

Commission of Fine Arts

§ 2105.35

§ 2105.29 What must a submitter include in a detailed Exemption 4 objection statement?

If a submitter has any objections to disclosure, it should provide the Agency a detailed written statement that specifies all grounds for withholding the particular information under any exemption of the FOIA. In order to rely on Exemption 4 as basis for nondisclosure, the submitter must explain why the information constitutes a trade secret or commercial or financial information that is confidential.

§ 2105.30 How will the Agency consider the submitter's objections?

(a) The Agency must carefully consider a submitter's objections and specific grounds for nondisclosure in deciding whether to disclose the requested information.

(b) The Agency, not the submitter, is responsible for deciding whether the information will be released or withheld.

§ 2105.31 What if the Agency determines it will disclose information over the submitter's objections?

If the Agency decides to disclose information over the objection of a submitter, the Agency must notify the submitter by certified mail or other traceable mail, return receipt requested. The notification must be sent to the submitter's last known address and must include:

(a) The specific reasons why the Agency determined that the submitter's disclosure objections do not support withholding the information;

(b) Copies of the records or information the Agency intends to release; and

(c) Notice that the Agency intends to release the records or information no less than 10 workdays after receipt of the notice by the submitter.

§ 2105.32 Will a submitter be notified of a FOIA lawsuit?

If you file a lawsuit seeking to compel the disclosure of confidential information, the Agency must promptly notify the submitter.

§ 2105.33 Will you receive notification of activities involving the submitter?

If any of the following occur, the Agency will notify you:

(a) The Agency provides the submitter with notice and an opportunity to object to disclosure;

(b) The Agency notifies the submitter of its intent to disclose the requested information; or

(c) A submitter files a lawsuit to prevent the disclosure of the information.

§ 2105.34 Can an Agency release information protected by Exemption 4?

If an Agency determines that the requested information is protected from release by Exemption 4 of the FOIA, the Agency has no discretion to release the information. Release of information protected from release by Exemption 4 is prohibited by the Trade Secrets Act, a criminal provision found at 18 U.S.C. 1905.

Subpart G—Fees

§ 2105.35 What general principles govern fees?

(a) The Agency will charge for processing requests under the FOIA in accordance with this subpart and with the OMB Fee Guidelines.

(b) The Agency may contact you for additional information to resolve fee issues.

(c) The Agency ordinarily will collect all applicable fees before sending copies of records to you.

(d) You may usually pay fees by check, certified check, or money order made payable to the "Department of Treasury."

(e) The Agency should ensure that it conducts searches, review, and duplication in the most efficient and the least expensive manner so as to minimize costs for both you and the Agency.

(f) If the Agency does not comply with any of the FOIA's statutory time limits:

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (f)(2) of this section, the Agency cannot assess any search fees (or, if you are in the fee category of a representative of the news media or an educational and noncommercial scientific institution, duplication fees).