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the Supreme Court in *United States* v. *Merz*, 376 U.S. 192). Where the recommendation is to reject the award, specific reasons with supporting legal analysis should be given. The fact, standing alone, that an award is considered excessive is not sufficient reason upon which to base an appeal.

(4) The report and recommendation should be received by the Chief of Engineers within five working days after the Commissioners' Report has been filed or the trial concluded. In order to accomplish reporting within the prescribed time limits, District Engineers will forward reports and recommendations direct to DAEN-REA-C, with a copy to the appropriate Division Engineer. The Division Engineer will submit comments and recommendations to DAEN-REA-C within three working days after receipt of the copy of the District Engineer's report. The District must insure that our right to object is extended if the situation warrants.

(c) *Payment of awards and settlements.* (1) If an award or stipulated settlement requires the deposit of a deficiency, judgment will be entered by the court and thereafter transmitted to the Division or District Engineer by the Department of Justice for procurement of a check for deposit in the registry of the court in satisfaction of the final judgment.

(2) The copy of the letter from the Chief of Engineers to the Department of Justice recommending approval of an award or settlement, if required under §§ 644.117(b)(3) and 644.118(b), will constitute authority for payment of the deficiency, provided funds are available. If approval is not recommended by the Chief of Engineers to the Department of Justice and the judgment is submitted to the Division or District Engineer for payment, it should be forwarded to DAEN-REA-C without action. Upon receipt of a judgment where payment is authorized and funds are available, the Division or District Engineer will immediately procure and deliver the check to the United States Attorney and inform DAEN-REA-C of the action taken.

§ 644.119 Procedure after final judgment.

Generally, it is not necessary to obtain a final certificate of title or title insurance policy in condemnation cases where the intermediate or continuation certificate of title is continued to a date subsequent to the date of filing of the Notice of Lis Pendens, and the liability of the title company is not limited to an amount less than 50 percent of the total consideration paid for the land by the United States.

(a) *Final title opinion.* After entry of final judgment, the title assembly will be examined and a final title opinion issued. The title opinion and related papers on Army and Air Force projects will be forwarded to HQDA (DAEN-REP) WASH DC 20314 for permanent filing.

(b) *Report required to close case.* When all interests in a proceeding have been disposed of by final judgment, the Division or District Engineer will so advise the Chief of Engineers in order that the case may be closed. This report should not be made until the time for appeal has expired or any pending appeals have been resolved. The report should include a copy of the final judgment or other order of the court disposing of the case, and a statement that all monies deposited in the registry of the court have been disbursed.

§ 644.120 Condemnation for local cooperation projects.

Under the provisions of the River and Harbor Acts approved June 29, 1906 (33 U.S.C. 592) and August 8, 1917 (33 U.S.C. 593), and the Flood Control Acts approved March 1, 1917 (39 Stat. 950) and August 18, 1941 (33 U.S.C. 701c–2), respectively, the Secretary of the Army may cause proceedings to be instituted in the name of the United States for acquisition by condemnation of lands, easements or rights-of-way which local interests undertake to furnish free of cost to the United States. Requests for the institution of proceedings in the name of the United States will be addressed by the local parties to the Secretary of the Army and submitted to the Division or District Engineer. No land will be acquired on behalf of local interests by the filing of condemnation proceedings until local interests have

furnished the Division or District Engineer with satisfactory assurances in accordance with the authorization act, and sufficient funds have been deposited with the Division or District Engineer to pay the expenses of the proceedings and any awards that may be made in the proceedings.

(a) *General.* The Corps of Engineers will institute condemnation proceedings on behalf of a local interest only when the local interest:

(1) Lacks authority to acquire the necessary real estate interests by eminent domain; or

(2) Cannot obtain possession by local eminent domain proceedings in time to meet the construction schedule; or

(3) Unusual circumstances exist so that acquisition by local inerests would not be in the best interest of the United States.

(b) *Information to accompany assembly.* Upon request of the local interests that the real estate interest be acquired by condemnation proceeding in the name of the United States, the Division or District Engineer will transmit to HQDA (DAEN-REA-C) WASH DC 20314 an appropriate condemnation assembly, prepared in accordance with §644.114, with recommendations and the following information:

(1) Citation of authorizing act.

(2) Whether valid assurances have been accepted, giving date of acceptance.

(3) That the estate or estates to be acquired conform to the requirements set forth in subpart J (to be published).

(4) Appraisal values of the interest proposed for acquisition.

(5) That sufficient funds to cover court awards and expenses of the proceedings have been deposited by local interests with the Division or District Engineer.

(6) Efforts made by local interests to acquire the real estate interests and reasons for requesting the United States to file condemnation proceedings.

§644.121 Leasehold condemnation requirements.

(a) *Requirements for extension.* The interest acquired in land by a leasehold condemnation proceeding terminates after a one-year term, unless notice to extend the term is filed in the appropriate United States District Court. In all leasehold cases, the Division or District Engineer will ascertain from the using service whether the premises included in such condemnation proceedings will be required for an additional term. This should be done sufficiently in advance of the end of the term to allow adequate time for the action necessary to extend the term. These instructions apply to civil works projects as well as military projects.

(1) The Department of the Air Force will ascertain and advise the Chief of Engineers concerning the future requirements for the land in Air Force leasehold cases. Where the Department of the Air Force has a continuing requirement for land included in condemnation leasehold cases which are not extendible, the appropriate Division and District Engineers will be informed at the earliest practicable date.

(2) Extension of the term in a leasehold condemnation case must be accomplished through the Department of Justice which, upon request of the Chief of Engineers, will issue instructions to its field representatives to prepare a notice of election to extend the term and file it in the appropriate United States District Court. The Chief of Engineers should be advised of requirements of using services for extension of leasehold condemnation cases five months prior to the time that filing notice of extension with the court is due. The majority of pending leasehold condemnation cases require that notice to extend the term be filed with the court 30 days prior to the end of the term, although a few cases require the notice of extension to be filed at least 60 days prior to the end of the term. Negative reports are required.

(3) Since the General Services Administration is the disposal agency for excess and surplus airport property, all condemnation leaseholds forming an integral part of an airport should be extended and kept in force with the concurrence of the Department of the Air Force unless and until contrary instructions are received from the General Services Administration. In the event a bombing range or other installation in which leasehold interests have been acquired by condemnation is