
23 could encounter;

24 “(B) working plans to expedite the ap-
25 proval and funding for establishing and oper-

1 ating such post, implementing physical security
2 measures, providing necessary security and
3 management personnel, and the provision of
4 necessary equipment;

5 “(C) security ‘tripwires’ that would deter-
6 mine specific action, including enhanced secu-
7 rity measures or evacuation of such post, based
8 on the improvement or deterioration of the local
9 security environment; and

10 “(D) in coordination with the Secretary of
11 Defense, an evaluation of available United
12 States military assets and operational plans to
13 respond to such posts in extremis;

14 “(2) personnel staffing and rotation cycles at
15 high risk, high threat posts;

16 “(3) the current security posture at posts of
17 particular concern as determined by such commit-
18 tees; and

19 “(4) the progress towards implementation of
20 the provisions specified in title I of the Department
21 of State Security Authorities and Effectiveness Act,
22 Fiscal Year 2017.

23 “(b) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—

24 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
25 graph (2), not later than 30 days before opening or

1 reopening a high risk, high threat post, the Sec-
2 retary shall notify the appropriate congressional
3 committees of the decision to open or reopen such
4 post.

5 “(2) EMERGENCY CIRCUMSTANCES.—If the
6 Secretary determines that the critical national secu-
7 rity interests of the United States require the open-
8 ing or reopening of a high risk, high threat post in
9 fewer than 30 days, then as soon as possible, but
10 not later than 48 hours before such opening or re-
11 opening, the Secretary shall transmit to the appro-
12 priate congressional committees a notification detail-
13 ing the decision to open or reopen such post, the na-
14 ture of the critical national security interests at
15 stake, and the circumstances that prevented the nor-
16 mal 30-day notice under paragraph (1).

17 “(c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—
18 In this subsection, the term ‘appropriate congressional
19 committees’ means—

20 “(1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
21 Committee on Armed Services, the Permanent Select
22 Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on
23 Appropriations of the House of Representatives; and

24 “(2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the
25 Committee on Armed Services, the Select Committee

1 on Intelligence, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.”.

3 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986 is amended by inserting after 5 the item relating to section 103 the following new items:

“Sec. 104. Designation of high risk, high threat posts.

“Sec. 105. Briefings on embassy security.”.

7 **SEC. 102. CONTINGENCY PLANS FOR HIGH RISK, HIGH**
8 **THREAT POSTS.**

9 Subsection (a) of section 606 of the Secure Embassy Construction and Counterterrorism Act of 1999 (22 U.S.C. 4865; relating to diplomatic security) is amended—

13 (1) in paragraph (1)(A), in the first sentence—

14 (A) by inserting “and from complex attacks (as such term is defined in section 416 of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986),” after “attacks from vehicles”; and

19 (B) by inserting “or such a complex attack” before the period at the end;

21 (2) in paragraph (7), by inserting before the period at the end the following: “, including at high risk, high threat posts (as such term is defined in section 104 of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and

1 Antiterrorism Act of 1986), including options for the
2 deployment of additional military personnel or equip-
3 ment to bolster security and rapid deployment of
4 armed or surveillance assets in response to an at-
5 tack”.

6 **SEC. 103. DIRECT REPORTING.**

7 The Assistant Secretary of State for Diplomatic Se-
8 curity shall report directly to the Secretary of State, with-
9 out being required to obtain the approval or concurrence
10 of any other official of the Department, as threats and
11 circumstances require.

12 **SEC. 104. ACCOUNTABILITY REVIEW BOARD RECOMMENDA-**
13 **TIONS RELATED TO UNSATISFACTORY LEAD-**
14 **ERSHIP.**

15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (c) of section 304 of
16 the Diplomatic Security Act (22 U.S.C. 4834) is amended

17 (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)—

18 (A) by striking “Whenever” and inserting
19 “If”; and

20 (B) by striking “has breached the duty of
21 that individual” and inserting “has engaged in
22 misconduct or unsatisfactorily performed the
23 duties of employment of that individual, and
24 such misconduct or unsatisfactory performance
25 has significantly contributed to the serious in-

1 jury, loss of life, or significant destruction of
 2 property, or the serious breach of security that
 3 is the subject of the Board’s examination as de-
 4 scribed in subsection (a)”;

5 (2) in paragraph (2), by striking “finding” each
 6 place it appears and inserting “findings”; and

7 (3) in the matter following paragraph (3)—

8 (A) by striking “has breached a duty of
 9 that individual” and inserting “has engaged in
 10 misconduct or unsatisfactorily performed the
 11 duties of employment of that individual as de-
 12 scribed in this subsection”; and

13 (B) by striking “to the performance of the
 14 duties of that individual”.

15 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
 16 subsection (a) shall apply with respect to any Account-
 17 ability Review Board that is convened under section 301
 18 of the Diplomatic Security Act (22 U.S.C. 4831) on or
 19 after the date of the enactment of this Act.

20 **Subtitle B—Physical Security and** 21 **Personnel Requirements**

22 **SEC. 111. CAPITAL SECURITY COST SHARING PROGRAM.**

23 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE CAPITAL SECURITY
 24 COST SHARING PROGRAM.—It is the sense of Congress
 25 that the Capital Security Cost Sharing Program should

1 prioritize the construction of new facilities and the maintenance of existing facilities at high risk, high threat posts.

3 (b) RESTRICTION ON CONSTRUCTION OF OFFICE
4 SPACE.—Section 604(e)(2) of the Secure Embassy Construction and Counterterrorism Act of 1999 (title VI of
5 division A of H.R. 3427, as enacted into law by section
6 1000(a)(7) of Public Law 106–113; 113 Stat. 1501A-453;
7 22 U.S.C. 4865 note) is amended by adding at the end
8 the following new sentence: “A project to construct a diplomatic facility of the United States may not include office
9 space or other accommodations for an employee of a Federal department or agency to the extent that the Secretary
10 of State determines that such department or agency has
11 not provided to the Department of State the full amount
12 of funding required by paragraph (1), except that such
13 project may include office space or other accommodations
14 for members of the United States Marine Corps.”.

15 **SEC. 112. LOCAL GUARD CONTRACTS ABROAD UNDER DIPLOMATIC SECURITY PROGRAM.**

16 Subsection (d) of section 136 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (22
17 U.S.C. 4864) is amended to read as follows:

18 “(d) AWARD OF LOCAL GUARD AND PROTECTIVE
19 SERVICE CONTRACTS.—In evaluating proposals for local
20 guard contracts under this section, the Secretary of State

1 may award such contracts on the basis of best value as
2 determined by a cost-technical tradeoff analysis (as de-
3 scribed in Federal Acquisition Regulation part 15.101)
4 and, with respect to such contracts for posts that are not
5 high risk, high threat posts (as such term is defined in
6 section 104 of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and
7 Antiterrorism Act of 1986 (22 U.S.C. 4801 et seq.; relat-
8 ing to diplomatic security)), subject to congressional noti-
9 fication 15-days prior to any such award.”.

10 **SEC. 113. TRANSFER AUTHORITY.**

11 Section 4 of the Foreign Service Buildings Act, 1926
12 (22 U.S.C. 295) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
13 lowing new subsection:

14 “(j)(1) In addition to exercising any other transfer
15 authority available to the Secretary of State, and subject
16 to paragraphs (2) and (3), the Secretary may transfer to,
17 and merge with, any appropriation for embassy security,
18 construction, and maintenance such amounts appropriated
19 for fiscal year 2017 for any other purpose related to the
20 administration of foreign affairs on or after October 1,
21 2016, if the Secretary determines such transfer is nec-
22 essary to provide for the security of sites and buildings
23 in foreign countries under the jurisdiction and control of
24 the Secretary.

1 “(2) Any funds transferred pursuant to paragraph
2 (1)—

3 “(A) shall not exceed 20 percent of any appro-
4 priation made available for fiscal year 2017 for the
5 Department of State under the heading ‘Administra-
6 tion of Foreign Affairs’, and no such appropriation
7 shall be increased by more than 10 percent by any
8 such transfer; and

9 “(B) shall be merged with funds in the heading
10 to which transferred, and shall be available subject
11 to the same terms and conditions as the funds with
12 which merged.

13 “(3) Not later than 15 days before any transfer of
14 funds pursuant to paragraph (1), the Secretary of State
15 shall notify in writing the Committee on Foreign Relations
16 and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and
17 the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on
18 Appropriations of the House of Representatives. Any such
19 notification shall include a description of the particular se-
20 curity need necessitating the transfer at issue.”.

21 **SEC. 114. SECURITY ENHANCEMENTS FOR SOFT TARGETS.**

22 Section 29 of the State Department Basic Authorities
23 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2701) is amended, in the third
24 sentence, by inserting “physical security enhancements
25 and” after “may include”.

1 **SEC. 115. EXEMPTION FROM CERTAIN PROCUREMENT PRO-**
2 **TEST PROCEDURES FOR NONCOMPETITIVE**
3 **CONTRACTING IN EMERGENCY CIR-**
4 **CUMSTANCES.**

5 A determination by the Department of State to use
6 procedures other than competitive procedures under sec-
7 tion 3304 of title 41, United States Code, in order to meet
8 emergency security requirements, as determined by the
9 Secretary of State or the Secretary's designee, including
10 physical security upgrades, protective equipment, and
11 other immediate threat mitigation projects, shall not be
12 subject to challenge by protest under either subchapter V
13 of chapter 35 of title 31, United States Code, or section
14 1491 of title 28, United States Code.

15 **SEC. 116. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING MINIMUM SE-**
16 **CURITY STANDARDS FOR TEMPORARY**
17 **UNITED STATES DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR**
18 **POSTS.**

19 It is the sense of Congress that—

20 (1) the Overseas Security Policy Board's secu-
21 rity standards for facilities should apply to all facili-
22 ties consistent with 12 FAM 311.2; and

23 (2) such facilities should comply with require-
24 ments for attaining a waiver or exception to applica-
25 ble standards if it is in the national interest of the
26 United States.

1 **SEC. 117. ASSIGNMENT OF PERSONNEL AT HIGH RISK,**
2 **HIGH THREAT POSTS.**

3 The Secretary of State to the extent practicable shall
4 station key personnel for sustained periods of time at high
5 risk, high threat posts (as such term is defined in section
6 104 of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and
7 Antiterrorism Act of 1986, as added by section 401 of this
8 Act) in order to—

- 9 (1) establish institutional knowledge and situa-
10 tional awareness that would allow for a fuller famil-
11 iarization of the local political and security environ-
12 ment in which such posts are located; and
13 (2) ensure that necessary security procedures
14 are implemented.

15 **SEC. 118. ANNUAL REPORT ON EMBASSY CONSTRUCTION**
16 **COSTS.**

17 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
18 date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter,
19 the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congres-
20 sional committees a comprehensive report regarding all
21 ongoing embassy construction projects and major embassy
22 security upgrade projects.

23 (b) CONTENTS.—Each report required under sub-
24 section (a) shall include the following with respect to each
25 ongoing embassy construction projects and major embassy
26 security upgrade projects:

- 1 (1) The initial cost estimate.
- 2 (2) The amount expended on the project to
- 3 date.
- 4 (3) The projected timeline for completing the
- 5 project.
- 6 (4) Any cost overruns incurred by the project.
- 7 (c) INITIAL REPORT.—The first report required
- 8 under subsection (a) shall include an annex regarding all
- 9 embassy construction projects and major embassy security
- 10 upgrade projects completed during the 10-year period end-
- 11 ing on the date of the enactment of this Act, including,
- 12 for each such project, the following:
- 13 (1) The initial cost estimate.
- 14 (2) The amount actually expended on the
- 15 project.
- 16 (3) Any additional time required to complete
- 17 the project beyond the initial timeline.
- 18 (4) Any cost overruns incurred by the project.

19 **SEC. 119. EMBASSY SECURITY, CONSTRUCTION, AND MAIN-**
20 **TENANCE.**

21 Section 1 of the Foreign Service Buildings Act, 1926
22 (22 U.S.C. 292), is amended by adding at the end the
23 following new subsection:

24 “(c) AUTHORIZATION FOR IMPROVEMENTS AND CON-
25 STRUCTION.—The Secretary of State may improve or con-

1 struct facilities overseas for other Federal departments
 2 and agencies on an advance-of-funds or reimbursable basis
 3 if such advances or reimbursements are credited to the
 4 Embassy Security, Construction, and Maintenance ac-
 5 count and remain available until expended.”.

6 **Subtitle C—Security Training**

7 **SEC. 121. SECURITY TRAINING FOR PERSONNEL ASSIGNED** 8 **TO HIGH RISK, HIGH THREAT POSTS.**

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title IV of the Omnibus Diplo-
 10 matic Security and Antiterrorism Act of 1986 (22 U.S.C.
 11 4851 et seq.; relating to diplomatic security) is amended
 12 by adding at the end the following new sections:

13 **“SEC. 416. SECURITY TRAINING FOR PERSONNEL ASSIGNED** 14 **TO A HIGH RISK, HIGH THREAT POST.**

15 “(a) IN GENERAL.—Individuals assigned perma-
 16 nently to or who are in long-term temporary duty status
 17 as designated by the Secretary of State at a high risk,
 18 high threat post shall receive security training described
 19 in subsection (b) on a mandatory basis in order to prepare
 20 such individuals for living and working at such posts.

21 “(b) SECURITY TRAINING DESCRIBED.—Security
 22 training referred to in subsection (a)—

23 “(1) is training to improve basic knowledge and
 24 skills; and

25 “(2) may include—

1 “(A) an ability to recognize, avoid, and re-
2 spond to potential terrorist situations, including
3 a complex attack;

4 “(B) conducting surveillance detection;

5 “(C) providing emergency medical care;

6 “(D) ability to detect the presence of im-
7 provised explosive devices;

8 “(E) minimal firearms familiarization; and

9 “(F) defensive driving maneuvers.

10 “(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The requirements of this
11 section shall take effect upon the date of the enactment
12 of this section.

13 “(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section and section 417:

14 “(1) COMPLEX ATTACK.—The term ‘complex
15 attack’ has the meaning given such term by the
16 North Atlantic Treaty Organization, as follows: ‘An
17 attack conducted by multiple hostile elements which
18 employ at least two distinct classes of weapon sys-
19 tems (i.e., indirect fire and direct fire, improvised
20 explosive devices, and surface to air fire).’.

21 “(2) HIGH RISK, HIGH THREAT POST.—The
22 term ‘high risk, high threat post’ has the meaning
23 given such term in section 104.

1 **“SEC. 417. SECURITY MANAGEMENT TRAINING FOR OFFI-**
2 **CIALS ASSIGNED TO A HIGH RISK, HIGH**
3 **THREAT POST.**

4 “(a) IN GENERAL.—Officials described in subsection
5 (c) who are assigned to a high risk, high threat post shall
6 receive security training described in subsection (b) on a
7 mandatory basis in order to improve the ability of such
8 officials to make security-related management decisions.

9 “(b) SECURITY TRAINING DESCRIBED.—Security
10 training referred to in subsection (a) may include—

11 “(1) development of skills to better evaluate
12 threats;

13 “(2) effective use of security resources to miti-
14 gate such threats; and

15 “(3) improved familiarity of available security
16 resources.

17 “(c) OFFICIALS DESCRIBED.—Officials referred to in
18 subsection (a) are the following:

19 “(1) Members of the Senior Foreign Service ap-
20 pointed under section 302(a)(1) or 303 of the For-
21 eign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3942(a)(1) and
22 3943) or members of the Senior Executive Service
23 (as such term is described in section 3132(a)(2) of
24 title 5, United States Code).

25 “(2) Foreign Service officers appointed under
26 section 302(a)(1) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980

1 (22 U.S.C. 3942(a)(1)) holding a position in classes
2 FS-1 or FS-2.

3 “(3) Foreign Service Specialists appointed by
4 the Secretary under section 303 of the Foreign Serv-
5 ice Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3943) holding a position
6 in classes FS-1 or FS-2.

7 “(4) Individuals holding a position in grades
8 GS-14 or GS-15.

9 “(5) Personal services contractors and other
10 contractors serving in positions or capacities similar
11 to the officials described in paragraphs (1) through
12 (4).

13 “(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The requirements of this
14 section shall take effect beginning on the date that is one
15 year after the date of the enactment of this section.”.

16 (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of con-
17 tents of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and
18 Antiterrorism Act of 1986 is amended by inserting after
19 the item relating to section 415 the following new items:

“Sec. 416. Security training for personnel assigned to a high risk, high threat
post.

“Sec. 417. Security management training for officials assigned to a high risk,
high threat post.”.

1 **SEC. 122. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING LANGUAGE RE-**
2 **QUIREMENTS FOR DIPLOMATIC SECURITY**
3 **PERSONNEL ASSIGNED TO HIGH RISK, HIGH**
4 **THREAT POST.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—It is the sense of Congress that
6 diplomatic security personnel assigned permanently to or
7 who are in long-term temporary duty status as designated
8 by the Secretary at a high risk, high threat post should
9 receive language training described in subsection (b) in
10 order to prepare such personnel for duty requirements at
11 such post.

12 (b) LANGUAGE TRAINING DESCRIBED.—Language
13 training referred to in subsection (a) should prepare per-
14 sonnel described in such subsection to—

15 (1) speak the language at issue with sufficient
16 structural accuracy and vocabulary to participate ef-
17 fectively in most formal and informal conversations
18 on subjects germane to security; and

19 (2) read within an adequate range of speed and
20 with almost complete comprehension on subjects ger-
21 mane to security.

1 **Subtitle D—Expansion of the Ma-**
2 **rine Corps Security Guard De-**
3 **tachment Program**

4 **SEC. 131. MARINE CORPS SECURITY GUARD PROGRAM.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to the responsibility of
6 the Secretary of State for diplomatic security under sec-
7 tion 103 of the Diplomatic Security Act (22 U.S.C. 4802;
8 enacted as part of the Omnibus Diplomatic Security and
9 Antiterrorism Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-399)), the Sec-
10 retary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of De-
11 fense, shall conduct an annual review of the Marine Corps
12 Security Guard Program, including the following:

13 (1) An evaluation of whether the size and com-
14 position of the Marine Corps Security Guard Pro-
15 gram is adequate to meet global diplomatic security
16 requirements.

17 (2) An assessment of whether the Marine Corps
18 security guards are appropriately deployed among
19 United States embassies, consulates, and other dip-
20 lomatic facilities to respond to evolving security de-
21 velopments and potential threats to United States
22 interests abroad.

23 (3) An assessment of the mission objectives of
24 the Marine Corps Security Guard Program and the

1 procedural rules of engagement to protect diplomatic
2 personnel under the Program.

3 (b) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 180
4 days after the date of the enactment of this Act and annu-
5 ally thereafter for three years, the Secretary of State, in
6 consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit
7 to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on
8 Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of
9 the House of Representatives and the Committee on For-
10 eign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the
11 Committee on Appropriations of the Senate an unclassi-
12 fied report, with a classified annex as necessary, that ad-
13 dresses the requirements specified in subsection (a).

14 **TITLE II—OFFICE OF INSPEC-**
15 **TOR GENERAL OF THE DE-**
16 **PARTMENT OF STATE AND**
17 **BROADCASTING BOARD OF**
18 **GOVERNORS**

19 **SEC. 201. COMPETITIVE HIRING STATUS FOR FORMER EM-**
20 **PLOYEES OF THE OFFICE OF THE SPECIAL**
21 **INSPECTOR GENERAL FOR IRAQ RECON-**
22 **STRUCTION.**

23 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any em-
24 ployee of the Office of the Special Inspector General for
25 Iraq Reconstruction who completes at least 12 months of

1 continuous employment within the Office at any time prior
2 to October 5, 2013, and was not terminated for cause shall
3 acquire competitive status for appointment to any position
4 in the competitive service for which the employee possesses
5 the required qualifications.

6 **SEC. 202. CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INFORMA-**
7 **TION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS OF THE OFFICE**
8 **OF INSPECTOR GENERAL OF THE DEPART-**
9 **MENT OF STATE AND BROADCASTING BOARD**
10 **OF GOVERNORS.**

11 Not later than one year after the date of the enact-
12 ment of this Act and annually thereafter for four years,
13 the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate con-
14 gressional committees, with respect to the network, infor-
15 mation systems, and files of the Office of Inspector Gen-
16 eral of the Department of State and Broadcasting Board
17 of Governors, a certification that the Department has en-
18 sured the integrity and independence of such network, in-
19 formation systems, and files, including the prevention of
20 access to such network, information systems, and files
21 other than as authorized by the Inspector General or the
22 Attorney General.

1 **SEC. 203. PROTECTING THE INTEGRITY OF INTERNAL IN-**
2 **VESTIGATIONS.**

3 Subsection (c) of section 209 of the Foreign Service
4 Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3929) is amended by adding at
5 the end the following new paragraph:

6 “(6) REQUIRED REPORTING OF ALLEGATIONS
7 AND INVESTIGATIONS AND INSPECTOR GENERAL AU-
8 THORITY.—

9 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The head of a bureau,
10 post, or other office of the Department of State
11 (in this paragraph referred to as a ‘Department
12 entity’) shall submit to the Inspector General of
13 the Department a report of any allegation of—

14 “(i) waste, fraud, or abuse in a De-
15 partment program or operation;

16 “(ii) criminal or serious misconduct
17 on the part of a Department employee at
18 the FS-1, GS-15, or GM-15 level or high-
19 er;

20 “(iii) criminal misconduct on the part
21 of a Department employee; and

22 “(iv) serious, noncriminal misconduct
23 on the part of any Department employee
24 who is authorized to carry a weapon, make
25 arrests, or conduct searches, such as con-
26 duct that, if proved, would constitute per-

1 jury or material dishonesty, warrant sus-
2 pension as discipline for a first offense, or
3 result in loss of law enforcement authority.

4 “(B) DEADLINE.—The head of a Depart-
5 ment entity shall submit to the Inspector Gen-
6 eral of the Department a report of an allegation
7 described in subparagraph (A) not later than
8 five business days after the date on which the
9 head of such Department entity is made aware
10 of such allegation.”.

11 **SEC. 204. REPORT ON INSPECTOR GENERAL INSPECTION**
12 **AND AUDITING OF FOREIGN SERVICE POSTS**
13 **AND BUREAUS AND OTHER OFFICES OF THE**
14 **DEPARTMENT OF STATE.**

15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the
16 date of the enactment of this Act, the Inspector General
17 of the Department of State shall submit to the appropriate
18 congressional committees a report on the requirement
19 under section 209(a)(1) of the Foreign Service Act of
20 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3929(a)(1)) that the Inspector General
21 inspect and audit, at least every five years, the administra-
22 tion of activities and operations of each Foreign Service
23 post and each bureau or other office of the Department
24 of State.

1 (b) CONSIDERATION OF MULTI-TIER SYSTEM.—The
2 report required under subsection (a) shall assess the advis-
3 ability and feasibility of implementing a multi-tier system
4 for inspecting Foreign Service posts and bureaus and
5 other offices of the Department of State under section
6 209(a)(1) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 featuring
7 more or less frequent inspections and audits based on risk,
8 including security risk, as may be determined by the In-
9 spector General.

10 **TITLE III—INTERNATIONAL**
11 **ORGANIZATIONS**

12 **SEC. 301. OVERSIGHT OF AND ACCOUNTABILITY FOR**
13 **PEACEKEEPER ABUSES.**

14 (a) STRATEGY TO ENSURE REFORM AND ACCOUNT-
15 ABILITY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the
16 enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit, in un-
17 classified form, to the appropriate congressional commit-
18 tees—

19 (1) a United States strategy for combating sex-
20 ual exploitation and abuse in United Nations peace-
21 keeping operations; and

22 (2) an implementation plan for achieving the
23 objectives set forth in the strategy described in para-
24 graph (1).

1 (b) OBJECTIVES.—The objectives of the strategy re-
2 quired under subsection (a) shall be the following:

3 (1) To dramatically reduce the incidence of sex-
4 ual exploitation and abuse committed by civilian and
5 military personnel assigned to United Nations peace-
6 keeping operations.

7 (2) To ensure the introduction and implementa-
8 tion by the United Nations of improved training,
9 oversight, and accountability mechanisms for United
10 Nations peacekeeping operations and the personnel
11 involved with such operations.

12 (3) To ensure swift justice for any such per-
13 sonnel who are found to have committed sexual ex-
14 ploitation or abuse.

15 (4) To assist the United Nations and troop- or
16 police-contributing countries, as necessary and ap-
17 propriate, to improve their ability to prevent, iden-
18 tify, and prosecute sexual exploitation or abuse by
19 personnel involved in peacekeeping operations.

20 (c) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required under sub-
21 section (a) shall include the following elements and objec-
22 tives:

23 (1) The amendment of the model memorandum
24 of understanding and review of all current memoran-
25 dums of understanding for troop- or police-contrib-

1 uting countries participating in United Nations
2 peacekeeping operations to strengthen provisions re-
3 lating to the investigation, repatriation, prosecution,
4 and discipline of troops or police that are credibly al-
5 leged to have engaged in cases of misconduct.

6 (2) The establishment of onsite courts-martial,
7 as appropriate, for the prosecution of crimes com-
8 mitted by peacekeeping personnel, that is consistent
9 with each peacekeeping operations' status of forces
10 agreement with its host country.

11 (3) The exploration of appropriate arrange-
12 ments to waive the immunity of civilian employees of
13 the United Nations and its specialized agencies,
14 funds, and programs to enable the prosecution of
15 such employees who are credibly alleged to have en-
16 gaged in sexual exploitation, abuse, or other crimes.

17 (4) The creation of a United Nations Security
18 Council ombudsman office that—

19 (A) is authorized to conduct ongoing over-
20 sight of peacekeeping operations;

21 (B) reports directly to the Security Council
22 on—

23 (i) offenses committed by peace-
24 keeping personnel or United Nations civil-
25 ian staff or volunteers; and

1 (ii) the actions taken in response to
2 such offenses; and

3 (C) provides reports to the Security Coun-
4 cil on the conduct of personnel in each peace-
5 keeping operation not less frequently than an-
6 nually and before the expiration or renewal of
7 the mandate of any such peacekeeping oper-
8 ation.

9 (5) The provision of guidance from the United
10 Nations on the establishment of a standing claims
11 commission for each peacekeeping operation—

12 (A) to address any grievances by a host
13 country's civilian population against United Na-
14 tions personnel in cases of alleged abuses by
15 peacekeeping personnel; and

16 (B) to provide means for the government
17 of the country of which culpable United Nations
18 peacekeeping or civilian personnel are nationals
19 to compensate the victims of such crimes.

20 (6) The adoption of a United Nations policy
21 and plan that increases the number of troop- or po-
22 lice-contributing countries that—

23 (A) obtain and maintain DNA samples
24 from each national of such country who is a
25 member of a United Nations military contin-

1 gent or formed police unit, consistent with na-
2 tional laws, of such contingent or unit; and

3 (B) make such DNA samples available to
4 investigators from the troop- or police contrib-
5 uting country (except that such should not be
6 made available to the United Nations) if allega-
7 tions of sexual exploitation or abuse arise.

8 (7) The adoption of a United Nations policy
9 that bars troop- or police-contributing countries that
10 fail to fulfill their obligation to ensure good order
11 and discipline among their troops from providing
12 any further troops for peace operations or restricts
13 peacekeeper reimbursements to such countries until
14 appropriate training, institutional reform, and over-
15 sight mechanisms to prevent such problems from re-
16 curring have been put in place.

17 (8) The implementation of appropriate risk re-
18 duction policies, including refusal by the United Na-
19 tions to deploy uniformed personnel from any troop-
20 or police-contributing country that does not ade-
21 quately—

22 (A) investigate allegations of sexual exploi-
23 tation or abuse involving nationals of such
24 country; and

1 (B) ensure justice for those personnel de-
2 termined to have been responsible for such sex-
3 ual exploitation or abuse.

4 (d) IMPLEMENTATION.—The United States Perma-
5 nent Representative to the United Nations shall use the
6 voice, vote, and influence of the United States at the
7 United Nations to advance the objectives of the strategy
8 required by subsection (a).

9 (e) PEACEKEEPING TRAINING.—The United States
10 should deny further United States peacekeeper training or
11 related assistance, except for training specifically designed
12 to reduce the incidence of sexual exploitation or abuse, or
13 to assist in its identification or prosecution, to any troop-
14 or police-contributing country that does not—

15 (1) implement and maintain effective measures
16 to enhance the discovery of sexual exploitation and
17 abuse offenses committed by peacekeeping personnel
18 who are nationals of such country;

19 (2) adequately respond to complaints about
20 such offenses by carrying out swift and effective dis-
21 ciplinary action against the personnel who are found
22 to have committed such offenses; and

23 (3) provide detailed reporting to the ombuds-
24 man described in subsection (c)(4) (or other appro-
25 priate United Nations official) that describes the of-

1 offenses committed by the nationals of such country
2 and such country's responses to such offenses.

3 (f) ASSISTANCE.—The United States should develop
4 support mechanisms to assist troop- or police-contributing
5 countries, as necessary and appropriate—

6 (1) to improve their capacity to investigate alle-
7 gations of sexual exploitation and abuse offenses
8 committed by nationals of such countries while par-
9 ticipating in a United Nations peacekeeping oper-
10 ation; and

11 (2) to appropriately hold accountable any indi-
12 vidual who commits an act of sexual exploitation or
13 abuse.

14 (g) HUMAN RIGHTS REPORTING.—In coordination
15 with the ombudsman described in subsection (c)(4) (or
16 other appropriate United Nations official), the Secretary
17 shall identify, in the Department's annual country reports
18 on human rights practices, the countries of origin of any
19 peacekeeping personnel or units that—

20 (1) are characterized by noteworthy patterns of
21 sexual exploitation or abuse; or

22 (2) have failed to institute appropriate institu-
23 tional and procedural reforms after being made
24 aware of any such patterns.

1 **SEC. 302. REIMBURSEMENT OF CONTRIBUTING COUN-**
2 **TRIES.**

3 It is the policy of the United States that—

4 (1) the present formula for determining the
5 troop reimbursement rate paid to troop- and police-
6 contributing countries for United Nations peace-
7 keeping operations should be clearly explained and
8 made available to the public on the United Nations
9 Department of Peacekeeping Operations website;

10 (2) regular audits of the nationally-determined
11 pay and benefits given to personnel from troop- and
12 police-contributing countries participating in United
13 Nations peacekeeping operations should be con-
14 ducted to help inform the reimbursement rate re-
15 ferred to in paragraph (1); and

16 (3) the survey mechanism developed by the
17 United Nations Secretary General's Senior Advisory
18 Group on Peacekeeping Operations for collecting
19 troop- and police-contributing country data on com-
20 mon and extraordinary expenses associated with de-
21 ploying personnel to peacekeeping operations should
22 be coordinated with the audits described in para-
23 graph (2) to ensure proper oversight and account-
24 ability.

1 **SEC. 303. WITHHOLDING OF ASSISTANCE.**

2 It is the policy of the United States that security as-
3 sistance should not be provided to any unit of the security
4 forces of a foreign country if such unit has engaged in
5 a gross violation of human rights or in acts of sexual ex-
6 ploitation or abuse, including while serving in a United
7 Nations peacekeeping operation.

8 **SEC. 304. REPORT ON FEDERAL GOVERNMENT CONTRIBU-**
9 **TIONS TO THE UNITED NATIONS.**

10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section 4(c) of
11 the United Nations Participation Act of 1945 (22 U.S.C.
12 287b(e)) is amended—

13 (1) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as
14 follows:

15 “(A) A description of all assistance from
16 the United States to the United Nations to sup-
17 port peacekeeping operations that—

18 “(i) was provided during the previous
19 fiscal year;

20 “(ii) is expected to be provided during
21 the fiscal year or

22 “(iii) is included in the annual budget
23 request to Congress for the forthcoming
24 fiscal year.”;

25 (2) by amending subparagraph (D) to read as
26 follows:

1 “(D) For assessed or voluntary contribu-
2 tions described in subparagraph (B)(iii) or
3 (C)(iii) that exceed \$100,000 in value, including
4 in-kind contributions—

5 “(i) the total amount or estimated
6 value of all such contributions to the
7 United Nations and to each of its affiliated
8 agencies and related bodies;

9 “(ii) the nature and estimated total
10 value of all in-kind contributions in sup-
11 port of United Nations peacekeeping oper-
12 ations and other international peace-
13 keeping operations, including—

14 “(I) logistics;

15 “(II) airlift;

16 “(III) arms and materiel;

17 “(IV) nonmilitary technology and
18 equipment;

19 “(V) personnel; and

20 “(VI) training;

21 “(iii) the approximate percentage of
22 all such contributions to the United Na-
23 tions and to each such agency or body
24 when compared with all contributions to

1 the United Nations and to each such agen-
2 cy or body from any source; and

3 “(iv) for each such United States
4 Government contribution to the United
5 Nations and to each such agency or
6 body—

7 “(I) the amount or value of the
8 contribution;

9 “(II) a description of the con-
10 tribution, including whether it is an
11 assessed or voluntary contribution;

12 “(III) the purpose of the con-
13 tribution;

14 “(IV) the department or agency
15 of the United States Government re-
16 sponsible for the contribution; and

17 “(V) the United Nations or
18 United Nations affiliated agency or
19 related body that received the con-
20 tribution.”; and

21 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
22 paragraph:

23 “(E) The report required under this sub-
24 section shall be submitted in unclassified form,
25 but may include a classified annex.”.

1 (b) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—Not
2 later than 14 days after submitting each report under sec-
3 tion 4(c) of the United Nations Participation Act of 1945
4 (22 U.S.C. 287b(c)), the Director of the Office of Manage-
5 ment and Budget shall post a text-based, searchable
6 version of any unclassified information described in para-
7 graph (1)(D) of such section (as amended by subsection
8 (a) of this section) on a publicly available website.

9 **SEC. 305. REIMBURSEMENT OR APPLICATION OF CREDITS.**

10 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the
11 President shall direct the United States Permanent Rep-
12 resentative to the United Nations to use the voice, vote,
13 and influence of the United States at the United Nations
14 to seek and timely obtain a commitment from the United
15 Nations to make available to the United States any peace-
16 keeping credits that are generated from a closed peace-
17 keeping operation.

18 **SEC. 306. UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING ASSESSMENT**
19 **FORMULA.**

20 The Secretary shall direct the United States Perma-
21 nent Representative to the United Nations to use the
22 voice, vote, and influence of the United States at the
23 United Nations to urge the United Nations to share the
24 raw data used to calculate Member State peacekeeping as-

1 sessment rates and to make available the formula for de-
2 termining peacekeeping assessments.

3 **SEC. 307. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS FOR UNITED NA-**
4 **TIONS PERSONNEL.**

5 The President shall direct the United States Perma-
6 nent Representative to the United Nations to use the
7 voice, vote, and influence of the United States at the
8 United Nations—

9 (1) to call for the removal of any official at the
10 United Nations or at any United Nations agency
11 whom the Secretary determines has failed to uphold
12 the highest standards of ethics and integrity estab-
13 lished by the United Nations, or whose conduct, with
14 respect to preventing sexual exploitation and abuse
15 by United Nations peacekeepers, has resulted in the
16 erosion of public confidence in the United Nations;

17 (2) to ensure that adequate whistleblower pro-
18 tections are extended to personnel participating in
19 United Nations peacekeeping operations, United Na-
20 tions police officers, United Nations staff, contrac-
21 tors, and victims of misconduct involving United Na-
22 tions personnel;

23 (3) to ensure that the United Nations imple-
24 ments adequate protection measures for whistle-
25 blowers who report significant allegations of mis-

1 conduct by United Nations personnel participating
2 in United Nations peacekeeping operations, United
3 Nations staff, or contractors, specifically by imple-
4 menting best practices for the protection of whistle-
5 blowers from retaliation, including best practices
6 for—

7 (A) protection against retaliation for inter-
8 nal and lawful public disclosures;

9 (B) legal burdens of proof;

10 (C) statutes of limitation for reporting re-
11 taliation;

12 (D) access to independent adjudicative
13 bodies, including external arbitration; and

14 (E) results that eliminate the effects of
15 proven retaliation; and

16 (4) to insist that the United Nations provides
17 adequate redress to any whistleblower who has suf-
18 fered from retribution in violation of the protective
19 measures specified in paragraph (3).

20 **SEC. 308. ENCOURAGING EMPLOYMENT OF UNITED STATES**

21 **CITIZENS AT THE UNITED NATIONS.**

22 Section 181 of the Foreign Relations Authorization
23 Act, Fiscal Years 1992 and 1993 (22 U.S.C. 276c-4) is
24 amended to read as follows:

1 **“SEC. 181. EMPLOYMENT OF UNITED STATES CITIZENS BY**
2 **CERTAIN INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.**

3 “Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
4 ment of the Department of State Authorization Act, Fiscal
5 Year 2017, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of State
6 shall submit to Congress a report that provides—

7 “(1) for each international organization that
8 had a geographic distribution formula in effect on
9 January 1, 1991, an assessment of whether that or-
10 ganization—

11 “(A) is taking good faith steps to increase
12 the staffing of United States citizens, including,
13 as appropriate, as assessment of any additional
14 steps the organization could be taking to in-
15 crease such staffing; and

16 “(B) has met the requirements of its geo-
17 graphic distribution formula; and

18 “(2) an assessment of United States represen-
19 tation among professional and senior-level positions
20 at the United Nations, including—

21 “(A) an assessment of the proportion of
22 United States citizens employed at the United
23 Nations Secretariat and at all United Nations
24 specialized agencies, funds, and programs rel-
25 ative to the total employment at the United Na-

1 tions Secretariat and at all such agencies,
2 funds, and programs;

3 “(B) an assessment of compliance by the
4 United Nations Secretariat and such agencies,
5 funds, and programs with any applicable geo-
6 graphic distribution formula; and

7 “(C) a description of any steps taken or
8 planned to be taken by the United States to in-
9 crease the staffing of United States citizens at
10 the United Nations Secretariat and such agen-
11 cies, funds and programs.”.

12 **SEC. 309. COMPARATIVE REPORT ON PEACEKEEPING OP-**
13 **ERATIONS.**

14 Not later than one year after the date of the enact-
15 ment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United
16 States shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-
17 mittees a report on the costs, strengths, and limitations
18 of United States and United Nations peacekeeping oper-
19 ations, which shall include—

20 (1) a comparison of the costs of current United
21 Nations peacekeeping operations and the estimated
22 cost of comparable United States peacekeeping oper-
23 ations; and

24 (2) an analysis of the strengths and limitations
25 of—

1 (A) a peacekeeping operation led by the
2 United States; and

3 (B) a peacekeeping operation led by the
4 United Nations.

5 **TITLE IV—PERSONNEL AND**
6 **ORGANIZATIONAL ISSUES**

7 **SEC. 401. LOCALLY-EMPLOYED STAFF WAGES.**

8 (a) MARKET-RESPONSIVE STAFF WAGES.—Not later
9 than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act and
10 periodically thereafter, the Secretary shall establish and
11 implement a prevailing wage rates goal for positions in
12 the local compensation plan, as described in section 408
13 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3968), at
14 each diplomatic post that—

15 (1) is based on the specific recruiting and re-
16 tention needs of each such post and local labor mar-
17 ket conditions, as determined annually; and

18 (2) is not less than the 50th percentile of the
19 prevailing wage for comparable employment in the
20 labor market surrounding each such post.

21 (b) EXCEPTION.—The prevailing wage rate goal es-
22 tablished under subsection (a) shall not apply if compli-
23 ance with such subsection would be inconsistent with ap-
24 plicable United States law, the law in the locality of em-
25 ployment, or the public interest.

1 (c) RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENT.—The analyt-
2 ical assumptions underlying the calculation of wage levels
3 at each diplomatic post under subsection (a), and the data
4 upon which such calculation is based—

5 (1) shall be filed electronically and retained for
6 not less than five years; and

7 (2) shall be made available to the appropriate
8 congressional committees upon request.

9 **SEC. 402. EXPANSION OF CIVIL SERVICE OPPORTUNITIES.**

10 It is the sense of Congress that the Department
11 should—

12 (1) expand the Overseas Development Program
13 from 20 positions to not fewer than 40 positions
14 within one year of the date of the enactment of this
15 Act;

16 (2) analyze the costs and benefits of further ex-
17 pansion of the Overseas Development Program; and

18 (3) expand the Overseas Development Program
19 to more than 40 positions if the benefits identified
20 in paragraph (2) outweigh the costs identified in
21 such paragraph.

22 **SEC. 403. PROMOTION TO THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE.**

23 Section 601(e) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980
24 (22 U.S.C. 4001(c)) is amended by adding at the end the
25 following new paragraph:

1 “(6)(A) The promotion of any individual joining
2 the Service on or after January 1, 2017, to the Sen-
3 ior Foreign Service shall be contingent upon such in-
4 dividual completing at least one tour in—

5 “(i) a global affairs bureau; or

6 “(ii) a global affairs position.

7 “(B) The requirements under subparagraph (A)
8 shall not apply if the Secretary certifies that the in-
9 dividual proposed for promotion to the Senior For-
10 eign Service—

11 “(i) has met all other requirements appli-
12 cable to such promotion; and

13 “(ii) was unable to complete a tour in a
14 global affairs bureau or global affairs position
15 because there was not a reasonable opportunity
16 for such individual to be assigned to such a po-
17 sition.

18 “(C) In this paragraph—

19 “(i) the term ‘global affairs bureau’ means
20 any bureau of the Department that is under the
21 responsibility of—

22 “(I) the Under Secretary for Eco-
23 nomic Growth, Energy, and Environment;

24 “(II) the Under Secretary for Arms
25 Control and International Security Affairs;

1 “(III) the Under Secretary for Man-
2 agement;

3 “(IV) the Assistant Secretary for
4 International Organization Affairs;

5 “(V) the Under Secretary for Public
6 Diplomacy and Public Affairs; or

7 “(VI) the Under Secretary for Civil-
8 ian, Security, Democracy, and Human
9 Rights; and

10 “(ii) the term ‘global affairs position’
11 means any position funded with amounts appro-
12 priated to the Department under the heading
13 ‘Diplomatic Policy and Support’.”.

14 **SEC. 404. LATERAL ENTRY INTO THE FOREIGN SERVICE.**

15 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
16 gress that the Foreign Service should permit mid-career
17 entry into the Foreign Service for qualified individuals
18 who are willing to bring their outstanding talents and ex-
19 periences to the work of the Foreign Service.

20 (b) PILOT PROGRAM.—Not later than 180 days after
21 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
22 establish a three-year pilot program for lateral entry into
23 the Foreign Service that—

24 (1) targets mid-career individuals from the civil
25 service and private sector who have skills and experi-

1 ence that would be extremely valuable to the Foreign
2 Service;

3 (2) is in full comportment with current Foreign
4 Service intake procedures, including the requirement
5 to pass the Foreign Service exam;

6 (3) offers participants in such pilot program
7 placement in the Foreign Service at a grade level
8 higher than FS-4 if such placement is warranted by
9 the education and qualifying experience of such indi-
10 viduals;

11 (4) requires only one directed assignment in a
12 position appropriate to such pilot program partici-
13 pant's grade level;

14 (5) includes, as part of the required initial
15 training, a class or module that specifically prepares
16 participants in such pilot program for life in the
17 Foreign Service, including conveying to such partici-
18 pants essential elements of the practical knowledge
19 that is normally acquired during a Foreign Service
20 officer's initial assignments; and

21 (6) includes an annual assessment of the
22 progress of such pilot program by a review board
23 consisting of Department officials with appropriate
24 expertise, including employees of the Foreign Serv-

1 ice, in order to evaluate such pilot program's suc-
2 cess.

3 (c) ANNUAL REPORTING.—Not later than one year
4 after the date of the enactment of this Act and annually
5 thereafter for the duration of the pilot program described
6 in subsection (b), the Secretary shall submit to the appro-
7 priate congressional committees a report that describes
8 the following:

9 (1) The cumulative number of accepted and
10 unaccepted applicants to such pilot program.

11 (2) The cumulative number of pilot program
12 participants placed into each Foreign Service cone.

13 (3) The grade level at which each pilot program
14 participant entered the Foreign Service.

15 (4) Information about the first assignment to
16 which each pilot program participant was directed.

17 (5) The structure and operation of such pilot
18 program, including—

19 (A) the operation of such pilot program to
20 date; and

21 (B) any observations and lessons learned
22 about such pilot program that the Secretary
23 considers relevant.

24 (d) LONGITUDINAL DATA.—The Secretary shall—

1 (1) collect and maintain data on the career pro-
2 gression of each pilot program participant for the
3 length of each participant's Foreign Service career;
4 and

5 (2) make the data described in paragraph (1)
6 available to the appropriate congressional commit-
7 tees upon request.

8 **SEC. 405. REEMPLOYMENT OF ANNUITANTS AND WORK-**
9 **FORCE RIGHTSIZING.**

10 (a) **WAIVER OF ANNUITY LIMITATIONS.**—Subsection
11 (g) of section 824 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22
12 U.S.C. 4064) is amended—

13 (1) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking “to facili-
14 tate the” and all that follows through “Afghani-
15 stan,”;

16 (2) by striking paragraph (2); and

17 (3) by redesignating paragraph (3) as para-
18 graph (2).

19 (b) **REPEAL OF SUNSET PROVISION.**—Subsection (a)
20 of section 61 of the State Department Basic Authorities
21 Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2733) is amended to read as fol-
22 lows:

23 “(a) **AUTHORITY.**—The Secretary of State may waive
24 the application of section 8344 or 8468 of title 5, United
25 States Code, on a case-by-case basis, for employment of

1 an annuitant in a position in the Department of State for
2 which there is exceptional difficulty in recruiting or retain-
3 ing a qualified employee, or when a temporary emergency
4 hiring need exists.”.

5 (c) RIGHTSIZING REPORT.—On the date on which the
6 President’s annual budget request is submitted to Con-
7 gress each year through 2022, the Secretary shall submit
8 to the appropriate congressional committees a report that
9 describes the implementation status of all rightsizing rec-
10 ommendations made by the Office of Management, Policy,
11 Rightsizing, and Innovation of the Department related to
12 overseas staffing levels, including whether each such rec-
13 ommendation was accepted or rejected by the relevant
14 chief of mission and regional bureau.

15 **SEC. 406. INTEGRATION OF FOREIGN ECONOMIC POLICY.**

16 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in conjunction
17 with the Under Secretary of Economic Growth, Energy,
18 and the Environment, shall establish—

19 (1) foreign economic policy priorities for each
20 regional bureau, including for individual countries,
21 as appropriate; and

22 (2) policies and guidance for integrating such
23 foreign economic policy priorities throughout the De-
24 partment.

1 (b) DEPUTY ASSISTANT SECRETARY.—Within each
2 regional bureau of the Department, the Secretary shall
3 task an existing Deputy Assistant Secretary with appro-
4 priate training and background in economic and commer-
5 cial affairs with the responsibility for economic matters
6 and interests within the responsibilities of each such re-
7 gional bureau, including the integration of the foreign eco-
8 nomic policy priorities established pursuant to subsection
9 (a).

10 (c) TRAINING.—The Secretary shall establish cur-
11 riculum at the George P. Shultz National Foreign Affairs
12 Training Center to develop the practical foreign economic
13 policy expertise and skill sets of Foreign Service officers,
14 including by making available distance-learning courses in
15 commercial, economic, and business affairs, including in
16 the following:

- 17 (1) The global business environment.
- 18 (2) The economics of development.
- 19 (3) Development and infrastructure finance.
- 20 (4) Current trade and investment agreements
21 negotiations.
- 22 (5) Implementing existing multilateral and
23 World Trade Organization agreements, and United
24 States trade and investment agreements.

1 (6) Best practices for customs and export pro-
2 cedures.

3 (7) Market analysis and global supply chain
4 management.

5 **SEC. 407. TRAINING SUPPORT SERVICES.**

6 Subparagraph (B) of section 704(a)(4) of the For-
7 eign Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4024(a)(4)) is
8 amended by striking “language instructors, linguists, and
9 other academic and training specialists” and inserting
10 “education and training specialists, including language in-
11 structors and linguists, and other specialists who perform
12 work directly relating to the design, delivery, oversight, or
13 coordination of training delivered by the institution”.

14 **SEC. 408. SPECIAL AGENTS.**

15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (1) of section 37(a) of
16 the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22
17 U.S.C. 2709(a)) is amended to read as follows:

18 “(1) conduct investigations concerning—

19 “(A) illegal passport or visa issuance or
20 use;

21 “(B) identity theft or document fraud af-
22 fecting or relating to the programs, functions,
23 or authorities of the Department of State; or

24 “(C) Federal offenses committed within
25 the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction

1 of the United States (as defined in section 7(9)
2 of title 18, United States Code), except as such
3 jurisdiction relates to the premises of United
4 States military missions and related resi-
5 dences;”.

6 (b) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in the amendment
7 made by subsection (a) may be construed to limit the in-
8 vestigative authority of any Federal department or agency
9 other than the Department of State.

10 **SEC. 409. LIMITED APPOINTMENTS IN THE FOREIGN SERV-**
11 **ICE.**

12 Section 309 of the Foreign Service Act (22 U.S.C.
13 3949), is amended—

14 (1) in subsection (a) by striking “subsection
15 (b)” and inserting “subsections (b) and (c)”;

16 (2) in subsection (b)—

17 (A) in paragraph (3)—

18 (i) by striking “if continued service”

19 and inserting the following: “if—

20 “(A) continued service”;

21 (ii) in such subparagraph (A) (as so
22 inserted and designated by clause (i) of
23 this subparagraph), by inserting “or” after
24 the semicolon at the end; and

1 (iii) by adding at the end the fol-
2 lowing new subparagraph:

3 “(B) the individual is serving in the uniformed
4 services (as defined in section 4303 of title 38,
5 United States Code) and the limited appointment ex-
6 pires in the course of such service;”;

7 (B) in paragraph (4), by striking “and” at
8 the end;

9 (C) in paragraph (5), by striking the pe-
10 riod at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

11 (D) by adding at the end the following new
12 paragraph:

13 “(6) in exceptional circumstances if the Secretary de-
14 termines the needs of the Service require the extension
15 of—

16 “(A) a limited noncareer appointment for a pe-
17 riod not to exceed one year; or

18 “(B) a limited appointment of a career can-
19 didate for the minimum time needed to resolve a
20 grievance, claim, investigation, or complaint not oth-
21 erwise provided for in this section.”; and

22 (3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
23 section:

24 “(c)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) non-
25 career employees who have served for five consecutive

1 years under a limited appointment under this section may
2 be reappointed to a subsequent noncareer limited appoint-
3 ment if there is at least a one-year break in service before
4 such new appointment.

5 “(2) The Secretary may waive the one-year break re-
6 quirement under paragraph (1) in cases of special need.”.

7 **SEC. 410. REPORT ON DIVERSITY RECRUITMENT, EMPLOY-**
8 **MENT, RETENTION, AND PROMOTION.**

9 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary should provide
10 oversight to the employment, retention, and promotion of
11 traditionally under-represented minority groups.

12 (b) ADDITIONAL RECRUITMENT AND OUTREACH RE-
13 QUIRED.—The Department should conduct recruitment
14 activities that—

15 (1) develop and implement effective mechanisms
16 to ensure that the Department is able effectively to
17 recruit and retain highly qualified candidates from a
18 wide diversity of institutions; and

19 (2) improve and expand recruitment and out-
20 reach programs at minority-serving institutions.

21 (c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
22 of the enactment of this Act and quadrennially thereafter,
23 the Secretary shall submit to Congress a comprehensive
24 report that describes the efforts, consistent with existing
25 law, including procedures, effects, and results of the De-

1 partment since the period covered by the prior such report,
2 to promote equal opportunity and inclusion for all Amer-
3 ican employees in direct hire and personal service contrac-
4 tors status, particularly employees of the Foreign Service,
5 including equal opportunity for all traditionally under-rep-
6 resented minority groups.

7 **SEC. 411. MARKET DATA FOR COST-OF-LIVING ADJUST-**
8 **MENTS.**

9 (a) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date
10 of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
11 to the appropriate congressional committees a report that
12 examines the feasibility and cost effectiveness of using pri-
13 vate sector market data to determine cost of living adjust-
14 ments for Foreign Service officers and Federal Govern-
15 ment civilians who are stationed abroad.

16 (b) CONTENT.—The report required under subsection
17 (a) shall include—

18 (1) a list of at least four private sector pro-
19 viders of international cost-of-living data that the
20 Secretary determines are qualified to provide such
21 data;

22 (2) a list of cities in which the Department
23 maintains diplomatic posts for which private sector
24 cost-of-living data is not available;

25 (3) a comparison of—

1 (A) the cost of purchasing cost-of-living
2 data from each provider listed in paragraph (1);
3 and

4 (B) the cost (including Department labor
5 costs) of producing such rates internally; and

6 (4) for countries in which the Department pro-
7 vides a cost-of-living allowance greater than zero and
8 the World Bank estimates that the national price
9 level of the country is less than the national price
10 level of the United States, a comparison of cost-of-
11 living allowances, excluding housing costs, of the pri-
12 vate sector providers referred to in paragraph (1) to
13 rates constructed by the Department's Office of Al-
14 lowances.

15 (c) WAIVER.—If the Secretary determines that com-
16 pliance with subsection (b)(4) at a particular location is
17 cost-prohibitive, the Secretary may waive the requirement
18 under such subsection for such location if the Secretary
19 submits to the appropriate congressional committees writ-
20 ten notice and an explanation of the reasons for such waiv-
21 er.

22 **SEC. 412. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT TO FEDERAL WORK-**
23 **FORCE FLEXIBILITY ACT.**

24 Chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, is amend-
25 ed—

1 (1) in subparagraph (A) of section 5753(a)(2),
2 by inserting “, excluding members of the Foreign
3 Service other than chiefs of mission and ambas-
4 sadors at large” before the semicolon at the end;
5 and

6 (2) in subparagraph (A) of section 5754(a)(2),
7 by inserting “, excluding members of the Foreign
8 Service other than chiefs of mission and ambas-
9 sadors at large” before the semicolon at the end.

10 **SEC. 413. RETENTION OF MID- AND SENIOR-LEVEL PROFES-**
11 **SIONALS FROM TRADITIONALLY UNDER-REP-**
12 **RESENTED MINORITY GROUPS.**

13 The Secretary should provide attention and oversight
14 to the employment, retention, and promotion of tradition-
15 ally under-represented minority groups to promote a di-
16 verse representation among mid- and senior-level career
17 professionals through programs such as—

18 (1) the International Career Advancement Pro-
19 gram;

20 (2) Seminar XXI at the Massachusetts Insti-
21 tute of Technology’s Center for International Stud-
22 ies; and

23 (3) other highly respected international leader-
24 ship programs.

1 **SEC. 414. EMPLOYEE ASSIGNMENT RESTRICTIONS.**

2 (a) APPEAL OF ASSIGNMENT RESTRICTION.—The
3 Secretary shall establish a right and process for employees
4 to appeal any assignment restriction or preclusion.

5 (b) CERTIFICATION.—Upon full implementation of a
6 right and process for employees to appeal an assignment
7 restriction or preclusion under subsection (a), the Sec-
8 retary shall submit to the appropriate congressional com-
9 mittee a report that—

10 (1) certifies that such process has been fully
11 implemented;

12 (2) includes a detailed description of such proe-
13 cess; and

14 (3) details the number and nature of assign-
15 ment restrictions and preclusions for the previous
16 three years.

17 (c) NOTICE.—The Secretary shall—

18 (1) publish in the Foreign Affairs Manual infor-
19 mation relating to the right and process established
20 pursuant to subsection (a); and

21 (2) include a reference to such publication in
22 the report required under subsection (b).

23 (d) PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION.—Paragraph (2)
24 of section 502(a) of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 (22
25 U.S.C. 3982(a)) is amended—

1 (1) by inserting “or prohibited from being as-
2 signed to” after “assigned to”; and

3 (2) by striking “exclusively”.

4 **TITLE V—CONSULAR**
5 **AUTHORITIES**

6 **SEC. 501. CODIFICATION OF ENHANCED CONSULAR IMMU-**
7 **NITIES.**

8 Section 4 of the Diplomatic Relations Act (22 U.S.C.
9 254c) is amended—

10 (1) by striking “The President” and inserting
11 the following:

12 “(a) IN GENERAL.—The President”; and

13 (2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
14 section:

15 “(b) CONSULAR IMMUNITY.—

16 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State,
17 with the concurrence of the Attorney General, may,
18 on the basis of reciprocity and under such terms and
19 conditions as the Secretary may determine, specify
20 privileges and immunities for a consular post, the
21 members of a consular post, and their families which
22 result in more favorable or less favorable treatment
23 than is provided in the Vienna Convention on Con-
24 sular Relations, of April 24, 1963 (T.I.A.S. 6820),

1 entered into force for the United States on Decem-
2 ber 24, 1969.

3 “(2) CONSULTATION.—Before exercising the
4 authority under paragraph (1), the Secretary of
5 State shall consult with the Committee on Foreign
6 Affairs of the House of Representatives and the
7 Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate re-
8 garding the circumstances that may warrant the
9 need for privileges and immunities providing more
10 favorable or less favorable treatment than is pro-
11 vided in the Vienna Convention.”.

12 **SEC. 502. PASSPORTS MADE IN THE UNITED STATES OF**
13 **AMERICA.**

14 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
15 gress that all components of United States passports, in-
16 cluding all passport security features, should be printed,
17 manufactured, and assembled exclusively within the
18 United States by United States companies and personnel,
19 contractors, and subcontractors with appropriate security
20 clearances.

21 (b) BRIEFINGS.—The Secretary, in coordination with
22 the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall provide
23 a briefing, which may be given in a classified environment
24 if necessary, to the appropriate congressional committees
25 that includes the following details:

1 (1) A list of all components of the United
2 States passport made outside the United States.

3 (2) The costs of all components of the United
4 States passports made outside the United States.

5 (3) Comparable costs to produce and procure in
6 the United States the items identified in paragraphs
7 (1) and (2).

8 **TITLE VI—WESTERN HEMI-**
9 **SPHERE DRUG POLICY COM-**
10 **MISSION**

11 **SEC. 601. ESTABLISHMENT.**

12 There is established an independent commission to be
13 known as the “Western Hemisphere Drug Policy Commis-
14 sion” (in this title referred to as the “Commission”).

15 **SEC. 602. DUTIES.**

16 (a) REVIEW OF ILLICIT DRUG CONTROL POLICIES.—
17 The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive review of
18 United States foreign policy in the Western Hemisphere
19 to reduce the illicit drug supply and drug abuse and re-
20 duce the damage associated with illicit drug markets and
21 trafficking. The Commission shall also identify policy and
22 program options to improve existing international counter-
23 narcotics policy. The review shall include the following top-
24 ics:

1 (1) An evaluation of United States-funded
2 international illicit drug control programs in the
3 Western Hemisphere, including drug interdiction,
4 crop eradication, alternative development, drug pro-
5 duction surveys, police and justice sector training,
6 demand reduction, and strategies to target drug
7 kingpins.

8 (2) An evaluation of the impact of United
9 States counternarcotics assistance programs in the
10 Western Hemisphere, including the Colombia Stra-
11 tegic Development Initiative, the Merida Initiative,
12 the Caribbean Basin Security Initiative and the Cen-
13 tral America Regional Security Initiative, in curbing
14 drug production, drug trafficking, and drug-related
15 violence and improving citizen security.

16 (3) An evaluation of how the President's annual
17 determination of major drug-transit and major illicit
18 drug producing countries pursuant to section 706 of
19 the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal
20 Year 2003 (22 U.S.C. 2291j-1) serves United
21 States interests with respect to United States inter-
22 national illicit drug control policies.

23 (4) An evaluation of whether the proper indica-
24 tors of success are being used to evaluate United
25 States international illicit drug control policy.

1 (5) An evaluation of United States efforts to
2 stop illicit proceeds from drug trafficking organiza-
3 tions from entering the United States financial sys-
4 tem.

5 (6) An evaluation of the links between the ille-
6 gal narcotics trade in the Western Hemisphere and
7 terrorist activities around the world.

8 (7) An evaluation of United States efforts to
9 combat narco-terrorism in the Western Hemisphere.

10 (8) An evaluation of the financing of foreign
11 terrorist organizations by drug trafficking organiza-
12 tions and an evaluation of United States efforts to
13 stop such activities.

14 (9) An evaluation of alternative drug policy
15 models in the Western Hemisphere.

16 (10) An evaluation of the impact of local drug
17 consumption in Latin America and the Caribbean in
18 promoting violence and insecurity.

19 (11) Recommendations on how best to improve
20 United States counternarcotics policies in the West-
21 ern Hemisphere.

22 (b) COORDINATION WITH GOVERNMENTS, INTER-
23 NATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS, AND NONGOVERNMENTAL
24 ORGANIZATIONS IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE.—In

1 conducting the review required under subsection (a), the
2 Commission is encouraged to consult with—

3 (1) government, academic, and nongovern-
4 mental leaders, as well as leaders from international
5 organizations, from throughout the United States,
6 Latin America, and the Caribbean; and

7 (2) the Inter-American Drug Abuse Control
8 Commission (CICAD).

9 (c) REPORT.—

10 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months
11 after the first meeting of the Commission, the Com-
12 mission shall submit to the Committee on Foreign
13 Affairs of the House of Representatives, the Com-
14 mittee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, the Sec-
15 retary of State, and the Director of the Office of
16 National Drug Control Policy a report that con-
17 tains—

18 (A) a detailed statement of the rec-
19 ommendations, findings, and conclusions of the
20 Commission under subsection (a); and

21 (B) summaries of the input and rec-
22 ommendations of the leaders and organizations
23 with which the Commission consulted under
24 subsection (b).

1 (2) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The report re-
2 quired under this subsection shall be made available
3 to the public.

4 **SEC. 603. MEMBERSHIP.**

5 (a) NUMBER AND APPOINTMENT.—The Commission
6 shall be composed of ten members to be appointed as fol-
7 lows:

8 (1) The majority leader and minority leader of
9 the Senate shall each appoint two members.

10 (2) The Speaker and the minority leader of the
11 House of Representatives shall each appoint two
12 members.

13 (3) The President shall appoint two members.

14 (b) PROHIBITION.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may not in-
16 clude—

17 (A) Members of Congress; or

18 (B) Federal, State, or local government of-
19 ficials.

20 (2) MEMBER OF CONGRESS.—In this sub-
21 section, the term “Member of Congress” includes a
22 Delegate or Resident Commissioner to the Congress.

23 (c) APPOINTMENT OF INITIAL MEMBERS.—The ini-
24 tial members of the Commission shall be appointed not

1 later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this
2 Act.

3 (d) VACANCIES.—Any vacancies shall not affect the
4 power and duties of the Commission, but shall be filled
5 in the same manner as the original appointment. An ap-
6 pointment required by subsection (a) should be made with-
7 in 90 days of a vacancy on the Commission.

8 (e) PERIOD OF APPOINTMENT.—Each member shall
9 be appointed for the life of the Commission.

10 (f) INITIAL MEETING AND SELECTION OF CHAIR-
11 PERSON.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after
13 the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commis-
14 sion shall hold an initial meeting to develop and im-
15 plement a schedule for completion of the review and
16 report required under section 362.

17 (2) CHAIRPERSON.—At the initial meeting, the
18 Commission shall select a Chairperson from among
19 its members.

20 (g) QUORUM.—Six members of the Commission shall
21 constitute a quorum.

22 (h) COMPENSATION.—Members of the Commission—

23 (1) shall not be considered to be a Federal em-
24 ployee for any purpose by reason of service on the
25 Commission; and

1 (2) shall serve without pay.

2 (i) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Members shall receive trav-
3 el expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in
4 accordance with sections 5702 and 5703 of title 5, United
5 States Code, while away from their homes or regular
6 places of business in performance of services for the Com-
7 mission.

8 **SEC. 604. POWERS.**

9 (a) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall meet at the
10 call of the Chairperson or a majority of its members.

11 (b) HEARINGS.—The Commission may hold such
12 hearings and undertake such other activities as the Com-
13 mission determines necessary to carry out its duties.

14 (c) OTHER RESOURCES.—

15 (1) DOCUMENTS, STATISTICAL DATA, AND
16 OTHER SUCH INFORMATION.—

17 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Library of Con-
18 gress, the Office of National Drug Control Pol-
19 icy, the Department of State and any other
20 Federal department or agency shall provide rea-
21 sonable access to documents, statistical data,
22 and other such information the Commission de-
23 termines necessary to carry out its duties.

24 (B) OBTAINING INFORMATION.—The
25 Chairperson of the Commission shall request

1 the head of an agency described in subpara-
2 graph (A) for access to documents, statistical
3 data, or other such information described in
4 such subparagraph that is under the control of
5 such agency in writing when necessary.

6 (2) OFFICE SPACE AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUP-
7 PORT.—The Administrator of General Services shall
8 make office space available for day-to-day activities
9 of the Commission and for scheduled meetings of the
10 Commission. Upon request, the Administrator shall
11 provide, on a reimbursable basis, such administrative
12 support as the Commission requests to fulfill its du-
13 ties.

14 (d) AUTHORITY TO USE UNITED STATES MAILS.—
15 The Commission may use the United States mails in the
16 same manner and under the same conditions as other de-
17 partments and agencies of the United States.

18 (e) AUTHORITY TO CONTRACT.—

19 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the Federal Prop-
20 erty and Administrative Services Act of 1949, the
21 Commission is authorized to enter into contracts
22 with Federal and State agencies, private firms, insti-
23 tutions, and individuals for the conduct of activities
24 necessary to the discharge of its duties under section
25 602.

1 (2) TERMINATION.—A contract, lease, or other
2 legal agreement entered into by the Commission may
3 not extend beyond the date of termination of the
4 Commission.

5 **SEC. 605. STAFF.**

6 (a) DIRECTOR.—The Commission shall have a Direc-
7 tor who shall be appointed by a majority vote of the Com-
8 mission. The Director shall be paid at a rate not to exceed
9 the rate of basic pay for level IV of the Executive Sched-
10 ule.

11 (b) STAFF.—

12 (1) IN GENERAL.—With the approval of the
13 Commission, the Director may appoint such per-
14 sonnel as the Director determines to be appropriate.
15 Such personnel shall be paid at a rate not to exceed
16 the rate of basic pay for level IV of the Executive
17 Schedule.

18 (2) ADDITIONAL STAFF.—The Commission may
19 appoint and fix the compensation of such other per-
20 sonnel as may be necessary to enable the Commis-
21 sion to carry out its duties, without regard to the
22 provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing
23 appointments in the competitive service, and without
24 regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and sub-
25 chapter III of chapter 53 of such title relating to

1 classification and General Schedule pay rates, except
2 that no rate of pay fixed under this subsection may
3 exceed the equivalent of that payable to a person oc-
4 cupying a position at level V of the Executive Sched-
5 ule.

6 (c) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—With the ap-
7 proval of the Commission, the Director may procure tem-
8 porary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of
9 title 5, United States Code.

10 (d) DETAIL OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES.—Upon
11 the request of the Commission, the head of any Federal
12 agency may detail, without reimbursement, any of the per-
13 sonnel of such agency to the Commission to assist in car-
14 rying out the duties of the Commission. Any such detail
15 shall not interrupt or otherwise affect the civil service sta-
16 tus or privileges of the personnel.

17 (e) VOLUNTEER SERVICES.—Notwithstanding sec-
18 tion 1342 of title 31, United States Code, the Commission
19 may accept and use voluntary and uncompensated services
20 as the Commission determines necessary.

21 **SEC. 606. SUNSET.**

22 The Commission shall terminate on the date that is
23 60 days after the date on which the Commission submits
24 its report to Congress pursuant to section 602(c).

1 **TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS**
2 **PROVISIONS**

3 **SEC. 701. FOREIGN RELATIONS EXCHANGE PROGRAMS.**

4 (a) EXCHANGES AUTHORIZED.—Title I of the State
5 Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C.
6 2651a et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7 lowing new section:

8 **“SEC. 63. FOREIGN RELATIONS EXCHANGE PROGRAMS.**

9 “(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may establish ex-
10 change programs under which officers or employees of the
11 Department of State, including individuals appointed
12 under title 5, United States Code, and members of the
13 Foreign Service (as defined in section 103 of the Foreign
14 Service Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3903)), may be assigned,
15 for not more than one year, to a position with any foreign
16 government or international entity that permits an em-
17 ployee to be assigned to a position with the Department
18 of State.

19 “(b) SALARY AND BENEFITS.—

20 “(1) MEMBERS OF FOREIGN SERVICE.—During
21 a period in which a member of the Foreign Service
22 is participating in an exchange program authorized
23 pursuant to subsection (a), such member shall be en-
24 titled to the salary and benefits to which such mem-

1 ber would receive but for the assignment under this
2 section.

3 “(2) NON-FOREIGN SERVICE EMPLOYEES OF
4 DEPARTMENT.—An employee of the Department of
5 State other than a member of the Foreign Service
6 participating in an exchange program authorized
7 pursuant to subsection (a) shall be treated in all re-
8 spects as if detailed to an international organization
9 pursuant to section 3343(c) of title 5, United States
10 Code.

11 “(3) FOREIGN PARTICIPANTS.—The salary and
12 benefits of an employee of a foreign government or
13 international entity participating in an exchange
14 program authorized pursuant to subsection (a) shall
15 be paid by such government or entity during the pe-
16 riod in which such employee is participating in such
17 program, and shall not be reimbursed by the De-
18 partment of State.

19 “(c) NON-RECIPROCAL ASSIGNMENT.—The Secretary
20 may authorize a non-reciprocal assignment of personnel
21 pursuant to this section, with or without reimbursement
22 from the foreign government or international entity for all
23 or part of the salary and other expenses payable during
24 such assignment, if such is in the interests of the United
25 States.

1 “(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
2 tion may be construed to authorize the appointment as
3 an officer or employee of the United States of—

4 “(1) an individual whose allegiance is to any
5 country, government, or foreign or international en-
6 tity other than to the United States; or

7 “(2) an individual who has not met the require-
8 ments of sections 3331, 3332, 3333, and 7311 of
9 title 5, United States Code, or any other provision
10 of law concerning eligibility for appointment as, and
11 continuation of employment as, an officer or em-
12 ployee of the United States.”.

13 **SEC. 702. UNITED STATES ADVISORY COMMISSION ON PUB-**
14 **LIC DIPLOMACY.**

15 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1334 of the Foreign Af-
16 fairs Reform and Restructuring Act of 1998 (22 U.S.C.
17 6553) is amended by striking “October 1, 2015” and in-
18 serting “October 1, 2020”.

19 (b) RETROACTIVITY OF EFFECTIVE DATE.—The
20 amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect as
21 of October 1, 2016. Any lapse in powers, authorities, or
22 responsibilities of the United States Advisory Commission
23 on Public Diplomacy from the period beginning on Octo-
24 ber 1, 2016, and ending on the date of the enactment of
25 this Act, shall be deemed to have not so lapsed.

1 **SEC. 703. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO MAKE GRANTS**
2 **FOR RADIO FREE ASIA.**

3 Section 309 of the Foreign Relations Authorization
4 Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (22 U.S.C. 6208) is
5 amended—

6 (1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking “the fol-
7 lowing countries” and all that follows through the
8 period at the end and inserting “Asia.”; and

9 (2) in subsection (b)(1), by striking “the re-
10 spective countries of”.

11 **SEC. 704. REWARDS FOR JUSTICE.**

12 (a) **IN GENERAL.**—Section 36 of the State Depart-
13 ment Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2708) is
14 amended—

15 (1) in subsection (g), by adding at the end the
16 following new paragraph:

17 “(4) **REPORTS ON REWARDS AUTHORIZED.**—

18 Not less than 15 days after a reward is authorized
19 under this section, the Secretary of State shall sub-
20 mit to the appropriate congressional committees a
21 report, which may be submitted in classified form if
22 necessary, detailing information about the reward,
23 including the identity of the individual for whom the
24 reward is being made, the amount of the reward, the
25 acts with respect to which the reward is being made,
26 and how the reward is being publicized.”; and

1 (2) in subsection (k)(2), by striking “Inter-
2 national Relations” and inserting “Foreign Affairs”.

3 (b) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendment made by
4 subsection (a)(1) takes effect on the date of the enactment
5 of this Act and applies with respect to any reward author-
6 ized under section 36 of the State Department Basic Au-
7 thorities Act of 1956 (as so amended) on or after such
8 date.

9 **SEC. 705. EXTENSION OF PERIOD FOR REIMBURSEMENT OF**
10 **SEIZED COMMERCIAL FISHERMEN.**

11 Subsection (c) of section 7 of the Fishermen’s Protec-
12 tive Act of 1967 (22 U.S.C. 1977) is amended by striking
13 “2008” and inserting “2018”.

14 **SEC. 706. EXPANSION OF THE CHARLES B. RANGEL INTER-**
15 **NATIONAL AFFAIRS PROGRAM, THE THOMAS**
16 **R. PICKERING FOREIGN AFFAIRS FELLOW-**
17 **SHIP PROGRAM, AND THE DONALD M. PAYNE**
18 **INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT FELLOW-**
19 **SHIP PROGRAM.**

20 (a) **ADDITIONAL FELLOWSHIPS AUTHORIZED.**—Be-
21 ginning in fiscal year 2017, the Secretary shall—

22 (1) increase by ten the number of fellows se-
23 lected for the Charles B. Rangel International Af-
24 fairs Program;

1 (2) increase by ten the number of fellows se-
2 lected for the Thomas R. Pickering Foreign Affairs
3 Fellowship Program; and

4 (3) increase by five the number of fellows se-
5 lected for the Donald M. Payne International Devel-
6 opment Fellowship Program.

7 (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-
8 tion may be construed as authorizing the hiring of addi-
9 tional personnel at the Department beyond existing, pro-
10 jected hiring patterns.

11 **SEC. 706. REPEAL OF OBSOLETE REPORTS.**

12 (a) ANNUAL REPORT ON THE ISRAELI-PALESTINIAN
13 PEACE, RECONCILIATION AND DEMOCRACY FUND.—Sec-
14 tion 10 of the Palestinian Anti-Terrorism Act of 2006
15 (Public Law 109-446; 22 U.S.C. 2378b note) is amend-
16 cd—

17 (1) by striking subsection (b); and

18 (2) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
19 section (b).

20 (b) ANNUAL REPORT ON ASSISTANCE PROVIDED FOR
21 INTERDICTION ACTIONS OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES.—Sec-
22 tion 1012 of the National Defense Authorization Act for
23 Fiscal Year 1995 (22 U.S.C. 2291-4) is amended—

24 (1) by striking subsection (c); and

1 (2) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
2 section (b).

3 (c) REPORTS RELATING TO SUDAN.—The Sudan
4 Peace Act (Public Law 107–245; 50 U.S.C. 1701 note)
5 is amended—

6 (1) by striking section 8; and

7 (2) in section 11—

8 (A) in subsection (a), by striking the enu-
9 merator and the heading; and

10 (B) by striking subsections (b) and (c).

11 (d) ANNUAL REPORT ON OUTSTANDING EXPROPRIA-
12 TION CLAIMS.—Section 527 of the Foreign Relations Au-
13 thorization Act, Fiscal Years 1994 and 1995 (Public Law
14 103–236; 22 U.S.C. 2370a) is amended—

15 (1) by striking subsection (f); and

16 (2) by redesignating subsections (g), (h), and
17 (i) as subsections (f), (g), and (h), respectively.

18 (e) OTHER REPORTING REFORM.—The following
19 provisions of law are repealed:

20 (1) Subsections (c)(4) and (c)(5) of section 601
21 of Public Law 96–465.

22 (2) Section 585 of Public Law 104–208.

23 (3) Section 8 of Public Law 107–245.

24 (4) Section 1012(c) of Public Law 103–337.

25 (5) Section 527(f) of Public Law 103–236.

- 1 (6) Section 304(f) of Public Law 107–173.
- 2 (7) Subsections (a) and (b) of section 4 of Pub-
- 3 lic Law 79–264.
- 4 (8) Sections 3203 and 3204(f) of Public Law
- 5 106–246.
- 6 **SEC. 707. PROHIBITION ON ADDITIONAL FUNDING.**
- 7 No additional funds are authorized to be appro-
- 8 priated to carry out this Act and the amendments made
- 9 by this Act.



Chairman ROYCE. As members were notified yesterday, I am going to go ahead and call up the bipartisan en bloc before recognizing myself and others for statements. And so, without objection, the following amendments circulated to your offices yesterday, which all members have in front of them, will be considered en bloc and are considered as read.

There is the Brooks amendment 46, the Chabot amendment 40, the Connolly amendment 77, DesJarlais amendment 10, Duncan amendments 64 and Duncan 65, Engel amendment 95, Keating amendment 14, Kelly amendment 42, Lowenthal amendment 75, Meng amendment 83, Poe amendment 105, 106, and 107, Ros-Lehtinen amendment 46 and 47, Royce amendment 120, Sherman amendment 37, Sherman amendment 38, Smith amendments 94, 96, and 98, and the Yoho amendment 97.

[The information referred to follows:]

**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. BROOKS OF ALABAMA**

At the end of title III, add the following (and conform the table of contents accordingly):

1 SEC. 3 . ADDITIONAL REPORT ON UNITED STATES CON-
2 TRIBUTIONS TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
4 date of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter,
5 the Director of the Office of Management and Budget
6 shall submit to Congress a report on all assessed and vol-
7 untary contributions, including in-kind, of the United
8 States Government to the United Nations and its affili-
9 ated agencies and related bodies during the previous fiscal
10 year.

11 (b) CONTENT.—The report required under subsection
12 (a) shall include the following elements:

13 (1) The total amount of all assessed and vol-
14 untary contributions, including in-kind, of the
15 United States Government to the United Nations
16 and its affiliated agencies and related bodies during
17 the previous fiscal year.

1 (2) The approximate percentage of United
2 States Government contributions to each United Na-
3 tions affiliated agency or body in such fiscal year
4 when compared with all contributions to each such
5 agency or body from any source in such fiscal year.

6 (3) For each such United States Government
7 contribution—

8 (A) the amount of each such contribution;

9 (B) a description of each such contribution
10 (including whether assessed or voluntary);

11 (C) the department or agency of the
12 United States Government responsible for each
13 such contribution;

14 (D) the purpose of each such contribution;
15 and

16 (E) the United Nations or its affiliated
17 agency or related body receiving the contribu-
18 tion.

19 (c) SCOPE OF INITIAL REPORT.—The first report re-
20 quired under subsection (a) shall include the information
21 required under this section for the previous three fiscal
22 years.

23 (d) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—Not
24 later than 14 days after submitting a report required
25 under subsection (a), the Director of the Office of Man-

- 1 agement and Budget shall post a public version of such
- 2 report on a text-based, searchable, and publicly available
- 3 Internet Web site.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. CHABOT OF OHIO**

At the end of title VII, add the following:

1 **SEC. 7xx. COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED**
2 **STATES REPORT ON DEPARTMENT OF STATE**
3 **CRITICAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIP-**
4 **MENT OR SERVICES OBTAINED FROM SUP-**
5 **PLIERS CLOSELY LINKED TO A LEADING**
6 **CYBER-THREAT ACTOR.**

7 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days
8 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comp-
9 troller General of the United States shall submit to Con-
10 gress a report on any critical telecommunications equip-
11 ment, technologies, or services obtained or used by the De-
12 partment of State or its contractors or subcontractors that
13 is—

14 (1) manufactured by a foreign supplier, or a
15 contractor or subcontractor of such supplier, that is
16 closely linked to a leading cyber-threat actor; or

17 (2) from an entity that incorporates or utilizes
18 information technology manufactured by a foreign
19 supplier, or a contractor or subcontractor of such

1 supplier, that is closely linked to a leading cyber-
2 threat actor.

3 (b) FORM.—The report shall be submitted in unclas-
4 sified form, but may include a classified annex.

5 (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

6 (1) The term “leading cyber-threat actor”
7 means a country identified as a leading threat actor
8 in cyberspace in the report entitled “Worldwide
9 Threat Assessment of the US Intelligence Commu-
10 nity”, dated February 9, 2016.

11 (2) The term “closely linked”, with respect to
12 a foreign supplier, contractor, or subcontractor and a
13 leading cyber-threat actor, means the foreign sup-
14 plier, contractor, or subcontractor—

15 (A) has ties to the military forces of such
16 actor;

17 (B) has ties to the intelligence services of
18 such actor;

19 (C) is the beneficiary of significant low in-
20 terest or no-interest loans, loan forgiveness, or
21 other support of such actor; or

22 (D) is incorporated or headquartered in
23 the territory of such actor.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. CONNOLLY OF VIRGINIA**

At the end of title VII, insert the following:

1 **SEC. 7 ____ . REPORT ON DEPARTMENT INFORMATION TECH-**
2 **NOLOGY ACQUISITION PRACTICES.**

3 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days
4 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary
5 shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees
6 a report detailing the Department's information tech-
7 nology acquisition practices.

8 (b) ELEMENTS OF REPORT.—The report required
9 under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:

10 (1) Agency chief investment officer authority
11 enhancements, including reporting on incremental
12 developments regarding whether information tech-
13 nology investments are delivering functionality every
14 six months.

15 (2) Enhanced transparency and risk manage-
16 ment, including the methodology for calculating risk.

17 (3) The frequency and status of agency-wide
18 portfolio reviews to identify opportunities for infor-

1 mation technology efficiency, effectiveness, duplica-
2 tion, and potential savings.

3 (4) Data center consolidation and optimization,
4 including potential savings.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. DESJARLAIS OF TENNESSEE**

At the end of title VII, add the following:

1 **SEC. 7____. PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF REPORTS ON NOMI-**
2 **NEES TO BE CHIEFS OF MISSION.**

3 Not later than seven days after submitting the report
4 required under section 304(a)(4) of the Foreign Service
5 Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 3944(a)(4)) to the Committee on
6 Foreign Relations of the Senate, the President shall make
7 the report available to the public, including by posting the
8 report on the website of the Department in a conspicuous
9 manner and location.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. DUNCAN OF SOUTH CAROLINA**

At the end of title II, add the following:

1 **SEC. 205. IMPLEMENTING GAO AND OIG RECOMMENDA-**
2 **TIONS.**

3 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the Con-
4 gress that the Department of State has not implemented
5 all of the recommendations made by the Government Ac-
6 countability Office (GAO) and Office of Inspector General
7 (OIG) related to the Department and that some rec-
8 ommendations may yield potentially significant cost sav-
9 ings to the American people.

10 (b) BRIEFING.—The Secretary shall provide a brief-
11 ing to the appropriate congressional committees detailing
12 the rationale for not implementing recommendations made
13 by the GAO and OIG related to embassy security or those
14 that may yield significant cost savings to the Department,
15 if implemented.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. DUNCAN OF SOUTH CAROLINA**

At the end of title III, add the following:

1 **SEC. 3xx. STATEMENT OF POLICY ON MEMBER STATE'S**
2 **VOTING PRACTICES AT THE UNITED NA-**
3 **TIONS.**

4 It is the policy of the United States to strongly con-
5 sider a member state's voting practices at the United Na-
6 tions before entering into any agreements with the mem-
7 ber state.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY M .**

At the end of title IV, add the following:

1 SEC. 4 ____ . SECURITY CLEARANCE SUSPENSIONS.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 610 of the Foreign Serv-
3 ice Act of 1980 (22 U.S.C. 4010) is amended—

4 (1) by striking the section heading and insert-
5 ing the following: “**SEPARATION FOR CAUSE;**
6 **SUSPENSION**”; and

7 (2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
8 section:

9 “(c)(1) In order to promote the efficiency of the Serv-
10 ice, the Secretary may suspend a member of the Service
11 when—

12 “(A) the member’s security clearance is
13 suspended; or

14 “(B) there is reasonable cause to believe
15 that the member has committed a crime for
16 which a sentence of imprisonment may be im-
17 posed.

1 “(2) Any member of the Service for whom a
2 suspension is proposed under this subsection shall be
3 entitled to—

4 “(A) written notice stating the specific rea-
5 sons for the proposed suspension;

6 “(B) a reasonable time to respond orally
7 and in writing to the proposed suspension;

8 “(C) obtain at such member’s own expense
9 representation by an attorney or other rep-
10 resentative; and

11 “(D) a final written decision, including the
12 specific reasons for such decision, as soon as
13 practicable.

14 “(3) Any member suspended under this sub-
15 section may file a grievance in accordance with the
16 procedures applicable to grievances under chapter 11
17 of title I.

18 “(4) If a grievance is filed pursuant to para-
19 graph (3)—

20 “(A) the review by the Foreign Service
21 Grievance Board shall be limited to a deter-
22 mination of whether the provisions of para-
23 graphs (1) and (2) have been fulfilled; and

24 “(B) the Board may not exercise the au-
25 thority provided under section 1106(8).

1 “(5) In this subsection:

2 “(A) The term ‘reasonable time’ means—

3 “(i) with respect to a member of the
4 Service assigned to duty in the United
5 States, 15 days after receiving notice of
6 the proposed suspension; and

7 “(ii) with respect to a member of the
8 Service assigned to duty outside the
9 United States, 30 days after receiving no-
10 tice of the proposed suspension.

11 “(B) The terms ‘suspend’ and ‘suspension’
12 mean placing a member of the Foreign Service
13 in a temporary status without duties.”.

14 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
15 in section 2 of the Foreign Service Act of 1980 is amended
16 by striking the item relating to section 610 and inserting
17 the following new item:

“Sec. 610. Separation for cause; Suspension.”.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. KEATING OF MASSACHUSETTS**

At the end of title IV add the following:

1 **SEC. 4xx. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE INTEGRATION OF**
2 **POLICIES RELATED TO THE PARTICIPATION**
3 **OF WOMEN IN PREVENTING AND RESOLVING**
4 **CONFLICTS.**

5 It is the sense of Congress that—

6 (1) within each regional bureau of the Depart-
7 ment, the Secretary should task an existing Deputy
8 Assistant Secretary with the responsibility for over-
9 seeing the integration of policy priorities related to
10 the importance of the participation of women in pre-
11 venting and resolving conflicts; and

12 (2) the Director of the George P. Shultz Na-
13 tional Foreign Affairs Training Center should incor-
14 porate at least one training session related to the
15 importance of the participation of women in pre-
16 venting and resolving conflicts into—

17 (A) the A-100 course attended by Foreign
18 Service Officers; and

1 (B) with respect to Foreign Service Offi-
2 cers who have completed the A-100 course, at
3 least one training course that will be completed
4 not later than the date that is 1 year after the
5 date of the enactment of this Act.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MS. KELLY OF ILLINOIS**

At the end of title VII, add the following:

1 **SEC. 7___. IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR INFORMATION**
2 **TECHNOLOGY AND KNOWLEDGE MANAGE-**
3 **MENT.**

4 Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
5 ment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appro-
6 priate congressional committees an implementation plan,
7 including timelines and resources, required to—

8 (1) establish a hub for analytics, data science,
9 strategy, and knowledge management at the Depart-
10 ment; and

11 (2) migrate suitable information technology (as
12 such term is defined in section 11101(6) of title 40
13 United States Code) to a cloud computing service or
14 a cloud-based solution.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. LOWENTHAL OF CALIFORNIA**

At the end of title IV, add the following:

1 **SEC. 4___. FOREIGN SERVICE FAMILIES WORKFORCE**
2 **STUDY.**

3 Not later than 180 days after the date of the enact-
4 ment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appro-
5 priate congressional committees a report on workforce
6 issues and challenges to career opportunities pertaining to
7 tandem couples in the Foreign Service as well as couples
8 with respect to which only one spouse is in the Foreign
9 Service.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MS. MENG OF NEW YORK**

Page 76, after line 11, insert the following:

1 (a) REWARDS AUTHORIZED.—Section 36(b) of the
2 State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22
3 U.S.C. 2708(b)) is amended in paragraphs (4) and (5)
4 by striking “or (9)” each place it appears and inserting
5 “(9), or (10)”.

Page 76, line 12, strike “(a) IN GENERAL.—” and
insert “(b) REPORTS; DEFINITIONS.—”.

Page 77, line 3, strike “(b)” and insert “(c)”.

Page 77, beginning on line 3, strike “The amend-
ment made by subsection (a)(1) takes effect on the date
of the enactment of this Act and applies” and insert
“The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) take
effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and
apply”.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. POE OF TEXAS**

At the end of title III, add the following:

1 **SEC. 3 ____.** **QUALIFICATIONS OF THE UNITED NATIONS SEC-**
2 **RETARY GENERAL.**

3 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall di-
4 rect the United States Permanent Representative to the
5 United Nations to use the voice, vote, and influence of the
6 United States at the United Nations to urge each can-
7 didate for the position of the United Nations Secretary
8 General to circulate to the Member States of the General
9 Assembly a description of his or her priorities and objec-
10 tives for leading the organization and ensuring that it up-
11 holds the principles outlined by the United Nations Char-
12 ter, including specific recommendations to improve stra-
13 tegic planning and enact far-reaching management, per-
14 formance, and accountability reforms.

15 (b) PROPOSAL FOR UNITED NATIONS REFORM.—
16 The descriptions referred to in subsection (a) shall include
17 the following elements:

18 (1) A process for determining the goals, objec-
19 tives, and benchmarks for the timely withdrawal of

1 peacekeeping forces prior to the approval by the
2 United Nations Security Council of a new or ex-
3 panded peacekeeping operation.

4 (2) A proposal for ensuring that the numbers
5 and qualifications of staff are clearly aligned with
6 the specific needs of each United Nations agency,
7 mission, and program, including measures to ensure
8 that such agencies, missions, and programs have the
9 flexibility needed to hire and release employees as
10 workforce needs change over time.

11 (c) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the
12 United States to withhold support for any candidate for
13 the position of United Nations Secretary General unless
14 such candidate has produced a clear vision for leading the
15 United Nations, including a robust reform agenda as de-
16 scribed in subsection (b), and circulated such 1 to the
17 Member States of the General Assembly.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. POE OF TEXAS**

At the end of title VII, add the following:

1 **SEC. 709. RANSOMS TO FOREIGN TERRORIST ORGANIZA-**
2 **TIONS.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the
4 date of the enactment of this Act, the President, in con-
5 sultation with the Secretary of State, shall transmit to the
6 appropriate congressional committees a report covering
7 the previous calendar providing the following details:

8 (1) Which foreign governments are believed to
9 have facilitated, directly or indirectly, the payment
10 of ransoms.

11 (2) Which foreign terrorist organizations re-
12 ceived payments from foreign governments identified
13 in paragraph (1).

14 (3) The amount of each such payment.

15 (4) The means of delivering such payments.

16 (5) A summary of the Federal Government's ef-
17 forts to counter such payments.

1 (6) Recommendations for improving coordina-
2 tion among the foreign allies of the United States to
3 not pay ransoms.

4 (b) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a)
5 shall be submitted in unclassified form, may include a
6 classified annex, shall be made available to the public by
7 posting the unclassified form of such report on the website
8 of the Department, and may be included in any other re-
9 port that is required to be made public.



1 SEC. 7____. STRATEGY TO COMBAT TERRORIST USE OF SO-
2 CIAL MEDIA.

11 (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection
12 (a) shall include the following:

(2) An analysis of how terrorists and terrorist organizations are using social media, including trends.

1 (3) A summary of the Federal Government's ef-
2 forts to disrupt and counter the use of social media
3 by terrorists and terrorist organizations, an evalua-
4 tion of the success of such efforts, and recommenda-
5 tions for improvement.

6 (4) An analysis of how social media is being
7 used for counter-radicalization and counter-propa-
8 ganda purposes, irrespective of whether or not such
9 efforts are made by the Federal Government.

10 (5) An assessment of the value to law enforce-
11 ment of social media posts by terrorists and terrorist
12 organizations.

13 (6) An overview of social media training avail-
14 able to law enforcement and intelligence personnel
15 that enables such personnel to understand and com-
16 bat the use of social media by terrorists and ter-
17 rorist organizations, as well as recommendations for
18 improving or expanding existing training opportuni-
19 ties.

20 (c) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a)
21 shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include
22 a classified annex in accordance with the protection of in-
23 telligence sources and methods.

1 (d) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES

2 DEFINED.—In this section, the term “appropriate con-
3 gressional committees” means—

4 (1) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the
5 Committee on the Armed Services, the Committee
6 on Homeland Security, the Committee on the Judici-
7 ary, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intel-
8 ligence of the House of Representatives; and

9 (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the
10 Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on
11 Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the
12 Committee on the Judiciary, and the Select Com-
13 mittee on Intelligence of the Senate.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MS. ROS-LEHTINEN OF FLORIDA**

At the end of title III, add the following:

1 **SEC. 3xx. POLICY REGARDING THE UNITED NATIONS**
2 **HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL.**

3 (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
4 gress that the United States should use its voice, vote,
5 and influence at the United Nations to work to ensure
6 that—

7 (1) the United Nations Human Rights Council
8 takes steps to remove permanent items on the
9 United Nations Human Rights Council's agenda or
10 program of work that target or single out a specific
11 country or a specific territory or territories;

12 (2) the United Nations Human Rights Council
13 does not include a member state of the United Na-
14 tions—

15 (A) subject to sanctions by the United Na-
16 tions Security Council;

17 (B) under a United Nations Security
18 Council-mandated investigation for human
19 rights abuses;

1 (C) which the Secretary has determined,
2 for purposes of section 6(j) of the Export Ad-
3 ministration Act of 1979 (as continued in effect
4 pursuant to the International Emergency Eco-
5 nomic Powers Act), section 40 of the Arms Ex-
6 port Control Act, section 620A of the Foreign
7 Assistance Act of 1961, or other provision of
8 law, is a government that has repeatedly pro-
9 vided support for acts of international ter-
10 rorism; or

11 (D) which the President has designated as
12 a country of particular concern for religious
13 freedom under section 402(b) of the Inter-
14 national Religious Freedom Act of 1998; and

15 (3) the percentage of United States citizens em-
16 ployed at the senior level in each of the Research
17 and Right to Development Division, the Human
18 Rights Treaties Division, the Field Operations and
19 Technical Cooperation Division, and the Human
20 Rights Council and Special Procedures Division of
21 the United Nations Human Rights Office of the
22 High Commissioner during the most recently com-
23 pleted plenary session of the United Nations General
24 Assembly is at least equivalent to the percentage of
25 the total United States assessed contribution to the

1 United Nations regular budget during such plenary
2 session of the United Nations General Assembly.

3 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the date
4 of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for
5 each of the following five years, the Secretary shall submit
6 to the appropriate congressional committees a report that
7 describes—

8 (1) the resolutions that were considered in the
9 United Nations Human Rights Council during the
10 previous 12 months;

11 (2) the steps that have been taken during that
12 12-month period to remove permanent items on the
13 United Nations Human Rights Council's agenda or
14 program of work that target or single out a specific
15 country or a specific territory or territories;

16 (3) a detailed list of any country currently on,
17 or running for a seat on, the United Nations Human
18 Rights Council that meets any of the criteria de-
19 scribed in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), or (D) of
20 subsection (a)(3); and

21 (4) the current employment breakdown by na-
22 tionality at each of the four major divisions of the
23 United Nations Human Rights Office of the High
24 Commissioner as specified in subsection (a)(4).



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MS. ROS-LEHTINEN OF FLORIDA**

At the end of title VII, add the following:

1 SEC. 7xx. PROHIBITIONS ON CHANGE TO FEDERAL STATUS
2 OF CERTAIN SERVICES.

3 (a) PROHIBITIONS.—Notwithstanding any other pro-
4 vision of law, any change to the federal status of—

5 (1) the service established pursuant to section
6 4 of Public Law 98–111 is prohibited unless such
7 section is explicitly repealed and such service is dis-
8 solved by an Act of Congress enacted on or after the
9 date of the enactment of this Act; and

10 (2) the service established by section 244(a) of
11 Public Law 101–246 is prohibited unless such sec-
12 tion is explicitly repealed and such service is dis-
13 solved by an Act of Congress enacted on or after the
14 date of the enactment of this Act.

15 (b) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “change
16 to the federal status”, with respect to a service, includes
17 any significant restructuring, privatization, subordination

- 1 to a private or private-public entity, or merger with a pri-
- 2 vate or public-private entity of the service.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. ROYCE OF CALIFORNIA**

Page 5, beginning on line 4, strike “the Secretary” and insert “the Department of State”.

Page 5, line 6, strike “an initial” and insert “a”.

Page 5, line 19, strike “and section 105”.

Page 7, line 20, strike “Department” and all that follows through line 22 and insert “Department of State Authorities Act, Fiscal Year 2017.”.

Page 8, line 6, strike “critical”.

Page 8, line 18, strike “subsection” and insert “section”.

Page 25, line 13, strike “of State”.

Page 25, line 16, strike “of State”.

Page 25, line 17, after “Governors” insert “managed by the Department”.

Page 42, line 5, insert “for three years” after “annually thereafter”.

Strike the second section 706 and insert the following:

1 **SEC. 7xx. REPEAL OF OBSOLETE REPORTS.**

2 The following provisions of law are hereby repealed:

- 3 (1) Section 1213 of Public Law 106–398.
4 (2) Section 1013 of Public Law 103–337.
5 (3) Section 613(b) of Public Law 107–228.
6 (4) Section 4 of Public Law 79–264.
7 (5) Section 404(e) of Public Law 102–138.
8 (6) Section 2104 of Public Law 109–13.
9 (7) Section 721(c) of Appendix G to Public
10 Law 106–113.
11 (8) Section 10(b) of Public Law 109–446.
12 (9) Section 4 of Public Law 107–243.
13 (10) Section 12 of the Act of May 7, 1926.
14 (11) Section 732(a)(2) of Public Law 109–58.
15 (12) Section 1207(d) of Public Law 107–314.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. SHERMAN OF CALIFORNIA**

In section 703, amend the heading to read as follows
(and conform the table of contents accordingly):
“**BROADCASTING BOARD OF GOVERNORS**”.

In section 703, in the matter preceding paragraph
(1), strike “Section 309” and insert the following:

1 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 309

In section 703, add at the end the following:

2 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
3 gress that the Broadcasting Board of Governors should
4 start broadcasting in the Sindhi language.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. SHERMAN OF CALIFORNIA**

At the end of title VII, add the following:

1 **SEC. 7____. RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION OF INDIVID-**
2 **UALS WHO HAVE LIVED, WORKED, OR STUD-**
3 **IED IN PREDOMINANTLY MUSLIM COUNTRIES**
4 **OR COMMUNITIES.**

5 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that successful en-
6 gagement, including robust public diplomacy, with pre-
7 dominantly Muslim countries and communities is critical
8 for achieving United States foreign policy objectives.

9 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
10 gress that the Department should recruit more employees
11 that have a personal background in, and thorough under-
12 standing of, the cultures, languages, and history of the Mid-
13 dle East and wider Muslim world.

14 (c) RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION OF CERTAIN IN-
15 DIVIDUALS.—The Secretary shall make every effort to re-
16 cruit and retain individuals that have lived, worked, or
17 studied in predominantly Muslim countries or commu-

- 1 nities, including individuals who have studied at an Is-
- 2 lamie institution of higher learning.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. SMITH OF NEW JERSEY**

Amend section 307 to read as follows:

1 **SEC. 307. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS FOR UNITED NA-**
2 **TIONS PERSONNEL.**

3 The President shall direct the United States Perma-
4 nent Representative to the United Nations to use the
5 voice, vote, and influence of the United States at the
6 United Nations to—

7 (1) call for the removal of any official of the
8 United Nations or of any United Nations agency,
9 program, commission, or fund who the Secretary has
10 determined has failed to uphold the highest stand-
11 ards of ethics and integrity established by the
12 United Nations, including such standards specified
13 in United Nations Codes of Conduct and Codes of
14 Ethics, or whose conduct, with respect to preventing
15 sexual exploitation and abuse by United Nations
16 peacekeepers, has resulted in the erosion of public
17 confidence in the United Nations;

18 (2) ensure that best practices with regard to
19 whistleblower protections are extended to all per-

1 sonnel serving the United Nations or serving any
2 United Nations agency, program, commission, or
3 fund, especially personnel participating in United
4 Nations peacekeeping operations, United Nations
5 police officers, United Nations staff, contractors,
6 and victims of misconduct, wrongdoing, or criminal
7 behavior involving United Nations personnel;

8 (3) ensure that the United Nations implements
9 protective measures for whistleblowers who report
10 significant allegations of misconduct, wrongdoing, or
11 criminal behavior by personnel serving the United
12 Nations or serving any United Nations agency, pro-
13 gram, commission, or fund, especially personnel par-
14 ticipating in United Nations peacekeeping oper-
15 ations, United Nations staff, or contractors, specifi-
16 cally by implementing best practices for the protec-
17 tion of such whistleblowers from retaliation, includ-
18 ing—

19 (A) protection against retaliation for inter-
20 nal and lawful public disclosures;

21 (B) legal burdens of proof;

22 (C) statutes of limitation for reporting re-
23 taliation;

24 (D) access to independent adjudicative
25 bodies, including external arbitration; and

**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. SMITH OF NEW JERSEY**

In section 704, add at the end the following:

1 (c) SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING EXTRA-
2 DITIONS.—It is the sense of Congress that the refusal by
3 other countries to extradite or otherwise render to the
4 United States fugitives who have been indicted or con-
5 victed within the United States for serious crimes, includ-
6 ing murder, hijacking, and acts of domestic terrorism, is
7 an impediment to justice, undermines international secu-
8 rity, and deserves high level diplomatic efforts toward res-
9 olution.

10 (d) BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 90
11 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Presi-
12 dent shall provide to Congress a briefing related to the
13 issues raised in subsection (c), including—

14 (1) the number of fugitives and others for
15 whom the United States Government is seeking ex-
16 tradition or rendition, both in total and listed by
17 country;

1 (2) the average length of time such extradition
2 or rendition requests have been outstanding, both in
3 general and by country;

4 (3) discussion of diplomatic and other efforts
5 the United States has undertaken to secure the re-
6 turn of such fugitives;

7 (4) discussion of factors that have been barriers
8 to the resolution of such cases; and

9 (5) information on the number of United States
10 citizens whose extradition has been sought by for-
11 eign governments during the past five years, both in
12 total and listed by country, and a discussion of the
13 outcome of such requests.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. SMITH OF NEW JERSEY**

In title VII, add at the end the following:

1 **SEC. 7____. SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING COVERAGE**
2 **OF APPROPRIATE THERAPIES FOR DEPEND-**
3 **ENTS WITH AUTISM SPECTRUM DISORDER**
4 **(ASD).**

5 (a) FINDING.—Congress finds that physical, occupa-
6 tional, speech, and applied behavioral analysis (ABA)
7 therapies are evidenced-based interventions proven to
8 bring about positive change and assist in the long term
9 development of children with autism spectrum disorder
10 (ASD).

11 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
12 gress that the Secretary should endeavor to ensure cov-
13 erage and access, for dependents with ASD of overseas
14 employees, to the therapies described in subsection (a), in-
15 cluding through telehealth, computer software programs,
16 or alternative means if appropriate providers are not ac-
17 cessible due to such employees' placement overseas.



**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO S. 1635
OFFERED BY MR. YOHIO OF FLORIDA**

At the end of title IV, add the following:

1 **SEC. 4___. SPECIAL ENVOYS, REPRESENTATIVES, ADVI-**
2 **SORS, AND COORDINATORS OF THE DEPART-**
3 **MENT.**

4 Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
5 ment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the appro-
6 priate congressional committees a report on special en-
7 voys, representatives, advisors, and coordinators of the
8 Department, that includes—

9 (1) a tabulation of the current names, ranks,
10 positions, and responsibilities of all special envoy,
11 representative, advisor, and coordinator positions at
12 the Department, with a separate accounting of all
13 such positions at the level of Assistant Secretary (or
14 equivalent) or above; and

15 (2) for each position identified pursuant to
16 paragraph (1)—

17 (A) the date on which such position was
18 created;

1 (B) the mechanism by which such position
2 was created, including the authority under
3 which such position was created;

4 (C) such positions authorized under section
5 (d) of section 1 of the State Department Basic
6 Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a);

7 (D) a description of whether, and the ex-
8 tent to which, the responsibilities assigned to
9 such position duplicate the responsibilities of
10 other current officials within the Department,
11 including other special envoys, representatives,
12 advisors, and coordinators;

13 (E) which current official of the Depart-
14 ment would be assigned the responsibilities of
15 such position in the absence of such position;

16 (F) to which current official of the Depart-
17 ment such position directly reports;

18 (G) the total number of staff assigned to
19 support such position; and

20 (II) with the exception of positions created
21 by statute, a detailed explanation of the neces-
22 sity of such position to the effective conduct of
23 the foreign affairs of the United States.



Chairman ROYCE. After recognizing myself and the ranking member, I will be pleased to recognize any member seeking recognition to speak on the bill and on the en bloc amendments.

So here is the concept. The annual authorization of the Department of the State is the signature legislative action of this committee. It is our responsibility. The House has passed an authorization bill in each of the last six Congresses, and I think we are all proud of that. But, unfortunately, when we bring the Senate into the mix, it has been 15 years since this legislation was signed into law.

We have an opportunity to break this streak.

A lack of regular authorizations undermines this committee's ability to influence the agenda and activities of the Department of State, and as a result, we have seen the Department go to other committees to advance priorities. Now, that undermines our congressional oversight.

Today, we will take up the Senate's recently passed State Authorities bill from Fiscal Year 2016, which we have collaborated on with them. It has been 12 years since the Senate passed such a bill. So we should be enthusiastic about the opportunity we now have. The process for Fiscal Year 2016 is completed.

So today we are considering State Authorities for Fiscal Year 2017. In particular, this legislation includes a number of critical Embassy security reforms and improvements. And, for example, thanks to an amendment by Representatives Frankel and Randy Weber, the Department will be authorized to use so-called best value criteria when contracting for local guards at U.S. facilities overseas, and we all know, in retrospect, how imperative this is to make this change.

The bill requires the State Department to designate a list of high-risk, high-threat posts, effectively prioritizing resources, prioritizing security for these posts. The State Department and Defense Department are directed to jointly develop enhanced contingency plans for emergency situations, including planning for rapid deployment of military resources to keep our personnel safe in time of crisis. And we have included important provisions that improve security for children and families of U.S. diplomats abroad.

The bill also contains important provisions to increase accountability for sexual exploitation and abuse by U.N. peacekeepers. This has been the subject of committee hearings. We have also included important provisions to strengthen the oversight capacity of the Inspector General, an office that this committee successfully fought to have filled after sitting vacant for 5 years.

Lastly, the bill increases flexibility in the Department's workforce, allowing civil servants more opportunities to serve overseas, authorizing a pilot program to acquire skilled workers from the private sector at the midcareer level.

So I want to thank the many members who contributed to this bill. I want to thank our ranking member, Mr. Engel, and let me include Chairman McCaul for his language to improve the Rewards for Justice Program, and Mr. Brooks for his language to increase financial transparency and accountability at the United Nations, among others.

And as a result of these many contributions from members on both sides of the aisle here, this is a strengthened and important product, a bipartisan bill that bolsters this committee's role as overseer of State Department operations, and I look forward to seeing this measure advance.

And I turn now to Mr. Engel for his opening statement.

Mr. ENGEL. Thank you, Mr. Chairman, for holding this markup. This is perhaps the most significant markup since I have been ranking member of the committee. I want to second every word you just uttered. I think your statement hit it right on the head, and I thank you for that statement.

In the year 2002, in the wake of a horrific terrorist attack, the way our country looked at the world was quickly changing, but no one could have predicted the way the next years would unfold. A disastrous intervention in the Middle East that toppled a regime and paved the way for a group of extremists even worse than al-Qaeda. The rapid growth in the Asia-Pacific that has drawn the focus of the administration. The true extent of the threats of climate change coming into clear focus. The development of new technologies that connect people around the world in ways we have never known, for better or worse.

In the last 14 years, the challenges and opportunities of the 21st century have come into definition. Our policies, here and around the world, have done their best to keep pace. But 14 years ago—14 years ago—was also the last time a State Department authorization bill made it to the President's desk. It has been 14 years since Congress made a top-to-bottom assessment of the way we carry out our diplomacy. And without assigning blame as to why this hasn't happened, one thing is sure: We are long overdue to move forward on this bill.

We need to be taking constant stock of the way the State Department and other agencies are working to advance American leadership and interests around the world, and we need to be diligent in looking for ways to enhance those efforts.

The Defense Department gets reauthorized every single year, the Defense Department, virtually without fail. We should place no less importance on the agencies whose job it is to prevent conflict and diffuse crises. As I have said before on this committee, stopping an ongoing crisis is a much costlier business than preventing one in terms of American dollars, and often American lives. Our diplomats are some of the most talented people we have working on the front lines of national security. If we fail to give diplomacy the tools and resources needed for success, we do so at our peril.

Furthermore, in my view, if we don't pass this bill—and this is what the chairman said and he was so right—if we don't pass the bill, we put the importance of this committee at risk. With great respect for our colleagues on the other committees that deal with national security, by failing to act on our own oversight responsibilities we open the door for other committees to chip away at our jurisdiction.

And again, this is something that the chairman and I have worked together on. We don't want other committees raiding our jurisdiction. So if we pass things, like we are about to do, that

shows a great deal of importance in what we are doing and tells other committees who might want to poach jurisdiction: Go away.

So I am glad to support the measure we are considering today. I am grateful to members and staff on both sides of the aisle for all their hard work.

There are a few things in particular I would like to emphasize as we start this markup.

First is to remind ourselves that, at its core, diplomacy is about people. Two days ago, the Foreign Service marked its 92nd anniversary. For nearly a century, some of our most dedicated, courageous Americans have chosen this path of public service. From consular officers to political counselors to career Ambassadors, countless men and women have made their mark in every corner of the globe as our country's face to the world, and that is a remarkable record.

And if that century has taught us one thing, it is that if we want to get our foreign policy right, we need to have the right people making that policy a reality. We need to have them in the right places at the right times, and we need to make sure they can do their jobs with confidence in their security.

Diplomacy can be a dangerous business, as we have seen too many times. Our diplomats understand that, but they also know that you cannot conduct diplomacy from inside a bunker. If we are serious about making progress on issues such as climate change, human rights, violent extremism, and public health, our diplomats need to do much more than just meet with government officials. To deal with the complex issues that weave a modern foreign policy, we need to practice diplomacy from the bottom up, engaging with people and communities in a way that we wouldn't have considered a generation ago.

That is why this bill focuses on the security of our Embassies and proper training of our personnel. This bill allows the State Department to hire local protection for our Embassies on the basis of best value rather than lowest cost. In my view, if we are hiring people who we are sure will keep our diplomats safe, there is a great deal of value in that, even if the dollars-and-cents cost is little more. I want to thank Representative Frankel for her work on this provision.

The bill also authorizes funding to improve the security of so-called soft targets, not typical diplomatic facilities, but things like schools and school buses for the children of diplomats abroad.

So with this bill, we are doing more to focus on the people who make up our State Department. And while we are focused on people, we also want the State Department to reflect who we are as a country. Our Foreign Service should look the way America looks, people from a wide range of backgrounds and perspectives. America's diversity is one of our greatest strengths, and as our face to the world, our diplomatic corps should reflect that strength.

Diversity is also about more than practicing what we preach. Bringing together a diverse workforce means bringing together more ideas and different points of view when our leaders face tough decisions. The challenges we face are too complex for us to lean on old ways of thinking or close our eyes to new approaches.

So we have included in this bill a number of provisions to encourage the Department to recruit, train, and retain a diverse workforce. We have seen a lot of reporting that the State Department has been slow to change in these areas, and hopefully these measures will speed the Department in the right direction.

And lastly, I want to thank Chairman Royce for including my Western Hemisphere Drug Policy Commission legislation in this bill. We are facing an unprecedented heroin epidemic, so we need to make sure our drug policy is focused on saving lives. On the domestic side, we need to do much more on prevention and treatment. My provision will allow us to look outward and take stock of what has worked and what hasn't when it comes to our drug policy in Latin America and the Caribbean.

So I am grateful this measure is moving forward, and I am grateful for all the creative and forward-looking ideas that have gone into this bill. I look forward to continuing to work on it. I am very proud of this committee, members on both sides of the aisle, in acting on this long overdue legislation. I am very proud of the bipartisanship that we have shown on this committee. I am very proud of Chairman Royce's leadership. And I want to thank all the members, on both sides of the aisle, for their cooperation.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I yield back.

Chairman ROYCE. Thank you, Mr. Engel.

We have Mr. Chris Smith from New Jersey.

Mr. SMITH. Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman. First of all, thank you for scheduling this and for your leadership in bringing this important bill—and Mr. Engel—to the full committee. I want to thank Chairman Corker as well for his wonderful work on this bill.

You know, the Embassy Security Act and this State Department reauthorization, I remember back in 2000, I was the prime sponsor of the original Admiral Nance and Meg Donovan Foreign Relations Authorization Act, which we also called the Embassy Security Act. And after we got hit in Dar es Salaam and in Nairobi, Kenya, there was a very concerted effort to ensure that setbacks, Mylar on the windows, and all the other protections were put into place, the hiring of more diplomatic security.

And as the chairman pointed out so well, we have been stymied for well over a decade in trying to get an authorization. As a matter of fact, the way I got my bill passed was to hook it. House passed. Senate wouldn't take it up. We hooked it by reference to an appropriations bill, a convoluted way to get something into law. This will be straight up and the way it should be that both committees of the Senate and House do this important work.

There are many important things in this bill, like I said, from strengthening Embassy security to addressing critical U.N. reforms, not the least of which is the sexual exploitation and abuse committed by U.N. peacekeepers. I have held several hearings on the abuse of peacekeepers, including in the DR Congo, I went there, I went to Goma, I met with peacekeepers.

That is still an unfinished business. Peacekeepers are still exploiting children and they were still a part of sex trafficking. Zero tolerance, which is what the U.N. has said is the standard. One of the hearings we called "Zero Compliance." It has gotten better in

some ways. This legislation will help it get even better. So I want to thank the chairman again.

On whistleblowers, we have had two hearings on whistleblowers. One of them was cosponsored by my good friend and colleague, Ileana Ros-Lehtinen. We looked at WIPO, the World Intellectual Property Organization, its director general, who has retaliated against whistleblowers who sat right there at the witness table and told harrowing tales how they had been retaliated against.

It is unconscionable that people who see waste, fraud, and abuse, and great unethical behavior, are themselves retaliated against. This legislation, or the amendment I am offering here, says use our voice, our vote, and our influence to ensure that whistleblowers are protected and the integrity of the U.N. system is advanced.

I also want to thank you for agreeing to include the amendment to address the persistent refusal of nations to extradite fugitives from justice who have been convicted of serious crimes. In 1963, a guy by the name of Wright was sentenced to 15 to 30 years in prison in connection to a gas station robbery during which Walter Patterson, a decorated World War II veteran and Bronze Star recipient, was shot to death.

I have had his family testify at a hearing because Portugal refuses to allow him to be extradited back to the United States to serve his sentence. He was killed in cold blood, convicted by a judicial process here in New Jersey, or in the United States, and then not only did he leave and enter Portugal illegally, he hijacked a plane from Detroit to Miami and went to Algeria. The fact that the Portuguese have refused to—I mean, this festering sore for this family in my district knows no bounds. When they testified, the daughters and the family, they were in tears that their father's death, this man is living in Portugal, Wright, and we can't get him back here to serve his sentence.

Finally, the third amendment that I am offering, and I thank you for including it in en bloc, has to do with autism. Mr. Chairman, as you know, I founded the Autism Caucus, I have written three laws on autism, including the most recent Autism CARES Act. Everywhere I go and travel, and other members get the same feedback, we know that many of our Foreign Service Officers, their dependents, their children especially, are disadvantaged when they are deployed to areas when there is no ABA therapy and other kinds of assistance, particularly early childhood intervention.

This encourages the State Department to have their backs, to provide and to ensure that ABA therapy, which is probably the most effective means of early childhood intervention, to get children to a better way of living throughout their entire lifecycle. This amendment is backed by Autism Speaks, as well as Autism Society, and I thank you for including it.

And I yield back the balance of my time.

Chairman ROYCE. Thank you.

Lois Frankel of Florida.

Ms. FRANKEL. Thank you, Mr. Chair and Mr. Engel.

First of all, I want to start by saying thank you very much for the bipartisanship of this committee. I know we members, we dick-er sometimes, we have our differences of opinion, but when it counts, we step up to the plate and really offer something that we

need. And I want to just echo some of the things that you highlighted already and just thank the other members for all their contributions to this very good bill.

The last State Department authorization bill was signed into law in 2002, and I think we all know that the world has changed significantly since then, especially in regards to our security needs.

As a member of this committee, we have the privilege of traveling all over the world and meeting our diplomatic corps, the people who work in our Embassies. And I will say that one of the highlights of all my trips has been to meet these folks who are so smart and educated and so patriotic and dedicated.

And it is not just our Ambassadors, who are very, very impressive, but it is all the people who work in the Embassies. And I really feel that it is our responsibility to make sure that they are as safe as they can be.

It used to be that most places in the world you consider will be safe, and think about just the past year or two, Paris, Brussels, Jakarta, cities where you would think, hey, we should be safe there. But horrible terrorist attacks.

Under the Vienna Convention, security of foreign Embassies is the responsibility of the host country. When the host country cannot or will not provide security, the State Department hires the local guard force to secure Embassies, search and sweep entrance, patrol and secure the perimeter. U.S. Marines may also be present.

Again, I want to thank Mr. Royce and Mr. Engel for allowing Mr. Weber and I to include in this bill a provision that provides that the State Department has the authority to use the best value contracting for security for all diplomatic posts. Without this authority, when awarding contracts to Embassy security firms, the State Department is required to choose the lowest priced option, regardless of qualifications.

This is very upsetting when you consider that the State Department is allowed to use best value contracting for janitorial and landscaping needs.

Best value allows them to consider past performance, risk aversion, reliability, and innovative pricing practices. A former Ambassador came to me and shared a story when she heard about this provision and explaining that the diplomatic corps was very supportive of this, that in one of her services they contracted with local guards, they had to get the lowest price. The guards, believe it or not, they were recently released from prison, they stole from them, they stole from their families, they ran away during unannounced safety drills, they harassed them, and actually one of the security guards killed the family's pet cat. This is what they had guarding one of the Embassies.

So this goes a long way in changing that. This authority has been requested by the State Department, and I feel very good that we are giving them that authority, I think this is the least of what we can do to protect the very, very brave, as I said before, the brave, educated, smart, patriotic people who we send across the world to not only protect our interests, but to help allies grow and protect their interests.

And I yield back, Mr. Chair.

Chairman ROYCE. We go now to Mr. Tom Marino of Pennsylvania.

Mr. MARINO. Thank you, Chairman. I am pleased that today our committee is taking up a bill authorizing parts of the State Department.

One area that I was disappointed to see that this bill did not address was export control reform. In 2009, this administration began work on export control reform, and so far it has been very successful in most areas.

Unfortunately, due to this administration's ongoing aversion to firearms, they have not completed export control reforms in regards to firearms and ammunition. Out of the 18 categories the administration included in their initiative, 12 had final rules written that are now in effect. Only three categories—firearms, guns, and armament and ammunition—have not even had a rule proposed.

And their agency work on these categories has been completed for more than 4 years, but this administration refuses to publish them in the Federal Register. These categories were scheduled to be included in this initiative by the administration but have been left behind.

It is time that we make all our exports competitive. This administration should finish the work that they started and complete export control reform.

Here in the near future, my colleague, Collin Peterson, will be introducing a resolution that expresses Congress' support for completing export control reform. This is an important sign from Congress of the importance of these reforms. I will be a cosponsor of this legislation and hope my colleagues will join me in supporting this resolution. I look forward to working with the committee, the administration, and other members to ensure that export control reform is completed fully.

And I yield back.

Chairman ROYCE. Thank you.

I want to thank Mr. Marino for his consideration and interest in issues that, although outside the scope of this bill, are serious issues that the committee will continue to study.

We go now to Grace Meng of New York.

To Mr. William Keating of Massachusetts.

Mr. KEATING. I yield back.

Chairman ROYCE. Mr. Keating yields back.

And we go to Mr. Lowenthal.

Mr. LOWENTHAL. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. And I too would like to thank the chairman and the ranking member for bringing up this very important legislation.

In a time of rapid change, frequent unrest in the world, it is crucial for the United States to demonstrate our continued commitment to diplomacy. Our taking up of this bill renews that commitment by investing in our diplomats and in their safety.

I am especially pleased to see the provisions strengthening diversity and recruitment, employment, retention, and promotion, and expanding the Rangel, Pickering, and the Payne Fellowships. Our Foreign Service Officers are America's face to the world in countries everywhere. They should reflect and represent the rich diversity that has made our Nation truly great.

In this spirit, I have a very simple amendment in the en bloc directing the Secretary to conduct and submit a study on workforce issues and challenges to career opportunities for tandem couples in the Foreign Service, as well as couples with only one spouse in the Foreign Service. This language is taken directly from the Senate version of this bill.

Foreign Service Officers bravely serve their country for years, for many decades in many cases. The report requested in this amendment will be a valuable tool in illuminating the challenges facing Foreign Service Officers with spouses that are both in and out of the service.

I just want to thank the chairman and the ranking member and their staffs for working to include this simple amendment in the en bloc.

And I thank you again, and I yield back.

Chairman ROYCE. Mr. David Trott from Michigan.

Mr. TROTT. Thank you, Chairman Royce and Ranking Member Engel, for bringing this bill up for consideration today.

While our committee has jurisdiction over many items relating to our national security and diplomatic relations with foreign governments, one of our most important tasks is oversight of the State Department and making sure our diplomats and Embassies are as secure as possible.

This bill includes many crucial provisions regarding oversight, whistleblower protections, and also programs to ensure that we recruit the best and brightest candidates to serve as our diplomats overseas. We also send a clear message in this bill to countries that commit gross human rights violations that they will be held accountable and aid could be withheld.

Taxpayers will be happy to see a more transparent State Department because this bill requires the Office of Management and Budget to report on all U.S. assessments and contributions to the United Nations.

I am proud of the bipartisan efforts in this committee and look forward to full passage of the bill by the House of Representatives.

I yield back my time.

Chairman ROYCE. Thank you, Mr. Trott.

Mr. David Cicilline of Rhode Island.

Mr. CICILLINE. Thank you, Chairman Royce and Ranking Member Engel, for holding this markup today. I am pleased that this committee has once again come together in a spirit of bipartisanism to mark up the State Department authorization for the first time since 2013. I commend my colleagues and the committee staff for the hard work that went into getting us to this point.

Holding this markup is indeed noteworthy, especially when we consider how much the world has changed since the last State Department authorization bill was signed into law back in 2002. I welcome this opportunity of the Foreign Affairs Committee to carry out our responsibility in authorizing the State Department.

American leadership in the world is critically important today, given the many challenges facing the United States, our allies, and our partners around the globe. This bill provides the State Department with the tools it needs to confront these challenges by addressing issues such as Embassy security and personnel protection,

diversity in hiring and assignments, and addressing concerns related to the United Nations.

I am the co-chair of the Congressional Peacekeeping Caucus, which I formed with my Republican colleague Adam Kinzinger of Illinois, so that Members of Congress can discuss the importance of regional peacekeeping operations and their impact on U.S. foreign policy and national security. That is why I am particularly pleased that this bill addresses oversight of and accountability for peacekeeper abuses by requiring the Secretary to submit a strategy and implementation plan for combating sexual exploitation in U.N. peacekeeping operations to help reduce occurrences of such abuse and to improve the capacity of the U.N. to prevent and identify sexual exploitation.

I am pleased that the bill makes clear that it is the policy of the United States Government to withhold assistance to any security force unit of a foreign country that has committed a gross violation of human rights, including sexual exploitation or abuse.

And I welcome the whistleblower protections that are included in the bill which call for the U.S. Permanent Representative to advocate for the removal of any official whom the Secretary determines has failed to meet ethical standards, to ensure that whistleblower protections are extended to U.N. peacekeeping personnel, and to encourage the U.N. to provide redress to any whistleblower who has suffered retribution.

The Africa, Global Health, Global Human Rights, and International Organizations and Middle East and North Africa subcommittees have heard testimony this year from brave U.N. employees who spoke out against abuses within the U.N. system which highlighted not only gross misconduct of U.N. teams in places such as Sudan, but also in subsequent so-called investigations. The United States should be a leader in the effort to overhaul the U.N.'s whistleblower systems and protections.

I also want to applaud the provisions in the bill to increase diversity at the State Department, augment fellowship and training opportunities, and enhance benefits and career opportunities for Department personnel. These efforts will help attract the best people to represent the Nation and conduct the important work of the Department.

The evolution and growth of the demands on the State Department since 2002, when the Department's authorization was last signed into law, are significant. This bill offers the first opportunity we have had in a long time to ensure the State Department is well positioned to confront 21st century challenges.

And I again want to thank you, Mr. Chairman and our ranking member, and your staffs, for the work in bringing us to this day. And with that, I yield back.

Chairman ROYCE. Thank you.

We are going to go to Mr. Jeff Duncan.

Mr. DUNCAN. Thank you, Mr. Chairman, and thanks for this important bill. I have two amendments on the en bloc, and I appreciate them being included in the en bloc.

I do think it is important to authorize programs and agencies. I think we have been operating for way too long without doing au-

thorization bills, not in this committee but in the Congress as a whole. So that is just where I stand on that.

Two amendments that I have, one just says it is time for the State Department really to follow the IG and the GAO recommendations and start implementing that. It is going to be huge cost savings for the United States and for our taxpayers. The hard-working American taxpayers expect agencies to operate within their means and to try to implement cost savings at every turn, good best management practices, things I do in the private sector, because it is the taxpayers' money, and I think the amendment I have addresses that.

The second amendment, we see often—too often—in the United Nations where countries that are the beneficiaries of our tremendous benevolence of foreign assistance and other programs not go with us in the U.N. on at least half the time. We see percentages like Haiti, 18 percent of the time they vote with the U.S., and they receive a tremendous amount of taxpayer dollars. They are recipients of programs that the U.S. implements in their countries, but yet they can't stand with us in the United Nations. I just think that is important. And it is more than just the foreign assistance money. It is about doing what is right for the United States and what we stand for and the fact that we are their benefactor.

So the second amendment just addresses that, that before entering into agreements with the member states, that they vote with us more often. I think that is something that we need to talk about at a future date going forward, and it may be an authorization bill itself.

But I do appreciate these amendments being in the en bloc, and I look forward to supporting the bill. And with that, I yield back. Chairman ROYCE. Thank you, Mr. Duncan.

We go to Robin Kelly of Illinois.

Ms. KELLY. Thank you, Mr. Chair. I too want to thank you and Ranking Member Engel for your leadership and your staff, and thank you for including my amendment in this bill.

I applaud the State Department's commitment to innovation and its continued work to modernize its infrastructure. My amendment would help ensure that the State Department stays on track in these efforts.

Last year, in its Quadrennial Diplomacy and Development Review, the State Department included in its recommendations the establishment of a hub for analytics, strategy, and knowledge management. I know that many, if not all of my colleagues here support the creation of this hub as a way to improve efficiency at State.

If implemented correctly, integrating data analytics into a shared hub will allow for deeper analysis, increased collaboration, and overall improved efficiency.

Similarly, I serve as the ranking member of the Oversight Subcommittee on Information Technology. In this role, my top priority has been to update Federal agencies' IT systems, which will save billions of dollars while improving the security of our cyber infrastructure. A large part of this modernization is transitioning to the cloud.

My amendment simply requires that State update this committee on these two vital efforts. Improving data sharing and cybersecurity at State is something that all of my colleagues can support.

Thank you, Mr. Chairman, for the opportunity to offer this amendment. I yield back.

Chairman ROYCE. Thank you, Congresswoman Kelly.

We need to go to William Keating of Massachusetts.

Mr. KEATING. Thank you, Mr. Chairman. I too want to mention at the outset the work of this committee and the work of you, Mr. Chairman, and Ranking Member Engel. Earlier in this Congress we had the first of its kind hearing centering on the role of women in security. It was really a breakthrough moment for the committee, and I want to thank you for your work on this.

This amendment that is included in the en bloc is part of that. And I just want to thank your staffs as well for working with us on this. And I want to make mention of Representative Schakowsky, who has been working on separate legislation not as a member of this committee, but outside, to work to advance legislation with women, peace, and security that really codifies the important policies and practice to promote the inclusion and participation of women in peace and security.

This amendment is a sense of Congress that, first, Deputy Assistant Secretaries be tasked by the Secretary of State with overseeing the integration of policy priorities related to women's participation in preventing and resolving conflicts; and second, that all Foreign Service Officers receive at least one training on the importance of women's participation in these particular areas.

It is an important issue, the role of women in security. When we talk about being more effective in eradicating security threats and promoting stability overseas, we need to seriously consider the role of women, as this committee has, and the role they play in terms of these policies.

The research is overwhelming in demonstrating that the active participation of women in resolving conflict leads to longer-term peace, and importantly, better outcomes for communities. Just one example through my work, working with Chairman Poe as the ranking member on Terrorism, Nonproliferation, and Trade, in this subcommittee, and as a member of the Homeland Security Committee, we found that engaging women in efforts to counter violent extremism has consistently led to law enforcement and security experts gaining greater access to communities and more effectively combating radicalization and the spread of violent extremism.

So if we want to be as effective as we can be to increase stability throughout the world and be smart about our expenditures overseas, investing in women's participation in security at the local, national, and international levels is key.

I yield back.

Chairman ROYCE. Thank you, Mr. Keating. I appreciate the contribution here to this debate which this amendment of yours has made. And I will just add that the committee is working on additional legislation, which we will move on this issue.

Are there any other members that seek recognition?

Hearing no further requests for recognition, the Chair moves that the committee adopt the amendments considered en bloc.

All those in favor, say aye.

All those opposed, no.

In the opinion of the Chair, the ayes have it, and the amendments considered en bloc are agreed to.

Are there any additional amendments to the base text?

Hearing none, the Chair now moves that the committee adopt Senate bill 1635, as amended.

All those in favor, say aye.

All those opposed, no.

In the opinion of the Chair, the ayes have it, and the bill, as amended, is agreed to.

So without objection, this bill, as amended, is ordered favorably reported as a single amendment in the nature of a substitute, and staff is directed to make any technical and conforming changes. And also, without objection, the Chair is authorized to seek House consideration of the bill under suspension of the rules.

This concludes our business for today. And I want to thank Ranking Member Engel and all of our committee members for their contributions and assistance with today's markup.

The committee is adjourned.

[Whereupon, at 10:16 a.m., the committee was adjourned.]

A P P E N D I X

MATERIAL SUBMITTED FOR THE RECORD

**FULL COMMITTEE MARKUP NOTICE
COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS
U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
WASHINGTON, DC 20515-6128**

Edward R. Royce (R-CA), Chairman

May 26, 2016

TO: MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS

You are respectfully requested to attend an OPEN meeting of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, to be held in Room 2172 of the Rayburn House Office Building (and available live on the Committee website at <http://www.ForeignAffairs.house.gov>):

DATE: Thursday, May 26, 2016

TIME: 9:30 a.m.

MARKUP OF: S. 1635, Department of State Operations Authorization and Embassy Security Act, Fiscal Year 2016.

By Direction of the Chairman

The Committee on Foreign Affairs seeks to make its facilities accessible to persons with disabilities. If you are in need of special accommodations, please call 202/225-5021 at least four business days in advance of the event, whenever practicable. Questions with regard to special accommodations in general (including availability of Committee materials in alternative formats and assistive listening devices) may be directed to the Committee.



COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS
MINUTES OF FULL COMMITTEE MARKUP

Day Thursday Date 5/26/2016 Room 2172

Starting Time 9:38 Ending Time 10:16

Recesses 0 (to) (to) (to) (to) (to) (to)

Presiding Member(s)

Chairman Edward R. Royce

Check all of the following that apply:

Open Session ☒

Executive (closed) Session ☐

Televised ☒

Electronically Recorded (taped) ☒

Stenographic Record ☒

BILLS FOR MARKUP: *(Include bill number(s) and title(s) of legislation.)*

See attached.

COMMITTEE MEMBERS PRESENT:

See attached.

NON-COMMITTEE MEMBERS PRESENT:

none

STATEMENTS FOR THE RECORD: *(List any statements submitted for the record.)*

IFR - Rep. Chris Smith

ACTIONS TAKEN DURING THE MARKUP: *(Attach copies of legislation and amendments.)*

See markup summary.


RECORDED VOTES TAKEN (FOR MARKUP): *(Attach final vote tally sheet listing each member.)*

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Yeas</u>	<u>Nays</u>	<u>Present</u>	<u>Not Voting</u>
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TIME SCHEDULED TO RECONVENE _____

or

TIME ADJOURNED 10:15


Doug Anderson, General Counsel

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS

FULL COMMITTEE MARKUP

<i>PRESENT</i>	<i>MEMBER</i>
X	Edward R. Royce, CA
X	Christopher H. Smith, NJ
	Ileana Ros-Lehtinen, FL
X	Dana Rohrabacher, CA
X	Steve Chabot, OH
	Joe Wilson, SC
	Michael T. McCaul, TX
	Ted Poe, TX
X	Matt Salmon, AZ
	Darrell Issa, CA
X	Tom Marino, PA
X	Jeff Duncan, SC
X	Mo Brooks, AL
	Paul Cook, CA
	Randy Weber, TX
X	Scott Perry, PA
	Ron DeSantis, FL
	Mark Meadows, NC
	Ted Yoho, FL
	Curt Clawson, FL
	Scott DesJarlais, TN
	Reid Ribble, WI
X	Dave Trott, MI
X	Lee Zeldin, NY
X	Dan Donovan, NY

<i>PRESENT</i>	<i>MEMBER</i>
X	Eliot L. Engel, NY
X	Brad Sherman, CA
X	Gregory W. Meeks, NY
X	Albio Sires, NJ
X	Gerald E. Connolly, VA
X	Theodore E. Deutch, FL
	Brian Higgins, NY
X	Karen Bass, CA
X	William Keating, MA
X	David Cicilline, RI
X	Alan Grayson, FL
X	Ami Bera, CA
X	Alan S. Lowenthal, CA
X	Grace Meng, NY
X	Lois Frankel, FL
X	Tulsi Gabbard, HI
	Joaquin Castro, TX
X	Robin Kelly, IL
X	Brendan Boyle, PA

5/26/16 Foreign Affairs Committee Markup Summary

The Chair called up the following measure and amendment in the nature of a substitute, previously provided to Members of the Committee.

- 1) S. 1635 (Corker), Department of State Operations Authorization and Embassy Security Act, Fiscal Year 2016.

- a. Royce 109, an amendment in the nature of a substitute to S. 1635.

Royce 109, was considered as base text by unanimous consent.

The Chair called up several amendments, previously provided to Members, to be considered *en bloc*:

- i. Brooks amendment 46
- ii. Chabot amendment 40
- iii. Connolly amendment 77
- iv. DesJarlais amendment 10
- v. Duncan amendment 64
- vi. Duncan amendment 65
- vii. Engel amendment 95
- viii. Keating amendment 14
- ix. Kelly amendment 42
- x. Lowenthal amendment 75
- xi. Meng amendment 83
- xii. Poe amendment 105
- xiii. Poe amendment 106
- xiv. Poe amendment 107
- xv. Ros-Lehtinen amendment 46
- xvi. Ros-Lehtinen amendment 47
- xvii. Royce amendment 120
- xviii. Sherman amendment 37
- xix. Sherman amendment 38
- xx. Smith amendment 94
- xxi. Smith amendment 96
- xxii. Smith amendment 98
- xxiii. Yoho amendment 97

The amendments considered *en bloc* were agreed to by voice vote.

S. 1635, as amended by Royce 109 and the *en bloc* amendments, was agreed to by voice vote.

By unanimous consent, S. 1635 was ordered favorably reported as a single amendment in the nature of a substitute. The Chair was authorized to seek House consideration under suspension of the rules.

The Committee adjourned.

MATERIAL SUBMITTED FOR THE RECORD BY THE HONORABLE CHRISTOPHER H. SMITH,
A REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS FROM THE STATE OF NEW JERSEY



AUTISM SPEAKS®

May 25, 2016

Chairman Edward R. Royce
The House Committee on Foreign Affairs
2170 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

Ranking Member Eliot L. Engel
The House Committee on Foreign Affairs
2170 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, DC 20515

*Re: Amendment to the Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute to S. 1635 Offered by Mr. Smith
of New Jersey*

Dear Chairman Royce and Ranking Member Engel:

I am writing on behalf of Autism Speaks to support Representative Chris Smith's amendment regarding coverage of applied behavior analysis (ABA) and other evidence-based therapies for dependents of Department of State personnel covered under the Foreign Service Benefit Plan.

As you know, one in sixty-eight children has an autism spectrum disorder. Historically, coverage of evidence-based care for children with an autism spectrum disorder has been lacking, but that pattern has been and is changing, both for private and public sector employees. ABA coverage is now available for military dependents and beginning in 2017, will be part of the coverage for all Federal Employees Health Benefit Program plans.

We commend efforts to extend ABA and other evidence-based care to the children of Foreign Service officers who, like the members of the Armed Forces, may move frequently and have difficulty accessing care. ABA is a proven treatment that can make a difference in the life of a child. Like their counterparts in the private and public sectors, Foreign Service officers should have ABA and other evidence-based coverage for their children.

Sincerely,



Stuart Spielman, Esq.
Senior Policy Advisor and Counsel



4340 East West Highway, Suite 350
Bethesda, MD 20814
Phone: 301.557.0881
info@autism-society.org
www.autism-society.org

May 25, 2016

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs
U.S. House of Representatives
2170 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Chairman Royce and Ranking Member Engel:

The Autism Society is writing in support of the amendment to the Department of State Operations Authorization and Embassy Security Act of Fiscal Year 2016, to improve access and coverage to Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA), speech, occupational, and physical therapies for dependents with Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) of foreign service officers overseas.

The Autism Society is a national source of information, advocacy and support that reaches autism families, including families of military and foreign service officers, offering a one-of-a-kind nationwide network of autism knowledge and support. An organization with 51 years of heritage and heart, the Autism Society is dedicated to providing a trustworthy, respectful and caring network of people that truly impacts the lives of individuals with ASD.

Therapeutic intervention strategies, including ABA, are effective in developing skills, including communication and behavior, and improving outcomes for people with ASD. Despite the proven and widely recognized benefits of these interventions, access to them remains difficult. Much like military personnel, foreign service officers move frequently which can be particularly challenging for children with autism, and their families struggle to access and receive treatment that could bring about a positive change. Representative Smith's amendment works to correct this issue and is a step in the right direction by having the Department of State provide meaningful coverage to dependents with ASD.

Thank you for your leadership to improve access to therapeutic health services for all State Department beneficiaries with autism. Please let us know how we can assist you in advancing this measure through the legislative process. If you have any questions, please contact Tonia Ferguson, tferguson@autism-society.org.

Sincerely,

Scott Badesch
President and CEO