

§ 489.2

(1) The definition of immediate jeopardy at § 489.3.

(2) The effective date rules specified in § 489.13.

(3) The requirements specified in § 489.53(a)(2), (13), and (18), related to termination by CMS of participation in Medicare.

(c) Section 1861(o)(7) of the Act requires each HHA to provide CMS with a surety bond.

[75 FR 50418, Aug. 16, 2010, as amended at 80 FR 29839, May 22, 2015]

§ 489.2 Scope of part.

(a) Subpart A of this part sets forth the basic requirements for submittal and acceptance of a provider agreement under Medicare. Subpart B of this part specifies the basic commitments and limitations that the provider must agree to as part of an agreement to provide services. Subpart C specifies the limitations on allowable charges to beneficiaries for deductibles, coinsurance, copayments, blood, and services that must be part of the provider agreement. Subpart D of this part specifies how incorrect collections are to be handled. Subpart F sets forth the circumstances and procedures for denial of payments for new admissions and for withholding of payment as an alternative to termination of a provider agreement.

(b) The following providers are subject to the provisions of this part:

- (1) Hospitals.
- (2) Skilled nursing facilities (SNFs).
- (3) Home health agencies (HHAs).
- (4) Clinics, rehabilitation agencies, and public health agencies.
- (5) Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities (CORFs).
- (6) Hospices.
- (7) Critical access hospital (CAHs).
- (8) Community mental health centers (CMHCs).
- (9) Religious nonmedical health care institutions (RNHCIs).
- (10) Opioid treatment programs (OTPs).

(c)(1) Clinics, rehabilitation agencies, and public health agencies may enter into provider agreements only for furnishing outpatient physical therapy, and speech pathology services.

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(2) CMHCs may enter into provider agreements only to furnish partial hospitalization services.

(3) OTPs may enter into provider agreements only to furnish opioid use disorder treatment services.

[45 FR 22937, Apr. 4, 1980, as amended at 47 FR 56297, Dec. 15, 1982; 48 FR 56036, Dec. 15, 1983; 51 FR 24492, July 3, 1986; 58 FR 30676, May 26, 1993; 59 FR 6578, Feb. 11, 1994; 62 FR 46037, Aug. 29, 1997; 68 FR 66720, Nov. 28, 2003; 84 FR 63204, Nov. 15, 2019]

§ 489.3 Definitions.

For purposes of this part—

Immediate jeopardy means a situation in which the provider's or supplier's non-compliance with one or more requirements, conditions of participation, conditions for coverage, or conditions for certification has caused, or is likely to cause, serious injury, harm, impairment, or death to a resident or patient.

Physician-owned hospital means any participating hospital (as defined in § 489.24) in which a physician, or an immediate family member of a physician (as defined in § 411.351 of this chapter), has an ownership or investment interest in the hospital. The ownership or investment interest may be through equity, debt, or other means, and includes an interest in an entity that holds an ownership or investment interest in the hospital. This definition does not include a hospital with physician ownership or investment interests that satisfy the requirements at § 411.356(a) or (b) of this chapter.

Provider agreement means an agreement between CMS and one of the providers specified in § 489.2(b) to provide services to Medicare beneficiaries and to comply with the requirements of section 1866 of the Act.

[48 FR 39837, Sept. 1, 1983, as amended at 51 FR 24492, July 3, 1986; 54 FR 5373, Feb. 2, 1989; 59 FR 56250, Nov. 10, 1994; 60 FR 50119, Sept. 28, 1995; 72 FR 47412, Aug. 22, 2007; 73 FR 48757, Aug. 19, 2008; 80 FR 29840, May 22, 2015]

§ 489.10 Basic requirements.

(a) Any of the providers specified in § 489.2 may request participation in Medicare. In order to be accepted, it must meet the conditions of participation or requirements (for SNFs) set forth in this section and elsewhere in