

§ 417.533

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to the interim per capita cost rate determined in accordance with § 417.570.

(2) CMS adjusts the interim per capita rate as necessary during the contract period and makes final adjustments at the end of the contract period.

(3) In determining the amount due the HMO or CMP, CMS deducts from the reasonable cost actually incurred by the HMO or CMP for covered services furnished to its Medicare enrollees, an amount equal to the actuarial value of the applicable Medicare Part A and Part B deductible and coinsurance amounts that would have applied to the covered services for which payment is being made if these enrollees had not enrolled in the HMO or CMP or another HMO or CMP.

(c) *Election by HMO or CMP.* An HMO or CMP must elect, on an individual provider basis, one of the following methods for payment for hospital and SNF services it furnishes to Medicare enrollees:

(1) Direct payment by CMS.

(2) Direct payment by the HMO or CMP.

(d) *Notice of election.* The election must be made in writing before the beginning of the contract period and is binding for that period.

(e) *Payment by HMO or CMP.* If the HMO or CMP elects to pay providers directly, as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, it must—

(1) Determine the eligibility of its Medicare enrollees to receive covered services through the HMO or CMP;

(2) Make proper coverage decisions and appropriate payments, in accordance with §§ 421.100 and 421.200 of this chapter, for the services furnished to its Medicare enrollees;

(3) Ensure that providers maintain and furnish appropriate documentation of physician certification and recertification, to the extent required under subpart B of part 424 of this chapter; and

(4) Carry out any other procedures required by CMS.

(f) *Review of HMO's or CMP's bill processing capabilities.* If the HMO or CMP elects to pay providers directly, CMS determines whether the HMO or CMP has the experience and capability to carry out the responsibilities specified

in paragraph (e) of this section in an efficient and effective manner.

(g) *Direct payment by CMS.* (1) If the HMO or CMP elects to have CMS pay for provider services, CMS pays each provider on a reasonable cost basis or under the PPS system, whichever is appropriate for the particular provider under part 412 or part 413 of this chapter.

(2) In computing the Medicare payment to the HMO or CMP, CMS deducts these payments and any other payments made by the Medicare intermediary or carrier on behalf of the HMO or CMP (such as payment for emergency or urgently needed services under § 417.558).

(h) *Payment for services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries not enrolled in the HMO or CMP.* CMS pays the HMO or CMP for services it furnishes to Medicare beneficiaries who are not its enrollees through the HMO's or CMP's Medicare intermediary or carrier, as appropriate.

[50 FR 1346, Jan. 10, 1985; 50 FR 20570, May 17, 1985, as amended at 53 FR 6648, Mar. 2, 1988; 58 FR 38082, July 15, 1993; 60 FR 46230, Sept. 6, 1995]

§ 417.533 Part B carrier responsibilities.

In paying for Part B services furnished to its enrollees by suppliers, the HMO or CMP must—

(a) Determine the eligibility of individuals to receive those services through the HMO or CMP;

(b) Make proper coverage decisions and appropriate payment as authorized under § 421.200 of this chapter for the services for which its Medicare enrollees are eligible; and

(c) Carry out any other procedures that CMS may require.

[50 FR 1346, Jan. 10, 1985, as amended at 58 FR 38082, July 15, 1993; 60 FR 46230, Sept. 6, 1995]

§ 417.534 Allowable costs.

(a) *Definition—Allowable costs* means the direct and indirect costs, including normal standby costs incurred by the HMO or CMP, that are proper and necessary for efficient delivery of needed health care services. They include the costs of furnishing services to the HMO's or CMP's Medicare enrollees,

other enrollees, and nonenrolled patients, which are typical “provider” costs, and costs (such as marketing, enrollment, membership, and operation of the HMO or CMP) that are peculiar to health care prepayment organizations.

(b) *Basic rules.* (1) The allowability of an HMO’s or CMP’s costs for furnishing services is generally determined in accordance with principles applicable to provider costs, as set forth in §417.536.

(2) The allowability of other costs is determined in accordance with principles set forth in §§417.538 through 417.550.

(3) Costs for covered services for which Medicare is not the primary payor, as described in §417.528, are not allowable.

(c) *Medicare Part D program costs.* To the extent that an HMO or CMP provides qualified prescription drug coverage to enrollees under Part D, no costs related to the offering or provision of Part D benefits are reimbursed under this part. These costs are reimbursed solely under the applicable provisions of part 423 of this chapter.

[50 FR 1346, Jan. 10, 1985, as amended at 58 FR 38082, July 15, 1993; 70 FR 4525, Jan. 28, 2005]

§417.536 Cost payment principles.

(a) *Applicability.* Unless otherwise specified in this subpart, the principles set forth in parts 412 and 413 of this chapter are applicable to the costs incurred by an HMO or CMP or by providers and other facilities owned or operated by the HMO or CMP or related to it by common ownership or control. The most common examples of these costs are set forth in this section.

(b) *Depreciation.* An appropriate allowance for depreciation on buildings and equipment is an allowable cost, in accordance with §§413.134, 413.144, and 413.149 of this chapter.

(c) *Interest expense.* Necessary and proper interest on both current and capital indebtedness is an allowable cost, in accordance with §413.153 of this chapter.

(d) *Cost of educational activities.* An appropriate part of the net cost of approved educational activities of a provider or other health care facility owned or operated by an HMO or CMP

is an allowable cost in accordance with §413.85 of this chapter.

(e) *Compensation of owners.* An appropriate amount of compensation for services of owners is an allowable cost, if the services are actually performed and are necessary, as specified in §413.102 of this chapter.

(f) *Bad debts.* (1) Bad debts attributable to Medicare deductible and coinsurance amounts are allowable only if the requirements of §413.89 of this chapter are met, subject to the limitations described under §413.89(h) and the exceptions for services described under §413.89(i).

(2) If all or part of the deductible and coinsurance amounts is payable through a monthly premium or other periodic payment, the amount allowed as a bad debt may not exceed three times the monthly rate for the actuarial value of the deductible and coinsurance amounts, or its equivalent, if the periodic payment is on other than a monthly basis.

(3) Any bad debt related to a service furnished to a Medicare enrollee of the HMO or CMP, and claimed on a cost report submitted for payment by a provider or other facility reimbursed on a cost basis, may not be claimed as a bad debt by the HMO or CMP.

(g) *Charity and courtesy allowances.* As specified in §413.89 of this chapter, charity and courtesy allowances are deductions from revenue and may not be included as allowable costs.

(h) *Research costs.* As specified in §413.90 of this chapter, costs incurred for research purposes, over and above patient care, are not allowable costs.

(i) *Value of services of nonpaid workers.* The value of services of nonpaid workers of an organization is not an allowable cost, except as provided in §413.94 of this chapter.

(j) *Purchase discounts and allowances and refund of expenses.* Discounts and allowances that an HMO or CMP receives on purchases of goods and services and refunds of previous expense payments must be deducted from the costs to which they relate, in accordance with §413.98 of this chapter.

(k) *Cost to related entities.* (1) The costs of services, facilities, or supplies furnished to an HMO or CMP by a related entity are allowable at the cost