§ 1.403(b)-1

§1.403(b)-1 General overview of taxability under an annuity contract purchased by a section 501(c)(3) organization or a public school.

$\S 1.403(b)-2$ Definitions.

- (a) Application of definitions.
- (b) Definitions.
- §1.403(b)-3 Exclusion for contributions to purchase section 403(b) contracts.
- (a) Exclusion for section 403(b) contracts.
- (b) Application of requirements.
- (c) Special rules for designated Roth section 403(b) contributions.
- (d) Effect of failure.

§1.403(b)-4 Contribution limitations.

- (a) Treatment of contributions in excess of limitations.
 - (b) Maximum annual contribution.
 - (c) Section 403(b) elective deferrals.
- (d) Employer contributions for former employees.
- (e) Special rules for determining years of service.
 - (f) Excess contributions of deferrals.

$\S 1.403(b)-5$ Nondiscrimination rules.

- (a) Nondiscrimination rules for contributions other than section 403(b) elective deferrals.
- (b) Universal availability required for section 403(b) elective deferrals.
- (c) Plan required.
- (d) Church plans exception.
- (e) Other rules.

§1.403(b)-6 Timing of distributions and benefits.

- (a) Distributions generally.
- (b) Distributions from contracts other than custodial accounts or amounts attributable to section 403(b) elective deferrals.
- (c) Distributions from custodial accounts that are not attributable to section 403(b) elective deferrals.
- (d) Distribution of section 403(b) elective deferrals.
- (e) Minimum required distributions for eligible plans.
- (f) Loans.
- (g) Death benefits and other incidental benefits.
- (h) Special rule regarding severance from employment.

\$1.403(b)-7 Taxation of distributions and benefits.

- (a) General rules for when amounts are included in gross income.
- (b) Rollovers to individual retirement arrangements and other eligible retirement plans.
- (c) Special rules for certain corrective distributions.

26 CFR Ch. I (4-1-15 Edition)

- (d) Amounts taxable under section 72(p)(1).
- (e) Special rules relating to distributions from a designated Roth account.
- (f) Certain rules relating to employment taxes.

$\S 1.403(b)-8$ Funding.

- (a) Investments.
- (b) Contributions to the plan.
- (c) Annuity contracts.
- (d) Custodial accounts.
- (e) Retirement income accounts.
- (f) Combining assets.

§1.403(b)-9 Special rules for church plans.

- (a) Retirement income accounts.
- (b) Retirement income account defined.
- (c) Special deduction rule for self-employed ministers.

§1.403(b)-10 Miscellaneous provisions.

- (a) Plan terminations and frozen plans.
- (b) Contract exchanges and plan-to-plan transfers.
- (c) Qualified domestic relations orders.
- (d) Rollovers to a section 403(b) contract.
- (e) Deemed IRAs.
- (f) Defined benefit plans.
- (g) Other rules relating to section 501(c)(3) organizations.

§1.403(b)-11 Applicable date.

(a) General rule.

exchange.

- (b) Collective bargaining agreements.
- (c) Church conventions.
- (d) Special rules for plans that exclude certain types of employees from elective deferrals.
- (e) Special rules for plans that permit inservice distributions.
 - (f) Special rule for life insurance contracts.(g) Special rule for contracts received in an
- [T.D. 9340, 72 FR 41140, July 26, 2007]

§1.403(b)-1 General overview of taxability under an annuity contract purchased by a section 501(c)(3) organization or a public school.

Section 403(b) and §§1.403(b)–2 through 1.403(b)–10 provide rules for the Federal income tax treatment of an annuity purchased for an employee by an employer that is either a tax-exempt entity under section 501(c)(3) (relating to certain religious, charitable, scientific, or other types of organizations) or a public school, or for a minister described in section 414(e)(5)(A). See section 403(a) (relating to qualified annuities) for rules regarding the taxation

Internal Revenue Service, Treasury

of an annuity purchased under a qualified annuity plan that meets the requirements of section 404(a)(2), and see section 403(c) (relating to nonqualified annuities) for rules regarding the taxation of other types of annuities.

[T.D. 9340, 72 FR 41141, July 26, 2007]

§ 1.403(b)-2 Definitions.

- (a) Application of definitions. The definitions set forth in this section are applicable for purposes of §1.403(b)–1, this section and §§1.403(b)–3 through 1.403(b)–11.
- (b) Definitions—(1) Accumulated benefit means the total benefit to which a participant or beneficiary is entitled under a section 403(b) contract, including all contributions made to the contract and all earnings thereon.
- (2) Annuity contract means a contract that is issued by an insurance company qualified to issue annuities in a State and that includes payment in the form of an annuity. See §1.401(f)-1(d)(2) and (e) for the definition of an annuity, and see §1.403(b)-8(c)(3) for a special rule for certain State plans. See also §§1.403(b)-8(d) and 1.403(b)-9(a) for additional rules regarding the treatment of custodial accounts and retirement income accounts as annuity contracts.
- (3) Beneficiary means a person who is entitled to benefits in respect of a participant following the participant's death or an alternate payee pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order, as described in §1.403(b)-10(c).
- (4) Catch-up amount or catch-up limitation for a participant for a taxable year means a section 403(b) elective deferral permitted under section 414(v) (as described in $\S1.403(b)-4(c)(2)$) or section 402(g)(7) (as described in $\S1.403(b)-4(c)(3)$).
- (5) *Church* means a church as defined in section 3121(w)(3)(A) and a qualified church-controlled organization as defined in section 3121(w)(3)(B).
- (6) Church-related organization means a church or a convention or association of churches, including an organization described in section 414(e)(3)(A).
- (7) Elective deferral means an elective deferral under §1.402(g)-1 (with respect to an employer contribution to a section 403(b) contract) and any other amount that constitutes an elective deferral under section 402(g)(3).

- (8) (i) Eligible employer means—
- (A) A State, but only with respect to an employee of the State performing services for a public school;
- (B) A section 501(c)(3) organization with respect to any employee of the section 501(c)(3) organization;
- (C) Any employer of a minister described in section 414(e)(5)(A), but only with respect to the minister; or
- (D) A minister described in section 414(e)(5)(A), but only with respect to a retirement income account established for the minister.
- (ii) An entity is not an eligible employer under paragraph (a)(8)(i)(A) of this section if it treats itself as not being a State for any other purpose of the Internal Revenue Code, and a subsidiary or other affiliate of an eligible employer is not an eligible employer under paragraph (a)(8)(i) of this section if the subsidiary or other affiliate is not an entity described in paragraph (a)(8)(i) of this section.
- (9) Employee means a common-law employee performing services for the employer, and does not include a former employee or an independent contractor. Subject to any rules in §1.403(b)–1, this section, and §§1.403(b)–3 through 1.403(b)–11 that are specifically applicable to ministers, an employee also includes a minister described in section 414(e)(5)(A) when performing services in the exercise of his or her ministry.
- (10) Employee performing services for a public school means an employee performing services as an employee for a public school of a State. This definition is not applicable unless the employee's compensation for performing services for a public school is paid by the State. Further, a person occupying an elective or appointive public office is not an employee performing services for a public school unless such office is one to which an individual is elected or appointed only if the individual has received training, or is experienced, in the field of education. The term *public* office includes any elective or appointive office of a State.
- (11) Includible compensation means the employee's compensation received from an eligible employer that is includible in the participant's gross income for Federal income tax purposes