

§ 419.83

42 CFR Ch. IV (10–1–24 Edition)

(ii) CMS or its contractor will issue a non-affirmation to the provider if it is determined that applicable Medicare coverage, coding, and payment rules in chapter IV of this title or in Title XVIII of the Social Security Act are not met.

(iii) The provisional affirmation or non-affirmation will be issued within 10 business days of receipt of the prior authorization request.

(2) *Review of expedited review request.* Upon receipt of a request for expedited review, CMS or its contractor will complete an expedited review of the prior authorization request if it is determined that a delay could seriously jeopardize the beneficiary's life, health, or ability to regain maximum function, and issue a provisional affirmation or non-affirmation decision in accordance with paragraph (d)(1) of this section within 2 business days of the expedited review request.

(e) *Resubmission.* (1) A provider may resubmit a prior authorization request, upon receipt of a non-affirmation, consistent with the requirements in paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

(2) A provider may resubmit a request for expedited review consistent with the requirements in paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

§ 419.83 List of hospital outpatient department services requiring prior authorization.

(a) *Service categories for the list of hospital outpatient department services requiring prior authorization.* (1) The following service categories comprise the list of hospital outpatient department services requiring prior authorization beginning for service dates on or after July 1, 2020:

- (i) Blepharoplasty.
- (ii) Botulinum toxin injections.
- (iii) Panniculectomy.
- (iv) Rhinoplasty.
- (v) Vein ablation.

(2) The following service categories comprise the list of hospital outpatient department services requiring prior authorization beginning for service dates on or after July 1, 2021:

- (i) Cervical Fusion with Disc Removal.
- (ii) Implanted Spinal Neurostimulators.

(3) The Facet Joint Interventions service category requires prior authorization beginning for service dates on or after July 1, 2023.

(b) *Adoption of the list of services and technical updates.* (1) CMS will adopt the list of hospital outpatient department service categories requiring prior authorization and any updates or geographic restrictions through formal notice-and-comment rulemaking.

(2) Technical updates to the list of services, such as changes to the name of the service or Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) code, will be published on the CMS website.

(c) *Exemptions.* CMS may elect to exempt a provider from the prior authorization process in § 419.82 upon a provider's demonstration of compliance with Medicare coverage, coding, and payment rules in chapter IV of this title or in Title XVIII of the Social Security Act through such prior authorization process.

(1) An exemption will remain in effect until CMS elects to withdraw the exemption.

(2) Notice of an exemption or withdrawal of an exemption will be provided at least 60 days prior to the effective date.

(d) *Suspension of prior authorization process or services.* CMS may suspend the outpatient department services prior authorization process requirements generally or for a particular service(s) at any time by issuing notification on the CMS website.

[84 FR 61491, Nov. 12, 2019, as amended at 85 FR 86303, Dec. 29, 2020; 87 FR 72292, Nov. 23, 2022]

§§ 419.84–419.89 [Reserved]

Subpart J—Payments to Rural Emergency Hospitals (REHs)

SOURCE: 87 FR 72292, Nov. 23, 2022, unless otherwise noted.

§ 419.90 Basis and scope of subpart.

(a) *Basis.* This subpart implements sections 1861(kkk) and 1834(x) of the Act, which establish the rural emergency hospital Medicare provider type and the payment requirements applying to such entities.

(b) *Scope.* This subpart describes the methodologies used to determine payment for REH services and the monthly facility payment amount paid to REHs.

§ 419.91 Definitions.

As used in this subpart—

Rural emergency hospital or REH means an entity as defined in § 485.502 of this chapter.

Rural emergency hospital (REH) services means all covered outpatient department (OPD) services, as defined in section 1833(t)(1)(B) of the Act, excluding services described in section 1833(t)(1)(B)(ii), furnished by an REH that would be paid under the outpatient prospective payment system (OPPS) when provided in a hospital paid under the OPPS for outpatient services, provided that such services are furnished consistent with the conditions of participation at §§ 485.510 through 485.544 of this chapter.

§ 419.92 Payment to rural emergency hospitals.

(a) *Payment for REH services—(1) Medicare payment.* A rural emergency hospital that furnishes a REH service on or after January 1, 2023, is paid an amount equal to the amount of payment that would otherwise apply under section 1833(t) of the Act for the equivalent covered OPD service, increased by 5 percent.

(2) *Beneficiary copayment.* The beneficiary copayment for a REH service is the amount determined under section 1833(t)(8) of the Act for the equivalent covered OPD service, excluding the 5 percent payment increase described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

(b) *Monthly facility payment.* Effective January 1, 2023, REHs are paid a monthly facility payment equal to $\frac{1}{12}$ of the annual additional facility payment amount described in paragraphs (b)(1) and (2) of this section.

(1) *Calculation of monthly facility payment for 2023.* For calendar year 2023, the annual additional facility payment amount is:

(i) The total amount that the Secretary determines was paid by the Medicare program and from beneficiary copayments to all critical access hospitals in calendar year 2019; minus

(ii) The estimated total amount that the Secretary determines would have been paid by the Medicare program and from beneficiary copayments to critical access hospitals in calendar year 2019 if payment were made for inpatient hospital, outpatient hospital, and skilled nursing facility services under the applicable prospective payment systems for such services during calendar year 2019; divided by

(iii) The total number of critical access hospitals enrolled in Medicare in calendar year 2019.

(2) *Calculation of monthly facility payment for 2024 and subsequent years.* For calendar year 2024 and each subsequent calendar year, the amount of the additional annual facility payment is the amount of the preceding year's additional annual facility payment, increased by the hospital market basket percentage increase as described under section 1886(b)(3)(B)(iii) of the Act.

(3) *Recording and Reporting the use of the monthly facility payment.* A rural emergency hospital receiving the monthly facility payment must maintain detailed information as specified by the Secretary as to how the facility has used the monthly facility payments and must make this information available to the Secretary upon request.

(c) *Payment for services furnished by an REH that do not meet the definition of REH services.* A service furnished by an REH that does not meet the definition of an REH service under § 419.91, including a hospital service that is excluded from payment under the OPPS as described in § 419.22, is paid for under the payment system applicable to the service, provided the requirements for payment under that system are met.

(1) *Payment for ambulance services.* Ambulance services furnished by an entity owned and operated by a rural emergency hospital are paid under the ambulance fee schedule as described at section 1834(l) of the Act.

(2) *Payment for post-hospital extended care services.* Post-hospital extended care services furnished by a rural emergency hospital that has a unit that is a distinct part licensed as a skilled nursing facility are paid under the skilled nursing facility prospective payment