

this section, a Medicare enrollee who elects to receive hospice care under § 418.24 of this chapter waives the right to receive from the HMO or CMP any Medicare services (including services equivalent to hospice care) that are related to the terminal condition for which the enrollee elected hospice care, or to a related condition.

(ii) *Exception.* An enrollee who elects hospice care retains the right to services furnished by his or her attending physician if that physician—

(A) Is an employee or contractor of the HMO or CMP; and

(B) Is not an employee of the designated hospice and does not receive compensation from the hospice for those services.

(2) *Effective date of limitation.* The limitation in paragraph (c)(1) of this section begins on the effective date of the beneficiary's election of hospice care and remains in effect until the earlier of the following:

(i) The effective date of the enrollee's revocation of the election of hospice care as described in § 418.28 of this chapter.

(ii) The date the enrollee exhausts his or her hospice benefits.

(3) *Payment to HMO or CMP.* For the period that the Medicare enrollee's election of hospice care is in effect, CMS pays a cost HMO or CMP only as described in § 417.585.

(d) *Limitation on provision of inpatient hospital services.* If a beneficiary's effective date of coverage, as specified in § 417.450, in a risk HMO or CMP occurs during an inpatient stay in a hospital paid for under part 412 of this chapter, the HMO or CMP—

(1) Is not responsible for the provision of any of the inpatient hospital services under Part A during the stay and is not required to pay for those services;

(2) Must assume responsibility for payment for or provision of inpatient hospital services under Part A on the day after the day of discharge from the inpatient stay; and

(3) Is responsible for the full scope of services under paragraph (b) of this section, other than inpatient hospital services under Part A, beginning on the effective date of enrollment.

(e) *Extension of provision of inpatient hospital services.* If an enrollee's effective date of disenrollment, as defined by § 417.460, occurs during an inpatient stay in a hospital paid for under part 412 of this chapter and the stay is provided or arranged for by the HMO or CMP, or the HMO or CMP is financially responsible for the hospitalization under paragraph (a)(2) of this section, the HMO or CMP—

(1) Is financially responsible for payment of the inpatient services under Part A through the date the beneficiary is discharged from the inpatient stay; and

(2) Is not responsible for the provision of services, furnished on or after the effective date of disenrollment, other than inpatient hospital services under Part A.

(f) *Notice of noncoverage of inpatient hospital care.* (1) If an enrollee is an inpatient of a hospital, entitlement to inpatient hospital care continues until he or she receives notice of noncoverage of that care.

(2) Before giving notice of noncoverage, the HMO or CMP must obtain the concurrence of its affiliated physician responsible for the hospital care of the enrollee, or other physician as authorized by the HMO or CMP.

(3) The HMO or CMP must give the enrollee written notice that includes the following:

(i) The reason why inpatient hospital care is no longer needed.

(ii) The effective date of the enrollee's liability for continued inpatient care.

(iii) The enrollee's appeal rights.

(4) If the HMO or CMP delegates to the hospital the determination of noncoverage of inpatient care, the hospital obtains the concurrence of the HMO- or CMP-affiliated physician responsible for the hospital care of the enrollee, or other physician as authorized by the HMO or CMP, and sends notice, following the procedures set forth in § 412.42(c)(3) of this chapter.

[50 FR 1346, Jan. 10, 1985; 50 FR 20570, May 17, 1985, as amended at 52 FR 8901, Mar. 20, 1987; 58 FR 38079, July 15, 1993; 59 FR 59941, Nov. 21, 1994; 60 FR 45678, Sept. 1, 1995; 70 FR 4525, Jan. 28, 2005]