

**§ 426.489 Board remands.**

(a) *Notice when case is remanded to the ALJ.* If the Board remands a case to the ALJ, the Board—

(1) Notifies each aggrieved party who sought the LCD review, through his or her representative or at his or her last known address, the contractor, and CMS of the Board's remand decision; and

(2) Explains why the case is being remanded and the specific actions ordered by the Board.

(b) *Action by an ALJ on remand.* An ALJ takes any action that is ordered by the Board and may take any additional action that is not inconsistent with the Board's remand order.

**§ 426.490 Board decision.**

A decision by the Board (other than a remand) constitutes a final agency action and is subject to judicial review. Neither the contractor nor CMS may appeal a Board decision.

**Subpart E—Review of an NCD**

**§ 426.500 Procedure for filing an acceptable complaint concerning a provision (or provisions) of an NCD.**

(a) *The complaint.* An aggrieved party may initiate a review of an NCD by filing a written complaint with the Department of Health and Human Services Departmental Appeals Board.

(b) *Timeliness of a complaint.* An NCD complaint is not considered timely unless it is filed with the Board within—

(1) 6 months of the written statement from each aggrieved party's treating physician, in the case of aggrieved parties who choose to file an NCD challenge before receiving the service; or

(2) 120 days of the initial denial notice, in the case of aggrieved parties who choose to file an NCD challenge after receiving the service.

(c) *Components of a valid complaint.* A complaint must include the following:

- (1) *Beneficiary-identifying information:*
  - (i) Name.
  - (ii) Mailing address.
  - (iii) State of residence, if different from mailing address.
  - (iv) Telephone number, if any.
  - (v) Health Insurance Claim number, if applicable.
  - (vi) Email address, if applicable.

(2) *If the beneficiary has a representative,* the representative's identifying information must include the following:

- (i) Name.
- (ii) Address.
- (iii) Telephone number.
- (iv) E-mail address (if any)
- (v) Copy of the written authorization to represent the beneficiary.

(3) *Treating physician written statement.* A copy of a written statement from the treating physician that the beneficiary needs the service that is the subject of the NCD. This statement may be in the form of a written order for the service or other documentation from the beneficiary's medical record (such as progress notes or discharge summary) indicating that the beneficiary needs the service.

(4) *NCD-identifying information:*

- (i) Title of NCD being challenged.
- (ii) The specific provision or provisions of the NCD adversely affecting the aggrieved party.

(5) *Aggrieved party statement.* A statement from the aggrieved party explaining what service is needed and why the aggrieved party thinks that the provision(s) of the NCD is (are) not valid under the reasonableness standard.

(6) *Clinical or scientific evidence.* (i) Copies of clinical or scientific evidence that supports the complaint and an explanation for why the aggrieved party thinks that this evidence shows that the NCD is not reasonable.

(ii) Any documents or portions of documents that include proprietary data must be marked "proprietary data," and include a legal basis for that assertion.

(iii) Proprietary data submitted by a manufacturer concerning a drug or device for which the manufacturer has submitted information to the Food and Drug Administration, must be considered and given substantive weight only when supported by an affidavit certifying that the submission contains true and correct copies of all data submitted by the manufacturer to the Food and Drug Administration in relation to that drug or device.

(d) *Joint complaints—*(1) *Conditions for a joint complaint.* Two or more aggrieved parties may initiate the review of an NCD by filing a single written