subpart, if not precleared, may be imported or offered for importation only at a USDA plant inspection station listed below. Ports of entry through which restricted articles must pass before arriving at these USDA plant inspection stations are listed in the second column. Any other restricted article that is not required to be imported under a written permit pursuant to §319.37–3(a)(1) through (6) of this subpart may be imported or offered for importation at any Customs designated port of entry indicated in 19 CFR 101.3(b)(1). Exceptions may be listed in §330.104 of this chapter. Articles that are required to be imported under a written permit that are also precleared in the country of export are not required to enter at an inspection station and may enter through any Customs port of entry. Exceptions may be listed in §330.104 of this chapter.

LIST OF USDA PLANT INSPECTION STATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Port of entry</th>
<th>Federal plant inspection station</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arizona</td>
<td>Nogales</td>
<td>Plant Inspection Station, 9 North Grand Avenue, Room 120, Nogales, AZ 85621.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California</td>
<td>Long Beach, Los Angeles, San Pedro, San Diego, San Ysidro</td>
<td>Los Angeles Inspection Station, 11840 S. La Cienega Blvd., Hawthorne, CA 90250.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oakland, San Francisco</td>
<td>Plant Inspection Station, 9777 Via de la Amistad, Room 140, San Diego, CA 92154.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Florida</td>
<td>Miami (Note: Restricted articles may be moved from Fort Lauderdale to Miami under U.S. Customs bond).</td>
<td>Plant Inspection Station, 6302 NW 36th Street, Miami, FL 33122.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>Atlanta</td>
<td>Plant Inspection Station, 3951 Centerport St., Orlando, FL 32827.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guam</td>
<td>Agana</td>
<td>Plant Inspection Station, 17–3306 Neptune Avenue, Tiyan, Barrigada, GU 96913.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hawaii</td>
<td>Honolulu (Airport)</td>
<td>Honolulu Inspection Station, Honolulu International Airport, 300 Rodgers Boulevard, #58, Honolulu, HI 96819-1897.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryland</td>
<td>Beltsville (Note: Plant germplasm only.)</td>
<td>National Plant Germplasm Inspection Station, Building 580, BARC East, Beltsville, MD 20705.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Jersey</td>
<td>Elizabeth, New York (Maritime), Newark.</td>
<td>Frances Krim Memorial Inspection Station, 2500 Brunswick Avenue, Building G, Linden, NJ 07036.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puerto Rico</td>
<td>San Juan</td>
<td>Plant Inspection Station, 150 Central Sector, Building C-2, Warehouse 3, Carolina, PR 00979.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Houston</td>
<td>Plant Inspection Station, 19581 Lee Road, Humble, TX 77338.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Los Indios</td>
<td>Plant Inspection Station, P.O. Drawer Box 393, 100 Los Indios Boulevard, Los Indios, TX 78567.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>Seattle</td>
<td>835 S. 192nd Street, Suite 1600, Sea-Tac, WA 98148.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Subpart—Logs, Lumber, and Other Wood Articles

SOURCE: 60 FR 27674, May 25, 1995, unless otherwise noted.

§319.40–1 Definitions.

Administrator. The Administrator of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, United States Department of Agriculture, or any employee of the United States Department of Agriculture delegated to act in his or her stead.

APHIS. The Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, United States Department of Agriculture.

Bark chips. Bark fragments broken or shredded from log or branch surfaces.

Certificate. A certificate of inspection relating to a regulated article, which is issued by an official authorized by the national government of the country in which the regulated article was produced or grown, which is addressed to the plant protection service of the United States (Plant Protection and Quarantine Programs), which contains...
a description of the regulated article, which certifies that the regulated article has been inspected, is believed to be free of plant pests, and is believed to be eligible for importation pursuant to the laws and regulations of the United States, and which may contain any specific additional declarations required under this subpart.

Compliance agreement. A written agreement between APHIS and a person engaged in processing, handling, or moving regulated articles, in which the person agrees to comply with requirements contained in the agreement.

Controlled import permit. A written or electronically transmitted authorization issued by APHIS for the importation into the United States of otherwise prohibited or restricted plant material for experimental, therapeutic, or developmental purposes, under controlled conditions as prescribed by the Administrator in accordance with §319.6.

Fines. Small particles or fragments of wood, slightly larger than sawdust, that result from chipping, sawing, or processing wood.

Free from rot. No more than two percent by weight of the regulated articles in a lot show visual evidence of fructification of fungi or growth of other microorganisms that cause decay and the breakdown of cell walls in the regulated articles.

General permit. A written authorization contained in §319.40–3 for any person to import the articles named by the general permit, in accordance with the requirements specified by the general permit, without being issued a specific permit.

Humus, compost, and litter. Partially or wholly decayed plant matter.

Import (imported, importation). To bring or move into the territorial limits of the United States.

Importer document. A written declaration signed by the importer of regulated articles, which must accompany the regulated articles at the time of importation, in which the importer accurately declares information about the regulated articles required to be disclosed by §319.40–2(b).

Inspector. Any individual authorized by the Administrator to enforce this subpart.

Log. The bole of a tree; trimmed timber that has not been sawn further than to form cants.

Loose wood packing material. Excelsior (wood wool), sawdust, and wood shavings, produced as a result of sawing or shaving wood into small, slender, and curved pieces.

Lot. All the regulated articles on a single means of conveyance that are derived from the same species of tree and were subjected to the same treatments prior to importation, and that are consigned to the same person.

Lumber. Logs that have been sawn into boards, planks, or structural members such as beams.

Permit. A specific permit to import a regulated article issued in accordance with §319.40–4, or a general permit promulgated in §319.40–3.

Plant pest. Any living stage of any insects, mites, nematodes, slugs, snails, protozoa, or other invertebrate animals, bacteria, fungi, other parasitic plants or reproductive parts of parasitic plants, noxious weeds, viruses, or any organism similar to or allied with any of the foregoing, or any infectious substances, which can injure or cause disease or damage in any plants, parts of plants, or any products of plants.

Port of first arrival. The area (such as a seaport, airport, or land border station) where a person or a means of conveyance first arrives in the United States, and where inspection of regulated articles is carried out by inspectors.

Primary processing. Any of the following processes: cleaning (removal of soil, limbs, and foliage), debarking, rough sawing (bucking or squaring), rough shaping, spraying with fungicide or insecticide sprays, and fumigation.

Regulated article. The following articles, if they are unprocessed, have received only primary processing, or contain parts that are either unprocessed or have received only primary processing and are not feasibly separable from the other parts of the article: Logs; lumber; any whole tree; any cut tree or any portion of a tree, not solely consisting of leaves, flowers, fruits, buds, or seeds; bark; cork; laths; hog fuel; sawdust; painted raw wood products; excelsior (wood wool); wood chips; wood mulch; wood shavings; pickets;
stakes; shingles; solid wood packing materials; humus; compost; litter; and wooden handicrafts.

Regulated wood packaging material. Wood packaging material other than manufactured wood materials, loose wood packing materials, and wood pieces less than 6 mm thick in any dimension, that are used or for use with cargo to prevent damage, including, but not limited to, dunnage, crating, pallets, packing blocks, drums, cases, and skids.

Sealed container; sealable container. A completely enclosed container designed for the storage or transportation of cargo, and constructed of metal or fiberglass, or other rigid material, providing an enclosure which prevents the entrance or exit of plant pests and is accessed through doors that can be closed and secured with a lock or seal. Sealed (sealable) containers are distinct and separable from the means of conveyance carrying them.

Specific permit. A written document issued by APHIS to the applicant in accordance with §319.40–4 that authorizes importation of articles in accordance with this subpart and specifies or refers to the regulations applicable to the particular importation.

Statement of origin and movement. A signed, accurate statement certifying the area or areas where the regulated articles originated and, if applicable, the area or areas they were moved through prior to importation. The statement does not require the signature of a public officer of a national plant protection organization; exporters may sign the document.

Tropical hardwoods. Hardwood timber species which grow only in tropical climates.

United States. All of the States of the United States, the District of Columbia, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and all other territories and possessions of the United States.

Wood mulch. Bark chips, wood chips, wood shavings, or sawdust intended for use as a protective or decorative ground cover.

Wood packaging material. Wood or wood products (excluding paper products) used in supporting, protecting or carrying a commodity (includes dunnage).

Wooden handicraft. A commodity class of articles derived or made from natural components of wood, twigs, and vines, and including bamboo poles and garden stakes. Handicrafts include the following products where wood is present: Carvings, baskets, boxes, bird houses, garden and lawn/patio furniture (rustic), potpourri, artificial trees (typically artificial ficus trees), trellis towers, garden fencing and edging, and other items composed of wood.

§319.40–2 General prohibitions and restrictions; relation to other regulations.

(a) Permit required. Except for regulated articles exempted from this requirement by paragraph (c) of this section or §319.40–3, no regulated article may be imported unless a specific permit has been issued for importation of the regulated article in accordance with §319.40–4, and unless the regulated article meets all other applicable requirements of this subpart and any requirements specified by APHIS in the specific permit.

(b) Importer document; documentation of type, quantity, and origin of regulated articles. Except for regulated articles exempted from this requirement by paragraph (c) of this section or §319.40–3, no regulated article may be imported unless it is accompanied by an importer document stating the following information. A certificate that contains this information may be used in lieu of an importer document at the option of the importer:

(1) The genus and species of the tree from which the regulated article was derived;