

§ 304-5.6

(c) Travel meets at least one of the conditions in § 301-10.103 of this title.

[FTR Amdt. 2009-06, 74 FR 55151, Oct. 27, 2009, as amended by 2020-300-1, 87 FR 55707, Sept. 12, 2022]

§ 304-5.6 May we authorize acceptance of payment from more than one non-Federal source for a single trip?

Yes, you may accept payment from more than one non-Federal source for a single trip, as long as the total of such payments do not exceed the total cost of the trip.

[FTR Amdt. 2003-02, 68 FR 12604, Mar. 17, 2003. Redesignated by FTR Amdt. 2009-06, 74 FR 55151, Oct. 27, 2009]

§ 304-5.7 How do we review offers of payments in kind from the non-Federal sponsor or organizer of a meeting or similar function for items such as meals, transportation, and lodging when they are included in a waived or discounted registration fee?

(a) If the non-Federal sponsor or organizer of a meeting or similar function offers to waive or discount the registration fee of an employee who is only attending the event, you are not required to separately authorize acceptance of any items included in the registration fee. If applicable, acceptance of the registration fee must be reported to U.S. Office of Government Ethics (OGE) in accordance with part 304-6 of this chapter.

(b) When a waived or discounted registration fee is not a payment in kind pursuant to § 304-3.10 of this chapter, the employee may only accept items that you authorize separately. If applicable, the value of any payments in kind so accepted should be reported to OGE in accordance with part 304-6 of this chapter. In particular, if a registration fee is waived or discounted on the day(s) an employee is participating as a speaker, panelist, or presenter, and the registration fee includes meal(s), the employee may accept meal(s) as a payment in kind only if you review the offer and authorize acceptance. Review the reporting guidelines at § 304-6.4 of this chapter to see if the aggregated meal amounts (if more than one meal, or meals of both an em-

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ployee and spouse) will need to be reported to OGE.

[84 FR 55248, Oct. 16, 2019]

PART 304-6—PAYMENT GUIDELINES

Subpart A—General

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304-6.1 May we accept a monetary payment in the form of cash from a non-Federal source?

304-6.2 What should we do if a non-Federal source does not pay the full cost for expenses that an employee will incur during travel?

304-6.3 What happens if an employee accepts payment from a non-Federal source that is in violation of this part?

Subpart B—Reports

304-6.4 What form must we use to report payments received by the agency from non-Federal sources?

304-6.5 What guidelines must we follow when using the Standard Form (SF) 326?

Subpart C—Valuation

304-6.6 How do we determine the value of payments in kind that are to be reported on Standard Form (SF) 326?

304-6.7 Must we report on the Standard Form (SF) 326 any information that is protected from disclosure by statute?

304-6.8 Will the reports be made available for public inspection?

304-6.9 Does acceptance by OGE of the Standard Form (SF) 326 constitute a determination by OGE that the data submitted is adequate or a concurrence by OGE in the agency's conflict of interest analysis?

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 5707; 31 U.S.C. 1353.

SOURCE: FTR Amdt. 2003-02, 68 FR 12604, Mar. 17, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

§ 304-6.1 May we accept a monetary payment in the form of cash from a non-Federal source?

No, you may not accept a monetary payment in the form of cash from a non-Federal source. Monetary payment(s) received from a non-Federal source must be in the form of a check or similar instrument made payable to the agency.