AUTHENTICATED
U.S. GOVERNMENT
INFORMATION
GPO



Real Property, will be used. An attempt should be made to include a provision in the option giving the Government the right to acquire all or part of the land covered by the option where the land held in a single ownership can be separated into definable parcels and the possibility exists that, as planning is developed, the entire tract will not be required.

(2) The following instructions for the use of ENG Form 2926 will be followed:

(i) Insert amount to be paid for the option privilege. This amount cannot exceed five percent of the appraised value.

(ii) If the land has been separated into definable parcels in accordance with paragraph (d)(1) of this section, the option should describe each parcel and provide for a separate purchase price inclusive of any severance damage, as well as an agreed purchase price for the entire tract. The amount to be paid for the option privilege will be apportioned among the separate parcels.

(iii) The expiration date of the option on unauthorized projects should be far enough in advance to permit the insertion of a land acquisition line item in the next available budget; enactment of legislation; apportionment of funds by the Office of Management and Budget; clearance within the Department of Defense; clearance with the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives, if required; issuance of a real estate directive; and allotment of funds.

(iv) Since options obtained under this section will normally be recorded, ENG Form 2926 will be acknowledged in the form used in the jurisdiction in which the real property is located.

(e) *Report.* When all options within the approval area have been acquired, and prior to their being exercised by the Government, a report will be made to HQDA (DAEN-REA-L) WASH DC 20314 including, but not limited to, the following items:

(1) Project identification.

(2) Directive authorizing acquisition of options.

(3) Number of tracts optioned.

(4) Expiration date of options.

(5) Total acreage optioned.

(6) Total amount to be paid if options are excercised.

(7) Total amount paid for option privilege.

(8) One copy of each option.

(9) One copy of each appraisal.

### § 644.168 Exercise of options.

Upon issuance of a real estate directive for acquisition of the optioned real property, the District or Division Engineer will exercise the option and proceed with the acquisition in accordance with the procedures outlined in §§ 644.61 through 644.88.

## Subpart D—Relocation Assistance Program

### § 644.175 Cross Reference.

See part 641 of this chapter for the regulations on the relocation assistance program.

[44 FR 3212, Jan. 15, 1979. Redesignated at 44 FR 35219, June 19, 1979]

## Subpart E [Reserved]

## Subpart F—Disposal

SOURCE: 45 FR 71266, Oct. 27, 1980, unless otherwise noted.

### § 644.311 General.

Subpart F sets forth general authority, responsibilities, procedures, methods, and guidance for the performance of real property disposal functions.

### § 644.312 Applicability.

Subpart F is applicable to Division and District Engineers having real estate responsibilities.

### § 644.313 Authority.

The major portion of real property disposal actions performed by the Corps of Engineers is predicated on authority derived from the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949, as amended (40 U.S.C. 471, *et seq.*), hereinafter referred to as the Federal Property Act, and the rules, regulations and delegations of authority issued by the General Services Administration (GSA) thereunder. Other authorities relating to the disposal of military real property are found in AR 405–90. The Army and Air Force Basic

Real Estate Agreements covering disposal of Air Force real estate are found in AR 405–5 and AFR 87–15.

### § 644.314 Rules and regulations of the General Services Administration (GSA).

Under the rules, regulations and delegations of authority issued by GSA under the Federal Property Act, the military departments are authorized to dispose of the following:

(a) Real property under its control (except land withdrawn or reserved from the public domain), together with the improvements thereon and related personal property, which has a value of less than $1,000.

(b) Leases, permits, licenses, easements, or similar interests, including Government-owned improvements on the premises, unless it is determined that the interest should be included with the disposal of other property being reported to GSA for disposal.

(c) Fixtures, structures, and improvements of any kind to be disposed of without the underlying land.

(d) Standing timber and embedded gravel, sand, and stone to be disposed of without the underlying land.

### § 644.315 Disposal priorities.

Consistent with the best interest of the United States and with applicable laws and regulations, the following priorities should be followed in disposing of real property no longer needed by the Departments of the Army and Air Force:

(a) Transfer to other Department of Defense agencies and the U.S. Coast Guard.

(b) Transfer to other Federal agencies.

(c) Conveyance to eligible non-Federal agencies.

(d) Sale to the public.

### § 644.316 Environmental considerations.

The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), as amended, (42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*) directs that a five point Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) be prepared, circulated among interested Federal, State and local agencies, and filed with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) before a major Federal action is taken which affects the quality of the human environment. This may include some disposals. No major disposal action will be undertaken where the Corps of Engineers is the disposal agency, or is acting for the disposal agency, until the required EIS has be submitted to the EPA unless a ''Finding of No Significant Impact'' (FONSI) has been prepared for the action, or if the action is classified as a ''categorically excluded'' item because it has no significant effect on the environment. The Environmental Assessment is subject to review and approval in accordance with instructions found in AR 200–1 and AR 200–2 (to be printed) for military real property disposal, and the forthcoming Engineer Regulation for civil works real property disposal. Where property is reported to GSA for disposal, GSA is responsible for compliance with NEPA.

### § 644.317 Preserving historic landmarks and properties.

Purposes of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, (16 U.S.C. 470) and Executive Order 11593, Protection and Enhancement of the Cultural Environment (13 May 1971) will be set forth in subpart H (to be published) and the authorities there cited also apply to the disposal of real property. Specific policy guidance in connection with disposals having historic significance is published in AR 200–1 and AR 405–90 for military real properties and in ER 1105–2–460 for civil works real properties.

(a) The Criteria of Adverse Effect on eligible properties may occur under conditions which include but are not limited to:

(1) Destruction or alteration of all or part of a property.

(2) Isolation from or alteration of the property's surrounding environment.

(3) Transfer or sale of a property without adequate conditions or restrictions regarding preservation, maintenance, or use.

(b) It is normally intended that the agency responsibilities under Section 106 of the National Historical Preservation Act of 1966 and Executive Order 11593 run concurrently with the NEPA review process. However, obligations pursuant thereto are independent from