

## Temp. Duty (TDY) Travel Allowances

## § 301-71.306

### **§ 301-71.214 Does mandatory use of the Government contractor-issued travel charge card change the employee's obligation to pay their travel card bill by the due date?**

No, mandatory use of the Government contractor-issued travel charge card does not relieve the employee of their obligation to honor their cardholder payment agreement.

[FTR Case 2022-05, 89 FR 12252, Feb. 16, 2024]

## **Subpart D—Accounting for Travel Advances**

### **§ 301-71.300 What is the policy governing the use of travel advances?**

You should minimize the use of cash travel advances. However, you should not require an employee to pay travel expenses using personal funds unless the employee has elected not to use alternative resources provided by the Government, such as a Government contractor-issued charge card.

### **§ 301-71.301 In situations where a lodging facility requires the payment of a deposit, may we reimburse an employee for an advance room deposit prior to the beginning of scheduled official travel?**

Yes, you may reimburse an employee an advance room deposit, when such a deposit is required by the lodging facility to secure a room reservation, prior to the beginning of an employee's scheduled official travel. However, if the employee is reimbursed the advance room deposit, but fails to perform the scheduled official travel for reasons not acceptable to the agency, resulting in the forfeit of the deposit, the employee is indebted to the Government and must repay that amount in a timely manner as prescribed by you.

[FTR Amdt. 108, 67 FR 57967, Sept. 13, 2002]

### **§ 301-71.302 For how long may we issue a travel advance?**

You may issue a travel advance for a reasonable period not to exceed 45 days.

[FTR Amdt. 70, 63 FR 15974, Apr. 1, 1998. Redesignated by FTR Amdt. 108, 67 FR 57967, Sept. 13, 2002]

### **§ 301-71.303 What data must we capture in our travel advance accounting system?**

You must capture the following data:

- (a) The name and social security number of each employee who has an advance;
- (b) The amount of the advance;
- (c) The date of issuance; and
- (d) The date of reconciliation for unused portions of travel advances.

[FTR Amdt. 70, 63 FR 15974, Apr. 1, 1998; 63 FR 35538, June 30, 1998. Redesignated by FTR Amdt. 108, 67 FR 57967, Sept. 13, 2002]

### **§ 301-71.304 Are we responsible for ensuring the collection of outstanding travel advances?**

Yes.

[FTR Amdt. 70, 63 FR 15974, Apr. 1, 1998. Redesignated by FTR Amdt. 108, 67 FR 57967, Sept. 13, 2002]

### **§ 301-71.305 When must an employee account for a travel advance?**

An employee must account for an outstanding travel advance each time a travel claim is filed. If the employee receives a travel advance but determines that the related travel will not be performed, then the employee must inform you that the travel will not be performed and repay the advance at that time.

[FTR Amdt. 70, 63 FR 15974, Apr. 1, 1998. Redesignated by FTR Amdt. 108, 67 FR 57967, Sept. 13, 2002]

### **§ 301-71.306 Are there exceptions to collecting an advance at the time the employee files a travel claim?**

Yes, when the employee is in a continuous travel status and

- (a) You review each outstanding travel advance on a periodic basis (the period will be for a reasonable time of 45 days or less); and
- (b) You determine the amount, if any, of the outstanding balance exceeds the amount of estimated travel expenses for the authorized period and collect the excess amount from the employee.

[FTR Amdt. 70, 63 FR 15974, Apr. 1, 1998. Redesignated by FTR Amdt. 108, 67 FR 57967, Sept. 13, 2002]