

§§ 301-10.107—301-10.109

41 CFR Ch. 301 (7-1-24 Edition)

Government for any unused transportation expense(s) credited to your individually billed Government charge card account.

[FTR Case 2020-300-1, 87 FR 55703, Sept. 12, 2022]

§§ 301-10.107—301-10.109 [Reserved]

USE OF CONTRACT CITY PAIR PROGRAM FARES

§ 301-10.110 When must I use a contract City Pair Program fare?

If you are an employee of an agency as defined in §301-1.1 of this chapter, you must use a contract City Pair Program fare for scheduled air passenger transportation service unless one of the limited exceptions in §301-10.111 exists.

NOTE 1 TO §301-10.110: When a contract City Pair Program carrier offers a lower cost capacity-controlled coach class contract fare (CA) and an unrestricted coach class contract fare (YCA), you must use the lower cost capacity-controlled fare when it is advantageous and meets mission needs. A listing of contract City Pair Program fares is available at <https://www.gsa.gov/citypairs>.

NOTE 2 TO §301-10.110: Employees of the Government of the District of Columbia, with the exception of the District of Columbia Courts, are not eligible to use contract City Pair Program fares even though these employees otherwise may be covered by the FTR.

[FTR Case 2020-300-1, 87 FR 55704, Sept. 12, 2022]

§ 301-10.111 Are there any exceptions to the use of a contract City Pair Program fare?

Yes, your agency may authorize use of a non-contract fare when:

(a) There are no accommodations available on any scheduled contract City Pair Program flight arriving to your destination in time to accomplish the purpose of your travel or use of contract service would require you to incur unnecessary overnight lodging costs which would increase the total cost of the trip;

(b) The contractor's flight schedule is inconsistent with explicit policies of your Federal department or agency with regard to scheduling travel during normal working hours;

(c) A non-contract carrier offers a lower fare to the general public that, if used, will result in a lower total trip cost to the Government (the combined costs of transportation, lodging, meals, and related expenses considered); or

NOTE 1 TO PARAGRAPH (c): This exception does not apply if the contract carrier offers the same or lower fare and has seats available at that fare, or if the fare offered by the non-contract carrier is restricted to Government and military travelers performing official business and may be purchased only with a contractor-issued charge card, centrally billed account (*e.g.*, YDG, MDG, QDG, VDG, and similar fares) or GTR where the two previous options are not available.

(d) Cost effective rail transportation is available and is consistent with mission requirements.

NOTE 2 TO §301-10.111: A group of 10 or more passengers traveling together on the same day, on the same flight, for the same mission, requiring group integrity and identified as a group by the travel management service upon booking is not a mandatory user of the Government's contract City Pair Program fares. For group travel, agencies are expected to obtain air passenger transportation service that is practical and cost effective to the Government.

NOTE 3 TO §301-10.111: Contractors are not authorized to use contract City Pair Program fares to perform travel under their contracts.

NOTE 4 TO §301-10.111: Carrier preference is not a valid exception for using a non-contract City Pair Program fare.

[FTR Case 2020-300-1, 87 FR 55704, Sept. 12, 2022]

§ 301-10.112 What requirements must be met to use a non-contract fare?

(a) Before purchasing a non-contract fare you must meet one of the exception requirements listed in §301-10.111 and show approval on your travel authorization to use a non-contract fare; and

(b) If the non-contract fare is non-refundable, restricted, or has specific eligibility requirements, you must know or reasonably anticipate, based on your planned trip, that you will use the ticket; and

(c) Your agency must determine that the proposed non-contract transportation is practical and cost effective for the Government.

[FTR Case 2020-300-1, 87 FR 55704, Sept. 12, 2022]

Temp. Duty (TDY) Travel Allowances

§ 301-10.124

§ 301-10.113 What is my liability for unauthorized use of a non-contract carrier when contract service is available and I do not meet one of the exceptions for required use?

You are responsible for any additional costs or penalties incurred by you resulting from unauthorized use of non-contract service.

[FTR Case 2020-300-1, 87 FR 55704, Sept. 12, 2022]

§ 301-10.114 May I use contract passenger transportation service for personal travel?

No, you may not use contract passenger transportation service for personal travel.

[FTR Case 2020-300-1, 87 FR 55704, Sept. 12, 2022]

§§ 301-10.115—301-10.117 [Reserved]

AIRLINE ACCOMMODATIONS

§§ 301-10.118—301-10.119 [Reserved]

§ 301-10.120 What must I do when different airlines furnish the same service at different fares?

When there is no contract City Pair Program fare and other carriers furnish the same service at different fares between the same points for the same type of accommodations, you must use the lowest cost service unless your agency determines that the use of higher cost service is more advantageous to the Government.

[FTR Case 2020-300-1, 87 FR 55704, Sept. 12, 2022]

§ 301-10.121 When may I use coach class seating upgrade programs?

Use of upgraded coach class seating options is generally a traveler's personal choice and therefore is at the traveler's personal expense. However, your agency approving official may approve reimbursement of the additional seat choice fee according to part 301-13 of this chapter or internal agency policy (see § 301-70.102(k)).

[FTR Case 2020-300-1, 87 FR 55704, Sept. 12, 2022]

§ 301-10.122 What must I do with compensation an airline gives me if it denies me a seat on a plane?

If you are performing official travel and a carrier denies you a confirmed reserved seat on a plane, you must give your agency any payment you receive for liquidated damages. You must ensure the carrier shows the "Treasurer of the United States" as payee on the compensation check and then forward the payment to the appropriate agency official.

[FTR Case 2020-300-1, 87 FR 55704, Sept. 12, 2022]

§ 301-10.123 May I keep compensation an airline gives me for voluntarily vacating my seat on my scheduled airline flight when the airline asks for volunteers?

(a) Yes, you may keep airline compensation if:

(1) Voluntarily vacating your seat will not interfere with performing your official duties; and

(2) Additional travel expenses, incurred as a result of vacating your seat, are borne by you and are not reimbursed by the Government.

(b) If volunteering delays your travel during duty hours, your agency will charge you with annual leave for the additional hours.

[FTR Case 2020-300-1, 87 FR 55704, Sept. 12, 2022]

§ 301-10.124 When may I use a reduced group or charter fare?

You may use a reduced group or charter fare when your agency has determined, on an individual case basis before your travel begins, that use of such a fare is cost effective. Chartered aircraft are subject to the same rules as Government aircraft, and agencies in the executive branch of the Federal Government are subject to the requirements of Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-126 and 41 CFR part 102-33 in making such cost effectiveness determinations.

[FTR Case 2020-300-1, 87 FR 55704, Sept. 12, 2022]