

TO MEASURE THE PROGRESS OF RELIEF, RECOVERY, RECONSTRUCTION, AND DEVELOPMENT
EFFORTS IN HAITI FOLLOWING THE EARTH-
QUAKE OF JANUARY 12, 2010, AND FOR
OTHER PURPOSES

MARKUP
BEFORE THE
SUBCOMMITTEE ON
THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE
OF THE
COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
ONE HUNDRED TWELFTH CONGRESS
FIRST SESSION
ON
H.R. 1016

MARCH 31, 2011

Serial No. 112-19

Printed for the use of the Committee on Foreign Affairs



Available via the World Wide Web: <http://www.foreignaffairs.house.gov/>

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

65-493PDF

WASHINGTON : 2011

For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office
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TO MEASURE THE PROGRESS OF RELIEF, RECOVERY, RECONSTRUCTION, AND DEVELOPMENT EFFORTS IN HAITI FOLLOWING THE EARTHQUAKE OF JANUARY 12, 2010 AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

THURSDAY, MARCH 31, 2011

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE,
COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS,
Washington, DC.

The subcommittee met, pursuant to notice, at 3:02 p.m., in room 2172 Rayburn House Office Building, Hon. Connie Mack (chairman of the subcommittee) presiding.

Mr. MACK. The subcommittee will finally come to order. After the conclusion of this brief business meeting, we will proceed immediately into today's hearing. Pursuant to notice, for purposes of a markup, I call up the resolution H.R. 1016, To measure the progress of relief, recovery, reconstruction, and development efforts in Haiti following the earthquake of January 12, 2010, and for other purposes.

[H.R. 1016 follows:]

112TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 1016

To measure the progress of relief, recovery, reconstruction, and development efforts in Haiti following the earthquake of January 12, 2010, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 10, 2011

Ms. LEE of California introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

A BILL

To measure the progress of relief, recovery, reconstruction, and development efforts in Haiti following the earthquake of January 12, 2010, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the “Assessing Progress in
5 Haiti Act”.

6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

7 Congress finds the following:

1 (1) On January 12, 2010, an earthquake meas-
2 uring 7.0 on the Richter magnitude scale struck the
3 country of Haiti.

4 (2) According to the United States Geological
5 Survey (USGS)—

6 (A) the earthquake epicenter was located
7 approximately 15 miles southwest of Port-au-
8 Prince, the capital of Haiti; and

9 (B) the earthquake was followed by 59
10 aftershocks of magnitude 4.5 or greater, the
11 most severe measuring 6.0.

12 (3) According to the Government of Haiti, more
13 than 316,000 people died as a result of the earth-
14 quake, including 103 citizens of the United States
15 and more than 100 United Nations personnel.

16 (4) According to the United Nations and the
17 International Organization for Migration—

18 (A) an estimated 3,000,000 people were di-
19 rectly affected by the disaster, nearly one-third
20 of the country's population; and

21 (B) more than 1,300,000 people were dis-
22 placed from their homes to settlements.

23 (5) Casualty numbers and infrastructure dam-
24 age, including to roads, ports, hospitals, and residen-
25 tial dwellings, place the earthquake as the worst

1 cataclysm to hit Haiti in over two centuries and,
2 proportionally, one of the world's worst natural dis-
3 asters in modern times.

4 (6) The Post Disaster Needs Assessment
5 (PDNA) conducted by the Government of Haiti, the
6 United Nations, the World Bank, the Inter-Amer-
7 ican Development Bank, and other experts estimates
8 that damage and economic losses totaled
9 \$7,804,000,000, approximately 120 percent of Hai-
10 ti's gross domestic product in 2009.

11 (7) Haiti is the poorest, least developed country
12 in the Western Hemisphere with, prior to the earth-
13 quake—

14 (A) more than 70 percent of Haitians liv-
15 ing on less than \$2 per day; and

16 (B) a ranking of 149 out of 182 countries
17 on the United Nations Human Development
18 Index.

19 (8) House Resolution 1021, which was passed
20 on January 21, 2010, on a vote of 411 to 1 ex-
21 pressed—

22 (A) the House of Representatives “deepest
23 condolences and sympathy for the horrific loss
24 of life” caused by the earthquake; and

1 (B) bipartisan support for the recovery
2 and reconstruction needs of Haiti.

3 (9) The initial emergency response of the men
4 and women of the United States Government, led by
5 the United States Agency for International Develop-
6 ment and United States Southern Command, was
7 swift and resolute.

8 (10) Individuals, businesses, and philanthropic
9 organizations across the United States and through-
10 out the international community responded in sup-
11 port of Haiti and its populace during this crisis,
12 sometimes in innovative ways such as fundraising
13 through text messaging.

14 (11) The Haitian diaspora in the United States,
15 which was integral to emergency relief efforts—

16 (A) has annually contributed significant
17 monetary support to Haiti through remittances;
18 and

19 (B) continues to seek opportunities to
20 partner with the United States Agency for
21 International Development and other agencies
22 to substantively contribute to the reconstruction
23 of Haiti.

24 (12) Significant challenges still remain in Haiti
25 as it works to recover and rebuild.

1 (13) According to the International Organiza-
2 tion for Migration, approximately 800,000 people re-
3 main in spontaneous and organized camps in Haiti.

4 (14) According to numerous nongovernmental
5 organizations and United States contractors, the
6 pace of reconstruction has lagged significantly be-
7 hind the original emergency relief phase.

8 (15) The widespread irregularities that oc-
9 curred in the elections held in Haiti on November
10 28, 2010, led to outbursts of violence which under-
11 mined the recovery efforts.

12 (16) On October 21, 2010, an outbreak of chol-
13 era was detected in the Lower Artibonite region.

14 (17) Initial efforts to contain the epidemic were
15 disrupted by Hurricane Tomás and resulting wide-
16 spread flooding, which led to the spreading and en-
17 trenchment of the disease throughout the country.

18 (18) According to the Haitian Ministry of Pub-
19 lic Health and Population, as of February 25,
20 2011—

21 (A) more than 4,627 people have died from
22 cholera; and

23 (B) more than 248,442 have been infected
24 from the disease.

1 (19) According to the Pan American Health
2 Organization and the Centers for Disease Control
3 and Prevention, cholera could spread to as many as
4 400,000 people within the first year of the epidemic,
5 potentially causing 7,600 deaths at the current case
6 fatality rate.

7 (20) The United States has provided more than
8 \$45,192,163 worth of assistance to combat the chol-
9 era epidemic, including by assisting with stockpiling
10 health commodities, equipping cholera treatment
11 centers, providing public information, and improving
12 water and sanitation systems.

13 (21) The efforts to combat the cholera epidemic
14 have helped to drive the mortality rate from cholera
15 down from nearly 7 percent to 1.8 percent of all
16 contracted cases as of February 25, 2011.

17 (22) Throughout the series of crises, the people
18 of Haiti continue to demonstrate unwavering resil-
19 ience, dignity, and courage.

20 (23) At the international donors conference
21 “Towards a New Future for Haiti” held on March
22 31, 2010, 59 donors pledged over \$5,500,000,000 to
23 support Haiti.

24 (24) The United Nations Office of the Special
25 Envoy for Haiti estimates that nearly

1 \$1,900,000,000 has been disbursed, with an addi-
2 tional amount of approximately \$2,000,000,000
3 committed.

4 (25) Haiti needs sustained support from the
5 international community in order to confront the on-
6 going cholera epidemic and to promote reconstruc-
7 tion and development.

8 **SEC. 3. REPORT.**

9 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than six months
10 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President,
11 in consultation with the heads of all relevant agencies, in-
12 cluding the Department of State, the United States Agen-
13 cy for International Development, the Department of De-
14 fense, the Department of Health and Human Services,
15 and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention shall
16 transmit to Congress a report on the status of post-earth-
17 quake humanitarian, reconstruction, and development ef-
18 forts in Haiti, including efforts to prevent the spread of
19 cholera and treat persons infected with the disease.

20 (b) CONTENTS.—The report required by subsection
21 (a) shall include a description, analysis, and evaluation of
22 the—

23 (1) overall progress of relief, recovery, and re-
24 construction in Haiti, including—

1 (A) programs and projects of the United
2 States Government;

3 (B) programs and projects to protect vul-
4 nerable populations, such as internally displaced
5 persons, children, women and girls, and persons
6 with disabilities; and

7 (C) projects to improve water, sanitation,
8 and health, and plans for improvements in
9 these areas in the long-term;

10 (2) extent to which United States and inter-
11 national efforts are in line with the priorities of the
12 Government of Haiti and are actively engaging and
13 working through Haitian ministries and local au-
14 thorities;

15 (3) coordination among United States Govern-
16 ment agencies, and coordination between the United
17 States Government and United Nations agencies,
18 international financial institutions, and other bilat-
19 eral donors;

20 (4) mechanisms for communicating the progress
21 of recovery and reconstruction efforts to Haitian
22 citizens, as well as recommendations on how these
23 can be improved;

24 (5) mechanisms through which Haitian civil so-
25 ciety, including vulnerable populations, is actively

1 participating in all major stages of recovery and re-
2 construction efforts, and recommendations on how
3 these can be improved; and

4 (6) mechanisms through which the Haitian di-
5 aspora is involved in recovery and reconstruction ef-
6 forts.

7 (c) USE OF PREVIOUSLY APPROPRIATED FUNDS.—

8 Funding for the report required under subsection (a) shall
9 derive from existing discretionary funds of the depart-
10 ments and agencies specified in such subsection.



Mr. MACK. Without objection, the bipartisan amendment in the nature of a substitute that was provided previously to members' offices and made available and online will be considered as base text, and is open for amendment at any point.

[The amendment in the nature of a substitute to H.R. 1016 follows:]

**AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE
TO H.R.1016**

**OFFERED BY MR. MACK OF FLORIDA
(FOR HIMSELF AND MR. ENGEL OF NEW YORK)**

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

1 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

2 This Act may be cited as the “Assessing Progress in
3 Haiti Act”.

4 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

5 Congress finds the following:

6 (1) On January 12, 2010, an earthquake meas-
7 uring 7.0 on the Richter magnitude scale struck the
8 country of Haiti.

9 (2) According to the United States Geological
10 Survey (USGS)—

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12 approximately 15 miles southwest of Port-au-
13 Prince, the capital of Haiti; and

14 (B) the earthquake was followed by 59
15 aftershocks of magnitude 4.5 or greater, the
16 most severe measuring 6.0.

17 (3) According to the Government of Haiti, more
18 than 316,000 people died as a result of the earth-

1 quake, including 103 citizens of the United States
2 and more than 100 United Nations personnel.

3 (4) According to the United Nations and the
4 International Organization for Migration—

5 (A) an estimated 3,000,000 people were di-
6 rectly affected by the disaster, nearly one-third
7 of the country's population; and

8 (B) more than 2,100,000 people were dis-
9 placed from their homes to settlements.

10 (5) Casualty numbers and infrastructure dam-
11 age, including to roads, ports, hospitals, and residen-
12 tial dwellings, place the earthquake as the worst
13 cataclysm to hit Haiti in over two centuries and,
14 proportionally, one of the world's worst natural dis-
15 asters in modern times.

16 (6) The Post Disaster Needs Assessment
17 (PDNA) conducted by the Government of Haiti, the
18 United Nations, the World Bank, the Inter-Amer-
19 ican Development Bank, and other experts estimates
20 that damage and economic losses totaled
21 \$7,804,000,000, approximately 120 percent of Hai-
22 ti's gross domestic product in 2009.

23 (7) Haiti is the poorest, least developed country
24 in the Western Hemisphere with, prior to the earth-
25 quake—

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2 ing on less than \$2 per day; and

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4 on the United Nations Human Development
5 Index.

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7 on January 21, 2010, on a vote of 411 to 1 ex-
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10 condolences and sympathy for the horrific loss
11 of life” caused by the earthquake; and

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13 and reconstruction.

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15 and women of the United States Government, led by
16 the United States Agency for International Develop-
17 ment and United States Southern Command, was
18 swift and resolute.

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20 organizations across the United States and through-
21 out the international community responded in sup-
22 port of Haiti and its populace during this crisis,
23 sometimes in innovative ways such as fundraising
24 through text messaging.

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2 which was integral to emergency relief efforts—

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4 monetary support to Haiti through remittances;
5 and

6 (B) continues to seek opportunities to
7 partner with the United States Agency for
8 International Development and other agencies
9 to substantively contribute to the reconstruction
10 of Haiti.

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12 as it works to recover and rebuild.

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14 tion for Migration, approximately 800,000 people re-
15 main in spontaneous and organized camps in Haiti.

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18 pace of reconstruction has lagged significantly be-
19 hind the original emergency relief phase.

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21 curred in the elections held in Haiti on November
22 28, 2010, led to outbursts of violence which under-
23 mined the recovery efforts.

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25 era was detected in the Lower Artibonite region.

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3 spread flooding, which led to the spreading and en-
4 trenchment of the disease throughout the country.

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6 lic Health and Population, as of February 25,
7 2011—

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20 era epidemic, including by assisting with stockpiling
21 health commodities, equipping cholera treatments
22 centers, providing public information, and improving
23 water and sanitation systems.

24 (21) The efforts to combat the cholera epidemic
25 have helped to drive the mortality rate from cholera

1 down from nearly 7 percent to 1.8 percent of all
2 contracted cases as of February 25, 2011.

3 (22) Throughout the series of crises, the people
4 of Haiti continue to demonstrate unwavering resili-
5 ence, dignity, and courage.

6 (23) On March 20, 2011, presidential and par-
7 liamentary elections were held in Haiti and although
8 final results are not yet known, international observ-
9 ers have stated that the elections occurred without
10 major disruptions or problems.

11 (24) At the international donors conference
12 “Towards a New Future for Haiti” held on March
13 31, 2010, 59 donors pledged over \$5,000,000,000 to
14 support Haiti.

15 (25) The United Nations Office of the Special
16 Envoy for Haiti estimates that nearly
17 \$1,900,000,000 has been disbursed, with an addi-
18 tional amount of approximately \$2,000,000,000
19 committed.

20 (26) Haiti will need the support of the inter-
21 national community in order to confront the ongoing
22 cholera epidemic and to promote reconstruction and
23 development.

1 **SEC. 3. REPORT.**

2 (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than six months
3 after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President,
4 in consultation with the heads of all relevant agencies, in-
5 cluding the Department of State, the United States Agen-
6 cy for International Development, the Department of De-
7 fense, the Department of Health and Human Services,
8 and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention shall
9 transmit to Congress a report on the status of post-earth-
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12 cholera and treat persons infected with the disease.

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17 construction in Haiti, including—

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19 States Government;

20 (B) programs and projects to protect vul-
21 nerable populations, such as internally displaced
22 persons, children, women and girls, and persons
23 with disabilities; and

24 (C) projects to improve water, sanitation,
25 and health, and plans for improvements in
26 these areas in the long-term;

1 (2) extent to which United States and inter-
2 national efforts are in line with the priorities of the
3 Government of Haiti and are actively engaging and
4 working through Haitian ministries and local au-
5 thorities;

6 (3) coordination among United States Govern-
7 ment agencies, and coordination between the United
8 States Government and United Nations agencies,
9 international financial institutions, and other bilat-
10 eral donors;

11 (4) mechanisms for communicating the progress
12 of recovery and reconstruction efforts to Haitian
13 citizens, as well as recommendations on how these
14 can be improved;

15 (5) mechanisms through which Haitian civil so-
16 ciety, including vulnerable populations, is actively
17 participating in all major stages of recovery and re-
18 construction efforts, and recommendations on how
19 these can be improved; and

20 (6) mechanisms through which the Haitian di-
21 aspora is involved in recovery and reconstruction ef-
22 forts.

23 (c) USE OF PREVIOUSLY APPROPRIATED FUNDS.—

24 Funding for the report required under subsection (a) shall

- 1 derive from existing discretionary funds of the depart-
- 2 ments and agencies specified in such subsection.



Mr. MACK. I also want to thank the ranking member, Mr. Engel, and the minority staff for their assistance in updating and amending this text. I think that means you. Also, all members are able to insert remarks on this measure into the record, should they choose to do so.

Before turning to myself to offer a brief amendment and speak, I will recognize myself briefly for a few opening words. On January 12, 2010, Haiti was devastated by the most powerful earthquake to strike that nation in over 200 years.

Since that time, the people of Haiti have been impacted by a hurricane with widespread flooding. The challenge of Presidential and legislative elections in this difficult environment, and a health epidemic impacting hundreds of thousands of Haitians.

While Haiti has been a focus of the State Department's activities in the Western Hemisphere, oversight of the implementation of U.S. assistance has been a priority for the Foreign Affairs Committee. I look forward to continuing to work with everyone to make sure U.S. dollars are spent in an effective, responsible, and transparent manner, as we continue to support the people of Haiti.

And at this time, I would like—I have an amendment on behalf of Mr. Engel at the desk. The clerk will report the amendment.

Mr. GATELY. Amendment to the amendment in the nature of a substitute to H.R. 1016, offered by Mr. Mack of Florida.

[The amendment referred to follows:]

**AMENDMENT TO THE AMENDMENT IN THE
NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H.R. 1016
OFFERED BY MR. MACK OF FLORIDA**

Page 8, line 19, strike "and" at the end.

Page 8, line 22, strike the period at the end and insert "; and".

Page 8, after line 22, insert the following:

- 1 (7) suitability of Haiti to receive aliens who are
- 2 removed, excluded, or deported from the United
- 3 States pursuant to United States law, and steps
- 4 Haiti is taking to strengthen its capacity in this re-
- 5 gard.



Mr. MACK. Without objection, the amendment is considered as read for purposes of amendment. And I am pleased to recognize myself again to speak on this amendment. Unless there are other members who wish to strike the last word and briefly speak, we can move to a vote.

The question is on agreeing to the amendment offered by myself and Mr. Engel. All those in favor say aye.

[Ayes.]

All those opposed say no. In the opinion of the chair, the ayes have it, and the amendment is agreed to.

Hearing no other amendments, the question now occurs on adopting the bill as amended. All those in favor, say aye.

[Ayes.]

All those opposed, say no. In the opinion of the chair, the ayes have it.

The bill as amended is agreed to, and without objection the motion to reconsider is laid on the table. Without objection, the bill will be reported favorably to the full committee in the form of a single amendment in the nature of a substitute incorporating the

amendments adopted here today, and the staff is directed to make any technical and conforming amendments.

That concludes our business, and without objection, the subcommittee stands adjourned.

[Whereupon, at 3:06 p.m., the subcommittee was adjourned.]

A P P E N D I X

MATERIAL SUBMITTED FOR THE HEARING RECORD

MARKUP NOTICE
SUBCOMMITTEE ON THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE
COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS
U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515-0128

Connie Mack (R-FL), Chairman

March 24, 2011

You are respectfully requested to attend an OPEN markup of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, Subcommittee on the Western Hemisphere, to be held in **Room 2172 of the Rayburn House Office Building (and available live, via the WEBCAST link on the Committee website at <http://www.hcfa.house.gov>)**:

DATE: Thursday, March 31, 2011

TIME: 2:00 p.m.

SUBJECT: Rising Oil Prices and Dependence on Hostile Regimes: The Urgent Case for Canadian Oil

MARKUP OF: H.R. 1016: To measure the progress of relief, recovery, reconstruction, and development efforts in Haiti following the earthquake of January 12, 2010, and for other purposes

By Direction of the Chairman

The Committee on Foreign Affairs seeks to make its facilities accessible to persons with disabilities. If you are in need of special accommodations, please call 202/225-5021 at least four business days in advance of the event, whenever practicable. Questions with regard to special accommodations in general (including availability of Committee materials in alternative format and assistive listening devices) may be directed to the Committee.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS
MINUTES OF SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP

MINUTES OF SUBCOMMITTEE ON the Western Hemisphere MARKUP

Day Thursday Date 3/31/11 Room 2172

Starting Time 3:02 pm Ending Time 3:06 pm

Recesses ☐ (to) (to) (to) (to) (to) (to)

Presiding Member(s)

Connie Mack

Check all of the following that apply:

Open Session ☒
 Executive (closed) Session ☐
 Televised ☒

Electronically Recorded (taped) ☒
 Stenographic Record ☒

BILLS FOR MARKUP: (Include bill number(s) and title(s) of legislation.)

H.R. 1016

COMMITTEE MEMBERS PRESENT:

Schmidt, Rivera, Smith, Sires

NON-COMMITTEE MEMBERS PRESENT:

STATEMENTS FOR THE RECORD: (List any statements submitted for the record.)

ACTIONS TAKEN DURING THE MARKUP: (Attach copies of legislation and amendments.)

Mack Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute
Mack Amendment to the Amendment in the Nature of a Substitute

RECORDED VOTES TAKEN (FOR MARKUP): (Attach final vote tally sheet listing each member.)

<u>Subject</u>	<u>Yeas</u>	<u>Nays</u>	<u>Present</u>	<u>Not Voting</u>
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TIME SCHEDULED TO RECONVENE _____

or
 TIME ADJOURNED 3:06 pm

KD
 Subcommittee Staff Director

