§ 1019.6

- (3) Such conduct has the purpose or effect of interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, offensive, or unpleasant working environment.
- (b) Employees and applicants may follow the standard Equal Employment Opportunity Board complaint process if they believe they have a work-related sexual harassment problem. This requires that the employee or applicant contact an EEO Counselor within 45 days of the alleged harassment or, if a personnel action is involved, within 45 days of its effective date.
- (c) The regulations in this section apply also to harassment based on race, color, religion, or national origin.

§ 1019.6 Disciplinary and other remedial action.

Any violation of the regulations in this part by an employee shall be cause for appropriate disciplinary or other remedial action as provided in the STB's Manual of Administration 22–751, which may be in addition to any penalty prescribed by law. The manual is available from the Section of Personnel Services, Surface Transportation Board, Washington, DC 20423.

[58 FR 42027, Aug. 6, 1993, as amended at 64 FR 53267, Oct. 1, 1999]

Parts 1021-1029—Enforcement

PART 1021—ADMINISTRATIVE COL-LECTION OF ENFORCEMENT CLAIMS

Sec.

1021.1 Standards.

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 ${\tt AUTHORITY:~31~U.S.C.~3701,~3711,~3717,~3718.}$

SOURCE: 32 FR 20015, Dec. 20, 1967, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1021.1 Standards.

The regulations issued jointly by the Comptroller General of the United States and the Attorney General of the United States under section 3 of the Federal Claims Collection Act of 1966, as amended, (31 U.S.C. 3701 et seq.) and

published in 31 CFR parts 900 through 904 are hereby adopted by the Surface Transportation Board for the administrative collection of enforcement claims.

[81 FR 8852, Feb. 23, 2016]

§ 1021.2 Enforcement claims and debtors.

- (a) Enforcement claims are all separate civil penalty or forfeiture claims not exceeding \$20,000 which may arise under the provisions of the Interstate Commerce Act or legislation supplementary thereto.
- (b) Debtor is any person or corporation subject to civil penalties or forfeitures for violation of the provisions of the Interstate Commerce Act or legislation supplementary thereto.

§ 1021.3 Enforcement collection designee.

The Director, Office of Compliance and Enforcement, Surface Transportation Board, is the Board's designee to take all necessary action administratively to settle by collection, compromise, suspension or termination, enforcement claims within the contemplation of the Federal Claims Collection Act of 1966.

 $[45~\mathrm{FR}~31374,~\mathrm{May}~13,~1980,~\mathrm{as}~\mathrm{amended}~\mathrm{at}~64~\mathrm{FR}~53267,~\mathrm{Oct.}~1,~1999]$

§ 1021.4 Notice of claim and demand.

Initiation of administrative collection of enforcement claims will be commenced by the enforcement collection designee mailing a letter of notice of claim and demand to the debtor. Such letter will state the statutory basis for the claim, a brief resume of the factual basis for the claim, the amount of the claim, and indicate the availability of the designee or his personal agent for discussion of the claim should the debtor so desire.

§ 1021.5 Agreement and release.

Upon the debtor's agreement to settle a claim, an Agreement and Release Form will be provided to the debtor in duplicate. This form, after reciting the statutory basis for the claim, will contain a statement to be signed in duplicate by the debtor evidencing his agreement to settlement of the claim

for the amount stated in the agreement. Both copies of the signed agreement shall be returned to the collection designee. Upon final collection of the claim, one copy of the agreement and release shall be returned to the debtor with the release thereon signed by the enforcement collection designee.

§ 1021.6 Method of claim payment.

- (a) Debtors: Debtors shall be required to settle claims by:
- (1) Payment by bank cashier check or other instrument acceptable to designee.
- (2) Installment payments by check after the execution of a promissory note containing an agreement for judgment.
- (b) All checks or other instruments will be made out to "Surface Transportation Board," and after receipt will be forwarded to U.S. Treasury.

PART 1022—CIVIL MONETARY PENALTY INFLATION ADJUSTMENT

Sec.

1022.1 Scope and purpose.

1022.2 Definitions.

1022.3 Civil monetary penalty inflation adjustment.

1022.4 Cost-of-living adjustments of civil monetary penalties.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 551-557; 28 U.S.C. 2461 note; 49 U.S.C. 11901, 14901, 14903, 14904, 14905, 14906, 14907, 14908, 14910, 14915, 14916, 16101, 16103.

Source: 77 FR 64432, Oct. 22, 2012, unless otherwise noted.

§ 1022.1 Scope and purpose.

The purpose of this part is to establish a method to adjust for inflation the civil monetary penalties provided by law within the jurisdiction of the Board, in conformity with the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990, Public Law 101-410, 104 Stat. 890 (codified as amended at 28 U.S.C. 2461 note), as amended by the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, Public Law 104-134, 110 Stat. 1321, and further amended by the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015, Public Law 114-74, 129 Stat. 599. These penalties shall be subject to review and adjustment annually using the method specified in this part.

[81 FR 72543, Oct. 20, 2016]

§ 1022.2 Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (a) Board means the Surface Transportation Board.
- (b) Civil monetary penalty means any penalty, fine, or other sanction that:
- (1)(i) Is for a specific monetary amount as provided by federal law; or
- (ii) Has a maximum amount provided by federal law;
- (2) Is assessed or enforced by the Board pursuant to federal law; and
- (3) Is assessed or enforced pursuant to an administrative proceeding or a civil action in the federal courts.
- (c) Consumer Price Index means the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers published by the Department of Labor.
- (d) Cost-of-Living Adjustment means the percentage (if any) by which the Consumer Price Index for the month of October preceding the adjustment exceeds the Consumer Price Index for the month of October one year before the month of October preceding date of the adjustment.
- (e) Initial Cost-of-Living Adjustment means, for each civil monetary penalty, the percentage (if any) by which the Consumer Price Index for the month of October 2015 exceeds the Consumer Price Index of the month of October of the calendar year during which the amount of such civil monetary penalty was established or adjusted under a provision of law.

[77 FR 64432, Oct. 22, 2012, as amended at 81 FR 72543, Oct. 20, 2016]

§ 1022.3 Civil monetary penalty inflation adjustment.

The Board shall, immediately, and at least every year thereafter—

- (a) By regulation adjust each civil monetary penalty provided by law within the jurisdiction of the Board by the inflation adjustment described in § 1022.4; and
- (b) Publish each such adjustment in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[77 FR 64432, Oct. 22, 2012, as amended at 81 FR 72543, Oct. 20, 2016]