(i) From any loan type, except Youth loan, and the balance is $1,000 or greater, the Agency will apply the balance to the FLP loan;
(ii) From a Youth loan, and the balance is $100 or greater, the Agency will apply the balance to the FLP loan;
(3) Normal income funds, the Agency will apply the balance to the remaining current year’s scheduled payments and pay any remaining balance to the borrower; and
(4) Basic security funds, the Agency will apply the balance to the FLP loan as an extra payment or the borrower may apply the balance toward the purchase of basic security, provided the Agency obtains a lien on such security and its security position is not diminished.
(b) If the borrower is uncooperative in closing a supervised bank account, the Agency will make written demand to the financial institution for the balance and apply it in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section.
(c) In the event of a borrower’s death, the Agency may:
(1) Apply the balance to the borrower’s FLP loan;
(2) Continue with a remaining borrower, provided the supervised bank account was established as a joint tenancy with right of survivorship account;
(3) Refund unobligated balances from other creditors in the supervised bank account for specific operating purposes in accordance with any prior written agreement between the Agency and the deceased borrower; or
(4) Continue to pay expenses from the supervised bank account in conjunction with the borrower’s estate.

§§ 761.56–761.100 [Reserved]

Subpart C—Supervised Credit

§ 761.101 Applicability.
This subpart applies to all direct applicants and borrowers, except borrowers with only Non-program loans.

§ 761.102 Borrower recordkeeping, reporting, and supervision.
(a) A borrower must maintain accurate records sufficient to make informed management decisions and to allow the Agency to render loan making and servicing decisions in accordance with Agency regulations. These records must include the following:
(1) Production (e.g., total and per unit for livestock and crops);
(2) Revenues, by source;
(3) Other sources of funds, including borrowed funds;
(4) Operating expenses;
(5) Interest;
(6) Family living expenses;
(7) Profit and loss;
(8) Tax-related information;
(9) Capital expenses;
(10) Outstanding debt; and
(11) Debt repayment.
(b) A borrower also must agree in writing to:
(1) Cooperate with the Agency and comply with all supervisory agreements, farm assessments, farm operating plans, year-end analyses, and all other loan-related requirements and documents;
(2) Submit financial information and an updated farm operating plan when requested by the Agency;
(3) Immediately notify the Agency of any proposed or actual significant change in the farming operation, any significant changes in family income, expenses, or the development of problem situations, or any losses or proposed significant changes in security.
(c) If the borrower fails to comply with these requirements, unless due to reasons outside the borrower’s control, the non-compliance may adversely impact future requests for assistance.

§ 761.103 Farm assessment.
(a) The Agency, in collaboration with the applicant, will assess the farming operation to:
(1) Determine the applicant’s financial condition, organizational structure, and management strengths and weaknesses;
(2) Identify and prioritize training and supervisory needs; and
(3) Develop a plan of supervision to assist the borrower in achieving financial viability and transitioning to private commercial credit or other sources of credit in the shortest time practicable, except for CL.